A COMPREHENSIVE PERSIAN-ENGLISH DICTIONARY

BY

F. STEINGASS, Ph.D.

FIFTH IMPRESSION



LONDON

ROUTLEDGE & KEGAN PAUL LIMITED

BROADWAY HOUSE, 68-74 CARTER LANE, E.C.4



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INCLUDING THE ARABIC WORDS AND PHRASES TO BE MET
WITH IN PERSIAN LITERATURE

BEING

-41

JOHNSON AND RICHARDSON'S PERSIAN, ARABIC, AND ENGLISH DICTIONARY

REVISED, ENLARGED, AND ENTIRELY RECONSTRUCTED

BY

F. STEINGASS, Ph.D.

AUTHOR OF THE STUDENT'S ARABIC-ENGLISH DICTIONARY AND OF THE ENGLISH-ARABIC DICTIONARY

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PREFACE.

THE lines originally laid down for this Dictionary were, to prepare a revised edition of Johnson's enlargement of Wilkins-Richardson's Persian, Arabic, and English Dictionary, by reducing the Arabic element and increasing the Persian, so as to produce a volume of moderate dimensions and price, specially adapted to the wants of the English Student. While the work was progressing, however, it was found that the mere reduction of the Arabic portion would not suffice to answer the purpose intended. It became evident not only that much that was superfluous had to be eliminated, but that, on the other hand, many additions were urgently required, and furthermore that the material had to be re-arranged on new and distinct principles. At the same time it was soon felt that the fresh matter to be introduced in the Persian part exceeded the limits contemplated, and necessitated in this respect a considerable extension of the primary plan. A few remarks on these points will here be useful, and may also convey some idea of the amount of extra labour spent on the compilation of the work beyond that which was originally anticipated.

L Persian is so deeply imbued with Arabic, and the two languages have, in the course of time, become so intimately connected in the literature of the former, that sooner or later the student of Persian must become a student of Arabic also, if he aspires to take rank as a Persian scholar of real eminence. When this moment has arrived, he will naturally have need of an Arabic dictionary, constructed on a plan most conducive to the acquirement of that language, and based on the knowledge of its grammar. But what he will want until then is a copious Arabic vocabulary, "chiefly in relation (to quote Johnson's words) to the indefinite extent to which the best Persian writers avail themselves of the Arabic language, either to enrich their style or to display their erudition." While fully acknowledging the legitimacy of this object, it has nevertheless been thought that the accomplished and conscientious scholar who formulated it, in carrying out his task, has partly gone beyond and partly fallen short of his own standard. He himself admits that he retained in his work not only "a large number of Arabic words of very questionable usefulness, merely because they had found a place in the former editions," but also added "many others which may possibly be foreign to Persian literature, but which may also be found in it, and of an explanation of which the student may occasionally stand in heed." To justify this somewhat haphazard mode of proceeding, the plea "that superfluity appeared preferable to deficiency," would only hold good if this very indictment of deficiency in some essential points could not be urged against his compilation.

It seemed more advisable to restrict the selection to such words as may either reasonably be supposed to occur in Persian authors, or which are actually found in the prescribed text-books, and in those productions of Persian literature, the perusal of which will be most beneficial to the student. In the former direction it appeared to the present author that a collection made by a learned Persian for the use of Persians had a paramount claim to serve as a groundwork for this part of the undertaking. 'Abdu 'r-Rashīd al-Ḥusainī, the author of a highly-valued Persian dictionary called the "Farhangi Rashīdī," has made a collection of this kind under the title of "Muntakhabu 'l-lughāt,' dedicated by him to Shah Jahān of Dehlī. The following reasons have induced the author to embody the whole of this compilation in the present dictionary:—

'Abdu 'r-Rashīd professes in the introduction to his work to have made from the "Qāmūs," the "Surāh," the "Sihāh," and other sources, a selection of those Arabic words which are "necessary (zarūrīyah) and of frequent use (kasīratu 'l-isti'māl)," and to have explained them in Persian equally "comprehensible to the popular understanding ('ām-fahm) and approved by the educated (khās-pasand)." What he means by necessary and of frequent use becomes evident from the passages which he quotes in support of his explanations, and which are exclusively taken either from the chief Persian poets,

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as Firdausi, Anwari, Khaqāni, Nizāmi, Sa'di, Ḥāfiz, &c., or from the Qur'ān and Ḥadīṣ. This implies that the words selected by him are indispensable to a Persian of a studious turn of mind who is anxious to understand thoroughly the poetry of his own language, or who aspires to an initiation into the knowledge most highly prized by Muhammadans, namely, that of matters theological, moral, and metaphysical, which abounds in quotations from and allusions to "the book" and the "traditions." If, therefore, an acquaintance with such words is considered indispensable to the Persian student, it must be so à fortiori to the student of Persian.

The "Muntakhab," however, takes no notice of a large number of Arabic words which have become naturalized in Persian, to such a degree that a Persian of average education needed no explanation on their account. Foremost among these are many current technical and scientific terms. A discreet choice of vocables of this category was considered indispensable, especially in reference to grammatical and metrical terminology, with which a student must make himself acquainted if he wishes to understand the native commentaries on the great Persian poets.

Still greater importance has been placed on including in this dictionary Arabic words in daily use, such as in reality are met with in the best Persian authors from the days of the "Shāhnāmah" to the Rūznāmahs (Diaries) of the reigning Shāh. For this purpose their principal works, especially those read for examination, have been carefully gone through, with the result that the information given by Johnson under many of his Arabic headings has been largely supplemented by instances where the Arabic words enter into Persian phrases of a highly idiomatical character.

There is yet one other point to be noticed with regard to the Arabic element in Persian. Not only isolated words have to be explained, but in numerous cases combinations of words, that is to say, sentences or parts of sentences, either in quoting verbatim, or more frequently in merely alluding to, passages of the Qur'an, the "Traditions," and even of celebrated Arabic poems. To give a rather striking example, the Persian poet Minūchihrī introduces in one of his odes the beginning of the "Mu'allaqah of Imru'l-Qais": qifā nabki, "stay ye two (friends or travelling companions) so that we may weep (in remembrance of the beloved, &c.)." The reader who would try to puzzle this out with the aid of Johnson's dictionary would find for qafā (we must remember that in the printed texts the short vowels are not indicated) the equivalent "neck," and for nabk or nabak (here again the final short i does not count) the rendering "hills." Arabic plurals being frequently used as singular in Persian, he therefore might translate "the neck of the hill," and thus, speaking figuratively, find himself fairly landed in the wilderness. Only an intimate knowledge of Arabic grammar, which he must either possess himself, or which his dictionary must supply instead, can teach him that, in the first word, the initial and, in the second, the final of the root is suppressed, and that they belong respectively to the radicals w-q-f "standing, stopping, staying," and b-k-y "weeping," while the ā at the end of qifā and the n at the beginning of nabki are extraneous signs of inflection.

It may be objected that this is an extreme case, and that Minnchihrī, although a distinguished Persian poet, is not likely to be read by a student. Granted! But in the "Sikandarnāma" of Nizāmī, in the "Gulistān" and "Bostān" of Sa'dī, in the "Dīwān" of Hūfiz. in the "Anwāri Suhailī," &c., &c., all of which form part of his curriculum, he will meet with many phrases and fragments of phrases, or even simple izāfat-constructions, which require a similar elucidation, some of which have led to quite as ludicrous blunders as the one suggested above, while others have at least been strangely misunderstood in some of the best-known translations from the Persian, because the Arabic words were rendered according to their usually current meanings in Persian, and not in the specific Arabic sense, which they bear in the particular connection or context. On this point much labour has been spent in assisting the student,—the student, be it here emphasized, who not merely crams for a more or less successful examination, but who works with steady and resolute self-exertion in order to become in time a scholar worthy of that name.

II. As for the Persian part, great obligations are primarily due and gratefully acknowledged to the excellent Persian-Latin Dictionary, published by Vullers in about 2,500 quarto pages. With infinite diligence the learned author has overhauled the Persian lexicographical sources from which his predecessors, Johnson included, had worked before him, giving their explanations in the original, and adducing numerous supporting passages from them and his own collectanea. It lay, of course, outside the scope of the present work to follow him in this latter respect, but his results, as far as they

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contained additional matter, were adopted, after having been in all cases verified, in some cases rectified, and supplemented with the necessary translation in other instances, where he omits to give the Latin equivalent for a Persian word or phrase, but contents himself with quoting the Persian text. By no means the least important feature of his work is the extensive use he has made of the "Bahāri 'Ajam," one of the more recent Persian Dictionaries compiled in India, and including many modern phrases, metaphors, &c. not to be found in any other lexicon. Owing, however, to the circumstance that that book did not reach Vullers' hand until the greater part of his first volume had been printed, he could not avail himself of the contents of its first 457 pages, and the very copious extracts given from this source in our Dictionary form not only an essential complement to Vullers, but an entirely new contribution to Persian lexicography on European soil. Other recent publications, consulted with advantage, are the Persian Dictionary "Farhangi Nāsirī," and Schlimmer's "Terminologie medico-pharmaceutique Française-Persane," both lithographed in Teheran, the former in 1871, the latter in 1874.

It need scarcely be mentioned that the course of reading undertaken to define the Arabic portion of this dictionary was equally productive in augmenting the Persian part, and it can be stated without exaggeration that thousands of words have been added from this source alone. Many of these are taken from Mirza Ja'far's translation of modern Plays, originally written in Turkish, a translation which, on account of its thoroughly idiomatic phraseology, has, in successive instalments within the last ten years, been re-edited, with notes and vocabularies, in England, France, and Germany. A larger and more important amount, however, has been gleaned from the Shāh's Diaries of his first two journeys to Europe in 1873 and 1878. Here we see Persia, in the person of its Sovereign, brought into immediate contact with the advanced civilization of the West; and as this Sovereign happens to be an exceptionally keen observer, who turned the immense opportunities afforded to him by his exalted position to the best account, his impressions, penned down on the spur of the moment, could not fail to enrich and fertilise the language of his country, which he uses with such unpretending ease and forcible directness.

III. There are a few more words to be said about the general arrangement of the book, in order to facilitate its use. It would have been impossible to introduce so much additional matter if all the entries under the principal headings had been given in the Oriental character as well as in transliteration. The latter had, therefore, to be framed not with a view to the exact pronunciation of the words, which in any language can only be acquired to perfection by oral teaching, but to give accurate equivalents for the graphical form of the consonants and vowels peculiar to the language in question.

The original Persian vowel-system is that of Sanskrit, with exclusion of the semi-vowel ri, which is peculiar to the latter. It consists of the three elementary vowels a, i, u, as pronounced in pat, pit, put respectively (in the Arabic-Persian character fatbah = 1, hasrah = 1, hasrah = 1, their long forms \bar{a} , \bar{i} , \bar{u} , as in father, police, prude ($\bar{u} = 1$, $\bar{u} = 1$), and their combination to mixed vowels and diphthongs, e(a + i) as in where, e(a + i) as in e(a + i)

The same need of compactness made it further necessary to unite all the different words of the same consonantal outline, which are distinguished merely by their vocalisation, under one heading. Many articles assumed thereby an almost inordinate length; but

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in order to furnish the reader with a thread leading him safely through the apparent labyrinth, any shorter or longer string of constructions and phrases belonging to one word has been included in crotchets, thus [], so that, whenever the student meets with this sign, before the explanations given have satisfied his want, he has only to run down the column to the conclusion of the crotchet, when he will find another interpretation of the same outline with a different spelling and meaning, perhaps more in accordance with the exigencies of his text, and so on until the end of the article is reached. A similar use has been made of parentheses, thus (), where the same phrase may be expressed in various ways, by substituting one noun or verb for another, in which case any of the words thus bracketed may take the place of the word immediately preceding the parenthesis.

Throughout the book a strictly alphabetical order has been observed, in accordance with the following simple rules:—

- 1. Compounds have been given as much as possible in their proper order, unless they serve as examples under one or the other of their components.
- 2. Any single noun forming part of a heading is first followed by such *izāfat* constructions and phrases as begin with this noun in the order of the initial of the succeeding word; then by those in which the noun has a preposition or another noun in front, in the order of this preceding element.
- 3. With regard to the *izāfat* constructions of Arabic words, those in which the governed noun has the definite article al are given in their alphabetical order in the place assigned to the article, that is to say, at or near the beginning, while in absence of the article the initial of the noun itself determines the order. This has been done not only for the sake of maintaining the alphabetical principle in all its strictness, but also in order to show the student at one glance in which combinations the Arabic or Persian construction is more usual. Neither in this nor in other respects was a uniform principle of arrangement consistently adhered to by Johnson, whence arose the necessity of reconstruction, as mentioned on the title-page, and entailing an amount of labour which only one well versed in these matters can appreciate.

Words of foreign origin are indicated by capital initials in front of the article, as A for Arabic, G. for Greek, H. for Hindī, M. for Mongolian, T. for Turkish, R. for Russian. Where merely an Arabic element, either as member of a compound or as a formative, combines with the Persian, or where a word is common to both languages without proof positive to which it belongs originally, a small a has been prefixed, and so, mutatis mutandis, in the same case with regard to other languages. The indication (m.c.) for "modern colloquialism" after a phrase, shows that it has been taken from recent writings, and does not necessarily imply that it is of modern make, but simply that it is in actual conversational use, while for all that it may be a Persian idiom already employed by Firdausī, or an Arabic importation as old as Islām itself.

It is hoped that this Dictionary will justify its claim to comprehensiveness. It is not and cannot be complete. The complete dictionary of any language has yet to be written. It far exceeds the powers of any single individual, and depends for its realisation on the modest, although imperial, motto, viribus unitis. The author's only ambition was to advance the work close to the point at which the practical adoption of this motto, with regard to Persian, becomes a necessity, and should be seriously contemplated by Oriental societies and congresses.

In conclusion, I have to express my warmest thanks to Mr. Frederic Pincott for his careful revision of the proofs, as well as for many a valuable hint on various important points, of which I have gladly availed myself; and to his well-trained printers, for their intelligent and patient industry in setting up the copy, which I am afraid must frequently have proved a most trying task.

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alif, the first letter of the Arabic and Persian alphabets, in arithmetic represents the number one, and in almanacks and astronomical books, Sunday It also denotes an unmarried In writing it serves as a prop for the vowel-signs: [a, 1 i, 1 u, j] \bar{u} , o, au, i, e, ai;— a, at the beginning of some Persian words, denotes privation, as ajumban, Motionless. Prefixed to an Arabic sentence, it serves as a particle of interrogation, as in the Coranic phrase alastu bi-rabbi-kum, "Am I not your Lord?" whence the Persian روز الست rozi alast, q.v. At the end of Persian words it marks the vocative, as in shāhā, O Shah, or it serves as a prosodial expletive in poetry, notably in the oldest parts of Firdausi's great poem.

\(\bar{a}\), (8. \(\bar{a}\)) Preposition inseparably joined to verbs; — (Imperative and contracted participle of \(\bar{a}madan\), \(\bar{a}^2idan\)) Come.

Jāb, (S. ap) Water; river; largesse, gift, price; (S. ābhā) lustre, splendour; honour, degree, dignity; power, glory, prosperity; grace, elegance; mercy, pity; custom, habit, fashion, mode, rule; quick-silver; (met.) Pearl, jewel, gem; brilliant sword; bashful, abashed; fellow-traveller; perfect soul, universal intellect. This word is much used in forming compounds, and metaphorical expressions; —ābi ābistan (pregnant water), Tears of a lover, wine, blood (ābi ābistanī dādan, To fertilize ground);—ābi ātish-rang or ābi ātish-zāy, Wine; tears of grief or anger;—ābi ātish sadah, Tears;—āb ātish shud, The water

boiled: a tumult was raised; -abi atishmizāj, Red wine; -- ābi ātish-numāy, Wine; tears of grief ;- abi atishnak, Red wine ;ābi ātishīn, Wine; tears of blood;—ābi ājām. Water stagnating in a reed-bank; moor, marsh; -ābi ahmar, Wine from dates or grapes; the Red Sea;—ābi āzar, Red wine; tears;—ābi āzarsā, Wine; tears of grief; -ābi arghawānī, Red wine; tears of sorrow; -ab az jigar bakhshidan, Give, bestow; - āb az dahani gul chīdan, To make love; -āb az dīda pāk kardan, To wipe away one's tears, to dismiss uneasiness of mind; -abi istāda, A pool, ditch, stagnant water; - ābi afsurda, Cold or congealed water, ice, jelly of ment, fish, &c.; glass; a bright sword; —ābi o-rā burd, He dishonoured him; he put him to shame;ābi o bi-rez, Deprive him of his dignity or splendour; shame him; — ābi angūr, Wine; — ābi infi'āl, Tears of shame; -āb āwardan, To bring tears, to be ashamed; to have a swelling about the hoof (a horse);—ābi aiyām, the sun; light, brightness of the moon; -ab ba-ab namīrasad, Nobody derives advantage from a thing; -- ābi bād-rang, or ābi bāda-rang, Blood; tears of grief; - âbi bārīk, Shallow water; - ab ba-dil mishawad, The heart waxes cold ;--ab bar atash zadan, To quench, to allay;—āb bar jigar dārad, (met.) He possesses power;—ābi buranda, Soft, digestive water; water which undermines the banks or shores ;—āb ba-rū'i kār āmad, The business has taken shape, has come off; — āb ba-rū'i kār āwardan, To bring u business into shape; —āb bar zīr hishtan, To cheat, to deceive; - abi basta, Ice, hail, snow, hour-frost; glass, crystal; -- ābi baqā, Water of life;—ābi baqqam shudan, To be dyed red, to blush;—ābi bun, A gummy substance which exudes from the

root of decayed walnut-trees; -abi bī-lijām khwurdan, or abi bi-ligam khwurdan, To be independent, and subject to no control; ābi bīnī. Water running from the nose, snivel; -- ābi pukhtah, Broth, jelly; boiled water; - abi pusht, Water of the back, spinal marrow, semen genitale; -- āb tākh tan, To uriue; -- ābi tāk, Wine; -- ābi talkh, Wine; the tears of a disconsolate lover; -ābi tang, A shallow;—ābi jāwīdān, Water of life;— A shallow;—ābi jāwīdān, Water of me;—ābi jigar-khūn, Tears of grief;—ābi josh, Soda-water (m.c.);—ābi chashm, Tears;—ābi harām, Wine; love;—ābi hasrat, Water of desire: wish, appetite, longing; tears of desperation;—ābi hayā (khajlat, khijālat, sharm), Tears of shame, regret, or confusion;—ābi hayāt, or ābi haiwān, Water of life, immortality; pure, spiritual discourse; divine love; the conversation of a friend; -abi ḥaiwān guwār (guhar), Water which has the wholesomeness or nature of the water of life; -abi khatir, Purity of thought; brilliancy of imagination;—ābi kharābāt, Wine;—ābi khasaq, Juice of safflower (see (i)); -abi khazan, Autumnal rains; -abi khushk, Glass, crystal, a decanter; -abi khizr, Water of Khizr (Elias), the fountain of which he is said to have drunk and obtained immortality; inspired wisdom; -ābi khufta, Congealed water; snow, ice; glass, crystal; a sword in the sheath; -- ab khwurdan, To relent, to subside (auger); to make haste; - ābi khwurshed, The water of life; — ābi khwush khwurdan, To live at ease; — āb dādan, To give water, to steep; to sharpen, make brilliant, harden steel; to enliven; $-\bar{a}b$ dar jigar, Intoxication; greatness, opulence; - ab dar jigar dashtan, To become intoxicated, to be opulent; — āb dar jigar na-dārad, He is poor; -ab dar juy, Water in the river; prosperity, victory, honour, authority; freedom from care; — āb dar jūy āmadan, To become opulent and prosperous; to regain prosperity; to be invested with authority; -āb dar jūy na-mānad, Fortune departs; -āb dar chashm dāshtan, To be modest, shame-faced; āb dar chīze kardan, To adulterate, to cheat; -ab dar dil shudan, To experience heartfelt joy; -āb dar dahānash ūmad, His mouth watered; he desired ardently; -- āb dar dīda dāshtan, To possess a delicate sense of honour; — āb dar zīri kuh dashtan, To work in the dark; àb dar sar dàshtan, àb dar shakar dâshtan, To be in a weak and declining state; -āb dar hāwan sūdan (koftan), To bray water in a mortar, (met.) to act foolishly; to be uselessly employed;ābi damagh, Snivel; --ābi dandān, Water of the teeth, spittle, whiteness or cleanness of teeth; (met.) people's talk; - ābi dandāni harife awardan, To make one's enemy's mouth to water; needlessly to excite hos-

tility against one's self; - ābi dandān-shikan, Exceedingly cold water; -ābi dahān, abi dahan, Water of the mouth, saliva; a longing desire; -ābi dīdah, Water of the eyes, tears; -abi dida'i jam, A draught of wine: -abi rukh, Water of the cheek, i.e. honour; — ābi raz (rasān), Wine from grapes; - ab raftan, To lose one's dignity: ābi ruknābād, or ābi ruknī, Name of a fountain near Shiraz; -ābi rang, Water-colour, coloured water, paint; a sketch or outline of a picture; -- ābi rangīn, Red wine; tears of blood; -abi rū, Freshness of countenance (see ābi rūy below);—ābi rawān, Running water; a spring; ether; a sort of very fine muslin;—ābi rosh, Beauty, elegance, splendour; usage, custom;—ābi raughan, Oil, butter, fat of broth, liquid grease; - abi ruy, Water of the face, sweat; lustre, brightness of countenance, gracefulness, dignity of mien; reputation, renown, glory, honour, estimation; rank, office, station; -ābi rūy dādan (kardan), To honour; -ābi rūy rekhtan, To disgrace; to lose one's honour; --ab rekhtan. To dishonour; to be ashamed or disgraced: -ab zadan, To extinguish, to quell, to appease; to sprinkle the house in honour of guests; -abi gar, Liquid gold; white wine; saffron ;-ābi zūlūl, Pure, limpid water;-ābi zindarūd, The river Zindarūd;—ābi zinda-gānī (zindagī), Living water, the water of eternity or youth, a fabulous foun-tain so called;—ābi zahra, Wine; morn-ing light, heat, splendour;—ābi subha, The splendour of God's glory;—ābi sabuk, Digestive water; -abi surkh, Red wine; ābi sard, A gelatine of fish or meat; -ūbi siyāh (ūbi siyah), Black water; a disease of the eye producing blindness; the waters of the Deluge; -- ab shudan, To melt; to become ashamed or divested of honour; to grow obsolete; - abash roshan ast, He possesses splendour, power, honour, opulence;—ābi shaqā'iq, Wine; blood;—ābi shangarfī, Red wine; tears of grief; ubi shor, Brackish water, tears of grief; —ābi tabaristān, Name of a fountain on a mountain in Tabaristan, which, it is said, ceases to flow when a noise is made, and flows immediately again when it is over;ābi tabarīyah, Name of a fountain which flows and becomes dry alternately for the space of seven years;—abi tarab, Wine;—abi tinat, The watered clay from which the human body was formed;—ābi 'araq, Rosewater;—ābi 'ishrat, ābi 'aṣīr, ābi 'inab, Wine ;--abi 'aisawi kesh, Water which has the power of 'Isa, i.e. which vivifies, revives; -ubi ghurbat (safar), Tears shed in foreign lands, in exile, in travelling; —ābi ghamām, Rain-water; — ābi ghūrah, The juice of sour grapes, or other unripe fruit; - ābi fitna, Tumult, commotion; -abi fitna tira

shawad, The tumult subsides; —ābi fusurdah, Glass, crystal; a sword, or dagger; – ābi kār, Beauty, elegance, splendour, dignity; usage, custom; -ābi kabūd (blue water). The Persian Sea, the sea of China: a damasked sword;—ābi kurd. Water whose colour, smell, and taste have not undergone any change; -- ub kardan, To track, to find a track (m.c.);—ab kushadan, To let out the water formed about a horse's foot;ābi kushāda, Weak, poor wine; —ābi kuma, a dark-coloured and fetid water found in a certain fish, and applied in cases of fracture; -abi kausar, The river Kausar in Paradise, said to flow with milk or nectar; -- ābi gardanda, The revolving heavens; -ābi garm, Warm water; a hot bath;—
ābi girya, Tears of grief;—āb gashtan, To become water, to be dissolved; -abi gulzār-rang, Red wine; — ābi qosht, Gravy, broth; -ābi lutf, Bounty, liberality; -ābi la'l, Wine; tears of blood; —ābi murghān, Name of a place of recreation in the environs of Shiraz, frequented every Tuesday during the month of Rajab; name of a fountain in Kohistan, the waters of which, wherever carried, are followed by a kind of starling that devours locusts; — ābi morwarid, The purity of a pearl; a pearl, or white speck in the eye; -abi maryam, Probity, honour, chastity; new wine; -abi ma'dani, Mineral water (m.c.); -ābi mughān, Wine; —ābi munjamid, or ābi mun-'aqid, Snow, ice, sleet; crystal, glass; a scimitar, a poniard ; --ābi mai-gūn, Tears of grief; -abi nar, Red wine; - abi narwan, A lover's tears; wine; blood;—ābi nāf, Sperm; —ābi nāfi, Red wine; —ābi nabāt, The juice or sap of any vegetable; ab no-khwurdan, To allow of no delay, to lose no time; - abi nashāt, Semen genitale; - ab noshidan, To drink water; to be stupefied, astonished, benumbed;
—āb u ātish, Mildness and irascibility; -āb u ātish shudan, To have a mild and irascible temper;—āb u dāna, Means of subsistence; $-\bar{a}b \ u \ rang$, Freshness and moisture; wine; tears of grief; -ab u gil, Water and clay, i.e. the human frame;-āb u hawā, Water and air; climate, atmosphere ;- ābi hind, The Indus ;- ābi yāqūt, Red wine; -abi yakh, Iced water; -ba ab andākhtan, To launch (a ship); (met.) to remove, to put away; bar ab amadan, To become manifest, to be divulged;—bar ub guftan, To speak readily, to answer; -bar rū'i āb āmadan, To be divulged;—ba-kāri āb būdan, To indulge in wine-driuking;—dar üb faru shudan, (met.) To be annihilated, to perish; to vanish.

أَمْ (in Zand and Pazand), Father.

A أَ ab, The Syro-Macedonian month of

A \hookrightarrow 1 ab, the Syro-Macedonian mont August.

A - ab, A father; -abb, Grass, pas-

turage (answering the same purpose for cattle as fruit for man).

A self ābā' (pl. of self ab), Fathers, ancestors; $-\bar{a}b\bar{a}'i$ -'ulwi', Sublime fathers, i.e. the nine heavens, or seven planets; $-\bar{a}b\bar{a}'i$ 'unṣurī, Bodily fathers; $-\bar{a}b\bar{a}'i$ ma'nawī, Intellectual or spiritual fathers, i.e. preceptors; $-ab\bar{a}$, $ib\bar{a}$, \bar{b} $ib\bar{a}'$ at, Refusing, rejecting, abominating; with kordan or numādan, To refuse; $-ab\bar{a}$ (pl. of $ab\bar{a}'at$), Reed or reeds; cane of which sacking or matting is made.

wil abā, Strange, wonderful;—(for bā) With;—abā or ibā, Spoon meat, soup, bread;—abā'i gulā-gār (throat-tickling or choking soup), Worldly joy or sorrow; joy at the death of an enemy;—ibā, A pair; two

oxen in a yoke.

A ألم abāb (v.n. of ألم), Preparing for a journey; getting in readiness.

A أبائيل abābīl, A kind of bird, an owl, bustard, swallow;—abābīli siyāh, Swifts.

اَ أَحَامَ أَنَّ اَخَامَ reeds.

A أبرع ibālat (v.n. 4 of ربرع), Permitting, giving liberty; rendering lawful.

A Land abāhīyat, Name of a certain sect. In ābād, A city, building, habitation; cultivated, peopled, full of buildings and inhabitants; replenished, well filled (treasury); an open plain; good, elegant, fair, beautiful, convenient; the Kaba or square temple at Mecca; salutation, congratulation; praise, eulogium, well done! bravo! (ābād āmadī, you are welcome); name of the first prophet sent to Persia; when added to a noun it denotes a city or place of abode, as allāhābād, &c. q.v.;—ābād kardan, To cultivate, render delightful, improve, recreate, refresh.

with ābādān, Nearly synonymous with but more emphatic than ābād, and never used in forming compounds; name of a city at the mouth of the Tigris;—ābādān shudan, To be inhabited; abound;—ābādān kardan, To build, cultivate, make habitable;—ihyā u ābādān kardan, To revive, refresh, exhilarate.

المائي abūdānī, Cultivated, populous, pleasant; population, cultivation.

الدانيدن dbādānīdan, To cause to inhabit, to cultivate; to praise.

الدائيدن f ābādā'īdan, To praise.

A Boyl ibidat (v.n. 4 of), Putting to death, exterminating.

باد كشتى j ābūd-kishtī, One whose bark is over-freighted.

بَادِي مَّهُ مَّالِمُونَ, Pleasantness; a follower of Abād or Mahābād, the first prophet sent to Persia, and alleged author of the Dasātīr.

الاديان abādiyān (pl. of the previous), sect of the Ābādians; fit to be inhabited; flourishing communities.

 wounds and bruises);—(for āwār, āwārah), A register, an account of daily expenses.

abārīq (pl. of ibrīq), Ewers;

bright swords.

A أبارة ibārat (v.n. 4 of بور), Destroying, ruining.

ارگير ābār-gīr, An accountant, a clerk.

الأزير abāzīr (pl. of abzār), Aromatics, spices, sweet herbs or roots for seasoning meat.

آب آسيا ۾ āb-āsyā, A water-mill.

ياهن الماهن الم

الم الم ibāz, A rope with which the foot

of a camel is tied up to his arm.

ibāzīyat, A sect of Muhammadan

schismatics, named after its founder Ibaz.

A abātih (pl. of abtah, q.v.), Low-

lying, gravelly grounds, &c.

الماليل abātīl (pl. of bātil), Trifles, vanities, follies.

vanides, tomes.

Evi abagh. A mark by burning; name of a place.

abaghulue, Name of a medicinal اباغلس

plant.

الماعروس abāghūrus, Name of a Greek philosopher, perhaps corrupted from Anaxagoras.

ābāft, A kind of coarse soft cloth.

A ابان ibāq (v.n. of ابن), Running away (as a slave); withdrawing, absconding;—
ubbāq, Runaway slaves (pl. of ābiq, q.v.).

A البال ābāl, Camels (pl. of ibil, q.v.).

A dul ibbālat, A bundle of grass or hay; a herd or flock of camels, sheep, oxen, horses, or birds; a string of them following each other.

اباله ibālah, A privy, urinal.

וּאָק ābām, A tower, fortress; a pigeonhouse; a sign of the Zodiac;—(for āwām or

wām), Debt, loan.

cyl ābān (pl. of āb, water), Name of the eighth month of the Persian year, during which the sun continues in Scorpio; name of the tenth day of any Persian month; name of a certain angel, whom the Pagan Persians supposed to preside over iron, and over the actions performed during the month or on the day above mentioned;—ibān, A pair, a brace.

A ونا ibbān, A convenient time, a proper season; the beginning or first of anything;
—, ibānat (v.n. 4 of نها), Making clear, known, manifest; clearness, distinctness in speaking.

اب الداز āb-andāz, A planner or measurer

of the dimensions of aqueducts.

וֹרֶ וֹבּוֹתְ hab-andām, Of a fair complexion and a graceful form; splendour, brightness, neatness.

of the month Farwardin; name of an angel said to preside over water.

ابانی ibānī, Broth; a large dish.

آبانيدن ābānīdan, To praise.

ارد آ āb-āward, Carried away by a torrent; froth, foam.

الأي abāy, A horse-cloth.

ાં કે કે હેમ્પુર્લેંગ, Name of a mountain whose height is said to be forty parasangs.

آب باران ab-bārān, Name of an agreeable place in Kābul, near to Khwāja sih yārān.

اب بازی با ab-bāzī, Water-sporting, swimming.

اب برين ab-barin, The bank of a river constantly being undermined by its current.

أب ياهان آ āb-pāshān, Name of a Persian festival, on which occasion each one sprinkles rose-water on his neighbour.

آب باهي آ āb-pāshī, A sprinkling of water; irrigation.

اب پيكراي آāb-paikarān, The stars, constellations; the brightness of the thirty-six stars called wujūh by the astronomers.

جاب ābtāb, Splendour.

শ্ৰম্য ābtābah, A ewer, water-pot, or kettle.

ibtāt (v.n. 4 of المناء), Divorcing irrevocably.

آبتاعت آ āb-lākht, Urine; forcing of water.

A אבו ibtidā' (v.u. 8 of און), Beginning, commencing; originating; an exordium;—ibtidā'an, In the beginning, first place;—ibtidā kardan, To begin.

a المنافقة bitidā' (v.n. 8 of على), Producing something new; inventing, contriving, altering, innovating (in matters of religion).

A ابتدال libizāl (v.n. 8 of بنال), Being careless in the preservation of anything; employing (a garment, &c.) for daily or common use.

A jal abtar, Docked; one who has no offspring to survive him; a loser; poor, destitute; devoid of all good qualities, full of defects, worthless; a deadly serpent with a short train; a basket or bucket without a handle; a kind of verse.

A انسام iblisam (v.n. 8 of انسام), Being cheerful, smiling.

ابتغام ibligha' (v.n. 8 of بغى), Seeking,

wishing, coveting; behoving.

coming, going, or doing a thing in the morning; receiving or producing the first-fruits; ripening, come to maturity; bearing a male at the first birth; deflowering a virgin.

ablagan, Master of a family; a

Turk.

ibtila' (v.n. 8 of المر), Trying, proving, ascertaining the truth; being affected with misfortune, becoming indisposed or vexed.

A إبلاغ ibtilà' (v.n. 8 of بلغ), Swallowing; deglutition.

ibtilāl (v.n. 8 of الله ibtilāl (v.n. 8 of الله المثل اله moistened.

اجناء ibtinā (v.n. 8 of جناء), Constructing an edifice.

A عليه ibtiha' (v.n. 8 of الها), Being accustomed, familiar.

A وابتها ibtihāj (v.n. 8 of جبر), Being glad; gladness, joy, exultation.

A ابتهال ibtihal (v.n. 8 of بهل), Lamenting, deprecating, being sincere in prayer; -ibtihālāna, Humbly, submissively, in a supplicating manner, imploringly.

البيع ibtiyā' (v.n. 8 of جماع ibtiyā' (v.n. 8 of

ing, buying.

شين abitin, abtin, Name of the father of Faridun, the seventh king of Persia of the Peshdadian dynasty.

ab-jūmah, A washing-tub, bathing بمامة vessel, wash-hand bason; a bowl, water-

glass, or drinking-cup.

A rangement of the Arabic alphabet, according to the numeral value of the letters from one to a thousand, as follows:

کلبن kalaman کانجن	ملی hutti O	hawwaz N O 20	4 જ લ ખ apjaq જ≟!
ah .		_	
مطغ zazig <u>h</u>	يمد چمد	قرهت qarashat	سعفص ea'faş

abjadi tajrīd nawishtan, To abandon the world, to devote one's self wholly to God: -abjad-khwān, One learning his alphabet.

איר *āb-jar*, Ebb-tide. Arivulet.

مَّ أَجُوكُمُ أَنَّ مُوكُمُ أَمَّ أَمُّ أَمَّ أَمَّ أَمَّ أَرَّ مُوكُمُ أَنَّ مُوكُمُ أَنْ مُوكُمُ مُوكُمُ أَنْ مُوكُمُ مُوكُمُ مُوكُمُ أَنْ مُوكُمُ مُوكُمُ أَنْ مُوكُمُ مُوكُمُ مُوكُمُ أَنْ مُوكُمُ مُوكُمُ مُوكُمُ أَنْ مُوكُمُ مُوكُمُ مُوكُمُ أَنْ مُوكُمُ مُوكُمُ أَنْ مُوكُمُ مُوكُمُ مُوكُمُ أَنْ مُوكُمُ مُوكُمُ مُوكُمُ مُوكُمُ أَنْ مُوكُمُ A abach, A butt for archers; an agricultural implement.

أجرا āb-charā, A light repast taken before making a regular meal, a whet; food of genii, fairies, wild beasts and birds.

مُو ہِ āb-chashī, Giving drink to a child, when about six months old, preparatory to weaning him.

مَوْنِ āb-chīn, A towel or cloth, with which they wipe the bodies of the dead; or

which is used in the bath. A jeil abhar, el abhur (pl. of bahr),

Seas. abḥul, Name of a king of Jābulsā.

الخار ab<u>kh</u>āz, Name of a country in Turkistan, the inhabitants of which are said to be very ferocious.

المجالة db-khana, A water-closet, cess-pool, or gutter; an aqueduct; a place for keeping water.

abkhirat (pl. of bukhār), Vapours, exhalations; raving, delirium.

q.v. اخر= ābkhara اخرة

āb-khast, A water-melon, a cucumber; fruit acid and washy; evilhearted, wicked; an island uninhabitable on account of its putrid water.

abkhal, More, most, or very avaricious, or miserly.

أَجْر ab-kho, An uninhabited islet in a river.

this abkhūkh, Wry-faced; spittle; name of a country.

ab-<u>kh</u>wur, ab-<u>kh</u>war, A drinker of water; a lake, pool, or ditch; a fountain head; a watering-place on a river's bank; a cucumber (as being a watery vegetable); lot. destiny, good fortune; splendour; subsistence ;—āb-khwuri ātishī, A drinker of wine; bloodthirsty; the eye of one stricken with grief.

أخورك āb-khwurd, Good fortune; fate, lot; a dwelling, residence, settlement; delay, halt.

q.v. اخرر = āb-khwwra ايخورة

آب خوري آ āb-khwurī, A watering-place ou a river's bank.

abkhwūsā, Melilot, bugloss.

āb-khwust, āb-khwast, أخوست cumber, a water-melon; an island, an uninhabited and uninhabitable isle; a rivulet; any hollow channel excavated by the water.

آب خون āb-khūn, An islet uninhabited and uninhabitable.

مَا مَعْدِ آ مَا اللهُ آ مَا مَا أَمْ اللهُ مَا مَ springy ground, where water is found after digging a little depth; flow of the tide; a wave; a canal, aqueduct, conduit.

A અ alad (v.n.), Eternity without end (opposed to azal, eternity without beginning), perpetuity; of one year's age or growth;abadan, Eternally; never.

A নামা ibda' (v.n. 4 of বিম), Beginning, inventing, innovating, producing, creating.

قبادة بناه بناه بناه أب āb-dāda, Tempered (steel). און āb-dār, Watery, moist, juicy; of a good water (as a diamond or a sword); a keeper of water, a servant whose office is to keep water cool; keen, sharp; glancing, dazzling, resplendent; flowing (verse); a sociable and convivial mau; a man of understanding, reflection or wealth; a species of plant resembling the fibres of a palm-

قادار عالد مالد āb-dār-khāna, A repository of drinking-water.

يداري āb-dāri, Freshness, brilliancy.

A દીમાં ibdā' (v.n. 4 of દમ), Producing, bringing out, publishing something new, halting, limping (as cattle from fatigue); dragging heavily (a vehicle).

A jiwi abdāl (pl. of badal or bidl),

Substitutes; certain persons by whom God continues the world in existence (their number is seventy, of whom forty reside in Syria and thirty elsewhere; when any one of them dies his place is filled up by some one selected from among the rest of mankind); subsequently the word has been employed to signify a hermit, a monk or (religious) novice, a saint, enthusiast, pretender to inspiration; a vagabond;—ibdāl (v.n. 4 of Ja), Changing, exchanging, substituting one thing for another.

abdālī, Of or relating to an abdāl or

devotėe.

ואוין $abd\bar{a}m$ (for $and\bar{a}m$), The body.

class ābdān, A vessel for holding water; a cistern, or any reservoir of water, as a lake, ditch, or bath; the urine-bladder; a melon, a cucumber, as being full of juice; —abdān, A family, a great tribe; worthy; —ābadān, Cultivated, populous, inhabited.

A والما abdān (pl. of badan), Bodies. والمانية abadānt, Population, cultivation. عبدانية abad-paiwand, Eternal, connected with eternity.

ואנק ibdaram (S. abhidharma), Name of

the book of Sākyamuni or Buddha.

الاستان āb-dastān or الاستان āb-dasdān (for الاستان آغة dāb-dast-dān), A ewer, any vessel from which water is poured upon the hands; a wash-hand bason; purification; custom; fraud.

ab-dasian-dar, A ewer-holder. آبدستاندار

بدست جاي آ ābdast-jāy, A privy.

من abad-shahr, The eternal city, the future world; name of a river; name of a city.

હમાં ābdan (for હોમાં ābdān), A pond, lake, conflux of water; a drinking-vessel; a cu-

cumber, a water-melon.

blast abdandan, Weak; strong, firm; fit, congruous; base, mean; rude, raw, ignorant, inexperienced; a gambler who is always unsuccessful; a species of pomegranate and pear; any fruit that soon dissolves in the mouth; a tree, herbage; a kind of sweetmeat.

عنا ubdūj, A saddle-cloth, a felt cloth. عنا abda (probably from Ar. عبال vagaries of a poet), Silly talk, delirium, dotage;

A مانع abadī, Eternal; for ever and ever.

🛦 હ્યા abadīyat, Eternity.

آب ديد جام āb-dīdi jām, Wine, or a draught.

قاديدة āb-dīda, In tears, weeping.

المَالِي مَاكِمَةِ مَلَاثِهُمَّةٍ Worthy; a household, family.

opposed to woman;—abr būdan, To be

cloudy;—abri āzur, November clouds;—abri rugāli, A swift-flying cloud; abri saharī, Morning clouds;—abri ser or abri ser āb, A cloud full of water;—abri sumbul-gūn, A black cloud;—abri fūrwash (a Sinairesembling cloud), A strong and large-bodied horse;—abri kuhan, or abri murda, A sponge;—abri naisān, Vernal clouds; cold rain;—ba abr girifla, Cloudy;—abar (for n bar), On, upon, above; according to; the bosom; a kind of lute; confections, preserved fruits; the curved part of a bow; an artery; (in Zand and Pāzand) penis.

A plabr (v.n.), Pricking with the point of the tail (a scorpion); giving (a dog) a needle in (his) food; fructifying the female palm-tree by the sprinkling of the flowers of the male; — ibar (pl. of ibrat, q.v.), Needles, &c.

In abra, The outside of a garment or cap,

see byl abra.

A "bra" (v.n. 4 of "br) Liberating, discharging, delivering from danger; healing, restoring to health;—ibra" i zimmah, Release from responsibility, quittance from obligation; a safe conduct.

A clyl ibrāh (v.n. 4 of 5), Honourable, magnifying; causing surprise; giving plea-

sure; injuring.

A אָנוּג ibrūd (v.n. 4 of אָנוּ), Bringing (any thing) cold; presenting cooled liquor; experiencing cold weather; sending a Berid or courier.

אַלוּלוֹ abrār (pl. of bārr), Just, holy, pious, dutiful;—ibrār (v.n. 4 of בָּיׁ), Accepting, justifyiug; swearing an oath according to truth; travelling in the desert; overcoming, conquering.

A 1/31 abrāz (for abzār, pl. of 331 bazr), Spices;—ibrāz (v.n. 4 of 331), Producing, publishing, bringing out;—ibtijāj u ibrāz āwardan, To adduce proofs and documents.

A האל ibrāṣ (v.n. 4 of אכ), Afflicting with leprosy; bringing forth a leprous

A الراض brāz (pl. of barz), Few ;—ibrāz (v.n. 4 of رابوف), Producing young grass, just sprouting above ground.

A 31 straq (v.n. 4 of 3,), Casting forth lightning (the sky); giving false signs of pregnancy (a camel); pouring water on oil.

א האון ibrām (v.n. 4 of און), Twisting tight; wearying, disgusting; urgency, importunity; making a garment of doubly-twisted threads;—ibrām numūdan, To molest, to importune.

win āb rāna, Travelling by water.

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A alalal ibrāhām, Abraham.

المراهم المراهم ibrāhim, ibrāhum, or ibrāham, Abraham.

ibrāhūm, Abraham.

ANI āb-rāha, A water-course; a lachrymal duct.

ibrāhīm, The patriarch Abraham; Zoroaster; name of a mountain in Kara-

abr-bakhshish, Liberal, generous. ابر بوهان abr poshān, A clouded sky.

ibrat, A needle; the sting of a scorpion; the point of anything; tip of the elbow, or of the hough of a horse.

A sal abraj, One who has fine handsome

ارجن abrajan, A bracelet; an anklet.

A ابرد abrad, Colder, coldest, very cold (du. abradan, The two colds, i.e. the morning and the evening); a cloud showering hailstones; speckled white and black (a bull); a male leopard; -abū 'l-abrad, Name of a follower of Muhammad; -hummá abrad, The cold fit of an ague;—abrud (pl. of burd), Striped stuffs; upper garments.

ابر دست abr-dast, Liberal, open-handed.

abrash, Dapple-gray, pie-bald ابره ▲ (horse); spotted red and white; - abrashi khwurshed, The sky

abrasham, Silk, sewing silk.

abrashamī, A silk merchant; a silkworm; silken.

אל abar-shahr (high town, or abr-shahr, town of clouds?), The old name for Nishabūr.

هرص ه abraş, Leprous.

ة أبرنت āb-ruft, A stone worn smooth by water flowing over it; wiping off spilled water with a sponge.

ابى ه abraq, A coarse, stony, sandy soil;

lapis specularis, talc.

ابر قباد abar-qubād, Name of a city between Fars and Ahwaz, said to be founded by King Qubăd.

ه ابرقوة ه abarqūh, for P. ابرقوة ه abar-koh, q.v. المان abrak, A little cloud; a sponge.

ابرك ه abrak, More or most blessed.

ابركايشا abarkābishā, A cobweb.

abrkār, Astonished, confounded, stupefied, amazed.

ابركاكيا abarkākiyā, ابركاكيا abarkākiyūb,

A cobweb.

abarqubād, for P. ابرتباد abarqubād,

abar-koh, Name of a town in the Persian Iraq, situated on the summit of a mountain, whence its name.

ابر کردش abr-girdish, Circling round the

clouds (lightning).

abarmādarān, A kind of sweetmeut.

abrnāk, Cloudy.

مَا عَلَمُ abranjan, مَا عَنَا abranjin, A bracelet or anklet (of gold or silver).

ن بن مَهُ rang, Freshness, vigour.

أبرو āb-rū, جروى āb-rūy, Honoured, held in estimation by the great; chief (in an army or city); --- āb-rū dādan, To pay respect; --āb-rū rekhtan, To disgrace; —āb-rū kardan, To honour; — $\bar{a}b$ - $r\bar{u}'i$ shahr, The chief magistrate of a city; -- āb-rū'i 'askar, The commander of an army.

abrū (S. bhrū), The eye-brow;—abrū'i paiwasta (paiwast, tang), Contracted or forbidding brows; superciliousness;—abrū'i tursh (talkh), A frown;—abrū'i shām (zālzar, falak), The new moon;—abrū'i kashīda (baland), Long eye-brows;—abrū'i mardāna, A brow that indicates bravery; abrū tang (nāxik) kardan, To look supercilious or proud; -abrū jumbanīdan (zadan) To move the eye-brows, to wink, nod, approve by the motion of the eye;—abrū jahad, The eye-brow throbs (which is considered as a kind of augury); -abrū chīdan (bā-ham dar kashīdan, tursh kardan), gosha'i abrū tursh kardan, abrū kaj kardan, To knit the eye-brows, to frown;—abrū kushādan, To cheer up; to wink.

موير abrawāz, ابروير abrawaiz (for P. برير

parwiz), Name of a Persian king.

abruwān (pl. of the preceding), The eye-brows; (met.) morning and evening. مَرُود āb-rūd, A hyacinth, a water-lily.

abrū-ṣanām, ابرو صنام ābrū-ṣanam (corrupted from Ar. يبروح الصنم yabrūḥu 'ṣsanam), The mandrake.

abrū-firā<u>kh</u>ī, Cheerfulness;

liberality, generosity.

ابُرو كمان abrū-kamān, With eye-brows shaped like a bow.

ابرو کن abrũ-kan, Tweezers.

יאנט abrūn, Houseleek, sempervivum. את פאלן abrū-hilāl, Whose eye-brows

form a crescent.

آبری āb-rawī, A going through water; an oar

abrah, The outside of a garment or cap; -ibarah, First-fruits; early fruit; ubarah, A bustard.

abarhām, Nature, essence; name of an angel supposed to govern the world; Abraham.

abrahah, A kind of bird; name of an Abyssinian prince, who built a Christian church in Sana' of al-Yaman, and made an unsuccessful attack on Mecca.

ibrahīmīyah, A kind of broth.

ابی abrī, Clouded, variegated; — abrī kāqhiz, A kind of thick and shining paper (from Kashmīr).

ابريج ∡ ibrīj, Å churn.

ab-rez, A vessel used in baths for pouring water over the head and body; a bucket; a water-pipe, a spout; a drain, a ditch; a water-closet, privy; a spade.

ibrîz, Pure gold or silver. ابريو

أب ريزان أ āb-rezān, Name of the 13th of

the month Tir, in remembrance of a sudden rain falling, after many years of drought, at the prayer of the assembled people, who in their joy besprinkled each other with water.

מּצְאַלּשׁ abrezgān, A festival celebrated on the above-mentioned day, during which the people in their visits sprinkle one another with orange-flower, rose, or pure water.

abrisham, abrishum, Silk; the string of a musical instrument; a silkweaver ;-abrishami sitabr, The bass string of a musical instrument.

abrishim-kashi, Silk-winding. abrishamin, اويشمين abrishamin, Silken.

ibrik (for P. البيل ab-rea), A. ewer, a water-pot with a spout, a jug; a brilliant sword.

A ابوار abzār (pl. of bazr), Pot-herbs, spiceries for seasoning.

a שול (בו abzārdān, A spice-box, a peppercaster.

ابرر absar, Name of a mountain near Hamadan in Persia, about one hundred and fifty leagues west of Ispaban.

ab-zuruft, said to stand for بالرلت قبارات ab-pizruft, A cucumber, watermelon; an isle (?).

மூர் ab-zan, A particular kind of bathingvessel made of copper or iron, the full length of the human body, filled with warm water medicinally prepared, in which the patient sits or lies down; the basin of a fountain; imparting tranquillity of mind, consoling, consolatory; console, appease (Imperative).

A שאו abzan, ibzan, ubzan (for the P. שאו abson), A bath, a laver, sometimes made of

אַענענע âb-zind-rūd, Name of the river Zindarūd.

مَانِ ab-zih, Water flowing from a fountain, or a corner of the eye; liquid pressed through a cullender or strainer; pincers.

אניגעט abaīdan, To fill. איני אוֹ āb-rīr-kāh (water under straw), A splinter, thorn in the flesh; a hypocrite. dissembler, a secret fomenter of mischief: one whose merit lies concealed.

w ābazh, Sparks of fire; a kind of grass.

آس *ābas*, Name of a city.

من مله (v.n.), Rebuking, reproving, reproaching; being low, abject.

absar, A whetstone.

ابساس A نقر ibsits (v.n. 4 of بساس), Calling to camels in a coaxing way to drink or to be milked.

absat (pl. of bist, bust, or busut), She-camels left at liberty with their colts; -ibeat (v.n. of بسط), Leaving (a camel) at liberty with her colt.

إبسال ābsāl, إبسال ābsālān, A garden. A إسال sheat (v.n. 4 of إسال), Forbidding, making unlawful; betraying, abandoni consigning to destruction: exposir pledging, pawning.

مان أ absan, A bracelet.

ab-sabuk, Easy of digestion. abist, ibast), Orau مستا قلمت قلمت pulp; -abist, Pregnant; syn. with abasht, Concealment; hidden, covered up

abista, Name of a book which t Magi of Persia attribute to the Patrian Abraham (whom they suppose to be the same with Zarādasht or Zoroaster), as containing the religious system of the Ma or adorers of fire.

abistān, Pregnant.

أيستانة ābistānah, A cauldron, pot, kettle

تاستگی dbistagi, Pregnancy.

abistan, Pregnant, concealed ;-ābistan shudan, To be with young; -- ābistan faryād, or ābistani faryād-khwān, A kinc of harp or lute.

abistan-gāh, A lying-in chamber استنگاه

a privy.

قانستني ābietanī, Pregnancy, conception pregnant; a kind of lute;—ābistanī dādan, To render pregnant.

abastah, Ground prepared for sowing; a spy; a flatterer; -ābistah, Pregnant; an animal with young; the womb.

abistah, A spy; a flatterer.

āb-sard, Jelly.

שיינט āb-sardan, A gonorrhæa.

ab-sardi, Water cooled by the wind.

i ăb-safed, A pearl on the eye.

abisgûn (or ايسكون abisgûn), The Caspian Sea; place where the river Abgun joins the Caspian Sea; name of an island formerly existing in the Caspian Sea; name of a village near Astarabad.

آموار āb-suwār, A bubble; a wave.

أسيان ābisyān, Tears.

مَانِهُ مَلُهُ عَلَى عَلَى مَانِهُ مَلُهُ مَانُهُ مَانُهُ مَانُهُ مَانُهُ مَانُهُ مَانُهُ مَانُهُ مَانُهُ مَان آسير āb-sair, Easy-paced (horse).

شَا abish, Abyssinia.

ibish-khwar, Lot, destiny. بش خور ab-shar, A waterfall, a cataract.

abshārān (pl. of the preceding), Absharan, name of the promontory of Baku.

أبشت ābasht, Concealment; hidden.

covered up.

آبغتگه Tabashta-gāh, abishta-gāh (مقتگه) ābashta-gah, abishta-gah, ايشتنگاه ābishta-gah gāh, ابشننگه abishtan-gah), A place of concealment; a back yard where rubbish is thrown; a privy.

آبشتن ābishtan, ābashtan, To hide, cover.

abishtan, To conceal.

ābish-khwur, A cistern, a wateringplace, reservoir; the bed of a river; a fountain-head; a drinking-vessel; lot, portion; a halt, stay.

abishkhward, A watering-place. ābsham, The cone of silk in which the worm encloses itself, the cocoon; a coarse kind, or refuse, of silk.

شغرة abishan, A bridegroom's shirt.

āb-shinās, Skilful in discovering آبشناس springs, or conveying water by aqueducts; a pilot; the man who keeps a look out for shoals from the mast-head ;—also إبشناس āb-shināsi kār, Intelligent, expert, familiar with fundamental truths.

āb-shang, The bathing vessel de-

scribed under of āb-zan.

petre.

A channel for water flowing from high grounds.

ābshem, Raw silk.

abṣār (pl. of baṣar), Eyes, looks; perceptions by the eye; -ibsar (v.n. of ,), Looking at, seeing; causing to see; being evident

A من absar, More or most clear-sighted. مَّكُ مِثْتُ آبُ مَلْتُ آبُ مِلْتُ

sifat budan, To be hamble; to promote the interests of others.

A Al abz (v.n.), Binding the fore-foot of a camel with a rope to the shoulder.

A ولاع ibṣā' (v.n. 4 of بلاع), Sorting goods for sale; sending a lot or sample; answering categorically; quenching one's thirst (water).

A bel ibt, ibit, The arm-pit.

A بطوء ibėa' (v.n. 4 of بطوء), Delaying, proceeding slowly, tarrying, lingering.

A نطاخ ibtakh (v.n. 4 of بطاخ), Having

melons in abundance.

abṭāl (pl. of baṭal), Brave warriors, heroes; — ibṭāl (v.n. 4 of بطال م Making void, abolishing, rendering fruitless and abortive; refuting, proving to be false; dealing in trifles or vanities.

A اطح abtah, Low-lying, gravelly ground;

wide, level plain.

abtal, More or most vain, or fruit-

A علمه ab'ad (pl. of bu'd), Distances; dimensions; — ab'ādi salāsah. The three distances, i.e. length, depth, and breadth; -ib'ad (v.n. 4 of sa), Placing at or drawing to a distance, alienating.

ab'ad, Very remote; more or most

distant; a traitor.

ibghāz (v.n. 4 of بغاض), Bearing hatred, hating; provoking, making hate.

مام abfarah, A stallion.

A من قام (for P. الله abak), Quicksilver; $-\tilde{a}biq$, Runaway (slave).

هي ibqā' (v.n. of المهام), Rendering permanent, establishing; keeping, preserving, hoarding, laying by; sparing.

A pl abgar, Nitre, saltpetre.

abqa' (a pye), Variegated, black and white.

A ይቀነ abgá, More or most lasting.

abak, Quicksilver; measles, pimples, blotches; -abuk, Anything watery or full of water; a full basin.

ab-kār, A water-carrier, a cupbearer; a wine-merchant; a drinker of wine; a jeweller, polisher of gems; a distiller.

abkār, Agriculture.

abkār (pl. of bikr), Virgins, maiden; ibkar (v.n. 4 of \sim), Performing anything in the morning; making haste, taking time by the forelock; causing (one) to rise betimes; the morning.

ab-kārī, Being a water-carrier, &c. (see إلكاز); a tax on the mannfacture and sale of spirituous liquors, and intoxicating

drugs; a distillery.

ab-kamah, A kind of sour and bitter gruel or drink, prepared in different ways, for creating appetite or aiding digestion; sauce, condiment.

آبکش āb-kash, A water-carrier or drawer. āb-kashī kardan, To draw water;—gāwi ābkashī, An ox for drawing water.

مَكْمَين abkashīn, A bracelet.

ābkam, A kind of serpent.

abkam, Dumb.

يكند āb-kand, Any hollow channel excavated by the rushing of a torrait; a place where water collects and stagnates; a pond; name of a city.

āb-kūr, Miserly, churlish.

abag, Name of a town near Shiraz.

ابگانه ābgāna, An abortion.

মান্ত্র $\bar{a}b \cdot g\bar{a}h$, The back and sides under the short ribs; a pond, a cistern.

ab-guzār, A ford, a ferry; an express.

ab-guzar, A canal, a channel for water.

آبگردان āb-gardān, A ladle.

ردش āb-gardish, A whirlpool, an eddy; a fleet horse; vertigo; crop sickness.

آبگور $\bar{a}b$ - $g\bar{u}r$, A horse-trough; an aqueduct. آبگورکش مَّهُ āb-gűr-kash, A worthless fellow.

بكون āb-gūn, Water-coloured, azure, liquid blne; the heavens; glass; ice; a bright sword; starch mixed with blue; name of a river flowing from Khwarazm, and falling into the Caspian Sea;— $\bar{a}b$ - $g\bar{u}n$ tāram (qafas), the heavens;—āb-gūn sadaf, the heavens; the sun; the moon.

ab-gah, A watering-place, cistern, reservoir.

انگي ābagī, Watery.

ab-gir, Any hollow place where water collects and stagnates; a pool, pond, ditch; a weaver's brush for sprinkling yarn in the loom.

الكيرناك dbgirnāk, Full of pools and ditches.

الكين خانة مُظرِّة ābgīn-<u>kh</u>āna, A bee's nest; a bee-hive.

الكينة āb-gīna, Glass; a drinking-glass; a foil set under gems; a diamond; wine; a lover's tears;—ābgīna'i shāmī, A name for the most transparent glass;—ābgīna'i ṭāram, The heavens.

a room hung with mirrors; the first and

second heavens.

آبگینه کر ābginagar, A glass-maker.

A jet ibl, ibil, Camels, the camel species.

الل abil, The lesser cardamom;—abul, Name of a stringent medicinal plant.

A نائلة iblā' (v.n. 4 of نائل), Wearing out a garment; trying, proving; having enough, being content.

اللمس له iblas (v.u 4 of بلاس), Being despe

rate, dumbfounded, grieved.

A إلى iblā' (v.n. 4 of على), Causing, allowing, or giving time to swallow.

arrive, conveying, sending.

A dif ablat, abalat, Heaviness, indigestion; sin, crime;—abilat, Anything wanted, need, necessity; prolificness;—iblat, Hostility; enmity;—ibilat, Progeny, tribe;—ublat, A murrain, sickness, blight;—ubullat, Dates bruised between two stones, and then milked upon; tribe, companions; name of very pleasant place near Basra.

A gli ablaj, One whose eye-brows are wide apart; clear, bright, resplendent, evident.

A خام ablagh. More or most perfect, most effectual; more or most emphatic; eloquent.

a blaq, Black and white, particoloured, pie-bald; name of a fortress;—ablaqi aiyām, The world; ablaqi charkh (falak), Night and day; time; the world;—ablaqi muţlaqu 'l-'inān, The world; fortune.

a ملك چشم ablaq-chashm, Having eyes intensely black and white.

A spark of fire. Pie-bald;—abalag, abilg, A spark of fire.

أَلْرِي (also اللوء ablūj, والمُّاء ablūj (also اللوء ablūch), White sugar-candy; powdered sugar; the sugar-plant.

ablūk, A donble-faced man, a hypo-

crite, a flatterer.

Ail ābila, A blister, pimple; small-pox; a bubble floating on the water;—ābila'i pistān, The nipple of the breast;—ābila'i chashm, A pearl or white speck upon the eye;—ābila'i rukhi falak, The stars; the sun;—ābila'i roz, The sun;—ābila'i farang, The French or European pox, venereal disease;—ābila az kam gusastan (bīrūn

dādan), To break a blister;—ābila bar pā rekhtan, To put to flight, to weaken, to render helpless;—ābila bastan (damidan, kardan), To raise blisters; to rise in blisters;—ābila dar sukhun paidāst, A man is known by his speech;—ābila'i dil shikastan, To set the heart at rest;—ābila zadan, To bubble.

ablah, Foolish, simple, ignorant,

stupid, bashful.

a مَالَهُمُا ablahānah, Foolishly. الله علامًا ablahānah, Blistered.

الله رسيدة abila-rasida, بن الله وسيدة Blistered (hand).

اله وار ābila-zār, Full of blisters.

a भी ablah-lab, With a foolish tongue, "a prating fool."

a مالك ablaht, Silliness, simpleness, ignorance.

مَامِية ābilīta, A sower, husbandman.

A الملس iblis, The devil;—iblisi pur talbis, The deceitful devil.

a المليسانة iblisānah, Diabolically, like the devil.

مَلِيسة ablisa, A sower, a husbandman.

abmand, Powerful, prosperous, fortunate.

ibmīq, A coulter; a yoke of oxen.

A orl abn (v.n.), Suspecting, rendering suspected;—ibn, A son;—ibn arz, A (son of the earth) stranger;—ibnu 'l-amīr, Of noble blood, high-born;—ibnu 's-sabīl, A traveller;—ibnu sīrīn, Name of aninterpreter of dreams unequalled in his age;—ibnu 'l-gharaz, A selfish person, a schemer;—ibnu 'l-ghaib, A God knows who, a nobody, an upstart;—ibnu 'l-waqt, A time-server, a sycophant.

A shit abnā' (pl. of ibn), Sons;—abnā'i a'mām, Consins;—abnā'i ins u jān, Men and genii;—abnā'i jins, Persons of the same rank, condition, or kind; companions, comrades, equals;—abnā'i jahān, Men, animals, or plants;—abnā'i darzah, Mean, ignoble men;—abnā'i dahr (rosgār, zamān, 'aṣr), Sons of the age, contemporaries;—ibnā' (v.n. 4 of "u), Ordering a building to be erected.

ابداعون abnā<u>kh</u>on, A fortress.

اليان *ābnāk*, Moist, watery, succulent, juicy.

blemish; a knot in wood, a gnur; a spur; an itching disease in the fundament.

a دن البت و ubnat-zadah = ubna-zadah, q.v.

a مَعْرة āb-nuqrah, Quicksilver, liquid silver.

إنهوس ābnūs, Ebony; a kind of fish. آبنوس آ ābnūsī, Made of ebony;—ābnūsī.

shākh, An ebony pipe; a pipe played on any festivity.

البوطيدن āb noshīdan, To drink water;

to be stupefied, benumbed.

a من هما المنا ال famous practices, branded with infamy.

Al ābū, water-lily.

A pl abū, A father;—abū 'l-arwāḥ, Quicksilver;—abū 'l bashar, Adam, the father of man;—abū 'l-jam', Chieftain; abū 'l-husain, Father of the little fortress, i.e. a fox;—abū 'l-hayā, Name of Othman, the third Khalif; -abū 'l-hayya (-'abbās, mitrāq), Penis; — abū 'l-fazl, Name of the accomplished secretary to Sultan Akbar, and author of the Akbar-nāmah; abū 'l-kunjak, Anything new, rare, or agreeable; a facetious, witty, or well-bred man; a buffoon, jester, mimic; -abū barāqish, Name of a speckled bird;—abū bakr, The father-in-law and first Khalif, or successor to Muhammad ;—abū turāb, Name of Ali, son-in-law to Muhammad; -abū jahl, Name of an uncle of Muhammad; $-ab\bar{u}$ hāris, A lion;—abū ḥanīfa, Name of the first great Muhammadan lawyer;—abii khalsā, Melilot, bugloss-plant;—abū dardā', Name of one of Muhammad's Companions; -abū zaid, Name of the hero of Hariri's Assemblies; a man famous for his skill in chess;—abū saif, A name of Nādir Shāh; abū tālib, Name of the father of Ali;—abū tāmūn, Jews' pitch ;—abū 'als, A species of violet; -abū qābūs, Name of Nu'mān, king of Arabia; —abû qubais, Name of a mountain near Meccah; a fortress in the province of Aleppo;—abū qulmūn, A kind of shot silk, a variegated cloth; chameleon; a certain bird; (met.) the changing world; a fickle person, a turn-coat;—abū hurairah, Father of the kitten, name of one of Mubammad's Companions.

ه ابواب ه abwāb (pl. of bàb), Gates, doors; chapters, sections; conjugations; points, principles; dues, fees, heads or subjects of taxation; —abwābi thānadārī, Taxes on retailers of liquors, &c.;—abwābi shādī, An imposition levied to defray the marriage expenses of a great personage;—ba hamah

abwab, By all means, in every way.

מאָשׁן abūbān, Repentance.

ي ubūwat, Paternity; fathers.

يه آبورز āb-warz, A swimmer.

رزى أَ āb-warzī, Swimming, natation.

ابرز A مناسلة (v.n. of بار Springing, bounding, leaping.

abū-zarjmihr, Name of Nushir-

wan's great wazir. ابوس Ab'us (pl. of bu's), Misfortunes.

ه من abūṣ, Swift, fleet (horse).

ه ابوض ه abūz, Very swift (horse).

ابق abūq, Runaway (slave).

A الها ubūl (v.n. of الهل), Supplying by

green herbage the place of water (cattle); abstaining from venery.

abumān, Repentance.

முர் abūn, Elecampane, ginger. قابوند ābwand, A vessel in which water is kept.

abuyān, Repentance.

की ābah, Name of a village : clear, limpid. A 41 abh, abah (v.n.), Recollecting, remembering, recalling to mind a thing forgotten.

ibhām (v.n. 4 of بهم), Shutting, closing; ambiguity, doubt; uncertainty; the thumb, the great toe.

A & ubbahat, Magnificence, grandeur, glory.

abhar, A water-mill.

abhar, A vein in the back, the jugular vein; the back of a bow;—abahr, Name of a city.

ubhul, Seed of the mountain cypress, or juniper; juniper berries; mountain cypress.

ubhūl, Liquorice-root.

abihī, Name of the river مَّا قَطْمُ الْعَلَى أَمْ اللهُ اللهِ عَلَيْهِ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلِيهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلِيهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْ

ा तिका, Watery; cultivated by irrigation (opp. daimi, watered by rain, m.c.); blue; a quince; a kind of grape.

ای A abī, abīy, A refuser, rejecter, loather; -ābī shudan, To stand still, to be-

come congealed (water).

abe, abī (for be, bī), Without ;—abī an kih, Over and above that which.

A ابيات abyāt (pl. of bait), Verses, distichs.

آبيار ābyār, A waterer, sprinkler, irrigator; irrigation.

آبياري āb-yārī, Irrigation;—āb-yārī kardan, To irrigate, to water (fields).

ابيارى abyārī, A kind of stuff of a thin texture; a species of dove.

ābyān, Penitent.

آبيد ābīd, A spark of fire.

ايداد abidād (for bīdād), Tyranny, injustice.

ابير abir, A bucket; a spark; tears; a shirt.

ايمز abīz, عامر abīzh, A spark of fire; an urn.

abestan, To adorn, embellish, decorate.

abīsham, Flue of raw silk; the cocoon.

abī shumār (for bī-shumār), Innumerable.

abyaz, White; a sword (as being bright).

ابيمان ibyizūz (v.n. 9 of بيمان), Being white; whiteness.

A ابينان abyazān, du., Milk and water; two veins in a camel's udder.

abiq, A bright colour; a depilatory drug.

ibbīl, A herd or flock of horses,

camels, or birds; a string of them following each other.

abīn, Name of a village near which bitumen is dug.

abīw (abew), Blue-coloured.

abiward, Name of a city in Khurāsān. מבנש abyūn, Opium, poppy-juice; treacle. G الحي يهميا abī yahmiyā, A cramp, a spasm.

ipār, Thyme, sweet marjoram.

apāra (S. prithu), Extended, level; simple.

apidar (misreading for ايدر idar f),

Here, behold!

aprā (in Zand and Pāzand), Soil, earth, mould.

iprāhām (in Zand and Pāzand), Abraham.

aparkhīda, Clear, pure, without

apurnāk (in Zand and Pāzand), A youth; Turks.

ايرنداخ aprandū<u>kh</u>, Gost's skin dressed.

ايراز aparwāz, Flight.

אָנֵצִן aparwīz (aparwez), Victorious, glorious; name of a king; a sieve; a guide; a sugar-refinery.

apsan, A whetstone.

apshak, Dew. ايشك

ipghadu, Vain, foolish, light-headed.

ايكانه apkāna, An abortion.

āpkarār, A runner, express messenger (see المكدار, of which it is perhaps a misreading).

ipmīd, A plough-share; a yoke of

يَون الْبِون npũk, Making a noise by filling the mouth with air, and then striking it.

apīrash, A stadium, a race-ground. ipairak, Of a lead-colour; name of au island.

apīlānt, Appellant.

ايم نداخ, apīrandākh, Goat's skin dressed. المير apiz, الميزة apiza, An urn, a pitcher; a crooked billet with which they draw

عين apyūn, Opium, poppy-juice; treacle. Cl at, the affix pronoun of the second person singular to a word ending in mute ه he; as الله khāna-at, Thy house.

T il ata, ita, A father.

r عابك atābak (from اتابط atā, a father, and so bak, a lord), The lord father (a title given to the governors of Shiraz); a guardian, preceptor, teacher; the prime minister, or vizir; honorary title of an amir; name of a Persian dynasty originating from Sa'd bin Zangī.

A т шण atāt, Pomp, grandeur. الادة itā-dih, Tributary; a briber.

atūzūnī, The United States (m.c. from Fr. Etats Unis).

atāqa, An egrette.

. ਪੀਮ atāla, A kind of porridge.

atā māzhor, Staff (m.c. from Fr. Etat-major).

A ωίλ atān, utān, A she-ass.

atbā (in Zand and Pazand), An arrow. athā' (pl. of taba'), Followers, dependents, servants; -itba' (v.n. 4 of تبع), Following, overtaking; causing to follow, joining one to another; two alliterative words following each other, to emphasize an idea, similar to the English burly-burly, as hasan basan, Handsome, etc.; -ittibā (v.v. 8 cf تبع), Following, pursuing; obedience.

A نبل itbāl (v.n. 4 of نبل), Making weak, sick or insane (love); ruining, destroying (misfortune).

آلبين ātbīn, Eloquent; a skilful performer; most felicitous; name of Fari-

dun's father.

a منه ittijāh (v.n. 8 of منه), Entering (a thought into the mind); attention, assiduity.

A اتحاد ittihad (v.n. 8 of وحد), Being single, being one; union, concord, intimate friendship.

ittihād-manzil, Abode of sin-

cerity or concord.

it-haf (v.n. 4 of حاك له it-haf), Giving, making a present.

ittikhāz (v.n. 8 of المعلى), Taking to

one's self.

A +151 atrāb (pl. of tirb), Companions, equals in age, peers, cotemporaries;—itrāb (v.n. 4 of تُرب), Having wealth; being dust-soiled; strewing with earth.

atrār, Barberries. اترار

itrār (v.u. 4 of آترار), Throwing away ; banishing, driving into exile; playing at bandy; utrār, Name of a town in Turkistān.

A ترص itrās (v.n. 4 of ترص), Making firm, strong, even, straight, just, or equal.

A Elit itrá' (v.n. 4 of قري), Filling. آثرات itrāf (v.n. 4 of اثرات), Bestowing the luxuries of life; seducing, corrupting; rendering effeminate and dissolute (afflu-

A اتراك atrāk (pl. of turk), Turks; Tar-

tar, Turcoman.

utrut, Name of a certain king.

اتری utruj, utrujj, An orange. اترب atrūb, A kind of disease which renders the skin loose and flabby.

utrūr, The servant of a magistrate,

a bailiff, a catchpoll; a lad. اتران A نازن ittizān (v.n. 8 of ورن), Being weighed; being accurate in measure (poem).

A روسن ittisākh (v.n. 8 of وسن), Being dirty; filthiness, nastiness.

ittisā' (v.n. 8 of وسع), Being wide,

ample, extended, diffused.

ittisäq (v.n. 8 of رسق), Being joined, connected, arranged, complete; setting in order.

ittisum (v.n. 8 of ,), Placing a mark upon oneself; being marked.

الست uteat, A plant (Boerhavia diffusa).

T السيز atsiz, اتسيز atsiz, Name of a king of Khārazm.

مَثرٌ ātish, Fire; light, splendour; rage; levity, fickleness; valour, value, dignity; dearness, scarceness; (met.) the Devil; a courageous man, bold, brave; a lover; fire of love; desire, appetite, greed; digestive heat; sulphur; -ātishi āb-parwar, A sword of good temper; —ātish az āb bar āwardan (afrokhtan), To do something extraordinary or wonderful;—ātish az chasmi kase giriftan, To frighten; - atish az chanar ayad, It happens unexpectedly; —ātishi azhdahā, The seven planets; —ātishi āsmān, A thunderbolt;—ātish āshāmīdan (khwurdan, noshīdan), To grieve violently;—ātish uftādan (giriftan, raftan), To catch fire; - atish afgandan (andākhtan, rekhtan, zadan), To set on fire;—ālish ba jān, Sorrow, grief; desire, love ;—ātishi basta, Red gold ;—ātish ba-dāstar bastan (bar zīri pahlū gustardan), To suffer wrong, to be oppressed; -- ātishi barzīn, Name of the sixth fire-temple;ātish bar kardan (kardan, kashīdan), To set a fire ablaze; - ātishi bahār, A rose, a tulip; the beauty of spring; — ātishi bī bad. Wine; the bustle of a market; injustice, oppression;—ātishi bī dād, Wine; injustice, oppression (ālishi bī dād afrūkhtan, Glorify injustice); - ātishi bī dūd, The sun; rage, fury; wine; a ruby; -ātishi bī zabāna, Wine; a precious stone, as a ruby, a cornelian ;- ātishi pārsī, The Persian fire, the disease called St. Anthony's fire; pustules breaking out on the lips after a fever; -- atish pashidan, To be hasty, or unsteady; to oppress;—ālishi pur āb, Wine; tears of grief; a goblet of wine; —ātishi paimāna (jām), Wine; — ātishi tābanda, The burning sun; human nature;—ātishi tāk, Wine; ātishi tar, Wine; the lip of a mistress; a ruby, a sapphire; - atishi tazwīr, Soup for the sick; —ātishi toba-soz, Wine; — ātishi jāmi rībaqī, Red wine in a goblet of crystal or silver; -- atishi hajar, Fire struck from a flint; a ruby, a cornelian; —ātishi khāmosh, A fire that throws out no sparks; an extinguished fire ;- atish khamosh kardan (sard kardan, kushtan nishandan), To extinguish a fire (khuftan, mardan, nishastan are construed with atish, in the sense of being extinguished; ;—ātishi khas-posh, A lip on which mustachios are sprouting; — ātishi khwurshed, The light of the sun; love; grief; -ātish dādan, To fire; to shoot; to provoke; to unsettle the mind; to abandon; -atishi dihqān, A burning up of stubble, to fertilize the land;—ālishi raz, Wine made from grapes; -- ātishi rūḥāniyān, Augelic bodies; -atishi ros, The sun; light and heat;ātish sadan, To set on fire;—ātishi sar,

Lustre, elegance, beauty; —ātishi zamzam, The sun; — ātish zīri pā dāshtan, To be restless; — ātishi sard, Bed wine; the lip of a mistress; gold;—ātishi sag, The dogviolet;-atishi sum, Fire struck from a stone by the hoof of a horse; -- ātishi saudā, Love; pensiveness, melancholy; — ātishi saiyāl, Řed wine;—ātiski sīmābsān, The sun; -ātishi shajar, Wine; a pomegranate; --ātishi şubḥ (şalīb), The sun ;--ātishi tab', Moroseness, harshness; — ātishi tūr, The fire that appeared to Moses at Mount Sinai; –ā'ishi fārsī=ātishi pārsī above;—ātishi fusurda, Congealed fire, i.e. gold; -- ātishi qāfila (kārwān, manzil, wādī), A fire lighted by the caravans at night, to direct those who have remained behind; - atishi kibrīt, A fire kindled with brimstone;ātishi gul, The splendour of a rose, a flower; —ātishi qandāl, The ardour of the heart, of love; —ātishi luff, Bounty, liberality; —alishi mujassam, A well-tempered sword;—ātishi mi'da (fire of the stomach), Hunger; — ātishi mūsa, The fiery pillar which served as a guide to the Israelites; ātish nishāndan, To extinguish a fire; to appease anger; to quell a riot; —atishi namrūd, The fire into which Abraham was cast by Nimrod ;- ālishi naistān (nāyistan), The beauty of the spring; -atish u ab, A sword; a goblet of wine; — atishi wadi'i īman, The sacred valley in which God conversed with Moses; - atishi haft mijmarah, The seven planets; -ātishi hindī, An Indian sword; -bar ātish nishastan, To become ruined.

ātish afrāza, A rocket.

it ātish-afroz, Who or what kindles a fire; anything for lighting a fire; tinder; an eolipile; a phoenix; the eleventh month of the era of Yazdagird.

تش الروزنة ātish-afrozana, Chips, shavings;

a tinder-box.

تش الدار Tatish-andaz, Casting out fire. اتش الدار مَنْ الدود مَنْ الدود مَنْ الدود مَنْ الدود مَنْ الدود مَنْ الدود كالمناز مَنْ الدود كالمناز مَنْ الدود كالمناز مناز مناز مناز مناز مناز الدور الد

آتش انگير ātish-angen, Kindling of fire; an incendiary.

آتش بار Ātish-bār, Raining fire, flaming; a fire-lock; a tinder-box.

آنس باز atish-bāz, Playing with fire; a maker of fire-works; pyrotechnical; an engineer; lightning.

آئٹی ہاری آزی atish-bāzī, Fire-works, pyrotechnics; a bonfire.

آنٹی بان آ ātishbān, A devil, a demon.

تش برگ آ*ātish-barg*, A tinder-box.

آنش پارة *ātish-pāra*, A spark of fire, lighted coal, match, a candle; the moon; a glow-worm; litigious, quarrelsome, choleric.

ātish parastanda, A fireworshipper.

atish-parasti, Fire-worship. atish-parwar, A shining sword; war engines.

alish-paikar, The sun; a spirit, a آنس بمكر demon.

grate; one who superintends a furnace.

ātish-tāba, A furnace, stove,

قش تو atish-tav, تش تاو ātish-tav, Warmth, heat; a furnace.

a مجر قائش حجر ātish-ḥajar, A flint-stone; a

ruby; a sapphire; a physician.
a ble wil atich-khatir, In love; one of a quick understanding, or of an enlightened mind.

قش عاله آ *ātish-khāna*, A fire-temple ; a

park of artillery.

atish-khwar, آتش عور ātish-khwar, آتش عوارة ātish-khwar, An eater of unlawful food; a receiver of bribes; a phœnix; a salamander; a tyrant.

a آتش عيال ātish-<u>kh</u>ayāl, Of fiery imagina-

tion; inflaming the imagination.

قش داغ مَّ ālish-dāgh, A burn, a scar.

atishdan, A hearth, a fire-place; a chafing-dish, or portable grate for coals. قش دسعة ātish-dast, Dexterous, clever.

تص دم ātish-dam, Eloquent.

ātish dawanda, آتش دونده ātish dawanda, Moving in fire, "fire-traveller."

ر (ātish-rū, With glowing face.

atish-res, Pouring out fire, incendious.

atish-sār, A place abounding in fire; a bearth.

قام زبان أنش زبان أنش أنش زبان cal.

زىكى آتش زىكى آ ātish-zadagī, Conflagration, arson.

ن ونه dtish-zan, آتش ونه ātish-zana, A fire-steel, a tinder-box; a flint; tinder, touch-wood; combustibles.

ätishistan, A region of fire (hence applied to a hot fire of cannon or small-

arms in battle); a funeral-pile.

atish-sukhun, A reviler, rebuker. آكثر سخار who uses inflammatory language; a usurper.

a تن طبيعت ātish-tabī'āt, Fiery-tempered. " atiehin الغين للعب atieh-tal'at معني العب tal'at, With glowing countenance.

a معان ātish-'inān, A fleet horse;

swift, fleet.

atish-fam, Of the colour of fire; fire-like.

ätish-farās, A rocket.

atish-furoz, An eolipile; a phoenix; the eleventh month of the era of Yazdagird.

قص ممان ātish-fishān, Scattering fire; a

volcano.

a من مكر atish-fiker, Of quick understanding; of an enlightened mind.

a آتس معل atish-fi'l, Fiery, fleet, mettle-

some.

قشك ātishak, A small fire; lightning; a fire-fly; the venereal disease.

atishkā = آتش كان ātish-kān, q.v.

atish-kār, A stoker in a bath; a آتشكار blacksmith; a fire-place, kitchen; angry, hasty, tyrannical; quick, swift.

ntish-kari, The craft of a stoker, آتش كارى

of a blacksmith.

atish kash, A fire-shovel. ضكاة atish-kan, A fire-temple.

آنشكار ātieh-kāv, A poker.

قفكدة قلنه atish-kada, A fire-temple ;— atish kada'i bahram, The sign Aries.

قش كر atish-gar, A blacksmith.

atish-gari, The craft of a blacksmith.

قشكاة ātish-gāh, A fire-temple; a furnace, grate, chimney.

a مَسْ مُعْرِه ātish-guhar, Fiery, mettled. وَمُعْرِينَ atish-gūn, Fiery-coloured; a kind of flower.

ātish-gir, Whatever catches fire. قشكيرة ātish-gīra, A fire-shovel; fuel, tinder.

قش لاغ آنش لاغ atishlakh, A place abounding in fire; a hearth.

ātish-libās, Clothed in scarlet. a آئش مواج ātish-misāj, Fiery-tempered.

ātishnāk, Fiery, hot. a آتش نشار ātish-niṣār, Weeping, sad, sor-

rowful.

a نسب ātish-nasab, Born of fire ; fierytempered.

atish-nishin, Placed on fire; enwrapped in fire.

a کش نفس آ ātish-nafas, Breathing fire eloquent.

ātish-nihād, Fiery-tempered, in-

flammable.

ātish-nihāl, A fire of faggots. آشديال

a تشوادىء ايس ātish-wādi'i aiman, Divine glory, or the pillar of fire.

ātishwā-hindī, An Iudian

ātishī, Belonging to fire, flery, burning hot; fired with rage, irascible, choleric; -atishi shudan, To be euraged; to be headstrong.

atishi, A porcupine.

atishiyan, Demous, genii, infidele; آتشيان eloquent.

آتشيرة āliskīsa, A glow-worm.

atishin, Fiery ;—ātishin yāftan, To produce splendour.

اتعين آب ātishīn āb, Red wine; hot tears. قشين أودها مَtishīn azhdahā, A planet.

alishin-ahang, Quick of action.

a اتغین ایان ātishīn-biyān, Eloquent. أتمين يا ātiehīn-pā, Swift of motion, fleet.

devils.

مَا إِنْ مَا مَا مَا اللَّهُ مِن عَلَى مَا إِنْ مَا إِنْ مَا إِنْ مَا إِنْ مُا إِنْ مُا إِنْ مُا إِنْ مُا إِنْ

atishīn-jān, Able to live in the fire (having fire-proof life).

word atishin-jabin, With glowing brow.

a sila watt atishin-jilwa, Resplendent like fire.

جولان قائمون قtishīn-jawalān, swiftly, turning about quickly.

أتشين داغ atishin dāgh, A burut mark, a brand.

atishīn-dast, Dexterous, clever. آنشين دست قَصُون دواع atishin-dawaj, The sun; a ruddiness in the sky; red wine.

atishin-rukhsara, With glow-

ing countenance.

ātishīn-zabān, A fluent speaker. آتشين زبان atishīn-sukhun, Eloquent; an impressive speaker.

ātishīn-sīmā, With glowing آئشين سهما

face.

a مدل مليب قtishin sadaf, سيله وتشين ātishin şalīb, The sun.

a باندي عذار قātiehīn-izār, With glowing cheeka.

a همن کاسه آ atishīn-kāsa, The sun.

a تشين لباس ātishīn-libās, Clothed in scarlet; scarlet clothing.

ātishīn mār, A heart-burning آتشين مار

nigh; a flame; a rocket.

atishin haft azhdaha, The

seven planets.

ittisaf (v.n. 8 of ومف), Being described, praised; describing, praising together; description, qualification.

مروسل ittiṣāl (v.n. 8 of روسل), Being closely united; conjunction, contiguity, communication.

A تانا الله ittizāḥ (v.n. 8 of رضر), Being clear, evident, manifest.

اتفاق Agreeing, وفق illifaq (v.n. 8 of وفق), consenting; approaching one another; happening, coming to pass; concord, consent, harmony, league; chance, accident; -ittifaqi hasanah, Unexpected good fortune; agreeable accidents.

▲ 'Ust ittifagan (adverbial acc. of the preceding), Unanimously, in concert, with one accord; perchance, accidentally; suc-

ittifāqāt (pl. of ittifāq), Accidents; successes.

a اتعالى ittifaqi, اتعالى ittifaqiyah, Casual, fortuitous; consenting, agreeing.

مان ittiqa' (v.n. 8 of وثى), Being timid and wary; heed, caution.

ittiqaf (v.n. 8 of رنف), Restraining one's senses; abstaining, fasting.

itqan (v.n. 4 of تقان), Making strong; establishing.

ما ماية atqiya' (pl. of taqiy), Religious, god-fearing, devout (men).

atak, Attock, a town on the Indus.

ittikā' (v.n. 8 of 'كا ittikā' (v.n. 8 of against; reclining upon one side.

A الكال ittikāl (v.n. 8 of كل), Trusting, relying upon, confiding in God; reliance.

قل ātil, Name of a river, now the Volga. A علاد itlad (v.n. 4 of علا), Possessing hereditary wealth.

A كال itla' (v.n. 4 of تلع), Stretching the neck to see or hear.

A نالک itlaf (v.n. 4 of نالک), Consuming, ruining, destroying.

A atamm, More or most perfect or

complete.

itmām (v.n. 4 of تمّ), Completing, bringing to perfection;—itmāmi maslahat kardan, To conclude any business;—baitmam rasidan, To come to an end, to terminate, to be carried out.

itmīd, A plough-share; a yoke of

(أيميد 992) A9XO.

atan, Athens. آتن

atn (v.n.), Standing, stopping, tarrying.

A ولنع itnakh (v.n. 4 of تنع), Oppressing with indigestion.

atnāmīs, Wild camomile.

atnān (pl. of tinn), Alike, resembling; peers, equals;—itnan (v.n. 4 of 5), Being distant; weakening a boy, and preventing his growth (disease);atanan, Contraction of step, a shortening of pace.

atnogrāfi, Ethnographic (m.c.).

H of uttū, utū, A braid; -uttū (utū) kashidan, To braid or plait a garment; to yawn, stretch one's self; to run away panting (dog).

atw (v.n.), An inveterate distemper, calamity, death; right way, straight path;

A Alpi itwa' (v.n. 4 of قري), Destroying,

wasting.

atūt (in Zand and Paz.), Roughness, sharpness, pungency.

آبربان (S. atharvan), A monk, a

devotee.

atūsha, Name of King Shāpur's aunt (the classical Atossa).

uttū-gar, One who الوكر uttū-kash, اثوكش braids a garment, makes ornamental folds in cloth.

ātūn, A schoolmistress who teaches آتون reading, writing, and embroidery; the secunding or membrane which encloses the fœtus, womb.

م نون atûn, attûn, An oven, furnace; a lime kiln.

ittihād, m.c. for الماد q.v.

it-hām (v.n. 4 of تيم it-hām (v.n. 4 of تيم), Travelling to Tihamah; discovering a country to be unhealthy;—illihām (v.n. 8 of وهم), Suspecting something bad; charge, imputa-

A old ityan (v.n. of of), Coming; arrival, accession, meeting.

A del ass, Plentiful, luxuriant, involved,

entangled (hair or shrubs).

A الرب isābat (v.n. 4 of نوب), Rewarding;

recovering health.

a abl agās (v.n. of al), Growing luxuriantly (herbage); being plentiful, entangled, involved (shrubs or hair); household furniture, chattels, property in general; land or slaves; — isās (pl. of asīs), Luxuriant.

A MI asasah, A piece of furniture, &c.;

any one particular species of wealth.

A jul āgār (pl. of agar), Impressions, indications, signs, vestiges; relics, monuments; traditions, annals of memorable savings or events;—al-āgār, The traditions of Muhammad;—āgāri sanawīyah, Chronicles;—āgārī sharīf (āgāri mubārak), The traditions or sacred relics of Muhammad; his first four successors;—āgāri 'ulwīyah, Sublime impressions, i.e. meteors.

م الارة asērat, The remains of anything;
—igārat (v.n. 4 of زرر), Raising dust, whirling it about; ploughing; bringing clouds

(wind).

asāfīy, asāfī (pl. of ugfīyat or

isfigat), Trivets.

مَّانُم هُوَّهُ اللهِ مَنْهُ لَهُ اللهُ ا

A البان aghāt (pl. of gabt), Trusty friends; persevering;—ishāt (v.n 4 of منية), Confirming, corroborating; fixing, recording, registering; knowing for a certainty; affirmation, proof.

A والمخان iskhān (v.n. 4 of مخان), Enfeebling (a wound); inflicting wounds; conquering.

A fl agr (v.n.), Relating, alleging, handing down by tradition; the temper of a sword;—agar, A footprint, sign, mark; result, consequence; tradition, Sunnah; commencing; purposing;—agari pā, agaru 'l-qadam, Footprint;—agar kardan, To make an impression; to understand (m.c. syn. fahmīdan);—igr, The best part of butter;—ugr, ugur, The scar of a healed wound; gracefulness of countenance;—I (—) agarat, Remainder of anything.

וקון agrār, Barberries (see אילון aud אילון). a agar-pazīr, Taking effect, effica-

cious.

a jost agar-dar, Informed, conversant with.

a الرستان aṣar-sitān, Receiving an impression.

a الرطرار aṣar-tirāz, A historian, a writer ; —aṣar-tirāzāni ijtihād. Sacred writers.

a dest usfiyat or isfiyat, A stone used to prop a pot, a trivet.

a Just agaul (pl. of siql), Burdens, loads, incumbrances, impediments, baggage, equipage, train, suite;—agaul'l-arz, The treasures of the earth, men buried therein;—isqal (v.n. 4 of Jus), Making heavy, bearing heavily (a load); loading heavily.

asqal, More or most heavy,

heavier.

a اگل asl, A tamarisk shrub.

aglaq. Seed of the Agnus castus. مَانِكُ مَعَانَ مَعَانَ مَعَانَ مَا مَعَانَ مَعْنَ مُعْنَى مُعْنَا مُعْنَا مُعْنَا مُعْنَى مُعْنَا مُعْنَى مُعْنَا مُع

forbidden, as wine, dice, &c.

asmār (pl. of samar), Fruits ;— ismār (v.n. 4 of کمر), Bearing fruit.

A فان asmān (pl. of saman), Prices; ismān (v.n. 4 of من), Completing the number eight; being rich in camels which are watered on the eighth day; paying a just price.

antimony is prepared.

A suff aṣnā' (pl. of ṣiny), Middle, interval, included space; whilst, during;—dar aṣnā'i hāl, In the midst of a state or condition; in a certain state or condition;—dar aṣnā'i rāh, In the middle of the road, whilst travelling;—dar īn (ān) aṣnā, Meanwhile, in the meautime (m.c.).

أثواء A iswa' (v.n. 4 of ثوى), Continuing in

any abode; causing to tarry, to stay.

ا أراب aswāb (pl. of saub), Vestments, clothes, garments.

م الحول م usûl (v.n. of الكل), Being firmly rooted;—(pl. of asl), Tamarisk-trees.

اثم asīr, The sphere of fire; the sun;

A sir (v.a. of si). Marking; marked, chosen, selected;—(from G. $ai\theta\eta\rho$) Sky, ether; fire as an element.

المَّيْر aṣṇah, Southernwood; a spark of fire.

هم معن asim, A sinner, criminal; babitual liar.

el aj, Desire, avidity.

zl aj, A little; a tamarisk; a gourd;—
uj, a wager, a stake at play.

A قاماً ijā'at (v.u. 4 of المياء), Bringing;

giving shelter.

A مُناماً ijābat (v.n. 4 of جربه), Answering, consenting, admitting, complying with, humouring, listening to; an answer; evacuation, steol;—ijābat kardan. To respond.

اماع ijāj, Heats; — ujāj, Brackish

water; bitter.

A ijādat (v.n. 4 of جود), Saying or doing anything good; proclaiming anything good.

A المارسة jūrat, ijūra, and in compounds occasionally ijūr (from ما ajr, recompense), Letting on rent or hire; price; hire, wages, rent, profit, emolument; a privilege, or in-

ijārah-dār, A farmer or Tenter of land or of revenue; a leaseholder; a

monopolist.

A المارة ijāzat (v.n. 4 of مور), Giving leave ; permission, dispensation; sanction, approval; discharge, dismissal; license; passport; -- ijāzat dādan, To give leave; -- ijāzat giriftan, To take leave.

A مارت خواه ا ijāzat-khwāh, Asking leave,

applicant, petitioner.

ijās, A. species of Damask plum, a

prune.

a foreign word introduced أجاص into Arabic), A plum; an apricot; a pear.

r جام ujāgh, اجال ujāq, A trivet; a fireplace, hearth; a family, race.

قَامَةُ آمَاكُ آمَاكُ

اجالة به ijālat (v.u. 4 of جول), Turning round, circulating, causing to turn round; rounding.

ajāmirat, Turbulent fellows. اجامرة

ijhar (v.n. 4 of جبر), Compelling, constraining; forcing against one's will.

ajbah, One who has a large or

prominent forehead; a lion.

ه نازنانه نازنانه نازنانه نازنانه نازنانه المتباء ه ijtibā' (v.n. 8 of جبی), Choice, selection; collecting money from different

ijtirā' (v.n. 8 of 'جرو'), Being bold,

brave, intrepid.

برح ijtirah (v.n. 8 of جراع اجتراع A برع

ing; acquiring.

ijiirār (v.n. 8 of جرا, Drawing, dragging, pulling; ruminating, chewing the cud, grazing.

A siji ijtizā' (v.n. 8 of 'ij-), Being sa-

tisfied; to satisfy.

A منزاز منز ijtizāz (v.n. 8 of منزاز اجتراز A Reaping,

cutting, mowing; shearing sheep.

A siptimā' (v.n. 8 of جمع jjtimā' (v.n. 8 of جمع), Assembling, flocking together; agreeing together in opinion, combining, conspiring; assembly, concourse, congregation; afflux, accumulation; conjunction; arriving at manhood.

مناه A ijtinā' (v.n. 8 of جنی), Gather-

ing, plucking.

A جنب ijtināb (v.n. 8 of جنب), Shunning, avoiding, declining, flying, abstaining from, retiring; removing to a distance; self-denial, temperance, austerity, self-mortification.

اجتهاد ajtihād (v.n. 8 of مهد), Waging a religious war; striving to accomplish anything; care, effort, study, diligence; legal or theological decision; office or authority of a mujtahid, q.v.

A جوز ijliyāz (v.n. 8 of جوز), Passing by

or along.

A معلى ijhāf (v.n. 4 of معلى), Injuring; oppressing, pinching (poverty or want); annoyance, molestation.

ijḥāfāt (pl. of the preceding),

Oppressions, molestations.

A ijḥām (v.n. 4 of جمعم), Forbearing, drawing back; being near destroying.

A المدات ajdās (pl. of jadas), Tombs.

A عامدا ajdad (pl. of jadd), Grandsires, ancestors, forefathers.

ajdādī, Ancestral. اجدادي

والمجاز ajudān, Aide-de-camp (m.c. from Fr. adjutant).

ajdar, A dragon.

ajdar, More or most worthy.

A Esol ajda', Mutilated (in the hand, nose, ear, or lips).

قيدة ajada, Coloured, dyed; stitched,

pricked.

ajzam, Having the hand cut off.

م مَا ajar, Hagar the mother of Ishmael; -- ajir, ajur, ajurr (from P. کرر āgūr, q.v.), A brick, a tile;--ajr (v.n. of ما), Letting out on hire; recompense, reward, hire, pay, price, fee; marriage-portion; restoring (a broken or dislocated joint or bone).

ijrā, Sufficiency of cloth to make a

dress (?).

A مارما ijrā' (v.n. 4 of مرم), Giving effect or currency; putting in force, executing; issuing; execution, performance, practice; -ijrā'i ḥudūd kardan, To punish legally, to put in execution the penal laws; -ijra'i haq (haqq) kardan, ijra'i shar' kardan, To administer or to do justice, promote equity, put the laws into execution ;-ijrā'i farmāni kirdigār kardan, To obey the commands of God; -ijrā'i kār, Executing a

A اجراس ajrās (pl. of jaras), Bells; ijrās (v.n. 4 of جرس), Making a gentle noise (the wing of a bird in flying, its beak in feeding); noise of a hornet singing

aloud (a camel-driver).

A plant ajrām (pl. of jirm), Bodies;ujrāmi charkh, ajrāmi samā, ajrāmi falak, The heavenly bodies; the seven planets; the fixed stars; -ajrāmi 'unsuri, Elemental bodies; -- ijrām (v.n. 4 of ---------), Committing a crime.

A برب ajrab, Scabby, mangy.

ujrat, Recompense, hire, rent, wages.

ajur-tarūsh, A bricklayer.

A Jajrad, Bald, hairless (man); bare, barren, yielding no herbage.

A نجرد ijridd, ijrid, A certain plant which indicates the existence of mushrooms.

ajradani (dual of ajrad), Two branches of a palm-tree; two trees stripped of their bark; two months or two days.

A غيدا ajraz, Bow-legged.

A مرس ajras, Who fears nothing, bold, brave.

ajrash, Half-pounded, coarse. اعرة جوار ujra-khwar, بعد اعرة جوار ujra-khwar, A pensioner.

ājurī, Built of brick (m.c.).

A siyal ajzā' (pl. of juz'), Parts, portions; divisions, sections; elements, members of an institution or establishment (m.c.); ingredients; — ijzā' (v.n. 4 of جوی), Paying tribute; being able or enabling to do with out; compensating, requiting.

اجزار ه ijzār (v.n. 4 of بهر), Having fruit ready for guthering (a palm-tree); giving a sheep to be slaughtered; being fit for the butcher (a young camel); growing old and approaching the period of dissolution.

A jipal ijzūz (v.n. 4 of ja), Being fit for reaping (wheat); for shearing (sheep).

اجراع م ijzā' (v.n. 4 of عرب), Rendering impatient and querulous.

A جرل ijzāl (v.n. 4 of جرل, Exercising

liberality. A Jysl ajsal, More or most copious or

eloquent. ajzam, One whose nose has been

cut off. ajsād (pl. of jasad), Bodies,

trunks, carcases. A ماهنة ajsām (pl. of jism), Solid bodies,

material substances.

ājastan, ājistan, To plant a tree; to fix a pale or fence, erect a stone.

ajashsh, A harsh and sonorous اجش ه voice (man, horse, thunder).

A ijshūsh (v.n. 4 of جش), Breaking, pounding; causing to do so.

ijshām (v.n. 4 of جشم), Causing one to toil hard at drudgery.

م ijfāl (v.n. 4 of جفل), Running or causing to run very fast (an ostrich); to flee hurriedly; to hasten; blowing hard and raising the dust (wind).

ajfān (pl. of jafn), Eye-lids.

ajuft (alpha priv. and جات), Single, simple.

آجل ājul, ājal, Eructation; flatulency.

آجل ajil (v.a.), One who procrastinates, delays; future, belonging to the next world; -ajal (v.n.), Delaying; an appointed time, the hour of death, doom; (met.) a troublesome creditor, dun; — ajal-rasida, ajalgirifta, Overtaken by fate, on the point of death, doomed ;-ajal-qiya, Name of a poisonous root.

A Jalajall, Greater, more excellent, more or most glorious.

A figilan, In regard to the next life.

 \mathbf{a} اجلاء $ijl\bar{a}'$ (v.n. 4 of جاو), Going into exile; banishing, compelling to migrate.

اجلس ijlās (v.n. 4 of جلس), Causing, requesting, desiring, or ordering one to sit.

ajlāf (pl. of jilf), Mean, ignoble; wretches, tyrants.

اجلال م ijlāl (v.n. 4 of اجلال), Honouring,

magnifying, exalting, magnificence, glory,

A lin' ajillat, ajilla (pl. of jalil), Great, illustrious; great men; the great, the illustrious.

A jajlah, Bald on the temples.

ajlad, Hard (ground).

A الملواذ ijliwwāz (v.n. 13 of ملك), Travelling rapidly (a camel).

مالي م oglá, More splendid, bright, or re-

splendent.

A جايلة ijlīlā' (v.n. 12 of جايلة), Migrating from country to country.

A A ajim, Tired, loathing, disgusted, sated (with the same food).

A ajam (v.n.), Loathing, nauseating, being tired of one sort of food; (s.) reedbeds, brakes; a thicket, wood; - ajam kardan, To loathe ;-vjum, A fort, castle.

A pal ajamm, Dodded (ram).

T (P) alest ujmāj, Paradise.

A قامة ناسة (v.n. 4 of معم), Collecting, assembling, convoking; consenting, agreeing; a senate, council, court, crowd; amount; whole; -ijmā'i ummat, General assembly of the people; unanimous cousent; — ijmā'i saḥābat, The unanimous authority of the companions of Muhammad on a point of law.

ajmāl (pl. of جمل jamal), Full-grown camels;—ijmāl (v.n. 4 of جمل), Casting up an account; collecting, bringing together; doing anything well; abstract, abridgment, summary, compendium, synopsis; joint occupancy or possession.

ijmālan, Briefly, compendiously, summarily.

a أجمالي ijmālī, Brief, summsry, compendious.

ijmām (v.n. 4 of جمم), Giving rest; approaching.

A ajma', ajma'in, All, the whole, universal.

A اجمل ajmal, More or most beautiful, fairest.

مودة ajmūd, عبودة ajmūda (S. ajamodā), Parsley.

ajmīr, Name of a province of Hin-

ه نجل ajin, ajin (v.a.), Altered, corrupted, fetid (water); -ajn (v.n.), Becoming fetid; beating cloths, fulling.

A جناب ajnāb (pl. of jamb), Sides, parts; -ijnab (v.n. 4 of -i,), Being in a state of ceremonial uncleanness; being exposed to the south wind.

ajnās, Name of a champion in Afrasiab's army.

ajnas (pl. of jins), Kinds, sorts, genera; goods, wares; — ajnāsi amwāl, Various kinds of riches;—ajnāsi la'b-bān, Playthings.

ajnab, Foreign, a foreigner, a stranger.

ajumban, Motionless, fixed.

ajnabiy, A foreigner, a stranger; عاملية ajnabiyat, State of a stranger or alien.

A diel ajinnat (pl. of janin), Embrios.

A أحداً ajnihat (pl. of janāh), Wings; hands; fins.

ujand, Obsequious, obedient.

نَا مَانَ ajangān, Name of a fort in Khurā-sān.

A spol ujūj (v.n. of ži), Being salt, bitter, or brackish (water).

A spi ajwad, Better, best.

اجدان مراكة ajūdān, Aide-de-camp (هوه اجدال).

a by ajūrah, A reward, hire, fare, wages.

a أجرة دار ajūra-dār, A labourer for hire. a مَارِي ajūra-dārī, Wages, hire; payment by the job or piece.

موت ajwaf, Hollow; a concave verb, one whose medial radical is a weak letter.

A ورايات ajwafān (dual of the preceding), (the two hollows) The belly and the matrix.

A jihās (v.n. 4 of مهر), Despatching a wounded person.

ijhāsh (v.n. 4 of مبثر), Being about to cry, preparing to weep; complaint.

رجام 'ijhāz' (v.n. 4 of جام), Over-coming, snatching the prey from another; causing to depart with haste; casting her young (a camel).

A just ajhar, One that cannot bear the

glare of the sun, day-blind.

ajhara, A kind of prickly shrub.

A Jajhal, More or most ignorant.

A وسما مَانِنَ (v.n. of قا), Burning, flaming. وعبدا مَانِنَ مَانِينَا djidan, To stitch, to sew; to sharpen a file.

ajidah, A particular kind of ornamental sewing, counter-point, embroidery.

A بندا ajir, A mercenary, hired labourer, hireling.

a المجراة ajīrāna, In a mercenary manner. a مرة ajīrī, Servitude, labour, hire.

ن اهم *ujain*, Name of a city in Hindūstān.

jet āchār, Powdered or salted meats, pickles, or fruits, preserved in salt, vinegar, honey, or syrup; particularly onions preserved in vinegar; also the pickle or liquor in which these meats or fruits are preserved; mixed, collected, assembled together; uneven rugged ground, full of risings and hollows;—(S. āchāra) Immemorial custom, conformity to religious institutions.

r اچاق uchāq, A frying-pan. اچاق āchāk, Earth, dust.

ا بكغا uchakka (S. ud+chal+ka), A pick-pocket.

ichī, A kiud of hawk; a vizir.

At ah (v.n.), Coughing; repeating often ah ah in coughing.

A sal ahad (pl. of ahad), Units; cardinal

numbers.

A ماديك aḥādīṣ (pl. of uḥdūṣat), Stories, tales;—(pl. of ḥadīṣ) News, things which have recently happened; sayings or traditions of Muhammad handed down by the Musulmān doctors;—aḥādīṣi qur'ān, The tenets of the Kur'ān.

ا المرق م ihārat (v.n. 4 of حور), Answering,

replying.

A that ihātat, ihāta (v.n. 4 of h.), Surrounding, enclosing; fence; enclosed space, enclosure, premises, precincts; understanding, comprehension; — ihāta kardan, To surround, to besiege.

A مولا inalat (v.n. 4 of حول), Transfer of a debt; using stratagem; relating anything incredible, impossible, or absurd; leaping

on horseback; being one year old.

A - ahabb, More or most lovely, dearer.

A initial aḥbāb (pl. of hibb), Lovers, friends;—(pl. of hubb) Jars;—iḥbāb (v.n. 4 of initial), Loving, liking, choosing, preferring; coming into grain (corn); receiving a hurt, and not stirring from the place until killed or cured; kneeling down (a camel); being stubborn and refractory (a camel); recovering from sickness.

ahbār (pl. of hibr or habr), Learned men; different kinds of ink.

A مباس ihbas (v.n. 4 of حباس), Dedicating

to pious uses; keep in prison.

a مباه ihbā; (v.n. 4 of حبم), Letting an arrow fall carelessly without reaching the mark; exhausting a well; excluding (anyone) from (his) rights.

A line ihbat (v.n. 4 of land), Rendering

void, frustrating, marring.

مبال aḥbāl (pl. of ḥabl), Ropes, cords;
—iḥbāl (v.n. 4 of مبل), Impregnating, getting with child.

a hibbat (pl. of habīb), Beloved ones, friends, lovers.

uḥbūsh, A mixed multitude.

iḥtibās (v.n. 8 of حتباني), Retaining, keeping back; being kept back, shut up, imprisoned;—iḥtibāsi baul, Suppression of urine.

htibak (v.n. 8 of حبك), Drawing the back and the legs together with a bandage; tying a scarf or wrapper round the waist; making firm.

a أحتبال ihtibal (v.n. 8 of حبل), Taking game with a net, or setting a net for game.

امتجار htijār (v.n. 8 of حجر), Constructing for one's self a cell.

ا احتجاز ihtijāz (v.n. 8 of حجز), Girding one's breeches round one's waist; going to Hijāz.

iḥtijūf (v.n. 8 of حيف), Calling

احج

off one's attention, renouncing; claiming and taking entire possession of; collecting, accumulating, acquiring; overcoming; restraining, checking.

ihtijām (v.n. 8 of حجم), Cupping,

scarifying.

A احتدام المناقش (v.n. 8 of حدام), Burning; burning with rage; being red.

ihtizār, Being cautious of, avoid-

ing; being wary.

- A أجران أمتراز (v.n. 8 of مجران), Guarding against, being cautious; avoiding; abstaining from, abstinence; regimen; forbearance; controlling the passions and appetites.
- A حراص ihtirās (v.n. of حرس), Guarding one's self, watching; stealing sheep in the night.

أحرم iḥtirāṣ (v.n. 8 of حرم), Coveting,

greed.

ا احتراك A ihtirāf (v.n. 8 of حرك), Being skilful in any art, trade, or craft.

A محرات ihtiraq (v.n. 8 of مرق), Being burnt, burning, conflagration; strong desire, vehemence, ardour; the disappearance or immersion of a planet on account of its nearness to the sun.

intirām (v.n. 8 of حرام), Honouring, revering; veneration, honour, reverence, respect;—ihtirāmi nizāmī, Military honours (m.c.).

ihtizāz (v.n. 8 of حرار ه), Cutting,

notching.

A مرم ihtizām (v.n. 8 of حرم), Girding

one's self.

n hisiab (v.n. 8 of), Computing, calculating; making up accounts, estimating; superintendence of weights and measures in the markets; the police; forbidding disorderly conduct.

a متسابى ihtisābī (= سسب muhtasīb, q.v.), Clerk of the markets, &c.; the office

of such.

مش iḥtishāsh (v.n. 8 of مشر), Seek-

ing forage; stacking hay.

ashamed; bashfulness; having many dependants, followers, or domestics; pomp, retinue, magnificence, grandeur, state.

coming into مطر ihtizār (v.n.8 of مطر), Coming into one's presence; approaching (death); becoming the inhabitant of a town, a citizen;

running fast.

A معن iḥtiṣān (v.n. 8 of حدن), Taking in

one's arms, embracing.

highly honoured, and amply provided for (as a wife by her lord); acquiring authority and influence.

مان ihtifaz (v.n. 8 of مان), Sitting down on the point of the foot and preparing to rise; drawing one's self together in sitting; to assemble.

Appro- احتفان ihtifan (v.n. 8 of مطن), Appro-

priating to one's self; extirpating, uprooting.

احتفار A ihtique (v.n. 8 of حشر), Being despised; despising.

A والقن ihtique (v.n. 8 of مقن), Giving

or taking a clyster.

ا أحكام iḥtikār (v.n. 8 of حكر), Accumulating, or hoarding up grain against a scarcity; monopoly.

ا ملك المسكاك المسكلك المسكلك

contending with anyone.

A ملم ihiliām (v.n. 8 of حلم), Dreaming; nocturnal pollution (as sign of puberty); puberty.

ا متماء المتماء ihtimā' (v.n. 8 of حمى), To guard one's self against, abstaining, shunning.

ihtimāsh (v.n. 8 of حماش), Being fired with rage, rushing to battle (fighting cocks).

a أحمال المتحال (v.n. 8 of حمل), Taking up a load; bearing, carrying, sustaining; bearing patiently; patience, endurance; supposition, hypothesis, probability; un-

certainty, doubt; imputation.

A iḥtimālan, Hypothetically, pro-

bably, &c.

a احداثي ihtimālī, Hypothetical, problematical, conjectural; presumable; probable, likely; doubtful, questionable, uncertain; suspicious.

htināk (v.n. 8 of حناك), Putting barnacles or a twitch (on a horse); devouring every green herb (locusts); subduing, overcoming; being firm, steady, tried, and experienced; strength, firmness.

A مون intiwa' (v.n. 8 of مون), Comprehending, containing, collecting; taking

profit, advantage, interest.

A موثن iḥtiwāsh (v.n. 8 of حوث), Starting game; intercepting, surrounding (anyone).

A circl ihliyāj (v.n. 8 of cy-), Being in need or want of; necessity, want, need; occasion, exigence; urgency;—ashābi ihliyāj, 'The necessitous, the poor;—ihliyājāt, Wants, necessities, things requisite.

ihtiyaz (v.n. 8 of حوز ihtiyaz (v.n. 8 of احتياز

lected; collecting together.

intiyat (v.n. 8 of مرط), Surrounding, encompassing; caution, care, circumspection, scrupulousness; attention, heed; —ihtiyat dāshtan, To give cause for fear or caution, to threaten (m.c.);—az īn jihat-hā ihtiyāt na-kunī (ma-kunī), Do not mind these things (m.c.).

ا احتمال A مول ithiyāl (v.n. 8 of حول), Empowering one to receive a debt; using fraud and cunning; fraud, deceit, magical illusion,

machination.

مجار A hjār (pl. of hijr), Mares;—(pl. of hajar) Stones.

مَواز hjāz (v.n. 4 of حجوار), Travelling to or reaching Hijāz.

A مجم ihjām (v.n. 4 of حجم), To hold back; to retire, desist from a purpose.

A sal ahad, One, any one, sole, alone, separated; a unit; an individual; -uhud, Name of a mountain near Madina;—aḥadd, More or most acute, sharp, or fierce.

A سالما aḥdāṣ (pl. of ḥadaṣ), Youths; novelties; -- ihdas (v.n. 4 of عدم), Producing, inventing; invention, novelty, in-

novation.

a المداثي aḥdāṣī, Producing, bringing into existence; novelty, invention.

aḥdāq (pl. of ḥadaqat), The pupils of the eyes ;—ihdaq (v.n. 4 of حدى), Encompassing.

A سعدا ahdab, Gibbous.

uḥdūṣat, A parable, narrative, story, tale.

ahadī, A kind of Indian military corps.

احدية a hadiyat, Unity; singularity; concord, alliance.

ا مدار A ihear (v.n. 4 of مدر), Care, caution.

ahrār (pl. of hurr), Free, freeborn, noble, free men; the ingenuous, the liberal.

ا مراز A iḥrāz (v.n. 4 of مرز iḥrāz (v.n. 4 of احراز reward; hoarding; -ihrāz kardan, To de-

مرس iḥrās (v.n. 4 of حرم), Remain-

ing in a place for a long time.

A مرض iḥrāz (v.n. 4 of حرض), Emaciating (as love or sickness); begetting bad Btock.

A احراك iḥrāf (v.n. 4 of حرك), Making lean; being prosperous, increasing in wealth; great wealth.

اعرال ه iḥrāq (v.n. 4 of حرق), Setting on

fire, burning.

مرم ihrām (v.n. 4 of حرم), Being unlawful; making illegal, prohibiting; depriving of hope, disappointing; entering the sacred precincts of Mecca, or into an inviolable sanctuary; donning the garb of a pilgrim; entering the holy month called Muharram; a pilgrim's cloak; -ihrām bastan, To don the garb of a pilgrim.

a بند iḥrām-band, Clad in a pilgrim's cloak.

ahrá, Better, best, more or most worthy.

ihrīz (S. karaţa), Safflower.

A اعزاب aḥzāb (pl. of ḥizb), Troops, bands, cohorts.

A ele ahzan (pl. of huzn and hazan), Griefs, sorrows, grievances; -ihzān (v.n. 4 of obe), Being or making sorrowful, vexing, grieving.

A المساء ihaā' (v.n. 4 of مسر), Giving (one)

ihsas (v.n. 4 of حساس م), Feeling, perceiving, understanding, perception.

مسان hsān (v.n. 4 of مسن), Doing good, conferring an obligation; benevolent

action, benefit, favour; beneficence, courtesy, kindness; -- ihsani bihisht, Full and complete beneficence.

احسانات aḥsānāt (pl. of the preceding),

Benefits, &c.

ihean-dida, Benefited, served, obliged; anyone who receives favours.

ا نامند ا iheān-mand, Grateful

A come ahean, More or most beautiful, excellent, or agreeable.

احسات ahsant (ahsanta, thou hast done well), Well done! bravo!

احستا ahsantā, Inheritance, possession ;—

ahsantā kardan, To possess.

ahsand (a corruption of A. المسند), Well done! bravo!

A مشاء ahsha' (pl. of hasha'), The contents of the belly, bowels, intestines; the contents of the chest, the heart, liver, lungs.

A مش ihshāsh (v.n. 4 of مش), Foraging, foddering, collecting fodder; having a dried-up feetus in the womb (a woman);

being dried up (foetus); withering (hand).

A plant ahshām (pl. of hasham), Servants, domestics, followers, attendants, retainers; a kind of militia or armed police (aḥshām-daftar, Muster-roll of such;ahshām-daftar-dār, Keeper of that roll);-iḥshām (v.n. 4 of عشم), Provoking, annoying; making ashamed.

احص a hass, Unfortunate, unlucky; thin

of hair.

A ماماء iḥsū' (v.n. 4 of حصى), Numbering, reckoning, computing; comprehending, knowing; describing.

ihsar (v.n. 4 of حسر), Restraining, prohibiting, hindering, preventing; keeping one back from the pilgrimage (disease); remaining behind.

مص iḥṣūṣ (v.n. 4 of حصام), Giving any-

one his share.

A احماك iḥṣāf (v.n. 4 of محمد), Conducting (business) in a steady and judicious manner; twisting (a rope) tight; running with short steps.

A احمان ihsan (v.n. 4 of مصن), Taking a wife; being married, having a husband; being chaste and virtuous; continence, chastity; being pregnant; fortifying, de-

fending; restraining; besieging.

iḥṣār (v.n. 4 of حضر), Causing to be present, making appear, bringing, summoning, citing, calling before, causing or ordering to bring or be brought into one's presence; running (a horse).

A land ahzan (pl. of hizn), Sides, parts,

bosoms.

A La aḥatt, Smooth on either side of the back.

A ماها، iḥfā' (v.n. 4 of حشى), Causing to go unshod; shaving or trimming one's whiskers; being very inquisitive and disagreeably importunate.

A shal ahfad (pl. of hafid), Friends, companions; families, grandchildren, sons-inlaw, relations.

A Jal ahagg, More or most worthy, deserving; a horse that places his hind-foot in the footstep of the fore-foot (which is considered a blemish).

A - lal ahqāb (pl. of - huqub), Periods of eighty years, ages.

ahqād (pl. of hiqd), Hatreds, animosities;—ihqād (v.n. 4 of ...), Stirring up hatred.

aḥqāf (pl. of مقاف hiqf), Hills of sand extending a great way; name of a large district in Arabia formerly inhabited

by the people of 'Ad.

ihqaq (v.n. 4 of حل), Proving or establishing the truth of a doctrine; knowing for certain; rendering necessary; restoring to rights; -- ihqaqi haqq kardan, To administer justice.

A halgar, More or most vile or contemptible (used in self-depreciation for I or

me).

ahkām (pl. of hukm), Orders, commands; decrees, injunctions, ordinances, statutes; judicial decisions; a summons or injunction; letters patent;ihkām (v.n. 4 of حكم), Doing (anything) well, firmly, and effectually; restraining from mischief.

ا مكام $a\hbar k\bar{a}m\bar{a}t$, pl. of and $a\hbar k\bar{a}m\bar{a}t$

aḥkām, q.v. احكام كار iḥkām-kār, Whose occupation is fortifying.

a احكام نامع ankām-nāma, Written orders,

authority in writing.

a مكامى aḥkāmī, One who is ordered by the ruling powers, one appointed by autho-

aḥkam, Stronger, strongest; very firm; more, most, or very stable; most

able to decide.

A مار iḥlā' (v.n. 4 of حلو), Sweetening.

ahlaf (pl. of hilf), Confederates, companions swearing mutual fidelity; treaties, compacts; -ihlaf (v.n. 4 of -ih), Taking or administering an oath.

ihlal (v.n. 4 of على الملال م ihlal (v.n. 4 of على), Causing one to alight and sojourn (in a place); having passed the sacred months; doffing the pilgrim's garb; deserving punishment; having milk in the udder previous to yeaning (a sheep).

aḥlām (pl. of ḥilm), Intellects;

meeknesses;—(pl. of hulm) Dreams.

iḥlabdiyā, روسى iḥlabdiyā, اهلب ديا iḥlab diyā'i rūmī, A kind of spurge.

aḥlā, More or most sweet, sweeter.

ihil, The orifice of the teat or penis.

A shal ihmad (v.n. 4 of ---), Receiving, or deserving to receive praise; being praiseworthy; approving of anyone's opinions without divulging them.

ahmāl (pl. of himl), Burdens, loads ;—ihmāl (v.n. 4 of حمل), Assisting in

taking up a load.

iḥmām (v.n. 4 of حمم), Throwing into a fever; being feverish and love-sick; being hot; warming water; washing with hot and cold water; keeping in anxious suspense; blackening; approaching, becoming present.

A see ahmad, More or most laudable: one of the names of Muhammad; -ahmadābād (city of Ahmad), The capital of Guzerat; ahmadi hasan, Name of Mahmud Sabaktagin's vizier; —ahmadi samchi, Name of a hero; ahmadi sahl. Name of a prince

in the reign of Mahmud.

ahmadak (little Ahmad), A handsome youth who has become pock-marked.

ا مدنگر ahmad-nagar (city of Ahmad), Name of a city of the Dakhan, where Aurangzīb died.

ahmadiy, ahmadi, Belonging to Ahmad; a Muhammadan; name of a gold

coin.

A ahmar, Red; barbarous (not Arabian);—mauti ahmar, A violent death.

A معرار iḥmirār (v.n. 9 of حمرار), Being red ; redness.

A until ahmas, Hard (place); bold, strong, unwavering.

ahmaz, Bitter of taste.

A dimag, Foolish, stupid, awkward; a greater or the greatest fool.

a when a a maqanah, Foolishly, like a fool.

a معلى ahmaqī, Folly, stupidity.

A withan (pl. of innat), Hatreds, angers. ahnā' (pl. of hinw), Sides.

hanash), Rep- منش ahnash (pl. of اعناش tiles, serpents, vipers; birds or animals which are hunted.

A dial innat (v.n. of wel), Bearing extreme batred, holding in utter aversion; hatred, anger.

ahnaf, Bow-legged; name of a

great Tābi'.

موج iḥwāj (v.n. 4 of حوج), Making to

want, necessitating, constraining.

aḥwāl (pl. of ḥāl), States, conditions, situations, affairs, accidents, circumstances, accounts, relations, events (either past or present); changes, vicissitudes;aḥwāli jangī, Military affairs; — aḥwāli khair-ma'āl, Prosperity, good circumstances; -aḥwāli shumā chih taur ast, How are you? (m.c.); -ahwālam baham khwurd, I became quite unwell, i.e. sea-sick (m.c.); -ahwāli kase (kasī) giriftan, To inquire after one's health and to attend on him in sick-

aḥwālāt (pl. of the preceding), State of health or affairs ; - ahwālāti khūbī, A nice state of affairs (m.c.);—ahwālāt

pursidan, To inquire after one's health

a أحوال برسي ahwal-purer, Inquiry after state, health, or affairs.

A ahwaj, More or most needed or necessitous.

ahwar, One who has beautiful eyes (whose black and white are equally intense); the planet Jupiter.

ahwas, One who has the outer angle of the eye very acute.

ahwat, Most comprehensive.

ahwal, Squinting, squint-eyed احول ه (man); crafty, sly; more or most crafty.

ahwá, Black, dusky (in the lips);

black inclined to green.

ahyā' (pl. of hayy), The living; tribes, families; — ihyā' (v.n. 4 of مِن), Recalling to life, reviving, animating; vivification; resuscitating, restoring the dead

مَانِ مَا مُعِنَّا aḥyān (pl. of ḥīn), Times, ages.

احيان aḥyānan (adverbial acc. of the preceding), Sometimes, from time to time, now and then, ever and anon; in the event, in case.

thakh, Vestige; sign;—akh, Ah! bravol courage! well done!—ā<u>kh</u> u o<u>kh</u> numūdan, To complain; to put on airs, to be affected (m.c.).

Atlakh, A brother, friend, or compa-

nion.

A thakh, Fye! ah! alas!—akhkh or ikhkh, Dirt, filth.

 $\mathbf{A} \sqsubseteq \hat{a}\underline{k}\underline{h}\bar{a}$ (pl. of $a\underline{k}\underline{h}$), Brothers;— $i\underline{k}\underline{h}\bar{a}'$, To fraternise, establish a bond of brotherhood between one another.

ti ti akh akh, Good! good! ah! alas!

-u<u>kh</u> u<u>kh</u>, Excellent!

م عالما i<u>kh</u>āz, Stagnant water; a pool, ditch, or place where water stagnates; land taken possession of.

akhār, Anything thrown away for its

insignificance.

ākhāz, Things of small value.

م اعامل ikhāzat (v.n. 4 of عوض), Making one ford (a river).

a<u>kh</u>āl, Any kind of rubbish (as husks, fruit-parings, wood-shavings); name

آغانيدن ā<u>kh</u>ānīdan (caus. of ākhtan and ākhīdan), To make come forth; to cause to draw (a sword).

ا مبت ikhbāt (v.n. 4 of مبت), Abasing

oneself; enjoying quiet and peace.

akhbār (pl. of khabar), Histories, اخبار ه tales, annals, gazettes, news, relations, advices, chronicles, traditions; a newspaper; —a<u>kh</u>bāri dwrar-bār, Precious advices, happy news, agreeable intelligence; -akhbāri waḥshat-madār, Dreadful news, unfortunate advices; $-i\underline{k}\underline{h}b\bar{a}r$ (v.n. 4 of ++), Advising, informing, relating, certifying, giving intelligence, telling.

a اعبار نویس akhbār nawie, A news-writer.

correspondent (of a paper), editor.

• • • • akhbas, More or most impure, noxious, or unwholesome;—akhbaṣān (the two impurities), Excrement and urine.

مبون akhbūn, Snake's head (a plant, see . (اعيون

A akhbiyat (pl. of khiba'), Tents, tabernacles.

مين akhpakh, Understanding, wisdom. intelligence.

A سندا u<u>kh</u>t, A sister.

T وليما akhtāj, A feudatory vassal to another sovereign.

akhtājī, An equerry, groom المتأجى r

(m.c.).

A wire akhlan (pl. of was khatan), Sonsin-law.

ikhtibar (v.n 8. of عبرا), Trying, proving; experience, skill, conversancy.

ا المتباز ikhtibās (v.n. 8 of مبر), Baking bread.

امتباط ه ikhtibāt (v.n. 8 of محباط ه المتباط ه tunately asking a favour without claim or previous acquaintance; begging at night time.

ikhtibāl (v.n. 8 of عبال), Depriving anyone of his reason, or of the use of his limbs.

معتام ا ikhtitām (v.n. 8 of عدم), Finishing, completing; end, conclusion, fulfilment.

م المتنان ikhtitän (v.n. 8 of معنان), Circumcising.

a<u>kh</u>tajī, An equerry, groom اختجى (m.c.).

منجيد ا akhtajiyat, akhtajiya (pl. of the preceding), Equerries, grooms.

A glazel ikhtida' (v.n. 8 of gas), Deceiving, cheating, circumventing, insidiously

injuring; being deceived, &c.

عدر akhtar, a star; horoscope, predominant star at anyone's nativity; an omen, augury; an ensign, standard; name of an angel; name of a lunar station; -akhtari panjum, The fifth constellation, i.e. the planet Mars; —akhtari danish, The planets of wisdom, i.e. Jupiter and Mercury;akhtari dumbāla-dār, A comet; -akhtari sar sabz, A happy constellation; -akhtar shumurdan, To count the stars, i.e. to keep awake; — akhtari kāwiyān (kāwān), The standard of Kav or of Faridun :- akhlarani tab-zada, Stars appearing in the water.

ر محرش i<u>kh</u>lirāsh (v.n. 8 of محرش),

Scratching. A مراط ikhtirāt (v.n. 8 of مراط), Unsheath-

ing (a sword).

A جاء ikhtira' (v.n. 8 of جرع), Cleaving; commencing; inventing, producing something new, contriving; invention, contrivance; making up a false story.

ا محرل ikhtirāq (v.n. 8 of حرل), Blowing with violence (as the wind); making up a

false story; to be torn.

A منرام likhtirām (v.n. 8 of منرام), Tearing; destroying, extirpating; cutting off, carrying off.

akhtar-sipāh, A sovereign whose

army is numerous as the stars.

المترستان akhtarislān, Name of a treatise on astronomy.

اعتر همار akhtar-shumār, اعتر همار akhtar-shumur, اعتر هناس اعتر هناس (akhtar-shinās, An astro-nomer.

akhtar-zamīr, Of an enlightened اعتر ضمير

mind; of a bright intellect.
اعتر کرای akhtar-girāy, Who examines the

stars, investigates their course, astrologer. منزود a<u>kh</u>tar-go (gū), An astrologer, augur. اعتراء الملائدة ال

A كانتوا ikhtizā' (v.n. 8 of كاندا), Tearing away, alienating (one) from his kindred.

A المتوال ikhtizāl (v.n. 8 of عبرال), Tearing away, alienating from kindred; being alone.

A المتران ikhtizān (v.n. 8 of مارك ikhtizān (v.n. 8 of مارك), Hoarding.

A المتشاع ikhtishā' (v.n. 8 of مشع), Being humble; humbling one's self.

A مامندا ikhtisa' (v.n. 8 of محمى), Castrat-

ing.

A المتمار ikhtisār (v.n. 8 of مر), Abridging, abbreviating, contracting; abridgement, epitome, summary, abstract, compendium; brevity, conciseness;—bi'l-ikhtisār, In short, briefly;—ikhtisār kardan, To cut short (a story), to sum up briefly.

A المتمام ikhtisās (v.n. 8 of مض), Distinguishing; peculiarity, speciality; appro-

priation.

A منم ikhtiṣām (v.n. 8 of حصم), Disputing, litigating, being at variance; enmity, altercation, dispute.

A اعتماع ikhlizā' (v.n. 8 of حنع), Hum-

bling one's self.

A منطانه ا <u>ikhtitā</u> (v.n. 8 of منطانه), Seizing, carrying off by force, catching, snatching rapidly.

A منطق ikhtifa' (v.n. 8 of منطق), Hiding,

covering, concealment).

A ملے انجال انجال (v.n. 8 of علے), Dragging away; being weaned; beating, throbbing

(the eye or limbs).

A likel ikhtilāt (v.n. 8 of like), Being mixed, mixture, amalgamation; confusion, perplexity, insanity; intercourse, conversation, commerce, association, friendship;—ikhtilāti chusp (chaspān, sarīsh), A very close or coherent mixture.

A Elizal ikhtila" (v.n. 8 of els.), Sueing

for, and taking a divorce.

a المحلان ikhtilāf (v.n. 8 of معلان), Disagreeing, differing; variance, discord, dissension; opposition, contradiction, contrariety; incompatibility, incongruity;—ikhtilāft ārā, Diversity of opinions; dissidences

(m.c.);—ikhtilāf kardan, To contradict; to disagree.

A اعتلانات ikhtilāfāt (pl. of the preceding),

Dissensions.

ikhtilāq (v.n. 8 of خلق), Inventing a lie; adopting foreign habits; being fragrant.

A اعتلال (v.n. 8 of على), Being lean, emaciated; standing in need; sewing, stitching;—ikhtilāli hāl, A state of confusion; disorder, tumult;—ikhtilāli mizāj, An alteration of health or constitution (for the worse), illness, indisposition.

akhtan, akhtan, To draw out, unsheath (a sword); to castrate, geld; to hang, suspend; to lead, bring; to go forth; to overtake, reach; to play; to ac-

custom; to weave, knit; to fear.

A مناق المتناق المتنا

المتنا $\bar{a}\underline{k}hta$, $a\underline{k}hta$, Drawn; castrated; a gelding; exhilarating.

T المحتم بيكى a<u>kh</u>ta-begī, Grand equerr**y,** master of the horse.

مناط مندا akhta-khāna, A stable.

A اختار ikhtiyār (v.n. 8 of خبر). Choosing, preferring, selecting, picking out; election, choice; option, will, pleasure; control, power, authority; privilege; liberty; rule, sway; office; a mau in years;—ikhtiyāri āmad uraft, Right of way;—ikhtiyār dāshtan, To have the choice, to be at liberty;—ikhtiyār kardan, To make choice, choose, will.

a معتبارياسه ا<u>kh</u>tiyār-nāma, Credentials (of an ambassador).

a المتياري ikhtiyārī, Choice, approbation; in one's own power or disposal; optional; voluntary.

a اعتياريه ikhtiyāriya, Old men.

ميل i<u>kh</u>tiyāl (v.n. 8 of عيل), Strutting, walking with dignity; pride, pomp.

ا اختيان الله الغنيان الله الغنيان المختيان الم

اخوسته akhjasta, 'The threshold of a door ارغوان) arghawān, q.v.

T akhcha, Gold, silver; a die for coining; a copper seal.

A واعدا ikhdā' (v.n. 4 of وعد), Concealing; laying by, hoarding.

A أعدام ikhđām (v.n. 4 of عدم), Giving a servant; taking one into service.

A ما الحدان akhdān (pl. of khidn), Friends; lovers; beloved objects.

اهدر akhdar, A brother's or a sister's child.

A End akhda', More or most fallacious, crafty, artful, wily, cunning.

ukhdūd, An oblong fissure in the

ground, a furrow.

A الحذ akhz (v.n.), Taking, seizing, apprehending, procuring; intercepting; seizure, exaction; — akhzi intiqum, Taking ven-

geance; akhz u jarr, Taking and seizing; fraudulent dealing; —akhz kardan, To take, receive; to examine.

مَّالِم مَّلِيلُمَة، A bason, bathing-tub;—
akhur, A stall for horses; the collar-bone
(see بِهِمُ مَّلُمُ اللهِ مَلِيلُهُ اللهِ مَلِيلُهُ اللهِ مَلِيلًا اللهُ مَلِيلًا اللهُولِيلِيلًا اللهُ مَلِيلًا اللهُ اللهُ مَلِيلًا اللهُ مَلِيلِمُلِمُ اللهُ مَلِيلًا اللهُ مَلِيلًا اللهُ مَلِيلًا اللهُ مَلِيلُولِ مِ

A jakhar, Another, different, second; —samti ākhar, Another way, otherwise; —shakli ākhar shudan, To be altered; —ākhir, Last, posterior, ultimate, final; the end, issue, extremity; finally, at last, afterwards; yes, surely, forsooth, but, yet, lest; —ākhiru 'l-amr, At length, finally; —ākhiri zamān, The end of time, the last day; —ākhiri shab, The latter part of the night; —ākhir shudan, To be finished; —ākhiri kār, A catastrophe; at length; —ākhir kardan, To finish.

A classification (v.n. 4 of case), Producing, drawing forth, bringing out; expulsion, ejection, eviction; exclusion; extraction, derivation; expenditure, expenses, disbursement;—ikhrāj shudan, To be banished;—ikhrāj kardan, To expel, banish; to bring out.

A اعراط ikhrājāt (pl. of the preceding), Expenses; tribute; revenue.

غراس أعراس أغراس أغرام أغرام

مبرى ikhrāq (v.n. 4 of خرى), Astonishing, confounding, discouraging, deterring.

ākhir-dast, The occupant of the lower seat; the last throw of the dice; the end of an affair; a shoemaker.

A well akhras, Dumb; having no echo

(mountain); thick (milk).

آخر سالار akhur-sālār, Master of the horse. a خرص ق<u>kh</u>ūrash, At last, finally, after all.

من ملا akhraq, Dull, unskilful; with torn clothes.

أغرك *ākhurak*, A small stable; collarbone.

A مرم a<u>kh</u>ram, Pierced in the ear, nose, &c.

عبر کردی ا a<u>kh</u>-rū kardan, To make a grimace (from pain); to exclaim a<u>kh</u>! (m.c.).

akhrosh, A clamour, noise.

H آخرو ākhrūt, A walnut.

ا احرو م u<u>kh</u>rawīy, Relating to the other world.

اعران مَ<u>kh</u>riyān, a<u>kh</u>riyān, Household furuiture, goods and chattels, wearing apparel; wardrobe;—ā<u>kh</u>iriyān, The moderns.

т اعريان akhriyān, An ignorant, stupid

A من مَ<u>kh</u>irīn, Last, latest comers; posterity;—ā<u>kh</u>irīn harf, Decree of fate; termination of an affair;—ā<u>kh</u>irīn dam, The last breath.

اعراء A ماراء akhaā' (v.n. 4 of عرى), Exposing

to shame or infamy.

A cit akhzam, A male serpent; name of the grandfather of Hātim Taiy.

A الحس a <u>kh</u>ass, More or most base, avari-

الحسار A أحسر ikhsār (v.n. 4 of حسر), Diminishing; causing or suffering loss; damage, loss.

A أخساس ikhsās (v.n. 4 of خساس), Making or discovering one to be vile and contemptible.

آمسته ākhasta, The lower lintel, threshold.

samah), A liquor made from barley, rice, or millet.

اخسى a<u>kh</u>sī, Name of a town in Transoxania.

عليسط akhsisak, ميكاه akhsikat, Other forms of the preceding name.

اخش <u>ākh</u>sh, Name of a certain Persian Mubid;—<u>ākh</u>ash, a<u>kh</u>sh, Price, worth, value; —<u>ākh</u>ash dādan, To give a price.

مَشْنِج ākhshanj, Adverse, contrary. عشنج akhshanda, A child's rattle.

تعمر قيل akhshej, akhshej, Opposite, contrary; any of the four elements.

المشيعة akhshejan, akhshejan (pl. of the previous), The (four) opposites, i.e. the elements.

اعثیجستان akhshejistān, What is beneath the sphere of the moon, the place of the elements.

مثيك <u>ākh</u>shek, a<u>kh</u>shek, Opposite, contrary.

مَشِيكُ <u>ākh</u>sheg, a<u>kh</u>sheg, Opposite, contrary.

آغشيگان ā<u>kh</u>shegān, The elements.

A الحص akhas, More or most peculiar, special, particular; more or most excellent.

A المخال ikhsāl (v.n. 4 of مخال), Moisten-

ing.

A dakhṣar, Green; dusky brown;

black.

مغر ikhzirār (v.n. 9 of مغر), Being green.

a المنع a khza', Humble, submissive, contented in a lowly station.

A أخطى ikhtā' (v.n. 4 of خطى), Erring, sinning involuntarily, committing a blunder, making a mistake; imputing sin.

A اعطار akhtār (pl. of khaṭar), Calamities, dangers, risks;—ikhṭār (v.n. 4 of مطار), Exposing to danger; risk one's life.

A whitab, One who repeats best the prayer called khutbah; a colocynth marked

several poets.

مغام ه ikh fā' (v.n. 4 of مغام المغام المغام المغام المعام المغام المعام المعام المعام المعام المعام المعام المعام

hiding, rendering invisible.

akh faf (pl. of khuff), Boots; the hoofs of a camel; -ikhfaf (v.n. 4 of ...). Loading lightly; being in easy circumstances.

akh fash, One who has small weak eyes, seeing better at night than in the day time; name of three grammarians. akhkakand, عككيد akhkaland, or

akhkalandū, A child's rattle. اعكل akhkul, Long-headed; chaff.

عكليدة akhkalanda, A curry-comb.

akhkam, Rim of a drum or sieve; a fillet.

akhkamar, The crupper of a horse. عكندر akhkandū, A child's rattle.

الحكوبة a<u>kh</u>kūba, A button-hole, a loop.

akhkūcha, A button; an unripe

akhkūr, A wild pear; unripe, sour fruit: a button-hole.

ا مكوزة akhkūza, ا مكوزة akhkūzha, A button : a weaver's loom; unripe date.

عكوبك akhkūshna, A button.

امكوش akhkūsh, Unripe fruit.

عكوك akhkūk, An unripe apricot.

عكركض akhkūkash, Unripe fruit.

ا مكون akhkūn, ا مكونا akhkūna, A buttonhole; a button.

اعكار akhgār, A fire-brand, burning coal;

akhgar, Charcoal; a live coal; -akhgari tafta, Live embers;—a<u>kh</u>gari kushta. Extinguished charcoal.

ا مكرستان akhgaristan, A hearth, a fire-place. akhgul, A beard of corn, a pile of

barley. ا ماله م ikhlā' (v.n. 4 of علو), Vacating,

emptying.

اعالد ikhlād (v.n. 4 of علد), Leaning, inclining; clinging to, continuing; render-

ing eternal.

ا ملص ikhläs (v.n. 4 of علص), Purifying, rendering sincere; purity, sincerity, candour; affection, pure friendship, sincere attachment; loyalty, fidelity; intimacy; show or pretence of friendship.

a العلامميد ikhlasmand, Sincere, friendly.

a الملاميدي ikhlasmandī, Sincerity, friend-

liness, affection.

A Like akhlat (pl. of khilt), Mixtures, miscellanies; ingredients; sweet - scented drugs, perfumes; the four humours of the human body, viz. blood, phlegm, yellow bile (choler), and black bile (melancholy);akhlāti arba'ah, Idem ;—akhlāti radīyah, Corrupted humours; $-i\underline{kh}la\underline{t}$ (v.n. 4 of $-i\underline{kh}$), Mixing.

akhlāq (pl. of khalaq), Worn-out clothes;—(pl. of khulq, khuluq) Natures, dispositions, habits, manners; virtues, good qualities; morals, ethics; — akhlāqi jalālī, akhlaqi muhsini, Names of two celebrated books on ethics;—ikhlāq (v.n. 4 of ale), Wearing out, or being worn out (a garment); making one wear old clothes.

ا محلال ه ikhlal (v.n. 4 of محلّ), Causing to want; necessitating, constraining; being in want, need.

akhlaq, More or most apt, fit,

proper; smooth, even.

akhlakandū, A child's rattle. akhlūr, The fruit of the carob-tree. A عباد likhmad (v.n. 4 of عباد), Extin-

guishing a fire. A الحمال ikhmāl (v.n. 4 of ممل), Render

ing obscure or mean.

ā<u>kh</u>musa, a<u>kh</u>musa, Barley, millet, or rice-water.

a <u>kh</u>mas, Slender-waisted; the hollow part of the sole of the foot.

akhma, A wrinkle on the face or forehead; a frown.

cross-looking; (met.) paper which is lined or written upon.

منس i<u>kh</u>nās (v.n. 4 of خناس), Keeping back, hindering; hiding behind anything.

المنكل akhangal, A sword.

غنوخ a<u>kh</u>nū<u>kh</u>, u<u>kh</u>nū<u>kh</u>, Enoch; Noah.

ا عوات ه a<u>kh</u>awāt (pl. of u<u>kh</u>t), Sisters. a<u>kh</u>wāstī, Unwillingness.

akhwāl (pl. of khāl), Maternal uncles.

اعوان A ikhwān, ukhwān (pl. of akh), Brethren, friends, companions;—ikhwānu 's-zamān, Cotemporaries; people of the same religion.

akhwand, Tutor, master, preacher.

اعوالدي akhwāndī, Office of a tutor, master, preacher (see اعوند).

اعوة م ikhwat (pl. of akh), Brothers; ukhūwat (v.n. of), Fraternity.

ال تعو akh wa tuf, Spitting (see على دا).

akhwur, akhwar, A stable, stall; litter or straw laid under cattle; the collarbone; ākhwuri charb, Plenty of victuals; a pleasurable life ;—ā<u>kh</u>wuri <u>kh</u>ushk (sangīn), An empty cratch; a place devoid of anything useful ;—amīr(i) ākhwur, The Master of the horse.

ākhwur-sālār, Master of the horse.

عورك آ <u>ākh</u>wurak, A small stable; the collar-bone.

الموند ,ākhwund, A theologian أخون قد من قد أخون preacher; orator; a tutor.

akhwundi, The office of a preacher or tutor.

اموی akhawiy, Brotherly, sisterly.

akht, A good work; manly, generous.

akhī, My brother.

A مُعارِ akhyār (pl. of khaiyir), Good, religious men;—guzāda'i akhyār, Chosen from the best; most excellent.

a<u>kh</u>yāf, Different kinds of men; brothers by the same mother, but different fathers.

a الخياف akhyāfī, By the same mother, but a different father.

r ميدا akhīd, Royal title, given by Khalifah Muqtadi bi-llah to an Amīr.

ناهد أَهُمُ أَلِيهُ مُعَامِعُونَ مُعَامِعُ مُعِمِعُ مُعِمِعُ

A أعيد a<u>kh</u>īz, Taken; a captive. أعيد ā<u>kh</u>īr, for عمر ā<u>kh</u>īz, q.v.

A معرد akhyar, Better, best;—akhīr, Posterior, last;—akhīr zamānah, akhīr waqt, The last time, period, age; the last moment, the moment of death.

A Type akhīran, At length, in fine.

G معروسة akhīros, أخوروسة akhīrosah, Wild wheat.

اخبريدن akhīrīdan, To draw a sword. آخبر ākhīz, Cement, plaster of a wall. عبر منظم ākhīzgar, A plasterer.

اعماد المراقة المراقة

akhyaf, Who has one eye black,

the other blue (man or horse).

A أعمل akhyal, One who has many moles (on the face); a spotted bird.

ا عيدوس (G. ερινος), Wild wheat. ا عيدوس akhyūn (G. εχιον), Snake's head (a plant).

أَحْمِهُ akhya, A ram, the leader of the flock; praise; spittle; limit, boundary, hedge, inclosure.

A st add, idd, Misfortune, sorrow; any great and momentous business; a marvellous thing; a profane or unlawful action;

power, strength, vigour, victory.

1st adā, Grace, beauty, elegance; blandishment, graceful manner, coquetry; eloquence, voice, pronunciation, expression, song, music, odes;—hasan-adā, Just pronunciation or expression;— khwush-adā, nāzik-adā, Melodious;—sanjīda-adā, Wellweighed, judicious;—adā kardan, To pronunce, express, sing, warble.

A AM add', Payment, satisfaction, performance, fulfilment, accomplishment; acquittance; add'i dain kardan, To make payment of debts;—add'i safar kardan, To perform military duty, to make a campaign, to discharge that vassalage which a military tenant owes to his lord;—add'i shahādat kardan, To give evidence, to depose;—adā kardan, To pay, discharge, execute; to assist; to prepare for a journey; to lie in wait.

A bolol ida'at (v.n. 4 of موال), Falling sick;

afflicting with sickness; suspecting, doubt-

ing.

A hadāb (pl. of adab), Civilities, good manners, devoirs, ceremonies, politeness; forms of address in writing and speaking, salutations, respects; title of many books;—ādābi fuzalā fī lughāt, Name of a Persian Dictionary, explained in Arabic and Hindī, by Kāzī Mahmūd Dahlawī, a native of Delhi, who died A.D. 1420;—ādābi sunnat, The minor duties of life.

قابكاة ādāb-gā, The place of obeisance in

the palace of a chief.

અમેડો adā-band, A describer of blandishments.

ishments; the fixing a period for the performance of a contract, or payment of instalments.

a leil ādābhā (P. pl. of the Ar. pl. ādāb), Good manners, refinement, &c. (see

A stal adāt, An instrument, tool, utensil, apparatus; whatever is necessary in the forming or completing of anything; (in gram.) a particle, as, adātu 't-ta'rīf, The definite article (Jt al);—adāti jam', A particle added to form the plural from the singular number;—adāti fā'il, A particle supplementary to nouns or participles in forming names of agents, similar to -er in English, as kārgar, A labourer, from kār, Labour; — adāti nisbat, A particle of relation or possession, which, when added to a substantive, implies the being endowed with any quality, as ārzūmand, Desirous, from arzū, Desire.

المانا adādā, A species of mezereum.

المانات idārāt (pl. of the preceding),
Turns, &c.;—idārāti daulatī, Governmental

administrations (m.c.).

a اداراقی adaraqī, A kind of Indian medicine, of an acrid and poisonous

quality, dog's-bane.

A bisi idārat, idāra (v.n. 4 of cot), Turning round, going in a circle; causing to revolve; — idāra'i jāmi himām, A handing round of the deadly cup.

ادارين addrin (in Zand and Pazand),

Hideous; wicked, bad.

ד גואס $\tilde{a}d\tilde{a}sh$, Of the same name as another.

ال المام adā-fahm, Understanding by signs, skilled in the arts of blandishment.

ادا فيمي adā-fahmī, Skill in the arts of blandishment, understanding of signs and gestures, coquetry.

دولا idāqat (v.n. 4 of دولا), Surround-

ing, enclosing.

الدالك ādāk, adāk, An island; a ford.

adam, The celestial globe.

A בוף adām (pl.), idām (sing.), Whatever is eaten with bread.

ه الله الله adāma 'llāh, May God prolong (a man's life, etc.).

ادوم idāmat (v.n. 4 of ادامت الماست الماست

petuating.

A Blat idanat (v.n. 4 of ws), Lending, giving credit to a fixed period; buying or selling on credit; compensating.

adanosh, Name of a messenger

whose eyes were torn out by 'Azrā.

adānī (pl. of adná), Nearer, nearest; the lowest, vilest, most ignoble or contemptible.

اداوات adāwāt (pl. of adāt), Instru-

ments, implements, utensils.

idāwat (pl. of adāwa), A ewer or vessel, from which the Muhammadans pour water, for washing the hands, &c.

A will adab (v.n.), Being courteous, polite, well-bred; making a feast; courtesy, politeness, urbanity, good-breeding, respect, reverence; propriety of conduct; discipline, chastisement; learning, morality, sound doctrine; the science of polite learning ;-adab dadan, To correct, civilize, teach; to chastise, correct;—adab kardan, To behave modestly, properly, or honestly.

▲ "ho udabā' (pl. of adīb), Polite, learned,

high-bred men.

A ונאן adbār (pl. of dubr), The hinder or latter parts of anything, of the back, neck, &c. ; --idbar (v.n. 4 of دبر), Turning back, going back, committing sodomy; falling off from allegiance, defection, disloyalty; reverse of fortune, ill-luck, adversity; calamity, defeat.

a متعمة با adab-amokhta, إموعته adabāmoz, A master, teacher; a pupil, learner; exalted, illustrious; -adab-āmoz kardan, To exalt to high rank; to render illustrious.

a whal adabana, With reverence, with respect; civilly, politely, courteously; wisely, learnedly.

ارارة عنا adab-āwāzah, Loud, clear-voiced; --adab-awāsah kardan, To exalt to high rank, to render illustrious.

a خرردة adab-parwarda, An instructor,

master, tutor; a student, pupil.

اديماند adab-khāna, A water-closet; a school.

a وليستان adabistān (shortened dabistān). A school; a seat of learning.

a ادب سنج adab-sanj, A master, tutor; a disciple, pupil.

a مراز adab-tarāz, A master, tutor, teacher.

adab-kār, An instructor, teacher, tutor; a pupil, student.

a کدة ما adab-kada, A seat of polite

manners; a kingly court.

ادب كاه adab-gah, The place of obeisance in the palace of a chief; a seat of refinement; a court.

a ادبي adabī, Polite, learned; a scholar. lidbir, by Imalah for idbar, q.v.

الحاض ا idḥāẓ (v.n. 4 of دحض), Dismissing a suit; abolishing.

रंभे ādakh, Handsome, fine, good ; height ; the highest degree.

الدعار iddikhar (v.n. 8 of دغم), Hoard-

ing.

معال م idkhāl (v.n. 4 of دعال), Causing to enter; introducing, inserting, thrusting or putting in;---iddikhāl (v.n. 8 of دىعل), Entering.

آدر ādar, Fire ;—ādir, A lancet, a fleam. ادراع adraj (v n. 4 of ادراع idraj (a

A درار idrār (v.n. 4 of آن), Agitating, moving, whirling round (a spindle), giving it a rotatory motion so rapid that it appears stationary; causing urine, milk, &c. to flow copiously; involuntary or copious discharge of urine; diabetes; hard rain; liberality, munificence; a scholarship, fellowship; exhibition; bursary; a pension, a stipend; any cloth sufficient for a garment (?).

ادرارات A ادرارات idrārāt (pl. of the preceding),

Pensions.

a ادرارى idrārī, A pension; a dishful. idrafie (from G. άφρός), Froth of

ادراك idrāk (v.n. 4 of درك), Attaining, reaching; arriving at manhood, coming to maturity; comprehension, apprehension, understanding, perception, intelligence, intellect, capacity, genius.

a ادراكات مادقه idrākāti ṣādiqah, True,

just conceptions.

مارم adrām, A packing-needle.

adarat, udrat, Rupture, swelled مراه م testicle.

آدری مین adrakhsh, Lightning, thunder; cold.

أدرهاع ādarshākh, A pickle.

adarfan, Itch, scab, ringworm.

عارت adark, A swinging cot; swing for children; —adrak (S. ārdraka), Fresh ginger;—idrak, A small plum.

قرم ādram, A saddle-cloth (also adram) ; arms, such as swords, daggers, hows and

arrows; a large needle.

adram-kash, A packing-needle. adrama, A saddle-cloth of coarse

أدرنك ādrang, adrang, Grief, sorrow, distress, ennui; a heavy calamity, ruin, perdition.

T ట్రుల్ adranah, Adrianople.

ادرة udra, The crest of a helmet.

A ادريس idrīs, The Arabian name for المنوع akhnūkh, Enoch.

ادریس عانه idrīs-<u>kh</u>āna, Heaven.

ادس adas, Name of a grain.

قطة ādish, Fire.

معو iddi'ā' (v.n. 8 of دعو), Claiming, demanding as a right; claim, pretension; arrogating; — iddi'ā dāshtan, To have a claim against (m.c.).

A gest adaj, Black-eyed (man).

A Les adiyat (pl. of du'a), Saluta-

tions, congratulations, compliments, wishes,

prayers, blessings.

A معام idghām (v.n. 4 of معام), Inserting one letter into another; doubling it by tashdīd; coalescence.

المخر ādghar, A summer-house;—adghar, A vent-hole.

A معلم adgham, Black about the face; black-nosed; one who speaks through his nose.

دنی " idfā' (v.n. 4 of دنی), Warming; clothing in warm raiment.

الدر adfar, A nephew; an uncle (see الدر adaqq, More or most subtile, minute, slender, thin; abstruse, recondite, obscure.

a مانانا idqāq (v.n. 4 of قى), Pounding, pulverizing; attenuating, making thin, slender and fine; speaking abstrusely.

adaqcha, A cover, wrapper.

ادات aduk, The female parts (of a woman or animal).

ادکار iddikār (v.n. 8 of کر), To recall to mind; to accept advice.

الكر adgar, Measure, comparison, conjecture.

دار الدار idlā' (v.n. 4 of دار), Throwing, sending, or letting down, dropping; speaking evil of another.

at nightfall; iddilāj (v.n. 4 of 533), A departing at nightfall; iddilāj (v.n. 8 of the same), Travelling during the last watch of the night.

الدلال الملاق idlal (v.n. 4 of درّ), Being arrogant, provoking, coquettish; coming down (on an enemy), pouncing on his prey (a hawk).

A is adillat, adilla (pl. of dalil), Arguments, reasons, proofs, evidences, indica-

tions; road-guides.

A rol ādam, Brown, dusky, tawny, mulatto; Adam, the father of the human race; —ādami ābi, A fabulous animal, resembling man, that rises from the sea, a merman; —ādam ba-ādam mā-rasad, Adam (man) comes to Adam (man), a phrase addressed by the poor to the rich, reminding the latter that similar distress may befall him.

A foil adm, Eating anything with bread; uniting in love and friendship;—adam. A tomb; a kind of date.

ادم adam, A ruby.

م الدمال idmāl (v.n. 4 of الدمال له trizing.

A دمان idmān (v.n. 4 of دمان), Constantly drinking wine.

a ايم به dam-perã, Creator of man, i.e. God; a holy man.

a damat, The inner skin; a chief, a general, model, pattern;—udmat (v.n. of الرم), Being of a brown colour, brownness, duskiness; a clear shining white (in camels).

a مجمع « adam-chashm, Having eyes like those of a man.

م خور م آدم خور آدم خور آدم خور آدم خور آدم خور آدم خور آدم من آدم خور آدم خو

a الام سر ādam-sar, Bald.

a الاستنان ādamistān, A place abounding in men; the world.

a الم هناس ādam-shinās, Knowing man-kind.

a ادم کری ādamgarī, Humanity, valour. ادم کری adman, Pure, fragrant (musk).

a من أ adama, Pure, tragrant (musk). a من أ adamā, Human, a man, brown.

a الرحياة ädamiyān (pl. of the preceding), Men, mortals.

a هايمي ādamiyāna, Humanly, like a man.

a جي آ ādamī-bacha, An infant.

A ميه ādamīyat, Humanity.

a آدمي خوارة ādamī-khwāra, A mau-eater, cannibal.

الاسى زاد آمية ādamî-zāda, دسى زاد ādamî-zāda, A son of man, man.

A שלא idnā' (v.n. 4 of לים), Bringing near.

A שלא idnāf (v.n. 4 of כום), Suffering from severe and continued illness; afflicting sorely for a long time (sickness); going down (as the sun); bringing near.

ausi adand, How?—idind, An unknown number; half a load (see the following).

ceusi adank. How? at what rate? an uncertain, unknown number, conjectural computation; one truss, hamper, &c.; one half of a horse's load, as much as a beast carries upon one side; one side of a piece of money.

ادنی adni. adne (?), Error, mistake.

A Wal adná, Lower, lowest; smaller, smallest; least, most trifling; nearer, nearest.

A adawāt (pl. of adāt), Instruments, tools, utensils; particles;—adawāti jang, Arms, war-like apparatus, weapons of war, artillery.

A j, or adwar (pl. of dar), Houses, mansions;—(pl. of daur) Orbs, orbits, revolutions, circles; periods, ages;—adwari malakut, The harmony of the heavenly bodies, the music of the spheres, the intelligence which moves them.

ادراى adwāy (în Zand and Pāz.), Voice, echo.

A ادود adūd, Name of one of Muhammad's ancestors.

ادرس adwash ادرس adwash ادرس adwash) Dim-sighted, purblind.

A wol adwan, More or most mean, or base.

ادري adwe, Sweet-scented flag; aloes.

A L, A adwiyat, adwiya (pl. of dawā), Medicines; — adwiya'i garm, Hot condiments, as pepper, cloves, cinnamon, &c.

هم āda, A hen-roost, a perch for pigeons.

A الدهاش idhāsh (v.n. 4 of الدهاش), Astounding, striking with amazement, terrifying.

ادهای idhāq (v.n. 4 of دهای), Filling a

cup, emptying a vessel.

A was adhan (pl. of duhn), Oils, ointments, unguents; —idhan (v.n. 4 of سهر), Anointing, conceeling, deceiving, dissembling; imposture, deceit, falsehood; -iddihān (v.n. 8 of معن), The anointing of one's

المها adhajā, المهاا adhajārah, A kind of thorn.

adhalī, Half a gold mohur, in value ادهار eight rupees.

adham, (A horse) of a black colour, inclining to a dusky green; black; old ; a fetter.

A desi adhá, More or most subtle or astute.

الايان adyan, Cattle (in motion); a rapacious animal.

A what adyan (pl. of din), Religions.

A - 23 adib, Courteous, polite, well-bred: learned; a professor, tutor.

اديجارة adichara, The inverted thorn.

મુડો adīd, Consequence; strictly and implicitly followed (a command); a spring of water.

مَّمُ ādleh, Fire.

adim, Goats' leather, perfumed, which they bring from Arabia Felix; Morocco leather; bread when eaten or Morocco leather; baked with meat; the surface of the earth; name of a borse; -adimu's-samd', The expanse of heaven; —adimu z-zuhá, Half-way between sunrise and mid-day; -adimu' nnahār, The diffusion of light or day.

ע איז ādyanda, The rainbow.

مَانِية ādīna, Friday.

اديون adyūn = الدين adyūn, a.v.

A W iza, When (in the present or future sense); behold! lo!

A الله $a\underline{z}a'$ (v.n. of الله), Being injured, receiving damage, annoyance, molestation, vexation.

ل اذابة izābat (v.n. 4 of لوب), Dissolving,

causing to melt.

A 1131 agar, The Syrian month of March. الدار اليون agar-afyun, Foam of the sea.

a يقتم معرَّة azārāqī, A plant called dog's

الرطوس مَعِيَّة مَيْنَة مَعِيَّة مَعِيَّة مَعِيَّة مَعِيْنَة مَعِيْنَة مَعِيْنَة مَعِيْنَة مَعِيْنَة مَعِيْنَة مُعِيْنَة مَعِيْنَة مَعْنَا مُعْمَّعِينَ مُعْمَّعِينَ مُعْمَّعِينَ مُعْمَّعِينَ مُعْمَّعِينَ مُعْمَعِينَ م

āzārī, Relating to the (Syrian)

month Azar.

A del31 izā'at (v.n. 4 of ها), Publishing, divulging, blazing; equandering, lavishing; to sprinkle urine.

لرق Giving one لارق ية izāqat (v.n. 4 of لرق Giving one

to drink or taste.

A الان آهِ aṣān, aṣān (v.n. of الان), Announcing, giving notice; the signal for summoning to prayers, by the Mu'azzin or crier, from the minarets or towers of the mosques; listening to.

A المال izbāl (v.n. 4 of المال wither, debilitating, emaciating.

T while uzbak, Usback Tartar.

izzikhār (v.n. 8 of مل izzikhār (v.n. 8 of المعار ه

A izkhir, The bog-rush.

ألر azar, azur, Fire; name of the angel presiding over fire, and the day agar; affairs of the month and day azar, the former being the ninth solar month, the latter being the ninth day of any month, but particularly of the fourth month. tir-mah: name of seven celebrated fire-temples dedicated to the seven planets, and called in their respective order: azari mihr, nosh, bahrām, d'in (āyīn), <u>kh</u>urīn, bar**s**īn (**bursī**n), zardahushi; name of Abraham's father; (met.) love.

الراء 🛦 أوراء igrā' (v.n. 4 of مراة), Causing tears to flow, shedding tears; -(v.n. 4 of الربي) Sowing; throwing off (a rider); sweeping

away (wind). الر آبادكان قيمة-abad. الر آباد قيمة-abad. gān, Name of a fire-temple in Tabris; also the ancient name of Tabriz itself.

آلر المالكون āzar-abād-gūn, A stove, a forge. ر افروز المرز آغروز آغر name of a son of Isfandiyar.

الر الموا azar-afaā, An eolipile.

الرام agrām, A packing-needle (see الرام). آثر أبين āzar-d'īn, āzari d'īn, Name of the fourth temple of the seven called after the planets.

الرياد آلور المَّار Azar-bād, Name of a priest of the

Magi.

الر بانكان آ <u>āzar-bād-gān</u>, A fire-temple; name of a fire-temple in Tabriz, and of Tabrīz itself.

زرابكان āzar-bāyigān = the preceding; name of the Persian province Azarbaijan.

الربريين azar-barein, azari barzin, Name of the sixth fire-temple of those named after the seven planets.

الربوية, Āzār-bo, الربوية āzar-boyā, Name of a yellow flowering shrub, from whose root pearl-ashes are made.

قريبرام azari bahrām, Name of the third fire-temple, called after the seven planets.

الربي azrabī, A native of Āsarbaijān.

آلربایکان .azar-baijān, for P فربیجان äzar-bäyigän, Q.₹.

āzar-parast, A fire-worshipper. houst azar-perā, azar-pairā, One who attends on a fire-temple.

قرنش ágartush, A salamander.

آلر عوردار قيar-khurdar, الرعودار قيarkhwurdad, Name of a priest of the Magi; also of the angel who presides over fire; also of the fire-temple at Shiraz; also of the fifth fire-temple.

الر عربن āzar-khurīn, āzari khurīn, Name of the fifth fire-temple, called after the seven planets by the ancient Persians.

قر عش āzarkhush (āzrakhsh, āzarakhsh), Name of the ninth day of the month Azar.

قرعشا قzra<u>kh</u>shā, İntense cold fatal to man and beast; lightning, with loud thunder.

أدر رنك azar-rang, Bright, shining, red, flame-coloured; confused, dispersed; difficult; trouble, misfortune, calamity, ruin, slaughter.

آدر زردهشت äzar-zarduhusht, āzari zarduhusht, Name of the seventh fire-temple named after the seven planets.

قرص قzaras (probably for āzar-ras, going

into the fire), A salamander.

āzarehaep, Name آدرهب أāzarehaep, Name of the angel or demon of fire; fire, flame, lightning; name of one of the temples in the city of Balkh; a salamander.

azar-shīn (for azar-nishīn, sitting) الراهين

in the fire), A salamander.

azartūs, Name of the father-iulaw of 'Azra.

آدر فراز قيع āzar-farāz, Kindling fire.

ادر فروا مرية مرية مرية ادر فروا ادر فروا مرية مرية أدر فروا مرية مرية أدر فروا مرية مرية أدر فروا أدر فروا مرية المرية
قر كدة معتد قيم آدر كدة قيم قيم آدر كدة

قر كر مَع āzar-kū, The leaves of the camomile.

آدر کیش āzar-kesh, A fire-worshipper.

الدر كشب مgar-gashp, الدر كشب مzar-gashp gushasp, Lightning; fire; fire-worshipper; name of a fire-temple erected by Gushtasp in Balkh, in which he kept his treasures; the angel presiding over, and living in, fire; name of a hero.

أنر كل مَع azar-gul, A flower like the ane-

mone.

الركون azar-gūn, Flame-coloured, fieryred, bright; the anemone, marigold, marshmallows; a salamander; a horse.

أذرم āzram, A saddle-cloth ; a saddle whose

cloth is in two pieces.

azar-mah, Name of the ninth month of the solar year.

äzar-mihr, azarı mihr, Name of the first fire-temple called after the planets.

آزرم دعت =) azarmī-dokht ادرمیدوعت q.v.), Name of the daughter and successor of Khosrau Parwez, and of a city founded by her.

الرنكف āzarang (for āzar-rang), āzrang, Light, luminous, bright, dazzling; fire; distress, misery, ruin (see آدرنگ and آزرنگ).

äzur-nosh, Name of the second fire-temple named after the seven planets.

قر همايون āzar-humāyūn, Name of a witch.

قر هوسكك āzar hoshang, Name of the earliest prophet sent to Persia.

قر هوسنگی azar-hoshangi, A follower of

Azar Hoshang.

ري āzarī, A native of Azarbaijān; name of a poet; a follower of Azar Hoshang.

الرياس āzaryās, azaryās, Gum of wild rue.

وريطوس آ čzrītūs, Name of a medicine. قريان azariyan (pl. of azari), Followers of Azar Hoshang.

رين) azarin, Camomile-flower; ox-eye;

= હ્યું કે વુ.⊽.

ענ אנט azar-yūn (= לע אנט azar-gūn), Red, flame-coloured; any flower of such a colour; anemone; the sun-flower.

A انعان iz'ān (v.n. 4 of نعن), Obedience,

submission; confidence, belief.

azfar, Fragrant, pungent, strongscented; most fragrant.

انقان azqān (pl. of zaqan), Chins, beards.

the names and attributes of the Supreme Being;—izkār (v.n. 4 of ¿٤), Bringing forth a male child; reminding; -izzikār (v.n. 8 of the same), Remembering.

azká, More or most pungent.

الكياء A ميkiyā' (pl. of zakīy), People of discernment, penetration, or understanding; acute, witty.

A من ادل azall, More or most vile, abject, or

aubmissive.

الالال A izlāl (v.n. 4 of JJ), Holding in contempt, rendering contemptible; contempt, dishonour.

A ON azan, Long-eared; —azin, A porter,

chamberlain.

A will ign (v.n.), Permitting; leave, licence;—ign dādan, To give leave, to allow, to permit; -uzn, The ear, a handle; -uzun, The ear; attentive to what is spoken.

الناب ه aznāb (pl. of zanab), Tails, rumps, posteriors;—aznābu 'l-khail, Horse-tails (a plant); -aznābu 'n-nās, Men of low degree; servants :—iznāb (v.n. 4 of اذلب), Committing a crime or trespass.

الالك uznak (dim. of A. uzn), An ear-

trumpet.

مَّلُولِكُمُ dzūqa (for كَانِيًا azūqa, q.v.), Provi-BIODS.

رون آگرون āzūn, Thus, in that manner.

A الاهان azhān (pl. of zihn), Geniuses,

intellects, capacities; memories.

اديال azyāl (pl. of zail), Skirts, tails, ends, borders of a garment; the long tails of animals; the meanest of men.

A الذي azīyat (v.n. of الذي), Injuring, hurting; injury, harm, damage, nuisance, hurt, wrong, loss; molestation, annoyance; suffering, distress; -azīyat kardan, To torment (m.c.).

a اذیت کاران azīyat-kārān, Oppressors,

tyrants.

قية أليش مرزة azīsh, A door-sill; chips, rubbish. الابن āzīn, Custom, common usage, institution, rite, ceremony; decoration; a churn, churning-stick.

A Well azīn (v.n. of wil), Summons to prayer; the place to which such summons extends (as a street, or a parish); the public crier, who summons to prayer; a sponsor, surety.

نين بند azin-band, Ornamented, decorated

(with flags, etc.).

i ār (for agar), If;—(Imperative of āwardan) Bring thou; (in comp.) Bringing; a bringer; - Imperative of arastan, To be able; -A suffix added to the 3rd pers. sing. pret. of verbs, to form abstract nouns, as raftar, Going, gait, from raft, he went; also nouns of agency or adjectives, as kharīdar, A purchaser; padīdār, Manifest; -ar (for agar), If ;-(for of arrah) Saw; dregs of oil.

If ara (in comp. from arastan), Embellishing, adorning; ornament (as majlis-ārā,

Gracing the banquet, &c.).

A ماراه ārā' (pl. of ra'y), Opinions, counsels, doctrines, views.

اراهه م irā'āt (v.n. 4 of رائی), Showing, exhibiting, making known; -irā'ati rūy kardan, To show the face.

ارابه irābat (v.n. 4 of برابه ly irābat (v.n. 4 of doubt and suspect; becoming doubtful; doubt, suspicion.

arābchī, A carter, a waggoner. ارابچي

41,1 arāba, A waggon, a cart; a wheel.

ارا له كش arāba-kash, A carter, waggoner.

والم ārāj (contraction of الم q.v.), The elbow; name of a bird.

A arajif (pl. of arjaf), False

اراحة م irāḥat (v.n. 4 of وي), Giving rest; bringing cattle home in the evening; grazing at night-time; breathing; dying; discovering a smell.

آراعيدن ārā<u>kh</u>īdan, To rest.

Ji ārād, The twenty-fifth day of each month; name of the angel presiding over

that day.

رود irādat (v.n. 4 of رود), Wishing, willing, purposing; desire, will, inclination, intention, purpose, design; discipleship;irādati khuda, The will of God; -irādat kardan, To wish, desire, will, intend.

a الدتاكم, irādatāna, Voluntarily, cheerfully.

u منده بنده المادت بنده المادت بنده المادت بنده المادت المادت المادة ال

a ارادت کلین irādat-guzīn, Devotee, devoted; a scholar.

A المائل arazil (pl. of arzal), Low, mean; the vulgar.

ارارين ararin (in Zand and Paz.), Ugly,

ārāzish, Bounty, charity, alms. أراستك ārāstak, A swallow.

آراستگی ārāstagī, Ornament, embellishment, decoration; order, arrangement.

آراستري arāstan, To adorn, decorate, embellish; to set in order.

قراسته ārāsta, Adorned, decorated, embellished; arranged; an idol temple.

irāz, A carpet of coarse wool or أراض hair.

م اراضي arāzī (pl. of arz), Lands, estates. م المهات arāziyāt, pl. of and = the preceding

اراتة irāqat (v.n. 4 of بوق or ربى Spill-

ing, shedding, pouring forth.

arāqŭ (from G. ἄρακος), A species of wild pulse.

أراك ārāk, An island.

arāk, A kind of salt and bitter إلك tree, with the roots and branches of which they make dentifrices; a piece of ground.

arākā, A kind of nut, which, when chewed with betel-leaves and fine lime, strengthens the stomach, and gives an

agreeable flavour to the breath.

أرام ārām, Rest, tranquillity, peace, quiet, repose, cessation, inaction; power, obe-dience, subjection; (adverbially) while motionless; (in compos.) tranquillizing, as dilārām, Heart-easing; — (S. ārāma) A garden (especially in a city), a dwelling-place; ārāmi khāk, The repose of the earth; a clod; $-\bar{a}r\bar{a}m\ b\bar{u}dan\ (shudan)$, To be at reat, to be calm; -- aram giriftan, To take rest; to be patient.

ارام arām (pl. of iram, arim), Stones erected in the desert for the direction of travellers; -(pl. of ri'm) White deer.

arāmānidan, To cause to be

quiet.

ارام بانر aram-banu, A name.

رامهن ārāmban, A garden within a city.

ārāmidan, To rest, repose. آرامدن

أرام دوست ārām-dost, Loving ease; indolent.

arāmish, Quiet, repose, rest; ārāmishi bād, A calm;—ārāmishi dād, Due proportion, equality, symmetry.

ārām-shāh (peace-king), Name of

a Mogul emperor.

a آرام طلب ārām-ṭalab, Seeking ease; idle, indolent.

آرامكار ārām-kār, A lazy person, one who does not work unless ordered; one who does a thing slowly; tedious, patient; sedate; a sluggard.

a آرامکرسی ārām-kursī, An easy chair.

ārāmgah, The آرامكاه time or place of rest; a calm, peaceable, secure dwelling; a bed-chamber.

رَام كير ārūm-gīr, Who takes his rest;

quiet, tranquil.

arāmilat (pl. of ارامل arāmilat مرامل armal). Widows, distressed and needy women.

arāmūnī (from G. ἀνεμώνη), The anemone.

ārāmī, Peace, calmness, repose.

arāmīd, He rested, you rest, rest آراميد ye; thanksgiving.

آرامیدن ārāmīdan (S. ram), To rest, to be

at peace or ease; to repose, sleep; to cause to be at rest, to be quiet.

آراميدة ārāmāda, Quieted, calmed, rested. மிர் ārān, Name of a province of Azarbaijan; name of a village of Kashan, noted for its asses being big and fat like mules; the elbow.

اران arrān, arān=the preceding; privet. Mild arawand, Grief, regret; desire, wish; the Tigris; eplendour, pomp, grandeur; name of a mountain in Hamadan.

at, arah, Mastic. راي ārāy, Adorn (imper. of ārāstan);

(in comp.) adorning, ornament. رايانيدن ārāyānīdan, To cause to adorn.

مَايِمَ arāyish, Ornament, embellishment : custom, law, institute; name of a note in music; -drāyishi khwurshed, Name of a note in music; the down on the face;ārāyishi rūm, Name of a fortified place;ārāvish kardan, To adorn ;—ārāvishi majlis, The ornament of the assembly.

arā'ik (pl. of arīkat), Thrones, BOILS.

المندة ārāyanda, Ornamenting; a deco-

البدن ārā'īdan, To adorn, decorate. અંતી, ārā'ida, Ornamented, adorned.

ارب arab (v.n.), Being in want or need; being skilled; drooping, being languid and useless (the limbs); being hard upon (fortune); need, necessity, wish; -irb, A member, limb; membrum genitale; intellect; religion; want; need; wickedness.

ارباب arbāb (pl. of rabb), Lords, masters, possessors; -arbābi basīrat, The intelligent, clear-sighted, circumspect; -arbābi taghallub, Superiors, conquerors; -arbābi tamviz, Judicious, discerning, prudent;arbābi timār, Pensioners; -arbābi jāh u tamkin, Possessed of dignity and power; arbābi khirad, arbābi dānish, Sage, intelligent; -arbābi duwal, Governors, chiefs; (taken in the sing.) proprietor, possessor of fiefs or villages;—arbābi dih, A village chief; — arbābi dīwān, Counsellors; arbābi sukhan, Eloquent orators; poets; -arbābi sulūk, Devout, observers of religious precepts; — arbābi shar', Law officers; -arbābi ṣafā'ī bātin, Endowed with purity, of a contemplative and holy life;arbābi şan'at, Artificers, artisans; -arbābi fazl u afzāl wa ashābi 'ilm u kamāl, Persons of merit and learning; -arbābi qalam, Civil functionaries (m.c.);—arbābi māl, Officers of the treasury;—arbābi ma'ālī, Grandees, eminent men; arbābi ma'ná, Spiritual persons;—arbābi makrumat, Most clement lords; -- arbābi nashāt, Dancers and singers, musicians;—arbābi himmat, Highminded, liberal (persons), men of spirit, of lofty aspirations.

a while arbaban (P. pl. of the preceding), Lords, grandees.

A Ein arbā' (pl. of rab'), Houses, mansions;—(pl. of rub') Fourth parts;—irbā' (v.n. of ربح), Entering upon the vernal season; turning cattle out to spring pasture; dwelling in a spring habitation; being four in number; suffering from a quartan fever; breeding the teeth called rabā 'iyat; begetting children in old age.

A عبار arba' (fem.), ما ماريع arba'at (masc.), Four; -arba' mutanasib, Simple rule of three; -arba' 'anasir, The four elements;arbu' (pl. of rab'), Houses, vernal man-

arba'at 'ashara (masc.), Four-

ارىدون arba'ūna, ارىدون arba'īna, Forty. irbal, Arbela in Mesopotamia, famous for the defeat of Darius by Alexander the Great.

וניף arbū, A pear. arbūjīnā (in Zand and Pāzand), A water-melon; an island.

اربودار arbū-dār, A pear-tree.

arbiyāsiyūs, Name of a Greek physician.

arbayān, A sen-locust; — arbyān,

The camounile flower.

arbītā (in Zand and Pāzand), A roof.

மு) ārat (S. aratni), A cubit; the elbow. آرتا arta (in Zand and Pazand), A country.

artā', A multitude;—irtā' (v.n. 4 of رتع), Turning cattle into a good pasture; producing abundance of grass.

יט (יטע artāq, A merchant.

irtām (v.n. 4 of رتام), Tying a thread round the finger, in order to be reminded by it of something.

irtibat (v.n. 8 of ارتباط A ارتباط irtibat (v.n. 8 of ارتباط being tied; connection, affinity, familiarity, close friendship; -irtibāt kardan, A connection or alliance.

ارتباع A irtibā' (v.n. 8 of ربع), Passing the vernal season; to graze spring grass; to be square-built or sit four-square; lifting up a stone to try one's strength.

ارتجاع A عنا irtijāj (v.n. 8 of ق), Shaking, dashing of the waves; agitation, tremor.

A ارجار irtijāz (v.n. 8 of بمرا), Composing

or reciting a poem in the metre Rajaz. irtijās (٧.n. 8 of رجس), Thun-

dering.

يرجع irtijā' (v.n. 8 of رجع), Selling a camel and buying something else with the price received; taking a gift back; carrying back.

irtijal (v.n. 8 of رجل), Speaking extempore, improvisation.

irtajak, irtajik, Lightning.

irliḥāl (v.n. 8 of رحل), Departure,

travelling, migration; death.

irtikhāş (v.n. 8 of ريحي), Buying cheap.

A أردى irtida' (v.n. 8 of ردى), Putting on

a cloak or mantle.

A ارتداد irtidād (v.n. 8 of قرداد), Returning, rejecting, refusing; opposing; rejection, apostasy, recantation.

ارتداع irtida' (v.n. 8 of ودع), Being de-

filed, tinged, stained; abstaining.

irtidaf (v.n. 8 of ردك), Riding behind another; following, pursuing.

ارترار artizāz (v.n. 8 of آر), Sticking (as an arrow in the mark); being close-fisted,

stinginess.

مرسم irtisām (v.n. 8 of رسم), A distindistinguished by (in guishing mark; compos.); plan, painting, writing; being proud; prayer, invocation.

رهو irtishā' (v.n. 8 of رهو), Receiving

a bribe; bribery, corruption.

A ارتشاك irtishāf (v.n. 8 of رهف), A sipping, sucking.

منى irtizā' (v.n. 8 of رئى), Approving, consenting, accepting, being contented.

منع irtizā' (v.n. 8 of رفع), Sucking, taking the suck.

مد irti'ad (v.n. 8 of عد), and—

A ارتعاش irti'āsh (v.n. of رغش), Trembling,

trepidation.

irtifā' (v.n. 8 of رئع), Elevation, exaltation, altitude; height; ascent, grandeur, prosperity;—irtifā'i farr u shaukat, The height of glory and magnificence; irtifa' giriftan, To take the altitude (of the sun, &c.).

irtifāq (v.n. 8 of رفق), Leaning

on the elbow or on a cushion.

ارتعاء 🖈 irtiqā' (v.n. 8 of رقى), Ascending ; promotion.

A باقابا irligāb (v.n. 8 of بقاب), Expect-

ing, waiting, hoping for.

A ارتكاب irtikab (v.n. 8 of ركب), Embarking in an enterprise; perpetration, commission (of sins); riding.

ارتكاز A irtikāz (v.n. 8 of ركر), Leaning on

a bow.

ارتكاس A irtikās (v.n. 8 of ركس), Re-

lapsing, backsliding.

irtikām (v.n. 8 of رکم), Being closely packed, heaped, accumulated; a crowd, throng, press.

irtimāz (v.n. 8 of رمع), Trembling from a severe blow, palpitating, throbbing; agitation, perturbation.

irtimās (v.n. 8 of رمس), A

plunging, diving.

مرمض irtimäz (v.n. 8 of رمض), Burning with pain or grief; to be spoiled or ruined.

artang, The house of the famous Persian painter and religious impostor Mānī; also his book of drawings which he showed to his followers as a work given to him by angels; Mānī himself; a Chinese idol-temple. (Other forms are: ارثنگ arsang, ارهنگ arjang, ارسنگ arsang, ارجنگ arahang, and arhang.)

irtihāsh (v.n. 8 of رهش), Cutting one foot with the other (horse, camel);

getting sore in running.

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A ارتهان irtihan (v.n. 8 of رهن), Taking or receiving a thing as a pledge; pledge, hos-

irtiyāb (v.n. 8 of برياب irtiyāb (v.n. 8 of برياب الم

ing, suspecting; doubt, uncertainty.

a ارتيابانه irtiyabana, Doubtfully, in a doubtful or suspicious manner.

irtiyāh (v.n. 8 of حور), Rejoicing;

being glad; contentment, gaiety.

irtiyād (v.n. 8 of ارتياد م irtiyād (v.n. 8 of ارتياد searching for.

A ربش irtiyash (v.n. 8 of ربش), Being in easy circumstances; feathering a nest.

A ارتباض irtiyāz (v.n. 8 of روض), Being

broken in (a colt).

arteshdār (S. astradhārin), Soldier; a company of horsemen; name of a large river.

artīmān, A district of Hamadān.

ارث ars (v.n.), Exciting, stirring up (strife); kindling (a fire);— irs (v.n. of رب), Inheriting; heritage, heirloom; ashes; remains; -urs, A kind of thorn.

a אָלוּשׁ irṣānah, Hereditary, by heredi-

tary right.

argad, Root of the wild pepper-tree.

artang, q.v. ارتنگ = arsang ارثنگ

araj, araj, A kind of bird; the elbow; arj (Z. areja, arega), Price, worth, value; esteem, rank, honour, dignity; limit, bound, measure; separation, extraction; a bird with soft plumage, a swan; a rhinoceros.

A & araj (v.n.), Sending forth an agreeable perfume; a sweet smell; sweet-

scented spices.

A أرجاء arjā' (pl. of raja'), Sides, mar-gins, coasts;—irjā' (v.n. 4 of رجاً), Deferring, putting off.

arjasp, The grandson of Afrasiyāb; name of a Turanian champion.

ارجاع irjā' (v.n. 4 of رجع), Causing to return; returning, bringing back; changing; substituting; instituting (a suit).

arjaf, An uncertain or false rumour, a fiction;—irjāf (v.n. 4 of ,), Spreading false rumours; engaging in business.

arjālūn, A wild vine. ارجالون

arjān, A kind of fir; a kind of mountain almond.

ارجاة irjāh (v.n. 4 of مراه), Deferring beyond the proper time.

arjaz, A camel whose legs or head أرجز م are trembling when rising

q.v. أرجاسي = arjasp ارجسي A أرجال arjal, Marked with white on one foot (horse, cattle, a blemish); largefooted (man).

ارجنت arjmand, Rare, excellent, worthy of great price, valuable, exquisite, beloved, dear, brave, generous, noble, distinguished; wise;—arjmand-bānā (noble princess), A proper name.

arjmandī, Excellence; preciousness;—arjmandī burdan, To acquire, to

reap, to gain.

رجن arjan, The bitter almond-tree. أرجن arjand, Name of a town.

arjang = ارتنگ artang, q.v.

ارهنا arjanah, Name of a desert in Persia; name of a note in music.

לְכְּבְּנֵיׁ arjawān, urjuwān, Purple, deep red; a purple dye; a purple robe or carpet; redness; starch.

ارجوانی arjawānī, Purple, deep red. A ارجوانی urjūhat, A swing, a see-saw. ارجن archih, ارجن archand, Although. ارجنن archīn, A ladder; a staircase.

رجائی archīnī, Name of a mountain.

A أرحام arḥūm (pl. of riḥm or raḥim),
Wombs, matrices; relations by the mother,
uterine kindred.

ارحم ارحم (arḥam, More or most merciful :— arḥamu 'r-raḥīmīn, 'The most merciful of the merciful (God).

arḥīqina, A herb used for dyeing.

ا رخام ir<u>kh</u>ā' (v.n. 4 of رخام), Slackening, loosening, relaxing;—ir<u>kh</u>ā' i 'inān, Letting loose the reins, riding at full speed; unruliness.

ir<u>kh</u>āṣ (v.n. 4 of رخص), Finding or purchasing cheap; making cheap.

which they tinge the nails and other parts of the body of a beautiful red; some nations, mixing it with vinegar, dye the manes and tails of their horses; a kind of tree from which they make a fine oil.

ارمنگ arakhang, Arracan.

ο ارخون ar<u>kh</u>ūn (ἀρχων), A prince, chief, archon; a high-priest, patriarch (among Eastern Christians).

A أرمل arkhá, Softer, softest; more or

most flabby.

of arad, The twenty-fifth day of every month; name of the angel presiding over that day;—ārd, A defect, blemish, imperfection; flour, meal;—ārd kardan, To grind;—ārdi jaw, Barley-meal;—ārdi gandum, Wheaten flour;—ārdi kunjud, A dish of fresh dates and syrup;—ārd u raughan, A kind of sweetmeat.

of ard, Anger; (S. arati) flour-meal; —ird, The twenty-fifth day of every month, and name of the angel presiding over it;—urd, Like, similar; name of a city in Persia.

اردا ardā, Name of a priest of the Magi.

A مان irdā' (v.n. 4 of ادام) Assisting;

—(v.n. 4 of ردای) Destroying.

Also ard aba, Pottage, porridge.

ارداد ardād, ardād, A deceiver; a satyr;—

ardād, Name of a priest of the Magi (=10) ardā).

الاعالة ardāla, Flour-meal.

א לולים ardān (pl. of rudn), Sleeves;—irdān (v.n. 4 of ננט), Putting sleeves to a garment.

اردانش ardānish (probably misreading for ارزانش, Good works, alms, charity.

هالي ardāna, A species of violet.

رَّدار ārdāw, A demon, evil genius, magician.

ارداويراك ardāwīrāf, Name of a Persian legislator who flourished about the year 200 of the Christian era.

اردب ardab, War, quarrel, altercation.

اردت irdabb, An Egyptian measure equal to 24 و مقاع عقر المقادة على المقادة ا

اَرْدِيا) ārd-bā, A kind of pottage or gruel. غرف غرك غراء أَرْد عَالَمُ آلِدُ عَلَيْكُ أَلَّهُ الْمُعَالِّمُ الْمُعَالِّمُ الْمُعَالِّمُ الْمُعَالِّمُ الْمُعَالِّمُ الْمُعَالِّمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِّمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَلِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَلِمُ الْمُعَلِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَلِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَلِمُ الْمُعَلِمُ الْمُعَلِمُ الْمُعَلِمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعَلِمُ الْمُعَلِمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلِمِ الْمُعِلِمُ
ardabūr, A beautiful green colour.

אַניבּין ārd-bez, ard-bez, A sieve, boulter. איין ardabīl, Name of a city in Media. איין ard-tūla, Pottage, stir-about, gruel. בין ardij, Juniper.

اردج أب ardij-āb, Gin.

a اردجان ardajān, Certain figures and mysteries in astrology.

آردخالاء ārdahāla, A kind of milk-pottage. ارددرلاء ārd-dāla, Gruel; a fine green colour.

آرد روهن ārd-raughan, A kind of sweet-meat (see ārd u raughan, under مآرد).

قرند آردري ārd-sada, Á sieve; a fine green colour.

اردستان ārdistān, ardistān, irdistān (Z. eredhva, high+stāna, place), Name of a district in Persia.

اردش aradush (Z. aredhus), A certain number of crimes.

and flour pottage; — ardsher, Intrepid, courageous; name of Bahman son of Isfandiyār and father of Dārāb; also of Sāsān, and of the son of Sheroyah bin Parwez; — ardsheri dirāz-dast, Artaxerxes Longimanus, name of King Bahmān.

اردهيران ardshīrān, Name of a bitter

أردهير خوة ardeher-khurra, Name of a country in Persia.

الاهميرة إلى ardsher-dārā, A bitter medicine.

a اردندانی aridfanānī, Wild cucumber. اردك urdak, An aquatic bird;—urdak az kūn bur-āmad, A practical joke has been

اردی ا ardakān, Name of a town in the district of Shirāz; also of a village near

اردگان ardagān, Certain figures in astrology.

irdam, The anemone;—ardam, A section of the book of Zardusht; dexterity; skill; the anemone.

(

ardami, Name of an animal.

obj ardan, ardan, urdan, A colander, a strainer;—ardan, Name of a country; the river Jordan;—irdan, The oxycanth fruit; a species of eagle.

יניק urdū, A camp, an army; a name for the Hindustani language, made up of Hindi, Persian, and Arabic; — urdū'i humāyūn, urdū'i mu'allā, The royal camp.

פוליסי) ardawān, פוליסי) ardbān (strong guard), Name of several princes of ancient Persia, Media, and India, supposed to be the Artabanus of the Greeks; name of a country.

urdu-zada, Encamped.

ardūsh, The body of the lunar

اردوکند ardùkind, The ancient name of the city of Kāshghār or Tūrān (Scythia).

לכ, א ardūla, Milk-pottage, pap, gruel. אליניט ardūn, Name of a king of Persia.

a kind of porridge; a handmill;—ārda'i khurmā, A dish made of dates with hot bread, butter, &c.;—ārda'i (arda'i) kunjud, A dish of fresh dates and syrup.

قردهاله ārdhāla, A kind of pottage or

gruel.

أرد خرك : غرك arda-bukhrak أردة : خرك q.v. أرد عرك ardahī, Name of an animal.

urdī, The second month of the solar أردى

year.

rdī (ardī) bihisht, The second Persian month, mid-spring, April; the third day of every month, which the old Persians celebrated by a festival; the angel who presides over the mountains; fire.

رديده ārdīna, A kind of gruel or pottage.

A اردال arzāl (pl. of razī), Vile, ignoble; the vulgar, the rabble;—irzāl (v.n. 4 of رادل), Despising, treating with scorn; asso-

ciating with the base.

A JJ, arzal, Mean, base; more or most mean, base, ignoble or vile;—arzalu 'l-'umr, The end of life, when memory and

faculties fail.

j) arz, Price, value; quantity; esteem, veneration;—arzi bāzār, Market price.

A j, arz, urz, The pine, cedar, pitch, juniper, or any cone-bearing tree;—araz, uruz, urz, Rice.

A slipl arzā' (pl. of ruz'), Afflictions, cala-

mities, disasters.

ارزاق م arzāq (pl. of risq), Riches, posses.

sions, provisions.

olj, arzān, Of small value, cheap, lowpriced; worthy;—(for olj st agar zi-ān) If from that;—arzān shudan, To be cheup; to be worth;—arzūn kardan, To make cheap.

ارزانش arzānish, Charity, good works. ماززانی arzānī, Cheapness; abundance; anything safe and sure; anything given in charge; a worthy object of charity;— arsānī dāshtan, arsānī farmūdan, arsānī kardan, To give, bestow, confer.

ارزانهدي arzānīdan, To be esteemed; to be bought cheap.

ارزایانیدی arzāyānādan, To render valuable ; to make cheap.

وريعون = aretiyūn أرزيعون q.v.

arzish, Price, value, worth.

A خراد arzaq (for azraq), Azure, cerulean. وزير arzan, Millet;—arzani zarrīn, Stars; sparks of fire; a draught of wine; bubbles.

A cyll arzan, A hard kind of tree from which they make walking-sticks; a city in Armenia called Erzeroom (arzanu 'r-rūm).

ارزى ويراً arzan-reza, Small grains; small rain-drops; sips, drinking by sips.

arzangān, Name of a city in Ar-

menia. (ماران arzanin, Bread made of millet.

intention, inclination, affection, love, appetite, concupiscence, hope, want; — ārzū't nafs, Sensuality; —ārzū bar bastan, ārzū dar kanār kashūdan (guzāshtan), To obtain one's wish; —ārzū dar dil (dar jigar) shikastan, ārzū sokhtan (farū shikastan), To be disappointed, frustrated in one's wish; —ārzū pukhtan (khwāstan, dāshtan, kardan), To nourish a wish, to desire ardently.

אונף אוֹן ārzuwāna, Any object of desire; wistfully;—ārzuwāna'i zani bār-dār, The

longing of a pregnant woman.

ارو خواه ārzū-<u>kh</u>wāh, Wishing for, desirous. نرودي ārzūdan, To desire, wish, hanker.

مَّرَادُو سَنَّجَ ārrū-sanj, Desirous, longing for. آرادِ مُكْسَبِّةُ مَّرَّادُو مُكْسَبِّةً مَّرَادِ مُكْسَبِّ resolution, change of mind.

آرزو هکی مترته أرزو هکی arzū-shikan, Breaking a resolution, preventing the execution of any design.

رَزُو كُدُهُ , ārzū-kada أَرْزُو كُدُهُ , ārzū-gāh. هُ أَرْزُو كُدُهُ مَّا اللهِ عَلَيْهِ أَمْرُو كُدُهُ مَّا اللهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلِي عَلِي عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْ

شروسند ārzūmand, Desirous, eagor, fond, wishful, covetous, avaricious, greedy;—ārzūmandi iḥsānam, I am desirous, solicitous, or ambitious of favour;—ārzūmandi 'aṭīya, Greedy of gifts.

آرزوسدي arzūmandī, Desire, wish, appe-

tite.

رَارِونَ ārrūn, Amiable qualities, virtues. آرَزُونَاكُ arrūnāk, Desirous, wishful, eager.

or plaster;—arza, Clay mixed with straw for plaster;—arza, Liquid pitch; the cypress; the pine; the first of the seven climates.

ارزه کر ārzagar, arzagar, A plasterer. ارزجری arzetān, Name of a certain prin-

ورييه arzīdan, To suit, become; to be worth.

arzīs, Lead.

أريش arzīsh, Price, value; dignity.

ஞ் arzhan, A species of bitter almond. arzhang, The house of the painter Mānī, &c. (see ارتك artang); a demon of Mazandaran, killed by Rustam; a Turanian champion, killed by Tus.

arzhana, Name of a desert in Persia. aras, Name of a river near Tiflis, the Araxes of the ancients;—aris, āris, The juniper-tree;—ars (S. asra), A tear;—arsi buzān, A rheum issuing from the eyes of the mountain-goat from which they prepare an antidote against poison;—ure, The larch, plane, or cypress tree.

ire, A noble race or stock.

ارساه A irea' (v.n. 4 of رسو), Making firm, immovable.

مرطاع A ارساغ arsāgh (pl. of rusgh), The wrists or ankles (in man), pasterns (in animals).

ارسال ه irsāl (v.n. 4 of رسل), Sending, despatching; remittance; despatch; monthly collection of rents.

ارسال المعنى ireāl-nāma, A list of remittances, invoice of goods, rent-roll.

arsān (pl. of rasan), Halters;--irean (v.n. 4 of رسن), Binding fast with a halter, haltering.

arsāniqūn, Yellow orpiment. ārast, Ability, power; decoration; -ārast, arast, The upper or higher part of pack-saddles; plumpness in the hips (of animals).

arastdan, To adorn; to be able. أرستن ārastan, arastan, To adorn; to be

able.

ارستو arastū, A swallow; swallow-wort. قرمتة arasta, Adorned.

arastā, Aristotle. أرسطا أرسطا āristā, Henbane.

arastātalis, ارسطاطاليس arastātālis, ارسطاطلس arastātālis, Aristotle.

aristulūkhiyā, Long birthwort.

aristo, Aristotle; the herb birth-

T أرسلان arslān, arslān, A lion; surname adopted by several kings of Persia.

arsan, An assembly, meeting, con-

arsanāl, Arsenal (m.c.).

arsang, Māni the impostor's shop

(artang). ارتنگت ۱

arash, Name of a celebrated archer; name of the second son of Kai Qubad;arash, A cubit, a fathom; name of a city; —ārish, Signification, meaning; — arish (S. rishi), Wise, prudent; an assembly; arsh, a cubit; an assembly.

arish, Name of a mountain ;—arsh, Disagreement, quarrel, altercation; stimulation to discord; a mulct or fine paid for

the shedding of blood.

A stall irshad (v.n. 4 of ...), Directing,

showing the right way; direction, order, command; -- irshād-angez, Producing safety.

irehāsh (v.n. 4 of رش), Gentle rain; dropping of blood or tears.

arshad, The marcasite stone.

arshasang, The 25th of the month.

arshak, A poppy; fault; — arashk (Z. araçka), Envy.

arshimīdus, Archimedes.

arshan (in Kipjāk), A cloud.

أرهي arishī, True, real, significant. أرهي arshyā (in Zand and Pāzand), A throne.

arṣād (pl. of raṣad), Observations أرماد of the stars, or of roads (through deserts); -irṣād (v.n. 4 of رمد), Observing, watching.

A رصن irṣān (v.n. 4 of رصن), Making

fast.

arz, The earth, ground, soil; land, country, region; a portion of laud; -arzi khāli, Uncultivated ground; - arzi rūm (country of the Romans), Name of a city on the confines of Armenia and Cappadocia;—arzi mamālik, A prime minister;— arzi nāh, The land of Noah, a place so called in Eastern Arabia.

ارضاع م irṣā' (v.n. 4 of ربعع), Giving suck. arazat, A worm which eats into

ships, the white ant, weevil.

a رضي arpī, Terrestrial, earthly, earthy.

artāl (pl. of ratt or ritt), Certain measures of weight, pounds (of twelve ounces).

artāmāsiyā, Artemisia, mug- ارطاماسيا ع wort.

artāmīdūs, Name of a prophet.

artamis, Artemisia ; Dianu. artamīsā, Southernwood.

artanīṣā, Sow-bread.

رطى arte, artī, A willow; a poplar.

artayûn, Intelligent, acnte, cunning.

ir'ash (v.n. 4 of رعش), 'Trembling ;

causing to tremble.

ارعف ir'āf (v.n. 4 of رعف), Causing (the nose) to bleed, producing hemorrhage; causing to make haste; filling a bottle.

A مراه ar'ad, Thunder-struck.

مريح) ar'an, Foolish, ignorant; lax, flabby, weak, languid.

ارعو ir'iwā' (v.n. 9 of رعو), Abstaining

(from evil); repenting.

El arugh, A belch, ructation; -urgh, Hot and bitter (walnut or almond).

ارها arykā, ارهاب arghāb, A river. arghaif, eles arghach, Yarn; the

ارغادة, أن irghāda, Name of a river.

urghāf. A stream of water.

ارغالي arghālī, Argali, the wild sheep of Siberia and Central Asia (see ارتالي).

يرغم irghām (v.n. 4 of رغم), Rubbing (a man's nose) in the dirt; lowering, debasing.

arghamun, A web in the eye, which in the extreme parts of the iris looks red, in the interior white.

arghāmūnī, Wild tansy. وغاموني

ارغار arghav, A river.

arghich, Ivy.

ارجي arghachī, A long rope or thread. أرفطة أرفطة arughda, āraghda, Angry, passionate, enraged; agitated (opp. to quiet); quarrelsome; — araghda, arghuda, Covetous,

greedy. مرا مروان arghish, Ivy.

arghushtak, A kind of child's ارغفتك game.

arghak, Ivy. ارغاك

arghal, Easy, agreeable (life); nncircumcised.

arghami, A long thread.

arghamchī, A long robe; a thread ارغمیتی twenty cubits long, fit for weaving.

arghan, An organ.

arghanj, A long thread.

أرفند drghand, arghand, أرفند arghanda, arghanda, Covetous, desirous, wishful; intrepid; passionate, angry, testy; a tippler. arghand-ab, Name of a river.

arghang, The shop of the painter

Mani (see ارتنگ artang).

ارغنن arghanun (G. öpyavov), An organ.

arghanûn, An organ.

arghanun-zan, Who plays on the organ.

ارهوان arghawan, Name of a tree whose

fruit and flower are of a beautiful red. أرغوان تن arghawān-tan (red-bodied),

Name of the planet Mars. ارغوان ساعد arghawān-sā'id, With rosy

fore-arms.

ارغواني arghawānī, Red, purple.

erah arghun, An organ; (S. arvan) a wild horse.

irghayan, A village near Nishabur. ارغيدي arghidan, To quarrel, dispute, scold, brawl, contend; to become hard, to wax dry.

ارطيدة arghīda, Angry, passionate.

arghesh, The bark of the boxthorn.

ارنات م irfāh (v.n. 4 of من), Bestowing affluence; comforting, cherishing; enjoyment of ample means and tranquillity.

arfakhshad, Name of a prophet.

arfash, A caravan. أرفش

arfaz, A refuser; an obstinate heretic, particularly a fanatic Shi'ah.

arfa', Higher, highest.

q.v. اروند arfand أرنند

arq, A canal.

araq (v.n.), Being watchful, sleepless;—araqq, More or most transparent; thinner, thinnest. More or most slender, or

irgāş (v.n. 4 of رقص), Miking (ناص)

camel) dance, caper, or trot; dandling (an infant).

ارقال arqaq, Privet ;—irqaq (v.n. 4 of رقال ه Making thin or slender; reducing into a state of servitude; speaking in refined language.

ارتال A irqāl (v.n. 4 of رقل), Making haste.

argālī (see ارهالي), Argali, the wild sheep of Siberia and Central Asia.

ragam), Figures, رقام A أرقام arqām (pl. of رقام writings, notations; — arqāmi numbers; hindi, Arithmetic, numbers, properly Indian tables, arithmetic being generally supposed to be borrowed from them.

arqān, Privet; mountain almond. argish, Intelligent, skilful; an

adept.

arqat, Variegated with black and

white spots.

arqam, (A serpent) speckled with black and white (of a very dangerous species); name of an Arabian tribe.

argand, Name of a mountain in the ارتبد wast.

طارا ark (m.c. for ازک), A small citadel ; ark-'imarat, Citadel-palace.

A ارك ark (v.n. of ارك), A camel's feeding on the tree arak; abiding in one place.

A ارکاز irkāz (v.n. 4 of رکر), Discovering minerals or hidden treasures.

A ارکس irkās (v.n. 4 of رکس), Driving back.

اركاض irkāz (v.n. 4 of ركض), Becoming large and stirring in the womb (a fœtus). irkāk, Dew, misling rain.

arkān (pl. of rukn), Columns, pillars, supports, props; component parts; fundamentals, essentials; (prosodic) feet; -arkāni daulat, Nobles (pillars of the State).

arkūn, A chief, a governor. اركون arkūnitan (in Zand and Pāzand), To give, to bestow; a gift.

arkiyā (in Zand and Pazand), A river.

arg, A small citadel within a larger one; name of a fortress in Sistan; (S. arka) the sun;—arag, A swing; — arag, urug, A tether ;-org, An organ (m.c. from Fr. orgue).

H رکجه argaja, A kind of perfume.

argali, A wild sheep (see ارکلی and (ارتالي

urganj, Name of a city in Khurāsān.

aryūs, Name of one of Alexander's successors, Lagos (?)

arlās, The spirit or soul of sphere ارلاس of Mercury.

A c. arim, Name of a town in Mazandaran; also of a village near Dahistan.

of arm, The arm from the elbow to the

shoulder;—iram, Name of the inventor of warlike instruments; = A. o iram, q.v.

A c) arm (v.n.), Seizing with the teeth, biting; twisting hard (a rope); eating up all on the table;—iram, The fabulous gardens, said to have been devised by Shaddād bin 'Ad in emulation of the gardens of Paradise.

nything (hot sand); hurting with heat, scorching the feet; grieving, afflicting, paining.

armat, A kind of date-tree with a

fragrant blossom.

ارمال armāk, ارمال armāl, A substance like cinnamon.

ارمان ārmān, armān, Desire; a sigh; grief, sorrow; remorse (armān khwurdan, To sigh);—armān, A kind of drug which bardens the gums;—irmān, Anything borrowed; name of a city.

ارمان خوار armān-<u>kh</u>wār, Wishful; vexed. ارمان خور armān-<u>kh</u>wur, Grieved, vexed.

armān-sarāy, The house of

mourning, i.e. the present world.

رمانيدي armānādan. To sigh; to be afflicted; to repent, to feel the anguish of repentance.

irmā'īl, Name of one of Zahhāk's

cooks

مد armad, Of an ash colour; suffering from ophthalmia.

q.v. آرامیدن aramidan, = آرمدن

أرمدة aramda, Vexation, grief, sorrow; repentance, remorse;—āramida, Reposed, rested.

וריע (Z. ahura-mazdā), The first day of the month; name of the angel who presides over the first day of the month; the planet Jupiter; name of the son of Isfandiyār's son Bahman; name of the son of Anoshīrwān.

ارسی urmus, The prophet Enoch;

آرمش ārmish (for ārāmish), Quiet, repose. ارمغاني armaghān, armughān, ارمغاني armaghānā, A present brought from a journey, an offering; a piece of money.

urmak, A woollen garment.

irmagān, A tutor; happiness, felicity.

āram-gāh, آرمكاه āram-gah, A place

of rest; delight.

A رمل armal, Widowed, in a state of celibacy; poor, indigent, helpless, wanting victuals; barren, without rain or produce (year); with black feet (sheep);—armul (pl. of raml), Sands.

arman (for agar man), If I;—arman, irman, Name of a part of the mountainous district of Āzarbaijān, and the birth-place of Shīrīn, famous for the production of silk.

armand, At rest, reposed.

āramanda, Tranquil, quiet; render-

ing quiet, calming; —armanda, Tranquil, quiet.

أرمنسا armansā, Name of the body of the lunar sphere (see اأردوش).

armanī, irmanī, Armeniau.

armanin, The wild pomegranate.

ارمنية armaniya, Armenia;—irmaniya, Name of a city where formerly stood a fire-temple called درعش durukhsh.

ارمود armud (for امرود amrud), A pear.

A pear. ارموله urmulat, The stump left on the

trunk of the plant 'arfaj after lopping off a branch; widowed; poor, indigent (youth).

(for A. ωρ) arbūn, from G. ἀρραβων), Earnest, pledge, stipulation, anything by which a promise or bargain is confirmed.

armūnitan (in Zand and Paz.), To

sleep, repose.

أرميا armiyā, urmiyā, irmiyā, Jeremiah; Khizr; Ali; Jerusalem.

أرميدكي āramīdagī, Rest, quiet; modesty.

āramīdan, To rest, repose.

أرميدة āramīda, armīda, Bested, reposed, quiescent.

armīs, A kind of thorn.

أرمين armīn, The fourth son of King Kai Qubād.

armīniya, Armenia.

ارسين armayun, Name of a Greek philosopher; ingenious, intelligent; a sort of stone which breaks in a pentangular shape.

ن من من من الله في ال

ارن arran (in Zand and Pāzand), A ewe.

A ارنب arnab, A hare, a rabbit;—arnabi
baḥrī, A kind of poisonous fish.

ارن بيز aran bīzh, Brazilian wood.

أربي āranj, aranj, The elbow; the arm from the shoulder to the elbow.

ارند arand (S. eranda), The castor-oil plant. وزندان arandān, Denial, refusal, prohibition; Heaven forbid! let it not be!

قرد āranda, A bringer, a porter, carrier. فري ārang, Colour, mode, form, manner; thought, doubt, suspicion; grief, trouble, affliction; craft, deceit, stratagem; a kind of fruit; a viceroy, a governor; (for āranj) the elbow; (in compos. at the end of compounds) like, resembling, in form of; apparently; never;—ārang ārang, Parti-coloured, variegated.

أَرْدُواز arnawāz, Name of a sister of Jamshed.

ارند ar na (for agar na), If not. ارنيبژ aranyabish, Brazilian wood.

н у ārā, A peach (Prunus domestica,

comp. الو.). A مارا irwā' (v.n. 4 of ررى), Giving to

drink, quenching the thirst.

A clos arwāḥ (pl. of rūḥ), Spirits, souls, minds;—ba-arwāḥi pidaram, By my father's soul (m.c.).

اراته arwāna, A wild violet; a kind of camel.

arūbak, Remote, distant; old.

سائرپ urūp, Europe (m.c.).

aroj, The juniper-tree (perhaps mis-

reading for اردع).

اروس arūs, Furniture; clothes.

arūsā, Name of an Indian plant.

A Ent arwa', Handsome, winning, engaging (either by comeliness or courage).

En arugh, A belch (arugh dadan, to belch);—arugh, A stem, stalk; family;—urugh, An ox-hide; a large owl; a day; a fabulous mountain;—urugh kardan, To dress leather; to clean, to wipe.

رِعْيدن ārū<u>yh</u>īdan, To belch.

ārūq, A belch.

A على urūk (v.n. of عال), Going down (a swelling).

رومه arūma, A plant whence potash is made.

σχ) ārūn, arūn, Amiable, attractive, winning qualities;—irūn, A medlar; an eagle;
 —arwan, Bilious, choleric.

arunitan (in Zand and Paz.), To

wash.

arwand, Majesty, grandeur, pomp;—arwand, Experience, proof; the best part of anything; majesty, grandeur, pomp; elegance, beauty, gracefulness; wish, desire; a sigh of regret; the ocean; the Tigris; name of a mountain in Hamadan; name of the father of Lohrasb; name of a fountain in Sistan.

ارساب arwandāb, Name of Zahhāk's

father.

ارسيدن arondīdan, arondīdan, To be lazy; to louse.

arānis, Valerian. ارونس a

اريس arwis, A board whereon the Parsis place the vessels used in their religious ceremonies; a hair rope.

رين arwin, arwin, Experiment, trial.

هرون arwiya, A mountain said to be forty parasangs high.

رة, Root or lower part of the teeth,

gums

5) arra (S. ārā), A saw;—arra nimūdan, arra kashīdan, To saw;—arra'i mār-dan-dān, A saw of serpents' teeth.

irhaf (v.n. 4 of رهف), Whetting,

sharpening (a sword).

رهای irhāq (v.n. 4 of رهای), Bringing near; being dilatory in saying prayers; causing one to hasten away; oppressing, being hard upon.

ارة خان arrajān (called also ارة خان arraghān), Name of a city sixty leagues from

Shīrāz.

arhad, A species of grain.

arra-zabān, A backbiter, slanderer. اره زبان arhaft, Name of a Hindu prophet.

arra-kash, A sawyer. اره کش

ارهنگ arhang, Name of a town in Badakhshān, and a place of pilgrimage, called also arhangi ḥusain, because the head of Ali's son Husain was buried there; the shop of Mānī (see زنگ) artang).

رَي āre, Root or lower part of the teeth, gums (see آرة);—ārī, Yes, very well, indeed,

truly; no.

honey; pouring forth rain (a cloud); copious rain; bearing malice.

н آری ārī. The root of Arum colocasia.

ارياح aryāḥ (pl. of rīḥ), Winds.

A -i, arīb, Sagacious, cunning, shrewd, sly.

اريب urīb (ureb), Crooked, inverted.

A sol arij, arijat (v.n. of sol), Sending forth an agreeable smell; a perfume; a sweet smell.

A arīḥā, Jericho in Palestine.

العدة مراجعة A aryaḥīyat, Cheerfulness, alacrity

in bestowing a gift.

اريد بريد غيراً arīd barīd, irīd birīd, A kind of medicine brought from Sijistān, resembling in shape an onion cut through the middle.

قريدن aridan. To adorn.

أرير ārīr, Sagacious, shrewd; sober, chaste. سيا arīs (ares), Quick-sighted, acute.

A ابس arīs, A husbandman; name of a well in Madīnah.

اريم urīsa, The district of Orissa (in India).

arīsh, Ingenious, clever. أريش

A ريض ariz, Broad, wide, large; worthy, suitable; pure; humble, modest; fat (animal).

رَّبِي آ arīth, Aversion, abhorrence, hatred. اربك arīk (in Zand and Pāz.), Distant, remote.

اريك arīk, Name of a valley.

A أربكة arikat, An ornamented sofa or couch in a state apartment; a throne.

اریکه نشین arīka-nishīn, Sitting on a throne.

رين ārīn, A cubit.

) āz, Desire, love, passion, lust; avidity, avarice, covetousness; (at the end of com-

pounds) greedy; name of a city.

31 az, From; of; for; by; out of; with; belonging to; by means of; in exchange; on; than; through; off; after;—az āb bar āmadan, To attain from a lower to a higher degree either in dignity or in abasement;—az ātish-hā dūde na-dīda, Inexperienced in the vicissitudes of fortune;—az alifi ādam tā mīmi mosīh, From Adam to Christ;—az āni o, az āno, His, her, or hers;—az āni eshān, Their, theirs;—az ān bāz, From thence, from that time;—az āni tu, Thy, thine;—az ān jā, Thence, from that place;—az āni

shumā, Your, yours ;—az āni kih, Whose? az āni mā, Our, ours;—az āni man, My, mine; -az o āzādi kard, He declared him free; -az in jā, Hence, from this place; ae în jā, az în dast, az în sabab, Ou this account; -az în jānib, From this side or part; -az īn jumla, From all this; -az īn sipas, Henceforth;—as bālā, From above; az bālā'i fulān, Before, in front of a person; —az birāy, For, because of ;—az birā'i ānki, On account that;—as bari nar shīr doshīdan, To draw milk from the breast of a male, i.e. to accomplish some wonderful feat ;—az buni dandān, az buni sī u du, az buni qosh, az buni nākhun, Obedience, hearty service; cheerful; accumulated, treasured up;—az bahā (qīmat) uftādan, To lose in valne; -az bahri eshān, On their account; az bahri tūtiyā (dawā) na-mānad, Nothing remains even for tutty or medicine (to express the utmost want of a thing);—az bahri chih, On what account?—az bahri khuda, For God's sake:—az bahri didan, In order to see :—az bahri sūd. On account of gain; -az bahri namāz, For the sake of prayer;-—az pāy uftādan (dar uftādan, dar āmadan), To fall into disgrace, misery, want; to slip, to fall; to die; to retain no trace of former splendour;—az pā afgandan (dar andākhtan, dar āwardan), To throw down, enfeeble, destroy;—az parda birān shudan, To exceed bounds;—az pargār uftādan, To be be-wildered and helpless;—az pargār raftan (shudan), To be in an ecstasy, beside oneself;—az pas, From behind;—az pas sar safir kashidan, To become abject, to humble oneself before another; --az post bar āmadan, To disclose one's secrets; to renounce the world, one's selfishness, or carnality; to laugh; to attain one's object;—az post bīrūn āmadan (uftādan, shudan), To be beside oneself, to rejoice exceedingly;—az post bīrūn āwardan (kashīdan), To skin, to flay;—az pahlū'i kase chīze dīdan, To derive advantage from anyone;—az pahlū'i kase kare kardan, To accomplish a thing by another's help; -az pesh, From before; -az tahi dil, From the bottom of the heart;—az jā bar dāshtan kase-rā, To promote, give advancement, increase one's power ;-az jān sar amadan, To be weary of life; to be wide awake; -az jihat, On account of, because: -az chashm afgandan (andākhtan), To depreciate, disparage, despise, render contemptible; -az chashm (nazar) uftadan, To be depreciated, disparaged, rendered contemptible; — az chashmi kharidari didan, To look at a thing from all sides, attentively; -az chand roz, How long since? how many days? — az chob (sanq) chize tarashidan, To produce a thing from where it was not found before;—az chize kharidan (bāz kharīdan), To rescue, liberate from; —az chīze gul chīdan, To obtain a favour,

to enjoy a sight :—az khāk bar dāshta'i (bar girifta'i) o, (He is) his client and dependant: - az <u>kh</u>āk sitāndan, To abase, to destroy ;az khar uftādan, To fall from the ass; (met.) to die; -az khar figandan, To deceive, to cheat; -- az khatt bīrūn shudan, To disobey a command; -az khwud, Voluntarily; -az khwud gha'ib shudan, To be absent, inattentive ;—az dā'ira uftādan, To lose caste ;—az dast, Weak; a subject, a vassal; -az dast bar qiriftan. To exterminate, to destroy;—az dasti dahr jastan, To escape from the world; to die; —az dast rafta, az dast shuda, In an ecstasy, beside one's self;—az dil āmad, It came into his mind, it occurred to him; he recollected; he did not succeed;—az dūr, From afar;—az dū taraf, Mutual, reciprocal, from both sides; -az rāh burdan, To lead out of the road, to seduce, deceive, ruin; -az ragi andesha khūn chakidan, To consider attentively :--az zabān (sadā) uftādan, To become speechless; — az zabān afgandan (andakhtan), To render speechless;—azzabān jastan, To commit a blunder in speaking; -az sabān dar āmadan, To be guilty of a slip of the tongue; -az zabāni kase chize āwardan (bastan, sākhtan), Relate on the authority of another; -az zīri sang bīrūn āmadan, To escape a great danger; —az sar afgandan, To dethrone; — as sar guzashtan, To desist, withdraw one's hand; to resign one's life; -az sar-angusht, Rashly, inconsiderately;—az sari pā rawān shudan, To go quickly; -az sar khwastan, To risk one's life;—az sar-dast, Off-hand, without reflection;—az sar kardan, To seduce; to contradict, to give the lie; -az sar nihādan, To turn upside down;—az sar wā kard, It dropped from his memory, he neglected;—az sang chīze bīrān āwardan (paidā kardan) = az chob chīze tarāshīdan. q.v. above; -azash, From that time; from him; from them;—az shākh post kardan, To graft; -- az shāh khūb - ittifāq ast, Is he on good terms with the king?—az shikam uftādan, To die; -az sāhib yak sukhan mī-dāram, Sir, I want to have a word with you; -az sahrā āwardan (justan, yāftan), To get a thing gratuitously, without payment; — az tāqi dil uftādan, To fail in one's schemes;—az firod, From below;—az qaht murdan, To perish by famine;—az qafā jabīn kardan, To turn the face back towards;—az qalam uftādan, To slip from the pen (a word, from forgetfulness in writing); -az kār dast kashīdan, To give over an enterprise;—az kwjā, Whence?—az kujāst, Whence is it?—az girih raftan, To be squandered, lavished away;—az gil-hā chi gil, From what stock (art thou)?—az libāsi nafs 'uryan shudan, To become sinless, beside oneself, enraptured;—as misamir dokhtan, To fasten strongly, to guard closely;—az mā, From us;—az man dar

guzar, Pardon my fault;—az miyan, From among :- az narma'i gosh, syn. with az buni gosh, q.v. above; -az nasaq uftādan, To be disarranged, dispersed, scattered; - az nafas andākhtan, To silence;—az namadi kase kulāh kardan, To adopt the manners, fashions, or style of another;—az namad bīrūn raftan, To be strained (wine);—az nau, anew, afresh, again ;—az o bār khwurd, He is offended at him;—as o bar bast, He reaped the fruit of it; -az o pahlū kard, az o pahlū tihi kard, az o kanāra kard, He retired far from him; -az o digar kard, He turned from him;—az o dil bar dasht, He was enraged at him ;-az o dandān bar kan, as o dandani umed bar kan. Draw out the tooth of hope, i.e. give up all hopes of it ;az o zāgh qirift. He took the crow from him. i.e. he over-reached him;—az o gūy burd, az o burd. He wrested the victory from him: -az o ahā'ib ma-shav, Be not absent from that, i.e. Neglect it not;—az way, From him; -az way daman afshandan, To give a thing up;—az ham bar āmadan, To be disturbed, sad, and melancholy;—az ham shudan, To be separated; to expand, open, blossom; -as hawā giriftan, To speak without foundation, to produce a thing from where it cannot be got;—az yād burdan, To forget;—az-īn besh, Henceforth;—az yakchashm didan, To look at with an impartial

iji āsā, aza, Mastic; over against, opposite.

A Alj izā', Whatever is opposite to and corresponding with a thing.

أزاب āzāb, An unmarried man; a recruit. أرابستان āzābistān, New levies, in which none but unmarried men are enrolled.

A أولام izāḥai (v.n. 4 of الله Removing.

P siji azad, Free, independent, liberated, delivered, manumitted, exempted; faultless; solitary, lonely; a kind of faqir, or devotee; a lily; a cypress; a fresh date; an evergreen; a delicious kind of fish; the upas-tree; the mountain Alwand; name of a hamlet in the district of Nakhchuwan; -āzād az kāre, Free from care, disengaged from business;—āzād firūkhtan, To sell out and out, unconditionally ;—āzād kardan, To set at liberty, absolve, dismiss, allow to go away; - azad shudan, To be liberated, dismissed, permitted to depart.

أَوْلَدُ أَوْلًا مَا اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّ of reciting the praises of God.

أزاد على āsād-khalq, Mankind at large; āzād-khulq, Free (men), unblemished in body or mind.

أراد دارو مارة dzād-dārū, A species of beetroot.

مَان درخت الله أَلَّم مَا اللهُ مَا kind of tree which abounds in Georgia, where it is called zahri zamīn, Poison of the earth. In Persia it is called diag or <u>tagh</u>ag. طعات

2) Jiji azad-rav, Who walks or travels

along freely.

ازاد سرو الله مرو الله مرو أزاد مرو dji azad-sarv, The free (i.e. tall) cypress; name of a man from whom Firdausi borrowed the tale of Rustam's death.

a آزاد طبع đzād-ṭab', Free, of a lofty dis-

position.

T كاغلى آزاد كاغلى قيقة قياد كاغلى قياد كاغلى تا

liberty, a charter.

ن مَرَادَكَانِ azādagān (pl. of azāda), Free, high-born, generous men, especially applied to the Iranians in opposition to the Turanians.

اراده کاه جامله azad-gahi jamah = عامله azāda-gāhi jāmah, q.v.

asādagi, Freedom, independence;

over-boldness, recklessness.

أزاد مرد āzād-mard, Free, high-minded, ambitious.

قراد مردى قيققط-mardi, Liberty, freedom. أزاد ميوة azad-mewa, A confection made of sugar-candy and almonds.

j āzād-wār, Name of a note in music; name of a village in Khorasan famous for

fruit, especially grapes.

**Solft azada, Free; perfect, intact, pure; excellent, noble; venerable; (met.) the lily; the cypress;—āzāda'i qaidi 'ishq, Free from the fetters of love.

āzāda-khirām, Graceful in walk-

غوى ,āzāda-<u>kh</u>o أزادة خوى ,āzāda-<u>kh</u>oy Of liberal disposition, noble-minded; name of the wife of Tür.

ارادة دار āzāda-dār, Keeping free, render-

ing free, liberating; a boaster.

ارة دل āzāda-dil, Free from care; pious,

upright; noble.

قامة كاة عامة معامة أرادة كاة عامة عامة where a piece of cloth is cut from the loom.

قرارة وار قية azāda-wār, Worthy of the free or noble.

زادى آزادى āzādī, Liberty; freedom from worldly cares; praise, thanksgiving;āzādī kardan, To praise.

أزار āzār, lmp. of āzārdan; trouble, disorder, affliction, sickness, disease, grief, vexation, molestation, injury, outrage; importunity; (in comp.) tormenting, reproaching, teasing, affronting, as jandzār, Tormenting the soul; cruel, brutal; *—āzāri talkha*, The jaundice;*—āzār dādan* (kardan, To molest, ver, rebuke, revile, censure, quarrel, plague, torment, importune; —āzār yāftan, To be in trouble, to be sick.

lil azār, Money, a dirham;—isār, The bottom of the water.

A plit izār, A veil of fine linen or mus-

lin, covering the body to the middle of the leg; trousers, breeches, drawers; the skirts of a tent; a woman; — izāri khargāh, A tent-flap; — izāri kishtībān, Sailors' breeches.

izār-band, The string of the

drawers.

a زار بندی رهته izār-bandī rishta, Connexion through a wife; petticoat interest.

a ازاریای izār-pāy, Breeches; inner breeches, drawers reaching to the feet.

ازارة م isārat, Breeches, trousers.

azārdam, A kind of pulse, French hean.

לוֹנ^ינים āzārdan, To injure, oppress, revile. قَارُ وَعَا مُعَارِبُهُ مُعَالِمُ لَمُ مُعَالِمُ مُعَالِمُ مُعَالِّمُ مُعَالِمُ مُعَالِمُ مُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ مُعَالِمُ مُعَلِّمُ الْمُعَلِّمُ مُعَالِمُ مُعَالِمُ مُعَالِمُ مُعَالِمُ مُعَلِمُ مُعَلِّمُ مُعِلِّمُ مُعِلِّمُ الْمُعَلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعِيمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعِمِمِ مُعِلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعِلِّمُ مُعِلِمُ مِعِلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مِعِلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعِمِلًا مُعِلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعِمِلًا مُعِلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعِمِ مُعِلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعِلِمِ

قَار ديدة āzār-dīda, One who has seen trouble.

قرار رسان azār-rasān, Troublesome, riotous; burtful, injurious; an incendiary.

قرر رسيدة āzār-rasīda, Vexed, distressed. annoy- أزارك ārdrish, Molestation, trouble, annoyance, uneasiness.

seditious; a burter, a tormentor.

ازارود isārūd, asārūd, Transoxania.

izāra, A low wall in front of a house. أراري āzārī, Trouble, affliction; sick; a patient; insolent.

الراب والمارية والما

قَاعَ مَعَمَعِهُم Anything whose inside is black and clammy.

A قال izālat (v.n. 4 of زول). Removing,

causing to cease.

قاميد ji azamand (perhaps misreading for armand), A miser, a covetous person.

on the ground that.

lel ji az īrā. Because.

א א מו א מין א l az bar, א וניהן barm, By heart;—az bar khwāndan, To recite by heart;—az bar danistan, To know by heart;—az bar kardan, To learn by heart.

از بس as bas, Much, many.

az baskih, Inasmuch as.

ו איז j az bīr, By heart, by rote, by memory. ار پای az pāy, On account of; down.

az pāy past, Decayed, under-

زيى az pay, On account of; down. ازيده āz-pesha, Of friendly disposition, with good intentions (opp. to kina-sas).

A zil azajj, (A man) whose eye-brows are long and narrow; long-striding (ostrich).

ازماك المال izhāf (v.n. 4 of مال), Being fatigued (a heast of burden); fatiguing, jading.

& āsakh, asakh, A wart; a twig, a vine; -āzukh. A rotten and empty nut; a led

borse.

az<u>kh</u>ash, Lightning; a thunderbolt.

عنا azdab, Beware! seize! lay hold! إدب azdup, Take! seize! lay hold!

izdijār (v.n. 8 of جز), Driving away, frightening; refraining; holding back.

A أومم izdihām (v.n. 8 of من), Thronging, crowding, pushing on one another; a concourse, press, throng, pressure of a crowd or mob.

azdar, Worthy, proper, suitable;

beautiful.

ازدراه izdirā' (v.n. 8 of زری), Despising, scorning; scorn, contempt, disdain.

ing.

i az dast, Obedient ; a subject.

از دست برا az dast pazā, از دست برا az dast pazā, Unleavened bread, baked in thin cakes on lamina of iron or earth, placed in a frying-pan; letters patent conferring immunity from taxation.

ازدك azdaf, izdaf, A species of small

medlar-tree and fruit.

izdifāf (v.n. 8 of زت), Conducting or sending a bride to the house of her husband.

زىكى āzadarī, A stitching, a sewing up. ازدلاف izdilāf (v.n. 8 of زلف), Approaching, advancing; nearness.

زدمي azdami, Name of a doubtful ani-

نان āzadan, azadan, To sew; to prick with a needle; to dve;—izdan, A medlar (fruit and tree).

uzdū, The sweet gum of a tree, of a reddish colour, with which confections are made;—wdū'i tāsī, Gum arabic.

A وزواع izdiwāj (v.n. 8 of وزواع), Coupling,

marrying; marriage, wedding.

azdudan, To polish, to free from rust.

soil āzada, azada, Pierced, full of holes; dyed, coloured; written in letters of gold; empty; (met.) the furrows of a file;azda, Dim, blear.

A ازدهاف izdihāf (v.n. 8 of زهف), Hastendespatching; incurring enmity; changing, turning away.

A ازدیاد izdiyād (v.n. 8 of ازدیاد izdiyād (v.n. 8 of ازدیاد), Increasing;

increase, accession, profit.

)jī āzar, Cross-tempered; trouble, grief, vexation; (in comp.) troubling, grieving,

vexing; value, price.

A ji azar, Name of Abraham's father, or, according to others, his uncle's, that of his father being Tarikh; -azr, Assisting, befriending; strength, power; debility, weakness; the back; encompassing; -izr, Root, origin ;-uar, The middle, waist.

A ماراً izrā' (v.n. 4 of زرى), Accusing, reproaching, disparaging, misrepresenting.

A jiji azrār (pl. of zirr), Buttons ;—izrār

(v.n. 4 of i), Putting buttons to a gar-

isrāf (v.n. 4 of زرف), Going fast; driving, urging forward.

أزريات asarbād, Name of a philosopher (see .(آلارہاد

āmakhsh, Thunder, lightning, storm.

ازره āzard, Colour ; paint, dye. āzard-ālū, An apricot.

azardanīdan, To make one injure. أزردكان azardagān (pl. of azardah), In-

زدكي arardagi, Grief, pain, uneasiness.

قرردن āzardan, To injure, molest, harass, disturb, vex, trouble, afflict; to rebuke, reprove, reproach; to disgust, offend, aggra-

قرردة āzarda, Afflicted, vexed; displeased, dispirited, rebuked; sad, sorrowful, weary; -ā**z**arda kardan, To injure.

آزردة بعسي āzarda-pusht, Galled in the

back; decrepit.

مَارِدة عاطر asarda-khātir, Vexed, disgusted. azraq, Blue; blue-eyed; heaven, the sky; the fourth line on Jamshed's cup. اری پوش azraq-posh, Clothed in blue.

ارلان azarik, A goat.

azar-gūn, Flame-coloured, yellow, bright, shining, ruddy; the leaves of the

myrtle.

أررم azarm, azarm, Pain, sorrow, grief; anger, wrath; giving up to contempt and disgrace; defect, error, vice; greatness. honour, reverence; power, dignity; shame, modesty, bashfulness; commiseration, pity, kindness; equity, justice; concord, unanimity; ease, tranquillity; attention, toleration, patience; evident, clear, manifest; conversion to the Muhammadan faith; name of the daughter of Khusrau Parvez; -asram, A kind of saddle-cloth.

if azar-mah, The last winter month. נק אנט آ azarm-jūy, Seeking honour and glory, ambitious; who seeks for peace.

أزرميدخت azarm-dukht, أزرميدخت āzarmīdukht, azarmīdukht, Name of the daughter of Khusrau Parvez, who reigned four months; name of her city.

āsarm-sās, Who exercises pity and

kindness.

آزم کاه āzarm-gāh, Place of rest.

رَصِيدن āzarmīdan, To honour, respect, favour.

azrang, Adversity, misery; destruction; -also azrang, A cucumber.

از او as-ash (for از او as-ash lim, her, or

it; from them (see اريش).

A gieji is'dj (v.n. 4 of ez.), Disturbing, moving from (its) place; causing to rise; leading into sin.

Eji āzugh, azgh, A thing lopped (as vine-prnnings); a slip, cutting, scion; azagh, The same; rust; an owl.

izghār, Miserly, mean. azghich, Ivy, convolvulus.

A Ji azaf (v.n.), Approaching, drawing near (time of departure); hastening, coming suddenly upon.

azfandāk, azfandāk, The rainbow

(أزننداك 860).

ازك نوك سيمk turak, Pomp, splendour; glitter; the habits or fashions of kings; the king's seal.

ו كار دور az kār dūr, An idle vagabend. i az-kāra kardan, To recull to mind; to write a history (az-kārah, either from kar, Fact, or more probably a misspelling for A. الكارة noun of unity of izkār or *izzikār*, q.v.).

A زكم iskām (v.n. of زكم), Giving of a

cold in the head,

azká, More or most pious or pure.

ه ازكياء azkiyā' (pl. of zakīy), Good, just, virtuous, ingenuous.

izkīl, A medlar. اركيل

أركات azgāt, Wicked, villainous, de-

praved.

A ازل azal, Eternity (without beginning, opp. to abad, eternity without end);—azl (v.n.), Being in distress; falling into straits or scarcity; keeping back; reproaching, reviling; -- izl, A lie, falsehood; calamity, misfortune.

ازاد azlād, Never, by no means.

izlāf (v.n. 4 of راكف), Bringing

near; collecting.

izlāq (v.n. 4 of زلى), Causing to slide or fall; shaving the head; casting her young (a camel).

islāl (v.n. 4 of آن), Causing to

slide; conferring a favour.

azlām (pl. of zalam, zulam), Arrows without heads made use of in drawing lots.

a اولى azali, Existing from all eternity; eternal; God.

azalīyat, Life everlasting, eternity.

أزم azm, Progeny, offspring.

azm (v.n.), Adhering (to a chief or friend); abstaining from, containing or commanding oneself; twisting (a rope or thread); being unfavourable and severe (fortune, or a barren season); biting; cutting with the teeth or a knife.

أرسا axmā, Imp. of axmūdan; (in comp.) skilled, experienced, tried; -armā, Examin-

ing; an experimenter.

اوماع A pplying (زمع izmā' (v.n. 4 of زمع), Applying diligently to, and persevering in, any business; running (a hare).

āzmān, Repentance, regret, sorrow, grief, anguish; -dzman khwurdan, To devour grief, to repent.

A الراحان azmān (pl. of zaman), Times, seasons;—izmān (v.n. 4 of زمن), Being long, continual.

azmānī, An experiment, proof. trial. آزماني

أرمانيدن āzmānīdan, To regret, grieve. أزمايش قيmayish, Experiment, assay, proof.

أرماى azmāy (=āzmā), Imp. of azmūdan. A dejl azimmat (pl. of zimām), Reins, bridles, halters.

أرمودة azmurda, Covetous; lazy; left.

azmal, Much, many; all; voice, echo.

asmand, Desirous, covetous, greedy. āzmandī, Desire, lust, greediness.

augh azmina (pl. of samān), Times; seasons; ages.

azmūdagī, Experience.

أرمون azmudan (imp. azmā), To try, prove, experiment.

azmūda, Tried, proved, experienced;

—āzmūdahā, Experiments.

יינט azmūn, A proof, trial, experiment; -amun-ra gardanidan, To put to the test, to try one in battle.

ismīl, A shoe-maker's paring ازميل knife; a kind of pike with which they bunt wild oxen; a mallet; strong; weak. ون azan, Elbow.

أرباك aznāk, Desirous, greedy.

آزنگی āznākī, Avidity, cupidity. ازناره aznāva, ازناره aznāwa, Name of a district in Hamadan.

aznāwur, A great lord.

ازلب aznab, Displeasure, disgust.

i āzung, āzing, i āzunch, Blearedness.

ازن azankh, A streamer, bandrol.

زندانيدن azandānīdan, وندانيدن قرندانيدن .q.v آژندن , اژندانیدن

wijl azank, A wrinkle; a frown; azank afgandan miyani du abrū, To knit the brows.

r انكميد izwikmīd, Nicomedia, in Bythinia.

انك ناك آ āsanknāk, Wrinkled, frowning. uji azana, Arranged in proper order.

т ју ахи, Molar tooth. azo, azū, From him.

A chijl azwāj (pl. of zauj), Paire, couples; partners, spouses, wives.

آزود āzūd, Intelligent, clear-sighted, acute.

آزور āzūr, Avaricious, greedy; āzwar,

ررد) azward, Trefoil; Lotus agrestis.

azwarī, Name of a medicinal thorn. the prunings or loppings of trees; rust.

مَّارِونَهُ مَّتِسَمِمَ الْرِونَهُ مَتَسَمِّمَ الْرِونَهُ مَّتِسَمِمَ الْرِونَهُ مَتَسَمِّمَ الْرُونَهُ مَتَسَمَّمَ الْرُونَهُ مَتَسَمَّمَ الْرُونَهُ مَتَسَمَّمُ الْرُونَهُ مَا الْمُتَّالِمُ مَا الْمُتَالِمُ مَا الْمُتَّالِمُ مَالْمُتَالِمُ مَا الْمُتَالِمُ مَا الْمُتَالِمُ مَا الْمُتَالِمُ مَا الْمُتَلِّمُ مَلِيمًا لَمَا الْمُتَالِمُ مَا الْمُتَلِيمُ مَالِمُ مَا الْمُتَلِيمُ مَلِيمًا لَمَا مُعْلِمُ مَلِيمًا لِمُتَالِمُ مَا الْمُتَلِمُ مِنْ الْمُتَلِمُ مَلِيمًا لَمُتَالِمُ مَا الْمُتَالِمُ مَا الْمُتَلِمُ مَا مُعِلِمُ مَا مُتَلِمُ مَا مُعْلِمُ مِنْ مُعْلِمُ مَا مُعْلِمُ مَا مُعْلِمُ مَا مُعْلِمُ مِنْ مُعْلِمُ مِنْ مُعْلِمُ مُعْلِمُ مِنْ مُعْلِمُ مُعْلِمِ مُعْلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعْلِمُ مُعْلِمُ مُعْلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعْلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعْلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعْلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعْلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعْلِمُ مُعِمْ مُعِلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعْلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعِمْ مُعِلِمُ مُعِ

butions in kind.

iz-hād (v.n. 4 of زهد), Having no

wish or desire; possessing little.

az-hār (pl. zahrat, zahra), Flowers; -iz-hār (v.n. 4 of زهر), Lighting a lamp; making (a fire) blaze; flowering, blossom-

اهار مسته الها az-hār-dasta, A nosegay, a

bunch of flowers.

iz-hāf (v.n. 4 of زهف), Telling a lie, varnishing with falsehood; bringing near; throwing (a rider).

az-hāq (v.n. 4 of زهای), Destroying. A ازهای az-har, White, bright, brilliant; more or most bright, etc.; the moon; a

wild bull,

az-harāk, Name of the tyrant Zahhāk

j az haft u chār, From the seven planets and the four elements.

قيدن āzīdan. To injure, grieve, molest; to prick; to dye.

الْغِرَا مَّ عَنَّهُ, Intelligent; trouble. الْغِرَا عَتَّابُهُ الْعَرَا (for az تَّn-ra), Because.

asīra, A mattock, beetle, smith's

hammer. وعيدية azīrīdan, To afflict; to draw.

A 1231 azīz (v.n. of i), Bubbling (a boiling cauldron); a thundering noise; coi-

ازوى azīsh (for ازوى), From him.

zil azīgh, Aversion, indignation; -azīgh, Perception, recollection.

out azīn, Such as this; from this.

ji āzh, Rest, ease; ingenious; abstinent.

th azhakh, azhakh, azhukh, A wart, a mole; - āzhukh, Blearedness; solved, disentangled, extricated.

الله على ال ازدر azhdar, A dragon; the top of a

standard.

azhdar-shikār, A dragon-hunter. اژدر هکار مرها azhdarhā, A dragon; a atrong, brave man; a tyrant; passionate, testy; a standard; armorial bearings; the tyrant Zahhāk.

ازدك azhdaf, A medlar.

الاس azhadan, To sew, pierce, prick, puncture; to shave; to notch a mill-stone closely; to tinge, dye; -azhdan, A medlar, an eagle.

azhdank, Name of a demon.

مَّرُهُمْ مُعْرُمُ م azhda, A drinking cup in shape of an animal.

las; azhdahā, A dragon; brave, intrepid; a tyrant; Zahhāk; a standard;azhdaha'i falak, The constellation of the dragon; kase-rā dami azhda-hā sākhtan, To make one the mouth of the (constellation) dragon, i.e. to cause him to eclipse others.

azhdahā-pāra, Of dragon race.

azhdahā-paikar, Having the face or shape of a dragon.

azhdahā-khoy, Of the disposition ازدهاغوي

of a dragon.

azhdahā-dosh, From whose دوش shoulders dragons (serpents) spring.

a ايت اردها ايت azhdaha-rayat, Who has the image of a dragon on his flag.

a ملم ازدها علم azhdahā-'alam, On whose flag a dragon is pictured.

أردها سراي azhdahā-sarān (pl.), Dragonheaded.

أردها نش azhdahā-fash, Resembling a dragon.

azhdahāk, The tyrant Zahhāk.

ازدها کیش azhdahā-kesh, Of the nature of a dragon.

ازدهام azhdahām, A parti-coloured eagle. قردها باردها الدها باردها الدها الدها الدها الدها الدها الدها الدها الدها الدهاء الدها

azhrang, Name of a demon.

(5) azhugh, The prunings of a vine.

قاً azhgh, Prunings, loppings. الانداك azhfandāk, The rainbow.

ن قَيْمُ مُعْلَمُهُمْ , azhgān, Indolent, idle, lazy, slothful; grief, anxiety.

azhgan, A latticed door, lattices,

blinds; dissimulation.

ن الحجام azhgahān, ورجيء azhgahan, Indolent, idle, negligent, lazy, slothful; vain, false.

اژگهان azhgīn, Slothful, &c. (see أثكمتن). ناآن āshan, A tool for notching mill-

stones; anything perforated.

الان azhand, azhand, Plaster, mortar, parget, cement; clay, mud at the bottom of a cistern.

آزندائيدي āzhandānīdan, To make sew, or prick.

َ وَسِي مَّ مَّدُلُم azhandan, To prick, pierce; to sew.

مَّنَانَ مَعَامَةً عَلَيْهُمُ مَنْ مَعَامَةً عَلَيْهُمُ مَنْ مُعَامِّةً مُنْكُمُ مُنْكُمُ مُنْكُمُ مُنْكُمُ مُ

פיגיים azhandīdan, To lay mortar between two bricks.

طنان azhank, A wrinkle; knitting of the

أنك ناك آ āzhanknāk, Frowning.

ارک azhang, azhang, A wrinkle; a frown.
هناز azhana, A tool for notching millstones; — azhana kardan, To spread a
table

azhnayān, Camomile.

azhwar, Covetous.

Eji āzhūgh, Slips, loppings; palm-tree fibres.

قَيْمُ azha, azha, Quick lime, plaster, cement. وَهُمْ azhhān, Idle, lazy, useless.

azhan, Lazy, indolent; a trifling thing.

હાલાકુ. હાલુક azhyāna, A pavement of flags or brick.

وَيْخ مَتْدُهُمْ , Gummy exudations from the eyes; dirt

ويكن azhidan, To prick; to stitch, sew.

pi)t azhar, Intelligent, learned, ingenious; pious, devout; chaste, modest; a lake, pool, ditch; a cistern wherein rain-water is collected; victory, conquest; a cry, a shout; abundance, surplus; preparation, arrangement.

nil azhīr, Intelligent, prudent; pious,

abstinent; hidden.

إثيراك j āzhīrāk, A shout, a cry; name of a place.

ఆస్తో āzhīrīdan, To cry aloud; to appear wise and intelligent; to prepare, to arrange.

azhina, A tool for notching mill-

stones; a small file.

هَذِي آهَدُ، A mill-stone; ground corn; a grinding of wheat, barley, &c.; the ermine; a bald camel; (S. āsā) a bow; (S. āsā) hope; name of a village in Persia;—ās kardan, To grind, crush, bruise;—dar ās afgandan, To spend freely; to squander.

A مِن قَدَّة, The myrtle; cinders or ashes remaining in a fire-place; honey remaining in the hive; the ruins or remains of a dwelling;—āsi barrī, The wild myrtle.

us, A slap on the face, a box on the

ear; name of a planet.

Li āsā, Manner, rule; embellishment, decoration; reverence, sternness, rigour; authority, majesty, gravity; quiet, tranquillity, repose; gaping, yawning, stretching; (in compos. imp. of āsūdan) pacifying, soothing, as rūh-āsā, Soothing the mind, &c.; (an affix denoting) Like, resembling, as mard-āsā, Manly, like a man, mushk-āsā, Like musk, odoriferous;—āsā zadan (kardan, kashīdan), To yawn.

asā, Yawning; like.

A مُعالَمُ isā'at, An offence, crime, sin. A asābī' (pl. of usbū'), Weeks.

a Bill asātizat, asātiza (pl. of ustāz), Masters;—asātiza'i 'ajam, Persian doctors, or wise men.

A معتمر asātīr (pl. of istār), Weights of 4½ miakāls or 6¼ drams.

asātīn (A. plur. of sitūn), Pillars.

isār, A stirrup leather.

ون المارية asārūn (G. ἄσαρον), Wild spikenard, asarum.

قامة āsārā, Computation, calculation.

asārīr (pl. of sirr), The lines, lineaments, wrinkles, or creases in the palms of the hand or on the forehead.

الماس asās, A foundation, basis, pedestal;—asāsu 'l-lughāt (foundation of speech), An Arabic grammar so called;—asāsu 's-siyāsat (foundation of rule), A treatise on political government.

ماسة asāsa, isāsa, A glance from a corner of the eye; understanding, intellect; revision, retrospect; a great assembly.

ه اساطير asātīr (pl. of istārat, ustūrat),

Stories, fables, tales, romances.

A اساطين asāṭīn (pl. of usṭuwānat), Columns, pillars.

isāf, asāf, Name of an idol.

أمن أفرون ās afzūn, An iron instrument for notching a mill-stone.

A اسافل asāfil (pl. of asfal), Inferiors, lower classes, mob;—asāfili nās, The lowest of mankind.

▲ كفاله asākifat, asākifah (pl. of iskāf), Shoemakers: handicraftsmen.

أسال āsāl, A foundation, basis.

ميل isālat (v.n. 4 of سيل), Causing to flow or run.

asālīb (pl. of uslūb), Modes, manners, ways; -makātībi tanhiyat-asālīb, Letters in the way of congratulation, congratulatory letters.

asālītūs, A kind of black اسأليطوس clay which they rub on vines to destroy

insects.

اليون asāliyūn (G. σέλινον), Parsley.

A منوم isamat (v.n. 4 of سوم), Sending to graze; -usāmat, A lion; name of one of

Muhammad's companions.

asāmī (pl. of ism), Names; souls, people; community, population; office, place, appointment; woman of ill fame; harlot, person, individual; party, defendant in a law-suit; tenant renter; substitute, servant; friend, lover; customer, purchaser; debtor; culprit; witness; —asāmī'i shikmī, Sub-tenant; subordinate cultivator;—asāmī'i ghair mustaqil, Tenant at will; — asāmī'i ahair maurūsī, Nonhereditary tenant; — asāmī'i mustaqil, Tenant with right of occupancy;—asamī'i maurāsi, Hereditary cultivator;—asāmīwār, According to or including all the names; singly, separately, in detail.

asāmīs, Wild camomile.

asān, Easy, convenient, commodious; threads, strings; - āsān dāshtan, To make an abatement, to lower the price.

أيان كار āsān-kār, Skilful, active, expeditious.

مان كشاي مقعقه أسان كشاي āsān-kushā, أسان كشا kushāy, Easy to solve or loosen (a knot,

āsān-guzār, Who passes life in آسان گذار

ease, without care, easy-going.

قىلان كدارى قىقى قىيان كدارى قىيان كدارى قىيان كدارى taking things easily.

قير قير āsān-gīr, Easy of access, courteous.

āsān-niyosh, An idle or careless listener.

āsānī, Facility, ease; repose, sleep; easy; leave.

āsānīdan, To facilitate, to expedite.

A أساورة asāwirat, Bracelets; riders; a company of strangers who settled in Basra.

āsāy, (in comp.) Resting; ceasing. asāyānīdan, To give rest; to praise; to lift.

أسايش āsāyish, Ease, quiet, rest, repose.

قايفكدة asāyish-kada, A place of rest. āsā'īdan, To rest, to cease.

أسب asab, asib, Endeavour, effort; nail, claw, hoof.

asb (S. aśva), A horse; the knight at chess;—asbi $\bar{a}b\bar{i}$, The hippopotamus;— asbi bārūt (kāghizī), A kind of fire-work in the shape of a horse;—asbi pālānī, A slowpaced horse; a sumpter; -asbi tezrav, A swift horse;—asbi jang, A war-horse;—asbi chūbīn (a wooden horse), A bier; — asbi chaugani, A horse trained for polo; -asbi kharās, A horse used in a treadmill;asbi khil'atī, A horse with trappings as a gift of honour; -asbi surkh, A bay horse; -asbi sar-kash, A restive horse;—asbi lāsha, A horse bred from an Arabian sire and an Anatolian dam :—asbi magasī, A horse with small black specks like flies;—asbi naubatī, A post-horse;—asb u asbāb, A horse and his furniture or baggage;—asb u farzīn nihādan, To win (at chess);—asbi yām, A

relay horse.

A اسباب asbāb (pl. of sabab), Causes, motives; means; resources; implements, utensils, apparatus, materials, appliances, machinery; cloths, apparel, effects, moveables, goods, chattels, furniture; luggage, baggage; stores, provisions, funds, necessaries; -asbābi peshah, Implements of trade, tools;—asbāb bar-sākhtan (bastan, dar ham chidan), To gather one's belongings, collect one's chattels:—ashāb ba-ham uftad, One's things are scattered about, dispersed, in disorder;—asbābi bukhār, Steam engines (m.c.); —asbābi jarri aṣqāl, Appliances for lifting heavy weights, a crane (n.c.);—asbābi jang (harb), Military stores;—asbābi chāy (chāykhwuri), Tea service (m.c.);-asbābi daraugar, A reaping apparatus or machine (m.c.); -- asbabi zahmat, Matter of annoyance (m.c.); -asbābi safar, Luggage, necessaries, provisions, preparations for travelling;—asbābi zirā'at, Agricultural implements (m.c.);—asbābi fizīk, Physical instruments (m.c.);—asbābi kūkī, A clockwork apparatus (m.c.).

A blim asbat (pl. of sibt), Tribes, espe-

cially of Israel.

A في السباع isbā' (v.n. 4 of اسباع), Completing the number seven; feeding upon, or serving up, the flesh of wild beasts; giving a child to nurse; dismissing, setting at

asb-afgan, One who urges his horse against the enemy, bold, brave.

مبل isbāl (v.n. 4 of سبل), Letting down (drawers), untying the knot of the drawers; raining copiously; weeping profusely; coming into ear (corn).

āsbān, A miller.

asbanbur, Name of a city.

asb-angez, A spur.

isbāh, A large army; a dog.

asb-bazī, Equestrian feat (m.c.) a horseman.

اسب تار asb-taz, Level ground; the 18th of the month according to the era of Jalālu 'd-dīn.

asbatān, Seed of the wild rue.

مرد asb-duzd, A horse-stealer. asb-dawānī, Horse-racing.

isbirkhā, Red orpiment (see استركا). اسباق ه asbaq, More or most excellent; surpassing; previous; past times, days of vore.

asb-māduh, A mare.

asb-nama (should probably be اسب نبد), The trappings of a war-horse; anything which dries up the sweat of a

asb-naubalī, A horse belonging اسب نوبتى to and ridden alternately by several persons (see asbi naubatī, under +--1).

usbor, Stupid.

اسبوع A اسبوع usbū', A week.

asbunitan (in Zand and Pazand), To see; to cause to run.

isbah, A troop of horse; a dog.

isbahān, Ispaliān. أسبهان

isbahbad, isbahbud, A general; a title assumed by the kings of Tabaristan.

isbahbad khwura (khwara), The rational soul (see nuri isbahbad under . (نور

asp, A horse; the knight at chess; -aspi tāzī, An Arabian horse; -isp, The hair about the privities.

ispā, Spa. اسيا

.v. اسپریس = aspārēs اسپاریس

ispāsdār, Grateful, thankful (see .(سپاس دار

اسپاناع ispānāj (G. σπινάκιον), Spinage.

ispāniyā, Spain. أسيانيا

ispāniyol, Spaniard.

اسپاة ispāh, A large army; (S. śvā) a dog. ispāhān (now Isfāhān), That part of Persia where the troops were generally quartered.

ispikhūl, Birds' dung; according

to others = q.v.

ispidar, A general, a commander.

asp-dawānī, Horse-race; race- اسپ دوانی course (m.c.).

ispar, A shield.

اسپرايين isparā'īn, Isfarāyin, in Khurāsān.

isparad, ispirid, Coagulated, curdled; jelly.

), wil asp-raz, isp-raz, on, wil asp-ras, isp-ras, A race-course, an open space for exercise.

ושענן uspurz, Spleen, milt; lingula pu-

asparsab, isparsab, اسپرسا asparsab saf, isparsaf, A race-ground, an open space.

ispirish, Completion; perfection; a

race-ground.

ispargham, asparaghm, Name of an odoriferous herb; any green herb; ver-

dure; any fragrant herb.

isparag, A kind of yellow wood اسپک used in dyeing stuffs; turmeric; the watermelon.

اسپرلوس isparlūs, isparlos, A palace; a hall of justice.

isparam, Any flower or fragrant herb. isparam-āb, Warm water medicinally prepared for washing the bodies of sick persons; an embrocation or medicated bath

isparang, A city near Samarcand. isparūd, A species of aquatic bird. ispuroz, aspuroz, Name of a very high mountain.

ispra, The river Spree.

isparham, Any fragrant herb.

isparī, Complete, perfect, entire, whole; finished, exhausted, annihilated, destroyed;—isparī shudan, To be complete. to be finished, exhausted, or annihilated; isparī kardan, To destroy.

اسپرین مهp-res, isp-rez اسپریس isp-rez اسپریز asp-resh, isp-resh, A course, a running-place

for horses; complete, entire.

سيس uspus, A louse; a small worm.

aspist, Trefoil, clover.

aspist-zār, A clover-field. asp-'umr, Life fleeting along as اسپ عمر a horse.

ispaghol, aspaghol, اسيغول ispaghol, aspaghon, Seed of flea-wort.

aspak, A little horse; the bridge of a musical instrument.

اسپ کره asp-kurra, A colt, a foal. اسپکنوی ispaknūy = اسپکنوی q.v. امپلنج asp-lunj, Goats'-beard (a plant).

asp-māda, A mare. آسپ مادة

a جانينا ispanāj, اسيناج ispanākh, اسيناج ispanānj, Spinage.

ispand, Wild rue, which they burn at marriages to drive away evil spirits; holy.

اسفندیار =) ispandar, A wax-light اسپندار name of Ifandiyar, the son of Gushtasp; the stay of the sun in Pisces.

ispandārmuz, The earth; name of the twelfth month of the Persian year; also the fifth day of each month; name of the angel who presides over the month and day Ispandārmuz.

ispandan, Mustard-seed.

ispandyār, Name of Gushtasp's اسينديار son; the angel presiding over the month and day Isfandar; the power and clemency of God.

ispanūy, Name of a beautiful slave-girl of Tawaj, the son-in-law of Afrasiyab. uspor, Stupid (see اسهور).

uspust, اسپوش uspush, Name of

the last month of autumn. aspa, A cold, a horse rising two

years old; -ispa, A troop of horse; a dog. ispahān, The capital of Persian Irāk.

ispahbad, ispahbud, A general, commander-in-chief.

ispahbadī, The dignity of a commander-in-chief (m.c.).

ispahbad khwura, Speech. ناسبون ispāchāb, A town in Turkistān. مروات isped (S. śwela), White, colourless. المهداء ispedār, A sort of willow, the aspen.

isped-bā, A kind of broth made of the Juice and small pieces of ment, together

with spinage, flour, and vinegar.

isped-rūd, A river in Azarhaijān. اسپيدکار isped-kār, A worker in tin, a tinman; (met.) an upright, sincere, generous man.

Jey-1 aspīl, A horse-stealer by profession.

ast, Is (from ey, bidan, to be); he willeth, he seeketh; (abbreviation of astar) a mule; a bone; a seed, a kernel;—ast, ust, A commentary on the Zand and Pāzand; the buttocks; throwing, flinging;—ist (imp. of istādan), Stand thou; (imp. of istūdan), Praise thou;—ust, Throwing, flinging.

ast, ist, ust, The fundament, the

buttocks.

Zand or holy scriptures of the Magi or worshippers of fire;—astā, Name of a fort;—istā, Praising; an encomiast; a town in Samarkand;—ustā (for ustād), Master, teacher.

this istakh, A green branch;—ustakh, Impudent, audacious, unblushing, insolent,

bold.

artificer, manufacturer, artisan; a barber; ingenious, excellent, celebrated, famed for any art or work of ingenuity; enters into the composition of proper names, as ustād raḥman, Ostad Rahman, &c.;—ustādi khiyāt, A tailor;—ustādi haft āsmān, Master of the seven heavens, the planet Jupiter.

ustādār, أستاددار ustādār (for ustād ad-dār), A major-domo, steward.

istādānīdan, احتاداندن istādānīdan, To make to stand, constitute, establish, fix.

istādagī, Stability; a stop, a stay; —istādagī'i bārān, A failure or want of rain;—ustādagī, A trade, a craft; mastery of an art.

istādan, To stand, stop, dwell, halt.

થેડ હતાં istādan-gāh (vulg. istangāh),

Station (m.c.).

استاناء stāda, Standing; set up, erected; a pole; an ensign-staff; the prop of a tent-door.

ustādī, استانى ustāzī, An art, trade, craft; workmanship; excellence, skill in any art or profession;—ustādī kardan, To work, to exercise any art or trade.

A استاد ustāz, A teacher. استاد astār, Lining.

astār (pl. of sitr), Veils.

istar (from G. orarip !), Four; a weight of 41 miskals, or 62 drams.

استاراك istūrābad, استاراك istūr-bād, The city of Astārābād.

istārcha (dim. of the following),

A spark.

استاره istūra, A star; a canopy; a geometrical rule by which right lines are drawn; a kind of guitar with three strings; name of a country, and of a fortress in the Dak'han.

istasiyon, Station (m.c. from Fr.

or **E**.).

istūfū (G. σταφυλή), A grape.

α استاقوس istūqūs, A kind of long seacrab.

istāk, A cutting, a slip of a vine.

استاکر ustāgar, A skilful artist.

ustām, Saddle ornaments of gold and silver; anything to which one can trust; a confident; a prop, a column; a patron.

olimi āsitān, The place where the shoes or slippers are pulled off; a threshold; lying supine; a king's court, royal palace; the Ottoman Porte; the tombs of prophets and other holy men;—āstān bar khāstan, To be exalted, elevated; to be ruined;—āstāni sa'ādat, The palace of felicity;—āstāni 'ālishān, The Sublime Porte, the court of high dignity;—āstāni 'adam, āstāni fanā (the threshold of annihilation), The world; time; death;—āstāni gardān, The first heaveu, sphere of the moon;—āsitān, Taking a person's horoscope.

astān, A place of rest, a sleeping-

place.

أستان بوس astān-bos, Who kisses the threshold.

astān-bosi, Threshold-kissing.

r استانبول istāmbāl, Constantinople.

istandan, To constitute, set up; to bring forth; to take, receive.

رب astan-rob, Who sweeps the threshold, rubs his brow against it.

ستانشين āstān-nishīn, Who sits on the threshold.

with asitana, A saint's tomb; a threshold;—asitana'i yardan (gardan). The first heaven, the sphere of the moon;—astanah, A place of rest or sleeping.

تتانى asitānī, Belonging to a hall, or court.

استانيدى istānīdan, To keep back, to prevent going.

التالي istāy (imp. of istādan), Stand

istibāq (v.n. 8 of سبق), Contending for superiority in a race; vying with each other.

istabūn, Seed of the wild rue.

A متبداد المتبداد ال

A قاميد istibdā' (v.n. 10 of قم), Esteeming as new or strange; producing some-

thing new.

A اعتبدال istibdāl (v.n. 10 of المراد), Changing;—istibdāl kardan, To change, exchange.

istabr, Great, thick, big, gross.

washing one's hands from a business; abstaining (of a divorced woman) from sexual intercourse for three months of probation.

istibrāz (v.n. 10 of مرز istibrāz (v.n. 10 of استبراز م come forth;—istibrāz kardan, To produce; to challenge; to provoke.

A استبرك istabraq (P. استبرك istabrak), Thick silk brocade interwoven with gold; a kind of shot silk.

istibshār (v.n. 10 of استبشار ه), Rejoicing at, or announcing good news; istibshār numūdan, To rejoice, to express joy.

استبشاع istibshā' (v.n. 10 of بشع), Considering as nauseous, unwholesome, or un-

suitable.

ietibṣār (v.n. 10 of مر), Considering with attention, examining, scrutinizing.

A والمنع istibzā' (v.n. 10 of استبضاع), Sorting

out goods for sale.

A استبعالا istib'ūd (v.n. 10 of عبد), Thinking one to be at a distance; retiring, withdrawing.

A منتجام istibhām (v.n. 10 of المتجام), Being obscure, ambiguous; being dumb, or scarcely able to speak intelligibly.

ietitar (v.n. 8 of ستر), Being hid;

concealing oneself; concealment.

نبع istitbā' (v.n. 10 of تبع istitbā' (v.n. 10 of

ing or asking to follow; succession.

A استثقال istisqāl (v.n. 10 of مقل), Oppression; heaviness; trouble; importunity.

istignā' (v.n. 10 of ألى istignā' (v.n. 10 of ألى ألى), Exception, exclusion, setting aside, distinction; rejection; saying, "If God will."

a استثنائی istignā'ī, Exclusive, exceptive;

exceptional.

A أجرب istijābat (v.n. 10 of موب), Auswering, accepting; hearing or answering prayer, receiving a petition.

istijārat (v.n. 10 of جور), Im-

ploring aid or protection.

A قبور listijāzat (v.n. 10 of جوز), Asking

leave, soliciting permission.

A من امتحواز ietijzāz (v.n. 10 of جز Being fit for reaping or gathering (corn or dates).

A ملب istijlāb (v.n. 10 of ملب), Begging that anything might be brought or driven to one.

A استجهال istijhāl (v.n. 10 of ممل), Considering as ignorant and illiterate.

A أستمانة istihāzat (v.n. 10 of ميم), Emitting blood (a woman) after the usual time of the monthly discharge has elapsed, or at an undue time.

استحالاً استحالاً istihālat (v.n. 10 of حرل), Undergoing a change, change of state; becoming, or considering as, absurd, impos-

sible, inconsistent, unreal.

A liking to, regarding, loving, choosing, preferring; contracting friendship; an action the performance of which is meritorious and the omission not criminal, work of supererogation.

A فاعتما istihdas (v.n. 10 of فعم),

Bringing out or doing something new.

about the pubes; sharpening.

istihsār (v.n. 10 of مسر), Being

exhausted with fatigue.

n istihean (v.n. 10 of o...), Approving; praising; taking or considering as a favour; approbation, esteem.

A istihsāf (v.n. 10 of Loo), Being confirmed, established; being adverse and untoward (fortune).

istiḥṣār (v.u. 10 of خفر), Calling, citing to appear, summoning before.

istihfāz (v.n. 10 of be), Desiring one to remember, or to take care of, anything.

A مقر istihqar (v.n. 10 of مقر), De-

spising, treating with contempt.

استحقاق istihqaq (v.n. 10 of حق), Claiming one's right; deserving, being worthy; claim, due, title; merit, desert; -istihqaqi i'āda'i wirāsat, Reversionary title;—istihqāqi infikāki rahn, Equity of redemption of a mortgage ;-istihqaqi tarika, Right of inheritance or succession; -istihqāqi tarika bilā waṣīya, Title to intestate property;-istihqaqi tashkhishi jam', Right of assessment; -istihqāqi taqdīmi kharidārī, Right of pre-emption; -istihqāqi hifāzali khwud ikhtiyārī, Right of self-defence; —istihqāqī da'wā, Preferential claim;—istihqāqi da'wā'i ibtidā'i, Original right of action;—istihqāqi zātī, Personal title or privilege; — istiķqāqi qā'imah, Vested interest;—istihqāqi qabzah, Right of possession; -istihqāqi qadāmat, Prescriptive right or title; -istihqāqi nifāz, Right of way; exercise or use of a right; -istihqāqi wirāsati ā'indah, Reversionary

A محم istihkām (v.n. 10 of حكم), Firmness, strength; confirmation, corroboration, ratification; hardness, tightness, firmness.

istihlā' (v.n. 10 of حلى), Esteem-

ing, deeming to be sweet.

istillaf (v.u. 10 of luring, Causing to swear, commanding to be sworn.

م istiħlāl (v.n. 10 of حَلّ), Considering or wishing a thing lawful.

istiḥmām (v.n. 10 of حمّ), Washing in warm water; taking a warm bath.

ietiḥwāz (v.n. 10 of حولا متحوالا له ietiḥwāz

vailing against, overcoming.

istihya' (v.n. 10 of حمي), Blushing, being ashamed; leaving alive, preserving alive.

istakh, A be-goat.

استخارة ف istikhārat (v.n. 10 of مور), Conciliating the divine favour; looking in the Qur'an, or any favourite book (as the poems of Hafiz) for a good augury; stichomancy; bibliomancy; wishing or asking for the best ;—istikhāra'i zāti 'r-rigā', Taking omen by writing on a slip of paper "do it, on another "do it not," and drawing after prayer one of them blindfolded from under the prayer-carpet where they had been bidden.

istikhbar (v.n. 10 of مبر), Interrogating, exploring, investigating, informing one's self, asking news, desiring advice.

A استخدام istikhdām (v.n. 10 of معدم), Seeking or getting employment; taking into one's service.

istakhr, A lake, pool, ditch; the an-

cient Persepolis.

A خرج istikhrāj (v.n. 10 of خرج), Causing to go or come out, expulsion, banishment; extracting, drawing out, making come forth; deriving, selecting, choosing.

استخفاف A istikhfaf (v.n. 10 of منحفاف). Holding in slight esteem, making light of,

despising; indignity.

istikhlas (v.n. 10 of استخلاص م siring liberation, seeking liberty; seeking to save; liberation, release; freedom; appropriating to oneself.

استخلاف A istikhlūf (v.n. 10 of ملك), Appointing successors; leaving posterity;

drawing water.

ustukhwān (S. asthi), A bone; a kernel, stone of fruit; a skeleton; the foundation of an edifice; a race, nation; the text of a book; an instrument of war; noble; -ustukhwān afshāndan, To sow datestones; to be scattered; -ustukhwan dar gam shikastan, ustukhwan dar gulū (dar nāf) giriftan, ustukhwān zīri gulū dāshtan (to get a bone in the throat), To suffer distress; -ustukhwāni chīze bastan, To set things straight, to arrange well, to bring in good order; — ustu<u>kh</u>wān shikastan, (met.) To suffer the utmost distress.

ustu<u>kh</u>wān-buzurg, Nobly born. עב וביבין uetukhwān-band, A splint,

fillet.

ustukhwān-bandi, The mending matters, setting things aright, bringing

-ustukhwān-tarāshī, Divina استخوان تراهى tion by the shoulder-blade of a sheep.

استخوان دود ,ustukhwān-khwār استخوان خوار uetukhwan-duzd, 4, olimil uetukhwan-ruba. استخوان راك , ustukhwan-rand استخوان رالد ustukhwan rang, A kind of large eagle, which feeds upon, or carries off, bones; the Huma, whose shadow is considered auspicious; a dog.

ustukhwān-sangīn, High-

born, noble, honoured.

ustukhwān-faroshī, Roguery. استخوان فروهي ustukhwanak, A small bone.

ustukhwān-kāri, Inlaid work, mosaic.

ادرم istidāmat (v.n. 10 of درم), Seeking, wishing permanence; permanency; acting with deliberation, assiduity; scaring in a circle.

A bilami istidanat (v.n. 10 of (Ha), Borrowing, contracting debts, getting in debt.

intidbar (v.n. 10 of ديو intidbar (v.n. 10 of استدبار م ing, coming at the back or rear; thinking of the consequences.

ه ناه ما istidrāj (v.n. 10 of درع), Withdrawing or advancing gradually; seeking to remove by degrees; consigning to punishment; an obstinate sinner on whom numerous benefits had been conferred.

ه نالك ه istidrāk (v.n. 10 of درك), Wishing, endeavouring to comprehend or obtain; reaching, overtaking, obtaining; comprehending, understanding; (in gram.) restriction, antithesis, emendation.

معدعاء istid'a' (v.n. 10 of معر), Asking,

calling upon, supplication, prayer.

ietidgāg (v.n. 10 of عدتان م ietidgāg (v.n. 10 of عدتان م

minute, fine, thin, slender.

a استدلال istidlal (v.n. 10 of مار), Deducing arguments, getting a clue; asking reason or proof; demonstration, proof, argu-

istadan, To rise, stand, or work

standing.

astar, astar, A kind of coarse thin stuff fit for lining garments; the inside of anything, the lining of a garment; a star; *–astar (S. aśvatara*), A mule.

aetarābād, Name of a city in Māzandaran on the shore of the Caspian.

istirāḥat (v.n. 10 of وروع istirāḥat أستراحة ا rest, tranquillity.

istarār, A lentil. استرار

istirāq (v.n. 8 of سرق), Stealing, carrying off by stealth; listening surreptitiously, overhearing, playing the eavesdropper.

astarbā, استربان astarbān, A muleteer. istirja' (v.n. 10 of جمر), Having recourse to God; uttering the ejaculation inna li'llahi wa inna li'llahi wa inna ilaihi rāji'ūn, Verily we belong to God, and verily we shall return to him; asking or taking back the whole or part of anything once given.

istirjāl (v.n. 10 of معرجال م معرجال م to dismount; to walk on foot.

istirkhā (from G. σανδαράχη), Red

orpiment.

استوعاء A islirkhā' (v.n. 10 of رغو), Hanging down; being relaxed and flaccid.

استوماص A المتوما istirkhās (v.n. 10 of رحص), Buying cheap; regarding as cheap; leaving,

asking leave.

istirdad (v.n. 10 of درد istirdad (v.n. 10 of معرداد ه ing restitution of anything, whether given, deposited in trust, or taken without consent; revoking, retracting, reversing, repealing; rejecting, refusing; giving back, restitution.

استرداك A istirdaf (v.n. 10 of ردك), Asking to be taken up behind another on horse-

back.

ושדענט usturdan, To shave; to erase.

a استردیا istiridiyā, An oyster.

istirzāq (v.n. 10 of مارزق, Asking for one's daily bread, one's sustenance.

رسل istireal (v.n. 10 رسل), Being allowed to hang loose, or letting hang loose (hair); acquiring a habit.

usturash, A ploughshare; a hoe.

رومي islirzā' (v.n. 10 of معرضاً معرضضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضطاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضطاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضطاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضطاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضطاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضطاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضطاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضطاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضطاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضطاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضطاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضاً معرضطاً معرضاً vouring, seeking or wishing to please and satisfy; asking or seeking the consent; willingness, alacrity; assent; acquiescence.

istirzā' (v.n. 10 of رضع), Inquiring, and looking out for a wet-nurse.

اسعرنان A istirqaq (v.n. 10 of رق), Reducing to slavery; being thin.

istarak (from G. στύραξ), Storax.

a استرلاب usturlāb, An astrolabe.

istaranj, اخترنك أastarang, astarang, The mandrake.

istirwāḥ (v.n. 10 of وروع istirwāḥ (v.n. 10 of

or finding rest.

astarwan (mule-like), Barren female.

astar unitan (in Zand and Pazand), To shut, to close.

ustura, A razor ;—ustura līsīdan (to lick a razor), To risk one's life, to evince daring and temerity.

istirhāb (v.n. 10 of رهب), Ter-

rifying, alarming.

استرهان istirhān (v.n. 10 of رهن), Demanding a pledge or hostage.

istizūrat (v.n. 10 of رور istizūrat (v.n. 10 of استرارة م

ing a visit.

istizlāl (v.n. 10 of متولال م istizlāl (v.n. 10 of استولال م wishing one to stumble.

istisrār (v.n. 10 of سرّ istisrār (v.n. 10 of استسرار), Being concealed.

A slammel islistad (v.n. 10 of sam), Considering as happy, regarding as fortunate; desiring happiness; asking assistance.

مقى istisqa' (v.n. 10 of استسقاء), Asking for water, offering up public prayers for rain; asking for drink; dropsy;—istisqā'i riqqi, The anasarca; -istisqa'i tabli, Tympany ;-istisqā giriftan, To be afflicted with dropsy.

a معسقا كرفته istisqā-girifta, Dropsical.

استسلام ا istislam (v.n. 10 of ملم), Submitting to the authority of another, giving way to his judgment.

istisman (v.D. 10 of منه istisman), Judging, or discovering to be fat; asking

for butter or something fat.

istis-hāl (v.n. 10 of استسهال ه istis-hāl (v.n. 10 of استسهال or considering easy; rendering easy.

A قارد istisharat (v.n. 10 of مور), Consulting, asking advice; deliberating; consultation.

istishraf (v.n. 10 of استشراك , Raising the head to look at some object; screening the eyes (with the hand) from the glare of the sun; testifying to anything noble and perfect.

istish'ār (v.n. 10 of معر), Putting on the garment shi ar; being sppre-

hensive and concealing one's fears.

A istishfar, Intercepting the men-

strual discharge.

A stishfa' (v.n. 10 of معنع istishfa' (v.n. 10 of معنع), Imploring (one) to intercede, begging (his) intercession.

A منه ishlishmam (v.n. 10 of استشمام),

Wishing to smell, smelling.

A عليمت islishhād (v.n. 10 of عبد), Taking evidence, summoning witnesses; bringing testimony or proof; falling a martyr or witness for religion.

istisbah (v.n. 10 of مبع istisbah (v.n. 10 of مبع

ming a lamp; asking for a lamp.

A wishing istishab (v.n. 10 of ---), Associating with, becoming sociable; wishing for or inviting the company of any person.

مرك istisraf (v.n. 10 of مرك), Pray-

ing (God) may avert.

استعماغ istismagh (v.n. 10 of صمغ istismagh (v.n. 10 of

tracting gum.

istisnā' (v.u. 10 of منع), Requisition of workmanship, forced labour, pressing into service.

موب sliswab (v.n. 10 of استصواب Approving, thinking well of, esteeming right; asking or requiring what is right; consultation, reference; inquiry; taking the opinion of :- isliswab kardan, To approve; to consult; to refer to.

A استفعاف istiz'af (v.n. 10 of معلى), Find.

ing weak; oppressing.

مطر istitar (v.n. 8 of سطر), Delineating,

writing.

استطارة A istiturat (v.n. 10 of استطارة م fusing itself abroad (the dawn); spreading abroad (news); giving flight (to a bird).

A مَوْع istitā'at (v.u. 10 of رَجْع), Being able, capable; submitting, yielding, obeying, complying with; power, ability.

A أطول istitālat (v.n. 10 of طول), Power,

ability; possibility; compliance; submission, obedience; dependence.

استطواد Aiming (طرد istigrad (v.n. 10 of استطواد م at one thing and getting another; feigning a retreat before the enemy; incident.

استطراك A istitraf (v.n. 10 of طرف), Considering a thing as new; producing something new, original, singular, or striking.

istiţlā' (v.n. 10 of طلع), Seeking information, inquiring.

istiflaq (v.n. 10 of طلق), Diarrhœa, looseness, flux.

a استطلس istatlus, Jews' pitch.

istizlāl (v.n. 10 of طُلُّ Longing المطالل الم for or sitting in the shade, shaving one's

self; hanging over, impending.

istizhar (v.n. 10 of طهر istizhar (v.n. المام), Seeking assistance, asking for help; help, support; power; remembering; repeating by heart, reciting;—islighār dāshtan ba-chīzī, Being supported by anything, being backed up

isti'ādat (v.n. 10 of عود), Repeating; coming back; begging one to repeat, or do anything over again, or to come back; wishing to make a habit; being accustomed to, having the habit of.

isti'āzat (v.n. 10 of اعبد), Fleeing from evil to good, from the devil to God; seeking refuge.

استعار A isti'ar (v.n. 8 of سعر), Being lighted, blazing (a fire); spreading, being diffused (war or mischief).

a عور isti'ārat (v.n. 10 of عور), Borrowing; using a word metaphorically; a metaphor, a trope.

Anking (عون isti'ānat (v.n. 10 of عون), Anking assistance, imploring help, seeking aid; removing the hair from the pubes ('anat).

isti'bād (v.n. 10 of عبد), Reducing to slavery, treating as a servant or slave.

istijāb (v.n. 10 of بعد), As-

tonishment, wonder.

استعمال isti'jāl (v.n. 10 of عمل), Hastening, accelerating, ordering one to make haste, stimulating, despatching any busiwishing or endeavouring to ness soon; make haste.

محم istijām (v.n. 10 of محمم), Keeping silence, not responding, being unable

to speak distinctly.

A shazal isti'dad (v.n. 10 of ac), Preparing, making preparation, getting ready for; skill, aptness, aptitude, merit; means; mental powers, talent, parts.

isti'sam (v.n. 10 of معمم), Clasping; putting a strap to the water-bag.

isti'ţāf (v.n. 10 of مطف , Begging one to become favourably inclined, courting one's favour.

مطم isti'zām (v.n. 10 of استعطام ه Thinking highly of, admiring; rendering great; taking the larger part.

isti'fā' (v.n. 10 of مقد), Seeking to be excused; asking forgiveness, deprecating; resignation; -istifā kardan, To resign, to abdicate.

isti'faf (v.n. 10 of معه isti'faf (v.n. 10 of معه), Abstaining from what is forbidden, restraining

oneself.

ملو isti'lā' (v.n. 10 of علو), Superio rity, exaltation; seeking promotion.

ملج istilāj (v.n. 10 of علج), Becoming hard (the skin); seeking a cure, a remedy.

ملم isti'lām (v.n. 10 of علم), Asking

for information or news.

isti'lān, Making known, adver استعلان tizing.

isti'mār (v.n. 10 of عمر), Causing people to inhabit and colonize.

A استعمال isti'māl (v.n. 10 of محل), Causing to work; work, employment; use; practice, usage, custom, observance; fashion.

a استعمالی isti'mālī, Used; worn, secondhaud; usual, customary; fit for use, prac-

tical.

م نعوث istighasat (v.n. 10 of غوث), Calling for help, imploring assistance; demanding justice, seeking redress; complaint, suit.

A استغارب istighrab (v.n. 10 of استغارب),

Wondering; amazement, wonder.

استغراق <u>istiah</u>reaq (v.n. 10 of غرق), Drowning, overwhelming; being immersed, absorbed, wholly engaged in; lien, mort-

م (غش istighehāsh (v.n. 10 of استغشاش م

Considering as false and insincere.

istighfar (v.n. 10 of مفر), Asking استغفار forgiveness, begging pardon; deprecation; mercy; deliverance; -istighfar khwastan (kardan), To ask forgiveness, beg pardon, pray for mercy.

astagh firu 'llāh (I ask pardon of God), God forgive me! God forbid!

(m.c.) not at all; on the contrary.

م istighlaz (v.n. 10 of استغلاط م istighlaz (v.n. 10 of المتغلاط م ing (cloth, &c.) coarse, and for that reason

declining to purchase it.

istightat (v.n. 10 of فل), Ordering (one's servants) to carry home grain (ghallah); receiving grain from those who

istighna' (v.n. 10 of غنى), Being independent, and able to do without; wealth, opulence; contentment; showing contempt (m.c.) ;—istighnā bālīdan (khwurdan, zadan, kardan), To be independent of, to be able or obliged to do without a thing; to hold in contempt.

istighnām, Seeking or possessing استغنام

booty.

استفادة المتفادة istifādat (v.n. 10 of فيد), Seeking profit or advantage; gain, profit, advantage; attainment, result.

a what istifazana, Profusely, abundantly.

istifāzat (v.n. 10 of نيم), Desiring abundance or profusion; superabundance; being spread abroad, divulged.

istifāqat (v.n. 10 of فرق), Recovering from indisposition, ebriety, passion, or madness.

istifān, A river; (from G. متفهم listifān, A river; (from G. متفهم kind of diadem studded with jewels.

A منتو letifta' (v.n. 10 of نتو), Consulting a lawyer or mufti, asking for his fatwa; taking a legal opinion.

انتخاج Asking التحرير istiftāh (v.n. 10 of متحر), Asking

assistance; opening; conquering.

A استفراز istifrāz, Making one active;

causing to slip.

المتفراع المتفراع (v.n. 10 of فرع), Vomiting, evacuating, rejecting, clearing out the stomach; belching; straining every nerve, exerting every endeavour.

المتفسار ه istifsār (v.n. 10 of المتفسار), Asking an explanation, seeking information; inquiry, question, interrogation; investigation, search, reference;—istifsār kardan, To interrogate, etc.

a استفساري istifsārī, Statement of a prosecutor subject to investigation.

istifnān, A nettle.

istafa, A pregnant woman; any

animal big with young.

istifhām (v.n. 10 of منه), Desiring to know or to be taught, informing oneself by asking questions; interrogation.

a استفهامی istifhāmī, Interrogative; in-

terrogatory.

A أنجم istiqāmat (v.n. 10 of فرم), Standing erect; acting uprightly; rectitude, integrity; stability, durability; firmness, constancy.

A انتهال istiqbāl (v.n. 10 of نبل), Going forth to meet, encountering; meeting and receiving a visitor; reception, welcome; futurity; future tense;—istiqbāl kardan, To go or come to meet.

istiqdām (v.n. 10 of قدم), Pre-

ceding; wishing to get before.

امتقراء A istigra' (v.n. 10 of قرى), Follow-

ing; making diligent search.

istiquar (v.n. 10 of 5), Settling, fixing a residence; establishment; requiring or calling for a settlement or affirmation; confirmation, ratification, recognition.

قرض Borrow (قرض istiqrāz (v.n. 10 of استقراض م

ing.

A متهاه المتلامة 'istiqsa' (v.n. 10 of قصو), Using every effort to get to the knowledge of anything; curiosity; the utmost limit of anything.

م istiquas (v.n. 10 of قص), De-

siring one to retaliate.

istiqlāl (v.n. 10 of قلل م istiqlāl (v.n. 10 of قلل), Taking

up one's baggage; esteeming little, considering as small; absolute authority, sovereignty, despotism; firmness, resolution, constancy; persistence.

a استقلالان istiqlālāna, Absolutely.

a استغلالي istiqlālī, Invested with authority; confirming in possession.

A قوس istiqwās (v.n. 10 of قوس), Bending through age.

ustuqīlā, Name of an ancient hero.

R استكان istakān, Glass, tumbler.

A منائة istikūnat (v.n. 10 of كون), Humbling oneself, submitting.

المتكبار istikbār (v.n. 10 of أبر), Being proud; pride, conceit, presumption, arrogance.

A منتاب istiktab (v.n. 10 of ستکتاب), Asking or ordering one to write; dictating

(a letter).

istikṣār (v.n. 10 of کشر), Wishing or asking for much; finding or considering much.

Abhor-استكراه istikrāh (v.n. 10 of كرة Abhor-

rence, aversion, loathing; reluctance.

A التكمال istikshāf (v.n. 10 of معند) Requesting anything to be made manifest, or laid open; discovery, exploration;—istikshāf numūdan, To try to investigate, to inquire into.

A استكمال istikmāl (v.n. 10 of ركمل), Completing, perfecting; wishing anything

finished, perfected, completed.

istal, A fish-pond, a lake, a pool.

A استّان istiläl (v.n. 8 of ستّ), Drawing (a sword, &c.).

h istilām (v.n. 8 of سلم), Touching the black stone of the Ka'bah with hand or mouth; prostration, kissing the hand.

المن istilhaq (v.n. 10 of استلحاق),

Adopting, claiming as a son.

istalkh, Lake, pond (in the dialect of Karabagh for ancient استخر, Ar. المخر; see المثار).

الله istilzāz (v.n. 10 of ألدًا استلدائه استلدائه

relishing.

الرم istilzām (v.n. 10 of الرم), Requiring, rendering necessary; necessity.

a istilqā' (v.n. 10 of استلقاء), Falling

on one's back. متم istam (for متم), Oppression, injus-

tice.

A Elami istimā (v.n. 8 of ease), Listen-

ing, hearing, giving ear; tiding, report, rumour.

المناه istimalat (v.n. 10 of مناه), Caressing, conciliating, giving good words, soothing, gaining the favour of anyone; solace, consolation, comforting; encouragement.

A استمتاع islimtā' (v.n. 10 of متع), Reaping the fruits, or receiving the usufruct enjoyment (of a woman).

islimkhar (v.n. 10 of مخر)

Facing the wind and snuffing it up (a

horse).

A أستمداد istimdad (v.n. 10 of مد), Asking supplies, subsidies, help; -istimdad farmūdan (kardan), To ask for help or assistance.

استمراء istimrā' (v.n. 10 of "مرا"), Digesting one's food, finding it very digestible.

ietimrār (v.n. 10 of متر ietimrār), Continuation, continuance, perseverance; perpetuity, permanence; fixed rent, not liable to alteration.

a استمرار دار ietimrār-dār, Holder of a

farm or lease in perpetuity.

istimrārī, Perpetual, continuative.

istimzāj, Sounding one's temper or intention; asking an opinion; asking after one's health.

مسك istimsāk (v.n. 10 of استمساك),

Holding; refraining.

istimlah (v.n. 10 of ملح istimlah (v.n. 10 of ملح), Finding or esteeming good, agreeable, beautiful.

istimlāl (v.n. 10 of مرل), Being wearied, bored, annoved; finding (a thing or person) annoying or troublesome.

istam-numā (for استم نما), Op-

A استمهال istimhāl (v.n. 10 of مهل), Petitioning for a delay, begging respite, asking for time.

آستن āstin, The sleeve of a garment.

ustun, A column, a prop.

istinād (v.n. 8 of ستناد م istinād (v.n. 8 of ستناد م against, supporting oneself by, or depend-

istinārat (v.n. 10 of فور), Shining,

glisteniug.

istimbāt (v.n. 10 of نبط istimbāt (v.n. 10 of استنباط (a spring) to flow; drawing out, extraction; deduction; drawing a conclusion.

T استنبول istambūl, Constantinople.

istamba, Thick, coarse, hideous; strong, powerful, brave; the night-mare; a demon; quarrelsome.

istinsār (v.n. 10 of نثر), Drawing up water through the nostrils and discharging it again.

استنجاه istinja' (v.n. 10 of جو), Washing or cleaning oneself after easing nature; making water; the private parts.

istinjāz (v.n. 10 of استنجاز), Asking

for the fulfilment of a promise.

istandan, To take, to receive.

istindil, Tenedos, in the Archipelago.

A نول istinzāl (v.n. 10 of نول), Sending down; descending from one's station.

م (نسخ istinsākh (v.n. 10 of استنساغ), Making to transcribe, to copy.

الشاق istinshāq (v.n. 10 of المعنشاق), Drawing up water through the nostrils; snuffing up the air, or odours.

istinṣār (v.n. 10 of صر), Solicit-

ing aid, asking supplies.

istintaq (v.n. 10 of استنطاق), Endowing with speech; trying to make one speak.

م نظف istinzāf (v.n. 10 of استنظاف),

Taking all; deeming clean or neat.

A استنقاد istingāz (v.n. 10 of مقد istingāz), Liberating, emancipating, rescuing; putting to a distance.

A إلا istingā' (v.n. 10 of استنفاع), Flowing into a place and stagnating (water); steeping in water; quenching the thirst.

istinkāf (v.n. 10 of ككف), Dis-

daining, refusing, rejecting.

A موى istiwā' (v.n. 8 of سوى), Being straight and even; equality; uniformity; parallelism; what is level, plain, even; coming to maturity; tending towards,

ascending.

ustuwār (S. sthāvara), Firm, strong, solid; faithful, true, worthy to be relied on; faith, truthfulness; perfection, completion; equality, evenness; -ustuwār dāshtan, To rely on, to believe; -ustuwār shudan, To stick fast and firmly ;—ustuwār kardan, To fix, to confirm, to make strong.

ustuwār-band, Binding, tying, استوار بند

usluwārī, Strength, firmness, constaucy, resolution; corroboration; -ustuwārī dādan, To give firmness, strength, security.

ueluwān, Firm, solid ; trustworthy.

ustuwāna, A cylinder. استوانه

ast u bast, Particulars.

ustūdān, A mausoleum of the Guebres; a tomb, a sepulchre, a cemetery.

ustūr, A horse, mule, beast of bur-

ustūrbān, A horse-keeper; barren.

ustūm, A bulrush.

יהדפט ustūn, A column, beam, mast; a kinsman (son-in-law, father-in-law); odoriferous grass.

istūh, ustūh, Wearied, dispirited, ufflicted. sorrowful, overwhelmed with ennui; weariness, lassitude, sadness; afflic-

ustuwī, The backbone.

قاه، asta, A kernel; a bone;—āsta'i khurmā, A date-stone;—istih, Contention, altercation; - istuh, Dejected, dispirited. tired ;—usta, The buttocks.

A استهام istihām (v.n. 8 of سهم), Casting

lots.

A هدى istihdā' (v.n. 10 of هدى), Asking

a gift, or gnidance.

istihdaf (v.n. 10 of هدب), Being a mark or butt; setting oneself as a mark or butt (for criticism, &c.); being straight.

istihdan, istihidan, To squabble. استهدن istahrūsh, A kind of eagle.

موا" istihzā' (v.n. 10 of "هوا"), Deriding, joking, sneering; jest, joke; scorn, scoff.

a استبرانه istihzāno, Scornfully, deridingly. istihlāk (v.n. 10 of هلك استهلاك م ing, destroying, consuming, expending; seeking the death or ruin of anyone.

A استهلال istihlāl (v.n. 10 of هل), Appearing of or seeing the new moon; giving the first cry (infant); falling of the first rain; being drawn (sword).

هری ialihwa' (v.n. 10 of هری), Bewitching, seducing, bewildering, stupefy-

istihīdan, To quarrel, litigate, strive.

مَّ أَسَّتِي āstī, The sleeve of a garment. istiyā, A mountain between Herat and Ghazna.

istiyāq (v.n. 8 of سوی), Driving, urging forward.

A وثق istīgāg (v.n. 10 of وثق), Wishing

anything to be firm; making firm. A بالمتيما istijab (v.n. 10 of معيمار), Being

worthy, fit.

استيحاش istīḥūsh (v.n. 10 of وحش), Experiencing care, saduess, or terror; being hungry.

istikh, Tall and straight (column).

أردع iutīdā' (v.n. 10 of ودع), Requesting anyone to keep a deposit; depositing; deposit.

istidan, To stand; to begin.

istīda, Standing.

astīr, A weight of 61 dirhems (see . (استار

istizah, Controversy, quarrel, anger. istīsā' (v.n. 10 of رسع), Being wide, roomy, capacious, large enough.

ielisaq (v.n. 10 of روسق), Being

collected, complete, right.

A اصل isti'ṣāl (v.n. 10 of استقمال, Eradicating, erasing, exterminating, ruining.

istī'āb (v.n. 10 of روعب), Taking (the whole); extirpation; calling in a cus-

tomary present.

متيفاء A استيفاء istīfā' (v.n. 10 of وفي), Demand ing and receiving the whole of what is due; performance of a promise; renouncing, relinquishing, resigning (an appointment).

امتيفار istifuz (v.n. 10 of وفو istifuz (v.n. 10 of

on the tips of one's toes.

منيفاض م istifaz (v.n. 10 of وفض), Running fast; making haste; causing to make haste, driving.

A استيفاق istifaq (v.n. 10 of وفق), Imploring or seeking divine guidance and

A استيقاد istīqād (v.n. 10 of استيقاد), Kindling,

lightning.

استيقاظ islīgāz (v.n. 10 of معتيقاظ Being awake; awakening

istīkān, Glass, tumbler (m.c. from

istila' (v.n. 10 of ولى), Having entire power or authority; predominance,

conquest; authority, ascendency, domination; -istīlā dādan, To give authority, power over.

astīm, A sleeve; blood from a wound; a healed wound; a poultice; the orifice of a bottle; -astīm, A sleeve; the mouth of a bottle; -istim, A wound affected by the cold and swollen; cold which causes a wound to swell; a wound healed on the surface and full of matter within: pus, matter.

A والمن isti'mān (v.n. 10 of استثمان), Beg-

ging protection, taking refuge.

متين āstīn, A sleeve;—āstīn az chashm (az dīda, az muzha) bar dāshtan, To weep openly; —āstīn az dūr bar dāshtan, To cail out to, to inform ;-astīn az dahan bar dāshtan, To burst out laughing;—āstīn afshāndan, To dance; to confer favours; to abandon, refuse, shake off; - astin bala zadan (kardan), To prepare for work, to make ready;—āstān bālā shudan, To be prepared or ready for work;—āstīn ba bīnī giriftan, To cover the nose so as not to smell a thing; -astīn bartar kardan, To draw one's hand in, to abstain from injuring; – ūstīn bar jabīn (bar chashm, bar dīda) kashīdan, To soothe, to show sympathy; ästīn bar chashm (bar dīda) guzāshtan, To weep secretly, to hide one's tears;—astin bar chidan (bar zadan, bar shikastan, bishkastan, pichīdan, malidan), To tuck up one's sleeve, i.e. to prepare for business;—āstīn bar dahan dashtan, To cover one's mouth; to laugh in one's sleeves; - āstīn bar rukh kashīdan, To cover one's face;—āstīn bar sham' (chirāgh) zadan, To extinguish a candle, a light; -- ūstīn bar gunāh kashīdan, To pasa by a fault;—āstīni postīn, Fault, blemish; -āstīn tar dāshtan, To shed tears; --āstīn terīz kardan, To draw one's hand in ;āstīn shushtan, To weep profusely; -astīni kūtāh, A garment without ornaments;āstīn giriftan, To compel one to work for nothing; -āstīni gul, A sleevelul of roses, a nosegay; —āstīn na-dāshtan, To be utterly destitute.

isti'nās (v.n. 10 of أنس), Being intimate, familiar; familiarity, intimacy, sympathy.

isti'naf (v.n. 10 of النقاف , Commencing; an exordium, beginning, commencement.

astīna, استينة istīna, A bird's egg. q.v. استهدی = istihidan استیهیدی

asja' (pl. of saj'), Rhymes, compositions in rhythm; cooings of turtles.

م اسجال isjāl (v.n. 4 of مجلً), Filling (a cistern); giving; making lawful, allowing. aehāra, Mallows.

A lishing, Isaac;—(v.n. 4 of Becoming threadbare; shrinking after milking (the teats); drying up.

A asham, Black.

iskhāra rāmī, A thorny grass. A historia iskhāt (v.n. 4 of استاد), Enraging, infuriating; annoying.

A and asad, A lion; the sign Leo; sur-

name of the Khalifah Ali.

A ماسدا isda' (v.n. 4 of سدي), Conferring

a favour, doing a kindness.

اسد آباد asad-ābād, A city near Hamadān. isdaf (v.n. 4 of سدف), Letting fall a veil; showing light (as the dawn); lighting (a candle or lamp); growing dark

asdal (pl. of sidl), Veils; curtains اسدال and coverings of a litter; - (v.n. 4 of اسدل)

Letting down a veil or curtain.

rd asur, A thriving field (of corn); a low fellow; mean.

aer (v.n.), Creating; taking cuptive; (s.) a chain;—asar, Glass.

ierā' (v.n. 4 of رسرى), Travelling by night; -usarā' (pl. of asir), Captives.

A) asrār (pl. of sirr), Secrets, myste-

- ries, confidential concerns; -(pl. of sarar, surar) Lines, creases, lineaments on the face or palms of the hands ;-asrāri samīn, Plants; -ierār (v.n. 4 of ,), Concealing, keeping secret; concealment, suppression; secrecy, secret, mystery; influence of an evil spirit: revealing or divulging a secret, disclosure.
- مراري aerārī, Mysterious (m.c.);— ajzā'i aerārīyah, Mysterious ingredients

isrā' (v.n. 4 of وسرع isrā' (v.n. 4 of إسراع ه haste, being quick; causing or ordering to make haste, hastening, quickening; having swift-paced camels.

israf (v.n. 4 of سواك م), Wasting, lavishing; excess, extravagance; prodigality, lavish expenditure; abuse of wealth; dissipation, ruin.

BY loraf, A Blave.

israfil, The angel of death, who أسرافيل ه is to blow the last trumpet; a scraph.

isrāyīl, اسرائيل isrā'īl, اسرائيل isrāyīl, اسرائيل isrāyīl, اسرائيل

rāyīn, أسرائيس isrā'īn, Israel.

a سبا usrub, usrubb, Lead ;--usrubi gudākhiah, Molteu lead.

a اسراي usrubī, Leaden.

usrup, Lead.

istirkha. استرها = istirkha.

A 2- asra', More or most swift, swifter, swiftest, fleeter, fleetest, quicker, quickest; sooner, soonest.

ueruf, Lead. أسوك ع

isrinj, Cinnabar, vermillion, red lead, sandy v, burnt ceruse (of which they make an cintment for wounds); cymbals.

uerosh. An angel; an agreeable أسوف voice; name of the 17th day of the month.

ieroshanah, nerūshanah, Name of a city in Turkistan.

a ارزع ه line traced on a bow; a kind of worm (found among pot-herbs).

مَا رَجْسَ قَعْدَة, أَحْرِيسَ asrish, A race-ground. isrīsham, Glue, gum, isinglass.

A asas, A foundation ;--ueue (pl. of asas), Foundations.

A sphal isturat, A fable, fiction; anything triffing.

istabr, Thick.

istabl (G. στάβλιον), A stable.

G الطخور istakhdar, Rosemary. istakhr, Persepolis.

ושל ustur (G. στατήρ), A balance; name

a أسطراغيلس istarāghīlus, A die, dice.

istarakh, A lake; Persepolis. astirkhā, Red orpiment.

usturlab (G. ἀστρόλαβον), An astrolabe ;- usturlābi chahārum, The sun.

usturnūnā (G. ἀστρονομία), Astronomy

مطع المطع asta', Long-necked (ostrich). istafin (G. σταφυλίνος), A carrot. هين istafīn or ustafīn, A carrot.

, ustuque (G. στοιχαίον), An element اسطقسر a heavenly body; nature, temper; principle, rudiment; geometry; —ustuqasāti (ustagāti, ustāti) uglīdas, Enclid's Elements.

ustuwān, اسطوانة wstuwānat, A column, pillar; the leg of a quadruped; veretrum; a portico supported by pillars; --- ustuwāni mustadīr, A round column, a cylinder.

اسطوخودوس 🖸 usļū<u>kh</u>ūdūs, French

vender.

ustūr (G. ἱστόρία), A fable, story.

ustun, A carrot.

A معدد is'ād (v.n. 4 of اسعاد), Making happy or prosperous, blessing, favouring, assisting, seconding, supporting, aiding.

as'ār (pl. of si'r), Prices;—is'ār (vn. 4 of عنه), Fixing the price, assizing.

A blant is at (v.n. 4 of bear), Injecting medicine into the nostrils; piercing with a spear.

is'af (v.n. 4 of سعف), Promoting

or finishing any business.

as'ad, More or most happy; fortunate, auspicious.

مغاب isghāb (v.n. 4 of سغاب, Enduring honger and penury.

isaghda, asaghda, Prepared, ready; -asughda, A fire-brand, half-burnt wood.

asayhdidan, To fashion, finish. usghura, اسغرة usghurna, اسغرنا usghura, A porcupine.

asaf (v.n.), Grieving exceedingly; being angry with; sadness, grief, anguish; —asif, āsif, Grieved, iudignant, angry.

asfābūr, A city founded by Nushir-

wan.

asfar (pl. of safar), Journeys, voyages, travels, adventures; - (pl. of sifr) Books, volumes; -isfar (v.n. 4 of). Breaking (dawn); shining, becoming light, bright, splendid.

asfār, Name of a country said to be crossed by a river that flows during six months and is dry during the other six months ;—isfar, Myrtle.

iefarainty, A native of Isfarain.

a ولالف العالاء isfānāj, or—

isfānākh, Spinage.

asfāmbur, Name of a city.

asufta, A fire-brand, quenched

āsufda, Prompt, readv. asfadīh, Port-charges.

ci, isfirāj (G. ἀσπάραγος), Asparagus. isfarayin, Name of a city in Khu-TĂSĀD.

asfrasb, or-

asfrasf, A race-course.

isfaram, Myrtle; any odoriferous plant.

isfaranj, or—اسفرنج

iefarang, Name of a district in Samarcand.

isfarūd, The bird called qatā in Arabic, the sand-grouse.

asfura, Prompt, ready.

isfist, usfust, A medicinal plant اسفست

اسفستى iefisti, Abounding in isfist.

A مال asfal, Lower, lowest; inferior; asfalu's-sāfilin, The lowest hell; the lowest of the low.

a chal isfināj, Spinage;—isfināji rūmī, Orach.

isfanan, 'The sides of the vulva.

isfantamān, Excellent, choice; name of one of Zardasht's ancestors.

isfanj (G. σπόγγος), A sponge; a kind of dumpling.

iefanja, A sponge.

isfand, A species of rue; name of a province of Nishabur; name of the twelfth month; -isfandi isfed, White mustard-seed.

isfandar=the following.

isfandārmuz. Name اسفندارمذ of the twelth month of the solar year; name of the fifth day of every month; name of the angel who presides over the twelfth month; the earth.

isfandmuz, Name of the third of the five intercalary days used in olden

isfandyar, The son of Gushtasp. of the first dynasty of Persian kings; name of the genius who presides over the day and the month isfandar; divine power and

isfahbud, isfahbad, A general, a اسفهبد commander-in-chief; a title of the kings of

Persia.

isfahbud khwara, Speech. احقيم غورة isfahsülär, Commander of an army.

isfijāb, Name of a city in Turkistān.

isfed, White, bright, splendid.

اسفیداپ isfedāb, or-

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isfedāj, White water, ceruse, a اسفيداج paint used by women.

a اسفيداد الرمام isfedādu 'r-raṣāṣ, Whiting.

isfedār, The white poplar; the aspen.

isfed-ba, eh seed isfed-baj, A kind of dish made of meat, onious, butter, cheese, &c., or of bread and milk.

isfed dasht, Name of a village. a اسفيوش isfayūsh, Seed of flea-wort.

A Limit asque (pl. of saque), Goods, furniture of little value;—isqāt (v.n. 4 of Law), Causing to fall, dropping, letting fall; casting her young (a camel); miscarrying, miscarriage; producing an abortion; isqāţi hamal, Miscarriage, abortion; producing an abortion.

ه المقال isqāl, A squill; a wild onion, a

scallion.

asqām (pl. of saqam), Diseases, infirmities;—isqām (v.n. 4 of مقم), Making

A مقف asqaf, Tall, large-boned (man); -usquf, usquff, A bishop; a chief of the dīwān, head clerk.

asqal, Squills.

asqalbiyās, The plant asclepias.

a اسقاطس isqaltus, Jew's pitch.

isqilīnus, Galenus, the Greek اسقلينس physician; sclopendrium, hart's tongue.

isgimba, Satan. اسقنية

isqunqūr (G. σκίγκος), The skink (a kind of lizard).

usqur, The water used for religious ablutions; a porcupine.

a ساورديون usqurdiyun, Germander (a plant).

usqūrūn, Dross of metal, iron المقورون scoria.

uskūlū, The sea-cow. استولو

usqūlūs, Glue, starch.

isqulifandariyun (G. σκολοπένδριον), Sclopeudrium, hait's tongue.

نهيل a lieqīl, A wild onion, a scallion.

قادة āsak, A place near Arrajān.

isk or ask, A courier, a post-horse. A اسكات iskāt (v.n. 4 of سكات), Pacifying, soothing, silencing; assuaging, allaying.

iskār (v.n. 4 of سكر), Intoxicating اسكاف iskāf (v.n. 4 of اسكاف), Being a shoemaker or a mechanic in general; (s.) A shoemaker; a workman, mechanic.

iskālish, Thought, reflection;

thoughtful, imaginative.

A اسكان iekān (v.n. 4 of سكن), Giving repose; stilling, quieting; making (a letter) quiescent, depriving it of a vowel.

iskāna, 'I'he calf of the leg. askāwand, A mountain in Sistān,

askudār, uskudār, iskudār, A courier, a postman; a relay of post-horses or letter-carriers; a postman's bag; name of a king; Scutari.

askardan, To bruise, to grind.

uskara, uskarra, A saucer, platter, digb.

a like wekuffat, A threshold.

iskala, Landing-place (m.c., from It. scala, Fr. échelle).

iekanān, The sides of the vulva اسكنان

(اسفنان Bee).

askanj, Fetid breath.

امكند askand, A rope-dancer; ropedancing.

askandān, A lock ; a tomb-stone.

iskandar, askandar, Alexander, الكندر و said to be the son of Dārā, who married Nahid, daughter of Filqus (Philippus). On account of her fetid breath, her husband sent her back to her father, who cured her by the use of iskandarus, Garlic, whence her son's name.

iskandar-ābād, Name of a town الكندراباد founded by Alexander in Eastern Persia.

a اسكندروس iskandarūs, Garlic; name of the mother or son of Alexander.

a اسكندري iskandarī, Alexandrian.

۱ iskandarīyat, Alexandria in Egypt (sixteen cities of this name are ascribed to Alexander).

iskinak, A wimble, an auger.

ās-kunanda, Revolving millwbeel.

iskana, An auger; the thigh.

iskana-rān. The sides of the

askwār, Scutari (in Turkey). عَلَيْنَ السَّكُوعَ السَّكُوعُ السَّاعُ السَّكُوعُ السَّكُوعُ السَّكُوعُ السَّكُوعُ السَّكُوعُ السَّعُ السَّكُوعُ السَّكُوعُ السَّكُوعُ السَّكُوعُ السَّكُوعُ السَّكُوعُ السَّلَّكُ السَّكُوعُ السَّاعُ السَّكُوعُ السَّكُوعُ السَّلَّكُ السَّلَّكُ السَّكُوعُ السَّاعُ السَّكُوعُ السَّكُوعُ السَّلِي السَّلِي السَّكُوعُ السَّكُوعُ السَّلِي السَّالِي السَّلِي السَّلِي السَّلِي السَّلِي السَّلِي السَّلِي السَّلِي السَّلِي السَّل

iskie, open, iskizah, A kick, caper,

bound. askī sarāy, The old palace (in

Constantinople).

uegur, A porcupine.

الكري degun, The Caspian; name of a country.

A مال asal, A tree having long prickles; a spear; any long prickle or thorn.

مار isla' (v.n. 4 of سار), Comfort, consolation.

aslaf (pl. of salaf), Those who have gone before; ancestors;—islaf (v.n. 4 of L), Sending in advance; paying before due, or in advance.

ielūk (v.n. 4 of اسلاك, Inserting

one thing into another.

اسلال A istat (v.n. 4 of آسل), Theft; visiting with consumption; drawing the sword.

ملم islām (v.n. 4 of سلم), Yielding obedience to the will of God. resigning oneself to the divine disposal; embracing the religion of Muhammad, conversion to the Muhammadan faith; Islamism, Muhammadism; orthodoxy.

T الملاصول islāmbūl, islāmbol, Constanti-

nople.

islāmbūlī, islāmbolī, Of or be-

longing to Constantinople.

a اسلامى islāmī, Faithful, orthodox; a Muhammadan; an Ottoman; -aḥkāmi islāmīya, Precepts of religion;—mamāliki islāmīyah, The Ottoman Empire.

A dial asalat, The point of a spear; the

tip (of the tongue or elbow).

aslihat, asliha (pl. of silah), Military arms, weapons, implements of war, armour.

a sile della asliha-khāna, Armouries, arsenal (m.c.).

aslakh, Bald-headed; very red.

aslam, Safer, safest; — aslami shuquq, The best course to pursue.

aslanj, Horse-tail (a plant).

uslūb, A kind of food; name of a sage and a king; name of a philosopher.

uslūb, Order, arrangement, way, mode, means, measure, manner, method; form, figure, shape; a lion's neck; a prominence of nose.

ע ובילפיל" uslūban, Methodically.

a ו-לפיבון uslūb-dār, Methodical, wellarranged, well-proportioned, symmetrical; elegant.

a اسليغون islāqun, Vermillion, red lead. islāmā, A species of painting.

ism or usm, Name, appellation, attribute (ismi a'zam, ismi 'azīm, The name most high, the great name, the name of God;—ismi bā musammá, Worthy of the name it bears, whose name is expressive of its qualities; —ismi jalālī, Name indicative of the divine power; -ismi jamāli, Name indicative of the divine goodness or beauty; -iomi zāt, Name indicative of the divine essence;—ismi sāmī, A noble or exalted name;—ismi sifat, Name indicative of a divine quality, attribute); noun (ismi istifham, Interrogative pronoun;— ismi ishārat, Demonstrative pronoun;—ismi ālat, Noun of instrument ;-ismitamm, A perfect noun ;-- ismi lasghīr, A diminutive noun ;ismi tankir, Indefinite pronoun;—ismi tafzīl, A comparative or a superlative noun;—ismi jāmid, A primitive noun;—ismi jam', The plural number; -ismi jins, A generic or appellative noun ;—ismi zamān, Adverb of time; -ismi zamīr, A pronoun; -ismi zarf, Adverb of time and place; -ismi 'adad, Numeral; -ismi fa'il, Noun of agency; ismi fil, Verbal noup, infinitive; -ismi kagrat, Noun of multitude; -ismi mubalagler, Noun of excess, or intensity; -ismi marra, Noun of unity; -ismi mushtagg, A derivative noun; ismi maşdar, Noun of action, infinitive; -ismi musaghghar, A diminutive noun;—ismi muzūf, A noun in

construction ;—ismi ma'ārif, A determinate noun;—ismi ma'ná, An abstract noun; -ismi maf'ūl, The passive participle;-ismi makūn, Noun of place;-ismi mansūb, A relative noun ;-ismi mausūl, A relative pronoun; - ismi nakra, An indeterminate noun;—ismi naw', A specific noun;—ismi wasf, An adjective; -ismi wi'ā, Noun of the vessel); -ism burdan (dar kardan), To pronounce one's name with praise; to Win a name(m.c.).

أسما قعmā (for ماسما), Heaven; a high

place; name of a place.

A shall asma' (pl. of ism), Names, nouns; -asmā'i af'al, Verbal nouns ; -asmā'i husná, asmā'i 'uzmá, The ninety-nine names or attributes of God; -ismā' (v.n. 4 of ,...), Naming, calling.

ismār, The myrtle-tree. اسمار

asmar (pl. of samar), Nocturnal conversations, evening entertainments, stories.

a asmat. Single or thin breeches, not stuffed or lined with cotton, &c.; single

shoes, slippers, or sandals.

asmā' (pl. of sam'), The ears; ismā' (v.n. 4 of ...), Causing to hear, relating; repreaching, reviling; accepting, approving; singing.

ismā'īl, Ishmael, son of Abra-

ismā'īl-ābād, Name of a village near Kharran.

ismā'īlīyat, Name of a sect.

asmāl, Old, worn-out garments;
—ismāl (v.n. 4 of مال), Making peace,
composing differences; being old and worn out (a garment); cleaning a cistern.

ممان معسقه (S. asman), Heaven, the celestial orb; the ceiling of a house; name of a genius who presides over the 27th day of every Persian solar month; name of the angel of death; — āsmāni akhshekh, asmani dunya, The orb of the moon; -- amnani barin, The ninth or uppermost heaven; — āsmān az kujā wa rīsmān az kujā, "Where is heaven and where is the rope?" a proverbial saying employed when falsehood is opposed to truth (hence: āemān az rīswān na-dānistan, To be entirely wanting in discrimination); asmān-rā ba-abra ma-posh, Do not try to conceal what is beyond concealment :asman-ra ba camin dokhtan. To stitch the sky to the earth (met. used to express the highest skill in archery); —āsmān-rā zamīn kardan, To raise dust; - āsmān-rā sūrākh kardan (to perforate heaven), To bring about something momentous; - asman sūrakh na-khwahad shud, Nothing extraordinary is going to happen; — ūemūni ghirew, The thunder; —āemān u resman, An evasive, incongruous, or impertment answer.

A نامنا ismān (v.n. 4 of ممن), Possessing fat cattle, being fat.

أسمان پايه āsmān-pāya, Of heavenly rank

or dignity.

تعملي بيملي reman-paimay, Measuring the heavens; travelling through the heavens.

أحمان بيولد āsmān-paiwand, Sky-reaching. قام نامان ماه āsmān-jāh, Of heaven-like dignity or power.

ماب والما قعmān-janāb, Majestic as

aemānjūnī, A sapphire, مانجولي cinth.

مَان خير asmān-khes, Rising up to heaven. äsman-dara, The galaxy, milky آسماندرة way.

رنعت asman-rafat, High or exalted as heaven.

asman-sair, Travelling in the heavens.

متاب قعاب قعسم āsmān-shitāb, Swift as heaveu. معلى مفت asmān-sifat, Heaven-like.

asmān-qadar (qudr), Powerful آسمان قدر as heaven.

asman-gir (catching or intercepting the sky), A projecting roof, an arbour, a bower.

deman-manzar, Of heavenly آسمان منظر aspect.

أسان ناب aemān-nāb, Pure as the sky; beaven-like.

asman-wash, Heaven-like.

iemana, A ceiling, roof.

aemānī, Heavenly, azure, byacinthine.

asmāni-tir, A meteor, a falling آسمانی تیر

قاساني زبان asmānī-zabān, The language of angels; angel-tongued, eloquent.

A asmar, Brown, tawny, dusky.

a اسمران aemarān (dual, the two browns), Wheat and water.

اسمعيل isma'il, Ishmael, son of Abraham.

A asman, More or most fat.

آسمند äsmand, Lying; bewildered, frightened, confounded.

asmand, A village near Samarcand. asmandar, A salamander.

a , ism-war, (Entry in statements) according to the order of individual names.

aemūsā, Sort of marjoram; wild

ismoyh (Z. ashemaogha), Nume of u demon sent out by Ahriman to propagate discords in families, law-suits among neighbours, and wars between princes.

q.v. Turat = anin fu.v.

a اسمى ismi, Nominal (as opposed to verbal); by name, named.

سا asan, A garment turned; an unripe melon.

asin, asin, Corrupted, stinking أسن water.

.v. اسپكنوى = ionapai اساپوي

isnad, Name of the 26th day of

every month.

aenād (pl. of sanad), Credentials, vouchers, warrants; grants, charters, deeds, documents ;—isnād (v.n. 4 of سند), Alleging on the authority of another; attributing to.

A منم ionām (v.n. 4 of منم), Rising

(smoke); blazing (fire).

asnān (pl. of sinn), Teeth; the points of spears;—isnān (v.n. of ...), Being advanced in years.

q.v. اسنكيوي = isnapūï اسنيوي

أسستان āsinistān, aenistān, asinisittān, Wamiq's father-in-law.

أسدى غا âsnī إسى أasnī أسدى q.v. ما asná, More or most high, or suhlime; more or most brilliant.

asū, The ermine; a boot;—asū, A

part, side ;—usū, Robbery, seizure.

aswār (C. acpbar), A horseman; a soldier who fights with the hatchet or mace; name of a mountain from which the Nile is said to spring.

aswar (pl. of sur), Walls of a city;

----unar, A bracelet.

aswāri, A mode of warfare with hatchets and maces.

aswit (pl. of saut), Scourges, whips.

asūbār (in Zand and Pāzand), A horseman.

iswat, uswat, A chief, leader, dis-

tinguished m.m, paragon.

A 3-1 aswad, Black; blacker, blackest; more or most illustrious or powerful; a sparrow; a large kind of black serpent.

aswadān, The two blacks, as أسودان dates and water; a serpent and a scorpion.

مُودكي āsūdagī, Quiet, repose, tranquillity. اسودي āsādan, To rest; to be satisfied. refreshed, regaled; to die; to quiet, pacify, silence; to lose moisture, to dry.

asūda, Peaceable, quiet, at rest, asleep; — āsāda u āzāda, Quiet and free.

usûda, Feeling, handling, touching. asāda-ḥāl, Tranquil; full, replete.

aswar (in Zand and Pazand), The

day before yesterday.

اسون عا neūn (v.n. of اسن), Changing taste and colour; delaying; seeking a pretext; taking after the father.

المه dea, Tillage, sowing; a field ready for sowing; liquorice root; bone of a fish;

is-hab (v.n. 4 of سهب), Talking much, babbling; losing one's senses (from a venomous bite); travelling in the desert; taking the lead (horse).

A اسهال is-hal (v.n. 4 of اسهال المال producing a diarrhoea; dysentery; an aperient;—is-hāli khūn, is-hāli dama sī, A bloody flux.

م مام is-hām (v.u. 4 of سهم), Casting lote. A Ja-l as-hal, More easy, easier, easiest. asī, The wife of a man who has

another wife, a rival wife.

asī, Melancholy, solicitous, sorrowful; a physician, surgeon.

مَيا asiyā, A mill-stone; a mill (asiyā'i bād or bādī, a wind-mill;—āsiyà'i dast or dastī, A hand-mill) ;—āsiyā az gard uftad, The mill has ceased to turn, things go wrong;—āsiya ba-ābi khizr (az ābi tilā, as ābi gauhar) mī-gardad, Things are in a flourishing condition, one is powerful, wealthy, honoured, &c.; —āsiyā ba-khūn mī-gardad, The mill is turned with blood, (met.) a calamity befalls;—āsiyā dar gord ast, The mill turns round, is at work, things go well; —āsiyā tez kardan, Notching a nıill-stone;—āsiyā kardan, To grind.

lasyā, Black; (in Zand and Pāzand)

வர் கர் asiya-ashan, An iron instrument

for notching a mill-stone.

سيار, āsiyāb, آسيار āsyāv, A water-mill; āsyābi bādī, A windmill (m.c.);—āsyābi be āb, A mill without water.

ייבואט aniyaban, A miller.

قسيا خالك مَsiyū-<u>kh</u>āna, A water-mill.

ن ما ما تا تا قان آ asiyā-zan. A millwright; the funnel of a mill.

نه زنه مَعني أَسيا زنه asiyā-zana, An iron instrument for notching a mill-stone.

āsiyā-sang, A mill-stone.

asyaf (pl. of saif), Swords ;—(pl. of sif) Shores.

آسياگر āsyāgar, A mill-wright; a miller. asyagari, The business of a miller, or of a mill-wright.

ناميانة تعنيقات asiyana, asyana, A whet-stone. رَيْسَ اللَّهُ Trouble, molestation, perturbation, misery, calamity, wretchedness, affliction, hurt, injury, damage, loss; dissension, discord, sedition; the shock or concussion of a Lody of men, pressing upon, struggling, or fighting with one another; (asihi jaib, Connection); -asib uftad (amad, rasid), Puin has been inflicted, a calamity has befallen; - asib khwurdan (kashidan, yaftan), To be afflicted, pained, injured; to suffer calamity; -- āsīb rasānīdan (zadan, kardan), To inflict pain or injury.

deibi nazr, deib-nazr, A fatal آجيب نظر accident in consequence of witchcraft.

asib-kār, Inflicting pain or injury, cruel, tyrannical.

asir, Name of a fortress.

a اسير جاى asīr-jūy, اسير جاى asīr-khāna, Prison.

A asir, Bound; prisoner, captive, bondman ;—asīri tab, A sensualist ;—asīr kardan, To make prisoner.

asirak, A slice of melon.

a منهر کير معنا معترب معناه م

a مربئ asiri, Captivity, slavery, bondage.

A مناه معنف asif, Grieving, sorrowful; a servant, a hired labourer, a mercenary; naturally lean and weak.

fasima, Astonished, amazed, stupe-fied, confused; dark.

أحيمة مناه قائمة قدمة asima-dimāgh, Crack-brained; drunk, intoxicated.

أسيمة سار āsīma-sūr, أسيمة سار āsīma-sar (comp. سراسيمة), Giddy; astounded, contused.

asyŭs (G. ἄσσιος λίθος), A soft yellowish stone which stings the tongue in tasting; saltpetre.

آمون آ asyūn, Stupefied, astonished; dark;

intoxicated.

asiya, Name of Pharach's wife who educated Moses.

A āsh (S. āśa), Meat, victuals, viands, soup, broth, gruel, pottage; drinking, a drinker; —āshi bādardī, A dish called after Bādard, a place in Khurasān;—āshi bachagan, Castor (a medicine given to infants); -ash pukhtan, To stir up one against another; - āshi tatmāj, A kind of vermicelli dish; —āshi tazwir (parhez), Gruel for the sick;—āshi ta'siya, A dish distributed to the neighbours and poor on a day of mourning (as on that for the death of Husain);đehi tử dar kāsa'i tūst, Your food is in your bowl, i.e. your living or lot is provided for; —āshi jav, Barley-water, water-gruel; – āshi khalīli (khalīli 'llāh), Pottage of lentils; — āshi khumār, A "pick-me-up" from seediness after drinking; - ashi khair, Food bestowed on the poor by way of a pious foundation;—āshi daqiq, Rice-gruel;
—āshi dum-pukht, A kind of pottage; āshi 'āshūrā, A dish distributed to neighbours and the poor on the 10th of Muharram (in remembrance of the death of Husain (see āshi ta'siya above and هفت دانه); –åsh kardan, To cook; – āsh kashīdan, To prepare a banquet; - āshi masūr, Ricebroth given to one convalescent; — āshi mawis, A decoction of raisins.

اهل ash (added to a noun ending in soft she, i.e. not sounded), His, her, as <u>kh</u>āna ash, His or her house.

w āshā, Like (= Lī q.v.).

A thai ishāḥ, ushāḥ, A sword-belt; a sash.

a foot ishadat (v.n. 4 of ميد), Elevating a roof or building; raising the voice, calling with a loud voice; giving information.

A blad isharat, ishara (v.n. 4 of 194), Pointing, nodding, beckening with the

hand or eye; a sign, token, mark, signal, wink, nod, or wave with the hand; allusion, hint, clue; insinuation, innuendo; loveglances, ogling; dumb-show, pantomime; —ishāra shudan, To be mentioned, pointed out, hinted at;—ishārat farmūd, He made a signal;—ishārat kardan, To point out, make a sign, hint, intimate.

A Alal ashāsh. Rejoicing; mirth, exulta-

tion.

A مُدِها ishā'al (v.n. 4 of ميم), Publishing, divulging, diffusing, spreading about or abroad.

ashāq, ushāq, A boy, a slave.

which rice has been boiled; spare diet; the country of Assam; (in comp.) a drinker, as sharāb-āshām, A drinker of wine; āshāmi muzuwwar, A thin broth for the sick, water-gruel.

اهام ashām, Food sufficient to support life.

قامنده āshāminda, A drinker, a sipper. ويدي āshāmīdan (8. cham with prep. ā), To drink, to sip.

هاسيدنى ashāmīdanī, Anything drinkable, fit to be drunk or sipped, a beverage.

ashab, ashb, Name of a place.

a shb (v.n.), Reprehending, abusing, reviling; mixing, mingling.

A chal ashbah (pl. of shabah or shabh), Bodies; persons, objects.

ashbar (pl. of shibr), Spans.

A قبط ishbā' (v.n. 4 of مبغ), Satiating, satisfying, filling up; dyeing (cloth), impregnating (it) with a sufficient quantity of colour.

A July ashbāl (pl. of shibl), Whelps of a lion or other wild heast;—ishbāl (v.n. 4 of July), Showing favour or fondness; dropping young ones (lioness); declining a second marriage that she may attend to the education of the children of her deceased husband.

ashbāh (pl. of shibh or shabah), Likes, equals; resemblances;—ishbāh (v.n. 4 of هبه), Being or making like.

ishbkhūn, A kind of dock (plant).

ushbul, Caviar.

ashbū, A chafing-dish. أهبو

ushbūl, Caviar. الهبول āsh-pas, A cook.

ushpus, A louse.

ishpisha, A. moth, a weevil.

المَهُور ashpaghur, Seed of the herb flea-wort.

ashpak, or-

اهيل *ushpul*, Roe of the sturgeon, caviar. o هيلاتوس *ashpalāţūs*, A prickly shrub.

ishpūkhtan, الميوختي ishpūkhtan (S. spris), To spriukle, scatter.

aspergula (Ladies' bed-straw).

ushtā or ishta, and-

(

ashtāb, ishtāb, Haste, despatch.

A عناهم ashtāt (pl. of shatt), Dispersed;

-ishtāt (v.n. 4 of هنت), Dispersing.

ashtād (Z. arsint), Name of the 26th day of the month, and of its presiding angel; a section of the book of Zardusht (Zorozster).

ushtar, ishtar, Haste.

ishtaftan, To hasten.

ishtālang, The ankle; dice. المتالئك ushtāv, ishtāv, Haste, despatch.

A اهتباك iehtibāk (v.n. 8 of هبك), Being intermingled and ravelled.

مِنْهُ ishtibūh (v.n 8 of مُبِهُ), Being obscure, doubtful, and ambiguous; doubt, suspicion; ambiguity, obscurity; scruple; likening, similitude, comparison; (in comp.) like, resembling, as falak-ishtibūh, Resembling heaven, high as the firmament.

a نعياهي ishtibāhā, Suspicious, doubtful,

ambiguous.

A slamb ishtidad (v.n. 8 of sa), Being or making strong, firm; confirming, strengthening, increasing in violence; vehemence, force, impetuosity; intensity; obstinacy.

ashtar, One who has inverted and relaxed evelids.

ciaren eyenns.

ushtur (S. ushtra), A camel.

A مانداه ishlira' (v.n. 8 of جری), Buying; selling; trade, barter; commerce.

اهتراه اهتراه ushturāba, A kind of woollen garment.

ishtirāt (v.n. 8 of اهتراط م lishtirāt (v.n. 8 of اهتراط م

conditions, stipulating.

A اهبراك ishtirāk (v.n. 8 of هبراك), Partnership, fellowship, participation, communion; homonymy;—bar wajhi ishtirāk, In a partnership way, by division.

uehturāwa, A kind of woollen

garment.

white ushturban, A camel-driver or

keeper.

اهتراند nshturbāna, A garment made of wool and camel's hair, worn by the kings of Persia.

ushtur-bīn, Quick-sighted. מיניים ushtur-pāy, Penny-royal.

ushtur-khār, A thorn eaten by camels.

ushtur-khwār, A serpent; a tick, camel-louse; a thorn of which camels are fond.

ואב, טו, ushtur-dar, A camel-keeper or owner, one who has the charge or management of camels.

اهتر داری ushtur-dārī, The keeping of camels.

שב, כל ushtur-dil, Camel-hearted; timid, pusillanimous; malicious, revengeful, spiteful.

سترزهرة ushtur-zahra, Timid, slow, lan-

ushtur-ghāz, Root of the assafcetida. هرما المعرفان ushturak, A small camel; a wave. كا ashtar-kā, A griffin.

ushtur-yav, or-

ashtar-gav-palang, The ca-meleopard, or giraffe.

اهتر کیا ushtur-giyā, A thorn eaten by camels.

ushtur-murgh, The ostrich. اهتر مرغ

ushtur-mūr (camel-ant), An animal in form like an ant, in size equal to a sheep.

ushtur-wa, A covering of camel's

hair.

ushtinrwār, A camel's burden; camel's hair.

ushturāgh, A herb eaten by camels.

A المتعال ishti'āl (v.n. 8 of معلى), Burning, blazing; conflagration; lighting a fire or candle; fomenting, instigating a quarrel;—ishti'āl yāftan, To kindle (intr.), to blaze up.

a المتعالك ishti'ālak, A small flame; a

quarrel.

A Justighal (v.n. 8 of Ash), Occupying, employing oneself; occupation, employment, business, study; distraction.

اهده ishtiqaq (v.n. 8 of هد), Derivation, etymology.

a نعاتى ishtiqāqī, Derivative. اهتان ishtak, Swaddling clothes.

A اهتكاء (v.n. 8 of هكو), Lamenting, complaining, bewailing:

a المتلابوس ishtilābūs, المتلابوس ishtilāyūs, Aspalathus.

iehtalhūnā. A sceptre.

ushtulum, Severity, violence, oppression; a forcible seizure;—ushtulum āwardan (kardan, kashīdan), To force, oblige, conquer, overcome; to rule, regulate, to reign despotically; to fight.

ashtim, ashtim, The pus of a wound.

A المتمال ishtimāl (v.n. 8 of ممل), Consisting of, comprising, comprehending, containing.

ashtan-gāh, A necessary, a privy ashta, A finger; charcoal;—ushta, Herbage; a finger.

ashtuwa, A live conl; a chafing-

dish ;-ushtuwa, Herbage.

اهترانه ushtuwāna, A finger-ring.

ashtawad, Name of the second of the five intercalary days added to the Persian year; the day on which the sun enters the sign of the Scorpion.

a besom of the same.

مَّتُورِة مَّهُ الْمُتَوِرِة ashtūh, مُعْتِرِة ashtūh, A bitter, thorny plant, of which camels are fond.

A مايد ishtihā' (v.n. 8 of مهم), Wishing for, longing for; appetite, desire, wish; hunger.

ishtihār (v.n. 8 of هبر), Publishing, divulging, blazoning abroad; publicity, public notice; notification, proclamation; advertisement, placard, poster; fame, report, rumour, renown ;—ishtihār dāshtan, ishtihar shudan, To be famous, conspicuous, known, noted, notorious, clear, evident;-ishtihar kardan, To publish, proclaim;khwurshed ishtihar, Clear as the sun.

ishtihar-nama, A proclamation. اهتهار نامه

a اهتهاري ishtiharī, A person who has absconded.

äshtī, Peace, concord, reconciliation. ishtiyāf (v.n. 8 of هوف ishtiyāf (v.n. 8 of هوف ing with out-stretched neck; watching (the lightning) to discover whether it will rain.

ishtiyāq (v.n. 8 of هوي), Wishing. longing, desiring, craving, yearning;—
ishtiyāq kardan, To desire;—'arzi ishtiyāq u mahabbat kardan, To express love and affection (at the beginning of letters).

ishtiyaq-nama, Letters expres-

sive of desire or affection.

ashti-khwaran, عواره ashti-khwaran آهتي عواران khwara, منى عورة āshti-khwara (khwura), Sweetmeats sent from one to another on a reconciliation.

ashtīm, ishtīm, Pus, matter ;—ishtīm, Drawers.

قاتمينة ashtinah, An egg.

▲ EA ashajj, Broken-headed.

ashjār (pl. of shajar), Trees;—
ishjār (v.n. 4 of مجر Abounding in or producing trees.

ashja', More or most brave; in-

trepid, brave, warlike.

ishḥām (v.n. 4 of همم), Giving fat to eat.

ashkhar, Potash; sal ammoniac.

ashkhas (pl. of shakhs), Persons, bodies; individuals; people; -ishkhas (v.n. 4 of هندم), Sending; disturbing; speaking evil of one absent; passing above the mark (an arrow); being arrived (the hour for setting out on a journey).

ishkhām (v.n. 4 of مخدم), Turn-

ing sour (milk).

ق عالم ما قط عالم أش عالم أش عالم

shop.

ashkhuwān, A sort of dock (plant);-ishkhiwan, ushkhuwan, A Lud, a

ishkhûn, A sort of dock.

ishkhis (G. ifia), The tree called 'alak by the Arabs.

A shadd, More or most vehement:

very violent or severe; excessive. ash-dar, Holding food (a platter.

&c.). اهدی ه ashdaq, Eloquent (orator).

aehar (v.n.), Exulting, rejoicing; being proud and insolent; - ashir, Exulting, rejoicing, sprightly; proud, insolent.

A sharr, Worse, worst; more or

most wicked, vicious; more or most malignant, atrocious.

هرب ishrāb (v.n. 4 of اهراب), Mixing; causing to imbibe, imbuing; making deep (a colour); (one colour) being mixed with unother; imputing, ascribing, telling a lie against, charging falsely.

a عرابات ashrābāt (for sharābāt), Drinks

prohibited by the Muhammadan law.

ashrār (pl. of sharīr), Wicked, criminal, sinful, seditious.

ishrās. A plant of which shoe-

maker's or binder's paste is made.

A Light ashrāt (pl. of shart), Mean, low, base, vile; - (pl. of sharat) Signs or marks (by which men or cattle are distinguished);—ishrāt (v.n. 4 of), Marking cattle and sending them to be sold; pre-

paring, making ready.

Δ ε/κ ishra (v n. 4 of ξ,Δ), Opening (a door) upon a road; pointing (a spear at

one). ashrāf (pl. of sharīf), Nobles, grandees, gentlemen, men of high extraction; refined, courteous, urbane;—ishrāf (v.n. 4 of هرف), Being high, exalted; standing on the top of anything; looking down from an eminence; being close upon.

ishriiq (v.n. 4 of هرى), Rising (the sun); sun-rise, morning; splendour, lustre,

a اهراتي ishrāqī, Of or pertaining to sun-rise; eastern, oriental; having the splendonr of the East; -ishrāqī namāz, Morning prayer.

a اخراقیان ishraqiyan (pl. of the preceding), A sect of philosophers, illuminati.

ashrāk (pl. of sharīk), Companions, partners, associates in trade; - ishrak (v.n. 4 of هرك), Taking a partner; giving companions to God.

A EpAl ashraj, A horse which has one testicle larger than another, or only one

testicle.

إهري āshurdan, To bruise; to knead; to bake; to wash.

ashraf, More or most noble: eminent; a person of noble birth, nobleman; gentleman; a town in Mazandaran.

ashrafi, ashrafi, Nume of a gold أهرفي coin, a gold mohar (its value in Calcutta about 16 rupees; by the Regulations of 1793, it should weigh 190,894 grains troy).

رين ashuzdan = مردة q.v. مردة ashuzdan ash ar (pl. of sha'r), Hairs (of s man or of a beast);—(pl. of shir) Poesy, poems, verses; -ish'ār (v.n. 4 of ,...), Making known, informing, acquainting; causing to fear, frightening; putting on a shi'ar or inner garment; marking a camel to be sacrificed at Mecca.

A عام ish'ā' (v.n. 4 of معا), Scattering urine from side to side (a camel); darting forth rays (the sun); coming into ear (grain); having the grains compact (an ear of corn).

A wah ash'ab, (A goat) having the horns distant from each other; name of a proverbial miser.

A ash'as, One whose hair is dishevelled and soiled with dust.

ash'ar, A better poet; very hairy.

A lash ashi"at, ashi"ah (pl. of shu" and shu'a'), Rays, sunbeams.

ashghār, A badger.

ashghāl (pl. of shughl), Affairs, employments, occupations, businesses.

اهمر ashghar (for اهمر), Ruddy; chesnut (horse);—ushghur, A porcupine; a badger.

A معلم ashghal, More or most employed,

busy.

ashghūr, ushghūr, A badger.

A shah ishfa' (v.n. 4 of anything, at the point of (death); administering a medicine by which health may be restored; freeing from disease, imparting health, healing, curing.

A اهدال ashfāq (pl. of shafaq), Kindnesses, favours;—ishfāq (v.n. 4 of شفيل), Compassionating, pitying; tenderness; compassion; fearing, being cautious of each

other.

ishfāq-angez, Inspiring pity or sympathy.

ashuftānīdan, To confound, dis-

turb, make mad, or crazy.

āshuftagī, Perturbation, consternation, confusion, contention, disquietude, disturbance, tumult, commotion, disorder.

to disturb, or be disturbed; to become foolish, distracted, confounded, enamoured, insane, amazed, astonished, thunderstruck, wretched, miserable; to change, alter.

āshufta, Enamoured, mad, contounded; illegible (writing);—āshufta shudan, To be distracted;—āshufta kardan, To distract to distract

distract, to disturb.

مَعْتَمُ احرال مَعْتَمُ أَحْمَتُهُ احرال مَعْتَمُ احرال

Jia AMA āshufta-hāl, In distressed circumstances, in a doleful state.

منته روزگار āshufta-dil, Troubled in heart. منته روزگار āshufta-rozgār, Whose days or fortunes are blasted.

יסנקמד, whose days or fortunes are plasted. אַבּוֹטְ מַּבּאָנֹטְ מַּבּאָנִים מַּבְּאָנִים מַבְּאָנִים מַבְּאָנָם מַבְּאָנִים מַבְּאָנִים מַבְּאָנָם מַבְּאָנָם מַבְּאָנָם מַבְּאָנָם מַבְּאָנָם מַבְּאָנָם מַבְּאָנָם מַבְּאָנָם מַבְּיבָּים מַבְּאָנָם מַבְּיבָּים מַבְּיבָּים מַבְּיבָּים מַבְּיבָּים מַבְּאָנָם מַבְּבְּים מַבְּיבְּים מַבְּיבְּים מַבְּיבְּים מַבְּים מָבְּים מָבְּים מַבְּיבְּים מַבְּים מָבְּים מַבְּים מָבְּים מָבְּים מָּבְּים מָבְּים מָּבְּים מָּבְּים מָּבְּים מָבְּים מָבְּים מָבְּים מָּבְּים מָּבְּים מָבְּים מָבְים מָּבְּים מָבְּים מָבְּים מָּבְּים מָבְּים מָבְּים מָּבְּים מָבְּים מָבְים מָבְּים מַבְּים מְבְּים מָבְּים מְבְּים מָבְּים מָבְּים מָבְּים מָבְּים מָבְּים מָבְּים מָבְּים מָּבְּים מָבְּים מָבְּים מְבְּים מָבְּים מָבְיּים מָבְּים מָבְּים מָּבְּים מָבְּים מָּבְּים מְבְּים מָבְּים מְבְּיּבְּים מְבְּיבְּים מְבְּיבְּים מְבְּיבְּים מְבְּיבְּים מְבְּיבְים מְבְּיבְּים מְיבְּים מָבְּים מְבְּיבְּים מְבְּים מְבְּיבְּים מְבְּיבְּים מְבְּיּבְים מְבְּיבְּים מְבְּים מְבְּים מְבְּים מְבְּיבְּים מְבְּיבְים מְבְּיבְּים מְבְּיבְּים מְבְּיבְּים מְבְּים מְבְּים מְבְּים מְּבְּים מְבְּים מְבְּים מְּ

مَعْمَة كَاكل مَعْمَة عَاكل معالم والمعالمة والمعالمة والمعالمة والمعالمة المعالمة المعال

āshufta-maghz, Brain-sick. آهفته معز

موى متممة ashufta-muy (moy), Having dishevelled hair.

ashfand, Name of a district of Nishābùr.

اهمل $ashf\acute{a}$, More or most powerful to heal, efficacious, salutary;— $ishf\acute{a}$, A cobbler's awl; a large needle.

a shaqq, More or most troublesome or difficult;—ushshaq, ushaq (for P. هاها), Gum ammoniac.

A مقو ishqā' (v.n. 4 of مقو), Rendering

miserable, grieving.

A shqar, A chesnut horse, especially with black mane and tail; ruddy of complexion; the horse of Bahrām Gur.

ashqardiyūn, Wild garlic.

ashqara, An extinguished fire-brand.

A المقيا ashqá, More or most unfortunate.
A المقياء ashqiyā' (pl. of shakīy), Poor,

ashqıya' (pl. of shakiy), Poor, miserable; robbers, thieves, felons, criminals.

ashk (S. vāshpa), A tear; a drop; (related to S. rishi) devout, pious; name of the first king of the Ashkaniyan dynasty of Persian monarchs, supposed by some to be a grandson of that Darius who was defeated by Alexauder. He is by others called Arshak, from whence, according to them, the Arsacides took their family surname; — ashki abr (saḥāb, nīsān), Raindrops ;—ashki ātishnāk (ātishīn, jiyar-soz, garm), Hot tears; — ashki afsos (hasrat, maṣībat), Tears of grief, of affliction; ashki āl (piyāzī, jigar-gūn, hinnā'ī, khūnālūda, khūni baqqam, khūnīn), Red tears, tears of blood; -ashki baridan (chakidan, rekhtan, fishāndan). To shed tears;—ashki pashīmānī (nadāmat), Tears of repentance: -ashki tāk (du<u>kh</u>tari tāk), Wine;—ashki talkh, Bitter tears; wine;—ashk chidan, To wipe off tears; -ashki khunuk (durogh), Feigned tears; —ashki khwush-namak (shor, nīm-shor), Tears shed by parting friends, tears of grief; -ashki dāwudī $(d\bar{a}'ud\bar{i}),$ Tears of repentance (like David's);—ashk dar dida shikastan. To stop tears from flowing; -ashk rustan, To start tears; -ashki shādī (tarab), Tears of joy;—ashki shakarī (shakarin, shirin), Tears of gladness; -ashki şurāḥī, Wine;—ashki 'aqīqī (gul-gūn, lālafām, lāla-gūn, la'li), Red tears, tears of blood; -ashk farū khwurdan, To suppress tears; -ashki kabāb, Juice of roast meat trickling into the fire;—ashki koh, Rubies, sapphires, and other precious stones.

ashak (eshek), Ass, donkey.

مَكَارُ مَعْهُ الْهَكَارُةِ مَعْهُ الْهَكَارُةِ مَعْهُ الْهَكَارُةِ مَعْهُ الْهَكَارُةُ مَعْهُ الْهُكَارُةُ مَ kāra (S. āvishkāra), Clear, evident, mauifest, open, public;—sukhuni āshikār zadan, To speak plainly, frankly (m.c.).

ishkār, Prey, game; hunting, the

chase.

هکارگی آ āshkāragī, Publicity.

قكارة أهكارة أهكارة أهكارة

ishkūrī, A hunter, sportsman, fowler

ashkāl (pl. of shakl), Forms, figures, shapes, semblances;—ishkāl (v.n. 4 of محل), Being difficult, obscure, intricate; ambiguity, doubts, perplexity;—ish-

kāl būdan, To be perplexed; -ishkāl dāshtan, To be difficult (a question).

ashk-ālūd, Tear-stained.

ashkāli, One who excites doubts or difficulties.

ashkāniyān, The family name of the third dynasty of Persian kings, who reigned after Alexander the Great for about 160 years.

ashkāwand, A mountain in Sīstān. ashk-bar, Shedding tears; tears falling; -ashk-bar shudan, To melt into

ashk-bārī, Weeping.

ashk-bāz, Shedding tears; playing off tears.

ashkbūs, A hero killed by Rustam.

هکردن ishkardan (=مکردن shikardan, q.v.), To hunt, &c.

ishkira, A hunting-hawk.

ريان ashk-rezān, ير, هاها ashk-rez, Shedding tears (the former also pl. of the latter).

āshkaza, A hunting-bird of any kind.

ishkastan, To break, bruise, squeeze.

ishkasta-band (for shikastaband), Who sets broken bones.

ashkash, Name of an ancient hero. ashkift, Surprise; — ishkaft, A cave.

ashk-fishan, Shedding tears. ishkufa, A blossom, bnd; vomiting.

ashkal, ishkal, Reddish-eyed المكل م (man); anything which has red and white mixed; more or most difficult.

ashkal, Fetters;—ishkil, (A horse) whose right fore-foot and left hind-foot are white; fraud, craft, imposture.

ishkam (=مكم shikam), The belly. ishkamba, The third stomach of ruminating beasts.

ishkanj, A wrinkle, fold, curls;—

ishkunj, A nip, a pinch.

ishkanja, Torment, torture, rack. ishkandan=اهکستن ishkastan, q.v. ishkina, A wrinkle; a musical note; bread crumbled into broth.

ashku, ashkū, ishkū, A roof; a layer أهكو

or row in the covering of a house.

ashkūb, ashkūb, A ceiling, a stage, a storey; a row of bricks in a wall; a row or layer in the roofing of a house; heaven; $-ushk\bar{u}b$, The elbow; a cubit.

ishkokh, A trip, stumble, slip,

blunder; imp. of the following.

ishko<u>kh</u>idan, To slip, slide, fall. ushkūfa, Vomiting; a flower, blossom.

ushkoh, Majesty, authority, greatness.

ushkūha, مكوهة ushkuha, A belch, hiccup

ishkīl, A horse whose right forefoot and left hind-foot are white; fraud, craft, imposture.

ishkil chashum, A kind of

bramble.

ishkewān, Name of a place. ashkyūd, Compounded, mixed.

ashgarf, Agreeable, excellent;-Large, coarse, thick; dignity,

ishguft, The expanding of a flower.

ashganish, ishganish, The bnilding of a wall.

ashgūn, Name of a country.

قار مگوندا āshgūna, ushgūna, Inverted, upside down; perverted; sinister; unfortunate.

ashgūy, A palace; an upper room; an elevated place.

ashall, One who has a disjointed, withered, or paralytic hand.

ishm (for ishtīm), Breeches.

هم ashamm, High-nosed; grave, dig-uified, respectable.

هماس ا ishmās (v.n. 4 of همس), Being bright and sunshiny (day).

ishmā' (v.n. 4 of همع), Giving good light (a candle).

ashmali, The flattery of sycophants; cuckoldom; panderism.

ishmām (v.n. 4 of معتم), Diffusing odour, shedding perfume; giving to a quiescent consonant a slight sound (or scent) of samma or kasra, but not so as to lengthen the syllable, or make one syllable more.

A المعجرار ishmikhrār (v.n. 4 of معجرار),

Being tall and lofty.

ashmal, More or most perfect, complete, universal, comprehensive, surpassing, transcendent; larger, largest.

ashmūsā, A species of merow. ashamid, A draught.

هميدن ۾ g.v. همائز q.v. همائز q.v. همائز g.v. همائز g.v. همائز g.v. همائز g.v. همائز g.v. همائز g.v. affrighted; creeping (as the skin does with terror).

ashan, A turned vest; an unripe melou.

ashna, A friend, companion, comrade, acquaintance; swimming, floating; a swimmer; -- āshnā u begāna, Known and unknown, friends and strangers.

ual ashnā, A gem, precions stone; a

swimmer; swimming.

أهماب āshnāb, ishnāb, Swimming, natation.

ينا بار āshnā-bāz, A swimmer.

āshnā-bāzī, Swimming, natation. āshnā-bezār, Who does no longer إهما بيرار care for his acquaintances.

ashnā-parast, Friendly.

مناد àshnād, The 25th day of the month. وين مُعَارِي مُعَامِرِي مُعَامِرِي مُعَامِرِي لَمِن مُعَامِرِي مُعَامِرٍ مُعَامِعُهُمُ مُعَامِدًا مُعَامِرٍ مُعَامِعُهُمُ مُعَامِعُمُ مُعَامِعُمُ مُعَامِعُهُمُ مُعَامِعُهُمُ مُعَامِعُهُمُ مُعَامِعُمُ مُعَامِعُهُمُ مُعَامِعُهُمُ مُعَامِعُهُمُ مُعَامِعُهُمُ مُعَامِعُهُمُ مُعَامِعُهُمُ مُعَامِعُهُمُ مُعَامِعُهُمُ مُعَامِعُمُ مُعَامِعُهُمُ مُعَامِعُهُمُ مُعَامِعُهُمُ مُعَامِعُهُمُ مُعَامِعُمُ مُعَامِعُهُمُ مُعَامِعُهُمُ مُعْمِعُمُ مُعْمِعُمُ مُعْمِعِمُ مُعْمِعُمُ مُعِمِعُ مُعْمِعُمُ مُعْمِعُمُ مُعْمِعُمُ مُعْمِعُمُ مُعْمِعُمُ مُعُمُومُ مُعْمِعُمُ مُعُمُعُمُ مُعُمُعُمُ مُعْمِعُمُ مُعْمِعُمُ مُعْمِعُمُ مُعْمِعُمُ مُعْمِعُمُ مُعْمِعُمُ مُعْمِعُمُ مُعْمِعُمُ مُعُمُعُمُ مُعُمُ مُع

مَا رَسُمُ مَّهُ الْمَا مُعَالِمُ مَا مُعَالِمُ مَا مُعَالِمُ مَا مُعَالِمُ مَا مُعَالِمُ مَا مُعَالِمُ مُعَالًى المُعَالِمُ المُعَلِمُ المُعَالِمُ المُعَالِمُ المُعَالِمُ المُعَلِمُ المُعَالِمُ المُعَالِمُ المُعَالِمُ المُعَلِمُ المُعِلِمُ المُعِمِي المُعِلِمُ المُعِمِي المُعِلِمُ المُ

ishnāftan, To understand, perceive.

āshnāgar, A swimmer.

and the ashes which are made from it, with which they wash clothes and the hands after eating;—ushnāndārū, Hyssop.

ashnāv, Swimming, natation.

āshnāwar, A swimmer.

itial āshnāh, The art of swimming, natation; a swimmer.

قاليان āshnāyān, Acquaintances.

مَعْالَمُ مَّ shnā'ī, Friendship, acquaintance; —āshnā'ī dādan (shināsāndan). To give signs of recognition, to make oneself known to each other as acquaintances, after intercourse having been interrupted.

ashna', More or most hideous;

filthy, foul, odious, disagreeable.

ashnawad, Name of the second of the five days added to the last month of the Persian year, in order to make their twelve months, of 30 days each, equal to a solar year.

shunūdan, q.v.), معودن ushnūdan (=معودن

To hear, &c.

ishnūsha, Sneezing.

ash ashna = stal q.v.;—ashna, Immature;—ushna, Alkali; moss which grows on trees.

ishnīdan (=هنيدي shinīdan, q.v.), To hear, &c.

, āshā (for āshōb), Calamity, hurt, trouble.

Al ashū (in Zand and Pāzand), Heavenly.

A أهام ashwat (pl. of shaut), Turns, rounds.

askwāk (pl. of shauk), Thorns;—ishwāk (v.n. 4 of هوك), Abounding in thorus.

هُوبُ àshob, Terror, dread, fear; grief, affliction, misfortune; confusion, discord, disturbance, tunnult, riot, sedition; (in comp.) disturbing; a poker, a coal-rake.

قوب انگير āshob-angez, An exciter of dis-

cord.

āshobtar, More grievous.

آهريكاة ashob-gah, A place of terror, disturbance, confusion.

āshob-gustar, Spreading terror, an instigator of sedition, &c.

هويناك āshobnāk, Terrified, confused, who brings about confusion.

أهويدي āshobidan, To be confused; disturbed.

אָנן āshor, Imper. of the following. ashordan, To mix, mingle, inter-

mix, join, associate, couple, conjoin; to ferment.

A موسا ashwas, One who contracts his eyes and knits his brow from pride; bold, brave.

أهرغ ashogh, ushogh, Of unknown family or country.

āshoftagī, Disquietude, uneasiness.

مُولِتِي مُغَامُولِتِي مُغَامِرُولِتِي مُغَامِرُولِتِي مُغَامِرُولِتِي مُغَامِرُولِتِهُمُ مُغَامِلِتُهُمُ مُغَامِلِتُهُمُ مُعَامِدًا مُغَامِلًا مُعَامِلًا مُعْمِلًا مُعَامِلًا مُعَامِلً

A العالم ashhād (pl. of shāhid), Witnesses, eye-witnesses;—ishhād (v.n. 4 of مد), Citing, summoning; taking to witness; adducing as evidence; bringing proof.

A wall ashhab, Whitish or ash-coloured, dun-coloured, grey; cold, frosty (dry).

A san ashhadu, I bear witness, I testify, I declare;—ashhad āmadan, To testify, to bear witness to.

A mal askhar, More or most celebrated, known, notorious;—ashhur (pl. of shahr), Months.

ashhal, Grey-eyed.

A المبحل ashha, More desirous, or desirable.

مَمَا ashiyā (for āshiyān), Nest, &c.;—(for āshā) Like.

A shyā' (pl. of shay'), Things, clothes, effects, chattels.

ashyā' (pl. of shay'), Parts, quantities;—(pl. of shi'at) Companions, equals, peers; followers, dependants.

مَا مَعْهُمْ آَهُمُ Terror; affliction; confusion. وَمُمْ اَ مَعْهُمُ اَلَّهُ مَا اللّهُ الل

قين ashin, A cook; a baker.

تعيدة ashina, An egg.

مريكا ashīha, ashīha, The neighing of a horse; echo.

A فرام iṣābat (v.n. 4 of حزب), Overtaking, reaching, arriving at, finding, discovering, meeting with, obtaining; speaking properly, conceiving well, hitting the mark.

إِنَّ الْمَاكِمُ الْمَاكِمُ الْمَاكِمُ الْمَاكِمُ الْمَاكِمُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ الللَّا اللَّهُولِي اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّ

aṣāghir, اماغرة aṣāghirat (pl. of aṣaghar), Smaller, less; little, mean, contemptible, poor.

n asalat (v.n. of ol), Being firmly rooted, steady, immovable; firmness, constancy, solidity of judgment; genuineness, integrity; essentiality, nobleness.

a امالتا aṣālatan, Originally; radically; firmly; entirely; absolutely; in one's own

right; personally.

asbāh (pl. of subh), Dawns, daybreaks, mornings; -isbāh (v.n 4 of on), Coming, domg anything, early in the morning; changing from one state into another.

asbāgh (pl. of sibgh), Colours, tinctures, dyes.

a والمان = isbāhān الماهان q.v.

asbah, Of a handsome face; a tearing lion; red-coloured; name of a king of Yaman.

a مبحى aṣbaḥī, Referring to King Asbah (see above and تازيانه tāziyāna).

A sba', isba', A finger; a good sign. asbagh, White-tailed; having a white forehead (borse); name of an inti-

mate companion of 'Ali.

اسیاهان abahan = isbaha اصبهان g.v.

A - asahh, More or most true or authentic; more or most accurate, correct, sound,

aṣḥāb (pl. of ṣāḥib), Lords, possessors, masters; grandees, disciples, apostles; -ashābi ādāb, Well-bred, learned men; scholars; -aṣḥābi akhbiyah u khiyām, Dwellers in pavilions and tents; -aṣḥābi i'tibar, Esteemed, confidential, honourable men ;-aṣḥābi bida' u ṣalālat, Innovators, deviating from the right path; -ashābi tadbīr, Sage ministers, prudent counsellors; aṣḥābi tawārīkh, Historians, writers of chronicles; — ashābi jāh, Eminent, possessed of dignity; -aṣḥābi jaḥīm, Inhabitants of hell; -ashabi daulat, Grandees, nobles, great men, ministers;—aṣḥābi riwāyat, Historians;—ashābi suyūf, (Soldiers) possessed of swords, swordsmen;ashābi 'ilm, Learned men, scholars, literary men; — ashābi fuhūm, Intelligent, sagacious, endowed with understanding; aṣḥābi qiṣaṣ, Historians, masters of history; -aṣḥābi kibār, The great companions, the four immediate successors of Muhammad; -aṣḥābi kahf, The companions of the cave, i.e. the seven sleepers;—aṣḥābi guzīn, The chosen friends, the companions of Muham. mad; -aṣḥābi mingal, Friends assembled by the fireside; — aṣḥābi nifāq, Impious liars, hypocrites, infidels.

A مدار isdar (v.n. 4 of صدر), Producing, issuing, causing to emanate; publishing;

appearing.

aṣdagh (pl. of ṣudgh); The temples, that part of the face from the eyes to the ears; the bair that flows around the

asdaf (pl. of sadaf), Shells,

shell-fish, pearls.

A مدى işdāq (v.n. 4 of مدى), Giving (a woman) her dowry.

asdaq, More or most true or veracious, truer, truest.

a امدقاء (pl. of şadīq), True friends.

aşr (v.n.), Breaking; inclining; binding; keeping back, detaining; -isr, A compact, convention, treaty, agreement; a burden, load, weight.

iṣrār (v.n. 4 of صرار م lṣrār (v.n. 4 of صرار م persisting in; perseverance, persistency; obstinacy, stubbornness; -iṣrār kardan, To

incist, persist, to be obstinate.

مرك iṣrāf (v.n. 4 of مرف), Expenditure; waste, extravagance; prodigality.

aṣrām (pl. of ṣarm, for P. charm), Leathers, skins; —iṣrām (v.n. 4 of ورم), Being poor, destitute; being the season for gathering dates.

مبر istibah (v.n. 8 of مبر), Taking a

morning draught.

مبر iṣṭibār (v.n. 8 of صبر), Being pa-

tient; patience.

A خابط iskibāgh (v.n. 8 of مبع), Dyeing, staining; dipping, immersion; baptism.

a dalal ustubbat, Hemp, tow, bards. oakum.

a امطبل istabl, A stable, stall;—istabli dawābb, A stable; a cow-house.

istakhr, The ancient name of Persepolis; a lake, pool.

ustur, A pound troy, a troy balance. istarakh, A lake, a pool; Persepolis. astarak (G. στύραξ), Storax.

a اصطولاب usturlāb, An astrolabe.

a أصارة ustura, A troy balance.

A ملغه istifa' (v.n 8 of مغو), Choosing, electing, selecting.

A ملفاك istifaf (v.n. 8 of صفاد), Being drawn up in a row, set in array.

مفتى iṣlifaq (v.n. 8 of صفت), Being struck and sounded (chords of a lyre); being shaken by the wind (tree).

a اصطفامين istaflin, A carrot.

astafi, Liquid atorax. امطفى ه

astafin, A carrot.

, Striking ومك iṣṭikāk (v.n. 8 of رمك , Striking ; clashing, tossing to and fro ;—istikāki zand kardan, To strike fire by friction.

ملے انجلام نجین isgilah (v.n. 8 of ملے), Being re-conciled; phraseology, phrase, idiom; technical term, terminology; cant, slang.

A مطلحات iṣṭilāḥāt (pl. of the preceding), Forms of speech; idioms; technicalities.

a نبينا به iṣṭilāḥī, Technical, conven

A ملم isgilām (v.n. 8 of ملم), Eradica-

ting. منع istinů' (v.n. 8 of منع), Receiving

or bestowing a favour; choosing, selecting for any special purpose; favour; selection.

a مطور ustur, A troy balance.

ميد istiyād (v.n. 8 of صيد), Hunting. معلى A iş'āq (v.n. 4 of معلى), Casting fire from heaven; causing to die; causing to

ا مغو iṣghā' (v.n. 4 of مغو), Hearing, listening to, lending an ear.

asghar, Less, least, smaller, smallest; little, small, contemptible.

A مفاه asaf, The caper-tree or root.
A chal isfith (v.n 4 of مشع), Refusing a petitioner; making broad; inclining.

مفاد A مفاد مع ngfud (pl. of safad), Chains, fetters, bonds; presents; isfād (v.n. 4 of ode), Binding; making a present, giving, bestowing.

asfār (pl. of sifr), Ciphers ;—isfār (v.n. of مغر), Being poor, empty-handed.

مقان isfāq (v.n. 4 of مقان), Shutting the door; milking cattle only once a day; progressing, proceeding.

P isfāhānak, One of the twelve

modes of music.

āṣaf bin barkhiyā, Name of آمك بن برخيا A a sage supposed by the Arabians to have been Solomon's grand wazir, hence proverbially used for any wise counsellor.

a black as af jah, Dignified as Asaf.

asfar, Yellow, pale, livid; saffroncoloured; black; more or most empty; with a shrill note (bird).

a مك راي آمك من āṣaf-rāy, A wise counsellor like Asaf; distinguished by prudence or wisdom.

نامغه isfahān, A capital of Persia.

isfahsālār, A general.

asfá, More or most pure; clear, serene.

aefiyā (pl. of sajīy), The pure, the just, the holy; saints.

و isqil, A shrimp, a prawn; a

equill.

aşl, Root, stock, origin, principle, foundation, element, source, cause; lineage, race, line, birth, family; nobility, bonour; capital, principal, sum, stock in trade; an original, archetype, prototype, exemplar; an original copy (of a work or document); a radical letter; -asli harf, The bottom of the question, the main point;—asli kitāb, The original of a book, the first copy;—asl ma'i sud, Principal and interest; -asli manzū'a, A postulate;—așl u far', Root and branch; cause and effect.

A I aslan, Not at all, by no means, never, in no shape (used with negative).

ملح islah (v.n. 4 of ملح), Fitting, adapt. ing; amending, correcting, restoring, adjusting, improving; dressing or trimming (hair, beard); preparing, dressing (meat); tuning (a musical instrument); — islahkardan, To repair, to mend; -işlah yaftan, To be or become repaired, mended, improved; -ba-islah awardan, To improve, to reform (m.c.).

işlāḥ-pazīr, Capable of correction اصلاح يدير

or remedy; corrigible, remediable.

т old aslan, Aslan, pr. n. (= lion).

a جمع asl-jam', The original rents with which the lands (in India) were first charged in the books of the Emperor Akbar, exclusive of all additions and impositions made since by the Government.

aşlah, Better, best; more or most

correct, fine; most advisable.

a على داران باك agl-dārāni pāk, Holy men. saints; prophets.

a قامل زادة aṣl-zāda, Nobly-born, high-bred.

ماح ماماع املع asla', Bald. a أصل قيمة asl-qimat, Prime cost.

asl-nam, Real name (opp. to urf, alias).

a امل نفع asl-naf. Net profit.

a اصلي aslī, Radical, original, essential, principal; intrinsic, inherent, innate; real, true, genuine; pure, unalloyed; of good stock, noble, full-bred; -asli zamin, Original land (not alluvial) ;-aṣlī qīmat, Original value or price; cost price.

a امليان asliyān (P. pl.), Nobles, gentle

men.

a امليت asliyat, Originality; genuineness; nobleness.

aṣamm, Deaf; surd (in arithmetic); a snake that will not be charmed; a hard stone.

مماه ه ismā' (v.n. 4 of صمى), Knocking down and killing (game) on the spot; champing the bit (a horse).

işmām (v.n. 4 of ممّ Becoming, اصمام ه making, or discovering one to be deaf.

isma', Small-eared; sharp (sword); brisk, keen, acute, active (mind); high, ele-

vated; astonished, bewildered.

asnāf (pl. of rinf), Forms, kinds, sorts, species, varieties; subjects, peasants; guilds, corporations;—așnāfi khalq, All sorts of people (m.c.);—aṣnāfi qabā'il, Various tribes; așnâfi mukhtalifa, Different sorts, varieties.

aṣnām (pl. of ṣanam), Images, idols; statues; -așnāmi chīn, The images of China (metaphorically implying the handsome of either sex).

A امنان isnan (v.n. 4 of صن), Tossing the nose, looking proud, disdainful; smelling, emitting a stench under the arm-pits.

aswāt (pl. of saut), Voices, sounds, noises; interjections.

aswab, Better, best, straighter, truer.

uṣūl (pl. of aṣl), Boots, origins, fundamentals; essentials; elements, first principles; causes, general laws; doctrines, tenets; breeding, manner; a musical mode or tone;—uṣūli fūkhtah, Name of a musical note; -usuli 'asharat, The ten primary intelligences first created by God; -usul u furā', Roots and branches; first principles and deductions therefrom; causes and

effects; ascent and descent in kindred, aucestors and posterity.

ashar (pl. of sihr), Relations by marriage (within the prohibited degrees); -ishar (v.n. 4 of , Being thus related.

A أصيل asil, Well-born, thorough-bred; of good stock, high pedigree, noble family; game (cock); gentle, free from vice; highspirited; well-founded, solid (glory).

azz (v.n.), Causing difficulty and trouble (a thing); compelling (poverty); breaking; longing for, seeking her nest (an ostrich); - izz, Root, origin.

A قواه الماءة (v.n. 4 of مواه), Shining, lightening, flashing; kindling, illumina-

ting, causing to shine.

izāz, A sauctuary, asylum, place

of refuge.

A delal izā'at (v.n. 4 of فيع), Ruining, destroying, wasting, squandering; having a

number of farms or fields (rai'at).

A منيف izāfat, izāfa (v.n. 4 of منيف), Adding, joining, annexation; increase, augmentation, increment; surplus, excess: stipend, scholarship; (in gram.) construction of one noun with another, the relation of the genitive case or the addition of an adjective, expressed by joining Kasrah to the governing noun.

a المالي iṣājī, Constructive, relative.

A قلمة izjā' (v.n. 4 of محم), Making one recline upon his side; giving to fathah a sound inclining to kasrah.

محك izhāk (v.n. 4 of محك), Making

to laugh.

a معركة uzḥūkat, A ridiculous thing, jest, joke, laughable affair.

uzḥīyat, A sheep offered on the

festival called 'īdi azhá.

A ماعداد uzdād (pl. of zidd), Contraries, opposites, opponents.

azarr, More or most hurtful, inju-

rious.

azrāb (pl. of zarb), Similars; izrāb (v.n. 4 of مرب), Leading (a camel) to cover; staying, stopping; hanging down the head; turning away from anyone.

A مرار م azrar (pl. of zarar), Hurts, harms, injuries;—izrār (v.n. 4 of مرز), Harming, hurting, injuring; taking a second wife over the head of the first (thus injuring her); approaching very near; taking the bit between his teeth and biting it (a horse); showing speed, running.

A والمراع izrā' (v.n. 4 of عرع), Giving milk a little while before the birth; humbling,

distressing.

هرم izrām (v.n. 4 of فرام), Inflaming,

burning, setting on fire.

A jiyəl izzāz (v.n. 4 of هو), Champing the bit

A فبع iztiba (v.n. 8 of مبع), Passing a cloak, robe, or scarf under the right arm and over the left shoulder, thus leaving

bare the right and covering the left shoulder.

A إنجع izlijā' (v.n. 8 of محجة), Lying on

one's side.

A مرب iztirāb (v.n. 8 of مرب), Agitation, perturbation, commotion; anxiety, anguish, trouble; perplexity, restlessness, distraction; precipitation; flurry; construed with the verbs afgandan, baridan, dādan, dāshtan, re<u>kh</u>tan, kardan and kashīdan ;--iztirābu 'l-habl, Discordance and diversity of opinions.

a العطرابي iztirābī, Agitation, hurry, impa-

tience: precipitation. ه زور المرز iztirār (v.n. 8 of مرز), and iztirāri, Violence, necessity, compulsion; restraint.

A مرم iztirām (v.n. 8 of مرم), Blazing. A Elist iztilā', Being strong, powerful.

az'āf (pl. of zi'f), Similars, equals; double, as much more, double the quantity, the same thing over again ;—iz'āf (v.n. 4 of معف), Doubling, duplication; receiving twice as much, a double share; weakening, rendering infirm.

az'af, More or most weak, help-

less, impotent.

a المغاث مَّغِيلِ (pl. of zighs), Handfuls (of herbs, part green and part dry);—azahasu'l-ahlam, Confused dreams which cannot be interpreted.

azghān (pl. of zighn), Hatreds.

A John azall, More or most astray; more or most tending to lead astray.

azla' (pl. of zil', zila'), Ribs ;—izla' (v.n. 4 of ملع), Causing to incline and preponderate; bearing a heavy load.

ا الملال A julal izlal (v.n. 4 of مل), Causing to err, leading astray; leaving in error; concealing, burying;—izlāli hāl, A ruined situation ;-izlāl kardan, To ruin, disgrace.

a azam (v.n.), Being angry and hating; anger, hatred; -izam, Name of a

mountain and valley near Madinah.

izmar (v.n. of ممر), Hiding, concealing in one's heart; thinking, planning, hatching in the mind; feeding sparingly for training purposes; silencing the second letter of a metrical foot.

المحالل izmiḥlāl (v.n. 4 of محمالل),

Vanishing, disappearing.

dours.

A المياك azyaf (pl. of zaif), Gueste. اميق azyaq, Narrower, straiter.

W atā (G. ετέα), The white poplar.

A الله itabat (v.n. 4 of معلم), Making beautiful, fragrant, soft, sweet, or delicate; cleaning or shaving the body Musulman fashion.

A مالحة itāḥat (v.u. 4 of عول), Destroying (property), ruining; throwing about.

A dalb ifā'at (v.n. 4 of كول), Obeying;

obedience, submission, surrender, subjection; subordination, fealty, loyalty, allegiance; observance, reverence, worship, homage; obsequiousness; — izhāri iţā at kardan, To offer obedience, to surrender, to submit.

a الماعتگری iţā'al-gari, Ohedience to a com-

mand, submission.

uting, Room, chamber, cabin; chamber furniture (m.c.);—utāqi pazīrā, Reception saloon (m.c.); —utāqi khalwat, A private apartment, cabinet (m.c.);—uţāqi sufra, Dining-room (m.c.). (See ارطاق).)

A قالله italat (v.n. 4 of طول), Prolonging, extending, lengthening out; extension;

prolixity.

aiālīq, A master, guardian, governor.

A strangury. A strangury.

A albi ilibba' (pl. of labīb), Physicians.

A قطاع (pl. of taba'), Seals; natures, dispositions; -(pl. of tib') Rivers.

اطراء م itrā' (v.n. 4 of اطراء), Praising immoderately; hyperbole, exaggeration.

اطرب itrāb (v.n. 4 of طرب), Exhilara ting, producing joy.

atrābulus, Tripoli in Syria.

A clif ittirah (v.n. 8 of عرام), Throwing away, putting to a distance.

A مطرد ittirad (v.n. 8 of مطرد), Being in

good train (business).

itrār (v.n. 4 of بل), Irritating, insti-

gating; sprouting, coming forth.

A dipli agraf (pl. of garaf), Sides, districts, tracts, coasts, shores, environs, confines, skirts, extreme parts; ends, tips; limits, boundaries; the nearest kinsmen (as fathers, brothers, uncles, &c.); -itrāf (v.n. 4 of طرك), Bringing something new and pleasing; viewing, inspecting; -ittiraf (v.n. 8 of مارك), Obtaining something new.

atrāfī, Extreme, outer, outlying,

limitary.

اطراق ه itraq (v.n. 4 of عرق), Lending or hiring out (a male animal to cover a female); keeping silence; hanging the head; following each other's footsteps, going one after another.

اطروش A اطروش ulrush, Deaf.

otrish, Austria (m.c. from Fr. Autriche).

الريال A الحريال itrifal (S. triphalla), A myrobalan-electuary.

a الريلال قيتالقا, atrilal, Crow-foot.

ملعم it'am (v.n. 4 of طعم), Feeding,

giving victuals.

A had afimat, afima (pl. of ta'am), Meats, victuals, viands; -at'ima'i nafīsah, Exquisite meats, dainties.

اطفاء م<u>itghā</u>' (r.n. 4 of طفی), Seducing, leading into error; making exorbitant or excessive.

اطاها itfā' (v.n. 4 of طاهی), Extinguish.

ing, quenching; extinction; -itfa' kardan, To extinguish.

مالهال atfāl (pl. of tifl), Infants, children, boys, offspring, family; (in P. also used for "wife," being considered more respectful than o; zan, and similar words);

--at fāli bāgh, Fresh flowers, young plants. A ditla' (v.n. 4 of طلع Manifesting, informing, putting in possession of a secret; vomiting; putting forth buds or the spathes (a palm-tree); shooting or throwing beyond the mark;—ittila" (v.n. 8 of all), Boing aware, knowing; inspecting viewing examining; notice, information; -ittila' būdan, ittilā' dāshtan, To be informed ;—ittilā' kardan (dādan), To inform;—iţţilā' u shu'ūr kardan, To examine and animadvert upon.

A Tellel ittila'an, For the purpose of in-

forming.

a الماعات ittilā'āt (pl. of ittilā'), Knowledge acquired by study and inquiry (m.c.).

a الملاع ittilā'ī, That gives intimation or information; for the purpose of announcing, apprising, or giving notice.

اطلق م iglaq (v.n 4 of طلق), Setting at liberty, liberating, releasing, dismissing, sending away; loosening, relaxing; divorciug, repudiating; disengagedness, freedom; application, reference; rendering universal; evacuation; —iţlāqi 'inān kardan, To give the reins (to a horse).

A Jul atlal (pl. of talal), Bodies, substances; ruins of a house; -- itlal (v.n. 4 of طل), Being at the point of, impending; permitting blood to be shed unrevenged.

atlas, Red tending to black, dun-

colour; satin.

atlass, A ounuch (black).

A oth atm (v.n.), Being enraged;—utum, A fortress of stone; any square edifice, with a flat roof.

الماط agmāt, An Indian filbert-nut; an Indian bean.

A فلماع igmā' (v.n. 4 of طماع), Exciting a strong desire, incitement; longing, covetousness.

blabl $atm\bar{u}t = blabl q.v.$

a lasal afmīsā, Southernwood; mug-

المعتنان itmi'nan (v.n. 4 of المعتنان), Reposing, resting; rest, tranquillity, repose, content, quiet, security, peace; confidence, reliance, trust, surety, guarantee; -itmi'nāni khātir, Peace of mind;—itmī'nān dādan, To give an assurance :-itmi'nān yūftan, To be set at case.

aināb (pl. of tunub), Tent-ropes; -itnāb (v.n. 4 of طنب), Lengthening one's speech, amplifying a discourse; sublimity of style; prolixity, bombast, hyperbole.

a المنه aganah, Athens.

atwar (pl. of taur), Times, turns, ways; manners, modes, fashions; dealings,

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mode of business; - atwāri hamīda, Praiseworthy actions;—atwari siyah, Black or wicked actions; - atwari nā-hamwar, Unworthy actions.

▲ "blet atwaran, Occasionally.

atwārīn, A mountainous island in the ocean inhabited by the Jinn.

A فريد الموج More or most obedient.

اطول ه atwal, Longer, longest.

A الحولات atwalan, Prolixly, tediously.

athar (pl. of tuhr), Purities;—(pl. of tahir) Clear, pure, chaste, unsullied, clean; -ithar (v.n. 4 of re), Purifying; purification.

A rel athar, More or most pure.

atyab, Better, best, more or most sweet, fragrant, delicate, pleasant, delightful; (du.) atyaban, The two delights, Ceres and Venus, or youth and gay spirits.

atīt (v.n. of مال), Making a creaking noise (the saddle of a camel); the rattling of the belly (from hunger); the murmuring of a camel from fatigue; the rustling of a palm-tree.

q.v. Idald = atyut = Idaged

اطراك A izrāf (v.n. 4 of طراك), Bringing forth ingenious, witty children.

azfār (pl. of zufr), Nails, claws, hoofs; certain small stars in front of the constellation of the eagle;—izfar (v.n. 4 of المر), Making conqueror, enabling one to triumph, or to attain his object.

azfar, Possessed of long and broad الخفر A

azlāl (pl. of zill), Shadows;--izlāl (v.n. 4 of ظل), Shading, casting a shadow; approaching.

A الحلام izlām (v.n. 4 of طلم), Growing dark; walking in darkness; being bright (the front teeth); meeting with oppression.

azlam, More or most unjust, tyrannical, oppressive; — la'ana 'llāh azlamī wa azlamak, May God curse the more unjust of me and thee!

المهار izhār (v.n. 4 of الحهار), Revealing, discovering; manifestation, disclosure, publication; declaration, statement; police information; examination of a witness, deposition, evidence, written testimony; izhari tahrīrī, Deposition in writing, written testimony (opp. to izhāri zabūnī, Oral deposition or testimony; -izhāri khuşūmat kardan. To show enmity, become an open enemy;-izhāri firār kardan, To make a feigned retreat, to appear to fly ;-izhār numadan, To show off, to display (m.e.).

a اظهار سلامي izhār-salāmī, A complimentary (but illegal) fee paid to the writer of a deposition.

a الخيار نامه izhār-nāmah, Notification, announcement; manifesto.

a الجهار نويس izhār-nawīs, An officer of the court who takes down depositions.

A azhar, More or most clear, bright, evident; - azhar mina 'sh-shams, Clearer than the sun.

a 'ajim (pl. of a'jam), Barbarians (those who cannot speak Arabic, or speak it incorrectly; but more particularly the Persians).

A معمد a'ājīb (pl. of w'jūbat), Miracles,

wonders, prodigies.

A قاداً i'ddat, i'ada (v.n. 4 of عبد), Causing to return, bringing back; repetition, reiteration, revision; reversion; visiting the sick; -- i'ādat kardan, To repeat, to relate.

a اعادى a'ādī (pl. of 'adūw), Enemies,

foes.

A قالما i'āzat (v.n. of عود), Taking under one's protection; saving, defending.

A عور i'ārat (v.n. 4 of عور), Lending.

a 'azim (pl. of a'zam), Great, chief, principal; the highest, the lofty;—a'āzimi salātīni muslimānī, The greatest of Muslim princes.

A مول i'alat (v.u. 4 of عول), Being or becoming poor; lessening the shares in dividing an inheritance;—(v.n. 4 of عيل) Having a numerous family; keeping a

large establishment or household.

a اعالى ماب a' $\bar{a}b$, Of exalted deeds. A dilal i'anat (v.n. 4 of عون), Aiding, assisting; assistance, help, aid, succour; favour, countenance, patronage.

A a'ba' (pl. of 'ib'), Burdens, loads,

bales (of merchandise).

A عتق i'tāq (v.n. 4 of عتق), Setting at liberty, bestowing freedom, giving leave; liberation, manumission, emancipation.

A متم i'tām (v.n. 4 of عتم), Entering on the first division of the night, commencing after sunset; doing anything during that time; being slow and tardy; desisting or causing one to desist from an undertaking.

A عبد i'tibād (v.n. 8 of عبد), Reducing to slavery or servitude; receiving as a ser-

a اعتبار i'tibār (v.n. 8 of عبر), Taking counsel; taking an example or warning, and profiting by it; confidence, faith, belief; esteem, honour, reverence, veneration, respect; credit, authority, credibility; weight, importance;—i'tibār dāshtan, To have confidence in (m.c.);—i'tibār giriftan, To take an example or warning ;-az i'tibār uftādan, To lose credit, to lose one's character (m.c.); —az i'tibār andā<u>kh</u>tan, To throw out of eirculation (coin, m.e.);—ba 'aini i'tibār, With the eye of esteem, respectfully.

i'tibār-nāma, Credentiala.

A اعتبارى i'tibārī, Of credit, creditable, trustworthy, worthy of confidence, credible; reputable; confidential, trusty.

A اعباء i'tibāt (v.n. 8 of عبط), Slaughtering an unblemished (camel).

A alazal i'tida' (v.n. 8 of عدو), Transgressing, being iniquitous, unjust; injus-

A ماعداً i'tidād (v.n. 8 of قد), Counting, numbering; being in the state of probation ('iddat) of a divorced woman or widow.

A اعتدال i'tidal (v.n. 8 of اعتدال Being middling, moderate, just, or even; temperateness, moderation; evenness, equality, equilibrium, symmetry; the happy mean; frugality, temperance, sobriety; a state (of health, &c.) in which the four humours are well balanced, sound health; -i'tidāli hawā, The temperature or salubrity of the air;i'tidal kardan, To temperate, moderate;bar itidal, Of middle height (stature).

a اعتدالي i'tidāli = the preceding; also adjective formed from it, as moderate, sym-

metrical, &c.

عدر i'tizār (v.n. 8 of عدر), Apology, excuse; -- itizār kardan, To excuse, make an apology.

a عندار نامة i'tizār-nāma, A letter of apo-

a اعتداري i'tizārī, One who apologizes;

apologetical.

i'tirā' (v.n. 8 of عرواً و i'tirā' (v.n. 8 of عدواً ع upon, down upon, over one; desiring,

seeking.

attirāz (v.n. 8 of عرض), Opposition; refusing assent, objection; criticism, animadversion, strictures, fault-finding, cavilling; displeasure;—i'tirāzi zābiţah, A technical objection.

a عبرامات i'tirāzāt (pl. of the preceding),

Oppositions.

a اعترامى i'tirāṣī, Objecting, one who

objects, &c.

عتراك A i'tirāf (v.n. 8 of عرف), Confessing, acknowledging, avowing; — i'tirāfāwardan, i'tirāf dāshtan, To avow, to acknowledge.

a عبراك i'tirāk (v.n. 8 of عبراك م Pressing one upon another, gathering, assembling.

اعتراء 🗴 i'tizā' (v.n. اعزو), Claiming

relationship.

عرار له itizāz (v.n. 8 of عرار ه), Priding oneself upon, esteeming oneself ennobled by;

prevalence, excellence.

A اعترال i'tizāl (v.n. 8 of اعترال), Separating oneself from the rest, secession, dissent, schism; withdrawing from office, abdication, resignation.

مسر i'tisār (v.n. 8 of عسر), Compel

ling, forcing, using violence.

مس i'tieās (v.n. 8 of عس), Going

the nightly round, patrolling.

A عسف i'tisāf (v.n. 8 of عسف), Stray. ing, deviating from the right way; oppression, injury.

مش i'tishāsh (v.n. 8 of عش), Laying in a small quantity of provisions.

A عصر i'tiṣār (v.n. 8 of عصر), Squeezing, expressing (juice), withholding property;

extorting money; taking refuge.

A alarel i'tisam (v.n. 8 of ane), Preserving oneself from sin, abstaining from what is sinful or unlawful; laying firm hold of :--i'tisām kardan, To grip, to seize and hold fast.

A معدد i'tizād (v.n. 8 of معدد), Begging assistance; taking or putting under the

A عتقاد i'tiqad (v.n. 8 of عقد), Being very hard, firm, and strong; believing; confidence, faith, belief, trust; dependence; i'tiqād dāshtan, i'tiqād kardan, To place confidence in, to believe.

a ساماندا i'tiqādāt (pl. of the preceding),

Beliefs, &c.

a اعتقادي i'tiqādī, Confidence, faith, trust ; one in whom faith is placed, trustworthy.

- A مقل i'tiqāl (v.n. 8 of عقل), Being bound, imprisoned; binding, imprisoning; carrying a spear between leg and saddle; twisting the legs between those of a sheep to steady it while milking or slaughtering it.
- A مكك i'tikāf (v.n. 8 of مكك , Continuing in prayer, remaining constantly in the mosque; retirement, seclusion (in a place of worship); restraining one's passions from religious motives; constant devotions.

A ملو i'tila' (v.n. 8 of علو), Raising,

elevating; height, elevation.

i'tilaf, The eating of provender. ملق i'tilāq (v.n. 8 of علل), Being attached, devoted to, loving; being tied to.

علّ i'titäl (v.n. 8 of علّ), Being weak, sickly, ailing; seeking for or adducing a pretext; turning (a man from a resolution), diverting (him) from (his) design.

A عمد i'timād (v.n. 8 of عمد), Leaning, depending, relying upon, trusting or committing oneself (to anything); faith, confidence, trust; dependence, reliance; a support, prop;—i'timād kardan, To rely.

a عتماد نامه i'timād-nāma, Credentials.

a اعتمادي i'timādī, Worthy of confidence ;

reliable, trustworthy.

اعتمار A نابر i'timar (v.n. 8 of عمر), Visiting, frequenting; performing the 'umrah or lesser pilgrimage; putting on a turban ('imārat).

A معل i'timāl (v.n. 8 of عمل), Doing anything oneself; being constantly at

a متمام i'timām (v.n. 8 of متمام), Putting on a turban ('imamat).

a عتميد i'timīd (by Imālah for i'timād), Reliance.

A منى i'tinā' (v.n. 8 of عنياه), Taking pains, looking after, managing; anxiety, care; attention, study, labour.

a jural i'tinau (v.n. 8 of عبد), Declining,

turning to one side; travelling far, from place to place.

أغناق A أغناق i'lināq (v.n. 8 of عنى), Throwing the arms round one another's neck (in friendship or in combat).

A عور i'tiwār (v.n. 8 of عور), Borrowing

from one another.

A عياد i'tiyād (v.n. 8 of عود), Coming back; making a habit or custom; (in comp.) accustomed or addicted to, as dadi'tiyād, Accustomed to justice;—masarrati'tiyād, Prone to joy.

A عوص i'tiyāṣ (v.n. 8 of عوص), Being difficult, intricate; not holding to the male.

A عوض i'tiyāz (v.n. 8 of عوض), Accepting a substitute, receiving an equivalent.

A عوى i'tiyāq (v.n. 8 of عوى), Hindering,

preventing; holding back.

A wheel i'jab (v.n. 4 of was), Causing surprise; giving pleasure; being pleased, infatuation.

اعجاز A 'jāz (pl. of 'ajuz, &c.), The binder parts, the buttocks ;—i'jāz (v.n. 4 of), Rendering or finding weak; disappointment; wonder, astonishment, amazement, surprise ; a miracle ;—i'jāzi masīļiī, A miraculous cure, equalling those wrought by the Messiah.

a اعجازور i'jāz-war, Who performs miracles,

does wonderful things.

A محل i'jāl (v.n. 4 of عجل), Accelera ting, stimulating, urging, investigating,

A plack i'jām (v.n. 4 of parking a consonant with diacritical points; speaking or writing Arabic incorrectly.

A jac! a'jaz, More or most impotent;

large about the buttocks.

A spal a jaf, Thin, lean, meagre.

A a'jam, One who speaks Arabic without elegance. a a'jamī, A barbarian, one who

does not speak Arabic.

a اعجوبا u'jūbat, u'jūbah, A miracle, a prodigy, a wonderful thing.

a اعجوبكي u'jūbagī, Playfulness, frolicsomeness.

A alast $a'd\bar{a}'$ (pl. of 'aduw), Enemies; a'da'i daulat, Enemies of the State;—a'da'i $d\bar{\imath}n$, Enemies of the faith.

مداد a a'd $\bar{a}d$ (pl. of 'adad), Numbers (a'dādi mutabā'in, Incommensurable numbers, prime numbers;—a'dādi mutadākhil, Concordant numbers;—a'dādi mutamāsil, Like or equal numbers; -a'dādi mutawāfiq, Composite numbers); $-i'd\bar{a}d$ (v.n. 4 of \tilde{a}). Preparing, making ready; -i'dādi saman kardan, To count out money.

A ماعدا i'dām (v.n. 4 of عدم), Annihilating, destroying; being wanting and not to be

had; preventing.

a'dal, More or most just, equal, temperate; -a'dali ashāb, Most just of the companions; —a'dali salātīn, Most equitable of kings.

A عدى a'dá, More or most hostile.

A باغدا i'zāb (v.n. 4 of بغد), Tormenting.

a'zār (pl. of 'uzr), Excuses ;—i'zār (v.n. 4 of عذر), Excusing, making apologies, inventing excuses; circumcising; providing a feast on circumcising a child or finishing a house; being very sinful, criminal, vicious; bridling (a horse); putting on the headstall ('izār).

A مَارِهُ a'rāb, Wild wandering Arabs; i'rāb (v.n. 4 of جب), Speaking, reasoning in Arabic; using shameful, indecent, and obscene language; inflecting, declining an an Arabic noun or verb; the vowels and

diacritical points in Arabic.

a أعرابي a'rābī, An Arab of the desert. A عراء i'rāj (v.n. 4 of عراء), Making lame, crippling.

a'rās (pl. of 'irs), Spouses, brides; -i'rās (v.n. 4 of عرب , Being a bridegroom, a bride; preparing a (marriage) feast; con-

jugal intercourse. a'rāz, Illness; events, accidents; accidentals; bodies (a'rāzi jiemaniyah, Corporeal faculties;—a'rāzi zātīyah, Essential properties;—a'rāzi ruḥānīyah, Spiritual endowments) ;—i'rāz (v.n. 4 of عرض), Turning away the face, declining, shunning, avoiding, flying from, opposing; aversion, dislike; appearing, being manifest; making broad; standing erect and presenting a good mark (a deer); bearing a child of a broad squat form; castrating.

A 47.7 a'rāf, The boundary between

Paradise and Hell, a kind of Purgatory which, according to Sa'di, appears a hell to the blessed, and a heaven to the damned; a sort of palm-tree; (pl. of 'urf) Crests, manes, combs of birds; -irāf (v.n. 4 of

عرف), Having a long mane.

A عرى i'rāk (v.n. 4 of عرى), Diluting wine with a little water; being rooted; shooting its roots in all directions (a tree); going into Irak.

A zel a'raj, Lame by nature, lame, cripple from the birth ;-timuri a'raj, Lame

Timūr (Tamerlane).

a'raf, Thick-maned (horse); more or most knowing or intelligent; more or most known, better or best known.

A pel a'azz, More or most glorious; dearer, dearest.

A مراز A of عران i'zāz (v.n. 4 of عران), Strengthening, invigorating; honouring; magnifying; honour, esteem, respect, attention; having the orifice of the teat very small (a camel or a sheep); having a painful conception and gestation (a cow); lighting upon hard ground; being grieved and uneasy; -i'zāz kardan, To honour, respect, revere.

A spel a'izzat, a'izza (pl. of 'azīz), Excellent, rare, incomparable, dear, precious,

glorious, powerful,

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A Jel a'zal, A man unarmed; a cloud without rain; detached, separate (a star, also called simāki a'zal, in the constellation Virgo); (a horse) whose tail habitually inclines to one side.

A عسار i'sār (v.n. 4 of عسار), Being poor.

a'sar, More or most difficult. a'shār (pl. of 'ushr), Tenths; decades of verses into which the Kur'an is divided; portions of slaughtered camels; the outside feathers in a bird's wing; (a pot) broken in ten pieces; (met.) a broken heart (a'shāri shar'īya, The ten commandments); — i'shār (v.n. 4 of عشر), Being owner of tenths; being ten in number (men).

a'shāsh (pl. of 'ushsh), Birds' nests built in trees; -i'shāsh (v.n. 4 of مش), Molesting anyone so as to oblige

him to quit his habitation.

A أعشل a'shá, Purblind; blind at night.

a'ṣāb (pl. of 'aṣab), Nerves, tendons, sinews.

a'ṣār (pl. of 'aṣr), Ages, times اعمار م (salātīni a'sār, The monarchs of the times); -i'ṣār (v.n. 4 or عمر), Becoming marriageable (a girl); entering upon the afternoon; being near raining (a cloud); hurricanes, tornadoes.

A مصم i'ṣām (v.n. 4 of عصم), Fastening a belt called 'isam round the mouth of a leathern bottle, by which it is closed or carried or hung up; fixing a loop or anything similar to a saddle, for the rider to lay hold of, and thus save himself when in danger of falling.

a'şam, (A crow) with white feathers in the wings; (a stag) having white on either or both the fore-feet, the rest of the

body being black or red.

a'zā' (pl. of 'izw, 'uzw), Members, limba;—a'ṣā'i tanāsul, Organs of generation; -a'zā'i ra'īsah, The principal members, the vital parts (the heart, brain, liver, testicles).

مض Striking (عض غض), Striking one (with a sword); feeding upon the prickly shrub 'uzz (camels); being possessed of such camels.

A مالحد i'ta' (v.n. 4 of عطو), Giving, offer-

ing, bestowing, presenting. A عطش i'tash (v.n. 4 of عطش), Making

thirety.

a'taf (pl. of 'atf), Favours, bounties.

A cibel a'tan (pl. of 'atan), Places near wells where (camels) recline after drink-

اعظام A ناتون i'zām (v.n. 4 of عظم), Magnifying,

bonouring, praising.

a'zam, Greater, larger, bigger, greatest; superior, supreme; -a'zami salātīni 'izām ū akrami khawāqīni kirām, The greatest of sovereign princes, and the most

noble of noble kings; -waziri a'zam, The grand vazir.

a 'zamtar, Greater, bigger. مفر a'zamtar, Greater, bigger. مفوا i'fā' (v.n. 4 of مفو), Granting immunity or pardon.

مفاف A أعفاف i'jāf (v.n. 4 of عفا), Making one

to abstain (from things forbidden).

A بالقدا a'qāb (pl. of 'aqib), Heels; offsprings, descendants, succeeding children; $-i'q\bar{a}b$ (v.n. 4 of -i), Succeeding (as a son to his father); requiting.

a'qal, More or most wise, prudent, or intelligent; bow-legged, distorted-legged.

A مادا i'la' (v.n. 4 of عاد), Exalting, elevating; ascending; -i'la kardan, To elevate.

A على i'lāq (v.n. 4 of على), Suspending, hanging up; fixing the claws, &c. into anything, attaching.

A أعلال i'lāl (v.n. 4 of على), Afflicting with

any ailment or distemper ('illat).

A ماله a'lām (pl. of 'alam), Flags, staudards, ensigns, colours, banderols, streamers, pennants; mountains;—i'lām (v.n. 4 of علم), Announcing, proclaiming, indicating, informing, teaching; distinguishing oneself (in battle); distinction; notification, proclamation, notice, citation, warrant; $-i \cdot \bar{l} \bar{n} m i$ jang, Declaration of war;—i'lām dádan, To give information ;-i'lam kardan, To make proclamation, to announce; marking cloth (as weavers, fullers, or bleachers).

a اعلام نامة i'lūm nūmah, A proclamation.

A علن i'lūn (v.n. 4 of علي), Publishing, divulging, manifesting; publication, declaration, proclamation.

a dam, More or most learned; one who has a fissure in the upper lip; -allaha'lam, God knows best, God knows.

A اعلي a'lá, Higher, highest, upper; of higher authority; most exalted, supreme, paramount, pre-eminent; chief, principal; -a'lā'i 'illīyīn, The summit of the seventh heaven.

a'lú-haṣrat, His most exalted majesty (m.c.).

A a'amm, More or most common, general, universal, concerning all.

م على أن اعماء A shel i'mā' (v.n. 4 of عماء), Making blind

a'mār (pl. of 'umr), Lives, lifetimes ;--i'mār (v.n. 4 of عمر), Giving to one during life (a horse or an estate).

A Jisel a'māl (pl. of 'amal), Works, acts, labours (a'māli pasandīda, Approved works); i'māl (v.n. 4 of عمل), Causing or teaching

to act or operate; applying. a sali Jlasl a'mal-namah, Register of one's actions, the book in which the deeds of

men are supposed to be recorded.

A plack a mam (pl. of 'amm). Paternal uncles ;--i'mām (v.n. 4 of se), Having many paternal uncles.

اعبش 🛦 معبش المسائد wimash, Having watering eyes,

dim-sighted.

A Last a'má, Blind; a desert; ignorant. A die a'nāq (pl. of 'unq, 'unuq), Necks;

princes, chiefs; a'naqu'r-rīh, Particles of dust raised by the wind; -i'nāq (v.n. 4 of عنق), Ornamenting with a collar (a dog's neck); making a collar.

a'naq, Long-necked; having any-

thing suspended at the neck.

A عواز i wāz (v.n. 4 of عوار Being indigent; impoverishing, reducing to poverty; being difficult.

A عبر i'wās (v.n. 4 of عبر), Embarrassing, reducing (an opponent) to a nonplus, dumfounding.

A عول i'wāl (v.n. 4 of عول), Weeping

aloud, wailing.

a'wām (pl. of 'ām), Years; times. a'wān (pl. of 'aun), Helpers, allies, assistants, aiders.

A ביבו a'waj, Crooked, wry, distorted.

A عرجاً i'wijāj (v.n. 9 of عرجاً), Being crooked; crookedness, curvature, obliquity.

a'war, One-eyed; a bad guide; a road without sign-post; a crow; weak, timorous, pusillanimous; corrupt, bad (word or action); stupid; illegible (book); (a horseman) destitute of whip or switch; one who has no brother germain; disappointed and frustrated in the attainment of one's object.

اعماه A في i'yā' (v.n. 4 of عياء), Being wearied with travelling; fatiguing, tiring; being or

making difficult (business).

A اعيان a'yān (pl. of 'ain), Eyes; great men; grandees, nobles; -a'yani daulat, (eyes of the State) Ministers;—a'yāni mumkināt, The most excellent of creatures;a'yāni sābitah, Figures emblematic of the names of God.

a'yānī, Princely, grand; anything in an emphatical manner, κατ εξοχήν, as barādari a'yānī, A uterine brother.

a'yan, One who has large or black eyes; -a'yun (pl. under ten of 'ain), Eyes.

ा aghā, A great lord, nobleman, head, chief master, commander; a eunuch (as baving the principal charge of the seraglio).

t a غادلاله āghā-dalāla (for dallāla), A woman who serves as a professional procuress to other women.

A مقالمة ighāsat (v.n. 4 of عوث), Bringing

belp, succouring; giving rain.

jul āghār, jul aghār, A sinking of moisture into the ground; instigation, setting against, inciting to fight; (imp. of aghardan or āghārīdan, used in comp.) mixed, kneaded, moistened; mixing, &c.; excited, instigated; (= آغاری) a vessel.

آغارانيدن āghārānīdan, To throw down; to

move.

A قارة ighārat (v.n. 4 of غور), Coming into a low-lying hollow country (called ghaur); having the eyes deep sunk in their sockets; making a hostile incursion into an enemy's

country; making haste; twisting (a rope) firmly.

مَارِد مَ مَعْلَمْ قَالِمَ مَعْلَمْ قَالِمُ مَعْلَمْ مَعْلِمُ مِعْلِمُ مَعْلِمُ مِعْلِمُ مَعْلِمُ مِعْلِمُ مِعْلِمُ مِعْلِمُ مَعْلِمُ مِعْلِمُ مَعْلِمُ مُعْلِمُ مُعْلِمُ مُعْلِمُ مُعْلِمُ مَعْلِمُ مَعْلِمُ مَعْلِمُ مُعْلِمُ مُعْلِمُ مَعْلِمُ مَعْلِمُ مَعْلِمُ مَعْلِمُ مَعْلِمُ مُعْلِمُ مُعْلِمُ مُعْلِمُ مَعْلِمُ مُعْلِمُ مَعْلِمُ مَعْلِمُ مَعْلِمُ مَعْلِمُ مُعْلِمُ مُعْلِمُ مُعْلِمُ مُعْلِمُ مَعْلِمُ مِعْلِمُ مِعْلِمُ مِعْلِمُ مِعْلِمُ مَعْلِمُ مَعْلِمُ مَعْلِمُ مَعْلِمُ مَعْلِمُ مَعْلِمُ مَع

citing.

ماردن aghārdan, اغاردن aghārdan, To moisten, macerate; to mix, to knead; to cause to move, to rouse, to excite; to sink, or to cause (water) to sink into the ground.

aghāroz, Beginning, commencement. aghāra, The latchet of a shoe;

under-leather.

آغاري آ <u>āgh</u>ārī, A vessel.

قاريدن āghārīdan, To moisten, wet, macerate, bring almost to a solution; to excite,

اغاريقون aghārīqūn (G. άγαρικον), Common

agarick, Boletus igniarius.

aghāz, Beginning, commencement; design, wish; echo, call; -aghāz kardan, āghāz numūdan, To commence, make a

beginning; to design, will. مانان aghāz, Will, intention, design; a voice, noise, echo; a beginning, commence-

مَاز كار مَ<u>gh</u>àz-kār, Beginning.

اَكَارُ كَاهُ مَعَارِكَاهُ مَعَارِكَاهُ مَعَارِكَاهُ مَعَارِكَاهُ مَعَارِكَاهُ مَعَارِكَاهُ مَعَارِكَاهُ things take their beginning; the crystal sphere, the empyrean.

مَانِكَة <u>agh</u>āzanda, The beginner, origi-

nator, i.e. God.

E ughgh-ughgh, The noise made in the threat in gurgling.

قافة aghāza, The beginning of a work ;—

also-

قالمًا aghāza, A cobbler's tool; the sole of a shoe.

آغازيدن ā<u>gh</u>āzīdan, To begin; to design; to will; to engage in combat.

قاض <u>āgh</u>āsh, a<u>ah</u>āsh, Recorded; accumu-

مَاهَتن مَ<u>agh</u>āshtan, To accumulate, throw one above another; place one thing before another.

قال <u>āgh</u>āl, Instigation, excitement; a setting in motion; the swallowing of food not masticated; seizing, capturing; a sheep-cote; a hive; a beginning, commencement; a moistening, macerating; -āghāli pashah, and-

قال پشة مَghāl pashah, The lote-tree; the gnat-tree, with large smooth stem and thick

foliage.

أغالش مَghālish, Instigation, incitement to crime.

آغالشتن <u>āgh</u>ālishtan, To accumulate, heap.

aghālūkhī, Aloes.

اهاليدن aghālīdan, To excite, rouse, animate (to battle); to be hot, fiery, and contentious; to confine, reduce to straits.

A الماليط aghālīṭ (pl. of ughlūṭat), Questions, doubts, or whatever matters are liable to error or reprehension; things which mislead.

A اغانى (pl. of ughnīyat), اغانى مۇhānī surāy, Songs.

oble aghayan (pl. of agha), Great lords;

a king's daughter.

aghbar, Soiled with dust. المبر ه

غبراً غرام ighbirār (v.n. 9 of غبراً), Being very dusty, soiled.

A منها ightibāt (v.n. 8 of منها), Being in happy circumstances; being jealous of another's happiness.

A بابعدا ightirāb (v.n. 8 of غرب), Travelling into foreign parts; marrying a

A ji ightirār (v.n. 8 of عُرَار , Being de-

ceived; coming upon one suddenly.

A عبداك ا ightiraf (v.n. 8 of غبرك), Drinking water (out of the hand).

افتسال aghtisāl (v.n. 8 of فسل), Washing oneself; ablution.

A مُشَاهُ ightishāsh (v.n. 8 of غشاهُ), Rebellion, riot.

A المتمام ightişās (v.n. 8 of غض), Being choked, suffocated; grieving sorely, being in great anxiety.

A معمل ightimaz (v.n. 8 of عمر), Censuring, condemning, reviling, reproaching, disgracing.

ightimäs (v.n. 8 of عبداس في في اغتماس الم

Diving.

A مُعنف ightimūz (v.n. 8 of غيض), Winking, dozing.

اهتمام في ightimām (v.n. 8 of غم), Being

sad and gloomy; sadness, gloom.

A منا ightinam (v.n. 8 of عنم), Getting spoil or plunder; seizing, carrying off; seizing an opportunity.

م اغتياط ightiyaz (v.n. 8 of عباط اغتياط م

angry, enraged.

A اعتبار ightiyāl (v.n. 8 of معوال اعتبار), Assaulting, rushing upon, or killing suddenly;
—(v.n. 8 of عبل) Growing fat and plump
(a boy).

هُمُنُهُ a ghziyat (pl. of ghizā'), Aliments. المُرَامُ a ghir, The dry bed of a river with a

little water left here and there.

A per agharr, White, bright; with a white spot on the forehead (a horse); noble, illustrious.

A alph ighra' (v.n. 4 of 374), Instigating, exciting, stirring up; setting one against another.

A بابط ighrāb (v.n. 4 of بحب), Bringing, performing or relating anything new, foreign, strange, or wonderful; being new, strange, &c.; filling (a water-bag).

A مهلات aghrāz (pl. of gharaz), Designs, aims, intentions, ends, views, objects, purposes, wishes, motives; interests;—ighrāz (v.n. 4 of غرف), Tiring, fatiguing, vexing; girthing (a camel).

A مراجد ighrāq (v.n. 4 of عرف), Causing to sink or drown, drowning, submersion; exaggeration in praise or blame.

م المجرا ighrām (v.n. 4 of مغرم), Muleting,

fining; destroying; causing to become obnoxious, injurious.

A worderful. More or most strange, wonderful.

A 33,48 agharda (A garment) thin and flimsy.

اغرطس غ<u>agh</u>arsalis (G. ἀγρωστις), Couchgrass, agrostis.

قرم ughrugh, Tent; camp, encampment. مراه aghra, Lichen (skin-disease);—aghra, A mote of kings, nobles, or judges; an airy, windy place;—ughra, A wen, a kernel. عرى الأرى ال

чье aghriya (G. акри, акра), A mountain.

aghrir, or-

ighrīras, The brother of Afrāsiyāb. و أغربوس آعريس آعريوس آعريوس آعريوس آعريوس

مَسِمُ <u>āgh</u>astan, To fill, to cram. مَسِمُ <u>āgh</u>asta, Filled, crammed.

المطوس aghastūs, The Emperor Augustus.

à <u>gh</u>ush, An embrace.

يَّ مَعْتَالِيدِنِ <u>āgh</u>ashtānīdun, 'To cause to mix or maverate.

هُشتگي ā<u>gh</u>ashtagī, Alloy, mixture.

To moisten; to be moist; to cut, hash, or mince; to defile, or be defiled.

sitt äghashta, sitt aghashta, Mixed, moistened, smeared; watered (ground).

aghashak, Turpentine.

A معمام (غص ighṣāṣ (v.n. 4 of غص), Choking, causing suffocation.

اهمان ه aghsān (pl. of ghusn), Branches. A إعماش ightāsh (v.n. 4 of عماش), Being dark; making dark; dimming the eye.

A معلت aghtash, Weak-sighted.

A المفال ighfal (v.n. 4 of عفل), Neglecting, overlooking.

الا *āghil, aghil*, A sheep-cote in a mountain.

a well aghlajun, The aromatic aloe.

a like aghlat (pl. of ghalat), Errors;—
ighlat (v.n. 4 of lie), Leading into error.

a the ighlaz (v.n. 4 of his), Using coarse or opprobrious language; buying coarse (cloth), discovering (it) to be so.

A الملاك ighlāf (v.n. 4 of الملاك), Sheathing, putting up in a scabbard or sheath (ghi-lāf).

aghlāq (pl. of ghalq), Locks, bars, bolts;—ighlāq (v.n. 4 of علاق), Shutting, locking or fastening (a door); abstruse-

ness; obstacle.

a just aghlāl (pl. of ghull), Yokes or chains for the neck (of iron, or of leather with part of the hair adhering);—(pl. of ghalal) Waters flowing amongst trees;—aghlāli salāsil, Bolts, links, or rings of chains;—ighlāl (v.n. 4 of Jb), Defrauding, acting perfidiously; becoming excessive (thirst); bringing home food, for the sustenance of one's family; producing the

herbs called ghall); looking sharp at;—
ighlāl kardan, To yoke; to pillory.

A sale ighlam, The act of provoking to

venery; sodomy.

a اعلامى ighlāmī, A sodomite.

اغلب 🗚 a<u>ah</u>lab, Superior, stronger, strongest; prevalent; most, the greater part; mostly; more or most likely; pro-

A MAI aghlaz, Grosser, fatter, thicker,

thickest.

aghlaf, Uncircumcised; sheathed اخلف (sword); affluent, comfortable (life); one who heeds nothing.

ughlumish, Name of a king of

Persia.

اعلن aghlan, Instigation, incitement; name of a prince of the race of Timur.

A اعارات ughlūtat, A doubtful question, anything that may mislead a person; anything liable to error or misapprehension.

aghlisun, The rainbow.

aghlīqī (G. γλυκύ), Lamb's flesh اغليقي and پخته جوش boiled in spiced wine (see

اعماء م ighmū' (v.n. 4 of غمی), Causing

to faint, throwing into a fit.

A عماد aghmad (pl. of ghimd), Sheaths; ighmad (v.n. 4 of غمد), Sheathing (a sword).

A jabl ighmāz (v.n. 4 of معلا), Disparaging, detracting from, railing against, blaming, reviling; abating (the heat of the sun); feeling cattle, to ascertain if they are fat or lean.

A اغماض ighmāz (v.n. 4 of عماض), Looking with half-shut eyes; winking at, connivance; ogling, coquetry; superciliousness; neglect; dissimulation; sharpening (the edge of a sword);—ighmaz kardan, To connive at, &c.

a اغماضي ighmūzī, Supercilious, fasti-

dious; proud, arrogant; a coxcomb. A مامام ighmām (v.n. 4 of عمام), Being

overcast with clouds (the sky).

a aghmas, Blear-eyed.

a <u>agh</u>ann, One who speaks through

the nose, or with a nasal twang.

A منى ighna' (v.n. 4 of غناه), Enriching, rendering independent, enabling to do without.

ية آغيد, ā<u>ah</u>and, Stuffed, crammed.

غيدن aghandan, To fill, stuff, crans. عنده aghanda, Filled, stuffed; cramming; a stuffer; -- aghunda, Ball of cotton; sort of spider.

aghná, Richer, richest; more or

most independent.

A المنياء aghniya' (pl. of aghniy), The rich ; independent people;—aghniyā'i rozgār, The rich men of the world; -aghniya' u fuqura, The rich and poor.

A غوى ighwa' (v.u. 4 of غوى), Seducing, leading astray, deceiving; seduction, temptation, evil suggestion; solicitation, temptation, instigation.

قوات āghawāt (Ar. pl. of āghā), Lords. āghūz, The biestings of a sheep.

aghosh, An embrace; the bosom; as much as the arms can embrace or contain, an armful; a servant, slave;—āghosh kardan, dar āghosh kardan, To embrace, hold, comprehend, contain.

aghoshidan, To embrace.

aghol, Side-glance, angry اغول مَ aghol اعْول look.

aghyār, Unknown persons, strangers, foreigners; rivals, enemies.

a اهياري aghyārī, The state of being a

stranger, &c., strangeness; rivalry.

مياض aghyāṣ (pl. of ghēzat), Forests, places abounding in trees, but having little water; baunts, dens.

مرس مَ*aghīras*, A walnut.

aghīs, A kind of grain.

اغيشتن āghīshtan, To embrace; to be embraced; to cut, mince, hash, macerate; to hang, to be suspended.

قيميدن aghishidan, To fear, to dread:

to embrace; to cut.

Jee ā<u>ah</u>īl, A squint, oblique look, turning the corner of the eye, looking askance with anger; a sheep-cote.

مَّة, The sun (S. ābhā); the musk-

af, Prefixed to verbs, corresponds with S. abhi and ava.

uff (P. uf), A particle expressive of loathing and disgust, fie! for shame!
—uf guftan, To detest, to say Fie!

afāt (pl. of āfat), Misfortunes,

losses, evils, troubles, calamities.

A أفيد ifādat, ifāda (v.n. 4 of افادة). Giving or allowing profit, emolument, or advantage, benefitting; teaching, instructing; tenour, purport, explanation, instruc-tion;—ifādah kardan, To convey a meaning or signification, to denote;—ifādah ū taṣrīḥ kardan, To teach and demonstrate;—ifāda'i marām kardan, To explain one's intentions.

A أنوز ifāzat (v.n. 4 of فوز), Rendering

victorious, prosperous, successful.

A نامت füzat (v.n. 4 of الميم), Filling (a vessel) till (it) overflows; overflowing; pouring out water, shedding tears; rushing with impetuosity, springing; becoming diffuse in a narrative, cularging upon.

انامل afāṣil (pl. of afṣal), Learned, virtuous, excellent; philosophers, doctors;dar nazdi afāzil, Amongst the learned.

a مانانا afāghinat, afāghina (pl. of af-

ghan), The Afghans.

A انانی āfāq (pl. of ufq, ufuq), Horizons, quarters of the heavens, of the world, or universe; regions, tracts.

اناتی affāq, One who travels much in

search of knowledge.

a بند وَمَعْمَةُ مَناقِ بند مَ afāq-band, إناق بند afāq-sitān,

ifāq-gīr, Who conquers the universe, subdues the world.

a آناق گرفته برآن آناق گرفته آناق گرفته آناق mous.

A الموق ifāqat, ifāqah (v.n. 4 of الموق), Recovering (from a distemper, swoon, insauity, or ebriety); convalescence, recovery.

afāqiyā, A kind of liquid flowing الماتيا from minerals, or expressed from acid substances

A الماك affāk, Addicted to lying.

afām (for fām), Colour; (for awām)

A النين afānīn (pl. of afnān pl. of fann), Paths, ways; branches.

A will afa'ik (pl. of afikat), Lies, false-

afpūnitan (in Zand and Pazand),

To cook; to ripen.

A & afat, A misfortune, calamity; bane, pest, plague; mortal sin; misery; wretchedness, hardship, difficulty; -- āfati dew, Pustules breaking out on the lips, from terror, whilst asleep; a ringworm;—āfali samāwī, A year of scarcity arising from too much or too little rain, locusts, &c.

uftā (part. of uftādan), Falling.

انتاء A ifta' (v.n. 4 of نتى), Resolving a question of law, or a case of conscience,

giving a fatwá or legal decision.

أفتاب āftāb (sunshine), The sun; a day; wine; the soul; -aftāb uftādan (pāshīdan, tābīdan, tāftan, jahīdan, damīdan) bar chize, The sun shines upon a thing; -aftab babām āmadun (rasīdan). The sun reaches the zenith; -aftab bu-dīwār āmadan, āftāb bar dīwār raftan, aftāb bar sari dīwār budan (didan, shudan), The end of life, power, prosperity, is approaching; $-a f t \bar{a} b$ bar koh (firod koh) raftan, āftāb ba-koh firo raflan (khwāstan), The same; -aftab bar lab būdan (rasīdan), The same; -āftāb bazard rasīdan, The sun sets; — āftāb ba-gil andūdan, To try to conceal what is manifest; -āftāb pasi dīwār (pasi koh), The time or approach of death or downfall; aftab khwurdan, To be troubled by the sun; to suffer pain or hardship; -āftāb dādan, To expose to the sun; -aftabi zard, The setting sun; a melon; —āftābi zard-rū (the yellow-faced sun), A melon; yellow wine; -āftābi sāda, The pure sun (an epithet of Solomon) :- aftab nishastan (bar zamīn nishastan), The sun is setting.

آلتاب آلود āftāb ālūd, Sun-stained, coloured

by the sun, freckled.

āftāb-parast, A worshipper of ألتاب پرست the sun; sun-flower; a chameleon; water-lily; in India, any blue flower.

قتاب برستى قftab-parastī, Snn-worship. āftāb-posh, Clad in sunny أنتاب يوش brightness.

a انتاب جبين āftūb-jabin, With a sun-like brow.

a انتاب جارة āftāb-jalwa, Brilliant as the sun.

t آنتاجي آفتار āftābchī, A ewer-holder.

t هنانه آنتابچي هانه آفتابچي هانه آفتابچي هانه đftābchī-khāna, Place where the ewer is kept.

a ماطر آ āftāb-khātir, Of a bright intellect.

قتاب خانه āftāb-<u>kh</u>āna, The sun's house (in an astronomical sense); a summer-house.

a انتاب دولت āftāb-daulat, Whose fortune is resplendent like the sun.

قاب دذرك āftāb-duzdak (intercepting the sun), A kind of parasol made of reeds.

خاب رغ āftāb-rukh, With cheeks of a bright hue.

آنتاب رر āftāb-rū, Exposed to the sun (spot); with a face bright as the sun.

iftāb-zār, A place where suns أنتاب زار are growing, i.e. a garden full of flowers.

قتاب زدة āftāb-zada, Sun-stricken, afflicted with a sun-stroke, mad.

قتاب زرد fiāb-zard, The time of sun-set. a معشعه آنتاب معشعه آنتاب معشعه آنتاب معشعه ancy of the sun.

آفتاب سوار āftāb-suwār, An early riser.

التاب كاة aftāb-gāh, A sunny place; a sunshiny day; the equinox.

قاناب كردان āftāb-gardān, Sun-shade tent

(m.c.).

قاب كردش aflab-gardish, The surface of the earth; the chameleon.

قتاب گردك āftāb-gardak (turning to the sun), The chameleon; the sun-flower.

قتابگير *āftāb-gīr* (sun-catching), A parasol. قابناك āftābnāk, Sunny.

ajtāba, A water-pot; traveller's bottle.

قتابي āftābī, A kind of parasol; an embossed shield (in shape like the sun); intensely red; yellowish; -aftabī shudan, To become clear, visible, manifest.

انتاد uftād, State of helplessness; begin-

ning of life, childhood.

انتادگان (pl. of uftāda), The fallen.

اتتادكى uftādagī, Humility; vileness; a fall.

المتادن uftādan (S. pat), To fall; to befal, to happen; to submit; to perish, be ruined; to be distant; -uftadan az, To renounce; —az pā uftādan, To slip; to fall from weakness or languor; to be infirm; -az khar uftādan, To die; -az sari kār uftād, He perished;—az shikam uftādan, To die ;-az kār uftādan, To leave a thing unfinished, to desist (az kār uftāda, abject, useless, vile) ;-ba-mazāq muwāfiq uftādan, To be acceptable, to please; - paiwasti (dar-paiwasti) kase uftādan, To calumniate, to slander; dar afwah uftadan, To be recorded, to be related; -dar pay uftādan. To follow; —mabzūl uftādan, To be acceptable.

uftāda, Fallen; weakened; oppressed; -uftādan az dasti uftādagān, To

perish through the imprecations of the oppressed.

aftaflya, A kind of liquid flowing افتالياً from minerals, or expressed from acid substances.

iftāl (imp. of the following), Dispersed, scattered; rent, toru.

iftālīdan, To scatter, spread, disperse; to tear; to destroy, spoil; to cleave,

uftān, Falling; he who falls;--uftan u khezan, uftan khezan, Sometimes falling and sometimes rising, walking with difficulty, creeping along slowly, lumping.

uftanidan, To let fall, throw

down.

قادة قftāwā, أنتاوة aftāwa (=āftāba), A

uftāyānīdan, To cause or let fall; to throw down.

A المتتاح iftitāḥ (v.n. 8 of المتتاح), Opening; beginning, commencement.

A افتحام iftihāş (v.n. 8 of افتحام), Investigating, inquiring; investigation, inquiry.

iftikhar (v.n. 8 of المتخار), Glorying, boasting; glory, honour, grace; elegance, gracefulness;—iftikhār kardan, To glorv (in anything), to boast of.

aftid, Strange! a wonderful thing;

admiration; praising; an encomiast.

التد ستا aftid-sitā, Eulogy; praise, laud. uftadan, To fall; to happen.

أنتراء A iftira' (v.n. 8 of أرى), Inventing a lie; calumny, falsehood, imposition, unjust imputation; - iftirā kardan, To defame, invent lies, traduce.

A نوس iftirās (v.n. 8 of نرس), Tearing (his) prey (a lion); finding out by a sign;

riding on horse-back.

A نوش iftirāsh (v.n. 8 of نوش), Spreading (the arms) on the ground; spread; treading upon, trampling.

A نرص iftirūs (v.n. 8 of نرص), Seizing

an opportunity (fursat).

A فرض iftirāz (v.n. 8 of فرض), Enjoin-

ing, prescribing.

المتراق A المتراق iftirāq (v.n. 8 of المتراق), Being divided, separated; removal, absence, distance, separation ;—ba-ḥālati iftirāq. In a state of separation.

iftirā-kār, A slanderer. افتراكار

iftirā-kārî. The habit of lying, slander.

a آلت رسيدة āfat-rasīda, aud—

a قنع زدة āfat zadah, Afflicted, nnlucky ; stricken by calamity.

A التصام iftisas (v.n. 8 of نص), Separating, dividing; drawing one thing out of another.

A نفح iftizāh (v.n. 8 of ففح), Being exposed; disgrace, dishonour, ignominy.

قتفايا قflafayā, Arnoglossa, Plantago major (plantain), of whose acid leaves the juice انتانيا is extracted.

A افتداد iftigad (v.n. 8 of افتداد), Losing, not being able to find; investigation, search.

A افقر iftiqār (v.n. 8 of افقر), Becoming poor, needy; poverty, want.

A انتكار iftikar (v.n. 8 of انتكار), Thinking.

A انتكاك iftikāk (v.n. 8 of الله), Redeeming, releasing (a pledge or pawn); being separated.

a النت كرى řáfat-garī, Infliction of calamity. uftan (contraction of افتن), To

uft-u-andāz, Moving with ease, graceful motions.

uft-u-khez, A middle course between haste and slowness.

قته āfta, Understood, comprehended.

uftidan, To fall; to happen. āftimūn (G. ἐπιθυμον), Dodder of

thyme.

ifjar (v.n. 4 of نجار), Reaching, attaining the hour of day-break.

afcha, ufcha, A scare-crow.

A انحاش ifhash (v.n. 4 of انحاش), Speaking obscenely.

A أنحام ifham (v.n. 4 of انحام), Silencing (in an argument); finding one so silenced.

A نام العرض ufhūs, The qaṭā's nest.

A الخام ifkhām (v.n. 4 of الخام), Honouring.

م الخر م afkhar, Finer, finest, bravest, more or most sumptuous.

م مخما afkham, Greater, greatest, more or most grand.

A wij afad. A nephew by the brother or sister.

الله afid, Strange! anything wonderful; admiration; praising; a praiser.

م اندام ifdam (v.n. 4 of فدم), Dyeing red; saturating the red colour of a stuff; filtering water.

afdar, اندرة afdara (S. pitrivya), A

nephew; an uncle.

afdista, Admiration, praise, laud اندستا (افتدستا ees).

ufda, Open, full-blown; wonderful, admirable.

الديدي afdīdan, To wonder, to admire.

afr, Bravo!—afar, Name of a place in Persia.

افرا afra, Bravo! well done! praise ap-

افراعته باي afrākht-pāy, افراعته ياي afrākhtapay, Trodden under foot, trodden upon; fugitive, poor, indigent.

afrākhtagī, Elevation, exaltation. المراحتكي أفراعتن afrākhtan, To exalt, raise, elevate. افراخته ofrākhta, Raised, elevated.

A افراد afrād (pl. of fard), Individuals. singular numbers, single ones; persons; sheets (of paper); separate sheets; -ifraa (v.n. 4 of نرد), Being or making single, solitary, alone; withdrawing from society.

ifrār (v.n. 4 of افراد ه), Putting to

flight; cleaving with a sword (the head of

another).

afrāz, Exalted, elevated, erect, high; refractory, contumacious; open and, by opposition, closed, bound; ample, wide; a shoe, slipper; all (opp. to single individual); height, summit, protuberance; pulpit; membrum virile; under, beneath; before, in front; afterwards, henceforth; (in comp. representing the pres. part. of afrakhtan) raising, exalting, as sar-afraz), Exalting the head, &c.; afrasi pasi gosh, A protuberance, or protruding bone behind the ear; -afrāzi rukh, The most prominent part of the cheek.

A الراز ifras (v.n. 4 of الراز), Separating,

distinguishing.

a وادرادان afraz-dan (for افراردان), A spicery-box.

afrāzistān, The upper world. الرازاليدن afrāzānīdan, To exalt.

أمرارئ afrāz-rukh, Having large cheeks. قَرَارَة afrāza, A flame.

afrāzī, Elevation, extension, exaltation

والإيان afrāzīdan, To exalt; to adorn. ifrās, A tent; the walls of a tent.

A الراس afras (pl. of faras), Horses; afrasi ab (water-horses), Bubbles; the hippopotamus.

الراسياب afrāsiyāb (Z. franuharashya), Name of an ancient king celebrated in Persian poetry, sovereign of Türan, and a Scythian or Turk by birth; one who moves leisurely on the road; a travelling compa-

afrāsiyābī, Descending from الواسيابي

Afrasiyab.

ifrash (v.n. 4 of فرش), Spreading carpets and the like, making beds, laying anything under a person; traducing or reviling another whilst absent; remaining behind, desisting.

الراهانيدن afrāshānīdan, To cause to exalt.

afrāshtagī, Exaltation.

afrāshtan, To exalt, extol, raise. afräshta, Exalted, elevated, erect.

a انراهتهند afrāshta-qad (qadd), Tall, of high stature.

ifrāş (v.n. 4 of فرص), Finding time for a thing; being favourable (opportunity).

ifraz (v.n. 4 of فرض), Giving; amounting to such a number as to be subject to decimation or tithes (cattle or corn).

A أبراط ifrat (v.n. 4 of أبراط Exceeding bounds; excess, superfluity, abundance, plenty; accelerating, hastening; moving with rapidity; filling (a bag); sending before; — ifrāti akhlāt, ifrāti khūn, Plethora.

ifragh (v.n. 4 of فرع), Emptying,

pouring out; shedding; casting metal into a form; removing.

afrāh, Victuals distributed amongst

prisoners in jail.

ifrāhām, Abraham.

ajrāy (in comp.), Creating.

ورديون afarbiyūn (G. εὐφόρβιον), Gum of the euphorbium.

afartak, Young, full of juice.

أفردستا afardastā, A spear's point; a sum-

ifrasb, A beam, a roof-heam.

afra', (A man) having a fine head of bair.

A خرع afragh, More or most unemployed, more or most free, more or most at lei-

afranj, The Franks, French; the crusaders; all Europeans.

afranj-mushk (the musk of the

Franks), A kind of sweet basil.

ifranjat, afranja, Name of a city in امرنجه Egypt; Eastern Africa; Europe; a bugbear to frighten children.

afranji, A Frank. المراجي

a الرجيون afrinjiyūn, (in astr.) The lower

apsis.

افرند afrand, Splendour; beauty; dignity; -ifrind, A sword; the lustre of a polished sword, &c.

afrandidan, To decorate, embellish.

afrang, Elegance, dignity, grace; magnificence, grandeur, power; magnitude; a throne; a crown; provisions, necessaries; -afrang, ifring, A European, a Frank.

afiringan, A chapter of Zandavastā.

afrokhtagī, Combustion, blaze. afrokhtan (S. ruch), To intlame, set on fire; to kindle; to blaze, to flame; to polish.

afrokhta, Inflamed, lighted; shining, radiant; polished, furbished; -charāghi afrokhta, A blazing lamp; a depen-

afroz (imp. of afrokhtan with the signification of the pres. part. in comp.), Burning; illuminating, dazzling, animating, as bostān-afroz, Dazzling the garden (the anemone), &c.

الروزا afrozā, Burning; polishing.

afrozānīdan, To make burn, افروزانيدن

afrozandan, To be burnt, con-

afrozanda, A polisher; one who sets on fire; bright, shining, radiant.

afroza, The wick of a lamp.

الررزيدي afrozīdan, To kindle; to polish, to make bright; to shine, to be very

afrūsāliyīn (G. ἀφροσέληνος),

The moon-stone.

afrosa, الروسة afrosha, A dish made of butter, honey and flour; bruised wheat or barley, and victuals dressed with it; a confection made of almonds; a dish made of yolk of egg, milk and syrup.

ماروع afrogh, The rays of the sun; the beams of the moon; the light of a candle.

afra, Retribution, punishment (see (بادافرة

afrahanj, Dodder. افرهنج

ofri, afari, Well done!

afridagar, آفريدگار afridagar, The Creator.

قريدن āfrīdan, To create; creating; creation.

فريدون äfrīdūn, afrīdūn, see المريدون.

āfrīda, Created; man, as created الريدة

a الريو ifrīz, 'The coping of a wall; a projection or slab over a door; a brick house; a botcher.

ه موس G افريسموس afrīsmūs, Priapism.

afrisham, Silk; the string of a musical instrument.

a الريانية ifrīqīya, Africa.

afirīn, āfrīn, Praise, glory, applause, encomium, benediction, blessing; blessed; well done! bravo! name of the first of the five interculary days of the Persian year; (in comp.) creating, as jān-āfirīn, Creating the soul, &c.; -afirin khwandan, To applaud; - āfirīn kardan, To praise, applaud; to bless; to describe; to create.

قارينا āfirīnā, أفرينا āfirīnanda, The

Creator.

قارين عاله قfirīn-khāna, An oratory.

قرين خوان آفرين خوان آفرين خوان خوان blesses, &c.

قرينش āfirīnish, Creation; created thing; creature.

afirinagan, Feasts held in honour آلويدگان of the memory of departed friends.

أفرين كر *āfirīn-gar, أفرين كر āfirīn-gōy,* Who utters praise, confers a blessing.

afzā, More; greater; yawning; increase, augmentation; (in comp.) increasing, promoting, causing, as: bahjat-afzā, Promoting or increasing cheerfulness, &c.

afzār, A shoe; a weaver's comb; an artificer's tool; the sail of a ship; (for A. any herbs or hot seasonings with which victuals are dressed.

الوار با afzār-pā, A shoe, a slipper.

a والاراداء afzārdān, A vessel wherein they keep seasonings for meat, a spicery-box.

A الرار ifzāz (v.n. 4 of فر), Frightening, terrifying; causing to jump; making light of.

الراع A ifzā' (v.n. 4 of لرع), Frightening, terrifying, confounding, distracting; asaiding, succouring, redressing sisting, wrongs.

أمرانيدن afzānīdan, To multiply; to grow.

الزايا afzāyā, Adding.

afzayanidan, To cause to increase

afzāyidan, افرائيدن afzāyidan, To add; to exalt; to be exalted, to be high; to fall; —afzāyidan dar qīmati chīze, To offer higher for anything, to raise the price.

afzāyish, Abundance, increase, increment, augmentation;—afzāyish kardan, To increase; to grow; -afzāyish numūdan,

To augment; to be augmented.

afzūd, Increase, addition; more.

afzūdan, To add, to increase; to be increased; multiply, abound, overflow, remain over; to prosper (m.c.).

انروده afzūda, Increased.

افزرن afzūn, More, greater; more ample, spacious; manifold;—afsūn ūmadan, To superabound, be redundant; to prevail, excel; -afzān kardan, To increase, to multiply; -afzān māndan, To remain over and above; -afzūni nān, Ferment, leaven.

afzuntar, More, greater, more excel. lent.

افزونى afzūnī, Increase, enlargement, abundance, excess, superfluity; — afzūnī kardan, To ask more than enough, to exceed bounds, to be unreasonable; $-a \int z \bar{u} n \bar{t}' i$ nān, The fermentation or raising of bread; –ṭamaʻi afzūnī kardan, gardi afzūnī gardīdan, To wish for more, to be greedy.

שני, cast שני, cast שני, cast down; to grasp, tie, or hold fast; to press,

squeeze.

afzhūl, Incitement, impulse; urgency, exaction; scattered, dissipated.

afzhūlānīdan, To cause to drink and quench thirst; to cause to excite. i afzhūlanda, Exciting; expelling.

الزرليدن afzhûlidan, To instigate, rouse, stir up; to render bold; to bring to a head; to importune, dun; to scatter; to shake off dust settled on a garment; to queuch thirst.

الزودن afzhidan = الزودن q.v.

afea, Fascinating; a wizard, an enchanter.

A افساد ifsad (v.n. 4 of افساد), Corrupting, vitiating, destroying, adulterating; spoiling, laying waste, damaging, injuring.

afsar, Fascinating; a headstall; afsari dum, A crupper; — afsar kashidan,

To put on the headstall.

الساردي afsārdan, To press, squeeze, strain, constrain; to speak idly, obscenely, profanely.

السان afsān, Fascinating; a magician; a fable, story; an event, accident; a whet-

afsānānīdan, To canse to relate.

G انسانوس ifeanus, The ocean.

السانة afsāna, السانة afsāna, A charm, incantation; a fiction, tale, fable, romance, parable; a narrative, a story of past events; public, notorious, noted;—afsāna bastan, To arrange or compose a tale;—afsāna guftan, To speak parables, tell stories;—afsāna u afsān, Fictions and deceitful tales.

Jugusta afsāna-pardāz, A concocter of

stories.

السانه سالا ماز afsāna-sāz, السانه سازه مرة afsāna-sanj, A story-teller, a composer of tales.

afsāna-go, A romancer.

afsana-go'i, Story-telling.

afsūnīdan, To tell stories; to extend, grow; to make straight; to tame, make obedient; to rub, to smoothe.

afsāy. An enchanter.

افساياليدن afsāyanādan, To make tell stories.

الساييدن afsāyīdan, To subdue, especially by magic.

A comy. lafeah, More and most spacious, roomy.

السد afead, More or most corrupt, mischievous.

afsar, A crown, diadem; a bridle, balter;—afsari dairi a'zam, The sun;—afsari sar, The crown of the head;—afsari sign, A kind of musical instrument; melody;—afsar shudan, To be crowned.

afsar-ara (gracing the diadem),

Title of a princess.

السراليدن afsurānādan, To cause to freeze; to cause to become languid, dull, melancholy.

السردكى afsurdayī, Congelation; dejec-

السودي afourdan, To freeze, congeal; to grow faint, feeble, dejected; to flag, wither.

السردة afeurda, Congealed; melancholy. وأسردة بيان afeurda-bayān, A dull or insipid speaker, a silly talker.

السردة يستان afsurda-pistān, A harren woman; a woman who has miscarried.

المردة عاميدة afsurda.jan, من قاميدة afsurdadam = إلى المردة المرادة
السردة عاطر afsurda-khātir, Dispirited. السردة دل afsurda-dil, Faint-hearted, low-spirited, dull, lifeless.

السردة دل afeurda-rawān السردة روان

أنسردة عبر afsurda-mihr, Lukewarm in one's affections.

السكر afsargar, Crested; a bird of paradise.

السر سكرى afsar-sigzī = afsari sigzī, q.v. under المسر

الستين afsintīn (G. ἀψίνθιον), Wormwood. السيا afsū, A fork; (in Zand and Pazand)
Come then.

الـــرر ufsūr, Shame; a kind of wild beast.

السوس afsos, Irritation, veration, sorrow, concern; wit, humour, jest; tyranny, oppression; error; ridicule, derision; reluc-

tance (m.c.); ah! alas!—afsos khwurdan, To be grieved; to regret (m.c.);—afsos dāshtan. To ridicule, to benter, to play upon, mock, deride, despise, affront;—afsos kardan, To complain, to groan; to lament; to play, divert oneself.

afsūs (G. έφέσος), Ephesus.

oyal afsün, An incantation, a fuscination, verses used in spells; fraud, deceit;—afsüni judā'ā. A spell to bring about the separation of two persons;—afsün khwündan, To utter spells or incantations;—afsün däshtan, To charm, to do wonders (m.c.);—afsüni gurgī, A spell which secures against defeat;—afsüni musihū. The miraculous power of reviving the dead.

afsun-pardaz, and limeo אייינים אַכּוֹנ

السوى عزوة afsūn-pizhūh, An enchanter, wizard.

انسون خوان afsūn-khwān, A conjurer,

السوي زدة afsūn-zada, Enchanted, deceived by magical arts.

السون ساز afsūn-sāz, A worker of spells, wizard.

السونكن afsūn-kun, A conjurer, wizard. السون كشاي afsūn-kushūy (gushūy), Expert in magic.

afsängar, A magician, an en-

chanter.

انسونگری afsūngari, Magic, incuntation.

A الشاء ifahā' (v.n. 4 of الشاء), Divulging, revealing, disclosing, publishing; publication.

مانشادن afshādan (probably error for انشارد), To strain, squeeze, press; to speak

obscenely, profanely, boorishly.

n/shār, (in comp.) Speaking idly or obscenely; fixing, inserting; pressing, squeezing out (water); a weaver's treadle, that which he moves with his feet; an assistant, associate, companion, partner, or abettor; a tribe of Turkomāns.

الشاردن afshardan, To speak idly or obscenely; to press; to fix, insert, immerse.

المشاردة afshārda, Pressed, squeezed.

afshari, A firm step.

َهُ الله كُرُةُ ifshā-gor, Who divulges, makes public.

النشان afshān, (in comp.) Dispersing, scattering, diffusing, as khūn-afshān, Shedding blood, &c.

المَمَانيدن afshānānīdan, To cause to scatter.

الشاني afshindan, To disperse, scatter, strew; to diffuse, sprinkle, shed.

sulail afshandah, Dispersed, scattered, shed.

الشانيدي ofshanidan, To scatter, shed ;—dast afshanidan. To applaud, clap hands.

الشرذكي afshurdagī, A squeeze, pressure. الشردن afshurdan. To press, squeeze, strain, compress, express (juice); to make

firm, solid; —dar ham afshurdan, To com-

afshurish, Compression, squeezing. afshurgar, A press; an oil-presser.

afshura, Juice expressed from pomegranates, quinces, and other fruits or lants; a kind of sherbet often mixed with ice (m.c.).

afshura-gar, An oil-maker.

انشك afshak (S. avasyāya), انشنك afshang, Dew.

انميه afshana, Name of a village near

Bukhārā.

afehū (in Zand and Pazand), Come. afshūn, A kind of winnowing machine.

afsha, Barley or wheat coarsely ground.

afshīn, Name of a person proverbial for his liberality.

A الماع ifṣāḥ (v.n. 4 of الماع), Speaking clearly, distinctly, eloquently; speaking Arabic.

A المام ifṣāṣ (v.n. 4 of المام), Producing,

drawing out.

A الصع afṣaḥ, More or most eloquent;

speaking very elegantly and correctly.

نام نام ijzā' (v.n. 4 of نام), Going out, abroad, into the fields; causing to arrive, bringing; communicating a secret; bursting (a woman); laying the palms of both hands upon the ground (in prayer); going in unto (a wife).

المال afzāl (pl. of fazl), Favours; increases; virtues, graces, accomplishments; $-ifz\bar{a}l$ (v.n. 4 of نعل), Causing to excel or

increase; benefiting.

A العل afzal, More or most excellent, virtuous, distinguished, eminent, learned, noble; surname of the poet Khaqani.

afzaltar, Better, best.

afzaliyat, Pre-excellence, preeminence, superiority, transcendency.

ifiar (v.n. 4 of فطر), Breaking a fast; slight repast with which a fast is broken; a light breakfast.

a انطاری ifṭārī, Things proper to be eaten

in breaking a fast.

aftah, Broad-headed.

aftas, Flat-nosed. افطس م

انطاع م ifzā' (v.n. 4 of الطاع), Being difficult, troublesome, or shameful.

انعال ه af'āl (pl. of fi'l), Actions, offices, functions; conduct; verbs.

A العام if'ām (v.n. 4 of العام), Filling.

afá, A large venomous serpent; viper; asp; basilisk; — af'á'i zard-fām, afái zar-fām, A pen; a flame; — afái girban, A bow; Sagittarius;-af ái kāhrubā paikar, af ái marjān- asab, A flame.

af á-dam, Breathing poison العلى دم

like a snake.

انعل ناك af'ánāk, Swarming with vipers. انهان afghān, Name of a race inhabiting the mountains between Kandahar and the river Indus; lamentation, groaning, cries for help; alas!—afghān kardan, To lament, to complain.

انعانستان afghānistān, Afghānistān.

انعانی afghānī, Of or relating to the Afghans; the Afghan language (Pushtu).

afq (v.n.), Dressing (leather) by tanning or thickening it; travelling over the world; excelling in liberality;—ufq, ufuq, The horizon; a tract or region of the

afk (v.n.), Inverting, overturning; diverting from any purpose; being frustrated;—ifk (v.n.), Lying; deceiving; a lie, deceit.

الكار ه afkār (pl. of fikr), Thoughts, meditations, opinions, advices; -ifkar (v.n. 4 of نکر), Thinking, considering attentively.

afkal, ifkil, Trembling, conster-

nation, tremor.

afgār, A wound; soreness of back of a beast of burden; lame, crippled, wounded; fatigued, jaded; -afgār shudan, To be fatigued;—afgāri-may, Intoxicated, overloaded with wine; - dili afgar pur afkār, A fatigued mind full of cares.

afgāna, afgāna, An abortion. afganidan, To cause to throw. انگانیدن

afgan, (in comp.) Throwing, throwing down, casting, casting forth, as bekhafgan, Throwing down trees, &c.

انگندگی afgandagī, A falling off, decay,

abjectness; servitude; excrement.

afgandan, To throw, to cast away, up, off, or down; to contend for equality; to subtract; a carpet; -az sar afgandan, To prostrate, upset, overthrow; -as shumar afgandan, To subtract; —ba-khāk afgandan, To throw to the ground, to injure, to afflict; to give over to contempt; - pas afgandan, To put by, collect, hoard; to renounce or neglect an inheritance;—sar afgandan, To bend or bow the head; $-k\bar{a}\underline{k}\underline{h}$ afgandan, To build a palace (lit. lay its foundations); -mihr afgandan, To bestow one's love upon; -bar daftar afgandan, To write.

afgandani, Fit only to be thrown انگندنی away, refuse; the subtracter.

afganda, Thrown away ; subtracted ; vile, abject; a slave.

انگنده پر afganda-par, With abated wing. afganda-sum, Weak, impotent.

iflah (v.n. of نلح), Prospering, obtaining a victory; prosperity, success.

and—رفلس iflas (v.n. 4 of افلاس م

a نالسي iflāsī, Becoming bankrupt; penury, want; insolvency, bankruptcy.

aflātūn (G. Πλάτων), Plato; -- aflātūni 'asr. The Plato of the age, the sage of the world.

A نائل iflaq (v.n. 4 of نائل), Bringing out something wonderful (a poet).

aftāq-bughdan, Wallachia and

Moldavia.

aflāk (pl. of falak), Heavens; celestial orbits, heavenly bodies, spheres.

a انلاك هامان aflāk-shināsān, Astronomers.

a الملاك على aftāk-zill (the shadow of

heaven), Powerful protection.

a اللكيان aftākiyān, Worshippers of the heavenly bodies; stars and planets; celestials.

A ماناع aflaj, One who has wide-set teeth; palsied.

A اللاع aflah, Chapped, cut on the under lip.

aflas, Poorer, poorest.

iftunja, Name of a seed resembling mustard-seed, but of a fragrant smell.

A wit afn (v.n.), Exhausting the milk in the udder (a camel's colt); milking a camel at an unusual hour; spoiling food; weakening the intellect.

انداه الم اندام (ندى finā' (v.n. 4 of اندام), Ruining, destroying, annihilating :—ifnā'i kuffār kar-

dan, To destroy the infidels.

A chil afnān (pl. of fann), Ways, manners, kinds; branches;—ifnān (v.n. 4 of či), Producing different kinds, sorts, colours.

afanjiyūn, Apogeon. قنمون āfand, War, strife.

عنداك afindāk, The rainbow.

r انندى afandī (pronounced effendi), A lord, master, gentleman.

A النديدي āfandīdan, النديدي afandīdan,

To stir up strife, enmity, or war.

A clyst afwāj (pl. of fauj), Armies, troops, forces; crowds;—afwāji bahrī (tarī, jihāzī), Naval forces, the navy;—afwāji khushkī, Land forces, the army;—afwāji shayātīn, A host of children;—afwāji qāhira, A victorious army.

ا الواق $afw\bar{a}h$ (pl. of $f\bar{u}h$), Mouths; report, rumour, hearsay; notoriety, fame.

a افراهي afwāhī, Famed, reported, noised abroad.

ufūr, An owl; a belch, eructation.

النول A النول uful (v.n. of الحل), Setting of the stars, the sun.

المام afhām (pl. of fahm), Intellects, understandings; — ifhām (v.n. 4 of منه), Giving to understand, making comprehend, teaching.

afig, Leather not quite dressed النيق ه

by the tanner.

الماري afīlun, The wormwood of Pontus. الماري afīn, Barren of genius, void of prudence; a young camel.

افيوس afyūs, A wild radish.

ajyun (S. aphêna), Opium, poppyjuice; black;—afyūn khwurdan (zadan), To eat opium and undergo its influence;— afyūn dar bāda (sharāb) kardan (rekhlan), To drug wine with opium.

أَيُولِي afyūnī, An opium-enter;—afyūnī'i chīze shudan, To adopt a custom, habit.

א שׁלוּ agā, The elder brother (opp. to inī, inī, the younger brother); the eldest, the chief of a tribe or family.

וט איף aqā-bābā, Aqababa, name of a place

in the neighbourhood of Qazwin.

a qārib (pl of qarīb), The nearest kindred, kinsmen, relations; — aqārib u khweshān, Kindred and allies, or relations.

انارون aqàrūn (G. åкороv), Sweet flag; wild

myrtle.

aqāṣī (pl. of aqṣá), The extremes;

the remotest parts.

וונגן aqāqiyā (G. ἀκακία), The acacia; all kinds of juices expressed from anything of a styptic quality, but particularly juice of the pods of an Egyptian thorn.

July āqāl, Anything useless or worthless; any kind of parings or husks, &c. (see

any kind or paring المال.

A كانة iqālat (v.n. 4 of فيل), Cancelling a bargain; passing over a sin, forgiving slips and falls.

a aqālīm (pl. of iqlīm), Climates, climes, countries, regions, kingdoms;—aqā-līmi sab'a, The seven climates, the whole

world. ۸ گ**نا** iqān

A منافع iqāmat (v.n. 4 of منوع), Stopping, resting, staying, standing still, causing to stand; being intent (upon anything); abode, residence, dwelling; — iqāmati hudūd kardan, To put the laws in execution;— iqāmati khiyām kardan, To pitch tents;— iqāmati shuhūd āwardan, To bring or set up witnesses.

aqānīm (pl. of aqnum), Fersons

(of holy Trinity).

אַ לּשׁרְוּעָה (מְצִּיב, אַ־זְּשׁן), Relations; princes of the royal family; — sharā'iṭi āqāwainī nigāh dāshtan, To observe scrupulonsly the duties of consanguinity.

m اتاويل aqāwīl (pl. of aqwāl, which is pl.

of quul, Sayings, speeches, words.

m aqa'i, The dignity of the eldest brother or a royal prince; princedom, dominion.

iqbar (v.n. 4 of قبر), Ordering or causing to be buried; giving over the dead for interment.

اقباس في iqbās (v.n. 4 of قباس), Giving (fire); teaching, imparting knowledge, making clever and learned.

اقباض ه iqbāẓ (v.n. 4 of قبض), Making or

fitting a handle (qabzat) to anything.

A رقبل iqbāl (v.n. 4 of رقبل, Advancing, coming; turning the face towards anything; accepting a bond, admitting a claim; confession, acknowledgment; acquiescence, assent; prosperity, good fortune; felicity, auspices, prestige;—iqbāli

da'wā, Admission of a claim;—iqbāl numūdan, To promise, agree, engage; -iqbāli yak hafta, Short-lived prosperity.

a الملك iqbālu 'l-mulk, Gentleman of the Chamber, Chief Groom-in-waiting

(m.c.).

a أقبالهند igbālmand, Prosperous, fortunate.

a اتبالبندي iqbālmandī, Prosperity, good fortune, auspiciousness.

aqlayi, An equery, groom (see

(آختاجي

A قتر iqtār (v.n. 4 of قتر), Being reduced to poverty; keeping domestics on short

iqtibāe (v.n. 8 of قبس), Borrowing, taking (fire from another); acquiring knowledge; obtaining, acquiring, procuring, gaining; asking, begging; quotation.

A نتال iqtital (v.n. 8 of انتعال), Dying (from love or insanity); fighting, slaying

one another.

A اقتصام iqtiḥām (v.n. 8 of تحمام), Rushing headlong; engaging in an enterprise rashly; holding in contempt; setting (a star).

A قدر iqtida' (v.n. 8 of قدر), Following as an example, imitating, imitation ;-iqtida kardan, To take example, to imitate.

قدر iqtidar (v.n. 8 of قدر), Being powerful or able; power, authority, control; might, ability, excellence, dignity, rank; boiling or dressing in a pot (qidr); (in comp.) powerful, potent, as gardūniqtidar, Powerful as heaven, &c.

igtirāḥ (v.n. 8 of قرح), Pronouncing an unpremeditated spee h or ex-

tempore verses; improvisation.

iqtirāz (v.n. 8 of قبض), Borrow. ing, taking on credit.

igtira' (v.n. 8 of قرع), Choosing, selecting; custing lots (qur'at).

A قرك iqtirāf (v.n 8 of قرك), Commit-

ting a crime; acquiring.

A مرن iqtiran (v.u. 8 of قبران), Being associated, joined, united; company, association, union; conjunction (of the planets); -daulat-iqtiran, Happy, associated with prosperity.

iytisår (v.n. 8 of قسر), Forcing,

compelling, obliging.

iqtisam (v.n. 8 of قسم), Dividing among themselves; swearing; — iqtisāmi mīrās, Division of inheritance.

iqtişār (v.n. 8 of قصر), Abbreviation, abridgment; determining or fixing the bounds of anything; failing, wasting;igtisar kardan, To abridge.

A اقتصاص iglişaş (v.n. 8 of قصاص), Following, pursuing, tracking; reciting, relating.

igtiza' (v.n. 8 of تعاه م), Demanding, insisting upon, requiring, exacting (a debt); claim, requisition, exigency;—iqtiza'i mahall, The exigency of the thing, time, or

place, the requirements of the case;—iqtiza kardan, To demand, exact, require.

A وتناع iqliga' (v.n. 8 of قناع), Cutting off

iqti'āt (v.n. 8 of قعط), Wrapping the sash round the turban without passing it under the chin.

A اقتفاء iqtifa' (v.n. 8 of قفو), Following, walking in the steps; being turned, in-

verted; receding.

A والتالغ iqtilā' (v.n. 8 of التعلاع), Pulling up,

tearing out, extracting.

Acquiring, (قدو iqlina' (v.n. 8 of قتناء), Acquiring, possessing, gaining, storing, receiving;iqtinā kardan, To acquire.

iqtinas (v.n. 8 of قنمام), Hunting.

aqtinālūgī, White thorn.

A قوس iqtiyae (v.n. 8 of قوس), Measuring, comparing; following after, taking after (one's father).

iqṣā' (v.n. 4 of قثو), Collecting

(wealth, &c.).

.aqajnosh, Rust of iron الجنوش

aychan karmā, Name of a Bulgarian town.

т aqcha, Money.

A اتماط iqhāt (v.n. 4 of ما), Suffering from drought and consequent scarcity; withholding rain.

aqḥātī, A descendant of Qah-

tan.

iqhām (v.n. 4 of تحم), Throwing one thing into another.

aqhawan, uqhuwan, Camomile. T كائي أ aq-dash, White rock, another name of Arish, a dependency of the district Shaki.

A مناع agdah (pl. of gadah), Cups, bowls.

aqdām (pl. of qadam), Feet, steps, paces ;-- iqdam (v.n. 4 of منه), Sending on before, causing to go before; pushing forward; boldness, intrepidity, audacity; resolution, firmness, spirit; endeavour, effort, diligence, attention; -iqdam numudan, To be forward and eager;—
iqdām u ihjām, Impulse and repulsion, boldness and timidity, being stimulated to anything daring, yet shrinking from it;iqdam u ihtimam, Care and diligence.

aqdas, More or most pure, most

holy; more or most sacred.

aqdam, Former, first, more ancient ; aqdami mulūki kuffàr, The foremost of

the infidel kings.

aqra' (pl. of qar'), The menses of women; the state of purity between two menses;—iqra' (v.n. 4 of اقراء), Being menstruous; becoming pure from menstruation; reading the Qur'an, reading or causing to read.

iqrār (v.n. 4 of قرار A اقرار A iqrār (v.n. 4 of قرار fixing (in a place); promise, agreement, assurance, pledge; consent, acquiescence, acceptance; confirmation, ratification, affirmation, attestation, declaration; settleconfession. ment, compa t, bargain ; acknowledgment, admission, avowal; -iqrar awardan, To confess, to make confession (of sins) ;—igrāri shikasta, An untruthful statement;—iqrāri 'ām, A general acknowledgment, a public declaration; -igrār kardan, To promise; to acknowledge.

a هار الما أقبار الما iyrār-nāma, A written agrecment, an indenture, a bond, a contract; iqrar-nāma'i band u bast, Administration

paper; settlement, compact.

a الرارى igrari, Assenting; promissory; one who assents or confesses.

iqrāsh (v.n. 4 of قرش), Speaking الراهل ٨

ill of anyone; rushing against.

A (1) aqrās (pl. of qurs), Disks;
pastils, lozenges;—aqrāsi rāsan, Elecampane lozenges;—aqrāsi kundur, Frankincense lozenges; — aqrāsi mord, Myrtle lozenges

A قرض iqrāz (v.n. 4 of قرض), Lending,

giving credit.

iqrā' (v.n. 4 of وقراع م iqrā' (v.n. 4 of وقراع م drawing lots; giving away the best parts of one's estate (whether in cattle or other effects); lending a male animal for copulation; returning to that which is right; checking a horse; abstaining, hanging back; refusing advice.

Being of a قرك iqrāf (v.n. 4 of قراك م bad stock; accusing, exposing to suspicion;

being near.

aqrān (pl. of qarīn), Peers, pairs, equals; contemporaries; -iqran (v.n. 4 of cyi), Elevating a spear; being near bursting (a boil); abounding in the veins (blood); giving power or wealth.

iqrāniyā, The cornel-tree.

ארץ agrab, Nearer, nearest; a near relative.

agriba', Kindred, near relations, friends; allies.

A Er aqra', Bald (from disease); baldheaded (serpent) by reason of the quantity of its venom.

aqra'ak, A little rose, a dog-rose.

aqran, One whose eye-brows meet. agrīţus, igrītus, Crete.

أقساء أ iqsa' (v.n. 4 of قسو), Hardening

أقساط ف iqaût (v.n. 4 of أقساط ف Being just, equitable; distributing justice (qist).

ageum (pl. of giem), Portions, divisions, classes; sorts, kinds; ways, manners; (pl. of qasam) Oaths;—iqsām (v.n. 4 of قسم), Swearing, taking an oath.

t أتسرا āqsarā (for aq, white + sarā, palace), Name of a Greek (Roumelian)

aqsat, More or most just.

aqeunqur, A certain bird of prey; an emperor of the Turks; a day; the sun.

aqsūs (G. léòs), Barberries. aqsiyaqanta, The oxyacanthtree.

iqshār, آق هور āq shahr (white town), Name of a place on the Black Sea.

aqishta, A pantry, cupboard, buttery. A اقشعرار iqshi'rār (v.n. 4 of قشعرار), Creep.

ing (the skin with terror). aqshūn, A medicine.

agsha (for T. agcha), Money, coin.

aqṣā' (pl. of quṣwá), Sides (of a valley, &c.); $-iqs\bar{a}'$ (v.n. 4 of \bar{a}), Removing far off); reaching, extending to.

A انصر iqsar (v.u. 4 of انصر), Bearing short children (a woman); shortening, especially prayers; falling short, becoming deficient.

A رقص iųṣāṣ (v.n. 4 of قماص), Killing the killer, retaliating; being at the point of death; bringing to death's door.

aqsar, Shorter, shortest.

aqṣam, Who has half of his teeth broken; who has one leg broken.

aqṣá, Far off, more or most remote, farther, farthest; extreme; the extreme, extremely; -masjidi aqsá, The most remote temple, i.e. the temple at Jerusalem.

A اتفيل aqzá, More or most judicious,

better or best judge (qāzī).

A bil aqt (v.n.), Congulating, causing to curdle (milk); -iqt, iqit, Sour milk dried (cream-) cheese.

aqtar (pl. of qutr), Tracks (of the

heavens), districts.

aqtā' (pl. of qit'), Assignments of land; short arrows: -iqta' (v.n. 4 of مناع), Cutting, dividing, severing; assigning land to a subject (on the part of a prince); a tract of land thus assigned.

a عوار igtā'-khwār, The bolder of

an assignment of land (=ماکير دار=).

iqtāf (v.n. 4 of تطاف), Being near the harvest season.

aqta', Oue who has the hand amputated.

A ماش = aqtin, A sort of pulse (= ماش q.v.). agtinālūgī, White thorn.

aqṭá (G. ἀκτή), The bel fruit (S.

vilva); the elder-tree.

A ماهد iq'a' (v.n. 4 of العو for مقا), Kneeling with the buttocks resting on the heels; sitting upon the hams (as a dog or other animal), having the fore-feet perpendicular.

iq'as, Opulence, abundance,

plenty; being talkative.

iq'āṣ (v.n. 4 of تعاص , Killing suddenly, on the spot, the moment the I low is struck.

aq'as (A horse) having a low place for the saddle, and high behind; with a protuberance in the 'reast; a sort of palm; (a camel) whose head, neck, and lack are bent; hollow-backed (a man); long (night).

igfar (v.n. 4 of مقار Being ruined,

desolate, desert (house or country); travelling through a desert; wanting victuals.

A النقال aqfāl (pl. of quft), Locks, bolts, bars;—iqfāl (v.n. 4 of نقل), Locking or bolting (a door); causing (a caravan) to return; not allowing (an army) to proceed;

aqall, Less, least; very little ;-agalli darja, The least degree or quantity; the lowest computation, a minimum; agalli 'ibdan, Least or meanest of servants; -aqalli qalil, At least; --aqall u aqsar, Least and most; every particular.

A All aqallan, At least (m.c.).

ا أقلام iqlāṣ (v.n. 4 of قاص), Having a small bunch appearing (a camel); becoming fat in summer (a she-camel), when she gives no milk.

iqlā' (v.n. 4 of تلع اتلاع), Hoisting sail, going with full sail; intermitting, going

off (a fever); ceasing, giving over. iqlaq (v.n. 4 of قلى), Disturbing,

disquieting.

A قرا iqlāl (v.n. 4 of قرا), Diminishing;

being without, being poor; seizing.

aqlām (pl. of qalam), Reeds of which they make pens, pens; - aqlāmi badargām, Malignant writings, satires, libels.

aqlaf, Uncircumcised.

a اقليل aqlá, A key.

iqlīd (for P. کلید kalīd), A key.

a الليدس uklīdis, Euclid.

iqlim (G. κλίμα), A clime, climate, or country; -haft iqlim, The seven climates, the whole world.

aglīmā, iglīmā, Name of Adam's

daughter.

iqlīmīyā, Name of Adam's daughter; the ore, scum, or dross of gold or silver; a kind of white earth; litharge.

aqmār, Moons; (met.) beloved ones;—iqmār (v.n. 4 of نعر), Being bright; being in moonlight; being struck by an untimely frost.

iqmās, Dipping one in water.

آتماع له igmā' (v.n. 4 of تبع), Subduing, humbling, bringing into subjection; break-

آنىاع iqnā' (v.n. 4 of قناع), Satisfying, rendering content; turning the face towards, fixing the eyes at, stretching the neck in order to look at anything; holding the head erect; inclining a vessel so as to pour out of it; sending to pasture.

agantālaugī, A kind of white

a الانتيون aqantiyūn, A kind of thorn.

aqnum, uqnum, A substance or اقتوم principle; a person of the sacred Trinity.

أَوْراه A أَوْراه iqwā' (v.n. 4 of قواه), Being empty, deserted, uninhabited; alighting at deserted dwellings; lacking provisions; being empty-bellied; being or making poor, re ducing to poverty; composing verses ending with different vowels or an unequal number of consonants; verses so composed.

aqwaq. The white Indian poplar.

aqwāl (pl. of qaul), Words, sayings, opinions; agreements, promises;aqwāli sadāqat-ma'āl, Words full of sincerity.

aqwām (pl. of qaum), Peoples, na-

tions; castes.

āqūsh, A lion ; a tiger ; a leopard.

aqwam, More or most straight, upright, just.

aqūmārisūn, Wild fennel.

aqumālī, Honey-water.

A اقوياء aqwiya' (pl. of qawi), Strong, powerful.

a qūyilāsamūn, Oil of balsam. A اتبرة aqhar, More or most oppressive,

stronger.

A اقياد aq yād (pl. of qaid), Fetters, chains, shackles.

a اقيانوس iqyānos, The ocean.

اله ak, اله ak, Calamity, misfortune; vice, defect, blemish.

A אלון akābir, The rich, powerful, grandees, nobles; -akābir u aṣāghir, Great and small, grandees and plebeians.

a اكار ukār, A vine-dresser; a tiller of

ground.

akkār, A farmer, husbandman, tiller of the ground.

اكارمي akāris. A mushroom, a fungus, a puff.

A مراكم akārim (pl. of akram), Most noble ; nobles, grandees.

a اكاسرة akāsirat, akāsira (Ar. pl. of P. kisrú), The Khosroes, kings of Persia, a family title, like the Cæsars or the Ptolemies.

A اكاليل akālīl (pl. of iklīl), Crowns, diadems, &c.

P اكام ākām, A mushroom, a fungus.

الأحدة akāma, ukāma, Stuffed chitterlings.

ikbab (v.n. 4 of حَبّ), Falling

prostrate; throwing prostrate.

akbar, Greater, greatest; the Emperor Akbar, who reigned in India from 1555 to 1605.

اکبر آباد akbar-ābād, Agra.

akbarî, Name of a gold coin (in India).

اكبيا akbiyâ (in Zand and Pāzand), A nerve.

آکپ äkup, The inside of the mouth.

akt, Act (of a play, m.c. from Fr.

aktāf (pl. of katif, kitf), Shoulders :- zū 'l-aktāf, Name of Shāpūr, a king of Persia.

اكتمال له iktiḥāl (v.n. 8 of كمل), Anointing or rubbing the eye with a collyrium or black powder.

اكتراء A iktirā' (v.n. 8 of كرى), Hiring, renting.

مر iktiea' (v.n. 8 of کسو), Dressing

oneself.

اكتساب A iktisāb (v.n. 8 of ركسب), Gaining, acquiring; striving, endeavouring to

iktifa' (v.n. 8 of اكتفاء الكتفاء الك (a vessel); being content and satisfied; being sufficient.

aktam, Gor-bellied, satiated. اكتم

akit makit, A grain, to which many wonderful properties are ascribed.

اكتبار iktināz (v.n. 8 of كنو), Being closely packed or set; being filled; being collected.

iktināf (v.n. 8 of کنف), En-

circling.

اكتباه A المناه iktināh (v.n. 8 of كنه), Scrutinizing, getting to the bottom of, endeavouring to become thoroughly acquainted with;iklinähi sabab kardan, To penetrate into the true cause.

اكتواء 🛦 iktiwā' (v.n. 8 of كوى), Searing, cauterizing, or branding oneself.

م اكتمال iktiyāl (v.n. 8 of كيل), Measuring (corn); measuring for another; receiving by measure.

ikṣār (v.n. 4 of کثر), Being very talkative; increasing, multiplying; being abundant (wealth); flowering, blossoming (the palm-tree).

aksar, More or most numerous, copious, plentiful; the greater number, the majority; generally, mostly, chiefly; often, frequently; commonly, usually; -aksar auqāt, Often, generally, frequently.

aksariya (= اكثرة aksariya (كثرة

aksar), Generally, etc.

akṣam, Large-bellied; full, replete, saturated; fat, fleshy; wide, broad.

akaj, A species of wild apple; a medlar; a long pole with an iron hook, used by ice-house people in breaking and pulling to the banks ice from rivers and other pieces of water; grappling-irons.

akaj, A sort of wild apple, a medlar. ولا akah, وسلام akahj, ولا akahh, A de-

coction.

akhal, One who has black eyelashes; black-eyed; having the eyes anointed with collyrium; the middle vein of the arm.

akḥalhā (P. pl. of the preceding), The middle veins of arms.

akaḥwān, ukuḥwān, Camomile.

akdar, Dark-colonred.

ikdish, akdish, Of a mixed breed; a bastard, a mongrel; mixture, union; beloved, sought; sentient soul.

ukar (pl. of ukrat), Globes, spheres, balle.

akar, Wood of aloes.

اكرام A ikrām (v.n. 4 of كرم), Honouring,

respecting, venerating; treating with attention and ceremony; honour, respect; favours.

akarānī, Anything that has no consistence or permanency, as clouds, wind, snow, &c.

ikrāh (v.n. 4 of کرة , Forcing against one's will; dislike, abhorrence, aversion, detestation.

اكرساد akarsād, Pellitory; Dracunculus.

akrafs, Parsley.

akram, More or most noble, great, generous, most merciful, bountiful.

akrūfis, A walnut-tree.

akrūhak, A kind of Persian gum or balsam, excellent for the closing of wounds.

r اکریت ikrit, The island of Crete or

Candy.

کس آ ākus, A mason's chisel; a hooked stick.

akeās (pl. of kuss), Vulvæ.

A کسل iksāl (v.n. 4 of کسال), Covering without consummating (beasts or men).

آکسته ākasta, Bound, tied.

aksah, Lame, unable to move.

A اکسد aksad, Dull, flat (market).

o اكسولاياتون aksūlāyātūn, An aquatic

aksūn, iksūn, Satin, particularly a black kind (worn by princes); a species of brocade.

ākasa, Suspended, hanging, adher-

ing.

iksīr, An elixir. the philosopher's stone; alchemy; -iksīri daulat, The elixir of life or prosperity (a book so called);iksīri rang (the elixir of complexion), Wine;—iksīri mardumī, The same.

a اکسیرگر iksīr-gar, An alchemist.

a اكسيرى iksīri, An alchemist. aksiya, A general name for malt liquor.

ākashta, Strong; fastened; full.

akshaf, Destitute of a helmet or اكشف shield in battle; bald on the temples, bald.

aksham, One who labours under a اكشم ه detect of the body, or blemish in his pedigree.

akshūg, Dodder. اكشوت ه

اكفاء ه akfā' (pl. of kaf'), Equal, resembling; equals;—ikfa' (v.n. 4 of 46), Inclining the upper part of a bow, so as not to make it perpendicular, when shooting: composing verses which end with different vowels or consonants (a poet);—akiffā' (pl. of kaff), Persons who prevent or hinder,

اكفار ه ikfār (v.n. 4 of كر), Causing one to become an infidel; calling one such.

A کفل ikfāl (v.n. 4 of کفل), Entrusting (to another) the administration of one's affairs; making another one's surety.

اكفودة akfūda, The Caspian Sea.

akak (?), A townlet or village in Khurasān.

الكرا akakrā, الكرا akalkarā, Pellitory; Dracunculus.

اكل آهُذا, akil, An eater, a devourer; a (tyrannical) ruler;—akl (v.n.), Eating, food;—akl u shurb, Eating and drinking; meat and drink.

iklāl (v.n. 4 of كُلُّ), Fatiguing, jading; having jaded camels; having a

needy family or needy relations.

M اوکولکا and اوکلکا and اوکلکا and اوکلکا),

A gift, a present.

reath, or garland; name of the seventeenth lunar mansion;—iklīlu 'l-jabal (the crown of the mountain), A herb smelling like frankincense, rosemary;—iklīlu'l-malik (the royal crown), The herb melilot.

الكيري akalyūn, A kind of stuff made entirely of silk or of velvet, worked with flowers and other figures; the Gospel.

اكم ه akam (pl. of akamat), High hills. اكماك akmāk, اكمال akmāl, A vomiting; a romit.

اكمال المال المال ikmāl (v.n. 4 of كمل), Perfecting, completing, accomplishing; perfection, com-

pletion, fulfilment, consummation.

A האסת (pl. of kimm), Buds, follicles; (pl. of kumm) sleeves; — ikmām (v.n. 4 of באס, Producing buds or follicles; making sleeves.

akamat, akamah, A high hill.

A کمل akmal, More or most perfect, complete.

באפט אוט akmūn bazān, The herb vervain.

A منه akmah, Blind from the birth; blind.

aknāf (pl. of kanaf), Parts, sides, environs, borders, confines;—iknāf (v.n. 4 of کنف), Receiving under protections

tion; preserving; assisting.

aknān (pl. of kinn), Veils, umbrellas, shades, or coverings, under which anything is kept, sheltered, or preserved;—
iknān (v.n. 4 of نزم), Concealing in one's mind.

akinnat (pl. of kinn), Veils.

ākanj, A hook used by ice-house people in drawing ice from pools.

مَلَّهُ ākanda, ākunda, A stable, a manger. اكنون aknūn, Now, at this time; already; therefore; for, still; but, however.

آكر ākū, An owl; a bird of ill omen.

akwāb (pl. of kūb), Cups, goblets (such as have neither handles nor spouts). مُلْسِعِهُمُ مُلْسُونِهُمُ مُلْسُونُهُمُ مُلْسُونِهُمُ مُلْسُونُهُمُ مُلْسُونُهُمُ مُلْسُونُهُمُ مُلْسُونُهُمُ مُلْسُونُهُمُ مُلْسُونُهُمُ مُلْسُونُهُمُ مُلْسُونُهُمُ مُلْسُلُونُ مُلْسُلُونُ مُلْسُلُمُ مُلِيعُ مُلْسُلُمُ مُلْسُلُمُ مُلْسُلُمُ مُلْسُلُونُ مُلْسُلُمُ مُلِيعُ مُلْسُلُمُ مُلْسُلُمُ مُلْسُلُونُ مُلْسُلُمُ مُلْسُلُمُ مُلْسُلُمُ مُلِمُ مُلْسُلُمُ مُلْسُلُمُ مُلِمُ مُلِسُلُمُ مُلِمُ مُلِيعُ مُلْسُلُمُ مُلِمُ مُلْسُلِمُ مُلْسُلُمُ مُلِمُ مُلْسُلُمُ مُلِمُ مُلْسُلُمُ مُلِمُ مُلِمُ مُلْسُلُمُ مُلِمُ م

akwās (pl. of kūz), Cups, tankards,

jngs.

ראָנוֹט ahwān, Name of a demon destroyed by Rustam;—akawān, Flower of the argha-wān.

ākūch, A medlar.

ا الكيام Akyūs (pl. of kīs), Purses;—(pl. of kayyis), Sagacious, ingenious, prudent.

اكيخ akīkh, A sausage; the intestines, guts; a tendon; cat-gut; lute, harp, fiddle-strings.

akyad, More or most decided or

nrgent,

A اكبل akīl, An eater, a glutton; eaten, devoured; a cup-companion, mess-mate, boarder.

which grows in India; (in Zand and Pazand) wheat.

آگاة دار āgāhdār, Watchful, attentive.

ugāl (S. udgāra), The remainders of chewed betel-leaf.

knowing, acquainted with; prudent; vigilant, attentive; notice, news, indication, information;—āgāh būdan, To be aware or informed;—āgāh shudan, gardādan (bar gardādan), yāftan, To become informed, aware of;—āgāh kardan, gardānādan, To inform, advise, certify.

كاهانيدن تgāhānīdan, To indicate, inform,

signify, announce, certify; to warn.

يَّةُ agāhī, Notice, intelligence, news, information; attention, vigilance;—āgāhī numūdan, To be careful, provident;—āgāhī yāftan, To become certified, aware of.

رَكَاهِيدن agāhīdan, To inform, advise, cer-

tify.

āgada, Filled, stuffed, crammed. آگدة آقر, āgar, āgir, آگر, agar, The buttocks.

agar, If; although; sweet-scented flag; (S. agura) aloes-wood.

וקו wgrā, Gruel, pottage.

اگرچند agar-chand. Although, neverthe-

هونا الكرية agar-chi, Although, notwithstanding.

ayar-na, If not, otherwise, else.

اگرانت agirift, A certain number of

āgra, Agra, once the capital of Hindustān.

مَّى āgrī, A native of Agra.

לצונים agaryūn, The itch, the scab.

agast, The star Canopus.

آگسته agasta, Wetted; smeared; mixed; —āgista, Firmly bound.

آكش āgush, An embrace; the bosom.

كشتة āgashta, Wetted; smeared; mixed; —āgishta, Firmly bound.

agaft. agift. Grief, sorrow, affliction; murrain or blight.

agilyūn, A seven-coloured silk stuff, flowered silk of Damascus (see

آگين agan, The stuffing of a pillow; a

stuffer.

agnan, A cave, cavern.

أكنبالين agam-balin, Flocks of wool, or other stuff with which they fill cushions, pillows, or saddles.

aganj, A sausage; a sheep's pudding stuffed; filled, full.

مَال agand, He filled; filled; stuffing. āgundagī, Plumpness, fulness.

قيدن ägandan, To fill, stuff, cram. قيدة aganda, Filled; anything stuffed or crammed; a sausage; large, fat; flourishing, cultivated; -- aganda kardan, To fill; -- aganda, agunda, A stable, stall, or manger.

عيدة بر aganda-par, Stuffed with feathers ;

having a rich plumage.

aganda-khav, With full buttocks كالدة عو

(borse),

aganda-gosh, One whose ears اکنده کوش are stopped; deaf; hardened in wicked-

aganda-yāl, With a rich, flowing اكتدة بال mane.

aganish, Stuffing (of cotton or wool).

agnish, The erection of an edifice.

aganah, Stuffing, lining.

آگليدن aganidan, To stuff, to fill, to cram. آگنيده āgamīda, Stuffed, crammed.

agūch, A hook, harpoon, grapplinghook.

آگور āgūr, A burnt brick.

آكيطي āgosh, An embrace; the bosom; as much as the arms can contain; a servant, a slave.

agoshidan, To embrace; to beget, bring forth, give birth to; to deliver, hand over, send.

آگون āgūn, Inverted, reversed; contrary. 45\ agah, Intelligent, conscious, wary.

T W aga, A file.

agahī, Knowledge, wisdom; wariness

.q.v آگنج = agij آگيج

آکیش agish, Suspended; drawn out.

آكياري āgīlūn, Flowered silk of Damascus. آكين agin, Fat; (in comp.) full;—am-

bar-agin, Filled with amber.

Jial, A sort of fish; a whale; a fatal disorder to which women are liable till the seventh day after their confinement; reddish yellow, shining, carnation; a tree whose roots are used for dyeing and medicinal purposes; reddish; fraud, treachery, deceit, plot, snare; a high place; swift walk; a stab with a lance;—āli shīrāz, Wine; -āli mu'asfar, Fierg, ruddy; a kind of fieh.

A من قال (rt. اول), Offspring, posterity, progeny, descendants; family, house, race, dynasty; mirage, especially at the beginning of the day;—ali sultānī, Royal family, dynasty;—āli 'usmān, The posterity of Osman or Othman, the first king of the Turks, the royal family of Constantinople; -āli 'imrān, The family of Imrān;—āli ghadr, Perfidious.

T N āl, Royal seal, mark or signature

(آل تبغاً see).

A Ji al, The Arabic article answering to the.

Ji il, Name of a city and country;—ul, He.

BY JI il, God.

A Ji ill, God; a treaty; an oath; security; relationship; complaint; hatred, enmity; a mine.

M ālā, Reddish colour; contamination (in comp.) contaminating; contaminated.

الآء A أَلَّهُ ', Benefits, favours, kindnesses. alā, Ho! hallou! have a care!—alā tā, Beware! that . . .

A M a-lā, Is it not? hollos! ho! well done! prythee! verily, indeed, forsooth; illa, But, unless, except.

T الأبالق قālā-bāliq (spotted fish), Trout.

قات A ما قاقد (pl. of ālat), Instruments, utensils, apparatus, tools, arms, harness; tackling: -- ālāti bait, Household furniture; ālāti shikam, The bowels.

الأحيى) alāchiq الأجيى), Felt tents (pl. of الجودي أورد). الجود alāchī (S. elīkā), Small cardamoms. T ālār, Name of the founder of a sect. الريان fālāriyān, Disciples, followers of Alār. alarum, Alarum (m.c. from E.). قامن ālās, A live coal.

الساندرا Alāsāndarā (G. Alásavôpos), Alex-

ander.

الطيني alātīnī (G. ¿λατίνη), Ivy; bindweed.

ulāgh, الاق ulāg, A forcing of one to work gratis; a relay of post horses; a courier; a small horse, ass.

alāf (pl. of alf), Thousands.

التي ilāq (v.n. of التي), Falsehood; false lightning (i.e. when no rain follows); ---allāq, A liar.

الآتي alāqī (pl. of alqīyat), Questions,

problems; misfortunes, adversities.

al-alif, A solitary person, a single الالف individual; one.

قالة قالم aldla, A tulip.

A الم ālām (pl. of alam), Cares; griefs, pains; misfortunes.

الام ulam, A message; a courier, messenger.

al-āmān, Calling for quarter or mercy in battle.

الأمان alāmān, A German.

الآن alān, الآن ālān, الآن ālān, Name of a country, a town, or a fortress in Turkistan.

الأم al-an, Now, presently, at this time, now-a-days.

يالانان در alānān-dizh, Name of a fortress in Turan.

A BM ilānat (v.n. 4 of سال), Softening, a smoothing.

all ālāna, A falcon; a falcon's nest; a shadow; the ring of a door, by which it is shut; a crow.

a الالى alānī, Belonging to the present

αlāniyūn (G. ἐλένιον), Elecampane, helenium.

alāv, A flaming fire.

قَالُوهُ alawa, A trivet, pot-hook, fire-place; two sticks for playing at hockey.

a الأهي ilāhī, Referring or belonging to God, divine.

alay, (in comp.) Defiling; a defiler.

ilāychī, Cardamoms.

الايثن ālāyish, Contamination, defilement, corruption, pollution, impurity;—alayishi dunyawiya, The corruptions of the world.

الأمدن ālā'īdan, To contaminate; to con-

found, to mix; to be contaminated.

A $\downarrow h$ alb (v.n.), Drawing together, assembling; instigating, impelling, driving (camels); = T. $\downarrow h$ q.v.

البا albā (in Zand and Pazand), Milk;

mallows.

ulbā, Sheep's heart and liver hashed

and fried in oil.

A الباء alibbā' (pl. of labīb), Wise, prudent, intelligent, ingenious, industrious, assiduous.

A الباب albāb (pl. of lubb), Minds, understandings, intellects;—ilbāb (v.n. 4 of المال), Stopping, remaining in a place.

ilbād, A carder or cleaner of cotton. A الباس ilbās (v.n. 4 of الباس), Clothing,

dressing.

ulbāq, A kind of winter garment.

A البة ulbat, A congregation, assembly, crowd; hunger;—alabat, A cuirass of leather.

al-batta, Certainly, necessarily, in every manner, altogether;—al-batta khwā-

ham dad, I will certainly give (it).

indicated nountain near Hamadan in Persia, famous for a number of temples of the Magi; an athletic, courageous man.

البه ulba, A kind of food (see البا).

T الب alp, A strong man, athlete, hero. الب alp, The Alps (m.c. from F. Alpes). ت الما الب ارسان alp arslan, Name of king and hero.

alpitagīn, pr.n. Alpitagīn.

A Di ālai, āla, An instrument, utensil, tool, apparatus; tackle, rigging; a bier; the penis;—ālati harb, Machines of war, military apparatus, arms;—ālai hirfat, Implements of trade or craft;—ālati mardī, The penis.

alut, Plump buttocks; the chine.

التباس التباس illibās (v.n. 8 of التباس), Being obscure, intricate, confused, mixed, doubtful, perplexing; confusion, intricacy, doubt, perplexity; double-entendre, equivocalness, ambiguity.

A الثمام (الثم iltisām (v.n. 8 of الثمام), Covering

(the mouth) with a veil; kissing.

A النجاء التجاء (v.n. 8 of النجاء), Fleeing for refuge (to a man or place); refuge, protection; entreaty, petition, solicitation, supplication;—iltijā āwardan (bar āwardan), iltijā kardan, To take refuge with, to resort for protection to.

التحاه A iltihā' (v.n. 8 of الحام), Becoming

bearded, getting a beard.

A الحالة iltihad (v.n. 8 of الحاد), Inclining; taking refuge; departing from the faith, becoming impious and unbelieving.

A التحام iltihās (v.n. 8 of الحام), Hindering, keeping back, rendering helpless.

A النان iltihāf (v.n. 8 of النان), Clothing oneself with any kind of upper garment (liḥāf).

iltihām (v.n. 8 of الحمام), Being filled up with flesh (lahm), healing (a wound); waxing hot and bloody (a battle).

A التكال iltizāz (v.n. 8 of ألمان), Savouring, relishing.

التراق Adhering, (الرق iltizāg (v.n. 8 of التراق), Adhering,

sticking.

A الزم litizām (v.n. 8 of الزم), Being necessary or expedient; necessity, expediency; being assiduous, sticking firm to; taking upon oneself; hire, rent, lease;—iltizāman,—the following.

a التزامانة iltizāmānah, Necessarily, con-

sequently; by renting, hiring.

آلت هناس ālat-shinās, Skilled in arms.

A التعاب illi'āb (v.n. 4 of العاب), Playing, sporting.

A التمانية iltifāt (v.n. 8 of المحنة), Turning towards another; respect, courtesy, reverence; attention, regard; favour; (in rhetoric) an apostrophe;—iltifāt būdan, To turn toward;—iltifāti mulūkāna, Royal favour;—iltifāt kardan, To make a present (to an inferior).

الماك المال iltifaf (v.n. 8 of الله), Growing luxuriantly, being entangled; wrapping

oneself up in a garment.

litiqa", Meeting, coming together,

seeing one another, interview.

a litique (v.n. 8 of La), Collecting, gathering, picking up; stumbling unexpectedly (upon one).

a مناز التعام (v.n. 8 of اللم), Taking a morsel (luqma); devouring, swallowing.

iltimās (v.n. 8 of العماس), Praying, supplicating, petitioning, beseeching; prayer, request, entreaty; supplication, petition;—iltimās kardan (guftan), To petition, to beg, to solicit (m.c.).

التماع A التماء illimā' (v.n. 8 of المعالم), Shining, flashing, being resplendent; carrying away,

snatching; being changed (colour).

T التمغا āl-tamghā, التمغا al-tamghā (red stamp), Royal seal; a grant of land under the royal seal in perpetuity; royal insignia;

diploma; a medal; a tax levied on tra-

التواء A iltiwa' (v.n. 8 of لوى), Twisting; hanging back; procrastinating, delaying, postponing

A سابقا iltihab (v.n. 8 of سها), Burning, flaming; heat, inflammation; -garm-illi-

hāb, Burning fiercely.

A التياع illiyāḥ (v.n. 8 of الوع), Shining, flashing.

التياذ A iltiyāz (v.n. 8 of الوذ), Flying for refuge to.

Joining; (لوط iltiyāt (v.n. 8 of العماط ه

adhering.

النياع م iltiyā' (v.n. 8 of ولوع), Longing, being desirous; being inflamed with love;

ilti'am, iltiyam (v.n. 8 of التقام ه), Healing or closing of a wound; being

cured; conciliation.

alj, Proud; a pompous or mineing air. الما ت uljā, A booty; a captive (see اولما).

A منا ilja' (v.n. 4 of الماء), Referring a matter to God, and submitting to His will; protecting, defending from evil.

A الجام iljām (v.n. 4 of الجام), Bridling. تا الجامش uljāmish الجامش uljāmishī =

q.v. اولجامش , اولجامش , اولجامش , اولجامش a.jabr, Algebra (as the reduction of parts to a whole, or of fractions to in-

al-jurāḥa qaṣāṣ, For wounds الجروح تماص ٨ retaliation (Coranic phrase frequently used).

aljīr, Algiers (m.c.).

المخت alchakht, alchakht, Greed, avarice;

need; hope.

alāchuq, الأجوق alāchūq, الأجق alchūq (also alājuq, alājūq, aljūq, &c.), Small osier tent covered with felt.

alchang, A nourisher of his sub-

jects; the third ancestor.

ilchī, An ambassador, plenipotentiary.

T al-chichak, Name of a Turkish prince.

alchiq (aljiq), Small osier tent covered with felt.

ilḥāḥ (v.n. 4 of زُخَ), Importuning, soliciting; urgency, importunity, intreaty, solicitation; remaining fixed (a cloud); raining incessantly.

alḥād (pl. of laḥd or luḥd), Niches dug in the side of a tomb or grave;—ilhād (v.n. 4 of), Inclining, deviating, departing from the faith; implety, irreligion, infidelity, heresy, idolatry, polytheism; burying.

al-hāsil, On the whole, in fine,

to sum up.

alhāz (pl. of lahz), Side-glances; -ilhāz (v.n. 4 of), Looking through the outer corner of the eye; casting a sideglance.

ilhaf (v.n. 4 of الحاف م

ning, urging, compelling.

الحاق Arriving, الحق ilhaq (v.n. 4 of الحاق), Arriving, reaching, overtaking, following; joining; affixing, suffixing.

al. hāl, Now, at present.

al-hālat hazih, This being المالة هذه على المالة ال the case, things being so.

ilhām (v.n. 4 of الحام), Giving flesh to eat; filling up with flesh (a wound), being full of flesh and corpulent; gathering flesh, waxing fat (camel); weaving the

alḥān (pl. of lahn), Notes, sounds, modulations, tones;—ilhān (v.n. 4 of راحی), Chanting the Quran; singing sweetly.

al-hukm li-'llah, The decision الحكم لله

belongs to God.

al-hamd khwandan, To read the first chapter of the Quran, which commences thus: المحد لله al-hamdu li-'llah, Praise be to God!

a الحدى al-hamde, A "praise be to God," a prayer.

alakh (for الى آخرة ilá akhirihi) And so forth, et cetera, to the end of it.

al-khāliq, A smock, waistcoat, vest, garment.

A 41 aladd, Quarrelsome, squabbling, litigious (man).

ildigis, Name of a Turkish king.

آلر ālar, ālir, Buttocks, hips.

الدن alard, A net with wide meshes in which gardeners carry their vegetables to market.

alz (v.n.), Adhering;—alaz (v.n.), Staggering, tottering, being agitated.

الراق A ilzāq (v.n. 4 of لرق), Being joined; joining, cementing, glueing.

الزام ۱lzām (v.n. 4 of لرم), Rendering necessary, compelling; conviction, proof, confutation; reproof, censure, blame; imputation, accusation, incrimination; invective, calumny, libel.

alzam, More or most necessary. البدى alzīdan, To digest (doubtful word). السا alsā, Aniseed baked in bread.

الست قlast, A fat, plump buttock.

الست a-last (a-lastu), Am I not (viz. your Lord. Quran vii. 168. See روز السعب for which it is sometimes used).

ālsur, Buttocks.

السن alsun, ما السن alsinat, alsina (pl. of lisān), Tongues; languages, dialects.

as-sinna bi 's-sinn, A tooth السن بالسن for a tooth (Coranic phrase popularly quoted, where we would say "tit for tat"). آلش ālish, Swift walk.

il alut, An odoriferous plant.

altaf (pl. of lutf), Benefits, favours; kindnesses; -iltaf (v.n. 4 of deli), Conferring favours.

altūf-takhmīr, Overflowing (lit. fermenting) with favours.

A cabl allaf, More or most kind or benevolent; better, best.

T طمعا آل طمعا آل طمعا تقا عند عند عند النماء عند عند عند النماء
a المُؤسى at-kūsī, Native of Tūs in Khurāsān, surname of many celebrated men, e.g. Firdausī and the astronomer Nāsiru 'ddīn.

ul-'atash, Thirst; — al-'atash zadan (guftan), To make known one's thirst.

al-'aina bi 'l-'ain, An eye for an eye (Coranic phrase in everybody's mouth).

aligh, Effeminate, infamous.

T & ulugh, Powerful great;—ulugh beg, A great prince; name of a king of Parthia and India, grandson of Timur Lang.

م الغام الغام الغام الغام الغام الغام الغام الغام (v.n. 4 of الغر), Throwing out of account, not admitting into computation; frustrating.

ilighāj, Plunder, sack.

الهار alghāz (pl. of lughz, lughus, laghaz, lughaz), Enigmas, riddles;—ilghāz (v.n. 4 of العرام), Speaking enigmatically, proposing riddles.

العار ت alghār, Sack, plunder; swift walk. العار ت alughda, alaghda, Mixed; angry,

contentious.

al-gharaz, To sum up all, in a word; in short.

alghunjār, Feigned anger of a mistress; a morel cherry; calumny; envy.

الغنجيدن alghanjidan, To gain, to acquire. الغندى alghandan, To gain, acquire, collect.

العرسة alghana, Rose-coloured, scarlet, ruby-coloured paint for the face.

ها العباط al-ghiyās, Clamour for justice;

alf (v.n.), Giving a thousand; a thousand;—alif, Name of the first letter in the Arabian and Persian alphabets (hence, as alifi ādam tā māmi masīh, from Adam until Jesus); alone;—alifi iglīm, The first of the seven climates of the earth;—alif bā tā, A slate, a pen, and stool;—alif be, The alphabet;—alif shudan, To become a recluse; to grow poor;—alif bar khāk (zamīn) kashīdan, To be ashamed;—alif kardan, To strip naked;—alifi kūjiyān, The Kūfic alif; auything bent; penis.

A ماها alfā' (v.n. 4 of الغام), Finding, attaining, arriving at.

الفاعدي alfākhlan, To gain, acquire, collect.

A الفاش ulfāsh, A hypocrite; a kind of thistle.

A Lian alfaz (pl. of lafz), Words, vocables, articulate sounds; terms; technical terms.

A with alfaf (pl. of liff), Thick, entangled (trees).

A sall ulfat, Friendship, attachment, familiarity, companionship, intimacy.

alaft, aluft, aluft, Affliction, grief; distractedness.

ાં ક્યાર્ક હોય fiagān (pl. of ālufta), Astonished, confounded, afflicted, mad; enamoured.

a الفتكري ulfatgari, Friendship, intimacy. آلفتن āluftan, To rage, grow mad (with love); to be confounded, afflicted, enamoured.

azali ālufta, Astonished, furious, insane, mad; broken, infirm, poor, disconsolate; a debauchee; a ball.

a الفتى بدة ulfatī-banda, Attached, intimate.

الفتون $\bar{a}luft\bar{t}dan$, الفتون q.v.

alfakht, Aloes-wood; — alfakht, Acquisition, gain.

المختى alfakhtan, To gain, acquire.

alfakhta, Gained.

a قائم alif-dāgh, A mark branded in the shape of an alif.

المغدن alfaghdan, 'To gain. a المعند الماء على alif-qāmat, على الماء على alif-qad (for qadd), With a figure erect as an alif; alif-shaped (applied to the eye-lashes).

a الف كرنته ilf-girifta, Habituated, accus-

tomed.

الفنع alfanj, Gained; gain, acquisition. الفنجيدي alfanjīdan, To gain, acquire, collect.

الفندن alfandan, To gain.

الفنديدن alfandūdan, To gain to acquire. a الفي alifī, Tall, erect, straight as un alif.

الفيدن alfīdan, To gain, to acquire. الفيدن alfīna, هياا alfīya, The penis.

A wolf; alq (v.n.), Maddening; lying;—ilq, A wolf;—illaq, Shining, flashing.

A statt ilqa' (v.n. of ,), Throwing down, flinging, casting; imparting, communicating; inspiration;—ilqā kardan, To throw out, to let fall (words).

A القاب alqāb (pl. of laqab), Titles of honour, appellations, epithets, styles, surnames; forms of address (in letters).

A منا العام (v.n. 4 of منا), Hendering fruitful, covering, impregnating; giving a share

A soll al-qissa, On the whole, in a word. a soll algat (for al-qatt), Cutting off, severing, sundering; put aside, dismissed; inadmissible.

الك ālak, Spikenard (also dim. of آل āl,

road; a precious stone; a nag.

at all alak (elek), A sieve (m.c.).

With alaka, A country, kingdom, region.

T الكجى alakjī (elekji), A sieve-maker (m.c.).

A الكن alkan, A stutterer, pronouncing badly.

الكن ulkan, A miser; a drunkard.

الكنى alkanī, Stammering, barbarous. الكوس alkūs, Name of a champion of Turkistân killed by Rustam.

الكم ulka, A province, dominion, posses-

الكي ālkī (corruption of پاكى pālkī), A sedan chair, litter, palankin.

الكونة algūna, A wash or paint for the face. اللاحد al-lāt, Name of an idol once wor-

shipped at Mecca.

A مالا allah (originally مالله al-ilah), God: THE GOD, by way of eminence (being compounded of the article J al, The, and all ilah, a God); to which the following and such-like epithets are generally added: ta alá, tabaraka wa ta alá, jalla wa 'alá, subhanahu, which imply, The most high, holy, blessed, and glorious God;—allah a'lam, God knows;—allāh akbar, God (is) greatest, omnipotent (also name of a mountain at Shīrāz); -allāh allāh, O God! good God! (a mark of admiration); -allah qadir, God (is) powerful! (used to express that He can avert any threatened calamity); -allāh harīm, God is good, beneficent (a consolatory ejaculation).

alum, A kind of vetch;—ulum, A company, a squadron; — ulum ulum, In

troops.

alam, Grief, affliction, anguish, distress, pain, agony;—a-lam, Is it not? is it

not yet?

lalmās, A diamond; glass; a penknife; a tooth; sharp, piercing or cutting iron; strenuous, active;—almāsi brilyan (barlant), almāsi tarashīda, Brilliaut (m.c.); almāsi paikānī, A kind of diamonds in the shape of arrow-heads;—almāsi khāldār, A diamond with a black or red mark (worthless);—almāsi-khijālat, Perspiration from shame;—almāsi shīrīn (nabātī), A kind of diamond.

الماس بارة almās-pāra, A glow-worm; a

spark.

الماس تراهل almās-tarāsh, A diamond-cutter; diamond-dust; cut into angles or facets (glass).

الماس ربوة almās-reza, Diamond-dust.

الماس لعَلَ almās-gūn, الماس لعَلَ almās-gūn, الماس الماس العَلَّم almās-gūn, Adamantine, bright, penetrating (a sword).

العاسى almāsī, Cut into facets (like a diamond).

العاسى رُنگ almāsī-rang, Bright, transparent.

المالق ه al-mālaq, Name of a country in Turkistān.

المام المّ ilmām (v.n. 4 of ألم), Alighting; committing slight offences; approaching puberty or ripeness.

alam-zada, Afflicted, grief-stricken. المردة alam-gudāz. What melts, i.e.

soothes or removes grief.

a الم نشرة alam-nashrah, The title and the opening words of Sūra xciv. of the Qurān, Have we not opened (thy breast); manifest, evident, clear, well-known.

alamut (eagle-nest), Name of a for-

tress between Kazwin and Ghilau.

المون ilimūn, A lemon. النبي ālunj, A wild plum.

النجان alinjān, Name of a province in Persia.

جيئاً alanjaj, النجوع ālanjūj, alanjūj. Aloe-wood.

النكة alanka, A flame.

i ālang, النك ālang, An entrenchment; a wall of defence; a garrison; a besieging party.

الدي alnī, A door-post.

a الأعرى alaniyūn, Helenium, elecampane. الأعلى Defiled, contaminated; a brickkiln; a name of various fruits; a plum; a yam;—ālū'i bukhārā, ālā'i jūlī, ālū'i kishta, Different kinds of plum;—ālū'i dashti, A medlar;—ālū'i malqolm, Potato (called after Sir John Malcolm).

الر م الأفر (used as pl. of زدر), Lords, masters; having, possessed of;—ulá 'l-amr, The companions of Muhammad; also their followers in learning and authority.

الوا alwā, ilwā, Aloes; Rustam's swordbearer;—ulwā, A star, planet, constella-

tion.

A الراث alwas (pl. of laus), Impurities, filth.

A thi alwah (pl. of lauh), Planks, boards; tablets, tables.

a الوائد alwāz, An asylum ; a mountain. A الواز alwāz (pl. of lauz), Almonds.

alwat (pl. of لوط q.v.), Clowns, buffoons, and their performances; buf-

fooneries, vulgar tricks (m.c.).

A winds; of divers kinds; of various colours, kinds; of divers kinds; of various colours; —alwān khwurdan, To swallow voraciously; —alwāni ni mat, Blessings of various kinds; all sorts of good things; various and dainty dishes.

قاراة ألواة
آلوبالر ālū bālū, An armarylla, or sour cherry.

تاريخ atūj, Elecampane, a herb, which is a specific against the bite of serpents.

allacha, A small plum; a currant;

a cherry.

al-wida', Farewell! adieu!

الردى ālūdagī, Contamination, defilement.

الردن ālūdan, To stain, pollute, contaminate, defile; to anoint; to be polluted, defiled.

defiled; anointed; disturbed, confuse l; overwhelmed; mingled; —ālūda'i khūn, Smeared with blood; weeping;—ālūdagāni dahr, Worldlings, misers; criminals, rebels.

آلودة خون أَمَّالُودة خون أَمَّالُودة خون أَمَّالُودة خون أَمَّالُودة خون أَمَّالُودة خون أَمَّالُودة خون أَمْ

ing, weeping.

آلردة دامن aluda-daman, Having the tails of one's garments bespattered; a sinner, formitator.

أور ālūr, The buttocks.

الوس alūs, Amorous or angry side-glance. الوس alūs, A tribe, people, nation. الوس alūsan, A sort of plum, an aperient. و المان alūsan, Alysson, or madwort. الوسية alūsan, Alysson, or madwort. الوسية alūsan, Alysson, or madwort. الوسية alūsan, Provisions from the king's table.

آلوهيدن ālūshīdan, To embrace.

الوك A الوك المilāf (pl. of alf), Thousands.

A الرك ulāk, Sending a message; a mission, an embassy.

ة الركودة ālū gurda, A certain fruit of a yellow colour.

alwand, Name of a الوند alwand, Name of a high mountain in Hamadan.

آلونه ālūna, A wash, cosmetic, paint.

ālūh, An eagle.

a المِا الله المِا aluwwa, Aloes-wood.

الرهية ulūhat, الرهية ulūhāyat, Deity, divinity, godbead.

A فَيُهُ alwiyat, alwiya (pl. of liwa'), Standards, ensigns, banners.

all ala, Spikenard;—āluh, An eagle.

All ala, Blue bdellium;—ulah, ullah, An eagle.

A من ilāh (for الله A god;—ilāhā, O God!

A مارة ilhā' (v.n. 4 of إلمار), Diverting, occupying; filling the funnel of a mill.

A بالهار ilhāb (v.n. 4 of الهبب), Inflaming,

kindling.

a عام الما الماهة a عام الماهة الماه

A ألمام (v.n. 4 of المحال), Inspiration, divine revelation;—ilhāmi ilāhī, ilhāmi rabbānī, The inspiration of God.

a الهام بيان ilhām-bayān, Speaking by inspiration.

a الهام بدير ilhām-pazīr, Inspired.

allahumma, O God! الهم allahi, = Allah; divine.

a liahiyat (pl. of the following), Divine things; theology; metaphysics; things pertaining to the supernatural.

الْمِية ilāhīyat, Divinity, deity.

A البيعاة (v.n. 11 of عبدا), Beginning to coagulate (sour milk).

قلى ālī, Saffron-colour.

A dilá, To, up to, towards, until;—ilá'l-ān, Till now, to this time, until this hour;—ilai-hi, ilaih, To him, to it; above-mentioned, aforesaid (=mushār ilai-hi).

a Wi alyā, Marsh-mallows

A العامل ilyās, alyās, Elias; name of a king of Khazar, a country on the confines of the Caspian Sea.

A الياسين alyāsīn, Elias; the followers of

Elias.

آلى بالى ālī-bālī, A cherry.

large and very fat, weighing about ten or twelve pounds; the buttocks; the balls of the thumbs and the great toes; the gums.

ālīkhtan, To rear, to kick.

હાઓ alidan, To commit a crime; to recede, to depart from an agreement; to blame, accuse; to quake with fear.

أليز ālīz, alīz, A kick, a bound, a leap.

مَانِينَ alīzidan, To rear, to kick.

الى هير النهاية A ilú ghairi 'n-nihāya, End

lessly, in infinite numbers (m.c.).

A اليك alif, Familiar, intimate; a comrade, friend.

A البك alyaq, More or most proper, fit, suitable.

A البل alil (v.n. of المال), Groaning (from pain or grief); the murmuring of rnnning water;—alyal, Very dark night.

م alīm, Painful, torturing, excrucia

ung.

A منا alyan, Softer, more or most limber or subtile;—alīn, Name of a village in Marw.

Am (first person of būdan, To be), I am, and as such, like the English "am," the remainder and representative of the S. asmi; the suffixed form of the pronoun of the first person, signifying "my" after a noun, as jama-am, My robe, and expressing the accusative after an inflected active verb, as zanad-am, He strikes (will or may strike) me;—im (Z. aêm), when prefixed to some words, stands for īn, This, as im-shab for īn-shab, To-night, &c.

A c' umm, Mother; source, origin, foundation, basis; chief part;—ummu 'l-baiz (mother of whiteness, or of the egg), The ostrich;—ummu 'l-jaish (mother of the army), A standard;—ummu 'l-khabā'is (mother of abominations), Wine;—ummu 'd-damāgh, ummu 'r-ra's (mother of the brain, of the head), The pia mater;—ummu 'r-ruzū'il, Ignorance;—ummu 's-sibyān, A demon who inflicts pain on children; an epileptic fit in a child;—ummu '1-tarīq, A highway;—ummu 't-ta'ām, Wheat; the

stomach; -- ummu 'l-fazā'il, Knowledge; ummu 'l-quran, The first chapter of the Koran ;-ummu 'l-qurá (mother of cities), Mecca; -ummu 'l-kitāb' (mother of the book), The preserved tablet (of divine decrees); the first chapter of the Koran; -ummu 'n-nujum (mother of the stars), The milky way, heaven, the starry vault.

i āmā, Filling; preparing; adorning

. (آمای 800)

A Li ammā, But, moreover, however, nevertheless, notwithstanding.

A مرس imātat (v.n. 4 of مرسه), Putting to death; being bereaved of her children.

amāgil (pl. of amgal), Eminent, conspicuous; peers, nobles, grandees, free-

in āmāj, A plough; heaps (of earth) on which they place butts for shooting at with arrows; a target for archers; a throne; the twenty-fourth part of a farsang.

amāj = the preceding; -umāj, A kind of pottage.

قالع عالله عالم āmāj-khāna, A place on which a

target is fixed.

amājid (pl. of amjad), Most Glorious, honourable; great nobles.

āmāj-sākhtagī, Plough-gear. āmāj-gāh, A place on which a target is fixed; an arrow-range; (met.) the world.

āmādagī, Preparation, readiness. āmādan (S. mā with prep. a), To prepare, make ready, equip,

despatch; to be prepared; to fill.

āmāda, Prepared, ready; arranged, disposed in order; equipped; ripe; made plain; resolved, determined; — āmāda'i harb gashtan, To prepare for war ;—āmāda'i kār, Ready to act (m.c.).

آمار āmār, Numeration, calculation; inquisition, investigation; minute search; dropsy.

amār, Starch; weaver's glue.

A Bibl amarat, A sign, mark, signal, token, symptom; a sign-post; time; the time or place of a promise; -imārat, amārat, Office of an amir, i.e. governor or commander; possession of a command; district under the authority of a governor; a government; command, authority, power, rule, sovereignty; dignity, grandeur, pomp; increase, abundance, prosperity;—ammārat, ammāra, Wont to command; imperious, domineering, headstrong (see نفس nafs).

amārid (pl. of amrad), Beardless

youths.

آمار گير آ āmār-gīr, An accountant.

مارة amāra, Inquiry, strict search; calculation; dropsy.

imāra, Computation, reckoning. imāra-gīr, An accountant. اماره گير

āmās, A tumour, a swelling;—

āmās uftādan, The swelling goes down, aubsides.

āmāsā, Swelling.

amāsānīdan, To cause to swell. آماسيدي āmāsīdan, To swell, become inflated.

آماسيدة āmāsīda, Swelled, swollen.

مَاسِيدة مَاية āmāsīda-khāya, One who has swelled testicles.

a ماسية amāsiya, A city in Cappadocia.

āmāsh, A roasting-spit.

A ablol imatat (v.n. 4 of ميما), Removing, taking away, putting to a distance; setting on fire.

amākin (pl. of makān), Places; mansions, habitations; —amākini mutabarraka, Holy places.

A المال āmāl (pl. of amal), Desires, hopes.

A منها imālat (v.n. 4 of منها), Causing to incline, bending; (in gram.) giving to fatha a sound like that of kasra (as when kitāb is pronounced as if written kitīb).

amām, Before, prior to;—imām, One who stands before or is followed, a head, chief, leader, especially in religious matte.s, antistes or reader in a mosque; prelate, patriarch, priest; a khalif; an exemplar, pattern; a mason's line or rule; the flag borne in procession before the ta'ziya during the Miracle Play; -imami jum'ah, Imam who recites the Friday prayers for the sovereign; -imāmi subha, The large bead in the middle of a rosary.

imām-bāra, A temple, conclave : a place illuminated at the festival of Muharram, where the shrines of the Imams Hasan and Husain are visited with great

veneration.

A أن imāmat (v.n. of أن Taking the lead in religious matters, performing the functions of an Imam; the priestly office.

a مامراده imām-zāda, The son of a priest ; -imām-zāda hāshim. Name of a place in Gilan.

a أمام قلى imām-qulī, The son of Nādir Sbāb.

أمامون amāmūn (G. ἄμωμον), parsley; ginger; pepper.

a أساس imāmī, Of or relating to an Imām. imāmīyat, imāmiyah, The sect of

Shī'as, who hold that 'Alī is the true Imām or immediate follower of Muhammad.

A امان amān (v.n. of امن), Being safe and secure; security, safety, peace, tranquillity, protection; quarter, pardon, indemnity, grace; a kettle-drum;—al-amān, Quarter! mercy!—amān khwāstan, To sue for mercy, to beg quarter.

a مان بذير amān-pazīr, Who receives or

accepts in trust.

A أمن amānat (v.n. of امن), A deposit, charge, anything given in trust; security, safety, protection; safe-guard, safe-conduct;

sincerity, faith, religion; -amānat dāshtan, To deposit, to place in trust.

a امانة جرى amānat-jarī. Assignments of

revenue.

a هانتخانه amānat-khāna, Depository, depôt, storehouse, warehouse.

a امانتدار amānat-dār, A depositary;

trusty; guardian, custodian.

- a مالتداري amanat-dari, Charge, trust, agency; fidelity, faithfulness, honesty, trustiness.
- a أمانتكار amānat-kār, An agent, a factor. a أمانتگذار amānat-guzār, Depositary, custodian.

amānatī, Deposited, given in

trust or charge; a deposit.

a ماني amānī, Security; trust, charge, deposit; land held, or work done, under Government control (opp. to ijāra, farmland, contract work).

A أماني amānīy (pl. of umnīyat), Desires. ماه مسقم, A tumour.

āmāhīdan, To swell, to be stupefied.

āmāy, (in comp.) Filling, one who prepares or makes ready, an ornamenter.

āmā'i, Fulness, repletion.

āmā'idan, To make ready, to prepare; to be ready; to fill.

ambarbārīs, Barberries.

ambarūd, A pear.

ambarūsira, Ambrosia.

imparātris, Empress (m.c. from Fr. imperatrice).

imparator, Emperor, Czar (m.c.

from Latin).

imparyāli tilā, Gold imperial (a اميريال طلا

Russian coin).

A & amat, A female servant, a handmaid; -- ummat, People, nation; sect, religious community, creed; follower, coreligionist (ummati majnūn, The followers of Majnun, the tribe of lovers) ;--ammat, Reaching the brain (wound).

amt (v.n.), Being crooked, curva-ture; being steep and high, declivity; ground covered with small hills; determin-

ing (by measure, manner, or time).

imtā' (v.n. 4 of متع imtā' (v.n. 4 of امتاع making use of; being independent of, able to do without; causing one to enjoy life.

a امتان ummatan (P. pl. of ummat), Peoples, nations; followers, co-religionists.

imtisāl (v.n. 8 of مثل), Öbeying, submitting, conforming (to law).

mtiḥāsh (v.n. 8 of محيش), Being burnt.

intiḥān (v.n. 8 of محن), Examining, weighing attentively, trying, proving, testing; trial, test, proof, experiment; examination, inquiry; temptation;—imtihānāti ilāhīya, Divine visitations;—imtihān kardan, To examine (m.c.);—az imtihān bīrûn raftan, To pass an examination (m.c.).

A استخاط imtikhat (v.n. 8 of استخاط Blowing or cleaning the nose; unsheathing a sword; snatching (anything from the hand of another.

A استداد imtidad (v.n. 8 of منداد Being extended; extension; prolongation; protraction, prorogation; -imtidadi hayat. Prolongation of life; -imtidadi zamān, Length or process of time (m.c.).

, Doubting (مبرى imtirā' (v.n. 8 of امتراء م

doubt, scepticism.

مرم imtiras (v.n. 8 of مرم), Rubbing oneself against anything; brawling, wrangling; altercation.

A مرش imtirāsh (v.n. 8 of مرش), Seizing, snatching anything from the hand of

- A مرح imtizāj (v.n. 8 of مرح), Mingling, being mixed, diluted, blended; union, mixture; - mizāji sa'ādat imtizāj, A disposition tempered with excellence.
- مسك imtisāk (v.n. 8 of مسك Holding fast; clutching.
- مشط imtishat (v.n. 8 of مشط imtishat (v.n. 8 of مشط ing the hair.
- imtişār (v.n. 8 of محمر), Milking a امتمار camel with the ends of the fingers.
 - A مش imtiṣāṣ (v.n. 8 of أمتمام), Sucking.
- imtizāz (V.n. 8 of مض), Being burned, burning.
- مك imtikāk (v.n. 8 of مك), Sucking. A ملل imtila' (v.n. 8 of ملل), Being filled; fullness, repletion, surfeit; indigestion.
- A استناع imtinā' (v.n. 8 of منع), Being prevented; abstaining, refraining; inhibition, prohibition, prevention, restraint; -imtinā' kardan, To refuse, deny; to abstain.

استنان imtinān (v.n. 8 of متن), Conferring a favour or obligation (minnat).

- A أستهان imtihan (v.n. 8 of مهن), Wasting: regarding as weak or contemptible; being
- a امتى ummatī, A follower of a religious sect or creed.
- A استيار imtiyār (v.n. 8 of مير), Being separated; separation, distinction, disdiscernment; judgment, crimination; discretion; holding oneself aloof; refusal; good breeding; ceremony; pre-emineuce; -imtiyāz kardan, To make a distinction, to separate, to discriminate; to treat with distinction.
- a استياری imtiyāzī, Possessing the quality of discriminating, discriminative; distinguished, well-bred.
- amsāl (pl. of masal), Resemblances, likenesses; equals; proverbs, adages; —amṣāli shumā ashkhās, People like you (m.c.) ;—imsal (v.n. 4 of مثل), Retaliating, punishing; making an example (of a criminal by mutilating him).
- amsal, Most excellent, most امثل proper for imitation.

amjakhtan, To desire ardently, to long for.

amjad, More or most laudable, excellent or glorious.

imḥāsh (v.n. 4 of محش), Burning, scorching, searing.

imḥāz (v.n. 4 of محمل), Making pure, keeping free from any admixture.

imḥāl (v.n. 4 of امحال ه), Being barren (a year); suffering from barrenness

امنهاض imkhāz (v.n. 4 of منهاض), Drinking pure milk.

أمختن āmukhtan (= آمختن q.v.), To teach.

أسومته āmukhta (=آسومته q.v.), Taught. أسومته āmad, He came; arrival; income; name of a city in Armenia;—āmad u charj, Receipts and disbursements;—amad u raft, amad u shud, Coming and going; ingress and egress, communication, intercourse; passage, thoroughfare.

and, Time, season, opportunity.

A sol amad (v.n.), End of time; term of life; goal; anger; -- āmid, Full of good or bad qualities;—amadd, More or most extendea.

a showl amdad (pl. of mudd), Certain dry measures ;—imdad (v.n. 4 of سُدٌ), Assisting, aiding, helping, succouring; giving, subsidizing; putting ink (madad) into the inkstand, or pen, giving ink to another; issuing pus (a wound); -imdād kardan, To help, to assist.

أمد آصد أمد أمد أمد

āmadāna, آمداني āmadānī, Accidental, casual, fortuitous, adventitious; im-

amad-raft, Coming and going, ingress and egress; intercourse; travellers; a road; — āmad-raft dāshtan, To have intercourse with, to have familiar access to (u.c.);—āmad-raft kardan, To ply to and fro (m.c.).

A sol amad-shud, Coming and going; --amad shud kardan, To come and go.

amad-shudan, Coming and going. amadan, To come, to arrive; to exist, to be found; to become (serving, like shudan, to form the passive); coming, arrival, entry ;-az ān jahān āmadan, To recover from a dangerous illness; — bajang amadan, To wage war against; -- bachashm āmadan, To meet with the evil eye; to be afflicted with a calamity; -- ba-hāli khwesh āmadan, To recover one's senses;ba-dast amadan, To fall into one's power;bu-dandan khosh amadan, To be delightful, pleasant, satisfactory; -bar zabān āmadan, To speak, to talk; -bar sar āmadan, To conquer, overcome; to increase; to become exalted; -ba-sar āmadan, To come to an end, to cease; to reach perfection;—ba-fāli bad

amadan, To be ill-omened, of bad augury; -ba-kār āmadan, To bring advantage, to be useful; -ba-wujud amadan, To spring into existence, to be born ;—padīd āmadan, To become manifest, to appear; —dar shumār āmadan, To count amongst, to come into account; —dar kār āmadan, To profit; —sar āmadan, To be satiated; to loath; to awake.

āmadan-gāh, The time or place of coming, arriving, or meeting; a rendezvous.

āmadanī, Income, impost, revenue; the season at which any merchandise generally arrives; perquisites, anything gained over and above; emoluments, finances, ways and means; imports, import duties.

āmad u raft, آمد و رو āmad u rav

.q.v آمد رفت =

آمدة āmada, Come, arrived; a joke, plea-

santry, impromptu.

amada-gir, Receiving, welcoming. āmadjī), Title of a أمدى higher functionary ;-āmadī'i dīwāni humāyun, Secretary of the State Council (m.c.).

āmir, One who commands, orders, امر ه rules (āmiri nun u'l-qalam, The lord of the inkstand and the pen, God, Muhammad);—amr, Order, command; (in gram.) imperative; affair, business, transaction; event, occurrence, fact, circumstance; matter, case, thing, particular; point, question; -amr kardan, To command; -amr u nahy, Command and prohibition, orders and counter-orders; — amarr, More bitter; amarran (the two bitters), Poverty and old age.

s ly \(\bar{a}\) amrā, The mangoe.

A slyol imra' (v.n. 4 of امراء Agreeing with a man, being wholesome and digestible (food);—imra', A man;—umarā' (pl. of amir), Princes, &c.

A 59 imra'at, A woman.

amrūz (pl. of maraz), Diseases, maladies, distempers, ailments; — imrāz (v.n. 4 of موض), Making sick, throwing into a disorder; being near the truth, following the dictates of reason; having distempered cattle.

, Spitting (مرع imrāgh (v.n. 4 of أحواع ه blabbing, chattering; thinning (a mass of paste) with water.

umarā'ī, Nobility.

A قرم imrat, A government, principality, dominion.

امرت بهل amrit-phal (B. amrita-phala), Name of a fruit.

مَرِد āmard, The fruit of the tree arāk.

amrad, Beardless and handsome أمود ه (youth); leafless (branch); having little hair about his heels (horse).

amurdad, Name of a month.

a أمرد يرست amrad-parast, A pederast. a امرد پرستی amrad-parastī, Pederasty.

jol amurz, Imp. of amurzidan, (in comp.)

remitting, absolving, forgiving.

أمرزم amurzish, amurzish, Absolution, forgiveness;—amurzish khwastan, To crave forgiveness.

āmurzgār, Forgiving, compassionate. آمرزگاری āmurzgārī, Compassion, forgive

أمروندكان *āmurzandagān*, The merciful. āmurzanda, Pitying, forgiving. أمروندن āmurzādan, To forgive, absolve.

A by amrat, Smooth-cheeked (man).

a by amrat, Smooth-cheeked (man).

by amrat, A little, few, somewhat;

quantity; value, price; gain, profit; stock, capital; a store, hoard; power, rank;—also amargh, Root, origin; the purest and choicest part.

imrūt, دوره amrūt, A pear; a guava. امرون imrox (for īn roz), To-day, (met.) in this life (opp. to الرية fardā, in the next life);—imrox fardā kardan, To put off, to procrastinate; to beguile one's time.

imroz-fardā, To-day or to-morrow. امروزی imrozī, امروزی imrozīn, امروزی im-rozīna, Of to-day;—imrozīn roz, This very

day.

āmus, A large cup of wine.

ams, Yesterday.

مساء imsā' (v.n. 4 of 'سساء), Becoming evening; doing at evening time; becoming (unfortunate).

imsās (v.n. 4 of مسنّ), Touching or causing one to touch; causing to rub.

back or off, holding, detaining; abstaining (from speaking); parsimony, scarcity, want; a medicine taken to prolong pleasure in carnal intercourse; the prolongation thus procured.

imsāl (for in sāl), This year.

imsālān, Belonging to this year. احسالون amshāj (pl. of mashīj), Mixtures of blood and water.

similar amehāspand, siemilar amehās-

fand, An angel.

imshāsh, Measure, rule; compari-

أصغام āmshām, The intellect of the eighth heaven or zodiac.

imshab (for in shab), To-night.

amṣār (pl. of miṣr), Cities, great cities.

امساص imṣāṣ (v.n. 4 of مصامر), Making

منى imṣā' (v.n. 4 of منى), Making pass or penetrate, transmitting, despatching; despatch, transmission; signature;—
imṣā' dāshtan, To sign.

imaāz (v.n. 4 of مم), Giving

pain (wound); burning (grief).

amtar (pl. of matar), Rains; imtar (v.n. 4 of صطر), Raining; causing to rain.

am'a' (pl. of mi'a), Intestines, guts.

ا معاميون am'āsiyūn (લ. δμφάκιον), Juice رgrapes.

A olso im'an (v.n. 4 of ose), Sharpening, rendering acute or penetrating; acuteness, penetration;—im'ani nazr, Penetrating glance, close look, attentive regard.

imgāş, Suffering from cholic,

having the gripes.

معيلان amughailān, ummughailān, The Egyptian thorn.

a walled umfāsiyūn, Juice of unripe

grapes.

A civing imkān (v.n. 4 of (...)), Giving power, affording an opportunity; possibility, practicability; power; contingent or potential existence (opp. to wujūb, necessary existence, or wujūd, actual existence).

ا مكانى a المكانى imkānī, Possible, potential; eon-

ngent.

amkar, More or most crafty.

A أحكناً amkinat, amkina (pl. of makān), Places.

آخل āmul, Name of a town in Tabaristan, and of one situated on the river Oxus.

A dol amal (v.n.), Hoping, hope, desire.

A dol imlā' (v.n. 4 of "ha), Filling up, completing; inditing, writing correctly; orthography, dictation;—be-imlā, Inaccurate, unorthographical.

a closed imla-dan, One knowing how to

write orthographically.

imlāq, Name of a country in Turkistān.

imlāq (v.n. 4 of اللق, Being reduced to want; poverty, destitution.

a sulfak (pl. of malk), Kings; (pl. of mulk) goods, riches, possessions; estates, property, lands; (pl. of malak) angels;—imlāk (v.n. 4 of www), Putting in possession of a thing; giving a wife; kneading well (dough); = amlāk, Possessions, &c.;—imlāki ghairi manqūla, Immovable property; imlāki manqūla, Moveable property.

a املان imlāl (v.n. 4 of راس), Being long and tedious (a journey); annoying, vexing, wearying; dictating, inditing a letter; confession.

a املا نویس imlā-nawīs, One who writes correctly.

م اسلع amlaj (for P. āmulah); the myrobalan-tree.

amlah, Blue; more or most humid. املح amlas, Even, smooth, sleek.

al-1 āmula (S. āmalaka), al-1 amla, Name of an excellent eye-medicine; the myrobalan-tree.

imlie, A barren desert، املیس 🛦

a umam (pl. of ummat), People, nations, tribes; sects.

general applied as a minor term, when compared to something of the same kind of a greater circumference).

A cont amin, Secure, safe, fearing nothing.

A cont amn (v.n.), Being safe, secure; safety, security; tranquillity, peace;—amn u aman, Security and tranquillity.

A had amanna (we believe), Yea, verily.

A shal umana' (pl. of amin), Prefects;
tax-gatherers; superintendants;—umana'i
daulat, Public functionaries (m.c.).

A die āmina, The name of Muhammad's mother.

أمنه āmana, منه amana, Split wood, put up in hundles for sale.

put up in bundles for sale.

A منية amnīyat, Security, safety, repose;

a place of safety; —umnīyat, Desire, wish.

yo āmū, A tumour, swelling, inflation;
the name of the river Oxus.

A wife amwāt (pl. of maut), Deaths; -(pl. of mayyit) The dead.

amwāj (pl. of mauj), Waves, bil-

A dip amwāl (pl. of māl), Goods, chattels, effects; possessions, property, riches, wealth.

آموت āmūt, The nest of a bird of prey. كَا الْمَا ِ الْمَا الْمَا الْمَا الْمَا الْمَا الْمَاكِ الْمَا الْمَاكِ الْمَاكِ الْمَاكِ الْمَاكِ الْمَاكِ الْمَالِي الْمَاكِ الْمِنْ الْمَاكِ الْمَاكِ الْمَاكِ الْمَاكِ الْمَاكِ الْمَاكِ الْمِنْ الْمَاكِ الْمَاكِ الْمَاكِ الْمَاكِ الْمَاكِ الْمَاكِ الْمَالِي الْمَاكِ الْمَاكِ الْمَاكِ الْمَاكِ الْمَاكِ الْمَاكِ الْمَالِي الْمَاكِ الْمَاكِ الْمَاكِ الْمَاكِ الْمَاكِ الْمَاكِ الْمَالِي الْمَاكِ الْمَاكِ الْمَاكِ الْمَاكِ الْمَاكِلِي الْمَاكِ الْعِلْمِلْكِلْمِلْكِلْمِلْكِلْمِلْكِلْمِلْكِلْمِلْكِلْمِلْكِلْمِلْلِي الْمَاكِلِي الْمَاكِلِي الْمَاكِلِي الْمَاكِلِي الْمَاكِلِي الْمَاكِلِي الْمِلْعِلْمِلْكِلِي الْمِلْعِلْمِلْكِلْمِلْكِلْمِلْل

āmokhtan, To learn, to teach.

i āmokhta, Learnt; taught;—āmokhtagāni azal (taught of the Eternal), Prophets, seers, and saints.

q.v. آمودة amūd = أمود

amudan, To prepare, to fashion; to cause to be made; to adorn; to be adorned; to mix; to be mixed; to fill.

مودة amūda, Full, filled; adorned; prepared, fashioned; mixed; stringed pearls, rubies, &c.

قسور āmūr, A tumour (doubtful word).

affairs, acts, deeds, matters, concerns; articles, items; —umūri jamīla, Good, beautiful, elegant things; —umūri daulat u dīn, Affairs of state and religion; —umūri 'umūm (jumhūr), Public or state affairs.

umūrāt (pl. of the preceding),

The same meanings.

a مور ديدة umūr-dīda, Experienced in business.

أموز āmoz, Teaching, learned, skilful. موزالسة مستقم āmozānanda, A teacher.

موراليدو āmozānūdan, To make learn, to

ליקנאלין amozish, Instruction, teaching. מיקנאן amozgār, A teacher; a learner;—
āmoz-gāri wakhshūrān, The teacher of prophets, applied to Hoshang, son of Siyāmak.

āmosnāk, A teacher; a student; a

name of God.

مُورِنده amozanda, Teaching; a teacher. مُورِنده مُسَمَّعة, A priest, one belonging to

امروی المستقدة, A priest, one belonging to the first of the four orders in which Jamshed is said to have divided his subjects (1998 (1998)).

أحولات āmozīdan, 'I'o learn; to teach. التوسا amūs, āmūs, Bishop's weed; a seed put into bread.

مُوسَنى āmūsnī, amūsnī, A woman who has a husband in common with another; a concubine.

Ey \ āmū<u>ah</u>, Gravity, reverence, venerability; terror; quantity, measure; stature.

ω'y \ āmūlan (G. ἀμύλον), Starch.

امومة umumat, The being a mother; maternity.

وَيَ amūn, Brimful; name of a river and of a town on its banks; (contraction of peramūn), circumference, extent.

ه وي amūn, Firm, steady; not apt to trip.

āmūy, Imp. of āmūdan, q.v.; (in comp.) filling; name of a town and of a tribe near the river Oxus or Jīhūn.

مُويه āmūya, The river Oxus.

and, An ink-stand; a bundle of sticks.

A 6-1 amah (v.n.), Oblivion, forgetfulness.

A = \(\sqrt{e}\) ummahāt (pl. of umm), Mothers; —ummahāti tabā'i'i chahār arkān, ummahāti sufti, The four maternal or elementary qualities (in man);—chahār ummahāti suftiya u nuh ābā'i 'ulwiya, The four mothers below aud the nine fathers above, i.e. the four elements and the nine heavens.

imhāl (v.n. 4 of مهل), Prolonging, giving a delay, deferring, giving longer time; giving an opportunity; delay, respite.

م امها amhaq, Of a dead white (like chalk).

امهوسيند amhüspand, امهوسيند amhüsfand, An angel.

A المن " ummīy, Not knowing how to read or write, uneducated, illiterate (derived from umm, mother, or ummat, people);—
ummī'i ṣādiq, ummī'i gūyā kalām, Mubammad.

اميا amyā, امياه amyān, A purse, a scrip. آمينتگي āmekhtagī, Sociability; ınix-ture.

To mix, mingle; to be intermixed;—bar āmekhtan, The same.

āmekhta, Mixed; a mixture, compound; sociable.

umed or umīd, ummed or ummīd, Hope, expectation, dependence, trust; desire, greediness;—umed afgandan (bastan, dāshtan) ba-chīze (dar chīze), To hope for a thing;—umed bar āmadan, The hope becomes fulfilled, realised;—umed bar khāstan, Hope departs, is frustrated;—umed dādan, To make one hopeful;—umed-rā pai burīdan, To deprive one of hope, cause one to despair; to lose hope;—umed kardan, To

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hope for, expect; —umed gusistan, To render or become hopeless.

اسيد. بخش *umed-ba<u>kh</u>sh*, Giver of hope; God.

اميد کاه umed- $g\bar{a}h$, A place of hope or refuge.

umedwār, Hopeful, confident, supported by hope; an expectant, dependant, candidate;—umedwāram ki, I hope that.

umedwārī, Hope, expectancy.

اميدى ummedī, Hopeful, sanguine; an expectant, etc. (= umed-wār).

amir, amir, A glutton; lazy (a doubt-

ful word).

amīr (pl. امير umarā'), A commander, governor, emperor, chief, leader, lord, prince; a person of rank or distinction; a gentleman; (amīru 'l-umarā, Prince of princes, chief of the nobles, a title given by Eastern princes to their prime ministers);—amīri ābi haywān, The prophet Khizr; -- amiri ākhwur, Master of the horse; - amīru 'l-bahr, Harbour-master; commander of the fleet; great admiral; -amīri top-khana, Commander of the artillery; amīru 'l-jaish, The general of an army; commander of the land-forces; — amīri haras, Chief of the king's guards;—amīri dād, Chief justice;—amīrī sāhib dalq, The Caliph Ali;—amīr kardan, To play the prince, to act the emir; to reign properly; -amīru 'l-mu'minīn, Commander of the faithful (title of the Caliphs).

أصيرال amīrāl, Admiral (m.c. from Fr.). a أميرانه amīrāna, Imperial, princely;

imperially.

a solj احر زاده amīr-zāda, One of noble birth or family; a king's son, a prince.

ים מודיד amīrtū, Name of a Tartar tribe (m.c.).

amirgān, Name of a quarter in

Constantinople. ه ميرنشان amīr-nishān, A king-maker (lit.

who seats an amir on the imperial throne).

amīr-wār, Princely, imperially.

a معرى amīrī, Principality;—amīrī kardan, To erect a principality; to become sovereign.

أصور āmez, Mixture; concubitus, coitus; (in comp.) mixed, mingled, as i'tibār-āmez, Mingled with respect, &c.

A أمير amyaz, More or most distinguished. أميراليدن āmezānīdan, To cause to mix.

أصورت āmezish, Mixture, alloy; temperament, disposition; sociableness;—āmezish dādan (kardan), To mix, mingle; to intermix.

أحيوها كن āmezish-kun, Producing an admixture.

ميزش كني آ amezish-kunī, Admixing, admixture.

قسيز كار م āmēz-gār, Sociable.

آميزگاري āmez-gārī, Mixture; sociableness. آميزكاري āmeznāk, Blended, mixed.

أميزندة amezanda, Sociable.

أصورة ameza, Mixed; middle-aged, turning gray; nature, temperament, bodily habit; coitus.

أميزة مو āmeza-mū, One beginning to turn gray.

ייביניט āmezīdan, To mix, mingle; to be mixed.

imezh, Mixing.

أَمَوْهُ āmezha, Mixed; gray, grizzled; old; weighed, adjusted; a poet.

آميغ āmegh, Copulation; truth; mixture. منه āmegha, Mixed; mixture, union; coitus.

āmeghī, True, real (opp. to meta-

phorical), sincere, unfeigned.

amyal, More or most inclining, leaning to one side; one who has no sword; sitting badly on a saddle.

amīla, The myrobalan.

imim (for imam), Leader, &c.

A com āmīn, So let it be! amen! (fuller forms are, āmīn yā mu'īn, So let it be, O helper!—āmīn yā rabba'l-ālamīn, Amen, O Lord of the worlds! — āmīn bi-hurmati saiyidi 'l-mursalīn, Amen, for the sake of the Prince of Apostles);—āmīn kardan, To say Amen, to conclude prayers.

A com amīn, Secure, safe, free; faithful, trusty; a trustee; a commissioner, superintendent; an arbitrator; an officer employed by Government to collect the revenues of a district (in India);—amīni hisāb, An auditor of accounts;—amīni huzūr, Lord Chamberlain, Comptroller of the Presence (m.c.);—amīni khalwat, The chief groom of the privy chamber (m.c.);—amīn dāshtan (kardan), To trust one, to hold trustan (kardan) arīni dāwān, Receiver-general, the superintendent of the Dīwān;—amīni lashkar, Paymaster-general of the Forces (m.c.).

آمينه ämīna, Wood split and bundled for

sale.

a اسبني amīnī, Office of amīn; trust, guardianship, custody; security; commission, deputation; secure, safe.

r & ān, & an, That; (met.) anything that can be felt rather than defined, like the Italian "un certo non so che," grace, elegance, "sales et lepores"; understanding, intellect; wine; existence, form of existence, individuality. (As pronoun, ān enters frequently into composition with nouns or other pronouns, which compounds will be found in their alphabetical order.)—an (S. anu), Preposition prefixed to verbs, as in bashtan, &c.

A ω i $\bar{a}n$, Time; a short time; an hour;

moment, instant, second.

el an (in Zand and Pāzand), A mother.

A sel anā', An impediment, delay, postponement; seasonable moment; opportunity;—inā', A vessel.

A الأن inābat (v.n. 4 of نرب), Returning to God, to the true faith, conversion in religious matters; penitence, repentance.

A mable (pl. of unbubat), Joints (of reeds or canes); spaces between the

joints.

A 501 anāt, Indolence, delay, procrastination; an indolent languid woman.

الاتونتي anātūnitan (in Zand and Pāzand), To leave; to place.

A aul inās (pl. of unsá'), Females;—inās

u zukūr, Females and males.

م مناه inākhat (v.n. 4 of زبع), Making a camel to kneel down.

anār, A pomegranate; fireworks;—anāri ṭauqdār, A particular kind of pomegranate;—anāri ṭauqdār, A particular kind of pomegranate;—anāri farhād, A pomegranate tree said to have sprung from the axe with which Farhād killed himself on hearing of Shīrīu's death, and whose fruits, if opened, are found to be burnt and turned to ashes inside;—anāri yā-sīn, A pomegranate which, eaten on the day of Nauroz by one person, without others partaking of it, and after repeating a number of times the Sūrah Yā-Sīn, is said to secure freedom from illness through the whole year.

الارم inārat (v.n. 4 of زور), Illuminating; shining bright, brilliancy; blossoming;—
(v.n. 4 of المرر) Marking (cloth) with a bor-

der of different colours.

الارستان anāristān, A pomegranate garden. الارستان anār-gīrā, The poppy.

الركيوا anar-giwa, The poppy.

الار مشك anār-mishk, Name of a red fruit resembling the pomegranate.

الرين anārīn, Rust.

ت المالولى anātūlī, Anatolia, Asia Minor ;— anatūlī'i usmānī, Asia Minor.

تاطیطی (G. derirys), A stone which is said to assist women in labour.

anāghāius, A sort of stone. الاغاطس

ināghālis, الاغالس anāghulus (G.

ἀναγαλλὶς), The herb pimpernel.

augmenting, adding to; exceeding, being over and above; projecting, overhanging.

ועם ināq, Secure, safe, free from

anxiety.

الليقى anālīkī (corruption of G. ἀκαλύφη),

A nettle, or its seed.

a anam, Mankind, mortals; creatures; jinn; demons.

A أنامل anāmil (pl. of anmilat), Fingers; tips of the fingers.

ωυ ānān (pl. of ān), Those.

A wit unan (v.n. of wi), Greaning; a grean; one who greans much.

A out annan, A great groaner, one who groans.

A &U annānat, annānah (fem. of the pre-

ceding), Groaning (woman).

A Livi anānīyat (from Vi ana', I), Egotism; self-worship, selfishness.

ناوانتيز an āwāftīz, An anabaptist. اناوانتيز anāhīd, The planet Venus.

الائی anā'ī, Stupid, foolish. الب anab, The egg-plant.

A منها ambā (pl. of naba'), News, tidings; —imbā' (v.n. 4 of انها), Announcing, bringing news or tidings.

A انبات imbat (v.n. 4 of لبت), Growing,

causing to grow.

انباخون aṃbākhūn, A castle, a fortification. مراباده ambāda, Vain-glorious; purse-proud.

וּשׁלְ ambār, Full to the brim, replete; a pond, a reservoir; filth, dung, manure; dilapidation, a falling to pieces of a house or a wall; fodder;—ambār dādan, To manure;—imbār (for īn-bār), This time, now.

البار ه ambār (pl. of nibr), Ricks, stacks of corn; name of a city in Chaldea, and a village in Balkh.

انبار عانه aṃbār-<u>kh</u>āna, A magazine, **a** store.

البار دار ambar-dar, The keeper of a maga-

انبار دارى ambār-dārī, Whatever is laid up against a scarcity.

انبارنكى ambardagi, Repletion; competence.

الباردن ambārdan (S. pṛī, with prep. anu), To fill; to cause to fill.

أنباردة ambārda, Filled, full, replete; affluent; rich.

ambarish, Stuffing, quilting.

ambar-kash, Manurer. انباركش

انباری ambārī, A howda for an elephant. انباری ambārīdan, To fill; to cause to

fill; to pull down.

just ambāz, A companion, associate, partner in trade;—ambāz shudan, To participate in anything.

البازاليدي ambāzānīdan, To go partners. البازاليدي ambāzada, Proud of wealth or family.

ambāznāk, A partner in trade.

مَالِي aṃbāzī, Partnership, joint company;—aṃbāzī kardan, To go partners.

ا البازيدي ambazidan, To become a partner in any common fund of gain or labour; to increase.

الباهتگی ambāshtagī, Moderate competency.

i ambāshtan, To fill; to supply; to sprinkle; to macerate, dilute; to lay in ruins.

الباهنة ambāshta, Filled; choked (well). والجاء ambāgh, A concubine; any woman whom a man lives with beyond one wife.

انباق aṃbāq, A (voluntary) cuckold.

ambālush, A vine.

ولبنا ambān, البناء ambāna, Soft skins (of goats) of the finest kind, such as they call Spanish or Cordovan; a leathern bag,

cloak-bag, portmanteau; a purse; bellows; -ambāni bād, The stomach;—ambāni <u>kh</u>izr, A ewer ;—ambāni sulaimān, A bag in Solomon's possession, which produced anything he wished for ;—ambāni shināwar, A life-belt, a life-buoy.

انبان بار ambān-bār, Fat, pursy ; idle, use-

ambānak, A small البانك ambānak, A small

purse or scrip.

imbisas (v.n. 7 of انبغات البغات الب separated, spread about, scattered.

A رينا ambaj, ambij, An Indian fruit; a

imbijas (v.n. 7 of جس), Flowing out by degrees, little by little.

ambajānī, Belonging to, or البجاني ▲ made at, Mambij; warm paste;—sarīdi ambajānī, Hot bread crumbled down.

ambur, Tweezers, pincers, forceps.

A البرباريس ambarbārīs, Barberries.

ambarud, A pear.

ambarūt, A pear. البروت ambarūt, A pear.

ambura, ambara, A camel or other animal that has shed his coat; a camel or horse used for drawing water; a mountainpass; a tube, pipe;—ambura, Tweezers, pincers, forceps.

انبران ambazān, The last day of the

month.

ambas, انبش ambash, A heap of grain trodden or thrashed out, and sifted.

inbisat (v.n. 7 of البساط inbisat spread out; gladness, joy, cheerfulness, recreation, delight, mirth, gaiety.

ambast, Coarse, thick; bound, shut

up.

انيستة ambasta, Bound ; hard, stiff, difficult to be unloosed; clotted (milk or blood).

ambatarun, Samphire, empetron. البعاث imbi'ās (v.n. 7 of بعث), Being roused up.

imbighā' (v.n. 7 of البهاء ه), Being

sought after; behoving.

ambala (S. amlikā), A tamarind.

ambiman (in Zand and Pazand), A grape.

יאיף ambūb, A bed, cushion, or mat.

a انبوبة ambūba, A reed used by weavers to wind thread upon; a tube, syphon,

البوك ambūt, A root ;—ambūtu 'r-rā'ī, A sort of house-leek; -ambūti maliki, The

amaranth.

البودي ambūdan, To gather; to throw down; to be seized with torpor; to mis-

carry.

ambūzan, Primary matter whence any substance is formed (according to the cosmogony of the Muhammadans); creation.

ambur, Stuffing, filling; pincers,

forceps;—amburi āhangar. Blacksmith's pincers.

a mbus, Bread with seeds in it.

ambūsīdan, To appear. to be manifest; to become benumbed; to rot; to collect.

أنبوش ambūsh, A root.

البون ambūn, Broad, wide, ample, spacious.

البوة ambuh, Large, copious, ample; full; numerous; a multitude, concourse, mob; the falling of a house in ruins; name of a district; -ambūh kardan, To smell, snuff up; to diffuse an odour; to press upon one another (as people in a crowd); to pull down, demolish.

ambūh-rīsh, Thick-bearded.

ambūhnāk, Wide, broad, copious. ambūhī, Thickness, bushiness. luxuriancy; a multitude, a crowd; tumult, bustle; - ambūhī numūdan, To crowd, throng.

أبوى a mbūy, Imp. of ambū'idan, q.v.; (in comp.) spreading odour; odour; emitting

an odour, fetid; ample, copious.

البراثيدن ambū'idan, ambo'idan, To smell

sweetly; to scatter perfume.

amba, The mangoe;—ambuh, A crowd.

A البياء ambiyā' (pl. of nabī'), Prophets. ambir, A rose; repletion; religion, law, institute; clay, mud.

انبيرة ambīra, Chips, shavings, which, when laid on the roof of a house, are incrusted with mud.

ambie, A heap of winnowed grain. ambista, انبيسته ambista, A thing cold, chilly.

ambiq (from G. aμβιξ), An alembic.

انبيلا ambīlā, A rhinoceros. ampāshtagī, Fulness; repletion; competency.

انپاهتن ampāshtan, To fill.

الياهتة ampāshta, Filled.

impash, The herb southern wood. آن ترا ant, Bravo!—ant, anat (for أنت $\bar{a}n \ tu - r\bar{a}$), That for thee.

intibāz (v.n. 8 of لبذ), Retiring into a corner, to one side.

intibah (v.n. 8 of التباة), Waking from sleep.

intijā' (v.n. 8 of جم), Entrusting with a secret.

انتجاب intijāb (v.n. 8 of بحب), Choosing, selecting.

intijā' (v.n. 8 of جج), Seeking provender, foraging; visiting with a view to gain.

intihal (v.n. 8 of حل), Falsely assuming, or attributing to oneself, the sayings or doings of another; professing to belong to this or that religious society.

التخاب intikhāb (v.n. 8 of بخا), Elect

ing, choosing, selecting, picking out; election, choice; extraction, extract.

a عبال التخاب البدة intikhāb-ālūd, من التخاب البدة in-

ti<u>kh</u>āb-zada, Select, choice.

a التخابي intikhābī, Selected, culled; select.

intikhal (v.n. 8 of خل), Separating, sifting, picking out the best.

untruj, Au orange.

intiza' (v.n. 8 of ينزاع له intiza' (v.n. 8 of إنزاع لم

removing forcibly; being torn up.

التساب A التساب intisab (v.n. 8 of التساب), Being related to, or descended from; connection, relation; descent, lineage; (in comp.) related to, connected with, as zafar intieab, Connected with victory, victorious.

A thind intisakh (v.n. 8 of التساغ), Tran-

scribing, copying.

intisäl (v.n. 8 of نسل), Descent,

generation, propagation.

intishar (v.n. 8 of نشر), Spreading abroad, divulging, propagating; propagation, circulation; dispersion, confusion; priapism.

intisāb (v.n. 8 of التماب Rising

up; hating, holding as an enemy.

intisah (v.n. 8 of انتماع intisah (v.n. 8 of to good advice.

intisar (v.n. 8 of نصر), Revenge;

viudictiveness; self-preservation.

intiṣāf (v.n. 8 of التماك مintiṣāf (v.n. 8 of التماك), Being halved; avenging oneself; covering herself with a veil (a girl).

التماع A التماع intizah (v.n. 8 of التماع), Being

sprinkled.

A a التطارى , (نظر intizār (v.n. 8 of التطارى , intizār zārī, Expecting, looking out for, waiting anxiously; expectancy; - intigar burdan (dāshlan, kardan, kashīdan), To anticipate, expect, look forward to.

a التظار أحمور intizar-amez, Mingled with

hope or expectation.

intigar-kash, Expecting, looking انتظاركش

intizām (v.n. 8 of نظم), Being arranged, strung in a line; arrangement, regulation, disposition, order, method, system; plan, scheme; administration, government.

A انتعاش inti'āsh (v.n. 8 of انتعاش), Recovering; regaining one's legs after stumbling; recovery, convalescence; — inti'ash

kardan, To enjoy, to be cheerful.

intifa" (v.n. 8 of اللي), Being destroyed, annihilated.

A two intifakh (v.n. 8 of فقع), Swelling, becoming inflated, blown up.

انتفاش م intifash (v.n. 8 of انتفاش م), Standing on end (hair).

intifāz (v.n. 8 of نفض), Being

shaken, beaten (a garment).

ful, profitable, beneficial, availing; deriving advantage, being benefited; utility, profit, advantage; — intifă' giriftan, To derive profit, to gain advantage.

intigad (v.n. 8 of نقد), Receiving

ready money.

a انتقاش intiqueh (v.n. 8 of انتقاش), Taking shape; extracting (a thorn); striking the ground with the foot to rid it of a thorn or stone.

A المام), Diminish (المام), Diminish انتقاص

ing; being diminished.

intiqāz (v.n. 8 of نقض), Being demolished (a building), untwisted (a rope), violated (a treaty, a covenant).

- A انتقال intiqal (v.n. 8 of نقل), Being transported. translated; transplanted, transporting, transmitting, transferring; migration, transportation; transfer, transit, passage; deportation, extradition; circulation; death; transmigration.
- a انتفالكننده intiqal-kunanda, One who conveys, alienor.
- a مَالَكُمْ intique giranda, Transferce, alieuee.
- a انتقالناسه inliqāl-nāma, Deed of transfer or conveyance.
- a انتقالي intiqālī, Transfer of property; property transferred; — intigālī rusūm, Transfer fees.
- intigam (v.u. 8 of قمر), Punishing, chastising; taking vengeance; loathing, abhorring; reproving, rebuking; vengeance; azīzu 'l-intiqām, (God) the supreme avenger; -intiqām kashīdan (giriftan), To take ven-

intikās (v.n. 8 of نكس), Being turned upside down, capsized.

a انتله سودا intila'i saudā, Zedoaria.

intimā' (v.n. 8 of نمى), Being related to another; relation, regard to, tendency; with regard to; (in comp.) related to, connected with, resembling, as ru'unatintima', Resembling pride, stately or proud,

L انتون antūn, Anthony.

antūnitan (in Zand and Pazand), To have.

A مانتهاء intiha' (v.n. 8 of بهي), Termination, end, extremity; utmost point or limit, summit; utmost extent; completion.

A بالبتا intihāb (v.n. 8 of بياب), Seizing, making a prey of, spoiling; rapine, depredation, spoil, booty.

intihar (v.n. 8 of نهر), Shouting;

digging a canal or watercourse.

intihaz (v.n. 8 of باز م watching for, finding an opportunity; -intihaz numūdan, To seize an opportunity (m.c.).

intihas (v.n. 7 of نهس), Seizing with the front teeth.

intihūz (v.n. 7 of نهض), The act of rising, getting up.

A التهاك intihak (v.n. 8 of التهاك , Violation (of honour, virtue, or respect).

inti'āsh (v.n. 8 of التعاش لله inti'āsh (v.n. 8 of ing behind.

intiyāsh (v.n. 8 of نوش), Taking,

receiving.

antīlis, The sea kidney vetch, anthyllis.

insilām (v.n. 7 of ثلم), Being notched and broken.

A Alal unsá. A female.

A الثيان ungayān, (dual) The testicles; the ears.

anaj, A medlar. face; going out; drawing forth; about, round about.

► ānjā, There, in that place, thither : az ānjā ki, On account of, because.

A injā' (v.n. 4 of جی), Liberating, saving; salvation.

A the'l injah (v.n. 4 of جا), Being prosperous, successful; giving success (God).

anjār, Name of a country.

injāz (v.n. 4 of خور), Fulfilling a promise, consummating, accomplishing.

anjās (pl. of najs, nijs, &c.), Impurities (anjāsi ajnāsi shayāļīn, Dung of all sorts of devils, i.e. infidels); -injās (v.n. 4 of ہےس), Soiling, staining, defiling, rendering impure.

ānjāq (dialectal for ānjā), There.

that, by which.

anjālānīdan, Caus. of the follow-

ا باليدن anjālīdan, To fill, saturate; to restrain impetuosity, to check audacity; to fatigue; to signify; to admonish, to twist.

anjam, End, extremity, termination, conclusion; an appendix, a supplement; grief, anxiety, vexation, affliction, sorrow; (in comp.) finishing, accomplishing; who or what finishes or brings to an end;anjāmi jāwīd paiwand, Infinite time, eternity; -anjām dādan, To make an end of, to finish; to carry out (m.c.); -anjām giriftan, To end, to terminate, to be completed (m.c.); -- anjām yāft, Is it all finished?ba anjām rasānīdan, To bring to a termination, to accomplish (m.c.); —ta'zīm-anjām, Most respectful;—sa'ādat-anjām, Happy, fortunate; — salāmi salāmat-anjām, affectionate salutation; - mazmūni balāghat-anjam, A letter written in most elegant stye; -- zalām-anjām, Dark, obscure.

anjāman, The end of anything.

anjāmīdan, انجاميدن anjāmīdan, انجاميدن To come to an end, be finished; to end, ensue; to finish, accomplish.

anjabār, injabār, A kind of plant growing on the banks of the Euphrates, which, with a preparation of sugar, &c., they apply to stop hemorrhages and bleedings of every kind.

A جبار injibar (v.n. 7 of جبار), Being set (a fractured limb); being repaired.

A انگبین angabīn (for P. انگبین angabīn), Honey.

anjukh, Imp. of anjukhīdan; a wrinkle, crease, furrow.

anjukht, Desire, concupiscence.

anjukhtan, To desire, to be or become wrinkled (on the brow, belly, &c.); to leap, bound.

anjukhīdan, To become wrinkled. وانكدان anjudan, Ar. form of P. انجدان q.v.

injizāb (v.n. 7 of جذب), Being drawn or attracted; attraction, enticement, inclination, affection; running fast.

injizām (v.n. 7 of جزم linjizām (v.n. 7 of اجدام

putated.

injirār (v.n. 7 of جرار A انجرار), Being drawn out; (in gram.) being marked with the vowel kasr.

اخراك anjirak, Marjoram; name of a desert.

== \ anjarūt, Flesh-glue.

anjara, A nettle.

A مناجس anjas, Dirtier, nastier, most squalid.

anjisā, A species of herb, bugloss. anjaskidan, To return; to retain, hold back.

anjugh, A wrinkle, a furrow.

anjukak, اجل anjukak اجك unjuk, اجك anjulak, Marsh-mallows.

انجسکیدن anjakīdan, = انجسکیدن q.v.

A anjum (pl. of najm), Stars;anjum afshurdan, To make firm ;-anjumi roz, The sun.

njimād, A congelation, a curdling.

anjum-sipāh, With an army (numerous) as the stars.

anjum-soz (star-consuming), The

anjum-shukoh, Displaying the pomps of the stars.

anjum-kada, Abounding in stars (a garden with regard to its flowers).

o+= anjuman, A company, assembly, banquet, congregation, synagogue, congress, any place where people meet and converse; a multitude; -anjuman shudan, To be gathered, collected; — anjumani kah-kashān, The milky way; — anjumani qurdūn-paimāy, The seven planets: --anjumani mar u mūr, A multitude of serpents and auts.

anjuman afroz, Brightening or انجمن افروز enlightening the assembly.

anjuman say, A companion, associate, favourite.

anjuman-tarāz, An ornament انجمن طراز of the assembly.

anjumon-gāh, A place of assembling.

اجن anjan, A pounding, pulverizing; a

cutting; trouble, chagrin; collyrium, antimony.

A الجناب injinab (v.n. 7 of الجناب Aversion, disinglination.

anjanidan, To be broken; to divide; to afflict, vex; to be anxious; to be disgusted.

anjū, An island; name of an island.

anjūj, The wood of aloes.

ting anjukh, Flaceid, withered, flat, wrinkled, changed in colour; a wrinkle;

anjūkhtan, To be wrinkled; to acquire.

anjūkhīdagī, Corrugation.

anjūkhīdan, To be full of wrinkles.

anjūsā, Bugloss.

anju', Hiccup; pustules on the lips after a fever.

انجوع anjūgh, A wrinkle, fold, plait; spittle; — anjugh giriftan, To contract wrinkles.

anjūghīdan, To become wrinkled. q.v. أنجوكتن anjūftan, = أنجوفتن

anjūk, Name of au unknown desert. anjidan, To crumble (bread); to cup; to extract; to irrigate; to irritate,

anjida, Pounded, crumbled, cleft asunder; wild leek.

anjīr, A fig; a hole; foramen podicis; name of a river; -anjīri ādom, anjīri dashtī, Adam's fig, a kind of Indian fruit, resembling a gourd, round and red, with a small white point in the middle;anjīri wazīrī, A kind of fig, white and deli-

انجان anjirdan, To bore a hole, drill, perforate.

anjīra, Foramen ani; a fig; name عبرة of a fountain near Yazd; travelling apparatus.

anjīl, Name of a river; — injīl, anjīl (from G. εὐαγγέλιον). The gospel;ahli injil, Christians, gospellers.

a انجيلى injīlī, An evangelist.

anjīn, Pulverized; a pulverizer; a plasterer.

ānchunān, Thus, so, in that or like أخينان manner; $-\bar{a}nchun\bar{a}n$ ki, So that, in the same way, like as, even as.

anchakht, Cupidity; expectation. ānchish (for an chi o-rā), That which for him.

As Tanchi, That which; whatever.

A alsi anhā' (pl. of nahw), Ways, roads; kinds, sorts.

A باعداب inhidab (v.n. 7 of صدب), Being hunchbacked.

inhiraf (v.n. 7 of حرك), Turning (from), shunning, avoiding; changing; deflection, inversion, declination (in astronomy); swerving, defection, revolt, rebellion; apostasy; recantation; infraction, violation; defect, disease, distemper;inhirāf warzīdan, To swerve, to deviate; to sow rebellion.

A jimhisar (v.n. 7 of , Being lesieged, confined, straitened; siege, blockade;

restraint, restriction.

A blood inhitety (v.n. 7 of be), Sinking, descending; falling, being reduced (price of provisions), lowered (character); descending, alighting; walking fast; decline, decay.

A مطم inhitam (v.n. 7 of مطم), Being

broken.

anhaftīnā, A kind of pomegranate التعطينا flower.

A المان inhilal (v.n. 7 of مل), Being loosed, untied, relaxed, loosened.

A w= 1 anhan, Hunchbacked.

A منو inhinā' (v.n. 7 of منو Being bent and curved.

A كانت inkhidā' (v.n. 7 of كندع), Being deceived, cheated, duped.

A كَاخِ inkhirā' (v.n. 7 of كِيّ), Being split open, or broken to pieces; being dislocated (a joint).

A خرى inkhiraq (v.n. 7 of خرى), Being torn.

A كَانِكا inkhizā' (v.n. 7 of كره), Being broken in two, cut off; bending from age or weakness.

A معرل inkhizāl (v.n. 7 of الخوال Proceed. ing heavily and slowly.

A اخساك inkhisāf (v.n. 7 of خساك), Being eclipsed (the moon).

A الخصار inkhisär (v.n. 7 of مصر), Being short.

م اختفاض inkhifaz (v.n. 7 of اختفاض , Being depressed; falling into a low place; being marked with the vowel kasr.

ا تخفاك Inkhifaf (v.n. 7 of محف), Lightness, levity.

A اختلاع inkhila' (v.n. 7 of علع), Being up-rooted.

ചി and, Some, any; so much, so many, as many as; number between three and ten; a period of 500 ages or 15,000 years; liquorice; a doubtful or equivocal speech; expression of thanks, admiration, surprise; hope, desire; they are (3rd pers. pl. of the auxiliary verb būdan).

anda, Plastering the roof of a house; a plasterer; calumny; a visionary dream such as pious persons are occasionally

favoured with.

andāba, A plasterer's trowel.

andacha (in Zand and Pazand), Consideration, thought.

انداختري andākhtan (imp. andāz), To throw, cast, dart, shoot, lance, hurl; to shake, drive about; to eject, to inject; to force away; to rush; to disperse, scatter, strew, diffuse; to do, make.

sluit andād, The herb nose-smart; plaster.

A shut andād (pl. of nidd), Like, similar; equals.

الدان andādan, To incrust; to desire. andār, A narrative, story, tale, fic-

tion.

الدارس andāris, Name of the person whose messenger to 'Azrā had his eyes torn out by her.

condaz, Imp. of andakhtan; the incrustation of a wall, plaster, parget; an instrument, a trowel with which they plaster walls; a measure, a certain quantity; valuation, guess; purpose, intention; (in comp.) throwing, darting, scattering, seeking, measuring.

الدازا andāzā, Throwing.

andāza, An ell, a yard; measure, quantity, dimension; proportion, symmetry; a specimen, copy; strength; a belt, leathern strap, shoe-latchet; worthy;—andāza kardan (bastan, dādan, giriftan, nigāhdāshtan), To measure, to guess; to estimate, calculate;—bar dīgar andāza kardan, To change, to alter.

أندازه كير andāza-gir, Measure-taking; an appraiser.

الدازي andāzī, A shot; shooting, darting. الدازين andāzīdan, To throw; to measure; to make.

انداس andas, Measure; guess, computation.

andāshgar, A plasterer. الداهكر

andām, The body; a member, a limb; stature, figure, form (of the body); exact proportion, justness, symmetry; order, arrangement; ornament; beauty; good breeding; rule, custom; a court, area;—andāmi pesh, andāmi sharm, Pudeudum;—andāmi dānā, The fore-finger;—andām zadan, andām andām kardan, To dismember, to cut up (the former also to recall past griefs);—andāmi nihānī, The privy member;—jāriyati sīm-andām, A virgin of silver limbs.

م indām (v.n. 4 of ندم), Making re-

pent.

brance (of friends or past events); a historical narrative.

الدان andān, Term, mode, manner; an ell. الدار andāv, Garden-herbs, cresses; (also āndāv) cement.

الداوش andāwish, The incrustation of a wall. الداوة andāwa, A trowel; calumny; complaint.

أنداريدن andāwīdan, To plaster; incrusta-

su, sul andāwīda, Plastered, bedaubed.

الداى andāy, Plastering; a plasterer; cement, plaster; complaint.

اندایش andāyish, Plastering; cement,

plaster.

الدايشكر andāyishgar, A plasterer, a pargeter. ه الداية andāya, A trowel; slander, detraction.

اندائودي andā'īdan, To incrust; to covet.
A كابيا indibāgh (v.n. 7 of عن), Being tanned (a hide).

الدجان andajān, Name of a city in Turkistān.

الدعس anda<u>kh</u>e, الدعس anda<u>kh</u>asw, A protector; protection, place of refuge, asylum.

اندغسوارة anda<u>kh</u>as-wāra, A citadel; an asylum; a protector.

الدغسيدن andakhsīdan, To protect; to take refuge.

اندخش andakhsh, An asylum; protection.

الدوارة andakhwārah, A sanctuary; a citadel, a fortress.

الدعور anda<u>kh</u>wur, anda<u>kh</u>war, Worthy,

suitable, proper.

الدر andar, Iu, into, within; added to the words pidar, mādar, birādar, and khwāhar, it implies step-father, step-mother, half-brother, and half-sister.

andar, More or most rare; a barn or other place where grain is thrashed or trodden out; name of a village near Aleppo.

וניקוֹת andar-āb (in the water), An islet; name of a city on the confines of Khurāsān towards India, near Ghaznin; name of another city in Gilān, on the south-west side of the Caspian Sea.

A الدرق indiraj (v.n. 7 of الدرق), Being rolled or folded together; being inserted; insertion; entry; extinction of a family.

A ندراس indirās (v.n. 7 of درس), Being obliterated, erased.

الدران andarân, A species of gum; (for andar ān) in or within that; meanwhile.

الدرايين indarāyīn, The fruit of the colocynth.

الدرباي andar-hāy, Necessity; necessary; suspended, inverted.

الدربايست andar-bāyist, Requisite, necessary.

t الدربيك andar-beg, (Admitted) amongst the great; also amongst the higher order of demons.

الدرجاة andar-jāh, An interior place; a supplemental day (of which five are added to the Persian year, to make their twelve months, of thirty days each, equal to a solar year).

indirjav, Sparrow's tougue (a plant). الدرجو الدر خورا andar-<u>kh</u>war, الدر خورا andarkhwarā, الدر خورا andar-<u>kh</u>ward, Worthy, proper, deserving: convenient.

اندر غوردن andar-khwardan, To deserve, to merit; to be proper, convenient, agreeable, suitable, well adapted.

andar-khwarand, Worthy,

proper.

juil andars, A testament, last will, pre-

cept, admonition, counsel, advice; relation, narrative; a book, a writing.

ויין נו andar-zā (bred within), A stone

found in the gall-bladder of an ox.

الدرز كردة هدة andarz karda shuda, Enjoined by a will; an administrator, executor.

الدرز كنندة andarz kunanda, A testator.

اندر کشیدی andar kashidan, To lead an

army; to march; to arrive.

الدر كاهان andar-gāhān, Intermediate times; five intercalary days added to the Persian year (see الدر جاة).

اندر نوهتن andar nawishtan, To obliterate. اندر ما andarū, Together, all at once; with

himself, it is his.

الدرواة andarwā, الدرواة andarwāzh, الدرواة andarwāzh, الدرواي andarwāy, Inverted, headdownwards; suspended; astonished, bewildered; desire, need.

الدروائي andarwa'ī, Astonishment, stupor; a hanging down of the head; desire, wish. الدروب andurob, Ringworm; dry scab.

ענת באנים andarūkhūrūn, Tares, darnel. וענת באנים andarūkhūn, The wood of the prickly shrub נוֹן באַבים q.v.

andarūd, Incrustation; decoration.

andarward, Breeches.

spy; mortar, plaster; a court-house; a market-place.

هار andarūs, Name of the lover of الدروس hārū, q.v., according to the P. version of the tale of Hero and Leander.

ه الدروصارون andarūṣārūn, Honeysuckle.

o اندرومانس andarūsāqas, The herb navel-

و اندروالس andarūṭāqas, The herb navel-

اندروماهس andarūmāchus (G. 'Ανδρόμαχος), Audromachus.

وين andarūn, Within; the inside; the beart, bowels; intrinsic, interior, internal;—andarūni masjid, Within the temple;—dar andarūn raftan, To go in, to enter.

الدري الدر الدر andarūn-andar, A strap, a

thong for measuring.

الدرون andarūna, = والدرون q.v.; a sheet; a shirt; a doublet.

andarūnī, Internal; fine linen.

اندرهست andarhast, Wild saffron, dog's-

اندر اين andarīn (for اندر اين), In this ; andarīn mustarāḥ, In this world.

الدريمان andarīmān, Name of a Turanian

andaz, Proposal, intention; conjecture, opinion; name of a herb, useful in curing diseases of horses; a celebrated man;—andiz, A bridle, strap, or leathern thong for measuring.

indisas (v.n. 7 of دمّس), Being

hid in the ground, buried.

andishmar, A lecture, a discourse.

الدهمال andishmāl, A lecture; a clear

A الدفاع indifā' (v.n. 7 of دفع), Being repelled, warded off, prohibited; repulsion; running fast (horse); being carried away by one's speech.

A دنتی indifaq (v.n. 7 of دنتی), Being

poured forth (water).

الدقاق indigaq (v.n. 7 of دق), Being pounded.

i q.v. الدقاوةو andeququ, = الدقوقو

andak, Little, few, small;—andak andak, By little and little, by small degrees, a trifle at a time;—ba-andak zamān, In a short time, soon.

اندك عرد andak-khirad, Of little under-

standing.

اندگ سال andak-säl, Of tender years, young.

andak-shumār, Small in number. الدك عمار andak-māl, Poor, indigent.

اندكى andakī, A little; littleness; a small number; scarcity; (adverbially) in a short time.

city lying between Samarkand and China.

الدلام indilās (v.n. 7 of دلم), Slipping through the hands and falling to the ground.

A الدلس andalus, Spain, so called by the Arabians, from Andalusia, the province which was first conquered in the year of the Hijra 92 (A.D. 710) by Tārik Bin Ziyād, under the reign of Al Walid, the thirteenth successor to Muhammad.

ān-dam, Then, at that breath, at

that moment,

A الدمال indimāl (v.n. 7 of دمل), Being healed and cicatrized (a wound), cicatrization; recovery; improvement

andama, Remembrance of past

grief.

اندو andav, Plaster; a pitcher;—andū, Within.

الدوج andoj, Ringworm, ecab.

اندر عنر) andokhtan, To acquire, collect; to pay a debt.

اندوعتهٔ andokhta, Acquired, gained; profit; a treasury;—andokhtahā, Gains.

اندوخش andokhish, Gain, profit, emolument.

in comp.) incrusted with, as sar-andūd, washed with gold, gilt, &c.

اندردن andudan, To incrustate, plaster, cover over, anoint, smear; to gild, plate,

wash over; to twist.

q.v. اندوند andwadand, = اندودند

الدودة andūdu, Anointed; incrusted, &c. الدوز andoz, (in comp.) Gaining, acquiring; seizing, occupying; collecting, gathering; collected, gathered, as zulmat-andos, Gathering darkness, &c.

الديوالدة andozanda, Acquiring; a gainer. andoza, A violet; endive.

andonidan, To gain, acquire, collect; to repay a debt; to remove, to send

andosha, الدورة andosha, A violet; endive.

الدوك andūk, Anxiety, grief, trouble, CATA

andūl, A carpet nailed upon four posts and serving as throne to the kings of Zanguebar.

ألدون andun, There ; then ; thus (see إلدون). andun (contraction of andudan),

Plaster, cement; ointment.

andward, Upside down, scattered. anduh, Anxiety, grief, care, anguish, aversion, disgust;—andūh khwurdan, To be anxious and careful; to grieve.

andūh-gusār, أندوة كسار andūh-gusār, Who or what relieves sorrow, removes

andūhnāk, Me-اندوةناك andūhnāk, Melancholy.

andūhnākī, Grief, sadness.

andūha, A recollection of past sor-

andūhīdan. To mourn, grieve, الدوهيدن fret.

anduh, Grief, sadness; care, anxiety. indihāsh (v.n. 7 of دهش), Being astonied, astonnded, amazed.

anduhān (pl. of anduh), Cares.

andaqūqū, The lote tree.

anduh-gusar, Who allays another's grief.

andi, Especially, particularly, chiefly; perhaps, may be; also; surprise; hope;

હમુગ્રો andidan, To wonder, be surprised or disturbed in mind; to speak obscurely, ambiguously, doubtfully, softly; to incrustate (this meaning doubtful); to be lazy.

andisi, A mode of writing.

andesh, (in comp.) Thinking, meditating, devising, considering, reflecting, as khair-andesh, Meditating on what is good, thinking well, well-wisher, &c.

andeshānīdan. To cause to

tbink.

andeshmand, اندیشناک andeshnak,

Thoughtful.

andesha, Consideration, thought, meditation; jealousy; suspicion; fear; reverie; care, anxiety;—andesha kardan, To

مىلج أنديشة andesha-sanj, Weighing thoughts; pondering over sorrow.

andesha-mand, Thoughtful. الديشة مند andesha-gār, Thoughtful. انديشة كار

andesha-gari, Thoughtfulness. الديشة ناك andesha-nāk, Thoughtful.

andeshidagi, Thoughtfulness, care.

الديشيدي andeshidan. To consider, meditate; —bar andeshidan, The same.

andik, And therefore, therefore, because; would to heaven; perhaps, may be; a crowd.

andīnā, A water-melon.

inzār (v.n. 4 of نذر), Warning, deterring, putting in fear; fearing; sending a message of dehortation; admonition, caution.

anzarii, The bezoar-stone. A anar, Ugly, hideous; bad.

in anra, Him; to him; that; to that, inrāra. Plaster falling from a wall. an-rū, The opposite side ;—an-rū'i ab,

Across the sea; (met.) in the other world. anrūb, Ringworm, scab; the mange. וני anaz (=יני), Ugly, hideous, bud ;—anz

(انوه=)), A lentil.

انزاف A inzāf (v.n. 4 of انزاف), Exhausting (a well, tears, &c.); coming or bringing to an end (grief); being intoxicated; intoxi-

anzāl (pl. of nuzl), Provisions prepared for a guest; -inzâl (v.n. 4 of زول), Causing to descend, sending down; emitting; seminal effusion; -inzāl dādan (zadan, kardan), To send down, &c.

inzijār (v.n. 7 of زجر), Being re-

pulsed, prohibited, reproved

anzarū, The bezoar-stone.

anzarūt, Sarcocolla, flesh-glue. A Eyi anza', Bald about the temples.

ansalī, Enzeli, town on the Caspian. أنونان an-saman, That time; then, at that time.

انون anzan, Breadth.

inziwa' (v.n. 7 of زوى), Retiring into a corner or cell (a recluse); retirement, seclusion, a solitary life; -inziwa giriftan, To retire into seclusion, &c.

.¶. انروب=anzūb انزوب anzha, A lentil.

anas, More or most familiar; anis, Social, cheerful;—ins, Mankind;—uns, Being intimate; sociableness; familiarity, friendliness, friendship, love, affection; society, companionship; cheerfulness; -uns giriftan, To associate.

انساه A أنساء insā' (v.n. 4 of إنساء), Making

one to forget.

A انساب ansab (pl. of nasab), Genealo-

gies; generations; families; lines. A السان insūn, Man, mankind; human being, mortal.

u انسانی insanī, Human. ه انسانی insānīyat, Human nature, humanity; courtesy, civility, urbanity, polite-

A ansab, More or most convenient, agreeable, befitting, conformable, advisable, proper.

انسيروك insprük, Innsbruck (m.c.). A انسا anasat, unsat (v.n. of السام),

ان اهزمه معمسانسن سینه

Being intimate, social, and cheerful; intimacy.

The place of existing

آنستان ānistān, The place of existing

things.

أنستة , ānasta, cīnsta, أنستة anista, Root of the herb su'd (galangal).

A انسجال insijāl (v.n. 7 of سجل), Being poured out (as water).

A haplain insijam (v.n. 7 of ...), Flow-

ing (tears, water, &c.).

A السحاب insihāb (v.n. 7 of سحاب),

Being trailed along.

السماق insiḥāq (v.n. 7 of سمال), Being ground, pulverized.

السداد م insidad (v.n. 7 of سنة), Becoming closed, stopped up; prevention, hindrance, preventive measure; bar, obstacle.

A انسلاغ insilākh (v.n. 7 of سلخ , Being

drawn forth; disappearing (moon).

A انسلاك insilāk (v.n. 7 of سلك), Being

inserted, or threaded.

A انسلال insilal (v.n. 7 of آس), Falling or dropping out from the midst (as a sword from the sheath).

آنسو قَn-sü, آنسو قَn-sūy, That side, thither, from the other side, through.

A أنسول ansá, Afflicted with sciatica.

a insī, A man; the interior part, the inside (of a bow or of the foot); the left or near side (the off side being called waḥshī).

A انسياق insiyāq (v.n. 7 of سوق), Being stimulated, impelled, driven, urged for-

ward, running.

الشاء inshā' (v.n. 4 of الشاء), Creating, producing, composing; writing, composition; style, elegance of style, especially in letter-writing; the belles lettres;—inshā kardan, To create, produce, compose, &c.

a انشا پردازی inshā-pardāzī, Elegance of

style.

sy. انشانا anshūṣa, A certain black grain, currant (غيزك j q.v.).

A انشاد inshād (v.n. 4 of انشاد), Quoting or reciting poetry; giving information concerning a thing lost;—inshād kardan, To quote, &c.

A أنشار (v.n. 4 of نشر), Raising (anything) from its place; collecting and carrying bones (which had been taken away) to their proper repository, and piling them one upon another.

a الشالله in shā 'llāh, If God wills, please God, Deo volente;—in shā 'llāh ta'ālá, If God the Most High wills (more emphatic

than the preceding).

مرة inshirāh (v.n. 7 of مره), Being opened, expanded (the heart); being cheerful, breathing freely.

inshiqaq (v.n. 7 of معى), Being

divided, split, cleft, or broken up.

g الشينية anshīniya, Commemoration festivals.

A انماب anṣāb (pl. of naṣb), Idols; pains, griefs, achings.

أنست inṣāt (v.n. 4 of انسات A, Keeping

silence.

A sistants, friends, helpers, auxiliaries, applied particularly to the citizens of Madīna, who assisted Muhammad when obliged to fly from Mecca.

a المارى anṣārī, Belonging to those friends of Muhammad who are called anṣār; a tribe of Muhammadan shaikhs, supposed to have come originally from Mecca.

A العالى inṣāf (pl. of nisf), Halves; (pl. of naṣāf) middle-aged (men or women); —inṣāf (v.n. 4 of لعم), Dividing, taking half; acting justly; justice, equity; impartiality, fairness, equitable adjustment; decision;—inṣāf dādan (kardan), To exercise justice, &c.—inṣāf sitāndan, To avenge;—bā-inṣāf, With justice; just; justly;—be-inṣāf, Unjust.

inṣāfan, Quite right! all right!

(m.c.).

أسباب insibab (v.n. 7 of متب), Being outpoured; being shed, spilled.

A إلى insida (v.n. 7 of ومدع), Being

split asunder, disjoined.

nṣirāf (v.n. 8 of مرف), Retiring,

going off, returning; departure.

insirām (v.n. 7 of مرم), Being broken off, cut off, terminated; ending, completion, conclusion; performance; administration, management.

ansaf, More or most just and

equitable.

A أشباط inzibāṭ (v.n. 7 of مبط inzibāṭ (v.n. 7 of مبط bound, determined or regulated; maintaining order; regulation, restraint; self-control;—inzibāṭi auqāṭ, Time-table; routine

A النمام inzimām (v.n. 7 of مثر), Being drawn together; adjoining; close contact, conjunction.

intaq (v.n. 4 of نطق), Bestowing the faculty of speech; enabling to speak.

antākiya, Antioch.

A انطباع intiba (v.n. 7 of طبع h, Being stamped, impressed, printed; impression; typography (m.c.).

اَنطُولتر an-laraf-tar, Farther on or in (m.c.).

ملفى intifa' (v.n. 7 of الطفاء), Being extinguished, quenched; going out (a fire).

A نطلاق intilaq (v.n. 7 of طلق), Departing,

going away.
انطيون antalyūn (G. ἀντήλιος), The rain-

bow.

A الطماس intimās (v.n. 7 of طمس), Being obliterated, effaced.

A ماري intiwa' (v.n. 7 of طوی), Being folded together, coiled up.

antūniyā, A kind of succory.

anzār (pl. of nazar), Looks,

glances; eyes; — $inz\bar{a}r$ (v.n. 4 of w),

Giving time, respiting.

an'ām (pl. of na'am), Cattle, especially camels; -in'am (v.n. 4 of , Bestowing abundance, conferring a favour; benefaction, favour; donative, largess, gratuity, gift, present; reward, prize; grant of rent-free land; -in'ami ikram, An honourable or distinguishing gift; $-in'\bar{a}m$ farmūdan, To bestow a favour.

in'amat (pl. of in'am), Pre-

sents; favours.

a انعام دار in'ām-dār, A holder of an in'ām. one enjoying rent-free land; a beneficiary.

in'idam (v.n. 7 of عدم in'idam (v.n. 7 of معدم), Annihilation.

in'isar (v.n. 7 of عصر), Being squeezed, expressed.

in'itaf (v.n. 7 of عطف), Being

bent, turned, folded.

n'ifar (v.n. 7 of عفر), Being انعفار rolled in, soiled with dust.

انعکاس A انعکاس in'ikās (v.n. 7 of انعکاس), Being reversed or inverted; inversion; reflection, repercussion, reverberation.

inghimás (v.n. 7 of انغماس ه),

Being plunged into water.

anf. A nose, a ness; the beginning of anything; the strongest or most vehement of anything; a leader, lord, prince; (v.n.) reaching as high as the nose; aching of the nose; — anaf, Disdain, reproach; — unuf, Not grazed upon (pasture); (a cup) out of which nobody has drunk; anything new or fresh.

A انفاذ infāz (v.n. 4 of انفاذ), Being current; making current, sending; causing to pass or penetrate (as a sword, &c.); transmitting; issuing an order.

anfar (pl. of nafar), Individuals,

persons; soldiers; servants.

انفاز A infaz (v.n. 4 of انفاز), Turning (an arrow upon the nail, to try its goodness).

A انفاس anfās (pl. of nafas), Breathings, respirations, spirits; breaths, words (anfāsi mushk-bār, Sweet or musky words) ;--infas (v.n. 4 of نفس), Rendering wishful, desirous; being choice and precious (nafis).

انفاش infāsh (v.n. 4 of نفاش), Allowing to pasture at night without a herdsman

(cattle or horses).

infag, Oil of olives; —unfag, The juice of unripe grapes.

infaq (v.n. 4 of نفاق), Expending, disbursing; spending (one's substance), waxing poor; being brisk (market).

anfāl (pl. of nafal), Plunder, spoils (especially those taken from unbelievers in the Muhammadan religion).

anfat, anafat, Loss, damage.

انفتاق A infitaq (v.n. 7 of نشتان), Being split, burst in sunder; bursting.

anfaj, Gained; gain, acquisition .(.v.) الفنج=)

A ما انجوار infijar (v.n. 7 of مجار), Bursting

out and flowing freely.

A Law infahat, infahhat, infihhat, A kind of substance of a yellow colour which is taken from the stomachs of sucking lambs or kids, and preserved in cotton for curdling milk; rennet; — infahat, A certain

anfakhd, Gain ; capi- اللخت anfakhd, Gain ; capi-

tal, stock.

anfakhtan, To gain, to acquire. anfada, Idle talker, babbler; flighty.

infiraq (v.n. 7 of فرق), Beiug sepa-

rated, divided.

anfas, More or most precious ; anfus (pl. of nafs), Minds, spirits, souls; persons.

infisah (v.n. 7 of فسع), Being spacious and roomy; being joyful; joy.

anfast, A spider's web.

انفصال A infiṣāl (v.n. 7 of انفصال), Being separated; separation, division; adjustment, settlement, decision (of a case).

infisam (v.n. 7 of انفصام), Being broken without a separation of the parts.

a يانمام بلاير infiṣām-pazīr, Broken, interrupted.

infiçaç (v.n. 7 of فض), Being broken; being separated, scattered, dispersed (flocks).

infitar (v.n. 7 of فطر), Being split,

cleft, riven.

anfa', More or most convenient, profitable, available, or serviceable.

م انفعال infi'al (v.n. 7 of انفعال), Shame, ignominy; modesty; confusion; — infial burdan (khwurdan, dáshtan, kashīdan), To blush, to be askamed;—infial dadan, To put to shame.

anfaghda, Liquid gold or silver. anfaqda, Liquid gold or silver.

anfaquni rumi, A species of inodorous rose.

الفكاك infikāk (v.n. 7 of فلك), Being put out of joint; dislocation; being set free; release; redemption (of a pledge, &c.).

infilaq (v.n. 7 of نالق), Being split,

shivered.

anfanj, Glue.

انفوج anfūj (probably misspelling for انفوج), A wrinkle ;—unfūj, A badger.

anfiya, Snuff (m.c.).

a وانعة دان anfiya-dān, Snuff-box.

inaq (for ايلك q.v.), Behold! lo! there!

anaq (v.n.), Being joyful and glad : joy, cheerfulness.

ingāz (v.n. 4 of نقذ), Setting at

liberty. anqās (pl. of niqs), Writing inks.

Making a نقض ingâz (v.n. 4 of انتعاض

noise in chewing (birds, camels, &c.); pressing heavily on the back (load).

انعاع ه ingā' (v.n. 4 of انعاع ه), Macerating or dissolving (a medicine in water) and applying it; steeping, soaking; raising dust; following the voice of one who shouts; stagnating (water).

inqibaz (v.n. 7 of قبض), Being seized, grasped, clutched; detention, retention; contraction; constipation.

inqihām (v.n. 7 of القحام), Being forced into.

anqad, A hedgehog.

a مقدرها ,ān-qadarhā, So many, so much.

ingirāz (v.n. 7 of قرص), Becoming extinct, disappearing without leaving a vestige; extinction of a family or dynasty.

anqardiyā (G. ἀνακάρδιον), A kind of Indian fruit, Anacardium or Malacca

e.v.). بلادر=) bean

A أنقسام inqisam (v.n. 7 of أنقسام), Being divided into parts; division, partition, dis-

angas, More or most deficient.

A القمام inqişām (v.n. 7 of قصم), Being broken, so that the parts become separated.

القداه A أنقلي inqizā' (v.n. 7 of القداه Being terminated, elapsed; expiration of a term, expiry, lapse (of a period of time); conclusion.

ingizāz (v.n. 7 of قض), Pouncing on its prey (a hawk); charging the enemy (a troop of horsemen); being ready to

tumble (a wall); falling (a star).

A Ellas inqitā (v.n. 7 of dis), Being broken, cut off, detached; separation, disjunction; amputation; failure; extinction, cessation, discontinuance; adjustment.

o ويَعْمَانُونُ inqitriyun, Amber.

inqilāb (v.n. 7 of قلب), Being turned; revolution, vicissitude, change, turn, inversion; transposition; subversion; -inqilāb uftādan (giriftan), To be turned; to change; to be transposed; — ingilabi zamān, The vicissitudes of time.

inqilā' (v.n. 7 of قلع), Being

pulled up, torn out.

angala, A kind of China ginger; also an African plant which is an actidote against poisons; name of a city in Nubia.

a انقليا inqiliya, Melilot, bugloss.

A قبع inqimā' (v.n. 7 of قبع), Being humbled, brought into subjection; being contemptible.

anqūj, A wrinkle (from anger or old انطوع

age).

a will angun, A fetid rose whose root has a caustic quality, bastard pellitory, pyrethrum.

inqiyad (v.n. 7 of قبد), Being

tame; submitting; submission, obedience, subjection; compliance, docility, fidelity.

anak (dim. of ān), Behold! lo! there! (= 41 ābila) a pimple ;—ānk (in scanning pronounced anki, and standing for an-ki) He who; that which; — anik (also wit anik), A bee; hiccup (doubtful word).

A نابة ānuk, Lead; tin.

inkār (v.n. 4 of نكار م), Denying, disbelieving, ignoring; denial, negation; disavowal, disclaimer; refusal, disallowance; contradiction, objection, rejection.

a انكارى inkārī, Negative.

inkās (v.n. 4 of نکس), Turning upside down, inverting.

A انكال ankāl (pl. of nikl), Fetters,

chains.

ān-kujā (poet. for ān-ki, ān-chi), He who, that which.

ankar, More or most offensive, displeasing; odious, detestable.

نكس in-kas, He, that person; he who.

A انکسار inkisür (v.n. 7 of کسر), Being broken; humility, abjectedness, spiritlessness, despondency; -inkisār-pazīr shudan, To be broken, defeated.

a انكسار inkisārī انكسار inkisār. انكساري inkisāf (v.n. 7 of كسك), Being eclipsed; an eclipse.

A انكشاك inkishāf (v.n. 7 of كشف Being uncovered, disclosed; disclosure, exposure, detection; - inkishāfi 'uyūb, Detection of vices.

A الكماش inkimash (v.n. 7 of الكماش), Making haste; haste, speed, despatch.

an-kim shunid, Poetical construction for انکه هنیدهام an-kih shunidam.

انكرن ankon, Ancona (m.c.). آنگه آ an ki, He who; that which.

انكيس 🗚 inkīs, A certain figure in geomanoy.

انكيشته ankīshta, Greatness, majesty; reverence; a husbandman.

انكيشه و ankīsha-rav, Gently moving.

ang, An aqueduct, earthen waterpipe; name of a country in Hindustan (S.

angar, A painter; an opinion, imagination, fancy, conception; an incomplete business; (in comp.) imagining, portraying, painting.

انگريدن = ,angardan انگاردن q.v.

angārda, A fable, story, narrative.

angārish, A story, tale, narrative; a revenue-book.

angāra, A revenue-book, cashaccount; a narrative of facts or accidents. story; a journal; incomplete; a commencement of a narration of events from the beginning; a tedious narration; one who creeps behind from shame and bashfulness; a picture or statue not completed, a sketch or rough draught.

انگاریدن angārīdan, To think, imagine,

fancy, estimate, compute, suppose; to paint, figure, portray, draw, sculpture.

முதி angārīn, Computation; a cash-

book.

angās, A tool, an implement.

angāsha, The slev of a weaver's loom; a weaver's reed.

angāshtan, To think, consider,

suppose, opine, imagine, fancy.

angām, Time, season (حمكام q.v.). angāma, A crowd; a company of actors or story-tellers.

an gāh, Then, at that time; after-

wards.

تكاهى ān-gāhī, Of that time; then. الكبار angubār, Name of a certain plant.

angubān, Name of a root which

produces an eatable herb.

angabîn, angubîn, Honey; — angabini shirin-guwar, Honey sweet and easily digested. Angabin is frequently given as a proper name, especially to black slaves. الكبين عانة angabin-khāna, A bee-hive.

angabīn-wār, Honey-like, pos-

sessed of honey.

angabīna, Honey brought to a انگبيند consistency, poured on a plate and left to harden; fruit-lozenges.

angikhtan, To excite, produce, create; to cover all over; to overwhelm.

angadār, A kind of gum-tree.

الكداك angudān, Assafætida; mace; a satyr; a place in Kāshān.

angurda, A single grape, a berry.

angurak, A little grape.

angarū, انگروا angarwā, A sheep-cot,

angarūs, Hungary.

ואראנן anyrez, Tarragon, a kind of herb ;angrez, ingrez, The English (adopted in Hindustan from the Portuguese);—kampani angrez, The English East India Company.

انگریزی angrezī, An Englishman. انگریزی anguz, A spade for levelling the ground; also-

anguzak, A hook with which the elephant-guider guides the elephant.

anguzh (S. ankuśa), An iron book

for guiding elephants.

منگود anguzhad, Assafætida; gum in general.

انگوك anguzhak, = انگوك

الكَزْرا angizhwā, A sheep-cot; sheep; a fruit-stone.

انکینا anguzha, Assafœtida.

انگشبه = angasba, انگسبه

angashba, انگشيه angashpa, A rich farmer, a capitalist.

انگسون angsūn, A flash of lightning dis-

playing various colours.

""" angisht (S. angāra), Charcoal.

انگشت angusht (S. angushța), A finger; a toe; a measure of nine inches; - angushti āsiyā, The handle by which a mill is turned; -angushti āftāb, The lines formed by the sunbeams;—angusht afshurdan, To give a warning or intimation; -angusht ba dandan gazidan, To be amazed, astonished; to grieve; -angusht bar jabin nihadan, To salute; -angusht bar chashm (dida) nihādan, To accept, to approve; -angusht bar harf nihādan, 'To blame, censure, criticise; -angusht bar dahan nihadan, angusht bar giriftan, To put the finger on the mouth an Eastern manner of expressing surprise, which motion of the finger is called angushti tahayyur (ta'ajjub, hairān, hairat), The finger of wonderment;—angushti burak, A kind of mole whose flesh is poison; angusht bar lab zadan, To blame, scold;angusht ba-gosh nihādan, To turn a deaf ear; — angushti buzurg, The thumb; the middle finger;—angushti halqa, The ringfinger; - angusht kha'idan (gazidan), To grieve, be sorry, or vexed, to repent [hence angushti hasrat (haif, direah), The finger of grief ;-angushti pashīmānī (nadāmat), The finger of repentance]; to beckon silence; angusht däshtan dar kare. To have a finger in the pie (m.c.); -- angushti dirāz (mihīn, miyāna), The long or middle finger;—angushti dushnām, The fore-finger, index so named because held up in scolding, and also called angushti shak (of doubt), angashti shukr (of giving thanks), and angushti shihadat (of witnessing either to the faith or in a court of justice);—angushti zā'id (ziyād), A sixth finger, considered as a blemish; -angusht zadan, To snap the fingers (in joy); - angushti suturk, The thumb; -angushti samin (fat finger), The thumb; -angushti shikam, Membrum virile; -angushti 'arus, A kind of sweetmeat; a grape; —angushti 'asal ba-dīwār kashidan (to draw a finger dipped in honey over the wall), To raise a hubbub (as of flies attracted by honey); -angusht kardan, To put on the finger (m.c.); - angusht kashidan, To efface, obliterate; -angushti kanīzakān, Sweet basil; a kind of grape; - angushti kūchak, angushti kihīn, The little finger; -- angushti ganda, Assafætida; -angushti nar, The thumb; the great toe; assafætida; -angusht nihādan, To censure; -angushti nil kashidan, To abandon a work; ignominy; poverty;—bā angusht giriftan, To count with the fingers.

angishtāl, Weak, lean, sickly, ailing; languid after sickness, convalescent.

angushtan, Fingers; a finger;angushtani kanisakan, Mountain-grapes.

angushtana, A thumb-ring; a انگشتانه thimble.

angusht-burak, A kind of mole انگشت برك whose flesh is poisonous.

angusht-pech, A compact,

agreement; a small present; interfered with, opposed.

angusht-khwāra, Who bites انگشت خوارة his finger, vexed, grieved.

الكشت دان angushtdan, A thimble.

angushtar, and---

angushtari, A ring worn on the finger; a seal, a signet; -angushtari zinhār, A ring sent in token of granted security.

انگشترين angushtarin, A ring ; a thimble. الكشع إلى angusht-zana, A ferule for

striking the fingers.

angishtak, Assafcetida; -- angushtak (dim. of angusht), A small finger;angushtaki 'arus, A kind of sweetmeat; angushtak zadan, To snap the fingers.

angusht-kash, انگشت نما angusht-kash انگشت کش gusht-numä, A pointing-stock; pointed at with the finger, famous, mostly in a bad

sense.

انكشننه angushtana, A thimble.

انگشد angushtū, A pancake fried in oil; a kind of bread usually crumbled before it is eaten.

angishtwa, Bread baked on the

∞ഖിങ.

angishtwāna, A brazier;—angushiwana, A ring or defence worn upon the thumb by those who dart the javelin; a thimble.

angashta, angishta, A rich farmer انگشته or merchant; -angushta, A fork for win-

nowing grain. هانگشتان angushtiyana, A thumb-stall.

angal, A button-hole, loop, catch, eye; a clownish, boorish man, a disagreeable fellow.

E انگلش ingilish, English.

ingalgaun, Amiable qualities.

ingiland, England.

angalandu, A sort of child's rattle. الكلة angala, A button; a button-hole. ingiliz, England ; an Englishman.

angilina, Angelica, imperial (a انگلينه

herb).

ωμένι angalyūn (G. εὐαγγέλιον), The gospel; silk of a changing colour, shot silk; also of various colours; a species of brocade, so named because the Christians of the East generally kept the Evangels carefully wrapped up in a rich stuff of this kind; the book of the painter and impostor Mānī; a cameleon; flowers of different

ingandan, To fill, cram, stuff.

anganda, Filled, crammed, stuffed. anguwān, Assafætida.

angūpū (in Zand and Paz.), Endive. angutin (in Zand and Pazand), The mountain-ox.

انگور angūr, A grape, a raisin; granulations in a healing sore;—angūri khāya'i ghulāmān, angūri fakhrī, Different kinds of grapes;—angūri dashti, Sebestens;—angūri rūbāh, Fox-grapes, nightshade; — angūri zaitūnī, A species of black grape, in shape like au olive; -- angūri misqālī, A grape whose berry weighs a misgal.

angūrdan, A wine-press.

angūrak, A little grape;—angūraki chashm, The pupil of the eye.

angūristān, A vineyard (m.c.).

angūr-kash, Who carries grapes. انگور کش angūr-kashān, The same; also انگور کشان pl. of the preceding.

angūriya, angūrīya, Ancyra in Asia انگوريه

angūzhad, انگوژه angūzha, Assafætida;—angūzha dar qand khwurdan, To be cheated.

انگوهیدن angoshidan, To embrace.

angūla, A button-hole, انگوله angūla, A button-hole, a loop; a button.

angūnī, A good-for-nothing fellow.

My angah, Then; afterwards; continually; at the same time; immediately, by-and-bye, at length;—tā āngah ki, Until the time that, till which or when.

انگیای anguyān, Assafœtida.

انگیان = angībān, = انگیبان q.v.

angibūn, A variegated silk stuff.

angekhtan, To excite, rouse; to instigate, provoke; to raise; to create, produce, make; to extract; to publish; to put to a distance.

الكينتة angekhta, Excited; produced, raised; erected, set up; an image, a statue.

انگیختن angidan, = انگیدن q.v.

angir, A grape.

angez, Raised, elevated; (in comp.) exciting, raising, as iltifat-angez, Com-

manding respect, &c.

angezāna, انگيزاليدن angezānadan (causal of angekhtan or angendan), To cause to excite; to erect (a statue); to revive (an agreement), renew (a confederacy).

انگيرش angezish, Excitement. انگيرنده angezanda, An exciter.

angeza, A cause, motive, occasion. انگيريدن angezīdan, To excite, rouse, raise. انگیان = angisān, انگیسان q.v.

انگيل angīla, A loop; a but-

ton-hole; a button.

انگییون angīyūn, A piece of variegated silk.

anamm, More calumnious, a greater انم tell-tale.

انداه ۸ inmâ' (v.n. 4 of انداه), Increasing. A انما innamā, Only; just, at least; surely, indeed, certainly.

anmar, Name of a city; name of a

anmār (pl. of namir), Leopards. innimās (v.n. 7 of آليس), Concealing oneself; being concealed.

inmilaq, املاق immilaq (v.n. 7 of

ملك), Making a show of friendship, flatter-

ing; escaping.

anmilat (in Ar. vocalised in nine different ways), The tip of the finger covered by the nail.

anmūzaj, A sample, أكموذع anmūzaj, A sample, هودت specimen, model, copy, exemplar (see namūdaj).

تاس تا annanās, A pine-apple.

anwar (pl. of nur), Lights, rays of light; splendour; (pl. of naur) Flowers (especially white).

انواع A انواع anwā' (pl. of nau'), Sorts, kinds, species, varieties;—anwā' u aqsām, All sorts

and kinds.

מושל anūpā, Bugloss; endive.

anwaj, Fat, heavy, and breathing انوع hard ;-unuj, Hard breathing.

anwar, More or most bright, splendid, brilliant; resplendent, luminous. anwirat (pl. of nār), Fires.

anwars, Antwerp (m.c. from Fr. Anvers).

anūrasmā (G. ἀνεύρυσμα), A hemorrhage.

anwari, Name of a famous Persian poet, who died A.H. 586=A.D. 1190.

anosh, Epos the son of Seth.

anosha, The religion of the Guebres; joy, mirth; equality, justice.

anūshah, unūshah, Fortunate, happy, blessed; prosperous; desirable; a young king; name of Shāpūr's aunt; wine; hail! welcome! God bless you!

onosha-manish, Of joyous الوهد ميش

mind.

anosherwān, Nusherwan, the celebra ted Persian king.

انولوطيا anūlūtiyā (G. avadoois), Analytic demonstration.

anūmiyā (G. ἀνεμώνη), The anemone

anūyid, A wailing, lamentation. الربيدن anūyīdan, To weep, lament, sigh.

wi ana, A particle which, when added to substantives, gives them an adverbial signification, as shahana, Royally, from shāh, King.

انها $\bar{a}nh\bar{a}$ (pl. of $\bar{a}n$), They.

inhā' (v.n. 4 of نبى), Imparting news, giving information; announcement, publication.

anhār (pl. of nahr), Rivers, streams, rivulets, streamlets; -inhār (v.n. 4 of نهر), Causing to flow; widening, enlarging (a water-course); inflicting a large wound; doing anything at day-time.

inhāz (v.n. 4 of الباض), Exciting, rousing, causing to stand; beginning to fill, or swell (a leathern bottle).

inhāk (v.n. 4 of الهاك punishing, or tormenting; weakening, emaciating.

A البتاك inhitāk (v.n. 7 of هناك), Being torn, rent (a curtain).

A أليدام inhidam (v.n. 7 of هدم), Being thrown down, demolished; demolition, ruin, overthrow; extermination.

A مرم inhixām (v.n. 7 of هرم), Being routed, put to flight; defeat, rout.

هِ المُماض inhizāz (v.n. 7 of الهماض Being broken to pieces.

a أبهام inhizām (v.n. 7 of هشم), Being well digested; being digestible.

inhilal (v.n. 7 of قرار), Pouring violently (rain).

inhimar (v.n. 7 of معر), Pouring out; being pouring (as rain); being poured.

A عانها inhimāk (v.n. 7 of انهماك), Making efforts; applying oneself diligently.

A أنهمام inhimam (v.n. 7 of ممّ), Being liquefied (fat), melted (hailstones).

an-hama, That much; to such a degree.

אַקּנּיּן anhūbā (in Zand and Pāzand), Jupiter.

ani (relative of an), That which has an individual existence;—āniyān (pl.), Existing things, individualities.

A LA aná (v.n.), Arriving (time); being timely; being in time, come at the proper

anyāb (pl. of nāb), Canine teeth. الياب anībā (in Zand and Pāzand), Myrtle. A أنبة aniyat (pl. of ina'), Vessels, vases. أنبة anītā (in Zand and Pazand), Myrtle. anîs, Soft (literally female) iron. anyar, More or most clear, or evi-

dent; more or most bright, luminous. anir, A bad temper or disposition.

انيراب anīrāb, Name of the angel who

presides over fire.

anīrān, Name of the 30th day of every solar month of the ancient Persian calendar; also of an angel or genius who was supposed to have the superintendence of whatever happened upon that day, and of all marriages.

anizān, Name of the 30th day of

the solar month.

anizh, The plant southernwood.

اليس anīs, A garden.

اليس anīs, A companion, friend, comrade, familiar acquaintance; of the same temper, disposition, or genius;—anīsi a'zā, The eye; the beloved; any desired object; -anīs jalīs, A companion, familiar friend.

أليسان anīsān, A jest, joke, drollery ; a frivolous story, a lie; raillery; opposition.

lated.

انسو anīsū, المسون anīsūn (G. avioov), Anise, aniseed.

اليسون anīsūn, Resistance, opposition. نيه anisa, Congealed, frozen; coagulated.

أنيش anīsh, A little garden; a vineyard. اليشة anīsha, A spy; a flatterer; congealed.

anīq, Name of a depilatory drug. anīq, Beautiful, excellent, charm-

ing.

a مُقِمَّا anīga, A letter.

ألين ānīn, A churn; a churning-stick.

انين anīn (v.n. of انين), Groaning; a groan; -- anīnu 'l-muznibīn, Sinners' groans; -āh u anīn u nāla'i ḥazīn, Sighs, groans, and lamentations.

av (equivalent to آب āb), Water;—

āo, Exclamation of surprise (m.c.).

o (Z. ava, C. awa), He, she, it; kitabi o, His book ;-- o murghi în anjîr nîst, He is no bird for this fig, i.e. it is not bread for his teeth; it is not for him;av, Load; for I af, prefixed to verbs, q.v.

h āwā (for āwāz), A voice, sound, echo, rumour, clamour; fame; a nightingale; (for ābā) food; frumenty; broth, soup; birinj-awa, Rice-meat, a dish made with rice; gosht-āwā, A kind of dish made of minced or hashed meat.

awwāb, A sincere penitent; one

who praises God.

awābid (pl. of ābidat), Timorous, untamed animals; celebrated and wellknown poems.

أواع awakh, Ah! alas! a share, portion.

awākhir (pl. of ākhirat and akhīr), Ends, latter parts; the last ten days of the month; moderns.

āwādān (for ābādān), Cultivated,

cheerful.

āwār, Injustice, iniquity; oppression; calculation, reckoning; ruined, depopulated; a vagrant, outcast, exile; quantity, measure; name of a Lesghian tribe.

awār, A cash-book.

uwār, Warmth, heat (of the sun,

fire, or thirst).

أوارجه awārja, awārja, أوارجه āwārcha, awārcha, A cash-book, a book of receipts and disbursements; a diary, journal, or register.

قراركي āwāragī, Vagrancy; wretchedness. āwāra, An account-book; computation; certainty, assuredness; lost, annibilated; ruined; scattered; destitute of name or character; an exile, outcast, vagabond, vagrant; iron filings; oppression, injustice; bane, ruin, desolation; - āwāra shudan, To be oppressed, injured; —āwāra kardan, To harass; to tear; —āwāra gardīdan. To roam, to wander ;—āwāra u sargardān shudan, To be stupid, bewildered, and to wander about like a fool.

awāra, An account-book; the hall of prefecture, a court; iron filings; -uwāra,

āwāra-gīr, A book-keeper, accountant.

أراري āwārī, Idleness, vagrancy.

اواريدي āwārīdan, والمياء awārīdan, To swallow; to eat; to digest; to converse.

اوارين awārīn, Wicked, bad, ugly.

آرار āwāz (S. $\bar{a}+v\bar{a}ch$), Voice, sound, noise, clamour; tone; fame, rumour, report; echo; —āwāz dādan (zadan, kardan). To make a noise, to call out, halloo, invite; -āwāz gashtan, To become divulged, celebrated, illustrious.

awaz, The time during which the sun continues in the constellation Pisces; with, in the possession of; against; -awāri o,

With him.

أران āwāzak, A little noise; a smack.

وَأَزْنَاكِ awāznāk, Noisy.

قَارِهُمْ قَالِهُ مَا بَرُونِهُ مَا بَرُونِهُ مَا بَرُونِهُ مَا يَعْرُونُهُمْ أَوْلُونُهُمْ أَوْلُونُهُمْ أَلِي الْمُعْلِمُ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّا لِمُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُلَّا مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّا مُنْ اللَّا لِمُنْ الْمُنْ مُنْ اللَّا لِمُنْ اللَّا لِمُنْ اللَّا لِلَّا لِمُنْ اللّل fame, rumour, echo; a note in music in a high key, of which six are enumerated, viz. salmak, shahnāz, gardāniya, gosht, māya, and nauroz;—āwāza gashtan, To become divulged, celebrated, illustrious.

awāzī, With.

noise, vociferate, make loud acclamations, halloo, huzza.

awāsiţ (pl. of wasīţ and ausat), Middles, centres, means, averages; the ten middle days of a month (see Ill and

أواتى مُ awāqīy (pl. of ūqīyat), Ounces. أواتى مُ awām, awām, Debt ;—awām, Colour.

ופות luwām, Violent thirst, or the heat attending it; smoke; giddiness, vertigo; a

awāmir (pl. of amr), Commande,

mandates, edicts, orders.

A ω āwān (pl. of ān), Times, seasons. awānī (pl. of inā'), Vessels, vases; -awānī'i sīnīya, China vases.

awānīdan, To sleep, to be drowsy.

اواة awāh, قاماً awāh, Echo.

A 51,1 awwāh, Merciful, compassionate (one of the names of God); a believer; a lawyer, theologian.

أراها ,ī āwāhā, Labours, works; victuals.

āwāy, A loud voice.

A اراثل awā'il (pl. of awwal), Beginnings; beginning, first part, early period; the first ten days of every month.

awā'in (pl. of a'inat), Easy, con-

venient, tranquil.

aub (v.n.), Returning; repentance, conversion; celerity, quickness; the wind; a cloud.

וּפְּלֹּן, aubār, Anything swallowed; a house; strong poison; devouring fire; (in comp. from aubārīdan or aubāshtan) devouring, swallowing, as azhdahā'i mardum-aubār, A dragon devouring men; - māhī'i kishtiaubār, A fish swallowing a boat; -obār, Lamentation.

aubārīdan, To ingulf, swallow,

devour; to throw in, cast; -obārīdan, To groan.

A At, aubāsh (pl. of wabash), The common people, the mob; ruffians; mixed multitudes of every class;—also aubāsha, A dunder-headed, ignorant, vulgar, self-opiniated, obstinate, unmanageable fellow; dissolute, rakish.

a منائع aubāshānāh, Like a rake; dissolute.

aubāshtan, To fill; to throw away;

to devour, swallow,

a دوله من aubāshī, Rakishness, dissoluteness; depravity, profligacy, debauchery, lewdness; fondness for attending at games and public shows.

פאייביט aubānīdan, To doze; to be laid flat. פאייביט auburdan, To swallow unmasti-

cated.

abis, Kindred, connections.

બને obih, Name of a village near Herāt.

aubi'at (pl. of waba'), Plagues.

aupcha-khāna, Guard-house, picket.

ot, Compound of the pronoun o and the suffix of the 2nd person singular.

a su, autād (pl. of watad), Stakes, poles, pegs, pins, props; grandees, chiefs (as being pillars of the state); disyllabic parts of a metrical foot; certain (four) saints regarded as props of the faith.

A שנים autār (pl. of watar), Chords; bow-

strings.

ליא otāgh, ונטט otāq, A large tent, pavillion.

أرتانيدن autānīdan, To sleep; to faint.

اوتی cts, A kind of hot iron, with which they take stains out of cloth, by pressing it upon blotting-paper laid upon the spot.

A وثان ausān (pl. of wasan), idols.

a e, auj (from P. aug). The highest point, top; summit, vertex; zenith; altitude, ascendant, apsis; highest position; preferment, promotion; name of a note in music;—auji sharaf, The fortunate aspect or ascendant of a planet;—auj giriftan, To reach the zenith.

aujā' (pl. of waja'), Pains, aches,

diseases, complaints.

a وهاتی aujaqi اوجانی q.v.

A أرجام aujām, Name of a town in Azarbaijan.

a ujab, More or most necessary, more or most incumbent.

a من عبرام anj-kharām, Who walks proudly in the height of prosperity.

aujas, Somewhat, a little;— aujus, Age; always; never.

a رو ساى auj-sāy, Touching (lit. rubbing) the zenith.

a als on auj-gah, Whose throne or power is exalted as the zenith.

. به و ارجمر = ,هاره ارجمز

8 0000) aujin, Name of a town in India, 126 measured coss from Agra (4,000 English yards).

uch, A wager; -- ūch kardan, To lay

a wager.

auchat pamun (in Zand and Pazand), A finger; a toe.

ochcha, Name of a city.

ochēs, وچموی ochēsī, Quality or essence of a thing.

A ارحاش auḥāsh (pl. of waḥsh), Famished.

auhad, Single, only, unique.

th āwakh, A share, portion; good, elegant; auspicious, happy; ah! alas!

tylokh (prob. corruption of the preceding), Interjection of pain or surprise

aukhāsh (pl. of wakhsh), Vile,

worthless, base.

A יני and (v.n.), Weighing down, oppressing, harassing; making crooked; inclining towards setting (sun).

a la, audā, Mountain.

A sold awidda' (pl. of wadad), Lovers, friends.

A عام ارداع audāj (pl. of wadaj), The jugular veins.

audāsāliyim (corr. from G. oper-

σέλινον), Rock-paraley.

form, used by princes, generals, or other grandees.

audir, A father's brother.

اردردن àdurdan (in Zand and Pazand), To lie.

audast, A span.

اردسلس odasals, Soda-water (m.c. from Fr. eau de Seltz).

anda, Name of a city.

A des, audiyat (pl. of wadi), Valleys; rivers.

اودر $\bar{u}_z ar$ (G. ίδωρ), Water.

seventh heaven; ugly, deformed, ill-favoured; bad language; (in comp.) bringing; a bringer; master, possessor, as bekhāwar, Having a root, i.e. strongly rooted, &c.

y $\bar{u}r$, The fist; a blow with the fist; an almond, pistachio, or walnut, whose kernel is rotten;—awar, Obscene discourse.

hyl aurā, A fortresa, citadel; $-or\bar{a}$ (inflection of o), Him, her, it; to him, to her, to it.

a style aurād (pl. of wird), Continual praises or commemorations; daily rehearsals; portions of the Koran recited at different hours.

اراز avrāz (for الراز q.v.), Exalting; erect, high; height.

aurāsāliyūn, Mountainparsley. q.v.), To افراهتن avrāshtan (for ابراهتن

exalt, raise, elevate.

aurāq (pl. of waraq), Leaves, pages (a title given to many books, especially small works); — aurāqi parishān, Scattered leaves.

ד פונע פול orāq, = ופונע q.v. פונע orāman, אין orāman, אין orāman, A peculiar manner of reading or chanting Pahlavi poetry, which derives its name from a village of the same name, where the inventor of it lived.

orāng utāng, Orang-outang اورانک اوتنک

(m.c.).

r אניטט ortāq, A companion, associate; (in Khwarazm) a merchant.

rtāqī, Company, society. اورتاتي

awarja, A cash-book, a book of receipts and disbursements; a distribution of items of account under appropriate

أورد āward, Battle, conflict, engagement, war; -award kardan. To make war, to

fight.

أربكاة āward-gāh, A field of battle; – āward-gāh nihādan, To array in battle

order, to dispose a battle-field.

ورى \bar{a} $\bar{$ bring, fetch, or adduce; to relate; to cause or produce; -andesh āwardan, To meditate, deliberate; -bāz āwardan, To bring back; to remove; —ba-jā āwardan, To perform, to exhibit;—ba-jān āwardan, To throw into anxiety; to kill; ba-dast āwardan, To subdue; —ba rūy andar āwardan, To agree, concur, act in common or unison; -ba salāh āwardani kār, To bring a work to perfection, to finish anything properly, to adjust; —bīrūn āwardan, To bring forth, to produce (as the earth);—padid āwardan, To make manifest, bring into view; —peshi khwud āwardan, To bring into one's service (m.c.);—dar angusht āwardan, To count, to reckon ;—dar harakai āwardan, To put into motion, to move; -dast āwardan, To stretch forth the hand, to offer, to grant;-rāy āwardan, To decide upon, to resolve;—raum āwardan, To wage war against;—firūd āwardan, To bring down, to overcome.

awardani, Worthy of being pre-

sented; a present; portable.

T اوردو ordū, A court, palace, camp; a horde (of Tartars) ;—zabāni ordū, Hindū-

āwarda, Brought, introduced;— āwarda and, They say, they relate; awarda amadan, To admit, to infer; to come brought, or be introduced; -- āwarda shudan, To be introduced, adduced, or brought; — āwarda kardan, To bring.

ארניאנט awardīdan, To fight; to carry off. awirs, The mountain cypress. أرسر awarsar, The planet Jupiter.

uwirshilim, Jerusalem.

ūrsiyā, iwirsiyā, Roots of the iris or white lily.

T און oruq, = פונע q.v.
A און auraq, Dunky-coloured; a year without rain.

اورك aurak, A swing, see-saw.

awarkūh, A city in Persian Irāk.

awarag, A swing, see-saw.

urganj, Name of a city in Khwamzm.

awargosh, The harder part of the ear; an ear-ring, pendant.

ormālī, The gummy exudation أورمالي ormālī, of a certain tree.

أرمان ūrmān, Difficulty, trouble; a forest.

ormuzd, The planet Jupiter; name of the 1st of the month; also of its angel; name of the son of Bahman and grandson of Isfandiyār.

armak, A cap, a hat, a woollen

cowl.

ارنج auranj, Nightshade; a grape;--oranj, The stalk of a bunch of eaten grapes. auranjin, A brace- اورنجين auranjin, A bracelet; an anklet.

اريك, āvrand, Tigris; Nile; fraud, deceit. வ்றி aurand, A throne; glory, honour, dignity, pomp, grandeur, power; beauty; ornament; fortune, destiny; life; any large river; the sea; blackness; ink; name of a grandson of Kayqubad; fraud, deceit, imposture; a crown.

aurandan, To throw away.

ورندة āwaranda, Bringing; a bringer.

aurandidan, To deceive.

ورنگ aurang, A throne; wisdom, understanding; beauty, gracefulness; life; a manufacturing village; fraud, mirth; a worm which eats into wood; a line whereon things are hung to dry; glory, honour; a man'a name; (met.) heaven; (for āb-rang) water-colour, paint.

اورنگاباد aurang-ābād, A city in India. aurang-piray, Who adorns أورنك پيراي

the throne.

aurang-zīb (seb) (ornament of the throne), Name of an emperor of Hindustān (who died in 1707, after a glorious reign of fifty years).

aurang-nibi, A kind of cloth. aurang-shāhī, A kind of silk. aurang-nishīn (sitting on a throne), A reigning prince.

aurangi, An air of music; name اورنگي of the third of the thirty notes in music.

a اوروبنځي *ūrūbankh*ī, Broomrape. aurokhtan, To inflame, blaze.

orūq, The retinue of a king; the royal camp.

āv-rah (for āb-rah, water-way), A canal, a conduit.

aura, The outside of a garment; the best side of cloth; the surface of anything; — aura'i aflāk, The heaven of heavens.

awarī, A man of truth or certainty. ariyā', Uriah (the Hittite).

inverted, transposed.

وبالمان awaridan, To bring; to attack, charge;—avridan, To swallow; to hold a conference.

اريدي aurīdan, To be slothful; to deceive;

to finish; to bring.

תא av-rez (for אָרָן āb-rez), A watercloset.

aurīsī, Set with jewels.

urim, The Urim.

אָנאַט awarin, אַן awarin, Juniper.

 $urev, = -u_{ij} q.v.$

413 uriya, The province of Orissa.

A jot auz, awaz, A mode of reckoning drawn from the lunar motions.

y us, (in Khwarazm) Ingenious, dexterous.

avzār, auzār, The sail of a ship; a shoe; tools; spiceries, hot seasonings.

auzār (pl. of wizr), Burdens, loads, whatever oppresses; sins, crimes; arms, weapons.

avzār-dān, auzār-dan, A spi vry

or pepperbox.

auzā', Bodies, crowds; name of a tribe.

A اوزان auzān (pl. of wazn), Weights, measures, metres; artisans; -auzāni fārisīya, Persian weights and measures.

auzāyish, Abundance, increase. azbak, Name of a Tartar dynasty.

A قررة iwazzat, A goose; a nimble woman. ozjand, Name of a place.

auzak, A particular seal.

uzan, uzun, A kind of itinerating اوزن ballad singers.

auzan, Stronger, more or most weighty, respectable, influential; strong, vigorous; a lion.

auzand, Military accoutrements.

פּנְנִיט avrūn (equivalent to afzūn), Ample, spacious; increase, augmentation.

હ્યાં āwizīdan, To suspend (see હ્યાસ). wif āwin, Juniper.

ورين auzīn, A ring; a buckle.

on aushan, Murder, slaughter; (in comp.) throwing, casting; -mard-aushan, A hero.

اوزند = ,auzhand اوزنک ,auzhang اوزنک q.v. auzhandidan, To throw, cast,

ارژول avzhūl, Instigation; haste, speed. avshūlanda, Exciting, instigating.

avzhūlidan, To raise, excite, stir وژوليدن up; to exact, demand; to pluck up; to hasten; to dissipate, scatter; to render bold; to perplex.

مَّنُ awizha, The ear-lap.

aus (v.n.), Giving in exchange or return, requiting, repaying; a gift; name of a tribe.

aus, Hope. أوس

A templ ausākh (pl. of wasakh), Filths, dirts.

ausāt (pl. of wasat), Middle parts, centres, waists.

ausān, A whetstone.

ترسيد üsabīd, ausabīd, Sort of water-lily.

ost (for o ast), He is.

awastā, The sacred books of Zoroaster.

ترستاخ ustakh, Boldness, impudence, incivility.

ustād, A master in any art or profession.

توستادگی تestādgī, A trade; mastership.

توستادي تestādī, A trade; skill, master ship;—ūstādī kardan, To fabricate, manufacture; to act the master.

ostām, A pillar, prop; a prince, patron; a threshold; faithful, trustworthy; ornaments for a saddle and bridle; confidence.

ostān, A threshold; trustworthy; ornaments of a saddle and bridle; trap-

ostura (for ustura), A razor.

ostīm, A sleeve; blood; pus, matter.

ausakh, Nastier, nastiest.

A أوسخ ausat, Middle, middling; intervening, intermediate; average; medium, interval; mediocrity

a اوسطى ausatī, Middle, middling, mode-

rate; pertaining to the average.

ausa', More or most ample ; larger, largest, wider, widest; ampler, amplest.

ausan, A story, tale; short, brief. ūsū, Robbery, spoliation ;—also ausū, Grief, lamentation.

ausûn, Enchantment, fascination, apell.

avsa, üsa, Taken, seized; robbery.

oeiris, The Egyptian god. ausīmān, Mallows.

aush, ūsh, A city in Transoxania.

a وهاق به ushāqī, = وهاقی q.v.

aushāl, A pond, tank, reservoir. aushān, Scattering; -- oshān, Those. وهاندي auchāndan, To scatter.

aushānda, Scattered; a button. aushānīdan, To cause to scatter.

āvshin, آوهن āvshin, Wild mar-

joram, origan. aushandana, A button; a button-

hole.

aushang, A line for clothes or grapes.

aush u baush, Ostentation, اوهل و بوش pride; strutting along, stepping proudly.

ausha (S. avaśyāya), Dew; -osha, Origany.

hoshang, see هوهنگ hoshang.

ausāf (pl. of wasf), Specifications, descriptions, titles, epithets; attributes, qualities, endowments; praises, encomiums; —ausāfi jamīla, ausāfi hamīda. Excellent qualities;—ausāf u alqāb, Titles and epithets.

พรนี, Grief, lamentation for the dead. ausiyā' (pl. of wasīy), Testators; executors; legatees; preceptors, guardians.

auzā' (pl. of waz'), Postures, positions, actions, gestures, motions; behaviour, manners, deportment, address, breeding, politeness;—auzā'i zindagī, Appliances of life; — auzā'i nā-hamwāra, Unsuitable acts or behaviour;—in digar chih auzā īst, What does this mean? what state of affairs is this now? (m.c.).

auzah, More or most clear, evident.

aufās, Name of a place.

otaq, A tent; a room, chamber (m.c.),

A while autan (pl. of watan), Countries, homes; native country.

r أوطراق ofurāq, A halt, stay; a garrison

(m.c.)

au'āl (pl. of wa'l), Nobles, princes; (pl. of wa'il) mountain-goats.

au'iyat (pl. of wi'a'). Repositories, sheaths, vessels, cases.

aughā, Wind.

ارغان aughān, Lamentation.

ارغر aughar, An assembly; an airy place.

M أغرغ $q, = oghr\bar{u}q$ أغرغ أوغرول أ

aughal, Name of a certain people. aughūr (from L. augurium), Omen; -aughūr ba-khair bāshad, Happy journey! good luck! (m.c.).

مِعْنِين avghūn, An aqueduct, a canal .

auf (v.n.), Hurting, injuring; befalling (calamity); exclamation of distress or anger (m.c.)

اوفار aufaz (pl. of wafz), Hastes.

aufāz (pl. of wafz), Hastes; (pl. of wafaz) mixed multitudes, crowds.

iftadan, To fall.

أوفتانيدن uftānīdan, To cause to fall.

ارنسانه, ofsāna, A tale, a story.

aufaq, Most convenient or apposite.

auqāt (pl. of waqt), Times, seasons, hours (especially for prayers); circumstances, state, condition; means, resources, power, ability; - augāt pūch shudan, The time is being wasted; -auqut pūch (siyāh) kardan, 'To waste one's time; augāti talkhi kashidan, To have litter times of it (m.c.); -auqāti 'azīz, Precious hours.

auqat-guzari, Stipend, pension.

augār (pl. of wigr), Burdens, loads.

augāf (pl. of wagf), Legacies, bequests (for pious or charitable purposes).

a t اوقدر oqadar (for اوقدر q.v.), So much, so many, the more.

A ارتص augas, Short-necked.

auqatāriyūn (corr. from G. εὐπατώριον), Hemp agrimony.

a اوقليدس ūqulīdis, Euclid.

auqiyanus (G. شهدavos), The ocean. uqiyat, An ounce; an ounce of أرقية silver; a silver coin weighing one ounce (= forty dirhams, or between six and seven shillings).

ه (G. δκιμον), augāman (G. δκιμον),

Wild sweet basil.

ال ok. Name of a fortress.

א ו, או aukār (pl. of wakr), Nests, eyries. āwakān, Name of a champion in Farīdūn's army.

aukar, A weaver's trench.

َوَكُو تَلَاقَةُ مَا تَعَلَّمُ لَا مُعَلِّمٌ لَا مُعَلِّمٌ لَا مُعَلِّمٌ لَا مُعَلِّمٌ لَا مُعَلِّمٌ لَا مُعَلِ

aug, A summit, apsis (see اوك auj); a Turkoman tribe.

augār, Soreness of back of a beast of burden; crippled; loaded; drunk.

augar, A weaver's trench (= aukar). عاملة الوكر auganj, Repentance, contrition.

avyandan (for انگندن), To throw. A Jol aul (v.n.), Returning; administering well, managing with propriety; go-

verning, presiding.

A J, auwal, First, prior, foremost; chief, greatest, highest; best, principal, excellent; beginning, principle; — auwali dasht (for dast). Handsel, first sale of a day, considered as a good omen (= Hind. bohnī); -- auwal ta'ām pas kalām, First dinner, then conversation; -auwali gunūt, The first (or false) dawn;—auwali gul, The beginning of the rose-bloom (opp. to ākhiri gul, "The last rose of summer"); auwal u akhir shuda bar ambiya, Muhammad.

ר לכל ז' ol, Ruby (m.c.).
A uwalan (auwala), At first, in the first place, before all things.

alāt, Female possessors. اولات

aulad (pl. of walad), Sons, children, descendants; offspring, progeny; aulādi rishta'i mustaqīma, Children in a direct line, lineal descendants.

ارلاد ūlād, Name of a certain demon,

Rustam's guide in Māzandarān.

т أولاع ilãgh, Ass, donkey (m.c.).

awwaltar, Better. اولتر

aulaj, aulij, A small grape-stalk; night-shade.

تانية بايقانية vilja, Prisoner, booty.

 π اولجامشی $ar{u}ljar{a}mishar{i}$, اولجامشی $ar{u}ljar{a}$. mishi, Act of submission and homage, by bending the knee, kissing the hand, &c.

olustiyūn, The herb flitchwort. a - Jo awwal-shab, The beginning of night, nightfall.

a t القدر olgadar, Only so much; so many,

عَلَى اللهُ قَالِهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَل

region (see كاأ).

aulanj, Knowledge, understanding, intellect; a throne; mirth; mode of living; nightshade; fraud, deceit; pomp, splendour; a bed-chamber, dormitory; -- ūlanj, A bunch from which the grapes have been eaten.

ilang, A green, a meadow.

וּלָּע alū (used as pl. of zū), Lords, masters, possessors; —ūlū 'l-abṣār, Having eyes, i.e. prudent, sagacious, penetrating; -ūlū 'l-arḥām, Related by birth; -ūlū 'lalbāb, Prudent, intelligent; - ūlū 'l-amr, Emperors, generals, commanders-in-chief; —ūlū 't-tarīq, Priors, abbots, or other chiefs of religious orders; — ūlū 'l-'azm, Endued with constancy, enterprising, am-

a اولو العظمى ulū 'l-'azmī, Determination, resoluteness; ambition.

T اولوس ŭlūs, Nature, disposition.

A أولوبة تالستنام تالية تالية تالية المراكبة ال

pre-excellence, priority, precedence.

All avla, awila. A blister, pimple, felon, freckle, small-pox, or other eruption on the

A) aula, ūla, An eagle, a falcon; a brute. aulá (in Persian aulī), Worthier, fitter; —ūlá (fem. of awwal), First, &c.; uli (oblique case of اولو ūlū), Lords, &c., and employed in the same way, as ūlī 'l-ajniḥat, Winged animals; —ūlī 'l-albāb, Possessed of hearts or intellects; -ūlī 'l-'azm, Resolute (men); —ūlī 'l.'ilm, Scientific (men); - uli 'n-nahy, Wise, prudent (men).

auwalī, First, best, chief. ولي auwalī, First, best, chief. auliyā' (pl. of walīy), Friends (of God), saints, prophets, fathers;—auliyā'i daulat, Fathers of the State, i.e. Princes, ministers, nobles; the court (m.c.).

awwaliyat, Priority, primacy, pre-

eminence, superiority, excellence.

a اوليتر aulītar (aulútar), Better.

a أوليرا ulīrā, Starch-wheat.

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awwalin (originally oblique case of the pl. of awwal, but in P. also used as a singular, as if formed by the suffix $\bar{i}n$), First; — awwalin harf, The letter alif; knowledge infused; --awwalin naqsh, Destiny, fate; -awwalin u ākhirīn, Ancients and moderns.

a lolo, aumādā, Juice of the wild cucumber.

و مالى تسقاق أومالى wwāmālī, Elæomeli, a honeyed oil which exudes from certain trees.

aumān, Name of a village in Hamadān.

omed, ūmīd, أوميد ūmez, Hope. وي awan (for ونك q.v.), Anything sus-

pended.

A wil aun (v.n.), Going softly; a gentle

pace; quiet, peace, tranquillity.

jugi aunār, A fire; fragrance; drowsi-

aunānīdan, To slumber; to hope. aunānīs, Pomegranate buds.

uwanj, Friendship, intimacy, fami-

liarity.

غَلِم āwand, Furniture particularly belonging to the kitchen, as pots, pans, or other vessels; a line on which they hang clothes or grapes to dry; a tennis-racket; a chess-board; argument, proof; a throne; = 45, q.v.;—awand, awind, First;—dar awand kardan, To hoard up.

awand, A vessel;—awind, Fraud, deceit.

undar, A large leathern bottle or أوندر M

awandī, A drinking-vessel.

awinka, A prickly kind of shrub. awang, A mortar in which things are pounded; anything suspended; a line on which clothes or bunches of grapes are hung up to dry.

awangān, Pendulous, hanging.

aunang, A clothes-line.

إرنو aunū (G. olvos), Wine.

abnus), Ebony. آونوس aunumālī (G. olvóµelu), Honey and wine mixed, mead.

uni, A kind of grain like barley.

uniya, A medlar.

أنيدن, āwanīdan, To rest, slumber; to hope (see ريندن, of which it is perhaps a misreading).

uniwareita, University (m.c.).

n awav, Name of a city.

uwawūk, A gum procured from the neighbourhood of Shīrāz.

aj āwa, A forge; a brick-kiln; a fringe; name of a city; whatever makes an echo;

ah! alas! auh (v.n.), Crying oh! in pain;

complaining, groaning. wif avhā (equivalent to his abhā),

auhām (pl. of wahm), Opinions, conjectures, suppositions, imaginations, doubts, suspicions.

oy, He, she, it; lo! behold!

أبيا ūyā, A lazy, slothful, idle fellow. ارِيان ūyān, A mountain; the middle month of autumn (a doubtful word);oyān (pl. of اربه q.v.), Existences.

قيع awej (for برا awez), Anything sus-

pended.

أريختي āwekhian, To hang, to suspend; andar awekhtan, To suspend; to provoke; to contend.

مُعنه آ awekhta, Suspended, hanging loose, pendulous.

آويدن āwīdan, To twist; to fatigue.

by oyrā (for led orā), Him, her, it; to him.

awīrash (in Zand and Pāzaud), A certain number of crimes.

where things are hung up; a hook upon which meats are hung; a flesh-hook; the shambles; a border, margin, circuit.

ولاياً awesan, Suspended; also pl. of the

preceding, with the same meaning.

أوبراليدي awexānīdan, To cause to hang up.

awerish, A hanging on ; suspension, ويوش

pendulosity; war, trouble.

أويوس awezgin, A petitioner who addresses everybody; a hanger-on; an importunate beggar; an infamous boy; left, dismissed; contagions.

aweragî, Pendulousness. آويوكي

by a weza, An ear-ring, a drop, pendant;
-aweza, Wine.

ين البرة في aweza-band, An ear-ring, pendant; one who wears such.

שיאין awezidan, To hang up; to adhere. מוֹבְּילוֹן awezhagan, Adherents, lovers,

friends (pl. of the following).

pure, unmixed (in the latter the initial alif may be taken us alpha privativum, when the word means, on the contrary, "impure").

A بريس luwais, A wolf; a man's name. ويستان oyistān, The place of individual

existences.

مراه المساق المس

sham, Marjoram, origan.

oyish, Existence. اويش

ويَّ oyishgān (pl. of the preceding), Existences.

ريمن *āwishan*, Hanging, suspended; drawing a sword; marjoram, origan.

awīshin, Sight.

u, āwīnā, Expressed juice (of fruit, &c.).

آييدي āwīndan, To hope; to sleep, to slumber.

oya, Individual existence.

اربيها oyîhā (pl. of the preceding), Individual existences.

A N āh, Ah! alas! a sigh;—āhi ātishbār, āhi ātishīn, An ardent sigh, the sigh of one in pain;—āh az lab gusistan, A sigh escapes the lips;—āh ba-āh andākhtan, To draw sigh after sigh;—āh bar-damīdan (zadan, sar-zadan), To fetch a sigh;—āh dar jigar (dar sīnah) shikastan, To suppress a sigh;—āhi jān-gāh, A sigh from the bottom of the heart;—āhi jigar-soz, A heartburning sigh;—āh dar jigar na dāshtan, To

be pouniless;—āhi 'ambarīn, The sigh of one in pain;—āh kashādan (kashīdan), To fetch a sigh.

ol ah, Ah! alas!

A win, a raw hide, not tanned or otherwise prepared.

ahār, Food; polished steel; also— ahār, Starch for glazing.

قارداده قطارداده āhārdāda, Saturated, steeped in. قارداده āhāzīdan, To draw (a sword).

هازيدة dhāzīda, Drawn out, extended; loftv.

A chālī (pl. of ahl), Inbabitants, citizens, commons; persons, individuals, members; family-folk; consorts, spouses, wives; domestics, dependants, followers; possessors; worthy;—ahālī u mawālī (ahālī-mawālī), People at large; poor and rich; courtiers, retinue, traiu.

a اهالی کس ahālī-kas, The common people. اهان ahān, Glue, starch; border, fringe, list; contamination, defilement; pap, panado, gruel.

م اهان ihan, A trunk whose top and branches have been cut off; pollard.

A كالعان ihānat (v.n. 4 of فون), Despising; disdain, contempt, insult, affrout;—ihānat kardan, To despise, treat with contempt.

when ahana, when ahana, The crown of the head; the summit of a mountain; a hillock; an upper chamber, open gallery, or principal apartment in eastern houses; the top of a house; villainy; a disgraceful action; deformity.

a اهباط ihbāṭ (v.n. of هبط Throwing), Throwing

down, precipitating.

A منه uhbat, Provision made for any undertaking; (warlike) apparatus, arms, accourrements.

هبنيابه āhbanyāba, Yawning, gaping.

ihtijār, Talking obscenely, ribaldry.

اهداً هنداً htida' (v.n. 8 of هدى), Being directed right; finding the right way.

(עה, htivaz (v.n. 8 of בנו), Being shaken, agitated (tree by the wind); falling with glittering light (star); exultation, joy.

A معمّا ihtimām (v.n. 8 of معمّ), Taking thought for, minding, attending to; solicitude, anxiety, care; diligence, attention; inspection, supervision, superintendence; management, charge.

a اهتمام بندى ihtimām-bandī, An account specifying the number of Pergunnahs and the names of the Zamīndārs in a pro-

a دار ihtimām-dūr, An under-collector of revenue who acts on commission from a Zamindār; a responsible person.

a اهتماسی ihtimamī, A responsible person; a manager curator, agent.

آهته ähta, Drawn out (sword); lofty.

منتن من dhikhlan, To unsheath, draw (a sword).

مَنتُهُ مَانَيْلِهُم Unsheathed, drawn (sword).

ihda' (v.n. 4 of هدى, Sending a present; leading a beast of sacrifice to Mecca.

اهدار ه ihdar (v.n. 4 of هدار), Permitting (blood) to be shed with impunity; rendering ineffectual (a right, &c.).

ahdāf (pl. of hadaf), Targets,

butts for archers.

ahdab, One who has long eyelashes.

اهدار ه ihzār (v.n. 4 of هذر), Babbling,

doting.

ahr, A town between Ardabil and Tabriz; the seed of the ash-tree; the ash-tree.

A مراء ihra' (v.n. 4 of مراء), Dressing (meat) till the flesh separates from the bone; talking badly; meeting with severe cold.

ihrar (v.n. 4 of "), Making (a

dog) whine.

أهراع ihrā' (v.n. 4 of جراع), Going, walking, or travelling fast; trembling (from rage, fear, fever, or debility); frightening.

ahrām (pl. of haram), The pyramids of Egypt (from their age);—ihrām (v.n. 4 of פנת), Making decrepit, enfeebling.

هرامن ahrāman, A seducer; the devil. اهراه ahrān, A hatchet, an adze, an axe. اهرستان ahristān, Name of a province adjacent to Yazd.

ahram, A pestle.

هرمن عوى خوى خوى غوى غوى غوى غوى غوى غوى غوى غوى disposition.

هُرمن روى āhraman-rūy, With the face of an evil spirit or demon.

أهرسن كيش āhraman kīsh, Worshipper of Ahriman; of perverse conduct.

ون āhran, ahran, A seducer; the devil; name of a brother-in-law of Gushtasp.

αλτūn, Name of a Jewish physician.

أهريمه أهريمه āhrīman, ahrīman, أهريمه أهريمه أهريمه

ahrīma, A seducer; the devil.

dhan, Naphtha, a kind of very inflammable bituminous substance, gathered from the surface of water, of a clear pale yellow colour.

نان ق آ āh-zanān, Sighing.

woman. Now; — uhzun, A barren

آهستگی āhistagī, Lenity, gentleness, softness, mildness; calmness, deliberation;—ba-āhistagī guftau. To speak in a whisper.

ahista, Soft, tender, delicate gentle; grave, sedate, modest, quiet; calmly; slowly, gently, by degrees, step by step, softly; unawares; whisperingly, in a low voice, piano; aside (stage-direction);—sukhani āhista, A whisper;—sukhani āhista guftan, To whisper, to speak a word in the ear.

مسته رأى مَّ āhista-ra'y, Wise, skilful,

learned; of delicate judgment.

مسته رو āhista-rav, Walking gently; slow. اهسته خن خان آهسته خن آهسته خن آهسته خان آهسته خان آهسته المسته خان آهسته
ahishtagī, Lowness, softness of

voice.

ahak, المله ahak, Lime, plaster, cement; ointment compounded of quick-lime and arsenic (used in the baths as a depilatory); — āhaki tafta, Quick-lime; — āhaki siyāh, A kind of strong cement; — āhaki ṣadaf, Shell-lime.

ahl, People (belonging to any particular person, place, order, or profession); an inhabitant; a family; kindred, consort; lord, master; domestic, follower, depeudant; endowed with, possessed of, fit for, worthy of :--ahli ittiga, The faithful, pious; -ahli idrāk, Intelligent, sagacious;—ahli ikhtiyār, A patrician, one of the upper class :- ahli islām. A true believer, orthodox;—ahli i'tizāl, A schismatic;—ahlu'llāh, People of God; man of God, pious man, saint; -ahli ahilat, Wealthy persons; -ahli ahwā, Heretics, visionaries; voluptuaries; -ahli īmān, A believer; — ahli īn kār, Capable of doing this (m.c.); --ahli bātin, Contemplative, pions, spiritual; --ahli bacha, A sodomite; - ahli bakhya, A congenial and discreet drinking companion; - ahli bid'at, A heretic, sectory; - ahli bihisht, The blessed, the inhabitants of Paradise; -ahli bait, People of the house, domestics; master (or mistress) of the house; -ahli parhez, Continent, abstinent; ahli tasawwuf, Contemplative; an anchorite; a Sufi; — ahli tafsir, A doctor in theology, a commentator on holy writ; ahli taqwá, Pious, devout;—ahli tamāshāna, The actors in a play (m.c.);—ahli tanjim, Astrologer;—ahli tawāzu', Submissive; ahli jamā'nt, A member of the community; —ahli janual, The inhabitants of Paradise; -ahli jahannam, The damned; -ahli hal, Skilled in or conversant with the state of things;—ahli hijāb, Veiled; modest;—ahli hirfat, An artificer; -ahli huquq, Possessed of just claims; -ahli hikmat, Wise, philosophical; a worker of miracles;—ahli khāna (ahlu 'd-dār), People of the house, domestics, etc. (=ahli bait, supra); - ahli khubrat, A censor, critic, connoisseur;ahli khidmat, An officer, an official;—

ahli khirad, People of understanding, the wisc; -ahli khiyanat, Treacherous; - ahli dānish-intibāh, Cautious and vigilant; ahli darūn, Confidants;—ahli dukkān, A shop-keeper;—ahli dil, Brave, spirited, generous;—ahli dalq, Dervishes, religious mendicants; -ahli dunyā, People of the world, worldly; -- ahli duwal, Possessed of wealth, rich, the wealthy; -ahli dīwān, A counsellor of state, senator, minister; -ahli zikr, Conversant with the Scriptures; -ahli zauq, Addicted to pleasure, a voluptuary; people of good taste; --ahli rozgār, A man of the world; skilful; working men, servants; -ahli zabān, Masters of speech, orators, poets; eloquent; -alli zamān, Observant of, conforming to, the times; time-server;—ahli zamīn, Inhabiting the earth;—ahli zuhd, ahli zuhd u wara', Pious, devout, self-denying; -ahli sakhāwat, Liberal, munificent;—ahli sukhun, Eloquent;—ahli sunnat, An observer of the traditional law, a Sunnite; -ahli siyāḥat, A traveller;—ahli shar', A legis-lator, lawyer, public teacher of the law; -ahli sharaf, Noble, eminent; -ahli shi'yat (shī'a), Followers of Ali, a Shiite; -ahli shiqāq, Seditious, inimical;—ahli shukoh, ahli shaukat, Great, powerful;—ahli shuhud. A professor of religion; holy, inspired; —ahli safā, Pure in heart; a Sufi;—ahli san'at, An artificer; — ahli sūrat, Superficial, one who skims the surface of things;—ahli zalāl, An infidel, heretic; ahli tā'at, Obedient to God, faithful;—ahli tab', Possessed of genius;—ahli tabqa, Unobservant of the precepts of Muhammad; -ahli tirf, Noble; -ahli tariq, ahli tariqut, An observer of the laws of Muhammad; a Sufi ;-ahli zāhir, Hypocrites, having only the external appearance of goodness;—ahli zulma, Official, especially of police or finances (m.c.); -ahli 'azāb, The damned; -ahli 'urf, ahli 'irfān, Learned, scientific;—ahli 'urfa!, Artificers, artisans;—ahli 'aql. Prudent, judicious;—ahli 'ilm, Learned;—ahli 'ilmi raqam, An arithmetician ;-ahli 'ilmi kalām, An orator, rhetorician;—ahli 'ilmi mantiq, A logician; —ahli 'ilmi nujūm, An astronomer, astrologer; -ahli 'ahd u zimmat, Tributary; —ahli 'iyāfa, Soothsayers; ahli 'iyal, The father or master of a family; -ahli ghadr, Fraudulent, perfidious; -ahli gharaz, Interested, designing, selfish;ahli ghawāyat, Vagrants;—ahli firāsh, Bedridden;—ahli farang, European;—ahli furzat, The collectors of a toll imposed on merchants on the sea-shores; - ahli fasād, A scoundrel, villain;—ahli qabl, A besieging party;—ahli qul, A believer (from the Coranic phrase: "Say to those who believe");—ahli fazl, Virtuous; learned; ahli fahm, Intelligent, wise; -ahli qibla, Knowing which way to turn in prayer; ahli qubur (inhabitants of the tombs), The

dead; — ahli qaryat, A villager; — ahli galam, A scribe; an official; a literary man; -ahli kār, A workman, clerk;—ahli kitāb, A learned man, a doctor in theology; believers in a revealed religion: Muhammadans, Jews, and Christians;—ahli karam, Liberal, generous;—ahli kash, Tradespeople; -- ahli kalām, ahli lisān, Eloquent; an orator;—ahli kīn, An enemy;—ahli mulawarri, Pious, devout;—ahli majālis, Dramatis personæ (m.c.); - ahli majlis, Assistants, assessors; members of good society, courtiers ;--ahli muhasaba, An accountant; -ahli mahshar, Those who rise at the day of judgment; -ahli madar, The Arabs who inhabit cities; town-people; ahli mazāq, A voluptuary; people of good taste; -ahli mazhab, A religionist; -ahli mashwarat, A counsellor, an adviser;—ahli ma'āsh, Holder of a rent-free tenure ;--ahli ma'rifat, Learned; possessed of the knowledge of God; devotee; -ahli ma'ná, Spiritual, intellectual, one who penetrates into divine mysteries; -ahli makka, An inhabitant of Mecca; -ahli munajāt, Attending to prayer, supplicating God;—ahli manzil, A household;—ahli mansab, A minister, an official; —ahli nishāt, The gay, the joyous; pleasure-seekers; —ahli nishast, Hermits, recluses; —ahli naṣrat, Colleagues, coadjutors; -ahli nazar, Clear-sighted, discerning, perspicacious; -ahli na īm, The inhabitauts of Paradise, the blessed; - ahli nifaq, Hypocrites; perfidious; infidels; enemies; -ahli nafs, Sensualists; - ahli naqisat, Vicious; -ahli wabar, The Arabs who dwell in tents; nomads;—ahli wirāsat, One interested in succession, heir, joint-heir; -ahli wara', The pious; the abstemious; -ahh waqar, grave, majestic, dignified; — ahli wuquf, Skilful;—ahli hajr, Separated from friends or the beloved; sad; disconsolate;ahli hadá, Following the right way, orthodox; — ahli hunar, Skilful; — ahli hawā, Licentious, libertine.

A "ahlan, (iu supplication) God be with you! Heaven bless you! welcome;—ahlan wa sahlan, ahlan wa marhaban, Welcome and welcome.

A اهلس ihlās (v.n. 4 of هلس), Laughing gently; talking in secret, in a whisper.

اهلاك A اهلاك ihlāk (v.n. 4 of هلاك), Causing to perish; destruction, ruin, perdition;—ihlāki nafs kardan, To restrain the passions, mortify the desires.

A اهلّا ihlāl (v.n. 4 of هلّه), Looking at the new moon (hilāl); pronouncing the word labbaika (I am obedient to thee); invoking the name of God on slaughtering an animal.

اهلبوب ahlabūb (in Zand and Pāzand),

A dist ahilat, Wealth, property; ahillat

(pl. of hilal), New moons (especially on the first nights of their appearance).

ahlīyat, Worthiness; skill, aptitude, experience.

ahliya, A wife.

A pol ahamm, More or most important, needful; momentous; -ahammi umur, The most important things ;-ahammi kār, An affair of consequence.

همال ه ihmāl (v.n. 4 of همال ه ihmāl (v.n. 4 of

a الممالي ihmālī, Letting alone, not making use of; negligence, carelessness, indifference, indolence; delay; respite.

ahmar, A jackal. ahmand, A liar.

ahama, A piece, portion; deficient.

هن āhan (Z. ayanh, S. ayas), Iron; a sword;—āhani afsurda, A sword rusty and blunt; -āhan poshīdan, To don one's armour, to equip oneself; -ahani juft (ahani gāv), A ploughshare; —āhani sard (cold iron), The human heart; — ahani sard (afsurda) koftan (to beat cold iron), To waste time ;---āhani kase na-khwurdan. Not to submit to one's dominion or tyrrany; āhani nar, Male iron or steel; — āhani narm, Soft iron.

ahan-ashyan, A thimble.

اهنامه ahnama, Disgrace, ignominy; pomp, ostentation; self-commendation; fortune; love; transitory, evanescent.

قعباية āhambāya, A yawning, a gaping. ahan-bar, A robber, housebreaker. ähan-pära, A splinter of iron.

બુધ ાર્કો āhan-pāya, The foot of a spit; a yawn.

dhan-push, Iron-clad (m.c.).

ahanj, A design, intention, resolution; a commencement; (in comp.) casting, throwing, flinging, hurling; extracting, drawing (a sword); drinking, taking.

āhan-jāma, Iron bands fastened أهن جامعة to heavy boxes, &c., to strengthen them.

āhan-jān, Iron-hearted; having a soul of iron; tried in adversity.

قديداليدن āhanjānādan, To cause to drink. قاجد āhanjad, A windlass, capstan. قىجارغ *āhanjalūgh*, Pressure; pressiou.

āhanja, منوة āhancha, An iron ring; the knocker of a door; a weaver's instrument for stretching and keeping tight cloth in the loom; a rope, by means of

which weavers fix to the wall or roof of the workshop the extreme threads of the web, when near finished, and too short to be fastened to the beam.

قنجيدن ,āhanjīdan فنجيدن čhanchidan 'To drink; to drag; to fling; to swim; to weigh; to peel.

قص چنگال āhan changāl, With iron claws;

strong-handed; powerful.

منخاي āhan-khay, A bravo; a strong, restive horse.

ن دل ahan-dil, Brave, fearless, intrepid.

قطن دلى Ahan-dili, Intrepidity, fearless-

قىدىكك āhan-dīg, An iron cauldron.

رياً ahan-rubā (iron-attracting), A magnet.

ن وك آهن وك āhan-rag, A strong horse.

ري آماز āhan-rūy, Hard; brazen-faced. ربری أ āhan-rīzī, Casting of iron; irouworks.

أهن سأى أمل أهن سأى ahan-say, A file; an iron coalrake.

- مَا āhan-sum, With iron hoof (power) ful horse).

نام سوات قام مراهت قام مراهت قام مراهد قام مر قن هكاف آهن هكاف آهن هكاف ing iron.

strong, powerful (a horse).

a قدم inhan qadam, Having a foot of iron; firm of purpose.

قبي قبا āhan-qabā, A coat of mail.

قمنكش āhan-kash (attracting iron), A

magnet.

ahang, Concord, symphony, harmony, modulation, melody, pitch, tune; design, institution, purpose, intention; canon, regulation; rule, custom, manner of proceeding; a row, a series; the side (of a cistern); the curve or arch of a cupola or dome; a tether, stable, stall; haste, expedition; behold!—āhangi chīz dāshtan (kardan), To intend to do a thing, to resolve upon; āhangi hijās, A kind of music introduced into Persia from Arabia;—āhangi hisār, Name of a musical note; — āhangi sites kardan, To draw up in order of battle, to clear or make ready for an engagement; -ahang kardan, To sound, resound, to make a noise, to cry aloud; to sing; to tune an instrument; to prepare for, to undertake (a journey); — āhangi gures sākhtan, To prepare for flight; - dirāsāhang, Stretching out (as a lion when going to spring); — shamshīri ātish-āhang, A flaming sword, a sword striking fire.

ahan-guzār, What pierces iron. āhangar, A blacksmith, a dealer in iron.

sile Kiel āhangar-khāna, Iron-works (m.c.).

dhangari, Smitheraft.

āhangī, Consonance, harmony. هنگيدي āhangīdan, To intend, design, propose; to draw out, tear, pull off, peel,

or skin; to swim, float; to break. آهدو aknū, Seeds, grains; a scarecrow;—also اهدو ahnuwā, Provisions carried to

working people.

a'ınū<u>kh</u>washi, The fourth or lowest class, that of the artisans, instituted by Jamshed.

اهنرد ahnawad (Z. ahunvaj), Name of the

first of the five days added to the Persian year, to make their twelve months, of thirty days each, equal to a solar year.

أهنية āhana (= أهنية), An iron ring, &c. ahanī, Made of iron.

ahná, More or most digestible, اهنيل ه wholesome.

قنيابة ăhanyāba, A yawning, a gaping (آهبنایهٔ 998).

ahanin, Iron, made of iron.

ahanin-panja, Iron-handed ; strong, powerful, oppressive.

أهنين حان āhanīn-jān, Inured to distress ;

cruel, unfeeling, iron-hearted.

āhanīn-jigar, Cruel; intrepid. āhanīn-khaftān, An iron آهنين عفتان cuirass.

قانين دوش ahanīn-dosh, Strong, stout,

sturdy.

قاين رک āhanīn-rag, A muscular horse. āhanīn-qabā, A coat of mail. a هنين كرسى āhanīn-kursī, An anvil. āhanin-kamar, A brave warrior.

هُو āhū, A vice, fault, defect, stain, spot, villainy; flight, escape; an exclamation, cry for help; an asthma; [āhū kardan (giriftan, nihādan), To find fault, to blame, to tax with a crime]; a deer, roe, gazelle; any object of pursuit or chase; a beautiful eye; a mistress;—āhū'i chīn, The China or musk-deer;—āhū'i khāna'i khāwarī, āhū'i khutan (khutan-gard), The sun; the sovereign of China or Tartary; the emperor of of China; —āhā'i sarīn, The sun; a golden goblet; —āhū'i siyāh, The black antelope; āhū'i sīmīn, A fair-skinned cup-bearer: āhū'i sher-afgan (the lion-subduing fawn), The eye of a mistress; a cup-bearer, a page; -āhū'i falak, The sun; -āhū'i kase būdan, To be taken prisoner;—ahū guzasht, The opportunity has slipped; — āhū'i mānda (lang) giriflan (to seize a wearied or limping doe), To oppress; - ūhū'i nar, A black and white cloud.

ahwā' (pl. of hawá), Loves, desires, affections;—ihwā' (v.n. 4 of هوی), Intending; throwing; making a sign, beckoning; holding dear.

ahwār, Astonished, amazed, stupefied.

ahwāz, Name of a now deserted town اهواز in Khuzistān; name of a country.

ahwāl (pl. of haul), Terrors, dangers, frightful things; -safari pur ahwal, A dangerous journey.

ahwan, A fawn; the nape; a miner;

a house-breaker.

ahwāna, The first of اهوالد the five supplemental days added to the Persian year.

āhwāy, Name of a town on the Orus.

āhū-bān, A deer-keeper.

ahū-bara, A fawn; — āhū-bara'i falak, The sign Aries; the sun.

آهو پای مَّهُ مَّهُ آهو پا مَّهُ مَا مُ footed; a house of a hexagonal form; a parlour to which you ascend by a winding or spiral staircase; the roof of a house.

ahwaj, Tall; foolish, precipitate. مَّوْ چَشْم ahū-chashm, With eyes like a gazelle's.

هو دل āhū-dit, Timid, cowardly.

ahū-dilī, Timidity, cowardice; āhū-dilī kardan, To be timid, to act with timidity or cowardly.

ahū-dostak, Wild anise.

ahwar, A beloved object.

قورى āhorī, Mustard.

āhwaz, ahwaz, Name of a celebrated archer.

هوس A اهوس ahwas, Wishful, greedy.

ahū-sirīn, With buttocks like a deer's.

هو هكم āhū-shikam, With a belly like a deer's.

آهركان āhūgān (pl. of āhū), Fawns. قول āhūl, A subterraneous passage.

ahwal, More or most terrible. ahū-māda, A doe, bind, gazelle,

اهيها ahūn, ahūn, A cavern, grotto, pit, mine, or any subterraneous place; a hole in a wall, especially one made by a housebreaker; a house-breaker.

āhūn-bar, A house-breaker; a miner; هونبر

a well-digger.

ahū-nigāh, With a glance like u آهو نگاه gazelle's.

قو ورة مَّا مُلْهُ مِن مُّا مُلَّهُ مِن مُّا مُلِهُ مِنْ مُّالِهُ مُنْ مُّالِ مُنْ مُنْ مُنْ مُنْ مُنْ مُنْ مُ āhuwī, Belonging to a fawn; fawn-

ahwá, Dearer, more agreeable.

هوية ه ahwiyat, ahwiyah (pl. of hawa'), Airs, atmospheres.

قوبي āhū'ī, Terror, fright; vice, fault,

blemish; escape.

ahī (in Zand and Pāzand), A fawn. ahyāna, The skull; اهيانة the throat; the palate; one side of the

آهيختن āhekhtan, To draw (a sword); to educate; to intend; to hang, suspend.

مَينته āhekhta, Extracted; educated; intended; hung, suspended.

āhekhta-gosh, With ears erect آهيخته گوش (horse).

ahekhta-har, With outstretched اهيخته هار neck.

ahez, Modestly; softly! stop! halt! A اهيس ahyas, Bold, strenuous, unshrinking.

قين *āhīn*, Iron.

āy (imper. of āmadan), Come; (in comp.) coming; a comer.

ay, e, O! ho! hallo! namely, that is to say; (for سِئ) this.

be, perhaps, perhance, possibly; a particle of interrogation, as āyā zaid istāda ast yū 'amr, Is Zayd or Amr standing (there)?—

dyā zaid īnjā nīst, Is not Zayd here' now used in the sense of magar, q.v.: otherwise; if it is not so, then...; in that case.

ul aya, Ho! hark ye! ah! alas!

A bi ayā, O! ho! hallo!—iyā', Light,

brightness.

aiyab, A water-seller; a cup-

bearer.

A whi āyāt (pl. of āyat), Signs, miracles; verses of the Kur'ān;—āyāti mutashābihāt, Verses which may be variously interpreted;—āyāti muḥkamāt, Incontrovertible, unam-

biguous verses.

a iyād, Mounds of clay or earth raised round tents, houses, or cisterns, to keep out, or hold in, water; the right or left wing of an army (both wings are called والماء iyādāni); a bill or large heap (of sand); a great number of camels.

A ايادى ayādī (pl. of yad), Hands; fa-

vours, benefits.

ayār, Computation.

liyar, Air, atmosphere.

sy , la ayyar, The third Syro-Macedonian spring month, May.

a والا iyārij, An aperient medicine.

ايارية i yārida, ayārda, A commentary on the Zand, and called Pāzand.

ayār-gîr, An accountant.

ayāra, A bracelet; a laxative medicine; a register, an account-book; quantity; space; number; measure.

ayāra-gīr, A scribe, au accouu-

tant.

ayūz, ayūz, Name of a favourite of Sultān Mahmūd of Ghaznah; name of one of the Emirs of Sultān Ibrahīm bin Mas'ūd bin Mahmūd Ghaznawī.

ايازى ayūzī, A woman's black veil.

اياس ayās (for اياز), Name of a favourite of Mahmud the Gaznawi.

اياس A iyās (v.n. of ايس), Despairing.

iyāsarum, The fourth period consisting of thirty days, in which the trees were created (according to ancient Persian cosmogony).

ayāsa, Desire, wish; a ring; a hook.

اياسى ayāsī, A sort of woman's veil. ايا موليا ayā sofīyā, Mosque of Saint

Sophia (m.c.).

أَيْاغُ ayāgh, A mark produced by branding. وَيَا ayāgh, اَيْاغُ ayāq, A cup. a drinkingvessel;—ayāgh zadan (kashīdan), To quaff a cup.

ayāgh-khāna, A wine-house, n

taveru.

A اول iyalat (v.n. of إول iyalat (v.n. of إول

administering; government, dominion; canton (m.c.);—iyālat kardan, To govern;
—husni iyālat, Good government.

ayām, A root; (for مام) a debt.

A pu' aiyām (pl. of yaum), Days, times, seasons; weather; space of time, period; duration, term; menses, courses;—aiyāmi bāḥūr, The dog-days;—aiyāmi būqalamūn, Changeable times, untoward circumstances;—aiyāmi shādī, Holidays allowed at a marriage;—aiyāmi 'ashar, The ten days' festival at the Muharram;—aiyāmi ma'dūdat, Three days after slaying the sacrifices at Mecca;—aiyāmi ma'lūmāt, The first ten days of Zu'l-hajjah.

aiyāmī, Of time; for a long

time; durable

A المائي ayāmá (pl. of aiyim), Widowers; unmarried men.

evi āyān (for āyanda, as rawān for rawanda), One who comes, a comer; anything that presents itself readily to the mind or comes easily to hand; (pl. of āy) comers.

▲ ويأن aiyāna, īyāna, When?

A sixt $ib\bar{a}'$ (v.n. 4 of 4), Making a sign, pointing with the finger; beckoning for one to approach ($im\bar{a}$ being the word used when one is beckoned to retire).

A أوبش ībāsh (v.n. 4 of أوبش), Causing to

grow; producing.

A مان تَلَقَعَ (v.n. 4 of مربي), Abounding with herbage (grounds); producing flame, beginning to burn (fire).

aibad, A spark of fire.

ebak, An idol;—aibak, Name of a village in Badakhshān.

A & āyat, A mark, a sign; a miracle; a verse of the Qur'ān; (met.) an accomplished master;—āyati muṭlaq, Mark, stop, compulsory pause in the Qur'ān;—āyati maqsād, The verse of purpose or intent (Kor. iv. 62, enjoining obedience to God, the apostle, and those invested with authority).

Repeating the prayer called witr; stringing a bow; making an even number an odd one (witr

or watr).

א הבוֹם aitām (pl. of yatīm), Orphans; having lost its dam; incomparable (pearl, &c.).

itibā, Enjoyment, delight, pleasant

converse.

ازر م itizār (v.n. 8 of ازر), Putting on the garment called izār.

itgaz, Name of a king of Kharizmia. ايتكن etgin, A householder, proprietor.

ايتگينى etgînî, Ownership, rightful possession.

A التعام itilāf (v.n. 8 of العالم), Cultivating friendship; friendship, familiarity, company, society; joining, putting together; connection; correspondence.

itimār (v.n. 8 of احر), Consulting; making preparation; submitting, obeying commands.

A التمام itimām (v.n. 8 of منا), Taking for guide, model, or example; following, imi-

A المن itiman (v.n. 8 of المن), Trusting,

confiding, relying.

itināf (v.n. 8 of الله Tināf (v.n. 8 of الله), Beginning anything anew; beginning, commence-

ttand, An uncertain sum or number. třűk, Happy news, good tidings.

A ألر isar (v.n. of المار, Preferring, choosing; presenting, bestowing, offering;

يَّةُ بَعْش يَعْش A igāq (v.n. 4 of وثق), Binding,

A $\geqslant i \ ij$ (for P. ig), Name of a country in Persia.

ijā (for īnjā), Here, this place.

A باب آؤَةُ الماب necessary; affirmation (in Logic, opp. to privation); assent; first proposal in negotiating a bargain;—ijāb ast, It is requisite or necessary, it behoves; -ijāb kardan, To render necessary, to cause to be done; to exact or demand performance; — $ij\bar{a}b$ u qubul, Proposal and acceptance.

a يمالى ijābī, Affirmatīve.

A عامد lijad (v.n. 4 of مجد), Giving an existence; creation, production; invention, contrivance; making rich and happy;ijād numūdan, To relate; to improvise (m.c.).

A اجار في viās (v.n. 4 of إرجو), Abridging, curtailing, epitomizing; abridgment, ab-

breviation; summary, epitome.

a مازاجاً vjāzāna, Compendiously, by way of abridgment.

م نجاس ijās (v.n. 4 of وجس), Conceiving (as fear, &c.).

م وجع v.n. 4 of رجع Giving pain. م رجف أ v.n. 4 of وجف , Fading.

اللجو $ar{v}_i$ أيلجو $ar{v}_i$ $ar{v}_i$ ech (for hech), Any.

ech-a-ech, The continual round of

the wine-cup.

A رحثن, Rendering (رحثن), Rendering desolate; grieving; being without provi-

م روعش īkhāsh (v.n. 4 of رحمش), Becoming worthless and despised; replacing the arrows into the quiver.

المانة آلمانة آلمانانات آلمانة آلمانات آلمانات آلمانات آلمانات آلمانات آلمانات آلمانات آلمانات آلما

istān. ayukhshut, Bits of divers sorts of

metals, as gold or silver. A wil aid (v.n.), Being strong and firm;

strength, power, vigour, hardness

A قالما تَطَعَ (v.n. 4 of قريم), Intrusting and confiding (a secret); depositing, giving in deposit.

aidāwul, Name of a mountain. witidar, Now; here, in this place; behold!

ايدرا idrā, Now; here.

idari, Belonging to this place.

aida', Dragon's blood.

idamāmid, Name of a medicinal tree.

idand, Any number from three to

وي aidūn, idūn, Thus, in this manner; Dow.

āyda, Oozing, humidity.

aidi (pl. of yad), Hands; favours, benefits.

aidi, Also (apparently misreading (اندی for).

آبذاه م izā' (v.n. 4 of الى), Oppressing, injuring, afflicting; pain, inconvenience, injury; annoyance, vexation, molestation; trouble, distress.

a ايذادة تَعِمَّ-dih, One who annoys, molests.

a ابذادهندي izā-dihandī. The occasioning of annoyance, injury, &c.

a ايدارسان izā-rasān, One who annoys.

molests, &c.

a ايذارساني īzā-rasānī, The causing of

annoyance, injury, &c.

A كَالِمُ الْكَالُةُ الْكُولُةُ A كُلِّمُ الْكُلِّمُ الْكُلِّمُ الْكُلِّمُ الْكُلِّمُ الْكُلِّمُ الْكُلِّمُ الْكُلِّ ing; summoning to prayer; striking upon the ear; prohibiting, hindering, denying access, secluding, precluding; causing surprise; giving pleasure.

A ونام aizaj, Name of a town in Kurdistān.

īzūn, Thus, in this manner.

ayir, ir, A kind of itchy eruption on the body, whose pustules are larger than measles or small-pox.

A air, ir, Veretrum; hot (east) wind;

north wind.

irā (for in-rā, after the analogy of chira, &c.), Since, therefore, because.

A ايرا irā (v.n. 4 of روى), Striking fire. A أيراد irad (v.n. 4 of ررد), Bringing proof, adducing, alleging; objection, protest.

yellow (leaves of a tree); producing great quantities of the plant wars, used for dyeing purposes.

irāf, Name of the father of Ardā, whom the fire-worshippers revere as a pro-

يراق A irāq (v.n. 4 of ورق), Producing leaves (a tree).

ايراك ترتف (= كا يراك Ecause that. ايرال irāl, Circumference, circuit; round, round about.

ايرا يَا rān, The kingdom of Persia proper, said to be named after Iraj, son of Faridûn, to whom this part of his father's dominions was given (comp., however, Z. airya and S. ārya); Hoshang son of Siyamak.

ايران خبر īrān shahr, A name of Nīshābūr.

irānī, A native of Irān; a Persian. En iraj, eraj, The sun; name of the youngest son of Faridun; name of a king of Babylon.

irsā (G. lpis), The rainbow; the root

of the iris.

نرسون) ττεūn (G. άέριζον), Tale.

a الرحا ireiyā, The rainbow; the root of the iris.

a ايرنان irqān, A species of privet.

a كيزاً تrg (in Zand and Pazand, pl. rrgan),

irmān, Repentance, contrition; wish; a sigh; an uninvited guest; a parasite; a loan.

ایرمان سرای $\bar{r}rm\bar{a}n$ - $kh\bar{a}na$, ایرمان عاله q.v.irmān-khwur, Desirous, hankering.

irman-saray, A hired house; the abode of the beloved; the house of sighs or regret; the present world.

பூரி irūn, Sulphur.

irī (in Zand and Pazand), A man;

manliness, bravery.

izāra, A screen, low wall before a house; any support for one's back when sitting down.

تعقر أيراري isārī, A handkerchief; a towel, nap-

kin

الإلا تعطُّم, Name of the 30th day of the

month (see פּוֹשׁלוֹ).
יוֹנְינֹת (pl. izid, ezid, God; an angel (pl. izidān).
שני יוֹנְינֹת izid-panāh, Who enjoys divine protection; who takes refuge with God.

inid-tarāsh, What has been ايرد تراهي

carved into (the image of) a god.

تايرد تعاليل تعالى تعالى تعالى ايرد تعالى ايرد تعالى

izid-gashasb, Worshipper of God; name of an Amir of King Bahram

izidī, Anything bestowed for God's ايرى sake; whatever is given as one's dne; gift,

ezghunj, A sack, a bag. ايرفنج

ul dyish, Sul dyishak, Sul eshak, A spark of fire.

A منا ais (v.n.), Despairing; name of a

man proverbial for his wickedness.

name of a book revealed from heaven to Abraham.

ايساغ ēsākh (v.n. 4 of رسخ birtying, soil-

ing (of a dress).

يسار A آيسار isār (v.n. 4 of يسار), Being opulent; wealth.

A واسم تعقق (v.n. 4 of رسع), Enlarging, widening, making large and wide; being or becoming powerful, able, or affluent; giving power or wealth.

istā (from īstādan), Standing.

istadagi, Stability, steadiness, ايسعادكي stillness;—īstādagī'i bād, A calm.

istadan, To stand, stop, stay, remain, tarry, wait for; bas istadan, To stand back, desist.

istāda, Stauding, أيستادة

istandan, To make rise or stand ايستاندن up; to rouse, stir; to erect, fix, place, constitute, appoint.

istanidan, To make stand, esta-

blish.

istidan, To stand; to begin, set ايستيدن about.

ايستيدة istīda, Standing.

aisar, Left; the left hand; easier, ايسر ▲ easiest; the most moderate; more fortunate; -aisari aiyām, Prosperous times; a fair wind.

aisū, Name of a country.

ايش esh, A spy, a scout. تعلق تعلم (for ishān or eshān), They.

أيشان īshān, eshān, They (rational beinga).

eshānān (further pl. of the pre-

ceding), They.

ishāna, A brood of young chickens. مُنتشر āyishtana, مُنشد ayishta, A flatterer : a spy, scout.

avishm (in Zand and Pazand), Moon-

light.

ayisha, مدية ayisha, A flatterer; a spy, scout.

esha, A thicket, brake; a spy; a ايشة fiatterer.

i-shahryār, Name of the thirtieth أي هاريار day of the month according to the era of Jalālu 'd-din.

eshï, A lady, a matron. ايشي

r ايشيك الهامى باهى تغامى باهى تغامى باهى تغامى باهى Chief usher (m.c.).

ishim, The leather breeches of wrestlers.

Admonishing, رومى işā' (v.n. 4 of رومى), Admonishing, counselling, ordering, charging, commanding; making a will or testament.

A رومد işād (v.n. 4 of وصد işād (v.n. 4 of يصاد م door); placing a veil or curtain over any-

A رومل isal (v.n. 4 of رومل, Causing to arrive, conveying.

A Al aiz (v.n.), Becoming, undergoing a

change; returning.

A aizan, As above, as before, in the same manner; ditto; again, anew, afresh; also, likewise.

A وضع izāḥ (v.n. 4 of وضع), Making evident, rendering clear; explanation, exposition, elucidation.

A Takel īṣāḥan, Clearly, evidently.

A ونع iyā' (v.n. 4 of ونع), Spurring or urging (a horse or camel) to a quicker pace; suffering loss (in merchandise); rendering weak and contemptible; entering.

ه آيطاء آيطاء itā' (v.n. رطئ), Causing to be trampled upon; repeating the rhyme of a Verse.

A ماها تاقط (v.n. 4 of عوا), Promising; threatening, terrifying; being terrified.

A إرعب v.n. 4 of رعب , Making a

signal, beckoning; commanding; coming forward.

ighār (v.n. 4 of رغر), Putting in a rage, inflaming with anger; making (water) boil; becoming security for a tribute or tax; exacting such; granting land free from tribute or tax.

ighuda, aighuda, A silly, prating

coxcomb.

aighir, A stallion.

t ايخرى aighiri, Copulation; — ba-aighiri

dar amadan, To copulate.

ighūr, Igūra, a country inhabited by oriental Turks or Scythians, the eastern extremity of which extends to China.

A ماها ifa' (v.n. 4 of رئي), Paying, satistying; performing a promise, fulfilling an engagement, keeping faith; being near, at the point of, impending; -ifa'i marasimi sadaqat, Observing the laws of truth.

لواض ifāz (v.n. 4 of والفل الم Trging on,

hastening; causing to rise.

يام يَعْم fā' (v.n. 4 of يامع), Being tall (a youth); reaching manhood, entering on his twentieth year.

a إيان بايقال بايقال بايقال fāq, An informer, a

sycophant.

Assenting, ونت fāq (v.n. 4 of ونت), Assenting, agreeing; speaking to one's liking.

ayift, āyuft, A wish, request; neces-

sity, need.

ifuda, A silly, prating coxcomb; a boaster.

A وقد iqād (v.n. 4 of روقد), Lighting, kindling, inflaming ;—īqādi nā'ira'i jang, A kindling of the flames of war.

يقار A iqār (v.n. 4 of رقر), Loading

heavily.

short-necked.

A 141 aiqāz (pl. of yaqiz), Watchful, provident; -- iqāz (v.n. 4 of 14), Awaking, raising, stirring up, exciting; drawing attention to.

قرام ترقر An informer, a sycophant.

A علام $iq\bar{a}'$ (v.n. 4 of رقع), Casting, throwing into battle; fighting furiously; making a night-attack; making harmonic cadences (a singer); containing water (a garden).

قَوْمًا, An informer, a sycophant.

knowing for certain.

a ينها توسّه, A fetid rose.

ه المبادة aiqunat, An image, a picture.

ik, A spark of fire.

A whi aik (v.n.), Thick entangled trees; a forest.

اكل الكال الك ikāl (v.n. 4 of إكل), Giving or offering anything to eat; cavilling; creating animosities by detraction; empowering one against another.

ig, Name of a country in Persia.

ig-bāwan, Name of a religious ایک باری book of the fire-worshippers.

aigar (G. åkopov), Sweet cane.

ایک مادن آبو-mādan, Another reading (perhaps misreading) of بای باری ا q.v.
ت ایا آبار (pl. īlat), A tribe (especially

nomadic).

A يادل el, God; name of a mountain.

A Il iyal, aiyil, uyyal, Stag; deer, hart, wild-goat.

11 ila, Name of a champion in Afrasiab's

army.

(v.n. 4 of رئی), Appointing to a government, setting over; charging, giving command; causing to follow, subjoining; conferring a favour, giving; bringing or placing near.

A قابلة أبلاغ (v.n. 4 of ولع), Inspiring with

violent desire, enslaving with passion.

الك ilāf (v.n. 4 of الله), Rendering familiar, accustoming, habituating; using to; making, completing, or becoming a thousand (alf); giving a thousand.

ailag, Name of the capital of Khata and Ighur; name of a tree; a summer resi-

dence.

Afflicting, الم ilam (v.n. 4 of الم), Afflicting, not in رام tormenting, paining ;---(v.n. 4 of use), Preparing a nuptial entertainment or

الماروس (G. eileds), Iliac passion (a

fatal kind of colic).

ailāwil, Name of a mountain.

ı المهي تاchi, An envoy;—ilchi kabir, Ambassador (m.c.).

il-khān, A commander; a title of

the Mogul emperors.

تالخاني تاlkhānī, Belonging or referring to

an Ilkhan; the leader of an army.

īlkhī, A herd of horses; stud (for breeding horses, m.c.).

eldāna, The lesser cardamom.

تايلغار ت *ilghār*, An expedition. ايكى ilqī, A herd of horses.

ايلك ailak, ilak, Name of a city in Turkistan; name of a king of Yaghma (Turkistān)

ailakān, Belonging to the city of Ailak; another form of the name of King

aylūl, The twelfth month of the Syrian or Chaldean calender, answering to October.

الله ila, Elah on the Red Sea.

ايلي ilī, elī, Servitude, submission, submissiveness.

A المياء īliyā', Ilīyā', Elia, Jerusalem; Elias.

ايلياين ilyāyin, Jerusalem.

آيليايوهن īliyāyūhan, Name of the prophet Khizr.

A aim (v.n.), Being bereaved, left a widow or widower; aigim, Widows, widowers; - im, A serpent particularly slender and white.

im, A widower ;—im, em, We are. imā, We, us, our ;—īmārā, To us.

A ما تسق (v.n. 4 of ايماء Nodding, beckoning; a nod, sign, signal; allusion, suggestion, hint, innuendo; emblem; symptom ;—īmā kardan, īmā u ishārat kardan, To make a sign with the head or hand; to nod, beckon.

سف imāz (v.n. 4 of ومض), Shining, glancing slightly (lightning); stealing a look at a man, making him a private signal (a woman).

imāq (v.n. 4 of ومتى), Showing love;

amorous glance.

! aimu'llah, By God ايم الله الله

aimān (pl. of yamīn), Right hands or sides; oaths (because, in swearing, one man touched the other upon the right hand); (aimāni shidād kardan, To swear much, vehemently, roundly); -īmān (v.n. 4 of امني), Crediting, acknowledging as true, believing; faith, belief, religion; conscience; good faith, trustworthiness, integrity; (imāni bātil, Superstition; imān dāshtan, To believe, to give credit).

a ايمان دار imān-dār, Faithful; a believer. imbar (for اينبار in bar), This time.

المهراطور imparātūr, Emperor.

A مناه a'immat, a'imma (pl. of imām), Imams, saints, &c.; - nazri a'imma, A grant to attendants at a saint's tomb.

aimad, A ploughshare; a plough. aimar, îmar, A coulter, a ploughshare.

A ايسي aiman, More or most happy, for-

tunate, illustrious, august.

eman (A. ايسن eman (A. إليس eman (A. إليس -eman shudan (nishastan), To enjoy security; to be in safety.

aiman-ābād, A place of security. aimanu 'llāh, īmanu 'llāh, By ايمن الله ه

God!

aimanī, eminī, Security, protection, happiness.

aima, Now, this moment; vain,

futile: _ima, This; thus, so.

a sal aima, ayimma, Land given as a reward or favour by the king, at a very low rent, a fief (when no rent is paid the land is called الأعراع lā kharāj, Allodial); charity lands.

a ايمة دار aima-dār, One who holds lands in aima, a feoffee, an occupier of charity

a عدد aima-madad, A particular

tenure (of free land).

aima-mauza', A village given as a charitable endowment to a meritorious person.

ايميد aimīd, Twins; ploughing-oxen. imīn, A plough; a team; free from care.

قين āyan (for āhan), Iron;—āyin (for āyīn), Rite, custom.

A well ain (v.n.), Arriving (time); fatigue; fit or proper time; -aina, Where? wil in (Z. aem, S. ayam), This, the demonstrative pronoun for the nearer object; doubt; irresolution; the former is used in the following metaphorical expressions:in abgun pul, in bargah, The heavenly sphere; -in bagh, The world; -in parda, in parda'i nilgūn, The heavenly sphere;—în parda'i dîr-sāl, în parda'i haft-rang, The heavenly sphere; time, fortune, fate (the latter idiom also the world) ;-in pushti küz, The heavenly sphere; —īn panj ganj, în panj ganji bad-awarda, The five senses ;-in pir, in pir-zan, The heavenly sphere; -in turki sultan shukoh, The sun; -in tang-nisheman nihang; -The world; -in chāh, in hisni hazār mekh, The heavenly sphere; - in khāki tārīk (tīra), The human body; -- īn khāk-gūn, The heavenly sphere; — īn khumi āhan-gūn, īn dām-gāh, The world ;—in dā'ira'i dīrpāy, in dizhī rū'īn, The beavenly sphere;—in dū khwahar, Two stars called by the Arabs the Two Sisters of Canopus; --in du rang, Day and night; also other opposites, as joy and sorrow, good and evil, king and beggar, &c.; -īn dù zangî u rūmī, Day and night; youth and old age;—īn dū sih chīz, The heavenly spheres or orbits; —in dū sih wīrāna dih, The seven climates; -- în dū kula-dăr, Sun and moon; in du manzil, This world and the world hereafter; -in dihi wiran (dewān), in dihi wīrāna, The world; the latter also the bodily frame of the ascetics; -in rūz-raftagān, The unfortunate, the afflicted :- in rum u habash, Day and night; white and black; the face and hair; -in zāl abrū, The sky or heaven ;--in zāli mustakhāssa ('aqīm), The world;—în sāda dasht, The human world (sāda, i.e. plain or unadorned, because real existence is not found in it); the heaven of this world (as void of stars, which move in the eighth beaven); — īn sabzi tasht (tā'us), The heavenly sphere; — īn stitam-kada, The world; in sih jauhar, The three kingdoms of nature—animal, mineral, and vegetable;in sih sitar, in sih dukhtar, Three stars in the Bear called by the Arabs banatu 'n-na'sh; -- īn sail-gāh, The world ;-- in shāhidi rukhzard. The sun; yellow wine; -in shash-dar, the world; -in sham'i yahādī-wash, Yellow wine (yellow being the badge of the Jews); -in taram, The beaven of this world :--in tāqi nīlūfarī. The sphere of the moon;—īn tabaqāt, The heavenly spheres, the celestial orbits; -in talal, This world or its heaven; -īn 'iddat-dār, A jar or eask that has not yet been opened and drunk from (see ימנים כוֹן; -in 'arūs, A weasel; -in qabā'i mulamma', The heaven of this world; the eighth heaven;-in qala'i kahruba-gun, in

kār-khāna, in kār-gāh, The world; --in kāsa, The heavenly sphere; the earth;—īn kabūd hisār, in kabūdwash, The first heaven;—īn kura'i wahm-sūs, The heavenly sphere; --in kabatain bī-naqsh, Sun and moon; — īn kūcka'i bāstan, The world; — īn kūz-pusht, The heavenly sphere;—in kūhi haftād-rāh, The sun; -in kūyi haftād-rāh, The world; -in kuhan (kuhna) gurg, The heavenly sphere; a sagacious man; -īn kuhna tāq, The heavenly sphere;—in lu'ābi la'l, The shining sun :- in madar, The earth (see A. ;—īn nishemani tang, The world;—īn nuqra-girān, Those given to worldly pursuits; wine-drinkers; courtesans; ascetics, monks;—in nuh, The nine heavens; the nine orifices of the human body; -īn nuh sahifa, The nine heavens; -in nihang, The world; the heavenly sphere; -in u an, This (thing or person) and that; this world and the world hereafter; -- in haft rawaq (auraq), The seven (planetary) heavens; -in haft jazīra, The seven climates; -- in haft khum, in haft sahifa, The seven (planetary) heavens; - in haft nuqta, The seven planets; -in haft (hasht) kuladar, The heavenly spheres;—in-yatīm, The

A أنث inās (v.n. 4 of أنث), Being brought to bed of a girl (unsá), bearing a female.

inās (v.n. 4 of النس), Rendering familiar or sociable; familiarity; knowing; seeing, perceiving, looking; hearing.

ينع inā' (v.n. 4 of يباع م inā' (v.n. 4 of يباع), Coming to

maturity, ripening.

rnaq, A king's most intimate counsellor; bravo! well done!

inak), Behold! أيناك ināk (for ايناك

inān (pl. of īn), These.

inānūsht, Dragon's wort, tarragon, اينالوهت imbar (in bar), This time.

ayinatan, Oftentimes, frequently. q.v., for which it is آيدے probably a misreading.

inat, Take this; bravo! well done! injā, This place; here; — az injā, Hence; -az injāst, Here or hence it is.

in jānib, This side, this part. ابنجائی $\bar{\imath}nj\bar{a}'\bar{\imath}$, Of or belonging to this place; the state of being here, "hereness."

injū, A royal domain. injīdan, To crumble bread; to

eat or destroy (as a moth); to irritate, vex; to be cleft; to wound.

in-chār (those four), The elements. inchunīn, اينهنين النهنين inchunīn, اينهنين sān, Thus, so, in this manner.

inad, Numeration; an uncertain number; any part of an unknown number; fascination, enchantment, charm.

آيىدگان āyandagān (pl. of the following),

Living beings.

āyanda, Coming; ensuing, next; a

comer or guest; —āyanda u rawanda, Going and coming, travellers, passengers.

in-rā bāsh, Look at that! (m.c.)

insā, Futile, idle (talk).

inast, This is.

inast ki, This is why (m.c.).

insü, Hither. اينسو

inasa, Bound, hard to unloose; frozen.

a اينطرك in-taraf, This side.

inaft, A petition; need, want.

a أينقد, in-qadar, This much.

يىك īnak, Behold! lo! now; (inak tarāsū, Behold the balance: come to the proof); inuk, A pimple, pustule.

inakat, Behold thee! inakam, Behold me! inakīm, Behold us! ingar, Vermilion.

ainamā, Wherever, everywhere.

a اينمعني īn-ma'ná, This meaning, this cause.

أينك inand, So much, so many; a strange word: a thing spoken in doubt, opinion, or conjecture; any number from three to

nine; (for in and) they are. مَينة āyina, A mirror, a looking-glass, sometimes made of polished steel; plateglass (m.c.); -āyina'i āsmān, the sun; āyina'i iskandari, A mirror made by Aristotle and placed on the summit of a tower erected by Alexander at Alexandria; the sun :--āyina'i ba-pesh (dar pesh) dāshtan, āyina'i peshi nafas (lab) giriftan, āyina'i peshi dam awardan, To test by a mirror whether life is extinguished in a body or not; — āyina'i ba-khākistar pardākhtan (kashīdan), To brighten or polish a mirror with ashes; -ayina'i badan-numā (jāmanumā, qad-numā), A full-sized mirror; a cheval-glass (m.c.); -āyina'i bastan āsmān, The sun rises in the sky ;—āyina'i pīl, Steel mirrors on the armour of an elephant; an elephant's bell; — āyina'i charkh (khāwarī), The sun ;- āyina'i chīnī, A mirror made of polished metal (sometimes employed for medical purposes); - āyina'i khākiyān, The Creator; Adam; the human heart; —āyina'i dast (fath), A hand- or pocket-mirror; (met.) a sword ; -āyina'i dū-rū, A plateglass; —āyina'i dīwār, A mirror placed on or let into the wall; —āyina'i zānū, The kneepan; — āyina'i zarīn, The sun; — āyina'i sang, A crystal mirror; —āyina'i shash-jihat (the six-faced mirror), The heart of Muhammad; the sleepers in the cave; the inhabitants of the invisible world; visions, revelations; - ayina'i ta'us, The variegated plumage of a peacock's wings and tail; āyina'i tal'ati darwishān, The heart or face of the dervishes; -ayina'i gardan, The sun; -āyina'i girifta, A dimmed mirror;—āyina'i miḥrābī, A mirror in the shape of a prayerniche; -- ayina'i mahshar, The mirror (as it

inhā (pl. of īn), These.

ayina-pardaz, إينه برداز āyina-pardaz, āyina-pīrāy, A polisher of آينه پيراي mirrors, a furbisher.

ينه تاب āyina-tāb, Brilliant as a mirror

(applied to a sword).

آينه خاطر *āyina khātir*, Pure-minded.

يه دل *āyina-dil*, Pure-hearted.

آيده دار āyina-dār, The mirror-holder, a male or female attendant on the great in the East; a barber, a hair-dresser.

آينه دان ayina-dān, A case for a looking-

glass.

ينك رئىسار āyina-ru<u>kh</u>sār, ينك رئىسار āyina-rū, Of a bright face or aspect.

ار قرار āyina-zār, A place abounding in

mirrors.

ينه رداي ayina-zuday, A polisher of mir-

ينه سازي āyina-sāzī, Plate-glass manufactory (m.c.).

inhasa, Fast, hard to unloose; frozen.

آينه رو = , āyina-sīma و ينه ميما q.v.

ينه طبع ayina-ta'b, Of a bright disposition. ayina-tal'at, Of a bright aspect. ينه طينت āyina-tīnat, Of a bright disposi-

ayina-furoz, A furbisher.

in-ham, This also (m.c.).

يىد كارى ayina-kārī, Manufactory of mirrors and plate-glass (m.c.); decorative mirrors (m.c.).

آينه محل āyina-maḥal, A glazed house ; a room hung round about with mirrors.

in-hama, Allthis;—in-hama āwarda'i اينهمه tūst, All this comes of you; all this is owing to you.

ينه نماسي ayina-numay, A barber, hair-

dresser, cupper.

ينه هوش آينة غوش āyina-hosh, Of a bright intellect. clear-headed.

ainī, Complaint, lamentation, wailing.

اوی wā' (v.n. 4 of اوی), Receiving hospitably.

ewār, The evening; -ewār kardan,

To travel late in the evening.

ewāza, Adorned, decorated. أيوازة ewāza, Adorned м ايراغلان iwāghlān, A king's minister of a

high degree.

ايرا aiwān, A sofa; a portico, open gallery, verandah, balcony on the top of the house, for the benefit of the prospect and fresh air; a palace;—aiwāni zarkārī (sīmābī), The heavens; -aiwāni māh, The sphere of the moon; the heaven of this world.

aiwānis, Name of a city of the Franks wherein is a church. Every year at the time the sun enters Capricorn many starlings arrive, each bearing an olive in its beak, which they drop in the church, and which suffice the inhabitants of the place a whole year. There is not an olive-tree within a hundred leagues of the spot.

aiwān-tarāz, Adorning ايوان طراز

palace, &c.

aywāh, Fie! pooh! alas!

ai wāy, Alas! woe! (m.c.).

يوب aiyūb, Job. ewara, Adorned.

ewaza, Adorned, decorated. أيوزة ewaza, Adorned ayūmin (in Zand and Pāzand), The

ih (interjection of blame), Fie!

shame! (m.c.);—aiyah, A vulture.

aihā, Leisure, rest, quiet.

▲ \all aiyuhā, O! 🗚 مائة أيهام), Causing a أيهام), Causing a blunder, deceiving, misleading, puzzling; exciting suspicion; omission, neglect; ambiguity, amphibology; insinuation.

A وهن ihān (v.n. 4 of وهن), Enervating,

debilitating.

aihuqān, The herb rocket.

ايا = ,<u>ā</u>yiyān إييان q.v.

آييدن āyīdan, To come.

اير $y_{ir} = \tilde{a}y_{ir}$ آييرq.v.إِيرَةُ مَا مَرِيَّةُ مَا مَرِيَّةً مَا مَرِيًّا مَا مَرِيًّا مَا مَرِيًّا مَا مَرِيًّا مَا مَرِيًّا مَا مَرِي

ييشة āyīsha, A spy, informer; intelligence.

نين āyīn (S. ayana), Au institution, rite, custom, ordinance, canon, usage, prescription; common law (in contradistinction to the laws delivered by Muhammad, and which are called shar'); mode, form, manner; ornament, decoration; (in comp.) like, similar, adorned with; name of a mountain where mummies are found; āyīn bastan, To prepare, adorn; — āyīni jamshed, Name of the second of the thirty modulations introduced by Barbud; a note in music.

يين برگ āyīn-barg, Armed, bearing arms. آيين بندي آāyīn-bandī, An alcove, a bower ; adorned, decorated for a festive solemnity.

ايين پرستى āyīn parastī, Servitude.

اليس المرس آيينه ayīna, مَنْ قَرَيْمَ آمَينه a'ina, A mirror, a looking-glass; plate glass (for nominal or verbal combinations and for compounds see under and after 441).

→ b, the second letter of the Arabic-Persian alphabet, expresses Two in arithmetic, Monday as the second day of the week, the constellation Gemini, and is by

way of abbreviation put likewise for the seventh lunar month Rajab, as the final letter of this word. In Persian it sometimes interchanges with \smile f, as $z a f \bar{a} n$ for saban, Speech; with m, as ghuzhm, A grape-stone, for ghuzhb; and with , w, v, as av for ab, Water; -ba-, insep. prep. (= the separate particle & ba), To, with, in, for, by, on, according to. Prefixed to nouns, it forms possessive compounds, used as adjectives and adverbs, as ba-bālā, Above, upwards, Before a vowel bad is substituted for ba- or ba to prevent the hiatus, as bado for ba-o or ba o, To him. It is sometimes a pleonasm, as ba-juz, ba-ghayr, Beside, except; — bi- (& bi), augment placed before certain tenses of the Persian verb, for which see Grammar.

A \smile bi-, the Arabic equivalent of the Persian ba-. With; in; because, for, on account of; by; at the distance of; to.

It is frequently an expletive.

 $b\bar{a}$, $b\bar{a}$ - (prep.), With, possessed of, endowed with; worthy of; though, notwithstanding; to; at the expense of;—(s.) A kind of gruel or other species of spoon-meat;—(v. for $b\bar{a}d$) May it be.

watery; lustrous; — bā-āb-u-tāb, Lustrous

and glowing (words).

ا الرو $b\bar{a}$ -abr \bar{u} , Honourably, respectably. a المترام $b\bar{a}$ -ihtir $\bar{a}m$, Honourable, worthy of esteem.

a المتعدال bā-isti'dād, Well prepared, well instructed, endowed with capacity.

استين لا $b\bar{a}$ - \bar{a} s $l\bar{n}$, Having sleeves; — $b\bar{a}$ \bar{a} slin nam az ja $b\bar{i}$ n giriftan, To soothe, to show sympathy.

a בּאַבּוֹן bā-iṭṭilā', Well-informed (m.c.). או שׁ bā-afrāh. A herb used against

palpitations of the heart.

a اتتدار bā.iqtidār, Powerful, influential (m.c.).

ואל, bā ambur, With tweezers;—bā ambur ba-iqrār āwardan, To torture into confession.

مَكِنَا لِهُ bā ān ki, Notwithstanding that, although.

ار bā o, With him;— bā o pā girift,

He opposed him.

ل الرض له bā-osh, A species of large cucumber reserved for seed; a small cluster of grapes.

ابن جمله $b\bar{a}$ in jumla, With all these, besides all these, notwithstanding.

اينهمه bā īn-hama, Although.

لا اليهمة كه bā īn-hama ki, Notwithstand-

ing all this, that.

الب ba-āb, To, with, in water;—ba-ābi hamām ziyāfat kardan, To do the honours of the (public) bath (by pouring warm water over the feet of an arriving friend);—ba-āb dādan, To throw into the water; to render vain or useless;—ba-āb rāndan, To

deceive, to delude;—ba-āb rasānīdan binā (bunyād), To make a building or foundation strong (by laying the latter deep); to ruin, to destroy;—ba-ābi rawān andākhtan, To remove, to put away (see ba-āb andākhtan, under);—ba-āb kashīdan, To dip or plunge into the water.

باب bāb, A father; worthy, suitable.

A -4 bāb, A gate, a door; the chapter of a book, section, division, head, heading; an affair, business; point, matter, topic; (in gram.) conjugation;—bābu 't-taubat, The door of repentance;—bābi 'ālī, The Sublime Porte (m.c.);—bābi 'askarīya, The War Ministry in Constantinople (m.c.);—bābi lā yanṣarif khwāndan, To be parsimonious;—dar bābi fulān, Respecting such and such a person, or thing;—dar īn bāb, In this affair.

hh bābā, A father; a grandfather; the head of an order of monks called Calendars; (used like the Ar. bū) accustomed, habitual; — bābā'i qimār-bāz, A professed gambler (m.c.);—āy bābām, O my darling (m.c.).

بابات bābāt, Lucky, fortunate.

بابا خان bâbā-khān, Father-king, a royal title.

ن باران له bā bārān, With rain;—bā-bārān, rainy.

الارى bābārī (G. πέπερι), Black pepper.

الله bābā-sakhī, A kind of melon (see the following article); name of an island rich in gold and silver mines.

ابا هيخى بان له bābā-shaikhī, A kind of melon. بانا كوهى bābā'i kohī, Name of a man renowned for virtue and uprightness.

بابايان bābāyān (pl. of bābā), Fathers,

ancestors.

ડાંધુપ būbāyānah, Like a father; according to ancient custom, in the manner of ancestors.

a بالجن bābat, An item; for, on account of; worthy of, suitable, convenient;—bābati o, On account of him or it;—az bābat, For the sake of (m.c).

il bābar, Name of an emperor of Hindustan, the second of the Mogul race.

אָנָּט bābira, A bracelet.

אונט bābarī, Belonging to Sultān Bābar.

بابرن bābzan, A spit.

bābasir, Senna.

اب سنهاب bāb-sinjāb, A heliotrope plant (see باد سنهاب, of which it is probably a corruption).

الله bābak (dimin. of bāb), A little father; one who educates; faithful, constant, firm, strong; a turquoise stone; name of a king.

A but bābil, bābul, Babylon, renowned for wine and magic; the planet Jupiter; the East.

איל, שוט bābul-khāna, A bawdy-house, brothel.

و بابلس bābilus, Devil's-milk; poppy-seed.

a بابلى bābilē, Of or belonging to Babylon; wine; poison.

שויגעט bābandan, To give, to bestow. a איי ש bā-bunya, Of robust frame (m.c).

שׁנִּע bābū, A kind of wandering monk. שׁנִּע bāb-wār, Item by item; a chapter.

الماري bābwārī, Classification.

מאני bābūta, An earthen pitcher full of water.

الرف bābūk, Camomile flowers; ground ivy; the earth-apple (on account of the roundness of its flowers); foolish, insane.

A بابونك bābūnaj, بابونك bābūnak (for P.

bābūna), Camomile flowers.

bābūna, Camomile; wild ivy; bābūna'i gāv, Camomile flowers (in the dialect of Shīrāz).

અપ bāba, Stuffed with wool; worthy,

suitable.

الله bābī, A member of the Bābī sect.

بابوار $y\bar{a}ft$, بابوار $d\bar{b}$ بابيالت q.v.

שיבעוט bābīzān, A surety, sponsor, middleman;—(for bād-bīzan), A fan, ventilator.

بالى ساعتن bā bī-zabānī sākhtan, To keep silence.

ojeth bābīzan, A spit; a sponsor, a surety.

્રાં પ bā pāyān, Camels; short, finite; end, limit.

الم و عبر الله bā-pich-u-kham, Tortuous and lop-sided (m.c.).

שיש bāt (for אלי,), With thee.

יוֹשׁי bātāb, Similitude, equality; opposition;—bāttāb, Equal, alike, consistent; contradiction, opposition, aversion; a kind of dervish.

انب bātab, Worthy, suitable.

الرَّم bātar, bātir, A crane; a man's name.

A שלק bātir, A sharp sword.

bālara, A drum, a tambourine.

التس bātus, باتس bātush (in the dialect of the people of مبالكارة shabānkāra), An orange.

لاتش ba-ātish, With fire, in fire, &c.;—ba-ātish-pāra'i gīrāndan (to dun with a spark or fire-brand), To send a severe tax-gatherer or dun after anybody;—ba-ātish giriftan āmada būd (he had come to fetch fire), He soon went away again.

a باتفاق ba-ittifaq, With (one) consent; in

company of, together (m.c.).

A with batik, Sharp (sword); name of a sword.

با تماها bā-tamāshā, Worthy to be seen, interesting, curious, handsome (m.c.).

با تمكين bā-tamkīn, Majestic.

bātingān (S. bhantākī), The ogg-

plant.

المتكل bātangal (S. patanjala), Name of a book of the Hindus (probably meant for the Yoga system of Patanjali).

اَتُو bātū, An orange; the grain called habbu 'ṣ-ṣalāṭīn; name of a king.

انوتة bātūta, An earthen pitcher full of water.

 $b\bar{a}t\bar{u}n$, A falcon distinguished by some natural mark.

ياتون bātūna, A jug or pitcher full of water.

zi bāj (from S. root bhaj), Tribute; toll levied by the road-patrol; a silence observed by the Magi at meals and while performing their ablutions;—bāj u kharāj, Tribute and contribution, duties, taxes.

وَا جَالَ bā-jān, Gifted with a soul, alive. والمجال bājbān, A revenue collector.

ליבּרוֹע bājrār, A collector of the revenues. א שׁבְּרוֹע bājrā, A species of Indian corn. bā-jufta, Trellised (m.c.).

لَّهُ لَوْنُ bāj-guzār, Tributary, taxed, tax-

able.

الحكير bāj-gīr, A collector of revenue. a المجارة bā-jalwa, Coquettish, bewitching (m.c.).

اه کاسه bāj-nāma, Household stuff; service, drudgery; favour; pomp, pride. المنك hājang, A small window.

مَا bāja (for bād-jah), A wicket; a large

window. н باجى bājī, Nitre.

ד באי bājī, Sister; miss, lady (m.c.).

אַבּבְּטׁ bājyān, A revenue collector. خَمْتُو bā-chufta (= bā-jufta), Trellised

(m.c.).

bāchū, A title given to Tartar princes.

A باهر bāḥir, Foolish, stupid; a liar, idle talker; blood of a pure red.

a با خور bā-ḥuzūr, One who has found access to the divine presence, who has obtained perfect peace.

a المعان له bā-ḥafṣān, A schoolmaster.

a show $b\bar{a}$ -hafşāna, Lispingly, like a child.

المور له būḥūr, Intense heat, heat of midsummer or the dog-days; vapour rising from heated ground.

A $d_{eq} = b\bar{a}h\bar{u}r\bar{a}'$, The heat of the dog-days. $b\bar{a}hh$, A road, a way; $= \dot{c} \psi$ q.v.

a من المخبر bā-khabar, Informed; intelligent, wary.

باغتر bā<u>kh</u>tar, The west; the east; Bactria.

يدي bākhtan, To play; to lose at play; to give, to bestow;—khwudash-rā bākhtan, To betray oneself, to lose countenance (m.c.).

ا منته bākhta, Played; the plaster, incrustation, smoothing, or polishing of a wall.

باخر آمدن ba-ā<u>kh</u>ir āmadan, To come to an end.

باخير bākharz, A note in music; a city in Khurāsān.

ما لمعنه $b\bar{a}\underline{k}hsa$, A lancet; a private entrance; a layer of a stone wall.

a با معوم bā-khuşūs, Particularly, especially.

ه مانع bākhi, Who kills himself (with

sorrow).

المعامة bākh-nāma, A surname, nickname, title.

ا مود له bā-khwud, By himself, by her-

bākhūr, Name of Abraham's grandfather (in whose time, they say, money was first coined); the dog-days.

ه سيدا bākhūs, Bacchus.

با خويش bā-khwesh, Alone; solitude, lone-

liness; a dip, plunge.

44 bākha, A tortoise;—bākha'i daryā'ī, A sea-tortoise or turtle :—bākha'i barrī, A land-tortoise.

العقر bākha-san, ويعلى bākhīsan, A plasterer.

sh bād, Let it be, so be it ;—har chi bādā

bād, Let it be as it may, as God wills.
b bād (S. vāta), Wind, air, breath; name of an angel or genius presiding over the winds, over the 22nd day of every month and anything that happens on that day, and over marriages; name of the Khusrau's eight treasures; second of (met.) a word, a sigh, a groan; pride, haughtiness; praise, encomium; sharp, fierce; a horse; annihilated; (for $b\bar{a}da$) wine; -bādi azīb, South-east wind; -bādi andar shakar darad, (met.) He is fickle, unsteady; - bādi āhang, A sound, voice, echo; -bād ba-dast āmadan, One is unlucky, unfortunate; — bād bar qadami khāk zad, He rendered homage with head bent down to the ground; he humiliated; -badi burut (burūd), Pride, airs, conceit (of men);—bādi barin, The north-east wind; the south-west wind; — bād būdan, To be nought; to perish;—bādi bīsh-waz, A violent wind; bādi bahār, The gale of the spring;—bādi pas pusht, The west wind;—bādi pasān, Future happiness; crepitus ventris;— $b\bar{a}di$ pech, The east wind; - bad paimudan (to measure the wind), To engage in any foolish undertaking; to tell lies; to drink wine;bādi tund, A hurricane, tempest; — bādi tang-basta, A horse;—bādi khāya, A swelling of the testicles, a rupture; wind produced by flatulency; -bādi dabūr, A southwest wind; -bad dar dast (kaf) dashtan, To be empty-handed; to hold the reins of a horse; -bad dar sar dashtan, To be arrogant, insolent; to meditate evil; —bādi rabī', A spring breeze (m.c.);—bādi sakht (bādi shadīd), A violent wind;—bādi sard, A deep (lit. cold) sigh; despair; -badi sulaiman, The wind that wafted Solomon and his hosts everywhere; magnificence, grandeur; —bādi samūm, A sultry, unwholesome, and pestilential zir ;--bādi samūmi jān-gudāz, A scorching wind, melting the soul, fatal to life; bad sanjidan (to weigh the wind),

To talk nonsense;— $b\bar{a}d$ shudan, To go to the winds; to perish; to disappear; to fly; — bādi shurta, A favourable wind, prosperous gale; bādi sābiya, North-east wind; -bādi sabā, The zephyr, the northeast or morning wind; —bādi 'īsá (bādi masīh), The breath of Jesus (of the Messiah, an expression used by the Persians to imply a skilful physician); bādi farang, St. Anthony's fire; — bādi farwardīn, The south-west wind; — bād kardan, To fan; — bādi kazh, A northwest wind; a side wind; bādi kunji, The cholic; — bad gazīdan labi khurshed, The morning wind blows until sunrise; badi gund, A rupture; bādi gīsū, Pride, airs, affectation (of women); -bādi mukhālif, A contrary wind ;-badi murad, A fair wind ; -bādi nawā, An echo; — bādi nauros, Vernal breezes; name of a modulation in music; - bādi hawā, Gratis, for nothing, gratuitously;—az bād, Swifter than the wind (poet.);—ba-bād (bar bād) dādan, To ruin, to destroy; -ba-bādi chize giriftan, To seize with the wind (produced by the rapid motion) of a thing, to hit or strike with, as ba-badi sang giriftan, To hit with a stone;—ba-bādi fanā raftan, To perish ; bar bād dādan jān (khirman), To destroy life, to kill; -bar bad raftan, To perish; bar bad nibishtan, To write in vain.

ish bādā, Let it be, so be it!—har chih

 $b\bar{a}d\bar{a}$ $b\bar{a}d\bar{a}$, Happen what may (m.c.).

ادابات bād-ā-būd, Be it so.

bādārang, ادارنک bādārang, An orange.

الله الله bād-ābila, A boil, blain; smallpox. sto h bā dād, With equity, justly;—bā-

dād, Just, equitable.

باداش bādāsh, A requital of kindness. الراش bād-afrā, باد الرائل bād-afrāsh,

Punishment; revenge.

bād-āfrāh, bād-afrah, bad-afrah, الما أفراة afrah, Punishment, penance, chastisement; revenge; a child's toy.

...bād-afrāhī, and باد آفراهی

انوا انوا bād-afzā, Revenge; retribution.

المام bādām, An almond; spiceries; the slit, i.e. shell of a horse's ear; the eye of a mistress;—bādāmi talkh, Bitter almond; bādāmī dū-maghz (dū-maghzī), A slit, a fissure; cracked;—bādāmī sāqī, The eye of the beloved; —bādāmi shigūfa shudan (kardan), To shed tears; -bādāmi shigūfafishan, A weeping eye; — badami shīrīn, Sweet almond; — bādāmi kaghizī, Jordan almond; - bādāmi kūhī, Mountain-almond.

بادام بي bādām-bun, An almond-tree. بادامترة bādāmtara, The herb basil.

bādāmistān, An almond-grove. الحام فروش bādām-farosh, A seller of almonds.

assolute bādūmah, The cocoon of the silk-

worm; a kind of silk; a habit, made of rags sewed together, worn by Dervishes or Fakirs; any kind of stuff printed or stamped; the bezel of a ring; a stone in the form of an eye which they sew on a child's cap; a link; a mole on the cheek.

باداسي bădāmī, Almond-coloured ; almond-

shaped; a sort of eunuch.

હોડો bādān, Populous; a recompense. التمير bad-anjir, A kind of early hollow

نادان فيروز bādān-fīroz (feroz), The city of

Ardabil.

انگيز bād-angez (wind-exciting), A kind of plant which the Persian peasants hold in their hands when they winnow their corn, supposing it to have the power of raising the wind, especially when they rub it and throw it in the air; saffron.

الله المرد bad-awar, الله المرد bad-award, A sort of thorny shrub; the second of the seven treasures of Khusrau; riches acquired without labour, a windfall; name of a note in music; name of a place near Wasit;

ventilated; a fan.

اولا أولا bād-āwila. A fatal kind of boil. الا أهني bād-āhanj, A ventilating window.

باد بار bād-bār, A fan; ventilation.

باد باز bād-bāz, A fan ; easy ; fortunate.

a باد باقى bäd-bäqī, Subtraction (in arith-

metic).

אַטאָט bādbān, A sail; a ship's mast; a fan; the collar or sleeve of a garment; sociable; a cup, goblet; -bādbāni a<u>kh</u>zar, The blue firmament; - badbani charkh, Moonlight; -bādbān kashīdan, To set sail.

હાં કે bādbānah, Name of a herb.

bād-ba-dast (Wind in hand), Empty-handed, poor; luckless.

אט א bād-bar, A paper kite; a hoaster, bragger; -bad-bur, A whipping-top; anything which removes a swelling or flatu-

باك برك bād-barak, A paper kite.

بوت مروت bād-burūt, المون bād-burūd, Proud, haughty, boasting, assuming; one who arrogates to himself what he never performed, cannot do, or is not entitled to.

אט אל bād-bara, The 22nd of the month Bahman;—bād-bura, A little round piece of wood put upon a spindle to give it a circular motion, a whirl.

باد بطيقى bādbaṭiqi, Syllogistic demonstration (doubtful word of foreign origin).

الله باد بمشعب bād-ba-musht (wind in the fist), Fruitless, unproductive.

باد بيرى bād-bīzan, A sort of fan; idle, useless.

باد يا bād-pā, باد يا bād-pāy, (A horse) fleet as the wind; -bad-payi wahm, Quick of conception, of a lively imagination.

strainer.

אל אל bād-par, A boaster; a cross-beam; a whirligig.

אי אלוט bād-parrān, An empty boaster.

ال يرك bād-parak, A paper kite.

اه بروا bād-parwā, A ventilator ; any aperture made for the admission of air; one to whom all things come alike; an airy

الاه برة bād-para, A shaving of wood which the wind carries away; the down of a plant.

باد پران bād-pazān, Flattering ; a welcome. איט גיישט bād-pasīn, Crepitus ventris.

ياد پيچ bād-pech, A swing.

باد پيما bād-paimā (measuring the air), Swift; a traveller; talkative; a liar; sensual; a glutton; a drunkard; a curling lock; penniless.

باد خم bād-tu<u>kh</u>m, Fennel ; aniseed.

باد تلعه bād-tak, Swift as the wind (horse). الله على bād-jah, A window, ventilator (see .(باجه

والد عالي bād-khān, Airy room ; a ventilator. مان عانة bād-khāna, A ridge, top; a ven-

الا خانى bād-khānī, Name of a fountain in the province of Dāmghān; so called because at a certain season of the year there rushes from it a violent wind.

الا عاية bād-<u>kh</u>āya, Rupture ; swelled testicle.

اد عن bād-<u>kh</u>an, A storm, tempest, hurricane; a ventilator; an airy house.

الا عندة bād-khanda, A bitter, sad, or sardonic smile.

ال خوار bād-khwār (devouring the wind), Name of a bird; a rupture.

باد خوان bād-khwān, An idle talker, jester; facetious; a flatterer; informant.

باد خور bād-khwar (breeze-devouring), A window, especially in the roof, for the benefit of fresh air, and the advantage of a fine prospect; the bird humā.

اك خورا bād-<u>kh</u>wurā, A scald-head.

bād-khwurak, A small black bird باد خورك said to live in the air, feeding on the wind, and unable to rise again when it alights anywhere.

الا خون bād-<u>kh</u>ūn, A ventilator ; a country retirement, garden-house, or villa; the flowing of water; household furniture; the plan, delineation, or figure of a house.

باد غيز bād-khez, Name of a village de-

pendent on Harat (see باد غيش). אָט טון bad-dar, Windy; swollen; puffed

up with pride; independent; worldlyminded; possessed of an evil spirit; destructive.

الم در تام bād-dar-tâm, Rheum (doubtful word).

שי בי היע bād-dar-sar (wind in the head), Arrogance, haughtiness, foppishness.

باد در مشت ,bād-dar-kaf باد در كف bād-darmusht (wind in the fist), Poor, penniless.

باد دونام bād-dizham, باد دونام bād-dizhnām, A superfluity of blood in the body, breaking out in sores and boils.

باد دست bād-dast, Lavish ; a spendthrift ;

empty-handed, indigent.

لا دستبرد bā-dastburd, Endowed with superiority, pre-eminent, accustomed to victory.

טע טא bād-dam, Puffed up with pride,

vain; pride, arrogance.

bādar, The 29th day of the month or moon; moist, fresh, green; lettuce; the erysipelas.

a بادرار ba-idrār, Copiously, in a con-

tinuous stream.

bādrām, Vain, foolish, idle, silly, futile, unprofitable; wicked, depraved; a subject.

باك راك bād-rān, A fan; haughty, aspiring; name of an angel presiding over (driving)

the wind,

بادرس bād-ras, Airy; a flue, funnel, vent.

باد رفتار bād-raftār, Going like the wind. bad-rum, bad-ram, Vain, foolish, idle, silly, futile, unprofitable; a subject. بادرنبو bādrambū, A peep-hole.

الدرنجيوية bādraṃbūya, بالدرنجيوية bādranj-

buya, = بادرنگبویه q.v.

بادرنگ bād-rang, A species of cucumber; an orange; a kind of disease caused by grief; a fleet horse; a kind of swinging cradle.

بادرنگبويه bādrang-bū, بادرنگبويه bādrang-būya (boya), Mountain-balm.

bād-rangīn, A species of large

cucumber; a poem, a verse.

بادرو bād-ro, Balm; a kind of cucumber; a herb that smells like an orange.

الاروع بويد bādrūj-būya, A fra-

grant kind of herb.

الحروجة bādrūcha, Name of a herb.

الحروز bādroz, A gift, a present; sweet

بادروز بوية bādroz-būya (boya), A kind of

plant which smells like an orange.

الاروزة bādroza, Continual, perpetual; daily bread, common fare; a garment for daily wear.

بادرونه bādrūm, بادرونه bādrūna, Mountainbalm.

ادرة bādra, Speaking without reflection; haste;—also bādara, Breeches, drawers.

بادريس bādrīs, الدريسة bādrīsa, A little round piece of wood or leather fixed on a spindle or distaff to wind the thread upon; a flat piece of wood circular and perforated to receive the top of a tent-pole; a whirl; a fan.

بادريسة چشم bādrīsa-chashm, One-eyed ; the devil.

bādresha, الدريشة bādresha, A cucumber; rice; sickness.

אינא bādriya, A kind of large wooden fan or ventilator suspended from the roof, to promote a circulation of air, and drive away the flies, a punkah.

بادزد bād-zad, A whirlwind, hurricane. bādzam, Treacle; trifles, frivolities. يادزن bàd-zan, المزن bād-zana, A fan, ventilator.

bādaznām, A tent-pole.

bād-zahr, The bezoar-stone.

بادزهرة bād-zahra, A swelled throat, quinsev.

بادزين bād-zin, The zephyr.

bādish, A pestilential carbuncle or inflammatory appearance of the skin; red wine.

بادزكام bādizhfām, بادزكام bādizhkām, An inflammatory red, purple, or livid hue on

אַנּקְטֹּן bādizhnām, An inflammatory red, ourple, or livid hue on the face; red wine; bile.

بادروام inflammatory bādizhwām, An disease.

بادسار bād-sār, Vain, light, trifling; swift. بانستا bād-sakhā, Generous; the world. بادسر bād-sar, Proud, vain, affected, airy. بادسرة būd-sara, A horse-disease; an ailing

part (of the body).

الانسرى bād-sarī, Pride, folly, affectation. بالدسري bād-sanj (weighing wind), Idly speculative, vain; vain hopes, delusive dreams; proud, arrogant, covetous.

اله سنجاب bād-sinjāb, A sunflower, or

some plant related to it.

bād-suwār, A horseman; a fleet horse; a fan, a punkah.

bād-sair, Travelling like the wind. الا مين bād-sīn, A suckling woman.

ادش bādish, An inflammatory, livid appearance of the face regarded as precursor

bādshāh, A king.

بادهاهت bādshāhat, Kingdom, government.

بادهاهي bādshāhī, A kingdom.

a هرلم اله مرلم bād-shurṭa, A favourable wind ;

a north-easterly wind.

אַניגּאַן bādishfām, אַניגּאַן bādishkām, bādishwām, Red אָניגּין bādishwām, Red wine; the prickly heat, an inflammatory appearance of the face.

الدهة bādshah, A king.

a باد عولت bād-ṣaulat, Attacking with tempestuous vehemence.

باد عنان bād-'inān, Swift, fleet (horse). بادغد ,būd-ghad بادغر ,būdghar بادغد būd ghard, بادغند bādghand, A place exposed to the winds on every side; a house having a number of windows, an airy summer-

house; a ventilator. بادغس bād-ghis, A vent, chimney, funnel. بادعي bād-ghan, An airy house; a vain boaster.

a باد غير bādghīs (from P. باد غير), A district in Khurāsān.

bādaft, Name of a fragrant tree.

bád-far, A small top or gig, a plaything that hums; a large fan or ventilator suspended from the roof for promoting a circulation of air, a punkah; punishment, retribution.

ادفرا bàdafrā, and-

bādafrāh, Punishment, retribution; -bad-farah, A child's plaything, a humming-top.

bādafra, Vain, foolish, boasting, brag; punishment, retribution; $\rightarrow b\bar{a}d$ -

farah, A child's plaything.

باد فور bād-fūr, Who breaks his word or promise.

bād-fūz, Who gives advice to others, باد فوز but neglects it himself.

باد كردار bād-kirdār, Swift, hasty, expeditious.

بادكش bād-kash, A large fan; a punkah; bellows; cupping, scarification;—bād-kashi firāshī, A large sort of fan.

باد كن bād-kan, A rupture.

باد كوبة bād-kūba (wind-beaten), Town and district of Baku.

بادگان bādgān, A keeper, guardian, treasurer; the fore and hinder part of the collar of a garment.

איטש bād-gāna, A latticed window.

ادگاه bād-gāh, A draught-house, a privy.

بادگذار bād-guzār, An air-hole; a fabler. אַנאָ bâdgar, אַנאָר bād-gird, A whirlwind.

باد گنج bād-gunji, باد گنج bād-gunjī, The cholic.

بادكى bād-gī, بادكى bād-gīr, An airy house ; a funnel perforated in every part for the admission of air.

با دل bā-dil, Generous, brave, noble-

hearted.

بادلجان bādiljān, The egg-plant or brinjal. bā dil u jān, With heart and با دل و جان soul.

الدليجة bādalīja, A sort of cannon.

باده bādam, An almond; spiceries.

با دماغ bā-damāgh, Intelligent.

المرارة bād-muhra, Antidote for a snake's bite.

bādinj, A cocoa-nut.

بادنجان bādinjān, The egg-plant or brinjal. بادنگت bādang, Swaddling-clothes.

بادنگان bādingān, The egg-plant or brinjal. اب نيا bād-numā, A vane, pennant, weathercock, showing the quarter whence the wind blows.

a با دوام bā-dawām, Durable, lasting.

بادراى bādwān, The sail of a ship; the collar of a garment; a shirt, shift; a cup, goblet.

بادوبان bādūbān, The front and back of

the collar of a garment.

الد و بيد bād u bed, Useless, unprofitable.

של פ נים bad-u-dam, Pride, self-complacency.

bād-u-tūfān, Typhoon, cyclone باد و طوال (m.c.).

بادويز bād-wez, بادويز bād-wezan, A ventilator, fan.

بادة bāda, Wine; any intoxicating drink; new wine; a cup, vessel full of wine; bāda'i mast, Strong, intoxicating wine; bāda'i nav (nau), New wine;—bāda paimūdan, To measure out wine; to give to drink.

بادة پالا bāda-pālā, Racking wine, a strainer.

بادة پرست bada-parast, Given to wine, a sot.

ادة بيمان bāda-paimā, بادة بيما bāda-paimān, Measuring wine; wine-drinker.

يماني فيماني bàda-paimānī, Crop-sickness.

a باد هرزه bād-harza, An incantation employed by house-breakers to lull the watchmen to sleep.

بادة كسار bāda-gusār, A wine-drinker.

بادهاج bād-hilj, بادهاج bād-hanj, A contrivance on the top of houses in the East, in the form of a chimney, having an opening face to the west, which, catching the breeze, gives a refreshing coolness to the apartments with which it communicates.

بادة نوش bāda-nosh, A wine-bibber, a drun-

kard.

a ابه عاب bād-hawā, A false promise; anything not in existence, a non-entity.

a باد هوائي bād-hawā'ī, Fruitlessuess,

بادى bādī, Be thou; mayest thou live for ever! the signs Gemini, Libra, and Aquarius; flatulent, full of wind, windy; aerial; airy.

A بادى bādī (ag. of بادى), Inhabitant of the desert; wild beast; appearing, beginning; beginner, author; first (in comp.); -badī 'n-nazar, The first glance; at first sight.

باديار bādyār, A falcon trained for hunt-

ing.

باديان bādyān, باديان bādyāna, Fenuel,

بادياوند bādyāwand, Strong, robust; strength.

بادیارندی bādyàwandī, Bodily strength, force.

A אַנאַ bādiyat, bādiya, A desert (esp. of the Arabs), wilderness; forest, jungle;—bādiya'i tāh, The desert of the Israelites; bādiya'i $gh\bar{u}l$ ($gh\bar{u}l$ - $d\bar{u}r$), The present world.

باديج bādīj, Large boots or stockings.

بادید bā-dīd, Openly; manifest, conspicuous.

ياديدار bā-dīdār, Sightly, pleasing to the eye.

الدير bādīr, A pillar, prop, support, buttress.

a 434 badiya, A capacious earthen vessel, in which wine is kept; a large deep jug, cup, bowl; a desert.

a بيماى bādiya-paimāy (measuring the desert), A swift horse; a traveller.

a بادية نغين bādiya-nishīn, An inhabitant of the desert.

bāzārang, A citron, a quince.

אנות לינות לינות לינות לינות לינות לינות לינות לינות לינות An almond; men. שלנות bāzān, Name of an early Persian convert to Islām.

bāzāward, A white thorn.

a بالام bā-zamm, Blameworthy, mean, a trifle, a thing of no importance.

باذرو bāzaro, Pareley.

A איינפש bāzarūj, Mountain-balm. bāzasnām, A tent-pole.

A باد عين bāzghīsh (from P. عين bādkhes), Name of a village dependent on Harāt.

A الخامة bāzaft, Name of a tree which emits a sweet perfume when shaken by the wind.

اللق الم bāziq, bāzaq (from P. اللق bāda), The juice of the grape slightly boiled;— hāziq bāziq, Endowed with quickness of parts.

A بائل bāzil, One who expends, uses, puts out; liberal, munificent;—bāzili maqdūr kardan. To employ (every) endeayour.

kardan, To employ (every) endeavour. a باذري bā-zauq, With delight, with relish,

gleefully.

ار bār (S. bhāra), A burden, load, weight, charge; baggage; a pack, a bale; a foetus; fruit, flowers, blossoms; sorrow, grief; the imposition of a burden not to be endured; a court, congress, assembly; a tribunal; a curtain at the door of a pavilion; entrance; free access, admittance; opportunity; a petition, written memorial, request; leave, license; root, cause, origin, foundation; a branch; a fortification, a wall; a ditch, a moat; a granary, storehouse; God; greatness, eminence, dignity; fault, crime; dung, manure ; adulteration, alloy ; a trivet; a musical instrument; rice or any other grain from which beer is made; name of a village near Tus; food in general; filling a plate with food; a time, turn (yak bar, dũ bàr, Once, twice); an affix implying conflux or multitude and forming names of countries and regions; (in comp.) laden with, or (as part. of baridan) raining, shedding, scattering, diffusing; -bar awardan, To bear fruit, produce; bār bar-dāshtan, bār pazīruftan, To conceive; bār dar dil nihādan, To afflict; bār dādan, To allow admission, hold a levée, grant an audience; to give the road to a superior; to manure land;—bar dashtan az, To be with child by; bāri dil, Heart-ache, grief, worldly cares; -- bār sākhtan, To make up a bundle, to pack up; -bar shudan, To be burdened, loaded ;—bāri 'ām, A public audience ;—bār

kardan, To load; to draw up in battle array;

—bāri kishtī, The freight of a ship;—bār giriftan, To conceive, become pregnant;—bār nihādan, To lay down a burden, to bring forth; — bār u dīwār, Walls and bulwarks;—bār yāftan, To gain or fiud admittance;—dar āmadan ba-bār, dar bār āmadan, To blossom; to produce fruit.

שלע ba'r (v.n.), Digging a well.

A ju bārr, Beneficent, pious; just, dutiful.

אלין bār-āb, Agricultural produce raised by water drawn from the beds of rivers or by artificial canals; name of a district in Turkistān.

ارات bārāt, An assignment for money, draft.

اراع bārāj, A midwife.

ار آغوش bār-āghosh, An armful.

gly bārān, Rain; raining; — bārāni shitāb, Heavy rain; — bārān giriftan, To rain, to shower, to pour over (m.c.).

rain, to shower, to pour over (m.c.).

אל לע לענונ bār-andāz, Throwing off a burden.

bārān-rasīda, Rained upon.

לולט לייגל bārān-rasīda, Rained upon. אללט לייגל bārān-rez, A spout, gutters, eaves. אללט נאל bārān-sada, Rained upon.

اران هتاب bārān-shitāb, Heavy rain. اران كير bārān-gīr, A shelter from rain. اران كرير bārān-girez, The eaves of a house; shelter from rain.

عاران ناك bārānnāk, Rainy (day).

אנוש bārāna, The main beam of a house; the herb melissa;—bārāna kardan, To fall into danger; to throw away; to boast, brag.

باراني bārānī, What refers to rain; a riding-coat or cloak which keeps out the rain; name of a Turkomān tribe.

بارانيدن bārānīdan, To cause to rain.

וּלְּנְ bār-āwar, Fruit-bearing.

if, $b\bar{a}$ - $r\bar{a}h$, Who is or proceeds on the right road.

bā-rāhī, The state of being on the

right road.

باراهی کند bārāhī-kand, An Indian plant. بار بار bār-bār, Frequently, repeatedly; murmuring, crying; name of a prophet.

அப் bārbud, Name of a famous Persian musician, native of Jahram, a town near Shīrāz.

بار بر bār-bar, باربدار bār-bardār, A carrier, porter; a day-labourer; a beast of burden; a devious course.

اربداری bār-bar-dārī, Travelling expenses, carriage-hire.

بار بعد bār-bugha, A load, baggage; gently; small wares.

ار بنگاة bār-bungā, ار بنگاة bār-buna, Place where a load is laid down.

اربيكي bār-begī, Master of the ceremonies.

پارتنگ bāritang, The plantain-tree.

ارم bāraj, Nightshade; name of a fruit. الرجا bār-jā, A royal court.

ارجات bārjāt, Au oppressive custom of

forcing to purchase goods above the market price.

ارجامه bār-jāma, A large pair of saddlebags with a mouth on the side.

bārjāy, A free grant of a spot of ground made by a Zamindar to anyone of his relations.

bār-chā, Judgment-hall, court of

justice.

T فرية bārcha, Others, the others: all.

▲ c)4 bāriḥ, A sultry wind; passing from the right side of the hunter to the left (game).

ه ارجة bāriḥat, bāriḥa, The preceding

night; yesterday.

A wile is bar-khāna, A tent, or cloth stretched upon poles, under which goods and baggage are kept from rain, when halting upon a journey; a sack; dorsers or pack-saddles for beasts of burden, upon which loads are placed; baggage, particularly such as kings and great men travel with; merchandise transported from place to place.

ار عدا bār-khudā, Lord God; a king, a

prince; an excellent poem.

bār-khudāyā, O mighty Lord بار عدايا God!

a بار خيمه bār - khaima, A collector of revenue; a custom-house; an exchequer.

אני A אני bārid, Cold, frigid; firm, solid, established; -auzā'i bārid, Cold, unfriendly actions; -samūmi bārid, A hot wind blowing incessantly;—'aishi bārid, An agreeable life.

بارداد bār-dād, Leave; a porter, chamberlain.

אנון, bār-dār, Pregnant; fruitful.

اردان bārdān, A fruit-basket; a repository for travellers, goods, and baggage; household furniture; poles, upon which travellers mount awnings or tilts for the preservation of their goods from rain; a large wallet; a cloak-bag, a portmanteau; a flagon of wine.

باردست bārdast, Ebony.

باردو bār-dū, A forked stick used in propping up the branches of a tree overloaded with fruit.

بارديج bārdīj, Any kind of damp cloth fastened to a long pole, with which bakers clean their oven and temper the heat.

ارنگ bārrang, Infants' swaddling bands; ropes, girths, bandages, or fastenings for loads; bandages for the breasts, to prevent their swagging.

Baroach, a city in India.

A jily bāriz, Who or what issues forth; apparent, evident; sum total (in arithmetic).

المرزد bārzad, A gum, benzoin or benjamin. bar-zaman, The vicissitudes of fortune.

بارسا bārsā, Done hastily; a commencement.

H بارسات bārsāt, The rainy season (in India).

ارمطارون bārastalārūn, بارمطارون bāristā-riyūn (G. περιστερεων), A kind of grain of which pigeons are fond; valerian.

الرسنج bār-sanji, الرسنج bār-sanjin (san-jan), Weighing a load; anything placed in an opposite scale as an equilibrium.

bārish, Rain.

لا رهاك bā-rashk, With jealousy, jealous. bār-shikanī, Provision, especially بار هكدي brought from abroad.

bāri', One who excels in virtue or knowledge; beautiful, elegant, good, fair.

ار عرادة bār-'arrāda, Baggage cart (m.c.). ه ارق ه bariq, Shining, flashing (cloud); bright (sword); name of the father of a tribe; also of a place near Kufa.

ه ارته م bāriqat, bāriqa, Sword; light-

ning.

ارك bārik, Thin, slender, minute; the membrane which envelopes the foctus.

A قال عالم bārak allāh (or simply bārak), May God bless you! Good God! strauge!

باركش bār-kash, A porter, a day-labourer; a bandage tying over all; carriage, means of conveyance; oppressed; sympathizing, condoling; strong, heavy.

bār-kashī, Porterage, a carrying of

loads, a bearing of burdens.

باركى bārakī, bāriki, A strong horse (particularly a baggage-horse); all together,

باركان bārgān, A ditch, a puddle.

بارگار bārgāv, An agreement, a treaty;

concord, harmony.

ارگاه bār-gāh, Place of leave or dismission (applied to ambassadors and supplicants of every denomination), i.e. the king's court, palace, tent, tribunal, hall of audience; a court, where they load or unload beasts of burden; the womb.

بار گرفتن bār giriftan, To become pregnant. المركة bar-gah (= المركاة), A hall of justice, &c. باركى bāragī, A pack-horse; an excellent strong horse; strength, power; a courte-

باركير bār-gīr, A bearer of loads, a beast of burden, a baggage-horse; a camel; the tonnage or cargo of a ship (m.c.); one who puts a load on man or beast; one upon whom a burden is laid, or to whom any crime or fault is imputed, charged, convicted; a horse-soldier who has his horse found him; conceiving, pregnant, gravid; a female; a camel-litter; a lender.

bār-girī, Conviction, criminal charge; taking in of a ship's cargo (m.c.); -bar-girī numūdan, To get under load (m.c.).

اركين bārgīn, A cistern; a sink; stagnant, fetid, or putrid water.

bārmān, Name of a champion of Turan, son of Wisa.

bāramboy, Sweet بارنبوي bāramboy, Sweet basil.

بار نامة bār-nāma, Example, rule, regulation, form, formula, canon; an edict, order, command; admission to the royal court; obligation; a numerous household, retinue; pride, haughtiness, vain-glory; boasting; praise, encomium; glory, exaltation; leave, dismissal; throwing, hurling, darting; interceding, mediating, reconciling; custom; military apparatus.

אָנּטּשׁ אָנָטּשׁ bārnāna kardan, To rush into

danger or perdition.

אַליץ bārnab, Anise-seed.

بارنبوي bāran-boy, A fragrant plant.

bāranj, A cocoa-nut.

بارندگی bārandagī, Rain; falling dew; the rainy season.

bāranda (part. of bārīdan), Rain-

بارنگ bārang, Swaddling-bands; an orange.

bārangboy, Southernwood.

بارنگبویه bārangboya, Balm-gentle, parsley. bārangū, Mountain-balm, calamint. ا رنگ و بری bā rang u boy, With all pomp and splendour.

אָנָ bārū, A wall, rampart, bulwark, fortification; a fort; a tower; battlements,

embrasures.

H , bārū, Sand.

ار وبند bar u band, The belongings of anything.

باروت bārūt, Gunpowder.

ارت عالل bārūt-khâna, A powder magazine.

bārūcha, A vessel for carrying clay. a كريا bā-rauḥ, له و على له bā-rauḥ-u-ṣafā, Cheerful, pleasant (m.c.).

بارد bārūd, Saltpetre; gunpowder. אין bārwar, Fruitful; plentiful.

باروزنه bārauzana, Name of a note in music. ارزة bā-roza, Daily bread; an every-day garment; a worn-out garment.

g باروق bārūq, Ceruse of white lead or tin.

אָרָנְיָּ bārūm, A ferry. אָלָּי bāra, God; the presence of God; a curl, a ringlet; an intimate friend; form, manner; rule, custom; a time, a turn; walls, fortifications; anything which divides or separates two objects; ugly, deformed; covetous, avaricious; addicted, given to; a bribe to a judge; reward; the curved extremities of the beam of a balance to which the scales or weights are suspended; a horse; a herd, flock; an intoxicating liquor made from barley, beer, ale; regard, respect; good, excellent; beautiful; ture, just; countenance, aspect; the eye-brow; leave, dismissal; state, condition; arms; bā-rah (= 5)4), Who is on the right road;
—bāra'i nuhum, The ninth heaven.

ارها bārhā (pl. of bār), Burdens; often many times, frequently.

ارهي = bārhī, Zedeoary; -- bā-rahī (اباراهي),

The state of being on the right road.

א אונט bāri', (ag. of לול), The creator, God, the Deity.

bare, Once; a time, a turn; any time; sometimes; I wish, would to God! at length; at least, in short, at all events; -- bārī, Loaded, heavy; (for A. هارئی) God; a king; rank; excuse, pretext; walls, fortifications; the ventricles of the heart; name of a town in India.

אָנ^ט bāryā, O great God! a hypocrite.

אנאיש bār-yāb, Admitted at court, into the

royal presence, into company.

باريابي bār-yābī, Admittance at court, &c. אראל bar-yar, A flower; fruit; a castle; a burden; a beast of burden; a street having no thoroughfare; when added to numerals, it signifies Times, as dū bār-yār, Twice.

باريانته bār-yāfta, باريدار bārīdār, Admitted باريانته a servant, a guard, a sentinel at a haram.

باريدگى bārīdāgī, Rain; a cut, rent, fissure.

اريدن bārīdan (Z. vār), To rain;—ashk bārīdan, To shed copious tears.

אָנֵע bāriz, The autumn.

a باريقون bārīkūn, Fennel; hellebore.

باريك bārīk, Subtile, slender; penetrating; small, fine, delicate, thin, minute, little, indistinct; -bārīk rasīdan, To give the highest finish to a thing.

اريك آواز bārīk-āwāz, A babbler.

باريك بين bārīk-bīn, Discerning, intelligent; with a piercing sight (horse).

باريك بينى bārīk-bīnī, Quickness, acuteness.

a باریك خیال bārīk-<u>kh</u>ayāl, Of subtle thought or imagination (poet).

باريك دم bārīk-dum, With a slender tail. اريك راي bārīk-rāy, Of a subtile or penetrating genius.

باريك ريس bārīk-rīs, Subtle, ingenious,

thoughtful; sighing.

باريك ميان bārīk-miyān, Slender-waisted. باریکی bārīkī, Subtilty; slenderness, slim-

بارين bārīn, Name of a village near Hamah

in Syria.

jų bāz, Back, again; anew, afresh; from, since; also; towards; return, repetition; descent, declivity; inversion, contrariety; the shoulder; the arm, or the upper part of it; a span, cubit; the distance between each hand when the arms are horizontally extended in an opposite direction; a fathom; a fluger-joint; a bundle, armful; choice, distinction, separation; a ford, ferry; open; wine; tax, tribute; (S. vājin? see next article) a falcon; (in comp., as part. of bakhtan, To play) playing at, with, or on, staking (as qimār-bāz, Playing at dice;

 $-i\bar{a}n$ - $b\bar{a}z$, Staking or risking one's life, &c.); bare, naked (m.c.); clear (sky, m.c.); -baz istadan, To remain behind, desist, or cease; to be detained, checked, prohibited; to supersede;—bāz uftādan, To fall back, relapse, recede; -baz amadan, To return; to desist; to repent; -baz awardan. To bring back, restore; -baz awarda kardan, To bring back an apology, to excuse, exculpate (oneself);—bāz burdan, To flatten (a cake);—baz bastan, To rebind, to set (a broken bone); to trace (oneself or one's pedigree) back, to claim relationship; -bāz būdan, To be exposed (m.c.); bāz pas raftan, To retrace one's steps; go away (m.c.); -bāz chīdan, To draw in, gather, take up (as a net, &c.) ; -baz khamidan, To taunt, reproach; bāz khwāndan, To charge, to accuse openly and publicly; -baz khwurd, He swallowed it, he met it, he hit upon it; bāz dādan, To give back, to return; to turn upon;—bāz dāshtan, To hold back, restrain, prohibit; to hide, conceal, seclude; to delay; bar randan, To repel; to recollect, reconsider; to explain, relate; -baz zadan, To retreat, to withdraw; to rebel; baz shudan, To be opened (dilam baz bishawad, May my heart be opened, i.e. rejoiced (m.c.); -baz talbīdan, To demand restitution; -baz kardan, To open or unfold; to take to pieces, undo, demolish; to strip off (skin); to gather (fruit); to wean; to roll out (a lump of dough); to separate; būz kushādan, To open; -bāz gardān shudan, To fall back; to suffer a relapse; —baz gardānīdan, To cause to return, to recall; to correct; to restore, repay; -box guftan, To say again, repeat; to rehearse, relate;— $b\bar{a}z$ mandan, To stay behind; to remain, or survive; to desist, cease, stop, leave off; to be separated; — bāz numūdan, To show again; to explain, to clear up; to expose; -bāz yāftan, To resume; to find out, to become acquainted with.

a y bāz, A falcon;—bāzī khashīn, A kind of falcon with a dark-coloured back and a red eye;—bāzi sipihr, The sun; the day;—bāzi safed, bāzi safed-par (the white or white-winged falcon), The sun; the day.

ازا bāzā, A weight equal to 90 astīr, each astīr weighing four misqāl;—(for أَ بَازِ bāz

 \bar{a}) come back.

a alju ba-izā', Over against, in front of,

opposite to, in comparison with.

الرَّ أَمْ الْمَا لَهُ baz ār (imp. of baz āwardan), Bring back.

Jib bāzār, A market; a market-day; a bargain; usage, currency; beauty, splendour; (for the preceding) bring back;—bāzār ārastan, To arrange a bazar, to lay out one's goods for sale;—bāzāri auwali yūsuf, The price received for Joseph by his brothers from the Egyptian traders;—bāzār bar-chīdan, To close the bazar, leave

off buying and selling;—bāzāri jidāl u qitāl, War, battle; — bāzāri khāk, The human body; pomp, pride; the attractions of the present or of the future world; — bāzār zadan, To gain, to make a bargain, to obtain a desired object;—bāzāri zad u khwurd, Strite, battle;—bāzāri 'ajal, War, fight;—bāzāri fulāne tez (garm) ast, One drives a brisk market;—bāzāri māhiyān, A poultrymarket;—bāzāri minā, The market of Mecca on Mount Mina;—bāzār kardan, To fix a price; to trade;—bāzār nihādan, To babble, talk idly, boast;—bāzār nihādan, To arrange a bazar or one's goods for sale.

بازارچه bāzārcha, A small market or

bazar.

بازار علقى bāzār-<u>kh</u>alqī, Market-folk. bāzār-zada, Stale or unsaleable

الأركان bāzārgān (originally bāzāragān, pl. of bāzāra below, but used as sing.), A merchant.

ازار گاه bāzār-gāh, Place or time of

market.

باراره bāzāra, Who sells and buys in the market, a merchant.

لزارى bāzārī, Belonging to a market, mercantile; a market-man; (bāzārī kardan, To market);—bā-zārī, Complaining, lamenting.

الأراب bāzūriyā (voc. of the preceding), O merchant! O trader! (dim. of بازاری) a small trader, huckster.

الأنكن bāz-afyan, A piece, section, morsel, bit, shred, rag; a pad, wadding, or stuffing

ازام bāzām, A swing, a see-saw.

which they wash clothes; the basin of a fountain.

باز آورد bāz-āward, Gift offered to a superior.

از ایستانکی bāz istādagī, A standing back. باز ایندگی bāz-āyandagī, Return, coming back.

אָן אל bāz-bār, און אין bāz-bān, d falconer.

بازبر bāzbar, The bezoar stone, an anti-

الربوة bāzbaza, Loving women; a lover.

بارپوس būz-purs, Repeated inquiry, minute search; a revision, an examination.

أبازيرة bāz-para, A butterfly ; a bat.

بازیس ان المقدد این به معنی از المقدد این به المقدد این از المقدد این از المقدد این از المقدد این از المقدد این المقدد ا

از پسان bāz-pasān (pl. of the preceding), The capaille, the mob.

بار پسين bāz-pasīn, Last, hindmost.

cradle; a string of beads suspended from the top of a cradle for the amusement of infants.

a منازعه bā-zaḥmat, troublesome (m.c.).

אנ און אינ būz-jūy, Back, behind; remains; place of return.

tj\ bazakh. A sound, a voice.

باز عاست bâz-<u>kh</u>āst, Resurrection.

بار عانه bāz-khāna, A mew or cage for a

باز عريدن bāz kharidan, To redeem.

الا معمد bās-khamīd, Resurrection; taunt. باز خواست bāz-khwāst, Answer; question; demand of restitution; retrospect; investigation; Day of Resurrection.

ان خواسته bāz-khwāsta, Retribution, punish-

ment (m.c.).

Judgment Day.

الاه bazud, The fleshiness of the arms.

יון כון bāz-dār, A falconer, a huntsman; a sower; an agriculturist; keeping back; (for שלכות) a revenue collector.

bāz-dārish, Retention, prohibition.

ار دارى bāz-dārī, Charge of falcons or hawks.

از داهت bāz-dāshi, A hindering, a preventing, keeping back; an interval; a partition; confinement, imprisonment, durance; a prison; -bāz dāsht kardan, To hinder, restrain.

મુક jų bāz-dūd, Return-visit (m.c.);—bāzdid kardan, To pay a return-visit; to investigate the truth of a matter.

بازرگان bāzargān, A merchant, a trader.

-; bāzargūnī, Trade, merchandise بازرگانی bāzargānī kardan, To trade, to buy and sell.

ارزجوبه bāzranjoya, The herb melissa. لا زرنك bā-zarank, Intelligent, shrewd;

full of mental vigour (m.c.).

bāzrang, Infants' swaddlingclothes; girths, sureingles, ropes, fastenings of loads or saddles.

אַנענט bāzrūn, An every-day

garment.

از هدكي bāz-shudagī, A receding or retreat.

bāz-shudu, Receded, retreated.

الزغ A مُعَنَّقِهُمُ bazigh, Rising (sun or moon).

ازك bāzak, بازك bāzakī, A sparrow-bawk, merlin.

باز كشا bāz-kushā, Discriminating.

بازكان bāzgān, A merchent.

الْ عَلَمْ لِللَّهِ baz-gāh, The place where a river is crossed.

باز كدار bāz-guzār, Returning; agreeing, apt, fit.

باز کرد bāz-gard, Return.

bāz-gardān, One who or that which returns; - baz shudan, To return; bās gardān kardan, To bring back.

از گرديدگى bāz gardīdagī, Return ; relapse. اور گرديدگى bāz-gushā, The discriminative

faculty.

باز كشت bāz-gasht, Return (mus. term). باز کشتن baz-gaehtan, To turn back; to repent; to retire; to depart from.

باز گشته bāz-gashta, Turned back; returned.

būz-gū, Repetition of what has been said; reiteration.

بار گون bāz-gūn, Inverted, turned upside down, preposterous; inversion; inversely.

būz-gūna, Inverted, lent down; unfortunate.

باز گونگی būz-gūnagī, Contrariety.

بازگير bāz-qīr, A falconer; a chronologist; a revenue collector; reproof, scolding.

A 134 bazil. (A camel) breeding a front or side tooth called nab, in his ninth year; the front or side tooth nab.

باز مان bāz-mān, Halt! stop! a delay; باز ماندة == q.v.

باز ماندكي būz-mūndagī, A staving behind; a being detained, detention.

از مانده الله bāz-mānda, Left behind; a survivor, relict; incapacitated, knocked up.

bāz-mānīdan, To remain; to be present.

ازن bāzan, A cuckold.

ان الله būz-nāma, Release, deed of acquittance.

بازنانه کردن bāznāna kardan, To dart, to throw; to put one's self in danger; to boast; to intercede; to reconcile.

bāzinj, bāznij, A swing, a see-saw; rocking; a cloth or curtain thrown over a cradle, in order to set a child to sleep.

بازنجان bāzinjān, The brinjāl.

لزندة bâzanda, A player; a kind of pigeon.

بازندگی bāzandagī, Cunning, planning, cheating.

بازنيج bāznīch, A swing.

بازو bāṣū (S. bāhu), The arm, or the upper part of it; strength, power; the cloth wrapped round the middle whilst bathing; the post of a door; the side of a bedstead; a friend, companion; one who accompanies in a song; a buck, doe, deer; a cubit, an ell; a perch; -bāzū afrākhtan (bāz kardan, baz-awardan), To raise the arm, to stretch forth the hand (for striking or seizing);bāzū'i chīze dāshtan, To be able to do a thing, have the power of ;—bāzū khwurdan, To receive a blow with or on the arm; -bazū dādan, To help, to assist; — būzū zadan, To strike a blow with or on the arm; - bāzū sutun kardan, To straighten or stiffen the (left) arm, in order to draw the bow;bāzū'i 'azil, A strong muscular arm ; - bāzā kushādan, To be generous, liberal; openhanded.

ازو بند bāzū-band, A bracelet, an armlet. bāzū-dirāz, Long-armed; powerful; oppressive.

بازور bāzūr, Name of an enchanter in Afrasiab's army; — bā-zor, Powerful, strong, violent.

ازوهتن bāzūshtan, To twist; to plait; to bem.

باز مكن bāxū-shikan, Powerful, oppres-Bive.

bāzū-kushāda, A petitioner.

بازة bāza, A fathom; a sheep-hook; a walking-stick; a street, valley, or opening which separates houses, &c.; a kind of hawk; a scale-beam.

بازى bāze, One falcon ;—bāzi, Play, sport ; a little sphere or ball; the condition of or pretention to the rank of a falcon; -bazi bāzī, Carelessly, in a desultory manner;bāzī ba-khāya kunad, He amuses himself with absurdities or trifles; -ban burdan, To win in a game; -bān'i khām, A weak and losing game; - bāzī khwurdan, To be cheated or gulled;—bāzī'i-khiyāl, Chinese shadows;—bāzī dādan, To deceive, to cheat; to increase the stake of a game; -- bāzī shab, Games played at night, of which seven are mentioned; -bāzī'i shīmnāstīk, Gymnastic feats (m.c.); - bāzī'i mīr u wazīr, A children's game.

ازيار bāz-yār, A farmer, sower; a falconer. باز يالت bāz-yāft, The resumption of anything; a deduction, a stoppage; -baz yafti chakar, Lands appropriated for the payment of (public) servants.

النان būzīj, The watch of the night; little globes, or things suspended above infants' cradles for their amusement; a collar, chain, wreath, chaplet.

ازى جا bāzī-jā, A play-house.

bāzīcha, Any little trifling amusement, child's play, fun, sport; an easy work; -bāzīcha-guzār kardan, To play at children's pastimes; -bāzīcha'i rūm u zangī, Day and night; the freaks or vicissitudes of fortune.

אנאַנט bāzīdan, To play; to cause one to play; to lose at play, and to be agitated or affected by it; to spoil; to fly; to do repeatedly; to strive; to consecrate; to de-

bāzera, An hour, a watch of the night (hence bazera'i auwal, First part of the night; bāzera'i ākhir, Last part of the night); a lover of women; wanton.

אַנְצֵלּ bāzīza, A lover of women.

ازى كده bāzī-kada, A place or house where play is carried on.

ازى كن būzī-kun, Playing, player (m.c.). بازى كنان būzī-kwnān, Making sport, sportive.

bāzī-gāh, A play-house.

پريگر bāzīgar, A rope-dancer, a tumbler; frolicsome.

تازيگرني bāzī-garn, تازيگرني bāzī-garnī, An actress, a tumbling woman.

بازی گری bāzī-garī, Jugglery;—bāzī-garī kardan, To perform juggling tricks.

بازيگوش bazi-gosh, Cheerful, playful, wan-

a با زينت bā-zīnat, Adorned; handsome (m.c.).

يا زيور bā-zīwar, Adorned.

bazh, Tribute, toll, duty, revenue, tax, impost; any grievous imposition which distresses the poor or the conquered; silence observed by the Parsis whilst eating or performing their ablutions; a fathom; the shoulder; the distance between each hand when the arms are horizontally extended in an opposite direction; the arm, or the upper part of it; a finger-joint; name of a town in the dependencies of Tus, and birthplace of Firdausi.

שׁנְאַשׁ bāzhbān, A revenue collector; a

tribe of Turkomans.

bāzh-dār, A col- باز خواه lector of the revenues.

שׁנְיבּוֹש bāzhdān, The court of exchequer, the fisc.

بازرند bāzh-rand, باززت bāzh-rang, A girdle or breast-band for women or children.

būzh-satūn, A tax-gatherer, collector.

bāzh-gāh, The place where a river is crossed and a toll paid.

باز گون būzh-gūn, باز گون būzh-gūna, Inverted; distorted; unfortunate.

باژگجر bāzh-gīr, A revenue collector.

முடி bāzhan, A ram or he goat leading the flock.

nion.

bāzha, Revenue, tax, duty, impost, tribute.

א איישט ba's (v.n), Pain, severity, torment, evil; fortitude, intrepidity, boldness. باس bās, Ancient; fear; a husbandman.

A بائساء ba'sā', (Bodily) hardship. باساتير bāsūtīr, Explanation, commentary.

با سار bā-sār, Prepared (m.c).

با سامان bā sāmān, An honest man; patient; abstinent, continent; wise, intelli-

باسان bāssān (probably misreading for باسان, taking the ل for l and the Sukun for Tashdid), The balm-tree; balsam.

T باسان bāssān, Who destroys (m.c.). المبوس bāsbūs, Sweet marjoram. A باسمة bāssut, Mecca.

باستار bāstār, Of the same kind, equal, alike; one, anyone, such a one; an accessory word in a speech or sentence; an absurd answer to any argument; $-b\bar{a}st\bar{a}r$ u bīstār, So and so.

استان bāstān, Ancient, preceding, old; the past; the world, fortune; solitary; (in Zand and Pazand) date.

bastan-nama, Name of a history of Persia.

bāstarak, A kind باسترك bāstarak, A kind of starling or thrush.

باستى bāstī, Humility, lowliness.

باستيان bāstiyān, Bastion, battery (m.c. from Fr.).

باستين bāstīn, = بالمتين q.v.

a باسر هدن bûsir shudan, To retreat, run away.

bāsram, A field prepared for sowing; a sown field.

bāsara, Tillage, agriculture.

A bib basit, One who spreads abroad or stretches out; a name of God, who dispenses riches to whom he will; distant from water (pasture).

ν būstiyūs (G. σεβαστός), Prefect of the Greek army; substitute for a king,

viceroy.

būsiquq, باسفاق būsiquq, باسفاق būsiqān, (in Khwarazm) A viceroy, governor.

اسى م būsiq, Tall (palm-tree); a delicious yellow fruit; name of a village near Bagh-

باسك bāsuk, A gaping, yawning; drowsiness;—bāsuk kardan, To yawn.

لسگوند bāsgūna, Gift, present.

اسل ه bāsil, A strong, intrepid man, a hero; a lion.

a ما الله bū-silūh, Possessed of arms. اسلوس bāsilūs (G. βασιλείς), A king.

bāsilīq (G. βασιλικός), The basilica, or middle artery of the arm.

a مايقه با مايقه bā-salīga, Tasteful (m.c.).

bāsmar, Beans.

با سنگ bā-sang, Heavy; great, powerful. bāsū, A stick, staff, cudgel.

bāsūr, Emerods, piles; an hemorrhage or flux of blood at the nose.

لموس bāsūs, Caper-root.

basa, Black-faced; criminal, graced.

a با مهم bā-sahm, Terrible, fearful.

باسيج bāsij, A swallow.

bāsīdan, To guard, preserve.

būsīra, A poet, repeater of verses; a reciter of history, teller of tales; a sown field.

الله būsh (imp. of būdan), Be, stay, remain, wait, be still; (ad.) ancient;—(for

با او $b\hat{a}$ \hat{a}) with him, etc.

الما bāshā, Being, existing; a basha (a corruption of badshah), governor of a province, counsellor of state, great lord; also sometimes the grand vazīr; a kind of falcon, a hawk.

T باش أچى bāsh achiq (open, i.e. bare-

headed), Mingrelians (m.c.).

اهام bāshūm, A veil; a note in music; fat (comp. باهانه next article but one).

bāshāma, A veil.

while bashana, Fat; the oil of nuts; scattered, dispersed; things selected, chosen.

bāsht, The main beam of a house.

būshtarak, A starling or stare; a بالمعرك swallow.

bāshtīn, Fruit growing from the midst of a tree without any previous blossom; name of a village in the district of Sabzahwar.

باهد bāshad (aor. of būdan), Be it so! entreaty; -bashad ki, It may be that; would that it were!

bāshir, Name of a celebrated stronghold in the North of Aleppo.

būshish, Residence, stay.

a باهق būshaq (for P. bāsha), A sparrowhawk.

būshiya, Dirt adhering to the hands. باهكو bāshkū, Hold fast! take care!

باهكوة bā-shukūh, Majestie (m.c.).

باهگرك bāshaūk, Skilful, knowing; dexterous, expert in the management of affairs.

bash-guna, In- باهكون verted, reversed; a cross birth (the side or feet of the infant lying nearest to the orifice of the womb).

.bash-ganagi, Contrariety باهگونگي

باهليغ bāshlīgh, باهليغ bāshlīg, Leader, commander-in-chief.

T باهمقچى bāshmaqchī, A lackey (m.c.). ناهنامة bāshnāma, Favour, obligation; pride, boast; a title or nickname (good or bad).

باهنده bāshanda, Being ; staying ; an inha-

bitant; —bāshandagān, Inhabitants.

bāshang, A bunch باهنگ bāshang, A of grapes hanging from the tree; a small cluster of grapes dried on the stalk; a cucumber kept for seed.

bushingan, A melon-bed.

bāshnīn, Loppings, branches, or bark, cut or torn from the extremities of trees.

باھو bāshū, A lizard باھو

bāshārat, A bastion, an intrenchment

bāshāma, A woman's veil.

لَّهُمْ bāsha, A sparrow-hawk ;—bāsha'i falak, The sun; the eagle (a constellation).

باهى bāshī, A pimp, a cuckold (in the dialect of Khurāsān).

اهيدن bāshīdan, To be; to stand, stay, stop, tarry, remain, dwell; to trample, tread; to spurp.

باهيري bāshēn, Chips; loppings of trees. A فرمة bāṣirat (bāṣira), The eye; vision,

a له اله bā-ṣafā, Pure, clean, free; pleasant, cheerful, pretty (m.c.).

A مامله bi-asli-hi, By its origin or nature;

essentially. A باهع bāzi', Cutting, keen (sword);

name of an island off the coast of Bahrain. būtarūn (?), Name of a Mobed of

the Qaişar at the time of Anosherwan; a high mountain in Rûm, where festivals were celebrated.

بالحس bagis (G. βατίς, βάτος), The bramble.

املسة bāṭisa, A field, a plain.

r باطلاق bāṭlāq (also bātlāq, baṭlāq, baṭlaq), Marsh (m.c.).

باطل britil (ag. of بطل), False, wrong, untrue, idle, absurd, futile; null, void;-- bāṭilu 's-siḥr, What counteracts witchcraft, a counter-charm; -bātil shudan, To come to nothing, to deteriorate; -batil kardan, To annul, to make of uo avail, to frustrate (m.c.).

a باطل خوار bātil-khwār, What consumes,

i.e. destroys, falsehood.

a باطل ستيز bātil-sitez, Waging war against falsehood.

a باطله bāṭila, A cancelled entry in a book. a باطلى būtili. Vanity, folly, absurdity.

A باطن bātin, Interior ; esoteric ; intrinsic ; the secret thoughts; mind, heart; -- batin ba-ham khwurdan, The heart grows sick.

a باطن بين būtin-bīn, A close observer ; who looks at the inside of things.

a باطني bālinī. = باطني bālin, q.٧. باطيسه baţīsa, A field, a plain.

a باعتبار ba-i'tibar, In respect of; by rea-

son of; according to.

اعث ه bū'is, One who sends, or excites ; an author, cause, occasion, subject; a name of God; on account of, by reason of; bā'isi lail u nahār, God; the sun.

ا باعد barid (ag. of معد), Remote, distant,

far off.

a مر وحرم الم المعرم وحرم المعرم وحرم المعرم وحرم المعرم وحرم المعرب ال energetic (m.c.).

a مام به bā-'izam, Magnificent, sumptuous.

н Ыэң bā'ārā, Beor, father of Balaam.

Eu bagh, A garden; a vineyard; the world; the face of the beloved; $-b\bar{a}ghi$ $\bar{a}h\bar{u}$ (zāghān, murād), Names of three gardens in Harāt; — bāghi iram, The terrestrial paradise, devised by Shaddad; -bagh bagh, Joy! pleasure!—būghi badī (rafī, quds, wasī'), The firmament; paradise; — būghi bulbul, Name of a garden in Isfahān; bāghi pur sitāra, A garden full of flowers; -bāghi dilkushā ('abdi bāqī, nasīr). Names of three gardens at Taft in the province of Yazd; -bāghi rangīn, The world; -bāghi zimistānī, A winter-garden (m.c.); —bāghi sabz numūdan, To make deceptive promises, to cheat; baghi siped, A garden with white walls; name of a garden founded by Queen Noshāba in Barda'; — bāyhī sakhā (garden of liberality), The world; a liberal man; -bāghi siyāwushān, Name of a note in music; -bāghi shikūfa-fashān, A weeping eye; $-b\bar{a}ghi$ shahry $\bar{a}r$, Name of a musical modulation; $-b\bar{a}ghi$ shār $\bar{i}n$, A note in music; the fourth of the thirty musical modulations invented by Barbud;—bāghi lail u nahār (garden of night and day), God; the sun; - baghi nasīm, A garden in Kashmir; — būghi nazar, A garden in Karmān, containing a large lake; - bāghi naqsh, The design of a garden drawn on paper or cloth; -bāghi waḥsh (wuḥūsh), Zoological gardens (m.c.); — būghi hazār dirakht, Name of a garden of Sultan Mahmud in Ghazna.

باغات bāghāl (Ar. pl. of P. bāgh), Gardens.

باغ يمرا bāghbān, ابع يمرا bāgh-pīrā, A gardener; a vine-dresser.

باغباني bāghbānī, The care of a garden, horticulture; -bāghbāni numūdan, To keep or dress a garden, to practise horticulture.

baghach, Unripe grapes.

baghchiwan, A gardener.

baghcha, A little garden, a garden. اغمية بند bāghcha-band, Flower-beds, laid out in flower-beds (m.c.).

لغچه بندی bāghcha-bandī, Ornamental gardening; -bagh cha-bandi kardan, To lay out in flower-beds (m.c.).

a با غرض bā-gharaz, Who acts with interested motives; untrustworthy (m.c.).

باغرة bāghir, باغرة bāghira, A swelling in the body, a wen.

būghistān, A vineyard; a palacepark; the gardens and vineyards surrounding a town (m.c.).

باغل bāghil, A cow-house; a sheep-fold.

a با غم bā-gham, Sad, sorrowful.

a باغمن bā-ghamī, Sadness, sorrowfulness. باغنج bāghanj, Unripe grapes.

باغنده baghand, الغنده baghanda, Picked, teased, or carded cotton.

باغوان bāghwān, A gardener. baghosh, Immersion. باغوش

باغی bāghī, Grown in a garden; hortulan.

ا باغی م bāghī, A secker, an inquirer; a tyrant, oppressor, extortioner; rebellious, revolting, disloyal; traitor; mutineer, insurgent;—būghi shudan bū, To rebel against, to resist, to oppose.

a باغی گری būyhi-garī, Rebellion, insurrection.

باك baf (in comp. as part. of baftan), Weaving, e.g. kanārī-bāf, A lace-maker.

bāft, Texture, textile.

بالتگی bāflagī, Texture. بافتن bāftan (S. vap), To weave, intertwine,

plait, twist. بائتة būfla, Woven, twisted; mohair

buttons; a rope; a kind of cotton cloth; a colour in pigeous.

بافدم bāfdam, bāfdum, Last; end; henceforth.

پاندالله ba-ifrāt. In abundance; in excess; plentifully; excessively.

יאלקבּט būfarjan, An ankle-ornament, an auklet.

با فرهدكت bā-farhang, Sublime, wise, noble. bāfarrahī, Glorious, illustrious.

بافرين ba-āfirīn (poet. bāfirīn), Praised, praiseworthy; blessed.

افكار bāf-kār, A weaver.

الله bafaq, Name of a town belonging to Yazd, birth-place of the poet Wahshi, who hence is called-

بانقى bāfaqī, Of or born in Bāfaq. انل bāfal, An idiot, ignoramus; reviling. bāfandagī, Weaving texture.

bāfandah, A weaver. بافنده

بائنك bāfanag, بائنك bāfanak. A kind of marten or sable.

bāfīdan, To weave, plait, or twist. مافر له bāqir, A herd of oxen (with their keepers); deeply versed in science or knowledge; a lion; a vein in the corner of the eye; cows.

a بائر خانى bāqir-khānī, Bread, butter, and

milk.

A مانعة bāqi'at, An evil, calamity, misfortune, hardship.

A اقل bōqil, Name of a man proverbial for stupidity and laziness.

A ماقله bāqilā', A bean (Faba sativa).

a باثلانی bāqillānī, A vendor of beans; nickname of a celebrated scholar.

القر bāqā, The planet Mars; name of a man. المنافع المقر المنافع المقرق المنافع المقرق المنافع المقرق المنافع
A איבוים bāqiyāt (pl. of bāqiyat), Remainders, balances, arrears;—bāqiyāti ḥāl, Current balances.

A باقية bāqiyat, bāqiya, Remaining; remainders.

a باقى خرانه bāqī-khazāna, Arrears of revenue, rent or taxes.

a باتى دار bāqī-dār, Owing a balance, in arrear.

a باتى دارى bāqī-dārī, The owing a balance, the being in arrears.

a باقى كرمى bāqī-farzī, Nominal balance.

a مانکی ماندگی bāqi-māndagī, Continuance, permanency; a remaining or a being left behind.

ائى مائدة bāqī-mānda, A remainder; a survivor; leavings; the balance of an account.

ી $b\bar{u}k$, Fear, dread, timidity; care, solicitude; attention; species, sort; — $b\bar{u}k$ dāshtan, To dread; to be anxious, careful, timid, apprehensive.

اکار لَّهُ الْمَارِ bū-kār, Occupied, busy.

a اكران بيشت bākirāni bihisht, The virgins of paradise.

a با كفايت bā-kifāyat, Able, clever, capable. a با كمال bā-kamāl, Exquisite, excellent, perfect.

باكند bākand, A ruby; red; wine.

ياكو bākū (contr. from باكو q.v.), Name

of a city and fortress.

A مَاكُونَ bākār, The first rain in the spring; morning rain; anything which soon reaches maturity.

A باكورة bākūrat, bakūra, First-fruits, early fruits, first of anything.

المجربة bākawaih, Name of a city in Persia. ما كو له bā ki, With whom?

A باكى bākī, A weeper. باكى bākīdan, To fear.

اكيدة $b\bar{a}kida$, A kind of silken stuff; a ruby.

الأؤه bogra, A swelling on the body, a wen; a bodily affliction arising from another such.

اگل bāgal, Milk-warm water.

bū-guhar, Noble, of illustrious race; adorned with jewels; rich in jewels.

J4 bāl, An arm; a wing; stature; the upper part, top; a kind of large scaly fish; the hair on the pubes; growing;—bāl afgandan, To drop the wing, to become weak or disheartened;—bāli tāz-rav, A white cloud appearing suddenly on a darkly clouded sky and bringing rain;—ba-bāli dīgare parīdan, To act under another's protection.

A Ju bal, The heart, mind, soul; state, condition; affluence, easy circumstances,

conveniences.

الله bālā, Height, altitude, tallness; stature; summit; a mountain; length (of a road); the upper hand; a horse led for parade; high, exalted, elevated, supreme; above, upwards; -bālā āmadan (raftan), To ascend, to mount;—bālā burdan kār, To promote or push on an affair; -bālā'i pārdum güzidan, To boast, when there is nothing to boast of ;-bālā raftan damāgh, To become proud;—bālā raftan kār, The business advances; —bālā'i sari kase āwar. dan, To bring over one's head, i.e. to one's bedside (m.e.); -bālā kardan, To exalt, extol; to raise, to erect (m.c.); $-b\bar{a}l\bar{a}$ kashīdan, To rise, to grow ;--bālā giriflan, To get the upper hand; to rise; -bālā giriftan kār, Matters take a satisfactory shape;—bālā nishastan, To sit in the place of honour (m.c.); -bālā u paetī, Altitude and humility.

s 🅦 bālā, An odoriferous grass.

الا الله bālā-bāl, Firm; strongly, vehemently.

بالاً بالاً بالاً bālā-bàlā, Deceitfully, fraudulently.

الأبان bālā-bān, A drum (m.c.).

بالا بانجى bālābānjī, A drummer (m.c.). بالا بر bālā-bar. Part of the dress which laps over the thigh.

بالا بر امدكي bālā-bar-āmadagī, Height. بالا بر آمدة bālā-bar-āmada, Risen high. بالا بلند bālā-buland, Of high stature.

الله بند فقالة - bālā-band, A turban; upper garment.

بالا بوش bālā-posh, An outer garment; a counterpane, coverlet; an overcoat (m.c.).

بالاتر $b\bar{a}l\bar{a}tar$, Higher, superior, more eminent.

bi 'l-ittifāq, With (one) consent. م بالاتعال bi 'l-iymāl, Completely, in the whole; collectively, jointly; in a body, as one mass.

الله عالله الله عالله bālū-<u>kh</u>āna, An upper chamber, gallery, or balcony on the top of the house, a parlour; — bālā-khāna'i wizārat, Rank of vazir.

بالا خواني bālā-khwānī, Hyperbole; eulogy. bālād, A baggage-horse.

الا درار bālā-darāz, Tall, of high stature. الا دست bālā-dast, Superior, uppermost; The chief seat; precedency; exquisite, pre-

بالا دستى bälā-dastī, Clandestine exactions.

بالا دوى bālā-dawī, Velocity, speed. بالا دوى bālāda, A led horse, a horse of

بالاذ bālāz, A baggage-horse.

bālār, The main beam of a house; a son dutiful to his mother.

A كارادة bi 'l-irādat, bi 'l-irāda, On purpose, intentionally, wilfully.

بالا رستگی bālā-rustagī, Germination,

growth.

بالاز bālāz, A led horse; a pack-horse.

bālās, A kind of fine, soft, thin armosin silk; an old piece of cloth; a kind of coarse woollen stuff, such as they put under burdens on the backs of horses or camels.

بالافتن bālāftan, To strain, purify, &c.

.(.v.) پالودن =)

balagar, The main beam of a house. bālāl, The main beam of a house.

الان bālān, Growing, increasing, extending; moving, oscillating; a springe; a space between two doors or between a gate and the house.

بالاندي bālāndan, To grow; to cause to

grow.

بالاندة bālānda, Growing; moving; shaken.

بالا نشين bālā-nishīn, Sitting high, occupying the chief seat; —bālā-nishīni masnadi sultani, Sitting upon a royal throne;bālā-nishīnāni masnadi irshād, Those who take the lead in directing others on the right way.

بالانه bālāna, Growing, increasing; moving, oscillating; a space between two doors, a

vestibule.

بالاني bālānī, Movable, oscillatory; a pack-horse; a covering for the head.

بالانيدي bālānīdan, To extol, to commend ; to let the hair grow; to cause to move.

بالا و يست bālā u past, Above and below; heaven and earth; the world.

بالاور bālāwar, A pitcher full of water. بالا همت bālā-himmat, Magnanimous, noble-minded; generous; beneficent; most favourable.

بالاي bālāy, A horse led for parade. بالايانيدن bālāyānīdan, بالاليدن bālā'īdan, To extend, enlarge, spread, reach, arrive at, overtake; to become long; to equal, match; to ripen; to roll, wallow, toss; to become turbid, muddy; to fear, dread; to commend highly.

الايك bālāyak, A gnat, a small fly.

بالائين bālā'in, Above, superior. بالاثى يافت bālā'ī-yāft, Perquisites.

bi 'l-banan, With the tips of the fingers.

bālbūs, The kingdom of Kandahar. bal-par, The adoption of better habits.

A بالتخميص bi 't-lakhsis, Especially, particularly.

A بالتصريح bi 't-taṣrīḥ, In detail ; expressly,

distinctly, explicitly.

للجمال م bi 't-tafsīl wa 'l-ijmāl, Prolixly and compendiously, diffusively and succinctly.

h التقدير bi 't-tagdīr, By chance, providentially.

A بالتمام bi 't-tamām, Totally, entirely. A بالجبر bi 'l-jabr, By force, violently.

ه الجمال bi 'l-jumla, Totally, generally, or universally; on the whole, in a word, to sum up all.

hi'l-khair, Happily, fortunately;

in a good manner, well.

بال دار bāl-dār, Winged (m.c.).

A بالدات bi 'z-zāt, In person, by himself; essentially, naturally, originally.

bāl-zan, Moving, striking the wings, flying; business; (imp.) move the wings.

الزين būl-zīn, The flap of a saddle. bālast, A virgin, a maid.

الستن bālustan, To bless, invoke blessings. بالش bālish, A cushion, pillow; a staple; a weight of gold (eight miskals and two dānaks); growth, increase; development; vegetation; -bālishi par, A feather pillow; -bālishi takya, A cushion to put under one's elbow; bālishi chāv (chāwu), Paper money ;-bālishi zar, Gold coin ;-bālishi 'ālī, A high throne; -bālishi narm zeri sar quzashtan (nihādan), To cheer with kindly words; -bālishi nuqra, Silver coin.

بالشت bālisht, Ā cushion, a pillow; a span ;-bālishti par, A feather pillow.

الشتيه bālishtcha, A little cushion or pillow.

بالشتك bālishtak, A little cushion, a pad; a bandage for a broken bone.

بالشتن bālushtan, To invoke a blessing. bālishcha, A little cushion put upon a saddle; -bālishcha'i surīn, A pad worn by women to give a prominence to the hips, dress-improver (?).

بالشك bālishak, The flap of a saddle; a

bālishnak, Another reading for q.v. بالشتك

A الفرورة bi 'z-zarūra, Of necessity, by force.

h bi 't-tab', Naturally.

A بالعكس bi''l-'aks, On the contrary, the reverse, on the other hand; vice versa.

bi 'l-'amām, Commonly, gene-

rally.

bālagh, Name of a country north of Persia; — bāligh, bālugh, A cup made of horn, in use among the Georgiaus; a goblet of wine.

A بالغ bāligh (ag. of بائغ), Attaining or having attained to puberty; an adult; of mature age; good, excellent; baligh shudan, To come of age.

a بالغ كلام bāligh-kalām, Of mature speech. a بالغ نظر bāligh-nazar, Of penetrating

sight, looking intently at.

a مالعه baligha, Arrived at maturity (a

bi 'l-farz, On the supposition بالقرض ه that, supposing; granted; admitting for the sake of argument.

hi 'l-fi'l, In fact, actually, really, effectually; at this hour, now, presently.

o باقس būlyis, Bugloss, borage.

hi 'l-qasd, On purpose, designedly.

bi 'l-qāwat, With power, powerfully, vigorously.

بالكانه bālkāna, A lattice window.

A بالكلية bi 'l-kull (or بالكلية bi 'l-kullīyat), Totally, entirely, wholly, universally, all together.

balkon, A baleony (m.e. from Fr.

balcon).

لله الله bi 'llāh, By God!-bi 'llāh raftan, To go to school.

a فالمشافية bi 'l-mushāfaha, and —

a مالمشاهدة bi'l-mushāhada, Face to face, in the presence of, before.

A بالمعلى bi 'l-ma'ná, Really, truly, in

reality; mysteriously.

a فالمقابلة bi 'l-muqābala, Face to face; before.

a مالمقطعة bi 'l-maqta'a, According to agreement, stipulated; fixed; consolidated. a sholish bi 'l-munasafa, By half.

a المواجهة bi 'l-muwajaha, In presence of.

būlanda, Growing.

a بالنسبة bi 'n-nisba, In comparison.

بالنگ bālang, An orange ; a cucumber.

būlingū, A species of sweet basil; a citron; the mountain-balm or calamint;bālinjū'i khwurd, A species of sweet basil.

الر bālū, A wart; a uterine brother; the cry of one in sadness; ring-worm; a cherry.

bālawā, A tetter or ring-worm.

bi'l-wājib, Necessarily, properly. bālwād, A bustard.

bālwār, Winged. بالوار

bālwāza, A swing, a sec-saw.

bālwāsa, Cloth in the loom, the

المالي būlwāna, A small black bird. by the people of Shiraz called washa,

الواه bālwāh, A swallow.

الواية bālwāya, A swallow.

بالود bālād, İncrease.

שלענט bālūdan, To grow, to increase.

bālwar, Winged.

the face and hands.

الورتة bālwarta, A sparrow; a swallow; a butterfly; a bat.

لاوركى bālūrgī, A cullender or strainer.

الوس bālūs, Adulterated camphor.

الوش bālāsh, An idol; a louse; impure, nasty; adulterated camphor.

البعت A bālū'at, A hole or sink in the middle of houses in the East, into which they sweep the filth, and in which rainwater falls; a sewer; a place for washing

A بالوفا bi 'l-wafa, In sincerity, in truth, in reality.

بالويد bālūya, A swallow; a bird of Para-

dise. عال bāla, A kind of sack; a ballet (m.c.

from $\mathbf{Fr.}$ ballet). A بالى bālī, Old, worn (garment).

باليد būlīd, He increased; a rustic shoe. باليدكى bālīdagī, Growth, vegetation; pride.

bālīdan, To grow, to wax great. باليدة bālīda, Extended; grown (hair).

المسر bālesar (S. bāleśvara), The town of Balasore in India.

A باليقيري bi 'l-yaqīn, Of a surety; assuredly, certainly.

باليك bālīk, A shoe, a slipper.

باليس bālīn, A pillow, a cushion; a couch; bed :- bālin shikastan, To rise in honour of a visitor;—bālīn kaj nihādan, To render proud; - tālīn gardāndan bīmār, The patient is extremely ill.

باليني پرست bālīn-parast, Lazy, unem-

ployed.

باليوس bālyūs, The country of Kandahār. الله bām, Morning, dawn, break of day; light, splendour; a roof; a ceiling of a room (external or internal); a terrace; the thickest string or base of a musical instrument; (for \tilde{m} , \tilde{wam}) debt; (in comp. for \tilde{fam} , q.v.) inclining to (colour); $-b\tilde{a}mi$ badī' (rafī', riwāqi badī', farākh, gushādariwaq, nuhum, wasi'), The ninth or empyrean heaven; - bāmi buland, Any lofty building; the sky; —bām bi-nishast u āstān bar-khāst, The house was utterly ruined ;bāmi chashm, The eye-lid;—bāmi khazrā, Heaven; -- bami zamana, The lower heaven, the firmament; -bāmi masīh, The fourth heaven; -bām nishastan, To be ruined and desolate.

៤ ៤ bā mā, With us.

با مال ba-mal, Wealthy.

الميرة bāmbara, Dignity, order, degree.

بام پوش bām-posh, A roof-covering; a roof.

بامداد bāmdāda, وامدادا bāmdādān, In the morning; at break of day.

بامدادان یگاه bām dādān-pagāh, The first light of morning; early.

bāmdādī, Matutinal, matutine.

بامدن bāmadan (for ba-āmadan), To enter, come in.

bām-rah (way to the roof), A ladder, stair.

الم زد bām-zad, A kettle-drum.

لا مرة لا bā-maza, Sweet, savoury; tasteful.

بامس bāmas, bāmus, Sated with the world; weary of foreign travel, but unable to return home.

bām-sutūn, A terrace, or balcony. a المسكنت له bā-maskanat, Modest; poor. bāmshād, Name of a famous musician

بام علطان bām-ghaltān, A roller for flattening roofs, &c. (m.c.).

امگاه bām-gāh, Morning; early in the

morning.

بام كلان bām-gardān, بام كلان bām-gulān, A large stone roller used for smoothing and hardening the flat mud-plastered roofs of houses,

لا مين bā man, With me.

بامنشين bām-nishīn, Ruined, destroyed.

a با موج bā-mauj, Billowing, tumultuous. بامون bāmūn, A scoundrel, coward; cata-

امله bāma, A long beard; long-bearded Jan).

با مهر bā-muhr, Sealed, closed; suspended. بامى bāmī, Name of the city of Balkh.

bāmiyān, An indifferent writer, an inaccurate scribe; name of a district in Kohistan.

باميرة bāmī-rah, A step; a window in a gate.

باميين bāmīn, باميين bāmiyīn, A town in Harāt.

bāmiya, An esculent mallow (Abel-

moschus esculenta).

wh bān (S. suffix van), A prince, lord, chief, or governor; (S. vāna) an arrow; an iron rocket used in war; (for bam) a roof; (for bang) a cry; affixed to a noun, it signifies a keeper or a guardian, as bāghbān, A gardener; darban, A door-keeper.

A who ban, Name of a tree, the myrobalan, whence the fine balsam called benzoin or benjamin is extracted; it resembles the tamarisk, and grows in great abundance in Arabia Felix; the gum herb ladan.

н بانات bānāt, Broad-cloth.

بانات فروش bānāt-farosh, A woollen-

draper.

s بانارس bānāras, Benares, in India, situated on the bank of the Ganges, held sacred by the Brahmans.

יי טיק bā-nām, Illustrious.

bānab, Name of a town in Bukhārā.

بان بربيتا bān-barbītā (in Zand), An elephant.

نان يرست bān-parast (S. vāna-prastha), An anchoret.

a بانتجاب ba-intijāb, At the discretion and choice (m.c.).

bānjā (for ba-ānjā), There, to that place.

بانس bāns (S. vansa), A bamboo.

ש של של bā-nizhād, Of illustrious race.

a بانطرف ba-antaraf, Onwards (m.c.). a با نظم bā-nazm, Well disciplined (m.c.). bangish, A berry called ban or wan from which, when pounded, they make a

decoction. بانك دولتي bānki daulatī, The State Bank (m.c.).

bankash (for bang-kash), A kind of

pigeon with a plaintive voice.

بانگ bāng, Voice, sound, noise, cry, clamour; name of a fragrant shrub, and of a medicinal seed; --- bāngi allāh (bāngi namaz), The call to prayer, by the crier, from the minarets or towers of the mosques; -bāng bar ablaq zadan, To exclaim against fortune; - bang bar qadam zadan, To walk briskly; -- bangi khuros, The cock's cry; -bāngi khalilu 'llāhī, A shout of allāh akbar, uttered by wrestlers, when lifting up their adversary and flinging him on the ground (said to be called thus because Abraham, on rising or sitting down, each time ejaculated allāh akbar!);—bāngi rawārav, The blast of a trumpet announcing the approach of a great man; -bang zadan, To withhold, keep; to drive, repel; -bāngi 'angā, Name of a note in music; — bang kardan, To crow; -bangi hawan, A proclamation of the Muhammadan religion; a knowledge of the Muhammadan law.

bāng-dār, Growling (a cloud بالك دار

with thunder).

بانک زن bāng-zan, The muezzin.

(for ba-angusht) būngusht لأنكشت كرنتن giriftan, To reckon.

bănga, Noise, vociferation.

н بانگه bāngah, Raw cotton.

beingidan, To cry with a loud voice. انو bānū, A princess; a lady; a bride; a flagon of wine; a goblet of rose-water; bānū'i mashriq, The sun; - bānū'i misr, Zulaikhā (Potiphar's wife);—nargis bānū'i shahlū-chashm, The lady Narcissa with black eyes (i.e. the narcissus), or (figuratively) a beautiful woman.

ا نوا bā-nawā, Having a sweet voice; pleasant; rich; fortunate; a man's name.

ולב ונח bānā iram (?), Name of Gev's sister, wife of Rustam.

بانوچ bānūj, بانوچ bānūch, A swing, seesaw; a suspended cradle.

bānā بائو كشسب qashasb, daughter.

มน์ bana, Pubes; the hair about those

א אונט bānī, A builder, maker, architect;

a composer, an author; inventor, contriver; beginner, instigator; source, origin.

با نيازان bā-niyāzān, The indigent; crea-

tures.

بائی کار bánĩ-kũr, An architect; a composer.

بانی کاری bānī-kārī, Architecture.

אר ba'w (v.n.), Being proud, vainglorious; boasting, bragging.

,4 ba o, With him.

bā u tā, An idol (the word but, idol, consisting of the letters b and t);—bā u tā-shikan, The breaker of idols (Abraham).

י הקני bā-wujūd, Existing, being present; in consequence; excepting, with the exception; nevertheless, notwithstanding; particularly, chiefly, especially; namely.

bāwar, True, creditable; belief, credit, acceptance; —bāwar kardan (also bāwar

dashtan), To believe, to credit.

who attends to a great man's table, and whose duty it is to taste his master's food; a cook.

باورچيخانه bāwarchī-khāna, A kitchen.

ارچى كرى bāwarchī-gari, The culinary art.

رُون būward, Name of a hero; also of a city founded by him.

bāwardī, Of or belonging to Bā-

ward; a kind of pottage.

bāwars, Games with dice or cards; a woman whose husband has another prolific wife.

باوريدي bāwarīdan, To believe, to give

credit.

who has another wife and a child, a rival wife; one of several wives of the same husband; a wife whom her husband does not love and seldom visits.

bā wasf. Notwithstanding.

אל פֿט, bā waqār, Gravely, with dignity;—bā-waqār, Majestical; dignified.

المراب bāwal, Name of a place famed for its silks.

bāvlī, A bird whose wings being partially deprived of their feathers is turned loose, that a young falcon may easily catch him, and thus be taught to hunt; a large well;—bāwalī, Made in Bawal.

ه له bā way, With him;—bāwī (for bāshī, 2nd sing. aor. of būdan), Thou mayst be; come along; go to.

بارير bāwer, Bavaria (m.c. from Fr. Ba-

vière).

છાં કે bāwīn, A basket, a woman's work-basket.

is $b\bar{a}h$ (for $p\bar{a}h$), Soup, broth; meat; victuals; (for $b\bar{a}d$) be it so.

A 5h bāh, Lust; sperm; sexual intercourse.

why baha, A kind of food.

باهار būhār, A cup; a mode of reading; a dialect.

باهت bāhat, A stone which is said to make any person laugh whose eyes should chance to light upon it; astonished, thunderstruck.

باهده bā.huda, True, just.

اهر ba har, With every, with all.

A job bāhir, Superior, excellent; open, public, manifest;—bāhiru 'l-iqbāl, Most prosperous;—bāhir u zāhir kardan, To make manifest and clear.

bā-hush (for bā-hosh), Sensible, in-

telligent.

A bahiz, Troublesome, difficult; a calamity, misfortune;—bāhiz kardan, Tovex.

bāhak, Pain, torture, rack.

bāhakīdan, To put to the rack.

A لعل bāhil, Sauntering about doing nothing; free from control; without a nose-ring or pack-saddle (camel); staffless

(shepherd).

pā-ham, Together, along with;—bā-ham āmadan, To come together; to fly in a passion; — bā-hamdīgar, Together, along with; by mutual endeavours;—bā-ham rāst kardan, To confront, compare, collate;—bā-ham sūdan, To chafe, to rub against one another;—bā-ham (ba-āhan) kashīdan, To chain, to fetter;—bū-ham shīr u shakar bū-dan, To be milk and sugar together, to be on very friendly terms.

bāhum, A fair wind, the wind in

poop.

أوهان bāhmān, He, such a one, a certain person.

bā-himmat, Majestic (m.c.).

اهمه که bā-hama ki, Though, notwithstanding.

bāha, A lake, a pond! a strong horse.

bay, A city.

ایا $b\bar{a}y\bar{a}$, It is proper, it behoveth.

שלים דר אינים אלי אינים

A باى حال bi-aiyi hāl, How? in any case;

in whatever circumstances it may be.

wh bāyad, It is necessary, behoves;—bāyad shāyad, As it should be, fit, proper;—gar-at bāyad ki, If it is convenient to you, if you please;—gar sharaf bāyad-at, If you wish for honour, dignity, or high degree.

بيدِك bāyizīd, A proper name (Bajazet).

A بائس bā'is, Miserable, pressed with want.

بايست bāyist, It is necessary, it behoveth ;
—bāyisti waqt, As the case requires.

الستگاه bāyistagāh, The heart's desire, wish.

bāyistagī, State of being necessary, necessity, need.

bāyistan, To be necessary or requisite.

bāyistanī, Necessary or proper to بايستنى

be done; fit for.

لايستة bāyista, Required; necessary;— bāyista'i hastī, Whose existence is necessary, self-existent.

ايستى bāyistī, Necessity, need. بايسلت bāyisk, A man's name.

א איש א bā'i', A seller, vendor; a merchant. با يكدكر bā yak-digar, با يكدكم bā yak-digar, With one another, together, mutually, reciprocally.

bayish, Existence.

bāyikar, What brings about, cause,

بايگان bāygān, A guardian, a treasurer. باين ba-in, With this.

bāyandān, A sponsor, intercessor, mediator.

باينمعنى ba-īn-ma'ná, That is to say (m.c.). -bāyūnīstī, Annihilable, destruc بايونيستى tible.

ילאגעט bā'īdan, To be necessary; to behove.

ابنا babā, A door; how many, many, a great many (doubtful meanings); a decoction from ban.

babāra, A stalk, stem; an esculent root.

ha-bāzār, In the market, &c., in public; -- ba-bāzār uftādan, To be or become disgraced; -ba-bāzār dādan, To disgrace.

a باعث ba-bā'is, By reason of, on account of.

a بباطن کسی گذاهتن ba-bāṭin kase guzāshtan, To curse one, to pray for evil to befall him. ہالا ba-bālā, Above, upwards.

بيال ديكر پريدن ba-bāli dīgar parīdan (parwāz kardan, raqs kardan, jawalān kardan), To fly with another's wings; to succeed by another's aid.

باي bi-bāy (for bi-pāy), Remain thou. hibtak, Part of a bunch of grapes بيتك

or dates. بيدي ba-badī, Wickedly, naughtily.

את babr, A tiger; = תּקאֹט q.v.; disposition, administration, council (unsupported by examples); - ba-bar, Before, in the eyes of ; babar, Bread soaked in butter; a wild animal like a cat, but not having a tail; -bibar, A mouse; -bi-bar (imp. of burdan), Bear thou, carry, take; bi-bur, bu-bur (imp. of buridan), Cut thou, strike

hubrāla, Long birthwort.

אין אין babr-bayān (also babri bayān), A kind of military cloak made of a leopard's skin (such as worn by Rustam); a tiger or similar animal hostile to the lion; brisk, alert, nimble; a kind of shot silk; a linen garment worn by kings in battle and held ominous.

babrūj, The mandrake.

sibsūda, Rubbed, stroked; bored. A babghā', babbaghā', A parrot; a nightingale; — babghā'i shīrīn-adā, The nightingale with sweet notes.

بغی babghī, Removal, repulsion. بخی babak, The pupil of the eye; children, offspring.

بياس bablus, Bread with butter or syrup. habūl, A species of mimosa yielding ببول gum.

يه ba-pā, Upright;—ba-pā istādan, To stand upright; - ba-pā bāsh, Stand up; ba-pā bar-<u>kh</u>āstan (āmadan), To rise to one's feet; -ba-pā'i hisāb āmadan, To be engrossed with an account; -ba-pa'i khwud ba-gör āmadan, To rush into fatal danger.

ياي ba-pāy, Stand up;—ba-pāy andar āmadan (māndan), To slip, fall; ba-pāy dādan, To throw away;—ba-pāy shudan,

To stand upright.

bipsawidan, To wipe, to rub. هيسودان bipeūdān, Rubbing, touching.

bipsūdan, To anoint; to rub gently.

بپسوده bored، bipsūda, Anointed; rubbed;

بيغا bap<u>gh</u>ā, بيغا bap<u>gh</u>ā, A parrot ; bapghī dar band, One who hesitates in small matters.

bipgan (for bifgan, imp. of afgandan), Throw thou; nauseating.

ىپلس baplus. = baplus بپلس q.v.

ba-pesh, Before, in presence of.

bat, A line drawn to distinguish separate names in a catalogue, or articles in an account; a mark, a score; a weaver's brush; weaver's size; a duck;—but, An idol, an image, any figure that is an object of adoration; the beloved; God (in the language of the Sūfis); truth; -buti ashrajī (zar), The figure stamped upon a golden coin, as that of a bull upon the coins of Akbar, or Jahangir.

Latt (v.n.), Cutting.

bata, Rice dressed with milk and butter (also battā); — ba-tā, till when? how long?—bitā (imp. of bitā'īdan), Let alone, leave; -buta, O idol (of my affections).

هات batāt, Cutting; provision for a journey; household furniture or utensils; a tailasan of silk or wool.

batāra, A weaver's brush. ba-taz, In haste, running. تازكى ba-tūzagī, Recently, lately.

batāsha, A sweetmeat, confection.

a الما ba-ta'ammul, With reflection or deliberation, thoughtfully; attentively.

butānj, A wife, a spouse; particularly one of several who have one husband in common.

batāwār, End, consummation.

ba-tāwān, In substitution, instead. المانيك bitā'īdan, bitāyīdan (imp. bitā), To quit, leave, pass by.

batbū, Sour milk dried.

التيرست but-parast, An idolater; a lover. بتيرستى but-parastī, Idolatry.

A من battat, batta (v.n. of بنت battat, batta (v.n. of بنت (mostly with article, al-batta) altogether, totally; certainly, irrevocably.

but-tarash, An idol-maker, بع تراش

sculptor.

نخ batkh, Squeezing, straining, pressing. batkhā, Dung of a bird (doubtful

but<u>kh</u>āk, Name of a place near Kābul.

bat-khāl, Dung of birds; name of a bird (doubtful word);—but-khāl, Name of an idol temple.

but <u>kh</u>āla, Name of an idol temple ;

a pimple on the face.

الختاب but-khāna, An idol temple; a tavern.

a بتدريج ba-tadrij, Successively, by degrees (m.c.).

אי batar, battar (for badtar), Worse.

نتر A batr (v.n.), Cutting off; docking; batar (v.n.), Being docked; being destitute of good qualities.

batar-āhang, A covering for the

head, a veil (doubtful word).

نترجا batarjā, Pudenda; interstice between the flesh of the finger and the nail where dirt collects.

a عرك ba-tark, Good-bye;—ba-tark guftan, To bid good-bye, to renounce.

بع ررى but-rūy, Beautiful, as an idol.

batra, Obstinacy, contumacy; wounded, struck (unsupported b. examples).

butistan, A place where idols بتستان abound (applied, e.g. to a flower-adorned

bitisyār, Calamity, misfortune. but-shikan, An image-breaker.

بت هكنى but-shikanī, Iconoclasm.

איש א bala' (v.n.), Having a long neck ;bit, Wine of grapes or of honey; tall (man).

بت فریب but-firīb, Twenty-fourth day of the month, according to the era of Jalalu 'd-

batfuz, The parts around بتغور the mouth, chops, or snout; the circumbatghūr and بتغور bat<u>gh</u>ūz are also given).

a ہتھریب ba-tagrib, In accordance with the

A طع batk (v.n.), Cutting; catching hold

of anything; pulling.

substite, Writing; a letter; a book; butak (dim. of but), A little idol.

bitikchī, A writer, a scribe.

but-kada, An idol temple; a tavern. نكي bitkan, A head-ache produced by indigestion; loathing of food; a rake; a harrow.

bitkandīdan, بتكندي bitkandīdan, To suffer from indigestion; to nauseate one's food.

batkot, A kind of food بتكوت batkob, بتكوب made of cream or milk, walnuts, and anise. batkesh, A quiver.

A مل batl (v.n.), Cutting; separating.

بتلاب bitlab, The envelope of the flower of dates, the spathe; the plant southern-

ba-talkh u tursh rizā بتلغ و ترش رما دادن dadan, To bear trials and hardships contentedly.

atlob, تکوب atlob ہتلوب q.v.

لينا ba-tanhā, Sole, alone, one, separate. batanj, bitanj, Compression ;—bitanj,

Squeeze (imp. of tanjudan).

but-nigār, A painter, a limner. batau, The East; a place much ex-

posed to the sun;—batā, A funnel; a knot in the stalk of a plant; a pestle; a stone mortar; -ba-tū, To thee; -bitū, A cask; a handle; a pestle.

שׁבֶּוֹנְ batīvāz, A perch, a roost for falcons. موراك batūrāk, A subterraneous granary ;

(for tabūrāk) a tambourine.

a بتوسط ba-tawassut, By means of (m.c.). بتوك batūk, A kind of wooden basket or tray, in which garden stuff, fish, or bread is carried about and sold.

batūl, A virgin averse from marriage and worldly concerns from religious motives, a vestal, a nun (usually applied to the Virgin Mary and to Muhammad's daughter Fatimah); shoot of a palm ready to be planted by itself or already planted.

bata, Dried rice;—also batta, A pestle;

a muller.

н ан battah, Extra allowance to troops in the field; ebb-tide.

بتهوا bat-huwā, Orach.

بتيا batyā, bityā, The breast. but-yāb, What is found like, what resembles an idol, any pretty-looking thing. بتيار batyār, Ugly, detestable; — bityār,

Trouble, affliction; a glass urinal.

hatyāra, Anything ugly, odious, and detestable; a demon inhabiting the woods; -bityāra, Grief, trouble, affliction, injury.

ا بتيغ خاستن ba-tegh khāstan, To stand on

end (the hair).

بتيله batīla, The wick of a candle or lamp. . butīna, Penitence, repen بتينة butīna, Penitence, tance.

bitēya, The town of Battiah in Bahār. م بث bass (v.n.), Publishing, disseminating news; divulging a secret; scattering dust.

hasr, Much, many; little, few; ع basr, Much, many;

چګ

country covered with stones; sand adhering to the ground; a pustnle, a pimple; being covered with pimples.

مَرَّةُ baṣrat, baṣra, A single pimple or

pustule.

A busar (v.n), Being covered or afflicted with pimples (a body); (pl. of basr) pustules, pimples, tubercles.

water, &c.; inside of the mouth; the cheek, ball of the cheek, external part of the cheek and mouth;—bij, Rice; impurities of the eye;—buj, A goat; the hair on the forehead.

A & bajj (v.n.), Cutting open (a boil); piercing (with a spear); fattening the grazing cattle (green food);—bujj, The

young of any bird.

: ba-jā, În place; true, accurate, right, proper; well-founded, with a good reason; —ba-jā āmadan, To be accomplished;—ba-jā āwardan, To accomplish, to execute; to bring to bear; to know.

الب bujāl, A live coal; an extinguished

coal.

عدل دادي ba.jāmi 'adl dādan, To give with the cup of justice, i.e. what is just

a جانب. ba-jānib, Towards.

ن من اله: ba-jūni man, On my account. a جان واحد ba-jūni wāhid, By oneself, alone. ba-jāy, In lieu.

جای جاba-jāy jā, Everywhere, in all

places.

جای رسیدن ba-jāy rasīdan, To arrive at, to attain, to accomplish.

a جبر ba-jabr, By force or violence, forcibly, violently.

بعتاق ajtaq, جتاق q.v.

A jan bajah, Joy, gladness; greatness of rank.

a see ba-jidd, ba-jid, In earnest; urgent, importunate; diligently, cagerly.

ba-juda, Separately, asunder.

A j=: bajar (v.m.), Having a tumour, rupture, or other distemper affecting the navel; —bujr, Evil; an important affair; a marvellous thing;—bujar, Defects.

н جر هانک bajjir b'hāng, Tobacco

н бут. bajara, A barge used m India, a budgerow.

ja: ba-juz, Besides, except (see ja juz).

A sais (v.n.), Flowing (water); making (water) flow; splitting open (a boil); abusing.

bajas, The cartilage of the nose; softness.

است: bajast, A voice, sound, or echo. المنتج: bijashāk, A farrier; a corn-dealer. المنتج: bijishk, A physician; a sparrow.

bajkala, A flagon, stone bottle, or stout vessel in which wine is kept.

bajkam, A kind of stone seat in the porches of houses in the East, raised pratty high above the ground, upon which they sit or recline in warm weather; the lower part of the house, where they live in winter time; name of a Turkoman tribe.

. bujul, The ankle-bone.

تجم bujm, bijm, The fruit of the tamarisk. a جنس ba-jins, In kind, sort, species; pure.

ba-jumlagī, In general; in the

mass, altogether.

A disprisi-hi, The thing itself.

بينود bujnād, Vociferous, clamorous, tumultuous.

a جوار حق پيوستن ba-jiwāri ḥaq paiwastan, To die (to join the neighbourhood of truth).

துள bajāj, Name of a celebrated cuckold

and pimp.

bajājiyā (in Zand), A female; vulva.

انج bijwar, A country bordering upon India.

J. bujūl, The ankle-bone.

baja, Name of a place between Isfaban and Fars.

A Agr. bajulat, Name of the branch of a tribe.

word used by goatherds in calling together their flocks.

وسيدي ba-charāah rasīdan, To enter the service of a great man; to make one's fortune.

يجرك bichrak, bichirk, Derided; a dupe. پش bachash, 'The cartilage of the nose; languor; grief.

seller of green food (comp. the following).

bichishk, Nature; a physician; a vendor of simples.

ba-chashm, With the eye, i.e. most readily, willingly;—ba-chashm āmadan, To befall (as a misfortune); to be hurt by an evil eye;—ba-chashm kardan, To inspect narrowly; to look with a malignant eye; to impress; to choose.

عني bachak, A kind of weapon or cutting instrument.

يچكانكي: bi-chakāndan, To drop, to distil, ميكلي bachkala (= ميكلية q.v.), A flagon,

bachkam, bichkam, A summerhouse, a house with trellised walls; a sofa; a court; a hall of audience; a wolf; name of a Turkoman tribe.

الله bachagin (pl. of bacha), Infants, children; the young of any animal:

bachagāni dīda, Tears :- bachagāni raz. The tendrils of the vine-tree.

bachagāna, Childish, fit for chil-

bachagin (for bachagān), Children. اج: bachal, One accustomed to bedaub his clothes.

bicham, Order, method, disposition, arrangement, manner, train; -bicham giriftan, To take a favourable turn, to succeed

? ba-chand, For how much جند

bacha, bachcha (S. vatsa), An infant, boy, child, son; a servant lad, page; a whelp, cub; ivy; - bacha'i haura', The cup-bearer, the beloved ;-bacha'i khwur (khwurshed), A ruby; gold; silver;—bacha'i khūnin, Tears of sorrow;—bacha'i rīsh, A tuft of hair under the lip, French "impériale"; -bacha'i ¿āwusi 'ulwī, The sun; a sunshiny day; fire; a ruby; — bacha'i tāwusi 'ulwī ashyān, A live coal; bacha'i kū (child of the street), A foundling; a bastard; — bacha kashīdan (bar-āwardan), To give birth to a child ;-bacha'i natamām-afganī, Ahortion, miscarriage; bacha'i nau, Any new discovery or incident; young shoots; -ba-chi, Why? wherefore? for what?

bachahām, My friends (lit. my children, m.c.).

به باز bacha-bāz, A pederast. نچه بازي bacha-bāzī, Pederasty.

ار bacha-dār, Having young; pregnant.

bachadan, The womb.

چه دختر bacha-du<u>kh</u>tar, A little girl (m.c.). . bacha-kashī, Child-bearing بچه کشر بيه كاو. bacha-gāv, A calf.

bachu-macha, A mere boy (itbā', m.c.).

bachanūk, A parent of male children.

bachīj, bachīch, A whisper, anything spoken secretly, whisperingly; a word used by goatherds in managing goats.

buchicha, Quieting of an infant, lullaby; a word used by shepherds in calling their flocks.

چيز ba-chiz, Small, diminutive; mean ;ba-chize na giriflan, To make no account of.

h الحاف bihās (v.u. 3 of عاف), Investigating, disputing; — bahhās, A disputant, controversialist.

مار م biḥār (pl. of baḥr), Seas; great rivers; bays, gulfs; -bihāri awāmir, Commands flowing on all sides ;-bihāri baḥrīya, Tempestuous seas.

ارندان buḥārzandān, A city in Bukhārā. a J= ba-hāl, In its proper state or condition; in the former state, in statu quo; in a good state or condition, well, happy, flourishing, prosperous; -ba-ḥāl āmadan, To come to a state or condition; to recover.

a جالى. ba-ḥālī, The being in its usual or former state; prosperity; the being in office or favour; establishment; restoration; recovery; confirmation (m.c.).

A de buhbūhat, buhbūha, The middle

of a house, a court, an area.

A --- baht, Pure, genuine, unmixed (as wine with water, bread with victuals).

A bahs (v.n.), Investigating, examining; controversy, debate, dispute, conquestion; altercation. argument, wrangling; -bahs kardan, To debate, dispute, argue; to wager.

a حثا بحثى baḥṣā-baḥṣī, Argumentation.

a שבים א נבוסגים ba-hujjat bar nayamadan, To fail in logic.

a = ba hadd, and-

a حدى. ba-hadde, To a degree (that); to such an extent; so that.

A = bahr, A sea, estuary, or great river; a gulf; a generous man; a fleet horse; metre, kind of verse; flow rhythm; fleet (of ships or boats), navy;—bahri abyaz u bahri aswad, The White and Black Sea (i.e. the Ægean with the Mediterranean and Euxine); -bahria<u>kh</u>zar (<u>kh</u>azrā'), Heaven;—baḥru 'lkhazar, The Caspian Sea; —baḥru'r-rūm, The Grecian or Mediterranean Sea; — baḥru'ṣ-ṣīn, The China Sea;—bahru'l-fāris, The Persian Gulf;—bahru 'l-qulzum (bahru 'l-ahmar). The Red Sea;—bahri almās, A sea in whose islands diamond mines are contained;bahri andalus, The Sea of Andalusia;bì-karān khandaq, The highest heaven; -- baḥri chigil, A lake in Turkistan called after the town Chigil; - bahri khwārazm, Name of a lake into which the river Jaihūn flows; -bahri damāni zībaq-'amal, Clouds distilling rain ;-bahri zang, baḥri zangī, The Ethiopian Sea; —bahri siyāh, The Black Sea (m.c.) ;-bahri 'umān, The Sea of Oman; the eye; -bahri ghamām, The Sea of Kashgar; bahri kamān, The interstice between the string and the body of the bow, when the latter is drawn; -baḥri mashūr, The enchanted or beavenly waters (those which the Muhammadans suppose to be under the throne of God);bahri muhīt, The ocean ;—bahri nahang-āsār (nahang-āsā), A bright sword; — bahri naghma (usul, shi'r), The metre of a poem; -baḥri wasī', The firmament; a liberal hand ;-ba-bahri chīze raftan, To go into the depth or bottom of a matter.

A when bahran, The country usually called Bahrain; name of a town; -buḥrān, Crisis of a disease.

a جر دست bahr-dast, Bountiful (as the sea).

a حركان baḥrgān, Seafaring; a mariner. bahroza'i tar, Chios or Cyprus جروزة تر turpentine.

bahroza'i khushk, Frankiu-

مون baḥrī, Marine, maritime; of the colour of the sea; a native of Bahrain; a pearl, the produce of the fishery of Bahrain.

A \$\frac{\lambda_{27}}{25} \text{ bahriyat, bahriya, A ship's crew, sailors, seamen; navy.}

a عرى قطاس bahrī-quṭās, A sea-ox, the tail of which in some countries they are accus-

tomed to fix to the top of a spear.

A week bahrain (dual of bahr), The two seas, the White and the Black, the Mediterranean and the Euxine; name of an island in the Persian Gulf, near the Arabian shore (called also Bahrain), celebrated for a great pearl fishery; name of a town between Barrah and Oman; (in the Kuran) the two waters, i.e. the salt water of the sea and sweet water of rivers.

a حساب ba-ḥisāb, With or in the computation.

a ----- ba-ḥasb, According to, in the manner.

a عنور ba-ḥuzūr, In the presence of.

a 3=: ba-haqq, ba-haq, By the truth (in swearing); in the matter of, in re; in the case of; on account of;—ba-haq paiwastan, To unite with truth, i.e. to die;—ba-haq sharik shudan, To be a partner in truth, i.e. to be answerable for life or safety.

bihuqad, He hiccoughs.

a ba-hukm, According to, from, agreeable to, in conformity with; by command or order of; by the authority of; by force of; by dint of;—ba-hukmi zarūrat, Agreeable to the exigency; forced by necessity.

a ملى bihil, ba-hil (for A. bi-hill), حلى bi-

hili, Pardon, remission, absolution.

مد الله تعالي bi-ḥamdi 'llāh ta'ālá, God be praised! By God's grace;—ba-ḥamdi 'llāh ki, Thank God that.

a حوالي: ba-ḥawālī, In the environs

(m.c.).

A lyan buhaira, Name of a Nestorian monk.

A = buḥairat, buḥaira (dim. of baḥr), Small sea; luke.

 $\partial ba\underline{k}h$, Blearedness; the game of chess.

A பு bakh, பு பு bakh bakh, Bravo! well done!

خار : bu-khār, Vile, mean; contemptible (comp. خارخ);—bukhār (in Zand), Wisdom, learning.

مار : bukhār, Vapour, steam, exhalation, fog, mist; miasma; feverish heat, fever; anger, wrath, animosity; grief, anguish;—bukhāri āb, Exhalation of water; fog.

bukhārā, Bukhārā, the ancient Bactria (on account of the learning—bukhār

supra—there displayed).

A خارات bukhārāt (pl. of bukhār), Funes, exhalations; vapour, steam; mist, fog.

a خارى. bukhārī, A native of Bukhārā,

especially applied to the celebrated collector of traditions, Abū 'Abdullah bin Ismā'il; one who perfumes with incense of aloe wood; a stove (m.c.).

a خاطر ba-khāṭir, To one's mind; -ba-khāṭir āwardan, To bring to mind, regard,

pay attention to, recollect.

A E is bikhā', A vein or nerve in the loins.

** ba-khāk, In or to the dust; — ba-khāk
burdan, To bear through life, carry to one's
grave; — ba-khāk nishānd, ba-khāki rāh
nishānd, He has depressed or rendered
(him) contemptible.

A == bukht, A species of large, strong, and hairy Bactrian camel, with two bunches, used in general for winter labour.

خت آزمانی. bakht-āzmā'ī, A trial of one's fortune.

ختاق bukhtāq, An iron helmet (comp. بختاق).

ba<u>kh</u>t-awar, Happy, prosperous; rich.

تت برکشته bakht-bar-gashta, Unfortunate. عت بدار bakht-bīdār, Whose fortune is awake; fortunate.

ba<u>kh</u>t-jawān, One whose fortune عبد جوان

is youthful, fortunate.

nasar), Nebuchadnezzar

بخت عفدة ba<u>kht-kh</u>ufta, Whose fortune is asleep; unlucky.

نخر: bakhtar, The east;—shāhi bakhtar u khāwar, King of the east and west.

غنك bakhlak, Little fortune; ill-fortune; name of the Wazīr of Anosherwan.

bukhtagar, Lightness. بختگار

bukhtigāra, Levity; suspended.

ختگاری bakhtigārī, Skill, cleverness,

stratagem.

prepared, and poured from a vessel slowly over the hea; an embrocation (evidently for عند کار q.v.).

عن مند. ba<u>kh</u>tmand, Fortunate. خت مندی ba<u>kh</u>tmandī, Good fortupe. خت المرابخت bu<u>kh</u>ti naṣar, Nebuchadnezzar. خت المرابخة bu<u>kh</u>tū, ba<u>kh</u>tū, Thunder; rapacious; a step-father, a father-in-law.

bakhtwar, bakhtûr, Fortunate;—bakhtûr, bukhtûr, Thunder; a roaring lion.

ه معروه bukhtûh, bakhtûh, Thunder; a roar-

ing animal.

bakhta, A ram three or four years old; anything the skin of which has been taken off; a fat tail; a collector (of revenue).

اختى bukhtī, A large, strong, hairycamel with two bunches.

الختيار. bakht-yār, Fortunate; rich.

bakht-yārī, Prosperity, riches.

bakhtyāwar, Fortunate.

bakhjaj, A dream, a vision in sleep. bakhjad, Dross, especially of iron. bakhjawan, Name of a country.

bakhjūr, Fortunate.

يخ. ba<u>kh</u>ch, = يخيخ. q.v. ba<u>kh</u>cha (for bāghcha), A garden.

bakhchiridan, according to others عيدريدي bakhchīzīdan, To roll oneself down from a height.

اغد: ba-khuda, By God, to God, for God's

مر م bakhr (v.n.), Steaming, sending forth steam ; -bakhar (v.n.), Fetid breath ; any fetid odour.

н јж. bakhrā, A share, portion.

غود bikhrad (for ba-khirad), Intelligent; -bikhradi bikhradan, The wisest of the wise (a title of the prime minister in some Eastern countries).

ويدن . bukhridan, = ويدن q.v.

bikhradī, bakhradī, Wisdom, saga-

city.

الله bukhrak, A species of wild mountain or forest almond, of a hot and humid

н خبيت bakhrait, A partner, sharer; а shareholder.

والمانية: bakhrīdan, bukhrīdan, To be epileptical, to groan, writhe in agony.

خريدة. bu<u>kh</u>rīda, Epileptical.

A خس bakhs (v.n.), Withholding what is due, defrauding; deficient, defective, short, scapty; low (price); land which produces grain without being watered; (in P.) heat; anguish of mind, sickness at heart, faintness, decay, consumption; a pining or wasting away with grief or malady; blandishment, coquetry; a stately gait or graceful air; withered, shrivelled; base coin; — bikhs, The soft parts of the nose; softness; debility; — bakhis, Vile, mean; cheap.

خسان bakhsān, Fusible, melting, dissolving; contracted, withered, shrivelled; one who has gone through much trouble;

walking gracefully.

غساليدن bakhsānīdan, To melt, to cause to become liquid; to afflict; to walk grace-

bakhast, Noise, sound, voice, echo; nightmare; a small animal resembling a locust;—also bukhkhast, A snore.

فستانيدن. bakhastānīdan, To cause to snore.

فستن. bakhastan, bakhistan, To snore, to

snort; -bukhuslan, To snore; to speak in a dream or delirium.

العسلوس bakhsilūs, Name of an ancient king.

bakhsum, A drink from wheat or millet.

نصبودن bakhsūdan, To beat, bruise, hammer (so as to make a convexity) concave; to reap, mow, clip, shear; to saw; to pluck up; to fear; to palpitate; to be in anguish; to melt; to change.

نعسى bakhsī, Weak and limber plants which grow without irrigation; melted; a

twitching.

خسيدن ba<u>kh</u>sīdan, To cause to melt; to inflict anguish, pain, affliction, sickness, distraction of mind; to cause to wither; to walk pompously.

bakhsīda, Heated; melted; withered; drawn together; walking pom-

غش bakhsh, Fortune, lot, part, portion; a dove-cote; a tower; a celestial sign; a fish; (in comp., as part. of bakhshīdan) a giver, donor; a distributor, or divider; a pardoner; bakhsh kardan, To give, distribute, divide; to make a present, give in alms (m.c.).

خشا: bakhshā, A giver; (in comp.) bestowing, presenting; - māliki mamāliki mamlakat-ba<u>kh</u>shā, (God) the King of kingdoms, the Bestower of empires.

bakhshād, May (God) forgive. فشانيدة bakhshanida, Bestowing; for-

giving.

bakhshay, Give thou; granting, giving.

bakhshāyā, Remitting, forgiving. , bakhshāyish, Forgiveness; a gift عشايش -bārāni raḥmat-ba<u>kh</u>shāyish, A shower of mercy.

bakhshayishqar, Merciful. خشایشگر

خشايىدكى. bakhehāyandagī, Liberality ; pity.

خشايندة bakhshāyanda, Bountiful; merci-

خشائيدن bakhshā'īdan, To bestow; pity; to forgive; mercy; liberality.

bakhsh-bandar, A royal customhouse.

جشش bakhshish, A gift, a present;

خشش: ba<u>kh</u>shish-nāma, يخش نامه bakhsh-nāma, A deed of gift.

ا کیدہ bakhsh-nā-karda, Undistributed.

خشندگی. ba<u>kh</u>shandagī, Liberality ; pardon.

فشيدة bakhshanda, Liberal; forgiving. نعشودن bakhshūdan, To give, bestow; forgive.

تغشودني ba<u>kh</u>shūdanī, What needs forgiveness, sin, transgression.

نعفرة. bakhshūda, Pardoned (by God).

bakhsha, A portion.

خشى bakhshī, Fortune; a portion, a lot; pay; a giver; a paymaster; a scribe, secretary; a surgeon; a vice-regent; an inspector; a grand falconer.

خشى جز bakhshī-juz, Paymaster of the

household.

عانه bakhshī-khāna, The pay-office. خشيدن bakhshidan (S. bhaj), To give, grant, bestow; to remit; to pardon, for-give, spare; -bi-bakhshīd, I beg your pardon, no (m.c.).

خشيش: ba<u>kh</u>shīsh, A present ; an honorary or pecuniary gratuity; drink-money; a (Christmas) box; -bakhshish kardan, To make a present; -bakhshîsh u 'atā dādan, To make an offering, to give a largess.

a کل خشی کل ba<u>kh</u>shi-kul, A paymaster-general.

خشى كرى: ba<u>kh</u>shigari, Rank of commander-in-chief; the office of a secretary.

a خشى الممالك bakhshī 'l-mamālik, Com-

mander-in-chief.

غص ه. bakhs, The fleshy parts of the fingers and of the feet; also of a camel's hoof; protuberant flesh about the eyes.

a خوم ba-khuṣūṣ, In particular, espe-

cially.

ه bakh' (v.n.), Killing oneself, dying خع ۸ خع. (with grief).

bi-khafad, He sneezes;—bi-khufad,

He coughs; -bakhufd, Cough.

جفكليون) ba<u>kh</u>kalūl, خكلون ,ba<u>kh</u>kalūn (خكلول bakhkala, A hard nut (see نخکله : a herb.

A مخل bukhl, Avarice, parsimony; stinginess, niggardliness; -bakhl kardan, To exercise stinginess, &c., to be miserly.

A bukhala' (pl. of bakhil), Misers.

a خلاف. ba-khilaf, Contrary to; in opposition to; on the contrary.

u خلوت ba-<u>kh</u>alwat, Apart, alone.

de bukhla, A bean; purslain.

خم ba<u>kh</u>m, ba<u>kh</u>am, Name of a country famous for its musk.

🏎 bakhma, An artichoke.

ضر bakhnū, Thunder; a father-in-law; a step-father.

bakhnud, Thunder. خنود

خنودن: bakhnudan, To thunder aud lighten.

تخنونه bakhnüna, Thunder : lightning.

bukhnuh or bakhnawa, Lightning. خنويدن ba<u>kh</u>nawidan, To thunder and

lighten.

خود. ba-khwud, To, with, or hy oneself; ba-khwud amadan, To come to oneself;ba-khwud faro raft (shud), He hung his head (from shame or grief); -ba-khwude khwud, Solitary, by oneself.

A خور bakhūr, Perfume, odour, or anything which diffuses fragrance, as aloes, musk, thyme, storax, frankinceuse, &c.; bakhür ziri dāman, Fumes of aloes-wood or amber passed over the hem of a garment to perfume it; -bakhūri maryam, Maidenweed; hog's fennel.

-q.v.), In a suit در خور = ba-<u>kh</u>war (= خور

able manner, properly.

bakhūrāt (pl. of bakhūr), Scents, &c. ضورانيدن. bi-khwurānīdan, To cause one to

خوردان: bakhūrdān, A censer for incense. خور هيشك ba<u>kh</u>ūr-shīsha, A censer; perfumes moistened and laid upon the fire to scent a room.

فورة. ba<u>kh</u>ūra, A musk-bag.

خوريدى: bukhūrīdan, To become demented. خوريده bu<u>kh</u>ūrida, Epileptical; horrorstruck.

خون: ba-khūn, With or in blood, hence

grieved; the planet Mars.

خيازى: bakhyāzī, A small gift or a worn garment bestowed on a servant or pauper.

. bakhīch, Trodden; ample, wide; vitriol.

خيدن. bakhīdan, To card wool or cotton. فيدة bakhīda, Carded, teased; picked, selected (silk).

bakhir, A kind of artichoke.

a nis. ba-khair, Attended with good, in welfare, well, in safety; for good, to a good end or purpose; alone and unmeddled with; — ba-khair-khabī, Safe and sound, well, in safety.

بخ. bi-khez, Rise thou; an ambush.

خيريدي bakhīzīdan, To bend the head in reverence (unsupported by examples).

خيل bakhīl, A kind of artichoke (see خيل). A خيل bakhīl, Avaricious, covetous; a

a غيلك bakhīlak (dim. of A. bakhīl), A petty miser.

مينة. bakhīla, Purslain.

a خيلي. bakhīlī, Avarice;—bakhīlī kardan (numidan), To be stingy, niggardly, avaricious.

غية: bukhya, Quilting, sewing very thick and strong; sewing with long stitches, basting; a piece of sewed cloth; -bakhya bar ray afgandan (andākhlan, nihādan), bakhya ba ruyi kar afgandan, bakhya kardan, To disclose a shameful secret; -bakhya bar rūyi (rukhi) kār uftādan, bakhya bar chihra raftan, A shameful secret becomes public; -ba<u>khya zadan,</u> To sew strongly, to quilt ; dür ba-dür bakhya zadan, To sew with long stitches, to baste; -bukhya, A line, plumb-line; a wedge or iron instrument for cleaving wood; touching, squeezing, twitching with the fingers (doubtful word).

بخيد انگن ba<u>kh</u>ya-afgan, A stitcher, quilter.

. bakhya-dar, Quilted جئيه دار

ن فيه ن bukhya-zan, A stitcher, quilter, botcher.

A bad, Bad, wicked, naughty; evil, calamity; wickedness; linen rags half-burned; tinder; (also bud) touchwood; (S. pati) lord, master;—bud, A lord, master; a servant; (for būd) it was;—bad burdan, To be afflicted; to be angry;—bad zadan, To make (a thing) bad;—în badam mīyāyad, This displeases me (m.c.).

A w badd (v.n.), Separating, disjoining, dispersing;—budd, Flight, escape, remedy; (for P. but) an idol, image; an idol-temple.

א bad' (v.n. of אין), Beginning; bad'i kalām kardan, To begin a discourse,

sermon, speech, or conversation.

added on account of the metre), Bad, wicked, &c.;—(bad, with the ' of the vocative) O wicked one! woe upon! (opp. to eq.v.)

A of w bada' (v.n.), Coming in the mind;

appearing; beginning.

A 87 N badā at, A beginning, a turn to begin, the first turn.

> the badah, A widely-extended tract of soft land.

a الجوالي bad-ahwāl, Ill, indisposed, sea-siek (m.c.);—bad-ahwāl shudan, To become ill (m.c.).

به المعر bad-akhtar, Ill-starred, unfortu-

nate.

place.

بداعشان badākhshān, A country in Persia. a معالى bad-akhlāq, Of depraved morals; ill-bred, ill-behaved; rude, coarse.

a بد أعلاتي bad-akhlāqī, Ill-breeding; in-

civility; immorality.

a lal a bad-ada, Who acquits himself

badly, performs badly.

a 334 & bad-adā'ī, A bad performance;

ill-treatment; enmity shown.

און badār, A goad for driving bullocks.

A און bidār (v.n. 3 of און), Outstripping.

A bad-ārām, A knave; a pleasant

المراز badāz, A shoemaker's wedge.

a بد الملوب bad-uslūb, Ill-shaped; of bad conduct.

a بد اصل bad-asl, and—

a امول به bad-usāl, Of a bad stock, or a mean race, base-born; ill-bred.

ه امولى bad-uṣūlī, Low extraction, ill-breeding.

ه اغوار ه bad-atwar, Ill-maunered, of evil

a معتماد به bad-i'tiqād, Mistrustful.

a بد اعمالي bad-a'mālī, Evil deeds; immorality.

المَال له bad-āghāz, Innately bad.

a بد العال bad-af'āl, Ill-conducted ;—bad-af'ālī, Immorality.

bidaq, The lower part of breeches,

drawers, or trousers.

بداك badāk, Angry, malevolent. A بدال baddāl, A seller of eatables.

بد آمد bud-āmad, Unwelcome.

a بد احتراج bud-imtizāj, Ill-mixed; wicked. الم احتراع bad-āmoz, Ill-bred; teacher of evil.

with that; for that purpose, with that design;—(pl. of bad), The wicked.

a بد التطامى had-intizumi, Bad government, maladministration, misrule; anarchy.

ا تجام bad-anjām, Ending in evil, bringing about evil; of evil consequences.

بد الديش bad-andesh, Malicious, mulevo-

lent ; disloyal. بد الديشي bad-andeshī, Malevolence ; dis-

loyalty.

ية badānk (for خالف bah-ān-ki), Because of, since.

بد انگونه bad-ān-gūna, Of that kind.

الله bado (from 4 ba and اله الله bado, To him, with him.

ነ ት bad- $\bar{a}h\bar{u}$, Exceedingly wicked, perverse, malicious (unless the word stands for ba- $\bar{a}h\bar{u}$, Malignantly, maliciously; see Preface).

ه الماهة badāhat, An impromptu; improvisation, extempore speaking; unexpected

event.

A جنائع badā'i' (pl. of الديمة), New, strange things; rarities; marvels;—badā'i'i ma'nawī, Style, sentiment.

A જારે badāyat, Commencement.

שנים א bad-āyīn, Irreligious; perverse; ill-bred;—la'īni bad-āyīn, A wicked wretch. און ש bad-bāz, A mimic, a jester.

a ما على bad-bāgin, Intrinsically bad ;—bad-bāginī, Evil-mindedness; ill-nature.

ب افتكى به bad-bāftagī, Flimsiness of texture. بافتك bad-bāfta, Badly woven; flimsy. بد بافت bad-bakht, Ill-fated, unfortunate. بد بختان مع bad-bakhtāna, Unfortunately

(m.c.). ند :ختى bad-bakhtī, Misfortune, bad luck, adversity; badness, vice;—bad-bakhtīwār, Unlucky, inglorious.

يد من bad-bad, Very badly; with great

difficulty.

టుష budbudak, The hoopoo or pewit (called also murghi sulaimān, Solomon's bird).

ን ት bad-bar, Evil-minded; ill-disposed; bearing bad fruit.

لا بنا bad-buna, In evil plight.

بد ہو bad-bo, Fetid; bad smell, funk, stench,

א א bad-būk, אין א bad-būg, Malignant, malevolent; timid.

بد پدر bad-pidar (bad father), A step-father,

بد يرتو had-partau, Unfortunate; sinister, of a bad aspect; of a wretched character.

به پرهيز bad-parkez, Intemperate; heedless, imprudent; inattentive to medical advice.

به پرهاري bad-parhezi, Inattention to medical advice; carelessness about one's health; intemperance, excess.

به پسران خانه کن bad-pusarāni khāna-kan, Perverse sons, destroying their father's house.

بد پسند bad-pasand, A lover of difficulties. يد يندي يا bad-pusht, A young unbroken beast of burden, that will bear no load.

bad-pashmī, Badness of hair or بد پشمی

wool; bad coat (of a horse, &c.).

badpūz, The environs of the mouth. a بدت baddat, Oppression, violence (m.c.). بد تبار bad-tabār, Of mean birth, ignoble. אבק badtar, Worse, more villainous.

אביקיש badtarin, Worst, most infamous. به جلو bad-jalav, Disobeying the bridle,

restive. بد جارى bad-jalawī, Deviation; disaffection. a بد جنس bad-jins, Ignoble, base-born,

به منه bad-chashm, Having a bad or unlucky eye, of a malignant aspect; coveting the property of another; weak-sighted (horse), one that shies; -bad-chashmi kardan, To shy.

A cas badh (v.n.), Cutting, splitting, tearing; hitting, striking; coming upon one with an affair suddenly and unexpectedly; breaking down under a load (a camel).

a عال اله bad hal, In bad circumstances; ill-tempered, peevish.

a مالى اله bad-hali, Grief, despondency;

badness of condition, evil plight.

a بد حواس bad-ḥawās, Senseless, insensible; confounded, bewildered, demented, foolish.

a بد حواسي bad-ḥawāsī, Stupefaction; insensibility; consternation; folly.

بدعشان badakhsh (more usually بدعش badakhshān), Name of a country between India and Khurāsān, from whence they bring rubies, and famous for its large sheep; - badakhshāni tāb-dār, A ruby of the finest colour; kohi badakhshān, The mountain, where they dig them; — la'li The finest kind of rubies bada<u>kh</u>shān, brought from thence.

بدعشاني badakhshānī, Of Badakhshān; a ruby.

بدخش مذاب bada<u>kh</u>sh-muzāb, A ruby; red,

ruby-coloured wine.

بدعشى badakhshī (of Badakhsh), A ruby. a مالع عب bad-khiṣāl, بد عمال bad-khaslat, Of a bad disposition; ill-disposed, ill-natured;—bad-khiṣālāni anām, The most vicious or perverse of mankind.

a - 4 bad-khat, Writing ill; a bad pen-

a بد على bad-<u>kh</u>ulq, Ill-tempered, perverse. عن bad-kho (khū, khoy, khūy), Badtempered, ill-bred, rude; vicious, wicked.

به خواب bad-khwāb, Roused from sleep, and hence ill-tempered; awakening with an ill-humour.

به خوار bad-khwār, III-fed.

بد خواركي bad-khwāragī, Poorness of living. يد عوان bad-khwān, Difficult to read, illegible.

الله عوا bad-khwāh, Malevolent, invidious; enemy

عواهي مع bad-<u>kh</u>wāhī, Malevolence, hatred. عود عود عود a bad-khwud, Ill-tempered, out of sorts.

. bad-khwurish, Ill-fed بد خورش

بد خوتی bad-kho'i, Badness of temper;

a بد عيالي bad-<u>kh</u>iyālī, Evil opinion (especially not founded or justified); — bad-<u>kh</u>iyālī kardan, To be mistaken in one's bad opinion of (mm.cc.).

الا خيم bad-khīm, Malevolent;

crabbed, ill-tempered.

a بد دعا bad-du'ā, An imprecation, malediction.

بد دل bad-dil, Dastardly, cowardly, timid, pusillanimous; weak, silly; suspicious.

يد دلى bad-dilī, Cowardice; suspicion.

a عناع مناع bad-dimāgh, Difficult to please; dissatisfied, discontented with everything.

a يد دماعي bad-dimāghī, Displeasure, discontent.

н بد دول bad-daul, Ill shaped, ungraceful. a بد دیانت bad-diyānat, Dishonest, frauduleut, false; -bad-diyānatī, Dishonesty, un-

fair dealing; corrupt practice.

a www spad-din, Impious, irreligious,

heretical.

a الله bad-zāt, Base-born; vicious; ugly (m.c.);—bad-zātī, Baseness; unprincipled conduct, villainy.

a بد ذهن bad-zihn, Slow of apprehension, stupid.

بدر ه badr, The full moon.

אָנן ba-dar, Without, out of doors; -ba-dar uftādan, To fall out; -ba-dar āmadan, To come out; -ba-dar āwardan, To bring out, to extract; -ba-dar burdan. To lead or carry out, to eject, expel; -ba-dar raftan (shudan), To go out, to step out; -ba-dar zadan, To go, proceed, or flee; - ba-dar kardan, To drive out, eject, expel, emit ;ba-dar nayāmadan, To be distressed and helpless; to lag, be tired, remain behind; -jān ba-dar burdan, To save oneself; to escape.

bad rām, Wild, vicious, unbroken (horse); continually; = بدرام pidrām, q.v.

بدران badran, A kind of stinking herb; a kind of dish; wicked; -bi-darr-ān (imp. of darridan, followed by an), Finish this; tear this to pieces.

भी bad-rah, Deviating from the right path, in a wrong road; wicked; (dushmani bad-rāh, A malignant enemy); — bad-rāh kardan, To misguide, to deprave.

بدر آی ba-dar āy, Come forth.

a برايه bad-ra'y, درايه bad-rāya, Erroneous, ill-advised; heretical; leading astray. a منائمه bad-rā'iḥa, Fetid ; a stink,

badrat, badra, A square piece of بدرة cloth or leather filled with coin and tied up as a purse; bag; a weight of 10,000 dirbens, or 7,000 dinars.

بدرج badruj, The purple amaranth.

a درع ba-darj, For insertion or entry; per invoice.

a بدرجه ba-darja, In or to a degree; by many degrees; ever so much.

بد رخته به bad-ra<u>kh</u>la, Melancholy, gloomy. بدرو پدرو badar-rav (going out), A drain,

a بدروي bad-rizq, Disliked, unacceptable. بدروة badarza, A portion, part, share;—bidruza, bidraza, Victuals carried home from an entertainment by the guests.

بدرستي ba-durusti or ba-drusti, Indeed,

truly.

بدر هب badr-shab, A night lit by the full moon.

بد رفتار bad-raftār, Going hadly; patient; —bidruftār (for پذرنتار q.v.), A surety, a sponsor.

بد رانناري bad-raftārī, Bad conduct (m.c.);

-bidruftari, Surety, sponsorship.

אנים badraqa, A guide, guard, escort, convoy; protection; a vehicle; anything ordered to be taken with medicine (as water-gruel with salts); an observer of the moon; a confidant; patient; — waraqa'i maḥabbat-badraqa, Letters of friendship.

u بن ماب bad-rikāb, Ill-paced, hard to

mount.

بدرک bad-rag, Of a bad stock ; malevolent. بدرکی bad-ragī, Baseness ; malevolence.

بد رنگ bad-rang, Of a bad colour or kind. بدر نویسی ba-dar nawīsī, Error; the auditing of charges.

אי bad-rav, A bad goer, ill-paced; a

pack-horse.

بدرد bidrūd, Farewell! health; fronting;

parting, leaving, quitting.

به المراكز bad-rozgār, Wicked; unfortunate. بدروش badrūsh, دروش badrūsht, A pass, a narrow pass on an enemy's confines; expectation.

بدروغ ba-durogh, Falsely.

المنظ badra, see بدرة bidra, A ship-worm. a بدرة badrā, Of or relating to the full moon; plenilunar; one who had been present at the battle of Badr; a purse full of money.

אנאַ טֿוּטט ba-daryā dādan (to give to the sea), To wash; to remove out of sight.

oly & bad-zabān. Foul-mouthed, ill-tongued, back-biting, scurrilous; indecent language, abuse.

بدرديدة ba-duzdīda, Stealthily (used of

the glance of a lover).

بد ربالي bad-zabanī, Scurrility, abuse.

א indagānī, Wicked, vicious; a bad liver; one who fares meanly or coarsely.

يد زهرة bad-zahra, Malignant; timid, fear-

ful.

بن به bad-zīb, Ungraceful, inelegant.

دسي badas (abbreviation of ba-dast bāsh)، Make haste!

بد ساعت bad-sā'at, An unlucky moment; ill-timed.

bidast, bidist, badast (S. vitasti), A span; - ba-dast, With the hand, in the hand, &c.;—ba-dast amadan, To come to hand; - ba-dast āwardan, To procure; ba-dast bāsh, Be at hand! make ready! be quick! attend!—ba-dast būdan, To be in hand; to be aware, to be informed of; to be on the alert; to number, to count; to obtain; -- ba-dasti chap khuftan, To sleep on the left arm, i.e. peacefully; — ba-dasti chap shumurdan, To count with the left hand, the fingers on the left hand standing for thousands, hence to count by thousands;-ba-dasti dīgar mār giriftan, To take hold of the serpent (i.e. to engage in a perilous undertaking) with the hand (aid) of another;—ba-dast shudan, To come to hand; -ba-dast giriftan, To take in hand, to handle ;—ba-dast-u-pā'i kase uftādan, To be entirely overpowered (by intoxication, desire, &c.); -ba-dast-u-dandan niquh dashtan, To preserve or guard with the utmost

 $ba ext{-}dast ar ur$, According to custom ; as heretofore.

بد سے bad-saj, Ungraceful, ill-favoured. انجام bad-sar-anjām, Coming to a bad end;—bad-sar-anjāmī, Bad or evil end; badness of end or conclusion.

بد سرهت bad-sirisht, Ill-disposed. ill-

natured.

بدسگان badisgān, الابر badisgān, Ivy, convolvulus.

بد سکال ,bad-sigāl, Mule بد سکال ,bad-sigāl

volent, maliguant.

بد سگاليدن bad-sigālīdan, To plot mischief. a بد سلوکي به bad-sulūkī, Bad behaviour, misbehaviour; ill-treatment, discourtesy; — bad-sulūkī kardan, To maltreat.

ب سوار عن bad-suwār, A bad horseman; a stallion, fierce and untractable; a horse

that will not carry well or double.

يد سود bad-sūdā, Unfair in one's transaction, dishonest in trade.

a به سيرت bad-sīrat, Ill-tempered, ill-be-haved.

بدهغان badishghān, Ivy, convolvulus.

a به فکل به bad-shakl, Deformed, ill-shaped. به فکل به bad-shugun, به فکوی bad-shugun, Unlucky, ill-oniened.

. بد شگونی bad-shugūnī, Ill-luck بد شگونی

a به مورت bad-ṣūrat, Ugly; badly formed;—bad-ṣūratī, Ugliness; disfigurement; deformity.

a بد طريق bad-tariq, A bad habit (reli-

giously).

a بد طينت bad-tīnat, III-tempered, malignant; iniquitous.

a بد المنتى bad-tinati, Malignity, malevolence; iniquity.

a & bad-zann, bad-zan, Suspicious, distrustful.

▲ &\(\text{\$\infty}\) bid', New, original;—bida', pl. of

the following.

A dean bid'at, Novelty, innovation in matters of religion, heresy, schism; wrong, violence, oppression, outrage; strife, quarrel; a hog; -du sih bid'at, Two or three hogs.

a بدعتى bidʻatī, A tyrant, oppressor.

a علف يه bad-'alaf, Unobservant of the distinction between clean and unclean meats; unscrupulous.

a مهل bad-'amal, Evil-doer, wrong-

doer.

a عملي bad-'amalī, Wrong-doing; misgovernment, mismanagement, misrule.

a عهد و پيمان , bad-'ahd بد عهد به bad-'ahd u-paimān, A liar; a promise-breaker; perfidious.

a عبدي w bad-'ahdī, Breach of faith, perfidy.

بد فرجام bad-farjām, Ending badly; ma-

lignant, ill-meant.

a بد فعال bad-fi' $\bar{a}l$, Operating badly, having an unlucky tendency, doing mischief; of bad habits (in a religious sense).

a عند المال bad-fi'l, Iniquitous, villainous,

sinful; -bad-fi'li, Iniquity.

بدفوز badfūz, The inside of the mouth; the environs of the mouth, the corners, or dimples; bud-fuz (probably bud, lord + A. fauz, felicity), fortunate, succeeding in one's wishes.

a بن badaq, A pawn at chess.

a بدقت ba-diggat, With trouble; with difficulty; minutely, attentively (m.c.).

a بدقدم bad-gadam, With ill-shaped feet

(peacock); ill-omened.

a بد قمار bad-qimār, A rascally cheat, who gets money anyhow; ill-tempered; habitually wicked.

a ميانه bad-qiyāfa, Sinister, ill-looking.

ಲಿ w budak, A hoopoo, a pewit.

بد کاره ,bad-kāra, Iniquitous بد کاره ,bad-kāra villainous, sinful; adulterous.

پد کاری Wickedness, villainy; profligacy;

adultery; unnatural offence.

به کردار bad-kirdar, An evil-doer, a malefactor.

بد كرداري bad-kirdārī, Wickedness, mischief.

bad-kazhrām, Doing anything عرام badly.

بد كند bad-kand, A bribe offered to a

بد كدش bad-kunish, بد كدش bad-kunisht, An evil-doer; bad, evil.

يد كيش bad-kesh, Impious; inhuman. بد کزین bad-guzīn, One who chooses badly ; badly chosen.

نه که نه bad-guft, Obscene talk.

يه کل bad-gil, Ugly, unsightly (opp. to

.(.q.v., m.c.) خوهگل

ن مان bad-gumān, Suspicious; suspected; disaffected, disloyal; suspicion; - badguman budan, To think evil of (m.c.);bad-gumān shudan, To be jealous, suspicious.

بد كمانى bad-gumāni, Suspicion, scandal. بد گند bad-gand, Stinking; a bribe prof-

fered to a judge.

ند کو bad-go (gū, goy, gūy), A slanderer, decractor; one who talks ribaldry.

ين اله ما bad-gūnyā, Ill-constructed, having

a crooked court-yard (house).

لا کوهر bad-gohar (gauhar), Essentially bad; bad by nature; of a wicked, base, mean origin.

ي کوبان a bad-goyān (gūyān), Evil-speakers ;

calumniators, backbiters.

به گولی bad-go'ī (gū'ī), Evil-speaking, slander, detraction.

الله ba-dil, With the heart, heartily.

A Ja badal, Change, alteration; substitution; return, requital, retaliation;badali an, In lieu of that; -badal dadan, To give an equivalent; —badali farāghat, A bribe for a benefice, simony; -badali māl, Exchange, barter, price; - badal kardan, To exchange; — badal qashtan, To become changed.

الالله الله budalā' (pl. of badīl), Substitutes.

a الجام bad-lijām, = بد لکام q.v.

a بد لجامي bad-lijāmī, Restiveness. a bad-liḥāz, Unmannerly, disrespectful, rude, impudent; immodest, indecent, shameless.

a لها به bad-liqā, Ugly, ungainly (m.c.). به الكام bad-ligām, Hard-mouthed, headstrong.

بد لنگر گاه bad-langar-gāh, Having a bad

anchorage (m.c.).

يديم bidla. A kind of tree which bears no fruit; a tree fit only for the fire; an everyday garment.

a لا المحمد bad-lahja, Ill-tongued, malignant. بدليس A بدليس bidlīs, Name of a town near Khilāt. sy גענים badliyan, A kind of gum,

bdellium.

אים ba-dam, With the breath, &c.; quickly, swiftly; -bi-dam (imp. of damidan), Blow thou, &c.

و بدماندس badmāndas (?), Name of a skil-

ful physician.

a بد محبت bad-mahabbat, Unamiable.

a بد مذهب bad-mazhab, A sectary; an idolater.

بدمرد badmard, and-

a مراح bad-mizāj, Peevish.

a بد مراجي bad-mizāji, Pecvishness.

بدَ مَنْ bad-mazagi, Insipidity; coolness betwixt friends.

د مزة bad-mazuh, Of bad taste; distaste-

ful; tasteless, insipid (m.c.).

bad-mast, Intoxicated tory; ruttish.

به مستى bad-mastī, Intoxication; dissoluteness, profligacy; ruttishness.

u ما ما bad-muşāḥabatī, Evil com-

pany.

a مطنه م bad-mazinna, Suspicious, mistrustful.

a معاش a bad-ma'āsh, Of a bad life, profession, or trade; immoral; blackguard, rascal; -bad-ma'āshī, Bad way of living, loose conduct; villainy, rascality.

a بد معاملگی bad-mu'āmalagī, Unfair deal-

ing.

a ماماه بد معامله bad-mu'āmala, Unfair.

نهوم الله معرم bad-mimum (in Zand and Pazand), Fearing, running away.

برسم badmu (another reading for برمه

q.v.), Expectation, hope, desire.

ye w bad-mihr, Unfriendly, unkindly, malevolent (m.c.).

بری الله bad-mihri, Unkindness, ill-will;

fatal love.

A way badan, The body (especially when lifeless); a headless trunk; privities; a short coat of mail; a courtain (in fortification); — badan dar jāma na gunjīd, (His) garment could not contain (him for joy); -budun (pl. of badanat), Beasts for sacrifice; fatness.

שיש budan (for אָנט būdan), To be, to become.

וב שק bad-nām, A bad name; having a bad name, infamous; an evil-speaker; a disease to which horses and mules are subject; — bad-nām dādan, To calumniate; bad-nām numūdan, To give a bad name to (m.c.).

به نامي bad-nāmī, Infamy, bad repute,

disgrace.

A ಪಿಎ badanat, An ox or camel sacrificed at Mecca in discharge of a vow; a curtain

(in fortification, m.c.).

ਮੇਂ ਅ bad-nizhād, Base-born, descended from mean ancestors; a horse, got by an Arabian sire, out of a Turkish mare (and not highly esteemed on account of his dam).

a لس لسل bad-nast, Of a bad stock; a bastard.

يد نشان » bad-nishän, Evil-doer, wicked.

a نميب a bad-naṣīb, Unfortunate.

a بد نظر bad-nazar, Of bad aspect, illfavoured; -bad-nagari, Badness or wickedness of look; unsightliness.

a نعل اله bad-na'l, (A horse) unsure-footed, apt to stumble; troublesome (horse), bad

to shoe.

a بد نفس bad-nafs, Having a depraved mind, sensual;—bad-nafas, Whose breath is offensive; having an unpleasing voice.

a نفسی به bad-nafsī, Sensuality.

بدلك budank, Water-cresses. بد نگر bad-nigar, Seeing badly, weak-eyed.

يد نمود , bad-numā, يد نما bad-numād, Deformed, ungraceful, inelegant; unsightly, ugly; — bad-numā'ī, Unsightliness, inelegance, ugliness.

يد نهاد bad-nihād, Depraved, perfidious.

بد نهادی bad-nihādī, Malignity, depravity. a بدني badani, Of or relating to the body. a نيت » bad-niyat, Mal-intentioned, male-

volent; covetous, avaricious; lustful, sensual.

bado (for ba-o or ba o), To, for, by him, or it; --badav, Fleet (horse); --ba-du, With two, by two, &c.;—ba-dū lūla (by the two tulips), By the two lips of the beloved (amorous oath).

A 24 badu, The first of anything; beginning, commencement; a desert; (for badawi) a tribe of Arabs inhabiting the

بدوار badwār, Of evil thoughts; mischievous.

هواز badwāz, Flying; a roost, a perch.

אפנ א budur (v.n. of אין), Making haste;

-(pl. of badr), Full moons.

بدوه badūra, badwara, A share, portion; sweetmeats, delicacies carried away by guests from a feast.

بدوس badūs, Good-will, affection; hope;

a sharp sword.

a معم يه had-waz'a, Ill-formed, ugly; illbred; evil-disposed; — bad-waz'a'ī, Ugliness; bad disposition; rudeness.

א אינט bi-dūn (ba-dūn), Without, besides;
—ba-dūn ānkih, Without (m.c.).

يدري ه badawiy, Wild, rude (as the Arabs) of the desert); a Bedouin; a country-man, country bumpkin.

ه بدة A badh (v.n.), Coming suddenly, sur-

prising; happening unexpectedly.

bay bada, Boiled rice; name of a very hard tree; any tree which bears no fruit; a debt, a loan; (also bada'i diwani) taxes to be paid to Government (m.c.); the willow; -buda, Linen tinder; -ba-dih, To or in the village; -bi-dih (imp. of dadan), Give thou, &c.; -ba-dah, In, with, by ten; -badah qira'at danistan, To know (the Koran) in ten readings, (met.) to know thoroughly all that is wanted ;-ba-dah māhī ballurīni ab-dur, By the ten fresh and shining crystals (fingers) of the beloved.

يدهاد bi-dihād, May (God) grant.

a معم به bad-hazm, Having a bad digestion; suffering from indigestion; - badhazmi, Indigestion, dyspepsia.

يدة كار bada-kar, A debtor.

a هنه مه bad-hi'a, Deformed, ill-shaped,

بدى badī, Badness; (for بادى) mayst thou

be! live for ever!

a بدى badi, Newly invented, created, discovered, found out; first; a well that has been made since the Muhammadan era.

badij, The myrobalan or citron-tree. badīkh, Eminent in rank or dignity.

بديسة badīsa, A circular bit of wood or leather fixed on the top of a spindle; a circular bit of wood bored for receiving the top of a tent-pole.

بايشان badeshān (for بايشان ba-eshān), To,

for, with, by them.

א בוש badī', Wonderful, surprising, marvellous, astonishing, strange, rare; a thing invented, an invention; — badī'u 'l-jamāl, Of astonishing beauty.

a بديع رقم badī'-raqam, Who traces beauti-

ful characters, a caligraphist.

a بديع مديع badi'-sani', The supreme spirit; the form of Adam, the human bedy.

الاعلى badīl, Name of a celebrated king.

A بديل badīl, A substitute; a good, just, religious man; nickname of the poet Khā-

ندي الله bad-yumn, Ominous, inauspicious; -bad-yumnī, Bad omen; bad luck; unpropitiousness.

שאט badīn, To, in, or with this; badīn

gūna, In this manner.

м يدين badīn, Corpulent, fat, lusty (man or woman).

শুএ badya, A wine-butt;—bidya, Desire.

A بديه badīhat, badīha, Anything said or done without premeditation, an impromptu, improvisation, extempore; off-hand; a sally, a fancy; an unexpected event; an axiom;ba-badīha guftan, To speak extempore.

a بديهي badīhī, Extempore, unpremeditated; apparent, manifest, self-evident; an axiom; -badihī guftan, To speak extempore.

A & bazz (v.n.), Conquering; victory, conquest; name of a town between Arran and Azarbaijan, whence a river springs, the bathing in which is said to cure from

ا بداء bazā' (v.n. of بداء Being impudent, immodest, obscene in conversation; ob-

scenity, indecency.

يداته bi-zāti-hi, By its own essence; of itself; of himself; in person; essentially; independently; intrinsically.

אַיּאָן bazbār, A mimic, buffoon, jester.

A the bazh (v.n.), Slitting, splitting.

A بناج ba<u>zakh</u> (v.n.), Being proud, haughty, headstrong.

لار ه bazr (v.n.), Sowing seed, disseminating, scattering; disclosing a secret; squandering money; seed-corn, seed.

بدرام bazrām, A delightsome place. بدر گر bazr-gar, A sower, a tiller of the

ground.

بدر گری bazr-garī, Agriculture, husbandry. a بذريعة ba-zarī'a, By way of, by means of, through; by reason of.

بذرفتن bizruflan (for pazruflan), To

accept, be pleased with.

A بذرقه bazraqat (v.n. of بذرقه Q), Being a guide, escort; extreme bashfulness; a guide, escort.

بكرة bazra, A talent.

ליים bizist, אוים bizisht, A span. A Ein baza', Terror, fear.

A بدل bazl (v.n.), Giving liberally; munificence; a gift, a present; expense;—bazli sīmīn, Excessive liberality;—bazl kardan, To present; to expend; to put forth.

a ما بلاله bazla, The recital of a poem in a cadence; a joke, jest, pleasantry, raillery. witticism, bon-mot, anything pleasant and entertaining;—bizla (for bidla), An everyday garment.

بذلك باز bazla-bāz, A buffoon, jester;

witty.

bizla-posh, Clad in an every-day بدائه پوش

garment.

a بذله کری bazla-go, بدله کو bazla-goy, A jester, a droll; jocular.

A אָלים buzm, Intellect, understanding; toleration, patience; power, strength.

bazh, A ball; a button (doubtful word);—biza, buza, A barren tree, used only as fire-wood; touch-wood, tinder.

a بذي bazi, Obscene, immodest (in conver-

sation).

پذیون bazyūn, A costly garment of silk.

H bar, A abar (S. upari), On; up; upon; in; into; to (dative); at; forth; with; back; away; against; near; before; according to; on account of ;-bar-būdan, To be over, to be gone, to be lost; —bar-rasīdan, To happen; -bar-giriftan, To take, receive, accept.

و bar, Height, top, summit; altitude; breadth; a continent, a desert; a side, part; body; (Z. vara) breast, bosom, armpit or lap, embrace; remembrance, trace, impression; a young woman; a palace; a door; a kind of tree, the Indian fig; a bird; — ba-bar tang kashīdan, To embrace closely; —dar bar kardan (kashidan, giriftan), To take in one's arms, to embrace (m.c.).

r bar (from burdan, To bear, &c., S. bhri), Fruit, produce, seed, leaf; profit, advantage; burden, load; (in comp.) seizing and carrying off; a porter, carrier; -bur (in comp. as contracted participle of buridan), Cutting.

y barr (by metrical licence for bar), Breast.

א ל barr, Good, beneficent; just, equitable, true, righteous; pious towards God; dutiful to parents; affectionate to children; God; a desert, a large uncultivated barren plain;—barri biyābān, An extensive desert; -birr, Picty, reciprocal affection between parents and children; goodness, innocence; a fox's cub; -burr, Wheat.

br bará, A sort of savoury dish made of minced meat and spices; (for baray) for, on account of ;--burra, bura, Acute, sharp, cutting.

A oly bara', Free, clear, exempt; name of one of Muhammad's companions.

אן זיף bar āb, On the water; (a field) sown

and watered; rapidly; at once;—bar āb āmadan, To become divulged;—bar ābi fulān, After the manner of so and so;—bar āb guftan, To speak fast; to repartee;—bar āb nawishtan, To write rapidly, or at once;—bar āb nihādan, To create or render unsteady and unstable;—bar āb u ātish zadan, To take the utmost trouble; to exert oneself in vain.

ply bar-ā-bar (breast to breast), Equal, alike, on a par; plain, even, level, smooth; uniform; accurate, exact; equally, in the same manner; abreast, opposite, over against; — bar-ā-bar shudan, 'To consent, to agree, to conspire;—bar-ā-bar kardan, To level; to oppose;—dū barābar, Twice as much, the double (m.c.);—sih barābar, Thrice as much (m.c.).

ארות א barābir, אורקא barābirat, Natives of Barbary or Western Africa; barbarians,

Africans.

און barābarān, Name of a medicinal herb.

ر ابر رسيدن bar abr rasidan, To reach the highest pinnacle.

الأهري bar-ū-barī, An equality;—bar-ā-barī kardan, To contend, to oppose oneself to another, to dispute for equality.

a [4], barābit (pl. of barbat), Harps, lutes. A [5], barā'at, (v.n. of [1]), Being free (from faults or crimes); innocence;—barā'ati zimmat, Good conscience; innocence; fidelity; — burā'at, Shavings, scrapings, parings.

a ele barāt, A writing conferring immunity or exemption; letter, epistle; a royal diploma, brevet, commission, patent, or privilege; an assignment, a draft, a cheque; the fourteenth day of the month of Sha'bān;—barāt bar shākhi āhū, Vain promises, lies (a draft on Whitechapel pump);—barāti zinma, Safe-conduct, passport;—barāti sultān, barāti 'ālī-shān, barāti humāyān, Royal, imperial, or august diplomas, letters, or privileges.

رات دار barāt-dār, One who holds an assignment, privileged; a patentee.

bar ātish nishāndan, To بر آتش نشاندن

make one restless, to agitate.

ا الله barātā, A worn-out garment; (S. vrāta) relations who conduct the bridegroom to the bride's house.

بر افر کسی امدن (رفتن) ب bar asari kase amadan (raftan), To come (go) in one's track, to follow closely.

barājim (pl. of burjumat), Joints

of the fingers.

לוביל barājūl, Parsley; the world; side.

A th barāh (v.n. of th), Ending, desisting, ceasing, terminating; receding, deserting, flying; going into an uncultivated country; a wide-extended desert; a woman's name;—birāḥ, The sun.

a براحت ba-rāḥat, With ease, comfortably, commodiously (m.c.).

birādandar (contraction of birādar andar), A half-brother.

A أولانة burādat, burāda, Filings, scrapings, saw-dust; chips; powder.

birādar (S. bhrātri), A brother;—birādar andar, A half-brother;—birādari pidar, A father's brother, an uncle;—birādari haqīqī, Own brother, full brother;—birādari khwurd, A younger brother, a cadet;—birādari rizā'ī, A foster-brother;—birādari zan, A wife's brother, a brotherin-law;—birādari shauhar, A husband's brother;—birādari mādar, Maternal uncle;—birādari mihlar, An elder brother;—birādari nisbat, A brother-in-law;—birādarāni dīn, Brothers in the faith, religious fraternities.

ארונען birādarāna, Brotherly, like a

brother.

برادر پرور birādar-parwar, Kind to brethren. برادر خواندگی birādar-<u>kh</u>wāndagī, A calling of oneself a brother, fraternization.

برادر خوانده birādar-khwānda, An adopted brother (see birādari khwanda above).

אליכן נוטא birādar-zāda, Brother's son, nephew.

برادر انگر ,birādaranda برادرندة birādar-

angar, A half-brother.

برادري birādarī, Brotherhood, the fraternal relation; relationship; — birādarī kardan, To enter into a fraternity; to exercise or show brotherly love, to fraternize.

אולע, birāzar, A brother.

לעות 'bar-ar', Peace, concord; (part. of bar-awardan) one who carries off, draws out, ravishes, bears away, raises up; an extractor, bearer, elevator; one who receives favourably; an approver, accepter, supporter.

self barar, A province in the Dak'han

(India).

ילנק birāram (m. provincialism for birā-daram), My brother.

ا ارتده bar-āranda, An extractor, bearer ;

a receiver; an approver, accepter,

א לונגיט bar-ārīdan, To spread branches; = פּטאַ אַ קּערט אַ q.v.

harārīz, The year before ותונגע barārīz, The year

this barāz, Joining, fastening, glueing; a patch; beauty, grace, elegance, ornament, decoration; a shoemaker's last; a wedge; (imp. of barāzādan) well then! despatch! finish!—birāz, A goad; plough-gear.

א לונ birāz (v.n. 3 of און), Fighting (especially single combat); human excrement (a

more decent word than ghā'it).

وازداي birāzbān, That part of a knife or dirk which enters into the handle; the shank.

اورت barāzad, Convenient, fit, proper, suitable, elegant, graceful, beautiful; good

manners; ornament, decoration; it agrees, suits, accords; -birāzad, A brother, friend, or companion.

اردة barāzda, A mass of leaven.

אינן birāzar, A brother; goodness; elegance (not supported by examples).

barāzish, Decoration; a patching.

barāzandagī, Decoration. جازندگي

barazanda, Superior, accomplished

birāzwān, That part of a knife or dirk which enters into the handle; the

هرازيدي barāzīdan, To join, unite; to decorate; to render good, beautiful; to despatch, to finish; -burāzīdan, To act with propriety, behave with decency, proceed in conformity with, to coincide, to fit; to be convenient.

باريل barāzīl, Brazil (m.c.). براستا barāstā, A skilful guide.

ע וֹשְנְט bar-āsūdan, To rest; to give rest. براهن barāsh, A quenching; a stilling; a scratch, a wound; a sprinkling, a scatter-

א א האהיט bar āshuftan, To agitate.

» bar-āshufta, Bewildered; excited. بر آهفتگی bar-aehuftagī, Excitement.

barāshidan, To put down, to quell;

to scatter, sprinkle, diffuse.

براعة م barā'at (v.n. of ربرع), Excelling; being perfect in virtue and beauty; excellence, pre-eminence;—barā'ati istihlāl, The meeting of several synonymous words in a sentence.

barrāgh, A cupper.

براغاليدن bar-aghalidan, براغليدن bar-aghalidan, To instigate, stimulate, stir up; to put to flight, chase, cause to run; to extract, pluck up.

bar āftāb afgandan, To dry بر آفتاب انگندن

in the sun, to bleach.

ي التادي bar-uftādan, To dwindle, die away.

ه التادة bar-uftāda, Overcome, powerless. بر افراهتن bar-afrāshtan, To exalt, erect,

ب الريمتن bar-afrokhtan, To kindle, light

بر افررختگر bar-afrū<u>kh</u>tagī, Illumination ; lighting up (m.c.).

bar-afrokhta, Inflamed, fired,

lit up.

א אנפט bar-afrod, Topsy-turvy, pell-mell. بر افروسيدن bar-afrosidan, To excite desire; to walk with a fastidious, pompous air; to abuse one by menacing actions or opprobrious words.

bar-afzhūlīdan, To incite, to stir بر افزوليدن up; to extract; to pluck out; to throw

away.

بر انشاندن bar-afshāndani dast, دست Dancing (literally, waving the hands).

از افکندن bar-afgandan, To throw up; to remove; to send,

پائی burāq, The celebrated animal smaller than a mule and bigger than an ass, upon which Muhammad is said to have gone from Jerusalem to heaven; (burāq ba-dast, Having burāq in hand, reining burāq; burāqi barq-tāz, A steed fleet as lightning; -buraqi jam, The wind which wafted Solomon's throne from place to place; -burāqi chahārum falak, The sun; the seventh heaven; -buraqi jam, The wind carrying Solomon's throne); - barrag, Flashing, glittering, bright.

a براق رفتار burāq-raftār, Swift as burāq.

harāgish, Name of a bitch.

a براتية barrāqī, براتية barrāqīyat, Splendeur, brilliancy.

هاكوة barākūh, A mountain in Farghana. براگنده barāganda (or براگنده), A bribe to corrupt a judge, a present, gift, offering, donation.

bar-amahidan, و اماسيدي bar-amahidan āmāsīdan, To swell, to blow up (as dough).

א for-amad, A rising or coming up; issue; expenditure, outgoings; informing (more particularly of bribery), accusation, impeachment;—bar-āmadi kār, The execution of any husiness.

bar-amud- ب أمد كاة bar-amud $g\bar{a}h$, The place of starting, rising, coming

بر آمدگی bar-āmadagī, A projection, rising, or swelling; a setting in, an overspreading of darkness.

ארט bar amadan, To ascend, arise, come forth, appear, emerge, grow out; to surprise, to come suddenly and unexpectedly; to succeed in one's wishes, to triumph, overcome; to result; to honour, exalt, magnify; to pass through; to be disgusted or tired out; to be replete.

بر آمدة bar-āmada, Prominent; a balcony,

verandah, porch.

a مرامكة barāmikat (pl. of barmakī), Barmecides, persons of the family of Barmak.

بر آمود bar-āmūd, Full, replete, adorned. بر أماهيدن bar-amahidan, بر أماهيدن q.v. بر آمينتن bar-āmekhtan, To mix, to mingle.

الرآن bar ān, Upon that;—bar ān shudan. To agree upon; to will, desire, intend.

وان burrān, Sharp, cutting.

har-andākhtan, To throw out or بر انداعتن down; to scatter, throw about, discomfit, defeat; to break an engagement, to rescind a purchase or sale.

بر انداز bar-andāz, Expenditure. הויבוש burandaf, Intestines.

של העוני פל ני אווי הע bar ān dil u bar ān sar, Upon (with) that intent and purpose.

burāndan, To lose at play ;—bur-

randan, To be sharp and cutting.

harānghār u juwānghār, The برانغار و جوانغار right and left wings of an army. barāngār, The right hand.

bar angusht pīchīdan, To بر آنگشت پیچیدن mpress upon memory, to remember (as anything strung round the finger).

بر الكينتكي bar-angekhtagi, Instigation.

bar-angekhtan, To raise or pull بر الكينتان up, tear out, draw forth, eradicate; to excite, stir up, rouse, awake; to cause to happen; to learn, know.

والله bar ān and, On that they are

agreed.

يرانك barāna, Name of a city.

barānī, A glass or earthen vessel in which flowers, sugar, confections, or medicines are kept.

קונגנט burānīdan, To kiss or be kissed; to go away; to agree; to put to flight.

barav, A sweeper of the streets, a

dustman.

bar-āwar, Fruit-bearing (tree), fruitful.

بر آورد bar-āward, An estimate, calculation; a specimen; a citadel; bar āward kardan, To draw up (a muster-roll); to calculate, estimate, carry to account.

אָרְעָכּצׁם bar-āwardagī, A bringing forth. אַ אֹרְעָכּעּ אָ אָרָעִים bar-āwardan, To bring up; to draw out, bring forth, pluck, pull, or tear up; to draw (a breath); to elevate, raise up, erect, build; to repair, restore, correct, accomplish, bring to perfection; to relieve (indigence or necessity); to close, to fill up; to breed (teeth or horses); to produce, to bear; to accept, receive favourably; to insert; to break the peace; to represent; to counterfeit, feign, imitate, mimic; -bar-āwardan arba'īne, To pass a (space of) forty (days or years).

اورك bar-āwarda, Brought up or forth; built, constructed, erected; mimicked, imitated, counterfeited; taken up (in the arms); raised to honours; invested with suthority; a raised building; a rampart; a fortress; deducted or stopped; produced, alleged; separated; given; heard, accepted; completed, finished; accustomed to anything; -bar-āwarda'i zabān kardan,

To speak, utter, pronounce.

bar-awekhtan, To suspend, hang

up

ba-rāh, To the way, by the way; (also burāh) ornament, beauty, elegance; adorned; beautiful; good; goodness;—ba-rāh kardan, To dismiss, send away, despatch; to depart, set out, begin, or proceed on a journey.

barāhām, Name of a notorious

miser.

الا المختن bar-āhi<u>kh</u>tan, To unsheath, to draw (a sword).

barāhīm (pl. of براهيم barāhīm) ibrāhīm), Abrahams; Abraham.

A dably barāhimat (pl. of barāhman), Brahmans; (pl. of ibrāhīm) Abrahams.

ا اهمن barāhman, A Brahman.

bar-āhanjīdan, To draw, lead بر آهنچيدن

bar āhū suwār shudan, To بر آهو سوار هدن speed along in great haste.

ي أهيختن bar-āhekhtan, To unsheath, to draw.

barāhīdan, To send; to travel.

ه الهين Larahin (pl. of burhan), Proofs, arguments, demonstrations.

العام barāy (ba-rāy), For, because, on account of; in respect of, for the sake of;barāyi adab, By way of civility; -- barāyi ān, For that ;—barāyi ānki, Because that ; barāyi o, On his account, for him; -barāyi in, For this; -barayi chi kar, On what account?-barāyi zabţi aţrāf, In order to overawe the neighbourhood; -barāyi qarābat, For the sake of the relationship; barāyi kāri darbār, On the business of the Durbār.

אולי barāya' (pl. of barīyat), Creatures;

people, men; patricians, nobles. برايه barāya, برايي barāyī, A pretext,

cause, reason.

يو باد bar bād, To the wind; destroyed, overthrown, laid waste; bar bad būdan, To be undone;—bar bād dāda, Given to the wind, ruined; -bar bad raftan, To be dispersed ;—bar bād sākhtan. To destroy ;—bar bād nihādan, To create or render of a fickle nature.

קאן barbar, An upper chamber.

אַניאַ barbār, Murmuring, angry; noisy, clamorous; creaking (bucket); a lion.

של אלוט bar-baran, Fields sown in time of rain.

بربارة barbāra, An upper chamber; a private entrance to a house.

برباهك barbāshk (Verbascum), Mullein.

s بربال birbāl, Coral.

بر بالای پاردم گوزیدن bar bālāyi pārdum gūzīdan, see under بالا.

अन् barbad, Name of the country otherwise called Sistan; = איר עניג q.v.

a بر بدایع bar-badā'i', With bosoms of wonderful beauty (damsels).

بر بر bar-bar, Upon ; above ; besides ; upon the breast; -barbar, A barber, a surgeon; foolish talk; quarrelsomeness; — barbari

sar, A shaver of the head. אַניק א barbar, The people of Barbary;--birbir, A word for calling sheep; -burbur,

Noisy, clamorous.

بربر عانه barbar-<u>kh</u>āna, بربر عانه barbar-dukkan, A barber's shop.

ק אנט bar-burdan, To appear, rise (the sun).

برستان barbaristan, Barbary.

بربى barbarî, A barberry.

ı بربریس barbarīs, A gooseberry, or the tree. ب بست bar-bast (pl. bar-bastagān), Usage, established custom, law.

بر بستن bar-bastan, To shut or fasten up; to be shut up by frost; to freeze; to prepare.

الله bar-basta, Shut up; frozen, congealed; incapable of growth, inorganic.

barbat, barbut, A harp or lute;—barbag-zan, A player upon the lute;—barbagnawāz, A harper, a lutanist.

tarbat-sarāy, A performer on براي

the lute.

بر بلند bar-buland, Very high; an upper chamber in Eastern houses, open in the

har-balandin, Ringlets dangling بربلندين upon the forehead; ornamental work over a doorway.

ہ بند bar-band, Collected; a collar; a girdle; skilled to perfection.

ם קופייבפיש barbūsiyūs, A kind of ivy.

אנאנט barbūn (a different reading for q.v.), Finest variegated silk.

முக்க barbahīn, Purslain.

p bar pā, Raised, fixed, established, erect;—bar pā būdan, To stand, to be on foot; bar pā khāstan, To rise upon the feet; to stand;—bar pā kardan, To erect, set up, fix, plant, or pitch;—bar pā'i khāk zadan, To hold in contempt, to degrade or render contemptible; - bar pāy dāshtan, To support; to be raised, pitched, or established.

א אנאבאיט bar-paroshān, Co-religionists.

қ н bar-paz, қ қ bar-pazh, Heaven, firmament; burpuz, A plum; the root of the ear; declivity of a mountain.

barpos, The parts round ويوس ,barpos

the mouth; beak of a bird.

one barpun, The itch, the scab.

છારાત્ર barpahan, Purslain; a throne; fly-

bar-pechīda, Twisted; shrivelled. bar-pekhta, Twisted together, coiled.

hartās, Name of a wrestler; name of a city on the confines of Russia; also a country in Turkistan from whence costly fors are brought.

برتاجي bartāsī, A fur brought from Bartās.

bartāshak, Mugwort.

بر تانتگی bar-tāftagī, Distortion. بر تانتی bar-tāftan, To twist; to turn away; to bore, pierce, perforate.

לקי, bartar, Higher; cause, reason, sake.

برتراسك bartarāsak, Mugwort.

bartar-manish, High-minded; of a برتوميش

superior understanding.

אליגעט bartarin, Highest, most exalted ;bartarin sipihr, The highest or ninth heaven.

a بر تقدير bar taqdīr, On supposition.

برتك bartak, An ambler.

אניט bartal, Great, vehement, tremendous. bartula, A gift, present; a kind of Tartar cap worn under a wreath or turban of fine linen; a wreath, bandage.

bartamīdan, To break out in pustules upon the lips, to have the lips chapped

(after a fever); to have a pain in the abdomen from excessive heat; to have the shingles, or St. Anthony's fire; to stuff, to cram (as cotton into a sack); to rush headlong; to tumble, to fall prostrate; to throw down; to grow fat; to boil (meat).

فروتن bartan, Proud, arrogant (opp. to فروتن

q.v.); an Arabian; a tribe; a leader.

bartang, The bittern; a narrow kind of cloth; swaddling-clothes; a girth. برتنى bartanī, A strut ; haughtiness, vain-

glory.

ಟ್ಟ barta, Name of a hero of Iran.

bartahīdan, To throw upon the ground; to destroy, subvert, overturn, overwhelm, deface; to heap together.

bartibā (in Zand and Pazand), A

swallow.

A برك bars, Soft, smooth, fertile (ground). A אלט burgun, The soft part under the claws of birds and beasts; the hand with the fingers.

جن barj, A cylinder; a rolling-pin;—

baraj, A sweet-scented flag.

A z. burj, A tower; a dove-cote; a star, constellation; the station of a planet; a sign of the zodiac; [burji ābī, Aquarius; a reservoir; a building in the water; burji āzarī, The signs Aries, Leo, and Sagittarius; -burji āsmān, The zodiac, the celestial signs; burji bādī, The signs Gemini, Aquarius, and Libra; —burji bara, The sign Aries; —burji tarāzū, The sign Libra; —burji suraiya, The Pleiades; the sign Taurus; (met.) the face of a mistress; — burji gaur, Taurus; — burji chihal sāla, An angel; the human understanding; Adam; -burji hamal, The sign Aries; — burji khākī, The signs Taurus, Virgo, and Capricornus;—burji khosha, The sign Virgo;—burj darīdan, To enter unveiled;—burji zahri mār, The hood of a snake; -burji siyum, The sign Gemini;—burji sharaf, A noble house; the highest degree of dignity and prosperity; -burji qaid, A tower of one of the castles of Darband; a tower that serves as a house or a place of confinement; —burji kamān, Sagittarius;—burji kok-nār, The pod of a poppy; — burji hilāl, The sign Cancer;]—baraj (v.n.), Having the white of the eye exactly surrounding the

اور جا bar jā, On the ground; prostrate, quiet; in place; properly placed; true, accurate, right;—bar jā shudan, To be finished, arranged; bar ja kardan, To observe, pay attention, arrange.

hwrjās, barjās, A butt to shoot at (especially elevated high in the air); a stone thrown into the water, in order to put it in motion and make it flow fresh from the

برجاسي burjāsb, برجاسب burjāsp, An

ancient warrior of Turan.

hurjāf, A species of grain (pease or French bean).

bar-jama, A rich and valuable dress.

שלים burjān, Name of a robber or a gang of robbers; according to others, the Bulgarians on the Danube.

א ארשיש barrajān, Name of a Sūfī commentator.

tor jān qadam nihādan بر جان قدم نهادن (to set the foot on life), To despair of life.

ب جلى bar jāy, On the spot.

ار جاى ماندگى bar-jāy-māndagī, Paralysis; ailment, lassitude; a remaining on the

bar-jäy-mända, Tired, worn و جاي مانده down with fatigue; paralytic.

bar juzwī, Somewhat, a little, iu بروى

part.

نو جستگی bar-jastagī, A springing or leap-

ing upon; an eruption, a pustule.

ار جستن bar-jastan, To leap up, to start up. to bound; to have any pustulous complaint (as the small-pox or measles); to palpitate, to beat.

بر جسته bar-jasta, Befitting, proper, right,

opportune; salient.

بر جوهيدگي bar - joshīdagī, Small-pox, measles.

به جوهيدي bar-joshīdan, To boil up, fer-

بر جهانيدن bar-jahānīdan, To cause to leap. ار جهنده bar-jahanda, Springy, elastic.

a برجى burjī, Small tower, turret; cutwater of the pier of a bridge.

A رجيس birjis, Jupiter; a milch camel. اربهاك burchaf, Pease; beans (see برجاك). barchakh, A small spear of the Hindus.

بر چدن bar-chidan, To collect.

بر چفسيدن bar-chafeidan, To clot, to felter.

ارچم barjam, = پرچم q.v. birchand, Name of a village in Khurāsān.

barcha, A kind of spear.

barchĩ, A small spear.

بر چيدن bar-chīdan, To collect, gather, assemble; to gird up the loins, prepare, make haste; to pick, choose; to clench (a nail);—dāman bar-chīdan, To gird up one's loins.

ہ چینا bar-chinā, Gathering; a collector. bar-chīnī- بر چينيدن bar-chīndan, بر چيندن dan, To gather, collect.

المجين كاه barchīn-gāh, A seat, a chair.

A barh (v.n.), Affliction, distress, evil. A ملي buraḥā', Paroxysm of a fever; grief. a بر حدر bar hazr, Upon one's guard; apart, aside.

a was p bar hasb, According to.

a بر حق bar ḥaq, In truth, indeed, forsooth. a محمت آمده ba-rahmal āmada, Moved by

te barkh, A little, somewhat, some, a

few; a lot, portion; a house, edifice, parlour, dining-room, or open apartment at the top of Eastern houses; a cavern, a subterraneous habitation, den; a cistern; conveniency; household furniture; lightning; a fish; a spark;—barkh, burkh, Dew.

A th barkh, Increase, growth, abundance; breaking of the neck or back; power,

violence; low price.

برماج bar<u>kh</u>āj, A spindle, a whirl. بر خار bar-<u>kh</u>ār, Ascent, elevation.

بر خاست bar-<u>kh</u>āst, Adjournment; recall. بر خاستگی bar-khāstagī, A rising up, up-

rising.

الإ خاستن bar-khāstan, To rise, to arise; to rise against, make an insurrection; to stand, to become erect; to stir up, rouse, instigate, excite; to enkindle; to stand still, stop, desist; to break up (as an assembly); to grow, increase.

barkhast-nama, Order of برخاست نامه recall.

برخاستة bar-khāsta, Raised; — bar-khāsta shudan, To be raised; to become loud (as the clamour of a mob).

a برخاش $birkh\bar{a}sh$ (from P. برخاش q.v.),

Confusion.

وخان barkhan, Clamour; name of a country.

وخج bar<u>kh</u>ach, bara<u>kh</u>ch, Deformed, ugly ; weak, infirm.

بيمش barakhsh, Back of a beast of burden.

barkhafch, The nightmare.

نوهيي bar<u>kh</u>afchi, Harshness, severity ; litigation, emulation.

barkhafanch, The nightmare. נאל לאנט barkh kardan, To create.

a جالت bar <u>kh</u>ilāf, Contrary, opposite. بر خلا سر کردن bar khuld sar kardan, To obtain immortality.

برخدور barkhanjū, A granary, storehouse; a pruning; joy, shout of triumph, exulta-

الله عنه bar-khwāba, A mattress; a bedfellow.

bar-khwāj, بر خواش bar-khwāsh, A spindle.

ار خوار bar-khwar, Glory; fortune; a

بر خواندن bar-khwāndan, To attribute.

bar khwud, Upon oneself; — bar khwud bastan (tarāshīdan), To take upon oneself; to make oneself responsible;—bar khwud pechidan, To writhe in pain; to be greatly distressed; -bar khwud zadan (shikastan), To bear up with disagreeables and inconveniences; - bar khwud giriftan (nihāndan), To take upon oneself; to assume the responsibility.

אָבּיָ טוּף barkhū-dār (contraction or cor-

ruption of איבער טול,), Prosperous; glorying. bar-khwar, bar-khwur, Glory, prosperity, good fortune; a daily allowance; a barn, granary; a companion, partner in trade; pounding small;—bar-khwar, Having a share.

ו איני ליפול bar-khwur-dar, Happy, enjoying long life and prosperity; receiving a daily allowance; glorying, boasting; household furniture, utensils.

ל באני באני bar-khwur-dārī, Maintenance; happiness, felicity, glory, reputation, good fortune; — bar-khwur-dārī dādan, To bestow, confer, permit freely to enjoy;—bar-khwur-dārī giriftan (yāftan), To enjoy.

رخورد با bar khwurd bā (for bād or bādī), May he (mavest thou) be always happy.

ני בענים bar khwurdan, To eat fruit, enjoy.

رخوز barkhūz. A large earthen vessel; a wallet, portmanteau.

bar-khwush, Good, right, very well.

h bar-khwahl, Crooked, awry.

بر خویش bar khwesh, Upon oneself (used in similar constructions with بر عود q.v.).

برخه barkha, A piece, a morsel.

برخي barkhī, Some, a little, somewhat, a particle; an offering, a ransom; a substitute.

منا له barkhiyā, Name of the father of Asaf, the minister of Solomon.

h barkhīdan, To extract, draw out; to pluck, pull; to reap, mow; to unravel, loose, resolve, tease (cotton or wool); to shave; to fortify, fence (with thorns); to be inverted, changed, converted; to clench or rivet nails; to surround or set (jewels with gold); to find, invent; to magnify; to remain quiet, to wait.

harkhez, Arise; rising.

برخيزا barkhezā, Rising up; an insurgent, برخيزاليدن barkhezānīdan, To erect; to rouse.

برخيوش bar<u>kh</u>ezish, A rising, insurrection. برخيون نومين bar<u>kh</u>īn, A little ransom, a small

portion.

sy bard (imp. of bardidan), Stand off! give way! hold off! take care! begone! retire! reverence, dread, terror; a captive, a prisoner of war; a stone; (iu the Karmanian dialect) a city;—burd (pret. of burdan), He carried, bore, supported, carried off; a carrying, a bearing; (at chess) when only the king is left to the party; an enigma;—barad (aor. of burdan), He may carry.

A sp. bard (v.n.), Becoming or making cold; striking cold; applying cool antimony to the eye; filing; cold, chilliness; sleep;—burd, Striped cloth; a garment;—burdi yamānī, A garment of striped cloth

of Yaman.

וא א bardā, Noise of combatants; an enigma; stand off! &c. (like אָנ bard).

אָנְאַנּגְי bard-ā-bard (a word used by guards, ushers, tipstaves, or beadles in

clearing the way), Have a care! stand by! confusion.

לי ליילי bar-dādan, To quit, release, free אל ליילי bar dār, Exalted, lifted up; suspended, hanged, crucified; a summerhouse; [bar dār zadan (kardan, kashīdan), To crucify, to hang;—bar dār būdan, To be hanged;]—bardār (in comp., as participle of bardāshtan), Bearing, supporting, raising, or holding up; observing, obeying, executing;—bar-dār, Bearing fruit;—burdār (a contraction of burdbār), A bearer of

burdens; patient, long-suffering. ه بردار کشیده bar dar kashīda, Gibbeted.

י אל היי bar-dārīdan, To raise; to hang. ביולבים bardāsht, Endurance; a musical instrument pertaining to royalty (doubtful meaning); — bar-dāsht kardan, To suffer, endure, bear patiently.

vate; to bear up, support, prop, sustain; to pick up; to take, assume; to take upon oneself; to remove, carry off; to offer; to fly for refuge; to overlook, disregard;—āb bar-dāshtan, To draw water;—dil as sar bar-dāshtan, To renounce life.

بر داهتنی bar-dāshtanī, Bearable, support-

able; possibility, certainty.

exalted; a man who flies to avoid punishment; one who takes refuge in a sanctuary; exposed to hazard, left to the wide world.

a بداهته عاطر bardāshta-<u>kh</u>āṭir, Uneasy. خواج bardāgh, Name of a herb used in

dyeing.

אניאלן bardāl, A pair of compasses;—burdāl (Burdigala), Bordeaux.

ાંડને bardan, The juice of a certain

plant.

and fried with butter (doubtful word).

ועי איל burd-bar. A bearer of burdens; forbearing; patient, long-suffering; the tedious winding-up of any business.

برد باری burd-bārī, Patience; long-suffer-

ing.

אני אני bard-bard, Give place! make way! א אניא burdat, A cloak, a mantle.

a zon bardaj (from P. barda), A captive, prisoner; name of a village near Shiraz.

יניבענ burudjird, Name of a town near Hamadan.

אָכּנ bar dar, At, upon, over the door; [bar dar zadan (shudan), To go out;—bar dari 'irfān zadan, To unveil; to abandon shame;—bar dar nihādan, To turn out, eject;]—bar-dar, The lintel over a door;—bardar (for גליני,), A brother.

bar dast giriftan, To believe, أو دَست كرنتن

to rely upon.

barda', Name of a country and city governed by Queen Noshābh at the time of Sikandar.

bar daftar afgandan, To بر دفتر انگندن register, to enroll.

بردك bardak, A fable, fiction, parable; a charm; -bardak, burdak, An enigma, riddle.

ועטאט bardagān (pl. of barda), Slaves. بردگی bardagi, Captivity, slavery, bondage.

ין בען שפעבען bar dil khwurdan, To make ill-tempered, impatient, testy.

y bar dil giriftan, To be dis-

pleased, annoyed, impatient.

א bar dam, A moment, instant : bardam, The old name of the city barda'; burdam (pret. of burdan), I carried.

bar damāgh khwurdan, To

render peevish, impatient.

אנייענט bar-damidan, To shoot forth, to grow; to breathe; to be angry.

ບາງ birdan, Velocity; a swift horse.

ניט burdan (S. bhri), To carry, bear, bring, lead, conduct, transfer, transport; to take, assume, carry off, draw, remove, abstract, take away; to take to wife, to marry (m.c.); to gain at play; to throw away, lose, lower (dignity); to go, run, fly; to obey, execute; — az dostān burdan, To separate from friends;—i'tiqād burdan, To believe;—bāz burdan, To bring or lead back (see also under ;b); -hasad burdan, To bear malice, to envy;—hamla burdan, To make an attack, assault, insult;—khudā burd, Whither does God conduct you? dar panāhi kase burdan, To flee for refuge to anyone; -ramish burdan, To enjoy, to rejoice at ;—rozgār burdan, To live or associate; to waste time; -shakk burdan, To doubt; — farmān burdan, To obey commands, execute orders; -kār az pesh burdan, To advance an affair, to succeed (m.c.).

ون واعنان ونا bar dumba dandan zadan, To wish to commit sodomy or pederasty.

بردنگ bardang, A hillock in a desert. burdanī, Something to carry away بردنى (as a present).

אביף bardu, Expectation, hope.

a אניפוא bar dawam, Always, continually ;-bar dawam bad, May it endure for ever!

a بر دواس bar-dawami, Perpetuity, duration.

8 אַכּרֶלְט bardwān (S. varddhamāna), A district and city in Bengal.

bar-dost, Fruit-cherisher, " friend of one's own fruit."

ار دوش bar dosh, On the shoulders; khirga bar dosh, Clad in shreds and patches; a religious mendicant.

a אניפט birdun, A gelding.

barda, A captive, prisoner of war; a slave, servant; (barda burdan, To make prisoner, to take captive;)-burda, Borne, carried away; -burda shudan, To be carried

برده دل barda-dil, Whose heart is enslaved, violently in love.

بردة فروش barda-farosh, A slave-dealer. بردى bardī, A masquerade; mirth, jollity, festivity; a vase of polished marble; -burdi, Thou barest.

a بردى bardī, The papyrus;—burdî, An

excellent sort of date.

yaftan, To win at play, to burd yaftan, To gain.

بديدن bardidan, To retire, withdraw, retreat.

بر ديدة دريدن bar dīda dawīdan, To wax hot in reproach, expostulation, or discussion; to offer impudence; to be saucy.

a بر ديرلوس bardirlūs, The lark.

a Las, ba-radif, Riding or driving in the suite; in a row or rows (m.c.); -ba-radif chida būdan, To be ranged, to be set up in rows (m.c.).

אַנאָט, bardiq, Ignorant, uninformed.

נאנט bardin, Dregs, filth, refuse; rust. אַניט א birzaun, A horse or beast of burden, dull and sluggish; a pack-horse.

مرفين Larzīn, A drinking vessel of palm-

fibre.

sl, , bar rāh, An ornament; decorated (comp. ابرة and جاة (comp.

A Byr bararat (pl. of barr), Just, pious (men).

بر رستن bar-rastan, To arise.

بر رستة bar-rusta, A stalkless plant; clownish.

א , ייבעט bar-rasidan, To arrive; to investigate, to obtain information.

har-raftan, To precede.

ار روی bar rūy, Upon the face; upon;-bar ruyi ab amadan, To be evident; -bar rūyi daryā pul bastan, To attempt an impossibility; to accomplish an extraordinary feat;—bar ruy dawidan, To speak fluently.

بر روى المتادكي bar-ruy-uftadagi. A falling

flat on the face, proneness.

8, 3 bar rah, Adorned; ornament.

a بر ريى bar riq (on spittle), Fasting;

ignorant.

jr barz, A sown field; seed; agriculture; -barz, burz (Z. berez), Stature, height, tallness, elegance of shape; tall; a trowel; perfect, complete; the trunk of a tree; -burz. Youthfulness; greatness; name of a village near Merw.

A j barz, Respectable, intelligent; absti-

nent, temperate, honourable.

Ejs burzaj, The roaring of a lion.

A tim barzakh, An interval, partition, bar; the interval of time, according to the Qur'an, between the death of a man and the resurrection; connecting link; a picture of the imagination, a whim, fancy; one in love with a woman.

ון ניט bar-zadan, To strike up; to raise, elevate; to level or equal; to count or play with the fingers; to collect; to separate; to cast anchor; -bang bar zadan, To make a noise, raise the voice; -daman bar zadan,

To tuck up the skirt, to prepare for busi-

har-zada, Raised, shot forth.

ه الرفعة barazgha (prob. for A. هونع), A saddle or pannel-cloth.

بزاتی barzaqi, Examination, penetration. barzak, The seed of lint or hemp. برزگار barz-kār, A farmer.

אַנֿע barzgar, A farmer, a ploughman.

برزگری barzgarī, Agriculture.

يزم barzam, A wink, nod, amorous glance; name of a fortress near the Jihūn or Oxus. א נישלט bar zamān, Formerly, sometimes.

ון נייביט bar zamīn. Upon or to the ground; bar zamin zadan, To set (the sun); -bar zamīn uftādan, To be made light of, despised, unheeded (speech).

ن المرزي barzan, A mansion, dwelling; a street, especially a long one; the top or extreme part of a street, the corner of a square or court; a plain, desert; imp. of bar-zadan; - birzan, An earthen pan for baking bread.

بزلدن barzandan, To sow; to agree, tally.

אָנְיָטָ barzūn, A Turkish horse. burzūyalā, Name of a champion in Afrasiab's army.

bjy barza, Seed; sowing, agriculture; a branch; a stuff made of silk and thread; -burza, A sort of gum-arabic tree.

אני אנן barza-barz, A sown field, a seedplot; cloth or a garment made of silk and wool.

برزة كار barza-kār, A farmer.

אני און barza-gav, An ox used in agriculture.

אנאלע barzagar, A sower, a farmer.

برزى barzī, A husbandman.

אַנְעַרַט barzīdan, To sow; to quadrate, agree, to correspond with; to persevere; to be habitually engaged in :—barazīdan, To dress becomingly.

بريق barzīq, A rude, unpolished clown. barzīgar, An agriculturist, farmer.

برزیگری barzīgarī, Husbandry, agriculture. הנצט barzīn, Fire; name of one of the chief priests of the religion of Zardusht, who built a fire-temple which he called azarī barzīn; name of an ancient chamrion of Iran; a plain, a desert; a street or narter of a city.

برزين كروس barzīn kurūs, Name of a wise man or priest of the fire-worshippers.

a فرزية barziya, A powerful stronghold on a high mountain adjacent to Syria.

barzh, Perfect, complete, entire; high, sublime; power; full splendour; a whirl-

وس bare, A bridle, a halter; a kind of wooden forceps put upon the nose of an

inruly horse when shoeing; a similar bit of wood, through which the camel's bridle uns; a spur; -birs, Cotton; -burs, Fruit f the mountain cypress; juniper-berries.

A برس bars (v.n.), Persisting in one's intention; -birs, A sort of coarse cotton.

H אישוי barsāt, The rainy season (in India).

بر ساختن bar-sākhtan, To instruct, to render accomplished.

bar-sām, A pain in the breast, an oppression, wind, or swelling in the stomach; pleurisy.

אבשט barsān, birsān, Syrup dark-coloured and of a fragrant smell; people of the same religion, co-religionists; -bursan, A

.v. برسيدن bursānīdan, = برسانيدن

a بر سبيل bar sabūl, In the way of, by way

برسد bi-rasad, May it come to pass.

- r bar sar, On or at the head, end, or point; these two words are much used in composition, as in the following examples: ---bar sar āmadan. To conquer, to be at the head; to augment, to amplify;—bar sari ān in nihādan, To give up or renounce one thing for another; -bar sar āwardan, To bring to the point, to discover; -bar sar burdan, To bring to an end, to terminate; —bar sari pā āmadan (āwardan), To become (make) public; -bar sari pā istādan (nishastan), To be ready or prepared; to be on the point of doing anything (as a woman of giving birth); — bar sari pā būdan, To stand on the point of the foot; to stand upright; -bar sari takht kashīdan, To seat on the throne;—bar sari tīr āmadan, to come within shot (game) ;- bar sari chashm, On the point of the eye; most willingly; -bar sari harf amadan, To get a hearing, to have one's say; -bar sari harf budan, To keep one's word; to stick to what one has said;—bar sari hisāb āmadan, To come to the end of the account; to be reconciled, satisfied, contented;—bar sari khabak āmad shab, Night is nearly over; - bar sari khwud (khwesh), Self-willed, headstrong;bar sar rasidan, Upon the point of arriving; -bar sari sukhun raftan, To go to the head of the discourse; to explain; -bar sari sany nishandan (nishastan), To render (become) contemptible;—bar sar zadan, To fasten on the head (as a flower); to lose one's senses; to be deep in thought; bar sari qadam būdan, To be in the privy; bar sari kār, On the point of business; when there is occasion.

har-sar-afgandani, A coif or بر سر انگندنی veil for throwing over the head.

ابوس عنيما burs-ghuncha, Juniper-berries. بو مكيويدان bar-sikīzīdan, To leap.

a برسم ba-rasm, By way of.

bursam, Rods of a span long used by the fire-worshippers in their ceremonies; according to others, a book held in hand by them on that occasion, which meaning, however, seems to rest upon the misreading . کیاهی for کتابی

barsam-chīn, The knife for cutting برسم چين the rods barsam.

barsamdan, The case for holding the rods barsam.

birsun, Cotton ;-bursan, A ring of wood, or of bair, passed through a camel's nose, to which the bridle is fastened; a nose-jewel, worn by ladies in the East; a bride; a yoke. (Both words are perhaps misreadings for برس.)

barsang, A counterpoise, equilibrium, anything hung at one side to counterbalance the load upon the other.

וּר בּפ bar-sū, The top, the head ;-bar-sūyi ran, The hip-bone; bar-suyi gosh, The top of the ear.

ارسولة barsūla, A lozenge composed of nuts, mace, and other hot spices.

ارسی barcī, Wearisomeness, irksomeness. barsiyan, برسيان barsiyawishan, Shepherd's crook; maiden-hair (herbs).

harsiyānā, Name of a plant whose برسيانا seed resembles parsley.

barsiyan dara, The herb برسيان دارو shepherd's staff.

ار سياة bar-siyāh, Brown, tawny; black

ארייבינט burasīdan. To be ended, completed; to be annihilated, erased, abolished, consumed (should probably be read barasidan).

שלייבט barsīn, Clover.

barsinā, Name of a plant, the seed ارسينا

of which is good for the itch.

برش barsh, Desire; — birsh, barish, A halter; -bar-ash, Upon him; his breast; -barish, A pair of compasses; the shingles; -burish, A chip, shaving; a cutting off, scission; — burushi did kardan, To turn away the eyes.

ارش ▲ barash, A white speck on the nail. ب هاخ أهوان bar shākhi āhuwān (on the horns of antelopes), Impossible to attain.

barshawash, The Dragon's Head برهاوش (constellation in the sign Taurus).

birisht, Imp. of birishtan.

bar shasti pā nishastan, بر هست پا نشستن To be about to copulate.

bar shutur nishaslan (to sit بر هتر نشستن upon a camel), To get abroad (a secret).

birishtan, To fry, roast, bake. birishta, Fried, roasted, baked; (met.) desirable, pleasing; -gili birishta, Baked clay.

birishta-tah, That of which the bottom or inside is pleasing (as a wine-cup).

برهما barshaja, برهما barshajan, andbarshakhā, برهضان barshakhān, Name of a place between Iran and Turan.

e مدن bar-shudan, To ascend, to be superior; to be collected.

barshak, A wine or oil press; a belt.

H אבאון barshakāl, The rainy season. بر هکستن bar-shikastan, To shun, quit, retire.

ي همردي bar-shumurdan, To sum up, count.

barshan, Ivy.

barshunan, People of the same religion.

barshūm, A kind of dried date.

barshahi, Down growing on a bird's wing; a wing.

برهيان دارد barshiyān-dārū, The herb shepherd's staff.

ار هير نر رين نهادن bar sheri nar zīn nihādan (to saddle the male lion), To be very valiant and daring; to bell the cat.

bar sher nishastan, To hide. و هير نشستون

A برص baras (v.n.), Being leprous; leprosy, especially the malignant white species.

بر محرا نهادي bar şaḥrā nihādan, To dis-

a برص زده baraṣ-zada, Afflicted with leprosy.

ا بميما barṣiṣā, Name of a great devotee finally misled by the Devil.

برض ه barz (v.n.), Giving little; little, a few.

برطاس bartas, = bartas, برطاس q.v.

بر طاق نهادن bar tāq nihādan, To exalt, promote; to quit; to forget.

ه برطانيقي barţāniqi, The herb betony.

barṭāyil, Name of a fabulous island برطايل in India, pictured as a most enchanting place; loud noises are said to issue from a certain tree there, and from a mountain therein the melodious sounds of musical instruments are heard in the night-time.

a بر طبق bar labaq, According to, on the ground, by reason of.

a بر طرف bar taraf, Aside, apart; on one side, out of the question ;-bar taraf būdan (shudan), To be set aside, or delayed till another time; to be finished, concluded;bar taraf kardan, To set aside, dismiss, discharge, cashier; — bar taraf nikādan, To set apart, remove, displace, throw away, reject; to preserve, lay by; to terminate, conclude; — latifa bar taraf, Let joking cease! raillery apart!

a بر طونی bar-Larafi, Dismissal, discharge. A مطلع bartala, bartula, A cap worn under the turban.

o برطيسقون bartisqum, Red clay.

a بر عکس bar 'aks, Inversely ; on the contrary; in opposition to; in spite of.

Er bargh, barigh, baragh, A dam, dyke, mound, bank, weir, or any kind of water-

inclosure; small aquatic animals.

برغاب bargh-ab, A dam; a place where water stagnates.

بغاليدن barghālīdan, To excite; to throw; to pluck up.

a جرابت ba-rughbat, With intense desire; ardently, eagerly, fervently; cheerfully.

barghast, A certain wild pot-herb resembling spinage, and growing on the banks of rivers; a yellow flowering shrub with which they feed cattle and asses; water-moss; a canal cut for the purpose of irrigation.

barghast-wā, oup made from bar-

ghast.

برغلانيدن barghalānīdan, To excite, animate.

برغمان bar<u>qh</u>amān, A large serpent.

barahandan, Festivities during بعندان the last ten days of Sha'ban; name of the last day of this month; a carnival.

burgho, A musical horn;—burgho ارغو sadan (kashīdan), To blow this horn.

A نرغوث barghūs, A flea.

a بخوني barghūsī, Flea-wort. لرخول barghol, A kind of sweetmeat;— burghol, barghol, Wheat, barley, corn (especially bruised); also a dish made of grain. برطه bargha, Speechless, dumbfounded.

שלי barf, Snow; barf barīdan, To snow. אבי barf-āb, Snow-water, water as cold as snow; spittle;—barf-āb dādan, To damp the spirits, "to throw a wet blanket

برنان barfān, Lamb's fleece; a leathern vest.

برندي barfakhi, The night-mare, the incubus.

אנגוט barfdan, An ice-house; the gullet. barfar, Dignity, rank, power.

بر الميدن bar-farākhīdan, To stand on end.

بر درارنده bar-farāzanda, One who exalts. a אַ בּוֹשָׁ אַכט bar farāgh kardan, To finish.

بر فرود bar farod, Above and below; an arched building.

bar-faroshān, People of one بر فروهان nation.

barfara, Dignity, rank, power.

עני, איני או barf-rez, Shedding snow. برك ردى barf-zadi, Injury caused by

snow. bar-flshandani dast, To بر فشائدن دست

dance; dancing.

بر فلان چكيدن bar fulān chakidan, To fall upon one; to suspect; to be fixed or firm on one.

بناك barfnāk, Snowy; covered with

harfanj, Rough, difficult, arduous برندج (road or business); anything new, uncommon, recently happened; first-fruits.

barfanjak, Nightmare; intoxica-

ting.

يند barfand, Fraud, deceit, treachery; a foolish speech; an agreeable speech; any deep place or thing; a valley, a ditch; a zone, a belt; an arched building; an army. אניגון barfandār, A commentator, a lec-

turer; a wise man, who solves difficulties in religion, law, or the abstract sciences; a master of any art or profession; a musician, singer.

برانده barfanda, A clothes-chest or press;

a fruit-pannier.

barfos, The parts round برفوس , barfos the mouth.

بولى barfi, Snowy, icy; a kind of sweetmeat.

ه بواهير barfīr, Purple; the purple shellfish.

אנט barq (v.n.), Glittering, flashing; lightening, electricity; rising (of a star); adorning herself (woman); barqī khātif, A thunderbolt; — barqi khullab, Flashing clouds without rain (a proverb applied to those who brag much);—barq zadan, To lighten, to flash like lightening (m.c.); barq shudan, To go swiftly;—barq kardan, To lighten, to flash;—barqi lashkar, The sword; -barqi yamani, A sword with a Yaman blade.

a بر قاعده bar qā'ida, According to rule.

a برقان barqān, A lamb-skin.

برى الداز barq-andāz, A matchlock-man; a musketeer; a guard; a constable; a bailiff.

a بن اندازى barq-andazi, The office of a barq-andāz.

a برق آهنگ barq-āhang, Flashing lightnings.

ه بونة barqat, Barca in Africa; amazement.

s bar qarār, Firm, solid, fixed, established; continuing as heretofore; existing; extant; — bar qarār shudan, To be established; -bar qarar kardan, To establish, confirm, ratify.

A برقش birqish, A small bird called shurhour

a برنش barqish, Variegation, diversity of colours.

A برقع birqi', burqu', The seventh (according to others the first) heaven;burqu', burqa', A lady's veil, through which only the eyes are seen; - burqa'i kuhli, Night ;-burqa'-kusha'i har mushkil, Unveiling and resolving every difficulty.

a برتع الدار burqa'-andāz, Who casts a veil over.

a بوش burga'-posh, A woman veiled بوش in a burga'.

بتك barqak, Tale; gilt paper.

بندان barqandān, بندان barqadān, A carnival or time of festivity, before the commencement of the month of fasting.

a אָט פּוֹרָ barq-wār, Like lightning.

برتوق barquq, A yellow plum ; an apricot.

barqūh, Name of a city.

ارته barqa (see A. برقه), A village belonging to Qum; amazement;—zū l-barqa, A nickname given to 'Alī by 'Abbās at the battle of Hunain (this statement of the Muntakhab is probably an error based upon

an incident, the relation of which may be found in Sir W. Muir's "Life of Mahomet," 2nd ed. p. 430; if so, the word should read zū 'l-baqara, in allusion to the second Surah of the Qoran).

a برقى barqī, Pertaining or relating to

lightning; electric.

barak, A garment made of camel's hair; a short vest; the star Canopus; name of a river and of a country.

بركافوز ,barkāpos بركاپوس ,barkāpos بركاپوز barkāfoz, بركافوس barkāfos, The parts round

the mouth.

A بركات barakāt (pl. of barakat), Blessings; abundance, prosperity; — maḥṣāli 'amīmu 'l-barakāt, A plentiful harvest.

بر کار بستن کسی ا bar kār bastan kase-rā, To tie one to a task, to impose it upon him.

بر کار دارنده bar kār-dāranda, A practitioner.

بر كار سوار بودن bar kār suwār būdan, To

carry out a task diligently.

بر كاريدن bar-kārīdan, To cut a slice (of a melon); to cut out the collar of a coat or

bur-kāshtan, To sow. بر كاهتن

אַלאַנגעט bar-kāwidan, To cut out a piece (of cloth or melon); to slit a garment; to dig.

A اوکة barakat, A blessing; abundance, prosperity; -birkat, A large reservoir of water, lake, pond; -burkat, burka, A white aquatic bird, a species of white duck.

א אבט bar-kardan. To commit to memory, to learn by heart; to kindle (a fire); to

و کرسی نشاندن bar kursī nishāndan, To bring an affair to a happy termination; to set a person's mind at rest (to place him on velvet).

بر کشیدی bar-kashīdan, To draw up; to extract, draw, lead, or bring out; to wrinkle, shrivel; to exalt oneself, to be overbearing.

ارکم barkam, A prohibition, refusal; an impediment, delay; a restrainer, hinderer.

a کمال به bar kamal, In perfection; complete.

ار كنار bar kanār, On one side, free, clear

بركنج barkanj, A kind of sweetmest.

بكند barkand, A bribe to a judge; a plucking up; an owl; a robust, strong man. ي كندي bar-kandan, To dig up, extirpate.

بركندة bar-kanda, Dug up; — bar-kanda

amadan, To be extirpated.

اوکنه barkana, birkana, An electuary made from gold and silver dust; anything beaten and mixed together (especially perfumes).

burkúh, Name of a city in Persian بركوة

Iraq (see درقوه).

بركوهان barkūhān, Melody of voice; harmony of instruments; the voice of a parrot.

birka (see A. ابرکة), A reservoir of

water, a pond, pool, ditch; -birka'i ardshir, Name of a city so called from a large reservoir built by one of the ancient kings

of Persia; -birka'i tajaward, The sky. وكن baraki, A species of high-crowned cap made of felt; a kind of rollers which the poorer people wrap round their head; a company or sect of men.

barkinaj, A sweetmeat.

barkīna, An exhilarating electuary.

barg. The leaf of a tree, a blade of grass; an instrument; arms; intention, aim, design, end; power, strength; intellect; a musical instrument; provision for soldiers, travellers, or guests; wealth; a workshop; the dress of Qalandars (a kind of monk); collectedness; care, solicitude; —bargi tambāl, Betel-leaf;—bargi chashm (the leaf of the eye), The eye-lid; -bargi sabz (sabzak, tar), A green leaf (the gift of a poor man); bargi kāzarānī, Wild aniseed; -bargi-kah, A stalk, a straw.

ہ کاھتی bar-gashtan, To turn; to avert

the face.

برگان bargān, Name of a village near Shīrāz.

e v gāv nishāndan, To divulge بركار نشاندن one's disgrace.

برگ بيد bary-bid (bed), A willow-leaf; a kind of spear, the head of which resembles the leaf of a willow.

Heary-dar, Leafy, bearing leaves; barg-dar sakhtan, To cover with leaves;barg-dar shudan, To be in full leaf (trees).

א bar-guzar, A present, a gift. bargar, Fortune, good luck.

بر گراگيدن bar-garā'idan, To be modest; to

بر كرد bar gird, About;—bar girdi māh, About the moon.

بر گردانيدگي bar-gardānīdagī, Transportution, transposition, change, inversion.

א לערויבנים bar-gardanidan, To reverse, in-

بر گردیدگی bar-gardidagi, Inversion, change; removal, departure.

א ליבובט bar-gardīdan, To be turned, inverted; to recede.

ب کردیده bar-gardida, Turned; tumbled

بر گرديده .غت bar-gardīda-ba<u>kh</u>t, Unlucky, unfortunate.

بر گرديدة برى bur-gardida-boy, Stinking. smelling offensively.

رزان bary-razān, = برک رزان q.v. برک رزان har-giriftan, To take, accept, seize, carry off; to lift or pick up; to bear; to cause to put on; to drive away; to erase.

برک , barg-rez, مرک ریزان barg-rezūn, ک ريزي barg-rezī, The fall of the leaf, autumn, November; the autumn of mortality, the decline of life.

ہ کریدگان bar-guzīdagān, The elect.

t bar-guzīdagī, Choiceness; choice. بر کوبدکی bar-guzīdan. To prefer, choose, select.

الم كريدة bar-guzīda, Chosen ;—bar-guzīda'i 'ālam, The most select of men.

אר איניט bar-guzīn, Chosen, select.

ہوکس bargas, ہوکس bargast, Mercy upon us! heaven forbid!

بر کسترای bar-gustān, ور کسترای bar-gustuwān, Horse-armour worn in battle.

برگسترانور bargustuwān-war, An armour-clad horse; one riding on such.

bargasa, Hidden, concealed.

bargusht, bargasht, A plant growing like dishevelled hair.

بر کشتگی bar-gashtagī, Change; inversion; apostacy, recession.

بر گشتن bar-gashtan, To turn; to recede,

retire, return; to apostatise.

به bar-gashta, Turned; topsy-turvy; broken; afflicted; murdered; dead;—bar-gashta-akhtar, Unfortunate;—bar-gashta-aiyām, Whose days have taken an unhappy turn;—bar-gashta-hāl, Most afflicted;—bar-gashta-daulat, Whose fortune has been reversed;—bar-gashta-rozgār, Unfortunate in the world, desperate, abandoned;—bar-gushta-sar, Whose head is turned with be-wilderment, upset, giddy;—bar-gashta-tāti', Unfortunate.

پر گشم bar-gasha, Covered, concealed.

برگ کاه barg-gāh (place of leaf), A shoot, stalk.

بر كماهتكى bar-gumāshtagi, Power, delegated authority; delegation, appointment to any post.

tar-gumāshtan, To put in authority, to appoint, to instal, to delegate.

bar-qumāshta, Delegated. و كماهتم bara-nīl Indigo word

برگ نيل barg-nīl, Indigo, woad.

بوک و بار barg-u-bar, Leaves and fruit; wealth.

پرک و خار barg-u-sāz, برک و خار barg-u-nawû, Means of subsistence; riches.

ر کوش خوردن to gosh khwurdan, To reach the ear; to grate on the ear (a speech).

bargūk, A structure, an edifice.

بركى barayī, A kind of high-crowned cap. برالس برالس barlās, A brave man of noble stock. سلب نهادي bar lab nihādan, To quafi, to

وليان barlant, وليان brilyān, Brilliant;—brilyān kardan, To make into a brilliant (mm.cc.).

بر لنگف زدن bar lang zadan, To flee;—bar ling zadan, To castrate.

את barm, A committing to memory; expectation; a reservoir for rain-water; name of a water-bird;—baram, A trellis; a two-pronged fork.

A pr baram (v.u.), Being wearied and disgusted; vexation, fatigue, languor, disgust; one who refuses to go partner in a game; fruit of the dwarf-thorn 'izāh.

barmas, The touch; a rubbing with the hand; the sense of feeling; imp. of the following.

tormāsīdan, To feel, touch; to rub one limb against another; to inquire, examine.

ر مال bar-māl, Running away; the peak of a mountain; the breast; — bar-māl zadan, bar-māl kardan, To run away.

بر ماليدي bar-mālādan, To fold, to twist; to tuck up the sleeves, the trousers, &c.; to run away.

برماورد = ,barm-āward برماورد q.v.

برماه barmāh, برماه barmāha, An auger, gimlet, wimble; a surgeon's trepan.

بر صاف مشلك الداختي bar māh mushk andākhtan (to throw musk on the moon's face), To have a mole on the cheek.

birmāyūn, The famous cow belonging to King Farīdūn of Persia; a kind of silk.

برمايه birmāya, barmāya, Faridūn's cow. A جرمة burmat, A large cauldron or kettle hollowed out of stone.

ני אבילים bar-majīdan, To creep, to crawl; to snatch, to drag.

bar-mach, Touch; a stroking with the hand.

to to the hand; to rule; to creep; to drag.

a har manal. In place; fitting, fit, suitable; opportune, seasonable; in time, in the nick of time.

اد مخ bar-makh, Opposition, refractoriness, self-will; imp. of the following.

بر مخيدي: bar-makhidan, To be disobe-

بونجيدة bar-makhida, Refractory, disobedient, self-willed; undutiful.

אינייץ barmar, Desire; hope; expectation; (S. bhramara) a bee.

a بر مراد bar-murād, According to (one's) wishes.

a بر مزاج گفتن bar mizij guftan, To speak to the listener's taste.

ير مزكان دويدي bar muzhgān dawīdan, To come in sight.

a بر مسائل گشتن bar masa'il gushtan, To be well versed in learned questions, to be a diligent reader.

bar-masīdan, To handle, try, feel. a بر مشام bar mashām, Peevish; bar mashām afgandan (zadan), To render ill-tempered or impatient.

بر مشيدن bar-mashīdan, To creep ; to snatch.

بر مغازة bar-maghāz, بر مغازة bar-maghāzu, A present over and above his hire given by a master to his boy.

a معتمان har muqtazā, According to;—bar muqtazā'i şulḥ, Agreeable to the (treaty of) peace.

barmak, Surname of Jaffar, the

founder of a noble family, originally from Balkh in Khurāsān, and highly celebrated all over the East for their generosity, magnificence, and distinguished patronage of men of genius; name of a place and of a country.

barmakī, Of the family of Barmacides; a hero, a noble, liberal man.

barmakiya, The aloe dressed with sugar and sauce.

baramgan, The hair of the pubes. a h bar mala, Openly, in the sight of all; -- bar malā uftādan, To become public.

برمل مدروى barmal madrawi (?), of a village where Sabuktagin died.

barmū, Expectation, hope, desire.

برموتط barmūta, Anything, a thing in general.

mujibi 'ādat, According to custom.

barmuda, Anything, a thing in general.

harmūz, Desire, wish; برموز provender; a bee.

אייפני birmoza, The son of Sāwah Shāh. a بر موتع bar mauqa' (= بر موتع bar mahal,

q.v.), In place, &c. bar mān (poet. for برمون bar mān, On

barma, A gimlet, a wimble, an auger; —burma, A cauldron, a kettle (see مُوسِمًّة).

A برميل barmīl, A tun, a butt, a hogshead.

barmiyū, The strangury, heat of urine.

وي barn, Name of a star; any place above which something is extended; a broad vessel; a drinking-cup of earth or metal; a bundle of rods wattled together; a harrow for breaking clods; a grate of brass or wood; the new moon; -- baran, Name of a city in India.

אַט barnā, burnā (Pars. apūrnāi), A youth; young; good; elegant, handsome; the dye-

ing shrub hinna.

بر ناخن ایستادن bar nākhun īstādan, To stand on tip-toe; to stand with a respectful bearing; to obey promptly.

برنادل barna-dil, Young of heart, unex-

perienced.

برناس barnās, Ignorant, unskilful; ignorance; negligence.

مرناساه ۸ barnāsā', Men.

היטני barnaq (probably mis-spelling for the following), A young man, a youth.

ا باك barnāk, burnāk, A young man;

young; privet.

لامله bar-nāma, A model, an exemplar; an account-book; title; exordium of a book or letter.

birnan, Name of a tree growing in, Ajmir (in Hindustan) used for making rosaries.

پنانه birnāna, A mud cottage.

barnāh, burnāh, A young man; a youth.

برنايشتى barnāyishtī, Alliance, protection, support; partiality; strong attachment;barnāyishtī kardan, To protect, guard, defend.

برنائی barnā'ī, Youth, the season of youth.

برنبور barambūr, A child's game.

איש baranj, A man nearly blind and thus groping his way; a most delicious species of the date; -biranj, A kind of medicine which promotes a discharge of phlegm; [biranji kābulī, A medicinal seed imported from Kabul;]—birinj, Rice; [birinji zard, Rice dressed with turmeric; -birinjishamāla, A kind of curry;]—birinj, biranj, Copper.

A אַל birinj, biranj (for P. piring), Brass. birinjar (for birinj-zar), Rice-

grounds.

اری اری birinj-dri, One who follows a

camp with grain, a brinjarrie.

برنجاسه , birinjasb, برنجاسف , birinjasf, برنجاسب birinjāsa, Dungwort, motherwort; mugwort. baranj-mushk, The musk of Eu-

rope, the tamarisk; mountain-balm.

baranjan, A metal ring worn by females on their wrists or ankles; any female ornament; a little pendulous, fringed decoration of silk or wool, worn by the Turkoman women, hanging to their hair, by camels at their sides, and by horses from their manes.

برنجة كردن baranja kardan, To torment, afflict.

يزنجي birinjī, biranjī, Made of brass, brazen; a small nail, tack.

Ore a baranjin, = we a baranjan; -birinjīn, Brazen, made of copper.

برند barand, Plain silk ;—burand, barand, A sharp sword; tonsure.

برنداك barandāf, The intestines; a stirrupleather, a strap.

برنداور barand-āwar, A glittering sword. بندك barandak, A little hill; a lock, bolt, bar; dross of iron; a species of the myro-

balan. birandakām, A medicine made of

camomile-flowers.

يرندن burundan, To compress, to squeeze. بوندة baranda, Operating, acting; a moth; a carrier; -buranda, Cutting, a sharp sword; acid milk; - buranda'i gosht, A butcher.

برنديرى birindīzī, Brindisi (m.c.).

אנין birunz (?), Bronze (m.c. either for

biring, or from Fr. bronze).

برنس barnas, Shears; — barnas, barnis, barnish, A pain in the bowels, cholic, gripes.

hurnus, A kind of high-crowned برنس A

cap, worn by Christians.

بر نشاندن bar-nishandan, To make sit; to seat; to set (a stone in a ring), fix (a head on a spear).

Bar-nishast, Riding ;-sutūri barnishast, A beast for riding; a saddle-horse or camel, a hack, a nag.

; bar-nishastan, To sit up or upon برنشستن to mount, to ride; to propose, intend.

bar-nishastanī, Fit for riding بر نفستني (nag).

har-nishasta, Mouuted, sitting on. baranghar, The right wing of an army.

barank, A bell; a key; a lock; a bolt; root, origin; assault, inroad; silken

barang, An allowance of provisions; a bell; a key; a bar, bolt;—ba-rang, With colour; -biring, A kind of the myrobalan; -burung, burang, Gain, acquisition; hoard; name of the region where the southern Polar star is visible.

براو barnū, Brocade.

برنوس barnos, An army; also برنوس barnosh, A general; a soldier; name of a general.

ניעט barnun, Brocade ; sewing-silk.

borna, Name of an Iranian champion. א ibar-nihādan, To place above;

tarnī, An earthen or glass vessel, in برني which they keep flowers, confections, medicines, or sugar.

ه ولى a مراي barni, A delicious kind of date: –*baranī*, Foreign, external.

ا برليان barniyān, A silken garment.

ورنيان عوى barniyan-khoy, Of a mild temper.

برنيس birnīs, burnīs, An acorn; large shears.

burnesh, The cholic.

ربيك barnīk, Delicious fruit; a kind of

barv, The planet Jupiter ;-bar o, Upon, on, above him, her, or it;—barū (for abrū), The eyebrow;—birau, birav, Go; *-burū* (for *burūt*), Whiskers.

h barawāt (pl. of barāt), Diplomas, patents, privileges; — barawāti sharīfa, Royal diplomas.

אפון barwar, A summer-house.

برارة barwāra, A parlour; an upper chamber; a private way to a house.

אנון barwāz, Rest, repose; a roost; a

perch; a nest.

blan barwara, A nuptial fire; victuals which people carry to eat in the fields or gardens.

barwān, A stomacher, handkerchief; anything thrown over the shoulders; a long flowing robe; a high cap.

يروانه barwāna, = ماورانه q.v.

barwāniyā (G. βρυωνία), A tree resembling ivy, the fruit of which is used in tanning, Bryonia alba.

بر و بازو كشادن bar u bāzū kushādan, To beg with importunity; to make fruitless efforts.

burūt, Whiskers, moustaches, (met.) جروت pride, vanity (of a man; see būdi burūt under 34); -burūt bar-tāftan, To twist the moustache; (met.) to oppose, to turn face to face; -buruti kase bar kandan, To defame, to disgrace ;-burūti kase pamba nihādan, To make sport of, to scoff at ;-burūti kase rekhtan, To conquer, to render helpless and contemptible.

barwaj, Broach, a city in Guzerat.

אנס A אנס burūj (pl. of burj), Towers, bastions; signs of the zodiac.

a جوجه bar wajh, By way of, in the manner of; -bar wajhi ta'jil, In haste, quickly.

א אונים burūḥ (v.n. of אנס), Turning the left side to you when passing from right to left (a deer, or any other species of game, esteemed unlucky by the Arabians).

barūd, Bayrūt, a city in Syria; burūd (for burūt), Whiskers, moustaches;-

burwad, Uneven ground.

A مرود barūd, Cold, frigid; anything that cools or refreshes; a collyrium or eye-wash; -burūd (v.n. of אוף), Sleeping, dying.
א א burūdat (v.n. of אוף), Being cold;

coldness, lukewarmness.

a بردت أنكيز burūdat-angez, Exciting coldness; disgusting.

ba-rü dar-uftāda, Fallen, prostrate.

q.v. برومند aro-dast, = برودست

barwar, Fruitful, pregnant; lace, fringe, edge; (in Zaud and Pazand) a brother.

barūz, A roost; a fray;—barwaz, barūz, A fringe, lace; burûz, A bed, a couch; fringe; -ba-roz, By day; in the day; -roz ba-roz, Daily, from day to day, de die in diem.

A بروز burūz (v.n. of يرز), Going forth; being clear, made manifest, published;burūz dādan, To make public, to tell (m.c.).

بروسان barūsān, بروسان barūshān, A people, nation, community.

burūshak, Dust, earth.

A بروض burūz (v.n. of برض), Coming out in a

small quantity (water from a well).

A En burū' (v.n. of En), Excelling in virtue, beauty, or wisdom.

برو فرود bar u firod, Up and down; ascent and descent.

بروند barūfa, A towel; a turban, a sash, a waist-band.

برق م burūq (v.n. of برق , Shining, glittering, dazzling (of a sword); flashing (of the heavens).

a برقت bar waqt, In time; at the time of; seasonably, opportunely.

a مرقه barwaqa, A herb which produces colic in sheep.

barūk, A species of dwarf tree.

مرك hurûk (v.n. of برك , Kneeling (of a camel).

baromand, Rich, fertile; wealthy,

prosperous, fortunate, happy; satisfied;

baromandī, Increase; happiness. ענט birūn, Without, out, abroad; not having; for the sake of, on account of; [birun az, Besides; -birun amadan, To come out; to rebel; -burun, A ring; a ring put through a camel's nose; -- barrūn (in Zand and Pazand), A ram leading the flock; a mountain goat.

barwanda, A basket; a clothes-

bundle.

אנט של birūn-sarā, Base money (not coined at the mint).

אנט אנ צעט birūn-shav kardan. To do a thing underhand, esp. to slander the ab-

: burānos, برونوش burānosh, An army برونوس a soldier; name of a general.

אנט bar way (for א אונ bar o), Above,

upon, to him, her, or it.

بوة barru, bara, A lamb; the sign Aries; a fawn; a pruning-hook (for vines); the exterior surface of a garment; infirm, weak; [bara'i āb, A wave; flood; -- bara'i dū mādarī (a lamb sneking two ewes), Well off, fortunate; having two strings to one's bow; -bara'i falak, The sign Aries; -bara giriftan, To help the weak;]-ba-rah, On the road; provisions for a journey; an aqueduct; handsome, beautiful, decorated.

barhān, Joy, gladness (doubtful

A ومان burhān, Demonstration, proof; burhāni qāṭi', A convincing proof, name of a celebrated Persian Dictionary; —burhāni masih, A demonstration equal to those adduced by the Messiah, viz. healing the sick or raising the dead.

א אפאטאָנע barhān-pūr, A city in Kandesh

(India).

harhānaj, A gusset.

a برهانراج burhān-rāj, Convincing discourse. a برهانی $burh\bar{a}n\bar{i}$, Demonstrative; decisive; —dalīli burhānī, A convincing proof. بوة بيد barra-band, Skilful, expert.

barhat, burhat, A long space of برهله A

time.

barhakhtan, barhikhtan, To extract, بوهنتان draw forth; to educate, instruct, teach good manners; to wound.

barha thta, barhikhta, Instructed,

educated.

barhal, Name of a fruit.

هليا ه barhiliyā, Hay-seed; the herb

bar-ham, Together; collected, assembled; confused, perplexed, embroiled, intricate, entangled; confusion; -bar-ham hhwurdan, To clash, collide, dash against each other;—bar-ham zadan, To shut close; to slam (a door or window); to mix, confuse; to embroil; to interfere; to prevent; to apset, overthrow, destroy; -bar ham shudan, To be entangled, embroiled; to be multiplied; to be diversified; -bar-ham nihādan, To confuse, trouble, disturb.

sarahmaputar (S. brahmaputra), (Brahma's son), Name of a large river which

joins the Ganges near Dakka.

bar-ham-khwurdagī, Commo- برهم خوردكي

אנאם בינאם barham darham, Entangled, confused, topsy-turvy.

bar-ham-dozī kardan, To بر هم دوري كردن

close up a seam (in a ship's plank).

bar-ham digar khwurdan, وهم ديكر غوردن To knock (as the knees) against each other,

بر هم زدگی bar-ham-zadagī, Confusion, broil; commotion, agitation.

barhaman, barahman, عمدي barahmand, barhama, A Brahman.

.bar-ham-nishasta, Thick (dark بر هم نشسته

.barahnagī, Nakedness, nudity برهنگر

برهنه barahna, Naked, bare; unveiled; without means of support; a clear, serene sky;—barahna zadan harf, To speak out plainly;—barahna kardan, To unveil, make naked, despoil, denude.

barahna-ustukhwān, Raw-

(پاي) برهنه يا (پاي barahna-pä (pāy), Barefoot; barahna-pā pā guzāshtan, To place the foot upon (anything) while barefoot.

برهنه جو barahna-jau (jav), Huskless barley. برهنگ روی barahna-rūy, Unveiled; of au

open or serene countenance.

برهنه سر barahna-sar, Bare-headed; a pilgrim.

برهنه سري barahna-sarī, The being uncovered, as a pilgrim on his way to Mecca; prohibition, repulse, disappointment.

a برهند قدم barahna-gadam, Barefoot. barahna-go, Who speaks the un-

veiled and unvarnished truth.

barhūt, A valley in Hazramaut برهوت م containing a well where the souls of the infidels are said to be held captive.

برهود barhod, Vain, foolish.

slightly burned; singed.

بهودي barhodan, To burn, scorch, singe; to be discoloured by the heat of fire; to

wander, stray.

אמנט barhūn, burhūn, A halo round the moon; a collar; a girdle; a circle described by compasses; a wooden fence; a thorny hedge; a cottage; ornament, decoration; the girth or belt-place; the swell of a mountain.

barhoh, barhuwa, Soap ; a catamite. harhekhtan, To draw forth; to

educate, teach.

برهيون barhiyūn, = برهيون q.v. A برى bary (v.n. of برى), Cutting ; making (a pen or arrow), shaping (the nails); tiring, fatiguing, emaciating (travelling); -bari, bari, Clear, quit, absolved, innocent, guiltless; irresponsible for; in a state of immunity; exempt; acquitted; ineffectual, not affecting; — bari'u 'zzimma, Free from a charge or obligation; justified; irresponsible; — barrī, Šylvan, rustic, wild.

رياه baryash, Dispersion; dispersed.

אנאט biryan, Roasted, broiled, grilled, baked; toasted; -biryan kardan. To bake, roast.

a אילים של biryān muhallā, Roast meat, bread, and onions.

A אָן bari'at, אָן bariyat, A creature, created being.

الربع barij, An account comprising the amount and then the particulars; name of a tribe of Afghans.

وجين barijan, A portable oven, furnace, stove.

બાર barīd, A barīd, veredus, courier, messenger, running footman; a measure of two parasangs or twelve miles; — barīdi khwush-nawid, A messenger of good news; -baridi falak, The moon; Saturn.

بريدكان burīdagān (pl. of burīda), Cut;

circumcised.

بريدگى burīdagī, A cut, fissure, incision ; separation, division.

אנגיט barīdan, To send a messenger ;—buridan, burridan, To cut, sever; also pass. to be cut or severed; to circumcise; to cut or desert (one's kindred); to run away (vulg. m.c.).

بيدة barida, A narrow pass; a ferry,

ford ;-burīda, Cut; clotted.

burīda-dum, Docked.

بريدة زبان burīda-zabān, Tongue-tied, mute. بريدة كوش burida gosh, Crop-eared.

بريرة barīra, A road, way.

אנג וענ וענ birez-birez, Overcome, routed, put to flight; help! mercy! save us!

אנאנט barezan, An oven ;—birezan, A sieve, a strainer; a frying-pan; an oven made of clay; galbanum.

אַעָא bireza, A kind of gum, benzoin; metallic cement, solder; a liniment rubbed

on a wound.

بريسال barīsāl, Name of the governor or

prefect of Yaman.

ba-rīsmān, With a rope;—barīsmāni kas dar chāh ma-rav, Descend not into the well by another's rope (Risk not your life at the instance of another).

hirish, Dispersion. بريش

بريشم barīshim (for abrīshīm), Silk. پيشم گر barīshim-yar, Silk manufacturer.

barīshim-nawāz, A performer on a stringed instrument.

ويشوّى barishawi, The eve of the sabbath, Easter, or any other festival, the preparation.

biregh, A bunch of grapes.

harīm, A wreath, made in general بريم ه of white and red threads twisted together, and often adorned with jewels, which the women fasten about their waists or their arms; anything of two different colours; a tear mixed with antimony; a crowd, army.

وين barin (for bar in), On, or upon, this; (from bar with the adjectival termination in) high, sublime, eminent (in situation, quality, or dignity); upper, higher, highest; superior, supreme; perpetual, eternal; pleasant, agreeable; excellence of anything, the principal part; the north-east wind; a notch, fissure; name of a fire-temple; [barin pādishāh, A great king, the greatest king; barin da'ira, The heavenly sphere; the terrestrial globe; -barin sufra, The extent of heaven or of the world; barin farhang, The science of Divinity; a book ascribed to Tahmuras (see ; barīn markaz, The earth : -birīn, An opening; door of an oven; fetid water; a sink; -burin, A slice of a melon.

بينش burīnish, A scissure ; a segment ; a

flux, diarrhœa.

a אַנישׁרּן bar-in-qadar, Moreover, neverthe-

بريىكم bar īn ki, To wit; videlicet.

برينة birīna, A hole; mouth of a furnace. האנט baryūn, The parts round the mouth; (= برنون q.v.) brocade; sewing-silk; barewan, biryaun, biryan, A ring-worm.

y baz, A bull's dewlap; high ground; a hill; summit of a mountain; manner, custom, rule; (for bazm) a feast; (for A. bazz) a habit, a rich dress; fine linen; —biz, A bee;—buz, A she-goat, the goat species; -buzi kohī, Wild goat, ibex (m.c.).

A y bazz (v.n.), Seizing, carrying away forcibly; fine linen; a garment, clothing; arms, armour; furniture, household uten-

يامحتن buzākhtan, To melt, liquefy; to clean.

ابدة بر آمدة ba-zād bar-āmada, An old woman.

برادى bazādī, A beryl, a sea-green stone. براريدي buzārīdan, To melt, to liquefy.

y basāz, A shoe-latchet, a leathern thong; -buzūz, A carpenter or shoemaker's wedge.

אַלן א bazzāz, A dealer in cloths, a linendraper; draper, mercer.

A sily bizazat, bizaza, The drapery or furniture business.

a بازستان bazzāzistūn, A market-place.

a برازى bazzāzī, Business of a cloth-merchant; drapery, haberdashery.

براى A براى buzāq, Spittle; a snail.

why bazān, Leaping; (for wazān) blowing; wind.

ట్లి bazāna, Blowing (wind).

رايانيدري ba-zāyānīdan, To assist a woman in labour, to help to bring forth.

الإيان bazbāz, The cover of nutneg, mace;—

buz-bāz, A showman who makes a goat and monkey dance together.

A jin bazbāz, An active lad; a fast walker; the nozzle of a pair of bellows; the privities.

אן אונט אניטן buz-bāzī kardan, To show off a dancing goat.

buz-bacha, A kid.

by buz-bahā, Of the value of a goat, i.e. of little value; worthless.

بوراندي: bazpūnitan (in Zand), To give.

لرجامه baz-jāma, A rich dress. برجامه buz-<u>kh</u>īd, A she-goat.

لوداع bazdāgh, bizdāgh, buzdāgh, A polishing or furbishing instrument.

bizdāyīdan, To furbish, remove برداييدن

rust.

ه وده م bazdat, Name of a place.

אניט buz-dil (goat-hearted), A coward. אני bazr, A flame, light, brightness.

A jy bazr (v.n. of jy), Beating; blowing the nose; throwing herbs into the pot to season victuals; offspring; snivel; (for

bazr) seed.

No bazrā (in Zand and Pāzand), Seed,

grain.

وره ه buzurj (for P. برزگ buzurg), Great, grand.

buzurj-mihr, Name of the prime minister of Noshīrwān, King of Persia.

a بزر عاله bazr-khāna, An oil-mill.

a لرز قطونا bazr-qaṭānā, Fleawort; its seed. برزقی bazarqī, Deep scrutiny; perspicacity (probably misreading for برای بررای q.v.).

a אנע bazrak, A small seed. a אנע bazr-kar, A farmer.

bazarg, Linseed;—buzurg, Great, large, immense; powerful, grand, magnificent; adult, elder; a saint; name of a note in music;—buzurg shudan, To grow up;—buzurg dūshtan, To honour, to revere, magnify.

الله المائة buzurg-àbād, Name of the first Persian prophet and author of the Dasātīr

(see المنه آباد (see).

الرك احمد busurg-umed (great hope), Name of a sage, tutor to Parvez, the son of Noshīrwān.

אָלט buzurgān (pl. of buzurg), Grandees, nobles; doctors, wise men, philosophers.

שנאים buzurgāna, Magnificeut, grand; befitting the great; magnificently;—buzurgāna-àwāz, A loud voice; in a high key.

برکتر buzurgtar, Greater, larger, bigger. نون تن buzurg-tan, Corpulent, big-

bodied.

a من مناه buzurg-jussa, Of a large body, bulky.

a بزرگر bazrgar, A farmer, ploughman,

برک زادگی buzurg-zādagī, High birth. برکزاده buzurg-zāda, Of noble race, highoru.

برك رانو buzurg-zānū, Large-kneed.

بزرگسال buzurg-sāl, Aged, stricken in vears.

َ سالی buzurg-sātī, Greatness of age. بزگ منش buzurg-manish, Proud, haughty. بزگ منشی buzurg-manishī, Pride, disdain.

buzurgwār, Great, excellent; powerful, magnificent; noble, illustrious; a learned man, doctor, philosopher.

يركراري buzurgwārī, Grandeur, greatness, magnificence; honour, glory; highness,

nobility.

a بزگ هست buzurg-himnat, High-minded. بزگ هست buzurgī, Greatness;—buzurgī kar-dan, To affect greatness, to make oneself appear great in the eyes of others.

אנאבטני buzurgī-dih, Bestower of greatness. a אנאני bazrwar, Employed; full of seed.

A jw bazaz, Arms, armour.

a برستان bazistān, A cloth-hall; marketplace.

buzisk, A lentil.

bizishk, A physician, a horse-doctor.

bizishkī, Physic, medical practice; bizishkī numūdan, To profess physic.

אלים buzashm (from buz and washm for pashm), Fine goat's hair growing at the root of the long hair, and employed in the manufacture of shawls.

En bazgh, A ditch wherein water stagnates; water-lentils, or any herbage that vegetates in water, amongst which the frogs live;—bazagh, A frog; a dam, a weir.

برغالة buz-<u>qh</u>āla (pl. buz<u>yh</u>ālagān), A kid;

a calf ;—buzghāla'i falak, Aries.

برغالغي buzghālaghī, State of being a kid or a calf.

bazagh-sama, bazagh-sima, Watermoss.

لاعثر buzghush, Name of a saint. وعدم bazgham, A thorny tree, the acacia.

of which it is apparently a contraction.

لاغني buzghunj, برغند buzghund, The pistachio-tree or nut.

buzgha, A support for a vine;—buzgha, A kind of sickle-shaped hatchet;—bazagha, A kind of lizard.

יל bazfal, אָלו bazqal, A rose-worm. אַלו bazfand, Idle, lazy, sluggish; weak.

A 39 bazq (v.n.), Spitting.

אנה bazaq, A frog; name of a herb. a י ניסף buz-qadam, Nimble of foot; (ironically) slow of movement; mean, weak; powerless; timid, cowardly.

ا الله bazak, A scolopendra;—buzak, Name of a black-coloured, long-beaked bird.

ارکوش buzgosh, Name of a place in Mazandaran.

www.buz-qala, A flock of goats.

بو گيري buz-gīrī, Petty theft, thievishness, rapacity.

A אַנ bazl (v.n.), Cleaving; misfortune,

calamity; tapping, broaching (a barrel); straining, purifying (wine); breaking off.

ارِكَة baīla (for A. مَنَّةُ), A jest, a bon-mot. بن bazm, A banquet, entertainment, assembly, convivial meeting; society; a pavilion;—bazmi sangīn, A largely attended banquet.

A pr bazm (v.n.), Biting with the front teeth; milking (a camel) with the fore-finger and thumb; stealing (a garment).

א buz-māda, A she-goat.

يرم أرا (أراى bazm-ārā (ārūy), Adorning a banquet or feast.

بزم الزرن bazm-afzūu, Name of a lady.

وران bazmān, buzmān, Drunk; sorrowful; desire, wish, will.

y bazm-āward, Viands or sweet-meats carried home from a feast; a kind of sandwich.

برمايون bazmāyūn, Name of Farīdūn's

אין שון bazm-sāz, Preparing or prepared for a feast.

bazm-gāh, kep bazm-gah, A ban-queting-house; a jovial company; name of a book on the degrees of Sufism;—bazm-gāhi balāghat, Field of eloquence, place for disputation, oratory, or conversation.

برم نشين bazm-nishîn, Who sits at a ban-

quet.

هرون bazmāna, The second day of the month according to the era of Jalālu 'd-dīn.

ניעט buz-moy (mūy), Goat's hair.

bazma, A nook of a banqueting-

est bazn, A harrow; a ploughshare;—bi-zan (imp. of zadan which has become a noun), Brave, valiant (m.c.);—bi-zani bahā-dur, Very brave, most valiant (m.c.).

بوندار bazindār (in Zand), A window, bal-

cony.

د برنطية bizanţīh, Byzantium, Constantinople.

بنک bazang, A bolt, a bar; a key.

A yy bazw (v.n.), Overpowering, seizing.

אָנְכּט ba-zūdī, With speed; quickly. ba-zūr, ba-zor, By force, forcibly.

אנע A אנע buzūr (pl. of bazr), Seeds.

a زرری buzūrī, A greengrocer; seedsman.

ورم buz-wash, Goatish, goat-like, like a goat.

אנבים buz-washm (for buz-pashm), Goat's hair.

שני buzausha, Lamb's tongue (a herb).

A און buzāugh (v.n. of צֿאַ), Breaking (day); rising of the sun, moon, or stars; cutting (of a tooth); opening a vein.

bazūna (in Zand and Pazand), The

knee.

by baza, A sin, crime; disappointed, frustrated; poor; injustice, oppression;—

buza, Unequal ground; a kind of odoriferous fruit; the sign Capricornus.

نوهش buzhish, Opposition; comparison, collation.

برة كار baza-kār, and—

برهار baza-gār, Sinful, criminal.

bazamand, Culpable, criminal.

buzīcha, A kid; a butcher's block; the sign Capricornus.

אַנְגְּיט bazīdan, To blow (as the wind); buzīdan, To tickle; to pluck off hair or wool.

ازيدة bazīda, Blown (as the wind) ;—bu-

zīda, Tickled; plucked, pulled off.

ny ba-zīr, Downwards;—ba-zīr āmadan, To descend; — ba-zīr bar-āwardan, To subdue, subjugate, conquer;—ba-zīri zanakh dast sutūn kardan, To be pensive and dejected;—ba-zīri qalam dāshtan, To commit to writing;—ba-zīr giriftan, To detract, take down;—ba-zīri nigīn āwardan (dāshtan), To bring under subjection.

بريشة bazesha, Sesame-flour; the dregs of

sesame-oil.

A By bazī, Ingenious, intelligent (youth).

Blowing; name of a fire-temple in Nishābūr.

אַניט bizyaun, buzyūn, Brocade. אָ bazh, Snow, sleet; a hill; a heap.

bazhuj, A production, appearance, discovery.

نولى ba-zharţī, With care, sagacity, penetration; the being endowed with these qualities.

شورنى bazharnī, Magnificence, majesty (probably a misreading of the preceding and homologous with it).

bazhghurda, A rolling-pin; a kind

of thorny plant.

bazhkam, A keeping back, a preventing

بركول bazhkol, bizhkol, Strong, robust; patient; laborious; eager, earnest.

bazhm, Dew.

bazhmān, buzhmān, Sad, melancholy, mournful, dejected; faint, flagging.

هُوْمَةٍ buzhmazha, A chameleon.

छुत्र bazhan, Mud at the bottom of a well.

sign bazhand, Name of a herb used in cookery.

نوندي bazhandī, Disappointment; help-lessness; poverty.

ونك bazhang, A key. لونك bazhwāl, An echo.

bazhūj, A production, appearance, discovery.

אנכל הענל buzhāl, The ankle-bone, the heel. without envy.

אָנָא bazhīr, A wing, a feather; wool.

bas (S. bahu), A great number, many, more; very much, greatly; enough, sufficient; often; yes, indeed, certainly,

it is so, very true, surely, undoubtedly, unquestionably; [bas āmadan bā kase, To be able to cope with, to come up to, to be one's equal; - bas kardan, To stop, leave off, give over; -az bas kih, By dint of, to such a degree that (m.c.);—ai bas, Oh many there are! (see);] — bus, A spit; a kies, a buss.

bass, Driving gently; turning loose (cattle); preparing the dish amand

basīsat, q.v.

basa (bas with the of the vocative). Many, some, something, somewhat, how many soever; oh how many! oh how many there are! oh! enough! name of a city in Persia; — chand chand basā (basā basā), Many, in great numbers.

basā buzurg, Very great, very يرك

ا ماسس basābis (pl. of basbas), Desert lands; trifling amusements, foolish words.

A بساتين basātīn (pl. of bustān), Gardens ; —basātīni <u>kh</u>wushnumā u dil-kushā, Gardens beautiful and delighting the heart.

a ساتینی basātīnī, A gardener.

basāj, the basākh, Depravity, wickedness; calamity.

basādast, Earnest-money.

ساردادن bisārdādan, basārdādan, اساردادن bisārdan, basārdan, To plough, to break up fallow ground.

بساردة basarda, Watered; — bisārda,

Ploughed.

بارس basārob, Gleanings after harvest. basāra, bisāra, A bench; a portico, verandah.

از bisāz, A day (doubtful meaning) بساز (imp. of sākhtan) do thou.

basās, Length (doubtful word).

A blue basag, Extensive (tract of country); -bisāt, Anything spread out; carpet, bedding; chess-cloth, dice-board; goods. wares; — $bis\bar{a}ti$ aghbar(dust-coloured carpet), The earth ;—bisāṭi tamāshā-khāna, The stage (m.c.);— $bis\bar{a}\underline{t}i$ $\underline{k}h\bar{a}k$, The earth; –bisāt sākhtan az rukhsār, To fall prostrate; to lie on the bare ground; to give oneself over to contemplation; - bisāti falak, The terrestrial globe; bisāţi kaun u makān, The surface of the globe, whole world, universe; — bisāṭi gul-furoshān, A carpet spread by florists over a wooden board and kept wet, to expose their flowers upon it;—bisāṭi miqrāzī, A carpet curiously cut out with scissors and embroidered.

a بساط آراى bisāṭ-ārāy, Who occupies the

place of honour.

A dbin basāṭat (v.n. of bun), Speaking freely; the state of a single, uncompounded substance (m.c.).

a ساطى bisāṭī, A pedlar, a toyman, basāk, A garland of flowers.

A عالم basālat (v.n. of اسل , Being brave,

valiant; valour, intrepidity; -basāla kardan. To rub, to bray.

A مسام bassām, One who smiles much; a

ba-sāmān, Good, upright; in a good condition, tranquil in mind.

لسان ba-sān, Like, resembling.

لسانج basānij, A kind of herb. سانج basānī, Numerous, multiplied.

basānīdan, To water, to irrigate. basawand, The rhyme of a poem; two things which are analogous or corre-

sponding to each other. سياس basbās, Vain, unmeaning conversa-

tion; and-

hasbāsat (for P. bazbāz), Mace, the nutmeg's envelope.

a بسبب ba-sabab, For that reason, therefore.

A بسبس basbas, A desert, uncultivated ground.

a سبك ba-sabk, In the style of (m.c.).

سيايك , bas-pāyak (many-

footed), Polypody.

bast (pret. of bastan), He bound or connected; a lover, a sweetheart, one in whom the heart is bound up; a turban, wreath for the head; a knot; a hundred; a sanctuary, asylum; a bank, a rampart; a mountain; distribution of water into canals, ditches, or drains; [bast shikastan, To exceed bounds;]—bist, Twenty;—bust, Name of a country and of a fortress; a rose-garden; the axle of a mill-stone; roast wheat.

bastā, A cloth in which a bundle is

tied up.

bustākh, Impudent, forward, rash. بستار bistār, Inconstant; weak; fresh water.

bistām, Coral.

bi-satān (imper. of satāndan), Take; buy;—bustān (for bo-stān), A garden for flowers or berbs (a fruit-garden being expressed by bagh); a place where odoriferous fruits grow.

(افروز (افروز) bustān-aproz (afroz), Inflaming the garden (an epithet applied to the anemone, the purple amaranth, and

other flowers).

oh استان بيرا bustan-ban, ابستان بان bustan-

paira, Gardener, vine-dresser.

bustān-sarāy, A palace-garden. bustān-shīrīn, A note in music.

bustān-farāz, A rose-bed.

ستانى bustānī, Hortulan ; a gardener. bustawand, Hillocks; ground.

bustaj, bustij, بستخ bustakh, bustikh, Frankincense.

bistar, A bed, mattress, bolster, pillow, cushion; -bistari samandar, The salamander's bed, i.e. fire; -bistar shudan, To be abed, lie down; -bar bistari 'īsh u huzūr, Upon the bed of ease and pleasure.

bistar-āhang, A coverlet ; a بستر آهنگ sheet

יייקטיט bistardan, To obliterate; to clean. bistarak, A small bolster or pillow. שבקף busturm, An eruption on the body. bistar-nishīn, Lying on a bed, bed-ridden.

bistarī, Bed-ridden.

لستى A servant, minister, attendant.

A مستقان bustaqān, A gardener; a keeper of a vineyard, one who watches sown fields to keep them from accidental injury.

استك bastak, A servant attendaut; a

small spoon; -bustak, Frankincense.

hastagī, The being bound or fastened; the setting of a broken limb; tightness, stricture, fastness; a band, swathe; a stammering, stuttering, impediment in speech; -bastagi'i baul, Strangury; -bastagi'i sukhan, Impediment in the speech ; bastagī'i farj, A female hernia.

bistum, The twentieth.

نستن bastan (imp. band), To bind, shut, close up; to contract, get, acquire, incur; to congeal, coagulate, clot; to copulate, have sexual intercourse; to form seed-buds, to fructify; -bara bastan, To observe the

bastan-gāh, An anchorage, a

bastanī, A cloth for binding together bundles of paper, books, inkstands, and the like; a bomb-shell (m.c.); ices (m.c.).

bastū, A small glazed earthenware vessel; a churn-stick; joint of the neck.

bast-u-band, Arrangement. adjustment; control.

bastūqa, Joint of the neck.

bast u kushād, The power of

binding and loosing.

bistūh, Sad, melancholy, afflicted. بستوة basta, Bound, obliged, tied, fastened, chained; closed, shut, locked, barred, bolted; set (broken limb or fruit blossoms); coagulated, clotted, congealed; concreted; stopped up, obstructed, blocked up; fixed, established, determined, concluded; benumbed; bewitched, and so rendered impotent; planted, driven in; coloured silk stretched on a frame to be embroidered; a bale of goods; a poem consisting of four verses; name of a note in music; [basta'i zinjīr, Prisoner, captive; -- basta shudan, To be bound; -basta kardan, To bind; -basta'i gahwāra'i fanā, Subject to the miseries of the world;—basta'i nigār, Name of a note in music; a poem consisting of four verses; -basta'i nai-shakar, A bundle of sugarcane (Hind. phāndi);—dast u gardan basta, Bound hand and neck; -yakh basta, Icebound, frozen; —bistuh, Sad, melancholy busta, A filbert-nut.

a بستة رحم basta-rahim, Barren. بستة زبان basta-zaban, Tongue-tied.

a بستة فرج basta-farj, Impervious (woman). basta-miyān, Ready, prepared. basta-nigār, Name of a note in music.

ىستى bustī, A gardener; gardening; relating to a garden; a native of Bust.

بستيان bastiyān, Bastion, battery (m.c.). bastībāj, Name of a creeping plant. لستيغ bastīgh, A village near Nishābur. بس جستة bas justa, Much sought after,

basjīn, A hard wood of which bows are made.

baskhandan, To cause fermentation (with yeast).

رسيد ba-su<u>kh</u>an-rasīd, A reasonable man,

بس خواسته bas <u>kh</u>wāsta, Much sought after, beloved.

a husd, A flower-garden; a fruitgarden.

bussad, bissad, Coral, and its root.

يسد روى bussad-rūy, Coral-cheeked. basadk, A handful of wheat or barley in the straw; --basdak, The herb melilot. שבאני basadīn, busdīn, bussadīn, Red, coral-colour.

a hussaz (for P. bussad), Coral.

ba-sar, At or to the head, end, point, or extremity; -ba-sar amadan, To come to an end; to be finished; to die; -ba-sar burdan, To bear or carry to an end; to finish, accomplish; to fulfil a promise; to pass the time, to live; to agree, harmonize; to con-

dole, sympathize; to kill.

hasr (v.n.), Doing or asking (anyprematurely or unseasonably; thing) causing a she-camel to be covered before the proper time; covering a she-camel before she is in season; laying bare the scar of an unhealed wound; expressing the juice from ripe dates, amongst which unripe ones are mixed; emptying the churn before the butter has been made; beginning, commencing; cold water; -busr, Unripe dates full grown, and beginning to ripen; fresh rain just fallen; anything fresh, new, and tender; young.

فسراريري ba-sarāzīrī, On sloping or undulating ground, uphill and downhill.

busrāq (S. pushya-rāja), Topaz. ba-sar-barī, A load carried on the head.

ba-sar-burdagi, The fulfilment (of بسر بردگی a promise); accomplishment.

ور آمدگی ba-sar-dar-āmadagī, A slip,

بسر در آيندة ba-sar-dar-āyanda, One who falls on his head.

بسر و جان ba-sar $uj\bar{a}n$ (with head and soul), Most willingly, with great pleasure (m.c.).

ba-sar u chashm (with head and eye), Willingly, cheerfully.

bieriyā (in Zand and Pazand), Meat,

flesh.

A hand); distension; diffusiveness; being wide enough for; preferring, exalting;—bast dādan, To open a discourse; to explain;—bast kardan, To expand (basti janāk kardan, To expand the wings);—bist, Open, expanded (hand);—bust, A she-camel left with her sucking-colt.

a سطامي bastāmī, Native of Bastām.

h منظم bastat, bustat, Excellence; extensive and profound literary acquirements; extent; tallness.

a بسعى ba-sa'ī, Quickly, swiftly.

basagh, A cupola, a high apartment surrounded with windows, for prospect and air.

لسفدة basaghda, basuuhda, Ready, pre-

pared; an accomplisher.

ייישבעבע basaghdīdan, bisaghdīdan, bisughdīdan, To be finished, arranged, prepared.

a بسفائج basfātaj, سفايج basfāyaj (for P. bas-pāya), Polypody.

Bisqupos, A bishop.

بسك bask, A handful of wheat in the ear; yawning;—basak, Melilot;—basuk, An extract from the Gospels (doubtful word);—busuk, Cotton twist.

baskala, The bar of a door.

biskilīdan, To tickle; to embrace. سگری bas-goy, Talkative, prating, verbose.

basi (v.n.), Accelerating; sifting; taking by little at a time; unlawful; lawful; severity; reproof, blame, censure; the expressed juice of saffron and privet; disagreeable and repulsive in one's aspect.

بسل basal, Millet; the heel; iron helmet. بسل bisilānīdan, To drag; to break.

لسله basla, A pea, pease.

bi'emi (for bi-ismi), In the name of;—bismi-liāh, In the name of God (an ejaculation frequently used by Muhammadans, especially when going to commence anything); God be with you! God speed you! very well! all right!

a سمل bismil (contracted from bi-'smi'llāh, because on killing an animal the words
"in the name of God" are to be pronounced), Sacrificed, slaughtered; meek,
forbearing;—bismil kardan, To sacrifice, to

slaughter.

A diam basmalat (v.n. of Q), Pronouncing the sentence bi-'smi'llūh, In the name of God.

a المنابع bismil-gāh, Slaughter-house,

butchery.

a سمل bismili, For sacrifice, for slaughter.

basma, A collyrium, tincture, or medicine for the eyes; gold or silver leaves painted or imprinted on a stuff.

basmachī, One who adorns a stuff in the manner described in the preceding

article.

a ba-sinn, As to age, by age, aged (m.c.).

basnās, Name of a certain learned man or prince.

bisanj, A freckle;—bi-sanj (imp. of sanjidan), Weigh thou.

basanjīdan, To draw a curtain, to hide or conceal from view; to prepare, make ready.

basanakhdan, To ferment, to leaven.

basand, Complete, entire; sufficient, worthy; sufficiency, competency; contentment;—basand āmadan, To satisfy, to suffice;—basand kardan, To be satisfied.

بسند کار basand-kār, Content, satisfied. بسنده basanda, Sufficient, complete, wor-

thy.

بسندة كارّ basanda-kār, Contented, satisfied. بسندة كاري basanda-kārī, Contentment.

שייבא לכינט basanda kardan. To be satisfied. שייבא busunk, Name of a mountain said to be inhabited by pigeons who read and explain people's intentions.

bisang, The herb melilot; a palmtree;—basang, A horse not broken in; an

extract from the Gospels.

بسنگ آمدن ba-sang āmadan, To be weak. نسنه basna, An unbroken horse; a bullock, steer.

فسودى busota, bisota, A curl, a lock of hair. المسودى bisūdan, busūdan, To handle, feel, touch, seize, rub; to bore; to repel, thrust back; to throw from the hand; to abolish, erase, remove; to swallow, engulf; to mix, mingle.

bisūda, busūda, Felt, touched, or

handled.

busūr (v.n.), Having a stern, forbidding look.

بسور busūr, Malediction, imprecation. بسوريدن busūrīdan, To curse, to execrate.

h comes with difficulty from her; the name of an Arabian woman, from whom originated, on small provocation, a forty years' war (harbi basus), ever since proverbial to express great events from little causes.

سوق A بسوق busūq (v.n. of بسوق , Being tall (a

palm-tree); growth.

busūl, A curse, imprecation.

بسوليدن busulīdan, To curse.

h biswa, The twentieth part of an acre of land.

بسوى ba-suwī, Towards; against.

. basa, The herb melilot.

a سهولت ba-suhūla!, With facility, with ease; easily.

سى basī, Abundance, plenty; — base, Many; much, very; enough; often.

basyā (in Zand and Pāzand), Wine. bisyār, Many, much; numerous; frequent; copious; very; exceedingly; — bisyār būdan, To be numerous; — bisyār khūb, Very well, all right (m.c.); -bisyār shudan, To be multiplied; -bisyar kardan, To multiply, to increase.

bisyaran (pl. of the preceding), A

multitude of people.

bisyār-bar, Very fruitful.

ייבון ופנא bisyār būda, It has often happened (m.c.).

bisyār-bahr, Who has received a

large share.

سيار خسب bisyār-khasp, Drowsy, lethargic.

bisyār-<u>kh</u>wār, A great eater, بسيار خوار

glutton.

بسيار دان bisyār-dān, Very learned ; (manygrained) a kind of pomegranate.

bisyār-dāna (many-grained), A بسيار دانه species of pulse.

a بسيار دائج bisyār dānij (for P. bisyār dāna), A species of pulse.

bisyār-dost, Who has many

friends, beloved by many.

a سيار دن bisyār-fann, Well versed in many branches of knowledge, rich in resources, up to many tricks.

(کوی) bisyār-go (goy), Talkative,

verbose.

bisyār-wām, Burdened with debt. bisyar-hosh, Of great prudence, بسيار هُوهُن very intelligent.

bisyārī, Abundance, plenty, multi-

tude; length of time or space.

basej, bisej, Arms, armour; apparatus for a journey; furniture, gear; purpose, design, enterprise; (in comp.) preparing, prepared.

basejanda, Preparing, arming for

سيجيدن basejīdan, To arm; to prepare for; to finish, to complete; to manage; to purpose; intend.

basejida, Prepared, arranged, dis-

posed.

..... basech, &c. = بسيج &c.

A due basisat, basisa, Flour of wheat or barley, toasted or fried with butter or oil and honey.

اسيط basīt, Expanded, spread; simple, elementary; expanse, surface; name of a metre (mustaf'ilun fā'ilun, = - - - |

-- ا eight times repeated).

A نسل basīl, Ugly, hideous, repulsive; stern, forbidding.

لسيلة basīla, A kind of bean.

basim (in Zand and Pazand), Wellflavoured.

هسيم A مسيم basim, Smiling, cheerful, jovial, merry; buxom, blithe; affable; - basim būdan, To be cheerful; -khandān u basīm, Of joyous, open, smiling countenance.

bash, A bandage; a hoop of silver, iron, or brass to fasten boxes; a padlock; a watered field; -bush, A borse's mane; a fringe, flounce; a lock, ringlet; incomplete; -bish (for bi-dihash), Give to him.

A ش bashsh, Of a cheerful, open counte-

nance.

bishār, bashār, Scattered (money); inlaid with gold or silver; stamped silver (to specify its fineness); beaten (gold); tired, wearied; a fetter; a prisoner; a gentle rubbing; touch.

A 5,144 basharat, bisharat, bashara, bishara (v.n. of بشر), Joyful tidings, happy news; happy dream or vision :- bisharat kardan, To announce good news; to preach the

Gospel.

بشارت bishārat-ras, رسان پشارت bisharat-rasan, A bringer (the latter also bringers) of joyful news.

bisharat-kashan, Harbingers بشارت كشان

of happy tidings.

بشاسب bushāsb (for būshāsb). Sleep.

a بشاش bashshāsh, Of an open, cheerful countenance; cheerful looking (m.c.).

A بشاهة bashashat (v.n. of بش), Turning towards one with a smile; joviality, cheerfulness, mirth; liveliness, alacrity.

A acla basha'at (v.n. of بشع), Having a bad flavour, being unwholesome, disagree-

able (meat).

ه بشام bashām, Name of a fragrant shrub. with the branches of which they clean the teeth, and from whose leaf a black dye for the hair is made.

bushāward, Uneven ground. بشاورد

bashbash, bushbush, Colocynthleaves.

a بشبق bashbaq (for P. بشبق bashba), Name of a village in the dependency of Marw.

bashbayun, bashbiyun, Fat.

bishpol, Scattering, scattered, dispersed; (with imperative meaning) disperse, scatter.

ما نشت busht, Name of a country in Khurāsān.

بشتاب

bi-shtab (imp. of shităftan), Hasten.

bishtālam, A parasite. بشتام bashtar (apparently misreading for تشتر), The archangel Michael (who they say has the distribution of riches to mankind); an angel who presides over rain and vegetation; a cloud; -bushtar, Pimples, pustules; thrush.

bashturagh, bushturgh, A herb with بخترع which they dye stuffs; part of a cluster of

grapes or dates.

bushturam, bushturum, bushtaram, A pimple, eruption, rash.

بشتره bashtara, = بشتره q.v., of which it seems to be a misreading.

bushtarî, Suffering from an eruption.

bashtuk, bashtak, bishtak, A small jar.

bushjīr, A mountain tree of which they make bows, arrows, or javelins.

bishkhā'īdan, bishkhāyīdan, To tear with the pails.

bishakhsham, A sliding, slipping; stumbling.

ba-shakhsi-hi, Personally.

bishkhūdan, To tear with the nails. bishkhūda, Scratched; enlarged, widened; ruined; trodden down.

bushkhor, The remainder of water in a vessel after drinking; = آبشخور q.v.

نه bashkhīdan, To shine ; to sprinkle ; to steal (not supported by examples).

a بندت ba-shiddat, Extremely, exces-

sively; violently, forcibly.

A شر bashr (v.n.), Relating news; shaving close so that the skin is seen through; feeding upon the fields (locusts); -bashar, Man, mankind; mortals, the human race.

a بشر ba-sharr, Maliciously, malevolently;

evil-disposed, vicious.

-basharat, The skin, cuticle, or out بشرة ٨ ward skin (the interior being called adamat).

a بشرط ba-shart, On condition, conditionally ;—ba-sharti an ki, On condition that.

bashrūnitan (in Zand), To wor-

A بشرى bushrá (v.n. of بشرى), Communicating good news; joyful news, happy tidings; -bushrá dādon (zadan, numudan), To convey good news.

A شرى bashariy, Human ;--- zu'fi bashari, Human weakness;—'uqūli basharī, Human

intellects.

هرية ه basharīyat, Human nature.

bishistan, To sit ;- bishustan, To wash; to clean.

ه مشع basha' (v.n.), Having a bad flavour, being unwholesome or disagreeable (meat).

bashghara, Made, formed, finished. T بشقاب bushqāb, A plate, a tray (m.c.).

bashk, Amorous blandishment; coquetry [bashk zadan, To coquette with]; lightning; dew; hail; a curtain hung before a door; name of a tree; (for bashad ki) it may be that; -bushk, Curly hair, the forelocks.

شكارى bashkārī, Agriculture, tillage.

ba-shakar-ash (by his sugar), By his lips, by his sweet words; -bi-shkar-ash (imp. of shikardan with pron.), Hunt him down, lay him low!-ba-shukr-ash, By his thanks.

w bishkastan, To break; to extinguish.

hishkufa, A flower, a blossom.

bishkal, بشكل bishkala, A crooked بشكل stick for opening a lock, a sort of key; ac-

cording to others also "sadness" and "curly hair," which meanings, however, are unsupported by examples.

bishkalīd, A scratch.

بشكليدن bishkalīdan, To scratch, to tear; to enlarge, to widen; to be fettered; to encircle with the arms; to embrace.

bashkam, bishkam, A summer-house,

an airy house; a balcony, a verandah.

bishkan-bishkan, A great feast بشكن بشكن with every requisite for enjoyment, a revelry.

bashkanj, The arm; the left hand.

bishkina, The stocks; a key. bishkūfah, A flower; a vomit.

bishkol, bashkol, Swift, expeditious, active, eager, strong; intelligent; woad.

bashkolīdan, bishkolīdan, To set

eagerly about a thing.

هکون bashkūn, Nimble, active, notable. نشكونة bishkūna, A flower; vomiting.

ېشکوه bishkoh, Magnificent, majestic, stately.

bishgar, and-

bishgard, A hunter, a fowler; a place for hunting; the chase; game.

bashqir, A towel.

bashal, Two things adhering to each other and suspended together.

و مشلشکه bishilshaka, Gentian, bitterwort.

bishlang, Name of a fort in Hindūstān.

بشليدن bashlīdan, To hang; to adhere, stick.

bashm, Hoar-frost; dew; name of a very cold place between Tabaristan and Ray; a heretic, a man of no religion; basham, Sad, sorrowful; undigested (comp. the following).

basham (v.n.), Suffering from indigestion; indigestion; -bashim, Weary, disgusted.

ha-shumā, To you.

A bishmāt, Biscuit, bread baked بشماط twice.

تشماق ت bashmāq, A shoe, sandal, slipper. bashmakh, A form of invocation.

bashmag-dar, The keeper of the Sultan's boots.

a بشمول ba-shumūl, With the inclusion of, inclusive; including.

bashma, Undressed leather; a certain black grain used in anointing the eyes.

بشن bashn, Stature, height; the body; the

top, bottom, and sides of anything.

bashanj, Splendour ; freshness of the بشنج cheek; elegance, beauty; -bishanj, A freckle or spot on the face or hands.

bishanja, Weavers' glue; also glue-

bushnazha, Paste of meal and datesyrup.

bishing, A plasterer's or mason's chisel with which they peck holes; an auger; a mattock.

bashnīz, مشنير bushnīza, Southernwood.

بشنين bushnīn, The Egyptian lotus. نشوتن bashūtan, Of bad principles; bishutan, bashutan, An ape; name of a son of Gushtasb, and brother to Islandiyar; an ane, a monkey.

יבינט bushudan, To wash; to be bad-

tempered; evil-disposed.

bashurintan (in Zand and Pazand), To worship, to adore.

bishoridan, To curse; to be disturbed, to be angry.

bishūsh, Cunning in trade.

bishāl, bushāl, Active, skilful, intelligent; confusion, broil; imp. of bishūlīdan.

busholānīdan, To cause to move to and fro; to agitate, to shake; to excite.

bisholish, Perturbation; performance, execution; knowledge; sight.

بشوليدن bisholīdan, basholīdan, busholīdan, To move to and fro, shake, waver; to sit down fatigued and bewildered; to see; to mix, confuse, embroil; to scatter; to execute.

نشوليده bisholīda, Seen; known; expert, skiled; disturbed, confused; accomplished.

bishūliyūn (G. ψύλλιον), Fleawort. bashuwaika'i ibrahim, According to the Burhāni Qāti', the Andaluq.v. هويكم أبراهيم g.v.

بشيع bashij, Equal ; death, destruction. hashir, A messenger of good news ;

proper name.

bishez, A leathern water-bottle. bashek, Peculiarity; special. bashīma, An undressed hide. بشيمة bishin, Essence, existence.

بشيون bashyūn, Fat.

A مارة başarat, bişarat (v.n. of بصر), Seeing, perceiving; sense of sight, vision; insight, understanding, intimate knowledge.

huṣāq, A snail.

ه المار ه baṣa'ir (pl. of baṣīrat), Sights; evident proofs, convincing demonstrations.

A → başar (v.n.), Seeing, discerning; sight, vision; the eye; -basari bī-başīrat, An eye without vision, mind without fore-

A ply busarā (pl. of basīr), The clear-

sighted, the intelligent.

baṣrat, baṣra, The city of Basra or مرة م Bassora.

A بحريل buṣrá, Name of a city in Syrin; name of a village near Baglidad.

a مرى baṣrī, Native of Basra.

a عم bus' (v.n.), Collecting; flowing, running (water); a rent in a bag through which the water leaks; the space between the fore and middle fingers; -bis' A part of the night.

A بصل başal, An onion ; an iron helmet.

baṣalīyat, Name of a quarter in Baghdad.

buşm, An interval, distance between بمم the extremities of the ring and the little fingers.

a مورت ba-sūrat, In the appearance, shape, or guise of; by way of; apparently; outwardly.

a baṣīr, Seeing, perceiving, discerning, penetrating; clear-sighted; intelligent; a connoisseur; the all-seeing God; -başīr shudan, To look at.

A معرة bastrat, Sight, vision, insight, mental perception; perceptive faculty; knowledge, understanding, intelligence, discernment; skill; circumspection, prudence; başīrat kardan, To foresee ;—arbābi (ahli) başīrat, The prudent, circumspect;—bī-başīrat, Improvident.

ميص baṣiṣ (v.n. of صيص), Flashing,

shining; splendour, brightness.

a احيفا ba-sighā, In the form or mode of: in the degree.

A بض bazz (v.n.), Flowing little and little;

thin, fat, and soft-skinned.

h فاعة bizā'at, Merchandise; an article of merchandise; goods; stock in trade, capital; agency, commission; -buzā'at, bizā'at, Name of a well at Madina.

A منع baz' (v.n.), Cutting in pieces; cutting off a part; cleaving, splitting; quenching thirst; marrying, contracting a marriage; having commerce with a woman; divorcing; declaring, making clear; being uneasy; -biz', A part of the night; small number (from three to nine); -buz', Genitale arvum; the contracting of a marriage; marriage settlement; divorce; coition.

baz'at, biz'at, A part, section, piece بلعة (of meat); -baza'at (pl. of bāzi'), Cutting

(swords).

هيع ه bazi', A partner; sweat; flesh; an island in the sea.

a in batt, bat (for P. bat), A duck; a sort ot large cup ;-baţi bāda (sharāb, sahbā', mai), A wine-cup in the shape of a duck; —bati zar, The sun;—bati surkh-āb-zāy, A goblet of pure wine; -bati sangin, A goblet made of stone which does not sink in water.

A by batt (v.n.), Cutting open (a boil).

bataris (G. πτέρις), Fern.

ماريق batariqat, batariqa, pl. of اطارقة

bitrīq, q.v. مُاتَّةُ A نَطَاقَةُ bitagat, The pupil of the eye; a label affixed to a piece of cloth marking the

ال مالي battal, Idle, unemployed; very foolish or vain, false; very brave; a cham-

pion ;-bottāl kardan, To abolish.

A مطالقه battālat (v.n. of بطل), Being idle; sloth; absurdity; falsity, vanity; valour, bravery.

A بطان bitān, A girth.

A Alle bitanat, batana, The lining of a garment; cap or cloth worn under the turban; a sincere friend.

ماملط batbat, Shepherd's staff (a plant). A معلم bath (v.n.), Throwing on the face.

A bathā', A spacious channel bedded with pebbles.

ا مَانِ baṭiḥān, buṭiḥān, A swampy valley near Madina.

אלת bair (v.n.). Splitting, cleaving, bursting (an imposthume);—baiar (v.u.), Exulting, being insolent with joy, petulance; being thunder-struck, lost in amazement.

الله baṭrā (G. πέτρα), A stone, a rock; a mountain.

هراخوس batrākhū, طراخو batrākhūs (G. βάτροχος), A frog.

هرا ميون batrākhiyān (G. βατράχιον), Wild

parsley.

طراساليون batrāsāliyūn (G. πετροσέλανον), Rock-parsley.

المرالاون batrālāwan (G. πετρέλαιον), Petro-leum, rock-oil.

المرح batrah, An elder; a perfect scholar (probably a corruption of بطريق q.v.).

a jb ba-tarz, In the mode or manner of; by way of; like to (m.c.).

a طرف ba-taraf, Aside, apart.

butrî, A bottle (m.c. corr. from E.).

a المربعة bi-larīq, By way of, in the manner of, on account of ;—bi-larīqi haqq, For the love of God, for the sake of justice.

bitriq, A commander of 10,000 men; vain, haughty, proud; a patriarch; a

Christian doctor; a proper name.

ه لماني balsh (v.n.), Seizing, carrying away by force; rushing upon with violence, attacking.

balak, A duckling; a small goblet; a drinking-cup made in the form of a duck.

אלע א bail (v.n.), Being vain, abortive, of no effect;—baial, A brave man, a champion.

batlaq, اللاق batlaq, Marsh, morass مالتي batlaq, المالة

(m.c., see باطلاق and أبتلاق).

A مالله builān (v.n. of المثل), Being vain, abortive, fruitless; vanity; falseness; abortion;—shubhati buṭlānī, A foolish doubt, a vain scruple.

bailamiyūs, bailīmus (G. Πτολεμαΐος), Ptolemy; light, brightness.

bailayūs, Name of a western

country.

مُلم م bulm, bulum, The turpentine-tree and fruit; a kind of greenish grain, of a turpentine quality.

A بطن bain (v.n. of بطن), The belly, abdo-

men; the womb; the interior.

a جان پرست bagn-parast, A worshipper of the belly, a glutton.

A مانت bitnat, Fulness of belly from eating, indigestion from repletion.

a بعانى $ba\underline{t}an\overline{t}$, Of the belly ; of the womb, born of.

a باون ba-taur, After the manner of, like; in a manner; by way of.

A eje batan. Interior, inside; heart, mind; concealed.

طی ً های bati', Slow, tardy, dull.

A مَلَيَّهُ bittīkh, dela, A melon, musk-melon; a pumpkin;—bittīkhi ziqqī, A water-melon;—bittīkhi mustatīl (hindī), The citrul.

a بطيخي biţṭikh</u>i, Seller of melons or

pumpkins.

A مليط batit, A wonderful thing; a lie.

A CLE botin, Large, gorbellied; far, distant, remote;—butain (dim. of batn), The second mansion of the moon, distinguished by three small stars in the belly of Aries.

a باهم ba-zāhir, Iu appearance, apparently; outwardly, externally; ostensibly.

الله bazr, The clitoris;—bazar (v.n.), Having an excrescence in the middle of the upper lip (a man).

אבנ buzūr (pl. of bazr), Clitorises.

a منابر آمدن ba-zuhūr āmadan, To come to pass, be put in execution, to be accomplished.

A selection but as, Name of a place near

Madīna, where a battle was fought.

A bi'ad (v.n. 3 of بعد), Removing far;

removal; distance; separation.

بعل من bi'āl (v.n. 3 of بعل), Sporting, toying with a spouse; conjugal intercourse;—(pl. of ba'l) Husbands; wives; spouses.

ba's (v.n.), Sending; housing, stirring up; awakening; raising the dead; resurrection;—also ba'as, An army, a detachment.

A بعثة bi'ṣat, Mission, embassy.

بعثر ha'ṣarat (v.n. of بعثر), Scattering. A بعج ba'j (v.n. of بعج), Cutting open (the belly with a knife); tormenting (love).

A see ba'd, After, afterwards; subsequently; [ba'd az, ba'd az īn, After this; —ba'd az ān, After that;—ba'd az ān ki, After which, after that which;—ba'da mā, After that, on which;—ammā ba'd, After these premises; now to begin;—fī mā ba'd, But then, now however (a transition from one part of the subject to another, very common in letters);—min ba'd, Afterwards, for the future;—wa ba'd, And then (frequently used like ammā ba'd);]—bu'd, Distance, remoteness;—bu'du'l-mashriqain, The distance between the two easts (i.e. between east and west, or between the solstices).

ه بعدة ba'dahu, After, afterwards, then,

A بعر ba'r (v.n. of بعر), Voiding dung (a camel or sheep) ;—also ba'ar, The globular dung of animals.

A فيع ba'arat, Camels' dung; glans penis.

a بعرت ba-izzat, In high estimation; dear, beloved.

ه بعض ba'z. بعض ba'za, بعض ba'ze, Some, some few; certain, several, sundry, diverse; miscellaneous; some people; -ba'ze bâbat, Particular taxes; -ba'ze jam', Sundry impositions; -ba'ze kharch, Petty charges; ba'ze zamin, Lands exempted from the payment of revenue.

A معل ba'l, A lord, master, possessor; a husband; high ground (especially such as receives rain only once a year); any tree, watered only by rain, not by art; the idol

ه بعليك ba'labak, Baalbak in Syria (Heliopolis).

ه العلق ba'lat, A wife ;—ba-'illat, By reason of; on the ground of; on account of.

A אינפיץ baʻalzabūb, Beelzebub.

a "line ba-'amdan, Deliberately, on pur-

ba-'amal, To use ; --ba-'amal amadan, To come to use; to be put in practice; -- ba-'amal āwardan, To bring to use, to put in practice, carry into execution, perform;ba-'amal dar nayamadan, Not to come to use, to fail, or become ineffectual

A بعماية الله تعالى bi 'ināyati'llāh ta'ālá, By the help of the Most High God.

a بعوض ba-'iwaz, In lieu of, in compensation of, instead (m.c.).

ه بعوض ba'ūz, عوض ba'ūzat, A gnat.

A بعول bu'āl (pl. of ba'l), Husbands; spouses.

A معلى bu'ūlat (v.n. of بعل), Marrying; -(pl. of ba'l) Husbands; spouses.

A بعون الله تعالى bi 'auni'llahi ta'ala, By the

assistance of the Most High God.

A بعيد bard, Distant, far, far off, remote; a stranger; $-ba^{i}\bar{i}d$ shudan, To be separated; -ba'id kardan, To remove; to absent oneself, be hid.

ha'ir, bi'ir, A camel; any beast of burden.

bi-'ainiha, The very بعينه bi-'ainiha, The very same; exactly, precisely; literally, word for

بغ bagh, A ditch; (Z. bagho), name of an idol; a god (enters into composition of names, as bagh-dad = god-given).

a 🛏 baghā, A whore, adultress; an infamous boy.

A بعلم bighā (v.n. 3 of بعلى), Playing the whore, committing adultery; -bugha' (v.n. of بغی), Desiring; seeking.

ه الله baghās, bighās, bughās, A sort of

kite.

baghār, A nail, spike, wedge;--also baghara, A breach in a wall; a wound; bighār, A river.

bighāz, baghāz, A wedge used by carpenters to split timber, and by shoemakers to stretch the leather on their lasts; —buahāz

(for T. אָשׁן), Straits; —bughāzi dārdanal, The channel of the Dardanelles (m.c.).

highâl (pl. of baghl), Mules; baghghāl, A muleteer.

baghama, A demon inhabiting the descrts.

نعان baghān, A wedge, a wooden peg.

baghānūsh, A quick-going horse.

هُ الله baghāwat, Rebellion ;—baghāwat kardan, To assault, injure.

يه bagh-pūr (S. bhaga-putra), = بعور q.v.

اهتاك baghtāf, A fissure.

بغتان baghtāq, A high cap; a robe.

A منه baghtat, baghalat (v.n. of بعتة), Happening unexpectedly; -baghtatan, Suddenly, unexpectedly.

bughsaranidan, To cause to بغثرانيدن

scatter

bughsarī, Afterwards, a little after. بغثريدن bughsaridan, To scatter, strew,

baghsūr, Name of a town between Herat and Sarakhs.

T بعين bughcha, A bundle.

t بغيمه کش bughcha-kash, A servant who

carries a bundle or parcel.

A Mach baghdad (by the Persian lexicographers explained as $b\hat{a}\underline{gh}i$ $d\bar{a}d$, The garden of justice, but see the true etymology under بخ ; other forms of the name are بغذاذ baghzaz, بغدال baghdāz, بغدال baghdān, بغدال baghdin, and مغدان maghdin), The city of Baghdad, situated on the eastern side of the Tigris, the capital of Babylonian or Arabian $Irāk; -baghdādi \underline{kh}\overline{a}l\overline{i}(\underline{kh}ar\overline{a}b, \underline{kuhna}), (met.)$ An empty stomach; an empty wine-cup; baghdādi ma'mūra, Fulness, repletion; freshness.

ד אינו bughdā, A butcher's knife (see .(بگده

A ye baghar (v.n.), Drinking without quenching the thirst, and being diseased thereby (a camel); a disease incident to camels from excessive thirst; bad water.

baghrā, A boar;—bughrā, Name of a بعرا king of Khwarazm, generally called بغرا عان bughrā-khān; (for the following) quadrangular sections of paste, dressed with gravy or milk; a heron that takes the lead in flight.

بغرا عاني bughrā khānī, A certain dish of which Bughra-Khan, king of Khwarazm, was the inventor (see the preceding article).

baghras, Name of a place about بغراس twelve miles distant from Antiochia, with a high castle, springs, and gardens.

bughrav, Clamour, noise. بغرار

ا بعرتاش bughartash, A spoon of brass; a blow on the elbow, the funny bone.

אנ baghz (v.n.), Beating with a stick; kicking; briskness.

baghshūr, Name of a village near بغشور Harat.

ه بعض baghz (v.n.), Hating; hatred,

spite, malice; grudge, rancour; malignity; revenge.

بطان baghṭāq, A turban; a robe. مال baghal, The arm-pit; [baghali-dast, The arm-pit; -baghali ran, The groin; an embrace; a fathom; the stem (of a ship, m.c.) ;—baghal bāz numūdan, To receive with open arms; -baghal raftan, To go on one side; -baghal zadan, To rejoice at another's distress; —baghal guzāshtan, To place under the arm-pit (m.c.);—baghal gushādan, To exercise; to prove; to display strength; baghalash ast. He is in his arms (m.c.).

ا بعل baghl, A mule; name of a Jewish

coiner of money.

baghlan, A follower, a partisau.

אָט אָ baghal-bur, Border, edge, margin (m.c.).

انعل بعن baghal-band, A rope tied under the arm-pits.

baghltāq, The accoutrements of a

horse; a cap, a head-dress; a robe.

امل ترى baghal-tarī, Shame, bashfulness, funk.

baghltaq, The accoutrements of a horse; a cap, a head-dress; a robe.

baghalak, A swelling under the armpits, a bubo; -baghalak zadan, To rejoice at another's misfortunes; to deride, to mock at. بهل گير baghal-gir, Embracing; an embracer.

بعل كيرى baghal gīrī, Embracement, clasp, hug.

r بغلنقار baghlangār, بغلنقار baghlangāz, Name of a bird.

بغلى baghalī, baghlī, Pertaining to the arm-pit, axillary; what finds room under the arm-pit, small; a disorder in camels rubbing the thigh against the belly; a kind of dumb-hell; a trick in fencing or wrestling.

a ملي baghli, Money of the coinage of Baghl the Jew (see A. baghl).

bughmāz, A mould for making bricks; a wedge (comp. بغاز).

الله būghunj, Coriander-seed.

baghand, An inquiry; a river; a kind of leather.

بغور ه bughūr (v.n. of بغور ه), Setting of the Pleiades, indicating approaching rain; ba-ghaur, With reflection, thoughtfully, attentively.

اهي *baghy*, baghi (v.n.), Rebellion, insurrection, revolt; injustice, tyranny, oppression, violence; insolence; fornication (m.c.) ;—baghī giriftan, To commit fornication (m.c.).

هيار baghyār, بغيار baghyās, Drink-money ; a present of sweetmeats; good news.

الميازي baghyāzī, Good news ; drink-money. » bighyat, bughyat, Anything wanted بغية A desire, wish.

A bi-ghair, ba-ghair, Without, be-

sides, except, unless; -ba-ghair ar man, Except me.

baf, A weaver's sley.

н bafa, Scurf, dandruff.

bafar, A wedge.

a Mala ba-fāsila, At a distance of; at intervals.

baftara, Decoy-bird.

baftarī, The yarn-beam; the sley of a weaver's loom; any instrument used in weaving.

bafj, Spittle; a slaverer; a blubber-

bafjam, Much, many; copious; cloths stretched upon spars of wood in which people catch money scattered amongst

bafda (= baftara), A decoy-bird.

ba-fardā, To-morrow; until tomorrow.

bi-farmā (imp. of farmūdan), Command, say

ba-firod, Down, downward.

н фы bafsh, Magnificence, elegance,

pomp.

المكين bafkīn (in Zand and Pāzand), An upper chamber, gallery, or balcony on the top of a house.

bafm, bafam, Sorrow; weak, tired; sad. bafnaj, A kind of venomless serpent. a אינן ba-faur, Instantly, all at once.

ه لاي ه baqq, A gnat; a bug.

هاه م baqa' (v.n. of هی), Remaining; duration; life, living; permanency, perpetuity, eternity; -kishwari baqā, The other world, the everlasting kingdom.

بقار ۸ baqqār, A dealer in cattle, a drover ; a blacksmith; name of a valley and of a desert, said to be inhabited by demons; a

sort of game.

A Ela biqā' (pl. of buq'at), Low places where water stagnates; low-lying tracts of land; buildings; convents; biqā'i sipihrirtifa', Fabrics high as the heavens.

a معدة ba-qā'ida, Methodically (m.c.). A مال baqqal, A greengrocer, a vendor of

provisions in general; (in India) a grainmerchant, a corn-chandler.

بقاول baqāwal, baqāwul (for بكاول), Overseer of the kitchen.

a بقاي baqā'i, Endurance.

هايا ه baqayai (pl. of baqayat), Remainders, remains; balances, arrears, dues; balance of revenue; -baqāyā'i bāqī, Outstanding balances.

ت في buqcha, A knapsack, wallet, small

bundle.

ba-qadr, According to, with regard بقدر to, as to, in consideration of; by the power of; by means of; to the extent or measure of; about, nearly, approximately (m.c.); ba-qadri marātib-ash, According to his rank.

هر ه bagr (v.n.), Cleaving, splitting; widening; being fatigued; looking for and discovering water (the hudhud or lapwing);
—baqar, Ox, bull; cow, cattle.

a h buqrāt, Hippocrates;—bukrāt māliku'ş-şahhat, Hippocrates, the king of health.

a عبر الله bagar-'id, A feast held in commemoration of Abraham's offering to sacrifice his son Ismāil (according to the Sunnis), or Ishāq (according to the Shī'ah).

a what bugsumāt, Biscuits.

a Actual ba-qasmīya, By oath; on oath.

A & baq' (v.n.), Going into any country; provoking by opprobious words and false imputations; — baqa' (v.n.), Being marked with black and white spots.

water stagnates; a place; a house, an

edifice; a convent.

 $a \bowtie ba-qaf\bar{a}$, In or at the back or rear; behind.

هُل الله baql, Herbage produced from seed;

-buql, Spring herbs; spring.

A hadlat, baqta, A leguminous plant, a pot-herb; — ba-qillat, In small quantity, with scarcity; sparsely.

baqlanqāz, Name of a certain animal with a black and white neck, long legs, and a broad bluish snout.

A ph baqqam, baqam, Brazil-wood; the red dye extracted from it; [baqami bunafsh, Campeachy or logwood;—baqami qirmiz, Sapanwood;]—buqum, The thorn-apple (Datura stramonium).

a المولة ba-qaul, According to the saying of; according to; — buqul (pl. of baql),

Herbs, pot-herbs.

A de baqīyat, baqīya, A remainder, residue, remnant;—baqīya'i sipāh, The rest of the soldiers, the remainder of the army.

a الميتى baqiyatī, Some remnants.

a ba-qaid, With the limitation of; restricted by; along with.

baqī', A place in which there are a number of trees;—baqī'u'l-gharqad, The

cemetery of Madina.

aylum; (S. bheka) a frog; a forest; a wild uncultivated country; name of a city in Transoxania;—bik, A live coal;—buk, The cheek, face; a pitcher with a short neck; ignorance, unskilfnlness.

A why bakk (v.n.), Bruising, knocking;

tearing, rending; crowding.

milk (a camel or a sheep);—baka', Name

of a plant.

اکی bukā' (v.n. of کا), Weeping, crying, bewailing, lamenting; a complaint, lamentation;—zār u bukā kardan, To lament and complain.

ba-kār, At work; to nse, nseful;—ba-kāri āb būdan, To be constantly drinking;—ba-kār āmadan, To come to use, to serve, to be of use, to be fit or useful;—ba-kār

āwardan, To bring to use, to use, effect, perfect; to kill, to slay;—ba-kār burdan, To use, to employ;—ba-kār nayāmadanī, ba-kār nā āyanda, Unserviceable, useless.

ba-kār-āmad, What has become بكار آمد

useful; true, according to fact.

A كراه bakārat (v.n. of الكر), Being a virgin; virginity;—also bikārat (pl. of bakr), Young (camels);—bakārat giriftan, izāla'i bakārat kardan, To deflower a virgin.

ا بكاس bakās, Name of two strong

places near Antioch.

المحافظ بالمحافظ ba-kāghiz burdan, To promote to the highest degree of honour

to the highest degree of bonour.

A كالله bakālat, A kind of dish made of flour.

bakāwal, bakāwul, A head cook, a snperintendent of the kitchen; steward, butler; cupbearer.

ا كاولى bakāwali, Relating to a bakāwal;

cooking materials.

H אונט bakāyin, The Persian lilac.

bakbar, The purging cassia.

الكيكة bakbaka, Frumenty, pottage; a villain, corrupter, spoiler.

A من bakkat, Ancient name of Mecca.

نخاه baktāsh, biktāsh, Name of an athlete mentioned in the Gulistān; also of a king of Khwārazm; (imp. of a verb synonymous with khirāmīdan) walk proudly!

baktānosh, A king of the genii. کتاره baktar, &c. = بکتر bagtar, &c., q.v.

اکتوسان baktūsān, Name of a certain sage; also of a poet.

baktūsh, A man's name.

a کثرت ba-kaṣrat, In abundance, plentifully.

ba-kujā, Whither? bikkhā, Plain silk.

يكدامين ba-kudāmīn, How? in what manner?

A joung camel;—bikr, A maid, virgin, girl; a camel which has brought forth her first colt; a woman delivered of her first and only child; the first-born (male or female, man or beast), the first-fruit; the first of anything;—bikri poshāda-rūy (the veiled-faced virgin), bikri mashāṭa-khūzān (theautumn-attired maiden), An unbroached cask of wine; the latter also wine in general.

bukrān, The inside of a pot, the bottom of a pot; also what is contained in it, or, being burnt, adheres to the bottom;

scalded in a pot.

bikrāni bihisht, کران بیشت bikrāni bihisht, کران بیشت charkh, Virgins of Paradise; the stars.

ا بكراتي bakrā'ī, Name of a fruit like the citron.

هُوَّة bakrat, A young she-camel; a pulley;—bukrat, The morning, the dawn.

الجرد ba-kirdār, After the manner of, like.

bakras, A kind of waterproof

woollen cloth of which hats and cloaks are made.

bakrawī, A kind of fruit between an orange and a lemon; a great drinker.

bukra, A wine-house, a tavern.

بكسر baksir, Buxar, a town in Bahār (India).

بكستن buksistan, To break; to be broken. لكسلك baksalak, Strong, robust (not supported by examples).

baksamāt, Biscuit taken on a

journey.

buksa, A fragment of meat.

bu-kushtan, To kill (= کشتن و.v.). کشه baksha, A swelling or tubercle on the neck or body.

a محمد ba-kaff, In the hand; in hand;—ba-kaff āwardan, To acquire; to exhibit, to display.

bakl, Preparing the dish bakilat.

hukm (pl. of abkam), Dumb, mute (persons).

bakam, Brazilian wood.

up, dig;—ba-kun, bu-kun (imp. of kardan), Do thou;—bakan (?) kardan, To roast peaflour; to put dry powder into the mouth.

bakang, bikang, An animal that has

lost its tail.

bukūr (v.n. of بكر), Rising, going, coming, visiting, or doing anything early in the morning.

عرك bakūk, A butt, mark, or target to shoot at; (also بكول bakūl) a drinking-cup.

بكونك buk u luk, Unequal; ignorance. كونك bakūnak (مكري), A wooden scimitar.

المحمد ba-ki, To whom? with whom? &c. والمحمد bakhān, الحباين babhāyin, A sort of grain.

الكبوخان bakhūjtān, Anything high in the middle and sloping at each end; a little pillow placed under a burden.

bikyāsā, A small load placed on a

larger.

اکیت bakīt, اکیت bakītā, Grandees, nobles. ba-gāh, In time; morning; the dawn; —ba-gāhast, It is time.

bagtar, A coat of mail, a cnirass.

انخبر بوش bagtar-posh, Clad in armour. bagtarī, An armourer, who makes

coats of mail.

bugda, A large knife, cutlass,

chopper (m.c., see ابعدا).

bu-guzār (imp. of guzāshtan), Send away, dismiss, let pass.

bu-guzāshtun, To send away, dismiss, discharge, disbaud, permit to pass.

المودانية ba-gardānīdan, To turn, convert, avert, divert; to turn the back; to take a turn.

اکرد راند ba-gard raft, He is gone to dust, he is annihilated; it is evaporated in smoke. نگرديدي ba-gardīdan, To walk, to wander; to turn, change, alter; — ba-gardīdan az

chize, To decline or turn away from anything.

т كرادة beg-ғāda, A prince's son; a cavalier.

يكسل bi-gsil (imp. of gusīkhtan or gusistan), Break off, &c.

بكشان bagshān, An assembly of nobles.

بكشتن bu-gashtan, To turn, to become (= پكشتن q.v.).

bagam, Brazilian wood used in dyeing; bigum, A queen; the queen-mother; a lady of rank; a respectable matron.

bi-gmār (imp. of gumāshtan), Conquer thou, &c.; — bugmār, A conqueror,

victor, superior.

bagmāz, Sorrow, grief; a drinking-glass; an entertainment, a banquet;—bagmāz kardan, To give a wine-party;—bigmāz, Wine; a drinking-glass; wine-drinking.

بگند bagand, A bird's nest.

فك bagang, An animal which has lost its tail.

bugni, Malt liquor, beer ;—bagni'i arzan, Beer from millet.

يگو bi-go, bu-gū (imp. of guftan), Say thou.

& ba-gah, In time, in a certain time, timely.

الجيتر bagah-tar (comp. of the preceding), Earlier, in better time.

bugīr, كير bugīr, The purging cassia. الله bal, The heel;—bil (for bihil), Let alone, touch not, dismiss, send away; (S. vilva) name of a fruit;—bul (from S. bahula, or A. bū'l, pronounced bul?), Much; very; many; foolish, stupid.

بل ه bal, But; nay, no, on the contrary; yet, however; assuredly; what do I say?

A & ball (v.n.), Moistening, softening, sprinkling; recovering from indisposition; bestowing upon;—bill, Anything allowed or permitted.

A & bilā (bi-lā), Without, beyond;—bilā imhāl, Without delay;—bilā ihmāl, Without neglect; -bilā ta'khīr, Immediately, without delay; bilā tartīb, Disorderly, irregular, inordinate; -bilā taraddud, Without hesitation, without opposition; — bilā tasaiyul, Without running or flowing; -bilā tashbīh, Beyond comparison, incomparably; -bila tab, Without trouble or fatigue; -bila ta'bīr, Inexplicable;—bilā tawaqquf, Without waiting, immediately, at once ; -bilā hujjat, Without proof; -bila harakat, Motionless, immovable; — bilā sabab, Without cause; -bilā shart, Unconditional; bilā shak, Without doubt, doubtlessly;bilā tā'il, Unprofitable;—bilā talab, Without seeking; -bilā 'iwaz, Without recompense; -bilā fāṣila, Without interruption, immediately (m.c.); -bilā fā'ida, Unprofitable; -bila farq, Indifferently; -bila qusur, Without fail; -bilā mūjib, Without cause; -bilā muhārasha, Without dispute; -bilā

wāsita, Without reason; -bilā wajh, Without motive, groundless; - bilā waswās, Without apprehension; unhesitatingly.

A ملك balā' (v.n. of بلو), Tempting, trying; trial, affliction, calamity, evil, ill; a person or thing accounted a trial, etc.; evil genius, evil spirit, devil, fiend; -balā'i siyāh, Confusion, opposition, trouble.

a 30 N balā-anges, Stirring up mischief,

bringing trouble, calamitous.

לאל balābil (A. pl. of bulbul), Nightingales.

a t الم براعما balā-boghmā, Vile trash, trum-

pery, rubbish.

الله bilāba, An adultress, a courtezan; an obscene or idle talker; cajolery; bad, naught, worthless; -ibn bilaba, A son of a whore.

پلابه کار bilāba-kār, Unchaste, adulterous ; a whoremonger; a whore.

balātigīn, An iron or wooden بالتكون

mace.

a پرور balā-parwar, Distressed, un-

happy, miserable (a lover).

balāj, Reeds from which mats are made; a mat; -bulaj, = q.v. (if not a misreading).

balājūr, A black bullock.

a جى balā-joy, Distressed, unhappy, miserable (a lover).

a was h bala-chin, What averts cala-

mity (alms, a sacrifice, &c.).

balād, Despised, contemptible, dis-

pleasing.

A bilad (pl. of balad), Cities, countries, regions, habitations; provinces, territories; an inhabited country; — bilādi khwush numā, Splendid cities.

بالدة له balādat (v.n. of بالدة , Peing stupid;

stupidity, stolidity.

baladar, The ornaments of a woman, particularly ornaments of gold worn on the head; -baladur, The marking nut Semecarpus anacardium.

balādurī, An anacardium electuary. الادور balādūr, Anacardia ;—balā dūr, Far be the evil (phrase used to avert an evil

balādah, bilāda, Depraved, perverse, mischievous.

لار balar, Root of a thorny shrub.

ballār, Cryetal. بالر

balāraj, A stork.

لارك balārak, Indian steel; an Indian sword; the wavy surface of a sword.

ballārī, Crystalline. الأرى

a ما يا balā-zada, Stricken with adversity. bilāzh, Without cause or reason.

A بالمس balās (for P. palās), A hair-cloth, sackcloth; a mattress.

بالماغون balāsāghūn, A city in Turkistān. يلاسيدن balāsīdan, To have a wrinkled, rugged, or unequal surface (especially anything of a globular form, as a melon); to

wither, dry, and shrivel (as fruit) before it be ripe.

balāsiyūs, A matter like glass found at the sea-shore.

بلاش balāsh, Scientific, skilful ; name of a king; also of a city; -bilash (for A. bilashayin), Without cause or reason, without a why or wherefore.

balashjird, المعرد balashjird, Name

of a city four leagues from Marw.

A by balat, Level ground, a smooth pavement of stones, bricks, tiles, or earth; a flag-stone or brick used in pavements; name of several places.

a ይካ ballā', An enormous eater; a glut-

A جلاع balāgh, Arrival; transmitting, de-

livering a message.

A ملاعة balāghat (v.n. of بلاغة balāghat (v.n. of بلاغة), Being eloquent; eloquence, flow of words; rhetoric; maturity; — mazmūni balāghat-mashhūn, The eloquent contents.

الأغور balāghūr, A stranger, a refugee.

balaq, The feet of long trousers or drawers;—bulāq, An ornament worn in the nose.

ه النح balāgi' (pl. of balga'), Uninhabited countries.

a بلا كش balā-kash, Unhappy, miserable, afflicted.

a ها كرداي balā-gardān, Warding off or averting evil.

للال balāl, Root of the plant Azarboya. ል ይህ balāl, Moisture, humidity, freshness

(of youth or young plants); water;—bilāl, Name of the crier who announced to the people when Muhammad said prayers.

balālak, Excellent steel; an Indian

aword.

الأمر balālīr (pl. of ballār or billaur), Crystals; beryls.

a بلا نعيب balā-naṣīb, Afflicted, unfortu-

nate.

a بلا نوش balā-nosh, One who eats anything vile or unclean; one who eats indiscriminately.

الله balana, A work left unfinished or in-

complete.

ه لاهلة balāhat (v.n. of بلاهة , Doating, being weak in judgment, foolish, ignorant; stupidity.

پلاية balāya, bilāya, A whore ; an impudent man or woman; corrupted, degenerate, bad,

لاية تو balāya-qaz, A kind of coarse silk of little value.

باليه كار balāya-kār, Whorish (weman).

halbāl, Anxiety, anguish, grief, بلبال ه vexation; affliction; a wolf; -bilbāl (v.n. of بابل Q), Being subject to evil suggestions or temptations; being exceedingly grieved.

المان balabān (ba-labān), A musical instrument played with the lips, jew's

harp.

balabānī, A performer on the balaban.

ليكة balbaka, Fresh butter.

بلبل balbal, = بلبله q.v.; -bulbul, The bulbul, a bird with a melodious voice, the nightingale, celebrated by the Eastern poets as "the lover of the rose"; hence met. a lover; a little king, viceroy; -bulbuli bustani mā zāgh, The nightingale of the garden of us crows, i.e., poor miserable creatures (an epithet of Muhammad); -bulbul shudan, To fall in love; to become confused; -bulbuli tumbur, The bridge of a guitar (comp. محر and عبر); - bulbul kardan. To enamour; to confuse; - bulbuli ganj, An

بليلاني balbalānī, A kind of sweetmeat.

A بلبلة balbalat (v.n. of بلبلة Q), Mixture, confusion of languages; division opinions; a scattering of furniture; a black pearl; evil suggestious; -bulbulat, A jug with a spout at the side of the head; a travelling litter for ladies.

-bulbul المبل چشمى , bulbul-chashm المبل چشم

chashmi, A sort of silk.

bulbulistan, A place abounding بلبلستان in nightingales.

a بلبل مراح bulbul-mizāj, Of an amorous

disposition. אול יכו bulbul-nawā, Melodious as a

nightingale.

balbala, The gurgling of water when poured from a bottle; anguish of spirit; a drinking-vessel with a spout; butter; liquor; leather; a root; a camel-litter (see (بلبلة . ٨

bulbuli, A firkin; wine; leather, thin and dyed in various colours; a kind of

apricot.

المبن balban, Purslain.

balbūs (G. βολβòs), A wild onion; garlick; a kind of poppy.

لبيس balbais, bulbais, A town in Egypt. A & ballat, Being moist; -billat, Mois-

ture, freshness. biltis, Name of a medicine.

A balaj (v.n.), Separation of the eyebrows; brightness of the morning.

baljam (= بلغم balgham), Phlegm. المحيك baljik, Belgium (m.c. from Fr.

Belgique).

balah, Unripe dates (being in the middle state between busr and <u>kh</u>alāl, which signify also unripe dates in different stages).

a الما ba-lihāz, In respect or considera-

tion of; with regard to.

balkh, One of the capitals of Khurāsān (Transoxania), about ten parasangs or leagues from the Oxus or Jihūn.

A بلنع balkh, bilkh, Proud, haughty;—

balakh, Pride, haughtiness.

balkhach, balakhach, Vitriol, black tincture.

balkham, A sling.

A h balad, A city, town, district, province, country; (met.) at home, i.e. conversant with, capable of, equal to; bence a guide to others, a conductor, escort, convoy; -balad shudan, To be able to, to be fit for, to know (m.c.); -zabāni rūsī baladī, Do you know Russian? (m.c.) ;-fulān chīz-rā balad nīstam, I cannot do such and such a thing (m.c.).

A بلدأن buldan (pl. of balad), Cities;

countries.

الله baldat, balda, A city; the twentyfirst mansion of the moon; a part of the heavens having few stars; the breast, the chest; (also buldat) the space between the eyebrows and the root of the nose.

الله baldaḥ, Name of a valley near Mecca, and of a mountain near Juddah.

T بلدر جين buldur-jin, بلدر جين buldur-chin, A quail (m.c.).

لدة balda, Eve, the first woman.

a بلديت baladīyat, Knowledge, acquaintance (m.c.); -baladiyat kardan, To make acquainted (with a place), to show about (m.c.).

A بلس balas, Wicked, profligate (man); a kind of white fig, or a fruit resembling it; -bulsun), Lentils. بلسن bulsun), Lentils.

A باسان balasān, balsān, The balsam-tree; balsam; balm of Gilead.

. bilist, A span بلست

balask, A swallow ;—bilisk, An iron spit; a piece of iron, flat at one end, for detaching bread from the sides of the oven; -bulusk, and--

bulushk, An iron or stick with

which meat is hung up to roast.

الطان baltān, المطان baltāwan, Beet, spinage. ملطان bi-lnt fi 'llāhi ta'ālá, By the

favour of God Most High.

hala' (v.n.), Swallowing; -- bula', A hole in the centre of mill-stones or pulleys; a glutton; -sa'di bula', The twenty-third lunar mansion (distinguished by two stars, the one bright, the other faint, as if devoured by the other).

bal'am, A glutton, one who greedily المعم devours; Balaam; -bul'um, The gullet.

bel'ambar (contr. from banu 'l-'ambar), Name of a tribe of Tamim.

a بلعيدن bal'īdan, To swallow, to devour.

bul'um, The gullet.

hulaghā' (pl. of balīgh), Eloquent بالحاء men.

bulghār, Bulgaria (by some Persian بلغار A commentators explained as "a place abounding in caves," $b\bar{u}$ 'l- $\underline{ah}\bar{a}r$); perfumed leather, Russian leather.

a بلغارى bulghārī, Russian leather.

a بلغاي bulghāq, for P. —

bulghāk, Clamour, altercation.

M بلغان bulghān, The Scythian weasel, sable.

المعة bulghat, A little; sufficient to sustain life.

bulghud, A heap, a pile.

balghada, Fetid, addled :- tulghuda. Heaped up; a quilting or padding.

A بلغر bulghar, Bulgaria.

bulghur, Coarsely ground wheat, &c. (see بلغور). نامران balghirād, Belgrade.

bulghushna, A running knot, a

ه balgham (probably from G. φλέγμα), Phlegm (one of the four humours of the body).

balghamī, Phlegmatic.

bulghund, A heap; heaped.

balghandar, An expression of praise ; also of reviling; -bulghandar, A man of no

balghunda, balghanda, A knapsack, a wallet, a load for a man's back; stopped (circulation of blood); -bulghunda, Heaped

T بلغور bulghür, Bruised barley or wheat ; a dish made of the same; anything pounded.

المونة balghāna, Thought, meditation (unsupported by examples); -bulghuna, Paint for the face (especially of yellow colour).

balfakhtan, To gain, to acquire. balfarakhj, Vile, hideous, impure.

A بلت balq (v.n. of بلت), Opening wide (a door); -balag (v.n.), Being black and white (horses, cattle).

بلغاق ulq aq, = bulq aq بلغاق q.v.

bulgadar, A fellow of no religion.

ه القع balqa', An uncultivated, uninhabited country.

balgandar, Reproach ;—bulgandar, Faithless, irreligious.

bilqis, Name of the Queen of Sheba.

bilk, A spark; fire;—balk (for bal-ki), But, however;—bilak, First-fruits; anything new or elegant; a pretty little bird; a gift; -bilik, Adhesiveness; - buluk, A large, prominent eye.

bulkāma, Eager, desirous, sanguine.

wilkis, bulkus. The coping of a wall. bulkafd or bilkifd, A bribe given to a judge.

bulkafda, A bribe to a judge. بلكك bilkak, بلكك bilkal, Tepid water.

balgan, A machine for بلكن balkan, بلكن raising or throwing stones; a balista; the coping of a wall.

a بلكه bal-ki, But, however, perhaps; nay, no; still more; moreover; besides; rather,

on the contrary.

bulgul, Topid water.

bulgunjak, bulganjak, Anything بالكنيك new, strange, or laughable; a buffoon.

A بلل balal, Moisture, humidity; freshness; -bilal (pl. of billat), Moistures; humidities

لما balmā, Thick; a vast pile; smooth (beard).

للمائع bulmāj, bulamāj, Soup, broth. المائع balmalīdan, To mutter to oneself, to be vexed, indignant, to bear with impatience.

balmūn, A thorny plant, called in

Arabic 'arfaj.

balma, Long-haired (man); a step, a stair; (also bulma) hair thick and long.

بلمة ريش balma-rīsh, A large beard. balanj, bilinj, Measure; quantity. bulanjā (for buland jā), A high place.

بلنبهاسب bilinjāsp, بلنجاسف bilinjāsf,

Southernwood.

balanjmushk, The wild tamarisk. baland, buland, High, sublime, elevated, exalted, tall; loud; dignified; [baland uftadan, To rise high (price, value, gain); - baland andākhtan, To praise highly; baland bar-dāshtan, To exalt, extoll, elevate; -baland-parwāzī kardan, To aspire, soar; baland didan, To look or behave respectfully, to admire, revere, honour ;-baland shudan, To be high; to be lifted (a sword, &c.); to be long (night, &c.); to rise (m.c.); ---baland shudani qosha'i abrū, Superciliousness; irritability; -baland shunidan, To be hard of hearing ;--baland kardan, To elevate, raise, exalt, aggrandize;] - baland, bilind, The lintel of a door or window; the four posts (i.e. jambs, lintel, and threshold) of a door. بلند آعتر baland-ākhtar, High-starred, lucky.

a المند أرادة baland-irāda, Ambition; ambi-

tious.

a بلند اركان baland-arkān, Raised ou lofty pillars.

بلند آهيان baland-āshyān, Building his nest in high places.

بلند افسر baland-afear, Who wears a lofty crown.

a بلند اقبال baland-iqbāl, Of lofty fortunes. a بلند اتتدار baland-iqtidar, High in power. للدانيدن balandānīdan, To cause to exalt or to be exalted.

بلند آواز baland-āwāz, Having a loud voice;

in high repute.

بلند باز baland-baz, Who plays for high stakes.

بلند بالا baland-bālā, Of a high stature.

بلند بانک baland-bang, Sonorous-voiced; stentorian.

baland-bakht, Of lofty fortunes. بلند بين baland-bīn, Aspiring; spiritual, initiated in sacred mysteries.

بلند پايغ baland-pāya, Placed in a high situation.

, baland-parwāz بلند پرواز ,baland-parwāz بلند پر Of lofty flight, flying high.

baland-par-i, Thou art flying بلند بري high; -baland-pari, A lofty flight; ambition; boasting, self-glorification.

بلىدۇرىن balandtarin, The highest.

المند تالش baland-taläsh, Who pursues high

objects of study; aspiring.

بلند جاة baland-jah, Exulted in dignity. a بلند حوصلة baland-ḥauṣala, Ambitious. بلند دوش baland-dosh, High-shouldered. بلندر balandar (for balandtar), Higher. ہلندرین balandarīn (for balandtarīn),

Highest.

baland-sāyah, Granting powerful بلند ساية protection; most gracious or merciful.

a بلند مفير baland-safir, Whistling or singing in shrill tones.

a بلند قامة baland-qāmat, Of high stature,

a بلند كوكب baland-kaukab, Of lucky star.

بلند كراى baland-giray, Aspiring.

a بلند موتبه baland-mahall, بلند محل balandmartaba, بلند مكان baland-makān, Of high place, rank, or station,

haland-nām, Highly renowned. بلند ناه

بلند نظاه ,baland-nazar (a.), ملند نظ balandnigah, Aspiring.

المند نوا baland-nawā, High-voiced.

baland u past, High and low; heaven and earth; up hill and down dale

baland-u-past-dīda, Who بلند و بست ديدة has seen good and evil days, experienced.

a بلند همت baland-himmat, High-minded,

of lofty aspirations.

بلندي balandi, Sublimity, height, exaltation; summit, eminence.

بلنديدن balandidan, To exalt; to be exalted.

balandi-giray, Bent on lofty بلندي كراي things.

بلدين balandin, The jambs, beams, or posts of a doorway; the lintel.

balangmusht, بانگمشت balangmushk, The wild tamarisk.

بانگيدن bulangidan, To halt, to limp.

L بلنياس bilniyās, Pliny.

balw (v.n.), Examining, trying, making an experiment.

balwā, Disturbance; disobedience; a

concourse.

balwāza, The ex- بلوازة bilwāz, balwūz, بلواز tremity of a beam or joist, projecting beyond the wall.

balwāzha, Glass.

المواية balwāya, A swallow.

bulūtak, A drinking-vessel.

ابارج 🛦 bulūj (v.n. of بارج bulūj (v.n. of بارج 🛦

flashing.

الربع bulūch, A wart; a cock's comb; a bit of flesh, which is cut off in female circumcision; a vane, a weathercock; a copingstone on a wall or a roof; -buluch, buloch, Name of a wild tribe living on the bank of the Indus.

باود bulud, Oldness, antiquity.

bulūda, Old.

الور ه ballūr, billaur, bulūr, Crystal;

beryl; [bulūri alwān, Coloured glasses;buluri ābī, The finest kind of crystal;] billaur, Brave; thick, large, bulky; name of a king.

a باورى bulūrī, bulūrī, باورى bulūrīn, Made

of crystal.

bulurin-andam, بلورين الدام bulurin-andam, بلورين الدام rīn-tan, With a body or limbs like crystal. الورين پنجه bulürin-panja, With a hand

whose fingers resemble crystals.

a بلورين ساعد bular urar urar u-sar a'id, With an arm like crystal.

bulurin بلورين سرين , bulurin-saq بلورين ساق surīn, With thighs like crystal.

balūz, A large table-cloth (doubtful

word).

balūs, Deceit, flattery; humility, چئومن submission; — also bulūs, A deceiver, a flatterer.

L بلوس bulūs, Paul (the apostle).

balūstiyūn (G. βαλαύστιον), Pomegranate-flowers.

A by ballūt, An acorn; an oak; a ches-

nut-tree (see ماه بارع shāh-ballūt).

A بارغ balū', Wide, open (mouth of a pot).

المبغ bulūghat (v.n. of المبغ bulūgh المرغة , bulūgh Arriving at a place; obtaining an object; arriving at the age of puberty, the years of discretion or reason; maturity, puberty, full age, adolescence, manhood; -dandāni bulūgh, A wisdom-tooth.

a المخية bulūghiyat, Puberty, the age of

بوك balūk, bulūk, A cup of wine ;—bulūk, A tract of country which a subject obtains either by gift, purchase, or succession, holding of the sovereign upon feudal tenure; a district (m.c.); camel's dung; the lark; (= ابكوك) a target.
_ باوكات bulūkāt (pl. of the preceding),

Peoples, nations; districts.

بارس balūn, A chaplet, garland; a gorget; a handkerchief; a road, way; -bulun, A servant.

بلوندك balwandak, A wooden sword.

بأونك balūnak (باونك balūna), A wooden sword ;-bulūnak, = مارك bulūk, q.v.

A بلول balwá, Trial; affliction.

A My bulh (pl. of ablah), Weak, silly, simple, ignorant, unskilful.

a بليانه bulhāna, Like fools, most foolishly. н بله بند bila-band, Disposition of lands; settlement, regulation.

المهوس bulhos (probably from A. bū 'lhawas), Very desirous, libidinous.

بلى bale, Yes.

A بليات balīyāt (pl. of balīyat), Misfortunes, gricfs, trials; evils, afflictions.

بلياد balyād, A plain (according to others, a black) garment.

بلياش balyāsh, Name of a king of Khwarasmia.

بليان balyān, Name of a prophet; also of a

village where many holy men are said to be buried.

A المية baliyat, Temptation, a sore trial; sorrow, misfortune.

اللج bilīj, Quantity, measure; a span.

h مليخ balīkh, Name of a river in Mesopotamia.

ه بليد balīd, Stupid, doltish, one who cannot by any means be stimulated to evertion; blockhead, dunce.

A بليخ baligh, Eloquent; effectual, efficacious; mature; copious; -sa'yi baligh, A great effort.

a بليغالة balīghāna, Eloquently. بليل balīl, Belleric myrobalan.

balīlā, Name of the Caliph Ali said

to be mentioned in the Gospel.

a بليلانه balelana, Fit to be worn by Balel, i.e. Bilāl, Muhammad's Mu'azzin (a dress).

halīla (A. بليله balīlaj), Belleric myrobalan.

بلينام balīnās, بلينوس balīnūs, A philoso-

pher at Sikandar's court.

Ham, The bass or lowest string, having the deepest tone; beating and thumping the head; (for bam) roof; name of a fortress in Karmān.

A m bamm, The base string of a lute or harp; -bumm (for būm), An owl.

ba-mā, To us.

a مامه ba-mādda, In the matter of, on the subject of; by reason of.

اماندن bi-mān (from ماندن), Remain, stay. ba-manda, Fixed; tired, fatigued, spent.

a ha ba-māwā, Under shelter or protection; -ba-māwā shudan, To take refuge with.

ba-maṣāba'i kih, To such a degree بمثابة كه that.

a بمثل ba-misl, Like, resembling;—ba-

masal, For example.

a مجرد ba-mujarrad, Immediately, instantly; only; -ba-mujarradi dīdani o, At the bare sight of him.

a بمدد ba-madad, With the aid of; by means of.

hi-maddi nazr, As far as eye can بمد نظر م see.

a المحالي ba-muḥāzá, Opposite (m.c.).

a نعمض ba-mahz, As soon as, at the moment when (m.c.).

a نمرتبه ba-marlaba, To or in a degree; to such a degree; by many degrees; ever so

a مررز ba-marūr, In the lapse of ; in a cer-

tain space of time; ago (m.c.). a بيعنيل آنگه ba-ma'ná ūnki, To the intent

a Lazza, bi-muqtazā, In conformity with,

according to the requirement of.

bimank, بمنك bamang, Affliction, distress.

bamangidan بمنگيدي bamankidan بمنكيدي To murmur; to be afflicted; to perish; to be buried; to set (as the sun).

a half ba-muwajaha. In presence, face to face.

a مجمع ba-mūjib, According to, conformably to.

ba-muhr, Sealed :—kīsa'i sar ba-muhr,

A sealed bag (or purse).

w ban, A garden, a sown field; harvest; Persian turpentine seed (called also wan); -bani kohi, A kind of herb used in cooking; -bun (Z. buna, S. budhna), Root, basis, foundation; podex; the bottom; the stern of a ship; extremity, point, end, tip (of anything); a kind of sourish drink or gruel prepared for assisting and promoting digestion; a cluster of dates; the trunk of a tree; issue, result; -bun afgandan, To draw up, to plan ;-buni bakht bar zamīn mālīdan, To establish one's fortune firmly; buni baghal, The arm-pit (or root of the arm);—buni bīnī, The tip of the nose; the root or higher part of the nose next to the eyebrows; — buni khosha, Stalk of grapes or corn;—buni dāmān, The ground;
—buni dāmān shabistān kardan, To sleep upon the ground; to keep watch; to give oneself over to meditation; -buni daman, The extremity or hem of a garment; the ground; -buni dandan, The gums; submission, obedience; purpose, intention; a treasure, a store; savings laid by; -buni rān, The groin; —buni kār khwurdan, To be anxious about the issue or consequences of a matter; --- buni kishti, The poop or stern of a vessel; -buni koh, The base of a mountain; -buni gosh, The soft part of the ear; respectful attention, submission; -az bun bar-kandagī, Extirpation; - az buni dandan (gosh, nākhun), as buni sī u dū (i.e. the thirty-two teeth), Most submissively, with the utmost obedience; bar kandani bun, Tearing up by the roots ;--bekh u bun, The root and foundation.

a w bin (for wil ibn), Son (of);—bunn, bun, A coffee-bean; coffee before it is roasted.

A بناء binā' (v.n. of بناء , Building, erecting an edifice; an edifice, fabric, structure, building; foundation, basis, motive, source, origin; beginning, commencement; [binā bar-dashtan, To raise a building high; binā shud, It was settled (m.c.); — binā guzāshtan, To set to, to begin (m.c.);—binā kardan (kashīdan, numūdan), To build, erect, rear; binā nihādan bar, To rely upon, to trust in;]-bannā', A builder, mason, architect; -bannā u kārgar, Builder and workman; -bannā u mi'mūr, Architect and builder.

بناپ bunāh (bun-āb), The bottom or depth of water.

a אין binābar (binā-bar), Because of ;—

binābar ān, Because of that, therefore;—binābar īn, Because of this, wherefore.

بنابة banāba, A time, a turn.

A win banāt (pl. of bint), Daughters; children's dolls;—banāti gardān, The stars; =banāshi gardān, below;—banāt u'n-na'sh, The constellation of the Bear (as-sughrá, The Lesser Bear, al-kubrá, The Greater Bear);—banāti nabāt, The tender herbage;—banāshi gardān (corruption of banātu'n-na'shi gardān), The three stars in the tail of the Bear).

אוטק banādir (pl. of bandar), Sea-ports. אוטקל banādirat (A. pl. of P. bundār), Dealers in precious stones, who keep close to the mines; forestallers, regraters (see bundār).

ه الماني banādiq (pl. of bunduq), Balls for

cross-bows, musketry, or cannon.

A بناديو banādīq (pl. of bundūq), Crossbows; muskets.

s بنارس banāris, Benares.

المارئي banārinj, banāranj, A shepherd, a pastor.

bināst, Turpentine.

باسيب banāsīb, Persian turpentine seed.
A من banāsīr (pl. of منهر), Ring-fingers.
إنمان banāgh, A ball of raw thread or yarn;
a scribe; a fellow wife; (comp. إينا).

a ها binākar, ها bināgar, A builder. المائية bunā-gosh, The cavity behind the ear, or the lower part of the ear;—bunāgosh kardan, To raise the uvula of a new-born babe; to submit, to obey;—bar bunāgosh zadan, To box the ear; to make aware of;

to instigate; to reprove.

איל אפאט bunā-gošhī, A box on the ear. אוֹם ba-nām, By name; in the name of; renowned, famous;—bi-nām, Of the same name; synonymous.

بناميوك ba-nāmīzad, In the name of God! O heaven! how beautiful! charming! ex-

cellent!

A نام banān, The fingers; the tips of the fingers;—binān, Odours, smells.

A منائع banānat, A finger; a finger-tip. بنائع banānj, منائع banānj, منائع banānja, A fellow wife; a man who has two wives, a bigamist.

שלפה ban-āwar, bun-āwar, A sore called a felon;—bunāwar, Anything with a bottom, root or base; deep.

אופע binawand, Restraining, confining. איל bane-bā, A dish composed of the fruit

بنبر bambar, An Indian medicine, Sebestens.

بن بست bun-bast, بن بست bun-basta, A blind alley or street.

ببل bambal, A sour apple; a crab; apything acid.

אָיָּהָ baṃbū, Bamboo (Bambusa arundinacea).

hint, A daughter, a girl ;—bintu 'l-jabal (laughter of the mountain), Echo ;—

bintu 'l-'inab, bintu 'l-'unqūd (daughter of the grape), Wine.

buntūma, Mistletoe, missledine.

A si banj, Henbane, a soporific herb; (probably contraction of bananj, q.v.) a fellow wife; — binj, Root, origin, stock, family; a knot.

بنجارة banjāra (S. banij-kāraka), A dealer in grain, who supplies armies in the

neld.

نجرة banjura, A hole, opening, door (see إينحري).

binjishk, A sparrow.

روای نیشک ورای binjishk-zuwān, Sparrow's tongue, a herb.

ينهك bunjak, Carded cotton.

A cinquefoil. banjanjust (for panj angusht),

نجويد banjīdan, To be friendly; to assist; to cut into pieces, divide, bruise; to do, make; to rise.

bunicha, A corporate body of arti-

ficers, a guild.

بيد band, A band, tie, fastening, ligament, ligature, bandage, chain, shackle, fetter, manacle; a knot, joint, belt, girdle, or anything by which bodies are joined, bound, or fastened together; a joint of the finger, knee, or any other part; a mound, dam, dike, or any enclosure of water; a lock; an iron plate, band, or hoop; a tentrope; a yoke (of oxen); the handle of a knife, the hilt of a sword; a quantity of paper (equal to ten dasta), half a ream; a roll (of parchment); a bundle; a kind of verse, wherein the same line recurs at stated intervals as a burden; an occupation which ties to the spot; durance, captivity; affliction, sorrow; a pledge, a deposit; oath, treaty, agreement; hope, expectation, desire; idea; imposture, deceit, hypocrisy, trick; a twist, trick, sleight, or manœuvre in wrestling; a share of spoil; a kite; name of a country; (imp. of bastan) bind thou; (in comp.) maker, causer, contriver, composer, compiler, captivator, &c.; -bandi arbab, A kind of horse-play, the person upon whom it is practised being suspended by his feet tied together with one end of a rope, while the other end is thrown across a branch of a high tree and given into his hand, until exhaustion forces him to drop it, when he is caught up by his tormentors on a raised blanket or mattress; -bandi izār, The string of the drawers; -bandi angusht, The knuckle;—bandi āhanīn, An iron chain; -band baz (wā-) kardan, To loosen, to untie; -band bastan, To wish, hope for, expect; -bandi jan kashidan, To be violently in love;—bandi jurāb, A garter (m.c.); band dar bandi qubă bāftan, To unite, to intermix, to mingle; -bandi dast, The wrist; band shudan, To be bound, restrained, prohibited, prevented; -bandi shatranj, Check at chess;—bandi shimshīr, A sword-belt;—bandi shahr-yūr, Name of a note in music;—bandi sharhan, To be put in prison;—bandi kār kardan, To complete a business;—band kardan (farmūdan), To bind, to tie; to imprison, confine, detain;—band kushādan, To untie;—bandi nai (nai-shakar), The space between two joints of a sugar-cane;—dar band shudan, To be labouring; to compose;—dar bandi kase būdan, To be under an obligation to one.

نداب band-āb (bandi āb), A dyke, em-

bankment; an island; contiguous.

אנוע bundād, A foundation; a prop; ori-

gin, root.

bun-dār, Firm, solid, fundamental, certain, established; knowing, intelligent; rich, possessing warehouses, granaries, or other repositories; a forestaller, regrater, engrosser; whoever lays up anything in magazines, in order to enhance the price, a monopolist; also a dealer in slaves or horses, who sets them off to advantage, in order to sell them dearer; name of an ancient poet.

بداري bandārī, A particle of similitude. وبدالوي bandāfilūn (G. πεντάφυλλον),

Cinquefoil.

المنائي bandāq, A kind of high mitre-like cap worn by the dervishes or qalandars.

لند اصبر band-amīr, Name of an embankment near Shīrāz, so called from Amīr the maker.

بند بازی band-bāzī, Rope-dancing. بند بازی band-bākūrī, A kind of herb.

بند بست dand-bast, بند بست q.v. بند بست band-<u>kh</u>āna, Prison, house of captivity;—band-<u>kh</u>āna'i nai, The interval be-

tween two joints of a sugar-cane. bundukht, The face, the counte-

nance.

שנים bundad (for bundad), Root, foundation.

אב, bandar, A city; an emporium; a port, harbour, trading town, to which numbers of foreign merchants resort; (= בנעש straits; a mountain pass; an ambush;—bundur, Name of a city.

بىدرز bandarz, bundarz, A packing-needle. پىدرگاه bandar-gāh, A port, emporium,

pass.

بندروز bandarūz, = بندروز q.v.

بدورغ bandrugh, A dam or barrier, either to form a reservoir of water, or to divert its course.

بدهن bandash, Carded cotton;—bandish, Termination, resolve; fastening; engraving, enchasing (of gold or silver); invention, contrivance; the preparing a false story, trumping up a false account; elegance of style; name of a country.

which is shot from cross-bows, balistas, &c.; a canuon or musket-ball; — bunduq

shikastan, To smack the lips; to give kiss;—bunduqi hindi, An Indian nut.

bunduqchi, A musketeer.

بدُدُتُهُ bunduqa, A little ball; a roun stone.

هدقي bunduqī, A fusilier (m.c.).

المدقية bunduqīya, A gun, a pistol (m.c.). المدقية bandak, Cotton cleansed of the seed and ready for spinning.

אנג אוני band-kushād, A joint, a ligamen איג אוני band-kasha, A bolt, bar; servitude איג אין band-koh, A mountain fortress.

يدكائي bandagān (pl. of banda), Bondmer servants, slaves;—bandagāni bī-riyā, Sin cere servants;—bandagāni ḥaṣrat, Servant of God.

بند گاه band-gāh, A joint; place (of

joint); a place of obstruction.

بيدگي bandagī, Servitude, ministry, deve tion; bondage; compliment;—bandagī kadan, To render service, to serve, to worshi

بند كير band-gīr, A fine cement made chalk, with oil and cotton, or ox-hair, en ployed in the construction of baths; a large beam, the main support of a house; nan of a tree.

bandima, A button.

بيدن bandan, 'To bind, fasten; to propos design, desire.

پد ناچه band-nāyizha, Litter from stalks.

ندنه bandina, A coat-button.

بيدنى bandanī, Auything used for tyiu or binding; a bundle, a truss.

بندو bandū, The tike; the canker-worm. بندوا bandawā, Acid; a certain bitte plant.

بندوانه bandawāna, A kind of water-melo بند و بست band-u-basi, Settlement for rei or taxes; arrangement; securing, manag ment; military discipline.

بند و بستى band-u-bastī, Belonging to settlement; a fine; arrangement, econom بندور bandūr, The imaginative faculty; bundūr, Pack-thread.

بندوغ bandwargh, bandiwargh, A dan weir.

bandūz, A packing-needle.

بدري bundūq, A musket.

שני bundūqchì, Musketeer; rifle-ma אָלְבּׁבּׁם banda, Bound, fastened, fixe chained; included, contained, shut up; servant, slave, bondınan, domestic; followe by a verb in the first person sing., = (m.e.); quicksilver; (in compos.) a keepe—banda'i bī-miqdār, A servant witho power, a most humble servant;—banda dargāh, The slave of (your) threshold; banda'i sādiqu'l-ikhṣāṣ (banda'i mukhli; A most devoted and affectionate servant; banda'i farman, Obeying commands, su ject to the orders, obedient, obsequious; banda u basta kardan, To bind, to oblige.

banda-parwar, Cherisher of slav بندة يرور

(a respectful expression used in addressing a superior).

banda-khāna, House of (your) servant, i.e. my house (when speaking to a superior).

banda-zāda, Son of your slave, i.e. my son.

بىدة گرفتگى banda - giriftagī, Captivity, slavery.

بىدە گرانتە banda-girifta, Taken prisoner. banda-nawāz, Kind to servants.

بندي bandī, Bound, chained, imprisoned; a prisoner; a Muhammadan captive.

بىديان bandiyān, Prisoners, captives.

bandī-khāna, House of bondage, بنديخانه

بنديدن bandidan, To bind, to shut up, confine.

bandīsha, Imagination, fancy.

bandima, איניא bandina, A coat-

للاجاك bandī-wān (for bandī-bān). A jailer.

שילוט bun-rān (root of the thigh), The groin.

bun-sāla, Old, worn-out.

a بنسبت ba-nisbat, In respect of, with regard to; in comparison with.

binshākhtan, To place, to seat, to erect.

بشاستن binshāstan, To sit, to be seated. binshāndan, To make sit, set, erect.

نشستن bi-nishin (imp. of نشستن), Sit down. binsir, The ring-finger.

bintāsiyā, منطاسبا bintāsiya (G. φαντασία). The inner or common sense.

bahri) buntush, (Sea of) جر) بنطش ه Pontus.

a منظام ba-nizām, In (esp. military) order (m.c.).

بنغار $bungh\bar{a}r$, بنغار q.v.

banafsaj, A violet; violet-colour.

a بناهسة bi-nafsi-hi, In person, himself; identically.

bunafsh, binafsh, Blue, violet-colour. bunafsha, binafsha, banafsha, Violet, violet-colour; a certain aquatic plant; bunafsha'i farangī, Pansy (m.c.).

bunafsha-posh, Covered or بنفشه پوش

adorned with violets.

bunafsha-khat, Having whiskers بنفشة مط of a bluish black.

بنفشة كردة banafsha-karda, Coloured blue. binafsha-gun taram, The بنفشه گون طارم purple sky.

bunafsha-gūn mahd, Heaven بنفشه کون مهد

and earth.

بنهشه موی bunafsha-mūy, With hair of a bluish black.

a المقد ba-naqd, In ready money, in cash; on the instant, by a glance, immediately.

banga, A grain resembling a lentil. banak (dim. of ban), Persian turpentine seed; a kind of satin; a pimple; drops of sweat on the face; bunak, A shrub; a sign, mark, vestige; - bunk, The bark of the Egyptian thorn.

bunk, The root, origin, best, or soundest part of anything; an hour of the night; Nascaptha, an odoriferous root.

bunkaran, Anything burnt in a pot,

and adhering to the bottom.

انكلك bunkulak, A rose-bush; a sort of fruit (apparently for بنگلاف q.v.).

ban-kan, An instrument for levelling the ground, a rake; -bun-kan, A hoe, weeding-hook.

bankū, Cotton-seed. بنكول bankūl, Bencoolen.

bang (S. bhanga), Hemp (Canabis sativa); an intoxicating drink made of its leaves; an allurement, bait, enticement; bang az sar (kalla) parad (the bang flies out of the head). One becomes sober and conscious again; -bang-sākhtan, To allure, to entice.

بىگاپ bang-āb, A drink prepared of hempleaves.

ان ساز bāng-āb-sāz, A maker and seller of bangab (shortly called bang).

انگاله bangāla, Bengal.

بىگالى bangālī, A native of Bengal.

انگان bingān, A goblet; a cup; a basin; a copper bowl or basin with a hole bored in the bottom, which being placed in water is suffered to fill, and thus serves to measure the time that each cultivator is allowed to have water turned upon his land from a canal for the purposes of irrigation,

bangāh, Turkoman cottages; the tent and baggage of a wazīr or graudee; -bun-gah, A place or dwelling; the rear of an army; a magazine, storehouse; an iron chest; bār u bangāh, Movables, tents, household furniture, and utensils.

bangar, An agreement for clearing lands; -bi-nigar (imp. of nigiristan), Behold, look.

بنگ رنگ banag-rang, Asthma; asthmatic. هنگية bangara, A song to quiet babes; a lullaby; -bingara, Spinning thread.

bangish, Name of a country in بنگش Turkistan ;—bungush, Deglutition.

بنگشیدن bungushtan, بنگشیدن bungushidan,

To swallow without masticating.

bun-gul, Name of the rose-tree and بنگل its fruit; name of a certain tree with an eatable fruit; a medicine (see بنبر and بنگر). يكلك bungulak, bungalak, A certain fruit.

banyalor, Bangalore in Mysore. بى bangala, Of or belonging to Bengal,

as the language; a thatched house, a bungalow.

bangū, Seed of fleawort.

bunga, An extending of the voice ;bungah, A place or dwelling; a place where money or goods are deposited.

المكى bangī, One who inebriates himself with bang, q.v.

ત્રીણ buntad, Foundation, basis; a prop; a wall.

⊕s•≈ banmin (in Zand and Pazand), A son.

الهن ناپديد bun-nāpadīd, Unlimited, fathomless.

banand, An unknown number.

نه banū, Harvest; corn reaped and stacked.

ه هو ما banū (pl. of ibn), Sons;—banū asfar ('l-asfar), The sons of the Yellow One, meaning the Greeks, Europeans in general.

نوازيدي or نواختي or نواختي or نوازيدي or نوازيدي q.v.), Soothe thou, &c.; (= براز q.v.) Answer, acceptance, assent.

نوان banwān, bunwān, The superintendant or bailiff of a farm.

a ننوبت ba-naubat, Alternately, in turns.

bunūwat, Filiation, sonship.

بنوردي banwardan, Wild berries. بنوردي banaura, A foundation, a basis.

نو سرغ bunū-surkh, Lentils.

bunū-siyāh, Peas, pulse.

a بنوعى ba-naw'e, In such a manner as.

banok, Warmth with festivity, gladness, joy; walking or moving briskly; also—

banok-kirm, A lizard.

bunū-māsh, A black bean or vetch. بنوميد ba-nūmīd, Despairing;—ba-nūmīd gashtan, To despair.

بنوان = ,banwan, bunwan بنون q.v

a منو نخله bunū-nakhla, A kind of wild vetch.

بنوند binawand (probably for bun-awand), Kept (as water in a jar).

banwa, banūh, A harvest; a stack of

grain in the straw.

kap bana, A dunghili; a slender rope; [bana'i bannā, A mason's line, a plummet;]—buna, bunna, Household furniture, goods, and chattels; baggage; foundation, bottom, basis; a place; a shop; a house; abode, lair, resting-place; a tree;—buna bastan, To pack up, to set off on a journey, to decamp.

A & banī (in composition oblique pl. of ibn), Sons; [banī ādam, The sons of Adam, men, mortals; a man (sing., m.c.);—banī isrā'īl, Israelites;—banī jānn (jān), The children of Jān, the jinn or genii;—banī nāḥ, The sons of Noah, mankind;]—buna', A fabric; the structure of the human frame; (pl. of binyat or bunyat) buildings, structures.

بنيا banyā, Victuals which people carry

into the country; a pienic.

بنيان bunyād, A foundation, basis; a fabric; a wall; — bunyād afgandan, To found, to build up;—bunyād ba-āb burdan (rasanīdan), To build firmly (sec باباب);—bunyād bar-afyandan (bar-andākhtan, bur-

dan, kandan, bar-kandan), To destroy, to rnin;—bunyād rekhtan (zīr u zabar shudan), To become destroyed, ruined;—bunyādi 'umr bar yakh (nihāda ast), The foundation of life (rests) on ice, life (is) fleeting;—bunyād kardan (nihādan), To lay a foundation, to build.

بنياد سنج bunyād-sanj, Who measures out the foundations.

بنیادگر bunyādgar, A builder.

A ביבלים binyāmīn, Benjamin, Joseph's brother.

انتي bunyān (v.n. of بنيان), Building, rearing; a wall, rampart; root, basis; name of a tank of Nu'mān, whose brackish water turned sweet in consequence of Muhammad's mission;—bunyān nihādan, To lay a foundation, to build.

A بنية banīyat, The Ka'bah.

ه المحيد banich, A garment (doubtful word). منه bunicha, A company of artisans, a corporate or associated body;—bunicha bastan, To wind up an account.

איתן bi-nīz (ba-nīz), Never; also; haste;

God forbid!

a بنيقه $ban\bar{\imath}qa$, The gore of a shift or garment.

بنيك banīk, Coarse raw silk.

بنيوش bi-niyūsh, bu-nuyūsh, Hear or listen thou (imp. of niyūshidan).

y (imp. of būdan), Be thon; (also contraction of buwad, buwam) he is, I am;—bū, bo, Odour, smell, flavour, fragrance, scent, perfume; hope; flesh of the mountain goat;—bo (bū) burdan, To suspect, to get wind of anything.

A \dot{j} $b\bar{u}$ (for $ab\bar{u}$), A father; frequent in composition, as $-b\bar{u}$ 'l-'ajab (father of wonderment), A wonderful thing; a leap, spring, dance; $-b\bar{u}$ 'l-hawas (father of desire), Desirons, libidinous, curious; a man who lives well; whimsical, fickle; a fool, &c.

ி buwā (for būdā, bādā), Be it so!

A sip bawā' (v.n. of i), Returning; confessing; being equal; equivalent; retaliation.

א פויף bawwāb, A porter, warder, doorkeeper; — bawwābāni zarrīn-sar, Porters with heads (i.e. caps) of gold.

جوار به bawār (v.n. of بوار), Perishing; destroying; ruin, destruction, perdition; slackness of the market.

א פוני bawarid (pl. of bārid), Sharp swords; (pl. of bāridat) Cold (things);—murhafāti bawārid, Death-giving swords.

جوارد bawārid, A dish ;—biwārad, biwārd, Acidity, tartness.

وراج bawārigh, A chair for a lying-in (woman).

A بواق bawāriq (pl. of bāriqat), Flashing (clouds); glittering (swords).

بواس bawās, Affliction, calamity, misfortune.

a و أسحالي bū isḥāq, Name of a number of men, among others of a prince and Sūfī chief, eulogized by Hāfiz; name of a turquoise-mine at Nishābūr.

a ابر الماقة isḥāqī, (A turquoise) of the mines of Nishābūr, or belonging to Shaikh Bū Isḥāq (see preceding article), alluding to the blue colour worn by the Sūfis.

a shad space ba-wāsiṭa, Because, on account of, by means of;—ba-wāsiṭa ānki, Because that, for the reason that (m.c.).

بواسى A بواسى bawāsiq (pl. of bāsiq), Tall palms.

ا بواسير bawāsīr (pl. of bāsūr), Emerods, piles.

ه واهل مواهل مواهل bawūshiq (pl. of bāshiq), Sparrow-hawks.

bawasha, An implement for winnowing grain.

h bawāshīr (pl. of bāshūrut), Bastions (m.c.).

A wile bawāṭin (pl. of bāṭinat), Interior parts.

A مراعث bawā'is (pl. of bā'is), Causes.

h بواتي bawāqī (pl. of buqīyat), Remainders.

A buwāl, A continual discharge of urine; diabetes.

A dip bawwal, One who makes water much; one who pisses in his bed; diabetic.

a الحزن bū 'l-ḥazan, Sad, melancholy. bū 'l-<u>kh</u>ajdar, A profane, impious wretch.

ه بو العجب bū 'l-'ajab, Strange; wonders;

a fool, a buffoon, a juggler.

a بو العجبى bū'l-'ajabī, A wonderful thing; something to be admired; jugglery;—
ghāyati bū'l-'ajabī, A thing greatly to be wondered at.

a بو العجيبيا bū 'l-'ajībhā, Wonders.

a بو الفاسم bū 'l-fuzūl, و الفاسم bū 'l-qūsim, Idle talker.

a بو الكفد bū 'l-kafd, A bribe to a judge.

a ب الكنوك hù 'l-ginjak, Curious; anything playful, ludicrous, curious, or entertaining.

ه الهوس bū 'l-hawas, Sensual; inquisitive; a fool.

a بو الهرسى bū'l-hawasī, Sensuality; curiosity; folly.

ely bawān, A narrow pass between mountains; name of a country abounding in currants and pomegranates; — bawwān, Name of a place in Persia (see shi bi bawwān under — sa).

א פּוֹט biwān, buwān, A tent-pole.

א אולים bawil'iq (pl. of ba'iqat), Evils, calamities, misfortunes; injuries, oppressions.

بوب būb (equiv. to بوب yūb), A rich carpet.

بُونَا bo-bā, A dish made of goat's flesh. وبائش būbāsh (related to būdbāsh), Ancient, perpetual, everlasting.

אָכְי וֹנְגֵּיט būb-andīn, A palace; a tent. אָבָי bubar, אָנָגָע būbard, פֿוּגָע būbard, פֿוּגָע būbard, שֿנָגָע būbardak, The nightingale.

a بر برائش bū-barāqish, The chameleon. bo burdan, To get scent, be ap-

nsed. بونش būbash, A lapwing ; desire ; a comb.

بونك bobak, A virgin; a hoopoo, pewit. A بو بكر bū-bakr (for abū bakr), The fatherin-law of Muhammad.

ກຸລ būbū, A hoopoo; also its cry; a term by which a woman addresses her sister; desirous.

būbūya, A hoopoo.

ล ังร būbā, Wish, desire; a hoopoo or pewit.

بر برست bo-parast, = بری برست q.v. بری برست botā, A young camel (see برتا).

a بونات būtāt (contr. from buyūtāt, pl. of bait), Account of household expense; marketing charges.

a بوتاتى būtātī, Relating to household ex-

реизс

برتراب A بوتراب bū-turāb, Name of the Khalīf Alī.

bota, A crucible, melting-pot; a bush; a butt for shooting at; brushwood; the young of man or beast; a young camel; a spot; a flower painted ou cloth, &c.;—bota'i khāk, The human body.

a بو تيمار bū-tīmār, A heron.

A جونه baus (v.n.), Inquiring; dispersing; bringing out.

bauj, Pride, ostentation.

موجاسب būjāsb, Name of a hero of Tūrān.

بوجها $b\bar{u}jip\bar{a}$ (in Zand), A sort of cucumber.

a هجه ba-wajh, In the mode or manner; in a way;—ba-wajh ki, In such a manner that.

a م جهل bū jahl, Ignorant, foolish.

a وجهي ba-wajhe, On any account in a way; any how.

bauch, Pomp, conceit; power, majesty—bach, The inside of the mouth.

being disclosed;—būḥ, Root, origin; prudence; female body; coition; the soul; confusion in business; name of the sun.

ه بوط būḥā, Zedoary.

a بو حفمان bū-ḥafṣān, A schoolmaster.

n to baukh (v.n.), Becoming quieted, pacified (rage), extinguished (fire); being fatigued; becoming tainted or rotten (meat);—būkh, Confusion in business, perturbation of mind.

bokht, A son. بوخت

a بوعل būkhal, موعل būkhala, Purslain.

a بو علاني bū-<u>kh</u>ilāf, بوعلاك bū-<u>kh</u>ilāfī

(father of opposition), The devil.

būd, Ĥe, she, or it was; existence, being; a dwelling-place;—būd-u-būsh, Residence;—buwad (in poetry also būd), Let him be; it may, might, or will be.

וף באן bo-dār, Scented; perfumed leather. bo-dāna, A medicinal seed.

بود باش būd-bāsh, Place of abode; service; maintenance.

būdish, Existence.

φωρ būdan (S. bhū), To be; to become; to exist; existence;—būz būdan, To be open (see also under jų).

būdang, Pennyroval, pulecium.

بودنى būdana, A small partridge; a quail. ودنى būdanī, Possible, contingent; future; what is to happen, inevitable; essence, existence;—būdanī būd, What is to be, will be.

poverty; existence and non-existence.

būda, Been, existent ;—būda ūmadan, To exist.

ان من būdu-nān, Unleavened bread, dried forty days in the sun.

بودى būdī, Thou wast; existence, reality. فردى būzinda, Tinder, touchwood.

A 39 baur (v.n.), Perishing, dying; being languid, dull (market); proving, trying, examining;—also būr (pl. of bū'ir), ruined, helpless, and destitute (people);—būr (masc. fem. sing. pl.), Ruined, wicked; uncultivated land.

by bor, Red; the colour of the pistachio nut; the colour of honey; a bay horse; a pheasant; (= biyār) bring thou; name of a city in Hindustan.

būrā, A sack, bag; a nail's head or

point.

a אָרָליף būraīb, Name of a blacksmith in the city of Rum.

A براى būrāq, براى būraq (for P. būra),

Borax, nitre.

פּנְינֵי būrān, Name of a wife of the Khalif Mamun; — būrān dukht, Name of a daughter of Parwiz.

. بوراني būrānī, Food made from the egg-

plant.

A فرائية burānīyat, A kind of food invented by either the one or other of the ladies mentioned under وراء and probably identical with the preceding.

אורים būrs, Stock-exchange (m.c. from Fr.

bourse).

בעש būrak, A kind of food; a sort of triangular paste or macaroni; money given to a bystander at dice; mouldiness of bread.

ه ورك būrak, Borax, nitre, saltpetre.

بوزکند d, بوزکند d, بورکند d, بورکند

būrmand, Name of a certain fragrant herb.

بورندة boranda, Rich, wealthy (unsupported by examples).

اورنگ bo-rang, A fragrant mountain plant.

ورنيه būrniya, A large jar filled with drugs.

būrū, A trumpet, hunting-horn; a tube, canal; the gripes; — būrū-zan, A trumpeter.

būrūra, Name of a king, and island.
būrā, Nitre, borax; pastry; lump sugar;—būra'i armanī, Nitre, borax, used in soldering gold.

fiberi, A trumpet; a hunting-horn; the point of anything (especially of a nail); a split reed, or a mat made of such;— $b\bar{u}r\bar{i}$ zadan, To sound a trumpet;— $al-b\bar{u}r\bar{i}$, A kind of fish.

נְאָיָ būriyā, נְאָיָ būriya, A mat made of split reeds; a carpet; a case for any instrument; —būriyā u naft u ātish barā'i kase ba-ham āwardan, To make preparations to burn a person.

بوريا بان būriyā-bāf, بوريا بان būriyābān, A maker of mats; or instrument-cases.

būriyā-posh, Utterly destitute. بوريا بوش būriyā-kobē A mat-trending

אָנֶטְ צֿענּט būriyā-kobī, A mat-treading (house-warming).

bauz, Mouldiness of bread; a large black bee; the trunk of a tree;—boz, A roan horse; swift; intelligent, shrewd; (for buz) a goat.

אָלָן bozā (equivalent to אָרָל bozā), Beer. אָלָל bozār, Hot spices mixed up with food. אַלָּלְי bozāgar, A brewer of beer.

وزاگری bozayarī, Brewing, making of beer. وزاهی bozachī, A brewer and seller of beer.

bauzak, Mouldiness of bread, &c. وزك

بوزند bāzkand, A kind of settee placed before the doors in the East; a verandah, a portico.

ورمند būzmand, ورمند būzama, Name of a certain fragrant herb.

būznīna, بوزنه būznīna, An ape.

bje boza, A beverage made from rice, millet, or barley, beer; the trunk of a tree.

بوزة خانة boza-khāna, A beer-shop, ale-house.

بوزة كباب būza-kabāb, Roast lamb.

برى bûzī, A boat, skiff.

برزيدان būzīdūn, Name of a fattening drug. فرزيده būzīna, An ape.

39 bauzh, A whirlpool; -būzh, Weight; a raging fever.

ພັງກ bāzhuna, A rose-bud not yet ex-

panded, a follicle, a pod.

haus (v.n.), Kissing;—būs (v.n.), Adversity, distress, hardship; throes of child-birth.

bos, A kiss, buss; (in comp.) kissing;
—bosi rukhsār kardan, To kiss the cheek;
—bos u kanār, Kissing and embracing;
—dāman bos dādan, To kiss the hem of a garment.

ba-wasatat, By means of, through the instrumentality of (m.c.).

bosāna, Humility.

بوساليدن bosānīdan, To cause to kiss; (for

posānīdan) to cause to rot.

bostān (place of perfume), A garden, a kitchen-garden, a green spot; name of a city; name of many Arabian and Persian books, the most celebrated of which is the Bostān of Sa'dī; — bostāni gul-numāy, The firmament; — bostāni mā zāgh, A deserted place; solitude.

bostān-afroz, Cock's comb.

بوستان سندس bostān-sundus, Verdure; flowers of many colours.

بوسمائي būshāq, = بو اسمائي q.v. ورسمائي bosak, A little kiss; the wing of a bird; anything hollow or excavated.

bosagah, بوسكاة bosagah, The place of kissing, i.e. the royal apartment (because everyone going there kisses, or ought to kiss, the gate); the lips.

a ج سليك bū-salīk, Name of a note in

music.

a ما جو سليمان bū sulaimān, A roost-cock; a

hoopoo.

نوسنج būsanj, Name of a city. busna, The province of Bosnia.

bosa, A kiss; -- bosa dādan, To kiss; -bosa shikastan, To kiss with a smack.

بوسة بازى bosa-bāzī, Kissing and toying bosa-jāy (place of kissing), Lips. bosa-chin, Culling kisses. بوسه چين

bosa-khwār, Devouring kisses. بوسه خوار ابوسة ربا ,bosa-duzd بوسة ومك

Stealing kisses.

اوسه ريز bosa-rez, Showering kisses.

ابسته زيب bosa-zeb, (Lips) fresh with kisses. بوسه فريب bosa-fireb, Deceiving by kisses.

بوسگاه $bosa ext{-}gar{a}h$, بوسگاه q.v.

bosa-gustākh, Who makes bold بوسه كستاخ

bose, One kiss.

بوسيدگي bosidagi, Rottenness; submission. אפייבגיט bosidan, To kiss; (for posidan)

اوسيدة bosīda, Kissed; rotten, stale.

hausir (for אפייבן bausir), Hemorrhoids.

אפיייאן būsīr, Possibility.

a اوسيله ba-wasīla, By means of, through the instrumentality of.

برسيون būsīn, Accusation, upbraiding, re-

proof.

بوهن baush, Celebrity; ostentation, boast; might, magnificence, pomp; -būsh, A kind of eye-salve brought from Dar-band; -bawish, Predestination, fate; -buwish, Exis $tence : -b\bar{u}sh \ kardan, = q.v.$

haush, A multitude, crowd, troop, بوش

or band.

ابيما būshā, Meditation, thoughtfulness, solicitude, anxiety.

G بهاد boshād, The rape-root; a turnip.

boshāsb, Sleep; pollution.

وهياس būshpās, Sleep; a dream, a vision.

T بالقمام būshqāb, Plate (see بالقشار). bo-shinās, Whose sense of smell بو هناس is sound, who distinguishes well between odours.

boshanj, Name of a town.

būshank, Name of a village near Harat.

المحيدي būshīdan. To begin any work; to consider; to be bold; to rely upon (not

supported by examples).

baus (v.n.), Preceding, going before, being superior, excelling; making haste; flying; concealing; importuning, teasing; colour; a woman's hips; fatigue, lassitude;—būş, Name of a fruit; colour; a woman's hips.

a بومى būṣī (for P. بورى), A boat, a skiff. A אָסְבּוּל būṣīr, The plant bear's ear; a kind of hemlock; name of a village in Egypt.

لوطة būṭa, Thicket (m.c.).

hau' (v.n.), Measuring with a fathom or the arms extended; taking long steps in running (a horse or camel);—also $b\bar{u}'$, A fathom.

т 🚰 būgh, bogh, Any outward covering or wrapper (especially of leather); a pouch.

boghāzi anglistan, The English Channel (m.c.).

t بوغبند bogh-band, A cloth in which anything is wrapped up.

auبرغچه boghcha, boghcha, برغچه q.v.ا بوغران būghrā, بوغران būghrāq, A kind of food (made of boiled meat, flour, &c.).

بوغامن būghulṣun (G. βούγλωσσον), Borage. boghmā, Trumpery, trifles, scraps, rags; fragments, broken victuals, stores of a wallet; a fat and ugly womau (see . (یلا بوغما

يوطنع būghanj, Coriander; name of a city. برغند būghand, Convolvulus, ivy, bind-

weed.

būf, An owl.

لَوْمَ būja, A buffet (m.e. from Fr.).

bo-firosh, A perfumer, a druggist. بوق A būq, A trumpet, clarion, huntinghorn; any wind instrument, or any musical instrument (in allusion to which one who cannot keep a secret is called buq, as being full of holes); vain, foolish; false, unjust; [būqi asiyā, A kind of pipe blown in mills to call the customers from the neighbourhood;]-buwaq (pl. of buqat), Thundershowers, violent rains; disagreeable things.

بوتى boq, A large sheet (see بوئى). بوقات $b\bar{u}q\bar{a}t$ (pl. of $b\bar{u}q$), Trumpets,

būqān, Red insects produced in the air during the rainy season (in H. bir bahūţī).

a بوقت ba-waqt, At the time of; in time.

.q.v بوغچه doqcha, = بوقچه

A بو قلمون bū-qalamūn, A chameleon; of

various hues, variegated; changeable (applied to the world).

hūqalamūni, Variegated, motley.

ه اوتيما būqisū, The elm-tree.

ass upon the female); removing with a stick rubbish from a fountain or aqueduct to make the water flow more freely; being in confusion (business); becoming fat.

boks kardan, To box (m.e.

from E.).

وكلك būkalak, Juniper-berries; a kind of fruit in Persia called ban.

في bà ki, Perhaps it may; would that it were.

ור^טוט bûgûn, The womb; a flower-bed.

بوكند būgand, Ivy.

a son; a great number;—baul kardan, To urinate.

رلجار būljār, A place of refuge; a battle-field.

būlach, Lands which are constantly in cultivation.

a ولحكيم būl-ḥakīm, Wise, learned; a wiseacre.

a بولنجدر būl-<u>kh</u>ajdar, An unbeliever, heretic.

بولدان بولدان bauldān, A chamber-pot, a urinal.

T وي būldur-chīn, Qunil (see ويدر چين).

A بولس būlas, Name of a dungeon in hell. bolns, Paul.

براهای $b\bar{u}l$ - $gh\bar{a}q$, براهای $b\bar{u}lq\bar{a}q$, براهای q.v.

والمان بولغان و.v. بولغان و.v. م بولغان بو.w. م بولكنجك به hāl-kunjak, Anything new or wonderful; the first-fruits; a masquerade, pastime, frolic.

a الأناه baul-gāh, The urethra.

م بولنجك būlanjak, Anything strange, curious, and entertaining.

ομορίο būlūbūdabūn (G. πολυπόδιον),

Polypodý.

ο φινού το δαθατατικού (G. πολύτριχον),

Maiden's hair.

ه بوله būla, A tube, tunnel.

אַרָּיָלְיִי bū-lahab (for abū lahab), Name of one of Muhammad's uncles (Kur'ān, chap. cxi.);—būlahabāni waqt (the Bū-lahabs of the age), Obstinate unbelievers.

بولى = , baulī, bavlī بولى q.v. لا بولينس būlīnas (Plinius), Pliny.

desert land not yet cultivated; the boundaries or frontiers of inimical states, whose hostile inroads are always to be dreaded; a garrison; a mansion or place where one dwells in safety; the groundwork of embroidered cloth; nature, disposition, temperament; [būmi ābūd, An inhabited coun-

try;—būmi werān, A desolate country;]—buwam, I may be.

A بومة būm (بومة būmat), An owl;—būm khwāndan (to call or invite the owl), To render desolate.

بوماران būmādarān, بوماران būmārān, The plant southernwood.

būmāra, A kind of bird.

بوصبر būm-bar, Dominion, lordship, seigniory.

هُوم علا būm-talā (būmi-talā), The golden groundwork of embroidered cloth.

būm-kand, A subterraneous dwell-

ing.

būma, Fire struck by a horse's shoe. ومهن būmahan, نومهن būmahān, An earthquake; the intestines of sheep not cleaned.

©9: baun, A portion, share;—būn, Foundation, root, origin; end, limit; intestines of sheep or cattle not cleaned; the womb; the heavens;—būni sitūn, The base of a column, the pedestal of a statue.

a برنانع bū-nāfi', Wine.

buwand, They may be ;—buwand, buwind, Proud, arrogant;—buwund, Lenity, meekness, placidity.

buwanda, buwinda, Proud, majestic;

—buwunda, Modest, gentle, grave.

النيوة būnīz, būnez (equiv. to نيوة nīza), A short spear.

بوه buwa, A tree which does not bear fruit; grave, modest.

A by bauh (v.n.), Cursing;— $b\bar{u}h$, A large owl or a bird resembling it.

وهمان $b\bar{u}hm\bar{u}n$, The womb; someone; somebody, so and so.

būha, Desire; perturbation of mind;

the hoopoo.

scent, spice; hope, wish, desire; search, quest; love; nature, disposition; portion, part, lot; [boy burdan, To give a hint; to hear; to suspect;—boyi tīgh (khūn) mī-āyad, There is danger abroad;—boy dādan, To diffuse fragrance;—boyi sokhtanī, Inceuse;—boy shanīdan, To smell;—boyi falīla mī-āyad, There is a smell of burning in the air, things look suspicious;—boy kardan, To smell, to have scent of, to smell of; to snuff up, to smell at;—boy giriftan, To contract a smell, to stink;—boyi yakrangī, Sincere affection;]—buwī, Thou mayst be.

بويا boyā, Odoriferous, fragrant; fetid;

coriander-seed.

بوياتر boyātar (comp. of the preceding), More fragrant.

boy-afzā, Spice, seasoning.

اوی افزار boy-afzar, A censer; spice, seasoning.

بيان boyan, Smelling (also plural); name of a country.

بويانك boyānak, Parsley; southernwood.

بری پرست boy-parast, A hound; a pard; a parasite; a demon; an angel.

(

boycha, Ivy, convolvulus.

bū-yaḥyā, Name of the angel of death.

اوی دار boy-dar, Scented; hunting by the scent (a dog).

boydan, A perfume-box.

boy-rang, A rose. اوی رنگ

لبرى ساى ,boy-sāy, A stone برى سا for rubbing powders.

ابى سوز boy-soz, A censer, a chafing-dish. by ba-wezha, Principally, especially, particularly; -boyzha, Hopeful.

boyish, Smelling; the sense of smell.

بری فروش boy-farosh, A perfumer. boy-kalak, boy-kalik, A kind of berry with a green bark, noxious to the teeth and stomach.

بری کرندگی boy-giriftagi, Stink, taint. وى boy-girifta, Fetid, stinking.

boy-madaran, Southernwood, بوى مادران melissa, partheniou, apiastrum, halm-gentle.

boynāk, Rank-smelling.

boy-nākān, Destitute of the sense of smell.

hoyang, A kind of sweet basil.

المِيه boya, Hope, desire; fumitory; a dynasty of the Dailamites.

A 424 buwaih, The founder of a certain

dynasty.

bo'idan, To smell, scent, diffuse perfume; to have a smell; to smell at, to snuff up; to live in the country.

ابوی یکرنگی boyi yak-rangi, Fidelity, love,

sincerity.

4ba, To; for; in; on; with; by; according to; -bi (for bi-), The separate form of the prefix of certain tenses of the verb;—bih (Z. vanha, vōhu), Good, excellent; elegant; better; safe, sound; [bih uftadan (āmadan, shudan), To become well, to recover; to prosper, to succeed]; (for e.g., q.v.) a quince :- buh, An owl.

A 4 bah, Well done! bravo! excellent!bihi, With, for, from, in, or by him, or it.

w bahā, Price, value; [bahā'i khil'at, A tax to defray the expense of honorary dresses; -bahā'i khūn, The price of blood (which is paid to the relations of a person killed, as an atonement) ;—bahā qaṭ kardan, To fix a price; -bahā kardan, To value, appraise ;- pur bahā u sharaf, Most precious and noble;] — bihā, Goodness; beauty, ornament.

A \w bi-ha, With, for, from, in, or by her

or it (referring to a fem.).

يها پيشى bahā-peshī, Money advanced, prepayment.

م المالي bahājat (v.n. of يرا), Being beautiful.

אלען bahādur, Brave, bold, valiant, courageous, magnanimous, warlike, strong, athletic; a soldier, champion, hero, cheva-lier, knight, horseman; a title of honour conferred by the Great Mogul and other Eastern potentates, bearing some resemblance to the European title of military knighthood.

bahādurān (pl. of bahādur), Va.

liant soldiers.

sil, sty bahādurāna, Bravely, like a cham-

بادرى bahādurī, Valour, military gallan try.

پار bahār, Spring, beginning of summer; blossom; orange-flower (also bahāri narinj); a Buddhist temple; an idol; the barem of a prince; camomile, anthemis; name of an island; [bahāri dānish, The title of a well-known work on ethics; -- bahāri 'ambar, The scent of molten amber:—bahār kardan, To be in bloom (m.c.);]—bihār, The province of Behar in India; half a horse-

A bahār, A species of odoriferous herb; buphthalmus, ox-eye; anything beautiful and splendid; name of a village near Marw; — buhār, An idol; a swallow; a white fish; cotton taken from the pods; a weight of 300, 400, 600, or 1000 ratl; outfit for a sea-voyage; a ewer.

של אל bahār-ārā, Vernal showers, or blos-

soms.

bahār-afshān, Scattering blossoms.

bahār-ālād, Tinged with the hues بهار آلود of spring.

المارين bahārān, The spring; orangeflower.

bahar-andam, Of a vernal, i.e. youthful body.

און אוע bahār-bānū, The blooming prin-

بيار بشكنه bahār - bishkina, A note in music.

بهار بند bahār-band, An airy house inhabited in spring-time; a place where horses are tied up in spring.

bahār-perā (spring-adorning), Ver-

nal showers, buds or blossoms.

بهار عالك bahār-khāna, An idol-temple; any high building.

بهار عوش bahār - khwash, Flesh smokedried.

bahāristān, Spring; vernal blossoms; title of a celebrated work of Jami. bahāra, A swarm of bees (m.c.).

bahārī, Belonging to the spring,

يان bihāz, A high-bred horse kept for stock.

bahāshtan, To weep, to cry.

ه افتاده bih-uftada, Healthy, vigorous.

نويد bih-afirin, The أفريد bih-afirin, The sister of Isfandiyar.

bahā-gīr, Precious, valuable, costly. bahāmīn, Spring.

bahānistan, To weep. بهانستن

ياند bahāna, Pretence, excuse, evasion;

motive, cause :- bahāna justan, To seek a pretext; to complain of; to cavil; -bahāna shākh dārad (a pretext has branches), There are various kinds of pretexts, there are excuses and excuses (proverbial); -bahāna kardan, To make an excuse;—bahāna yāftan, To find a pretence; -ba yak bahana'i, On no matter what pretext (m.c.); -pay bahāna gardīdan, To seek after a pretext (m.c.).

عبه ماليه bahāna-jū, سلك ماليه bahāna-talab

(a.), Seeking for excuses.

بالله ساز bahāna-eāz, بهالله فروش bahānafarosh, A maker of apologies, a vendor of false excuses.

bahāna-faroshī, Profuseness in بهانه فروهي false excuses.

bahāwar, Precious, valuable.

א bahā'im (pl. of bahīmat), Beasts, brutes, wild beasts.

a بائم مخموس bahā'im-makhsūs, Wild, ferocious.

a solut bahā'imī, Of or pertaining to beasts; beastly, brutal.

هائي bahā'ī, Precious, valuable.

اگين اه bih-ā'in, Of good principles, religious.

المبود b.h-būd, Welfare, safety; healthy; a proper name.

bih-būdī, Well-being; health, vigour; (ironically) a dagger.

A specific baht (v.n.), Attacking suddenly; surprising; bewilderment, amazement; also buht, Slandering, accusing falsely; a lie, calumny, slander.

buht, A plauet's motion in a given time.

н ы bahat, Rice dressed in milk.

bahtām, Name of the angel who has charge of the winds.

A مبتان buhtān (v.n. of بهتان), Slandering, accusing falsely; a calumny, lie, slander, false accusation, malignant imputation, malevolent suspicion; -buhtān shudan, To be defamed ;--buhtān guftan, To slander.

هتانگړی buhtān-goy, A slanderer, defamer. bihtar, Better; bihtari shuma, So much the better for you (m.c.); -bahtarash in ast, The better plan in the matter is this

(m.c.).

hihtarak, Somewhat better; name of a Persian intercalary month, introduced once in 120 years, and celebrated with one continued festival. The old Persian year consisted of twelve months of thirty days, to the last of which they added five, making thereby their year 365 days; but with regard to the excess of six hours, instead of our more regular mode of leap-year, they thought of no further intercalation till the surplus hours amounted to thirty days, when the 120th year was made to consist of thirteen months.

שנאט bihtarīn, Best ;-bihtarīni khalk, Best of created beings, i.e. Muhammad.

bihtarīn-bakht, Whose fortune بيترين جنت is better than another's; fortunate.

Ew bahaj, A certain fattening drug.

and glad; being beautiful; beauty, elegance, grace, excellence; gladness, cheerfulness, alacrity; exultation; -pur-bahjat, Full of joy.

a المحت آيات bahjat-āyāt, Happy, joyous. bih-khwar, Becoming, befitting,

suitable.

bih-dāna, The seed of a quince. يبدلك bahdala, A woman's name; also a

שבאט bih-dīn, Of the best religion, i.e. of that of Zardusht or Zoroaster: religious, faithful, pious, devout.

ye ba-har, At, by, to, or in every or each; [ba-har hal, In every shape, however it be, in whatever condition; anyhow; at all events; -ba-har sāl, In every year; -ba-har sih naw', Animal, vegetable, and mineral; -ba-har kaif, By any means, in every way soever; - ba-har mah, In every month; - ba-har waqte, At all times;] -bahr, A part, portion, lot; name of a country; for, because, on account of; [bahri ăzmūdan, By way of trial, in order to discover;—bahri in, On this account;—bahri tū, For thy sake;—bahri chi, For why? wherefore?—bahri shumā, For you; -bahri kase, For someone; - az bahri khwud, For his own sake ;—az bahri sūd, On account of gain; —uz bahri namūz, Iu order to pray; -buhr. Continually; a herb with a stalk like that of barley.

את bahr (v.n.), Shining, excelling (in beauty, grace, virtue); excellence, preeminence; conquest; the imposition of a burden beyond the strength; astonishment, wonder; -buhr. Shortness of breath, asthma, breathing hard from overload; a city, town, or province; the middle of a

valley, a channel.

איל bahrā, On account of, for the sake of. bahrām, The planet Mare; name of several kings of Persia, and of other kingdoms in the East (corrupted by the Greeks into Varanes); name of several heroes; the twentieth day of every month; name of an angel; the sword; -bihrām, Fasting, fast (not supported by examples).

hahrām-tal, An obelisk or pyramid, which Bahrām-chūbīn caused to be constructed with the skulls of the Turks

slain in a bloody engagement.

a برامع bahrāmaj (for P. bahrāma), A

species of willow.

שעוֹץ בּענים bahrām-chubin, Name of a celebrated general of king Hormuz, the son of Noshirwan, so called from his lankiness.

bahrām-gor, Name of one of the

kings of Persia, so called from his passion for the chase of the wild ass.

bahrāman, A ruby; a kind of variegated silk; safflower; rouge, paint for the face.

bahrāma, A species of willow; a robe of green silk; silk.

هراسي bahrāmi, Bravery, valour; slaughter.

buhrān, A hot pestilential wind.

a אילט bih-rāy, Prudent, fit for business, proper for the administration of public affairs; ingenious, thinking judiciously.

AEN bahraj, Base money; vain, fruit-

less, futile.

a את שלע ba-har ḥāl, see under או ba-har. שענוץ bahrazām, Name of the angel who has charge of the precious stones.

שעש bahrak, One whose hands and feet are hardened by labour; filth, ordure,

dregs, dross.

a איך איש ba-har kaif, see under אין ba-har. هركي bahragi, Riches, wealth; opulent, affluent.

שתם bahram, Bastard saffron.

bahramān, The finest ruby; fine silk interwoven or painted with flowers; safflower; paint.

bahraman, An idol-temple; a ruby. المرة مند bahramand (for مبرة مند), Fortunate.

bahrama, An auger, a gimlet.

Em bihroj, dans bihroja, Crystal of a transparent blue colour, and of little value; Indian frankincense.

jyra bihroz, sjyra bihroza, A species of blue crystal; Indian frankincense.

שתנט bihrūn, Name of Alexander the Great.

bahra, A part, portion, quota, share, lot; profit, gain, advantage; happiness, prosperity, fortune, favour; a burden, as much as an ass, camel, or horse carries upon one side; [bahra bahra kardan, To divide into portions; - bahra'i waṣīyat, A legacy; -bahra yaftan, To find favour;]bihra, A town near Lahore; -buhra, A people living in Guzerat.

איל א bahra-bar, A partner, companion.

bahra-dar, A sharer, participator, partner; enjoying one's wishes, fortunate; -bahra-dāri 'atīya u in'ām kardan, To make a partner of gifts and presents.

bahramand, Sharing, participating; fortunate, prosperous, happy, contented ;bahramand shudan, To accomplish an object, to obtain what we desire, to be fortunate, prosperous, successful; to participate,

bahramandi, Happiness, prosperity.

שולאני bahrawar, Favoured, happy.

אלינן אינ bahrawar-bānū, Name of a princess.

איף אלי bahra-yab, One who finds favour; a partaker, a sharer; who profits by (m.c.).

هري bahre, A little, somewhat, a part: anything; anyone.

يريك bahri yak, For someone, for the sake

of one; -ba-har yak, For everyone.

A yet bahz (v.n.), Removing, repelling, thrusting away; striking one (upon the breast) with feet and hands.

sha bih-zad, Islandiyar; name of a horse. هس bahs, Boldness, bravery, courage.

ه به bahsh (v.n.), Being glad, and cheerful; extending the hand in order to seize anything; assembling; being ready to cry or to laugh; the fruit of the dwarf palmtree; fresh or moist mastick or bdellium; -bilādu 'l-bahsh, Hijaz, on account of its abounding in mastick.

bihisht, Paradise; heaven; [bihisht khwurdan, To enjoy Paradise; - bihishti dunyá, A title of the Sughd of Samarkand; also of the city of Damascus;—shah-zāda'i bihisht-khirām, The glorious prince who has departed for Paradise; -bi-hisht (3rd sing.

pret. of hishtan), He let go.

bihisht-ū'īn, Paradise-like.

bihisht-ruy, have with bihishtsīmā, Of a beavenly face.

bihisht-zār, A place like heaven. bihisht-şabūḥī, A heavenly morning draught.

bihisht-gang, Name of a city. bihisht-nishīn (settled in Paradise), Blessed.

bahishta, Placed, deposited; left. بيشتى bihishtī, Paradisiacal; handsome; a water-carrier (the last is Hindustāni).

bihishtī-rüy, Handsome of face, beautiful.

bihishti-sirisht, Of heavenly بهشتی سرهت nature or disposition.

bihishti-sawad. A place like Paradise.

هدگی bih-shudagī, Cure, convalescence. هدة bih-shuda, Cured, healed.

bahshamīyat, A Muhammadan بشمية sect.

A wa bahas, Thirst.

н ы bahatt, Rice dressed with milk and

A be bahz (v.n.), Afflicting, vexing; fatiguing, tiring.

ba haft ab shustan (to wash with seven waters), To perform one's ablutions with great nicety and circumspec-

ه محل bahaq, P المحل bahak, Leprosy, white morphew (distinct from baras); ringworm.

ا كنه bih ki (for bih az ān ki), Better

than, preferable.

به كرين bih-guzīn, Choosing, picking; discriminating easily between good and bad money; select, chosen; camphor; (imp. of guzīdan) make your choice, select.

Ju bihil (imp. of hilīdan), Let alone; give over; absolution (see الل).

A Jw bahl (v.n.), Cursing, execrating anyone; malediction; leaving free, at liberty; a little, small quantity, somewhat; easy.

پاول ه buhlūl, One who laughs or smiles; a jester, joker; a prince with every accomplishment; name of a celebrated dervish.

My bahla, bihla, A falconer's glove; privy

purse, portfolio.

اله دار bahla-dar, Wearing hunting-

gloves in one's belt.

هاله درزى bahla-dozī, Embroidery with which hunting-gloves were frequently adorned.

ba-ham, Together, one with another. one against another; at once; rage, anger, indignation; [ba-ham āmadan, ba-ham bar amadan, To be contracted, drawn together; to assemble; to be constipated, bound; to be offended, enraged, disgusted, vexed, confounded; to be wrung with anguish;ba-ham bar kardan, To distress; -ba-ham dar shudan, To be mixed, confounded, jumbled together; to ache; to be perplexed;ba-ham rasanīdan, To procure; — ba-ham rasidan, To be met with, to come to hand, to be acquired; to appear, to come into being; -ba-ham radan, To disturb, upset, frustrate (m.c.);]—biham, Yes.

A per buham (pl. of buhmat), Brave, invincible soldiers, gallant heroes; troops of horse; -buhum (pl. of bahīm), Animals of

one colour; lambs, kids, &c.

bahmār, Many, numerous; a multitude.

ba-ham-āmekhtagī, Commix-

when bihmān, Someone; a certain person;

anything unknown. ba-ham-āwar, One who collects or

composes; collected or composed. هم بر بسته ba-ham bar-basta, Suspicious;

suspected; suspicion. אין אין אין ba-ham bar-zadan, To be hasty.

A had bahmat, A lamb, a kid; -buhmat, A brave invincible soldier; a difficult, arduous affair; an army.

bahmatan, A white lily; a red lily. ააჯალ ba-ham zada, Overturned, overwhelmed; dejected, depressed.

همرک bahmazag, A hedgehog; a porcu-

pine.

نهم ساکی ba-ham-sā'ī, Confrication.

bahman, Intelligent, acute, adroit: the supreme intelligence; a cloud pouring rain; (also bahmani barf) an avalanche of snow from a mountain produced by the heat of the sun (m.c.); a certain vegetable that flowers in winter, having a root red and white (see A. ريخن); name of a note in music; the middle month of winter, answering to our January; one who speaks and acts right; the second day of every

month; long-armed, powerful, oppressive; name of a demon or genius, supposed by the old Persians, and by their descendants the Parsi, Magi, or Guebres, to preside over all beasts of burden; name of Ardshir, son of Isfandiyar; name of a citadel and of a lofty mountain; name of a fountain in Jurjān ;—bahmani zamān u tahamtani daurān, The monarch of his time, the hero of his

A was bahman, The root of a plant resembling a large radish; it is crooked, red and white, and is used medicinally.

bahmana, which bahmanan, = weigh

bahmanjana, bahmancha, Name of a festival celebrated by the kings of Persia upon the second day of the month of Bahman; according to others, that day

bahman-zād, Name of the intellect of the sphere of Mars.

ארט עישט bahman-nizhād, Of the lineage of Bahman.

bahmana, A spinning-top.

bahmanyar, A disciple of Avicenna. bahmanin, Name of a plant which flowers also in winter, and whose root is red and white.

buhma, Of inestimable value; invincible (see A. نهجة).

white bahnāna, An ape; —bihnāna, White bread.

a لسبت اله ba-nisbat, In proportion, comparison.

ابسته bahna, A boy's spinning-top.

ਮੂਰ bahw, A balcony; a portico; a veran-

dah; name of an Indian king.

A re bahw, A house or tent projecting in front of the rest, and detached, a large stable for cattle; a wide extended country; the cavity of the breast; the womb.

buhod, Anything singed and made

yellow by being near to the fire.

שנע buhor, שנט buhon, The eye, the sight. baha, Far be it!

ين bihī, Recovery, cure; thou art good; goodness; a quince; ho! (an interjection, when the person addressed is near at hand). هي پيکر bihī-paikar, Of excellent form,

face, or figure. A gave bahij, Glad, cheerful; beautiful,

Iovely. bahed, Name of a grain.

هيدي bohīdan, To squeeze, grasp with the hands, to press with the feet, to kick, to trample.

bahir, Baggage, camp-followers.

baherā, Belleric myrobalan.

bahīm, A balcony, portico; bhima?) name of an Indian king.

A dece bahimat, bahima, A quadruped, an animal wild or tame. a ميمنى bahīmī, Brutal, bestial, brutish.

שביט bihīn, Better, best; selected, picked out; opulence; a cotton-carder; a week; mihīni salātīni rūyi zamīn, u bihīni khawāqīni dunyá u dīn, The greatest of the kings of the earth, and most excellent of the monarchs of the world and the faith.

bihina, A week ; a carder of cotton ;

best, choicest.

bī, be (a privative particle or preposition), Without; when prefixed to nouns, it is equivalent to in, un, im, ir, less, &c., in English, implying wanting, or being destitute, as bi-basar, Imprudent, &c.; a moth.

₩ bayā, Full; a door; how?—biyā (imp. of amadan), Come, come hither, approach.

اب ان اب bī-āb, Without water; flat, insipid, dull; sottish, silly; disgraced, ashamed;bi-āb shudan, To be ashamed, disgraced.

שואוט biyābān, bayābān, Uncultivated, desert : a desert.

biyābān-bāsh, An inhabitant of the desert ;--tāziyāni biyābān-bāsh, Bedouin

biyābānak, A small desert.

biyàban-marg, (One) perished بيابان مرك in the desert.

ايابان لشون biyābān-nishīn. A hermit; a gipsy; a nomad.

יעני biyābān-naward, Travelling in the desert.

biyābānī, Wild, savage, desert. بي ابر bī-abr, Cloudless.

ي أبرر bī-ābrū, Dishonoured, disgraced, degraded; shameless.

هي آبري bī-ābruwī, A disagreeable thing. bī-āb-u-rang. Void of grace بي أب و رنك and beauty.

bī-ābī, Want of water; want of ہی ابی

lustre; insipidity; folly.

بيات bayat, Grief, anxiety, care.

يبات م bayāt (v.n. of بيات م), Passing the night; doing anything in the night; a nocturnal invasion; name of a place near Wasit. a اتفاق bī-ittifāq, Without union, dis-

cordant.

a بى اتفاقي bi-ittifāqī, Disunion, discord. a أَوَّ بَى اثْرَ bī-aṣar, Unimpressive, ineffica-

a بى احترام bī - iḥtirām, Disrespectful (m.c.).

a بى احترامى bī-ihtirāmī, Disrespectful be-

haviour (m.c.).

a احتياع bū-iḥtiyāj, Having no wants. a امتياط bū-iḥtiyāt, Heedless, uncircumspect.

a اعتيار bī-ikhtiyār, Involuntary, forced, constrained; without self-possession or control; madly in love (m.c.).

a بى اختيارانە bā-i<u>kh</u>tiyārāna, Unwillingly ;

forced, compelled.

a بى اعتيارى bī-i<u>kh</u>tiyārī, Helplessness. a بي اخلامي bī-ikhlāṣī, Unfriendliness. biyad, Being awake, watchfulness, vigilance.

a با ن ادب bī-adab, Uncivil, rude, illmannered.

a ಟಟ್ಟು bī-adabāna, Rudely, disrespectfully, indecently; uncivil;—bī-adabāna waz'. An indecent, unbecoming action.

a هي ادبي bī-adabī, Ill-breeding, rudeness, incivility; presumption; -bī-adabī kardan, To behave unmannerly, to commit a rudeness, &c.

a ادراك bū-idrāk, Without understand-

ing; unintelligent.

bi'ar (pl. of bi'r), Wells.

biyār (imp. of awardan), Bring thou. שורושינט biyārāstan, To adorn; to invent a fiction, to lie.

bī-ārām, Restless, unquiet, having no repose, in perpetual disquietude; -bīārām-u-qarār, Restless and inconstant.

ای ارامی bī-ārāmī, Restlessness. بی ارز bī-arz, Worthless, valueless. نام bayārish, Regimen, cure.

a الى اركان bū-arkūn, Immodest, uncivil, ill-

bayāra, Any plant whose stalk does بيارة not grow erect, as cucumbers, melous, or pumpkins.

bī-āzār, Inuoxious, harmless, inof-

fensive.

ان آزرم bī-āzarm, Shameless, brazen-faced. buyāzish, Consumption; infirmity. biyas, Name of a very learned Brahman (S. vyāsa?).

a استمار ه bī-istihzār, Unpremeditated. a بي استيمال bī-istihqāq, Unjustly, unde-

servedly.

biyāstū, Yawning; fetid breath.

a بي اهتباة bī-ishtibāh, Undoubtedly ; true. a جى اهفاق bī-ishfāq, Merciless, ruthless; impious.

bī-āshinā, Friendless.

a اصل sbi-asl, Unfounded; causeless; ignoble, mean; the offspring of a free father and a slave mother; unprincipled; an idle talker.

اياس A بياهي bayāz, Whiteness; blank book, commonplace book, note-book; a fair copy; a geomantic figure; -bayāzi tegh, The brilliance of a sword ;--bayazi khwur, A sunbeam; day; -ba-bayāz burdan, To make a clean copy; — dar bayāz uftādan, To be written out.

a بيامي bayāzī, An elegant poem. ميامي bayātirat (pl. of baytār), Veterinary surgeons.

a بي اطلاع bī-ittilā', Uninformed, ignorant. A Ele bayya', A seller; a broker; an appraiser; an auctioneer.

a ای اعتبار bì-i'tibār, Contemptible; dis-

esteemed.

a بي اعتباري bī-i'libārī, Disesteem.

a بى اعتدالى bī-i'tidālī, Injustice; inequality.

ياغاريد biyā<u>ah</u>ārīd, Steeped in water or blood.

biyāghārīdan, To steep, soak; to mix.

biyāghashtan. ياغشتن biyāghashtan, To steep, soak; tosaix.

biyāghālīdan, To stir up strife.

a في انران bī-aqrān, Peerless, matchless. و الناب bī-aqrān, Ignorant, uninformed; unlooked-for; careless, thoughtless, forgetful.

بي أكبي bī-āgahī, Carelessness, ignorance ;

—bī āgahī, Unexpectedly.

שולים biyālbān. The language and characters which, according to Eastern tradition, were peculiar to those beings whom they suppose to have inhabited the world before the creation of man.

a بي التفاتي bī-iltifātī, Incivility.

a عالم bi-ulfat, Unfriendly, unsocial; bi-ulfati, Want of attachment, unfriendliness, unsociableness.

a بيامتياز bi-imtiyūz, Undiscerning; illbred, rude;—bī-imtiyūzī, Indiscretion.

يامدن biyāmadan, To enter; to come.

a الله bī-imlā, Incorrect; unorthographical.

ان استكان bī-āmekhlagī, Freedom from admixture.

hiyāmekhtan, 'To mix, to mingle يواميختن biyāmekh Unmixed. هي آميغ bī-āmegh, Unmixed.

في bayan, A species of tiger.

de bayān (v.n. of oa), Being clear, distinct, manifest; speaking clearly and distinctly; declaration, assertion, affirmation; explanation, description; circumstantial evidence; perspicuity, clearness;—bayān shudan, To be explained (m.c.);—bayān kurdan, To explain, demonstrate, elucidate, comment upon, illustrate, declare, to render clear, evident, manifest; to relate.

اناني bayānān, Name of a contemptible race.

a انتظامى bī-intizāmī, Disorder, misgovernment, mismanagement.

a પાત્ર કાં bī-intihā, Immense, infinite, boundless.

اتجام bī-anjām, Infinite, boundless, endless.

endless. - تى الدارغ bi-andāza, Immense, immeasur-

able. bī-andām, Out of proportion;—bī-andāmī, Disproportionateness.

الديشة bi-andisha, Thoughtless, inconsiderate; foolbardy.

a بى الماك bî-inṣāf, Unjust; — bī-insāfī, Injustice

a ي انساطى bī-inzībāṭī, Incontinence.

a انفعال ه bī-infi'āl, Shameless.

a اولاد bī-aulād, Childless;—bī-aulādı, Childlessness.

क्षांक्ष biyānak, A reed from which mats are made.

אוטפות bayānwār, Explanation, detail of items.

bayāna, A town in India, whence indigo is brought;—biyāna, An earnest, advance, pledge.

אַלָּוֹל bayāwār, Work, business, employ;

.v. و فيارار =

biyāwān, A desert, solitude.

hayāwar, Gain, profit.

biyāwardan, To contract (as the joints or muscles); to become irritated, to grow worse (a wound); to bring.

biyāh, Name of a river in Lahore.

a في العان bī-īmān, Without religion, or faith; -- bī-īmānī, Irreligion; dishonesty; falseness, perfidiousness, faithlessness.

a في العب $b\bar{\imath}$ $b\bar{\imath}$ $b\bar{\imath}$. Without cause or reason, why or wherefore.

a بى باق bī-bāq, Complete, entire.

a في باتى $b\bar{\imath}$ - $b\bar{a}q\bar{\imath}$, Without a balance, quits; completion; — $b\bar{\imath}$ - $b\bar{a}q\bar{\imath}$ $s\bar{a}\underline{kh}tan$, To complete.

ان بن الله bī-bāk, Frarless, intrepid, bold; impudent;—bī-bāk khirām, Walking fearlessly, treading firmly.

ي باكانه bī-bākāna, Fearlessly, impudently.

بى باكى bī-bākī, Fearlessness; frowardness, sauciness, impudence.

אָט אלן פּ אָ $b\bar{\imath}-b\bar{\imath}l$ -u-par, Unfledged; powerless, helpless; — $b\bar{\imath}-b\bar{\imath}l$ -u-par $\bar{\imath}$, Unfledged state; powerlessness, helplessness.

يى بد bī bad, Without blemish, faultless. بى بدل bī-badal, Without equivalent; matchless.

ہی ہو bī-bar, Without fruit; barren, fruit-less.

هي برک و به bī-barg-u-bar, هي برک و bī-barg-u-bar, Barren; poor.

نی برگی bi-bargi, Destitution, poverty. بی بس bi-bas, Helpless; uncontrolled; bi-basi, Helplessness; insufficiency.

a بي هر bī-baṣar, Sightless, blind; without foresight; improvident, imprudent.

a به هيرت bī-baṣīral, Blind, ignorant. bi-baghal, Poor, destitute, empty-handed.

a بى بقا مى bī-baqā, Unstable, frail, transient. bī-bal, Weak, wretched, poor.

fettered ; — bī-band-u-bast, Unsettled (as a country). نام الله bī-bunyād, Groundless, un-

ان بىياد bī-bunyād, Groundless, unfounded; — bī-bunyādī, Groundlessness, want of foundation.

ی بہار bī-bahār, Out of season, inopportune.

ای ایره bī-bahra, Destitute, indigent, deprived; unfortunate, out of favour; -chihra'i bī-bahra, An unlucky, disagreeable

tress of the house; (for bih bih) well done!

ایی ایم bi-bim, Fearless, intrepid, not afraid of (از).

wretched.

هي پايان bī-pāyān, Immense, infinite, endless.

ی پدر bi-pidar, Fatherless; an orphan; son of a worthless father.

بی پرکار *bī-pargār*, Irregular; unprincipled, of bad conduct.

ہی پر و ہال bī-par-u-bāl, Mutilated, destitute, without feather or wing; without re-

هي پردگي bī-pardagī, Disgrace, dishonour. ای پرده bi-parda, Without veil; open, ex-

bī-parwā, Without fear, scruple, or ہی بررا reflection; intrepid; -bi-parwā shudan, To be bold, to have no fear or hesitation.

بي پروائي bī-parwā'ī, Carelessness, thoughtlessness, inattention, independence, indiffer-

ہی پرھیز bī-parhez, Incontinent, dissolute; incautions; inattentive to medical advice; $-b\bar{\imath}$ -parhez $\bar{\imath}$, Incontinence; indifference to, carelessness about, one's health.

پومان bī-pazhmān, Intimate, familiar; bī-pazhmānī, Intimacy, familiarity; freedom from melancholy, sadness, or fear.

ين پژمای bī-pazhmāy, High-spirited; cheerful.

ی پیر bī-pīr, Without spiritual guide; vicious.

ا بي پيرابگي hī-perāyagī, Absence of ornament.

بي پيرايه hī-perāya, Unadorned (woman). hait, A house, temple, edifice, fabric; a distich, verse, couplet;—baitu 'l-harām (baitu 'd-du'ā, baitu 'l-'atiq, baitu 'lah), The temple of Mecca;—baitu 'l-hazn (baiti aḥzān), The house of grief (where Jacob mourned for Joseph); -- baitu'l-khalā, A privy; -baitu 's-saqar, Hell; -baitu 'shsharaf, A sign of the zodiac; the highest mansion of a planet;—boilu 's-sanam, An idol-temple; — baitu 'l-'arās, A bridechamber; (met.) the temple of Mecca;baitu 'l-ghazal, The choicest verse of a poem;—baitu 'l-māl (baitu 'l-amwāl), The treasury; the effects of one who dies intestate or without heirs; —haitu 'l-ma'mūr, The heavenly prototype of the temple of

Mecca; -baitu 'l-muqaddas, Jerusalem; haiti shahryar, The king's palace; -baiti 'ankabūt, A spider's web ;-baiti farāgh, A privy ;--baiti ma'mūri sharī'at, The tabernacle of justice.

بى تا bī-tā, Without a wrinkle; beautiful. ايتنا bītā (in Zand and Pāzaud), A house. ستاب bī-tāb, Impotent, feeble, faint ; impatient, restless; — $b\bar{\imath}$ - $t\bar{a}b$ shudan, To be weak, impotent, restless :- bī-tāb-u-tawān kardan, To debilitate or render impotent.

بيتاباند bī tābāna, Instanıly; voluntarily. بي تابي bi-tābī, Impatience; inability.

ਸ਼ المتال bī-tāl, Out of time; ill-timed. a ابى ناعمل bī-ta'ammul, Inconsiderate ;

thoughtlessly, without consideration or re-

н بيتان bī-tān, Out of tune.

bītāna (in Zand and Pāzand), A stranger.

a بيت ايت baita-bait, From house to house.

a نامان bī-taḥāshā, Rash, precipitate.

a بى تحالمى bī-tahāshī, Fearlessness, rash-

a ہی تدبیر bī-tadbīr, Incautious, unwitting, inconsiderate, improvident.

a بيترتيب bī-tartīb, Irregular, disorderly.

a ابي ترده bī-taraddud, Unhesitating. a بى تغويش bi-tashwish, Without mixture, pure.

a بى تمديع bī-taṣdī', Without trouble. a ي تعلى bī-taʻalluq, Independent;—bīta'alluqi, Independence, freedom.

a بى تفاوت $har{\imath}$ - $tofar{a}wut$, Indifferent to every thing, careless, negligent.

a بى تقريب bī-taqrīb; Without cause, without apparent motive or reason; -bī-taqrib u bī-waqt, Absurd and ill-timed.

هي تقصير a bī-taqṣīr, Without defect, or fail. a نكلف bi-takalluf, Without ceremony, compliment; unceremonious, trank; abruptly; inconsiderately; all at once;--bī-takallufī, Unceremoniousness, frankness.

a احتل baital (abbreviation for baitu 'l-

 $m\tilde{a}l$), The public treasury.

a pait-lahm, bait-laham, Beth-

a هي تمنا bī-tamannā, Free from desire, content; -bi-tamannā'i, Contentment.

a ميز bī-tamīz, Undiscerning, injudicious; -bī-tamīzī, Want of judgment and discrimination.

a بى تمييز bī-tamyīz, Undiscerning ; indiscreet; unpolite.

ہی تن $b\bar{\imath}$ -tan, Impersonal.

ي تن مال bī-tan-māl, Escheat, property devolving on the state through want of legal claunants.

a نعي قوبة bī-tauba, Impenitence.

haitatat (v.n. of بيتوتة baitatat (v.n. of the night; doing anything during the night.

a مَن توجه bī-tawajjuh, Inattentive, regard-

less, unkind; — bī-tawajjuhī, Inattention, unkindness.

ا بى توزكانه bī-tūzakāna, Contrary to custom ; irregular.

بى تومكى bī-toshagī, Scarcity of provisions.

ني توهم bī-tosha, Unprovided, poor, help-less.

a بى توليى bī-taujīq, Graceless, destitute of the directing grace of God

of the directing grace of God.

a في المتابع

أن ته bi-tah, Impatiently; without a vestige; bottomless; an idle talker.

bī-tīmār, Unwatched, untended, unguarded, neglected, uncared for.

a ي ثبات bi-sabāt, Without permanence;
—bi-sabātī, Inconstancy, instability, fickleness.

 $bij\bar{a}$, Out of place, unseasonable, wrong; without cause or motive (m.e.).

bijāpūr, Name of a city in India.

hejād, المحالف bejāda, Amber; a stone resembling a ruby; (met.) night; yellow, faded;—bejāda shudan, To become yellow, to fade; to err.

يجادة أب bejāda-āb, Red, or yellow-coloured; wine.

نگ bejāda-rang, Amber-coloured (wine).

bejāda-gūn tegh, Bloodstained sword.

البحادة له bejāda-lab, Red or coral-lipped. a خاب bejāda-muzāb, Blood; red wine; saffron-coloured wine.

المجانك bī-jān, Lifeless; faint; valiant. bī-jānā, Lifelessness; faintness; faintness;

trouble, disquietude,
a איז איז bī-jara'at, Lacking courage,
timid.

a probabi-jurm, Faultless, innocent.

يبجلك bijak, An invoice, a list. المجاد bī-jigar, Timid, chicken-hearted.

a بى جمالى bī-jamālī, Want of beauty, homeliness.

a نحوات $b\bar{\imath}$ $b\bar{\imath}$ $jaw\bar{a}b$, Unable to reply, speechless.

a ييجوهر bī-jauhar, Unskilful, ignorant.

a seem bi jihat, For no reason, for no cause, in vain (m.c.).

ان جيوة bī-jīwa, Without quicksilver, uncoated, unfoiled;—āyina'i bī-jīwa, A sheet of plate-glass (m.c.).

يَجِارِكان bī-chāragān, The helpless, unfortunate.

bī-chāragī, Helplessness, necessity. المجاري bī-chāragī, Helplessness, necessity. bī-chārawār, bī-chārawār, Without remedy; remediless; hopeless; helpless, destitute, desperate, miserable, reduced to the last extremity.

н بيجال bī-chāl, Unprincipled.

н ы-chālī, Misdemeanour, ill-behaviour.

اى جراغ bī-charāgh, Without lamp or

light; depopulated; a desolated, unpeopled village.

bī-chashm, Eyeless.

bi-chaq, Name of a village near Herat.

bichand, A tree.

نجوونه bī-chūba, A small tent without poles.

wyw bī-chūn, Incomparable, unparalled; inscrutable; inexplicable; pure, eternal, divine (one of the attributes of God); [bī-chūn-u-chirā, Ineffable and inscrutable;]—bī-chūnī, Matchlessness, incomparableness (an attribute of God).

baicha, A peculiar kind of roof which contributes much to the comfort of a winter habitation.

نججيز bī-chīz, Poor, possessed of nothing ; —bì-chīzī, Poverty, destitution.

bihārzhūn, probably misreading for بيمارور q.v.

a معاهيت bī-ḥāshiyat, Without retinue, unattended.

a بي حاصل bī-ḥāṣil, Fruitless, unprofitable, barren ;—bī-ḥāṣilī, Unprofitableness.

a المحال bī-hāl, Ill-circumstanced.

a محجاب bī-ḥijāb, Unveiled; immodest; —bī-ḥijābāna, Openly, shamelessly; — bī-ḥijābī, Immodesty, indecency.

a محد bī-hadd, Boundless, immense, unbounded, infinite; immensely;—bī-ḥadd-u-shumār, Infinite and innumerable.

a نيمون bī-harf, Without saving a word, without contradiction; doubtless; immediately (mm.cc.).

a جوکت bī-ḥarakat, Motionless ; — bī-ḥarakatī, Want of motion, immovability.

a عوست bī-ḥurmat, Disgraced, debased; —bī-ḥurmatī, Disgrace.

a ہی حس $b\bar{\imath}$ -hiss, Destitute of feeling; insensible.

a مسلم هُ bī-ḥisāb, Countless; inconsistent.

a معر $b\bar{\imath}$ - haşr, Unrestrained, unlimited, infinite (m.c.).

a عَالَى عَالَمُ لَهُ أَلَّهُ الْعِنْدَة, Absent, inattentive; disturbed; offended, irritated, enraged; [bī-huzūr shudan, To be confused, irritated; —bī-huzūr kardan, To molest, to trouble;]—bī-huzūrī. Disquietude; anger; inattention, a want of presence of mind.

a عماد bî-ḥifāz, Impudent, indelicate.

a عليات له bī-ḥaqīqat, Insincere ; ungrateful ; insincerely.

a ہی حکم $b\bar{\imath}$ -hukm, Without order or permission.

a بى حكمت bī-ḥikmat, Unskilful.

a من من bī-ḥilm, Merciless, severe, inclement;—bī-ḥilmī, Severity, inclemency.

a بي معيت bī-ḥamīyat, Spiritless, dastardly, having no sense of honour;—bī-ḥamīyatī, Want of zeal or spirit.

a بي حواس bī-ḥawāss, Bereft of sense.

a ہی حیا bī-ḥayā, Impudent, shameless ;—

bi-hayā'i, Impudence, effrontery.

ناج bekh, A root, origin; base, foundation; origin; bekhi anjabar, Bistort of snakeweed (a herb); -bekhi pashm, Flesh; -bekhi jamāz, Fern-root (considered a specific against worms) ;—bekhi sūsan, Liquorice ; bekhi shab-bo, The herb Bennet; -bekh kardan, To spread roots; -bekh kandan, To uproot; —bekhi kohi, Fennel; —bekhi gāzurān, White hellebore (considered a strong vomitive); — bekhi-guli 'abbās, Jalap;bekhi luffah, Mandrake; -bekhi moy, The root of the hair; —bekhi nargis, The bulb of the narcissus.

bi-khār, Without thorn; without

fear, or anxiety.

bekh-afgan, Throwing down trees. -bī- بی عان و مان ,bi-<u>kh</u>ānmān بی عالمان khān-u-mān, Without a domicile; a tra-

bekh-āwar, Having many roots; ivy. بي عاية bī-<u>kh</u>āya, Without a testicle; a eunuch.

a بي عبر bī-<u>kh</u>abar, Ignorant, uninformed ; incautious; without giving notice, unannounced (m.c.); [bi-khabar shudan, To be unacquainted with, to have no information

of;]—bi-khabari, Ignorance; imprudence.

www.bekhtan (imp. bez), To sift; to enslave; to render impotent, deprive of mo-

tion; to become weak.

a هي المناه bī-khutna, Uncircumcised ;—bīkhutna mānda, Left uncircumcised; — bīkhulna-māndagī, A being left, or a remaining uncircumcised; uncircumcision.

bū-<u>kh</u>arch, Without money or expenses, without means, resourceless;—bi-

kharchi, Want of money,

ى عود bī-khirad, Destitute of judgment, dull.

بى عردكى bi-<u>kh</u>wrdagi, Lack of acumen, stupidity.

bī-khar-u-khāwind, Without master or owner.

هي عران bī-khizān, Perennial.

ان کے ان bī-<u>kh</u>ass, bī-<u>kh</u>as, Unpolluted.

bī<u>kh</u>astan, To be unfortunate and destitute; to be enfeebled; to take pri-

bīkhasta, Unfortunate, destitute; captive; a prisoner.

baikhusht, Torn up by the roots

(as a tree, &c.). a مخمع bī-khasm, Without an antagonist.

a ابي مطأ bi-khata, Unerring. a اينخار bū-khatar, Free from danger; safe;

uninjured (m.c.). bekh-kan, Tearing up by the roots; a judge (as extirpating thieves), a marauder

(as destroying the subjects).

ييع كنى bekh-kanī, Eradication, uprooting.

bīkhlūsh, Dross of iron.

a هير مايه bī-<u>kh</u>amīr-māya, leavened.

ه مخ الله bī-khav, Without tares ;—bī-khav kardan, To root out the tares, to purify.

لنخواب bī-khwāb, Sleepless; — bī-khwābī, Wakefulness, sleeplessness.

bī-khwāst, Voluntarily, spontaneously.

bī-khwānī, Flavourless; insipidity.

bi-khwāhish, Without inclination or spirit; without pursuit, object, or hobby-

bī-<u>kh</u>wud, Out of his senses, beyond بي مود himself, in ecstasy, enraptured, mad, insane; nonsense, absurdities, silly talk (m.c.); [bī-khwud bī-khwud, Foolishly, thoughtlessly (m.c.); — harfi bī-khwude zadan, To talk without knowledge (m.c.);]bī-khwudī, Ecstasy, rapture; madness.

bī-khwudāna, Like one beside

himself.

bi-khwur-u-khwāb, Disinclined اهخور و خواب

to eat or sleep.

a bi-khauf, Fearless of danger;
bi-khauf, Fearlessness; security, unconsciousness of danger.

, bī-<u>kh</u>wesht**an ہی عویشت**ن , bī-<u>kh</u>wesht**an ہی عویش**

Friendless; mad, insane.

bī<u>kh</u>a, Weak, impotent, feeble, frail. a منظبال bī-<u>kh</u>iyāl, Thoughtless, inadvertently without purpose (m.c.).

هي عيلة bi-<u>kh</u>īla, Purelain. بيد bid, bed, A willow, rattan; a mouse; a moth which eats books or woollen cloths; useless, unprofitable; name of an evil spirit; (for bawid and bāshid) may ye he! [bidi khām, A green branch; — bīdi surkh, bīdi tabarī, A species of willow ;-bīdi majnūn, The weeping willow; -bīdi mushk, Egyptian willow (Salix sygostomon); -bidwash larzan, Trembling like the aspen;bar bīd būdani bādrang, A cucumber (or orange) grows on the willow-tree, i.e. something wonderful comes to pass;]—bed (S. veda), The Vedas; knowledge.

ه ليد baid (v.n.), Perishing; being cut off; -bid (pl. of baida), Deserts.

baida', A desert, an uninhabited بيداء A dangerous region; name of a flat and extensive tract between Mecca and Madina.

a بى داعل bī-dākhil, Not admitted, dis-

missed (as a claim, &c.).

يداد bī-dād, Injustice; unjust, iniquitous; name of a city in Turkistan.

bī-dād-pesha, يداد كيش bī-dādkīsh, A practiser or worker of iniquity.

bī-dādmand, بيدادمند bī-dādmand, bī-dādwand, A tyrant, an oppressor.

ئى ئەتاركىي bī-dādgarī, بىدادكرى bīdādī, Injus-

tice, lawlessness, tyranny.

يدار bidār, Awake, waking; wakeful, attentive; play, sport; bīdār dāshtan, To keep awake ;—bīdār shudan, To awake from sleep; to be vigilant, alert, attentive; bidar kardan. To awake, to rouse.

يدار عن bīdār-ba<u>kh</u>t, Of wakeful fortune. بيدار دل bīdār-dil, Vigilant, alert, quick, sharp; -- bīdār-dilī, Alertness, quickness.

bīdār-maghz, Prudent, intelligent. يدارة bīdāra, Timid; inflamed with love; (for bīzāra) fraud, deceit.

bidar-hosh, Whose intellect is

يداري bīdārī, Wakefulness; vigilance, attention; conscious;—chashmi bīdārī, (His) wakeful eve.

bī-dāsht, Careless, negligent; bī-dāshtī, Carelessness, inattention (particu-

larly not taking care of cattle).

bī-dāgh, Without scar or freckle; spotless.

bīdām, Unjust; injustice.

bid-anjir, بيد انجير The shrub Palma Christi.

يدائش bī-dānish, Ignorance; ignorant; bī-dānishī, Ignorance; an unwise act, anything inconsistent with one's profession.

يدانه bī-dāna, Seedless.

بيد با*ف bīd-bāf*, One who works on rattans; a basket-maker; -bīd-bājī, The art of weaving with rattans (as bottoms of chairs and panels of doors).

بيد **برگئ** bīd-barg, A willow-leaf ; an arrow whose head resembles the leaf of a willow;

يد بن bīd-bun, Willow-tree.

يدياي bīdpāy, Name of a famous Indian philosopher, known to us by the name of Pilpay, and author of the celebrated collection of fables which is best known to us by the Arabic version Kalila wa Dimna, and the Persian Anwari Suhaili, and which itself is derived from the Sanskrit Panchatantra and Hitopadesa.

bidakh, bīdakh, An excellent horse;

fierce, untractable.

يدعت bedu<u>kh</u>t, The planet Venus.

a هي دخل bi-da<u>kh</u>l, Dispossessed ; excluded ; withholding, keeping back part of the revenue;— $b\bar{\imath}$ - $da\underline{k}hl\bar{\imath}$, Exclusion, dispossession.

אבע A baidar, A threshing-floor; a cornbin; a stack of unthrashed corn.

ی درد bī-dard, Painless; unfeeling, piti-

less, merciles:; ~bī-dardī, Freedom from pain; unfeelingness, inhumanity.

bī-darafsh, Name of a Turanian بيدرفش sorcerer and warrior, brother of Gargasar.

bī-darmān, Hopeless, remediless. بيدرنگ $b\bar{\imath}$ -dirang, Without delay, suddenly, instantaneously; quick, alert, nimble,

هيدوة bīdara, A blacksmith's ditch (a round or square hole two feet in depth, where they place their anvils, round which they sit upon the ground, with their feet in the ditch).

ی دریغ bī-diregh, Undeniable, evident, in-

contestible, readily acknowledged; unsparing, ungrudging, unstinted, liberal; remorseless, ruthless, unpitying; -bī-diregh shudan, To receive no denial; -bī-direah kardan, To agree, to grant without regret, not to refuse.

bidistān, Grove of willows, osierbed.

ہیدست $bar{\imath}$ -dastar, The beaver.

bī-dast-u-pā, Without power or بيدست , يا authority; astonished, stupefied.

bī-dastur, Ill-bred; without precedent, unusual.

a پيدعول bī-da'wá. Free from claims.

a بيدق baidaq (from P. payāda), A pawn at chess; -baidaqi sīm, A star.

بيد كش bīd-kash, A kind of weapon. بيد ګيا bid-giyā, A sort of artichoke.

بيدل $bar{\imath}$ - $diar{l}$, Heartless, dispirited, out of heart; pusillanimous; love-sick; ignorant; melancholy, dejected, sad, stupid.

يدلا bedilā, bīdalā, Vain words, idle talk. ييدلانه bī-dilāna, In a spiritless or heart-

less manner.

بيدلى bī-dilī, Heartlessness ; cowardice.

الله المنافعة المناف easily provoked, irritable, testy, impatient; —bī-damāghī, Impatience, irritability.

بيدمال bid- $m\bar{a}l$, Rubbing the rust from a

sword or mirror with a willow stick.

bīd-mosh, بيدموش bīd-mosh, بيد مشك Name of a fragrant shrub.

bī-dami mardān, Without the breath (spent in prayer) of (holy) men, i.e. saints.

بيدسي bī-dumī, Absence of tail.

bī-dandān, Toothless;—bī-dandān shudan, To lose the teeth.

bī-dawā, Beyond remedy, incurable. bedwāz, A mountain in Transoxania. bî-dūrbāsh, Without hindrance. يى درواش bī-daul, Shapeless; uneducated, illbred.

بيدوس bī-dos, Innocent, faultless (little

used).

a بى دولت bī-daulat, Unfortunate, unhappy; incapable; ill-conditioned; — bī-daulatī, Bad luck, misfortune.

بيدون bidūn, Without.

bīdwand, A stone used medicinally. a بى دھشت bī-dahshat, Undismayed, unappalled.

ابيدهل رتم bī-duhul-raqş (dancing without a drum or tabor), Who talks out of place.

ہی دھن bī-dahan, Unable to speak; a poor orator.

بيدى bīde, A willow, a single willow.

a بي ديانت bī-diyānat, Irreligious, unjust. ي ديده bī-dīda, Blind; saucy; ungrate-

a ہی دین bī-dīn, Irreligious, heretical ; au infidel.

بيذارة bīzāra, Fraud, deceit (see بيذارة). a ييلق baizaq (from P. payāda), A roadguide; a foot-soldier; a pawn at chess; a commander; a falcon.

a ی فروی $b_{\bar{\imath}}$ -zauq, Tasteless, insipid ; $-b_{\bar{\imath}}$ -

zauqi, Tastelessness, insipidity.

pa bir, Lightning; thunder; a thunderbolt; a deluge; a bed, bed-clothes; a handsome vest; learning by heart.

bi'r, A well, a pit. ≉נ ▲

n ya bir (S. bhrātri), A brother; (S. vīra) a hero, an athlete; (S. badara) the fruit of the jujube-tree.

דע bir (איבע bir), One.

bīrād, Old, decrepit, impotent.

berāz, The horn of any animal.

مراسته bīrāsta, A village abounding in palms.

جرائی bairāq, A standard, ensign ; a troop. جرائدار bairāq-dār, A standard-bearer, cornet.

H مواكي bairāgī (S. vairāgī, nom. of vairāgīn), A Hindū mendicant and penitent, who, having forsaken the world, leads a wandering life.

ארי בין א ד bairām, A Muhammadan solemn

festival.

איל berān (for אנלט werān), Desolate. אין berāna (for werāna), A place full of ruins.

bī-rāh, A devious path, a by-road; a wanderer, who deviates, errs, or loses the way; astray; unprincipled, dissolute; a courtezan; anger; misdeeds, unbecoming acts;—bī-rāh shudan, To wander, stray, deviate.

أن المراة هوا bī-rāh-shawā, Wandering, straying.

بيراة $b\bar{\imath}$ - $r\bar{a}ha$, بيراة q.v.

المواهي bī-rāhī, Deviation from the right way;—bī-rāhī kardan, To be guilty of excess.

a بی را این $b\bar{\imath}$ -ra'y, A fool, idiot, imprudent man.

a أمريط bī-rabī, Irregular, undisciplined. bīrbūshā (Zand and Pāzand), A

cucumber.

פרופא birbhum, Name of a district in Bengal.

a نبي رتبه bī-ratba, Without dignity or rank; worthless.

a في رحم bī-raḥm, Merciless, cruel, savage; —ān bī-raḥmi qāṭi'u 'r-raḥim, That pitiless wretch who abandons parents and relatives; —bī-raḥmī, Hardness of heart, cruelty.

bîraz, A fuller's beetle.

هرزت bīriad, berrad, Iron filings; solder; galbauum.

ڪرڙي , bīrza, berza نيرزي , bīrzay, berzay, Galbanum.

بى رستاى عيد bī-rustāyi 'id, Innocent mirth. a بى رستاى عيد bī-rasmī, Irregularity.

a بي رس bū-rasan, Without a halter; dissolute; ill-compacted.

هى رهك bī-rashk, Unambitious; spiritless. a هى مائة bī-rizā, Without leave.

a अञ्च bairaq, A standard, flag, pennant, colours; a troop;—bairaqi nūr, Peep of dawn.

ی رک bī-rag, Heartless, without emulation.

بيركند bīrgand, Name of a city.

क्ल bairam, A kind of silken stuff; biram, A dish of kidney (unsupported by examples).

אבקה bairam, A gimlet; liquid collyrium; a long stone; a hoe, a pickaxe.

முன் bīrun (for ம்றன் bīrūn), Out, without.

البرنجاسي bīrinjāsb, The plant southernwood.

غرنگ bi-rang, Colourless; dishonest; the sketch or outline (of a picture), the plan (of an edifice); the Divine essence divested of attributes.

ی ری bi-rū, Shameless, scurrilous; bold, rash, inhuman; a purse.

bī-rawān, Lifeless, inanimate.

بَيْرُواَتِي bī-rawā'ī, Without splendour, lustreless.

אתנים bairūt, A maritime city in Syria. בינא bīrūj, The herb mallows.

ئ ان روز bī-roz, Unfortunate; a greeu stone of little value.

a جبروزه bīrozaj (for P. پيروزه pīroza), A turquoise.

ان بن ورزگار bī-rozgār, Without occupation or livelihood.

المروزي bīrozan, A precious stone; a load. مروزة bīroza, A garment for daily wear.

بى روزى bī-rozī, Destitute of daily bread. بى روزى bī-raughanī, Want of oil.

ey, si birūn, berūn, Without, out of doors; exterior, extrinsic, foreign; the outside; from, a great way from;—bīrūn āmadan, To come out, sally forth; to revolt;—bīrūn āwardan (burdan), To bring out, extract, draw from;—bīrūn firistādan, To send abroad, to emit, send out, despatch away;—bīrūni qal'at, The ramparts and ditch, the outskirts of a fortress (m.c.);—bīrūn kardan, To extract, draw forth, lead out, export, throw out, eject; to except, exclude;—az bīrūn, From without;—dar bīrūn, Outside, out of doors.

بيرون آمدگي bīrūn-āmadagī, A turning out ; a projection, prominence, protuberance.

יה שינידע bīruntar, More foreign or external. איני ביינע בייגע bīrun-jastagī, Saliency.

ליה אוניט ביני bīrūn-sarā, Not stamped at a mint.

הענט אני bīrūn-shau, Termination, exit.

يرونى bīrūna, An outside garment, a cloak. بيرونى bīrūnī, External; the outside; a shirt, a shift; excluded, excepted.

birünin, External.

 δ_{per} δ_{ira} , A wimble, an auger; a mouthful, chew; name of a fortified place on the Euphrates;— $\delta_i ra'i$ pan, A chew of betelleaves offered to a departing visitor.

ن bera-zan, An earthen pan for baking.

bī-rahnumān, Without a roadguide.

بی راهی $b\bar{\imath}$ - $rah\bar{\imath}$, = رهی q.v.

المرى bīrī, A bed; a cushion, a carpet.

a tyet bi-riyà, Sincere; sincerity; sincerely; -bī-riyā'ī, Sincerity, candour.

a سبي الله الله عنوب و ريا bī-raib-u-riyā, Without doubt, indubitably.

ייי bī rīsh, Beardless.

المربعة bī rīsha, Without fibres, fibreless. orm birin, Fetid water.

jes bez, bīz (imp. of bekhtan, bīkhtan), Sift thou; (in compos.) sifting; stricken.

bīzār, Free, clear; absolved; healed; wearied, disgusted; -bīzār shudan, To have an aversion, loathe, abhor, detest; to be free from fault or debt; to become languid or low-spirited, to despair ;—bīzār kardan, To fatigue, vex, disgust.

bīzāra, Magnanimous; a lover.

يراري bīzārī, Vexation; anger, ill-humour, displeasure; unconcern, indifference; a royal diploma; a charter of liberty, a letter of manumission.

اى زبان bī-zabān, Without a tongue; mute, dumb.

هي زباني bī-zabānī, Dumbness, silence.

a المرحمة bi-zaḥmat, Easy (m.c.).

bi-kar, Moneyless; a miser; avaricious.

انيور خويد bi-sar-kharid, (Obtaining) without purchase.

بي زرى bī-zarī, Poverty, lack of money. بى زنگ bī-zang. Free from rust, untarnished.

bi-zan-u-jarzand, Without بي زي و فرزند wife or child.

bī-zinhār, Who gives no pardon or security.

ہی زئی bī-zanī, Bachelorship.
a بی زوال bī-zavāl, Unchangeable, imperishable.

a הצפנ bī-zor, Weak, impotent. امرون bizon, A bison (m.c.).

هرهره bī-zahra, Without bile; good-tempered, patient, forbearing; indefatigable; shameless.

بى زبب و زينت bī-zīb-u-zīnat, Ugly, awkward, inelegant.

بيزيدن bîzīdan, bezīdan, To sift.

יביניט bī-zīn, Unsaddled.

ලාය bezhan, Name of a hero (son of Gev and nephew of Rustain).

אַנטָּרָוֹע bezhanwār, (A hero) like Bezhan. bezha, Pure, genuine; special, pri-

هي ساعتكي bī-sā<u>kh</u>tagī, Sincerity, artlessness.

هي ساعته bī-sākhta, Undisguised, plain, artless.

بي ساز و سامان ، bī-sāz-u-sāmān بي ساز و سامان ، bī-sāz-u-sāmān Unprepared, unaccoutred; useless.

bì-sāmān, Poor; restless, disturbed; wicked; disproportioned; stupid; -sari bī-sāmān, A brainless head, a dunce, a dunderhead.

بى مامالى: bī-sāmānī, Poverty; disturbance; calamity.

obsisān. Name of a place.

a ہیں۔ bī-sabab, Causeless, without motive.

هي سپاس bī-sīpās, Ungrateful.

bist, Twenty; injured, damaged; -best, Stand! stop! wait!

bīstākh, Impudent, shameless, rash. bestār, Superfluous; such a person. فيستار bī-sitāragān, Without stars, starless (night).

ی ستاره bī-sitāra, Unfortunate, ill-starred. bīsitān, Passed, gone by (plur.).

bistagani, A monthly pension, which used to be paid upon the twentieth day; wages; pay (of an army).

bīstagī, Impunity; the leprosy. bīstum, The twentieth.

يستون bīstūn (bī-sutūn, Without pillars), Name of a mountain in Persia; the heavens.

bīstī, A Persian coin; (in Hindustānī) water-carrier.

bīstīn, The twentieth.

bi-saj, Shapeless, ill-made.

ابى سخن bī-sukhun, Dumb, silent; doubtless.

bi-sar, Headless; peerless;—besar, A hawk.

bī-sarāfsār, Ill-tempered, evil بي سرافسار unfit, incapable; inattentive, disposed; negligent.

besurāk, besarāk, A young and strong camel; a camel's colt two years old; a young camel whose dam is Arabian and sire double-hunched; an ass; a mule.

bī-sarān (without masters), Persons بي سران who attain eminence without parental instruction.

بي سرمگي bī-surmagī, A want of collyrium; a neglect of the application of collyrium to the eyes.

بى سرو پا bī-sar-u-pā, Without head or feet; weak, powerless, totally destitute; immethodical; a circular shell or bead.

هي سرو دلي bī-sar-u-dilī, Absence of mind. بى سروسامان bī-sar-u-sāmān, Unfurnished, destitute, helpless; confused, intricate; deplorable; depraved, villainous; mean, grovelling; dirty, unclean; wicked, impudent, lascivious.

نيسرة besra, A sparrow-hawk, merlin; a

a بى سعادت bī-saʻādat, Unfortunate; nnhappy.

a بي سكون bī-sukūn, Restless, always on the move.

a محمد bi sikka, Unstampt (coin); without respect or esteem, without freshness or beauty; one who has no right to coin money; hence powerless, dependent.

a بى سلىقكى bī-salīqagī, Inexpertness, awk-

wardness; want of taste.

a ابي سليقه bī-salīqa, Immethodical; inexpert; wanting in taste.

besan, Deadly poison.

ين نتك bī-sang, Without weight or gravity; without respect or influence.

a بي سواد bi-sawād, Without learning,

unlettered.

a الله bī-suwāl, Who begs or asks of no one.

besūr, Name of a city.

bī-soz, The extinguisher of a candle. bī-sū'ī, Without reference to (local) direction; not limited.

a بى سىرتى bi-siratī, Bad conduct, lawless-

ness, implety.

بيش besh, Much; more; great; good, proper; best; well; excellent, elegant; delightful; [besh az īn chi kunad (kushāyad), What more can he do, or can be done;]bish, Name of a poisonous plant resembling

a ماهد ه bī-shāhid, Without evidence,

unwitnessed.

a بي مائيه bī-shā'iba, Without doubt.

besh-bahā, Of great price or value. besh-bahār, Sempervivum, house بيش بهار leek.

a الله الله bī-shubha, Without doubt; un-

beshtar, Oftener, for the most part; more; broader; longer; exceeding;—du chīz yā beshtar, Two or more things.

ובאדיקנט beshtarin, The most, the greatest. a بي هرك bī-sharaf, Without honour or dignity; -bī-sharajī, Dishonour, indignity. bi-sharm, Shameless, indecent.

bi-sharmi, Immodesty, shameless-

ness.

a بي هعور bī-shu'ūr, Ignorant, unconscious; a blockhead; - bi-shu'ūri, Ignorance, stu-

besh-farosh, Who sells out. a بي معقت bī-shafqat, Pitiless, harsh, unkind.

a بيش قيمت besh-qīmat, A high value or

price; valuable.

a هل بي هك و ريب bī-shakk, بي هك و أبي bī-shakk-u-raib, بي هك و هيه bī-shakk-u-shubha, Without doubt, doubtless; without question, unquestionably.

beohkār, Unremunerated labour.

هي هكوة bī-shukūh, Fearless; uncomplaining.

بى ھكيب bī-shakīb, Impatient.

beshkīn, Honorific names of the poets Nizāmī and Faryābī.

.bi-shumār, Innumerable بي همار

bīsh-mosh (also fāratu 'l-bīsh), A mouse which lives amongst the roots of the plant bish (see ہیش).

besh-u-kam, More or less; a moderate quantity.

ы bī-shūy, Husbandless.

bacy.

ايشة bīsha, besha, A forest, wood, wild, uncultivated country; a country overgrown with reeds and the like; a shepherd's pipe; -bīsha'i bī-tosha, The nook of poverty.

beshī, Excess, increase.

A بيص bais, bis, Adversity, calamity; confusion; difficulty, straits.

a بي صبر bī-ṣabr, Impatient, not brooking

delay.

a بي مبري bī-ṣabrī, Impatience, restless-

a ابي صدا bī-ṣadā, Dumb, returning no echo; noiseless (m.c.).

a موله bī-ṣarfa, Useless, inconsiderate; nonseuse.

a ہی مرنہ کو $b\bar{\imath}$ -sarfa-go (- $g\bar{u}$), An idle talker.

a ملاع bī-ṣalāḥ, Ill-advised, headstrong. a بي ميغل bī-ṣaiqal, Unpolished, unfur-

هيض baiz (v.n.), Laying an egg; becoming intense (heat); a swelling on the fore-foot of a horse; a mark fixed to public writings by the magistrate or any principal officer; (pl. of baizat) eggs; biz (pl. of baizā'), Fair women; bright swords; ayyamu 'libīz, The 12th and 18th (or, according to some, the 13th, 14th, and 15th) days from the new moon, as being the brightest.

ل المحاث baizā' (fem. of abyaz), White; bright, clear, clean, pure; the sun; a fair woman; name of a town in Persia and several other places; — ummi baizā', 'A boiler, kettle; — manāra'i 'baizā', The white tower (of Damascus where the Muhammadans believe that Jesus Christ descended

from heaven).

a بى مابتكى bī-ṣābilagī, Irregularity.

a هي مابته bi-zābita, Irregular, contrary to rule.

a بيدابي baizābī (for baizawī), A species of Persian writing where the curvatures of the letters are oval.

a بينانه baizāna, The official mark of a superior officer; the perquisites of a magistrate for marking public papers.

a بي مبط bī-zabṭ, Irregular, unrestrained, wanton.

bī-ṣabṭ-u-rabṭ, Without order بي ضبط و ربط or connection.

A بيمة baizat, baiza, An egg; a testicle; a helmet; the middle of anything, especially of a house or city; (also bizat) name of a town; [baiza'i atishīn (āftāb, aftāk, charkh, sipahr), The sun; — baiza afgandan (an-dākhtan), (met.) To fear; —baiza'i alwān, Coloured eggs for children to play with; -baiza bar āwardan, To castrate;-

baiza parwardan, To hatch, or to brood; -baiza'i khākī, The terrestrial globe;—baiza dar ab, An egg in which the bird has not begun to be formed; boiled;—baiza dar kulāh, An egg which jugglers conceal in their cap; the human heart; -baiza dar kulàhi (bar sari, dar afsari) kase shikastan, To break an egg in one's hat (upon one's head); (met.) to put to shame, to make one a laughing-stock; -baiza'i zar (zarrīn), An ancient Persian coin (so called from its elliptical form); the sun; -baiza'i subh, The sun; -baiza'i 'ambar, A grain of amber; -baiza'i fūlād, A steel bead ;-baiza'i qū'ī, An ostrich-egg; baiza'i kāfūr, Snow; the sun; the moon; lightning;—baiza kardan musht, To clench the fist; -baiza'i māhī, Fish-spawn; — baiza nihādan, To lay an egg;—baizahā'i zarīn, The stars;]—bīzat, A white kind of light soil.

a بيموي baizawīy, Oval, elliptical; made of eggs, relating to eggs; name of Abū Sa'id, a native of the city of Baizah, and author of a celebrated commentary on the

بيضة بازى baiza-bāzī, A game played with eggs by children.

a بيضمگر baizagar, Oviparous.

a بيمى baizī, Whiteness, purity. baiṭār, A horse-doctor; a veterinary surgeon.

a بي طاقت bī-ṭāqat, Without power, impotent; — bi-tāgat-u-tāb shudan, To be de-

prived of all power. a بی طاقتی $bar{\imath}$ -tagat $ar{\imath}$, Impotency, imbecility. a على مالخ bī-tāli', Luckless, unfortunate; -bī-tāli'ī, Ill-luck, misfortune, adversity.

a بي طراوتي bī-tarāwatī, Want of moisture or sap; siccity.

a كي طرح bī-taraḥ, Unmannerly, uncivil, uncouth; badly.

a مرفدار bi-taraf-dar, Of no party, impartial, nusectarian; -bī-taraf-dārī, Impartiality,

a ييطوى baitarī, The veterinary art;-

baitarī kardan, To practise farriery.

a ہی طعم bî-ta'm, Without flavour, insipid ; without food.

a ملك ه bi-talab, Uncalled, unsought, unrequested.

bi-talab-u-rajā, Without بي طلب و رجا request or petition.

a منع bī-ṭami, Not covetous; disiu-

a بي طبعي bī-ṭama'ī, Disinterestedness.

a بي طبر bī-ṭaur, Ill-mannered ;—bī-ṭaurī, Unmannerliness, rudeness.

a بي طوف bī-garf, Without the power of

containing.

A مع bai' (v.n.), Selling; sale; buying and selling; commerce; [bai dadan, To pay the price or earnest-money; - bai' zadan, To strike a bargain; - bai kardan, To sell, to buy; to trade, to traffic; -bai u sharā, Buying and selling; commercial transaction; -biya' (pl. of bī'at), Christian churches.

a عار في عار bī-'ār, Without reproach, blameless, faultless.

a بى عاقبت bī-'āqibat, Lost ; unhappy.

a ييعاند bai'āna, Earnest-money; advance. a ہی عبرت bī-'ibrat, Unwarned by example, unawed.

A نيعة bai'at, Inauguration, salutation, or acknowledging the authority of a great man; swearing allegiance; homage, fealty; [bai'at bastan (raftan), (in the language of the Sufis) To become one's pupil;— -bai'at dādan, To stipulate, to give the hand upon making an agreement; to administer the oath of loyalty or fealty;bai'at shikastan, To break faith or the oath of allegiance; — bai'at kardan, To agree with, to receive a promise or pledge for the settling of a bargain; to promise or plight loyalty or fealty; $-b\bar{v}at$, A Christian

a عد په bī-ʻadd, عدد bī-ʻadad. Countless, innumerable.

a ہی عدل $bar{\imath}$ 'adl, Unjust, lawless.

a بي عديل bī-'adīl, Incomparable, unequalled.

a عوت bī-ʻizzat, Inglorious, dishonourable.

a بي عوتي bī-'izzatī, Dishonour. a بي عقل bī-'aql, Without judgment or

intellect; infatuated; foolishly. a مقلع bī-'aqlī, Want of sense and understanding; infatuation; levity, foolish-

a بى عكس bī-'aks, Unreflected; without counterpart, peerless.

a بَى علاقكى bī-ʻilāqagi, Want of connection.

a بي عالته bi-ʻilàqa, Unconnected.

a بي علت bi-illat, Without cause or reason; safe, secure, free from accident; independent.

a بيع نامة bai'-nāma, A bill of sale.

a ہی عنایت bī-'ināyat, Unkind, rude ; reckless, unconcerned.

a جي عيب bī-'aib, Without blemish, faultless.

bai<u>gh</u>ā, A parrot.

baighāra, Reproach, بيغارة baighāra reproof, chiding.

يغال bīghāl, A short spear, demi-lance,

a بى غايت bi-ghāyat, غايت bī-ghāya, Endless.

bi-ghubar, Not reached by the dust (heaven).

a بي عرض bī-gharaz, Disinterested; independent; indifferent.

a بيغرمانه bī-gharazāna, Sincere, pure; disinterested; sincerely.

a بي غرمي bī-gharazī, Disinterestedness. . bī-ghashsh بي غش و غل bī-ghashsh بي غش فش u-ghill, Without hatred or dissimulation; without deceit; a sincere friend.

a بي غمانه , bī-<u>gh</u>amm, bī-<u>gh</u>am, بي غمانه , bīghamana, Without grief or anxiety; free from sorrow; at ease, unconcerned.

a ن عمی الله bī-<u>ah</u>ammī, bī-<u>ah</u>amī, Freedom from sorrow.

a بي غور bī-ghaur, Shallow; inconsiderate. يغوله (= پيغوله q.v.), Corner, hole, cave. هُمُّهُ bَيَقِلُهُ, Fuel, fire-wood.

baighī, Removal, repulse.

a بي طيرت bī-ghairat, Spiritless ; a cuckold. a بيفائدة bī-fā'ida, Without advantage; useless, unprofitable; ineffectual.

bī-farzāna, Ignorant, unwise. ا بي فرزند bi-farzand, Bereaved (parent).

ا بى الرسان bī-farmān, Not subject to anyone's order or command.

a الحي الروع bī-furūgh, Without success; in-

conclusive. farangi) bī-farhang, The imprudent Franks (or Christians in general).

a بيفكر bī-fikr, Thoughtless, rash; content; -bī-fikrī, Freedom from care; thoughtlessness, unconcern.

a نهجي bī-fahmī, Slowness of apprehen-

a ميفهميد bī-fahmīd, Slow in compreheuding.

a بيفيض bī-faiz, Unprofitable, possessing but not bestowing (as a learned man who does not communicate his knowledge, or a rich man from whose wealth no one receives advantage).

אַבּא bī-gābū, Without restraint; secure. a بيقاعده bī-qā'ida, Without order; irre-

gular; without foundation.

a بيقال bi-qāl, Dumb, speechless.

a بيقدر $b\bar{\imath}$ -qadr, Without dignity;— $b\bar{\imath}$ quari, Worthlessness; disesteem.

a ہی قدم bī-qadam, Without a footing, unfortunate.

a بيقرار bī-qarār, Inconstant, unsettled, variable; impatient, passionate; afflicted. impotent.

a بيقرارى bī-qarārī, Instability, restlessness.

a بي قرينة bī-qarīna, Irregular; peerless, incomparable.

a بى قصد و اعتيار ln-qaṣd-u-ikhtiyār, Unintentional, involuntary; unwillingly; suddenly; casually, accidentally.

a بيقمور bī-quṣūr, Without defect, without fail; completely, entirely; faultless, inno-

beyatūn, Proper name of a man. a بيقلعي bī-qal'ī, Untinned (as a pot).

a بيقول bī-qaul, Regardless of one's word, faithless, perfidious.

a بيقياس bī-qiyās, Incomprehensible; immense, infinite, inexplicable, contrary to the common order of things, abnormal.

a يبليد bi-qaid, Unrestrained, irregular ;—

bī-qaidī, Unrestrainedness; (moral) abandonment.

a قيمت bī-qīmat, Inestimable; worthless.

a بيقين bī-yaqīn, Certain, for certain.

ba-yak, To one, with one; -- ba-yak nīm nihād, He left it half-finished.

بيكارة bī-kār, بيكارة bī-kāra, Without employment or profession; an idle, lazy fellow, vagabond, vagrant; incapable of work, useless.

هي کار رفتن bī-kār raftan, Dolce far niente,

otium cum dignitate (m.c.).

ايكارى bī-kārī, Want of employment, idleness.

ہیکام bi- $k\bar{a}m$, Disappointed.

بيك بار ba-yak bār, Āt once; suddenly.

a بيكبرى bī-kibrī, Want of pride, modesty, humility.

الله ba-yak rāh, At once; at one stroke. ايكران bī-karān, Inmense, unbounded.

بيكس bī-kas, Friendless, destitute; an orphan; -bī-kasāna, Friendless; in a friendless manner; -bi-kasī, A friendless condition, solitude.

ہی کس و گو $b\bar{\imath}$ -kas-u-g \bar{u} (go), Utterly friendless, destitute of companions.

ہی کفش bī-kafsh, Shoeless, barefoot. نی کفشی bī-kafshī, Bareness of feet; want of shoes, discalceation.

a نى كەن $bar{\imath}$ -kafan, Unshroud ϕ d; — $bar{\imath}$ kafanī, Burial of an unshrouded body.

baikam, A portico, vestibule, verandah.

بى كم و كاست bī-kam-u-kāst, Without increase or diminution, without defect; complete, perfect, entire; accurate.

بيكند baikand, A city built by Jamshed.

بيكى bī-kai, Without period.

beg, A lord, a prince; title put after the names of servants and petty officials (m.c.); -begā-begī, Lord of lords, prince of princes.

bīgāda, Averse from women, impo-

begār, Employing anyone without a remuneration ;-begar giriftan, To force one to work without pay.

bīgāra, Impotent.

يگانگي beganagi, The situation of a stranger or person unknown; the being a stranger or alien; foreignness; hostility.

يكاند begāna, Unknown, a foreigner, stranger, alien ;--bīgānā u khwesh, Strangers and relations, foreigners and natives.

begana būm, Of unknown or foreign lands.

بيگالة نهاد begāna-nihād, Of a strange nature or disposition.

يگاه bigāh, Unseasonable; delay; even-

يگران bī-girān, Inestimable, infinite. beg zāda, Beg's son, young nobleman (m.c.).

bi-gazand, Unharmed, unblemished. نى كرندكى bī-gazandagī, Freedom from

a beglar begī, Prince of princes (m.c.).

ד האם begam, A lady of rank (related to beg, as khanam to khan).

يكمان bī-gumān, Without doubt.

بي كمالي bi-gumani, Certainty.

kundiz, کندر = / baigan بیگند baigan بیگند q.v.), Name of a city in Turkistan (see (ہیکنڈ).

bī-gunāh, Innocent, guiltless, harmless; -bī-gunāhī, Guiltlessness, innocence.

بى گولى $b\bar{\imath}$ - $g\bar{u}'\bar{\imath}$ (go'i), = بى گولى q.v. $b\bar{\imath}gah$, Ill-timed; delay; evening; (= بيگم q.v.) a lady of rank.

н ыды bīgha, A measure of a third of an

નું bel, A shovel, spade; an oar, a paddle; the loins; a basket for carrying away rubbish; a gunner; a gardener, a vine-dresser; (in Zand and Pazand) a well; -bel zadan, To work with a spade ;-beli kishtī, An oar.

н بيل bel, An Indian fruit containing in a hard shell a pulp resembling the apricot in flavour.

belā, Money to be distributed in charity.

של אבלן bīlā-bardār, One of the retinue of a great man who scatters money amongst the populace, an almoner.

belaq, A flower; a garden; a cool

grot.

bībāk, A gift, a present (pl. bīlākāt and bīlāk-hā).

bīlāy (in Zand and Pazand), A well.

a بي لباسي bī-libāsī, Nakedness, nudity. belcha, A hoe, a small mattock.

a had bī-liḥāz, Inattentive, indiscreet, ill-bred.

bel-dār, A digger, delver; a pioneer. يل زن bel-zan, Who works with a spade (as a gardener, &c.).

belasta, The fingers ; a kind of rose. a بيلطافت bī-laṭāfat, Unpleasant, harsh.

a بى لطف $b\bar{\imath}$ -lutf, Unkind, ungracious; inelegant; insipid. vapid;— $b\bar{\imath}$ -lutf $\bar{\imath}$, Unkindness; inelegance; unpleasantness.

bilaghan, Name of a province and town in Turkistan (prob. for سلقان q.v.).

biluft, Name of the planet Venus. biyalfakhtan, To gain, to collect. bīlfakhand, A collection, assembly. bailgān, Name of a city in Armenia بيلقان Major, near the ports of the Caspian Sea; name of a district in Persia.

bailquni, Of or belonging to Bail-

qān. bailak, A royal mandate; title-deeds; a two-headed arrow; — bilak (also بيليك bilik), Wise counsel, good advice; -belak,

A hoe or small spade; a kind of arrow resembling a small spade.

bī-ligām, Unbridled; licentious,

intemperate.

ه يلمان ه bailamān, Name of a place in Yaman; also one in India or Scinde celebrated for its swords.

belwa, A druggist, an apothecary.

alm bela, A mattock; an arrow with a broad head resembling a hoe; an oar, a paddle; an island; a sort of medicine; a tray on which drugs are exposed for sale; a royal mandate; the title-deeds of an estate; pus; the silk-worm's cone; a cheek;

bilak. بيلك bilik, see under يالك

bīm (8. bhīma), Fear, terror, dread, danger; bīmi jān, The danger of life;az bimi satwatash, From fear of his power; dar bimi halāk, In dread of destruction.

a بيما حصل bī-mā-ḥaṣal. Useless, unprofitable; unfortunate, unlucky.

بي مادر bī-mādar, Motherless.

bīmār, Sick, infirm, afflicted; the eye of a mistress; [bimāri bārik, Consumption; -bīmāri diqq, Colour blindness; -bīmāri sangin, A severe illness; -bīmāri siyāh, A black or burning fever attended with perspiration;]—for bim ar (imp. of awardan), Fear thou, be afraid.

الله bīmārāna, Sickly.

bimār-parasi, A nurse of the sick.

بيمار پرس bīmār-purs, Who inquires after or visits a sick person.

بيمار پرسي bimar-purei, Visitation of, or inquiry about, the sick ;-bīmār-pursī numudan, To visit the sick.

bīmār-jigar, Diseased in the liver.

bīmār-chashm, Languid-eyed. bimār-khana, A hospital, infirmary.

bīmār-khez, Convalescent; raising the sick.

bīmār-dār, An attendant on the sick;—bīmār-dārī, Attendance on the sick; —bīmār-dārī kardan, To tend the sick.

يمار ژون bēmār-shūn, Regimen of invalids; sickly, ailing.

bīmārsān, Like a sick person; (for bimāristān) a hospital.

بيمار غنج bīmār-ghanj, Infirm, ailing ; love-sick.

bīmār-girān, Having a chronic بيماركران disease.

bīmār-gūn, Sickly-coloured. bimār-gin, Diet of the sick;

valetudinary. bīmārnāk, A valetudinarian, in-

firm, ailing.

bīmāra, Sick, infirm, indisposed. بيمارى bīmāri, Disease, sickness, infirmity; -bīmārī'i bārīk, A consumption ;—bīmārī'i sangīn, A severe illness;—bīmāra'ī kūdak, Diseases incident to children.

بيماري ناك bīmūrīnāk, Sickly (country).

a بى مَال بى bī-ma'āl, Absurd, vain, fruitless;—su'āli bī-ma'āl, An absurd demand or question.

a بى مالك bī-mālik, Without owner or master.

البخان bīmān, Dishonoured; dishonourable.

بى مانىد bī-mānand, Incomparable, unparalleled; effaced, obliterated.

a ما وي ما وي ما وي ما وي ما وي ما وي ما وي ما وي ما وي

pitable.

bī-māyagī, Indigence, poverty.

الى ماية bī-māya, Poor, indigent; miserable, worthless.

نجم الله bīm-bar, Price, value; frightened; -bīm bar (imp. of burdan), Fear thou, be afraid (comp. ابتحال).

a في مثال أن bi-migal, Incomparable, un-

equalled.

a المحال bī-majāl, Powerless, impotent.

a ψωω bī-muḥābā, Unceremonious, disrespectful; unsparing, unstinting, liberal; fearless; — bī-muḥābā palang, The world; fortune; death.

a يى محاسبة bi-muḥāsaba, Without calcu-

lation, at a venture.

a was bi-mahall, Impertmently, ill-timed.

a بى سىلى bī-maḥallī, Incivility.

a بى مدار bī-madār, Without a pivot, infirm, unsteady;—bī-madārī, Instability.

a بي مدد bī-madad, Unaided, destitute, unassisted.

a بي مرصت bī-marḥamat, Ruthless, piti-

bī-marg, Undying, immortal.

a بى مورت bī-murūwat, Clownish, rude; ungenerous, uncivil, brutal, inhuman;—bī-murūwatī, Inhumanity, cruelty, incivility.

bī-muzd, Without reward, hence worthless;—duzdi bī-muzd, An infamous

بى مركى bī-mazagī, Distaste, disgust; insipidity, a nauseous taste.

bī-maza, Insipid, tasteless; nauseous;—bī-maza kardan, To disgust.

a بي مساس الم المتعربة المتعر

a بى مسمول bī-musammá, Misnamed; not answering to or agreeing with its name;—ismi bī-musammā, A misnomer (m.c.).

a مثقت له bī-mashaqqat, Without trouble.

a بى معنى bi-ma'ná, Unmeaning; vaiu, frivolous; absurd, unreasonable, ill-founded; vaiuly, foolishly.

a بى معين bi-mu'aiyan, Undefined, unlimited.

ان مع bī-magh, Without depth, shallow. المخرع bī-maghz, Brain-sick, brainless, giddy, superficial;—bī-maghzāni tar-dāman, Fornicators, adulterers.

a بى مقال bī-maqāl, Dumb, speechless,

silent.

هی مقدار ه bī-maqdūr, ای مقدار bī-maqdūr, Without authority; without resource; poor.

المحكاة bīm-gāh, A place of danger or

terror.

n ملاحظه bi-mulāhaza, Inconsiderately.

ابی من hi-man, Spiritless.

المناك bīmnāk, Fearful, afraid, timorous. a بي bī-minnat, Without the necessity of asking, without entreaty; without favour or obligation; independent; disinterested.

bimand, The mill-clapper; rattles used by watchmen and boys; any noisy instrument by which birds are frightened from gardens.

a المعنوع bi-mauj, Smooth (sea).

a موجب bī-mūjib, Without cause or reason.

bimuri (probably for bim-wari), Majesty, reverence, awe, severity.

bīmūs, Unleavened bread.

a موسم bī-mausim, Out of season, un-seasonable.

bī-mū-shudagī, Baldness.

اى مو هده hī-mū shuda, Become bald;

a عوقع bī-mauqi', Out of place, unseasonable.

بى موى bī-mūy, Bald, without hair. bīma. Insurance against risk:—bīr

kardan, To insure (m.c.).

المهر bī-mihr, Unkind.

بي مهرى bi-mihri, Unkindness.

in comp.) seeing, discerning, comprehending, as—haq-bin, haqiqat-bin, Discerning the truth, &c.

A consider bain (v.n.), Separation, distance, interval; between, among; [bain bain, Betwixt and between; middling, mediocre, tolerable, indifferent;]—bayyin, baiyin, Clear, lucid, evident, manifest; plain.

איי bīnā (pl. bīnāyān), Seeing, clearsighted; a sort of long grass; a month; bīnā shudan, To sec.

بيناب bināb, A vision.

ه بينات baiyināt (pl. of baiyinat), Evident proofs, evidences.

بينادل bīnā-dil, Clear-minded, intelligent. بينارة bīnāra (perhaps misreading for بينارة q.v.), A gigantic demon; a frightful, detestable face.

bīnās, بيناس bīnās, بيناس bīnās, بيناس

name; nameless, anonymous; without character or reputation; the ring-finger.

bî-nāmūs, Without law or reli-

gion; uncivilised, rude, rustic; -bī-nāmūsu-nang, Clownish, without politeness or shame.

bī-nām-u-nīshān, Without بي نام و ليشان name or character.

بي نامي bī-nāmī, Anonymous.

بينائى bina'ī, The eye; perspicacity, strength of sight or of mind, penetration, vision; a lunar month (in the Zand avestā); -bīnā'ī-rafta, Sightless, whose sight is

ه baiyinat, An evident demonstration, a positive proof;—baiyinat āwardan, To bring proof, to demonstrate clearly (by witnesses).

איבבינט biyanjīdan, To sift; to be taken prisoner; to be made captive, helpless, and impatient.

ಸ್ವಾ binad, Hopeful; a number (doubtful

meanings); -biyand, They are.

bindu, Spurious, of bad extraction, ignoble.

a بينديد bī-nadīd, Peerless, incomparable. hīnish, Vision, sight; providence.

بى نشان bī-nishān, Without sign, mark, or trace; -bī-nishānī, Absence of a sign, mark, or trace.

a بينميب bī-naṣīb, Destitute, poor, portionless; -bi-nasībi, Ill-luck, misfortune.

a بينظير bī-nazīr, Matchless, unrivalled.

a بينطيري bī-nazīrī, Pre-excellence, incomparableness, matchlessness.

a نعل ها bī-na'l, Destitute, poor.

a بي نفس bī-nafas, Breathless.

bīnaki chashm, The pupil of the eye.

haynamā, In the mean time, ينما ه whilst.

بى نمار bī-namāz, Prayerless; (met.) a menstruous woman (not allowed to say prayers).

بي نماري bī-namāzī, Ceremonial impurity in women (disqualifying them for engaging

in prayer).

bī-namak, Insipid, saltless, tasteless; ill-favoured.

هيىمكى bī-namakī, Insipidity; ill-behaviour; ingratitude, faithlessness.

بي نمود bī-namūd, Invisible.

binand (from didan), They see, will see, or may see; hope, expectation; several; how many?

بيسدكي bīnandagī, Seeing, sight.

ا بيندة bīnanda, A spectator, beholder; the eye; provident.

hī-nang, Shameless; disreputable, without honour or reputation; faultless.

bī-nang-u-nāmūs, Without بي ننگ و ناموس good name and character.

بينىكى bī-nangī, Shamelessness. bī-nawā, Helpless, unfortunate, unprovided; a beggar; silent.

ن فواكي bī-nawā'ī, Indigence, poverty,

beggary; destitution, fasting; want of voice or speech.

a بينور bī-nūr, Without light; blind;—binūr kardan, To extinguish.

אינים bīnūsh (perhaps misreading for q.v.), Hark! listen!

A ينونة bainūnat (v.n. of يينونة , Being placed at a distance, separated, or distinguished (one from another); being joined, separation of parts.

bīna, The place in a bath where people

undress.

a يينهائه bī-nihāyat, bī-nihāya, Without end, endless, infinite.

ہینی bīnī, The nose; the snout; the brain; the toe of a boot; (2nd sing. pres. of didan) thou seest, wilt see, mayest see; --bīnī bastan, To close the nostrils;bīnī'i charāgh, The wick or flame of a candle; -bini'i khūk, The snout of a hog; -bīnī zadan (kardan), To turn up the nose, to scoff at, scorn, despise; -bīnī fishāndan, To sneeze; to blow the nose; to grunt;bīnī'i koh, The nose of a mountain; a promontory, peak, ness.

bī-niyāz, Without prayers or entreaty, in want of nothing, independent, able to do without; who lacks nothing (God); free; -bī-niyāz kardan, To relieve from indigence, to guard one against want, to give charity.

هي ليازي bī-niyāzī, Independence, fortune. bīnī-band, The nose-coverer, i.e. a بيني بند veil worn by the Arabian ladies.

بيني دار $bar{\imath}nar{\imath}$ - $dar{a}r$, Pointed at the toe (boot,

ينى در bīnī-dar, The curtain of the door of a chamber or tent; a cramp-iron which fastens planks.

ينى دراز bīnī-darāz, Long-nosed; a stur-

geon.

پيدي درة bīnī-dara, The nostril.

bīnī-war, A veil covering the nose. bayo, A bride ;--beyo, bew, A moth. q.v. موور bewar, = بيوار

a بى وارث bī-wāris, Heirless, without an

a مال هي وارث مال bī-wāris māl, Property that escheats to the Government in default of heirs.

بيوارة bewāra, A foreigner, stranger; destitute; without rank or consideration; a rolling-pin.

bewāz, Quiet; a bat; acceptance,

reply.

bewāzīdan (according to others بيواريدي ييواريدن bewārīdan), To answer, to grant a request.

a اسطه bī-wāsita, Without means; causeless.

a بى والى bī-wālī, Without a patron or protector.

bīwān, Leave.

a من المعنف bī-wāhima, Without regard or respect for (m.c.).

هی وایکی bī-wāyagī, Independence, no want.

هي رايه bī-wāya, Independent, without want.

אפאָלְעָבּט bayobārīdan, bayaubārīdan, To bolt in eating, to swallow without masticating (see לְּנָאְנָעֵט).

שלא bayūburdan, bayauburdan, To gulp

down, to bolt.

H موہاری bīyopārī (S. vyāpārī), Dealer, trader.

A سوت buyūt (pl. of bait), Houses.

a الموتات buyūtāt (pl. of buyūt, pl. of bait), House-expenses; account of such; house-hold; house-tax; an office for registering the effects of deceased persons.

a بيوتانى buyūtātī, Holder of the above

charge.

a نى وجود bī-wujūd, Non-existing; humble, low; mean, vile.

A اجرد buyūd (v.n. of إليد Departing from one's friends; perishing; setting (of the sun).

yer biwar, bewar (Z. baēvare), Ten thousand; the kernel of a walnut when dry and bitter;—bewar, bayūr, Name of Zahhāk.

heward, Name of an ancient champion; name of a city in Khurāsān.

Persia. bewarash, Zahhāk, a king of

ا يورنبارة biyaurambāra, A town in Egypt. مورنبارة bayūs, Avarice, cupidity; hope, expectation; humility; flattery.

bayūsanda, Abasing oneself;

hoping.

κορε; to flatter. bayūsīdan, To hope; to excite

يوش buyush, Humility; listening; hope;

sham poverty.

نبوهاليدي buyūshānīdan, To cause to submit.

a بي ونعي bī-waz'ī, Breach of good manners.

مى وطن bi-watan, Homeless; an exile; bī-watanī, Exile, banishment.

a لى ونا bī-wafā, Faithless, insincere, deceitful; fickle; ungrateful.

a بی رفائی $b\bar{\imath}$ -wafa $\dot{\imath}$, Want of faith; per-

fidy; ingratitude; fickleness.

a نوان bī-waqār, Without fame or character; undignified; dishonourable.

a في وقت bī-waqt, Ill-timed, unseason-

a بيوٽر $b\bar{\imath}$ -waqr. Without character; dishonourable.

a و وقوك bī-wuqūf, Inexpert; uninformed; —bī-wuqūfī, Ignorance; folly; fatuity.

يبوكان bayog بيوكان bayogān, A bride. يبوكاني bayogānī, Nuptials; a marriagefeast.

بوكندن biyaugandan, To throw. بيوكندن bewagī, Widowhood.

هوليدي buyūlīdan, To hope, trust, consider (doubtful word).

هري bayūn, Opium.

bewand, Treachery, fraud, perfidy. פֿבּענׁ bewa, A widow; a widower; a stran-

ewa, A widow; a widower; a stranger; wild cucumber.

bewa-zan, A widow. بيوة زن

هيوهكي bewā-gī, Widowhood.

To get yellow from proximity to the fire;]
—bī-huda (for عَارِينَ bī-hoda), Vain, absurd;
useless; villainous.

bi-hirās, Fearless, intrepid.

A بيهس baihas, A lion; a strong, courageous man; a woman who walks well; name of a man proverbial for taking retaliation, or lynch-law.

A Muhammadan sect. ابهسية baihasīyat, A Muhammadan sect. المهشت كنك له bīhisht-gang, = بهشت كنك q.v.

baihaq, Name of a city.

يهمال bī-himāl, Incomparable, excellent; peerless, without equal or fellow.

bī-hamtā, Incomparable, inimitable.

bihan, A porcupine.

ه عنجار bī-hanjār, Pathless. bī-hunar, Ignorant, unskilful. bī-hunarī, Unskilfulness.

bi-hangām, Ill-timed, unseasonable; what has not reached its full time; unfledged.

baihod, bihod, Cloth, &c., singed and

yellow, from being too near the fire.

هودکی bō-hodagī, Absurdity, folly, levity. وی baihūdan, To singe;—bōhodan, To talk nonsense.

To be singed and yellow by fire;]—bīhoda, Immodest, obscene; vain, futile, impertinent, absurd, ridiculous, foolish, ill-applied, without foundation, ill-timed; unprofitable; useless; false, villainous.

نيهودة عوارى bi-hoda-khwārī, Thoughtless expenditure, dissipation, prodigality.

bihoda-kār, Frivolous, trifling; jocose, jocular.

نيهوده کو " *bǐhoda-gū*, Raving, doting; a dotard.

بيهودة كوثى bīhoda-gū'ī, Vain talk, balderdash.

ساهوها bī-hosh, Insane, mad, distracted; unconscious, insensible, fainted, swooned; —bī-hosh shudan, To lose one's senses; —bī-hosh gardīdan, To lose one's senses, to swoon; to become infatuated.

بى هوهي bi-hoshī, Insanity; faiuting, a fainting fit, a swoon; stupefaction.

יבאבט bīhīn, Better; swift-paced.

ي يار bī-yār, بي يار bī-yārmand, Friendless, defenceless.

p (called bā'i fārsī or bā'i 'ajamī), The third letter of the Persian alphabet, which is interchangeable with \checkmark fe, as—farsī or parsi, saped or safed; and often with \rightarrow be, as—pādshāh and bādshāh.

ų pā, The foot; a footstep, vestige; cause, pretence, pretext; power, strength; opposition, resistance; —pā ba-dāman kardan, To court retirement; to bear patiently; to be contented; --pā bastan, To be imprisoned; -pā ba-sang rasīdan, To trip; to become conscious;—pā baland kardan, To lift the foot; to run;—pā pas āwardan, To abandon, recede, give up a pursuit; to be routed; - pa pas dashtan, To have an aversion to a wife, to approach her seldom;pā khwurdan, To be deceived, to be cheated; $-par{a}\ dar{a}dan$, To make to go, to send ; $-par{a}\ dar$ zamīn āmadan, To fall often; to fall rarely; -pā raftan, To go on foot; to go off (m.c.); -pā rikāb bar-dāshtan. To ride on horseback; -pā shudan, To rise (m.c.); -pā'i daman, That part of a skirt which sweeps the ground; $-p\bar{a}$ koftan, To stamp the foot; to be offended, or ashamed of; to be near dying;—pā guzāshtan, To carry one's steps; to implant oneself;—pā'i man hast, That is my business (m.c.);—az pā uftādan, To trip, to totter; to be weak and languid;dar pā uftādan, To become helpless.

يا الزار pā-afzār, A shoe, a slipper.

پا افشار pā-afshār (foot-pressed), A treadle. پا انداز pā-andāz, Carpets spread on the pavement at the entry of a king, &c.; presents placed at the feet of a great personage; a door-mat for cleaning the feet.

با أبرجها با أبرجها pā-auranjan, An ankle-ornament. با أبرار پائزار pā-auzhār, A treadle.

pā-āhū, A building of a hexagonal form; a house adorned with stucco; the world.

پا $p ilde{a}b$, A father; the Pope.

با بر جا pā-bar-jā, Firm, immovable; al-

پا برکاب pā ba-rikāb, On horseback.

پ برنجن پ pā-baranjan, An ankle-ornament. پ بست پ pā-bast, Foot-bound.

pā baland kardan, To lift up

the feet, to run. پ بند pā-band, Fetters; swathes; fet-

tered.

په بوس pā-bos, Kissing the feet; reverencing; the heel.

پا بوسی pā-bosī, Reverence, worship, adora-

پا پوش $p\bar{a}$ -bog, $p\bar{a}$ پا ہوگ q.v.

پاپ pap, The Pope (m.c. from Fr. pape).

پاپ pāpā, Father; the Pope.

મૂં pāpazh, Uneven ground; soft clay. پا پوش pā-posh (foot-cover), A shoe, slip-

per; —pā-posh ba-rā'i shaitān dūkhtan, To know how to set about a thing better than anyone, to teach one's grandmother how to spin (m.c.).

ي پي pā-pay, Pursuit, persecution;—pā-pay shudan, To pursue, to persecute

(mm.cc.).

پايادة pā-payāda, On foot.

بات pāt, A throne.

يا ً تاب pā-tāb, Similar; comparison,

equality.

ע ש pā-tāba, The ribands or straps of sandals; wreaths; bandages, rollers; a sock; —pā-tàba kushādan, To return from a journey and settle down.

ناتاء pātān, Together with.

پاتاره pātāwa, A sock ; plenitude ; a kind of cushion.

پاتپراس pātiprās (in Zand and Pāzand), Recompense, retribution.

پاتت pātat, Worthy, suitable.

باً محته بي pā-takhta, A shoe of undressed leather; the treadle of a weaver's loom.

н پاتې pātar, A singing or dancing girl; a

prostitute.

پاترگاه pātrigāh, A patriarch. ياتشگا pātishgā, The egg-plant. پا تکيه pā-takya, A foot-stool. pätila, A copper saucepan.

پاتنگا pātingā, The egg-plant. pātū, The signs Gemini and Virgo; (according to others) Aries and Scorpio; a

large earthen pot.

پاتيا pātuwā, A kind of shoe; a sock. pātūna, A falcon marked باتونه pātūna, A with a distinguishing sign.

ياتيل pătila, A cauldron, kettle, pot (of copper or brass).

پاتیمار pātīmār, Haste.

پاتىدى pātīnī, A sieve. يا جامة pā-jāma, Trousers, long drawers. پاچه paja, A piece, portion, fragment.

پاجی $par{a}jar{s}$, Mean, low, grovelling.

ياجيانه pājiyāna, Meanly.

pājī-parast, A patronizer of باجى پرست mean upstarts.

پاجي مزاج pāji-mizāj, Mean-spirited.

pāchāl, The treadle of a weaver's loom; a cook's shop, a place where they sell heads, feet, and intestines (of oxen or sheep); a fruiterer's, greengrocer's, or baker's shop.

باچان pāchān (for پاچان pāshān), Scatter-

پا چاهه $p ilde{a}$ - $ch ilde{a}h$ a, A weaver's treadle, or hole in which he places his feet.

پاچايه pāchāya, Ordure, urine, filth. pāchak, Dried dung used for fuel.

 $par{a}$ -chila, A snow-shoe.

يا چنار pā-chanār, A servant always in readiness.

پاچنامة pāch-nāma, A sorname; an ally. pāchang, Small loop-holes in forts, through which they can look with one eye only; garret - windows, fan - lights over doors; a shoe, a sandal.

پاچرك pāchūk, Cow-dung dried for fuel. پنجه pācha, Feet (of sheep, calves, or

other animals, especially when boiled), trotters; trousers (m.c.).

pācha-farosh, Cooks who sell باچه فروش the heads of animals ready dressed.

pāchīdan, To scatter; to go softly. ياجيلا pāchīla, A shoe, sandal; a snowstice.

the pakh. Gold or silver full of dross or bad alloy, unrefined; adorned, ornamented, decorated; beautiful; ingratitude; vile, base; lime, plaster, mortar, cement; an ambassador, envoy, legate; a beautiful form; yesterday.

پا عاك كردن pā-khāk kardan, To trudge. باعته pākhta, A bricklayer's plummet.

ياعوة pākhara, pākhira, pākhra, A seat, a stool, a bench.

a مله په pā-khaṭa, A tool of a jeweller. پا خواست پ pā-khwast, پا خواست pā-khwust, Trodden under foot.

pākhīra, Lowest row of stones in a باخيرة wall.

ياميرة زن pā<u>kh</u>īra-zan, A builder; a mixer of mortar.

Ju pād, Protecting, guarding; a guardian; great; firm, durable; a throne; power, possession.

پا دار $par{a}$ - $dar{a}r$, Permanent, fixed, immoveable; always, continually; a spirited, mettlesome horse; the 20th day of the month of the era of Jalalu 'd-din.

باداری pādārī, Constance; resistance (m.c.).

باداش pādāsh, A companion; also-

پاداهي pādāsht, پاداهي pādāshan, Revenge, vengeance, retaliation, reprisals; reward, compensation; retribution (good or bad).

ע פוֹק ע pā-dām, A gin, a springe, made of horse-hair for catching birds; a bird tied by the foot to decoy others; an oratory; one who prays with great devotion.

پا دامس pā-dāman, That part of a skirt

which touches the ground.

pādāniyā, A root like a carrot (doubtful word).

پاراو $p\bar{a}d\bar{a}v$, پاراو q.v.

שליטיע pādbān, A foot-band, a tether. بادر pādar, A trembling in the limbs.

يا دراز pā-darāz, Content, at ease; boast-

پا درازی pā-darāzī, Boastiug, arrogance. پا در رکاب $par{a}$ -dar- $rikar{a}b$ (foot in the stirrup), Mounted on horseback; prepared for a journey; in dying state; beginning to turn sour; anything beginning to go, become bad and spoilt.

پا در کل pā-dar-gil, Stuck in the mire ; embarrassed, entangled, bewildered.

ровт. پادری pādrī, A Christian priest; a learned and good man.

باد زهر pād-zahr (protecting from poison), The bezoar-stone.

پا دست پ pā.dast, Buying or selling on credit.

پادش pādash, Recompense, retribution.

ياد ها pād-shā, الله عالي pād-shāh (protecting lord), An emperor, sovereign, monarch, king; -pādshāhi chīn (khutan), The sun; pādshāhi nīm-roz, The king of Sīstān; the sun; happy, fortunate; Adam; Muhammad.

پادهاهانه pādshāhāna, Royally, imperially, befitting a king.

pādshāhat, Royalty.

پادهاه زاده pādshāh-zāda, King's son,

prince.

پادهاهی $par{a}dshar{a}har{i}$, پادهاهی $par{a}d$ - $shar{a}'ar{i}$, Kingdom, empire, monarchy, royal dignity; a reign; royal, imperial; —pādshāhî rāndan (kardan), To reign, to govern; to oppress.

whole pādshah, A king.

يا دكان pā-dukān, A man with a small stock-in-trade, who, sitting at the foot of another's shop, does business with his help; a broker.

پادكان pādkāna, pādikāna, A high roof; a window.

پادل pādal, A flower.

پادنگه pāding, پادنگه pādinga, A flail; a pestle for separating rice from the husk.

پا دران pā-dav, پا دران pā-dawān, Who runs on foot by the side of a man on horseback.

يادة pāda, A herd of oxen; a drove of asses; a walking-stick; a meadow, a pas-

بادة بان pāda-bān, A shepherd, a pastor. پاد ياب pād-yāb, بادياو pād-yāv, Washing, purifying (a thing) by prayer.

پا زير pā-dīr, يا نير pā-zīr, پا دير pā-zīr, A

prop, support, buttress.

y pār, Past, elapsed; heretofore; last year; a bit, a piece; a skin, a tanned hide; flight.

پاری pārāj, A present to a superior, or

guest.

pārād, A military review (m.c. from Fr. parade).

پاراد pārāv, An old woman; name of a district of Kazwin.

پارچه pārcha (dim. of pār or pāra), A piece, segment, section, morsel; cotton or linen cloth; a garment, a robe.

پارچه بافي pārcha-bāfī, Cloth - weaving (m.c.).

پاره کار $kar, = par{a}rcha$ پارچه کار q.v.پارد pārad, A tike, or cattle-louse.

پاردان pārdān, A sack ; a goblet ; wine. پاردم pār-dum, A crupper.

پاردو pārdū, Balm.

پار رده pār-zada, Benzoin (see يار رده); a child's bib.

يارس pārs, A pard; an animal smaller than a leopard and trained to hunt; ounce, cheeta; Persia; Pahlū, son of Shem.

pārsā, Pure, chaste, devout, pious, holy, religious, abstinent, continent, above reproach; legitimate, lawfully born; clever, skilful, adroit in business; Persian, Persic; -pārsā-zan, Pure, chaste, devout woman; the wife of a holy man.

pār-sāl, The last year.

پارسائی pāreā'ī, Chastity, purity, absti-

pārejī, One who has charge of panthers or cheetas (m.c.).

پار سنگ pār-sang, A make-weight.

پارسه pārsa, Indigence; poor; mendicant; beggary.

پارسی pārsī, A Persian ; Persic.

pārsiyān, Pārsīs, fire-worshippers. پارسى نامة pārsī-nāma, Persian history.

پارٹ pārsh, A pard; a leopard.

ياركي pārgī, A prostitute ; prostitution ; a horse; a sink.

پارکیس pārgīn, A sink, sewer; dirty water. to singers and dancers at weddings and other entertainments; a remuneration to messengers or errand-boys; — pāranj, An orange.

پارنجن pā-ranjan, An anklet; a garter. پارو pāro, پاروب pārob, A shovel; a paddle; an oar; a curry-comb; an old woman;păro zadan, păro kashīdan, To row (m.c.).

پارود pārūd, A prop, a vine-prop.

پارودن pārūdan, To throw out with a shovel.

pārūcha, A vessel to carry clay or earth.

אָרָנּע pārūla, A chip, a splinter; a jester,

a joenlar man; a scamp.

پارة pāra, A piece, portion, fragment, morael; an iron mace; flight; a gift; a bribe; born, a son of; a kind of sweetmeat; a blemished damsel; quicksilver; the isle of Paros; -- pāra'i ātish, A spark of fire; -pāra'i ard, Gruel for the poor ;-pāra'i tan, A limb; a relation, a relative; — pāra dādan, To bribe; -pāra zadan, To mend or patch (a garment); -pāra'i zard, A strip of yellow cloth which the Jews in some countries are obliged to wear :- para kardan, To tear (m.c.).

by instalments; a few, certain (words); -pāra-pāra shudan, To evaporate in steam (boiling water); — pāra-pāra kardan, To divide into portions; to tear to pieces.

پاره پاره هده pāra-pāra shuda, In pieces. بارة خوار pāra-khwāh, Who accepts a bribe, lives on bribes.

پاره دوز pāra-dor, A botcher; a tent-maker. پاره درزي pāra-dozī, Patching, botching. پاره زده pàra-zada, Patched.

پاره کار pāra-kār, Airy, saucy; a coquette. بارى pārī, Succeeding well, anything which happens fortunately; fruit; of last year.

אָרָעִיף pāryāb, טָרָעַל pāryāv, Tillage by means of irrigation.

پاريدن pārīdan, To fly.

باربر pārīz, Autumn; an old man.

پارين pārīn, Last year; of the last year.

پارينه pārīna, Old, ancient. پار pāz, Sincere; elegant, graceful.

پازاج pāzāj, پازاج pāzāch, A midwife; a wetnurse.

pāzār, A peasant's shoe made of raw leather, or the bark of a tree; any kind of bandages wrapt round the feet; an infant's swaddling-clothes.

אָנְע pāzbā, The bezoar-stone.

پاز پرسی pāz-purmī (pur mai?), Name of a village near Mashhad, celebrated for its grapes.

پارتارى pāztārī, A portion, a part.

پازځ pāzakh, A voice; a sigh, lamentation. vij k pā-zada, Trampled, trodden under

pāzish, A weeding up, rooting of weeds.

pāzgīr, Tail of a serpent or dragon (doubtful word).

پازىك pāzan, The mountain-goat; = پازىك q.v.

يا ريد pā-zand, A commentary on the Zand.

پازىلەپ pāzanak, A pimp, a pander. pāzūm, Meat, food, victuals. پازه pāza, A shepherd's crook.

q.v.), پاوزهر or پادوهر pāzahr (for پازهر Treacle, an antidote against poison or venom; the bezoar-stone.

پا زیب pā-zīb (-zeb), A chain anklet, or female ornament, consisting of heavy rings of silver resembling a curb-chain, occasionally set with a fringe of small spherical bells charged with shot, all of which tinkle at every motion of the legs.

پا زير pā-zīr, A buttress, a shore for a wall.

پازيرة pāsīra, A part of the night; a bat. پارين pāzīn, A part of the night.

pazh, A place in the dependencies of

pāzha<u>kh</u>, A voice, a noise; friction; pazhukh, An answer.

pāzh-yar, A tax collector. پاژ کر

يار نامن pāzh-nāma, A surname, style, title; a peer; a friend.

پا جند pā-zhand, A commentary on the Zand.

پاژنګ pāzhang, A shoe; a little window. pāzhū, Beet; spinage; a door-post. المَّانِيَّةُ pāzha, Feet (of sheep, &c.) dressed. pāzhīr, The bezoar-stone.

پازیرة pâzhīra, A part of the night; a bat;

foud of women.

پاس pâs, A watch of the day or night, three hours; a part (of anything); guard, watch; a guard, sentinel; defence, protection; regard for, in consideration of; sadness, heartache; fear, terror;—pās dāshtan, To guard, to protect; to aid;—pāsi namak, Faithful service.

پا ساھت pā-sākht, Ready prepared.

پاساد pāsād, Defence, preservation; absti

nence from everything bad.

پاسار pāspār, A kick, wince; a kicker; —pāsupār, A game at kicks, played by boys on the ground or in the water.

پاسمان pāsbān, A sentinel, guard, watchman; a shepherd;—pāsbāni khitta'i awwal, Angels;—pāsbāni tārami nuhum (falak), The planet Saturn.

ياسبانى pāsbānī, Watching; watch and ward;—pāsbānī kardan, To watch, to guard. پا بسير pā-sabs (a blackleg), A broker,

middleman, mediator.

پا حیك pā-sabuk, Swift of foot; a long arrow with four wings for shooting at a mark.

پا سپردگی پ $par{a}$ -sipurdag $ar{\imath}$, A treading, trampling.

پا سپر کرده pā-sipurda, کا سپر کرده pā-sipur karda, Trodden, beaten (road).

يا ستادة pā-sitāda, Standing on foot, ready, in order.

pāstān, Former.

pāstānī, Of former times.

pāstaniyān, The ancients.

پاستنای pāstināy, Parsnip.

بِهِ pāsukh, An answer;—pāsukh dādan, To give an answer;—pāsukh sokhtan. To keep silent;—shakar-pāsukh, Giving a mild, sweet, gentle answer.

a باس خاطر pās-khātir, For the sake of, in

deference to.

پاس دارنده pās-dār, پاس دارنده pās-dāranda, A sentinel, guard, watchman.

پاسداری pās-dūrī, Guardianship; partiality.

päsara, Ground rent-free for wages.

پاستى pāsaq, A kiss.

باسك pāsak, pāsuk, Yawning. باسك pā-sang, A makeweight.

پا جوار pā-suwār, A nimble pedestrian. يا جوار pāswān (for pās-bān), A watchman,

guard. پانده pāsa, Propensity; grief, sadness.

پاسی pase, A watch of the night.

پاسيدن pāsīdan, To guard, keep watch, wake.

باهل pāsh (imp. of pāshīdan), Scatter thou; a scattering, dispersion; (in comp.) diffusing, scattering.

ד نهاي $p\bar{a}sh\bar{a}$ (for $b\bar{a}sh\bar{a}$). A lord, a bashā. $p\bar{a}sh\bar{a}m$, The membrane enveloping the pia mater; the caul containing the bowels; oil extracted from nuts.

پا هامه پا مامه pā-shāma, Long drawers.

باش باش باش pāsh-pāsh, Scattered about. والمان pāshān, Scattering, diffusing; dispersion.

پاهيدن pāshānīdan, = پاهيدن q.v.

pāshta, The heel, the fleshy part of the foot;—pāshta'i dar, The foot of a door. باهائي pāshak, Yawning.

pāshnā, The heel; a cucumber,

melon, or pumpkin kept for seed.

پاهنامه pāshnāma, A surname; peer, equal. پاهنگه pāshang, پاهنگه pāshanga, A small cluster of grapes; a cucumber or melon kept for seed.

heel; the sole of a shoe, particularly that part answering to the heel; a pumice-stone with which they rub the heels when in the bath; the foot of a door, or that part which revolves in a socket, in the threshold or lintel, and serves the purpose of a hinge; —pāshina zadan, To strike with the heel, to spur on.

باهنه بريدة pāshina-burīda, With perforated heels (punishment of thieves, m.c.).

پاهنه کوب pāshina-kob, Close on the heels. پاهن pāshā, A crook ; a pilgrim's staff.

يَاهِي pāshī, A diffusion, scattering; a sprinkling; irrigation.

با هيد pā-shīb, The round of a ladder; the declivity of a mountain; a foot-stool.

پاهيدي pāshīdan, To sprinkle, scatter; to be sprinkled or scattered; to be filled;—az ham pāshīdan, To scatter on all sides (m.c.).

بالميدة pāshīda, Sprinkled, dispersed; scattered, diffused; a cucumber, melon, pumpkin; a bunch of grapes.

ياهينة pāshīna, The heel.

با علم pā-'alam, Standing beneath a flag (a champion challenging his adversary).

t pā-'alam-khwān, Who recites or sings under a flag erected by the hier of a dead person, esp. Husain's in the Muharram play.

pāghar, The main beam of a house;---

pāghur, and—

يا غرة $p\bar{a}$ -ghura, The elephantiasis; according to others = 3, 4, 4, 7.

پاهنده pāghunda, پاهنده pāghunda, pāghanda, Carded cotton.

carded cotton. ماهر ماهر المراجع بالمرجع paghacha (according to others

اَعْرِچِهُ bā<u>oh</u>ūcha), A bùtterfly. په مرم په pà-ghosh, Dip, plunge, immersion.

پا قرار pā-fazār, A shoe, a slipper.

why pāk (S. pāvaka), Pure, chaste, innocent, clean, neat; perfect, full, complete; all, entire; downright;—pāk shudan, To become obliterated;—pāk kardan, To purify, wash, polish, furbish; to obliterate;—pāk u pakīza, Quite pure, polished, neat, clean.

ياك آب pāk-āb, Pure water.

باکار pā-kār, A sub-collector of revenue; a nightman; second in command; a servant.

a پاك امل pāk-aṣl, Of pure or noble extraction.

a باكان خا اول pākāni khatti auwal, The angels who bear the throne of God.

(

باك باز pāk-bāz, Having a fortunate aspect, or a fine countenance; sporting harmlessly; an honourable lover; a fair dealer; a saint; one who loses all in gambling; -- pāk-būzi charkh, The moon; moonlight.

باك بازى pāk-bāzī, Purity of mind.

پاکبر $par{a}k$ -bar, With a beautiful bosom ; who carries off everything ;-pak bar, Take, or carry away, all (imp.).

pāk-būm, Holy ground. پاکبوى pāk-boy (-būy), Chaste.

pāk-bīn, Who keeps in sight purity; pure, chaste,

پاك پيولد pāk-paiwand, Of pure kindred;

nobly connected.

ياك تن pāk-tan, Pure of body; chaste. a باك مين pāk-jaib, Pure, chaste. باك دامن pāk-dāman, Chaste, pure. pāk-dahān, Pure of speech. باك ديده pāk-dīda, Pure, chaste. a پاك راي pāk-rāy, Pure-minded. پاك راي pā kardan, To stand in presence of. pāk-rū, Beautiful-faced; -pāk-rav,

Pure in one's walk.

باك مرهت pāk-sirisht, پاك واد Nobly born, of pure extraction.

پاك سوختن pāk sokhtan, To buru clean up. پاکش pākish, Purification; sanctification. پا کشاده روای pū-kushāda rawāq, The sky. باكشان pāk-shan, Noble, illustrious, exalted.

پاك هده pāk-shuda, Obliterated.

a باك ماك pāk-ṣāf, Pure, clean, undefiled. a بَاكَ طينت pāk-tīnat, Of pure extraction. ياك فروش pāk-farosh, Who sells out; who squanders all he has.

pāk-kesh, Of sincere faith; of

pure conduct.

پاك مغر pāk-maghz, Of a pure mind. پاکند pākand, A ruby; (met.) wine. a پاك نظر $p\bar{a}k$ -nazar, Pure, chaste. ياك نهاد pāk-nihād, Pure, holy. پا کوپ $par{a}$ -kob, ${f A}$ dancer, a jumper.

پا کونتن pā koftan, To dance.

پاکی pākī, Purity, chastity, cleanliness; completion; a razor.

pāk-gauhar, Of pure extraction. پاکیدی pākīdan, To purify, to clean.

پاکيزگي pākīzagī, Purity, cleanness, neat-

پاکيرة pākīza, Pure, chaste; innocent; purity, chastity; -pākāza kardan, To win-

a پاکیزه اعتماد pākīza-i'timād, Pure of faith. باكيرة بوم pākīza-būm, Holy ground.

باكبزة بيكر pākīza-paikar, Beautiful of face. باكيرة عوى pākīza-khoy, Of pure disposition and conduct, pure-minded.

پاکيزة داسي pākīzu-dāman, Pure, chaste. پاکيوه دل pākīza-dil, Pure of heart, pureminded.

پاکيزه روی pākīza-rūy, Beautiful of face. a پاکيرة طينت pākîza-tīnat, Of pure extraction, of noble birth.

a پاکيزه قول pākīza-qaul, Pure of speech. پاکيزه تط pākîza-nazar, Pure, chaste.

يا كاه pā-gāh, A privy; the step of a ladder or staircase; the footway or pavement at the side of a street; stones placed like steps for mounting to any place; a stable; extremity.

pālā (imp. of pālādan and pālūdan), Strain thou; (in comp.) straining; a colander or strainer, made of brass or earth, for washing rice and draining the juice of grapes from the stones, stalks, &c.; hung, suspended; a horse led for parade; (in Zand and Pazand) lamentation.

پالاہال $p\bar{a}l$ - \bar{a} - $p\hat{a}l$, Strained hard; the sail

of a ship; swift, rapid; hard, firm.

بالاد pālād, A led horse, a horse of state. پالادن pālādan, To strain.

پالادة pālāda, A led horse; villainous.

يالار عانه pālār, پالار عاله pālār-khāna, The highest beam, that which supports the roof; a roof.

پالارنگ pālārang, Indian iron or steel.

پالاری pālāri, A main beam; a rafter, joist.

پالاس $p ilde{a}l ilde{a}s$ (= پلاس q.v.), The woollen garment of a dervish, &c.

pā-lāsh, The state of having the feet بالاش soiled with mud, &c.

pālāgar, The main beam of a house. يالان pālān, A pack-saddle; a vestibule. بالانكر, pālān-doz, بالانكر pālāngar, A maker

of pack-saddles.

pālānanda, Increasing, augmenting. پلانه pālāna, A balcony, a belvedere.

pālānī, A sluggish beast of burden; a maker of pack-saddles;—an artificer's tool;—asbi pālānī, A pack-horse.

بالانهدان pālānīdan, To strain; to press, to

squeeze; to cause to strain.

يالاوان pālāwān, پالاول pālāwan, A colander, strainer; any vessel full of holes through which liquor is drained; a skimmer.

pālāhang (contract. of pālā, A led horse, and ahang, Drawing), A rein, bridle, halter, rope, cord; the pillory, or four cross-pieces of wood, in which they enclose the necks of men or cattle; a noose, a buck-stall; what causes attachment to God: the galaxy.

يالى pālāy, Štraining; augmenting; led horse.

اسپ پالاي pālāy-asp, A horse led for

parade. پالايال pālūyāl, Very bright, resplendent ; swift, rapid (perhaps misreading for پلاپال

بالاي خواة pālāy-khwāh, Who calls for his

پالایش pālāyish, Filtration, percolation. پالاييدن palāyīdan, To strain; to be strained; to increase; to be increased.

pālto, Great coat (m.c. from Fr.

paletot).

بالدم pāl-dum, The crupper-leather. بالده pālesa (۶), Name of a fruit.
پالیه pālish. Increase, augmentation.
پالی pālugh. A cup made of horn or ivory.
پالی pā-lagh:, A false step, slip, trip
(also in a moral seuse); ruin.

ب pā-lighzīda, Slipping, tripping. بالله pālak, A shoe, slipper; spinage.

હાડાં, pālkāna, A high roof; a window; the beginning of harvest; a make-weight.

 $p\bar{n}lk\bar{\imath}$, A travelling litter, a palanqueen.

پالندة pūlanda, Growing, increasing.

of cow's leather; a small window; a bed; name of a fruit; a certain river.

برش pālang-posh, A quilt, coverlet.

بالر pālū, A wart.

بالوازة pālwāza, A swing (see بالوازة).

بالواسة pālwāsa, Grief, anguish of mind. بالواسة pālwāna, A bird of paradise, said to live chiefly in the air; a colander.

بالوايه pālwāya, A swallow. يالوايه pāluā, Strained; a lamb-sk

يالود pālūd, Strained; a lamb-skin garment.

پالودگی pālūdagī, A straining, a racking off.

press, drain, filter, purify; to become pure; to increase, to be large; to make large; to deliver; to escape.

a kind of sweet beverage made of water, flour, and honey (according to others, a mixture of grated apples with sugar and cardamoms); jelly; (met.) the purest and choicest part of anything; the bason of a pair of scales;—pālūda'i rawāqi rib'ī, Vernal showers;—palūda gasht, He has become free from sin, is purified.

pātūda-paz, بالودة فروش pātūda-farosh. A maker or seller of pātūda (see

preceding article).

پانوده هغز pālūda-maghz, Pure-minded. پانودی pālūdī, A garment of lamb-skin. بالودی pālūza, A wart.

پالوسه pūlūsa, Sickness, grief, anguish,

پالوس pālosh (also پالوس pālos), Adulterated camphor.

پالونٽ pālūna, A colander or strainer. پالونٽ پالوينه pālwīna, Name of a place.

four cross-pieces of wood in which they enclose the necks of men or cattle, a pillory; a noose with which anything is caught; what causes attachment to God.

پاليان pūlyūl, Always, perpetual; joined. پاليدن pālīdan, To purify; to see; to iuquire, search; to rear, to educate.

پاليدة pàlīda, Strained, purified; increased;

searched, investigated.

pālez, Kitchen-garden; a seed-field; melon-ground.

پاليزوان pālezbān. پاليزوان pālezwān, A gardener; name of a note in music.

بالك $p\bar{a}l\bar{\iota}k$, A leathern shoe; bandages. $p\bar{a}m$ (for $f\bar{a}m$), Like; colour; (for $w\bar{a}m$) debt.

پا ماچان $p\bar{a}$ -māchān, = پا ماچان q.v.

y pā-māl, Trampled upon, trodden under foot, beaten (as a path); dashed plunder, spoil, destruction;—pā-māli khuyāl shudan, To be trodden under foot by the cavalry;—pā-māl kardan, To trample, lay waste.

ا من په من pā-mard, Powerful; an assistant; an intercessor.

پا مردی pā-mardī, Strength; intercession; aid, help.

پا جود pā-muzd, Gain earned by footlabour; a guerdon, a reward to messengers, &c. (see دست مرد and المناه بارائي).

yearied pamas, Tied by the leg, wearied with but unable to quit the place one is in.

H & pān (S. parna), A plant bearing an aromatic leaf chewed with the areca or betelnut.

پانتيون pāntiyān, Pantheon (m.c. from Fr.).

پانچاه pānjāh (for panjāh), Fifty. پانچاه pānzdah, pānzadah, Fifteen.

بانزدة سالكي pānzdah-sālagī, Age of fifteen. بانزدهم pānzdahum, The fifteenth.

پانهر pānzahr, Bezoar-stone, an antidote. پانسند pānasand, Sought for, inquired after.

پانىد pānsad (for panj sad), Five hundred; —pānsad hazār, Five hundred thousand.

پانمشان pānmushk, The turpentine-tree. پانوراما pānorāmā, Panorama (m.c. from Fr. or E.).

بالا pāna, A shoe-maker's or carpenter's wedge; a wedge put under a door to keep it from flying open.

אָל טְ עָּלְיּה vã-nihāda, Brought into existence, appearing; set on foot.

н پائی pànī, Water.

ياني بت pānī-pat, A town fifty miles from Dehli.

پائید $p\bar{a}n\bar{\imath}d$, پائید $p\bar{a}n\bar{\imath}z$, Sugar-candy, a sweetmeat.

بار pav. Washing, cleansing; a foot.

پاوپر pāvpar, Power, authority. باوپر پاوپخت pāvchak, Dry cow-dung for fuel.

pā-waraq, The catch-word at the bottom of a page.

باورتجن pā waranjan, A metal ring worn on the ankle by females.

يالنشار and پالزار qq.v. پالنشار and پارزار qq.v. بارزار māvzāra. A weaver's treadle.

پاوزاره přivzāra, A weaver's treadle. ياوزاره pā wand (for pā-band), A fetter.

پاه pāh. Meat, victuals.

باها pāhā (pl. of pā), Feet.

بَاهْك pāhak, Torture, torment. ياهك pāhakīdan, To torture.

pāhang, A small window; a make-weight; an ornament for the female ankle.

يا هنگة pā-hanga, A slipper; an ankle-

ring.

ياى pāy, The foot; a footing; vestige, track, footstep; base, bottom; basis, foundation; firmness, durability, permanency; resistance; power, force; the hinder or latter part; end, limit; excuse, pretext, pretence; imp. of pā'īdan, q.v.; -pāy badāman kardan, To desist, refrain; -pāy barafgandan, To be restless, impatient; to be weak; to fascinate, bewitch; -pāy bar pay nihādan, To follow, obey; -pāy bar jāy, Firmly fixed; -pāy bar chashm nihādan (to place the foot on the eye), To salute; $-p\bar{a}y$ bar-dāshtan, To have power;—pāy bar sang āmadan, To risk one's life, to encounter danger; pāy ba-rikāb ast, His foot is in the stirrup, he is on a journey; -pay bar miyān āwardan, To be overwhelmed with business; -pāyi buz afgandan, To be uneasy and restless; to charm (in allusion to a practice with butchers of writing an incantation and tying it to the leg of a goat, which, being turned loose among a herd, attracts the whole herd about him, so that the butcher can catch whichever he chooses);—pāy pas āwardan, To retreat;—pāy pechīdan, To turn away the feet; to run; to fly; to give up the ghost; -pāy dadan, To erect, set on foot; to have lost, to be disheartened;—pāy dāshtan, To keep in custody; -pāy dirāz kardan (kashīdan), To roll, to wallow; -pāy dar rāh nihādan, To proceed, to set out ;—pāy dar-gashtan, To be weak ;—pāy-sukhun, Eloquence ;—pāy zāgh kardan, To be drawn into a snare;—pāyi 'adl, The power or intercession of justice; $-p\bar{a}yi$ 'aql, The power or intercession of reason; —pāy faro kashīdan, To wait;—pāy fashurdan, To remain, Le firm, constant; to continue in a morbid and melancholy state of mind; - pāyi fikr, The foot of thought, thoughtfulness; -pāy kashīdan, To quit, refrain; —pāy kam āwardan, To run off; pāy koftan, To dance; to be going or dying; pāy gird kardan, To supplant; pāy giriftan, To walk, to travel ; - pāy gushādan, To return; to run away; to divorce; $-p\bar{a}yi$ nisbat, The power or intercession of one's race; - pāyi wujūd dar gili ajal raftan, To sink into the fatal slough; to die; $-b\bar{a}$ fulun pay na daram, I am not upon a footing with such a one; I cannot resist such a one; — ba-pāy dāshtan, To stand upright; to put forth, to publish; -ba-pay dāshtan namāz-rā, To assist at prayers;bar pāy dāshtan, To support, preserve, maintain; -bar pāy kardan, To rise, stand up.

يايا pāyā, Existing, standing, continu-

پاياپ pā-yāb, Power, strength, force; resistance; a well, any shallow stone reservoir of water easy of access; the bottom of the sea, of a pond, or a piece of water; eternity,

perpetuity, duration; shallow, fordable, shoaly; a ford.

بای ابرنجن pāy-abranjan, An ankle-ring. پا يابى pā-yābī, Shallowness, shoaliness. بايازى pāyāzī, Pain, anguish, grief.

بای افراز pāy-afrāz, A shoe; swift messenger.

باى الزار pāy-afzār, Shoes which tie with strings; a treadle.

ياى الزاه pāy-afzāh, Promoting in rank. ياى انشار pāy-afshār, A weaver's treadle. پايان pāyān, End, extremity; limit, boundary, margin; the point of contact of two circles; a place to leave the shoes; low, inferior; —pāyāni roze ba-khwurdan, To terminate one's life; — ba-pāyān burdani kār, To accomplish, execute, or finish any business; -ba- $p\bar{a}y\bar{a}n$ shudan, To end, to terminate.

بای آنداز pāy-andāz, Shoes which tie with strings; carpets spread on the pavement

on the public entry of a king.

پایان کاه pāyān-gāh. The place of contact; -pāyān-gāhi pāy, The ground, the dust; the ankle.

بای آور pāy-āwar, Powerful, great. پای ارژاره pāy-auzhāra, A weaver's treadle. پای باز $par{a}y$ - $bar{a}z$, ${f A}$ dancer.

پای باف pāy-bāf, A weaver. پای باتی pāy-bāqī, Balance of account.

بای برهنه pāy-barahna, Barefoot. پای بسته ,pāy-basta, A پای بست prisoner, captive; standing, waiting; foun-

پای بند pāy-band. Tied by the leg; encumbered with a family; a fetter; deceit, treachery.

پاي بندی $par{a}y$ -band $ar{\imath}$, Fettered, in fetters. پاتی ہوس pāy-bos, Kissing the feet.

پای پوزان pāy-pūzān, A fear-inspiring voice.

پاي rāy-posh, A shoe ;—pāy-posh پائى بوش pāy-posh, A shoe ;—pāy-p sadan, To beat with a shoe (degrading).

پای پوهی pāy-poshī, Covering for the feet. پای پوهی pāy-pīl, A cup made in the form of an elephant's foot; a spear used by the Ethiopians.

پاي تابه pāy-tāba, A shoe-sock;—pāy-tāba gushādan (to draw off one's socks), To come off a journey.

بای تا سر pāy-tā-sar (for az pāy tā sar), Complete; entirely.

پای مخت بای pāy-takht, The foot of the throne;

the metropolis.

بای تراب pāy-turāb, Change of ground or place, following quick; first stage of a journey.

پای ترسار $par{a}y$ -tars $ar{a}$, (met.) A flask, a

پای ثبات pāy-ṣabāt, Firmuess, steadfast

پای جامه pāy-jāma, Drawers, trousers (either loose or scant).

پايچال $p\bar{a}y$ -chāl, A weaver's treadle. پای چم pāy-cham, Interpretation.

یا چنار $par{a}y$ -chan $ar{a}r$, پای چنار q.v. بای چوبین pāy-chūbīn (chobīn), Stilts.

پانچه pāycha, Breeches, drawers, or trousers; the feet of sheep or calves ready dressed; cow-heel; the frontstall of a bridle; a frontlet or any ornament for the forehead.

باي حوض pāy-ḥauz, A place of ill-fame. بای عاشته pāy-khāsta, Trodden down, trampled upon.

پای عاکی کردن pāy-khākī kardan, To tra-

vel: to seek.

پاي خانه pāy-<u>kh</u>ānā, A necessary, privy. ياي خوج pāy-kharch, Balance, residue.

پای خسته بای کسته بای کست پای کست بای کست بای کست Trodden down, trampled upon, kicked; anything laid under foot.

پاي خوان pāy-khwān, Interpretation.

پای خست q.v. pay-khwust, = pay پای خوست q.v.پای خوهه pāy-khosha, (Ground) become hard from the trampling of men or animals.

بايدار pāy-dār, Having feet; firm, fixed, permanent, constant, uninterrupted, durable, steady; standing (corn); long-lived; an epithet of God; confirming; strong, mettlesome (horse); auricles of the heart.

باي داره pāy-dāra, An assistant; succour. بايداري pāy-dārī, Stability; — pāy-dārī kardan, To tread firmly; to do anything often, over and over again, substantially; to injure, abuse; to suffer patiently; to wait, expect; to be firm.

پای دام $p\bar{a}y$ - $d\bar{a}m$, A hair noose to catch birds, a springe, gin; a rope ladder for

climbing trees; a decoy-bird.

باى دامن pāy-dāman, The skirt of a garment; -pāy-dāmani khwud kashidan, To draw in one's skirts; (met.) to return from ill ways to good.

بايدامة pāy-dāma, A fetter; a noose; a

עוברוט pāydān, A shoe; a treadle; perpetual.

بايدان آب pāydān-āb, Running water. پای در pāy-dar (pāyi dar), The pivot of a door in its threshold.

پای در سنگ pāy-dar-sang, Immoveable; -pāy dar sang āmadan, To stumble, to fall

pāyir, The time of the sun's stay in Cancer.

بای رام pāy-rām, A weaver's treadle. a پای رکاب $par{a}y ext{-}rikar{a}b$, Retinue, train.

ياي رنج pāy-ranj (foot-labour), Money given to messengers or dancers; - pāy-ranj kashīdan, To be prepared.

پاير pāyiz, The autumn.

پايار pāyzār, A shoe, a slipper.

טעט, pāy-zan, A cut-throat, foot-pad; a

بای زجیر pay-zanjir, Chained, tied by the leg; encumbered with a family.

payiza, Delegated regal authority; a diploma; a privilege; a robe of honour

(=) کاغذ q.v. under کاغذ $p\bar{a}y$ -zih, A loop or slip-knot tied to the legs of falcons, &c.; a staple.

پای زهر pāy-zahr, The bezoar-stone.

پايزى pāyizī, Autumval.

پای زیب pāy-zīb, A woman's foot-ornament.

pāyizha, A tent-rope.

پایستن payistan, To wait; to be firm; to trample on.

پای ستور pāy-sutūr, A sort of musical instrument, made from the hoof of an animal, in use amongst shepherds.

پيسته pāyista, Firm, permanent.

پاتى سىك pāy-sang, A make-weight. پکی پکم pāy-shikam, The lower belly.

pāy-shūr, Name of a musical instrument.

باي هيب pāy-shīb, A solemnity performed in the valley of Mina near Mecca, in which they defy and throw stones at a figure representing the devil; the place of future punishment.

پای کار pāy-kār, Expert; a sub-revenuecollector; an attendant on a revenue-col-

lector; a sweep.

پایکاهت pāy-kāsht, (Land) let out to nonresident tenants.

پای کشانیده pāy-kashānīda, Emancipated; a fugitive.

بای کلاغ pāy-kulāgh (crow's feet), A kind of shikasta writing.

رای کوب pāy-kob, A dancer. پای کوبان pāy-kobān, Prancing. پای کوبان pāy-gāh, A vestibule, portico, or court before a house; a place for depositing shoes; a stable; an inn or any place where travellers put up; a step of a stair or ladder; dignity, rank, office, employment; root, stock; a necessary; the projecting part of a roof; the bottom of a piece of water; a ford.

پای گذار pāy-guzār, An assistant.

pay-gah, A place for leaving one's shoes; a stable; dignity, rank, office; root, stock; a ford.

پایگی pāygī, Degree, rank; a troop. پای کیر pāy-gīr, Fettered, shackled, in chains.

پای افر pāy-laghz, A false step; error, fault.

بای المری بای المری pāy-laghzī, The stumbling of the foot; a slip.

پايم pāyam, My foot.

باي ماچان pāy-māchān, The lowest orde of priests; a place for leaving the slippers; a sort of penance practised by the Sufis, in which the offender is made to stand on one foot, his left hand touching his right ear, and his right hand his left ear; -paymāchān raftan (kardan), To excuse oneself.

ياي مال pāy-māl, Trampled upon, trodden under foot, bruised, kicked; ruined, destroyed; defeated, dissipated, dispersed.

پتتل

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despised; vile, contemptible; remission made to a renter on account of the depredation of an enemy, &c.;—pāy-māl kardan, To ruin.

پایالی pāy-mālī, Devastation, ruin, occasioned by an army or cattle overrunning and trampling fields or gardens.

pāy-mard, An assistant, a substi-

tute; an intercessor; courageous.

پايمودي pāy-mardī, Assistance; intercession; courage.

پای مرد pāy-muzd, Hire for running about.

pāymoz, A kind of pigeon.

پاین pāyin, Low, below, inferior; at the

foot of; of less value.

אָניגּוּעָ pāy-andāz, Cloths of silk and other rich stuff, which in some places are spread upon the streets when the king makes a public entry; gold, silver, jewels, or other presents made to great men (as being laid at their feet).

pāyandān, A security, surety, cautioner, sponsor; a hostage; a pledge; imprisonment, durance; a place where shoes

are pulled off.

پايندان كار pāyundān-kār, A factor, agent. پاينداني payandānī, Security, pledge, caution;—pāyandānī kardan, To give surety, to become bound for.

پايندگان pāyandagān, pl. of پايندگان q.v. پايندگي pāyandagā, Firmness, permanency.

پايندن pāyandan, To delay; to wait.

payanda, Firm, solid, lasting, perpetual (applied to paradise, hell, the blessed, the damned, the throne of God, &c.); always, constantly; a royal diploma, granting an immunity from taxes; the prop (of a wall) somewhat curved; one who keeps his eye stedfastly fixed on any object.

پايىنى pāyinī, Inferiority, meanness. بايى و پر pāy u par. Power, strength.

ορίς pāyūn, Au ornament of jewels, gold, or silver.

אָנָע pāywand (for pāy-band), A fetter.

of a ladder; a staircase; a ladder; basis, foundation; dignity, rank, promotion, office, degree; a three-legged piece of wood on which they hang clothes; low, vile; lost; trampling under foot, kicking; thrashing, beating; quantity; rain;—pāya'i a'lā (barīn), The highest step or rank;—pāya'i hauz, A place of ill-fame;—pāya'i sarīr, The foot of the throne.

پایه پایه pāya pāya, By degrees, according to rank, in due order or gradation, step by

step.

پايه دار pāya-dār, Possessed of authority;

on a pedestal (m.c.).

پائی pā'ī, Humility; permanent, stable.

pāyīdan, القدى pā'rīdan, To stand firm, to be constant, steady, fixed, established; to subsist independently of anything; to fix the look steadily on any object; to trample upon, wear, beat, or make smooth with the feet; to kick; to wait, expect; to watch, to waylay (in.c.); to become satiated, fatigued, tired.

پائير pā'īr, Time of the sun's stay in

Cancer.

پاهيز pāyīz, Autumn; old age, decline of life; an old man.

ہائی کار $p\bar{a}'\bar{\imath}$ $k\bar{a}r$, A person who purchases goods from the manufacturer to sell to the merchant.

pā'īn, Lower part, bottom, foundation;—pā'īn amadan, To come down, descend, alight (m.c.).

پايين پرستې pāyin-parastī, Obedience.

piptak, A small cluster of dates or grapes; a part of a cluster.

َ عَبُودُ papara (in Zand and Pazand), Old, aged.

پويشيدن paprīshīdan, To disperse, scatter. پولس paplus, Bread soaked in oil and syrup.

بيلييا paplipā (in Zand and Pāzand), A

garment, a short vest.

papanā, Sour milk from which the butter is taken; when coagulated, and the thinner part strained off, it is dried in the sun, and preserved with salt, &c. for winter use.

=: pat, Starch, size; goat's hair which is soft, fine, and inner; anything soft;—put, A worm which pierces ships' bottoms.

چادی patādaq (a word used to express celerity or the noise of anything falling), Impetuously, thunderingly.

پتارة patāra, A brush for sprinkling cloth

in the loom.

pitat (Pars. patiti), Repeutance; asking forgiveness.

بحغ patkh, Astonished, stupefied; foolish. بحز patar, Amulets of gold or silver.

بتسو patsū, Acidulated milk dried. (See بيدو and پينو).

pataft, Repentance, resipiscence;

asking forgiveness.

patfoz, The parts round the mouth; the snout (of an animal), the beak (of a bird); the circumference of a cap;—patfozi zabar, The upper lip of a quadruped.

پتفور بسته patfoz-basta, Muzzled. پتفور بسد patfoz-band, A muzzle.

putk, A smith's hammer.

پتکن pitkan, A rake, a harrow (see بتکنر). patgīr, A hair sieve, a searce.

پتل patal, A mat.

بعلادة putlād, بعلادة putlāda, A bar for a door.

پتل بند patal-band, A mat-maker.

بتاري patlūp, A kind of food made of sour milk, milk, and walnuts.

H يتنه palan (for پتنه g.v.), Name of a town in India celebrated for its woven stuffs.

patang, A paper kite;—pitang, Window.

بتنگ بازی patang-bāzī, Flying kites.

н ыш patna, The capital of Bahar (India).

patanī, A hopper for seed-corn.

patau, A place constantly exposed to the sun; (for j; partau) a ray of light; patu, A kind of woollen cloth; camlet.

بحواز patwāz, A perch, a roost.

يترلة patūla, A kind of Indian silken stuff.

ينه pata, Father.

بعة pata, A straight sword; — pattah, A lease; a grant or lease specifying the quantity of land possessed by each tenant, and the amount of rent with which it is assessed; a broadsword; bosses on a bridle.

يته دار patta-dar, A leaseholder. putyā, Penitence, repentance.

patyāra, Affliction, misery, misfortune; anything ugly, terrific, and shocking; modesty; severity, vehemence; fraud, stratagem; shame; contention, hidden, concealed.

H پتياله patyāla, A town north-west of

پتيان pityān, An enemy, an adversary.

patir, A covering of canvas or leather; (for A. نطير) unleavened bread;

بتيرة patīra, Disgusting, shocking.

بتيل patīl (for A. نتيل fatīl), A wick for a lamp, lint-stock.

بتيل سوز patīl-soz, A lamp-stand.

بتيلة patīla, Wick of a candle, or lamp.

e; paj, A mountain;—puj, A kind of fruit, a large strawberry; plain, broad, open, wide; confused; disproportioned; immense; unbecoming, unhandsome, uncivilised.

جار pajār, A mountain.

pajāwa, A brick-kiln.

برل pujūl, The leg-bone, the ankle.

بعر pajīv, Hypocrisy, deceit. الجبر pichohāq (for T. الجاد bichāq), A knife.

et et pach pach, Hush! a call to goats; also.

puchpucha, Anything whispered about.

puchushk, Dung of sheep, goats, or camels; a druggist; a physician; -puchushki sutūr, A leech, a veterinary surgeon.

puchushki, The practice of medicine.

pichkam, A court, hall of audience; a wolf;—also pachkam, A house whose sides are latticed (see جکم).

Je pachal, One who often bedaubs him-

pachwāk, An interpreter; (according to some) a translation.

pachūh, pachwah, A translation.

Aga pacha, Ivy.

pichīdan, To twist, entwine.

e pakh, Well, good; a side; (pak pakh) O! bravo! well done! excellent!pikh, pakh, Get away! begone! (said to a cat or dog).

pikhpikhū, A tickling under the

arms.

pakht, Trodden, pressed flat;—pukht,

He cooked: a kick.

يخترى pukhtari, Cakes (or bread) which are laid over dishes when bringing to table, and under which the meat is kept warm; cakes imbued with clarified butter.

وختگان pukhtagān, pl. of ختگان q.v.; pukhtagāni haqīqat, Matured, skilled in the knowledge of sacred truths; wise men,

pukhtagī, Ripeness.

بخري pukhtan, To boil, cook, make ready ; to concoct; to ripen; to be cooked; to render well disposed towards, canvass for, gain for one's interests (m.c.).

يختنى pukhtanī, Fit for cooking; boiled. pakhta, Cotton; -pukhta, Boiled, dressed, cooked; ripe, mature; expert, skilfnl, versed in business; sly; a large lamb; contemptible; strong, well built; pukhta tadbīr-hā, Prudent counsels.

pukhta-josh, Lambs' flesh boiled بخته جوش

in spiced wine.

pukhta-khwār, چنه خوار pukhta-khwār, پخته خوار

khwur, A son-in-law; beggar.

a راى pukhta-rāy, Intelligent, wise, prudent.

بيته كاو pukhta-gāv, Warm water medicinally prepared and poured from a vessel slowly over the head; an embrocation.

pukhta-maghz, Intelligent, wise,

prudent.

مُنِّ بِ pikhtī, pukhtī, Jelly (of fish); congenled broth.

*, pakhch, Trodden; ample, wide.

pakhchūdan, To trample; pound; to widen.

pakhchūda, Trampled on; extended, widened, flattened.

pakhchīdan, To trample on; to widen.

منهيده pakhchāda, Trampled; expanded, widened.

خس pakhs, Liquefaction; a melting or wasting away; diminution; heart-burning, distress; shrivelled, dried up; withering blandishment.

يخسان pakhsān, Drying, withered; amorously playful, blandishing; melting; sorrowful.

يخساڻيدن pakheā'īdan, يخساڻيدن pakheīdan, To walk pompously. بعديده pakhsina, Withered, shrivelled.

Trodden; pa<u>kh</u>sh, expanded; withered, shrivelled; soft, tender.

pakhshā, Refusal, denial; oppression; straitness, distress.

pakhshān, Afflicted, sad.

جشانيدي pakhshānidan, To strut; to melt with grief.

بخشائيدن pakhshā'idan, pakhshāyīdan, To afflict, grieve.

pakhshan, Creeping down (doubtful word).

يعشودن pakhshudan, To beat, trample on. pakhshūda, Trampled upon; expanded, wide, broad.

pakhshidan, To trample, tread upon; to burn; to strut; to waste away with grief; to shine, glitter; to be wide and ample.

pakhshīda, Trodden; enlarged,

widened.

بخل به pukhl, مالي به pukhla, Purshin. علي pakhlūcha, علي pakhlūcha, A tickling under the arms.

ય pad, A guard, guardian; the white poplar; - pid (for pidar), A father; -pud, Touchwood, tinder.

پد آسيا pad-äsyā, The sail of a wind-mill, or the tooth of a water-mill wheel; a mill-

پديود pudpūd, Touchwood; tinder; fuel. אבן pidar, radar (S. pitri), A father; pidari pidar, A paternal grandfather;pidari zan, A wife's father ;-pidari sababī, A father-in-law; a stepfather; - pidari shauhar, A husband's father; - pidari kalan, A grandfather; —pidari mādar, A maternal grandfather.

بدرام padrām, Malignant, unloving, uncharitable; eternal, continual; - pidrām, Adorned; good, charming; glad; a bed-

chamber; always, continual.

پدر الدر pidar-andar, A stepfather. بدراته pidarāna, Paternal; paternally. پدرمتنه padrakhta, Sorrowful; anxious.

padarza, A wrapper in which clothes بدرزة are folded up; victuals tied up in a handkerchief; a portion, a share.

پدر سکت pidar-sag, Dog-fathered (m.c.). پدر سوعته pidar-sukhta, Whose father is burning (in hell-fire, m.c.).

بدرفتار pidruftar, پديونتار pidiruftar, Patient. بدر فرزندي pidar-farzandi, Relationship of

father and son; paternal relationship. پدر مردة pidar-murda, An orphan.

پدر نامرد pidar-nā-mard, Who bas an infamous father, a rascal, scoundrel (m.c.).

پدرندر pidarandar, A stepfather.

پدر لويسي pidar-nawisi, Abatement of extraordinary charges.

يدروار pidarwar, Like a father.

پدرود padrūd, Leave, dismissal; farewell; -padrūd kardan, To bid adieu, to say good-bye.

يدرى pidarī, Paternal; an adherent of a

sovereign's father antagonistic to the son; fatherhood.

پدريه pidarīya, Paternity.

padma, A part, portion; a bundle. pidandar, padandar, padnadar, A father-in-law.

پدواز pidwāz, The parts round the mouth;

a perch, roost.

pada, The white poplar-tree;—also, puda. A barren tree, proper for firewood; touchwood.

پدیجه padija, The scale of a fish.

يديد padid, Open, public, clear, evident. manifest, conspicuous, in sight; openly, evidently; -padid amadan. To appear, to become manifest; -padīd āwardan, To make manifest, bring into view or evi-

پديد آور padid-āwar, Who brings into sight, displayer.

پديدار padīdār, Manifest, appearing; in existence ;—padīdār āmadan (shudan), appear, show oneself; -padidar kardan, To rouse: to evince.

يديسار padīsār, Taking up and finishing any business which has already been begun upon.

پدر = pizar (= پدر pidar), A father.

پدرام pazram, پدرام q.v.

پدرنتار pizruftar, Surety, bail; acceptance. پدرفتاریدن pigruftārīdan, To make oneself responsible.

پذرفتاری کردن pizruftārī kardan, To bear patiently; to accept; to pledge oneself; to

entrust, to give in charge.

پدرنتکار pizruft-kār, Accepting; who accepts or approves; acknowledging; who acknowledges or confesses; obeying; obedient.

پذراتن pizruftan, To accept; to own, confess.

پارلته pizrufta, Confessed, owned; accepted.

يدور pazūr, Mint, spearmint.

پدة paza, == 8 پذة q.v.

pazīr (imp. of pazīraftan, in comp.), Receiving, accepting, admitting; having, being possessed of, endowed with; as ishtibāh-pazīr, Admitting of doubt, doubtful;pozish-pazir, Accepting an apology, &c.

يديرا pazīrā, Accepting; hearing; obeying; going along, flowing, passing; accepted; a leader; meeting, encountering; matter; the first principle of everything material; — pazira-shudan, To accept, to agree with, to meet.

يديرا سخن pazīrā-sukhun, An acceptable speech, a good word.

بديراليدن pazīrānidan, To render acceptable; cause to accept, acknowledge, or con-

پليالي pazīrā'ī, Acceptance; obedience. پذیرس pazīrish, Acceptance; obedience.

پذیونشار pazīruftār, An accepter; a surety; a chief; acceptance.

پذیرلتاری pazīruftārī, Suretyship;—pazīr-

uftari kardan, To bear patiently.

پديولتاريدن pazīruftārīdan, To take upon oneself, to be security for another; to bear patiently; to render acceptable; to cause to accept.

بايرنتكار pagiruftkār, Accepting; taking in good part; obedient; confessing, ac knowledging; a leader, a chief.

پذیرلتکاری pazīruftkārī, Acceptance.

przīruftan, To accept, receive, take in good part, approve of, assent to, admit; to answer for, become surety; to consult what is just and right.

pazīrufta, Accepted, approved. پدولتى pazīruftī. Affliction, grief, shame. پذيرنده pazīranda, Who approves, accepts.

بارة pazīra, Acceptable; a meeting, encounter; a going before; acceptance; obedience; an accepter; a leader;—pazīra shudan, To go or appear before, to meet, to encounter; to return; to follow; to be angry; — pazīra āwardan, To lead against or towards.

*, par, parr, A wing; a feather; a leaf; the arm from the collar-bone to the tip of the finger; the sails or paddles of a mill; a side, skirt, or margin; leaf of a tree; light, ray; (imp. of paridan, in comp.) flying; [pari āsyā, The sweep of a wind-mill; par afshārdan, To flap the wings; - par afgandan (andūkhtan, rekhtan), To drop the feathers; to become denuded; to grow weak; to rejoice;—par baz kardan, To spread the wings; to depart; to copulate; —par bar-āmadan, To become fledged; par bar-āwardan (shikustan), To break the wings; -par bar sar bastan (zadan), To stick a feather in one's cap; -- par zadan, To tly; pari simurgh bar ātish nihādan, To use spells and incantations (in allusion to an episode in the Shāh-nāma); - pari qū, An ostrich-feather; --pari kāh, A blade of grass or straw (m.c.); -par gustardan, To extend the wings; to be weak, infirm;pari magas (fly's wing), A kind of weapon; the brilliancy of a sword; a musical instrument; a delicate kind of silk-stuff; -par nihādan, To expel; to propel; to turn one from his purpose by stratagem;—par u bāl, Feather and wing;—par u bāli iqbāl, The feather and wing of prosperity;—par u bāl shikastan (dar ham shikastan), To break the wings; to render utterly powerless;—par u bāl faro hilīdan, To become weak, languid, weary;]-pur, Full; laden, charged; complete; much, very; too much, too (m.c.); -pur āmadan (shudan), To be full; to become fulfilled; -pur kardan, To fill.

برا parā, Pera (m.c); — purā, Fulness;

fatness,

אָלָאָ pur-ā-pur, Filled to the brim, quite full.

پرانران parāzrān, A species of royal falcon. בלונא pararir, בלונא parurix, The year before

پرارين pirărîn, parārin (in Zand and Pazand), Good, excellent.

براز, purūz, Scattering; plough-harness.

پرازده parāzda, pirāzda (whence the A. فرزدی), A lump of dough.

purāzh, Dispersed, scattered.

پراس paras, Expansion; perfection; de-

livery, surrender.

parāsālīna, The پراسالينه parāsālīna, The year before the last, the third from the present year.

parasian, To clean.

پراش parāsh, Dispersion, scattering; imp. of the following.

پراهيدن parāshidan, To disperse, scatter; to put down, quell, appease; to be disordered in mind.

براهيدة parāshāda, Scattered; insone. براهيدة parā-koh, The further side of a mountain; the deeper part of a mountain from which the water runs; a chanuel made by a mountain-torrent.

پراکندگی parāgandagī, Dispersion, scattered

ness; distraction.

پراکندن parāgandan, To disperse, dissipate, scatter; to send everywhere; to disbaud (an army).

پراکندنی parāgandanī, Anything to be strewed or scattered (as sweet herbs over

dead bodies).

parāganda, Dispersed, scattered, disbanded; dissipated; in ttentive; prose (opposed to paiwasta, Poetry); -parāganda kardan, To disperse, scatter; -- paraganda u pareshan shudan, To be dissipated and ruined.

a پراکنده حال parāganda-ḥāl, In troubled circumstances.

a براكندة عاطر parāganda khātir and

پراکنده دل parāganda-dil, Disquieted. paraganda rozi, Who has met with reverses of fortune.

پراکنده کړې parāganda-goy, Who speaks in prose; who talks at random or confusedly.

يراگنديدن parāgandīdan, To scatter; to cause to scatter.

پراکی parāgī, A helmet; a skull-cap. برالك parālak, Excellent steel; a sword. gur āmad qafīz, The measure (of پر آمد تغير his days) is full.

پران parān, parrān, Flying.

چانداخ parandakh, Goat-skin leather. parāna, Name of a city and a river. برائيدن paranidan, To cause to fly; to de-

fine, to make known, to notify.

ير آور par-āwar, Flying ; swift. parāwand, The bar of a door. parāhām (in Zand and Pazand), Abraham; name of a certain wealthy Jew.

ير باك pur-bād, Full of wind, inflated. ארין parbara, A summer-house; - pur-bār, Full-blown (a flower); fruit-laden (a tree); freighted; lading, cargo.

אלן, parbāl, איל, parbāla, A summer-

house.

پر برفتر, pur-barftar, More covered with snow (m.e.).

ב, אנילע parbarnāwish (?), The sky.

ביניט parbazyān (?), ביניט parbūn, A kind of painted China silk.

વધ ત pur-paya (full of feet). A centipede:

a spider, = پريزان q.v.

pr parpar, A young partridge; purpar, A herb like water-mint.

pre parparam, Purslain.

Fitz parpara, Small, thin, light coin. parpoz, The parts round the mouth. ינ אלנ); pur-pahlā, A displeasing word. முல் parpahan, parpahn, Purslain.

ವಜ್ಞ purpay. An assessment to defray the cost of lighting Musulman temples.

முஆர், parpīn, Zedoary.

அ part (perhaps related to the follow. ing and برتاو q.v.), Prostrate, floored; —part shudan, To be thrown (from a horse);—part kardan, To fling to the ground; to throw oneself (mm.cc.).

برقاب partāb, An arrow that flies far; a leap, spring, throw; shining, brilliancy, resplendency, brightness, flashing; a coin; tumbling; shooting, casting, hurling, lancing; - partāb kardan, To throw (an arrow).

پرتابیان partābiyān, Archers, bowmen. برتاد partad, Slander, whisperings.

برتاش partāeh, A district in Turkistān.

برتاب parlav, A bow-shot, &c. (for برتاب q.v.).

برتر partar, Starch, size.

پرتك purtuk, purtak, An ambler (see برتك).

پرتگال *purtugāl*, Portugal.

part-gah, A precipice, precipitous, steep (m.c.).

nartal, The baggage of a horseman پرتل پر

carried on a camel.

برتاله partala, A gift, a present; a turban, hat, head-gear.

h برقاه partala, عرقاه partāla, A belt.

پرتمیدی partamidan, To be chapped or swollen (lips).

يرتو partau, A ray, light; shock, collision. partawistan, A place of radiance or brightness; name of an interpretation of the Dasair by Saman V.

partaw-andaz, Darting rays. پرتوه partawa, A far-flying arrow.

يرتري partawî, A philosopher of the sect of illuminati (sec المراقيان).

par-tir, A pointless, four-winged پر قير arrow.

پر چانه pur-chāna, Having or taking one's mouth full; talkative (m.c.).

پر چانگی pur-chānagī, Talkativeness ;—pur-

chanagi kardan, To talk much, to prattle, to gossip (mm.cc.).

purcham, The tail of the sea-cow, which they hang round the necks of horses; a black fringe or tassel tied round the reck of a spear; a lock of hair (especially waving over the forehead); the sea-cow; the Yak or Tartary ox.

ارجه parcha, A bit, piece ; cotton cloth.

پرچيدن parchidan, To strike, drive, clench; to beat down the point of a driven nail so as to fix it; to rout.

parchis, The planet Jupiter (see

.(ډرچيس

رچين parchīn, Curved, crooked, bent; nails driven through anything and then clenched at the points; a hedge of briars; thorns placed on a wall as a fence; a shed; a hovel constructed of sticks, leaves, &c. :-pur-chin, Full of wrinkles.

ת בין pur-harf, Talkative, garrulous;
-pur harf zadan, To talk much or too

much, to chatter (mm.cc.).

يرخاش purkhāsh, War, battle; a quarrel. purkhāsh-jū, برخاهيو purkhāsh-khar, برخاهيو purkhāsh-khar, برخاهيو war, pagnacious.

parakheh, برخش parakheh, A horse's

buttocks.

بر خود pur-khirad, Intelligent, prudent. a بعضر pur-khatar, Full of hazard.

parkham (pur-kham?), Confused, entangled, topsy-turvy; perplexity.

برخو par<u>kh</u>au, par<u>kh</u>ū, A magazine, granary; a buttery, larder; meat, victuals; cheerfulness; a pruning of trees.

پر خور pur-khwur (eating to the full), A glutton.

بر خورى pur-khwuri, Fulness of food, gluttony.

پر خوں pur-khūn, Full of blood.

pur-khūnī, Bloodthirstiness, پر مونی pur-khūnī, Bloodthirstiness, cruelty; a blood or black pudding (doubtful meaning).

برخيدي parkhīdan, To pull up by the roots; to shave; to reap, mow; to fence with thorns.

پرځيده parkhida, A wink, nod, sign.

يري parad, He flies (3rd sing. of paridan); -pard, An enigma; the plush of velvet, &c.; a time; a fold, plait, ply; [yak pard, Once ; -du pard, Twice; two-fold]; -pirad, He becomes (seemingly the 3rd sing. of an obsolete verb pirdan or piridan); - purad, He fills; it becomes full (3rd sing. of puridan) ;- purd, Difficult, obscure; an enigma; a bridge.

افردا , pardā, To-morrow (comp. افردا).

پرداخ pardākh, Splendour.

إرداعت pardakht, Finished, complete, polished; finish, polish, correction; completion, perfection; engagement, employment; patronage.

پرداختن pardākhtan (imp. pardāz), To

finish, complete, accomplish; to polish, furbish, adorn, bring to perfection; to clean, clear, free; to agree with, to accommodate oneself, to be satisfied; to be busily and attentively engaged; to attempt, care about; to employ, devote, consecrate; to excite; to set out; to raise, take up, remove; to prepare; arrange; to evacuate, abandou, leave; to come to an end, to be completed; to be disengaged and free from all attachments; to take, rob, seize; to be bound or closely connected with anyone; to sing; to play on an instrument.

pardākhta, Finished; left; adorned; polished; disengaged, freed from all attachments or hindrances; excited; employed, busily engaged; put to a distance;—az hama pardākhta, Wholly and entirely disengaged, freed from business of every kind.

پر دار par-dar, Winged.

pardāz (imp. of pardākhtan), Finish thou, &c.; (in comp.) performing: completing; adorning, as barā'at-pardāz, Perfectin excellence;—muhimma pardāz kardan, To prepare necessaries, provide, lay in, lay up.

پردازش pardāzish, Adornment, embellishment.

برداز گر pardāz-gar, A polisher, a furbisher. پردازنده pardāzanda, Becoming disengaged.

يودازي pardāzī, Completion, elegance, ornament, perfection;—inshā-purdāzī, Elegance of composition.

پردامي pardās, Consummation; stability. اوداع pardāgh (pirdāgh, purdāgh), What removes the rust from a sword, &c.

يودال pardāl, A pair of compasses; a gusset.

پر دائی pur-dāni, Wise, prudent.

پرداختن = pardakhtan, To finish, &c. (پرداختن = q.v.).

جرديت pardakhta, Completed, finished, accomplished; disengaged; employed; polished.

ې درد pur-dard, Full of pain, painful. پر درد pardak, An enigma; sincere, pure.

بردگی pardagī, A modest, chaste womau, one who is confined at home; concealed; concealment; a chamberlain;—pardagī'i raz, Wine;—pardagī'i haft rang. The world.

pardagin, Veiled, hid by a curtain; —pardagin karda shuda, Confined at home, secluded from the view of meu.

پردل , purdal, A plate, trencher, dish; pur-dil, Full of courage, intrepid, magnanimous; intelligent; liberal.

پر دلی pur-dīlī, Valour, courage. پردس pardan (१), A boundary, a limit. پردې purdo, A roof; a baleony; a small beam.

sy: parda, A veil, curtain, tapestry, caul, film, membrane; a partition between two rooms; the walls of a tent; a fence or wall

for dividing fields; a coating, a layer, a lamina; the sky; a plait, fold; a musical tone or sound, a note; a melody; the key of an organ, harpsichord, or similar instrument; frets or divisions upon the neck or fingerboard of a guitar or lute; modesty; an act of a play, &c. (m.c.); [parda az rū'i kār uftādan (bar-khūstan), The secret comes out ;--parda az rū'i kār bar-dashtan (kashīdan), parda az kār bar-dāshtan, To divulge a secret;—parda'i āhan, The firmament; — parda'i ahrīmanī, Wicked spirits; parda'i īzadī, What is concealed by God, a divine mystery; — parda bāftan (sākhtan, giriftan), To play or sing a tune harmoniously; —parda bar-dashtan, To make a picture of, to paint (m.c.); —parda burdan, To seize; to ravisb; --parda bar kase daridan, To put one to shame, to disgrace him;—parda bar rū'i kār afgandan, To conceal a matter;—parda bar giriftan, To lift the veil; to reveal, to show; to behave in a shameless manner;—parda'i bakā-rat, The hymen;—parda ba-gardānīdan, To pass from one tone to another; to modulate the voice; -parda'i bulbul, Name of a musical note; -parda'i bīnī, The cartilage that separates the nostrils; -parda'i tang, Bed-curtains;—parda'i taswir, A picture (m.c.);—parda'i chashm, The eye-lid; —parda'i cha<u>ah</u>āna, Name of a note in music; -parda'i hijāz, Name of a musical sir or melody; -parda khālī kardan, To disclose, reveal; -parda'i khurūsān, Name of a musical note; -parda'i khurram, Name of a note in music; - parda'i khumōhan, Heaven; parda'i dukhāni, A dark night;-parda'i dil, The blood of the heart; the pericardium: the lungs; —parda'i dīr-sāl, Name of a note in music; heaven;—parda'i daihīmī, A dais embroidered with a crown (m.c.); -- parda'i rāz tang kardan, To make a secret public ;parda'i raughani, An oil-painting (m.c.);--parda'i zujājī, A dark night; a black cloud; heaven; -parda'i zambūr, Name of a musical note; curiously wrought tapestry ;—parda'i zambūri, Heaven ;—parda'i sarā, The veil before women's apartments; —parda'i simākh, The tympanum, the eardrum ; - parda'i sifāhān, parda'i 'irāq, parda'i ushshaq, Names of musical tunes;parda'i saut, Gamut, musical scale; -parda'i 'ankabūt, A cobweb; a disease or web in the eye; the arachnoid tunic of the eye; -parda'i 'īsá girāy, The fourth heaven; -parda'i ghūk, Scum on stagnant water :parda'i gumari, Name of a note in music; parda kardan, To veil, hide, conceal; to divide; — parda giriftan (kardan) az, To make evident; -parda'i mukaddir, Wicked spirits; — parda'i naqqashi, A picture, a painting (m.c.); —parda'i nāmūsī, Honour, reputation; —parda'i nīl-gūn, The firmament; -parda'i haft rang, The world; the

vicissitudes of life; the seven heavens; -parda'i yaqut, Name of a note in music; -dar parda dashtan, To shut up (in a haram); to keep women from the view of men; -dar parda shudan, To be veiled, concealed or shut up;]-purda, An enigma.

بردها pardahā (pl. of the preceding), Veils, &c.; -pardahā-rā andākhtan, To let the curtains down (m.c.); -pardahā'i ashkāli raughanī, Paintings in oil (m.c.).

parda-ārāy, Entertainment, بردة آراي پردة افتادن parda-uftadan, Interval be-

tween the acts, interlude (m.c.).

بردة باز parda-bāz, A musician, a singer. אָכוּל אַ lall אָכוּל אַ parda-bar-andaz, Letting the cat out of the bag.

پرده پوش parda-posh, Putting on a veil,

keeping a secret.

پرده دار parda-dar, Holding the veil; a chamberlain, porter of the inner chamber, the euruch who has the care of the women's apartments; a spider; a woman who holds a veil over another's acts, a confidaut;parda-dari falak, The moon.

برده در parda-dar, A veil-tearer, an impudent, immodest man, ravisher of women, slanderer or defamer of the sex; a betrayer

of secrets; a strumpet.

پرده دريدگی parda-darīdagī, Defamation. پرده دريده parda-darida, Shameless, lewd (m.c.).

پرده ساز parda-sāz, A maker of veils. , parda-sūrā, A curtain, a pavilion پرده سرا --parda-sirā, يرده سراى parda-sirāy, A musi-

پرده مکاف parda-soz, پرده مکاف pazda-shikāf, A defamer; a revealer of secrets.

برده هناس parda-shinās, A musician ; religious; intelligent.

پردة فاش parda-fash, A betrayer of secrets. پرده کش parda kash Drawing a veil.

يردة كالغ parda-yāh, A theatre, a stage. پرده کر parda-gar, A maker of veils.

پرده کليم parda-galim, A kind of carpet or rug used by cheats and jugglers.

پردهځي pardagi, = پردهځي q.v. پر دهن *pur-dahan*, Full-mouthed.

پرده نشين parda-nishin, Sitting behind the veil; a modest woman, who remains constantly at home veiled from the eyes of men; a recluse; an army stationed on the frontiers of a country; - parda-nishīnāni bar, Pious men who lead a solitary life and are initiated into the divine mysteries; the

پرده نشينی parda-nishīnī, A retired home-

life.

cian.

پرده وار parda-wār, Wearing a veil; fit to serve as a veil.

גן נכ[±]ט par-raughan, The birds' smoothing their plumage with the beak, preening.

يرز purz, Nap upon cloth; raw silk put into an ink-horn.

پرزد parzad, A drug resembling gum.

الرزدة, purzada, = فال purza, q.v. الردة الله purzada-rū, Pock-marked. אָנְיּיּרָנָט, purzambūrī, The firmament.

ارور pur-zor, Violent (m.c.).

by para A powder or fine collyrium for the eyes; a ploughing-ox; a noble or princely dwelling; pile or nap upon cloth.

پرزه purza, پرزه purzha, Shavings, shearings, clippings, pollings (of cloth, &c.); a scrap; a bit, a piece; frippery, rage; a tinder-box; fuel; an account.

الرة دار purza-dār, Nappy, shaggy.

بريدن parzīdan. To fill a well with stones; to fortify or repair a well on the inside.

پرزبوند, parzīwand, Evident, undisguised.

parzhak, Weeping, wailing.

برس pars, A curtain, a veil; (for pars) a panther; — purs (imperative of pursidan), Ask thou; a question; (in comp.) asking; .v. پرسه =

پرسا pursā, An inquirer.

ير سال par-sāl, Last year; inquiry after health (doubtful; should it be pureal, corrupted from pursi hāl?).

پرساله, pur-sāla, Old and full of years.

پريان pursan, Interrogating, asking, inquiring, demanding; an interrogator.

pursanidan, To cause to ask; to

پرست parast, A worshipper; one who persists in his opinion.

برستار parastār, A worshipper; a servant, slave, male or female; obedient, submissive.

پرستار وش parastār-wash, Like a slave. پرستاری parastārī, Worship; servitude.

پرستان parastān, A bird resembling a peacock; an iron stove; (pl. of parast) worshippers; [parastāni khayāl, Poets; authors in prose and verse; —parastāni zamāna, Worshippers of the world, worldly-minded;] -pirastān, Wild sorrel.

پرستش parastish, Adoration, worship ; attendance on the sick; -parastish kardan,

To adore, worship.

يرتعبد parastishbud, An ascetic, a monk. يرستش عانه parastish-khāna, A house of worship, a temple.

پرستش گری parastishgarī, Adoration, worship.

پرستك piristuk, A swallow (comp. پرستك). parastagārī, Servitude, slavery.

پرستندگی paristandagī, Worship; attendance on the sick.

parastanda, A worshipper, adorer ; a servant; - parastanda'i khayal, A visionary; a poet.

piristūk, A swallow. پرستوك piristūk, A swallow.

پرسته parasta, Any object of worship ;-pirista, A handmaid.

parastidan, To worship, adore, pray to; to serve. parastida, Worshipped, adored.

prastidizhitāsiyon, Jug-بوستيدىئى تاسيون glery (m.c. from Fr. prestidigitation).

پرسش pursish, A question, interrogation; visiting the sick; mourning the dead;marāsimi pursishi khātir, Inquiries after one's health.

پرسٽ pursuq, A weasel.

برسم, parsum, Flour scattered on the table to prevent the dough from sticking to it; -pursam, Food prepared for a guest; an entertainment, feast.

pursanda, An interrogator ;—pur-

sanda'i khayal, A poet.

پرسوز pur-soz, Blazing; lighted (candle).

parsa, Poverty; -pursa, Inquiry; attendance upon the sick; condolence;

mourning the dead; a condoler.
مرسه کاه pursa-gāh, Place where search for or inquiry after the dead is made.

پرسی pursi, A cess, a fine (doubtful word).

garsayán, Ivy, convolvulus. parsiyān dārū, Maiden's hair.

parsiyāwush (G. Περσεύς), A part of the heavens containing twenty-nine stars called ra'su 'l-ghūl, The dragon's head; also-

پرسيارهان parsiyāwushān, Maiden's hair. پرسيدي pursidan, To ask, inquire.

پرسيدلي pursidani, Questions that ought to be put, conventional questions; a riddle.

پرش parsh, Cholic, gripes; agitation;

ivy; a fountain;—parish, Flight.
parshāsh, purshāsh, Name of a

country in Turkistan.

يرهكال purshiqāl (S. varsha - kāla), A cloudy, rainy sky.

parshambih پرهنبه (for ينچشنيه panjshambih), Thursday.

پرهوم pirshūm, A reed (doubtful word). برهاي parishahī, A wing; down on a

پهيدي parshidan, To scatter; to swallow; to salt.

پر هير pur-shīr, Full of milk, milch. پر هيرگي pur-shīragī, Fulness of milk.

partās, purtās, A species of ermine.

partiya, Name of a town and coun-

try (Parthia?). par ghāza, مَرْ عُارُة par ghāza, مُرْعُرُة par ghāza, بُوعُونَ

of a bird's wing.

برطور purghūr, A dish of bruised corn. برعول parghul, Wheat or barley coursely

ground; gruel; a kind of sweetment, barley-sugar.

برغونه parghana, Filthy, ugly, displeasing. parfan, Melancholy, full of sorrow

(doubtful; perhaps for پرنغان pur-fighān?). من pur-fā'ida, Full of instruction, edifying; advantageous; — pur-fā'idatarīn, Most advantageous.

پر نغان pur-fighān, Full of bustle.

يوك park, Lint-seed; the noise made by a crackling fire, or by wood when splitting;

-parak, The star Canopus; an echo; name of a river :—pirk, The eye-lash.

پرکار parkār, A pair of compasses; a circle (see پرکار); [parkār zadan (kashīdan, nihādan), To draw a circle; -parkar kardan, To render giddy;]—pur-kār, Skilful; thick, close, and well executed; full of work, or workmanship; thick, coarse, fat.

پر کاری pur-kārī, Thickness.

ير كاش par-kāsh, Saw-dust; attention. بركالة parkāla, A spark; a pane of glass.

parkam, The womb.

پرکان parkān, Ignorance, inability to reply. پرکاوش parkāwish, The pruning of trees.

پر كاه par-kāh (for pari kāh), A straw, blade; something mean; — pur-kāh, Stuffed with straw.

پر کاهی pari kāhe, A blade, a straw's worth (see the preceding).

پرکر parkar, Expectation, hope.

پر کردن pur kardan, To fill; to multiply; to repeat.

پر کردنی pur-kardani, Stuffing, quilting. puraksūn, A rich housing put over پرکسون the saddle by way of ornament.

بركم parkam, Idle; reduced to nothing.

يركن parkan, A curry-comb.

par-kanda, With feathers plucked بر كندة out; impotent; scattered.

برکوهان $park ar{u}h \hat{u} n, = park ar{u} n$ پرکوهان $q. oldsymbol{v}.$

پرکین parkin, A hearth; temple of the Magi.

بر كينة pur-kina, Malicious, spiteful.

برگار pargār, A pair of compasses; a circle made by them; furniture; worldly things; a tool; a collar; a collection; -pargāri charkh (falak), The circle of the heavens.

چې پولاره paryāra, A small pair of compasses; a little circle made by them; a bit, a piece of linen; a wardroh; worldly things.

پرگاری paryārī, Work done with a compass. پرکاس paryās, Suspending; inquiring; (S. prakāśa) sunrise.

پرکال pargāl, A pair of compasses; worldly things; furniture; a collection.

پركاله paryāla, A little bit of cloth, rag, strip; the pen of the compass; a piece, portion; a patch.

paryar, A collar of precious stones بركر worn by the ancient kings of Persia, and sometimes put round a horse's neck; a pair of compasses.

pargast, Mercy upon us! Heaven forbid !

پرکسون purageūn, purgueūn, A rich housing put over the saddle by way of ornament.

pargasht, A herb which creeps along the ground, twisting itself like a

پرکندگی pargandagī, Dispersion, diffusion. پرگنده parganda, Dispersed, scattered.

paryana, A district, a division of a province so called; - also pargina, Au

electuary or compound of various fragrant substances.

بركنه دار pargana-dar, Chief of a parganah. بركز pur-go (-gū), Full of talk, talkative. * pargūk, A lofty building; a hospital, house of refuge, bede-house.

بر مومر pur-gauhar, Abounding in good

qualities; full of intellect.

پرگوئی pur-go'i (-gū'i), Talkativeness. אלבונט purgiri, An ortolan.

بركين pargin, Public.

برگينه pargīna, = پرگينه pargīna, q.v.

برماس parmus, Touch; a rubbing of the hand gently on anything; knowledge; liberation, freedom; salvation; growth, extension; consummation, finish; imp. of parmāsīdan.

parmūsa, A smoothing, planing; touch; extension; liberation; knowledge.

پرماسيدن parmāsīdan, To touch, to feel; to extend, to lengthen; to grow; to know; .q.v پرداختن =

يرمان parmān (S. pramāṇa), Order, com-

mand (see فرمان).

parmaward, A kind of sweetment. برماة parmāh, A wimble, gimlet; a trepan. پر مايه pur-māya, Stocked; Purmaya, name of one of the two brothers of Fari-

parmat, A custom-house; customs. parmat-bandar, Port of entry.

پرخیده parmakhida, Contradicting; selfopiniated; disobedient, undutiful to parents.

يومدة parmuda, Name of the son of Sawa shāh (see ډرموده).

پروس parmar, Expectation, hope; a bee. پروس پر مگس pari magas, see under پر مگس

بر منش pur-manish, Magnanimous.

يومو parmū, Hope, expectation; a bee. برمونة parmūta, A thing; matter, substance.

برمودة parmūda, برمودة parmūza, The son of Sawah shah (taken captive by Bahram chūbīn).

يومور parmūr, Hope, expectation; a bee. يرموز parmūz, Hope; a bee; — purmūz, Hay.

يوموزة parmūza, Expectation, hope; a bee; name of the son of Sawah shah.

parmūn, Ornament, decoration with

gold, silver, and jewels.

يوسة parma, Something; a part; a wimble, drill; --pirma, Sloth; --purma, Song, air; a piece.

بر مهرة par-muhra, A cud of feathers, &c., which birds of prey bring up from their crop.

پرمها pirmaha, Procrastination; sloth.

پر می pur-may, A sort of grape.

پرسيو parmiyo, An affection of the bladder; strangury.

وي paran, The Pleiades; yesterday; according to others also moonlight, and= the following.

برنا parnā, Painted or embroidered silk. parnāk, Feathery, full of, or clothed برناك with, feathers; -purnāk, A youth; a Turkomān tribe.

برنان parnan, Mouldiness of bread. العربي paranj, A grain smaller than wheat

(برنج .comp).

ಸ್ಕು parand, The glittering surface of a polished sword; a sword; a kind of fine figured, painted silk; plain silk; a bird; a saddle-cloth; the Pleiades; a sort of grass; wild cucumber; goat-skin leather; a royal standard; a messenger; pearls; hope, expectation (the last four meanings doubtful); -parand bastan bar chize, To veil or conceal a thing.

پرنداخ parandākh, Goat-skin leather. ير نداست pur-nadāmat, Deeply penitent. پرنداور parand-āwar, A glittering sword.

לינים parandakh, An arrow.

پرندك parandak, A hillock in a plain.

پرندو parandū, = پرندوس q.v. q.v. پرندوار parandwār, The night before last. پرندوش parandosh, The night before last. paranda, parranda, Flying, volatile;

a flyer; a bird; a winged animal; a bark, small ship; quicksilver; - paranda'i charagh (flying round the lamp), A moth.

پوندين parandīn, Silken, silken stuff. پرنس دُو كال prins du gāl, Prince of Wales

(m.c. from Fr. Prince de Galles).

pirang, The lustre or undulatory برنگ surface (of a glittering sword); -piring, Copper.

پر نم pur-nam, Full of tears.

אָליָ parnū, אַליָט parnūn, Embroidered silk.

parniyān, A kind of fine painted پونيان China silk; also garments made of it; shroud for a royal corpse;—liḥāft parniyān, A mantle of such silk.

يرليان عوى parniyān-khoy (khuy), Cheermild-tempered; contented; ful, gay; tender-hearted.

برنيع parnīkh, A stone or marble slab. پر نیش pur-nish (full of sting), Cholic, gripes; pained in the bowels, griped.

v. parv, The Pleiades.

parwā, Cessation from labour, leisure, quiet, rest; patience; power, force, strength; possession, hold; occasion, opportunity; desire, inclination, affection, appetite, concupiscence; a turning towards; study, endeavour, effort; vigilance; flight; knowledge; rhetoric; care, concern, solicitude, anxiety; honour, respect; education; protection; fear, terror, stupor; bringing up, rearing; known; easy; skilful;—parwā'i kār, Leisure, freedom from toil;—parwā dāshtan, parwā kardan, To care, or be concerned, to take heed of.

بردار parwār, بردار parwāra, Education; fatted, crammed, stall-fed; a washer-man's beetle; a summer-house latticed

on all sides for the admission of air; a turret open on all sides; a treasury; planks for the roofing of a house; a thing known; an easy thing; a strong propensity; liberality; enough, sufficient; a treasure; fumigation with aloes; the urine of a sick person which is shown to the physician; a glass urinal.

براري parwārī, Fatted, stall-fed.

يواز parwāz, Flight; leaping, springing; light, glory, radiance; a residence, restingplace; a roost, perch; a small beam or batten for roofing a house; a porch or portico; money scattered about on certain festive occasions; a veil, a shirt, shift, anything that covers or conceals; a certain progress or stage in the divine life; whatever is veiled or hid from public view;parwaz ba-bāli dīgare kardan, To do a thing with another's assistance; -- parwāzi chashm, The throbbing of the eye-lid as an auspicious omen for a meeting;—parwāzi rang, The fading of a colour;—parwāzi gosh, Helix of the ear;—parwāz kardan, To fly, to fly or run to, to take wing; to set on, to cause to fight; -- parwāz giriftan, To fly away, to flee.

براز كر parwāz-gar, Swift, rapid.

parwaza, The fire of festivity, which used to be lighted before the bride; the nuptial fire; wormwood strewed at the feet of a bride; money or scraps of gilt paper scattered about at marriages; gladness, cheerfulness, enjoyment of life; victuals which people carry along with them to make a repast in fields or gardens, pic-nic.

بروازه گر parwāza-gar, A gilt paper maker. يرازى parwāzī, The hem of a garment.

پرواس parwās, Feel, touch; knowledge; growth, extension; smoothing; cessation; deliverance; fear; imp. of parwāsīdan; parwās kardan, To know; to feel; to rub; to play; to lengthen.

parwāsīdan, To examine, feel برواسيدن with the hand whether anything is hard or soft, fat or lean; to imagine, fancy; to

apprehend, fear.

, parwāsh پرواش Negligent, careless; secure; astonished, stupefied; a buttock; a corner; end.

parwaq, A plant from which glue is made.

پرواك parwak, پرواك parwag, A watch, guard; echo.

بروال parwāl, A gusset; compasses.

يران parwān, Flue of silk; a parrot; a crime; a sight, show, anything wonderful; liberality, beneficence; walking, recreating; name of a city near Ghaznin.

پروانجات parwānajāt, Orders, passes. parwāncha, Order, licence, permit.

; parwānchī, A Government officer پروانچی a secretary for writing royal orders. otherwise called the سياة گوش siyāh-gosh, a small lynx with ears tipped with black hairs, which are used for painting; a guide, escort; a messenger, courier, running footman; a general.

پروانگی parwānagī, An order, permission. parwana, A moth, particularly such as fly about a candle at night; a candle, lantern; a messenger; the animal called the lion's provider; any military monument set up as a road-direction, or to commemorate any spot; a general, commander; a supervisor, inspector; a midwife; a royal patent or diploma; a grant or letter under the great seal from any man in power; a pass, licence, leave, permit, command, precept, warrant, written order or commission; sentence of a judge; the middle; a locust; an ingenious, elegant youth.

برواني parwanī, A wrestling trick, a trip.

براوة parwawa, A guard, sentinel.

برواه بروا برواه parwah, = برواه

يواي parway, Easy; soft; nimble; plump. يراثي parwā'i, Indigent, necessitous. ير و پاي par-u-pāy, Power, strength.

parwar, (in comp.) Nourishing, fostering, educating; a patron, protector; lace, fringe, edging; -elso parūr, A joint, link, connection.

پروالدی parwarāndan, پروالدی parwarā-nīdan, To cause to cherish.

برود هانه parward-shana, Shining; lightning (unsupported by examples).

parwardagār, Omnipotence (as nourishing all); a king; - parwardogāri gūna (protector of the species), A king.

پروردگی parwardagi, A fostering, rearing. پرردی parwardan, To nourish, foster, educate; to worship; to make up, to dispense (medicine); to pickle, to preserve.

پروردنی parwardani, Nourishment, food. پروده parwarda, Educated, bred, reared; nourished, fed, fattened; a pupil, scholar, ward; a slave; pickled; made up, dispensed (medicine); -parwarda shudan, To be nourished, fostered, educated; -parwarda kardan, To educate, to nourish;dar shakar parwarda kardan, To make preserves.

پروئ parwarish, Education; a fostering, rearing; protection; worship; knowledge, learning; civilisation; -parwarish kardan, To educate; to cherish.

برورش آموعتگان parwarish - āmokhtagān, Prophets; poets.

برورش آموز parwarish-āmoz, A teacher; a spiritual father; engaged in holy warfare;

يررنده parwaranda, Cherishing; a cherisher, protector, patron.

بررنديدي parwarandidan, To pack or put up in bundles or trusses.

parwara, Fed, nourished, stall-fed, fatted.

يوري parwarī, Education; one who educates; educated.

پرويدي parwaridan, To bring up; to nourish; to begin.

پروریش parwarīsh, Sugar of roses, conserve of roses.

parwaz, A kind of border or selvedge round a garment; a shirt, anything that is put on the body or spread upon a bed; origin, root, stock; a patch; a garment of two colours, called shab andar roz, Night in day (pepper and salt); a sort of grass called margh; array; a circular disposition of an army.

(1) parwizan, A sieve, searce; anything perforated all over with holes; a fishingnet.

parwazh, Interred, buried.

پروسنان parwasannān, People of the same religion or society, co-religionists.

پروش parosh, Pimples, pustules.

city; name of Gev's wife.

پروند parwand, A pimp, pander; a beardless youth; a pear; name of a plain near Kazwin.

پولاه parwanda, parunda, A bundle, roll, or truss (of clothes); any coarse cloth in which they put up linens, a packing sheet; a clothes-press or chest; a bleacher's beetle; a rope with which they fasten linens together when washing; a large wallet that opens on the side.

پرونديدن parwandidan, To pack, truss. بررة parwa, Plunder; bedding; Pleiades. يرهان parwahān, Manifest, clear, evident.

אָנּצּנ, parwez, Victorious; fortunate, happy; dear, excellent, precious; propriety of behaviour; a sieve; liberality; the Pleiades; splendour; a sugar refinery; a fish; a proper name, particularly of Khusrau Parwez, son of Noshīrawān (contemporary with Muhammad); -- parwezi falak, The sun.

אנצנט parwizan, A hair sieve, a searce.

يويزي parwize, A victor.

بريش parwesh, Carelessness; negligence. يرين parwin, Pleiades; one of the twentyeight stations of the moon; (met.) beast of

burden; -purwin, Filth; sordid.

by parra, A side, border, edge, margin, extremity; a spindle; a circular disposition of troops for hunting or other purposes; a rank or file of soldiers; the broad leaf of wheaten straw; the white poplartree, also another kind of barren tree; the bolt of a door, the bolt of a lock, also what they call the iron wings of the locks;parra'i āsyā, The sail of a windmill; the board of a water-wheel upon which the stream falls;—parra bastan, To array in battle-order;—parra'i bīnī, A nostril; parra'i charkh, The paddle of the wheel of a steamboat (m.c.); -parra'i sar, The sharp point of a bone; a part of the head;

parra'i quft, The iron wing of a lock;parra'i quft bar kalid zadan. To set to work the wrong way, to put the cart before the horse.

رها parrahā (pl. of the preceding), Wings, &c.; -parrahā'i bīnī (damāgh), The

برهازا , parhāzā, Touchwood, tinder

parhām (in Zand and Pazand), Abraham.

parhakhlan, parhikhtan, To correct, instruct, teach good manners.

parhanj, A grain smaller than wheat (see پرنج).

پرهنر pur-hunar, Virtuous.

yarra-nishin, Frontier troops. پرهوده , parhūd, پرهوده parhūda, Singed frothy talk.

parhūdan, To be singed, to turn

yellow by exposure to the heat.

a برهوس pur-hawas, Full of desire, lustful. پرهون parhan, A halo round the moon; a periphery, a circle made by compasses; a hoop; a collar.

parhekhtan, To teach, educate. parhez, Abstinence; continence, chastity, control over the passions; care, forbearance, caution; distance; fear; imp. of parhezīdan; —parhez dāshtan, To abstain, fast, take care, be heedful; -parhez farmūdan, To enjoin abstinence;—parhez kardan, To abstain;—badī-parhez, Abstaining from evil.

يرهيزاند parhezāna, Food given to the sick.

پرهيزگار parhezgār, Sober, abstinent ; chaste: cautious, careful.

پرهيزگاري parhezgārī, Carefulness, caution ; chastity; sobriety.

parheznāk, Abstaining from sin. parhezi, Fit for one under regimen.

پوهمريدي parhezīdan, To restrain oneself; to take heed.

پري parī, Winged; a good genius, a fairy; (for parir) the day before yesterday;—puri, Thou art full; plenitude, fulness; collectedness.

,parī-afsāy پری افسای parī-afsāy پری افسا An exorcist; an amulet; epileptic; one who subdues or gains ascendancy.

بريان, paryān, Silk; muslin; camelleather.

پری پیکر pari-paikar, Fairy-faced.

پرچهه parīcha, Fibrous bark of the palu.

برى چەرە parī-chihra, With a fairy face, handsome.

پرې ځانه parī-khāna, An abode of fairies. پريخوان parī-khwān, Exorcist, magician.

بيدار parī-dār, A necromancer, magician, one having familiar spirits at command; possessed of a spirit of divination; a female diviner; mad; pandemonium.

چيداري parī-dārī, Magic, necromancy.

אַגייי pari-dukht. Name of the daughter of an Emperor of China, mother of the hero Zāl.

بيدكان parīdagān, Fliers; birds.

پريدگى parīdagī, Flight.

بيدى parīdan, To fly in the air, to flutter; to throb; [parrīdani chashm, parrīdani rang, = parwāzi chashm, parwāzi rang, qq.v. under j.; j.—pirīdan, To become (an obsolete verb, for which see se pirad above); -puridan, To fill.

پيدة parīda, Sallow (m.c.).

پری دهوت *pari-duhūt*, = پری دهوت q.v.; surname of Roshank, daughter of Dārā and wife to Sikandar.

ېرى پيكر $d\bar{u}d\bar{u}r$ برى پيكر $parar{i}$ - $parar{i}$ paikar, q.v.

हान parir, The day before yesterday; parīr parīr, Same meaning; four days ago; -parīr-sāl, The year before last.

برى رخسار , parī-rukh برى رخسار , parī-rukh عرى رخ

Angel-cheeked, fairy-faced.

پريرات هدن pariraft shudan, To be affected with convulsions, or eruptions on the lips, from disturbed dreams.

ਸ਼ੇਸ਼ੇ parīram, parīrum, Four days ago. برى روز parī-roz, Day before yesterday. אט עט parī-rūy, Fairy or angel-faced.

پوره parīra, Of the day before yesterday; bread baked upon the coals; golden, red gold, or golden red; interrupting.

پرينه parirīna, Of the day before yester-

אָצֵע parez, Complaint, lamentation; a herb growing on the banks of rivers; a

بريراد , parī-zād, بريراد , parī-zādā, Fairy

born; Parisatis.

פּעליט parezbān, A sifter of meal or flour.

оуу parezan, A hair sieve.

برى سال parī-sāl, The year before last.

پري ساي parī-sāy, A magician. پریستار parīstār, An ambassador.

پری سوز pari-soz, Name of a temple built by Khusrau Parvez; name of a place.

بريش paresh, Disperse thou; dispersing, or who disperses; dispersion; perturba-

tion, confusion, perplexity.

پيشان pareshān, Dispersed, scattered; dishevelled; disturbed, perplexed, confounded, distracted, agitated, afflicted, vexed, sad, melancholy; unfortunate; disgusted; -pareshān shudan, To be or become dispersed, &c.; - pareshān kardan, To disjoin, disperse, dissipate; to offend, provoke, disgust; - pareshān guftan, To talk nonsense.

a پریشان ارزاق pareshān-aurāq, Scattered leaves, (a book) written upon scraps or separate leaves, unarranged, unrevised.

a پیشان جاره pareshān-jilwa, Whose lustre is destroyed; scattering brightness.

a بريشان حال pareshān-hāl, In a ruined state.

a پريشان حالي pareshān hālī, A distressed, melancholy, sad, or ruined state.

a پریشان خاطر pareshan-khātir, Afflicted in mind; disturbed; offended.

pareshān-khirām, Roaming پريشان خرام about.

پریشان دماغ pareshān-damāgh, and—

a پریشان رای pareshān-rāy, Confused, perplexed, disturbed in mind.

pareshān-ragam, In scattered يريشان رقم lines, letters, or signs.

پریشان روزگار pareshān-rongār, Distressed in one's circumstances.

پيشان ساز pareshān-sāz, Scattering.

pareshān-sukhun, Confused in بريشان سخن one's speech.

ريشان سير , pareshān-safar پريشان سفر ه pareshān-sair, Roaming about, wandering

a بريشان طرة pareshan-turra, With dishevelled locks.

پريشان كار pareshān-kār, Whose affairs are in confusion; who acts like one distracted or mad.

پریشان کاکل *pareshān kākul*, With dishevelled locks.

بريشان كدة pareshān-kada, A house in ruins.

پيشان کرد pareshān-gird, Roaming about. پریشان گریه pareshān-girya, Who weeps distractedly.

پریشان گوی ,pareshān-guftār پریشان گفتار pareshān-goy, = پيشان سخن q.v.

a پریشان مشرب pareshan-mashrab, Of de-

praved morals. پریشان موی pareshān-moy, With scattered

hair. پریشان ماله pareshān-nāla, Who groans dr laments in great distress.

a پریشان نظر pareshān-nazar, and—

پریشان نگاه pareshān-nigāh, Looking about in all directions; looking distracted.

a پریشان نفس pareshan-nafs, Confused, perplexed, distracted.

pareshān-naghma, Scattering پریشان نعمه songs; singing like one distracted with love.

پریشان نویسی pareshân-nawīsī, A style of writing in which the letters are not joined

(considered good).

پريشائی pareshānī, Dissipation, dispersion; distraction, confusion; disgust; distress, perplexity; -pareshānī kardan, To vex; pareshānī kashīdan, To be perplexed, distressed, confused.

پېشانيدن pareshānīdan, To distract and distress; to be distracted and distressed.

پرې هب parī-shab, Night before last. paresham, Silk.

پریشان = ; pareshan, Dispersion پریشان q.v. پيشيدن pareshīdan, To disperse; to lose one's senses.

אַנּיּיִים pareshīda, Dispersed; perturbed; distracted.

a جرى طلعت parī-ṭal'at, Fairy-faced.

بريقو parīqū, A swan.

پرې گراتنه parī-girifta, A soothsayer.

پريوش parī-wash, Fairy-like.

אָנאָנט paryūn, A distemper about the nails, making them drop off; tetter, ringworm, mange.

بريمان pareyan, = پريمان q.v. (not sup-

ported by examples).

y, paz, A sweet cane, the root of which is eaten for a pain in the stomach; (in comp. from pukhtan), Cooking; boiling.

پراختن pazā<u>kh</u>lan, pizā<u>kh</u>tan, To melt.

עלעבעט pazānīdan, To cook; to cause, request, or order to cook.

پوارة pazāwa, إدة pazhāwa, A brick-kiln; a lime-kiln.

يوبونتي pazpūnitan (in Zand and Pāzand), To give; —pazpūnamī, I give; —pazpūnīd, Give ye.

ગર pazd, Blood; soul, spirit.

پوداغ pazdāgh, A polishing or furbishing instrument (see \$גוֹץ).

پوك pazdak, A weevil.

پرسر paz-sar. Bald.

پرسك pizisk, An owl.

يزهك pazashk, An owl ;—pizishk, A physician, surgeon.

pizishki, The art of healing.

برع pazagh, pazgh, A young vine-shoot; astounded, stupefied (not supported by examples).

يوغند puzghand, A certain tanning-fruit.

پزگر pazgar, A cook.

پوند pazwand, A bundle of clothes. بروي pazwī, pazawī, Ignoble, vile, base.

يرة, piza, Sweet cane; arms, armour.

بن pazī, Side, part, toward.

بريدس pazidan, To cook; to be cooked;--puzīdan, To pinch.

يريرة pazīra, Meal, flour.

pazh, Uneven ground; a mountain, a hill; old and soft mud; old, obliterated; filth, dregs, dross; -puzh, Sleet; sweet cane.

się pazhād, Aged; a venerable old man; -pazhād bar-āmada, Aged.

jin pazhār, A pace, a step.

j's pazhāzh, A strap; winter (doubtful word).

پ آسمان پ pazh-āsmān, Empyrean heaven.

pazhāgin, Impure, filthy, sordid.

pazhāmand, بزامند pazhāwand, The bar of a door or gate; (also pazhāwan) the beetle of a fulling-mill.

pazhāwa, A brick-kiln.

25. puzhpuzh, A word used by shepherds in calling their goats.

برسر pazh-sar, Bald (see برسر).

En pazhagh, A frog; a dam, a weir; astounded, stupefied (the latter meaning not supported by examples).

pazhahab, A dam, a weir.

يرغودة pazhgharda, A thorny plant. pazhgham, The acacia, a thorn from which they extract a styptic medicine.

pazhghand, Curriers' sumach, a kind of bushy shrub with which leather is dressed; the braying of the mule.

يرخول puzhghūl, A kind of sweetmeat; a dish made of grain; corn bruised (see

. (برغول پوهد pashgha, A vine-prop or arbour.

pazhqala, The scolopendra. pazhqand, Vain, idle discourse.

يوكالغ pazhkāla, Part, portion, bit; patch. pazhm, pizhm, A mountain ;-pazham,

pazhm, Fog; -puzham, Frost; hoar-frost. אָניט pazhmāpūn, Name of a hero.

pizhmān, pazhmān, puzhmān, Sud, melancholy, mournful, dejected; penitent;

drunk; bedimmed;—puzhmān, Desire, wish. بزماني pizhmānī, Grief, care, sadness. برماني pazhmāward, Viands or sweetmeats carried home from a feast; a kind of sandwich (see برساورة).

بوماين pazhmāyūn, پوماين pazhmāya, Farī-

dun's cow.

پژمردن pazhmurānīdan, Caus. of پژمردن q.v., but used in the same sense as the primitive.

پومړدگي pizhmurdagī, A withered state.

ניקציט pizhmurdan, ניקציט pizhmurdan, To wither, fade, flag, faint, become lean, emaciated, pale; to be sad and melancholy; to die.

پومرده pizhmurda, چەرىدە pazhmurīda, Withered; bedimmed; sad, mournful, melancholy; — pizhmurda-rūy u pareshān-mūy, Pale-faced and dishevelled-haired.

پومون pazhmazha, An earthen jar (?). پهنوي pazhmuy, Pock-marked.

ون pazhan, A kite; end of a street. پاسته pazhnāma, A surname, nickname.

پوند pazhand, A wild gourd, or purging phlegm, a species of cucumber, the colocynth; a kind of self-growing, sweetsmelling, edible plant, which resembles spinage.

پونگار pazhangār, پونگار pazhangar, A car-

penter; smith; tanner.

پونگره pazhangara, پونگره pazhangazha, A coney, rabbit.

يژر pazhū, Blood; life (probably misreading for مپر q.v.).

pazhwāk, An echo.

خبر) پورده khabar-) pazhūda, A spy. يرك puzhūk, An alarming noise.

رُول pazhūl, The ankle; a filbert; the female breast; a ball with which boys

play. پورل بار pazhūl-bāz, A player at such a

game. پژول پستان pazhūl-pistan, Plump-breasted. pizhūlish, Intricate; scattered; withered; sad, mournful.

pizhūlīd, Withered, faded.

pazhūlīdan, pizhūlīdan, To search, inquire, investigate; to wither; to mix; to be scattered, perplexed, disturbed; to advise; to cut off the tail.

پۇرلىدە pizhūlīda, Withered; soft; docked; advised; questioned; impotent, feeble,

faint; flat, insipid.

אָנין pazhūm, Poor; despised. پرومان pazhūmān, Beggars.

אָנְעני pazhwand, A bar, bolt; a fuller's

beetle; --- also pazhawand, A pimp.

by pizhūh, (in comp.) Examining; an examiner, searcher, explorer, investigator, inquirer; examination, search, inquiry; a mountain; the lining of a garment; hikam-pixhūh, Contemplating abstract subjects; — <u>kh</u>irad-pizhūh, An examiner into the opinions of others; —danish-pizhūhān, Investigators of science.

پژوهش pizhūhish, Inquiry, examination. پېرهندگې pizhūhandagī, Strict search,

minute examination.

پرهنده pizhūhanda, Examining, searching: intelligent, wise; an inquisitor; a spy.

pizhūhīdan, To examine, inquire. אָרָפּגַנּס pizhūhīda, Investigated; wise. پرى pazhawī, puzhuwī, Base, ignoble. ورين pazhwin, Filthy, nasty; squalor.

קב pazha, A mountainous country; the lining of a garment; -pizhuh, Search.

gushhān, Honest ambition, laudable برهان emulation; desire; -puzhhān burdan, To be solicitous; to desire; to envy.

پوهيدن pazhhīdan, = پوهيدن q.v. 22 pazhīzh, Wool; feathers of a bird. پريزه pazhīzha, Meal, flour (see پريزه).

بس pas, After, afterwards, behind; finally, at last, at length, after all; the last, latter part; but, moreover, however: then, therefore, consequently, accordingly; for this reason; [pas az an, After that, thenceforth; -pas az īn, After this, henceforth; — pas az bisyār ayyōm, After many days; -pas az jang, After the battle; -pas afgandan, To lay up in store; to bequeath; to throw back or behind; to make little of; -pas āmadan, To follow, to come behind; -pas andāz kard, He despised, discarded, or reviled; —pas ān gah, Afterwards, then; -pas pā shudan, To return, to retreat, to turn back; -pasi parda, Behind the curtain; -pas pusht kardan, To put behind one's back, to stand before, hide, conceal;pasi jā nishīn, An assistant in a shop;—pas charkha nafrin kunad, He abuses the absent; -pas chūn, When, therefore; -pasi khāna, Behind the house; —pas kham zadan, To run away;—pas dādan, To give back (m.c.);—pas dast kardan, To conceal, to store; -pas dukān burdan, To cheat, to defraud;—pasi dīwār, Behind the wall;—pas raftan, To follow ;-pas zānū nishastan, To retire into a corner, to become a recluse; pas sar andākhtan (kardan), To despise,

discard, revile; — pasi sar khārīdan, To make excuses; -- pas sar namūdan, To turn away the face through shame; to divert, call off the attention; -pasi ghaibat, Behind one's back, in one's absence; - pasi fardā, The day after to-morrow; pas kāri khwesh ghāfil nishastan, To begin a work and be careless about finishing it;pas giriftan (sitāndan), To take back (m.c.); -pas gosh afgandan, To forget; —pas gosh andākhtan, To pretend not to hear, to dismiss from one's mind;—pas māndan, To remain behind, to survive; -pas u pesh. Behind and before, here and there; demur. hesitation, evasion; —pas u pesh namudan, To hesitate; -az īn pas bāz, In future, henceforth; —az pas būdan, To be over; az pas raftan. To be lost to ;—pā pas, pas az pas, Successively, one after another; behind; -dar pas, Behind, after, in the rear;—dar pas āmadan, To follow, to come behind;] pus, A son.

pasā, Name of a city in Persia.

پسا چين pasā-chīn, Gleanings.

pasā-dast, Credit; borrowed; buying on credit.

يس التادة pas-uftāda, Lagging behind; a

posthumous child; savings, a hoard.

يس انگند pas-afgand, Anything laid up for future use, either in reference to this world or the next; inheritance.

pasāk, A garland of flowers (see (بساك

pasānitan (Zand and Pāzand), To scatter.

يس الداز pas-andāz, Clear profit; savings. a reserve against old age or want of employment.

پس اندیش pas-andesh, Who thinks after the deed is done; who thinks of the past.

پساليدن pasānādan, To irrigate.

pas-awarda, An adopted son or daughter.

پس اوکند pas-augand, A hoard, a reserve. pas-awand, The last consonant in a بساوند verse with which all the other distichs rhyme; rhyme, metre, verse.

پساويدن pasāwīdan, To rub gently, touch; to intoxicate.

يساهنگ pas-āhang, A nail; a horse-shoe a piece of iron nailed to the heel of a shoe;

the rear-guard. يس ايست pas-īst, A follower, an imitator. پس آبيدة pas-āyanda, A follower; an after-

comer. پسپاي pas-pāy, Sitting cross-legged; a

manœuvre for tripping up another's heels. يس پريروز pas parī-roz, Four days ago (m.c.).

بست past, Low; humble; plain, level ground; abject, mean, base, vile; avaricious, sordid, grovelling; destroyed, ruined, depopulated; [past kardan, To render miserable, to crush, to depress; to lower; to squeeze;—past u buland shudan, To be up hill and down dale (m.c.);—past u khwar, Base and mean;]—pist, Bruised corn; meal of wheat, barley, or vetches, especially when toasted (in Arabic called sawiq); a kind of food made of deer's liver, almonds, &c., and of which a bit the size of a pistachionut will support the life of a dervish for several days;—pisti jaw, Barley-meal.

several days; — pisti jaw, Barley-meal.

pastā, Carrying forward any business already begun; — pistā, The pistachio-

nut.

pastā-dast, Buying on credit. پستان pastān (pl. of past), The most humble; the basest, lowest, meanest, most avaricious of mankind;—pistān, The breast, nipple; a place abounding with pistachionuts; the pine-tree;—pistāni sag, Sebestens;—pistān kardan, To give milk;—pistāni mādar burūdan, To cut off a mother's breast; (met.) to be insatiable and guilty of the basest ingratitude; to lie; to act perfidiously.

past-āwaz, Low-voiced.

پست تین past-tarin, Nethermost. پست داهنگی past-dāshtagī, A holding down; — past-dāshtagī'i sar. A hanging down of the head.

پست داهته past-dāshta, Held down.

بستر pastar, Posterior, later; afterwards, after;—pistar, A bed, bolster, pillow (see

(بستر).

يسترك pastarak, Somewhat lower, inferior; later; humbler; more base, more avaricious; anything laid under paper to keep it clean whilst being polished; the biccup of a dying person.

pasturam, pasturum, Ice; frost, hoar-

frost; a jack-daw.

پسترين pastarin, The last.

عبت الطرت past-fitrat, Small-minded.

a پست تد past-qad, Dwarfish, low of stature.

pistak, The jujube-tree.

پستگی pastagī, Lowness, depression. pistank, The jujube-tree.

يستون pastūq, The joint of the neck.

pasta, Coloured silk;—pista, The pistachio-nut;—pista'i bang, A small quantity of bang;— pista'i khandān, pista'i shakar-fishān, The lips of a mistress;— pista'i qandā, Preserved pistachio nut; (met.) sweet speech.

pista-dahān, پسته دهای pista-lab, With a mouth or lips sweet as a pistachio

nut.

a ست محمد past-himmat, Mean-spirited; unambitious.

pastī, Lowness; inferiority; humimility; baseness; the earth (opp. to balandī, heaven); a swamp, marsh;—pistī, A pistachio.

يستى رنگ pistī-rang, Pea-green. pastīwār, A clumsy mechanic.

pischin, A hard wood for making bows.

بهخوار pas-khwār, pasi-khwār, Remainders of meat or drink.

پس خورده pas-<u>kh</u>wurda, The fragments of a meal, orts; a sip, a draught.

بس خير pas-khez, The pupil of a wrestler who, after a match is over, practises with one of the adversaries.

پسدستی pasdastī, Concealment, hoarding, storing up.

پس ديوار pas-diwār, A dervish.

بسر pusar, pisar (S. putra), A son, boy, youth;—pusari ābtīn, Farīdūn;—pusari arshad, The eldest son or heir apparent;—pusari tāk (raz), A cluster of grapes;—pusari dāyī, Cousin (son of a maternal uncle, m.c., see ناي);—pusari sabuktagīn, Sultān Mahmūd Ghaznawī;—pusari 'amm, An uncle's son, a cousin.

يسراك pusarāk, A mule.

pusar-andar, A step-son.

پسر پستائ pusar-pistak, A fruit like the

jujube.

پسر عواندگی pusar-<u>kh</u>wāndagī, Adoption. پسر خواندگی pusar-<u>kh</u>wānda, Adopted son. عسر خواندگی pusar-zāda, A son's son, a grandon.

يسرك pusarak, A little boy; a child, infant.

پسرگير pusar-gir, An adopted son.

پسر مردی بردی pusar-murdagī, Bereavement. پسر مردی pusar-murda, Bereaved of a son. پسر pasrau, A follower, an attendant; an imitator; dependants; train, equipage;—pisarū, pusarv, Little son; little boy.

يسروي pasrawi, A following; imitation. يسرة pusara (for pusarak), Little boy (contemptuously);—in pusara, That wretched boy, poor wretch (mm.cc.).

پسري pusarī, Boyhood; filiation, sonship. پسرچه pusarecha, A froward son; a man of the lowest class.

بس هام بس pas-shām. A meal which the Muhammadans make a little before day-break during the month of Ramazān to enable them to fast till sunset.

پسفده pasaghda, Prepared, arranged. a پسفده pasqad (for past-qad), Of low stature, a dwarf.

pask, An owl ; -pisk, A lot which is

cast; curly hair; globular dung.

پس کش pas-kash, Recoil, repurcussion. پسکل باری piskali tāragī, Pistachio. بسکل پسکل پسکل پرهی paskala, A wooden bar or bolt. پسکلی pas-kūcha, A dervish. بسکوهی pas-koha, Back part of the saddle. پسکوهی pas-gardan, Neck, hind-head. پسکلی pasagak, Dew, hoar-frost, rime. پسکلی pas-gīr, An adopted son. پسکلی pas lashkar, The rear-guard.

weak,

يسمان pasmān, A wager.

يس مالدة pas-manda, A survivor; old, antiquated, out of fashion; remaining, left (as remnants of food).

pasand, pisand, Approbation; choice; praise d, approved; selected; grateful, agreeable, excellent; (in comp.) approving, admiring, loving, as ahālī-pasand, Approved by the learned, &c.;—pasand āmadan, To please, to be acceptable;—pasand kardan, To approve; to choose.

يستدر pusandar, pisandar, A brother by the father, not by the mother, or vice

versa.

ېسندو pusandara, pisandara, A bastard. پسندن pasandan, To approve, choose. پسنده pasanda, Chosen, approved.

پسندېکې pasandidagi, Approbation.

שיינאט pasandīdan, To approve, be con-

tent; to please, to be agreeable.

אביבעל pasandāda, Approved, admired, esteemed; selected chosen; agreeable, acceptable; praiseworthy, laudable; warranted; purified, holy;—pasandāda āmadan (shudan), To be agreeable, to please;—pasandāda'i kibār, Agreeable to the great;—pasandāda kardan, To render agreeable; to approve;—a'māli pasandāda, Worthy actions.

a پسنديده محال pasandīda-khiṣāl, Of excellent morals,

a שונגעל pasandīda-dīn, Whose creed

is pleasing in the eyes of God.

a پسنديده راى pasandīda-rāy, Whose counsels or opinions are accepted or approved of.
پسنديده رو pasandīda-rau, Of good conduct.

پسنديده کار pasandida-kār, Whose actions meet with approval.

پسنديدة كيش pasandīda-kīsh, Of approved

conduct. پسندیده گری pasandīda-goy, Plensantspoken.

پسنگك pasangak, Hail.

پس نهاده pas-nihāda, پس نهاده pas-nihāda, A treasure, store, reserve; a heritage.

پسوده pasūda, Struck; rubbed; reached; bored.

paswar, Carrying back;—pusur, Imprecation, curse.

پسوريدس pusūrīdan, To curse, execrate. پسهانيتو pas-hānitan (in Zand), To scattor.

بسيع pasij, Prepared; provision for a journey.

pasīkhwān, A catamite.

pasin, Posterior, last, newest, hind-most; the afternoon, between mid-day and sunset;—jangi pasin, The last battle.

پسينيان pasīniyān, The moderns.

بش pash, The mane of a horse; a forelock; a tuft hanging loose at the end of a turban, sash, or belt; ignoble; defective; like, resembling;—pish (for pesh), Before; —push, An owl. pashām, Dark-coloured, opaque. پشان pashān, A passage; a mace. پشاور pashāwar, A province of Persia.

بش بنياد pish ba-nihād, Favour, regard. pusht (S. prishta), The back; the outside; the blade of a sword; a support, prop; a protector, patron; a pannel, pack-saddle, knot, upon which porters in the East carry their burdens; generation, descent; a catamite; name of a town in Khurāsān, and of a district in the vicinity of Nishabur; -pushti bam, The flat surface of a roof or a terrace; a partisan;—pusht ba pusht, Generation to generation; -pusht bar awardan, To turn the back in flight;pusht bar jan kardan, To give up life; to obtain life;—pusht bar dīwār māndan, To be bewildered, astonished, amazed;—pusht bar zamîn awardan, To throw flat on the ground;—pusht bar küh büdan (däshtan), pusht bar dīwar dādan, To have complete power over a thing; — pushti pā khārīdan, To rejoice, to be in high spirits or flourishing circumstances; —pushti pa zadan, To take to one's heels; to abandon;—pushti pāy, The convex or upper part of the foot;
—pushti parwīn, (met.) The back of a camel of burden;—pushti palang, Mottled, dappled ;-pushti tegh (shamshir), The back of a sword-blade; -pushti chashm tang (nāzik) kardan, To look at with coquetry, with feigned or real disdain, with pride;pushti chaman, A grass-plot; — pushti chādir, The back of the tent (m.c.); pusht kham kardan (dādan), pusht dū-tā kardan, To humiliate oneself, to show submission; - pusht dad, He gave (or showed) his back, he fled; he backed or supported;pushti dast bar zamīn nihādan, A gesture of respect;—pushti dast bar-kandan (khā'ādan, gazādan, ba-dandān gazādan), To bite the back of the hand, (met.) to repent; -pushti zamin. The surface of the earth, the ground; -pushti sar, Behind, after (m.c.); -pushti sar uftādan, To run after (m.c.);—pushti sari kase harf zadan, To call after one;pushti sari kase dīdan, To see one depart (hoping to have seen the last of him); pushti shīsha, The outside of a bottle :vusht kardan, To turn the back; -pushti kamān bar kase zadan, To shoot an arrow at one;-pushti kamán kham kardan, To bend or draw the bow; -pusht garm budan, To find help and protection; -pusht garm kardan, To ride on horse-back ;-pushti lab bar-zadan, To curl the lips disdainfully; -pushti māhī, A fish's back; night;-pushti makhmal, The back of velvet;pushti mulk, The power of a kingdom; one on whom the stability of the kingdom rests;—pushti nāf, The surface of the navel; -- pusht narm kardan, To thrash; to render abject; -- pusht namudan, To flee, to run away; to die; pusht u panāh, A pro-

tector and an asylum;—pusht yāftan, To acquire power; —az pushti siyah zin faro kard, Night has come to an end and dawn broken;—az pushti kuh chādiri ihrām bar kashīd, Snow has fallen and thrown a white mantle over the ground;—ba-pushti kamān giriftan, To shoot at ;-ba-pusht ham raftan, To assist one another, to do anything reciprocally.

بشتا بشت pusht-ā-pusht, Back to back. pushtāra, A truss, pack, load.

پشت انداز pusht-andāz, A pederast, a catamite.

pusht-bān, A prop, a buttress ; the bar of a door; a helper, protector.

pusht-bast, A large wrapper ; a پشت بست truss, load; a horse-cloth.

پشت پای $pusht ext{-}par{a}y$, f A catamite; infamous; a term of reproach.

pusht-panāh, An ally; protection; a place of refuge.

يشت برزى pusht-pozī, A crupper. بشتخار pusht-<u>kh</u>ār, A back-scratcher (Fr. gratte-dos); a curry-comb;—ba pusht-khār khārīdan, To curry (a horse).

غاريدة پشت pusht-khārīda, Curried

(horse).

بشت عم pusht-<u>kh</u>am, Hump-backed ; pusht kham shuda (girifta), Humble, stooping, having the back bent.

pusht-dār, A prop ; a bar; thick پشت دار clothing; propped, backed, supported.

بشترق pushtaragh, pushturugh, بشترع pushpushturūgh, A poisonous thorn fatal to camels.

پشت ریش pusht-resh, Sore-backed, galled. پشتل*ه pashtak*, Dew, hoar-frost; curled hair; the dung of sheep or goats; canine teeth; -pushtak (dimin. of pusht), Little back, somersault; a kick, a wince; the game of leap-frog; a disease incidental to the hoofs of horses, asses, or mules; a waistcoat, doublet; —pushtak zadan, To turn a somersault backwards (m.c.).

pashatkar, The canine teeth.

pushtak-zan, Kicking, wincing ; turning a somersault.

pusht-kūz, Hump-backed.

يشتگالى pushtagānī, A pension, stipend. بغث كرمى pusht-garmī, Warm support.

pushtlang, بشتلنك Lagging behind; vicious, faulty; unintelligible, unmeaning; vain, futile.

,pusht-māza پشت مازه ,pusht-māza پشت ماز Loins, the back-bone; flesh inside the back-

پشتمال pusht-mäl, An apron.

q.v. پشت مازه pusht maza, = پشت مازه pusht-muhra, The vertebræ.

pushtank, A surcingle, girth.

pashtū, A glass bottle;—pishto, A pistol (m.c. prob. from E.); -pushto, The language spoken by the Afghans.

pushtwāra, A bur- پشتوار

den, load; as much as a man can carry on his back.

pushtwan (for pusht-ban), A prop, support for a tottering wall; the bar of a door; a helper, protector.

پښته pushta, A little hill, an embankment; declivity; a heap; the shoulder-blades; a load; a faggot; a buttress, prop; a vault; a quay; -pushta'i bāgh, A meadow, a grassplot.

يشته بند pushta-band, A bridge. يشتموار pushta-wār, A back-load.

بشتى pushtī, Return; a protector, support, safeguard, or prop; alliance, aid; a kind of large cushion, pillow, or carpet, upon which they sit; a waistcoat, a doublet; a catamite; -pushtī kardan, To back, to help.

پستيبان pushtībān, The bar of a door; a prop; whatever is leant upon, trusted to,

or adds to strength or security.

pushtī-bandī, A. rate levied for پشتی بندی embankments and bridges.

پشتیوان pushtīmān, پشتیمان pushtīwān, يشتمون pushtīwan, A. bar; a prop, &c., .(.v.) يشتبان =)

pash-khāna, A hair tent to keep off

gnats, &c.; a mosquito-curtain.

pash-khwān, A beating, flattening; a gift; a table.

يشخون pashkhūdan, To express, compress, squeeze, strain.

push-khwur, Empty conversation, vain talk.

push-<u>kh</u>wura, Sweets, dessert. پشخون pish-<u>kh</u>ūn, A table, a bench.

پشخه pash<u>kh</u>a, A clothes-brush; a bleacher's beetle.

پشخیدن pish<u>kh</u>īdan, To shine, flash, glitter; to scatter.

پشخير pushkhīz, A tree of which bows. arrows, and javelins are made (see بشجير).

پش دید pish-dīd, Favour, regard, wish. pish-rau, pish-rav, Going before; an overture in music.

pashk, Evenness, equality; love; suspending; a beetle; an owl; a disease in horses;—pashk, pashak, Dew;—pishk, Lot; the dung of sheep or deer;—pushk, Sheep or camel's dung; a small wine-jar; name of a tree; -pushak, A cat.

н پشکال pashkāl, The rainy season.

pishkir, پشکره pishkira, Sheep's

goat's, or deer's dung.

پشكردن pash (push) kardan, To fight; to contract, shrivel, wrinkle; to be trusted, believed.

پشکش pish-kash, A present.

pishkil, The orbicular dung of sheep.

يشكل تاك pishkilnak, Full of dung.

pishkila, A hooked stick with which they open a lock, a key; dung of sheep or deer.

پشکلیدي pishkalidan, To mark with the nails, to scratch.

بشكم pishkam, pashkam, A court, vestibule.

بنگن pishgan, Easy to cook.

بشر pishil, pashal, Two things twisted or stuck together; two things clashing, so as to produce a sound.

pash-lang, Lagging behind; a pick-aze; name of the father of Afrasyab; —pushlang, A mountain-fortress; defec-

tive; vain, unmeaning; vicious.

hair; the pubes;—pashm andākhtan, To cast his coat (a camel);—pashm burīdan, To shear sheep; sheep-shearing;—pashmi dawāt. Cotton, wool, or any spongy substance which is put into an ink-holder;—pashm dar kulāh na dārad, He has no wool in his cap, (met.) he has neither rank, knowledge, nor spirit;—pashm shudan, To be frittered away, to fall to pieces; to scatter;—pashm kashīdan, To become contemptible; to despise; to parry, to ward off;—pashme az kulāh-ash kam, A loss or detriment not worth speaking of;—dar pashm kashīdan, To cover, to hide.

ېشمان pashmāq, A horse.

بشماکند pashm-āgand, Stuffed with wool (as saddle-cloths); the stuffing of a saddle. pashm-ālū, A kind of peach.

pishmān, Penitent.

پشم بريدة pashm-burida, Shorn (sheep).

ېشم دين به pashm-din, پشم دين pashm-din-dinaqa, پشم تلی pashm quli, Names given in derision and scorn.

بشم فريز pashm-firez, Shearings of wool. بشمك pashmak, پشمك تندى pashmak-qandi (pashmaki qandi), Name of a sweet-meat.

pashmnāk, Hairy, woolly.

ممثر pashma, A collyrium or medicament for the eyes (see همدي).

pashmīdan, To scatter, separate.

pashmīn, Woolly, woollen;—libāsi pashmīn, Woollen garments (particularly of the coarser kind).

pashmina, Woollen; a woollen garment; a kind of sweetmeat;—khirqa'i pashmina bar dosh, Having a coarse woollen cloak upon the shoulders.

پشمينه دوش pashmīna-dosh, Clad in wool.

يشي pashan, Name of the father of Afrasyab; a field of action celebrated for a battle.

pimple, a freckle; scattered drops; pishinj, Outfit for a journey; provisions for the way.

pashanjash, A sprinkling.

pishanja, A handful of grass with which weavers and glazers starch cloth in the loom.

ي pishanjīdan, To sprinkle; to be sprinkled.

pishanjīda, Sprinkled.

يسنده pushnuda, A Persian dish made of flour dressed with dates; frost.

pashang, A kind of vessel with which they carry earth away; a mason's chisel; oppression; anguish, affliction; exudation; name of the father of Afrāsyāb, and of one of his sons, also called Shedah, q.v.; name of Minūchihr's father, son of a brother of Faridun;—pishing, Exudation;—pushang, A vestige of antiquity; a spade, shovel, mattock

پشور pushūr, پشور pushūl, Imprecation, curse.

پشوليدن pushūlīdan, To curse.

pisholīda, Scattered; entangled.

and pashsha, A gnat;—pashsha-rā na'l dar hawā bastan (to shoe a gnat in the air), To be exceedingly skilful and dexterous;—pashsha'i zarīn, A spark of fire;—pashsha'i za'farān, A live coal, a firebrand;—pashsha'i ki ghazā (?) kard, The gnat which killed King Nimrod.

پشه خانه پ pashsha-khāna, A hair tent to keep off flies; a mosquito-curtain; the gnat-tree, a tree with a very large smooth stem and thick foliage.

pashsha-khwurd (khward), A sore to which people in Balkhare liable, thought to be caused by the sting of a gnat.

pasksha-dar, The guat-tree (so called from the swarms of gnats which are bred in its pods).

pashshadan, A mosquito-curtain.

يشه خال pashsha-ghāl, = پشه خال q.v. پشه ناك pashshanāk, Swarming with gnats.

پشی pishī (for پشی q.v.), A small, thin, copper coin.

يشين pashīj, Circular (as a piece of money), fish-scale, &c.); abundant, ample; many; apparatus for a journey.

وشيعيد pashījīdan, To be armed; to

prepare.

پشيپ pashīch, Large, abundant.

بشيخ pashīkh, Even, equal; provisions for the way.

پشير عوما pashīr-khurmā, Caliculus of a date (probably misreading for pishezi khurmā, q.v. under the following).

ma, q.v. under the following).

pishez, Anything small, round, and flat; a small piece of money; a fish-scale;

—pishezi khurmā, The spathe of a date.

يشير نشان pishez-nishān, A coiner of

money.

pisheza, The scale of a fish; a small, thin piece of money; the skirt of a tent; a thin layer of metal between the handle and blade of a knife; fierce (= مرزه applied to an elephant);—pisheza'i khurmā. The caliculus of a date, resembling a navel, where it adheres to the stalk.

پشير نشان pisheza-nishan, = پشيرة نشان q.v. pashim, Penitent; dispersion, separation;—pashim shudan, To be penitent, sorry; to be separated, scattered; to be ignorant.

pashimān, Penitent; يشيمان sorry; ashamed, abashed, disgraced; penitence, regret; pashīmān shudan, To be penitent, regretful, sorry.

بشيمان هدكان pashīmān-shudagān, Peni-

tents.

pashīmānī, Repentance; regret; pashimānī khwurdan (kashīdan), To repent. pashen, Name of the third (according to some the first) son of Kaiqubad.

patar (abbrev. of بطر بورغ patar-būrgh),

St. Petersburg (m.c.).

pughar, Pride, arrogance, conceit.

پهاز paghāz, A wedge.

معن paghna, A step, a stair.

سنر puf, A puff, a blast; breathing, respiration; -pufi poz, A trifle; -pufi kāsa-gare (the puff of a glass-blower), A moment, an instant ;-charāgh-rā puf kardan, To puff out the candle.

paftara, A decoy-bird (see بفترة, which is the more correct form).

بهرة, pafara, A weaver's tool.

پهيدن pufidan, To puff, to blow out.

pafyūz, Sour, crabbed, austere,

puq khandidan, To burst out

laughing (m.c.).

pak, The round of a ladder; ignorant, silly, conceited, vain ; _pik, A joint of the finger or toe; -puk, Uneven, prominent; thick, coarse; ignorant, silly, conceited; hollow; one side of the anklebone; a sledge-hammer; a leap, bound; .q.v پوك ==

Ly paka, Name of a tree.

pakāwaj, Name of a celebrated Indian musician.

pakmāl, An iron instrument with بكمال which they draw lines or figures on leather.

پکند pakand, (in Khwārazm) Bread.

بكنه pakna, Fat and short.

pakūk, A smith's hammer; a balcony; a projecting gallery of wood.

yakul, Balcony; main beam of a roof.

بلته و الله pak u lak, Ignorance, unskilfulness; inquiry, search; household furniture; useless, unprofitable; -puk u luk, Rough, uneven; thick.

بكهال H بكهال pakhāl (S. payaḥ-khalla), A large water-bag, generally carried on bullocks.

pag, A female who has round breasts; a boy's ball or marble; millet.

pagāh, Dawn; — pagāh-tar, Early

پگوی pagawī (n Zand), A philosopher. پگوی pagah, The dawr.

بكين pagin (in Zand and Pazand), Millet.

يل pal, A field with a raised border;convalescence; — pil, The heel; the foot (also the head) of a door, revolving in a socket, in the way of a turnstile; a bit of wood, answering to a brace or button, for uniting the different parts of a tent; the piece of wood which is struck in the game of tip-cat or hockey; a humming-top;—pul, A bridge, an arch; an embankment; a small coin; -puli ābgūni ātish-bār, The celestial vault; -puli an-tarafi āb (a bridge on the other side of the water), (met.) Anything absurd or unprofitable; -puli bālān, Name of an embankment near Herat; -pul bastan (zadan, sākhtan, kardan), To build a bridge; -pul chikunam, Name of a bridge near Shīrāz; -- puli hakīm, Name of a bridge at Shīrāz;—pul shikastan, To fail, to break down; to drown; to become weak or powerless; -puli sirāt, The bridge over the eternal fire, across which the Muhammadans imagine they shall pass into Paradise; -pul kandan, To break one's power, to render destitute;—puli haft tāq, The seven heavens.

palājūr, Mastic.

palakham, Name of a plant.

يلاد palād, A led horse ;—pulād, Steel. پارك palārak, A scimitar (of Damascus), a sword of the finest Indian steel; lustre (of a sword).

palāshūr, Mastic. پاڙور palāshūr, Mastic.

palās, Coarse woollen cloth worn by dervishes; a woollen carpet; sackcloth; fraud, deceit; a cheat, an impostor;—palas afgandan (andākhtan), To apostatize, to become reprobate; to disperse, to scatter; —palās guftan, To cheat.

بالس بوش palās-posh, Clad in dervish

attire.

palāsak, Evil, misfortune.

پلاطير palātīr, A window.

پلالك palālak, A sword of excellent steel.

پلان pilān, A pack-saddle.

پلانه palāna, Ā bad or indecent action.

پلان_{ې palān}ī, A sluggish beast.

palav, pilav, A dish composed of flesh or fish highly seasoned, first roasted and afterwards fricasseed or stewed, covered and heaped over with rice newly boiled, seasoned, and sometimes coloured, and garnished with eggs, onions; affluence, ease, good things ; -palawi zarda (palav-zarda?), Rice cooked with honey; a funereal meal.

palahank, A rein, bridal, halter.

پل بندی pul-bandi, Construction of bridges and embankments; the tax imposed for such works; sodomy.

pilpil, Pepper ;—pilpili kham, White pepper; pilpili mushk, A kind of black berry of a musky odour ;—pilpil-muya, Root of the long pepper-tree.

pulchi, Glass beads, small shells باجي

with which donkeys are adorned (see

pulchī farosh, A vendor of small shells or glass beads.

بلغ palakh, The throat.

palakhmān, A sling ; پلخمان palakhmān, A sling پلخمان name of a plant.

pilist, A span; -pulust, Impure; carrion; contemptible, worthless.

پاستك pilistuk, A swallow. ياسكى palasgī, A crimson dye.

palasht, Impure; carrion; temptible, worthless.

palaghda, An egg; rotten, putrid,

addled.

palafta, Particles of burnt provender

scattered in the air.

palk, pilk, pulk, An eye-lid;--pulk, The kidneys (unsupported by examples); palak, An eye-lid; pendulous, hanging loose;—palaki chashm, The eye-lid;—palaki chashm jumbanidan, To twinkle the eye;palaki daryā, Clouds.

н Д palkar, Revenue from orchards. بلكن palkan, A war engine (see بلكن);—

pulukan, and-

puluka, Reproach; ambiguous.

پلم palm, Earth, soil, dust.

پۇسردة palmarda, Withered, &c. (= پلمردة q.v.).

palmasa, Perturba- يلمسة palmasa, Perturbation; a losing of the use of hands and feet; a lie; calumny, unjust imputation.

palmalidan, To murmur. پلمه *palma*, Lie, calumny; suspicion; a board on which children learn to read; a loss of the use of hands and feet.

پلندين palandin, pilandin, The jambs or

posts of a door; the lintel.

palang, A leopard, a پلنگ palank, پلنگ panther; a giraffe; anything of a motley colour; a bedstead; the entire breadth of a doorway; [palangāni gauzan afgān, Heroes, valiant men;]-piling, The empty space of a door.

palang-afgan, An overthrower بلنك الكن of panthers, a hero.

پانگى پوش palang-posh. A coverlet.

pilangar, palangar, Name of a king slain by Alexander.

palang-rang, پلنگ گون palang-rang gūn, (A horse) spotted like a leopard, leopard-coloured.

بلنگ مشلک palang-mishk, A herb growing at Baghded, musky, and spotted like a ايد مشك = leopard; a fragrant shrub q.v.).

پلنگ موش palang-mūsh, A fragrant plant. بلنگ هشت palang-hi'at, Like a leopard in

aspect (a horse).

palangī, Furious like a pauther or leopard; panther- or leopard-like fury;palangi kardan, To growl like a leopard or panther.

palangin, Of or like a leopard. بلنكينة palangīna, Like or belonging to a leopard; made of tiger-skin; a kind of

royal vest.

بلواژه palwāzha, Glass; a glass vessel. بلواژه palwās, Deception, flattery.

palwān, A hero ;—pul-wān (bridgelike), A raised path round a field; a truss of straw.

palūt, A small or mean turban.

پلوس palos, Flattery.

pulūgh, The act of milking.

بلوك palok, A smith's hammer; an upper chamber; a balcony; — pulāk, Camel's

بارك palūg, A beam; a projecting roof. باول palwal, Name of an Indian pulse.

pulwan (bridge-like), A raised path or balk round a field.

پاونده palwanda, A truss, bale, bundle.

يله pala, A scale; a small capital: the hair on the temples; a humming-top; biestings; a certain tree; the round or step of a ladder; -pila, Silk; the silkworm's cocoon; a willow; a tip-cat,

پله palla, The round or step of a ladder, stairs, flight of steps, staircase (m.c.); [palla khwurdan, To have steps (leading to the top or bottom of a place, m.c.);]pilla, The bason of a balance, a scale; the round of a ladder.

بن چرب ملك pila-chob, The game of tip-cat. palla-dar, Provided with steps بله دار (m.c.); -pilla-dar, Carrying far (a gun).

پله کش pilla-kash, Partial; an adherent.

پله کشی pilla-kashī, Partiality.

palahang, A bridle, halter, rope.

پليته palīta, The wick of a candle or lamp: a tent, a roll of lint to be put into a wound, a suppository.

palid, Impure, defiled, polluted, contaminated, unwashed; foul; -palīd shudan, To be impure;—palīd kardan (sākhtan), To

palīd-chashm, Mulignant eye. پلید زبان palīd-zabān, Foul-tongued, scurrilous.

پلید کار palīd-kār, Flagitious; defiled. پليدن palidan, To search, investigate, &c. .(.v.) پاليدن =)

پليدناك palīdnāk, Dirty, nasty, filthy.

بليدي palīdī, Uncleanness, foulness; excrement, dung, ordure : -palīdī andākhtan, To mute.

پلیس باهی pulis-bāshī, Head policeman, Commissary of Police (m.c.).

پليشدن palishudan, To be nasty; abhor.

پليندي palyandī, A fine kind of melon. ex pan, But, but then, now; yet, however.

panād, The air, the atmosphere. pināgh, panāgh, A ball of raw thread or yarn; a thread of silk; a writer, a secre-

yanāftan, To be obstructed (as a water-course, or the lacteal veins).

پنا کاه pana-gāh, An asylum, a refuge.

يعا كير panā-gīr, A market, a fair.

panam, Certain acts performed to avert the influence of the evil eye; an amulet or charm; hidden, covered, concealed; a kerchief with which the followers of Zardusht cover their faces in prayer (چشم ينام see).

ياميدن panāmīdan, To prohibit, avert.

panānak, A kind of gum.

panāwar, A furuncle, felon (see

. (بَناور

panāwa, Trust (in God), resignation. پناه panāh, An asylum, refuge, protection; shade, shelter; imp. of panāhīdan; -panāh āwardan (burdan, giriftan), To take refuge or shelter; - panāhi khudā, The protection of God; God save you!—afzāl-panāh, A retreat for learned men; -daulat-panāh, sa'ādatpanah, The asylum of felicity, happy, august, glorious; -shafaqat-panāh, Most merciful, clement, compassionate; —'ālampanah, The asylum of the world, where all the world resorts; - 'ismat-panāh, Most chaste; -- fatwā-panāh, Most excellent in the decision of law-controversies; -karāmat-panah, Miraculous.

پىلە جاي panāh-jāy, A place of refuge. پناهگاه *panāh-gāh*, An asylum, sanctuary ; -panāhgāhi kashīkchī, Sentry-box (m.c.).

panāhanda, Seeking refuge; a pro tector.

پناھيدن panāhīdan, To fly, take refuge; to consult safety, take care of oneself; to be defeated.

panāhīda, A refugee; protecting.

پىبون paṃbūn, Going, walking.

ينبة paṃba (by some puṃba), Cotton ;– pamba az gosh bar-āwardan, To take the cotton from the ear; to be attentive; pamba dar gosh afgandan (kurdan, nihādan), To put cotton in the ear; to be inattentive to what is said; -pamba zadan, To dress or card cotton; -pamba shudan, To be soft as cotton; to be pure and white; to disperse; to run away; -- pamba kardan, To run away; to be scattered; to deny; to silence; to be impotent; to repel, rout; to obliterate; - pamba nihādan, To deceive; to satisfy, put to rest; to send, to despatch to a place.

ينبه آگنده گوش pamba-āganda-gosh, Un-

hearing, not listening; deaf.

پنبه بر paṃba-baz, Cotton-carder.

پنبه پای pamba-pây, A sort of shoe. پنبه پای pamba-dār, Having cotton; made of cotton.

پنبه دانه paṃba-dāna, Cotton-seed.

بنبة در كوش paṃba-dar-gosh, Not listening, deaf; negligent, unheedy.

پىيە دوز pamba-doz, A carder of cotton. پنبه دهان pamba-dahān, Who speaks little, taciturn.

پىيە رىسى paṃba-rīsī, Spinning of cottou (m.c.).

پېه زار paṃba-zār, A cotton-field.

ينه ون pamba-zan, A dresser of cotton. پىپە قبا paṃba-qabā, Clad in a cotton tunic.

پنجه کن pamba-kan. Flue of cotton or silk : pamba kun, Obliterate; deny; keep silence; flee (imp. of pamba kardan, q.v. under

.v. پمبەرد pamba-waz, پنبه وز

ο پنتافیلیون pantājīlyūn (πεντάφυλλον), Cinquefoil.

پىتومە pantūma, Mistletoe (see پىتومە).

panj, Five; fifth; in fives; the five

senses;—pinj, A pinch; a button.
panjab (the five waters or rivers, viz. Sutlej, Ravi, Chinab, Jīlam, and Attock or Indus) Name of a country northwest of Hindustan.

yanj arkān, The five pillars (of Muhammadanism: Unitarianism, Prayer, Fasting, Pilgrimage, and Alms-giving).

panjāli murgh, A پنجال مرغ panjāli murgh, A bird's beak; bird's dung; a bird's nest.

panj angusht, Cinquefoil; the herb alkali; name of a place in the province of Tabriz.

panj augusht, The wood of a saddle.

پنجاه panjāh, Fifty.

ماله ما بنجاة بالله panjāh-sāla, Fifty years old.

. panjāhum, The fiftieth بنجاهم

panjāha, The Christian Lent.

يسماياند panjayāna, Henbane.

a مَنَ يَنِي panj āyat, The five chapters of the Kurān which are read during the mourning of a Musulman.

پيهايه panjāya, Prayers said in Lent.

بي بيمارة panj bīchāra, The five wanderers, viz. Saturn, Jupiter, Mars, Venus, and Mercury.

پنجہایہ panj- $par{a}yak$, پنجہایہ panj- $par{a}yak$, پنج پا panj-paya, A crab; the sign Cancer.

پنجپهلږ panj-pahlū, Quinquelateral.

ينج تاه panj-tāh, (A rope) of five threads. پىچ ئوياق panj-tiryāq, A syrup of treacle.

پنج تن پاك panj tani pāk, Five holy ones, i.e. Muhammad, Fatimah, Alī, Hasav, and Husain.

panj tausani salāmat, The پنج توسن سلامت five internal senses.

پنج چوبه panj-choba, A kind of tent.

panj du'a, The five daily prayers. بنے دعا په په panj-dih, الله panj-dih, Five villages in close proximity to each other near Marv.

panjar, A window, balcony, wooden lattice before a window; a cage, coop; watch (on board ship).

panj-roz, Five days; human life.

بحرة panjara (S. panjara), A cage; a window; a lattice (m.c.); one who keeps a look out from a ship's mast; [panjara'i lajaward, The firmsment; | __pinjara, Name of a country.

יבים טון panjara-dar, Latticed.

پيج سال panj sāl, Five years ;—panj-sāl,

Five years old.

بنج سألكي panj-sālagī, A lustre ; five years. الله وي panj-sāla, Of five years; quinquennial.

پنجش panjish, Exercise; affliction, calamity (unsupported by examples);—pinjash, A ball of carded cotton.

ينج هاخ درخت panj shākhi dirakht, خلع هاخ درخت panj shākhi dast, Five fingers; cinque-

پنج هاعة panj-shākha, Five-pronged. پنج هميه panj shu'ba, The five senses.

a پنجشنبه panj-shambih. Thursday.

panjshīdan, To press, squeeze, or ينجشيدن tickle with the fingers; to disperse.

a پنج عیب مرعی panj-'aib, پنج عیب مرعی panch-'aibi-shar'ī, Very vicious (guilty of tive vices; namely, robbery, adultery, gaming, drunkenness, and falsehood).

ينهك panjak, A sort of ivy ;--punjak, A

ball of carded cotton.

پنجگان panjagān, Fives پنچگانه panjgāna, Five.

ينج کنج panj ganj. The five senses; the five daily prayers of the Muhammadans; the five poems (khamsa) of Nizāmī.

پنج کوههه panj-gosha, Pentangular.

پېچې panjum, پېچې panjumīn, A fifth; panjum riwaq, The fifth heaven; the orbit of the planet Mars.

panjmar, بنجمير panjmīr, A province

in Turan.

پنجنگشت panj-angusht, Five fingers; cinquefoil, and several other similar plants, with their seeds; a fork with five prongs;

a place near Tabrīz.

a پنج نوبت panj naubat, The five daily prayers of a Muhammadan; the five times a day that music is played before the house of a great man; the five instruments of war, duhul, damāna, tabl, daf, and sanj; —panj naubat zadan (nawā<u>kh</u>tan), To rejoice; to play the great man.

panj-nosh, An electuary made up پنجنوش

of five ingredients.

پنج ورق panj-waraq, Cinquefoil.

بنج و هش و هفت و جهار panj u shush wa haft u chahār, The tive (senses), the six (sides of the world), seven (planets), and four (elements).

q.v. پنج اوکشت = panj-augusht, پنجوکشت panja, The palm of the hand with the five fingers, or the sole of the foot with the live toes; the fist; the hand with the fingers expanded; the extended talons of a bird, the claws; a prong; a sort of link or torch resembling five fingers; a hand made

of ivory to scratch the back (see پشت عار); a handle, a hilt; gripe; loose stones placed on the parapet of a fort; a stone hurled out of a balista, or for sinking an enemy's ship; ivy; a kind of dance, in which they take hold of each other's hands; [panja'i āftāb (khwurshed), The rays of the sun ; -panja afshurdan (burdan, pechidan, tabidan, taftan), To get the better of in a hand-tohand fight; -panja afgandan (andākhtan, zadan, giriftan) bā-kase, To use violence against; -- panja ba-khūni kase tar kardan, To kill, to slay ;—panja bar rūy zadan (kashidan), To defame, to blacken one's character; -panja'i bunafsha, A bunch of violets;panja'i bīchāra, The five wanderers, i.e. Saturn, Jupiter, Mars, Venus, and Mercury; -panja tak, The leaf of the vine-tree; -panja tez kardan, To prepare for war; to seek a quarrel, to brawl; -panja'i chanār, The leaf of the plane-tree; -panja'i khûn bar dari kase zadan, To proclaim an inroad against; -- panja dar panja kase afgandan (āwardan, dāshtan, raftan, kardan), To work together with ;—panja'i duzdīda, Five inter-calary days added to the Persian year ; panja'i dilīrāna, War;—panja'i kabk darī, Name of a note in music;—panja kardan, To grasp; to box, slap; —panja'i gurba, Cat's claw (a plant); —panja'i gul, A bunch of roses; —panja'i marjan, A coral-branch; —panja'i maryam, Sow-bread;]—pinja, Ivy; panjah (for panjāh), Fifty; a fish; a net; a fish-hook; a grappling-iron.

پنچه دار panja-dār, Pronged.

نجه زن panja-zan, Striking the nails into;

clutching with the claws.

panja-kash, An iron instrument بنجه کش resembling a hand with which wrestlers exercise themselves, by locking their fingers within those of the instrument; a kind of bread bearing the marks of five fingers.

پنچه کير panja-gīr, A wrestler, pugilist. بنے یاہندہ ہرونی panj yābanda birūnī, The five external senses.

پنج یابنده درونی panj yābanda darūnī, The five internal senses.

پنجيانه panjiyāna, Hog's bean.

بنجيدن panjidan, The fifth.

panjer, پنجيره panjer, پنجيره panjer, پنجيره dow.

پنج يك panj yak, One of five, a fifth.

بنجين panjin (for panjumin), The fifth part. پنجيوده panj yoda, Five, five units.

بنهايت panchāyat, Arbitration by five. پنچشاک punchushk, A sparrow (see پنچشاک). puncha, The front, forehead; the forelocks, ringlets hanging down the forehead ;-puncha bar kase zadan, To disgrace,

distress, ruin. پنچه بند puncha-band, A front band, wreath, fillet, worn by women; a curled or

braided lock.

pand, Counsel, advice; admonition, exhortation; doctrine, moral; rite, ceremony; a kite; [pandi pidar, Paternal admonition; —pand dadan, pand guftan, To give advice; —pandi dil-pusand, Cordial exhortation, good counsel;]-pind, The seat; posteriors; -pund, Cotton prepared for spinning.

pand-ar, One who takes advice; pindar, Thought, imagination, fancy, opinion; pride, conceit, a high opinion of oneself; (imp. of pindārīdan and pindāshtan in comp.) pondering, thinking, weighing;

revolving.

پندارانيدي pindārānīdan, To cause to understand, suppose, imagine, or consider.

pindāragān, Ideas, fancies (pl. of the following).

pindara, Thought, fancy; conceit.

پداری pindārī, You understand or consider; one would think, one would believe (m.c.); conceit.

پىدارىدن pindārīdan, پىدارىدن pindāshtan (imp. pindar), To think, imagine, consider, understand, presume; to be proud.

بىداھتى pindashtī, Opinion.

H איבולף pindālū, The fruit of Trewia nudiflora (Linn); according to others Cocculus cordifolia.

pandar, pundar, Name of a fort near Shirāz.

پىدرة pindara, A blockhead; a supposititious child.

pundak, A ball of پندش carded cotton.

پىد كرى pand-goy, Who gives good advice. pandand (in Zand and Pazand), A

بيدو pandū, pindū, A tike;—pindū, The sound of running water.

پىدوا pandwā. The herb rocket.

pandūra, Cresses; a half-brother;--pindura, The sound of running water.

pinda, A drop, spot, point; baldness near the temples; -punda, A tike; a swelling on an animal's body.

پنديدي pandīdan, To give or take counsel. panza, A kind of dance with joined پيرة hands.

ينطافلون pantāfilūn, Cinquefoil.

pink, panak, A span ;—panik (in Zand and Pazand), A kind of wild black plum; -pink, A pinch.

pinkār, Pride, ostentation; haughty, proud, self-complacent.

پنکیدی pinkīdan, To mutter, to talk to one-

پېکې pang, A bunch of dates; a rod, stick, baton, piece of wood; a window; dawn, daybreak, morning; -ping, A tenthousandth part of a night and a day; a copper bason with a small hole in the bottom, for water in which it is placed to flow through, used for measuring time; a clepsydra.

pangāra, A platter, dish, bowl, cup.

پنگاهتی pingāshtan, To depict.

پنگال pingāl, A cup, glass; an hourglass

پنگان pingān, A bowl, a cup; a clepsydra. پاکانچه pingancha, A small cup.

پنگاه pungāh, A hill.

پنگرة pangara, A large kettle; a small dish, pan, plate, or cup; a winnowing-fan made of straw.

پىند panand, An unknown number. panang, pinang, A window.

پنه panah, A dunghill.

يهاله panhāla, Confection of almonds.

پنهان panhān, pinhān, Concealed, bid; clandestine, secret; - pinhān būdan (shudan), To be concealed, to abscond; --pinhān dāshtan (kardan), To conceal, suppress.

پنهان پووه pinhān-pizhūh, Who investigates

that which is hidden.

پنهان ديدگي pinhān-dīdagi, A sly, stolen glance.

پنهان هکنج pinhān-shikanj, A thing whose folds, i.e. intricacies, are hidden.

بنهان كدار pinhān-gudāz, An epithet applied by Nizāmī to the Nile, because the mountain snows whose melting bring about

its increase, are concealed. pinhāngar, A place expected to contain something.

پنہالی pinhānī, Concealment. پنهانيدن pinhānīdan, To abscond, lie hid. panīr, Cheese ; —panīri tar, Whey ; panīri khurmā, Pith of a palm-tree.

پنير آب panīr-āb, Whey from new cheese. پنيرك panīrak, Sun-flower; nenuphar;

chameleon.

پیر کیسه panīr-kīsa, A cheese suspended in a cloth that the serum may run out.

پنجر ماية panīr-māya, Rennet.

panira, A sun-flower; the chameleon.

بنيرى panīrī, Made of cheese; cheesy. پنيز panīz, Ever; never; quick, speedy. پنيزة panīza, پنيزة panīsa, Fumitory (a herb).

پىيلو panīlū, A market-place.

بنين panīn, Ever; never; quick, speedy. بنين هلا panīn-shulā, A peninsula (m.o. from E.).

پديوش panyūsh, Pulsation ; labour. پنيون panyūn, Going away, walking.

پو pū, Inquiry, search; a moderate pace, a trot; a running about; [tak u pū kardan, To inquire diligently, to run about in search of ;]-po, the river Po (m.c.).

puwāch, Wicked, base, low, vile.

پوازى pawāzī, Heat, pain.

pawāna, A pass leading into Persia. برب pob, Tapestry, carpeting, or anything spread in a house by way of ornsment; a father; the comb of a cock; a bird's crest.

پوپش pop, پوپش popash, The hoopoo or pewit.

پويشمن pūpishman (in Zand and Pazand), A belmet.

بويك popak, A hoopoo; a virgin. Jest pūpal, Betel-nut.

भ्रभ्न pūpū, A hoopoo; also its cry.

بربه pūpa, A hoopoo.

بوت pūt, Sheep's liver; victuals; a kind of melon; a tun (m.c.).

Up pota, The scrotum; the testicles. بوتاب potāb, A butt for shooting at. .(.... potsdam, Potsdam (m.c.) پوتسدام بنك pūtank, Pulecium, pennyroyal.

پوتا pūta, A treasury ; a crucible ;—pota, The scrotum; the testicles.

بوتى pūtī, (A fry) of sheep's liver.

தை pūj, அ pūch, Injudicious, ignorant, absurd; irregular, inconsistent, immoderate, inordinate; round, convex, bunching out, hilly; low, vile, base; futile, trifling, of little value (m.c.); plain, smooth; empty, vacant; a prater, babbler, blabber.

پرچ بینی pūj-bīnī, Large or hook-nosed. يوج كو pūch-go (gū), Talking nonsense. pūch-maghz, A blockhead, a simpleton.

پوچيات pūchiyāt, Foolish prattle. th pūkh, Gumminess about the eyes. pokhtan, To cook.

بود pūd, Meat or food (for man and beast); bait (for fish); tinder, touchwood; the woof or west, i.e. the cross-threads in contradistinction to the warp or threads stretched lengthwise, and which are called tar); cloths (particularly linens) woven in streaks or stripes of different colours; old; wrought in two colours; -pūd u tār (tān, tāna) kāwīdan (az ham gusashtan), To break up the woof and warp, to destroy

بدات pūdāt, Perceived, felt (pl. pūdātāt). ين من pūd-band, A fillet for the mouth; a thing forgotten.

پودى pūdina, Mint.

entirely.

ಬ್ರೀ pūda, Rubbed, worn; fallen to pieces; empty; old; weak; rotten, addle; meat (for men), food (for cattle), bait (for fish); tinder, touchwood; the woof or

پودينه pūdīna, Mint, spearmint. بودهل pozish, Excuse, apology.

بور pūr, A son; a horse; one who shams ignorance; steel; a woodcock; Porus, king of Kaneja; -pūri ātbīn, Faridun, king of Persia; —pūri āsar, The patriarch Abraham; —puri dastān, Rustam; —pūri sabuktigīn, Sultan Mahmūd;—pūri saqqā, Name of a saint;—pūri sīnā, Avicenna;— pūri shasb, The father of Zardusht; -pūri ṣadaf (oyster's son), A pearl;—pūri 'azrā (son of the virgin), Wine; -pūri 'imrān, Aaron

and Moses; $= p\bar{u}r$ -'angā, The father of Rustam ;—pūri qubād. Nūshīravān, king of Persia; - pūri muljam, Name of the murderer of 'Alī ;—pūri hājar, Ishmael, Hagar's

وراي pūrān, Kanoja; a successor; sons; a keepsake.

پوران تروش pūrān-turüsh, Name of a celebrated magician.

بران دعت pūrān-dukht, Name of the daughter of Khusraw Parvez.

جركر pūrkar, Name of a daughter of the king of Kanoja, married by Bahram Gor.

pordgān, وردكاي pordgān, Five intercalary days added to the end of the Persian year.

برنان pūrfān, Saucy beggars.

بوركند pūrkand, A balcony; a mansion. بوركند pormand, A kind of fragrant herb; -pūrmand, Having a numerous offspring.

pūra, A son; trunk of a tree. н ы рūта (S. pūrņa), Full, complete. بوربان pürıyan, The citizens of Kanoja.

je poz, The lip, mouth, and environs; the beak of a bird, the snout of a quadruped; the space between the nose and lip; the trunk of a tree.

بوز بىد poz-band, A muzzle.

posish, An excuse, apology ;--- posish kardan (numūdan), To excuse, make an apology.

بورش بالم pozish-pazīr, Accepting excuses. بوزكند pozkand, A balcony; a mansion (see

بوز مال poz-māl, A farrier's twitch. முந்த posan, Land prepared for sowing.

بوزهی pozinj بوزهی q.v. by poza, The parts round the mouth;

the trunk of a tree.

براى pūzī, Part of the housings of a horse; the face.

্ৰথার pozidan, To make excuse, apologise.

ينام pūsīna, An ape, a monkey.

pūzhang, A piece, portion, patch. pūzha, Thigh; trunk of a tree next بوزة to the root.

پوژینه pozhīna, An ape, a monkey ; a talent of forty ounces of gold.

بوس pūs, Cajolery, servile civility. پوسانه pūsāna, Fraudulently; cajolery. پوسانيدن pūsānīdan, To putrefy (v.a.).

post, Skin; a raw hide, undressed skin; rind, outward cost; crust; bark of a tree; a shell; poppy-head; slander, detraction; post baz kardan (dādan), To draw back the skin; to reveal the secrets of the heart ;-post bar duhul bastan, To make merry; - post bar kardan, To peel (fruit); -- posti baiza, An egg-shell; -- posti jauz, A nut-shell;—posti khāya, The scrotum ;---posti sag bar rū kashīdan, To draw a dog's skin over the face; to be indecent;post kardan, To be intimate; to slander; to

deceive ; - post kandan, To flay ; - posti mār, A snake's slough ; -posti mis, Blue vitriol ; -ba-posti (dar posti) kase uftādan, To traduce.

پومن

post-baz-raftagī, Excoriation.

پوست باز رفته post-baz-rafta, Excoriated. post-baz-karda, Skinned. پوست باز کرده پوستيارة post-pāra, The standard of Kav.

post-posh, A denuded beggar. بوست بيرا post-perā, A currier, leatherdresser.

بوست بمراى post-perāy, A tanner; a currier.

post-raftagi, Excoriation.

post-rafta, Excoriated.

post-kanī, A flogging, the punishment of the lash.

بوستكال postgāl, كان بوست كالا post-gāla, The smooth skin under the tail of a sheep.

postī, One who intoxicates ĥimself پوستي with au infusion of poppy-heads; lazy, indolent.

postiyān, A kind of leather.

پوست yostira, پوستيراي postiray, پوستيرا.q.v بيرا

postin, Leathern; leather; a fur garment; slander, detraction; —postin darīdan, To blab out a secret ;—postīn kardan (kandan, giriftan), dar postīn uftādan (raftan). To speak ill of; to tell the faults.

بوستين بكازر postin-ba-gāzur, A detractor,

calumniator, slanderer.

بوستين دوز postin-doz, A furrier. پوستين دوز posida (for پوسيده q.v.), Rotten, putrefied.

posa, The thread which in spinning is coiled round the spindle.

پوسيدن posīdan, To rot, corrupt, spoil, wither; to become putrid.

پوسيدگى posīdagī, Putrefaction.

بوسيدة posīda, Rotten, rancid, putrefied. بوسيدة چوب posīda-chūb (-chob), Botten wood; wood which ignites and burns as a candle.

پېڅې posh, A. covering, mantle, garment; a coat of mail; a cover, veil, lid; (in comp.) clothing, dressing, covering, as pa-posh (covering the feet), Shoes, slippers, &c.; (for puj, q.v.) a trifle, a farthing's worth (m.c.); —pūsh, also pūshi darbandī, A medicament for the eyes.

بوها poshā, Covering, concealing; a gar-

برهاك poshāk, Clothes, raiment, attire. پوهاکی poshākī, Fit for making garments. pūshāndan, To quash an affair

(m.e.). poshānīdan, To clothe another.

پوهش poshish, A covering, garment, dress; a coverlet, sheet, blanket;—poshishi tan, A covering for the body, a habit, coat; poshishi rah-guzar, A covered way between two houses; a corridor; -- zamīni bī-poshish

(ground without covering), A desert; uncultivated lands.

بوهاك poshak, (in Tūrān) A cat, puss.

poshgān, A point in the divine life بوهكان attainable only by the very spiritually minded; name of a place near Nishāpūr; poshagān, Invisible things; name of a note in music.

پوهائي poshala, Covered; clothing.

poshand, A veil touching the بوهند ground.

poshandagī, A garment, a cover-

poshanda, Who clothes ;--poshanda'i kiswati mahabbat, Wearing the habit of friendship.

poshang, Name of a place between Kandahar and Multan;—poshnag, A cat.

poshna, A lid, cover; concealed.

posha, A veil, a curtain.

پوهندنی poshni, پوهنی q.v.

پوهيدگي poshidagi, Ambiguity, dubiousness.

يوهيدن poshīdan, To cover, conceal, clothe; to dress, to wear clothes; to shut.

پوهيدني poshīdanī. Fit to be put on, proper to be worn; clothing, dress.

poshīda, Clothed, dressed, concealed, covered, hid; a chaste retired woman ; poshīda būdan, To be concealed, abscond, lie hid; to be clothed, dressed.

poshīda-chashm, Hoodwinked; blind; blind to the failings of others; who does not look at a stranger (modest woman).

a پوهيده حرك poshīda-harf, Of mysterious speech; who talks with a hidden mean-

poshīda-dandān, Having the teeth concealed (said of a starless night). برهيدة , poshīda-rū, Who veils her face; a lady.

pūk, Tinder, touchwood; wind from the throat in blowing a fire; corn laid up in a pit, which is then strewed over with thorns and rubbish that it may not be discovered by thieves or enemies; hollow.

بول $p\bar{u}l$, A bridge; a small piece of copper coin; money; a fish-scale; a station on a journey, an inn;—pūli siyāh, Copper coin;—pūli sikka-dār, Coin;—pūli tilā, Gold coin (m.c.); — pūli marham, Money paid as damages for wounds; — pūli naqd, Ready money (m.c.); — pūli nuqra, Silver coin (m.c.); — pūl giriftan, To scrape the scales off a fish, to scale.

يوكان pūgān, The womb; a sprinkling of water (unsupported by examples).

پولاپ pūlāb, Sense, feeling.

بولايي pūlābī, Palpable, tangible, evident, pūlād, The finest Damascus steel, which, with that of Qum, is esteemed the best in the East; steel generally, a sword; name of a demon and of a famous warrior; a club; —pūlādi hindī, An Indian sword (پوپکان Bee).

بولاد بازو pūlād-bāzū, With arm of steel. بولاد چنگ pūlād-chang. With fist of steel. بولاد على pulād-khāy, Strong enough to chew steel, powerful, determined; headstrong.

a والاد درعاي pūlād-dir'ān, Steel-armoured men

پولاد رک pūlād-rag, With veins of steel, powerful; headstrong.

بولاد سنهان pūlād-sanjān, Hardy warriors. پولاد غندى pūlād-ghundī, Name of a demon

killed by Rustam. a بولاد مخلب pūlād-mikhlab, Steel-taloned.

پرلاد کر pūlād-gar, A worker in steel. pūlād-gurz, Armed with a steel mace; a steel mace.

يولاد نهاد pūlād-nihād, As hard as steel. يولادرك pūlādwand, Hard as steel; name of a hero.

يولالي polānī, Pottage, gruel.

politik-dan, Well versed in politics (m.c.).

بالدار pūl-dār, Rich; moneyed, capitalist (m.c.).

pūlak, The scales of a fish.

يولا pola, A withered melon; any fruit soft and rotten inside; a raving wolf (unsupported by examples).

on pūn, Felt-cloth, any kind of saddlecloths for horses, camels, or other beasts of burden.

يونيكا pünīkā, Phœnicia.

بوي pūy, A moderate pace, a trot.

پويان pūyān, Running, trotting ; a runner; - pūyān būdan, To meander up and down.

a پويان هزبر pūyān-hizbar, A horse.

بری بری بری pūy-pūy, Running, trotting; fie! برچه pawicha, Ivy.

بريون pūyizha, Hope, expectation.

was puyidan, To wander; to run; to

پويش pūyish, A trotting up and down. بريكان pūygān, The womb; water sprinkled.

پويىدكى pūyandagī, A running, trotting. pūyanda, A running animal.

બનુ pūya, poya, A canter, hand-gallop. run; -poya dawidan, To canter.

بويا بوي pūya-pūy (بويا بوي pūyā-pūy), In baste, galloping.

بيدن pūyīdan, To run to and fro, to trot ;

to examine, search.

په pah, ه په pah pah, Bravo! well done! -pah kardan, To puff or breathe in one's face.

h پهائسي کردن $phar{a}nsar{\imath}$ kardan, To strangle. હાં pahāna, A wedge (see હાંધૂ).

يهتان phatān, An Afghān tribe; a Patan. re pahr, Fourth; watch of the night; puhr, A Jewish school.

پرة pahra, A guard; protection; a watch or fourth part of the night.

אינא כון pahra-dār, A watchman, guard.

يل pahl, A troop, a host.

پيلو pahlav, A hero; a wrestler; a saint; a city; name of a country where Pehlevi is spoken; Shem, son of Noah; the parts about Ispahān; - pahlū, The side; utility; profit, advantage; — pahlū ba-bistar burdan (sipurdan), To sleep well ;—pahlū tahī kardan, To withdraw, retire; to shun, avoid, abstain; - pahlū dādan, To assist; to retire; to avoid; - pahlu'i dar, A doorpost; — pahlū zadan (sāyīdan), To associate, be on a footing with ;—pahlū kardan, To run away; to turn away the face, avoid, beware of ;-pahlu'i lashkar, The wing of an army; -pahlū nihādan, To sleep; -bapahlu uftadan, To fall on the side; to die, be killed.

pahlawān, A hero, champion, brave warrior, strong athletic man; rough, rugged in figure or in speech; — pahlawani pur zor, A brave champion; - pahlawani sipihr,

The celestial warrior, Mars.

ياراناند pahlawānāna, Heroic; heroically. يلواني pahlawānī, Heroism; a citizen; ancient Persian; heroic; belonging to a city; —pahlawānī dādan, To confer greatness upon.

pahlū-dār, A helper; generous, liberal; firm; sarcastic, insolent of speech.

ولان الله pahlav-zabān, The Pehlevi language; one who speaks in it.

پهاوزي pahlū-zan, One who claims equality ;

a pretender; arrogant.

يار نواد pahlū-nizhād, Of heroic descent. پياو ساي pahlū-sāy, An equal; intimate; a rival, a competitor.

پاو هکان pahlū-shikāf, Who cleaves the side of his adversary.

پياو نشين pahlū-nishīn, A companion.

بارى pahlawi, Belonging to a city; a citizen; an ancient Persian and what relates to him; saintly; -zabāni pahlawī, The language of the ancient Persians, the Pehlevi language.

يله pāhla, Ispahān, Ray, and Dīnawar.

pahmazak, A porcupine.

மு pahn, Wide, large, broad, ample, extensive; [pahn shudan, To lie flat on the ground (m.c.);—pahn kardan, To extend; -pahan, Milk which boils in the breast of the mother through maternal affection.

pahnā, Broad; latitude, breadth,

width.

پينا کش pahnā-kash, A weaver's instrument for stretching and keeping tight cloth in a loom (= هنجه q.v.)

with pahnāna, Buttered toast; an ape. باناور pahnāwar, Broad, wide, ample; widely-extended.

pahnā'ī, Breadth, پېنائي pahnāwarī, پېناوري width; — pahnā'īyi zamīn, The expanse of the earth ;-pahnā'īyi 'umr, Ease and comfort of life.

پس سنی pahn.bīnī, Flat or broad-nosed. pahand, A toil for catching deer.

پېندار pahn-dār, Broad, wide. پهن ساز pahn-sāz, Who widens. pahnūr, The colocynth.

pahna, Breadth; the inside of the thigh of man or animal; a race-ground; a racket or battledore; a boy's spinningtop; polo; a game at balls.

پېنى pahnī, Flatness, breadth.

pahnīdan, To expand, stretch.

ਸ਼ ਸਮੇਂਦੇ, The musk melon (Cucumis momordica).

ين pahī, The bitter purging apple. pahin, Very broad or wide.

pai, pay, A foot; a nerve, tendon, sinew; a footstep, track, trace, mark, vestige; pursuit; the heel; rank, power, strength; pretence, pretext; false appearance; inclination; a time, turn; because, for, on account of; after; behind; [pai bāz nihādan, To retreat; pai burdan, To trace, discover, find out; to enter, to penetrate (m.c.); -pai rasidan, To arrive quickly; pai zadan, To join (bones) by sinews;—pai fushurdan, To stand firm; to establish, to fix; to be established or fixed; to step;payi kar giriftan (nishastan), To attend to one's business; to do as one likes; -pai kardan, To abandon, give up, lose; to follow; to ham-string;—pai kardan umīd, To despair; — payi kase bar-dāshtan, To watch one's steps; -pai gum (kūr) kardan, To lose the tracks; to go astray; -az payi tafrīh, By way of recreation;—az payi tū, On thy account;—az pai raftan (dar pai āmadan), To go behind, follow, trace;dar pay uftadan, To scoff at; - dar payi chīze nishastan, To persist in a thing stubbornly;]— $p\bar{\imath}$, Fat, grease, tallow. $piy\bar{a}$, Man, in the dialect of the Lurs

and Zends (m.c.).

پيا*ٻ pay-āb*, Power, strength; bottom of the sea, river, lake, cistern, or piece of water; foot or extremity of anything,

پياپي pay-a-pai, Step by step, succesrepeatedly, incessantly, sively, nuously, consequently; continuous; -payā-pai shudan, To follow in succession.

پيادة piyāda, A footman; a foot-soldier; infantry; a peon; a pawn at chess; a bailiff, catchpoll; ignorant, uninformed, illiterate; the tendril of a vine; a kind of willow; a sort of rose; -piyāda'i khaṣṣa, Foot-guards (m.c.); -piyada shudan, To be on foot; to slight from a horse; -piyada'i muhasşil (muhāsil), A bailiff (m.c.); —piyāda'i multazim, A servant in constant pay; -piyāda nihādan, To regard or set down as base and weak.

پاده يا piyāda-pā, On foot.

piyāda-rav, A pedestrian; a footpath (m.c.); a pavement (m.c.).

پيادة كش piyāda-kash (kashān), Dragging along (a prisoner) on foot; dragged along on foot.

ييادة نفرات piyāda-nafarāt, Infantry.

بيارك piyārak, A bird resembling the nightingale in shape and song, but smaller and green.

ييار piyāz, An onion; a bulb; — piyāzi dashtī, A wild onion; ratsbane, wolfsbane; –piyāzi sag (ḥaṣratī), Persian meadow saffron, Colchicum persicum; — piyazi 'unsul, The sea-onion (Squilla maritima); - piyāzi kūhī, Chive;—piyāzi mūsh, Seaonion or squill,

پياز فروش piyāz-farosh, A seller of onions. piyāzak, A small onion; a rattan;

a mace; name of a village.

پيازكى piyāzakī, Of or belonging to Piyāzak; a ruby from Piyazak.

پياز ليز piyāz-līz, An eatable wild onion.

پيارو piyāzū, A sea-onion, a squill. piyāz-wā, Light, unsatisfying food. پيازي piyazī, A wild onion; a kind of ruby; an iron mace, a war-mace; of the colour of an onion.

پياري رنگ piyāzī-rang, Pinky, rosy; crim-

بياستو piyāstū, A large mouth; fetid

breath (see بياستو).

پيالة piyāla, A cup, goblet, or drinkingglass; the eye of a mistress; the divine presence intoxicating the beholder; the pan of a musket-lock; -piyāla'i jaur, A cup filled to the brim; - piyāla kashīdan, To drink;—piyāla gardānīdan, To circulate the bowl.

piyāla-dār, يماله دار piyāla-paimā, يماله بيما

Who quaffs a cup.

پياله دست piyāla-dast, Cup in hand. پياله کش piyāla-kash, A quaffer of cups. پياله کردان piyāla-gardān, A cup-bearer. پياله کردان piyāla-nawāla, Ment and drink

(a cant word among debauchees).

پيام payām, News, advice; a message; salutation (in letters);—payāmi mawaddatikhtitam, Salutations sealed with affection, friendly compliments.

پيام آور payām-āwar, An envoy; a prophet.

پيامبر payām-bar, An apostle; a messenger.

piyāmūzish, a corrupted form for

piyāzi mūsh, q.v. under ييار.

پياسيځ pay-amegh, Muscular, sinewy flesh ; the fleshy part or brawn of meat; a piece of flesh or fish without bone; name of a

ييانو piyāno, Piano;—piyāno zadan, To play the piano (mm.cc. from Fr. or E.).

پی اندر پی pay-andar-pai, = پیابی q.v.
piyawurdan, To be contracted, to shrink, to shrivel.

낦

pay-āhū, A house of hexagonal form; an upper room having an ascent by a spiral staircase.

اين pai-bā, Holland (m.c. from Fr. Pays-

Bas).

پي بردن pai-burdan, Situation; position;

value (un.c.).

pibas, Dry mouldy bread, spoiled by the mice; a tumour; a louse; a kind of butter, or fat of mutton, the eating of which is said to be good for disorders in

pai-band, A fetter, a tether.

H پوپل pipal, The holy fig-tree.

н المنظمة pipalā-mūl, Long-pepper root. paitam (in Zand and Pazand), News.

pītrasb, pītarasb, Zardusht's پهترسب grandfather.

pītak, A moth fretting a garment; vain, useless, futile (not supported by examples).

ييتكانى pītkānī, An engine (for throwing

stones); a lever.

н پیتل pītal, Brass.

پيةه pīta, A wick; a lint-stock.

pītīshahīm, The third period, lasting seventy-five days, during which the earth was created.

pech, Twisted, folded, rolled up, curled, intertwined, coiled, crooked, complicated, intricate; curvature, bending; a curl, ringlet, fold, plait, wreath, twist, roll; a worm which infests the bottoms of ships; a screw; a vortex; a coat-button; difficulty, perplexity; deceit; envy;—pech ba-pech, Much contorted or involved; curled, intertwined; - pech khwurdan, To be tortuous (m.c.);—pech dar pech, Roll within roll; intricate;—pech dādan, To twist, &c. (= 60.00, q.v.);—pech zadan, To screw; -ba-hazār pech u tāb, With a thousand folds and writhings; -rishta'i pur pech u tab, A thread full of twists and

pechā, All-surrounding and all-pervading.

يموايي pech-ā-pech, Involved, intricate, distorted, crooked, rolled in a circle; crisped, curled; in zig-zag.

يبهاق ت pīchāq, A knife.

pechāki shikam, A twisting of

the guts, gripes.

pechān, Complicated, twisted; — pechān shudan, To torture or worry one-

بيداندن pechāndan, پيداندن pechānīdan, To cause to twist, &c.; to twist, involve; to work (an apparatus) by winding (m.c.).

pechā'i nāf, Contortion of the navel, a violent, excruciating pain, incident to women in labour.

ييدپا pech-pā (crooked foot), A crab. pech-pech, The rack.

pech pechān, Inclining, leaning بانتها المنابعة from side to side.

بين pech-tāb, A knot; high words, angry discourse; silence through anger; restlessness, suspense, perplexity.

ين pech-khwurda, In zig-zag (m.c.).

pech-dar, Twisted, coiled.

pechish, Contortion, inflection, curve; the curling of the hair; gripes; circumvention; disobedience, rebellion;pechishi rūda, A twisting of the guts.

ييچش زدة pechish-zada, Griped.

بيجك pechak, A ball of thread or silk; the bobbin on which thread is wound; a fillet for confining a lady's head-dress; a ship-worm; ivy; a bone ring without a

بنج کش pech-kash, A turn-screw. پنج کوك pech-kūk, Handle of an organ (m.c.).

pech-māl, A twist, a distortion.

pechand, A fillet for the hair ; ivy. pechwān, Twisted, coiled.

pecha, An auger, wimble, piercer; a pent or projection over a door; a creeping plant, ivy; a lock of curling hair; an ornament set with jewels worn on the head of a bride; a fillet for the hair; a wall (between two other walls it does not touch) upon which the roof rests in a peculiar manner, conducing to warmth; a wink, nod,

pechich, Torture, torment, pain (probably misreading for پیچینی q.v.).

pechīdagī, A twisting, twist, distortion.

پيچيدگي ربان پيچيدگي بان pechidagī-zabān, Afflicted

with an impediment of speech.

pechīdan, To twist, distort, bend, involve, wreathe, or coil as a serpent, wind in a sepentine form, surround, envelop, involve; to twist a bit of camel's nerve or bow-string round the end of an arrow; to screw, wreathe, make intricate; to assemble, meet; to disobey, rebel; to wound; to divulge; to be confused in speech; to assist, aid; — paichīdan, To be involved; to divide in parts; to wound; associate or keep company with (doubtful word, or rather form of the preceding).

pechida, Twisted; a bracelet, particularly one quadrangularly plaited; ivy;

perverse.

بيچيدة دست pechīda-dast, Whose hand or arm is contorted; weak, powerless.

pīchīla, A tree which bears fruit بيهيله late in the season.

پيخ pikh, Gum adhering to the eyelashes; ear-wax.

يخال pīkhāl, The dung of birds; excrement of any kind;— $p\bar{\imath}\underline{k}h\bar{a}l$ and $\bar{a}\underline{k}htan$. To mute (said of birds, beasts, or flies).

 $pi\underline{kh}ar{a}l-ar{a}lar{u}dagar{\imath}$, Defilement with dung.

پيخال آلودة pīkhāl-ālūda, Defiled with dung.

pekhtan, To twist.

paikhas, Suspicion, guess; discovery.

pai-khast, pai-khust, Undermined; trampled and softened under the foot; imprisoned; sick, infirm, weak; fetid, stinking; a discovery.

pai-khasta, Trampled under foot; impotent, helpless; suspicion, fancy, doubt; fetid; stuffed; a man or beast confined in a narrow place whence they cannot escape; an undermined wall.

pai-khosta, What sticks to the

feet; weak, infirm, powerless.

يخين pīkhīdan, To divide in parts; to rise (doubtful word).

پيد $p\bar{n}d$, Scattered; singed; spoiled, useless; grease in the axle-tree of a wheel.

rent; exhibited; public; born, produced; discovered, invented; publication, exhibition, production; invention; discovery; openly, publicly, clearly, evidently, manifestly;—paidā shudan, To be evident; to become public; to come forward (as a boil or other sore); to labour under any disorder; to originate (as a malady); to rise or appear (as the sun);—paidā kardan, To invent, discover, declare, make public; to find (m.c.); to engender; to afford.

paidād, Open, public, manifest. بيداهر paidāsh, Creation, production. paidāwār, Produce; profits.

paidāwasī, paidāwisī, A coin of the value of five dinārs, that passed current in Persia during the reigns of the Kayānians.

پيدايش paidāyish, Production, birth; crea-

tion; genesis; earnings, profit.

پيدائي paidā'ī, Manifestation, appearance.

يى در يى pai dar pai, Step by step, one after another; repetition.

pedrū, The apostle Peter.

pir, An old man; a founder or chief of any religious body or sect; Monday; an old woman; [pīri barnā-tan (the old man with the youthful body), pīri barnā-wash (the old man who resembles a youth), The world; the sky (see پررناوش, which is evidently a contraction of the last, and should be read pirbarnāwash); — pīri ta'līm, A spiritual guide; learned in holy writ; piri chihl sāla, Maturity of intellect; an angel; Adam; a turquoise stone; — pīri khudā, Name of Othman; — pīri khasīs, The planet Saturn; the Devil; -piri darwishān, The superior of the Order of Darwishes;pīri dū-tā, The vault of heaven; -pīri dūmoy, The world (as subject to the interchange of day and night); -pīri dihkān, Old wine; - pīri zāl, An old decrepit

man; the father of Rustam; a title of honour (similar to Senior, Seigneur, Senor, or Senhor, among the French, Italians, and Spaniards);—pīri sāl-khwurda, Old wine; —pīri sarāndīb, The old man of Ceylon, i.e. Adam; -piri shashum charkh, The planet Jupiter; -pīri san'ā (san'ān), Name of a holy man; -pīri tarīqat, A spiritual guide; — pīri fartūt, A detirious old man; — pīri falak, The planet Saturn; — pīri kushta'i ghaughā, The old man killed in the fray, i.e. Othman; pīri kalla-paz, A cook of heads and feet of cattle;— $p\bar{\imath}ri\ kan'\bar{a}n$, The patriarch Jacob; — pīri mughān, A chief priest of the Magi or worshippers of fire; a prior of a Christian monastery; a keeper of a taveru or house of promiscuous entertainment; pīri hasht khuld, Rizwan, porter of Paradise; -pīri haft falak, Saturn; Jupiter;pīri haftum charkh, The planet Saturn ;pīr u jawān, Old and young;]-piyar, A father.

yet perā, One who decorates, polishes, writes, or executes with elegance and accuracy; a pruner; one who shaves, clips, trims, or plucks up superflous hairs.

بحرار pīrār, The year before last; the day

before yesterday.

يوار حال pērār-sāl, The year before last. يوارستن perāstan, To adorn, decorate, ornament, embellish (especially by cutting, clipping, or taking away); to prune, clip, trim; to diminish; to tan.

پيراسته perāsta, Adorned; trimmed, clipped, polled; tanned; arranged, adjusted; a village abounding in palm-trees; a pleasure-ground outside a town.

پيراسيدن pīrāsīdan, To rub, to grind.

پير ألشائي pīr-afshānī, The acting in a youthful manner in old age; a green old age.

پيراكىد pīrāgand, Scattered, dispersed.

پيراکندن prāgandan, To disperse, scatter. پيراسي perāman, پيراسي perāmān, Environs, adjacent places; a circuit; a border, margin, skirt, lappet, flap; about, around; — perāmani sarāy, The environs of the house, whatever surrounds it.

olysi pārān (pl. of pēr), Old men; land granted for the erection or preservation of a tomb over a Muhammadan saint; name of one of Afrāsyāb's generals.

پيران سال pīrān-sāl, بيران سال pīrān-sar, ويران سال pīrān-sarā, Old age.

پيرانې pīrāna, Elderly, like an old man, or saint; saintly; growing old; a hunter.

پيرانه سر pīrāna-sar, Old age.

ييراليدن perānīdan (caus. of perāstan), To cause to adorn.

perāh, A leather-dresser, currier.

پيراهان $p\bar{i}r\bar{a}h\bar{a}n$, پيراهان q.v.

يمراهش perāhish, Decoration; tanning. يمراهس pīrāhan, perāhan, A loose vest,

shirt, shift; -pīrāhan ābī kardan, To dress in mourning (i.e. blue); -pîrāhani sīmabī, A white vest or shirt ; pīrāhan qabā kardan, To tear a shirt;—pīrāhani kāghizī, A petition for justice; (met.) the brightness of dawn; the rays of the sun.

پيراهيدن perāhīdan, To tan, dress leather. peray, Adorning; pruning; shaving چرای

the head; tanning.

پيرايش perāyish, Ornament, decoration; tanning; preparation.

بحرايكي perāyagī, Female ornament.

perayanda, One who clips, prunes, trims, or adorns; a gardener; a barber; a

يمرايد perāya, Ornament, decoration; embellishment, beauty; a cradle; a vessel; a plate (of gold and silver).

بيرايه بند pīrāya-band, پوش pīrāyaposh, Decking oneself out with ornaments.

پيرايه سنع pīraya-sanj, Who weighs or examines precious things.

پيراييدن perāyidan, To adorn.

a پير بنيه pīr-bunya, A young man gray. پير پنبه pīr-pamba, A hairy old man.

يمر مرد بي pir-khirad, Wisdom; a wise man. بير وال pir-zāl, An old man of authority; an aged prince; the father of Rustam (the Persian Hercules).

جرزر pîr-zar, An old man; surname of Zal, the father of Rustam.

ايمرزي pīr-zan, An old woman;—pīr-zani char<u>kh</u>, Heaven.

payarza, A thing tied up in a bundle. يرزي piruzi, Victory, triumph; — pirzī, Mean goods, inferior merchandise, frippery. پير سار pīr-sar, Grey with old age.

pīr-kār, Acting like an old man,

experienced.

پور کہن pīr-kuhan, A very old man. پير ماستبا pīr-māstbā, A bucking horse.

pīrzī-farosh, A dealer in mean goods, a fripper.

بير سال pīr-sāl, An old man ; aged.

پرسرد pīr-mard, An old man.

پيرسن pīraman, A circuit; about.

پيرنداغ pīrandākh, Goat's leather, morocco. پي ر pai-rav, A follower.

پى روان pay-rawān, Followers.

بيروع perūj, A turkey.

piroz, Victorious; prosperous, favoured by fortune and opportunity; a champion of Iran.

בתנו עלים pīroz-rām, Name of a city in India. pīrōz-rāy, Of victorious (true) پيروز راى indgment.

pirōz-gar, Victorious.

پيروز کشت pīroz-gasht, Of victorious revolution (sky).

pīroza, A turquoise, a kind of blue gem.

طشت , pīroza-chādir چرځ چرځ پيروزه چادر tasht, and maghz, onighfar), The sky.

pīrozī, Victory, triumph; happiness.

يروى pai-rawī, A following, pursuit; search; dependence, consequence :-- pairawi kardan, To follow.

by pira, Aged, bald; a successor; virgin

honev.

پيرة بازار pīra-bāzār, Pirabazar, name of a place in the neighbourhood of Rasht.

يهرة زن pīra-zan, An old woman. يمرهن pīrahan, A shirt, shift, tunic.

pīrahancha, A short shirt. پيرهند pīrhand, A shirt, shift, tunic.

پيرې pīrī, Old age, decrepitude.

پيرين pīrīn, Fetid water.

يى زدة pai-zada, Wounded, hamstrung. بيزر pizar, A pedlar; name of a disease.

يى زن pai-zan, One who hamstrings. پى زنى pai-zanī, Hamstringing.

ట్పెట్ల pezhan, = ట్ప్లిట్ల q.♥.

يس pes, Leprosy; a dwarf palm-tree, of the twigs or fibres of which they make ropes; white; vile, ignoble.

پيس اندام pes-andam, Leprous.

بى سيار pai-sipār, بى سيار pai-sipur, Tram-pled upon; a traveller.

پې سپردي pay sipurdan, To trample.

pest, Leprous.

pīstān, The past, those goue. پى سفيد pai-safed, Unpropitious, inauspi-

cious.

پيسكى pīskī, Youth.

پيسكى pesagī, An intermixture of colours, piebaldness; leprosy.

پيسودى pesūdan, To incline; to desire. پيسوز pī-sos (for پيسوز q.v.), A lamp, &c. paisa, A small weight, twenty-four to a pound, used only for weighing copper money; a copper coin; money; - pesa, Piebald, dappled, variegated; a crow, a pie.

پيسى pesī, The leprosy.

پيش pesh, Before; in front; forward; past; future; further, beyond; preamble, premises; an example, model, exemplar. coryphæus, chief, superior, commander, leader; (in gram.) the vowel-point _u; a palm-branch; a dwarf palm-tree; intelligent, wise ;--peshi ātish u pas daryā, The world; fortune; -pesh az an, Before that;pesh az anki, Before that which, previous to which, sooner than ;-pesh az in, Henceforth, hereafter; before this, heretofore, sometime; -pesh uftādan, To advance (m.c.);—pesh āmadan, To come before, meet, oppose, obstruct; to occur, happen; -pesh āwardan, To bring, produce before; -peshi o range na-darad, He cannot cope with him; - pesh burdan, To produce (m.c.); to carry (a measure, m.c.);—pesh (az pesh) bīrūn shudan, To succeed, to prosper; to befall;—peshi pāy, The toe; -pesh-pā shudan, To be in advance; to go forward, proceed; --peshi pa'i kase bar-khāstan, To rise in one's honour; -pesh kharīdan, To buy beforehand, to buy or pay in advance (m.c.); -peshi khwud bar pa, Self-willed, obstinate, headstrong;

-pesh raftan, To go before, advance, precede; pesh shudan, To be superior, to excel; pesh shumurdan, To count beforehand; to anticipate;—pesh faristādan, To send to to-wards, before;— peshi qāzī, Before the judge; - pesh kardan, To prefix, to preface; to shut (a door); — peshi kase band (giriftar) būdan, To fall in love with; to be befooled; -pesh kashīdan, To attract; -pesh giriftan, To learn, to teach; to precede or excel in doing or learning anything; to exhibit, stretch out; to propose anything to oneself; -pesh u pas (generally pas u pesh), Before and after; -az-pesh (ba-pesh, darpesh), Before; in front;—az pesh raftan, To go ahead, to advance;—dar pesh dāshtan, To undertake, to prepare ;-dar peshi sukhuni kase uftadan, To interrupt a speaker; -dar pesh shudan, To precede; -dar pesh kardan, To place at the head.

پيشاب pesh-āb, Urine.

پيشاپيش pesh-ā-pesh, Equal, parallel; equally; before; in front of, before (m.c.); Equal, parallel; —pesh-ā-pesh giriftan, To take the lead.

ييشا دست peshā-dast, Ready money, cash paid down; wages paid in advance.

pesh-ār (brought before), Urine (of a sick person shown to a physician).

پيشاران pesh-ārān, Doctor's prescriptions. پيشارة peshāra, A cake made of flour, honey, and oil or butter.

ييش انتاد pesh-uftad, The forlorn hope; an accident, a stroke of fortune, an occur-

pesh-imām, A high-priest.

pesh-āmad, Advance, coming into پيش آمد the presence; elevation, advancement; access, admittance; occurrence.

peshān, The utmost extremity in front, the farthest of all; the best side of cloth, the best end which is shown to a buyer; (pl. of pesh) those before.

پيش أنداز pesh-andāz, A necklace; a nap-

پیش اندیشی pesh-andeshī, Forethought.

پيشاني peshānī, Front, forehead, brow; ringlets hanging over the forehead; sauciness; strength; hardness; opposite, over against, even; fortune; -- peshānī kardan, To be forward or saucy.

ييشاني بند peshānī-band, Fillet for the hair.

پیشانی دار peshānī-dār, Expert; successful, prosperous.

پیشانی کشاده peshānī-gushāda, Candid.

pesh-āwang, The leader of the پيش آونگ

flock; an ensign.

pesh-āhang, A general, a colonel پیشاهنگ (as being the chief of an army or a regiment); the leader of the flock or a caravan; the vanguard; forlorn hope.

پیشایگی peshāyagī, Forwards.

ييش آيندة pesh-āyanda,Opposer, obstructer.

يس ايوان pesh-īwān, The courtyard of a house.

پيش باز pesh-bāz, Meeting, a going out to meet a person of distinction; a kind of garment open in front ;—pesh-bāz āmadan, To run to and fro.

پيش بند pesh-band, The belt that passes over a horse's breast to prevent the saddle from slipping back, breast-harness.

بيش بندى, pesh-bandī, Premises ; foresight. بيش بين pesh-bīn, Forseeing; wise, prudent.

پيش بينى pesh-bīnī, Foresight; anticipation.

pesh-pā, A carpet placed in the vestibule, or in the place of honour; also—

پیش پا انتاده pesh-pā uftāda, Very near and dear, very intimate.

pesh-par, Sweetmeats presented to پيشهار a guest; a woman bringing forth an abortion; a midwife.

پيشپاره , peshpārcha پيشپاره peshpāra, A cake made of flour, honey, and oil or butter.

باست باکی برست پاکی pesh-pā'ī, Precedency. پيش پير pesh-perā, Who adorns in front; a decorator (applied by Nizāmī to Fir-

dausi). pesh pesh raftagī, Precedence.

پیشتختهٔ *pesh-ta<u>kh</u>ta*, A portfolio ; a desk. پيشتر peshtar, Prior, more forward; forward.

پيشترين peshtarīn, Foremost.

pesh-jang, Who fights in front پیش جنگ of others, in the foremost rank.

a پیش حرف pesh-harf, One whose speech prevails.

يشخاند pesh-khāna, A portico; a gallery or projecting balcony; tents of state sent in advance when travelling; camp-equipage.

a پيش خدمىت pesh-khidmat, Attendant, officer of the royal household (m.c.).

a پیش خدمت باهی pesh-<u>kh</u>idmat-bāshī, The first lord-in-waiting (m.c.).

پيش خريد pesh-kharid, Paid for in advance. pesh-khwān, Who announces بيش عوان the name and rank of the new-comers in an assembly.

pesh-khwurd, پیشخورد pesh-khwurd, An early breakfast; parched corn or grain of different kinds, toasted, and rubbed between the hands; corn or fruit sold before it is ripe; money paid down in advauce; a foretaste.

پيش عير pesh-khez, A servant.

a پیش عیمه pesh-khaima, A tent or baggage sent on before; a public audience-tent; a sort of dagger.

pesh-dad, A law-giver; the first to redress the wrongs of the oppressed; earnest-money; Hoshang, the first of the line of Peshdadian kings.

پيشداديان peshdadiyan, The Peshdadians, or first dynasty of the kings of Persia.

pesh-dar, A javelin for killing پيش دار hogs.

پيش دامن pesh-dāman, An apron; a servant.

pesh-dar, A frontispiece.

pesh-dast, Surpassing, excelling ; outstripping; an assistant; right of pre-cedency, chief seat; earnest-money, money paid in advance.

پيش دستي pesh-dastī, An outstripping, surpassing; pre-eminence, precedency, preexcellence; -pesh-dasti kard, He performed it soon, he quickly accomplished it, he made great haste; he made an aggression; -pesh-dastī nimūdan, To excel, surpass.

پيشدل pesh-dil, Deliberation.

pai-shudan, To incline to, to lean towards.

پيش ديد pesh-dīd, In view.

a پيش دين pesh-dīn, A spiritual guide.

پيش رس pesh-ras, First-fruits; provident. ييش رفت pesh-raft, Impressive, forcible.

بيش رانكى, pesh-raftagi, A going before, a leading of the van.

pesh-rafta, Gone before, bygone. pesh-rav, pesh-rau, A general, chief, leader; a guide, forerunner, escort; the advanced guard, van, forlorn hope; having the precedence (m.c.); preface, preamble, exordium; outstripping all others (horse); prelude or symphony in music; -peshrawi lashkari şahrā, The wild ass.

بيش هاخ pesh-shākh, A female garment. a پيشطاق pesh-taq, Portico, hall, anteroom.

a پيش عهد pesh-'ahd, A previous age.

a پیش قبض pesh-qabz, پیش قبض pesh-qabza, A dagger worn in front.

a پیش قدمی pesh-qadamī, Alacrity, activity.

a بيش تطار pesh-qitar, A camel first in the string and fleet.

peshak, A little before.

پيشكار pesh-kār, An assistant, helper; a domestic, a serving-man, a hired labourer; a steward; a disciple; a subordinate officer whose business it is to write the accounts.

پوشکاره pesh-kāra, A midwife; a matron; a lady superior; tapestry or carpets with which they decorate the best apartments or principal seats; a serving-man, a hired

پيشكارى pesh-kārī, Deputyship.

پيشكش pesh-kash, What is first drawn; first-fruits; a magnificent present, such as is only presented to princes, great men, superiors, or sometimes to equals (particularly on receiving a great appointment); tribute, quit-rent; — pesh-kashi tū, I make you a present of it; I dispense you of; I exempt you from, excuse you (mm.cc.);—
pesh-kash kardan, To make a present (to a superior, m.c.); -peshkash-nawis, A registrar of presents.

pesh-koha, The front of the eye-

brow; the bow or pommel of the saddle.

**pesh-gah*, The front; frontispiece; vestibule; portico; area, court; the principal seat for the most noble of the company; a kind of high altar in a mosque; the breast, the chest; tapestry; a carpet; a king, a lord of a throne; -- pesh-gahi nushur, The resurrection; dar pesh-gāhi sipāh, In the front of the army.

peshgar, An artificer; a help, servant. pesh-go (gū, کوی goy, gūy), One who presents petitions; one who introduces at court, an usher, chamberlain, master of the ceremonies.

پیشگاه pesh-gah, The front, &c. (see پیشگه).

پیشگہی peshqahi, Breakfast.

peshagī, Service ;—peshgī, Advance پيشگى of money.

پیشگیر pesh-qir, Choosing; a towel, napkin.

بيشمان peshmān (for peshīmān), Penitent. pesh-muzd, Handsel, the first money which a merchant receives in a morning; workmen's wages; good luck.

a پيش ممرع pesh-misra, The first hemistich of a poem, the rhyme of which runs

through the whole composition.

pīshan, پیشند pīshand, The fibrous substance of palm-tree, from which ropes

پي هياس pai-shinās, Clever at tracking. پیش نشین pesh-nishīn, A midwife; a friend; a wine-seller.

پيش نماز pesh-namáz, A leader at prayer; a chaplain.

ييش نمازي pesh-namāzī, The high-priesthood.

پیشنهاد pesh-nihād, What is placed before ; custom, mode, manner, use; rule, regulation; intention, design; —pesh-nihādi khātir sākhtan, To resolve upon; to undertake;pesh-nihād kardan, To habituate oneself, to follow any regulation, or propose to oneself a model for imitation.

پيش pai-shav, A follower.

peshwā, Exemplar, model, guide, leader; the head of a party; the chief of a religious sect, general of an army; the first executive officer among the Marhattas; a sort of woman's garment; -peshwā raftan, To go to meet (out of respect); -peshwā kardan, To be a model, or a chief; -peshwā'i firistādagān, The leader of the sent ones, Muhammad; — peshwā'i muḥāfizāni hişār, The commandant of a fort.

peshwär, A garment open in front. بيشواز peshwāz, Going out to meet a person of distinction; a full-dress gown, reaching a little below the knee.

پيشوائي peshwā'ī, High-priestship ; leadership.

پیش و پس رفتگی pesh-u-pas-raftagi, A going to and fro, fore and aft.

pesh-war, Virtuous, excellent, eminent.

پیشه pesha, Art, skill; work, business, craft, trade, calling, profession; custom, habit; a shepherd's pipe; [pesha'i ātish, Diabolical deeds;—pesha budan, To deceive, to flatter, to fawn upon;—pesha kardan, To choose, elect, prefer; -jihādpesha, Inured to war, hardy veterans; sadāqat-pesha, Sincere, professing veracity; -ma'rifat-pesha, Behaving proudly; --hampesha, Of the same trade, profession, or rank;]-pīsha, A rope made from the fibres of the palm-tree.

بيشمَّ هاكرد pesha-shāgird, Servants.

peshagar, پیشمگر peshagar, An artisan.

پيشة كاة pesha-gāh, Workshop, laboratory. پيشه مرغ pesha-murgh, A carrion bird.

pesha-war, بيشه ور pesha-war, An

peshī, The chief seat, precedency, superior rank; money paid in advance; peshī giristan, To take the lead, precede, surpass.

پیشیاب pesh-yāb, Foresightful, provident. pesh-yār, A glass urinal in which the physicians examine the water of their patients; urine; a servant, serving-man, hired labourer; a disciple; earnest-money.

pesh-yāra, A tray whereon sweetmeats and flowers are brought into a room.

peshin, Anterior, ancient, antique, prior, former; anticipated, per advance; morning, forenoon; mid-day prayer;—peshin kardan, To anticipate, pre-occupy, give per advance; - peshin guftan, To predict, prognosticate; —bar āyīni peshīn, According to ancient custom; -bar wajhi peshin, By anticipation, in advance, paid down.

peshīn-gah, پیشین peshīn-gah, پیشین peshīn-gah, peshīn-gahān, The time of بيشين كهان

mid-day prayer.

پيشينه peshina, Prior, antecedent; a pre-

decessor; money paid in advance.

peshiniyan, پیشینیان peshinagan, پیشینهگان Forefathers, predecessors; the ancients.

پيغارة paighāra, Slander; railing, abuse.

ييماله paighāla, A goblet of wine.

بيمام paighām, A message; fame, rumour; report; news, advice; an embassy, mission; -paighāmi zabānī, An oral message;-paighāmi kāghazī, A written message;-'arzi paighām kardan, To deliver credentials, to explain the cause of an embassy.

پيغاماپيغاسي paighām-ā-paighāmī, Mutual messages, mediation, correspondence.

paighām-bar, A messenger; a prophet, apostle; an ambassador, envoy, legate. paighām-barī, Prophetical office. پيغامبري

paighām-guzār, A messenger. پيغام كذار paighām-guzārī, The delivery يبغام كذارى of a message; the office of messenger. يمان peghān, Promise, agreement; vain.

پيغلوش pighlosh, The root of a flower; a sort of lily; an ant's nest; the mouth; the

paigham, A message; report.

ييغله paighula, see ييغله paighūla.

paigham-bar, A prophet.

paigham-barī, The prophetical پيغمبري office, prophecy.

يعفن paighan, Rue.

paighū, The country of Pegu; name of its kings; — pīghu, A species of falcon; a bird's beak.

paighūr, pīghūr, A vessel small and glazed with a narrow neck; a small mouth

پيغوله paighūla, A corner, angle; a narrow street, bye-path; -paighūla'i dahan, The corner of the mouth.

يعاون paighūn, A condition, covenant. paighawi, Of or belonging to Paighu; the Turkish language; Turkish writing.

يفه pīgha, منه pīfa, Rotten wood, touch-

wood

paik, A running footman; a carrier, messenger; a guard; a watchman; a footman, lacquey; the point of an arrow used to strike fire; [paiki ajal, The angel of death, fate; —paiki ummīd, The moon; — paiki rāygān, The moon; a merchant; a traveller; the zephyr;—paiki falak, The moon;]--payak, A parasite.

paikān, Point of a spear or arrow; an arrow, javelin, spear, dart;—paikāni khāra guzār, A marble-piercing spear; paikāni kamān, The sun; the stars; -paikāni migrāza, A double-headed arrow or

paikān-fishān. A thrower of پیکان فشان arrows or spears; a bow-man.

بيكان كش paikān-kash, An instrument for extracting arrows.

ييكان كر paikān-gar, A maker of arrows. paikāna-sum, With hoofs (hard بيكانه سم and sharp) like arrows; pointed like a spear; the claw or talon of a bird.

پيکانی paikānī, A kind of ruby; a turquoise (so called from its resemblance to a spear-head); sal-ammoniac.

paikar, Face, countenance; form, figure, mould, model; portrait, likeness; an idol-temple; - paikari malakūt, The heavenly intelligence;—paikarāni dirakhsh, The stars; disembodied spirits; -paikarāni $m\bar{a}n\bar{a}$, An intermediate world, the world of spirits; -pari-paikar, Fairy-faced, lovely; -zabarjadī paikar, Azure, of a cerulean appearance; — māh-paikar, Moon-faced, beautiful as the moon.

paikar-ārā, Adorning the face. پیکر پرست paikar-parast, An idolater. پيکرستان paikaristān, The land of fairies. paikar-gār, A painter, limner.

paikar-gav, A drinking-vessel in the form of an ox.

بيكر كدة paikar-kada, An idol-temple.

یی کن pai-kan, A hamstringer. پی کن pikand, The city of Samarkand. پیکندن paikandan, To join; to collect; to draw out ;—pai kandan, To hamstring.

پيكور paı-kūr, Trackless; blind. بيك paig, A newsman, messenger.

بيكار paigār, Battle, combat, war; wish, design, aim; -paigar kardan, To fight.

بيكار پرستان paigār-parastān, Warriors. يكار برستان paigār-jūy, Eager for combat. بيكارسان paigarisan, used poetically for paigāristān, A place or city of combats.

ايكاه paigāh, Morning, early dawn (see

pegū, The country and king of Pegu

(پيغو 800).

pai-gur, The foot or tail of an ass. ييل pīl, An elephant; the heel; a purse. a small bag; a knot; a glandular swelling; -pili ab-kash (a water-carrying elephant), A cloud; -pīl afgandan, To overcome; pili safed, A white elephant, met. used as an honorific title; -pīli mahmūd, Name of the elephant on which the Abyssinian king Abrahah was riding on his expedition against Mecca; -pīli maḥmūdī, One of the elephants brought by Sultan Mahmud Ghaznawi from Hindustan, especially one given by him to the poet 'Unsuri loaded with gold; - pili mu'allaq dar hama (an elephant suspended in the air), A cloud; -pīli hawā'ī (airy elephant), A cloud.

pīl-ārām, Name of a certain fortress. پيل انگن pīl-afgan, Elephant-overthrow-

بيل أمرود pīl amrūd, A species of pear. pīlāv, Boiled rice and meat. پيل اار pīl-bār, An elephant-load.

پيل باران pil-bārān, A heavy rain. پيل بال پيل بال pīl-bālā, Of an elephantine stature; lofty; bulky; a heap of unthreshed

pīlbān, Elephant-driver or keeper. پيلباني pīlbānī, Charge, care of elephants. بيل بند pīl-band, A move in chess, by which a castle and two pawns support each other.

ييليا pīl-pā (elephant-foot), Elephantiasis ; a large cup handed round after dinner; a weapon used by the Moors; a beam.

پيلپايه pīl-pāya, A pillar, a prop.

بيل پيكر pīl-paikar, Resembling an ele-

phant, of elephantine bulk.

بيلتن pil-tan (elephant-bodied), Large, bulky; a horse; Rustam (the Persian Hercules).

pilta-pech, (in the language of clowns) Anything twisted like a wick.

על נענוט pīl-dandān, Tusk of an elephant; ivory; having the tusks of an elephant; occasionally it seems to be used as a proper name.

پيل زور pīl-zor, Strong as an elephant. بيل زهرة pīl-zahra, Powerful as an elephant.

پيلس pīlas, Ivory (see the following).

بياسته pīlasta, Ivory ; cheek ; face ; arm ; the finger; goat's leather perfuned, mo-

pīlsam, Name of Pīrān's brother killed by Rustam;— $p\bar{\imath}l$ -sum, Massive silver; a dark night.

pīlahosh, Flowers of different پيلغوش colours, with jagged leaves; particularly the iris, or elephant's ears; a large shovel for removing ashes or rubbish.

pīlqan, Fat (animal); thick.

ييلك pīlak, A hoe or small spade; a kind of arrow (see style belak).

پيلکش pīl-kash, A kind of weapon.

pīl-gosh, Variegated iris ; dragonwort.

pīl-goshak, Sorrel.

پيل مال pīl-māl, Trampling under foot. پيل مرغ pīl-murgh (elephant-bird), A turkey.

pilū, A wood with which the teeth are rubbed; also the fruit called in Arabic

يلوا pīlawā, An apothecary, a druggist. pīl-wār, An elephant-load, much; like an elephant.

پيلواية pīlwāya, A swallow.

بياور pelawar, A druggist; a pedlar (see . (پيلهور

pelawan, A fine and costly silk. pela, Merchandise of an inferior kind, or small wares, hawked by pediars; a silkworm; the silkworm's cocoon; a purse; a certain medicinal plant; a button, knot; a blotch rising in the midst of a bubo or boil; pus of a sore; an open champaign lying between two rivers; the eye-lid; the hairs of the eye-lid; the eye; the head of an arrow; —pela-bīnī, pela'i bīnī, The nostrils; -pela'i dandan, A gum-boil; -pela'i falak, The expanse of the firmament.

relawar, A huckster, a petty dealer. payam, A message; rumour, fame. paimā (imp. of paimūdan), Measure

thou, &c.; (in comp.) measuring; a mea-

surer, weigher.

, paimān پيمان Measuring; promise, agreement, compact, convention, treaty, stipulation, pledge, security, confirmation; asseveration, oath, kindred; -- paimān bastan, To form an alliance, to make peace; paiman shikastan, To break a contract or promise;—'ahd u paimān, Capitulations, alliances, treaties; peace.

يمان ده paimān-dīh, Who gives a pledge. paimān-shikan, A breaker of

faith.

پيمان هکنی paimān-shikanī, Breach of faith.

paiman-farhang, Name of a certain work replete with prudential and political maxims, ascribed to Mah-abad, an early apostle sent to Persia.

پيمان کسل paimān-gusil, Who breaks his

word or covenant.

paimān-war, A covenanter; one

who keeps to his compact.

پيماند paimāna, A cup, goblet, bowl; a measure either for dry or wet goods; a bushel; - paimāna· āshāmīdan (khwurdan, zadan, kashīdan, noshīdan), To drink wine; --paimāna-ash pur (lab-rez) shud, His measure is full, his days are numbered.

بيمانه انتاب paimāna-āftāb, A cup bright

as the sun.

ييمانه كش paimāna-kash, Who empties a goblet.

paimāna-kashī, The emptying يبمانة كشي

پيمانة كاه paimāna-gāh, A cupboard.

paimāna-gusār, A quaffer of the

paimānah-nosh, A drinker.

يماي paimāy. Measuring; a measurer (in comp. used like Last paimā, q.v.).

پيمايش paimāyish, Mensure, measurement; survey, measuring of lands.

payam-bar, An apostle.

يعودن paimūdan(imp. paimā, paimāy), To measure; to pass over, traverse; measuring; -- bāda paimūdan, To quaff wine; -- rāh paimūdan, To travel; to direct.

paimūdah, Measured; dimensions; a draught of wine; a trifle; an iniquitous thing; anything estimated beyond its size or worth; -paimūda shudan, To be mea-

sured.

ييمانة $paimar{u}$ na, پيمانة q.v.

بيناسك pīnāsak, A window (see بيناسك). يياك paināk, Sinewy.

پينكى pinaki, and

pīnagī, Slumber;—pīnagī kardan, To slumber.

پینگی رسیده pīnagī-rasīda, Sleepy. نینگی وینگی پنگی ون pīnagī-zan, پینگی ونده pīnagīzananda, Slumbering.

pīnūk, New cheese, creamcheese; butter-milk; anything eaten with

pinūwā, إينووا pinūwā, Sour-milk pottage.

pīnū'in, A dish prepared with sour milk dried.

ہیں $p\bar{\imath}na$, A piece, clout, patch (of cloth); the skin of the hand or foot grown hard from labour; the arm; hair in the armpit; the match of a lamp, wick of a candle, a gunner's lint-stock, or anything of that kind;—pīna-zadan, To mend clothes.

pīna-doz, A patcher, botcher.

pat payau, A brick-bat; a moth; -payo, A kind of disease which breaks out in the limbs in the form of a thread, a disease

to which the natives of Lar are subject;puyū, A brick-bat; twin brother.

بوار pewar, Ten thousand (see بيوار).

پيواز pīwāz, A bat.

ېون paiwazha, A loose vest, a wrapper. pīwāsta, A fortress; a bastion; breastwork on the outside of fortified

يموس piyos, Hope, expectation.

پوساليدن piyosānīdan, To give hope.

paiwast, Conjunction, coherence; arrival, meeting, union; union with the Supreme Spirit; friendship; continual; continually; -paiwast kardan, To entwine, to interlace.

بيوستكان paiwastagān, Animals; vegetables; minerals.

paiwastagi, Continuity, conjunc-

tion; union, junction.

يوستون paiwastan, To join, fasten, tie, bind, connect, attach; to graft a tree; to be joined, attached, linked; -ba-jiwāri raḥmati ghafūr (ḥaqq) paiwastan, ba-raḥmati ezidī paiwastan, To be joined to divine mercy (i.e. to die);—ba-wuzūķ paiwastan, To become evident, to be demonstrated.

يوسته paiwasta, Joined; contiguous, adjacent, touching, sticking close; continually, without interruption, one following another perpetually; unable to speak for weeping; poetry; - paywasta'i ikhtitām būdan, To be brought to a conclusion;—paiwasta shudan, To be joined, connected; to arrive, to meet.

paiwasta- پيوسته بوو paywasta-abrū, پيوسته ابرو barū, One whose eye-brows meet.

paywastagari, Union, concord. پيوسته کړي payusidan, puyūsidan, To hope, to expect ;—puyusīdan, and-

پيوهيدن puyūshīdan, To humiliate oneself;

to be sad, to mourn.

يبوك piyūk, Guinea-worm (Filaria medinensis).

يوك payavg, payūg, A bride.

پيوگان payūgān, A bridegroom, a bride.

پيوكانى payūgānī, Nuptials.

paiwand, Bound, fastened; touching, reaching, tending towards, belonging to; a member; a joint; connection, conjunction (and in general whatever joins things together); kindred, relations, allies; -paiwandi ustukhwān, Articulation, joint of bones; - paiwandi angusht, A knuckle; paiwandi bekhi angushtan, The knuckle at the root of the fingers; -paiwandi pāy, The ankle (in a man), the pastern (in a horse);—paiwandi-dast, The wrist;—paiwandi sar-dast, The wrist (in a man), the pastern (in a horse);—puivandi kāf u nūn, The junction of and o, i.e. the word of kun, Be! the creative word, divine decree; -paiwand kardan, To join; to copulate; to graft; -paiwandi maryam, The Mahaleb cherry (Prunus mahaleb).

پونداليدي paiwandānīdan, To make unite. پيوند پذيراته پيوند پذيراته paiwand-pazīrufta, Set (broken bone); joined, mended, repaired.

يموند خوردة paiwand-khwurda, Joined. بموند عام paiwand-dar, Anything joined, connected.

אָבְנְע טֿוֹן paiwand-kār, A patcher, cobbler. אָבְנע טֿוֹן paiwand-kārī, Patching; graft. יְבְנע טֿוֹן paiwandagān (pl. of paiwanda), Animals (opp. to plants).

پوندگاه paiwand-gāh, The place of joining, a joint; — paiwand-gāhi musht, The

wrist.

يبندگرى paiwand-garī, Joining; making acompact; agreement.

يمولدي paiwandan, To join, tie, connect.

پيرندي paiwandī, Engrafted. پيرندي pīwa, A moth (see ييره beyo). پيري puyoy, Nuptials (see پيرې bayo).

Let pîh, Fat, grease, tallow; pith; pride, arrogance; [pīhi bālang, Orange or lemon pulp;—pīh chashmi o-rā girifta ast (chashmash pīh āwarda ast), He has lost his sight; —pīhi khūk, Bacon fat;—pīhi subh, The brightness of morning;—pīh kardan, To grow stout;—pīhi gauhar, The lustre of a gem, precious stone, or pearl;]—paya, A follower; accident (in opp. to substance).

پيېزىة pīh-zada, Name of a herb.

shape of a platter, three feet in height from the base, and about six inches diameter at the top, having in the middle a small tube with two holes, through which the wick is fed by the oil or grease, kept in a state of constant liquefaction by the flame; a travelling-case for a candle, which, by the inversion of the top, serves also the purpose of a candlestick.

په فارندي pīh-qāwandī, An oily extract from a certain nut, good for a cough.

بيكست pīh-kist, Name of a medicine

(Nux vomica?).

پيه الله pīhnāk, Fat, obese. پيه الكي pīhnākī, Fatness, obesity. به الكي paiham, Quickly, successively; thick. به paihū, A leech, bloodsucker. يناوي paihūdan, To singe. هاموري pīhwarda, A messenger.

(called $t\bar{a}'i$ qarashat or $t\bar{a}'i$ musannāti fauqānī, $t\bar{a}$ doubly dotted above), the fourth letter of the Arabic-Persian alphabet, interchangeable with \dot{a} \dot{s} , \dot{s} \dot{d} , \dot{s} \dot{z} , and \dot{b} \dot{t} , and denoting 400 in arithmetic; affixed to a noun, by means of an intervening fatha, it stands for \dot{z} tu. Thou (expressing the genitive or possessive case), and in the same

manner, joined to a verb, or sometimes to a preposition, it stands for 15 turā, Thee or to thee, for which see Grammar.

tā (S. tāwat, Pr. tā), To, unto, until, as far as, as long as, whilst, even to; to the end that, in such a manner that, in order that, so that; before, ere, as soon as; since; beware! behold! for shame! never;— $t\bar{a}$ $\bar{a}n$ jā, Thitherto, so far ;—tā īn jā, Hitherto, thus far ;—tā ba-aknūn, Until now ;—tā bahāl, Up to the present; to this day; before (m.c.);—tā ba-zīst, While life remains; tā ba-kujā, How far?—tā ba-kai, How long? how much? till what time? to what length then ?-tā jān (tā khūn, tā gatl, tā kushtan, tā murdan) ham-rāh būdan. To persecute one with deadly enmity; -tā chand bār, How often? how many times?—tā chunīn, Hitherto, thus far; -tā chih rasad, So much the more (m.c.); -tā hāl, Yet, hitherto; tā ki, Until, so that, so long;—tā kai, How long?—tā na bas (tā na bas dīr, tā na bas roz-gar, tā na bas muddat), Not for long, for a short time;—/ā ham, Yet, nevertheless;—tā hanūz, Yet, still, hitherto;—tā yak sā'ati dīgar, In an hour's time (m.c.); bad-ān tā chūn, So that (he might see) how; -ki tā chūn, How.

single sheet of paper; a unit [in this sense it follows numerals, to denote so many pieces, persons, parts, &c., as, bādurī dah tā-st, nuh tā-sh girīkhtan ast, yakī peshi chashm nayāmadan, Bravery consists of ten parts: nine parts of it are to run away, and one not to come in sight (m.c.);—har chahār tā'i mān, All four of us (m.c.)]; like, resembling; a half-load; the form or cut of a garment; (for tār) a warp; the string of a lute;—yak tā, Simple or single;—du tā, Double; two-fold;—sih tā, Triple; three-

fold.

اله tā', A milch cow.

witab, Heat, warmth, burning, inflaming, illuminating; light, splendour, lustre, radiance; a ray; strength, power, ability; a waving, bending, twisting, intertwining; a curling lock, waving ringlet; pain, torment; affliction, grief; anger, indignation, wrath; heated iron; the people of the world (unsupported by examples); (for $t\bar{a}$ ba) as far as; (in composition) shining, irradiating, kindling, burning; twisting, folding;— $t\bar{a}b$ $d\bar{a}dan$, To inflame; to polish; to sharpen, give an edge; to twist; to spin;— $t\bar{a}b$ $b\bar{a}z$ $d\bar{a}dan$, To untwist.

על tābā (for tābah), A frying-pan; a tile;

(in Zand and Pazand) gold.

تَابِ الْحُن tāb-afgan, Casting forth flames. تَابَالُو tābāq, The stick of a religious mendicant (see ناياي).

تاباك tābāk, The trunk of a tree.

હોમ tābān, Light, luminous, resplendent, radiant, dazzling, brilliant, shining, glitter-

ing; a gleam, flash; pith of a tree;—tābān būdan, To be luminous.

لانانى tābānī, Splendour, light.

ئاباندى tābāndān, تابانيدى tābànīdan, To cause to twist.

blink tāb-hhāna, A hot-house; a winter habitation; a warm bath; summer quarters; a house entirely glazed.

تابدادة tāb-dāda, Inflaming; inflamed;

twisted; spun.

לאָגּוֹל tāb-dār, Warm, hot, ardent, fervent, burning; shining, luminous, bright, brilliant; waving, curling; twisted.

تابدان tābdān, A stove in a bath; a forge; a chimney; a window; a skylight; a globe.

and tab-dih, Giving splendour; a rope-maker; a spinner.

السار tāb-sār, An elevated window (doubtful word).

تابستان tabistan, Summer; hot weather.

نابستانه دادي tabistāna dādan, To give wages for the summer.

tābistānī, Summer-like; estival; a summer or country house; the delightfulness of the summer;—tābistānī kardan, To summer, to pass the summer.

تابسة tābasa, A meadow abounding in pas-

ture and water.

تابش tābish, Splendour, brilliancy; heat; power, strength; grief, sorrow; contortion; a twisting; declivity; a span.

تابشان tābishān, A kind of coif, with a lappet hanging down (see زقالشان); (for tābi-eshān), Their warmth, their heat, &c.

A 7, h bi ta'abbata sharran (he carried destruction under his arm), Surname of the warrior-poet Thabit bin Jabir; (met.) a brave, fearless mau.

a تاب طاقت tāb tāqat, Power, ability.

الاج م tābi'ī, A follower, dependant; one who has seen any of the associates of Muhammad, who are called aṣṇāb.

تابعين tābi'īn, pl. of the preceding. تابعين tāb-karda, Heated, warmed.

الله على الماسية على الماسية

which they season meat.

לאלה tābnāk, Bright, shining, resplendent, radiant, glittering, brilliant, luminous, illuminating, fiery; passionate, choleric; mixed, intricate.

tābandagī, Lustre, luminousness.

A تابوت tābūt, كابوك tābūd, A coffin, bier; a wooden box; the ark of the covenant; a representation of Husain's tomb carried in procession during the Muharram feasts.

ئابۇڭ tābūgh, Public apology, confession. ئابۇڭ tābūk, A baleony or projection from

a building.

Au tāba, A frying-pan; a brick; a tile; —tāba'i zar, The sun; —tāba'i māhī, A fish, first boiled and afterwards fried in oil; —tāba'i nuql, A tray with dry fruit, as almonds, &c.

שוא אין tāba-biryan, Meat fried in a pan.

نابه ماهي tāba-māhī, = tāba'i māhī, q.v. under نابه).

ابى tābī, Splendour, brightness; light.

A who ta'bid (v.n. 2 of wh), Making eternal, giving an endless duration; perpetuation.

أوليدي tābīdan, To twist, spin; to shine; to be powerful, strong, or equal to any burden.

A con't ta'bīn (v.n. 2 of c/l), Reproaching, reviling to one's face; disparaging; following the steps of another; speaking in praise of the dead.

ناپاك tāpāk, Disquietnde, restlessness,

anger.

آلِال tāpāl, تايان tāpān, Trunk of a tree; cow-dung; a tall stature; a wing.

اپر $t\bar{a}p\bar{u}$, An earthen vessel for baking bread.

ناپه tapa, Cow dung.

تابير tapir, Tapir (m.c.).

to thee; an arrow with a blunted head used for practice.

a bu tātā, Impediment in the speech.

تاكان tātār, A Tartar; Tartary; a courier (m.c.);—tātāri bād-raftār. Tartars swift as the wind.

י זיטן און tātār-hūzār, A town in Thrace.

שטונט tātārī, Scythian. Tartaric; a kind of slashed doublet open at the sides, usually worn by the Tartars; fine musk; an agreeable friend (male or female).

تاتاريك lātārīk, A ring-dove.

تاتلى tātilī, A napkin, table-cloth, towel. تاتلى tātū, A certain insect bred in baths. تاترى tātūra, Fetters for horses; the thorn-

تاتورة tātūra, Fetters for horses; the thornapple (see داتوره).

تاتول tātūl, Wry-mouthed; fetid breath. تاتول tātūla, The thorn-apple.

تاترنك tataunak, Decrepit old man; union. ماتن العربية ta'atti (v.n. 5 of التي), Preparing for anything; being easily despatched (business); coming to ask a favour; being kind, friendly, accommodating.

تاتينا tātīnā, A species of kite.

the steps of; receiving an impression; impression; penetration.

Taking root; amassing wealth; digging a well.

A مناه ta'assum (v.n. 5 of اثم), Abstaining from, repenting of, sin; regarding oneself as a sinuer.

A مِنْ الْعَالَمُ ta'ṣīr (v.n. 2 of أَرُّر), Making an impression; leaving a mark; affecting, influencing; impression, effect; penetration; —tadbīri zūd-ta'ṣīr, Fersuasive council.

A تاميرات ta'sīrāt (pl. of the preceding), Impressions; the penetrating influences of of the stars.

ta'sil (v.n. 2 of اثل), Causing to take root; strengthening; being firm.

ta'sim (v.n. 2 of اثم ta'sim (v.n. 2 of تاعثيم

accusing, convicting of crime.

tāj (O.P. taka), A crown, diadem; a high-crowned cap; a crest, tuft, plume; the comb of a bird; -taju 'l-mulūk, Monk'shood (Aconitum napellus); -taji khuros (dīk), À cock's comb; the amaranth; the herb staves-acre; drop-wort; pipe-weed; tāji dandān, The crown of a tooth; -tāji sa'dān, The planet Saturn; -- tāji sham', The flame of a candle; -tāji firoza, The sky; the crown of Kay Khusrav; — tāji kayānī, A royal crown ;—tāji kai khusrav, The sun;— $t\bar{a}ji\ gard\bar{u}n$, The sun;— $t\bar{a}ji\ qul$, A wreath of flowers;—tāji mafkhirat, A crown of glory; taji muqawwa, A crown of card-board, a paper crown;—tāji hudhud, The crest of the pewit.

تَأْجَمُتُ tāj-ba<u>kĥ</u>sh, Distributing crowns; a maker of kings (applied to Rustam).

ילים זעיה tāj-barsam (?), A contrivance by which the good or bad quality of food is ascertained.

ئاجبور ئى tāj-posh, A cock's comb; the hoopoo or pewit.

تاع تاع تاع عامي tāj-tāsh, The possessor of a crown, a great lord.

aik zi tāj-khāna. The place where the crown is kept.

اع عوان tāj-khwāh, Who is eager for

crowns, a powerful king.

יל לבּגוֹי tāj-dār, Wearing a crown; a king, sovereign, crowned head; a keeper of the crown; a jewel-house.

تاجداري tāj-dārī, Royal; royal dignity.

اع من الله tāj-dih, The bestower of a crown,

of royal dignity.

A por tājir, A merchant; trader; clever, acute, expeditious, and adroit in business;—also ناجرة tājirat, (A she-camel) sought after and finding a ready sale in the market.

تاجران tājurān, An interpreter. ناجران tājirī, Commercial (m.c.).

tājrīvī, Felon-wort (Solanum

miniatum).

tājak, A little crown; a crest, a bird's comb;—tājik, One not an Arab or Turk; a Persian; one of Arabian origin brought up in Persia.

تاجكى tājakī, tājikī, A garment worn at

Tabriz.

الجگاة $t\bar{a}j$ - $g\bar{a}h$, The place where a crown is kept.

تاج گذاری tāj-guzārī, Coronation (m.c.).

tājwar, Wearing a crown, crowned; worthy of a crown.

ناجة tāja, A cock's comb; a female head-

gear.

تأجيك $t\bar{a}j\bar{\imath}k$, A slave who has redeemed bimself and tills the ground; term of abuse (m.c.).

A مبل ta'jīl (v.n. 2 of الحل), Delaying, putting off; reprieving; curing, applying a remedy.

tā chand, How many ? by how much? ال چند بار تا چند بار tā chand bār, How oft? how many times ?

a الأخال tā ḥāl, Hitherto, until this moment.

a عن نا هد tā ḥad, تا حدى tā ḥade, So far as. A عن ta'aḥḥud (v.n. 5 of عا حد لا

becoming one.

ti tākh, A certain tree, fit only for fuel.

tākht, Spoil, plunder, prey; assault; invasion;—tākht āwardan, To assail, charge (an enemy).

الكت تارائة tākht-tārāj, Assault, plunder. تاكت تارائة tākhtan (S. tāk, tanch; imp. tās), To hasten, walk fast, run; to rush upon, to assault; to pursue, hunt, chase; to urge, force, put to the gallop; to twist, spin; to bend, render curved or convex; to break out in an orbicular tumour upon the body; to contend, dispute, or wager; to bore; to spread, diffuse, pour out, pour in;—tākhtan kurdan, To attack, to assail;—bīrūn tākhtan, To break forth; to expel.

تاختني tā<u>kh</u>tanī, A canter; race; a posthorse.

تاکمت و تاز tākht u tāz, Assault; plunder; —tākht u tāz kardan, To make an inroad, a hostile irruption.

tākhtu, Twisted; running, run; put

to full speed; poured out.

امر ta'akhkhur (v.n. 5 of تامخو , Romain-

ing behind; delay.

A بالغر ta'khīr (v.n. 2 of الخر), Delaying, procrastinating, postponing; delay, impediment;—ta'khīri burūzi tams, Retardation of the (first) menses;—ta'khīr kardan, To delay;—dar tākhīr andākhtan, To throw back, delay, postpone (m.c.).

تاميرة tā<u>kh</u>īra. Fate, destiny; portion, fortune; origin, first condition; — tā<u>kh</u>īra'i fulān hamchunīn būd, The destiny of So and

So was in such a manner.

A was in addub (v.n. 5 of was), Being instructed (in literature, politeness, and good manners); instruction, institution, discipline.

الدى ta'addī (v.n. 5 of الدى), Paying;

coming with, bringing.

A بنامون ta'dīb (v.n. 2 of بنا), Teaching good manners; correcting, chastising; discipline, correction, amendment, chastisement; erudition;—ta'dīb kardan, To instruct, reuder learned or polite; to chastise; to teach good manners.

ائىيات a'dibāt (pl. of the preceding),

Instructions, &c.

A ما تاكريك ta'diyat (v.n. 2 of الى), Causing to arrive; sending, despatching, bringing.

د اخلی ta'azzun (v.n. 5 of الخلی), Giving certain information; making known; proclaiming, promulgating.

A منافق ta'azzī (v.n. 5 of الذي), Being injured.

A نائن ta'zīn (v.n. 2 of الناس), Rubbing the

ear; making a latchet for a shoe; giving leave or permission; calling to prayer.

or higher part of anything; the warp of a web in the loom, i.e. the threads stretched lengthwise; the string of a musical instrument; a thread; a wire; a curl; dark, obscure; a bit, a piece; a species of palmtree from which an intoxicating liquor (toddy) is extracted;—tāri barqī, The electric telegraph (m.c.);—tāri bam, A bass cord;—tār tār kardan, To disentangle;—tāri 'ankabūt, A spider's web;—tār u pūd, Warp and woof.

أَتَّارُا tārā (S. tārā), A star; the pupil of

the eye.

تاراب tārāb, A village near Bokhārā.

ارات tārāt (for تارات q.v), Spoil, plunder; inroad; plundering expedition; separation.

ا تارات tārāt (pl. of تارات tārat), Times, turns.

v tārāj, Spoil, plunder, sack;—tārāj u yaghmā kardan, To plunder and sack.

تاراع كاة tārāj-gāh, Place of a hostile inva-

sion.

tārājgar, A spoiler, pillager, robber. تاراس tārās, A bringing under subjection.

تاران tārān, Dark.

تار پوتى tār-pūtī, Embroidery (doubtful word; should perhaps be تار پودى tār-pūdī).

A bir tarat, A time, turn; once, one time; sometimes.

تارتار $t\bar{a}r$ - $t\bar{a}r$, Piecemeal; to atoms; very dark.

تار تن tār-tan, A weaver ; silkworm ; spider. تار تنك tār-tanak, A spider.

تارتور tārtūr, Piecemeal; hard; dark.

تارچوبه tār-choba, Asparagus.

A c) tārah, Terah, Abraham's father.

tyb tārukh, tārakh, Name of Āzar, an idol-sculptor; name of Abraham's father.

الله tārak, The top, the crown of the head; a helmet; the head of a lance or spear; a little hill, a heap; giddiness.

tārik, A leaver, a forsaker, a deserter;—tāriku'd-dunyā, One who abandons the world; abstinent, sober, chaste; an anchorite, a hermit;—tārik kardan, To abandon.

a تارك الله الله tūrik-adab, Unmannerly, ill-

bred.

تاركارى tār-kārī, Filigree-work. تاركش tār-kash, A wire-drawer.

تارك لكبين tārak-nishīn, Who sits on the summit.

tāran, Name of a city whose inhabitants are renowned for their comeliness.

تارميغ tūr-megh, A dense fog, a wintry mist.

q.v. تازنگ tārang, = تارنگ

טע tārū, A tick or louse infesting cattle. אל tār u pūr, probably misreading for—

לו , ל נ זער tār u tūr, Very dark; in pieces, piecemeal, to atoms.

تار و مال tār u mār, تار و مال tār u māl, Scattered; destroyed; topsy-turvy, in confusion.

טייט tārūn, Dark.

by tara, The crown of the head; a cupola; a lute-string; obscure, dark; the warp of cloth; the tongue of a balance; a bucket; a wooden building of a circular form.

tārī, Darkness, obscurity; dark; a liquor exuding from a certain tree; toddy;

-tāre, A single thread or wire.

A جاء الله ta'rīkh (v.n. 2 of الله Dating (a letter); date, era, epoch; day (of the month); history, chronicle; book of annals; chronogram (by the letters of the abjad); a calendar; —ta'rīkhi iskandarī, The era of Alexander, commencing 312 years before Christ;—ta'rīkhu 'l-hijrat, The era of the Hijrat or flight ;—ta'rīkhi Jalālī, The era of Jalalu' d-din, beginning in the year 1079 of the Christian era; -ta'rīkhi rūmī, The era of Alexander; -ta'rīkhu' sh-shuhadā', The era of the martyrs under Diocletian in the year 284;—la'rīkhi qibtī, The Coptic era, i.e. the era of the martyrs ;—ta'rīkhi yazda jird, The era of Yazdajird, the last monarch of the Sassanian dynasty, instituted in the year 632 of the Christian era.

a ماريع دار ta'rī<u>kh</u>-dār, A chronologer;

daily.

ارق ta'rīq (v.n. 2 of نا ربي , Rendering

sleepless.

تاریك tārīk, Dark; obscure, cloudy. تاریك جای tārīk-jān, Benighted; depraved. بريك چشم tārīk-chashm, Short-sighted. تاريك چير tārīk-chihr, Of dark face (night). تاريكدان tārīk-dān, A dark place; darkness.

اربك دل tārīk-dil, Benighted; depraved. واربك رز tārīk-rū, Dark-faced, gloomy-looking.

روز tārīk-roz, Whose days are blighted, whose fortune is obscured.

تاریکی tārīkī, Darkness, obscurity. نارین tārīn, Dark, obscure; the juice of a

certain tree called toddy.

ys tāz (imp. of tākhtan), Hasten thou, &c.; a greyhound; ignoble, base; a heloved object; a beardless youth; especially one who behaves himself unseemly and talks indecently; (in comp.) running, hastening, making an assault.

نان tāzāna (for tāziyāna), A lash, whip; correction.

تازاليدن tāzānīdan, To cause to run at. الزياز tāz-bāz, Playiug with boys; a pedeast.

tazish, A running here and there.

تازگی tāzagī, Freshness, youthfulness;

novelty; plumpness, fatness.

tazanda, Running, making haste. tāzang, A column or pilaster of

stone and mortar.

تازة tăza, Fresh; young; new, recent; raw; -tāza būd, Is there any news? aught fresh? (m.c.);—tāza baiza, A fresh egg; tāza shudan, To be tender and fresh;—tāza kardan, To make fresh or clean; to refresh; to renew; —tāza giyā-shīr, The fresh milklike juice of a plant.

tāza-adā, Who sings with a fresh فازة أنا

voice, who warbles fresh melodies.

نازه بتازه تازه المتع tāza ba-tāza, Fresh and fresh;

again and again.

تازه بهار tāza-bahār, Fresh of bloom, adorned with a new spring (the earth).

יונא אינלון tāza-parwāz, Newly fledged; soar-

ing afresh.

تازة جوان tāza-jawān, Fresh and youthful. a تازه عدست tāza-khidmat, Fresh in service.

a له من القدم tāza-khat, Whose down is sprouting.

نازة دل tāza-dil, Young of heart.

ازة دم tāza-dam, تازة دماغ tāza-damāgh, Good spirits, elasticity; gifted with such.

تازة درخته tāza-do<u>kh</u>ta, Newly sewn.

تازة رس tāzah-ras, New, fresh, lately come. زوى روى tāza-rūy, Fresh-faced, florid; cheerful, smiling, joyous.

tāza-rū'ī, Freshness, beauty of

face.

ئازة زاد tāza-zād, Newly delivered, having lately dropped young ones (m.c.).

tāza-zor, Embued with fresh تازة زور

vigour; very powerful.

a مكم الم tāza-sikka, Newly coined, fresh from the mint.

لزة هو tāza-shav, Fresh; new, recent.

a تازة طبور tāza-zuhūr, Newly produced.

a تازه قلم tāza-galam, A posteript.

تازه کاری tāza-kārī. Freshing up, renewing. تازه كن taza-kun, Refreshing; a reviver.

تازه کوی tāza-goy, Fresh in speech; a new speaker. تازة نهال tāza-nihāl, With fresh shoots.

pushing new branches.

تازه وارد tāza-wārid, A fresh comer. تازه و تر taza u tar, Fresh and green.

نازى tāxī (according to some, derived from taz, name of a son of Siamak, but more probably from takhtan), Arabic; an Arabian horse; a greyhound; an assault;— --ba-tāzī, In Arabic.

tāziyān, Running; pursuing; (pl. of tāsī) Arabians; Arabian horses; hunting

dogs, greyhounds.

تازيانك tāziyāna, A scourge, lash, whip ; tāziyāna khwurdan, To receive a scourging;

-tāziyāna kardan (zadan), To scourge, to flog; -tāziyāna yāftan, To be lashed to death; — tāziyānahā'i asbahī, Whips in vented by Asbah, a king of Yaman;—basari tāziyāna giriftan, To conquer without a stroke of the sword (by the mere force of an inroad).

تازيانه tāziyānah-khwur, Scourged;

Whipped.

تازيانه ون tăziyāna-zan, whipper, A scourger.

تازيخاند tāzī-<u>kh</u>āna, A dog-kennel.

تاريدي tāzīdan, To run; to wander; to make an assault; to be born; to set on fire, to inflame; to twist; to bend; to bore; to wager; to strive; to suit.

تازي زبان tāzī-sabān, The Arabic language.

tāzī-suwār, Mounted on an Arab. تازی سوار tāzīk, One neither an Arab nor a Turk; one of Arab blood born and brought up in Persia; a civilian (opp. to military); the middle classes (see تأجيك).

تازى كارد tāzī-kārd, A big butchering

knife.

تاري گو tāzī-go, Speaking Arabic.

تازى نواد tāzā-nizhād, An Arab by birth. tāzī-hush, Who has the intellect تازي هش or sagacity of an Arab.

it tāzh, A tent, pavilion of cotton or muslin; delicate; elegant; pure; a whip.

tās (for tāsa), A fainting, restlessness, or longing desire to which pregnant women are subject; (for طاس ţās) a cup, dish, plate.

تاسا tāsā, Sorrow, grief, heaviness of

heart.

tāsāyānīdan, تاسايانيدن tāsāyānīdan, To strangle (doubtful word).

تاس باز tas-baz, A conjuror; a card-

player (see اطاس باز). مامن تابع له tāsi', The ninth; one who makes nine.

A تا ملك tā'assuf (v.n. 5 of الملك), Sighing, grieving, lamenting, bemoaning, regretting, pining, brooding over affliction; grief, regret, repentance;—ta'assuf khwurdan, To sigh.

h معان ta'assufan, With grief, or regret;

remorsefully.

tāsimsat (Moorish), An orange. تاسمة tāsma, A strap; hair combed over

the forehead.

tāsa, Disquietude, anxiety, grief, restlessness; a difficulty in breathing; a panting from heat or running; a sob; blackness of the face from grief; the longing of pregnant women.

تاسة زده tāsa-zada, Broken-winded.

تاسة, أسة tāsa wāsa, Disquiet, restlessness. ار ار ta'assī (v.n. 5 of تاعس), Receiving comfort; being patient.

tāsīdan, To be sad or afflicted.

آمن ta'sīs (v.n. 2 of تا سيس A مرائس h), Marking out a foundation; laying a foundation; founding; (in poetry) a quiescent Alif in the penultimate of a rhyme; the employment of a new word, imparting a different sense to the word previously used;—tāsīs nihādan, To lay a foundation, establish, fix, consolidate.

قاهن $t\bar{a}sh$, A freckle; a companion, consort, partner in trade; a lord, master, honseholder; (for $t\bar{a}$ o, $t\bar{a}$ o- $r\bar{a}$) until he, until him or to him; (for T. طاهر q.v.), a

rock, a stone.

تاهك tāshak, Whey; fresh butter; quick.

تاهكل tāshkil, A wart.

Eu tāgh, A tree, a fire of which will burn for a long time; an egg; name of a fort in Sistān.

a تا غايت tā <u>ah</u>āyat, Until.

تاهستان tāghistān, A grove of tāgh trees; name of a country (see الماهستان).

تاغندست tāghandast, tāghundast, Dracun

culus.

تاغوش tāghūsh, Diving, submersion (probably misreading for ناغوش q.v.).

تانتگی tāftagī, Vexation, fatigue; distor-

tion.

tāftan (S. tap; imp. tāb), To set on fire, burn, inflame, scorch, heat; to be warm, hot; to shine, sparkle, glitter, dazzle, send forth rays; to twist; to bend; to crook, render convex; to curl hair; to turn away; to turn away the face, to decline; to be disturbed and vexed; to sigh; to bear; to be able.

woven; shining, sparkling, glittering; a garment woven of linen; a kind of silken cloth; taffeta; hair, thread, or anything similar capable of being plated, twisted, or curled; heated, inflamed; sad, afflicted, disturbed; discomfort, uneasiness.

tāfta-jigar, Hectic; in love.

تانسيار tāfisyār, تانسيار tāfiyār, Name of a herb resembling fennel.

تافشك tāfashak, A ship-worm, wood-

ouse.

الله علا tāfih, A trifle; a little; few.

ئاى tāq, A tree, a fire of which will burn for seven days.

الك $t\bar{a}k$, The tendril of a vine; the vine. $\forall t\bar{a} \ kuj\bar{a}$, How far? whither? how long?

تاكستان tākistan, A vineyard (m.c.).

تاكرت tākūb, Name of a remedy against bites of animals.

تاكى tā kai, Whither? to what length?

how long?

A عالی ta'kīd (v.n. 2 of ما), Strengthening, satisfying, confirming, corroborating; corroboration; stress, emphasis; order, injunction; reminder; pressure, compulsion; strict supervision.

ا تاكيدا ta'kīdan, Strongly; diligently. تاكيدات tākīdāt (pl. of tākīd), Formal recommendations.

a تاكيدي tākīdī, Corroborative; urgent, pressing; emphatic, positive, peremptory, categorical.

H JU tāl, The fan palmyra-tree, the leaves of which are used to write on with an iron style; copper; a dish of silver or brass; a sort of cymbal of bell-metal played with a stick; a pond.

تألاب tālāb, A pond.

تالات tālāj, Clamour, tumult, turmoil (see

. (تلاج

اللار tālār, A bed-chamber or saloon, built of wood and supported by four columns; a throne; (for tālāb) a pond, a reservoir;—tālāri bāl, A ball-room (m.c.);—tālāri salām, A reception-room (m.c.);—talāri sūpa, Supper-room (m.c.).

تالش tālāsh, A voice, clamour, tumult;

flame; search (see Ju and sui).

تالان tālān, Depredation, plunder, pillago. تالانك tālānak, An apricot.

טענט tālāna, A fruit resembling a peach.

تالت tālat, An armourer.

A Mis tālid, Wealth inherited from one's ancestors; cattle bred at the owner's home.

تالسان tālisān, تالسان tālishān, A kind of coif wreathed round the head, with a lappet or sash hanging down.

نالسيقير ,tālisqīr تالسقير tālisīqīr تالسقير ت

seed of nastartium.

tālish, Name of a people in Gilān; the feathers of an arrow;—tālish u dailam, Two towns neighbouring each other and celebrated for the beauty of their maidens.

A تالك ta'alluf (v.n. 5 of الله), Finding to be suitable and agreeing with; speaking kindly and soothingly; affection.

الى to'alluq (v.n. 5 of الله), Flashing, glittering, gleaming (lightning).

تالکی tālkī, تالکی tālgī, Wild coriander.

A تامل ta'allum (v.n. 5 of الم), Suffering pain; grief, torment, sorrow, melancholy.

نام عالى ta'allum-khāna, A hospital. نالون tālmin (in Zand and Pāzand), A fox. لارامة tālwāsa, Perturbation; disquietude,

restlessness; inclination, desire.
مال و مال tāl-u-māl, Dispersed; piece-meal.

A M's ta'alluh (v.n. 5 of all), Worshipping, paying adoration; being devout and pious.

اللي ه تَّهُ الله tālī, The fourth horse in a race; an old man, a religious chief; a follower.

تاليدن tātādān, To cry (like a fowl that is caught, or a boy that is whipped), to weep (perhaps misreading for عاليد و v.); to sack, spoil, pillage (unsupported by examples).

A مَالِيفُ ta'lif (v.n. 2 of الله), Making, completing, or becoming one thousand; joining, uniting; connecting in friendship, reconciling; compiling; compilation; literary composition, publication;—tālīfi qulūb,

The conciliating of hearts; — tālīfi līfi ṣābūn, (met.) A combination of incongruous things.

تالى كرامت tālī-karāmat, Of wonderful

consequences, wonderful (m.c.).

تام tām, Few; small; little; weak. الم م tāmm, Entire, complete, perfect,

н تامبول tāmbūl, Betel-leaf.

tāmā, A twin (probably corruption

of A. (Tela).

full.

لامر A تامر tāmir, Rich or abounding in dates. ta'ammur (v.n. 5 of امر being set over as commander; commanding, bearing

لاعمل ta'ammul (v.n. 5 of امل), Looking steadfastly (at anything), regarding attentively; careful consideration, meditareflection, thought; deliberate action, pausing, hesitation, cautious conduct; scruple, disinclination.

tāmanīriya, A stone found in

diamond mines (doubtful word).

a تامواره tāmwāra, تامورة tāmura, A pitcher. tāmūr, Anyone, someone; anything; soul, spirit, breath; blood.

tāmūl, Betel-leaf.

امر ta'mīr (v.n. 2 of تامير Appointing a governor (amir).

tāmīz, The river Thames (m.c. from

Fr. Tamise).

A تاميل ta'mil (v.n. 2 of أمل), Hoping. ta'mīn (v.n. 2 of نامون), Saying Amen.

نان tān, Your, yours; the mouth; the inside of the mouth; (for tā ān) until that, or he; (for $t\bar{a}r$) the warp of a web; sundry cross threads which are left unwoven; (for tawan) it is possible, one may, &c.

ناناك tānāk, One who, in speaking, fre-

quently pronounces the letter $= t\bar{a}$.

تانبول tāmbūl (S. tāmbūla), Betel-leaf. تاند tānad, He is able; it is possible.

A تاعلس ta'annue (v.n. 5 of تاعلس), Acquaintance, familiarity; becoming domesticated and tame.

تانست tānist, He is, or was, able.

تالك tānk, A weight of about two ounces. تانگو tāngar, تانگو tāngū, tānagū, A barber. تائم tānam (for tawānam), I am able; (for dānam) I know (doubtful).

tānand (for tawānand), They are able.

تانول tānūl, The environs of the mouth ; wry-mouthed.

wit tāna, The warp of a web in the loom.

انى tānī (for tawānī), Thou art able.

لاني ta'annī (v.n. 5 of ناعني له ta'annī (v.n. 5 of تاعني الم expecting; delay, procrastination;—ta'annī kardan, To go slowly, deliberately, or patiently to work; to conduct business with care, skill, and industry; to delay, defer, hesitate.

الب ta'nīb (v n. 2 of تااليب ta'nīb (v n. 2 of الب anvone; treating harshly.

A تاعلیت ta'nīs (v.n. 2 of النث Putting in the feminine gender; feminine.

تانيدن tānīdan, To prevail against.

النس ta'nis (v.n. 2 of تاعليس), Making familiar, habituating; taming, domesticating.

تانيسر tānīsar, A city in Hindustān. tānīstār (?), The body of the ninth تائيستار

heaven.

ל, tāv (for tāb), Strength, power; heat; splendour; fever, auguish; trouble; a curl, a twist; (in comp.) twisting; polishing.

ان tāwā, A frying-pan, skillet. لواتاو tāw-ā-tāv, Power, strength.

تاران tāwān, A mulct, fine; a substitute; compensation (m.c.); damage, loss; crime, sin, fault, sinfulness;—tāwān andākhtan, To impose a mulct;—tāwān dādan, To pay a fine, to expiate.

تاوان زدة tāwān-zada, Amerced, fined.

تارانه tāwāna, A hot-house.

tāwānīdan (for tābānīdan), To تاوانيدن cause to twist, &c.; to cause to roll. تارتك tāvtak, Double, two-fold.

تار خانة tāv-khāna, A hot-house, conservatory; a bath; a stove; a summer residence, summer quarters for soldiers.

tawar, Accident, contingency.

تاورمان tāwarmān, Up and down, above, below.

تاريدة tāwarīda, Accidental, contingent. تارسة tāwasa, Pasture, a watered mead. تاوش tāwush, Sound, noise of walking feet. a تارنتي tā waqte, Till the time, or hour. لَّهُ لِكُ tawak, A young ass; a bullock. tav kardan, To heat; to drink

health. تاول tāwal, Au ass-colt; an unbroken

steer; a heifer; a calf; -tawil, A blister on the hand or foot.

A عَرْل ta'awwul (v.n. of اول Explaining, rendering; interpretation of dreams.

تاوش $t\bar{a}w\bar{u}sh$, تاوش q.v.

المرابق tāwa, A frying-pan, skillet; a burnt brick, a large tile; — pāy-tāwa, Bandages swathed round the feet.

A تاءويب ta'wīb (v.n. 5 of راوب), Travelling the whole of the day; celebrating the praises of God.

تاويدي tāwīdan, To twist; to shine; to heat; to revolve; to be strong; to shave.

A ما اول ta'wil (v.n. 2 of اول Aualysing ; expounding, commenting upon; explanation, elucidation; interpretation of dreams; turning language from its obvious meaning; -tāwīl kardan, To explain, comment upon, interpret, expound.

تاه tāh, A plait, fold, ply; an odd number; rust; -yak $t\bar{a}h$, $\hat{S}ingle$; -du $t\bar{a}h$,

double.

ل الله له tāh, Negligent, careless.

م باهم العباد ta'ahhub (v.n. 5 of ماهم), Being prepared, arranged.

اهل ta'ahhul (v.n. 5 of اهل), Marrying

a wife; founding a family.

تا هم tā ham, Still, yet, nevertheless.

ل همهنين tā hamchunīn, Thus far, thus much.

تاهو tāhū, Spirituous liquor; wine.

نائی tāy, Like, resembling; a garment; odd, single, unit; number; a single (piece or sheet); half a load; fold;—yak tāy, Single;—du tāy, Two-fold.

טוטט tāyāq, A stick (of a religious mendi-

cant, see تاباق).

A +55 tā'ib, Repentant, returning (to God).

זיט ג tā'iq, Eager, longing for.

مِهِ taya, A thin thread; the glossy appearance of anything fat (unsupported by examples); (for A. مالة q.v.) a place for drying dates, &c.;—tāya'i 'alaq, A drying-place for hay; a hay-stack (m.c.).

A & ta'ih, One who wanders about as

lost; bewildered.

א שׁבּיבּל ta'yīd (v.n. 2 of אוֹ), Strengthening, infusing fresh vigour; corroboration, confirmation; assistance, help, support; a written voucher;—bā tāyīdi kirdigār (ilāhī), By the divine assistance.

A تاعيدات ta'yīdāt (pl. of the preceding),

Aids, helps.

تاييدن tāyīdan, To resemble, be like unto. تب tab (Z. tafnu), A fever;—tabi ustukhwānī, Hectic fever;—tab afsurda shudan, The fever subsides;—tab burdan (shikastan), To remove a fever;—tab bastan, To allay a fever by spells or incantations (not by medicine); -tabi khafif, General lassitude; lumbago; -tab dar ustukhwān afgandan, To render hectic; to consume; -tab dashtan, To rave, talk incoherently; -tabi diqq, Hectic fever; — tabi rub', Quartan fever; —tab raftan (bīrūn raftan, rekhtan, sakin shudan, nishastan), The fever subsides;—tabi sokhta, A burning fever, causing delirium;—tabi ghibb, Tertian fever;tabi larza, Ague; — tabi muhriq, Ardent fever ;—tabi muwāzaba, Quotidian fever ;tabi naubat, Intermittent fever; -tabi yakroza dar miyān, Tertian fever; —pur tāb u tab, Full of fire and ardour.

A - tabb (v.n.), Loss, injury, damage, detriment, ruin, perdition, destruction.

تبا tabā (probably for A. تبا tabban),

Leave alone! pass by!

tabādur (v.n. 6 of بدر A making haste; vying with each other for precedence.

A المائل tabādul (v.n. 6 of المائل), Changing, transposing; interchange, transfer; permutation.

م تباديل tabādīl (pl. of tabdīl), Changes, &c.

tabār, A tribe, family, kindred; root,

origin;—shahryāri 'ālī-tabār, A monarch of an illustrious house.

تبار tabar, Ruin, destruction.

a تخارزة tabāriza (pl. of tabrīzī), Inhabitants of Tabriz.

exalted, pure, holy, undefiled (applied exclusively to God); increasing.

تبارة tabāra, A bruise, a contusion (doubtful word).

tabārī, Daily wages or stipend.

تباسيدن tabāsīdan, To faint from heat. تباهير tabāshīr (S. tvakshīra), Sugar of bamboo; chalk, clay, plaster; whiteness.

الماهية tabāshīr (pl. of tabshīr), Happy tidings, agreeable intelligence, good news; beginnings, preludes; break of day; lines, furrows upon sand produced by the wind;—tabāshīri ṣabāḥ, The prelude to the dawn, the break of day.

تباع A تباع tibā' (v.n. 3 of تباع له tibā' (v.n. 3 of

imitating; continuation.

A تباعة tabā'at (v.n. of تباعة), Following. نباك tabāk, Fever; name of a man.

A مالية tabāluh (v.n. 6 of المار), Feigning ignorance or simplicity, pretending to be ablah.

مِن لا مُعلَّى بيل م tabbān, A dealer in straw;—tubbān, Short sailor's breeches.

تبائج tabānij, A fellow wife (see تبائج). متائج tabānja, A box, blow, slap; sort of food; a wave of the sea.

tabānjizh, Name of تبانجير

a flower.

destroyed, laid waste; useless, incapable of being turned to account; rotten (nut); stinking, bad (egg); corruption; destruction; a divider, distributor;—tabāh shudan, To be spoiled or rotten;—tabāh kardan, To kill, destroy, corrupt, spoil, taint, infect.

تباهائيدن tabāhānīdan, To cause to cor-

rupt or spoil.

تباهيمة tabāhcha, Meat stewed down; fried eggs; the dish called ورانى q.v.

تباة دست tabāh-dast, One who has a withered, shrivelled, or palsied hand.

tabāh-gār, De-تباه كار tabāh-kār, تباه كار

stroyer, corrupter; corrupt.

tabāha, Stewed meat; a light kind of food made of the egg-plant, with a preparation of sour milk and herbs; eggs, dressed with meat, vinegar, pepper, and pulse.

tabāhī, Destroyed, lost, never come to perfection; discord; corruption, destruction, ruin;—tabāhī shudan, To be lost (as a ship at sea);—tabāhī kardan, To corrupt.

tabāhī (v.n. 6 of تباهى), Contending for pre-eminence; glorying against one another.

تباهيدن tabāhīdan, To rot, corrupt, spoil. تباهي زدة tabāhī-zada, Ruined; afflicted.

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تبايانيدن tabāyānīdan. To cause to tremble; to bore; to warm with a fire.

ايع tabāyu' (v.n. 6 of تبايع A تبايع from one to another; dealing, trafficking,

bartering, contracting, bargaining.

A تباین tabāyun (v.n. 6 of بين), Being separate, distinct from each other; difference; opposition, contradiction; inconsistency; incommensurability.

نب بادة tab-bāda, The trembling, shivering paroxysm or periodical fit of a fever.

A & tibbat, An afflicted condition.

تبت tibit, Solt goat's hair, from which the finest shawls are made; -tibbat, tubbat, Tibet in Tartary, whence comes the finest musk.

مبت tabbat, May (the hands of Abū labab) perish, the opening word of Surah cxi.; -tabbati wazhgūn, A mode of reading this Surah backwards, supposed to avert an impending calamity.

رهتل tabattul (v.n. 5 of تبتل), Cutting one

self off from the world.

tibbatī, tibtī, Musk, or anything belonging to Tibet.

A تبتيك tabtik (v.n. 2 of بيك), Cutting off

(sheep's ears).

بجے tabajjuh (v.n. 5 of جج), Rejoicing,

being overjoyed.

A تبجيل tabjīl (v.n. 2 of جل), Extolling, magnifying; honouring, showing respect; -tabjīl kardan, To honour, revere, esteem.

tabaḥḥur (v.v. 5 of جر), Penetrating in the depths (of science); being profoundly learned; abounding, rolling in

tab-khāl, Pustules breaking out تبخال upon the lips after a fever; fever-heat.

tab-khāla, Pustules breaking out تبخاله upon the lips after fever; the thrush; airbubbles in a glass full of wine.

tab-<u>kh</u>āla-nosh, A drinker of تبخاله نوش

bubbling wine.

بختر tabakhtur (v.n. 2 of جنر), Walking very stately; a pompous, stately, jaunty, or graceful carriage; strutting; inclining from side to side in walking.

منعيت tabkhit (v.n. 2 of جند), Silencing; speaking foolishly; hitting the truth

by mere chance.

تبخير له tabkhir (v.n. 2 of جنر), Perfuming ; fumigation;—tabkhīr kardan, To perfume; to fumigate.

تيد tibid, Soft goat's hair.

بدل tabaddul (v.n. 5 of بدل, Being changed or altered; change; receiving one (thing) in the stead of another.

تبديل ه tabdīl (v.n. 2 of بدل), Changing, altering, substituting, transposing; inversion; modification; transformation.

م تبديلات tabdīlāt (pl. of tabdīl), Ministerial changes.

a تبديلانه tabdīlānah, In disguise.

a تبدیلی tabdīlī, Transfer (of officials); relief (of a guard).

A تبدين labdīn (v.n. 2 of بدن), Growing old; becoming feeble.

بذر م tabazzur (v.n. 5 بذر becoming

yellow, and bad-tasting (water).

A نبذل tabazzul (v.n. 5 of بذل , Taking no care of one's clothes, wearing them every

يذير A تبذير tabzīr (v.n. 2 of بذر), Disseminating, scattering; dissipating, spending prodigally; sprouting, showing forth (herbs,

tabar, A hatchet, axe, or mattock ;--tibr, tibir, Name of a bird.

— نير ه tabr, Ruin, destruction, perdition نير tibr, Gold or silver just from the mine, before it has felt the fire or the hammer.

تبر تيشة tabar-tesha. A pick-axe.

اريخ tabarruj (v.n. 5 of جري , Adorning oneself; ostentatious decoration.

تبر عون tabar-khūn, The jujube-tree, and fruit; a kind of willow; Brazilian wood; Tarragon; a club.

تبردار tabar-dār, A hatchet-man, pioneer.

Appearing, (برز tabarruz (v.n. 5 of نبرز A coming forth; being published; walking into the fields (to ease nature).

نمرزد tabar-zad, Rock-salt; white sugar;

the aloe; a kind of grape.

نمزن tabar-zan, Striking with a hatchet; a wood-cutter.

tabarza (S. tavarāja), Rock-salt; a تعززة sort of grape; white sugar; the aloe.

تبرزين tabar-zīn, A battle-axe (usually fixed to the saddle); rock-salt.

tabaristan, The ancient Hyrcania (طبارستان see).

A قبرع tabarru' (v.n. 5 of کبر), Doing voluntarily what one is not obliged to do; giving gratis; doing anything supererogatory.

a تبرعانه tabarru'ānah, Gratuitously; su-

pererogatorily.

نبرك tabrak, A flat dish; a table (especially with a high rim or border); the top of a drum; sieves; fruit-baskets; a fort; the castle of Isfahān:—tabaraki āsiyā, A tool for notching a mill-stone.

لبرك tabarruk (v.n. 5 of تبرك , Looking for a blessing; taking a good omen, auguring well from; blessing, benediction; congratulation; a portion of presents (or of what is left of food presented to great men) given to their dependants; present to bribe a judge; sacred relics; commutation for an offering incumbent on a religious mendicant holding an endowment.

مبركا" tabarrukan, With the blessing of God; as a blessing; as a sacred relic.

A تبركات tabarrukāt (pl. of tabarruk), Benedictions; sacred relics; plenty; offices, honours, dignities.

a تبركي tabarrukī, A compliment.

تبرکیدی tabarkīdan. To slit the hoof or nail.

ית לפט tabar-gün, Hollow-backed (horse). ית נארק tabar-ligüm, A rein, bridle, bit. זית tabram, A great lady, a matron.

A יאכן tabarrum (v.n. 5 of יאכן,), Being stupefied, wearied, disgusted.

تبرى tabrī, tubrī, Sumach (see تبرى).

A توبية tabrīd (v.n. 2 of مي), Cooling, allowing, leaving to cool; refreshing; a cooling and refreshing drink; a refrigerant;—tabrīd kardan, To cool, to refresh.

تريز tabrīz, tibrīz, The capital of Azarbaijan (Media);—tibrīz, A table, a round piece of leather on which they lay victuals; a sofa, bench.

A בּתָפּע tabrīz (v.n. 2 of אָנָ), Causing to come forth; calling forth, challenging; bringing to view, showing openly.

نريوي tabrīzī, Of or belonging to Tabrīz;

a poplar-tree.

A قبريك tabriq (v.n. 2 of بريق), Opening the eyes, and keeping them fixed upon an object.

عن نعن tab-zada, Attacked by fever.

A تولی tabazzul (v.n. 5 of بری), Being split. تولی tabast, Ruined, spoiled; annihilated; ugly;—tabist, A weak or ill-founded religious doctrine or sect.

tabastugh, Eloquent, rhetorical.

tabasta, A fringed carpet (unsup-

ported by examples).

a smile, simper;—tabassum barq, A flash of lightning;—tabassum namūdan, To smile.

a تبسم انشان tabassum-afshān, تبسم انشان tabassum-pāsh, Beaming with smiles, all smiles.

a تسم جلوة tabassum-jilwa, Bright with smiles.

a تبسم زار tabassum-zār, قبسم زار tabassum-

kada, Abounding in smiles.

نسيدن tabsīdan, To have the lips cracked with heat, to be fainting or uneasy in sultry weather.

نيسيدة tabsīda, Cracked with heat.

تبش tabish, Heat, warmth; fire; light.

A بنشش tabashshush (v.n. 5 of بنشش), Being of an open, cheerful, smiling countenance.

تبشي tabshī, A dish with a rim made of

gold, silver, or brass.

تبشير tabshīr, Clay, fuller's earth, plaster. مربر tabshīr (v.n. 2 of بشر), Communicating news.

considering with attention; sight, perception, attentive consideration;—tabassur kardan, To give attention.

ملن tabattun (v.n. 5 of تبطن tabattun (v.n. 5 of تبطن

under the belly; living.

رطن tabtin (v.n. 2 of بطيي), Lining (a garment); tightening the girth; making one's confidant.

مع taba' (v.n.), Following; a follower;

followers; -tubba', Title of the Kings of Yaman.

A visitatiat, Punishment, torture; bad end.

A تبعض taba"uz (v.n. of بعض), Being divided into parts.

a مُعِنْ taba'a, A subject; a person (m.c.). A تَرْجَعُنْ tab'iyat, A following, imitating, obeying; dependence, subjection.

A نعمد tab'īd (v.n. 2 of معه), Removing, sending to a distance, causing to go far off.

A تبعیض tab'iş (v.n. 2 of بعض), Parting, dividing into portions.

a تبعده tabaghdud (v.n.), Being connected with or related to Baghdad; imitating the manner of the Baghdadians.

A تبغيض tabghīz (v.n. 2 بغض), Rendering odious.

تبقوز tabfoz, تبقوز tabgoz, The beak of a bird; the parts round the mouth or snout; grief, affliction.

A لَمُعُمْ tabqiyat (v.n. 2 of هِم), Reserving a remainder; preserving alive; sparing. ها tabk, The silken fringe of a belt, &c. والحَمَّ tabkān, A thorn (doubtful word).

ې بېکوب q.v. (probably mis-

reading).

الكي tabkiyat (v.n. 2 of مكن), Weeping, wailing, lamenting; moving to tears;—tabkit (v.n. 2 of الكتاب), Rebuking, upbraiding; silencing, convicting by proofs.

بكر tabkīr (v.n. 2 of بكر), Doing anything in the morning; setting out before

daybreak; making haste.

tab girifta, Shaking with ague.

ing; depriving of intellect; weakening, making sick; seasoning with herbs.

نامة tabal, A wrinkle, fold, plait. نامة tablāb, The hull enclosing the date.

tablad, A wooden shore for a wall.

A تبلج taballuj (v.n. 5 of بلج), Dawning, breaking forth of the dawn; shining.

tab-larzah, The paroxysm of a fever; an ague-fit.

a تبلور tabalwur, Crystallization.

تبلونستين tablunistan (in Zand and Pazand), To break.

م تبليغ (v.n. 2 of بالغ), Causing to arrive, conveying, sending; relaxing the reins.

نبن tubun, A. salt-marsh; barren ground (doubtful word).

tibn, A noble, generous lord or master; a capacious bowl; a wolf; (also tabn) straw; [tibni makkī, An odoriferous bull-rush;]—taban (v.n.), Being sharp, intelligent;—tabin, Sharp-sighted, intelligent.

talma (in Zand and Pazand), Straw.

تبنان tabnān, tubnān, Trousers, long drawers (see تنبان).

تبند taband, Deceit, fraud; a cheat. تبندر tabandar, The bar of a door.

تبندة tabanda, Shining, resplendent.

tabank, tubnak, A crucible; a mould. تبنكة tabanka, A baker's tray; an oven.

tabang, A large greengrocer's tray ; a loud, shrill sound; a drum.

tabangū, تبنگوی tabangūy, A baker's tray; a wicker basket, chest, canister; a truss; a money-till.

بني د tabanni (v.n. 5 of بني , Adopting

or calling one son; adoption.

نبخ tabû, Name of a place where there is a mill. which is said to have been built by the prophet Jonas, and to be made to move or stand still by invoking his name.

tabawwu' (v.n. 5 of "بو" م Taking possession of, settling, abiding, inhabit-

تبوراك tobūrāk, A drum, tabor, tambourine; a drum beaten to drive away the birds; a baker's or greengrocer's tray; a sieve, searce; a robust, handsome youth (the last meaning doubtful).

tabūk, tabok, A large platter, tray,

dish.

ا تبوك A place situated on the road from Syria to Madina.

tab-ū-nauba-<u>kh</u>īz, Spreading تب و نوبه خير fevers and agues (m.c.).

A تبويب tabwib (v.n. 2 of بوب), Dividing

(B book) into chapters.

نبه tabah, Savoury meat, delicately dressed; spoiled, destroyed; a divider, distributor.

a تبه رائي tabah-ra'y, Of a depraved mind. tabahra, Savoury meat stewed.

تبه كأر tabah-kār, A criminal, offender. نبى tabī, A coarsely sewn garment.

نب يادة tub-yāza, and—

ن بازي نازي tab-yāza, A fever, caused by an en-

largement of the spleen.

tibyān, tabyān (v.n. of Making clear, manifest; evident; a declaration, a manifesto.

labidan, To tremble (unsupported تبيدي

by examples).

tabîr, تبيرة tabîra, A drum, a kettledrum; a mixen, dunghill.

نبيرة إن tabira-zan, A drummer.

مبيع A tabī', A debtor; a follower; a calf one year old and still following the mother; an assistant; revengeful.

تبيكة tabīka, تبيكة tabīla, A baker's tool.

A تبين tabaiyun (v.n. 5 of بيي), Being distinct, manifest, clear.

تبينه tabina, A spider (see تبينه); vomiting, vomit.

a تبيعت tabī'at, Following; dependence; follower.

مين tabyīn (v.n. 2 ot بين), Illustrating, explaining, making clear; appearing evident.

tap, Fever, heat, ardour; perturbation, disquietude, restlessness; imp. of tapīdan;—tapi diqq, A hectic fever, consumption; -tapi saudā, A bilious fever; tapi hindi, A fever that returns every day.

تياس tapās (S. tapas), Pain and sleeplessness inflicted upon oneself; asceticism.

تپاسبد tapās-bud, An ascetic, a selftormentor.

تباك tapāk, Uneasiness, restlessness.

ψ tapān, Pres. part. of tapīdan; a hammer to break clods (the latter meaning doubtful),

tapāncha, A blow, box; a billow,

wave.

تيايانيدن tapāyānīdan. $\mathbf{T}_{\mathbf{Q}}$ cause to tremble.

tapra, A kettle-drum. تهره

نيرة زن tapra-zan. Who beats the kettledrum.

tapish, A swoon, fainting-fit from heat.

tapak, Favour, friendship: a sledgehammer (doubtful) ;—tupak, A musket.

T تیکیوی tapakchī, A head accountant; tupakchi, A musketeer, a gunner.

تپ گرفته tap-girifta, Feverish. tapnāk, Feverish (place). tapancha, A box, a slap. تېنگ tupank, A crucible.

تين كوز tapan-koz, A block-head, a fool;

insensible.

تينگو tapangū, A chest, casket; a barber's truss; a grapary, a magazine; a till; a crucible.

تية tappa, A high hill; frontlet of pearls. tapīdan (imp. tap), To be in great agitation; to grow hot; to tetter, leap, or spring; to stumble; to palpitate, be restless, uneasy; to lay a snare.

A تتابع tatābu' (v.n. 6 of تتابع, Following

in succession.

tatār, A Tartar; Tartary.

tatārcha, A kind of arrow or dart. تنارى tatārī, Tartarian ; Scythian.

tatabbu' (v.n. 5 of ججة tatabbu' (v.n. 5 of following; searching diligently, investigating, exploring; imitation; continuation.

A تتبعات tatabbu'at (pl. of the preceding),

Scientific researches (m.c.).

a تتر tatar, A Tartar, Seythian; Tartary.

tatrā (in Zand and Pāzand), Summer. tatrabūh, Ele تتربوة tatrabū, تتربو gance, gracefulness; jesting, jocularity, pleasantry, buffoonery.

تترونتن tatrūnatan (in Zand and Pāzand).

To rain.

ا تتر tatra, Drollery, huffoonery, jocularity.

a تحريل tatrú, Singly, one after another.

تترى tatrī, tutrī, Sumach used as a condiment; the poppy; --tatari, Tartarian; Tartarie; -kulāhī tatarī, A Tartarian cap (worn by great men or by soldiers).

titrik, Sumach. تتريك q.v. تبغوز atfoz, = تتغوز

tutuq, A veil, curtain; a kind of net-work in tents for keeping of gnats; coats of an onion ;-tutuqi sipihr-gun, A blue veil; a saucer made of lapis-lazuli;tutuqi nīlī, The sky; a black cloud.

H تتلى titilī, A species of rue; a remedy

against intermittent fever.

tutum, tutm, tatum, Sumach.

tatmā (in Zand and Pazānd), A تتمأ bear.

tutmāj, Thin slices of paste, vermicelli.

tatimmat (pl. tatimmāt), Completion; an appendix, supplement; remainder, balance.

tatmitan (in Zand and Pazand), A

م تنميم tatmim (v.n. 2 of تنميم , Completing, accomplishing; completion, accomplishment, consummation.

of تبنك tatnak, A crucible (see تبنك of

which it is perhaps a misreading),

تتى titl, Ginger-bread figures for the amusement of children; a word used to entice birds.

A تثبت tasabbut (v.n. 5 of ثبت), Being fixed, established.

نبط A تثبط tasabbut (v.n. 5 of ثبط), Keeping back.

A تثبیت lasbīt (v.n. 2 of ثبت), Establish-

ing, fixing, making firm, steady.

آميط lasbīt (v.n. 2 ثبط Hindering, turning one (from business); occupying, making busy.

ل تاريب tasrib (v.n. 2 of ثرب), Chiding. A تَفْقل tasaqqui (v.n. 5 of قفل), Being

لقيب tasqīb (v.n. 2 of تقيب , Piercing, perforating repeatedly.

A تنقيل tasqil (v.n. 2 of نقل), Making

heavy.

A تثليث taslīs (v.n. 2 of ثلث), Dividing into three parts; trebling; making triangular; triad, trinity; a trine (a propitious aspect of the planets); (in gram.) inflecting a consonant with the three vowels.

منهن tagmin (v.n. 2 of ثمن), Making

octangular.

م تلبية tasniyat (v.n. 2 of ثنى), Making two, doubling; the dual number; duality.

Recom- ثوب taswib (v.n. 2 of ثوب pensing, rewarding; reiterating, in answer to the early call to prayers, the phrase aş-şalātu khairun mina 'n-naum, Prayer is better than sleep; returning.

≒ tajā, Rough, sharp, cutting.

A محل tajādul (v.n. 6 of جدل), Litigating, quarrelling among themselves.

a جاذب tajāzub (v.n. 6 of جاذب, Pulling

one another about.

tajār, A thoroughbred, unbroken تجار colt; a well-paced horse; in (Zand and Pazaud) travelling; a traveller.

A جار tijār, tujjār (pl. of tājir), Merchants.

م الم الم tajārib (pl. of tajribat), Experiments.

A تجارة tijārat (v.n. of جارة , Trading; traffic, trade, commerce; merchandize; tijārat kardan, To trade.

tijārat-gāh, A commercial place

(m.c.).

a جارتی tijāratī, Commercial, mercantile. اره tajāra, A colt not yet broken in; (in Zaud and Pazaud) a traveller (see جار).

جاسر tajāsur (v.n. 6 of جسر), Raising the head; carrying it high and insolently; domineering; boldness, firmness, intrepidity, temerity.

A جاني, Being sepa-

rated, distant, not touching.

A جانف tajānuf (v.n. 6 of جانف, Declining, deviating, leaning.

A خاوز tajāwuz (v.n. 6 of خاوز), Exceeding, transgressing (just bounds); passing by; forgiving a fault; winking, conniving.

لم المينة tajāwif (pl. of tajwif), Hollows,

caverns; -tajāwifi anf, The nostrils. A جاهل tajuhul (v.n. 6 of اجهل, Pretending ignorance; connivance, apathy, indifference;—tajāhul kardan, To feign ignorance, play the simpleton.

A مجر tajabbur (v.n. 5 of جبر), Being haughty, contumacious; putting forth leaves (a tree); beginning to look fresh (a field which had been grazed close); having one's broken fortunes repaired; being restored to health (a sick person); obtaining (wealth).

A مجر tajbīr (v.n. 2 of جبور), Restoring, setting (a broken bone); repairing the broken fortune (of a friend); supplying the wants of the poor.

A محد tajaddud (v.n. 5 of محد), Being new;

innovation, novelty.

A عديد tajdīd, A renewing, a making new; renewal; novelty; — tajdīdi bashara, Desquamation; -tajdīdi maraz, A relapse; tajdidi hawa, Ventilation.

محدير tajdīr (v.n. 2 of جدير), Carrying (a wall) up high; being attacked by the smallpox; putting forth the first rudiments of fruit (as resembling tubercles or smallpox); rendering worthy.

j≈ tajar, A winter honse; a storehouse.

A جزاه tajr (v.v.), Trading.
A خرات tojribat, tajriba (v.n. 2 of جرب), Trying, proving; experiment, proof, assay; experience; probation; -tajriba kardan, To try, prove, hazard, make an experiment;ba-tajriba rasānīdan, To put to the test; to experiment with (m.c.).

tajriba-kār, Versed in business; an experienced agent; —tajriba-kārāni roz-

gār, Experienced in worldly affairs.

tajriba-kārī, Experience, practice.

A عبره tajarrud (v.n. 5 of جرد), Being

stripped, denuded; living in solitude; celibacy; giving intense application.

a عرد کرین tajarrud-guzin, Choosing soli-

tude; renouncing the world.

A Ez= tajarru' (v.n. 5 of Ez=), Drinking draughts of liquor; quaffing; — tajarru', kardan, To sip.

A عبد tajrīd (v.n. 2 of جرد), Stripping, denuding; drawing a sword; divesting of; separating (one thing from another); separation, solitude; celibacy.

A Egr lajrī' (v.n. 2 of εγ+), Causing to drink; making one forget (grief, care, or

anger).

A Egri tajzi'at, tajziya (v.n. 2 of ");), Dividing, distributing; analysis;—tajziya kardan, To analyse.

A rajassus (v.n. 5 of rain), Searching carefully, examining; curiously prying into that which God has thought fit to conceal; exploring, playing the spy; search, inquiry, investigation; curiosity, inquisitiveness;—tajassus kardan (numidan), To spy (m.c.); to probe (a wound).

A part tajassum (v.n. 5 of part), Choosing from amongst (other men); going directly to the person or thing itself; undertaking a great achievement; mastering the most difficult part (of any business); ascending the steepest part of a mountain.

A raisim (v.n. 2 of , Incorporating, embodying.

A خالت tijfāf, The armour of a horse;

also of a soldier.

A خطيف taifif (v.n. 2 of غام), Drying properly (a garment); putting on a horse-cloth that dries up the sweat; casing in armour (a horse).

noved, agitated; agitation, commotion; sinking into the ground, becoming depressed (as a foundation).

A خبت !ajallud (v.n. 5 of حبله), Contending, grappling; bearing up under difficulties; sturdiness.

A distribution; tajallī (v.n. 5 of tajallī (v.n. 5 of tajallī (v.n. 5 of tajallī (v.n. 5 of tajallī tansiiguration; splendour, glory;—tajallī dādan. To give lustre or brilliancy;—tajallī kardan, To illuminate; to polish, adorn; to illustrate, make plain.

a تجلى مجر tajalli-khez, Rising in splendour.

a محلى زاده tajalli-zāda, Born in brilliancy; of illustrious birth.

a بان زار tajalli-zūr, خلی کده tajalli-kada, خلی کاه tajalli-gāh, A place abouuding in spleudour.

a تجاى قيامت tajallī-qiyāmat, Of surpassing brightness or brilliancy (a mistress).

A جليات tajalliyāt (pl. of tajallī), Manifestations, &c.; beatific visions.

tajlid (v.n. 2 of جايد م), Pulling off

the skin (from the body of a slaughtered camel); binding (a book) in leather.

A see tajammu (v.n. 5 of see), Being assembled, flocking from all quarters.

A جَمَل tajammul (v.n. 5 of جَمَل), Dressing, adorning one's person; dignity; retinue, pomp, parade; splendour, magnificence; furniture, conveniences.

tajammulāt (pl. of the preceding), Movables, household furniture; conve-

nieuces, articles of luxury.

with care and diligence; assembling with others to Friday prayers (jum'at).

A تجنب, Retiring, withdrawing; declining, avoiding, shunning; being polluted.

A جنید tajnīd (v.u. 2 of جنید), Collecting

an army.

A جنيز tajnīz (v.n. 2 of جنيز), Laying (a corpse) on a bicr.

A جنيس tojnīs (v.n. 2 of جنيس), Making homogeneous; resemblance, analogy; alliteration, jingle of rhymes; pun, play on words.

A *** tajūb, A section of the tribe of Himyar, of which was Ibn Muljam, the assassin of Alī.

A j-r tajuwwuz (v.n. 5 of j-r), Passing by; forgiving; slurring over or cutting short one's prayers; speaking metaphorically.

A جويد tajwid (v.n. 2 of جويد), Saying, do-

ing, or making good; doing well.

A yeş tajwiz (v.n. 2 of h for jes), Causing to go or pass by; permitting, allowing, approving; inquiry, investigation; view, opinion, judgment; estimate; resolution, decision, sentence; contrivance, endeavour, plan;—tajwiz kardan, To devise; to examine, try, prove, seek; to recommend, to advise.

a تجويزي tajwīzī, Tried, proved; determined.

A جويع tajwī' (v.n. 2 of جويع), Starving, famishing (one).

جويف tajwif (v.n. 2 of جويف), Hollowing, making concave.

tajwifāt (pl. of the preceding), Hollows, caverns.

adorned, fitted out, furnished; preparing or being prepared for anything.

A محمد tajhīz (v.n. 2 of محمد), Fitting out (a bride, traveller, &c.); equipping; adorning; furnishing (a funeral); carrying to the grave, burying, burial.

A جبل tajhil (v.u. 2 of جبل), Calling one

a fool, charging with ignorance.

A with high. A section of the tribe of Kindah, of which was Ibn Bishr, the assussin of Othman.

tajīr, A screen; a canvas fence (m.c.).
A المت taḥābb (v.n. 6 of منه), Loving each other; mutual love.

A احرات taḥārub (v.n. 6 of حرب), Fighting together, duelling, waging mutual war.

A عاسد tahūsud (v.n. 6 of حسد), Envying one another.

taḥāsīn (pl. of taḥsīn), Beauties. A خاصي taḥāshī (v.n. 6 of حشي), Standing apart; taking exception to by pronouncing ḥāshā, (God) forbid!

ل المكم taḥākum (v.n. 6 of مكم, Going to-

gether to a judge.

a خالف taḥāluf (v.n. 6 of حالف), Conspiring together, entering into an alliance, leaguing; swearing (plaintiff and defendant).

ا ممى laḥāṇā (v.n. 6 of حمى), Being

cautious; guarding oneself.

A مورت tahāurur (v.n. 6 of مورت), Carrying on a dialogue; answering one another; conversation.

A Als tahā'if (pl. of tuhfa), Rarities, curiosities, choice articles; valuable presents.

A see taht, The lower part (opp. to fauq,

upper part).

a تحتاني tahtānī, Lower, inferior; small, short; placed beneath, pointed below; ground-floor (m.c.).

a see tahta'l-hanak, A way of fastening the turban by passing a fold of it beneath the chin.

a القبوة taḥta 'l-qahwa, Food taken before drinking coffee.

A مجل tahjil (v.n. 2 of حجال), Having white feet (a horse); preparing a bridal chamber, or bringing the bride into it.

A حدب tahaddub (v.n. 5 of حدب), Being convex;—tahaddubi damāgh, The circumvolutions of the brain;—tahaddubi muşallasi qarniya, Staphyloma;— tahaddubi wajna, The surface of the cheek.

A مدى tahaddī (v.n. 5 of مدى), Doing anything equal to another; challenging (a rival); striving to overcome, competi-

tion.

(a sword, kuife, or the sight); describing or prescribing limits; defining logically.

A حدق taḥdīq (v.n. 2 of حدق), Looking

intently.

مذي taḥzīq (v.n. 2 of حذيي), Pretending

to be sharp, claiming skill.

cautioning, warning, bidding beware; putitng on one's guard; threatening, frightening, causing to fear.

مرز taḥarruz (v.n. 5 of حرز), Abstaining from, being timid, cautious; taking beed,

guarding oneself.

مرك taharruk (v.n. 5 of حرك), Moving oneself; being moved; becoming movable (a letter).

A خرمز taḥarmuz (v.n. 2 of حرمز), Being sharp, acute, intelligent; (an Arabism from ḥarām-zāda) bastardy; acting viciously.

اعرى A taḥarrī (v.n. 5 of عرى), Choosing

the most worthy and fitting; intending, designing, giving deliberate attention to;

delaying; staying.

A prof tahrir (v.n. 2 of), Setting at liberty, giving freedom; manumission; dedicating to the service of God; writing elegantly and accurately; a writing, written statement, document; fee for writing; ornamental lines;—tahrīri uqlīdis, Euclid's elements;—tahrīr shudan, To be written;—tahrīr kardan (kashīdan), To write.

taḥrirāna, In (or by) writing.

tahrīrāt (pl. of tahrīr), Writings, &c.

a تعربر کش taḥrīr-kash, A writer, a scribe. a تحريري taḥrīrī, Written, in writing.

A حَرِيْشُ, Irritating, setting (men or dogs) by the ears.

A حريص tahrīṣ (v.n. 2 of حريص), Making greedy, inflaming.

A حرف tahrīz (v.n. 2 of حرف), Instigating, exciting, provoking to, inflaming.

A خريفات tahrizāt, Provocations.

مرف tahrīf (v.n. 2 of حريف), Changing, inverting, transposing (letters), forming an anagram; inversion, transposition; mistranscription, clerical error; falsification (of a text); cutting the nib of a pen obliquely.

ا تحریفات taḥrīfāt (pl. of the preceding),

Changes; anagrams.

A تحريق taḥrīq (v.n. 3 of مرى), Consuming by fire.

ا جريك م خوريك م taḥrīk (v.n. 2 of حريك م). Putting in motion; motion, movement; agitation; commotion; incitement, instigation, temptation; marking a consonant with a vowel-point; inflecting every consonant (being at least two) with fatha.

A حرم taḥrīm (v.n. 2 of حرم), Prohibiting, interdicting; rendering venerable or sacred; donning the pilgrim's garb; not com-

pletely dressing leather.

a tahrīma, Assumption of a pilgrim's garb; saying Allāhu akbar at the beginning of prayer;—tahrīma'i 'ishā bastan, To perform evening prayer.

taḥrīmī, Prohibited by law. تحريمي ▲

א בעש ב' taḥozzun (v.n. 5 of פינט), Being afflicted, grieving.

A عُونِين tahzīn (v.n. 2 of عُونِين), Making sorrowful, causing grief.

تصس tahs, A heart overwhelmed with grief (see خصب).

tahassur (v.n. 5 of ...), Sighing; grieving for, sorrowing after; regretting; grief, regret; condolence.

ار مسر taḥsīr (v.n. 2 of حسير), Wearying; throwing into a fit of grief; hurting, afflict-

mg

A تحسيس taḥsīs (v.n. 2 of حسّ), Feeling, perceiving, seeing, finding, knowing.

A مسين taḥsīn (v.n. 2 of مسين), Doing

تعم

well and handsomely; rendering good, comely, or pleasing; approbation; applause, cheers;—taḥsīn kardan, To approve, applaud; to bless.

َ a بَا اللَّهِ tahein-asar, Worthy of approbation.

A تحشم tahashehum (v.n. 5 of حشم), Blushing, being ashamed; train, retinue, procession (= ḥasham).

مشيه tahshiyat (v.n. 2 of حشيه), Stuffing; making an edge or border; writing

marginal notes to a book.

ng oneself; being chaste (a woman); retiring to a fortress; becoming a stallion

(who hisan).

A best tahsil (v.n. 2 of lecting, gathering, gaining; acquiring; acquisition, study; profit, attainment; sum, substance (of a discourse); collection of revenues or rent;—tahsili dunyā u dīn, The acquisition of wealth and advancement of religion, i.e. the present world and the next;—tahsil kardan, To amass, gather, gain, acquire; to collect (the public revenue); to study (m.c.); to produce, make manifest;—tālibāni tahsīl, Students, pnpils (m.c.).

A تحميلات taḥṣīlāt (pl. of the preceding),

Acquisitions, collections, &c.

a عسل دار taḥṣīl-dar, A collector of revenue.

a تصيل دارى taḥṣīl-dārī, The office of revenue-collector.

a منها تصيل عابطة taḥṣūl-ṣābiṭa. (in India) An account showing the daily payments of the ryots to the Sirkār.

A تحمين tahṣīn (v.n. 2 of حص), Fortifying, defending, surrounding with a wall.

مض taḥṣiz (v.n. 2 of حصيف), Making

greedy, instigating, exciting.

La tuhfat, tuhafat, tuhfa, A gift, present; an excellent, rare thing, worthy of being presented, rarity, curiosity, choice thing; title of many books, as tuhfatu 's-salāṭīn, "Present for Kings," a treatise on politics; -tuhfa bastan, To prepare a choice present; -tuhfa dādan, To give a present.

a what tuhfajāt, Rarities; presents.

lant, cautious; taking heed to oneself; committing to memory; recollecting one by one.

tuhfagi, A rarity, treat, present. a تحفاد tuhfahà (P. pl. of A. تحفا), Rare presents.

α ωρφο δως tuhfa-ma'jūn, A wit, a wag.

مفيط tahjīz (v.n. 2 of مفيط), Committing or causing to commit to memory.

A ملك tohaqquq (v.n. 5 of حال), Being true (news); proving to be truth, fact, or reality; certainty.

A محقير tahqir (v.n. 2 of حقير), Despising,

contemning, treating with contempt; scorn, disdain; neglect.

a قايرانة tahqirāna, Contemptuously.

A تحقيق tahqiq (v.n. 2 of حقيق), Ascertaining the truth, verifying; verification; acknowledging as true, believing; truth, fact, reality, certainty;—ahli tahqiq, Philosophers, doctors.

A تحقیقات taḥqīqāt (pl. of the preceding),

Certainties, verities.

a هامَيَة tahqiqāna, According to truth or fact, in reality, certainly.

a تحقیقی tahqīqī, Sure, certain, confirma-

tory.

ing, lording over, obtaining the ascendency; control, dominion, authority, usurpation; deciding judicially, passing sentence, condemning.

A تحكيم taḥkīm (v.n. 5 of مكم), Putting in authority; arbitration; control; restrain-

ing one from doing as he wishes.

A مَالِمَ taḥillat (v.n. 2 of حَالُ), Making lawful; redeeming an oath.

removed (from its place); becoming moved.

A خات tahalluq (v.n. 5 of خات), Sitting in circles (people).

A علم tahallum (v.n. 5 of علم), Being patient, mild, gentle; becoming fat and corpulent.

sweetmeats; finding (a thing) to be sweet; (v.n. 5 of حلى), Being adorned with bracelets and other female ornaments.

A خلية tahliyat (v.n. 2 of حاري), Sweetening (a ptisau);—(v.n. 2 of حلي), Dressing (a woman) with jewels and other ornaments; describing, pourtraying by form and external appearance.

ملف tahlif (v.n. 2 of حليف), Making

swear, exacting an oath.

close (the head); marking (a camel) with circles; soaring high in the air and skim-

ming in circles (a bird).

A تحليل tahlil (v.n. 2 of مل), Untying (a knot); loosing; dissolving, discussing (in a medical sense); solubility; solution; digestion; concoction; assimilation; making lawful (especially a thrice-divorced woman to her first husband by marrying her for the sake of divorcing her after consummation); — tahlil burdan, To digest; — tahlili quwá, Decline, decay of the vital powers.

A خليم taḥlām (v.n. 2 of حلم), Rendering patient, tractable; esteeming one to be

loug-suffering.

A حمل tahammul (v.n. 5 of حمل). Bearing, carrying a load; enduring patiently, putting up with; patience, endurance, long-suffering, resignation; meekness, humility;

truce, peace; -tahammul kardan, To load; to bear, to suffer: to forbear.

a ممل كدار taḥammul-gudāz, Impatient, intolerant.

taḥmīd (v.n. 2 of حمد), Praising much; thanking God, saying al-hamdu li-'llāh, God be praised!

taḥmīq (v.n. 2 of حمق), Calling one a fool;—tahmīq kardan, To call one a fool.

ممل taḥmīl (v.n. 2 of حمل), Imposing a burden, burdening, loading; importunity; asking more than one's right.

aḥannī (v.n. 5 of حنى), Being محنى ٨

curved, bent; twisting.

Laḥawwur (v.n. 5 of حور له taḥawwur (v.n. 5 of حور spatch, celerity; anger.

taḥawwul (v.n. 5 of عول Moving تحول

from place to place.

aḥwīl (v.n. 2 of حويل ه taḥwīl (v.n. 2), Altering, changing, transmuting; change, transfer, transformation; renovation; return; passing from one sign to another (sun, &c.); care, trust, charge, deposit; revenue; credit; cash, funds, capital; a treasury;tahwil kardan, To consign, to make over to; to manifest, to publish.

tahwilat (pl. of the preceding),

Revolutions.

a تحويلدار taḥwīl-dār, Cash-keeper, treasurer; custodian (m.c.).

a جويلداري tahwīl-dārī, Office of cashkeeper, &c.

taḥīyāt (pl. of the next), Saluta-

tions, greetings, &c.

مى tahāyat (v.n. 2 of حية), Saluting, greeting; salutation, compliment, congratulation; prayer, benediction.

A n= tahaiyur (v.n. 5 of n=), Being astonished, confounded, disturbed; astonishment, amazement, wonder; bewilderment, confusion.

A معرد tahaiyuz (v.n. 5 of حمر), Being coiled up, coiling itself up (a serpent).

مير tahyīr (v.n. 2 of حبير), Astonishing, amazing, bewildering, confusing.

نع ta<u>kh</u>, Dregs of sesame.

A مرح takhāruj (v.n. 6 of مخرع), Dividing property by the mutual consent of the coheritors (one taking the house, another the land, &c.).

ن ta<u>kh</u>āzan, A cucumber.

م بالمانة takhāṭub (v.n. 6 of مطب), Conversing face to face.

A ble takhātur (v.n. 6 of be), Laying down stakes.

a تخالت takhāful (v.n. 6 of تخالت , Communicating secrets to one another.

A العالم takhālut (v.n. 6 of العالم Mixing in

society.

ماف takhāluf (v.n. 6 of خالف معالف takhāluf (v.n. 6 of ماه posing one another; contention, animosity,

ا خامص takhāmuş (v.n. 6 of محامص), Being somewhat dark (the night), soon after the

setting and before the rising of the sun; paying a debt and receiving a discharge; being lifted off and laid on one side.

مخبر takhabbur (v.n. 5 of خبر), Inquir ing, asking news or information; being acquainted, conversant with.

A محبط takhabbut (v.n. 5 of محبط), Losing one's way; becoming silly; rendering mad.

A P takht (Z. thwakhshta), A royal throne, chair of state; a seat, sofa; a bed; any place raised above the ground for sleeping, sitting, or reclining; a saddle; a capital, the royal residence: a wardrobe, clothes-press, chest; \[\int takhti abn\bar{u}s\bar{i}\], Night; —takhti arasta, An ornamented throne; takhti ardshīr, Name of a musical note; takhti jamshed, Persepolis;—takhti chūbī, A gun-carriage; —takhti hāsibān, A board on which the accountants pour sand and write upon with a pencil or iron or wood (hence also called takhti mil); — takhti hairan and takhti dawud, Two mountains near Taft in the province of Yazd; -takhti khāwar khudāy, The splendour of the sun; -takhti khwāb, A bedstead (m.c.);--lakhti khwurshed bar sari zirghām, The sun in the sign Leo;—takhti rāhī. The royal road, the highway; -takhti rawan (rawanda), A travelling-bed, a litter with poles, like our sedan-chairs, but borne by mules; the throne of Solomon; an easy-paced horse; the sky; name of four stars in the constellation of the Bear; —takht zadan (kashidan, nihādan), To erect a throne; to place it on the back of an elephant when the king goes to war; -takhti sarāj, Name of the college of Abū Ishāk; — takhti sulaimān, The famous fortress of Kashghar; name of a mountain in Kashmir visited as the place where Solomon's throne alighted;—takhti sulaimani, The throne on which Solomon was carried through the air; -takht shudani damāgh, To recover from intoxication; -ta<u>kh</u>t shudani afyūn (taryāk), To become inebriated with opium; — takhti tāqdīsī, Name of a throne belonging to Faridun; name of a note in music;—takhti ţā'usī, A throne adorned with a peacock made of jewels, belonging to Sultan Shihabu 'd-din Muhammad of Ghazna; — takhti 'aj, A throne of ivory; (met.) day; white thighs; —lakhti firoza, The firmament; name of the throne of Khusraw; -takhti kulāh, A wooden cap worn by criminals as a punishment;—takhti mahtābī, A levelled terrace or raised platform to enjoy the moonlight; -takhti humāyūn, The august, royal, or imperial residence;—takht yā takhta, A throne or a bier, spoken on engaging in a desperate enterprise ("a coronet or Westminster Abbey");] $-tu\underline{k}\underline{h}t$ (for $du\underline{k}\underline{h}t$), A daughter; a weight of 600 (according to others, of 400) drams.

takht-bakht, Throne and fortune.

يون بوث takht-posh, The covering of a throne.

خت خالا خت خالا takht-khāna, A royal residence; a capital.

icht-dār, A species of cloth, either white or black, which the Kings of Persia, especially the Dārās (Darius), used to spread over their throne; bed-clothes.

tukhtar (for dukhtar), A daughter. ختر takht-gäh, The place where the throne stands; royal residence, capital.

تخت گير ta<u>kh</u>i-gīr, A throne-seizer, a powerful monarch.

العظامة takhtala, A walking-staff; shoes.

A متم takhattum (v.n. 5 of متم), Putting on a seal-ring.

نان نشان تعد الملائمة takht-nishān, Throne-bestowing.

خت نشين ta<u>kh</u>t-nishīn, Sitting on the throne; a reigning prince;—ta<u>kh</u>t-nishīnāni <u>kh</u>āk, Dwellers upon earth; kings; spirits; devout men.

ا نشينى نشينى la<u>kh</u>t-nishīnī, Accession, reign. takhta, A board, plank; a table; a ختة table upon which dead bodies are stretched and washed before interment; tablets; memorandum-book; a single sheet of paper; a little bed, couch; a bier, a litter; the pedestal of a statue; [takhta'i usturash (āsiyā), A plough-beam;—takhta'i auwal, The table of the divine decrees; a schoolboy's writing-board; — takhta'i ta'līm, A writing-board; — takhta'i jāma, A large press; a calender, beetle, or anything similar, by which linens are beat, pressed, or smoothed; an instrument of torture, made like a horse;—takhta'i jauharī, The colours green and blue;—takhta'i hamām, A stone slab in a public bath, where they perform their prayers; -takhta'i khāk, The surface of the earth; -takhta'i dar, The panel of a door;-takhta'i ruqum, A magical or astrological table;—takhta zadan, To clean cotton (takhta probably clerical error for pakhta); -- takhta zadani tarsayan, To ring a rattle (instead of a bell), as the Christians do in Muhammadan countries;--takhta'i zarnikh, A live coal;—takhta'i sālkhwurd, Stories of old times; - takhta'i supar, The wood in which the plough-share is fixed, a plough-beam; -- takhta'i shatranj, A chess-board ;—takhta'i 'āj, A throne of ivory; milk-white hips; day; — takhta'i gannād, A board on which sweetments and confectioneries are laid out ;—takhta'i qīma, A wooden board on which meat is cut up for h shing; -takhta'i kishti, The plank of a ship;—lakhla'i kafshgar, A shoemaker's board, upon which he cuts out his leather; takhta'i kulāh, = takhti kulāh, q.v. under :—takhta'i gû'ī, The mace or club with which the ball is struck;—takhta'i muhasibān, The earth;—takhta'i muḥāsibān shawad, Dust falls upon his head and soils him; —takhta'i mashq, A school-boy's writing-board; anything frequently used;—takhta'i miyāna, The sky;—takhta'i mīnā, The firmament;—takhta'i nān, A baker's kneading-board; a plain flat table; a large flat dish, with a brass rim round it;—takhta'i nard, A dice-table, backgaumon-board;—takhta'i nardi ābnūsī, The zodiac;—takhta'i yakh, A sheet of transparent ice;]—tukhta, Paid, discharged.

المنت المغلق ال

upon a broken bone; a floor; a prison; confined, guarded.

تختم بندي takhta-bandī, Boarding, wainscot;—takhta-bandī kardan, To wainscot (m.c.).

عند بيد takhta-bīd, A bug (Cimex lectuarius).

بل مخته بل ta<u>kh</u>ta-pul, Pontoon bridge; ta<u>kh</u>tu-puli dastī, Draw-bridge (m.c.).

الدار takhta-post-andaz, An intruder.

نخته پوش takhta-posh, Stage, wooden floor.

نينه ديواري ta<u>kh</u>ta-dīwāre, A wall of boards, a wooden wall.

تخته کشیده takhta-kashīda, Floored; floor. وين takhta-gardan, Broad, thick, straight-necked.

تعتم كولى ta<u>kh</u>ta-gū'ī, = ta<u>kh</u>ta'i gū'ī, q.v. under

a تخته مشق اa<u>kh</u>ta-mashq, A school-boy's writing-board, (met.) anything frequently used (see takhta'i mashq under خته).

takhli, Becoming a throne; a board on which children learn to write; a signet of stone; the breast.

خول takhjal, (in the dialect of Shīrāz) Pinching, a pinch.

takhjum, Covetous, greedy, selfish.

A خوال takhjūl (v.n. 2 of خوال), Putting to the blush.

A مدر takhdir (v.n. 2 of مدر), Narcotism. اعدم, Having a white ring on the lower part of the hind legs (a horse); causing oneself to be served, exacting or accepting the services of another.

A خربه takhrib (v.n. 2 of خرب), Destroying, demolishing, razing, devastating far and wide; demolition, devastation, destruction.

A خرج takhrij (v.n. 2 of خرج), Bringing out, educing; instructing in learning and politeness.

أ خرى A تخريدى A takhriq (v.n. 2 of خرى), Tearing, lacerating very much.

خس takhas, takhs, Anxiety, grief, sorrow.

مسر takhsīr (v.n. 2 of خسير ه), Causing loss, damaging, destroying.

takhsh, A cross-bow; an arrow; a rocket; the chief seat, the one who occupies it.

takhshā, One who tries to do anything with energy.

A بشخ takhashshub (v.n. 5 of بشع), Catalepsy.

A خشخ takhashshu' (v.n. 5 of خشخ), Humbling oneself, becoming or being humble.

تخشيدي takhshīdan, To sit on the high seat.

A خصيت takhşīş (v.n. 2 of خصر), Making peculiar and special; particularizing; reserving for oneself; appropriation; particularity, speciality.

A منع takhazzu (v.n. 5 of منع , Hum-

bling oneself.

العطى takhatli (v.n. 5 of عطى), Erring,

blundering, offending lightly.

A خطعه takhti'at, takhtiyat, takhtiya (v.n. 2 of خطی), Leading into error; blaming for a fault, charging with error or crime.

A مُعْلَمُ takhtāt (v.n. 2 of مُعْلَمُ), Weaving or marking (cloth) with stripes; drawing lines well.

A تعلير takh fir (v.n. 2 of عطر), Protecting, patronizing; causing to blush, putting to shame.

A خطيف takhfif (v.n. 2 of عفر), Making light, alleviating; abbreviating; softening the pronunciation by suppressing a letter or taking off the tanwin; making light of, despising; mitigation, palliation, extenuation; abatement, reduction; decay;—takhfif dādan (kardan), To ease; to mitigato.

a معمد takhjīfa, A small turban worn

during sleep or in private.

تخكلون ,ta<u>kh</u>kulūz, تخكلول ta<u>kh</u>kalūl, تخكلون ta<u>kh</u>kalān, ئخكلون ta<u>kh</u>kala, A hard nut (see

takhgam, A summer-house; a country in Turkistan (unsupported by

examples).

Wearing the ankle-ring khalkhāl (a woman); coming to pieces; becoming old and worn out; separation.

A خلف takhalluf (v.n. 5 of خلف), Remaining behind; being left behind; delay-

ing; going back.

a خالی خالی خالی tā<u>kh</u>alluq (v.n. 5 of علی), Inventing a lie; imitating the manner of another; perfuming with a spice called <u>kh</u>alūq; kindness; polite manners.

المن takhallul (v.n. 5 of على). Disturbance, discord, dissension; interruption; picking the teeth.

ماخة takhla, A staff; a pair of shoes; bits,

scraps.

ملی takhallī (v.n. 5 of خلی), Abandon-

ing, leaving empty or alone; being alone; being vacant, at leisure.

A خلية takhliyat (v.n. 2 of خلي), Vacating, abandoning, leaving empty or alone; emptiness; vacuum.

ا ماله ta<u>kh</u>lid (v.n. 2 عملید), Adorning (with bracelets or ear-rings); making lasting or perpetual.

A خليم 'takhliş (v.n. 2 of خليم), Showing sincere love; saving, delivering, rescuing, preserving from evil.

A خليط takhlīṭ (v.n. 2 of خليط), Mixing, confounding, disturbing, perplexing any business; embroilment.

لفائد takhlif (v.n. 2 of خليف), Leaving behind; tying up one teat, that the milk may not run out, and milking the other entirely.

A ملك takhlīq (v.n. 2 of ملك), Forming well, completing; anointing with an aromatic called khalūq, or with saffron.

A عليك takhlīl (v.n. 2 of على), Turning (anything) sour; making vinegar; letting (water) run amongst the beard and between the fingers during the wuzu ablution.

A > takhm (v.n.), Suffering from indigestion;—tukhm, The boundary or limits between two countries; a march-stone.

tukhm (S. tokma, Z. taokhma), Seed; sperm; an egg; origin, principle; cholera morbus, flux and vomit; [tukhmi bādrūj, Seeds of the white basil;—tukhmi bā ingū, Balingu-seed (Dracocephali Royleani semina), considered a specific against palpitations; -tukhmi balsan, The fruit of the balsam of Mecca plant; -tukhmi bang, Henbane seed; -tukhmi bīd-anjīr, The seed of the castor-oil plant; -tukhmi panj-angusht, The seeds of the five-leaved chaste-tree (Agnus castus), a powerful auti-aphrodisiac; -tu<u>kh</u>mi jārob, Crow's foot ;—tu<u>kh</u>mi juhūd, Dispersed, scattered, ruined; -lukhmi chize bar-uftadan, To perish entirely without leaving a trace or sign; -tukhmi harām, A bastard; a child of adultery; -lukhmikhar, Offspring of an ass (m.c.); —tukhmi khafraj, Cariophyllum; — tukhmi khalil (khilāl), Seed of crow's foot; — tukhmi dirmana, Worm-seed; — tukhmi rang, The seeds of the indigo plant (Indigofera anil); —tu<u>kh</u>mi raiḥān, Purslain ;—tu<u>kh</u>mi zardak, Carrot-seeds (used as a diuretic); -tukhmi saped, White seed; mustard seed; mustard ;—tukhmi sag-māhī, Caviare ;—tukhmi sharbatī, White basil seed (important ingredient of iced sherbet); -tukhmi sha $q\bar{a}'iq$, Poppy-seed (used against bleeding of the nose); -tukhmi ghaliya, The fruit of the ban-tree; — tukhmi kajira (kafisha), Bastard saffron seed (Carthami tinctorii semina);—tu<u>kh</u>mi kattān, Linseed;—tu<u>kh</u>mi karchak, The seeds of the castor-oil plaut

(Ricinus communis); — tukhmi karafe, Celery-seed (considered a diuretic); tukhmi mahī, Fish-spawn ;—tukhmi murgh, A bird's egg; -tukhm nihādan, To lay an egg;]-tukham, A cloth stretched upon two sticks, in which they catch such things as are thrown to the people on days of rejoicing.

tukhmār, A dart having no point.

طوقمات tukhmaq (for T. طوقماق), Pestle, rammer (in.c.).

tukhm-bāzī, A game played by خم بازی children with eggs.

بنم نخم tukhm-bad, Of bad stock, lowbred.

tukhmdān, A nursery-ground.

נצי tukhm-rez, Sowing; a sower; a sown field; an omelet; hashed meat, upon which eggs are poured and fried.

ريزى tukhm-rezi, Seed-sowing; seedtime.

tukhm-gar, A sower.

tukhmugān, Purslain; the tes-

ticles; anything growing from seed.

** tukhma, Flux and vomit, cholera; indigestion; origin, principle; root, stock. by best tukhma-zada, Dyspeptic.

tukhma-farosh, A grain-dealer. مخمه فروش تخميالة tukhmiyana, Seed; seed for sowing.

مر takhmīr (v.n. 2 of خمير), Causing to ferment; fermenting, forming into leaven: fermentation; mixing, kneading; shaping; - zamīri maḥabbat-takhmīr, A mind mixed or leavened with friendship.

A معيس takhmis (v.n. of معيس), Dividing into five parts; making a pentagon, or anything of five angles.

A خمين takhmin (v.n. 2 of خمين), Conjecturing, guessing; estimating, judging; guess; appraisement, valuation.

ه تخمينات takhminan, P. مخمينات takhminana, By conjecture or guess, by appraisement, nearly, about, more or less; conjecturally, hypothetically (m.c.).

a تخمينى ta<u>kh</u>mīnī, Conjectural.

tukhwar, The king of Dahistan in Kai-Khusrav's army; Wazir and confident of Farud, the son of Siyawush.

A خوك takhawwuf (v.n. 5 of خوك), Being terrified; diminishing.

له المعول takhawwul (v.n. 5 of عول Minding, attending to.

A مخون takhawwun (v.n. 5 of مخون), Withholding a due; minding, attending to,

A خويف lakhwif (v.n. 2 of خويف), Territying, putting in fear; threatening; threat.

A خويل takhwil (v.n. 2 of خويل), Giving possession, granting a request, giving one a preference to others; appointing king.

لون A خوين A takhwin (v.n. 2 of خوين), Accusing of trenchery, declaring anything perfidious. ل الميل takhayyul (v.n. 5 of خيل, Passing before the mind; imagining, fancying; imagination, fancy; hope.

A تخيلات takhayyulāt (pl. of the preceding),

Imaginations, fancies, suspicions.

A خيمر takhyir (v.n. 2 of خيمر), Giving the option; giving the preference; choice, selection.

A مغيل takhyīl (v.n. 2 of مغيل), Making one suppose or fancy; deceiving; pretending to, practising deception.

a خيبلي takhyili, Imaginary, imaginative.

A تدانير tadābīr (pl. of tadbīr), Regulations; counsels.

A العالم tadakhul (v.n. 6 of العالم). The entering of one thing into another; insertion; interfering with one another; meddling, interference, importunity.

A تدارك tadāruk (v.n. 6 of درك , Repairing, mending; following one another, the last being close to, or overtaking the first; visiting with punishment; remedy; reparation; punishment; expedieut; management; provision; ammunition; the means of warding off evil or procuring justice; precaution; —tadārukash-rā dīdan, To provide for him (m.c.);—tadāruki rū-siyāhi, Attempt to whitewash oneself (m.c.).

تدارك بدير tadāruk-pazīr, Reparable.

A دعى tadā'ī (v.n. 6 of دعى), Challenging each other; approaching (an adversary); threatening ruin, falling down (the walls of a house).

دانع ه tadāfu' (v.n. 6 of دنع), Thrusting one another back in battle, a repelling, driving back; warding off; conflicting, being mutually repugnant; opposition, resis-

tadāmīr (pl. of tadmīr), Devastations.

ه اول ه tadāwul (v.n. 6 of دول). Handing from one to another; doing or taking alternately or by turns; circulating; tradition.

ر دوی tadāwī (v.n. 6 of دوی), Medicating oneself, preparing and taking medicine oneself; preparing a medicine, applying a remedy, healing, curing; dressing a wound.

Ladabbur (v.n. 5 of יציא), Meditating upon, understanding, perceiving; deliberating; looking to the end or result of an

تدبيح A تدبيح tadbīḥ (v.n. 2 of دبح), Bowing the head and putting it forward in humility and submission.

A تدبيخ tadbīkh (v.n. 2 of دبع), Bending forward.

Ladbir (v.n. 2 of دبر), Setting in order, arranging, disposing, administering, regulating, managing; giving liberty to a slave after one's death; deliberation, council, opinion; advice, counsel; contrivance, device, provision; policy, prudence, skill; -tadbīri sultanat. Politics ;-tadbīri ghizā, Regimen, diet ;—tadbīri kār kardan, To manage an affair; —tadbīr kardan, To take a measure or a step ;—tadbīri manāzil, Household economy.

tadbīrāt (pl. of the preceding),

Regulations, opinions, &c.

a تدبير هناس tadbīr-shinās, Wise, prudent. ك tadassur (v.n. 5 of دثر), Wrapping oneself in a cloak; mounting the female; mounting on horseback.

لاحرج tadahruj (v.n. 2 of دعرع), Being turned or revolved; turning, revolving (n.).

adkhīn, The emitting of smoke. تدخين

A تدرب tadarrub (v.n. 5 of درب), Becoming habituated; being accustomed; being assiduous, persevering.

درج tadarruj (v.n. 5 of درج), Ascending step by step; approaching gradually.

A تدریب tadrib (v.n. 2 of تدریب), Exercising, habituating, training.

الدريج A تدريج tadrīj (v.n. 2 of يدريج), Advancing,

promoting by degrees; gradation, scale. مرجا" ه tadrijan, Step by step, gradually. درس tadrīs (v.n. 2 of درس), Teaching from books, instruction by reading; lectur-

A تدسية tadsiyat, tadsiya (v.n. 2 of دسي), Leading astray; seducing, corrupting.

دفن tadfin (v.n. 2 of دفن), Burying in the ground; burial, interment, funeral.

دق tadqiq (v.n. 2 of تدنيق ه tadqiq (v.n. 2 of thin, slender, fine; pounding small; considering minutely, scrutinizing; speaking abstrusely.

م تدلك tadalluk (v.n. 5 of دلك), Rubbing one's body when bathing, or perfuming it

with dalūk,

تدلل ه tadallul (v.n. 5 of Js), Toying, fondling, caressing; coquetry; pretending anger or disdain (like lovers).

دلى tadallī (v.n. 5 of دلى), Hanging down (anything from a tree); approaching; letting oneself down; abasing oneself.

A تدلیس tadlīs (v.n. 2 of دلس), Concealing the faults of goods on sale.

تدمر م tadmur, Tadmor, Palmyra.

Ladmir (v.n. 2 of دمر), Ruining, utterly destroying; fumigating his hidingplace (a hunter) with the burnt hair of wild beasts, that they may not be able to get scent of him; perdition, ruin.

A تدنس tadannus (v.n. 5 of تدنس , Becoming contaminated, nasty, filthy, blemished, tarnished.

يدني tadannī (v.n. 5 of دني), Approach ing little by little.

a تدنيس tadnis (v.n. 2 of دنس), Staining, defiling, sullying, profaning.

دنق tadniq (v.n. 2 of دنق), Fixing the eye steadily; being sunk in the socket (an eye); descending to the west (the sun); looking negligently or feebly.

تدو tadav, A pheasant; a certain insect

bred in baths (see تاتو and تذو and تاتو).

دوير tadwir (v.n. 2 of دوير), Causing to

turn in a circle; revolution; epicycle;tadwir kardan, To revolve.

دون tadwin (v.n. 2 of دون), Collecting (poems) into one book; inscribing (names) in public books or muster-rolls (dīwān).

تنيدة tada (probably a contraction of تنيدة

q.v.), Spun; a web.

دهن tadahhun (v.n. 5 of دهن), Oiling one's body; being anointed, greased.

دهين Ladhin (v.n. 2 of دهين), Anointing,

oiling; embrocation; unction.

دين tadaiyun (v.n. 5 of دين). Borrowing, getting into debt, begging a loan; being tenacious of, or upright and steadfast in, one's religion; constancy in religion, religiousness.

A تذبلب tazabzub (v.n. 2 of تذبلب), Shaking, waving, flapping; commotion, agitation, palpitation; wavering, vacillation; sus-pension of judgment; perplexity, uncertainty, doubt; ambiguity.

a تذرع tazarj (from the following), A

pheasant.

تذرو tazarv, A cock pheasant; the jungle cock; - tazarwi zarnikh, A live coal; tazarwi zarin-par, Fire; the sun.

tazarwī, The manners and gait of

a pheasant.

نكر tazakkur (v.n. 5 of نكر), Remembering, keeping in one's memory; recalling to one's recollection.

🛦 تفكرة tazkirat, tazkira, tazkara, Memory, remembrance; anything that aids the memory (as a knot tied on the pockethandkerchief); biographical memoir, biography; a billet, schedule, obligation, handwriting; official note; -tazkiratan, By way of reminding, by mentioning.

تذكرتا" tazkiratan (for تذكرتا"), By way of re-

minding, by mentioning.

A ذكر tazkiyat (v.n. 2 of ذكر), Slaughter.

ing; stirring a fire.

دكر tazkīr (v.n. 2 of دكر), Reminding, admonishing, advising; rendering masculine; the masculine gender.

دلّ tazallul (v.n. 5 of قدلل م), Submitting, supplicating; submission, humility, tame-

A تذليق tazlīk (v.n. 2 of نائق), Making

anything sharp or pointed.

يَّذُليل A تَذَليل tazlīl (v.n. 2 of ذَل), Debasing, degrading, humiliating; holding in contempt; mastering, subjugating; humiliation, abasement, depression; -tazlīl kardan, To subdue; to despise.

A تذنيب taznīb (v.n. 2 of ذلب), Fixing, or

adorning with, a train or tail.

تذو tazav, A kind of winged insect propaguted chiefly in baths (see تاتو and تند and تاتو).

by تذرو tazwar, A pheasant (from تذور transposition of the last two letters).

الاهب الاهيب الاهيب المzhīb (v.n. 2 of تذهيب الم illuminating (a manuscript). ديل tazyīl (v.n. 2 of لايل), Appendix.

tar (S. tara), A particle which, added to Persian adjectives, forms the comparative degree: as bih, Good, bihtar, Better; bad,

Bad, badtar, Worse.

j tar, Moist, wet, juicy; fresh, green; tender, soft; a small bird with a melodious voice; a restless fellow; a quarrelsome gamester, who takes up what he has staked; a fornicator; polluted, impudent, obscene; a stake; -lar shudan, To become moist; (met.) to be afflicted, offended, vexed, especially at another's jests or railleries; tar kardan, To moisten; to irrigate;—tar kardan zabān, (met.) To put a morsel into one's mouth, to take a little food; to speak harshly or roughly; -tar nihādan, To steep, to soak;—tar u tāza kardan, To refresh; -tar u khushk, Moist and dry; much or

A j tarr (v.n.), Cutting; being remote, distant, separate; — turr, Root, origin; a plumb-line, or other mason's rule for making buildings perpendicular and level.

If tard, High (wall such as surrounds a palace or citadel); a mud wall; a dam; tura, Thee, to thee, on account of thee (oblique case of the personal pronoun tu).

تراب tarāb (imp. of tarābīdan), Flow; a flowing; (water) flowing or oozing; oozy,

plashy; elegance; address, skill.

turāb, Ground, earth, dust;—turābu 'l-qai' (lit. emetic earth), A resinous matter, used in Persia as a vomitive;turābi saidā, Sidonian earth ;—abū turāb, Name of Ali.

a توأب آلودة turāb-ālūda, Dust-soiled. tarābish, A flowing; a wave, flow, flux.

a ترابى turābī, Earthly, earthen, earthy. ترابيدي tarābīdan, To Bow, ooze, exude. تراتيوك tarā-tezak, Rocket (a herb).

A فرات turas (v.n. of ورث), Inheriting; heritage.

المين larāj (=A. آمين), Amen, so let it be; -turrāj, A woodcock.

ارجع tarāju (v.n. 6 of تراجع tarāju (v.n. 6 of back; returning; declining.

تراجل tarājil, Parsley (doubtful word). تراختن tarākhtan, tirākhtan, To make great haste.

ل اردك tarāduf (v.n. 6 of زادك), Following each other; sitting one behind the other; uninterrupted succession, consecutiveness; being synonymous; a synonym.

أَوْلُونُ tarāra, Timid ; fear ; a dunghill.

ils tarāz, Raw silk; a fir-tree; name of a city in Turkistān; —tirāz, turāz, Beauty; adornment.

ازة tarāzā, A balance, scale, weight; comprehension, understanding; the sign Libra; equilibrium, counterpoise; equity, justice; to fall; to writhe; to flee from battle;—larāzā'i anjum, An astrolabe; tarazū'i āhanī-dosh, A balance with an iron beam ; -tarāzā bar-afrākhtan (rawān kardan, nihādan), To set up a balance;—tarāzu'i pūlād-sanjān, A short spear, dart, pike ;tarāzū'i charkh, tarāzū'i falak, The sign Libra; — tarāzū chashma dāshtan, To outweigh; —tarāzū'i zar, The sun; —tarāzū'i sang-zan, A balance one side of which outweighs the other; —tarāzū shudan, To be a match for each other :-tarāzū'i qiyāmat, The balance of human actions on the day of judgment; —tarāzā'i kalām, Measure of a verse, the quantity of a poetical foot;tarāzū'i nāranj, Scales made by children of orange-peel;—tarāzū'i nazm. The theory of metres, prosody.

tarāzūdān, The scale of a ba-

lance.

ترازيدن tarāzīdan, To make; to adorn, to embellish; to embroider (see طراريدي).

tarrās, A shield-bearer; a targetmaker or vendor.

مراس A تراس taräss (v.n. 6 of رمتن), Telling one another secrets.

tarāsh, Desire, expectation ; erasure; pared; a razor; a pen-knife; (in comp.) shaving, scraping, erasing, paring;—tarāsh zadan, To pare; to shave, to cut the hair; —tarāsh kardan, To carve images.

tarāeh-kharāsh, A neat form. تراش خراش تراهش tarāshish, A graven image; a piece of sculpture; a shaving, a paring.

tarāsha, Pared; a shaving, chip, splinter; nail-parings; a slice of a melon. tarāsha-chīn, Who picks up crumbs, &c.; a gleaner.

tarāshīdan, To shave, pare, scrape, erase, cancel; to smoothe (as in a lathe),

cut, hew; to make a pen.

تراهيدة turāshīda, Shaved, scraped, pared. A رَضَ tarāṣṣ (v.n. 6 of رَضّ), Being set in close array.

مراضى ه tarāzī (v.n. 6 of رهي), Acquiescing, being content and satisfied with each other; mutual satisfaction.

a تراك tarāq (for P. تراك), A crack; the noise of crack or blow; blow; — tarāq khwurdan, To receive a blow, slap, smack (m.c.).

ا تراقى A تراقى tarūqī (pl. of tarquwat, turquwat,

Collar-bones, shoulder-blades.

زاك tarāk, A crack, split, cleft; the noise of anything when splitting or cleaving; thunder.

تراكاستن tarākāstan, To distil, drop, exude.

ارکم tarākum (v.n. 6 of تراکم Being heaped, pressed together, condensed; accumulation, heap; crowd, throng, press.

tarākimat (pl. of turkmān), The Turkomans who rove about and live in

tarākima-hā (P. pl. of the A. pl. of turkmin), The Turkomans (m.c.). a خاکه tarāka, Inheritance, heritage.

م تراكيب tarākīb (pl. of tarkīb), Compounds.

تراكيدي tarākīdan, To split, cleave; to be

split; to make a noise in splitting.

tarāmī (v.n. 6 of رومی), Darting, throwing at one another stones or arrows; being remiss, relaxed (any business); delaying.

تر انگبين tar-angubin, Manna.

with tarana (S. taruna), A handsome youth; modulation, voice, song, melody, symphony, harmony; a trill, quaver, shake; a tetrastich; jest, sarcasm, bad temper; slyness, subtlety;—tarāna shudan, To be renowned;—tarāna sadan, To modulate, to intone or deliver songs.

ינוש בעטון tarāna-pardāz, Composing

songs.

tarāna-sarāy, ترانهٔ سرای tarāna-saz, توانهٔ ساز

Who sings a song.

tarāna-sanj, Who knows how to modulate a song.

ن الله زاله ون tarāna-zan, A singer.

taranidan, To exude, to sweat.

توار tarāv, An oozing forth.

تراواليدن tarāwānīdan, To cause to flow. تراوش tarāwish, Exudation, trickling, oozing;—tarāwish kardan, To exude.

tarāwil, The blade of a certain

grass (see تراول).

a تراوى tarawi, corr. of the following.

א קונים tarāwīḥ (pl. of larwīḥat, a single rest), Twenty or more genuflexions which the Muhammadans are wont to make after the last prayer of Ramazān; (pl. of tarwiḥ) perfumes.

تراويد tarāwīd, Expressed juice flowing. والويد tarāwīdan, To drop, distil, flow,

exude, trickle, ooze.

ارة tarāh, Timidity, terror.

تواهي tarāhī, First-fruits; young unripe fruit.

A برائب tarā'ib (pl. of tarībat), Breastbenes.

tarāymān, A sash worn round the

loins; dysentery.

رائي لا خالقي tarā'ī (v.n. 6 of ترائي ه), Seeing each other; appearing (a spectre); beholding oneself (in a mirror or in a sword-blade).

ترابيدي tarāyīdan, To drop, distil, trickle. ترب tarb, Deceit, frand; eloquence, fluency; torture, the rack; swift walk (the last two meanings unsupported by examples);—turb, turub, A radish.

مرب turb, Earth, dust, ground.

تربالي tarbālī, Name of a large building, with a fire-temple at the top, constructed in one of the cities of Persia by Ardsher Bābgān.

تربامان tarbāmān, Name of a bitter plant,

agrimony (see تريامان).

A & f turbat, turba, Earth, ground; a grave; a tomb; a mausoleum; — turbat khwurdani bīmār, A sick person swallows

dust from Ali's tomb, considered as conducive to recovery (see <u>khāki shifā</u> under <u>torbati taiyiba</u>, The city of Madīna.

a هناه تربت عاله turbat-khāna, A sepulchre, a

mausoleum.

tar ba-tar, Completely wet.

a تربتى turbatī, Sepulchral.

المَة tirbid, Name of a city;—tirbid, turbid, turbud (S. tripuṭā, tripuṭā), A purgative Indian root, Convolvulus turpethum; a hollow pipe;—turbidi zard, Seeds of the thorny plant جمرة المناف

زبرة tarbara, A species of grape.

زيز tarbuz, ځږځ tarbuza, A water-melon ; ---turbuz, turbuza, A radish.

نوسه tarbasa, The rainbow.

A ربص tarabbus (v.n. 5 of ربص), Expecting, waiting for.

تربك turbak, A sort of grape.

نون tarbun, Very hard ground.

wound. A wet bandage on a wound.

رُبُو $tarb\bar{u}$, A term applied to cloth which is white, thick and fine.

تربوز $urb\bar{u}z$, تربوز q.v.

a قربه دار turba-dār, A keeper of a mausoleum.

A destriction tarbiyat (v.n. 2 of cy), Educating; nursing, rearing, feeding; promoting; seasoning; dressing; mixing; education, instruction, correction; improvement promotion; augmentation;—tarbiyat shudan, To be educated (m.c.);—tarbiyat kardan, To educate, instruct; to inculcate; to promote; to compose; to season; to mix.

a تربیت پذیر tarbiyat-pazīr, Docile, teachable.

مَّ الْمَتِيَّ الْمَاتِيَّةُ (v.n. 2 of مِنَ), Gain in trade; giving profit or advantage;—tarbāḥ dādan, To give the preference (to a buyer, m.c.).

A ترابع tarbī' (v.n. 2 of جربي), Dividing into four, making a quadrangular figure, squaring; multiplying any number by itself; looking at one another from the fourth house (stars); a quadrangular aspect of the stars, quartile, quadrature (astron.); an angle of 90 degrees.

ترپ tarp, Black broth.

تريك tarpar, تريك tarpak, Black broth.

A & tirat, tira, Avenging murder; hatred; revenge.

نوت tart, Confused, jumbled, mixed.

A برتب tarattub (v.n. 5 of رتب), Being firm, solid, well-arranged; being motion-less.

ترتبيدن tartabidan, To tremble.

ارْزُوك tartarak, A sparrow with a red head;—tirtirak Light, weak, undignified; a sparrow with a red head; elevated;—turturak, turturuk, Name of a high spot near Shīrāz where people go to amuse themselves by sliding down upon stones.

turtuk, A pheasant; the jungle cock; a partridge.

tartakta, The sail of a trireme.

tarland, Vain, useless.

tart u mart, Scattered, dispersed; topsy-turvy, higgledy piggledy.

A ترتيب tartīb (v.n. 2 of رتب), Making firm, solid; arranging; order, disposition, arrangement, method, classification; -- tartīb kardan, To arrange, to put in order ;--bar tartībi hurūfi hijā', In alphabetical order.

a ترتيب داده tartīb-dāda, Arranged.

a ترتيبوار tartibwar, Orderly, methodical.

a تونيمى tartibī, Orderiy, methodical ; a preliminary proceeding.

tar-tezak, A rocket (shortened تر تيزك

.(.v.) ترة تيزك q.v.

A ترتيل tartīl (v.n. 2 of رتل), Reciting in a clear melodious voice, chanting, singing.

tarajjuḥ (v.n. 5 of رجع), Being moved to and fro (as a swing or anything suspended); leaning to one side.

رجل tarajjul (v.n. 5 of رجل), Walking on foot; going down into a well; breaking

(day); shining (sun). A ترجم tarajjum (v.n. 2 of رجم larajjum (v.n. 2 of nouncing the formula, "I take refuge from

the stoned one.'

turjumān, tarjamān, tarjumān, tarjumān, An interpreter, translator; a mulct, a fine; (met.) a gift, a present (as an interpreter of good feeling).

a ترجماني turjumānī, Interpretation.

tarjamat, tarjama, tarjuma (v.n. of ترجم), Interpretation, translation.

a ترجمه لويس tarjama-navis, A translator. A رجو tarajjī (v.n. 5 of رجو , Hoping;

supplicating.

ل بميمة tarjīb (v.n. 2 of مرجيد), Revering, honouring, respecting; supporting the branches of trees, to prevent their being broken down by the weight of fruit; sacrificing in the month of Rajab.

مرجع tarjīḥ (v.n. 2 of رجع), Preferring, considering as more valuable or important; gaining superiority; superiority, preeminence, preference, precedence, preponderance; —tarjihi bilā murajjah, Unreasonable preference.

لرجع tarjī' (v.n. 2 of رجع tarjī' (v.n. 2 of رجع return or recur; uttering the ejaculation from the Kur'an, innā li'llāki wa innā ilaiki rāji'ūna, "Verily we belong to God, and verily to Him we shall return."

a ترجيع بند tarjī'-band, A kind of verse in which the same line recurs at stated inter-

مرجل tarjīl (v.n. 2 of رجل), Letting down (the hair, &c.).

A c's tarh, Poverty, indigence;—tarah (v.n.), Becoming sad and melancholy; grief, anguish, care; -tarih, Good for little.

tirḥāl, A journey, a departure.

A ترحل tarahhul (v.n. 5 of رحل), Departing,

emigrating, travelling.

م tarahhum (v.n. 5 of رخم), Pitying, commiserating; feeling a tender sympathy towards; pity, compassion, mercy, kindness, lepity; -tarahhum kardan, To pity, to spare (m.c.).

ارحب tarḥīb (v.n. 2 of رحب), Welcoming a guest by saying marhaban, Spacious-

ness, i.e. Make yourself at home.

A ترحيل tarḥīl (v.n. 2 of رحل), Ordering to

depart, sending away.

ارهم tarhīm (v.n. 2 of نحيم), Having compassion upon; saying to anyone rahimaka 'llahū, "God have mercy on thee!"

tř tarkh, A certain herb; dragon-wort;

an orange.

م ترمان tarkhān, Free, exempted from tribute or taxes, not amenable to punishment; at large, uncontrolled; dragon-wort; a certain tribe of Turks; name of a Chinese champion.

يرخوانه = ,tarkhāna ترخانه q.v.

ترخالي tarkhānī, An office which entitles its holder to exemption from taxes, &c.

tara<u>kh</u>ta, A sort of flat fish.

ترخية tara<u>kh</u>ja, ترخية tara<u>kh</u>cha, A vineprop; a vine-shoot newly planted.

ترخر tarakhar, Wild cresses. رخوانه tarkharana, ترخوانه q.v.

ترخش tarakhsh (from an obsolete verb turakhshidan), Traction (doubtful word).

م ترخص tarakhkhuş (v.u. 5 of رخص), Being remiss, easy, slack; obtaining leave.

tarakhfanj, tarkhafanj, The night-

mare. ترخددة tarkhanda, Fraud, falsehood; con-

tumely, taunt; vain, foolish. ترخوالك tarkhwāna, Thick pottage, fru-

menty, portable soup.

tar-khūn, Bloodthirsty; a strolling ورخون soldier; a daring ruffian, robber, footpad,

murderer; dragon-wort; brazilian wood. A ترخیص tarkhie (v.n. 2 of رخص), Rendering cheap, lowering the market; permitting,

allowing, giving leave, conniving.

م ترخيم tarkhīm (v.n. 2 of رخم), Making thin, fine, delicate, or soft; cutting off (the final syllable of a vocative); abbreviation, contraction, apocope.

ترخينة tarkhīna, A sort of food (see . (ترعوالة

twrd, Anything thin, delicate, fragile. ز دامن tar-dāman, Scandalous, criminal, soiled, polluted by every kind of shameful practice; a whoremonger.

tar-dāmanī, Debauchery, immora-

lity.

ل نود لا بارد taraddud (v.n. 5 of عن), Going to and fro; wavering, hesitating; irresolution, fluctuation of opinion, suspension of judgment; perplexity, anxiety, trouble of mind; refusal, resistance, opposition, rejection; debating; application, labour, exertion, endeavour; contrivance; cultivation, improvement; -bī taraddud u takalluf, Without hesitation or dissimulation, without cere-

A ترددات taraddudāt (pl. of the preceding), Vacillations; labours, exertions; -taraddudāti dunyawiya, Worldly engagements.

a تردد ماهله taraddud-zābiţa, An account showing the species and quantity of seed sown, the extent of land under cultivation, and the quantity remaining fallow (a term used in India).

tar-dast, Adroit, dexterous.

tar-dastī, Dexterity, adroitness. تردستي

نودك tardak, A weevil.

A נְטֹק taraddum (v.n. 5 of נְטֹק), Love of offspring, parental affection.

تردة tarda, Title-deeds; the price paid for

grinding.

لادى Laraddi (v.n. 5 o ودى له taraddi (v.n. 5 o تردى on a cloak or long robe; perishing; falling from a high place.

tardid (v.n. 2 of کردید ه tardid (v.n. 2 of کردید sisting, opposing; refutation, rebutment; reversal; - harfi tardid, The disjunctive particle y $y\bar{a}$, Or.

ديف له tardif (v.n. 2 of زديف , Causing to ride behind, following, coming after.

a יּלְנְאֹט tar-zabān, Moist, glib-tongued; an interpreter.

نوك tazdak, A weevil.

ترودة tarzada, tarazda, Title-deeds.

زونان tar-zafān, An interpreter; eloquent ; a fine, amercement; a bribe.

ترزيق tirzāq, Anything vain, futile; false

tars, Fear, terror; (imp. of tarsidan) ترمن fear thou; -turs, Hard, strong; -turus, tarus, Hard soil.

turs, A shield, target, buckler. ترس ۸

tarsā (from tursīdan), Fearful, timid; one who conceives, fancies, imagines; a Christian; a worshipper of fire.

tareā-bacha, Son of a Christian.

tars-astudan (fear of the grave), Certain prayers, or portions of the Zand, which the Parsis read during three days and nights at the tomb of a deceased person.

ترميان tarsān, Timid, fearful.

tarsānanda, One who inspires fear, a monitor.

tarsānīdan, To frighten, terrify. ترسائی tarsā'ī, Christianity ; Lamaism.

tirist, A kind of measure; three hundred; a weaver's beam.

tarsgār, God-fearing, devout, devotee. توسكاري tarsgārī, Fear of God, piety

ارسل tarassul (v.n. 5 of رسل Doing (anything) softly, easily, gently, smoothly, deliberately; being deliberate in writing; a copy book for children.

tarsnāk, Terrified, afraid; timid;

terrible, dangerous.

tarsnākī, Fear, timidity. ترسندكي tarsindagi, Fear, timidity. tarsinda. Who fears; timid, fearful.

ترسو tarsū, Timorous, pusillanimous (m.c.). ترسة tarsa, Fancy ;—tursa, A rainbow.

tarsidan (S. tras, C. tars), To fear, dread, apprehend; conceive, fancy, imagine.

tarsīda-kār (گرميدة كار tarsīda-kār (پرميدة كار ارسل tarsil (v.n. 2 of ترسيل,), Sending, transmitting.

توش turush, tursh, Acid, tart, sour ; morose, stern, cynical; hard-favoured, ugly;—turush (tursh) gashtan, To become sour.

A تُرشُ tarsh, tarash (v.u.), Being light, volatile, unsteady; lightness, levity; badness of disposition.

ترطانيدن turshānīdan, To cause to ferment ; to acidulate.

ترهاكي turshā'i, Sourness, acidity, harshness.

tursh-bā, Sour gruel, acid broth. تېھبا

tirisht, turusht, A pick-axe, a pick;

a gardener's pruning-knife.

رهم tarashshuh (v.n. 5 of رهم Nweating, exuding; exudation; dropping, distilling; sprinkling, small rain, drizzle;-tarashshuhi bauli bayazu 'l-baizi, Bright's disease; —tarashshuḥi rīm, Suppuration; tarashshuhi 'araq, Perspiration; — tarashshuḥi kaṣīru 'l-miqdār, Supersecretion.

ا تحصات arashshuhāt (pl. of the preced-

ing), Secretions.

tar shudan. To be played upon, و هدي bantered, molested.

tursh-rukhsāra, Cross-looking. ترش رعسارة turush-rü, Of a sour countenance. turush-rū'i, Crabbedness, austerity, sourness of countenance.

ترش هرين turush-shirin, Sour-sweet ; subacid.

a ترش طبع turush-tab', Sour-tempered, harsh.

a ترش طعم turush-ta'm, Acid, sour-flavoured.

ترمك turshak, Name of a bird; woodsorrel.

ترهكك turushkak, Slightly acid (unsupported by examples).

turush-giyā, A sour herb; wild قرش كيا sorrel.

a ترش مواج turush-mizāj, Sour-tempered,

turush-mazagi, Acidity of flavour. قرش مزكى turush-maza, Of an acid flavour. ترش مزه

turushnāk, Very acid. ترهناك turusha. A sort of fruit; wild sorrel.

turcha-turunj, Lemon-juice. ترهه ترنج ترهه هيرين tureha-shīrīn, Sub-acid.

ترهى turshi, Sourness; pickles; sad, sorrowful; crabbed :-turshī dil, Acidity of the stomach; heart-burn; -turshi guzāshtan, To pickle.

a ترهى آلت turshī-ālat, Pickles.

turshī-aṃba, Mango preserves. ترهى البه turshī-bādī, Acid; flatulent.

ترهى بالان, أي turshī-pālā, نرهى بالان turshī-pālān, Strainer, colander.

رهم tarshih (v.n. 2 of رهم), Educating from tender years, rendering qualified for any office.

لوميدن turshīdan, To turn sour; to fer-

לפּבּיה tarshīsh (Heb. תרושריש), A kind of precious stone.

recious stone, ترهى كلاويس turshī-kalāwīs (?), Celery

(Apium graveolens).

َ تُرِهِي گرفتهُ turshī-girifta, Turned sour (milk).

turshinak, Garden sorrel. ترهينك

رمد tarassud (v.n. 5 of زرمد Observing steadily; expecting, waiting for; expectation, hope.

a تر صدا tar-ṣadā, Fresh-voiced.

زرس tarsis (v.n. 2 of رُصَّ , Joining closely, pitching, soldering, glueing; covering the face with a veil, the eyes only seen.

with jewels or gold; dividing a sentence into distinct parts, and assigning to each word another corresponding with it in measure and in rhyme.

مراب tartib (v.n. 2 of رطب), Moistening, macerating, wetting (a garment); feeding

with fresh dates.

A & tara' (v.n.), Being full; a bottle, a vessel, or cistern full; hastening into any-

thing (esp. bad).

a facj tur'at, tur'a, A gate, door; a step; a garden or meadow; the mouth of a well where cattle drink; a fountain-head or spring.

ارعرع tara'ru' (v.n. 2 of وعرع), Growing

(a lad).

ترغ turugh, A chesnut or bay horse.

اَلُمُ targhāza, Powerful; overbearing, headstrong; arrogance, contumacy, stubbornness.

ترغاق targhāq, turghāq, ترغاق turghāk, A (night) watch against an enemy or a robber.

turghān, Who shows the way, a

guide; a tax or tribute.

taraghda, targhada, A joint stiff, motionless, and unserviceable; bruised; squeezed.

ترهش targhish, A sort of apricot; a sort

of dry date.

ترغند targhand, Paralysis; a joint de-

prived of motion.

رُخُو targho, A kind of vest of scarlet silk;—turghū (also نَرْقر tuzghū, بُخُو tuzqū), Meat and drink, provisions.

targhūn, turghūn, A royal mandate. A برخين targhīb (v.u. 2 of رخين), Exciting desire; stimulating, encouraging; inducement, instigation, temptation; allurement, lure, bait.

ترك tarf, Sour clotted milk strained and dried in the sun for winter use;—turf (for turb), A radish.

مرك staraf (v.n.), Enjoying in abundance the conveniences of life.

turfās, tirfās, Toadstools. ترفاس

ترفان tarfān (for ورفوان q.v.), Eloquent; an interpreter; a fine.

تونيا tarf-bā, Food made from clotted cream.

إلا بالك turfad, A certain small bird.

تر فروش tar-farosh, Who fancies himself handsome without being so, conceited, a coxcomb; a hypocrite, dissembler; a cheat, a rogue.

تولنع tarfanj, A narrow pass, difficult way. ترنيد tarfand, A falsity, a thing totally impossible; a vain, idle promise; fraud, dedeceit.

tarfanda, A lie, fulsehood; fraud; fear.

tarf·wā, توفوا tarfīna, Meat prepared with the milk described under ترك tarf (see الرفية).

رفية tarfih (v.n. 2 of زاملة), Making easy and convenient; allowing breathing time to (a debtor).

ترقانی turqāq, An armour-bearer (in the dialect of Khwārazm).

A رقوب taraqubb (v.n. 5 of بقب), Watching, waiting, hoping; expectation; contemplating.

tarqanj, A swelling of the testicles,

rupture.

توقندة tarqand, توقندة tarqanda, Futile, vain; fraud, deceit; lie.

.v. ترغو = ,tarqo ترقو

tarquwat, tarquwa, The collar-bone. ترقوق م turqa, An ousel, a blackbird (see نرقه).

رقى المتمومة (v.n. 5 of رقى), Ascending, rising step by step; advancement, elevation, promotion; progress, improvement; proficiency; augmentation, increase; climax;—taraqqī dādan, To improve, to advance (ш.с.).

A بونيات taraqqiyāt (pl. of the preceding), Preferments, augmentations, &c.

ترقيدن = tarqīdan (= ترقيدن tarkīdan), To break, split, crack, eleave.

رى tarqiq (v.n. 2 of زقيق), Reducing to servitude; thinning, refining (speech); dilution: rarefaction; softening.

dilution; rarefaction; softening.

A مِنْهُم tarqīm (v.n. 2 of رَفْم), Writing, noting; marking with the price (cloth); weaving (a garment) in stripes.

A φ-3, tarqin (v.n. 2 of φ-3), Marking; drawing lines near one another; writing well, decorating (a book); dotting (letters); a mark (answering to our dot or nought) employed by revenue-collectors or accountants to fill up any blank spaces occurring in their columns of figures; an interlineation.

tark, A helmet; the sach of a turban;

the strings of a tent; name of a town in Azarbaijan; [tark az sar bar-dashtan, To take off the belmet;]—tarak (see قراك), A ditch, trench, moat; a kind of sweetmeat; a virgin, a maid; thunder; the noise made in splitting; a split, notch; name of a river; (dim. of itar) somewhat moist.

ٹر لعہ

لرك A توك tark (v.n.), Abandoning, forsaking, leaving; setting aside; abandonment, desertion; relinquishment, renunciation; abdication; omission, neglect; a catch-word; a ditch round a fortress; — tarki adab, Rudeness, unpoliteness, incivility; — tark dādan, To leave, to quit ;—tarki sar kardan, To risk one's life;—tark shudan az, To leave in the lurch (m.c.); — tarki 'ādat dadan, To disaccustom; -tark kardan, To abandon, desert; quit, forsake, throw off; - tark giriftan (guftan), To take leave, abandon; -tarki watan, Emigration.

turk, A turk, comprehending likewise ترك ت those numerous nations of Tartars between Khwārazm and China, who all claim descent from Turk, the son of Japhet; Turkistān; a Scythian, barbarian, robber, plunderer, vagabond; (met.) a heautiful boy or girl, the beloved ;—turki ashqar, The sanguinary Turk; (met.) the planet Mars; — turki charkh, The planet Mars; the sun;—turki chin, The Chinese Tartar; (met.) the sun;turki hisari, The sun; the moon; -turki khargāh, (met.) The beloved; —turki rūstāyān, Garlic; —turki sultān-shukoh, The majestic Turk; (met.) the world-illuminating sun; - turki falak (gardun), The planet Mars; the sun;—turki mu'arbid, The planet Mars; —turki nim-roz, The sun.

م بكات لarikāt, Things left after death,

inheritances, bequests, legacies.

ਸ توكارى tarkārī, Garden-stuff.

a تركاش tarkāsh (for P. تركاش q.v.), A

quiver.

تركان turkān (pl. of turk), Turks; (figur.) beautiful boys or women; importunate beggars; the eyes; -turkāni charkh (roving Tartars of the sphere), The seven planets.

پانه turkana, Like a Turk, Turk-like.

تركانى turkānī, A kind of spacious upper garment worn by the women of Turkistan.

ارکب tarakkub (v.n. 5 of خرکب , Being inserted (one thing into another, as a stone in a ring); being fixed (as the head upon a spear).

ا توكة tarkat, A square-bodied woman; a helmet; —tarikat, tarika, A legacy, bequest;

an inheritance.

turk-taza, تركتازى turk-taza, تركتازة turk-taz, تركتاز taxi, A plundering excursion conducted with rapidity, a roving about; amorous blandishments.

turk-josh, Coddled, parboiled. توك جوش turk-chashm, With eyes like a ترك چشم Turk; a captivating eye.

turkcha, Turkish, like a Turk.

tark-dār, Wearing a helmet. ترك دار

تر کردن tar kardan, To moisten, bedew; to steep, dye; -tar kardani zabān, Speaking harshly; keeping anything in the mouth.

تركز tarkaz. A field sown with seeds and reaped; the second ploughing or second crop; a furrow; a fallow field.

زكز tarkazh, Seed; a field ready for sow-

تركستان turkistān, Turkomānia, Trans-

oxania.

turk-suwār, A horseman, cavalier. قرك سوار توكش tarkash (for tīr-kash), A quiver;tarkash andākhtan, To cease (throwing the quiver away for want of arrows); to attack furiously (when everything handy is thrown at the enemy); to flee for life (when a king or grandee throws his jewel-adorned quiver as a diversion in the way of the pursuing enemy); tarkashi jaurā, Name of a constellation in the sign Gemini resembling a quiver; the wires of a stringed instrument; -tarkash rekhtan, To exhaust one's quiver, i.e. to be conquered, to surrender; -tarkashi sahmi al-ghaib, Sudden calamities; -tarkash nihādan (to lay down the quiver), To abstain from further combat.

tarkash-band, Wearing a quiver. برکش دور tarkash-doz, A maker or repairer of quivers.

tarkash-kash, Wearing a quiver. ترکش کش turk-ghari, Name of a cruel ترك غرى people in Turkistan.

تركمان turkmān, Turk-like; a Turkomān. turkmānistān, Turkomānia. تركمانستان توكمانى turkmānī, Turkish, Turkomān.

a ترك مزاع turk-mizāj, Wicked, deceitful,

توكلد tarkand, Vain, useless; fraud, deceit. تركندة tarkanda, Foolish, trivial conversa tion; deceit.

דעאונט ,tarkihār לעאונט ,tarkihāran تעאון tarkihāzan, tarkihāzin, A vessel for condensing sour milk (= تشكري tashkzan, q.v.). تركي turkī, Turkish, Turk-like; a porcu-

pine; -turkī kardan, To oppress, injure.

a تركيات turkiyāt, Turkish writings, Turkish affairs (which are considered as barbarous by the Arabians and Persians).

A ترکیب tarkīb (v.n. 2 of رکب), Composing; setting (a stone in a ring); composition, compound, compost, mixture; make, form, mechanism; complication; means, plan, contrivance; — tarkībi maraz bi-maraz, A complication of diseases.

A ترکیبات tarkībāt (pl. of the preceding), Compositions, compounds, mixtures, &c.

a ترکیب جند tarkīb-band, A kind of poetry. a تركيبي tarkībī, Compounded, mixed (as nouns in composition); artful, artificial.

تركيدگى tarkīdagī, A splitting, a cracking. تركيدن tarkīdan, tirkīdan, To cleave; to crack; to burst (m.c.); to explode (m.c.).

ترگ targ (for نوك tark), A helmet.

targun, A strap attached to the fore or hinder part of a saddle, by which a portmanteau is made fast; a thong for tying a captive's hands.

tirlik, A short-sleeved garment open تراك

in front.

tirlankän, Calling into life, creating, vivifying (applied to God).

tarlawah, A road now rising, now in-

ترليك tirlik, ترليك و.v.

ترم tarm, A mist, a fog (see ترم).

tarmānīdan, To cause to throw. تومانيدن

turmtay, A species of fulcon. ترمتاي

tirmid, Name of a city. تومد

ترمورة tarmurah, q.v. ترمورة tarmurah, q.v. ترمودي tarmazdan, To be silent.

زمس tarmus, A certain acid vegetable ; tarmus, turmus (prob. G. θέρμος), The Egyptian bean;—turmus, Carobs.

tarmasah, A weight of eight grains تومسة

or two beans.

tarmish, Bean-pods; carobs; —tarmush, A certain sour vegetable; (for tarmush) a blackberry-tree.

tarmashir, A species of elixir. آرمشير

tirmak, Hardness of heart. ترمك tarmand (tirmind, ?), Name of a

tar-manisht, Wickedness. ترمنشت

tarmūrah, A swing, a rockingboard.

tarmūsh, Blackberry-tree. توموش

تومه tarma, turma, A saddle-cloth; a radish; figured silk (m.c.).

tarmidan, To shoot, throw, hurl.

رمل tarmil (v.n. 2 of ترميل , Tinging, besmearing with blood.

م tarmīm (v.n. 2 of ترميم , Repairing; amendment, improvement; rectification, alteration.

ترن taran, Dog-rose; a field; a desert; tran (m.c. from Fr. or E.), A train;—trani bukhār, A railway-train (m.c.).

ترناس tarnās, The twang of a bow-string. שׁנּי, tar-nāna, Condiment eaten with

ترنج taranj, A placing together; a narrow pass, difficult way (see زندج); — turanj, turunj, Wrinkled, squeezed, drawn together; hard, rough, dry; a wrinkle, fold, plait; turunj, An orange; -turunji jildi kitāb, Orange-like or namentations impressed upon the binding of a book; — turanji zaqan, The chin of a handsome boy or woman (compared to an orange as well as an apple);—turanj zadan, To throw an orange, generally made of gold, to each other (bride and bridegroom on entering the latter's house, a Persian marriage custom); -lurunji zar (tilā, mihrgān), The sun;turanji mimbar, An ornament of the pulpit in shape of an orange.

a وأجان turunjān (for P. turungān), Balmgentle, parsley.

a ידיבי, taranjubin (for P. tarangubīn),

Manna.

taranjī, turunjī, A squeezing with نرنجى the tips of the fingers, and the impression left by them, a pinch; -turunjī, Orangecoloured.

-taranjidagī, turunjidagī, Corruga ترخيدكي

tion, wrinkle, pucker.

taranjīdan, turunjīdan, To be نزجيدن squeezed, compressed, drawn together; to shrivel, pucker, wrinkle; to become rough and hard.

turunjida, Squeezed, taranjida, ترجيدة puckered, wrinkled.

tarand, A very small yellow bird. tarandar, A red-headed sparrow.

tarandak, tirindak, A sort of wild لزندك

a تر نفحه tar-naghma, Who sings fresh melodies.

a ترنفسى tar-nafasī, Eloquent.

tarang, tirang, The twang of a bowstring; the snapping of a sword; the noise of an arrow, mace, or sword striking an object; the sound of a musical cord when played upon; the crown of the head; a whirlpool; (imp. of tarangidan) trill! sing! modulate! (S. taranga) a wave, billow; a wound; (in comp.) stirring up; -tirang, Handsome; good; -tiring, The twang of a bow-string; -turang, A prison; a pheasant; a partridge; a tube for shooting clay balls (the last unsupported by examples).

tarang-ā-tarang, The continuous twanging of a (bow-) string, or sound

of musical cords.

ترنگان turungan, Balm-gentle.

tarangānīdan, To cause to twang; to excite, to jump.

تونگيين tar-angubīn, Manna.

ترنگيدن tarangīdan, tirangīdan, To twang ; to be parted; to strike (with a sword, &c.).

رنم tarannum (v.n. 5 of زنم), Trilling, quavering; singing, modulating; song, modulation, rhythm.

a ترنم نشان tarannum-fishān, A singer.

a بنم کری tarannum-garī, Singing, chanting, modulating.

tarnand, The dashing of the waves, surf.

تر نهادگی tar-nihādagī, A moistening, soak-

تر نهادن tar nihadan, To moisten, steep, soak.

تر تهادة tar nihāda, Moistened, soaked, steeped.

tarniyan, A wicker basket.

tarnīb, A withered rose ;—tirnīb, An iron ash-pan.

turū, Fragile, tender, thin (doubtful word).

تروال tarwāl, A blade of grass.

A top tarauwuh (v.n. 5 of top), Growing luxuriant (plants); contracting a smell from any neighbouring substance (water); doing anything, setting out or returning about sunset.

ور خشك tar-u-<u>kh</u>ushk (wet and dry), With or without by-dish; little and much,

and similar opposites.

قردة tarūda, A heap; a pair, a match of which it is probably , ترورة and توده a misreading).

turūr (v.n. of قرور A قرور turūr (v.n. of قرور الله عند sent; falling out (seeds or kernels).

turūsha, A sort of fruit.

ג יניש tarwi'a (Heb. תְרוֹעָה,), The blast of a trumpet; -tarwi'a zadan, To sound taratantara.

taromida, tiromida, Mixed; gained,

acquired.

tarwand, A false promise, broken توديد faith; a vain, idle, impossible tale; firstfruits, early fruits.

زوندة tarwanda, Early fruits; first-fruits;

novelties; fraud, deceit; a lie.

taroh, turwa, A تروة tarwoh, tirūwa, A pair, a match, a couple; single, odd (this meaning unsupported by examples);-tariwa, A narrow pass, a difficult way.

tarohīda, tirohīda, Mixed ; gotten.

ورية tarwiyat (v.n. 2 of ورية له tarwiyat (v.n. 2), Wetting, moistening; giving attention to; recording what another has said.

اروج tarwij (v.n. 2 of ترويج د tarwij (v.n. 2 of value upon (goods, &c.), making them to be sold; making to pass or go current, giving currency; currency.

tarwih (v.n. 3 of ورع , Stilling, quieting, causing to repose, giving rest; driving (cattle) home (in the evening);

perfuming.

ترويق A ترويق tarwiq (v.n. 2 of روق), Straining off, making clear; spreading darkness (night); covering the ceiling with a kind of matting.

taroyah, turoyah, Unevenness of the road, caused by mud, &c., in winter time; up-and-down-hill road (see تراوه and تراوه).

itara, Wards of a key; beards of corn; -tara, tarra, Garden herbs in general, especially beets, spinach, cresses, leek, or parsley; -tara'i khurāsānī, A very acid kind of herb; -tara dar küh biryan ast, Proverb founded on a play of words between tara (tarra), "herb," and bara (barra), "lamb," to express that in case of need any food is welcome; — tara'i shīr, A very bitter kind of herb; — tara'i gurba, Balm; — tara'i mīrah, Eruca silvestris; -- tara u dogh, Herbs and sour milk.

a ترة *turrah*, Vain, foolish, futile; a lie.

turrahāt (pl. of turrahat), Vain

words, foolish things, idle tales, trifles, bagatelles.

مب tarahhub (v.n. 5 of رهب), Devoting oneself to religion, embracing a monastic life; dreading, fearing.

turrahat, A foolish word, idle story, ترهم م

trifle.

tara-tezak, ترة تيزك tara-tundak, ترة تدوك Rocket; nasturtium, garden-cress; — taratezak ābī, Brook-lime, water-speedwell.

په درځ tara-dogh, Herbs and sour milk.

tara-zār, A kitchen-garden. ترة زار

tarhishtan, Being angry, irate, enraged.

ترة فروش tara-farosh, A greengrocer. tara-mīra, Wild mustard. ترة ميرة

ترهندة tarhanda, Fresh, elegant, delicate.

ارهب tarhīb (v.n. 2 of ترهيب , Striking with terror; deterring.

tarī (in poetry also tarrī), Freshness, moisture; —tare, A high wall; a mound, a dam.

н تبيا بيد tiriyā-bed (from S. strī-veda), Knowledge of women; fraud, deceit.

tiryāz, Root of a certain plant.

a ترياق tiryāq, taryāq, Treacle, theriaca, a eomposition made up of many ingredients; antidotes of every kind against poisons; wine; a sovereign remedy; -tiryāqi turkī, Mummy ;—tiryāqi rūsta'iyan, Garlic ;—tiryāqi fārsī, The bezoar-stone; a stone in the corner of the eye of the mountain-ox; -tiryāqi fārūq, Treacle against poisons.

a ترياتات tiryāqāt (pl. of the preceding),

Counter-poisons, antidotes.

a رياقي tiryāqī, Inebriated; a debauchee;

an opium-eater.

ترياك tiryāk, taryāk, The bezoar-stone; an antidote; opium;—tiryāki akbar, The bezoar-stone; an antidote which a lover gives to his beloved;—tiryāki bargardān (i'), Emetic earth; -tiryāk burīdan, To dispel the intoxication caused by opium;—tiryak khwurdan. To be bent on one's own destruction.

tiryāk-sāy, One who rolls opium قرياك ساي into small sticks for sale.

نوياكى tiryākī, Referring to opium; an opium-eater; — tiryākī'i chīze shudan, To become addicted or accustomed to a thing; —tiryākī'i chīze kardan, To make familiar with, to accustom to.

تريامان taryāmān (= تريامان), Name of a

flower.

taryān, tiryān, A wicker basket or تريان

tarīd, Bread crumbled into تريد tarīt, تريت

milk or broth ; a sop. تريدي tarīdan, To extract, draw out ;—turīdan, To be greatly afraid; to run away for

tarir, Terrifying; a threatener, warner. نريز tirez, A gusset; a bird's wing.

م تويكة tarīkut, tarīka, A helmet; anything

left, neglected (as a woman by lovers, or a field by cattle); the egg of an ostrich and of other birds.

wy tarin, Moist, fresh, recent, good; added to an adjective it forms the superlative.

ترينان tarīnān, A wicker basket.

່ງ ຜະລຸ tarīn-wā, A kind of Turkomān food.

ترينة tarīna, A kind of food or sowings eaten by the poor; pot-herbs.

taryo, A flimsy kind of garment.

by tarewa, An up-aud-down-hill road. y taz, A small bird of an ash colour; the wards of a lock; leaves just sprouted; a head marked with scars and hence bald.

م tazāhum (v.n. 6 of راحم), Throng-

ing; a crowd, mob, press, throng.

tazāv, Name of a hero of Turkistān, son-in-law of Afrāsiyāb, and killed by Gev.

A براور tazāwur (v.n. 6 of زور), Visiting one

another; turning away, declining from.

yy tazāwil, The leaf of a certain plant.

ا ترايد lazāyud (v.n. 6 of ين), Increasing; increase, augmentation;—tazāyudi 'izz u manzilat, Increase of glory and dignity.

clay balls by the breath, a catapult for killing birds;—tuztuk, A pheasant.

زحر A ترحر tazaḥḥur (v.n. 5 of رحر), Being griped

(belly), and purging.

مرز tazhīr (v.n. 2 of زحر), Groaning (a travailing woman); being griped (belly).

نون tazad, A black locust.

تولاق tazda, The miller's hire; title-deeds. بالم tazar, A summer-house, country seat. بالمرازية tazarv, Minium;—tazarv (for تفرو tazarv), A pheasant.

tazra, The iron axle of a mill-stone.

A Eyey taza'zu' (v.n. 2 of Eyey), Being shaken (a tree by the wind); commotion, agitation.

ξÿ tazgh, tuzgh, A tree, a fire of which will continue for a week.

ترغو tuzghū, Provisions, food (see ترغو).

ان tazf, tazuf, Barley-sugar; freshness, moisture; ease, affluence; rest.

رَزِنَانِ tazfān (for تِزِنَانِ), An interpreter.

نزفر tuzqū, Provisions (see زرغو).

ترك tazak, Dung of birds and beasts.

A نزك tazakkī (v.n. 5 of زكر), Almsgiving;

purifying; sanctification.

A فرکه tozkiyat (v.n. 2 of زکر), Sanctifying, purifying (that part of a man's wealth which is dedicated to pious uses); giving or receiving alms.

تولب tazlab, 'The fat of a sheep's tail.

A jij; tazalzul (v.n. 2 of ji), Being shaken (the earth); commotion, agitation, trembling, trepidation; an earthquake; swerving from the right path; discrepancy; defalcation; (in prosody) changing the vowel-point of one letter so as completely to alter the sense of the word.

تواقی tuzulqī, A pickle. ترم tazm, A mist, a fog.

A تَوْصُور tazmīr (v.n. 2 of روم Piping, playing the flute.

ترصيل ه tazmīl (v.n. 2 of زمل), Wrapping up in a garment.

i tazandar, Name of a small bird.

ing the religion of Zoroaster, maintaining the doctrine of the two principles; entertaining heretical or atheistical notions, as those of a zindāq.

زوال tazwāl, 'I'ne leaf or blade of a plant. A تروال tazawwij (v.n. 5 of وروة), Marrying, taking a wife, a husband, or a partner.

A 255 tazauwud (v.n. 5 of 25), Being provided or providing oneself with necessaries for a journey.

A زونع tazwij (v.n. 2 of رازه Joining, associating, giving in marriage, causing to marry.

A projection fraud; (v.n. 2 of 195), Giving a false colouring to, adorning a lie, adulterating, falsifying; falsehood, lie; dissimulation, deception, fraud, imposture, stratagem.

with quicksilver; executing well; doing elegantly; a painting of gold impressed on iron by means of quicksilver; painting.

ازهد tazahhud (v.n. 5 of زهد Being ab-

stinent, devout.

tazhīd (v.n. 2 of وهد), Making or striving to render abstinent and devout.

يندن tazīdan, To draw up, to extract.

عريك tazīk, One neither an Arab nor Turk (see اتاريك).

A من tazaiyun (v.n. 5 of ربين), Being adorned.

دي tazaiyī (v.n. 5 of زيى), Wearing a costume; donning a dress.

A زيف tazyīf (v.n. 2 of زيف), Adulterating or clipping (coin).

ting or clipping (coin).

A west tazyin (v.n. 2 of wes), Adorning, dressing, garnishing, decking, bedizening; decoration, ornament, jewel; honour.

j' tazh, The first sprouting of seed; rising ground; the wards of a key;—tizh, A certain small bird with a plaintive note; a new leaf; young grass.

נְיוֹנְ tazhāw, Name of Afrāsiyāb's son-in-

law (see קלף). ק'ונע tazhāwil, The leaf or blade of a

plant. ఆస్తు taxhdak, A weevil destructive to

wheat.

ing; the notching of a mill-stone; the wards of a key; a rose-bud.

ரு tazhm, tizhm, A mist, a fog.

نودال tazhwāl, The leaf or blade of a plant.

of rye or barley; the main beam of a house; the wards of a key; a churning-stick (un-

supported by examples); the gland of the penis.

tas, A slap; -- tus, Wind which escapes gently; spitting.

مبق tasabuq (v.n. 6 of سبق), Running for a wager; taking the lead.

tasācha, A crocodile, an alligator.

A نسانط tasāqut (v.u. 6 of سقط , Falling. اسالم tasālum (v.n. 6 of سالم له , Making

peace, being reconciled.

مر tasāmuh (v.n. 6 of سمم), Reciprocal indulgence, the exercise of mutual kindness and forgiveness; connivance; careless or defective manner of expression; double meaning; ambiguity.

a ميشع پيشه tasāmuḥ-pesha, Easy, pliable. A تساوى tasawī (v.n. 6 of رسوى), Being

equal; equality, similarity, sameness; non-

A تساهل tasähul (v.n. 6 of سهل, Remitting, pardoning, conniving at; reciprocal indulgence, the exercise of mutual kindness.

منهم tasāhum (v.n. 6 of سهم , Casting

lots (among themselves).

تسبانيدن tasbānādan (caus. of tasbīdan), To cause fissures in the lips; to heat; to suffocate, strangle.

لسب: tasabbub (v.n. 5 of سب), Causing,

employing means, labouring.

نسبيع A تسبيع tasbīḥ (v.n. 2 of سبح), Celebrating the praises of God; using a rosary or chaplet for that purpose; ejaculating the phrase subhāna 'llāh, "Praise be to God"; a hymn or anthem; a rosary, a chaplet of beads; tasbīhi karbalā'i, A rosary made of clay of Karbala (the place of Husain's martyrdom); -tasbīḥ kardan, To praise God; to say prayers by the telling of beads; -tasbih gardānīdan, To tell the rosary; -tasbīhi hazār dāna, A rosary of a thousand beads, the big rosary of a hypocrite (m.c.).

السبيات tasbīhāt (pl. of the preceding),

Hymns, anthems.

a مناه تسبيع عالم tasbīḥ-khūna, A chapel, oratory.

a فوان tasbīh-khwān, A singer of praises to God; one hired to pray, a private chaplain.

a تسبيح خوالي tasbiḥ-<u>kh</u>wānī, Chaplainship. a تسبيع ساز tasbīh-sāz, A maker of rosaries.

a مال تسبيح سال tusbīḥ-sāl (tasbīḥi sāl?), A string on which a knot is tied on every birthday of the owner (see سال گره).

a تسبيح همار tasbīh-shumār, A devotee

(telling his beads).

tasbīdan, To have fissures or chaps in the lips; to strangle; to be strangled, suffocated; to grow hot, be fierce.

A تسبیح tasbī^c (v.n. 2 of سبع), Dividing into seven parts; making septangular.

tast (as it seems, for the sake of rhyme, for تشت), A cup, goblet; — tust = tu ast.

tustar, Name of a city in Khurāsān.

A متر tasattur (v.n. 5 of ستر), Being hidden, veiled, or covered.

توگی tu hasti, (for تو هستی tusti (for تستی $t\bar{u}'\bar{i}$), Thou art.

مجع tasjī' (v.n. 2 of سجيع), Writing in cadenced or rhymed prose.

مجال tasjīl (v.n. 2 of سجال), Confirming, ratifying, writing an agreement, bond, or receipt.

A was tasahhub (v.n. 5 of was), Feign-

ing aversion (lovers), coquetting.

مسحر tasahhur (v.n. 5 of سحر), Rising, or setting out before daybreak, breakfasting at that early hour.

اسحير tashīr (v.n. 2 of محمر), Euchanting, fascinating, bewitching; deceiving.

a تسخر taskhar, تسخر tuskhara, Irony, raillery, buffoonery; mocking, mockery;-taskhar kardan, To jest, jeer, ridicule.

مخر tasakhkhur (v.n. 5 of سخر), Oppressing, compelling one to work for nothing; making obedient or tractable; subduing; being made submissive.

مخر taskhir (v.n. 2 of سخر), Subduing, taking (a stronghold or prisoners); subjugation, subjection; capture, captivation; imprisonment.

A تسخين taskhīn (v.n. 2 of سخير), Warm-

ing (of water).

مديد ما tasdid (v.n. 2 of تسديد م properly, leading in a right way; finding right guidance.

مدس tasdīs (v.n. 2 of سدس), Making six; making of a hexagonal form; dividing into six parts; a hexangular aspect of the stars.

مرو tasarrī (v.n. 5 of نسری), Keeping (a female slave) as a mistress or concubine (surrīyat).

مريع tasrih (v.n. 2 of سرع), Sending (cattle) to graze; repudiating (a wife); combing (hair); making casy.

tus-sag, A kind of medicinal

herb, the dog-violet.

A تسطيح taeṭīḥ (v.n. 2 of سطح), Making flat and level.

مطر tastir (v.n. 2 of سطر), Writing or relating fables or romances; writing, delineating; ruling (lines).

tas' (v.n.), Making up the number nine; taking the ninth part; being the ninth; -tisa', Nine (fem.); -tusa', The ninth part.

A نسعة tis'at, Nine (masc.).

مشر A تسعة عشر tis'at 'ashar, Nineteen (masc.). tis'a mi'al, Nine hundred. تسع ما يمّ آ

A تسعين tis'ūn (obliq. تسعون tis'in), Ninety.

سعير tas'ir (v.n. 2 of سعير), Kindling (fire); fixing a price (si'r) upon provisions or commodities of any kind, assizing; taxation; tax; price.

A تسطه tasaffuh (v.n. 5 of مطله), Playing the fool; bending the trees (wind); deceiving, cheating, leading astray, befooling.

نسفيدي tasfidan, To split, to be broken.

معلم المعلم tasfih (v.n. 2 of معلم), Charging with folly, calling one a fool or ignorant; befooling.

taskanj (in the dialect of Ispahan), Pinching with the thumb and finger.

A منكن taskin (v.n. 2 of منكن), Quieting, stilling, allaying, assuaging; consolation, comfort, mitigation; rest, assurance, peace of mind; rendering a letter quiescent;—taskin dādan, To calm, soothe, allay, appease, console, comfort.

a تسكين خش taskīn-bakhsh, Assuasive,

mitigating, solacing; consolatory.

a تسكين كدة taskīn-kada, A place of quiet and peace.

A classifier (v.n. of class), Arming, accounting oneself, wearing arms (silah).

مسلم tasallukh (v.n. 5 of سلم), Being excoriated, from disease or any other cause (the skin).

a تسلس tasallus (formed like a v.n. 5 of an A. verb from the P. سالوس), Deceit,

hypocrisy.

rasalsul (v.n. 2 of سلسل), Running, flowing (water, ruffled by a gentle breeze); being joined, connected as the links of a chain; concatenation, sequence, series, succession; association (of ideas).

A سلف tasalluf (v.n. 5 of سلف), Receiving the price in advance for goods to

be afterwards delivered.

bearing sway; exercising absolute dominion; being invested with authority; commanding despotically.

سل ه tasallul (v.n. 5 of سل), Withdraw-

ing, stealing away privately.

اسلى tasulli (v.n. 5 of سلى), Being diverted by a thing from the remembrance of another, being consoled; solace, comfort; assurance, contentment, satisfaction;—tasalli kardan, To calm, soothe, solace, or comfort.

a تسلی کاه tasalli-gāh, A place of consolation.

د اسليهٔ tasliyat (v.n. 2 of سلي), Quieting, contenting, assuring; relieving from anguish, consoling, solacing.

taelīkh, A carpet for kneeling on to

pray (see تشليع).

اسليط ashit (v.n. 2 of سليط), Giving absolute dominion, investing with paramount

nuthority.

taslīm (v.n. 2 of سلم), Saluting, pronouncing a benediction, saying as-salām ('alaikum), Peace be (with you); salutation; obeisance, homage; health, security; submission, resignation (in the will of God); professing Islām; conceding, granting; acknowledging; assenting to, accepting.

المات taslimāt (pl. of the preceding), Salutations, greetings, &c.

a تسلية بخش taslīya-ba<u>kh</u>sh, Consolatory. A معت tasammu' (v.n. 5 of عسر), Listen-

ing, hearing, giving ear.

تسمة tasma, A raw hide; a thong of undressed leather; hair combed over the forehead (see ماتاسة).

tasma-bāzī, A cheat in playing نسمه بازي

at dice.

A تسمية tasmiyat, tasmiya (v.n. 2 of مسور), Giving a name, naming; pronouncing the name of God.

اسمبر tasmīr (v.n. 2 of سمر), Diluting (milk) with water; nailing, fastening with nails.

tasmif (v.n. 2 of مسمل), Fastening (anything) to the saddle; repeating the same rhyme four times in a couplet.

naking known or celebrated; defaming, disparaging, slandering; causing one to listen to another's voice.

A سمين tasmīn (v.n. 2 of سمين), Dressing with butter; fattening.

a تس نفسى tus-nafasī, Idle talk, prattle, chatter (see تس tus).

A تسنم tasannum (v.n. 5 of سنم teing on the top of.

منن tasannun (v.n. 5 of من), Con-

forming to or following a sunnat.

tasannī (v.n. 5 of سنو tasannī (v.n. 5 of سنو), Passing n year or years; suffering from a year of scarcity; becoming spoiled (bread, &c.).

اسنم tasnim (v.n. 2 of سنم), Name of a

fountain in Paradise.

tasū, A weight of four (according to others of two) barley-corns; the twenty-fourth part of a weight, measure, or day.

a تسوج tasūj, Arabic form of the pre-

ceding word.

سور ه tasauwur (v.n. 5 of سور), Putting on bracelets (siwar); scaling a wall (sūr).

روى tasmiyat (v.n. 2 of روى), Making equal, level, parallel; straightening; equa-

lity, a parallel.

taswid (v.n. 2 of حبود), Blackening: (the world in one's eyes) sorrow, grief; (one's fame or face) defamation; making black; rough draft, original copy (of a letter, &c.); a sketch, plan, delineation; making one a chief, leader, prince (saiyid).

taswir (v.n. 2 of سرور), Putting bracelets (on another); building a wall round a town (sūr); scaling a wall.

اسوغ taswigh (v.n. 2 of قسويغ A مريع taswigh

ting; giving, bestowing.

A magnificent present especially made to kings.

negain and again; procrastinating, delay-

ing.

مول taswil (v.n. 2 of سول), Adorning, garnishing, embellishing (facts, &c.).

مولات A توبلات taswīlāt (pl. of the preceding), Ornaments; fictions;—taswīlāti shaiṭānīya, Diabolical fictions, Satanical delusions.

an excursion (against an enemy); making one an overseer or manager of affairs, allowing one to act as he pleases; marking (a horse, &c.); sending cattle to pasture.

easy, facilitating, making smooth; (in grammar) the assumption, by hamza, of a sound approaching in softness to that of alif, wav, or ye.

تشی tasī, A porcupine (see تسی).

banishing out of a town or country; removing (the housing or covering from the back of a horse); weaving (cloth) with stripes.

تش tash (Z. tasha), A hatchet, an axe; fire;—tish, (S. trish) Thirst; a louse;—tush, Grief, agitation; (for توش t_i ماعم tashā'um (v.n. 6 of ماعم), Consider

ing as oninous, and sinister.

A مراهبة tashābuh (v.n. 6 of هبه), Being similar, bearing a striking resemblance to each other; likeness, resemblance, similitude, similarity.

tashātum (v.n. 6 of معتم), Scolding, reviling one another, mutual reproach.

A تشاجر tashājur (v.n. 6 of معهر), Contending, opposing each other.

تشاچة tashācha (= tasācha), Crocodile,

alligator.

ا تشاریف tashārīf (pl. of tashrīf), Honours, dignities, &c.

معر tashā'ur (v.n. 6 of معر), Professing or pretending to be a poet.

ا هکل م tashākul (v.n. 6 of هکل), Resembling one another, mutual resemblance.

A شور tashāwur (v.n. 6 of شور), Consulting together.

يماهد tashāhud (v.n. 6 of مهد seeing

one another, intercourse.

A شبث tashabbus (v.n. 5 of شبث), Seizing and holding firmly; fixing the nails or claws in anything;—tashabbusi dāman kardan, To lay hold of the skirts (of another's garments).

مبه tashabbuh (v.n. 6 of هبه), Resembling, being similar, appearing; likeness,

similitude.

tashbib (v.n. 2 of منه), Praising the beauty of one's beloved; composing lovesongs, erotic poetry.

ا مبك tashbik (v.n. 2 of عبيك,), Twisting, clasping, locking (the fingers); making lattice or network (shabakat).

تشبيل tashbīl, A fishing-hook, harpoon.

A تشبيه tashbīh (v.n. 2 of همه), Comparing, likening; causing to resemble, making

like; similitude, likeness; comparison, simile, metaphor, allegory;—tashbih dadan (kardan), To compare, to liken.

tasht (Z. tasta), A hason; a salver; a ewer-stand; — tashti ātish, The sun;—tasht az bām afgandan, (met.) To divulge a secret, to disgrace;—tashti baland, The sky; the sun;—tashti khwān, A table bason, a platter;—tasht zadan, To strike copper or the like during an eclipse of the sun or moon (a Persian custom); — tashti zar (zarīn), The sun;—tashti sīmīn, The moon;—tasht u āb khwāstan, (met.) To return from a journey, to wash off the dust of travel;—tashti o az bām uftād, (met.) His secrets were discovered; he was disgraced.

tashtāqa, A tortoise.

A تشتت tashattut (v.n. 5 of شهر), Being separated, dispersed, scattered; dispersion, separation; disorder, confusion, distraction.

tasht-khāna, A place where bowls and basons are kept, a scullery; bed-clothes, sheets; a wardrobe; a privy.

tasht-khwan, A dining-table.

تشتدار tasht-dar, A ewer-holder; a scullion.

tashlar, Michael the archangel; name of the angel who has charge of rain and plants; a cloud.

tashtakī, A small dish or saucer;

a bowl, a cup (= رکابی q.v.).

برو تشت دار tashtakī-dar, تشتكى دار q.v. تشت دار tashtgar, A maker of basous. تشت كر tashtmir, Polypody; dog's tooth. تشتن tashtan, A large axe; a kite.

shell with a fluid (in Persian shabnam, dew), or with quicksilver, and setting it (when heated) affort in the air like a balloon; heaven and earth; a certain talisman;—
'ilmi tasht u khāya, Astronomy, astrology.

tashta, Clepsydra; a bason or

salver.

A تشتیت tashtit (v.n. 2 of شعث), Dispersing, separating, scattering.

tashtīwān, Polypody; dog's tooth. منجور tashjīr (v.n. 2 of شجور), Painting in the form of a tree.

ي نسجيد tashḥīz (v.n. 2 of نسجيد), Sharpening, whetting.

A منت tashakhkhus (v.n. 5 of منته), Individuality, personality; identifying, particularising: appropriation.

ticularising: appropriation.

A tashkhīs (v.n. 2 of tashkhīs (v.n. 2 of tashkhīs (v.n. 2 of tashkhīs (v.n. 2 of tashkhīs (v.n. 2 of tashkhīs (v.n. 2 of tashkhīs (v.n. 2 of tashkhīs (v.n. 2 of tashkhīs tashkhīs (v.n. 2 of tashkhīs tanrāz, Diagnosis of diseases;—tashkhīs dādan, To distinguish (m.c.).

tashaddud (v.n. 5 of نشدد م tashaddud (v.n. 5 of ing or being hard; seizing firmly; show-

ing severity; intensity; aggravation; rigour, hardship.

ل نشده الله tashaddudāt (pl. of the preceding), Aggravations, rigours, severities,

hardships, trials, &c.

هد tashdīd (v.n. 2 of مدد), Corroborating, confirming, strengthening; putting the orthographical mark (") over letters, which denotes that they should be doubled; also the name of the character itself.

A تشبك tasharruf (v.n. 5 of هرف), Being honoured.

tasharrufāt (pl. of the preceding), Escort, guard of honour (m.c.);tasharrufati majlis ba-'amal awardan, To do the honours of the evening (m.c.).

تشريح ه tashrīḥ (v.n. 2 of تشريح ه explaining clearly and minutely; explanation, exposition; elucidation; description; dissecting, anatomy; a skeleton or anatomical preparation; — tashrihi haiwanat, Zootomy.

a تشریحی tashrīḥī, Of or pertaining to anatomy, anatomical.

هرف tashrif (v.n. 2 of تشریف , Ennobling, exalting, honouring; raising, elevating; decking out, decorating; a robe of honour;—tashrif āwardan (dādan, farmūdan), To honour with a visit, to come; this word is much used in speaking of, or to, superiors, as more respectful than he and you;—tashrīf burdan, To pay a visit; to go away (m.c.); -tashrif poshidan (khwāstan, dar bar afgandan, dashtan), To don, to claim, to invest with, to possess, a robe of

A تشریفات tashrifāt (pl. of the preceding), Honours, dignities; a honorific dress or presents; title of a book in which is described the manner of receiving ambassadors, with the usual expenses allowed to

at تشريفا تچى باهى tashrīfātchi bāshī, Grand master of ceremonies (m.c.).

a تشریفاتی tashrīfātī, The keeper of the . تشریفات book mentioned under

شريق له tashriq (v.n. 2 of شریق), Drying (flesh in the sun); tending towards, reaching unto the east, turning the face eastwards.

هرك tashrik (v.n. 2 of شرك), Making one a co-partner; associating one with; communicating; putting latchets to shoes.

tashafu', (v.n. 5 of مفع), Inter-

ceding, deprecating.

ashaffi (v.n. 5 of هفي), Returning تشفي ۸ to calmness of mind (after anger), being placid, pacified; seeking a cure or remedy.

Accepting (دفع tashfi (v.n. 2 of خفع نشفيع ه or admitting the intercession of one person for another; interceding for.

tashaqquq (v.n. 5 of هي , Being

cracked, split.

A تشقیق tashqiq (v.n. 2 of هی), Splitting ; bringing out well one's words.

T شك tushak (for درهاي), A bed, couch,

sofa (m.c.).

اهکر tashakkur (v.n. 5 of مکر), Returning thanks for favours, being grateful.

A تشكك tashakkuk (v.n. 5 of هك , Doubt-

ing, incurring doubt.

مكل tashakkul (v.n. 5 of هكل), Taking a form or shape; being beautiful; being half-ripe (grapes).

A مکو tashakki (v.n. 5 of شکی), Com-

plaining (of aches and pains).

ه نشکیك tashkik (v.n. 2 of هك), Creating doubt, causing to doubt.

A نشكيل tashkil (v.n. 2 of شكل, Form-

ing, framing, figuring.

tashlīkh, A cushion for kneeling on. A تشمر tashammur (v.n. 5 of شمر), Preparing for, being ready for work.

tashmīr, تشمير tashmīr, Polipody

(see تشتيوان tashtiwān).

م الشمور tashmir (v.n. 2 of شمور), Tucking up the garment; being ready, alert; dispatching business; expediting, sending away (a ship, &c.).

a تشميرك tashmīzaj (for P. چشميرك chashmizak), A black shining grain resembling the pippin of a quince, with which, when

pulverized, they anoiut the eyes.

tashan, tishan, A small round تشن blackish grain (larger than a lentil) with which camphor is made up into an eyesalve,

tashannuj (v.n. 5 of شنج), Spasmodic contraction of a muscle, &c., spasm, cramp, convulsion; twitching; -- tashannuji at fal, Epileptic fits of children;—tashannuji ināgi hāmila, Fainting fit of pregnant women; tashannuji andām, Spasmodic contraction of the body;—tashanniji fakki asfal, Lockjaw.

tashank, An iron instrument for perforating a wall;—tashnak, The part of

the head which in infants is soft.

tishnaqī, Thirst; a hankering تشنگی after.

تشنه tashna (for دهنه q.v.), A dagger; ه sword; -tashna, tishna, Thirsty, parched with thirst; eager, greedy, insatiable;tishna shudan, To be thirsty; -tishna māndan, To become distressed, to be in anguish.

tishna-ashk, Insatiable in shed-

ding tears.

tishna-dil, تشنه دل tishna-jigar, تشنه جگر Thirsty, desirous; desire, wish.

tishna-chashm, With thirsty, i.e. تشنة چشم eager, eyes.

تشنة خون tishna-khūn, Bloodthirsty.

tishna-kām, Having a dry palate, تشنه كام thirsty.

بنا نشية الب tiehna-lab, Thirsty; parchedlipped :—tishna-labī, Thirstiness, thirst.

منير ه tashnīr (v.n. 2 of منر), Reproach

ing, disparaging.

A تشنيع tashni' (v.n. 2 of منح), Reproaching, blaming, disparaging, taunting; slandering; reproach, blame, taunt, slander;—tashni' zadan, To talk ribaldry, to use vulgar language.

tashauwur (v.n. 5 of مور), Being

made to blush, being ashamed.

A تشوش tashawwish (v.u. 5 of شوش), Being disturbed, distracted, perplexed; disquietude, distraction.

A تشوق tashauwuq (v.n. 5 of شوق tashauwuq

festing a vehement desire.

בּתְּנֶן (ashwīr (v.n. 2 of هُرِر), Putting to confusion; shame, confusion; — tashwīr khwurdan (kashīdan), To be troubled, confused, put to shame; beckoning, making a sign;—tashwīr dādan, To put to shame, to abash.

تشويش من tashwish (v.n. 2 of مُوش), Disturbing, troubling, rendering uneasy and uncomfortable; confusion, distraction, disquietude, alarm, apprehension, annoyance, bother;—tashwish khwurdan (däshtan kashidan), To be troubled, uneasy, grieved;—tashwish dādan (kardan), To trouble, to render uncomfortable, to disquiet, to harass.

A شويع tashwiq (v.n. 2 of شويع), Inflaming, exciting (desire); filling with desire.

A شويك tashwik (v.n. 2 of شويك), Pointing, swelling (the breast of a girl); producing side teeth; growing arresh after shaving (hair of the head); fencing with thorns (a garden wall).

هوه tashwih (v.n. 2 of هوه), Making deformed, ugly; looking with a malignant

eye.

تشمة tashsha, Name of an oil-measure; a

a profession of religion by testifying the unity of God and the apostleship of Muhammad (see خيادة shahādat); seeking martyrdom.

اهبر a تشهير tashhir (v.n. 2 of هبر), Divulging, proclaiming, blazoning abroad, praising the merit of another; public exposure of a criminal; drawing a sword, and flourishing it round the heads of others.

a تشميري <u>tashhīzaj</u>, = تشميري q.v. (of which it is probably a misreading).

tashi, A porcupine ;—tishi, Lousy.

مين tashaiyukh (v.n. 5 of شيخ), Feiguing old age; assuming the character of a shaikh, i.e., an elder or a learned man; ostentatious pretence to honour or dignity.

tashir, A shady place to rest on.

تشيرة tashira, A ball of coloured stones, marble.

A تشيع tashaiyu' (v.n. 5 of شيع, Professing to be of the sect of Ali (shi'at).

tashaiyu'-mazhab, The sect تشيع مذهب

of Alī; a follower of it; heretical (according to Sunnī views).

A تشين tashaiyun (v.n. 5 of نام), Making a display of state; dignity, pomp, ostentation.

A تشیید tashyid (v.n. 2 of شید), Raising

high, erecting.

منية tashyī' (v.n. 2 of شيع), Going out with one to bid him farewell and bring him on his way; burning, scorching; following a funeral; kindling a fire or feeding it with fuel.

A مدى taṣāduq (v.n. 6 of مادى), Cultivating sincere friendship; acting with affection and fidelity towards each other.

A تصادم taṣādum (v.n. 6 of مدم), Dashing oue against another,

معد taṣā'ud (v.n. 6 of معد), Being difficult; ascending, going up; ascension.

A مفع taṣāfuḥ (v.n. 6 of صفح), Shaking hands.

A تصانیف taṣānīf (pl. of taṣnīf), Literary works.

taṣāwir (pl. of taṣwir), Images, pictures, portraits.

A تسبع tasabbuh (v.n. 5 of مبع), Wishing a good morning; visiting in the morning.

A correcting, waking sound; verifying, illustrating; correction, emendation; verification, attestation; taṣḥiḥ dādan, To make sound, to set right.

taṣḥīḥa, Muster, inspection; — dāghi taṣḥīḥa, The office in which the

horses kept in service are marked.

an error in reading or writing; an orthographical mistake, a clerical error; changing the diacritical points, so as to alter the pronunciation and meaning of a word.

a تسميف خوالى tashif-khwāni, Bad reading. A تصدير tasaddur (v.n. 5 of مدر), Being placed or sitting in the chief seat.

A ومدع tasaddu' (v.n. 5 of إصدع , Becoming

dispersed, scattered, dissipated.

alms; alms, charity; devoting, sacrificing; sacrifice; pardon;—taṣadduq farmūdan, taṣadduq kardan, To dispense alms; to forgive, pardon (m.c.).

مدى taṣaddī (v.n. 5 of مدى), Coming

before, opposing.

A تصدية lasdiyat, tasdiya (v.n. 2 of تصدية),

Clapping with the hands.

A مدر tasdār (v.n. 2 of مدر), Taking the lead with a stretched-out breast (a race-horse); giving the highest place or chief seat at table; making one a leader; beginning a letter with a proem or exordium

مديع taṣdi', vulg. تصديع taṣdi'a (v.n. 2 of عديع), Suffering from a violent headache; headache; worry, annoyance, vexation; toil, sorrow, trouble, care;—taṣdi' dādan

(kardan), To inflict pain, to cause a headache; - tașdī' kashīdan, To suffer from a headache; to be worried.

a تمديع دة taṣdī' dih, Giving trouble, trou-

blesome, annoying, vexatious.

مديق taṣdīq (v.n. 2 مدى), Assuring of or proving the truth of, attesting, verifying; believing, crediting, acknowledging as true; confirmation, proof, verification; attestation, certificate; appeal; speaking in the same sense (m.c.);—taşdīqi tabīb, A medical certificate; -tasdīg numūdan, To agree with (m.c.).

asarruf (v.n. 5 of مرك), Turning, changing; using, employing; application; possession, occupancy, sway, power, control; influence, art, cunning; supernatural power; diverting from its proper use, misapplication, misappropriation, embezzlement; -tasarruf dashtan, To possess, enjoy, usurp, have in one's power; -tasarrufi dukhtar, Defloration; -tasarruf kardan, To use, to dispose of; to spend;—taşarrufi hawā, Extreme lassitude.

taṣarrufāt (pl. of the preceding), Possessions; usages; sum total of expenses; -tașarrujăli 'arūz, Poetic licenses.

a تعربی tasarrufi, Common provisions given to dependants.

asarrum (v.n. 5 of مرم), Being cut تصرم ▲

مربع taṣriḥ (v.n. 2 of مرع, Speaking openly; showing plainly; declaring; explanation; evidence, manifestation; narration; -taṣrīḥ kardan, To make manifest.

مرع taṣrī' (v.n. 2 of قريع لم verthrow. ing, throwing completely prostrate; rhyming the first line of a couplet, initial in a poem, with the second and all following even lines, which constitutes the character of a Ghazal or Qasida, in contradistinction from a Qit'ah or mere fragment.

مرك tasrif (v.n. 2 of تمريف), Changing, turning, converting; shifting, veering; (in gram.) inflection, declension, conjugation, accidence (opp. to - nahw, Syntax); deri-

vation, etymology.

a مرم tasrim (v.n. 2 of مرم), Cutting in ріссев.

A سعت taşa"ub (v.n. 5 of سعب), A violent

A عدم taşa"ud (v.n. 5 معد Reing important, difficult, above one's power; ascend-

معد taș'id (v.n. of 2 of معد), Ascending a mountain; descending into a valley; going on a declivity; melting; distilling, sublimating; -tas'id kardan, To sublimate.

معر tas'ir (v.n. 2 of معر), Making

faces in contempt.

مغر taṣghir (v.n. 2 of صغر), Diminishing, lessening; putting (a noun) into the diminutive form; diminution; a diminutive noun.

asaffuh (v.n. 5 of مقم tasaffuh (v.n. 5 of تمقع), Examining minutely, considering accurately; compa-

ring, revising page after page.

مفى tasfiyat, tasfiya (v.n. 2 of تعفية م Straining, clearing, purifying; purgation; purity; clarification; refinement; reconciliation, settlement, adjustment, disposal.

a ملك تصفية tasfiya-talab, Requiring ad-

justment, &c.

معم tasfih (v.n. 2 of معم), Making broad, expanding; clapping (the hands).

مفق taṣjīq (v.n. 2 of تمفيق A, Shaking a tree (wind); clapping (the hands) together; pouring (wine) from one vessel into another; leading (cattle) from pasture to pasture.

taṣallub (v.n. 5 of ملب Being ملب له

hard, firm, inflexible.

A تملف taşalluf (v.n. 5 of ملف), Boasting, gasconading.

Laṣlīb (v.n. 2 of ملب), Crucifying, gibbeting; impaling; making the sign of the cross; painting or forming in the shape of a crucifix.

aşmīm (v.n. 2 of تمميم , Intending, designing, resolving deliberately, determining firmly; determination, resolve.

A منع taṣannu' (v.n. 5 of منع , Making a display of art; studying to make a fair appearance; showing a specious outside; speciousness, affectation, artificiality; fabrication; alteration; falsification.

A منف taşnif (v.n. 2 of منف), Sorting, ranging, distributing (in classes); compiling, composing (a book); invention,

literary or musical composition.

aṣnīfāt (pl. of the preceding), تصيفات ه taṣnīfāt (pl. of the preceding), Literary compositions, works, writings.

موب tasauwub (v.n. 5 of تموب), De-

scending (rain).

A مور tasauwur (v.n. 5 of مور), Being painted, pourtrayed, framed, fashioned, fortued, imagined, conceived; imagining, fancying; imagination, fancy, supposition, reflection, image, idea; contemplation; conception, perception, apprehension;—tasawwur bastan (kardan), To imagine, to picture to oneself; -ba-tasawwur āmadan, To be imagined, to be conceived (m.c.).

a تصوريدن taṣauwurīdan, To imagine, to

consider (m.c.).

موف tusawwuf (v.n. 5 of صوف), Mysticism, Suffism; devoting oneself to contemplation; contemplation.

موب taṣwib (v.n. 2 of موب , Regarding (one) as a correct speaker, or as saying what is right and true; approving, prais-

ing; lowering the head.

مور taşwir (v.n. 2 of مور), Forming, fashioning; painting, limning; a picture, image, effigy, likeness, sketch, drawing;taswīri rang-dār, A coloured picture, a painting; -taṣwīri sāya-dār, An image that throws a shadow, a statue, a sculpture;- taṣwīr kardan (kashidan), To paint; to represent;—taṣwīri nīmrukh, A likeness taken in profile.

تصويرات ه taṣwīrāt (pl. of the preceding),

Pictures, drawings, &c.

a فاوير خانه taswīr-<u>kh</u>āna, A picture-gallery. a تحوير كش taswīr kush, آخوير كش taswīr-yar, An artist, a painter, a sculptor.

A مير taşyir (v.n. 2 of صير), Causing to change from one condition into another.

A منافة taṣādd (v.n. 6 of منفاد), Being enemies, opponents, opposites (see مند zidd); contradiction, contrariety, opposition; absurdity, inconsistency.

ا مفر tazāfur (v.n. 5 of مفر), Helping

each other.

ميك tazāyuf (v.n. 6 of خيك), Being narrow, confined (a chaunel); being related; being close together or close upon.

منيق tazānnuq (v.n. 6 of طيق), Being narrow (mind or place); being crowded, jammed.

المجر tazajjur (v.n. 5 of المجر), Being oppressed and wearied in mind, grieved, sorrowful.

A منجع lazajju' (v.n. 5 of منجع), Abiding in one place; remaining fixed (a cloud).

A منهن المترات المترا

المحور tazahhi (v.n. 5 of محور), Dining,

lunching; sacrificing.

A عدم toṣḥīk (v.n. 2 of عدم), Causing to laugh; laughing at, mocking; ridicule, derision.

A مرو tazarrur (v.n. 5 of مرو), Being injured, suffering loss; being grieved.

A ביל tazarru' (v.n. 5 of ביל), Humbling oneself; self-abasement, humility; earnest supplication; complaining, lamenting.

أمرم tazarrum (v.n. 5 of مرم), Blazing

(fire); being fired with rage.

امرب tazrib (v.n. 2 of مرب), Stirring

up, exciting, instigating.

experienced (wars or travels); making rough, uneven, notching; edging of the teeth.

A تفريم tazrīm (v.n. 2 of فرم), Making

burn, kindling.

معنع taza'zu' (v.n. 2 of معنع , Falling

in ruins; humbling oneself.

A نعين المعن المعنى المعن

اضل الم lazlil (v.n. 2 of مُل Accusing of

error; causing to err, to wander.

A تعمن tazammun (v.n. 5 of ممن), Comprehending, containing, including; accepting.

tazmid (v.n. 2 of ممد), Binding

(the head) with a fillet of any kind; applying a plaster or poultice.

ممر tazmīr (v.n. 2 of ممر), Giving (a horse) little fodder to make it lean and fit

for racing.

as a surety or guarantee; giving security; giving satisfaction; entrusting; lending on interest; taking under protection; comprehending or including one thing in another; inserting the verses of another in one's own poem; an ellipsis.

موع tazawwu' (v.n. š of ورع مرع tazawwu'

odours (anything when moved).

A ضيع tazaiyu' (v.n. 5 of ضيع), Diffusing a perfume (musk).

أضيق tazaiyuq (v.n. 5 of ميلى), Being narrow, strait,

A تعميع tazyī' (v.n. 2 of ميع), Causing to perish; destroying, wasting, spoiling; idling away one's time; ennui, weariness.

A فييق tazyiq (v.n. 2 of فييق), Making narrow; restraining, compressing, reducing to straits; heimining in (an enemy); press-

ing closely (in argument).

A تطابق tatābnq (v.n. 6 of طبق), Agreeing; agreement; conformity, congruity, concurrence; similarity, analogy; coherence, cohesion.

A نطمن tatamun (v.n. 6 of طمن), Taking

rest; rest, quietude, tranquillity.

neself (especially from pride); haughtiness, arrogance, rudeness, insolence, oppression, tyranny; extension of dominion, conquest, usurpation; — taṭāwul kardan (kashīdan), To oppress, to exercise tyranny, to treat with arrogance or insolence.

a تطاول پیشه taṭāwul-pesha, Used to domi-

neer.

A تطبق tatabbuq (v.n. 5 of طبق), Being covered.

A تغييق tathiq (v.n. 2 of علي), Placing the hands upon or between the thighs, in the inclination at prayer, called rukū; comparing, likening; putting together face to face; causing to confront, drawing up in a line;—tathiq dādan, To bring in harmony, to conform, to adapt.

اطرق tatarruq (v.n. 5 of طرق), Travel-

liug.

at the wing (of an army); forcing (an enemy) to retreat.

A ململ tatafful (v.n. 5 of طاهل), Going uninvited to a feast, acting the part of a sponger (tufaili).

المف tatfif (v.n. 2 of ملف), Not quite

filling a place or vessel.

A تَطْهَلُ tatfil (v.n. 2 of طُعُلُ, Being near setting (the sun); going or causing one to go uninvited to a feast.

ملك tailiq (v.n. 2 of طلق), Dismissing, divorcing, repudiating a wife.

A قطوع talauwu' (v.n. 5 of طوع), Doing a good action to which one is not obliged; an act of supererogation; making pretensions to a power one does not possess.

مرعات tatauwu'āt (pl. of the preceding), Spontaneous actions, works of supererogation

الموف tagauwuf (v.n. 5 of ملوف), Going

round (in procession).

الوق tolanwuq (v.n. 5 of طوق), Adorning oneself, being adorned, with a chain, collar, or necklace; wearing it round the neck.

tatauwul (v.n. 5 of طول له), Conferring benefits and obligations; exceeding bounds, encroaching upon another's rights.

A عنويع tatwi' (v.n. 2 of علي), Making feasible and practicable; enable one to do a thing.

الموك tatwif (v.n. 2 of طويف), Going round again and again, circuman bulating.

ارطوق tagwiq (v.n. 2 of طويق), Ornamenting with a collar; appointing to a government; enabling, imparting ability, en-

powering.

A غورل المبرة tanwīl (v.n. 2 of غور), Lengthening, extending, prolonging, stretching out; proroguing, giving a delay; prolongation, prorogation;—tanwīl bilā tā'il, Prolixity without utility.

a تطويلانه tatwilana, Prolixly.

purified, cleansed; being pure, abstaining from vice or sin.

طابر tathir (v.n. 2 of طابر), Purifying, cleansing; purification, purgation, sanctification.

ملير talaiyur (v.n. 5 of ملير), Considering as a bad omen.

tatyēr (v.n. 2 of غير b), Causing to fly or move with rapidity; springing (a mine, &c.).

A تطبين tatyīn (v.n. 2 of ملين), Bedaubing with clay, plastering a roof with clay.

م المام tazālum (v.n. 6 of طالم), Injuring one another; complaining of mutual injuries; pretending to be a victim.

المر tazāhur (v.n. 6 of علم Standing back to back (zahr), assisting, backing one another

المرف tagarruf (v.n. 5 of طرف), Affecting elegance, gracefulness, or wit, taking pains to appear witty and graceful (zarīf).

ing of (another's) injustice or tyranny; groaning under oppression; injustice, injury, oppression; —tazallum bar-āwardan (zudan, kardan), To complain of another's injustice, oppression, or tyranny;—izhāri tazallum kardan, To complain of an injury.

a ون اعلام ون tazallum-zan, Complaining of

tyranny.

A مالية tazlil (v.n. 2 of عالي), Throwing a shadow; shading.

A تظلیم tazlim (v.n. 2 of مللم), Charging with injury and oppression (zulm); inflicting such.

مدل ta'adul (v.n. 6 of عدل), Equili-

brium.

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مدو ta'ādā (v.n. 6 of عدو), Carrying on mutual hostilities; being depraved; discord, enmity; depravity; distance.

عارض A عارض ta'āruz (v.n. 6 of عارض), Opposing, contradicting one another; opposition, re-

sistance.

nition; rule, fashion, custom;—ta'āruf (v.n. 6 of عرف), Knowing one another; mutual acquaintance; recognition; rule, fashion, custom;—ta'āruf kardan (dādan), To make recognition or acknowledgment, hence to present with, to give; to acknowledge a salute, to bow to (mm.cc.).

ي مطر ta'āṭā (v.n. 6 of عطو), Taking with the hand; giving each other presents; mutual surrender; a silent kind of bargain, the seller handing over the thing to the buyer, and the latter paying the price with-

out speaking.

م تعاتب taʻāqub (v.n. 6 of عقب), Following, pursuing; overtaking; pursuit; persecution; alternation, alternate succession; —taʻāqub kardan, To pursue.

ta'āqud (v.n. 6 of عقد), Entering into a compact, making a covenant.

A معل ta'al, Be exalted! ascend! come!

ماني المنظري ta'ālá (3 p. sing. of ta'ālā, v.n. 6 of على), Be he exalted; often joined to the name of God, and explained in an adjective sense, as khudā'i ta'ālá, God, may He be exalted, i.e. the Most High God.

م تعاسى م ta'āmā (v.n. 6 of عمى), Feigning blindness.

A تعارى ta'āwun (v.n. 6 of عود), Assisting each other; mutual aid; conspiring, conspiracy.

ta'āhud (v.n. 6 of عبد), Confederation, covenanting, conspiring; standing

bail, being security or sponsor.

من ta'ab, Trouble, labour, toil; hardship; being tired, weariness, fatigue;—ta'ab dādan, To tire, to wear out, to weary.

as a servant; being pious, devout, cultivating devotional feelings; devotion; superstition.

(عبو ta'biyat (v.n. 2 of عبو), Arranging (household farniture); drawing up (soldiers) in array; — ta'biyat sākhtan, 'To arrange, to put in order, to place; —ta'biyat shudan, 'To be placed (m.c.); — ta'biyat shikastan, To disarrange, to displace; —ta'biya kardan, To fix; to place, lay, put; to range (mm.cc.).

اعبي ta'bir (v.n. 2 of عبي), Explaining, interpreting; telling what is in one's mind; relating anything for, in the stead of, another; interpretation, explanation; at-

tribute, quality;—tabīri khwāb, The interpretation of a dream.

a معبير ناصة ta'bīr-nāma, A book for teaching the interpretation of dreams, a dreambook.

a عبير گوت ta'bīr-go, An intrepreter of dreams.

struck with astonishment; wondering at; amazement, surprise, admiration;—ta'ajjub āwardan, To astonish, surprise;—ta'ajjub dāshtan (kardan, numūdan), To wonder, to be astonished;—ta'ajjub mānda, Amazed, astonished.

اعجل ta'ajjul (v.n. 5 of عجل), Making haste; causing to make haste, urging, accelerating.

محب ta jib (v.n. 2 of عجب), Filling with astonishment; causing wonder, sur-

prise.

A تعمل ta'jīt (v.n. 2 of عجل), Making haste; hastening, urging, accelerating; haste, despatch, expedition; speediness, agility; precipitancy;—ta'jīt dādan (kardan), To hasten, to accelerate, to expedite.

ه نعجيلانه A تعجيلانه ta'jīlāna, Hastily.

h معيم ta'jīm (v.n. 2 of معيم), Dotting, pointing a letter or consonant; providing a text with diacritical points; rendering into Persian.

A slow ta'dād, Numbering, enumeration, computation; number; amount, sum; measure, extent; — ta'dād numādan, To count.

in number; numbering; multiplying;

number; plurality.

Transgressing, being unjust; tyranny, oppression; violence, force, compulsion; exaction, extortion; being active, transitive (a verb, opp. to lāzim, intransitive).

ac., (عدو ta'diyat, ta'diya' (v.n. 2 of عدية فر), Converting a neuter into an active verb; the transitive or active signification of a

verb.

A تعديد ta'dīd (v.n. 2 of عد), Counting with the utinost accuracy and strictness; arranging, preparing (for a future occasion).

A تعديل ta'dīl (v.n. 2 of عدل), Rectifying, straightening, adjusting; justifying; making equal; exactness, accuracy; considering as lawful (witnesses, proofs, &c.); making a witness.

اعدر acazzur (v.n. 5 of عدر), Being difficult or impossible; being stained, besmeared with dung; making an apology;

excuse; apology.

مدب تعذيت ta'zīb (v.n. 2 of عدب), Punishing, scourging, tormenting; punishment, torture, torment.

مدر ta'zīr (v.n. 2 of عدر), Making an apology, advancing an excuse; subterfuge;

preparing a circumcision-feast, and inviting guests thereto; beginning to appear

(down upon a boy's cheek).

ing, occurring; coming before, presenting oneself; noticing; opposing, hindering, withstanding; opposition, obstacle, impediment; oppression, injury, loss;—ta'arruz kardan, To oppose, hinder, prevent; to injure, oppress.

ata'arruf (v.n. 5 of عرف), Inquiring with the view to learn; seeking knowledge; learning; instructing, teaching, notifying.

A عرب ta'rib (v.n. 2 of عرب), Pronouncing Arabic agreeably to the rules; rendering (Persian, &c.) into Arabic; polishing, refining or correcting a speech, &c.; reproving; cutting the branches of a palmtree.

A توبه ta'riyat, ta'riya (v.n. 2 of عربي), Laying bare, exposing, stripping, denuding.

ا عرس ta'ris (v.n. 2 of عرس), Alighting travallars) in the and of the night

(travellers) in the end of the night.

a رعرف ta'rīẓ (v.n. 2 of عرض), Enlarging, extending, making broad; making conspicuous; rendering obnoxious, exposing; opposing; ambiguity, equivocation, speaking enigmatically; hinting at, making an allusion to; rendering intricate; writing indistinctly; not dressing meat sufficiently; bartering, exchanging; a statement of the

particulars of landed property.

A عرب ta'rif (v.n. 2 of عرب), Making known, signifying; explaining, making determinate, defining; explanation, definition; introduction (to a person); praise, commendation; a tariff;—ta'rīfi amrāz, Nostology;—ta'rīfi 'azalāt, Myology;—ta'rīfi 'azalāt, Myology;—ta'rīfi 'izām, Osteology;—ta'rīfi kardan, To praise (m.c.);—ta'rīfi latzī, Verbal definition or explanation;—ba-ta'rīf na-mīgunjad, It is impossible to describe (m.c.).

ا بعريفات ta'rîfût (pl. of the preceding),

Definitions, &c.

a تعریفی ta'rīfî, Commendable, notable.

A عُرِيق ta'rīq (v.n. 2 of عُرِيق), Diluting (wine) with a little water; filling (a vessel) not to the brim.

A عرك ta'rīk (v.n. 2 of عرك), Pinching, wringing hard, pressing, squeezing, rubbing the ear.

Consoling; enjoining or recommending patience; mourning for the dead; a representation of the shrines of Hasan and Husain, sons of Ali;—ta'ziyat kardan, To console, condole.

a تعزیت پرسی taʻziyat-pursī, Condolence.

a تعربت خانة ta'ziyat-khāna, A house of mourning; the place of the ta'ziya.

a تعريت نامع ta'ziyat-nāma, Note of condolence.

A تعزير ta'zīr (v.n. 2 of عرر), Reproving,

censuring; beating, inflicting stripes below the full number appointed by law; punishment;—ta'zīr kardan, To censure; to beat; to inflict punishment.

مزل a'zīl (v.n. 2 of عزيل A تعريل, Deposing

from (office); removal.

a بالله تعربه ta'ziya-dūr, معربه ta'ziya-gīr, One who observes the mourning in Muhar-ram.

A ta's (v.n.), Perishing; falling; destroying; perdition, ruin, destruction; evil; distance.

ta'assur (v.n. 5 of عسر), Being difficult; being obscure, inexplicable (a passage).

A dassuf (v.n. 5 of dass), Stray-

ing, losing one's way.

ا المشق ta'ashshuq (v.n. 5 of مشق), Making demonstrations of love; falling in love; being in love; love, affection.

مشي ta'ashshī (v.n. 5 of عشي), Supping, eating supper;—taghaddī u ta'ashshī kar-

dan, To dine and sup.

a slender trunk and few branches (a palmtree); building a nest (a bird); becoming dry and mouldy (bread).

the head with a fillet; being attached to one's kindred; zeal, party-spirit; partizanship; partiality; bigotry, religious persecution; superstition.

مصب ta'sib (v.n. 2 of مصب), Appointing one as chief or head of a family; keeping one hungry, famishing; destroying.

A cales ta aftuf (v.n. 5 of cale), Being indulgent, propitious, favourably inclined;

putting on (a cloak).

A عمل to atful (v.n. 5 of عمل), Having no bracelets or other ornaments (a woman); being without work or occupation; idleness; being void, empty, vacant.

عطر ata'tir (v.n. 2 of عطر), Perfuming,

diffusing odours.

ا معرف (v.n. 2 of عطر), Causing to be unemployed; rendering vacant, void, unoccupied; rendering useless; laying waste; leaving neglected, abandoning; vacation, holiday; leaving out every letter that is marked with a diacritical point;—aiyāmi tatīl, Holidays (m.c.).

ing oneself, behaving haughtily; magnificence, grandeur, pride; haughtiness, ar-

rogance, insolence.

A معلم المعلم ا

h مفعة ta'affuf (v.n. 5 of مفع), Being chaste, abstaining from what is forbidden; drinking milk remaining in the udder.

A vater ta'affun (v.n. 5 of vate), Becoming putrid, rotten; stench, fetor, fetidness.

مغوية ta'fiyat (v.n. 2 of عغوية), Obliterating, defacing; amending, restoring, adjusting.

A تعفين ta'fīn (v.n. 2 of عفن), Tincture ; ta'fīni afyūn, Laudanum.

A بقب ta'aqqub (v.n. 5 of عقب), Searching, tracking, pursuing; tracing, punishment, chastisement.

A مقل ta aqqul (v.n. 5 of مقل), Perceiving, comprehending, understanding; informing.

مقب ta'qīb (v.n. 2 of مقب), Delaying, procrastinating; remaining in the mosque after the hour of public prayer is over; doing a thing over and over again.

rying fast or strongly, knitting together, tying in knots; causing to unite, joining; boiling

(a thing) till it becomes thick.

A عقبر ta'gir (v.n. 2 of عقبر), Wounding desperately.

A تعلق ta'alluq (v.n. 5 of علق), being suspended to, dependent upon, connected with; attachment; love of the world; dependence; connection; relation; relationship; concern, reference, regard; consideration, reflection; commerce; means of support, employment, situation, office; property, possession; a manor; a small division of a district.

A تعلقات ta'alluqāt (pl. of the preceding), Dependencies, connections, appurtenances; estates; substance; attachments; claims;—ta'alluqāti dunyawīy, Worldly concerns.

a ماهيات taʻalluqajāt, Lordships (of

land), manors, estates, &c.

a تعلقدار ta'alluq-dar, One who holds a talook.

a تعلق كسل ta'alluq gusil, Free from worldly attachments, independent, unconcerned.

a متافعة ta'alluqa, Connection, relationship; lordship, possession of land; a fee, manor; a district.

a تعلقه دار a ta'alluqa-dār, Possessor of an estate, lord of a manor, landlord, feoffee.

مل مال مال ta'allul (v.n. 5 of عل Amusing oneself indecently, beguiling the time; occupying oneself vaiuly or with trifles; making an excuse; procrastination; excuse objection; subterfuge, evasion.

to be taught; learning; knowing; study; knowledge;—ta'līm u ta'allum, Teaching and

learning.

اهلو ta'alli (v.u. 5 of على), Being or becoming high, or elevated; highness, eminence; exalting oneself, appearing conspicuous.

a تعليق ta'līq (v.n. 2 of مالق), Suspending, hanging; delaying; suspension; a Persian style of writing commonly called Taliq.

عليل ▲ تعليل ta'līl (v.n. 2 of إعلى), Soothing, amusing, diverting; eccupying, engaging one's attention; changing one of the weak letters for another; causality, causation; causing (or allowing) one to have an ex-

A تعليم ta'līm (v.n. 2 of علم), Teaching, instructing, informing; instruction, tuition; learning, erudition.

a قائم تعليم عانة ta'līm-khāna, A school.

a تعليم فرما ta'līm-farmā, تعليم فرما ta'līmgar, A teacher, instructor.

a تعليمي ta'līmi, A thong at the head of a bridle.

ta'ammud (v.n. 5 of عبد له ta'ammud العبد ه deliberately; designing, intending, pur-

ta'ammudan, Deliberately, pur-

posely.

ا تعمل A نعمل ta'ammuq (v.n. 5 of عمل), Going deep into; speaking profoundly and mysteriously; penetration; deepness, profound-

A نعمل ta'ammul (7.n. 5 of عمل), Studying, applying to, labouring, toiling, taking pains.

ta'ammum (v.n. 5 of عمّ), Putting

on a turban; calling (one) uncle.

ا عمى ta'ammī (v.n. 5 of عمى), Being blind.

A تعمية ta'miyat, ta'miya (v.n. 2 of عمى), Blinding; making obscure and enigmatical (a verse or sentence); blindness; obscurity; dar zabāni ta miya, In enigmatical language.

ta'mīd (v.u. 2 of عمد), Propping up, blocking up, damming (a current);

baptizing.

a عمر ta'mir (v.n. 2 of عمر), Building; rebuilding; mending, repairing; making habitable, cultivated, and populous; granting long life; praying to God to bless with a long life; ascribing long duration to, characterizing by perpetuity.

عمق ta'miq (v.n. 2 of عمق), Making deep, deepening; penetrating deeper, push-

ing farther; being far-sighted.

A تعميل ta'mīl (v.n. 2 of عمل), Causing to act; putting in force, carrying out, executing; execution, performance; exercise; appointing one governor of a province or collector of revenue.

ta'mīm (v.n. 2 of عمر), Rendering universal; comprehending, reaching all; generality, universality; indefiniteness.

A تعنت ta'annut (v.n. 5 of عنت), Seeking the depression or destruction (of an adversary); trying to find out one's fault or sin; finding fault with.

A تعنیف ta'nīf (v.n 2 of عنف), Reproaching harshly, blaming severely; repreach.

la'nīn (v.n. 2 of عَنّ), Impotency.

A تعود ta'auwud (v.n. 5 of عود), Being accustomed; making a habit or custom.

A تعوذ ta'auwuz (v.n. 5 of عود , Fleeing (to God), taking refuge.

ta'auwuq (v.n. 5 of عوى , Being

bindered, turned away from; hanging back.

• عرى ta'wij (v.n. 2 of عرى), Bending, making crooked; twisting; perverting.

A عويد ta'wīd (v.n. 2 or عود), Habituating. training (a dog for hunting); introducing or prescribing a custom, manner, or fashion.

عويذ a'wīz (v.n. 2 of عويذ , Praying for protection; causing to take refuge with; a charm, amulet, phylactery; a magic square; a tombstone; -ta'wizi āsmān, Gemini; ta'wīzi sīmīn, The stars.

A تعويض ta'wīz (v.n. 2 of عوض), Recompensing, rewarding, compensating; giving or doing in exchange or return; substituting.

A تعويل ta'wiq (v.n. 2 of عوق), Delaying; hindering, preventing, restraining; suspending, suspension.

عول ما ta'wīl (v.n. 2 of عول له), Laying a burden upon; asking assistance, imploring help; constructing a shelter from the rain ('ālat).

A عوم ta'wim (v.n. 2 of عوم), Laying down corn (when reaping) by handfuls; bearing fruit every second year (a palm-tree); making swim.

A تعبد ta'ahhud (v.n. 5 of عبد), Minding, attending to, looking after, tending, taking care of; making new; agreement, covenaut, contract, engagement, promise; lease, rent; -ta'ahhudi taslim kard, He agreed to surrender.

a تعبد دار ta'ahhud-dar. A lease-holder, holder of an agreement, &c.

a تعيش taʻaiyush (v.n. 5 of عيش), Proeuring a livelihood by labour and industry, labouring for a living; leading a pleasant

life; rejoicing.

ميل taʻaiyal (v.n. 5 of تيعل , Land held by a member of a royal family (especially applied to the royal family of Dehli), a royal appanage; —ta'aiyuli shāhī, The royal demains (around Dehli).

a تعين ta'īn (vulg. for ta'aiyun, v.n. 5 of عين), Specifying, fixing, determining, assigning, appointing, deputing, establishing;

appointment, establishment, &c.

a تعينات ta'īnāt (vulg. for ta'aiyunāt, pl. of the preceding), Appointments; service, duty; station, post, command, garrison.

a تعيناتي ta'īnātī (vulg. for ta'aiyunātī), Appointment, service, duty; the object or business of an appointment; a detachment of troops, guard, garrison.

A تعییر ta'yīr (v.n. 2 of عیر), Reproaching,

reviling, disgracing.

A عيل (v.n. 2 of عيل), Supporting a family, providing adequately for its main-

A تعيين ta'yīn (v.n. 2 of عين), Specifying, assigning, appointing; -ta'yīn shudan, To

be assigned, appointed, &c.; -ta'yīn farmūdan (kardan, numūdan), To assign, appoint, dec. (see تعين ta'īn).

A تعيينات ta'yīnāt (pl. of the preceding),

Appointments, &c.

لم نعابن taghābun (v.n. 6 of عبن), Defrauding, cheating one another; mutual deception; -yaumu 't-taghābun, The Day of Judgment.

taghār, A provision-bag hung by a horseman at each side of his horse; an earthen dish or bowl; any certain allowance of provisions, or stipend, on which a person depends; a measure.

نعاره taghāra, A measure; a wash-tub.

ta<u>qh</u>ārī, A small tub or trough. a تعارى

kneading trough.

aghāful (v.n. 6 of عفل), Feigning تعالل ه negligence; being intentionally negligent, conniving; negligence, inadvertency, care-

a مَشَافِل بِسند taghāful-bīsha, تعافل بيشة taghāful-pasand, تغافل هعار taghāful-shi'ār, Negligent, careless, inattentive.

a تغافل معارى taghāful-shi'ārī, Negligence,

carelessness.

a تعافل کش taghāful-kash, Negligent, careless.

a تعاملي tughāfulī, Negligence, careless-

م تعالب taghālub (v.n. 6 of علب), Overcoming one another.

غير له taghāyur (v.n. 6 of عير), Difference, diversity, discrepancy.

tughtukh, A pancake, fritter.

taghtaz, A pancake, a fritter.

taghtagh, tughtugh, A corn-measure, تعتاج equal to four (according to others to one) ass-loads; a pancake, fritter.

تغدرى تغدرى تغدرى تغدرى ت

اغدو taghaddi (v.n. 5 of غدو), Eating early, breakfasting; dinner.

ماذ, Food, nou- (غذ, taghziyat (v.n. of عداية المعارية), Food, nourishment.

tagharchāq, Finished, prepared (see . (تفرچاغ

tughrá, An emperor's sign manual تعربي

غرب ۸ نغریب ۸ tayhrib (v.n. 2 of غرب), Removing to a distance, banishment, transportation, imprisonment.

taghrir (v.n. 2 of عرب له taghrir (v.n. 2 of تعرير له oneself to danger; filling (a bottle); preparing to fly, meditating flight (a bird).

لغريم A نغريم taghrim (v.n. 2 of عرم), Fining,

mulcting.

aghzīr (v.n. 2 of عرر), Omitting to milk (a camel) every other time, that the milk may be increased.

A تغشى taghashshī (v.n. 5 of غشى), Coverتغشى. ing oneself; having sexual intercourse.

مفى taghziyat, taghziya (v.n. 2 of تغمية 🛦 تغمية Dividing into portions; putting aside, separating from the rest.

A عطى taghattī (v.n. 5 of غطى), Covering, concealing.

A تعطية taghtiyat (v.n. 2 of علم), Covering ;

enveloping in its darkness (night).

A تعفيل taghfil (v.n. 2 of عفل), Reproving for negligence, calling (one) negligent and forgetful, regarding (one) as such.

tughal, Sheepfold.

a تغلب taghlib, Name of an Arabian tribe. م نعلب taghallub (v.n. 5 of علب), Subjugating, taking possession (of a city); prevailing upon, conquering; taking advantage of; cheating; forgery, embezzlement; falsification, adulteration.

a تعلبي taghlabī (rarely taghlibī), Of or

belonging to the tribe of Taghlib.

اغلب م taghlib (v.n. 2 of علي), Rendering superior or victorious; prevalence.

غليس A تغليس taghhis (v.u. 2 of غليس), Travelling by night; -tightis (?), Name of a city founded by Sikandar in Arman.

a أغلط taghlit (v.n. 2 of ملط Accusing of an error, charging with blunder; inducing

into error.

تغايظ ه taghlīz (v.n. 2 of لطف), Making a thing rough and oppressive to anyone.

ا تعلیف taghlif (v.n. 2 of خالف), Cover-

ing with a sheath (ghilaf), encasing.

ي الماني الماني taghliq (v.n. 2 of غلق), Shutting or fastening (a door).

A عمد taghammud (v.n. 5 of عمد), Covering with mercy, saving a signer (God); filling a vessel.

نفية taghma, A badge of honour; a mark which artists put on their productions; the device on a shield or medal.

ا تغمیص taghmīz (v.n. 2 of تغمیض), Half shutting the eyes; conniving at, indulspeaking unintelligibly, mysteging; riously; subtilty of speech.

taghnagh, A corn-measure of four تغنغ

ass-loads (see تغتغ).

نعنى ه taghannī (v.n. 5 of غنى), Singing ; cooing; celebrating a mistress in song; being contented, able to do without.

tughūr, تغور tughūz, Misspellings for

.q.v تَوقوز

taghaiyur, in P. commonly pronounced taghir (v.n. 5 of غير), Being changed, altered, disturbed; change, alteration; becoming vitiated or corrupt; falsification; removal; -taghīri bālīn, Turning the pillow from one side to the other, restlessness.

A تغيرات taghaiyurāt (pl. of the prece-

ding), Alteration, changes.

ميض tayhaiyuz (v.n. 5 of غيض), Diminishing; keeping back the tears; settling in a wood.

taghaiyuz (v.n. 5 of غيط), Being enraged, infuriated.

العيب taghyīb (v.n. 2 of عيب المغييب له taghyīb (v.n. 2 of to be absent, removing.

تغيير A taghyir (v.n. 2 of عير), Altering,

making a change (either for the better or the worse); change, alteration; removing, dismissing from office, discharging; discharge, dismissal;—taghyīr dādan, To change (v.a.);—taghyīri 'amal, Deterioration, disease of a function;—taghyīri quwwati 'aṣabī, A nervous disease;—taghyīri makāni raḥim, Prolapse of the womb;—taghyīri hi'ati ruṭūbati zujājīya, Synchysis, confusion of the humours of the eye;—taghyīr yāftan, To change (v.n.); to become changed (mm.cc.).

A تغييرات taghyīrāt (pl. of the preceding), Alterations, changes;—taghyīrāti jasmanī-ya, Organic diseases;—taghyīrāti nafsānīya, Passions; abberrations of the mind.

Last taf. Flame, heat, warmth; brightness, effulgence; vapour, exhalation; corruption, rottenness, stench; [tafi tegh. The brilliancy (according to others the clashing) of a sword];—tuf. Spittle;—tuf khānī, Spitting of blood; hemoptisis;—tuf kardan, To spit.

A w tuff, Nail-parings; dirt under the nails; (for w tuffan) fie! for shame.

A tuffah, An apple ;-tuffahi mahi

(moon-apple), The orange or lemon.

A ناخر tafākhur (v.n. 6 of نخر), Mutual boasting; glorying; boast, vaunt;—tafā. khur bādan (kardan), To boast mutually; to vie in boasting.

تفل دان tuf-dān, A spittoon (see قف دان). (فرق tafāruq (v.n. 6 of قفارق م), Separation;

division.

تفاريق لا tafārīq (pl. of tafrīq), Intervals; distinct parts; instalments.

tafāsīr (pl. of tafsīr), Commenta-

ries, especially to the Qur'an.

A تفاصيل tafāṣīl (pl. of tafṣīl), Divisions into sections, distinct discourses; assortments;—bar tafāṣīl, In detail.

A تعامل tafāzul (v.n. 6 of نسل), Contending for, or pretending to, pre-excellence.

Els tafāgh, The skull; — tifāgh (tafāgh,

*lufāy<u>h</u>), A c*up.

تفال ه tufāl, Spittle, saliva; froth, foam; —tafa"ul (v.n. 5 of افاع), Taking a good omen; prognosticating well.

a نفالة أهن tufāla'i āhan, Slag, dross.

منى tafānî (v.n. 6 of فني), Destroying

each other; perishing together.

A تعارف tafāwut (v.n. 6 of عادف), Being absent, far asunder; difference, distinction, separation, disparity, discrepancy, contradiction; distance, interval;—ba-rāyi man tafāwul na-mīkunad, It is all the same to me (m.c.).

A مائل tafa'ul (v.n. 6 of افائل), Auguring, foreboding; augury, omen; bibliomancy.

taft, Warm, hot; heat, warmth; rage; haste, expedition; waving, walking in a stately manner; name of an intoxicaing root; name of a place in the province of Yazd.

A منت tafattut (v.n. 5 of المنت), Being broken or crumbled.

نفتكى taftagī, Heat, warmth; anguish,

teen, sorrow.

with taftan, To burn, to be hot; to be angry; to warm, to heat; to put in a rage; to hasten, to run; to walk with a stately pace.

tofta, Hot; melted; twisted; displeased; weighed down; disturbed; a mad-

dening root; a spider's web.

اللخة خكر tafta-jiyar, Hectic; inflamed with love.

لقدة taftah-dil, Heart-sick, desponding.

لفتح taftili (v.n. 2 of تفتيح لم taftili (v.n. 2 of

taftidan, To wax hot.

تفت يودى taft-yazdī, Name of a place in Persia (= نفت taft above).

A تعنيش taftish (v.n. 2 of التحمر), Iuvestigating, examining, searching diligently; inquiry, examination; scrutiny, research; inquisitiveness.

a تفتيشي taftīshī, Investigation, research; an inquisitor, commissary, investigator,

examiner.

تفتيك taftīk, Goats' hair resembling silk, growing at the roots of the long hair, and often more valuable (of which shawls are made); steam from a boiling pot.

A نفتيل taftīl (v.n. 2 of نفتيل), Twisting (a

rope).

A نفتين taftīn (v.n. 2 of منا), Exciting sedition, raising tumults; seducing, infatuating; bewitching.

م الكث tafas (v.n. of شعة), Purifying oneself before performing the sacred cere-

monies at Mecca.

A منجة tafaijur (v.n. 5 of نجو), Being set a flowing, bursting out and running rapidly (water); suppuration.

المجار taffir (v.n. 2 of المجار), Causing to burst forth, setting a flowing, permitting

(water) to run or diffuse itself.

A معين tafjī' (v.n. 2 of الجع), Giving pain, afflicting.

A نفحن tafahhus (v.n. 5 of خصر), Inquiring diligently; investigation, inquiry, search; disquisition.

A Jab tafahhul (v.n. 5 of Jab), Resembling a stallion (fahl); be valiant.

A معمل tafhim (v.n. 2 of معمل), Making (the face) black.

A مخد tafakhkhur (v.n. 5 of خخر), Being proud, boasting, and vain; pride, arrogance.

A منتجم tafkhīm (v.n. 2 of منتجم), Magnifying, honouring; pronouncing (a letter) full or open (opposed to imālat).

مرت tafarrus (v.n. 5 of فرث), Fainting of a pregnant woman.

A top tafarruj (v.n. 5 of to), Enjoying social intercourse; relaxation, recreation;

amusement, fun;-tafarruj kardan, To be amused, delighted, entertained.

a کاه tafarruj-gāh, A delightful place for recreation (as a garden, meadow, or theatre).

tafarchagh, Finished, prepared.

A رئي tafarruh (v.n. 5 of فرح), Ease; leisure, refreshment.

A نظرت tafarrud (v.n. 5 of نظرت), Singularity, separation (from the rest of the world).

A مورس tafarrus (v.n 5 of فرس), Looking steadily at, considering closely; perceiving from indications, judging from physicgnoiny; intuitive perception; discernment, understanding, intelligence.

A کیت tafarru' (v.n. 5 of ورج Being propagated, multiplied (branches), branching out, becoming evolved (as propositions from a root).

هرع tafarrugh (v.n. 5 of ونوع tafarrugh (v.n. 5 of vacant, at leisure, having finished work.

نوطه tafragha, tafrigha, A city in China. الوق tafarruq (v.n. 5 of الوق Being separated, divided, scattered, terrified, routed; becoming dispersed; discrimination, separation; -tafarruqi ittisāl, Solution of con-

tinuity (med.).

A تارقا tafriqat, tafriqa (v.n. 2 of تارقا), Scattering, dispersing, dissipating; distinction, discrimination; discord, disunion, misunderstanding; distractedness; tress; divorce.

مري tafrīj (v.n. 2 of فرج), Banishing

grief, dispelling care.

A تفريح tafrih (v.n. 2 of فرح), Exhilarating, rejoicing, gladdening; gratification; diversion, recreation, amusement; fun, jest.

A lafrihan, For the sake of amusement, recreation, diversion; in fun, in jest,

by way of joke.

A تفريد tafrīd (v.n. 2 of فرد), Retiring, leading a solitary life (on account of devotion); asceticism of a Sufi; excelling in science, being unique in scholarship.

تاريدن tafridan, To roast, to fry.

مرس tafris (v.n. 2 of فرس), Tearing to

pieces, rending.

مريط م tafrīt (v.n. 2 of فرط , Acting care lessly, failing in the performance of any duty, forgetting, relinquishing, losing an opportunity; leaving behind; averting, warding off evil; putting to a distance.

A وبع tafri' (v.n. 2 of قرع), Drawing

forth, bringing out, evolving propositions from an original principle; climbing a

mountain; descending.

الربع ه tafrigh (v.n. 2 of فربع tafrigh (v.n. 2 of vessel; pouring forth, causing to gush

مُويق له tafrīq (v.n. 2 of فرق), Separating, discriminating; scattering; division; distribution, partition; analysis; classificaclass, department; subtraction; jealousy. suspicion, misunderstanding; schiam.

A ويع tafzī' (v.n. 2 of يرع), Striking with terror; delivering from fear or apprehen-

تفس tafs, Heat, warinth.

نفسان tafsān, Hot.

نفسة tafsa, tufsa, A mole on the face; grief, uneasiness, restlessness; an inclination; a longing (as in pregnant women or opium-eaters).

tafsiyā (G. θαψία), The deadly

carrot, thapsia.

tafsīdan (Z. tafs), To grow warm. tafsīda, Burned, warmed, very hot.

تفسيدة لبان tafsīda-labān, Chapped-lipped. A مسير tafeir (v.n. 2 of مسير), Explaining, expounding; discovering the meaning of a difficult passage; explanation, commentary, paraphrase; an interpretation of the Qur'an; inspecting the urine of a sick

a نفسيرة tafsīra, Urine-bottle to be offered

to a physician for inspection.

السال tafsīq (v.n. 2 of نفسيال), Calling or making one profligate, depraving, perverting.

tafsīla, A kind of rich silken stuff. tafsh, Reproach; — taftsh, Heat, warmth; foam; spittle.

tafshara, tafshira, A stew of vegetables.

tafshal, A reproach, chiding, railing, تغشل ե curse.

tafshila, A dish of meat, eggs, carrots, and honey.

tafsha, A reproach, curse, chiding, railing.

نفشه tafsha-zan, One who chides, reproaches, curses, calumniates.

tafshīra, A dish of lentils (comp. and the following).

تهشيلة tafshīla, A dish of meat, eggs, car-

rots, and honey.

مصل المر tafṣīl (v.n. 2 of المحل), Separating or distinguishing one thing from another; analysis, detail, particulars; an assortment; statistics;—mā baina tafsīl, As follows (m.c.).

ميلاً * tafsīlan, and—

a تفصيلانه tafṣīlāna, Distinctly, at full length, clearly explained in detail.

a تفصيل نامنه tafṣīl nāma, Minntes, report. a مصيل وار tafṣīl-wār, Distinctly; circum-stantially; in detail.

- مصل المر tafazzul (v.n. 5 of نعمل), Excelling, being eminent, assuming a superiority; excess; conferring a favour, favouring, obliging; favour, obligation, kindness, beneficence.
- tafazzulāt (pl. of the preceding), Favours, kindnesses.
 - منى tafazzī (v.n. 5 of نفى), Getting out

w

of straits or difficulties; having leisure for a thing.

another's vices or faults, putting to shame;

disgrace, disrepute, ignominy.

exalting; excellence; pre-eminence; pre-ference;—ismi tafzīl, A comparative or superlative noun, noun of comparison (tafzīli nafsī, positive degree; tafzīli ba'z, comparative; tafzīli kull, superlative).

ر نظر taftir (v.n. 2 of نظر), Causing one to break the fast; make one breakfast.

A تفطین taffin (v.n. 2 of نطن), Making one to understand, to look at, or to con-

sider (anything).

A مقلد tafaqqud (v.n. 5 of مقلد), Searching for anything lost; inquiring diligently, wishing to know; seeking to gain the heart, sympathy, kindness, commiseration.

مقه tafaqquh (v.n. 5 of نعقه), Studying divine subjects; being skilled in jurisprn-

dence (fiqh).

tufaki نفك دهن tufaki dahan, A tube for shooting clay balls through by the force of the breath; a musket (see هنگ

taf-kada, A hearth, a chafing-dish, a ضكدة

portable grate for coals.

تفكر لا tafakkur (v.n. 5 of نكر), Thinking, reflecting, meditating, considering; anxiety; —tafakkur kardan, To cousider.

A محكة tafakkuh (v.n. 5 of محكة tafakkuh (v.n. 5 of محكة), Admiring, being filled with astonishment; enjoying; being penitent, grieving, lamenting; penitence, repentance.

الكر lafkīr (v.n. 2 of الكر), Considering,

reflecting; anxiety.

A عكيك tafkīk (v.n. 2 of الله), Disjoining, separating one thing from another.

تفل ه taft (v.n. of تفل), Spitting, ejecting small saliva from the mouth;—tuft, Spittle,

saliva; froth, foam.

تفلیس taflis, tiflis, A city in Georgia.

ملس taflīs (v.n. 2 of فلس), Declaring

one a bankrupt.

a تفليك taftīk (v.n. 2 of تفليك), Swelling (the breasts of a maiden); having swelling breasts (a virgin); making a muzzle of hair or wool to prevent a camel's colt from sucking.

יבּלין taftīn (Heb. הְלִּכִּלין), Phylacteries,

frontlets.

تفناك tafnāk, Stinking, ill-smelling.

tufang, A musket; an iron warrocket;—tufang afgandan (andākhtan), To fire a shot (m.c.);—tufang khwurdan, To be hit by a shot;—tufangi dingī (?), A musket with flint-lock (m.c.);—tufangi sozanī, A needle-gun (m.c.).

Tufangchī, A musketeer; a تفنگیهی

rifleman.

tufang-dār, Gun-bearer, keeper of the guns (in the service of a prince, m.c.).

tufang-säz, A gun-maker. تفنك ساز

تفنک سازی tufang-sāzī, Manufactory of small arms (m.c.).

A فنن tafannun (v.u. 5 of فنن), Being of different sorts, of various kinds; diversion, pastime, amusement, fun.

تفنود tafnūd, Courage, fortitude. تفنود tafna, تفنى tafnā, A spider's web.

A منية tafnīd (v.n. 2 of منية), Accusing of falsehood; urging to the performance of an act; charging with error; accusing of fraud or deception; pronouncing one to be insane or weak; despising, treating with contempt.

tafū, Pho! fie!—tufū, Spittle.

تفوز tafūr, تفوز tafūz, Clay; earthenware. موق tafauwuq (v.n. 5 of فوق, Exalting oneself, pretending to superiority; superiority; ascendancy; doing a thing by degrees.

مارل tafauwul (for tafa"ul, v.n. 5 of الاتل), Presaging happily, taking a good omen from a name; presaging from a passage in a book opened by chance; bibliomancy.

A تفوه tafauwuh (v.n. 5 of فوه منا, Speaking, pronouncing, delivering (a speech);

being talkative.

A موجد tafwiz (v.n. 2 of فوض). Recommending, enjoining, committing, consigning, resigning, confiding, referring to another; placing in trust or deposit; cession; recommending; giving (a woman) in marriage without a dower.

tafa, Hatred, enmity, revenge, vindic-

tiveness; fog.

A تقده tafah (v.n.), Being little, mean, contemptible;—tafih, Insipid;—tufah (tafh), Lynx (= مياه کوش q.v.).

A تهم tafahhum (v.n. 5 of فهم tafahhum (v.n. 5 of

standing, conceiving, apprehending.

tajhīm (v.n. 2 of المحم), Giving to understand; teaching, instructing, inform-

ing.

الميدن tafidan. To get warm, heated by the fire; to sit in the sun, to expose to the fire or sun; to crack or chap by the heat; to scrape together, secure an advantage for oneself.

tufīrā, tufaira, قاميرك tafīrā, tufaira, كاميرا

white stone, gravel stone.

tafīn, تغيين tafīna, A spider ; a spider's

web.

مَيْثَ tafya (prob. from A. مُوَنِينًا), A projection over a door to shelter against sun or rain.

A تقابل taqābul (v.n. 6 of نبل), Encountering, standing face to face, looking at one another; being drawn up in mutual opposition.

قتل taqātul (v.n. 6 of قتل), Fighting, slaying one another.

ancient, antique, old; preceding, going be-

fore; fronting each other; (in law) such a distance of time as suffices to prevent punishment.

تادير ه taqādīr (pl. of taqdīr), Fates, de-

crees.

تغار taqār, A wallet, &c. (see تقار

لقارب له tagārub (v.n. 6 of قارب), Approaching one another; being near.

taqāsum (v.n. 6 of قاسم A تقاسم الم ding, sharing among themselves; swearing to each other.

نقاص ه taqāṣṣ (v.n. 6 of قاص ه), Retaliating

upon one another.

taqāṣīr (pl. of taqṣīr), Defects,

shortcomings, &c.

a القامة taqāzā' (for taqāzī, v.n. 6 of قاما), Dunning, exacting; a demand; exaction, requisition, claim; urgency, importunity, exigence; prompting, impulse; -taqāzā'i sinn, The customs, habits, or requirements of different ages, as of childhood, youth, manhood, &c.; — taqāzā'i shadīd, Inexorable dunning; -taqāzā' kardan, To exact.

a تقاضاتی $taq\bar{a}z\bar{a}'\bar{\imath}$, Exacting, pressing,

urgent, importunate, solicitous.

قامى ه taqāṣī (v.n. 6 of قامى ه), Demand-

ing; receiving payment.

لقطر tagātur (v.n. 6 of قطر), Being continuous; distilling drop by drop; raining.

A تقاطع taqāṭu' (v.n. 6 of قطع), Being disunited, alienated, giving each other the cut; being detached or placed separately; cutting or crossing each other; intersection.

A معامد taga'ud (v.n. 6 of معدة), Backwardness, dilatoriness, negligence; desisting

(from a work).

مقاليب taqālīb (pl. of taqlīb), Changes, revolutions.

A bja tagāwat, Piety; abstinence, conti-

A مقاول taqāwul (v.n. 6 of قول), Conver

sing together.

A مناجع tagāwum (v.n. 6 of قوم), Rising one against another, getting up to fight; oppo-

sing one another.

اقارى 🛦 نقارى الم taqāwī (v.n. 6 of قارى), Strengthening, assisting; money advanced to tenants (to pay for seed, &c.); vying, contending; ransoming, redeeming each other.

منبض taqabbuz (v.n. 5 of تنبض), Mutual surrender, silent exchange of an article and

A قبل tagabbul (v.n. 5 of قبل), Receiving

favourably, admitting, accepting.

A تقبلات taqabbulāt (pl. of the preceding), Favourable receptions, &c.; — tagabbulāt numudan, To make a request and have it

قبيع له taqbīḥ (v.n. 2 of تبيع), Exposing a foul deed; doing (anything) in a coarse and ugly manner; making ugly.

م تقبيل taqbil (v.n. 2 of قبيل), Kissing; a

kiss.

نتر taqtīr (v.n. 2 of تقتير , Sparing ex-

pense, keeping domestics at short allowance.

A تقدس taqaddus (v.n. 5 of قدس), Being pure and holy; purity, sanctity, holiness; -taqaddasa (3rd pers. sing. pret. of the preceding, used optatively), May he be sanctified!—taqaddasa wa taʻalá, May (He) be sanctified and exalted!

A تقدم taqaddum (v.n. 5 of تقدم), Preceding; stepping forward, advancing; precedence, pre-excellence, preference, priority.

a قدمة tagdimat, tagdima, tagdama, The proposition of a syllogism; advance (of money); final adjustment of an account; an estimate, a budget; being in advance.

تقدة tagda, Coriander.

قدير taqdīr (v.n. 2 of تقدير), Measuring; dividing, apportioning subsistence or daily bread; ordering, ordaining; thinking, considering, supposing; the Divine decree; predestination, inevitable decree, fixed fate; destiny; lot; -bar taqdīr, On the supposi-

A تقديرات taqdirat (pl. of the preceding), Decrees.

a تقديري taqdīrī, Having the efficacy without the sensible or material part; real, virtual.

مديس taqdīs (v.n. 2 of قديس), Purifying, sanctifying, consecrating, calling holy; purity; sanctification, sanctity; magnification.

aqdīm (v.n. 2 of قديم), Giving precedence; preferring, promoting; serving up, setting (food) before anyone; presenting; sending forward, sending on before (virtuous or vicious deeds); putting one before another; transposition.

A بيت tagarrub (v.n. 5 of قرب), Seeking admittance, striving to draw near; hoping to render (the Deity) propitious by sacrifices; being near; propinquity, nearness, approximation, approach; access; -kasbi taqarrub kardan, To gain admission, to get the ear (of a great man), to procure favour.

א ניקס tagarruh (v.n. 5 of פֿקס), Ulcer, ulceration; -tagarruhi 'azmī, Caries, cario-

taqarruḥāt (pl. of the preceding), Ulcers;—tagarruhāti bīnī, Ozena; tagarruhāti muzmini hulgūm, Consumption of the throat.

tagirda, Cumin, caraway-seeds.

A قرّ taqarrur (v.n. 5 of تقرر), Being esta blished; confirmation, approbation, ratification; settlement; appointment; appropriation.

a قررى taqarrurī, Settlement, appointment.

مرع المرع tagarru' (v.n. 5 of قرع), Turning from one side to the other, tossing about (in bed).

ಕ್ರಹ taqira, Caraway-seeds, cumin (see . (تقردة

A cess, causing to approach; bringing near; approaching; approximation, proximity; access; commending, recommending, mentioning; recommendation; occasion, conjuncture; festive occasion, ceremony, rite; cause, means, motive; pretence; appearance, probability;—taqrib didan, To see a means, a motive, a probability.

tagrīban, Near to, about, approxi-

mately.

تقريبات بات tagrībāt (pl. of tagrīb), Occasions; festive occasions, festivals, ceremonies, &c.

تربين taqrībī, Conjectural, probable. تربين taqrībī, Conjectural, probable. قرير taqrīr (v.n. 2 of قرير), Confirming; constituting, appointing; speaking, discoursing; relating, explaining; a narrative, relation, recital, account, detail; a statement, assertion, exposition; an avowal, confession; an official report; pleasure, delight;—taqrīr kardan, To speak, to declare, to say; to confirm, constitute, establish (in power).

tagriran, By word of mouth,

orally.

مريس م taqrīs (v.n. 2 of قريس), Chilling;

congealing.

A قريط taqrīz (v.n. 2 of قريط), Praising the living (justly or unjustly); reviewing, review.

ارج م taqri' (v.u. 2 of قرح), Reproaching, reviling, reproving, chiding; striking.

تورك taqrīk, Instruction, education, admonition.

A منسم taqassum (v.n. 5 of نسم), Being divided, scattered.

taqsīm (v.n. 2 of قسيم م), Distributing, dividing, sharing; giving to be divided; scattering, dispersing; distribution, partition, allotment; division in arithmetic;—taqsīmi jam', An assessment of land; a rent-roll;—taqsīm numūdan, To distribute, allot.

a تقسيمى $taqs\bar{i}m\bar{i}$, An assessment of taxes in lots.

Living poorly; being scantily fed and coarsely clothed.

A تقشير taqshīr (v.n. 2 of قشير), Peeling,

unbarking, excoriating.

اقمير لايم tagsīr (v.n. 2 of قصير م), Being deficient, unequal to; defect, failure; omission, shortcoming; mistake, error, fault; offence, misdemeanour, crime; guilt, blame, abbreviation; (construed with the verbs uftādan, āmadan, bastan, raftan, kardan.)

المسيرات taqsīrāt (pl. of taqsīr), Errors,

failings, &c.

a تقصير دار taqsīr-dār, Culprit; guilty (m.c.).

تقصير كار تقصير كار taqsīr-kār, A sinner, one who has committed a fault (m.c.).

taqsir-mand, and-

taqṣir-war, Faulty, culpable.

A تقطع taqattu' (v.n. 5 of مقطع), Being divided or dividing into several parts.

رقطر taqtīr (v.n. 2 of قطر), Causing to drop, or to come away drop by drop; distilling, distillation; passing (urine, &c.) in drops; strangury; diabetes; gonorrhœa;—taqtīr kardan, To distil.

A تقطيع taqtī' (v.u. 2 of تقطيع), Cutting in several pieces, hacking, hashing, mincing; dissecting; (in prosody) scanning; the cesura or pause in verse; taking pains;

donning a garment, &c.

م تقعيد م taq'īd (v.n. 2 of تقعيد), Desisting or causing to desist; neglecting; attend-

ig to.

لَعْرِ taq'īr (v.n. 2 of تعرِي), Going to the bottom;—taq'īri khārijī'i'azmi khāsira, External iliac fosse (med.);—taq'īri dākhili'i 'azmi khāsira, Internal iliac fosse (med.);—taq'īri mafṣali fakki afṣal, Glenoid fosse of temporal bone (med.).

A منطبة taqtib (v.n. 2 of نطب), Frowning; —taqtibu 'l-wajh, Looking austere, knitting

of the brows.

م تففیل م taqjīl (v.n. 2 of نفل), Locking (doors); keeping, guarding, preserving.

A — tagallub (v.n. 5 of — Rolling, tossing oneself; being turned, being inverted; turn, change, inversion, conversion.

تقلبات taqallubāt (pl. of the preceding), Changes, turns; lies, cheatings, trickeries (m.c.).

a dist tagallud (v.n. 5 of di), Being adorned with a necklace (a woman), with a collar (an animal); being preferred to, or confirmed in, an office; receiving an investiture.

تقلى tuqlī, A lamb six months old.

اللب taqlib (v.n. 2 of اللب), Revolving, inverting, turning upside down; turning inside out; inverting, changing; inversion, conversion; change, transposition, transmutation; impulsion.

a تقلیبی taqlībī, Changed, converted;

transposed, &c.

with authority; investiture; imitation, representation; mimicry; counterfeiting; religious show, without real piety; hypocrisy;—taqlīd kardan, To represent, counterfeit, feign; to imitate the voice, manner, or hand of another;—ahli taqlīd, A mimic, comedian, buffoon; a hypocrite.

a تقليدي taglidi, Imitated, forged, coun-

terfeit.

taqlis (v.n. 2 of قليس), Beating the drum (duff), and meeting or going before kings and other great men, with that and other musical instruments, on solemn public occasions.

A نقلهل taqlīl (v.n. 2 of قللهل), Diminishing, diminution, reduction; causing to look less;

paucity.

A متليم taqlim (v.n. 2 of تلم), Paring the nails.

T تقماق tuqmāq, Name of a Turkish tribe; a mallet, a hammer (see ترقماق).

منع taqannu' (v.n. 5 of تقنع , Putting

on a coif or cap called qinā'.

A تقليج taqnī' (v.n. 2 of تقليج), Making contented; putting on a head-dress, veiling, hooding.

A law tagwa, Fiety; the fear of God.

A مُعْلَمُ tuqawā' (pl. of taqī), Religious, God-fearing men.

q.v. توقوز toque, = تقوز q.v.

נוֹקלינֵי taqū' (Heb. אָרוֹקלינָ), Tekoa near Jerusalem (noted for its honey).

A مقوم tagauwum (v.n. 5 of قوم Being

straight or straightened.

A Lyst taqwá, Fear of God, piety; abstinence;—ahli taqwá, One who fears God; pious, devout.

اقرى A قرى, Becoming taqauwi (v.n. 5 of قرى), Becoming powerful, strong; strengthening, assisting.

A List taqwiyat (v.n. 2 of دري), Strengthening; reinforcing; confirming, establishing; strength; corroboration; support, aid; assurance, confidence; comfort, trust, reliance.

A توبض taqwīz (v.n. 2 of قويض), Demolishing a structure, breaking up a tent.

Reporting (عول taqwil (v.n. 2 of عويل) Reporting that another said so and so (generally

A A style taqwim (v.n. 2 of style), Making straight, straightening; setting in order, fixing, adjusting; directing aright; putting a price upon; estimating, rating; adjustment, proportion, symmetry; a calendar, almanack;—'alá ahsani taqwimin, In the most perfect symmetry.

tuga, A button, buckle, clasp.

tuqá (v.n.), Piety, the fear of God;

—aṣḥābi tugá, The pious.

ما القيدة taqaiyud (v.n. 5 of قليدة), Binding oneself; application, attention, diligence, industry, assiduity, care; strictness; superintendence, surveillance; observation, vigilance; injunction.

ا تقيدات taqaiyudāt (pl. of the prece-

ding), Injunctions, cautions, &c.

A گئيٽ taqaiyuz (for tayaqquz, q.v.), Being awake.

A محمد taqyīd (v.n. 2 of ديد), Binding, restraining, repressing; pointing a book.

dan), Run thou; running; rushing at (tak awardan, to run fast, to rush towards); the pace of a horse; a heat, race; any quick motion, stroke, blow; striking the dice-box to make the dice lie even; the

bottom of a well, cistern, &c.; name of an aquatic plant of which paper is made, papyrus; a kind of grass growing among wheat; little, small, moderate in quantity; [tak-tak, here and there, separately, detached (m.c);—tak ū pū, Run and search; diligent inquiry (see [viz.];—tak ū pū kardan, To search or examine carefully;]—tik, A mouthful, morsel; before, near; a horse;—tuk, The beak of a bird; the point of a dagger or spear; a small lamp, which gives but little light.

تكاب tak-āb, A channel hollowed out by a torrent; a pass between two mountains; uneven grounds, partly under water, partly dry, partly verdant, partly sterile; a

funnel; name of a country.

تكابوى, تكابوى takāpū, تكابوى tak-ā-pūy, Diligent search; a running to and fro; a bustling about here and there to no purpose.

A تكاثر takāṣur (v.n. 6 of كثر), Disputing for superiority (in number, affluence, or offspring).

ا تكاثف takāsuf (v.u. 6 of كثف takāsuf (v.u. 6 of كثف hick, compressed, condensed; thickness,

density.

takār, Running; a swift horse.

ا كسل takāsul (v.n. 6 of كسل , Indolence, sluggishness, negligence, carelessness.

ا كفاء takāfu' (v.n. 6 of كفاء), Being congruous; equality.

takāk, A grape-stone.

takān, A push, a shock, a shake;—takān khwurdan, To be pushed; to receive a shock; to be startled;—takān dādan, To push, to push back or aside; to shock; to wave; to jolt (mm.cc.).

م تكاليف takālēf (pl. of taklēf), Troubles, difficulties, hardships, trials; impositions,

exactions, levies, taxes.

م تكامل takāmul, A being perfect, complete.

A تكاميش takāmīsh (pl. of takmīsh), Pursuit, persecution.

a تكاميشي takāmīshī, Pursuit, persecution.

تكانيدن takānīdan, To brush or shake off ; to shake (a tree, &c.).

تکان tak-āv, A channel hollowed by a torrent; uneven grounds, partly under water and partly dry (= تکاب q.v.).

تكاور tak-āwar, Swift, running; an ambling horse; a camel;—tak-āwari ablaq,

The world.; day and night.

ا کاهل تکاهل نامل takāhul (v.n. 6 of کہل), Indolence,

negligence, remissness.

ا کبر takabbur (v.n. 5 of کبر), Being proud; pride, haughtiness, arrogance, loftiness, presumption, grandeur.

a تکبری takabburi, Pride, &c. (= the pre-

ceding).

tak-band, A silken or woollen girdle with a hook and eye at the ends.

ا تكبير م takbīr (v.n. 2 of کبير), Making, calling, or esteeming great; magnifying God by saying allāh akbar, God is greatest (construed with the verbs zadan, koftan, kashīdan, and guftan).

dan, and guftan).

عنداز tak-tāx, Haste, speed; running; searching, seeking; be quick! (see زنگناز).

taktaki pā, The sound of the feet in running;—taktaki pā raftan, To frighten by the noise of the feet;—taktaki pā mirasānad, He boasts of his bravery and power.

لكثر takassur (v.n. 5 of كثر), Abounding,

being plentiful.

تكثير لا بر takṣīr (v.n. 2 of کثر), Multiplying, increasing, augmenting, enlarging.

م تكثيف takṣīf (v.n. 2 of كثف , Render-

ing thick, condensing.

takahhul (v.n. 5 of کسل), Tinging the eyes with crude antimony, or lead-ore reduced to an impalpable powder.

محيل له takḥil (v.n. 2 of كحيل), Anoint-

ing with collyrium.

A تكدد takaddud (v.n. 5 of كد), Labour,

toil; hardship,

ككدر هـ takaddur (v.n. 5 of ككدر), Being turbid, impure, dark (colour or liquor); being disturbed, troubled (life); muddiness, turbidness; dregs; dulness, sullenness, moroseness; disquietude.

A بكلت takzīb (v.n. 2 of كلاب), Accusing of falsehood, giving one the lie, treating as

a liar; denying stoutly.

takar, Wheel (m.c.).

تركز takrār (v.n. of خرار), Returning to the attack; repeating often; repetition; tautology; burden (of a song); question, dispute, altercation; objection; — takrār kardan, To repeat, reiterate.

a نکراری takrārī, Caviller, carper,

wrangler.

A مَكْرَة takarrur (v.n. 5 of كر), Being repeated, reiterated; reiteration; persevering.

نكرع له takarru' (v.n. 5 of كرع), Washing

and purifying before prayer.

تكرونتن takarunitan (in Zand and Pazand), To twist.

takrit, tukrit, A city and fortress in Mesopotamia, the birthplace of Saladin.

تكرير ه takrīr (v.n. 2 of مرز), Repeating, reiterating; repetition, reply, revisal, renewal.

A مَرْم takrim (v.n. 2 of كرم), Honouring, revering; calling (one) generous and noble; honour, respect, reverence, salutation; a cushion placed for a man to do him honour.

A تكريمات takrīmāt (pl. of the preceding),

Reverences, honours, &c.

ي takazh, takuzh, takizh, A grape-stone. وان كن takazh-dān, هناى كن takazh-dāna, The membrane which envelops the grape-stone; the husk of the grape.

تكس takas, Grape-stones.

اكسر takassur (v.n. of کسر), Being broken, speut, debilitated; carrying (figures in arithmetic); folding up (the wings).

تكسك takask, tikask, تكسك takasl, A grape-

stone or husk.

اکسل م takassul (v.n. 5 of کسل), Being lazy, inactive, indolent; want of energy,

indisposition, sickness.

الكسير الكسير الكسير taksir (v.n. 2 of كسير الكسير), Breaking in pieces; making and declining (a noun) as a broken or irregular plural; carrying (in arithmetic); dividing so as to produce a fraction; superficial measure;—jam'u 't-taksir, The irregular plural (in which the singular is often changed into a very different form).

تكسين taksin, Name of a Turkish chieftain.

تكش takash, Grape-stones; name of a king.

tikshimishi, تكشيشي tikshimishi, تكشيشي tikshimishi, Respectful salutations or presents, or both, offered to a king.

takshmir, Showing oneself off as a Kashmirian, affect the ways and manners

of such.

A تکعیب tak'ib (v.n. 2 of کعیب), Having swelling breasts (a girl); making of a cubic form.

A تکفل takafful (v.n. 5 of کفل), Becoming or taking security; giving caution for

another; security, bail.

A pass takfir (v.n. 2 of &), Covering, expiating a crime or the breach of an oath, by doing penance or paying a mulct as atonement; humbling oneself before another (putting the hand upon the breast, and inclining the head), showing distant respect; accusing of infidelity, calling or making one an unbeliever; guiltiness;—takfir kardan, To call one an unbeliever, to tax with infidelity.

م تكفيل takfil (v.n. 2 of كفل), Giving or

asking security.

A تكفين takfin (v.n. 2 of كفين), Shrouding (the dead); laying in the coffin; burial, sepulture.

takil, tikil, A handsome, unbearded youth; a horned and pugnacious sheep; a

dolt; disproportionate.

A white tuklan, Trust, confidence (in God).

تكثير takaltū, Felt cloth placed under a saddle to prevent the galling of the horse's back; whiskers.

تكلتو دوز takaltu-doz, A maker of saddle-clothes.

a تكلف takalluf (v.n. 5 of كلف), Taking upon oneself; taking pains personally; gratuitousness, spontaneousness; pains, attention, industry, perseverance; incon-

venience, trouble; profusion, extravagance; careful observance of etiquette, ceremony, formality; dissimulation, insincerity;takalluf bar taraf, Waiving ceremony;takalluf satandan (kardan), To take the trouble, to take pains, &c.

akallufat (pl. of the preceding), تكلفات Troubles, inconveniences; elaborations ; ceremonies; compliments, formalities; takallufāti rasmī, Ceremonious attentions, empty compliments; -- takallufāti majlis, The ceremonies of society, etiquette.

a خام نكلف مواة takalluf-mizāj, Čeremonious.

ملم takallum (v.n. 5 of کلم takallum (v.n. 5 of تکلم talking; speech, conversation; -takallumi sadri, Pectriloquy; -lakallum kardan, To converse, speak, relate, tell.

tukla, Mad, insane; name of one of

the Atabaks who reigned in Shīrāz.

ا تكليف له taklif (v.n. 2 of كلف), Proposing to, or obliging another to, undertake any thing difficult or above his strength; imposing, laying on a burden; trouble, difficulty, molestation, distress, inconvenience, annoyance; ceremony; duty, the right thing to do, what is incumbent (m.c.);taklif kardan, To charge with any work, to order to do a thing, to give the trouble of.

A کل taklīl (v.n. 2 of کل), Crowning; shining; being dispirited in battle; exerting oneself.

كليم ه taklīm (v.n. 2 of كليم), Speaking;

wounding.

تكمار tukmār, نكمر tukmar, An arrow without a point, but with a button in its place (for practice, see خمار).

a تكمله takmila (v.n. 2 of كمل), Perfec-

tion, completion.

tikma, Gold-embroidered silk; fine gold; -tukma, A button (construed with kardan, bastan, kushādan, nihādan); u knot; nodosity; -tukma'i jaib kushādan, To unbutton the pocket.

کمید ه takmid (v.n. 2 of تکمید له a distempered limb, and applying warm

bandages to the affected part.

كميل م takmīl (v n. 2 of كمل , Finishing, completing, perfecting; perfection, excellence; completion; accomplishment; authentication, authority, validity, :--takmīl dadan, To complete, to make perfect, &c.

takan, A fruit-bearing tree.

tukand, takanid, tikand, tikind, A

bird's nest; a poultry-yard.

ا كنى takannī (v.n. 5 of كنى), Being described by a kunyat or kināyat, i.e. a word which has properly another meaning; being alluded to, hinted at.

takū, Curly, entangled hair; cakes baked with butter.

tak-u-pūy, Run! search! inquiry;—tak-ū-pūy kardan, To run fast; to inquire or search diligently.

ناز لمودن tak-u-tāz numūdan, To run ; to search diligently.

كور Lakauwur (v.n. 5 of كور), Gathering in or being gathered in; distilling, dropping; falling.

تكوز takozh, A grape-stone (see تكوز).

takok, تكوك takok, كوك takol, A cup made in the form of an animal; glass;—tukūk, A large parlour or upper room; a butt for shooting at with arrows.

A نکون takauwun (v.n. 5 of کون), Being

becoming; deriving existence.

تكوى takawi, Thin cakes; curly hair.

تكوير له takwir (v.n. 2 of كور), Wrapping the turban round the head; throwing down; increasing, augmenting; beaping goods together and tying them in bales.

كوين A تكوين takwin (v.n. 2 of كون), Giving a being (kaun) or beginning to, causing to

exist, originating, creating; genesis.

taka, A he-goat that leads the flock; a single volume; dry cow-dung flattened into cakes used for fuel; -tika, A mouthful, piece (tika tika, Piecemeal); -tikkah, The string of the drawers; - tuka, An arrow without a point, but with a knob at the end; a little hill, an eminence.

تكى takī, A run, a race.

تكيدن takidan, To shake (a carpet); to run to and fro.

تكير takīz, A grape-stone.

تكيسة takīsa, Housings of a horse, saddle ; saddle-bag.

-tikshi تكشمشى = tikīshimīshī, تكيشميشى mishī, q.v.

تكين takīn, A grape-stone; lower, infe-

rior; name of a king.

a تکيه takya, A place of repose; an alcove; an elbow-chair; a pillow; anything upon which one leans, a prop; the reserve of an army; the place or abode of a faqir; takya <u>kh</u>wurdan (dādan, zadan, numūdan), To recline, lean; to rest;—takya'i masīhī, A Christian monastery.

a تكية جاي takya-jāy, A resting-place;

(met.) refuge, asylum.

a تکیه دار takya-dār, A monk; a dervish.

a تکیه کلام tukya-kalam, A cant word or phrase introduced into conversation without any meaning (merely to rest upon), an expletive.

a تکیه کاه takya-gāh, A resting-place; a

sofa; (met.) refuge, protection.

a تكية نشين takya-nishîn, Sitting in a monastery (i.e. a monk or dervish who never

goes out).

tag, Bottom; earth, ground; a cry for help; a race or heat; running; (in Zand and Pazand) a ripe date; -tagi darya, The bottom of the sea; -ba-tag nishastan, To sink to the bottom.

tag-āv, Verdant patches نگار tag-āb of sloping ground from which the water has retired; a flagon with a spout; a funnel; enmity, strife; name of a note in music; name of a village dependent on

tagāndan, تكاندن tagānidan, To

shake off (dust); to cause to run.

tag-awar, تگاورة tag-awara, A running horse, one having good paces.

نك نك tag-bun, A shallow well.

tag-taz, Running; searching, seeking.

tag-dau (dav), Running about on business, or in search of employ; inquiry, search; fatigue.

tagaddī (formed like an Ar. v.n. 5 کدی

from the P. W), Begging.

نگرک tagarg, Hail, sleet, storm, tempest ; -tagarg bārīdan, To hail; --tagrag, The foundation of a wall.

tagl, A troop of soldiers;—tigl, A patch to put on a garment; a handsome

youth.

tagaltū, تكلتي tagaltī, Dorsers ; felt cloth used to prevent the saidle from galling the beast's back; whiskers, mustachios . (تكلتو 888)

tugmar, An arrow with a wooden

يك در العاري (dav), = تكورور q.v.

tagidan, To run to and fro, hither and thither.

tagīn, tigīn, Strong, brave, valiant تكين (in pr. n. as Sabuktagin, &c.); name of a wrestler; fire.

تكيناباد tagin-ābād (takīnābād). Name of

a place.

ز tal, Anything poured out into a heap ; a hill; a beardless youth;—tul, A tailor's bag for needles, thread, and thimble.

tall, A little hill, hillock; a heap of

sand; a heap (of dead bodies).

li talā, A beggar, mendicant.

tilāb, talāb, Poured ont as water; a

تلابانيدن talābānīdan, To cause to cackle, to cluck.

تلابيدن talābīdan, To cackle, to cluck.

talātūf, Dirty, nasty, كاتوك , talātūf sordid, filthy, shunned by society; clamour,

riot, noise.

talātūn, Refraining from what is unclean or filthy (opposed and evidently in some way related to the preceding نلانوف in its first meaning).

talātīn, Perfumed or Russia lea-

ther.

talāj, tilāj, Noise, tumult, shout.

المن talāḥuq (v.n. 6 of تلامق talāḥuq (v.n. 6 of تلامق each other.

talād, A large city bordering on China.

a مائد tilād, Hereditary wealth.

الرم talārum (v.n. 6 of الرم), Being inserted within one another, hanging together.

talas, Name of a city in Turkistan. تلاعل talash, Search; study; fancy, imagination, thought; pain, effort (m.c.); = q.v.; —talāsh kardan, To take pains. to exert oneself (m.c.); to inquire.

تلامان talāshān, A grove in Ispāhāu. talāshī, One who takes pain, who

exerts himself; an inquirer.

or الشي or الشو talashi (v.n. 6 of الشعب م self a denominative of la-shai), Annihilation; vanishing; disappearance; dipersion.

talāshīdan (derived from the preceding), To be scattered; to perish; to

A تلاطم talatum (v.n. 6 of ملع), Fighting buffeting, slapping, or cuffing one another; -talatumi amwaj, Dashing of waves;talatum kardan, To dash together, to clash.

الله talafi (v.n. 6 of ملك), Obtaining, trying to obtain; making amende; compensation, amends, reparation; -telafi kardan, To revenge oneself (m.c.); -also talaft numudan. To change, to exchange; to compensate.

lalāq, Meeting, intercourse. tilāq, Long drawers; the clitoris.

للقي 🕯 talāqī (v.n. 6 of تلاقي 🛦 Meeting each other; encounter; a meeting, re-union, interview;—talāqī kardan, To meet, to pass by (m.c.).

talālā, Sound of singing or reading. A ملت tilām (pl. of tilm), Boys; ser-

A in li talamiz, blak talamizat, and-تلاسيك talāmīz (pl. of tilmīz), Disciples, pupils, scholars.

A تلاميع lalami', Bright streaks. تلان talān, Plunder, pillage (see تالان). talānaj, talānj, Vociferation, noise.

اللوة tilawat (v.n. of اللوة Reading (especially the Quran); meditation; -tulawat, Remainder of a debt, &c.

talāwīdan, tīlāwīdan, To flow, distil, trickle, ooze (see تراويدن).

ين tilāya (for ما يالا q.v.), Advanced guard, van of an army.

talbā (in Zand and Pazand), Fat, grease.

a تل باهر tal bāshir, Name of a fortress. البث talabbus (v.n. 5 of تلبث له talabbus; (v.n. 5 of

pause, delay. البد talabbud (v.n. 5 تابد A sitting or

sticking closely together.

لبس talabbus (v.n. 5 of تابس), Being covered; clothing oneself.

talba, A wallet, a portmenteau (doubt. ful word).

A تلبية talbiyat, talbiya (v.n. 2 of البي Saying labbaika, What is your command? Here I am (see لبيك).

A تلبيس talbīs (v.n. 2 of لبس), Covering, concealing (the truth, the faults of goods on sale, &c.), cheating, deceiving; mixing; fraud, fallacy, imposture; misrepresentation; false pretences; personation; knavery; adulteration, falsification; counterfeiting; -talbīs kardan, To adulterate, falsify, corrupt.

تلتك taltak, A crucible (see تلتك).

A تائم talassum (v.n. 5 of التم Veiling the mouth.

A تلث talsīs (v.n. 2 of تلثيث, Trinity.

A تاثيم talṣīm (v.n. 2 of شم), Kissing.

talaj, Name of a herb; the hole or nest of a scorpion (unsupported by examples).

A العلام talajluj (v.n. 2 of العلام), Stammering.

تلح talkh, Bitter; acrimonious, malicious; sad; bitterly; -talkh kardan, To embitter.

للغا talkhā, Grain. parched and pulverised, and afterwards mixed up with water into paste; the gall-bladder.

الخات talkh-āb, Bitter water; salt water. ناج ابر talkh-abrū, With knitted eye-brow.

talkh-artij, A live coal; a portable stove, a brasier.

a عالد تل tal khālid, Name of a castle near Aleppo.

تلج بار tal<u>kh</u>-bār, Wild, unwholesome fruit. talkh-pāsukh, Who returns bitter تلخ پاسخ

talkh-jabin, With frowning brow. talkh-jakok, Wild succory.

talkh-jawan, Poison; denth.

تلع چكوك ,talkh-jūk, تلع جوك talkh-chakok, تلع جوك talkh-chāk, Wild succory.

u تلم خاطَر tal<u>kh-kh</u>āṭīr, Whose mind is embittered.

تلع خو tal<u>kh-kh</u>o (<u>kh</u>ü), Of a bitter temper.

تلخ خوان talkh-khwān, The gall-bladder.

تَلَج دَاه tal<u>kh</u>-dāna, Darnel, tares. تلع رو tal<u>kh</u>-ru, Morose, crabbed, sullen.

talkh-rāda, The dung-holding تلخ رودة guts.

نام زبان talkh-zabān, Speaking with bitterness or crossly.

a عمر talkh-'umr, تلع عيش talkh-'aish, One whose life is bitter.

تلخك tal<u>kh</u>ak, Somewhat bitter; colocynth or bitter purging apple; endive; name of a favourite of Sultan Mahmud.

talkh-kam, Having a bitter taste تلم كام in the mouth; disappointed, baulked.

تلع كاسي talkh-kāmī, Bitterness of taste; disappointment.

تلع كردار talkh-kirdar, Stern.

تَلْمُ كَفَعَارُ talkh-guftar, Bitter-spoken (man). تاج گو talkh-gā, Speaking bitterly; harsh, keen, sharp, sarcastic.

a تلم مواح talkh-mizāj, Splenetic, peevisb. تلخناك talkhnak, Very bitter; somewhat bitter; bitterly.

نالج نگانة talkh-nigāh, Cross-looking.

talkh u tursh, Bitter and sour; تلتع و ترش the troubles and miseries of the world.

تاخة talkha, Tares, darnel; bile; bitter, styptic food; bitter taste.

تلخى talkhī, Bitterness; endive.

talkhī-chashīda, Who has تلخى چشيدة tasted sorrow.

م الخص talkhis (v.n. 2 of الخص , Declaring, making public; explanation, declaration, report or abstract of state affairs presented to the king by referendaries; purification.

talkhīna, Milk soured and dried.

tuld, Anything swollen (unsupported by examples).

ا تلد ald, tuld, talad, Hereditary wealth.

A تلذك talazzuz (v.n. 5 of كا), Taking pleasure, enjoying oneself.

تكو talazh (apparently misreading for كالا

q.v.), A grape-stone.

tilisk, A small bunch of grapes, part of a larger.

a قل سلطان tal-sultan, Name of a place near Aleppo.

a تَل صافيه tali ṣāfiya, Name of a fortified place in Palestine.

A تلطنع talattukh (v.n. 5 of الطنع Being contaminated, defiled.

A تلطف talattuf (v.n. 5 of تلطف), Favouring, showing kindness; favour, kindness, blandishment.

A مالك talattufan, P. الملك talattufana, By favour.

تلطفات 🛦 talattufat (pl. of talattuf), Caresses, favours.

الطع taltīkh (v.n. 2 of تاطيع للم Bedaubing, dirtying, anointing.

الظي talozzī (v.n. 5 of الظي), Burning, flaming; blaze, flare.

تلگراف talaghrāf, &c., see under تأخراف.

tulf, Repletion from eating grapes. A تلف talaf (v.n.), Perishing; ruin, destruction, loss; prodigality, profusion, waste; consumption; expense; -talaf shudan, To perish, &c.;-talaf kardan, To waste, to ruin, &c.

A *لف talafan, With impunity.

A bali talaffug (v.n. 5 of الله talaffug (v.n. 5 of الله), Pronouncing, articulating; pronunciation, utterance, expression.

a تلفكار talaf-kar, تلفكار talaf-gar,

digal, lavish; spendthrift.

a تلف كردة talaf-karda, Wasted, squandered. ناهن talfan, Black mud (unsupported by examples).

A تلفيف talfif (v.n. 2 of الله The ribating, covering up, folding and wrapping.

A تلفيق talfiq (v.n. 2 of لفت), Sewing together; adorning one's speech; interpola-

ting, falsitying; collecting.

A التي titya (v.n. of التي), Arriving at, meeting with, falling upon, encountering; a meeting, encounter; reprehension.

A تلقب talaqqub (v.n. 5 of الفب), Assuming a surname or title; being styled, titled, dubbed.

A تاللغ talaqquf (v.n. 5 of الغف), Swallowing, devouring, matching greedily.

A تانى talaqqī (v.n. 5 of القى), Meeting, accepting, receiving, encountering.

لقب talqīb (v.n. 2 of جقا), Giving a

surname, style, title, or nickname. A تلفية talqiyat (v.n. 2 of راهي), Throwing

to anyone, injecting (a divine inspiration).

A تلظيع talqiya (v.n. 2 of قع), Making the female palm fruitful by sprinkling the male flowers.

م ناقیف talqif (v.n. 2 of قلف), Swallowing; causing to swallow, giving a mouthful of meat.

A تاهين talqīn (v.n. 2 of اللهن), Instructing, informing, making to understand; instruction; initiation; prayer over and praising the dead; funeral service;—talqīn kardan, To instruct, &c.; -talqin giriftan (yāftan), To be instructed, &c.

talak, One whose beard has fallen off; a man with large mustachios; a target, a butt; -talk, Gold leaf; a kind of stuff; (for نام bitter; -tilak, A sleeveless garment open in front; a gown; the medlar tree; -tilk, Green ginger; -tulk, A bean.

talako, A kind of pear-tree (Pyrus

Boissieriana).

a تَل كيسان tal kīsān, Name of a place on

the coast of Syria.

ناگراف talagrāf, Telegraph; telegram; telegraphy; -talagraf firistadan (numudan), To send a telegram, to telegraph (mm.cc. from Fr. or E.).

talagrāfchī, A telegraph officer

(m.c.).

تكرالنامة talayrāf-nāma, A telegram, a telegraphic dispatch or message (m.c.).

A تلمذة talmazat (v.n. of تلمذة , Teaching,

having for a pupil.

talmin (in Zand and Pazand), The تلمن nose, snout, beak.

المع talmāḥ (v.n. 2 of المع talmāḥ (v.n. 2 of

ting, showing; a glance; an allusion. A تاميذ tilmīz, talmīz, A scholar, student,

disciple.

tulumba, A pump, fire-engine (m.c.

from T. ملومية q.v.).

fulumba-chī, A fireman (m.c.). تلدة talanda, A stutterer, a stammerer.

talnak, A fruit resembling a peach;

(= تلتك q.v.) a crucible.

talang, A fillip (m.c.);—tilang, Name of a country in the Dakhan; - tiling, The beating of a tambourine; a small bunch of grapes; -tulung, tulang, talang, Need, occasion; inclination, wish; supplication.

تلكانة tulungāna, In a beggarly manner. تلنگبين talangubīn (for تلنگبين), Manna.

talangur, تلنگل talangul, A fillip

تانكى tulangī, Indigent; a supplicant; a sturdy beggar; — tulnigī, A beardless youth; membrum virile; fearless; thief, robber, murderer.

tulna, Poverty; want, wish, desire.

A تلو tilw, Consecutive; anything following another; high, exalted.

تلو talū, A briar;—tulū, Shaft of an arrow.

talwāza, A wooden house.

تاراسة talwāsa, Commotion, restlessness; grief; inclination; (construed with the verbs kardan and giriftan); a heap of corn; the bud of a flower.

talauwus (v.n. 5 of الرحف), Being

stained, soiled, befouled.

a تلوث پذير talauwus-pazīr, Dirty, soiled. تلود Lulūd (v.n. of تلود), Being old (a

possession), descending by heritage.

talausa, The sheath in which the date is enveloped; a hatchet; --talwasa, Commotion, restlessness; grief; — talūsa, tulūsa, A scabbard.

تلوك talūk, talok, A butt for shooting at ; a drinking vessel made in the shape of an

animal.

talwama, The bud of a flower, a تاومنه blossom.

م تلون talauwun (v.n. 5 of الون), Changing colour; versatility, variableness; fickleness; capriciousness; restlessness; fretfulness.

alauwunāt (pl. of the preceding), تلوناسه

Changes, &c.

a تلون مزاج , talauwun-tab' تلون طبع tallauwun-mizāj, Capricious, whimsical, fitful, fretful.

a تلون مزاجى talauwun-mizājī, Caprice. talūna, A blossom.

الويث talwig (v.n. 2 of الويث), Befoul-

الوع talwiḥ (v.n. 2 of تلويح Making tawny, yellow, or fiery-coloured (as the sun, fire, &c.); heating; making (a garment) glossy; making (a sword) glitter and gleam; alluding to.

A تلوين talwin (v.n. 2 of لون), Colouring;

varying, diversifying.

تله tala, A gin for catching birds, a trap; a place where cattle are tied up; a hot iron with which stains are taken out of cloth; a bag; a whetstone; membrum virile; (also talla) the step of a stair, the round of a ladder; - tila, Drawn gold; step (of a stair), round (of a ladder);tilla, A gin, a trap; gold.

A من talah (v.n.), Ruin, destruction;

mental perturbation.

المب talahhub (v.n. 5 of تابب), Blazing,

flaming.

ليف talahhuf (v.n. 5 of تابف لم Lamenting, regretting (anything neglected, missed, or lost).

تلي talī, A bramble, a blackberry-bush; a beggar, mendicant (see W); a barber's case of instruments ;--tili, Gold ;--tule, An artificer's tool; a barber's case of instruments; a bag wherein a tailor keeps his needle, thread, and thimble.

A تَكُولُ tallá (pl. of talīl), Prostrate. تَكُولُ talebār, A house for keeping silk-Worms.

talīd, Born in foreign parts and educated at home; hereditary wealth.

tillīsah, P. talīsa, A تليسة tillīs, تليس saddle-bag, formed from an oblong piece of cloth, by stitching the smaller ends together in the middle, and, when unstitched. Berving as a rug (see کلیسه).

talīmān, Name of a king and hero تليمان in the army of Faridun; also of one in

Nauzar's host.

talewār, A house for keeping silkworms (see تليبار).

الين alyin (v.n. 2 of الين), Smoothing,

softening.

tam, A disease in the eye, the web or cataract on the pupil; any veil or covering; -tim (= تمتم), The fruit of the Sumachtree; -- tum, An iron arrow-point.

A stamma, It has been or is finished (formula at the end of a book similar to

our "Finis").

A تماثل tamāṣul (v.n. 6 of ثمل), Being convalescent (an invalid); being equal, like each other.

ماثيل amāṣīl (pl. of timṣāl), Pictures).

timāj, Cordovan leather from goat's skin;—tumāj, A purse; a bag made of cloth or silk.

tamājāmishī, تماجاميشي tamājāmishī, Contention, quarrel, altercation; tamājāmishī kardan, To quarrel, to fight for (perhaps corruption from A. tumajmaj).

tamākhra, tamākhara, A joke, jest,

wit, humour; buffoonery.

مدى lamadā (v.n. 6 of تمادى م nuing a long time; perseverance; a long time; duration, period; prescription (in the legal sense).

A just tammar, A date-seller; a druggist. tamāra<u>kh</u>, An excellent kind of

مرض tamāruz (v.n. 6 of مرض), Feigning a disease.

A تمارى tamārī (v.n. 6 of مرى), Doubting ; contending, quarrelling.

A تمازة tamāzuḥ (v.n. 6 of مرح), Jesting together.

A تماس tamāss (v.n. 6 of مس), Touching one another; contact; copulating.

a تماسع tamāsukh (v.n. 6 of مسع), Transforming; metamorphosis; transmigration (of souls); effacing.

A chilar tamasuk (v.n. 6 of chila), Re-

pressing, containing oneself.

tamāsīḥ (pl. of timsāḥ), Crocodiles.

a المامة tamāshā (for tamāshī, v.n. 6 of رمشي), Walking abroad for recreation; beholding; looking at anything comic or tragic; an entertainment, show, theatrical representation; sport, amusement, pleasure; interest; any interesting object;tamāshā dāshtan, To be worth seeing, to be of interest (m.c.);—tamāshā kardan, To behold, to enjoy a sight.

a ماها تماها تماها بين tamāshā-bīn, A rake, epicure,

libertine.

a تماها بينى tamāshā-bīnī, Libertinism.

a تماهاچی lamāshāchī, Spectator (m.c.). a مناه المامة tamāshā-khāna, A theatro

(m.c.).

a منا المام tamāshā-kada, منا المام tamāshā $g\bar{a}h$, A place of amusement; a theatre, amphitheatre.

a تماهاگری tamāshāgarī, A debauch.

a تماهائى tamāshā'ī, Looking at a sight; spectator.

tumāgha, The cap of a falcon.

A wille tamaluk (v.n. 6 of will), Maintaining self-possession.

tamām, timām, Entire, perfect, complete, consummate; all; whole; conclusion, end, termination; finished, accomplished, performed; completely, totally, absolutely, entirely;—tamām shudan, To be completed; to die; - tamam kardan, To complete; to finish off (m.c.); -qamari timām, Full moon; — laili timām, The longest night in the year.

م tamāman, P. تمامانة tamāman, P. تمامات

Wholly, entirely, in toto.

a ايمام اجزا tamām-ajzā, Complete.

a مام اندام tamām-andām, Fat, full of

a تمام رمي tamām-ras, Fully ripe.

a تمام عيار tamām-'iyār, Of full standard. a تنامى tamāmī, Perfection; conclusion, end; brocade, gold cloth.

تمان tumān, = تومان q.v. نومان tamāhcha, Meat well dressed.

A تمايل tamāyul (v.n. 6 of ميل), Inclining, leaning from side to side in walking; inflection, declination.

tamā'im (pl. of tamīmat), Amu-

lets, charms.

tamtām, One who stutters and repeats the letters mim and $t\bar{a}$ over and over again so that his speech becomes indistinct.

متع tamattu' (v.n. 5 of متع), Using, enjoying, reaping advantage; delight, en-

joyment, pleasure.

tumtum, The tail of the wild ox, attached to standards and the necks of

a تمتم timtim, The plant sumach.

A متمتم tamtamat (v.n. of تمتم), Hesitating, pronouncing indifferently, or repeating, the letters tā or mīm.

متع tamtî' (v.n. 2 of متع), Permitting

freely to enjoy; bestowing, conferring, granting; prolonging, extending.

م تمثال م tamṣāl, Comparison, similitude; --timṣāl, Image, effigy, portrait, semblance. a تمثال timṣālgar, A portrait-painter,

imner.

مثل tamassul (v.n. 5 of مثل), Resembling, imitating; applying or employing a

fable or proverb.

comparing, applying an allegory; comparison, similitude, resemblance; fac-simile, counterpart; example; making an example by mutilating for punishment; an allegory, parable, fable, apologue; impression; theatrical performance, play, drama, comedy.

ا تمثيلاً tamsīlan, By way of comparison,

allegorically, for example, e.g.

A تمثيلات tamṣīlāt (pl. of تمثيلات), Examples, ullegories.

A cost tamajjus (v.n. 5 of cost), Embracing the Persian religion of the Magi or the worship of fire.

A coast tamajmuj (v.n. 2 of coast), To be merry, to flutter with pleasure, to skip about (m.c.).

A تحجيد tamjid (v.n. 2 of محد), Giving glory to, glorifying; the glorification of God.

A تمجيس tamjis (v.n. 2 of محس), Converting to the religion of the fire-worshippers.

tamcha, A provision-bag, a wallet

(see مينة).

A Jasi tamahhul (v.n. 5 of Jas), Deceiving, betraying, laying snares; trying to recover (debt).

A تحمير), Proving, trying, making an experiment; lessening.

A تحصيل tamhiz (v.n. 2 of صحح), Purifying; rendering sincere.

A tamakhkhut (v.n. 5 of bis), Blowing the nose.

تخفيثا $tam \underline{k} h \bar{\imath} s \bar{a}$, An ejaculation on an emergency; name of one of the seven sleepers in the cave near Ephesus.

A تنخش tamkhīz (v.n. 2 of تنخش), Being taken with the pains of labour; seizing a female (the rener of labour)

female (the pangs of labour).

A زمند tamadduh(v.n. 5 of رمند), Commending oneself, fishing for applause, glorying in what one does not possess; praising.

A نمدد tamaddud (v.n. 5 of منة), Being extended; yawning, stretching oneself.

A زمدن tamaddun (v.n. 2 of مدن), Residing in a city; dwelling together in large bodies.

tamda, A stammerer, a stutterer.

A تمديد tamdid (v.n. 2 of مند), Extending, lengthening.

tamr, timr, A pearl in the eye;—timr (from S. timira), Darkness, obscurity; total blindness;—timur (from T.), Iron.

م م نحر tamr, Ripe date;—tamri gujrāt, Red tamarind;—tamri hindī, Tamarind.

تمر بليخ *timur-baligh*, Iron-bow, surname of the Seljuk prince Duqāq.

tamrat, tamra, A single date.

A مرد tamarrud (v.n. 5 of مرد), Being refractory, stubborn, obstinate, disobedient, insolent; contumacy, rebellion; contempt, resistance (to orders or proceedings).

a تمرد کن tamarrud-kun, Disobedient, re-

bellious, headstrong.

تىرىي a تىرىي tamarrudi, Obstinacy, stubbornness.

in the dust; spitting, sputtering, slavering. T كورة tamir- (tamur-) qazak, The word of God, the glorious Qur'an.

A فرن tamarrun (v.n. 5 of ورس), Being soft, smooth; being accustomed, acquiring

a habit.

A مريخ tamrīkh (v.n. 2 of مرئ Anointing the body with oil.

A مويد tamrid (v.n. 2 of مرد), Smoothing (a wall), making a building smooth and shining; pruning.

A تعریض tamrīz (v.n. 2 of مرض), Taking care of, tending, the sick; being deficient (in business), doing less than one ought.

A تمرین tamrin (v.n. 2 of مری), Smoothing, softening (leather); accustoming.

יביניט tamzadan (for בא ניט), To be silent.

A قري tamazzuq (v.n. 5 of مرئ , Being torn (cloth or garment).

تمزيق A تمزيق tamzīq (v.n. 2 of زمق), Tearing to pieces.

tamzha, A flat roof or platform.

imsāḥ, A crocodile. تمساح

A تستع tamassu<u>kh</u> (v.n. 5 of صبح), Being metamorphosed.

tamaskhur (v.n. 2 of تسخر), Ridi-

cule, buffoonery.

A tamassuk (v.n. 5 of the laws), Holding, keeping a fast hold; striking the claws into; an obligation, bond, note of hand, writing, instrument, receipt; — tamassuki hāzir-zāminī, A recognisance for personal appearance;—tamassuk numūdan, To hold on.

A تمسكات $tamassuk\bar{a}t$ (pl. of the preceding), Obligations, bonds.

A تمسكن tamaskun (v.n. 2 of مسكن), Being poor.

a تسكي tamassuki, Pertaining to a bond or note of hand.

A tameth (v.n. 2 of), Passing the hand over any dirty object that the dirt may be removed, or over a liquid surface; fatiguing and extenuating by overwork; flattery, cajolery.

نمسيخا tamsī<u>kh</u>ā, Name of a prayer (cf.

. (تمنحيثا

A تمشى tamashshī (v.n. 5 of رمشى), Walking; performing, carrying out.

tamshiya, Name of a place (see

(تمیشه مشى tamshiyat (v.n. 2 of تمشية م ing (business); promotion, preferment, advancement; instruction.

مفر tamazzur (v.n. 5 of مفر), Being

inflamed, enraged.

مار له tamzīr (v.n. 2 of مار), Afflicting, destroying.

مطر tamattur (v.n. 5 of مطر), Exposing oneself to the rain, going out in a cold rain.

A مطو tamatti (v.n. 5 of مطو), Yawning,

stretching oneself.

T tamghā, A wooden seal for sealing the doors of public granaries; a stamp; a stamp-tax generally for imports; an impression burnt upon the thigh (of a horse); tribute; royal diploma;—tamghā zadan, To tear off the corner of a sheet (in an accountbook);—tamghā kardan, To make repeated use of the same conceit, etc., to borrow from one's own writings (opp. to plagiarism, as literary theft).

tamghāchī, A revenue-collector, a تمغاچی

tax-gatherer.

tamfoz, The parts round the month; the beak of a bird.

مكن tamakkun (v.n. 5 of مكن), Having in one's power; possessing authority; being

firmly fixed and well established.

مكن tamkīn (v.n. 2 of مكن), Establishing, confirming; investing with authority, giving power, enabling, affording opportunity; majesty, dignity, authority, power; sedateness (m.c.) (construed with the verbs dādan, kardan, nihādan, and yāftan).

A تملق tamalluq (v.n. 5 of ملق), Flatter ing, fawning; making professions of love; blandishment; adulation; dalliance; cere-

A تمالت tamalluk (v.n. 5 of مالك), Having possession of; reigning.

tamlūl, Name of a wild pot-herb.

tamlīt, A light load laid on the back of a beast of burden, on which the rider sits; half an ass-load; luggage, baggage (see تنبليت).

A تمليع tamlih (v.n. 2 of ملح), Salting;

producing anything elegant (a poet).

ملك tamlik (v.n. 2 of ملك), Constituting possessor; appointing master or chief; making a king; possessorship, pos-

taman, A mist, a fog;—tuman, Ten thousand; the sum of five thousand aspers

(الموسن 800).

tamannā (for تمنا tamannī), Wishing, asking for (construed with bastan, pukhtan, dashtan, dar dil shikastan, dar damāgh āwardan, sokhtan, kardan and yāf-

tan) ;—tamannā'i dil, Hearts' wish. a تعناكش tamannā-kash, Wishful, de-

sirous, solicitous.

tamancha, A pistol.

tuman-dar, Commander of a tuman or ten thousand men.

تمندارى tuman-dārī, Command of a tuman. tamanda, One who hesitates in pronouncing if fe, or suffers from any other impediment in speech, a stammerer.

taming, timing, The oxyacanth-

tree; -- tamnag, Strength, power.

منى tamanni (v.n. 5 of منى), Wishing for; wish, desire, longing, inclination; petition, request, supplication, prayer.

tamanniyāt (pl. of the preced-

ing), Prayers

a تموج tamauwuj (v.n. 2 of موج), Billow-

ing; fluctuation (m.c.).

tamūdān, Turks, Turan, Turanians. تبردي tamūdī, Belonging to Turau, Tu-

timūr khàn, Son of the Persian تمور خان historian Mirkhond, whose works he abridged.

tamūsh, Rubus sanctus or discolor تموش

(in the dialect of Dailam).

tamūz, The Syrian month July;

summer; violent heat.

tamūk, A butt for archers; broadheaded arrows used in shooting at marks; an arrow (or anything) difficult to be extracted.

مول tamauwul (v.n. 5 of مول, Being, or becoming, rich; wealth (m.c.).

مويل tamwil (v.n. 2 of تمويل, Enriching,

making wealthy.

A موة tamwih (v.n. 2 of موة), Gilding or silvering (brass or iron); adulterating, falsifying (intelligence); being full of water (pot); pouring rain; — dalīli bītamwih, Arguments without fallacy.

A نمه tamah (v.n.), Being corrupted,

smelling (as meat).

A تميد tamahhud (v.n. 5 of ميد , Having,

or acquiring, power and ability.

A ميل tamahhul (v.n. 5 of ميل), Pro-

ceeding slowly, being tedious in business.

A عبرت tamhīd (v.n. 2 of عهره), Spreading equally (a bed); arranging, disposing, adjusting; pleading an excuse; accepting an apology.

ا تمہیدات tamhīdāt (pl. of the preceding),

Dispositions, preparations, &c.

a تمييدي tamhīdī, Preliminary, prepara-

tory, introductory.

tamyīz, v.n. 2 تميير tamīz (vulg. for تمير of معرز), Discernment, discretion; -tamiri haqq u bātil, Discrimination between right and wrong, truth and falsehood, &c.;tamiz kardan, To clean, to sweep (m.c.);ahli tamīz, People of discernment, wise

مير tamaiyuz (v.n. 5 of تميز being separated; being distinguished; being discerned; bursting with rage.

tammesha, Name of a forest near

Amul, where Faridun founded the city of Kos, also called Tammesha.

tamik, timik, A kind of bramble.

tamīm, Well-formed, solid, firm; name of a tribe: (pl. of taminat) amulets.

tamimat, An amulet or charm against witchcraft.

a stamimi. Of the tribe of Tamim.

A ميز tamyīz (v.n. 2 of مير), Separating, distinguishing; judgment, discernment, discrimination, distinction, discretion.

ن tan (S. tanu), Body, stature, person; the whole man; matter; the thing itself; silent; this, that; [tan āsā'īdan, To be silent; — tan dādan dar, To devote one's body to, to give oneself over to;—tan dar chize dadan, To dress in, to invest oneself with; tan dar dadan. To consent, acquiesce;—tan dar gumān dādan, To adopt an opinion;—tan zadan, To be silent; to be patient; to rest; to escape; to caress; tan firu dadan, To submit;-tan giriftan dar chize, To dress in ;-tani muhrim-āsā, A naked body; -tane chand, Several persons;]-tun (for نوی), A hot furnace (as in baths or glass-houses); a yellow flower used in dyeing; (for A. &;) the thunny fish; (m.c. from E.) a tun.

انبر tanābuz (v.n. 6 of نبر), Calling one another names; reproaching each other.

A تناجش tanājush (v.n. 6 of تناجش), Praising, or bidding for goods, in order to enhance the price to others, without any intention of purchasing.

tanājī (v.n. 6 of جو , Communi تعاجى ه cating secrets to one another, speaking

privately together.

له tanādd (v.n. 6 of تناد له tanādd (v.n. 6 of تناد persed, flying in disorder from one another; dispersion, flight.

دندي tanādī (v.n. 6 of تنادي), Calling to one another; sitting together in council or conversation; — yaumu 't-tanādī, 'The Day of Judgment.

انزع له tanāzu' (v.n. 6 of إنزع tanāzu' (v.n. 6 of

litigating; dispute, contest, strife.

A منازعة tanāza'at, tanāza'a, Dispute, contention;—tanāza'a shudan, To be disputed, mooted, at issue.

مازل م tanāzul (v.n. 6 of زبل), Rushing down into a plain against each other (two bodies of men); alighting, descent; decline (of price), loss (of rank).

Li w tan āsā, Li w tan-āsāy, Relieving the body; self-indulgent.

تناسان tan-āsān, Quiet; healthy in body. tan-asari, تن أسالي tan-asani, تن أساني tan-asari, Bodily case, indulgence.

A بساسة tanāsub (v.n. 6 of بسن), Resembling; being proportionate to each other; proportionateness, relation, conformity.

م تناسبات tanāsubāt (pl. of the preceding), Proportions, relations.

انسع tanāeukh (v.n. 6 of تناسع tanāeukh (v.n. 6 of

death of one heir after another before the partition of the inheritance; the revolution of ages, the succession of generations; metempsychosis, transmigration of souls; transformation.

a تناسخى tanāsukhī, A believer in metempsychosis, or transmigration of souls.

a تناسخية tanāsukhīyat, Metempsychosis. A نناسل tanāsut (v.n. 6 of نناسل, Beget-

ting; generation; uninterrupted descent through a series of generations;—alatu'ttanāsul, The organ of generation.

الع tunā', كان tunāgh, The stirrup-cup, last bottle when a company is just going

(see تفاغ).

ناهر tanāfur (v.n. 6 of تناهر), Flying from one another in a panic; mutual repugnance, aversion; disputing before a

tanāfur, A certain measure of crimes تنافور according to the teaching of Zardusht.

نفي tanāfī (v.n. 6 of نفي), Expelling, pursuing, persecuting, seeking to ruin one another; denial.

A تناتص tanāquz (v.n. 6 of نقص), Being dissolved, loosened, slackened; being discordant; contradiction; discrepancy; incompatibility.

ساتل ه tanāqul (v.n. 6 of ناتل م). Communicating together; mutual communication.

م تناقيص tanāqīş (pl. of tanqīş), Defects, deficiencies.

tan-alburz, Whose body is like تن البرز

the mountain Alburz, gigantic.
ناليدي tanālidan, To pour, or to be poured; to clean by washing, rubbing, or polishing; to shake out (a table-cloth, &c.).

tanāmbud, تنافتين tanāntan, The universe, the ninth heaven.

تىانى tandni, Corporeal ;—tanāni daryābanda, The five external and internal senses. تىانىدى tanānīdan, To cause to weave.

tanānīr (pl. of tannūr), Stoves,

furnaces; ovens.

منائين Lanānīn (pl. of tinnīn), Dragons. لوب tanāwub (v.n. 6 of نوب), Doing in turn.

tan-āwar, Corpulent; robust, stout; incarnate.

لوهل tanāwush (v.n. 6 of تناوش م Stretching forth the hand in order to take something.

ناول 🖈 tanāwul (v.n. 6 of نول), Carrying off; taking (meat and drink); receiving

presents.

ناهى 🛦 تناهى tanāhī (v.n. 6 of نبى), Extending, reaching to the end; being brought to a termination; finish, completion.

تنب tunnub, A fir-tree (m.c.).

تىباكو tambākū, Tobacco (Nicotiana persica).

تىباكو كش tambākū-kash, Who smokes tobacco.

تنبان tumban, Short breeches; drawers; wrestlers' leathern breeches.

ن بين tan ba-tan, Man by man; man for

تىبد tambad (3rd sing. aor. of تنبيدي), He is silent; he trembles; a fit of shivering; -tam-bud, The body of the universe, universal matter.

نىسە tambasa, A small carpet, rng. taṃbasīdan, To twist a rope.

تبك tambak, tambuk, The flap of a saddle; a bagpipe; -tumbak, Taking food with the fingers.

تىبل tambal, Lazy, sluggish; unemployed; a buffoon;—tambul, Betel-leaf, pan;—tambul, tumbal (probably for A. tanabbul), Stratagem, trick, sorcery (see تنبيل below).

تىبلى tambalī, Laziness, sloth.

tambalīt, Anything placed on a تنبليت pack-saddle on which the rider sits; half a horse-load.

تنبو taṃbū, A kind of tent.

تنبور taṃbūr, A lute, lyre, guitar ; a drum. تىبوك tambūk, A weak bow; the flap of a saddle; a saddle-tree; a stirrup-leather.

تنجول tambūl, Betel-leaf; a weak bow; name of a fortified place in Hindustan.

تىبە taṃba, The bar of a door; a large

portmanteau.

A تنبة tanabbuh (v.n. 5 of البنة), Awaking from sleep; being awake, keeping a sharp look out; advice, admonition; animadversion bashfulness, modesty.

تدبيدن tambīdan, To be silent; to lay snares; to tremble; to palpitate, to be restless; to plait, spin, werve; - bar mardumān tambīdan, To bring people into one's net, to ensnare them.

تنبيسة tambisa, A small carpet, a rug. تنبيك taṃbīk, Bagpipes; a saddle-flap.

a نبيل tambīl (v.n. 2 of لبل), Stratagem, trick, sorcery, necromancy.

منبية tambih (v.n. 2 of نبية), Awaking, rousing from sleep; rendering attentive; admonition, reproof, censure, reprimand; correction, punishment;—tambīh u tākīd kardan, To admonish repeatedly and severely.

 Δ تنبيهات $tamb\bar{t}h\bar{a}t$ (pl. of the preceding), Admonitions.

تن پرور ,tan-parast تن پرست tan-parwar Self-indulgent, sensual; lazy, indolent.

تن پوری tan-parwari, A pampering of the body; -tan-parwarī kardan, To pamper the flesh.

tumpak, A mould; a crucible; a saddle-bow.

نتاك tantāk, Name of a man; and of a

tan-tan, The body of the universe, universal matter (see تنبد tambud) ;—tantan, Song, melody.

tantana, A cry, shout, uproar, fray.

i تن تنها tan tanhā, All by oneself, alone, single.

tanta, A cobweb ;—tunta, A red bee. ந*ii tanj, tinj,* A fixing; a planting; a

twisting or rolling together; a squeezing or pressing; a coming in the rear; imp. of tanjidan, used at the end of compounds in the sense of the agent.

تنهالا tanjāla, Squeezing out; expression. tan-jāma, A garment, vest, doublet. تنجاسة

tanajjuz (v.n. 5 of بجز), Demanding the fulfilment of a promise.

A تنجس tanajjus (v.n. 5 of نجس), Being

polluted, defiled.

A تبجية tanjiyat (v.n. 2 of جي), Setting free, rescuing, saving; casting on high

انجد tanjīd (v.n. 2 of تنهيد ه), Ornamenting a house with tapestry or painted cloths;

proving, trying.

تىجىدن tanjīdan, tunjīdan (S. tanch, tanj), To squeeze; to twist, to roll together; to draw tight; to drop, to fall; to be distressed, sad.

تنجيدة tanjīda, Drawn tight; squeezed,

pressed; twisted; sad.

tanjīz (v.n. 2 of جز), Fulfilling,

carrying out.

بيس tanjīs (v.n. 2 of نبجيس), Polluting, defiling; amulets against the fascination of malignant eyes, fetish;—tanjīs kardan, To pollute; to profone, to desecrate.

tanjīm (v.n. 2 of جم), Prognosticating or calculating any event by the aspect of the stars; astrology; paying by instalments.

. tanjiya, Tangiers تنجية

تمچه tancha, A wallet (see تمچه).

A تنهى tanahhī (v.n. 5 of حو), Being removed, being far or distant.

A تنمية tanḥiyat (v.n. 2 of حو), Removing, putting to a distance.

A تنځنع tanakhnukh (v.n. 2 of تنځنع), Clear-

ing the throat, hemming, hawking. نخواة tan-khwāh, An assignment on lands, or order on the treasury for the payment of a stipend, salary, and the like; cash (m.c.); fortune (m.c.).

tan-khwāh-dār, One who receives تنخواهدار a salary; a holder of an order for wages.

tan-khwāh-dārī, A receiving pay. tund, Swift, rapid, brisk, active; bold, impetuous, strong; rough, fierce, severe, stern, austere; hot-spirited, choleric, quarrelsome; acrid, astringent; high, tall, lofty; fat; anger; height; the summit of a mountain; anything prominent or projecting; an evil spirit; a demon of the desert.

تنداب tund-āb, A dissolving fluid. تن دادن tan dādan, To consent, acquiesce. تند باد tund-bād, A hurricane, whirlwind. تند بار tund-bar, Noxious, destructive. تند باز tund-bāz, Name of a rapacious bird. تند بالا tund-bālā, A high mountain.

יעב אונ tund-bor, A leaping, a dancing. تند پرواز tund-parwaz, Flying swiftly.

تند تاز tund-taz, Mettlesome.

ند تين tund-tez, Choleric, contentious ; mettlesome; swift.

تندعو tund-khoy, Hasty, obstinate.

تند عولى tund-kho'ī, Hastiness, obstinacy; harshness, severity.

تندر tundar, tundur, Roaring; thunder; a nightingale.

a تند راى tund-rāy, Inconsiderate, impru-

tundar-khurosh, Roaring like تندر محوش thunder.

tan-durust, Healthy, vigorous.

تندرستى tan-durustī, Health, bodily vigour. tund-raftar, Swift, fleet.

تند رو tund-rau (rav), Swift, a quick goer; — lund-rū, Austere, crabbed, passionate; avaricious;—tundrawi sitāra, One of the seven planets.

تند زبان tund-zabān, Eloquent, fluent.

تندس tan-das, tandis, تندس tandasa, tandisa, Like a body; a likeness, effigy, image. a عنان tund-'inān, Fast-going (horse),

hard-mouthed, unmanageable.

a تند غفب tund-ghazab, Prone to anger, irascible.

a تعد لجام tund-lijām, Hard-mouthed (horse).

ندم A تندم tanaddum (v.n. 5 of ندم), Being penitent, repenting.

tund-mizāj, Of hasty temper.

tund-maza, Astringent, styptic. tund-miraft, Rapidity of motion تند ميرفت

a تند فهم tund-fahm, Qnick-witted, ready of speech.

تىدو tandū, A spider.

تند و تيز $tund\ u\ tez$, تند تيز q.v.

تند و عدد tund u khund, tand u khand, Scattered; topsy-turvy.

تندور tundūr, tandūr, Thunder; the nightingale; -tundur (for "e,v.), A furnace, stove, &c.

تي دة tan-dih (giving the body), Diligent. تده tunda, Bud, follicle, pod; a red bee. ن دهی tan-dihī, Application, exertion.

تندى tundī, Violence; sharpness, smartness; ruggedness; quickness, swiftness; astringency, stypticity; a prominence, tumour, protuberance; -tundi'i gosh, Three protuberances in the inner ear.

يديد م tandīd (v.n. 2 of على), Declaring, divulging, publishing; tearing (a veil), de-

faming.

تديدي tandīdan, tundīdan, To thunder; to murmur, mutter; to be in a rage; to chide; to put forth flowers, buds, or leaves (trees).

tandes, تنديس tandesa, A picture, &c. (see تندس).

tundyor (for تنديور q.v.), Jumping. leaping, dancing.

tandiya, The human shape or figure.

tan-zada, Taciturn, modest.

A نبول tanazzul (v.n. 5 of نبول), Descending slowly, softly, and gently; descent, decline, diminution, wane, decay, falling off; degradation.

تزة tunza, A bud, a pod.

ننوه ه tanazzuh (v.n. 5 of نبوه), Being far; being pure, keeping oneself free from vice or stain; being modest, chaste; continence.

ن ن الله tan-zeb, tan-zīb (ornament of the body), A sort of fine cotton cloth rather thicker than muslin, in Bengal commonly called tanjibs; an under-waistcoat.

منوبل tansil (v.n. 2 of نبوبل, Sending anything down (especially as God does from heaven); causing (a traveller) to alight, lodging and treating him hospitably; revelation from heaven; the Qur'ān.

A منزية tanzīh (v.n. 2 of نزية), Purifying, cleansing, keeping oneself at a distance from everything unclean; purity, holiness.

تن الار المار الم

matter.

نسان tan-sān (prob. error for سان tan-sān), Quiet, tranquil.

تىستى tanasta, A spider's web.

tansukh, Curious, precious, rare (866 below).

A تنسك tanassuk (v.n. 5 of نسك), Being

devout, pious; piety, devotion.

a نسل tanassul (v.n. 5 of نسل), Genealogy; pedigree.

A تنسم tanassum (v.n. 5 of السم , Breathing; smelling anything fragrant, sniffing up a

tansūq (pl. tansūqāt), Anything rare, precious; present.

tansa, Anxious, troubled, distressed تسة in mind.

Lansiyat (v.n. 2 of نسية tansiyat (v.n. 2 of نسية الم to forget.

نسيع tanoīkh (v.n. 2 of لسع), Causing to annul or abrogate; cancelling; abrogation;

tansidan, To be troubled, disturbed تعسيدن in mind.

منسيق Arranging, (نسق tansīq (v.n. 2 of تنسيق A disposing in order (a speech), stringing (pearls).

Lanashshut (v.n. 5 of نشط tanashshut (v.n. 5 of نشط في brisk, lively, active, alert; cheerfully doing

anything; travelling briskly.

تنشوي tan-shūy, A table on which dead bodies are washed; a cistern, fountain, or brook where people bathe or make their ablutious; a sink.

منشط tanshīt (v.n. 2 of نشط), Making cheerful, lively, brisk.

A تصر tanassur (v.u. 5 of امر), Becoming a Christian (Nazarine).

clear, evident; dunning. tansif (v.n. 2 of نمك), Dividing in the middle, or into two equal parts; bi-

نميص ه tanṣīṣ (v.n. 2 of نص), Making

secting, bisection; covering with a veil.

A نامد tanzīd (v.n. 2 of الله Laying in order one upon or by the side of another.

A نظف tanazzuf (v.n. 5 of نظف), Keeping clean or neat; striving after cleanliness, neatness, purity.

A تنظم tanazzum (v.n. 5 of نظم Being ar-

ranged, strung (pearls).

tanzīr, Beholding, contemplating ; تنظير ٨ likening, resembling.

منطيف tanzif (v.u. 2 of نظف), Purify-

ing, cleaning.

الظم tanzīm (v.n. 2 of نظيم له tanzīm (v.n. 2 of تنظيم (verses); threading (pearls); ordering, arranging.

a تن عجالب tan-ʻajā'ib, With forms of

marvellous beauty.

نعل tana"ul (v.n. 5 of نعل), Putting on shoes.

نعم tana"um (v.n. 5 of نعم , Enjoying in abundance the conveniences and comforts of life; happiness, enjoyment, ease;

prosperity.

tan'im (v.n. 2 of نعيم له), Bestowing plenty; putting in a state of comfort and ease; pampering; rendering soft, delicate, and effeminate; saying na'am, "Yes," in confirmation of any assertion; acknowledg-

، Render (نغص anghis (v.n. 2 of نغيص), Render ing life wretched, annoying, vexing.

tanoffukh (v.n. 2 of نفع tanoffukh (v.n. 2) الله تعلق flated;—tanaffukhi riya, Emphysema.

ناهر tanaffur (v.n. 5 of ناهر), Avoiding, shunning; aversion, disgust; -tanaffur az

ghizā, Dislike of food.

منفس tanaffus (v.n. 5 of تنفس), Breathing; respiration; fetching a deep, cold sigh; breaking (the dawn); blowing of a morning breeze.

tanfasa, تنفسة tanfasa, كنفسة tanfasa, تنفسة of carpet (unsupported by examples; see

(طنفسه and تنبسه).

منفل tanafful (v.n. 5 of نفل), Doing more than the law requires; saying prayers

of supererogation.

منفيذ tanfīz (v.n. 2 of نفيذ , Transmitting (an order or letter); causing to penetrate, to pass, to take effect.

tanfir (v.n. 2 of نافر tanfir (v.n. 2 of تنفير

causing to fly.

انفس tanfis (v.n. 2 of نفس), Consoling, comforting, easing, refreshing.

A نفل tanjīl (v.n. 2 of نفل), Presenting with a gift or with plunder.

r تن قرة tan qara, Black leprosy.

tunqatar, tunqitar, tunqutar, تنقطار night watchman; a taper, rushlight.

tunqatarî, The duty of a night تنقطاري watchman, nightly guard.

القى tangiyat, tangiya (v.n. 2 of تنقية ه Cleaning, purifying; purging; winnowing; deciding, decision; — tanqiya kardan, To clean, to purify; -tangiya kardani zakhm, To cleanse a wound, to deterge.

لقع tanqiḥ (v.n. 2 of قنقيح م tanqiḥ (v.n. 2 of قنقيح م cleaning; polishing (verses); purging; deciding, investigation, examination, search,

inquiry; ascertaining.

a تنقيح طلب tanqih-talab, Demanding inquiry or investigation; to be decided or determined; for decision.

لقر tangir (v.n. 2 of تنقير , Examining, inquiring into, scrutinising; singing (a bird).

لقم tangis (v.n. 2 of تنقيص), Diminish-

ing; diminution.

A نقل tangīl (v.n. 2 of نقل), Transporting

from place to place.

ಟ್ tanuk, tunuk (S. tanu, tanuka), Thin, slender, slight, weak, delicate (in comp. frequently interchanged with, which seems etymologically related to it); shallow; effeminate; a thin cake or fritter.

بة عنت tanuk-āb, A shallow stream, a

shallow.

tanuk-hawaes, tanuk-hawas, tanuk-hawas, Sensible; sensitive.

تىك حواسى tanuk-ḥawāssī, tanuk-ḥawāsī, Sensibility.

tanuk-bazm, Who talks idly in an تلك بن

assembly; jester; nugatory. تنك نائع مرة tanuk-bahra, Whose share or portion is small.

تىك بىر tanuk-bez, A fine sieve, strainer.

تنكوة tankara, tankira, A copper boiler, cauldron.

a تنك ريش tanuk-rīsh, Thin-bearded.

ندك روزى tanuk-rozi, Whose means of subsistence are scanty.

روهنائي tanuk-rūshanā'ī, Of little brightness.

تنك روى tanuk-rūy, One who obtains a request without importunity.

tanuk-sarmāya, Possessed of a تنك سرماية small capital.

a من نامت tanuk-fahm, Of weak understanding.

a تنك صبر tannk-sabr, Impatient.

a تنك طرف tanuk-zarf (a weak vessel), A tale-bearer, tattler, simpleton; smooth, simple, unblemished; a tabula rasa.

a عناع متاع tanuk-mata', Having but a

small stock-in-trade.

a واع tanuk mizāj, Whimsical, peevish.

tanuk-mūy, tanuk-moy, Thinhaired.

تنكوب tankūb, A dish of sour milk, garlic, and walnuts.

تكك tanka, tanaka, tunuka, A leaf or sheet of metal, of gold or silver; gold; money; a certain coin.

الكر tankir (v.n. 2 of تنكير , Altering,

transforming, disguising, rendering incapable of being recognised.

تنكيرة tankīra, A cauldron or boiler.

نكس tankīs (v.n. 2 of نكس), Turning

upside down, capsizing, inverting.

tang, Narrow, strait; sad, anxious, distressed; strong; near, neighbouring; rare, scarce; numerous, many; half a load (as much as is carried upon one side); a package, bundle, sack; an ass-load of sugar; a concealing, putting out of sight; a strait, defile, mountain pass; anxiety, affliction; a horse-girth; a strap for fastening a load; the press of an oil-mill; a plain surface on which painters draw their first sketch; (= ارتنگ Manī's picture house; name of a place in Turkistan; a district in Badakhshān; [tang āmadan, To come near; to have but one course of action open; to get into a fix; to be sad (mm.cc.); -tangi turkān, Name of a place in Turkistan renowned for the beauty of its inhabitants; -tang shudan, To become narrow; to be in a bad way; to become enraptured; to be disturbed in mind (mm.cc.); — tang farā giriftan, To be afflicted, offended, moved;—tang kardan, To confine, block up, reduce to difficulties; to choke;tang numudan, To contract; ba-tang amadan (shudan), To be oppressed, afflicted; to be indignant; -ba-tang āwardan, To annoy greatly, to reduce to distress; -dil ba-tang āwardan, To distress one's mind;—dīda'i tang, An avaricious eye; — sāli tang, A barren year; -ting, A bird's beak; -tung, A narrow-necked vessel; a chalice (m.c.).

تنگ آب tang-āb, Shallow.

tangatang, In close contact, crowded.

تنگار tangār, Borax.

a اعتلاط ننگ اعتلاط tang-ikhtilāt, Closely mixed. تنگ آستين tang-āstīn, Narrow of sleeve, poor, destitute; houest; — tang-āstinī, Poverty; honesty.

tang-āghosh, Who holds in تنگ أغوش

close embrace.

ننگ اندام tang-andām, With tender limbs ;

with narrow parts.

نجاجي tangāy, Narrowness, straitness; a narrow place; a mountain pass; the grave; the world; the human frame (see تنكناى).

تنگبار tang-bār, A narrow way; half a load, a package; one who will not give place or admittance to another; inaccessible; rare, scarce, invaluable; an epithet of God.

تنك بخت tang-bakht, Luckless, unfortunate, distressed.

tang-bez, A fine sieve, strainer.

تنگ پيغوله tang-paighūla, The world.

tingit, Name of a place.

tang-tāb, Of little patience, very تنگ تاب ardent; weak, powerless.

تنگ تنگ تنگ tang-tang, A great many.

tang-jām, Easily intoxicated (see (تنگ هزاب

تنگ چای tang-chāy, Tightness, closeness; difficulty, distress; scarcity; stinginess, parsimony.

tangchāt (pl. of tangcha), Small coins.

tang-chashm, One with narrow, close eye-lids; blind; insatiable, covetous, devouring all with the eyes; a demoniac; a woman who has had but one busband; a Turk.

تنگیمه tangcha, A small silver coin; money (see تنكله and تنكله).

a الكان tang-hāl, Straitened, poor.

a تنگمالي tang-hālī, Poverty, distress, straits, narrow circumstances, adversity.

a تنگ حرملگي tang-hausalagi, Impatience, peevishness, fretfulness,

a تنگ حومله tang-hausala, Who cannot conceal his secrets or possessions; of narrow mind, mean, vile.

تنگ خو tang-kho, Bad-tempered. tang-kho'ī, Ill-temper. تنگ عوثي

tang-dast, Tight-handed; poor; a cushion.

تنگدستی tang-dastī, Parsimony; poverty; weakness.

تنگدل tang-dil, Heart-sick, desponding; compassionate; a miser,

تىگدلى tang-dilī, Heartache, grief; compassion; niggardliness.

تىك دھن tang-dahan, Small-mouthed; a sweetheart.

.tang-rozī, Poor تنگ روزي

تنگ روی tang-rūy, Tender-cheeked.

tangiz, Name of a thorny tree. زيك وعفران tang-za'faran (tangi za'fran),

Yellow leaves falling in autumn. تىك زهوة tang-zahra, Crestfallen, despon-

تنك زيست tang-xīst, Pinched, distressed. tangis, Name of a thorny tree.

tang-sār, Weakness of intellect; transmigration, metempsychosis.

تنگسال tang-sal, Scarcity; a barren sea-BOn.

تىك سالى tang-sālī, Dearth, scarceness. tangast, Name of a place famous تنكست for its beautiful crystal.

a تنگ خراب tang-sharāb, Soon drunk. نگ هکر tang-shakar, A mistress's mouth.

a تنگ طرف tang-zarf (enclosed in a narrow vessel), Anxious, distressed;—tangzarfī, Distress, adversity.

a تک من tang-shaqq, Having a narrow split (a pen).

a تنك عيش tang-'aish, Poor; melancholy. a تنگ فرصت tang-fursat, Nick of time; having but a short opportunity.

تىك كير tang-gīr, One who presses hard or squeezes; parsimonious, frugal.

tang-girī, Parsimony, frugality.

نىك اب tang-lab, With delicate lips.

تكاوش tangalosh, تكاوش tangaloshā, Name of the works of a famous Grecian artist, as celebrated in the East as those of the painter Mānī; the study or academy of Grecian painters.

a تنگ مسرت tang-masarrat, Of short-lived joy.

a تنک معاش tang-ma'āsh, Poor, destitute of means.

تنگف ميدانى صبع tang-maidānī'i şubḥ, The inconstancy of the morning.

ننگنا tangnā, A grave.

تگانی tangnāy, A difficulty; a defile;—tangnāyi khāk, The world; the body; the grave;—tangnāyi dahr, The world; time.

نك نشيمن نهنك tang-nishimani nahang,

The world; the sky; time.

tango, The king of Khata or Khutan. تنگو tango, Cash, gold or copper coin; thin paste, macaroni; a mountain-pass (m.c.); straits (m.c.);—tanga'i bughrā, A thin paste used in the dish المنابع q.v.

تكى tangī, Narrowness, closeness, straitness, tightness; difficulty; anguish, constraint; poverty, want; a sack; of Tang (i.e. beautiful);—tangī'i taḥtānī'i lagan, Outlet of pelvis;—tangī'i fauqanī'i lagan, Inlet of pelvis.

نكياب tang-yāb, Difficult to be found,

rare; care-crazed.

tangīra, A brazen kettle, cauldron تنگيرة

(تنكيرة ,تنكرة Bee).

نمية tanmiyat (v.n. 2 of نمية له), Spreading false reports, calumniating; throwing wood upon a fire, and making it burn flercer.

تنميق tanmāq (v.n.2 of لمئق), Writing a fine ornamental hand.

tanand, and—

tanandū, A spider; a cobweb; a weaver's instrument (round which the warp is rolled, and then carried over the comb).

tananda, Drawing, twisting, plaiting; a spider; a weaver's instrument.

tanû, Power, strength.

tanūb, A kind of fir-tree.

تنوتاس tanūtās, Learned; a man of business.

ن و توش tan-u-tosh, Power, strength.

توكن tanudan, To draw; to twist, plait, spin.

tanūr, (Z. tanūra), An oven ;—tanūri badan, A kind of leprosy ; ringworm.

نرو لا tanauwur (v.n. 5 of نور), Seeing a fire at a distance; shining; anointing one's body with an unguent which pulls up hair by the roots.

ندور آهوب tanūr-āshūb, A coal-rake; a fire-brand.

تنور تاب tanūr-tāb, A pair of bellows. منورستان tanūr-khānah, تنور خانة tanūristān, A bakehouse. tanura, A part of dress worn by dervishes from their middle; a sort of armour; a tunnel through which water rushes on a mill-wheel; forming a ring or circle (people sitting together); an iron grate used by travellers.

تنوز tanoz, Čleft, fissure.

توزه tanoza, Split, cracked, cleft asunder. A کنون tanauwu (v.n. 5 of کنون , Being divided into distinct parts or species.

تنوسند tanumand, Robust, corpulent; strong, powerful; tall; broad, fat; con-

tented, cheerful, in good case.

تنومندى tanūmandi, Robustness, corpulence; power.

توند tanwand, Scattered about, dispersed.

A تروه tanauwuh (v.n. 5 of مرة Being), Being

exalted, sublime; being extolled, praised. تنبى tanwī, One whose eye is fixed up-

ward; appearing.

رور tanwir (v.n. 2 of توري), Shining; illuminating, giving light; flowering, blossoming; appearing (the light of day); illumination.

A نوم tanwim (v.n. 2 of نوم), Lulling to sleep.

أون tanwin (v.n. 2 of نوبي), Marking the final letters of nouns with the nasal vowels __ un, __ an, or __ in; nunnation.

دوية tanwih (v.n. 2 of الرق), Praising, exalting; calling; greatness, grandeur.

atree; acceptance; content, satisfaction; cloth sufficient for a dress; soft goat's hair; interior (the last three meanings unsupported by examples); [tana'i dirakht, The trunk of a tree;—tana shudan, To accept; to be pleased or satisfied;—tana'i 'ankabūt, A spider's web;]—tunna, The thunny fish.

تنها tanhā (pl. of tan), Bodies; alone, so-

litary; an odd number.

تنهارر tanhā-rau (rav), A solitary wanderer. تنهاكانه tanhāgāna, Solitary.

تَهَالَّى tanhā ī. Solitude, loneliness, solitariness.

تنه خواري tana-khwāri, Torture, torment, punishment.

تنه دار tana-dār, Trunked (tree).

تني tanī, Corporeal, bodily.

تىيان taniyān, Material (substances).

تني تاژ tanī-tāzh, The air as element.

تىيد tanīd. A web.

تنيدي tānīdan, To twist, weave, spin, involve; to deceive; to effect; to be silent; to be twisted.

تيده tanīda, Woven; silent; a cobweb; a weaver's instrument.

تنيرة tanīza, A side, border, skirt, edge.

a great monster, the sea-serpent; a shark; the constellation of the dragon (mostly with art. at-tinnin or tinnini falak, which also signifies the galaxy or milky way);

island near Sarandib;—zanabi tinnīn, The

dragon's tail, a star.

tav, Heat, warmth; twist, turn; a fold; a ditch, pool, or hole where water stagnates; - to, A curtain; a fold; a skin formed on the surface of milk; in, into, within; [to bar to, Fold upon fold; -- to dar to, Apartments within apartments (m.c.); intercommunicating (m.c.); complicated, intricate, entangled (m.c.); —tu (S. twam), Thou;—tu, A feast, an entertainment.

A f tauw, Alone, single; a rope of a single twist; a careless man; an edifice.

a أيّ tawā, Ruin; ruined, destroyed,

الم خواب tauwāb, Penitent, contrite; relenting

tawābi', Dependencies, appurtenances

ا توابل م tawābil, Seasonings for meat, herbs.

tawāba (according to others توابه wana or توايده tawaya), Name of a champion.

ا توابیت tawābīt (pl. of tābūt), Arks, chests; coffins.

tawātur (v.n. 6 of وقر), Following in succession; succession, continuation; tawāturi nafas, Difficulty of breathing; panting; gasping.

مواجد م tawajud (v.n. 6 of وجد), Mutual

ecstacy; rapture.

tawājī (pl. tawājiyān), A prefect, chief, commander.

tawār, A rope for tying on a load.

توارانيدي tawārānīdan, To be piled up; to be attached, joined (doubtful word probably formed from the preceding).

ل الله tawārud (v.n. 6 of عارد tawārud (v.n. 6 of عوارد ع gether to the watering-place; coming in a

lump, assembling.

tawāra, A straw but, in which the keepers of the vineyard take shelter; --tuwāra, A structure of reeds, under which is the dunghill, the privy, and such-like; thorns fixed on a wall; (from Heb. חורה) the law.

روری tawarī (v.n. 6 of وری), Lying hid,

concealing oneself.

اريح لا tawārikh (pl. of ta'rikh), Epochs, dates; histories, chronicles, annals;—ahli tawārīkh, A historian; chroniclers.

A وازن tawāzwn, A being equal in weight. م زوى م tawāzī (v.n. 6 of زوى , Assembling ; —for تواذي tawāzī (v.n. 6 of الذي , Injuring one another.

tawāzīdan, To add little by little بوازيدي

(doubtful word).

tiwāsī, A carpet, embroidered rug. tawazu' (v.n. 6 of واضع له tawazu' (v.n. 6 of واضع abasing oneself; humility, submission, attention, courtesy, civility; hospitality, reception, entertainment; gift, present; pretended kindness, empty compliment;- tawāzu'i samarqandī, False politeness;—bar sabīli tawāzu', By way of submission.

a توامع كرى tawāzu'-garī, Humility, submission.

اوطا tawatu' (v.n. 6 of وطا Lawatu' (v.n. 6 of وطاء الم ing, agreeing.

tawā'ud (v.n. 6 of عواعد م tawā'ud (v.n. 6 of to one another.

tuwāghaj, The white and bitter تواغيج bark of a certain tree.

ا توانق A lawafuq (v.n. 6 of ولاق), Agreeing together; concord, good understanding; harmony; concurrence, coincidence; league, conspiracy; (in arithmetic) being divisible by the same quality without leaving a remainder; commensurability.

ا تواقيع tawāqī' (pl. of tauqī'), Royal

letters.

تواكن tawākun, A kite.

tuwāl, End, extremity; turning back.

اولد tawalud (v.n. 6 of اولد Begetting, propagating; generation, birth; succession of generations.

ولى tawālī (v.n. 6 of رولى, Following in succession; continuation; succession.

q.v. تواليدن tawālīdan, for تواليدن

A توام tau'am, A twin; the sign Gemini; -tau'am gashtan, To be twin with, to be linked to

ل المان الم tau'amāni (dual of tau'am), Twins.

tuwān, tawān, Power, strength; it is possible, one may; a cloud; (in comp.) able, powerful; — farmāni kazā-tuwān, Commands powerful as fate, i.e. irresistible.

tuwānā, Powerful, strong, able.

tuwana-tarī, Superior power, pres-

tuwānā-kun, Who renders powerful.

tuwānā'ī, Power, تواناهي tuwānā'ī, power, strength; a hand.

tawāncha, A slap. توانجه

tuwān-dukht, Name of the daughter of Khusraw Parvez.

tuwānistan, To be powerful, able, equal to; to get the mastery.

tuwanish, Power, strength.

tuwān-kun, The powerful agent قوان كن (God).

tuwāngar, Great, powerful; rich. tuwāngarān, The rich and powerful.

توانگری tuwāngarī, Powerfulness; wealth, riches.

توانگى tuwāngī, Riches, goods, wealth.

تواده tawāna, see تواله

روني tawānī (v.n. 6 of روني), Being indolent and languid; delay; slowness, languor, lassitude.

tawānīdan, To feel pain; to paiu توانيدن

–tuwānīdan, To be able.

tawāhcha, Meat well dressed. تواهيمه ably tawaha, Fried; an omelet; roast meat

tawāhī, Destroyed; incomplete.

تواله tawāya, see تواله

taub (v.n.), Repenting, returning (from sin to God); turning, relenting, becoming gracious (God to man).

יף tob, A fold, twist; a single thing, a unit; multiplicity; the eye; for توپ q.v.

توارة tūbāra, A he-goat.

توال tūbāl, Brass, copper; filings; particles of heated metals that fly off under the stroke of the hammer; - tūbāli miss, Blue vitriol.

a توہاملن tūbāmulun, Name of a plant yielding a milky juice; a sort of broom.

עיש tūbān, Wrestler's breeches, very short, and besmeared all over with oil or

taubat, tauba, vulg. toba, Vowing to توبه ه sin no more; repenting; repentance, penitence; conversion; abjuring; renouncing; recantation;—tauba dādan, To cause repentance; - tauba shikastan, To break a vow; - tauba farmūdan (kardan, guftan), To repent.

, تو چى = ,tobchi تو بخانه ,tob-khāna تو چى

.v. qq توپ تمانه

to bar to, Fold on fold; step by step; at the tail of one another; sheep's tripe; a sweetmeat; self-willed; a scoundrel; a term of abuse.

tob-rasan, A twisted rope.

לפול tobra, A huntsman's bag; the nosebag of a horse.

نوبوت tobazah, The root of a water-melon; a slice of a water-melon.

tūbak, taubak, A treasury, magazine, strong box; a larder.

tobki, A coin formerly current.

tobal, The front part of the forehead.

taubal, Herbs or spiceries for seasoning the pot.

نونه tauba, see A. توبه ;—tuba, The rainbow. a توبه هکن tauba-shikan, Who breaks a vow of repentance.

toba-dār), توبه دار toba-kār (or توبه کار

Penitent; restrained by a vow.

يوبد كارى loba-kārī, Penitence; a vow of abstinence.

a مَامِنَةُ tauba-nāma, A written expression of repentance or vow not to offend again.

م نوبيع taubī<u>kh</u> (v.n. 2 of وبع ,), Threatening, chiding, rebuking; a reproach; -taubikh kardan, To blame; to threaten.

ا توسيخا taubīkhan, P. توسيخا taubīkhana, Invectively.

a توبيخى taubikhī, Objurgatory.

top, A cannon; a division of troops, a band; - topi asb-rau, Horceartillery; -top andakhtan, To fire guns

(m.c.); - topi tah-pur, A breech-loading cannon (m.c.); — topi khān-dār, A ritled cannon (m.c.); —topi dahan-pur, A muzzleloader; top zadan, To fire guns, to cannonade;—topi shash-pānd, A six-pounder (m.c.);—topi (jangi) saḥrā'ī, Field-piece (m.c.); -topi nuh-pand, A nine-pounder (m.c.).

tūpā (in Zand and Pazand), An

apple.

توپال tūpāl, Bits of gold, silver, iron, copper (see توبال).

top-andāz, An artillery-man. تويانداز

topchī, Commissary of ordnance; a

top-<u>kh</u>āna, An arsenal; a park of artillery; artillery.

tūpak, taupak, A magazine or store-

house; a money-chest.

نوپ هوائي top-hawa'i, Blank shot.

آب tūt, A mulberry; the mulberrytree ;-tūti jangalī (sih-gul, kūhī), The blackberry; -tūti farangī, The strawberry.

tautak, A money-chest; a pantry, store-house; -totak, A parrot; a sort of bread; a shepherd's pipe; a street iu

.v. توبكى = totagi, توتكي

tūtmāj, Vermicelli soup. T توتن tūtun, Tobacco.

to-to, Covering each other (as the coats of an onion).

T יְּלְּטָ tūtūn, Tobacco ;—tūtūni islāmbūl, Turkish tobacco; -tūtūni kurdistān, Virginia tobacco.

tūta, A sty on the eye-lid;—tota, A parrot.

زوتى $tot\bar{\imath}$, A parrot; a ship; the outfit of a bride, trousseau.

tûtiyā' (S. tuttha), Tutty ;—tūtiyā'i akbar, A shell whence they make tutty; -tūtiyā'i daulat, State tutty, a remedy for national affairs; —tūtiyā'i dīda, A collyrium or medicine for the eyes ;-tūtiyā'i zard, The Basrah stone ;-tūtiyā'i sabz, Green vitriol ; -tūtiyā'i ghūra, Tutty dissolved in the juice of sour grapes and applied as a remedy to strengthen the sight; -tūtiyā'i qalam, The eye-refreshing effect of a skilful pen.

a توتيا مثال tūtiyā migāl, Like tutty.

tūs, A mulberry ;—tūsi ḥalw, The sweet or white mulberry; —lūsi hāmiz, The acid or black mulberry.

اوثق tausiq (v.n. 2 of وثق), Establishing, strengthening, making fast; declaring or esteeming anyone to be trusty and worthy of confidence.

tûj, A quince; a mixed metal, brass. tūjaba, tūjiba, A torrent, an inundation; an angel.

ارجع tawajju' (v.n. 5 of رجع keing pained, showing marks of grief; grieving for, condoling; eulogy of the dead.

A هُجهٌ tawajjuh (v.n. 5 of هُجه), Turning

towards or proceeding towards; countenancing, regarding, attending; inclination; regard, attention, favour, kindness, obligingness; consideration;—tawajjuhi khāṣṣ, A turning (of the face) God-ward;—tawajjuhi numādan, To set out;—tawajjuhi niyāz-āmez, Prayers mixed with humility, a humble prayer.

tawajjuhāt (pl. of the preceding),

Attentions, favours, &c.

A days, taujih (v.n. 2 of day), Turning towards; sending; promoting to honour; explaining, accounting for; illustrating; illustration; argument; adjustment of accounts; assessment; a statement, a description-roll.

a توجيه نويس taujīh-niwīs, A keeper of description-rolls, clerk of the pipe-office.

tawahhud (v.n. 5 of توحد م), Being single, sole, unique, unparalleled; taking (anyone) under his special and sole protection (God).

tawaḥḥush (v.n. 5 of رحش), Being desolate, deserted (a city); feeling desolate or scared; flying from, aversion, horror.

A توحيد tauhid (v.n. 2 of معن), Making one; declaring (God) to be one; a belief in the unity of God; unitarianism, autitrinitarianism; the fifth degree of perfection in Sufi life, where the divine essence is contemplated as void of any attribute conceived by thought;—tauhīd kardan, To make one; to acknowledge one God.

tokh, Nettle-tree (Celtis australis). ترخص tokhtan, To pay a debt; to return anything borrowed; to acquire, gain, collect by degrees; to wish, want; to search, seek; to draw; to show, spread, display, let off; to sew, stitch.

tokhta, Paid; collected, gained, ac-

quired; drawn; spread; sewed.

رَجْع to<u>kh</u>aj, A great noise, clamour, tumult.

tokhcha, A receptacle in a wall.

tawakhsh, Drawing. توعش

موخى tawakhkhi (v.n. 5 of وخى), Pur-

posing.

tūd (for tūt), The mulberry;—tod (for toda), A hill; top, summit; a heap; a camel's bunch.

tu'adat, tu'dat, Slowness, sedate-

tawaddud (v.n. 5 of ود), Showing love; gaining the love of another.

todara, A bustard.

tūdarī, Mallows; sumach.

نودريون todaryūn, Hellebore.

tūdastī, Aid, assistance.

تودرة todūh, A pair, a brace.

lock, tumulus; the butt or mark at which arrows are shot;—toda'i khāk, A mound of earth;—toda'i tāfān, A heap of calumnies, a great calumniator;—toda'i kāfūr, A heap

of snow; a fair skin; a white head; todahā'i khāk, Tropics, climes, degrees of latitude; the human frame.

رديع A ترديع taudī' (v.n. 2 of دريع), Laying up (a garment) in its place; bidding adieu,

taking leave; dismissing.

taur, An internuucio, mediator,

ambassador; a drinking-vessel.

jewel; — tūr, Name of the eldest son of Farīdūn; the country of Tūrān; a Turk; a sturdy wrestler, a champion; a sweetheart; name of the daughter of Iraj, and wife of Minuchihr; hospitality, entertainment of a guest; a certain acid culinary herb; sınall, little; a widow; vessels; a net; [tūri māhī-gīrī, A fishing-net (m.c.);]—tor, Withdrawal, flight; inquiry, search, investigation.

T יֿפָנוֹ tūrā, A chieftain.

torā (in Zand and Pāzand), An ox; a cow;—tūrā (ورة tūra), A kind of screen from under which warriors used to send their missiles.

taurāt, The Pentateuch. توراقا

tūrālīk, Dignity of a prince.

تررائي tūrān, Turkomania, Turkistān, Transoxania, so named from Tūr, eldest son of Faridūn, to whom his father gave it for an inheritance.

دران دخت từrān-dukht, Name of the daughter of Khusraw Parvez, who reigned in Persia sixteen months.

المانة tūrān-shāh, The king of Tūrān; the proper name of many distinguished men.

ورانی tūrānī, A Scythian, Turkomān. تورتك tūrtuk, The jungle cock; a pheasant (see قرتك).

تورزين tawarzī, تورزين tawarzīn, A battle-axe. تورث tūrsh (for tursh), Acid, sour.

A زرق tawarruq (v.n. 5 of زرق), Malleable

زوك tūrak, Purslain and its seed;— (prob. for عروك tuwurk or tuwurg), An Iranian hero.

A dys tawarruk (v.n. 5 of dy), Reclining on the hip; sitting (at prayer) with one buttock on the right foot and the other on the ground (prohibited by the Muhammadan law).

A יניס tawarrum (v.n. 5 of ניס, Being seized with a swelling.

tūrunj, An orange. تورنج ▲

ترنگ torang, A pheasant; a jungle cock. ورنگان tūrangān, God, the creator and bestower of life (see زليلكان).

to-1 uh, A pair, a brace.

taura, Beloved (son or daughter).

T وَرِه tora, Law, regulation; custom; rite; a law instituted by Changiz Khan.

н ورة tora, A little; few.

رَوي tūrī (pl. tūriyān), A Turk, Turko-mān, Mongol.

الروي tauriyat (v.n. 2 of روي)), Concealing, dissembling; striking fire; wishing one thing and pretending another.

a تربت tawrit, The books of Moses;-ahli taurit, Those who adhere to the law of

Moses, the Jews.

مريث taurīṣ (v.n. 2 of ورث , Appointing an heir (waris); (equiv. to ta'rīs) stirring (the fire) to make (it) burn brisker.

زيدن torīdan, To be very much ashamed ; to run away, retire, depart; to inquire,

explore, spy.

lauriz, The capital of Azarbaijau توريو

tauris (v.n. 2 of ورس), Dyeing توریس ▲ (cloth) yellow with the plant wars.

toz, Imp. and participle of tokhtan, q.v.; spoil, plunder, assault; name of a city; = تورځ q.v.

tûz, Origin, root; name of a tree; nature, quality.

A jy tauwaz, Name of a place in Persia.

ارزع م tawazzu' (v.n. 5 of وزع tawazzu' (v.n. 5 among themselves; distraction, perplexity, grief.

پز tūnak, Institute, regulation.

toza, A thin bark put on a saddle or over the handle of a bow.

نوزى tozi, Of or belonging to Toz; a light summer garment, manufactured at Toz; a flute made at that place; a ship; 2nd sing. acr. of tokhtan and tozīdan.

توزيدن tozīdan, To pay; to gain, collect; to draw, spread; to sack, plunder; to phow.

مرزع tauzī' (v.n. 2 of عرزيع له), Dividing, distributing among several; scattering; a paper in which the different separate payments made by a samindar, &c. are entered; statement, account; reut-roll; descriptive

tozh, Thin bark resembling the papyrus.

tozhi, A school-boy's picnic.

tue, Hard ground; - toe, A toust (m.c. from E.); -tos kardan, To give a toast; -tos numudan, To drink a toast.

ترس A توس tūs, Nature, disposition; origin. as az āni tu'st, It توست is thine.

موسع tawassukh (v.n. 5 of وسنع tawassukh (v.n. 5 of dirtied, soiled.

م tawassud (v.n. 5 of رسد tawassud (v.n. 5 of reclining upon a cushion; putting (anything) under the head for a pillow; laying the Kur'an under the pillow (implying both neglect and study).

ارسط a tawassuf (v.n. 5 of رسط), Being the middle; becoming a mediator or umpire; mediation; introduction; middle-man, mediator, umpire.

tawassu' (v.n. 5 of وسع), Sitting with ease, not crowded; width, roominess.

tausi'at, tausi'a, Amplitude.

توسكا أَسْعَا اللهُ أَلْهُ اللهُ أَلْهُ اللهُ ا

tawassul (v.n. 5 of وسل م tawassul (v.n. 5 of vouring to recommend oneself to the notice and favour of God; introduction; conjunction; copulation.

A توسم tawassum (v.n. 5 of رسم), Discovering by physiognomy; pasturing upon early

spring forage.

توسن tausan, Wild, unmanageable; a young unbroken horse; a bigh-blooded

توسن دلى tausan-dilī, Hard-heartedness.

tosang, Contentment.

tausanī, Refractoriness, restiveness. ترسنى tosa, Fat, sleek, well-fed; — tūsa, Alder-tree, Alnus berbata (in Georgistan); Siberian elm, Planera crenata (in Shīrāz).

م زوسخ tausikh (v.n. 2 of وسخ tausikh (v.n. 2 of توسيخ

soiling (clothes).

ارسد tausīd (v.n. 2 of رسد tausīd (v.n. 2 of رسد cushion, or causing one to recline on a

tausit (v.n. 2 of رسط bully), Placing in the middle; dividing in the middle, into two halves.

ارج tausi' (v.n. 2 of رجع Enlarging; making room; making wide; amplification, development; -tausi'i bilad, The extending of the territories.

A توسيم tausīm (v.n. 2 of روسم), Assembling from all quarters to celebrate the

festival of Mecca.

tawish (for tabish), Heat, warmth ;—tosh, Power, strength, vigour; body; food sufficient for a meal; -tūsh (for tu urā), Thou (to) him.

tawisht, Heat. وهت

م زوهم tawashshuḥ (v.n. 5 of روهم tawashshuḥ (v.n. 5 of ting on the sash or belt wishah; girding on a sword.

toshdān, A beggar's wallet; a traveller's provision-bag; a pouch, cartouche-box.

tūshak, A small carpet with a short pile; hedding; a mattress for sleeping on.

توهكان toshkān, The stove of a bath. نرهات خاله tūshak-<u>kh</u>āna, A wardrobe.

toshgan, The stove of a bath (see . (توهكان

tūshal, tūshil, A light and thin gar-

ment, also called توزى q.v. tūshmāl, An usher, chamberlain;

who has care of the table.

ترهمان toshmān, A sign; the middle of a house or palace (unsupported by examples). tosh-u-posht, Power, splendour, majesty (a word in use with a چارش q.v.).

tosha, Provisions, necessaries;—tosha ومعد bar-dashtan, To set out upon a journey;tosha'i chashm, A wistful look ;—tosha'i rah,

Provisions for the road; -tosha u gosha, Food and lodging;—gosha'i bī tosha, A nook barren of provisions; a barren dis-

tosha-parward, A provisionbearer (see کش bearer).

We day tosha-khāna, Wardrobe; store-

توهدان toshadān, A wallet, provision-bag; a knapsack (m.c.).

tosha-kash, A provision-bearer (on

a hunting expedition or a short journey). toshī, Children's picnic; the last

breath of the dying.

taushih (v.n. 2 of رهم), Putting a belt ou another; adorning; (in poetry) arranging the verses so that the initial of each line being put together may form some word or verse; an acrostic.

توهل $tar{u}shar{\imath}l$ قوهيل q.v.

tawasaul (v.n. 5 of وصل being ومل joined; seeking connection with; trying to obtain.

مرصی tausiyat (v.n. 2 of رصی), Making a will or testament; admonishing, charging.

ميك tauṣīf (v.u. 2 of وصف), Describing; qualifying; description; commendation.

a توميطي tauṣifi, Significant of an attri-

tawazzu' (v.n. 5 of وما ,), Performing ablutions before prayer; bathing, washing the body; arriving at the age of puberty, when ablutions must be observed.

A توضيح tauzih (v.n. 2 of رضع), Making clear, manifest; manifestation; illustration; publication; statement, account of collections.

A توفيع tauzī' (v.n. 2 of رفع), Depressing,

humbling, putting down; lowering.

tawattun (vn. 5 of رطن), Fixing one's residence anywhere; residence; applying the mind to anything.

مطئ tauti'at (v.n. 2 of وطئ), Treading

upon, trampling on.

رطن tautin (v.n. 2 of رطن), Choosing

as a place of residence; giving rest.

A توطیف tauzīf (v.n. 2 of وطف), Assigning, writing an order, paying (anyone) a daily

tawa"ud (v.n. 5 of وعد م), Menacing,

terrifying, scolding.

توغ togh, A wood which burns several

days; (T.) a horse-tail standard. taughā, A dish prepared from lamb's

meat, flour, and pickles.

a توطيع tūghāj. A hark, white and very

bitter (see تواغج).

T توغیق toghchi, A standard-bearer (see . (توع

توغدرى tūghdarī, A bustard (see زمادرى tawaghghul (v.n. 5 of رغار), Travel-

ling to a distance; coming and going. tof, Imp. of tofidan; echo, clamour,

noise.

نونان tofān, Noise, sound, din; the confused hum of men or animals; the roaring of the sea; a storm; name of Wamiq's friend (see رامن).

tawaffur (v.n. 5 of وفر), Being

numerous, abounding.

م توفى Lawaffi (v.n. 5 of وفى), Receiving the whole of what is due; receiving to himself (as God the souls of the just).

tofidan, To cry aloud; to call for help; to roar, to bray; to raise a tumult.

رفر taufīr (v.n. 2 of رفر), Making complete or perfect; multiplying, increasing; completion; increase, augmentation; abuudance; excess, surplus, savings; perquisites; pickings.

a توفير سنج taufir-sanj, Who weighs out

abundantly.

taufiq (v.n. 2 of ونني), Making events to conspire happily; seconding, prospering; divine guidance, grace, or favour; the completion of one's wishes; prosperity; ability, power, means, resources,

A توق tauq (v.n. of توق), Desiring ardently ;

توق T نوع toq, A horse-tail standard (see توق ت A توقد tawaqqud (v.n. 5 of توقد), Burning, blazing.

tawaqqur (v.n. 5 of وقر له, Being modest, mild, gentle, sedate, grave; modesty, sedateness, gravity; respect, dignity, honour.

A توقع tawaqqu' (v.n. 5 of بوقع,), Expecting anything to be done, to fall out, or happen; request, hope, wish, desire; reliance, expectation; - tawwaqu' dashtan (kardan), To hope for; to expect; to rely upon (mm.cc.).

tawaqquf (v.n. 5 of وقف م tawaqquf (v.n. 5 of ping, delaying; delay, stoppage, pause; suspension; hesitation; tediousness; patience; -tawaqquf kardan (numudan), To delay, to pause, &c.

tūqmāq, A Turkish tribe (see

. (تقماق

tuqūz), Niue; hence تقوز tuqūz), viue present, gift, such being offered to kings, &c., by nines, as a sacred number.

توته tūya, A buckle (see نقة).

روتى tawaqqi (v.n. 5 of وتى), Fearing, being afraid of, shunning; protecting, defending oneself.

tauqīt (v.n. 2 of رقت), Appointing a time for anything, especially prayers.

لوقير tauqir (v.n. 2 of وقر), Honouring, revering, respecting; treating with ceremony: honour, reverence, veneration, respect; trying, proving.

رقع tauqı' (v.n. 2 of رقع), Signing (an order, &c.) with the royal signet; the royal signet put to diplomas, letters patent, and other public deeds (of an intricate formation, containing the king's name and titles); a diploma thus signed; thought, conception, opinion.

tauqif (v.n. 2 of وقف), Causing to stand; standing one behind another (a regiment); causing one to understand, making him acquainted; adorning with bracelets.

tok, The eye; a clew of wool; a lock توك of hair; forelocks.

ا وكد lawakkud (v.n. 5 of وكد lawakkud (v.n. 5 of

confirmed.

A توكل tawakkul (v.n. 5 of ركل,), Depending upon; trusting to; trust in God; faith, reliance; resignation (to the Divine will).

tawakku' (v.n. 5 of وکا Leaning (on

a staff).

موکید 🗚 taukīd (v.n. 2 of روکد), Confirming, strengthening, connecting strongly; energy;

وكل taukil (v.n. 2 of وكل), Appointing a lieutenant, deputy, substitute, factor, or agent (wakīl); entrusting a business to anyone; keeping in custody; imprisonment.

tūl, War, contention; the circumference of the mouth; wry-mouthed;-tol,

Flight, elopement; imp. of tolīdan.
مرزى tawallā (for زلى tawallā, v.n. 5 of زلى), Choosing for a friend; -tawalla kardan, To be friends with, to befriend.

tūlāj, Of one piece; a washing-tub.

taulab, An ass's colt. تولب ▲ ا توليرة tūlbara, A shoe; a last.

لَّهُ لَمْ لَكُمْ tuwalat, taulat, tālat, A misfortone, a dreadful calamity; -tuwalat, tiwalat, A philtre or charm used by a wife to conciliate the affection of her husband; a fascinating blandishment, or anything which deceives and ravishes the heart; magic, enchantment.

tolcha (dim. of H. تولية, S. tola),

Name of a weight.

ارله tawallud (v.n. 5 of عراد), Being gene rated, born; birth; -tawallud shudan, To be born (m.c.).

tolush, tūlash, A flame; power (?). tūlak, Ingenious, quick, intelligent; cunning, sly (m.c.); moulting; -tūlak kardan, To moult.

tūlagī, A morass, marsh. تولكي

تانكى q.v. تانكى q.v. تانكى q.v. تانكى tulingī, = تانكى q.v. و tola-sag, A hound that hunts by the scent; a whelp; mallow; (S. tolaka) name of an Indian weight of 21 misqale.

tola-khar, An ass's colt.

tawallī (v.n. 5 of راى), Being appointed to, or assuming, or being confirmed in, an office; turning the back, taking flight; attending to anyone's concerns; conferring an appointment.

A for tauliyat (v.n. 2 of ولية tauliyat (v.n. 2 of ولية الم to a government, setting over; trusteeship;

turning the back, flying.

a ماملة tauliyat-nāma, Letter or order appointing one a superintendent; deed of trusteeship.

اروك taulid (v.n. 2 of وليد مرية), Procreating, begetting, engendering; assisting at a birth; doing the work of a midwife; generation; birth, production; growth; -taulīdi qummal dar badan, Pedicular disease.

taulīdan, To call aloud ;—also tūlī dan, To prick; to wound with an arrow; -

tolidan, To flee, depart, retire.

توليكان tūlīgān, A kite. aulīh (v.n. 2 of اولاء taulīh (v.n. 2 of قولية له mother) distracted by taking her child from her.

tūm, Pearls. توم ▲

tūmā (for A.tu'ām), A twin; (in Zand and Pāzand) garli...

tūmār, An amulet-case (of gold or silver) which they suspend round the necks

of children (see طوماًر).

تومان tomān, tūmān, A myriad, 10,000; a sum of money equal to 10,000 Arabic silver drachmas (which are about one-third less than those of the Greeks); a sum equal to fifteen dollars and a half; gold coin = 10sābqrāns, about 9fr. 75cts. (m.c.); districts into which a kingdom is divided, each being supposed to furnish 10,000 fighting men.

tomān-dār, Commander of a tomān. توماندار toman-dari, Command of a toman. تومانداري tomānī, Of or belonging to, worth توماني

a tomān (m.c.).

toman, A district of a hundred vil-

lages.

tawan, The human body :—tūn, The stove of a bath; the womb; an intestine not cleaned; name of a town in Khurā-

تو اندd, = tund توند.

tūnak, taunak, A store-house.

ترنکه tūnaka, tuwanka, A store-house; night.

تونگر tawangar, Rich, powerful; a barber. tawangar-dil, تونگر همت tawangar-himmat, Liberal-minded.

تُونگُوي tawangarī, Wealth; power. تُونگُوي tawangū, A harber; a wardrobe; a till; a halter.

tuwanga, A store-house; night.

tūnal, A tunnel (m.c. from E.). تُونَّة tūna, Fringe, edge, border, selvage. تُونَّة tūnī, A native of Tūn in Khurāsān;

one who comes from afar and has no home; a beggar, a gipsy; a thief, robber; one who takes care of the furnaces in a bath.

tūnīz, Pepper from Khata or Khotan. tū u khudā, I swear to you by

towa, A pair, a brace.

taba), Destroyed, ruined; destruction, perdition, rulu; -- also tawih, A lancet; -toh, A pair, a brace; a fold, plait.

tawahhum (v.n. 5 of رهم tawahhum (v.n. 5 of بوهم suspecting, imagining, supposing; fancy, imagination, supposition, conjecture; doubt; suspicion; imputation.

A وهن tauhīn (v.n. 2 of وهن), Enervating, relaxing, debilitating; scoffing.

توى tūy, toy, Fold, ply; inside; — toy, Feast, entertainment; a wedding-feast.

toyaj, Ivy. توبج

tū'i shīr. Cream. توى ڪير

تويك tūyak, The inside; a store-room.

tawīl, Bald on the forehead;—tuwīl, تُويل The crown of the head; the top of the forehead; a sign which hunters set up in the fields with a view to drive the affrighted game into their net.

tuwīn, Friendly, affectionate; a lama توين

or Buddhist.

تويه tūya, The rainbow.

نوتى tu'i, Name of a small bird : thouism (opp. to mani, egotism); (for tu i) thon art.

& tah, A fold, ply; single, odd; rust; the bottom, deep, or inner part; [tahi āb, Bottom of water; -tahi-tufang, Breech of a rifle or musket (m.c.); -tahi top, Breech of a gun; - tahi dil, The innermost heart;tahi sikka, Reverse die (m.c.); - tahi maikhāna, The floor of the tavern;] — tih, Empty (see تهی); impression;—tuh, Saliva, spittle.

هدى tahādā (v.n. 6 of مدى), Sending presents to one another; balancing oneself

in walking.

tahāfut (v.n. 6 of تهافت ه tahāfut (v.n. 6 of one part after another (as leaves); title of a book written by Ghazāli,

تبال tahāl, A cave, cavern, grot.

A مالك tahāluk (v.n. 6 of مالك), Running headlong (to ruin); tumbling (into bed); walking trippingly (a woman).

A مَامَةُ tihāmat, The province in which

Mecca is situated.

تهامي ه tihāmī, A native of Tihāma.

تيان tahan, Empty, void.

tahānānīdan, To make empty. تهانانيدن

н ы б thāna (S. sthāna), A small fort; the head station of a district.

h أنه دار thāna-dār, Commander of a small fort; a man who has the management of a district.

A تباون tahāwun (v.n. 6 of هون), Despising, neglecting, slighting; negligence, neglect, contempt; - tahawun kardan, To despise, slight, neglect.

tah-bāzārī, Ground-rent of a stall ه بازاری

in the market.

A تبج tahabbuj (v.n. 5 of هبج being afflicted with a swelling; — tahābbuji saratānī, A scirrhus; —tahabbuji saratānī jafn, A scirrhus of the eye-lid.

تبيل tahbal, Lazy, slothful; greedy, vora-

cious; unfit for anything.

a المائة tah bisat, Worthless goods remaining unsold.

نه بيد tah-band, A strip worn round the loins.

tah-bandī, Anything eaten before ته بندی drinking wine.

ية بركن , tah-pur-kun, Breech ته يركن , tah-pur-kun loading (m.c.).

tah-poshī, Drawers worn by women ته بوهي under their trousers.

نه پيمانه tah-piyālā, اله پيمانه tah-paimāna (also tahi piyala, tahi-paimana), A remaiu-

der of wine in a cup or bowl. tah-pech, A cap worn under a tur-

ban.

A تبتك tahattuk (v.n. 5 of هدلت), Being torn, rent (as a veil or a covering); being disgraced; disgrace, dishonour.

tahattum (v.n. 5 of هتم , Being

broken.

ಟ tah tah, Multiplied, crowded.

's tahja, Expressing the juice of grapes. الله عام tah-jām (also tahi jām), A remain-

der of wine in a goblet or cup.

tahajjud (v.n. 5 of مجه), Sleeping soundly; being sleepless, walking at night; sleeplessness; a prayer repeated during the night.

a محرج من tah-jur'a (tahi jur'a), A remain-

der of wine

A مجو tahajjī (v.n. 5 of مجو), Spelling; orthography; -hurufi tahajji, The letters of the alphabet.

محن tahjin (v.n. 2 of محن), Disgracing, exposing a foul deed, reprobating; rendering (offspring) base and mongrel (hajin).

tah-khāna, A cave, cavern, cellar, vault.

A تبدد tahaddud (v.n. 5 of مد tahaddud), Threatening, terrifying.

تبدرز tah-darz, New.

نه دل tah-dil, The innermost heart.

a تبديد tahdīd (v.n. 2 of هد), Terrifying; threatening; -tahdid kardan, To threaten, menace, alarm.

A تهدیدات tahdīdāt (pl. of the preceding),

Threats.

a تبديد أميز tahdid-amez, Mixed with menaces.

ته ديگي tah-degī, Scrapings of a pot; the burnt part of victuals sticking to the bottom of the pot.

مدب tahzīb (v.n. 2 of مدب), Purifyadjusting, adorning; correcting, amending; correction, amendment, refinement, polish; —tahzībi akhlāq, Civilization, good breeding, refined manners.

a تبذيب يائعة tahzīb-yāfta, Polished, re-

fined, well-educated, civilized.

ي نة tah-rū, The stuffing of a saddle.

A Em tahazzuj (v.n. 5 of ejs), Singing, warbling, shaking, trilling; twanging (a bow-string).

مزل tahazzul (v.n. 5 of قبول , Being jocose, facetious.

A 'وبزة tahazzu' (v.n. 5 of اهزا , Mocking at, exposing to ridicule.

الله سبو lah-sabū (also tahi sabù), A remainder of wine in a jar or flask.

tahshīsh (v.n. 2 of هش), Making cheerful.

ته هيشه tah-shīsha (also tahi shisha), A remainder of wine in a bottle or glass.

ته غربالي tah-ghirbālī, Siftings; small grain.

tahak, Earth, ground, dust ;—tahak, tihik, Empty, naked.

ahakkum (v.n. 5 of هکم ه), Strutting pompously; mocking at; contempt, mockery, derision; pride, repentance.

نه گيره tah-gīra, What remains in a basket, rubbish.

tahlukat, tahlakat, tahlikat (v.n. of هالت), Perishing, dying; ruin, perdition.

ahallul (v.n. 5 of قبال له tahallul (v.n. 5 of تبال ه ing up (the face); sbining, flashing (lightning); flowing (of tears or water).

هاك tahlik (v.n. 2 of عليك له tahlik (v.n. 2 of

destroying.

اهل tahlīl (v n. 2 of عليل), Praising God, by saying la ilaha illa'llah. There is no god but God; being timid, pusillanimous; joy, exultation, cheerfulness.

mi taham, tahm (Z. takhma), Brave, warlike; incomparable, unrivalled in stature or courage; = تبمتن q.v.; the ninth heaven.

نه مانده tah-manda, A remainder of food,

ه نهم tahmut, Mecca and the neighbouring province; a city: -tuhmat, Evil opinion, suspicion; — tuhmat bastan, To throw calumny upon;—tuhmat nihādan, To suspect; to charge with a crime, to lay an accusation; -ba-tuhmut andakhtan, To suspect: to accuse (m.c.); - qadri tuhmat darad, This is rather suspicious (m.c.).

a تهمت آلود tuhmat-ālūd, Suspected, slandered.

a تبحت بستة tuhmat-basta, Slandered, calumniated.

a من المت زده tuhmat-zada, Suspected.

a کرده هده tuhmat-karda shudu, Rendered suspected.

a تہمت کش tuhmat-kash, Calumnious, suspicious; a slanderer; suspected.

taham-tan, Powerful, mighty, formidable; incomparable; a general, commander; a name of Rustam, of Bahman; obedience; the ninth heaven.

a تهمتى tuhmatī, Suspicious; ignominious; false, calumnious; calumniator, slanderer.

تممك tahmak, Naked, empty, bare; dim. q.v. تہم of

لهمل tahmal, Lazy, slothful; greedy, voracious; unfit (see تهبل).

tahmuras, تهمورس tahmuras, The third king of Persia of the Peshdadian dynasty; the rational soul of heaven.

tuhmir, A hero of Rustam's family.

tahmeshā, Name of a forest. قة عيدا tah-mīnā (also tahi mīnā), A remainder of wine in a goblet or glass.

tahmina, Name of the daughter of the king of Samangan, mother of Suhrab

by Rustam.

ته نال tah-nāl, The mounting of the upper end of a scabbard.

نه الله الله tah-nishan, Inlaid (iron with gold).

ته لشين tah-nishīn, Sitting below; sediment; - lah-nishîni shāsh, Sediment of

نما نما tah-numā, What shows everything that is on the bottom of it (as a clear brook).

هنا * tahannu' (v.n. 5 of الهنا * Being re

freshed with food, digesting easily.

A قينة tahni-at (v.n. 2 of هيا), Congratulating; saying "May it do you good!" congratulation.

هد tahnid (v.n. 2 of ميد), Whetting (a sword), ascribing to it an Indian origin; being deficient; abusing, calling one names.

y.v.), A bird resembling تيهو tihū (for تيهو a small partridge, a quail; -tuhū, Spittle.

نه بالا tah u bālā, Above and below, up and down; topsy-turvy; commotion, perturbation. restlessness; alternate pederasty of two boys.

ه عبرة tahauwud (v.n. 5 of عبوة), Being converted to repentance; embracing Judaism; good conduct.

ahauwur (v.n. 5 of هور tahauwur (v.n. 5 of تهور inconsiderately into any business; rashness, temerity, intrepidity, impetuosity, military ardour; oppression.

A قبرع tahauwu' (v.n. 5 of هوع), Inclination to vomit, sickness at stomach, nausea.

هوك tahauwuk (v.n. 5 of هوك tahauwuk (v.n. 5 of astonished, stupefied; falling into difficulties from inattention.

هور tahwir (v.n. 2 of هور), Throwing down, pulling down, prostrating.

A تہویس tahwis (v.n. 2 of هوس), Exciting a keen desire, giving pleasure, cheering up.

A تبويل tahwīl (v.n. 2 of هول , Terrifying, frightening; a hobgoblin.

هون tahwīn (v.n. 2 of هون), Making light and easy.

לתורה tahī, tihī, tuhi (comp. Heb. היה), Empty void, vacant; [nāni tahī, Dry bread; -tahi mandan az chize, To be left without, to be denied, a thing;]-tihī, Name of a city.

A تهيات tahīyāt (pl. of tahīyat), Preparations.

tahī-ā<u>kh</u>ur, With an empty crib, تهى آخ left without water and grain.

tahi-aghosh, Deprived of the embrace of the beloved.

تهي پاي tahī-pāy, Barefoot; swift, fleet.

ل مُعِمَّ tahīyat, Preparation, arrangement. tahaiyuj (v.n. 5 of قبيع ♦, Being raised (as dust or anger); swelling.

پى چشم tahi-chashm, Greedy, covetous;

tahī-dāmanī, Having an empty تهی دامنی skirt, being portionless (of divine favour). tahī-dast, Poor ; avaricious.

نبى دساغ tahī-dimāgh, Empty-headed,

ignorant.

tahīdan, To become empty, void. تى دو tihī-dau, Idle, sauntering about. a تهى رائى tahī-ra'y, Unable to advise.

tahī raftan, To travel alone; to تهي رفتن go empty-handed, or without information; to lose one's way; to go on a fruitless

tahī-rav, Deviating from the road. ن روی نام tahī-rawī, Deviation ; a journey. تهی دوی tahī-shikam, Empty-bellied. tahīshā, Name of Farīdūn's capital. tahi-gāh, The hypochondria, the slender part of the body under the short

tahi-maghz, Empty-brained. تبي مغو

تهي ميان tahī-miyūn, Hollow. تهي نام tahī-nām, What is an empty name, whose memory is lost but by name.

الميا ً tahaiyu' (v.n. 5 of ميا ً tahaiyu'), Preparing for; being prepared.

تهی و تهك tahī u tahak, Empty; naked.

tahyīj (v.n. 2 of قبيع), Exciting, provoking, stimulating; withering, drying. تى tī (for تہى), Empty, vacant; the nettletree (Celtis australis).

tiyātar, Theatre (m.c. from Fr. or E.). ready to طيّار . taiyār, tayār (from A طيّار

fly, fledged), Ready, prepared; — taiyār kardan, To make ready, prepare.

A تيار taiyār, A wave, billow, surge;

pouring forth blood. تيارى taiyārī, Readiness, preparation.

tayāsur (v.n. 6 of يسر که tayāsur (v.n. 6 of تياسر ه easy (yasīr); going or inclining to the left

يمن tayāmun (v.n. 6 of نيامن , Going or inclining to the right (yamīn); arriving in Yaman.

تيان tayān, tiyān, A large cauldron.

نيب teb, Astonished, confounded; hasty, impatient, restless; (for seb) an apple.

tābā, Amorous gestures or glances, blandishments; (in Zand and Pazand) a

تيباش tībāsh, Wink, amorous glance; deceit.

تيب تيز teb tez, A fart.

teb u sheb, Astonished, confounded.

تيتال tītāl, Deceit, flattery.

تيتالى tītālī, Deceitful, insincere ; flattery ; -tītālī kardan, To flatter.

tī tī, Gingerbread-figures for the amusement of children; a bird's call; name given to wives of the kings of Gilan; quickly.

وي tej, Raw silk; picked cotton; the flue of cotton; an arrow; twisted, squeezed.

A تیجان $t\bar{\imath}j\bar{a}n$ (pl. of $t\bar{a}j$), Crowns, diadems. tekh, Anything sharp, pointed.

تيخال a.v. تيخال تيخال a.v.

تيداك tīdāk, A Jew.

تيداكي tīdākī, Jewish, Hebrew.

tir (prob. from Z. tistrya), Name of the fourth solar month of the Persiaus when the sun is in Cancer; the 13th day of every month; the angel who is guardian of the cattle and presides over the said month and day; the planet Mercury; pomp, grandeur; power, strength; security; the best of its kind; anything equal to another in bulk or quality; (S. tīra) an arrow, either for shooting or casting lots; portion, lot; a straight piece of wood or beam, as the mast of a ship, the main beam of a house, the lever of an oilpress, a scale-beam, a rolling-pin, a measuring yard, an implement by which cotton is squeezed from the pods; thread; hair; a bullet, musket or cannon-ball; thunder and lightning; a storm, tempest; anger; a kind of serpent; the incipient fruit of the palm-tree; the narcissus; hem or border of a shirt or other garment; any kind of flounce tacked to robes, &c.; fine linen, cambric, lawn; a certain bird resembling a pea-hen; a desert, plain; narrow, confined; turbid, dark; -tīri ātish-bāzī, A rocket;—tīri āsmānī, A shooting star; tīr afgandan, To revile, to abuse ;—tīri amān dādan, To give an arrow of security, i.e. an arrow inscribed with the king's name, handed by him to a surrendering enemy; -tir andākhtan, To shoot with bow and arrow; a game with arrows;—tīri bāzūyi charkh, The planet Mercury; bolt (of a cross-bow) ;--tīr ba-tarīkdān andakhtan, tīr ba-tarīkī afgandan (zadan), To imagine something that has no reality;—tīri badakhshān, A two-headed arrow; an excellent arrow; -tir burdan, To shoot an arrow; -tīri bundūq, A musket-ball;—tīri partābī, An arrow that reaches the remotest aim :-tīri tutmāj, A rolling-pin;—tīri takhsh, A meteor; a rocket; - tiri tazallum, The groans of the oppressed;—tīri tez-par, A swift arrow; -tīri tīmaj, A straight piece of wood, a rolling-pin; - tiri charkh, A rocket or shell; the planet Mercury; -tiri chahār-par, A four-winged arrow; - tīri hukmī, An arrow that never misses; tīri khākī, A light, small-headed arrow; tīri khāna, The main beam of a house;—tīri khadang, An arrow made of the wood of the white poplar-tree; -tīr dū-kamān shud, The arrow has hit in the rebound; -tiri dū-kamāna, A rebounding arrow; — tīri rūyi tarkash, Anything ready made or

prepared; -tiri sahar, Daybreak; a sigh; a curse, imprecation; - tiri saqf, The main beam in the roof;—tīri shihāb, A shooting star;—tīri falak, The planet Mercury; tīri qur'a, Arrow for drawing lots;—tīri kākul-rubā, An arrow that carries off a lock of hair (to denote the skill of a bowman);—tīri kishtī, The mast or rudder of a ship; -tīri gardūn, The sun; Mercury; providential dispensations; — tiri langardar, A heavy (and hence powerful) arrow; -tīri mā ba-sang khwurd, Our arrow has hit a stone, we have failed (m.c.);—līri milnat, The arrow of affliction;—tīri nām, An arrow inscribed with the archer's name; —tīri nān, A baker's rolling-pin; — tīri nāwuk, An arrow discharged through a tube; tīr u kamānī ķinā, An arrow and bow painted with henna on the palms of children;—tīri hawā'ī, A rocket;—tīri yakdast, A handful of arrows thrown at once.

تير ابر tir-abr, A black cloud. tîrāzhī, The rainbow.

tīrāst, (in Pehlevi) Three hundred.

tīr-andāz, An archer. تير الداز

تير الدارى tīr-andāzī, Archery; drawing lots by arrows.

tīr-āwar, A rogue, a cheat.

tīrāh, Name of a certain bird with قيراة

beautiful plumage.

نير باراك tīr-bārān, A shower of arrows; a punishment in which the culprit is shot with arrows; — tīr-bārāni saḥar, A sigh, groan; - tīr-bārān kardan, To let fly a shower of arrows.

تير بند tir-band, A girdle with a pocket in it, worn by couriers, and with little bells

hung to it

تير پرتاب tīr-partāb, Bow-shot distance.

تير خوردة tīr-khwurda, Hit by an arrow; bit by a ball (m.c.).

tir-dan, A quiver.

tir-ras, Bow-shot distance.

تير زن tir-zan, Shooting arrows; an archer. tīr-sāz, An arrow-maker. قير ساز

tīrist, Three hundred.

قبرك $t\bar{\imath}rak$ (dim. of $t\bar{\imath}r$), A small arrow; the bubbles of a boiling pot; steam; a throbbing pain; —tīrak zadan, To cast up bubbles (a boiling pot); to bleed (a wound).

tīr-kārī, The piercing of the body

by an arrow.

تير كش تربير كش tīr-kash, A quiver; an embrasure. تيركان tīrgān, The 13th day of the month Tir, which the ancient Persians used to celebrate in commemoration of peace established between Minuchihr and Afrasyāb.

tirgar, An arrow-maker. تيركرى tirgari, Arrow-making.

تيركى tīragī, Darkness, obscurity; blackishness; gloom.

tayar-ligām, The throat-piece of قير لگام

the bridle; a ring suspended from a horse's neck (see آتيرة لگام).

tīram, tīrum, A great lady, matron. تير مار tīr-mār, A viper; viper's teeth. تير ماد tīr-māh, The first summer month.

tīr-māhī, Summer; autumnal; a sort of grape; a carrot; a kind of medi-

تير نشانگي tīr-nishāngī, A place for military exercise.

تير نشانة tīr-nishāna, A butt for archers. tîrwān (for tīrdān), A quiver.

tirol, Tyrol (m.c.).

tīra, Obscure, dark; turbid, muddy; sad, sorrowful; tīra shudan, To be dark; to become muddy or turbid; to be indignant, angry; to be afflicted, distressed; to lose their lustre (stars); -tīra kardan, To distress, disturb, afflict; to darken.

a تيرة باطن tīra-bāṭin, Malignant, perverse. a قيرة tira-bakht, Whose fortune is obscured.

a ليرة حال tīra-hāl, In evil plight.

tīra-chihra, With countenance تعر چاره overclouded.

tīra-khākdān, تيرة خاكدان tīra-khākdān, تيرة خاك The world.

: tīra-<u>kh</u>irad, With a clouded mind تيرة عرد ignorant; dense of intellect.

تيرة دست tīra-dast, Black-handed; world. تُورة دل tīra-dil, Ignoraut, dark, stolid ; malignant, perverse.

a تره راي tīra-rāy, Ill-advised ; sinistrous. تيرة رنگ tīra-rang, Muddy-coloured; a bay horse

تيرة دل tira-rawan, = tira-rawan تيرة روان q.v.

tīra-rozgār, Unfor- قيرة روزكار tīra-roz تيرة روز

تيرة روى tīra-rūy, With a clouded face. تيرة سرانجام tīra-saranjām, Unfortunate, unlucky.

a تيره خمير tīra-zamīr, Cloudy-minded. a تيره خمير tīra-kāmil, The moon.

tīra-kūz, A bolting sieve.

a تيرة كوكب tīra-kaukab, Whose star is obscured.

تيره گل tīra-gil, Muddy (water); feculent, dreggy (wine).

itira-qun, Muddy, turbid.

تيره مغز tīra-maghz, Stupid, stolid.

tīra-ligām, A part of the bridle, the throat-piece; a ring suspended from a horse's neck.

tīra-wār, Dusky, brownish (m.c.). tīriyi-rāst, A note in music تيري رأست تيرى probably an erroneous reading for .(.۷.) راست

تيريز terez, Gore of a shift; a bird's wing. tez (from S. root tij), Sharp, cutting, acute, pointed; bold, impetuous, vehement; swift, prompt; tart, acrid; [tez shudan, To be sharp; to be stimulated; to be inflamed with rage; -tez kardan, To sharpen, to give an edge; to animate to battle;—tez kardani dandan, To sharpen the teeth, to have a longing desire for ;--tez gardīdan, To fly in a rage;]—tīz, A fart;—tīz dādan, To let a fart; to express contempt for, to break wind at; -tīzi musht-afshār, A contemptuous noise produced by striking the inflated cheeks with the fist (see نيزك).

نيز أب tez-ab, Aquafortis;—tez-abi argha-

wānī, Aqua regia (m.c.).

تيز بال tez-bāl, Swift-winged. a تير هر tez-başar, Sharp-sighted.

ਪੁਲ਼ ਮੁਤਾਂ tez-bīn, Sharp-sighted.

tez-bīnā'ī, Sharp-sighted. تيز بيناڻي

تيز با tez-pā, Swift-footed.

تيز بر tez-par, Swift of wing.

تيز پروازي tez-parwāzī, Swiftness of flight. تيز پروازي tez-tāz, Swift (courser), rapid.

ليز تاو tez-tāv, Of a fiery temper, fierce.

tez-tāy, Keen edge of a sword گيز ٽاي (prob. misreading for تيزناى q.v.).

تيز تك tez-tak, Mettled, fleet.

تير تيب tīz-teb, A fart.

تيرجار tez-jalav, Sharp of bridle; a quick rider; a fleet horse.

tez-chashm, Quick-sighted. تير چشم

tez-chang, Sharp of claw; quick of hand; brave.

تيز چنگى tez-changī, Tightness of grasp,

sharpness of claw. تير دان tīz-dān, The buttocks, seat, podex.

تير دست tez-dast, Clever-handed; strong. تير دستى tez-dastī, Manual dexterity.

تير دل tez-dil, Bold of heart.

tez-dam, With a fiery breath, ardent.

زير دندان tex-dandan, Sharp of tooth; (met.) greedy, covetous.

a تيز دولت tez-daulat, Of swiftly vanishing fortune.

تيز دهان tez-dahān, Glib of speech.

تير رو tez-rav, تير رفعار tez-raftār, Swift-paced, rapid.

تيز والان tez-zabān, Glib-tongued, eloquent. tez-shast, A ready archer or bowman.

a تير هوق tcz-shauq, Ardent in one's desires. a تير هيوت tez-shahwat, Hot, lascivious,

a تيز طبع tez-tab', Of an acute genius.

a تيز طبع tez-tab', and-

a تير طبيعت tez-ṭabī'at, Impatient, choleric. a من عزم tez-'azm, Quickly resolved, of ready determination.

a تير فيم tez-fahm, and-

a تير عقل tez-'aql, Of quick understanding. a تيز قلم tez-qalam, A swift writer, a ready

penman.

تيرك tezak, Somewhat sharp; cresses; -tīzak, A subdued fart, a contemptuous noise with the mouth; -tizak dadan, To make such a noise.

تير كار tez-kār, Active ; immediately. تير كام tez-kām, One who quickly obtains the object of desire.

تيزكين tez-kin, Irascible, quick to fly into a passion, or to take revenge.

tez-gam, Swift of foot; a fleet تيز كام horse.

يو كرد tez-gird, Whirling round and consuming (fire).

تيزگشت tez-gasht, Swiftly revolving. تير كوش tez-gosh, Sharp of hearing. a تيز مزاع tez-mizāj, Hot, choleric.

tez-maghz, Hasty, touchy, peevish. تيز مغز tez-nā, The prominent part of the تُيزنا edge of a sword, which does the work; a horse's gambrel.

تير ناخن tez-nākhun, Sharp-clawed, rapa-

cious.

tez-nāy, Edge of a sword or تيز ناي hatchet.

يو وير tez-wīr, Acute, quick, ingenious; very sharp.

tez-hash, Quick of motion ;--tezhush (for the following), Sharp, intelligent.

تير هوش tez-hosh, Sharp, intelligent. يوزي tezi, Sharpness; pungency; ardour, impetuosity; tip, point; an Arab speaking Persian; an Arabian steed; ginger;—tezi'i bīnī, The tip of the nose;—tezī'i daryāft, Sharpness of apprehension.

تيزى باخرز tezī-bokharz (tezī'i bākharz), A

note in music.

تيريدن tezīdan. To make haste; to be augry; -tīzīdan, To break wind.

tezī-rāst (tezī'i rāst), Name of a تيري راست musical mode.

تيز tīzh, The green sward of a sown field; a declivity; rumbling of the belly, breaking wind.

tīzh. A beam, joist; a piece, a half تيزه (this meaning unsupported by examples); an exhalation (in Arabic called sarāb) made by the sun in the deserts, resembling a sea.

Lais, A he-goat (especially one old and rank); a buck; a stag.

Layassur (v.n. 5 of يسر), Being easy, happily despatched (business).

تيسة tīsa, A certain bird like a pigeon. يسر taisir (v.n. 2 of تيسير), Rendering easy, facilitating; favouring, assisting; teeming, being prolific, and yielding much

milk (flocks); going to the left.

tesha, A hatchet, axe, adze; a mattock, pick; a halbert, battle-axe; -tisha bar pā'i khwud zadan, To mar one's own work; —tisha ba sûyi <u>kh</u>wud zadan, To grasp, to be greedy; —tīsha'i farhād tez kardan, To fall in love.

ن بيستون tesha-zani bīstān, The delver out of mount Bistun (Farhad).

tesha-kār, A ditcber, delver. تيشه كار

تيغ tegh, A sword, scimitar, glaive, falchion; a knife; a razor; a lancet; an awl; point of a spear; a ray of the sun; a moonbeam; peak of a mountain; anything erect and lofty; ridge of a house; bridge of the nose; lightning; brightness; heat; flame; wavy appearance on a sword-blade; a long suspended implement for winnowing corn; name of a plaut;— $teghi \bar{a}b - d\bar{a}r$, A sword with a Damascus blade;—teghi ātish-bār, A flaming sword;—teghi āsmān-zan, The planet Mars; the sun; daybreak;—teghi āftāb, The sun's rays;—teghi afrāsiyāb (bahrām), The reflection of the sun's rays from a vessel of crystal;—teghi almās-gün, A sword shining like a diamond ;—tegh bālā burdan (buland kardan), To lift the sword in order to strike; --tech ba-khāk kardan, To cease hostilities; -teah bar-awardan, To brandish a sword;—teah ba-khwesh nihādan, To take upon oneself a hateful business; — teghi bijāda-gūn, Blood-stained sword:—teghi-bed, A willow-leaf (on account of its shape);—teghi bī diregh, A remorseless scimitar ;—teghi kham, A curved sword, a scimitar; — teghi khoshā'i jaw, Beard or awn of an ear of barley; -teghi khwurshed, A sunbeam; sunrise; —teghi dūdasti, A sword two cubits long or to be wielded with both hands; giving or taking a large quantity; hard fighting;—teghi dū-dam (dū-rūy), A double-edged sword; teqh zadan, To strike with a sword;—teghi sabz, A polished sword (of bluish hue);--teghi sitam, The sword of oppression; teghi sahar (subh), Break of day; morning prayer; a sigh of grief; - teghi suzanbardar (suzan-rubuda), A sword fit to pick up with it a needle (said in praise of the sharpness of its edge);—tegh shudan, To be opposite, or face to face; teghi 'usmāniyan, The Ottoman sword; tegh fasan kardan (bar fasān zadan, ba-fasān kashīdan, To sharpen a sword; -teghi fassād, The lancet of a phlebotomist;—tegh kashīdani bini, To be straight and high (nose); --teah kandan, To draw the sword;—teghi koh, The peak of a mountain;—teghi goehtin (sword of flesh), The tongue; -teghi mihrābī, A sword curved (like the arch of a prayer-niche);—teghi muhannad, A sword made of Indian steel;—teghi mīnārang, A polished sword (on account of its bluish hue) :- teghi nutq, An eloquent tongue ;tegh u turunj ba-miyan awardan. To put to the test, to examine, to investigate (in allusion to the Egyptian women who cut their hands instead of their oranges at the sight of Joseph's beauty); -teghi hinduwani (hindustani, hinduwi, hinduwi-gauhar, hindi), A sword made in India or of Indian steel.

نيخ الروز tegh-afroz, Polishing swords; a sword-cutler.

تيغ الشان *tegh-afshān*, Brandishing a sword.

تيال tighāl, The lair of a wild beast; a nest; honey-dew found on certain trees; a kind of manna,

تيخ بازي tegh-būzī, The playing of swords; a sword-dance (m.c.).

تيځ بردار tegh-bardar, A sword-bearer.

نطح بند <u>tegh-band</u> (sword-girding), Esquire. دار <u>tegh-dār</u>, A sword-bearer; brilliant.

tegh-sar, A naked rock تيغ سر

تيع كش tegh-kash, A swordsman.

تيمه نو<u>gh</u>a, Blade of a sword or knife. تيمه باز te<u>gh</u>a-bāz, A sword-player; a brave

warrior.

تيف tif, Rubbish of sticks or thorns (in the dialect of Gilan).

تيف کنج tīf-ganj, تيفاکنځ tīfāganj, Name of a note iu music.

عي ه ta'iq, Hasty, passionate (opp. to

ma'iq). A القط tayaqquz (v.n. 5 of القط), Being

awakened; vigilance. A مقع tayaqqun (v.n. 5 of مقع , Know-

ing for certain, prying.

تيكوز tīkoz, تيكوز tīgoz, Sour milk dried. تيكوز tīl (S. tila), A speck, spot, mole.

تياماچى tilmāchī, An interpreter; who accomplishes any work, skilful.

تيلم بار tīlum-bār (vulg. for تيلم بار q.v.), A silk-worm nursery.

a ميل ميران til-mīzān, A king's or great man's weight in money or provisions given away in charity.

tīliyā, A precious mineral (unsup-

ported by examples).

تَيْلِيكُ tilik, A garment with short sleeves. تَيْم tim, A large caravansera; a marketplace; sorrow, grief.

A pas taim, A servant; name of a tribe.
A staimā', P. taimā, A desert.

تيماغ tīmāj, Butt for arrows; goat's lea-

tīmār, Sorrow, grief; care, attendance on the sick; sympathy; defence, custody; thought, meditation; consideration, attention; a military pension; — tīmār dāshtan, To attend, manage;—tīmār kardan, To attend; to curry or groom (a horse).

تيمار عانة tīmār-khāna, A hospital.

تيمار دار tīmār-dār, A manager of property: caretaker.

تيمار داري tīmār-dārī, Attendance, care of. تيمار داهت tīmār-dāsht, Grooming of horses.

تيماركش tīmār-kash, Afflicted; ill, sick. قيماركت tīmāra, Thought, care; sympathy. تيماس tīmās, A grove, forest, wild, uncultivated country; a brake; a reed-bed.

timāv, Stupidity; stolidity, inac-

tivity of the reasoning powers.

tīmcha, A small caravansera (dim. .(.v.) تیم of

taimuz (in the Tartar dialect), Iron

.(تيموز see)

نيمسار temsār, تيمشار temshār, Honour, worship, majesty (a honorific title of God, prophets, and great men, corresponding to A. 8, 44-),

A تيمم tayammum (v.n. 5 of مرم), Performing the Wuzu with sand instead of water, when the latter cannot be got; -tayammum dadan (kardan), To perform the Wuzu in the said manner.

Layammun (v.n. 5 of نيمن tayammun (v.n. 5 of نيمن ا ting, belonging to Yaman or Arabia Felix; being blessed or fortunate; success; invoking a blessing; benediction.

تيمناك tīmnāk, Condoling; assisting.

T تيمور tīmūr, Iron; a proper name; timur lang, Timur the lame, the famous Tamerlane.

tīmūra, A stone produced in the belly of certain animals and used as a kind of antidote.

taimūz (in Tartar), Iron. tīmūk, Austerity, sternness. نين tin (in Zand and Pazand), A fig.

tīn, A fig;—tīni ahmar, The wild

tainā, Amorous blandishments ;—tīnā تينا (in Zand and Pazand), Clay.

نيناب tīnāb (equiv. to بيناب), A vision; a

ينوس الله tinūs (= خومن q.v.), A heap; a heap of corn; the produce of the harvest.

تينه tīna, Spittle ; a spider's web.

tev, Strength, power; that is to say; brave, warlike; intelligent, wisc.

taiwā, Amorous blandishments. tiwāz, Unjust, unlawful gain.

tīwāy, A plunging inconsiderately تيواي into.

تيور tayūr, A bird resembling a pea-hen.

tīvrak, Envy, jealousy. تيورك tīvsūl, Joy at another's misfor-

تيول tiyūl, Landed property; fiefs (m.e.). a تيولات tiyūlāt (pl. of the preceding), Fiefs.

یه 🛦 تیه tīh, A desert; a deserted country; pride, haughtiness, vain boasting.

نيهاى tīhā, تيها tīhān, A beetle ل تيهاه م taihā', A desert laud.

tîhû, A bird smaller than a partridge, a quail; a ditch, a hole full of stagnant water; tame, meek; empty.

ي s, The fourth letter of the Arabic-Persian alphabet, called sa'i musallasa, trebly dotted, or sa'i sakhiz, in which latter word, according to the Abjad notation, it expresses 500.

َ اللهُ sā', Name of the letter ف.

A ثامب ṣā'b (v.n.), Yawning, gaping; sa'ab, Name of a tree.

A ثبت sābit (ag. of ثبت), Firm, fixed, stable, constant, immovable, invariable; proved, confirmed, certain; sound, valid, substantial; true, right, just, proper;sabet kardan, To confirm, establish, render durable; to prove (by witnesses).

sābit-qadam, Steady; resolute. a تدمى يقفل sābit-qadamī, Firmness. A تاكن sa'ad, sa'd, Dew; cold.

A source sa'da', A servant-maid; a foolish girl; -ibn sa'dā' (sa'adā'), Weak, impotent.

A 836 sa'ādat, Fatness.

A איני sa'dat, Fleshy (woman).

sādiq, Flowing, fluent, fluid; raining (cloud); name of a horse.

A jev sa'r, sar (v.n.), Taking revenge, retaliating, killing one for the murder of another; blood; homicide; — akhzi sa'r kardan, To take revenge.

sy ثانيسا sāfīsā, Gum of mountain-rue (see تفسيا).

saqib, Penetrating, hence shining ثاقب brightly, glittering; brilliant, splendid; famous, sublime; high.

ي كانل م gāqil, Heavy, of a proper weight (money).

A عَلَى sākil, Deprived of a friend; bereaved.

an arbitrator, um- تالث sālis, Third; an arbitrator pire;—sālisu salāsatin, Third of three, a person of the Holy Trinity; -sālis kardan, To arbitrate.

A Will sālisan, In the third place.

ه قائمة sālisat (fem.), Third; an arbitress,

fesses the doctrine of the Holy Trinity, a Christian.

a ثالث نامه sālis-nāma, A deed of award. A ثالثون sālisūna, Thirty; the thirtieth.

يَّ التي sāliṣī, Arbitration, mediation.

ه تالسقيس sālasqīs, Seed of wild rue.
م كالمقيد sālūs. A Trinity in the Godhead;

-salūsi agdas, The most Holy Trinity.

a'ālīl (pl. of su'lūl), Warts;-sa'ālīli 'aṣabī, Neuroma; — sa'ālīli lisān, Lingual papillæ.

sāmir, (A tree) bearing fruit. ي يامن sāmina, The eighth.

يْنَانَى a sānī, Who or what turns or bends; second; sani asnain, The second of two, i.e. one equal to the other, an equal; - sanī 'l-hāl, Henceforward; in future; a second or another time; secondly.

sāniyan, Secondly, in the second

A ثانية sāniyat, sāniya, Second (fem.); a second, a moment.

A wis sa'ib, Wind blowing fresh before or at the beginning of rain.

A بالله sā'ir. Malevolent, vindictive.

A ثبت sabāt (v.n. of ثبت), Being firm; permanency, durability, firmness, stability. fixity, immobility; perseverance, constancy; resolution, determination; soundness, validity; - sabāti pāy (qadam) kurdan, To keep one's footing, remain constant; - sabūti rāy, Perseverance; — sabāt warzīdan, To persevere.

a المله subat, A crowd, troop, body.

abt, Firm, resolute ;—şabt kardan, ثبت To fix; to inscribe, to enter (in a book); sabat, Steadfastness; argument, proof; a trusty man.

A ثبر sabr (v.n. of ثبر), Checking, restrain

ing; driving away.

sabt (v.n.), Hindering (from business).

aubnat, A bag, basket, or skirt of a ثبنة garment in which they gather dates.

A ثبوت subūt (v.n. of ثبوت), Being firm; permanence; constancy, firmness; proof, testimony, conviction; -subūti badīhī (bādiyu 'n-nazar), Prima facie evidence; - subūti waṣīyat-nāma, Probate of will;—ba-subūt rasidan, To be or become proved.

A ثبر subūr (v.n. of ثبر), Ruining, destroy

ing; ruin, perdition.

a يَ sajj (v.n.), Pouring out; flowing plentifully.

A classification sujjaj, Rain falling in torrents.

A sajm, sajam (v.n.), Inverting, transposing.

A os sikhan, sakhan (v.n.), Being hard and thick; thickness; density.

A معونة sukhūnat, Hardness and thickness. A معين sakhūn, Thick, hard, strong.

sady, sidy, The breast (in man and ثدى 🛦

الدياء sadya', Large-bosomed (woman).

sarr (v.n.), Separating, scattering, \$\$ dispersing.

sarā' (v.n.), Becoming numerous (people), abundant (riches); possessing much wealth, being rich.

sarb (v.n.), Blaming, reproaching loudly, upbraiding; taking off (a sick person's) clothes; the thin caul of fat covering the intestines of animals, the omen-

A & sarrat, A woman who pours forth a torrent of words.

sarsār, Name of a river in Mesopotamia, between Sinjar and Takrit.

يره ه sard (v.n.), Crumbling (bread); slight rain; name of a herb;—garad, A fissure, crack in the lips.

A by sart, Shoemaker's glue.

sarm (v.n.), Knocking out a tooth; -saram (v.n.), Having a tooth knocked out; name of a mountain.

ي sarwā', Wealthy (fem.).

sarwat, Number, multitude; wealth, ووقا م affluence; power, influence, authority.

A مل sará (v.n.), Being moist (the

ground); moisture; dust, earth.

מיל guraiyā, The Pleiades (the third lunar mansion); a brilliant gem; (met.) well-set teeth; name of a woman.

- ي تاريا مكان ,suraiyā-maqūm ثريا مقام a ثريا مقام

makān, Exalted as the Pleiades.

A לעלט saryān, Wet, moist ;—sarayāni (dual of sará), The moisture of rain, and the moisture already within the earth.

A ثريدة sarīd, ثريدة sarīdat, Crumbled, grated, or sliced bread for putting into milk or broth, and under meat; - sarid kardan, To steep bread in wine.

sa'ūbīn (pl. of su'bān), Long

bulky serpents.

sa'ālib (pl. of sa'lab), Foxes.

A all swalat, A name for a fox (as Rey-

sab (v.n.), Setting a-running; sa'ab, A river-bed; a channel.

ي عبان su'bān, A large male serpont, a

dragon, cockatrice, basilisk.

sa'lab, A fox ;—sa'labi misrī, Salep; the root of Orchis mascula (considered to be a strong restorative and approdisiac).

غ 🛦 څځ 🛦 su*gh*, An idol.

saghārir, A small melon, beautifully streaked with red and yellow, and, on account of its fragrance, carried in the hand like a nosegay.

saghām, A certain mountain-plant ثعام

resembling the anise.

A - saghb (v.n.), Piercing, stabbing with a lance; slaughtering;—saghab (v.n.), The melting of ice; a spring or pond of cold water in a shady part of a moun-

ين عر م saghr (v.n.), Notching; making a breach; breaking (anyone's front teeth); closing (a breach); - saghr, saghar, sughr, The teeth; the front teeth; a narrow pass between hills, bordering on a hostile country; a breach in the walls of a town; a fissure; a gap.

sighrab, Yellowish teeth; small تغرب teeth.

sughrat, The pit of the stomach or ثغرة the throat (the place where they slaughter camels); a tract of country; a plain, level way.

sughūr (pl. of saghar), Passes, straits, frontiers; front teeth.

safārīq (pl. of safrāq), Stalks of

dates, &c.

A مال safāl, Slow-paced (camel);—sifāl, A water-pot with a spout ; -sufal, The lower mill-stone.

A safar, A horse's crupper.

safraqat, The not turning sour (of milk).

safrūk, The stalk of a date, or the

hollow place of the fruit to which it is ioined.

a guft, Dregs, sediment, caput mortuum; corn; pulse; -safil, One who cats corn, pulse, or sediment.

a الله الله عنان suft-dan, A spittoon.

A safinat, The callous part of a camel, upon which he reclines, viz. the breast, kness, and corresponding joints in the hindlegs (hence, zu 's-safināt is metaphorically applied to one whose breasts, hands, and knees are become callous, from his zealous mode of performing his prostrations at prayer, and particularly to the Imam Zainu'l-'ābidīn).

siq (imp. of وثني), Trust thou.

אור sigab, Chips, straw, stubble, fuel. A الله saqābat (v.n. of نظب), Being kindled;

burning (a fire).

a تقات sigāt (pl. of sigat), Trusty friends, confidents; the companions (of Muhammad).

A مَمَالَةُ sagafat (v.n. of مُعَلِّفُ Being quick,

acute, intelligent.

A مال saqāl, Large-hipped (woman); quiet, modest, retiring; slow (camel).

A مالة sagālat (v.n. of تقل), Being heavy ; heaviness, weight; heavy load; indigestion; -bā sagālat, Gravely; morosely, unwillingly, importunately.

A - saqb (v.n.), Perforating; a hole, perforation (hence saqb kardan, To bore a hole); -suqub (pl. of the following), Holes.

A مقبمة guqbat, guqba, A hole; foramen (in a medical sense), as suqba'i baizī-shakl, Elliptical foramen of the ear ;-sugba'i mudauwar, Round foramen of the ear.

A من giqat (v.n. of رئى), Trusting, confiding, relying upon; confidence; trusty, worthy of confidence; a trusty friend, one to be relied on.

a تقفى saqafī, Of the tribe of saqīf.

a تقل sagl (v.n.), Ascertaining the weight of anything; preponderating; -sigl, A burden, load, weight; gravity, ponderousness; indigestion; a dead body; sin; [siqli sāmi'a, Dulness of hearing;—sigli sard, Sporadic cholera; -saqal, The chattels or luggage of travellers; retinue; anything precious, worth keeping; - as-saqalan, Men and demons.

A "يلا" sugalā', Men shunned by society. bores.

aqūb, Holes, perforations.

A saqīf, Sour; acute, intelligent (man); name of the father of a tribe;siggit, Very acid; very intelligent or acute (intensive of the preceding).

aqīl, Heavy, ponderous, weighty; ثقيل ه onerous, burdensome; indigestible; morose, saturnine, phlegmatic; lazy, dull, inactive; a bore; oppressed with indigestion, sleep, disease, or guilt; name of a Greek prince;—

qauli saqīl, A hard saying :- yaumi saqīl,

A heavy day; the day of judgment.

A will, sakal, Bereavement; death; loss of a friend or child.

A وكلان saklān, Bereaved, deprived.

A کلی saklá, Bereaved (woman).

akm (v.n.), Following footsteps; persisting, persevering; stopping, remaining, dwelling; -sakam, The middle of the road.

sall (v.n.), Pouring (earth into a well); pouring out (money); subverting a throne; destroying life (God); voiding excrement (a quadruped).

يلاك عالم salās, Three (females); - sulās,

Three and three; in or by threes.

A مَالِكُ salāsā, Third day, Tuesday. A مَالِكُ salāsat, Three (males);—salāsa'i ghusāla, Three cups of wine taken on an empty stomach, for purging out corrupt humours.

a مَانَّهُ salāsu mi'at, mi'a. Three hun-

dred.

A ثلاثون salāgūn, ثلاثين salāgīn, Thirty.

a نلائي sulāsī, A triliteral Arabic root; three-lettered; triple; three-sided, triangular.

sallāj, A seller of snow and ice.

salb (v.n.), Reproaching; injuring; overturning; breaking, knapping;—silb, An old toothless camel; an old man; a defect, blemish, vice; - salab (v.n.), A griping (of the belly); filth; -salib, A spear broken at the extremity.

ailbat, Toothless and rat-tailed (shecamel); silabat (pl. of silb), Worn-out

camels; old men.

A W sallat, Wool mixed with goats' or camels' hair; mud thrown out of a well;-

sullat, A crowd of people.

gals (v.n.), Taking a third or three ثلث parts; becoming a third; making three;suls, sulus, A third; a large Nashkhi handwriting.

a ثلثان sulusān, Two-thirds.

a ثلثي sulusi, Name of a hand-writing or engrossing used in diplomas or letters patent.

A Eli salj (v.n.), Snowing; snow; [salji chīnī, China snow, a soft white stone used as a collyrium;]—salaj (v.n.), Being cheerful and quiet.

salt, ثلغ salgh (v.n.), Breaking the

head.

ي salal (v.n. of ثلل salal (v.n. of ثلل عا salal (v.n. of ثلل عا

ing; falling of the teeth.

a salm (v.n.), Breaking, notching, nicking the edge (of a sword); -salam (v.n.), Being notched or broken; the broken banks of a river.

A ثلمة gulmat, A crack, notch, indent.

A sulūj (v.n. of eli), Being quiet, cheerful; snowing.

amm (v.n.), Adjusting, adapting; تم 🛦 🖈

collecting; -summa, And, then, therefore, after, since.

aimāl, An assistant, a clever manager of affairs; froths; - sumul, Deadly poison.

A مناقع gumālat, simāla, Froth.

swmām, A kind of plant used for the covering of houses; - 'alá tarafi 's-sumām, On the tip of the gumām (spoken of anything within easy reach).

samānī, Eight (women). A ثمانية samāniyat, Eight (males).

ashrata, Eighteen. ثماني عشرة ٨ samānī 'ashrata,

a مائين samanin, Eighty; the city of Noah (because, when he built it on leaving the Ark, he had eighty companions) :— $d\bar{a}'u$'s-samānīn, The disease of eighty summers ("uncommonly hard to cure," according to the Persian poet).

a ثمانيني samānīnī, Of the city of Samānīn. samd, samad, A small quantity of

water.

samar, ثمرة samarat, samara, Fruit ; profit, advantage; result, product; reward; various kinds of wealth, gold, silver; offspring; [samari kāj, The cone of a firtree;]-samir, Great quantities of fruits or goods.

a مر بخش samar-bakhsh, Fruit-yielding. a تعردار samar-dar, Fruit-bearing, fruit-

ه غمل samal (v.n.), Getting drunk, drunkenness; staying at a place; delay-

ing, putting off, procrastinating.

samn (v.n.), Taking the eighth part; making up the number eight; valuing, putting a price to; -saman, Price; -simn, An eight days' thirst of a camel; -- summ, summn, An eighth, the eighth part.

samūd, Name of an old Arabian ثمود ه tribe, destroyed on account of their dis-

obedience to the prophet Sālih.

samīrat, Butter swimming in the milk, or sticking to the sides of the churn, butter-milk.

a تمين samīn, Valuable, precious; an eighth part; — durri samīn, A precious

pearl.

A "w sana", Salutation, congratulation; a wishing joy, a returning of thanks; praise, eulogium, commendation, applause; [sanā' kardan, To congratulate, pray for;]—sinā', A fetter to tie up the leg of a camel; the court or quadrangle of a house.

A "ثنا" suna' suna', Two and two.

a الله عوان sanū-khwān, An orator, one who praises or pronounces eulogium.

a ثنا خوانی <u>sanā-kh</u>wānī, Returning of thanks; eulogium.

a کار sanā-kār, An encomiast.

a تناكاري sanā-kārī, An oration, prayer.

a ثناكر sanā-gar, A eulogist.

a ثناكري sanāgarī, Praise, eulogy.

a ثنا كستر sanā-gustar, One who scatters praise.

a ثنا کستری sanā-gustarī, The scattering of praise.

a ثنا كوي ganā - gūy, ثنا كوي ganā - war, Praising; an encomiast.

A hw sanāyā (pl. of sanīyat). The front teeth; steep mountain-roads.

a ننائى sunā'ī, Biliteral (word).

gang, An image, a picture; Mani's house or book (see ارتنك).

a ثنوى sanawī, One who holds the doctrine of the two principles, one of the sect of the Magi.

a ثنوية sanawiyat, The sect of the Magi

or dualists.

ه ي sanī (v.n.), Bending, folding, doubling; being second;—siny, A plait, a fold.

saniy, Shedding the first teeth ثنى ه (hence implying the age of different animals, as six years old for a camel, four for a horse, and three for an ox or ram).

sanīyat, One of the four front ثنية م teeth; the declivity of a mountain; also

the road by it, or to the summit.

A أَوْنَ sawā' (v.n. of ثُون), Remaining,

dwelling in a place; alighting.

sawāb, Recompense, reward, premium; requital; a good work (as worthy of reward); honey; a bee.

sauwāb, A vendor of garments, a أواب keeper of a wardrobe.

sawābit (pl. of sābitat), Fixed ثوابت stars; fixtures.

a توابي sawābī, Meritorious, virtuous.

sawāqib (pl. of sāqibat), Bright, twinkling stars.

sawāqil (pl. of gāqil), Of good أواقل A تُواقل

weight (coins).

A ثواني sawānī (pl. of sāniyat), Seconds.

الم saub (v.n.), Returning; collecting (water); being or becoming filled or nearly filled (a well, vase, or cistern); a robe, vest, garment.

A $\dot{\psi}^{a}$, $\dot{s}u'b\ddot{a}'$, Yawning. A $\dot{\psi}^{a}$ sawabān (v.n.), Recovering (health);—saubān, Name of a freedman of Muhammad.

هور A پور saur, A bull; Taurus, the zodiacal sign; the ruddiness of twilight; twilight, crepuscule; name of the father of a tribe; a mountain near Mecca; a prince, lord, master; green scum upon standing water, water-moss (sec jama'i ghoq under جاسه).

A کوران sawaran (v.n. of ثور), Boiling, being in a ferment (blood); being raised (dust, tumult, &c.).

a ثوالول au'lūl, A wart; a nipple.

A مِنْ sam, Garlic; the hilt of a sword. L spurge samala, (Thymelæa), spurge-

gūmis (G. θύμος), Thyme.

ي suwaibat, Name of the foster-mother of Muhammad.

A & sahlan, Name of a mountain.

A ثیات $siy\bar{a}b$ (pl. of saub), Garments, robes, vestments, clothes, dresses.

ی ثیاتی \underline{siyabi} , One who takes care of (the) clothes (of the bathers in a public bath).

A ثيار siyār (pl. of saur), Bulls.

مَبِينَ saiyib, in P. عَبِثْ saiyiba, A woman who has consummated marriage, who is no longer a virgin.

A گيرة sīrat (pl. of saur),

Bulls.

على sil, sa'il. A kind of artichoke; conch-

grass (Triticum repens).

يرم sayūm, Name of a plant used as medicine for the eyes.

3

z j in Ar. called $j\bar{z}m$, in P. distinguished from z as $j\bar{z}mi$ abjad, $j\bar{z}mi$ 'arabī, or $j\bar{z}mi$ $t\bar{a}z\bar{z}$, The sixth letter of the Arabic-Persian alphabet; and the character for three in Arithmetic; it represents Tuesday and Cancer in astronomical books, and is also the contraction for the sixth lumar month, called $jam\bar{a}d\acute{a}$ 'l-ukhrá (or $\bar{a}\underline{k}hir$, when the mase. As shahr, month, is supplied); sometimes it interchanges with z t, z ch, z, z sh, z sh, z g, and z y; and it has the power given to the letter j in James.

 $\rightarrow j\bar{a}$, A place; stead, room; time (m.c.); —jū andākhtan, To place, establish, arrange (m.c.); $-j\bar{a}$ ba $j\bar{a}$, From place to place; here and there; scatteredly; — $j\bar{a}$ ba- $j\bar{a}$ shudan, To walk from place to place, to loiter or saunter about (m.c.);—jā ba-jā kardan, To reduce (as a swelling, &c.);— $j\bar{a}$ kardan (giriftan), To take hold, find a place; —az jā dar-uftādan, To be vanquished; az jā shudan, To be sorely troubled; -bajūst, for ba-jā ast, It happens, comes to pass; -ba jā āmadan, To come to its place, to come to pass; to return to its former state; -ba-jā āwardan, To bring about, to realise, to acknowledge (m.c.); — $ba-j\bar{a}'i$ khwud būdan, bar jā būdan, To be in one's place; bar jā shudan, To take place, to be brought about, to be observed (as a custom);—bar jā kardan, To carry out, bring about, observe;—jā dādan, To concede; to give an appointment; to protect; —dar hamchu jā'e, At a time like this (m.c.); kār ba-jā rasāndan, To finish up a matter, to bring a thing to such a pass (m.c.).

A جابذ jābiz, Drawing, attracting.

A pi $j\bar{a}bir$, A setter of broken bones; a repairer of anything broken; a proper name; bread; (for $jabb\bar{a}r$) despotic, tyrannical.

jā-بابلس jābursā, حابرسا jābulsā, A. جابرسا balaş, 'The west; name of a city in the west, beyond which there is no habitation.

jābaq, The lash of a whip.

jābulqā, A. جابك jābulqā, The east; name of another city, the limits of the world towards the east.

بالمومن jāblūs, Flatterer, coaxer, wheedler; —jāblūs kardan, To flatter, to fawn.

jāblūsī, Flattery, adulation.

عليه jābilīq, An interpreter of dreams.

A أياء jābiyat, A large stone reservoir for watering carnels.

والما $j\tilde{a}bidan$, To be lazy, cowardly, frightened; to be loth, unwilling; to be vexed, to repent; to be broken.

jāpūz, Name of a city in جابور

Turkistan.

н المانة jāt, Name of a Hindu Tribe.

خاتاء $j\bar{a}t\bar{a}gh$, A piece of wood in which a tent-pole is fixed.

اتن ۽ jātan (in Zand and Pāzand), God. ن جاتونتي jātūnitan (in Zand and Pāzand), To come.

ja's, ja'as (v.n.), Rising (a camel);

frightening.

A σίας jāṣalīq (G. καθολικός), A prelate, doctor, or Christian priest, in Muhammadan countries (his chief is the biṭrīk, in Antioch, his immediate inferior the maṭrān, then the uskuff, afterwards the qissīs, and last the shammās); fire; a flatterer; a scribe; a war engine; an engineer; an armour for horses or elephants.

a بائمون jūsimīn (oblique case in P. equally used as nominative), Unconscious and motionless; seated, squatting; remain-

ing in their place.

A جاثوم jūsūm, The nightmare; a general moving a camp; the bearer of a burden.

مائى على ركبتيه م jāṣī 'alá rukbataihi, Kneeling.

مَاثِيهُ $j_{\bar{\alpha}\hat{n}iya}$, The kneeling one (fem.), name of a chapter in the Koran.

ال $j\bar{a}j\bar{a}f$, Sin, crime; a strumpet; dry; (contraction or misreading of جاك جاك جاك.).

jājarm, Name of a city.

جامرسينة jūjarmīna, Name of a fountain which dries at sunrise and is replenished at sunset

جاجم jājīm, A fine bedding or carpet.

jāj-nagar, Name of a city in Hindūstān.

A solve $j\bar{u}hid$, A denier, opponent, especially of religious truth.

A jahiz, One who has prominent eyes; prominent (eye); name of an eminent author.

jākhsūk, A sickle. جاخسوك

الله jā-dād, Place, employment; assets;

consignment.

مانيا م jūddat, jāda, A highway, a straight or beaten path; the middle of the road; -*jāda'i <u>kh</u>wābīda,* An open road; a farstretching road;—jāda'i 'adl, The due administration of justice.

A مادل $j\bar{a}dil$, A wrangler.

jādangoy (in old جادنگوی, jādangoy Persian), One who embezzles property en-

trusted to him for pious uses.

jādū (Z. yālu, S. yatu-dhāna), Conjuration, magic; juggling; a conjurer; metaphorically applied to the eyes and eye-brows of a mistress;—jādā zadan, To exercise magic; to render magic or magicians ineffective;—jādā kardan, To bewitch;—zulfi jādā, Black hair.

a جادر خيالي jādū-<u>kh</u>ayālī, Spectre, illu-

بادو زبان jādū-zabān, A poet; eloquent speech.

jâdü-zan, A magician. جادو زن

jādū-sukhan, A poet; eloquence.

jādūstān, A place or country جادوستان where magic is rife.

jādū-fareb, Who deceives by magic or jugglery.

jādū-nizhād. Of the race of sorcerers.

جادو كار jādū-kār, A magician.

jādū-kushān, Men sent out by Iskandar to kill sorcerers and magicians.

جادر کنا jādū-kunā, A practiser of magic. بادوكر jādūgar, A juggler, conjurer.

بادرگرى jādūgarī, Magic, conjuration. بادورش jādū-wash, Like magic, bewitch-

jādu'ī, Necromancy, witchcraft. jādu'i-hindu, Possessed of Indian magic or witchcraft.

a ost jada, see Bot. بادى jādī, Saffron.

مالب jāzib, Drawing (plaster); alluring; attractive.

A مَانِهُ jāzibat, Attractive, &c. (fem. of the preceding); — quwwati jāziba, The

power of attraction. jūzib-kū<u>gh</u>az, Blotting-paper. بادر jūzū, A wizard, necromancer.

جار jār, News (prob. a Mong. word); a candelabrum (m.c.);—jāri birinjī, A brass

candelabrum (m.c.).

 λ_i $j\bar{a}r$, A neighbour; a protector; one who asks for or is taken under protection; **a** husband; a partner in trade; $[j\bar{a}ru'n]$ nahr, A kind of Nenuphar;—jāri bā-wafā, A faithful friend ;—jāri mutalāṣiq, A near neighbour;]—ja''ār, A corpulent man; jārr, in P. vulgo jār, Who or what draws, drags, or attracts; (in grammar) a preposition; -jārr u majrūr, A preposition

and the word it governs; harfi jarr, A particle which places a noun in the oblique

jārchī, هارچی jārchī, A bringer of news, a messenger ;-jārchī bāshī, The chief herald at the Persian court (see , -).

ماره ه jārat, A female neighbour. A top jarih, Who or what wounds.

ارحة بارحة jārihat, A rapacious animal; a member of the body.

jargun, Envelope of nutmeg, mace.

jārim, A delinquent.

باروب jāro (for جاروب), A broom (m.c.) ;-jāro kardan, To sweep or clean with a

جاروب $jar{a}$ -roba, جاروب $jar{a}$ -roba, A besom, broom, brush; a sweeper; -jā-rob az muzhgān kardan, To behold; to worship;—jā-rob dadan (zadan, kardan, kashidan), To sweep.

jārob-dīda, Swept clean.

وب زن $j\bar{a}rob$ -zan, جاروب زن $j\bar{a}rob$ -kash, A sweeper, inferior servant; a sweeper of a mosque or mausoleum (a situation both lucrative and honourable).

-jārob-kashī, Sweeping ;—jārob جاروب کشی

kashī kardan, To sweep.

A جارود jārūd, Unfortunate, unlucky; name of a Companion of Muhammad.

A مَارِدية jūrūdīyat, Name of a sect.

ارور A stream, a river. A جاروس jūrūs, A glutton.

بارى A جارى jārī, Who or what runs, or flows; proceeds, passes, happens, or becomes; continuing, continuous, current, usual; permanent, in use, in force; prevalent, rife; -jārī būdan, To flow, to run; to occur, happen, become ;-jārī sākhtan, To practise, to execute (m.c.) ;—ābi jārī (mā'i jārī), Running water.

jāri-shuda, Issued, established,

in force.

a غريه jāriya, A girl, young woman; damsel; a female slave; (met.) the sun;

ja'z, A stifling sensation in the breast from rage, thirst, or suffocation, when under water; -ja'az (v.n. of), Being affected by that sensation.

A cj $j \tilde{\alpha} z i h$, A giver; great (gift).

A مازر م jāzir, A camel-butcher.

A $\xi = j\bar{a}zi'$, The prop of a vine or a palm-tree; a prop; impatient, querulous.

جازم $j\bar{a}zam$, = جازم q.v. A مار $j\bar{a}zim$, Who or what deprives a consonant of its vowel, so rendering it quiescent; gezmating; a resolver, concluder ;- jūzim shudan bar chize, To decide upon a thing.

جاست $j\bar{a}st$, A wine-press; $=j\bar{a}$ ast.

اموس jāsūs, A spy; au emissary; white poppy (see khashkhāsh zubdī under عشخاش). jāsūsī, Spying, secret intelligence, espionage; - jāsūsī kardan, To play the spy; to seek intelligence.

جام

A أحسوسية jāsūsīyat, Duty of a spy, espionage.

jāsūnitan (in Zand and Pazand),

To hold.

A ماشم ja'sh (v.n.), Being disturbed; palpitating, drooping, fainting (the heart from grief or terror); heart, mind, soul.

jāsh, A heap of winnowed wheat (on the threshing-floor); a granary; (an affix implying distribution) two parts, three

parts.

A ja'ii, Who or what puts or places; a maker, framer, fixer, doer;—jāilu 'z-zulmat, The creator of darkness.

jaghar, A bird's crop.

jāghsūk, A جاغسوك jāghshūk, A

sickle (see خامسوله).

 $ja^{\prime}f$ (v.n.), Throwing prostrate; terrifying;— $ja^{\prime}af$ (v.n. of عند), Being terrified; being hungry.

a جال مَال جَال مِال مَال مِال مِنْ jāf jāf, Wandering, travelling (fond of variety, not contented

with one thing); a harlot. $a \rightarrow j\tilde{a}f$, Withering, dry, husky.

A $j\tilde{a}f\tilde{i}$, Injurious, vexatious; cruel, savage, unfeeling, unjust; restless, unsteady.

jāksho, A grain resembling a lentil, from which a remedy for the

eyes is prepared.

بَاكُونَتِن jākūnitan (in Zand), To bring. ماكى jūkī, Wood whence tooth-picks are made.

jä-garm, A warm place; stability; repose; observation, contemplation.

باكزين jū-guzīn, Choosing a residence.

an assignment of the government share of the produce of a large tract of country to an individual; a possession in land granted either in perpetuity or for life, as a reward for services or as a fee;—jū-gīri tan, jū-gīri zāt, Assignment of land for personal support;—jū-gīri hashm, Lands granted for the support of troops;—jū-gīri sar, An assignment of land for the support of an establishment of officers and servants;—jū-gīri mansab, A grant of land, attached to an office or dignity.

اگير دار jāgīr-dār, A holder of u jāgīr. لمار خار jāl, The tooth-pick tree; (S. jāla)

net, snare, gin.

a علم jūl, Forged, counterfeit.

مالس م jālis, Sitting, seated, sedentary; one of a company, a companion, chum;— jālisi bunūd, A camp-follower.

a jūlisgar, Waving, swinging, walk-

ing with a pompous air.

jālish, Coition; venereous.

jālishgar, Addicted to sexual intercourse; one who waves, swings, or walks with a pompous air.

jūlandar, Name of a district in

Somnath.

A جالوت jālūt, Goliah.

الم $j\tilde{a}la$, A raft made of leathern bottles.

بالی jālī, The tooth-pick tree (see خالی).

A بازاک jālī, Shining; polished; evident. جالی م jālīs, A kitchen-garden; a melon-ground; a meadow (see بالير).

jālesar, Jellasore in Orissa.

مالينوس A مالينوس jālīnūs, Galen the physician. jām, A cup, chalice, goblet, bowl; glass, particularly when coloured and used in the windows of baths; a looking-glass, a mirror; name of a district in Khurasan where the poet Jami was born in the village of Kharjard; — jām bar sang zadan, To dash the goblet in pieces, (met.) to leave off wine;—jāmi billaur, A orystal glass; a orystal coach-glass;—jāmi būrak, A dish of macaroni;—jāmi pur az (shīr u) mai, A goblet of (milk and) wine; the lip of a mistress; elegant poetry; -jām paimūdan (khwurdan, zadan, noshīdan), To drink wine; -jāmi jam (jamshēd), The cup or mirror of Jam, Solomon, or Alexander, which, according to the Eastern fabulists, represented the whole world (whence it is also called jāmi jahān-numā or jāmi gitinumā, a mirror showing the universe); (met.) a pharos, or light-house, particularly that of Alexandria; — jāmi hammām, A basin from which they pour water on the head ;--jāmi ḥaidarī (dah mannī), A large cup; - jāmi khālī dādan, To deceive, to cheat; jāmi zībagī, A crystal goblet; jāmi sahar, The sun; a morning breeze; the east wind ;—jāmi sīm, A silver goblet; the chin of a mistress;—jāmi shahr-yārī ('ālī), A royal goblet;—jāmi shīr, A teat yielding milk; a bed of canes;—jāmi sadaf, A cup made of a shell; — jāmi fir'aunī, A large cup used at banquets;jāmi gauharī, A crystal cup; (met.) the lip of one's mistress; — jāmi maliki sharq (mashraq), The sun's disk; -jāmi lab-rez, A cup filled to the brim, a bumper; - jāmi hilali, An oblong dish resembling a ship; a tureen; also a drinking-cup in the shape of the new moon (applied to the down surrounding the cup-bearer's cheeks;—jāmi hosh-ash az dast raft, He lost his senses; jūmi yāqūt-nosh, (met.) A cup filled with red wine;—jāmi yak-mannī, A large cup; a bumper.

a جامات jāmāt (pl. of the preceding), Silver cups, goblets; also—

jāmās, plala jāmāsb, planāsb, jāmāsf, The son of the prophet Daniel, celebrated in the East as a skilful physician; — jāmāsb-nāma, Name of a book written by him, a copy of which Castellus says he had in his possession.

به يما jām-paimā, A quaffer of wine. بامتونتن jāmtānitan (in Zand), To arrive. مامع jāmiḥ, Stubborn, vicious (horse).

jām-khāna, A room with mirrors (= منالم منية q.v.).

A way jamid, Concrete, congealed; consistent, solid; rigid, stiff; styptic; (in gram.) underived, primitive (noun); inanimate, inorganic (as fossils);—jāmidu 'lkaff, Close-fisted, stingy, parsimonious; -jāmidu'l-māl, Dead stock;—ismi jāmid, A primitive noun; --mā'i jāmid, Dead or stagnant water.

مام دار بـ jām-dār, A cup-holder جام دار jāmudār (for الله علم q.v.), A keeper of a wardrobe; a kind of muslin; a kind of leathern basket; flowered, sculptured, or

embossed; a musketeer.

jāmadār-khāna, A wardrobe. jāmadārī, Protection, defence. jāmadān, Wardrobe, clothes-bag. jāmdānī, A species of fine cotton cloth with spots or flowers woven in the loom (see المأمدار).

أمسة jāmisa, The Egyptian bean. A مامع jāmi', Who or what collects, comprehends, assembles, unites, or joins; all, whole, universal; collector, compriser; compiler; cathedral mosque, where the khukba is repeated on Fridays;—jāmi'u 'l-'ulum, An encyclopædia;—jāmi'i 'l-kamālat, Comprising all perfection; -jami'u'lmutafarriqin, Collector of the dispersed.

jāmi'īyat, Universality, gene-

rality.

jāmahol, A bastard; an arch rogue. a مامقية jāmaqīya, جامكية jāmakīya, A gift, stipend; salary (see جامگی).

بام كارى jām-kārī, Mirror-making ; -jām-

kārī kardan, To make mirrors.

جامكان jām-kān, جامكان jām-kan, خامكان jām-gāk, A wardrobe in baths, where people undress.

ام کام $j\bar{a}m$ - $k\bar{a}h$, Dessert (taken with wine). jāmagak, A little garment.

jāmagī, jāmgī, A piece of cotton cloth, sufficient for a garment; a salary, stipend, wages, daily allowance of provi-

sions; victuals, livelihood; a gun-match; sediment.

jāmagī-<u>kh</u>wār, A stipendiary ; a servant; a wine-drinker.

jāmagi-dār, A malchlock-man. جام کمر jām-gīr, Who seizes the cup.

jāmil, A troop of camels with their owners and keepers; a large part of a tribe; (pl. of jamal) full-grown camels.

H جامن jāman (S. jambū), Eugenia jam-

جامنونتن jāmnūnitan (in Zaud), To speak. jāmawār, جامواری jāmawāri, Fit or intended to be made up into a garment; a flowered sheet or shawl.

jāmūtala, An orator, a speaker.

a جاموس jāmūs, and—

jāmūsh (from P. gāv-mesh), A buffalo.

jāma, A garment, robe, vest, gown, coat; stuff for a dress, but not yet made up; a bed, couch, sofa; cotton, linen cloth; a wrapper; a patch; a half-burnt firebrand; a poker; a poem of any kind (exceeding nine verses); eulogium, panegyric; history; power, dignity; protection; sti-pend, salary; (for jam) a cup, goblet, flagon with a long crooked neck; -jāma'i ābī (talkh), A blue garment as worn by Sufis; —jāma'i ākhirat, A winding-sheet; jāma'i āsmānī (sūsanī). A blue garment as worn in mourning; — jāma afgandan, To furnish a house or apartment; - jama'i bād-rū (bādrūn?), Inner trousers, drawers (unsupported by examples);—jāma'i babrī, Cloth spotted like a panther or leopard's skin; — $j\bar{a}ma$ badal kardan, To change clothes ;- jāma ba-dandān giriftan, To flee; -jāma bar qadash tung āmad, His vest became tight upon his body, i.e. he swelled with rage; - jāma'i khwāb, Bed-clothes; jāma'i khwurshed, Leaves of a tree; dust, a cloud, or whatever obscures the sun; the earth; pupil of the eye; the human body; -jāma'i dāl u gul, A kind of embroidered cloth; - jāma dar ānjā nihād, He there left his clothes, i.e. he died in that place;—jāma dar nīl zad, He threw his garments into the Nile, i.e. he put on mourning (with the double meaning of nīl, Indigo, for blue); similar phrases are: jāma dar khumi nīl zadan, dar nīl giriftan, &c.;—jāma darīdan, To tear or rend one's garment; (met.) to make a violent exertion; to joke, jest;jāma-rā rang dūda ba-nīl, Clad in mourniug; -jāma'i rau<u>ah</u>anī (rau<u>ah</u>anīn), Oil-cloth -jāma'i sahar, The sun; the east wind; -jāma siyāh kardan, To be in mourning; -jāma'i surkh poshīdan, To don a red garment (sign of rage in a king) ;--jāma'i shikari, Green clothes worn by hunters to deceive the game; -jāma'i sad-barg (gul), The spathe of a rose or flower; -jāma'i sārat, Cloth in which figures are woven ;jāma'i 'īd, Holiday clothes; a scarlet vest; blossoms, flowers;—jāma'i ghok, A green film seen to float ou stagnant water; a pool; a pond; -- jāma'i fākhita bar dosh andakhtan, To throw the "dress of a ringdove," i.e. a dove-coloured garment over the shoulder, to put on mourning; -jāma'i fath (fathi), A fine silken robe; - jāma fūta kardan, To tear one's clothes into strips ;-jāma'i qabā kardan, To let out a secret; -jāma'i qatrān (qatrānī), Garments of pitch, i.e. mourning; — jāma'i mātam, Mourning habiliments; — jāma'ī murda (marg), Grave-clothes; - jāma'i mushaf poshidan, (met.) To affect piety in the eves of men; — jāma'i mūmīn, Wax-cloth; jāma'i na-shoy, Unwashed, i.e. plain undyed cloth or silk ;-jama'i nakhchuwani, Scarlet; -- jāma nīlī kardan, To put on

mourning; -jāma'i nawam, My new gar-

باسة باك jāma-bāf, A weaver.

- jāma-bāfī, The art of weaving. jāma-bur, A pair of scissors; shears.

jama-posh, Clothed, clad, dressed. الله مام jāma-khāna, Wardrobe, clothes-

the clothes to his master.

ان الله jāma-dān, A portmanteau; a chest of drawers, clothes-press, wardrobe.

jāma-darān, Garment-rending. jāma-rakht, Bed-clothes (see jāma'i rakht under مامة).

باسة jāma-zeb, Becoming one's dress.

jāma-sāz, A clothier, tailor. jāma-shūy, Washer of clothes.

- jāma-farosh, A slop-seller جامة فروش jāma-qabā, One who turns his جامع قبا robe into an open-fronted tunic, by tearing it (in Sūfī language for an eager lover); one who lets out a secret.

jāma-kan, Who rends his clothes جامة كن (in grief); place where the clothes are

taken off (in a bath).

jāmawār, Fit to make clothes from; a flowered sheet or shawl; a kind of chintz.

jāmī, Name of a celebrated Persian

poet, native of Jam, and a Sufi.

wind; self; life; spirit, courage; wind; the mouth; arms; the father of demons; name of a race said to have inhabited the world before Adam; in modern conversation a word of endearment, as ai āgā jān, my dearest master, 'amma jan, auntie dear; -jānī ādam, (met.) Something rare and wonderful; — jān az kūn dar raftan, (met.) To die ;--jan ba dastarcha dadan, To tender one's life; to advance money; — jān bar damīdan, To restore to life; — jān burdan (bīrūn, burdan), To save one's life;—jān bar shukrana dadan, To advance money ;jān ba-sar (bar sar) būdan, jān ba-lab āmadan (rasidan), To be at death's door, to die; - jani pidar, Soul of (thy) father! my dear son!—jāni pariyān, Wine;—jān taslīm kardan, To give up the ghost, to die ;-jāni tū (shumā) u jāni man, Your life and mine, said in entrusting something or somebody very dear to the careful keeping of another; also to express "my safety is bound up in yours";-jāni tū u jāni o, His life is as dear to him as thine to thee; (it implies also) unanimity; — jāni jamāsh, Wine; — jāni jahān, Life of the world; jāni ḥaiwān, Milk; butter-milk; butter; flesh; honey; - jani khwud farokhtan, To sell one's life, i.e. expose oneself to danger; -jān dādan, To resign one's life; to kill oneself; to spare another's life; -jan

dāshtan, To wish, desire, aspire after, endeavour with eagerness; -jan dar aslin dāshtan, To risk one's life;—jān dar bīnī rasidan, To be in the utmost straits and bewilderment ;-jān dar pay kase afshāndan (bakhtan, rekhtan, kashidan), To sacrifice life for another's sake; -- jān dar tani kase kardan, To impart life ;--jan dar jani kase kardan, To ransom another's life with one's own ;--jān dar sari dil kanī, You ruin yourself in following your heart's desires; -jan dar miyan, Though one's life be at stake;jan zadan, To breathe out the soul, to expire ; - jāni zamīn, Herbage, flowers and fruits; — jan sipurdan, To resign one's breath; -jan shudan (raftan), Life departs; -jāni 'ālam, Life of the world, i.e. Muhammad; -jan kandan, To be in the agonies of death; to die;—jān giriftan, To take away life, to deprive of life; ba-jan rasidan, To come to extremities, to be driven to despair; -bar jān gadam nihādan. To renounce all remedy and offer oneself to death.

A $\omega > j\bar{\alpha}nn \ (j\bar{\alpha}n)$, The father of the jinn or genii; the genii, the race of the jinn, a

jinn.

jān-āzār, Inhuman, tyrannical. جان أزارى jān-āzārī, Cruelty, tyranuy. ورازي المراجع

לינאט jan afirin, Creator of the soul.

jān-afzā, Soul-reviving.

jānān (pl. of jān), Souls; handsome, lovely; a mistress, sweetheart.

illa janana, A beloved object.

ان آور jān-āwar, Alive; an imprudent, injudicious man.

بان أهنى jān-āhanī, Iron-hearted; mer-

ciless, cruel; brave.

مانب jānib, A part, side; outward or adjacent part; quarter, tract, region; party; direction; -janib giriftan, To side with; az jānib, On the part of ;—in-jānib, This person, the writer (of a letter, used by a superior towards a subordinate).

ان باز jān-bāz, Playing with life, venturesome; a rope-dancer or other person following a dangerous calling; a soldier;

a horse-dealer.

janbāzī, The profession of a ropedancer, &c.; intrepidity; a swing; a slack

جان بخش jān-ba<u>kh</u>sh, Life-bestowing; soul-refreshing; God; the forgiver of a capital crime.

خان بخشى jān-ba<u>kh</u>shī, Animation ; vivification; the pardon of a capital offence.

a جانبدار jānib-dār, Partial; a supporter, second; an advocate, defender, patron; a partisan.

a جانبداری $j\bar{a}nib$ - $d\bar{a}rar{\imath}$, Partiality; support; favour.

جان بر jān-bar, One who escapes with life;—jān-bar shudan, To save one's life.

אט אנ jān-burd, Saving one's life.

שלט א שלט jān-bar-miyān, Ready, prepared; one in expectation of death; tired of life.

a جالب گير jānib-gīr, Who sides with.

وَا مِنْ مَا اللهِ $j\bar{a}n$ bin $j\bar{a}n$, The father of the Jinn and Paris, inhabitants of the earth before Adam's creation, but afterwards banished to a corner of the world called Jinnistan, for disobedience to the Supreme Being.

jāmbīdan, To dislike, loathe, nauseate.

A جالبين jānibain, Both sides, the contending parties in a law-suit.

אנע אָנע jān-parwar, Improving the mind. وان جان جان $j\bar{a}n_{-}j\bar{a}n_{-}$, The Great Spirit; God;

bread; the scrapings of the pot.

jan-dar, Animated; possessed of a soul; powerful, active; a daily stipend; a guardian, preserver of life; an executioner, a sword-bearer.

مان دارو $j\bar{a}n$ - $d\bar{a}r\bar{u}$, Theriac; opium.

خان داری jān-dārī, Life, animation. مان دائی jān-dāna, The part of the skull where the sutures meet.

יע פֿע jān-dar, Who cuts off life, the executioner; (for jan-dar) animated.

درازى درازى jān-dirāzī, Length of life, longevity.

jān dar-miyān, Readiness to sacrifice one's life for another.

a جان در يكفالب jān dar yak-qālib, Perfect

بان دهی jān-dihī, Opposition, resistance ; a sacrifice or surrender of life; death.

بان ربا jān-rubā, Soul-ravishing; killing. بان رفته jān-rafta, One whose life is gone.

jān-rahā'ī, The saving of one's

jān-sipār, Exposing oneself; resigning oneself into the hands of another (as a lover); devoted.

jān-sipārī, Exposure of life; death.

ن مجوز jān-sipoz, Sustaining life.

بان ستان jān-sitān, Soul-ravishing; alluring; killing, murdering.

بانستاني jān-sitānī, Allurement ; murder. بان سوز jān-80%, Soul-inflaming, heartconsuming.

jān-shikar, A hunter (of wild beasts); the angel of death; a mistress; nervous language.

بانشكرى jān-shikarī, Place of execution. عان هيران غيران jān-shīrān, حان هيران jān-shīrān, Sweet life! life itself.

jā-nishin, A lieutenant, locum جانشين tenens, viceroy; a successor; an associate.

jan-farsay, جان فرسای jan-farsay, Wearing out life; worrying; disgusting; irksome.

jān - furoz, Soul - inflaming; جان فروز brightening life.

jān-fizāy, En- جان فزاي jān-fizāy, Enlarging, widening, refreshing the soul; cheering; welcome; the water of life; the 23rd day of the month in the year of Yazdagird.

نيان فيمان jān-fishān, Ready to sucrifice

one's life; zealous.

jūn-fishānī, Hard labour; extreme diligence; waste of life in another's service.

T جانقی jānqī, A council; consultation, deliberation.

ان کاه jān-kāh, Soul-exhausting; pathetic, afflicting.

ان کش jān-kush, Quarrelsome; contumacious.

ان کن jān-kan, Soul-harrowing.

ندن کندن jān-kandan, Perils of life; agonies of death; anxiety of mind (m.c.).

jān-gāh, A place where life is in danger; dangerous.

ان كداز jān-gudāz, Soul-melting, weaken-

ing, consuming.

ان كذا jān-gazā, Gnawing at the soul; deadly (poison), noxious (beasts); anything prejudicial to life; the soul, breath of life.

jān-guzār, Penetrating the mind جان كذار or heart; -nāla'i jān-guzār, A heart-breaking sigh.

بان گسل jān-gusil, Destroying life:

heart-breaking.

jānagī, Name of a country. jan-gir, The angel of death. جان گير

ا نماز jā-namāz, A prayer-carpet; an oratory.

a مان نثار jān-nigār, Scattering life, de-

جان نوازى jūn-nuwāzī, Blandishment. jānwar, Living, alive, جانور quick; an animal; an animalcule; a fierce beast, a wild boar; a bird.

jānwarak, Small animal, auimal-

cule.

jānūsār, Name of the courtier who killed Dara, the last king of the Kayanian dynasty.

jānūsyār, Name جانوسيار ,jānūsyār جانوسپار

of a wazīr of King Dārā.

janunitan (in Zand), To be,

jānah, The vital spirit; the young of any animal; the pith of a tree; arms, armour; an island; the cheek; -asb-jana, A foal, horse's colt; —gāv jāna, A calf.

جانه دار jana-dar, جانه دار q.v.

بانی jani, Soul; cordial, heartily loved; -ai biradari jānī, O dear brother!

A جالی jānī, One who gathers fruit; sinning, a sinner.

jānī-dushman, An enemy desirous of one's life.

jāv (in the idiom of Turkistān), A river; paper money (see ,).

jāwādāna, Eternal.

A جاران jāwān, A tribe in Turkistān.

jāwānīdan, To hawk, spit; to chatter (as birds terrified); to be perpetual,

jāwid, Eternal, perpetual.

jāwidān, جارداني jāwidānī, Eternally, for ever; eternal, everlasting; next world.

jāwidān-khirad, Name of a book on practical science composed by Hoshang; eternal and unalterable truths.

jāwidān-sarāy, Paradise. jāwidānah, Eternal, eternally.

jāwar, Who takes or occupies a place; state, condition; -jāwar kardan, To change; -chi jāwar dārī, How are you? how do you do?

jāward, جاوزد jāwazd, White-thorn.

a کاورس jāwars (for P. گاورس), Millet.

jāwar-gard, Change from one state into another.

gāw-shīr (from P. گاوهير غارهير م The opoponax-tree.

خاولjavla, A rose; a rose plantation.

جاوش $j\bar{a}w\bar{u}sh$, جاوش $j\bar{a}w\bar{u}sh$, جاوش q.v.jāwa, The interior of the mouth; name of a stinging insect; the island of

jāwīd, Eternal; eternity.

أويدان jāwīdān, Eternal, perpetual.

jāwīdan-khirad, The title of جاويدان عرد a book, whose author is said to have been Hoshang, second king of Persia.

jāwidāna, Eternal; eternally.

jāwīdānī, Eternity. حاويداني

a جاويد طراز jāwīd-tirāz, Eternity-adorning. باويدن jāwīdan, To scream (like birds); to hawk, spit.

a کاویون), A stone

found in the gall-bladder of an ox.

A $j\bar{a}h$, Place, rank, office; dignity, grandeur, magnificence; honour, reputation; fortune, prosperity; the world;—zū jāh, Dignified, exalted;—'ālī-jāh, Exalted in dignity.

a dala $j\bar{a}hat$, Dignity, power.

ا جاهد م jāhid, Studious, diligent, indus trious, active; waging war against infidels. جاهدار $j\bar{a}h$ - $d\bar{a}r$, A holder of a public station.

jāhak, The breast-bone next the

throat.

A ماهل jāhil, Ignorant, illiterate, barbarous; uncivilised, rude, ill-mannered; silly, foolish; wrong, ill-advised.

a جاهلی jāhilī, Ignorance; paganism; a pagan Arab prior to the appearance of Muhammad.

a جاهلی کار $j\bar{a}hili\cdot k\bar{a}r$, Who acts foolishly. A جاهلية jāhilīyat, Ignorance; paganism, heathen darkness (as prevailing in Arabia before the time of Muhammad); -aiyami jāhilīyat, The time of paganism.

a کاهنبار jāhaṃbār (for P. کاهنبار), The periods of the creation of the world.

a مائع و جلال jāh u jalāl, Dignity, grandeur. jāhī, Connected with rank or situa-

tion; pertaining to power.

جای $j\bar{a}y$, A place; an abode; name of a flower; — jāyi ishtibāh nīst, There is no room for doubt;—jāyi i tirāz, The place or time of opposition; -jāyi andesha, Place of anxiety, cause for apprehension; — jāyi bāshish, A place fit for an abode; — jāyi panāh, Place of refuge, asylum ;—jāy ba-rāyi kase khālî kardan, To show respect to; jāy bar kase tang kardan, To press one hard;—jāyi pesha, Place of business; jāyi khwurāk, Mess-room (m.c.); — jāy dar dīda dādan kase-rā, To have great affection for ;—jāy dar dīda'i kase kardan. To be very dear to ;-jāyi dandān, The gums ;-jāyi dīgar, Anus;—jāy sipurdan, To die;—jāyi zurūr, The necessary;—jāyi 'uzr, Ground of excuse, cause of complaint or objection; –jāyi fulān paidā (<u>kh</u>ālī, sabz), Such a one is absent ;—jāyi qarār, A domicile, a fixed abode; - jāyi kase giriftan (nigāh dāshtan), To act as another's substitute; -jāy garm dashtan (kardan), To fix one's abode in a place, to settle; —jāyi girīz, Place of refuge; —jāyi namāz, A carpet to kneel on at prayers;—jāy wā kardan, To give way. بائي باش jāy-bāsh, A mansion, house,

palace.

جای داد $jar{a}y$ - $dar{a}d$, An assignment in land (for the maintenance of an establishment of troops); assets, fund, source.

جای داهتن $jar{a}y$ däshtan, To be probable;

to happen.

A ju ja'ir, One who deviates from the right way; unjust, cruel, tyrannical.

بای روب jāy-rob, A broom.

A جاگر jä'iz, Lawful, legal, allowable, warrantable, authorized, permitted, tolerated; sound, valid, good (in law); admissible, receivable, competent; the beam of a house (as passing from side to side);—jā'izu 'l-i'ti $r\bar{a}z$, Objectionable, exceptionable; — $j\bar{a}'iz$ dashtan, To allow, to hold lawful, to permit;— $j\bar{a}'iz\ ki$, It is possible that, possibly.

a جاگزه $j\bar{a}'iza$, A gift, a present, reward; examination, review; trial, proof, confirmation; a mark made in checking; signa-

ture; muster.

a جَاهُمْ jā'ifat, A stab, a deep wound penetrating to the belly.

جايكة $j\bar{a}y$ ki, Where, the place that.

أَمَايِكَاة jāy-gāh, A habitation, dwelling; Any place where a thing stands, or wherein it is contained; a birth-place;—jāy-gāhi ghurabā, A hospice for travellers, a caravansera, inn ;—jāy-gāhi latīj, A pleasant dwelling; — jāy-gāhi muzha (moy, mūy), Edge of the eye-lid.

ماي كرنتكى jāy-giriftagī, Residence, stay. jāy-gir, Possessing, occupying a 355

place, fixing a habitation, making a settlement; efficacious; = جاگير q.v.;-jāy-gīr shudan, To be respectable, venerable; to be in an exalted station.

jäy-mända, Remaining in a جاي مالدة

place; incapable, impotent.

باي مند jāymand, Lazy, idle, unem-

ployed.

جاي نشست jāy-nishast, Station, situation. بای نشین jāy-nishīn, A successor, locum tenens; an officer of government appointed to inspect the conduct of a governor (see . (جانشين

جايى jâye, One place; a kind of flower;

-ba-jaye, Wherever.

jāyīdan. To take up a fixed abode. $A \hookrightarrow jabb$ (v.n.), Castrating; overcoming; -jubb, A deep well full of water.

ha jibā, Tribute, revenue; [jibā kardan, To offer one's cup or drinking-glass to another by way of friendship and courtesy;] -juba, The day of Sabbath (unsupported by examples).

مباب م jabāb, Dearth, a sore famine; jibab (v.n. of ---), Castrating, lopping a tree; overcoming; -jubab, Scarcity; refuse;

froth on camel's milk.

a جبابت jibābat, Collection of revenue.

A مبابرة jabābirat (pl. of jabbār), Tyrants, haughty, stubborn, headstrong people; giants.

خالد لبه jabā-khāna, = خالد هبه q.v.

مبار A shedding of blood with impunity; the old name for Tuesday;jabbār, A tyrant, oppressor; proud, haughty; powerful; the Almighty; a giant; a tall palm-tree; a conqueror; an avenger; Orion; a bone-setter.

a جباري jabbārī, Tyranny, despotic sway. مبال م jibāl (pl. of jabal), Mountains, hills; tubercles; — jibāl u tilāl, Mountains and hills ;—jibāli shāhiqa, Lofty mountains.

ا مبان غان م jabān, Cowardly, pusillanimous, مبان م timid, abject; a coward; -jabban, A coward; dastardly; a cemetery; desert; ground richly overgrown with plants.

A مالله jabbānat, A desert; level ground.

a جبانية jabānīyat, Cowardice.

مِلْهُ jibāh (pl. of jabhat), Foreheads; troops of men.

A جبایه jibāyat (v.n. of جبایه), Collecting (tribute or water into a reservoir).

jabā'ir (pl. of jabīrat), Splints, باگر ▲ bandages.

نع بنج jab-bāj, A royal robe worn on certain state occasions.

A line jubbat, A waistcoat or doublet with cotton quilted between the outside and lining; the hollow part of a spear's head into which the shaft is fitted; the joint of the fore-foot.

A ----- jibt, An idol; a magician; a soothsayer; magic, witchcraft; soothsaying.

A 44 jabz (v.n.), Drawing, pulling;—jabz

numudan, To attract, to draw towards oneself (m.c.).

A properties jabr (v.n.), Setting (a broken bone); repairing the broken fortune (of a friend); compulsion, coercion; force, power, strength; predestination, irreversible decree; reduction of fractions to integers; a king; a slave; a hero; a beggar; -jabr kardan, To force, to compel, to use violence; -jabri nuqsān, Reparation or compensation for loss or injury; making up for a deficiency (in quality, &c.); -jabr u raddi 'izām, Coaptation of broken bones; -jabr u muqābala, Algebra.

A 1 jabran, By force, forcibly, compulsively;—jabran u qahran, By force and

violence, nolens volens.

A جبراعل jabrāʻil, جبراعل jabrāʻīl, Gabriel. jabr-āhang, Name of a certain جبر آهنگ thorn; wild sesame.

A ببرعل jibrā'il, جبرائيل jibrā'īl, جبرعل jibra'il, جبرعل jibra'il, Gabriel.

A جبروت jabarūt, jabrūt, Pride, pomp, omnipotence; dominion; heaven; a degree in mystical life; - 'ālami jabarūt, The highest

jabrūr, jabrūz, A large porcupine.

a جبري jabrī, Forced, compelled; tyranny, oppression;— $jabar\bar{\imath}$, One who believes in predestination, a fatalist.

جبريا مناية jibriyā, Pride, haughtiness.

a جبريات jabrīyāt, Algebraical problems. a جبريان jabariyān (P. pl. of jabarī), Fata-

A جَرِية jibrīyat, jibirīyat, jabarīyat, jabrīyat, Pride, pomp, haughtiness; -jabariyat, Name of a Muhammadan sect which denies the freedom of the human will and professes the doctrine of predestination or q.v., Asserters of the freedom of will).

A היינול jabrail, jibrīl, היינול jabrīn, jībrīn,

جبرئيل jabra'īl, Gabriel. jabsīn, Lime.

جباوت jabghūt, jubghūt, Cotton or wool used for quilting; an old counterpane torn

in pieces.

من jabl (v.n.), Creating, forming, moulding; — jabal, A mountain; a lord, prince; a wealthy man; (also bilādu'l-jabal) Media (Persian Irāk);—jubull, jibill, A crowd, a multitude.

jiblāj, A big, cowardly, base fellow.

jiblāhang, Wild sesame.

مبلة م jiblat, The skin or its surface; vice, blemish; strength; —jibillat, Form, creation, nature, disposition; idiosyncrasy; a crowd, great number, multitude; created beings.

jabalqūm, An amethyst.

jablak, A roughness, hardness; a strengthening of one thing by means of another; -jabalak, Orange jam, marmalade.

jiblahang, Wild sesame ; a kind of |

a جىلى jabalī, Of or belonging to a mountain; native of Media or Persian Irāq;—jibillī, Natural, original, innate, constitutional, essential;—amrāzi jibillīya, Diseases inherent in the constitution.

A האט jubn, jubun (v.n.), Being cowardly;

cowardice, pusillanimity, fear.

A jubanā' (pl. of jabīn or jabān), Cowards.

A مبرة jubū' (v.n. of جمره), Desisting, being concealed, hiding; issuing, coming forth; disliking, abhorring.

A جبور jubur (v.n. of جبور), Being set, bound

up (a broken bone).

thorn.

A مبورة jubūrat, Pride, haughtiness.

a cym jabūn (pop. P. pronunciation of Ar. jabūn), Cowardly; a coward (m.c.).

do jaba, Inspissated juice, rob, marmalade; name of a drug;—juba (from Ar. jubbat), A coat of mail, a cuirass; any kind of iron armour, an upper coat or cloak, a surtout;—juba'i khwurshed u māh, Day and night;—juba'i darwesh, A cloud; night;—juba'i hazār mekh, The starry sky; a starlit night.

A \iff jabh (v.n.), Arriving at a well and finding nothing wherewith to draw; striking on the forehead; driving back; annoying, disgusting;—jabah, Width and beauty of

forebead.

a جبه بوش juba-posh, Clad in armour; a cuirassier;—dilāwarāni juba-poshān, Brave cuirassiers.

A him jabhat, jabha, Forehead, front; a troop of men or horses;—jabhatu 'l-asad, The lion's front, i.e. four stars forming the tenth mansion of the moon in astrology;—jabha'i sher khārīdan, To be very brave and daring.

a هاله بين juba-khāna, Armoury, arsenal. a مين jabha-sā, One who rubs his forehead on the ground; beseeching, entreat-

ing,

a جبه سالی jabha-sā'ī, Earnest entreaty. خصرخ jabīra, An assembly of men (convened for some important purpose);—jabīra shudan, To assemble, come together.

A war jabin, The temple, the side of the forehead; pusillanimous;—jabin-sā shudan, To rub the forehead upon the ground, to make a profound reverence.

a جبين گرفته jabin-girifta, With clouded

brow, frowning, cross-looking.

jat, Name of a despised race called Jauts in Hindustän.

جمبونتي jatbūnitan (in Zand and Pāzand), To sit.

jatr, A garden.

jutra, Stained, polluted.

A من jass (v.n. of منه), Cutting, amputating; rooting out of the ground.

r مثام jusam, The nightmare.

A \$\frac{\lambda}{jissat}\$, Misfortune, calamity;—jussat, jussa, The body of man or animal; a carcase.

مثل jasl, Thick, entangled (foliage or air).

A ملك jaglat, Hair hanging over the fore-head.

مثم jasm (v.n.), Reclining on the breast.

A جشمان jusmān, The body.

A jusūw (v.n.), Kneeling; standing on tiptoe.

به jusum (v.n. of مشم), Reclining on the breast (a bird, shepherd, or traveller).

بَيْنِ jussa-dārī, Bulkiness, corpulency. مَعْلَى jussa, jisā, Stones forming the enclosure of the sacred precints of Mecca, and on which sacrifices are offered;—[jusā (jisā) 'l-ḥarāmi, Stones heaped together when flung at a sacred festival at Mecca;—jisīy (v.n.), Kneeling, a kneeling position;—jusīy, jisīy (pl. of jāsī), Kneelers.

E 30j, Judge.

jajā, An eagle.

A jiḥāf (v.n. 3 of), Thronging;—juḥāf, A great deluge; the flux or diarrhœa.

A $\Rightarrow jahd$ (v.n.), Denying the truth wilfully.

A year jahr (v.n.), Being sunk deep in the socket (the eye); entering his hole (a lizard); being far advanced towards the meridian (the sun); being disappointed; failing of rain (in spring);—juhr, The den or hole of an animal.

مهشر jahsh (v.n.), Grazing the skin without making a wound, scratching; the colt of a horse or ass; cruelty, severity; anger; name of a companion of Muhami mad

A in jabf (v.n.), Carrying off, removing; diminishing, entailing loss, injuring.

jaḥl (v.n.), Throwing (one) upon

the ground.

A pan (v.n.), Kindling (a fire).

yoman, or ugly, hideous, disgusting; a hare having a suckling; a rough-skinned viper.

A معدد juḥūd (v.n. of معدد), Denying, dis-

owning, disavowing.

A inhūz (v.n. of hah), Being large and prominent (eye); criticising, finding fault.

جهی juhi, Name of a sorry jester or buffoon.

A معيش jaḥīsh, A part, side; keeping aloof, of distant manners (man); self-opiniated, conceited.

A jahim, A large hot fire kindled in a deep place; one of the names of hell.

jakh, Quarrelsome, contentious; brave, strong; strife; imp. of jakhidan, =

pakhāj, A kind of bag or purse.

jakhājakh, A clashing of swords.

jakhj, A species of bat, as large as a kite, which suspends itself to the branches of trees, and is said to eat its own ordure; a painless wen on the neck; a goitre.

jakhjas, osi jakhjin, jakhjan, jukhjan, A sort of small black seed used as a salve for sore eyes.

becoming stale (meat); being empty (belly);—jakhir, A glutton; a coward.

 $ja\underline{k}hsh$, = q.v.

jakhshīdan (according to others, jakhsīdan), To be wrinkled, shrivelled, twisted, curled, complicated; to labour hard, employ every endeavour; to distinguish by a mark; to be startled, frightened suddenly (a colt).

t has jakhmā (corruption of sing for

چهمای), A match-box.

jakhidan, To strive, &c. (see

(چخیدن).

A is jadd, A grandfather (paternal or maternal), an ancestor, forefather; dignity; grandeur; majesty; glory; happiness, prosperity, good fortune; riches; bank of river; cutting cloth, &c.; completion; [jaddi buzurg, An ancestor;—jaddi sakāh, A paternal grandfather;—jaddi fāsid, A maternal grandfather;]—jidd (v.n.), Speaking truth; endeavour, effort, labour; study, industry, application; exertion, painstaking; seriousness, gravity; [jidd u jahd, jidd u kadd, Great effort;—jidd u kob, Assault and battery, beating;]—judd, A well in a place abounding in forage.

part;—judā, Separate, distinct, divided; a part;—judā judā, One by one, separately; —judā uftādan (shudan), To be separated; —judā kardan, To part, divide, disunite,

dissolve.

A la jiddan, In earnest, seriously, attentively, eagerly, exceedingly, strongly.

ا بداد jaddād, A seller or producer of wine;—juddād (from P. gudād), Worn garments; ravelled threads, entangled branches and the like; short trees; low mountains.

A jidār, A wall.

judārak, Name of a certain game. مدارك judāsta, Independent of matter, self-existing.

judā-shudagī, Separation, separateness, the state of being separate.

ا مدا مدا مدا مدا مدا مدا مدا مدا

مدا مناس judā-shinās, That which marks a distinction, distinctive.

جداگانی judāgāna, Separately, apart (m.c.).

A محال jadāl, Unripe, green dates; earthenware not grown hard; hard ground; —jidāl (v.n. 3 of عدال), Debating, wrangling; contention, altercation, contest;—

jidāl kardan, To fight, quarrel, wrangle; jang u jidāl, War and strife.

a alla, jadāla, Unripe dates; sandy

ground; small ants.

jidānak, jadānak, A kind of game;

-judānak, A beetle.

مداول م jadāwil (pl. of jadwal), Brooks; columns; astronomical tables; lines, marginal lines, schedules.

جداری judāwī, Servants' wages, salary, pay. پائی judā'ī, Separation, disunion, desertion; — judā'ī kardan, To separate from, desert.

jadb. The pith of the palm-tree.

مدب jadb, Charging, accusing of a fault; a severe season, a year of scarcity.

a sa jad ba-jad, From father to son.

A ba jidat (v.n. of sa), Being rich, possessing wealth; taking occasion to quarrel with, or chide (another); money, wealth, opulence; — jadda, jaddat, A grandmother; [jadda'i saḥāḥa, A paternal grandmother; —jadda'i fāṇāda, A maternal grandmother;]—jiddat (v.n. of sa), Being new, newness; a dog's collar; name of the port of Mecca on the Red Sea;—juddat, A streak on the back of an ass different in colour from the rest of the body; a way

jadtīn, An embroidered purse.

A جدث jadas, A tomb.

track, path.

a جدجد judjud, A kind of cricket.

A the jadh (v.n.), Stirring up a draught or ptisan.

A A jadad, Hard, even ground;—judad (pl. of juddat), Ways, tracks, paths.

jadr, A four-year-old camel.

A بخر jadr, Name of a herb (growing in the sand); a wall;—jadar, Pimples; wens (pl. of jadarat); the mark of a bite on the neck of an ass or camel; name of a place in Syria where the wine called jadari is

grown;—judr, judur (pl. of jidār), Walls.

مدراه judrān (pl. of jadīn), Walls. مدراه jadarat, An excrescence on the body, a wen, blotch, pimple; name of an Arabian tribe, so called hecause they built the wall (jidān) of the temple of Mecca.

a جنري judarī, Small-pox, pits; [judarīyu 'l-baqar, judarī'i baqar, Cow-pox;—judarī'i kāzīb, Chicken-pox;]—jadarī, Of Jadar

(wine).

A E- jad' (v.n.), Mutilating in, or depriving of (ear, hand, nose, or lip); giving unwholesome food to a child; binding; keeping in prison;—jada' (v.n.), Being fed on unwholesome aliment (an infant).

موند jadf, jadaf, A grave; wine not covered up; a kind of herb found in Arabia Felix, which has the property of quenching the thirst, when masticated.

jadgāra, Different roads; contrary

ways or opinions.

a jadl (v.n.), Twisting (a rope) tight; throwing prostrate on the ground; being strong or firm; the grave; the bones of the hands or feet; -jadal, Altercation, contention, disputation; fight, battle, encounter; - jadal kardan, To dispute; to

jadw (v.n.), Asking for, seeking

some benefit or advantage.

a إدوار jadwār (for P. إدوار q.v.), Zedoary; -jadwārī khatā'ī, Zedoary of China, the root of which is considered as a panacea in Persia (?).

جدوك ∡ juduf (v.n. of جدوك , Flying.

عدول ه jadwal, A rivulet; a ruled line (round a page), a marginal line; column, table (of a book); an astronomical table; -jadwali dam'a, The lachrymal caruncle; -jadwali qarq (?), A dried-up river or brook;—jadwali mistar, The lines drawn by

a جدول کش jadwal-kash, A rule, consisting of a card of pasteboard and threads on which the paper is pressed and thus becomes ruled.

a جدولى jadwalî, Marked with lines (a book, &c.), lined, ruled.

jadumand, Separate from matter, immaterial, self-existing (= A. مفارق).

بدري ه jadwá, Gift, present.

بدى A jady, A kid; the sign Capricorn; the polar star.

a جدى judaiy (dim. of the preceding), The polar star; — jaddī, Ancestral; — jiddī, Earnest, serious, self-exerting; — juddī,

A 224 jadid, New, modern, fresh; new cloth recently cut from the loom; death; the surface of the ground; a river in Ya-

ا مديدان م jadidān (du. of the preceding), Night and day (ever new).

a جديري judairī (dim. of judarī), The chicken-pox.

jadīl, A bridle of twisted thongs جديل or hair; a belt or sash (frequently adorned with jewels).

مديلة م jadilat, Mode, manner, state, condition; a side, tract, region; a tribe, family; name of the mother of a tribe.

ملا م jazz (v.n.), Breaking off; cutting up; making haste.

A بانم jizāb (v.n. 3 of بلم), Wresting from each other; contending.

A JIL- juzāz, jazāz, jizāz, A fragment, particle.

A مدام iuzām, The leprosy; name of a

a هام خالم juzām-khāna, Lazaretto, pesthouse.

a جداسي juzāmī, A leper.

مِدَامير مِ jazāmīr (pl. of jizmār or juzmūr). Stumps remaining on a tree stripped of its branches; -bi-jazāmīri-hi, All, every bit of it.

A بن jazb (v.n.), Drawing, pulling, attraction; allurement; giving little milk; dryness in the mouth; absorption; weaning a colt; [jazb kardan, To draw, attract;jazbi giyāh, Attraction of straws; — jazbi magnātīsī, Magnetic attraction;] — jazab, The pith of the palm-tree.

a جُوبَهُ jazba, Passion, rage, fury; strong

desire, craving for.

jazr (v.n.), Cutting up by the roots; a four-year-old camel (see 14+);also jizr, Root, origin; stock; the square root of any number; - jazri asamm, A surd or irrational root; name of a hero;jazri natiq, A rational root;—(the square being called mal) jazri malu l-mal, The fourth root.

م ولا ع jaz' (v.n.), Keeping (a horse) without food; tying two camels with one rope; -jiz', The trunk (of a tree); an upper room, a balcony; name of a man;—jaza', The young of cattle (as a bullock, heifer, or sheep, two years old; a horse, three; a camel, five); the year that a quadruped sheds his milk-teeth; a young man; a raw recruit.

هدك ه jazf (v.n.), Flying; making haste;

walking.

ال ه jazal (v.n.), Rejoicing, cheerfulness; -- jizl, The root of a great tree; the trunk after the branches are lopped off, a pollard.

🛦 جذم jazm (v.n.), Amputating, lopping, mutilating; jazam, Having the hand cut off; suffering from the leprosy or elephan-

tiasis; -- jizm, Root, origin.

juzmūr, The stump جذمار م left on the trunk of a palm-tree after lopping off a branch; root, origin, principal, sum total (see جذامير).

A جذوب juzūb (v.n. of بنج), Attracting,

attraction.

مَارِةٌ مَ jazwat, jizwat, juzwat, jazwa, &c., A burning coal or billet; a thick piece of firewood.

بخور ه juzūr (pl. of jazr), Roots, origins; square roots.

ينوع ه juzū' (pl. of jiz'), Trunks (of trees).

juzūl (pl. of jizl), Lopped trunks جدول ه of trees, pollards.

مارم م juzūm (pl. of jizm), Roots.

a jar, Crack, cleft, rent, fissure; particularly in the ground; a ditch, trench; cracked ground; [jar bastan (zadan, kandan), To dig a trench;—jar gusastan, To be destroyed (a trench);]—jur, A saddle.

jarr (v.n.), Drawing, dragging, attracting; dragging forth an offender for public punishment; committing a crime; foot, bottom, foundation, base, lowest part (of a mountain); (in Gram.) the vowel kasrah at the end of a word; -jarri saqīl, The science of mechanics;—harfi jarr, A preposition.

jarā, A stipend; expenses for living; -jirā (perhaps corruption of چراع), A

lamp, light, lantern.

A bija jarā'at, Boldness, bravery, hardibood.

مراب A جراب jarāb, jirāb, A kid-leather bag, in which travellers or shephords carry provisions; the scrotum; the space between the brink and water of a well; - jurāb, An empty ship ;-jurrab, A stocking.

41r jarāba, A sock.

A beign jur'at, Boldness, bravery; rashness; -jur'at kardan. To be bold, to dare (m.c.); — ba-chi jura't, How dared you? (m.c.).

A the jirāh (pl. of jirāhat), Wounds.

A دراع A surgeon;—jarrāḥ-bāshī,

Surgeon-in-Chief (m.c.).

براحة به jirāḥat (vulg. jarāḥat), A wound, a sore; - jarāhat ba-ham rasāndan, To get wounded; -jarahati khandad (the wound laughs), The wound is fresh, not yet closed ;-jarāḥati mattā'ī, A fistula.

a مراحت بند jirāḥat-band, A bandage for

a wound.

a جراحت دوست jarāḥat-dost, Who cherishes مراحت کرین his wounds (in a sense similar to q.v.),

a جراحت ديده jarāḥat-dīda, Who bas seen wounds, was frequently wounded; wounded.

a جرامت گزين jarāḥat-guzīn, Who chooses to be wounded (as a lover by the darts of his mistress's eyes, &c.).

a جراحي jarrāḥî, Surgical, chirurgical. A oly- jarād, A locust; -- jarādu 'l-baḥr, A shrimp.

A bija jarādat, One locust.

jarrār, Drawing (a thing) to, with, or after one; numerous, and loaded with incumbrances (an army); warlike, brave; a beggar; a kind of scorpion; long curls (for the last two meanings see also the following article); — jarrāri 'adū-shikār, Victorious soldiers;—jarrāri kūcha u bāzār, A beggar in the streets and markets.

jarrārat, jarrāra, A numerous, encumbered army; a species of deadly scorpion with a heavy tail, which he drags after him, found in Alwaz; (met.) a ring-

let of hair.

jarāz, Name of a plant;—jurāz, Sharp (sword).

jarāzrām, Abstruse mystical sayings (?).

jarāsak, A kiud of grasshopper.

وراسيا غ jarāsiyā. A cherry.

jurāf, jirāf, A large measure for dry goods ;-jarrāf, A glutton.

إمراه jarāmaqa, A kind of thorn-tree. jaranghar, The left hand side, the second line of the left wing of an army.

اجراهم jarāna, Chiretta-root (Gentian) chiravites radix).

A My jara'id (pl. of jaradat), Books,

tomes.

jara'ir (pl. of jarīrat), Faults, crimes.

مراكم A مراكم jarā'im (pl. of jarīmat), Sins, offences, crimes ;—jarā'imi khafīfa, Slight offences, peccadillos; — jarā'imi sābiqa, Past offences;—jarā'imi sangīn, Serious crimes, deadly sins; felony; -wali 'l-jara'im, A magistrate, police-officer.

A -> jarab (v.n.), Being scabby, scab; becoming rusty (a sword); - jarabi rath,

Moist tetter.

جرب jarb, = جرب q.v.; -jirb (from A. jarib), As much of land as can be ploughed in a day, an acre; [hazār jirb, A royal garden in Isfaban;]—jurab, The heath-cock.

A sly jarba' (fem. of ajrab), Scabby; heaven; barren (ground); a beautiful

a איז jurbuz (from P. אָל), Arch, sly; a deceiver.

a by jarbazat, Being arch, sly. jarabnak, Scabby, mangy.

, charbi چربی jarbidan, = جربیدن jarbi, جربی charbīdan. چربيدن

zurat), Indian corn (Holcus sorgum).

jarrat, A pull; a water-pot; bread baked in the ashes; a loaf; beads; - jirrat, A mode of drawing; the cud; a buckstall; -jurrat, A buckstall; a kind of game.

a جرثوم jarṣūm, Firmly rooted; of noble

origin.

jursūmat, Root, origin.

a type jarj (for jaraj, v.n.), To be loose upon the finger (a ring); hard, stony ground.

مرجة jurjat, A cloak-bag, portmanteau. ورجان jurjan (for P. گرگان q.v.), A province and city in Persia.

יריך jarjar, A threshing-floor; a musical instrument, a timbrel, a kettle-drum.

a firj jirjir, A bean, a vetch; the herb rocket.

jarjari, Juniper-tree.

A جرجير jirjīr, Water-cress.

مرجيس م jirjīs, George, particularly St. George of England; ranked among the prophets by the Muhammadans.

A transfer (v.n.), Wounding; a wound; reviling; an offence against the person; rebutting evidence; invalidation of testimony;—jurh, A wound.

عرضت jarkhast, جرخست jarkhusht, jur-khisht, A wine-press.

jard, A royal throne; a certain blue bird; a kingfisher; - jarad, Wounded; jurd, A cricket.

A sp jard (v.n.), Skinning; removing the hair from a skin; carding cotton; denuding; asking and receiving a denial or a gift unwillingly; a shield; remainder, residue, balance; penis, vulva; — jarad (v.n.), Being bald; baldness; open ground without vegetation; a town of the Bani Tamim; a blemish or disease in quadrupeds;—jurd, Hairless (pl. of ajrad); without vegetation, bare, barren (ground).

A مان jarda' (fem. of ajrad), Bare,

barren (country).

a ωίν jardán (for jarr-dān), A plate (for receiving contributions for the poor); a staple, hasp of a padlock.

jurda, A cream-coloured borse;—jurda, A horse bred from an Arabian sire, but not an Arabian dam; a gelding; skin.

A hy jaraz, Any tumour about the hough of horses or camels;—juraz, A species of the field-mouse.

م ولان جرالام jirzān (pl. of the preceding), Field-mice.

jarrā (in Zand and Pāzand), A portion, a share; a stone.

Jr jarz, jurz, A bustard.

A jy jarz (v.n.), Cutting off, lopping; —juraz, Barren year; broadness of a man's body and breast; flesh of a camel's back; —jirz, A female's garment made of camel's hair and goat's skin;—jurz (for P. gurz), A mace;—juruz, Barren ground.

piars (v.n.), Emitting a low sound, humming; speaking, chanting; part of the night; (also jirs) a soft sound; a clash; echo;—jaras, A bell appended to the neck of a camel, &c.; [jaras bar maḥmil (dar gulū) bastan, To fasten the bell to the litter (to the camel's neck), i.e. to prepare for travel; (met.) to pray or sing with a loud voice;—jaras zadan, To make the bell sound, to ring or strike the bell;—jaras-hā'i zar (zarin), The stars;]—jarasi ghoza, A cotton-pod (on account of its bell-like appearance);—jirs, Root, origin.

جرس jaras, A prison. A جرسام jirsām, Pleurisy.

jarrast, jarist, The noise of gnashing of the teeth or tearing calico.

jiristīdan, To gnash the teeth

(چوستیدن see).

י jaras-dār, A bellman; courier, messenger (so called because he wears bells on his belt to announce his arrival).

jarei, A wine-press (doubtful word). جوش م jareh (v.n.), Pounding into coarse particles; combing (the hair). jarehaft, Lampoon, pasquinade.

jarnz (v.n.), Having the throat obstructed by spittle almost to suffocation (from anguish or vexation); saliva.

م الم jar' (v.n.), Drinking by sips ;—

jura' (pl. of jur'at), Draughts.

A & jar'at, A sand-hill where vegetation thrives; a sand-hill yielding no herbage;—jur'at, jur'a, One draught or gulp;

remains of (wine) at the bottom of a vessel, dregs;—jur'a-hā'i sabz tasht, The stars.

جرعاتو jar'atu, جرعتو q.v.

a Ols and jur'a-dan, A drinking-glass; a leathern pouch wherein travellers stow their victuals and their flask.

a جين jur'a-chin, Who drains the

cup to the bottom.

a برعه رير jur'a-rez, A vessel having a spout, either for pouring anything down a child's throat, or for pouring water on women's heads in a bath;—jur'a-rez dīda, An eye shedding tears.

a جرعه کش jura-kash, جرعه نودل jura-nosh, who empties the cup to the bottom, a wine-

drinker.

جرهاتو jarghātū, جرهاتو jarghatū, A cup which has a spout (to drink out of); = جرعه q.v.

jarghān, A cipher or character used جرعان

amongst the worshippers of fire.

مرغد jarghad, مرغد jarghand (probably corruption of مركز آكند q.v.), A sheep's haslet; (for جرود q.v.) a lamp; a lampstand.

קלינה jarghūl, אלינה jarghūn, A plantain. א אינה jarf (v.n.), Digging, ploughing; —jaraf, A mark on a camel's thigh;—jurīf, jurūf, A bank eaten into by the stream; any place where water collects, a pond or pool.

مرك jurk, A desert, a plain.

jarkant (۲), Wantonness, lasciviousness.

جَكَة jarg جَكَة jarga, A circle, ring (of men or beasts);—jarga andākhtan (sākhtan, kardan, kashīdan), To sit or collect in a circle, as members of an assembly, or hunters surrounding the game.

A Jr jaral, A rough hard place full of

stones, stony ground.

A conjurm (v.n.), Cutting; taking, bearing off; gaining, acquiring; being worthy deserving; committing a crime, trespassing; a fine; (for P. garm) warm, bot;—jirm, A body; a globe; [jirmi damāgh, The brain;—jirmi subh, The light of the sun;—jirmi 'aṣabī, The nervous tissue;—jirmi qamar, The body of the moon;]—jurm, Sin, crime, fault;—jurmi khafīf, A minor offence;—jurmi sangīn, jurmi shadīd, jurmi 'aṣīm, A serious offence, a felony, a capital crime;—jurm nihādan, To accuse, to find fault with;—jurm u jināyat, Sin and guilt.

ومورة jarmuza, A journey. جرمواك jurmnāk, Guilty, criminal, faulty. برمناكي jurmnākī, Guiltiness, criminality. مرمناكي jurmūz, A small reservoir; a small house; a well; members, limbs —

ibni jurmuz, Name of the slaver of Ali's enemy, Zubair bin al-'Awam, who killed himself, because Ali disapproved of his deed.

a مرموزه jurmūq (for P. مرموزه q.v.), A kind of hose or gaiters.

jarma, A white or gray horse.

A cya jurn, A place where dates are dried; a stone hollowed out in which the water for the religious ablutions is kept.

jiranda, Gristle; the liver of a bird

(unsupported by examples).

jaranghār, The left wing of an

army.

jarang, jiring, Jingling or tinkling of bells; rattling of chains; clashing of arms.

ورنگيدي jarangidan, To jingle, tingle, rattle, make a noise like the clashing of swords or the like.

A >>> jarw, jirw, jurw, The whelp of a lion, a dog, or any wild beast; the young of anything, down to a small cucumber or colocynth.

jarwāsag, A جرواسك jarwāsag, A

jarwar (prob. misreading for برور q.v.), A porcupine.

ا جروس jarūs, Name of a country between Herāt and Ghazna.

A مردل jurwal, jurawil, Stony ground.

א בניס ה jurum (pl. of jirm) Bodies; (pl. of jurm) sins, trespasses.

on jarun, The ancient name of the city of Ormuz in the Persian Gulf; the Indian melon.

A win jurun (v.n. of win), Being accustomed to (man or beast); being calendered, mangled, smoothed (linen); being polished (a coat of mail); grinding (corn).

wy jarwand, A lamp; a candle.

ewer; — jurra, A jar, earthen water-vessel, ewer; — jurra, Active, quick; moderate-sized, neither large nor small; a common name for any male bird or beast, but particularly of a male falcon (used metaphorically for a hero or brave man); anything small; a small watercourse derived from a larger one; name of a musical instrument; name of a village near Shiraz.

jurra-bāz. A white (according to others a male) falcon; active, quick, ready.

A ribe round Mecca, amongst whom Ishmael settled.

جرى A جرى jarī, Bold, brave, valiant. jirrī, The sheat-fish; an eel.

Flowing, running; what issues forth (as an order); happening, coming to pass; flux (of blood, wine, &c.); gonorrhœa, gleet;—jiryāni āb, Fluor albus;—jiryāni shikam, Dysentery;—jiryāni mazī, Fluor albus;—jiryāni manī, Gleet.

A ways jarib, A corn-measure equal to four qatiz; as much sown ground as will produce that quantity; a certain measure of land, 144 yards; (in India) horticultural produce (such as tobacco, chilli, turmeric, garlic, onions, &c.).

a مربح أسين jarīb-amīn, A land-surveyor.

a جيانه jarībāna, A rate imposed for defraying the charges of measurement.

a جريب كش jarib-kash, A land-surveyor. a جريب كش jarīb-kashī, Land-measuring.

a جريبي jarībī, A land-surveyor.

A juraij, Name of a man.

A جونم jarīh, Wounded (man or woman).

A جيد jarīd, A palın-branch; (a tree) despoiled of its branches, leaves, and bark.

a جريد بازى كردي jarīd-bāzī kardan, To fight in sport, or by way of exercise or discipline.

A simple jarida, A branch of a palm-tree stripped of the leaves; a number of horsemen or horses (part of a larger body); an account of receipts and expenses, a cashbook; a roll, volume, register; (= mujarrad) only, alone, bare, free from worldly attachment, deprived of relations and friends; expeditious; a short spear;—jarida shudan, To be expeditious, unencumbered.

אָנָא jarīr, A halter; a headstall for a camel; name of a Companion of Muhammad.

A مريرة jarīrat, Fault, crime.

ا جَرِينَ jarira, The daughter of Piran Wisa, wife of Sivawush.

a جريرية jaririyat, Name of a sect.

A جريش jarish. Bruised, brayed, coarsely pounded.

jarīmāna, Fine, penalty, forfeit.

A مريمة jarimat, jarima, A crime, fault; a fine, mulct. pecuniary punishment.

الم jarīn, A place where dates are dried (see نام).

a جريه jarya, and--

A مريقة jirrī'at, A bird's crop.

y- jaz, An island; name of a country between Euphrates and Tigris (Mesopotamia, al-jazīrat);—jiz, Fat of a sheep's tail fried, and poured over a dish of flour;—juz (probably from Ar. ½), Besides, except, other, apart; except in, as: juz jawīla, except in the stable (m.c.);—juz az ān, Besides that;—juz az in-ki, With exception of this, besides that (m.c.).

A غ jazz (v.n.), Mowing, cutting, reaping,

shearing, clipping.

A 'j- jaz' (v.n. of 'ly-), Dividing in parts; distributing; making content;—juz', Part, portion, particle; an ingredient; a quire of paper; a metrical foot; a section of a book (the Kur'ān, for example, being divided into thirty juz', as the Psalma are with us);—juz'u'l-ka'b, The cube root;—

juz'i-kalām, In fine, in short, to sum up; juz' lā yutajazza', An indivisible atom; -juz' u kull, kull u juz', In whole and part;

totally, entirely, in every part.

A مراه jazā' (v.n. of جراه), Compensating, requiting; recompense, reward, amends; retribution, repayment, return, retaliation; satisfaction; (in gram.) an apodosis;—harfi jazā, A conditional particle;—rozi jazā, The day of retribution.

A self-juziat, The handle (of an awl or

knife); a vine-prop.

A مزار jazās, jizāz, Harvest; date-cutting; -jizāz, Sheep-shearing;—juzāz, قارة, juzāzat, Anything which falls in cutting leather,

paper, &c., clippings.

A الب juzāf, jazāf, jizāf (from P. guzāf), Guess, conjecture in buying or in selling; random (sale or purchase), one made with-, out weighing or measuring; conjectural; jazzāf, A fisherman.

مراك الله م jazāka 'llāh, May God reward

thee! thanks! bravo!

A قال jazālat (v.n. of اجرال, Being complete, firm, solid.

jazānī, Changeable, unstable, mu-

table (see جريدن).

الريم jaza'ir (pl. of jazīrat), Islands; peninsulas; —al-jazā'ir, Barbary; Algiers; -al-jazā'iru'l-khālidat, The Fortunate Isles, the first meridian of Ptolemy.

a مواقري jazā'irī, King of Persia's body-guard.

a جرائل jazā'il, A large musket, wallpiece, swivel; a rifle used with a prong or rest.

a مراكل الدار jazā'il-andāz, جراكل الدار jazā'ilchi, Who fires a rifle of the preceding description.

A wy jizb, Part, portion; -juzb, Ser-

juz-bandi, The stitching together جربندي the parts of a book, book-binding.

ويه کودن jazaba kardan, To enrage.

yy jiz-biz, Offended, displeased, put out. a جوتن juz-tan (part of the body), A limb. jizjaz, The hissing of a frying-pau.

A ty- jazh (v.n.), Going about one's business; giving liberally without consulting anyone; entering a covert (a deer); striking a tree that the leaves may fall; assigning part of one's property; a gift, a been;jazah, jazih, Quick-sighted, shrewd (boy).

juz'-khwān, One who reads the

Kur'ān in parts.

مزد jazd, juzd, A cricket, a grasshopper.

a جردان juzdān, A portfolio.

jazdar, jizdar, خزدره jazdara, juzdara,

juzda. A fried sheep's tail.

A 19- jazr (v.n.), Cutting (bunches of dates); slaughtering or skinning (a camel); decreasing, subsiding (water); reflux, ebbtide; [jazr u maddi iqdām u ihjām, The reflux and flux of resolves, i.e. irresolution;]--

jazar, jazir (from P. gasar), A carrot;— jazari hindī, A species of pumpkin.

a الان juz-ras, Sagacious; frugal, thrifty,

economical; penurious.

a جروس juz-rasī, Penetration; frugality, economy; knowledge, experience.

a 3))+ juz-rau (rav), A privy, a jakes. a جراى jazarī, Native of Mesopotamia.

A Exp jaz' (v.n.), Crossing (a country, valley, or river); being impatient; (also jiz') a kind of Arabian shell, black and white, compared often by the poets to the eyes; -jix', A place where a valley bends; the centre of it; a place where it breaks off abruptly; -juz', The axis of a pulley; -jaza', Lamentation, complaint, sorrow, impatience.

Exp jazagh, A frog (unsupported by examples); — jizgh, A cricket; a locust; -jizigh, The fat of sheep's tails fried and

poured over a dish made of flour.

الخال jizghāl, كالغبج, jizghāla, Fat, dripping.

A جوف jazf (v.n.), Taking a thing easy. امِر jazak, A distemper peculiar to fowls, affecting the roots of the quills and feathers, and causing them to drop off.

a جزکشی juz-kashī, Acquisition of know-

ledge by reading.

juz-gīr. A contrivance for keeping a book open when reading or writing; a portfolio.

A مرل jazl (v.n.), Cutting, paring, clipping; dry fire-wood, especially hard and thick; copious, large; liberal, generous; firm; sensible; eloquent; the cooing of a dove; -jazal, Soreness of a camel's bunch caused by the saddle.

A jazm (v.n.), Cutting, amputating; being weak, pusill inimous; deciding, resolving; decision, determination; giving effect to a vow or oath; keeping silence; the orthographical sign for a letter being silent; filling (a water-bag, &c.); evenness of the characters in writing; nibbing a reed pen (not slantwise); - jazm u tazdik kardan, To confirm oneself in a resolution; —jizm, A part, portion, lot.

 $a \rightarrow j + juz\bar{u}, jazw, = A. \rightarrow q.v.$

אָנָנ א juzūr (v.u. of אָנָר, Šlaughtering a

jazūr, جروز jazūz, A porcupine (probably misreading, see جبرور and جبرور).

A Eye jazu', Impatient; lamenting, queru-

a جروى juzwe, A part; a little, few; a trifle; -juzwī, Relating to a part or portion, partial, in part; particular; petty, trivial, trifling.

a جريات juzwīyāt (pl. of the preceding),

Parts; particulars.

jasa, A circular tent.

a جزى juzī, A particle, part; a little, a few; -kullī u juzi, az juzī u kullī, In whole and in part, entirely.

A days jizyat, Tribute, capitation tax (paid by Jews and Christians).

אניגיט jazīdan, To change.

A أينه jazīrat, An island; a peninsula; al-jasīrat, Mesopotamia.

a خانه jizya-khāna, A custom house or other place where tribute is collected.

 \mathbf{A} جزئ $\mathbf{j}uz'i$, جزئی $\mathbf{q}.v$.

A عرامات juz'iyāt, Trifles, particles; de-

جستن jas, Imp. and verbal noun of q.v.; in the latter meaning unsupported by

A jass (v.n.), Touching, handling; feeling (the pulse); seeking for information; close, confined, stuffy (air, m.c.).

A Jus jisad, Saffron.

مسارة ه jasarat (v.n. of جسارة), Daring ; excelling in vigour of mind and intrepidity; temerity.

A جساس jassās, Curious, inquisitive; a great searcher; also-

jassāsat, A fabulous beast which spies out and brings news to Antichrist.

A مسام jisām, jusām, Large-bodied.

A مسم jasāmat (v.n. of جسم), Being corpulent, big-bodied; corpulency, bulkiness; body; dimension.

a جساسی jusāmī, Corpulence.

a جساوت jasāwat (for اتساوة), The induration of an organ (med.).

jasbosī, Hypocrisy. جسبوسي jast, He leaped; he escaped; a leap, jump;—just, He sought; search, inquiry.

jastān, Leaping, springing, bound-

jastānīdan, To cause to leap; to cause (wind) to blow; to make (a limb)

jastan, To jump, leap, bound, spring forward; to fly (as sparks); to assail; to run away; to rise or blow (as the wind); to palpitate, leap, or beat (as the heart or pulse), to shake or tremble (a limb); [jastani dil, Palpitation of the heart (a disease); -bīrūn jastan, To rush out (m.c.); -justan, To search, seek, inquire, ask for, examine, investigate; to beap up, accumulate; to find, acquire.

just-jūy, جست جوی به بندوی just-jūy, جست و جوی just-u-jūy, Search and inquiry, diligent search;—just-jūy (just-u-jūy) kardan, To search diligently.

jast-u-char, Jumping and roaming; - jast u char däshtan, To gambol about (m.c.).

jast-u-khez, Starting np and bounding (as of deer).

jasta, Escaped.

jasta-jasta, Little by little.

jasad, The body (of men, genii, or angels); saffron, or anything of that colour blood; the calf of the children of Israel.

a جسدي jasadi, Corporeal, bodily.

jasr, jasar, A ring, a circle (unsupported by examples).

مسر م jasr, Large, strong (camel); brave, courageous; tall;—jasr, jisr, A bridge.

a مرو دارو jasrau dārū (for P. عسرو دارو q.v.), Galangal, &c.

jask, jasak, Trouble; extreme enmity.

jism, A body; a mathematical solid'; - jismi abagı, A liquid ; - jismi sabit, A body in a solid state (m.c.); — jismi jamādī, Metallic body; — jismi jauharī, Constitutional parts; — jismi hajarī, A stone, a calculus; — jismi haiwānī, Animal body; -jismi shakhī, Horny tissue or substance (med.);—jismi kaṣīf, (The) opaque body (of a planet); -jismi māyi', A body in a fluid state (m.c.);—jismi murakkab, A compound body ;-jiemi nabātī, Vegetable

A when jusman, A body.

a جسماني jismānī, jusmānī, Corporeal.

A jismānīyat, jusmānīyat, Materiality.

jasmī, A triangular thorny plant.

a مسجي jismī, Corporeal.

A jismīyat, Corporality, materiality. jasīdan, To incline, to lean to (unsupported by examples).

▲ سيسې jasīs, A spy.

م jasim, Great (in dignity); bulky, corpulent; fat; high ground.

جشینهٔ jasīna, جسینهٔ q.v.

jash, A kind of blue bead made of glass, in colour approaching to that of the turquoise (worn by common people in rings and necklaces, and by the children of the rich as a charm against accidents and the evil eye).

مِش م jashsh (v.n.), Breaking; grinding;

beating; cleaning (a well). مِثْمَا غُمْمَا بِهِ jushā', A belch.

jashān, A yard for measuring used by tailors, architects, &c.

▲ → jashb (v.n.), Being coarse (fare); pounding, grinding coarsely; rendering ugly and despised; (also) jushib, Coarse, homely (food, raiment, &c.).

A jashr (v.n.), Turning (cattle) to grass; cattle grazing at liberty without

coming home at night.

مشع jasha', Cupidity, greediness.

jashm, Labouring hard ;- jasham,

A heavy burden, heaviness.

jashn (Z. yaśna), A feast, social entertainment; convivial meeting; a solemn feast; [jashni buzurg, The sixth day of the month Farwardin; the day of Nauroz (New-Year's Day according to the Persian calendar); - jashni pūrdagān, Five intercalary days added to the Persian year; - jushni tīryān, The 13th of the month Tir; -jashni khurdadgan, The 6th day of the month Khurdad;—jashni sada, The 10th day of the month Bahman;—jashni mard gīrān, The 5th day of the mouth Isfandār; (according to others) the first of the last five days of this month, -- jashni maryam, The food and drink yielded by a tree to the Virgin Mary ;- jashni nīlūfar, The 17th day of the month Khurdad;] - jashan, Fever.

jashn-sāz, New year's day (of the era Malik).

jashn-gāh, A banqueting hall. jashni, Fond of feasting; epicure.

a معمر jashw, A light bow.

مشو jashū' (v.n. of جشا), Being distressed, being heart-sick from sadness or terror; retching, preparing to vomit; emigrating.

a جشوات jashwāt (pl. of jashw), Light

jashsha, An oil-measure;—jushsha, A sleeve.

ا مشيب jashīb, Coarse, homely (food, raiment); without sauce or relish; indiges-

jashīr, A weaver.

jashīra, A weaver; milk-pottage.

jashīsh, Wheat coarsely ground جشيش A and cooked in a pot with meat and dates.

jashisha, White, grey (applied to horses and mules, see چشیشه).

jass, jiss (from P. gach), Plaster, gypsum, mortar.

ماص م jassās, A maker or vendor of mortar; surname of a Hanafi doctor.

> ja', A spider (unsupported by examples).

A \rightarrow $ji'\bar{a}b$ (pl. of ja'bat), Quivers.

A جاب ja"āb, A quiver maker or vendor. معاد ji'ād (pl. of ja'd), Curly-haired (men).

A قامم ja'ādat (v.n. of عدد), Being crisp,

curly (hair);—abū ja'ādat, The wolf.

A ji'āl, Any cloth with which they lift a boiling kettle off the fire.

▲ المنابع ji'ālat, Hire, price, fee.

A --- jab (v.n.), Throwing prostrate; turning, inverting.

ا معبا م ja'bā', Large, thick (woman); fundament; $-ji'b\bar{a}'$, A throwing on the ground.

معباءة أi'bā'at, The fundament; ja'ba'at, A throwing prostrate.

A hear ji'ibbat, Ring of the fundament.

A جعبه ja'bat, ja'ba, A quiver; a case, box, desk (m.c.), a cabinet (m.c.);—ja'ba'i sāz, A musical box, a barrel-organ (m.c.).

A ja'bar, Short (man); name of a

man, and of a tribe.

A say ja'd, Crisp, curly, short hair; a ringlet, a lock of hair, a fringe; of a medium height; liberal; -ja'du'l-aṣābi' (-anāmil, -yad, or -yadain), Avaricious :- ja'di an-

queht, Avarice; — ja'di zaḥmat, Wellarranged curls; - ja'di sāda, Plain, neglected curls ;-- ja'di shutur, Hairiness of the human body; -ja'di qalam, Clotted ink adhering to the pen; -ja'di girih-gir, Curling ringlets; -khaddi ja'd, A cheek-bone neither small nor smooth (the opposite to الميل asil).

a جعد سا ja^*d - $s\bar{a}$, A wash for curls.

a جعد موى ja'd-mūy, Curly-haired.

ja'da, A sort of drug.

ja'r (v.n.), Dropping excrement; dung of wild beasts and birds of prey.

A is jaf (v.n.), Throwing prostrate;

rooting up.

A ja ja far, A little stream; a river; abounding in milk (camel); man's name; name of a tribe.

ja'far-ābād, Name of a place near جعفر آباد Shirāz.

بعفر صادق ب ju'fari sādiq, Name of an Imām.

a جفرى ja'farī, The finest kind of gold (called after a celebrated alchemist); a kind of cupola; a sort of screen (the interstices of the frame being lozenged); latticework; name of a yellow flower; paraley; name of a fortress.

A & ja'farīyat, Name of a sect; name

of a quarter in Baghdad.

معل معل ja'l (v.n.), Making, creating; nominating; calling, declaring; putting, placing; counterfeit, forgery; a dwarf palm-tree;—ja'al, Shortness combined with fatness; quarrelsome; -- ju'l, Hire for doing errands; a bribe; -ju'al, A black and ill-shaped man; litigious; quarrelsome; a blackbeetle.

A معلان ji'lan (pl. of ju'al), Beetles.

a جعل ساز م ja'l-sāz, Who counterfeits, a forger.

a جعل سازى ja'l sāzī, Fabrication, counterfeiting, a forgery.

ju'ullaqī, Of the vilest, basest; a bastard.

a جعلى ja'lī, Forged, counterfeit, artificial. ja'am (v.n.), Desiring greedily; having a foul appetite (a man, camel, or dog); wanting an appetite.

jagh, The ebon-tree; a churn-stick;—

jugh (S. yuga), A yoke for oxen.

jaghāra, قارة jaghāzu, A certain esculent root; bread made of millet; a red paint used by ladies; the navel of any beast; name of a town in Persia; a cellar for preserving grain (this unsupported by examples).

jaghāla, A flock of birds; unripe

fruit.

jaghbat, Raw cotton; quilting; stuffing.

جعبوت jaghbūt, A gut-pudding; raw cotton for quilting.

Adams jaghjagha, Name of an astringent

plant (Prosopis stephaniana);—jaglijagha'i dandān, Chattering of the teeth.

jughd, An owl; battlements; hair knotted at the back of the head.

jaghr, A frog.

غرابه jaghr-āba, A kind of water-moss. بغرات jughrāt (in the dialect of Samarkand), Sour, coagulated milk.

a جرافيه jughrāfiya, Geography.

مرد jughard, Verdure; a grove, a bosket. مرسته jaghrista, A spinning-rope; a reed made use of by weavers to wind their thread upon.

jaghz-pāra, جغز بارة jaghz-wāra, Green scum or filth floating on stagnant

water (see چغز پاره).

jaghash, جغش jaghasht, A particular esculent vegetable which appears very early in spring.

jaghla, An unbearded youth.

خمنانه jaghanak, A kind of bird (see مناهم). بالمناهم jaghnūt, Cotton used in lining. هناهم jaghna, A large yellow bird.

jaghū, A bird resembling an owl (see

.(چھو

jagha, A crest with which a wrestler

or champion is adorned.

a large number, a multitude;—juff, An old worn-out man; anything hollow; a large bucket; the half of an old leathern bottle converted into a bucket; the dug-up root, or the envelope of the flower of a palmtree.

A منام jafā' (v.n. of منام), Oppressing, treating cruelly; cruelty, oppression, iniquity, injustice (construed with āmadan, burdan, juṣtan, dīdan, raftan, kardan, kashīdan, gustardan, guftan);—jufā', Whatever a torrent carries along with it; an empty ship; seum, foam; anything vain or useless.

a عنا إيمث jafā-āhang, جفا إهنك jafā-pesha, Tyrannical ; a mistress.

jafā-jūy, One seeking to oppress, oppressive, cruel, unjust.

a معامعا أمعان jafā-shi'ār, A confirmed tyrant, a habitual wrong-doer.

ا جفاك jafāf (v.n. of جفال), Being dry. a كان م jafā-kār, A tormentor, oppres-

a کار jafa-kar, A tormentor, oppressor.

علا کاری به jafā-kārī, Oppression, tyranny. م کش jafā-kash. Oppressed, bela-boured.

عنا كشي a jafā-kashī, Endurance of oppression.

a کفا مها jafā-kafā, Trial, hardship, calamity.

a جفا کیش jafā-kesh, Cruel, severe ; a persecutor.

بها کار ه jafā-gār, جها کر jafā-gar, An oppressor, a tyrant.

jufāl, Whatever a torrent sweeps

along with it; froth of milk, or of a boiling pot; much wool; anything plentiful.

jaffa 'i-qalam. The reed-pen has become dry, i.e. what has been written by fate will not be altered.

خماله jafāla, A flight of birds.

A جفان jifān (pl. of jafnat), Trenchers, large dishes.

jaft, Crooked (old man), bent, doubled; a trellis; the roof of a house; skin, rind; wrinkled; toasted; a bunch of grapes; imp. of jaftan; [jafti ballūt, An acorn-cup; an acorn;]—juft, jift, A yoke; a couple, a pair, a yoke (of oxen); an even number; a fellow, a match; a mate, husband or wife;—juft āwardan, To unite; to ally;—juft būdan, To be joined, associated;—jufti janīn, The placenta;—juft shudan, To join, to become equal with; to have sexual intercourse;—jufti falak, The sun and moon;—jufti muqauwas, An arch, a porch.

جفتا jaftā, Inclined, bent, curved. جفتا بخمت آفرید jufat-āfrīd, Satyrion.

بار جات مار بار juft-chahār, A kind of back-gammon (m.c.).

بطت ماز juft-sāz, One of the kinds of music.

jaftak, A heron;—juftak, A sort of bird that is said to have but one wing, on the opposite side to which the male has a hook, and the female a ring, so that when they fly they are joined, and separate only when they are on the ground.

juft-gav, A ploughing ox.

jaftagī, Curvature.

jaftan, To turn the mind; to be inclined, bent, curved, or crooked; to prop (a vine); to grow worse and worse (an affair);

—juftan, To be inclined, bent.

a prop, vine-arbour; the roof of a house; a young vine-shoot;—jufta, The buttocks, the space between the haunches; a kick made by an animal with his two hind feet; a knot;—jufta'i (jafta'i?) raz, A trellis for vine;—jufta zadan, To wince; to kick; to throw the rider; to commit pederasty.

بازى jufta-bāzī, Pederasty.

بهتني juft, Parity, equality; coupling, pairing; copulation.

jaftidan, To bend; to prop (a

vine).

* jafjaf High ground, though not very steep; low land; an extensive flat; a violent wind; doting, talkative; the noise of a marching army.

of a marching army.

a, is jafr, A lamb or calf four months old (when it begins to ruminate); doe-skin parchment for writing; the art of divining from certain characters written by Ali upon a camel's skin, which contains all events, past, present, and future; according to others, the art of making amulets or

charms, said to originate with the Imam Ja'far Sadiq; (for jafrat) a well not filled up, or partially filled up; a well at Mecca.

jafrasia, jafrista, Spinning thread;

tongs (هوه جغرسته).

jafrī, Adept in the art jafr (see above); — jufarra, The spathe of the female palm.

jafariyat, A city founded by Mutawakkil, the tenth of Abbaside khalifs; a

palace there.

jafsānīdan, To cause to stick or adhere (caus. of the following).

jafsīdan, To stick, to adhere (see

(چفسیدن and چپسیدن).

مُل ه jafl (v.n.), Voiding dung (an elephant); peeling, stripping; picking (a bone); shovelling away (dirt); casting up (fish) on the shore (the sea); driving (a cloud) about (wind); stirring up and driving off (an ostrich); running swiftly (an ostrich); to be entangled (hair); a rainless cloud; a small ant; -jift, Elephant's dnng.

A was jafn, The eye-lid; a root or shoot of the vine; a sort of grape; a place near Ta'if; -also jifn, The sheath (of a sword).

jafn, A sword (unsupported by ex-

amples).

A معلم jafnat, A large dish, a trencher; a liberal man; a small well; name of a tribe.

jafang, Futile, frivolous; bosh, nonsense (m.c.).

بهنگی jafangī, Absurdity, frivolity.

بهنگيات jafangiyāt (pl. of the preceding), Absurdities, frivolities.

a جفنه jafna, The sheath of a sword; a platter, dish.

a جهني jafnī, Palpebral. مطبع jafwat, jifwat, Cruelty, iniquity,

injustice, oppression.

بطور A jufūr (v.n. of جطور), Becoming languid (a stallion); ceasing to suck (a kid); becoming distended (the sides of the body).

ا جول jufūf (v.n. of جول), Being dry. مرابع jafūf, Dry (berbage).

جى جى jiq-jiq, Clamour, noise, tumult;

cry of a wounded bird.

jak, Churning; the sentence signed by the judge; the fifteenth night of the month sha'bān, called shabi barāt.

jakād, Summit of a mountain.

jakāsha, A porcupine.

jakāk, Grapes of an inferior quality.

jakar, Earth; a violent wind with

rain (dialectal).

بكاد jagād, Name of a bird (otherwise called , q.v.); summit of a mountain (see (جكاد

jagāra, Different ways or opinions. jagāsha, A porcupine.

jagtīpūnistan (in Zand and Pazand) To write.

jigar, The liver; the diaphragm; the heart; middle of anything; sadness, sorrow; pity, compassion, sympathy; expectation; power; measure;—jigar tākhtan, To fear, to be afraid;—jigar khā'īdan, To grieve, to be afflicted; -jigar khwurdan, To grieve, be sorrowful; to toil, drudge; jigar dāshtān, To be able, to have the power of doing a thing; -jigar darīdan, To use the utmost power; -jigar sokhtan bar kase, To feel pity for, to commiserate; -jigar kardan, To be brave or bold; --jigari gurba khwurdan, To lose something precious;jigari gil, Bowels of the earth, (met.) the grave; —dārū'i jigar, Medicine or cure for the liver;—dar jigari gil giriftan, To bury in the ground.

jigar-āshām, Afflicted, sad. jigar-āgand, Sheep's guts stuffed.

jigar-āwar, Strong-minded.

jigar-band, The liver, lungs, and heart; a son; anything lean and weak;jigar-band peshi zāgh nihādan, To choose misery for one's portion.

جگر تاب jigar-tāb, Diseased in the liver. ينان باز jigar-tāz, Afraid, timorous.

جدر تالته jigar-tāfta, Deeply in love; hectic.

igar-tishna, Thirsting, longing. جگر تشنة jigar-josh, What stirs or moves جگر جوش the heart powerfully.

r جگرجی jigarjī, A seller of livers, &c. jigar-khāy, Afflicted, sorrowful.

jigar-khasta, Heart-sore. بازم jigar-khwāra, A magician, sorcerer; a fabulous being; deeply afflicted.

jigar-khwārī, Great affliction or جگر عواری misery. jigar-dar, Bold, brave.

جگر داری jigar-dārī, Boldness, bravery, valour.

jigar-sã, Wearing away the liver, afflictive.

jigar-soz, Liver-inflaming, tormenting.

بكر نسادى jigar-fasādī, Disease of liver.

جگر کش jigar-kash, Pained, afflicted. مگر کاه jigar-gāh, The seat of the liver, the abdomen; the bowels.

jigar-garm, Hectic; an ardent

jigar-gosha, A corner, lobe of the liver; the heart; a son; -jigar-gosha'i man. An affectionate mode of addressing a child or a mistress, darling.

بكريد jigrana, A kind of crane. مكريتن jagrunitan (in Zand), To strike. jagarī, A medicinal seed; name of a plant; -jigarī, Of the nature of liver (as colour); livid; - 'aqīqi jigarī, A cornelian. jigarî-dāgh, An indelible mark جگریی داغ

or stain; a natural spot; inconsolable grief.

جگی جگی jigī jigī, A cry of fear; an exclamation expressive of surprise or plea-

jagīja, A pot for holding grease.

Jo jal, A lark; the inside or (according to some) the outside of the mouth; the midst of the sea; a handle, hilt, haft; thread;—jil, The handle of a knife, &c.; jul (for A. جل q.v.), A horse-cloth; a veil (hung before a sanctuary);—juli ab (bak, pant, wazagh, A green film which floats on stagnant ponds.

A J⇒ jalla, He was great; hence the following phrases used in apposition with <u>kh</u>udā, allāh, ḥaqq, God: jalla jalālu-hu, Exalted be His glory! — jalla zikru-hu, Exalted be His name!—jallu shānu-hu, Exalted be His power;—jalla wa 'alá, May

He be glorified and exalted.

▲ J⇒ jall (v.n.), Collecting (camel's dung); the sail of a ship; -jill, A carpet; clothes, garments ;-jull, A housing, covering for a horse; principal or greater part of a thing; (from P. qul) a rose; a jas-

mine; any red or yellow flower.

A 1/2 jala', Baldness on the forehead; -jalā' (v.n. of جاء), Leaving one's country; emigration; driving into exile; brightening, polishing; making clear and known; casting aside (a garment); [jalā'i waṭan kardan, To quit one's country;]-jilā, Presenting a bride to her husband adorned and unveiled; a collyrium.

A > jalla', A polisher, scourer; deter-

gent, detersive, cleansing.

A قام jala'at (v.n. of اجلاء), Throwing, prostrating; casting off, flinging away.

jalab, An ear-ring, a pendant. م ہالہ jilāb, A wallet; a sword-case; (for P. gil-āb) muddy water;—julāb, Name of a poet;—jallāb, One who goes about with slaves or cattle, who hawks things about from place to place;—jullāb (from P. gul-āb), Rose-water; sherbet; a purgative. a w jallāb-band, A hawker.

jalābīb (pl. of jilbāb), Ladies' veils.

jalājil (pl. of juljul), Bells, small جلاجل ه globular bells hung about the heads and necks of cattle, or round the rims of Arabian drums or cymbals; (in P.) a horse's poitrel hung with little bells; a drum; a certain melodious bird; — julājil, Light, airy, cheerful.

A the julakh, A river filling its bed and

sweeping away all before it.

ملد jilād (v.n. 3 of جلد), Fighting with swords; camels yielding very rich milk; large and hard palm-trees.

A ملاه jallād, A skinner; an executioner. or whipper; flagellant;—jallādi falak, The planet Mars.

jalā-dāda, Polished, burnished. a ملا مار jalā-dār, Bright, lustrous, brilliant.

A قامة jalādat (v.n. of جلادة), Being hard and strong; hardness; activity, agility,

مادت اثر palādat-aṣar. إحلات أثر jalādatshi'ar, Hardy, strong; brave; valorous.

a معدده jalā-dihinda, A polisher, furbisher.

a ملادي jallādī, Executioner's office; cruelty, villainy.

a خارة jilāza, A musical note.

jallāg, An onanist.

a بالكام jālā-kār, A polisher, furbisher. a جلاکر jalāgar, A book-binder ; a polisher ; a glass-grinder; a glazer, cloth-presser.

A جلال jalāl (v.n. of جلال, Being great, illustrious, exalted in dignity and majesty; greatness, grandeur, eminence; dignity, state; mighty power; majesty, splendour, glory; awe, awfulness; (abbreviation for jalālu 'd-dīn) a proper name; [jalāli harīsa-paz, Name of a cook of Shīrāz celebrated for preparing the dish harisa;]jilāl (pl. of jull), Housings, horse-coverings; -julāl, jullāl, Great, bulky; illustrious.

برقل jalālat (v.n. of جلال), = جلال q.v.; -julālat, A large she-camel;—jallālat, A cow that eats dung and spoils her milk.

a جلالی $jal\bar{a}l\bar{i}$, Great, illustrious, majestic, glorious; terrible, awe-inspiring; an era reckoned from Jalalu 'd-din (Akbar Shah), and beginning 1079 A.D.;—ismi jalālī, One of the terrible attributes of the deity.

jalālīyat, Name of a sect who جلالية م worships the more terrible attributes of the deity; the followers of Jalal Bukhari; a kind of pigeon; a fine species of wheat.

jalānak, A certain game; a beetle.

jilāngar, A locksmith.

julāna, A beetle. بالو jalāv, A wheel (doubtful word).

a جلا وملن jalā-waṭan, An exile, an emi-

a جلاوطني jalā-waṭanī, Emigration, banish-

jullāh, julāh, A weaver.

بلاهي ₄ julāhik, A reel of thread; a weaver; a ball thrown by a ballista, &c.

A مائل jala'il (pl. of jalīl), Great (things). ملب jalb, jalab (v.n. of بلب), Drawing, attracting; bringing, fetching; driving cattle, slaves, &c., for sale; gaining, providing for a family; scheming for the acquisition of (m.c.); urging on (a horse); jalab, (Cattle) driven from place to place for sale; (in P.) a courtesan; noise, tumult; fraud, deceit;-itb, The curved timbers of a camel's saddle;—julb, jilb, A thin cloud without rain.

jalbā, The beam to which the rope of a bucket is fixed (doubtful word).

A جلباب jilbāb, A decrepit old man; a long veil, a shift, or pelisse worn by the Eastern ladies; — jilbāb shangarf, Red tulips; roses.

بلبان julbān, Pease.

jalabat, Sounds, clamours, mixed جلبة ۸ murmurs ;-julbat, The cuticle which grows over a wound when healing; leather used for or in camel's saddles; adversity.

jalbū. A plant resembling mint.

جلبوب $jalbar{u}b$, Ivy.

jilbahany, Seed of a yellow flower. jilbez, An informer, make-bate; a

halter; picked, chosen (see جلويز).

A A jallat, jillat, jullat, The dung (of camels or sheep) ;--jillat, Great personages, lords, leaders ;—jullat, A date-basket (made of palm leaves), a hamper.

A جلت jallat, Third person fem of مجل, q.v.; -jallat hikmatu-hu, Great is His wis-

dom, may His wisdom be exalted.

jaltā (in Zand), The skin of man or

jaltāq, Wild sorrel.

jalatka, A waistcoat (in c.).

A جَلَجِل juljul (in P. jaljal, jiljal), Little bells appended to the neck (of a camel); also those which are hung round about the rim of a tambourine; a certain melodious bird; light, airy, cheerful; name of a place.

ماجلان A juljulān, Coriander-seed; sesame seed; the innermost heart (= سويداء (q.v.) ;—juljulāni habashī, Seed of the black poppy; -juljulāni miṣrī. A certain poison-

ous plant; the Egyptian lotus.

jalh (v.n.), Cropping (as cattle the leaves of trees); peeling, barking (a tree); -jalah (v.n.), Being bald on the sides of the head; baldness; -jullah, (An ox) without horns, dodded.

A جلد jald (v.n.), Striking, lashing, whipping; forcing against the will; biting (as a serpent); lying with; onanism; hard, strong (man); penis; quick, active, brisk; hasty, rash, precipitate; fierce; soon, without delay; -jalad, Hard level ground; camels or sheep that neither breed nor give milk; -jild, The skin, hide, leather; binding (of a book); volume, book.

a جلد باز jald-bāz, Expeditious, fleet, hasty;

an active man.

a جلد بازى jald-bazī, Haste, speed. despatch; activity, agility; precipitation.

جلد بجلد jald ba-jald, Quickly, speedily. a عبد بند jild-band, إسام jild-sāz, A book-

a جلد سازی jild-bandī, جلد بندی jild-sāzī, Book-binding.

▲ jaldat, A whipping.

a جلد قدم jald-qadam, Swift of foot, fleet.

a جلدگر jild-gar, A book-binder.

a جائع jald-mizāj, Hasty, precipitate; quick-tempered.

jaldū, juldū, A reward; a gift from a great personage.

a ملك jaldī, Speed, haste, quickness, swiftness; expedition, despatch; precipitation, rashness, abruptness, impetuosity; -jildī, Referring or belonging to the skin, cutaneous.

A جلس jils, A companion, comrade, messmate; a guest.

A shula julasa' (pl. of jalis), Companions. a جلسا مطيبي jalsā-khatībī, The sitting down of the khatib (preacher) between the readings of the first and second khutbah.

A pleurisy. A pleurisy.

A مُلسة jalsat, jalsa, A sitting, meeting; society; posture, situation, seat, post, state, bearing; social gathering; committee; jalsa'i umara, Assembly of nobles; senate; House of Lords :- jalsa'i hākim ('adālat), The bench; a tribunal.

a مسلم jalea-khatībī, = مسلم خطيبي q.v.

A ملط jalt (v.n.), Drawing (a sword).

jala (v.n.), Pulling off clothes; — jala (v.n.), Being uncovered (the front teeth); being shameless (a woman).

jalghoza, A nut resembling the pistachio; — jalghoza'i hindī, A kind of

wild fruit; seed of onion.

ملك jalaf (v.n.), Striking (with a sword); plucking, tearing up, uprooting;jalaf, jilf, Hard, severe, churlish, mean; a miser;—jilf. Any empty vessel, pot or pan; an animal disembowelled, and skinned; anything empty in the middle.

جلف jilf, Silly, trifling; fearless (see the

preceding).

a بلفار julfar (for P. gul-par), A village near Marv; (also jullafār) a town in 'Umān.

jalq, Masturbation, onanism ;--jalq جلق

zadan, To onanise, pollute oneself.

julq, The thousand and eightieth جلق part of an hour, or and the part of a night and day.

jalak, A small melodious bird.

julkā, Territory, level ground; a

غارة jalkāra, جلكارة julgāra, Opposite

ways or opinions.

julka, Territory, level جلكة ground; a plain (also جلگه julgāh, جلگه julga).

ملم jalm (v.n.), Cutting:—jilm, The tallow of sheep.

jilm, Name of a country in the Panjāb.

ه باماتا عي jalmāṣā, A cucumber.

ا جلمد jalmad, A huge stone; a stern

A ملنار jullanār, julnār (P. کلنار), Pomegrauate-flowers.

jalanjūja, Wild mint.

jiling, Jingling of chains and the

like; a kind of silken stuff wrought with gold and silver or not; stalk of cucumbers. gourds, melons, and the like; a shrimp.

الم الم jalw (v.n.), Leaving a place, emi-

grating.

jalau, pop. jilau, A horse-bridle; reins; a horse led for parade; in front of, before, forward (m.c.); [jilau andākhtan (dādan, wil kardan), To give the reins; jilau chādir, In front of the tent;—jilau kase raftan, To go towards, to attack; jilau giriftan, To seize the reins, or in front, to stop;]-jalū, jilū, julū, A roasting-spit; brisk, saucy; ill-tempered.

jalwād, Ill-temper, bad disposition.

jilwāz, A sergeant or attendant on the collecter of tribute or revenue.

jalū-āhan, An iron spit.

A ماوة jalwat, jilwa (v.n. of جلو), Present ing a bride to her husband adorned and unveiled; the meeting of the bride and bridegroom; the nuptial bed; the bridal ornaments; splendour, lustre, effulgence, transfiguration; -jilwa dādan, To dress (a bride); to adorn, adjust, polish; -az jilwa andākhtan, To deprive of lustre, to take away from the appearance (m.c.).

باو چوب jalû-chob, A wooden spit.

jilau-khan, Front, facade of a house (m.c.).

أول jalūd, A city; a village.

a جاود به julūd (pl. of jild), Skins, hides;

jilau-dar, Who runs by the side of جاودار a rider holding to the bridle; an attendant,

a groom. jilau-rez, At full speed; swiftness,

haste. jalūza, حاوزة ,jalūza, The pistachio-nut. A filbert-nut; bold; robust.

A جارس julus (v.n. of جارس), Sitting; sitting down to table; accession to the throne, coronation; state, pomp; (pl. of jalis) sitters, men sitting together; -julūs kardan. To sit, to sit down; to ascend the

a جلوسى julūsī, Of the beginning of a reign, relating to the accession.

ماول م jalūl (pl. of jall), Sails of ships. jalaula', Name of a Persian village.

جاوند jalwand, A lamp, a candle.

jalūnak, Melon or cucumber-

a جاوة jilwa (see A. جاوة), Splendour; blandishment, loveliness; (met.) the world. a جاوة بدست jilwa-badast, Possessed of loveliness.

a جلوة بهشت jilwa-bihisht, Of heavenly splendour; a paradise of loveliness.

a بردار جلوه بردار jilwa-pardāz, Of perfect loveliness; of consummate splendour.

a مارة پناه jilwa-panāh, Resplendent, lustrous.

a jilwa-tarāz, Adorned with loveliness; resplendent.

a جَاوِهُ فروش jilwa-farosh, Coquettish.

a ملوة كنّان jilwa-kunān, Clear, manifest, conspicuous, splendid.

a ملوة كاة jilwa-gāh, A bride's apartment, in which she is unveiled by her husband; the world.

a جارة كدار jilwa-guzār, Of penetrating splendour.

a عارة كر jilwa-gar, Manifest, conspicuous. a جاوہ گری jilwagarī, Conspicuity, splendour; blandishment, loveliness.

a جارة مست jilwa-mast, Intoxicated with blandishments.

a جلوة ناك jilwa-nāk, Resplendent.

جلوی jalwi, A mincing gait; who walks with such; suite.

; jalwīz, jilwīz, julwīz, A bridle-rein جاريز picked, chosen; a sycophant, informer;julwiz, Leader of infantry; a mercenary judge.

al- julla, A fungus; a basket, canister; a ball of thread; a date-tree; a jar, drinking-vessel; (for jullah) a weaver; confinement (of a woman, this meaning unsupported by examples).

A diffigure jalh, jalah (v.n.), Experiencing a partial loss of hair on the forehead.

jalhī, The feetus of an animal جابي (doubtful).

a جلى jali, Clear, manifest, evident; bright, shining, resplendent; large, plain (hand-writing); distinctly-sounded (letter); —faşli jali, The season before the commencement of the rains in which a crop of rice is cut (in India).

ايلًا عليك jalīyat, Anything clear, manifest,

lucid; true intelligence.

jalītqa, A waistcoat (m.c.). A Lin jalid, Frost, hoar-frost, ice. jalīdqa, A wnistcoat (m.c.).

jalīda, A bone ring worn by archers, a thumb-stall.

a جليدية jalīdīya, The crystalline lens. جاءر jalīz, A halter; a mischief-maker.

A جليس jalīs, A companion, comrade, guest, chum.

jalik. A pot, a tub (for flowers,

A جليل jalīl, Great, glorious, illustrious; the plant sumām, used in covering houses or fencing tents;—jalilu 'l-i'libār, Greatly revered;—jalīlu 'l-qadr, High in dignity, august, illustrious.

a جليل julail, A horse-cloth; a covering for a camel-litter; name of a man who

kept many cats.

jam (Z. yima, S. yama), Name of an ancient king of Persia, whom they confound with Solomon and Alexander the Great; a monarch, a great king; the pupil of the

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eye; the second of the ten intelligences: pure, free, exempt; essence, nature, person; name of a place in the province of Yazd.

A pa jamm, Water collected, or flowing into a well; a mass of water; a mass, a multitude, a mob; much, abundant; [jammi ghafīr, A great multitude;]—jimm, A devil, devils;—jumm, A kind of shellfish, a shell.

A heap, crowd, pellmell.

A sheep without horns, dodded.

A jamājim (pl. of jumjumat), Skulls; chieftains.

imāh (v.n. of جمع), Being restive, refractory (a horse);—jummāh, A round-headed arrow with which boys learn to shoot.

the jamākh, A bridle, a curb (unsup-

ported by examples).

A معان jamūd, A dry season; ground unwatered by rain; anything not growing or increasing, inorganic; a fossil; [jamādu 'l-kaff, Frozen-handed, i.e. avaricious; -also jimād, A sort of garment.

مادات ممادات jamādāt (pl. of jamād), Mine-

rals, fossils.

مماليل م jumādá, Name of two months (the fifth and sixth) of the Arabian year; -jumāda 'l-ūlá (-auwal, supplying shahr, month), Jumāda the First; — jumādá 'lukhrā (ākhīr), Jumāda the Second.

a جمانی jumādī, Inanimate, inorganic. A jimār (pl. of jamrat), Small stones (thrown in the solemnities of Mecca); jummär, The pith of a palm-tree.

A jammāz, Quick (camel).

مُعَارِعٌ مِ jummāzat, jummāza, Quick-travel-

ling (she-camel); dromedary.

a مازكان jumınāzagān (pl. of the P. form of the preceding), Camels, dromedaries; swift messengers.

jammāzwān, Camel-keeper or

leader.

jam-isparm, A creeping plant. جماش jamäsh, Cheerful, sprightly; a deceiver, cheat; deceit; drunken; jollity, mirth, impudence; drunkenness, revelry, riot; fierceness, roughness; decorator, adorner; [jamāshānigul, Flower-gatherers;] -jammāsh, An amorous glance.

A جماع jima' (v.n. 8 of جماع, Concubitus, coitus; all, universal; a multitude, sum total, whole; a large cauldron; -jimā'u 'l-Wine; - jimā' dādan (kardan), To copulate; — jimā'i nā-jā'iz, Illicit inter-

A deles jama'at, A crowd, troop, body; a heap, collection; a meeting, assembly, council, congregation; a faction; a class, order, rank ;- jamā'ati sanad-yāfta, An incorporated company, a corporate body;jamā'ati muttafiya, An association.

a جماعت دار jamā'at-dār, A leader of troops.

A جمال jamāl (v.n. of جمال), Being fair, comely, becoming; elegance, beauty, grace (of body or mind) ;-jimāl (pl. of jamal), Full-grown camels; -jumāl, Very handsome;—jammāl, A camel-owner or driver. a منالستان jamālistān, A place abounding

in beauties.

ممالوک ,jamāl-log (jamāli log), ممالوک jamālūg, Name of a famous robber.

a جمالي jamālī, Amiable, lovable (attribute of divinity (in opp. to jalālī, terrible).

A جمام jamām (v.n. of جمام), Resting (an exhausted stallion or jaded horse); rest; -jamām, jimām, jumām, Fulness (of a cup, &c.).

الم jumān, A kind of wood, the exterior of which is black, and the inside of a pista-

chio-green (see کیل دارو).

A obs jumān, A pearl; a globule of

silver resembling a pearl.

jumāna, The middle (of an assembly, &c.).

jamānī, A cupbearer. جماني

A جماهير jamāhīr (pl. of jumhūr), Republics, commonwealths; states, nations;jamāhīri nasārā, The Christian republics.

A des jammat, A reservoir of water; a well full and overflowing; a crowd, troop; -jummat, Hair flowing over the shoulders. jamtūd, Exulting in, reviewing with complacency, good deeds done by oneself.

jam-jah, Place of assembly; whose dignity or majesty is like Jam (for Jam-

shed); imperial.

a jumjum, A kind of shoe, the under part made of rags, the upper of string, worn by dervishes.

a hara jumjumat, jamjama, The skull; a wooden cup; a well dug in a brackish

place.

A jamh (v.n.), Being refractory, vicious (horse); being self-opiniated.

jamd (v.n.), Freezing, congealing (water or blood); congelation; connection; -jamad, Ice, snow, anything congealed or rigid; -jumd, jumud, jamad, High ground; -jamadi chīnī, Native alkaline salt.

jamdār (for jama-dār), Keeper of the wardrobe (honorific office and title).

jamdar (said to be derived from jamb, Side, and dar, Rending), A kind of weapon.

A جمر jamr (pl. of jamrat), Live coals. jamarat (pl. of jamrat), Live coals.

مورة ع jamrat, jamra, One live coal; gravel or small pebbles; heat from the ground; vapours, warm exhalations rising out of the earth in the spring; a skindisease; a tribe united amongst themselves but mixing with others; a sacred solemnity or peregrination performed in the valley of

Mina, near Mecca, in which they defy and throw stones at a figure representing the devil.

jamrī, jumrī, jimrī, Poor, mean; turbulent (see الجامرة).

below, of which جمويور jamriwar, = جمويور it is probably a misreading.

A jamz (v.n.), Travelling quick (a camel).

אינוען jamzīwar. A horse white of face, belly, and two of his feet.

jams, Ice; -- jamas, Little eminences in a garden.

jamast, jamist, A coarse blue gem, said to prevent intoxication or to produce pleasant dreams; a low, mean, illiterate person.

بمش jamsh (v.n.), Shaving (the head); milking with the tips of the fingers; a low

voice, soft voice; making love.

a جمش jamash, An eye-glance; the turn of the eye and outstretched neck (of rapacious birds when going to seize their prey).

jamshāsb, Solomon; Jamshed. jamshak, فمشاك jamshak, A shoe. jamshed, Name of a Persian king ; —jamshedi māhī, jamshedi māhī-gīr, The sun in Pisces; Solomon; the prophet

jamshedūn, Solomon; Jamshed,

a Persian king.

jam' (v.n.), Collecting, assembling, bringing together; an assemblage, congregation, gathering; the concourse of people at Muzdalifa on the occasion of the pilgrimage; conjunction; accumulation, aggregate, amount, sum total; (in arithmetic) addition (jam'-murakkab, Compound addition); the plural number (jam'i qillat, Plural of paucity;—jam'i kasrat, Plural of multitude;—jam'u 'l-muzakkar, Masculine plural; -jam'i muşahhah, Sound plural;jam'i mukassar, Broken plural;—jam'u 'l-mu'annas, Feminine plural); capital, principal, stock, assets; a fund; outlay, cost price; the credit side of an account, credit; collections, receipts; proceeds of land; the government revenue; assessment of the land revenue; assessment (jam'i abwāb, Rent of land in India fixed at a subsequent period to the time of the Emperor Akbar; -- jam'i asl, Original rent of land as rated in the reign of Akbar or at some remoter period; jam'i kāmil, Revenue that has remained unaltered for many years :—jam'-mahāl-mīrbahr, Port duties, an account of the same; -jam'-mufassil, The aggregate amount of the different sources of revenue; -- jam'wāṣil-bāqī, An account stating the rental collections, balances, and arrears of a district or province;—jam' u kharch, An account of receipts and disbursements, account current); — jam' āmadan, Coire; to be collected (m.c.);—jam' āwardan, To gather,

collect; -jam' bastan, To join, to collect; jam' budan, To be assembled, gathered together; — also jam' shudan, To be tranquil, secure; —jam' kardan, To assemble, bring together, collect (m.c.); -jam'i lashkar kardan, To muster an army ;-jam'i māl kardan, To acquire riches;—aiyāmi jam', The days of Mina; -'aqlat-ra ba-sarat jam' kun, Collect the wits in your head, gather your wits together (m.c.); -yaumi jam', The day of judgment; the day of 'Arafat.

A when jama'at (pl. of jam'), Collections; additions; receipts; accounts, &c.

a جمع انگنی jam'-afgani, Unfailing bow-

manship.

a jam'-andāz, An archer whose arrow never misses.

a جمع بندي jam'-bandī, An account of the quantity of land and number of houses in a district; the settlement of an assessment a rent-roll.

معة jum'at, jum'a, A handful; Friday, the day of worship among Muhammadans when they assemble in the great mosque.

a ومع خرج jam'-kharj, An account of receipts and disbursements; cash account; account current.

a جمع عرج نويس jam'-<u>kh</u>arj-nawīs, A bookkeeper, an accountant.

a معدار jam'-dar, A native officer of the

army so called; the head of any body, as guides, harkāras, &c. (in India).

a جمعداري jam'-dārī, Rank of Jam'dār. a كانس jam'dān, A traveller's scrip.

a مدر jam-sadar, The revenue assessment settled directly with the government by the proprietors or contractors.

a خوماری jam'-tūmārī, A rent-roll. a جمع عوماری jum'agī, The weekly allowance to school-boys paid on a Friday; also the present then given by them to their tutor.

a ازار معمة بازار jum'a-bāsār, A Friday's market (which should be visited only after prayer,

i.e. in the later part of the day).

a جمعي jam'i, A total, assembly, a many. ا بمعية jam'īyat, A collection ; a collected state; composure, tranquillity; the number of inhabitants of a place (m.c.);jam'iyati khalir, Peace of mind.

a مانه jam'īyat-<u>kh</u>āna, Audience-

hall.

a کاة jam'īyat-gāh, A rendezvous. jumaqdār, A mace-bearer (see . (جوماق

a significant jamgard, Name of an earthly paradise mentioned in the Saddar, written

by Zardusht.

A ممل jaml (v.n.), Collecting; melting (fat); -jamal, jaml, A camel; a large saltwater fish; -juml, jumal, A cable; -jumal, Addition; the whole, aggregate, sum; jummal, A cable; addition;—hisābi jummal, The reckoning of the alphabet by abjad.

A Alex jumlat, jumla, Sum, whole, total, aggregate; a complete proposition, a sentence; -jumla'i ismīya, A nominal sentence; -jumla i shartiya, A conditional sentence; -jumla'i sifatīya, A qualificative sentence; -jumla'i fi'liya, A verbal sentence; -jumla'i muta'arriza, A parenthetical sentence;
—jumla'i kā'ināt, The universe, all creatures, everything; -jumla'i lashkar, The whole army; -az ān jumla, From, out of the whole;—bi 'l-jumla, In substance, upon the whole;—'ala 'l-jumla, On the whole; f'l jumla, In short, in substance; a little; -min jumla, From, out of the whole.

a جملگی jumlagī, جملگی jumlahī, Univer-sality, totality; all.

A مم jamam (v.n. of مم), Having no spear (a man); being without horns, dodded (sheep); having no battlements (a building).

jamand (for jāy-mand), A slow جمند

horse; slow, weak, languid.

jamuna (S. yamunā), The river

A c+++ jamūh, Restive, refractory;—jumūh (v.n. of ←→), Being restive; being headstrong and leaving her husband's house

without leave; hastening, being in a hurry.

A مورد jumūd (v.n. of معرد), Becoming frozen (water); congelation, freezing, frost;—jumūdi mafsil, Stiffness of a joint; --jumūdi na'sh, Rigidity of a dead body.

چموش jamūsh, A restive horse (see جموث).

A Jamul, A melter of fat.

A האנק jamum, A brim-full well; a horse always ready for a fresh run; -jumum (v.n. of جَمّ, Abounding with water (a well); drawing near (time).

A break jamharat (v.n. of reak), Collecting; the title of a highly-esteemed philological

treatise by Ibn Duraid.

jamhalū, jamahlū, A kind of grain. jamhūr, Name of an Indian king.

jumhur, A high heap of sand; a large gathering of people; the populace; a community; all, universal; a republic (m.c.) ;--umūrij umhūr, Public or state af-

a جمهوري jamhūrī, Old wine; wine three years old; wine reduced by cooking to a third or half; — jumhūrī, Republicanism (m.c.); the president of a republic; -jumhūri'i rūzh (for Fr. rouge), Red republicanism; a red republic (m.c.).

jamītunitan (in Zand and Pā-

zand), To die.

jamīd, A register of the kings of India; (for jumādá) the fifth Arabian month (doubtful word).

A year jamiz, The wild fig.

Α σως jamī', Collected, assembled; an army; a family of Arabs mustered together; all, whole, universal.

A jamī'an, In whole, altogether.

A desce jami'at, A concourse, etc. (see (جمعية

ا بعيل م jamīl, Beautiful, elegant; good, fair; becoming; -jumail, The nightingale (little beautiful); name of a woman.

a Aless jamila, = the preceding ;—umūri janāla, Good things;—ausāfi jamīla, Good qualities; excellent talents.

(in the dialect of Astarabad for zan) woman.

A war jann (v.n.), Covering, veiling (darkness); burying; being demoniacal;—jinn. vulg. jin, A demon; an angel, spirit, genius; a pari or fairy; a hobgoblin; the heart; a blossom; anything new; a begin-

جناب janāb, A threshold; a contract; the bolt of a door;—janāb, junāb, A saddle-cloth; the flap of a saddle; a stirrup-

leather.

مناب janāb, Side, margin, brink; an inner court, vard, vestibule; threshold; a place of refuge, hence, as a title of respect, your honour, excellency, majesty, &c.; power, dignity, dominion; [janābi aqdas ilāhī, The most holy divine majesty (m.c.); -janābi jalālat-ma'āb, Glorious and august majesty; -- janabi hakīm, Your Excellency, Doctor (m.c.) ;—janābi 'ālī, janābi mubārak, Expressions used for you in addressing persons of high rank; -- janābi man, My dear Sir (m.c.);]--junāb, Pleurisy.

a جنابان janābān (P. pl. of the preceding),

Excellencies, reverences, etc. (m.c.).

A منابة janābat (v.n. of جنب), Being a foreigner or stranger; coming amongst, or living with, strangers; loss of sperma; ceremonial uncleanness.

janāba, A game for stakes ;—junāba,

Twins.

janāt, Plucked, newly-gathered جناة م (fruit); — junat (pl. of jani), Gatherers, pluckers; sinners.

ا بنات jannāt (pl. of jannat), Gardens,

groves, paradises.

مِناع 🛦 مِناع janāḥ, Wing, fin, pinion; the arm; the armpit; the side; wing of an army; (with Nizami and Firdausi) advanced guard; (in P. junah) name of a flower, Elephant's ear (see نيل كوش ;—junāḥ, A crime, sin.

janākh, The pommel of a saddle (see

خناع) ;—junākh, A large can.

jināza, janāza, A bier with a corpse on it, a bier; a funeral; a corpse.

a روان janāza-rawān, A horse. a جنازه روان janāza-kash, Drawer of a bier. janāgh, A contract, bargain; the breast-bone of a bird; the bow or pommel of a saddle; $-jun\bar{a}gh$, An outside covering of a saddle (made of a leopard's skin); a surcingle; a stirrup-leather; the flap of a saddle; a cup; a sturgeon.

junāq, The flap of a saddle (see the preceding).

janān (for sanān), Women.

a طنام janān (v.n. of جُنّا), Growing dark; a dark night; the heart; a garment; a great crowd;—jinān (pl. of jannat), Gardens with trees, paradise.

a منان jinnān, Demons, devils, genii.

الم janā'ib (pl. of janāb), Led horses. من jināyat (v.n. of جنائب), Committing a crime; a crime, iniquity, offence; remorse for sin;—jināyat kardan. To commit a crime.

a منایت بنایم jināyat-satān, A tax-gatherer. a منایت نشان jināyat-fishān, A spreader of crime or injustice.

אַלעה janā'iz (pl. of janāzat), Corpses; biers.

A imp jamb, A side, part; a tract of country; [sāhib bi'l-jamb, A fellow-traveller;]—janab (v.n.), Halting, limping, leaning to one side in walking; adhering to the sides (the lungs from thirst); leading a spare horse in a race, on which the rider may spring in case the one on which he is monnted is likely to be beaten;—janib, One who keeps out of the way to avoid meeting and inviting a stranger;—junub, A stranger, foreigner, guest; polluted, defiled, in a state of ceremonial impurity.

way janab, A city where swords are made and whose inhabitants are renowned for good nature and hospitality.

which jumban, Trembling, shaking, stirring, moving; melting.

a ونبان junubān (P. pl. of junub), Polluted.

to shake, to wag; to rock (a cradle); to shake or churn (milk);—sari rizā jumbānīdan, To assent, to consent;—yosh u dum jumbānīdan, To wag ear and tail, to fawn like a dog (m.c.).

منبة jambat, A side, part; a with-drawal, secession.

a المنب جنبه jamb-jumbān, With quaking sides.

بند jumbad, A vault, arch; a caper;—iumbid, A rose.

jumbish, Motion, agitation; gesture; work, occupation;—jumbishi ābā, The motion of the planets;—jumbishi akhwāstī, An involuntary movement (opp. to jumbishi khwāstī, A voluntary movement);—jumbishi āmadan, To bestir oneself;—jumbishi auwal, The movement of the pen upon the tablet of the Divine decrees; the first motion of the planets setting out from the sign Aries;—jumbishi zamīn, An earthquake;—jumbishi zamīn, An earthquake;—jumbishi manishī, A natural, innate, or spontaneous movement (as of plants, &c.);—jumbish kardan, To move, creep;—dar in jumbish, At this instant.

بخبش پذیر jumbish-pazīr, Possessed of motion, movable, moving.

چنبلول jambalūl, A swing (see چنبلول خنبلول jumbanda, Any moving thing, living creature; creeping thing, reptile; venomous insect.

خنبه jumba, = the preceding, of which it is an abbreviation; movement, agitation.

a جنبي jaṃbī, Lateral.

sy منيد juṃbīd, Origany, marjoram.

g jumbīdan, To move, stir, shake, vibrate, swing; to beat or throb; to copulate.

منبيدة jumbīda, Shaking; a leaper, an animal of the chase.

a منين jambain (obl. dual case of jamb),

On either side (m.c.).

jambiya, A kind of arms or armour.

A &= jannat, A garden, set with trees; a a grove of palm-trees; paradise, heaven; [jannatu'l-bilād, The paradise of regions, an epithet of Bengal;—jannati 'adan (māwā, ni'm, na'īm), Paradise;—ahālī'i jannat, The inhabitants of Paradise;]—jinnat, Demons; angels; insanity, fury;—junnat, A shield.

إِمْ كَاهُ jannat-ārām-gāh, جنت آرام كاة jannat-āshyānī, جنت مكان jannat-makān, بنت ليب jannat-naṣīb, Resting, nestled, placed or sharing in Paradise (a mode of speaking of deceased princes).

jantar (S. yantra), A kind of musical instrument used in India; an astrolabe, or

similar astronomical instrument.

منتر نواز jantar-nawāz, A performer on the jantar.

a جنوريه jantūriya, Centaury. a جنتي jannatī, Paradisiacal, heavenly.

المحتفى janniui, Faradislacai, neaverny. يا jantiyānā, Gentian; bitter-wort.

janj, The lowing of oxen. janjāl, Crowd, multitude.

junjar, Shepherd's staff (a herb). منجر janjak, Clover, trefoil (unsupported by examples).

janjanānī, A superior kind of melon; hence a word used in praise or (probably ironically) in blame or disparagement.

janja, A grape-stone (unsupported by examples).

jinh, A side, margin, shore, coast;—jinh, junh, A part or watch of the (night).

غند jand, Name of a city in Turkistan; jund, Castor, a medicinal substance obtained from the beaver.

A مند jund, An army, body of troops, legion; allies, auxiliaries, fellow-soldiers; a city; genus, species;—janad, Rough ground; stones resembling mud; name of a city in Yaman.

بداليابور jundāsābûr, A city in Persia. jandāl (S. chaṇḍāla), The vulgar; a triffing fellow; a toper.

مندبيدستر ,jundbīdast جندبيدست ∡ dastar, The testicles of a beaver.

q.v. جاندار jandār, Abbreviation of جندار jandar, Clothes, garments.

مندر عانه jandar-khāna, A wardrobe.

jandara, The bar of a door; two pieces of wood used for smoothing lineus, a calender, mangle; clownish, boorish, unpolished.

جندرة جي jandarajī, A presser, pressman.

jund shāpūr, Name of a city in Pernia.

jandal, Name of the messenger sent by Faridun to the king of Yaman to demand his daughter in marriage.

jandal, Stone :- junadil, A stony

country.

jandquq, A demon (nnsupported by examples).

jandūq, Name of a medicine. junda, A harlot.

junda-bāz, A fornicator. جندة باز

a جندي jundī, One soldier, a soldier.

جنرال janarāl, General (m.c.). janarāl-qonsūl, Consul-

general (m.c.)

jins, Genus, kind, stock, sort, mode; gender; goods, movables, articles, things; grain, corn; crop, products; (in arith.) practice; [jinsi adna, An inferior article; -jinsi auwal, Superior goods, firstrate; -jinsi bashar, The human race; -jinsi digar, The fundament; -jinsi a'lá (kāmil), (in commerce) An article that fetches a full price;—jinsi kam ma-<u>kh</u>ar (kam ma-yāb), Unsalable goods; — $abn\bar{a}$ 'i jins, Sons of the same stock, belonging to the same class, kind or rank; -ismi jins, A generic or indeterminate nonn ;—har jins, Every kind ;] janas, The freezing (of water, &c.).

a جستان jinistān, Fairyland.

a مناخب jins-khāna, A warehouse.

a بنسوار jins-wār, According to kind or species, &c.; -jins-wār jam'-bandī, Account of revenue assessed at certain rates according to the produce or crops raised.

a جنسواري jinswārī, Separately, specifi-

cally.

a جنسى jinsī, Generic, generical; in kind,

in goods.

a a finstyat, Correspondence of kind, race, or genus, a generic state; homogeneousness.

jintīn, Name of a king جنطين ,jintī جنطي of Illyria, after whom the gentian is said

to be called.

ي جنطيانا بي jintiyānā, The herb gentian.

janaf (v.n.), Deviating (from the right way); swerving; inclining.

janfaj, Hedge-mustard (Erysimium officinale).

T جنقی janqī, A consultation, council. jinksānak, A honorary title of a Mongol prefect or governor; - jink-sanaki, The dignity of prefect.

بنكلوك jankūs, Convalescent (see جنكوس). jang, War, battle, combat, engagement, fight, skirmish, rencounter; brawling, squabbling, litigating; [jang āwardan (paiwastan), To wage war;—jang dānistan, To possess the science of war;—jang dū sar dārad, War has two heads, i.e. two issues (flight or victory);—jangi sākhtagī, A sham fight;—jang kardan, To make war, to fight; -jaladati jang, The strength of the battle; -dil-awari jang, The hero of war; -mahābati jang, The terror of war]; -jung, A large ship; a camel which has never borne a load; a large white spot; dice.

a (چنگار jang-ar, A warrior; (for جنگار) a

crab; (for ژنگار) rust.

jang-āzmāy, Experienced in warfare.

jang-āzmūda, A veteran in

اچنگال jangāl. A butt (see چنگال).

jang-āmez, Mixing in battle.

jangānīdan, To cause to wage war; to make thirsty.

jang-āwar, A hero; quarrelsome. jang-āwarī, Battle, fight, war-

جنگاه jangāh (for جنگاه), Battle-field.

jang-bāz, Warlike, bellicose, a جنگ باز warrior; a hero.

بازى jang-bāzī, Bravery; skill in

warfare; mock fight.

جنگ جلاب jang-jalāb, Stratagem; a vain attempt; the washing a blackamoor white; procrastination; an ear-ring.

jang-jalābist, Au car-ring جنگ جلابست (unsupported by examples).

jang-jo, Quarrelsome, contentious. انگورئی $jang \cdot jo'i$ or $j\bar{u}'i$, A quarrelsome, litigious turn of mind, quarrelsomeness.

بىك دىدە jang-dīda, Who has seen battle, experienced in war.

jang-zargari (according to جنگ زرگری others jangi zargari), A mock fight, a collusive quarrel between two parties to defraud a third.

jang-sār, Fit or prepared for combat; a warrior, a fighting man.

جنگ سکال jang-sigāl, Bent on war, pugnacious.

jang-sūd, Who derives advantage from war; who is tried (for $s\bar{u}da$) in war, an experienced warrior.

jangal (S. jangala), A wood, forest, thicket; a country overgrown with wood, reeds, or long grass; a jungle.

غنگلانی janglānī, جنگلاهی janglāhī, A kite. بنگل بری jangal-burī, Clearing of jungles; -jangal-buri'i ta'alluqa, A spot of ground brought into cultivation by the possessor.

jangalūk, Lame in the hands or

the feet; an invalid beginning to recover from sickness, but still unable to walk.

جيگلي jangalī, Wild, untilled, jungly.

jangawān, jangwān, Name of a city in India.

باكرك jangūk, Convalescent, but not yet able to walk.

جنگي jangī, Brave, warlike; fighting; a fighter.

جنگيدي jangidan, To war, battle; to thirst (the latter meaning doubtful).

َ جنگير jingīz, The famous Mogul conqueror Gengīz Khān.

A winding-sheet; a corpse;—junan (pl. of junnat), Veils; shields;—junun, Madness.

جنوب A جنوب janūb, The south; the right-hand side (originally of a person turned towards

A "منونه janūban, Southward.

a جنوبى janūbī, Southern.

A منوع junuh (v.n. of منوع), Inclining, leaning; causing to iucline.

A יבּני junūd (pl. of jund), Troops, chessmen.

q.v. جانور = ,janwar منور

junus (pl. of jins), Kinds, sorts.

A cois junun (v.n. of co), Covering; being dark (night); growing luxuriant (grass or trees); flying round and humming (flies); being a demoniac, possessed of a devil; insanity, lunacy, fury, frenzy; darkness;—jununi khamri, Delirium tremens;—jununi dar yak amr, Monomania; jununi sab'i, Rage;—jununi 'ishqi, Erotomania.

منوني junūnī, Mad, insane; frenzied, passionate.

januwa, Genoa.

janawīz, Genoa; a Genoese (m.c. from It.).

a جنبي janaḥī, Indian cane; delicate branch.

جنی A جنی jany (v.n.), Gathering, plucking fruit; – janá, janīy, Newly-plucked, freshgathered.

a جني jinnī, Demoniacal; one of the

genii, a demon, spirit.

ميب janīb, Ā led horse; (met.) tractable, easy to be led; foreign, strange; an excellent kind of date.

ا بنيبة janībat, A led camel; a mount in

general, a horse.

a جنيب كش janībat-kash, Master of the horse; the leader of a sumpter horse or horse of state.

aمنیب دار $jan\bar{i}b$ - $d\bar{a}r$, The leader of a horse of state.

juner, Name of a city in Deccan.

word). A small table (doubtful word).

A جين janin, An embryo, a feetus; buried; anything hidden.

janiwar, The horse-hair bridge

across the eternal fire, over which the Muhammadans fancy they must pass into heaven.

je jau, jav (S. yava), Barley, a grain of barley; the alloy of four grains of silver in ninety-six of gold; [jawi barahna, Barley without husk, oat; — jawi post-kanda, Peeled barley;—jawi sīm, A grain of silver;]—jū (see [jay]), A river; a yoke; [az jū'i sar ātish kashīdan, To pour wine out of a golden flask;]—jo, (in comp.) Wishing, desiring.

A jaw, Air, sky, atmosphere; space between heaven and earth; low ground.

) jawā (in the dialect of Astarābād), Separation.

بآب jaw-āb, Barley-water.

A -15- jawāb, An answer, reply; [jawābi khiṭāb, An answer to a question;—jawāb dādan, To answer for, to be responsible (m.c.);—jawābi ṣāf, A clear, positive answer;—jawābi ṣawāb-nisāb, A right and true answer;—jawābi qaṭī, A categorical answer;—jawāb kardan, To auswer;—jawābi nā-ṣawāb, An impertinent auswer;]— (for jawābī, pl. of jābiyat), Large cisterns or tanks.

a بالا جواب بالا jawāb-bālā, Prevail your advice!

a جوابدار jawāb-dār. A person responsible. a خواب jawāb-dih, Respondent; one who makes an obstinate defence; amen-

able, accountable.

a جواب سوال jawāb-suwāl, Questions and

answers, talk.

a جواب سوالي jawāb-suwālī, Reply, rejoinder.

a writing fixed to the winding-sheet or the breast of the deceased, which is intended to be read by the angels Munkir and Nakīr, should his soul be too much flurried to answer their questions.

a جواب نويس jawāb-nawīs, A writer of

orders or replies.

a جوابي jawābī, A respondent; a kind of bill of exchange, which is not paid till notice is received of the bill's having been taken up; a chorus, especially in repeating a marsiya or elegy; (pl. of jābiyat) ponds, cisterns.

a جرابي سوالي jawābī-suwālī, A mediator,

attorney, envoy.

مواد براد jawād, Liberal, beneficent ;—jawādi muṣlaq, (God) The universal benefactor.

م بائب jawāzib (pl. of jāzibat), Attractive qualities, allurements.

A jawār, Water plentiful and deep; (for jawārī) ships;—jiwār, juwār (v.u. 3 of ja), Becoming a neighbour; neighbourhood; remaining constantly in the mosque (for prayer); receiving under protection, giving security from oppression.

juwār, Leave, permission (doubtful word).

א ביליכן jawāriķ (pl. of jāriķat), Birds and beasts of prey; members of the body, limbs.

A جوارش jawārish (from P. guwārish), Whatever is used in the dressing of meat, or assists in digestion; a digestive stomachic.

A جوارى jawāri (pl. of jāriyat), Ships; female slaves, servant-girls, lasses, girls, damsels; -jawārī u ghilmān, Girls and boys; maid-servants and men-servants;jawārī'i munsha'āt, Ships under full sail.

juwāzān, A large جوازان jawāz, juwāzān wooden or stone mortar for pounding grain;

oil-press, sugar-mill.

A جواز jawaz (v.n. of جواز), Passing, passage; being allowed, permitted, lawful, or allowable; .permission; lawfulness; propriety; a passport, a custom-house permit; safe-conduct; escape; water with which cattle or ground is watered ;-juwaz, Thirst.

juwāza, A ventricle of sheep or kid stuffed with meat, and dressed; a mortar

(جواز see).

A جوازية jawāsīyat, Allowability; legality; propriety.

مواس 🛦 jawāss, Senses.

A جواسيس jawāsīs (pl. of jāsūs), Spies.

A Man jawwaz, Stout, big, corpulent; one who walks with a haughty air, proud, haughty.

موال م jiwāl (pl. of jūl), Walls or para-

pets of wells.

juwāl, A sack, bag; half of (a horse-) load; the human body; deceit, fraud; anything open, uncovered; -- ba sag ba-juwal raftan (dar juwal shudan), To meet with an ill-tempered or foolish person; -darjuwāl shudan, To be cheated; -dar juwāl kardan, To cheat, to deceive.

juwāl-doz, A large packing-needle; جوالدور

a sack-maker.

juwāl-dozī, Sack-making,

jawaliq (pl. of the following), Large corn-sacks; -jiwaliq, juwalaq, juwaliq (for P. juwal), A sack; -juwaliq (for P. جولم q.v.), A religious tunic, a dervish's mantle of a blue colour.

jawāliqāt, جوالقاع jawālīq (pl. of

jawālīy, &c.), Sacks.

juwām (in Zand and Pazand), A

jawāmiḥ (pl. of jāmiḥ), Restive

(horses).

jawāmi' (pl. of jāmi'), Compre. hensive, full; temples, mosques; - jawāmi'u 'l-kalim, Comprehending many significations, the Kur'an.

مواميس م jawāmīs (pl. of jāmūs), Buffa_

loes.

jawān (S. yuvān), Young; a young man, youth, lad; a catamite; rice; -jawani khwush-shakl, (met.) Rice; -jawani sangdīda, A strong, well-trained youth.

jawān-isparam, Name of an odoriferous herb.

jawānā-marg, Who dies in the flower of youth; untimely death.

jawanan (pl. of jawan), Youths.

غوانانة jawānāna, Manly, gallautly.

a جوانب jawānib (pl. of jānib), Parts, sides; tracts, environs, quarters; boundaries; - jawānibi arba'a, The four sides, parts, or quarters, i.e. the whole.

jawān-bakht, Young; fortunate, promising; a brave, noble, generous youth.

jawānih (pl. of jānihat), The lower ribs, the ribs which meet on the

a جوان دولت jawān-daulat, Of youthful fortune, fortunate, prosperous.

m جوانغار و برانغار juwānghār u barānghār, The left and right wings of an army.

jawānak, A youngster (m.c.).

جوالمرد jawān-mard, A young mau; a generous youth; brave, generous, manly; a master butcher.

jawān-mardī, Generosity, mauliness.

jawān-marg, Who dies young; death or bane to young men, an insulting موانامرک word addressed to women (m.c., see and the following).

a جوالموت jawān-maut, Untimely death.

انه jawāna, A young man; youth. jawāna-sāl, Young in years.

جوالي jawānī, Youth; youthful; a young

man ;—jiwānī, Aniseed. جرائيك jawānīk, A female sparrow (un-

supported by examples).

jawāhir (pl. of jauhar), Ores, metals, precious stones; jewels, gems; essences, substances; — jawāhiri sukhun, Chosen words, elegant phrases.

a جواهرات jawāhirāt (pl. of the preceding plural), Jewels, gems (m.c.); -jawahirāti asl, Real or genuine jewels :- jawāhirāti badal, Imitation jewels.

a جاهر آلات jawāhir-ālāt, Jewelled regalia

(m.c.).

عواهر خانه jawāhir-khāna, حواهر خانه jawāhir-dan, Place where jewels are kept, treasury, jewel-office.

a مواهر نكار jawāhir-nigār,

studded with jewels.

a جراهري jawāhirī, A dealer in jewels, a jeweller.

A إلَّهُ jawā'iz (pl. of jā'izat), Gifts, re-

موالك م jawā'if (pl. of jā'ifat), Low hills; jawa'ifu 'n-nafs, The innermost or deepest recesses of the soul.

 $-j + j \bar{u} b$, A stammerer (unsupported by

examples).

المرح jaub (v.n.), Cutting; tearing; traversing (a country); a shield; a shift

without sleeves; a fire-grate or chafingdish; a large leathern bucket.

יפנאי, jūbār, Name of a place belonging to

Bu<u>kh</u>ara.

بوبال jūbāl (in Zand), A wallet, sack, bag. jau-ba-jau, Grain by grain, a little at a time, by degrees; piecemeal, to

امون joba, A market place.

jaupīna, The bird Humā.

جوترة jautara, A minaret, a lofty turret; a lighthouse.

ان جرع jūj, jauj, A cock's comb; a crest; a pennant, vane;— $j\bar{u}j$, (in the Malay language) Draughts, backgammon.

jau-jādū, A bitter grain like an

jojira, A جوجره jūjar, جوجري jojira, A dirham weighing 48 grains.

jauja-gāh, A field of battle.

jojam, A branch with flowers and

بوجن jūjin (in Zand and Pāzand), A drachma of 48 grains;—jojan, (in Hindi) A yojana or distance of 4, 5 or 9 miles.

jau-jau, Bit by bit, in pieces, to pieces; name of a city famous for musk, silks, and camphor; - jūjū (عوجر jūchū), A sparrow (nusupported by examples).

א ייים ju'ju', A bird's breast; a ship's

q.v. بار = juja, A chicken, a poult q.v. (the latter doubtful).

A ty- jauh (v.n.), Eradicating, uprooting. جوهي jūhī, Name of a buffoon (see جوهي). ty- jaukh, A troop.

jaukhān, A drying-place for dates. jaud (v.n.), Falling in abundance (rain); (pl. of $j\bar{a}'id$) excellent; heavy rains;—jūd (v.n.), Liberality, generosity, munificence; (pl. of ajyad) long-necked.

A oly juwādā' (pl. of jawād), Literal

men.

jaudān, كان jaudāna, A fragrant species of camphor; a kind of pomegranate baving dry seeds; a bird's crop; the mark in a horse's tooth, resembling a barleycorn, indicating his age; a species of willow

A قودة jaudat (v.n. of جودة), Being good, excellent; quickness of apprehension, intelligence; ingenuity; benignity; jūdat, Fleetness (of a horse).

جودر jaudar, An ox, a cow; a herb growing in wheat.

jaudara, A herb growing amongst جودرة

wheat; name of a certain general. مودى 🕯 jūdī, Mount Ararat in Armenia

(where the ark is supposed to have rested). jūzāb, A dish of sugar, rice, and meat.

a جوذر jau-zar, In morsels, piecemeal.

jauzir, The wild calf.

jaur, A bumper of wine presented to

anyone; one of the lines upon the famous cup of Jamshed; [bāda ba-jaur dād, He plied him with wine;] - juwar, Height, summit; above;—jūr, Equal, alike; a comrade, friend, companion (m.c.).

A jaur (v.n.), Deviating from truth or the right way; tyrannizing over; injustice, violence, iniquity, oppression, tyranny; [jaur kardan, To injure;—jaur u zulm, Tyranny and oppression;]—jūr, A name of Firozābād, famed for its roses; a quarter at Nishapur; -juwar, A village near Isfahān; — jiwarr, Copious rain accompanied by loud thunder; strong-voiced (camel).

 $a \hookrightarrow jor\bar{a}b$, A stocking (m.c.).

a عور آباد jaur-ābād, Name of a place in

a جراب بند jorāb-band, A garter (m.c.). a جوراب فروش jorāb-farosh, A seller of stockings (m.c.).

Λ Ψης jaurab, A shoe, sandal; a stocking.

אָנוּנְע jūrbūr, A pheasant; a jungle-cock. a جور ہیشہ jaur-pesha, Oppressive; a

jūra, Equal in size, weight, colour, &c.

(see → jūr).

gauz), A nut ;—jauzu جوز A 'r-rat, A saponaceous nut; — jauzu 's-sarv, Fruit of the cypress-tree;—jauzu 't-tarfā, The tamarisk-nut; — jauzu 't-tīb, A nutmeg;—jauzu 't-qaiy, Nux vomica; —jauzu 'l-kausal, The physic-nut; -jauzu 'l-maraj. The winter cherry; — jauzi buwā (būya), Nutmeg; — jauzi suraiyā, The middle or cluster of the Pleiades; -jauzi khāniz, An unsound nut; - jauzi rūmī, A walnut; jauzi gandum, Sandix-gum, juuiper;—jauzi māsil, The thorn-apple; — jauzi hindī, A cocoa-nut; a walnut;—jauz ma-shikan tāli' bi-bīn, Do not break the nut, look (first) at the horoscope (said to enjoin confidence where a risk is to be run).

jauzā', A black sheep white in the middle of the body; the constellation Gemini; Orion; name of a woman.

jauz-āghand, A peach stuffed with

walnut-kernels.

jauzāk, Sorrow; sorrowful.

jauz bar gumbad, (Throwing) a جوز بر گنبد walnut upon a cupola (a phrase employed to signify labour in vain);—jauz bar gumbad afshandan (andahtan), To act in vain, to make futile efforts.

ن janz-bun, A nut- (walnut-) tree. جوز جان jauz-jān, Name of a city in Khurasan renowned for its healthy position.

jauzagha, A cotton-pod.

a jauzaq, A cotton-pod.

وزك jauzak, Adam's apple.

a جوز گره jauz-girih, A coat-button.

a جوز مغز jauz-maghz, A walnut-kernel; any hard substance.

ن jan-zan, Blight, mildew (as smitting

examples). جوزة لوا jauza-luwā, A kite (see جوزة لوا). jauzahr, The dragon's head and tail; the sphere of the moon; a comet.

jauzīdan, To be sad, melancholy. جوزينة jauzīna, Sugared almonds ; a syrup.

jūzha, A chicken;—jūzha'i dūk, A

notch in the top of the spindle.

بوژه لوا ,jūzha-rubā جوژه ره jūzha-luwā jūzha-liwā. A kite.

A جوس jaus (v.n.), Rummaging a house (as a thief for plunder).

jausāk, Adam's apple.

jūsbūnitan (Zand and Pazand), To take.

kūshk), A كوهك jausaq (from P. جوسى lofty building, a palace; a villa, a kiosk; a village near Raiv.

jausak, A button; Adam's apple. jausan, A cuirass made of leather. jan-sang, In weight, a barleycorn; a grain.

a جوسه jausa, A balcony; a kiosk, a villa;

(met.) a sign of the zodiac.

جوش josh ($j\bar{u}sh$), Ebullition, effervescence; agitation (of mind or body); heat, lust; the ring of a coat of mail; the 14th day of the month; (in comp.) boiling, raging; josh uftādan (bar-khwāstan, baland shudan), To boil, ferment, be agitated ;joshi jawani, The ardour of youth ;-joshi khūn, Ebullition of blood (a disease); josh dādan, To weld;—josh damīdan (rekhtan, zadan, nihādan), To boil, ferment, chafe, rage, be agitated (the waves of the sea); — joshi tūfān (josh u tūfān), A deluge; -ba-josh (dar josh) āmadan, = josh zadan.

jaush, The breast; the middle of a man; midnight; a large section of the night, or the latter part of it; a march during the whole of the night; -jūsh, The

l-reast.

بوهاك joshāk, Heat, ebullition, agitation. joshān, Boiling, foaming (waves). joshān-bara, A savoury dish. جوهان برة

joshāndan, جوهاندن joshānīdan, To cause to boil, to seethe; to cook.

وهانده joshānda, A decoction.

josh-para, A kind of food, vermi-

celli (eee موش برة).

josh جوش و خروش , josh-kharosh جوش خروش u kharosh, Noise, tumult, din; excitement, working of passion, anger, rage.

jaushir, A weaver.

joshish, A boiling, ebullition; heat; a cooking, dressing; an eruption; thrush (a disease); a violent desire.

jaushak, jūshak, A sort of bottle made of earthenware, having a spout to it;

-jūshak, A button-hole.

A جوهن jaushan, joshan, A coat of mail; the breast; midnight; an armlet.

a جوهن پوش joshan-posh, A cuirassier. گذار a joshan - guzār, Armourpiercing.

a بوهن ور joshan-war, Armoured, wearing a cuirass.

joshidan, To boil; to shoot forth. joshīda, Boiled ;—joshīda shudan, To be boiled, dressed, cooked; to be agitated, moved (m.c.).

joshīda-maghz, Passionate;

wary.

jaushīr, A weaver; (jau-shīr) جوهير barley-gruel.

jaushīra, A weaver; a kind of

Α Ετ jū', Hunger, appetite; -jū'i baqarī, Voracity;—jū'u 'l-kalb, jū'i kalbī, Insatiable hunger, caniue appetite.

ا جوعان م jau'an, Hungry, famished,

starved.

jūgh, A yoke.

jaughan, A mortar of stone. جوعن

موك A jauf (v.n.), A wide-extended plain; the belly; interior of anything, a hollow, vacancy, cavity, concavity; inside (of a letter, &c.); [jaufi dahān, Cavity of the mouth;—jaufi fakki a'lá, Maxillary sinus (med.);]-jawaf (v.n.), Being hollow and roomy; amplitude, capaciousness.

جو فروش jau-farosh, A seller of barley ; jau-faroshi gandum-numā, One who sells

barley and shows wheat, a cheat.

موق A مون jauq (from P. جوئ A troop, a hody, a company of men.

A جوى جوى جوى جوى جوى جوى جوى جوى

a جوكان jaukān, A club of an arched form used in the Eastern game of horse shinty (چوگان see).

a جوکان دار jaukān-dār, Who holds a club

or plays at shinty.

jūkak, A bird like a sparrow.

بو کوب jau-kob, Bruised, coarsely ground. jaugan, Maize. جوگان

jogī (pl. jogiyān), Au Indian reli-

gious mendicant (S. yogī).

بول جول جول جول

آمول آمول (v.n.), Going round; careering to and fro in battle; $-j\bar{u}l$, The interior part of a well from top to bottom; the parapet of a well.

عولان A مولان jawalān, in P. also jaulān (v.n. of بول), Walking round; motion, agitation; wandering up and down; moving, springing from side to side (as combatants or competitors in amphitheatres); [construed with the verbs dodan, zadan, kardan, and kushadan; -ātishīn jawalān (barg-jawalān), Violent agitation, rapid movement :- ba-jawalān dar-ămadan, dar-jawalān amadan, To gallop about (a horse);]-jaulan, Name of a mountain in Syria.

a كنان مولان كنان jawalān-kunān, Moving, leap-

ing, springing.

a مولانگاه jawalān-gāh, A champ-de-mars. a جولان ور jawalān-gar, بولان كر jawalānwar, Who gallops about, circles round.

a جولانگری jaulāngarī, A gallop, flectness. a جولاني jaulani, Strength (of mind or body), quickness, apprehension; fleetness; circulating rapidly (wine-cup, horse, &c.).

jūlāh, جولاهه jūlāha, A spider; a

weaver.

مولاهك jūlāhak, A little weaver ; a spider.

jūlāhī, Weaving.

jola<u>kh</u>, A woollen cloth worn by religious mendicants.

jola<u>kh</u>ī, A mendicant clad in a

a جولان jolaq, jauliq (for P. jolakh), The dress of a monk.

a جولقى jolaqī, jauliqī, A religious mendicant.

al ja jūla, A quiver, case for bows and arrows; beaten (wool or cotton); a poroupine;—jūlah (for جولاه jūlāh), A weaver; a spider;—jola, A kind of grass of which animals are very fond.

when join-gah, A field of the above-mentioned grass.

مولهه jūlaha, A spider; a weaver.

jūlīdan, To be confused, scattered. jū-mardum (for جو مردم juwān-mard, juwān-mardum), A liberal or generous man.

jaumist, A prophet of the Magi to whom the book Gaumist was revealed; according to others, the Ar. form of the

latter word (see گوست).

ورن jaun, The Jumna, a large river in India (in Sanscrit called Yamuna);—jawan, A threshing instrument drawn by oxen.

مون A جون jaun, White; black (camel or horse); red; day; a herb of blackish green; horses and camels intensely black; name of a horse celebrated in India.

A with spiceries

or perfumes.

jūnk, A bird's bill.

jūng, A camel from the third to the fifth year.

a جوند jauna, The sun.

jiwwan (in Zand and Pazand), A youth.

مورلاعي jowalāghī, A rascal, a rioter (m.c. of doubtful derivation).

jauh (v.n.), Looking at, or receiving ungraciously.

ېښه jūh, A yoke.

jūhar, Destruction of the women and children, when besieged men, despair-

ing of resistance, save themselves by flight (a practice which prevailed among the Rajputs in India); a place abounding in streams; -jūhar kardan, To sack or plunder.

gauhar), A کوهر jauhar (from P. جوهر jewel, gem, pearl; matter, substance, essence, staple (distinguished from accident); absolute or essential property; skill, knowledge, accomplishment, art; worth, merit, virtue; secret nature; defects, vices; the lustre of a sword, the marks or streaks on a well-tempered blade;—jauhari bīd (bed), Salicin;—jauhari tamr, Essence of tamarind (in Persia improperly used for Tartaric acid); -- jauhari jan, The origin of the soul as first created by God; -jauhari hasan-laba, Benzoic acid; — jauhari darmana, Santonine; -- jauhari zāt, Original essence ;—jauhari rutūbati ma'da, jauhari guwāranda, Pepsin;—jauhari sirka, Acetic acid;—jauhari 'ulwī, Heaven; spirit; fire; -jauhari fard, An indivisible atom; a person unrivalled or unequalled; — jauhari qirmiz-dana, Carmine; — jauhari qatran, Creosote; -jauhari qalyab, Carbonate of soda; -- jauhari kundush, Veratrine; -- jauhari kūchūla, Strychnia;—jauhari kina-kina (gina-gina, gingina), Sulphate of quinine; —jauhari līmū, Citric acid (in Persia improperly applied to Tartaric acid) ; -jauhari mukhkhadiri afyūn, Narcotine; — jauhari musakkini atyūn, Codeine; - jauhari munauwimi afyūn, Morphia; -- jauhari na'nā'i khushk, Menthol; jauhari namak, Hydrochloric acid; -jauhari naushadur, Liquid ammonia; -ahli jauhar, Men of ability.

a جوهرات jauharāt (pl. of the preceding),

Gems, jewels.

a جوهر آگيي jauhar-āgīn, Set or studded with gems (m.c.).

a جوهر آلات jauhar-ālāt, Jewelled regalia (m.c., see جواهر آلات).

jauhar-afshān, Scattering جوهر الشان

gems or pearls.

a جوهر دار jauhar-dār, A bright, glittering, or well-tempered scimitar, possessing the blackish marks called jauhar.

a جوهر دارد jauhar-dārū (pearl-powder), A

medicine for the eyes, collyrium.

a جوهر فروش jauhar-farosh, A dealer in pre-

cious stones, a vendor of jewels.

a جوهرى jauhari, A jeweller, a seller of gems; a lapidary; a tester, appraiser (of precious stones, &c.); the trade of a jeweller, &c.; relating to jewels; essential, substantial (opp. to accidental).

بوهريان jauhariyān (pl. of the preceding), Jewellers; a sect who attribute materiality

to the Deity; materialists.

н جوهى jūhi, Name of a flower (Jasminum auriculatum).

jawe, A grain of barley:--joy, jūy (imperative and participle of joyidan or justan), Seek thou; seeking, desiring, wishing, asking; —juy, A running stream, rivulet; a canal or gutter cut for the purposes of irrigation; a groove in the back of a sword; $-j\bar{u}yi\ \bar{u}b$, A running stream; jūyi tāz, A rapid stream, mighty torrent.

joyā, Searching, inquiring, seeking; a diligent inquirer; wishful; name of a

champion killed by Rustam.

joyā-khirad, Endowed with an

investigating mind.

joyān, Seeking; wishing, ambitious; (pl. of joy) wishers, seekers; -joyani madad, Petitioners, supplicants for

joyānidan, To cause to inquire جويانيدن or investigate; inquire, investigate, search

جويائى joyā'ī, Search, diligent inquiry. jūy-būr, A great river formed by the confluence of many smaller streams; a river's bank; a place abounding in springs; -juy-bari bihisht, The river of Paradise.

jūyjūz, A teredo, a ship-worm. ې jūyak, A rivulet, brook جويك jūyak, A rivulet, brook ;

a groove, a furrow.

jawīn, جويده jawīna, Made of barley. joyanda, Searching; an inquirer; -joyanda yābanda bāshad, or simply joyanda yabanda, Who searches, finds; seek and you will find.

joyidan, To seek, search for, hunt after; -jūyīdan, To set water a-flowing.

ويينه juyīna, Aquatic; a swan.

غه jah (for jah), A place; rank, office; (imper. of jastan) leap thou; (in comp.) leaping.

△→ jih (in Zand and Pazand), Courtezans. A عالم jahābizat (pl. of jihbiz), Acute, intelligent money-changers;—jahābizatu'nnaqd, Money-brokers; able critics.

A جات jihāt (pl. of jihat), Faces, surfaces; tides, quarters; cardinal points; duties on manufactures;—jihāti shash, Six

surfaces, a cube.

A الم jahād, Hard ground without vegetation;—jihād (v.n. 3 of 3), Waging war (especially against infidels); a crusade; battle, combat; endeavour, effort;—jihādi usghar, The lesser warfare, war against infidels;—jihādi akbar (kubrá), The greater warfare, war against one's own lusts; mubārizi jihād-pesha, A soldier inured to war, a veteran.

a جهادي jihādī, One who fights against

the infidels, a crusader.

A jahār, jihār, Being known, being public;—jihār, Name of an idol of the Banu Hawazin.

jihāran, jahāran, Publicly, in open جهارا؟ day.

loud voice; - jahāratan, Loudly, with a loud voice; publicly.

A jahāz, A camel's saddle, or the saddle-tree; pudenda mulieris; a ship; (also jihāz) paraphernalia, or portion given with a daughter, a trousseau (m.c.); travelling equipage; funeral apparatus;—jahāzi āhanī, An iron ship, an ironclad.

A with jahūzāt (pl. of the preceding),

Travelling equipages, &c.

a جہاز هکنی jahāz-shikanī, A shipwreck. a جهازی jahūzī, A sailor; naval, nautical; a kind of scimitar; — jahāzī iqrār-nāma,

Charter-party;—jahāzī tijārat, Naval trade. A Jun juhhal (pl. of jahil), Ignorant

people, simpletons, fools.

A عبل jaĥālat (v.n. of جبل), Being ignorant; ignorance; barbarism; brutality.

jahām, A cloud without rain. jahān, jihān (S. jagat, Z. gaetha), The world; an age; worldly possessions; any sublunary object; leaping, bounding; darting (as lightning);—jahāni āb u gil, The human body; the world;— jahān khwurdan, To conquer the world; to derive advantage from it; — jahān dāshtan, To possess much property;—jahāni fānī, The perishable world; — jahāni qadīm, Eternity; - jahān kandan, To devastate the world;—jahāni kihīn, A microcosmos, i.e. man;—jahāni guzrān, Transitory world; jahān gird kardan (kushādan), To subdue or subjugate the world; -jahāni mihīn, The world, universe; —īn u ān jahān, This

world and the next. jahān-ārāy, جهان آراي jahān-ārāy, جهان آرا World-adorning; name of the sixth month of the year of Yazdagird.

جمان آرائی jahān-ārā'ī, World's ornament.

jahan-azmūda, Experienced. jahān-afroz, World-enlighten-

יאט ווענט jahān-afirīn, Creator of the world.

אַט אֿת jahān-āwar, Valiant; learned. שׁעְטׁ אֹן jahān-bān, Keeper or protector of the world; God Almighty; a powerful monarch.

جهانبانی jahānbānī, Government of the world; royal.

جمان. خش jahān-bakhsh, Distributing the world.

jahān-bīn, Seeing or comprehending the whole world (an attribute of God); the eye; a traveller; offspring.

بان پادهاه jahān-pādishāh, King of the

אָנוּע אָנוּנָ jahān-parwar, Nourisher of the world.

بان پناه jahān-panāh, Asylum of the world; his (your) majesty; -jahān-panāh salamat, Long live the king!

جان پهلواني jahan-pahlawani, Name of a post of honour to which the bravest men were formerly advanced in Persia.

))

jahān-tāb, World - inflaming; world-illuminating; the fifth month of the era of Yazdagird.

jahān-tanān, The heavenly

bodies.

جانجو jahān-jo, jahan-jū, Ambitious of subjugating the world.

وان مان jahān-jahān, Much, many,

worlds of.

بهان پادهاه jahār-khusrav, = مهان عسره ورب

jahān-dār, Possessor of the world: a king, an emperor; name of a Mogul emperor, grandson of Aurangzeb.

jahān-dārī, Monarchy, empire, rule; imperial;—asbābi jahāndārī, Means

of acquiring rule.

بان دار jahān-dāwar, Judge of the world.

seen the world; knowing mankind; experienced; a traveller; — jahān-dīda bisyār goyad durogh, One who has seen the world tells many lies.

رائي jahān-rawā'ī, Rule of the

world.

مان ولده jahān-zinda, A perennial flower. مالن مالام jahān-sālār, A powerful monarch; a general.

نان منان jahān-satān, World-conquering.

منائی jahān-satānī, Conquest of the world.

مبان مومتة jahān-sokhta, Having consumed a world.

ig- obe jahān-soz, An incendiary; a tyrant.

مان كدعداي jahān-kadkhudāy, Lord of the world.

بهانکشا jahān-kushā, World-subduing. جهانکشا جهان کشائی jahān-kushā'ā, Conquest.

جهان كى jahān-kay, King of the world. جهان كرد jahān-gard, A great traveller.

the world (the name which Salim, the son of Sultan Akbar, adopted on succeeding his father as Emperor of Hindustan in the year 1605); a woman's bracelet; short breeches worn by soldiers.

جان گوری jahān-gārī, Of or relating to Jahāngīr; royal, princely; universal sway;

a kind of bracelet.

world.

ميان مرزبان مرزبان jahān-marzbān, The lord marcher of the world.

jahān-nāsiparda, Who has not travelled over the world, inexperienced. a جمان خطاع jahān-muṭā', Obeyed by the

جهان نورد jahān-naward, A great traveller. جهانی jahānī, Worldly; a mortal.

جمانیان jahāniyān, Mortals; worldly people; creatures, creation.

مانيدن jahānīdan, To cause to leap; to attack; to shoot.

A had jihbiz (from P. had q.v.), An acute, intelligent money-changer, who knows at once good money from bad.

jahbazat, Banking, the business

of a banker or money-changer.

A \$\lambda_{\iff} jihat, juhat, Side, face, surface; direction; form, fashion, manner, mode; reason, motive; regard, respect;—jihati īn ki, Inasmuch as;—az ān jihat, On account of that;—az īn jihat, For that reason;—az jihati, For this reason, because of; on the side of;—az jihati īn ki, Because that;—ba-jihat ān ki, Since, because, for the reason that;—ba-har jihat, Anyhow, in any respect;—chār jihat, Four sides (of a solid); four qualities or quantities;—chi jihate paidā kard, What a reason he has found out!

n a jahs (v.n.), Moving, agitating, rendering light and airy (anger, terror, or

joy).

A shape jahjāh, Name of the man who broke Muhammad's stick on the knee of Othman; also of one who is destined to rule the world.

jahjahān, Skipping, prancing;

hopping; swelling, rushing (water).

exerting oneself; labour, toil, exertion; study, care, painstaking; diligence, assiduity, earnestness; — jahd, juhd, Power, strength, vigour.

a ميدش jahdish, Exertion, effort, dili-

gence.

A yeight (v.n.), Raising the voice, speaking loud; revealing, declaring, publishing, discovering, disclosing; cleaning out (a well); visiting one in the morning unexpectedly; magnifying, honouring; regarding as numerous; shaking (a bottle) in order to churn butter; travelling incognite over a country;—juhr, Form, mien, countenance; beauty of face, comeliness;—jahar, Being day-blind, nyctalopy (med.).

A Tyr- jahran, P. & jahrana, Publicly, evidently, clearly;—sirran wa jahran, Pri-

vately and publicly.

A مبرارات jahrāwāt, A plain outside of Shīrāz.

A *jahratan, Publicly, visibly.

A مرم jahram, Name of a town in Persia. a جرم jahramī, Native of Jahram; the celebrated musician Barbud.

a deriver jahramiyat, A kind of linen cloth (called from jahram, the town above-mentioned).

jahra, A yarn-reel; opposite;—jahra sākhtan, To oppose one thing to another.

A jahsh (v.n.), Raising a scream and running frightened (as a child to its mother); preparing to weep.

jahish, Nature; exterior form.

A Je jahl (v.n.), Being ignorant, foolish ignorance, silliness, foolishness, foolish or

senseless disputation, a war of words;jahli basīt, Simple ignorance, artlessness; -jahli murakkab, Complicated ignorance, confirmed error.

A Juhala' (pl. of jahil), Ignorant people, the ignorant; in P. also used as a singular.

A My jahalat (pl. of jāhil), Fools.

a جالى jahlī, Ignorant; foolish; sionate; lazy; argumentative; a driveller.

A spin (v.n.), Receiving sternly and ungraciously; austere, crabbed, surly; a tearing lion; a proper name.

jr jih-marz, Sexual intercourse with

harlots.

 $a \mapsto jahm\bar{i}$. Belonging to the following sect; -jahmiyat, Name of a Muhammadan sect.

was jahn, Spirit; the soul or intellect of the universe; -jahn, jihn, Name of a son of Afrasyab; -jihan (for jihan), The world.

jahanja, A kind of shoe or slipper. jahandagi, A cantering pace.

jahanda, (A horse) going sideways and skipping along the road; elastic.

A property jahannam, Hell, the infernal fire;

a deep well; -ahli jahannam, The damned; -ba-jahannam, To hell with you! (m.c.).

a جہنجی jahannami, Infernal, hellish.

Jew. juhūd, A Jew.

אָנְטּוֹע בּאָנְטּוֹע juhūdāna, Judaically; the ventricle of a sheep stuffed with meat and herbs; name of a gum-bearing tree.

ارې بېردي juhūdī, Judaical. One Jew; Judaism;

a جاوري jahūrī, Loud-voiced.

A Jest jahul, Extremely ignorant, an utter ignoramus.

a مولى jahūlī, Ignorance, folly.

A مولية jahūlīyat, Extreme ignorance.

A مرمد jahīd, Laborious, painstaking; toilsome.

jahīdan, To leap, spring, dance; to gallop; to be stimulated to running or flight; to recreate, divert oneself; to drop; to grow cold; to blow (as the wind).

A year juhir, Beautiful of face; unadul-

terated milk.

jahīz, Running, flowing; fleet, agile; (by Imalah for yestments and furniture of every kind which a bride brings to her husband's house; a dowry; minced meat.

A Line juhainat, Name of a large tribe.

jai (in Zand and Pazand), Pure; name of a village dependent upon Ray; jī, The city of Ispahān; name of a district in the dependency of Ispahān.

jai-afrām, Name of a prophet. جيالك jayālak (from T. چليك), A straw-

berry (m.c.).

A was jaib (in P. pronounced jeb or jib), The opening at the neck and bosom (of a shirt, &c.); the breast-collar; the heart,

bosom; a pocket;—jībi ufq, The sky;jībi baghal, Waistcoat-pocket (m.c.) ;—jībi khāş, A privy purse.

جبه jibu, Fuel, firewood ; = جببا q.v.

jibur, Gardens; paradises.

جيه $j\bar{\imath}ba$, = جيه q.v.

مبه jiba-khāna, An arsenal (see مبه . (خانه

weer jaibin, Interval, intervening space (see چیپین).

juytan, A saddle-cloth (unsupported جيتن by examples).

چيته jita, = چيته q.v.

پيم jīpā, Fuel, firewood.

جيبال jaipāl, Name of an Indian ruler. A class jaihan, Name of a river or town in Syria.

A ωροφορ jaiḥān, The river Jaihūn or Bactrus; ba-jaihūn nishastan, To cross the Jaihūn; to weep.

a جيموني jaiḥūnī, Belonging to the Jaibūn.

بيد A long, slender, beautiful neck; the lower or front part of the neck, on which jewels are suspended; (pl. of ajyad) with beautiful and slender necks; jayad, The length, slenderness and beauty of the neck; — jaiyid, Good, excellent; elegant; arable, fertile.

جير jir, Declivity; a kind of leather.

A ω jīrān (pl. of jār), Neighbours; protectors; name of a village near Isfahān.

جير جنگ jir-jany, = جير جنگ q.v.

jiruft, Name of a city in Kar-

אבענט jīrūn, Name of a gate of Damascus.

jīra, A daily allowance.

جيز جنگ jīz-jang, A leathern dildo.

بيرو jīzū, A porcupine (see جيرو).

أَوْيِسَتَانَ jīstān, A riddle (see جيستان). jestan, To leap; a small purse

elegantly adorned. jaisink, Name of the first king of Guzerāt.

A جيش jaish (v.n.), Boiling (of a pot); ebullition; raging (of the sea); swelling, overflowing (of a river); an army, soldiery, a legion.

jaishgar, A general; a maker of

coats of mail.

A جيم jaiz (v.n.), Turning away from, declining.

جيځ $j\bar{\imath}gh$, Noise, clamour.

jaighut, Palm-tree fibres.

jaighāt, A basket made of palmleaves or fibres.

jīgha, An ornament or jewel worn in the turban; noise, clamour.

A جيف jiyaf (pl. of jīfat), Carcases.

A جيلة jîfat, A carcase, corpse, which has begun to stink, carrion.

and جيف jīga, Noise, clamour (see the following).

بيقة حيقة كردن jīqa-jiqa kardan, To adorn the (eye-brows) with a certain powder of brass and tale.

jik, The noise of fowls.

jīk-jīk, Cry of birds and beasts.

ا ميل م jīl, A race, a nation; name of a village near Bagdad.

jilan, The juleb-tree; sesame (for P. کیلان) the city and province of Gilan.

jīlāhang, A purgative Indian root.

jīl-dārū, A wood, black without

and green within (see گيل دار).

A ρων jīm, The letter z; a silk robe embroidered with gold; libidinous camels.

jīn, Unamiable, detestable qualities. بيناك jīnāk, A place.

jinawar, The bridge across hell-

jaiwād, Chastity, continence.

אַנְיי juyūb (pl. of jaib), Shirt-collars; pockets.

jaiwad, Straight (unsupported by examples).

A ميوش juyush (pl. of jaish), Armies, forces, troops; -juyūshi āhan-posh, Troops cased in steel.

jīwa, Quicksilver. محوة

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e ch, called che, also jīmi fārsī or jīmi 'ajamī, is the seventh letter of the Arabic-Persian alphabet, and is pronounced like our ch in "church"; it interchanges with and is some, ش and is some, times confounded with &, whose numerical value of 3 it shares in the Abjad;—chi (for chih, q.v.), What, which, &c.

چای chā, Tea (for particulars see چا). chābuk, Quick, swift, active; ingenious, sharp, acute; beautiful; a horsewhip; -chābuk zadan, To whip.

a أياك ادا د chābuk-adā, A ready speaker,

performer, singer.

chābuk-bāzī, A whipping. چابك بازى chābuk-pā, Swift of foot. چابلعه پا chabuk-khiram, Swift-paced. نامان chādān, A tea-pot.

يابك دست chābuk-dast, Dexterous, adroit, light-fingered, nimble, expeditious; beau-

tiful.

a (كيب) چابك ركاب chābuk-rikāb (rakīb), Quick or skilful of stirrup, a good horse-

chābuk-sukhun, Eloquent. چابلت سخن chābuk-suwār, A horse-breaker, چابك سوار

jockey, rough rider; a horse-dealer; a flogger.

chābuk-suwārī, Jockeyship. a وابك عنان chābuk-inān, Dexterous in handling the reins.

a مابك قدم chābuk-qadam, Swift of foot. a چابك نفس chābuk-nafas, Quick of speech, a ready talker.

chābukī, Agility; in need of the چابكى

whip, pacing leisurely.

chābūk, Quick, nimble, acute.

چاپ $ch\bar{a}p$ (from H. $chh\bar{a}p$), A seal, stamp, print (see چاپه) ;—chāp zadan (kardan), To

chāpātī, A thin, unleavened cake. چاپاتی chāpār, A runner, mounted mes-

senger, courier; post; mail.

t هايار عاله chāpūr-khāna, Relay-station for a mounted messenger, post-house (m.c.);
—rāhi chāpār-khāna, The high road (m.c.).

chapari, Travelling by post; post; ba-chāpārī rāndan, To travel at or break into a courier's pace.

چاپ chāp-khāna, Printing-house, printing office;—chāp-khāna'i daulatī, Government printing office.

چاپېchapuq, = پاپېq, v.

chāplos, A flatterer; flattery.

-; chaplosi, Flattery, adulation چاپلوسی chāplosī kardan (numūdan), To flatter, to fawn, to court.

chāpila, Bald in consequence of چاپله

ت جاپول chāpaul, A raid, inroad, razzia.

t چاپيدى chāpīdan, To overrun, to make an incursion, to invade (m.c.).

چاپه chāpa, A seal, stamp, print.

châpūb, Rags (unsupported by examples).

chāpūq, A gusset.

chātū, A halter, rope to hang felons. chāch, A heap of corn threshed and والتي دائمة winnowed; name of a city in Turkistan famed for the bows made there: hence, kamāni chāchi, Bows brought from that place, which were not affected by heat or damp.

جاچله chāchala, A rustic shoe of raw leather.

chāchī, Of or referring to Chāch; a چاچی bow made there (see =).

q.v. جاخسوك = chākhshāq, چاخشوق

chādar, A tent, pavilion; a mantle, scarf; a veil; a sheet; a shroud, windingsheet; a table-cloth; -chādari āb, A waterfall, a cascade; -chādari iḥrām (according to some ajrām or ahrāmiyān), Snow ;—chādari ajsād, The four elements ;--chādar az pusht bar-kashīdan, To take a mantle off the shoulder; -chādari azhdahā, The four elements; — chādar ba-chihra (dar sar) kashīdān, To draw a veil over the face or head;—chādar bar kitf afgandan (poshīdan) To throw a mantle over the shoulder;—

chādar ba-yak shāhh afgandan, To remove the veil;—chādari tarsā, The sun; the sun's rays; light; a blue and yellow garment;—chādar takānīdan (takīdan), To pitch a tent;—chādari khwāb, Bed-curtains;—chādari rakhti khwāb, A canvas wrapper in which bed-clothes are tied up;—chādar zadan, To pitch a tent;—chādari sar-karda, A face-veil;—chādari shab, Bed-sheets; a large veil, covering the whole dress;—chādari qalandarī, A sort of tent;—chādari kāfūrī, The dawn; sunshine;—chādari kabūd (kuhlī,) The heavens; a dark night;—chādari lājaward, The azure sky; a verdant meadow;—chādari yazdī, A kind of woman's veil.

چادر بوش قلندري chādar-poshi qalandari, A gipsy tent (m.c.).

chādar-figandī, A kind of tent. چادر مگندی

chadar-girifta, Veiled. چآدر گرفته

chādar-nishīn, A dweller in a tent; a nomad.

spectral (contracted from chahār), Four; a potter's kiln; able; (for chārah) remedy, cure; (S. chāra) an explorer;—chār andar chār guytan, To talk idly, nonsensically, deliriously;—chār daur (dar chār daur), From four sides, from every side, completely;—dū chār shudan, Two (cyes) become four, i.e. to meet another.

جار اهر chūr-abrū, A kind of dervish who shaves his eye-brows and whiskers; (met.) a lover; meeting between two persons.

chār ākhur, The four elements;

four stars in the Great Bear.

چار ارکاني chār akhehīj, چار اکشيې chār arkūn, چار اودها chār azhdahā, The four elements.

جار اسب chār asb, A team of four horses. جار اسباب chār asbāb, The four faculties, viz. of attraction, retention, digestion, and repulsion; the four elements.

چار استاد chār ustād, The four elements. چار استاد chār āyīna, A kind of armour.

לו אל châr bāgh. A palace; name of a celebrated royal garden in the environs of Ispahān; also near Dehli; hence in general a royal garden or park.

جار بالشي chār bālish, چار بالشي chār bālisht, The four elements; a kind of large cushion, on which great men sit or recline; a throne; the world;—chār bālishi arkān, Heat, cold, dryness, and moisture.

يار بانك chār-bāng, Sensible, quick, alert.

chār-bird, Name of a city.

جار بردى chār-birdī, Of or belonging to Chārbird.

جار بند chār band, The world.

جار بندی chār-bandī, A wallet; the world. جار بندی chār bekh, Endive-root, fennel-root, caper-root, and parsley-root; the four elements.

پار پا chār pā, A quadruped; a bedstead; castanets.

جار بارة chār-pāra, Four-square, in four parts; a pair of castanets or virginals; the patch of a shoe.

جار پايه chār pày, چار پايه chār-pāya, =

.q.v چارپا

ار چار جار chār-pakh, Quadrangular ; a kind of tent.

پار پر chār-par, A wine-bottle.

or sides (spear-head); a precious chain; a full stomach;—chār-pahlū shudan (to become four-square), To guttle, gormandise; to lie supine.

جار تار chār-tār, چار تار chār-tār, چار تا tāra, A four-stringed lute; a drum; the

four elements; the world.

چار ترك chār-tark, A kind of quadrangular چار توك at.

ביים נים chārt zadan, To take a siesta. בין כים ניט chār takbir bar o zad, He deserted him, he abandoned him, as if dead (from the four Takbirs repeated by way of burial service over the dead).

جار جامئ جدر جامئ chār jāma, جار جامئ chār jūl, A saddle without a tree; a valuable saddlecloth to adorn a valued old horse; a horse covered with a cloth instead of a saddle.

جار جوية chār jūpa, A window-blind.

chār jauhar, The four elements; name of four stars in the Great Bear.

جار جوى فطرت chār jāyī filrat, Four constitutional habits in man, viz. sanguine, choleric, phlegmatic, and melancholy.

chār jihat, Four sides; the whole.

چارودن chār-chār zadan, To talk idly, nonsensically, deliriously.

چار چار کردن chār-chār kardan, To meet; to contend with.

چارچار گوی chār-chār-goy, An idle or absurd talker, wandering in one's speech.

chār-chashm, Four-eyed (a dog or sheep), i.e. having a black spot over each eye; one who wears spectacles; a meeting, interview, eye to eye; full of desire, anxious.

جار چدر chār chand, Quadruple, four times as much.

چار چوب chār chūb, چار چوب chār chūba, A frame (m.c.).

خار حد chār had, East, west, north, south. خار حائة chār-khānah, A large cauldron divided into four compartments; chequerwork; a kind of cloth; anyone who assumes more than his condition entitles him to.

چار عایم chār-khāya (four-testicled), Bold, brave, warlike; addicted to women, potent in venery.

chār kham, A wrestling trick.

the globe; four grains, to denote a thing ueither big nor small.

char dawil, An ox-goad.

جار دري chār-darī, The world.

chardah, Fourteen; the full moon. chārdahum, Fourteenth; full moon; (met.) the highest perfection.

char diwar, Four walls; the four quarters of the world ;-chār dīwāri nafs, The body; the world.

chār-dīwārī, A court-yard, area. char zānū, A tailor's mode of sit-

chār-sāl, A space of four years;

four years old.

chār-sālagi, Space of four years. چار سالگی char su. A square : a market-place ; a cross-road, two roads crossing; expecta-

chār shākh, A pronged implement چار هاځ for winnowing grain.

chār-shānah, A dwarf; tough,

hardy, fat, lusty.

char-shambih, Wednesday ; (met.) چار هنبه the planet Mercury.

جارسو جارسو chār shūb, = چارسو q.v. q.v. چار موب chār-ṣarb, Sensible, shrewd (slave). جار مرب زده char-zarb-zada, One whose beard, mustachios, eye-brows, and eye-

lashes have been all cut clean away.

chār tāq, Four columns, i.e. a principal room on the top of Eastern houses, open in front and supported by four pillars; a kind of quadrangular tent; a kitchentent; the elements; the sky, the firma-

châr 'unşur, The four elements. چار عنمر charuq, A kind of چارق charugh, چارق rustic shoe.

a چار نب chār qab, A garment peculiar to the kings of Turan.

chārak, A military commander, a جارك general; the leader of a caravan.

chār-gāma, An ambling nag; tu- چارگامه multuous mirth.

q.v.), A pasture-چارگاه chār-gāh (for چراگاه ground.

يار گوهه chār gosha, Four-cornered; a throne; a bier; a small table.

پار کوهی chār-goshī, A four-handled ewer ; quadrangular.

جار كون chūr-yūn, Mace; a saddle-tree.

chār-langar, A large ship provided چار لنگر

with four anchors.

chārum, chāram, The fourth;—chārum usturlāb, The sun; the fourth climate; -chārum bilād, The fourth climate (Khurasan); -chārum kitāb, The fourth book, i.e. the Kur'an (the other three being the Pentateuch, Psalms and Gospels).

chür mādar, The four elements چار مادر

. (چهار مادر aée).

chir mar chāra, An inn; a چار مر چاره

stage; learned.

chār maghz (four-kernel), A walnut; an earthen ball with which children play.

char mekh, The rope upon which rope-dancers walk or tumble; also the poles by which it is stretched and supported; the wooden frame of saddles, or of packsaddles; a cross, a gibbet; sodomy; the four elements ;—chār mekhi hayāt, The four elements; -chār mekh shudan, To be crucified; to be firmly established, to stand bolt upright; -chār mekh kardan, To stretch a cord for rope-dancers to dance upon; to crucify; (met.) to commit sodomy.

charumin, Relating to four; one of four; fourth; -bāmi chārumīn, The fourth heaven; — khusrawi sipihri chārumīn, The monarch of the fourth sphere, i.e. the sun.

chārumīn bām, Fourth heaveu. چارمین بام جار نا چار chār nā-chār, Iuevitable; of necessity, whether willing or not willing, nolens volens.

a چار نعل رانتن chār na'l raftan, To trot (m.c.).

ياري chārū, Plaster, mortar. چارچ

chārwā, A quadruped; a pony.

chārwā-dār, Ōne who lets out چاروا دار horses; a groom.

chār u chadar, Remedy, treatment.

chārūgh, چاروق chārūq, A peasant's shoe.

.v. چار فاچار = ,chār u nā-chār چار و ناچار char u haft, The four (elements) چار و هفت

and seven (planets).

chāra, Remedy, cure; help, succour; چارة escape; being able to dispense with, to do without; business, affair; a knavish trick, stratagem, scheme; separation; mode, mean, manner, method; once; time; chāra-ash chīst (chi chāra), What remedy is there? what is to be done?—chāra barandākhtan (dādan, dāshtan, shinākhtan), To employ, possess, know or devise a remedy; -chāra'i kār-rā justan, To seek out a remedy for the matter, to put a spoke in one's wheel (m.c.);—chāra kardan, To repair, to remedy; to seize, take hold of;chara giriftan, To apply a remedy.

chāra-pazīr, Curable. چاره پذير

chara-pardaz, One bringing or چاره پرداز applying a remedy.

chāra-jūy, Seek- چاره جوی chāra-jūy, Seeking an expedient or remedy; using stratagem.

chāra-sāz, Who applies a cure, a چاره ساز provider of remedy.

chāra-sāzī, Application of a re-

chāra-sigāl, Who thinks of or چاره سگال devises a remedy.

chāra-kār, Applying remedies, a چاره کار restorer; aid, assistance; means, manner.

chāragar, A knave, deceiver, cheat; an agent, a messenger.

جاره گری chāragarī, Remedy, cure; roguery; comfort.

جال

chāra mar chāra, Treachery; چارة مر چارة

open, clear (see چاره چاره). پارين chār-yārā, Name of a sect which venerates especially the four immediate successors of Muhammad.

چار یاك chār yak, One of four, a fourth ;

چارىك كار $ch\bar{a}r$ -yak- $k\bar{a}r$, Name of a place belonging to Kābul.

chāz, A frog, a paddock.

chāzha, کاژ جاژ chāzha, Vain, futile.

chāsh, A heap of winnowed corn;

lint-seed; a lunch.

جاهتگه داشت داشته

chāshtī, A morning meal, breakfast (opp. to khuftī, An evening meal, supper). وماهنان chāshdān, A bread-basket; a dish

or tray for breakfast.

جاهکدان chāshakdān, A bread-basket; a lady's work-box.

پاهند chāshna, Taste, &c. (= چاهند below);

-chāshna kardan, To taste.

way of a sample; a specimen; proof, trial; quality; the first stroke or two on a drum; —chāshnī dar buni dandān uftad, To get a taste of a thing;—chāshnī'i dil. Kind words;—chāshnī'i subh, The brightness of dawn;—chāshnī kardan, To assay; (it is moreover construed with the verbs bargiriftan, buland shudan, dādan, dāshtan, shinākhtan, fashurdan, and giriftan).

chāshnīgīr, A taster to a prince;

a cupbearer; a carver.

E chāgh, Time, season, an hour (or the twelfth part of every civil day); a spider.

جفد داول chāghdāwul, = چفد داول q.v. عاغداول r جفد داول chāq, Time; health; healthy, well;

stout, obese; — $ch\bar{a}q$, Time; health; healthy, well; stout, obese; — $ch\bar{a}q$ shud, He became well.

T چاقشور chāqshur, چاقشور chāqshūr, A kind of red hose.

r باني chāqū, A knife (m.c.);—chāqū dasta kardan, To bury one's head in the collar; to be closed (like a flower-bud); to commit pederasty.

t جانى chāqī, Stoutness, corpulency,

obesity.

chāk, A fissure, rupture, cleft, crack, rent; a bond or note of hand; title deeds; day-break; the sound made by the blow of a sword; a loop-hole, fan-light; ready, prepared; — chāki ṣaut, The glottis; — chāk kardan, To tear; (also construed with the verbs angekhtan, khwurdan, shudan, zadan, kushādan, and nihādan).

چاکاچاك chākāchāk, Noise; din of swords;

full of cracks, chinks, or clefts.

chākānīdan, To drop, distil. چاکانیدن

چاك پشت chāk-pusht (corruption of پاك بشت q.v.), (A horse) high in the withers and rump, and depressed in the girth.

جاكران زسين chākarān-zamīn, Lands appropriated to the maintenance of public servants.

جاكرى chākarī, Servitude; apprenticeship; —chākarī kardan. To serve, to do service.

جاكسو chāksū, چاكشو chākshū, A small black shining grain mixed up with camphor into an ointment for the eyes.

چاكل chākal, A ewer, a water-jug. پاكو chākū, A clasp-knife, a penknife. پاكوت chākoch, A mallet, hammer.

the chāl, Grizzled; a sorrel horse; a hole in which weavers put their feet; a hole wherein one may stand upright without being buried; a ravine (m.c.); a bird's nest; a wager, a stake at play; a bnstard; a beautiful kind of partridge; name of a certain water-fowl, a moor-hen; whey; name of a town in the district of Kazwīn; —chāli shutur, Camel's whey;—chāl kardan, To win, to carry off the stakes.

н پال chāl, A distance of two parasangs;

gait, pace; name of a fish.

chātāk, Ingenious; vigilant; quick; nimble, clever-handed; active, smart, laborious, hard-working; skittish; a lofty dwelling-place; a highwayman, a cutthroat.

چالاكى chālākī, Alacrity, quickness, speed; skittishness; vigilance; smartness, ingenuity.

chālān, Invoice, bill of lading;

transportation.

چال پشت chāl-pusht, Swayed, hollow-backed.

چالپوس *chalpos*, A flatterer; a muleteer (see چاپلوس).

أَشُ chālish, Elegant gait, graceful motion; stateliness; coition; manner, conduct; battle.

chālishgar, A swinger; a warrior;

lecherous.

chālishgarī, Warlike action. چالشگری

a جالحون chal-hauz, A large basin or tank in which one can stand upright without being submerged (m.c.).

a چال قمار chāl-qimār, A stake, bet.

دُرُهُ مَالَيْ chālū, عَالَمْ chāla, A vault, a repository for grain, not more than two or three yards deep.

جالى chālī, A kind of duck.

chātīr, A deep ditch or pit;—az chāh bar-āmadam u dar chalīr uftādam, I jumped out of the frying-pan and fell into the fire.

جالیش chālīsh, A pompous, stately walk;

war.

chālīk, The game of tip-cat.

châm, Bent, curved, twisted; a grain; a button; method, manner; a fold; (in comp.) fold; a valley; low ground.

chām-chām, Tangled, intricate,

mazy.

يامين chāmis, = چامين q.v.

chām-gīr, Pleasant, affable, atten-

chāmosh, A kind of shoe.

chāma, A poem not exceeding seventeen couplets; a song; a word.

نامة و chāmadān, Eloquent; an orator. ياسه گړی chāma-goy, Singer of odes; a

chāmīdan, To make water; to blow.

and— چامير ,chāmīr چامير

chāmīn, Urine; excrement.

chānish, A pompous walk; war.

rhānqī, A council; consultation, چانقی ت deliberation (see حالقي).

الله chāna, The lower jaw-bone; the chin; jaw, jabber, talk; a dropping, distilling; a lump of dough, enough to make a cake; a cup; — chāna bī-jā zadan, or simply chana zadan, To jaw, to chatter, to gossip (m.c.).

chāv, (in Tartar) Paper money.

chāv chāv, The chirping or noise of چاو چاو spairtows or other birds (especially when terrified for themselves or young by a hawk); the first relators of bad news.

chavchawan, Indirect, swerving. ت جاوش châwush, A sergeant, a beadle; a herald; the leader of an army or cara-

وچکاوك chāwak, A lark (see چاوك).

a), chawala, A hundred-leaved rose;

uneven, awry.

chāvlî, A winnowing fan of reeds.

r چاروش cháwūsh, A sergeant, a beadle; any officer that precedes a magistrate or great man; a herald, pursuivant, messenger; a chief, a leader; the head of a caravan (see

chāwīd, Chirping of sparrows.

chāwīdan, To chirp (as frightened چاريدن sparrows); to cry aloud; to masticate,

chāh, A well, pit; a prison, dungeon; a snare;—chāhi ābī kanūd (kabūd), A well at Tripoli whose water is said to stultify; -chāhi bābil, The pit of Babel, i.e. a well where two fabulous angels, called Hārūt and Mārūt, are said to hang with their heads downwards and to teach magic to mankind; -chāhi bīzhan (bījan, pūqīr), The well in which Bizhan was imprisoned by Afrāsiyāb;—chāhi pukhta, A bricked well; -chāhi past, The world; -chāhi zagan (zanakh, zanakhdān, ghabghab). The pit of the chin, a dimple; chāhi rustam, The pit, filled with swords and spears, into which Rustam was enticed by his brother Shaghād;—chāhi zīj (sitāra-joy), A subterranean astronomical observatory; -- chāhi zulmānī (the dark pit), The world; the body;chāhi mabraz, A cesspool, a privy;—chāhi muqanna' (nakhshab), Name of a well in Turkistan from which the magician Muqanna' produced a moon shedding rays four parasangs long; the face of a mistress; chāhi yūsuf, The well into which Joseph was thrown by his brothers.

chāh-jo, An instrument for drawing out anything fallen into a well; a

digger of wells.

chāh-chawar, Ladies' trousers for out-door wear.

a چاه دلو chāh-dalw, Aquarius; the world. chāh-sār, A well's mouth ; a well, چاهسار pit.

chāhak, A little well; a dimple; a واهك weaver's treadle (see پاچاه) ;—chāhaki sarīd, A hollow in a pudding into which sauce is poured; chāhaki gosh, The ear-hole.

chāh-kan, A digger of wells; an instrument for dragging a well.

chāha, A deep ditch.

chāhīdan, To feel cold; to chatter چاهیدن (as the teeth).

chāh-yūz, An instrument for cleaning out a well; a grappling iron for drawing out anything that has fallen into a

chāy, Tea;—chāyi khatā'ī, Chinese tea; — chāy khwurdan, sarfi chāy kardan (numūdan), To take tea; — chāyi namsa, Javanese tea.

chā'īdan (vulg. for چائيدن q.v.), To feel cold, to take a chill.

chabān, An ulcer, abscess.

chabtan, A purse.

chabghut, چېغېت chabghūt, A bed ; a couch; a pillow, cushion; old faded tapestry or hangings; worn-out clothes; quilting.

chablos, A flatterer, wheedler, de-

т جبوق chibūq, A (water-) pipe ;—chibūq kushīdan, To smoke a pipe (m.c.).

chabīra, Ready, prepared; assembled; an assembly, congregation, meeting. chabbīn, chubbīn, A bread-basket.

chap, The left side; discordant, inharmonious; — chap uftādan (bastan), To oppose; to use stratagem; -chap dadan, To sew on a patch; to deceive, betray, forsake; to drive away, to repel;—chap raftan, To oppose; to use stratagem; -chap shudan, To rebel, decline, turn away; chap u raet (lit. left and right), Unsteadiness, carelessness, want of principle;—pahlū'i chapash-rā, At his left hand (m.c.); -dasti chap, The left hand.

chapā, The left side; leftward. chapāt, chappāt, A slap on the face. چيات chapātī, A thin cake; a fritter.

chapār, Spotted, speckled, mottled (particularly applied to a green dove and a horse both spotted black).

Elve chapāgh, chipāgh. A shad, sheath.

thunny.

ల్లు chapān, chuppān, Tattered garments.

chap-andāz, Throwing the arrow چپ الداز with the left hand; amphidexterous; deceiver, cheat, rogue; stratagem, fraud.

chapāni, chappānī, A knave; clad چهالی

in rags.

chapānīdan, To squeeze, compress.

تاول ت chapāwal, An attack, a charge (see . (چاپول.

chapchap, A smacking kiss.

chap-chapī, Cornelian-tree, dog-

wood (Cornus sanguinea).

chapchala, Clayey, slippery ground; a marsh, morass (m.c.); a boy's slide down a slope; a swing.

chipdan, A boot- چېدار chipdar, چېدار

stocking.

chap-dast, Left-handed. چپ دست

chapar, A circle, ring; a thong put under a seam to strengthen it; a palisade; a wooden hut; (for T. چاپار) a runner, a mounted messenger.

H چپ راس chap-rās, A badge.

يب راست chap-râst, A silk button; a buckle, breastplate, badge; unsteadiness (a turning from left to right and vice versa).

chap-rav, Going to the left. چې رو chapsīdan, To adhere, stick to-

gether.

chapsīda shudan, To adhere. chapsin, Plaster, mortar. chapish, chapush, A yearling kid. chapkan, A sort of short coat. جهل chapal, Filthy, nasty, disgusting. chaplan, Hose worn over boots. chaplāhang, Bark and seed of چيلهنگ the purging root turpethum; a lopped

branch of a tree. chiplak, Indecent; defiled, polluted.

chaplos, A flatterer. چپلوس

chapla, A blow, a box on the ear. chipinlik, A mosquito-tent. چپناگ

chapū, Plunder, pillage, sack (see of which it is probably a corruption).

chapa, A sagacious dog; an oar; chappa, and-

چپه دست chappa-dast, Left-handed. chapīdan, To lean to the left side :

to turn completely over.

chuppīn, A wicker bread-basket. chatr (S. chhatra), An umbrella, parasol (especially as an ensign of royalty); a tent; a tuft of hair on the crown of the head;—chatri āb-gūn (mīnā), The firmament; -chair dar chairi chize (kase) kashidan, To vie with in quality or degree;—

chatri roz (zarîn, sahar, nūr), The sun;chatri samāwī (sīmābī, sīmīn). The full moon; — chatri 'ambarīn, Night; —chatri kuḥlī, The sky; a dark cloud;—chatri la'l, A sunshade studded with rubies (one of the insignia of royalty);—chatri mar, A toad-stool; -chair (chair ta'us) zadan, To walk on the hands with the feet in the air; to place an umbrella over one's head;chair kushādan, To vie with, to contend.

chatrak, Spleen-wort, milt-wort چترك

(Ceterach officinarum).

chatrmān, A governor, bashā. chatlaquich, A چتلاقوچ chatlaquich, A certain fruit called ban or habbatu 'l-khazra'.

chatū, A veil, a covering. chutūk, A sparrow. چتوك

ېته chita, = چيته q.v.

chatīn, The elevated parts of a saddle in front and at the back.

chaj, chach, A kind of sieve; a pronged instrument for winnowing corn.

chachurgha, The thong of a whip;

a kind of whip.

chachak, A rose;—chachak, chu-chuk, A lovely cheek; a mole, a spot.

r حيث chichak, The chicken-pox.

chachala, A slippery place; a boy's slide; -chuchula, Lingula.

chuchū, A nipple.

chakh, Labour, attention, active exertion; war, enmity, opposition; a flying in the face of anybody; a scabbard; dross, filth.

چخاچخ cha<u>kh</u>ācha<u>kh</u>, Clash of swords;

strife.

جناچنی cha<u>kh</u>ācha<u>kh</u>ī, Wrangle, dispute. chakhān, Squabbling; striving; name of a place.

chakht, Concupiscence, inordinate

desire (unsupported by examples).

چنجيره , chakhjir (from T. چنجيره), قيميره chakhjīra, A kind of wide trousers which tie round the ankle.

chakhsh, A swelling in the throat چخش giving no pain, a goitre.

chakhak, A mole, freckle; the cheek; small-pox.

chakhmākh, A little bag in which soldiers carry their comb, needles, &c.; a fire-steel or tinder-box; a battle-axe fastened to the saddle.

t چنمان chakhmāgh, چنمان chakhmāg, A fire-flint; a soldier's case for keeping a comb, needles, &c.; a kind of battle-axe.

cha<u>kh</u>ī, chi<u>kh</u>ī, Contention, strife;

endeavour (see the following).

chakhidan, To strive, endeavour; to contend, quarrel; to breathe; -to slip, to fall; to twist (the last two meanings unsupported by examples).

cha<u>kh</u>īda, Stricken.

with chakhīn, chikhīn, Filthy, mattery, purulent.

chidar, chadar, Cord or silk fetters for horses.

جدر chadr, A four-year old she-camel ; chadar, Remedy, cure; --chaddar, A sheet; a table-cloth; a veil.

chudurwā, The aloes-plant. چدروا

chidan (for chidan), To collect, gather.

chida, Gathered.

char, A song; music; (in the dialect of Sistan) a water-wheel ;-chur, The organ

of generation.

charā, Pasturing, grazing; [charā جرا kardan, To pasture;—dar charā āmadan, To go to pasture;]-chira, Why? where-

دراه charāba, Cream.

charā-jā, A field for grazing.

جراع chirákh, A lamp (see چراغ).

charā-khwār, A meadow for grazing; a grazing animal; feeding like an animal.

chirā<u>kh</u>-wāra, A candlestick. جراخوارة

charā-khwur, A meadow; a pasture; (an animal) grazing.

charāzār, Grazing ground. چرازار

charāsak, A noisy grasshopper; جراسك the corn-cricket.

جراسيا charásiyā, A cherry (see چراسيا).

chiragh, A lamp; light; the wick of a candle; a guide, director; a client, dependant; a horse's rearing; a pasture; -chirāgh az chashm (dīda) parīdan (jastan, jahīdan), Sparks fly from the eye (as in consequence of a violent blow, &c.); -chiragh az dam kushtan, To blow out the candle;—chirāuhi $\bar{a}sm\bar{a}n$ ($jah\bar{a}n$, $jah\bar{a}n$ - $t\bar{a}b$), The sun; moonlight;—chirāghi bahrī, A beacon-fire (m.c.); —chirāghi bangāl, Bengal lights (m.c.); chiraghi turbat, A lamp lighted in a sepulchre; —chirāghi tu-rā raughan afzūn kunad, He (God) increases your happiness or lengthens your life; -chiraghi chashm (light of the eye), Offspring; -chiragh khwastan, To ask for alms (see چراغی) ; chirāghi dar zīri dāmān, The lover is close by ;-chirāghi roz, The sun ;-chirāghi roz parwana shudan, The sun becomes obscured; the sun sets; -chirāgh roshan, (May your) candle (be) bright (said in wishing success); -chirāgh sozad, The candle burns brightly; (met.) he obtains his wish;—chirāghi sipihr, Sun, moon, and stars; -chiraghi sahar, The sun; the morning star; — chiragh shudan, To shine, be bright; to become a client; —chirāghi 'ālam-afroz, A lamp illuminating the world, i.e. a thing known to all; the sun; -chirāghi kase kūr shawa l, One dies without leaving offspring; -chirāgh kushtan, To extinguish a candle:-chirāghi gaz, A gas-lamp (m.c.); -chirāgh giriftan, To snuff the caudle (m.c.); -chirāgh gul kardan, To make the candle bnrn bright, and, by opposition, to extinguish

it; -chirāghi mazār, A lamp lighted in a sepulchre:—chirāghi mughān, Wine;—chirāghi mūshī, A lamp for illuminations; a fairy-lamp (m.c.) ;—chirāghi nazr, A votive lamp in the sepulchre of a saint;—ba-chirāghrasīdan, To become fortunate; to enter the service of a wealthy or powerful man.

chirāgh-akhur, Affluence, plenty. جراع آخر جراغان chirāghān, Lamps; an illumination (m.c.) ;—chirāghānā rozi isfand, A festive illumination on the third of the five intercalary days;—chirāghān kardan, To illuminate (m.c.); to inflict a cruel kind of punishment by placing burning lights into the wounds of a lashed culprit.

chirāgh-bāna, A lamp-stand; a

candlestick.

chirāgh-bara, A lamp; a stand or جراع بره

vessel for a lamp; a horse rearing.

chirāyh-pāya, چراغ پايه chirāyh-pāya, چراغپا Foot of a lamp; portable lamp; candlestick; a horse rearing.

جراع چراغ چره chirāgh-para, A candle-moth.

chiragh-parhez, A lantern, a چراع پرهيز screen to preserve a candle from the wind. t چراغیوی chirāghchī, A lamp-lighter; =

q.v. چراغپا q.v. وراغپا chirāghdān, A stand for a lamp. chirāghak, A little lamp; a glow-

worm.

chirāgh-kush, Engaged in any چراغکش shameful work that shuns the light.

chirāgh-kushāni, A dark deed. چراغ كشاني

chirāghla, A glow-worm.

chiragh-mast, Inebriated with light, i.e. excited to break out in song (a nightingale exposed of an evening to the brilliancy of light to make her sing); chiragh-mast shudan, To begin to warble thus stimulated.

chirāghanda, A lamp-stand.

chirāgh-wara, A lamp-stand; a جراغوارة screen to preserve a candle from the wind.

chirāgh-wāsa, A moth flying چواع واسه

round a candle.

chirāgh-wara, A candlestick; a چراغورة horse rearing; a moth flying round the candle.

chirāghī, Land bestowed for the lighting up of a Muhammadan mosque or tomb; a present made to a Mulla for offering up oblations at the tomb of a saint; alms given to beggars who walk the street at night, as the sect called Naqshbandi; a present to soothsayers.

charākisa, The Circassians (m.c.).

chirāki, Because that.

charā-gāh, چراگاه charā-gah, A pas-

جراكر charāgar, A grazing animal; an animal led to the pasture.

charāmīn, A meadow, چرام درامین pasture, field for grazing; forage.

charāmāndan, To allow to graze.

دران charān, (A beast) grazing; grazers. charandan, To graze.

charanda, A shepherd.

charānīdan, To cause to graze, چرانيدن lead to pasture.

جرايده charāyanda, Grazing; a grazier. charā'i, Price paid for pasturage, چراکی agistment; -chirā'i, Wherefore art thou? eharā'ītā, A kind of gentian چرائيتا

(Gentiana cherayta).

q.v., of which چرابين it is perhaps a misreading.

charb, Fat, greasy; viscous, glutinous; thick, grumous; smooth; corpulent; conquering, overcoming; prevailing; a kind of water;—charb dādan, To prevail, to overcome;—charb kardan, To anoint, rub, make supple and sleek; to oil, to lubricate (m.c.).

چرب آخور charb-ā<u>kh</u>wur, A full cratch. چرب آخور charb-bālā, Tall, handsome. جرب پہلو charb-pahlū, Fat; a man from

whom one gains profit and advantage. charbtar, Better, preponderating جرب قر

جرب دست charb-dast, One who has a deft hand at work; expert, dexterous; wise, intelligent; wily.

چرب دستى charb-dastī, Manual dexterity. היהוני charb-rud, Fat npon the entrails.

جرب زبان charb-zabān, One who has a smooth tongue to persuade, wheedle, or deceive, glib-tongued; agreeable, conversable, entertaining; eloquent.

جرب زباني charb-zabānī, Persuasion, flattery.

جرب سخنی charb-sukhani, Coaxing, flattery.

چربش charbish, Fat, fat of broth; obesity. charbish-dar, Fat, greasy. charbish-giriftagī, Greasiness. چربش گرنتگی charbish-girifta, Fat, greasy. چربش کردته charb-shirin, Savoury food. a أين charb-ghizā, Dainties, viands. a چرب نامت charb-qāmat, Tall and elegant.

charbak, A thin cake or wafer fried in oil and given away at funeral obsequies; cream; thin paper for tracing drawings;churbak, A plausible lie; slander, evil surmise; sarcasm, cutting irony; jesting; buffoonery; shame; an enigma.

چرب کو charb-go, Glib-tongued; agrecable

talker; eloquent.

چربناك charbnāk, Rich (milk).

جرب نرسى charb-narmī, Meekness, lenity, gentleness.

קראין charb-nizār, Fat and lean (meat). קיק charbū, Fat; fatness; glue; starch. charb u khushk, Good and چرب و عشك bad; more or less; liberality and avarice; liberal and churlish.

د charba, Thin paper used for tracing writing or drawing; fatness; cream; a spinning-wheel; a lathe.

چربی charbī, Fat, grease; suet; mildness, softness; rectitude; bravery; facility, ease; success, prosperity;—charbī az maghzi kār angekhtan, To draw advantage from, to profit by ;- charbī kardan, To proceed slowly.

charbī-dār, Fat, sleek, or pursy. پرييدي charbīdan, To prevail, be victorious; to dip, preponderate (as a scale); to abound.

chart, vulg. churt, Drowsiness;--churt zadan, To take a nap; to be drowsy; to slumber (comp. چارت زدن).

churtī, Drowsy (m.c.). درتغ charta, Colour, hue.

tye char<u>kh</u> (Z. cha<u>kh</u>ra, S. chakra), Everything revolving in an orbit, as a wheel, wheeled carriage, pulley, watchwheel, mill-wheel, water-wheel, spinningwheel, turner's, cutler's, or other artificer's wheel; a wine-press; circular motion; the circular dance of the Muhammadan dervishes; the celestial globe, the heavenly sphere; fortune; a cupola, doine; a cart; a cross-bow; a bow in a very tense state; a machine for separating cotton from the seed; collar of a garment; a shirt; a white falcon, a hyena; name of a city in Khurāsān; (for Ex q.v.) a hawk;—charkhi āb-kashī, A pulley for drawing water;—charkhi asīr (akhzar, tarsā-jāma, sūfī-labās, gandana-gun), The ethereal sphere, or that of the moon; - charkhi atlas (akbar, barin, nuhum), The crystalline sphere (where the Muhammadans imagine the throne of God is fixed); -charkhi pir, The sky, the celestial sphere, fortune;—charkhi tahī-rū, A starless sky; — charkhi chārum (chahārum), The fourth, i.e. solar sphere; -charkhi chāqū-tīz-kun, A knife-grinding wheel (m.c.) :—charkhi chamburi (dolābī, mudauwar), Celestial sphere ;-charkh khwurdan, To revolve (m.c.);—charkh dādan, To wheel round (m.c.);—char<u>kh</u>i dauwār, Revolving heaven; changeable fortune;charkh radan, To turn, to spin; -charkhi zarīn-ligām (zarīn-kāsa), Fourth heaven, i.e. solar sphere; — char<u>kh</u>i sitam-kār (gaddār), Adverse fortune; the treacherous world; charkhi sang-dil, First and fourth sphere, i.e. those of the moon and the sun; charkhi ghalla, A corn-cart; -charkhi falak, The passion-flower;—charkhi kabūd (kabūd $j\bar{a}ma$, $m\bar{i}n\bar{a}$), Azure sky; the heart;—charkhi kīna-sāz. Fortune, preparing mischief, i.e. unhappy fate; —charkhi muqauwas, The celestial orb; the Zodiac.

charkh-āb, A water-wheel; a whirl-

pool.

زغ انداز char<u>kh</u>-andāz, Archer, bowman. charkh-legh, The sword of the sphere.

charkh - khwurda, Revolving چرة خوردة (m.c.).

charkh-rīsak, Name of a noisy چرځ ريسك chirping insect; also of a bird.

ن) tہ charkh-zan, A spinner; a dancer; a traveller.

charkh-sāz, Moving in, or forming برا ساز t a circle; circular.

چرځست char<u>kh</u>ust. char<u>kh</u>ast, and—

charkhusht, Wine, oil, or other چرعشت

char<u>kh</u>-kamān, A crossbow, a چرځ کمان powerful bow.

پرخکی زدن charkhakī zadan, To dance for

joy (as victorious wrestlers).

charkh-gāh, A place of duncing; (met.) a circle of dancers (as dervishes in their ecstasy).

charkhala, Succory; also its flower;

a thistle.

چرخوك char<u>kh</u>ūk, A spinning-top.

a چينه charkha, A wheel of any kind; a reel; the axis of a pulley; an Arabian thorn or thistle; a nag, jade; -charkha'i abnūs, The sky; the first sphere; -charkha'i tīr, The point of an arrow or javelin; -char<u>kh</u>a zadan, To spin.

char<u>kh</u>a-tīr, An axle-tree. چرځه تير

ن دن char<u>kh</u>a-zan, A spinner. چرځی charkhī, Spherical; celestial; voluble; a kind of fireworks, catharinewheel; a dumb waiter; a pulley; soaring in a circle; a machine for separating cotton from the seed; a silken vest; satin; a

chard, A sill ;—charad, A bay colour ;

-charrad, A fray, broil, battle.

الله charda, A bay horse; a blackish locust; skin; (for چرته q.v.) colour, hue; when added to nouns of colour, it denotes an approach to the tint which such noun expresses, as siyāh-charda, Blackish, tending to black; -zard-charda, Yellowish, of a straw-colour, somewhat yellow.

charz, A bustard; a bird of game, whose flesh is delicate and tender; a lark.

charza, Skin of the face or body; green, blackish; a bay horse.

charas, A prison; confinement; pain; the rack; a vat in which they press out the juice of grapes by treading; a field for pasture; alms; -chars, Condensed Indian hemp-juice.

charist, chirist, Gnashing of teeth; weakness; -charist kardan, To gnash the

charastidan, chiristidan, To gnash. چرستیدن charasdān, A mendicant's scrip. charash, Bruised barley or wheat; a feast, a festive gathering; -also charish, Pasture; taste, flavour.

Er chargh, A bird of the hawk kind. charghān, A seal for public deeds, چرطان a royal signature.

chirghad, A cricket.

چرغنده ,charghand چرغند charghanda, Sheep's guts filled with meat; the standish of a lamp.

charghanū, A wine-vessel ; a musical چرطنو instrument.

charghūl, چرغون charghūn, Lamb's tongue.

chark, A bird which hange by its claws and chirps during the night; -chirk, Dirt, filth; matter; spittle; [chirki āhan, Dross of iron; -chirk-rā giriftan, To clean off dirt; -chirki-gosh, Ear-wax; -charak, A wound, sore.

جركاب chirk-āb, Dirty water; hog-wash. chirk-ālūd, Filthy, dirty, squalid. chirk-tab, A pure colour, as a چرك تاب

decided green, or red, &c.

charkas, chirkas, A Circassian. chirk-shuda, Soiled (m.c.). چوك هده

charkamak, Name of a small bird. chirkin, A running sore; temporal goods; nasty, dirty.

chirknāk, Dirty, filthy.

chirknākī, Dirtiness, nastiness. چرك ناكى chirkin, Nasty, filthy, slovenly; sordid; rusty, mouldy; deformed, ugly, unsightly; dung;—chirkin shudan, To be dirty, base, disfigured.

چرکینی chirkini, Dirtiness, nastiness.

chargar, A musician; a singer; churgar, A mufti; a priest presiding at prayer; a prophet.

chargah, An immense ring made by

huntsmen, converging inwards.

charm (8. charman), Skin, hide; leather; cow-leather, for making sandals, or soles of shoes and slippers; coarse camel-leather; [charm būdan, To prevail over ;—charmi khām, Guts for making bowstrings; -charmi sher, A thong, a lash; -charmi kamān (gor, gauzan), A bowstring; — charmi gav, A thong, lash, scourge; -charmi gurg, A large drum, kettle-drum;]-charam, Name of a place.

charmdan, A leathern purse or bag.

charm-sāz, Worker in leather, currier.

charmak, The ball on a spindle ; churmak, A riddle.

charmgar, A leather-dresser. cur-

charma, A horse; a white or grey horse; hire of infamous boys; leathern; a

charma-pūlād, Iron-grey horse. charmīn, چمين charmīna, Leathern; a dildo.

charmina-doz, A shoe-maker. چومینه دوز charmina-farosh, Shoe-vendor. چرمینه فروش charand, Grazing; a quadroped;—

charand u parand (grazer and flier), Beasts

جرند آب charand-āb, A place in Tabrīz. charandū, Gristle; grazing.

charanda, A grazer, grazing animal ; a reptile, or whatever creeps on its belly; gristle.

chiring, The jingling or tinkling of

bells; the clash of swords; echo.

charangak, Name of a small bird. چرنگيدن chiringīdan, To jingle, tinkle, rattle.

charwish (for charbish), Fatness,

obesity; fat seen under the skin.

charūk, Bread; bread kept in a wallet to serve as travelling provision; -- charūk, charwak, Crumbled bread; -churūk, A ply,

fold; (for T. Φρος), rotten, decayed.

φορς charūn, The old name of Ormuz. درنجی chironjī, چرنجی chironchī, The

nut of the Chironjia sapida.

charwand, charwanda, A sort of lantern or case for a lamp; a lamp-stand.

charwanda, Running; going; im-

ploring help.

charwidan, To seek help; to go. چرويده charwida, Seeking aid; running.

chura, A beardless youth;—churra (for \$5 q.v.), Active, quick, &c.

charhawaz, A bat.

charidan (S. char), To graze, pasture.

جريدنى charīdanī, Fit for grazing, graze-ىي .able

جريش charyish, Fatness, obesity.

جريك charīk, Auxiliary forces; a man sent to a zamindar to supply forage for an army; an army; origin, beginning.

*charîkch*ī, A soldier. چریکچی

charina, Ventricle of a ruminant, چرينه tripe.

chaz, An ape ;—chiz, = چة أز chaz, An ape ;—chuz, A

cricket; a woodpecker.

chazd, A noisy insect resembling a چزت locust, abounding in hot weather, and which the poor sometimes eat; a hiss.

chazdara, چودرة chazda, Bits of fat or

fried sheeps' tails.

Eye chizgh, A porcupine; a hedgehog. جزك chizak, A porcupine; a hedgehog. T Any chizma, A boot, the outer part or lining.

chizwar, The scum of melted fat.

chaza, The interior of anything; (=

q.v.) veil, tent, &c.

chuzh, خود chuzha, The hem in which the string runs that ties trousers or drawers round the waist.

chizhak, A hedgehog.

chus, Wind that escapes without noise.

ehi-sān, How? in what manner? چسان جسپ chusp, Coherent, viscous, adhesive. chaspan, Coherent, attached; addicted; viscous, adhesive; meet, suitable;

a kind of upper garment. جسپاندن chaspāndan, چسپاندن chaspānīdan, To fasten, glue, fix, cause to stick.

chaspānda, Pasted or glued together; paper pasted together for children to exercise writing upon.

chaspānī, Adhesiveness, visco- چسپانی sity.

رمىيىدگى chaspandagi, Adhesiveness; viscousness, stickiness.

پسپنده chaspanda, Adhesive ; a snail.

chaspidagi, Adhesion, attachment.

chaspidan, To adhere, stick; to incline, have a propensity to unite; to be affixed to the ground; to be dwarfish; to grasp anything firmly in the hand.

chaspida, Joined, glued, cemented, چسپيدة attached; inclined, addicted to, fond of,

liking.

chust, Quick, brisk, active, fleet ; fit, suiting; narrow, tight; strong; elegant, beautiful; accumulation, a heaping up; a kind of laced shoe;—chust uftādani chīze ba-chīze, One thing fits or agrees with another; -chust bastan, To tie firmly.

chasta, Tripe; the straight gut, rectum; -chustā, Tight, sitting well (as

clothes).

chistan, An enigma, riddle. يست چالاك chust-chālāk, Active, alert.

chust-kamān, A strong or very چست کمان tense bow.

چستری chustan, To be accumulated, heaped.

Harmony, harmonious chasta, sound; the skin of a horse's fundament;chusta, The ventricle of a kid, rennet.

chustī, Agility, alertness, activity, چستی

velocity, fleetness; narrowness.

chasm, Meaning, signification. chasang, One who is without hair, and is marked with wounds and scars; a mark on the forehead in consequence of frequent prostration, &c.

chash, Taste thou; (in comp.) tasting, partaking of the flavour, as namakchash, Salted; (for chashm) the eye;chush, A word used for making (an ass) stand still.

چش است chish ast (for چش است), What ails him? (for چه هي است), What (thing) is it?

chashām, Eye-salve from a black grain.

chashān, A mace of iron, silver, or چمان . gold; a passage.

chashānīdan, To cause to taste. chashpar, A footprint; the track of a wild beast.

chisht, Name of a place.

chashta, A taste, whet; breakfast; an eater; one who finds his living without trouble.

chashkhām, A remedy for sore eyes.

(abbreviation of chash-za<u>kh</u> چش زخ

chashm-zakhm), A misfortune attributed to witchcraft or an evil eye.

chashish, Taste, a tasting; a frog. chashfar, A footprint; the track of wild beasts.

جشك Overflowing; increase, chishk, plenty; who prevails over, conquers; superior power, victory.

chashgar, A taster; frumenty.

chashm (S. chakshue), The eye; hope; an amulet or charm (particularly of holy writ) against fascination or enchantment; the individual himself (as 'ain in Arabic); anything resembling an eye, as the hole of a sieve, the eye of a needle, the mesh of a net, &c.; (for ba-chashm) willingly, with pleasure, all right (m.c.); (also chashum) an eye-salve composed from Egyptian cassia seed pulverized;—chashm āb dādan, To feast the eye upon; -chashmi asman kur ast, The eye of heaven is blind, i.e. a person is stricken with misfortune, poverty, ignominy; - chashm az chīze bar-dāshtan (poshidan, firo bastan, firo dokhtan, giriftan), To avert the eve from;—chashm afgandan (andakhtan) bar (dar), To look at; chashmi bā khāl, The pupil of the cye; —chashm bākhtan, To become blind; —chashm bākhtan, To become blind; —chashm bāz (bar, wā) kardan, To open the eye; —chashm bātil sākhtan, To blind; —chashm ba-dāsti kase bādan, To long for one; -chashmi bad, An evil eye; -chashmi bad dar, Avaunt malicious glances!chashm bar-awardan, To tear out the eyes;
—chashmi ba-rah, Expectation;—chashm bar rah dashtan, To be looking out for, to be impatient for ;-chashm ba-rah (dokhtan, bar zamīn afgandan). To cast the eyes on the ground; to blush; to worship;—chashm bar chize (ba-kase) dokhtan, To fix the eye intently upon a thing or person, to stare at; -chashm ba-rauzan (ba-tāq) uflādan, The eye wanders to (lit. falls upon) the window, i.e. a person is near dying; -chashm bar ham zadan, To wink the eyes; -chashmi bulbul, Name of a certain stuff; -chashmi bī-āb, Shamelessness, effrontery;—chashmi bimar, An eye that looks half-closed (from modesty; an epithet of beauty); -chashm partd, The eyes twinkled or winked (an omen, see also پريدن; —chashmi pusht. The anus; -chashm pesh kardan (giriftan), To veil the eyes; to blush; -chashmi tarāzū, The hole in which the tongue of the scales moves ;-chashmi chirāghi falak, The sun; -chashm charandan, To feed the eye upon, to walk about for recreation and sightseeing;—chashm chahār kardan, To be on the tiptoe of expectation; to meet;—chashm chidan, To counteract the evil eye; -chashmi chize na-didan, Not to see one's way in a matter, not to be able to; -chashmi khuros, (Cock'seye), a herb; wine; the lips;—chashm khwurdan, To experience the influence of the

evil eye; -chashmi khūn-ālūd, Eyes tinged with blood, fiery eyes, or murderous looks; -chashm dashtan, To hope; to expect;chashm dukhtan, To fix one's look upon, to stare at (m.c.); -chashm-rā āb dād, He looked at an amusing sight;—chashm-rā khīra zadan, To dazzle the eye (as snow); -chashm rasidan, To be affected by an evil eye; bewitched; -chashmi roz, The sun; chashm roshan shudan, To be rejoiced;chashm roshan (safed) kardan, To rejoice, exhilarate, cheer; -chashmi zāgh pesh az par didan, To be exceedingly sharp, circumspect, on the alert:—chashmi zānū. The knee-pan; -chashmi zuhal, A dead coal; chashm zadan, To make a signal with the eye; to injure by the evil eye; to be awake; to fear; to muse, to cogitate; to blush;—chashmi sar, The eye;—chashm surkh kardan, To look at eagerly or greedily, to be madly in love with;chashmi safid, A white (i.e. blind) eye;chashmi samā'īl, A rolling eye; -- chashmi sozan, The eye of a needle; narrowness;chashm siyāh kardan, To covet, hanker after; - chashmi sail-zan (sail-rawan), A tear-shedding eye; - chashmi shab, The moon and stars; -chashmi shab-paimay, An eye measuring the night watches;—chashm shudan, To become plain, open, manifest;—chashm shikastan, To become blind; chashmi ghazāl, A bumper of wine; -chashmi firingi (Europeaneyes), Spectacles; - chashm (ba-chashm) kardan, To wound with malignant eyes; to wink; -- chashmi kas bihūdanigar nīst, Each one has his own trouble;chushmi gav, Ox-eye (a plant); -chashmi gāwāna, A large open eye;—chashm giriftan, To blind, to become blind;—chashm garm shudan, The eye becomes warm, i.e. one is on the point of falling asleep (m.c.); —chashm garm kardan, To take little sleep; to become enamoured;—chashm malidan, To rub the eyes, i.e. to recover consciousness or one's senses, to shake off indolence, to rouse oneself;—chashmi narm, An impudent eye; -chashm numudan, To reprove, reprehend; -chashm-u-gosh shudan, To be all eye and ear, to give strict attention to; -chashm u gosh wā-kardan, To distinguish good from evil; -ba-chashm amadan, To fall under the influence or suffer from the effect of the evil eye; -ba-chashmio, In his eyes (m.c.); -ba-chashmikhwesh, With his own eyes (m.c., see also ,; - ba chashm kardan, To look sharply at; to make a sign, to wink; to select; to cast the evil eye upon; -tā chashm kār kunad, As far as the eye can reach (m.c.);—sari (bālā'i) chashmi mā, Such is our duty, this is incumbent upon us (m.c.).

chashm-āro, A remedy or charm against sore eyes, witchcraft, or the acci-

dents called chashm-zakhm.

رَّهُمْ chashm-āghil (āghūl, āghil), A glance from the corners of the eyes.

chashm-āghilīdan (derived from the preceding), To dart a side-glance at.

chashm-ālūs, Looking askance. بشم الدار chashm-andāz, Casting about the eyes; view, outlook, prospect (m.c.):—chashm andāz shudan. To disregard, overlook, be unmindful of; to be in sight, to enter into view (m.c.).

chashm-āwar, An amulet (suspended in gardens to preserve the fruit from malignant eyes); a wall-eyed horse.

chashm-awez, A kind of network made of horse-hair, worn by women as a veil; a fly-net put over a horse's head.

chashm-ba-rāh, Expectant.

chashm-band, Fascination of eyes; a woman's veil (of fine black); a lady's slipper; a cover for the eye of an animal turning a mill.

chashm-bandak, Blind man's buff; hide and seek.

جمم بوس chashm-bos, Kissing the eye (a friendly salute, and nearly synonymous with dast-bos, Kissing the hand).

بينا جشم بينا chashm-bīnā, Quick-sighted;

جمم پنام chashm-panam, An amulet worn against witchcraft; a sword-belt worn obliquely over the shoulder.

پش پوش chashm-posh, A winker, conniver.

جشم پوهي chashm-poshī, A turning away of the eyes; the affecting not to see or hear (a petitioner); connivance;—chashm-poshī numūdan, To connive, to wink at.

چشم پیش پیش بیش دhashm-pesh, Modest, bashful. چشم تر chashm-tar, Moist-eyed; a weeper. چشم چیدی chashm-chīdan, A charm for malignant eyes.

چشم عانه chashm-khāna, Socket of the eye. چشم داهت chashm-dāsht, Hope, trust; desire.

جشم دان chashm-dan, The socket of the eye.

chashm-dāna, A certain grain used as an eye-salve.

چھم درد chashm-dard, Eye-soreness; oph-thalmia.

چشم دريدة , chashm-daranda چشم دريدة , chashm-darīda, Impudent.

chashm-rasānanda, One who strikes with a malignant eye.

جثم رسيدة chashm-rasīda, Viewed with a malignant eye, bewitched.

دُمْمُ chashm-zāgh, Blue-eyed; shame-loss.

يشم زال chashm-zāl, Just, equitable.

chashm-zakhm, A fatal misfortune in consequence of witchcraft.

chashm-zad, An amulet of glass-

beads to counteract the influence of malignant eyes; a moment.

جشم ردن chashm-zadan, The twinkling of an eve.

جشم ودي chashm-zada, Struck, or hurt by a malignant eye; balked, disappointed.

ن chashm-zan, A small black grain good for sore eyes.

چشم زلی کردن chashm-zanī kardan, To impede, obstruct, confine.

جشم سار chashm-sār, A fountain-head. چشم سفید chashm-sajīd, Impudent, shame-

less (m.c.). جشم فسائي chashm-fisā, جشم فسائي chashm-fisāy, One who pretends to stop the effects of witchcraft (or chashm-zakhm) by counter-

chashmak, A small eye; a peephole; spectacles; a wink; a moment; a black shining grain made up into an eyesalve; hire; dog's tooth (a herb); a shoe;—chashmak zadan, To wink, make a sign with the eye; to injure by the evil eye.

chashm-kardagī, Witcheraft. جشم کردگی chashm-karda, Fascinated, wounded by a malignant eye.

چشم کسته chashm-gashta, Squint-eyed. چشم کسته chashmalān, The eye-ball, or pupil; black grain used as a remedy for weak eyes.

chashm-narm, A beardless boy of a family in easy circumstances.

يشم نشين chashm-nishīn, The beloved. چشم نمائي chashm-numā'ī, Reproof; — chashm numā'ī kardan, To censur., to reprove.

chashm-u-chirāgh, Dearly be-

loved,

chashm-wahām, چشم وهم chashm-wahm, An amulet worn against the effect of chashm-sakhm.

chashma, A fountain, source, جشهة spring; the sun; spectacles; eye of a needle; a vaulted arch; -chashma'i ātish, Fire of a smithy; the sun; — chashma'i akhzar, Fountain of immortality; mouth of a mistress; wine; - chashma'i bāsī (ba si?) chaman, Name of a spring coming near which any living thing drops dead (this is the reading and interpretation of the Burhani qati'; Haft Qulzum gives mūhī instead of bāsī, and quotes from another dictionary the reading bahi, which seems to me the only one admissible. I would join it into a compound with chaman, and translate: "the spring whose borders are deserted," from A. Being empty or deserted);—chashma'i pul, The arch of a bridge (m.c.);—chashma'i tadbīr, The brain; a thinking mind; a prudent man;chashma'i tarāzū, The eye in which the

tongue of the scales plays; — chashma'i tīra-gūn, Night;—chashma'i tegh, Lustre of a scimitar; - chashma'i haiwan, Fountain of life;—chashma'i khāwarī (khwur), The sun; - chashma'i khizr, The fountain of life; the lip of a mistress;—chashma'i khun, The heart; -- chashma dar māhī, The sun in Pisces; — chashma'i roshan, The sun; chashma'i sār, Name of a fountain in Kohistan :-- chashma'i sabz, Name of a spring near Tus in Khurāsān;—chashma'i salsabil, A spring or river in Paradise: (in the language of the Lutis) and;—chashma'i sozan, The eye of a needle; (met.) anxiety; avarice; -- chashma'i sīmāb (sīmāb-rez), The sun; the moon; day; -chashma'i shāpūr, Name of a celebrated spring of dazzling brightness in Armenia; — chashma'i zulumāt, Fountain of darkness;—chashma'i qīr (qir-qun), A night dark as pitch; -chashma'i kankala (?), Name of a spring in Azerbaijan ;-chashma'i garm, The sun ;-chashma'i gulash, Name of a fountain in Khurāsan; -chashma'i munfajir, Name of one of the lunar mansions ;—chashma'i nūr-bakheh, The sun; the water of immortality; the mouth of a mistress; - chashma'i nosh, Fountain of life; mouth of a mistress; chashma'i haft akhtar, The Pleiades; chashma'i haft sar, A mansion of the moon; the Pleiades; -chashma'i hor, The sun.

chashmhā (pl. of chashm), Eyes ; chashmhā'i parda, Holes and chinks.

chashma-dar, Composed of rings چشمه دار (mail-armour).

chashma-sār, Abounding in چشمه سار springs; a fountain.

وشم زن chashma-zan, = چشمه زن q.v. د chashmida, Seen, looked at (apparently formed from an obsolete verb chashmidan, a derivative of chashm).

chashmīzak, A black shining چشميزك grain resembling a pippin, with which, when pulverized, they anoint the eyes.

چشن chashan, A banquet (see چشن). chashanda, A taster ;—chashanda'i جشنده shirin u talkhi, A taster of sweet and bitter.

chashnī, Taste, savour ; trial, essay. chashīdan, To taste, to experience : to expose oneself to.

chashīdanī, Fit to be tasted; a taste; na chashīdam chashīdanī, I have not tasted a taste.

chāshīda, Tasted; who has tasted. د chashira, A kind of frumenty.

chashīsha, چشينة chashīna, White,

chi-taur, How? in what manner? H de chitta, A rough daily account.

chagh, A spider; a churn-staff; a spinning-wheel; -chigh, A sort of screen made of split bamboos, used as blinds; chugh, A yoke; a draught-ox; ebony.

chaghār, Din of battle; sound of musical instrument; a subterranean granary (unsupported by examples).

chaghāz, A brawling, abusive woman. جهالاج chaghāla, Unripe fruit;—chaghāla'i finduq, Green hazel-nut (of which preserves are made).

cha<u>ah</u>āma, Poetry; a poem, an ode چفاصة

.(.v.) تميدة =)

chaghān, A musical instrument; name of a note in music; striving to the utmost, industrious, diligent; name of a

chaghāna. Name of a note in music ; a kind of staff like a sceptre, to which are fixed sundry little bells, which, by motion, make a kind of music, and are generally used as an accompaniment to other instruments; a poem; active, industrious; name of a water-plant.

chaghāniyān, A part of Samarkand. جعانيان chaghbut, Wadding of cotton or the like for quilting or stuffing cushions;

stuffed with cotton or wool.

chaghbulugh, Moan, cries of sorrow. چغبلغ يهبوت cha<u>ah</u>būt, chu<u>ah</u>būt, = عبوت q.v. chaght, The roof of a house (unsupported, perhaps misreading for q.v.).

chaghtay, Name of a Turkish چختای

king and tribe.

chughd, An owl; a knot of hair tied on the back of the head; a niched battle-

ment; -chaghad, A falcon's roost.

چغدول ,chaghdawul چغداول جغداول chaghdūl, Rear of an army; camp-followers; leader of the rear;—chaghdāwulī, Leadership of the rear.

chaghr, A turning towards; honour, respectful attention; inquiry; fear; a

looking behind; -- chughr, A frog.

chaghrista, چغرسته chaghrista, An oval ball of thread; -chighrista (also chighrisa), Fire-tongs (unsupported by examples).

chaghranda, A fearer; timorous,

timid.

cha<u>gh</u>rīdan, To fear, suspect; to جغريدن turn towards.

Affrighted; chaghrida, چغریده suspected; honoured, esteemed.

چغر chaghz, A frog; the croak of a frog; a wound whose lips being closed the foul matter is confined within it; a groan; fear; -*cha<u>gh</u>az*, A very white grass growing in

a tuft like a broom. دام chaghz-āba, A frog; water-moss. chaghzânidan, To croak (as a چغراليدن frog).

خواوة chaghz-awa (for chaghz-āba), and— چغر واره chaghz-pāra, chaghaz-pāra, چغر واره chaghz-wāra, جغولوه chaghz-lāwa, Green filth or scum floating on stagnant water.

chaghzīdan, To fear; to suspect;

to honour; to lament, to groan.

chughuk, A sparrow.

chaghal, A plait, fold, wrinkle; a leathern vessel having a spout, whence they pour water in making ablutions;—chughal, A coat of mail;—chughul, Au informer.

chughul - khwur, Tale - bearer,

backbiter, calumniator, slanderer.

جهل خورى chughul khwurī, Backbiting. چغلى chughulī, Tale-bearing, backbiting. يغمونستن chaghmūnistan (in Zand and Pāzand), To stand.

. chaghnast, Pad چغنت chaghnast, Wad چغنت

ding.

chaghand, chughand, Hair tied in a knot at the back of the head.

chughundur, Rape; beet. چغندر chughnūt, = چغندر q.v.

A sparrow;—chaghana, A musical instrument.

chughū, An owl; a sparrow.

يمورن chagh-wara, Water-moss; a frog. عورن chughūk, A sparrow; a water bird. يعلم chaghīdan, To seek, try, aspire to.

chafūla, A flight of birds.

chaft, A saloen built of wood and supported on celumns; a prop, a trellis; [chafti fulak, The celestial vault;]—chift, The chain of a door;—chuft, Narrow; a tight garment; a beam placed to shore up a building.

جفتك chuftak, chaftak, A kind of crane. جنس chaftan, To understand (doubtful

word).

chafta, A sheep's head; a prop for a vine; a bat; a vaulted roof; curved, bent; injurious suspicion, malignant imputation; an equal, peer.

chaftidan, To incline, to lean to جاتيدي

(unsupported by examples).

chafda, Bent, curved; a bunch of

grapes; a sheep's head; suspicion.

chafrista, Tongs;—chafrusta, A reed used by weavers to wind their thread on; raw thread.

chafsānī, Viscosity, adhesiveness. چىسانى chafsādagī, Adhesiveness.

chafsīdan, To stick, to adhere;—bar-chafsīdan, To clot together, to felt.

ir-chafsidah, 10 clot together, to lett. chafsida, Sticking, adhering.

chujnak, chafnak, A heron, crane.

chifûd, A Jew. چفود

chaq, A churn-staff;—chiq, A Venetian blind;—chuq, A yoke; a draught-ox.

چقاچق chaqāchāq, چقاچق chaqāchaq, The clashing of battle-axes.

т چنه chaqchaqi, A kind of musical instrument made of wood.

a چقدر chi-qadar, What quantity? how much?

т је chaqar, A tavern.

جَعَشُور chaqshūr, A kind of red hose (see چَانشور).

chaqmāchī, Sarcasm, scoff, jeer. چفهاچی

يقداي chaqmāq, چقداي chaqmaq, Flint, fire-steel; cock of a gun;—chaqmāq sari pā kardan, To cock the gun (m.c.).

chaqmāqī, A firelock; (met.) abuse,

reproach.

chuqundur, chuqandar, Beet-root.

وَعَيْنَ chaqīdan, To fix a spike, drive a nail; to dash, strike together, or become tumultuous; to litigate; to be deficient.

chak, The written and signed sentence of a judge or magistrate; title-deeds; a draft or cheque for a salary or pension; an obligation, deed, bond, note; a wooden mallet used in taking cotton out of the pods; a kind of wooden fork with several prongs or branches, with which they agitate corn that the wind may clear it of the chaff; a cart; the noise made in breaking a stick, striking with a sword, or in masticating a crust; the lower jaw and chin; a word; vine-pruning; drop; (in comp.) dropping; [chaki musāfir, A traveller's passport;]—chik, A walnut, the kernel of which is not easily got from the shell; a drop; one side of four; an eighth part of a thing; -- chuk, Penis; the knee.

chakā, A lark.

chakāba, A fuller's beetle.

چکاچاك chakāchāk, The clashing noise made by swords or maces; drawing, a draught:

جَاجِك chakāchak, The clashing of swords and maces; the chattering of the teeth;— chukāchuk, Anything whispered about.

chakād, چكادة chakāda, Top, crown of the head; summit of a mountain; top of the forehead; a shield.

chikār (for chi kār), What business?

(m.c.).

chikāra, Useless. چکاره

chikārī, Useless, worthless.

chakāsa, خكاشة chakāsha, A hedge-

hog, urchin.

chakāk, Forelocks; a conveyancer, notary-public; a borer of pearls, beadpiercer.

chakāga, The bolt or bar of a door.

جكاله chakāla, Drops.

chakāma, A poem exceeding eigh-

teen couplets.

جان chakān (in comp.), Dropping, distilling, as khūn-chakān, Dropping blood; — chikān (for ويا كان), What thing?

chakānā, Besprinkling, wetting. وكاندي chakāndan, To make drop, trickle,

chakāndan, To make drop, trickle, distil.

جكانيدن chakānīdan, To make drop, to let fall in drops, or trickle.

chakāv, A kind of musical instrument; a certain water-bird; a lark; name of a note in music.

chakāwak, A lark; a note in music.

chakāv-kash, A lark. چکاو کش

chakāv-gāh, A notch at the end of a bow into which the string goes.

chakāwa, A lark.

.v. چكاوكاة = ,chakāwa-gāh چكاوةكاة

الله chakāh, A mountain's top; crown of the head.

chakchāk, The clash of swords.

chakchak, The noise made by water in dropping; the chattering of the teeth from cold; the clashing of swords; -chikchik, The crackling noise made by the damp wick of a candle ;—chukchuk, News spreading on every side.

chak-dān, Eloquent.

chikarna, A heron, a crane. چکرنا

chakra, Drops sprinkled about when چکرة water is poured out; a bubble; froth.

جکری chukri, Sorrel.

chakzaba, Froth, foam (nnsupported چکوبه by examples).

chakas, A roost; shame, modesty; chaks, and-

chaksa, A perch or roost for birds ; little niceties; a bit of paper for wrapping up powders, and the like.

chakasidan, To blush, be con-

fused.

chakish, An oozing or dropping; liquefaction ;-chakush, A brazier's hammer; -chakushi bukhār, A steam-hammer; -chakush angāra'i top mī-khwarad, The hammer falls upon (forges) the barrel of the cannon (m.c.).

chakush-khwur, Malleable. چکش عور

chukak, chukuk, A silken band or girdle;—chukuk, A sparrow.

chakal, A leathern vessel with a

spout (see چغل).

chakla, Whatever falls from its place; drop; a district, the jurisdiction of a Faujdar, as the chakla of Hugh in Bengal; -chukla, Name of a hunting-bird.

chaklīz, The throes of childbirth. چکلیز chakman, چکمان chakman, A kind of upper garment.

chakma, A boot.

chak-mezak, Suppression of urine, چکميزك strangury; a coming away of the urine drop by drop; unable to retain one's urine.

chak-mezak-zada, Troubled with strangury, when the urine comes away drop by drop.

chikīn, A kind چکين chakin, chikin, چکن of cloth wrought with the needle in flowers and gold; embroidery, needle-work.

chikunam (for chi kunam), What

am I to do? (m.c.)

chak-nāma. A roff descriptive of land-boundaries; a grant issued to individuals, authorizing them to hold alienated lands, and specifying the limits thereof.

chukundur, Beet-root. چکندر

چكى دوزندة chikin-doz, چكندوز chikindozanda, An embroiderer.

chikin-dozī, An embroidered چکن دوزی robe; needle-work.

جكنويس chak-nawis, An actuary, a registrar.

chakū, A plectrum; (for چکو q.v.) a clasp-knife.

chakūch, An iron tool چکوچ chakūj, چکوچ for notching mill-stones; notching a millstone; a brazier's hammer.

chak-u-chana, Prating, babble. چانه chakok, A lark; purslain; name of a note in music; —chukūk, A sparrow.

جکونه chikūna, A bustard; a crane (v.v.) کروانك q.v.

chaka, Small, minute;—chakka, A drop.

chakī, chakkī, The hole in which the pivot of a mill turns. chakīdagī, A drop; distillation.

چکيدن chakīdan, To drop, distil, trickle; to meet accidentally; to suspect; -chukidan, To suck.

جکيدة chakida, Dropped, oozed out; a mace; [chakīda'i kāsmī, Juice of wild succory (used against intermittent fever) :chakīda'i shāhtara (shāh tarra), Juice of fumitory (ditto);]—chukīda, Sucked.

chakīda-khūn, Red wine. چکیده خون chikin, Name of a country.

جگار جمار chagār, = کاد q.v. محال جاد chagāl, Thick, compact, and heavy; an archer's target.

chagama, A poem of more than eighteen couplets.

يگاني chaggānī, A kind of melon.

chuguk, A sparrow.

chigil, A city in Turkistan, famous جگل for handsome men and expert archers; clay, dirt.

t چگلك chagalak, A strawberry.

-chighīn, Labia purten چگلين ,chiglīz چگليز dorum.

chugundar, Beet-root. چگندر

chagūk, A lark;—chuyūk, A sparrow.

chuguy, Name of a plant; a cricket چگوک (unsupported by examples).

chigunagī, Nature or manner of a چگونگی thing; circumstance, matter, quality.

chiguna, How? of what kind? in what manner? in what state?—chigūna'i, How art thou? how do you do?

يل chal, An embankment, dam, weir; the middle of the sea; (imp. of chalidan) go thou; -chil, Half-witted, fool; a horse white on the off fore-foot and hind stirrupfoot; (for chibal) fort; -ehul, Penis.

chilla, The forty days of fasting (see چله); quarantine; the period of forty days after child-bed, during which a woman remains unclean.

chatāe, Fond of tid-bits; trencherman.

chalāk, A black beetle, tumbledung; spectacles; = چالاك q.v.

chilālī, chalālī, A woman's work-

basket.

chalān, Current; a letter of advice from a Zamindar to government that his rents are ready to be paid, sometimes accompanying a remittance of the amount; an invoice.

--; chalānak, chulānak, A beetle چلانك

chulānak, A game.

chalán-koh, Name of a mountain in Yaman.

chulāv, chilo, Plain boiled rice.

chulāh, A weaver; a martial dance; cymbals.

chulbula, Haste. unsteadiness ; a

gift.

chalap, Two broad plates of brass used as a musical instrument, cymbals; noise, clamour; uproar; calamity.

chalpāsa, A small venomous lizard. چلپاسه جليك chalpal, A cake fried چليك

in oil or butter.

چاته chilta (for ق چهل, A thick doubled coat for soldiers; a coat of mail.

چاع چراع chil-chirāgh, Brilliant illumination; a candelabrum, lustre (m.c.).

chilchila, A tortoise; a kite; a swallow.

جل دعتران chil-dukhtarān, Name of a domed building in Persia.

chil-sāla, Forty years old. چلسانه

chil-sutun, Name of a building چل ستون with many columns.

chulush, Name of an acid vegetable.

chalishta-<u>kh</u>wur, A troublesome چلشته خور hanger on.

chil-subh, The forty mornings چل منح employed in mixing up the clay for the formation of Adam.

chil-ghoza, A fir-tree; the cone of such.

chilk, A ladle, skimmer; the little finger;—chulk, A spoon; — chaluk, The game of tip-cat; -chulak, A silken band; a ball of pack-thread or silk.

chalam, A strawberry (in the dialect of Mazandarau);—chilum, The fortieth.

H جلم chilam, chilim, The round plate, cup, or bowl, to which is stuck the tobacco in a huqqah, generally a thin bit of unglazed tile, and upon the opposite side of which the fire is put.

جل مرد chil-mard, A strong bar for keeping a door closed.

chil-mardan, The leather fixed چل مردان to the vacant part of a saddle.

chalmala, Gratuitous, without labour

or purchase.

chil-manara, The throne of Solo- چل منارة mon; the famous ruins which are generally regarded as the remains of Persepolis.

chalanchū, Who dirties himself; sloven.

chalūj, chulūj, A tool for notching چلوچ mill-stones.

چوب chalū-chūb, chulū-chūb, A spit. چارد chalūd, A large village, a town.

chalauk, A halter round a horse's چلوك neck; -chulūk, A rope for tying up the wheel of a mill to stop it from turning.

chalūnak, Melon-seed and flowers;

name of a man.

جلم chilla, chila, A bow-string; a selvage; a quadragesimal fast, the forty days of Leut, during which the religious fraternities of the East shut themselves up in their cells, or remain at home; (also chilla'i dai) forty days of winter, during which the weather is most severe; forty days after childbirth.

chilla-khāna, The place where چله ځانه devotees shut themselves up Lent.

chilla-nishin, One secluded for چله نشين the observance of Lent; (in the language

of the Lūtīs) the penis.

مليب chalipā (from A. مليب), A cross; anything crooked or bent; a ringlet; a triangular bit of gold or silver worn in the girdle by some Hindús;—chalipā'i falak, A cross formed by the colure's intersecting the equinoctial.

chalīpā-wār, Cruciform ;—chalīpāwari, Cruciform disposition (as of petals,

&c.).

chalidan, To walk, go, move; to be worthy, fit, suitable; to champ, gnaw.

chalida, A bone ring worn by archers on the thumb.

چلیم chilim, = H. چلیم q.v.

cham, An easy air; a vacillating motion in walking; gained; prepared, arranged; curved, crooked, bent; a lane full of windings; eating and drinking; signification, meaning; soul, energy; the eye; the breast; a disk made of plaited reeds used to winnow corn; a large wooden ladle; name of one quarter of the town of Yazd; a summer garment; sin, crime;--chim, A green film which floats on stagnant water;—chum, Boast, bluster, gasconade; a living creature; grape-stones or busks, the residuum after the juice has been expressed; intense cold; an eye-salve prepared from a black shining grain.

chamāchum, chumāchum, The fore-

chumāq, An iron mace; a wooden چماق club with a knob on the head; a ladle (unsupported by examples); the penis.

chamān, chammān, Walking, giving oneself haughty, swinging, or graceful airs in walking; a goblet of wine; a party of friends.

chamānchī, A vessel for holding چمانچی

wine, having a narrow mouth and a large

belly.

of the rind of a gourd, especially carved or chased; the cup of king Jamshed; swinging, strutting;—chumāna, An animal, a living being; the middle; a sup of wine.

chamānī, Walking pompously; reel-

ing; a cup-bearer.

chamānīdan, To cause to walk gracefully; to walk gracefully.

چم :ريشي cham-pareshì, Distinct, separate ;

ambiguous.

chamtak, A shoe. چمتاك chamtak, A

chamchākh, Bent, curved, crooked. chamchāq, A fire-steel or tinderbox; a little bag in which soldiers carry their comb, needles, &c.; a battle-axe (see there).

chamchurgha, A scourge, a lash. chumcham, chumchum, An easy air, a swinging gait; a spoon, ladle;—chumchum, A cotton shoe; an old soft shoe; a hoof.

chumchuma, The sound made by

the feet in walking.

skimmer; — chumcha, A wooden cup or bowl (unsupported by examples).

chamcha-saz, A maker of spoons.

 $t \Leftrightarrow cham \underline{kh} \underline{a} \underline{kh}, = cham \underline{kh} \underline{a} \underline{kh},$

T Swa chimdik, A nip, a pinch.

چمر chamar, Evident, manifest. مراس chamrās, A sign, a miracle.

chamsh, A portly gait in walking (also chamish); a small grain used as a remedy for the eyes; (for chashm) the eye. ومشاك chamshāk, A shoe.

chamsha, A fountain.

chamak, Power, strength; increase; abundance; authority, influence; pomp, dignity.

chamlan, Name of a gate of Isfa-

hān.

chamlūl, A swing.

chaman, An orchard, fruit-garden; a meadow, green field, verdant plain, garden-plot or bed, raised border, parterre, avenue; a pasture-ground; an easy-paced horse;—chamani dahr, The terrestrial abode.

chimnā, A mule.

جون آراي chaman-ārāy, Adorning the garden.

chaman-āsāda, Singing freely چون آسوده

in the garden (birds).

chaman-afroz, Brightening the garden (applied to various flowers, see إستان افروز).

chamnāk, A shoe. چمناك

چمني بند chaman-band, A gardener; a fountain; a youth.

چمن پيرا chaman-perā, A gardener, pruner.

chamand, A horse that travels slowly; an idle lazy fellow.

جمندة chamanda, Stately, pompous in walking.

وميدة chaman-ramīda, Escaped from a garden (bird).

چمنراز chamanzār, چمنراز chamanistān, Verdant meadows.

chaman-sāz, A gardener. چمن ساز

چن مين دير chaman-sair, Promenading in gardens.

ده وهم chaman-suffa, A garden-seat.

a چنی طبع chaman-tab', Of a versatile, many-sided mind.

a جمن طراز chaman-tarāz, A gardener.

chamnak, A shoe.

chaman-gard, Walking about in the gardens.

chamanī, A shade of green. چمنی

يورش chamush, Vicious horse; sort of shoe.

chamī, Real, true, significant.

يميدة chamīda, Walking easily, stately, pompously, or gracefully; bent, curved; a

grape-stone.

chamīz, جمير chamīn, Excrement; a dung-hill.

or chin (for chin, imp. of chidan), Pluck

thou; -chun (for chūn), When.

chanāb, A board having a circular hole through which the tent-pole passes; name of a large river in the Panjāb.

چناچ chanāchan, The whiz of an arrow. خانچ chanākh, $= \xi$ مباخ q.v.;—chinākh, A double purse of silk, half for gold half for

chanār, Circles which women paint upon their hands and feet with privet; a plane-tree;—chanār u manār. A term of violent abuse; dumbfounded, perplexed, thunderstruck.

chanāristān, A grove of planetrees.

chanāgh, A mullet.

chunāg, An aviary ; a hen-coop.

chanāl, The plantain-tree.

chie chanān, Striving; name of a place; —chunān, Like that, resembling that, to such a degree, in that manner, so; (for chān nān) like bread;—chunān chunīn, In this and that manner; evasion, subterfuge.

just as; so that; when; would it were so!

جنائكم chunānki, As, as for example; inso much that, so that; as much as, so much as; to such a degree;—chunānki mīgoyand, As the saying is (m.c.).

chunāna, A kind of game (see المام عنانه

of which it is perhaps a misreading).

ohananhan, Well done! چنانہیں

chanānīdan. To cause to gather or admonish; to gather, to admonish (see (چنیدن).

chunawar, Name of a place in Kha-

چناهن chanāhan, = پناهن q.v.

chambar, A circle, hoop; the pit of the throat; the collar-bone; a kerchief, collar, necklace; a cover for the chilam of a huqqa; a spider's web; bondage, captivity; revolving; -chambar jahāndan, To circle (a steed); -chambari charkh, Circle of the heavens; - chambari khanjar, A circle of swords, &c., in which jugglers perform;—chambari dosh, The collar-bone;—chambari kabud, Nether sky;—chambari gardan, A necklace; a dog's collar; the pillory, stocks; — chambari mīnā, sky.

چنبری chambarī, Round, circular. جنبلی chumbak, Assault, leap; magnet.

chumbul, A beggar; a strawberry چنبل (in the dialect of Gilan).

chambalul, A swing.

chumbuli, Need, lack; mendicity. chambūr, chumbūr, A rein, halter.

chamba, chumba, A large bar, spar, چىبة or boom; a shepherd's staff; a fuller's beetle; grape-stalks; morose, perverse.

chumbidan, To jump, leap, bound ;

to run away.

н چنيا champā, A very fragrant yellow

د بياله ال chanchala چنيولی , chanchüli چنياله H a swing, sec-saw.

chinkh, One from whose eyes a چنج gummy substance is perpetually running.

chand, How much? how many? how long? to what length? whither? so many; several, some, a few, sundry; any indefinite quantity; -chand bar, How often? sometimes, frequently; -chand tan, How many persons?—chand dafa', Several times (m.c.); -chand roz (roza, roze), A few days; how many days; -chand sala, Of few years; - chand natar, Sundry persons, several people; how many; - ba-chand, For how much? - tane chand, Some people, many men; -- har chand (har chand ki), Alnevertheless, notwithstanding, however, how much soever, with all that, so much the more; often; every time that.

chandā, How much? how many? a

contribution.

s چندال chandāl, A nightman, sweeper.

chandan, Many, much, numbers, more, as many as, how many soever, so much, so greatly; some, any indefinite quantity; so, in that manner; how long? until then; sandal-wood; name of a city in China;—chandanchi, How much soever; notwithstanding;—chandān ki, As oft as, as much as, as many as, as long as; insomuch; how much soever; although, notwithstanding that; -sad chandan, A hundred times more.

chandane, Of any amount, however چندانی much.

T چنداول chandāwul, The rear of an army; camp-followers.

chundur, Beet-root.

chandfand, Fear, dread, terror. چندنند

chand gah, Sundry times. جند گاه چندل chandal, Sandal-wood.

chand-marda. Enough for many چند مردة

جندن chandan, Sandal-wood.

chanda, Some; a whip (unsupported عندة

by examples).

چندی chande, An indefinite quantity; some; a little while (m.c.);—chande ba'd az In, After a while, shortly after; chandest, It has been some time since, for some time past (m.c.); --ckande yashlan, To become numerous; -ba'd chande, After a while.

chandīn, So much, so many; all چندين these, such as these; how many?—bachandin jihat, For many reasons (m.c.).

چنغوب changhūb, چنغوب changhūl (the latter seems the preferable reading), Quilting, wadding.

chunak, A bird's beak.

chang, The hook for guiding an elephant; the expanded hand, the fingers somewhat hooked; the claw of a wild beast; talon of a bird; a harp, lute; anything crooked or bent; crippled in the hand or foot; name of the shop of the impostor Mani; also his book of paintings; chang andar-awekhtan ba-kase, To take hold of another, to grip, to clutch; -chang dar nay nihadan, To squeeze the throat, i.e., to abstain from eating, to be exceedingly avaricious ;-changi rub'wash (rub'i), A musical instrument in the shape of a quadrant or astrolabe; -changi maryam, The herb sow-bread; — changi mūza, The point or turned-up toe of a boot; -ba-chang awardan, To clutch, to take, to seize; -bachang giriftan, To twitch with the fingers;] --ching, The horny beak of a bird of prey; the point of a spear; --chung, A kind of large ship; a word, speech, talk; a pickingup of grains.

chang-ār, A crab; a dapple horse. changāl, Fingers, claws, talons, pounces; a dish made of dates with hot bread and butter; slender-waisted; a

target. -changal-khwast, ونگالخواس jangāl - khwān, چنگالخوست changāl - khwust, چنگالخوش changāl - khwush, Hot bread, syrup or honey and butter made into a cake; a mixture of any kind.

جنگال = changala, = چنگاله q.v. changālī, Hot bread dipped in butter; the sweetmeat described in the preceding article; the maker of such a sweetmeat or cake.

چنگ بشت chang-pusht, Crook-backed. چنگرو changdū, Name of a city in China. پنگ دهن chang-dahan, A jew's harp. چنگ دهن changarnagūcha, Name of a very

learned Brahman.

q.v. چنگيز = ,chingiz چنگز

chingish, Name of a hero of Turkistān killed by Rustam.

جنگك changak, A hook for an elephant; a hook.

جنگل chanqal (for جنگل), A wood, jungle; --changul, Fingers, claws; a hook.

چنگلائی, changlānī, چنگلاهی changlāhī چنگلالی

changla'ī, A kite.

changalok, چنگراوك changak. A man debilitated by disease, having his hands and feet contracted, lame, maimed, mutilated; unable to walk by himself.

changala, A psaltery, a lute; bird's claws; bent fingers; a hook;—chingila,

Curly hair,

chang-murgh, The claw of a

bird; a saddle-cloth.

changwan, Name of a city in India. schanga, Name of a luxurious king; name of a feast celebrated in remembrance of this king being killed by the brother of a maiden outraged by him.

changī, A harper, lutanist; an actor; a public dancer; a bohemian, an

adventurer or adventuress (m.c.).

پنگيدن changidan, To speak, act in a

play.

chingiz, The Mogul king Gengiz Khān.

ېنې chuno (for چون او As he, like him; a request.

چنود پل chunūd-pul, The bridge over hell. خنه chana, The lower jaw, the chin;—china, Grain, bird's food.

chinadan, The crop of a bird.

chiniba, Heart, courage.

ونيدن chinīdan, To gather; to admonish; to drop.

جنيدة chinīda, Gathered, culled, picked up.

chinizū, Ready money.

chunīn, Thus, such, so, in this manner; such as this;—chunīn bādā, Amen, so be it!—chunīn u chunān, So and such (u.c.).

چنيها chunīhā (pl. of chunīn), Such

things as these, such-like things.

 φ chū, chu, When; then; thus, as, in the same manner, like, since; if so be; for as much as; $-ch\bar{u}$ (for $ch\bar{u}b$), A stick.

بر chau, Four (in composition). عواكت chuwāk, جواكت chuwākak, Flour dressed with oil and honey.

chuwāl, A sack, wallet, bag.

جرب chūb, chob (S. kshupa), A log; wood;

a tree; a staff, rod, baton, stick; a drumstick; a beam; a plough-tail; a shoot of a tree, sucker; -chūbi adab, The stick or truncheon of a police officer; -chūb bāzīdan, To lance a spear or the like in sport; chūbi pusht, A bar to secure a door;—chūbi pamba, Cork ;-chūb peshi rāhi kase dāshtan. To prevent, hinder, put an obstacle in one's way; -- chùbi taḥṣil-dār (muhaṣṣil), The staff of a tax-gatherer; -- chūbi ta'līm, The cane of a schoolmaster;—chūbi ta'līmī, A riding-whip, a switch; -chūbi talaghrāf, A telegraph-pole (m.c.); -- chūbi chibūq, A pipe-stem; — chūbi chīnī, China root; — chūbi harfī, A small stick or pencil with which children follow up the lines in reading; —chūbi khudāy, Divine punishment; chūbi khat. A board for scoring debts. &c.: —-chūb <u>kh</u>wurdan, To devour the rod, i.e. to be thrashed; - chūb dar nishākhtan (nishāndan), To fix wood in anything;chūbi dang, A wooden instrument for separating rice from the husk; -chūb dū sar dàrad, The stick has two ends, i.e. things may turn out well or badly; -chūbi radd, The staff of repulsion; -chub sadan (shikastan), To thrash ;--chūbi zīri baghal, A crutch ;-chūbi zin, A saddle-tree; a covering for a saddle; -chūbi surkh, Red-wood, logwood ;--chūb-ash dar āb ast, His stick lies in the water (to make it flexible), i.e. everything is ready for his punishment (hence the proverb ta na-bashad chub tar farmān na-bar, As long as the stick is not wet, do not obey a command); -chibi shīrkhisht (khushk), A medicinal wood;—chūbi tarīq, The staff of a police officer (see chūbi adah above) ;—chubi kar, A yarn-beam ; chubi gada'i, A notched piece of wood sent by way of a begging letter; -chūbi gaz, Tamarix mannifera;—chūbi nān (nānī), A rolling-pin;—chūbi naward, A weaver's beam;—chūbi yūsā (yasāq), The scourge with which the Turkish kings had criminals chastised.

Կոր chūbā, A stake, a post.

جوبان chobān, A shepherd; a horse-keeper.

جوبان سکت chobān-sag, A shepherd's dog. چوبائی دhobānī, The pastoral office.

جرب باز chūb-bāz, A cotton-pod.

جوب بندى chūb-bast, چوب بندى chūb-bandī, A scaffold.

چوب پاره chūb-pāra. A chip, lath, shaving, piece of wood; an instrument for levelling the earth, a harrow.

جوب خوار chāb-khwār, A timber-worm; beaten, drubbed.

chūb-khwārak, A timber-worm.

קפי בון chūb-dār, A mace-bearer. אוני chūb-dāna, Fruit of the jujube-

tree. جوبدستى chūb-dast, چوبدست chūb-dasti,

Walking-stick; goad.

פּאָנט chub-zan, Who administers the bastinado; a chamberlain.

پوپ سای chūb-sāy, A rasp.

جرب هكاك chūb-shikāf, Cleaving wood; a wedge.

chūb-shikan, A wood-pecker.

chūb-shuwī, A fuller's beetle.

chūbak, A little stick; a drum-stick; a watchman's rattle; a stick for separating cotton from the pods; red-wood.

chūb-kārī, A drubbing; a kind of

embroidery.

chūbak-ushnān, Pearl-ash, lye چوبك الميان (in the dialect of Shīrāz).

ن جابك ونا chūbak-zan, A head watchman ; a drummer,

chūb-kash, An instrument for cleaning cotton.

chūbakī, Patrol, nightly watch: commander of the nocturnal guard.

chūbakīn, A wooden or iron instrument for separating cotton from its seed: a watchman.

جوبه chūbina, A heron; a bustard.

جوبه chūba, A rolling-pin; a wand; a scourge; a walking-stick; a fiddle-stick; a title of Bahram chubin; the white poplar, Acanthophyllum squarrosum; — chūba'i dār, A gallows-tree (m.c.);—chūba'i shutur, A quilted cloth laid upon a camel's bunch to prevent the load from hurting it.

دوهي chobī, Wooden.

يساق جبب يساق chūb-yasāk, A mace-bearer's staff.

chūbīn, چوبيىك chūbīnak, مىدى chūbina, A red kind of kerchief tied over the head; a bustard, a crane; a name of Bah-

جويان chopān, A shepherd.

جوپایه chau-pāya, A quadruped, beast. chaupar-bāzī, An چوپر بازی chaupar چوپر

Indian game.

chopgin, A stick for cleaning cotton; a little stick.

جريلنك choplank, A fillet for the head.

chaupala, A covered sedan or litter.

chūpalīn, An instrument for cleaning cotton.

ehaut, A fourth; a fourth of the revenue, formerly claimed as a right by the Marhattas.

chūtāh, Thus, in such manner (un-

supported by examples).

chautara, A raised square place چوکره either in a garden or before a house.

chausa, A panther, a leopard.

chūja, A chicken. چوجه

chūchum, A shoe worn by dervishes. chūchū, A sparrow.

chūchūla, The clitoris.

دوچه chūcha, A rolling-pin; a swan; chicken.

chūkhā, A woollen garment; a

monk's garb; a kind of tunic; a sort of overcoat or cloak.

chokhīdan, To stumble, fall; to come to an end; to quarrel; to labour, strive.

chūdār, Rye.

chaudan, Cast metal.

chor, A pheasant,

جورابه choraba, Water flowing from the bottom of a dam.

ד לינו[¥] chorbā, Broth, soup, gruel.

אָנאָנ chorpor, A pheasant.

T chūrak, Bread.

))) e chu roz, (As clear) as day.

chora, A distaff.

the long hair of the châmar, or Thibet cow, used to chase away flies; -charl, A bracelet; son and daughter (doubtful).

chūrī-farosh, A bracelet-seller. chūz, Pudenda mulieris; a falcon able to catch game before he is a year old; a pheasant; a certain thorny plant.

chūzā, A kite. چوزا

chūza, A chick, a young bird; a notch at the end of a spindle to hold the thread ;-chùza'i mākiyān, A chicken.

چوزة باز chūsa-bāz (playing with chickens),

An old woman fond of young men.

روة ركا chūza-rubā, A kite.

chūza-luwā (liwā), A kite. جرزة لوا

جُورَة chūzha, = جُورَة q.v. نجوسيدي chausīdan, To stick, adhere.

chosh-para, A kiud of vermicelli چوش پرة (جوش پرة see).

chūshak, A vessel with a spout to it.

choshidan (چوهيدن choshidan), To

جري chūgh, A yoke; a trench or canal cut through gardens or meadows; a dam, weir.

chūghrī, Sour milk which remains جرغري in a linen cloth after the water is strained off; a horse of a partridge colour.

توغول ت chūghūl, An informer (m.c.).

t چوځولي chūghūlī, (Police) information; treachery (m.c.).

chok, A profound inclination or genuflexion before a king; name of a bird; penis; knee.

chok, A market-place; a daily market; a market principally for second-

hand apparel. دو داه د chūklāh, A district under a Fauj-

R چوکی chaukī, A raised seat, chair; a guard; a place for collecting customs; a watch-house.

chaukī-dār, The officer of a جوكى دار guard; a watchman.

chaukī-gulū, A square ornament چوکی کلو of gold, &c., worn on the throat.

h چوکی کماهته chaukī-gumāshla, A subordinate custom-house officer.

h چوکي نويس chaukī-nawīs, One who keeps

account of outposts and guards.

chaugān (from chaul "bent"+gān), جوگان A stick with one end bent, used in a game at ball; the game of polo or horse-shinty; a crooked drum-stick; a stick baving one end arched, to which is suspended an iron or steel ball, carried as an ensign of royalty; [chaugān zadan, To play at chaugān;chaugani zar, The sword ;-chaugani sumbul, The ringlets of the fair; -chagan, How? time, an hour; if; like, resembling.

chaugān-bāz, Player at chaugān. چوگانباز

changan-bazī, Playing at the game of horse shinty.

chaugān-parast, Who worships چوکان پرست the game of polo.

chaugān-zan, Who strikes with چوکان زن

the chaugan, plays at polo.

chaugānī, A horse trained for playing at the game of chaugan; swift, mettled, excited; a straight hookah-pipe.

chāgag, An owl; a large kind of

جول chaul, chāl, Bent ;--chol, Penis ;-chal, A desert.

chūlāh, A weaver; a spider.

בניק chūm, Fat, tallow; the Oxyacanth.

chomāq, A club, an iron mace (see (جماق

chūn, chon, How? like, in the manner چون of, as; because, forasmuch as, whereas, seeing that, since; when, after that; if; manner, quality; - chūni bī-chigun, Without likeness, incomparable (an epithet of the Deity); -bi-chun-u-chirā, Without why or wherefore.

جونا ألمي chũn-ũ (for چون), How do you do? جونان chūnān, So, like that; just as if; a rolling-pin.

چونانك) chūnān-ki, After what man-

ner; just as.

chūnāh, In this manner, thus, like, so.

chün-chirā, Wrangling, altercation. chūn-ki, For now, seeing that (m.c.). دونه chūna, A lump, a mass.

н هجود chūnāh, Quick lime.

chuni, How art thou? quality.

chûnīn, Thus, in this manner, like چونين this.

chānīn-hâ (pl. of the preceding), چونينها Such-like things (see چنیها).

chūwa, Acanthophyllum squarrosum جورة

(چونه see).

جويگان chaygan (for چويگان), A bandy, club.

& cha, An affix to form diminutives, as bāghcha, Little garden, &c.; — chah (for chāh), A well; -chi, Who? what? which? in what manner or kind? why? what! how great! since, because, seeing that; every, ail; whether; or; fifteen (i.e. three times five, a standing for 3, and a for 5); [chi būdī, Would to God! I wish it were!-chi pesha, Of what use? i.e. useless :-chi jan dārad, What is he able to do?—chi chāra, What remedy?—chi hālat mī-kashad, How miserable he is ;-chi khwush, How delightful !-chi dil, What heart? what courage or ability?—chi zud, How soon? (m.c.); chi san (taur, naw'), Of what sort? in what manner? how?—chi sag ast, What dog is he? i.e. what can he do? chi taraf bast, What did it avail him? i.e. it availed him nothing;—chi ta'ida, What advantage? for what purpose?—chi fasāhat, What purity of style! (m.c.);—chi kar mī-kardī, What have you done it for? chi kashid, What will it avail? - chi gūna, How? in what shape or manner? -chi manzil, What a mansion!—chi ma'ná, What is the meaning? to what end?chi mi-goyi, What do you mean to say?]chi-chi, What does it matter one way or the other? &c., as in the phrases chi bar takht murdan, chi bar rüyi khāk, What matters it (or it is all the same thing) to die on a throne or on the bare ground?—chi durr chi sadaf, Whether a pearl or an oyster-shell;—chi sharif u chi waṣī', As well high as low, gentle and simple.

رية chihā (pl. of chi), What things? н क्षेक् chhapa, Stamp, seal; print, im-

pression (see چاپ).

chahād, A mountain peak; forehead.

chahār, Four; a crab.

chahār ākhuri sangīn, The چهار آخر سنگین four quarters of the world; the four elements.

a جہار ارکان chahār arkān, The four points of the compass; a kind of quadrangular

a جيار اقران chahār agrān, The first four

caliphs; = the preceding.

a مار امين chahar imam, چهار امام chahar amin, The four caliphs, Abu Bakr, Omar, Othmān, and Alī; the four Muhammadan lawyers, Shāfi'ī, Abū Hanīfa, Mālik, and Hambal.

chahār āyina, A kind of armour; a cuirass (m.c.).

chahār āyīn, A quadrangular جهار آليس tent; the four immediate successors of Muhammad; the four principal sects.

چهار باك chahār bāf, A kind of rich silk. bālisht), A بالشت chahār bālish (چار بالش royal throne (or place spread with four cushions); the four elements; the four quarters of the globe; the world; -chahār bālishi arkān, The four first caliphs; a quadrangular tent.

a عبار بسمط chahār basīt, and —

چهار بيخ chahār-be<u>kh</u>, The four elements. چهار بيخ chahār-pā, A quadruped; a bed-

chahar pāra, Four parts; divided جهار بارة into, or consisting of, four parts; the quarters of shoes; a musical instrument; buckshot, slugs (m.c.).

جهار پایات chahār-pāyak, A kind of dis-

ease.

چار پایه chahār-pāya, A quadruped.

جار برة chahār-par, جار برة chahār-para, Four-winged (arrow); adorned with four feathers.

chahār-tāra, Four-stringed.

چهار تك chahār-tak, Canter, casy gallop. a چهار تكبير ردي chahār takbīr zadan, To

abandon the world; to repeat the burial service.

جار جوهر chahār jauhar, The four elements.

چار جوی chahār jūy, The rivers of Paradise; the elements; name of a province in Khurāsān;—chahār jūyi fiṭrat, The four elements.

چار چادر chahār-chādar, A cloth surrounding a woman's grave; a kind of horse-cloth.

chahār chashm shudan, To see or look for earnestly; to meet face to face.

chahār chaman, The world.

a مار عاهم chahār ḥāshiya, Having four borders; having its four edges embroidered.

a چار حمال chahār ḥammāl, The four elements.

chahār khāna, The ventricle of a sheep; also a pudding of it stuffed with meat, rice, butter, herbs, and spiceries; thin cakes dressed with soup; a species of macaroni.

جهار دانک chahār dāng, The four quarters. جهار در جهار در جهار chahār dar chahār, Four times four; on all sides.

جهار درى chahâr-darī, The world.

چار کرچه chahār darīcha. The four windows (of the body), i.e. eye, ear, nose, and mouth.

ده chahārdah, Fourteen.

chahārdahum, The fourteenth.

مارده ماه chahārdah māh, The full moon; a mistress.

chahārdah ma'sām, The prophet Muhammad, his daughter, and the twelve first eminent caliphs.

چار ديوار جهار ديوار جهار ديوار جهار ديوار جهار chahār dīwāri jahān. The four quarters of the world; the four elements.

چار رکس chahār rukn (گیس, ra'is), The four elements.

جار روزة chahār-roza, Of four days dura-

چهار زانو chahār zānū, A tailor's way of sitting.

chahār-zabān (four-tongued), An incessant talker; one who does not stick to his word; a quibbler, prevaricator.

جهار ساله chahār-sāla, Of four years; four

years old.

جهار سو chahār-sū, A square, marketplace.

جهار حوارة chahār-suwāra, A place where four ways meet.

جهار سوق chahār-sūq, A market-place. جهار سوق chahār-shā<u>kh</u>, A winnowing fan.

جار هنبه chahār-shambih, Wednesday. جهار هنبه chahār ṣad, Four hundred.

a چار طاق chahār-ṭāq. A kind of tent. a چار طاق انگن chahār-ṭāq-afgan, A bed.

a جار طونان chahār tūfān, The four elements; the four temperaments.

مارعلم chahār 'alam, The four ensigns (of the faith), viz. Abū Bakr, Omar, Othmān, and Alī; the four elments.

a جهار عنامر chahār 'anāṣir, The four ele-

nents.

a جہار عبال chahār 'iyāl, The four elements. عبار نظرت chahār fitrat, The four temperaments.

چار کوکس chahār-kargas, The four elements; the throne of Shaddād, or (according to others) that of Kā'us.

جهار كامة chahār-gāma, Swift; an ambling

nag.

واكان chahārgān, Four and four; in fours.

chahārgāna, Of four modes; square; fourfold.

جار کلخن chahār gulkhan, The four quarters of the world; the four elements.

چهار گرهه chahār-gosha, Quadrangular; a bier; a small table; a turban.

جهار کوهر chahār gauhar, The four elements.

جهار لنگر chahār langar, Legs of quadrapeds.

chahārum, The fourth.

chahār mūdar, The four elements.

chahār-māha, Of four months; four months old.

ويار مسكون chahār maskūn, Habitable world.

چار مغر chahār-maghz (four-kernel), A walnut.

a جہارم منظرة , chahārum manzar منظرة , chahārum manzara, Solar sphere.

a جهار منقوطة chahār manqūṭa, The orbit of the Zodiacal signs.

جبار ميغ chahār mekh, The elements; sodomy.

a چہار نظم chahār nazm, The four elements. چہار وا دوروں chahār-va, A quadruped.

جاروه دار chahārwa-dār, Leader of a caravan.

chahār u haft, The four (elements) and seven (planets).

chahār-hafta, A trifling, silly

thing; non-existent.

چهار يار گرين chahār yāri guzīn, Four chosen companions, viz. Abū Bakr, Omar, Othmān, and Alī.

chahār-yārî, Name of a sect.

چهار يك chahār yak, One of four; a fourth.

ole chahan, Many ;-chihan (pl. of chi), Who?

chah-bacha, A cistern, a vat.

chahcha, over chahchaha, A twitter, a chirp; -chahchaha kardan, To twitter, to

re chihr, Face, visage; original essence;

a map; small shot.

Jiji re chihr-azad, Name of Humay, daughter of Bahman, and mother of Da-

اله chihr-zād, = the preceding; name of the daughter of Islandvar.

chahram, Name of a place in Iran

(866 PACE).

chihra, chahra, Face, countenance; air, mien; complexion; original essence; a description-roll; a wheel, yarn-reel; shot; [chihra'i ātish-numā, A face flushed (with drink or anger); -chihra bar-afrokhtan, To collect, assemble; -chihra'i hāl, The circumstance of the case; -chihra dar ham kashidan, To frown; to be morose, peevish, irritable; -chihra'i dok, A wheel; a yarnreel;-chihra zar-andud kardan, To grow pale, to blanch; -chihra shudan (gardīdan), To be before or in the presence of, to confront, be opposed to; to dispute; to prepare; -chihra shikastan, To lose colour; chihra kushādan, To appear, to become visible, to show oneself; -chihra mālīdan, To show submission, to humiliate oneself;] -chihra, Rose-colour; -chuhra, A youth, strippling, page; a beardless boy.

jlan ore chihra-pardas, A portraitpainter; the sun; -chihra-pardazi jahan,

The world-illuminating sun.

chihra-kharāsh, Face-scratch-

ing.

a jl sye chihra-tarāz, A portrait-painter. chihra-kushā, A portrait-painter; چهره کشا uncovering the face (lady).

chihra-kushā'i, A display ; co-

quetting.

chihra-nawis, An official who چېره نويس writes down a personal description of the royal servants in a roll or register; -chihranawisi, Office of a chihra-nawis; a description-roll of the indicated kind.

chaharī, A white-spotted horse.

a چه قدر chi qadar, How much? Je chihal, chihil, Forty.

chihal-pāy (forty-foot), A centipede.

chihal tan, Forty persons whom Moses is affirmed to have slain and brought to life again.

chihal-tah, A coat of mail.

ehihal-chirāgh, A candelabrum, چهل جراع chandelier, lustre (m.c.).

באל פרק chihal diram, An ounce.

چېل متون chihal-sitūn, A colonnade (m.c.).

a چېل قد chihal-qad, A sort of armour.

a چېل قدمى chihal-qadamī, A walk ; a custom at the funerals of Musalmans of stepping back forty paces from the grave, and again advancing towards it before reading the service over.

chahlam, A sort of armour ;-chiha-

lum, The fortieth.

a جبل منار chihal-manar, A name of Persepolis.

chahanda, Dropping, distilling; leaping.

chahīdan, To drop, distil; to leap. chahir, byes chahira, Face, countenance; complexion; (doubtful word).

نويس =, chahīra-nawīs چهيرة نويس

q.v. (doubtful).

jee chah-yaz, An iron instrument with four hooks for pulling anything lost out of wells or rivers; a pulley or block; a shovel, a pick-axe, a hoe.

ي chi (vulg. form of چيز), Something; who? what? which? a Turkish affix to form words denoting the agent; - chi chi, What? what is the matter? (m.c.).

chiyanidan, To collect; to cut

chaipāl, Name of a king of Lahore چيهال (جيپال see).

chaipar, A highway; name of a

chipur, The iron head of a spear;

name of a man. intervening chaipīn, چيپين Interval,

H ביים chit, Painted Indian, Persiau, or Turkish silks, and other cloths; chintz; an Indian tent (m.c.).

h چيتل chital, A small coin, twenty-five of which make a dam.

chita, A sort of panther with which they hunt deer; estimate and measurement of lands.

chīchāb, Sound of the lips in kissing.

chichist (in Zand), A mountain. chichak, The small-pox ;- chichakzada, Diseased with small-pox.

chīchala, chīchila, Šickness, pain. chikh, Blear-eyed; humour in the eye.

chidar, A shoe.

ويدكىء نامن chidagi'i nākhun, parings.

جيدي chīdan, To gather, collect; to select, pick, choose; to imbibe; to swallow; to pare the nails; to pluck up (hairs); to spread a carpet; to ascend; -bar-chīdan, dar chīdan, To collect.

chida, Gathered, picked; pared (nail); the dwarf pine; -chīda'i nākhun, Nail-parings; - chīda-miyān, With thin flanks (horse).

chir, Valiant, courageous; a con-

queror; a highway; victory, mastery; a part, a portion; a bull; name of a town.

chīrchang, A dildo. چيرچنگ

chir-dil, Strong-hearted, of a valiant disposition.

chīragī, Victory, triumph; valour, عيركي fearlessness, fortitude; anger; severity of language; a fault;—chīragī kardan, To be petulant, violent.

chīra, Brave; strong, powerful; victorious; high; pointed; eloquent; impudent, unpolite, rnde, uncivil; spiteful; wise; victory, superiority; a part, portion; end, extremity; a turban; -chīra shudan, To wax valiant; to win, beat; to prevail, conquer; to prepare for.

جيرة بند chīra-band, A servant who makes

up the turban (see دستار بدد).

chīra-dast, Ready-handed, skilful, succeeding in whatever one takes in hand; strong, brave; arrogant; boldness.

chīra-dastī, Victory; superiority.

באל נישט chīra-zabān, Eloquent; freespoken.

جيرة زباني chīrah-sabānī, Eloquence.

chie, A thing, anything; existing; precious; food; -chi chīz ast, What is it? what is the matter? (m.c.).

Jy⇔ chīsak, A little thing; a hedgehog. جبر لير chiz-liz, Small capital, trifling concern.

) chīzû, A porcupine.

chīzū-gīr, Irritable, hot-brained. china, Tweezers used chiefly by the women for pulling out hairs.

chīza-būz, Cause, motive, reason. chīza-būzgar, The agent in any چيرة بولكر cause.

chīze, One thing; something; a little, few, somewhat; (with negation) not at all, by no means, nothing or none whatever, as rafiq-hā chīze na-dāram, I have no accomplices whatever (m.c.).

chīst (for chi ast), What is it? who is?—hāl chīst, What's the matter?

what now?

chīstān (what is that?), An enigma; quality, essence, state.

chīstī, What art thou?

chīgh, A projecting roof, a screen جيخ before a door.

دن دن chiga-zan, A warrior.

q.v. چين q.v.

چېقو chīqū, A clasp-knife (see چېقو).

chelan, A forest haunted by wolves; iron rings, bridle-bits, &c.; the jujubetree.

chelāna, The jujube-tree.

H چيله chela, A slave.

جين chīn, A fold, plait, wrinkle; China; (in comp. from chīdan) collecting, as sukhun-chin, Collecting words, i.e. an informer :- chīni abrū (peshānī, jabīn), A

frown; a wrinkle; -chin afgandan, To contract into wrinkles; -chin bar abrū afgandan, To grow old; to frown; -chīn shudan, To become wrinkled; to frown; - chin kardan, To gather, collect, pull, pluck, choose; to join, unite; to reconcile, make peace; to knit the brows; - jabini pur chin, A frowning or wrinkled brow; - zulfi pur chin, Curling locks.

bie chīnā (participle of chīdan), Gather-

ing.

جينائيدن chînā'īdan, To bring together. چين حمامة chīn-ḥamāma, Cinnamon. خين عانة chīn-khāna, A cupboard for

chindara, A fabulous fountain, where instruments are said to be constantly playing.

chindan, Gleaning corn-fields. چيندن

chinda, A collection.

chīnwār, Right, straight.

chinawad, The bridge over the eternal fire which the Muhammadans believe they shall be forced to cross on the day of judgment.

chīna, A gin, grain, or any snare by which birds are caught; a course of bricks or stone in a wall; grain in general;chīna'i dīwār, Layers of large stones, bricks,

or turfs, in building walls.

chīnadān, The crop of a bird. chīnī, Chinese; white sugar-candy; چيلى chinaware, porcelain; called also chini zurūf.

مانة جينى عانة chīnī-khāna, A place where china is kept; apartments adorned with

chīnî rashīdī, A particular چينې رهيدې kind of china-ware.

chini-sāzī, A porcelain manufactory (m.c.).

ح

t h (called hā' or he, hā'i huttī or hā'i muhmala), the eighth letter of the Arabic-Persian alphabet, is a strong aspirate generated deep in the throat; it is the character to represent eight in arithmetic, and Sagittarius in astronomical books.

A she hā', he hā, The Arabic name of the letter h; a good man; a shrill-voiced woman (these two meanings doubtful).

hātim, in P. hātam, Who or what renders necessary; one who decrees, ordains or pronounces judgment; a judge; a black crow, "the raven of separation"; name of a man of the Arabian tribe Taiy, celebrated for his liberality; hence liberal, generous, bountiful.

a ماتمي hatimī, Boundless liberality.

A $bar{a}j$, Name of a thorny plant; -hajj, hāj, A pilgrim to Mecca.

A = hājāt (pl. of hājat), Necessities, wants.

A --- hājib, A door-keeper, a porter; a chamberlain; a minister of state; a curtain; the eye-brow; -hājibu'd-daula, Grand usher (m.c.);—hājibi bār, The archangel Gabriel.

a ماجبى hājibī, Post of door-keeper:

chamberlainship.

A hajat, Necessity, need, want, lack; a requirement, a needful or requisite thing, affair or business; a call of nature; hope, wish; [hājat āmadan (bar-āmadan, tarāwīdan), It becomes necessary; a want arises; something needful is obtained; -- hājat barāwardan (burdan), To obtain one's want, &c.; to supply another's want; - hajati lajwiz, Anything which requires investigation, as an account; - hājat khwāstan, To pray, state one's wants; - hājat dāshtan, To have need, to be in want of ;]—hājjat, A female pilgrim to Mecca.

a ماجت بردار hājat-bardār, Providing

what is wanted or desired.

a اماحت روا ماحت روا به hājat-rawā, Supplying or obtaining what is needed; obtaining one's

a ماجت روائي hājat-rawā'ī, Supply, provision, succour.

a حاجت کاه hājat-jāy, کاجت ماجت جای hājat-gāh, A place of need; a necessary.

a ماجتمند hājatmand, Indigent, needy; hoping.

a ماجتمندي hajatmandi, Indigence.

a مامتومند ḥājatūmand, Needy, necessi-

ا ماجز له hājiz, Intervenient, intervening (as a curtain); a hinderer, preventer; an op-

pressor; an obstruction, barrier.

a حاجي ḥājī, One who has performed the pilgrimage to Mecca; a pilgrim; — hājī ahmaq, hājī bī-wuqūf, The names of two mock pilgrims in the Muharram play;hājīu 'l-haramain, Who has visited the two sacred places (Mecca and Medina);—hājī hājī-rā dar makka mī-bīnad, The pilgrim sees the pilgrim at Mecca, (met.) two people meet after a long separation.

a ماجى ترعان به ḥājī-tar<u>kh</u>ān, Astrakhan

(m.c.).

a عاجي لكلك ḥājī-laklak, A stork.

she had, A raven; name of a son of Jacob by another mother than Joseph's (doubtful word),

A ale hadd, Sharp, bitter, sour, acrid; ardent, fiery, poignant: -hāddu 'z-zāwiya, Acute-angled.

م مالم hādis, New, just appearing; casual;—hādis shūdan, To appear, happeu.

A مانام إن إن إن الماني إن الماني إن الماني إن الماني إن الماني إن الماني الماني إن الماني إن الماني المان rence, adventure, casualty; an accident rendering a person ceremonially unclean; a misfortune, disaster, calamity.

A خانه hāz, Back; name of a plant and a tree; - hāzu 'l-matn, The part of a horse's back where the saddle or a load is placed; *—<u>kh</u>afīfu'l-ḥāz*, One who has little property and a small family.

hāziq, Sharp, acute, penetrating; ingenious, skitful, clever, excelling; pro-

ficient, an adept; tart, sour.

A pla harr, Warm, hot, sultry; difficult, laborious, painful (work); distressing, severe; (met.) lion; tart wine.

A مارف hāris, A farmer, ploughman; one who gathers, collects, hoards up; the lion; name of a man.

ارع الله hārij. A criminal, an offender; an obstructer, hinderer; obstacle, hindrance.

ارس A أرس ḥāris, A keeper; a governor, defender, watchman; a sentinel, guard.

hāris, Greedy, covetous, avaricious.

a مارمة hāriṣa, A blow on the head penetrating through the skin.

hārim, A small fortified town in Syria.

hāzim, Wise, provident, wary, prudent.

hāzamīyat, Name of a sect.

اسد hāsid, Envious; an enemy.

hāsir, Naked, unarmed, not having حاسر A helmet, mail, or shield.

a ماسه hāssa, One of the five senses; hāssa'i 'āmma, Common sense.

A ماش hāsh, المام hāshā, Besides, except ; God forbid! let it not be! iu no shape!hāshā zadan (kardan), To utter the preceding exclamation;—hāshā ki, Heaven forbid that!

المام بـ ḥāshā', Thyme.

اهر hāshir, A collector; one of the names given to Muhammad.

ماهية hāshiyat, hāshiya, A margin, edge, border; selvage, hem; facings (of a uniform); a marginal note, scholia; postscript (m.c.); men of inferior rank, attendants; young camels; - hāshiya'i bāghbandī, A flower-bed, a parterre (m.c.).

a ماهية بوس ḥāshiya-bos, Kissing the

skirt.

a ماهية دار به ḥāshiya-dār, Having a margin, &c.; having marginal notes.

a ماهية كواة hūshiya-gawāh, An attesting witness (by writing his name on the mar-

a ماهية نشين ḥāshiya-nishīn, Sitting on the outskirts (of an assembly);—hāshiyanishīnāni maḥkama, Assessors of court of justice (m.c.).

امب hāṣib, (Wind) scattering gravel or flakes of snow; (a cloud) discharging

snow or hail. hāsid, A reaper, mower.

A مام hāṣir, Who or what blocks up; a

restrainer; an astringent; a calculator, numberer; a mat; a mat-maker.

ب المقينة hāṣil, The outcome, produce, result; harvest; profit, gain; tax, duty, revenue; inference, corollary; substance, purport, object; [haṣilu 'l-amr, In short, to sum up ;—hāṣili bāzār, Market-dues, toll ;hāsili tafriq, The remainder (in subtraction); - hāsili taqsīm (qismat), The quotient; hāsili jam', The sum or total; - hāsili zarb, The product (of multiplication); — hāṣili kalām, In short, briefly, in fine;] — hāşil uftadan (amadan, badan). To be produced; -hūsil dādan, To produce ; hāsil dāshtan, To have in store, to be supplied with ;hāsil (ba-hāsil) shudan. To be gained: to accrue; to happen, to come to pass (m.c.); - hāṣil (ba-ḥāṣil) kardan (sākhtan), To acquire, gain, collect; to indulge; — hāsil kāshtan, To cultivate ;—ḥāṣili maṣdar, An abstract noun ;—az in chi hāṣil, What will it profit us? (m.c.) ;—taḥṣīli ḥāṣil, Carrying coal to Newcastle, a superfluity.

A ماملات hāṣilāt (pl. of the preceding),

proceeds, results.

a عامل خير hāṣil-khīz, Fertile, productive (m.c.).

a مامل دار م ḥāṣil-dār, A collector.

hūzir, Present, at hand, ready, prepared; at the service of, willing, content; (in gram.) the present tense; the second person; a large tribe;—hāzir shudan, To appear before, to be present; to be prepared, ready, in order;—ḥāzir kardan, To prepare, make present, or ready.

A ماغرات hāzirāt, Invocations of spirits;

exorcisms.

a ماضراتي ḥāzirātī, Conjuring or exorcising evil spirits, an exorciser, a conjurer.

a حامران ḥāzirān (P. pl. of ḥāzir), The

people present, the audience.

a ماضر باش hāzir-bāsh, A constant or regular attendant, a follower, retainer.

a عاضر باهي ḥāzir-bāshī, Constant attendance.

hāzirat, A city, a fixed residence.

a جان جواب hāzir-jawāb, Ready at an answer, pert; echo.

a مامر جوابي ḥāzir-jawābī, A repartee, ready wit.

a عاضر سخن hāzir-sukhun, A ready talker. a ماضر ماسي ḥāzir-zāmin, A surety for personal appearance, bail.

a حاضر مامنى ḥāzir-zāminī, A bond for

personal appearance, a bail-bond.

a مامرى ḥūzirī, Presence, readiness, attendance; audience; muster-roll; breakfast; dessert; an offering made to a saint.

a ماخويون ḥāzirīn (obl. case of the Ar. pl. of hazir used as nom.), The persons present, the company, assembly; — hāzirīni majlis, The present company, this meeting (m.c.).

hāfat, A coast, shore, brink, bank;

adversity, affliction ;— hāfatanu 'l-wādī, The two banks of a river.

hāfir, A digger, excavator; a hoof, nail. claw.

hāfirat, Beginning of anything;

original form.

hāfiz, A keeper, preserver, guardian; a commander, governor; the Preserver of all things (God); gifted with a good memory; one who has by heart the whole Qur'an; a blind man (because such fall frequently under the preceding category); name of the greatest lyric poet of Persia, Muhammad Shamsu 'd-din; (hence met.) a poet; — hāfizi ḥaqīqī, The true preserver (God); — hāfizāni qila (P. pl. of hāfiz), Governors of fortresses.

a مانظه hūfiza (for qūwati ḥāfiza), The retentive faculty, a good memory; -hafiza'i

lughāt, Memory of words.

name.

hāqq, Middle of anything; — hāqqu عاق 'l-fukhiz, The cavity in which the hip-bone

hāqqat, Sure, impending, descending (calamity); day of judgment; middle of anything.

A ماتن ḥāqin, Troubled with diabetes; one suffering under a retention of urine.

A ماكة hūkat (pl. of hū'ik), Weavers; hākkat, A tooth.

A ماكم hūkim, A governor; commander; judge, magistrate; a name of God; hākimi bā-ikhtiyār, A competent authority;—hākimi bālā, A superior officer; hākimi bahrī, Marine prefect (m.c.);—hākimi dīwanī, An officer of the civil court; -ḥākimi zī i<u>kh</u>tiyār (majāz), A judge, &c., with full powers ;-hākimi shar', Presiding judge (m.c.) ;-hākimi zer-dast, A subordinate officer; -hakimi 'adalat, Judge; -hakimi faujdārī, A judge presidiug over a criminal court;—hākimi qalamī, Čivil governor (m.c.);—hākimi waqt, The present ruler or rulers, the government of the day (the above terms not marked as modern colloquialisms are especially used India).

a مانه hākimāna, Judicially, with authority.

a t ماكم باهي ḥākim-bāshī, Principal physician in waiting.

a حاكم نشين بَّه إَمَّاهُ مَاكم نشين بِه إِمَّاهُ مَاكم نشين م

or governor, &c. (m.c.).

a حاكمى ḥākimī, Governmental; rule, sway, government, dominion; authority, power; magistracy.

A حاکی $h\bar{a}k\bar{i}$, A relator, narrator, author,

historian.

A مال أمر عال hal, State, situation, condition, mode, manner; an affair, thing; time present, present tense; prosperous circumstances; ecstasy; [hāl (ba-hāl) āmadan, To

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come round, to come to one's senses (m.c.); — hāl ān ki, The fact is that; whereas, now that, though, notwithstanding; — hāli peshīn (sābiq), The former or past state; — hāl kardan, To be in an ecstasy; — ahli hāl, The people of ecstasy, i.e. Sūfīs (opp. to ahli qāl, people of talk, i.e. the learned); — dar īn hāl, Meanwhile, at this moment (m.c.);]—hāll, Descending (some commentators derive the meaning "ecstasy" from this word, as that which descends upon the ascetic); due (debt).

hālā, From this day forward, henceforth

(m.c.).

مالب المقالة, A milker; the ureter. a حالب المقال

of the revenue by bringing part of the next year's rents to the account of the present.

a عال برسي hāl-pursī, Inquiry after a per-

son's health (m.c.)

- A bla hālat, hāla, State, quality, condition; posture of affairs; one of the stages of the mystical progress of the Sūfis, ecstasy; (in gram.) case;—hālati izāfī, The genitive case;—hālati baina 't-tulū'ain, The state (of the atmosphere) between the two risings (of dawn and the sun, m.c.);—hālati fā'ilī, The nominative;—hālati mafālī, The objective case;—hālati nauba, Agony, pangs of death;—hālati nauba, Intermission, intermittent type (med.);—yak hāla'i bār, One half of a load, as much as a beast carries on one side.
- a حالتي hālatī (halate), A state, i.e. a nice state of things, a deuce of an affair (m.c.).

a حالحامل hāl-ḥāṣil, Present produce. a حال سال hāl-sāl, The present year, this sear.

a كسته الم المكسته hūl-shikasta, In broken-down

circumstances.

مالوما ḥālāmā, Name of a plant otherwise called surkh-mard (see مرث مود).

a Jh hālā, Adorned with jewels of gold or silver; belonging to the present time; new, modern; current (coin); descriptive of a state; [hālā shudan, To be clear; to perceive (m.c.);—hālā kardan, To explain, to demonstrate (m.c.);— hāle, Now, at this instant, at this time;—hāle ki, In the moment that, the instant that.

a حاليا hālīyan, At present.

a Lish hālīyat, hālīya, The present participle; present, reigning at the present day (m.c.);—ismi hālīya, The Persian participle terminating in ān.

A ham, Ham, son of Noah, alleged father of the negroes; [jaishi ham (the

host of Ham), Darkness;]—hām-in (with Tanwin for مامي), A he-camel having produced ten young, hence exempt from labour and not to be slaughtered.

A عامد hāmid, One who praises, a praiser.

A مامد hāmiz, Sour, acid, sharp, pungent.

A diamil, A porter, carrier; pregnant;—hāmili asfār, An ass; an ignorant workman or reader;—hāmili maln, A commentary with text;—hāmili maktāb (khat, ruq'a), A letter-carrier;—hāmili wahy, The bearer of revelation, Gabriel;—zikri ḥāmil, Mental prayer.

hāmilāt (pl. of ḥāmilat), Clouds

heavy with rain.

a a label hāmila, Pregnant; laden with fruit (a tree); heavy with rain (clond);—hāmila shudan, To become pregnant, to conceive;—hāmila kardan, To render pregnant, to impregnate.

hāmī, A protector, defender; supporter, patron; a person pledging himself to the fulfilment of another's promise or engagement; a he-camel emancipated from

labour.

a عامى ḥāmī, A son of Ham; an Ethiop,

negro.

a protectress; a protective body; defenders, protectors; a she-camel exempted from labour; a trivet; stones filling a well;—'aini hāmiya, Name of a fountain in which the sun is said to set.

الث الله hānis, A false-swearer, perjurer. A مانوت hānūt, A tavern; a shop; a vint-

ner, a wine-seller.

A حانى ḥānī, Name of a city in Diyarbakr celebrated for its iron mines.

ماری $h\bar{a}w\bar{i}$, One who collects, contains, or comprehends; a collector.

a عادية hāwiya, Mesentery; entrails.

- مَارُمُ مُأَرُّ مُرِّهُمُ مُرِّهُمُ مُرِّهُمُ مُرِّهُمُ مُرِّهُمُ مُرِّهُمُ مُرِّهُمُ مُرِّهُمُ مُرَّالًا مُرَامِعُ مُرامِعُ مُوامِعُ مُرامِعُ مُرامِعُ مُرامِعُ مُرامِعُ مُرامِعُ مُرامِعُ مُرامِعُ مُرامِعُ مُوامِعُ مُرامِعُ مُرامِعُ مُرامِعُ مُرامِعُ مُرامِعُ مُرامِعُ مُرامِعُ مُرامِعُ مُوامِعُ مُوامِعُ مُوامِعُ مُوامِعُ مُوامِعُ مُرامِعُ مُوامِعُ - A La hā'iṭ, Wall, inclosure, fence; a garden.

A مائل $h\bar{a}'il$, Who or what intervenes, interrupts, prevents; preventer, hinderer;

obstacle, impediment; a screen.

A habb, A grain, berry, seed; a pill (habb zadan, To take a pill); [habbu 'lasl, Tamarisk-seed (used against diseases of the spleen and against the mange); —habbu 'l-ās, Myrtle-berries (used against the bite of scorpions and tarantula, and to abate intoxication); — habbu 'l-bana, Persian turpentine seeds;—habbu 's-salāṭīn ('l-mulāk), Croton tiglium, a purgative seed; — habbu 's-sūdān, Egyptian cassia seed (used against ophthalmia and leucorrhœa);—habbu 'l-ghār, Laurcl-berries (considered to be a diuretic and antidote);—

habbu 'l-qar', Tapeworm ;-habbu 'l-qaranful, Alpine thyme; - habbu'l-gilgil (gulgul), Seeds of the oval-leaved cassia (a calming application against bruises and rheumatic pains; - habbu 'l-mushk, Abelmosk European corruption of the Arabic-Persian term); — habbu'n-nīl, Seed of the blue water-lily (used to evacuate phlegm and bile); woad for dyeing; -habbi balsan, The fruit of the tree balm of Gilead; -habbi 'arūs (kāknaj), Zedoary; -- habbi 'ambar, A pill or grain of ambergris; - habbi qāqula (sijistānī), A cardamum grain; -hubb, Love, affection, friendship; wish, desire; a wine-jar; -hubbu 'l-watan, Love of one's country, patriotism; -hubbi shahwani, The generative instinct; -hubbi walad, Love for one's children; -hubb u widad, Love and friendship; - 'amali hubb, A love-charm.

A أحماً hiba' (v.n 3 of مماء), A gift.

habāb, A bubble;—hībāb (v.n. 3 of ,), Loving, cultivating friendship;—hubāb, Love, friendship; beloved; the object of one's affections or efforts.

a عبابي ḥabābī, Of or resembling a bubble; full of bubbles; bubbling.

A حبات habbat (pl. of habbat), Corns,

grains; pulse.

hubāhib, Name of a very avaricious man, who was afraid to light a fire, lest it should invite guests to visit him;—abū hubāhib, or simply hubāhib, A glowworm.

A مبارى م hubārá, A bustard.

sy خباتا habāqā, The lote-tree.

مبال ه hibāl (pl. of habl), Ropes;—habbāl, A rope-maker.

A أله hibālat, A net, gin ;—habāllat, A

fit time, a proper opportunity.

مِالًا habā'il (pl. of hibālat), Nets, snares, gins.

habab, A bubble; freshness and

brilliancy of teeth.

مبية hababat (pl. of hibb), Lovers, friends;—hibabat (pl. of hubb), Jars.

A habbat, One berry, grain, or seed; a grain (a weight, the eighth part of a dānik); particle, part; a mite, an obolus; [al-habbatu 'l-khazrā', The fruit of the bantree;—habbatu 'l-qalb, The heart's core; (met.) original sin;]—hibbat, A wild berry;—hubbat, Love, friendship; (also hubat) a grape-stone.

habbazā, O excellent! brave! how charming!

A mabr (v.n.), Beautifying, adorning; putting ink into an inkstand; making glad; joy, gladness, cheerfulness; yellowness of teeth;—hibr, Ink; beauty; a sign; signs of joy; yellowness of teeth;—hibr, habr, A learned man, Jewish doctor; a man of probity and honour;—habar (v.n.), Making glad; being raw (a wound);—

hibar, Striped stuffs of Yaman;—habir, Soft and new.

a مبر دان به hibr-dan, An ink-stand.

A comp habs (v.n.), Retaining; detaining, imprisoning; restriction, restraint; confinement; a place of confinement, prison, jail; courage, bravery; (also hibs) a mound, dike, dam; a reservoir, tank, pond; — habsu'i-tams, Suppression of the menses; —habsu'n-nafas, Suffocation;—habsi baul, Strangury; — habsi dam, Retention of the breath, which some faqirs practise for a very long time, believing thereby to prolong life, on the theory that every man has a predestined number of inspirations to make, which thus would extend over a longer period; asthma;—habsi dawām ba-'ubūri daryā'i shor, Transportation for life beyond the sea;—habs kardan, To arrest, put in prison.

م بش habash, An Abyssinian; also--

A منشة habashat, Abyssinia, Ethiopia; natives of Southern Arabia, Abyssinians, Ethiopians.

a حبشى habashī, Of or belonging to Abyssinia or Ethiopia; Abyssinian, Ethiopian;

negro, black slave.

A جبض habaz (v.n.), Pulsating, beating (as an artery); vibrating and twanging (a bowstring); falling short (an arrow); teing exhausted (water in a well); infringement of a right.

A habt (v n.), Being shed with impunity (blood); being done in vain or without reward (work), being lost; — habat (v.n.), Being cicatrized (a wound); swelling, becoming constipated from too much or unwholesome food (cattle); the cicatrized scar of a wound or scourge.

مناه habq (v.n.), Farting; a blow with a stick, rope, or scourge;—habaq, Mint;—habaqi qaranfuli (karmānī), Sweet basil;—habaqi nabtī, Basil.

habk (v.n.), Weaving well (a garment); doing anything firmly and well;

cutting; decapitating.

A أحبل habl, A rope, cord, halter; a tendon; a veiu (hablu 'z-zirā', A tendon in the arm; — hablu 'l-warīd, The jugular vein); a bond, cause of union; a covenant, compact, league, alliance; union, connection; hardship, heavy work; a calamity; —habal (v.n.), Being pregnant, being full; anger; a date-tree; a vine.

A حبلي ḥublá, A pregnant woman. A جن ḥabn, ḥibn, Oleander, rose-laurel.

A me habw (v.n.), Shuffling along the ground on his backside (a boy); creeping on his hands and belly (a man); hitting the mark by rebound (an arrow); meeting, being or coming near; refusing, withholding; guarding, defending; being high, raised up.

مبرب hubub (pl. of habb), Grains, berries.

ا بوبات بالله بال Cereals, edible grains; - hubūbāt wa-buqū-

lat, Vegetables, pot-herbs.

A by hubwat, A mode of sitting with the legs and thighs contracted, and the hands folded round the knees.

مبة habba, see A. مبة

a به الله habba-bar, A petty thief; a pick-

pocket; mean; greedy.

habīb, Beloved; a lover, sweetheart, mistress; a friend;—habību khudā (ḥabību 'llāh), Abraham; Muhammad.

A مبيبة ḥabībat, An object of desire; Ma-

dīna.

hibyat, A mode of sitting with the legs and thighs drawn together and tied with a sash.

إمام إمام habīr, A dappled cloud; a kind of striped, embroidered stuff; a new gar-

A bikat, A path; a curl on water, or in a lock of hair; a ring in a coat of

A --- hatt (v.n.), Scraping dry dirt from a garment; falling (as leaves or fruit from the trees); hastening, urging to haste; fleet, swift (horse, camel, bird); good, noble, generous (man); a dead locust; name of a sword; — hutt, Fried barley bruised small; name of a tribe; name of a mountain.

hitar, The foreskin; the sphincter of the anus; the perinæum; the seam between the testicles.

A معام haitāma, How long? till when?

hatad (v.n.), Abiding, staying at a place;—hatid, Of pure origin;—hutud, The essence or root of a thing; eyes affected by a hard substance which corrodes the lashes and edges.

hatr (v.n.), Giving little; tying حتر م tight, making fast; looking sharply; tasting; feeding; eating voraciously; giving an entertainment on account of a new house; sowing a border on the skirt of a tent; -hatr, hitr, High ground; a small matter; -hitr, A small gift; anything sown to the lower part of a tent to keep it close to the ground.

hatf, Death; —māta hatfa anfihi,

He died a natural death.

hatm (v.n.), Rendering necessary; doing firmly and solidly; necessary; determination; jurisdiction.

hatn, hitn, Like, equal ;-- hatan (v.n.), Being hot (the day); mountainsides.

متو A متو hatw (v.n.), Running hard.

hutuf (pl. of hatt), Deaths ;suyūfi hutūf, Death-giving swords; —qutūfi hutuf, Vintages of death; -kāsāti hutuf, Chalices of death.

hattá, To, until, even to, as far as ; in order that, so that; unless, except; to such a degree that ;--hattá 'l-imkān (hattá 'l-magdar, hatta 'l-wus'), To the utmost of one's power, to the best of one's ability.

A hoss (v.n.), Instigating, exciting, stimulating;—huss, Chaff, chopped straw scattered about; dry, hard, glittering sand; dry bread or corn.

hasa', Chaff; busks and refuse of dates.

hasar (v.n.), Having a pimple or sty (the eye-lid); being covered with blotches (the skin); candying, granulating (honey); being thick and strong; being ample; dregs, sediment, mother of oil, lees of wine.

hasarmā, A kind of mint.

hasm (v.n.), Giving; rendering حثم

soft and pliable.

A == hajj (v.n.), Setting out, tending towards; going on pilgrimage to Mecca, and performing the ceremonies there; overcoming in argument; probing a wound; hajji asghar, The lesser pilgrimage; hajji akbar, The greater pilgrimage; - hajju 'lfarz, The obligatory pilgrimage to be performed by every Muslim once in his lifetime; -hajj kharīdan, To buy an outfit for the pilgrimage; —amīri ḥajj, The chief commander of the pilgrims.

مواب مابعه hijāb (v.n. of محاب م concealing; a partition; a veil, curtain; a membrane; modesty, bashfulness; night; [hijāb bar-dāshtan, To unmask; — hijābi hājiz, Diaphragm; — hijābi kuhlī, Heaven; a black cloud; dust; — hijāb kardan, To veil, draw a curtain, cover, hide;]—hujjāb (pl. of hājib), Porters; chamberlains of the

king's apartments.

a white hijabana, Concealment, secrecy; modestly, bashfully.

a جاب چشمی hijūb-chashmī, Sheep'seyed.

a جهابی $hij\bar{a}b\bar{i}$, Veiled; modest; conceal-

ment, secrecy. A ajāj, hijāj, The hone surround-

ing the eye; the eye-brow; a side;—hijāj (v.n. 3 of -), Pleading a cause, bringing proofs; -hajjāj, A litigious man, a squabbler; name of the celebrated governor of Arabia and Iraq, Ibn Yusüf as-Saqafi, held in great abborrence by the Persians as a tyrant and oppressor; - hujjuj (pl. of hajj), Pilgrims to Mecca.

م مجار A lapidary; a stonemason.

مجارت A hijarat (pl. of hajar), Stones; hijārat u midārat, Stones and clods.

a جماری hajjárī, Sculpture; stonemasonry; - hajjārī kardan, To sculpture, to carve in stone (mm.cc.).

A hijāz (v.n. 3 of). Prohibiting, keeping asunder; a barrier, or anything similar, by which two things are separated; Mecca, Madina, and the adjacent territory, Arabia Petran; a rope; one of the principal musical modes or styles of the Persians.

a حجازي hajāzī, Of or belonging to Hijāz; a native of Hijāz.

A مجام hijām, A rein, bridle, bit, muzzle; -hajjām, A barber; a bleeder, cupper, scarifier, phlebotomist.

A مَامِم hajamat (v.n. of حجم), The profession of a barber or cupper; shaving, cupping, scarifying, &c.; a cupping-glass; -hajāmat kardan, To cup, to bleed.

a جامى hajjāmī, Profession of cupper or

A ----- hajb (v.n.), Veiling, intervening, precluding; cutting off (an heir) from his portion, barring; -hujub (pl. of hijab), Veils, curtains.

A مَعِمَّ hajjat, hijjat, A pilgrimage to Mecca; [zā 'l-hijjat, The last month of the Arabian year (because upon the tenth day a solemn feast is celebrated in Mecca);]hujjal, Argument, proof, reason, demonstration; plea, allegation; sentence, decision; pretence, excuse; altercation, disputation; -hujjati ustuwār, The Qur'an; -hujjat kardan, To decide, pass sentence; to make use of argument or excuse ;—hujjati lā-tā'il, A useless objection, frivolous pretext, cavil; -hujjati muhkam, An instrument for removing scab; — bilā hujjat, Undisputed, unchallenged.

a محتانة hujjatāna, A voucher.

a حجت نماي ḥujjat-numāy, An arguer.

a جعتى hujjati, A sound reasoner; a disputatious person, a sophist, wrangler; a

A pajar, A stone; the philosopher's stone; [hajari armani, The Armenian stone, of which there are two kinds, blue and red; –ḥajari asyūs, Nitre;—ḥajaru 'l-aswad, The black stone (at Mecca); -hajaru 'lbarq, Avanturine; hajaru 't-tais, Animal bezoar, bezoar-stone (held by the Persians to be a most powerful antidote, see پادرهر &c.); -hajaru 'd-dam, Blood-stone, nummolite (considered a specific against the piles); - hajaru 'r-rahmān, Lapis divinus; -hajaru'l-kazak, A very white stone found on the shores of the Indian sea; -hajaru'lyahūd, Lapis judaicus (considered a diuretic and dissolvent of calculus);—hajari anāghātus, A stone which produces a blood-red colour when rubbed with water, and serves as an eye-medicine when mixed with human milk; - hajari bābāqārī, Onyx (used for amulets); - hajari şafrawî, Gallstone; -hajari kulya, Renal calculus, gravel; - hajari luhāghītūs, A black stone smelling like pitch, which is found in Syria; -hajari masana, Bladder-stone;]—hajr, The socket of the eye; a town in Yamamah; (pl. of hajrat) courts, sides of houses; -hajr, hujr (v.n.), Prohibiting, barring, preventing; the

bosom;—hijr, Intellect; the northern wall of the Ka'bah; the country of Samud; a mare :- hujr (in P.), The waist-band of the

A what hujarāt (pl. of hujrat), Chambers, &c.; -hujarāti talaba, Students' cells.

hajarān (dual of hajar), Gold and silver.

A قرح hajrat, A courtyard, the side of a house; hujrat, hujra, A chamber, closet, cell; a box in a theatre, circus, &c. (m.c.); -*hujra'i-<u>kh</u>ās*, A secret apartment;—*huj*ra'i khwab. The corners of the eye; -hujra'i makhsūs, A private box (m.c.).

hajaratān (dual of hajarat, n.u. of hajar), Gold and silver.

a مجرى hajarī, Made of stone, stony, petrous.

a مجرية hajarīyat, Stoniness.

hajz (v.n.), Prohibiting, preventing; interposing, intervening; making (a camel) lie down, and tying his fore-legs (in order to dress his sore back); -hijz, hujz, Root, origin; kindred, near relations; side, margin, quarter; -hajaz (v.n.), Being diseased in the intestines from thirst; thirst caused by a pain in the bowels.

A -b -- hajaf, Leathern shields; breasts

(sing. hajafat).

hajak, A rose. حجات

a size hajala, A partridge; -hajla (size hujla 'i dāmādī), A curtain drawn before the bride's chamber; a kind of curtained canopy, alcove, or ornamented pavilion for a bride; the bridal chamber; the marriage bed; -hajla ārāstan (bastan), To deck out the bridal chamber, &c.

a خجله خانه hajla-khana, The place where

the hajla is prepared.

a الم مام مهاله عمله کش hajla-kash, مهاله ساز a Who adorns or prepares a bridal chamber,

u کال ماہے hajla-gah, = کالہ ماہہ q.v.hijlá (pl. of hajalat), Partridges.

A hajm (v.n.), Cupping, bleeding, sucking (the teat); swelling (the breast); keeping (one) back (from anything); a prominence; thickness, bigness, magnitude; bulk, size.

A ωφω hajn (v.n.), Bending (a stick); drawing anything towards oneself with a stick curved at the extremity; hindering, turning away; -hajan, Crookedness, curvature; decay, old age.

A par hajw (v.n.), Stopping, standing, remaining; keeping a secret; conjecturing, opining; driving (as the wind a ship).

hajūn, Remote, distant, a long جمون way off; lazy, slothful; name of a mountain at Mecca with houses and a cemetery upon it.

a - hajîb (by Imālah for hajāb), A veil.

hajīj (pl. of hājj), Pilgrims. مجيع ▲

A pape hajīr, Stony (ground).

hajif, Wind in the bowels.

مومل ه hajīl, (A horse) white on three

A hadd, had (v.n.), Setting bounds; defining; boundary, term, limit, extremity, extent; a goal for racers, a starting-post; bar, obstruction, impediment, separation; point of a thing, edge (of wit or of steel), sharpness; cause of urgency; anger, rage, fury; a restrictive ordinance of the divine law; legal punishment (especially by the lash) for certain crimes; haddi bulugh, Puberty;—haddi fāṣil, A partition;—haddi fāsil būdan, To keep separate;—az ḥad bīrūn, Beyond bounds, without the limits; enormous, excessive, exorbitant;—az had guzāshtan. To exceed just limits, to be exorbitant; -tā hade ki (tā az had ki), So that, until that;—chi had dāram, What business have I? how can I? (in.c.).

huda' (v.n.). Making camels to travel with alacrity by singing to them.

hida'at, A kite, a sparrow-hawk.

A مدائله hadāsat (v.n. of مده), Being new, fresh and young; youth, tender age; beginning, novelty, freshness of anything.

mourning; mourning habits; (pl. of hadīd) sharp, cutting (as swords, &c.); - haddad, A smith, a worker in iron; a farrier.

a مدادى ḥaddādī, Trade of a blacksmith. u مداتة hadāqa (for حداتة q.v.), Ingenuity, skill.

hadā'iq (pl. of ḥadīqat), Gardens; عدائل ▲ -hada'iqu'l balagha (the gardens of eloquence), A treatise on literary composition.

مدب hadab (v.n.), Being favourably inclined, benevolence; gibbosity, a roundness of back with a corresponding concavity in the breast; a heaping up of waters; high ground, hilliness; a declivity; a mark on the skin; a kind of white thistle.

שבּרְאים בּ hadbā', Hump-backed (woman).

a حد بندي had-bast, حد بندي had-bandi, Fixing the boundaries.

hidat, hida (v.n. of وحد Being), Being alone, sole, unique (see على حدة ;—hiddat (v.n. of حقّ , Taking an edge, becoming sharp; the edge (of a sword); sharpness;

passion, vehemence, impetuosity, fury. hadas, hads (v.n.), A beginning, commencement, innovation; a novelty; anything contingent or accidental, event, casualty, accident; anything which comes out of the body and causes defilement, thereby necessitating ablution before entering on prayer, excrement;—hids, One who converses with kings, an entertaining

story-teller and royal favourite. <u>مدثات به ḥadaṣāt, Accidents.</u>

hidsan, Beginning, novelty, first حدثان ٨ and fresh appearance; accidents, events;—hudsān (pl. of hadās), Young men.

hadaṣīyat, Name of a sect.

مدم hadj (v.n.), Loading a camel (particularly with the litter hidj); charging a man with fraud, &c., accusing; shooting at (with an arrow, &c.); -hidj, A burden; a camel's litter in which women ride; -hadaj, The wild gourd; a fresh melon.

مدر 🛦 باadr (v.n.), Being fat, robust, of a firm, compact habit of body; making haste; swelling from a blow (the skin); causing a swelling; descending; throwing down; hemming or lacing the edge of a garment, &c.; relaxing the bowels; enclosing, embracing, enfolding; - hadar (v.n. of حدر), Shedding tears (the eye); a declivity, de-

a عد زدة had-zada, Punished, chastised (by

having eighty lashes inflicted).

مدس 🛦 محمس hads (v.n.), Thinking, conjecturing, suspecting, imagining; finding soon something that had been lost; wandering without a guide; going fast, making haste; trampling upon, treading down; stabbing in the breast (a camel); throwing down; hadas, Name of a people in the time of Solomon.

a مد هکن had-shikan, A trespasser (encroacher on his neighbour's boundaries).

a حد هکنی had-shikanī, A trespass.

hadq (v.n.), Surrounding; beholding;—hadaq, The brinjal or egg-plant; pupils of the eyes (pl. of the following).

hadaqat, The pupil of the eye. hadm, hadam, Fierce heat of fire.

a مد محدود had-mahdud, Within defined limits (a term in leases or farming contracts).

hadw (v.n.), Making (camels) travel حدو ه with alacrity by singing to them; following (as night follows day).

مدوث hudūg (v.n. of حدوث), Appearing ; being new, fresh, young; novelty, originality, invention ; hudūsi sangi masāna, Formation of stone or gravel (med.).

مدود م hudūd (pl. of hadd), Boundaries, confines, metes, limits; rules, definitions; hudūdi arba'a, The four boundaries; hudūdi shar'īya, Penal laws.

hadūr, A declivity, descent; -- hudūr

(v.n. of عدر), Descending.

hudaibiyat, Name of a place near حديبية م Mecca where Muhammad made treaty with the Quraish.

A مديث hadis, New, newly made; history, tradition (particularly with regard to the sayings and actions of Muhammad).

مديد hadīd, Keen, sharp; iron; an instrument or implement of iron; a helmet.

a مديده hadīda, A machine for drawing wire; a strong stick with an iron point, with which importunate beggars strike the head, breast, or any other limb, while uttering imprecations until they receive a gift.

A tap hadiqat, An inclosed garden; an orchard, a palm-plantation; name of a village near Madina;—hadiqatu 'r-rahmān, A garden of the false prophet Musailamah, who was killed near it, whence the name was changed into hadiqatu 'l-maut.

A hazz (v.n.), Cutting up by the roots, a breaking off; walking fast, hurry-

ing.

A shine hizā' (v.n. 3 of مذر), Being over against, facing; one thing opposite another; a shoe; the hoof of a horse or camel; opposite, over against.

hazāfīr (pl. of huzfūr), Head, sides, parts, extremities; all of it, entirely.

hazāqat (v.n. of مُدُق , Being clever at work; quickness, sharpness; ingenuity.

hazāmi, Name of a woman celebrated for the truthfulness and aptness of

her speech.

hazāmīr, All, the whole.

A bazaz, Shortness of tail; a metrical licence by which $mutaf\tilde{a}^i llun$ ($\smile - \smile -$) of the Kamil becomes $fa^i llun$ ($\smile - \smile -$).

of the Kāmil becomes fa'ilun ()-).

hazar, hizr, Avoiding, shunning; caution, prudence; fear; (in P. sometimes erroneously for hazar) being ready, prepared; [hazar dāshtan (kardan, giriftan), To beware;]—hazir, hazur, Cautious, wake-

ful, wary.

A Lib hazf (v.n.), Taking away part of anything; cutting off (a syllable of a word); the grammatical figure apocope; throwing; striking (with a stick); conferring a favour, making a present; making a brief salutation; — hazaf, Small black sheep (without tail or ears); a small species of duck.

A مونور huzfūr, Noble, illustrious; all,

the whole of it (see حذافير).

biting (as anything acid or astringent); being pungent, sour;—hizq, Excelling in any art; reading the Qur'an well; quickness, cleverness, sharpness.

hing quickly (as reading, travelling, etc.);

-hazim, Keen, sharp.

مار المحرية المورة المحرية ال

A مايم hazīm, Cutting, sharp (sword).

hir, Fog; a cry by which the shepherd calls his sheep together (see ,a, of which it

is another reading).

heat, warmth, ardonr; (pl. of harrat) stony places; — hir, hirr, Pudenda mulieris; —hurr, Free, a freed man; liberal, well-born, noble; the choicest of anything; a good action; a young pigeon; a fawn; the fectus of a serpent; a generous horse; a hawk,

falcon;—hurru 'r-raml, Fine sand, the middle of a sand-heap;—hurru 'l-wajh, The most prominent part of the cheek.

A hira, Name of a mountain near Mecca, where Muhammed secluded himself to prepare for his prophetic mission.

مَّرَاتُ harās, A notch at the extremity of a bow to receive the string;—hirās, An unfinished arrow;—harrās, A farmer, ploughman;—hurrās (pl. of hāris), Farmers, ploughmen, agriculturists.

A أَمْ الله hirasat, Agriculture, tillage.

A clip hiraj (pl. of harajat), Troops of camels; thickets, brakes.

A ō, harārat, harūra (v.n. of ¸=), Being hot; warmth, heat; feverishness, anger, passion, vehemence; ardour, zeal, enthusiasm; frenzy; cozening;— harārati dīnī, Fanaticism;—harārati zūtī (ṭab'iya, gharīzī), Natural heat;—harārati nārīya, The action of fire, caloric;—harārat nishīnad,

The heat abates.

A $\lim_{n \to \infty} hir\bar{a}z$ (v.n. 3 of $\lim_{n \to \infty} hir\bar{a}z$), To exceed in

anything; vexation.

مرس hirāsat (v.n. of حراسة), Guarding; custody, guardianship; care; charge; escort, guard;—hirāsat kardan, To guard, preserve, govern.

a اها مراها hurāshā, Wild mustard.

A مرآص hurrās (pl. of harīs). Covetons,

greedy, cager.

A حراض harrāz, One who prepares ashes of alkali; a maker or burner of lime, plaster or cement.

A harrāf, Ingenious, clever; sharp, astute, tricky; pleasant, facetious; talkative, chatty; communicative (m.c.).

A مرانع harāfat, Sharpness of taste.

مرائع hurāq, (Water) extremely salt; (a horse) full of fire, running at full speed;—

hurāq, hirāq, Burnt.

harrāqat, hurrāqat (?), Burnt; a fire-ship loaded with naphtha or missile brands; an instrument to project naphtha or other inflammatory matter, a torpedo.

. باك A جراك A باك باك A مراك

A phy harām (v.n. of phy), Being unlawful; unlawful, forbidden, prohibited; illegitimate; an unlawful act, wrong-doing, iniquity; fornication, adultery; holy, venerable, sacred (i.e. the violation of which would be criminal);—harām būdan, To be unlawful, hence unprofitable, useless (m.c.);—harām kardan, To make unlawful, to interdict, hence to render impossible, unattainable (m.c.);—ibni harām, An illegitimate sen, a bastard;—ba harām raftan, To go astray, to commit adultery;—baitu (masjidu) 'l-harām, The temple of Mecca.

A color haraman, Mecca and Madina, the

two sacred cities.

a حرام توهد harām-toshā, One who passes his time in unlawful occupations (a term of abuse).

a (عوار (عور haram-khwar (khwur), Who lives on the wages of iniquity, a venal or corrupt person.

a (خوری (خوری) مرام خواری (خوری) a harām-khwārī (khwurī), Venality, corruption; malversa-

tion, peculation.

a جرام زادكي harām-zādagī, Illegitimacy; villainy.

a جرام وادة ḥarām-zāda, Illegitimate, spurious; a bastard; a villain, thief, robber. مرام کار م harām-kār, A fornicator, adul-

terer.

a حرام کاری ḥarām-kārī, Any forbidden act (especially adultery and fornication).

a عرام كودة harām-gūda, Sluggish, slothful, good for nothing (see guda ba-harum

under گرده). a مام مال harām-māl, Ill-gotten wealth. a معزم معز harām-maghz, The spinal mar-

row.

a جرام موت ḥarām-maut, Suicide.
a عرام نبك harām-namak, Idle; un-

a حرامي ḥarāmī, Unlawful, illegal; spurious; a wicked person, robber, assassin; a rascal, cheat; a bastard; illegality, violation of the law;—namak ba-harāmī kardan, To violate the laws of hospitality (m.c.).

ا مرامين A مرامين ḥarāmain, Mecca and Madīna.

مران A مران harrān, Harran in Mesopotamia (the birthplace of Zardusht).

a جاناني ḥarrānūnī (for ḥarrānī), Of or belonging to Harran.

harā'iz, Choice camels not to be عرائز sold.

ب harb, War, warfare, battle, conflict; an enemy; a proper name; [harb u qital, Battle and slaughter;]-harab (v.n.), Spoiling, plandering, reducing to poverty; being very angry; (in P. hirab) the buds and flowers of the palm-tree.

A win hirba', A chameleon; the rings, buttons, pins, or joints of armour, bridles, and the like; the back or heads of the vertebræ; -shāhidi hirbā, The sun.

a حرباناك hirbānāk, Full of chameleons

(spot).

A harbat, harba, A hunting-spear, javelin, dart, dagger, arms, implements of war; -hurbat, A sack, wallet, provisionbag.

a مرب کاة أب ḥarb-gāh, A battle-field.

a جربي ḥarbī, Warlike, hostile ; a warrior ; -qilā'i harbīya, Garrisons on the enemy's frontiers.

A أحرّ harrat (v.n. of حرة), Being thirsty; a stony country ; -hirrat. Thirst ; -hurrat, Free-born, noble (woman); a fine milch camel; the back of the ear where the earring plays; the night a bride preserves her virginity.

hare (v.n.), Tilling, sowing;

ploughing; gaining (money); marrying four wives; becoming learned; making

lean (a beast) with over-work.

A cy hirj, The shell called Concha venerea, of the small white species, hung round the neck to avert the effect of malignant eyes; part of the deer (given to the hounds); -haraj, Narrowness; a narrow place; a limited or finite part (opp. to totality); a bier; sin, fault, crime; long (shecaniel); being dazzled (the eye);—haraj, harij, A place impenetrable from the closeness of trees; a thicket, grove.

harajat (pl. of harajat), Shrub-

beries.

a عرجوان ḥarjawān, A kind of wingless locust which they cook and eat with salt.

harajat, haraja, A thicket, shrubbery.

a حرجله harjala, A breeding stud (m.c.).

hard (v.n.), Intending, proposing; being angry; hindering, keeping back;hird, A piece of a camel's bunch; -harad (v.n.), Having a contraction of the muscles of the fore-leg caused by the tether; oppressing, cramping, shackling (a coat of mail).

A jp- harz (v.n.), Guarding, preserving, taking care of jealously :-hirz, A fortification; garrison town, castle; an amulet or charm against fascination or enchantment; —haraz, Polished nuts, used by children at

مرس A مرس hars (v.n.), Guarding; stealing; haras (pl. of haris), Guards; king's guards;

a keeper.

A موث harsh (v.n.), Hunting the Lybian lizard; scratching; rousing, stirring up against;—harash (v.n.), Being rough (a skin), skinned;—harish, Unable to sleep from hunger.

A _As, harshaf, Scales of fish; small birds; anything small; studs and the like to ornament an armour; old people; weak persons; an artichoke;—hurshuf, Rough and

hard ground.

a saas hurshufa, Rough and

ground.

A حرص hars (v.n.), Splitting, cleaving; a fissure; - hirs (v.n.) Desiring eagerly; avidity, avarice, cupidity, greediness, covetousness.

a مرصاحرص hirs-a-hirs, حرصاحرص hirs-a-hirsi,

Greedily, avariciously, covetously.

a حرص hirṣī, Greedy, covetous, avaricious; ambitious.

haraz (v.n.), Being at the point of death (from love or sickness); being worn down by incessant anxiety; unsoundness (of mind, body, or creed); heing unarmed, fearing to fight; edge of a garment; name of a place in Yaman; - haraz, hariz, At the point of death; unarmed, afraid to fight unsound, vitiated, depraved in body, mind

or principles; sick; unable to rise; -huruz, The herb alkali.

harf (v.n.), Changing, altering, inverting; extremity, side, edge, margin, border; ridge, ledge, summit; nib of a reed pen; a camel large, lean, and rawboned; a letter of the alphabet [harfi ākhiri abjad, The letter &, denoting 1000, hence the nightingale (the bird of a thousand songs); - harf-ba-harf, Letter by letter; -harfi 'illat, A weak letter (1, 5); -harfi mutaharrak, A consonant marked with a short vowel; — harfi majhūl, The sounds e and o; harfi masruq, A letter written though not pronounced; - harfi ma'rūf, The sounds \bar{i} and \bar{u} (for the last four see grammar); — harfi waraq-gir, A letter lengthened out to fill the line]; an indeclinable particle of speech [harfu 'l-istisna, Particle of exception; -harfu'listidrāk, Adversative particle; - harfu 'listiftah, Inchoative particle; -harfu 'l-istifham (su'āl), Particle of interrogation; harfū 'l-isti'nāf (ibtidā'), Inchoative par-ticle;—harfu 'l-iftirāk, Particle of disjunction; -harfu 'l-ijāb, Particle of affirmation or assent :- harfu 't-ta'kīd, Particle of injunction or emphasis; -- harfu 't-tab'id, Particle of removal; -harfu 't-taḥzīz, Particle for exciting the attention; - harfu 't-tahqiq, Particle of affirmation; — harfu 't-takhsīs, Particle of identity or specification; harfu 't-tarajii, Optative particle; - harfu 'ttardid, Particle of disjunction; -harfu 'ttashbih, Particle of similitude; -harfu 'ttashkik, Particle of doubt ;- harfu 't-ta'rif (ma'rifat), The definite article; harfu 'tta'līl, Particle of cause or reason; -harfu 't tafrīq, Particle of separation; — ḥarfu't-tafzīl, Particle of comparison; -- harfu 't-tagrīb, Particle of drawing nigh unto; - harfu 'ttamannī, An optative particle;—harfu 't-tamyiz, Particle of discrimination; harfu 't-tantis, Particle of breathing-time; - harfu 't-tankīr, The indeterminate article; -harfu 't-tawaqqu', Particle of expecta-tion; — harfu 'l-jizā', Particle of conse-quence; — harfu 'l-hāl, Particle of the present; - harfu 'l-hasr, Particle of restriction; harfu 'l-khitāb, Particle of address; — harfu 'd-du'ā, Particle of invocation; harfu 'r-rad', Particle of reproach or indignation ;- harfi zo'id, Expletive particle ;harfu 'z-zajr, Particle of reprimand; -harfi sākin, A quiescent consonant; -- harfu 's-*abab, Causative particle; -harfu'sh-shart, Conditional particle; —harft sahih, A consonant;—harfu 's-silat, Particle of conjunction ;- harfu 't-tarh, Particle of method ;harfu 'l-'atf, Copulative particle; -harfu 'lghayat, Particle of extremity; -harfu'lmubhamāt, Demonstrative particle; - harfi mu'nawi, A postposition; - harfi ma'iya, Particle of society; - harfu 'n-nida, Voca-

tive particle; - harfu 'n-nudbat, Particle of lamentation; - harfu 'n-nafy, Particle of negation]; a dialect of Arabia; speech, blame, reproach, objection [harfi ab-dar (jauhar dar), A brilliant speech ;-harf az zabāni kase sākhtan, To father a speech upon; — harfi ustu<u>kh</u>wān-dār (tah-dār, $maghz - d\bar{a}r$), A well-founded, sensible speech;—harfi $b\bar{a}r-g\bar{i}r$, A slip of the tongue; -hurfi bī-rabt (parīshān, pūch), Silly talk; a contemptuous speech; — harfi pā-dar hawā, Idle or futile talk; -harfi pahlū-dār, A disparaging hint thrown out in conversation; — harfi taza, A neologism; — harfi chakushī, A heavy, uncouth speech ;-harfi khātir-ranj (zumukht, gulūgīr), Offensive speech ;- harfi khushk (sard), Insipid talk ; — harf dar qafā zadan, To slander one behind his back;—harf dū-tā shawad, A speech becomes altered or perverted; the deeds of a person do not agree with his words; - harfi sabuk (sahil, kam), Silly talk; -harf zadan, To talk, converse, know how to speak a language; - harf kashīdan, To write; to expatiate in speech; -harft gulū-soz, A bitter speech ; harfi muft sadan, To talk nonsense; - harfi nā-shinud, An impertinent speech (not fit to be heard); -harf hamûn (for hamân) ast ki guftam, My intention is as already stated (m.c.); — harfe dar muqābil na-dārad, There is nothing against it; — bā man ki harf nadārad, It has nothing to do with me;—ba-harfi kase būdan, To obey one, to follow one's advice (m.c.);—ba-harfi man, On my advice;—ba-harfi man na-mā-bāshad, He does not listen or attend to my words (m.c.); -hiraf (pl. of hirfat), Trades, crafts, trades; -hurf, Cresses; hurfi hābilī, Babylonian cresses.

harfan, Literally ;—harfan harfan, حوفاته harfan 'an harf, Letter by letter, word for

harfāt (pl. of harf), Letters. a حرك أهنا harf-ashna, Acquainted with one's letters, just able to read.

a حوف أفرين ḥarf-āfirīn, The creator of speech.

a عرف الداز harf-andāz, Cunning, artful. a حرف الدارى harf-andani, Conning, artifice.

hirfat, hirfa, A trade, craft, art, business, profession; skill, ingenuity; cunning; a corporation, company, or body of artificers, a guild; [ahli hirfa, An artisan, trader, craftsman; —nishāni hirfa, A trademark;]-hirfat, hurfat, Misfortune, ill-luck.

a مرات باز hirfat-baz, Crafty, cunning, intrigning; a sorcerer.

a عرفت بازى hirfat-bāzī, Witchcraft.

a حرف چين harf-chin, An adversary, an opponent; a caviller.

a حرف زن harf-zan, Talkative. a حرفان ḥarfqān, Ratsbane.

a حزت کش harf-kash, A scribe; a prosy talker.

a جوك كير ḥarf-gīr, Censurer, caviller, critic.

a حرف گيري harf-gīrī, Cavil; criticism.

a حرات harfi, Relating to, possessing the nature or property of a particle.

nature or property of a particle.

**A arfiyat, The quality of particle.

A 35- harq (v.n.), Burning; grinding the teeth (in a rage); rubbing one against another; the pollen by which the female palm-tree is impregnated;—harak (v.n.), Having a burnt appearance from too much beating of the fuller (cloth); fire, flame;—hariq, A man whose hands and feet are cracked; (a cloud) sending out vivid lightning.

hurqat, hirqat, Ardour, heat, burning;—hirqatu 'l-baul, Blennorrhœa.

مرك A عرب hark (v.n.), Moving; — harik, Nimble, quick; ingenious, industrious.

harakāt (pl. of the following), Motions, movements, actions, proceedings; the rowel-points;—harakāt u sakanāt, Movement and rest in alternation, gestures, postures; proceedings; vowels and consonants.

إحرك harakat (v.n. of عرك), Moving; motion, movement, act, action, conduct, behaviour, procedure; misbehaviour, impropriety of conduct; fornication, adultery; agitation; disturbance; prevention; loss, damage; a short vowel; - harakati irādī, Voluntary movement; — harakati imbisāţī'i qalb, Diastole, dilatation of the heart;harakati inqibāzī'i qalb. Systole, contraction of the heart; - harakati pasandida kardan, To act well; - harakati dūdž'i ma'da, Peristaltic motion; - harakati daurī, Circular motion; - harakati rozāna, Diurnal motion (of the planets); -harakati sālāna, Annual motion ;—*ḥarakati ghairi irādī*, Involuntary movement; —harakat kardan (farmūdan), To move, proceed, behave; to commit an improper action;—dar harakat amadan, To become moved; to move away.

a حركتى harakati, Interrupting, obstruc-

tive; an interrupter.

haram (v.n.), Being forbidden, unlawful; sacred; the territory and temple of Mecca; the precincts of Medinah; the temple of Jerusalem; a sanctuary; the women's apartments, seraglio, harem; a wife; a daughter, a ward;—harami humā-yūn, The seraglio of a monarch.

haramān, The two sacred cities of Mecca and Madīnah;—hirmān (v.n. of p.), Prohibiting, making unlawful; depriving of hope; repulse, disappointment, mortification;—ghabn u hirmān kardan, To

deceive and disappoint.

hirmat (v.n. of حرم), Depriving of lope, disappointing; — hirmat, haramat, Desire of copulation (in cloven-footed

beasts);—hurmat, Reverence, respect, veneration; dignity commanding respect; honour, reputation; character; chastity;—hurmat dāshtan, To be reverenced; to stand in high repute.

a حرست harmat-bahā, Damages for defamation or libel.

a كالم مرم المعرب harām-khāna, Women's apartments.

عرم دان م hirm-dān, A chest, portmanteau. a مرم سرا haram-sarā, حرام كاة harām-gāh, حرام كاة harām-gāh, women's apartments.

ا مرمل A مرمل harmal, Seed of wild rue.

A مرحين haramain, Mecca and Madina.

A cys harn (v.n.), Asking a fair, just price; dividing (cotton); — haran (v.n.), Restiveness.

A حروب hurūb (pl. of harb), Battles, wars.

A عرود hurūd (v.n. of عرد), Living alone; being far.

harūr, A warm nocturnal wind; solar heat; fire; lasting heat;—hurūr, Heat, warmth.

A - hurūf (pl. of harf), Letters; characters; particles;—hurūfu 'l-istiqbāl, Future particles;—hurūfu 'l-aslīyat, Sibilant letters;—hurūfu 'l-aslīyat, Radical letters; —hurūfu 'l-izāfat, Particles of annexion; hurūfu 't-taṣdīq, Particles of affirmation;— hurūfu 't-taz'īj, Letters of reduplication; hurufu 't-tambih, Particles for awakening the attention ;-hurūfu 'l-jarr, Particles of the genitive; - hurufi chashma-dar, Letters with final curve; -hurufu 'l-halqiyat, Guttural letters ;—hurūfu 'z-zawā'id, Šervile or redundant letters; — hurūfu 'sh-shajrīyat, Palatal letters; — hurūfu 'sh-shafahīyat, Labial letters; — hurūfu 's-sahīh, Sound letters;—hurūfu 'l-'illat, Infirm letters; hurūfu 'l-'ilal, Accidental letters ;-hurūfi gālibī, Words of another quoted without understanding their meaning; -hurufu 'lliswiyat, Gingival letters ;-hurufu 'l-lisaniyat, Lingual letters; - hurāfu 'l-lahwīyat, Letters pronounced from the uvula;—hurūfu 'l-lainiyat, Soft letters; — hurufu 'l-madd, Letters of prolongation; -- hurufu 'l-maşdar, Particles serving for the infinitive;hurūfu 'l-muzāra'at, Letters forming the aorist; hurufu 'l-mu'jam, The alphabet arranged in order contrary to the abjad;hurufi ma'ná, Particles which influence the sense; -hurūfu'l-muqta'at, Detached letters, such as occur in certain chapters of the Kur'an ;- hurūfi munfaşil, Detached letters given to pupils for reading exercise;hurūfu 'l-mauqūfat, Quiescent letters;hurufi muhandasi, The numbers 1 to 9;hurūfu 'l-hijā (tahajjī), The letters of the alphabet.

a حوفى hurūfī, A relator of traditions, a traditionist.

א פוני haran, Refractory, restive (horse);

game which does not come down from the summit of a mountain; -- hurun (v.n. of ورن), Being stubborn, restive, refractory (a horse).

a حرواى ḥarūnī, Refractoriness, stubboruness.

hira, Nightshade. عوه

a - hurra, A free woman.

a حرى ḥarī, Worthy, fit.

hurriyat (v.n. of حربة), Freedom, liberty, frankness.

A عربه ḥarīd, Solitary, single; living alone, at a distance from a friend; fish cut in slices.

مرير A مرير harīr, Silk; dressed silk, silken cloth, a silken garment; warm, choleric; flour mixed with milk and oil (see حريرة).

a مينه harir-sina, Soft, tenderhearted.

a bays harira. One silken garment; a kind of pap made from milk or fat and flour; - harīra'i ārd, Paste; - harīra'i sīb, Apple marmalade; — harīra'i nishāstā, Starch jelly.

a جريري ḥarīrī, A silk-merchaut; silken; harīrī kāghaz (or simply hārīrī), A thin

kind of paper.

אבע hariz, Guarded, strongly fortified.

A حریش harīsh, A rhinoceros; a scolomilliped, earwig; a tribe of the Banu 'Amir.

مريص A مريص haris, Cometous, greedy; an imitator of others.

a حريمي ḥarīṣī, Gandiness.

مريك harīf, A firsllow-worker, an associate, partner, mate; a mess-mate, companion; a rival, oppoment, adversary in a lawsuit or in a match; an enemy; clever, cunning; pleasant, facetious; impudent, audacious; - harifi badī, A bad fellow, a scamp (m.c.).

a حريف افكني harif-afgani, The overthrow-

ing of adversaries.

a عربائي ḥarīfī, Rivalship, opposition, enmity, stratagem, fraud.

مربى A مربى hariq, Flame, fire; burnt, fired;— 'azābi ḥarīq, The torments of hell.

harīk, Who totters in walking عربك from weakness in the waist or hips; impotent.

harim, Sacred, inviolable, unlawful حريم to touch; a sanctuary; a sacred place, the sacred enclosure at Mecca; women's apartments; surroundings and belongings (as of a house, &c.); a right, privilege; the coarse gurb of a pilgrim; a quarter in Bagdad; a village in Yamama.

a خريم عانه ḥarīm-khāna, A woman's

apartment.

A j- hazz (v.n), Cutting, making an incision, notching; excelling, exceeding (in nobility and generosity); time, season; severe in language.

ا الله ḥasā, ḥazā' (ḥuza), Wild anise.

a ily huzāz. Dry scab, ringworm.

A 81/2 hazazat, Indisposition of mind from anger.

A cla A belt, girth, surcingle;

swaddling bands.

مزامله مراسله hazāmat (v.n. of حزامله), Being provident, firm in mind, intent on a busi-

huzānat, The commencement of the invasion of Persia by the Arabs and of their laying claim to the houses and fields.

ciates, auxiliaries, confederates; armour; a part (particularly a sixtieth of the Kur'an); -- hizbi mushrikin, Crowds, bodies, gangs of infidels.

A by huzzat, An oblong slice of meat.

مرى م hasq (v.n.), Fastening with a rope; pulling tight (a cord); compressing, squeezing; -hisq, A multitude, a flock, a

A حزك ḥazk (v.n.), Girding (with a rope);

pressing, squeezing; twisting hard.

A problem (v.n.), Binding, fastening (a load); girthing (a beast); adjusting; being provident, vigilant, steady; a firm resolve; strength of mind or judgment;— hazam (v.n.), Oppression of the heart; huzam (pl. of the following), Bundles, arm-

huzmat, An armful (of wood, &c.); a bundle, a truss.

A عرن huzn (v.n.), Grieving, making sad; being sad; -huzn, hazan, Grief, sadness, affliction, sorrow; -- 'āmu 'l-huzn, The year of grief, i.e. of Muhammad's death, or that in which Khadīja or Abū Tālib died;hazin, Sad.

huzanā' (pl. of hazīn), Sad,

grieved.

A عولهل hazambal, hazambul, A root growing in Syria and round Jerusalem used as a remedy against the bite of scorpions or

huzwá, Name of a place.

إم بران م بران hazīrān, The Syriac month of

A حوين hazīn, Sad, afflicted, melaucholv.

grieved, doleful; plaintive.

hass (v.n), Nipping plants, killing مس م locusts (cold); currying (a horse); broiling (meat) on the coals; laying (fire upon dough); eradicating; cunning, shrewdness, skilful management; -hiss (v.n.), Perceiving, comprehending, receiving certain intelligence; a low murmnring sound; pains following the birth; motion; a nipping cold; sense, feeling; sensibility, sympathy; imagination; sentiment;—hissi bāţin, Internal sense; -- hissi zāhir, External sense; -hissi mushtarik, Common sense; the sensorium; - hissi namli, Formication, pins and needles.

A hasā, Soup, broth, pottage.

A حساب hisāb (v.n. of حساب), Reckoning; computation, calculation; number; proper number, sufficiency; arithmetic; account, bill; rate, price, charge; measure; proportion; rule, standard; estimation, judgment; condition, category; business, trade, traffic:—hisab az khwud dāshtan. To boast, to be vainglorious;—hisāb az kase burdan (bar-giriftan dāshtan), To fear, be afraid of; to take an example from ;- hsāb barandākhtan, To take counsel together, to deliberate; to judge soundly;—hisāb pāk (rūshan sar ba-sar) kardan, To adjust on account; - hisāb pāk mī-gardad, The account is settled or cleared; -hisābi jummal, The reckoning by abjad;—hisābi raml, Geomancy;—hisāb kardan, To keep accounts, calculate; -hisāb kardan chīze ba-chīze, To consider two things equal; -hisāb giriftan, To take into account, to make much of ;hisābi manāsik, The ceremonies of the pilgrimage according to the rite of Abraham; -amīni hisāb, Auditor of accounts; -bahisāb āwardan, To take into account; to pay attention to.

a مسابدان hisāb-dān, An arithmetician.

a مساب ده أisāb-dih, Accountable, answerable, responsible.

a حساب كتاب hisāb-kitāb, Accounts.

a مساب كاة hisāb-gāh, A court of justice, a tribunal.

- a مساب نويس ḥisāb-nawīs, An accoun-
- a حسابي ḥisābī, Accountable, accurate, just; valuable, precious; to be relied on; all very well (m.c.).

a مساد hussād (pl. of hāsid), Envious,

haters.

hassas, Endued with the five senses; acute, shrewd; an animal.

مساكك ḥasākik, The small of anything.

A مسام مسام husām, A sharp sword; also its edge; - husāmi khūn-āshām, A blooddrinking scimitar.

A chisan (pl. of hasan or hasanat), Good, excellent; beautiful, elegant;—hus-

sān, Very good, beautiful, elegant.

A ----- hasb (v.n.), Computing, calculating, counting; considering, reflecting upon; a sufficiency; enough; quantity; agreeably to, in conformity with, according to; [hasbi ittifaq, By chance; hasbi itmīnān, To the satisfaction of, in a satisfactory manner; - hasbu 'l-irshād, hasbu 'lamr, hasbu 'l-hukm, Agreeably to orders, as commanded ;- hashi hal, According to circumstances ;- hasbi dastūr, According to custom, as usual ;-hasbi dil-khwah, Agreeably to one's desire;—hasbi zail, As follows;—hasbi sar-rishta, As provided or regulated, as intended or purposed; -- hasbi zābita (qā'ida), According to rule or practice, duly, formally ;-hasbi ganun, According to law, legally ;- hasbi qadrat (hasbu 'lqadrat), To the best of one's abilities;hasbi murād, According to wish ;- hasbi ma'mūl (hasbu 'l-ma'mūl), According to custom; - hasbi manshā, Agreeably to the purport or intent of; in the sense of;hasbi mauqa' (wāqi', wāqi'a), According to fact, according to circumstances, as the case may require; -ba-ḥasbi (bar ḥasbi), According to :- ba-hasbi irs, By way of inheritance (m.c.);—ba-ḥasbi <u>ah</u>ālib, Mostly;] -hasab, A number counted; number, computation; amount, quantity, measure, proportion, value; state, condition; way, mode, mauner; pedigree, lineage, nobility; -- hasab u nasab, Pedigree, lineage.

husabā' (pl. of ḥasīb), Esteemed, valued; conspicuous for worth, dignity, or

A نسبه hisbān (v.n. of حسبه), Supposing, esteeming, thinking; thought, imagination, supposition, notion; - husban (v.n. of حسب), Calculation; severe punishment; a short arrow; -daftari husban, A register.

a حستى hissatī, A touch, a trifle (m.c.).

hasad (v.n.), Envying, wishing ill; envy, malevolence; malice; emulation; ambition; - insad burdan (dashtan, kardan), To envy.

a hasad-ārā, Malevolent.

a مسد پیشه hasad-pesha, Envious by nature or habit.

hasr (v.n.), Removing (a veil); sweeping (a house); baring (a limb); peeling (a branch); wearying, tiring, vexing.

A ami, hasarāt (pl. of the following),

Sighs.

A مسرة haerat (v.n. of حسرة), Sighing for grief; grief, regret; impatience, passion; strong desire, emulation, ambition; envy; —hasrat khwurdan, To sigh for;—hasrat dāshtan, To sigh after, to regret (the absence of anyone), to wish anxiously to see a person; (also construed with ba-dar rekhtan, bīrūn rekhtan, burdan, firo khwurdan, kashīdan).

a حسرتا haerata, Oh, the pity!

a مسرت آلوده ḥasrat-ālūda, Overwhelmed with grief.

a مسرت الكيو hasrat-angez, Perplexing. a مسرت إدة hasrat-zada, Woebegone, sad.

hasf (v.n.), Cleaning (dates), throwing away the bad ones; -hasaf, Any-

thing cleaned with the hand (?).

a when hasak (for P. when q.v.), A prickly plant which clings to the wool of sheep; caltrops for keeping off cavalry, being made in the shape of this prickly plant.

A مسل hasl (v.n.), Driving violently; green fruit of the sidratree;—hisl, A young

Lybian lizard recently hatched.

مسم المعس (v.n.), Cutting; searing (a limb or vein) to prevent it from bleeding; checking the progress of a disease; forbidding, hindering, keeping back; marking; -husum, Name of a place.

▲ وسم huen (v.n.), Being comely, fair, and handsome; beauty, goodness, elegance; pleasingness [in this sense applied to pleasing colours, as husni birishta (tahbirishta), Green upon a pink ground-work; -husni shusta, An exceedingly bright colour; -husni shakari (sandali-rang, mahtābī), White inclining to yellow; - husni farang, White, as the complexion of Europeans; -husni qulnāri, A rich crimson; -- husni gundam-qun (gundamin, gundaminrang), Red inclining to black; - husni līmū, Yellow inclining to red; - husni nīm-rang, Yellowish white (similar to husni sandalirang)]; [husni abdāli, Wit, pleasautry; good nature; -- husni ittifaq, A lucky chance, a favourable opportunity; -husni ikhtiyär (irādat), Free-will; -husni ādāb (akhlāq), Good manners; affability, courtesy, politeness;—husni intizām, Good management or administration; good discipline; -husni insirām, A favourable or happy termination; -husni bī-nazīr, Incomparable beauty; -husni tadbīr, Good management, prudence; -husni tunuk, Slight beauty; - husni khudā-dād, God-given, i.e. natural beauty; -husni khitāb, Eloquence; husni khulq, A good disposition; -husni ray, Prudent counsel; - husni sākhta, Artificial or madeup beauty; -- husni sulūk, Upright conduct; -husni zann, A good opinion, favourable judgment; — husni 'ariyati, Borrowed beauty, i.e. such as is supplied by paint or ornament; - husni 'āriyatī bar rukhi qamar, The brightness of the moon borrowed from the sun; -husni 'aqidat, Loyalty, fidelity; -husni 'ahd, Good faith ;-(qarini) husni qabūl, Agreeable, acceptable; -husni mu'āmala, Good correspondence; -husni yūsuf, A sponge;]-hasan, Anything good and fair; beautiful, comely, pleasing; frequently used as proper name, as in the case of the son of Ali; -hasan maimundi, Name of the wazir of Mahmud Sabaktagin.

A which hasanat (pl. of hasanat), Beautiful, good; good actions, benefits; public foundations;—hasanāt kardan, To perform good works, build mosques, colleges, inns,

hospitals.

a أما مسى hasan-adā, Just pronunciation or expression; who pronounces or performs well.

a husn-ārā, What adorns beauty. a من انجام hasan anjām, What terminates in good.

huan-beg-urdi, The blue corn-flower (Cyanus segetum).

hasanat, A good work, benefit; goodness, kindness,

إلى عير المعرن عير husn-khez, A nursery of beauty (applied to the countries of Turkistan).

مسى لبة hasan-laba (labba), Benzoin;

gum-benjamin.

A مسنی husná (fem. of ahsan), More or most beautiful, excellent; fairer, fairest,

better, best; Paradise.

a pur hasu, Pap, gruel, hasty pudding; broth.

hasūd, Envious, spiteful, malignant ;- husūd (v.n.), Envying.

a حسودى ḥasūdī, Envy (m.c.).

husūr (v.u.), Becoming dim from gazing a long while (the sight); being indisposed, pained, tired, fatigued; being discovered, revealed, disclosed.

▲ ביינים husūm, Continual ill-luck.

a مسى hissī, Belonging to the senses; sensual; sensible.

a ----- hasib (abbreviation of -----الملوك hasību 'l-mulūk), Roast meat; hasībi buz-ahāla, A gut-pudding of rice and minced meat; hiseb (by Imalah for $his\bar{a}b$), An account.

hasib, A revenger or resenter of an injury; a reckoner (a name of God).

a hasibak, Sheeps' chitterlings soaked in sour milk.

A and hasir, Tired; grieved, sorrowful. مساس hasis, = مساس hassas, q.v.

▲ نسب hasīn, Beautiful, elegant:husain (dim. of hasan), Beautiful; name of the martyrized son of the Caliph Ali.

a مسينى ḥusainī, Relating to Husain; any vessel made of leather; name of a note in music; name of a spring at Taft in Yazd,

A مش hashsh (v.n.), Lighting (a fire); becoming dry (a young palm-shoot); drying up in the womb (a fœtus); withering (the hand); cutting or mowing (hay); feeding with hay or dry grass; a dwarf palm-tree neither watered nor tended; — hashsh, hishsh, hushsh, A place of convenience outside a town; — hushsh, A feetus drying up in the womb; the breast, nipple.

hasha', Bowels, viscera, intestines.

A مشاهم ḥushāsh, مشاهم ḥushāsha, The remains of life; the last breathings (of the

hashr (v.n.), Assembling, meeting, congregation, concourse; the resurrection; commotion, tumult, confused noise; wailing, lamentation; delicately formed; a light feather put on an arrow; -yaumu'lhashr, The day of resurrection.

hashar, A congregation, concourse عشر (see the preceding); light troops for scout-

ing service.

hasharāt (pl. of the following), عشرات Creeping things, reptiles, animalculæ, little beasts; a fearful or dangerous crowd; hubbub, hum, din (as of a crowd); hacharātu 'l-arz, Reptiles of the earth.

hasharat, A reptile, a stinging or biting insect.

ימה איניא hashr-khirām, Making a stir, exciting a commotion by the elegance of her gait (a woman).

a شرکلی ḥashar-gāy, A woman of many lovers.

a حثري hashrī, Ghastly, fearful; violent and impetuous (a stallion);—hasharī, A soldier of the militia, a soldier lightly equipped.

hashf (v.n.), Bearing fruit (of a date-tree); dry bread;—hashaf, A bad sort

of date; a dried-up udder.

▲ hashafat, Glans penis.

مشفيفل hashfiful, The wild carrot (see

hashk (v.n.), Being full of milk (an udder); being loaded with fruit (a palm-tree); assembling, coming together (people).

hashl (v.n.), Despising, discarding; whatever is vile and worthless of any-

thing.

hashm (v.n.), Using offensive language in the hearing of another, firing him with rage; putting to the blush;—hasham (v.n.), Being angry, enraged; train, equipage, suite; family, relations; domestics; tented tribes.

hashamat, Servants, attendants, clients, retainers, persons ready to avenge a quarrel; pomp, equipage, magnificence; — hishmat, Shame, bashfulness; anger; frowning;—hushmat, A woman; relationship, affinity.

hashw (v.n.), Quilting, stuffing (a pillow, cushion, or bed); also whatever they are stuffed with; padding; trash, rubbish, refuse; people of the meanest condition;

small camels.

a (منهائی) مشومنها (منهائی), hashw-minhā (minhā'ī), Subtraction, deduction; the quantity de-

ducted; rent-free.

hashīsh, Dry herbage, hay, or grass; the powder of the leaves of hemp, from which they prepare an inebriating electuary;—hashīshu 'l-adwiya, hashīshu 't-tihāl, Spleenwort (specific against calculus and gravel);—hashīshu 'l-baraş, Buckshorn plantain (considered a specific against leprosy).

hashif, Old, worn-out clothes.

hass (v.n.), Shaving the head; rubbing off the hair (a helmet);—huss, Saffron; the plant ورس q.v.

A haṣāt, Stone in the bladder;

hasati kunya, Renal gravel.

A haṣṣād, A renper;—huṣṣād (pl. of hāṣid), Reapers.

A hiṣār (v.n. 3 of)—), Besieging; encompassing; a fortified town, a fort, castle; a fence, enclosure; name of a musical tone; name of a place;—hiṣāri ustuwār, A strong fortification;—hiṣāri āhanīn-dīwār, A castle having walls like iron;—hiṣāri barīn, The highest heaven;—hiṣāri pūlād, A fort hard to take; a thimble; a chafing-dish; the lower heaven;—hiṣāri pīroza (mu'allaq), The sky;—hiṣāri tarkash, A quiver; name of a fortress in the island of Malākha;—hiṣāri shādmān, Name of a town near Kandahar;—hiṣār kardan, To lay siege to;—hiṣāri hazār mekhi, Heaven; the zodiac; the eighth heaven, that of the fixed stars.

hisārī, A soldier in garrison; besieged; siege, blockade; belonging to the town of Hisār, (a horse) brought from that place; name of a note in music; strongly fortified.

A chaste woman, a matron; —hisān, A heautiful, strong, entire horse.

strong and impregnable; being chaste (a woman), keeping close at home; firmness, stability, durability; steadiness; chastity.

▲ مبلم ḥaṣbā', Gravel, pebbles.

hasbat, hasba, Measles; spotted fever;—hasba'i 'āmm, Purpura (disease).

A hissat, A lot, portion, share, part; division.

hashasat (v.u. of). Walking fast; appearing, becoming manifest (truth from falsehood); moving one thing against another so as to fit; fixing the knee firmly on the ground when about to rise (a loaded camel).

hasd (v.n.), Reaping;—hasad (v.n.), Being twisted tight (a rope); being closely woven (a coat of mail); corn cut down; a dried plant.

hasadat, hasada (pl. of hasid),

Reapers.

haşr (v.n.), Closely besieging, blockading, straitening; restricting; restriction; limit; siege, blockade; reckoning, counting; number; dependence, reliance; [haṣr kardan, To surround, besiege;]—haṣar (v.n.), Being avaricious; being narrow-minded; faltering, stammering, hesitating (when reading);—huṣur (pl. of haṣīr), Mats.

hisrim, Sour and green grapes or other fruit; a date which has not yet fallen; close, covetous; cross; ill-natured.

A مصم hisas (pl. of hissat), Lots, shares,

portions.

hasf (v.n.), Removing far off, placing at a distance;—hasaf (v.n.), Having the dry scab; ringworm, dry scab.

A عصل haṣal, haṣal, Unformed, immature dates; darnel and whatever is driven away by the winnowing fan.

A pasm, To break; to break wind. hasmā', A she-ass that farts often.

A was hasn, hisn, husn (v.n.), Being chaste (a woman); female chastity; -hisn, A castle, fortification, fort; custody; arms, armour; perdition, destruction; name of many places; [hisn bastan, To fortify;—hisni hasīn, An impregnable fortress;—hisni fīroza, The sky; name of a city and fort; - hisni mu'allaq, The sky; - hisni hazār mekhī, The eighth sphere; — abū 'l-hisn (father of the fortress), A fox;]husn, Chastity, modesty; -husun (pl. of haṣān), Chaste (women); (pl. of hiṣān) stallions.

A , haşūr, Close, avaricious; a camel the orifices of whose teats are narrow; abstaining from all commerce with women.

مول ه huṣūl (v.n. of حول, Remaining over; getting; acquisition, attainment; produce; profit, gain; -huṣūli maram. The obtaining of one's wish.

huṣūl-pazīr shudan, To

appear.

a hissa (see A. das), Part, share, lot, &c.; — hissa'i ausat, Average share;—hissa'i hakimi. The share of produce to which the king or ruler is entitled ;-hissa'i khālisa, Crown dues;—hissa'i khurd, The lesser part or portion;—hissa'i kalān, The greater part;—hissa'i musāwī, An equal share;—hissa'i mu'āyan, A fixed or specified portion or share; -hissa'i wasīyat, A legacy, bequest.

a خش hissa-bakhsh, Distributor of

a ils de hissah-dar, A participator, partaker, sharer; -hissa-dar kardan, To impart, communicate, distribute.

a منارى من hissa-dārī, A title to a share.

a مند hissah-rasad, An equal share.

a Jissa-mahsūl, Portion or proportion of tax.

hissa-gir, One who takes his حصة كير a معمد كير

haṣtr, A mat; a case for a musical instrument; narrow-minded; close, avaricious.

A haṣīf, Firmly-woven (garment);

firm, sound in judgment.

A was hasin, Fortified, guarded; strong; impregnable, inaccessible; -husain, A little fortress; -abū 'l-husain, The fox.

A hazz, huzz (v.n.), Instigating, ex-

citing.

hazājir, A hyena; (pl. of hizajr)

large-bellied.

A hazār, Name of a star; - hazār, hizār, Excellent camels, white or red;hizār (v.n. 3 of -), Appearing against another; pleading against, or arraigning one (before a judge);—huzdr, A disease incident to camels; -- huzzār (pl. of hāzir), Those present; spectators, auditors, assist-

A نام hizān (v.n.), Having one teat longer than the other (a ewe, camel, or

woman).

A منانة hizanat (v.n. of صنانة), Fondling in the bosom, embracing, caressing; sitting

on eggs; educating, bringing up.

hazb (v.n.), Raising a fire and throwing fuel upon it; a serpent;—hazab, Fuel; -- hizb, The foot or side of a mountain; - hizb, huzb, The twang of a bow.

hizajr, Large hellied.

A معرد hazar, Town residence, a settled abode, home; presence; remaining in a place (opp. to travel);—dar hazar-ash, In his presence.

مرات له hazārāt, Presences; majesties;

sirs, gentlemen (m.c.).

A break, Presence; dignity; majesty; dominion, power; an epithet often joined with the names of the Deity; also a title by which kings and great men are addressed, similar to majesty, highness, lordship, worship, &c.; a royal court; a town residence; a settled abode; [hazratu 'llāh, The Lord God;—hazrati' pādshāh, His majesty:—hazrati tang bār (khuda'i bī zawāl), God Almighty, God without end; —hazrati īsá, The Lord Jesus;—hazrati maryam, The Virgin Mary;]—hazarat, Presence; those present (pl. of hazir).

hazramaut, Name of a province, tribe, and city in Arabia. (Gen. z.

26.)

a مخرمى ḥazrami, A native of Hazramaut in Yaman.

a خبى hazarī, Belonging to a town; a townsman; city-bred.

مخص huzuz, hazaz, A certain plant;--huzuzi hindi, Extract of the Berberis Lycium.

مان ه ḥaṣn (v.n.), Foudling (an infant) in the arms; sitting (on eggs); -- hizn, A side; the breast, the body from the armpits to the short ribs; the den of a hyena; -hazan, Ivory; name of a mountain in Najd: name of a tribe.

محور ه huzur (v.n. of حضور), Being present; presence, appearance; attendance; court, government; rest, quiet, ease; (adverbially) in presence of (used respectfully, huzuri shaikh, In presence of the Shaikh, m.c.); — huzūri bāla (wālā), The exalted presence; —ba huzūr āmadan, To be received in audience (m.c.).

a مور تحميل huzūr-taḥṣīl, The collection of revenue by the chief fiscal officer of the government without the intervention of a third person.

a مخور هان ḥuẓūr-shān, A state or place

of security.

a حفور طلب huzur-talab, Being called to the presence, summoning attendance.

a مور محال huzūr-maḥāl, Estates paying revenue direct to the government.

a خور نویس huzūr-nawis, A secretary at court who keeps copies of all firmans, orders, and letters.

a خورى ḥuzūrī, An attendant; privilege of paying the revenues direct to govern-

ment; presence.

hazīrat, A small body of soldiers from four to nine (employed in excursions); the van of an army; water and matter which accompany the birth; a store-room for dates.

hazīz, The lower extremity of anything; the foot of a mountain; (in astronomy) the lower apsis in an eccentric orbit, Nadir (opposed to auj); — hazīzi qa'ri zamīn, The centre of the earth.

A hatt (v.n.), Descending from an eminence; putting or laying down, depositing; removing a burden; polishing leather and drawing figures thereon with the instrument called mihatt; abatement of price; - hatt kardan, To throw down, depose, depress, precipitate; to beat down a price.

A olla hata' (v.n.), Striking (especially on the back with the open hand); throwing prostrate; breaking wind; casting up scum (a boiling pot); lying with (a woman).

hutām, Anything dry, brittle, and reduced to bits; rubbish, trash; -hutamu 'd-dunyā, Worldly consideration; covetousness.

A hatb (v.n.), Collecting wood; fetching wood for another; -hatab, Firewood; -hatib, Very lean, thin, and lank (like a stick).

A hittat, Remission of sins, taxes, or burdens; a prayer for a remission (of

sins); the month of Ramazān.

hatr (v.n.), Lying with; stringing (a bow); to throw to the ground.

A Jba hitl, A wolf.

haim (v.n.), Breaking (anything dry); being broken (a horse) through age.

A haimat, huimat, A barren year; -hitmat, Anything broken; -hutamat, huiama (vulg. haima), Intense fire; the first or (according to others) the fourth stage of hell; a troop of robust camels; aged (camel or sheep); a glutton; name of a

hatīm, The wall surrounding the temple at Mecca on the west; last year's herbage.

hittin, hitin, Name of a place in Syria, the burial-place of Shu'aib (Jethro).

hutai'at, Short of stature, contemptible; name of a celebrated poet.

A hazz (v.n.), Being blessed with prosperity, enjoying abundance, favours, or privileges; good fortune, happiness; pleasure, delight; flavour, taste; a part, portion, chance, lot; - ḥazzi fānī, The fading pleasures (of the world); -hazz kardan, To enjoy ;- hazzi nafeani, Sensual pleasures.

hazab (v.n.), Being fat; being full; -hazib, Short and big-bellied.

hazr (v.n.), Prohibiting, interdicting, secluding; harshness, rudeness; col-

lecting, bringing together.

A مطل hazl (v.n.), Restraining, hindering in the use of liberty, in moving or walking; - hazil, Jealous; exacting towards one's people.

A بالله huzūb, Being fat; being full.

A معاوط huzūz (pl. of ḥazz), Good fortunes;

successes; pleasures; portions.

A by hazīrat, A hovel constructed of boughs to protect camels from the cold: a fence, enclosure; a place for drying dates

A be hazīz, Favoured by fortune, happy. haff (v.n.), Going, turning or carrying round, surrounding; serving, giving attendance, exercise, kindness; being attached to, bound up with; dressing the hair and beard; smoothing the face by pulling out hairs; being dry (the hair for want of oil); the noise made by a bird's wing in flying.

A ble hifaz (v.n. 3 of be), Persevering in; repelling, warding off; shame, nice

sense of honour.

مَعَاظِكُ مِ hifāzat, Custody, care; guardianship; security, safety; memory; -hifazati khwud (zātī, nafsī), Self-defence.

مان م hifāf, The side (of anything); a vestige, track; a fringe of hair round a bald head.

haffān, (A vessel) filled to the حفان ▲ brim; the young of ostriches; a household, domestics.

Inquiring minutely into another's condition; receiving with kindness; exulting, rejoicing; -hifāyat, Walking bare-foot.

hafd (v.n.), Making haste (in any work); serving with alacrity; - hafad (pl. of hafid), Servants, friends, domestics, retinue, assistants.

A خفدة hafadat, Companions; attendants, servants; children; sons-in-law; nephews; daughters; grandchildren; progeny.

hafr (v.n.), Digging, cleaning out عفر A (a well); hollowing out; making lean; lying with; losing the milk teeth (a child); rottenness of teeth or gums; [hafri bi'ri ikhtilal kardan, To dig a pit in another's way, to injure him;]-hafar, Earth thrown out of an excavation; rottenness of the teeth about the roots; yellowness of the teeth.

hufrat, hufra, A ditch, pit, excavation; a grave; -- hufratu 'l-kalb, Canine fossa (med.) :-hufratu'l-wirk, Cup-shaped cavity

of the hip-boue; -- hufra'i dandân, The socket of a tooth,

a جارة گر hufra-gar, A grave-digger.

A park (v.n.), Pushing, shoving forward, driving up behind; driving on (as night does the day); piercing (with a spear); lying with (a womau);—hafaz, End, extremity, boundary, limit, term.

hafsh (v.n.), Flowing or running from all quarters; running, going at full speed (a horse); collecting, assembling; banishing, driving away; flowing to one reservoir (streams);—hifsh, A small house or closet; the case for a spindle; worn-out furniture or goods

throwing from the hand; a leathern sack with which they draw earth out of wells; a lion's whelp; a name given to Omar by Muhammad;—hafas, The st ne or kernel of

the medlar.

hafz (v.n.), Twisting, bending; throwing away;—hafaz, Household furniture when prepared for removal; or a

camel carrying it.

A hifz (v.n.), Preserving, guarding; care, guardianship, protection; memory;—hifzu 'l-ghaib, hifzi sūrat, Remembrance of (the face) of the absent;—hifzi sihhat, Prophylaxis (med.);—hifz kardan, To protect (m.c.);—hifzi mā taqaddam, Attention to what is before one, foresight, precaution;—hifzi marātib, Observance of etiquette, attention to the rank of persons addressed.

collecting or flowing together (milk or water); an assembly, synod, council, con-

gregation.

haifs (v.n.), Taking up with the hauds (meal or sand); a small gift;—hafan (v.n.), Turning the feet in walking so as to kick up the dust.

A hufnat, hafnat, A mouthful, band-

ful; a ditch, pit, well.

hufūt (v.n.), Being dry (a woman's hair neglected); having withered vegetables (ground); shaving and trimming (the head and moustachios); being entirely lost (one's hearing).

a مهى hafi, Knowing, intelligent; one who inquires carefully into other people's

affairs; benevolent, kind.

hafīr, A grave, a tomb. محبر ▲

hab hafiz, A guardian, keeper; one of the names of God.

hafif (v.n. of A), Making a noise (a horse) when travelling, (a bird) when flying, (a tree) when shaken by the wind; (a serpent) when crawling forth out of its slough.

A we haqq, haq (v.n.), Acting justly, uprightly; just, right; correct, true; justness, truth; reality, fact; justice, rectitude, equity; law, reason; right, title, privilege, claim, due;

lot, portion, proprietorship; death (as the common lot of all); duty, obligation; behalf, benefit, interest; the Truth, the true God; name of a bird said to suspend itself by the claws by night and continuully to cry haq haq;—haqqi āshnāī, The rights of friendship;—haqqu 's-sa'ī, The wages of labour, recompense for trouble;haqqu'l-'abd, "The right of the slave," the right of an injured individual to redress or justice;—haqqu'l-qadam, The reward of a messenger; haqqu 'l-lah, "The right of God"; punishment for religious offences; -haqqu'n-nās, The rights of man, punishment for crimes against society; -haqqu 'nnāzirīn, What is left after a banquet for the servants and spectators; -- haqqu 'nnafs, Right acquired, earnings, honoraria, remunerations (m.c.);—haqqu 'l-wāqi'a, A statement or record of facts;—haqq bar kanār guzāshtan, To neglect a duty ;-haqqi tahrir, The due or fee of a letter-writer; haqqi tahsil, The right of collection; the rate or fee of the officer employed to collect rents; - haqqi tarbiyat, Gratitude for education; — haqqi tasnif, Copyright; — haqq taʻala, God Almighty; — haqqi tawaqqu', The right of expecting (an office or employment, m.c.) ;—haqq jalla jalālu-hu, God in all his glory; - haqqi juwar, Right of pre-emption; - haqqi chaharum, A fourth share ;- haqqi hin-hayat, A life-interest ;haqqi khidmat, Reward of service, right acquired by service; -- haqqi khizāna, A duty of two per cent. claimed by the inferior treasurer upon all moneys paid into the royal treasury; - haqq khivurdan (dashtan), To have a share in, to partake; - haqqi dakhil-dari, Right of occupancy; - haqq dāshtan, To have a right to; to have a share in; to have one's rights; to be right (m.c.); -haqqi ri aya, Right of the subject; tenant-right; - haqqi ri'aya, Duty of respect; haqqizadagi, Birthright; haqqi zamīndārī, The rights and interests of landowners, proprietary right of a zamindár; haqqi sar ba-rah, The right of management; -haqqi sarkar, The right of Government to a share of crops or a money commutation; -ḥaqqi shufā, Right of pre-emption;—ḥaqq farāmosh kardan, To forget or neglect one's duty; - haqqi qa'im-maqami, The right of being presented by another; -haqqi qadamat, The right of long-established or immemorial custom; a prescriptive right;hagq kardan, To give one a share, to make to participate; -- haqq guzūrdan, To perform a duty, to discharge an obligation; -haqqi māl, Right to property; - haqqi māl-zūmin, Interest, usury;—ḥaqqi mālikāna, Proprietary right; -haqqi murajja, Preferential right; - haqqi murawwaja, Customary due; haqqi milkiyat, Right to property; -- haqqi nā-tamām, An imperfect title; — haqqi

namak, Fidelity; — haqqi warisi, Rights of heirship; reversion; - haqqi wizarat, The Wazir's fee; - haqq u murafiq, Rights and interests; -al-haqq, It is true; very true; -bi'l-haqq, Of a truth; -batariqi haqq, In equity; for the love of God;—dar hagg, In regard to, in respect of, in right of.

a haqqan, Really, truly;—haqqa, haqa

(P. voc.), O God!

hiqāb, A girdle ornamented with jewels (worn by ladies); name of a mountain.

haqārat (v.n. of حقارة م haqārat (v.n. of حقارة م being despicable; scorn, contempt, affront, disgrace; — haqārat kardan, To despise, affront, disgrace.

a من أهناكي ḥaqq-āshinā'ī, Acknowledg-

ment of rights; thankfulness.

a حقالى ḥaqqānī, True, pure, disinterested; -mahabbati haqqaniya (or simply haqqaniyat), The love of God, perfect charity.

haqa'iq (pl. of haqiqat), Truths;—'ulumi haqa'iq, Theology.

- haqab (v.n.), Having his sheath so squeezed by the hind girth as to be nnable to stale (a camel); -- huqb, huqub, A period of eighty years and upwards;-Time, season, age; ornamented huqub. girdles.
 - A مقبم hiqbat, A space of eighty years.

a من اوسر hag-barear, A debt, claim, obligation.

a جي ايس haq-bin, Having a regard to justice.

a عق پذير haq-pazīr, Who approves of justice.

a عن پرست ḥaq-parast, Devoted to truth : a worshipper of God (a name which the old Persiaus assumed to themselves).

a على پرستى haq-parasti, Devotion to truth.

a على يسند hag-pasand, Approving truth ;

just.

haqqat (v.n.), Being necessary; bappening indubitably; truth; sure; descending, impending (judgment); -hiqqat, A she-camel rising four years old ;--huqqat, A round box in which pearls, jewels, or electuaries or pastils are kept; a vase, cup, bowl (see هخه).

a حق تر hag-tar, More worthy; more le-

gitimate; truer.

a عن تلفي hag-talafi, Violation of a right; perversion of justice; wrong, injury.

 $a \rightarrow baq-jo (j\bar{u})$, Truth-seeking.

a من حقوق haq-huquq, Rights and dues, &c.

a عن حلال به ḥaq-ḥalāl, Lawfui; right, due. hiqd, haqad, haqd (v.n.), Wishing ill, hating;—haqad (v.n.), Being withheld (rain); yielding no ore (a mine); -hiqd. Hatred, rancour; - arbābi hiqd, The malevolent.

a معدار haq-dar, Rightful owner, proprietor.

a على دارى haq-dārī, The right of claim, privilege or property; ownership.

a من من haq-dar, Who tears truth to pieces, who violates justice.

haqr (v.11.), Despising, treating with contempt.

a حق رسى ḥaq-rasī, Justice, redress, relief; the ends of justice.

haqz (v.n.), Kicking, spurning with her foot (a woman).

a مقشناس ḥaq-shinas, Knowing and performing one's duty; rendering to everyone his due; able to appreciate; grateful.

a مقشناسي ḥaq-shināsī, Gratitude;—ḥaq-

shināsī kardan, To appreciate.

a مق طراز haq-tiraz, Observing truth.

A shiqf, Wavy heap of sand.

A same higafat (pl. of the preceding), Waving sand-hills.

a عي فروز hag-faroz, Who makes truth to shine forth.

a مى كدار haq-guzār, Administering jus-

a حق كذارى ḥaq-guzārī, Discharge of obligation, fulfilment of duty, acknowledgment or requital of favours.

a عن گرين haq-guzīn, Approving justice. a حقگوی haq-goy, Speaking truth; the essence of a thing; name of a bird that hangs by a tree and vociferates all night.

A مقل haql (v.n.), Tilling, sowing (land);

rich arable land.

A حقن hagn (v.n.), Putting milk in a bottle in order to make butter; retaining, confining; keeping blood or urine from being spilled; preserving from being

a حق نا حق الم ḥaq nā-ḥaq, Right or wrong; by fair means or foul; nolens volens; without cause or reason, unjustly, wrong-

a عق ناهناس به ḥaq-nāshinās, Ungrateful.

huqnat, Ā clyster ;--ḥuqna kardan, عقنة م To exhibit an enema; -hukna giriftan, To take an injection.

a عن نوار به ḥaq-nawāz, Who cherishes

truth or justice.

a على نيوش hagg-niyosh, Hearing (and hence knowing) what is right.

haqw (v.n.), Striking on the side, waist, or hypochondria; a waist-band; the waist, side, hypochondria; a rugged place

overhanging a stream. haqwat, The waist-band; the place

where the drawers are tied.

A عقود haqud, Malevolent.

huquq (pl. of haqq), Rights, dues; just claims; privileges, fees, duties; laws, statutes.

a مقد huqqa (see مقد), A round box for holding jewels or drugs; a casket; a gallipot; the glass, metal, or earthen watervessels through which the fumes pass when smoking tobacco; a hookah;—huqqa'i ātish, A kind of rocket used in war;—huqqa'i bī-maghz, A brainless, senseless, heartless man;—huqqa'i sabz, The firmament;—huqqa'i kāwus (kālūs), Name of a note in music;—huqqa'i mīnā, The sky;—huqqahā'i mīnā-fām, The celestial orbs.

a ji see huqqa-baz, A player at cups and balls; a juggler; a cut-purse, a pick-pocket; a plotter; an impostor; a grenadier; a

great smoker of the huqqa.

مِنْهُ الزي huqqa-bāsī, Jugglery, etc. (see

the preceding).

a المام منه الموام huqqa-bardār, The man who prepares the hookah.

a بردازه أستة huqqa-pardāza, A sky-rocket. a كان الميم الميم الميم الميم الميم الميم huqqagar, A turner

of cups and balls.

A kas haqqiyat, Reality, right; claim, title; proprietorship; property; a holding, tenure; a share;—haqqiyati shikmi, An under-tenure;—haqqiyati kāsht, A title arising from cultivation;—haqqiyati nāqiş, A defective title.

a مقيت اظهاري ḥaqqīyat-izhārī, The mani-

festation or proof of a right.

A par haqīr, Base, contemptible; little, small; thin, lean;—haqīr dāshtan, To despise.

a حقيرى haqīrī, Contemptibleness, insig-

mificance, meanness.

A title haqīqat, Truth, reality; (in a mystical sense) the spiritual doctrine, spirituality; sincerity; the real state, circumstance, or statement of a thing; gist, pith; account, narration, relation, story; explanation;—haqīqati jam', A general statement of the public revenues;—haqīqati hāl, The true or real circumstances of a case, statement;—ba-haqīqat, dar haqīqat, fī 'l-haqīqa, In truth; verily, certainly (m.c.).

haqīqatan (in P. frequently

حقيقتا"), Truly, certainly.

a مقيقت بين haqqqat-bīn, Who sees what

is true or right.

a حقيقت هناس haqqqat-shinās, Intelligent. a مقيقت اممة haqqqat-nāma, A written statement of facts or particulars.

a مقيلي haqīqī, True, unfeigned, real; accurate; radical, essential;—birādari ḥaqīqī,

One's own (uterine) brother.

A who hakk (v.n.), Scratching, rubbing; scraping, erasing; rubbing one substance against another; piercing, stinging (the heart); [hakk shudan, To be scratched, &c.;—hakk sākhtan (kardan), To scratch, erase, &c.;]—hikk, Doubt, suspicion.

hakkāk, A jeweller; a polisher of precious stones; a borer of pearls; a lapi-

dary.

hukākat, Whatever falls off in polishing, filing, rasping, sawing, planing, shaving, &c.

A مكم hikām (v.n. 3 of مكم), Citing before

a judge.

hukkām (pl. of hākim), Princes, lords, nobles, governors, judges, magistrates;—hukkāmi bālā-dast, Superior authorities or officers;—hukkāmi tābi', Subordinate officers;—hukkāmi zil', District officers;—hukkāmi faujdārī, Criminal judges or magistrates;—hukkāmi mā-taht, Subordinate officers;—hukkāmi māl, Revenue officers.

a مكاسى hukkāmī, Of, referring to, done

by, princes, magistrates, etc.

A مكايات hakāyā, حكايات hikāyāt (pl. of the

following), Stories, tales, &c.

A مكانك hikāyat (v.n. of حكو), Telling, relating; resembling; history, heroic, romance, fable, tradition, relation, narrative;—hikāyat basian (dāshtan, firo-guzāshtan, kardan, guftan), To relate, narrate;—hikāyat kardan, To imitate, to mimic exactly; to argue.

A مَكَمُ hikkat, Itch, scab; an itching sen-

sation that induces scratching.

A j hakr (v.n.), Keeping back (grain) till a time of scarcity; a mixture of butter and honey;—hakr, hukr, A small cup or bowl; a small matter, a trifle;—hakar, Grain laid up in store against a season of scarcity; a dispute, quarrel, litigation; water collected together.

hukrat, Whatever is hid or laid up حكرة

against a time of scarcity.

hukm (v.n.), Exercising authority, commanding; command, dominion, government; judgment, sentence, decree; verdict, doom, award; judicial authority, jurisdiction; rule, control, direction, management; a statute, law, enactment; anything exacted, as a tribute, &c.; order, precept; sanction, permission; effect, influence, efficiency; an article of faith; wisdom, knowledge; proportion, relation; (adverbially) like; [hukmi biyāzī, A royal mandate issued with secrecy and despatch; -hukm dādan, To govern (m.c.); -hukmi darmiyana, An intermediate or interlocutory order; - hukmi shar' (shar'i), A judicial decree; -hukmi zabtī, Order of resumption; —hukmi talabī, Summons; application for a decree or judgment; -hukmi zahri, An order written on the back (of a writing); -hukm farmūdan, To command; to judge, to decide; — hukmi qidm, A divine decree; hukmi qazā, The decree of fate; -hukmi qatī', A decisive or final order; an explicit command or injunction; -hukm kardan, To judge, decide, sentence, decree, determine, order, command, rule over, regulate; - hukm kashidan, To obey a command; - hukmi gashtī, A circular order; - hukmi mutlaq, Absolute authority or power; -hukmi mauqūfi, Order of dismissal; arrest of judgment;hukmi nātiq. A peremptory order; bahukmi, By way of; for the sake or purpose of ;-ba-hukmi an ki, Forasmuch as, seeing

that, by reason that, because; to the degree that ;—ba-hukmi zarūrat, Through necessity;]-hakam, An umpire, arbitrator, mediator; — hikam (pl. of hikmat), Wise sayings; sciences.

hukman, Immediately, without

further orders (m.c.).

A hukamā' (pl. of hakīm), Wise men, philosophers; doctors, physicians; hukamo'i afaq, The wise men of the age;hukamā'i yūnān, The Greek philosophers (m.c.).

a مكم الدار بي hukm-andāz, A skilful archer.

a حكم الدازى ḥukm-andāzī, Skill in bow-

a مكم بردار hukm-bardar, Executing commands; obedient to orders.

a حکم بر داری hukm-bardārī, Obedience. A محکم hikmat, Wisdom, science, knowledge; a wise saying; philosophy, physic, medicine; mystery, occult sciences (m.c.);hikmati bāligha, Mature wisdom; -- hikmati khudā (ilāhī, rabbānī), Divine mystery; by the permission of God;—hikmati riyāzī, Mathematics ;- hikmati 'amalī, Practical knowledge;—hikmati tab'ī, Natural reason or instinct (in contradistinction to intellectual or spiritual wisdom);—dar ān chi hikmatast, What's the wit of that?

a أي hikmat-ārā, Wisdom-adorning;

adorned with wisdom.

hikmat-amez, Mingled with wisdom or wise sayings.

a حکمت آئین hikmat-ā'īn, Guided by, or adorned with wisdom.

a مكمتى ḥikmatī, Clever.

a مكم رأي hukm-rān, Ruling, commanding;

a governor (m.c.).

a حکم رانی hukm-rānī, Sway, dominion ;hukm-rānī kardan, To govern, to rule (m.c.). a مکم روا hukm-rawa, Who rules, commands, issues an order.

a مكم كش ḥukm-kash, Obedient to orders. a مكم كذارى hukm-guzārī, Empire, sovereignty.

a مكم نامه hukm-nama, A written order; writ, warrant; injunction; prescript.

a مكمى hukmi, Obedient to directions (applied to medicine).

hukūmat, Dominion, sovereignty, حكومة absolute power; jurisdiction; a principality; the sentence of a judge; -hukūmati shakhṣī, Personal government; monarchy; autocracy, despotism.

a حکومت البند الب cracy.

a مکرست ران hukūmat-rān, Reigning power.

a حکومتگاه hukūmat-gāh, Seat of government, metropolis, royal residence; a province, principality; control.

a مكت hikka, Itch.

a مكى ḥakkī, An erasing-knife.

A hakīm, Learned, wise, prudent, judicious; a doctor, philosopher; a physician; a name of God; - hakīmi dandān, A dentist (m.c.); — hakimi mutlaq, Omni-

a مكيمانه hakīmāna, Sage-like; sagely,

wisely.

a t حكيم باهي hakīm-bāshī, A head physician, a physician in waiting (m.c.).

a حکیمه hakima (provincially for hakim ast), He is a doctor, a learned man (m.c.).

a مكيمى hakīmī, The practice of medicine; referring to wise men, doctors, phy-

sicians, &c.

A J= hall, hal (v.n.), Untying, unloosing; diluting, dissolving, melting; solution; analysis; grinding, trituration; alighting; having passed the days of probation (a widow, see عدة); [hall shudan, To be untied, &c.;—halli 'uqda, The untying of a knot;—hall kardan, To untie, &c.;—hall u rabi, hall u 'aqd, Loosing and tying;—gāh hall gāh shadd kardan, To tie and unloose, unloose and tie;]-hill (v.n.), Being lawful; a lawful thing; the dissolution of an oath; doffing the pilgrim's garb; a butt or mark for archers.

A ملاب hilāb (v.n. 3 of ملب), Milking; a milking-pail.

hallāb, A milker.

A challaj, A dresser of cotton, one who separates it from the seed; surname of a Sufic martyr.

a ملحي hallājī, The art of dressing cotton; hallājī kardan. To card or tease (cotton or wool); (met.) to abuse, revile.

A ملحل ḥalāḥil, The wild onion;—ḥulāḥil,

A prince, a chief of a tribe.

مل halāl (v.n. of حلل), Being legal, legitimate; a lawful thing; legal, sanctioned by religion (opp. to haram), suitable for food, lawful to eat, killed as prescribed by law; lawfully earned; a widow having completed her days of probation and hence laying aside mourning; a lawful wife; mastic; [halāl shudan, To be legal, legitimate; -halal kardan, To make pure or lawful; to slaughter cattle; to give; to marry; -halāl-am, My lawful (wife or husband);] -hallal, A looser, solver, dissolver, or resolver;-kashshāfi mushkilāt u ḥallāli mu'zilat, Resolver of doubts and solver of difficulties.

a ملا خور halāl-khwur, Au epithet applied to the lowest and vilest classes of the people, particularly such as are employed in the meanest offices, the removing of carrion and the like; so called because everything is lawful food to them.

a ملال عورى ḥalāl-khwurī, Business of sweeper.

a ملال روزى halāl-rozī, Who earns an honest living;—ḥalāl-rozī shudan, To earn one's bread in an honest way.

a ملال زادكي halal-zadagi, Legitimacy of birth; nobility, uprightness.

a مال زاده halal-zada, A legitimate son;

noble, ingenuous, upright.

a حلال نمات halāl-namak, Faithful, true. a مالك halāla, A woman married again

with her first divorcer, after she had been divorced from her second husband.

a مالك إalālī, Fresh ; legitimate ; lawfulness; freedom; - halālī khwāstan, To claim

one's lawful share.

a ملاء halām, hullām, علم hullān, A kid taken from the mother's womb; a lamb.

A مارة halāwat (v.n. of حلو), Being sweet; sweetness; delight, pleasure, enjoyment; taste, relish.

a ملوت خش halāwat-bakhsh, Sweetening, imparting sweetness.

halā'il (pl. of halīlat), Wives.

A -lab (v.n.), Milking; -halab (v.n.), Milking; milk; Aleppo in Syria.

halbat, Horses assembled from علية different stables for running races; a racecourse; — halabat, halaba (pl. of halib), Milkers ;--hulbat. hulba, Fenugreek.

A ملبلاب ḥaliblāb, ḥiliblāb, Ivy.

a حلبي halabī, Belonging to a milch cow; native of Aleppo; white iron, tin-plate (m.c.).

halbib, Dog's bane.

a مابى سازى halabī sāzī, Fabrication of

white iron (m.c.).

A Ala hallat, A large reed-basket; a street, a quarter; name of a place in Syria;hallat, hillat, Intent, design, aim ;-hillat, Those who alight at a place, guests; the mode of alighting; a number of dwellings, a hundred houses; an assembly, congregation, place of meeting; -hullat, A cloak or covering for the body; a wrapper; a striped Arabian garment.

A ملتيث hiltīt, ملتيث hiltīs, Assafætida;

-hiltīgu 't-tibb, Asaduleis.

ملج A ملخ halj (v.n.), Carding wool or cotton, separating cotton from the seed; travelling during the night; rolling paste in an orbicular form; running towards the hen with extended wings (a cock).

hilhil, The wild onion.

a علدارى hal-dārī, A collection for mar-

riage licences; licences.

الرن الم halzūn, halazūn, A snail; a seashell; -halzūnu'l-uzn, The cochlea of the

A ملس hale (v.n.), A covenant, a treaty; -hils, A great man; name of the fourth gaming arrow; dorsers put under saddles to save the camels' backs; -hils, halas, Carpets laid under rich tapestry and furniture; — halis, Brave, bold; covetous,

A Laly (v.n.), Contending obstinately; being angry; being quick, hasty (in any

business).

half, hilf, halif (v.n.), Swearing;

-halaf, Name of a plant; -hilf, A compact, confederacy; faith in keeping agreements; -ba-half, On oath.

A "الهام halfan, Ou oath.

A ملفاء halfā', A certain water-plant, a reed;—hulafā' (pl. of halīf), Associates, confederates.

A ملفه halfat, An oath.

a ملف نامه half-nāma, A declaration on oath, an affidavit.

ملق A ملق halq (v.n.), Shaving (the head); hurting one in the throat; the throat, the gullet; the windpipe; [halqi āzād, The throat (of an animal) that cannot be lawfully cut; - halq uftādan, To stop short for a loss of words, to break down in a speech; ---hilq, A numerous flock; great wealth; a royal signet; - halaq (pl. of halaat), Rings,

a حلق افشارى ḥalq-afshārī, Pressure of the

throat, strangulation.

halqat, ḥalqa, A ring, hoop, circle; the ring or knocker of a door; a wheel; a loop, link, button-hole; an assembly, circle of friends, fraternity; a circuit; a boundary line; a kind of fireworks; [halqa'i āb-gūn, The sky ;—ḥalqa'i iqbāli nā mumkin jumbānīdan, To strive for anything impossible to attain;—halqa bar dar rekhtan (zadan, koftan), halqa bar sindan zadan, To knock at the door; - halqa bar nam kashidan, To disgrace; —halqa bastan, To form a circle; -halqa ba-gosh (dar-gosh), Having a ring (of servitude) in the ear, a servant, a slave; - halqa'i bīnī, A nose-ring (worn by women); -- halqa jumbānīdan, To knock at the door :- halqa'i dam, A horse-hair snare; a kind of veil; - halqa dar goshi kase kashidan. To render one obedient or submissive, to enslave; -- halqa'i dast-band, The horizon; the earth; —halqa zadan, To knock at the door; to form rings or circles, to circle; - halqa'i sufra, Rings sown round a leathern table-cover; -halqu'i saudā, An assembly or syndicate of merchants, a commercial ring ;- halqa'i sīmīn, The full moon; ice formed on a circular cistern; — halqa shudan, To be or become bent (as a bow); -*halqa kardan*, To bend, curve, form into a ring, loop, or link; —halqa kardani nām, To disgrace ;- halqa kashīdan, To draw circles (as a conjuror); -halqa'i nosh, The lip; the mouth ;-chun halqa bar dar, Standing outside the door, unable to enter; firm, steady, solid;] — halaqat, halaqa (pl. of häliq), Shavers.

. a ملقچى halqachī, A kind of sweetmeat or pastry in form of a ring.

hulqum, The throat, gullet, wind-

a ملقوم نشكن ḥulqûm-nashkan, Hurd in the mouth (horse).

a ملقوى باز halqū'i bāz, A silk string round the neck of a falcon.

حلي

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a ماهه halqa, see above under A. ماهه أنداز a بالمه halqa andāz, Who emits to-

bacco smoke in ringlets (m.c.).

a ملقه بگوش ḥalqa ba-gosh, A slave (see أحلقه).

a ملقه بگرهی halqa-ba-goshī, Servitude.

a مالغه بندى halqa-bandī, A concentric division of villages; pertaining to such.

a ملقه پشت halqa-pusht, Obedient, sub-

missive; a slave.

a مائم مائم halqa-chin, A kind of sweet-meat,

meat. a مطقه دار halqa-dar, (An ear) having a

ring, i.e. attentive and obedient.

a مقد در کوئل halgah dar-gosh, A slave

(هوه مَلْفَهُ). a مِلْمُع مِلْمُ مِلْمُ مِلْمُ مِلْمُ مِلْمُ مِلْمُ مِلْمُ مِلْمُ مِلْمُ مِلْمُ مِلْمُ مِلْمُ مِلْمُ مِلْمُ م

ring (with the lance), a ω halga-ran, One who raps at

the door; a schoolmaster, preceptor.
a مقلم halqa-gīr, Who circles (as a

combatant round his adversary).

a ماهم halqawār, Like a ring.

a ملقي ḥalqī, Guttural;—ḥarfi ḥalqī, A guttural letter.

▲ حلقية halyīyat, Gutturality.

ملك halak (v.n.), Being very black; intense blackness.

a حاكارى hal-kārī, Gilding; gold or silver leaves painted or imprinted on a stuff (see السمة);—jāma'i ḥalkārī, A garment of such stuff.

مل أهله أalal (v.n. of علل), Weakness in the hough or pastern;—hulal (pl. of hullal), Cloaks; striped Arabian garments.

a ملم hilm (v.n.), Being mild, gentle, clement; mildness, meckness, clemency, long-suffering; affability, sedateness, calmness, gravity; wisdom; — hulm, hulum (v.n.), Dreaming in sleep, seeing in sleep; dream; nocturnal pollution;—halam, Being corroded, fretted by worms (a hide).

hulamā (pl. of halīm), Mild,

gentle, meek, clement.

A خلمه halamat, A tike; a worm which infests a hide; the nipple; the prickly plant sa'dan.

hilmīyat, Mildness, gentleness.

halw (v.n.), Being sweet, pleasant (to the eye, mind, or taste); — hulw, halū,

Sweet; pleasant, agreeable.

A alwā', Any kind of sweet cake or paste made with flour; sweetmeat; an electuary; anything soft and sweet; sweet fruit, fruit;—halwā'i āshtī (sulh), Sweetmeats sent to one another on making peace;—halwā'i birinj, A sweetmeat made of riceflower;—halwā'i bī-dūd (bī-dukhān), An esteemed kind of confection; a kiss;—halwā'i tar, Sweet and juicy fruit; = halwā'i bī-dūd above; (met.) the lips of a mistress;—halwā'i rishta, A kind of vermicelli;—halwā'i shakar, A confection of sugar;—halwā'i 'īd, A sweetmeat eaten on feast-

days;—halwā ma-khwur, Do not talk at random, or rubbish;—halwā'i nīm-shakarī (nimshakarī), A noted sweetineat.

a علوا سوهن halwa-suhan, Name of a

sweetmeat.

halwā-yar, A confectioner. حلوا كر

A claim (v.n. of claim), Being sweet, pleasing, agreeable; a bribe, douceur, sweetener; the fee of a broker; a present to a soothsayer; a woman's dowry.

halwa'i, A con- علوائي halwani, حلواني

fectioner.

مارب A مارنب الم ḥalūb, One who milks; (an ani-mal) milked.

احل المنظل (v.n. of حلول), Descending, alighting, remaining, resting in a place; entering, penetrating; transmigration; arriving at the place of sacrifice (a victim); putting off her weeds (a widow); being

due (a debt); (pl. of !all) those who alight and stay.

A مَا الله halūlīyat, Name of a sect.

hulum (pl. of hilm), Clemencies.

A dola halwa = alpla q.v.

halwīyāt (pl. of the preceding), Sweetmeats.

a Ala hulla, A dress, consisting of a waist-wrapper and a cloak for the whole body; a robe, garment (see Ala); — hulla'i ōdam, Adam's garment, (met.) verdure; — hulla bāṭtan, To weave a garment; — hulla bar-kitf giriftan (pvshīdan). To pat on a dress.

a a sale hullagari khāk, Who makes a dress for the earth, i.e. who produces ver-

dure (applied to God).

A حلى haly (v.n.), Decorating (herself) with jewels and ornaments; an ornament of a sword, especially on the hilt or sheath; [halyi āb, The rippling of water;]—hili, hulá (pl. of hilyat, hulyat), Female ornaments, gems, jewels.

مَلِيب halīb, New milk; date-wine.

ملي بد آب hulá-bandi āb, Who adorns the earth with green herbs, and produces

pearls from water-drops.

A أحلية hilyat, hulyat, A jewel or a woman's metallic ornament; name of a place in Yaman abounding in lions;—hilyat, The external form, bearing or quality of a person.

hilliyat, Lawfulness; leave, permission;—hilliyat khwāstan, To take leave,

to say good-bye (m.c.).

a والم المائي, Carded or dressed (cotton).

A ماله halif, A confederate, associate; one bound to another by an oath; a con-

spirator;—halifi iflās, Poor. a مايعة hulaifa, Name of a medicinal

seed.

عايل A husband; a neighbour alighted at a place.

الله الله halilat, A wife; alighted at u place (fem.).

halim, Mild, meek, gentle, affable,

clement; a title of God; a fat animal; a kind of food dressed in the Muharram.

halīmat, Name of Muhammad's عليمة nurse.

A halaimū, Garden-sorrel.

a ملية hilya, hulya, The external appearance (of a man); a description of the face or countenance; a description-roll.

a مليه نامه hilya-nāma, A description-

A - ham, A husband or wife's father or relation; -- hamm (v.n.), Making hot; heating; kindling; exciting, encouraging, hastening (a departure); tending towards, designing, purposing;—hamm, humm, The best part of anything,

A hama', A husband's father or bro-

ther; black, thin mud.

A shamat, A wife's or husband's mother; Hamath in Syria; -humāt (pl. of hāmī), Protectors.

A مماحم hamāḥim, A kind of mint; ac-

q.v. بستان افروز = cording to others

himār, A male ass, a donkey; name of an apostate from the faith (Himar ibn Mālik) ;—zū 'l-himāri 'l-aswad, Name of 'Ansá, a pseudo prophet in the time of Muhammad.

A ass-driver.

a مماري himārī, Asinine. A ممر hamāzat (v.n. of ممر), Being

strong, stout, firm; strength.

A hamāsat, Valour, bravery; the celebrated anthology of the ancient Arabian poets compiled by Abū Tamām.

hummāz, Wild sorrel; the juice حماض ۸ of an orange; - hummāzi bustānī, Garden-

sorrel.

A blac himmat, A kind of fig.

humāq, Small-pox, measles.

A مماتة hamaqat (v.n. of مماتة hamaqat (v.n. of silly, foolish, stupid; folly, stupidity; being dull (a market).

A June hammal, A porter, carrier of bur-

dens; a pālkī bearer.

A كالم himālat, A sword-belt; the vocation of a porter ;--hammāla, A female carrier of burdens.

ماليق A مماليق ḥamālīq (pl. of ḥimlāq), Internal parts of the eye-lashes which they anoint

with antimony.

معام معام hamām, A pigeon; a dove; himam, Death; -humam, The camel fever; a camel seized with fever; hammam, vulg. hamām, A hot bath; a Turkish bath; a bagnio;—ḥamāmi māriya (maryam), A water-bath (Fr. bain-marie).

A ماما ممام ḥamāmā, Stone-parsley, amo-

mum.

A حمامات ḥamāmāt (pl. of ḥamām), Ringdoves ;—hammāmāt (pl. of hammām), Warm

A Lolas hamāmat, One dove.

a حمامي ḥammāmchī, ممامي ḥammāmī, A

bagnio-keeper, a keeper of a warm bath; an attendant at a bath.

A مماية himāyat (v.n. of حماية , Protecting, defending; guardianship; patronage, countenance, support, defence, protection; -himáyat dādan, To give protection, to defend; to patronize.

a ممايت به himāyatgar, Protective; a pro-

tector.

الله hamā'id (pl. of hamīdat), Laud-

able actions or qualities.

إن أي hamā'il (pl. of himālat), Shoulder sword-belts; riband or grand cordon of an order of knighthood (m.c.); a small Kur'an suspended from the neck as a preservative; a necklace of flowers or small coins; -- hamū'ili shamshīr, A sword-belt; -hama'ili falak, The inclination of the sphere; -hamā'il nishastan, To sit with bent body, i.e. in a nonchalant or fastidious manner.

a مماثلي hamā'ilī, A planet's elliptical

motion.

hamā'im (pl. of hamāmat), Pigeons, doves.

a مائي ḥumā'ī, Feverish, febrile.

A de humat, huma, The venom of a scorpion; -himmat, Death; -hummat, Intense heat; blackness.

A humhum, Plantain; according to others a bramble of which camels are parti-

cularly fond.

A hamd (v.n.), Praising; returning thanks to God, thankfully acknowledging his benefits.

a معدوى ḥamdān, ḥimdān, معدوى ḥamdūn,

Penis (see نبدأن).

A معدل hamdalat (v.n. of معدل), Pronouncing the formula al-hamdu li 'llah, Praise be to God!

hamdūnat, Hārūnu 'r-rashīd's عمدونة daughter :—hamdūna, An ape, bahoon.

A , -> humr (pl. of ahmar), Red; -humar, Tamarinds; Jew's pitch, asphaltum, bitu-

A shamra' (fem. of ahmar), Red.

humrat, Redness;—humra, Erysipelas; -humra'i jafn, Erysipelatous inflammation of the eyelids.

humz, The tamarind.

A Joe hamz (v.n.), Sharpening; biting the tongue (anything bitter or sour); acritude, bitterness of taste.

hamzat, The herb rocket; a lion;

name of an uncle of Muhammad. A hamas (v.n.), Being stedfast, immovable (in the faith and in battle);
—hamis, Strong, bold, hard, firm, unblenching (in the faith and in battle).

hamsh (v.n.), Inflaming with rage; being angry; -hamash (v.n.), Having

slender legs.

معص hams (v.n.), Subsiding (a swelling); ceasing to vibrate (a swing); easily extracting a mote from the eye; - hame, hims, Name of a famous town in Syria (Emessa).

hamz (v.n.), Being acid; feeding on a salt, bitter plant (a camel); a salt, acrid, bitter plant; sorrel.

A humq, humuq (v.n.), Being foolish; foolishness, want of understanding; wine; -hamiq, Thin-bearded.

hamaqa' (plurals of حمقى humaqa', حمقاه hamiq), Fools.

A hamak, Pismires; lice, nits; any-

thing small, minute.

haml (v.n.), Carrying; being pregnant (a woman); bearing fruit (a tree); fruit borne in the womb, or on a tree; (also himl) a burden, a load; the baggage of an army; [haml bar-dāshtan, To conceive; conception, fecundation; —haml ru'i haml, Superfetation;—haml kardan, To impose a burden, to load; to bring, to transport; to charge, impute, ascribe, accuse;—haml giriftan, To conceive, to become pregnant;] - himl, haml, A camel which bears the women's litter; a litter; — hamal, A lamb; the sign Aries.

q.v. حماوق = himlāq, humlāq, حمالق A

A Man hamlat, hamla (v.n.), Making an assault; an attack, charge, assault; aggression, invasion; (met.) concubitus;—hamla'i dam, Congestion; —hamla angekhtan (āwar-

dan, burdan, sākhtan, kardan), To charge. a ماله کاره hamla-dār, ماله کاره hamla-girāy, Who makes an attack or charge.

a حمله گيرى ḥamlah-gīrī, An attack, iuroad, invasion.

humlûq, The inner part of the eye-lash, which they amoint with surma; white of the eye.

hamam (v.n. of ,), Becoming heated (water); coals; ashes; anything

A panw, hamū, A husband's or wife's father or brother; a wife's relation.

himwat (v.n. of حموة له himwat (v.n. of حموة to abstain from; anything guarded, kept, preserved.

أ حموض humūz (v.n. of حموض), Feeding on salt and bitter plants (a camel).

humūzat (v.n. of حمومة م), Being

acid; acidity, acridity, bitterness.

A معول hamūl, A carrier; one who bears injuries with patience; — humūl (pl. of haml or himl), Camels which carry women in litters; the litters themselves; a suppository (med.).

hamūlat, A beast of burthen معولة (especially a horse or camel); -humûlat, A

horse or camel-load.

A محل hamá (pl. of hamāma), Doves; himá, A place of herbage or pasture prohibited to the public; a thing prohibited or interdicted; the abode of one's beloved; hummá, Fever, ague; hummā'i istiqbālī, Anticipatory fever; — hummā'i bā rā'iḥa'i

auli, Urinous fever: -humma'i balahami, Mucous (gastric) fever ;—hummā'i khabīsa, Syncopal fever; — hummā'i dā'ira, Intermittent fever :- hummā'i dā'im, Continuous fever;—hummā'ī dā'imi ghalat, Remittent fever;— hummā'i diqqī, Hectic fever;— hummā'i zātī, Essential fever;—hummā'i rabii, Sympathetic fever;—hummā'i rib'ī, A quartan ague; -hummā'i zard, Yellow fever; -- hummā'i ṣafrawī, Bilious fever; -hummā'i 'araq-gazī, Miliary fever;-hummā'i lāzim, Hectic fever;—hummā'i muttașil, Continuous fever;—hummā'i muttașili kāzib, Remittent fever;—hummā'i majhūlī, Sympathetic fever; — hummā'i nafasīya, Puerperal fever; — hummā'i warami, Înflammatory fever :—hummā'i yaumī, Ephemera ; feverish lassitude. (See نبه and منهه).)

A ميات ḥummayāt (pl. of ḥummá),

Fevers.

A ممياطل himyāţá, A name of Muhanı-

A ممية himyat (v.n. of حمية), Prohibiting, forbidding, interdicting; enjoining to abstain from; guarded, inaccessible thing;hamīyat (v.n. of حمى), Indignation; scorn; ardour, impetuosity; a nice sense of ho-

A معيد ḥamīd (fem. ḥamīdat, ḥamīda), Praised; Iaudable; glorious; — akhlāqi hamīda, Praiseworthy manners; — ausāfi hamida, Laudable qualities.

hamīr (pl. of himār), Asses;—

himyar, Name of a place and tribe.

A معيل hamīl, Carried, carried away; rubbish, leaves, sticks, &c., carried down by the stream; a foundling reared by strangers; a bastard; a slave brought young from abroad; a surety.

A hamīm, Hot water.

A we hinn, A certain tribe of demons; hunn, Name of the founder of a tribe.

H منا hannā (for عنا), The pointed of a

saddle; a saddle.

A مناء hinnā' (vulg. hinā), The shrub henna (Lawsonia inermis), used for dyeing the hands, feet, and hair; -hina bar kafi kase nihādan, (met.) To make one unfit for work; - hinā bastan, To dye with henna (applied to women); — hina'i pari zāgh, Henna which turns black after use; -hinā'i dū-bāra-band, Henna repeatedly applied to produce a deeper tint; -hina'i qadah, Ked wine; -- hinā'i quraish (qarīsh), Moss growing upon stones, lichen;—hinā'i girya, Tears of blood; - hinā mālīdan, To dye with henna (applied to men);—hinā'i majnūn, Woad; -hinā nau kardan, To dye afresh with henna; -pā'i kase dar hinā bastan, (met.) To prevent one from walking.

🗚 منابلة ḥanābilat (pl. of ḥaṃbalī), Ham-

balites, followers of Ibn Hambal.

a عنا بند hina-band, Dyed with henna (paper).

a عنا بندى hinā-bandān, عنا بندى hinā-bandān, The ceremony of sending henna for a bride on the eve of the wedding-day; a marriage-feast.

h منا ساز hanna-turash, منا قرأش hanna-

sāz, A saddle-maker.

a بال منا زار hinā-zār, Abounding in henva.

hannat, A seller of wheat (hintat) ; or of sweet herbs for the dead (hanāt).

A Mindtat, The art of embalming.

A منان hanan (v.n. of رحي), Pitying; parental or filial affection; pity, compassion; sustenance; daily bread; blessing, prosperity; sedateness, gravity; -hannan, Most compassionate or affectionate (one of the epithets of God); tenderly affected; open, clear (way).

hannānat, hannāna, A woman منائة who, with grief and lamentation, recalls to mind a deceased husband (see aul and منائه); a twanging bow; a tree, leaning against which Muhammad used to preach.

a منائى hinā'ī, Of the colour of henna; a seller of henna.

معبل A hambal, A short, dwarfish man ; a worn-out boot; the sea; (for ibn hambal) name of an eminent Muhammadan lawyer, and head of one of the four chief sects in Muhammadanism.

a حنبلي ḥaṃbalī, A follower of (Ibn) Hambal (one of the four chief Muhamma-

dan lawyers).

A منة hannat, A wife; a woman's name (Hanna), in particular of the mother of the Virgin Mary; the affectionate call of a came' for her colt; --hinnat, Madness.

ا منث المins (v.n.), A sin, crime; swear

ing falsely; a bias (true or false).

hanj (v.n.), Incliniug, giving a bias; twisting a rope; necessity, necessary business; -hinj, Root, origin, stock; heart; the middle of anything.

hanjar, banjarat, hanjara,

The gullet.

a حنجرة غلطان hanjara-ghaltān, A warbler.

handquqá, The lote-tree. A Lie hanz (v.n.), Roasting (a sheep) in

a hollow place, laying hot stones over it; scorching (the sun a traveller); spurring (a horse), making him sweat by exercising him a heat or two, and exposing him with housing on to the sun.

A منس hanas (v.n.), Pushing courageously into the hottest of the battle ; -hunus, Pious, chaste (people).

hant (v.n.), Being read (leather);

colouring red.

A dia hintat, Wheat.

hanzal, The wild gourd, colocynth حنطل ۸

(Cucumis colocynthis).

hanaf (v.n.), Being upright in religion, orthodoxy; heing bow-legged; walking on the outer edges of the feet.

hunafā' (pl. of hanif), Orthodox منفاه believers.

a منفى hanafī, Orthodox;—mazhabi hanafī, The true religion; (for ḥanīfī) the sect of Hanifah.

hanafiyat, True religion, orthodoxy.

A خن hamaq (v.n.), Being angry, indignant; indignation, anger.

ا منك hank (v.n.), Putting a curb or check-rein under a horse's chin; confirming, doing firmly and well; rendering expert (age); rubbing the palate of an infant with chewed date or honey (in order to induce it to suck) ;-hanak, The palate and the under part of the mouth; a beak; a foraging party.

A منو hanw (v.n.), Bending, twisting; making crooked and curved ;-hinw, hanw, The crooked timber of a saddle; the side of anything; — hunūw (v.n. of عنو), Being affectionate, loving (as a mother who for her children's sake rejects a second marriage);

being desirous.

hanūt, Sweet herbs which they are عنوط wont to sprinkle or strew over dead bodies.

a عنوط فروش hanūt-farosh, A vendor of sweet herbs for the dead.

a عنى ḥanī (pl. of the following), Bows.

A Š.:- hanīyat, A bow.

الم منيذ Aaniz, Hot roast meat whose dripping falls; roasted thoroughly under heated stones (mutton); thrown into a sweat by being exercised in the snu (a horse); scalding (water); a kind of ointment; a perfumed lotion for the head.

hanif, One professing the religion of Abraham; an orthodox Musulman; firm, unshaken in his religious pro-

fession.

ه منيفة (إلا منيفة abū) ḥanīfat (ḥanīfa), Name of twenty learned doctors; the most celebrated of whom was nu'mān bin sābit, One of the four chiefs of the principal Muhammadan sects.

A خيفية ḥanīfīyat, Sect of (Abū) Hanifa;

orthodoxy.

ب بنين hanīn (v.n. of حنين), Experiencing and exhibiting strong emotions (whether of pleasure or of pain); love, affectionate yearning; the affectionate cry of a camel for her colt; -hunain, A certain boot-maker whose name has passed into a proverb; name of a translator of Greek works into Arabic; name of a place celebrated for one of Muhammad's victorious battles.

A alp hauwa' (fem. of ahwa), Black or dusky-lipped; Eve the mother of man-

kind.

hau'ab, A wide valley; name of a place near Basra.

hawājib (pl. of hājib), Eyebrows; - hawajibu 'sh-shams, The margin of the sun.

موادئات , hawādis (pl. of hādisa) حوادث hawadisat (pl. of the preceding plural), Accidents, events; calamities, misfortunes; -hawādig afyān khwurd, Calamities have ceased; - hawadis hhuft, Calamities have passed away.

a عن خامت hawadig-zada, Unfortunate.

A مراك hiwāz, Distance.

n حوارى ḥawārī, A washer of garments; a fuller; one who acts sincerely or faithfully; a friend, assistant, companion; a companion or disciple of Muhammad; an apostle of Christ; -- for A. hūwārá, The finest and whitest flour; white bread.

۸ حواريون hawārīyun, Apostles, particularly those of Jesus Christ; companions of Muhammad.

A جوامن hawass, vulg. hawas (pl. of hassat), The senses;—hawassi andarūnī, Internal senses; - hawāssi barrānī (zāhirī), External senses; feeling;—hawassi khamsa, The five senses.

a مواس باخته ḥawūs-bākhta, Out of one's senses.

مواهي ٨ المين hawāshī (pl. of hāshiyat), Mar gins, borders, hems, marginal notes or observations; followers, attendants, domestics; -- hawāshī mufīda, Useful explanatory notes (m.c.); -umara' u hawāshī, Princes and people, grandees and plebeians.

hawasil (pl. of hausala), (Birds') عواصل crops, stomachs; a pelican; (= حيصل q.v.)

the egg-plant.

hawālāt (pl. of the following), حوالات Transfers, &c.; -arbābi ḥāwalāt, Holders of commissions or trusts.

برالة hawālat, ḥawāla, Transfer; commitment; charge, trust, care, custody; deposit, consignment (of property); assignment (for payment); (adverbially) in the charge or care of ; hawala chize ba-kase kardan, To impute; hawāla shudan, To be entrusted, to be transferred; -hawala kardan (farmādan), To transmit, transfer one's power to another, to empower one to demand a debt; to give in charge, recommend; to impute; to brandish; to aim, strike.

a عواله كاه به hawalat-guh, = والت كاه q.v. a حوالجات ḥawālajūt (pl. of مواله), Trusts,

a جوال دار به ḥawāl-dār, (in India) A native military officer of inferior rank, a havil-

a als all, - hawala-gah, A public walk in the environs of a city, an esplanade; a resting-place.

موالي م hawālú, in P. ḥawāli, Environs, outskirts, parts adjacent; -hawali shahr, Suburbs.

אַ אַ hawayā (pl. of hawiyat), Intestines; fatty parts adhering to them.

بوب haub (v.n.), Calling out to camels; sinning, offending; father and mother, parents; a sister; a daughter; grief, sadness; solitariness; poverty, humility;haub, hūb, Crime, sin;—hūb, Affliction, grief; calamity; destruction, death; dis-

A موبه haubat (v.n. of حوبه), Sinning ; hūbat, A sin, crime; a man incapable of

good or evil; a poor man.

A عوت haut (v.n.), Flying round anything (a bird); -hut, A large fish; the sign Pisces; -hūti gardūn, The sign Pisces; -- sāḥibu 'l-ḥūt, The prophet Jonah.

A z- hauj (v.n.), Being in want of; peace, safety; -hūj, Poverty; -hiwaj (pl.

of hajat), Necessaries.

A جوجم haujam (pl. of the following), Red roses of which rose-water is made.

A haujamat, A red rose.

A خوذ hauz (v.n.), Driving fast; keeping,

preserving with care.

haur (v.n.), Returning; being astonished, bewildered; unloosing, opening the folds of a turban-sash; depth, profundity; that which is under the turbansash; apparently = Ar. hauwar in [hauri rumi, The black poplar;—hauri hindi, A grain similar to the seed duqu (see دوقو)];-hūr (v.n.), Ruin, destruction; diminution, decrease; (pl. of ahwar and haura'), Beautiful-eyed (see the following);—hawar (v.n.), Being extremely bright (the white and black of the eye); extreme whiteness of the eye with inteuse blackness; total blackness of the eye (as that of a doe).

a حور بہشتی hūri bihishti (origiginally pl., in P. also used as sing.), Virgins or a virgin of Paradise, houri;—hūr az dast (jasm) raft, Life has departed (hūr by the grammatical artifice maglab mus $t\bar{a}w\bar{i}$, or palindrome, standing for $r\bar{u}h$; see بهاب) ;—hūru 'n-nisā', The most enchanting of women; - hūri zabānī-sāz, (met.) Sword ;—hūr u ghilmān, Maidens aud youths

of Paradise.

A موراء haurā' (fem. of ahwar), Blackeyed; a houri.

a حور اسفند haur-isfand, The anemone.

a حورات hūrān (P. pl. of hūr), Virgins of Paradise, houris;—haurān, The southern regions of Damascus; the herb tarragon.

a > 1 haurā-nizhād, Of the race of the

black-eyed beauties of Paradise.

a جور پيکر hūr-paikar, Houri-faced.

a عور زاده hūr-zād, عور زاده hūr-zāda, Born of a celestial nymph.

a حرى hūre, One virgin of Paradise, one

black-eyed nymph, or houri.

A موز hauz (v.n.), Collecting, accumulating, acquiring; urging vehemently forward; driving (camels) slowly; a gentle pace.

A bjo hauzat, hauza, Tract, side, part; middle (of a kingdom); nature (of a man); vulva; name of a valley in Hijaz.

haus (v.n.), Searching anxiously for anything.

haush (v.n.), Beating up (game) حوش on all sides, and driving (it) into the net; collecting and driving to the water (camels,

A - haushab, Full-sided, blown out (camel); the pastern; a hare; a fox; a calf; name of a man.

hūshīyat, Savageness, misan-

thropy.

haus (v.n.), Sewing up; joining two things closely; -hūs (pl. of ahwas), Those whose eyes are narrow at the corners.

A عوملة hausalat, hausala, The stomach, maw, or crop; capacity; spirit, ambition; desire; courage, patience; -- hausala kardan, To exercise patience, to contain oneself (m.c.).

a موصلة دار به ḥauṣala-dār, Capacious; am-

bitious, aspiring.

a حرمله دارى hausala-dari, Cupacity; ambition.

a عومله مند hauşalamand, Ambitious, as-

piring; enterprising, bold, daring,

hanz, A large reservoir of water, bason of a fountain, pond, tank, vat, cistern; (also hauzi māhī) the sign Pisces; hauzi āb, The sky ;—hauzi tarsā, A vessel in which the juice of grapes is pressed out; --hauzi kursī, A place that can be heated, with a seat raised over it to sit upon in winter; -hanzi kausar, A reservoir of nectar in Paradise; -- hauzi lab-gardān, A reservoir or cistern with a low border; -- hauzi nu'mān, Name of a pond whose water, which was very salt, became sweet at the advent of the Prophet.

a حواجه hauzcha, A small reservoir, cis-

a هونخانه hauz-khāna, A building con-

taining basins of water (m.c.).

a حوفك hauzak, Small reservoir; big dish. a عومة hauza, A basin-shaped litter to ride in upon an elephant, &c. (comp. عودة and هوده).

haut (v.n.), Keeping, preserving,

taking care of; surrounding.

hauf, A leathern girdle worn by عوف menstruous women or by children under age; a kind of camel-litter.

haufarān, Tarragon.

hauq (v.u.), Sweeping; rubbing, smoothing; surrounding, encompassing; a great multitude;—hūq, Margo glandis. A خوك hauk (v.n.), Weaving; basil royal; name of a mountain.

A جول haul (v.n.), Changing; revolving; returning, passing by or over; detaining; a year; strength, power, might; deceit; [la haul, There is no power, a deprecatory phrase, contracted from la haula wa la qūwata illā bi 'llāhi 'l-'alīyi 'l-'azīm, There is no power nor strength but in God, the High, the Great; - hal (v.n.), Conceiving

(a camel); camels not conceiving in the first year ;—hiwal, Transportation, passage, change of place; - hawal (v.n.), Squinting; diplopia.

a عوالدار $d\bar{a}r$, عوالدار q.v.

haulak, Pain in the throat; misfortune.

A حولات, haulaqat (v.n. of حولات), Saying là haula wa lā qūwata illā bi 'llāh, Neither power nor strength except in God (see under Jo haul).

A حول و عوش haul u haush, Surroundings, environs (m.c.).

a مولاء haula, Name of two tracts in Syria dependent on Emessa and Damascus respectively.

موم hawm (v.n.), Going round; skimming in circles (as a bird); a large herd of

camels.

مومان A مومان hawaman (v.n. of مومان), Skimming in circles (a bird).

haumāna, Name of a shrub.

haumat, The greatest quantity or power of anything; a great battle; a battle-field.

A aumar, The tamarind (see

and حمر).

A ... haumal, A current of pure water; the first of anything; a cloud black with rain; name of a place; name of a penurious woman, who starved a bitch that kept watch at night until it bit off its own tail; hence, ajwa' min kalbati haumal, More famished than Haumal's bitch.

مويت hawet, A coarse cloth to cover the

hump of a camel.

hawijî, حوجى ḥawijî, Pot-herbs, sea حويج

sonings; sweets, dainties.

a مويلي ḥawilī, A house, dwelling, habitation; the districts attached to, and in the vicinity of, the capital of a province; government lands.

مى م haiy, Alive; a family, part of a tribe, a tribe; pudendum muliebre; [haiyu'l-'ālam, A perennial plant, house-leek;—haiyi qaiyam (haiy u qaiyam), haiyi la-yamat, Eternal; immortal, imperishable;]-haiya, Come hither; approach; -- haiya s'-salat, Hasten to prayer (call of the Mu'azzin).

ميا ميا haya', Rain; a plentiful year.

A مياه hayā' (v.n. of حياه , Blushing; shame, penitence; modesty, bashfulness; $hay\bar{a} \ bal\bar{i}dan$, To blush; to be ashamed.

A مياة ḥayāt, Life; life-time;—ḥayāti abadī, Eternal life, salvation; — hayāti tāza, New life (used to express recovery from severe illness, or the pleasure derived from meeting a friend); - hayat dadan, To give life; - hayat sipurdan, To sacrifice life;hayāti musta'ār, A contingent life (depending on the will of God); - hayat yaftan, To find life;—mā dāma 'l-ḥayāt, As long as life lasts, till your life's end.

A haiyāt (pl. of haiyat), Serpents.

a عيات خش hayāt-bakhsh, Life-giving.

a مياتي hayātī, Of or pertaining to a lifetime, for life.

a عيا دار hayā-dār, Modest.

A عادل hayarú (pl. of hairān), Astonished, startled, amazed, dazzled.

ashed, startled, amazed, dazzled. هما رده ميا رده ميل ميا رده ميا رده ميا رده ميا رده م

A عياضة hiyasat (v.n. of حوص), Sewing together, joining; a girdle.

A حياض hiyāz (pl. of hauz), Reservoirs,

&c.

Able hiyāt (pl. of hāit), Walls, inner court, yard, vestibule (m.c.).

A مياطة hiyātat (v.n. of حوط), Keeping,

preserving; watching.

A مياكة hiyākal, Art of weaving.

a عيا كشته ḥayā-kushta, Overwhelmed with shame.

A جال جال hiyāl (v.n. of حيل), Not conceiving (camels) though covered, or a palmtree though fecundated; opposite, contrary.

A de haiyat, A serpent (said never to die except from accident); a long scorpion.

A ميتان hitan (pl. of hat), Large fishes.

A where; wheresoever, to whatever place;—min hais, Seeing that, because.

A مَيْثَهُ haiṣīyat, Position, locality; ubiquity; universality (in science); quality; capacity, ability, merit; means, resources; status; nature, character;—haiṣīyati 'urjī, Repute, reputation, character;—arbābi ḥaiṣīyat, Contemplative, scientific (persons);—az ḥaiṣīyat, With regard to, as to (m.c.).

haid (v.n.), Turning aside from, swerving; a transverse knot upon the horn of an ibex or mountain-goat; a projection from a mountain's side; any pro-

tuberance; - hayad, Food.

a عبدر آباد haidar-ābād, Name of two cities in India.

a حيدر مناتب ḥaidar-manāqib, Like 'Alī in virtues.

a ميدر نامة haidar-nāma, Title of a book written by Farīdu 'd-din 'Attār.

هيدري haidari, Of or belonging to Haidar; one of the sect of 'Ali; an adherent of Qutbu 'd-din 'Ali, the founder of a mystic sect.

معر hair (v.n.), Being astonished, confounded, disturbed; being dazzled (the

sight).

hairān, Astonished, confounded, confused, hewildered, dazzled, amazed, astounded; perplexed, distracted, worried, harassed; [hairān u sar-gardān, Wandering about in a distracted or bewildered

state of mind;]—hayarān (v.n. of pa), in P. also hairān, Being astonished, &c.

a ميرة وده hairan-zada, = ميرة وده q.v.

a خيراني hairánī, Astonishment, perturbation; astonished, perturbed.

A أحير hairat (v.n. of حير), Being astounded, confounded; amazement, consternation, perturbation, stupor;—hērat, A city in Mesopotamia; a reply.

a عيرت ألوبين hairat-āfirīn, What creates

astonishment, &c.

a عبرت الزا ب ḥairat-afsā, Astonishing, amazing.

anazing. a عبرت انگيز hairat-angez, Exciting wonder.

a عيرت زدة hairat-zada, Struck with amazement, thunder-struck.

a حيرت أب به hairat-ma'āb, Astonished, amazed.

a جبرتى إairatī, Astonished, amazed, bewildered.

A Larama, Sometimes, often.

موري hairá, Astonished, amazed (woman).

a حيرى ḥīrī, Native of Hīrat in Mesopotamia.

A عيز haiz, A place, portion, quarter, tract, region; a courtyard, area

معر hāz, A vessel used in baths, either for drinking or pouring water upon the body; a catamite.

ميري hīzī, Sodomy ;—hīzī kardan, To commit sodomy.

ميث hayash (v.n.), Quaking from fear; inspiring with terror; making haste.

A ميص hais (v.n.), Turning away from, swerving;—hais bais, hīs-bīs, A perplexed business, a misfortune; perplexity, hesitation, suspense.

A عيصل haisal, The egg-plant.

ميف haiz (v.n.), Having the courses, and on that account abstaining from prayer; the menstrual discharge;—haizi āwardan, To be menstruous;—haizi dukhtari ('arūsi) raz, Red wine;—haizi safed, Semen genitale;—haizi gul, The redness or brightness of the rose.

a حيمي بمنعة, A wicked brat, imp; illegitimate, bastard.

ميطان A ميطان أبر hītān (pl. of hā'it), Walls.

A alaa hitat, hitā, An enclosure; a court; —ba-hita'i taşarruf āwardan, To appropriate.

A ميعلى hai'alal (v.n. of حيعل), Pronouncing the formula haiya 'alá 's-salāt, Come to prayer!—haiya 'alá 'l-falāh, Come to safety or happiness.

A -A - haif (v.n.), Practising injustice;

injustice, violence, oppression; revenge; a pity; alas! what a pity; -haif ast, What a shame!—haif burdan, To afflict, to grieve one;—haif khwurdan, To be grieved, sorrowful, afflicted;—haif kardan, To oppress, practise injustice; — haif kashīdan (giriftan), To take revenge; -haif na-bāshad, Is it uot a pity, a shame? (inm.cc.);—haif u mail kardan, To appropriate unjustly; -sad haif, A thousand (lit. a hundred) pities (m.c.).

A عبك haiq (v.n.), Surrounding, girding; lighting upon, overtaking (as affliction or a snare); whatever befalls a man as the re-

sult of his own misconduct.

ا حيك haik (v.n.), Strutting; walking leisurely; sinking into the mind (a word); cutting, penetrating (a sword or large knife); weaving.

A ممل hail, Power; craft, wile, sagacity; -hiyal (pl. of hīlat), Frauds, tricks, stra-

finesse, knavery; pretence; trick, plot; fraud, deceit, deception; -hīla andākhtan (kardan, namādan), To use art, to deceive; to lay snares.

a ميلة (for ميلة) hilatan, Artfully, de-

ceitfully, by fraud.

a عيله باز به إِنَّهُ باز به إِنَّهُ باز به إِنَّهُ باز م a حيلة بازى hīla-bāzî, Villainy, deceit. a عيلة بند hīla-band, A cheat.

A حيله بيله ḥīla-bīla, All kinds of tricks or stratagems (m.c.).

a ميله پژوه أبقاء أبقاء بروه بروه ميله بروه أبقاء ميله بروه ميله بروه ميله بروه المياه بروه ميله بروه المياه حيلة سأز ḥīla-sāz, A cheat, deceiver.

a حيلة سازى hīla-sāzī, Deceit, fraud ; playing tricks; immoralities; false weight, &c.

a حيلة فروش hīla-farosh, A dealer in deceit ; a crafty fellow; sly, malicious, crafty.

a عيله كار ميله كر hīla-kār, حيله كار hīlagar, A cheat ;

subtle, crafty.

a عيله کری ḥīla-garī, Deceit, fraud, roguery.

a ميله به hilawar, A cheat, a deceiver. a عيله ورى ḥilawarī, Deceit, rognery.

hain (v.n.), Arriving (time) ; being near to; destruction; death;— $h\bar{n}n$, Time, an age, forty years, seven years, half a year, eve and morn; the day of judgment; -hīni hayāt, Life-time;—hīni raftan, At

the moment of departure.

A عبوان ḥaiwān (v.n.), Living; life; an animal; a brute; a stupid fellow, a blockhead; - haiwāni tambal, The sloth (quadruped) ;-- ḥaiwāni <u>kh</u>ākī wa ābī, An amphibious animal; - haiwāni ghairi nātiq, An irrational animal, a brute; - haiwāni māshī bi-shikam, A reptile; - haiwāni mutlaq, An absolute animal, i.e. a beast or brute; haiwāni nātiq, A talking animal, i.e. a rational being; -- haiwāni nāhiy, A braying animal, an ass.

A حيوانات ḥaiwānāt (pl. of the preceding), Cattle, brutes; - haiwānāti ghairi wulūd, Oviparous animals; — haiwānāti wulūd, Viviparous animals.

a ميوان خوران ميوان خوران ميوان خوران ميوان عوران ميوان

devourer), Death.

a حيواني ḥaiwānī, Brutal;

'agli haiwānī, Animal instinct.

a عيوانية haiwānīyat, Animality; animal life and nature; bestiality, brutality (opp. to insaniyat, humanity).

A see hayat, Life.

a الزا hayát-afzā, Prolonging life.

A حيود huyūd (v.n. of حيود), Declining, turning from, swerving; (pl. of haid) projections from the sides of mountains; knots in the horns of mountain goats.

a As haiya, The thread-worm, Lumbricus

teres (see also A. حية).

خ kh (called khā'i sakhiz (see جماً), khā'i manquita, khā'i mu'jama, dotted khā), The ninth letter of the Arabic-Persian alphabet, expressing in arithmetic 600, and representing Tuesday in almanacks. Its sound corresponds with that of the Scotch or German ch in loch ("lake" in Scotch, "hole" in German). It is interchangeable with E and s, as sitegh for sitekh, hijir for <u>kh</u>ijīr.

<u>kh</u>ā, The shoulder; a sewer, sink; (imp. of khāyīdan, used in comp.) chew-

ing.

 $\bar{a} = \underline{kh}\bar{a}'$, The letter $\underline{kh}\bar{a}$; crines ani. خاب <u>kh</u>āb, Cast back, rejected; sleep.

<u>khābūr</u>, A sort of plant; name of a fountain or river in Mesopotamia; name of a place.

A مُعَامِدُ <u>kh</u>ābi'at, A jar for vinegar, wine,

ابيدن <u>kh</u>ābīdan, To trample on, tread down; to make equal, adjust; (for khwābīdan) to sleep.

حاك <u>kh</u>āt, A kite.

A ماتام <u>kh</u>ātām, ماتم <u>kh</u>ātam, khātim, A seal, a seal-ring, a signet; inlaid work, mosaic (m.c.); the last; -khātimu 'l-am $biy\bar{a}$ ('n-nab $\bar{i}y\bar{i}n$), The seal of the prophets (i.e. the last of the prophets, Muhammad); -khātami jam, The seal of Solomon (to which many wonderful qualities have been attributed by the Muhammadans); a cabalistic charm so called (see جم and سليمان); the liver; — <u>kh</u>ātami suhail-nishān, <u>kh</u>ātami $qoy\bar{a}$ $(q\bar{u}y\bar{a})$, The mouth of a mistress.

اتم بند <u>kh</u>ātam-band, An inlayer ; a seal-

engraver.

خاتم بندى <u>kh</u>ātam-bandī, Inlaid work ; seal-engraving.

A مَاتَمَة khātimat, The end of anything; the epilogue of a book.

عاكم <u>kh</u>ātmar, <u>kh</u>ātmir, خاتمن <u>kh</u>ātman, khātmin, (in Zand) A sister.

a عاتم ساز <u>kh</u>ātam-sāz, Worker in mosaic

a خاتم سازی <u>kh</u>ātam-sāzī, Inlaid or mosaic work; adorned with such (m.c.).

عاتم كارى <u>khātam-kārī</u>, Inlaid work (m.c.);—<u>kh</u>ātam kārī'i sang, Mosaic.

خاتمه بندى <u>khātima-bandī</u>, A kind of workmanship of which they make bows; ceiling of a roof.

a خاتمی <u>kh</u>ātamī, <u>kh</u>ātimī, A ring or sealmaker.

ناتمين khātmīn, A sister.

A offe khātin, fem. khātinat, khātina, A circumciser.

المالية <u>kh</u>ātūla, Fraud, deceit, seduction ;

vileness, meanness of condition.

Of khātān, A lady, matron; a female proper name;—khātāni jannat, Queen of Paradise (a title given to Fātima, daughter of Muhammad);—khātāni jahān, The sun;—khātāni kharyahi sinjāb, The sun; the moon;—khātāni khum, A jar of wine; pure wine;—khātāni shabistāni falak, The sun; the moon; the planet Venus;—khātāni taiyāb, Mecca;—khātāni 'arab (kā'ināt), The Kaaba, or fane at Mecca; Fātima;—khātāni 'inab, Wine;—khātāni falak, The sun; the moon; Venus;—khātāni yaghmā, The sun; according to others also the moon and the planet Venus.

خاتون آباد <u>kh</u>ātūn-ābād, A quarter in Ispa-

hān.

æk khāj, The cross; the soft part of the ear.

خاجسوگ <u>khājs</u>āg, A sickle (see حاجسوگ). ناخیدن <u>khākh</u>ādan, To trample, to tread under foot (doubtful word).

الله <u>kh</u>ād, A kite; a falcon.

الم <u>kh</u>ādir, Weak, foolish, stupid; a lion in his den or in the woods.

A والله <u>kh</u>ādi', Deceitful, treacherous.

A public teacher, professor (of a college); — khādim, A domestic servant (male or female); a slave; a eunuch; — khādimu' ½-ţulabū', A public teacher, professor (of a college); — khādimi pīr (sipihr), The planet Saturn; — khādimi khānaqāh bā o, The snn; the planet Jupiter; — khādimi daryāh, A servant who has charge of a tomb or mosque.

A dosla khādimat, A female servant.

A مادسية <u>kh</u>ādimīyat, Service, servitude; condition of a servant.

عادة <u>kh</u>ūda, A straight branch; a broomstick; an oar; a coal-rake; a gibbet.

 ment; full moon; (for khārā) a very hard stone; name of a town in Persia; (for q.v.) vile, &c.; — khāri āhanī, An iron spike;—khāri pīrāhan, What afflicts, paius, is hurtful;—khāri tarāzā, The tongue of goldsmith's scales; -khār chīdan, To gather thorns; (met.) to protect;—<u>kh</u>ār dar pirāhan re<u>kh</u>tan (dar jaib afgandan), To afflict; -khār dar jigar shikastan, To render restless or unsteady;khār dar rāh shikastan, To collect thorns; to protect; -- khāri dalv-kash, A hook for drawing up a bucket; -khāri rāh, Thorns in the way; -khāri sipihr, A misfortune; khāri saped, White-thoru; a thorny plant; - khāri sih-pahlū, A triangular thorn; a triaugular spear or arrow-head; — khāri shutur (shuturi, ushtur), A plant of which camels are fond; a thistle, teasel;—<u>kh</u>ār shudan, To be despised; -khāri zamāna bā khurmāst, Evil and good are intermixed; -khāri 'aqrab, The sting of a scorpion; (met.) the planet Mars, as presiding over the sign Scorpion (see guli mīzān under لل); — <u>kh</u>ār kardan, To villifv; — <u>kh</u>āri māhī, A fish-bone;—<u>kh</u>āri mughailān, The thorn of the plant mughailān;—khāri wàzhgāna, The inverted thorn; -khār nihādan, To disobey; to oppress; -khār u turunj (khurmā), Trouble and repose; indigence and affluence; $-\underline{kh}\bar{a}r\ u\ jam\bar{a}l$, A species of date;—az (bar) nagshi gör khar ruyad, (met.) Ignominy and contempt ensue from it.

ال <u>kh</u>ārā, A very hard stone, flint, rock; waved silk; a tone in music.

يوش <u>kh</u>ārā-posh, Dressed in waved silk.

عاراً تراش <u>khārā-tarāsh</u>, A stone-cutter. عاراً ستير <u>kh</u>ārā-sitez, Firm as a rock in combat.

له الله <u>kh</u>ārā-sang, Marble.

عاراً هکان <u>kh</u>ārā-shikāf, Stone-splitting. عاراً هکن <u>kh</u>ārā-shikan, Stone-breaking. عارا کن <u>kh</u>ārā-kan, Piercing rocks.

غار الداز <u>khār-andāz</u>, A porcupine.

خاراًليدن <u>kh</u>ārānādan, To cause to scratch. اعار آور <u>kh</u>ār-āwar, Thorny; a thorny brake.

خارائی <u>kh</u>ārā'ī, Extreme hardness. خار بست <u>kh</u>ār-bast, A hedge of thorns; thorns fixed on a wall.

عار بنان <u>kh</u>ār-bunān, Roots of brambles. عار بنان q.v.

عاريشت <u>kh</u>ār-pusht (thorn-back), A porcupine, a hedgehog; name of a fruit;—<u>khār-pushti buzurg</u> (tır-andāz, kalān), A porcupine.

who rebels or comes forth in a hostile manner; a heretic; out of tune; discordant;—<u>khārij</u> az isti'māl, Out of use;—<u>khārij</u> az baḥs, Out of the question;—<u>khārij</u> az hita'i shumār, Innumerable;

— <u>kh</u>ārij az 'aql, Senseless foolish; — <u>kh</u>ārij az qismat, Indivisible; — <u>kh</u>ārij az markaz, Eccentric.

غار جا <u>kh</u>ār-jā, A thorny place.

**<u>kh</u>ārijan, Out of doors.

a عارة ألا الله khārij-āhang, Who plays out of tune; discordant, dissonant.

a عارع نسبت <u>kh</u>ārij-qismat, The quotient

(in arith.).

عارجه <u>kh</u>ārjang, عارجه <u>kh</u>ārcha, Name of a thorny plant, preserved in vinegar like

capers.

a خارجة khārija. The word at the bottom of the page, which is repeated at the beginning of the next, a catch-word; exterior; what is excluded or excepted.

a عارجي <u>khārijī</u>, Extrinsic, extraneous; a pretender, outlaw; belonging to the sect

called Khārijīyat.

a مارجية <u>khārijīyat, khārijīya</u>, Name of a sect who do not count 'Alī among the legal successors of Muhammad.

خارجنگ <u>kh</u>ār-chang, A crab; cancer.

خار چينك <u>khār-chīna</u>, Small forceps, tweezers; the nails of the thumb and finger with which a pinch is inflicted.

ار چینی <u>khār-chīnī</u>, A hard substance, whence the Chinese make mirrors; also arrow-heids, a wound from which is mortal.

خار خار khār-khār, Scratching; scrubbing; disquietude, anxiety; affliction; anguish; love, desire; the impulse of the heart; a wound, fissure; heat; itch.

<u>khār-kh</u>asta, Wounded by a

thorn.

خار عسك <u>khār-kh</u>asak, A triangular thorn. عار خيو خار خير <u>khār-kh</u>ez, Thorns fixed on a wall (عاربست).

<u>khār-dār</u>, Thorny; barbed; trou-

blesome, arduous.

عار ديدة <u>kh</u>ār-dīda, Wounded by a thorn; experienced in and inured to suffering.

<u>khārzār</u>, A thorny place.

אל נכנ <u>khār-zad</u>, Name of a thorny shrub. אל <u>khārsān</u> (shortened from the following), A thorny place or field.

<u>khāristān,</u> A thorny place, a خارستان

brake.

خار سر <u>kh</u>ār-sar, Anything pointed.

ارسوار <u>kh</u>ūr-sar-bur, A thorn-cutter; an instrument for cutting thorns, a bill.

خارش <u>kh</u>ārish, عارث <u>kh</u>ārisht, A sore, scratch; scab, itch, mange; itching; scratching;—<u>kh</u>ārish kardan, To itch.

<u>kh</u>ārishtī, Scabby. خارهتى

عارش ناك <u>kh</u>ārishnāk, Itchy, scabby.

A خارك khārif, The keeper of a palm-

plantation.

الله <u>kh</u>āriq, A tearer, splitter;—<u>kh</u>āriqi 'ādat, Contrary to custom, uncommon; afrāsi <u>kh</u>āriqatu'ṣ-ṣufūf, Cavalry piercing the ranks.

<u>kh</u>ārak, A little thorn; name of an

island situated in the Persian Gulf; also of a species of dates which grow there; dry or unripe dates.

غارکش <u>khār-kash</u>, A wood-cutter; a poor man who for want of an ass is obliged to carry thorns himself; name of a note in music, and of its inventor;—<u>kh</u>ār-kush, A kind of leathern hose worn over boots.

الم خاركن <u>kh</u>ār-kan, A digger-up of thorns; a basket for carrying them in; a bush full of thorns; a nursery-man; name of a note in music.

عار ماهي <u>kh</u>ār-māhï, A sword-fish ; a stur-

geon.

عار مهك \underline{kh} ār-mahk (\underline{kh} āri mahk), A certain mountain herb.

<u>khārnāk,</u> Thorny.

الم <u>khār</u>ū, A fish-bone; a beard of corn. عاروار <u>khārwār</u>, Thorny; pointed as a thorn.

عار و عس \underline{kh} ār-u- \underline{kh} as, Rubbish, sweepings.

ورن <u>kh</u>ārūn, Restive; what is scratched. الله <u>kh</u>ārwa, A sailor (doubtful word).

khāra, A hard stone; a kind of rich waved silk; a broom-stick; a broom fixed on the end of a long pole; a woman.

ارة كوة <u>khāra-koh</u>, A mountain of stone;

a rocky mountain.

ارى khārī (for khwārī), Meanness; igno-

miny.

خاريدي <u>kh</u>ārīdan, To scratch, itch; to curry (a horse); to provoke, irritate;— <u>kh</u>ārīdani kos, The beating of the drum.

الم <u>khā</u>rīn, Restive; what is scratched. الم <u>khā</u>z, Dirt of the body, garments, and the like; a kind of linen garment; a pnmice-stone for rubbing the heels in the bath.

A عارق <u>kh</u>āziq, Hitting the mark (arrow or spear).

A ناك <u>khāzin</u>, A treasurer; a keeper, guardian, custodian.

عازىدار <u>kh</u>āzin-dār (irr. pl. <u>kh</u>āzin-dārat), A treasurer.

ينه <u>kh</u>āzana, A wife's sister.

خازنی <u>kh</u>āzanī, Name of a famous philosopher or physician.

الله <u>kh</u>āza, Mixed, kneaded; stucco.

عارهان <u>kh</u>āzhghan, A kettle, a pipkin. المان <u>kh</u>āsip, Au apple.

ماسب <u>kh</u>āsip, Au apple. <u>kh</u>āst, Rising; rise.

المستكى <u>kh</u>ūstagī, Rising or swelling of dough.

المتن <u>kh</u>āstan, To rise, arise, get up; to excite an insurrection; to set out; (for <u>kh</u>wāstan) to ask, petition;— ba-pā (bar pāy) <u>kh</u>āstan, To spring to one's feet;—chi <u>kh</u>āst, What then?

علمته <u>kh</u>ūsta, Risen; raised up; leavened; a riser;—nau-khūsta, Newly risen; a youth whose beard begins to appear.

A rulk khāsir, A loser.

عاسيدي <u>kh</u>āsīdan, To wax old (doubtful word).

khāsh, Rubbish, chips, parings; a bent of hay or straw; war, battle, strife; vehemence, impetuosity; immoderate in love or in friendship; quarrelsome, squabbling; avaricious; doting, silly; weak, cowardly; abject, vile; a mother-in-law; name of a place.

shoots, suckers, young grass, small bits of wood, shavings, parings, or refuse of any kind; also dust, motes, straws, or anything similar which gets into the eye or

liquors; rubbish, siftings.

عاهبو <u>kh</u>āsh-jo (jā), Warlike, pugnacious.

المك <u>kh</u>āshak, Sticks and straws; siftings; <u>kh</u>āshk, Name of a village near Bakrān.

الهكاف <u>khā</u>shakdān, A shop-till; a breadbasket; a little box or basket wherein women keep any little odds and ends.

عاش و خش جش <u>kh</u>āsh u <u>kh</u>ash. Sticks and straws; chips, filings; scraps, bits of leather.

<u>kh</u>āshūsh, A reaping-hook.

&c. mixed together; envy, jealousy.

A $h\bar{a}$ $h\bar$

a خامان <u>kh</u>āṣṣān (pl. of <u>kh</u>āṣṣ), **M**en of

aج خاص جر <u>kh</u>āṣ-baḥr, The royal ficet of vessels sent every year to the king.

a عاص بر داره <u>khāṣ-bar-dār</u>, A soldier whose arms are furnished by his employer; the bearer of the betel-box; a servant who in a great man's retinue carries a firelock.

خاص پورة <u>kh</u>āṣ-pūra, Apartment for servants.

A خامة <u>khāṣṣat</u>, Special, private; noble,

&c. (See خاص and خام.)

A مَاهَمُ khūṣṣatan, in P. khūṣṣa, khūṣa, khūṣa, khūṣat-an, In particular, particularly, especially, &c.

a خاصتراش <u>kh</u>āṣ-tarāsh, Chief barber

(m.c.).

عاص تحميل <u>kh</u>ūṣ-taḥṣil, Government collections without the intervention of a zamīn-dār.

عاص تعلق على غلام $kh\bar{a}\bar{s}$ -ta'alluq, Lands exclusively belonging to government, the original owners having died out without heirs. a خاص جا $kh\bar{a}\bar{s}$ - $j\bar{a}$, A sanctuary.

a مای خام <u>kh</u>āṣ-dām, A tax for providing the king's wardrobe.

A غَامِرة \underline{kh} aṣirat, The hypochondria, waist, abdomen.

a خاص زر <u>kh</u>āṣ-zar, Fine gold.

a ومين إصين <u>khāṣ-zamīn, Quit-rent</u> estates.

a عاص طلب <u>kh</u>āṣ-ṭalab, Retinue, suite. a عاص كتان <u>kh</u>ūṣ-kattūn, Fine linen, mus-

a كام كتان <u>kh</u>āṣ-kattān, Fine linen, muslin.

a خاصگان <u>kh</u>āṣagān, Nobles.

a خامگي <u>kh</u>āṣagī, Peculiarity, speciality; excellence, nobility; anything choice and precious; a king's favourite; a royal page; a treasurer.

a خاص محل <u>kh</u>āṣ-maḥal, A private apartment; the apartments of married women; first-married wife.

a خاص نویس <u>kh</u>āṣ-nawīs, The office where the king's accounts are recorded.

a خاص نویسی <u>kh</u>āṣ-nawīsī, A cess for pre-

sents made to the king.

a خامه <u>kh</u>āṣa, Fine cotton cloth of a close texture, called cossas; an intimate, confidential friend; a private secretary; the king's victuals; especially, chiefly (see A. عامة).

a غامة باغ <u>kh</u>āṣa-bāgh, A private, i.e. royal garden ; — <u>kh</u>ūṣa-bāghi safed, The royal

white garden in Barda'.

A عامي <u>kh</u>āṣī, A castrator, a gelder.

A خاصية <u>khāṣṣiyat</u>, Quality, property, attribute; peculiar nature, natural disposition.

خاصيدن <u>kh</u>āṣidan, To suppress (doubtful word).

A خاضع <u>kh</u>ūzi', Humble, obsequious.

<u>A حالب khātib</u>, A public speaker, an orator, a preacher; one who asks in marriage;

the second person.

A jest <u>khātir</u>, Whatever occurs to or passes in the mind; cogitation, thought, suggestion; memory, remembrance; mind, soul, heart; inclination, propensity; affection, favour; pleasure, will, choice; sake, account, behalf;—<u>khātir āsūdan</u>, To satisfy, appease;—<u>khātir āsūdan</u>, To be in love;—<u>khātir dāshtan</u>, To like, have a mind for;—<u>khātiri daryā-maqātir</u>, A comprehensive mind;—<u>khātiri daryā-maqātir</u>, Gracious mind;—<u>khātir kardan</u>, To reconcile, satisfy.

A عامره <u>kh</u>atir-an, In or by the mind or memory; by heart; willingly; for the

sake of; as a favour.

a خاطر آزاری <u>khātir-āzār</u>ī, Displeasure. a خاطر آزرده <u>kh</u>ātir-āzurda, Melaneholy, sad.

a stati pla khūtir-āshufta, Discomposed.

a خاطر پذیر <u>khāṭir-pazīr</u>, Pleasing to the mind, agreeable to wish.

a خاطر پریش <u>kh</u>āṭir-paresh, Disturbing the mind (Satan).

a خاطر پسند <u>khātir-pasand</u>, Agrecable, liked.

a خام ماطر جمع <u>khātir-jam'</u>, Collected, composed, comforted, contented, assured, tran-

quil, at one's ease; satisfactory; content, assurance, encouragement; (as an exclamation) be easy! cheer up! (m.c.).

a عالم جمعي <u>khātir-jam</u>ī, Comfort, ease. a عالم عالم عالم الله <u>khātir-khā</u>h, A beloved object. a عالم خواه <u>khātir-kh</u>wāh, Agreeable to wish.

a عاطر عوش <u>khātir-kh</u>wush, Contented. a عاطر دارى <u>khātir-dārī</u>, Confidence, com-

fort.

a عاطر داهت <u>khātir-dāsht</u>, Complaisance; recollections (m.c.).

reconections (m.c.).
a ماطر زاده <u>khālir-zāda</u>, Offspring of the

a خاطر فريب <u>kh</u>ātir-firīb, Stealing the heart.

a خامر کشا <u>khātir kushā</u>, Heart-breaking. a خامر گرفته <u>khātir-girifta</u>, Displeased.

a عامر کبر <u>khātir-gīr</u>, Heart-captivating, mind-possessing; enchaining the affections. a عامر عادد <u>khātir-māndagī</u>, Sadness, heart-sickness.

a عاطر مالده <u>khātir-mānda</u>, Offended; heart-sick;—<u>khāt</u>ir-mānda kardan, To dis-

gust.

a خاطر ملول <u>kh</u>āṭir-malūl. Heart-sick, sad. a خاطر ناقص <u>kh</u>āṭir-nāqiṣ, Defective in iniellect.

a عالم نشان <u>kh</u>ātir-nishān, By heart; any mark of remembrance; an instance of me-

mory; a memorandum-book.

a خاطر نشين <u>khātir-nishīn</u>, Fixed in the memory; chosen, beloved; constant preoccupation (m.c.);—<u>khātir-nishīn</u> sā<u>kh</u>tan, To reconcile to, incline towards, impress favourably, conciliate, dispose.

a عاطر نگران <u>kh</u>ōtir-nigaran, Anxious.

a عاطر نگهدار <u>khūlir-nigahdār</u>, Who takes care of another's soul.

a عاطر نواز <u>kh</u>ātir-nawāz, Affable, gracious.

a خاتر نوازي khāļir-nawāzī, Politeness.

a المام Mind, thought, design,

intention, will, resolution, purpose.

A Like <u>khātif</u>, Seizing, snatching, carrying away; a dazzling flash of lightning;—
<u>khātifu zillihi</u>, Name of a bird, that snatches at its image in the water, also called mulā'ibu zillihi (see Lale).

A خاطئ <u>kh</u>āti', An offender, sinner; de-

viating.

A مالقی khāfiz, A depressor; one of the attributes of God (as depressing the proud); a particle requiring the oblique case.

A مانعة khāfizat, A female circumciser of

girls.

A عالقين <u>khāfiqain</u> (obl. du. of <u>khāfiq</u> "horizon," used as nom.), The two horizons, East and West.

الله <u>kh</u>āqān, Emperor of China or Chinese Tartary; an emperor, a king.

<u>kh</u>āqān-kulāh, Owner of an im-

perial crown.

الى <u>kh</u>āqānī, Imperial; name of a poet.

<u>kh</u>āqāniyān, Emperors.

اق باق الله <u>kh</u>āq-bāq, A slaug name for the vulva.

vulva. الله <u>kh</u>āk, Earth, dust, soil, mould, dirt, ground; country; district (m.c.); the earth as element; the grave; anything of little value, or useless; quiet, mild, peaceable, obedient, submissive, humble; humility, lowliness; -- khāk andākhtan, To bury a stolen object in order to avoid detection: khāk bā khūn sirishtan, To make a general massacre; - khāk bar-āwardan, To destroy; -khāk bar lab mālīdan, To deny, to conceal (proverbial phrase); - khāk bādan, To be lowly and submissive; -khaki bimar, Pure gold; — <u>khāki bī-nāmūsī</u>, Freedom, immodesty, indecency; - khāki pāy, The dirt or dust of the feet; ground beat by the feet; (met.) poverty, indigence; -khāk paimūdan, To prostrate oneself; -khāki tārik (tīra), The human body;—khāki tang, A grave; — khāk dar tarūzū'i kase afgandan (dar kāsa'i kase kardan), To abase, to revile, to scoff at ; - khāki jilau-gīr, A captivating or enchanting place; - khāki hāşil-parwar, Fertile ground; - khāki khāmūsh (khushk), Barren ground ;-khak khwurdani tir, The arrow falls to the ground without hitting the mark ;—<u>kh</u>āki dāman-gīr, Mire, adhesive clay; a place where one tarries without a particular motive; -khāk dar būdan, To remain in one place;—khāki dīwār khwurdan, To practise content;—khāki zakīlān, The bod es of infidels;—khāki rangīn, Gold; silver; a bed of flowers; man; khāk zadan, To sweep the ground ;—khākash ba-dahan, Be there dust in his mouth, i.e. may he perish;—<u>khāk-ash</u> az <u>kh</u>ūni fulün bihtar ast, His little finger (lit. dust) is worth more than such a one's whole body (lit. blood) ;—<u>kh</u>āk shudan, To turn to earth; to die; to be despised; to be lowly and submissive; -- khāki shafā, Earth from the grave of Ali given to sick persons as a supposed means of recovery; — khāki za'īf, Man; khāki tīnat, The human body; -khāki 'alī, Name of a village near Kazwin; — <u>khākifarā</u>moshān, The grave; — khāki gabr dar khāna rekhtan, To scatter the dust from a (slain man's) grave into the house (of the murderer, by way of a curse); -khak kardan, To bury; - khāk gil kardan, To knead, to mix; khūki murād (murād-bakhsh), A place of pilgrinuage where a wish is obtained; - khāki murda, The ashes of a dead person; sterile ground; -khāki muṭabbaq (mu'allaq), The terrestrial globe; -khāk u āb, The human body; -khāk u bād, Earth and air; a footboy; a courier; a slave; obedient;—ba-khāk afgandan, To offend, oppress, despise;—ba-khāk burdan, To bear through life, carry to one's grave;—ba-khāk chaspānīdan, To subdue, abase, degrade.

الله <u>kh</u>ākā, A plan, sketch, draft, outline. عاك آلودكي <u>kh</u>āk-ālūdagī, Defilement with

dirt, dirtiness.

الح الردة <u>kh</u>āk-ālūda, Soiled, dirtied. jlub خاك انداز <u>kh</u>āk-andāz, A shovel; loop-hole; a sling; fringe or skirt of a tent; a magician.

ياكباز $\underline{kh}\bar{a}k$ - $b\bar{a}z$, A player at the following game.

(some object being hidden in one of many sand-pies which is to be guessed at).

الله بدر <u>kh</u>āk ba-dar (dirt at the door),

Grieved; dead; distress, poverty.

الى برسر <u>kh</u>āk bar sar (earth upon the head), Distress, poverty; grieved; dead.

خاك بر لب <u>kh</u>āk bar lab, Silence.

streets and sifts the dirt; a large sieve for screening gravel or lime; one who braves difficulties to gain his point; quick-sighted, discerning, intelligent.

خاکبیزی <u>khāk-bezī</u>, Condition of a stranger; travel, peregrination; street-sweeping.

خاكيا <u>kh</u>āk-pā, خاكيا <u>kh</u>āk-pāy,=<u>kh</u>āki pā under خاك.

خاك تردة <u>kh</u>āk-tūda (toda), A heap of earth; a butt to shoot at.

خاك خسبه <u>kh</u>āk-<u>kh</u>usba, Name of a bird. عاك خطت <u>khāk-kh</u>uft, Anything malodorous buried in the ground; kissing the ground.

a خاك خلام <u>kh</u>āk-khalās, Metal reduced

to powder.

is deposited; also a sack in which it is carried; the world;—<u>khākdāni dev (gkurūr, kuhan)</u>, The world.

الله عاكدل <u>kh</u>āk-dil (earth-hearted), An unbeliever; ignorant; adulterous; criminal.

ين, خاك <u>kh</u>āk-rand, Dust.

לוש אָלי khāk-rob, A sweeper; a broom. אול khāk-roba, Sweepings; a dunghill. או אול khāk-roba-bar, A sweeper.

خاربه کش <u>kh</u>āk-roba-kash, A sweeper. باکوریم کا <u>kh</u>āk-rez, The foot of a wall; glacis, parapet, earthwork (m.c.);—<u>kh</u>āk-rez kardan, To throw up an earthwork, make

a glacis or parapet.

<u>kh</u>āk-zād, Earth-born. عاكواد

<u>kh</u>ākzhī, Name of a certain seed

used as an eye-salve.

يار <u>khāksār</u>, Earth-like; mixed with earth, covered with dust; base, mean, low-

born, abject; one who sits in the shoehole.

<u>kh</u>āksārī, Vile, abject; dirtied, overspread with dust; humility; meanness. <u>kh</u>āksān, Contemptible, wretched.

<u>khākistar</u>, Ashes;—<u>kh</u>ākistar re<u>kh</u>tan (fishāndan), To scatter ashes;—<u>kh</u>ākistar shudan, To be reduced to ashes; to be calcined.

اکستر کون <u>kh</u>ākistar-gūn, Ash-coloured. خاکستر کونی <u>kh</u>ākistar-gūnī, An ashy colour.

خاكستر نشين <u>khākistar-nishīn,</u> Sitting in ashes;—<u>khākistar-nishīn shudan,</u> To sit in ashes.

<u>kh</u>ākistarī, Ash-coloured.

كَكُثُمُ <u>kh</u>ākosh (<u>kh</u>āk-ash), His dust (see also <u>kh</u>āk-ash ba-dahan under خاكه); (for <u>kh</u>āk-kash) a rake, harrow.

<u>kh</u>āk-shak, The game described

under خاك بازى q.v.

who washes the ashes to recover any particles of bullion that may have fallen; the man who prepares earth for brick-making or pottery; a certain black grain from which an eye-salve is prepared (see عاكزي).

عاکشور $\underline{h}\underline{h}ak$ -shor, One who prepares earth or clay for building; one who washes the earth in which gold and silver have been fused, to discover if any particles remain.

عاكشي <u>kh</u>ākshā, A weight for gold; a red bramble; a small seed used as an eyesalve.

a خاك مفت $\underline{kh}\bar{a}k$ -şifat (earth-like), Humble.

khāk-kash, A rake, harrow.

عاك كينة <u>kh</u>āk-gīna, A white mineral earth used in smelting, refining, or casting gold or silver.

عاك مال <u>kh</u>āk-māl, Humbled ;—<u>kh</u>āk-māl dādan (kardan), To humble, to humiliate.

<u>khākmān</u>, Earthly house, the world. كاكمان <u>kh</u>āk-nishîn, Sitting on the ground; humble.

عاك لدك <u>kh</u>āk-namak, Salt soil; a sultmine; the boy's game described under عاد يا باري

عالی تهاد <u>kh</u>āk-nihād, Of humble disposition; earth-born.

anything small or minute;—<u>kh</u>āka'i firoza, A valuable mineral fit for a seal-ring.

عاكيان <u>kh</u>ākiyān, Mortals, terrestrials; abject, destitute of all spirit or honour.

خاكين <u>kh</u>ākīn, Earthen.

الله <u>kh</u>āg, An egg.

khāgīna, A fried egg, omelet.

A Jk khāl, A maternal uncle, mother's brother; a mole, freckle; a sign, a mark; a standard; a black camel; an eatable bird resembling a crow; irksomeness, wearisome importunity; a pair, couple; black; a cloud; lightning; a liberal man; a man free from the ties of love, &c.; free from suspicion; weak of heart or body; soft cloth; a striped Arabian garment; a winding-sheet; pride, haughtiness; - khāli 'asī, Šin, transgression; punishment; — khāli nān, Seeds sprinkled upon bread; blisters raised on a loaf by the fire;—<u>kh</u>āl-hā'i shangarfī, Tears of blood trickling down the cheek.

a الله <u>kh</u>ālā, An aunt.

<u>kh</u>ālāwun, Name of a medicinal

a عال عال <u>kh</u>āl-<u>kh</u>āl, Spotted very much. مالد <u>kh</u>ālid, Eternal, perpetual.

a خالدار <u>kh</u>āl-dār, Marked with moles, spotted, speckled (m.c.).

<u>khālarī</u>, Salt-works.

مالص <u>kh</u>āliş, Pure, unsullied; unadulterated; white; name of a stream in the east of Bagdad on the banks of which a castle of the same name is situated.

A "أماك khālisan, P. كالماك khālisāna,

Purely, sincerely.

a عالمهاند khālisajāt (pl. of the follow-

ing), Domains, &c.

a مالح <u>kh</u>āliṣa, Pure, &c. (fem. of khālis); an office of government in which the business of the revenue department is transacted; lands under government management.

khāli', A man or woman obtaining عالع ه a divorce by paying or renouncing the dowry; a very ripe date; a camel unable to rise, or restive when being mounted.

A مالك <u>kh</u>ālif, A water-drawer; lagging

behind; wicked, perverse.

A خالفة <u>kh</u>ālifat, A very refractory or perverse man; a tent-pole.

<u>kh</u>āliq, The Creator.

A خالفية <u>kh</u>ālīqīyat, Creative power.

khālum, A serpent.

<u>kh</u>ālnāk, Čovered with moles; freckled.

a بالم <u>kh</u>ālū, A maternal uncle; a trum-

عالولنجان <u>kh</u>ālūlinjān, Galangale.

كالرما <u>khālūmā</u>, Melilot; bugloss (see . (مَمْنگار

a كالد <u>kh</u>āla, A maternal aunt.

a عاله بي الله <u>kh</u>āla-bībī, Barley-broth.

a خالى <u>kh</u>ālī, A large carpet; a maternal uncle; a garment; arched eye-brows; a banner, streamer; -khāle, One mole (on the face).

عالى ھ <u>kh</u>ālī, Free, vacant, void; idle, unemployed; — <u>kh</u>ālī 's-sair, Travelling alone; -khālī shudan, To be free, exempt from; to be empty, void; — khālī kardan To evacuate; to abandon, reject, throw away.

<u>khālī-damāah</u>, Void of brain,

empty-headed.

خاليدوميون <u>khālīdūmiyūn</u>, خاليدوميون dūniyūn, Swallow-wort.

<u>kh</u>ālīg, A servant who has care of a nobleman's table.

ام <u>kh</u>ām, Raw, undressed, crude; unripe, immature; unburnt (brick); a badlyexecuted business; inexperienced; a headstall; a leathern garment; wine; the silken cord of a musical instrument; a long rope, a lasso; a bungler; a voluntary cuckold; a horse that has been long in the stable; (for <u>kh</u>āma) a pen; a white reed; kham kardan, To cancel; to throw aside;khām giriflan, ba-khām giriftan (kashīdan). To sew up a person alive in the skin of an ox or an ass; -khām giriftan kār, To take up an unfinished work.

A عام <u>kh</u>āmm, Putrid flesh. عاماه اتطى <u>kh</u>āmā'i aqtī (G. хаµаи́актү), Dane-wort.

<u>kh</u>āmadaryūs (G. χαμαιδρυς), Germander.

ية <u>kh</u>āmāzāgī (G. χαμωδάφνη), Dwarf laurel.

<u>kh</u>āmārwān. The Egyptian wil-

khāmālā (G. χαμέλαια), Mezereon. لاون <u>kh</u>āmālāwun (G. χαμαιλέων), Mezereon; chamcleon.

حاماليون <u>kh</u>āmāliyūn (G. χαμέλαια),

Daphne oleaefolia.

عام آمدنی <u>kh</u>ām-āmadanī, Gross receipts. <u>kh</u>ām:āmīlin (G. χαμαίμηλον), Camomile.

يامانيطس <u>kh</u>āmānātis (G. χαμαίπιτυς), The herb ground-pine (see كمانيطوس).

<u>kh</u>āmāwun, Mezereon. عاماون

لمباز <u>khāmbāz</u>, A wide-mouthed kettle. عام باره <u>kh</u>ām-pāra, A term of abuse applied to a woman who has been cohabited with before the age of maturity.

عام خوى <u>kh</u>ām-<u>kh</u>oy, Unsteady, change-able of disposition.

a الله <u>kh</u>ām-<u>kh</u>ayāl, Stupid. عام دراي <u>kh</u>ām-darāy, Idle talk.

خام دست <u>kh</u>ām-dast, Raw-handed, unaccustomed to labour; lazy, idle, barbarous, unskilful.

<u>kh</u>ām-dastī, Dissatisfaction. a خام رای <u>kh</u>ām-rāy, Wanting in intellect.

عام ريش khām-rīsh, A buffoon.

غام روگينه <u>kh</u>ām-ro'ina, Parchment of a

A خامس <u>kh</u>āmis, The fifth.

A "اسماخ khāmisan, Fifthly, in the fifth place.

<u>kh</u>ām-sar, Hare-brained.

ينهوز khām-soz, A raw hide; the leather covering a saddle; a pancake, or anything similar roasted on the coals, or on an iron plate; meat roasted black; halfroasted.

عامسوك <u>kh</u>āmsūk, عامسوك <u>kh</u>āmsūg, Unleavened bread.

المش <u>kh</u>āmush, Silent; discreet; tame; dead; extinguished.

عام هوب <u>kh</u>ām-shob, Half-washed, rinsed. عام هوب <u>kh</u>āmisha, Fumitory.

ياسشى <u>kh</u>āmushī, Silence, taciturnity. a خام طبع <u>kh</u>ām-tab', Foolish, dull.

a عام طبعي <u>khām-tab'ī</u>, Ignorance, raw-

عام طبع عام عام طبع <u>kh</u>ām-ṭama', Of vain desires. a عام طبعي <u>kh</u>ām-ṭam[©], Vain desires. a عام عقلي <u>kh</u>ām-'aqlā, Folly, imbecility. الم عامكار <u>kh</u>ām-kār, Unskilful, inexperienced. عامكاري <u>kh</u>ām-kārā, Awkwardness, rawness.

khāmagak, A little pen.

عامگوی <u>kh</u>ām-goy, Rude of speech.

A مامل <u>kh</u>āmil, Mean, obscure, unknown. <u>kh</u>ām-nosh, A drinker of new wine.

غامريك <u>khāmosh</u>, Silent, dumb; discreet; silence; extinguished; dead; a disease in horses; hush!—<u>khāmosh būdan</u> (shudan, gashtan), To be silent, to keep silence; to be extinguished; — <u>khāmosh kardan</u>, To silence; to keep silence; to extinguish;—<u>khāmoshānīdan</u>, To cause to keep silence, &c. (caus. of <u>khāmoshādan</u>).

<u>kh</u>āmosh-kārī, Keeping silent,

silence.

خاموهی <u>khāmoshī</u>, Taciturnity, silence. ناموهیدن <u>khāmoshūdan</u>, To keep silence; to be modest; to pacify; to be wrinkled; to be wearied; to wind about.

ام ومول <u>kh</u>ām-wuṣūl, Gross produce.

heap of sand; a heap; a flagon with a long neck; a tent made of goat's hair; anything of one colour;—khāma'i azal, The pen of the divine decrees;—khāma'i taṣwīr (moy), A painter's brush;—khāma zadan, To cut or mend a pen;—khāma'i zarīn, A golden pen; letters illuminated with gold;—khāma'i siḥr-sāz, An enchanting pen;—khāma'i gauhar-niṣār, A pearl-scattering pen, i.e. an elegant writer.

انشان خامة <u>kh</u>ūma-afshān, A gilt pen. الله هامة <u>kh</u>āma-jumbān, A writer, a

scribe.

الله الله الله khāmadān, A pen-case.

عامة رالى <u>khāma-rānī</u>, Quill-driving, writing.

س) خامه <u>khāma-san</u>, A bit of wood or horn for nibbing pens on.

ڪامه کش <u>kh</u>āma-kash, Pen-drawing; obli-

الم خامة <u>kh</u>āma-guzār, Anything written or painted.

<u>khāmī</u>, Rawness, immaturity; loss;

a noose; a toil for ensnaring game; a heap of sand.

اميار <u>kh</u>āmyās, كاميار <u>kh</u>āmyāsa, Gaping. الماميار <u>kh</u>āmīz, Broth strained and left to become jelly.

whata, The title of the kings of Khata and Tartary; a prince, nobleman, lord; a Persian satrap; at present a title given to almost every officer, and no longer of much value; [khāni khānān, Lord of Lords, khāqān; title of the grand wizīr; -khāni dih, A judge of a village or small town;]— (for khāna) a house; a hive; a family, domestics, furniture, anything belonging to a house; an inn, a caravanserai; a shop; an exchange, market, or other meetingplace of merchants; a station; [khāni barah, The sign Aries;—<u>kh</u>āni <u>kh</u>arak, A halting-place for a carayan;—khāni dil, The Ka'ba;]—(for $\underline{kh}\underline{wan}$) a sort of tray or table.

khānāda, (in Gīlān) An officer who communicates the orders of the general to

the army.

nuts.

مَّةُ <u>kh</u>āncha, A small house or palace; a small inn; a painted tray.

الله <u>kh</u>ān-dār, Rifled (m.c.).

عائد داری <u>khān-dārī</u>, عائد داری q.v. و باداری <u>khānadān</u>, A family; house; bousehold; the court, king's household; of noble blood; the master of a family;—<u>khānadāni nubūwat</u>, The depository of the prophetical office.

<u>kh</u>āndes, A province in the

Dakhan.

خالائدة <u>khān-zāda</u>, A prince, a princess. عالى <u>khān-sālār</u>, A taster of provisions. خانسادان <u>khān-sāmān</u>, A house-steward, whose business is to furnish and regulate the table of the great; rich, wealthy.

<u>khān-sāmānī</u>, The department which generally includes every household

expense.

A & khāni', Suspected; suspicious; wicked, perverse.

ا مان غردة <u>kh</u>ān-gharda, مان غردة <u>kh</u>ān-gharda, A summer-house.

a قاقاط <u>kh</u>ānaqāh, مقاطم <u>kh</u>ānaqah, for P. عانگاه <u>kh</u>ānagāh, مانگاه <u>kh</u>ānagah, q.v.;— <u>kh</u>ānaqāhi bālā, Heaven.

<u>kh</u>ānqū, The city of Canton.

gah (khānagāh), A monastery for Sofis or Darwishes; a couveut, chapel; a hospice; —khāna-gāhi kamān, The curved parts of the bow.

لله الله hānagī, Belonging to the house, domestic; home-baked bread; a kind of cake; a hen; a sparrow; a prostitute.

انگی محل <u>kh</u>ānagi-maḥal, A brothel. انگر <u>kh</u>ānam, <u>kh</u>ānum, A lady (placed after the proper name).

khānumān, khānumān, ob sekhān u mān, A house and its belongings, household furniture; a domestic animal; riches, and especially hereditary possessions, movable and real; family, domestics;—khān u mān bar sari chīze nihādan, To squander one's possessions;—az khānmān bar-kandan, To eradicate, to tear up from house and home.

الوادة <u>kh</u>ānwāda, <u>kh</u>ānwāda, A family, house; a great tribe, an illustrious family; noble, of an ancient family; the mistress

of a family.

غانوار <u>kh</u>ānwār, A family; a house.

هاه <u>kh</u>āna, A house, dwelling, habitation; a tent, pavilion; a receptacle; a drawer, partition, compartment; department; the arm from the shoulder to the elbow; a field; a woman; a page of letter. paper; a heap of corn; a hillock of sand; verse, poetry; -khāna'i āfat-rez, The world; -khūna'i āwang-angūr, A place for suspending grapes; (met.) appearance of a thing where it is not expected; -khāna'i āyina, A house or apartment adorned with mirrors;—khāna'i bād (bād-gīr), An airy house; the signs Gemini, Libra, and Aquarius (see مُثَلِثُهُ);—<u>kh</u>āna'i bā zamīn yakī shudan, The house is razed to the ground; -khāna'i bar khuros bar-kardan (bā khuros kardan), khāna bar-andākhtan (pāk kardan), To devastate the house; -khāna bar-dāshtani (burdani) kamān, The bow is being bent; -khāna burdan (burīdan), To plunder the house; - khāna'i past, Nether world; -<u>kh</u>āna'i tarāzū, The sign Libra;—<u>kh</u>āna'i chashm, The socket of the eye; -khāna'i knuddy, The house of God, i.e. the Ka'ba or temple at Mecca; - khāna'i khirs, A bear-house; (met.) appearance of a thing where it is not expected; -khāna'i dargashta, A ruined house; - khāna-rā ruft u rob kardan, To devastate the house; -khāna'i rāstān. The Ka'ba; — khāna roshan kardan, To come to a conclusion; -khāna rekhtan, To eause a house to sink; -khāna'i zakhm, The seat of a wound ;-khāna'i zar, The sun; the fourth heaven; the sign Leo; -khana'i zarīn, The sun; the stars; the eighth heaven; - khāna'i zamīn-kand, A subterraneous excavation wherein men shelter themselves; - khāna'i zumbūr, A beehive; - khāna'i zinjīr, The place where a chain or fetter is put; -khāna'i zīn, The seat of a saddle; $-\underline{kh}\bar{a}na'i z\bar{\imath}n tah\bar{\imath} (\underline{kh}\bar{a}l\bar{\imath})$ kardan, To unborse, to unseat; -khāna'i siyāh shudan, The house becomes black; (met.) there is mourning; -khāna'i siyāh kardan, To devastate or desolate a house; - khāna'i sail-rez, A tavern; wine; <u>kh</u>āna'i shash-dar (six-doored house), the world; - khāna'i shatrani, The square of a chess-board; -khāna'i shīr, The breast; the udder — <u>khāna'i sher, The sign Leo</u>;—

khāna'i tumbūr, The body of a guitar;khāna'i 'angā, Name of a note in music; - <u>khāna'i 'ankabūt,</u> A spider's web; khāna'i ghul, The world; —khāna'i fardā, The future world; -khāna'i qalam (kilk), The nib of a pen; -khāna kardan (sākhtan, To build a house, to fit it out; to settle in a place; <u>kh</u>āna kardani kamān, The bow is being bent; <u>kh</u>āna'i kamān, The curved parts of the bow between the handle and the ends (the upper being called khāna'i bālā, and the lower khāna'i shibīn); -khāna gardīdan, The house is being restored, renovated; -khāna nishastan, The house sinks, gets fissures, falls in ;—<u>khāna'i</u> nard, A point of the table in the game of nard; -khāna'i murgh, A bird's nest; khāna'i nuh-dar (nine-doored house), The world; the human body; - khāna'i naishakar, A joint of the sugar-cane; -dar khāna, In the house, at home.

איש <u>kh</u>āna-hā (pl. of <u>kh</u>āna), Houses; the squares of a chess board.

১\গ্ৰাড <u>kh</u>āna-ābād, Flourish your house! the Ka'ba.

عانه آراي <u>kh</u>āna-ārāy, House-adorning. عانه باز <u>kh</u>āna-bāz, One who stakes his II.

<u>khāna-bāf</u>, Home-woven.

خانة بدوش <u>khāna ba-dosh</u>, A traveller, pilgrim, gipsy (whose house is on his shoulder); a snail; perplexed, ignorant.

عانه بر انداز <u>kh</u>āna-bar-andāz, A traveller; a wandering monk; a prodigal, spendthrift; a beloved object.

ن جر هم زن <u>kh</u>āna-bar-ham-san, A prodigal, a spendthrift.

انه بيزار <u>kh</u>āna-bīsār, Who does not care for home.

אָל אָל בּוּלוּ <u>kh</u>āna-pardāz, Attending to household matters, a servant; a spendthrift

عانه پردازی <u>kh</u>āna-pardāzī, Domestic economy, attention to household matters.

ارور <u>kh</u>āna-parwar, Brought up at home.

يرري ناله بالله بروي <u>kh</u>āna-parward, Brought up in the house; cade, cosset.

عائد تاب <u>kh</u>āna-tāb, Lighting up the house (candle).

<u>kh</u>āna-jang, Quarrelsome, ready to wrangle and fight about any trifle.

انه جنگی <u>kh</u>āna-jangī, Civil war; bickering.

عاند <u>kh</u>āna-<u>kh</u>āna, Cellular.

امد هاد khāna-khudā, Master of the house; an oratory.

اب خواب <u>kh</u>āna-<u>kh</u>arāb, Vain, empty, lying; a scamp, good-for-nothing fellow (m.c.).

الله خواه خواه خلاه خواه خلاه خواه خلاه خواه من الله خوا

يا هيد <u>kh</u>āna-<u>kh</u>ez, What comes forth from a house.

א שוא khāna-dār, Frugal, economical; a house-keeper; the lady of the house; a possessor of wealth; rifled (gun, m.c.).

الع هاله <u>kh</u>āna-dārī, Housekeeping. عاماء هاله <u>kh</u>āna-dāmād, A domesticated

son-in-law.

واله هاله <u>kh</u>ānadān, A great tribe, family. وهما هاله <u>kh</u>āna-dushman, Averse to home.

الله الله khāna-dost, Fond of home (a term of abuse).

ان دولت <u>kh</u>āna-daulat, A mount (beast

for riding).

khāna-ras, Unripe fruit falling from the branch, and coming to maturity in-doors.

غاله رميدة khāna-ramīda, Homeless.

هري هاد khāna-roba, Sweepings of a house.

ان الله <u>kh</u>āna-zād, Born in the family; the child of a slave.

عانه صوز <u>kh</u>āna-soz, Disgracing one's family.

خالة سياة <u>kh</u>āna-siyāh, = بابة مناد q.v.

ارى همارى <u>kh</u>āna-shumārī, House-counting; a house-tax.

خانه فورش <u>kh</u>āna-farosh, Renouncing the world, solitary; — <u>kh</u>āna-faroshān, (pl.) Pure, devont; hermits; loose, abandoned fellows who frequent taverns and stews.

<u>khāna-faroshī</u>, Showing off one's house and belongings, ostentation,

pomp.

کی هاند <u>kh</u>āna-kan, Spendthrift; prudent; a beardless and grasping youth who trades on his beauty.

אַט אָל <u>khāna-gīr</u>, Possessing a house; the fourth of the seven rounds of the game of nard (the first being fārd; second, ziyād; third, sitāra; fourth, khāna-gīr; fifth, tawīl; sixth, hazārān; seventh, manṣūba).

عانه دار <u>kh</u>āna-nigahdār, عانه داره مِ.v. غانه راده <u>kh</u>āna-wāda, Race, dynasty;— <u>kh</u>āna-wāda'i saltanat, The reigning house; princes of the blood (see عانواده).

عانه وار <u>kh</u>āna-wār, A family ; a house. عانه یکی <u>kh</u>āna-yakì, A dweller in the same

house, a companion.

يانى <u>khānī</u>, A fountain, pure water; a vessel wherein they cool water; a bath; gold; imperial rank, <u>kh</u>ānship; name of Humāy, daughter of Dārā; name of a coin current in Turkistān.

<u>kh</u>āniyat, The rank of a <u>kh</u>ān.

مانچه <u>kh</u>ānīcha, A small fountain or cistern.

لل <u>kh</u>āwarān, East and west; a district in Khurāsān, birth-place of the poet Anwar.

عاور عدا <u>kh</u>ārwar-<u>kh</u>udā, عاور عدا <u>kh</u>āwar-<u>kh</u>udāy, Lord of the East (a title of Salm, son of Farīdūn).

عادر عديو <u>kh</u>āwar-khidev, Lord of the West (applied to Sikandar).

اری <u>kh</u>ūwari, Western; eastern; the sun; surname of the poet Anwari.

<u>kh</u>āwush, A cucumber kept for

seed.

<u>kh</u>āwul, A biting ant.

عارلنجان <u>kh</u>āwalinjān, Galangale.

<u>khāwand</u>, A master; superior; the west; definite; the ninth sphere.

خاوندگر <u>kh</u>āwandagār, A lord, a master. عاوندی <u>kh</u>āwandā, Taste; western; mas-

غارندى <u>kh</u>āwandī, Taste; western; mastery, dominion; protection; favour, kindness.

<u>kh</u>āwī, Flavour; delight.

عارى البطن <u>kh</u>āwī 'l-baṭn, Empty-bellied. A خاوية <u>kh</u>āwiyat, Empty, fallen down (house); deserted (country).

<u>kh</u>āhar (for <u>kh</u>wāhar), A sister.

غلى (imp. of khā'īdan), Chew, bite, taste thou; (in compos.) chewing, gnawing, biting; pleasure, anything grateful to the sense; ground dug up, or trenched; low-lying land; (for khāya) an egg, &c. (see العالم).

A - 1/2 khā'ib, Unsuccessful; impove-

rished; disappointed, frustrated.

عايسته <u>kh</u>āyista, Masticated ; divulged ; absurdity.

غايسك <u>kh</u>āyisk, A smith's hammer; malleable; (in Zand and Pāzand) a prison.

A ماتف khā'iz, One who enters, fords, wades; diving into.

A عاتم <u>khā'if</u>, Timid, pusillanimous; fearful.

لالك <u>kh</u>āyak, خايك <u>kh</u>āyag, A locust.

خابگينة khāygīna, A fried egg.

A obla khā'in, A deceiver, traitor, rebel; faithless;—khā'ini nān u namak, A bread and salt traitor, a domestic villain who betrays his master.

<u>kh</u>āyanda, A masticator.

a خاگنی <u>kh</u>ā'inī, Treachery.

Ale <u>khāya</u>, An egg; a testicle; a eunuch; —<u>khāya'i iblīs</u>, Name of a certain stone; a rogue;—<u>khāya'i zar</u>, The sun;— <u>khāya'i sag</u>, Testicles of the beaver; castor;—
<u>khāya'i ghulāmān</u>, A sort of grape;—<u>khāya kardan</u>, To lay eggs;—<u>khāya guzāshtan</u> (nihādan), To lay eggs; (met.) to blush, to be ashamed or repentant; to fear; to commit a shameful act;—<u>khāya'i murgh</u>, An egg.

الم بردار <u>kh</u>āya-bardār, A cringer.

عاية ديس <u>kh</u>āya-des, A mushroom. يز <u>kh</u>āya-rez, A fried egg, omelet.

کشیده <u>kh</u>āya-kashīda, Castrated.

ياية كن <u>kh</u>āya-kun, (A hen) laying eggs.

<u>kh</u>āya-kanda, A cunuch.

خايه کرك <u>kh</u>āya-gazak, A spider-like insect said to kill by its saliva; an insect adhering to the testicles of animals and sucking the blood from them.

يانِه گير <u>kh</u>āya-gīr, Venomous sort of

spider.

اية كينة khāya-gīna, Fried egg, omelet. خاية نهادن khāya-nihādan, crime.

<u>kh</u>ā'īdagī, A chewing, a masti-

cating.

كاييدى <u>kh</u>ā'īdan, <u>kh</u>āyīdan, To chew, gnaw; to eat; -ligām khā'īdan, To be restive, to resist, to disobey.

اييدة <u>kh</u>ā'īda, Chewed, gnawed.

+ khab, Cold, frost, an icicle; (for khap) silent; hush! (for khapa) strangulation, suffocation; -khub (for khum), A jar, &c. (unsupported by examples).

A - khabb (v.n.), Ambling; flight, absconding; a low hillock of sand; -khabb. khibb, A deceiver, a fraudulent man.

A ميان <u>kh</u>ibā', <u>kh</u>ab', Concealment; concealed; rain; a plant; -khiba', A tent.

A شابخ (له yā) khabāsi, O infamous (woman)!

A مُثَابِخ khabāsat, Wickedness, depravity. <u>kh</u>ubād, A broom-stick.

<u>kh</u>abar, Soft ground full of (mice-) holes.

a عباره <u>kh</u>abāra, Quick, active, intelligent. A habbaz, A baker; - khubbaz, Mal-

A ألم الله khibāzat, Trade of a baker, baking.

a خبارى <u>kh</u>ubāzī, Mallows; — <u>kh</u>abbāzī, Baking, business of a baker.

A عباط <u>kh</u>ibat, A mark branded on the thigh of a camel;—<u>khubāt</u>, Madness.

مباك <u>kh</u>abāk (<u>kh</u>ibāk, <u>kh</u>ubāk), عباك <u>kh</u>ibal, Four roofless walls used as a stable or fold for cattle; the precincts of a mosque; straugulation, suffocation.

A خمال <u>kh</u>abāl, Destruction, going astray ; fatigue, trouble; deadly poison; putrid matter flowing from the damned; name

of a horse.

غباليدن <u>kh</u>abānīdan, To make trample on. <u>kh</u>aba'is (pl. of <u>kh</u>abisat), Impurities, wicked things, vices, depravities.

<u>kh</u>abā'īdan, To chew, gnaw, bite. khabab (v.n.), Ambling ; standing

with one foot alternately up; lifting up his right legs and left legs together (a horse).

A عبث khabas (v.n.), Being impure; nastiness, impurity; dross;—khubs, Impurity; malice, malevolence; — <u>kh</u>ubas, Impure ;—<u>kh</u>ubus (pl. of <u>kh</u>abis), Impure.

a مبث حدقه <u>kh</u>ubs-chashm, مبث حدقه khubs-hadaqa, Cursing or inveighing against by a wink of the eye or eye-brow. khabja, Tamarind; Indian date.

<u>kh</u>abar (v.n.), News, information, advices, intelligence; notification, announcement; report, rumour, fame; story, account; [khabar az zabāni kase sākhtan, To father a speech, news, &c. upon ;—khabari khizarī, Report, sudden news, guessing what is to happen (as prompted or set affoat by the propbet Khizr or Khizar, a skilful diviner); -khabar giriftan, To get information; to inquire after one's health (az); (in the language of the Sodomites) to commit pederasty ;--khabar garm shud, The news or report has been spread. The word is also construed with uftadan, amadan, bakhtan, burdan, dadan, dāshtan, shudan, firistādan, kardan, guftan, &c.]—<u>khabr, kh</u>ibr, A large bag or wallet; a camel yielding much milk; — khubr, Knowing; trying.

<u>kh</u>abar-pizhūh, Who searches for information, an explorer, investigator,

A hibrat, Experience, experiment, trial, proof; -khubrat, The knowledge of a thing; a portion or ration of meat, &c.

a خبر جو khabar-jo, = خبر جو q.v. a خبر دار khabar-dar, Informed, apprised, certified; aware; careful, cautious; an informer, scout, spy; take care! beware!khabar-dar shudan, To be conscious, to have intelligence; to be aware of ;-khabardar kardan, To inform, give intelligence, assure; to caution.

a خبردارى <u>kh</u>abar-dārī, Care; information. a خبر هنامي <u>kh</u>abar-shinās, Aware of; informed; cautious, circumspect; a spy.

a خبرگير <u>kh</u>abar-gīr, Taking cognizance, attentive; a spy, informer; a protector. patron.

a خبر گيري <u>kh</u>abar-gīrī, Spying, informing; attention; aiding, protecting; allowance, maintenance, establishment.

a خبر نویس <u>kh</u>abar-nawīs, A news-writer.

a معرم <u>kh</u>abra, Solid, firm, twisted; — <u>kh</u>abra, khibra, Reckoning; weighing.

a غبرة نامة <u>kh</u>ibra-nāma, A mariner's compass; a sun-dial.

a عبرى khabari, An historian; predica-

khabz (v.n.), Baking; giving bread to eat; pawing the earth (a camel); urging, driving vehemently; -khubz, Bread.

خبزده khabazdo, خبزدو khabazdok, خبزده khabazda, A beetle; a scolopendra; according to others, = عايهگير q.v.

مبص khabs, Mixing; preparing the dish khabis.

مبط khabt, The head of the ostrich; a flock of ostriches (doubtful word).

<u>khabt</u> (v.n.), Pawing the ground with the fore-foot (a camel); striking the leaves off (a tree) with a stick; conferring a favour without claim or previous acquaintance; marking a camel on the thigh; laying hand on anybody; hurting, inflicting madness (Satan);—khabat, A leaf shaken from a tree.

a مبطى <u>khabt</u>ī, Mad, insane, crazy.

A & khab' (v.n.), Concealing, abiding, entering.

khabak, Strangulation, suffocation. خبگال <u>kh</u>abkāl, <u>kh</u>ībkāl, خبگال <u>kh</u>abgāl,

khibgāl, Butt for archers; hole.

A ماجل khabl (v.n.), Mutilating (the body); amputation of the hands or feet; an affection of the limbs; preventing, hindering; lending; borrowing; anything given (to a porter) over and above the sum stipulated; suppression of the second and fourth letters of a foot when both are quiescent; -khubl, khabal, Demoniacal madness; a disease in the legs of quadrupeds; a certain bird which seems to vociferate all night the words matat khabal, "Khabal is dead ": musk.

A فبن khabn, Doubling up and sowing part (of a garment) to shorten it; laying up a store of provisions against scarce times; suppression of the second letter of a foot if it is quiescent.

<u>kh</u>abūra, and—

غبوة khabūk, خبوة khabūh, khabwa, khubwa, Firm.

خبه <u>kh</u>aba, Strangulation, suffocation; a difficulty in breathing; a sob; strangled, suffocated; -khaba kardan, To strangle, suffocate.

<u>kh</u>abi', Hidden, concealed.

khubaib, Name of a companion فبيت of Muhammad.

A مبيث <u>kh</u>abīs, Impure, wicked, perverse.

<u>kh</u>abīṣāt (pl. fem. of the preceding), Impure things, impurities.

a خبيثى <u>kh</u>abīṣī, Impurity; a malignant woman.

khabidan, To chew; to trample upon, beat or wear with the feet; to be crooked; to grow old or inveterate; to seize, snatch; to roast, boil, fry; to break; to abscord; to retire; to strangle (several of these meanings are doubtful).

<u>hhabīda, Crooked</u>; strangled; lying عبيدة down, sleeping (unsupported);—<u>kh</u>ubīda, Name of a thorny plant.

<u>khabīr, khibyar</u>, Weighed; counted;

prepared; twisted.

<u>kh</u>abīr, Knowing, acquainted with, informed; a farmer, a tiller of the ground; a plant, grass, herbage; the foam of a camel's month.

<u>kh</u>abera, Sum total; arranged; twisted; a sand-hill; — khabera shudan, To arm oneself; to muster.

يبخ <u>kh</u>ubbaiz, Mallows.

غبيرة <u>khabīza</u>, Ivy; a winding, twisting; coiled together; — khabīza shudan, To arm oneself.

<u>kh</u>abīṣ, Dates cooked with flour and butter.

پيين <u>kh</u>ubīn, A wooden dish (see چيين).

khabyūra, and-

khabiwa, A sum total ; a sand-hill.

<u>kh</u>ap, Silent; hush!

<u>khapāra</u>, Active, nimble, dexterous. <u>khapāk,</u> A fold for cattle.

khapcha, khipcha, branch.

خيك <u>kh</u>apak, A large loaf; strangulation; vexation.

<u>kh</u>apa, Strangulation, suffocation ;— <u>kh</u>apa kardan, To strangle, to suffocate.

مييدى <u>kh</u>apidan, To be crooked.

<u>kh</u>apīda, Bent.

<u>kh</u>it. Running, a run; splendour. A * خت khat', A hindering, keeping back.

khatā, Name of a city in China. <u>khatār, khutār, Weeding</u> (a garden).

khattar, A great deceiver, arrant knave.

khatām, Wax or clay with which anything is scaled.

A عتان <u>kh</u>itān, A convivial meeting on account of a circumcision; circumcision; the place where the circumcision is effected; -khattān, A circumciser.

<u>khitānat</u>, Circumcision.

a معانى <u>khattānī</u>, Business of a circumciser,

<u>khatr</u>, Deceit, fraud, perfidy.

A عترق khutraq, Wormwood of Pontus.

A عنم khat', Travelling in company; making haste; fleeing.

<u>kh</u>atafraj, Purslain.

طند <u>kh</u>atak (?), A daily allowance, supplied by the people to the governor's table.

khatl, Name of a district in Badakh. shan whence excellent horses are procured; seed of fleawort. (See the following.)

A عتل khatl, عتل khatalān (v.n. of عتل khatalān (v.n. of Deceiving, circumventing; seizing by stratagem (as the wolf his prey); $-\underline{khitl}$, A covering; the form or lurking-place of a hare ;- khuttal, A city in Transoxania.

<u>khatlān, A district in Badakhshān.</u> ختلانى <u>khatlān</u>ī, Belonging to Khatlān;

an excellent horse bred there.

a متلى <u>kh</u>atlī, A horse bred in Khatl; deceiving, fraudulent.

a متلى عرام <u>kh</u>atlī-<u>kh</u>irām, Prancing like a Khatli horse.

A مند khatm (v.n.), Sealing; concluding, finishing; reading the entire Qur'an.

<u>kh</u>atamāt (pl. of <u>kh</u>atam), Terminations, ends; -khatamāti qur'ān, Recitations of the whole Qur'an (for the souls of the dead, or in any other act of devotion).

a ختم کار <u>khatm-kār</u>, Issue, termination, final result.

A ختمة khatmat, An epilogue.

a متمى khatme, A recitation of the whole Qur'ān.

A محن <u>kh</u>atn (v.n.), Circumcising (a male child).

نته khutan, Tartary; also a certain district of that country celebrated for its musk; the capital of Tartary.

khatambar, A miser who complains of poverty; a trifling vain fellow, who boasts of wealth and affects distinctions which he has not.

A معنه <u>kh</u>utnat, <u>kh</u>utna, Circumcision; circumcision fees; -khutna kardan, To circumcise; — khutna nā-karda, Uncircumcised.

khutū, The horn of a Chinese bovine animal; the horn of a rhinoceros; the tooth or bone of a viper; a Chinese bird, of whose bones they make handles to knives, which, being dipped into any victuals suspected to be poisoned, are said to have the virtue of immediately discovering it; (for khatur) a reed (doubtful).

khatwāna, Garb of a religious

<u>khatūr</u>, A reed, a cane (unsupported by examples).

<u>kh</u>utūnat, Relation- متون <u>kh</u>utūnat, Relationship on the wife's side.

khatira, A shepherd's double scrip. khasam, Thickness of the nose.

A الله khusūrat, Thickening (of water); curdling (of milk); remaining with one's tribe.

مشي <u>khasy</u>, Dunging (an ox or elephant);—<u>khisy</u>, Dung.

و.v.), Try, strive, محميدن haj (imp. of محميد q.v.), make an effort; assemble, meet; endeavour, effort (Doubtful word).

E khaj', Striking; lying with.

khajāra, khujāra, A little; weak;

buffoonery.

اخجل <u>kh</u>ijālat (v.n. of خجالة هجالة ه), Being ashamed, confounded; shame, bashfulness, modesty; — <u>k</u>hijālat kashīdan, ashamed (m.c.).

<u>khijālīdan, To embrace, encircle.</u>

khujāv, A voice, a sound.

** <u>kh</u>ajt, <u>kh</u>ujt, Concupiscence.

khajaj, A bird's crop.

khajch, khujch, A swelling in the throat (see ئىچىشى).

وح جخ \underline{khaj} \underline{khaj} , $\underline{=}$ جح q.v., but more em-

phatical (doubtful).

a خجداش <u>kh</u>ujdāsh, A fellow-servant (from P. عواجه تاش q.v.).

khujast, Name of a musical note ; = خهسته q.v.

<u>kh</u>wjastagi, Auspiciousness.

khujasla, Happy, fortunate, auspicious, blessed; a flower yellow without and black within; a woman's name.

<u>kh</u>ujasta-a<u>kh</u>tar, عجسته

starred.

<u>kh</u>ujasta-pai, Happy arrival ; fortunate.

a عبستة راى <u>kh</u>ujasta-rāy, Name of a vazir.

a خسته طالع <u>kh</u>ujusta-Ļāli', Happy-starred a مرجام غرسته فرجام <u>kh</u>ujasta-farjām, Having a happy conclusion; happily-terminating, ending well.

<u>kh</u>ajsh, A swelling in the throat. khajak, A hole made with the point of the finger or a stick; a pearl in the eye; a dot, speck, or spot; a flea-bite.

ار طهد <u>kh</u>ajak-dār, Spotted, speckled. ▲ J → khajal (v.n.), Being modest, bashful, ashamed; being confounded, silent; rejoicing; getting into the mud (a camel); being over-loaded; growing long and luxuriantly (a plant); being intricate and perplexing (an affair); being insolent, purseproud, or avaricious; languor, torpor, laziness; corruption, perversion; a number of slits in the lower part of a shirt; -khajil, Modest, bashful; (a valley) luxuriant with herbage; worn out (garment) when long and wide; long (grass).

khajlat, Bashfulness فيها

a مجلت زده khajlat-zada, Shame-stricken. a عجلت كش <u>kh</u>ajlat-kash, Very bashful.

a عجلت كرى <u>khojlat-garī</u>, Shame, bashfulness.

a عجلت ناك <u>kh</u>ajlat-nāk, Bashful.

a معلم خواية, معلم <u>khajiliyat</u>, Shame, shamefacedness.

name of a town in Turkistan, birthplace of the poet Kamāl Khujandī.

<u>kh</u>uju, A lark.

<u>kh</u>ajūr-sughd, Name of a place عجور سغد difficult to pass; name of the ruler of a province of Azirbaijan; the penis.

<u>kh</u>ijaula, A blister on hand or

foot.

<u>kh</u>ijūlīdan, To embrace.

<u>kh</u>ajīdan, To try, strive, make an effort; to assemble, to meet.

khijīr, khujīr, Handsome, comely.

<u>khachkūl</u>, A beggar.

خع خع <u>khakh-kh</u>a<u>kh</u>, Study, labour, or endeavour thou; well done! bravo! a pulsation (see چخ چځ).

A مند <u>khadd</u> (v.n.), Cutting furrows,

trenching; the cheek; a road; a furrow

in the ground.

<u>khudā</u> (from <u>khwud</u>=self, and āy= coming; according to others related to S. sva-datta=self-given, i.e. self-created), God; master, owner; -khudā bar-dārad, God takes away, i.e. causes to die;-khuda jawāb dihad, God will give an answer, a formula of imprecation, if objectionable questions are raised; — khudā khudā dāshtan (kardan), To take refuge with God;khudā-rā dost mīdārī, May God befriend you! (a form of administering an oath); -<u>kh</u>udā na-kunad, God forbid! (m.c.);ba-khudā, By God! for God's sake (m.c.); *--ba-khudā ki*, God is my witness that (m.c.); --tu-rā ba-khudā, I implore you for

God's sake (m.c.);— $t\bar{u}$ u <u>kh</u>udā, Thou and God (i.e. may be face to face, form of administering an oath);—<u>huzrat kh</u>udā'i bī-zawāl, The Almighty God without end.

خدا افريد <u>kh</u>udā-āfrīd, God-created. خدا آفرين <u>kh</u>udā-āfrīn, The Lord Creator. خدا آفرين <u>kh</u>udā-āgāh, Knowing God.

عدا أكاة <u>khudā-āgāh, Knowing God.</u> عدا برد <u>khudā-burd</u>, Whither bound?

sian king Muhammad Sikandar Shāh, father of 'Abbās the Great.

ن المنظم

خدا بينى khudā-bīnī, Piety.

عدا پرستی <u>khudā-parastī</u>, Divine worship. عدا پسند <u>kh</u>udā-pasand, Pleasing to God; a good action.

<u>khuda-tars</u>, God-fearing, godly.

A واضد <u>khadā</u>j, Miscarrying; imperfect (work or prayer).

عدا جو <u>khuđā-jo</u>, <u>khuđā-jo</u>, Seeking God. عدا جو <u>khuđā-hāfiz</u>, God preserve you! adieu, good-bye;—<u>kh</u>uđā-hāfiz kardan, To take leave, to say good-bye (m.c.).

take leave, to say good-bye (m.c.).

المان الما

their faith).

A slow <u>kh</u>idād, A mark burnt on the cheek; (pl. of <u>kh</u>add) furrows, trenches.

old the khudā-dād (Deodatus), granted by God; a proper name; name of the state governed by Tippoo Sultān, the notorious sovereign of Mysore; name of the founder of a sect.

אר בויט <u>kh</u>udā-dānī, Knowledge of God. טוא <u>kh</u>udā-dūrān, Those remote from

God, the impious.

hhudārā, For God's sake; by God! خدا ماز <u>kh</u>udā-sāz, Created or made by God. خدا ماز <u>kh</u>udā-shinās, God-knowing.

A جداع <u>khidā</u> (v.n. 3 of حدع), Deceiving; —<u>khaddā</u>, A great impostor; changeable; defective; uncurrent (coin).

يدا فورها مدا فورها <u>kh</u>udā-faroshān, Hypocrites; those who arrogated divine power, as Pha-

rach, Shaddad, &c.

خدا گير <u>kh</u>udā-gīr, Overtaken by the wrath of God; afflicted with a sudden calamity.

مدام <u>kh</u>uddām (pl. of <u>kh</u>ādim), Servants, domestics, ministers.

عدا مشرب <u>kh</u>udā-mashrab, Pious, godly. عدا الترس عدا الترس <u>kh</u>udā-nā-tars, Who has no fear of God, impious.

خدا خواسته <u>kh</u>udā na-<u>kh</u>wāsta, God forbid!

ين <u>kh</u>udāwān, The fore-finger.

<u>kh</u>udāwar, Lord, possessor, prince.

lord, master; a possessor, man of great authority;—khudāwandi jihān, Lord of the world;—khudāwandi khāna, The master of the house;—khudāwandi rozgar, A powerful man, a prince;—khudāwandi sang, Who acts with deliberation, prudent;—

khudāwandi 'ālam, The Lord of the world; khudāwandi māl, Possessor of riches;—khudāwandi ni'mat (lit. Beneficent master), A form of address to superiors; rich.

<u>khudāwand-zād</u>, A prince.

عدارك كش <u>kh</u>udāwand-kush, Who slays his master.

ברונג צו, <u>khudāwand-gār</u>, Creator of the world; the Lord, author and perfecter of everything; a king, a great man.

عدارند کاری <u>kh</u>udāwand-gārī, A sovereignty, principality; royal, regal, impe-

rial, princely.

عدارندي <u>kh</u>udāwandī, Ownership, lord-ship.

a خدا همتى <u>kh</u>udā-himmatī, Religious zeal. <u>kh</u>ud-āy (self-existent), God.

يا عدايا <u>kh</u>udāyā, O God!

אבילט א ק ע<u>kȟ</u>udāy bar tū, A form of administering an oath.

a مدايعتالي <u>kh</u>udāy ta'ālá, Most high God.

ابراعد <u>kh</u>udāy-rā, = اباعد q.v.

ه <u>kh</u>adā'i' (pl. of <u>kh</u>adī'at), Frauds, deceits.

خدايگان <u>kh</u>udày-gàn, A great lord; happy.

غدايكاني khuday-gani, Great, lordly.

خدائي <u>kh</u>udā'ē, Godship, divinity; divine; an object of worship; the honour due to God.

خدائيان <u>kh</u>udā'iyān, Followers of Khudādād.

a جم يخاتى رحم khudā'ī raḥm, A kind of food given to the poor in fulfilment of a vow.

خدائی فرهان <u>kh</u>uda'i-faroshān, Hypocrites; arrogators of divine power.

A خدب <u>khadb</u> (v.n.), Striking (with a sword), cutting through the skin and flesh; biting; lying, deceiving;—khadab, Tallness and stupidity;—khiddab, Tall, large

(ostrich).

A خدد <u>kh</u>udad (pl. of <u>kh</u>uddat), Furrows, trenches.

khadar (v.n.), Being benumbed (the limbs), torpor; a weakness or heaviness in the eye caused by a mote; sluggishness; darkness of night; rain;—khidr, A veil; a lion's den.

A قدرة <u>kh</u>udrat, Thick darkness; a black

cloud; an eagle; name of a tribe.

<u>khadrak,</u> A burning coal or billet.

<u>مدرن ه kh</u>adarnaq, A large spider; the penis.

مدرة <u>kh</u>adra, <u>kh</u>udra, A spark; bit, scrap. <u>kh</u>adsh (v.n.), Scratching, excoriating; — <u>kh</u>adish, Alarm.

a مخمم khadsha, A scratch, hurt; doubt, solicitude, anxiety; fear, alarm, danger.

tering into a hole or den; withholding, being parsimonious; being flat (market); drying in the mouth (spittle); being scanty.

A dess khud'at, khud'a, Deception, fraud. a عدعهگر <u>kh</u>ud'agar, An impostor.

A خدك <u>kh</u>adf (v.n.), Cutting out (a garment); walking fast, with short quick steps; enjoying the luxuries of life; snowing; a rudder, a helm; -khidaf (pl. of khidfat), Rents in shifts.

خدك <u>kh</u>adak, A bridge; (in the dialect of Karman) anxiety, solicitude; -khudak,

a magistrate, a judge.

A خدل <u>kh</u>adl, <u>kh</u>adal, Plumpness in the

arms and legs.

אבח <u>khadam</u> (pl. of <u>khādim</u>), Servants, attendants, retinue.

<u>khidmāt</u> (pl. of the following),

Services; situations, appointments.

A Loss khadmat, khidmat, Service, employment, office, ministry; -khadamat, A strap which ties a leathern shoe on a camel's foot.

a عدمتگار <u>kh</u>idmatgār, A serving-man.

a عدمتگاری <u>kh</u>idmatgārī, Service, ministry. a بالمناه <u>kh</u>idmat-guzār, A servant ; forward, obliging, ready to serve.

a عدمتكر <u>kh</u>idmatgar, A servant.

a خدست گزاری <u>kh</u>idmat-guzārī, Ministry. a عدست نما <u>kh</u>idmat-numa, A servant.

a خدمتى <u>kh</u>idmatī, A magnificent present, such as is presented to great men; -khidmati āwardan (kashīdan), To offer such a present.

A was khidn, A friend; a beloved, a mis-

khadang, The white poplar, a tree عدنك from which they make arrows and saddletrees; a bow or arrow made of it; a hedgehog; a crab.

<u>kh</u>udū, Spittle;—<u>kh</u>udū andākhtan,

To spit, to spawl.

<u>kh</u>udūd (pl. of khadd), Cheeks.

<u>khudūk, khadūk, Weariness, irk-</u> someness, vexation, plague; anger, indignation; envy; shame, contempt.

A معديم <u>kh</u>adij, An abortion (of a camel or

any other animal).

🗚 معديدة <u>kh</u>adījat, <u>kh</u>adīja, Name of **M**uhammad's first wife.

يدير <u>kh</u>adīr, Beauty, goodness, amiableness.

خديش <u>kh</u>adesh, khudesh, A king; a mighty man; a householder; the mistress of a family.

A معديعة <u>kh</u>adī'at (v.n. of عديعة), Deceiving ; fraud, deceit, trick; a kind of food.

<u>kh</u>idev, عديو <u>kh</u>idewar, A king, great prince, sovereign; a benevolent, excellent man; master, possessor, rich man; a friend; -khidevi hind, The king of India.

خدية <u>kh</u>idya, Annexed, added, joined.

<u>khaz'</u> (v.n.), Being humble and submissive.

خدا <u>khuzā</u>, God ; master.

خدرنق $khazarn\bar{u}h$ خدرنوه q.v.

<u>khuzrūf</u>, Anything fastened to

the end of a string, which boys whirl round with velocity, and cause to make a hissing or whizzing noise; swift, alert; a troop of camels; a camel separated from the herd; flashing lightning; kneaded clay with which children play; mud-pies.

غارة khizra, = عادرة q.v.

A علاع <u>khaz'</u> (v.n.), Cutting, mineing,

hashing.

khazf (v.n.), Throwing (a pebble or date-stone taken up between the thumb and fore-finger).

<u>khazq</u> (v.n.), Egging, spurring, goading forward (a beast); muting (a

bird); dunging, dung.

A مناه khazl, عدلان khizlān (v.n. of عدل مناه khazl, عدل الم Deserting, disappointing, withholding assistance.

A كانك khuzalat, A deserter of friends.

A منم <u>khazm</u> (v.n.), Striking with his talons (a hawk); being cut off; being drunk ;-khazam, Going fast ;-khazim, A liberal man, generous; sharp (a sword).

a dose khizmat, = dose q.v.

مدرك <u>khazūk, khuzūk, Auger;</u> a threat; terror inspired from threats; passionate.

khizev, A great prince; name of God.

الله <u>kh</u>ar (S. khara), An ass; a stupid fool; black viscous clay; sediment; the bridge of a violin; the commonest, ugliest, largest, or coarsest of its kind, as kharamrūd, "an ill-flavoured pear," &c.; [khari bā tashdīd, A "double-first" donkey;-khar bar bām burdan, To put in the wrong place;—khar-at ba-chand, For how much do you sell your ass? (said if an inferior person speaks without being asked); -khari tambur, The peg of a guitar; — khar kharidam wa az khar astar shud, I bought a donkey and it turned out a nag (said on deriving an unexpected advantage from anything); -khari khwud-ra diraz bastan, To live at ease; — khari khweshtan-rā yāftan, To obtain one's wish or purpose; - khari dashtī, The wild ass; -khar raft u rasan burd, A person has gone and carried off something; -- khari suwārī, A saddle-donkey (m.c.) ;-khari 'uttābī, The ass on which 'Uttāb, the inventor of the silk stuff 'uttābī carried about his goods (see عتاب) ;— <u>kh</u>ari 'īsá, The ass of Jesus; (met.) a solitary hermit ;-az khar uftadan, (met.) To die;-bar khari khwud suwar shudan (nishastan), To meet with retribution, to get one's deserts; bar khar suwar kardan (nishāndan), To divulge one's disgrace;]khar, khir (imp. of kharidan, khiridan), Buy thou;—khir (probably for q.v.), Fog (unsupported by examples);—khur, The sun ;-kharr, Black mud.

* khir (in Zand and Pazand), Happiness, cheerfulness; a pleasant condition.

A به kharr (v.n.), Falling; a fall from a

height; a fissure, crack; death; -khurr, The hole in the mill through which the corn drops; a round serpent; the root of

<u>kh</u>ur', Dung, excrement.

he khira (part. of khiradan), Buying.

عراب <u>kh</u>arāb (v.n. of خرب), Being ruined and desolate; ruin, desolation; destroyed, deserted, depopulated, spoiled; debauched; overcome by wine, drunk, intoxicated; reprobate; noxious, vicious; miserable; — kharāb shudan indecent; (dashtan), To be spoilt, ruined, or desolate; - kharāb kardan, To spoil, ruin, mar, corrupt, blight, taint; -khāna-ash kharāb shawad, Perdition on him (m.c.); -khānaam kharāb shud, I am lost, it is all over with me (m.c.); -kāri man kharāb ast, My affairs are in a bad way.

a عراب آباد <u>kh</u>arāb-ābād, Abode of de-

struction (the world).

المِنانِه <u>kh</u>urābāba, Water strained, or oozing through any dike, bank, or mound (doubtful, but see خرابه below).

a خرابات <u>kh</u>arābāt, A tavern; a gaming-

house; a brothel.

a خراباتي <u>kh</u>arābātī, A haunter of taverns,

a عراب باطن <u>kh</u>arāb-bāṭin, Evil disposition,

a خراب عال <u>kh</u>arāb-hāl, Ruined state; in broken-down circumstances.

a خراب خسته <u>kh</u>arāb-<u>kh</u>asta, Ruined.

الله <u>kh</u>urāba (for عوراهه q.v.), Water to drink; a small stream drawn from a larger one for purposes of irrigation; water leaking from a cistern or oozing through an embankment; a farmer furnished with all the appliances of cultivation.

a الم <u>kh</u>arāba, Desolate, waste, iu ruins (m.c.); $-duzdi \underline{kh}ar\bar{a}ba-nish\bar{i}n$, A robber

skulking among ruins.

a لمانية <u>kharābahā</u> (pl. of the preceding), Ruins

a خرابي <u>kh</u>arābī, Ruin, desolation; depravity, corruption, mischief; debased.

a عرابي زدة <u>kh</u>arābī-zada, Poor, ruined, miserable.

<u>kh</u>arātagin, A kind of armour. خراتگين

مراتين kharatin, Earth-worms.

A tharāj, khurāj, Tribute, tax, revenue; capitation-tax; [kharāji sar, Polltax ;—<u>kharāji māl</u>, Tax upon effects ;—<u>kh</u>arāji miṣr, Sugar; sugar-candy; a kiss;] khurāj, An eruption, pimple, sore, blotch.

a عراج آور <u>kharāj-āwar</u>, خراج آور <u>kharāj-</u>

guzār, Tributary.

a خراج أول <u>kharāj-āwarī</u>, and— a خراج كذارى <u>kharāj-guzār</u>ī, Tributariness. a خاجه kharāja, Leading word in a sentence.

a خراجي <u>kh</u>arūjī, (Land) subject to taxation.

لمِ kharākhar, Snoring; the noise of

one being throttled; — kharākhar zadan, To snore.

خراد <u>kh</u>arād, A kite;—<u>kh</u>arād, <u>kh</u>arrād, Name of a king celebrated for wisdom; name of a champion of Iran.

a مراط <u>kh</u>arād, A lathe (see عراط).

اله عراد مير <u>kh</u>arrad-mihr, Name of a firetemple.

a خرادى <u>kh</u>arādī, A turner.

q.v. علالوش kharārūsh, = غراروش

a sob; noise of a water-

A jly≤ <u>kh</u>arrāz, A cobbler.

A قَرَاهُ <u>kh</u>irāzat (v.n. of مِرَاة), Stitching with an awl.

غرازه <u>kh</u>arāza, Membrum virile (see غرازه). <u>khar-ās</u>, An ass-mill;—<u>kh</u>arāsi kharáb (khasisān), The firmament; -haftchashma-kharās, The mill of seven fountains (the sky, the world).

kharras, A maker or seller of خراس A jars

المان <u>khurāsān</u>, The East; an extensive and noble country, the ancient Bactriana, lying to the north of the river Jaihun; name of a note in music.

خراساني khurāsānī, Of Khurāsān; the

sun.

خراس بان <u>kh</u>arās-bān. The owner of an ass-mill.

<u>kh</u>arästar, Noxious reptiles. خراسی <u>kh</u>urāsī, A native of Khurāsān. خراسیا <u>kh</u>ar-āsiyā, An ass-mill.

<u>kh</u>arāsh, Anything torn, destroyed, and useless; rotten fruit; excoriated, torn; fallen, abject, rejected; (in compos.) piercing, scratching, tearing (with the nails or thorns).

خراهانيدن <u>kh</u>arāshānīdan (caus. of <u>kh</u>a-rāshīdan), To make scratch, &c.

a عراهم <u>kh</u>urāsha, vulg. <u>kh</u>arāsha, A scale or filing (of iron); a small debt.

<u>kh</u>arāshish, A scratch.

<u>kharāshī</u>, Scratching,

lacerating (used in composition).

<u>kharāshīdagī</u>, A scratching, tearing, or grazing; a scratch or slight wound. غراهيدن <u>kh</u>arāshīdan, To scratch, lacerate,

irritate; to shave, smooth; to graze, touch slightly, brush; -ba-tesha kharāshīdan, To smooth or shave with the hatchet.

<u>kh</u>arrāṣ, A liar;—<u>kh</u>urrāṣ, Who measures by estimation.

A blys kharrat, A turner.

A مراجة <u>kh</u>irātat, Art of turning, turnery. a خراطی <u>kharātī</u>, A turner; turned iu a lathe;— <u>kharrāt</u>ī, Business of a turner; turning.

<u>kh</u>arātīm (pl. of <u>kh</u>urtūm), Chiefs of a people; trunks of elephants; noses,

a خواطين <u>kh</u>arātīn (for P. kharātīn), Earth-worms.

A غراع <u>kh</u>urā', Madness of a camel.

مراك خراك <u>kh</u>arāf, <u>kh</u>irāf, Harvest-time, season of fruit-gathering.

A خرانات <u>khurāfāt</u> (pl. of the following), Fables, stories, romances, ludicrous sayings, farrago, nonsense, mythological stuff.

posed to have been possessed of an evil spirit, and accustomed to tell or strange things he had seen; a fable, an entertaining tale.

خواك كردن <u>kh</u>arāk (<u>kh</u>arrāk) kardan, To snore; to rattle in the throat when stran-

t الأغ <u>kh</u>ar-ulāgh, An ass.

with the meaning of khirāmīdan, in comp. with the meaning of a participle) Walking gracefully, proudly, or pompously; a waving, walking, easy air; handsome, comely; a beautiful woman; (probably related to pa q.v.) good news, joyful tidings; joy, gladness; hospitality.

خرامان <u>khirāmān</u>, Walking pompously,

strutting.

خرامانيدن <u>kh</u>irāmānīdan, To cause to strut.

مر أمرود <u>khar-amrūd</u>, An ill-flavoured pear. والمقان <u>kharāmaqān</u>, A fragrant plant.

غرامنده <u>kh</u>iramanda, A pompous or stately walker; a graceful walker; airy, jaunty.

خراميدكي <u>kh</u>irāmīdagī, A stately or graceful carriage; airiness, jauntiness.

ي <u>kh</u>irāmīdan, To walk gracefully غراميدن <u>kh</u>oramīdan, to walk gracefully ;

to strut, to go with a jaunty air.

whiramin, A kind of provender.

C) $\stackrel{kh}{=} \frac{kh}{kh} ar \bar{a}n$ (pl. of $\frac{kh}{kh} ar$), Asses; $\frac{kh}{kh} ar \bar{a}n$; $\frac{kh}{kh} ar \bar{a}n$; $\frac{kh}{kh} ar \bar{a}n$; Obedient.

غر انجار khar-ambār, A meeting on business; a number of men assembled at the house of one; a crowd; intercourse of several men with one woman; tumult, contention, discord; a culprit who is made to ride on an ass through the city.

<u>kharānjāsh</u>, Name of a Turanian خرانجاش

hero.

عرائيدن <u>kh</u>irānīdan, To cause to buy. <u>kh</u>arāhin, <u>kh</u>arāhan, A kind of

provender. مراهين <u>kh</u>arāhīn, Earth-worm; maw-

worm.

م عرائد <u>kh</u>arā'id (pl. of <u>kh</u>arīdat), Pure virgins, modest women; unpierced pearls.

A خرائف <u>kh</u>arā'if (pl. of <u>kh</u>arīfat), Palmtrees whose fruit is given in rent on estimation.

خرایک <u>kh</u>arāyag, Uncultivated ground; a field, an acre; ice; a root (doubtful word).

A → ≐ <u>kh</u>arab, A male bustard.

خربار <u>kh</u>ar-bar, An ass-load (see خربار).

פליט <u>khar-bāzān</u>, A game in which two players, standing in a bent position, head to head and hand on knee, represent an ass, held in bridle by a third player, called <u>khar-banda</u>, who prevents the other play-

mates from getting on his charge's back. Any two whom he hits with his foot must take the place of the first couple, and if one succeeds in mounting the donkey, he remains sitting on him until such an exchange has been effected.

<u>kh</u>irbāq, Name of one of Muham-

mad's Companions.

בעליט <u>kh</u>arbān, An ass-driver or owner.

A בעליט <u>kh</u>irbān (pl. of <u>kh</u>arab), Male bustards.

خردت <u>kh</u>ar-bat, A goose; stupid, an idiot; facetious, a buffoon; depraved; not to be trusted.

אין <u>kh</u>ar-buz, A water-melon; a plant re-

sembling the herb alkali.

خربزخ <u>kh</u>arbuza, A water-melon;—<u>kh</u>arbuza'i abū jahl, The colocyuth;—<u>kh</u>arbuza'i rūbūh, The bitter purging-apple;—<u>kh</u>arbuza'i hindī, The squash.

خربزة فروش <u>kh</u>arbuza-farosh, A melonseller.

خراسته <u>kh</u>arbusta, The prominent part of a roof, the eaves.

خرىشك <u>kh</u>arbashk, A blacksmith, a farrier (doubtful word).

a hap khar-bat, A fat goose; an idiot; stupid; a wild man, a hairy demon resembling the human form; dishonest.

a his khar-bata, A goose; facetious, one

who promotes laughter.

A خوبك <u>kharbaq</u>, P. <u>kh</u>arbuq, Hellebore (which is of two kinds, white and black);—<u>kharbuqi saped</u>, White hellebore;—<u>kh</u>arbuqi siyāh, The black poplar.

<u>kh</u>arbaqain, The two hellebores

(see preceding article).

مرين <u>kh</u>arbala, A water-wheel; a chest, closet.

خربندة <u>kh</u>ar-banda, An ass-owner, muleteer; a principal player in the game خربازان q.v.

اربواز, <u>kh</u>arbiwāz خربواز <u>kh</u>arbewāz, A large

אַראָנ <u>kh</u>arbūr, <u>kh</u>urbūr, A large bat ; an owl.

<u>kh</u>arbūza, A water-melon. خربوزه

خربورة زَار <u>kh</u>arbūza-zār, A cucumber- or melon-ground.

a منه <u>kh</u>araba, Desolate, laid waste.

عرضًا $\underline{khirbil}$, Name of a certain believing man of the family of Pharaoh.

خريشتة <u>khar-pushta</u> (ass's back), A sharp roof; a tomb (from its shape); anything elevated in the centre and sloping downwards at each end; a tent; the ninth heaven; a breast-plate.

khar-pasha, A fly, a gad-fly.

بربور <u>kh</u>arpūr, A large bat.

خر بی khar-pay, The tendon Achilles. خر بی khartak, khartuk, Glass beads for amulets.

amutets. <u>درتنگ kh</u>artang, A village near Samar

kand.

مرتوت khar-tūt, A large, insipid mulberry.

▲ br kharj, khwrj, Revenue, tribute, tax, duty; outgo, charge; expense, cost; a cloud just appearing; an unfordable river; name of a place in Yamama; [kharji 'iyāl, Family expenses;—<u>kharji kalīl</u>, Parsimony, frugality; -kharj kardan, To expend; to go or rush out; - kharji yarāgh, Horseapparatus;]-khurj, A cloak-bag, portmanteau, wallet, saddle-bags; -kharaj, A mixture of black and white.

<u>kh</u>arjasta, War, strife; a number of men who have usurped dominion, a republic.

عبدل <u>kh</u>arjal, A sort of bird; a locust without wings.

a جمي <u>kh</u>arjī, Travelling expenses.

בּרְאַבְּי <u>kh</u>arjīdan, To have watering eyes; to shed tears.

לאיט <u>kh</u>urjīn, <u>kh</u>urjīna, A portmanteau, saddle-bags

 $a \neq \underline{kharch}, = \underline{c} \neq q.v.$ and where verbal and nominal combinations will be found.

<u>kh</u>archāra, An ass's head placed upon a pole in a garden, to guard it, as they suppose, from malignant eyes; a scare-crow.

<u>kh</u>archāl, A blue-coloured water- خرچال fowl; a bustard.

<u>kh</u>archalūk, خرچلوك <u>kh</u>archalūk, Name of a herb (the use of which increases women's milk).

<u>kh</u>ar-chang, A crab, a craw-fish ; خرجنگ the sign Cancer; a kind of herb.

a خرجه <u>kh</u>archa, A marginal note; the costs of a law-suit.

a خرجی <u>kh</u>archī, Travelling expenses; wages of stupration or harlotry; lavish, prodigal.

المجرية kharchidan, To have watering eyes; to shed tears.

khurchina, The comb of a bird.

المريخ <u>kh</u>ar-khāna, A stable (especially for asses); a stye, a coop.

<u>khar-kh</u>āwind, Master, owner, possessor (spoken contemptuously).

<u>kh</u>ur<u>kh</u>ujewan, The nightmare.

خرخر <u>kh</u>ar<u>kh</u>ar, A doubling; doubled; a

cupola; an upper parlour.

a خرخو <u>kh</u>ar-<u>kh</u>ar, <u>kh</u>ur-<u>kh</u>ur, Snoriug; a noise in the throat caused by strangulation; purring of a cat or a leopard; growling of a bear (m.c.); <u>khar-kh</u>ar namūdan, To snore.

ل خرخوة <u>kharkh</u>arat (موخوة <u>kharkh</u>arā), Snoring; rattling in the throat; purring (see the preceding).

خرخره <u>kh</u>arkhara, A curry-comb;— kharkhara kardan, To curry (a borse).

<u>kharkhasa</u>, A bird tied as a lure. <u>kh</u>ar<u>kh</u>usht, A wine-press.

<u>kharkh</u>isha, <u>kh</u>ar<u>kh</u>asha, A tumult, خوخشه a crowd; a boxing-match; a dispute, quar-

rel, wrangling without cause; a dispute regarding boundaries; anxiety, agitation, mental distress; a decoy.

عر خيار <u>kh</u>ar-<u>kh</u>iyar, Cucumber; ass-radish. <u>kharkh</u>īr, ځوځير <u>kh</u>arkhīz, Name of a city in Khatay celebrated for its musks and silk-stuffs.

> khard, kharrad. Black viscous clay; a muddy place;—<u>kh</u>arad, Solder; name of a place entirely inhabited by Jews (this word unsupported by examples); -khurd, Minute, little, small; young; -khirad, Understanding, judgment, intellect, wisdom; khiradi khurda-bīn, A quick genius, a mind seeing minute objects; -khirad dar khat būdan, The intellect becomes deficient; -khiradi nukhustīn, The first or supreme intellect; -khiradi hama, The universal soul or intellect; — dandānhā'i khirad, Wisdom-teeth.

ال <u>kh</u>ur-dād (Z. haurva-tāt, S. sarvatāti), Name of the third Persian month; also of the sixth day of the month; name of the patron angel of rivers and trees; name of a fire-temple.

<u>kh</u>irad-parast, Worshipping

wisdom.

جرد برور <u>kh</u>irad-parwar, Fostering wisdom. غرد پسند <u>kh</u>irad-pasand, Commendable.

خود پوش <u>kh</u>irad-posh, Clad in wisdom. khirad-pesha, Practising wisdom.

<u>kh</u>urd-tar, Smaller. خود تر

خرد خام <u>kh</u>urd-<u>kh</u>ām, Being ground small خرد trituration.

ان عرد خان <u>kh</u>urd-<u>kh</u>ān, Dispersed, scattered.

جرد دست <u>kh</u>urd-dast, The wrist; fraud; a cut-purse; a kind of game in which the players form a circle by joining hands, and pull each other rapidly round until they are exhausted.

<u>khardar</u>, A kite.

خر در گله <u>kh</u>ar-dar-gala, An independent

tribe; a republic (see خرهستة).

<u>khurd-sāl</u>, A youth of tender years; - khurd-sāl u buzurg-manish, In years a youth, in judgment an old man.

<u>kh</u>irad-soz, Consuming the understanding or reason (grief, study, love, or beauty); name of a fire-temple in Tabriz.

<u>khar-dashtī</u>, The wild ass.

<u>kh</u>ardaq, Broth, soup.

<u>kh</u>urdak, Well-bred; clever.

<u>kh</u>irad-keshī, Practice of wisdom.

<u>kh</u>urd-gùh, A small tent enclosed عرد کاه within a larger one; that part of a camel's breast which touches the ground when be lies down; the pastern of a quadruped.

<u>kh</u>irad-gusil, What weakens or destroys the intellect.

خردگی <u>kh</u>wrdagī, Diminution by wear.

لامر <u>kh</u>ar-dil (ass-hearted), Cowardly, base.

A عردل <u>kh</u>ardal, Mustard; mustard-seed. <u>kh</u>urdamā, A bird with a sweet

غر دماغي <u>khar-damāah</u>ī, Stupidity, obstinacy, perverseness.

مرد مرد khurd-murd, Trifles, minutiee, piece-meal, scattered to atoms.

a مرد مشرب <u>khirad-mashrab</u>, Practising wisdom.

<u>kh</u>iradmand, Wise, sensible. <u>kh</u>iradmandān, The wise. <u>kh</u>iradmandāna, Wisely.

<u>kh</u>iradmand-khoy, Of nature or habits of the wise.

a خردمند طبع <u>kh</u>iradmand-tab', Of a sensible disposition.

<u>kh</u>iradmandi, Wisdom, prudence. <u>kh</u>irad-manishī, Prudence.

عرد نگرش <u>kh</u>urd-nigarish, عرد نگرش khurdak-nigarish, Who looks closely into a matter; narrow-minded; spiritless.

a خردرات <u>kh</u>urdawat, Small wares, trifles. خردور <u>kh</u>iradwar, Wise, sensible.

خردوري <u>kh</u>iradwarī, Wisdom, sense, sensibleness.

<u>kh</u>urd u murd, The under side of a carpet or covering; anything small, trifling, insignificant, or easy.

عردومند <u>kh</u>iradumand, Wise. دده <u>kh</u>urda, Small, fine, minute; anything small, a trifle; crumbs; a chip; the teeth; that part of a horse's leg round which the fetter passes; quickness, smartness of wit; criticism; fault, blemish; a thorn; the rainbow; a spark of fire; one of the 21 chapters of the Zand; according to others the interpretation called Pazand: -khurda'i almās, Diamond-filings; -khurda'i dast, The wrist; a cut-purse; -khurda'i sumat, Crumbs fallen from the table;khurda'i kāfür (crumbs of camphor), The stars ;-khurda'i kundur, Particles of frankincense; - khurda'i minā, Brayed glass; wine.

عردها khurdahā, Fractions; small things.

خردة بين <u>khurda-bīn</u>, Acute; critical. خردة بينى <u>kh</u>wrda-bīnī, Subtilty of genius;

close criticism; cavil. ال عردة دان <u>khurda-dān</u>, Sagacious ; a critic.

<u>khurda-shinās</u>, Possessed of minute knowledge; subtle, sagacious.

<u>kh</u>urda-farosh, A vendor of small wares, a piece-broker.

عرده كارى <u>kh</u>urda-kārī, Finish, elegant

execution; tesselated work.

<u>khurda-gāh</u>, The part round which the fetter passes, the pastern (of a horse); that part of a camel's breast that touches the ground when he lies down; khurda-gāhi sāq, The thinnest part of the leg; shank, or cannon-bone.

عردة كمر <u>kh</u>urda-gīr, Fault-seeking; ca-

کرده مرده <u>kh</u>urda-murda, In pieces; topsyturvy.

غردهي <u>kh</u>urdahī, A kind of bird. غردى <u>kh</u>urdī, Smallness; infancy.

عرد يالته <u>kh</u>irad-yāfta, Intelligent, wise.

غرديكك <u>khurdīkak</u>, Less, smaller. khurdin, The smallest, most mi-

nute; -angushti khurdin, The little finger. <u>kh</u>irazmand, Wise, learned.

<u>kh</u>arz (v.n.), Sewing (leather), stitching; -kharaz, Small shells, pearls, glass beads, &c. (such as are hung round the neck to avert the evil eye.

whi kharzan, The first day of the Per-

sian year, i.e. the vernal equinox.

814 kharasat, A single shell; a gem, a jewel; a pearl, a glass bead, or anything that is strung; [kharazātu'l-mulk, A jewel yearly added to the royal crown to mark the number of years of a king's reign:]khurzat, A stitch, a hole made with an awl.

يزدان <u>kh</u>arazdūn, <u>kh</u>arizdān, Name of a

wrestler of Turkistan.

<u>khar-zada</u>, A beetle; name of a flying insect which bites the nostrils of cattle.

kharzawil, Name of a village in the province of Tarim.

لانه <u>kh</u>arza, A yard long and stout.

<u>kh</u>ar-zahra, A poisonous shrub or fruit; the colocynth (as being poisonous to asses, dogs, and other animals); rhododapline; a venomous earth-worm about the size of the finger, and of a blackish red colour.

a خراى <u>kh</u>arazī, A seller of beads or small-

خرزين <u>kh</u>ar-zīn (ass-saddle), A shelf; a sort of wooden horse for hanging saddles and bridles upon; a bench for reclining upon; a pack-saddle.

<u>khars</u>, A wine-jar;—khurs, Meat prepared on the birth of a child; (pl. of akhras) dumb people; -kharas (v.n.), Being

dumb; dumbness.

خرمن khirs, A bear; a rough fellow; khirs dar koh bū 'alī sīnāst, The bear in the mountains is an Avicenna, i.e. where wisdom is scarce a fool is considered a wise

غرساولة kharsāwala, A kind of poisonous lizard (unsupported by examples).

غرم بازى khirs-bazī, Romp, bear's play. <u>kh</u>irs-bān, A bear-leader.

غرست kharast, Filled with drink, drunk. <u>kh</u>uristān, A grove of palmtrees.

<u>kh</u>irisla, A leech.

عرسك <u>kh</u>irsak, A little bear; a game in which a boy on all fours plays the part of a bear kicking at the others who run round him, and throw pebbles at him, until he

hits one of them, who then has to take his place; a quilted coverlet.

خرم كث <u>kh</u>ire-kush, A bear-killer (m.c.).

عرم کن <u>kh</u>irs-kan, A bear's cave. عرم کیاه <u>kh</u>irs-giyāh, Name of a herb.

خرسلاك <u>kh</u>ar-salak, A muleteer; one who lets out asses on hire.

<u>kh</u>arsala, A kind of medicine. <u>kh</u>irs-māda, A she-bear. عرص مادة

خرسناك <u>kh</u>irsnāk, (A place) full of bears. khursand, Baunge khursanda, Content, satisfied, pleased.

<u>khursandī</u>, Content, pleasure, mirth, contentment, satisfaction; tranquil-

ن منت من <u>kh</u>ar-sang, A large rough stone; heaps of gravel (rendering a road disagreeable to travel on); obstacle, stumblingblock; a rival.

khureidan, To rot, to putrefy خرسيدن

(unsupported by examples).

<u>kh</u>arash, A wild ass ;—kharish, A butt for ridicule; - khurush, Cry, uproar; (for khurūsh) rubbish of sticks or thorns.

غرش ه <u>kh</u>arsh (v.n.), Scratching, tearing; earning a sustenance for one's family; seeking a livelihood.

<u>kh</u>urshā, عرها <u>kh</u>urshād (in Zand

and Pazand), The sun.

<u>kh</u>arashta, An airy kind of walking خرهته with a vacillating gait; - kharishta, An arched roof; a kind of armour.

kharasha, Enmities; tumults; a causeless quarrel; anxiety; scratched.

- <u>khur-shed</u>, The sun; sunshine; nishani sher (u) khurshed, The Order of the Lion and the Sun.

<u>kh</u>arshin, An airy, swinging mode خرهين of walking; oscillation, vibration; name of a tribe of Afghans, who claim descent from Muhammad.

<u>kh</u>ars (v.n.), Guessing by the eye خرص ۸ the produce of palm-trees or the crops of a field; guess, conjecture; a lie; — khirs, The estimated or guessed produce of a field; a slender spear; a basket; a wallet; —<u>kh</u>irs, <u>kh</u>urs, A gold or silver ring; a branch of a palm without leaves; a bit of wood used as plug to a leathern bottle.

<u>khari</u> (v.n.), Unbarking; smoothing, especially in a turner's lathe; stripping a branch of its leaves, or a cluster of the grapes, by drawing the hand from one end to the other; making anything long and taper; purging (a medicine);—kharat, A disease in cattle in which the milk comes away in a clotted state, or mixed with yellow water.

<u>khirtal</u>, A kind of purse made of an ox's skin, or the skin of a camel's neck, and filled with gold or silver; -khartāl, Oats.

a خرطبع <u>khar-tab',</u> Stupid; stubborn. <u>khartūm</u>, The proboscis (of an elephant); a snout; the nose; wine that speedily intoxicates or which runs before the grapes have been trodden; the penis.

a خر طريف <u>kh</u>ar-zarif, A fop, dandy, masher.

A وَعَ <u>kh</u>ar' (v.n.), Cleaving, splitting ;— <u>kh</u>ara' (v.n.), Being weak; languor, flabbi-

ness; being broken (a palm-branch). אָפ אָר <u>khar-gh</u>ūl, The plantain-tree; a plant called ass's ear; seed of fleawort.

<u>khargh</u>äla, The plautain-tree. בְּלַּנָט <u>khargh</u>ūn, Name of a city.

A → kharf (v.n.), Gathering fruit; kharaf (v.n.), Doting from old age; -kharif, An old dotard.

الله خرك <u>kh</u>irf, Purslain;—<u>kh</u>irif, Languid, weak (neither sceing, hearing, nor knowing what he does).

<u>kh</u>urfat, Autumnal fruit; purslain; -khurafat, A fable, an agreeable, merry tale (see خرانه).

khariftan, kharaftan, To emit the

death-rattle.

<u>kh</u>irfa', khurfu', The fruit of the 'ushar tree (see عشر).

a عرفق <u>kh</u>arfaq, Seed of wild rue; a kind of cress.

a عرك <u>kh</u>urta, Purslain.

a خرفي <u>kh</u>arifī, Dotage. A خرق <u>kh</u>arq (v.n.), Tearing (a garment); framing a lie, lying; crossing a desert; a fissure, round hole; a widely-extended plain swept by the wind, a desert; a shrub resembling the costus; name of a place near Nishāpūr; [kharqi 'ādat, Contrary to nature; a miracle;]-khirq, Liberal; handsome, elegant; - khurq, Folly, stupidity, ignorance; -kharaq (v.n.), Being ashaued, confused, frightened; asperity, roughness, disagreeableness; stupidity, folly, ignorance; stupid, foolish.

م خرتان <u>kharqān</u>, A village near Bistām ; -<u>kh</u>arraqān, A village near Hamadān.

عرنة <u>kh</u>irqat, <u>kh</u>irqa, A patch, rag; a garment made of shreds and patches; a religious habit (of which there are two kinds: khirqatu 'l-irādat, The garment of a novice, and khirqatu't-tabarrak, The garment of a lay brother); a watted cloak (m.c.) ;-khirqa az dasti kase poshīdan, To become one's pupil; — khirqa andākhtan, (met.) To confess a fault; to surrender; to be lost in ecstasy; - khirqa ba-dasti kase tāza kardan, (met.) To renew a compact; -khirqa sākhtan (kardan), To rend in pieces; -khirqu sokht, (met.) He has put aside hatred and entity; -khirqa shudan, To become torn.

غرقطان <u>kh</u>arqatān, Dodder.

a خرنه پوهان <u>kh</u>irqa poshān (clad in shreds and patches), Religious mendicants, dervishes.

a عرقه دوز <u>kh</u>irqa-doz, A botcher; poor. a خوتى <u>kh</u>arqī, A grain of which bread is made; -khirqī, Name of several Imams and reporters of traditions or sayings of Muhammad.

امِ <u>kh</u>arak, A little ass; a reptile which has the fore-legs long and the hinder ones short; the septum of the nose, that which divides the nostrils; the bridge of a musical instrument; a child's go-cart; a threelegged stool; a plank whereon culprits are made to lie to receive castigation; the rack; an instrument for separating the seed from the cotton; a chopping or sawing-block; a kind of date; an unripe date; an instrument for stocking or pecking a wall; hot coals; embers; name of a village near Shīrāz; a breast, nipple.

<u>khark</u> (v.n.), Quarrelling, wrang-

ling, litigating.

خر کبوتر <u>kh</u>ar-kabūtar, A wood-pigeon.

khar-kurra, An ass's colt.

رك زمين kharak zamīn (kharaki zamīn), Reptiles.

<u>khar-kus</u>, Idle babbler, silly fellow.

ورکش <u>kh</u>arkush (for عارکش q.v.), A shoe, slipper, galoshe, patten, or clog, worn above boots, to keep them clean when walking; (ass-killing) a multiped insect resembling a beetle, met with in cemeteries; -khurkush, A kind of fly; drunk, intoxicated.

عركمان <u>kh</u>ar-kaman, A large bow; a machine for stringing bows; a spring gun set in gardens; an arduous and unprofitable concern; durance, detention in any painful, toilsome, or ruinous business;—dar kharkamān āwardan (kashīdan), To involve one in calamity.

خركوف <u>kh</u>ar-kūf, A kind of large owl.

ي الله <u>kh</u>ar-gāh, A tent, pavilion, tabernacle; a wide, spacious place of residence; a cottage or moveable Turkoman hut or tent, formed by flexible poles, and covered with felt-cloth; [khar-gāhi azraq (khizr, sabz, mīnā), The sky;—khargāh zadan (kashīdan), To pitch a tent;—khargāhi falak-ishtibah, A pavilion high as heaven; —<u>kh</u>ar-gāhi gāv-pusht (lājaward), The sky ; -khargāhi māh (qamar), A halo round the moon; the down on the cheek; -khir-gah, A pleasant place.

<u>khar-gadā</u>, An importunate beggar. <u>khar-gadā'ī</u>, Importunity of a

beggar.

St khargar, A halo round the moon. khar-gaz, A large wasp, hornet; the parading of a culprit mounted on an ass.

خر گواز <u>kh</u>ar-gawāz (guwāz), A goad. خر گوره khar-gūr (gor), خر گوره khar-gūra

(gora), The onager or wild ass.

عر گوش khar-gosh (ass-ear), A hare; lamb's tongue (a plant);—man hāfiza'i khar-goshe daram, I have a hare's (i.e. a

wretchedly bad) memory. khar-gosh-dar, Donkey-eared خر گوش دار (applied to the hare).

<u>khargoshak</u>, A leveret; the plant

lamb's tongue.

لخرك <u>kh</u>ar-gah, A large tent; a spacious place; <u>khar-gahi</u> azraq (the azure tent), The sky; - khar-gahi mah, A halo round the moon.

A A kharm (v.n.), Bursting (anything sewn); piercing the septum of the nose; cutting off; diminishing; withdrawing; the brow of a mountain; in poetry suppression of a short syllable in the begin-

ning of a verse,

ביס <u>kh</u>urm, Vapours, exhalations; name of a certain plain, where there is a mountain that answers any question put to it; -khurram, khuram, Fresh, full of juice, blooming; cheerful, smiling, glad; a pleasant, delightful place; name of the tenth solar mouth; also of the eighth day of

every solar month.

عرما <u>kh</u>urmā, A date;—<u>kh</u>urmā'i abū jahl, A sort of date;—<u>kh</u>urmā'i bī-<u>kh</u>asta (in the language of the sodomites), The penis; - khurmā'i kūr, A date without sweetness, or ill-tasting;—<u>khurmā'i-hindī</u>, A tamarind;—ham khurmā wa ham sawāb ast, It is both a duty and a pleasure (alluding to the practice of breaking one's fast with a date only, which is considered meritorious).

בים آباك <u>kh</u>urram-ābād, A cultivated and

pleasant place.

ن المراكب <u>khurmā-bun</u>, A palın-tree; the pith or marrow of the palm-tree.

المرسادان <u>khurmādān</u>, A store-room for

dates.

<u>khar-mār</u>, A muleteer, one who lets خر سار asces.

<u>khurmāstān</u>, A grove of palms. خرم بهار khurram-bahār, Name of a place. khuramdan, A leather bag carried خرمدان at the side by beggars or travellers.

خرم دل <u>khurram-dil</u>, Of a joyous heart.

נונ khurram-roz, The eighth day of every solar month; a celebrated festival formerly held on the eighth day of the month dai.

בים ענט khurram-rüy, With cheerful or smiling face.

غرمست <u>kh</u>ar-mast, Stupid, obstinate; athletic.

a خرم ندا <u>kh</u>urram-fazā, The sky.

مرمك <u>kh</u>armak, <u>kh</u>urmak, = عرمك q.v.;~ khurramak (dim. of khurram), Pleasance (name of a palace at Nishāpūr).

<u>kh</u>urramgāh, A grass-plot; (=khar-

gāh) a large tent,

<u>kh</u>ar-magas, A gad-, ass-, or meat-flv.

<u>khurramgah</u>, A grass-plot; a large

kharmul, A large, tasteless pear.

khirman, kharman, The harvest; reaped corn, but unthreshed, and piled up in a large circular stack; a heap; a halo round the moon; a parhelion or mock sun; — khirman zadan (nihādan), To stack corn; — khirman kardan, To reap; — khirmani kuhna ba-bād dādan, (met.) To boast of former good fortune; — khirmani gadā, A heap of corn gleaned; — khirman giriftan, To thrash; — khirmani gul, The cheeks of a mistress; also her thighs; the beloved; — khirmani māh (qamar), A halo round the moon; the down on the cheek; — khirmani māh khosha'i parwīn shuda, (met.) Drops of perspiration have settled on the cheekdown.

ين الله به <u>khar-munj</u>, A gad-fly; a paralytic; a certain colour in a horse.

خرمن سوخته <u>kh</u>irman-so<u>kh</u>ta, A bankrupt. خرمن کوب <u>kh</u>irman-kob, A corn-thresher. خرمن کوی <u>kh</u>irman-kobī, Corn-threshing; -gāwāni <u>kh</u>irman-kobī, Oxen for treading ut the corn.

غر مورث khar-mosh, A large mouse or rat. خر مورث khar-muhra, Any little stone marked with points by nature or art, small shells, coq-de-perle, or glass beads, fastened round the neck or arms of children, as fancied protection against the malignant eye; also beads of glass, with which they ornament bridles and harness; a trumpet; a pearl in the eye.

خرمى <u>kh</u>urrami, Freshness; gladness, cheerfulness, pleasantness; a set of voluptuaries, the sect of Bābak.

<u>kh</u>urramiyat, Name of a sect which maintains the doctrine of metempsychosis.

خرناس <u>kh</u>arnās, Snoring ;—<u>kh</u>arnās kashīdan, To snore (m.c.).

خرناف <u>kh</u>ar-nāy (throat of an ass), A bruzen trumpet; name of a note in music.

غرنبار <u>kh</u>arambār, خرنبار <u>kh</u>arambāz, The ceremony of leading a criminal through the street, mounted upon an ass; a meeting, concourse, crowd.

خزباش <u>kh</u>arambāsh, <u>kh</u>urambāsh, The medicinal plant marv.

غرجاس <u>kh</u>irnajās, خرجاس <u>kh</u>iranjāk, Name of a wrestler.

a) skharand, A herb used in washing; a low garden-wall; the parapet of a gallery.

غرندة <u>kh</u>aranda, A purchaser. a مرتفية <u>kh</u>ar-nafsa, Magnum penem

مرس <u>kh</u>irniq, A leveret; name of a

خِرْبِ <u>kh</u>arnūb, <u>kh</u>urnūb, Bean-pods, carobs; the locust tree, bread of St. John or of the prodigal son; — <u>kh</u>arnūbi nabatī, Capers;—<u>kh</u>arnūbi hindī, Cassia fistularis.

y khirū, khurū, Garden mallows; khurū (for khuros), A cock.

مُردُ الله <u>kh</u>urū' (pl. of <u>kh</u>ur'), Excrements. خردار <u>kh</u>arwār, An ass-load; the measure of a hundred Tabrīz maunds.

A تربية <u>kharūj</u>, One who departs from, who goes out of; a camel lying apart from the others;—<u>khurūj</u> (v.n. of عربة), Going out, issuing; sallying forth in a hostile manner; disobedience, rebellion; projection; the day of resurrection; in poetry the following the wast (see

ج <u>kh</u>uroj (for <u>kh</u>urosh), A loud cry. پ <u>kh</u>uroch (for <u>kh</u>uros), A cock. ام خ <u>kh</u>arû-dārŭ, A species of herb.

<u>khurūr</u> (v.n.), Falling; falling down (in adoration); purring; snoring (see غرير).

خروزان <u>khurozān</u>, Name of a wrestler. خروس <u>khuros</u>, A dung-hill cock; a slave to his passions; the Greek chorus; a ball, a dang to his passions i tāguya dam. Gablets of

to his passions; the Greek chorus; a ball, a dance; — <u>kh</u>urosani tāwus-dum, Goblets of wine; — <u>kh</u>urosi bī-maḥal (bī-hangām), Who talks inopportunely; — <u>kh</u>urosi 'arsh, A bird who first breaks out in song at dawn, and is followed by others; — <u>kh</u>urosi kingira'i 'aql, The breath; weighed, measured words; — <u>kh</u>urosi hindī, A turkey.

خروس بازی <u>kh</u>uros-bāzi, A cock-fight; (met.) stratagem; astuteness, slyness.

خروسية khuroscha, The bones of the throat; the laryux.

خروسك <u>kh</u>urosak, A cockerel; a red animalcule found in baths; lingula vulvæ; the foreskin.

خروسة <u>kh</u>urosa, Lingula vulvæ; the foreskin.

غروش <u>kh</u>urosh, A loud cry; a lamentation, crying Oh! making an exclamation, sighing (construed with the verbs barkhāstan, tarāwīdan, zadan, kardan, kashīdan, nishāndan);—khariwash, The wild ass (unsupported by examples; is it a corruption of khari wahsh?).

kharwash, Like an ass.

غروهاي <u>kh</u>uroshān, Shouting, erying aloud, lamenting.

غروهانيدي <u>kh</u>uroshānīdan, To raise a tumult.

خروهيدن <u>kh</u>uroshīdan, To cry aloud, shout; —bar-<u>kh</u>uroshīdan, To cry out, to raise a shout

مُوهَمِدِي <u>kh</u>uroshīdane, A loud cry, lamentation;—<u>kh</u>uroshīdane kashīdan, To break into lamentation.

A \$55\sim kharā', An adultress; soft-bodied (woman); — khirwa', The shrub Palma Christi; Ricinus; any withered plant.

عرف A خرو <u>kh</u>arūf, A lamb; a colt six months old, or till a year old.

<u>kharūk</u>, Name of a herb which increases women's milk; - <u>khurwak</u>, A beetle.

<u>kh</u>arūq, A violent cold wind;— <u>kh</u>urūq (pl. of <u>kh</u>arq), Fissures, cracks, holes. <u>kh</u>uroh, A bird's comb ; a cock. عروه <u>kh</u>urohak, Coral.

khuroha, The comb of a bird; a lure, call, or decoy used in catching birds; lingula vulvæ.

غرويلة <u>kh</u>arwela, A shout, loud cry.

by khara, A heap; lees of wine, sediment; mud sticking to the bottom of a cistern; assault, attack, throng, medley; [khara'i chob, Scaffolding; a wooden frame for turning an arch upon; beams for supporting the roof of a house;—khara'i khisht, A pile of bricks;—<u>kh</u>ara'i sang, A heap of stones, a cairn; -also kharra, Grains of sesame remaining in the hair-cloth after the oil has been expressed, which they give to the poor; residuum, caput mortuum;—kharuh, khura, khurra, Divine illumination, the light of reason; light; a district or division of the Persian empire, of which there were the following five: [khura'i ardsher, khura'i istakhr, khura'i darab. khura'i shāpūr, and khura'i qubād (comp. also اردهبر خوه p. 35);] — <u>kh</u>ira, Fog;— <u>kh</u>ura, The white ant; a disease which causes the hair to fall off, or which destroys the nose and lips;—khurih, Divine illumination, light of reason; -khuruh, A cock, wild beasts; the kernel of a fruit;khurra, The noise of one being suffocated;

<u>kh</u>ara. خرة

عرة كمست <u>kh</u>ara-<u>kh</u>isht, <u>= kh</u>ara'i-<u>kh</u>isht, q.v. under المجادة عرة

خرة سنگت <u>kh</u>ara-sang, = <u>kh</u>ara'i-sang, q.v. under غرة عرفة

<u>kh</u>uruhak, Coral.

عوَّناك <u>kh</u>aruhnāk, Enlightened, illuminated.

خرى <u>khari</u>, Stupidity, the property of an ass;—<u>khiri</u>, Name of a yellow flower; unlucky, inauspicious; a gallery, portico, verandah.

A جَامِ <u>kh</u>arīj, A game where they cry <u>kh</u>arāji <u>kh</u>arāji, i.e. Tell what is in my hand.

عريدار <u>kh</u>arīdār, A buyer.

يدار كير <u>kh</u>arīdār-gīr, A marketable article.

عريداري <u>kh</u>arīdārī, Purchase.

<u>kharidat</u>, A pearl not perforated.

غريدگى <u>kh</u>arīdagī, A purchase.

ي <u>kh</u>arīdan, <u>kh</u>irīdan, To buy; [bās <u>kh</u>arīdan, To re-purchase; to buy off;]— <u>kh</u>arrīdan, <u>kh</u>urrīdan, To suffer from fever (children).

مريدة <u>kharida</u>, Purchased, bought; the child of a purchased slave; an immature

virgin; a modest matron.

<u>kharir</u>, The murmuring of running water; the sound of wind; also of an eagle when flying; snoring; a beaten track between two hills.

خريش <u>kharīsh</u> (contracted from <u>kh</u>anda rīsh), A butt for ridicule; a laughing-stock; a laugh;—<u>kh</u>aresh, Scratch thou; a scratch; thin parings that fall from leather in the currying; the dressing of leather; (in compos.) scratching;—<u>kh</u>irīsh, a lady, matron;—<u>kh</u>urīsh, A king; the master or mistress of a family.

<u>kh</u>arīshak, A ferrier.

ناميدي <u>kh</u>areshīdan, To scratch, tear, bite, pull, crop, or break with the teeth.

a مربط <u>kh</u>arīṭ, مربط <u>kh</u>arīṭa, A purse; a small bag; a letter-bag, mail; a wallet; a reticule; a letter; a pod; a volume.

A مربط kharif, The first crop in the year (in India), consisting chiefly of rice; autumn; harvest; the autumnal rains.

a عربهي <u>kh</u>arifi, The antumnal harvest; grown in harvest.

> khaz, A bump outside the thigh; crawling on the hams like boys; (imp. of khazīdan) crawl thou.

A y khazz (v.n.), Stabbing, transfixing with a dart; fencing a wall with thorns; silk; silken stuff; the fine hair of the beaver.

khazākhaz, Creeping, crawling.

E'y khuzā', Name of a great man at the time of Iskandar.

مراهة <u>kh</u>uzā'at, A section, segment; an offset from the tribe of Azd.

مزاك <u>kh</u>azzāf, A seller of earthenware, or coarse crockery; a potter.

الله <u>kh</u>azāmā, A plant promoting pregnancy.

tiles; autumn; the sear and yellow leaf; the tenth day of every month; name of the eighth month of the æra of Jalālu'ddin;—<u>kh</u>azān 'alam shudan, To approach (autumn);—bādi khazān (khizān), The autumnal wind, which blows during the fall of the leaves.

غزان رسيدة <u>kh</u>azān-dīda, غزان ديدة <u>kh</u>azān rasīda, What has reached autump.

A & hizānat, khizāna, A treasury, treasure, magazine, granary, repository; public revenue; office of treasurer; the chamber of a gun; the heart;—khizānatu's-silāh, An armoury;—khizāna'i tufang, A priming-pan, chamber of a gun;—khizāna'i hammām, The reservoir of a bath;—khizāna'i 'āmira, The imperial treasury.

Treasurer, cash-غرانجي <u>kh</u>azānchī, Treasurer, cash-

keeper.

a alle alle khizāna-khāna. A treasure-house, a treasury.

a مان خالع <u>kh</u>izāna-dār, A treasurer; a gun with a chamber.

<u>kh</u>izdnī, Autumnal, fading.

suries; treasures; divine secrets; — khazā'ini bī-girān, Immense treasures.

<u>kh</u>azdūk, An insect like a beetle.

khazda, Sin, crime (probably mis-

reading for عردة q.v.).

trict in Turkistan; name of a province in Gilan; the inhabitants of the shores of the Caspian.

khazrak, Cowardice. غزرف

<u>khazarwān</u>, The Caspian Sea; name of a champion of $Afr\bar{a}siy\bar{a}b$ in his war with Nauzar; also of a demon;—khazarwāni khusrau, Name of a warrior of Bahram

الله <u>khazra, The palm of the hand, the</u> sole of the foot (doubtful word).

<u>kh</u>uza'bal, New and strange stories.

<u>khuza'bīl</u>, False, vain, trifling خرعبيل ٨ thing.

<u>kh</u>uza'bīlat, A jest, laughable خرعبيلة

tale.

لم <u>khar'at, Lameness in one foot;</u> khiz'at, A piece of meat; -khuza'at, One who restrains another (from anything good); one who desists from a work.

khazf (v.n.), Swinging the arms in walking; — khazaf, Earthenware, crock-

α خوف ريوة <u>kh</u>azaf-reza, A potsherd.

a خولی <u>kh</u>azafi, A potter; a seller of pottery.

<u>kh</u>azq (v.n.), Reaching the mark

(an arrow); piercing with a spear.

<u>kh</u>azm (v.n.), Perforating the bridge of the (camel's) nose, and passing a ring through it; spitting locusts; a redundant word of from one to four letters at the beginning of a verse, not taken account of in scanning; -khazam, A tree of whose bark ropes are made.

<u>khazmiyān,</u> Beaver's testicles.

A ωy khazn (v.n.), Laying up in a storehouse or treasury; keeping a secret; khazan (v.n.), Being rotten (meat).

khazanat (pl. of khāzin), Trea-

surers,

khazand, A herb used in washing (خرند 89e).

غوندة <u>kh</u>azinda, Creeping; a reptile; reptiles.

khazw (v.n.), Subduing, reducing خزو A to order or discipline (men), breaking or exercising (horses), rendering obedient.

<u>khazūk, A</u> beetle.

<u>kh</u>azūkak, (in the dialect of Shiraz) A kind of manna.

khaza, Rudder of a ship; a paddle, oar.

<u>kh</u>azahra (for <u>kh</u>ar-zahra), Asses' bane (an herb).

المان <u>kharidan</u>, To creep; to slide along the ground on one's hams (like a child).

غزيدة <u>kh</u>azīda, Concealing, lying hid. يَّرِة <u>kh</u>azīr, Ashes beneath which are latent sparks; fire.

م بريم khazīz, Brambles set as wall-fences. a خوينة <u>kh</u>azīna, A treasury; magazine;

tribute.

a عرينة <u>kh</u>azīna-chî, المينة <u>kh</u>azīnadār, Treasurer; robe-keeper.

عوده <u>kh</u>azhand, مرند <u>kh</u>azhanda, = عربد q.v. khas (S. khasa), An inhabitant of a mountainous country; a rustic, mountaineer; name of a tribe of mountaineers dwelling between India and Tartary; (for A. khass) a miser; mean; vile, bad; a weed; rubbish of sticks or thorns; a chip of wood; (perhaps S. kāsa) the root of a sweet-scented grass; a kind of large white crane; an animalcule that runs on the surface of water; [khas ba dahan (badandān, dar dahan) giriftan, khas badahan guzāshtan, To be weak; to sue for protection; -khas u khāshāk, Rubbish, sticks and straws;—<u>kh</u>as u <u>kh</u>āshāk shudan, To clean by removing rubbish; -khas kam u jahān pāk, A proverbial saying, to indicate that it makes no difference whether a thing is in a certain place or not;]-khus, A mother-in-law.

A خسر <u>kh</u>ass (v.n.), Rendering mean and vile; lettuce;—<u>kh</u>assu 'l-himār, Melilot;

bugloss.

آ سد khas' (v.n. of المد), Driving away (a dog); being driven away (a dog); being

dim and weak (the sight).

هسر and هسر , عسر and هسر , غسر khasār, Ice (see عسار A hasar, Shud khasarat (v.n. of منا), Sustaining a loss; perishing; strayiug from the road; fraud, perfidy; sordidness, baseness;—<u>kh</u>asārat u <u>gh</u>ārat kardan, To ravage and plunder.

khisāra, The clearing of a gardeu خسارة or vineyard of weeds; - khisāra, khasāra, The act of lopping superfluous branches.

ي <u>kh</u>asāsat (v.n. of عساسة), Being close-fisted, covetous, mean, ignoble, lowborn.

مسان <u>kh</u>assän, <u>kh</u>assän (pl. of <u>kh</u>ass, <u>kh</u>as), Mean persons.

<u>kh</u>asāndan, To grind, to tritu-

khicanda, An infusion (in medicine).

ي عسانيدن <u>kh</u>asānīdan, To wound with the teeth.

غسائيدن <u>kh</u>asā'īdan, To chew; to eat.

خسب <u>kh</u>usp (imp. of <u>kh</u>uspīdan), (in comp.) sleeping, as bisyar-khusp, One who sleeps much (see , mul, p. 188, the transliteration of which should be corrected accordingly).

<u>khaspānīdan</u>, To cause to kick or trample upon; to cause to extinguish; -khuspānīdan, To cause to lie down; to

cause to rest or sleep.

a عس پرور <u>kh</u>ass-parwar, Who cherishes or fosters the mean.

<u>kh</u>uspish, A lying down; rest,

khuspan-jā, A bed. a couch.

<u>kh</u>as-posh, Covered over with thorns or weeds; varnishing over, giving a false colouring to; — khas-posh sākhtan (kardan), To try to conceal what is evi-

<u>kh</u>uspī, The planet Jupiter.

בייישבעט khaspīdan, To bent with the feet, trample, kick; to extinguish; -khuspidan, To lie down, to sleep.

A منسله khissat (v.n. of خسم), Being mean, base, and despicable; vileness, meanness;

avarice.

خست khast, He wounded; colour; utility; desire, violent itching (of a sick person); a reptile, an insect;—khust, Rest, repose; a sleeve.

khastana, The patched garment of عستانة

a religious mendicant.

<u>kh</u>astar, Reptiles, noxious insects.

<u>khastagī</u>, Wound; sickness; fatigue; - khastagī kashīdan, To labour, to

khastan, To wound, pierce; to prick; to be indisposed, sick, ail; to be wounded, broken, split; to make an attack; to cut in pieces; to fear.

<u>kh</u>astā, The stone of fruit ;—khustā, Confessing; a noxious animal (perhaps misreading for مستر q.v.); name of a Chi-

nese grandee.

khustuwān, Those who confess.

خستوده <u>kh</u>astuwāna, <u>kh</u>ustuwāna, خستوانه khustūna, A patched woollen or camelot garment, worn by faqirs, dervishes, and religious mendicants (especially ragged); strips of striped or linen stuffs.

<u>kh</u>asta, Wounded; sick, infirm; fruit-stone (khasta'i khurmā, A datestone); ground prepared for sowing; excited, roused;—khusta, The foundation of

a wall.

<u>kh</u>asta-band, A bandage, roller خسته بند for fractured limbs; a plaster; one who binds up broken bones.

<u>kh</u>asta-jigar, Henrt-sore. خسته جگر

a الله خسته khasta-hāl, In a bad state, afflicted.

لمستة دل <u>kh</u>asta-dil, Sick at heart.

a مسته مزاع <u>kh</u>asta-mizāj, Weak, sickly. عستيدن <u>kh</u>astīdan, = عستيد q.v. (unsup-

ported by examples).

کس خانه <u>kh</u>as-<u>kh</u>āna, A house or hut made of the odoriferous grass khas, to serve as a summer habitation in India.

کس خس خس <u>kh</u>as-<u>kh</u>rs, A sweet-scented root of a sort of grass, of which tatties are made; - khiskhis (khiskhisi sīna), Deathrattle; - khiskhisi ibtidā'i qaşabatu 'r-rīya, Tracheal rattle; - <u>khiskhisi</u> ā<u>khiri qaşabatu</u> 'r-rīya, Bronchial rattle; — <u>kh</u>is<u>kh</u>isi maahārī, Cavernous rattle;—khiskhisi namakī Crepitous rattle.

A , ... khasr, I loss, damage ; ... khasr, khasar, khusr, Losing, sustaining a loss.

<u>kh</u>asar, Ice;—<u>kh</u>usur, A father-inlaw; a mother-in-law.

A خسران <u>kh</u>usrān (v.n. of خسران), Suffering loss, losing; damage, detriment.

a کسرانگر <u>kh</u>usrāngar, A son-in-law.

a خسرانگری <u>kh</u>usrāngarī, Relationship by marriage; asking in marriage; contracting affinity by marriage.

<u>kh</u>usarpūra, A wife's brother.

مسر <u>kh</u>usrav, <u>kh</u>usrau, A great king; a celebrated Persian king; a royal surname in Persia; [khusrawi akhtaran, khusrawi iqlīmi chahārum, <u>kh</u>usrawi anjum, <u>kh</u>usrawi chahārum sarīr, khusrawi khāwar, The sun; -khusrawi hashtum bihisht, Title of Muhammad;] — khusurū, A father or mother-in-law.

غسروان <u>kh</u>usrawān (Z. huśravanh), = the preceding, of which it is a fuller and older

خسروانه <u>khusrawāna</u>, Kingly; like Khus-

خسرواني <u>kh</u>usrawānī, Anything grand, elegant, or regal; a kind of song of rhythmical prose in honour of king Khusrau; a species of old money (coined by king Khusrau); a sort of wine; a kind of cloth.

<u>kh</u>usrau-parast, Rendering homage to the king, liege, vassal.

خسرو برستى <u>kh</u>usrau-parastī, fealty. Homage,

<u>kh</u>ueurū-<u>kh</u>wāja, Father-in-

ي دارو دارو دارو دارو <u>kh</u>usrau-dārū, Galangale. ארת באר <u>kh</u>usrau-gahar, Of kingly race.

khusrau-nishan, A maker of kings; possessed of the marks of royalty; imperial signet.

<u>kh</u>usrawī, Belonging to a king; royal; imperial; monarchy; a sort of brandy.

<u>kh</u>usrawīna, A father-in-law.

khasra, Moving, movable (unsupported by examples); tremulous; -khusra, A mother-in-law; a father-in-law.

<u>khusrīna</u>, A father-in-law.

<u>kh</u>as-shīsha, A flask enclosed in عس هيشه wicker-work, a demi-john.

A Lasf (v.n.), Causing the ground to engulf one (God); digging a well which runs perpetually; hiding; recovering from sickness; being lessened, diminished, get-

ting thin; sinking inwards (the eye). khasaf, A walnut.

<u>kh</u>asaq, Saffron in the flower. <u>kh</u>isk, Bastard saffron ;- <u>kh</u>usk, Time; delay, repose; — khasak (comp. A. حسك), A triangular prickly herb; a caltrop against cavalry; (dim. of khas) chips.

عسكانان <u>kh</u>askānān, Strict investigation, diligent search.

مسكدان khasak-dōna, Seed of safflower. مسكدة khas-kashì, Removal of rubbish; — khas-kashì kardan, To clean by removing rubbish.

khism, A wound, a sore.

فسندة <u>kh</u>asanda, Insects (as flies, gnats, &c.).

khasū, khusū, A father-in-law.

A مسوّ <u>kh</u>usū' (v.n.), Being dull and weak (the sight).

خس و عاهب <u>kh</u>as-u-khāsh, Bits of cloth;

twigs.

בייפט khusūdan, To reap; to praise.

<u>kh</u>usūr, A father-in-law; a mother-in-law; harvest.

<u>kh</u>usūr-dāmādī, Affinity;— <u>kh</u>usūr-dāmādī kardan, To contract affinity by marriage.

salute.

مسروة khusūra, Husband's or wife's father.

which springs perpetually;—khusūf, Undergoing an eclipse (the moon); being sunk (or lying concealed) underground.

غسرگ <u>kh</u>asūg, Sordid, mean, filthy. a غسر <u>kh</u>assī, <u>kh</u>assī, <u>Baseness</u>, vileness, meanness.

فسيدي <u>kh</u>asidan, To chew; to grow old.

khasīr, Suffering damage.

A مسيس khasīs, Low, base, ignoble; trifling, paltry; avaricious, sordid, penurious;—nafsi khasīs, A mean soul.

<u>kh</u>asīf, A well dug in a rock and

running perpetually (see عسوف).

** khash, The arm-pit; running fast; -khash, khush, Husband's or wife's mother; -khush (for khushk), Dry.

الم خشاب <u>khashshāb</u>, A seller of wood. خشاب <u>kh</u>ushāda, A prepared sown field.

يشاره <u>kh</u>ushār, An unbaked brick. عشاره <u>kh</u>ishāra, Clearing of land for cul-

tivation; pruning (see المشاوة).

A معاهم khashāsh, khishāsh, khushāsh, Insects flying or creeping; a wooden ring on a camel's nose to which the reins are fastened; a sack, a wallet; the edge or side of anything; a sharp bold fellow; a mau of authority.

A مشم khushām (v.n. of عشم), Failing, giving way, losing their powers (the olfactory nerves); large-nosed; a liou;—khashshām, A man with a very large nose.

khashāman, khushāman, A mother-

in-law.

<u>kh</u>ashānīdan, To bite, to wound

with the teeth.

hhishāv, خشاره <u>kh</u>ishāwa, A clearing of land of the stones and weeds, and a preparing of it for cultivation; pruning and lopping of trees.

ي خشاوند <u>kh</u>ishāwand, Name of a province. خوش آي Welcome, خوش الله خشاي), Welcome. خوش الله خشائيدن <u>kh</u>ashā'īdan, To scratch, lacerate,

گرد. (see خرهیدن).

A خشب khashb (v.n.), Mixing (one thing with another); polishing, cleaning; hewing out roughly (a bow or arrow); writing off-hand (a poem);—khashab, Wood, timber.

khish-pukhta (for khishti pukhta),

A burnt brick.

مشت khisht, A javelin, dart, spear, halberd, pole-axe (construed with the verbs andākhtan, bar-dāshtan, bar-giriftan, khwurdan, rekhlan, shikastan, kandan, malidan, &c.); a brick; a kind of sweetmeat; a loaf baked for the soul of a dead person; the twelfth chapter of the Zand; - khishti pukhta, A burnt brick;—khishti pirūsa, Turquoise-coloured bricks ;-khisht zadan (sākhtan), To make brick; — khishti zar (zarīn), An ingot of gold; the sun; —khishti sari khum, The brick with which a wincjar is covered;—<u>kh</u>ishti qimār, The board of the game but, which is played with dice; -bar khisht zādan, To be on the point of confinement (pregnant woman).

khashtaman, khushtaman, A mo-

ther-in-law.

عشت باد <u>kh</u>isht-bād, A large ventilator. عشت بر پر <u>kh</u>isht-paz, A brick-maker.

ين برى <u>kh</u>isht-pazī, Brick-making. خشت برى <u>kh</u>isht-tāba, A brick-kilv.

مُشْتِيهُ <u>kh</u>ishtcha, A square piece of cloth put under the arm-pit of a shirt; the kneepan.

hisht-khisht, The rattling of paper; the rustling of new clothes.

غشترة <u>kh</u>ishtara, <u>kh</u>ishtra, A gusset; a brick-maker.

ن کشت زن <u>kh</u>isht-zan, A lancer; a brick-maker.

مُشتوة <u>kh</u>ishtzha, A sort of cloth (so called from its texture).

نشخ <u>kh</u>ishtak, A small brick; a gnsset; the knee-pan;—<u>kh</u>ishtaki zar, The sun.

مشتكاري <u>kh</u>isht-kārī, Brick-work. <u>kh</u>ishtgar, A brick-maker. مثت مال <u>kh</u>isht-māl, A brick-maker. <u>kh</u>ashtanshār, A water-bird.

عشتوك <u>kh</u>ashtūk, <u>kh</u>ushtūk, Bastard, thief, rogue.

<u>kh</u>ashta, Poor, moneyless.

<u>khishtē</u>, Made of bricks;—<u>khishte</u>, One brick;—<u>khishte ba-kh</u>air guzāshtan, (met.) To have a cistern, &c. built for pious purposes.

khashjan, The four elements.

of men in armour;— khashkhāshi abyaz (zubdī), White poppy;—khashkhāshi aswad (miṣrī), Black poppy;—khashkhashi muqarran (?), A poppy growing at the seashore;—khashkhāsh kardan, To break in

pieces; - shīri khashkhāsh, Poppy-juice, opium.

a عش عش <u>kh</u>ash-<u>kh</u>ash, Clang (m.c.).

a عش خشی <u>kh</u>ash-<u>kh</u>ashī, What produces a clang (m.c.).

<u>kh</u>ish-khisht, The rattling of paper, the rustling of new garments (see . (عشت عشت

a عشداهه <u>kh</u>ushdāsh, fem. غشداه <u>kh</u>ushdashat, A fellow-servant (see خوجه تاش).

a معداهية <u>kh</u>ushdāshiyal (pl. of the preceding), Fellow-servants.

khashram, The knocker of a door.

مُعْمَ <u>kh</u>ash', Humility.

A مُعْمَمُ <u>kh</u>ish'at, A child cut out of its mother's womb; -khush'at. A low hill.

<u>kh</u>ashf (v.n.), Moving gently; also the noise caused by such motion; a low voice, a sound (as that of the feet on half-frozen snow, or the crawling of serpents); breaking the head with a stone; sounding, finding out; travelling quickly;

leaping, jumping.

khushk (S. śushka), Drg, withered; useless, barren; pure, mere, genuine; avaricious, tenacious; surname of the Traditionist Ishaq bin 'Abdu'llah Nīshapūrī; [khushk āwardan, To keep silence from bad temper, dislike, or aversion, to sulk; --- khushk bākhtan, To play for nothing; to play away all one's property; — khushk ba khushk na-girad, Dry and dry will not stick together; -khushk jumbanidan, To move about without motive or advantage; khushk shudani dast u pāy, To lose sensation and movement; - khushk guzāshian, To pass by without bestowing an expected benefit: - khushk u āb, khushk u tar, Dry and moist; day and night; bad and good;] -khashak, A mountain.

خشكاب <u>kh</u>ashkāb, Hindering ; a hinderer. <u>kh</u>ushk-abzār, Dry sweet herbs. <u>kh</u>ushk-ā<u>kh</u>wur, also spelt dry or empty stall), A barren year; penury; a miser.

khushkār (for khushk-ārd), Coarse, unsifted flour, full of bran; a fried egg.

<u>kh</u>ushk-afzār, Condiments;

pulse, leutils, beans, and the like.

hushk-amar, عشكامار khushk- khuskh āmār, Diligent inquiry; estimate, calculation; dropsy; a receiving of the whole of what is due.

<u>kh</u>ushkānij, <u>kh</u>ushkānj, Dry in

body.

يدام <u>kh</u>ushk-andām, Leau, meagre, dry.

غشك انكبين khushk-angubīn, Dry honey. <u>kh</u>ushkānīdan, To cause to dry.

khushk-auzār, Dry condiments. غيان عشات <u>kh</u>ushk-bāza, Tree-loppings; bark.

يد فشع khushk-band, Healing of a

wound without the use of a salve or plaster; a wound.

يشت <u>kh</u>ushk-pusht, A tortoise.

<u>kh</u>ushk-pahlū, A useless person. خشك بي <u>kh</u>ushk-pai, Unlucky, ill-omened. khushk-tar, Melancholy; fool, خشك قر idiot.

خشکهان <u>kh</u>ushk-jān (dry soul), Ignorant, unskilful; lukewarm, indifferent to the claims of love or friendship; the soul

stripped of the body. نجنبان <u>kh</u>ushk-jumbān, Idly bnsy. khushk-jahan, An age barren in

distinguished men.

مشم عشد khushk-chashm, Tearless, dryeyed.

<u>kh</u>ushk-chūb, Dry wood. الله خار <u>kh</u>ushk-<u>kh</u>ār, A caltrop.

يناك دامن <u>kh</u>ushk-dāman, Pure, chaste, virtuous (the contrary of tar-daman).

<u>kh</u>ushk-dast, Avaricious. <u>kh</u>ushk-damāgh, Crack-brained, خشك دماغ

mad; grievous.

خشك دَماغي <u>kh</u>ushk-damāghī, Grief. ين دهاي <u>kh</u>ushk-dahān (dry-mouthed), Fasting, abstemious.

قديرندة khushk-randa, The dry scab. يودي <u>kh</u>ushk-rūde, A dried-up stream.

يش مشك ريش <u>kh</u>ushk-resh, A dry scab or wound; subtilty, fraud, stratagem, deceit falsehood; a vain excuse.

هشي طشد khushk-resha, Crust of a wound; an excuse.

الم المالك الما Arid land far from water.

يال كشك مال <u>kh</u>ushk-sāl, A year of drought, a general dearth; scarcity; -khushk-sāli āfat, The present evil world.

ي <u>kh</u>ushk-sālī, Drought; dry sea-

son.

مشك سر <u>kh</u>ushk-sar, Addle-pated; a babbler; irascible; melancholy.

خشك هانه <u>kh</u>ushk-shāna, Proud, haughty; pride, haughtiness.

a خشك طينت <u>kh</u>ushk-tīnat, A useless person.

a عبارت عشك khushk-'ibarat, Whose speech is unprofitable.

a والمناه عنان <u>kh</u>ushk-'inān, Unmanageable. خشكفا <u>kh</u>ushk-fã, Unfermented bread.

<u>kh</u>ushk-gardan, Stiff-necked. a عشکلان khushklan عشکلان q.v.

المكمان <u>khushkmāz</u>, Diligent inquiry; khushk-māz kardan, To inquire diligently

غشكمازو khushk-mizū, كشكماز khushkmaza, Withered or broken branch; bark of a tree.

انا خشکمانا <u>kh</u>ushk-mānā, Anything cold eaten after meat, to moderate the beat of the stomach.

خشك مغز <u>kh</u>ushk-maghz, Testy; a fool. خشك مغزى <u>kh</u>ushk-maghzī, Rage; folly.

ونا طشد <u>kh</u>ushk-nān, منان طشد <u>kh</u>ushknāna, Dry bread, biscuit; a kind of sweetmeat.

ي <u>kh</u>ushk-nay, The throat; the wind-pipe; the gullet.

ي عشلت نهاد khushk-nihād, A useless person. khushk-wā, Unleavened bread.

<u>kh</u>ushka, Boiled rice without butter; flour not sifted; cast steel.

<u>khushkī</u>, Dryness; scarcity occasioned by drought; dry land; by land (in opposition to tari, by water); horse-dung dried, used instead of straw as litter; dry, arid; -khushki'i bakht (tāli'), Adverse fortune; — khushki'i charkh, Bad times; khushki'i mafsil, Stiffness of a joint.

khushkī parast, Addicted to

the dry land.

كشكيدن khushkīdan, To dry up.

<u>kh</u>ushkīda, Dried up, thirsty

<u>kh</u>ashal, Bdellium, an Arabian gum. khishm, khashm, Anger, passion, rage, indignation, fury; -khishm āmadan (āwardan, shudan, kardan), To become angry; — khishm khwurdan (firo-khwurdan), To swallow, i.e. subdue one's anger or passion; -khishmi yahūdāna, A Jew's rage, i.e. a silly, unprofitable dispute;—bakhishm āwardan, To provoke, make angry; -dar khishm shudan, To be angry.

<u>khashm</u> (v.n.), Striking, hurting, or breaking the bridge of the nose; [khashmu'l-anf, Ozena (see the following); khasham (v.n.), Having a large nose; bad smell of meat; offensive smell of the nose

from polypus, ozena.

<u>kh</u>ishmāghīl, Angry glance; squint (probably misreading for چشم آغیل q.v.).

غشم آلودة khishm-ālūd, خشم آلودة khishm

ālūda, Angry, exasperated.

a عشم ناب <u>kh</u>ishm-tāb, Writhing (or burning) with rage.

a عشم رفته <u>kh</u>ishm-rafta, Angry.

a خشم کره <u>kh</u>ishm-gar, خشم کره <u>kh</u>ishm-gīn, Full of rage, angry.

a عشمكينى <u>kh</u>ishmgīnī, Angriness, anger. ي الله <u>kh</u>ishmlū (for <u>kh</u>ishm-ālūd?) عشملو كردن kardan, To tickle.

was khishmin, Augry.

a عشمناك <u>kh</u>ishmnāk, Passionate, furious, enraged.

a خشمناكى <u>kh</u>ishmnākī, Anger, angriness. khashma, Travelling utensils.

<u>khashn</u> (v.n.), Being rough, roughness; - khashin, Hard, rough; coarse;

khashan, A kind of grass from which coarse garments are made; [khashan poshīdan, To wear a rough garment; to play the hypocrite;]-khishan, khishn (for khishīn), A kind of falcon.

يمشنان <u>kh</u>ushnān, Happy, prosperous.

khashan-bārānī, A rain-cloak خشن باراني of coarse cloth worn by shepherds, &c.; (met.) the sky; a cloud.

khashanja, A gusset, gore of a shift (doubtful; probably misreading for

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خشن خانه <u>kh</u>ashan-khāna, A house constructed of reeds; also a house, the doors and windows of which are lined with the roots of a certain grass (Andropogon muricatum), which being kept continually sprinkled, a circulation of cool air is thereby maintained within; tatties.

<u>kh</u>ushnud, Content.

فسندة <u>kh</u>ashanda, Insects (see عشندة). عشنشار <u>kh</u>ashansār, <u>kh</u>ushansār, خشنسار <u>kh</u>ashanshār, A kind of white-headed aqua-

tic bird.

<u>kh</u>ashang, A scar; bald; baldness. <u>kh</u>ushnū, <u>kh</u>ashnū, Content, pleased. <u>kh</u>ushnûd, Content, pleased, happy.

<u>kh</u>ushnūdī, Contentment, satisfaction, resignation, acquiescence; reconciliation.

ي المسلم <u>kh</u>ushnī, An unchaste woman, harlot.

<u>kh</u>ushū, A mother-in-law.

ين <u>kh</u>ushwāna, Wool, spun and wound; a garment made of such and worn by dervishes and beggars.

<u>kh</u>ash-u-khāsh, Trifles; chips,

scraps, rubbish.

مُعْمِد khashūd, A pruning knife; the pruning of young shoots.

<u>kh</u>ushūdan, <u>kh</u>ashūdan, To prune

خشور <u>kh</u>ashūr, A prophet, an apostle. A خشو<u>ط kh</u>ushū' (v.n. of خشوع), Being humble; casting down the eyes; being near setting (a star).

<u>kh</u>ashūk, khushūk, A bastard, miscreant; -- khushūk, A drinking-vessel in

form of a bull's horn.

A مُشن <u>kh</u>ushūnat (v.n. of عشونة), Being rough; roughness, ruggedness; asperity, severity; disdain.

غشی <u>kh</u>ashī, Very white; ash-coloured; according to others, = عشينه q.v.; -khashe, A dried herb.

A خشى <u>kh</u>ashy, <u>kh</u>ishy (v.n.), Fearing, dreading ;—<u>kh</u>ashī, Timid.

مُسِيب <u>kh</u>ashīb, Rough-hewn; rusty (a sword); furbished; bad, vile; select.

A مشيم <u>khashyat</u> (v.n. of خشي), Fearing ; fear.

خشيج khashīj, Opposed, opposite; an element.

يميمان <u>kh</u>ashijān, Contraries; elements. <u>kh</u>ashish, Noise, tumult; victory, superiority.

khashīshār, Name of an aquatic خشيشار bird.

<u>kh</u>ishīsha, A bird that frequents gardens in spring.

مثيث khashīshi, A kind of garment, مثين khashīn, Of the colour of ashes, of a darkish white; of a black and blue; blue; a falcon with a black back; name of a province in Transoxania.

A contain, Name of a tribe, from which the patronymic khushani is derived.

عشینار <u>kh</u>ashīnād, خشینار <u>kh</u>ashīnār, = عشینسار q.v.

يند <u>kh</u>ashīn-pand, A kite.

<u>khashīnsār</u>, Name of an aquatic bird with a black back and white spot on the head.

مثينة <u>kh</u>ashīna, Of a black colour inclining to blue; a species of falcon; a kind of water-fowl; ash-coloured.

A hass (v.n.), Marking especially, distinguishing peculiarly;—khiss, Deficient, defective, shortcoming;—khuss, A house of reeds; a tavern; good wine.

<u>kh</u>iṣāb, A loaded date-tree.

A hole, gap, chink; the space between the feet of a trivet;—khusāsat, The gleanings of a vine.

<u>kh</u>assāf, A liar; a shoe-maker; surname of doctor of the Hanafi school.

مال مال غير khiṣāl (v.n. of محل), Conquering at darting; cutting away (a piece) of meat; (pl. of khaṣlat) good manners, habits, properties, or qualities; — khiṣāli ḥamīda, Praiseworthy virtues.

A مام <u>kh</u>iṣām (v.n. 3 of محمام), Litigating. محمام <u>kh</u>iṣṣān, <u>kh</u>uṣṣān, Grandees, nobles, patrician orders; royal favourites.

ا مائم <u>kh</u>aṣā'iṣ (pl. of <u>kh</u>āṣiyat), Properties.

A ماثل <u>kh</u>aṣā'il (pl. of <u>kh</u>aṣīlat), Man-

ners, customs, usages; morals.

dance of life;—khusb, A side.

A = khasr, The middle, the waist; the middle part of the sole of the foot, which does not touch the ground; the space between the notch of an arrow and the feather; a road between the upper and lower part of a hill; sand;—khasar, Cold, chilliness;—khasir, Cold (water).

A whasf (v.n.), Doubling and sewing together (a sole); a shoe or slipper made of several layers, each of which is

called khasfa.

a with khosi, Conquering at shooting; a stipulation or condition at archery; a stake at play; a stake upon seven at the game of nard; the dice with which the game is played; cutting off; [khasi kardan, To grant, to bestow;]—khusul, Entangled branches.

A مسل <u>kh</u>aslat (v.n. of مصل), Hitting the mark (an arrow), or falling by the side of it; quality, property;— <u>kh</u>uslat, Entangled hair.

A improvement in the series of a sack or portmanteau. Overcoming at law; an enemy, antagonist, adversary at law or game; (also khasam) a husband; [khasami yak chashm, The devil; antichrist; the heart; the sky;]—khusm, Side, margin; the corner of a sack or portmanteau.

т там <u>kh</u>işm, A friend, relation; an owner.

A مما <u>kh</u>uṣamā' (pl. of <u>kh</u>aṣīm), Antagonists.

a عصم الكنى <u>kh</u>aṣm-afganī, Overthrow of an adversary.

A what khuṣmān (pl. of khaṣm or khaṣīm), The opposite parties in a law-suit; antagonists, adversaries;—khuṣmāni suft, The elements.

a & khaṣmāna, Inimically; housewifery.

a عصم عالك <u>kh</u>aşam-<u>kh</u>āna, Master of the house; an heir.

a عمكش <u>kh</u>aṣm-kush, The slayer of a foe.

a محكشى <u>kh</u>aṣm-kushī, Slaughter of a foe.

عم والى a <u>kh</u>aşam-wālī, A woman whose husband is living.

a مسمى <u>kh</u>aşmī, Enmity ;—<u>kh</u>aşmī'i jānī, mortal enmity.

A محرص <u>khūsūs</u> (v.n. of مُحَّف), Marking especially, distinguishing peculiarly; particularity, speciality; a thing, business, particular; — bā-khusūs, Especially; — dar khusūs, Concerning;—'alá'l-khusūs, Chiefly, especially.

<u>kh</u>uṣūṣāna, P. مومانه <u>kh</u>uṣūṣāna,

Particularly, especially, chiefly.

A موصيات <u>kh</u>uṣūṣīyāt (pl. of the follow-

ing), Peculiarities, particularities.

A عومية khusūṣīyat, Particularity, speciality, singularity; attachment, intimate friendship;—ba-khaṣūṣīyat, With special reference to.

A בּפָּק khuṣūm (pl. of khaṣm), Enemies, rivals.

<u>kh</u>uṣūmāt (pl. of the follow-

ing), Law-suits; disputes.

A محومة khuṣūmat (v.n. 3 of محم), Trying to overcome at law; litigatiom, a law-suit; altercation; — khuṣūmati shadīd, Violent animositv;—iṣhāri khuṣūmat kardan, To declare war, to denounce hostilities.

a مومتگاه <u>kh</u>aṣūmat-gāh, مومتگاه <u>kh</u>āṣūmat-gah, A place of contention; a battle-

field.

<u>khasūmatgar</u>, A quarreller, a litigant; an adversary.

a على المعنى Ahasī, A eunuch; a gelded animal; poetry destitute of erotic sentiments, castrated.

A محية <u>kh</u>usyat, <u>kh</u>usya, A testicle ;—<u>kh</u>usyatu 'n-nisā', The ovary ;—<u>kh</u>usya bar kulla jastan, (met.) To be greatly terrified.

A خصيتان khusyatāni (dual), The testicles.

A محملت <u>khasif</u>, Well-made (shoe); ashes; anything of two colours; new milk mixed with old.

ه می کرده khaṣi-karda, Gelded, castrated. A محمد khaṣīm, Litigating, opposing; an opponent.

<u>kh</u>aṣin, A small axe.

(v.n. of whizāb (v.n. of which), Tiuging (the nails or hair with privet, saffron, or indigo); tincture, colouring matter; a dye for the hair (construed with the verbs bastan, dādan, rasāndan, zadan, sākhtan, kardan, nihādan, &c.).

A soft tree without

prickles.

A sale khazār, Milk thinned with water; herbs sprouting.

<u>kh</u>uzārat, Greenness.

A whazb (v.n.), Tinging (the nails or hair with cypress or saffron).

A منت <u>kh</u>azkhazat (v.n. of منته),

Ploughing; polluting oneself.

A size khazd (v.n.), Bending (the branch of a tree); trimming (a tree); eating much, or something moist (as a cucumber); —khazad, Branches recently broken, or new cuttings of a tree.

A jak khazr (v.n.), Cutting (a palmtree);—khizr, khizar, The prophet Khizr, who discovered and drank of the water of life, whereby he became immortal, figures in Oriental tradition as a wazīr of Iskander, and also at Elias and St. George of England, on the supposition that the same soul animated them by transmigration; [khizr bahār dar qadam dārad, Khizr has spring in his wake, said because the ground on which he places his foot is supposed to be at once covered with green;—khizri rāh gardīdan, To guide, to lead the way;]—khazīr, A green branch; green, verdant, fresh;—khazar, Greenness, freshness.

heaven; troop clad in iron, a squadron of armoured men; name of a castle in Syria; —<u>khazrā'u</u> 'd-dimn, Verdure grown out of a dunghill; (met.) a comely woman, but

of a low family.

عمرا عرام م <u>khazrā-khirām</u>, Moving majestically like the sky; producing verdure in moving along (applied to Khizr).

A by khuzrat, Greenness, verdure.

a عضر لباس <u>khizr-libās</u>, Clad in green (like Khizr, applied to the sky).

a مندر مقدم <u>khizr-maqdam</u>, Whose coming is (auspicious, like) Khizr's.

المعاددة (see <u>kh</u>azarwān, The Caspian sea (see

(خزروان

A LAS <u>khazaz</u>, Small beads and other ornaments, with which girls in Arabia adorn their wrists; different kinds of food.

h we khazf (v.n.), Breaking wind; eating; -khazaf, Large and small melons.

A معل <u>khazl, khazal</u>, A pure pearl.

A hazm (v.n.), Eating with the mouth full, chewing, cutting with the grinders, especially anything soft, as cucumbers;—khiṣṇam, khuzṇam, A lord, a great and generous man; a large horse or camel.

A كنوع <u>kh</u>uzũ' (v.n. of منع), Being humble, submissive; submission, humility, respect, veneration.

A + khazīb, Stained, dyed, imbued.

<u>kh</u>azīr, Green, flourishing.

<u>khazīz</u>, Ground abounding in

loose earth moistened by the rain. A \(\text{khatt}, in P. khat (v.n. of \(\text{L})), \(\text{Wri.} \) ting; delineating; anything written or delineated; a letter, note; handwriting; a character; a figure drawn on the sand by conjurers; a line; a limit, margin, edge; a bank, coast; a line of conduct or argument; an order; a marriage contract; the down on the cheek of a youth; a lance (unsupported, but see يا); [khati āb, An image appearing and disappearing in the water; <u>khati ijrā</u>, A diploma conferring a stipend or pension, &c.; khati ārādī, A deed of manumission; -khat az khūn nawishtan, To implore help in a great emergency;—khati arraq, A black line; the fourth line on the cup of Jamshed ;-khok az qalam rekhtan, To be written;—khaji istiwā (i'tidālu 'l-lail wa 'n-nahār), The equator; -khati ashk (khatar), The fifth line on the cup of Jamshed; — khati atlasī, Lines forming a cross;—<u>khat</u>i āftābī, A form of Persian writing in which the curved tails of the letters are portions of a circle; $-\underline{khati} ufq$, A meridional line; the equator; —<u>khati ilḥāq, A connecting line;—kh</u>ati aman, A letter of security, safe-conduct ;-khatiauwāl, The letter \ alif; the throne of God: Mecca: -khati bātil. Sin, wickedness: -khat ba-jahān kashīdan, To renounce the world ;— khat ba-khūni kase āwardan (dādan, kashīdan, nawishtan). To command the death of a person or approve of his being killed; - khat bar-āwardan (birān āwardan), To prove by argument, to argue; to sprout (a young beard); -khat bar-khāk (zamīn) kashīdan, To show one's impotence, to be put to shame; -khat burdan, To sprout (the down on the cheek), to grow a beard; -khat bar sari kase kashīdan, To impute an error, sin or crime to, to disgrace; -khat bar 'ālam kashīdan, To renounce the world; - khati burida (biburida), Interrupted letters, continued on the next page; - khat bar gardan kashīdan, To command obedience;—<u>khat bastan</u>, To grow a beard; -khat ba-sari khwud dadan, To give one's signature; to write a bond; to sign a deed; — khati basra, The third line on the cup of Jamshed; -khazi butlan (khatā, naskh), khati bīzārī, Cancelling, scoring out;—khati baghdād, The second

line on the cup of Jamshed; -khat ba-gabr (ba-mazār) kashīdan, To draw, after interment, seven lines on a tomb, believed to secure forgiveness to the dead; -khati bandagi, A contract for servitude; -khati baizawi, A form of writing in which the curves are segments of an oval;-khati pākī, Letters of manumission;—<u>kh</u>ati pāyi kulāgh (pancha'i gurba), Scrawls, illegible letters;—khati tāziyāna, A wale after whippiug; -khati tarsā, Writing from left to right; -khati tawam, A kind of transparent writing which appears when two sheets of paper, on which various figures are traced, are placed one over the other; -khati tegh, A gash with a sabre;—khati jām, A line on the cup of Jamshed, of which there are seven (see khati jaur, baghdad, basra, siyah, ashk, kāsagar, and farodīna); a line on or the edge of any cup (in which sense also the synonyms ayagh, piyala, paimana, and saghir instead of jām are used);—khati jady, The tropic of Capricorn; -khati jalī, A stout, plain written character; -khati jawaz, A. passport; -khan jaur, The first line on the cup of Jamshed; -khati chāp, Printed character; - khaţi chalīpā (almāsī), Two lines cutting each other in a right angle and forming a cross;—<u>kh</u>ati hisār (mandal), A circle drawn by a conjurer around himself or others for protection; -khati hawadig, Absence of calamities; - khati khafī, A thin character;—<u>khaļi kh</u>wānā, A writing readable without hesitation; - khati khūn, A death-warrant; -khat dadan. To admit the soundness of a thing; -khat dar-āwardan (damidan), To sprout (an incipient beard); to grow a beard; -khati dasti, Written character; - khati durust, A straight line; -khaţi dīwān (dīwānī), A kind of official scrawl; -khati rāh, A passport; -khati radd, Cancelling, scoring out; -khati rawān, An easy-flowing, legible writing; -khati zabarjad-rang (sabz), First appearance of a beard; an anonymous epistle; a black line; -khati saratān, The tropic of Cancer; - khati surma, A line drawn with collyrium on the evebrow;khaţi sarv, A kind of writing;—khaţi sau-dā'ī, An interest-bond;—khaţi siyāh (azraq, shab), A black line; the fourth line on the cup of Jamshed; -khati sharif, Royal letters, diplomas, mandates, signed or superscribed by the sovereign's own hand;khati shu'ā (shu'ā'i), A solar ray;—khati shikasta, A broken and tortuous writing;-<u>khati shamshir-band</u>, An appalling letter ; khati sarraf, A bank-bill, a cheque; -khati zāminī, A security-bond; — khati 'asalī, A wine-coloured line; — khati 'amūd, A perpendicular line; — khati ghubār, The smallest Arabic or Persian writing; -khati ahulāmī, A contract for servitude, indentures; -khati fasil, A line of demarcation;

-khati farodīna (muzauwar), The seventh line on the cup of Jamshed; -khati qati, A secant; -- khati qassārān, A mark put by fullers on clothes to recognise the owners;—<u>khati</u> kāsagar, The sixth line on the cup of Jamshed; - khati kabg, The lines on a partridge's plumage ;-khati kirdar, The register of the divine decrees; -khat kashīdan, To draw a line or lines; to draw a line through a word; to erase, obliterate; - khati gul-zār, A flourished kind of hand-writing ;—khati mutawazī, A parallel line; - khati mihwar, A longitudinal line; -khati lā-da'wā, An unclaimed letter; a written acquittance; a writing relinquishing all claim to:—khati mustadīr. A circular line; — <u>khati mustaqīm</u>, A right or straight line; - khati mashriq u maghrib, A longitudinal liue; - khati mushkin, A mole upon the cheek; -- khati mu'ammā, Enigmatical writing, difficult to decipher (opp. to khati khwana, q.v.); -khati mu'auwaj, A curved line;—khati miqyās, A graduated line;—khati mulāqī, A tangent; khati munhani, A curved line ;-khati munassifi zafn, The raphe of the scrotum (med.); — <u>khati mekh</u> (me<u>kh</u>i), Cuneiform writing; — <u>khati nashk</u>, The straight Arabic writing; cancelling; scoring out;—khati nisfu 'n-nahār, A meridional line; the equatorial line;—khat nihādan, To obliterate, to cross out; -khati nīl, The letter l (as symbol of the one God) painted with indigo on the forehead of a child to avert the evil eye; -khati watar, A diagonal line; — khat u kitābat, Epistolatory correspondence; — khati humāyūn, The Shāh's autograph;] - khatt, khitt, Name of a port in Bahrayn celebrated for its lances; -khitt, Land not moistened by raiu;-khutt, A mountain at Mecca; a highway.

khatā, Name of Scythian province;

name of Northern China.

A * khaṭa', A sault, error, miss, inadvertency, trespass, blunder, crime unintentionally committed;—khiṭā (pl. of

khatwat), Steps.

khitāb, A discourse, address, conversation, correspondence by letter; [khitāb kardan, To speak, to say, to talk;—faslu 'l-khitāb, A judicial sentence founded on conclusive testimony and oath; the transitional phrase ammā ba'd (see under a);]—khutāb (pl. of khātib), Public speakers, preachers; those who ask in marriage, suitors.

A مالك khatābat, The act of preaching

a sermon; eloquence, rhetoric.

a خطا بخش <u>khat</u>ā-ba<u>kh</u>sh, Sin-forgiving. a خطابی <u>kh</u>itābī, Verbal, by speech.

A خطالبة <u>khattābīyat</u>, A heretical sect, ori-

ginating with Abu 'l-Khattāb. a عطا بوش <u>khatā-posh</u>, Sin-covering, mer-

ciful.

A ble khattat, A fine writer, penman, calligraphist; -khattātu 'l-bilād, A geographer; -- khautatu 'l-biladī, Geography.

A wisher; Satan; name of a celebrated horse; -khuttāf, A swallow; a hook; a hooked iron (particularly on each side of a pulley through which goes the axis), a grapple; name of another celebrated horse.

a عطا كار <u>khatā-kār</u>, خطا كار <u>khatāgar</u>, A sin-

ner, criminal,

A halter, string, a bridle. a , i khat-āwar, bo, i khat-āwarda, A beard beginning to appear; a youth whose beard and mustachies begin to sprout.

<u>khatāy</u>, Khatāy, a large country عطاى A in Scythia or Tartary beyond mount Imaus;

northern China.

A لولك <u>khatāyā</u> (pl. of <u>khat</u>i'at or <u>khat</u>i-

yat), Sins; faults, errors.

<u>khatā'ī</u>, Of or belonging to Khatā. A - khatb (v.n.), Asking in marriage, betrothing; a thing, work, affair, matter; -khitb, Betrothed (man or woman); khitb, khutb, The word used in asking in marriage, the assent to which is expressed by the word nikh;—khutab (pl. of khutbat), Sermons.

A عطباه khutabā' (pl. of khātib or khatīb), Preachers.

A عطبة khithat (v.n. of حطبة), Asking (a woman) in marriage (for a son), betrothing; (a woman) asked in marriage; -khutbat, khutba, A speech, harangue, address; a sermon, especially that preached in the mosques on a Friday.

<u>khutba-khwān</u>, A preacher,

(especially of the Friday sermon).

A he khittat, khitta, A boundary or foundation-line of a bouse; [khitta'i pur bahjat, A place full of delight;—khuttat, An affair, matter, state of things; a story, narrative, history; design, aim; want; a line; name of an ill-shaped she-goat, of which the Arabs make sport.

a معامل <u>kh</u>ai - <u>kh</u>utūi, Correspondence.

 $a_1 = khat - d\bar{a}r$, Having stripes, striped. khair (v.n.), Vibrating, brandishing (a sword or spear), striking (with them); lashing his sides with his tail (a hot stallion) ;—<u>khitr</u>, A species of dyeing herb, woad, indigo; watery milk; many camels; -khatar, Danger, peril, imminent rain; a bet, wager, stake; risk; power, dignity.

a be khatar, Woad, indigo (see khitr in

preceding article).

a المام <u>khatraya</u>, A kind of dervish's

a عطرستان <u>khataristān</u>, A place abounding in dangers.

a ما <u>kh</u>atar-gāh, A place of danger.

a عطرمند khatarmand, عطرمند khatarnāk Dangerous, perilous.

a عطرناكي <u>khatarnākī</u>, Danger, jeopardy,

peril.

a معارة <u>kh</u>agra, Danger, fear, risk.

a خطکش <u>khat-kash</u>, A ruler (to draw lines); a scribe; one who prescribes, a law-giver.

a مطكشي <u>khat-kashī</u>, Lines drawn for the sake of architectural ornamentation.

<u>khat-guzār, کاکرار khat-guzār, A</u>

scribe; a javelin-man, a lancer.

A مطل <u>khatal</u>, Levity of conversation, obscenity; lightness, quickness; talking much nonsense; length and limberness (in a horse, lance, &c.); walking with a swing; -khatil, A fool, a stupid fellow; a liberal man who gives readily and freely; (an arrow) hitting the mark; (a garment) sweeping the ground; the edge of a tent; a gin, a snare; name of a place;—khutl (pl. of akhtal), Bangle-eared (sheep or dogs).

khaim (v.n.), Smiting on the nose خطم A (a camel in order to halter it); sewing the edges of leather; stringing a bow; bringing under by words; beak; snout; a

weighty matter; name of a place.

a خطمي <u>kh</u>agmī, <u>kh</u>igmī, Marsh-mallows. A hatw, A stepping, a proceeding. A عطوات khutwāt, khutuwāt (pl. of khut. wat), Steps, paces.

__; Stepping معلوة م <u>khatwat</u> (v.n. of معلوة khutwat, The space between the feet in

stepping; a step, a pace.

A عطور khutur (v.n. of خطر), Entering, occurring, or recurring to the mind; possessing great power; — khuļūr kardan, To befall; -hargiz az khāţir-am khuţūr kard, Should it ever have occurred to me? (m.c.).

<u>khutūt</u> (pl. of khatt), Lines, streaks; letters; handwritings, manuscripts;—khutūti sīmā, Lineaments; features; — <u>khutūti</u> shiʻāʻīya, Radial lines. sun's rays.

a مخوطی <u>khutūt</u>ī, Linear (demonstration).

a des khitta, see des khittat.

A معلى <u>kh</u>utá (pl. of <u>kh</u>utwat), Steps; spaces between the feet, when stepping

a مطى <u>khattī</u>, (A spear grown at, or

brought from, Khatt.

<u>khatīb</u>, A preacher; a reader of prayers at a mosque; an able orator;khatībi ilāhī, A revealer of secrets; one engaged in rehearsing the praises of God; a reader of the Qur'an; a professor of belief in the unity of God; -khatībi falak, Ju-

a عطيبي <u>kh</u>atībī, Preaching; — <u>kh</u>atībī

kardan, To preach.

A deles khaţi'at, deles khaţiyat, A sin, fault, crime; a little of anything.

A مطر khatīr (v.n. of مطر), Lashing the

sides with the tail (a stallion); great, honorable, dignified (a man); dangerous, hazardous;—amri khatīr, An important, doubtful or dangerous affair; — <u>kh</u>āṭiri <u>khatīr,</u> A penetrating, comprehensive mind.

A عطيف <u>kh</u>atīf, Swift (dromedary); a martin.

<u>khat</u>i'at, A sin, fault, crime purposely committed.

A | khuzūw, Firmness, compactness (of

flesh).

<u>khaf, khuf, Tinder</u>; the fire-emitting

tree markh; a wrapper for clothes.

hyena); -khaff (v.n.), Crying, barking (a hyena); -khiff (v.n.), Being light; light (of weight or morals); a small number of people; -khuff, A boot; the sole of the human foot; also of a camel or ostrich.

لفد <u>kh</u>afā (for هفد q.v.), Strangulation;—

khafa kardan, To strangle.

مان ها <u>kh</u>afā' (v.n. of خطی), Being concealed.

A تاهند khufāt, khafāt (v.n. of معات), Dying suddenly.

<u>kh</u>ufājil, Tongue-tied.

at las khafāja, aş las khafācha, A certain

banditti of plundering Arabs.

a معار <u>khufār, khuffār, قيام kh</u>ufārat, Protection, safeguard; a compact; price of patronage or protection.

<u>kh</u>uffāsh, A bat.

ماك ه <u>kh</u>ifāf (pl. of khuff), Boots;-<u>kh</u>ufāf, Light; name of a man;—<u>kh</u>affāf, A boot-maker or vendor.

<u>khaffāfīsh</u> (pl. of khuffāsh),

Bats.

خالف <u>khafāla</u>, A flight of birds (see كالم . of which it is probably a misreading).

<u>kh</u>afānīdan, To make (a needle) عفانيدن prick.

<u>kh</u>afāyā (pl. of <u>kh</u>afī), Secrets.

A منطق <u>kh</u>iffat, <u>kh</u>affat (v.n. of حطة), Being light (in weight or in dignity); lightness, levity; agility, nimbleness; slighting, insult.

khaft (v.n.), Speaking in a whis-

<u>kh</u>aftān, A vest worn under armour; according to others also helm, armour, weapons.

مكان هكان مكان <u>kh</u>aftān-shikaf, Khaftān-

piercing.

غمتانيدن <u>kh</u>uftānīdan, To cause to roll; to cause to sleep; to render (the limbs) torpid.

مامتلك <u>kh</u>uftak, The nightmare; a heron. <u>khuftagī</u>, A lying down, bending;

-<u>kh</u>uftagī giriftan, To bend or lie down. خفتن <u>kh</u>uftan (S. svap), To sleep; to lie down; to sleep (as the limbs) from a stoppage of the circulation of the blood, to be bennmbed; to be blunt (the edge of a sword); to become thick; to congeal, clot; to kiss; -- chū sāya dar qil khuftan, To wallow, to roll; to die; namazi khuftan, The prayer before going to sleep.

<u>khuftan-ja</u>, A bed; a bed-cham-

ber.

<u>kh</u>uftanī, Fit to be lain upon.

khuftū, The nightmare. خفتو

خاست و خمير <u>kh</u>uft-u-<u>kh</u>ez, Slowness; a deliberate progress; agitation, commotion; restlessness, inconstancy; coition; -khuftu-khez kardan, To object, to offer opposition.

<u>khafta, Cough</u>;—<u>kh</u>ufta, Sleeping, asleep; extended on the ground; curved, bent; buried; thick (milk); the game of tip-cat; -khufta dawidan, To run swiftly.

<u>kh</u>uftī, An evening meal, supper

(opposed to chāshtī).

<u>kh</u>uftīdan, To roll, wallow; to be asleep; to kneel; to kiss each other; to become thick and clotted (milk).

khafj, khafaj, The nightmare;—khafaj, Wild mustard; -khufj, A tomb, sepul-

chre; an owl (see عليه).

A shafj (v.n.), Copulating;—khafaj, Having a tremor in the fore-legs before rising up from the ground (a camel); trembling (of anything); being crooked (a leg).

<u>kh</u>afajā, The nightmare.

khafja, A tree bearing a red fruit.

خاية <u>kh</u>afchāq, Noble ; name of a desert in Turkistan; nomad Tartars. .(قپچاق

khafcha, An ingot of gold or silver; flowing ringlets; a straight branch shooting up; the stick with which legal flogging is administered; hawthorn; -khufcha, A goad; according to some = عفجه q.v.

<u>kh</u>afad, <u>kh</u>afadan عفد <u>kh</u>afadan

(v.n. of عفد), Going fast (an ostrich).

<u>khafdān</u>, A garment worn in battle (خفتان 868).

<u>kh</u>afda, Bent, curved, crooked.

<u>kh</u>afr (v.n.), Protecting, patronizing; escorting; giving pardon or security (to a vanquished enemy);—khafar, Being very bashful; excessive modesty.

ره <u>kh</u>afraj, <u>kh</u>afarj, Purslain.

<u>kh</u>afraq, A word used in reviling.

khafranj, The nightmare. عفرنج

عفودوك <u>kh</u>afazd, خفودو <u>kh</u>afazdū, عفودو <u>kh</u>a-fazdūk, خفودو

<u>kh</u>afs (v.n.), Deriding, ridiculing. A معمش <u>kh</u>afsh (v.n.), Throwing;—<u>kh</u>afash, Being weak, feeble; smallness of the eye; weakness of sight (so as to see in the night but not in the day, and in a dull but not in a clear medium).

A خفض <u>kh</u>afz (v.n.), Abasing (the proud); lowering (the voice); easy life; doing with ease; circumcising a girl; abiding in a place; putting a noun in the oblique case.

<u>khafq</u> (v.n.), Palpitating (the

heart); trembling, waving (a flag); floating, undulating (vapours); vibrating (a flash of lightning); nodding the head (from drowsiness); beating with the lash; tapping with anything broad; flapping the wings in flying (a bird).

A كفت <u>kh</u>afaqān, <u>kh</u>afqān (v.n. of عفق), Palpitating, trembling, waving, floating (flug or the heart); palpitation of the

heart.

a منتائي khafaqānī, Subject to palpitation.

khafak, Strangulation, suffocation (unsupported by examples; see خبلت).

<u>kh</u>afagī, Displeasure, anger.

khafanj, Profit, advantage; pleasure, delight, blandishment, coquetry: khufunj, Monuments, especially of martyrs; an owl (unsupported by examples).

يادى <u>kh</u>afandan, To sprinkle; to cough,

breathe hard.

<u>kh</u>afandīdan, To be suffocated.

A عفوت khufut (v.n. of عفوت), Ceasing to speak, becoming mute or silent.

khufūr (v.n. of عفور), Failing to afford protection, breaking a promise, betraying.

A عفوف khufūf (v.n. of عفوف , Being little

and few; walking fast, being light.

A معنی khufūq (v.n. of معنی), Setting (of a star); nodding the head from drow siness; being almost past (the night); the flight of a bird.

khafa, A cough; suffocation, strangling; sneezing; $[\underline{kh}afa\ b\bar{u}dan$, To be suffocating, to choke; - khafa kardan, To strangle; - khufa, A cough.

ي معه كن <u>kh</u>afa-kun, Sultry, suffocating. <u>khafa-qī</u>, Suffocation.

<u>khajī</u>, Clandestine, concealed. على ▲

غليات ه <u>kh</u>afīyāt (pl. of <u>kh</u>afīyat), Secrets.

▲ khifyat, khufyat, khufya (v.n. of سف), Concealing oneself; concealment; a secret (dar khufya, Secretly, clandestinely); -khafiyat, Anything hidden, latent, secret.

a معينة khufyatan (for A. معينة), Secretly,

privately.

<u>kh</u>ufid, Agreeable, acceptable; known, renowned, celebrated (see خفيدة khufida below).

<u>kh</u>afidan, To breathe, breathe hard, pant; to cough; to sneeze; -khutī-

dan, To cough.

<u>kh</u>afida, Strangled, suffocated; sneezing; - khufida, Troubled with a cough; known, published, blazoned abroad, celebrated.

<u>khafīr</u>, A protector, guardian, keeper.

A معيف <u>kh</u>ajîf, Light (of weight) : undignified, immoral, weak in understanding; nimble, agile, dexterous; lightly sounded; a metre (fā'ilātun mustaf'ilun fā'ilātun, = ノーー | six times repeated).

a غيف اَواز <u>khafīf-āwāz</u>, Babbling, a bab-

bler.

a معيمة <u>kh</u>afifa, Light (fem.); a smallcause court (in India).

a خفيفي دائرة <u>kh</u>afifi dā'ira, Centre of a

A محميل <u>kh</u>afiq, Murmuring of the wind. a خفية محال <u>khufya-maḥāl</u>, Lands hid

from government. a عفية نويس <u>kh</u>ufya-nigār, عفية نكار <u>kh</u>ufyanawis, A writer of secret intelligence, em-

ployed by government.

<u>khākāv</u>, Name of a country.

<u>khakushk</u>, A painted earthen jar, in which the Persians put sweetmeats, &c., and present them to their friends at the festival of nau-roz, or new-year's day; in the city of Khallukh they formed part of a bride's trousseau, and girls used to fill them with coloured fluids with which they besprinkled each other in fun.

<u>khakīdan,</u> To trample under foot.

khagāv, Name of a country.

<u>kh</u>al (imp. of <u>kh</u>alīdan), Prick thou; (also with imperative meaning) come thou; arrival; -khil, khul, Snot; -khul, Bent, curved, crooked; mad; ashes; the fundament.

т 🚣 khil, A tribe.

A Je khall (v.n.), Being diminished, extenuated, lean; becoming poor; slitting the tongue of a young camel to prevent its sucking; vinegar; anything sour or bitter; a track through sand; lean, and, by opposition, fat; weak (man); an old garment; a rent in a garment; a vein in the neck and back; thinly plumaged (bird); evil, wickedness, and, by opposition, good, excellence, honour; -khill, khull, A friend, particularly a sincere and intimate one.

khilā (probably for khilāb), Mud. A الحام <u>kh</u>ala' (v.n. of علم), Being vacant, deserted (a place); vacuncy; an empty,

solitary place; a privy. جلاح khalāb, khilāb, Mud; water mixed with mud; a miry, slippery place; soft earth or mire into which the feet sink.

A مَالِم khilābat (v.n. of سلم), Deceiving with words, disappointing; tongs, forceps.

<u>kh</u>alābar, علابش <u>kh</u>alābash, A boarded servant (in the dialect of Gilan).

a علاجاى <u>kh</u>alā-jāy, A privy.

<u>kh</u>alāsh, <u>kh</u>ilāsh, Tumult, strife; khilāsh, Muddy water; a miry place.

<u>kh</u>ilāshma, <u>kh</u>alāshima, A disease

from indigestion; a sore throat.

لاهم <u>kh</u>alāsha, A rudder; a stick used as a dentifrice; rubbish of sticks or thorns.

<u>kh</u>alāshī, A mariner, a sailor. خلاهي <u>kh</u>alāş, Liberation, release liverance; redemption; liberty; health; [khalāṣ khwāstan, To seek or wish for release;—khalāṣ dādan (kardan), To set at liberty; to leave alone, to leave tranquil (m.c.);—khalāṣ shudan (gashtan, yāftan), To be rescued;]—khilāṣ (v.n. 3 of La), Acting sincerely or candidly (towards another); anything select or exquisite; gold or silver refined in the fire; genuine money; the best and purest of anything;—khallāṣ, A saviour, deliverer.

hhulāṣat, khulāṣa, The purest and best part or substance of anything; abstract, conclusion, inference, moral; the essence of a thing; (adverbially) in fine, in

short; to sum up, finally (m.c.).

a عامكان <u>khulāsagān</u> (pl. of <u>khulāsa</u>), Choice, pure, most select.

a خلاص <u>kh</u>alāṣī, Freedom, liberation, escape, redemption, discharge; sailor; native

artillery man.

nia, proverbial for the coldness of its climate, and said to be ten months without game or fish, which during the other two months are so plentiful, that the inhabitants not only lay in large provisions, but export great quantities as well;—<u>khilāt</u> (v.n. 3 of bla), Intermixing, intermingling; a miscellaneous herding of men, camels, or sheep; coition; being perplexed in mind, losing one's wits.

A Els_khula', Epilepsy; — khila' (for

khila'), Dresses of honour.

ملع <u>kh</u>alā'at (v.n. of علم), Casting off all regard for one's parents; being discarded by parents and relations; unruliness, disorderliness; depravity.

khalāf (for A. khilāf), A willow, an

osier.

مالت <u>kh</u>ilāf (v.n. 3 of علم), Opposing, contradicting, rebelling against, a kind of willow or osier.

A كالله khilāfat (v.n. of اعلم), Following, coming behind; succeeding, supplying another's place; califate, vicegerency, lientenancy; imperial dignity; monarchy.

a علاف ورزى <u>kh</u>ilāf-warzī, Opposition, con-

tradiction, contradictiousness.

a علامي <u>kh</u>ilāfī, fem. <u>kh</u>ilāfīyat, Contradictory; controversial, polemic;—mas'ala'i <u>kh</u>ilāfī, A matter of dispute, a question of controversy.

A خافيات <u>khilāfīyāt</u> (pl. of <u>khilāfīyat</u>), Debated points, controversial matters.

khalāq, A plenteous portion of good fortune or happiness;—khilāq, A species of aromatic or perfume;—khallāq, The Creator, God Almighty.

A Ju khalāl, Sour dates; [khalāli narinj, Orange-peel;]—khilāl, khalāl, Showing affection, cultivating friendship;—khilāl, A space or interval between two

things; a toothpick; (pl. of <u>kh</u>illat) friendships; friends; (pl. of <u>kh</u>allat) qualities; properties; [<u>kh</u>ilāl kardan, To leave off eating;—<u>kh</u>ilāli māmūnī, Sweet rush, from which toothpicks are made;]—<u>kh</u>allāl, A vinegar-merchant.

A SUM khalālat, khilālat, khulālat, Sincere friendship, candour, sincerity;—khulālat, Bits of meat picked from between the teeth; ripe dates sought amongst unripe ones.

a علاية <u>kh</u>ilālcha, A small toothpick. a يالدان hhilāldān, A toothpick-case.

خلارش <u>kh</u>alālūsh, خلاوش <u>kh</u>alākūsh, Multitude, tumult; hubbub, uproar, riot, sedition.

a L. L. khalā-malā, Unfeigned friend-

ship.

يُلاَّي <u>kh</u>alān, Mud at the bottom of a cistern.

A ω κημιθάν (pl. of khalīl), Intimate friends.

خلاوش خلاوش <u>kh</u>alānūsh, Tumult, contention; the clamour of a mob; the water-lily; a medicine.

الليدن <u>kh</u>alānīdan, To insert, to thrust or stick in, to fix, infix.

a الملاء <u>kh</u>alāwat, Free, quit, clear.

خلارش <u>kh</u>alāwush, Busy hum, noise, tumult.

<u>kh</u>alāwa, <u>kh</u>ilāwa, Astonished ; clamour.

A خلائف <u>kh</u>alā'if (pl. of <u>kh</u>alīfat), Vicegerents, caliphs.

A کلائی <u>kh</u>alā'iq (pl. of <u>kh</u>alāqat), Natures, tempers, dispositions; creatures, men, peoples.

a خلائق بناة <u>kh</u>alā'iq-panāh, Asylum of

men.

خلب <u>kh</u>alab, A reed not yet made into a pen;—<u>kh</u>ilb, Snot;—<u>kh</u>ulb, A powder for the eyes.

A -12 khalb (v.n.), Seizing with the talons; wounding with the nails, clawing, scratching, tearing; biting; beguiling, deceiving;—khilb, A nail, claw, talon; the pericardium; a vine-leaf;—khulb, khulub, Fibres of the palm-tree; a rope made thereof; heart or pith of the palm-tree; black mud or clay;—khullab, Clouds without rain;—barqi khullab, A lightning not followed by rain; (met.) a maker of vain promises.

R بلخ <u>kh</u>lab, Bread (m.c.).

علباى <u>kh</u>albāy (G. χαλβάνη), Galbanum, benzoin.

A ELE khallat, Nature, property, quality (good or bad); poverty; sour wine; a chink, gap, interval; a camel-foal;—khillat, A rich sword-sheath of leather adorned with jewels and gold; a bow-case; remainders of food between the teeth;—khullat, Sincere friendship; a friend; green food;

-khullati makhsüsa, Most intimate friend-

A cle khalj (v.n.), Drawing away, carrying off; making a signal by a wink of the eye or eye-brows; engrossing, occupying (care); weaning; brandishing a spear and piercing with it to the right and left;khalaj, The aching of the bones from excessive labour; - khuluj, Name of a people in Arabia; (pl. of khalīj), Small ships.

a ملهای <u>kh</u>alajān, Throbbing, beating (a limb); agitation, commotion, anxiety; love, desire; inclination, propensity; name of a village adjacent to Shīrāz: -khalajān shudan, To tremble, to be agitated.

khalach, A horde of Turkomans.

khulcha, A stick with a curved عليمة

khallukh, A large city in Khatay remarkable for the comeliness of its inhabi-

tants; fragrant.

a ملخال <u>khalkhāl</u>, Name of a large city between Gilan and Kaswin; an ankle-ring; fine thin cloth (construed with the verb poshidan); - khalkhali zar, The sun;khalkhāli falak, The sun; the moon.

<u>khalkhān</u>, Name of a herb from which potash is made, found near Balkh.

a disk khalkhala, Worn out, thin (gar-

ment); loose.

<u>kh</u>alad, Heart, mind, soul;—<u>kh</u>uld (v.n.), Abiding; lasting for ever; eternity, perpetuity; paradise (also <u>kh</u>uldi barīn); an ear-ring; a bracelet; -khuld, khald, A mole (in the dialect of Shīrāz); a kind of

علدة <u>kh</u>iladat (pl. of <u>kh</u>uld), Ear-rings;

bracelets.

a خلد مكانى <u>kh</u>uld-makānī, Exalted to heaven (title given to deceased princes, &c.).

خار <u>kh</u>ular, <u>kh</u>ullar, <u>kh</u>alar, Peas; beans. A علس <u>kh</u>als (v.n.), Seizing, drawing

away, carrying off.

A hale khaleat, One seizing, drawing away, carrying off; -khulsat, Rapine, plunder; mixture of herbage, partly dry, partly green; white hair intermingled with black.

<u>kh</u>alish, A wounding; the sinking (of a thorn) into the flesh; stop, interruption; solicitude, suspicion.

khalushk, The feet of long drawers,

= عكماك q.v.;—khulushk, Spittle.

امل <u>kh</u>alas (v.n.), Being broken or loose (the bones within the flesh); a kind of sweet-smelling, berry-bearing parasite; -khils, A sincere friend.

A معلماً <u>khulaṣā'</u> (pl. of <u>kh</u>ilṣ), Sincere

friends.

مان <u>kh</u>ulṣān (pl. of <u>kh</u>ilṣ), Sincere friends.

A محلط <u>khalt</u> (v.n.), Mixing;—<u>kh</u>ilt, A fool, an ignoramus; a mixture, miscellany; perfumes mixed together; one of the (four) humours of the human body; chyme; a bow or arrow which, from the curved nature of the wood, cannot be made straight; plexus (of blood-vessels or nerves); -khilti riya, Pulmonary plexus;khilii shamsī, Solar plexus;—khilii 'ajuz, Sacral plexus; — khilti 'azad, Brachial plexus; — khilti 'unq ('unuq), Cervical plexus; - khilti qatan, Lumbal plexus.

A albe khulatā (pl. of khalit), Partners,

companions.

A ملطة khiltat, A woman who mixes with men; society, intercourse; -khultat, Part-

nership.

A مائع khal' (v.n.), Drawing out (slowly); pulling off (clothes, &c.); deposing, removing from office; setting a wife free on her resigning the marriage-settlements; waxing strong, showing signs of puberty (a youth); putting forth the beard (an ear of corn); investing with a robe of honour; luxation; khal'i zati'i mafsili fakhiz, Spontaneous luxation; - khal'i massil, Dislocation of a joint; - khul', Divorcement.

A مُعَمَّم <u>kh</u>il'at, A robe of honour; a honorific dress with which princes confer dignity upon subjects, consisting at the least of turban, robe, and girdle; -khul'at, A divorce granted at the request of the wife;

the best part of one's property.

a علعت يوهان <u>kh</u>il'at-poshān, Name of a place near Tabriz.

a هالع خلعت khil'at-khāna. The place where robes of honour are prepared.

<u>kh</u>ulgh shudan, To suffer from علع عدي the disease called Cholera ablactatorum (an expression used by the Jews of Hama-

dān), A the khalf (v.n.), Coming, after or behind, succeeding (as day to day, or as people to people); generation after generation; obscene talk; sin, crime; a short rib; the head of a razor; the edge of an axe; a large hatchet; a vicious son; a worthless fellow; absent (tribe); or after being absent now present; a drawing of water; vomiting; behind, after; -khilf, A camel's dug, or the tip of it; litigious, quarrelsome; summer herbage; - khalaf, A successor; a favourite son; - khalif, Pregnant camels.

A علماء <u>kh</u>ulafā' (pl. of <u>kh</u>alīfat), Vicars, substitutes, lieutenants, khalifs;—khulafā'i 'usmānīya, The Turkish Emperors.

A مُعَلِم khilfat (v.n. of حلف), Succeeding, a succession; plants growing up after others are withered; autumn or summer herbs or fruits succeeding those of the spring; - khulfat, Vice, fault, blemish; folly, stupidity.

مالع khulfa, Purslain.

a خلف <u>kh</u>alafi, Successive.

A ske khalq (v.n.), Measuring accurately, defining the dimensions (of lea-

ther before it is cut); producing, creating; feigning, deceiving; smoothing, level-ling; created things, creatures; [khalqi ātishīn, Devils; — khalqi chahār yār, An appellation which the Turks give themselves; — khalqi 'ālam, Mortals, man, people; — khalqi 'adalat, An appellation which the Persians give themselves;khalq kardan, To create;]-khulq, khuluq, Nature, disposition, temper; quality; custom, manner; religion, humanity; [khulqi ātishīn, Anger, rage, fury; a person of violent temper; - khalaq (v.n.), Being threadbare; worn-out clothes.

a على آزار <u>kh</u>alq-āzār, Man-oppressing. A whulgan (pl. of khalaq), Threadbare garments; threadbare, worn out;-

jāma'i khulqān, Ragged clothes.

khulqān-farosh, A. seller of علقان فروش old wares.

A dela khilgat, Creation; natural form or property; make.

a مُلقى <u>kh</u>alqī, Natural. مالية <u>kh</u>alqīyat, Creation.

A ملل <u>kh</u>alal (v.n. of علّ), Being marred, thrown into confusion (business), by fault or negligence; rupture, breach; flow; defect; change for the worse; -khalal rasānīdan, To damage.

a علل الدار <u>kh</u>alal-andāz, Introducing con-

fusion.

a علل بذير <u>kh</u>alal-pazīr. What admits of or is subject to confusion; disordered.

a علل دماغ <u>kh</u>alal-damāgh, Hare-brained,

crazy; hot-headed.

a عللي <u>kh</u>alalī, Interrupter; disturber, mischief-maker.

مام <u>khilm</u>, Anger, indignation; adhesive mud; - khilm, khulm, Snot (khilm dadan, To run with snot) ;-khulum, Name of one of the dependencies of Balkh, on the confines of Badakhshan, and called

dihi fir'aun, Pharaoh's village. ملم <u>kh</u>ilm, A friend, a companion; the covert of a deer; the tallow upon a sheep's

entrails.

khilm-dih, Snotty (nose).

khulma, Head of a mace or club.

<u>kh</u>ilmidan, To blow the nose; to be angry.

khulin, A snotty-nosed fellow.

ملنج <u>kh</u>alanj, <u>kh</u>ilanj, Bi-coloured; piebald ;—khilanj, A black pigeon with mottled wings; - khilinj, Torpor of the limbs; a pinching with the nails.

<u>kh</u>alanj, A tree from which they علنج A

make beams or wooden bowls.

A عليمان <u>kh</u>alanjān, The root galangale.

<u>kh</u>alandar, Origan, a root.

<u>kh</u>alanda, Penetrating, wounding. <u>kh</u>alang, Bi-coloured, piebald; khilang, Pinching the skin with the nails.

khulū, A large, well-formed damascene plum; name of a mountain.

A strilw, Empty, vacant; - khulūw (v.n.), Being empty, vacant, deserted (a place); retiring to consult in private; granting a private interview.

<u>khalwāj</u>, A carnivorous bird; a

kite.

A عاوة <u>kh</u>alwat (v.n. of خارة), Granting a private interview, retiring to consult in private; retirement, solitude, privacy; a closet, private apartment; a private audience; - khalwati sahīh, Complete retirement, where is no legal or natural impediment to the commission of the carnal act of marriage; -khalwat kardan, To retire; to evacuate (a place); to dismiss;—dar khalwat dīdan. To see privately.

a خاوتسرا <u>kh</u>alwat-<u>kh</u>āna, خاوتسان <u>kh</u>alwat-sarā, The women's apartment, or any other private apartment; an oratory, place

for private prayer.

a عبت درست hhalwat dost, Fond of pri-

vacy.

a قام خلوتكاه khalwat-gah, خلوتكاه khalwat-gah, A solitary place, one of retirement and seclusion.

a علوت گزین <u>kh</u>alwat-guzīda, علوت گزیده

khalwat-guzīn, Solitary, a recluse.

a ماوتدشين <u>kh</u>alwat-nishīn, Sitting in solitude.

a عاوتي <u>kh</u>alwatī, Solitary; a recluse; name of the poet Ismail Jamalu'd-din;khalwatī guftan, To talk in secret (m.c.).

<u>khalūj</u>, Scattered clouds full of rain; - khulūj (v.n. of علي), Throbbing, quivering, flying about (the eye).

A seing per-

petual, enduring.

A علوم <u>kh</u>ulūṣ (v.n. of علوم), Being good, choice, excellent, pure, unmixed; purity, sincerity; reaching to, arriving at; sediment at the bottom of a vessel, &c.

a خاوص اتعال <u>khulūs-ittisāf</u>, Characterized

by sincerity.

A ملومية <u>khulūṣīyat</u>, Purity, candour,

honesty.

ماوك <u>kh</u>ulūf (v.n. of عاوف), Remaining behind; becoming offensive (breath from fasting); turning, becoming deteriorated (food or drink); drawing or drinking water; discarding an old garment and taking a new one; present after having been absent, and vice versa; a tribe having departed from their dwelling-place, not one remaining behind.

khulūq, A kind of aromatic.

غاركودة <u>kh</u>ulū-gurda, A kind of large

plum (sec علو).

<u>kh</u>uloliya, Common to all; melancholy, gloom; shameless, bareraced; mad. khulwa, Disgraced, infamous.

الله khala, A helm or rudder; an oar; any sharp, piercing thing (as a needle or awl); a wound (construed with the verbs khwurdan, dadan, dashtan, kardan, guzash-

خم

tan, yāftan, &c.); void, empty; lost; trifles, silly discourse, senseless talk; anything that goes off by degrees; wind in the bowels causing acute pain; a writing signed by a judge, confirming any mercantile transaction;—khula, A helm, an oar;—khulla, Snot;—khulla'i chashm, Dirt in the eyes.

علاء جوب <u>kh</u>ala-chob, A rudder; an oar. a على <u>kh</u>ali, Empty, void; free, at leisure; owing nothing, clear of; void of care.

A Lile khaliyat, A large ship (as being free from the impulse of oars); a camel allowed to go free for milking; a camel taking a liking for another's colt; a divorced woman; a bee-hive.

مايتة khalīta, A purse, a linen bag (see

A gds khalij, Bay, frith, gulf; a bason, or dock; a river or its banks; a large bowl; a rope.

خليدكي <u>kh</u>alīdagī, Puncture (of a needle). عليدن <u>kh</u>alīdan, To prick; to pierce into the flesh (a needle or thorn), causing pain thereby; to sting (as a scorpion); to sew.

مليدة <u>kh</u>alīda, Punctured, pricked; stung; a puncture.

كايدة دل <u>khalīda-dil</u>, With an impatient beart, in eagerness of heart.

ياليدة رواي <u>khalīda-rawān</u>, The soul stung with grief, broken-hearted.

a مليس khalīs, A mixture of two things, as of dry and fresh grass, rubies and pearls; a beard of two colours; half-gray; a white man whose white is mixed with black; ripe hay, at the roots of which herbage is sprouting; a withered plant.

يليش <u>khalīsh, khilīsh</u>, A tumult, a crowd; yielding; adhesive mud; a thermal spring, tepid water; a place whose air is very hot.

A blis khalit, Mixed; any mixture, as clay and straw, hay and grass; date-wine and raisin-wine mingled together; a mixed crowd; a number of persons having a common right; partner, co-partner; a husband; a first cousin.

a خابطه <u>kh</u>alīṭa, A bag, a purse;—<u>kh</u>alīta'i tufān, An exciter of disturbance, calumniator, mischief-maker.

A blak khali', Wicked (youth, and therefore deserted by his friends); a hunter; one who draws a blank in the game of arrows; a demon or ghūl; a wolf; unmanageable, shameless;—khalī'u 'l-'izār, Simple, free from every kind of encumbrance, unconcerned, listless.

A مليك khalīf, A road or valley between two mountains.

A مُلِيمُ khalīfat, khalīfā, A successor, a lieutenant, vicegerent; a Caliph, title given to the Muhammadan sovereigns as successors of their prophet with absolute authority in worldly and spiritual matters;—khalīfatu 'l-lāh, The vicegerent of God, i.e.

Adam;—<u>kh</u>alīfa'i samān (samīn), The emperor of the age (world), i.e. the reigning ruler;—<u>kh</u>alīfa'i kuttāb, The monitor of a school.

A خليق <u>kh</u>aliq, Worthy, fit, suitable; well-proportioned; habituated, accustomed; humane, polite.

A ملقه khaliqat, Nature, disposition; a

created thing, a creature.

A علمال <u>kh</u>alil, A sincere and intimate friend; poor, indigent;— <u>kh</u>alilu 'l-lāh, The friend of God, i.e. Abraham.

<u>khilimidan, To blow the nose.</u>

<u>kh</u>alīwāj, A kite.

ham, Crooked, bent, twisted, curled, curved; a curl, knot, ringlet; crookedness. curvature, convexity; a ply, fold; a row, rank; flight; that part of a noose which encircles the neck; also the eye or ring through which the rope runs to form or draw tight the noose; a convex or sharp roof (en dos d'âne); an arch, a dome, a vaulted roof (also <u>kh</u>um); a house for the winter season; a summer-house; [kham andar kham, Twist within twist; curling locks; -kham awardan (khwurdan), To be bent; -kham bāsh, Be submissive, obey; -kham ba-chize dashtan, To have absolute power over anything; — <u>kh</u>am ba-<u>kh</u>am (dar <u>kh</u>am), Much twisted (a lasso, curls); kham dadan, To bend; to give an inclination; to be bent; to repel; to resist;kham dar khami kase dashtan, To have absolute sway over a person; — kham zadan, To flee, to run away; to lean to one side (the scale of a balance); — kham shudan, To be bent, to bow; -kham kardan, To bend, crook; to twist, curl; -khami kase khwurdan, To be deceived, cheated, taken in, by a person; — <u>kh</u>am kashidan (giriftan), To be bent; — <u>kh</u>am nishānīdan dar, To twist round;—pas kham zadan, To flee, to run away;]—khim, A painful wound; pus, matter; nature, disposition; anot (see علم); [khini chashm, Dirt in the eye;] khum, khumm, A jar, large vessel; an alembic, still; a trumpet; a cymbal; a drum; an arch, drum, vaulted roof; silence; silent;—khumi āb, A water-jar;—khumi (khami) āhan-gūn (lūzuward), The firmament; -khum bar täriki sar kashīdan. To drink wine immoderately; -khum bastan bar chīze, To fasten the drum upon ;khum labālab zadan, To indulge in winedrinking to excess; - khumi nīl ba-ziyān raft, The indigo-jar has come to grief (a proverbial expression of wonderment, said to originate from a notion entertained by dvers that when their dye through any accident has been spoiled, it may be restored by telling some miraculous story); -khumi haft-josh, A drum made of a compound of seven metals (see هفت جوش); the club of an athlete; -ba-khum (ba-kham)

dar shudan, To watch, contemplate, observe.

a عمار آلود <u>kh</u>umār-ālūd, Intoxicating (eves).

a عمار عانه <u>kh</u>umār-<u>kh</u>āna, A tavern.

a عمارناك <u>kh</u>umārnāk, Dim (eye).

a خمارة <u>kh</u>ammāra, A tavern.

a support khumārī, Given to drinking wine, drunken; languishing; drunkenness; crop-sickness after drinking.

a مماسى <u>kh</u>umāsī. A word of five letters;

a kind of magic pentagon.

خماش <u>kh</u>amāsh, كماش <u>kh</u>amāsha, Sha-

vings, parings, rubbish.

A خامخ <u>kh</u>umā', A limping, halting pace. ونامخ <u>kh</u>ummāk zadan, To clap hands (see طنخ).

A خمال <u>khumāl</u>, A limping gait, or a disease which causes it; a sincere friend.

G خماليون <u>khamāliyūn</u>, A kind of mezereon; hellebore.

what khaman (= kaman), A bow; bending; bent, curved.

A worthless people, base men.

<u>kh</u>amānā, A rival; emulous.

غمانائي <u>kh</u>amānā'ī, Similitude.

<u>k</u>hamānīdan, To bend; to be bent, curved, twisted; to distort the mouth, make mouths at, ridicule; to mimic another's words or motions.

khumāhān, كماهن khumāhan, A kind of hard stone, which when brayed dissolved in water makes a reddle used for sealing; (according to others) agate.

** khumb (S. khumbha), A large jar;

a trumpet.

خم بخم . <u>kh</u>am ba-<u>kh</u>am, Coiled up together. محبره <u>kh</u>um-bara, A small jar; a rocket; name of a bird.

t خمبرطجى <u>kh</u>umbarachi, A thrower of rockets, a grenadier.

t معبره چی باهی <u>kh</u>umbarachī bāshī, Headman of grenadiers.

غم پارة <u>kh</u>um-pāra, A bomb-shell (m.c., see the preceding).

khumt, A large jar (unsupported

by examples).

<u>khamjāj</u>, A large painted globular glass vessel; a purse; a travelling bag for combs and tinder-boxes.

خموان <u>kh</u>amchā<u>kh</u>, = مموان q.v. مهمد <u>kh</u>umcha, A small wine-jar. ما معاد <u>kh</u>um-<u>kh</u>āna, A wine-vault, tavern. ما معاد <u>kh</u>um<u>k</u>hum, A red bramble.

a bis hamkhama, Speaking through the nose, nasal twang; speaking in a haughty manner; drawling; eating with a smack.

خم دار <u>kh</u>am-dār, Twisted, curled, bent. <u>kh</u>umdān, A repository for jars; a wine-vault; a potter's or brick-maker's

قمدة khamda, Curved, bent; asleep.

suppressing (evidence); fermenting; leavening; feeling ashamed, blushing; grapewine; any intoxicating drink;—khomar, Anything which obstructs the view; a great crowd; being concealed;—khumr, khumur (pl. of khimār), Women's veils or coifs.

A ö, hamrat, Wine; a great multitude; humrat, Wine-dregs or lees; leaven; a small prayer-mat of palm-leaves; a small wine-jar, a vessel in which leaven, oil, perfumes, &c. arc kept.

a عمر عاند <u>kh</u>amr-khāna, Wine-house,

tavern.

a خمر فروش <u>kh</u>amr-farosh, A vintner.

a خبر hamr-mahāl, Places at which arrack and spirituous liquors are sold; also a branch of revenue arising from the sale of arrack and other spirituous liquors.

خمرة <u>kh</u>umra (contraction of <u>kh</u>um-baral),
A small wine-jar; a bomb (see also A. عمرة).

a مرة <u>khamri</u>, Red, porphyry-hued;
vinons.

A hams (v.n.), Taking (from the people) a fifth of their property by way of tax; the number five; five (fem.); making five (as by going into a company of four people); being the fifth;—khims, A watering of camels every fifth day; a camel thus watered; a striped stuff; name of a king of Yaman;—khums, A fifth.

A & *** khamsat, khamsa, Five (masc.); the five fingers, the hand; an aggregate of five poetical pieces, as the khamsa of Nizami and of Khosrū Dahlawī; a stanza of five lines; — khamsa'i mubārika (mubāraka?), The five prospering (blessed?) ones, the fingers; —khamsa'i mutahaiyira, The planets with exception of sun and moon (see ***—khamsa'i mustariqa, Five supplementary days added to the Persian year.

خمستان <u>kh</u>umistān, A cellar in which wine-jars are stowed; a potter's or brick-maker's kiln.

A خمسون <u>kh</u>amsūn, خمسون <u>kh</u>amsīn, Fifty; --'īdu 'l-<u>kh</u>amsīn, Feast of Peutecost.

A معش <u>kh</u>amsh (v.n.), Scratching (the face) with the nails; giving a box on the ear; mutilating or cutting off a limb.

<u>kh</u>amush, Silent; broken in.

<u>kh</u>amş (v.n.), Emaciating (huuger).

A hat khamt (v.n.), Roasting (meat, but not thoroughly); putting milk into a leathere bottle to turn it sour; sour milk; anything bitter or sour (especially the fruit of the Arak tree); any poisonous tree.

<u>kh</u>im', A wolf; a thief, a robber.

khumak, khummak (dim. of khum or khumm), A small jar; a small drum; the noise made in clapping the hands; beating time in music.

خم كردة <u>kh</u>am-karda, Bent, crooked (m.c.). khum-kada, A wine-house, tavern. م كمند kham-kamand, A noose.

khumgar, A maker or seller of wine-jars.

<u>kh</u>am-gashta, Crooked.

<u>kh</u>am-gosh, ممكوش <u>kh</u>am-gosha, The horns or extremes of a bow.

khaml, Wild saffron, dogsbane.

A Jack khaml, Pile, plush (of velvet and the like); the fringe of a garment; - khiml, khuml, A sincere friend.

a alie khamla, A fringe (unsupported

by examples).

په مهره <u>kh</u>um-muhra, A musical shell, conch.

A محمن khamn (v.n.), Conjecturing, guesssing.

<u>kh</u>imnāk, Sick, diseased.

kham-u-cham, Coquetry.

A خمود khumud (v.n. of خمود), Abating, going out (flame or fire).

A hamur, Wines.

خموش <u>kh</u>amosh, Silent, taciturn; dumb; tame, broken in; the extinguishing of a candle.

a خموش <u>kh</u>amūsh, Gnats ;—<u>kh</u>umūsh (v.n. of غمش), Scratching with the nails.

خموشيدن <u>kh</u>amoshidan, To keep silence.

khumus, The subsiding (of a

swelling).

خمول ه <u>khumūl</u> (v.n. of خمول ه). Being, or rendering oneself mean, despicable, or of little note; obscurity, contempt;—nishasta ba-kunji khumul, Seated in the nook of obscurity.

a خمولستان <u>kh</u>umūlistān, The land of obli-

vion, the grave.

<u>kh</u>amī, Crookedness, curvature ; khami'i zana, The inner bend of the knee.

khamyāz, خميازة khamyāza, Yawning, stretching; -khamyāza'i pā, Walking with short steps from languidness; - khamyāza kashidan, To yawn, to stretch oneself (in this sense also construed with damidan, rekhtan, kardan); to long for, to wish for, to desire.

khamid, A woman (unsupported by

examples).

<u>kh</u>amīdagī, Curvature, crookedness; a limping, halting pace.

<u>kh</u>amidan, To be crooked; to limp, halt; -khimīdan, To blow the nose.

<u>kh</u>amīda, Crooked, curved, bent.

khamīr, Dough, leaven, or anything put into a mass of paste to ferment it; -khamiri tursh, Ferment, leaven; -<u>kh</u>amīr sa<u>kh</u>tani a<u>gh</u>ziya ba-ḥimāyati buzāq, Insalivation.

a غمير ساية <u>kh</u>amīr-māya, Leaven; ori-

gin, cause, nature.

a خميرة <u>kh</u>amira, Dough; conserve of roses or violets.

a خميرة مندل <u>khamīra'i-şandal</u>, Name of a conserve.

A خميس <u>kh</u>amis, A fifth ; the fifth day of the week (Thursday); a garment or piece of cloth of five cubits; anything consisting of five parts (especially an army composed of van, centre, rear, and two wings).

A محمص <u>khamis,</u> Extenuated in the belly;

famished,

A خميط <u>kh</u>amīt, Sour milk ; roasted meat, especially when skinned (opp. to samit, when the hair only is singed off it).

A A shamil, Soft meat; thick clouds; pily, plushy or fringed garments or cloths.

khamīna, Heavy, continued, and unseasonable rain.

od khan (for khāna), A house; the hold of a ship (see بادعن and کلخن).

A ن hann (v.n.), Lopping (branches); seizing (property).

a لند khanā (for خلی q.v.), Obscene or foolish talk.

A خناف <u>kh</u>inās (pl. of <u>kh</u>unsá), Hermaphrodites.

<u>kh</u>anājir (pl. of <u>kh</u>anjar), Daggers, hangers, swords.

 $_{\Lambda}$ خنادق <u>kh</u>anādiq (pl. of <u>kh</u>andaq), Fossos, moats, ditebes.

<u>kh</u>anāda, (in Gīlān) An officer who communicates the general's orders to the army.

<u>khanāzīr</u> (pl. of khinzīr), Pigs, hogs, swine; glandular swellings in the neck ; scrofula ;— <u>kh</u>anāzīri ba<u>t</u>anī, Meseuterical tuberculosis.

A خناس <u>kh</u>annās, The devil; a wicked person; a fleet horse.

a مناسى <u>kh</u>annāsī, Diabolical, devilish; devilishness.

مناف khimif (v.n. of خناف), Striking her breast with her hand (a woman); weakness and tenderness of the fore-feet (in a camel); twisting the nose (a camel) when finding the reins painful.

<u>kh</u>ināq, A halter with which any living thing is strangled; --khunāq, Quinsey, inflammation of the throat; diphtheria, croup; the place of the throat where they strangle; strangulation; palpitation of the heart; [khunāqi kāzib, False croup;]-khannaq, A hangman.

<u>kh</u>unāk, The quinsey.

khunām, khunnām, A disease to which horses, asses, and mules are subject. منامك khināmuk, khināmak, Name of a herb.

khanab, khamb, An arched building, cupola, or portico;—khumb, An earthen vessel for holding wine or water (see خام).

ونام <u>kh</u>umbān, Moving, shaking, wag-

عبائيدن <u>kh</u>ambānīdan, To mock, mimic. غببر*khum-bara*, A small earthen pot;— <u>kh</u>umbara'i dūdnāk, The sky;—<u>kh</u>umbura, A water-pot having a small mouth.

wessel; the noise made by a horse when drinking; mocking, ridiculing; the rim of a drum; striking one hand against the other in beating time in music; the dress of a dervish;—khumbuk, Name of a village in Badakshān.

ينجه khamba, A vine-arbour, trellis; a gallery;—khumba, A large vessel (in which they lay up corn) of earth or wood hollowed, and crusted over with clay; a dome.

المنسية <u>kh</u>ambidan, To be celebrated; to be bent;—<u>kh</u>umbidan, To leap, spring; to beat time.

عنبيدة <u>kh</u>ambīda, Celebrated, notorious. منبور <u>kh</u>ampūr, <u>kh</u>umpūr, The bridge across the eternal fire;—<u>kh</u>umpūr, The resurrection; a sower.

coruscation; the celestial orb; a brazen

pot; -khunt (for khumb), A jar.

A size khans (v.n.), Bending outwards (a leathern bottle) at the orifice, in order to drink therefrom commodiously;—khanas (v.n.), Being flexible, pliant; being doubled up, folded;—khanis, Flexible, flaccid, pliant.

A منشل <u>kh</u>unsá, Asphodel; a hermaphro-

dite; neutral.

khanj, Lost; vain, unprofitable; interest, profit, gain, advantage; the pleasures and comforts of life, delight, festivity, song, dance, mirth; a leer, amorous glance;—khunj, An owl; name of a country in Persia.

khanj-khanj, Breathing hard

through the nose.

منجدة <u>kh</u>anjda, Flesh-glue;—<u>kh</u>unjada, Reddle; venery;—<u>kh</u>unjida, A butterfly.

A hanjar, khanjir, A dagger, poniard, hanger; a sword; [khanjari almās, The edge of melting snow; the point of a sprouting plant piercing the ground; a steel dagger; the hardness of the diamond;—khanjari imām, (met.) An irrepressible talker;—khanjar bar sang kashīdan (bar fasan zadan), To sharpen a dagger, &c.;—khanjar khwurdan, To be hit with a dagger, &c.;—khanjar zadan (mālādan), To strike with a dagger, &c.;—khanjari zar (zar-afshān), Sunrise; a

morning-beam; — <u>kh</u>anjari sīm, A morning-beam; — <u>kh</u>anjari subh, Sunrise; the morning-breeze; — <u>kh</u>anjari falak, A morning-ray; sunrise; — <u>kh</u>anjari muhannid (hinduvān), A sword of Indian steel, an Indian sword;] — <u>kh</u>anjar, A milch-camel.

a Linguis khanjar-ba-kaf (ba-kafān),

Who holds a dagger in his hand.

a عنجر دار <u>khanjar-dār</u>, Armed with a dagger.

a عنجر كذار <u>khanjar-guzār</u>, Skilled in the use of the dagger.

<u>kh</u>anjirūd, Irrision; illusion.

غنجري <u>khanjari</u>, A mode of printing or staining silk (gulbadan); striped silks; stripes; a small tambourine.

<u>hhanjarī-nawāz,</u> A player on نخرى نواز

the tambourine.

where Afrasiyab escaped from Hum (see , of which it seems a corruption).

coriander-seed; a kind of grain;—khinjak, An esculent berry from the tree wan;—khunjak, Wormwood of Pontus.

thanjukh, Enoch (see juil and

(خدوح).

<u>kh</u>unja, <u>kh</u>anja, Breathing hard through the nose.

<u>kh</u>anjida, A balsam ;—<u>kh</u>unjida, A

butterfly.

khanjīr, khinjīr, Any smell, the exhalation of fried bones, boiling oil, melted fat, or an extinguished lamp; the point of a spear; sharp, rough, acrid.

khanjīl, A swing, a see-saw (in the

dialect of Isfahan).

with the meaning of a pres. part. or inf.), Laughing, smiling; laughter.

عنداعند <u>kh</u>and-ā-<u>kh</u>and, A continual and

hearty laughter.

blossoming; bloom, blossom; name of a town in China;—khandān būdan (shudan), To smile, to laugh; to shine, to flash (a sword).

عندان عندان عندان عندان عندان عندان عندان عندان عندان عندان <u>kh</u>andān <u>kh</u>andān, Laughing aloud.

الدن <u>kh</u>andāndan, خنداندن <u>kh</u>andānī

dan, To cause to laugh; to laugh.
مند عوبش <u>kh</u>and-<u>kh</u>arīsh, Derision, mock-

ery.

siesie khandakhand (for sielie), A continual and hearty laugher.

عندروس <u>kh</u>andarūs (G. χόνδρος), Frumenty.

A عندريس <u>kh</u>andarīs, Old wine; old wheat.

عندريلي <u>kh</u>andarīlī (Ġ. χονδρίλη), A kind of succory.

يندستان <u>kh</u>andastān, A place for laugh-

ter, a play-house; ludicrous entertainment; jeer, taunt, raillery; vexation; the lips of a mistress.

khandastane, A lip of a mistress.

a كندة khandaq (from P. كندة), A ditch, fosse, moat :--khandaq zadan, To dig a moat.

<u>kh</u>andagī, Laughter.

يدناك <u>kh</u>andnāk, A laugher; merry.

<u>kh</u>and-u-tand, Ruined, topsy-

turvy.

غيدة <u>kh</u>anda, Laughing; a laugh; laughter; - khanda'i ikhtilājī, Sardonic smile; $-\underline{k}\underline{h}$ and a'i $\bar{a}ft\bar{a}b$ ($sub\bar{h}$), The rise of the sun (of dawn); — khanda'i barq, A flash of lightning; - khanda'i jām (sāghir, shīsha, surāhī, mīnā), The smile of the bowl; – <u>kh</u>anda'i <u>kh</u>anjar (shamshīr), Blood shed by a dagger or sword; -khanda dar gulū shikastan, To break out in laughter; -khanda dar lab bastan, To be continually smiling; -khanda'i rāz, Divulgation of a secret; - khanda'i zahm, The gape of a wound; — khanda'i zamīn, Verdure and flowers; -khanda'i sharāb (sahbā, mai), The sparkling of wine; <u>kh</u>anda'i sham', The brightness of a candle; -khanda'i ghuncha (gul), The opening of a bud, the blossoming of a flower; -khanda kardan (zadan), To laugh, to smile. (Also construed with the verbs amadan, bar-amadan, tawārīdan, juft kardan, chakīdan, duzdidan, rekhlan, firo khwurdan, giriftan, &c. in phrases easily understood from the context.)

ين الله <u>kh</u>anda-āwar, Who promotes

laughter.

عندة خريش <u>kh</u>anda-<u>kh</u>arīsh, A laughingstock, jeer; laughter; a jeerer; a flat-

a عندة وبش <u>kh</u>anda-rīsh, Laughter; a laughing-stock; - khanda-rīsh kardan, To flatter, cajole; to ridicule.

المندة كالا مندة <u>kh</u>onda-gāh (من gah), The lips of

a mistress.

عندگی <u>kh</u>anda-gī, = عندگی q.v. عنده ناك <u>kh</u>andanāk, Laughterful.

يديدن <u>kh</u>andīdan, To laugh.

<u>kh</u>andish (contraction of <u>kh</u>andarish), Laughter; a laughing-stock.

אינא <u>kh</u>inzīr, A boar, hog, pig ;—<u>kh</u>in-

zīri <u>kh</u>asta-hāl, A wounded boar.

خنريرى <u>khinzīrī</u>, Hoggish; a hog-stye,

piggery.

منس <u>kh</u>anas (v.n.), Having a turnedup nose; a snub-nose; — khunnas, Stars, planets; according to others, five of the seven planets (sun and moon being excepted).

khansar, Name of an aquatic ani-

mal.

<u>kh</u>unistān, Fortunate, happy. khinish, An itching, itch.

لشند khunshā, ولشند khunshān, khinshān, Happy, fortunate.

khinsir, khinsar, The little (or

middle) finger; the little toe. khinfij, khanfaj, A black grain

mixed up into an eye-salve.

khanfar, Household furniture (see .(خنور

A خنفس <u>kh</u>unfas, <u>kh</u>infis, عنفس <u>kh</u>unfusa',

khunfasā, A beetle (= P. عبزدر q.v.). مبزدر khanfashār, A large species of duck.

خنى <u>kh</u>anq, (v.n.), Strangling; [<u>kh</u>anqi atfāli jadīdu 'l-wilādat, Asphyxia of newborn children;]-khaniq, Strangled (see . (مخنوق and عنيق

<u>kh</u>unuk, Good, excellent, happy; cold; frigid, bad (poetry); cool, temperate; happiness; ease, facility; self; a kinsman; <u>kh</u>unuk sākhtan, To cool, to refresh ;-khunuk kardan, To render happy ; to cool; —ābi khunuk, Cold water; —hawā'i khunuk, Fresh or temperate air.

khunukā, O how happy! how good! <u>kh</u>unkār (for <u>kh</u>ūn-kār), An em-

peror.

يناك جان <u>kh</u>unuk-jān, Of a cold soul or temperament; chaste; vindictive.

<u>kh</u>unuk-kunanda, A refrige-

rant (med.).

khunuk-hawā, Salubrious, fresh. ينكي khunukī, Temperature, coldness; prosperity; a refrigerant; — <u>kh</u>unukī'i chashm, Coolness of the eye, enjoyment (=A. قرة العين) ;—khunukī'i dahan, Coldness or sweetness of the mouth ;— $\underline{k}\underline{h}unuk\overline{i}$ 'i hawa, Temperature of the air, somewhat cooled.

<u>khang</u>, Depravity;—<u>kh</u>ing, White, gray; white raiment; a bow-string; a gray horse; [khingi rāhwār, An ambling nag; -khingi zar, The sun; -khingi shab-ahang, The moon; break of day; a piehald horse; the quadruped on which Muhammad is said to have gone to heaven on the night of mi'rāj;]—khung, An angle, corner; deeply in love; intense love.

<u>kh</u>ingā, An athletic clown; able-

bodied.

<u>kh</u>ingāl, A perforated mark to shoot at.

<u>kh</u>ing-but (grey image), Name عنگ بت of one of two huge idols in Bāmiān; the other is called surkh-but, Red image (designated as the "lover" of the former, or "beloved").

ينگ بيد <u>kh</u>ing-bid, A thorn; wbitethorn.

يور <u>kh</u>ing-zīwur, A piebald horse. khing-sar, Grey-headed; petre.

ينكل khangal, A kind of armour.

-khing-lūk, عنكت ولوك khing-lūk, عنكت لوك lūk, Weak, incapable, unskilful.

khingū, A sort of dodder.

عنليك <u>kh</u>unlachak, Name of a herb; a sore on the back of a horse or beast of burden.

khanw (v.n.), Being obscene in speech, ribaldry.

<u>khanūkh</u>, The prophet Enoch.

khunud, A small burden placed on a beast so as to be able to ride on it as

<u>kh</u>anūr, A sower, cultivator;—khanūr, khunūr, khunnūr, Household utensils, as pots, pans, knives, or hatchets; an earthen vessel for keeping money in; two packs thrown across a horse, between which the rider is seated; tillage.

منوس <u>kh</u>unūs (v.n. of عنوس), Staying

behind; keeping back.

A عنوع khunū' (v.n. of عنوع), Submission,

humility.

يميك <u>kh</u>unyā, Modulation, melody, song. khunyāgar, A musician, singer, bard, minstrel; playing a tune; - khunyāgari falak, Venus.

غنياكرى <u>kh</u>unyāgarī, Minstrelsy.

khanid, The ringing noise made by a goblet; fame, celebrity; -khinīd, Sucked; -khunid, Approbation; approved, acceptable.

يندن khanidan, khunidan (S. svan), To echo; to obtain celebrity; -khinīdan, To

<u>kh</u>anīda, Sound, echo; celebrated; a skilful musician; agreeable, chosen; approved ;- khinīda, Sucked ;- khunīda, Celebrated, praised by everyone.

A with khanif, The worst flax; coarse

hempen cloth.

A منيق <u>kh</u>aniq, Strangled.

<u>khunīq</u>, A grey dervish's garment. <u>kh</u>anewar, <u>kh</u>unewar, A narrow bridge across the infernal fire; a cultivator, sower; the general resurrection.

* khav, Ivy; tares, darnel; the palm of the hand; the sole of a beast's foot; any parasitical plant; a plank upon which masons, plasterers, or painters stand when at work; a framework for turning an arch upon; a plucking up; a lopping away of branches; the fundament of a horse; a handful;—khū, khu, kho, Habit, nature, custom; — khū dādan (dāshtan, kardan, giriftan), To accustom, to become accustomed.

khawā, Flesh, meat;—khiwā, Taste, flavour, relish, delight; - khuwā, Food

enough for a day.

خواب <u>kh</u>wāb, Śleep; giddiness; a dream; nocturnal pollution; pile, plush; -khwābi ajal, Terminal sleep, death; — $\underline{k}\underline{h}w\bar{a}bi$ āshufta, Disturbed sleep, restless night;khwāb āmad kase-ra, One falls asleep; khwāb āwardan, Cause to sleep, luil;— khwāb ba-chirāgh guftan, To tell one's

dream to the candle (a superstitious practice believed to avert the evil consequences of a dream) ;—khwāb burdan, To fall asleep, to sleep; (followed by az) to deprive of sleep; - khwāb burīdan, To interrupt sleep; —<u>kh</u>wāb bastan, To prevent from sleeping; -khwābi pā, Numbness of the foot;-<u>khwābi pareshān</u>, Disturbed or troubled sleep; terrible dreams;—<u>kh</u>wābi tegh, A stroke with the sword; — khwābi chār pahlū, A long and comfortable sleep; - khwabi jāwid, Eternal sleep, death ;—<u>kh</u>wābi khargosh, A hare's sleep, (met.) negligence, inadvertency; feigned negligence; -khwab dar dida (chashm) sokhtan, To drive away sleep; to be banished (sleep); to sleep soundly; -khwāb dar dīda (chashm) shikastan, To banish sleep; to be banished (sleep) ;—khwāb dokhtan, To disturb one's sleep, not allow one to sleep; - khwāb didan, To see in sleep, i.e. to dream; to be polluted; -- khwāb rubudan. To snatch a sleep; to take or drive away sleep; -- khwāb raftani 'uzw, Numbness of a limb ;—khwāb rekhtan bar, To drown in sleep; -khwab sadan, To take a nap, to sleep; --khwābi sabuk, A light slumber;—<u>kh</u>wāb shudan, To sleep, to be asleep;—<u>kh</u>wābi saiyād, A feigued sleep; any contrivance for deceiving game; - khwābi 'adm, Sleep of annihilation, death; - khwāb firo mālidan, Toward off sleep; - khwāb kardan, To sleep, to take a nap; to make sleep; -khwab giriftan, To take a pap; -khwābi margī, Deathly sleep, death ;--khwābi noshīn, Sweet, sound sleep; -- khwāb-u-khwur, Bed and board; -khwāb-u-khiyāl, Illusion, fancy; --ba-khwāb āmadan, To go to sleep, to fall usleep; to lie asleep;—ba-khwāb dādan (kardan), To make one sleep;—ba-khwāb dar-āmadan, ba-<u>kh</u>wāb raftan, To fall asleep;—ba-<u>kh</u>wāb dīdan, To dream; to see (one) in a dream; -ba-khwāb sutūd nishāndan, To renounce all but God; --dar khwāb dīdan, To dream; —dar khwāb raftan, To fall asleep; to go to sleep; —dar khwāb shudan, To sleep; to be numb;—dar shudan ba-khwāb andarūn, (poetically) To fall asleep.

عواب المودة khwab-alad, عواب المودة khwabālūda, Stained or drowned in sleep,

sleepy

<u>kh</u>wāb-ālūdagī, Drowsiness. خوابانيدن khwābandan خوابانيدن khwābani dan, To cause or put one to sleep; to cause to kneel; to tump or cover with earth (unripe fruits) in order to mellow them; to oppress, beat down; to thicken (milk).

<u>kh</u>wāb-āwar, A soporific. <u>kh</u>wāb-burda, Carried off by

sleep, asleep, sleepy.

غواب بند khwāb-band, A spell that prevents from sleeping.

اليم بالم <u>kh</u>wāb-bīnā, Dreaming; ه dreamer.

عواب پریشان khwāb-vareshān, Horrid dream.

ياب جامة khwāb-jāma, A sleeping-dress, a night-gown.

khwāb-khāna, A bed, couch; a

chamber, dormitory.

<u>kh</u>wāb-khiyāl, A spectre, phantom.

عواب دار <u>kh</u>wāb-dār, Pily, plushy (velvet, &c.).

عواب ديده <u>kh</u>wāb-dīda, Dreaming; polluted; of age.

<u>kh</u>wāb-raftagī, Torpor, numb-

ينه <u>kh</u>wāb-rasta, Torpid, asleep (limb).

خواب زدة <u>kh</u>wāb-zada, Drowned in sleep; sleepy, drowsy.

<u>kh</u>wābistān, A dormitory.

<u>khwāb-gah, عوالكه khwāb-gah, =</u> q.v.; -- khwāb-gāhi-ghūl, The world.

<u>kh</u>wāb-guzār, Somnolent; dreaming; an interpreter of dreams.

ين خواب كوين khwāb-quzīn, Who chooses sleep.

<u>kh</u>wāb-nā-dīda, Under puberty.

موابناك <u>kh</u>wāb-nāk, Sleepy, drowsy; pily, plushy (velvet or silk).

خوابناكى <u>kh</u>wābnākī, Drowsiness; sloth.

<u>kh</u>wāb-nosh, Sleeping.

<u>kh</u>wāb-noshī, A doze, a nap. <u>kh</u>wābanīdan, To put one to

sleep.

क्षीक khwāba, (in comp.) Sleeping, as ham-khwāba, Sleeping together with, a bed-

ل عوالي <u>kh</u>awābī (pl. of <u>kh</u>abi'at), Jars (for

wine).

<u>kh</u>wābīdagī, Negligence.

مواليدن khwabidan. To lie down; to sleep, to kneel; to remain, to stay;—ba-pusht (bar pusht) khwābīdan, To lie on the back; to sleep comfortably.

<u>kh</u>wābīda, عوابيدة Asleep;

stopped (as a watch).

khawātim, خواتيم khawātīm (pl. of khātam), Seals; conclusions, endings;-khawātīmu 'l-mulūk, Name of a flower.

خواتن khwātin, Sister (see خواتن).

a عواتين <u>kh</u>awātīn (pl. of <u>kh</u>ātūn), Ladies. <u>kh</u>wājagān, Masters.

<u>kh</u>wajagi, A wealthy merchant;

chiefship, mastership.

<u>kh</u>wāja, A man of distinction; a rich merchant; a doctor, professor, teacher, preceptor, school-master; a pedant; a venerable old man; lord, master, owner; honorific title of a wazir or other great dignitary; a eunuch; the master of a family; a bird's comb; heart, soul; -- khwāja'i akh. taran (lord of the stars), The planet Jupiter; the sun; --khwāja'i ba's-u-nashr, Lord of the Resurrection, i.e. Muhammad;--

khwāja'i baqāl, A greengrocer;—khwāja'i charkhi azraq, The sun; -khwāja'i sipihr, The sun;—<u>kh</u>wāja'i sih yārān, Name of a place of recreation close to Kābul; --khwāja'i falak, The sun; Jupiter; -khwāja kardan, To castrate.

<u>kh</u>wāja-bār, Enough to support

<u>kh</u>wāja-tāsh, A fellow-servant; the master of a family: a scholar: a schoolfellow.

<u>kh</u>wāja-zāda, Master. خواجه زاده

<u>kh</u>wāja-sarā, A domestic; a خواجه سرا eunuch.

<u>kh</u>wāja-giyāh, Name of a shrub. khwaja-marwarid, Name of خواجه مروريد an Armenian who lived at Isfahān in great affluence.

الله مساح khwāja-massāh, Muhammad. <u>kh</u>wājīdan, khuwājīdan, To see badly from an infirmity in the eyes; to water, to be hot (the eye).

khwār, Contemptible, abject; poor, distressed, abandoned, friendless, wretched; few, small, little; easy, without effort; soft, tender; erect, straight; name of a place near Ray; (in comp.) eating or drinking; [khwār dashtan (shumurdan, kardan, giriftan), To hold in contempt, despise;]—khuwār, Victuals.

A My khuwār, The lowing of oxen, bleating of sheep, goats, or fallow deer; the whiz of an arrow.

خوار بار <u>kh</u>war-bar, Food; provisions carried from town to town; a small competency; taste, relish; a place near Ray; a district belonging to Bokhārā.

عواربار آرنده khwārbār-āranda, A purvevor. خواربار کش <u>kh</u>wārbār-kash. A transporter of provisions.

<u>kh</u>awārij (pl. of <u>kh</u>ārijī), Heretics, schismatics (esp. those who rebelled against 'Ali).

غوار خورى <u>kh</u>wār-khwurī, Base treatment. خواردن khwārdan, To eat; to drink.

khuwārazm, khwārazm, Khorasinia, the ancient Chorasmu, lying along the banks of the great river Oxus or Jaihun, and extending to the Caspian Sea, part of it belonging to Iran (Persia), and part to Tūrān (Parthia).

<u>kh</u>wārazm-shāh, Title of several خوارزم هاة kings, especially of Ala'u-d-din Muhammad, who ruled in Khwarazm from 1200 to 1220 A.D.

<u>kh</u>wārazmi, A Khorasmian; thin خوارزمي slices of paste.

khawāriq (pl. of khāriq), Penetrating, tearing (spears); miracles, unusual things.

<u>kh</u>wār-kār, An oppressor; scorner, reviler.

<u>kh</u>wār-kāra, A reviler. عوار كاره

خوار كارى <u>khwār-kārī</u>, Reproach ;—khwārkare, A reviler.

<u>khwārmandī</u>, Humility; abjectness.

<u>kh</u>wāranīdan, To give to eat and خوارليدن drink

<u>kh</u>wārūrī, Name of a place.

khwār-u-zār, Abject and distressed.

*h khwāra, Stipend; every-day allowance; victuals; (in comp) eating, drinking, enjoying: - khuwāra, Established order: mode, manner; strengthening food; a frame for turning an arch upon; a scaf-

<u>kh</u>wāra-kār, A reviler. خواره کار

<u>kh</u>wārī, Baseness, meanness; distress; - khwārī kardan (nihādan), To revile; to injure; - khwārī kashīdan, To suffer abasement from another; -khwārī namūdan, To abase oneself.

غوارى خوارى khawāz, A goad; a scaffold or elevated platform for spectators on festive occasions (comp. عوازه khawaza, q.v.).

<u>kh</u>wazanda, A bride.

امِّهُ <u>kh</u>wāza, Praise, applause; benediction; desire, wish; -also khawaza, A triumphal arch; a vine-arbour; a plank on which masons or plasterers stand when at work, a scaffold; the inner apartment, alcove, or bower, surrounded with tapestry, where the bride awaits the arrival of her husband.

<u>kh</u>wās. A petitioner; — <u>kh</u>awās, Fear.

<u>kh</u>wast, Petition, request, begging, solicitation, desire, wish; will; he desired or asked; a beaten road; an island; gold; riches; furniture; -ba-khwāsti khudā, By the will of God (m.c., corresponding to the A. in shā 'llāh).

<u>kh</u>wāstār, A petitioner, asker, investigator; those whose son and daughter have married together; - khwāstār kardan, To demand, ask for, request.

<u>kh</u>wāstārī, Wedlock.

<u>kh</u>wāstarān, Small worms.

<u>khwāstgār</u>, Petitioner, candidate; a messenger charged to convey a request (m.c.)

استگاری <u>kh</u>wāstyārī, Request, wish; a matrimonial suit; — khwāstgārī kardan (namūdan), To betroth; to ask in marriage.

khwāstan, To desire, wish, demand, require, need, petition, beg, or pray; to will, to want; to wed; to mean, intend; -az dida khwästan, To beg instantly, to implore; —bāz khwāstan, To request; to require; — dar-khwāstan, To desire, wish, demand ;--'uzr-khwastan, To beg pardon.

<u>kh</u>wāstwar, khwastur, Who in-

tends, who purposes.

khwāsta, Desired, wished, willed,

wanted; meant, intended; wedded; meaning, signification; riches, possessions; the needful for travelling, requisites for carrying on war.

خواستى <u>kh</u>wāstī, Voluntary; — harakati khwāstī, A voluntary movement.

<u>khawāsa</u>, A scarecrow (in a field). <u>kh</u>auwās, A vendor of palmleaves $(\underline{kh}\overline{u}s)$; one who covers baskets with them; —<u>khawāṣṣ</u> (pl. of <u>khāṣṣat</u>), Properties, qualities.

<u>kh</u>awasir (pl. of <u>kh</u>asirat), Waists. a خواص <u>kh</u>awāṣi, The place where one sits behind a great man upon an elephant.

A خواطر <u>khawātir</u> (pl. of خواطر), Thoughts,

minds.

A dela thawatif (pl. of khatif), Lightnings.

A خواف <u>kh</u>awāf, Tumult, murmur, noise; name of a place near Nishapur.

<u>kh</u>awāfiq, The four cardinal points.

<u>kh</u>awāfī (pl. of <u>kh</u>āfī), Demons; (pl. of khāfiyat) secrets; the shortest feathers of the wing; the branches of a palm-tree nearest to the pith; of or rela-

ting to Khawāf (see عواك).

A خواك <u>kh</u>awāqīn (pl. of <u>kh</u>āqān), Em-

perors, kings.

<u>kh</u>wāg, A hen; an egg; a fried

غوال <u>khwāl, khuwāl</u>, Lamp-black; food. فوالستان khwālistān, An inkstand.

<u>kh</u>wālista, An inkstand ; silk put خوالستة into an inkstand.

خوالگر <u>kh</u>wālgar, A cook ; a sewer, a tabledecker.

<u>kh</u>wālinjan, خوالنجان <u>kh</u>wālinjan, خوالنجان Galangale.

<u>kh</u>wālī, <u>kh</u>iwālī, Food; a river's خوالي bed; beautiful, adorned; congratulated.

يد العدن <u>khwālīdan</u>, To spread, expand, strew; to taste; - khawālīdan. To come; to eat; to sleep.

a خواليگر <u>kh</u>wālīgar, <u>kh</u>awālīgar, A cook; a sewer, a table-decker.

khwā-maza, A competency. خوا موة

khwan, A table, covered table, and the meat upon it; a spacious tray; household furniture; rubbish of sticks and straws; weeds, tares; (imp. of khwandan, in comp.) reading; a reader; asking, begging; a chanter; a crier, invoker, inviter; - khwan ārastan (afgandan, andākhtan, chidan, dar-ham chidan), To spread the table; -khwāni dil, The temple at Mecca; — khwān sākhtan (kashīdan, gustardan), To spread the table; -- khwāni ya<u>ah</u>. mā (tārāj), A public feast to which all are invited, an open table; -- angushti allāhkhwan, The finger that appeals to God, namely, the fore-finger; -bar khwan nishestan, To sit at table ;-bar khwan niha dan, To place on the table (food).

<u>kh</u>iwān, <u>kh</u>uwān (from the preceding), A dinner-table; -khauwān, A deceiver, traitor; a liou; -khauwāni mazlama-kār, A villain, cruel betrayer.

<u>kh</u>wānā, Legible. خوانا

<u>kh</u>wānānidan, To read, &c.

(= 2,v.). عوانيدن q.v.). عوانيدن $khw\bar{a}n$ -bara, The sign of the Ram.

<u>kh</u>wān-pāya, A table-cloth.

<u>kh</u>wān-posh, Coverlid of a tray. خوانپوش <u>نچان kh</u>wāncha, A tray, a salver;khwāncha'i zar (zarīn, sipihr, falak), The

خواندگان <u>kh</u>wāndagān (pl. of <u>kh</u>wānda), Learned people, readers.

غواندگى <u>kh</u>wāndagī, Reading, recital; in-

vocation; calling; adoption.

khwandan, To read, to recite; to invite, invoke, convoke, call; to sing, to chaunt; to decipher, to explain; to study; -baz khwandan, To call back, to recall; to charge, to accuse openly;—pesh khwāndan, To call up, to summon; -tu'i gosh-ash khwandam, I whispered to him (m.c.).

khwandani, What ought to be read; a portion (a thirtieth) of the Kur'an

appointed for daily reading.

غواندة <u>kh</u>wanda, Read, sung; called, invited; knowing how to read and write; a lecture or lesson; (in comp.) adopted.

<u>kh</u>wān-sār, and-

غوانسالار <u>kh</u>wān-sālār, A table-decker; a cook.

<u>kh</u>wān-sāmān, A house-steward. a خوانك <u>kh</u>awāniq (pl. of <u>kh</u>ānaqāh), Mopasteries.

a موان كرم <u>kh</u>wān-kuram, Open house, or table.

<u>kh</u>wāngar, A cook; a table-decker. خوانگر خوانندكى khwanandagi, Singing.

<u>kh</u>ipānanda, A reader; a crier or convoker; a caller, a singer, a student.

<u>kh</u>wānidan, To read; to make read; to call, convene; to sing.

عوالين A خوالين <u>kh</u>awānīn (pl. of khān), Lords.

خوار <u>kh</u>wāv (= <u>kh</u>wāb), Sleep. ام <u>kh</u>wāh, Wishing, desiring, needing, wanting, requiring, calling for; desire, petition; either, or, whether;—<u>kh</u>wāh makhwāh (khwāh na-khwāh), Willing or no; certainly, positively, at all events; -khwāh u nā-khwāh, Nolens volens, against the iuclination; -bāj-khwāh, Demanding tribute; -taraqqī-khwāh, Wishing increase; -hājatkhwāh, Who asks for his wants; --khātirkhwah, The desire of one's heart; - dil ba-khwāh, To the heart's desire;—daulatkhwāh, Wishing prosperity, benevolent, kind;—marammat-khwāh, Needing repair (a house).

khwahan (sing. and plur.), Willing, desiring; petitioners; amateurs

(m.c.).

<u>kh</u>wāhānī, Wish, desire, longing خواهاني for.

خواهانيدن khwāhānīdan, To wish; to ask; to cause to petition; to cause to wish, will, want.

<u>kh</u>wāhar (S. svasri), A sister; khwāhari pidar, Aunt, father's sister;— <u>kh</u>wāhari shauhar (shūy), Husband's sister : —<u>kh</u>wāhari mādar, Maternal aunt.

<u>kh</u>wāharān, Sisters; - khwāharāni suhail, Two stars (Syrius and Por-

evon).

<u>kh</u>wāhar-andar, A kalf-sister. عواهر اندر عواهر كير , <u>kh</u>wāhar-<u>kh</u>wānda عواهر عواندة <u>kh</u>wāhar-gir, An adopted sister.

<u>kh</u>wāhar-zāda, Sister's son. خواهر زادة

: khwāhish, Will, wish, inclination خواهش petition, suit; riches; intercession, advocacy; -khwāhishi ilāhī, The divine will: -khwāhish kardan, To wish, to desire

<u>khwāhishgar</u>, Intercessor, advo-

cate; desirous.

خواهش گری <u>kh</u>wāhishgarī, Intercession; asking in marriage.

. khwāhishmand, Desirous عواهشمند

khuwāhil, Crooked, khwāhil, curved, a shocmaker's strap, with which he binds the last to his knee; also the piece of wood upon which it is bound.

<u>khwāhanda</u>, One who asks, wills, wants, or wishes; who asks in marriage;

a beggar, petitioner.

<u>khwāha, A petition</u>; desire, intent. <u>kh</u>wāhīdan, To petition, intercede; to will, want.

khwāhī na-khwāhī, Whether خواهي مخواهي

you like or not, willy nilly.

عواي <u>khwāy</u>, Taste, flavour; pleasure, delight.

عوب <u>kh</u>ūb (S. śubha), Good; beautiful, elegant, pleasant, graceful, lovely, amiable, charming, excellent, gracious; beautifully, excellently; firm, strong;—khūb ast, All right (m.c.);—khūb ast ki, It would be well to (m.c.); -- khaili khūb, Very well, all right (m.c.).

<u>kh</u>ūb-ār, Convenient and inconvenient; carrying anything to be eaten; provisions transported from place to place.

<u>kh</u>o bāz kardan, To quit a خو باز کردن

دِبان <u>kh</u>ūbān (pl.), The fair; the good. <u>kh</u>ūbānī, Apricots stuffed with خوبانی almonds.

<u>kh</u>ūbānīdan, To oppress, to tread عوبانيدن upon, to trample under foot.

يرب آواز <u>kh</u>ūb-āwāz, Charming-voiced. موب أيين <u>kh</u>ūb-āyīn, Religious, lawabiding; well-bred.

<u>kh</u>ūbtar, Better; more beautiful. בינינט <u>kh</u>ūbtarīn, Best, fairest.

a خوب عاصل خوب عاصل غوب عاصل غوب عاصل غوب عاصل a good produce (m.c.).

خوب ديدة <u>kh</u>ūb-dīda, Pleasant to look at, charming.

a مُوبُّراً <u>لَّهُ لَّهُ اللَّهُ لِمَّالِمُ لَّهُ لِمُنَّالُ لِمَنْ اللَّهُ لَمُنْ اللَّهُ لِمُنْ اللَّهُ لِمُنْ اللَّهُ لِمُنْ اللَّهُ لِمُنْ اللَّهُ لِمُنْ اللَّهُ لَلْمُنْ اللَّهُ لِمَنْ اللَّهُ لِمَنْ اللَّهُ لَلَّهُ لَلْمُنْ اللَّهُ لِمُنْ اللَّهُ لِمَنْ اللَّهُ لَلْمُنْ اللَّهُ لَمُنْ اللَّهُ لَلْمُنْ اللَّهُ لَلْمُنْ اللَّهُ لَلْمُنْ اللَّهُ لَلْمُنْ اللَّهُ لِمُنْ اللَّهُ لِلللَّهُ لِمُنْ اللَّهُ لِمُنْ الللّهُ لِمُنْ اللّهُ لِمُنْ لِمُنَا لِمُنْ الللّهُ لِمُنَا لِمُنْ اللّهُ لِمُنْ اللّهُ لِمُنْ اللّهُ لَ</u>

خوب رنگك <u>khūb-rang</u>, Of beautiful colour or complexion.

وب رو $\frac{kh}{u}b$ -ruy, Lovely-faced.

خوب روناي خوب روناي <u>kh</u>ūb-rūyān (pl.), The fair. خوب روئي <u>kh</u>ūb-rū'ī, Comeliness of face. a خوب حيد <u>kh</u>ūb-siyar, Of excellent qualities.

a عوب مورت <u>kh</u>ūb-ṣūrat, Beautiful in form.

خوبكلان <u>kh</u>ūbkalān, كوبكلان <u>kh</u>ūbkalān, Name of a seed of a cooling quality.

جوب فرجام خوب $kh\bar{u}b$ -farjām, What ends well. $a \succeq kh\bar{u}bak$ (dim. of $kh\bar{u}b$), Goodish; pretty; a little beauty.

خوب كردار خواله منظر م khūb-kirdār, Of good conduct. خوب منظر ه khūb-manzar, Handsome, fair. خوب منظر khūbī, Goodness, excellence; beauty;
— khūbī kardan, To do good, to render a service (m.c.); — ba-khūbī, Fortunately (m.c.).

خرخين <u>kh</u>ūp<u>kh</u>īn, The substance called mummy, whether human or mineral.

خو بالميز <u>kh</u>ū-pazīr, <u>kh</u>o-pazīr, Accustomed to.

khwapla, Foolish, ignorant.

a خوجداش khojdash, A fellow-servant (see خواجه تاش عواجه).

a مُعِمَّامِ khojdāshiyat (pl. of the preceding), Fellow-servants.

خوجه <u>kh</u>oja (for <u>kh</u>wāja), A eunuch.

khoch, The comb or the crest of a bird; cock's-comb (a flower); tuft of a helmet; peak of a house; red silk tied to the top of a lance; a fighting ram.

<u>kh</u>ūchārīdan, To keep, to pre-

serve; to grieve, to be in anxiety.

<u>kh</u>ocha, The comb of a cock, crest of a bird; the flower called cock's-comb.

<u>kh</u>ochidan, To see badly from weakness in the eyes; to water, to be hard, dry, and hot (the eyes).

A خرخ <u>kh</u>au<u>kh</u>, A peach.

a قرع افرخ khokh agra', Indian leaf.

Rite, custom; a sword; power, strength; a branch; a bricklayer's scaffold.

A 55 khāud, A beautiful young girl.

56 khūd, A helmet; [khūdi khuroch
(khuroh), A cock's comb; the anemone;]

- khwud, khwad, Self (for emphasis
sake frequently preceded by the personal
pronouns); himself, herself, itself; but;
[khwud-ikhtiyārī, Self-control, self-government, self-possession: - khwud-ūrā, Adorning oneself; pluming oneself; - khwudārā'ī, Pride, arrogance, conceit; display
of one's own merits; - khwud-āshuā, Who
has no other friend but himself; - khwud-

āhangi, Intention; greed; - khwud bakhwud, Of himself, spontaneously; -khwud ba-daulat, You, your worship; sir; --khwud bar-pa, Self-willed, obstinate; -khwud basoz, Name of a fire-temple in Azarbaijān; -khwud-baha'i, Vanity; — khwud-bigana, Who befriends everybody but himself (opp. to khwud-āshnā);—khwud-bīn, Seeing oneself, i.e. proud, self-conceited;khwud-bini, Arrogance, presumption;-khwud-parast, A worshipper or admirer of himself; — khwud-parasti, Self-conceit; selfishness; - khwud-pasand, Self-approved, vain, conceited, opiniated; - khwud-pasandī, Self-complacency; — khwud-perā'ī, Ostentation;—khwud-sanā, A boaster, an egotist; -- khwud-hisāb, Who takes himeslf to account for all his actions: -- khwudhukm, Obstinate; -- khwud-kho, Uneducated, undisciplined; capricious; -khwud-khwāh, Selfish; -- khwud-dar, Content; patient; master of oueself; - khwud-darī, Šelf-possession; composure (m.c.); - khwud-rā ba-jā guzāshtan, (met.) To die; to become senseless; -- khwud-rā baland kashīdan, To boast ;--khwud-rā jam' kardan, To restrain oneself; — khwud-rā rasan kardan, To give oneself over to captivity ;--khwud-ra giriflan, To restrain oneself; — khwud-rāy, Self-opiniated; a fantastical, capricious humourist; — khwud-rā'ī, Self-conceitedness; — khwud-rukhsatī, Leaving a service of one's own accord, in which case it is customary to deduct something from the wages; -- khwud-rusta, Self-grown, wild, spontaneous; -- khwud-rang, Preserving the natural colour, unchanged; also yellowish colour;— $\underline{kh}wud$ - $r\bar{u}$, With her own face, i.e. unpainted, adorned with native beauty;khwud-ro, Spontaneous, self-growing, unill-disciplined, self-willed; khwud-ro'i, Spontaneous growth; -khwudsāzī, Self-culture;—khwud-sitā'ī, Self-applause, vain-boasting;—khwud-sar, Bold, fearless; self-opiniated, obstinate, whimsical; head-strong; -khwud-sarī, Seli-conobstinacy; - khwud-suwar, Headceit, strong; -khwud-soz, Name of a fire-temple Azarbaijan; — khwud-shikan, Who cringes with or shrinks from humility;khwud-shinas, Knowing self, given to contemplation; — khwud-gharaz, Self-interested; -khwud-gharazī, Self-seeking, selfishness; -khwud-ghalat, Wrong-headed;khwud-farosh, Selling himself, i.e. boasting, vaunting; -khwud-figan, Riding by oneself; -khwud-kāra, Acting for oneself, trusting to none; -khwud-kasht. Cultivation of one's own soil; -khwud-kashta, Self-cultivated (i.e. by the farmer himself); -khwud-kām, Self-will; living like a libertine, following his own fancy; arrogant;khwud-kama, Self-willed, opiniated; gaining the object of one's desires; growing

spontaneously;—khwud-kāmī, Self-interestedness; wilfulness; -khwud-karda, Done of himself; — <u>kh</u>wud karda-rā darmān nīst, For a self-inflicted evil there is no remedy; -khwud-kushān, (met.) Ruining oneself by hospitality; -khwud-kushānī, Suicidal, i.e. exaggerated and ruinous hospitality; khwud-kushī, Self-destruction, suicide;khwud-nomā, Vain, arrogant; growing spontaneously; - khwud-guzashta, Out of one's mind; weary of life; -khwud-murād $(murada)_{i} = \underline{kh}wud \cdot k\bar{a}m, \quad q.v.; -\underline{kh}wud$ mukhtar, Independent, unrestrained, uncontrolled; a free agent; -khwud-mukhtārī, Independence, freedom of action; -khwud-matlab (matlabiya), Self-interested, selfish; -khwud-namā, Ostentatious, selfconceited, vain, proud; - khwud-nama'i, Ostentation ; -- ba-khwud amadun, To come to oneself; -- ba-khwude khwud, Of one's own (See also بخود)

<u>khwuditān, Yourselves (m.c.).</u> <u>khūd-sāz</u>, A maker of helmets.

خود سازى <u>kh</u>ūd-sāzī, Helmet-making. خود سازى <u>kh</u>wadistān, <u>kh</u>wadustān, Vineshoots which are eaten young.

<u>khwud-ash</u>, Himself, herself (m.c.). khwud-shuma-ha, Yourselves

<u>kh</u>wudimān, We ourselves. <u>kh</u>ūda, An arch, a vault; truth. خودة <u>kh</u>wud-hā, Selves.

khwudhān, Ours, our own people خودهان (m.c., apparently a plural of the preceding, unless it be a misprint for خودمان).

khwudi, Selfishness, conceit, egotism.

<u>khwudī-soz</u>, A fire-temple in Azarbaijan.

khaur (v.n.), Striking or piercing (an animal, especially about the hind parts).

khwur, Despicable, contemptible, abject, mean, vile, base, infamous; worthy, proper, agreeable to; a partner, consort; (S. svar) light, radiance; the sun; the east; name of an angel; the eleventh day of every solar month; food sufficient for the support of life; meat; flavour, relish, taste; a chameleon; a palace, villa; the famous palace of Khawarnak; (in comp.) eating, devouring, consuming; -khwwr-uhaqir dashtan, To render despicable and hapless.

<u>khwurā, khwarā</u>, Worthy, suitable; few provisions; cating, voracious; a gangrene, cancer.

ل خوراب <u>kh</u>wur-āb, Impure water; a cataract; the dam of a sluice; an itch for

الم <u>khwur-āba</u>, A little stream brought from a larger river for the purposes of cultivation; water to drink; a farmer furnished with all the means and appliances of cultivation; a little water oozing through an embankment.

<u>khwurāk,</u> Food, victuals, provisions; daily bread, eatables; one meal; one dose of medicine; (in India) a kind of batta given by villagers to peons sent to collect the circar-duties.

<u>khwurāki</u>, Daily allowance of food, or money to purchase it, subsistencemoney.

khwuran, Name of one of the champions of Kay Kusrau, son of Siyawush; eating, devouring; voracious, gluttonous.

<u>khwurandan, To eat or drink.</u> khūrāha, khwarāha, A cock's comb. <u>khwurāy, A few provisions; ar-</u> ranged; elegant.

אַנְעּרָ, <u>khwur-bār</u>, Serving up a repast; a hamper of provisions; suitable and unsuitable.

خور پارة <u>kh</u>wur-pāra, Bits, fragments, orts. پر برست <u>khwur-parast</u>, A sun-worshipper ; the suuflower.

khwur-chin, A portmanteau, wallet; - khwur-chin kardan, To glean, lease.

<u>khwurkhajiwan, Nightmare.</u> <u>نور خوان khwur-kh</u>wān, A food-tray.

<u>khwurd, Little, small, minute, petty,</u> tiny; short; suitable, proper; a meeting; a public address; meat, victuals; eating; he did eat; he met; he brake in pieces;khwurd kardan, To bruise small; -khwurdu-khwāb, One who does nothing but eat, \mathbf{and} sleep; - khwurd-u-kalān (khwurd-u-buzurg), Small and great, all; ba-khwurd, In detail, minutely (m.c.); pasha'i khwurd, A little gnat; - shīri khwurd, Skim-milk.

אַנְעליל <u>kh</u>wwr-dād, Name of the third month.

<u>kh</u>wur-dār, A boarded domestic. <u>khwurd-bār</u>, A hamper of provi-

sions. الردتر <u>kh</u>wurdtar, Smaller, younger. <u>kh</u>wurd-<u>kh</u>wan, A table covered خورد خوان

with eatables (see خوان). امور خوان). <u>khwurd-sāl</u>, Of tender years. <u>khwurd-sālān</u> (pl. of the preceding), Young ones.

<u>kh</u>warduslan, خوردستان <u>kh</u>warduslan dūstān, Young vine-shoots which are eaten for their freshness; any young shoot.

<u>kh</u>wurdagān, Juniors, inferiors. خوردگان غوردكى <u>khwurdagī</u>, Corrosion; a draught; an eating or drinking.

khwurd-maḥal, The apartments خورد محل of the concubines of great men.

khwurd murd, Minutiæ of any عورد مرد

kind.

ين <u>kh</u>wurdan, To eat; to gnaw; to drink; to hit; to nip; to strike; to devour, destroy; to take; to grate; to mince; to break; to suffer;—afsūn khwurdan, To be under a spell, under the influence of an incantation; baz khwurdan, To go to meet; to be conquered; to grieve; -baze khwurdan, To be gulled, cheated, hoaxed; —bar-khwurdan, To touch; to knock or dash against (m.c., see also برخوردن) ;—barham khwurdan, To clash, collide, dash against each other; -ba-kar khwurdan, To be of use; to serve (a purpose);—ba-ham khwurdan, To break up (a company, m.c.); -tawāncha khwurdan, To receive a slap in the face, to have one's ears boxed;—tīmār khwurdan, To be sorrowful; — khishm khwurdan, To feel anger (see also under خشم); - 'azāb khwurdan, To suffer tor-

<u>kh</u>wurdanī, Fit to be eaten, edible, esculent; provisions, victuals, food; a repast; a beverage; -- sabzī'i khwurdanī, An esculent vegetable; greens.

<u>khwurda, Eaten; devoured, cor-</u> roded; eating; a spark; quickness, acuteness; a bit, scrap; a crumb; a speck; a fault; that part of a (horse's) leg which is enclosed in the fetter; minute, slender; —<u>kh</u>wurda'i ambān, Crumbs in a wallet ; khwurda kardan, To change money.

a خوردة اديم <u>kh</u>wurda-adīm, An acorn for

tanning leather.

<u>kh</u>wurda-bīn, Caviller; microscopic.

غوردة بيني <u>kh</u>wurda-bini, Criticism ; cavil ; microscopy.

<u>kh</u>wurda-paz, A cook.

<u>kh</u>wurda-khwan, A small table.

<u>kh</u>wurda-dān, Critical.

<u>kh</u>wurda-farosh, A huckster. خوردة فروش <u>kh</u>wurda-karī, Liable to criti-

<u>khwurda-gīr</u>, A criticiser, critic. دوه مرده مرده <u>kh</u>wurda-murda, Minute ohjects.

خردی <u>kh</u>wurdī, Broth, juicy meats; eatables; smallness, littleness.

خوردي يز <u>kh</u>wurdi-paz, A cook, brothmaker.

<u>kh</u>wurdi-farosh, A broth-فروش seller.

ورز و khūraz, Greek dance or chorus; -khūrazi rūmiyān, A dauce in which bands are joined.

خورزينة khwurzina, Baru, خورزينة granary.

khwuristar, A re- خورسار khwuristar, A refectory.

<u>kh</u>wuristan, A pantry, larder, عورستان buttery; (probably misreading for khūzistān) name of a country in Persia.

<u>khwarsand</u>, Contented, happy. <u>kh</u>wursandī, Gladness; content.

<u>kh</u>wurish, Eating and drinking; food; a father-in-law; -khwurishi dast-ās, A handful of wheat which the miller throws

into the hopper ;—<u>khwurish-u-poshish</u>, Food and raiment.

<u>kh</u>wurish-<u>kh</u>āna, A kitchen.

<u>kh</u>wurish-gar, A cook. خورش گر

khwur-shed, The خورهاد khwur-shed, The sun; the animal spirit; name of the mistress of Jamshed; <u>khwur-shed</u> ba-gil andudan, To try to conceal what is evident; to disguise oneself; -khwur-shedi jahāntāb, The sun illuminating the world; khwur-shedi chatr, A sun-shade in the shape of the sun; the image of the sun painted on a sun-shade ;---khwur-shedi sari dīwān (labi bām), Sun-set; the termination of life;—<u>khwur-shedi surāhī</u>, (met.) Wine,

a خورهيد اثر <u>kh</u>wurshed asar, Resplendent like the sun.

<u>kh</u>wurshed-paristan, Worshippers of the sun.

خروهيد بيكر <u>kh</u>wurshed-paikar, Handsome. خورهيد چهره <u>kh</u>wurshed-chihra, خورهيد چهره khwurshed-rukh, عورهيد رو khwurshed-ru, Sun-faced.

<u>kh</u>wurshed-suwārān, Earlyrisers; Christian monks; those who ride in the heat of the day; the favourites of a king; angels.

<u>kh</u>wurshed-ghabghab, With a خورهبد عبيد

resplendent chin.

a خورهيد فلكة <u>kh</u>wurshed falka, Ornameuted with a sun-like stud or knob.

غورهيدن <u>kh</u>wurshīdan, To collect; to suit; to happen agreeably; to carry one's victuals; to crack (lips with heat).

khwur-sala, A store, barn, cellar. <u>khūrikā</u>, A hedgehog (in the dialect of Gilan).

לפנים <u>kh</u>wurram, Joyful, pleasant. בנים <u>kh</u>wur-māh, Name of a summer

<u>khwur-muz,</u> Name of the twelfth day of any month.

<u>kh</u>warmak, <u>kh</u>warramak, Shells خورمك worn as amulets.

ליני שאר khwur-mihr, Name of Solomon's sword.

<u>kh</u>wurrami, Gladness, Joyfulness. خورسی <u>kh</u>warand, Worthy, snitable, proper; the twelfth day of every solar month.

<u>kh</u>wuranda, An eater; one who obtains the property of another by fair or foul means; a family, domestics, house-

a خورنق <u>kh</u>awarnaq (for P. خورنق), The palace built by Nu'man bin Munzir for King Bahrām in Babylonia, and alluded to often to imply any magnificent edifice.

غررنگاه <u>kh</u>warangah, خررنگاه <u>kh</u>warangah, Bahrain's palace; a portico.

<u>kh</u>awarna (contraction of the preceding), The palace of Bahram.

<u>khwur-u-posh</u>, Food and rai- خور و پوش ment.

مرهك <u>kh</u>wurhag, Shells suspended from children's necks.

اری <u>khwurī</u>, Baseness ; a kind of cloth. خروباد <u>khwuryād</u>, A peasant, clown, lout. خروباد <u>khwuryād</u>, Rusticity, rudeness.

אַפּרט <u>khūriyān</u>, Name of a place near Bistām, where the poet Rustam Khūriyānī was born.

موريدن <u>kh</u>wurīdan, To invite to nuptials. A موريدن <u>kh</u>auz, Enmity, hostility.

khū, Sugar-cane; the country called Khūzistān (anciently Susiana), the capital of which is Shūstar; inhabitants of this country.

<u>hhūzān</u>, Name of a celebrated Persian hero; name of a city.

<u>khawazdūk</u>, An insect resembling a blackbeetle; the scolopendra.

khūzda, A beetle, a chafer.

خوزتى <u>kh</u>ūzadī (ior <u>khwud-zādī</u>), Undressed, unadorned (woman).

khūzar, Name of a tree.

خرستان <u>khūzistān</u>, Susiana; a sugarplantation; sugar-growing country; sugarmanufactory.

خرزم <u>kh</u>wazam, <u>kh</u>wazm, A fog, mist, vapour.

q.v. غورمك <u>kh</u>wazmak, = غورمك

khauza, Trampled upon, ruined;—khūza, khwuza, A triumphal arch; the inner apartment where the royal bride awaits the arrival of her husband.

a عرزهرع <u>kh</u>auzahraj (for P. <u>kh</u>ar-zahra), Asses' bane.

الله <u>khūzī</u>, Pounded, beaten (meat); a native of Khūzistān.

مُوانِ مُوارِ <u>kh</u>ūxî-<u>kh</u>wār, An eater of pounded meat; a contented cuckold.

وزيدن <u>kh</u>ūzīdan, To call to a marriage.

غوس A موس <u>kh</u>aus (v.n.), Deceiving. موس <u>kh</u>wus, A brother-in-law.

ومانيدي <u>kh</u>ūsānīdan, To desire, wish; to excite desire;—<u>kh</u>osānīdan, To cause to moisten.

khost, khwast, An island; a beaten road; rubbed; a melon (this meaning doubtful and probably originating in the misreading عربوة for عربوة).

<u>kh</u>wastar, A petitioner, candidate. <u>kh</u>wastan, <u>kh</u>ūstan, To ask.

موسته <u>kh</u>wasta, Dug up, extirpated; fetid. موسته <u>kh</u>osra, A husband's or wife's brother.

موسه <u>kh</u>osa, A scarecrow in fields or gardens;—<u>kh</u>osa shudan, To be in heat (a bitch).

مُوسَوْدي khūsīdan, To dry up. shrivel; to be wrinkled; to be moist; to flow from the eyes (humour); to collect.

موش <u>kh</u>wush, <u>kh</u>wash, Good, sweet, excellent, beautiful, fair, charming, pleasant, delightful, agreeable, cheerful, amiable, lovely, delicate, tender, kind, gentle, humane, mild, meek, elegant; healthy, wholesome, temperate; happy, well, pleased; willingly; [khwush-āb, see موش آب below; -khwush akhtari, Good fortune; —khwushadā, A prompt payer; one who performs pleasantly, melodious; - khwush isparam, The shrub basil royal; - khwush-asliha; Well-armed (m.c.); - khwush-aslūb, Wellformed; — khwush-atwar, Well-bred; khwush-alhan, With a sweet voice; --khwush ammā, Very well, be it so; but; -khwushamad, Flattery; welcome; gratification;khwush-āmad-kārī, Content, satisfaction; - <u>kh</u>wush-āmad-go (gū), A flatterer; khwush-amadan, To please, become agreeable; to succeed well; to agree with (as meat or drink); to be welcome;—khwushāmadī, Flattery; assenting; you are welcome; - khwush-andām, Of lovely form; khwush-angusht (good-fingered), A skilful player on an instrument; - khwush-āwāz (āhang), Having a melodious voice; khwush-āyand, Flattering (endearments); grateful, wholesome, amiable, agreeable, pleasing, charming; - khwush-ayandagi, Spruceness, neatness, elegance, ornament; pleasingness, agreeableness; - khwushayanda, Amiable, agreeable to all; elegant, neat, spruce; grateful; agreeable; wholesome; -khwush-bash, Free to stay or to depart; lands granted to favourites at low rents on condition of serving the government when called upon; independent; khwush-bāshad (used imperatively), Come and be welcome; — khwush-bash zadan, To invite; to congratulate; - khwush-bakht, Lucky, fortunate, happy (m.c.); - khwushbakhti, Good luck, happiness (n.c.); khwush bar-ā, Be of good cheer, be happy; khwush-banagosh, With delicate ear-laps; khwush-bū (bo), Sweet-smelling; perfume; khwush-bo-dar, Fragrant, aromatic; khwush-bosa, Whose kisses are sweet; khwush-boy, Fragrant, odoriferous; khwush-buynak (boynak), Well-flavoured, savoury (boiling pot); - khwush-pargar, Well-formed, well-composed; having wellformed thighs or hips; -khwush-pozī, A kiss; -khwush-poshāk, Well-dressed; khwush-pech, Intelligent, wise; a distinguished gentleman; — khwush-pechmali, Good manners, gentlemanliness; -- khwushtāman, A mother-in-law; — khwush-tarāsh, Of a good shape, graceful; -- khwush-tarana,

Melodious; — khwush-taqrir, Eloquent; khwush-jilau, Obedient to the bridle;khwush-chashm, With beautiful eyes; khwush-hal, Happy, fortunate, in pleasant circumstances; - khwush-hālī, A pleasant condition; - khwush-harf, Sweet-spoken, melodious ; -- khwush-harakat, One who acts with propriety, or who does good actions;khwush-hisab, Prontable, advantageous;khwush-khātir, A cheerful mind, a gladsome heart; - khwush-khal, A mistress, sweetheart (as having becoming moles); — khwush-khabar, A bringer of good news; - khwush-khabari, Exhilarating news;khwush-khiram, One who walks elegantly; -khwush-kharid, Paying in ready money, buying in a private sale; -khwush-khisdl, Of an excellent disposition; well-bred; affable; - khwush-khai, Elegant writing; a handsome youth; — khwush-khat-u-khāl, Beautifully striped and speckled (m.c.);-Affable; - khwush-khalqī, <u>kh</u>wush-<u>kh</u>alq, Affability; — khwush-kho (khoy), Good-natured, of an excellent disposition; khwush-khwar, A good liver, one who lives well; - khwush-khwāst, Vehement desire; khwush-khwan, Singing delightfully, melodious; - khwush-khwāhish, Vehement desire; --- khwush-khwur, A fortunate petition; sub-acid, — khwush-khwurāk, One who lives well; -khwush-kho'i, Goodness of temper: -khwush-khiyal, Who has fine thoughts. happy conceits (a poet); -khwush dashtan, To be agreeable to, to please (m.c.); khwush-daman, Mother-in-law; - khwushdushnām, Whose abuse (even) is pleasant (a mistress); -khwush-dil, Cheerful, contented, gay; -khwush-dilī, Cheerfulness, gaiety; - khwush-dilī dāshtan, To be cheerful, pleased, satisfied (m.c.) :- khwush-dam, A sweet breath; fine air; - khwush-dimāgh, Pleasant, mirthful;—khwush-dandan, With lovely teeth; - khwush-zā'iga, vonred, savoury; - khwush-rāh, A good roadster; — khwush-raftar, Graceful in walking; sweetly-waving (cypress); moving easily (pen); proceeding properly, of good conduct; -khwush-rang, Of a lively colour; - khwush-rav, Pleasaut-paced; khwush-ru, Beautiful ;-khwush-roz, A holiday ;- khwush-zaban, Speaking well, having a sweet or clear voice; plausible; -khwushsāy, The box-tree; — khwush-sakhra, A pleasant, humorous fellow; - khwush-su-<u>kh</u>un, Of pleasant speech;—<u>kh</u>wush-saudā, Yielding a good profit, advantageous; — khwush-siyar, Of excellent qualities, virtuous; - khwush shudan, To be well; to be in good health; to be cored; -khwushshakl, Well-shaped, of a fine figure; khwush-shinau, Pleasant to be listened to; -khwush-safīr, Warbling sweetly (birds); -khwush-suhbat, Of agreeable conversation, a pleasant companion (m.c.); --

khwush-sürat, Handsome-faced; -khwushtub'. Jocular, good-natured; of an enternature; - khwush-tab'ī (tīnal), Pleasantry, mirth: -khwush-'alaf, A good eater, voracious; eating indiscriminately what is lawful or not; -khwush-'inān, Of an agreeable pace, gentle; -khwush-'iyar, Pure, of standard value; -khwush-ghilaf, What comes easily from its sheath (a sword, &c.); -khwush-qad, Of handsome figure ;-khwush-qat', Well-shaped, nicely cut out; -khwush-qalam, A good pen-man, an elegant writer; paper easy to be written upon; - khwush-qimar, A good or fair player; -khwush-kāmī, Joy, cheerfulness; -khwush kardan, To cure; to benefit; to do good; to rejoice; -khwush-karda, Pleasant, agreeable; - khwush-karda'i sha'ir, Praised by the poets; -khwush-kalām, Eloquent; - khwush-kanar, A beloved object; khwush-qam, Well-paced ; -- khwush-qah, Pudenda; - khwush-gardan, With a graceful neck; - khwush giristan, To weep abundantly; — khwush-guftārī, Eloquence; khwush-gil, Pretty, pleasing, elegant (m.c.); - khwush-go, Eloquent; melodious; khwush-guwar, Easy of digestion ;- khwushlab, Sweet of lip; -khwush-lahn, Melodious; — khwush-ligām, Obedient to the bridle, gentle;—khwush-lahja, Having a tuneful voice;—khwush-maya, Taste, flarelish, delight; — khwush-mizāj, Good-natured, of a pleasant disposition;khwush-mazaqī, Pleasantness of fiavour; -<u>kh</u>wush-maza, Agreeable to the palate, well-flavoured, delicious; -- khwush-muzha (muzhgan), With delicate eve-lashes:-khwush-mu'āmala, An upright dealer; -khwush-manish, Having a good heart (ethically), or excellent spirits (physically); satiety, glut, languor; - khwushmanishi, Joke, pleasantry, sprightliness, cheerfulness, joyousness;—<u>kh</u>wush-manzar, Of a goodly aspect;—<u>kh</u>wush-nishīn, Sitting easily, having room enough; a new comer; a stranger; — khwush-nishi-nāni chaman, Flowers; sprouts, shoots; pleasure-seekers visiting the gardens; - khwush-nishīnī, A royal guard for which lands are assigned; -- khwush-nazar, Sociable, familiar; a species of red, yellow, and white rose; making friends; -- khwush-naghma, Melodious; -- khwush-nafas, Breathing forth soft words, sweet melodies ;-khwushnagsh, Name of a celebrated courtezan in Istahan ; -- khwush-nigāh, Good-looking ;khwush-nama, Pleasant, agreeable; elegant; neat, pretty; -khwush-namak, Wellsalted; pleasant of taste; witty; a beloved object; — khwush-nawā, Melodious singer, birds, &c.); -khwush-nawaz, A musician; name of the governor of the city of Haital; -khwush-nawis, A calligraphist; - khwush-nawisi, Calligraphy; - khwush-

nihad, Good-natured, of pleasant disposition; -khwush-waz', Nicely situated (m.c.); -khwush-u-khwurram, Happy and cheerful; - khwush-waqt, In happy circumstances; happy, pleased; having a good time of it; — khwush-hawā, A pleasant air;] -khwash, A husband's or a wife's mother; a kiss; (for khwesh) self; — khosh (for khushk), Dry; (for khosha) a bunch of grapes.

خوش آب <u>kh</u>osh-āb, <u>kh</u>wush-āb, <u>kh</u>wash-āb, Fresh, juicy, full of water; water in which grapes, figs, prunes, or dried apricots are boiled together; fresh, tender pot-herbs; moist; waving; clear, pellucid; a pearl, a

jewel.

<u>kh</u>wushāb-dandān, One who has clean and brilliant teeth.

خوش آبی <u>kh</u>wush-ābī, Freshness.

<u>kh</u>wushā-<u>kh</u>wushā, <u>kh</u>washākhwasha, Very well! happy he (who, &c.), hail to him! (opp. to \u00e4x, q.v.).

<u>khwushād</u>, A clearing of a garden. khwashaman, Husband's or wife's mother.

غوهانيدن <u>kh</u>oshānīdan, To cause to dry up. <u>kh</u>oshāy, Cluster of grapes; ear of corn.

<u>kh</u>wusht, Stark naked.

q.v. خوهامن + khwashtaman خوهنامن <u>kh</u>wushtar, Sweeter, pleasanter.

<u>kh</u>wushtarak (dim. of the prece-

ding), Somewhat pleasanter. <u>kh</u>wushcha, Good (girl); prettily. a خوهداش <u>kh</u>oshdash, A fellow-servant

(see تاش see). a خوهداهية <u>kh</u>oshdāshiyat, Fellow-service ;

(pl. of the preceding) fellow-servants. .v. خواهامن <u>kh</u>washdāman, = غوهدامن <u>kh</u>washk - ārd, khūshk - ārd,

<u>kh</u>wushka-ārd, Flour not bolted. <u>kh</u>ūshnū, <u>kh</u>wushnū, خوهنود <u>kh</u>wushnad, Content; pleased.

خوهنودي <u>kh</u>wushnūdī, Mirth; contentment.

khosha, A cluster or bunch of grapes خوهمه or dates; an ear of corn; the constellation Virgo; name of a bird; gleaning; the rainbow; separately; [khosha'i angūr, A cluster of grapes; -khosha ba-gulū dawāndan, To be coming into ear; -khosha'i pesha-kārān, A scarecrow; —khosha'i charkh (sipihr), The constellation Virgo;—<u>kh</u>osha dar gulū āwardan, To be coming into ear;]-khwasha, Husband's or wife's father.

khosha-basta, Forming clusters, خوهة بستة cluster- (roses, &c.).

khosha-chīn, Gathering grapes, خوهه چين reaping or gleaning corn; a plagiary.

<u>kh</u>wushī, <u>kh</u>washī, Happiness, cheerfulness, gaiety, pleasure, enjoyment, dclight; consolation, comfort, diversion; voluntariness; goodness, excellence, benignity; [khwushī namūdan, To display

excellence or benignity; -dar khwushī, In pleasantry;]-khoshī, Name of a bird.

<u>kh</u>wushi-ba<u>kh</u>sh, Affording de-

<u>kh</u>oshīdan, To grow dry; to collect, contract; to wrinkle, shrivel, chap (as the lips); to burn, fry, parch; to bring in or lay up provisions; to be busy; to love; to congratulate a stranger; to happen well, to succeed; to jest, play, to represent in the manner of theatrical entertainments or public spectacles.

خوهيدة <u>kh</u>oshida, Dried; dry.

مرم ه <u>kh</u>awas (v.n.), Being sunk in the socket (eye) ; - khūs, Leaves of palm-trees, of cocoa-nuts, and the like (whether woven

A خوض <u>kh</u>auz (v.n.), Entering, wading. fording, or crossing a river; making (a horse, &c.) ford a river; plunging (into business, discussion, &c.); deep thought, mature consideration; piercing with a sword and turning it in the wound; thauz kardan, To agitate, to conspire, to intrigue; -khauz namūdan, To engage in, embark, plunge into.

الله خوط A limber twig; a corpulent man, yet handsome and active; name of a

village near Balkh.

hauf (v.n.), Fearing; fear, dread, terror; murder; knowing for certain; red leather; - khauft as āb, Hydrophobia; -khauf khwurdan (giriftan), To be afraid, to take fright; -khauf dādan, To terrify, to frighten ;-khaufi roshani, Photophobia.

<u>kh</u>ūfā, Strength, power (unsupported خوفا

by examples).

a خوفناك <u>khaufnāk, Terrified, timid, timo</u>-

rous; frightful, terrifying.

khauq (v.n.), Putting on ear-rings (a girl); - khawaq, Spaciousness, roomi-

خوك <u>kh</u>ūk, <u>kh</u>ok, A pig; scrofula; (for q.v.) a frog;—<u>kh</u>ūki pāy-gāh, A pig buried alive in the stable, believed to secure the preservation of the contents of the stable;—khūki daryā, khūki māhī (sea-hog or fish-hog), A porpoise.

<u>kho-kāra</u>, Accustomed to, habitu-

ated; familiar.

خوك بان <u>kh</u>ūkbān, A swineherd.

<u>kh</u>ūk-bacha, A young pig, a pork-

<u>kh</u>ūk-charān, Leading pigs to خوك چران

pasture, a swineherd (m.c.).

عو كردكى <u>kh</u>o-kardagī, Habitude, practice. <u>kho-karda</u>, Habituated, accustonied to.

خوكيوة <u>kh</u>ūkīza, A large duck, a goose. <u>kh</u>ug, A hog;—<u>kh</u>awag, A servant. <u>kh</u>ogar, Accustomed to, habituated; sociable, familiar; -khogar shudan, To be used to, to become tame.

مُوكرنتگى <u>kh</u>o-giriftagī, Familiarity, habitude.

عو كرفته <u>kh</u>o-girifta, Accustomed, habituated.

مو كير <u>kho</u>-gīr, The stuffing of a saddle; a pad; a pack-saddle; accustomed to; fumiliar

<u>kh</u>o-gīr-doz, A saddle-maker.

khol, A lark; a kite; a white woodcock; a shad fish; [khole ba-kaf-am bih zi kulanke ba-hawā, A bird in the hand is worth two in the bush (lit. a bird khol in my hand is better than a crane in the air;)]—khawal, Lean; a white woodcock.

مول ه <u>kh</u>aul (v.n.), Keeping, preserving; —<u>kh</u>u'ul, <u>kh</u>ūwal (pl. of <u>kh</u>āl), Maternal

unclea.

<u>kh</u>awalān, Buckthoru.

A Was khu'ulat, Relationship by the mother's side; (pl. of khāl) maternal uncles.

برالر <u>kh</u>ūlalū, <u>kh</u>walalū, Wild fennel; cummin-seed.

خولنجان <u>khūlanjān</u>, The herb galangale. غولم <u>kh</u>aula, A quiver; a lamp;—<u>kh</u>ola, Empty.

غوليا <u>kh</u>ūliyā, Common to the use of all. خوليو موكيزة <u>kh</u>ūlīza, عوكيزة q.v.

A 2005 <u>khaun</u> (v.n.), Being perfidious, deceitful, breaking a promise, betraying a trust.

خون <u>kh</u>ūn, Blood; bloody; killing; revenge; a shedder of blood; life, soul; selfishness; pride; a table; reading; singing; [khūn az buni nakhun bar-awardan, To take revenge; - khūn az buni nākhun dawidan, To be sorely afflicted; -khūn az pesh burdan, To shed blood with impunity; -khūn āshāmīdan, To drink blood, i.e. to be afflicted; to shed blood; —khūn uftādan bar, Blood falls upon, i.e. one is liable to revenge; - khūn ba-josh āmadan, The blood boils; -khūn ba-hil kardan, To condone a murder, to forego revenge for it; — <u>kh</u>ūn bar-āwardan, To let blood; — <u>kh</u>ūn bar jabin mālīdan, To rub one's forehead with the blood (of the slain), when accusing the murderer before a judge; -khūn bastan, To coagulate (blood); - khūni bat (tāk, jām), Red wine; the dawn of morning; - khūni bawāsīrī, Bleeding piles; khūni bīnī, Blood from the nose; -khūni jibāl, Rubies, cornelians;—khūn justan, To seek or take revenge; -- khūni jigar, Deep affliction; - khūni jigar khwurdan, To be sorely grieved; deep anxiety or study; —<u>kh</u>ūni jahān, A ruddiness in the sky; -khūni halāl, Blocd that may be lawfully shed; - khūni haiz, The flux of the menses; -khūni haiwān, Milk, butter, or honey; -khūni khām, Pure blood; blood that is not yet matured; -khūn kharīdan, To pay blood-money, to expiate murder by a fine; — khūn khufta (khwābīda), Un-

avenged blood; -khūn khwābīdan, To remain unavenged (bloodshed); -khūn khwāstan, To seek revenge; - khūni khwud ba-gardani khwesh kardan, To become responsible for bloodshed; - khūni khwud roshan kardan, To burn for revenge and prepare to take it; - khūn khwurdan, To be afflicted; to shed blood; — <u>kh</u>ūni <u>kh</u>uros, Red wine; — <u>khūni khum</u> (qarbān), Wine; — <u>kh</u>ūn dādan, To remit blood-guilt, to condone a murder ;—khūn dar-andākhtan, To shed or pour out blood (a rare, perhaps unique, example of the verb andākhtan being applied to fluids);—khūn dar badan na-dārad, (met.) He has not a spark of jealousy or spirit in him;—khūn dar chashm-ash nīst, He has no power or energy;—khūn dar miyān ast, There is bloodshed to be revenged; a deadly war is waged ; - khūni dil, Affliction; concise speech; -khūni dil ba-nākhun (dar nākhun, dar buni nākhun) āwardan (ba-nākhun rasidan), To tear the breast, to cry bitterly; - khūni dili khāk, Flowers; rubies; khūni dili maryam, khūni raz (razūn), Red wine; the dawn of moraing; -khūn rekhtan, To shed blood; blood is flowing; khūn zadan, To be afflicted; to shed blood; khūni sāda, Pure blood; —khūni sabīl, Blood that may be lawfully shed; -khūn sitardan, To wipe off blood; -khūni siyāwush (siyāwushān), Dragon's blood; Brazilian wood; the fruit of a tree growing in Hazramant; a sort of gum produced in Abyssinia; grape-wine; a ruddiness in the sky; - khūn shudan, To perish; to be being waged (war); -khūn shustan, To wipe or wash off blood; - khūni fulāne surkh-tar az khūni fulān ast, This one is nobler than that one;—<u>khūni kabūtar</u>, Wine;—<u>kh</u>ūn kardan, To kill, murder ;- khūn kashidan (kam kardan, gushādan), To bleed one;khūn giriftan, To be blood-stained (m.c.); -<u>kh</u>ūni murda, Blood curdling in the body after death; - khūni murda dar tahti jild, Enchymosis; - khūni nāmūs; Red wine; dawn of morning; -khūn na-dārad, His blood remains unavenged; -- khūn nishāndan, To be afflicted; to shed blood; -khun nishastan, To bleed from piles ;-khûn namānad, All power is gone;—khūn noshīdan, To be afflicted; to shed blood;—khūn hadr kardan, To condone a murder; to renounce revenge for it; -- ba-khūn giriftan, To seek vengeance; —dar khūn shudan, To be bent on murder, to seek revenge:] khwun, khwan, A table; food; [khwani gosht, The slab on which butchers cut meat :] - khon, A house, hotel, palace, mansion.

אַפְּטִּיב <u>kh</u>ūn-āb, אַטְּיב <u>kh</u>ūnāba, Bloody water; blood, a torrent of blood; tears of blood; vermilion; breathing hard;—<u>kh</u>ūn-āb chashīdan, To die.

مُون آهام <u>kh</u>un-āshām, Who drinks blood, sanguinary.

عون آلوده khūn-ālūd, عون آلوده khūn-ālūda, Blood-stained;—khūn-ālūd kardan, To stain with blood.

عُون آلود $kh\bar{u}n$ -and $\bar{u}da$, = عُون آلود $hh\bar{u}n$ -bār, Shedding (or raining) blood (generally said of the eyes of a lover).

אינט ושהב <u>kh</u>ūn-basta, Clotted together with blood.

يون بند <u>kh</u>ūn-band, Styptic.

خواديما <u>khūn-bahā</u>, A fine for blood-shedding;—<u>kh</u>ūn-bahā dāshtan (bar-dāshtan), To receive blood-money.

<u>kh</u>ūnjada, <u>kh</u>ūnjuda, Gum for clo-

sing wounds.

خوجك <u>kh</u>wanjak, Coriander seed; a kind of corn.

<u>kh</u>ūnjīda, A kind of eye-salve.

غُونِكُ <u>kh</u>ūnchak, Fruit of mastic; trefoil.

board; a tray; meats sent from a marriage feast to an absent friend.

الله خونجين <u>kh</u>ūn-chīn (blood-gathering), A bituminous liquor of the consistence of wax, found in tombs wherein embalmed bodies have lain.

خون خرابه <u>kh</u>ūn-<u>kh</u>arāba, Bloody work.

كوخواره <u>kh</u>ūn-<u>kh</u>wāra, خوخواره <u>kh</u>ūn-<u>kh</u>wāra, Devouring blood, cruel, blood-thirsty, murderous, destructive.

<u>kh</u>ūn-<u>kh</u>wāh, Blood-claimer,

avenger.

خون خواهي <u>khūn-kh</u>wāhī, Thirst for revenge, blood-thirstiness.

خون خوارگی <u>kh</u>ūn-<u>kh</u>wāragī, Murder, destruction; ferocity, blood-thirstiness.

ارى <u>kh</u>ūn-<u>kh</u>wārī, Blood-shedding, blood-thirstiness; sorrow.

בענג <u>kh</u>wand, Lord, prince; sharp, brisk. <u>kh</u>ūn-dār, The slayer; the heir of

عوندكار <u>khwand-kār</u> خوندكار <u>khwand-gār</u>, The Turkish emperor; a king, lord.

אָפְעֹטֵ <u>kh</u>wandan, <u>kh</u>ūndan, To read. אָרָנְאָ <u>kh</u>ūn-rez, Blood-shedding, bloodthirsty; an executioner; an amorous glance; — <u>kh</u>ūn-rez kardan, To commit bloodshed.

<u>kh</u>ūn-rezī, Blood-shedding.

<u>kh</u>ūn-sāz, A murderer.

خَوْشُ <u>kh</u>wanish, <u>kh</u>ūnish, Reading; intercession.

خون فروش خوره غروش <u>kh</u>ūn-farosh, Who pays a small amount of blood-money.

<u>kh</u>ūn-fishūn, Blood-shedding,

عوند کار khwan-kār (for عوند کار q.v.), A title of the Grand Turk.

مُون كشيدة <u>kh</u>ūn-kashīda, One who has been bled.

خونگر <u>kh</u>wungar, A tanner, currier; a cook.

<u>kh</u>ūn-giriftar, Dull, stupid. عونگرفتار

خون المنظمة khūn-girifta, Whose blood is taken, condemned to die, at the point of death; charged with murder; bled.

<u>kh</u>ūn-garmī, Hot-bloodedness;

violent commotion of the mind.

غون گربه <u>kh</u>ūn-girya, Bloody teers. عون ناب <u>kh</u>ūn-nāb, عان ناب <u>kh</u>ūn-nāba, Pure blood.

غونده <u>kh</u>wananda (for <u>kh</u>wānanda), A reader; a singer, musician; a crier.

khūna, A rolling-pin, a roller.

مُونَى <u>khūnī</u>, Bloody; a murderer;—<u>khūnī</u> kardan, To stain with blood; to make bleed (m.c.).

منيا <u>kh</u>ūnyā, عونياكر <u>kh</u>ūnyāgar, = عونيا

.v. qq.v عنياگر

خونيان <u>kh</u>ūnyān, An assassin, cut-throat. خونيان <u>kh</u>ūnān, Bloody, bloody-coloured.

A جوية <u>kh</u>u'ūr, غوورة <u>kh</u>uwūrat, Debility.

A عووره <u>kh</u>u'ūr, موورة <u>kh</u>uwūrat, Debility.

A عوود <u>kh</u>uwūlat, The relation of a maternal uncle; (pl. of <u>kh</u>āl) maternal uncles.

** khauh, Sweat;—khoh, Tares, darnel; a sister;—khawa, Strangulation, suffocation; strangled; a servant; a narrow pass between two hills.

خوها <u>kh</u>wahā (for <u>kh</u>wāhā), Wishing. خوهانيدن <u>kh</u>wahānīdan, To cause to beg. خوهد <u>kh</u>wahad (for <u>kh</u>wāhad), He wills. خوهر <u>kh</u>wahar (for <u>kh</u>wāhar), A sister. خوهد <u>kh</u>wahish, Petition, entreaty.

غرهل <u>kh</u>ohal, <u>kh</u>wahl, Crooked, bent; a crooked-legged animal; a shoe-stretcher.

خوهلکی <u>kh</u>wahlagi, Crookedness, curvature.

غوهلة <u>kh</u>wahla, Crooked, bent.

عَوْض <u>kh</u>ühan, Oil-vendor or presser; a funnel.

غوى ه <u>kh</u>awy (v.n.), Being reduced, fallen in, or collapsed (a woman who has recently brought forth).

خوى khwai, Sweat; filth, rubbish; a sown field, a meadow, herbage just sprouting above the ground; a saddle-cloth, or dorsers below the saddle; a helmet; rust; mildew ; [khwai az baghal rawān shudan, To be ashamed; to be afflicted; -khwai awardan (bar-āwardan), To sweat; to make sweat; to make blush, to put to shame; (also construed with the verbs afshandan. chakidan, dawidan, rawan shudan, kardan, giriftan;)]—<u>kh</u>oy, Manner, custom, mode, humour, habit, nature, disposition, temper, principles; [khoyi ătishnāk, A fiery temper ;- khoy kardan (giriftan), To contract a habit ;--khoy ki ba shīr dar shawad ba jan bar-āyad, (met.) Nature does not change until death; -ahasta-khoy, Of gentle disposition; -durusht-khoy, Of a harsh disposition; - dīwāna - khoy, Crazy;] - khawī, Spittle; - khawe, A helmet.

אנט אונע <u>kh</u>wai-āwar, Producing perspiration, sudorific (m.c.).

خويت <u>kh</u>oy-at, <u>kh</u>uy-at, <u>kh</u>uy-at, Thy temper.

غوى خورد <u>kh</u>wai-chīn, خوى خورد <u>kh</u>wai-khwurd, A shirt, sock, or under waistcoat (as imbibing the sweat).

خوى خورة khwai-khward, خوى خورد khwaikhwura, A saddle-cloth, and the flaps of a saddle between the horse's sides and the legs of a rider.

يوى موى موى <u>kh</u>wai <u>kh</u>oy, Funk; shame. عويد <u>kh</u>awed, <u>kh</u>iwed, <u>kh</u>waid, A sown field; green corn, wheat or barley not yet

عبى درد khiwe-dard, A whitlow.

<u>kh</u>awedak, khwaidak, A kind of

يندن khawedan, khawidan, To chew the cud; to sell corn in the ear.

خوى زدة <u>kh</u>wai-zada, Bathed in perspiration.

khawesa, Disputing, contention.

لان المعاملة المعامل khwesh-rā sākhtan, To adorn oneself; to show oneself off; to boast; - khwesh-ra kam kardan, To make oneself scarce, i.e. to be proud; to be troubled;—bar-khwesh chīdan, To undertake what is beyond one's power; to accept, to approve of.

khweshan (pl. of khwesh), Rela-

tions.

<u>kh</u>weshawand, A kinsman. <u>kh</u>weshāwandī, Consanguinity. غويش بار <u>kh</u>wesh-bāz, Vain, frail, perishable.

يش عويش <u>kh</u>wesh-bīn, Arrogant, proud. مريشتن <u>kh</u>weshtan, Oneself; self; — <u>kh</u>weshtan-rā ārāstan, To adorn oneself; khweshtan-rā jam' kardan (gird giriftan), To restrain oneself; -khweshtan-ra zadan, To throw oneself upon, to dash against.

khweshtan-bizar, Tired of, or خويشتن بيرار

disgusted with, oneself.

<u>kh</u>weshtan-bīn, Self-important. khweshtan-bīnī, Self-importance.

بان دار <u>kh</u>weshtan-dar, Abstinent, keeping clear of evil; feeding well, loving ease, and taking care of oneself; cautious, circumspect.

دري داري <u>kh</u>weshtan-dārī, Self-preser-

vation.

<u>kh</u>weshtan-sitā'ī, Self-commendation.

<u>kh</u>weshtan-shināsī, Conceit. a عويش قرابات <u>khwesh-qurābāt</u>, Relations. khwesh-kar, A farmer, husbandman.

<u>kh</u>wesh-kām, Self-willed, obstinate.

na- نشناس) khwesh-nā-shinās عويش نا هناس shinas), Not knowing oneself, presumptuous.

<u>kh</u>wesh-numay, Vain, arrogant. khweshī, Relationship, consanguinity.

khoygar, Habits, customs, manners. khwai-gir, A saddle-cloth which imbibes the sweat; — <u>kh</u>oy-gīr, Familiar, sociable.

<u>kh</u>uwail (dim. of khāl), A little mole.

<u>khwaila, Foolish, ignorant (em-</u> ployed chiefly in abuse).

<u>kh</u>wainād, عرى الله <u>kh</u>waināh, An earth-worm.

<u>kh</u>ūyūz, A bat. خويوز

خويه <u>kh</u>oya, A shovel; an oar.

khwayidan, To sweat; to be collected; to live; - khowedan, To collect, to assemble (intr.); to live.

<u>kh</u>ah, Ridicule, derision ;—khah khah,

khahī khahī, Well done!

re khuhr, Native soil, residence, abode. ابد <u>kh</u>ahl, <u>kh</u>uhl, عبل <u>kh</u>ahla, Crooked; a last for stretching shoes.

غي <u>kh</u>ī, A bottle, skin, bag (see عيد). שליש <u>kh</u>iyābān, A parterre, flower-bed;

an avenue (m.c.).

<u>kh</u>iyābān-bandī, Trees forming an avenue; — khiyābān-bandī kardan, To plant an avenue (m.c.).

A Alex khayābat, Desperation, hopeless-

ness.

<u>kh</u>ayābīdan, To chew (probably misreading for عياييدي q.v.).

A hiyar, The citrul; a cucumber; the resemblance of a cucumber;—<u>kh</u>iyāri rīza, Gherkins.

a ميار چنبر <u>kh</u>iyār-chambar, Cassia fistu-

a عيار دان <u>kh</u>iyār-dān, A cucumber-bed; an avenue of trees.

a عيار زار <u>kh</u>iyār-zār, A cucumber-bed. a عيارية <u>kh</u>iyārza, A small cucumber; khiyarza'i sipand, Wild cucumber.

a عيار هنبر <u>kh</u>iyār-shambar, Cassia fistularis.

<u>kh</u>iyārak, A bubo (med.).

a ميارة وار <u>kh</u>iyāra-wār, Multilateral. A عياري <u>kh</u>ayārī, A kind of violet.

a عيارين <u>kh</u>iyārain (dual), The two kinds of cucumber, i.e. the cucumber and the musk-melon; their seeds (used medicinally).

khayāzana, A wife's sister. عمازنه

ا مياهيم <u>kh</u>ayāshīm (pl. of <u>kh</u>aishūm), Roots of noses.

khiyāt, A needle;—khaiyāt, A tailor.

A خياطة <u>khiyātat</u>, Art of sewing; tailoring.

<u>khayāl, khiyāl, A phantom, ghost,</u> spectre, apparition, vision; a day-dream; imagination, fancy, idea; thought, meditation, reflection; a malkin or scarecrow; name of a plant; — khayāli bāţil, A foolish imagination ;—khayāl bastan, To imagine, fancy, dream of ;—khayāli bang, Imaginations or visions produced by inebriation with bang; - khayāl pukhtan, To desire, hanker after; — <u>kh</u>ayāli <u>kh</u>ām, A vain imagination, ridiculous idea; -khayal kardan (giriftan), To imagine; to think;— khayāli maḥāl, Conception of something that cannot be realized; -az khayāl uftādan, To abandon a thought, to renounce a chimera; (the word is also construed with the verbs afshurdan, bar-angekhtan, tarāwīdan, khāstan, dīdan, raftan, sanjīdan, kashidan, yattan, &c.).

<u>kh</u>ayālāt (pl. of khayālat), Phantoms, imaginations; - khayālāti bī-ma'ná, Absurd ideas; — <u>kh</u>ayālāti lā-ṭā'il, Ill-

grounded expectations.

a اَرَا مُعَلِي <u>kh</u>ayāl-ārā, Thought-adorning. a خيال أندود <u>kh</u>ayāl-andūd, Mingled with fancy.

Playing with a خيال باز <u>kh</u>ayāl-bāz,

fancies.

a عيال بند <u>kh</u>ayāl-bāf, منه يال باك <u>kh</u>ayālband, Who builds castles in the air, a daydreamer.

a عيال بندى <u>kh</u>ayāl - bandī, Dreaming, castle-building.

a خيال پرست khayāl-parast, A bard; a visionary; a lover.

A منالة <u>kh</u>ayálat, A phantom, spectre; imagination, fancy.

a إلى ساز <u>kh</u>ayāl-sāz, = عيال ساز q.v.

a ميالستان khayālistān, and-

a عيال كدة <u>khayāl-kada</u>, A place haunted by phantoms; abounding in fancies or imaginations.

a ميالي <u>khayālī</u>, Imaginary, ideal, capricious.

A عيام <u>kh</u>iyām (pl. of <u>kh</u>aimat), Tents; khaiyam, A tent-maker; a surname of the celebrated poet and mathematician 'Umar.

t خيام الهي <u>kh</u>iyām-bāshī, Inspector-gene-

ral of tents.

مُون <u>kh</u>iyānat (v.n. of خون), Deceiving; fraud, perfidy, treachery; -khiyānat kardan, To betray.

a عيالت ييفه <u>kh</u>iyānat-pesha, Perfidious.

a خيانتگر <u>kh</u>iyānatgar, A traitor.

<u>kh</u>iyawar, Labour. خياور <u>kh</u>iyawar, Labour. بابان <u>kh</u>iyāwān, = عباوان q.v.

<u>kh</u>ayāyīdan, To chew.

ميبه <u>kh</u>aibat (v.n. of حيبه), Being disappointed, baulked, frustrated; disappointment, hopelessness, despair.

khaibar, A fort near Madina.

a خيبر متان <u>kh</u>aibar-satān, Alī (the conqueror of Khaibar).

a خيبري <u>kh</u>aibarī, A native of Khaibar.

ل عيتال <u>kh</u>ītāl, A lie ; a joke, jest, pleasantry; temperament, habit, natural constitution.

<u>khaitām</u>, A seal-ring; a seal, signet.

khech, A ploughshare.

<u>kh</u>id, Wheat or barley in the blade. خيدن khidan, To be bent or curved; to tease, to card (wool or cotton).

<u>kh</u>īda, Curved, crooked; carded.

<u>khair (v.n.), Being kind, favourable</u> to; good; better, best; goods, riches;--<u>kh</u>īr, Liberality, nobility;—<u>khaiyir</u>, A very good or religious man,

khīr, A darkness in the eye, a mote or dust playing before it; the herb ox-eye; astonished, bewildered; bare-faced, impudent, dissolute, insolent; brave; vain, useless, trifling, absurd; causeless.

hairat (pl. of khairat), Good خيرات م things; good works, charities; charitable

foundations.

<u>a خيراتي khairātī, Intended for charitable</u> purposes, given (or to be given) or received in charity.

a عر اثر <u>kh</u>air-asar, Excellent, edifying. a عير الديش <u>kh</u>air-andesh, A well-wisher.

a خير انديشي <u>kh</u>air-andeshī, Well-wishing. a عير باد khair bād, Farewell; may he prosper!

khīr buwā, Lesser cardamoms. غير بوا khairat, A good thing, anything خيرة A excellent of whatever species; good nature; a good woman ;-khirat, Election, choice.

Well-wisher; a خير خواة <u>kh</u>air-khwāh, kind.

a عير خواهي <u>kh</u>air-<u>kh</u>wāhī, Benevolence, kindness.

مير محير <u>kh</u>īr-khīr, Idle, futile words; dark; groundless; sprightly, saucy (see . (خيرة غير

مر سر <u>kh</u>īr-sar, Vain; shameless; a trifler.

a محبر کاه <u>kh</u>air-gāh, The interior (of a house).

<u>kh</u>īragī, Malevolence, malignity; obscurity, dimness; — khīragī'i chashm, Dimness of sight.

a خير مال <u>kh</u>air-ma'āl, Of a happy issue, prosperous.

a خير مقدم <u>kh</u>air-maqdam, Welcome to you! (opp. to khair-bad, which is a formula of leave-taking).

אָרָנ <u>kh</u>îrû, Ox-eye; mallow-flower.

الم <u>khīrwān</u>, The old name of Shirwan, the birthplace of the poet Khāgānī.

لاميرة khīra, Malevolent, malignant, quarrelsome, moody, contumacious, froward, perverse, obstinate, headstrong, unwilling to listen; impudent, shameless, dissolute; brave, daring; astonished, confounded; broken down, helpless; dazzled, fatigued; dark, cloudy; causeless, groundless; clear, manifest; torpid, sleeping (limb); vacant, indolent, idle; much, many; stupor, astonishment; a mote or dust playing before the eye; the herb ox-eye; -khīra kardan, To dazzle; -ba-khīra (bar-khīra), In bewilderment, confusedly.

khīra-khand, Who laughs with-

out reason.

غير خير $\underline{kh}\overline{i}ra$ - $\underline{kh}\overline{i}r$, = عبر عبر q.v.; -bar

khīra-khīr, In utter bewilderment.

مرة جشم <u>kh</u>īra-chashm, Dim-eyed; impudent;—<u>kh</u>īra-chashm raftan, To walk with half-shut eyes, careless and inattentive to surrounding objects.

<u>kh</u>īra-darāy, Simple, silly.

عبرة بست <u>khīra-dast</u>, Refractory, stubborn, headstrong; awkward, slow, unskil-

ful; unlucky.

المنظ المنظم ال

a خيرة رأى <u>khīra-rāy</u>, Of mean intelli-

gence, grovelling.

<u>kh</u>ira-ruy, Shameless. خيرة روى

خيرة سر <u>kh</u>īra-sar, Stupid, blundering; silly.

عبره حرى <u>kh</u>īra-sarī, Obstinacy; impudence.

khira-sher, Enraged. خيرة هير

ميرة كش <u>khīra-kush</u>, Fearless; tyrannical; an oppressor of the weak; one who puts to desth without a cause, or relentlessly; a beloved object.

غيرة كوش <u>kh</u>īra-kosh, Crazy; a lover

(doubtful).

غيرة چشم khira-nigāh, خيره نگاه q.v.

<u>kh</u>iragī, Treachery.

apartment on the top of a house from whence any object is viewed; red colour; mallows; name of a certain flower of which there are several species:—khīrī'i khazāmī, Red and white species, growing wild;—khīri'i khatā'ī, Black species;—khīwī'i shīrāzī (hamesha-bahār), Yellow species;—khīrī'i mirdīnī (haft-rang), Violet or sevencoloured species.

<u>A ميرية kh</u>airīyat, Welfare, safety; inte-

rest, advantage; goodness.

rese khez, Impatient, pettish; the wantonness of the female pigeou; a spring, leap; assault, shock, brunt; a wave; (in comp.) awaking, exciting; producing; rising, growing; a riser; leaping, bounding, capering.

برآب <u>khez-āb</u>, A wave, surge, billow.

ميران <u>khezān</u>, Rising, leaping; a wave; a root running far and wide;—<u>khezān-u-uftān</u>, Rising and falling, stumbling along (see التان).

באליברט <u>kh</u>ezānīdan, To cause to rise, to rouse, &c. (caus. of באונגט or באונגט).

عبر الحير khez-bi-gīr, A children's game (see عبر الحير كبر).

A والميد khaizurān, A reed, cane, rattan;

the root of the cypress; the myrtle;— <u>kh</u>aizurāni baladī, Wild myrtle.

a عيران دست <u>khaizurān</u> dast, With canelike (i.e. slender) fore-legs (horse).

a ميران دم <u>kh</u>aizurān-dum, With a reedlike tail (horse).

غير كير <u>khez-gīr</u>, Rise and catch (children's game, somewhat like blind-man's buff); a pigeon intoxicated with love.

<u>kh</u>ezanda, Rising, leaping; sliding; a boy's game of sliding from high ground;

a sledge.

<u>kh</u>īzwān, Name of a country.

خيزة گيرة <u>kh</u>eza-gīr, خيزة گيره <u>kh</u>eza-gīra, A خيزة گير children's game (see خيز گير).

خيرت <u>kh</u>ezidan, To rise, leap; to totter, slide; to go softly; to creep on all fours; —bar-khezīdan, The same meaning;—chi khezad, What good will come of it

A ميس <u>khais</u> (v.n.), Exhaling a disagreeable smell, stinking, corrupting, being putrid (carcase).

<u>kh</u>īs, A coarse linen counterpane;

imp. of حيسيدن q.v.

يساندن <u>kh</u>īsāndan, To macerate. عيسانده <u>kh</u>īsānda, A cold infusion.

خيساليدن <u>kh</u>īsānīdan, خيساليدن <u>kh</u>īsāyīdan, To cause to moisten; to mix; to creep forward (as a child).

غيسته <u>kh</u>īsta, Wounded; sick, infirm

(= خسته q.v.).

khes-khana, = khes-khana, = q.v.

يمسندة khīsinda, Moistening; a cold infusion.

<u>kh</u>īsa, A coarse coverlet or garment. وكيسيد <u>kh</u>īsīdan, To moisten, dissolve, or mix (an electuary); to knead a mass of paste with hands or feet; to chew; to start back (as a horse); to dread; to be terrified.

<u>kh</u>aish, Coarse linen cloth of an

open texture, canvas.

khesh, A sort of linen cloth; wadded, lined (garment); a yoke; a plough-share; a plough-beam; good, handsome;—kheshi misr. Egyptian linen;—buni khesh, The plough-tail or handle.

<u>kh</u>īshāwa, Land prepared for sow-

ıng.

khesh-khāna, A kind of tent constructed of reeds or linen cloth; a tent with tatties to exclude the heat; a linen shirt or shift; pure gold.

<u>kh</u>aishafūj, Cotton-seed.

<u>kh</u>aishūm, The nose.

A معيض <u>kh</u>ais (v.n.), Being few; a little, a trifle (given or received).

A had khait (v.n.), Sewing; a thread, string, twine; the spinal cord; [khaiti aswad, The blackness of night;—khaiti abyaz, The brightness of dawn;—khaiti bāṭil, Gossamer; rays of light resembling

threads, passing through crevices in window-shutters, &c.;]—<u>kħīt</u>, A herd of ostriches; a swarm of locusts.

معطه <u>khaitat</u>, <u>kh</u>aita (v.n.), Passing quickly, and at once; sewing; thread.

A skhaif (v.n.), Fearing; terror, fear; higher ground whence water flows; the declivity, the lower part of a mountain; the skin of a camel's udder; a temple on the declivity of Mount Mina near Mecca; —khayaf (v.n.), A variety in the colour of the eyes (one being blue, the other black).

<u>kh</u>īfat, Terror, fear. خيفة

<u>kh</u>aifar, Household utensils.

خيك <u>kh</u>īk, A leathern bottle, bag; a bide;

spoils of animals (as their skins).

<u>khīk-āb</u>, A leathern water-bottle. خيكم <u>khīkcha</u> (dim. of <u>khīk</u>), A small bag of Russia leather, holding about 20 English pints of water, which the Persian cavalry tie under the horse's belly or hang at his side.

يك دوز <u>kh</u>īk-doz, A stitcher of bottles.

غيكلة <u>kh</u>aikala, Name of a herb.

خد <u>kh</u>īg-āb, A leathern water-bottle. هم <u>kh</u>īgcha, A small water-bag.

لميل <u>kh</u>īl, Snot.

Lhail (v.n.), Imagining, thinking; horses; horsemen, cavalry; a tribe (esp. of horsemen).

<u>kh</u>ayulā, Arrogance, pride.

خيلان غيلان <u>kh</u>īlān (pl. of <u>kh</u>āl), Moles on the body;—<u>kh</u>ayalān (v.n. of خيل), Thinking, fancying; entertaining a vain or false notion; pride.

علانيدن <u>kh</u>ailānīdan, = علانيدن q.v. (un-

supported by examples).

a t عيلتاش <u>kh</u>ailtāsh, A fellow-soldier,

comrade; a general.

a المنافع <u>kh</u>ail-<u>kh</u>āna, An illustrious family.

غيلو <u>kh</u>īlū, Mallows.

ميلولله <u>kh</u>ailūlat (v.n. of عيلولله), Imagi-

ning, fancying.

<u>kh</u>aili-chiz, Important (m.c.).

A haim (v.n.), Lifting (the feet); fearing, acting the coward; having recourse to fraud; the recoiling of fraud on its conceiver;—khaim, khayam, khiyam (pl. of khaimat), Tents;—khīm, Nature, disposition; (in P.) a bad disposition; excrement of the eye, snot, spittle, vomit, scrapings of the intestines; pus; a wound; a large sack, woven from cotton thread; a fool, a madman.

كيمشاة <u>kh</u>īmshāh (?), Sorrow, grief (doubtful word).

<u>kh</u>īmnāk, Wounded.

a ميمة khaima, A tent, tabernacle, circu-

lar pavilion ;—khaima'i arraq, The sky ; khaima afgandan, To strike a tent; to pitch a tent (incorrectly in imitation of Indian idioms); - khaima bar-(bar pā) kardan, To pitch a tent ;- khaima bar sar andākhtan (bar-kandan), To strike a tent; -khaima ba-sahrā burdan, To be absent or invisible; to be public or exposed to view; -<u>kh</u>aima bīrūn zadan, (met.) To go abroad ; -khaima dar kharābi zadan, To be fearless or shameless; to travel; -khaima'i dimāghi saghir, Tent of cerebellum (med.); khaima'i dahr (rūḥānīyān, zangārī, kabūd), The sky; -khaima zadan, To pitch one's tent, to alight; to lead an army; to stand erect; to be vain and proud; -khaima firo hishtan, To strike a tent; -- khaima qustardan (kashīdan), To pitch a tent;--khaima kandan, To strike a tent; —khaima'i nau-rā tanābi nau mī-bāyad, A new tent requires new ropes, (met.) a new king should have new servants.

a خيمة دوز <u>kh</u>aima-doz, A tent-maker.

a ej has khaima-zan, A pitcher of tents, an officer who has the direction of encampments.

a خيمة سرا <u>kh</u>aima-sarā, The sky. a خيمة <u>kh</u>aima-gāh, A camp.

a عيمكي <u>kh</u>aimagī, An officer who directs the pitching of tents, a chamberlain; a large needle for sewing tents.

a ميمى <u>kh</u>aimī, A tent-maker.

عينا <u>kh</u>īnā, Sweet voice, song, modula-

الله <u>kh</u>īnāgar, A musician, minstrel. ينبور <u>kh</u>īnawar, The bridge across hellfire.

خينيدن <u>kh</u>īnīdan. To adorn, to decorate (doubtful word).

غيو <u>kh</u>ayū, <u>kh</u>īv, Spittle, saliva;—<u>kh</u>ayū afyandan (zadan, kardan), To spit.

ويوز = <u>kh</u>ayūz, خيوز q.v.

A خيوهاي khayoshān, Name of a city in Khurāsān.

خيوط ه <u>kh</u>uyūṭat (pl. of <u>khait)</u>, Threads, twines, strings.

khīwaq, A country in Persia.

خيوك <u>kh</u>īwak (dim. of خيو), A little spittle.

A خيول <u>kh</u>uyūl (pl. of <u>kh</u>ail), Horses; troops; tribes.

خييدَن <u>kh</u>ayidan, To chew, to gnaw (see

د

s d (pronounced as in English, and called dāli abjad, dāli ghair manqūta, or dāli muhmala, undotted dāl), The tenth letter of the Arabic-Persian alphabet, denoting 4 in arithmetic, and the fourth day in the week,

or Wednesday; also the planet Mercury in the Ephemerides, and the sign Leo in the Zodiac. It is sometimes interchangeable with , s, or j, as khāt for khād, ādar for āzar, dīzār for dīdar.

is da, The groundwork of a building.

A داه da' (v.n. of ادراه), Being sick; disease, sickness; – da'u 's-sa'lab, The fox's disease, i.e. scald, loss of hair; da'u 'lhaiya, Fish-skin disease, ichthyosis; — dā'u 's-subāt, Catalepsy; — dā'u 'l-fīl, Elephantiasis; —dā'u 'l-kalb, Hydrophobia.

الم الم الم da'b, da'ab (v.n.), Striving, exerting oneself; habit, manner; driving vio-

lently forward.

دأب dāb, Magnificence, pomp, ostentation; manifestation; abbreviation of

المان dābā (in Zand and Pāzand), Gold. داباهانتي dābāhānitan (in Zand), To laugh.

داباهانيده dābāhānīda, Laughing.

A 413 dabbat, Whatever creeps upon the earth, a reptile; a beast of burden; a saddle-horse, nag, cob; — dābbatu 'l-arz, The beast coming forth as the first sign of the coming Judgment Day, touching the believers with the staff of Moses and marking the face of the infidels with the seal of Solomon.

A אוא dābir, A follower; an arrow passing through the mark; the end or last of anything; root, origin.

مايون dābizha, A kite; a chaffinch.

dābishlīm, Name of a dynasty that reigned in Somanat (said to signify Great King in the language of India); name of a king.

اوتتن dābūnitan (in Zand and Pāzand),

To give.

اره المراجعة daparza, A swallow.

יוֹפָ אַ dātū-bar, Administering justice,

اتورة dātūra, The thorn-apple. A wils da's (v.n.), Eating.

A ماثر dasir, Dirty (garment); perishing; inattentive, negligent.

elo dāj, Darkness, obscurity; a dark

night (probably from Ar. دائي).

A cis daij, Those who go softly; companions, associates, helpers; those who let out asses, camels, &c. for hire; traders following the pilgrims.

A ماجن dājin (pl. dawājin), Tame, do-

mestic, cade (animal).

A ماجنة dājinat, A tame sheep or pigeon; an incessant gentle rain overspreading a whole country.

اچك dächak, An ear-ring.

الله dāḥat, A picture drawn to amuse children.

A ماحس dāḥis, A whitlow.

A مَا مَا الله dāḥiṣat, A false or futile argument.

داختن dākhtan, To know.

داخس dakhis, داخس dakhish, A weaken-

ing and wasting illness.

A داخل dākhil, Who or what enters, penetrates, or arrives; accruing (profit); inner, internal; the interior; an entry; -dakhili uzn, The ear-drum; — dākhil shudan, belong, to be referred to; to enter (m.c.).

a داخل خارع dākhil-khārij, Transfer or

erasure of an entry.

اعل dākhul, A king's court.

a ماعل دار dākhil-dār, An occupant.

a دفتر المائة dākhil-daftar, Placed on record; filed with the record; laid aside, postponed; struck off the file.

a ماهل نامة dākhil-nāma, A warrant or

deed of possession; a conveyance.

a هامان dākhila. Receipt for goods or

a داعلى dākhilī, Contained, belonging to. مَاعَم dākhim, Sustenance, daily bread.

داعول dākhol, A kind of seat or bench at the entrance of a palace; figures set up at the corners of fields to frighten wild beasts into the toils; a scarecrow; a king's court.

داغيدن dā<u>kh</u>īdan, To open the eyes, to stare; to separate, divide one thing from

another.

sis dad, He gave; a gift; justice, equity; redress of grievances; complaint, lamentation (under oppression); measure; a part, portion; revenge; a ringworm; life; age; a year ;—dādi bālā, Symmetry of figure ; dadi khuda, Gift of God; —dad khwastan, To demand redress;—dad dadan, To administer justice, to decide a cause; to lament, to complain; -dādi dil, Heart's desire; -- dād zadan, To shout, to raise the voice (m.c.) ;—dād satāndan, To take veugeance; -dad kardan, To do justice, decide a law-suit, adjudge;—dād u firyād kardan, To implore justice, to call aloud for vengeance; -adl u dad, Equity and justice.

Note $d\bar{a}d\bar{a}$, A female servant, particularly an old one who has attended upon anyone

from her youth; a handmaid.

ואל dādār (for dād-āwar), Distributor of justice; one of the epithets of God.

استاد استاد dād-istād, Giving and taking,

buying and selling; commerce.

ان أفرين dād-āfarīd, افرين dād-āfarīn, Name of God; name of a note in music.

الانان dādāla, The handle of the bat at the game of hockey.

نادان dādān, A title of the kings of Persia, from Kayumars to Gushtasp.

ازى مان dād-bāzī, A game played with dice.

داد بخش مان dād-ba<u>kh</u>sh, Justice-dispensing. داد خشي dād-ba<u>kh</u>shī, Dispensation of justice; --dād-bakhshī kardan, To dispense

داد بيكت dād-beg, An administrator of

justice.

داد پوس dād-purs, Demanding justice. داد پرسی dād-pursī, A demand for justice.

اد عواة dād-<u>kh</u>wāh, A petitioner for justice.

داد عواهي dād-khwāhī, Requisition of justice.

נאנ טל dād-dih, Distributing justice (name of God); the fourteenth day of the month, according to the zera of Yazdagird.

داد دهش مرق dād-dihish, Munificence ; s present.

داد دهی dad-dihī, Administration of justice,

المائع dādar, dādir, Brother, dear friend; God.

טוע, dādrād, God; a builder, carpenter (doubtful word).

داد راست dād-rāst, Just, upright.

دادر اندر مندر اندر مندر اندر مندر مندر اندر مندر dādar-andar, A brother uterine. ماه مندر من dād-ras, Administering justice;

داد رسى dād-rasī, Redress, retributive justice.

دادرند dādarand, An elder brother.

اد ستاد مراد ستاد $d\bar{a}d$ - $sit\bar{a}d$, متد ماء $d\bar{u}d$ -sitad, = ماد استاد ماء q.v.

contented and satisfied;—dād-sitān, An avenger; a king; a judicial decree.

داد سندن dād-sukhun, Appreciation of a

speech.

a داد طلع dād-ṭalab, Seeking justice. داد طلع dād-ṭarmāy, God; a just king. داد فرماى dādak, A lord chief justice;—dāduk, An old servant; an officer of justice.

اد کاه dād-gāh, A judgment-seat; a

sepulchral monument.

a superintendent of the markets, who puts a price upon provisions; name of a certain feast; God Omnipotent; a just king.

دادگری dādgarī, Administration of jus-

tice.

ال كستر ماد كستر dād-gustar, Just; God; the heart.

داد گستری dād-gustarī, Dispensation of justice.

اد کیر dād-gīr, Just; an avenger; custom.

ودائع dādan, To give; to command; to play the whore;—irshād dādan, To guide, to direct;—inzāl dādan, To receive hospitably;—taṣmām dādan, To establish firmly;—jamāl dādan, To show one's beauty;—khaṭā dādan, To commit a fault or an error;—bāz dādan, To give back, to remit; ba-adam bāz dādan, To annihilate;—ba-qalam bāz dādan, To efface, to erase;—jawāb bāz dādan, To give a reply;—bar-dādan, To give, &c. (see also رار دادي).

שיטוט dādand, An elder brother. שיטוט dādandar, A uteriue brother.

دادني dādanī, Worthy to be given; a present; place of gifts, i.e. where presents must be offered; advance of money for work or goods.

אלים $d\bar{o}d\bar{u}$. An aged servant; one who has served from his youth; a tutor; a youth.

واد و ستان dād-u-bisitad, = داد و ستاد q.v. ماد و ستان dādwar, A name of God.

sitad, Giving and taking, lending or borrowing.

نادولد dādwand, Equal, even, just.

dāda, Given, delivered; giving;—dāda āmadan, To be given;—tāb-dāda, Inflamed;—jazā-dāda, Rewarded, requited, chastised according to desert.

الان dādī, Name of a small bitter graiu; name of the twenty-fifth day of the month

according to the era of Yazdagird.

دائی فریادی dādī-faryādī, A plaintiff, a complainant.

دادیگیا، $d\bar{a}d\bar{\imath}g$, = خادیگیا q.v.

טונין dāzar, A brother; a friend; God. אוני dāzar-andar, A uterine brother.

jts dār (S. dāru), Wood; a gallows, gibbet; a beam; the roofing of a house; a tree, stake; rope-dancing; also the rope on which they perform; a die for coining money; long pepper; name of a city in Malwa, or Central India; name of God; (imp. of dāshtan, in comp.) holding, possessing, keeping; a keeper, possessor, lord, master, as peshānī-dār, Having a (bold) forehead, impudent, obstinate, &c. (see also المعالى

A is dar, A house, dwelling, mansion, habitation, inhabited place; seat; country, district; -daru ibtila, House of probation, the world; -dāru 'l-ākhirat, The next world; -dāru 'ladab, A seat of learning, university; - dāru 'l-irshād, Abode of right guidance; Ardebil; - dāru 'l-imārat, Royal residence, capital; — dāru 'lamān, House of safety; a country with which there is peace; $-d\bar{a}ru$ 'l-baqa, The everlasting abode, Paradise;—dāru 'lbawar, The abode of perdition, hell; -daru 'l-hadg, A privy ;—daru 'l-harb, An enemy's country; -dāru'l-hukūmat (hhilāfat), Royal residence, capital; -dāru 'l-khilāfati ādam (pidar), The world ;-daru 's-salam, The mansion of peace; Paradise; Baghdad; the Ottoman Porte; dāru 's-saltānat, Royal residence (Taharan, Tabriz, Kazwin, Isfahān);—dāru 'sh-shar', A court of law, a spiritual court ;-dāru 'sh-shifā, A hospital, infirmary; — dāru 'sh-shu'arā, Councilhouse ;—dāru 'sh-shu'arā millatī, National assembly, house of commons (m.c.); $-d\bar{a}ru$

'z-zarb, The mint; —dāru 'z-zaif, A hospice; —dāru 'l-'ibādat, Abode of worship; Yazd; -dāru 'l-'adālat, Court or hall of justice; -dāru 'l-'ilm, College, school, university; -daru 'l-'iwaz, Abode of retribution; dāru 'l-'iyār, Assay office; —dāru 'l-fanā, The perishable abode, the world;—daru 'l*funūn*, College of science, university; dāru 'l-qarār, House of permanency, mansion of rest; a burial-ground; the grave; —dāru 'l-qazā, Judgment-seat, tribunal of justice;—dāru 'l-kutub, A library;—dāru 'l-qimār, A gambling-hell; -dāru 'l-maraz, A hospital; -dāru 'l-mukāfat, The abode of retaliation, the world;—dāru 'l-mulk, A capital; —dāru 'n-nishāt, Ourmia; — dāri sipanj (sipanjī), The vile world;—dāri surūr, Abode of joy, paradise; Tiflis; dari shash-dar, The house with six doors, the world; -dari ghurur, House of delusion; the world; $-d\bar{a}ri$ fanā, The perishable world; $-d\bar{a}r$ u dasta, House and family; -ad- $d\bar{a}r\bar{a}n$ ($d\bar{a}rain$), The present and future life.

טול dārā, Holding fast; a possessor; God; Darius, son of Dārāb; the Darii, kings of Persia; a sovereign; lees, sediment; -dārā'i khirman, The owner of the erops (opp. to the gleaner); $-d\bar{a}r\bar{a}'i r\bar{u}m$, Alexander the Great; -dara'i shu'un, A holder of honours and dignities; -dārā'i gūna, Lord of the species.

ابان dārāb, Pomp, pride; the noise of combatants; a supporter, protector, preserver; name of the eldest daughter of Bahman; name of the eighth king of the Kayānian dynasty; in the dialect of Gîlan

.v.p داربر =

داراب گرد dārāb-gird, Name of a city founded by Darab.

دارات dārāt, Magnificence, pomp, state. داراد dārād, May he keep or maintain; a name of God

دارادار کردن dār-ā-dār kardan, To abide, be firm, fixed, permanent; -dār-ā-dār namūdan, To delay, defer, put off.
مارا هكن dārā-shikan, Overthrower of

Dara (applied to Sikandar).

أهكنة dārāshkana, A sublimate for the refining of gold made in Isfahān; -dārāshkana'i farangi, Sublimate manufactured in

دارا هکوه dārā-shukoh, Powerful or ma-

jestic as Dārā.

دار آفرين dār-āfrīn, دار آفرين dār-afzīn, Anything upon which one leans; a screen, lattice; name of a drug; a person in whom one reposes confidence; an epithet of God; a raised bench, a sofa.

داراليدي dārānīdan, To cause to hold.

قاراى dārāy, A keeper, a supporter;

God; lord of the species; a king.

دارائي dārā'ī, Belonging to Darius; sovereignty; a red silken stuff (when waved, $\underline{kh}\bar{a}r\bar{a}$); $-d\bar{a}r\bar{a}'\bar{\imath}$ shab and ar roz, A delicate kind of material.

ار با dār-bā, Necessary, needful.

ار باز dār-bāz, A rope-dancer.

נוֹלְ אָם dār-bām, The principal beam for the support of a roof.

א און א dār-bur, A woodpecker.

אין אינט dār-bazīn, A screen or latticework in front of a door; a thing on which one leans.

دار بست dār-bast, A vine-trellis; a scaffold, platform, stage.

دار بوی dār-bāy, Odoriferous wood, aloes. دار نال طقة dār-bahāl, Logwood (see دار نال of which it is probably a misreading).

دار پرنيان dār-parniyān, Brazil-wood. ار پره dar-para, کار پره dar-pazha, A lin-

net, a goldfinch.

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A مارة dārat, A house; a halo round the moon.

دارتو dârtū, Tartar (the acid).

ار جوب dār-chob, dār-chūb, A threelegged piece of wood on which they hang clothes, a clothes-horse.

دار چیتی dār-chīnī, Cinnamon. دار چیتی dār-khāl, A branch, sucker, sap-

ling; a tree not grafted.

ارد dard, darad, A name of God;dārad, He holds, has, is possessed of;dārad adīmi bī-karān, He is infinitely merciful.

נו, טון צרט dār-dār kardan, To remain firm.

ວ່າວາໄວ dārdān, A nursery-ground.

دار دست dār-dast, Nightshade.

دار زرد dār-zard, Turmeric.

دار سنب dār-sumb, A wimble, gimlet; a woodpecker.

دارسنج dar-sanj, The world.

ارش dārish, Retention, custody, guardianship, protection.

دارش ه dārish, A black hide or leather. دار هیشعان dār-shīsha'ān, دار هیشعان dārshī'an, The aromatic bark of a prickly tree; spikenard.

دار فرين dār-farīn, A platform on which they place cushions to sit on, particularly

at shop-doors.

دار طفل dār-filfil, Long pepper.

el, کدو dar-kadu, A post from which they suspend gourds of gold or silver as marks and prizes for archers, who shoot riding at full speed.

دار كوب dār-kob, A woodpecker. داو كيسه dār-kīsa, A follicle, a pod.

داركل dar-gul, A kind of embroidery. دار گوش dār gosh, Preserve, take care of. دار گير dār-gīr, Hold (and) take; tumult,

bustle, conflict; dint of battle; pomp, pride; dominion.

dārim, One who goes with short steps; name of the father of a tribe; name of a tree.

الر مدار dār-madār, Adjustment of a dispute; reconciliation; agreement, compact; protection, safeguard.

darmak, A kind of fragrant grass.

دار موش dār-mūsh, Arsenic.

دارندگی dārandagi, Possession, tenure, holding; firmness.

אונעם dāranda, Having, holding; keeper, possessor; a bearer, carrier, messenger;—dāranda'i farmāni 'ālī-shān, Bearer or messenger of the king's orders;—dāranda-gāni maktūb, Letter-carriers.

دارنگ dāring, A butcher's tray.

دار نوك dār-namak, A woodpecker (in the dialect of Shīrāz).

دار نبال dār-nihāl, Logwood.

يارني dārinī, Name of a place in India

abounding in idol-temples.

دارر dārū, A medicine, drug; remedy; oxymel, a preparation of vinegar and honey; spirituous liquors; gunpowder; an inferior order of priests (amongst the fireworshippers); -- dārū zadan, To make up a medicine; — dūrū kardan, To apply a remedy; to cure; —dārāyi bunduq, Gunpowder; - dārūyi bīhosh, A maddening draught; —dārūyi jam'i amrāz, A panacea;—dārūyi chashm, An eye-salve, collyrium; -darāyi rekhtanī, An injection, clyster; — dārāyi degi shikasta, A composition of sand and blood for mending broken pots and pans;--dārūyi garm, Hot spices, cloves, cinnamon; -darūyi mastī, An inebriant; -darūyi hosh-bar, Any drug that acts upon the mind, especially that brings on madness.

مَّار وبرد dār-u-bard, Power, strength, dominion; pomp, pride, strut; battle, conflict.

دار و بکش dār-u-bikush, Dint of battle. هار د عاله dārū-khāna, A chemist's shop, a dispensary.

וון טון dārū-dār, A foolish talker; one

who doubles his stakes at play.

داردان dārūdān, A medicine-chest. مارودان dārū-shināsī, Pharmacy. ماروهاي dāroghagī, A superintendency.

Mylu dārogha, Head man of an office, prefect of a town or village, overseer, or superintendent of any department.

dārū-farosh, A vendor of medi-

cines, apothecary, pharmacopolist.

دار فروهي dārū-faroshī, Trade of an apothecary.

دارو كدة dārū-kada, A chemist's shop, a

dispensary.

ار کنده dārū-kunanda, A medical man. خارو کنده dārū-kob, One who brays medicines in a mortar; a mortar in which drugs are pounded;—dār-u-kob (hold and beat), Pomp and pride.

ال كله dārū-galla, Kamala (Mallotus

philippensis).

دار وگير $d\bar{a}r$ -u- $g\bar{i}r$, = دار وگير q.v. دار مدار $d\bar{a}r$ -u- $mad\bar{a}r$, = دار مدار q.v.;—

dār-u-madār kardan, To make a compact, &c.

وري dārwan, The common elm-tree.

مَارَة dāra, A scythe, sickle; a circle; a halo round the moon; a stipend, salary.

اريش dārwīsh, A flag, a standard (un-

supported by examples).

intendent of the public granaries; a court, palace; a bell in the Christian churches in the East, for summoning the people to worship; a certain measure of wheat.

A dārīy, One who keeps close at home; one who knows; belonging to the town of Dārīn, whither musk is brought from India; hence musk brought from Dārīn; a seller of such musk, and of perfumes in general.

A בּוֹלְנֵיט dārain (obl. case of the dual of dār), The present and future life;—dārīn, Name of a sea-port in Bahrain (see the

preceding article).

ال عرائي dār-yūnān, Name of a medicine. المن dās, Beards (of corn); bones (of fish); a plasterer; plaster; a plastered wall; a building.

dāz-ār, داز آر dāz-ar, A builder; an

epithet of God.

ازارو dāzārv, An epithet of God.

قَرَانَ dāza, A perch, hen-roost; a word. مَانَ dāzh, Sweepings, especially those of a barn.

دامن dās, A sickle, reaping-hook; a long-handled bill, used as a weapon of war; destruction; potter's earth; a beard of corn; a fish-bone; a noose, toil, snare; rue; a pot, pan;—dāsi raz, A vine-dresser's hook;—dāsi zarīn, The new moon;—dās-u-dalūs, Broken in pieces, destroyed; foolish, base; prunings, trifles, rubbish.

المان طَعَهُمْ المان dastār, A crier, broker. داستان dāstān, History; a theme, fable, romance, tale, story, news; notoriety; snares, ambush;—dāstān afyandan (pardākhtan, zadan), To narrate, to commemorate; to tell a story; to talk of;—dāstān, zadan, (also) To count upon;—dāstān kardan, To make (one) renowned, to sing one's praises.

ما منافقات المنافع dāstkhāla, كالمناف dāstkhāla, كالمناف dāstkhāla, كالمناف dāskhāla, A small sickle, pruning, or weeding-hook; a lopping instrument; a hooked stick for pulling

down branches; a mistress.

داس درو dās-dirav, A sickle; harvest. مالك طَهُ مَا مُعَالَمُ مَا مُعَالَمُ مَا مُعَالَمُ مَا مُعَالَمُ مَا مُعَالَمُ مَا مُعَالَمُ مُعَالَمُ مَا مُعَالَمُ مُعَالَمُ مَا مُعَالَمُ مُعَالَمُ مُعَالِمُ مُعَلِمُ مُعَالِمُ مُعَلِمُ مُعَلِمُ مُعَلِمُ مُعَالِمُ مُعَلِمُ مُعَلِمُ مُعَالِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعَالِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعِمِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعِمِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعِمِعُ مُعِلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعِلِمُ مُعِم

داسة dāsa, A sickle; a beard of corn.

ماهی dāsh, A potter's furnace; a repository for ashes; a present; (added to a noun) a companion, as khwāja-dāsh, A fellow-servant;—sabaq-dāsh, A school-fellow (see

داهاب dāshāb, A present, free gift.

الماد dāshād, A donative: remuneration, amends; a kiln; cheerfulness, glee; an

apothecary, perfumer.

ماهت dāsht, He had, he held; a bringing up, breeding, taking care of, patronage; the grooming of a horse; service; a potter's furnace; a present; -dāshti nekū

yāfta, Well-groomed (horse).

اهتى dāshtan, To have; to hold; to possess; to profess, maintain; to consider (with two accusatives);—barābar dāshtan, To hold equal to ;—bar an dashtan, To lead one (to do a thing, to act in a certain manner), to instigate; bar pay dashtan, To erect, to place upright; -ba-ranj dāshtan, To find troublesome, to consider a nuisance.

داهته dāshta, Had, holden; old, worn out ;—dushmane dāshta shudan, To be held

in abhorrence.

داهغال راهنار dāsh-khār, dāsh-khāl,

dāsh-khwār, Dross of iron.

اهن dāshan, A present, free gift; wages, recompence; a largess in money or clothing distributed amongst the poor by the ancient kings of Persia on certain days of public rejoicing.

A Landa'z (v.n.), Suffocating, strangling;

filling (a bottle).

اعی dā'ī, Who or what invites or stimulates (others) to anything; who prays for, invokes a blessing upon; the Muezzin who calls to prayers: Muhammad (as caller to the faith).

A held da'iyat, The neighing of a warhorse; petition, desire; milk remaining in the udder and drawing forth a fresh flow

of milk.

داغ dāgh, A mark; scar, spot, freckle; a blemish; cautery; a spot upon a garment, iron-mould; a conceit repeatedly impressed by a poet; the name of a poet mentioned at the end of a ghazal or quoida; (for T. a mountain ;—dāghi āb, A water-mark in a book ; - dagh bar-chidan (bar-ham chidan), To mark by branding; -dagh bar dast sokhtan, To tattoo the hand (as a lovetoken, see daghi kaghiz below);—dagh burdan, To efface or obliterate a mark;dāgh bar rū'i yakh nihādan (māndan), To try to annoy or injure without producing an effect; -daghi balandan, A mark made upon the forehead by frequent prostra-tions; — dāghi panja, A mark branded upon the royal horses (particularly of the Safawi dynasty), so called in allusion to the five saintly persons, Muhammad, Ali, Fatimuh, Hasan, and Husain; —dāgh dāshtan, To bear a mark; to afflict sorely (followed by the accusative);—dagh raftan, The mark disappears, is obliterated;dāgh rekhtan, To mark or brand;—dāghi zinda, A wound still bleeding (said if a person has just died, and a near relative of his is at death's door); a fontanel;dāgh sākhtan, To mark or brand;—dāgh sākhtan āb, To dip heated iron, gold or a stone repeatedly into water, which thereby is supposed to become a tonic for the stomach; -dagh shudan, To be scarred; to acquire celebrity; to be old and worn;— dagh shudani ab, The undergoing of the described process by water ;—dāgh shustan, To remove or obliterate a mark, &c.;dāghi ghulāmī, A mark branded on a runaway slave after his re-capture; — dāghi fatīla'ī, Moxa (med.);—dāqhī fisq, A stigma of wickedness; depravity, ignominy; dāghi qassār (qassārān, gāzurān), A mark made on linen sent to be bleached, that it may not be changed; an indelible mark;dāghi kāghiz, A tattoo burned with blue paper into the hand of a lover; -dagh kardan, To cauterise; — dāghi giriftan, To efface a mark ;—dāghi nukhūd, A fontanel (The word is, moreover, construed (med.).with the verbs afgandan, bastan, chaspidan, chidan, dadan, dokhtan, sokhtan, kashidan, guzāshtan, in the sense of "imposing a mark," "branding," the passive of which is formed with uftadan and nishastan.)

tolj to dagh-bar-rukh-zada, Born

with the stigma of servility.

a) it is dagh bar rû, Mark of servitude. branded; a slave; blemished, vitiated, perverse; —dāgh-dār kardan, To vitiate.

Jo Els dagh-dil, Heart-sore, broken-

hearted.

נאַג dāgh-dīda, Marked, spotted,

spoiled.

المستان dāghistān, A country thus named on account of its being very moun-

اعسر dāgh-sar, Bald; name of a sweetly-

singing bird; a cock-sparrow.

اعگاه dāgh-gāh, A patent-office; a terrace or mound to sit and converse on; a custom-house; a tribunal.

dagh-gar, Who marks or brands. ಟ ಕಿಸಿ dagh-nih, Shaming, diagracing,

branding.

اعول daghol, A cheat, knave, impostor. داغولى dāgholī, Knavery, fraud, impos-

ture; bastardy; name of a spy.

اغى dāghī, Spotted, stained;—dāghī shudan, To bear a mark; to acquire notoriety; to wax old, wear out.

داهينة daghina, Old, used, worn out; the hot iron with which they perform the cautery.

A Mile daffat, An army gradually approaching the enemy.

A مانع daff', One who drives back, averts,

or hinders; a protector.

a sails $d\bar{a}f^{i}a$ (fem. of the preceding), Repelling; -qūwati dāfi'a, Repelling power; power of expulsion.

الله الله dāfiq, (Water) poured out.

Jis dal, A large black eagle; a huge fish (doubtful); thick and fat; (for $d\bar{a}r$) wood (in some compounds, as $d\bar{a}l$ -parniy $\bar{a}n$, &c.); (for dar, imp. of dashtan) hold; dali minufar, One of the twenty-one chapters composing the Zand.

A مثل da'l (v n.), Going slow; a wolf; a weasel; -dall, Who or what indicates, points out, directs, shows, signifies, denotes, or implies; significant, indicatory,

expressive.

બર્માં dālāba, (Pickets) on guard.

دالان dálān, كالان dálāna, A hall, vestibule; a covered way; a corridor (m.c.).

البرة dālbura, and-

دالبؤة ,dālbuza دالبؤة dālbuzha, A yellowhammer (a small bird).

ال بوزة dāl-būza, A kind دال بوزة of swallow.

دال پرنيان dāl parniyān, Brazilian wood. دال پره dāl-para, A chaffinch.

رال پوژه dāl-pūz, الى يوره dāl-pūza, كال يوژه dāl-pūzha, يوره وزال بوز q.v. الى dāl-<u>kh</u>āl, A shrub transplanted.

a درم مال دوم dāl-daum, A dwarf palm-tree

(see Á. درم).

A كان dālif, Heavy-laden, going slow.

دال من dāl-man, A black eagle.

ال بوز q.v. دال بوز q.v. مال طقاء, An eagle (unsupported by

examples).

א אולט dālī, A basket; a basket of fruit; a present of fruit, sweetmeats, &c.

المِرة dālīza, داليژ dālīzh, The grey par-

tridge; a sparrów. دالبوزq.v. دالبوز $dar{a}l$ -yoza, دالبوزه q.v.

مَام dam (S. damā, daman), A snare, trap, gin, or net; (met.) vanities and deceptions of the world, worldly illusions; (opp. to dad, and related to S. dam "to tame") every kind of quadruped that is not rapacious, a deer, roe, gazelle; anything creeping or winged, an insect; -dam andakhtan (chīdan, dāshtan, sadan, kashīdan, nihādan), To spread a net; —dām bāftan, To make a net; -dam bar-ham chidan, To gather up the net; -dāmi dāhūl, A complete hunting apparatus, with nets, &c.; —dāmi 'ankabūt, The spider's web; —dām gashtan, To spread a net; to cheat, gull; to escape from a snare; —dam gusistan, To break (through) a net; -- dāmi mushkīn, The locks of a mistress; -ba-dām āmadan (shudan), To fall into a net, to be ensuared.

א כוֹח dām, A small coin; the fortieth

part of a rupee.

A plo dāma, (in prayer) May it endure for ever! in such phrases as dāma daulatu-hu, May his fortune or empire continue;—dāma zillu-hu (hum), May his (their) shadow, i.e. prosperity, never vanish; -dama mulku-hu, May his kingdom be everlasting.

A alala da'mā', dāmmā', The hole of a shrew; earth scraped out of it; the sea.

alaw; husband of the king's sister; a near ally; a wooer, a lover; —dāmād shudan, To marry.

دامادي dāmādī, Affinity, the relation of a son-in-law; a wedding feast; - damadī kardan, To contract an alliance, to marry.

ال dāmāl, Household furniture.

امان dāmān, Skirt, hem; foot of a mountain.

A chis dāmān, Name of a place in 'Irāq noted for its apples.

داماليدن dāmānīdan, To cause to ventilate.

dāmbāk, Name of a king, who, according to Eastern belief, reigned over the ante-Adamites, beings supposed to have had flat heads, for which reason they are called by the Persians نيم سر q.v.

المع الم dāmikh, Temperate (night). المع الم الم dām-dār, Who spreads a net, sets up a snare, &c.; a fisherman, a fowler, &c.

دامدارى dām-dārī, The laying of nets; a branch of revenue arising from birdcatchers, players, and musicians.

دام دنور dām dunor, Lady-in-waiting

(m.c. from Fr. dame d'honneur).

دامساز dām-sāz, Setting up

a وازان dām-tirāzān, Hunters, fowlers; contrivers, schemers; cheats, knaves, impostors.

A عمان dāmi', Shedding tears, tearful.

A deals dami'at, (A wound or fracture in the skull) letting blood flow (if the blood only appear or drop, the wound is then called dāmiyat).

نامغان dāmaghān, Name of the metropolis of a province of Persia called Qums.

ا مامعة dāmighat, A wound in the head penetrating the brain.

دامغول dām-ghol, Scrofulous humour; swelling in the glands, wen; a sylvan demon.

دامك $d\bar{a}mak$ (dim. of $d\bar{a}m$), A rabbit, hare, or any small animal not carnivorous; a sort of veil for the head.

دام کشی dām-kashī, The spreading of a net; cheating, gulling; escape from a

دام كندة dām-kanda, (Having broken, and hence) escaped from the net.

المكاة dām-gāh, A place where nets are laid; (met.) the world, also called damgāhi

<u>kh</u>irad (dev, sutūr, gurg).

امن dāman, A skirt, tail, hem, border; the sheet (of a sail on ship-board); the foot or skirt of a mountain; —dāman az badī nigāh dāshtan, To abstain from evil; -dāman afshāndan, To be far from; to abandon, to forsake; -- dāman afshurdan, To fasten or tighten the skirt; -- dāmani

alūda, (met.) Sin, crime;—dāmani bāghe giriftan, (met.) To court retirement;daman bala zadan, To tuck up the skirt (preparatory to riding or working); dāman ba-dandān kardan (giriftan), To humble oneself; to be weak; to flee;—dāman bar ātish (akhgar) zadan. To fan up a fire with the skirt;—dāman bar-afshāndan, To travel, to migrate; to abandon, turn away from ;—dāman bar chirāgh afshandan (zudan), To extinguish the candle; —dāman bar chirā<u>ah</u> poshīdan, To protect the candle from the wind by holding one's skirt before it; -dāman bar-chīdan, To gather up the skirt; (met.) to oppose; to shun; -dāman bar-zadan, To prepare for work; -dāman bar zamīn kashīdan, To trail the skirt, to walk pompously; —dāman bar kamar pechidan (zadan, sakht kardan), dāman bar miyan zadan (muhkam kardan, girih kardan), To tuck up the skirt;—dāman bastan, To fasten or tighten the skirt; —dāmani pāk, Blameless conduct; purity of manners; -damani pusht, The train of a garment or robe (m.c.); -dāmani pahlūdār, An ample skirt; -dāmani tar, (met.) Sin, crime; -dāman jam' kardan, To gather the skirt; -dāman chāk būdani dukhtar, The marriage of a daughter; damani khushk, Purity of manners, chastity, piety (= dāmani pāk, and opp. to dāmani tar, q.v.; this is the interpretation of the Bahari 'ajam, whilst Burhani qāti' has "want of probity and piety," probably a misreading of عدم صدر for المعاملة والله و kase bastan (girih bastan), To join in a work, to help each other; -daman khwurdani shu'la, The fire blazes up by being fanned with the skirt ;—dāmani khwurshed, The fourth heaven; the light of the sun; -dāmani khaima bālā zadan, To lift the tent-flap; —dāman dar pāy uftādan, To be disturbed and run away; - dāman darchidan, To draw in the skirt, (met.) to relinquish; -dāman dar-rekhtan, To dis-grace; -dāmani dir' chāk kardan, To prepure for a ride; —dāman dar-kashīdan, To draw in the skirt, to turn away from, shun, quit, avoid; -dāman dar kamar kunjēdan, To tuck up the skirt; $-d\bar{a}man\ dar\ miy\bar{a}n$ kardan, To tuck up the garments, to prepare to do anything ;—dāman kīri pā kashīdan, To spread one's skirt under another's feet;—dāmani shab, The second half of the night; -dāman shikastan, To prepare for work; -dāmani fulān firākh (kushāda) ast, (met.) Such a one excels by liberality; dāmani kase giriftan, To prevent one from going (by taking hold of his skirt); $-d\bar{a}$. mani kuh, The skirt of a mountain; -daman gushadan, To loosen the skirt;—dāman namāzī kardan, To clean the skirt from any defilement; -dāmani himmat bar miyān

bar-zadan, To undertake something difficult or important; -ba-daman rekhtan (firorekhtan, kardan), To place in the skirt.

دامن بدندان dāman-ba-dandān, Humble;

a fugitive.

دامن بوس dāman-bos, Kissing the skirt. دامن دار dāman-dār, Wide (cloth); skirted.

داسي دراز dāman-dirāz, Silly; who acts

foolishly.

دامن در زير پا dāman-dar-siri pā, Troubled,

perplexed.

dāman-suwār, A child playing داس سوار at riding on horseback.

دامن فشان dāman-fishān, Shunning, for-

saking (unsupported by examples).

دامن کشان dāman-kashān, Sweeping the ground proudly; withdrawing the skirt.

دامن گير dāman-gīr, Seizing the skirt, i.e. attaching oneself to a patron; supplicating justice; silencing, quieting; a refuser, denier.

دامن گیری dāman-gīrī, Attachment, friendship; an applying for justice, arraign-

داس نشان dāman-nishān, (met.) A der-

vish; a poor man.

دامنه dāmana, A skirt, &c. (= مامنه q.v.);—dāmana'i zīn, A saddle-flap, a stirrup-leather.

دامني dāmanī, As much as a skirt can hold, a skirtful; a woman's veil or mantle; a scrap of the shroud kept by the relations of the deceased; a saddle-cloth, furniture, housings; an ornament worn on the forehead.

المرد dāmūd, The forgiveness of a fault. اموز dāmwaz, A mattock or snow-shovel زاموز a kind of basket carried on the shoulders by a pole passed through two handles, for removing dung.

قاموغ dāmūgh, Complaint, cry for help. دامي dāmī, A sportsman, hunter, fowler. dām-yār, A huntsman; a fisher's

net.

a دامية dāmiyat, A contusion or wound on the head, in which the blood appears, but does not flow.

واميدا dāmidan, To fan, ventilate, winnow (grain); to carry away (as wind the dust); to mix boiling liquor that it may not overflow; to appear, become known; to be equal to a thing; to mount; to tear up, to uproot.

ان dan, (for dana) Grain; (an affix denoting) what holds or contains anything; (imper. of danistan) know thou; (in

comp.) knowing, intelligent.

blo dānā, Learned; a learned man; a name of God; -dānā'i īrān, The wise man. of Iran, i.e. Jamasb, the astrologer; dānā'i rūm, The wise man of Greece, i.e. Plato; —dānā'i tūs. An epithet of Firdausī and of Khwāja Nasīr.

dānātari, Superior wisdom. ال دل dānā-dil, Wise-hearted.

A Jule danag, The sixth part of a dram, or two carats; also a small silver coin; dāniq, Lean (a camel); abject, contemptible; foolish; thievish, a thief.

داناليدي dānānīdan, To inform.

נוטאַט dānāyān (pl. of dānā), Men of wisdom; sages.

אוטשט dānāyāna, Learnedly; learned.

دانائي dānā'ī, Learning, knowledge, wisdom; dana'iyi zaid, The wisdom of Zaid, i.e. of any wise-acre; a commonplace, a truism.

a gils dănaj (for P. dāna), Grain;— dănaji abruwaj, Seeds of marsh-mallow; dānaji wabar, Name of a bitter yellow seed.

ان dānja, كان dānzha, A lentil. who danad, It is possible; he is able. dānist, Knowledge; opinion.

دانستگی dānistagi, Knowledge.

دانستن danistan, To know; to be able to ; to acknowledge; to consider, to regard; to command, govern, fill a place.

دانسته dānista, known; having known; wittingly; -danista shudan, To become

نش dānish, Science, knowledge, learning; excellence; dānishi āshkār-bīnishī, Divine omniscience; -ahli danish, A man of letters, a learned man; learned.

الش ارا dānish-ārā, Knowledge-embel-

lishing; adorned with knowledge.

dānish-afkā, Knowledge-increas-

dānish-amoz, Who teaches (or learns) wisdom.

dānish-bisech, Bent on acquiring wisdom.

دانش بهر dānish-bahr, Endowed with wisdom.

s danish-pazir, Fond of knowledge.

دانش پرور ,dānish-parast دانش پروت dānishparwar, Fostering science.

dānish-pizhāh, Seeking knowledge.

dānish-panāh, Asylum of wis-

danish-khwar, Fed on wisdom, دانش عور learned, wise.

انش سار dānish-sār, Name of a book written by the Pishdadian king Minuchihr;

danish-kada, A place where wisdom abounds.

دانش كوتاة dānish-kotāh, Short-witted.

danishmand, دانشگر Learned, skilful, scientific, wise, intelligent.

dānishmandī, Wisdom, sense. دانش نامة dānish-nāma, Book of wisdom. الشور dānishwar, A learned man.

dānishwarī, Wisdom, learning.

الشومند dānishūmand, Wise, learned. danishe, A learned or wise man; the wise, the learned.

انى danaq, = دانى q.v.

الك dānak, A small grain ;—dānk, خانك danug, dang, The fourth part of a dram; a sixth of anything; - danuk, دانک danug, A particular kind of food sent by the parents of an infant, upon the first appearance of its teeth, round to the houses of their friends and relations; (in the dialect of Deccau) the owner of large quadrupeds.

الكاني dāngāna, A contribution made by travellers or others for their common expenses; necessaries, implements, house-

hold furniture; ingredients.

دانگو dāngū, A kind of grain; a kind of pottage made of seven sorts of grain or pulse (see āsh 'āshūra [or āsh 'āshūr, as should be added] under (أهن).

دانندگی dänindagī, Knowledge.

daninda, Knowing, wise; he who knows; -daninda'i ma'qul, An original or natural genius; -- dāninda'i mangūl, A copyist.

دانوب danab, The river Danube (m.c.

from Fr. or E.).

dānūsh, Name of the person who sold 'Azrā, the mistress of Wamik; a kid-

napper,

نائه dāna, Grain ; a berry ; stone of fruit, seed of grain or fruit; a pimple; grain or bait scattered for catching birds; a cannon-ball; knowledge, science, learning; learned; — dāna afshāndan (afgandan, pāshīdan, rekhtan), To scatter grain; —dāna'i angūr, A grape, grape-stone;—dāna āwardan, To bring forth grain, to go to seed :- dāna bar-chīdan, To pick up grain; -dana bastan, To form the stone (as a grape);—dāna bastan (dar) khosha, To go to seed; -dana'i dur, A single pearl; dāna dar khāk kardan (nishastan), To plant, to sow; -dāna'i dil, The heart's core; original sin; -dāna'i sabz, Seed of the pine; -dana'i sir, A clove of garlic; dāna'i 'amalī, Artificial pearls; —dāna kardan, To scatter : -dāna kashīdan, To scatter grain (for catching birds); - dāna'i wabar, = dānaj-wabar, q.v. under الله بالعالمة العالمة dāna'i hīl, A cardamum seed; — sih dāna. Three grains, three pieces.

انه دار dāna-dār, Granulated; of a granulated appearance; containing grain.

المادة في الماد a nursery-ground; also-

نانه مانه dāna-dāna, Scattered, dispersed;

by grains; -dana dana shudan, To be scattered piecemeal. ن الله الله dāna-zan, A sort of juggler.

دانه سمور dāna-samūr, کانه سمور dāna-kesh, A kind of embroidered neck-cloth, worn in cold weather over the cloak.

نانه فشان dāna-fishān, A sower of grains.

ฟร ฟร dāna-gāna, Necessaries, furniture, worldly goods.

مانی ه dānī, Approaching; near, within

reach; low, vile.

A كاليال dāniyāl, Daniel.

دانيدي dānīdan, To know; to roll round, to revolve (doubtful word).

داليزة dānīza, داليزة dānīzha, A lentil.

دار dāv, A wheel; a reel; expense, disbursement; a stroke or move at play; the prize in archery; a stratum of a wall; a mud wall; a claim; pretention, arrogance; abuse; increasing a stake at play, which being restricted to eight times at two at a time after the first, limits the ninth or highest stake to seventeen; — dav zadan (kardan), To make a move (at play); dav yaftan, To come out nicely (a picture): -dāv na-yāftan, To sit ill, to be motionless (as a painting or embroidery).

▲ solo dāwud, David.

a عامدي dāwudī, Name of a shrub which bears a flower like a camomile; a kind of

داور dāwar (for dādwar), God; a just prince, governor, regent, ruler, judge, administrator, or arbiter; remedy; medicine; an opponent, adversary; name of a country; -dawari asman, Lord of heaven, God; -dāwari a'zam, God, the Supreme Judge; dawari dauran, Monarch of the world; - sultani dawar. The reigning

داوردان dāwardān, A village near Wāsit. داورستان dāwaristān, A judgment-hall, a

tribunal.

داري dāwarī, Empire, sovereignty, dominion; administration of justice; sentence of a judge; litigation; quarrel, dispute; a complaint made before a judge; dāwarī andākhtan (dāshtan, kardan), To judge, to exercise jurisdiction; — dāwarī khwurdan, To submit to judgment, to suffer punishment; — dāwarī giriftan, To assume a jurisdiction.

داوري عاله dāwarī-khāna, A tribunal,

court of justice, judgment-hall.

داوري کاه dāwarī-gāh, A battle-field; a tribunal.

A عبرات dāwūd, David.

ماروني ه dāwūdī, David-like; — durū'i dāwūdīya, Coats of mail such as were manufactured by David.

داوزار dāvsār, A constructor, builder (unsupported by examples and doubtful).

ية مرار = ,dav-hazar دار هرار و وار which it appears to be a misreading.

a બાડ dāwīya, Knights Templars.

a No dah, Ten; base, ignoble, cowardly, worthless, degenerate; a maid-servant; any servant; a depraved boy; a forward, immodest woman; an old man; a beggar; service, attendance; — dāhi kharābāt, A tavern beggar; — dāhi 'arab, Living in abject condition (proverbial); -dahi firdshi, A kept mistress.

tals dāhā, Caverns, mountain hollows.

اهل dāhil, dāhul, A buck-stell; figures set up at the corners of fields to frighten beasts into toils; a scare-crow.

dāhim, A crown or diadem set with

geme; a throne; a royal pavilion.

اهول ما المرام

with gems; = داهل q.v. ماهي dāhī, Ingenious, penetrating; sly,

cunning, shrewd; calamitous.

ماهيه dāhiyat, Danger; accident, misfortune, calamity.

اهيم dāhīm, Plumaged diadem; domi-

دای dây, A stratum of a mud wall; the foundation of a building.

ד פוט dāy, Maternal uncle.

داياليدن dāyānīdan, To cause to know.

الم المراكب الم da'ir, Who or what revolves; who or what forms a circle, or encircles; round; -dā'ir shudan, To depend upon, belong or relate to; — dā'ir kardan, To transfer

A 8,373 dā'irat, A circle, circumference, circuit, periphery, compass, orbit, cycle; a camp; a tambourine; a monastery; -da'ira'i daur (daurān, dīr-pāy), The firmament :- dā'ira zadan, To draw a circle ;dā'ira sākhtan (kashīdan), To draw a circle; to raise a subscription; to make an assessment;—dā'ira'i gird, The sun;—dā'ira'i hindī, A sun-dial.

الرجى dā'irachī, A player on the tam-

bourine.

a الله خارة مارة dā'ira-sāz, Circular; circulating, revolving.

اگرة كش da'ira-kash, A pair of com-

دایکان dāyagān (pl. of dāya), Nurses. ايكى dāyagī, The office of nurse, nursing; -dayagi kardan, To nurse; to prac-

tice midwifery.

اگم dā'im, Permanent, perpetual, eternal, perennial; at rest; stagnant (water).

اكمات dā'iman, Continually, for ever. A & da'imat (fem. of da'im), Eternal. ه المو dā'imī, Perpetuity; eternal.

a مالكي dā'imī, Ferpetutiy, ومالكي dā'imīyat, Eternity, perpetuty. a مالكية ما

يان dāya, A nurse, foster-mother; a midwife;—dāya'i shauhar-pisar, The earth. اية كرى dāyagarī, Nursing; midwifery.

نب dab, Charge, custody.

مب dabb (v.n.), Creeping, crawling (as a serpent); stealing upon (as wine), catching (as a disease), spreading (as rottenness in cloth); -dubb. A bear; -dubbi asghar, The Lesser Bear; - dubbi akbar, The Greater Bear.

A 43 daba', A small locust; an ant;dabbā (dabā), dubbā (dubā), A gourd.

اب dabāb, dubāb, Name of a fragrant

אניל מ dabār, Destruction;—dibār, Part of a sown field (see אני);—dubār (dibār), Wednesday.

A Eyo dibāgh (v.n. of 20), Tanning; anything with which hides are tanned; dabbāgh, A tanner, a currier.

A كَانِي dibāghat (v.n. of كاني), Tanning.

a دباغت يانته dibāghat-yāfta, Tanned ; dibāghat nā-yāfta, Untanned.

a دباع خانه dabbāgh-khāna, A tannery,

barkery.

a عباك dibāq, Shoemakers' paste. يالي dabāl, كالي dabāla, An orange.

A לוש dubāl, Dung, manure.

A &s dabbat, A vessel made of raw skins in the form of a jar or large bottle, in which merchants carry butter and oil; a sand-hill or heap; level ground; a gourd; —dubbat, A road, a way; a way of conduct, creed, faith; state, condition.

שואים dabdāb, Pomp, pride, state, dig-

nity; fame, renown.

a ଧ୍ୟ dabdaba, A great noise; the noise of a drum; a drum; pomp, state, magnificence.

A 3-2 dabr (v.n.), Passing through the mark (an arrow); death;—dabr, dibr, A swarm of bees or hornets; eggs of locusts; great riches; a rock or piece of ground in the sea covered with water, but sometimes dry; [hamīyu 'd-dabr (dibr), Surname of the Ansāri 'Asim bin Sābit (whose dead body hornets are said to have protected from the idolaters until the Believers found and buried him)];—dubr, The back, backside; close, latter part of anything;—dubru 'th-shahr, End of the month;—dubru 'l-lail, Last part of the night.

A WHO dabaran, Name of the fourth mansion of the moon, i.e. the Hyades or five stars in Taurus, particularly the brightest, commonly called Aldebaran, or

the Bull's Eve.

A فرائع dabrat, One part of a sown field; the end, latter part, close of anything; flight, defeat, rout; misfortune;—dibrat, The opposite to qiblat (see قبائة);—dabarat, A sore on a horse's back.

a خبرة dabara, Unripe corn cut for cattle.

בע dabz, Thick, coarse (as cloth).

multitude of men;—dibs, dibis, Honey made by bees or flowing from dates; datesyrup seethed over the fire.

dabistān (either contraction of dabīristān or abbreviation of adabistān), A school;—ba-dabistān dādan, To send to

school.

دېستانى dabistānī, A pupil, a school-boy. A مېشانى dabsh (v.n.), Unbarking, peeling.

A do dabgh (v.n.), Tanning (a hide).

A دبن dibq, Bird-lime.

A خال dabl (v.n. of دبل), Dunging (land); a brook, rill, small pond.

الله dubla, Sugared almonds.

was dibin, Bird-lime (probably misread-

ing for دبی q.v.).

בניבט dabang, A pustulous, ill-shaped man; a healthy youth (doubtful meaning).

A אוים dabūb, A stab which causes the

blood to flow.

טאַכאר dubūdār, A kind of juniper-tree.

A אָלּילִל abūr, The west wind (which blows generally towards night);—dubūr (v.n. of בּילָ), Passing through the mark (an arrow); coming behind; commemorating a deed or saying of a person after his death; being exposed to a westerly wind; carrying off, taking away.

a دوس dabūs, A club or iron-headed mace used by cavalry; a sceptre; a place in a boat or ship; the cuddy; name of a fortress between Samarkand and Bokhārā; name of the builder of this fortress; the

rabble, people of lowest extraction.

دبوس م dabūs, Fine dates preserved in butter.

a دوس قير dabūs-tīr, An iron arrow with a large round head.

دوسك dabūsak, Mallows.

ລະກຸລ dabūsa, A part of a ship, the cuddy. ຂັກຸລ dabūqa, A bagpipe.

دبوكي dabūkī, The herb turnsole; mallows.

בּאָלַ גּ dabūl, (A woman) bereaved of her son; calamity;—dubūl (v.n. of גּאָן), Dunging (land); dressing, trimming; (pl. of dabl) brooks; small ponds.

As daba, Rupture; — dabba, dubba, A leathern vessel (for wine); a phial;—dabba'i birinjīn, A copper vessel; an hourglass;—dabba dar pā'i fīl andākhtan (dar zīri pā'i shutur afgandan), (met.) To flee from the face of the foe without fighting; to stir up sedition;—dabba'i 'ūriyā, A certain plant from whose root au electuary is prepared;—dabba u zambīl, (met.) Behind and in front.

هائه طائه daba-<u>kh</u>āya, Ruptured; rupture (doubtful); a man with large testicles.

دبيب dabīb, Anything made soft by beating.

ديب dabīb (v.n. of دبّ), Crawling (as a serpent); going slow; stealing upon (as a foe).

دبيد dabīd, An electuary, medicine.

notary; a writing-master;—dabīri sā'ibu 't-tadbīr, An excellent writer;—dabīri falak (anjum), The planet Mercury;—dabīru 'l-mulk, Secretary of State (m.c.).

אובן dabir, A thread drawn out iu spin-

ning.

دبيرستان dabīristān, dibīristān, A school (for writing); a record office.

ديمش dabīsh, Name of the governor of Madāyin; an eruption from disease (doubtful meaning).

ميلى A دييلى dabiqi, dibiqi, Made at Dabiq (stuff).

دييل dabīl, Name of a city in Armenia.

dabīla, dubīla, dubaila, A swelling دييله in the human body proceeding from some other disease; -dabila'i kabad. Abscess of the liver.

دب dap, A drum with one skin.

هاليه dapāya, A school.

دينك dapang, A firm-fleshed boy (see (دبنگت

هوچه dapūcha, A leech, blood-sucker.

م الله dagg, Slight rain; a contortion of the body; a side; an opinion, a conjectural report.

a נטן digar, An upper garment (opposed to shi'ar, which means an under garment).

دۇر A دۇر م dasr, Copious, abundant;—dasar,

Filth, dirtiness.

A 153 dasar, Slothful, somnolent, slow: obscure, nameless; -- dusur (v.n. of נפֿק), Being obliterated, effaced, worn out; oblivion, forgetfulness.

duj, Anything in which syrup, new wine, or dates is mixed, and which adheres to the hands.

a zo daj, A wild bird (= A. dujj, Quail?).

A ولم dajāj, Fowl; a hen; a cock.

م ماجة dajājat, A hen.

دجال A dajjāl, A large company of travellers; gold; false, lying; an impostor; Antichrist.

A مجان dijān (pl. of dajn), Clouded skies.

A مائع dajā'ij (pl. of dajājat), Hens.

A & dujuj, Intense darkness.

دجر A dajar (v.n.), Being astonished; astonishment, confusion; -dajir, A kind of pulse, or French bean.

a camel) دجل م dajl (v.n.), Besmearing (a camel) with pitch (against the scab); deceiving;

deception, fraud.

a المحالة dajla, dijla, The river Tigris.

A נידיט dajn (v.n.), Being dark, cloudy (day); much rain.

ل مور dujūw (v.n. of دجو), Being dark

(night).

A دجون dujun (v.n. of دجون), Remaining on the same place, staying.

🗚 دجل dujá, Darkness.

A مجنع dajīj (v.n. of قري), Walking slowly. duchār, A sudden meeting of two persons (see دوچار).

A to danh (v.n.), Concealing, burying.

A class dahdah, dalass dahdahat, Shortbodied; -abū 'd-dahdāh, Suruame of a Companion of Muhammad.

dahr (v.n.), Driving off; keeping

back; putting to a distance.

A دحس daḥs (v.n.), Promoting discord; introducing the hand between the skin and the peritoneum of a sheep in order to get the hide off; filling a vessel; concealing; kicking.

ا دڪ daḥṭ (v.n.), Kicking (slaughtered beeves); slipping, sliding; setting of the

A دحال dahg (v.n.), Driving to a distance; bringing forth; casting forth, not holding seed (the womb); the falling of the womb after birth, causing the death of the mother.

A can dahm (v.n.), Pushing away with violence; lying with.

A دحن daḥan (v.n.), Being big-bellied and dwarfish; --dahin, A dwarf with a prominent belly; a bad cucumber.

A -> dahw (v.n.), Spreading abroad the earth (God); having a large belly; throwing the legs about in running (a horse).

A دحوض duhūz (v.n. of دحوض), Being

faulty or groundless (an argument).

م منه منه dihyat, A head, general leader; name of a Companion of Muhammad, renowned for beauty, whose form the angel Gabriel is said to have assumed when appearing to the Prophet.

A دحيل daḥīq, Driven to a distance; far,

remote.

to dakh, Good, well; the choicest and purest part of anything; a throng, troop, order; -dukh (for dukhtar), A daughter; a reed of which mats are woven, or on which melons are hung; a falling star; a rocket.

A to dakhkh, dukhkh, Smoke.

A دعال di<u>kh</u>āl, Mind, intention; bringing a camel which has just drunk back to the well between the others to make him drink again.

A مالك dakhkhāl, One who enters, interferes, or meddles much in business, a

meddler, busybody.

A نعان dukhān, dukhkhān, Smoke; tobacco or its fumes; -dukhān az khāk barāwardan, To set fire to the land; to strike fire from the ground (as the hoofs of horses); -dukhān shikastan az āb, To produce steam from the water.

a والمهان والمان dukhān - noshān, Tobaccoamokera.

a دخاني dukhānī, Smoky, smoke-coloured. دخت dukht, A daughter; a virgin; ability, strength; contempt and hatred; dukht kardan, To detest; -dukht-andar, A sister uterine.

دختر dukhtar (S. duhitri), A daughter; a girl; a virgin; power, strength; -dukhtari āftāb (khum), Red wine; -dukhtari pāk-akhtar (pākiza-jauhar), Daughter of a happy planet, i.e. a lady of family, a nobleman's daughter; - dukhtari tak (raz), Wine; a grape; a grape-stone; --dukhtari rozgār, Worldly vicissitudes; — dukhtari sūfī, A finch; a wag-tail (in the dialect of Transoxiana; elsewhere the bird is called tarandak; hence under ترندك the rendering should be "small bird" for "beast"; =

A. by a q.v.); --dukhtari 'imrān, Name of the mother of Jesus (a confounding of Miriam, the daughter of Amram and sister of Moses, with the Virgin Mary); --dukhtari (dukhtarāni) na'sh. The constellation of the Bear; --dukhtari na'sh-rā kunad parwīn, (met.) He collects what is dispersed (the stars of the Bear being scattered about, while the Pleiades form a cluster); --dukhtari ham-sāya mī-tarsam ki az rāh-am barad, I apprehend injury from a neighbour (proverb).

مخترباره du<u>kh</u>tar-bāra, A daughter's lover. مخترباه du<u>kh</u>tarcha, A little girl; a girl under age, not yet marriageable.

د كتر عاله dukhlar-khāna, A brothel.

دختر زاى dukhtar-zay, A woman that only bears daughters.

ن معترزن dukhtar-zan, A daughter-in-law.

معترك dukhtarak, A little girl; an orphan, or girl educated by others than her parents; a lathe for turning boxes.

دڪترگي du<u>kh</u>taragī, Virginity.

د معترات dukhtarandar, A step-daughter (daughter of a husband from another wife, or of a wife from a previous husband).

دخترو du<u>kh</u>tarū, du<u>kh</u>tarv (dim.), A little girl (comp پسرو).

دعترة dukhtara, Virginity; a seal.

مخرى dukhtarī, Maidenhead, virginity; a seal; a grandson by the mother, the son of a daughter;—dukhtarī burdan (sitadan), To deflower.

د محرينة dukhtarīna, A young girl of mar-

riageable age.

دخت زای dukht-zāy, Bearing only girls. ويقى dukhtan, To sew; to gain; to milk.

dukhtandar, A step-daughter (see

(دخترندر).

دعتينة dukhtīna, A young girl of a mar-

riageable age.

علام المعالم
right, honest (see چکاد).

נאבון, dukhdār, Soiled (a white garment). a נאבון dakhdār (from P. takht-dār), A cloth (white or black) with which they covered the throne of the old kings of Persia.

to to dakh-dakh, In crowds, in troops

(sec \$2).

معره $du\underline{k}\underline{h}r$ ($da\underline{k}\underline{h}r$?), Littleness, vileness, pitifulness.

دخسر = , q.v., and of which it

is a shortening.

about the root of the hoof;—dukhas, A porpoise; a dolphin (said to carry people in danger of being drowned to the shore).

رخسر du<u>kh</u>sar, A bald head; hald-

headed.

دعش dakhsh, The commencement (of any business); commerce; gloomy, dark.

A معل dakhl (v.n.), Entering; intrusion,

interference; return, profit, advantage; income; [dakhl kardan, To take possession of; —dakhl-u-dast-dirazi kardan, To enter and seize by violence; —dakhl-u-kharch, Receipt and disbursement; —dakhl-u-qabza, Entry and possession;]—dakhal (v.n.), Labouring under any intrinsic defect (mind, body, or estate); fraud, trick; clustering trees; people who claim relationship with those to whom they do not belong.

a دخل دار da<u>kh</u>l-dār, One who has admis-

sion to; a partner; an accomplice.

a دغل دان dakhi-dān, A money-till. a دغل نامه dakhi-nāma, A document giving the right of occupancy; a writ or warrant of entrance or possession.

a دعلى dakhlī, Admission, entrance; — dakhlī dāshtan, To interfere or be interfered with; to have connection with (nm.cc.).

a دخل يابى da<u>kh</u>l-yābī, Obtaining entrance or admission; taking possession.

دخم dakhm, A tomb, &c. (see معم dakhmās, Name of a weight.

in the form of a cylinder, on the flat surface of which the fire-worshippers lay the bodies of their dead; a tomb; a coffin; a mausoleum (m.c.); a substance resembling lights, which protrudes from the mouth of a male camel when stung with desire;—dakhma'i zindāniyān (fīroza), The sky, heaven.

forth smoke; — dukhn, Millet; — dakhan (v.n.), Being smoky, smoke; hatred, grudge; malignity of temper; the glittering of a sword; deterioration of mind, faith

or repute.

A معنگ dukhnat, dukhna (v.n. of معنگ), Being smoky, tending to black; perfume, incense;—dukhna kardan, To fumigate.

a مخنة علا du<u>kh</u>na-ja, A censer.

دعور ه du<u>kh</u>ūr (v.n. of دعور ه), Littleness, vileness, pitifulness.

مول م dakhūl, Name of a place ;—dukhūl

(v.n. of دخل), Entering.

A دعيل dakhil, Interior, inner; intimate, familiar, confident; an intermeddler; an intruder; a proselyte; a foreign word adopted into Arabic; the letter following the alif of ta'sis in a rhyme (see تاميس).

a مخيل کار م dakhīl-kār, In possession, an occupant; admitted; having a right to

interfere.

a دعيل كارى da<u>kh</u>ĩl-kārī, Possession, occu-

so dad, A rapacious animal, a beast of prey; a forest abounding in game;—dadu-dām, Wild and tame beasts, animals of all kinds (see pls).

A so dadd, A portion of time.

los dadā, Play.

മ പ്രാ dadān, Poor; useless, unprofit-

able; blunt, and by opposition, sharp (a sword).

a was dadan, Play; a ludicrous thing; dice.

ددناك dadnāk, Full of wild beasts. ددبور dadambūr, Balm-mint (Melissa). కున dada, A beast of prey (see ను).

T 800 dada, A grandfather; a title given to dervishes, especially qalandars; a nurse

who brings up children (see 1313).

ر dar (preposition), In, into, within, among; on, upon, above; of, concerning, about; by, for; because of; near, hard by, at; to, as far as, according to; before, in presence of; against; with; under; at length; after; so much; out, out of doors; [$dar \bar{a}n$ - $j\bar{a}$, There, in that place;— $dar \bar{a}n$ chi. In that which :- dar-āmadan. To come in, enter (for phrases see טر ליעני);—dar āwardan, To bring in (see כן לננט);—dar ān roz, Upon that day; —dar īn miyān, In the meantime, during this interval; -- dar band-ash nīstam, I do not care (in.c.); dar taraqqi, On the increase, in the ascendant; - dar duyum, In the second place; chahār farsakh dar chahār farsakh, Four leagues by four leagues; four leagues square; -haft dar haft, Seven by seven; fortynine;]—dar (nonn, Z. dvara, S. dvāra), A door, gate, passage, door-way or gate-way; a chapter (of the Zand); a subject, topic; way, manner, method; genus, sort, kind; turn, step, degree; a kind of wild bird; a gnat; a blackberry; a valley; a mountainpass; the foot, also summit, of a mountain; dari āsmān, The milky way;—dari āsmān bāz kardan, To open the door of heaven (said of the angels, and implying that the time has come when prayers are heard or granted);—dar baz kardan, To open the door; -dar ba-dar, From door to door; dar bar (ba-rū'i) kase bastan, To deny admittance, to exclude; -dar ba-zanjir kardan, To close the door with a chain;—dar bastan (basta kardan), To shut the door; — dar ba-gil (ba-<u>kh</u>isht, &c.) andā'idan (bar-āwardan, bar-bastan, zadan, giriftan), To obstruct the door with clay, &c.; -darposhidan, To close the door (especially by a curtain); — dari rahat bar khwud bastan, (met.) To renounce all rest and comfort; — dar zadan, To knock at the door, either to have it opened for oneself, or that the master of the house may come out; -dar safed kard, He chalked his door, i.e. he was honoured by a noble visitor (according to a Persian custom observed by a poor man when he is visited by a grandee); -dar-ash girifta ast, His door is closed; -dar shikastan, To break the door open ;-dar firāz kardan (firo burdan. fire kardan), To close the door; - dar kushādan (gushādan), To open the door;dar koftan, To knock at the door; -dar wa

kardan, To open the door;—az dar, Of the degree or rank, i.e. worthy of; for instance, as dari tāji sar, Worthy of the golden crown (Firdausi);]—dar (imperative of daridan), Tear thou; (in composition) tearing, as parda-dar, Veil-tearing, dishonouring; -dur, A pearl, pearls (see the following article).

A odarr (v.n.), Emitting milk copiously (a camel), or rain (the sky); a rich flow of milk, rain, &c.; plenty, abundance; gain; excellence, whence the phrase li 'l-lāhi darru-hu, How richly has God endowed him! Praise to God for bestowing upon him such gifts;—durr (in P. mostly dur), A pearl; (pl. of durrat) pearls.

A jo dar' (v.n.), Driving away; repelling.

ly darā, A bell; a smith's hammer; pendent; necessary; (for dara) the highway; --dar-ā, Enter (imp. of dar-āmadan); -darrā, A. blackberry (unsupported).

ر أب العادن dar ab uftadan, To sink in

the water; to be annihilated.

در آب انداعتن dar ab andakhtan, در آب انداعتن ريختن dar āb rekhtan, To immerse ; to anni-

در آب عصر آتش زدن dar ābi khizr ātish zadan, To destroy or quit the water of life (the latter taken in various meanings given for ābi hayāt under +1).

dar āb furo shudan, To sink در آب فرو هدن in the water; to be annihilated, lost.

dar āb u ātish afgan در آب و آتش افكندن dan. To overwhelm with afflictions of all kinds (the passive being expressed by būdan for afgandan).

a قرابة darābinat (pl. of P. darbān),

Porters, doorkeepers.

A درات durrat (pl. of durrat), Pearls.

اراع darrāj, A whisperer, who malig. nantly reports what he hears; -durraj, The francolin, a kind of partridge; name of a place.

ه مراجه م darrājat, A three-legged machine moving on wheels, by which children are taught to walk, a child's go-cart; -durra-

jat, One partridge.

a عناك durrājnāk, A country abounding in pheasants or red-legged partridges.

a هماری durrāja. A long upper garment or cloak, worn in Persia when they go abroad or درعات doubtful, perhaps misreading for .(.qq.v فراجه

אנן בון darrā-dozā, Tearing and sowing, shutting and opening, undoing and repairing, &c.; (met.) taught by experience, able to make good an error, which one may have committed; skilful, clever, inge-

nious.

درارة darāra, A contented cuckold, a

pimp.

Jos darāz, dirāz (Z. daregha, S. dīrgha), Long; stupid, stolid; -darāz bād, May it long continue !-darāz kardan, To lengthen; to extend, prolong; to delay; -darāz kashīdan, To extend, prolong.

درازا darāzā, Length.

دراز آهنگ darāz-āhang, Preparing for a long spring (a lion); tedious (winding-up of a business).

دراز darāz - khāna, Long-bodied (horse).

وراز خوان darāz-khwān, A table-cloth, napkin,

از دست darāz-dast. With long hands or arms; rapacious, oppressive; -- ardshīri daraz-dast, Artaxerxes Longimanus.

دراز دستی darāz-dastī, Oppression, extortion; -darāz-dastī kardan, To exercise violence; to plunder, rob.

دراز دم darāz-dum, A dog; ape; scorpion;

(in the dialect of Khorasan) an ox.

دراز دنبال darāz-duṃbāl, Ox ; cow ; buffalo. دراز رود darāz-rūd, A river in Turkistān.

دراز ریش darāz-rish, Long-bearded. وراز زبان darāz-zabān (long-tongued), Fluent; clamorous, brawling.

ength of tongue, دراز زباني darāz-zabāni, Length

fluency; clamour, brawl.

darāz-sufra, A table-cloth. دراز هدكي darāz-shudagī, Prolongation. اراز همشور darāz-shamshīr, Able swords man.

a دراز عمر darāz-'umr, Long-lived. a دراز قد darāz-qad, Tall, of a high sta-

e, کار کار darāz-kār, One who attempts things too great for him; an empty boaster, braggart.

נון אנט daraz-gardan, Long-necked (a

horse).

دراز کوک darāz-gosh, An ass; a hare. مراز كيسو darāz-yesū, With long fore-locks (a horse).

دراز نا darāz-nā, Length; oblong.

a دراز نفس darāz-nafas, Long-winded, prolix.

a دراز نفسی darāz-nafasī, Being longwinded, prolixity.

مرازه darāza, Long; a long thread.

درازي darāzī, Length ; -- darāzī'i bāzū (dast), Superiority, upper hand ; -- darāzi'i dāman, Length of skirt or trail; -- darāzī'i 'umr, Length of life.

درازينه darāzīna, Lengthwise.

دراسًا م dirasat, Studying, reading; in-

struction, lecture, lesson.

در استادن dar-istādan, To begin, to attack. ر آستين بودن dar āstīn būdan, To be ready or prepared.

در آستين داهتن داهتن داهتن داهتن داهتن

have in readiness or prepared.

در آستین کردن dar āstīn kardan, To use one's own discretion, to feel one's own power.

and, a darāsaj, Ivy, bindweed.

دراسون darāsūn, A somewhat bitter beverage prepared from rice (see اطراسون).

A aclys durratat, An upper garment for men or women, of cotton or coarse wool; a soldier's cloak; a cuirass, corslet.

الار آغوش dar-āghosh, Embrace ; — dar

āghosh kardan, To embrace.
(اكونس كشيدس (كونس كرفتس) dar āghosh kashīdan (giriftan), To embrace.

در آنتاب کردن dar āftāb kardan, To expose

to the sun (as a torture or punishment). ر افتادی dar-uftādan, To fall on; quarrel.

a در افشان dur-afshan, Pearl-scattering;

eloquent.

يراقي durrāgin, A delicious white peach. a مراقیطس darāqīṭus, The plant elephant's

اراك مانك dirāk (v.n. 3 of عاراك), Following one another.

مراك م darrāk, Intelligent, penetrating.

a در الست dar alast, On the day of alast (see آلست), from eternity.

مر أمد dar-āmad, entrance; income; dar-āmad bar-āmad, Ingress and egress; receipt and disbursement, incomings and outgoings.

در آمدكي dar-āmadagī, A turning in-

andar-اندر آمدن dar-āmadan در آمدن āmadan), To come in, enter; to happen, to arrive; to fall on the face;—az pāy (pay) dar amadan, To trip, to fall; (met.) to become weak or powerless, to die;—az jāy dar-āmadan, To be put out, to be moved (with fear, &c.);—az khwāb dar-āmadan, To awake ;—az dar dar-āmadan. To enter the door; --az dasht andar-āmadan, To come from the desert, the plain, the fields; -az zabān dar-āmadan, To commit a slip of the tongue; -- ba-pāy andar-āmadan, To trip, to fall; -ba sar dar-amadan, To fall on the head, to fall prostrate.

در آسيختگي dar-amekhtagi, Mixture, con-

fusion.

ر آسيختن dar-āmekhtan. To associate. در انبار کردن dar ambar kardan, To store

ور آنجا dar ān jā, In that place. در آجه dar anchi, In that which. در انداعتن dar-andākhtan, To throw in. در الدازي dar-andazī, Malice, enmity.

dar an sukhun ast, This در آن سخن است must be looked into, this requires consideration.

الك , darānak, درانك darānag, Name of

a sea said to be the abode of angels. در انگشت آوردن dar angusht āwardan, To

reckon, count, calculate.

dar angusht būdan, To be در انگشت بودن in the grip of the fingers.

الله و دورانه و ماله و دورانه و and sowing, &c. (see درادورا), of which it is the adverbial form, sometimes used substantively, as the adverb in the English

"gently does it").
"durrānī, Name of a tribe of Pathāns, said to have got this name by wearing pearls in the ear, and also called Abdālīs.

دراليدن darānīdan, To tear, or cause to

eر آوردي dar-āwardan, To introduce, bring in; -barg dar awardan, To put forth leaf; -ba band (ba-band) dar-āwardan, To fetter; -sarba-gurz dar-āwardan, To brandish the battle-axe over one's head.

در آوختن dar-āwekhtan, To suspend, hang ; to provoke, or be provoked; to contend

(in words or blows).

درا و دوزا darrā-u-dozā, = ايا و دوزا و دوزا q.v.). A دراویش darawish (pl. of darwesh), Der-

دراهیم darāhim (pl. of dirham), دراهم

dirahim (pl. of dirham), Dirhems.

ای darāy (for dar-āy, imp. of dar-āmadan), Come in; coming in; entering; (imp. of dara'idan) speak thou; commencing a discourse; the beginning or exordium of an oration; conversation; (for $dar\bar{a}$) a blacksmith's hammer; a bell.

دری dirāyat (v.n. of درایت ه), Knowing;

knowledge, science.

. darāyish, An impression درایش

در آينده dar-ayanda (pres. part. of darāmadan), Entering; who enters; -darāyanda (pres. part. of durā'īdan), A speaker, talker.

دراليدن darā'īdan, To speak, call aloud; utter; — harza (hazayān) darā'īdan, To

prate, rave, dote, talk nonsense.

در آیینهٔ نقش بری دیدن dar āyina naqshi pari didan, To look at wine in a crystal goblet; to view the face of the cupbearer in a mirror.

درب A مرب darb, A difficult pass through mountains; a street, lane, alley; way, custom, manner; a large gate.

בקט darbā, Need, necessity; necessary;

suspended head downwards.

در باختي dar-bākhtan, To play; to buy

and sell; to give away; to lend.

دربار darbar, A house, dwelling; a court, area; the court or levee of a prince; an audience chamber.

دربار خرع darbār-kharch, A kind of extra tax levied by Zamindars in some parts of the Northern Circars of India.

eر بار کمان رفتن dar būri kamān raftan, To draw a bow.

در بارة dar bāra, In behalf, respecting.

اور باری dar bare, Once, at one time, or turn; —darbārī, A courtier, an attendant at a darbār.

در باقى شدن dar bāqī shudan, To be complete, to leave no residue.

در باتي كردن dar bāgī kardan, To complete, to quit.

darbān, A porter, warder ;—darbāni دريان falak, Porter of the firmament, i.e. the sun the moon.

درباني darbānī, The office of porter; darbānī namūdan, To act as porter or warder.

در بای dar-bay, Necessity; necessary; suitableness, propriety.

در بايد dar-bayad, Requisite.

در بایست dar-bāyist, It behoveth, it is meet; meet, suitable, becoming; necessity; necessary; mode, manner; suspended head downwards (unsupported by exam-

در بایستن dar-bāyistan, To be meet, right,

requisite.

A آبان durbat (v.n. of درب), Being accustomed, used to; intrepidity (in war or

ور :چه dar-bacha, A small door within a larger one.

در بدر dar ba-dar, From door to door; door by door; -dar-ba-dar, A beggar, vagrant, with no fixed residence; adjacent.

ير بدن داهتي dar badan dashtan. To be

clad in.

בּן זּק dar bar, Above; on or in the breast; -dar bar afgandan (andā<u>kh</u>tan), **T**o put ou (a garment, &c.);—dar bar kardan (kashidan, giriftan), To don, to put on; to embrace.

טן אראב dar bar-ā-bar, Breast to breast, even.

טן אַכט dar-burdan, To bring, carry in, insert.

ינאַניט darbazin, A parapet; a lattice screen.

م دربساك darbasāk, A fort near Antioch.

دربست darbast, = در بسته q.v.

dar-bastan, To tie, to bind; umid dar-bastan ba, To put one's hope in; -nutq dar-bastan, To become silent.

در بستة dar-basta, Bound, tied, fastened; mute, dumb, silent; a bar, bolt; full, complete; a stutterer, stammerer; - jannati

dar-basta, The whole of Paradise.

در بند dar-band, The bar of a door; a barrier; a narrow and difficult pass through mountains; a road dangerous on account of banditti; name of a fortress on the Caspian Sea at the foot of Mount Caucasus; an arm of the sea; a place where there is good wine; a ferryman; bound, fettered; a captive; -dar band kardan, To bind, make prisoner; to shut the door.

دربند پای darband-pāy, The gout (unsup-

ported by examples).

a ور بين dar bain, During, meanwhile (m.c.).

دربه darba, and-

دربی darbi, A bit, fragment, rag (see دربی

and دريني). در بای افکندن dar pāy afgandan, To let alone, to leave free or vacant.

در پای پیل انداختن dar pā'i pīl andākhtan, To throw before the elephants (a form of capital punishment); to inflict pain or

iujury.

در پائی چراغ کمر بستن dar pā'i charāgh kamar bastan, To gird oneself at the foot of the lamp (a form, amongst the Kalandars, of admitting a member into their fraternity, which is done at the tomb of one of their chiefs).

در پای در آمدن dar pāy dar āmadan, To

sink (under afflictions).

در پرده dar parda, Behind the curtain, within the veil; unrevealed, hiddeu; [dar parda dāshtan, To conceal; to deny;]—darparda, A curtain.

در پربش dar-paresh, A beggar, vagrant; a long-necked vessel; gugglet; a cup, goblet; a burnt brick.

ر پس dar pas, Behind, after ;—dar pasi zānū nishastan, To watch; to think.

در پست و بلندي بردن dar past u balandī būdan, To be np-hill and down-dale (m.c.). chapsh (for dirafsh), An awl, bod-

در پشم کشیدن dar pashm kashīdan, To hide.

در پوست التادن dar post uftadan, To traduce.

در پوستمن افتادن dar postīn uftādan, در נישט אניט dar postin būdan, To traduce.

در پوستین الکندن dar postin afgandan, and در پوستین کسی راتن aar postīni kase raftan, = the preceding.

الله darpa, A patch, fragment, bit; darpih, Forgiveness, connivance; invisible,

vanished.

در بي dar pay, Behind, in the rear; necessary; —darpī, A patch on a garment; darpi pazīruftan, To be patched, to admit a patch; —darpī nihādan, To put on a patch.

or pech, A screen or partition در پیچ within the outer door of a house (to pre-

vent further entrance).

ار پیچان dar-pechān, Intricate, perplexed. در پیچیدن dar-pechidan, To fold, involve.

در پیراهن نبودن dar pirāhan na-būdan, در پيراهن نگنجيدن dar pīrāhan na-gunjīdan, To have no room in a place, not to be held by it.

ور پیش dar pesh, Before, in front, near; dar pesh amadan, To come before, oppose, obstruct, confront;—dar pesh būdan, To be ready or prepared; -dar pesh giriftan, To take before; to admit, suffer (see also (پیش).

در پی کننده dar pay kunanda, A follower. ഗപ്പാ darpen, A patch on a garment; bit, rag.

دريي نهادة darpī-nihāda, Patched (garment).

در بيرستن dar-paiwastan, To join, to unite.

A by darrat, A flow of milk; a flood of

rain; a scourge or whip of thongs; -durrat, A large pearl.

درتاج dartāj, The herb turnsole.

a در تحت dar taḥt, Under, beneath.

در ته پر گرفتن dar tahi par giriftan, To warm or keep warm (as a bird its chicks under the wing).

در قيرة بودن (گشتن) dār tīra būdan (gash-

tan), To be sorrowful, to grieve.

ورع darj, A manuscript illuminated with

figures; a closet, a place for writing.

A 5,3 darj (v.n.), Enveloping a thing in another; a volume, a roll; [darji dihqan, Historical records; history; words regarded, or otherwise; -darj kardan, To fold; to pass by; to collect, comprehend, contain, preserve;]- durj, A casket in which they deposit gems or trinkets; an open case for a woman's spindle; [durji tang (dur). The mouth of a mistress: durji guhar kushūdan (gushūdan), To speak well, to relate something pleasing;]--daraj, a mediator; a book in which they write; a way, a path; (pl. of darajat) steps, stairs; rounds of ladders; -duroj (pl. of durjat), Clouts.

ه درجات م darajāt (pl. of darajat), Steps, ladders, stairs for ascending.

در جای بند هدن dar jāy band shudan, To settle in a place, to fix one's domicile in it.

A مرجة durjat, darajat, durajat, The step of a stair, round of a ladder.

ەرجكاد durjkād, A jewel-casket (doubt-

در جگر بودن dar jigar būdan, afflicted.

a در جنبين dar jambain, On both sides (m.c.).

(رفتن) در جوال بودن (رفتن) dar juwāl būdan (raftan), To be deceived (see also جوال).

ی جوال کردن dar juwāl kardan, To cheat. ور چاه افكندن dar chāh afgandan, To suppress the knowledge or remembrance of a

در چشم خود ندیدن dar chashmi khwud na-

didan, To be unable to do a thing.

درچکار durchkar, = درچکار q.v. (doubtful). ادر چه قيري dar chi tîri, What is your rank or office?

a در حال dar hal, On the spot, at the instant.

a (کشیدن) در حبالهٔ آوردن (کشیدن dar ḥibūla āwardan (kashīdan), To marry. a در حساب آمدن dar ḥisāb āmadan, To be-

come wealthy.

a الله على الله dar hisāb būdan az, To be solicitous for, to take care of.

a در حساب گرفتن dar ḥisāb giriftan, To sum up, calculate; to call to account, blame, reprove.

a در حفور a dar ḥuzūr, In the presence, ready. a در حق او dar haqqi o, With regard to, in respect of him, her, or it.

a در حقیقت a dar haqiqat, Intruth, in reality.

a در حيم بودن dar haiz būdan, (met.) To be impure, to abstain from prayer (like a menstruous woman).

زي dirakh (for dirakht), A tree; a beam. در خاستن dar-khāstan, To erect; to put; to place.

(نشاندن (نشاندن) مر خاك كردن (نشاندن) dar <u>kh</u>āk kardan (nishāndan), To bury; to make little or naught of.

در عاك , عون الكندن dar khāk-u-khūn afgandan, To slay.

درعال darkhāl, A sucker, a young tree. در عانه dar-khāna, A royal palace, a

دراست dirakht, A tree, plant, bush, or shrub; a beam; a column; a mast; a gibbet;—dirakhti azād, The Siberian elm;dirakhti abrīsham, Silk-tree; — dirakhti izkīl (izgīl), Medlar-tree;—dirakhti anār, Pomegranate-tree; — dirakhti unjīr. The fig-tree; —dirakhti angur, A vine; —dirakhti bādām, An almond-tree; --dirakhti balsān, The balm-tree; -dirakhti bih (bihī), The quince-tree; -dirakhti pista, The pistachiotree; -dirakhti tabrīzī, White poplar; dirakhti tūti safīd, White mulberry-tree;dirakhti chanar, Plane-tree :-dirakhti chahār bekh, The world ;--dirakhti khāna, A joist, beam, rafter;—dirakhli khurmā, A palm-tree;—dirakhli kharnāb, The carobtree; -dirakhti khitmi, Hibiscus Syriacus; dirakhti zard-ālū, The apricot-tree; -dirakhti zaitūn, The olive-tree; -dirakhti sidr, The lote-tree; -dirakhti surkh-dar, The yew-tree; -dirakhti sib, An apple-tree; — dira<u>kh</u>ti shaftālu, The peach-tree; dirakhti samat (samad?), Ulmus pedunculata;—dirakhti 'unnāb, The jujube tree; dirakhti ghār, The bay-tree, laurel-tree; dirakhti funduq (finduq), The hazel-nut-tree;—dirakhti qahwa, The coffee-tree;— dirakhti kaj, The pine-tree;—dirakhti kunār, The lote-tree;—dirakhti girdū, A walnut-tree; —dirakhti gazi 'alafi, The Balonia or prickly-cupped oak-tree;—dirākhti gulābī, The pear-tree;—dirakhti maryam, A palm-tree; -dirakhti mewa (miwa), A fruit-tree (m.c.); — dirakhti nārjīl, cocoanut-tree; — dirakhti narwan (narwand), The common elm-tree; -dirukhti waqwaq, A certain tree whose fruit is said to resemble the human head; -dirakhti hulū, The peach-tree.

درختان dirakhtan, Trees; abounding in

trees.

dirakht-sabz, A green kind of teredo (unsupported by examples).

درختستان dirakhtistan, Planted with trees. منبه dirakht-sumb, منبه طفت سنب rakht-sumba, An auger, wimble; a woodworm; a woodpecker; a bird's beak.

رختك dirakhtak, A dwarf tree, a shrub; -dirakhtaki dānā (the knowing tree), Name of a tree which turns with the sun; according to others the tree waqwaq (q.v. under صغره).

dirakht-kāv, Tree-uprooting. درعتناك dirakhtnak, Full of trees, woody. درختنه سنبه dirakhtna-sumba, A woodpecker, &c. (= سنب عرضت q.v.).

درعت سبو = dirakhtīna-sabz درعتیده سبو

در خستن dar-khastan, To impress, mark,

or stamp; to pierce, transfix.

رخش darakhsh, Lightning ;—darukhsh, Worthy, suitable; desire; — duru<u>kh</u>sh, Lightning; flash, glitter; flashing; name of a fire-temple in Kurdistan, and of a town in Kohistan; durukhsh, durakhsh, Splendour, light, gleam.

درخشان durukhshān, Shining, flashing. درعشانيدري durukhshānīdan, To make to

gleam, glitter, or flash.

ريمشش durakhshish, Shining; brightness, splendour.

درخشش جاي durakhshish-jāy, The East. durukhshandagi, Lustre. درحشندگی

رخشيدة durukhshanda, Shining, resplen-

درمشى durakhshī, Sun-rise.

ريشيدي durukhshidan, To shine, to flash, a در خط هدي dar khat shudan, To alter; to be afflicted; to become restless and lose one's senses.

درعف durkhuf, A black bee or fly.

رخواست darkhwāst, Petition, request, application, appeal; a proposal, tender;dar-khwast kardan (namudan), To demand, request, exact.

darkhwāstan, To desire, request. درعواة darkhwāh, Deprecation, petition, proposal; a beggar;—dar-khwāh kardan, To make answerable for ;—dar-khwāh kardan gunāh, To intercede on one's behalf, to implore pardon for another's fault.

درخور darkhwar, Suitable, proper, becoming; in food or opulence; -darkhwari tan, According or agreeable to his powers, qua-

lity, or rank.

در خورد dar khward, Proper, suitable. در خور دار dar khwar-dar, Anyone in the

enjoyment of a long and happy life. در خوردي dar-khwardan (khwurdan), To be suitable or proper; to agree; to fall upon,

to encounter (m.c.). در خوش dar-khwash, Love, desire.

3,3 dard, Pain, ache, smart, trouble, disease, grief, affliction, pang, torment; pity, sympathy, compassion; a trumpet; [dard bar-chidan, To remove pain or grief, to take another's sorrow upon oneself; - dardi bandi angusht, Gout in the hand; -dardi bandi shitalang (pāy), Gout in the foot;dard chidan, = dard bar-chidan, q.v. above; -dardi haml, The pangs of labour ;-dard khwurdan, To be pained; — dardi dil, Heart's grief ;-dardi din, A religious calamitv; -dard rasanidan, To inflict pain; - dardi zih (zī), The pangs of labour;—dardi subāt, Lethargy; -dardi sar, Head-ache, megrim; trouble, vexation (construed with āwardan, burdan, bīrun burdan, dadan, kardan, kashidan, giriftan) ;—dardi sar girifta, Troubled with a head-ache; —dardi shadīd, Agony; - dardi shikam, Pain in the belly, cholic, gripes; — dardi farzandi, Parental affection; -dard kardan, To give pain; dard kashīdan, To suffer, to grieve; -dardi kamar, Lumbago; pain in the back;dardi gurda, Colic of the kidneys; -dard giriftan, To ache ;-dardi mafasil, Rheumatism; -dardi nākhun, A whitlow; -dard yaftan, To suffer pain; -ahli dard, Pained with love or grief; -ba dard amadan, To be in pain; -ba dard awardan, To inflict pain, to grieve;]-durd, Dregs, lees, sediment, tartar of wine, mother of oil (construed with khwurdan, burdan, zadan, makidan); (met.) the end, the last part [durdi sal, The end of the year;—durdi shab, The last watch of the night;—durdi mah, The closing days of the month;]—dirad, Ring-

ל הי darad, A shedding of the teeth. איני dardā, Alas! Oh! What a pity! שינים dardāb, A small odoriferous melon.

ئرى $dard\bar{a}\underline{k}\underline{h}$, Recovery from illness (see t^{\dagger} ىرى).

ورداده dardāda, = عرواده q.v. (doubtful). ورداده dardār, A large and shady kind of tree; the elm-tree;—dardār, A porter;—dardār, Pain-producing.

الله عرد أسا dard-āsā, Grief-soothing.

درد آهام durd-āshām, A drinker of dregs, who empties the cup to the dregs.

درد آهنایان dard-āshnāyān, Inured to pain. و دردانس dardāqis, The upper joint which joins the head to the neck.

درد اکس dard-agin, Full of pain, aching.

درد آلود dard-ālūd, Painful.

לנכולה durdām, An anchoret, a beadsman. שנ כורי dar-dāman, The ornamental border of a gown or robe.

dard-angez, Pitiable, exciting درد الكير

pity.

לי כואט dur-dāna, A single pearl; [dur-dāna'i nār, A drop of blood;]—durdāna, Like dregs.

עני אָני אָני dard-parwar, Grieved, afflicted. פּנָט אָני dard-chīn, Who plucks out, i.e. removes, pain.

درد خای dard-khāy, Grieved, afflicted. درد خای durd-khwār, Poor, humble; earth. درد خوار durd-khwar, = درد خوار q.v.

درد غورده dard-<u>kh</u>wurd, درد غورده dardkhwurda, Affected with pain.

در در dar dar, In the door, at the door.

ر درون dar darān, In, within. درد زده dard-zada, Pained, sick.

در نست dar dast, In hand, in readiness;
—dar dast dādan, To give up, betray.

در دهت dari dasht, dar-dasht, A quarter in Ispahan.

درد هريك dard-sharik, Sympathetical. درد هريك durd-kash, A toper, tippler, sot

who drains the very dregs.

درد کن dard-kun, Painful, causing pain. کرد گر خرد کر dard-gir, Pained, receiving pain. کرد کین dard-gin, Painful; sprained.

در دمانيدن dar-damānidan, To cause to blow.

دردمن dardman, دردمن dardmand, In pain; sick in body or mind; poor, miserable, afflicted; compassionate, sympathizing;—dar-damand, They blow or breathe.

دردمندی dardmandī, Pain, affliction; pity.
مردمه dardma, The seven planets supposed to turn round the earth.

ي در دميدي dar-damīdan, To blow, to inflate. درداك dardnāk, Sick, afflicted; in pain, painful; sprained.

درد نوش durd-nosh, Who drains the cup to the dregs.

در دوخت dar-dokht, Accusation; rumour. در دوختن dar-dokhtan, To sew; to accuse.

A کردور durdūr, A whirlpool.

قىية durda, Sediment, lees, dregs.

دردى dardī, Pain; a trumpet; -- durdī, Dregs.

درد آهام = durdi-kash, = درد آهام āshām, q.v.

دردی الع $durd\bar{\imath}n\bar{a}k$, Full of sediment, dreggy.

دردی نوش = .durdi-nosh دردی نوش و q.v. مرد نوش = .durar (pl. of durrat). Pearls: wh

درر A درر durar (pl. of durrat), Pearls; white teeth.

رر بار بار مار عام durar-bar, Raining pearls; graceful, elegant.

در ربودی dar-rubudan, To seize; to ravish. در رمیدی dar-rasīdan, To arrive; to happen; to overtake.

در رفتن dar-raftan, To go in, enter, pene-

trate.

در بهم رفتن dar baham raftan, To twist together, to weave like the meshes of a net. a در رختن dur rekhtan (to scatter pearls), To shed tears; to speak eloquently.

a در رير dur-rez, Eloquent. a در ريزي dur-rezi, Eloquence.

a suture, a seam; a rent in a garment which has been sewed up; young girls; [darzi iklīlī, Fronto-parietal suture (anat.); —darzi sinīna, Dove-tailed margin of the sutures of the skull; —darzi sahmi, Parietal suture; — darzi qishrī, Temporo-parietal suture; —darzi lāmī, Occipital suture; —darzi lāmī, Occipital suture; —darzi lāmī, occipital suture; —darzi lamī, occipital suture; —darzi lamī, occipital suture; —darzi lamī, occipital suture; —darzi lamī, occipital suture; —darzi kardan, To split, to be rent; (met.) to become public, to be divulged;]—daraz, Mustachios.

مرز م darz (v.n.), Enjoying the pleasures of life.

which they bring water to the mill; the chest into which the flour falls.

در زبان داهتی dar zabān dāshtan, To defame.

פן נטש dar-zadan, To strike ; --chang darzadan, To fix the nails, claws, or talons in anything ;-chang dar-zada ba kase, Having the hands locked with another in fight.

درزمان darazmān, darzamān, A thread drawn through a needle; -dar zamān, In the time; instantly; —dar zamāni jāhilīyat, In the time of paganism (before the coming of Muhammad).

w) β dar-zan. Who knocks at the door; a needle.

در زنا dar-zanā, Dipping, steeping, dyeing.

در زنجير dar zanjīr, In chains.

مرزند darzand, Place of carnage; butchery. ازرة darza, A heap of sand or rubbish; a rent in a garment which has been sewn; a girl, daughter.

درزى darzī, A tailor.

در زير dar zer, dar zīr. Under, beneath. درزي طريع darzīgarī. The business of a tailor; sewing, stitching; -darzīgarī kardan, To sew, to do the work of a tailor.

A درس dars (v.n.), Being worn (a garment); wearing out; being menstruous; lying with a woman; treading or threshing out corn; reading a book, studying; a lecture, lesson, exercise; being scabby and pitched (a camel); a hidden path; [dars khwāndan (dādan, kardan, giriftan, guftan), To instruct; darsi rawān, Elementary lectures; -darsi 'am dadan, To give public lectures ;—dars-u-tadrīs, Learuing and teaching;]—dirs, A threadbare garment; a camel's tail.

در ساختن dar-sākhtan, To league, ally with, join; to do with, to be satisfied or content.

در ساره ،dar-sāra, An antechamber; an outer wall; a curtain hung before a door.

A درسان dirsan (pl. of dirs), Threadbare clothes.

در سپردی dar-sipurdan, To surrender, give

durust, Entire, complete, perfect, whole, well, safe, sound; straight, even; firm; accurate, correct; gold or silver; coin of the best standard; health; -durust shudan, To be repaired or mended; durust kardan, To repair; to acknowledge, to follow; to check.

درستاران darastārān, درستان darastūn, Auy gratuity over and above the stipulated wages.

درست پیمان durust-paimān, Promisekeeping.

durust-tan, Healthy in body.

درست چاتی durust-chāq, Sound, in good condition (m.c.).

درست خوان durust - khwān, A correct reader.

درست دینار durust-dinar, Good money.

a درست عيار a durust-'iyār, Of full standard or measure; who gives exact weight; just, equitable.

durust-kār, Upright, of integrity درست كار

(m.c.).

durust-kirdar, Of upright con-

درست كمان durust-gumān, A staunch believer.

durust-go (qū), Truth-speaking. درستگی durustagī, Soundness, healthiness. darasta, Pardon, forgiveness.

درستى durustī, Entireness, soundness; propriety, amendment, adjustment, reform; seriousness, gravity; [ba-durustī, In truth;] -dursatī, dursitī, Name of the daughter of Noshirwan,

درس خانه dars-khāna, A school.

درس خوان dars-khwān, A student; anyone who reads to another.

دس گاه dars-gāh, A school.

درسة darsa, Forgiveness.

درش darsh, A stable, a stall; a tether for horses; -darash, A long kind of cucumber. درهت durusht, Rough, hard thick; fierce,

wild, fell, morose, stern, oppressive; rugged, unequal; notched (sword); dispropertionate; hairy.

ewit-pasand, Dull, stupid, درهت پسند durusht-pasand, Dull, stupid, rustic, boorish.

درهت خوار durusht-khwār, Who fares hard. درشت خوى durusht-khoy. Of a harsh disposition.

durusht-kho'ī, Harshness of

disposition.

مرشت گوش durusht-gosh, Dull of hearing. darashta, Forgiveness, remission of

درهتي durushtī, Roughness; severity, fierceness; violence; [durushtī kardan, To treat with harshness;]-durshatī, durshiti, Name of the daughter of Noshirwan (see .(درستی

در هدن dar-shudan, To be in; to enter; -ba-kare dar shudan, To be engaged in

certain business.

در هکر بیزی بودن dar shakar-bezī būdan, To weep, to be shedding tears; to rejoice.

در هکستگی dar-shikastagī, Abatement, subsidence.

در هکستن dar-shikastan, To turn in, fold, double; to subside, abate.

R درهکه drushka, A drosky (m.c.).

در هورانيدي dar-shorānīdan, To move, stir. درهي darashī, A kind of long thin eucum-

a در صورت dar sūrat, In case; in appearance. درع A dir', Armour, whether of iron, leather, or mail; a coat of mail; a woman's shift; -dur, dura, The 16th, 17th, and 18th nights of the month, when the moon rises with the dawn.

a درع بائد dir'-bāf, A weaver of coats of

mail.

a در عرق هدي dar 'araq shudan, To be in a sweat, to funk; to blush.

a سف مقب dar 'aqab, Immediately after, behind.

a مرعه dir'a, A yard (measure);—dura'a, A cuirass, corslet (for مراعه q.v.).

a مرعبدة dar 'uhda, Due, promised, necessarv.

ξιο dargh, A dam, weir, mound.

درطال مرطال darghāl, Security, rest, tranquillity ; quiescent, at rest.

درغاله darghāla, Narrow mountain-passes. درغان darghān, A city near Samarkand.

درغست darghast, Vain, foolish, absurd. درغشت darghasht, Greens, vegetables (doubtful).

در علبكن dar-ghalbkan, dar-ghulbakan, در غلیکن dar-ghulbakin (also در غلیکن darghulpakan, در عليكين dar-ghulpakin), A door with a wicket, hatch, or lattice.

dar-gham, Name of a note in music در طم (so called from its power of expelling grief from the mind); a place remarkable for excellent wine.

درغمي darghamī, Wine produced at Dargbam.

رغو dar<u>ah</u>ū, Remainders of sweetmeats in a pot.

در فيش dar<u>gh</u>ish, Many, much, copious; a kind of apricot.

cobbler's awl; a scalpel; درنش dirafsh, A cobbler's awl; a standard, ensign, colours, banuer; lightning; light, splendour; anything glittering, shining, or flashing; a sash wrapped round the head-gear when going to battle; -dirafshi kāwān (kāwiyān), The standard

of Faridün. درفعان dirafshān, darafshān, Shining; trembling.

درفشانيدن dirafshānīdan, To cause to shine.

ەرىش زىھ dirafsh-zada, Stitched. dirafshanda, Resplendent.

راشة durufsha, A sword.

-dirafshe kardan <u>kh</u>wud درفشی کردن خودرا rā, To make oneself conspicuous, to render oneself notorious or infamous.

درنشيدن dirafshīdan, To shine; to tremble.

درننجك darfanjak, The nightmare.

نون darg, Anything hard ;—daraq (pl. of daraqat), Bucklers of leather.

daraqut, A shield or buckler of solid leather; a wicket.

a الله من dar qafā, Behind, close behind.

مرته darqa, darqih, A shield; a coat of mail; (for درخت q.v.) a tree.

درقهستان darqihistān, A grove, a wood

(see the preceding).

A مرك dark (v.n.), Prosecuting without intermission; overtaking, reaching to; understanding, comprehending, finding out; -darak, A rope's end tacked on to the main rope of a bucket that it may not be

rotted by the water; a stage or partition of hell; -darak, dark, Any possible contingency.

الله darak, A napkin, a handkerchief, a towel.

ا درکات darakāt (pl. of darakat), Steps for descending; lowest degrees; the deepest pits of hell (opposed to durajāt, " stages or partitions of heaven or paradise").

در کار dar kār, In use, in operation; necessary, useful; in requisition, required,

wanted, desired.

ىركاله darkāla, Ice; an icicle.

A درکه dirkat, A loop at the horn of a how. در کردی dar-kardan, To place within, drive into, cause to enter; to introduce; to insert; to patch.

در كشادة dar-kushāda, Open-doored.

در کشیدگی dar-kashĭdagī, A drawing in, contraction.

در کشیدی dar-kashidan, To draw in, inhale; to taste; to drink; to erase; to restore; a thread, string, twine.

در كنار dar kanar, Upon the side, brink, bank, margin, edge; asunder, apart; in the arms, bosom, or embrace.

يركندن dar kandan, To dig.

دركون darkūn, A saddle-strap, by which anything is fastened to the side of the horse; the higher lintel of a doorway; a large high raised place for sitting.

ر گاه dar-gāh, The king's court; a port, portal, gate, door; the lower threshold; a court before a palace or great house; a large bench or place for reclining upon; a mosque; -dar-gāhi ilāhī, The court of heaven;—dar-gāhi mu'allá, The sublime court, or porte.

در گذرانیدی dar-guzarānīdan, To cause to pass; to present; to raise (a disturbance); to live; to get along.

dar-guzashtan, To pass beyond, در گذشتن outstrip; to advance; to abstain, cease; to die; - az had dar-guzashtan, To exceed bounds or measure, to go beyond due

الارک durgar, A carpenter.

limits.

در گردانیدن dar-gardanidan, To roll, to toss.

در کردیدی dar-gardidan, To return, to come back; to fall.

در گرفتن dar-giriftan, To kindle; to make an impression, take effect; to occupy, fill, overspread.

در كسلان dar-gusilān, Dragging or breaking off.

در كسلانيدن dar-gusilānīdan, To drag; to break off (= كسلانيدي q.v.).

در کشتن dar-gashtan, To decline.

درگلاله dargulala, Ice; an icicle. dar-gunjidan, To be contained در گنجيدن

or held; to hold; to be filled.

درکون dargün, = درگون ی که dar-gah, A court.

درو

درکه نشین dargah-nishīn, Who lives at the royal court, a courtier.

ورليك dirlīk, كرلك dirlīk, A short-sleeved jerkin.

هرم ه daram (v.n.), Having the ankles covered with flesh.

oin, generally in value about twopence sterling; money, specie; a fish-scale; a white rose;—dirami shar'ī, Three māshas and four grains of silver.

a درما darmā, A hare.

در مار عماكي كشيدي dar māri zaḥḥākī ka-shīdan, To put in fetters.

درساى darmān, Medicine, remedy; weak; imp. of dar-māndan;—darmān kardan, To doctor; to cure.

ن رماندگی darmāndagī, Misery, distress, misfortune, want, penury; impotency, help-lessness; paralysis;—dar māndagī'i sukhan, A stuttering, stammering.

درماندن darmandan, To be unfortunate, destitute; to stick fast, to despair; to

boggle, stammer.

در ماندة dar-mānda, Distressed; helpless. در ماندة darmān-kunā, Healing; a healer. مروان كنا diram-kharīda, Purchased with money; a slave.

לתיבות diram-dar, Moneyed; scaly (fish). פתי פוט diram-dan, A money-box, a till. פתי פוני diram-duzd, A

beetle, tumble-dung. مرمسرا diram-sarā, A mint.

diram-sang. Weighing a drachma. در مستک dar musht, In hand, under control.

درم گزین diram-guzīn, A money-changer. درمل durmul, Grain not arrived at maturity, but which, when toasted, is eaten.

درم ناعريدة diram-nākharīda, Not purchased with dirams (a slave), born in the bouse.

هرمنده darmanda. Abandoned, destitute. مرمنده dirmana, diramna, Wormwood, hyssop;—dirmana'i turkī, Wormseed (Semen contra).

کر میان dar miyān, In the middle; in the midst, among, between, before, in view; pledged, staked; final, last; an interval.

در صيائي dar-miyānē, Midmost; a media-

درميدي darmīdan, To bark; to blow (doubtful word).

υιν darn, A leech.

A wys daran (v.n.), Being dirty (hands or garments); name of a mountain.

ענו durnā, A erane (m.c., see طررة durnā, A finger-nail (see طرطة). عرائق darand, Form, fashion, mode, manner, quality; like, resembling; also—

درنده daranda, What rends or tears; a tearer, render; rapacious, fierce; wild beasts.

אָנ עָנ dar nazd, Near, with, among.

در نشاندگی dar-nishāndagī, A grafting. در نشاندن dar-nishāndan, To insert, graft. در نشستنی dar-nishastanī, Fit for riding. ه در نفس م a در نفس nafas, In a breath, in a moment.

clog, hindrance; tinkling of a bell; the noise made in breaking glass or china; permanency; the future life; eternity; time; peace; sadness, affliction; destruction; (in comp.) slow, tedious, retarding;—dirang kardan (giriftan), To delay, protract.

dirang-ā-dirang, The twanging درنگادرنگ

of a bow-string.

درنگانيدن dirangānīdan (caus. of dirangī-

dan), To cause to delay, &c.

درنگی dirangī, Tardy; lateness, tardiness. درنگیدن dirangīdan, To delay, stay; to be tardy; to remain constant; to rest; (for tārangīdan) to twang.

ەر ئوردى dar-nawardan, To travel.

ن د نورد نهادی dar naward nihādan, To fold together; to conceal; to obliterate.

در نورديدي dar-nawardīdan, To fold together.

در نوهتگی dar-nawashtagī, A folding inwards.

در نوطتی dar-nawashtan, dar-nawishtan, To fold up, donble, turn inwards; to set aside; to cross out, to cancel, to efface.

a درنوک durnūg, A sort of garment; a sort of carpet.

نرنه dirna, A bright sword.

, jo dar o, In him, in it;—dirav, Harvest; [dirav kardan, To reap;—ahli dirav, Harvest-people;—waqti dirax, Reaping-season;]—dirav, durav, dirū, durū, Reapthou;—durū, Harvest;—durū zadan, To reap, mow.

type darwā, Head-downwards; inverted; raised, cocked; the angels Hārūt and Mārūt; necessary, needed; astonished, amazed, dizzy; [darwā shudan, To stand erect, to be cocked; — darwā kardan, To erect, raise, toss;—sar darwā dāshtan, To hold the head erect;]—durwā, True; name of the kings and grandees of India.

לענ[†]ל darwākh, Recovering from illness, convalescence; strong, firm; courageous, brave; right, true; sure; courage, bravery; severity, grossness; sureness, certainty; vice, blemish, disgrace.

دروار darwār, Necessary; dizzy, bewil-

ار باز ماری dar-wāz, Large gates, or doors of a city, palace, or fortress (always open): a

city, palace, or fortress (always open); a aquare, market-place; mendicity.

دروازياي darwāzbān, A porter; a warden, keeper, guard of mountain-passes, gates, and the like.

market-place, or exchange where merchants meet, and mendicants beg; (hence) begging; a pass through mountains; a boun-

dary; name of a fortress or castle; a town in Paphlagonia; lintel of a door;—darwāza'i gosh, The ear-bole; -darwāza'i nosh, The mouth ;-darwāza'i hazār gām, A milestone; —az darwāza ba-dar raftan, To perish,

ن ورازة بان darwāza-bān, A door-keeper, a

porter.

دروازي darwāzī, Warden, keeper of a city. درواژ darwāzh, Inverted, with head downwards; necessary; astonished; necessity, suitableness.

درواس darwās, Name of a weight; door-

post.

درواكردة darwā-karda, Up-raised (curtain). درواني darwān (for dar-bān), A porter, door-keeper.

ມ່າງ darwāna, A trap-door to a roof.

دروانيدن dirawānīdan (caus. of dirawīdan), duruwānīdan (caus. of durūdan), To make, reap, &c.

درواه darwāh, Topsy-turvy; giddy; neces-

sary, suitable.

darwāy, Raised, erected;—darwāy shudan, To stand, to be erect, or cocked.

نروايست darwāyist, Necessary; becoming; harmony, agreement; accord, consent; inverted, topsy-turvy.

درب ه durūb (pl. of darb), Passes through mountains; narrow streets; gates,

روبست darobast (dar-u-bast), E tirely, totally, all.

darūbitāris (G. δρυοπτερίς), Fern upon oak-trees.

الاروبند dar-u-band, Good order; ornament, adornment.

مروع ه durūj, Going, passing by; dying without issue, becoming extinct; exceeding a year and not foaling (a camel).

الرود durod, Timber, a plank;—durād, Harvest; benediction, mercy; prayer; praise, thanksgiving; name of the last of the five intercalary days added to the Persian year ;—durūd dadan (rasandan, firistadan), To send greetings; to offer up prayers; -durūd rasad, Greetings come from; -durud kardan (guftan), To salute; to bless; to bid farewell.

ארני של durod-kār, אוני של durodgar, A carpenter.

دردگری durodgari, Carpentry.

درودي durūdan, To reap, mow, cut down;

to praise (doubtful meaning).

اورو ه darūr, (A camel or camels) giving much milk; —durūr (v.n. of 50), Streaming in rays (as milk or rain); flowing; -dururi manī, Spermatorrhœa,

ن و زن durū-zan, A reaper.

A دروس durūs (v.n. of درس), Being obliterated (traces of a building).

دروش diravsh, An awl; a banner; a sash wrapped round the head in battle; the lobe of the ear; lightning, splendour (see

درفش) ;—darūsh, The wound or impression made by a cautery or surgical instrument; -durosh, durosh, A lancet; - dirawish, Mowing, reaping.

Eyos durogh (S. druh, drughdha), A lie, falschood; -durogh āwardan (pardakhtan, zadan), To say or commit a falsehood; durogh bāftan (bastan bar kase), To feign a lie and pass it upon anyone.

الرفاز برداز durogh-pardaz, ون الرفاز عربان durogh-gan, خروج كو durogh-gan, خروج كو durogh-gan, كو durogh-gan, A liar; —durūgh-go dar-āwardan, To give one the lie, to make one out to be a liar.

درغ کوئی duro<u>ah</u>-gū'ī (go'ī), False-speak-

a مدرغ وعدة durogh-wa'da, Who makes false promises.

دروغي duroghī, False; a liar.

وروقينون darūqīnūn, Dragon-wort.

دروك durūk, Planks, scantlings.

درگر diravgar, Reaper;—durogar, Carpenter.

وري darān, Within; interior, intimate; heart; bowels; a festival; name of a city in Khurāsān; $[dar \ddot{u}n - u - b \ddot{i}r \ddot{u}n, Internal and]$ external; within and without; $-t\bar{i}ra$ -darūn, Black-hearted; — durūn, A corn-measure; a form of prayer used by the fire-worship-

אנט אנע darūn-parwar, Generous, brave, noble-hearted; a warrior in defence of religion; a winner of hearts; a propbet; God.

a درونع darūnaj (for P. درونک q.v.), Dronicum ;--darūnaji 'agrabī, Roman leopard's bane.

دروند darwand, A bolt; a hook; name of a medicine; name of a wrestler; = درېند q.v.; -durwand (in Zand and Pazand). Wicked, perverse, heretical.

درون دار darūn-dār, Malevolent, grudging ;

a hypocrite, a dissembler.

درونده dirawanda, A reaper, mower.

درون رويه darūn-rūya, Inwards, insidefacing.

درون ریش darūn-resh, Heart-sore.

درونستان darūnistān, A temple, golden shrine.

درون سنج darūn-sanj, Wise; a warrior for the faith.

درونك Dronicum, leopard's $dar\bar{u}nak$, bane.

درون نشينان darūn-nishīnān (those sitting within), Solitary persons; hermits.

ωην darūna, darona, The inside, belly; Dronicum (a herb);—darūna, durūna, durona, A bow; the rainbow; the bow of a cotton-dresser.

درونه تاب darūna-tāb, Heart-burning, soulconsuming.

دروني darānī, Internal, interior, intrinsic ; intimate, confidential; the inside.

dirwa, A patch to be sewn to a garment.

در وى dar way, In him or it.

درويدي dirawidan, To mow, reap, cut.

درويده darawida, Reaped, mowed.

درويزة darweza, مرويزة darwezha, The practice of begging, mendicity; -darweza'i dil, Visions; the contemplation of the invisible

دريش darwesh, Poor, indigent ; a dervish. monk; -darweshi sultān-dil, The poor man with the heart of an emperor, i.e. Muhammad.

درویش پوش darwesh-posh, Clothing the poor; dressed like a mendicant.

darwesh-dost, Who befriends درویش دوست the poor; whom the poor hold dear.

درويشانه darweshāna, Like a pauper or monk; food collected by a mendicant; food ready at hand, pot-luck.

درويشي darweshi, Poverty; a religious

درويه darūya, A patch (see درويه).

المرة dara, darra, A valley (especially between hills through which a stream flows), a gully; the stomach of beasts which rominate; (met.) an insatiable stomach; name of a district in Badakhshan; [dara'i āsmān, The milky way; -dara kardan, To yawn; -durra, A scourge made of twisted thongs with which offenders are punished, or a drum is beaten (see A. 5, durrat); proof, demonstration.

درها darhā (pl. of dar), Gates, ports, doors; ways, means;—durhā, Pearls;—durhā'ī baizā, White pearls; stars; light-

a مرهام darhām, Current coin;—dirhām, A farthing, a coin.

درهشته darhishta, A gift; beneficence, liberality.

دره کاری کردن durra-kārī kardan, To inflict the punishment of the lash, to flog.

رهم dar-ham, Intricate, confused, entangled, intermixed, intertwined, distorted, embroiled; afflicted;—dar-ham būdan (shudan), To be (become) intricate, &c.; -darham kardan, To entangle, coufuse, &c.; dar-ham nishastam, To thicken, become gross (as darkness); -- rūy dar-ham kashīdan, To contract the face into wrinkles, to frown.

dirham, dirhim, Money.

dar-ham uftāda, Ruined, fallen درهم أفتأده into chaos and confusion.

אנשא אנשא darham barham, Confused.

ور هم پيده و dar-ham pichīda (هم پيده pe-hīda), Twisted, curled.

-darham-paiwastagi, Inter درهم بيوستگي mixture, interlacement.

darham-paiwasta, Intermixed, interlaced, intertwined.

a ن درهم زن dirham-zan, A coiner.

درهم کشیدگی darham-kashīdayī, A shrivelling, shrinking, puckering; corrugation. در همه جا dar hama jā, In every place.

درهمي darhamī, Confusion, disorder. هره darhū, A kind of wicket through which they roll a ball.

در هوا dar hawā, In the air, suspended. المرق darī, Belonging to a door; belonging to the royal court, courtly; one of the three surviving dialects of the seven anciently spoken in Persia, said to prevail chiefly in Balkh, Bukhārā, and Badakhshān, and called the language of the court and of Paradise; an abode; a place for sleeping; a small carpet (the last three meanings doubtful); dwelling upon the mountains, mountain (adj.); hence: - kabyi darī, A kind of graceful-stepped, musical-voiced partridge.

a درى darrī, dirrī, or durrī, A sparkling

star glittering like a gem.

دريا daryā, A sea, ocean; a river; (in the language of mysticism) pure, uncreated, divine essence; —daryā o-rā girad, The sea takes hold of him, i.e. he becomes sea-sick (m.c.);—daryā ba-jūyi khwesh bastan, To conduct the stream into one's water-course, so as to make it permanent; -daryā bar ru zadan. To dash a sea into one's face, i.e. to awake with a vengeance, to startle out of sleep;—daryā khwurdan, To drink (sea-) deep;—daryā shikāftan, To travel by sea, to voyage;—daryā guzāshtan, To create a sea or a river (as by bloodshed);—daryā kashīdan, To drain a sea (or river), to drink to excess; -daryā u-saḥrā, Sea and land; daryā-u-kān, Sen and mine, i.e. the universe;—daryā'i abyaz, The White Sea; daryā'i akhzar, The Indian Ocean; the sky; —daryā'i adriyātīk, The Adriatic;—daryā'i arumīya, The lake of Oroomiyah; —daryā'i aswad, The Black Sea; — daryā'i a'zam, The ocean ;—daryā'i baṣra, The sea of Basrah; (met.) a large cup filled with wine; — daryā'i baltīk (pāltīk), The Baltic; — daryā'i bī-nihāyat, The boundless deep; daryā'i sālis, The clouds (the two other seas, iu a metaphorical sense, being the mists on the earth and the waters above the heavens); -daryā'i chīn, The sea of China;—daryā'i hāmila, A sea abounding in pearls; wine; -darya'i khazar, The Caspian Sea; — daryā'i khūn, An ocean of blood; -daryā'i rūm, The Mediterranean Sea; —daryā'i zar-afshān, Name of a river near Samarqand; —darya'i sa'ila, A sea abounding in pearls; wine; -daryā'i shāhī, The lake of Oroomiya (shāhī being the name of promontory on its shore); -daryā'i shahd, Name of the River Hirmand; $-daryar{a}'i$ ' $aqlar{\imath}$, The sea of intelligence which surrounds the throne of God; -daryā'i 'ummān, The Persian Gulf;—daryā'i qarā dangīz, The Black Sea (m.c.);—daryā'i qulzum, The Red Sea;—daryū'i qīr, A sea of pitch, i.e. a dark night; an inkstand full of ink;—daryā'i kāshyhar, The Sea of Kashgar (see bahri ghamām under ;-);—daryā'i la'l (a sea of ruby), A cup filled with wine;—daryā'i mānsh, The English Channel (m.c. from Fr. la Manche);—daryā'i muḥīt, The ocean;—daryā'i maghrib, The Western Ocean;—daryā'i nīl, The River Nile;—daryā'i hind, The Indian Ocean;—az daryā sadma dīdan, To suffer from sea-sickness (m.c.);—ba-daryā andāhtan, To launch (a ship);—ba-daryā dādan, To wash; to remove; to withdraw a glance.

حريات daryāb (imp. of dar-yāftan), Know; knowing; (an older form of daryā corresponding with Pars. daryāw) a sea.

עני אין daryā-bār, Raining like a deluge; abounding in rivers; the ocean; a seaport; the south coast of Laristān and Karmān.

درياهانيدي daryābānīdan, To make understand.

مريابد daryā-band, A port, haven ; a dock-yard; 3rd pl. of the aorist of dar-yāftan. مريابده daryābanda, Intelligent.

روبايدى daryābīdan, To hang, suspend. t دريا جيگي daryā-begī, An admiral (m.c.). مريا جيگي daryā-da, A lake, pool, mere. دريا دل daryā-dil, Bonntiful as the sea. دريا دل daryā-rav, Travelling by sea.

ل درياس م diryās, A lion.

مريا هكسته daryā-shikasta, A sea-breach. مريا هكسته daryā-shukoh, Majestic as the sea. كريا هكرة والمناقبة dar-yāft, Perception, understanding, knowledge; attainment, acquisition; discovery, inquiry, investigation; — daryāft kardan, To discern.

daryāftgar, A discerner.

دريالتكى daryāftagī, Penetration, saga-

وريانتي dar-yāftan, To understand, know, perceive, find out, comprehend, experience, be acquainted with; to accomplish, arrive at, overtake; to help, assist.

درياك diryāk, Treacle; the bezoar; opium.

درياً كار daryā-kār, A mariner.

دريا كش daryā-kash, A bottomless toper, a deep drinker (able to drain a sea).

a دريا کف daryā-kaf, Bounteous as the ocean.

دريا كيار daryā-kanār, The sea-shore.

درياكار aryagar درياكار q.v.

درياكري daryāgarī, The trade of a mariner. درياكري daryā-gosh (sea-ear), A shell.

a دريا نوال daryā-nawāl, Bounteous as the

a دريا نوالى daryā-nawālī, Excessive liberality.

دريا نورد daryā-naward, A voyager.

دریا کش طaryā-nosh, دریا کوش q.v. دریا کش daryā-nosh, دریا کوئان daryāwagān, World (sea and land, see daryā-u-kūn, under ادریا).

دريا يسار ه daryā-yasār, (Vast) as the sea in wealth.

دريائي daryā'ī, Marine, maritime; a voy-

ager; (met.) troubled (the heart); in distress (as a ship).

درية daryat, diryat (v.u. of درية), Know-

ing.

المريخان darejān, دريجان darechān, An astronomical method or rule, according to which the constellations are divided into three classes (see دريكان).

a small hole for the admission of light; a wicket; a mould in which goldsmiths cast gold and silver; a part of the saddle; a mountain-peak (unsupported);—darīcha'i gosh, The ear-hole.

ريع darī<u>kh</u>, dirī<u>kh</u>, = وريع q.v.

دريد ف duraid (dim. of adrad), Somewhat toothless; a man's name; a nickname.

دريدي darīdagī, Rent, tear, laceration. دريدي darīdan, To tear, rend, lacerate; to cut out (cloth); to lay open; to subtract; to be loosed; to be torn;—durīdan, To reap, mow.

دريدة darīda, Torn; glaring (eyes); [darīda shudan, To be torn;]—durīda, Reaped.

دهن مريده دهن darida dahan, Plain-spoken; open-mouthed; talking at random.

درير ه darīr (v.n. of درير), Going lightly, or galloping hard (a horse).

دريس dirīsh, A kind of play. a دريس dur-yasār, Having the left hand

full of pearls.

دريغ darīgh, Stupid, foolish; — diregh, dureah, Denial; refusal; repugnance, disinclination; sorrow, vexation, grief, anguish; regret, sorrow for past offences; a sigh; omission, failure; slow, slack; difficult, troublesome; a particle of pity and regret) ah! alas!—diregh ämadan, To sigh; to fear; -diregh khwurdan, To sigh, devour sighs, grieve; -diregh dashtan, To withhold, keep back, refuse, spare; — diregh kardan, To deny, refuse, withhold, reject; to lament, pity, regret; - diregh nist, There is no denial or refusal, you are welcome to it ;—ma-rā dire<u>ah</u> mī-āyad (miyāyad), I am sorry, I regret; I refuse, am unwilling, den y.

دريفا direghā, Ah! alas! well-a-day! دريفا dar yak sū, In one part.

دریکان daregān, Certain astronomical

figures. مريمنه darimana, Wormwood of Pontus.

aṣṇā, In the meantime;—dar īn taṇṇaʾī, In this world;—dar īn taṇṇaʾī, In this world;—dar īn juṃbish, At this moment;—dar īn mā bain, In this interval;—dar īn maidān, Here below;—dar īn walā, Now;—dar īn hangāma, The world.

دريواغ darīwākh, Refusal, denial; defect

(unsupported by examples).

darewās, The four door-posts; the bar of a door; the four sides, circuit, or circumference.

در يوزة , dar-yoz در يوزة , dar-yoz كر يوز beggary, asking; a charitable collection; a beggar; -- daryoza kardan, To beg; to ask humbly, to implore (also construed with the verbs āmadan and firistādan).

دريوش daryūsh (Pars. daryos), A religious

mendicant.

نز daz, A gallery, balcony;—diz, A fortress, castle, or city; -dizi safed, A fortress mentioned in the Shah-namah.

פּנְלְתְ (for מֹן שׁנְ daz-ār, A builder. שנו שׁנּב diz-aftā, A fort built by Shāpūr. در النا ما diz-afnā, A fort built by Shāpūr.

ن duzd, A thief, robber, assassin; theft; one of the four sides of a dice;—duzd uftādan, To make a thieving expedition; -duzdi tarāzū, Who cheats in weight; -duzdi hinā, White places remaining in the hand after staining it with henny; -duzdi khāna (khānagi), A thief under one's own roof; duzdi sham', The winding-sheet of a candle.

دزدار diz-dar, Governor of a castle or fort. ورد افشار (افشرة) duzd-afshār (afshara), An abettor of thieves; a thief; a nest of

مار دام jo diz-dām, A dungeon.

دردان duzdan (pl. of duzd), Thieves.

allojo duzdana, Thief-like, stealthily; a thief; a robber.

نيدن duzdānīdan, To cause to rob.

درد بردة duzd-burda, Stolen goods.

ຜ່າວງວ duzddan, A hole in a wall, into which the bolt or bar shoots, a staple; stocks, pillory.

نو كان duzd-gāh, The home or hiding-

place of thieves.

درد کیر duzd-gir, A thief-catcher.

టుప్పు dazdama, A planet.

ن الله duzdnāk, Infested by robbers.

مَرْدي duzdī, Robbery, theft; — duzdī az hinduwân 'ajab na-buwad, A theft committed by Indians is nothing to be wondered at (proverbial); -duzdī kardan, To filch, steal.

دزديدگي duzdīdagī, Theft, thievery, stealing, larceny; - duzdīdagī'i nigāh, The steal-

ing of a glance.

درديدن duzdīdan, To rob, thieve, steal.

درديدة duzdida, Stolen, purloined, pilfered; a furtive glance; by stealth, clandestinely; -duzdida būdan, To be stolen; -panja'i duzdida, Five intercalary days added to the Persian year.

الله عن diz-<u>gh</u>āla, A citadel ; a tower. الالاعن dazak, A towel, napkin, handker-

chief; -dizak, A small fortress or fort. الا عن daz-gāh (vulg. for dast-gāh, q.v.), A

weaver's shop, &c.

ار دار dazgāh-dār, A banker.

الماري duzmār, Name of a place famous for its lead or for a mine of lapis lazuli.

ىرىدىس dizandis, Alike, resembling; apparent, manifest; as before; immediately, forthwith.

وزهري diz,harj, diz,hurj, diz haraj, Jerusalem, an idol-temple.

jo dazh, A gallery, balcony ;-dizh, dazh, A fortress; ugly, bad; wicked; bad-tempered; anger; adhesion; a father; -duzh, Wicked, wickedness; number.

اهنگ duzhā-āhang, Bad-tempered. נין זְּשְׁנ dizh-abad, Passionate; formidable. دوار for الازار dazh-ār, A builder (see دوار). مَرُاكَامُ dizhāgām, Chaste, abstemious; a

eunuch. dizhāgāma, dazhāgāma, Angry, dazhāgāma moody; ill-natured; chaste, abstemious;

a eunuch.

اراكاة dizhāgāh, هاي dizhāgah, Passionate, blustering, grumbling; spleenful, moody, ill-tempered, angry, cruel; the commander of a fortress; an executioner.

الرد الإر dizh-ālūd, Passionate; peevish;

wild, fierce (beast).

ن آلون dizh-ālūn, Injustice, violence; alas!

انگان dizhāngāh, Angry, passionate.

اهنگ dizh-ahanj, عنا أهني dizh-ahang, Surly; formidable; bow and arrow; a small-pointed spear; ruthless; -dizh-āhangi afrāsyāb, A cave in which Afrāsyāb took refuge.

دز بان dizh-bān, Commander of a fortress. יף און dizh (dazh)-baraz, אין אין dizh (dazh)parāz, Fierce, cruel, bloody; wrathful, badtempered; ugly; crude, raw; a caviller.

burud, Frowning, scowling; grim.

ئ پسند dazh-pasand, Temperate, chaste.

ارية dizhpih, dazhpih, and— غير إن dizh-pīh, هريد إن dizh-pīha, A kernel in the flesh; a gland, bubo; scrofula.

ي من خيم dizh-khim, = دژ خم در کمی dizh-<u>kh</u>ay, dizh-<u>kh</u>ī, A jailer;

angry.

ن عيم dizh-khīm, dazh-khīm, Malignant; ill-tempered; an executioner; a jailer; a keeper; the governor of a fort; ugly; avaricious, close-fisted.

دوعيمه رنگ dizhkhima-rang, Of malignant

aspect. ין טון dizh-dar, The occupant or commander of a fortress.

الله عالم dizh-ghāla, A citadel; a tower (see

.(دز غاله

ان dizhik, dazhik, A knot on a rope;— -duzhuk, A blister upon the hand or foot;

دوكاك dizhkāk, dazhkāk, A carrion-bird. در كام , dizh-kām ن كامة dizh-kāma در كام dizh-gām, مَرْ كَامَع dizh-gāma, Irascible, angry; abstemious, chaste, sober; a cunuch; aged.

ان عن dizh-gāh, Angry; malignant; an executioner.

ن و كامه dizh-gama, = در كامه q.v.

1,5 30 dazh-guwar, (Meut) hard of digestion; uncongenial; difficult to cure.

ئير كير duzh-gīr, Acid.

ట్రెప dizhla (for dijla), The Tigris.

of dizham, Drunken, crop-sick; fierce, enraged, furious; melancholy, dejected, sad, downcust, disturbed, distracted, sick; thoughtful, anxious; black, dark.

edizh-mān, Regret, vexation; refusal; like a fortress, high, grand (this

meaning unsupported).

الله مرساك dizhamnāk, Sad, grieved.

الله منش dizh-manish, Wearied, tired, displeased, sated, cloved, loathing, averse; aversion, dislike.

ພາງ duzhan, dizhan, duzhn, Acid, pungent.

در نام duzh-nām, Of evil omen, sinister; pustules ; = دهنام q.v.

دزند dizhand, Acid, tart; passionate, testy.

sharp, hasty.

tless dazhwākh, Thickness, coarseness, grossness; convalescence.

دوران dazhwān, dizhwān, A sigh; regret, grief.

دزوك dizhwand, Wicked; irreligious.

bjo dazha, dizha, Angry, passionate; a seal (this unsupported).

نكت كنك dizhhukht. كنكت dizhhukht. gang, this dishharj, dishhurj, Jerusalem; an idol-temple.

edazha-gīr, An instrument of iron, دره کير with which they scrape a kneeding-trough.

duzhham, Kernels behind the ears, or under the arm-pits.

دۇھوست كىك ,dizhhukht-yang دۇھوغت كىك dizhhust-gang, Jerusalem.

دۇيپە dazhīpa, = دۇيپە q.v.

مين dizhina, A cobbler's awl (unsupported).

دس das, (in compos) Like, resembling; that; (for dast) the hand; -dus, Burnt clay.

н دس das, dis (S. dasan), Ten; (S. imp. of dans) bite thou.

دس م daes (v.n.), Hiding (one thing under another).

دسانبر ه dasātīr (pl. of dustur), Copies, models, exemplars; title of sacred books attributed to ancient Persian prophets.

disar, A fibre of the trunk of the palm-tree, used in the place of oakum in caulking ships.

مارت dasārat (?), Unlawful gain (doubt-

ful word).

a دسام disām, A spigot, plug, cork, or anything by which orifices are stopped up

(of bottles, pipes, wounds, or ears)

مست dast, The hand; the hand including the arm to the elbow; a cubit, an ell; the fore-feet (of any quadruped); a handle; side; a hand-shaped leaf; a coral-branch; a term applied to hawks or falcons; the chief seat of precedency given to the most honoured guest; a cushion upon which they sit; a prime minister; power, strength;

pre-excellence, superiority, victory; advantage, emolument, profit; a successful opportunity; rule, method, manner; time, turn, occasion; stool, purge, evacuation; end, termination, limit, boundary; trade, art, profession, labour; a game at dice; equal, par; anything complete; (in India) the actual collections (as opposed to sist, the assessment); [dast ākhtan, To stretch out the hand for ;-dasti ākhir, The last time or turn; the last throw or stake at dice;—dast az āstīn bar-āwardan (bīrūn āwardan, bīrūn kardan), To push the hand out of the sleeve; —dast as āstīn sar-tez kardan, (met.) To abstain from violence ;dast az pā khatā kardan, To mistake hand and foot (to be utterly confused);—dast az jan shustan, To wash one's hands of life; to despair; —dast az damani kase afgandan, To separate from ;—dast az dahān bardāshtan, To talk plainly, impudently, or obscenely; —dast az sar giriftan, To show no mercy; to pay no respect to; to refuse help;—dast as māst, We bave the upper hand; it is our turn; now our opportunity has come :- dast uftādan, To obtain, learn, find; find out; -dasti afsos, The hand of grief; dast afshandan, To dance; to display, publish; to abandon; -- dast āmadan, To be fluxed; -dasti amr, The function of a prime minister; —dast andakhtan, To swim ;-dasti auwal, The first time or turn; the first throw or stake at dice;dasti o na-mīrawad, He does not succeed in; -dast ba-ab rasandan, To perform a religious ablution; to ease nature, to stool (which would necessitate an ablution);—dast ba harif fire koftan, To prepare for wrestling;—dast bākhtan, To give as a prey;—dasti bād-paimā, A hand that clutches at the air (as in light-headedness);—dast bāz dāshtan, To hold the hand back from, to desist; -dast bālīn kardan. To rest or sleep on one's arm (in lack of a pillow);—dast bā man dih, Give me your hand (proverbial expression in moments of great pleasure or enjoyment);—dast babālā'i yak-dīgar nihādan, To fold the hands (in idleness);—dast ba-burd, He prevailed, excelled, or conquered;—dast ba-bar zadan, (met.) To accept ;-dast ba-bai'at dadan, To become one's disciple;—dast ba-dāmani kase dadan, To become one's follower or disciple;—dast ba-dast āmadan, To pass from hand to hand; -dast ba-dast burdan, To earry in haste; to promote to honours; dast ba-dasti harīf dādan, To join hands with an adversary (preparatory to wrestling); -dast ba-dast rasidan, To come in haste; to attain to honours; -dast ba-dasti kase paiwand kardan, To render assistance to ;-dast ba-du'ā bar-āwardan, To lift up the hands in prayer or supplication :—dast ba-dallâl dādan, = dast ba-zīri

shāl burdan, q.v.; —dast ba-dandān kandan (giriftan, gazidan), To be vexed, sorry ;dast ba-dīwār dādan (kashīdan), To grope one's way along the walls (as one whose eyes are dazzled); -dast bar (bar bālā'i) abrū giriftan, (met.) To be dazzled, unable to see; -dast bar-afshāndan, To dance; dast bar-āwardan, To supplicate, entreat for; to come off victorious; to pretend to; to bring up;—dast bar takhta (chop) bastan, To tie the hands to a board or log (as a punishment); (met.) to render weak, helpless, impotent; - dast bar tarkash nihādan. To prepare for war; to adorn oneself (a mistress); to do something wonderful: - dast bar chashm nihādan, To accept; -dast bardār shudan, To refrain, desist, remit; -- dast bar-dasht shudan. To be dismissed :-- dast bar-dashtan, To withdraw the hand; to leave, to let alone; -dast bar dar zadan, To knock at the door; -dast bar dast zadan, To wring the hands; -dast bar dast nishastan, To sit down helpless; dast bar dil būdan, To be anxious, uneasy, pained; -dast bar dil shudan, To pine or consume away with envy ;-dast bar dil guzāshtan (nihādan), To engross the mind; to keep back, restrain; to afford consolation; to give a flat denial to one's inclinations; - dast burdan. To carry off, to excel; -dast bar dosh afgandan (andākhtan, guzāshtan), To lean upon (from weakness); -dast bar dosh zadan, To pat one's shoulders, to be kind or pitiful;dast bar doshi kase dashtan, To obey;dast bar dahān burdan, To sigb, grieve, repent; -dast bar dahan kardan, To eat; dast bar dīwār būdan, To grope one's way; —dast bar rukh (rū) giriftan, To cover one's face (with shame); -dast bar ru'i dast nihādan. To sit idle: - dast bar sar shudan. To make obeisance ;—dast bar sar kashīdan, To give permission; to say good-bye; dast bar ear giriftan. To place the hand to one's head (in salutation, or as a sign of distress); -dast bar sari man, Your fate or lot be mine also; -- dast bar sar nihādan, To salute; to accept; -dast bar sina nihādan. To condole, to console;—dast bar falak shudan, To lift the hands up in prayer;dast bar kare bastan, To exert oneself in a matter; -dast bar kafsh nihādan, To worship, do homage;—dast bar kamar dāshtan (zadan), (met.) To boast, to brag; dast bar kamar mandan, To boast ; to stand idle; dast bar-kandan az chīze. To give over, desist from ;-dast bar gulū āwardan, To strangle; -dast bar-mālīdan, To make ready, prepare for; -dast bar na-dāshtan, To stick to one until the wished-for object is obtained; — dast bar-nihadan, To indieate, point out; -dast bar-ham sūdan, To wring the hands; -dast ba-zīri zanakh sutūn kardan, To be pensive or melancholy;

-dast ba-zīri (dar tahi) sang amadan (būdan), To be submissive, captive, afflicted, or tormented; —dast ba-zīri shāl burdan, To indicate to a broker under cover of a shawl, &c., by the fingers, the price for which one is willing to buy or sell; -dast ba-shākhe (bar-shākhe) afgandan (zadan), To be on with a new love or friendship; to wish for something fresh; --dast ba kīsa wa 'ishq ba-darwaza, The hand is in the pocket and love out of doors (said of one who prefers wealth to love); -dast bīrūn kardan, To supplicate, &c. $(= dast \, bar \cdot \bar{a}wardan)$; to cut off the hand; (met.) to withdraw the hand; to fight; -dasti bai'at, The hand given in a compact; -dasti pas, The end of any business; stakes given to the winners at dice; a low seat, a throne; -dasti pasin, The last throw or stake at dice; -dasti pasin koshidan, To make a last effort;dasti pīrāhan, A sleeve; -dast pesh āwardan, To hold out the hand, to beg ;-dast pesh dashtan, To stand with the hands crossed before another; to supplicate, to beg; to hinder, to refuse; -dast peshi dahan giriftan, To hold the hand before the mouth in speaking to another (a sign of good breeding); -dasti peshīn-rā badal nīst, Circumstances have not altered;dasti tū bar sari mān, May all that befalls you, befall me also; -- dast hama'il kardan, To embrace; —dasti jāma (khil'at), A complete suit of (honorific clothes); -- dasti chap. The left hand ;-dasti khāna. A house with all its belongings; -dasti khar, The penis of a donkey; coarse abuse; -dasti khatar, A move or throw, on which heavy stakes are depending; a high and perilous station; -dasti khūn (dast khūn), The last move at chess; a game in which the vanquished party stakes his limbs; a throne for which the possessor has waded through seas of blood;—dast dādan, To give the hand; to assist; to humour, favour one's wishes; to come to pass; to strike a bargain; to rest; to happen; to succeed;dast dashtan, To delay, defer; to execrate, curse; -dast dirās kardan, To stretch out the hand; to rob, to exercise violence;dast dar astin dashtan. To be out of employ; -dast dar ästin kardan, To hinder from work; to fight, to quarrel; -dast dar baghal burdan (dādan, nihādan), To be idle; —dast dar hinā guzāshtan, To be idle; -dast dar khūn zadan, To fight; -dast dar dandan mandan, To be astonished, amazed, perplexed; -dast dar dahan giriftan, To prevent from speaking; -dast dar rikāb zadan, To run beside one's stirrup, to follow in attendance on a great man; -dast dar raughan dashtan, To live in abundance: —dast dar kāre zadan. To set to work: dast dar kīsa zadan, To be liberal, to bestow largesses; — dast dar garībāni kase

būdan, To quarrel, to fight ;-dast dar gulū kardan, To disgrace;—dast dasti ost, He has power over him, overcomes him; dasti rast, The right hand; the right wing of an army; a gift, largess, bounty; a prime minister;—dasti rakht, A complete travelling outfit; -- dast rasīdan, To come to pass, to happen; —dast rawan kardan, To exercise children in writing fluently; dast zadan, To make haste; to strike with the hand; to clap the hands, to applaud (m.c.);—dast zīri kaf māndan, To be subjugated; to be captive;—dasti sabū, The handle of a pitcher; -dasti silāh, Full armour; - dast shustan, To wash the hands; to abandon, to despair; - dast salib kardan. To stand with the arms crossed upon the breast; -dasti tambūr, The neck of a guitar; —dast firāz burdan, To lay hands on ;-dasti fulan ma-rezad, May the hand of such a one not perish (said in prayer for one who has done a great thing); -dast fishandan, To dance; to expose, divulge; to leave; - dast qalam kardan, To cut off the hand; to write; -dasti kase giriftan, To help one, to bring one assistance; -dast kashīdan, To touch, to stroke with the hand; to stretch forth the hand; to withhold, hinder; to leave off working; -dast kafcha kardan, To beg; -dast kandan, To grieve, be sorry for; -dast kota kardan az, To abstain from, to renounce, to shun; —dast guzārdan (gustakh kardan), To give as a prey, to give over to; -dast gazidan, To regret, sorrow for; dast guzīdan, To choose or aspire after the highest place; —dast queistan (dar-gueistan) az. To separate from ; -dast gushādan, To open the hand, to exercise liberality; to decide upon (?); -dasti māhān, The hand of the fair or of the cup-bearers; -dasti majlis, The place of honour in an assembly; dasti mūsá, The sun; dast numūdan, To show one's power; to show to the seat of honour; - dast nawardīdan, To twist, i.e. to ply, one's hands or arms;dast wa-kardan, = dast gushādan above;dast u baghal būdan (shudan, raftan, gashtan), To be or become one's equal; -dast u pā afshāndan, To be convulsed (as in death-struggle); to sprawl; — dast u pā basta, Bound hand and foot; -dast u pā bosidan (bosanidan't), (met.) To tread under foot, to render thoroughly submissive; -dast u pā zadan, To beg with importunity; to give up the ghost;—dast u pā gum kardan, To be troubled, perplexed; to lose oneself; to be frightened out of one's senses; -dast u teghe darad, He has a sword and knows how to use it, he is brave; -dast u dile dārad, He is liberal and generous; -dast u dahān (rū) ūb (baāh) kashīdan, dast u rū shustan (tūza kardan), To wash hands and face; -dast u

gardan gashtan ba kase, To become intimate with; -dast u garībān shudan bā, To be very near to; to fight or quarrel with; -dasti wizarat, The post of prime minister; - dast yaftan, To take occasion, find an opportunity; to get possession of, conquer, subject;—dastī ki na-tuwān burid bayad bosid, The hand which cannot be cut off, should be kissed; (met.) a thing from which you cannot sever yourself should be guarded with the utmost care;—dast yaki kardan bā, To consent, to agree with ;-az dast, Off-hand, immediately (see also از دست);—az dast āmadan (bar-amadan), To be able to ;—as dast bargiriftan, To annihilate; -az dasti dahr jastan, To die; -az dast raftan (shudan), To be lost, to perish; to be senseless, or helpless; —az dast guzāshtan, To give up, to abandon; —ba-dast uftādan (āmadan), To obtain, to come to hand ;-ba-dast āwardan, To bring to hand; to seize, to occupy; ba-dast būdan, To be at hand; to attend, to be ready (see also بدست p. 163) ;—bar dū dast giriftan, To make every effort, to exert oneself to the utmost; —dar dast āmadan, To come to hand, to obtain; —dar dast giriftan, To take in hand, to undertake;dar dast u på afgandan, To render submissive, to subjugate; —dar dast u pā'i kasc uftadan (pechidan), To urge ;-da dast bardashtan az, To renounce entirely; zīri dast āwardan, To subdue, to conquer;— rāh-rā sīri dast āwardan, To end one's journey;]-dist, A span; a trident, harpoon, fishing-spear, fizgig.

A دست dast, A plain, desert.
منت dastā, A towel, a napkin; a sash wrapped round the turban.

ابراز dast-abrās, A tool, implement. dast-abranjan, A bracelet. دستاد dastād, Many, much; very.

دستادست dast-ā-dast, From hand to hand; a ready-money bargain; the two wings of an army; a struggle.

dastar, The sash or fine muslin cloth wrapped round the turban; a handkerchief, napkin; a towel; an apron; imp. of dast awardan, q.v. under :--dastāri khwān, A table-cloth; —dastāri mussaqib, The handle of a wimble; -chashmi chun dastar, A white, i.e. blind, eye.

الستارين dastārān, Drink-money; money paid before work is done.

دستار برزك dastār-buzurg, A wittol, pimp. دستار بست dastar-bast, A fine linen turban. دستار بند dastār-band, A servant who makes up the turban; - dastār-bandān (wearers of turbans), Chiefs, nobles, learned men, doctors, judges, lawyers; dervishes.

دستارچه dastārcha, A small turban or sash; a bandkerchief; a towel; a pennant, bandrol; -dastarcha'i 'alam, The streamer of a flag;—dastārcha sākhtan, To present an offering; to try to conciliate;—badastārcha dādan, To bestow a present.

dastārcha-sāz, A present which

is sent wrapped up in linen.

dastār-khwān, A table-cloth; a long table; victuals carried home by the guests from an entertainment.

dastar khwanchi, A table-

decker.

دستان دستان dastār-dastān (dastāri dastān?), A sleeve.

مستار سر dastār-sar, A turban; a shroud. نست ارجن dast-aranjan, A bracelet. مستارو dastārū, A bracelet.

دست ارة dast-arra, A hand-saw.

لامني dast-āzmāy, Trying one's hand; experienced;—dast-āzmā'ā, Practice, experience.

امن dast-ās, A hand-mill; a large mortar;—dast-ās kardan, To grind.

دستاً سنك dastā-sang, A sling.

دستاش dastāsh, A faggot, a bundle. dast-āshnā, A negotiator.

افراز dast-afrāz, A tool, implement. مست افشار dast-afshār, A kind of com-

pressible gold, and a ball or orange made of it.

كست انشان dast-afshān, Dancing; dancer. دست انگن dast-afgan, Occupied; weak; a servant; a keepsake.

دستانی dustāq, Imprisoned, fettered. مستاکرد dastākard, دستاکرد dastāgard, The

handle of a saw.

a دست استمان dast-imtiḥān, Exercise of

strength.

الموز dast-āmoz, Accustomed to the hand, tame, gentle, tractable; a bird trained to hunt; skilful, dexterous, handy.

dastān, History, romance, fable; song, melody, trill, shake; the key of a musical instrument; footish, idle talk; fraud, imposture, stratagem; name of a magician; of a place in Samarkand; of Zāl, father of Rustam (also called dastāni zand, where zand is said to mean "great"); (pl. of dast) hands.

dast amboya (ambūy), مست البوي dast amboya (ambūya), Anything odoriferous (particularly a species of small melon or apple which is carried in the hand on account of its delightful perfume).

dast-andāz, A dancer; a swimmer; a cut-purse; an archer; an oppressor; transgression, trespass, infringement; rapine, plunder; one who goes side by side with another; a balustrade (m.c.).

ون مستان dastān-zan, A magician, impostor; a story-teller; one who touches the key or chords of a musical instrument.

دستانوند dastān-zand, The father of Rus-

tam.

دستان سراى dastān-sarāy, A chanticleer ; melodious.

دستالا dastāna, An agricultural tool; a whip; a glove.

اراجِن dast-auranjan, A bracelet. مست أوراجن dast-avzār, A tool.

dast awes, A firm hold; a small present (such as an inferior carries to a great man, that he may not go empty-handed); a voucher, document, signature, note of hand, or bond; a title-deed.

dast-āweza, A present (see the

preceding).

المناهنگ dast-ahang, An agricultural tool.

دست با دست dast bā dast, Hand in hand; very near; agile, quick, speedy.

لاست با پادهاه dast ba pādshāh, Hand (i.e. being on an equality) with the king.

معتبار dast-bas, Active, dexterous; one who makes away with all he has; clever at chess.

دست بازی dast-bāzī, Trick or sleight of hand; toying with the hand; pleasure, joy.

نست بالا dast-bālā, Prevailing; snperior, victorious;—dast-bālā'i jāma, The border or hem of a garment.

dast-bāna, A glove; a bracelet. مست dast ba-dast, From hand to hand; joined hands; expeditious; readymoney purchase.

المن dast ba-dil, Weak, powerless,

helpless.

ניים ארט dast-barjan, A bracelet.

dast-burd, Pre-excellence, superiority, advantage, victory (at play, in war or law); the science of warfare;—dast-burd numūdan, To conquer, to overcome, to be victorious.

دست بر دهای dast bar dahān, Eating. دست بر سر dast bar sar, Stupefied, perplexed; grieving; humble, dejected.

دست برنجن dast-baranjan, A bracelet. معم dast bar-ham, and—

مست المستة dast-basta, Close-fisted, avaricious; engaged in prayer; manacled.

دست بقبمة dast ba-qabza, Hand to the hilt, sword in hand, ready for battle.

دست اقبیه dast-buqcha, Wrapper of a bundle.

cast-band, Swathes for the hands; a dance where they join hands; a brace-let; a group of men or animals;—dast-bandi hinā, Remains of henna adhering to the hands.

ست بندى dast-bandī, The manner in which dogs and similar animals sit; captivity; lowliness.

دست وسی dast-bosi, دستبوس dast-bosi, Kissing of hands.

دست بويه dast-būya (boya), A kind of melon.

دستپاچگی dast-pāchagī, Haste, precipitstion, hurry.

دست پاچه dast-pācha, With hand and foot, in haste, precipitately.

دست پاك dast-pāk, Chaste, religious; a towel.

up, or cooked by the hand; reared with tender care.

دست پس زده dast-pas-zada, Who haggles in bargaining.

نست پناه dast-panāh, A glove; tongs.

يع دست dast-pech, = إويز q.v.

dast-pechī, To fight with the fists, to box.

dast-pesh, A suppliant, beggar. dast-paimān, An agreement ratified by all striking hands; furniture which a bridegroom sends to the house of the bride; a dowry.

دست تلک dast-tang, Indigent, poor.

دست تنگی dast-tangi, Poverty.

مست تهی dast-tihī, Empty-handed.

a المستوات dastajāt (A. pl. of dasta), Companies, troops (m.c.).

a كستية dastajat (from P. هستية dasta), An armful.

دست چالاك dast-chālāk, Light-fingered ; a thief.

دست چالاکی dast-chālākī, Lightness of finger; stealth; a civil war, duel.

رست جربی dasti charb, دست جربی dasti charbī, Help, assistance; riches, wealth; —dasti charb ba-sari kase kashīdan, To bring advantage to, to promote another's interest.

دست چمك dast-chamak, Power, authority.

رست چون dast-chob, Walking-stick ;

a دست مایت dast-ḥamāyat, A protecting hand.

متخر dast-khar, Reproach, reviling. a دستخا dast-khat, Hand-writing, signature.

ال مستخران dast-khwān, A long table-cloth, napkin; a pinafore.

دست خوردهٔ dast-<u>kh</u>wurda, Used up by wear

دست خوش dast-khwash (dasti khwash), Buffoonery; a towel; weak, under command; easily procured.

ישים אולן dast-dirās, With long hands or arms, &c. (= פולן נשים q.v.).

دستدرازي dast-durāzī, Violence, oppres-

دست دهي dast-dihi, Help, assistance; offering one's hand to another to indicate consent or approval.

دستر dastar, A hand-saw; a small sickle. a د من dast-rad (radd), Wages.

whatever one is equal to; fruit, which one can reach with the hand; aid, assistance; arriving, obtaining; able; greatness, power, ability; order, arrangement; — dast-ras kardan, To assist; to follow, to arrive.

دست رسی dast-rasi, Ability.

what is gained by labour; trade, craft, skill, handiwork; hire, wages; trouble, labour, exertion.

دسترة dastara, A hand-saw; a small sickle.

دست ريس dast-res, Spun, or twisted thread.

نست زدع dast-zada, Struck with the fist; rubbed with the hands; seized, conquered; sifted.

ين dast-zan, Vexed; a dancer, singer.

دستزیک dast-zīg, A mason's rule. مستونای dast-sāz, Hand-made.

الست سنگ dast-sang, A sling.

dast-soza, A betrothed woman. ماند dast-shāna, A kind of comb, with which the threads of silk are kept separated when twisting them into ropes.

dast-shustuni, Whatever is employed for washing with; any lotion with an infusion of marsh-mallows or myrtle-leaves.

a لست هفا dast-shifā, An epithet of a physician who is successful in restoring his patients to health (one who has healing in his hand).

مست هکسته dast-shikasta (brokenhanded), Unable to procure a livelihood, and ignorant of any trade, art, or profession.

دست هکن dast-shikan, Bruising the hand; a curling lock.

or the water in which the hands are washed; washing the hands; potash; despair, hopelessness; imp. of dast shustan, q.v. sub

a حست طلب dast-talab, Begging, want.

a - a dast-ghaib, Surname of a dynasty of Persian princes (as enjoying favour with the invisible world).

a دست فال م dast-fāl, Handsel.

dast-farsūd, مست فرسوده dast-farsūda, Worn by the hand.

دست فرجن dast-faranjan, A bracelet. دست فروش dast-farosh, A hawker, a retailer.

dast-faroshi, Pedlery. دست فرهي

دستفاله dast-qāla, A reaping-hook (see راست کال

a دست قدرت dast-qudrat, Power, ability. a مست قلم dast-qalam, Having the hand cut off; a writer.

bandle; a spindle; a clapping of hands; a pass, passport, permit, licence; a summons or order to appear; a commission; a rap at the door;—dastak zadan, To beat time; to clap the hands in order to call somebody.

المستخار an artificer, handicraftsman, one who lives

by the work of his hands; dexterous, expert, expeditious; a hand-bill; a royal order stuck on a wall, or cut on stone;dast-kāri fulān, The handiwork of such an

دستكارى dast-kārī, An art, trade; handi-

craft, dexterity.

دستكاله dast-kāla, A reaping-sickle.

دستك پياده dastak-piyada, One sent by an Amil to receive rents.

دست کرد dast-kard, The handle of a saw

(دستاکرد see).

نستك زن dastak-zan, One who beats time in music; a dancer, musician, singer; peni-

tent, sorry, vexed, in a pet.

رستك يهاده = dastak-suwar وستك سوار dastak-suwar دستكش dast-kash, A led horse; highstepping, mettled; a guide of the blind; reward of labour; a weak bow for practising; weak, oppressed; a captive; a beggar; firm; a falconer; a young hound; a horse's colt; a tire-woman; a glove (m.c.).

دست كشاد dast-kushād, Liberality.

دست کشی dast-kashī, Touch, gentle friction; begging, mendicity; -- dast-kashī kardan, To beg.

دست كشيده dast-kashīda, Possessed. claimed, occupied,

دست کله dast-kala, Fetters for a borse :

لوتاه dast-kotāh (کوتاه kotah), Weak; unsuccessful.

دستكى dastaki, An ornament for the hands; a falconer's glove; a pocket-book, tweezer-case.

دستگاه dast-gāh, A weaver's shop; a workhouse of any kind; a laboratory; plant (of a manufactory); a public office; any manufacturing instrument, a loom; utensile; a merchant's counter; understanding; wealth; excellence; learning; wisdom; power, strength, ability; a buffoon; subducd, weak, impotent; —dastgāh nihādan, To distribute wealth; to renounce wealth; -dast-gahi wujud, The sense of hearing, seeing, touching, taste, and smell; imagination; thought; memory; common sense; auspicious, august; - zafar-dastgāh, Victorious;—ma'dalat-dastgāh, Where justice is exercised.

اری dast-guzār, Assistant, helper,

دست کرای dast-garāy, Subdued, weak, impotent.

دست گرفته dast-girifta, A helper, an assistant

دست کردان dast-gardan, A form of buying, by which part of the price is given to the seller, then re-taken by way of loan, to be handed back as a further instalment, and so on until the full amount is reached. when the purchaser is considered as owner of the object bought, and as debtor for its

price, which must be paid at a stated term (construed with dadan, kardan, giriftan).

ust-guzīn, Choosing for oneself the chief seat; anything which is the object of one's choice; a led horse. مستكاه q.v.;—dast-gahi

dīrpāy, The heavens; the world; durable

riches.

دستگی dastagī, The world; time; fortune; a friend; an ally, helper; a falconer's glove.

دستگیر dast-gir, Taking the hand; an assistant, patron, protector; a saint; im-

prisoned; taking prisoner.

! dast-girā, O (my) protector لستكيرا دستگيري dast-giri, Assistance, aid, help; defence, patronage, protection; imprisonment.

دست فال dast-laf, Handsel (for دستلاف

دستمال dast-māl, Rubbing the hands; a towel; a handkerchief; a kettle-holder; dinner-plate; easy, smooth; bare; a prisoner; wealth; -dastmāl takān dādan, To wave a handkerchief (m.c.).

dast-mālcha, A small towel. dastmāl-shoy, Who washes

the plate, a scullion.

نستماية dast-māya, Stock-in-trade; source. دست مرد dast-mard, A friend, helper, ally.

دست مردى dast-mardī, Intercession, help. dast-muzd, Wages; recompence. دست موزة dast-mūza, A tool; a present; a wadded garment worn by women in win-

دستنبد dastambad (bud), A kind of dance. dastambū, dastambo, دستنبوي dastambūya, dastamboya, Perfume.

دستنهن dastanjan, A glove, gauntlet. دست نشان dast-nishān, Placed upon the hand; appointed to a work; obedient.

دست نشين dast-nishīn, Sitting in the

place of bonour.

لست نگر dast-nigar, Needy, wanting. رست ننگی = dastangi, دست ننگی q.v. مستنگی dast-namāz, Ablution before prayer.

q.v. دست ط dast-nuwisht, = المت نوهت دستوار dastwār, A walking-stick; a shepherd's crook; anything a span long; an assistant, ally; a wound; a bracelet.

الاه dastawāra, dastwāra, Anything a span long; anything capable of being taken in the hand; a walking-staff.

دستوان dastuwān, dastwān, A gauntlet, a glove; a bracelet; a servant who takes care of the clothes of bathers.

دستوانه dastwona, A bracelet; a gauntlet; a falconer's glove; the chief seat of prece-

دست و پا dast-u-pā, Effort, painstaking; -dast-u-pā nihādan chize-rā, To take pains in a matter, to exert oneself.

ردامن dast-u-dāman, Refuge. دست و دهان dast-u-dahān, In closest

proximity.

دست و دهن آب کفان dast-u-dahan āb-kashān, Who performs an ablution before

dastūr, Leave, permission, licence; dismission, congé; a prime minister, vazīr, senator, councillor of state; a confidential person; a model, exemplar, rule, basis, foundation, canon, original of a book, record, formula, or any writing of authority to which people have recourse; custom, mode, manner, fashion; constitution, privilege; a customary fee, tax, or per-centage; fulfilment of a promise; a bolt, bar; a large log laid across a ship as ballast; a high priest of the fire-worshippers; a powerful man;—dastūru 'l-'amal, A model, rule, regulation;—dastūri mukarram, An illustrious councillor.

مستور a dustūr, A note or common-place book; a senator, grandee; a pillar; a

canon, copy, exemplar, model.

a متورات dastūrāt, Perquisites or percentage allowed to a zamīndār on the collection of his lands.

دست ورجن dast-warjan, A bracelet.
مان dastūr-shāh, A royal diadem.
دستور نماه dast-waranjan, A bracelet.

المحورة dast-wara, A hand-saw; earnings. محتورة dastūrī, Perquisites paid to servants by one who sells to their master, fees; leave; custom; anything thrown in, or placed upon another (as if one should buy a pound of sugar, and an apple should be put on the top).

دسترم dastūm, Recollection, memory, re-

flection.

دستون dustūn, The dung of animals.

دسته dasta, A handle, helve, haft; a handful; a handful of reaped corn or flowers, a shock, a nosegay; a hank or skein of silk or thread, clew; a lock of hair; a pestle; the neck of a guitar or violin; a quire of paper; a friend, assistant, ally; an assemblage of people; a bundle consisting of twenty-four arrows; a division of an army, brigade; a swathe for binding a sheaf of corn; impudent, audacious; impudence, audacity, rudeness; importunity; fault, offence; [dasta'i bel, A child's play (also called ستة پل dasta pil) ;—dasta'i dast-ās, The handle of a hand-mill; -dasta'i rismān, A reel for winding thread upon; dasta'i sā'at, The twelve cyphers of the dial of a watch or clock; $-\tilde{d}asta'i$ sitl, The handle of a pail;—dasta'i tā, The resemblance of the letter I conspicuous in the letter b, which is therefore called ta'i dasta-dār; —dasta'i kārd, A knife-handle; -dasta'i kāghiz, A quire of paper; a bundle of letters; — dasta'i kālaska, A train of carriages (m.c.);—dasta'i gul, A

nosegay; the sun; $-dasta'i \ marw\bar{a}r\bar{\imath}d$, A string of pearls; $-dasta'i \ h\bar{a}wan$, A pestle; $-yak \ s\bar{a}'at \ az \ dasta \ guz\bar{a}shta$, At one o'clock of the day;]-dusta, A stone.

العندة چالك dasta-chilik, A bat for trap-

ball.

دسته چوب dasta-chob, A staff; importunity.

رية المناه dasta-dār, Commander of a brigade. (See also tā'i dasta-dār under دسته).

دسته دسته دسته dasta-dasta, By handfuls.

دسته کولک dasta-kūk, To be wound up by

the handle, keyless (watch, m.c.).

dasti, A torch or link carried in the band; any vessel which may be lifted by the hand; an earthen bottle, pot, cruise, drinking-cup with two handles; a large open vessel for washing clothes or dressing skins; assistance;—dastī sākhtan, To work by hand, to produce by human labour (m.c.);—pesh dastī kardan, To make haste, finish soon.

لست ياب dast-yāb, Opportunity, occasion; procurable;—dast-yāb shudan, To find, to have found occasion;—dast-yāb gardīdan, To be acquired.

دست يانى dast-yābī, Control ; prefecture. مستار dast-yār, Assistant, helper, mini-

ster; pupil, disciple; subject.

الستيارة dast-yārā, A gold or silver bracelet.

دستيارى dast-yöri, Aid, assistance; defence; power, strength.

دست یافت dast-yaft, Victory; opportunity.

دست یالته dast-yāfta, Successful.

نستياني dast-yōna, A gauntlet; a bracelet; a scourge; a fiddle-stick; a letter, scroll; letters patent; a necklace.

a متنع dastīj (from P. dastī), Any vessel which can be lifted up by the hand; a

handle (this meaning doubtful).

a دستیجله dastījak, A little vessel. A دستینج dastīnaj, A lightning-cloud.

carria, Any female ornament for the wrists, of gems, gold, or silver; gloves; a handle, a haft; the neck of a guitar; anything written at the bottom of a letter (as signature, date, or postscript); an autograph; a royal diploma or charter, an edict or decree of a judge.

ture;—das-khat (for dast-khat), A signature;—das-khati khās, A sign manual, a

royal signature.

دم dasr (v.n.), Piercing with a spear, thrusting; repelling; lying with; caulking a ship.

throwing up (as beasts when chewing the cud), vomiting, expelling; filling anything; the sinking of the veins in the flesh.

دسقيروطوس dasqīrūṭūs, Dioscorides. a دسكره daskara, A town; a castle on a

hill; a litter for transporting the sick;

name of a town in Persian Iraq.

A دسم dasm (v.n. of دسم), Corking, elosing (a bottle, the ear, or a wound); wetting the ground slightly (rain); effacing a trace; shutting a door; —dasam, Fatness; -dasim, Fat, greasy.

مسمر daemar, A kind of fattening pulse. E دسمس کورت dismisi kūrt, Dismissal (of a

cause) by the court.

نسمو dasmū, A French bean. دسمة dasma, A sort of pulse.

A asw (v.n.), To diminish; to hide, to be hidden.

دسوردة daswarda, A rolling-pin.

دسوك dusūk, dasūk, A small stick, wand.

موصلًا , dusumat, Greasiness

دسة dasa, Thread which remains on the loom after the weaver has cut off what has been woven; a weaver's clue of thread; dusa, A stone ball.

A Louis dasis, The concealing of a stratagem; an incurable stench of the arm-

A مسيعة dasī'at, A valuable gift, a donative; nature, disposition; a goblet; a dish; a table magnificently covered; strength, power.

دين dasīna, A jar, large

vessel.

dash, Ostentation; a handsome form or picture; resembling;—dush (S. dur, G. Sus), Evil, bad, ugly (in such words as dushman, dushnām, &c.).

dushbud, An ill-shaped and crooked دهبد

bone.

معبل dushpil, A kernel دهبل

growing in the flesh, scrofula.

دهت dasht, A desert, plain without water; a burial-ground; a chess-board; dry musk; name of a tract of country in Khurāsān; also of a town in Azarbaijān; and of a village near Isfahān; [dashti arzhan, Name of a place three leagues distant from Shīrāz; dashti istabraq, A verdant. desert; — dashti - āward-gāh, A battle-field;—dashti kipchāk, The desert of Kipchāk in Tartary; -dashtı karbalā kardan, To visit the plain of Karbala (in pious remembrance of Husain, the martyred son of Ali); -dashti gurdan (nīzawaran), The desert of the heroes (armed with lances), Arabia; -dashti lāla, A plain in which tulips grow wild; -dashti yalani yaman, The desert of the heroes of Yaman, Arabia]; -dusht, Foul, shameful, ugly,

dasht-afroz, Name of a pleasureground.

دهتان dashtan, A menstruous woman.

دهتبان dashtuban, A watch set over sown field to drive away wild beasts.

معت پیما dasht-paimā, Who travels over deserts.

dusht-khwār, Difficult, arduous. suwa-rān, Those who lead a roving life in the desert; the open country of Arabia; a cemetery.

a مير dasht-sair, A journey in the desert.

دهت گړد dasht-gard, A traveller in the desert.

دهت گردی dasht-gardī, A wandering or travelling in the desert.

dusht-nām, Abuse, reproach.

ورد dasht-naward, = بيما ورد q.v. دهتی dashtī, Wild ;—dushtī, A leech.

معتمان dusht-yād, Slander, secret whispering.

dashtibān, A watch set over sown دهتيبان fields; name of several places in Persia; also of a place in Turkistan.

dushkhwār, Dangerous, difficult; heavy, severe; indisposed; sorrow; hea-

dushkhwār-pasand, Approving دهخوار پسند difficulties.

dush<u>kh</u>wārgar, دهخوارکر

دهخواري dushkhwārī, Difficulty, trouble; danger; -dushkhwārī namūdan, To give pain.

dush<u>kh</u>īm, Abuse, reproach, reviling.

دهسته dishista, Perceived, felt.

طاهه dashk, dishk, dushk, A silken thread drawn through a needle.

د مکره dashkara, = وسکره q.v.
dushki, Thread wound about a spindle.

disham, An awl; -dishum, Afternoon, evening prayer.

دهمان dushmān, An enemy.

dashmar, A kind of pulse for cattle. دهمن dushman, An enemy, foe, adversary;—dushmani jānī, A mortal enemy; dushmani jahr, An open enemy ;--dushman dāshtan, To hate, to hold as an enemy; dushmani zātī, A natural foe; —dushmani sirr, A secret enemy; —dushmani qawi, A powerful foe.

دهمناكي dushmanagī, Enmity. دهبنايكي dushmanäyagī, Enmity. دهبن دار dushman-dār, A hater.

دهمن داهته dushman-dashta, Hated. دهمی داهته هده dushman dashta-shuda,

Hated, held in aversion.

دهمن زاده dushman-zāda, The son of un enemy; a born foe.

دهمن هكار dushman shikar, A hunter or seizer of enemies.

دهمن هكنر dushman-shikanī, Slaughter of foes; discomfiture of an enemy.

cushman-kām, Who is such as the enemy wishes him to be, unhappy, miserable, helpless; calamity; hostile, inimical.

دهمن کامی dushman-kāmī, Enmity, hatred.

که کاه معمن کاه dushman-kāh, Who abases the enemy.

دهمن کُوب dushman-kob, Routing the enemy.

سهمين گدار dushman-gudāz, A destroyer of enemies.

دهمن گرای dushman-gazāy, Who injures (lit. bites) enemies.

مهنگير dushman-gīr, Taking an enemy. دهني dushmanī, Enmity, hatred, detestation;—dushmanī dāshtan (kardan), To bate.

dashma, Name of a wrestler of Iran. مهبر dashmīr, Contrary; the elements.

عدن dashn, Handsel (see auwali dasht under A. رائر), where perhaps dashn should be read for dasht, although Bahāri 'Ajam takes dasht to be a corruption of dast, adding, of course, the proverbial "God knows best").

دهناد dushnād, Many, much.

مخام dush-nām, Ill name, abuse, reproach, taunt, invective;—dush-nām dādan (zadan, firistādan, kurdan, kushīdan, guftan), To give a bad name, vilify.

مده مده مده dushnām-dāda shuda, Re-

proached, reviled, cursed.

دهنام دهناه dushnām-dihanda, Fore-finger.

dushnām-gīr, Who remains calm under abuse.

دهنام یافته dushnām-yāfta, Abused, re-

dashang, The husk of a date; a branch whereon dates are growing; name of a city in Khatāy; a dam of wicker-work; a silken thread

دهنگی dashangi, Time, fortune; the world.

dashnawa (nusupported), and--

worn by the men of Lar; a sword, scimitar; a narrow knife-blade; (construed with the verbs ārāstan, khwurdan, zadan, shikastan, nihādan);—dashna'i subh, A morning ray.

مكام هكار dashna-shikār, Who hunts with

a cutlass.

دهنه کاری dashna-kārd, A dagger, poniard. محورا dushwār, Difficult, hard, troublesome, arduous; a billy, mountainous country;—dushwār zadan (kardan), To perform a difficult feat.

عموار بسند dushwār-pasand, Fond of knots or difficulties.

دهوار عو dushwār-kho, Bad-tempered.

دهوار زاى dushwār-zāy, Producing with pain.

دهوار گذار dushwār-guzār, Difficult to pass. dushwārgar, Hilly; a mountain. معوارگير dushwār-gīr, Impregnable (for-

دهواري dushmārī, Difficulty;—dushwārī-hā'i rāh, Difficulties of the road.

دهیشگه dashīshak, دهیشگه dashīsh-gah,

Night.

A & da' (imp. of &), Meddle not, let alone; take care, mind you do not slip;—da" (v.n.), Driving with vehemence; burning.

A seed du'o' (v.n. of jes), Invocation, prayer; salutation, congratulation, benediction; imprecation;—du'ā kardan, To offer prayers; to say good-bye;—du'ā guftan, To bid adieu;—du'ā'i bārān, Prayer for rain;—du'ā'i bad, Curse, imprecation;—du'ā'i janshan, Prayer before battle for safety;—du'ā'i khair, Prayer for good, blessing, benediction;—du'ā'i daulat, Prayer for one's prosperity;—du'ā'i 'āfyyat kardan, To wish health, salute, bless, congratulate;—du'ā'i qadah, Prayer for rain;—du'ā'i gundam, Prayer spoken over wheat in distributing it.

A دعاب di'ab, The act of playing with ;---

da"āb, A jester.

A šiles du'ābat (v.n. of Les), Playing; playfulness, jest.

A when du'at, Invocations, prayers.

a دعاکوی du'ā-gūy (goy), A preacher; wishing well, benevolent; a supplicant; a public dancing-girl.

a دعا كوثى du'ā-go'ī (gū'ī), Invocation of

a blessing.

A معام di'am, and—

a دعامه $di'\tilde{a}ma$, A tent-pole, pillar, column.

a distant $du^i\bar{a}^iiya$, Benedictory ;— $jumla^ii$ $du^i\bar{a}^iiya$, A benedictory sentence ;— $k\bar{a}fi$ $du^i\bar{a}^iiya$, The conjunction ki, opening a prayer.

A -cs da'b (v.n.), Driving, thrusting;

copulating; playing, jesting.

A دعبل di'bil, A robust camel; an old she-camel; name of a poet belonging to the sect of 'Alī.

A case da's, A disease;—di's, Remains

of water.

A ges da'aj (v.n.), Being large and very black (eye).

A معماد da'jā', Black-eyed (woman).

A عمد da'd, Name of a woman celebrated for beauty.

A Elass da'dā', šeses da'da'at, da'da'a, Shaking a measure to make it hold more; filling; calling a goat; calling to one fallen, to rise and be careful; going slow and with short steps.

A بعد du'r, A wood-worm; name of the father of Mālik the Khuzā'ite, who drew Joseph from the well;—da'ar (v.n.), Smoking (wood); being deprayed, spoiled, ruined.

A גיש da'z, A pushing, thrusting, driving away; copulating; coition.

معس م da's (v.n.), Cramming ; trampling

under feet; piercing (with a spear); (a road) distinguished by many marks;— di^ss , Cotton.

A دعق da'q (v.n.), Beating (a path); exciting, stirring up; putting to flight.

A أبعد da'wa (for أيم da'wa), Law-suit. A عوات da'wat (pl. of the following), Prayers, benedictions, invitations, &c.

A bes da'wat (v.n. of es), Inviting to a feast; invitation, call; prayer; petition, request, entreaty; an assembly, a convivial meeting; the Ismaila sect; an emissary of that sect;—[da'wat shudan, To be invited (m.c.);—da'wat namūdan, To invite, to call;]—da'wat, di'wat, Pretension, claim to relationship (true or false).

a معرت کر da'wat-gar, Who summons,

calls, invites, an emissary.

A dipes da'wá, in P. also da'wī (v.n. of pes), Invoking, praying (God); pretension, claim, demand; plaint, action at law, lawsuit; charge, accusation; contention, assertion;—da'wāyi barābarī kardan, To pretend or claim equality.

a عبل دار ع da'wá-dār, A plaintiff, claim-

ant

a دعولي کاري da'wá-kārī, Pretension. claim.

a دعول کر da'wá-gar, A plaintiff, claimant.

a دعویکی da'wīgī, Supplication.

Es dagh (for dāgh), Mark, stigma; bald; one whose beard, mustachios, eye-brows, and eye-lashes have been cut off; ground where nothing grows;—biyābāni dagh, A barren desert.

Les daghā, Imposture, deceit, treachery; seduction, adulation; vicious; false; insincere; a bastard; base money; sediment, dregs; rubbish, sticks and straws;—daghā khwurdan, To be cheated; to meet with deception;—daghā kardan (namūdan), To deceive circumvent.

الله daghā-bāz, An impostor, cheat, traitor; fraudulent.

دغا بازى daghā-bāzī, Fraud.

مُشِي لِكَ daghā-pesha, Sly, artful, cunning.

عدد dughd, A bride.

נאבון dagh-dār, Branded; blemished; a slave;—dughdār, A falcon.

clases daghdaghān, The nettle-tree (Celtis australis).

a औरअरू daghdaghak, Titillation.

a &£3£3 aaghdagha, dughdagha, Fear, confusion of mind; an inclination for anything; — dighdigha, Tickling under the arm-pits.

دغدر dughdā, Name of a bird weighing about fifty pounds, the dodo (now extinct); —dughdā, معدوده dughdāya, Name of Zar-

dusht's mother.

A jes daghr (v.n.), Invading or attacking (au enemy); driving back, thrusting away; coition.

dagh-sar, Bald-headed.

a دعل daghal, Depravity, corruption; blemish, defect; fraud, deceit, villainy; base coin; thorns for heating a bath; lees, dregs; an impostor, villain; a cutpurse; a blockhead; lazy, indolent; false, insincere; a forest, wood, thicket;—daghali khākdān, The world; the human body;—khāna-daghal, One who disgraces his house.

a المقادلة daghal-bāz, = |

a دعل دارى daghal-darī, A slanderer; a

hypocrite.

a دعل دوست daghal-dost, A pretended friend.

a ون خفل و daghal-zan, A fornicator, adulterer; a coiner or adulterer of money; a perfidious villain.

a دغل نمل daghal-fasal, Treachery, deceit,

depravity.

a معلى daghlī, Treacherous; — daghalī, Fraud; treachery, villainy; bastardy;—daghalī namūdan, To cozen.

دغو dughū, = درغو q.v. (unsupported by

examples).

a دغول daghāl, A cheat, impostor, a bastard.

الله daghuwai, Name of a forest.

daf, Name of a single drum (i.e. with only one skin), a cymbal, tambour de basque;—daf zadan, To beat the tambour, i.e. to want, ask, beg.

مك daff, The side, the surface of a

thing ;- daff, duff, A drum.

A you dafātir (pl. of daftar), Books, registers; volumes.

A Elss difā' (v.n. 8 of cs.), Spurning, driving away; delaying in paying a debt or obligation;—daffā', One who repels with violence; one who defends his rights;—duffā', A great current of water, a surge, billow, wave.

A with dafā'in (pl. of dafānat), Concealed, kept close (women); things buried or hidden; treasures.

A &s daffat, A page; either side of any-

thing.

دفتر A book, record, register, journal; a roll, list, catalogue, inventory, account-book, index; a bundle of papers or written documents tied together in a cloth; -daftari abwābu 't-taḥwīl, Register of household expenses;—daftari abwābu 'lmal, Register of the public revenues; -daftari a'māl, Book of life;—daftar andar-shikastan, To make a register; -daftar shikastan To turn down the leaf of a book:—daftari qāṣī, (met.) The tripe;—daftar kardan, To enroll, put down in a list, make an inventory; — daftari parīn-rā (daftar-rā) gāv khwurd. The accounts are settled; -daftari makhlud, A perpetual record; — daftari maugufāt, Chamber of accounts;—daftari namadī (namadīn), (met.) Illusory work, anything futile or inane.

a دنتر اراى daftar-ārāy, Adorning a book. a دنتر بند daftar-band, A filer of records; an office-keeper; a book-binder.

a مغرجه daftarcha, A small book, a book-

let, &c.

a المترخانة daftar-khāna. A public office where they keep the archives, with a particular register of the royal pensions and donations; the record-office; an office, counting-house.

a وفتر خرع daftar-kharch, Office-charges.

a منتر دار که daftar-dār, High treasurer, intendant of the finances, chancellor of the exchequer; keeper of records;—daftar-dāri sultān, High treasurer of the Sultān or king; Custos Rotulorum of the Privy Domain (m.c.).

دفتر نگار ه daftar-nigār. Who keeps au account-book, a book-keeper, a registrar.

a دنتر نویس daftar-nawis A clerk, registrar.

a دفتری daftarī, An office-keeper.

موندين dafta, دفتين daftīn, A weaver's comb. دفتين daftī, (probably for A. daffatain), The sides or boards (of the binding of a book); pasteboard.

dafr (v.n.), Stinking; offensive smell from the arm-pits;—dafar, The breeding of worms in meat from putrefac-

tion.

دازك dafzak, Thick, gross, fat. عاد ماز daf-sāz, A drummer.

A منع daf' (v.n.), Pushing, thrusting, driving away, beating off, parrying, repelling, averting, warding off; repulse;—daf' andākhtan, To drive off, postpone;—daf'i tatash, Slaking thirst;—daf'i gham kardan, To drive off care;—daf' kardan, To evacuate.

منعات dafa'āt (pl. of the following), Times, instants.

A kab daf'at, daf'a, A race, a heat; one time, once; a moment, an instant; [daf'atan. Suddenly;—daf'a ba-daf'a, From time to time, repeatedly;]—duf'a, A rush of water; a rain-pour.

a مان معن daf'a dār, A subaltern officer

of cavalry; a head peon.

a دندی dafe, Then, immediately; again. A دندی dafq (v.n.), Pouring out (water). دندی dafak, A butt or mark for archers. دنکنی daf-kash, A little window or peep-

hole in a woman's apartment.

م دفل difli, دفل difli, A certain poisonous plant called in Persian <u>kh</u>ar-zahra.

الله dafta, A small tambourine.

when defined interring, burying; [dafn budan, To be buried; — dafn kardan (namudan), To bury;]—difn, Name of a place.

دت نواز daf-nawāz, A drummer, a player

on the tambourine.

دنوك dafnāk, dafanāk, A saddle-cloth of silk intermixed with gold; an iron mace,

a club (= چماق q.v., this meaning doubtful).

دفيله كردي dafila kardan, To march past, to file off (m.c. from French défiler).

دنيني dafīna, دنين dafīna, Hid, buried under ground; a buried treasure; a concealed well, fountain, or cistern; a latent disease.

begging, mendicity; a bald head; a kind of costly stuff; contradiction, opposition; —daq az dil-bar, A certain wrestling-trick; —daq zadan (kardan), To beg;—daq girif-

tan, To reproach, vilify.

A 33 daqq, in P. mostly daq (v.n.), Bruising, pounding small, braying (in a mortar); [daqi bab kardan, To knock at the door or gate;—daq u laq kardan, To make a brawling noise;]—diqq, Subtile, minute, slender; a hectic fever, consumption, atrophy; teasing, trouble; small wood; chips.

دنان ه diqāq, Chips, latbs;—duqāq, Minute, small;—daqqāq, A mealman; a fuller.

A duqāqat, Bruised rice;—daqqāqat, A pestle for bruising rice.

a دناتى daqqāqī, Fulling;—daqāqī kar-dan, To thump, pound; to full.

moments; meals, flours.

A & diqqat (v.n. of 3), Being fine, minute (as dust or flour); slenderness, delicacy, exility; a subtile or minute thing; abstrusity, difficulty, nicety; punctuality, accuracy;—duqqat, Small dust carried away by the wind; pounded salt or seasoning; elegance, comeliness, beauty.

a دقت پسند diqqat-pasand, Liking subtil-

ties or difficulties.

a دی دار منام diqq- $d\bar{a}r$, Troublesome, teasing. a دی داری منام diqq- $d\bar{a}r\bar{i}$, Trouble, vexation.

α دنظامائون daqṭāmānūn (G. δίκταμνον), Wild mint.

A دنع daga' (v n. of دنع), Being contented though indigent, bearing the trials of life without complaining; being prostrate, cleaving to the ground; fretting under poverty.

מנט A dagal, A palm-tree loaded with fruit; a bad kind of dates; the mast of a

ship.

a دی و طور الله daq u laq (for P. دك و باله d.v.), Dry; empty; an extensive uncultivated plain; a bald head. (See also daq u laq kardan under A. دی.).

دتیق ه dayīq, Subtile, minute, abstruse ; fine, slim, slender ; trifling ; flour ;—su'āli

daqiq, A subtle question.

A مَعْمَةُ daqiqat, daqiqu, Subtile; a trifle, anything minute; a minute, a moment; the sixtieth part of an astronomical degree; a sheep.

َ مَنْ عَلَى a دَيْقَهُ ياب a daqīqa-yāb, Discovering subtil-

ties.

a دتيقى daqīqī, Name of a Persian poet, a thousand of whose verses have been embodied by Firdausī in his Shāh-nāma.

ادی dak, A part, portion; measure, decree; a beggar; beggary; strengthened, firm, fortified, strong; blow, collision, shock, or bruise; the head; a bald head; a barren mountain; a desert without vegetation; hard ground; a leafless tree; foundation of a wall; [dak zadan, To beg;] dik, A word used in calling a cock; --duk (for dūk), A spindle (unsupported by examples).

A do dakk (v.n.), Bruising, braying, grinding; levelling; level ground; -dukk, A hill, a low mountain; broad-backed (horses); hump-less (she-camels).

A دکاع dukā', A disease incident to the

chest of camels and horses. A دكاكين dakākīn (pl. of dukkān), Shops.

A وكان dukkān, in P. dukān, A shop; a workshop; moss or soft excrescences upon trees; fuel; -dukān āwāra kardan, To demolish a (wine-) shop; — dukān bāz kardan, To open a shop; — dukān bālā giriftan, To set up or fit out a shop; -dukān ba-dūlāb gashtan, To trade with another's capital; —dukān bar chīdan (chidan), To expose one's goods one by one, separately; -- dukān bastan (iakhiaband kardan), To shut up ;-dukān dar rū uftādan, The shop breaks down; -dūkān gardandan, To drive a brisk trade; -dukan gird awardan, To produce one's goods one after the other; -dukān gardīdan, The trade flourishes; -dukān giriftan, To lay out a shop; —dukān garm sākhtan, To drive a brisk trade; -dukān kushādan (gushādan), To open a shop; -dukān kashīdan (nihādan), To lay out a shop; -dukān wākardan, To open a shop.

a دکان آرای dukān-ārāy, Adorning the shop; a shop-keeper; one who praises up his goods.

a دکان آرائی dukān-ārā'ī, Shop-keeping; enticing buyers by extolling one's goods.

a دکانیم dukāncha, A little shop; a bench or counter in front of a shop for exposing goods.

a دکاندار dukān-dār, A shop-keeper.

a دکان داری dukān-dārī, Shop-keeping; assertion, persuasion, flattery.

A كنة dakkat, A bench, counter for sitting upon; level sand.

دکچی dukchī, dukuchī, A ball of thread on the spindle.

ا ککد dakdak, Chattering of the teeth.

E دکری dakrī, Decree.

his beard, whiskers, eye-brows and eyelashes.

A دکع dak', Suffering from an illness of the chest (of camels and horses).

دكل dakal, One. whose beard is not yet

grown, and whose hands and feet are large and coarse.

دكلان duklān, A cotton-spinning instrument; a spindle.

دكله dakla, A kind of garment.

A دکن dakan (v.n.), Inclining to black (colour).

دكن dakan, Highest point of a mountain. н دكن dakan (S. dakshina), The south; the Deccan.

دكنيا dakniyā (in Zand and Pāzand), A palm-tree.

دكنيان dakaniyān, The people of the Deccan).

دك و ديم dak u dim, Head and face.

ىك , ك dak u lak, Dry; empty; a desert; a bald head.

క్కు duka (in Zand and Pazand), A prison. دكة dakka, A mountain-goat.

н од dakhan (S. dakshina). The south; the southern part of the peninsula of Hindūstān, the Deccan (see دكن).

دكيا dakyā (Zand and Pāzand), I may

become pure.

دگدگی digdigi, A saddle-cloth. دکر digar, Another, &c. (= دیگر q.v.); digar bār (bāra), At another time; once more;—digar roz, Yesterday;—digar rah, Another time, again, once more; - digar shab, The other night; yesternight; -digar shudan, To alter, become changed.

دگر گرنه digar-gūn, دگر گرنه digar-gūna, Changed, altered, varied; inverted; chan-

ging colour.

دكر نماز digar-namāz, Evening prayer.

ركل dagal, A youth capricious, proud, and perverse; one whose feet are large and coarse; roguery, deceit; base coin.

تگل T دگل dagal, A mast, yard, yard-arm

(m.c.).

دگمه dugma, A coat-button.

н 🕉 daga, A collision, a shock.

Jo dil, The heart, mind, soul; marrow; pith of a tree; trunk of a tree; the centre; the eye; an enigma; reversed (probably taken in imitation of A. • July qalb, which has the meanings of "heart" and "inversion"); [dil āb dādan, To take pleasure in, to enjoy; -dil az jan bar-dashtan (bargiriftan), To renounce life; to despair;dil az jāy burdan. To lose one's senses from fear; to despond; -dil az dast dādan, To lose courage; -dili āsmān, Mid-heaven; a star; the earth; -dil andākhtan, To become disheartened; —dil ba-daryā andākhtan (kardan), To undertake a dangerous feat, to risk one's life; -dil ba-dil, Mutual love, interchange of hearts; -dil bar jāy dāshtan, To persevere, to persist;—dil bardāshtan, To renounce;—dil bar sari zabān dāshtan, To carry one's heart on one's

sleeve (lit. on the tip of the tongue), to tell all that passes through one's mind; -dil

bar-kandan (bar-giriftan), To renounce;

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dil ba-ray dawidan, To shed bitter tears;dil bastan ba- (dar) chize, To bend one's heart upon a thing; -dil ba-sad jā raftan, To be full of suspicion; -dil pur būdan (shudan), To be satiated with a thing, to loathe; dil taftan, To turn the heart from, to renounce; -dil tahi kardan, To pour out one's heart, to make a clean breast of it; — dili tegh, The middle part of the sword;—dil justan, To find, i.e. please, the heart; to be agreeable;—dili khāk, Heart of the earth; the grave; an ox; a fish; prophets; holy men of God;—dil khālī kardan, = dil tahī kardan, q.v., —dil khā'īdan (khwurdan), To consume one's heart in grief; dil khunuk kardan, To become frozen, chilled; dil dadan, To inspire with courage, to hearten; to fall in love with; to allow, permit, give leave ;-dil dar garībān afgandan, To put a (lamb's) heart into the shirt of a child (believed to soften its character) ;—dil daryā kardan, To be liberal beyond one's means; -dil dil kardan, To be perplexed, or restless; -dil dokhtan ba, To bend the heart upon; -dil dawidan, The heart goes out to one, becomes enamoured with; -dili dawida, A wistful or yearning heart; -dili roz, Mid-day; the sun; -dil zadan (zada shudan) az chize, dil sard shudan az, To be satiated with, to become averse to, to loathe; -dili zamīn, The grave ;—dili sang, A mine ; a mountain cave; a beart like stone;—dili shab, Miduight; -dil-ash dard na-kard, He did not care, he had no pity or compassion; -dilash shikast bar, He was afraid of, he feared from ;-dil said shudan, The heart is caught in the trammels of love; -dil taq kardan, To call off the affections from surrounding objects ; dil kardan (kashīdan), To desire ; -dili kase ba-dast awardan. To accept one's heart, to return one's love; -dil kaba kardan, To implore the heart;dil girān gardad, The heart grows heavy;
—dil gardānīdan (gusistan), To renounce; -dil giriftan, To be sick, nauseate, have heartburn; -dil garm kardan, To be in love; -dil larzīdan bar, To be enamoured with; to grieve over; to feel kindly for; -dil-am nayad (for na-ayad), My heart will not allow me, I do not feel inclined ;dil namudan, To show humanity; -dil nihādan, To set one's heart upon ;—dil u jān, Heart and soul; (met.) tooth and nail;dil u jānī, Heartily ;—dil u damāgh, Ambition, pride, stateliness; -dil u din zadan, To strike at one's heart and faith ;--dil u zabān yakī ast, He speaks as he thinks, he is no hypocrite or dissembler; -dil yakī kardan, To make two persons to agree;ātishīn-dil, Of an ardent heart; -bā jān u dil, With soul and heart ;-dar dil amadan, To occur to the mind;]—dul, An abscess in the bowels produced by constipation.

A مل dall (v.n.), Guiding, directing. ا كاكان daladil (pl. of duldul, Porcupines. ملاد dilād, A son-in-law, &c. (= عامان q.v., but doubtful).

ارًا من dil-ārā, Beloved; a sweetheart; name of the wife of Dara, and mother of

Roshang (Roxana).

heart-approving; a lovely woman, sweetheart; anything admired or wished for;kanīzi dil-aram, A charming girl.

dil-azar, Heart-tormenting, cruel ;--

raqībi dil-āzār, A cruel rival.
من از کسی ان کا dil az dast rafta, مند از کسی انته solo dil az kaf dada, In love, bereft of reason.

دالسا dil-āsā, Mind-assuaging, soothing; encouragement.

قالسائي dil-āsā'ī, Consolation, encouragement; —dil-āsā'ī kardan, To console.

دلاهوب dil-āshāb, Beloved, longed for; a tree whose seed is good for the dropsy, the shrub Agnus castus.

انتادة Jo dil-uftada, Low-spirited, dis-

heartened.

دل الكار dil-afgar, Heart-sore, heartbroken.

دلالع ه dallāk, A waiter at baths; a barber. دلاكاة dil-āgāh, Prudent; vigilant, provi-

dent ;—shāhi dil-āgāh, A wise king. a داكي dallākī, Relating or belonging to a barber;—teghi dallākī, A barber's sword, i.e. a razor.

A Ms dalāl, in P. also dilāl, An amorous glance; coquetry, ogling; the eye; the eye-brow; -dallal, An auctioneer, broker; a road-guide.

ه ما الله dalālat, Direction, guide, mark, indication, expression; dalālat, dilālat, Brokerage; the business of a broker or

auctioneer.

a alla dallala, A female guide, a bawd; Delilah; (met.) an informer, slanderer.

a دلالي dallālī, Brokerage ;—dallālī, kardan, To act as a broker.

دلام dilām, A short spear;—dulām, A twist, contortion (doubtful word).

ر الجام dil-anjām, What fuifils the heart's wish.

دل الكيران dil-angezān, A musical note. كارر dil-awar, Bold, warlike, brave.

دلاوري dil-āwarī, Valour, bravery. داريز dil-āwez, Heart-ravishing, suspend-

ing the soul (with delight); fragrant. لاكل م dalā'il (pl. of dalīl), Arguments,

demonstrations, indications. a ساء dulb, A plane-tree.

المان dil-baz, Eloquent; verbose; a jug-

دلباري dil-bâzī, Rashness. Lo dil bar, Heart-ravishing; a lovely woman, a sweetheart.

دلبرى dil-bari, Captivation of the heart; comfort, pacification.

dil-bastagī, Attachment, friend-

ship, love; anguish.

دابسته dil-basta, In love, carnest; afflicted; addicted.

دلبند dil-band, Attractive, lovely; beloved child; the bowels;—dulband, A turban, tiara, hat.

A دلبوك dalbūs, dalabūs, A species of

lily.

دل بيدار dil-bīdār, Whose heart is awake. دليذي dil-pazīr, Grateful to the soul; agreeable; amiable; soothing; acceptable;

دل پرسی dil-pursi, Inquiry after one's state or condition.

cli-pasand, Agreeable, pleasing, engaging; esteemed.

دل پیشه dil-pesha, Silence.

clil-tang, Distressed, sad, mourn-

dalaj, The journey made during the first watch of the night.

cli-jū (jo), Agreeable, desirable. a ملعة dulja, The journey made during the first watch of the night.

dil-jû'i (jo'i), Comfort, satisfac-

tion.

ي عسر كا dil-chasp, Beloved, pleasant. دل چلی dil-chalī, Bravery, resolution. دل چور dil-chor, Inattentive; timid. A خاع dalakh (v.n.), Being fat; fatness. الخراش dil-kharash, Horrible, heartrending.

ناستة dil-khasta, Afflicted, love-sick. dil-khwasta, Heart's desire.

الخوالا dil-<u>kh</u>wāh, What one likes or longs for, heart's desire; a beloved object; a wager, stakc.

دلخور dil-khwar, Afflicted. sorrowful. grieved.

dil-khwush, Contented, cheerful,

دلخوهي *dil-<u>kh</u>wush*ī, Joy, glee, cheerfulness; — dil-khwushi dadan (kardan), To console, cheer.

دلخون dil-khūn, Desirous, wistful; de-

serted.

కున్ను dil-dāda, Who has given his heart. נצון dil-dār, Heart-holding; a mistress, lover; -dil-dāri parī-rukhsār, A lovely woman with the cheeks of an angel (or

ی داداری dil-dārī, Demonstrations of love;

comfort, consolation.

دلدرد dil-duzd, Who steals hearts.

الكان dildil, A groan.

مالا ما duldul, Name of Ali's mule; a porcupine.

دل دل كنان dil dil kunan, Sighing; irre-

dil-doz, Heart-piercing; beloved, longed for.

دادة dil-dih, Hearty, earnest, zealous. dil-dihī, Heartiness, earnestness.

دارباي dil-ruba, داربا dil-rubay, Heartravishing; a beloved object.

انتة, من dil-rafta, Heartless, faint-hearted. دابیش dil-resh, Heart-wounded; a lover. dil-reshi, Affliction.

دل زداى dil-zidāy, Agreeable; desired,

longed for.

دل زنده dil-zinda, Of a wakeful mind; wise.

دلس ه dalas, Darkness; darkness within darkness; vegetation, growth at the end of summer; deceit, fraud, fallacy.

clil-sāz, Pleasing the heart, de-

lightful.

دلسازي dil-sāzī, Ardour.

dil-satan, Heart-stealing, ravishing.

دلسرد dil-sard, Cold-hearted. دل سوخته dil-sokhta, Afflicted.

الكسوز dil-80z, Heart-burning, heart-inflaming; a sweetheart; affecting, moving; compassionate, benevolent.

ی سوزگی dil-sozagi, Compassionate attach-

ment; ardour, fervour.

دل سوزو dil-sozī, Compassion.

الله الله dil-shād, Happy, contented, glad; gladness; a gift; resolution.

دل هدكي dil-shudagi, Stupidity, insauity. قعداء dil-shuda, Bereft of reason; in love.

ان هكاف Js dil-shikaf, Cleaving the heart, heart-tormenting, cruel; agreeable, longed for.

دلشكستگى dil-shikastagī, Broken-heartedness.

دلشكستة dil-shikasta, Heart-broken. دل شکن dil-shikan, Heart-breaking.

كلشگفته dil-shigufta, Of expanded heart. A للله dalz (v.n.), Striking on the breast; striking; burning.

A دلع dal' (v.n.), Lolling out the tongue. م دليف dalf, dalaf, = دليف q.v.

دنك dilf, A plane-tree (unsupported, but see باد).

نامرز dil-furoz, Heart-cheering, delight-

cil-firo-gir, A resting-place for دل فروكير the heart.

دافريب dil-firīb, Heart-alluring, charming. دلفريبي dil-firībī, Attraction, loveliness.

dil-figār, Melancholy, splenetic, mournful, thoughtful, pensive; an epithet of a lover (see دل الكار).

داهگاری dil-figarī, Melancholy, spleen. دهين dulfin (G. δελφίν), The dolphin, which, according to old Persian writers, is ever attentive to the saving of men when in danger of drowning.

دنی dalq, Bad, naught, worthless.

a كان dalaq (for P. dala), The hayweasel; a coat made of its fur; a dervish's habit.

a دلق پوش dalaq-posh, Clad in sbreds and patches; a dervish, a hermit.

a دل قوى dil-qawī, Confidence.

الله dalk (v.n.), Rubbing (anything); giving a rub; (met.) teaching experience.

دلكدة dil-kada, Abode of the heart.

دلكش dil-kash, Heart-attracting, amiable; chosen, approved of, beloved; delicious; pleasant;—<u>khūb u dil-kash</u>, Beautiful and attractive.

دل كشاي dil-kushāy, Exhilarating, rejoicing; a sweetheart; -dar bāghi dil-kushāy, In a pleasant garden.

دلکشی dil-kashī, Agreeableness, pleasant-

دل کوب dil-kob, Heart-tormenting; cruel, .(.v.p دل آزار =)

دلكور dil-kūr, Blind-hearted.

دلك dalag, An obole (probably misreading for خانك q.v.).

يل كدار كدار dil-gudāz, Heart-melting.

dalgar, Meat sticking to the bottom دگر

دل كران dil-girān, Heavy-hearted, displeased.

دل كرالي dil-girānī, Displeasure; heaviness.

المراكزة Jo dil-girifta, Heavy-hearted, displeased.

dil-garm, Warm-hearted, brave, full of desire, animated.

ر كرمى dil-garmî, Friendship, warmth. مال كرمى dil-gusil, Heart-breaking, pain-

ful; broken-hearted; changing one's mind.

دل کشای dil-gushāy, Ex-hilarating, &c. (see دل کشا).

dil.gir, Seizing the heart, terrifying, filling with horror or anguish; abhorring; melancholy, sad, afflicted, low-spirited, grieved; soothing, conciliating.

منگیری dil-gīrī, Aversion, horror, indignation; affliction;— dil-gīrī'i hawā, Mi-

asma.

دلم dulum, A pimple, a pustule.

chickened by boiling, stall دلماب dilmab, Milk thickened and eaten with honey or sugar.

دلمالدكي dil-māndagī, Sorrow, grief, affliction.

دلمانده dil-manda, Sorrowful; posed.

دل مردكي dil-murdagī, Slowness or deadness of heart, dulness of comprehension.

دل سردة dilmurda, Dead-hearted, dull, stupid.

دل مشغولي dil-mashghūlī, Heart-ache,

دليك dalamak, New cheese ;—dulmak, A tarantula.

دليل dulmul, Unripe grain; vetches or pulse in the pod.

دلمان dalama, New cheese;—dulma, A

دلنشين dil-nishīn, Agreeable, pleasing ; a heart at ease.

dalang, An embankment of twigs, earth, and stones; a short spear; a hoe, mattock, pickaxe; the spathe in which dates are enveloped; -dalang, dilang, Suspended.

్రక్టిక్ dalingan. Hung, suspended.

والكران dil-nigaran, Sorrowful. دل نگرانی dil-nigarānī, Sorrow.

دلنمودكى díl-namūdagī, Display of the beart.

دلنواز dil-nawaz, Soothing; gracious; a mistress.

دلوازة dil-nawāza, Blandishment;—dilnawāza kardan, To soothe, caress, flatter.

ట్రెక్ dil-nih, One who fixes his heart.

ی نهاد dil-nihād, Attention.

نامى dil-nihī, Fixedness of heart.

ا مار dalw (v.n.), Letting down (a bucket) iuto a well; a bucket, urn; the sign Aquarius; a mark burnt upon camels; hardship, calamity; the hopper of a mill.

les dalwa, Pendulous, inverted; asto-

nished $(= v_{v,v})$.

دل واپسی dil-wāpasī, Home-sickness. مار واپسی dilwār, Bold, courageous. cil-waz, Pleasant, agreeable (m.c., probably misprint for دلنواز).

A دارع dalūh, (A cloud) big with rain.

A داوك dalūk, Anything with which the body is rubbed (as oil or odours); -dulūk (v.n. of دلك), Sloping westward, setting (the sun).

ಟಿ dala, A weasel, fitchet, or stote; a coarse dervish's habit; a sly, deceitful woman, a coquette; -dila, The heart; dalla, The ermine; fraud, treachery; false, insincere; a whirlwind.

A دلهاث dilhās, A lion; a strong, bold

man.

dilhirā, dilharō, Name of a king of دلهرا India (corruption of بلهرا for Prakr. balahirāa).

دلى dilī, Belonging to the heart; hearty; cardiac; -dili, dilli, The city of Delhi.

دليدة dalīda, Coarsely-ground (grain). دلير dilir, Brave, intrepid; audacious, fearless, insolent, bold ;—dilīr gardānīdan, To impeach, indict, arraign; to convict.

clitr-afgan, Overthrower of the brave.

دايرانه dilīrāna, Heroically, insolently.

دليري dilīrī, Valour, courage; hardihood; diliri kardan, To be brave, to show valour, courage, or hardihood.

dilīrī-sar-āmad, Of accom-

plished bravery.

دليف dalīf (v.n. of دليف), Going with a slow step (an old man); a slow pace; the step of an old man; advancing (an army), going before, marching in front.

دليك dalīk, Seed of roses.

A دليل dalīl, A guide, director.

a دليلي dalīlī, Argumentative; a good arguer.

دليس dalīnie (G. τελλίνη), A kind of shell-fish.

os dam, Breath; air; life; scent, smell, fume; breath of an oven; the mouth of a stove of a hot bath; bellows; goldsmith's bellows; the stewing over a slow fire; hot, fiery, fervid; pride, baughtiness; ambition, fraud; black blood; cheerfulness, pleasure, recreation; society (as breathing together); a groan, sigh, exclamation, fie! time, season, hour, moment; poetical metre; incantatory verses; a draught of water; edge (of a sword); point (of a spear); a fish-bone; an apparition; a crow, raven; the mouth; [dami ab, A little water, a draught; -dami ātish-fishān, A hot breath; pride; —dam ba-khwud kardan, To keep silent;—dam ba-dam āb khwurdan, To sip up water;—dam bar-āmadan, Breath is exhaled; —dam bar-andakhtan, To harass; -dam bar-āwardan, To draw breath. to breathe; — dam bar-zadan, To take breath, to rest; —dam bar kār kardan, To deceive :- dam bastan, = dam giriftan, q.v. below; dam ba-shumār uftādan, To be in the agonies of death; — dam bu-quftar zadan, To talk; -- dami taslīm, The time of death; silence; resignation, obedience;dami khurram. A day of festivity ;-dami khwud ba-kase sipurdan, To charge another with one's last will on dying; - dam khwurdan, To be cheated; to rest, repose; —dam dādan, To deceive; —dam dar-kashīdan, To become silent; -dam zadan, To breathe; to keep silence; to hesitate; to leave; to escape; to boast, pretend unto; to sprinkle;—dami sard, A cold sigh; a sigh of despair;—dami shām, Evening-tide;—dam shumardan, To pass life; dami subh. The early dawn; morning-tide; —dami isá, The breath of Jesus, whereby he resuscitated the dead; -dam fire bastan. To retain the breath; to be silent; -dam fire raftan, Breath is inhaled; (met.) to be sad; -dami qalam. The scratching of a pen; -dami karam bar kar kardan, To show generosity; -dam kashīdan, To breathe; to gasp; to be idle or unemployed; -dam giriftan, To retain the breath; to confine the air; to be suffocated, to keep silence; to wait, halt; to quit; to become putrid from the unwholesomeness or stagnation of the air; to be corrupted (in mind or body); -dam girifta sā<u>kh</u>tan (mānda kardan), To barass; -dami garībān, The upper hem of a collar or shirt; -dami naqd, Ready (as dinner); — dam nigahdar, Do not say a word; -dami nīm-soz (sinjābī), The sigh of one in pain; - dami wā-pasīn, The last breath; - khwush-dam, Happy, glad, delighted; —dar dami azhdahā, Engulfed by the dragon; eclipsed (as the moon);—har dam, Every moment, continually ;-har dam ki, As often as ;-har dam tāza, Ever fresh, ever verdant;]-dum, The tail; end, extremity; a rudder; dry dung used as fuel; a felon, sore; dumi khar paimudan, To measure the tail of an ass, i.e. to do anything silly or ridiculous; -dumi gāv, An ox's tail; a scourge, lash; a brazen trumpet; -dumi gurg, Name of a constellation; twilight or false dawn; -dumi gurg bar pā'i mesh bastan, Said when a weak person revenges himself on a powerful one.

ه م dam, Blood ;—damm (v.n.), Plaster-

ing (a house).

لمن damā, Breath; — dimā (in Zand and Pazand), The channel of a river; temperament, constitution.

م dimā' (pl. of مع), Streams of blood, lives.

damā-bar, Asthmatic, short-breathed دمام (see دماور).

دم أبي dam-ābī, One draught of water. Aths dumākh, A kind of Arabian game.

colon dam-ā-dam, Now and then, frequently, from time to time; at any moment; -dum-ā-dum, Step by step.

damar, The necessaries of life; breath; smoke; revenge; perdition; a fixed residence; -- damār āwardan (andarāwardan, bar-āwardan) az, To destroy, annihilate, kill; to take revenge.

Low damar (v.n. of دمار), Destroying;

ruin, destruction, perdition.

ماع A ماع dumā', dummā', Water flowing from the eye (by disease or old age); water

that flows from the vine in spring.

A فرماغ dimā ah, in P. damā ah, The brains; the palate; the nose; pride, haughtiness, consequential airs; drunkenness; wish, desire; -damāgh ārāyish dādan, To inebriate, to intoxicate; -damāgh bālā burdan, To display pride; — damāgh bālā raftan, To become proud; —damāgh pukhtan, To be very sad :-damaghi tar, Sane brains;—damāgh duzdīdan, To be averse; to be peevish; -damāgh rasāndan, To intoxicate; —damāgh rasīdan, To become drunk; — damāgh sokhtan, To grieve very much ;-damāgh shustan, To clear the brain, to drive away whims;damāgh farokhtan, To display pride; -- damāgh giriftan, To be averse; to be peevish; — chi dar damāgh dārad, What does he think?—dar damāgh āmadan (dāshtan), To display pride.

a دماغ دارى dimāgh-dārī, Madness. ماغ دارى dumāgha, The crest of a falcon or similar bird; a cape, promontory (m.c.); the bow of a ship (m.c., see نماغه).

a دماغی damāghī, Vain, frivolous, proud. A Jus damāl, Decaying (buds, flowers, and incipient fruit (of dates); dung.

دمال dumāl, dummāl, A sore boil; a tail. خمامت damāma, A small drum or trumpet ; -damama nawakhtan, To blow the trumpet.

دماميل damāmīl (pl. of dummāl), Boils, pimples,

coulou damāmīn, Name of a village in

Egypt.

ful, strong, terrible; a powerful assault; time, season; shouts (of joy or anger); haste; women; cries for help; $-p\bar{\imath}li\ dam\bar{\imath}n$, A terror-striking elephant.

A مناس damān, Rottenness of the palmtree, with cracks and blackness; dung;

ashes.

دمانك damānak, A blunderbuss, carbine. دمان كش damān-kash, Time, season,

cam-āwar, Asthmatic.

ماوند damāwand, Name of a mountain near Hamadān; also of a city near the same.

م أهنك dam-āhang, Breathing violently, casting a fiery breath.

ما من dam-āhanj, Short-winded, pursy. ها من dumāya, The cream of milk. من dumb, The tail.

دم بار dam-bāz, Coaxer, wheedler, deceiver.

دم بازي dam-bāzī, Flattery, adulation, deceit.

رمبال dumbāl, A tail; a man's back;—dumbāli chashm, The corner of the eye.

مسخم dam ba-dam, From moment to moment, now and then, frequently.

الم بريدة dum-burida, Docked.

دمسته dam-basta, Breathless; amazed. معبده damb-band, An alembic.

دميه dumba, A sheep's tail, &c. (= دنبه q.v.).

دسب dump, The tail.

دم خت dam-pukht, A kind of pilaw. مر بلنك dum-palang, An active soldier. مر بلنك dumtak. A water-wagtail.

a sandy place); softness; evenuess;—damig, A soft, sandy place.

dam-chār, Exhalation of anything odoriferous; appearance of colour; smoke,

and its smell.

the rump; peacock's train; the end of anything; a fly-flap of horses' tails; a little stalk; a wicker basket; sweepings; trefoil.

دمن ما damkh (v.n.), Being high, losty; breaking the head; name of a mountain.

المختبوس damkhanīwas, Name of the merchant who abducted 'Azrā.

למבון dam-dār, Elastic; — dum-dār, Tailed, possessing a tail; holding the tail, coming behind; the rear-guard, campfollowers; an agreement, condition; — sitāra'i dum-dār, A comet.

دم دراز dum-darāz, Long-tailed.

a books damdama, Tumult, disturbance, clamour; fame, rumour, renown; fraud, deceit; a drum; a mound, eminence, raised battery;—damdama afgandan, To devise a stratagem; to deceive.

ل مدميا damdamyā (in Zand and Pāzand), The sea.

دمدول damdul, A potter.

مر damar, A lying on the face; one who lies on the face, prostrate.

دمر (و) عواليدة damar (u) khwābīda, Pros-

damz, A tambourine.

دم زدة dum-zada, Docked.

A دسی dams (v.n.), Suppressing (news); hiding, concealing; burying in the ground, interring.

رمساز dam-sāz, A friend, confident, companion, or consort; agreeing, consenting; harmonious, singing, reciting together;—naghma'i dam-sāz, Musical harmony.

رمسازی dam-sāzī, Intimacy, confidence. دستازی dam-sān, A confident; agreeing. درو dam-sard, An unimpressive talker. a دمسی dimsaq, = P. دمستی q.v.

damsanjak, كسنوك dumsinja, A kind of swallow or swift; a bird, which when once on the ground is said to be unable to rise again.

دمسة dimsa, White silk.

دم سياة dum-siyāh, Black-tailed (m.c.).

ه ميست dumsija, مسيح dumsicha, A wagtail.

دمش damish, A breathing, blowing; assault; boast; eruption, efflorescence; the marrow of a tree; the middle of anything;—dumush, Rust; curly hair.

damshaq, dimshaq, dimshiq, Swift of foot;—damshaqu 'l-yadain, Dexterous, expeditious;—dimashq, dimishq, Damascus.

a دمشقی dimashqī, dimishqī, Of Damas-

دم هناس dam-shinās, A skilful physician ; fellow-divers.

مع من dam' (v.n.), Weeping; a tear;—dumu', Traces of tears on the cheek.

A dan'at, A tear-drop.

دمعى dima'q, White silk (see دمقس and دمقص of which it is probably a corruption).

A cos damgh (v.n.), Wounding, piercing to the brain.

اره عام عاره مع المراجع عام المراجع عام المراجع عام المراجع dum-ghaza, Root of the tail, tail, rump.

يم فروكور dam-firogir, What takes the breath away.

a دمی damaq (for P. دمی q.v.), Snow and wind.

A دمقس dimaqs, coقص dimaqs, Silk (especially white;; raw silk.

دم كرده dam-karda, Inflated.

دم كش dam-kash. Who keeps in harmony with another; a musician, singer.

دم كشي dam-kashi, A breeze ; an oar. دم كارة dum-gāwa, A lash; brazen trumpet.

دسكاه dam-gāh, A smith's forge; a furnace.

دم گرفته dam-girifta, Putrid, (hide).

Also dam-gah, A forge; stove of a bath; a breathing-place.

, dam-gīr دمگير Suffocating, stifling,

choking.

a منهل dummal, dumal (for P. نجل q.v.), A swelling, felon, boil; -dwmali jildi, A faruncle; -dumali damawi, A thrombus; --dumali kabid, Abscess of the liver.

سم لابه dum-lāba, Tail-wag; fawning, flattery; - dum-laba kardan, To fawn, to

flatter.

دس A مس damn (v.n.), Dunging, manuring (land); — dimn, Dung; — diman (pl. of dimnat), Marks left by people; traces of a habitation.

دسن daman, A skirt; Damayanti, bride of Nala (whose adventures form an episode in the great Sanskrit poem Mahabharata, and the subject of a Persian poem by Faizi); - diman, Give me.

م دمنی dimnat, A dung-hill ; a place near

a house; traces of a dwelling.

دمندان damandan, Fire; hell; name of a city in Karman, rich in mines.

دسده damanda, Blowing; hissing; cry-

ing for help.

دست damna, Name of the jackal that figures conspicuously in the Anwari Suhaili; the blast-hole of an oven or furnace; —dimna, A fox, a jackal; a shrewd, cunning fellow.

damna-dānī, Rags for closing دمنه داني

chinks in an oven.

دم, باد dam-u-bād, Pride, self-compla-

دم و پوست dam-u-post, دم و پوست dam-u-dūd, What is necessary for living or for exercising hospitality.

دموج A دموج dumūj (v.n. of دموج), Being in-

serted; entering; adhering firmly.

دمور damūr, A low gentle voice; name of a kinsman of Afrasyab.

دموس A موس dumūs (v.n. of دموس), Being dark (a night).

دموع ۸ dumū' (pl. of dam'), Tears.

دموى dumuq (v.n. of دموى), Entering without leave; creeping into his lurkingplace (a hunter); breaking the teeth.

a موري damawī, Bloody; plethoric.

dama, Wind and snow; an icicle; an eolipile; a pair of bellows; asthma;dama'i āhangarān, Blacksmiths' bellows;dama'i zargar, A goldsmith's bellows.

دمى damī, A kind of hookah for smo-

king.

a دسي dami, Bloody.

دميا damyū (in Zand and Pazand), Blood.

A دمياط damyāt, Damietta in Egypt. a دمياطي dimyāṭī, A kind of cotton cloth; dimity,

damī chand, A few moments.

دسيدگي damīdagī, A breaking out, an eruption on the body, efflorescence, pimple; the diffusion of odours.

دميدي damīdan (S. dhmā), To blow (with the breath, or as the wind); to breathe; to fill oneself with wind; to blow, blossom (as flowers); to appear (as the dawn); to break out in pimples or swellings (the body); to assuult; to boast; -afsun damidan, To tell lies, to romance: dar damidan, To blow, &c. (= damidan).

دسيدة damida, Blowing; blown, blossomed; sprouting; stretched out; the

دميهي dimīqī, Silk woven as a bed-tick. المعيلك damyak, damayak, Name of a village near Ghaznīn; — damīk, Land; a boundary, land-mark.

ω dan, Shouts and cries of joy; going with a gay and joyous air; imp. of دنيدن

A OS dann, A very large oblong winevessel or cask, partly fixed in the ground.

A قامة danā'at (v.n. of وناء Being bad, mean, base, abject, careless of censure.

obs danan, Walking quick with joy; boiling with rage.

A ຜູ້ປົວ dinān (pl. of dann), Wine-jars. دنالير A danānīr (pl. of dīnār), Dinārs, ducats.

المناع dumb, A tail.

دنبال dambāl, A buffoon, jester; pleasantry, waggery; —dumbāl, Tail, rump; latter part; desire; vestige, trace; the shaft of an arrow; after;—dumbāli abrū, The corner of the eye-brow; —dumbāli chashm, Outer corner of the eve; dumbāli kashtī, Stern of a ship; —ba-dumbāl āmadan (raftan), To follow; -ba-dumbāl afgandan, To place or leave hehind.

دنباله dumbāla, The tail; a felon; the outer corner of the eye; the shank of a sword or knife; the rudder of a ship; the hinder part of a saddle; after, behind;dumbāla'i tāziyāna, The end of a whip or lash; -dumbāla'i tīr, The end of an arrow where the point is inserted; -dumbāla dashtan, To have an end, to terminate;dumbala'i kashti, The poop or stern of a ship ;-dumbāla'i mīwa, Stalk of fruits.

دنباله آهنگ dunibala-ahang, Dragging

along the tail.

دنباله دار duṃbāla-dār, Tailed; (met.) long, lasting; bahāna'i dumbāla-dār, A long-winded argument; -chashmidumbaladar, An eye seemingly prolonged by collyrium;-sitāra'i dumbāla-dār, A comet;surma'i dumbāla-dar, A lasting collyrium; —mastī'i dumbāla-dār, A protracted intoxication.

دنباله گرد ،dumbāla-dav دنباله در dumbālagard, Following in the wake of another.

دنباور dumb-awar, Tailed; rear of an arm v.

دنبارند dambāwand, Name of a mountain. دنبر dambar, Name of a city in India. د لبرة dumbara, A guitar.

دلب غزه dumb-ghaza, The tail-bone.

دنبك dumbak, A bagpipe. لانل dambak, Mockery; anything ludicrous; a sort of wooden drum; -dumbal, Imposthume, bubo.

cipbalān, Name of a fruit (m.c.). دنبوته dumbūga, Flowing hair; the end of

a turban-sash hanging down.

دنية dumba, The tail (especially of a sheep); the fat of a sheep's tail; a kind of sheep with a thick tail; the buttocks:-dumba dadan, To put one off his guard; to deceive; -dumba nihādan, To play tricks upon, to deceive.

دنبه بره dumba-bara (Lamb's tail, often

contracted into dumbara), A guitar.

دنبة پروردة dumba-parwarda, (met.) Who

plays tricks, who practises deceit.

دنية كدار dumba-gudāz, A pan in which a sheep's tail is fried; a species of sorcery by a sheep's tail stuck with needles suspended in an old tomb, and exposed to the heat of a burning lamp; as the fat melted, so the object of persecution was believed to pine away.

A دنع dinh, The Epiphany; name of the

sixth day of January.

sis dand, A tooth; a rib; poor, in want of food; a race of beggars, whose practice is to stab and wound their bodies if their applications are not presently attended to (see هاخشانه); a weaver's teethed instrument; name of a purgative seed (Croton tiglium); also of a certain berb; anything styptic or astringent; stupid, silly, ignorant; bold, fearless, wilful; unconscionable; a thief; -dund, A kind of bee.

tain; according to others, stratagem, de-

ceit: lost.

kiss; desire, greediness; hope, wish, expectance; grief, anxiety; -dandān az bun kardan, To disgrace, to humble to the utmost degree; -dandān az tursh kardan, To set the teeth on edge; -dandan az dür namūdan, To fight another from a safe distance; — dandāni āsyā, A grinder, a molar tooth; -- dandan afirin kurdan, To polish the teeth; to clean the teeth with a tooth-pick; —dandan ba-khūn burdan, To bite; -dandan ba-dandan zadan, To be afflicted, grieved, distressed; dandān ba-dandān shustan (kalīd shudan), The teeth are locked together (in epilepsy, insanity, &c.) ;—dandan bar jigar afehurdan (daehtan, guzaehtan, nihadan),

To bear patiently; -dandan bar (bar sari) harfi khwud guzāshtan, To stop in one's speech; to act differently from one's words: -dandān bar dil afshurdan, To bear patiently; -dandan bar sari dandan nihādan, To bear up with unpleasantnesses; -dandan bar sang amadan, The teeth meet with sand, &c. in eating; —dandan bar farsī (bafūrsī) guzāshlan (māndan, nihādan), To understand another's speech (as we should say "to understand plain English");-dandan bar-kandan, To give up hope; not to covet; —dandān ba-rahar khā'īdan, To hate, be severe; —dandān ba-kāri kase firo burdan, To exert oneself on another's behalf ;-dandān ba-kāmi khwud burdan (firo burdan), To be gratified;—dandāni bulūah. The wisdom-tooth:—dandan pur kardan. To stop a tooth (m.c.);—dandāni ta'assuf (hasrai), (met.) Grief; — dandān ba-kām shikastan, To abase, to humble to the utmost degree; --dandan band kardan, To expect; --dandan ba-ham khwurdan, The teeth chatter with fear; - dandani pesh (peshīn), A front tooth; - dandāni pil, Ivory; dandani tar bar kase dashtan, To intend to kill one; -dandan tez kardan, To sharpen the teeth; to covet, to long for; to taste; to foster enmity; -dandani saniya, The second or permanent teeth;dandāni hūt, Gentle rain; a tear; —dandānikhar, A fool, stupid; the buttocks of an ass; the penis of a donkey; -dandani khirad, The wisdom-tooth;—dandani khanda, The laughing-tooth (namely the fore-teeth, as they appear when one laughs);—dandan khunīn shudan, To put up with unplea-santness;—dandān dāshtan, To endeavour, to strive tooth and nail; to hope, to wait for; to cherish hatred; -dandan daraz kardan, To render greedy, to cause to long for ;—dandan dar jigar ghauta dadan, To bear patiently; -dandān dar kāri kase dashtan (firo burdan), To exert oneself in a matter; -dandani rumh, The point of a lance;—dandāni ranjish, A present made by a bridegroom to the bride, when he first hears her speak; -dandan zadan, To strip; to contend, dispute for equality; to adhere, stick; to cherish enmity; —dandan saped (safed) kardan, To make the teeth white; to laugh, smile; to fear; to be weak, to submit to; -dandan surkh kardan, To expect, to hope for; -dandani shab. The dawn ;-dandan shikastan, To render helpless, to break one's power; -dandāni shīr (shīrī), The milk-teeth; - dandāni sheran, The stars; -dandani subh, The dawn; -dandāni tam', Severity, hatred; dandani tam' bar-kandan, Not to covet, not to long for a thing greedily; -dandani tam' zadan, To covet, to be eager or greedy for; — dandāni 'āriya, Artificial teeth; -dandani 'agl, The wisdom-tooth; -

dandāni tam' firo burdan, To be busy in a matter, to exert oneself; -dandan faro burdan, To dislike; to be in a rage; to labour hard, persevere; — dandān faro guzāshtan, To strive, make great exertion; to hope, expect, wait for; to hate;—dandan fushurdan, To bear patiently; -dandāni fil, Elephant's tusks; ivory; -dandān kardan, To forbid, prohibit; to turn away from; to straiten, oppress;—dandani kirmkhwurda, Caries of the teeth;—dandāni kalīd, The wards of a key;—dandān kandan, To pull out the teeth, i.e. to suppress desire; -dandāni kūh, A precious stone; dandān giriftan (kashīdan), To take out a tooth; -dandāni gosāla, A bone-headed arrow; -dandāni gīr, The biting or foretooth; -dandāni māhī, The bones of a certain fish, of which they make knife-handles, &c.; -dandāni miṣrī, A kind of sweetmeat; —dandāni mūsīgār, A tooth-like ornament of pipes; —dandāni nāb, A canine tooth; dandan namudan, To show the teeth; to laugh, be pleased; to ridicule; to terrify; to fear; to cry aloud; -dandān nihādan, To covet; — dandāni nīshtar, A canine tooth; —bāra'i dandān, Tartar of the teeth; -ba-dandān būdan, To suit, to be convenient;—ba-dandān khwush amadan, To be delightful, pleasant, agreeable;—dar tahi dandān-ash nihādand, They use imprecations against him, they curse him.

برير أيريش dandān-āprīz, (پريش āprīsh, أبرين aprīz, البريش aprīsh, أفريز aprīsh, أبريش afrīsh), A tooth-pick.

يويش ,dandān-parīz وندأن پريئ dandān parish, A tooth-pick.

نيز dandān-tez, Sharp-toothed;

cruel iniquitous; envious.

دندان عای dandān-<u>kh</u>āy, A dog given to biting.

ددان ریخته dandān-re<u>kh</u>ta, One who has lost or shed his teeth, toothless, edentated.

נעוט נע dandān-zad, Desired, longed-for. دندان رئى dandān-zanī, Hostility, enmity. مندان ك dandān-sā, Purslain.

ندان ساز dandān-sāz, A dentist;—dandānsazi makhsus, Dentist-in-waiting of the Shāh (m.c.).

دندان سازى dandān-sāzī, Dentistry (m.c.). دندان سفيد dandan-safed, Showing the white teeth, laughing; humility.

دندان فریش dandān-farīz, دندان فریز dandān-farīsh, A tooth-pick.

دندان كار dandān-kāv, A tooth-pick.

کن کی dandān-kan, A forceps for

drawing teeth.

دندان كنان dandān-kanān, Suppressing desire; restless; ignominious, shameful; lamenting, groaning;—dandān-kunān, Disgracing, despising; groaning.

ندان گير dandan-gir, Stupefying or benumbing the teeth (anything acid); biting

(horse).

ال مال dandān-māl, A dentifrice. י שלט מינו dandān-maz, Dessert after din-

الاندان مرد dandan-muzd, Money and other things distributed to the poor at a time of feasting.

دندان نماي dandan-namay, Showing the teeth, grinning either in anger or in weak spite; very conspicuous.

שנושט dandana, A tooth; teeth of a saw or comb; wards of a lock; a battlement, embrasure; notched, indented.

الله دار dandāna-dār, Teethed, notched.

دندانيدن dandānīdan, To gnaw.

دندانی کردن dandani kardan, To put to shame, to make blush.

dandish, A muttering to oneself in anger or in joy; enigmatical discourse; prayers addressed in a low tone of voice.

a ಟಟು dandana, Muttering to oneself.

دندة danda, A rib.

دنديدي dandīdan, To mutter to oneself in anger; to boil with rage.

A دنس danas (v.n.), Being soiled; dirt,

دنع ه dana' (v.n.), Being vile, abject; baseness, meanness; -- dani', Vile, worth-

A دنك danaf (v.n.), Severe and continued illuess; -danaf, danif, Afflicted with such; suffering from chronic disease.

منقر A danqar, Nitre, saltpetre.

مقدة danga, Tares; name of a black grain. دنكاسة dankāsa, Afflicted, unhappy; a parasite.

دنكس dan-kas, Unmanly, worthless, mean.

دنگ dang, Astonished, confounded ; stupid, ignoraut; half a (horse-) load; the noise made by the collision of two stones; the cry of the galandar monks; the traces of a pair of compasses; -ding, A wooden instrument with iron teeth, used in separating rice from the chaff; a machine for making powder; an oil-press; - ding u duwāl, Pomp, display of power, state.

دنگادنگ dang-a-dang, Equipoised, equal, exact; knee to knee; intimately connected;

equally.

دنگاله dangāla, An icicle.

دنگداله dangdāla, dangadāla, An icicle. cing-kob, Separating rice from دنگ کېب the chaff.

دنگل dangal, Sitting knee to knee; a crowd; -dangil, dingil, A cuckold, privy to a wife's infidelity; foolish; dispropor. tioned, awkward.

دنگلانه danglāla, An icicle; fierceuess. savageness (unsupported by examples).

دنگی dingī, A separater of rice from chaff.

دنو dunūw (v.n. of دنو), Approaching, drawing near; propinquity; the lowest degree of baseness.

دنوه dunū'at (v.n. of دنو), Being mean, base, wicked; being careless of censure.

د والش dinwash, Name of the man who

sold 'Azrā.

as dana, Cheerfulness; shouts of joy; song; sauciness, petulance, insolence; pride, presumption; worldly possessions; name of a woman; -dana giriftan, To take fire, to fall in a passion; to be proud, take much state; to presume.

دنه کرنته dana-girifta, Proud, insolent, ungrateful for divine favours; exceeding

bounds in mirth; a fast runner.

دنی danī, Alacrity, mirth, cheerfulness; 2nd sing, aor, of danidan,

a دنی dani, Near, neighbouring; vicious, contemptible, vile; trifling, paltry, base.

دنيا ه dunyā, The world; worldly goods; people; -dunyā u dīn, Secular and religious matters; country and faith; church

a دنیا غدا dunyā-parast, ادنیا پرست dunyākhudā, A Mammonist.

a دنيا دار dunyā-dār, Worldly-minded, worldly.

a دنيا دارى dunyā-dārī, Economy; mam-

a دنياري dunyāwī, Of the world, worldly. دنی پررر dani-parwar, Nurturing the vile; -charkhi dani-parwar, Fortune, the nurse

دنيدن danidan, To walk with pomposity; to boil with rage; to run with alacrity and joy.

danida, Gone or going with a pom-

pous, jaunty, or cheerful gait.

دليسر dunaisir (?). Name of a city in Mesopotamia, celebrated for its excellent climate.

a دليرى dunyawī, Worldly, secular ;-dunyawi u ukhrawi, Of this and the next world; -māli dunwayī, Worldly goods.

a دىيى dunyī, Worldly; the world. 30 dau, dav (imp. of dawidan), Running; -dav kardan, ba-dav raftan, To gallop (m.c.); -dav na-yābad, He will not obtain his wish (a proverbial saying by way of cnrse).

າວ dū, du, do, Two.

dauw, A desert, extended plain.

مواه A مراه dawā', diwā', duwā', A medicine, remedy; -dawā'i musakkin. A palliative, an alleviating medicine; —dawā'i mu'attis, A sternutative; —dawā'i mauzī, A topical or local remedy.

اب do-āb, Name of a province in Hindustan, lying between the rivers Ganges

and Jumna.

مراب ه dawābb (pl. of dābbat), Cattle,

heasts; reptiles, creeping things.

a درات dawāt (for درات), An ink-holder; a pen-case; — dawāti siyāhī, An inkstand.

a دراس آر adwāt-ār, Keeper of the seals.

a دوات آهور dawāt-āshūr, A stick for stirring the wool in an ink-stand.

a درات خانه dawāt-khāna, Chancellery. a درات دار dawāt-dār, A Secretary of State.

دو آتش du-ātish, The lips of a mistress. ى اتشه du-ātisha, Double-distilled; sharābi du-ātisha, Double-distilled liquor, i.e. very strong.

a عواع dawāj, dūwāj, A bed-quilt ; a sheet; gladness, joy (this meaning doubtful).

موات دار .q.v.) دوات دار dawadar (for P. دوات دار

Secretary of State.

روادو daw-a-dav, Running incessantly, or in every direction; a messenger; anyone constantly employed in running of errands.

موار م dawār, duwār, Giddiness, vertigo, whirl; name of an idol; -dauwār, Moving in a circle, revolving, rotary; versatile; [charkhi dauwar, The revolving heavens;] -dauwār, dūwār, The temple of Mecca; name of an idol.

دوارى dawārī, A gold coin of five drachms. هاردكان duwāzdagāna, Twelve.

مُوارِدة duwāzdah, Twelve ;—duwāzdah jauzak (kūshk, mil), The twelve signs of the Zodiak; -duwazdah rukh, (The battle of the) Twelve knights (described in the Shāhnāmah).

دوازدهم duwāzdahum, The twelfth.

درازدهی duwazdahe, A dozen.

a دراساز dawā-sāz, An apothecary, a che-

mist, a druggist.

دو اسية ، du-asba دو اسية ، du-aspa فو اسية boy, messenger; a post-master; a soldier who has two horses found him; quick, expeditious; haste, expedition.

aدو اسطولاب du usturlab. The sun and moon. دو آهيانه du-āshyāna, A kind of tent.

المراعي ه dawā'i, Vicissitudes of fortune; pretensions, claims; clamours, importu-

nings; desires, hankerings.

درال $duwar{a}l$, A stirrup-leather; a skin, hide; an emerald; fraud, deceit; a glittering sword ;-duwal az pushti sher kashīdan, To be exceedingly strong and powerful;—duwāl bar duhul zadan, To beat the drum (with a leathern strap);—duwāl dar gulū kardan, To strangle, to throttle; -duwāli shamshīr, A leathern sword-belt; — duwāl kashīdan, To skin, to flay ;-duwāli kamar, A leathern belt; —duwāli na'lain, A shoelatchet, or anything for fastening shoes; -duwāl gushādan, To fly.

A جوالب dawalib (pl. of daulab), Water-

wheels.

ال باز $duw\bar{a}l$ - $b\bar{a}z$, A knave, cheat; a cutpurse.

دوال بازي duwāl-bāzī, A certain game of

chance; deceit, fraud.

دوال پای duwāl-pāy (leather-leg), Slender and limber-legged man; name of a people in India, said to have legs thin and ductile, like leathern straps; they pretend to be lame, and importune travellers to carry them on their backs, when they strangle them by a twist of their legs (comp. the tale of the Old Man of the Sea in the Arabian Nights); a thug; a bugbear.

duwāl-khwāra, A yoke of oxen, دوال خوارة

a yoke.

درالك duwālak, A little strap; a leathern strap used in a game; a species of fragrant creeper; -duwālak būkhtan, To play tricks upon, to cheat.

دوالك بازى duwālak-būzī, Cheating, deceit.

வி, o duwāla, Λ kind of sweet-smelling creeper : --duwāla, dawāla, A leathern strap

used in a game.

دوالي dawālī, One who uses sleight of hand, a juggler; a cheat, deceiver; a kind of fragrant creeper; name of a governor to whom Iskandar married Queen Noshaba of Barda'; varicose veins; [dawālī'i baiza, Varicocele; — dawālī'i chashm, Cirsophthalmia; — $daw\bar{a}l\bar{i}'i$ zafn, Varicocele;] diwālī, An Indian feast, at which candles were lighted.

مواليب م dawālīb (pl. of dūlāb), Wheels

for drawing water.

diwāliya, A ruined spendthrift (as if seeking his squandered wealth by the light of a candle; see دوالى diwālī above).

בילים א dawām (v.n. of נינים), Persisting, persevering in; ['alá 'd-dawām, Continually, lastingly;]—duwām, Vertigo, giddi-

نوان dawān, Running, walking fast; duwān (pl. of عن), Two;—har duwān, Both

of them.

دواندن dawāndan, دواليدن dawānīdan, To cause to run; to send, to despatch; to pursue; to put to shame; to prepare, to cheat.

dawan dawan amadan, To دوان دوان آمدن

gallop (m.c.).

دوانودة duwanzadah (duwan zi dah), Twelve (unsupported, but evidently the older form of duwāzdah, duwān being the pl. of وه).

رانوش dawanosh دوانوش q.v.

do anī, A coin, the 8th of a gold دو اني mohur.

درانيق ۸ dawānīq (pl. of dāniq), Weights of two carats; -abū dawānīq, Nickname of the Caliph Mansur on account of his avarice.

A دواوين dawāwīn (pl. of dīwān), Musterrolls; public records; account-books; collected poems.

dawāhī (pl. of dāhiyat), Sore دواهي ه calamities.

ه دوايات م dawāyāt (pl. of dawāt), Ink-

یواگر م dawā'ir (pl. of dā'irat), Circles; vicissitudes of time; calamities.

יף אונף odo-bāru, Name of a game.

دو باروع du-bārūḥ, و باروع du-bārūkh, Nightshade.

دو باره do-bāra, du-bāra, Twice; double-

distilled.

دو باز do-bāz, A kind of pigeon; a child's kite.

ور بازر do-bāzū, A rustic instrument; name of a game (see ادو بارو).

H دو باهي du-būshī, An interpreter.

o du-bāl, A strap for fastening on a و بال saddle; leather; an emerald; fraud, deceit; a glittering sword.

دو بالا du-bālā, Excessive; double, equal to two; -du-bālā raftan (shudan), To become double;—du-bālā kardan, To double.

ار بامه du-bāma, A pigeon that does not keep to one pigeon-house,

ی عشه du-ba<u>kh</u>sha, Double.

دو بود du-bud, A kind of cloth (see دو بود). در بدر du ba-du, Two together, without a third.

در برا du-burā, (in Zand and Pāzand) A

aword.

יף תוא odu barābar, Double, equal to two. טי הלעולט du birādarān, Two bright stars in the lesser bear; name of a certain rapacious bird; according to others a kite.

ار برجى du-burji, A pigeon that does not keep to one pigeon-house; vagarious; a pederast; an adulterer or whoremonger.

ی برهم زن du barham-zan, Two persods who make mischief between two others by slanderous talk.

بال dùbal, Insincere, unfaithful.

دو بند $du ext{-}band$, $oldsymbol{\Lambda}$ double embankment. دوبود du- $b\bar{u}d$, A kind of cloth (= دوبود

q.v., of which it is probably a misreading). a در بیشی du-baitī, A poem consisting of

four hemistichs, a tetrastich; — du-baiti khwāndan, To read.

دو بيني du-bīnī, Uncertain, unreliable; a

hypocrite.

دو یا du- $par{a}$, A small worm found chiefly in a certain oak-tree (Quercus coccifera or kermes oak), and which imparts to cloth a beautiful red colour.

دو پادهای قبار du pādshāhi qahhār (two mighty kings), Night and day.

دو پارة do-pāra, Halved.

دو پایه do-pāya, Two-legged, biped; man. н در پته do-patta (two breadths), A sheet of cloth thrown loosely over the shoul-

دو خیمه do-pakhcha, A clew of thread; name of a bird.

دوپر du-par, Of two feathers or wings; adorned with two feathers.

در بروانة du-parwāna, Night and day. و پرویزای du-parwizani, What is to be

twice sifted.

دو پلکا do-palkā (having two eye-lids), A kind of pigeon; a kind of stone for a ring.

אני אל du-pūd, אין אין du-pūda, Cloth, woven in streaks or stripes of two colours. אין אין du-post, Two (leaves) pasted, any two things joined together.

فر بهازه du-piyāza, A rich fricassee made with butter, turmeric, onions, garlic, and various spices; a dish without gravy.

ور بيكر du-paikar, Gemini; a two-edged

are.

עני du-tā, Double, doubled; bent, curved; bending the body; a two-stringed lute; fine cloth; — du-tā shudan, To be bent or doubled; to change, to alter; — du-tā kardan, To double; to bend; — du-tā karbatain, Night and day.

du-tā-shudagī, An overlapping دو تا هدكي

or folding over.

در نای du-tāy, A two-stringed harp. در تشمه du-tu<u>kh</u>ma, A hastard; a monrrel.

دو تی du-tan, Two persons; double. عور تو du-tav (ن کور تو du-tah), Double; a meeting.

در تهی do-tahī (two-plied), Cloths lined. در تهج du-teah. A double-edged sword.

كو تيخ du-tegh, A double-edged sword. يو تيخه باز du-teghu-būz, Wielding the sword with the two hands; (met.) doing two things at the same time; a deviser of stratagems.

در تيغه بازى du-tegha-bāzī, A stroke of the

sword with both hands.

ون dūj, Name of a herb.

رو جا du-jā (two places), Squint-eyed. دو جا مرجان do-jān, The jugular vein.

ם אייים אייים du janībat, Night and day.
שלי du-jahān, This world and the

دو جهالی du-jahānī, Belonging to both worlds, eternal.

אָרָ פֶּלּע du-chār, Twice four; two (eyes becoming) four, a sudden and unexpected meeting, encounter, or interview;—du chār uftādan (shudan, zadan). To meet; to converse; to dispute, to fight, to assail, to surprise (m.c.);—du chār kardan, To meet one another on the road.

در چشم جار هدی du chashm chār shudan, The sudden, unexpected encounter of two persons (see the preceding article).

night and day; the pupils of the eyes.

عر جاله du-challa, A roof sloping two ways. مر جاله du chand, Twice, double.

دو چندان du chandān, Twice as much. دو چندان du-choba, Two-poled (tent).

ار جهان du chahār, A sudden, unexpected meeting or interview; backgammon. (See

A tys dauh (pl. of the following), Large trees.

A درحة dauhat, A large tree.

a عواب du hujra'i khwāb, Two

a در حرك du harf, Two letters, i.e. b kāf and o nān, signifying o kun, Be thou, the creative word.

a کو خور لقا du ḥūr-liqā, Reason and soul.

A خوی daukh (v.n.), Being base and abject.

bald in front; leafless branch; a smooth face; a rocket; a reed, from which mats are woven, and on which grapes and melons are hung to dry.

و خاتون بينش du khātūn, دو خاتون بينش du khātūni bīnish, Pupils of the eyes; sun and

moon.

دو خادم حبشی و رومی du <u>kh</u>ādimi ḥabashī u rūmī, Night and day.

مرخت dokht, A virgin; power; sewing, stitch;—dokht kardan, To hate, despise, loathe.

موجود dokhtara, A daughter; a virgin. ورعتوا dokhtan, To sew; to pay, perform; to gain, acquire, collect; to fix, fasten; to milk; to plaster;—bar-dokhtan, To fasten together;—dar-dokhtan, To stitch together; to wink, to blink; to inform against, to accuse (see در دوه);—mazar dokhtan dar, To fix one's look upon.

درخته dokhta, Stitched, sewed, closed; milked; payed, performed; gained; plas-

tered.

دوع چکاد dū<u>kh</u> chakād, A head bald in front; bald-headed.

در عما do-khamma, A bent hookah-pipe.

du khwāhar, Name of two stars. من خواهر du khaiti mulauwan, The دو خيط ملون twilight or false dawn, and break of day.

twilight or false dawn, and break of day.

A system daud (v.n.), Breeding worms (bread or meat); —dūd, A worm; —dūdu'l-harīr, A silk-worm; —dūdi bī-sar, A head-

less cyst (med.).

درد dūd, Smoke; vapour; breath; anguish, sadness; $-d\bar{u}d$ az damāgh bar-āmadan, To be afflicted; to perish; $-d\bar{u}d$ angekhtan (bar-awardan), To burn, to devastate; to ruin; to eradicate; $-d\bar{u}di \ ah$, The heaving of a sigh; —dud ba-sū'i nekūyan rawad, The world turns towards the prosperous ;—dūdi chirāgh, Lamp-black for making ink and collyrium; (met.) laborious study; — dūdi chirāgh khwurdan, To undergo hardship for the sake of study;dūdi dil (jigar, dam), A sigh ;-dūdi dil khālī kardan, To free the heart from care; — dūdi damāgh, Pride, haughtiness, vanity; —dūdi kudāmīn chirāgh, Under whose protection is he? on whom does he depend or rely?—dūd kardan, To emit smoke; to fumigate; to turn on steam (m.c.); (met.) to show, to manifest; -dūdi mash'al, Lampblack; pomp, state; a blackish colour;—

dud u gard, Smoke and dust; (met.) a troubled mind, distressedness.

لساً عود أسا dūd-āsā, Smoke-like.

درد الكن dud-afkan, A kind of magician.

name of a town and river in India.

درداله dūdāla, The game of tip-cat.

do-dāmī, Flowered muslin, the

flowers worked with a needle.

ورد أهنج dūd-āhanj, درد أهنج dūd-āhang, Chimney of a kitchen or bath; an earthen pot placed over a lamp to gather smoke for making lamp-black.

الله عالم مرد عالله dūd-khāna, House, family, race.

دود عوار dūd-khwār (smoke-eater), A moth flying round the candle; a chimney; a stoker; a smoker of tobacco.

الاء مرد کالاء مالاء مالاء مالاء مالاء مالاء کالاء مالاء م

.v. وداله

ردر dūdar, Coat-buttons (or the shanks); buckle of a belt; twisted (chain, rope, or loop); a badge.

du-dari, The world (having two

doors, birth and death).

دو دست زدن du dast zadan, (met.) To make merry.

du dast giriftan, To exert دو دست گرفتن oneself to the utmost.

دو دستى du-dasti, Two-handed; of two hands' or arms' length; a hard-fought battle; a blow on the back with both hands in order to hasten anyone; a sort of ewer; a cap with two flaps to cover the ears; — du-dastī dar-āwekhtan, To exert oneself to the utmost; —du-dastī zadan, To strike with both hands, i.e. with all one's might.

درد کش dūd-kash, A vent for smoke,

chimney.

نرد كاه dūd-gāh, A chimney.

درد کرفتگی dūd-giriftagī, Smokiness. ی د کرنته dūd-girifta, Smoked, smoky.

درد گند dūd-gand, A chimney.

ورد كنده dad-ganda, Smelling of smoke. دود كيون dūd-gīn (filled with smoke), The tunnel of a chimney; smoky.

ی دل ما du-dil (two-hearted), Uncertain,

irresolute, wavering; a hypocrite.

టు,ు dūdala, dūdila, The game of tip-cat; -du-dila, Wavering, doubtful, in suspense, uncertain, irresolute; absent in mind; one who is constantly changing his creed.

يو دله مدكى du-dila-shudagī, Double-

heartedness, irresolution, uncertainty.

يو دم du-dam, Double-edged.

دودمان dūdmān, A great tribe, family, illustrious house; generation, race; fragrance; name of a place near Shīrāz.

دو دمنه du-dama, Double-edged.

du dunyā, This world and the

دو دو du du, Two and two; sound of a pipe.

ور دواله مر du-duwala, = هائي، q.v. (unsupported by examples).

درده dauda, A circle;—dūda, Round cottages; a tribe, family; people; a chimney; an eldest son; soot, lamp-black, with which they make ink; (for A. 63,3) a worm.

دود هنج dūd-hanj, دود هنج dūd-hang, A chimney; a pot for collecting smoke.

دردي dūde, A fire lit by the poor, and by

the galandar monks, a bonfire.

a درز aur, Time, age; a revolution, period of years; a period of 360 solar years; evil times; days of oppression; a state of poverty; the world, fortune; the repetition of a lesson; a cup handed round by the guests; intelligence which spies transmit to the court of their sovereign; [dauri charkh (gardun), Motions of the heavens; -dauri zamān, Revolution of ages; -dauri qamarī, The lunar cycle (at the commencement of which Adam was created); -daur kardan, To encircle, surround; to turn about, revolve; to muffle or wrap round; -dauri kase giriftan, To congregate round one (m.c.);—dauri gosh-māl, Times of sedition or oppression; days of calamity, distress, or poverty; -dauri mudām, Perpetual motion; -dauri mi'jarī, The moon's orbit; -ribhi dauri shar'i, Legal usury; - jauri daur, Injuries of fortune;] -dur (pl. of darat), Houses; -daura, daur. About, around.

مور (S. dūra), Remote, distant, far off;—dūr az kār, Far from the purpose; in opposition to, contrary to the inclination; ---dūr az mā, Far from us;--dūr afgandan (andākhtan), To throw far away; -dūr āmadan (bar-āmadan), (met.) To be un-happy;—dur dāshtan, To remove, to keep at a distance ; -dur shudan, To be distant, absent; - dūr kardan, To remove, avert, send away, banish; —dūr u darāz, Far and long; prolixly, at full length; -dūr u nazdīk, Far and near;—az dūr, From afar.

درات ه dūrāt (pl. of درات), Houses, mansions.

دررادور dūrādūr, Very distant ;—a. daurādaur, All round (m.c.),

פת זיין dir-asaran, Name of a king of

the magicians.

دراغ dūrāgh, Sour milk, upon which new milk is poured.

دور افتاده dūr-uftāda, Who fails to understand.

a פעלט daurān, dawarān, A revolution, period, circle, cycle; time, an age; fortune, vicissitude; rolling round (construed with the verbs uftadan, zadan, kardan, gardandan, nihādan); [dawarāni dam, Blood-circulation; —daurāni sar, A swimming in the head;]— $d\bar{u}r\bar{a}n$ (pl. of $d\bar{a}r$), Houses, habitations.

دوران عداي daurān-khuday, A whoremonger.

dūr andākhtanī, Fit only to دور الداعتني be thrown away, refuse.

دور الدر من dũr-andar, Deep (goblet or well). dūr-andesh. Far-sighted, penetrating; anticipative.

. dūr-andesha, Foresight دور انديشه

دور انديشي dūr-andeshī, Far-sightedness; anticipation.

dūrān-sarūn, Name of a king دوران مرون of the magicians.

a دورانی daurānī, Temporal, secular.

دورای dūrāy, A flute, a psaltery. مورای dûr bād, God forbid! Far be it! eq ver bāsh, Keep off! stand back! give way! a staff, a walking-stick; a club, mace, bludgeon, pole, or baton, with which they keep the mob from pressing too close in public solemnities; a battle-axe (usually fixed to the saddle); the commander of a caravan; a sigh.

دور بر آمدن dūr bar-āmadan, To be

wretched.

פתא dūrbal, Faithless, insincere, untrue. دور بين dūr-bīn, One who sees at a distance; far-sighted; a telescope; provident, penetrating, perspicuous, ingenious, intelligent, judicious; — dūr-bīni dū-chashmī, A double opera-glass (m.c.).

dūr-bīnī, Far-sightedness.

يور بار dūr-pār, God forbid (female

phrase).

در پندار dūr-pindār, Thinking deeply; penetrating the future; provident.

ررة A daurat, An epicycle; a revolution; periodicity.

dūrtar, More remote, farthest.

ەرىزك dūrtarak (dim. of the preceding), A little farther.

دور عولي dūr-khūlī, A wild kind of lily. دو رخى du-rukhī, A kind of bow. كر رخى dūr-darāz, Far, distant.

ور كست dūr-dast, Distant, out of reach. دور دستى dūr-dastī, Remoteness, distance; out of reach.

دور دور ۸ daur daur, Prosperity.

خروس dūras, Hellebore.

دور فرود مرود مرود dūr-firod, Deep; very low.

دوری ه dawrak, A water-pot with handles; a kind of wine-measure; a cistern or tank full of water.

دور کرده dûr-karda, Removed, taken away. دو رکه dū-ragah, Of mixed blood (horse).

a دور گهر daur-gir, A world seizer, a king ; one who takes his turn of the cup.

a دور کیران م daur-gīrān (pl. of the prece-

ding), Kings; wine drinkers.

درائع dauranj, Name of a medicinal berb. دراک daurang, A sort of medicinal plant;—du-rang, Of two colours, piebald, bi-coloured; double-faced, hypocrite, deceitful man; the world.

dūr-nigāh, Long-sighted, seeing

far.

در رنگی du-rangi, The property of possessing two colours; of two colours; capriciousness; hypocrisy: capricious.

a دور نما daur-numā, Panoramic; a pano-

rama (m.c.).

دورو du-rū, Two-faced, i.e. a deceitful villain, hypocrite; inconstant; a kind of rose, red without and white within; name of a small brass coin; having two facades (a palace, m.c.).

du-roza'i 'umr, A short life. قورزي dūrūzī, Health, soundness of body. doruna, A bow for cotton; the

rainbow.

دو رويك do-(du-) rūya, Double, two-faced: -du-rūya sipāh, The two opposing armies. دو روثی du-rū'ī, Hypocrisy, double-faced-

دورة daura, A curling lock; a wine-measure; a heat, run (at a race, m.c.);—dūra, A small measure, such as a vial or flask; -du-rah, Twice; -du-rah sī, Twice thirty.

دوري dūrī, Distance ; absence, separation ; a hypocrite; -dūrī namūdan, To show aversion, to be distant and shy.

a دری daurī, A tray, salver (m.c.).

دوريسة dūrīsa, A handkerchief (of muslin) with a downy pile, fringed at the borders; a fringed carpet or counterpane.

رويشة dūrīsha, = the preceding; linen

cloth.

دوري کن dūrī-kun, An enemy, adversary. ورز doz, Stork's dung; (in comp.) sewing.

caus. of dozidan), To دوزانيدن cause to sew. &c.

دوزاى dūzāy, A pipe, flute.

ورزبان du-zabān, Double-tougued; a pen; a hypocrite; a serpent, a snake; -du-zabān shudan, To dissemble.

در زبانی du-zabānī, Double-tonguedness. خرزئ dozakh, Hell; evil company; jealousy; trouble, affliction; the belly;—ahli dozakh, The inhabitants of hell, the damned ;-kuffāri dozakh-qarār, The infidels devoted to hell, infernal firebrands.

ענלאיט doza<u>kh</u>bān, Keeper of the infernal pit.

دوزهي doza<u>kh</u>ĩ, Infernal ; a glutton. در dauzak, Anything large and light.

دوزندگی dozandagi, Needlework. دو زنگی و رومی du zangi u rūmī, Night and day; youth and old age.

دوزيد dozana, Sting of an insect.

دوزه دار dozana-dār, A stinged insect. دورون dūzūn, A Nile crocodile (doubtful).

المرزة doza, A kind of prickly plant; gum lac, a kind of wax for fastening handles on

دوزيدن dozīdan (equivalent to dokhtan, but rarely used), to sew, stitch; to be used to.

د, زيرة do-zīra, A kind of rice.

درويده dozīna, Bee's sting, gnat's trunk. jos dozh, Filth; tincture of lac; stork's dung; a proboscis.

q.v. درزای = duzhāy, درزای q.v. فرزای duzhak, Thick, large.

رزنه dozhana, A bee; a gnat; a sting. bijo dūzha, A kind of thorn; a knot in wood.

نوژیت dozhīna, The sting of an insect.

A دوس daus (v.n.), Beating with the feet (the ground), trampling clay; threshing corn; polishing (a looking-glass, sword,

daus, dawas, Water for strengthening the stomach, in which red-hot iron has been cooled; -dūs, Plaster; shellac; gum

درسانيدن dosānīdan, To fasten, glue, cement; to attach oneself to, to become a

hanger-on of.

دوست dost, A friend; a lover; a mistress. sweetheart; (for دو است du ast) are two; -dost däshtan, To like, love, be fond of, esteem as a friend.

دوست دار dostār (for دوستار), A friend; a

lover; lovingly.

دوستان dostān (pl. of dost), Friends; (a fuller form of dost) a friend.

aostāna, Friendly, affectionately. dostānī, Friendly, affectionate.

dost-bin, The twenty-second دوست این day of the month, of the era of Jalalu'd-

dost-afsos, Grieving for a دوست المسوس friend; causing grief to friends.

dost-angez, Exciting (strife درست الگير

between) friends.

dost-tar, A greater friend, more friendly; -dost-tar dashtan, To love more.

-dost-<u>kh</u>oy, Of a friendly dispo دوست خوی sition, amiable.

دوست دار dost-dār, A friend; lover, lovingly.

درست داری dost-dārī, Friendship; love. dostar (for dost-tar), Dearer, prefer-

روی dost-ruy, Amiable, agreeable,

pleasant.

دوستكام dost-kām, A lover, friend; a sweetheart; a cup of wine which a lover drinks to his mistress's health; any business which succeeds to the wishes of one's friends.

dost-kāmī, Prosperity (a friend's دوستكامي

wish).

دوستكان dost-kān, Loved; a lover; a

goblet.

درستكاني dost-kānī, Wine drunk at an entertainment, or with a mistress or friend; a large draught, full bumper drunk to the health of a lady or friend; a cup, glass, or wine-vessel.

دوستگان dost-gān, Beloved; a mistress. دوستگانه dost-gāna, A toast to a mistress.

دوستگین dost-gīn, Clammy, ropish substance.

dostanda, Folded دوستندة , dostanda (flower); manifold.

dostwār, Friend-like, friendly.

دوستى dostī, Friendship; love, affectiou; -dosti däshtan (kardan), To contract or cultivate friendship.

موسر dūsar, Oats; tares;—du sar, Two heads or two-headed;—du sari dihlīz, The four elements; the five senses;—du sari qindil, The seven planets; any glittering star; the firmament.

a دوسراني dausarānī, Large, thick, hard (a camel).

دو سرى du-sare, A kind of tent; a linen cover for a travelling-litter.

dosgar, A plasterer.

دو منبه du samba, Folded together; doubled.

دوسند dosand, Adhesion; curvature.

دوسندة dosanda, dosinda, Sticking, adhesive; curved, bent; mixed, pounded; adhesive mud.

در سنگ du sang, Two stones; namely, the mountains Safa and Marwah, near Mecca.

دسگين dosgīn, Adhesive.

ور سرى du-suwi, Parting of braided hair.

يو سه du sih, Two or three ;—du sih bārī, Two or three times;—du sih qindil (two or three caudles), The stars; —du sih wairān (wairāna) dih, The seven climes.

درسيدگي dosīdagī, A cleaving, sticking. dosidan, To plaster, incrust, bedaub; to glue, cement, stick together; to adhere, cleave close to; to collapse; to arrive; to incline, bend; to be benumbed in the limbs; to shake up and down, or backwards and forwards; to move forward; to apprehend.

dosīda, Plastered, incrusted, &c.

(see the preceding).

دوش dosh (S. dos), The shoulder; (S. doshā) last night; a dream; a kind of lac with which they fasten knife-handles; solder for metals; foolish, stupid; right over against; (imperative of doshīdan, or dokhtan) milk; [dosh bar-zadan, To shrug the shoulders for joy; to be proud;—dosh khwurdan, To receive a stroke on the back; -dosh dådan, To help, to assist;-dosh zadan, To shrug the shoulders in disapproval; to contend with; -dosh kardan, To dream; to occur, meet, fall plump upon;? -dawish, A running.

دوها doshā, Milch; spunged upon.

دوهاب dosh-ab, Syrup of grapes or dates; anything upon which milk is poured; milch.

doshāb-dil, Who wishes at every دوهاب دل moment for something else.

دوهاب دلي doshāb-dilī, A continual change

of wish, as the longings of a pregnant

درهایگر doshābgar, A maker of syrups. the odu-shākh, The pillory; a goldwrought girdle.

as a du-shākha, Bifurcated; the pillory; -du-shākha kardan, To place in the pillory.

دوش ازدها dosh-azhdahā, From whose shoulders serpents have sprung (the tyrant Zahhāk).

درهانيدن doshānīdan, To milk; to cause to milk.

u-shāhīn, The handle of a pair دو هاهين of scales; the constellations of the Eagle and Lyre; a falcon for buuting.

dosh-jumbān, Moving دوش جنبان shaking the shoulders (see جنب جنبان).

در هدة بند du-shuda-band (who puts two and two together?), An imperial historiographer.

طهی dūshak. A kid: a cat: a carpet;

bedding; a quilt.

دوهكن dosh-kan, A short garment hanging from the shoulders.

doshyar, A plasterer.

دوهمال dosh-mal, A towel used by butchers.

دو هنبه du-shambah, Monday.

. doshandanī, What is to be milked دوهندني a lactiferous animal, milch.

doshanda, A milker; a shepherd, a herdsman.

دوهنه doshana, A milk-pail.

رهوار dūshwār, Difficult.

دوهواي doshwan, A breast-plate, stomacher.

درهه dosha, A milking-pan or pail. دوهيدن doshidan, To milk; to take.

درهیدنی doshīdanī, Fit to be milked, milch.

درهيدة doshida, Milked; any milkable animal; milch; a woman with large breasts; twins.

doshizagan (pl. of doshiza), Virgins; —doshīzagāni jannat, Virgins of Para-

درهيزكي doshīzagī, Virginity, maidenhead ; -doshîzaqî burdan, To deflower.

دوهيرة doshīza, A virgin. دوهين doshīn, Last night's.

دوهينه doshīna, Last night's; a shoulderload.

دوهينه هب doshīna-shab, Yesternight.

A موص daus, = موص q.v.

ر محن du saḥn (two trays), Earth and вky.

ي مد du sad, Two hundred; —du sad u eih sad, Two hundred and three hundred; (met.) a large number of enemies.

a دو طوفي du-tarfi, Mutual; on both

a دو طفل پسندیده du tifti pasandīda (نور nūr, hindū), The pupils of the eyes.

du tūtī (two parrots), The lips of در طوطی

a دو علوي du 'ulwi, Saturn and Jupitor.

a در عيار طرار a du 'aiyāri إarrār (two roguish

cut-purses), Day and night. milk, whey, butter-milk; a reed; name of a medicine; -dogh khwurdan, (met.) To be mistaken; to commit au error; - dogh zadan, To churn.

الا كرع الا dogh-ābā, Food prepared with

milk.

رغبا do<u>ah</u>-bā, Butter-milk dried.

دوغو doghā, Sediment of butter or oil. دوغو dogh-wā, Meat dressed with sour دوغوا

درغه dogha, درغه doghāna, A strainer for purifying oil or butter; dregs of oil or melted butter.

A دوك dauf (v.n.), Moistening, macerating; braying musk.

du qurşi garm u sard, The دو قرص گرم و سرد sun and moon.

دوتلي طu-qulī, Twins (?).

دوتوس , dūqūe (G. δαῦκος), Seed of wild carrot.

a در قولی du-qaulī, Duplicity of speech, falsehood.

دوك dūk, A woman's spindle; name of a desert; -dok, A dock (m.c. from E.).

دوكا $d\bar{u}k\bar{a}$, A. Russian coin (ducat?), = 3 manāṭ (see مناط).

دو کارد du-kārd, Scissors, shears; smoked ; a blow upon the chest;—du-kārdi firez, A pair of shears.

eyes. در کاك du kāk, The pupils of the eyes. دركان dūkān (erroneous reading for دركان), A shop; -dūkān chīdan, To shut up shop; -dūkāni mai-farosh, A wine-tavern, vintner's shop.

دوكان دارى dūkān-dārī, Shop-keeping; flattery.

دوكاني dūkānī, Shop-keeping; a shopkeeper.

يوك تراش dūk-tarāsh, A spindle-maker.

دوکجی dūkjī, A ball of thread.

dūkcha, A small spindle; the woof, or the thing round which it is wound.

دركدان dūkdān, A spindle-case.

dūk-rishta, A whirl put upon a دوك رهته spindle, to give it a circular motion.

ه دوکریس dūk-rīs, Sewing with cotton thread.

دوك رهته $d\bar{u}k$ - $r\bar{\iota}sa$, دوك رهته q.v.

دو كسى du-kasī, Fit for two; -du kase, Two persons.

du ka batain, The sun and

ي كله دار du kulah-dar, The sun and moon; day and night; two powerful kings.

دو كوها du kūna, The two hips. دو كوها du-kohāna, دو كوها Double-humped (Bactrian camel).

دوکای dugān, In twos, two and two; double.

دو كان du-gāna, Two, double, a pair, twins; binary; of two sorts; two genuflexions in prayers;—dugāna zādan, To bring forth twins.

وركاه زاينده dugāna zāyanda, Twin-bearing

(female).

عركاو پير du gāwi pīr, The sign Taurus and the Ox (the latter as tiller of the ground); night and day.

دو گاو پیشه du gāv-pesha, Day and night. دو گاو پیشه du-gāh, Name of a musical note.

الموارة du gāhwāra, Heaven and earth. دو كاهوال du-gosh-māl, Troublous times; a serious disaster (probably misreading for or corruption of dauri gosh-māl, q.v. under الموري).

under دري). در گوهی du-goshī, A turban with two ends hanging down; a two-handed ewer.

دو گونه du gùna, Both cheeks.

يو كوهو du gauhar, Spirit and understanding.

دوگیتی du-giti, This world and the next. دول ه duwal, diwal, dawal (pl. of dulat), Riches, wealth, strokes of good fortune.

J, dol, A bucket, milk-pail, pitcher; the hopper of a mill; the sign Aquarius; a deceitful, shameless person; base, ignoble; the mast of a ship; a purse;—duwal, The bark of the olive-tree.

دو لاي ، du-lā دو لاي ، du-lā دو لا

fold.

dola, A pitcher, ewer; a water-bucket.

a درلاب $daul\bar{a}b$, $d\bar{u}l\bar{u}b$ (for the following), A water-wheel.

לעני dol-āh, A wheel, especially for raising water to overflow fields; a machine in the walls of monasteries, hospitals, or lazarettos, into which people on the outside put victuals or other necessaries (sometimes also superfluities, as children), and then, turning it upon its axis, leave them to be carried off by those within; a storehouse, pantry, buttery, locker; a labyrinth; trick, fraud, machination; a drum; a ditch; profit; commerce; hard usage; diabetes; —dolābi sufra-khāna, A buffet, side-board (m.c.);—dolābi mīnā, The sky.

کوالپ رنگ dolab-rany, (Turning) like a water-wheel (applied to the heavenly

sphere).

נוש בעלים dolāb-gardān, Trading, carry-

ing on commerce.

دولاب کودانی dolāb-gardānī, Trade carried on with another's capital.

دولابة dolāba, A water-wheel; a pantry. دولايي dolābī, Belonging to a water-wheel, &c. (see درلاب).

A دولات dālāt, Vicissitudes, changes. دولات dūlāna, A fruit like a red apple. دولند dolband, A turban, or the sash. دولبند و مست daul-band u bast, The rent-

roll of a district, drawn out at the beginning of a year, showing the sum expected to be realized.

A Dys daulat (v.n. of Jys), Going round each other in combat; good turn of fortune; felicity, wealth, victory; power, dominion, empire; a state, reign, dynasty; (construed with ākhir shudan, āmadan, khuftan, dāshtan, rāndan, yāftan); [daulati tez, Speedy good-fortune;—daulati khwābūda, Sleeping, i.e. adverse fortune;—daulati 'uṣmānīya, The Ottoman empire;—daulati 'uṣmānīya, The Ottoman empire;—daulati 'uzmá, The mighty empire;—daulati 'alīya, The high imperial house (of Timūr);—daulati yūnān, The kingdom of Greece;]—dūlat, Change of time, fortune, or happiness; felicity in the next life.

a دولت الديش daulat-andesh, Taking care

of the empire.

a انداز daulat-bar-andāz, Government-subverting, revolutionary.

a دولت پناه daulat-panāh, Asylum of em-

pire; where fortune finds a refuge

مولتخالة daulat-<u>kh</u>āna, A palace; a house; your house;—daulat-<u>kh</u>āna'i <u>kh</u>ās, The king's palace.

a مولت عدا daulat-khuda, Wealthy,

powerful.

م دولت عدائي daulat-<u>kh</u>udā'ī, daulatikhudā'ī, Riches, prosperity, happiness; one whose bounty is overflowing.

a دولت خواة daulat-khwāh, Well-wisher;

I, me.

موات خواهی م daulat-khwāhā, Good-will. a این daulat-sarā, A palace; your

a دولت كراى daulat-girāy, Eager for power or dominion.

a دولت کرای daulat-gazāy, Who oppresses people on account of newly-acquired good fortune.

a دولت کیاه daulat-giyāh, A lucky herb.

مراتمدار م daulat-madār, Abode of felicity. a دولتمند daulat-mand, Rich, fortunate, happy; a rich man; cause, occasion, effect.

a دولتمندي daulatmandi, Riches, wealth,

good fortune.

a دولتي daulatī, Rich, fortunate, prosperous, happy; prosperity; royal, belonging to the State (m.c.).

a درلتين daulatain (oblique case of the

dual), The two States (m.c.).

a دولت باب daulat-yāb, Prosperous, fortunate.

dolcha, A leathern bucket.

رونية dūlakhja, A ball of thread; name of a bird.

carried round the waist.

ير نو du lū, Doubled, folded, lined.

cup; a circle; a ringlet;—dūla, A circle; an ascent, steep; fraud, trick; a sigh.

groan, howl; the belly; a stupid, conceited fellow; a whirlwind; a lizard; earth, dust;—dawala, A goblet.

مران جر daula-char, The revolving sky.

دولي dawali, Fraud, deceit.

בקי daum (v.n.), Continuing, lasting. לכה duwum, Second; the ring-finger; inferior;—dūwum, The second.

دو مرحان du marjān, The lips of a mistress.

a دو موریع درب فعل du mirrīkhi zarb-fi'l, دو موریع درب اعل میما du mirrīkhi zuḥal-sīmā, Two rings of a chain.

در معلم du-maghz (two-kernelled), An almond; also—

در مغزه du-maghza, Fat, stout.

a دو منزل du manzil, This world and the next.

در موی du-māy, A man half grey-headed;

درمويد du-mūya, Beginning to grow grey. درمويد duwumī, The second.

du mekh, The two poles.

duwumīn, The second.

دو مینای طرب du mīnā'i Ļarab. A cup of wine.

A ωω daun (v.n.), Being low, vile, contemptible, or weak;—dūn, Base, mean, despicable; below, under, short of, inferior to; near; above; behind; after; name of a village near Dīnawar.

دو نان کرم و سرد du nāni garm u sard, در نان کرم و سرد du nāni rangān, در نان طلك du nāni falak, The two loaves, hot and cold, two coloured loaves, or two loaves of the sky, i.e. the sun and moon.

A درناته dūnak, Take it, seize it (lit. it is before you, in your reach, &c.).

درندگی dawandagi, A running, a racing. مرندگی dawanda, Running; a racer.

دونگی dūngī, A pinnace, smack, dingy. a دون نواز dūn-nawāz, A patron of the

يون dūna, A decoy-bird by a net; a basket of leaves;—dūna tarkī, A kind of aniseed.

a درن همت dūn-himmat, Base; ungrateful.

a درن همتى dūn-himmatī, Low-mindedness.

دولي dūnī, A long swift vessel; negligence.

a دولي dūnī, Baseness, inferiority.

du nîm, Two halves; divided in two;—du-nīm zadan (kordan), To divide in two, to halve.

خررم duwām, dawām, A gum-bearing tree. عروج du-wer, A writer; a school-master, teacher of languages.

لرو هاروت كالر du hārūti kāfir, The fascinating eyes or pendent ringlets of a mistress. مره مواد du hamzād, Twins.

در هندری طلا du hindāyi tift (چشم chashu), The pupils of the eyes.

A فرول dawá (v.n.), Ailing;—dawiy, Anything, any person; a singing noise or tinkling in the ear; the humming of bees or birds, the rustling of wind, &c.

درى dawi, A cheat, deceiver, knave ;—

duwi, Two and two.

a دويت dawet (by Imalah for دويت), An ink-holder or pen-case.

a دويت آهور dawet-ashār, Stick for mixing ink.

עינגון dawe-dâr (for dawet-dâr), One who carries an ink-stand.

دويدگي dawidagi, A running.

οως dawidan, To run; to make haste to serve; to flow; to spring up, be carried high;—bar rūy dawidan, To speak fluently;—dar tahi post (dar rag u pay) dawidan, To penetrate into one's veins and nerves.

دويرة dawīra, A leathern strap used at dice (see دوال بازي).

دونست duwist, Two hundred:—duwist dirami shar'i, Fifty-four tolas, five mashas and two grains.

در يك du yak, The last breath.

أويل duwel, Fraud, cheat, trick; coarse silk from a cocoon, in which two silkworms were enclosed.

دريم duyum, دريمين duyumīn, The second ; a deputy.

دوگی du'i, Duality; duplicity.

83 dah, Ten; indicating sometimes a large, sometimes a small number; displeasure; annoyance, trouble; curses, imprecations; commanding what is right and forbidding what is wrong; [dah chand, Ten-fold, ten times;—dah (for dih?) dar dunyā, sattar (perhaps for satān) dar ākhirat, Give in this world, and receive in the next, or, perhaps, ten in this world, a hundred in the next (a benediction used by mendicants); —dah dirami shari, Two tolas, eight māshas, and ten grains and a half;]—dih, A town, village; (imp. of dadan) give thou; strike thou; (in comp.) a giver; [dihi weran, The world; the human body;]-duh, A tail (seems doubtful).

containing the tembs, which are carried about in procession during those ten days; on the tenth day the tombs are buried, or in some places thrown into water; the building, if made of cheap materials, shares the same fate; if costly, it is carried back and deposited in the Dargāh or Karbalā.

دهاه دهاه dahā' (v.n. of دهای), Being subtle, penetrating; ingenuity, shrewdness, sagacity.

م ادهى dahā'at (v.n. of دهى), Being sagacious, subtle, cunning, astute.

دهاه دهاهٔ ماهٔ duhāt (pl. of dāhī, in P. sometimes spelt دهات), Ingenious, sly.

دهات dihāt (A. pl. of dih), Villages, the country.

all quarters; from place to place; warcry, din of battle;—dih-ā-dih zadan (guftan), To raise a battle-cry.

مار dahār, A grotto, cavern, cleft in a mountain; excellence; learning, wisdom;

a clamour, a cry for help.

a grotto, cavern;—dihāz, Former site of a village; cleft of a mountain.

dah-asba, With (the swiftness of)

ten horses.

مان dihāq, Full (cup); cup after cup. ماني dahāqinat, دهاني dahāqīn (pl. of dihqān), Chief men of Persian villages; industrious.

Jest dah äk, Ten vices; name of the tyrant Zahhāk, who was notorious for ten defects of body or mind, viz. ugliness of feature, shortness of stature, excessive pride, indecency, gluttony, scurrility, cruelty, precipitance, falsehood, and cowardice;—dahāk, Places of tens in arithmetic.

دهاليز ه dahālīz (pl. of dihlīz), Vestibules

مام دهام على duhām, Black; a stallion-camel (see ادهم).

رهان dahān, dihān, The mouth; an orifice;—dahān bāz māndan, To remain openmouthed with astonishment; — dahāni pusht, Anus;—dahāni zaigham, The first point in the constellation Leo;—dah angusht ba-dahān (bar dahān) giriftan, To be weak, helpless, powerless; to submit; to lament. (See also دهن)

oil; (pl. of duhn), oils, ointments, unguents; gentle rains moistening only the surface of the ground;—dahhān, One who

makes or presses oil.

دهای دهان دهان دهان بند dahan-band, A mouth-veil; a muzzle.

A عمائع duhānij, Going fast with short steps; a two-humped camel.

على درة dahān-dara, Yawn; one who yawns; a narrow pass between mountains. عدم dahān-gīr, Who prevents another

from idle talk.

which resembles the mouth; the mouth of a river; the opening of a valley; the bit of a bridle; a weaver's instrument; anything with which the edge of a knife or hatchet is covered for the safety of carriage; rust of brass; verdigris; a precious stone of a greenish colour, malachite.

دهائيدي dahānīdan, dihānīdan, To cause to give.

دة باكن dih-bāsh, Tame, domestic.

t ده باخی dah-bāshī, The head-man of ten, a corporal (m.c.).

A وهبرع dahbarraj (for P. dah parra), Ten-feathered.

మ్మ కు dah-baraga, = టు కు q.v. (doubtful word, the second component of which seems unintelligible; probably it is a misreading for ట్క్ కు q.v.).

دة بست من dah bist, Ten or twenty.

charms), Beauty, ornament, adornment;—dah pānzdah dārī, Thou possessest beauty and adornments of every kind.

قام كا من الله على dah-panji, Bad

money, false coin.

دة تاس dah täs, A wooden shoe.

قى عىد dah chand, Ten times as much.

دة چندگی dah-chandagī, Ten-fold; a word with which they return a salutation.

دهيه dihchah, A husbandman; peasan-

try, subjects.

dah hawas, The five external and the five internal senses.

or head-man of a village. Lord

ده ختنی dah <u>kh</u>atanī, The ten fingers.

נא טא dah dadan, Reviling anyone by holding up the ten fingers to his face; contradicting; hating, detesting.

الله عن dih-dar, Head-man of village or

township.

duhdurrain, A trifling, futile دهدرين ه

thing; a lie.

als as dah-dila (of ten hearts), Fickle, faithless; one who is perpetually changing his creed; brave, courageous.

الله ده دهي dah-dahī, Pure ده دهي dah-dahī, Pure

gold.

מש, dahr, Time; eternity; vicissitudes of time; fortune; adverse fortune, calamity; God as ruler of destiny; the world; custom, habit, mode, manner; — dahri dāhir, Adverse fortune; —dahri dahārīr, Severe times; —dahri safed-dast, Youthful fortune; —dahri kāsa-gardān, This lower world; —fī auwali 'd-dahr, Now long ago.

هرا A معرا dahran, Perpetually.

دهرکه dah-raga, Strong, muscular, brave; experienced in business; zealous; a bastard

a دهر نکوهی dahr-nikūhī, A blaming of fortune.

رز dah rūz, Ten days (to designate a

short space of time).

dahra, A reaping-sickle; a pruning-hook; a farrier's instrument for paring horses' hoofs; a small two-edged, sickle-formed, sharp dagger; — dahra'i subh, Morning light.

a دهرى dahrī, Secular, temporal, worldly. dah rīsh (ten beards), A thick

beard.

دة وبانى dah-zabānī, Loquacity, talkative-

م دهس dahs, A plant not yet of a greeu colour; soft soil without sand, dust, or clay.

ال عال so dah sāl, Ten years; the planets (a term of science); a large wave.

نهستان dahistān, A town in Tabaristān;

-dihistān, Abounding in villages.

dahsh (v.n.), Striking with consternation;—dahash (v.n.), Being amazed, dumbfounded, bewildered.

دهش dihish, A gift, alms; liberality.

معشق dahshat, Amazement, wonder; strangeness; fear, terror;—dahshat burdan (kardan), To terrify;—dahshat khwurdan, To feel terrified.

dahasht, dahisht, Union, unanimity, resemblance; singularity; uniqueness.

a كهشت الداز dahshat-andāz, Spreading

terror, terrific.

a الكيرة dahshat-angez, Horrible. a دهشت ناك dahshatnāk, Alarming. دهشته dihishta, A free gift, an alms. دهشور dihishwar, Bountiful, liberal.

dahs (v.n.), Hastening, haste;—dahas, Thinness of the eye-brows and of the hair;—dihs, A layer of bricks above the foundation of a wall.

A معنی dahq (v.n.), Breaking or cutting; —dahaq (v.n.), Torturing; torture, the rack.

a chan dihqān, duhqān (from P. dihkhān or dihgān), Chief man or magistrate of a village, prince or head of the farmers (among the Persians); a husbandman, cultivator of the ground; a historian; a minstrel, bard;—dihqāni pīr, Old wine; well versed in history;—dihqāni khuld, The porter of Paradise named Rizwān; Muhammad.

د عقان نورد dihqūn-naward, Register, history.

a دهقالی dahqānī, dihqānī, Tillage, husbandry; a husbandman.

a دهقی dahqanat (v.n. of دهقی), Appointing to the office of dihqān; the magistracy of a village; farming business; agriculture; shrewdness.

A هائ dahk (v.n.), Breaking, bruising; grinding; trampling the ground; copulating;—dahak, Name of a village near Shīrāz; also of a village near Wāsit.

طهی dihak (dim. of dih), A small village.

دهكانى dihkāni, Agriculture; a sown field.

دهكدة dih-kada, A village.

ده کشاورز dih-kashāwarz, A village husbandman.

ئة كنا dih-kiyā, A certain fruit cooked with meat; chief man or magistrate of a village.

dihgān, A farmer, sower; a historian.

ده کان ده کان ده کان ده کان ده کان ده کان ده کان ده کان ده کان که dah-gān, In tens. دهگانی dahgānī, A certain gold coin;—dihgānī, Tillage, husbundry; a husbandman.

رة dihgar, A villager.

دة كرى dah-gazī, Of ten cubits' length.

رول duhul, A drum, tabor;—dahul ba bālā'i bām burdan, To beat the drum;—duhul zādan, To beat a drum;—duhul zīri gilīm zadan, To try to conceal what is notorious;—duhuli yak rūya, A single drum (opp. to duhuli du-rūya, A double drum).

دهل باز duhul-bāz, A drummer; a small brass drum fastened to the saddle when hawking, and struck whilst the falcon is on the wing, to animate him to hunt for and kill his prey.

دهل دريده duhul-darida, Disgraced.

ون نواز duhul-zan, زوان duhul-nawāz, A drummer.

دهاو dihlū, The city of Delhi.

دهاه dahla, A thorny plant; a bridge.

دهلی dihlī, The city of Delhi.

a دهايرة dihlīz, دهايرة dihlīza, A vestibule, place between two gates, or between the outer gate and the house;—dihlīzi qalb, The auricle of the heart.

a دهليزي dihlizi, Rumours, vague reports

(properly sukhuni dihlīzī).

rushing upon; a multitude, a large number;—duhm, The last three (moonless) nights of the month.

a pleasant odour when burnt; a laurel;—

A has duhmat, Blackness.

men; a captain over ten men; belonging to ten, i.e. many, men;—dah marda kār kunad, He works for ten;—jāmi dah marda, A cup sufficient for many men;—zori dahmarda, The strength of ten men.

ي goy), Oue گوی) dahmarda-go (گوی), Oue who talks for ten, extremely loquacious,

garrulous.

دهمست dahmast, dahamast, The laurel. ه دی ادریش خاندان ادریش be dihi maskini idrīs, The heaven of amber.

وهمشت dahamasht, = عمشت

دهبويد dah-mūbad, A priest of the fireworshippers.

دهمي dahumī, The tenth. دهمي dahumī, The tenth. A دهن dahn (v.n.), Anointing, oiling; beating with a stick; slightly moistening the ground (rain);—duhn, Oil, unguent; slight raiu; a tribe in Yaman.

covering of a vessel; bit of a bridle;—dahan az ham gushādan, To open the mouth;—dahan ba-āb kashīdan, To riuse the mouth;—dahan tar kardan, To investigate, to inquire;—dahani tegh (shamshīr), Edge of a scimitar;—dahani tīr, Notch of an arrow;—dahani chīze dāshtan, To have a thing in readiness;—dahan-ash shīrīn shud,

He was bribed; he became conciliated;—dahan ghuncha kardan, To purse the lips (for kissing, &c.);—dahani farang. Melochites (see (see אבא);—dahani kase bastan (shīrīn kardan), To bribe; to conciliate;—dahani muhra-dār, A mouth with all its teeth unimpaired;—bar (dar) dahan zadan, To strike on the mouth;—dar dahan (dahani 'ām) uftādan, To become the talk of the people, to be defamed. (See also color)

دهناد dahnād, Order, series, arrangement. dahan-bāz, The tooth-ache tree. دهن باز dahan-basta, Muzzled.

ده بيد dahan-band, The covering of the mouth; a woman's veil; a muzzle.

دهن بوس dahan-bos, Kissing the mouth. منع منه منه dahaaj, dahaaaj, duhaaij, A gem resembling an emerald.

دهن خوانی dahan-<u>kh</u>wānī, Blame, reproof. فهن درة dahan-dara, Yawning, gaping ;—dahan-dara kardan, To yawn.

دهن دريدة dahan-darīda, A vain babbler; shameless.

دهندگی dihandagi, A giving; liberality. دهنده dihanda, dihinda, A giver; (a woman) giving or prostituting (herself).

دهن كشاى غيبت كردن dahan-kushā'i ghībat kardan, To open the mouth of detraction.

دهن کف dahan-kaf, Drivel;—dahan-kaf kardan, To drivel, to slaver.

نة من dah-nuh, Ninety; (met.) ornament, decoration; diminution, depreciation; any two things of equal value.

jaws; a notch; the bit of a bridle (m.c.); —dahana'i rūd-khāna, The mouth of a river;—dahana'i farang, Jasper; a precious stone of a thick greenish colour, melochites;—dahana'i ligām, The bit of a bridle.

دهنيم dah-nīm, An old coin; tax of 5 per cent.

and by the Portuguese Pico d'Adam) in the island of Ceylon, where the Persians believe Adam lived, when banished from Paradise.

conflict, noise of combatants; pomp, pride.

دهور م duhūr (pl. of dahr), Ages, times. دهور ه dih-u-yīr, = د و ال

رهون dahūn, Mouth; orifice; recital from memory; memory;—as dahūn khwāndan, To say by heart.

دهوه dahwa, = دهوه q.v. (probably a mis-

reading).

עלפט dah·hā, The ten first days of the month Muharram; tens;—dih-hā, Villages.

عواران عن dah hazār, واران معالم عن dah hazārān, Ten thousand; the fourth game at nard.

دة هفت dah-haft, Name of an ancient coin.

دهی dahī, Pure gold.

مهى dahy (v.n.), Being shrewd, subtle, or ingenious; ingenuity, sublety, sagacity; craftiness;— dahī, Ingenious, sagacious; subtle, sly, cunning.

دهيد dihid (imp. of dadan), Give ye;

strike ye.

دهيده dihīdih, A mutual gift; war, battle.

طاعت dah-yak, A tenth part, one out of

ten;—dah-yak kurdan, To decimate. ياك كيرنده sə dah-yak-sitān, على كالمراده يك كيرنده dah-yak-giranda, A tithe-taker.

دهيم dihīm, The crown of the kings of Persia.

دهين dihīn, dahīn, Biestings.

دهينة dahīna, Biestings; mouth, orifice (unsupported).

قريد دُمْ dah yopad, Enjoining what is right, and forbidding what is wrong.

אט dah yoda, Ten, ten units.

solar year; winter, or the first month of the solar year; winter, or the first month of it, December; name of the ninth (?) day of the month; name of an angel presiding over the affairs of the month dai, and of the eighth, fifteenth, and twenty-third day of every month;—dī, Yester (see العياس).

א פֿעל diyār (pl. of dār), Houses, mansions; (pl. of dairat) circuits, regions, districts;—daiyār, Anyone; the head of a convent (dair).

میار بکر A دیار بکر diyār-bakr, The country called

anciently Mesopotamia.

دياتودا diyāqūdā, A beverage extracted from poppy.

a دياليه dayālima (pl. of dailam), The Dailamites.

A column daiyan, A requiter of good and evil; hence an epithet of God; a conqueror, a subduer; a judge, umpire, administrator.

adhering to religion; conscience, honesty, piety, virtue, integrity;—arbōbi diyānat, Religious persons;—ahli diyānat, Religious.

a נאלבי כון diyānat-dār, Just, honest, pions;—diyānat-dārī, Piety; honesty, uprightness.

a ديانت گر diyānat-gar, Pious; just, honest; - diyānat-garī, Piety; honesty.

ديانوش dayānosh, The man who sold 'Azrā.

רבי dīb, Name of a sea-port in India. ביט dībā, Brocade; the eye of a mistress; the tenth of the month;—dībā'i pukhta dar pukhta, Silk interwoven with gold and silver;—dībā'i shab-afroz (shab andar roz), An Indian silk-stuff, taffeta;—dībā'i shāshtar dāshtan, To have many colours, to be variegated;—dībā'i mu'allam, Embroidered cloth.

ديبا باك dibā-bāf, A brocade-manufacturer.

a ويباه dibāj for P. ديباه), A vest of brocade, or cloth of gold, with a rich edging;

frontispiece of a book.

ديباجة dībāja, ديباجة dībācha, The preface, exordium, or preamble to a book (as being generally written in an ornamental style, and adorned with gilding and other decorations); a cheek; — naqshi dībāja-rā muhri mom sākhtan, To make plain and evident, to reveal.

ديباجة بند dībāja-band, Composer of a preface.

ديباجي dībājī, A vesture of gold cloth ; a weaver of brocade.

ديبا دوز dībā-doz, A weaver of brocade.

دى بادين dai-bādīn, God; name of an angel; the twenty-third day of the month.

ديبالر daibazar, The eighth day of the month; the angel who presides over this day; sleepy.

יאלע dībār, Nuptials; a banquet, feast. بيا روي dībā-rūy, Of beautiful face. ميا روي dībāgar, A brocade manufacturer.

ديباكرى dibāgari, Embroidery; manufacture of brocade.

ديبال بور dibāl pūr, A place in the Panjāb. ديباوند debāwand, Name of Tahmūras. ديباه dībāh, Gold tissue.

שאַבּוֹן debdār (S. deva-dāru), The Indian

pine.

ديبدين daibadīn, God ; name of an angel ; the twenty-third day of every solar month.

د يغروجاس diburjas (?), د يغروجاس q.v.a ديبل dībaq (for P. ديبل), Brocade.

دى بمهر dai-ba-mihr, God; name of an angel; the fifteenth day of every solar month.

ديبود dai-būd, A double-bordered garment.

ديبوذ له daibūz (from P. du pūd), A garment with a double border.

ديباه dībah, = ديباه q.v.;—dībahi khusrawī, Khusrau's third treasure.

دي بس dai-pas, A travelling companion ; form, figure, image; like (doubtful word). الله الله dīplomāt, Diplomatic (m.c. from Fr. or E.).

ه في diyat (v.n. of ودى), Paying a mulct or compensation for mauslaughter; mulet, fine, damages (construed with $b\bar{u}dan$, khwāstan, dādan, &c.).

ه دانان di'ṣān, The nightmare.

ره daijūr, Earth, dust; darkness, obscurity; the night of conjunction of sun and moon; a dark night without moonlight; dark; dust-coloured; much dry herbage; -shabi daijūr, A very dark night.

મુક dīd (pret. of dīdan), He saw; sight; the eye; in comp. = $d\bar{\imath}da$, as $p\bar{\imath}k \cdot d\bar{\imath}d$, (Who has seen what is) pure; -ba-did āwardan, To produce, to bring to sight.

ໄພວ daidā, Lost, missing; not manifest. الايد dīdār, Sight, vision, look; the eye; face, countenance, cheek; appearance; interview; manifest, exposed to view.

ديدار بيني dīdār-bīnī, Amorous sport, dal-

liance of lovers.

ديداري dīdārī, Worthy of being seen, fair. ב בילים daidān, Manner, custom ;—dīdān (pl. of $d\tilde{u}d$), Worms.

ديدان dīdān, The first month of winter

(unsupported and doubtful).

ديد بازي dīd-bāzī, Looking about one;

taking the air; reconncitering.

ديدہان didban, A watch, guard; one who keeps a look-out from a mountain, a watchtower, or a ship's mast.

ديدباني dīdbānī, Observation, watching. ديدكان dīdagān (pl. of dīda), Spies,

ديد گاه dīd-gāh, A prospect; a watchtower.

A ديدي daidan, Custom, habit.

ديدي dīdan, To see, look, observe; to perceive, feel; to expect, hope for; to visit (m.c.); — dīdan kardan, To pay a visit (m.c.); — dīdan-am arzad, I am worthy of being seen or visited; — ba-dīdan raftan, To go to see one, to visit; -baland didan, To look high, to exalt oneself; -past didan, To look low, to abase oneself; —dar-didan, = didan;—wādidan, To meet.

ديدني dīdanī, Fit or worthy to be seen. ديدورا dīdawār, Perspicuous, visible.

ديدوان didwān, A watch.

ديدواني dīdwānī, An inspector of boats. ديد و بازديد did-u- $b\bar{a}z$ - $diar{d}$, ديد و بازديد did-udīd, ديد و راديد dīd u wā-dīd. An interview.

ديدة dīda, Seen, having seen; the eye; anything like the eye, a hole, a mesh, a ring; the sight; the pupil of the eye; a wanton, impudent eye; impudence; any place within ken; a watch-tower; a spy; a sentinel; -dīda āb dādan, To feast the eye upon; -dīda'i āhū'i dasht, Blackness; dīda bar hāli kuse na-dāshtan, Not to care for another's condition;—dida bar-dashtan, To expect; — dīda bar-dokhtan, To close the eyes; —dīda bar-ham kardan(nihādan), dīda bastan (poshīdan), To close the eyes; dīda'i basīrat, The eye of prudence, foresight;—dīda parīdan, The eye throbs; (met.) to long for, to desire ;—dīda'i pusht, Anus; — dīda chūn takhti jauharī, A blue eve; a blind eye;—dīda chūn dastār kardan, To blind; —dīda'i haq-bīn, A just, penetrating eye; — dīda raftan, To become blind; -dīda roshan (sakht) kardan bar, To open the eyes and look upon; -dīda surkh kardan ba, To covet; to look wantonly upon ;—dīda safed kardan, To blind ;—dīda siyāh kardan, To covet;—dīda'i kāfūrī, Blind; -dīda'i gāv, Ox-eye (plant); the star called the Bull's eye; a kind of armour; a sort of grape; -dīda giriftan az kase, To take one's eye-sight, to blind ;dida garm shudan, To be on the point of

falling asleep;—dīda garm kardan, slumber; to fall in love with; -dida gushādan, To open the eyes ;—dīda nā-dīda angåshtan, To consider things seen as unseen; to leave other people's business alone; — dīda nāzuk sākhtan (kardan), To look closely at ;—az dīda khwāstan, To covet much, to crave for. (See also the phrases given under چشم.)

ديدة باز dida-baz, Throwing the eyes

round.

ديدة بان dīdabān, A watch, sentinel ; dīdabāni chahārum, The sun ;-dīdabāni falak, The sun; the planet Saturn; -dīdabāni kabūd-hiṣār, The planet Saturn; any one of the planets; $-didab\bar{a}n\bar{a}ni$ ' $\bar{a}lam$, The seven planets, i.e. Saturn, Jupiter, Mars, the Sun, Venus, Mercury, and the Moon.

ديدة براة dīda ba-rāh, On the look-out. ديدة بيدار dīda-bīdār, Whose eyes are

wakeful, wide awake, sleepless.

ديدة پوش dīda-posh, Veiling the eyes. ديدة دار dīda-dār, A sentinel, watch.

ديدة ريوى dīda-rezī, A fatiguing the eve.

ديدة سخت dīda-sa<u>kh</u>t, Shameless, bare-

ديدة هور dīda-shor, The evil eye.

ديده كيان dīda-kunān, Attentive, considerate.

ديده كاه dida-gāh (كل gah), A place whence observation is made, the station of a spy or sentinel.

ديدةوار dīdawār, Perspicuous, quicksighted; an inspector; a sentinel.

ديدةران didawān, The sight (of a gun); a watch, sentinel.

ديدة و دانسته dīda u dānista, Seen and known; knowingly, wittingly, purposely. ديدوار $d\bar{\imath}dawar$, ديدوار q.v.

ديدةوري dīdawarī, Sharpness of sight.

ديدي dīdī, dīde (for ديدي), You see. go der, dir, Slowly, tardily; late, after; a while ago; a long while; old, antique; -der āyad durust āyad, Festina lente ;der-rav, Slow-paced; --der shudan, To be at a great distance; to die; to perish;—der wa dashtan, To keep long open; to protract; -der u zūd, Slowly or quickly; sooner or later.

א א dair, A monastery, convent ;—dairi tang (sipanjī, rind-soz, mukāfāt), The present world; -dairi mughān, A temple of the Magi; a tavern; —dairi manāt, Name of a temple in which the images of 300 prophets are said to be contained;—dairi mīnā, The sky; -ra'su'd-dair, The superior of a convent or monastery; an abbot.

زير der-a, Slow in coming; who acts with deliberation.

ا ميان dīrān (pl. of dār), Houses, habitations.

ديراه derāna, A long time.

נת או, der-bar, Long; very remote.

ويرباز der-baz, The world : long, tall : long

פאַ טּל der-pā. Slow-paced; a centipede; a scorpion; always, constant, durable.

دير پای der-pay, Firm, steady; a spider; old, decrepit; a man of good constitution, who does not soon grow old.

دير پائى der-pā'ī, Durability, firmness. دير پروازي der-parwāzī, Flying heavily.

a נב נפנ der-daur, Revolving slowly (Saturnus).

. er-jumbish, Slow of motion دير جنبش der-jumbish, Slow of motion. a مالع ين dair-khāna, A convent.

er-dāranda, A procrastinator. دير دارنده دير داهت der-dāsht, Delay (of payment). טב טבן cer-der, After a long time, at long

intervals; very late; very seldom. دير رئي der-ranj, Slow to anger, forbear-

ing. دير زي der zī, Live long ; name of the 27th

day of the month .der-sāl, Old, ancient دير سال

a we go der-ghazab, Slow to anger; gentle, mild.

ديرك derak, A weevil; a moth.

توك T ديرك dirak, A mast (m.c.).

ديركتور dīraktor, Director, eustodian (m.c., from F. or E.).

ديركشاي der-kushāy, Difficult to open (lock).

ديركاة der-gāh, Always. ديركاه der-guwār عوارا) و وادرا der-guwār عديركوار (إلى عنه الله عنه عنه الله digestion.

دير ماندگي der-māndagī, Oldness, staleness.

دير مردكان der-murdagān, Long since dead (pl.).

دير ماية der-māya, Bile.

ديرند derand, Time, an age; fortune; a long space of time; an amulet.

ديرنده deranda, One slow to act; time, an

نيروز di-roz, Yesterday.

ديرونت der-waqt, Much time; lasting a long time.

ديرة dīra, dera, A house, habitation, tent.

ديرها der-hā (pl. of der), Long intervals; -pas az der- $har{a}$, ${f A}$ long time after.

ديري derī, Late, slow; slowness, lateness. هيرياز der-yāz, Far-stretching, long, longsome (night).

ديريدي diridan, To rend asunder.

ديرين derīn, Old, ancient, of times past. ديرينگي derīnagī, Antiquity; perpetuity. دوينة derīna, Ancient, old; long, continual; wise; cunning; -banda'i derina, An old servant; - 'uhda'i derīna, An ancient covenant.

د بينه بود derina-būd, Of long existence. a ديينه دور derīna-daur, Of long (continual, eternal) rotation.

ديريده روز derīna-roz, Of a great age.

دبيند سال derīna-sāl, A decrepit old man ; long-lived.

ys dez, Colour; ash-colour; an ash-colour with which certain animals are striped from the head to the tail; a black colour; a citadel; a sort of cooking-pot; a kind of eye-salve; a hair sieve.

A 523 daizaj (from P. deza), A bay horse; a horse striped black from the withers to the tail.

دوزنداي dezandān, The feet of a boiler; a trivet.

ງພຸວ dezū, A small clay or copper vessel.

bus deza, A horse or mule of an ash-colour; colour; a dark colour; a horse, mule, or ass marked with a black stripe extending from the head to the tail; a fortress.

العربي dezhak, Of an ash-colour (unsup-

ported).

māh-des, Like the moon; (in Hindustan, from S. desa) a country, province; a day.

ديسال dīsāl, The past year.

ديستانك dīstāna, A woman in her courses.

ديسمه dīsama, A wave.

ديس ناو dīs (des)- näv, A book written by Mazdak in support of his doctrines.

ديسة disa, A person.

ديش desh, Give to him; give that; a gift.

دى هب dī-shab, Yesternight.

ديف رغش def-rakheh, A note in music. ديفوجاس dīfrūjās (διφρυγής), Marcasite.

A cock; a hen;—dīki hindī, A turkey.

A فكي dīkat, A hen;—diyakat (pl. of dīk), Cocks.

A ديك ديك dīk dīk, Words used in calling fowls.

ديك dīg, Yesterday;—deg, A pot, kettle, cauldron; a large cannon or mortar; meat in the pot; a bird's crop;—deg ba-josh āwardan, To make the pot boil; to become ripe or perfect;—deg bar bār dāshtan (kardan), To put the pot on the trivet for the purpose of cooking;—degi sifālīn, An earthen pot;—degī misīn, A copper kettle.

ديك الزار deg-afzār, Pot-herbs, roots, fruits, or any produce of the garden with which meat is seasoned; a pot, large or small, in which they are cooked; a pot-lid.

الداز deg-andāz, A cook.

ديگانه digāna, A tortoise; a hedgehog. ديگانه افزار deg-auzār, = ديگ افزار q.v.

دیک با برگی deg-bā-bargī, دیک با برگی degbargī, A pot used by travellers.

ديک بر ديک deg bar deg, Pot upon pot (as piled up in kitchens ; (met.) arsenic.

دیگ ہند deg-band, A scullion.

ديگپاي deg-pūy, A trivet, the foot of a

يرگياي deg-pâya, A trivet; a star in Lyra.

ديك جمت deg-pukht, Cooked in a pot.

ديک جواف deg-josh, Cooking of food for the poor.

مريكي degcha, A pot, a small cauldron. وأعكن degdān, A trivet, tripod, pothook; a fire-place; hearth;—degdûn sard, A wiser.

rest; over again; near; besides, further, moreover; again; some; any more, any longer; hitherto; afternoon, evening;—digar shudan, To alter (circumstances);—digar na-mibandad kamar, (met.) A thing is lost;—du digar, The second, in the second place;—sih digar, sidigar, The third; in the third place;—namāzi dīgar, Evening prayer.

الانكر بار digar bar, Another time; once more.

ديگر روز digar roz, The other day; yesterday; the day after to-morrow.

ديگر ره digar rah, Another time, again.

ديگر سال dīgar sāl, Next year; the future. ديگر سال dīgar shab, Last night.

يكُرگوي dīgar-gūn (كوك gūna), Altered; —dīgar-gūn shudan, To change, be disturbed, rnined.

ديگر گونى dīgar-gūnī, Change, alteration. ديگرى dīgarī, A tax on trees and the like. ديگ طَبَّع dīg-shab, Last night (see ديگ dīg).

ديک کير deg-gīr, A cloth wherewith a pot

is taken off the fire, a kettle-holder.

ديگينځ degīna, (Meat) dressed in a pot ; —dīgīna, Of yesterday.

ديل dīl, A dot; the heart; a fold, cote. ديليايه dīl-pāya, Stuffed with almonds.

a crowd; a male woodcock; a puddle at a cistern where ants and tikes swarm; resting-place of camels.

ديام delaman, Name of a

city in Gīlān.

ديليك delmak, A venomous spider.

a ديلمي dailamī, Of Dailam or Delam; curly (hair, the people of Delam having such).

ديله dīla, Rye.

A seas daim (v.n.), Raining gently and incessantly;—diyam (pl. of dimat), Incessant but gentle rains, without thunder or lightning.

المن dim, Face, countenance, cheek; lea-

ther.

A ديمامي daimās, dāmās, A bath; a stove in a bath; a den; a dark dungeon belonging to Hajjāj.

ديماطي dīmātī, A kind of stone found in

the sea; a sort of hot vapour.

ديمارند dīmāwand, A mountain in Persia. دي ماه dai-māh, The month Dai, or first winter month.

A ديمة dīmat, An incessant gentle rain unaccompanied by wind, thunder, or lightning).

نيمر dīmar, Face, countenance, cheek.

a عبرار daim-zar, A field watered by rain only; a corn-field.

A ميمود dimawand, The mountain Damawand. wand.

daima, Light; rain; dew; corn;—dima, Face, cheek.

દુષ્યા dīmhāj, (in Gīlān) Bugloss, borage.

a ديمى daimī, Nurtured by rain only (sown fields).

كيميان dīmyād, Pride, vain-glory, vauity. daimīz, Name of the 16th day of the Persian month (doubtful).

ديميله daimīla, Guinea-corn.

منان demīn, daimīn, The game of tipcat;—dīmīn, A river-frog (unsupported by

examples).

A 623 dain (v.n.), Borrowing; lending; debt; [dain kardan, To contract a debt; —daini mu'ajjal, A debt payable on demand;—daini muwajjal, A debt of which payment is deferred;]—dīn, Faith, religion; the Muhammadan faith;—dīni matīn, Firm faith or belief;—dīn u dunyā (daulat), Religion and country, church and state.

ويئ dīn, Name of the 24th day of the month; the angel who has charge of the pen.

دينا dīnā, Dinah, daughter of Jacob; a

judicial decree; a judge.

בטל dinār (originally כטל, dinār), A coin; a gold coin, a ducat, a dinar; a weight of gold (variously stated); name of a large bird, a kind of falcon; (met.) the sun;—dināri surkh, A gold coin;—dīnāri siyāh, Dirhams; small coin.

a دينار اهمر dīnār-ushmur, A banker, a

money-changer.

دينار بار ه dīnār-bār, Raining gold coins. a دينار بخش dīnār-ba<u>kh</u>sh, Bestowing or distributing dīnārs.

a مار دار عار مار dinar-dar, Rich, wealthy.

دينار سنج dīnār-sanj (who weighs money), Rich, wealthy; an assayer.

a مينار همر dinar-shumur, A banker, money-changer.

دينارويه dīnārūya, Wild anise.

a ديناري dīnārī, A kind of silk; red wine.

a مين آور نين آره dīn-āwar, A possessor of faith; a master of divinity; a religious teacher.

a צאָט אָליֵג dīn-pazīr, Who accepts the faith.

a دين پرست din-parast, Religious; a fireworshipper.

a عبرون dīn-parwar, A king, a monarch, defender of the faith.

a ديبروري din-purwari, Defence or cherishing of the faith; monarchy, dominion.

a مى بۇد dīn-pizhūh, puzhūh, كىنى بۇدە dīn-puzhuh, Name of the 15th day of the month.

a قاني بين dīn-panāh, Support or prop of religion; a sovereign, defender of the faith.

a دينهاهي dīn-panāhī, Defence of the faith; the office or duty of him who supports or defends the faith; royal dignity.

a دين تمسكى dain-tamassukī, A bond,

ين دادني dain-dādanī, A debtor.

ديدار a ديدار dain-dār, A debtor; — dīn-dār, Pious, religious.

a دينداري dīn-dārī, Constancy in religion. ي ورز dīn-roz, The 24th day of the month.

رَّهُ دَيْورُ مُ dīnār, dīnwar, Religious, faithful; who knows the law;—dīnavar, Name of a large city in Persian Irāk.

دينسافوس dīnisāfūs, A thorny plant.

ديده dīna, Yesterday.

a ديني dini, Religious.

genius, spirit, ghost, hobgoblin; a sort of woollen armour; a horse; anger, passion, force, violence; brave; stratagem, fraud, deceit; losing the way, deviating, led astray; perverse;—dewi dīn, Satan;—dewi saped, Satan transformed into an angel of light; name of a celebrated champion slain by Rustam;—dewi shabīna, The nightmare;—dewi shahwat, The demon of lust;—dewi haft dar, The seven climates;—dewi haft sar, Night; the globe.

אני אין של dev-ābād, Possessed by the devil,

a demoniac.

ديو اختر dev-akhtar, Ill-starred; ill-fated. ديوار dīwār, A wall; a species of juniper yielding milk; —dīwār uftādan (ghaltīdan), The wall fulls in ;-dīwār andūdan, To plaster a wall; — dīwār bar āwardan (bar-dāshtan, bastan, kashīdan, nihādan, To build a wall; —dīwāri baland, Rich, wealthy; -dīwāri bīnī, The septum of the nose; -dīwāri hisār, Walls of a fortress;—dīwāri <u>kh</u>āna rauzan shudan, The wall of the house becomes window, i.e. the house is being demolished, falls into ruins; —dīwār kaj bar-ārad, He builds the wall crooked, i.e. he does something absurd;diwāri kase kūta (qaṣīr) dīdan, To find one in a weak or helpless condition;—dīwāri kūta, Poor, needy (opp. to dīwāri baland above) ;—dīwār kūta sākhtan, To weaken, to render impotent; -dīwāri gilīn, A mud wall, a dam; -dīwār gosh dārad, Walls have ears ;-dar u diwar, Gates and walls.

ين dīwār-bast (بند band), A place surrounded by walls.

ديرار پرده dīwār-parda, Tapestry. ديرار پرده dīwārcha, A low wall, a screen. ديرارکې dīwārckob, A sconce (m.c.). ديوارک dīwārgar, A builder, plasterer. ايد طورکو devārū, The pine, or devadāru.

نيوارة dīwāra, A raised rim.

isfist), The اسفست) dev-ispist ديو اسيست lote-tree.

ديو استنبه dev-istamba, A rough man.

ديوال dīwāl (dīwār), A wall. ديواله dīwāla, A bankrupt.

ديوألى dīwālī, Bankruptcy; a Hindū fes-

موان ع daiwān (P. dīwān), A royal court; tribunal of justice or revenue; a council of state, senate; an account-book; a muster-roll or military pay-book; a collection of poems in the alphabetical order of the final letters of the various endrhymes; a miscellaneous collection from different authors; -- dīwāni a'lá, A prime minister, a vazīr;—dīwān bāz kardan, To open the court ;—dīwāni khāss, A privycouncil chamber; — dīwāni khālisa, The accountant-general of the king's revenue; -dīwāni tamyīz, Court of investigations (m.c.);—dīwāni jazā, The tribunal of the last day; -- dīwān dāshtan, To hold a council;—dīwān siyah kardan, To transgress; -dīwāni 'ām, A public hall of audience; -dīwāni 'arzi lashkar, A court for military petitions; $-d\bar{\imath}w\bar{a}ni\ qiy\bar{a}mat\ (mahshar)$, The court of the supreme judgment of the last day; —dīwāni mazālim, A court where anyone was allowed to complain of the oppressions exercised by the great men throughout the empire; -dīwān nihādan, To sit in judgment;—dīwāni humāyūn, The august or imperial court; -rā'su 'd-dīwān, President of the council, chancellor.

હોલુંડ dewän (pl. of dev), Demons. ديوان بيكي dīwān-begī, An officer of state. ديواچي dīwānchī, A cabinet minister.

ديوان خانه dīwān-khāna, A tribunal, office; a hall of audience; the diwan's office or court; the exchequer; — diwān-khāna'i 'adaliya, Law courts.

ديوالسي dīwānsī, dev-unsī (१), Inordinate desire.

ديوانگي dīwānagī, dewānagī, Insanity.

قرياتة dewāna, dīwāna, Foolish, insane; mad, furious; —dīwāna'i chīze būdan. To desire a thing, to be in love with it;—dewāna'i khudā, Inspired by the deity, in a heavenly ecstasy.

ديواله خوى dewāna-khoy, Of distraught temper, of mad or foolish disposition.

عوانه دو dewāna-dav, Running, or behaving like a madman.

ديوانه سکت dewāna-sag, A mad dog.

ديوانه نواز dewāna-nawāz, Who coaxes or flatters a madman.

ديواني dīwānī, Belonging to a court; a courtier; a poet laureate; the office or jurisdiction of a diwan, or superintendent of the administration of civil justice.

ديو أورد dev-āward, A pine; a brazen

يو باد dev-bād, The devil's wind, i.e. a

whirlwind; a fleet horse; a swift camel or dromedary; madness, frenzy.

عوريدة غوريدة dev bi-khwurida, Possessed of the devil; epileptic.

يو بد dev-band, One who binds demons, a magician; a place which demons have selected for an abode; name of the 16th day of the month; name of Tahmuras and of Qaran; name of a drug.

ديو پای dev-pā, ديو پای dev-pāy, A spider (devil-footed); the lote-tree.

A ديوك daiyūs, A contented cuckold.

a ديوثي daiyūsī, Cuckoldom.

s dev-jäma, A garment of skin with the hairy part outside; a lion's skin wherewith warriors clothe themselves.

ديو جان dev-jan, Hard-hearted: brave,

courageous; an old man.

ديرچه devcha, A weevil, a moth; a woodworm; a leech; a carrot;—devcha-khwurda, Moth-eaten, worm-eaten.

ديو خار dev-<u>kh</u>ār, A juniper;

bramble.

אב כאף כאן dev-dār, A demoniac; a juniper. ev-daru, The Indian pine. دور دارو

ديو دال dev-dāl, The white poplar-tree; ignorance; brave.

يو دست dev-dast (devil-handed), Clever. ي اين dev-dil, Courageous; cruel, fell ويودل an old man.

ديو دلى dev-dili, Stout-heartedness, valour.

ديو دولت dev-daulat, Enjoying a shortlived prosperity (like that of the devil).

אַג אַט dev-dīd (אַג dīda), Mad, crazy, frantic.

ديوديس devdes (devil-like), Thick and deformed; crafty, fraudulent.

s diwar, The master of the house.

אני devar, A brother-in-law; a husband's younger brother.

ديو راي dev-ray, Enraged; fierce, choleric. dev-rakheh, Name of a note in ديو رخش

الايوزاد dev-zād, Born or begotten by a

ديو زاى dev-zāy, Fierce, choleric ; afflicted. ي ي عن dev-zad, Mad, crazy, frantic.

دو زی dev-zī, In the gear of a demon.

دير الر dev-sār, Like a devil; bad-tempered; ill-fayoured; an evil-worker; a place abounding in demons; clad in a rough garment.

ديو سالار dev-sālār, Evil-doer, factor.

ديو سبلت dev-siblat, A salt and bitter plant.

ديو سيست dev-supust, The lote-tree.

ديو ستان dev-satān, A demoniac ;—dewistan, A desert, the habitation of demons; a whirlwind.

ديوستنبه devistamba, An ill-bred man. dev-suwār, A bold horseman; a ديو سوار swift messenger.

يو سه dev-sah, A sort of garment. ديو سيما dev-sīmā, With a face like a

demon, ill-favoured, ugly.

ديو غول dev-ghūl, A sylvan demon; a wen. ديو غولی dev-ghūlī, A gland, kernel, won. ديو فرسای dev-farsā, ديو فرسا Having eruptions on the lips from frightful dreams.

ديو فرو بسته dev-firo-basta, Mad, crazy.

dewak, dewuk, A weevil; a moth; the white ant; a leech; an unmarried woman, a young married lady, a daughter-inlaw; -dīwak, Rye.

A ديوك duyūk (pl. of dīk), Cocks. נא לענון dev-kirdār, An evil-doer. אין איני dev-kulūch, An epileptic boy. ديو كلوغ dev-kulūkh, Large clods turned

ديو كمان dev-kamān, A big (deuce of a) bow.

ديو گاه dev- $g\bar{a}h$, ديو گاه q.v.

ديو گندم dev-gandum, A kind of wheat with two grains in one ear; a large ear without grain.

ديو گير dev-gīr, Catching a devil; possessed by a devil; name of the city of Daulat-ābād in India.

ديو گيري dev-gīrī, A silk stuff made at

Devgir.

ديو لاع dev-lāj, A place abounding in stones and thorns (apparently by poetical licence for the following).

בּאָלֶל devlākh, Inhabited by demons, i.e. a desert, uncultivated region; a distant pasture-ground; a cold place; the world.

ديولاك dīvlāk, A desolate spot.

ديو مرده dev-mard, ديو مرده dev-mardum, Wild man, monster, satyr; wicked, obnoxious, a seducer.

ev-mashang, A kind of grain. ديو مشنگ A נאָפט duyūn (pl. of dain), Debts.

ديوند dewand, A kind of drug. ورسا $dev ext{-}warsd$ ديو ورسا q.v.

ديوة dīwa, A silk-worm; mushrooms; a leech.

ديري dewī, Gigantic, demoniacal; devilishness; --dewī kardan (namūdan), To play the devil, to act like the devil.

dewet-shor, A stick for mixing ديويت معور ink (see آهو).

ديه dīh, ديه dīha, A town, village.

ديباز dīhāz, A place where formerly a village stood.

ديبان dīhbān, The chief of a village.

q.v. ويهيم daihim, = ويهم

ديمهد dihamad, The 15th day of the

اديمك dīhmak, the 5th day of the month (doubtful).

ديبور dīhūr, Heaven.

ديمول dehūl, A crown inlaid with gems. دبى dīhī, A peasant, villager.

ديبيه daihìm, A crown or diadem adorned with jewels, worn by the kings of Persia; a hat, inlaid with gold and jewels; a sunshade; a throne; -daihīm az sar bar-dāshtan, To uncover the head (in expectation of a guerdon on bringing good news).

daihim-joy, An aspirant for a ديميم جوي

crown, a prince.

ديميم دار daihīm-dār, A crown-holder, a

دييمير dayimir, The 16th day of the month.

i z, called zāli manqūţa or zāli mu'jama, Dotted zāl, the eleventh letter of the Arabic-Persian alphabet, denoting in arithmetic 700, and in almanacks the last month of the Arabian year, zū 'l-hijjat, as 13 is the character used for zū 'l-qa'dat, the penulti-Scarcely more than one or mate month. two words in the Persian language begin with this letter, though it is occasionally found in the middle of a Persian word, where it interchanges with d and z. According to some authorities, it should be written for d after a quiescent weak letter (shāz, namūzan, shanīz for shād, namūdan, shanid), and may be written for d after any moved letter, not weak (baz or bad, Its legitimate sound was, perhaps, somewhat like th in "that," but the Persians make but little, if any, difference between it and 1 zā, and accordingly call it also zā'i sakhiz (see 🏎).

A 13 zā, He, this; (acc. of 3 used as nom.) lord or master of, endowed with;zā arba'a azlā', Four-sided, a square.

a عن الله za'b (v.n.), Despising, blaming, contempt; reproach; blame.

يَّ الْحِيمُ zābiḥ, One who cuts the throat of a sacrifice; a sacrificer.

אַ zābir, One who learns properly;

learned, sound in knowledge.

A عناغ zāt (fem. of zū), Possessed of or endowed with; soul, essence, substance; body, person, self; generation, breed, tribe, caste; genus, species, kind; a concrete (opp. to abstract);—zātu 'l-bain, Concord, friendship, union ;—zātu'l-jamb, Pleurisy ; —zātu 'r-rigā', A kind of bibliomancy; zātu 'r-riyat, Inflammation of the lungs; zātu 's-sadr, Inflammation of the chest; a collecting of matter in the chest ;- zātu 'l-'amūd, Being at a perpendicular;-zāti sharif, An excellent mind; a noble personage; (ironically) a consummate rogue; zāti māl, Opulence;—zāti humāyūn, The king's august person;—ismi zāt, A noun substantive;—islāhi zāti bain kardan, To reconcile parties;—bi 'z-zāt, He himself, in person;—ba-zāti khwud (khās), fī zāti-hi,

In person; -min zāti nafsi-hi, Of his own

a منا سان zāt-nām, A generic noun, a common noun.

a داتى <u>z</u>ātī, fem. <u>z</u>ātiyat, <u>z</u>ātiya, Personal ; -qūwati zātiya, Natural vigour.

ي داعر <u>zūkh</u>ir, Fat; one who lays up a store.

A) is za'r, za'ar, Boldness, refractoriness; fleeing away, loathing, abhorring; being accustomed, used, addicted to.

ذأريات ٨ zāriyāt, Quick - scattering

(winds).

ان م za'f, Sudden death.

zāfīnūbidās (G. δαφνοειδής), Α tree resembling the laurel.

ذاني zāqī (should probably read ذاني

 $z\tilde{a}\tilde{fi}$), The laurel tree.

اكر م <u>zākir</u>, A rememberer; a praiser of God.

غ اكرة ع <u>zākirat</u>, The faculty of remembering, the retentive memory.

يَّال <u>z</u>āl, A cock's comb.

A النان عقل Name of the letter عن يستون عقل الله على الل A going lightly and airily along.

يَّ الذلك zālzalak, Wild plum-tree.

A בּלֹים za'm (v.n.), Blaming, reproaching; despising; driving away.

غ يقانك zānib, A follower; one of the tail.

ַ אַנְּע אַ lɔˈ zā nūn (lord of the fish), Jonah. المب المب غرامب zāhib, Who or what goes away or departs, passes by, precedes, or disap-

ahil, Careless, inattentive, negli- ذاهل

gent.

A باناغ يَوْمَ'ib, Melting; fusible.

الكي غير zã'iq, One who tastes, a taster.

a مَقَانَةُ zā'igat, zā'iga (fem. of the preceding), Tasting; sense of tasting, palate;

a مائله دار zā'iqa-dār, Relishing, tasty, savoury,

a منأس <u>zā'iqa-shinās, Knowing</u> in taste, skilful in distinguishing flavours.

a الله <u>zā'il</u>, Long-tailed (a horse, see

_(ذيال

zabb (v.n.), Driving away, keeping off, repelling; gadding to and fro; becoming lean; drying up (with heat); a wild bull,

غباب غ zubāb, A fly; a bee; a black speck in the pupil of the eye of a horse; name of a mountain near Madinah; -zubābu 's-saif. The point or edge of a sword ;zubābu 'l-'ain, The pupil of the eye.

A Mus zubālat, zubbālat, A candle-wick.

A שַּׁשְׁ zibbān (pl. of zubāb), Flies.

ي خبائم A خبائم zabā'iḥ (pl. of zabīḥat), Sacrifices. الم عن zabh (v.n.), Cleaving, splitting, sacrificing; -zibh, Any animal sacrificed or to be sacrificed.

ي يت zubahā, خجا zibaḥat, zibḥat, zubḥat,

zubahat, A pain in the throat caused by accumulation of blood; mumps.

A બેંમંડ zabzabat, Motion, the waving of anything in the air; causing one to waver.

A ris zabr (v.n.), Writing; marking (letters) with points, dotting; reading quickly; reading with a subdued voice; wisdom, knowledge; a book.

a فبل zabl (v.n.), Languishing, withering (a plant); losing flesh (a horse); tortoise-

A نبل zubūl (v.n. of نبل), Withering (a plant); losing flesh (a horse).

A نايان zubyān, zibyān, Name of an Arabian tribe whence sprang the poet Nabighah.

A عن يعمن ي zabih, Sacrificed, slaughtered; the victim about to be offered; name given to Ishmael (who with Muhammadans takes the place of Isaac).

علام على zabīhat, An animal destined to

be offered in sacrifice.

A نجل zajl, Iniquity, tyranny.

a أمل zahl, Revenge, or the thirst for it, reprisals.

ل خامًا ي za<u>kh</u>ā'ir (pl. of zakhīrat), Provisions, stores.

A & zukhr (v.n.), Laying up a treasure; provisions laid up for future use; store, hoard.

ي خيرة A za<u>kh</u>iral, <u>zakh</u>ira, A treasure, a hoard; store, provision (construed with the verbs burdan, baslan, dāshtan, kardan, and nihādan).

a مناه غيرة غانة <u>zakh</u>īra-<u>kh</u>āna, A granary.

در ar (imper. of زدر). Leave thou, let alone; -zarr (v.n.), Pounding small, crumbling (salt); a small ant (of which a hundred are equal to a barley-corn); an atom (see أذرة).

A فرات <u>zarrāt</u> (pl. of <u>zarrat</u>), Motes,

atoms, particles.

A zl, S zarāh, Thin, watery milk;—zurāh,

zurrāḥ, A Spanish fly, cantharides.

zarārat (for A. zurārat), Particles, فرارة flying or scattered about, of anything grinding or pounding.

A كراري zarāri (pl. of zurrīyat), Proge-

nies, offsprings, seeds.

خراريع zarārīḥ (pl. of zuraḥraḥ or zurrāḥ),

Spanish flies, cantharides.

ي كراع م zarā', (A woman) who spins expeditiously ;—zirā' (v.n. of درع), The arm from the elbow to the tip of the middle finger; the fore leg (of a horse) above the pastern; a yard, a cubit; a mark impressed upon the leg of a camel; the part of a spear from the middle to the point; the seventh mansion of the moon (two bright stars in the head of Gemini).

A بن <u>zarb</u> (v.n.), Sharpening; a shoemaker's paring-knife;—zirb, A kernel in the neck; a disease of the liver;—zurb (pl. of zarib), Sharp things ;—zarab A disorder of the stomach; (by opposition) a healthy state of the stomach; obscenity in conversation;—zarib, Sharp-tongued.

A \$,3 zarrat, zarra, An atom, particle; a small ant; a mote in the sun-beams; [zarra'i ātish, A spark of fire;]—zurat, A species of millet.

A to zarh (v.n.), Poisoning (food) with

cantharides.

لرخش zuru<u>kh</u>sh, zura<u>kh</u>sh, zara<u>kh</u>sh, Thunder; lightning (see درخش).

zar', zara', The border of a sown

field.

A E₃ zar' (v.n.), Measuring with a cubit; seizing violently (a fit of vomiting); being long (the arms); being alert;—zara', Desire, greed; anything behind which a hunter lurks; the calf of the wild cow.

A درف zarf (v.n.), Shedding tears; flow-

ing (tears or water, &c.).

A 3.3 zara (v.n.). Muting (a bird

ي کرق ه <u>zarq (v.n.), Mutiug (a bird)</u>; bird's

dung; --zurq, A wild horse (?).

A significant, zurwat, The summit or pinnacle of anything; the top of a mountain.

zarū', A horse or camel that travels

nimbly with long steps.

A فروف zurūf (v.n. of فرف), Flowing (tears).

a مَن zarra, see مَرة .

a درة قدر zarra-qadar, As much as an atom, just nothing.

a ذره مفت zarrawār, ذره مفت zarra-sifat,

Humble, lowly, like a mere atom.

A فرية zurriyat, zarriyat, zirriyat, Progeny, offspring, children, descendants, race, stock, seed.

A فرنع غيمته, Spanish flies; name of a celebrated camel stallion; name of the father of a tribe.

مريعة zarī'at, A cause, mode, motive, occasion, conjuncture, subject; a medium, means; a horse or camel behind which a hunter lurks.

ي نعاف غير v.n. of نعاف ي Dying;

deadly poison.

A jed za'r (v.n.), Terrifying ;—zu'r, Terror ;—za'ar, Stupefaction, amazement ;—zu'ar, Anything formidable or terrific.

ي نعف <u>z</u>a'f (v.n.), Giving poison to drink,

poisoning food; a deadly poison.

دعت za'q (v.n.), Crying out.

to dispatch a wounded man;—zifāf, Poison instantly mortal; a little water;—zufāf, Quick, nimble.

ي غفر zafar (v.n.), Emitting a smell; a pungent scent (good or bad); the smell

of the arm-pits; a herb with an offensive smell.

ي zafarat, A strong acrid scent;— zafirat, A fragrant grove.

د م zafaf (v.n. of ذك), Making haste to dispatch a wounded man.

zofkar, Seed of mountain parsley.

ي كَنْوَى عَمْ يَعَمْ عَمْ يَعَمْ عَمْ يَعْمَى عَمْ يَعْمَى عَمْ يَعْمَى عَمْ يَعْمَى عَمْ يَعْمَى عَمْمَ يَعْمَ ing; deadly;—<u>kh</u>afif zafif, Quick and ready.

A 253 zaqn (v.n.), Chucking under the chin;—ziqn, An old man, decrepit and under-hung;—zaqan, The chin; the beard; a dimple.

ي علاق ي zakā' (v.n.), Being quick, penetrating, judicious; burning, flaming, blazing; emitting fragrance (musk);—zukā', The sun;—ibnu 'z-zukā', The dawn.

A دكاة zakāt, The act of slaughtering.

م کاوه <u>zakāwat</u>, Brightness of genius,

ينكر akr (v.n.), Striking on the penis; - zikr, Remembrance, commemoration, mention; the praise or glorification of God, the recital of His names; thanking God; prayer, supplicatiou; a reading or reciting of the Qur'an; the Qur'an; any fundamental religious book; [zikri arra, A kind of guttural reiteration of haq haq, affected by devotees; -zikri juz' u irāda'i kull, The rhetorical figure synecdoche (by which a part is taken for the whole);— —zikri jamīl (khair, bi 'l-khair), Honourable mention, favourable recommendation; —zikri ḥāl u irāda'i maḥall, The figure metonymy, where the quality is put for the qualified);—zikri khudā, The praising of God;—zikr kardan, To mention, to commemorate;—zikri nāmi khudā, The iuvoking of the name of God;]--zukr, Mental remembrance;—<u>zakar</u>, Penis, male, masculine; male iron, steel; a sword of high-tempered steel.

ي نکر zakar, Peony, or ass-rose.

ي نكران <u>zukrān</u> (pl. of <u>zakar</u>), Males.

a ککر خواک zikr-khwān, A praiser of God, one who evokes the name of God.

A ككويل <u>z</u>ikrá, Remembrance; admonition, advice.

a كورة <u>zakūr</u>, Endued with a retentive memory;—<u>zukūr</u>, Damascus steel; (pl. of <u>zakar</u>) males.

a دکوره <u>zukūra</u>, Males; male sex. م ککرریه <u>zukūriyat</u>, Masculineness.

a نگی <u>zak</u>î, Acute; strong, diffusive musk.

A ذكية <u>z</u>akyat, zukyat, Fuel.

الكير عملية zakīr, Male iron, steel; endued with a good memory.

A בול (v.n.), Being submissive, easy, compliant;—gull, Baseness, meanness.

A دُلاتهٔ galāqat (v.n. of ذُلَق), Being sharp, ready, glib (the tongue); volubility.

ي دلال م zilāl (pl. of zalīl), Base, abject;

submissive ;—zulāl (for إلآل), Sweet, pure, limpid (water),

A DIS zalālat, zulālat (v.n. of Js), Being abject, obsequious; baseness.

a كلام zulām, The cholic. A كلا zillat, Baseness of spirit; insult; (for على) error.

zulf (pl. of zalfā'), Small, apenosed (women); - zalaf (v.n.), Smallness and straightness of the nose.

لفاه ه zalfa' (fem. of azlaf), Small-nosed, ape-nosed (woman); a woman's name.

يال م <u>z</u>alq (v.n.), Being quick, sharp, glib, ready at speech (the tongue); weakening one (poison or fasting); voiding dung (a bird); point or tip of the tongue; sharpening (a sword); sharpness of anything; -zalaq, Being restless; being sharp, glib, voluble (the tongue).

zulul (pl. of the following), Trac-

table (horses).

ي zalūl, Obedient (horse).

اليق ع zalīq, Sharp and voluble (tongue); eloquent; sharp (teeth).

اليل م zalīl, Abject, mean, contemptible, trifling.

zamm (v.n.), Reproaching; blame; censure, reproach; disparagement, detraction; -zimm, Very thin, emaciated.

zimār, Anything that ought to be

kept with care (as reputation).

<u>zimām</u>, Protection; honour, reputation; right, claim, due; (pl. of zammat) wells with little water; - zammām, An accuser, slanderer, blamer.

الم عيد zamā'im (pl. of zamimat), Misdeeds, crimes; reprehensible or base qua-

lities.

A لما zammat, A well with little water; zimmat, zimma, Obligation, responsibility, suretyship; security; trust, charge, subjection; duty, service, fidelity;—zimma kardan, To entrust with;—ahli zimma, People of the book, i.e. Jews, Christians, or Majūsī, living under the protection of

zamr (v.n.), Exciting, stimulating فمر (to fight); roaring (as a camel);—zimr, zamir, Intrepid; a staunch protector of his dependants; wise, intelligent.

a ماد عار <u>zimma-dār</u>, Responsible, a responsible person; security, trustee, as-

a دارى غند دارى zimma-dārī, Responsibility.

liability; trust, charge, custody.

ي دسي zimmi, One tolerated by the Muhammadan law, on paying an annual polltax; a tributary, client, subject; a Christian or Jew.

. zamīr نمير ۸ Intrepid, brave,

(= zamir, q.v. under کامبر).

الميم aamim, Blamed, blameable; unwholesome water; eruptions on the face; snot; urine.

a دميمة zamīma, An act or quality to be blamed or reprehended; vice, crime, misdemeanour.

zināb, The tail, the extremity of anything; a rope with which they confine a camel's tail, to prevent his switching it round bis rider.

A أَنْ عَنْ zinābat, Affinity, relationship; the womb; name of a place;—zunāba, Old; end of time or of an age; extremity of

anything.

A خانب zamb, A crime, sin, fault :— zanab, A tail; (in astr.) tail of the Dragon, descending node; the outer angle of the eye; -<u>z</u>anabu 'ş-şa'lab, Fox-tail (a plant); zanabu 'l-khail, Name of a plant;—zanabu 'l-faras, Name of a star; -zanabi sha'sha', The Dragon's tail.

A کنوب <u>z</u>anūb, Long-tailed (horse); a portion, lot; a bucket; an evil day; the flesh of the back; the grave; -zunub (pl.

of zamb), Crimes, sins, trespasses.

ي الم ي zū, A lord, master; endowed with, possessed of ;—zū arba'atu 'l-azlā', Foursided, quadrilateral; — $z\bar{u}$ $az^i \bar{a}f$, A common multiple; — $z\bar{u}$ $az^i \bar{a}fi$ 'aql, Least common multiple;—zū 'l-jalāl, Majestic, glorious;—zū 'l-janāh, Winged; name of the horse of Husain; —zū'l-hijja (hijj), The twelfth Arabian month; —zū'l-hūt, The prophet Jonah; -zū'l-faqār, Name of Alī's sword;—<u>z</u>ū 'l-qurba', A kinsman;—<u>z</u>û 'lqarnain, Bi-cornous; Alexander the Great; -zū 'l-qa'da (qa'd), The eleventh Arabian month;—zū 'l-kafl, Name of a prophet, or of the bondsman or attendant of a prophet; -zū 'l-launain, Bi-coloured; -zū 'l-minan (minn, min), Beneficent, bountiful;—zū 'lwijhatain, Bearing a double meaning;zū zanab, Tailed; a comet; -zū funūn, Learned.

zu'ābat, The forelocks dangling دوالمة ع zu'abat over the brow; the best or highest part of

anything.

ي غرات A عنوات zawāt (pl. of zāt), Ladies, mistresses of ;—zawātu 'l-arba', Quadrupeds; —zawātu 's-sumūm, Venomous (insects or reptiles).

ي غوارك zawārif, Running waters.

ي در ال A عن غراك عن غراك A در ال poison.

A ذراق zawāq (v.n. of ذرق), Tasting; zauwāy, A taster.

awānib (pl. of zanab), Tails (?).

locks: tresses.

عوب A خوب <u>zanb</u> (v.n.), Becoming liquid, melting; waxing hot (the sun); becoming foolish after having been sensible; eating honey constantly; being legally due; the purest honey.

خوراتي zaurāq, A kind of barley-gruel. غروراتي zūsantāriyā, Dysentery. zosh, Bad-tempered, severe.

A & zaw' (v.n.), Needing, wanting.

mining; taste; delight, joy, pleasure; distinction of truth and falsehood by the light of divine grace;—zanq āmadan, To be greedily devoured;—ahli zanq, A voluptuary;—ba-zanq, With pleasure, willingly.

a نبق بخش <u>zauq-bahh</u>sh, Giving delight. a دوق پیما <u>zauq-paimā</u>, Measuring out or weighing delights.

a نوى سوهدت zauq-sirisht, Mingled with

delight.

A تولى <u>z</u>aulaq, The tip (of the tongue);

the point of a spear.

A مُولُّمِهُ zaulaqīyat, Lingual (letters,

.(ل ر ن

A vi zawā (pl. of zū), Lords, possessors.

A vi zawā (oblique of zawā, pl. of zū),
Lords, masters, possessors;—zawā 'l-iktirām, Most honoured;—zawā 'l-arhām,
Uterine relatives;—zawā 'l-i'tibār, In the
bighest esteem;—zawā'l-iqtidār, Powerful;
—zawā'l-ikrām, Held in veneration.

الاهب zahāb (v.n. of مائي zahāb (v.n. of دهائي), (loing, walking, passing by, proceeding;—zihāb (pl. of zahab), Yolks of eggs.

a ينائع zihānat, Sagacity, acuteness, in-

telligence.

A zahab (v.n.), Having the eyes dazzled at the glare of gold, or on entering suddenly into a glittering mine; gold; the yolk of an egg; a dry measure in Yaman.

yolk of an egg; a dry measure in Yaman. فهل ع zahl (v.n.), Forgetting, leaving carelessly, abandoning;—zuhl, Name of a tree otherwise called bashām (see بشام); name of a tribe.

a cob zihn, zahan (v.u.), Excelling in genius; understanding, memory, intellectual power;—zuhn, Name of a tribe.

a نطن عوائي <u>zahan-kh</u>wānī, Allegorical

speech.

a عدي نشين zahan-nishīn, Understood, remembered.

a ذهبی <u>z</u>ahanī, Mental.

دهول م zuhūl (v.n. of ادهل, Forgetting, neglecting, leaving; oblivion.

A D, D) zuhūlat, Carelessness, inadvertency.

ahīn, Sagacious, ingenious.

A 3 21 (oblique case of zū used as nom.), A lord, endowed, possessed of;—zī iklityūr, Possessed of power or authority;—zī isti-dād, Capable, well-qualified;—zī iqtidūr, Powerful, endowed with anthority;—zī 'l-hijja, Name of the last Arabian month;—zī 'l-qa'da, Name of the eleventh Arabian month;—zī pamba, A comical tune sung by a buffoon; a buffoon;—zī jāh, Appointed to a place of honour;—zī haq, Having a legal claim, entitled to;—zī hayūt, Alive, animate; (adv.) during life;—zī khān-dān, Of good family;—zī khirad, Wise;—zī rutba, A man of rank or distinction;—zī rūḥ, Kational;—zī shān, Conspicuous for

dignity;—zī shu'ūr, Intelligent, sagacious; —zī 'izzat, Honourable, respectable;—zī qīmat. Precious;—zī hosh, Sensible; zī yāl u bāl, Endowed with strengt'ı and power;—ghair zī rūḥ, Inanimate.

A בּלים zi'āb (pl. of zi'b), Wolves.

ziyābītus (G. διαβήτης), Diabetes (نابيطس in the printed edition of the Burhāni Qāti' is evidently either a typographical or clerical error).

A ذيال <u>zaiyāl</u>, Long-tailed (horse).

A —53 zīb, zīb, A wolf; — azfāru 'z-zīb, Name of a constellation; — banū 'z-zīb, Name of a tribe;—dā'u 'z-zīb, Insatiable hunger.

ايت كيت م zait-kail, So-and-so, thus.

A કાર્ડ ટ્રાં (v.n.), Being published (news), divulged (a secret).

A chili zi'fān, zīfān, zaifān, zayafān, Venom, poison.

لي التوس zī funūs, Name of a singer in the service of King Philocrates.

A Just zail (v.n.), Sweeping (the ground) with a train, strutting; a train; an appendix; a postscript;—zail bar miyān zadan, To prepare for work;—az qarāri tafsīli zail, As detailed below, in accordance with the following statement.

zaim (v.n.), Accusing, reproaching,

treating opprobriously.

A געל zuyūl (pl. of zail), Long tails; skirts, trains; appendices.

,

, r, called rā'i qarashal, and rā'i ghair manqūta, or rā'i muhmala, Undotted , the twelfth letter of the Arabic-Persian alphabet. In arithmetic it expresses 200; in almanacks it is the astronomical character for the moon; and in dates it denotes the month rabī'u 'l-ākhir. This letter is interchangeable with od, jz, jzh, jl, and on.

I, rā, An inseparable particle added to Persian nouns, generally serving to denote the accusative and dative; other significations are: for the sake of, by (khudā-rā. For God's sake, by God!); for, at the price of (hazār tomān-rā, For a thousand tomān); after, at the time of (andak wayterā, After a short time, shab-rā, At night); — (in comp. for A. ra'y), Of mind, &c., as roshan-rā, Of an enlightened mind, penetrating, wise;—nek-rā, Well-meaning, &c.

A sl, rā', The Arabic name of the letter; the shrub Palma Christi; froth of the sea;

a large tike.

ا ra'b (v.n.), Mending a broken vessel; repairing anything.

م بان برقان , rābiḥ, Gainful, lucrative, profitable (trade).

A 141, rābit, A binder, strengthener; a chain, ligature.

A stall, rābiṭat, rābiṭa, A chain, ligature, anything binding, connecting, or regulating; the catch-word at the bottom of a page; a conjunction; a troop maintaining its post; a large army;—rābiṭa'i āshnā'ī, The cement of friendship;—rābiṭa gusistan, To break a tie.

A &i, rābi', Fourth; making a fourth.

A last, rābi'an, In the fourth place, fourthly.

A & n. rābigh. Name of a valley traversed by the pilgrims to Mecca.

رابو rābū, A kind of spring flower.

A death rabiyat, High ground; increasing; excessive.

اب $r\bar{a}p$, Rape-seed (m.c. from E.).

ליתנים rāport, Report (m.c. from Fr. or E.); -rāport dādan, To make a report; to report oneself (m.c.).

a -3, rātib, Firm, constant, fixed; daily allowance of food; rations; a let or portion of the necessaries of life.

a باتبة rātiba, A salary, stipend, pay, ration.

راتبه خوار rātiba-khwār, راتبه خوار rātiba-khwur, A pensioner.

a راتيان, rātiyān, راتيان, rātiyāna, راتيان, rātiyāna. راتيان, rātīnaj, Resin of the pinetree; colophony.

el, raj, Holly-tree, holm.

م رأجم , rājih, Excelling; preponderating; preferable.

رامر $r\bar{a}jiz$, A composer of the verse mjaz.

A راجع المجمر) rāji', Returning, retrograde; a woman who, her husband being dead, returns to her friends; (a camel) giving false symptoms of pregnancy.

najif, A trembling fever, ague.

A and, rajifal, The first blast of the trumpet at the Resurrection.

A راجل rājil, A pedestrian.

א היים א rājin, Accustomed to any place or thing; tame, domestic, cade, cosset.

н اجما, rāja, A Hindū rāja.

א (בּבְּה ', rājī, A hoper, asker, interceder. בּיֹן, rāḥ, יוֹב אָּג ', rāḥ biqā, Name of a note in music;—rāḥi rūḥ, Name of one of the modulations invented by Barbud (see אַיַּר).

At) rāh (v.n. of to), Being near attaining an object, and enjoying satisfaction; wine; (pl. of rāhat) the palms of the hands.

A del, rāhat (v.n. of ty). Being nimble, ready at any act of kindness (the hand); quiet, rest, repose, ease, tranquillity; relief, pleasure, comfort; the palm of the hand;—rāhat būdan (shudan). To be at ease, to be comfortable (also construed with burdan, tarāwīdan, dādan, dādan, kardan, kashīdan, &c.);—zi rāḥat burīdan, To come or to bring to a conclusion.

مت آزار م rāḥat-āzār, Who troubles another's repose.

a المت الغزا , rāḥat-afzā, Increasing comfort, quieting, soothing.

مت تر است تر rāḥat-tar, More at ease, more comfortable (m.c.).

a راحت جان rāḥat-jān (vulg. for rāḥati jān), Green chillies chopped up and mixed with salt and lime-juice.

a معالم rāhat-ṭalab, A lover of com-

fort, sybarite.

a أحت فروش $r\tilde{a}hat$ -farosh, = the preceding.

a راحت فشان rāḥat-fishān, Who spreads ease and comfort.

a راحت نشين, rāḥat-nishīn, Who sits in ease and comfort.

راحت كاه م rāḥat-gāḥ, A place of rest, &c. a راحتى rāḥatī, A wash-basin; a candelabrum (for chirāghpāya'i rāḥatī); a funnel.

a sizi, rāh-gāh, Crush-room, lobby (m.c.).

A راحل rāḥil A traveller.

A أمار rāḥilat, rāḥila, A camel that is ridden, a saddle-camel; a camel fit for bearing burdens; a company travelling together, a caravan.

a اراحلت روا rāḥilat-rawā, Who gives a mount to another; oue who urges on his

beast.

A مراجم الحمر , rāhim, One who pities, pardons, and compassionates; merciful, compassionate.

راحيل , rāhāl, Rachel, the wife of Jacob. أمر راحيل بم rākh, Sadness, sorrow; conjecture,

opinion,

a sl, rād (for rādd, agent of s, "to restore," &c.), Liberal, munificent; bold, intelligent; eloquent; a story-teller; a wall; a granary;—rādi khāna, The walls of a house.

abounding in pastures (probably a misreading for of, q.v.); liberal, generous (also doubtful).

رادع A prohibiter, impeder, hin-

derer; a revulsive (med.).

A رادعات rādi'āt (pl. of the preceding), Revulsives.

رادك , rādif, Who or what comes after. A فاها، rādifat, The second blast of the

trump at the Resurrection.

a with, rādagān (irreg. plural of rād), Liberal, bold, intelligent men.

a راد مردى rād-mardī, Uprightness.

راد منش م rād-manish, Liberal, munifi-

a رادى, rādī, Liberality; boldness; intelligence.

A), rār, Thin marrow corrupted and black.

راز, rāz (S. rahas), A secret, a mystery; colour; a porcupine; a hornet; a plasterer

of walls; name of a village; name of a prince, fellow-founder with his brother Ray of the city of the latter name; another name of the city Ray (see (1));— $r\tilde{a}zi$ $\bar{a}b$, An image reflected in the water; -raz az bīrūn (bar rū'i roz, ba-saḥrā) uftādan, Secrets become public;—rāz az bīrūn dādan, rāz bar sari bāzār nihādan, rāz bar sang zadan, rāz bar şaḥrā nihādan (ba-ṣaḥrā afgandan, dar sahrā nihādan), To make secrets public; -rāz bā kase kardan, To confide one's secrets to: -raz poshīdan. To conceal a secret; — rāz <u>kh</u>wandan (dīdan), To know secrets; -raz dādan, To dye; rāzi dil-āb (dili āb), The moisture, coldness, or virtue of water, which is the cause of vegetation; water of jewels; a shadow, a reflected image; vegetation, growth;razi dil ba kase kardan. To confide one's secrets to; -rāzi zamīn, Plants, flowers;rāz fāsh kardan, To divulge a secret;rāz gushādan (gushūdan), To reveal a secret; -rāzi nihān, A profound secret; rain; the sex of a child in the womb; the place of one's death; future events; food for the morrow; -raz nihāni khāk, Plants gradually evolved from the earth; -rāni nihufta, A hidden secret.

A jl, rāz, An architect, master-builder.

ωίς), rāzbān, A confidant; one whose office is to present petitions to the king; a privy counsellor.

راز پنیائی, rāz-pinhānā, A profound secret.

راز موی rāz-joy, Seeker of a secret. از دار از دار از دار rāz-dār, Trusty, faithful, who keeps a secret; a mason.

رازداری rāz-dārī, Keeping a secret; se-

crecv.

רונילוי) rāz-dān, Acquainted with secrets or mysteries;—rāz-dāni asrāri nā-shanīda, The penetrator into unheard mysteries (Muhammad).

A j), rāziq, Giver of the necessaries of life; providence;—khairu 'r-rāziqīn, The

best of providers.

a رازتی rāziqī, A sort of grape; linseed; the white lily.

razak. The hop-plant.

رار نياز, rāz-niyāz, Lovers' secrets, prattle.

sji, rāza, A secret.

rāzī, Inhabitant of the city of Ray (said to be formed from the name of King Rāz (see j)), but more probably derived from rāz, an older name of the city of Ray).

رازيام rāzyām, رازياني rāziyānaj, زازيام rūzi-yāna, Fennel;—rāziyāna'i rūmī, Anise.

jl, rāzh, A heap of corn threshed or trodden out.

on razhan, = the preceding (unsupported by examples).

ra's, in P. rās (v.n.), Wounding

in the head; the head; head (of cattle, &c.); top, summit; apex, vertex; end, extremity; headiand, promontory, cape; a chief, leader; [rāsu 'l-jady, The winter solstice;—rāsu 's-saraṭān. The summer solstice;—rāsu 'l-'ain (originally rāsu 'aini 'l-khābūr, see 1914.), Callirrhoe in Mesopotamia;—rāsu 'l-māl, A capital, fund, stock-in-trade;—rās fa-qaṭ, A horse of middling breed (opp. to rās kalān, A horse of high breed);]—ra"ās, A dresser and vendor of heads of cattle.

راس rās, Way, road; (for rāsū) a weasel.

A --- rāsib, Firm, immoveable.

است, rast, Right, true; good, just, sincere, upright; straight, even, level; right (opposed to left); complete; actually, certainly, surely, truly; name of a note in music; -rāst āmadan, To please; to be contented with: - rāst āmadani suhbat. The company is agreeable, congenial;—rāst pā āmadan, To come straight from one place to another; $-r\bar{a}st$ -ash $(r\bar{a}stash$ - $r\bar{a})$ bi- $g\bar{u}$, Tell the truth of the matter (m.c.); -rast shudan (gashtan), To be clear, justified;rāst shudani khwāb. A dream is being fulfilled ;-rast kardan, To prepare, fashion, arrange, make ready; to level; to collate, confront (books); -rast ki, As soon as; it is true that; - rast guftan, To tell the truth; to be right; -tāri sāz rāst kardan, To tune a stringed instrument;—dasti rāst, The right hand :- tarafi rāstash-rā, On his right side.

road; [ba-rāstā, Right; true; straight; a road; [ba-rāstā, Opposite, over against;]—

rāsitā, Praise (doubtful).

رأستان, rāstād, Stipend, salary; a pension. راستان rāstān (pl. of rāst), Right, true, just.

راست باز rāst-bāz, Faithful, trustworthy. بازار rāst-bāzār, That side of a market-place where the shops are (see المزار).

راست بازى rāst-bāzī, Fidelity, integrity.

rast-bālā, The cypress.

باست بود , rāst-būd (really existing), God. واست بين rāst-bīn, İmpartial, seeing right. راست بوش rāst-posh, Who hides the truth, an infidel.

راست عائة, rāst-khāna, Most conscientious.

a راست عيار rāst-'iyār, Who gives full measure, just; of full standard or measure

a راست قلم, rāst-qalam, An upright clerk or accountant.

استكار, rāst-kār, One who acts justly,

does right, or performs well; just, pious; a master of any art, an artificer.

راست کردار, rāst-kirdār, A fair dealer. راست کودار rāst-gū, Truth-teller (m.c.).

راست كوش rāst-gosh, Who listens to what is right.

a أست مزاع , rāst-mizāj, Of an equitable disposition.

rāst-maza, Well-flavoured.

a معامله, rāst-mu'āmala, One whose actions are fair and good.

است نما , rāst-namā, Appearing upright. مار , rāsta, Dexterous, right-handed; upright, just, true; a market-place; a level road;—rāsta'i-bāzār, or—

راسته بازار = rāsta-bāzār, راسته بازار q v. راسته بندی rāsta-bandī, Road-making or

repairing.

loyalty; truth, veracity; straightness; the state or condition of being the right; dextrality; really? is it true? (m.c.).;—rāslī zadan, To speak the truth;—rāslī-uduruslī, Honesty and fidelity;—'aini rāslī, Truth itself.

راستين rāstīn, True, real; upright; state of the case.

راستينه rāstīna, True, real.

rāstīwar, Right, just, true. رأستيور

م أسلم بالله باله

from a mixture of which, with galls, a kind of oil is expressed by a hot iron, with which the ladies anoint the hair of their eye-lids and brows, not only to give them a beautiful black, but to smooth away excrescences.

a راسخ دم rāsi<u>kh</u>-dam, Firm in mind, con-

راس ربواس rás. rīwās, Small things, trifles (doubtful word of the grammatical form itbā').

a رأس كلان rās-kalān, A horse of high breed (see rās fa-qat under A. رأس)).

narks, or delineates.

a راس مال بي rās-māl, Capital, stock-in-trade.

only rāsan, Elecampane; juniper.

יוֹשָ rāsū, A weasel.

راحى rūsī, Firm, immoveable (mountain or cauldron).

راست, rāsiyat, rāsiya (fem. of the preceding), A firm mountain.

راه rāsh, A heap of winnowed corn (see

ماش م rāsh, A feather.

اهد م rāshid, A follower of the right

path; orthodox, faithful, pious;—<u>khula-fā'i rāshidān</u>, The right-guided Caliphs (by the Sunnis applied in particular to the four immediate successors of Muhammad).

A ماهن rāshin, One who goes uninvited to a feast; fixed, resident; an extra gratuity over and above wages due (= هاكرداه q.v.).

A راهي بَعَهُمْ بَهُمْ بَاهُمُ مُ الْهُمْ مُ الْهُمْ مُ مُرَّهُمْ مُ مُرَّامُ مُ مُرَّامُ مُرَّامُ مُرَّامُ مُ مُرَّامُ مُ مُرَّامُ مُرَامُ مُرَّامُ مُرَّامُ مُرَامُ مُرَّامُ مُرَامُ مُرامُ مُ مُرامُ مُ مُرامُ

A بخا، rāṣib, Gentle, continued rain; a species of the lote-tree.

رائع مر برائع مر rāṣi', A suckling; a miser who sucks his own cattle to avoid being over-heard milking and importuned for milk.

الحي ه , rāzī, Content, satisfied, pleased, willing, acquiescent; pleasing, pleasant, agreeable;—rāzī shudan. To be content, to consent, acquiesce, permit, condescend, approve;—rāzī kardan, To satisfy, coutent.

راضي برما rāṣī ba-riṣā, God willing.

المية ، rāziyatan, Willingly, with pleasure.

a مائى المن rāzī-nāma, A deed acknowledging one to be satisfied for a debt, assault, and the like; an agreement; a consent in writing; reconciliation; resignation.

راطب rāṭib, Humid, moist. راطینی rāṭīnī (G. ῥητίνη), Resin.

A wel, raif, Excelling in swiftness (a horse), gaining a race; the tip of the nose; a promontory.

A لعداء بَهُ أَرْمَامَة , Look upon us (a kind of salutation forbidden by Muhammad to his followers because it was perverted by the Jews into the Hebrew "our bad one"; see Coran, ii. 98).

راعی $r\bar{a}^i\bar{\imath}$, Feeding, grazing; a shepherd, herdsman; a gnardian, protector.

راعيل rā'īl, Name of Zulaikhā.

El, rāgh, The lower part of a mountain, a mountain-slope; a pleasant verdant meadow; a villa, summer-house;—bāgh-u-rāgh, Gardens and villas.

A -A, rāghib, Willing, wishing, desirous, curious; eager; -rāghibi jihād, Desirous of war.

راهي rāghī, Belonging to the mountainslopes (m.c.).

راك rāf, Mace, envelope of the nutmeg. م مائل ra'f, M's, ra'f, M's, ra'fat (v.n.), Pitying; being kind and compassionate; bounty.

الد, rāfid, The Euphrates.

اكُسُن , rāfas, rāfis (أَ), Name of an astronomer.

rafiz, A thrower (of javelins or

stones); refusing; abdicating.

A ألفناً, rūfizat, A body of soldiers who deserted their commander and turned back again; a sect of the Shī'ahs who, after vowing, renounced their allegiance to Zaid, the grandson of Husain.

rafizi, One of the sect mentioned

in the preceding article, a heretic.

rāft', One who raises or exalts; adducing; putting in the nominative case; a plaintiff; a high mountain; (a camel) having biestings in her udder.

rāfūna, Mint.

crime; — rāfin, A herb resembling garlic; sin, crime; — rāfin, Submissive, obedient; name of the 12th day of the month.

راتب raqib, An observer, watcher; a

rival.

A مائم rāqim, A writer :— rāqimu'l-ḥurūf, The writer of this letter.

راتونة, rāqūta (probably misreading for انونه, q.v.), Mint.

رافرد م rāqūd, A large oblong wine-vessel,

pitched within; a small fish.

A مانية rāqī, fem. راقية rāqiyat, An en-

chanter.

""", rāk, A horned and fighting ram; a cup, goblet; a thread; (in Zaud and Pāzand) a way, road.

راکاره, rākāra, An immodest woman,

harlot.

راكب rākib, One riding (in Arabic mostly on a camel, in Persian on a horse); a rider; a palm-branch hanging pendulous from the top, but not touching the ground.

A مار), rākid, Quiet, fixed, still, stagnant

(water).

rāki', One who bows the head, who

evinces humility and lowliness.

h خار تكورنك , rāg-rang, اك رنك , rāg-u-rang, Music and merriment; jollity, revelry, festivities, fun and frolic.

رال rāl, Death-rattle (m.c. from F. râle).

A رائل ra'l, fem. مائل, ra'lat, A young

ostrich, or one a year old.

tame, domestic; happy, cheerful; industrious; shrewd; alacrity; affluence, plenty; name of the inventor of the lute; the twenty-first day of the month; name of the angel who presides over that day; going, passing by, penetrating; (for ārām) quiet, repose; $-r\bar{a}m\ kardan$, To tame, render obedient, break in; $-b\bar{a}$ -o-rām girift, He lecame familiar with him.

א דמה, God; a powerful king;—rām rām (corresponding to A. allāh allāh), A Hindu form of salutation;—rām rām guf-

tan, To greet, to salute.

יוֹח וֹנְיבּבֵת rām-ārdshir, Name of a city.

رام مرايض rām-barzin, Name of a firetemple; name of a champion.

رامتين, rāmilīn, Name of a famous musician.

A رامج rāmij, A decoy-bird or an owl tied

by the leg to decoy falcons.

A j. rāmiḥ, One who is armed or who pierces with a spear; horned (a bull);—samāki rāmiḥ, Name of a large star in the constellation Bootes.

رامر rāmar, rāmir, Name of a city famous for its earthenware.

رام رنگی rām-rangī, Name given to wine

by Akbar's son Jahangir.

رامر من rāmiz, One who indicates by signs. رامش rāmish, Cheerfulness, singing for joy; rest; counsel, advice (this meaning unsupported);— rāmishi jān, Name of a note in music; name of the eighth modulation of the thirty invented by Bārbud.

رامشت, rāmisht, rāmusht, Rest, repose; the fourth of the five intercalary days

added to the Persian year.

rāmish-khwār, Name of a note in

music.

رامشت = , rāmishk, Rest, repose (= رامشت q.v.).

أَمْشَكُاهُ, rāmish-gāh (مِنْ gah), A place of repose.

راستگر rāmishgar, A singer; a musician; a pleasure-seeker.

رَمْسُكُري rāmishgarī, Vocal and instrumental music; talk.

رامشي rāmishī, رامشي rāmishīn, A musician; a singer.

rāmak, dim. of مام q.v.

a al, rāmak, rāmik, Name of a certain anti-dysenteric medicine.

رأم كير rām-gīr, Fleeing away.

rāminād, Obedient, submissive; subtle; name of the twenty-eighth day of the month (this unsupported).

rāmandī, An ancient dialect of

the Persian language.

رامنى rūmnī, An island in India, whence comes the best kind of camphor.

rāmūz, A ship-master, seaman.

A رامور , rāmūz, The sea; root; type, model راموره رقيم rām-hurmuz, A city in Kohistān. رامي rāmī, Name of the inventor of the lute.

A رأمى $r\bar{a}m\bar{i}$, An archer, shooter, thrower, hurler (of javelins, or stones).

a رامى rāmī, Native of Rām-hurmuz.

رامياك rām-yād, Obedient; name of the twenty-eighth day of the month.

rām-yār, A shepherd.

رأميتن rāmetan, A town near Bokhārā.

rāmīn, rāmina, Name of the lover of Wis.

ch, rān, The thigh; assafætida; (in comp. from rāndan) driving; expelling; exiling;—rān afshurdan, To animate, excite; to spur a horse;—rān gushādan, To mount a horse; to travel; to alight; to expose a fault; to be naked.

vi) rānā, A pomegranate; a Hindu rāja.

راسباد ran-bad, واسباد q.v.

rānaj, A cocoa-nut.

الْع , rānij, A walnut; a smooth black date.

راخبو rān-jo, A moth (see راخبو). راندکان rāndagān (pl. of rānda), Exiles. راندگی, rāndagā, A driving; expulsion. est, rāndan, To drive, drive away; to banish, expel; to purge; to force; to pursue; to incline (to a colour); to move off; —asp rāndan, To drive or urge forward a horse;—ba-āb (darāb) rāndan, To deceive;—bāz rāndan, To repel, &c. (see jk);—ba-zabān (bar-zabān) rāndan, To exclaim, to utter;—bar dil rāndan, To recite to oneself, to quote from memory;—sanā rāndan, To pronounce sentence;—roz rāndan, To pass the days;—sukhun rāndan, To speak, to talk;—qalam rāndan, To write;—kām rāndan, To gratify one's wish.

randa, Expelled, exiled, driven

away; rejected, outcast.

rānish, Expulsion, removal; denial.

rānkī, A crupper.

wil, rāna, A herb like garlic, eaten toasted; drawers; a Hindu rāja; a cocoanut.

راني rānī, Belonging or referring to the thigh, femoral.

الى rānī, A (Hindu) queen or princess. رائىن) rānīn, Breeches, drawers; greaves. راتين rāvcha, A sort of grape.

رارد, rāwad, A verdant flowery hill and

dale; muddiness.

راورا rāvrā, اروارا ra'avrā, A Ledgehog; a porcupine.

רלכ א rāwuq, in P. rāwaq. A strainer; a large vessel from which wine is strained into smaller ones; pure wine.

رارك rāwak, Purest and best (of a thing). متعسقطع, rāwmāda, rūwimāda, rāwumāda

(S. rāmaļhā), Assafætida.

אבין rāwand, A line upon which they hang clothes or bunches of grapes; rhubarb; name of a city in Persia near Ispahān;—rāwandi chānī, China rhubarb;—rāwandi khurāsānī, Rhubarb of Khurāsān which is given to beasts.

rāwandān, Name of a fort near رارندان

Aleppo.

راوة ràwuh, A sigh, a grean; lamenta-

n ciwi, One who relates the words of another, who alleges that he said so and so; a historian, a narrator, teller; one who has the superintendence and management of horses; who and what assuages thirst; well and at one's ease.

a راديان, rāwiyān (P. pl. of the preceding),

Historians, &c.

A hij, rāwiyat, A water-carrying camel, or horse; also the large leathern bottle in which the water is contained; a traveller's leathern provision-bag; a relater of another's words.

راويد, rāwīd, The herb clary.

راوي rāwīz, A thorn which camels like.

tern, rule; custom, fashion; intellect, mind; a word; the inward part; a musical

tone; a time, turn; an Indian prince;rāhi āb, An aqueduct, canal, conduit, watercourse; —rāh az pishi pāy bar-dashtan, To cease inquiring; to take an example; - rahi āftāb, The sun's path, the ecliptic; -rāh uftadan, To fall in with a gang of thieves; to receive damage; to set out, to start on, or continue, a journey (m.c.); -rāh afgandan dar jāy, To go to a place; -rāh andakhtan, To start one on his way; to give leave ;—rāhi āhan, A railway (m.c.) ;—rāhi āhani asbī, A tramway (m.c.);—rāhi bārīk, A narrow road;—rāhi bāz-gūna-naward, A road difficult to pass; -rāh ba-jāy burdan, To obtain one's wish with little trouble;rāh ba-jāy (ba-ḥasāb) dāshtan, rāh ba-dih burdan (dāshtan), To be in conformity with reason; -rah bar-awardan ba-chize, To obstruct the way with anything ;-rah burdan, To travel; to find; to separate; to manage; -rāh burīdan, To travel; -rāhi burida, A road infested with robbers;rāh bastan, To way-lay, to intercept the road; -rāh ba-sar burdan, To reach the termination of one's journey; to complete; — rāhi baqā. A tone in music; — rāh ba bast āmadan, The road is obstructed; -rāh ba-ham dāshtan, To communicate (as railway-carriages, m.c.); — $r\bar{a}hi$ $b\bar{i}$ rāh, A mountain-pass;—rāh po'īdan, To travel; - rāhi pahlawī, The road of the pious; — rāhi piyāda-rav (piyādagān), A footpath, pavement (m.c.); - rāh pīsh guzāshtan, To show the way; -rāh paimūdan, To measure the road, to travel ;-rāhi jāma-darān, Name of a note in music (so called because the auditors tore their garments on hearing it); - rāh chap zadan (kardan), To stray from the right road; rāhi hājiyān, The road of the pilgrims; likewise the Milky Way; -rāhi khār-kash (khār-kan), Name of a note in music; -*rāhi <u>kh</u>usrawānī*, Name of a note in music; -rāhi khufta, A long, level, tedious way; — rāhi khwābīda (roshan), An open. main road; —rāh khwurdan, To hasten on one's road;—rāh dādan, To give way, to admit; to allow one to pass; to give access to; — rāhi dawīda, Vain labour; rah didan, To keep aloof, wait the event; -rāh dīwār kardan, To intercept the road ;—rāh-rā taghaiyur kardan, To return by another road (which is considered lucky);—rāh-rā siyāh kardan bar kase, To make one nameless and traceless, to relegate one to obscurity; -rāh raftan, To go, to walk (m.c.); -rāhi rūh, Name of a note in music; -rah roshan kardan, To show the way; -rāh rahā kardan, To stray from the right road; -rah sipurdan, To travel; -rah sar awardan (kardan), To complete one's journey; -rah sar shudan, The journey is completed; -rāh sādan, To travel over a road; -rāhi shāh, The high road; -rāh zadan,

To rob on the highway; to sing, to modulate;—rāhi shabdez. Name of a note in music; the thirteenth modulation of Barbud; -rāh ṭai kardan, To travel;---rāhi 'adam, Death; -rāhi 'arrāda, A road for carriages, a carriage drive (m.c.);— $r\bar{a}hi$ $gh\bar{u}l$, The world;— $r\bar{a}hi$ $gh\bar{u}l$ - $d\bar{a}r$, Time, fortune; rāh firo bastan bar, To intercept one's road; -rāhi fulān jā bar-dāshtan (giriftan), To make for a place; -rohi fanā, Sicknesses, calamities; -rāh qat' kardan, To proceed, travel; -rāhi qalandar, Abandonment of the world; name of a note in music; -rāhi kāh-kashān, The Milky Way; -rāh kotāh kardan, To travel by the nearest road; rāhi kūr, An unfrequented road;—rāhi kofta (girifta), A frequented read; -rah koftan (firo-koftan), To travel; -rah gardanidan az hudūd, To pass from the boundaries; rāh giriftan, To stop the way; -rāh gushādan (gushādan), To open the road ;—rāhi gul, Name of a note in music; -rah namūdan, To show the way;—rāh nawardīdan (nuwishtan), To travel; -rāh wā shudan, The road is being opened; -rah wā kardan, To open a road; -rāh yāftan, To find a road to, to obtain, to acquire;—as rāh burdan, To lead astray; - az rāhi mail, By way of inclination, for friendship's sake; -khati rāh, A passport; -dar rāhi kas nihādan, To place in one's way, to give over to, to put at one's disposal.

rāh-āmoz, A guide.

راة انجام, rāh-anjām, Travelling apparatus; a messenger, courier, postman; a horse, mule, &c.

rāh-āward, A pre- راه آورد rāh-āward, A present, especially brought by one to another from a distance, or by an ambassador to his sovereign, from the prince to whom he has been sent.

م باهب, rāhib, A Christian monk; a pious

person, a devotee, a hermit.

راهبان, rāhbān, A road-guard; a traveller; a robber; -rāhibān (P. pl. of A. rāhib), Monks.

A مبة , rāhibat, A nun.

rāh-bar, A road-guide.

rāhbarī, The trade of a road-guide; guidance; -rāh-barī namūdan, To guide, show the way; to persuade, convert.

راهبند rāh-band. A highway-robber; a road-patrol; a toll-gatherer.

اله بويان, rāh-poyān, Swift, fleet (sing. and $pl.\bar{)}.$

اله پيما، rāh-paimā, A traveller.

اة جوى, rāh-joy, Eager to run. er of rah-kharch, Road-charges.

rāh-dār (occupying the road), One who suddenly attacks, binds, or murders travellers, a robber, bandit; a road-patrol; one who has charge of the public roads; a road-toll gatherer.

räh-dārī, A branch of revenue راهداري

collected from travellers for protection afforded; a passport to be excused tolls.

اهدان rah-dan, A road-guide. راة دراز rāh-darāz, Great distance.

jāma'i (qabā'i) rāh-rāh, A striped gar-

اهرو rāh-rav, A traveller; a corridor, a passage (m.c.); - rāh-rawān, rāh-rawāni azal (sahar), Holy men, devotees, keeping watch by night; $-r\bar{a}h$ -rawāni tarīgat, Devotees; the four elements; -rah-rawani gardūn, The seven planets.

راه روش rāh-rawish, Manners, ways, cus-

راة روى rāh-rawī, Travel, journey.

ن اهري, rāh-zan, A highway robber; a musician; a singer.

راهولي rāh-zanī, Highway-robbery.

راة سنج rāh-sanj (way-experienced), A traveller.

م راهشان rāhishāni, Two veins in the fore-legs of a horse.

اهشاء, rāh-shāh, Main road; great tra-

اهگای, rāhgān, Anything picked up upon the road; gratis, without labour or purchase; in vain.

اهگذار rāh-guzār, اهگذار rāh-guzar, A passage, channel, ferry, or pass through mountains; the gullet; an event; a traveller; a road-guide; a present brought from a journey.

اله گرای, rāh-girāy, A traveller.

rāh-gustar, A beast whereon one وأه كستر may ride; pleasant-paced (horses, mules, or camels).

rāh-gīr, A traveller, wayfarer.

راهن rahan, The cornel-tree; — rahin, Name of a herb or root given to horses in medicine.

راهن A rāhin, Firm, stable; perennial; a mortgager, one who pledges or pawns; thin.

a راهنامج rāh-nāmaj, for P.—

ال تأمن الم rāh-nāma, A road-book, map, chart.

a stranger; messenger; a post, express.

راهنمون , rāh-namā, راهنماي , rāh-namāy راهنما rāh-namūn, Showing the way; a guide; a chamberlain; a lord, prince.

راه نمائی rāh-namā'ī, A showing of the way. راة نمولى rāh-namūnī, Guidance, direction; rāh-namūnī kardan, To guide, to lead the

راه فورد rāh-naward, A riding-horse; a postman; a messenger; a foot-traveller; a beggar; houseless.

راهوار, rāhwār, A quick, easy, amblingpaced horse, a good roadster.

راهوارة, rāhwāra, A present from a distance.

راهوارى rāhwārī, An ambling pace; swift

rāhwān, Guard of the road, watch over enemies or thieves; a toll-gatherer.

راقرر rāhwar, An easy, ambling nag.

روي من rāh-rawī, An ambling pace; swift walk.

rāhūn, Name of a mountain in Ceylon, on which Adam is said to have

rāhuwī, rāhawī, Name of a note in music.

راهيا rāhhā (pl. of rāh), Roads, ways.

راهي rāhī, A thin biscuit; a traveller;—

rāhī shudan, To go, to travel.

ra'y, in P. rāy (v.n.), Seeing; thinking, judging; knowledge, wisdom; opinion, belief, view, counsel; good pleasure; $-r\bar{a}yi$ $s\bar{a}qib$, Prudent advice; $-r\bar{a}y$ dādan, To give an opinion;—rāy zadan, To propose, form a plan. consult; -rāy kardan. To deliberate, to determine; -ray yak shudan, To be of one mind; to conspire.

راي, rāy, A road, path; a rājā or Hindu prince. (See also the preceding article).

A ايات, rāyāt (pl. of rāyat), Banners. رايان rayan (pl. of ray), Kings.

راياندن rāyāndan, To lead out, or forth.

A بال , ra'ib, Doubting.

a راى بين rāy-bīn, Intelligent.

راية م rūyat, A standard, flag; a short spear (construed with the verbs afrākhtan, afrūshtan, angekhtan, jumbīdan, zadan, kashīdan);—rāyati baizā'. The white flag (of success); -rāyati farīdūn (kāwiyān), The standard of Faridun.

 $r\bar{a}'ij$, Vendible; current.

رای چنیا $rar{a}y ext{-}champar{a}$, Name of a certain

fragrant flower found only in India.

A defly ra'ihat (v.n. of zy), fragrance; anything; a trifle; -khūb-rā'ihat, Of a pleasant smell.

a مائی rā'id, One who goes or is sent a foraging; the handle of a hand-mill.

A Ball, ra'idat, A woman who gads to and

fro amongst her neighbours.

رَاى رايان rāy-rāyān, The first officer of the Diwan who has charge of the crown

a ن ای زی rāy-zan, A person whom one consults.

مائس A governor.

rā'ish, One who fits wings to an راكش 🛦 arrow; a broker employed to conciliate the favour of a judge by presents.

رائض 🖈 rū'iz, A breaker of horses.

A مِثْلُمُ , rā'i', Redundant, increasing; happening to wish; agreeable, engaging; swift (a horse).

راثن م rā'iq, Fasting; taken upon an empty stomach; pure, genuine; beautiful, lovely; wonderful.

ایکا, rāyikā, Beloved, wished-for, desired.

ايگان, rāygān, Anything picked up on the road; gratis, gratuitous, without labour or purchase; in vain; -raygān-rafta, Shed with impunity (blood).

رای مسدد م rāy-musaddad, Of sound judgment.

હ્યા, rāya, An ulcer on the heads of children.

A ب rabb (v.n.), Being lord; educating, bringing up; perfecting, completing; collecting; increasing; resting in one place; lord; God; an elder brother; [rabbu 'nnaw', Specific deity, lord of the species;rabbi 'izzat, Lord of glory;]-rubb, Syrup, inspissated juice; rob; [rubbu 's-sūs, Extract of liquorice;—rubbi anar, Extract of pomegranate juice;—rubbi riwand, Gamboge; -rubba, ruba, rub, A few, some; many; sometimes; perhaps.

A 4, riba', Profit on goods; usury.

4, rubā (in comp. from rubūdan), Robbing, stealing, carrying off by violence; attracting.

4, rubbā (in Zand and Pāzand), Great.

אַ יש, rabāb, A white cloud; a rebeck; name of a beautiful woman; also of a place near Mecca, and of a mountain near Medinah;—ribāb, A covenant; tithes, tenths; five Arabian tribes confederate together.

ربا $oldsymbol{vubaba}$, ربا $oldsymbol{vubaba}$, A rebeck, a fourstringed instrument in the form of a shortnecked guitar, but having a surface of parchment instead of wood.

a ربایی rabābī, A performer on the rebeck.

ربات ribāt (for ribāt), An inn.

עלס א rabāḥ, Gain, profit; name of a certain cup-bearer; also of a fortress in Spain; a kind of cat, the civet-cat; -rub $b\hat{a}h$, A kid; a camel's colt.

با خواره ribā-khwāra, با خواره ribā-khwur,

A usurer.

A Ly ribāt (v.n. 3 of L,), Equipping a horse for a holy war; a troop of horse (five or more) armed for war; taking up a station on the confines of an enemy's country; a frontier-station; an inn; a monastery; a rope, cord, thong; a ligament (in med.).

א פֿאָ, rubā', In fours.

رباعي ه rabā'ī, An animal that has shed his tooth called rabā'iyat (see رباعية);--rubā'ī, A four-letter word; a verse of four hemistichs, a tetrastich;—rubā'īyi tarūna, A quatrain of which all four lines are rhyming.

A باعيات, rubā'iyāt, Tetrastichs.

راعية rabā'iyat (pl. rabā'iyāt), A tooth growing between the front teeth and the canine tooth (they are four).

a ربانی rabbani, Divine, godly; a doctor of divinity, a rabbi ;—rubbānī, The master of a ship.

بانيدن, rubānīdan, To cause to rob.

رباة, rubāh, A fox.

A with, raba'ib (pl. of rababat), Step-daughters; goats kept at home for milking.

رباك م rabā'iṣ (pl. of rabīṣat and of ribbīṣa), Obstacles placed in the way of doing good.

رايندگي, rubāyandagī, Robbery, seizure.

رايدية, rubāyanda, A robber, plunderer; (met.) charming, bewitching, captivating. بالي rubā'ī, (in comp.) A plundering.

હું માં પ્રાથમિક પ્ર

rabab, Plenty of good water. منابع rabs, A hindering, a letting.

A p, ribh, rabah (v.n.), Gaining; profit in trade; usury;—rubah, A kid; a camel's colt; a bird resembling a crow.

a رجى, ribhī, Whatever is gained by usury.

A \$4, rabazat, A string or thong at the handle of a whip or scourge; vehemence, severity;—ribzat, rabazat, A handful of wool or tow dipped in pitch, with which they besmear camels for the scab; any cloth employed in cleansing jewels, plate, or dishes;—ribzat, A worthless man; the stopper of a bottle; a woollen tuft hung to the ear of a camel; a menstruous cloth.

ת (אני rabrab, A herd of wild oxen.

פאנ, ribriq (in A. rabraq), Nightshade. יהנליטן, rabrūnitan (in Zand and Pāzand), To die.

بريا, rabzabā (in Zand and Pāzand), The

مس, rabs (v.n.), Striking with the hand; filling (a leathern bottle).

بش rabash, White on the nails of youths.

ب rabs, ربص rabs, ربص rubsat, Expectation, wait-

ing.

A ch, rabaz, The ropes which fasten the saddle of a camel; the intestines (the heart excluded); the walls of a town; the sides of anything; a sheepcote; food sufficient for a meal; family, kindred, wealth, domestics, house and home;—rubz, The centre of anything; the foundations of a building;—rubuz, An indolent man who neglects necessary business.

A by rabt (v.n.), Binding, tying; connection, friendship; a tie; practice, habit, use; construction (in Grammar);—[rabt kardan, To bind, strengthen, fasten; to discipline, govern, hold in subjection (also construed with the verbs uftādan, burdan, barham zadan and dāshtan;]—rubut (pl. of

ribāt), Ropes, cords, thongs.

a ربطى rabtī, Connectedness;—bī-rabtī,

Unconnectedness; indiscipline.

A cy, rab' (v.n.), Plaiting a fourfold cord; drinking every fourth day (a camel); loading a camel by means of a pole; refraining, abstaining from; completing with

oneself the number four, forty, or forty-four; receiving a fourth part of the booty; lifting up a stone as a trial of strength (see (rab'); a spring mansion; a house, mansion, abode; [rab'-rā bar-ham zadan, To demolish the house;]—rub', rubu', A fourth; an astronomical quadrant (more fully called rub'i dā'ira and rub'i mujoi-yib); [rub'i zamīn, rub'i maskūn, An inbabited quarter of the world; the world;]—rib', A quartan ague; the watering of camels on the fourth day.

A day, rab'at, A man or woman of middle stature and square-bodied; a casket for

spiceries.

a ربعي rib'ī, Vernal, born in the spring; born in his father's old age (a son);—raba'ī, Related to the tribe of rabī'at.

A & robagh, The enjoyment and conveniences of life; -rabigh, A lewd, impudent fellow.

A 3:, rabq (v.n.), Haltering a camel;—ribq, A rope with many loops for tying cattle.

A & ribqat, rabqat, A halter, a rope with

a loop or noose; a collar; a yoke.

nire; mixing up crumbled bread with broth, &c.; to prepare the dish ishkina (see هندا).

A J., rabl, A kind of tree producing leaves and fruit after the usual season;—rabal, A very green herb, an antidote to a viper's bite.

رال ribl, Southernwood.

بيا ه rabbanā, O our Lord!

ר איז rahw (v.n.), Being increased, multiplied; climbing (a hill), being on the top of; breathing heavily, suffering from asthma; asthma.

אַ רעני, rubūb (pl. of rubb), Extracts,

syrups.

a ربونى rabûbī, Divine, theological (learning).

ר אָפּוּיֵה rubūbīyat, Dominion, supreme power; deity, divinity.

A hill, rising ground, heap.

روت rabūt, A hoopoo, a puet.

ربوخة, rabū<u>kh</u>a, Sensual delights. بودكى, rubūdagi, Spoliation, plunder, rob-

withdraw from sight;—zi zīn rubūdan, To throw out of the saddle, to unhorse.

ربودة rubūda, Seized, plundered, robbed. a بودة عقل rubūda-ʻaql, Robbed of one's

ربوس rubūs, Voracious, a glutton.

מנים, rubūsa, משים, rubūsha, rabūsha (originally rū-posha), A veil for the head.

ربوفي, rabūz, Large, thick (tree or chain); wide (coat of mail, &c.);—rubūz, Desisting from blissoming (a ram); lying

down with the feet tucked underneath (a dog, &c.).

Aly, rabula, A kind of artichoke.

which is returned if they should be damaged; earnest; drink-money; handsel; profit; a prisoner.

اربي rabbi, My lord; a doctor of divinity (= بانی q.v.) ;—rubbīy, A vendor of

the inspissated juice rubb.

A -e rabib, A step-son, a wife's son.

مية rabībat, A step-daughter; a ewe fed indoors for the sake of her milk; a nurse, foster-mother.

sy بيما rabīṣā, A kind of small fish.

الهدر rubaid, Confection, preserve, pickle. נאבט, rubidan, To seize, rob, plunder.

A bay, rabit, Bound, fixed, tied, fastened; dry dates steeped in water; a hermit, a devotee; a philosopher retired from the world; -rabītu 'l-jāsh, Brave (man) who never takes to flight.

A جيع, rabī', The spring; vernal showers; a rivulet; name of a man; name of the two spring months called rabī'u 'l-auwal and rabī'u 'l-ākhar; a fourth.

ميعة A ربيعة, rabī'at, A stone lifted or dragged as a trial of strength; name of the father

a ريعي, rabī'ī, Produced in, or belonging to, the spring, vernal.

માં, rapad, rapud, ડમું, rapūd, Name of an intoxicating herb.

in rat, Naked; -rut, Hollow, empty; poor, indigent; all; paper.

م رص att (v.n.), Stammering; a chief, prince, governor; a hog.

ritāq, Two garments sewed together. بت, rath, Life (probably related to the following).

متب ratab, Affliction, hardship; the space between the index and middle finger; high ground; rocks of unequal height close together.

رَّمَةُ مِيّ rutbat, A degree, a step; rank, dignity;—rutba'i 'ulyā, The highest degree.

رته م ruttat, Hesitation in speaking.

A 5, ratj (v.n.), Shutting (a door); -rataj, A great door with a small one in

م رتع برنا (v.n.), Being thin and soft (mud); remaining still; falling or hanging back, shrinking from.

تشلع, rutashlakh, Cupping (unsupported

by examples).

A &, rat' (v.n.), Roving in wide, rich

pastures (sheep).

ratq (v.n.), Shutting, filling, sewing up, closing; repairing; reformation; [ratq u fatq, Shutting and opening, loosing and binding, the ordering of affairs; \-rataq, A narrowness of female organs to such a degree as only to allow a passage for the urine.

rutak, Wild mint.

ralk (v.n.), Going with a short,

quick step (camel).

ratal, A discourse pronounced with a clear, melodious voice; a neat and regular arrangement of anything; smoothness, regularity, and whiteness of teeth.

م رتم ratm (v.n.), Breaking.

ratmat, A thread rolled round the

finger to bring to mind anything.

م رتى ratn, A mixing of dough with lard ; -ratan, Name of an Indian who claimed to have associated with Muhammad, and who set traditions affoat, which, however, are rejected by most authorities.

رَّهِ ratw (v.n.), Fastening; strengthen-

ing (the mind); nodding.

رتوب autūb (v.n. of رتوب ,), Being firm, solid, motionless.

رَبِع rutū' (v.n. of رَبِع), Pasturing at discretion (cattle).

ಟ್, rata, An Indian filbert-nut.

رتيبائج ritibanaj, A kind of sea-crab; a sort of medicinal stone.

rutailā', in P. رتيلاء rutailā', Tarantula.

ratimat, ratima, A thread wound رتيمة round the finger as a reminder.

رط من rass, Worn, torn; ragged clothes.
من risa' (v.n. of زائی), Praising (the dead) in a funeral oration, weeping and wailing over him (hired mourners).

A عنان risās (pl. of rissat), Rags; old,

shabby furniture.

ر ما ما ما راكة rasasat (v.n. of راكة , Being dirty, squalid, unsightly, ragged, going to pieces; raggedness; unsightliness.

A رئان raṣān, Rain following rain.
A رئي riṣat (v.n. of ورك), Inheriting; rissat, Ragged furniture; a foolish woman; low, vulgar people; weak men.

rasd (v.n.), Laying (furniture or wares) side by side, or one upon another; -rasad, Household utensils arranged side by side; weak men.

ي raşa' (v.n.), Being very greedy and

covetous; avidity, greediness.

رثم xasm (v.n.), Bruising and making bloody (the nose or month); anointing (the nose with an odoriferous unguent); -rasam, A white spot on a horse's upper lip; name of a herb.

رثوط A remaining fixed (to a seat). م رثى rasy (v.n. of رثى), Becoming tenderly affected, commiserating; praising (the deceased) in a funeral sermon, crying over him, condoling.

رثيث rasīs, Worn, gone to pieces; covered with wounds, and expiring.

A & rajj (v.n.), Shaking, making quake; being shaken, trembling; imprisoning, detaining, confining.

A مام , rajā' (v.n. of جام), Hoping; fearing; hope, fear; a side, border, edge.

rajāj, Lean (cattle); weak, languid (men)

A وام , rajāh, Large-hipped (woman).

A قرم rijā' (v.u. of رجع), Returning, as a bird of passage from a warm to a cold climate; returning from one journey to begin another; returning.

جاف, rajāf, The beat of a drum.

م بالم rajjāf, The day of the Resurrection; the sea; an airy jaunty manner in walking.

رجال, rajāl, A cobweb; a spider.

مال ه rijāl (pl. of rajul and rajl), Men; (pl. of rajil) pedestrians; men on foot, infantry;—irsāli rijāl kardan, To despatch a body of men,

ماليل ه, rajālá, in P. also rajālī (pl. of rājil, rajil), Footmen, infantry.

יבּלט, rajjān, Name of a place in Persia, called also ارجان arrajan.

rajjānī, A native of Rajjān.

A ---- rajab (v.n.), Fearing; worshipping, revering; name of the seventh Arabian month; -rajabu 'l-murajjab, Rajab, the revered (m.c.).

A جبات, rajabāt (pl. of جبات), Months of

Rajab.

A ومجان rajabān (dual), The seventh and eighth months, i.e. Rajab and Sha'ban.

رجمان ۸ rujḥān (v.n. of رجمان), Inclining, prependerating, drawing (a scale); excelling, surpassing; excellence, superiority.

A year (v.n.), Making or repeating the

verses called rajaz; -rijz, rujz, Impurity; idolatry, polytheism; pain, torment; rajaz. Name of a metre (mustafilun = - - - ix times repeated); a disease of the camel.

a رجز خوالي rajaz-khwānī, Recitation of verse (especially of the rajar metre).

رجس rajs (v.n.), Thundering loudly; braying of a camel; any loud sound; --

rijs, Uncleanness; sin, iniquity.

אב, raj' (v.u.), Bringing back, restoring; answering (a letter); repeating, returning; ambling (of a horse); selling a camel and buying another with the proceeds; rain after rain; profit, return; dung; ground over which a torrent has passed.

A clay, ruj'ān, Waters stagnant, pent up, or regorged, also the places where they

stagnate; the answer to a letter.

م معلم , raj'at, rij'at (v.n. of جما), Returning to earth after death; receiving again a divorced wife; return; an answer to a letter;-raj'ati zarb, Repercussion; rebound.

معلى ruj'á, A reply to a letter.

جهات, raj<u>gh</u>ak, A belch.

رجف rajf (v.n. of رجف), Moving, causing to move; being greatly shaken (the earth).

A ناهم, rajafān (v.n. of حمان), Shaking

violently (the earth); thundering with reverberation; tremor, emotion.

م المقام rajfat, Agitation; an earthquake.

rajak, A belch.

A رجل rajl (v.n.), Tying the foot ;—rijl, The foot; time, life-time; a swarm (as of locusts); an army; the lower end of a bow when shooting; [rijlu't-tā'ir, An iron for burning;—rijlu'l-ghurāb, Buck's-horn plantain (Coronope vulgaris); = rajal (v.n.), Being on foot; turning a mare loose with her colt to pasture freely, or a dam with her kid, so that it may suck at pleasure; -rajil, A man on foot, a pedestrian; sleek hair (opposed to ja'd, "curly"); -rajul, A (full-grown) man.

a ملم, rajla, Purslain; a mushroom; (for

A. rajulat) a masculine woman.

A pa, rajm (v.n.), Stoning to death, killing; pelting with stones; reproach, contumely, execration; conjecture; speaking by conjecture; anything thrown; rajam, A tomb, a grave; a well, pit, trench; a furnace; -rujum, Shooting stars; stones heaped upon a grave.

Α (γ.n.), Keeping (a horse) in the stable, and bringing (him) down by

poor provender.

ריב זי rujūḥ (v.n. of ריב), Dipping, pre-

ponderating (a scale).

رجع rujū' (v.n. of رجع), Returning; return; repetition; reference; answer to a letter; -rujū' farmūdan (kardan), To refer, appeal, bring a suit into court: to address, to turn oneself to (m.c.); to consign, to commit to one's charge (m.c.);rujū' kardan, To give back; to take back.

رجوعاً , rajū'ā, رجوعاً , rajū'ām, Rehoboam, son of Solomon.

م المراق م rujūlat, and—

مولية م rujūlīyat, Manliness, virility.

A نجو rujūn (v.n. of نجو), Abiding in, tarrying at, or being used to (a place).

جه, raja, A clothes-line; a row;—raja ba-raja istādan, To stand in a line, side by side; — yak-raja dirakht nishāndan, To plant trees in a single line.

rajī', (A horse or camel) returning رجيح 🛦 fatigued from a journey and immediately despatched upon another; an answer; anything returned, restored, or rejected; dung of horses or cattle; excrements of wild beasts; the remains of food which cattle bring up when chewing the cud; a lean camel.

rajī'at, rajī'a, A camel bought رجيعة with the proceeds of another (see ,).

rajīm, Overwhelmed with stones; stoned; devoted to destruction; execrable (devil).

richāl, A confection. رچك rachuk, Eructation. ما ما raḥā, A mill-stone.

ماثل A رماثل raḥā'il (pl. of riḥālat), Leathern saddles.

nahab, Spacious (place); wide; rahab, Spacious areas, &c. for walking; name of the father of a tribe;—ruhb, Being large, spacious, commodious.

rahbat, rahabat, A spacious area رحبة م (of a temple or other place); an extended

piece of ground.

مح raḥaḥ, Breadth of a horse's hoof (reckoned a beauty unless flat); -ruhuh, Wide dishes or cups.

raḥrāḥ, رحرحان raḥraḥ, رحرع raḥraḥ, رحراع ٨

raḥān, Broad, large.

مرحض raḥz (v.n.), Washing (either hands or clothes); perspiring after a paroxysm of fever.

ruḥazā', A sweat after the paroxysm of a fever, so as actually to bathe

the skin.

رحل ه raḥl (v.n.), Saddling (a camel); departing, travelling; a (small) camel's saddle; an abode, a resting-place; household furniture; a reading-stick, a support for a book; the eye-brow of a mistress.

A كلم , rihlat (v.n. of رحل), Travelling, departing, migrating; marching; death; [rihlati shāh-zāda az dāri fanā, The departure of the prince from this frail world; riblat kurdan, To depart, travel; to die;] -ruhlat, The side or direction to which one is travelling.

ruhm, in P. rahm, Compassion, commiseration; [rahm kardan, To pity (m.c.); -rahm namādan, To show mercy; -rahim, The womb; kin, relationship; sila'i rahim, A union of kindred, a meeting of friends ;-qat'i rahim, A desertion, cutting, or alienation of kinsfolk.

م رحمان raḥmān, Merciful, compassionate (God).

a الما معم آهنا raḥm āshnā, A friend to mercy, merciful.

a رحماني raḥmānī, Divine.

a رحم بند raḥim-band, A pessary (med.).

rahmat, A gift of the divine mercy; rain, a woman's name; pity, compassion, commiseration; pardon, forgiveness ;- rahmat afshandan (awardan, burdan, kardan) bar, To pity, commiserate; - rahmatu 'l-lah 'alai-hi, The mercy of God (be) upon him ;-ba-raḥmati khudā raftan, To die; - khudā rahmat-ash kunad, May God have mercy upon him, Requiescat in pace.

י ואיב זאל roḥmat-ābād, Name of a town

in Gilan.

a مم دل rahm-dil, Tender-hearted, merciful, compassionate.

م رحمن ruḥmān (for رحمن), Merciful.

rahw (v.n.), Building (a mill); turning (a mill); coiling itself (a serpent). A رحل raḥú, A mill; a mill-stone.

ميب rahib, Wide, spacious (place); a glutton;—raḥību 's-sadr, Broad-chested.

رحيق 🛦 رحيق raḥīq, The best wine; pure, clear,

generous (wine); a kind of perfume.

ميل ميل raḥūl, A journey; departure; saddled (a camel); a strong camel fit for the road; -raḥīl āwardan (kardan), To depart.

a ميل کاه به raḥīl-gāh, A station or resting-

place on a journey.

A rahīm, Merciful, compassionate;

one of the names of God.

t, rakh, A sigh; grief, anguish, sorrow; disease; the sound of a musical instrument; a cleft, chink, notch, fissure; -rukh, A cheek; the face, countenance; a side, point, quarter; the rook or tower at chess; a knight-errant; a head-stall for a horse; a rhinoceros; name of a certain bird of mighty wing (perhaps the condor, but most probably fabulous); a beast resembling a camel, but very fierce; the skin of the throat of a certain water-fowl; a reed, rush, or flag whence mats are made; a crown formerly worn by the kings of Persia; -rukh āwardan (tāftan, kardan, nihādan) sū'i (andar, dar), To turn the face towards, to travel to, to make for; to come;—rukh dādan, To countenance;—rukh namādan, To look at, to see;—afrāzi rukh, The protuberant part of the cheek;—bar rukh angushti siyāhī kashīdan, To disgrace; to calumniate.

A to rakhkh (v.n.), Treading, trampling on; mixing wine with water; -- rukhkh, A soft herb; name of a fabulous bird (see preceding article); the eastle at chess; a quarter in Nishāpār.

م ملم rakhā', Affluence, the conveniences and pleasures of life;— $ru\underline{k}\underline{h}\underline{a}$, A gentle

breeze.

A رخاخ ra<u>kh</u>ākh, Soft, open ground; easy and comfortable life.

ی ra<u>kh</u>āṣat (v.n. of رخامهٔ م), Being low-priced, cheap; cheapness; being deli-

مخال م ri<u>kh</u>āl (pl. of ri<u>kh</u>l, ra<u>kh</u>il), Ewelambs.

a رغ الهي, rukh-allāhī, With divine cheeks. a رخام *ru<u>kh</u>ām*, Marble, alabaster;—*ru*khāmi safed, White marble.

م ارخم rakhāmat (v.n. of رخامة), Being

soft, gentle (speech).

a رخامی ru<u>kh</u>āmī, Anything made of marble; fine silken stuff interwoven with gold threads; a species of thorn.

rakhang, The country of Arracan.

A قارة rakhāwat, rukhāwat (v.n. of رخاوة), Being loose, soft, flabby.

رخبين rikhbin, rukhbin, Sour milk ; butter-milk, or anything dressed with it; a dish made of sour and fresh milk with flour; new cheese.

رضينة rukhbīna, Made from sour milk; turpentine.

ارخت ra<u>kh</u>t, Goods and chattels, apparatus; wearing apparel; traps; rich furniture, tapestry, housings, harness; a horse; a ray or beam of the sun or moon; sadness, grief; right, true; a meal for one man;—rakht az jihan burdan, To die;—rakht afgandan, To stop still; to be weak; -rakht bar-bastan (bastan), To set off upon a journey; to die; -rakht bar-chidan (bardashtan), To depart; -rakht bar sahra nihādan (ba-zīri zamīn kashīdan), Io die;rakht ba-şahrā kashīdan, To die;—rakhti khāna, Household furniture; — rakhti khwud-ra ba-dozakh kashidan, To die the death of a sinner; -rakht rekhtan (gushādan, nihādan) dar, To settle in a place :rakhti khwurshed u mah, The sun's rays, and the beams of the moon; -rakhti safar, Travelling outfit; -rakhti salāmī (salām 'alek). A dress put on when going to court; -rakhti 'arūs, Whatever the bride carries from her parents' to her husband's house; -rukhti ma'tam poshīdan, To dress in mourning; -rakht u matā', Articles pertaining to personal estate; -rakhti hasti, Reason, understanding; -rakhti hastī basaḥrā'i nīstī burdan, To deprive of life or reason.

رخت موز ra<u>kh</u>t-soz, Who burnt his chattels. رخت هور ra<u>kh</u>t-shūr, A washer-man or woman (m.c.).

منت هور خالا , ra<u>kh</u>t-shūr-<u>kh</u>ūna, Washhouse. laundry (m.c.).

رضت کش rakht-kash, A beast of burden; a traveller.

رخت كن rakht-kan, Place to undress, dressing-room in a public bath (m.c.).

ريت كاة rakht-gah, "Place of ruin."

ضت مال, rakht-mal. A kind of mangle for smoothing linen.

متم, rakhta, Wounded, sick, diseased.

رخج ra<u>kh</u>j, ra<u>kh</u>aj, Sordid, base, angry, bad-tempered;—ru<u>kh</u>j, Name of a place in Bust.

ران ژن $ru\underline{k}\underline{h}$ - $rub\overline{a}$, Name of a rapacious bird.

رخسار rukhsār, The cheek; the face, countenance.

واركار رخساركاي rukhsāragān (pl. of the following), Cheeks.

رخسارة ru<u>kh</u>sāra, Cheek, face, complexion, mien.

رخش rakhsh, Lightning; the rainbow; reflection of light; a mixture of red and white; a face marked with moles; a mottled or partridge-coloured horse; swift; a horse; name of the horse of the celebrated Rustam; happy, fortunate, prosperous; joyful; commencement; happiness, prosperity; [rakhshi bahār, Vernal breezes or clouds;]—rukhsh, A whitening beard; a ray of light, a flash; the sun.

رخشا بره به منظم منظم

رعشش *rukhshish*, A ray of light, a flash, shine, lustre.

رکشگر ra<u>kh</u>shgar, Oue who sings for hire with instruments.

رخشندگی ra<u>kh</u>shandagī, Flash, sbine, lustre.

رخشيدن rakhshīdan, To shine, flash; to boast.

م بخص rakhs, Soft, flexible;—rukhs (v.n.), Being cheap; lowness of price, cheapness.

A cash, rukhṣat, Leave, permission to retire; facility; cheapness; — rukhṣat ḥāṣilkardan, To allow;—rukhṣat khwāstan, To desire permission to depart;—rukhṣat dāshtan, To have permission;—rukhṣat dāshtan, To have permission;—rukhṣat shudan, To have leave to depart, to be dismissed;—rukhṣat farmūdan, To permit, allow, grant leave;—rukhṣat kardan, To dismiss, suffer to depart;—rukhṣat giriftan, To take leave; to have oneself authorised (m.c.).

م المعالم بين rukhṣatāna, A present made on

dismissing a person.

a رخصت الرمام , ru<u>kh</u>sal-farmā, Granting leave.

a رخمتى rukhṣatī, A thing given at parting.

A \leftarrow rakhf (v.n.), Being soft, thin; thin butter; a kind of dye.

of a four-fold string;—rukh-firoz, The seventh day of the month.

ra<u>kh</u>-gīra, A bracelet of gold or silver, as described in the preceding article.

رخل 🛦 رخل ri<u>kh</u>l, ra<u>kh</u>il, A ewe-lamb.

A منم, rakham, Thick milk; favour, affection, friendship; name of a place; also of a mountain-pass near Mecca; a carnivorous bird.

A محمة rakhamat, in P. rakhma, A bird like a vulture which feeds on carrion.

ture, notch (in a sword or knife), hole, crack, chink; a loop-hole; window; [rakk-na dar dīwār āwardan, To quit a religious life (it is moreover construed with the verbs afgandan, bastan, ba-ham āmadan, zadan, kardan, and giriftan);—rakhna'i shamshīr, The stroke of a sword; according to others the edge of a sword;]—rukhna, Paper.

ر منه دار rakhna-dār, Notched, cracked. وناي rakhna-zada zabān, Cursed by all.

مخو من rakhw, rikhw, rukhw, Soft, loose, relaxed.

A مُنهِ rikhwat (v.n. of رخو), Being loose, soft, flabby.

a رخوت $ru\underline{k}h\bar{u}t$ (A. pl. of P. $ra\underline{k}ht$), Clothes, &c. (See رخت).)

رخوکر ra<u>kh</u>ūgar, A darner, stitcher of counterpoint. (See

ر ميدي rakhīdan, To pant, puff, breathe

ara.

ميم, rakhīṣ, Soft (garment); low-priced, cheap, reasonable.

م مخم rakhim, Easy, gentle (language); softly-spoken (girl).

م رخيمه rakhīmat, Soft and gentle-spoken (girl).

رخين rakhīn, A goad; whey; a churn.

rakhīna, Resin of the pine-tree.

sophic; bold, strong, brave; a high priest

of the Magi.

A 3 radd (v.n.), Driving, casting, bringing or sending back; repulse, rejection; refutation; repeal, abrogation; anything bad, worthless, refuse;—raddi pā, A footprint (m.c.);—raddi jawāb, A reply, rejoinder;—radd ādan, To repulse; to send away; raddi salām, The return of a salutation;—radd shudan, To depart, go off, go away (m.c.);—radd kardan, To return; to resist, repulse; to cancel, erase, rescind;—raddi kalām, Refutation, reply.

A da, ridā', A cloak or mantle;—ridā'i

nil (met.), Night.

A sals, radā'āt (v.n. of "ls,), Being naught, bad, worthless; badness, worthlessness; depravity.

A clo, radāḥ, Large-hipped (woman); a large dish; a slow-marching encumbered

army.

လုပ်၁, radān (pl. of rad), Expert, knowing, wise.

م الله raddat, Deformity (in which there is some trace of beauty);—riddat, Repelling; apostacy; abundance of milk before giving birth.

plastering the walls of a house;—radah, A long space of time;—radah (pl. of cl.), q.v.), Heavy-hipped women; large dishes; serious disturbances, seditions.

a قائ رد ردود = radd-zada, A reprobate (= وردود q.v.).

A ردمن rads (v.n.), Hitting with a stone; battering a wall; crushing, pounding small; levelling ground; going away with, carrying off.

א בי, rad' (v.n.), Driving away; prohibiting, hindering; marks of blood, saffron,

or ointment upon the body.

radf (v.n.), Coming after; succeeding;—ridf, Any person mounted behind another; anything following or placed behind another; who sits at the right hand of the king, eats and drinks with him, follows him to war, &c., his henchman; name of a star in the breast of the Swan; (in poetry one of the infirm letters 1, 1, or 5, when immediately preceding

the rawi, or final letter of the rhyme; the buttocks of a horse.

ردكا, radkā (in Zand and Pazand),

Straight; true.

(a gap); bolting (a door); mending, patching (a garment); any wall or barrier (particularly that between Gog and Magog); part of a wall tumbled down; a worthless fellow; breaking wind.

ne over another (merchandize or household utensils); twisting together; the noise of arms clashing against each other; —rudn, A gusset, or the arm-hole of a sleeve;—radan, Spun silk; a child's caul.

رد جو, radan-jo, A moth.

sty, rada, A line, rule, series, a row of stones, course of bricks; a threshing instrument.

a ردى radī, Corrupt, perishing, ruinous; wicked, depraved;—raddī, Rejected; re-

jected things.

مرفيك radīf, One who rides behind another on the same horse; following one another in a row (m.c.); auxiliary forces (m.c.); a star near the Eagle; a star which rises when the one opposite sets; (in prosody) a word following the rhyme;—radīf saraṭān, The sign Leo;—radīf guzāshtan, To range, to place in order (m.c.).

א כבק radim, Worn, torn, or mended

(garment).

and base, baseness, meanness; avarice; ruzālat (also ruzāl), The worst left after the best is taken; refuse.

worthless things.

م رائل razl (v.n.), Despising, discarding; rendering vile and despicable; mean, base.

ردم xazm (v.n.), Flowing, overflowing (any vessel); being full to the brim.

A دُومِ, razūm, Flowing, fluid; brimful.

A رُحيل razīl, Mean, vile, worthless, ig-

noble.

A مُدِيلَة razīlat, A mean, worthless thing; vileness, worthlessness (the opp. of fazī-

vileness, worthlessness (the opp. of fazilat).

1) rarā (in Zand and Pāzand), The ear.

j, raz, A vineyard; a vine; a grape; a deadly poison; a dyer; colour; a battle; a castle;—riz, Scatter thou! (for rez, imp.

of rekhtan); scattering (in comp.).

A j, razz (v.n.), Thrusting her tail into the ground to deposit her eggs (a locust); fixing anything in the ground; making an iron eye to a door to receive a bolt;—ruzz, Rice;—ruz' (v.n.), Overtaking (as misfortune), injuring, impairing, diminishing (a man's substance); misfortune, calamity.

A jij razzāz, A seller of rice (ruzz).

A j; razzāq, Dispenser, disposer of; an attribute of God, as the provider of the

necessaries of life, the giver of daily bread; providence.

a رزاتي razāqī, Wine.

رزم rizām (v.n. 3 of رزم), Doing one thing immediately after another, as eating hastily mouthfuls of different kinds of victuals; name of the father of a tribe;rusām (v.n. of زرم), Being unable to rise or move (a camel).

رزان razān (pl. of raz), Vines;—rizān (for rezān, pres. part. of rekhtan), Scatter-

A كان razānat (v.n. of من , Being heavy (in weight); being grave, modest, sedate; firmness, strength.

A lij razāyā (pl. of razi'at), Afflictions,

misfortunes.

▲ →), razb (v.n.), Firmly adhering, without moving; keeping, preserving.

رز بادراد raz bādrād (?), Sphere of the

planet Mars.

رزبان razbān, The dresser of a vineyard; a gardener (said to have given origin to the A. رضوان q.v.).

رزير raz-bur, A vine pruning-hook.

A τις τατή (v.n.), Spearing through; falling down from weakness (a camel).

الان razd, A glutton.

a رزدی razdaq. A row, a line.

i), razda, Tired, knocked up; hindered. رز روك raz-rūd, Name of a river in Transorania.

رزلين q.v., of which it is, perhaps, a misreading, or vice verså.

رزق A رزق razq (v.n.), Bestowing what is necessary for the support of life; -rizq, Riches, good fortune, acquired wealth, support, daily bread; a pension; rain.

رزته 🛦 رزته razqat, One gift, pension, or allow-

ance; a single ration.

a رزق جو rizq-jo, Seeker of a livelihood, of wealth.

زم, razm, War, battle, combat; a chump, a log for cooking; -rasm kardan, To fight; -razam (from razīdan), I stain.

رزم A رزم razm (v.n.), Drawing together (a sack); packing; a camel unable to rise from weakness; -ruzam, Standing firm or the ground; a lion.

ווים וווף razm-ārā, Adorning the battle-

field, an accomplished warrior.

رَم أَرْم أ like.

زم الكن razm-afgan, A combatant.

A من razmat, rizmat, A bundle of clothes; a parcel.

رزم جو razm-jo (خواة), Enger for battle or war.

ديدة razm-dīda, Experienced in war-

נים נים, ruzm-zan, A slayer iu battle; a warrior, combatant.

رزم ساز razm-sāz, Intent on combat; putting in battle array.

زم کار razm-kar, War, warfare.

رزم کای raum-gāh (مع gah), A battle-field. razm-gir, Name of the fifteenth of the month.

زم يوز razm-yūz, Seeking war, pugnacious. A ej, razn (v.n.), Balancing anything in the hand to try its weight; high ground where water can stagnate; - risn, A margin, side, border.

נאס, razanda, A stainer, a dyer.

رزنین riznīn, A bolt, a key (see رزنین). (روای) razwān, The keeper of a vineyard; sphere of the planet Venus. (See (1)).)

3), raza, A stretched line over which clothes are bung; nightshade; a ring or staple.

A &; razīyat, Affliction, calamity.

ويدي), razīdan, To dye, tinge, colour.

زيدة, razīda, Stained, dyed.

A 123, razīz, A dyeing herb.

A בּבֹּה, razīm, The roaring of a lion.
A (נָנַה) razīn, Modest, grave, patient; firm, solid, strong; weighty; -rā'i razīn, A weighty counsel.

A مريعة razī'at, Affliction, misfortune, dis-

aster.

razk, Indignation, rage. chiding (doubtful).

υή razhad, Voracious, devouring (see

razham, War, battle.

83) razha, A stretched rope on which they hang clothes to dry; a mason's rule; edging, border.

رس ras, (in comp. from rasidan) Arriving; happening; touching; ripe; a vine; a glutton; a corrupter, destroyer, mischiefmaker; a rope, cable; a necklace; a neckcloth; smelted ore; hard, firm, strong; (for aras) the river Araxes; -ris (imp. of ristan), Spin thou; -rus, A glutton; hard, firm, steady; yellow-bodied (man); a uecklace.

رس A رس rass (v.n.), Digging (a well or grave); the beginning of anything; first attack or symptom (of a fever or love); burying; hiding, secreting; making peace, reconciling; a well constructed with stones; name of a certain well in which the people of samud imprisoned one of their prophets until he died; -aṣḥābi (ahli) rass, Name given to these people.

رسا rasā, Arriving, attaining; quick of apprehension, skilful, capable, clever;

much, many.

A All, rasalat, risalat, A mission, legation; the gift of prophecy; the office of a prophet; a letter, a treatise; -risālat, risāla, A troop of horse.

a أرسالت بناة risālat-panāh, The asylum of the prophetic office ;—hazrati risālat-panāh. His Holiness the refuge of prophecy (Muhammad).

a سالت ماب risālat-ma'āb, Seat or depository of prophecy (Muhammad).

a its all, risala-dar, The commander of

a risala, or body of horse.

a رسالة دارى risāla-dārī, Command of a troop.

مام rassām, A designer, describer, delineator; name of an armourer and ironsmith who made Sikandar's mirror; also of a painter of Bahram Gor.

رسان, rasan, (in comp.) Bringing; producing ; salāmi salāmat-rasān, A saluta-

tion, wishing health.

رساندن rasāndan, = رساندن q.v.;—chīze ba-chize rasandan, To follow up one thing by another, to bring or produce in succession.

ماك, rasāna, Grief, regret, lamentation.

رماليدن rasānīdan, To cause to arrive; to bring to bear; to convey, carry and deliver; to pay; to vouchsafe, to grant (m.c.); -rasānīdan khwud-rā, To betake oneself to (m.c.).

rasāyid, rasāyad, Dross of iron.

رساكل م rasā'il (pl. of risālat, rasālat), Epistles, missives; messages; treatises.

رسائی, rasa'ī, Access, entrance; wisdom, quickness of apprehension, cleverness, skill, talent, ability; propriety, fitness, perfection.

raspāndant, Respondent, an-

swering to a suit of law.

rast, He escaped; liberty; one who has the victory over his passions; free, secure; firm, steady; a row, rank; a portico, gallery, verandah; the ground; -rust, He grew; growth, increase; victory, superiority; ground; a sort of hard ground; hearty, courageous; solid, not hollow; strengthened, firmly bound; strong, firm.

رستا rustā (for روستا q.v.), A market-place,

rastā-khez, Day of the resurrection; tumult (construed with bar-amadan and bar-angekhtan).

rastād, A stipend, a salary.

رستار rastār, Safety, deliverance; liberated, set free, safe; benevolent; -rustār,

A countryman, peasant, villager.

a رستاق rustāq, rastāq, A village, markettown, encampment of tents or huts; a villager; the commander of a file of men, a corporal.

rastāk, A young shoot, sapling.

rustānīdan, To cause to grow.

رستای $rust\bar{a}y$, = رستای q.v.

rastakhez, The day of resurrection ;

-rustakhez, Newly sprung up.

rustak (dim. of rustā), A small market-place, &c. (unsupported by examples)

رستگار, rastagār, Safe, free, escaped; boun-

سعگاری, rastagūrī, Safety, escape; salva-

tion; bounty; -rastagāri dādan, To liberate, to redeem (in literal and mystical sense).

رستگان, rastagān (pl. of rasta), Free, es-

caped.

rustam, Rustam the son of Zal, the most renowned hero among the Persians; also called rustami dastān, rustami zūl, rustami zāl zar, rustami sagzī;—rustami yakdast, Name of a hero born one-handed.

rustam-ābād, Name of a place; יביק אנט rustam-barf, An immense snow man of terrible aspect.

rustam-dar, Name of a province in Mazandaran.

rustam-dastan. The celebrated hero Rustam; one who takes precedency

a رستم ركاب rustam-rikab, Brave, valiant. a رستم رکابی, rustam-rikābī, Bravery, valour, knightliness.

a وستم عنان rustam-inān, Brave, valiant. rustamūn, An assembled multitude.

rustamī, Valour, heroism.

rustamīn, Grass just springing up. رستن rastan. To be liberated, to escape; to let go; -ristan, To spin; to buzz; rustan, To grow, come forth, appear; to cause to grow; — bar-rustan, = rustan; hence bar-rusta, A plant without stalk; a rustic. (Seo جر رسته.) ستنی rustanī, What grows; a vegetable;

the time when, or the place where, any-

thing grows.

rasta, Delivered, rescued, saved; escaped, free; a row, a line of merchants' warehouses; also a market, with regular ranges of shops, full of goods; rule, institute, custom, manner, fashion; pure without and within; — rista, Spun; rusta, Grown; whatever increases in size; a kind of sweetmeat; a market town;rusta'i khāk, All existing things.

سته کار, rastagār, Liberated, escaped; rastagār farmūdan (namūdan), To liberate,

act free (m.c.).

rastagārī, Escape; remission of sins.

rustahm, Rustam, the Persian Hercales.

رستى rastī, Escape, deliverance;—rustī, Daily bread, maintenance, allowance; undressed meat; sweetmeats; bravery, courage, firmness, vigour; victory, superiority; rest, repose, leisure.

رسخ raskh, Transmigration of the soul of

a man into a plant or tree.

rasad, A store of grain laid in for an army, a supply of provisions; a share; worthy of; arriving; entering into.

a رسداق rusdāq, رسداق rusdaq, A habitation in a village or encampment of huts; the commander of a file of men.

رسدى rasadī, Grain; a moiety.

rasish, Approach, arrival; accident, occurrence.

مع rasa' (v.n.), Having a complaint in the eye-lid, whereby the lashes appear as if glued together; a complaint in the eye-

A to, rvsugh, rusgh, The slender part which in quadrupeds extends from the fetlock-joint to the hoof; the pastern; the wrist (in man); -rusghi pā, The instep.

A سف، rasf, رسف، rasafān (v.n. of رسف), Walking as if in fetters.

risk, Nits (see رهك , of which it is

probably a misreading).

A Joy rasl (v.n.), Having the hair hanging down; loose, flowing (hair); going softly and gently; a gentle pace; easypaced (camel);—risl, Ease, convenience; gentleness; -rasal, A herd of camels; a flock of sheep; -rusul (pl. of rasūl), Messengers, ambassadors; apostles, angels; rusuli rasā'il, Epistolatory correspondence.

رسلام م rusalā', (pl. of rasīl), Those who send, or are sent; also those to whom

sent.

A , rasm, Marking out, drawing, writing; a law, canon, rule, regulation, precept, habit, custom, mode, manner, usage (construed with the verbs āwardan, baruftadan, bar-afgandan, bar jay dashtan, barkhāstan, bar-dāshtan, burdan, pukhta kardan, dāshtan, dawīdan, zidūdan, shikastan, giriftan, nihādan, &c.); a mark, a scar; obliterating the vestiges of a house (rain); a game among children, one proposing a question to another, the reply to which must not contain any of the three letters composing the word, under penalty for the forfeiter of imitating the voice of any animal named by the questioner; stipend, salary; rank, quality (m.c.); a waiting servant ;-rasmu'l-khat, Orthography, prescribed form of writing; -rasmu 'l-muhr, Fee of the Keeper of the Seal for signing a diploma, &c.; -rasmi qismat, The right of a judge to decide the partition of an inheritance.

a رسما rasman, Officially (m.c.).

rismān (for rīsmān), A thread.

رسمو rasmū, A bee.

a رسمى rasmī, Belonging to writing, or designing; ritual; usual, customary; middling, second sort; destined for the king's use; official; a pensioner; a domestic; one hired by the day, month, or year; -wawi rasmī, Quiescent or silent, i.e. when writ-خواستن ten and scarcely pronounced, as in khwastan, To be willing.

مسيات rasmīyāt, Rules, usages.

nasn (v.n.), Tying with a rope; haltering;—rasan, A halter; a rope, string, cord, thread; -rasan bar-zadan, To trace out by the (mason's) line;—rasan tābīdan

(taftan), To meditate one's death or destruction; — rasan dar gardan āmadan (met.), To be utterly weak and helpless; —rasan sust kardan, To give an opportunity;—rasani kishtī, A hawser;—rasani langar, A ship's cable; -khalī'u 'r-rasan, Wild, lawless, dissolute.

a رسباز rasam-būz, A tumbler, rope-dancer. a مسته rasan-basta, Bound with ropes. a رسن پيچ rasan-pech, The pulley of a wellrope.

رسنگر ,rasan-tāb, رسن تاب rasangar, A rope-maker.

رسنوال rasnawād (in Zand), A spear, lance.

a بين ور rasan-war, Supplied with a rope. rasw, rasūw (v.n.), Being firm,

immovable; standing fast.

ruswā, رسواي ruswāy, Dishonoured, disgraced, infamous, ignominious; humiliated; open, notorious; accused; one held up to public view, as an example to deter; -ruswā shudan (gashtan), To become disgraced; -rusway kardın, To disgrace.

ruswā'ī, Ignominy, dishonour. תיקי rasūb, Sharp, piercing (sword);
-rusūb (v.n. of הייש), Sinking to the bottom (in water); sinking in the socket (eye); sediment;—rusūbi baul (būl), Sediment of urine.

a رسوبي rasūbī, Sedimentary; a precipitate.

موخ ۸ مون rusū<u>kh</u> (v.n. of رسخ), Being firm, solid, constant; becoming dry (pond); sinking into the ground (rain); stability, constancy;—sāḥib rusūkh, Endued with fortitude,

ירענוש raswarān (for sarwi rawān), A cypress; moving gracefully like a cypress (epithet of a mistress).

رسول A رسول, Seut; an ambassador, legate; a missionary, apostle, prophet;ar-rasul, Muhammad; the angel Gabriel.

a رسول دار مرور مار rasūl-dār, An official at the ancient Persian court, attending on ambassadors, &c., like the Mihmändär of the present time.

a رسولى rasūlī, A mission.

ת יפק בי rusūm (pl. of rasm), Vestiges, traces; written laws, canons, customs; ceremonial (m.c.); dues, taxes, fees; diagrams;—rusūmi sazāwālī, A free gift to a sazāwāl for his support; -rusūmi 'urfīya, Custom, tribute exacted by a lord of a manor.

a رسوم دار rusūm-dār, One who holds a particular perquisite.

.v. رسش = ,rasi رسی

رسي A رسي rasīy, rasī, Constant, immovable (either in good or evil).

رسيد rasīd, He arrived; a youth; an acknowledgment of arrival or receiving; a receipt.

رسيدگي rasīdagī, Arrival at maturity, pu-

berty, or perfection; ripeness; the attainment of an end or object; -rasidagi namūdan, To attend, to take care of (m.c.).

rasīdan, To arrive, attain; to be accomplished, perfected, finished; to ripen, mature, mellow; to be cooked; to rub, cut, or chafe; to lie with a woman; [rasidani pul, Remittance of money, payment received ;-rasīdani khabari mauti shāh-zāda ba-shāh, The arrival of the news of the death of the prince to the king; -- and arrasidan, To fancy, to imagine, to opine; -ba-dādam bi-ras, Give me justice (m.c.); -bar-rasidan, = rasidan; -ba-ham rasidan, To come to hand; to meet (m.c.); tā chi rasad, Much more; still less (m.c.); -dar rasidan, To arrive; to fall in with; to obtain:]-risidan. To spin.

رسيدة rasida, Arrived; mature, ripe; of

rasis, The beginning of love, of a fever, &c.; anything firm or solid; intelligent, sensible, sbrewd.

ميل م rasil, One who sends or is sent; a letter, news, message; one who returns the arrow when shooting or throwing.

ميلة , rasilat, A letter; a treatise.

رسيم rasīm (v.n. of رسيم), Leaving marks on the ground.

رسي rasin (in Zand and Pazand), A

رش rash, Uneven, billy ground; a cubit; a fathom; quicksilver; a kind of rich silken stuff; a sort of dark-coloured date; a species of fig; the semblance of water floating over a plain; the eleventh day of the Persian month (unpropitious for travelling); name of the angel which presides over that day :- rish (for rish), The beard; a wound; -rush, An angry roll of the eye.

rashsh (v.n.), Sprinkling with a little water; aspersion; flowing sofely, trickling (water, blood, or tears); a gentle

rashā', A fawn;—rishā', A rope; one of the mansions of the moon (the 28th).

رهاد م rashād (v.n. of رهاد), Pursuing a straight course; the right road, the road to salvation; -rashādi jobali, Moon-wort; -habbu 'r-rashad, Cresses, or the seed ;ashābi rashād, The faithful.

A رهادة rashādat, Justice; exercise of authority; severity tempered with clemency; rectitude of conduct; firmness; bravery; -nishāni jalūdat u rashādat, Decoration for distinguished military service (m.c.).

ماش rashūsh, ماش rashūsha, A few rain-drops, a light shower; a trickling of blood or tears.

rashāqat, A being of an elegant راهاتة

shap.

rasht, Very dry, friable, crumbling رهمت to pieces; earth, dust; sweepings; lime; a wall ready to fall; name of a city in Gilan (indicating the date of its foundation: j = 200, $\omega = 300$, $\omega = 400$, total, 900 a.H.); - risht, Nature, disposition; spinning; -rusht, Bright, lucid, glittering; old and ruinous, threatening to fall; anything beginning to perish from age; name of a famous alchymist.

rashtāk, A shoot, a sapling.

rishtak, Filaria medinensis (see

rishtan, To spin, to twist ;—rushtan,

To colour, dye.

rishta, Thread, line, rope; a measurement of land; a fringe, lace; a row. file, train; the Dracunculus or Guineaworm (Filaria medinensis), a disease common to the inhabitants of Lar; relationship, connection, kin; a kind of sweetmeat; slices of paste put amongst soup, &c., a kind of macaroni; a drawn figure or picture; [rishta'i almās, A steel wire; -rishta bū (bar) angusht bastan, rishta ba-chīze bastan, To tie a string round the finger in order to remember a thing; -rishta'i baran, Rain falling in an unbroken stream; - rishta'i tāk, A vine-tendril; - rishta'i tah, A thread twisted by a virgin with the left hand, on which spells are read, and which is tied as a charm round the neck of one in a fever; -rishta'i jān dū-tā dāshtan, To be in great danger; to be captive; to he in love;—rishta'i khāk, Man and other animals; - rishta'i khaţā'ī, A kind of pasto ارماهیچه lozenges eaten in soup (see إماهیچه); rishta'i daraz dadan (kardan), To give a long line, i.e. to afford opportunity; -rishta'i durri samīn rekhtan, To scatter priceless pearls;—rishta dar dasti khwāb u khwār dāshtan, To do nothing but to sleep and feed; -rishta'i dandan, A row of teeth; rishta'i sar dar. A thread without end; rishta zadan, To measure land with a line; to equalize; — rishta'i sham', A wick;— rishta'i subh, The false dawn;—rishta'i 'umr, A thread in which annually a knot is made whereby the number of the passed years of a man's life is known; -rishta'i firangi, Macaroni; vermicelli;—rishta'i qa $t\bar{a}$ 'if, A kind of sweetmeat; -rishta'i $zah\bar{a}k$, Rain; a long space of time; -righta'i maryam, An infinitely thin thread said to have been spun by the Virgin Mary; -rishta'i niganda, Thread for sewing counterpanes; -ba-rishta kardan, dar rishta kashīdan, To string together, to bring into order; -basari rishta raftan, To return to the object of one's speech;]—rushta, Coloured, dyed.

rishta'i-ārd-burī (the cutting of flour-threads), Manufactory of maca-

roni and vermicelli (m.c.).

رهته دار, rishta-dar, A dependant, relation. rishta-kash, Drawing thread ; re- رهته کش ducing to order.

رهته وار rishta-wār, Of the measure of one rishta.

rashtī, Sweepings of dust, dirt, or rubbish; meanness; humility; a sweeper; a besom; of the town of Rasht.

A cash, rashh (v.n.), Sweating; distilling, trickling, dropping; sprinkling, moistening; giving, bestowing.

A das, rashhat, A dropping, dripping,

distilling; sweat.

A אי, rushd (v.n.), Following the right way, being guided in the proper path; rectitude; orthodoxy; the way of salvation; —sinni rushd, The age of discretion.

A has, rashf (v.n.), Sipping, sucking; a drop, sip;—rashaf, A remainder of water in a cistern, sucked up by a horse or camel.

rashq (v.n.), Shooting (with an arrow);—rashq, rishq, The sound made by a pen in scribbling;—rishq, Archery; a certain mode of shooting;—rashaq, Rapidly shooting (a bow).

رهك rashk, Envy, jealousy; pride, haughtiness, self-admiration; jealous; nits; [rashk burdan (khwurdan), To envy, be jealous;—bī rashk, A contented euckold (see also مان);]—rishk, Nits; erect, upright; a man with a large beard; dirt, filth, pus, matter;—rushk, A scorpion.

رهك أرر rashk-āwar (مك كرر), khwar), Jealous. كش rashk-kush, Who dies with envy. رهك متعالم rashkin, Jealous, envious; proud.

مكناك, rashknāk, Jealous, envious; rashknāk, rishknāk, Full of nits or eggs of lice, nitty.

رهكين rashkīn, Jealous; St. Anthony's fire.

A مشم rashm (v.n.), Writing; sealing the wheat in a granary with the engraved wooden block rausham (see روشم);—rasham, The first sprouting of a plant above the earth; whetting the appetite by smelling the flavour of meat; marks of rain on the ground.

rashmez, A worm that destroys wood.

رهن rashn, Name of the eighteenth day of the Persian month; name of an angel; a little hill; a bite, a sting.

A رخس rashn (v.n.), Coming uninvited to a feast; thrusting his muzzle into a pot (a dog).

مدواك, rashnawād, rashnawād, Name of the commander of the armies of Humāy, daughter of Bahman.

rashni, A sweeper of the streets.

مُوعًة, rashwat, rishwat, rushwat, A gift for corrupting a judge, bribery, simony;—rishwat khwurdan (sitandan, giriftan), To take a bribe;—rishwat dadan, To bribe.

a معرب عور rishwat-<u>kh</u>wur, A taker of

bribes.

a موتى, rishwatī, One who accepts bribes.

a رهوه خواري rushwa-khwārī, Bribe-eating, i.e. corrupt, corruptible.

مكل م rachá (pl. of rashat), Certain

plants.

مره rashih, Sweat; name of a plant.

A مهم rashid, A director, conductor, guide; orthodox; brave, courageous (m.c.); one of the names of God.

ימבגט, rashīdan, To pour out, spill, shed. רבינה rashīda, Fringe of a turban-sash.

A בינה rashīdāyat, Nume of a sect.

رهيندة دام هشينان rashīnda'i dām hashīnān, The filth of the two sides, i.e. urine and excrement (where according to the commentators rashīnda has the meaning of "dirt," dām of "two," and hashīn of "side, direction."

مرفيف rashīf, A sipping, a sucking.

A معنى, rashīq, Of an elegant stature or form.

مينه, rashīna, Resin.

A ϕ_1 rass (v.n.), Cementing, gluing, cramping, joining; placing her eggs in order with her beak (a hen).

ماد م rassād, An astronomer; a mathe-

matician; au observatory.

A مام raṣāṣ, vulg. riṣāṣ, Lead; tin. (See and and مام);—raṣṣāṣ, A seller of tin or lead.

A مانة, raṣanat, A being strong, firm, fixed; solidity.

raṣāb, The space between the fore and middle fingers.

مد , raşad, raşad (v.n.), Watching (the road or the stars); -raşad, A road-watcher; little (corn or rain).

a مد بند rasad-band, A fixer of astrononomical tables.

a منائع مد rasad-khāna, An observatory.

رصد کای raşad-gāh, An observatory; a king's court; the receipt of custom, the office where the cultivators pay their rents;—raṣad-gāhi dahr, The world;—raṣad-gāhi khākī, The world; the human body.

a رمد ور , raṣad-nishīn, رمد ور raṣad-war,

An astronomer.

مع مرجع ras' (v.n.), Striking with the hand; adhering to anything (perfumes).

n ملم, rasf (v.n.), Joining together stones in pavements, or the feet in prayer; agreeing, being suitable;—rasaf, Stones laid upon and adhering to others.

مع مع raşn (v.n.), Performing, finishing; reproaching; acquiring any difficult know-

ledge.

A مصم raṣīd, (A dog or heast) lying in wait; watching, observing.

ميف raṣif, Solid (business); firm.

A out, rasin, Firm, solid, fixed, fortified; benevolent, attentive to the necessities of a friend; sorrowful, grieved.

bruising, breaking in pieces; dates stoned and macerated in milk.

من rizā', rizā (v.n. 3 of رفى), Endeavouring to please, contending who shall please most; consent, agreement, acquiescence; leave; a proper name;—rizā dādan, To assent, to acquiesce; -rizā'i khudā, To please God, for God's sake (m.c).

ماب ruzāb, Saliva, spittle sucked with the lips; a particle of musk, snow, hail, &c.; a dew-drop; the froth of honey.

a رما جرى, rizā-joy, Who strives to please. a رضا جولى riṣā-jo'ī, An effort to please.

nuzāz, A fragment broken off.

ماع A جنة , razā', rizā', delo, razā'at (v.n. of

ريع), Sucking (the mother).

a ماعى, razā'i, Sucking; foster- (in comp., as barādari rizā'ī, A foster-bro-

a مامند, rizāmand, Consenting, permitting.

a مامندي, rizāmandī, Consent, permission; favour; satisfaction, pleasure, enjoyment (m.c.).

ماية بر rizāyat, Satisfaction, approbation ;

consent, free-will (m.c.).

رمائي, razā'ī, A cover for the head in winter.

A way, razb (v.n.), Sucking (saliva) wantonly.

razh (v.n.), Breaking (pebbles or date-stones);—ruzh, Broken date-stones; bits of pounded substances.

razkh (v.n.), Bruising, crushing small stones; throwing stones at; giving

a small present.

A رضراض razrāz, Gravel, pebbles; also a road paved with them; fleshy, corpulent (man); the buttocks of a horse shaking with fat; small rain.

مف razf (v.n.), Burning, branding, roasting, or boiling with a hot stone; a hot stone thrown into milk, in order to

روفى rizwān, ruzwān (v.n. of روفى), Accepting, acquiescing; being pleased, gratified; -rizwān, A blessing, benediction; paradise; name of the porter or gardener of paradise.

a دوان کده, rizwān-kada, The heaven of amber.

a رموالي rizwānī, Belonging to Paradise.

مورل ۸ razwá, Name of a mountain near Madinah.

می raṣī, Content, pleased.

ميش م razīz, Broken (into coarse lumps). منع م raẓī', An infant, a suckling.

a مين razīya, Laudable; a praiseworthy

nath (v.n.), Feeding (a horse) on fresh clover; fresh, tender, moist; [rathu 'l-lisan, Moist of tongue, i.e. eloquent, melodious;]-rutb, rutub, Green herbage or trees; -rulab, A ripe date; -rulab chidan, To pluck ripe dates; -ruţabi nosh dadan, To present the cup with delight and pleasure, to give a gay drinking-bout.

مال م ragl, Soft, gentle; relaxed in the ioints; a slender youth near the age of puberty; one whose bones are not strong; -ratl, ritl, Half a maund (see رامس);-ritl, A cup of wine :- ritli giran, A large cupful of wine, a humper.

رطل زن ratl-zan, A weigher of provisions. رطل كشأن ritl-kashān, Presenting the bowl

with delight and pleasure.

raim (v.n.), Throwing (into any business), inextricably; throwing into the

رطب rutūb (v.n. of رطب), Giving (a horse) fresh clover to eat; damp, wet,

moist (m.c.).

A dist, rutubat (v.n. of +1), Being moist, soft, fresh, tender; moisture, juiciness; -rutūbati lauzi 'l-ma'da, Pancreatic juice; — rutūbati mishīma'i janīniya, Liquor amnii;—rutūbati ma'da, Gastric juice; rutūbati mafzalī, Synovia.

a رطوبت نا پلدير rutūbat-nā-pazīr, Water-

proof; impermeable.

مارم , ratūm, Mad, foolish, crazy; a woman with a large vulva.

رطينا, raţīnā, A medicament for the eyes. A sle, ri'ā' or ru'ā' (pl. of rā'ī), Shep-

herds; guardians. A & ru'at (pl. of ra'i), Shepherds;

keepers.

A அம், ri'āṣ (pl. of ra'sat), Ear-rings. ماع ماع ماع ra'ā', Upstart; worthless fellows.

ارعف ru'af (v.n. of ماك,), Emitting blood from the nose; hemorrhage.

אַשְׁבּ, ra'āyā (pl. of ra'īyat), Herds; subjects, especially non-Muhammadans of a Muhammadan ruler; peasants, ryots, cultivators (also used as a singular).

رعاه م ri'āyat (v.n. of رعاه , Ruling, governing; observance; respect, honour; kind treatment; favour; patronage. ri āyat farmūdan, To observe; -ri āyat kardan, To honour, revere, cultivate, pay attention to, take care of, guard, regulate; to observe, fulfil; to give a present to an inferior.

A de, ri'ayatan, In honour of, from regard to.

a عايتي, ri'āyatī, A favoured person.

'b, ru'ub, Fear, terror, trepidation; rub, ruub, frightening.

عبان, rabān, Name of a city on the

Euphrates.

ra's, ra'as, A woollen tassel suspended from a camel litter.

A ze, ra'j (v.n.), Troubling, rendering restless, disturbing; flashing in quick succession.

A se, raid (v.n.), Thundering; thunder, or its presiding angel; striking with terror, fulminating; adorning oneself (a woman); being adorned; a fire-arm, gun, cannon (m.c.); name of a man, lover of a woman, called Rabab (see -b).

a باعد الدار ra'd-andāz, Ordnance; a can-

noneer.

ra'dat, ri'dat, A tremor, tremble, stiffness.

a عد وار ra'd-wār, Thunder-like.

a رعواع ra'rā', Pusillanimous ; a long reed or pen; a tall, well-made, handsome youth.

a's (v.n.), Trembling, shaking; scattering; walking slowly (from fatigue or weakness).

A clue, ra'asān, Shaking of the head with age.

A رعش ra'sh, ra'ash (v.n.), Trembling ;---

ra'ish, Tremulous, in a tremble.

a عشق ra'shat, ra'sha, ri'sha, A shaking, tremor; palsy (construed with the verbs uftādan, afgandan, andākhtan, bar-chīdan, kashidan, and giriftan).

a الع مشد ra'sha-dar, Tremulous; para-

lytic.

a عشمناك, ra'shanāk, Tremulous; aspen-

A عص, ra's (v.n.), Shaking, disturbing,

dragging, setting in motion.

A Lar, raif (v.n.), Bleeding at the nose; outstripping, winning a race; entering a door.

na'l (v.n.), Piercing through and through with a spear, or cutting with a sword; a promontory or projecting part of a mountain; garments (of a man); name of a place; part of a camel's or sheep's ear slit and hanging down;—ril, The male palm-tree; name of a tribe; $-ru^{i}l$, pl. of -

A alla, ra'la', A camel or sheep part of

whose slit ear hangs down.

عن ra'n (v.n.), Causing to languish with heat (the sun), giving the headache, rendering insensible; a sun-stroke; -

ra'an (v.n.), Relaxation, languor.

مناه ۸ رمناه ra'na', Beautiful, delicate, tender, lovely, amiable, admirable; moving gracefully, graceful; wanton; a foolish admirer of himself; free from care; the city of Basrah; a kind of grape; -ra'nā'i sāhib barbat (barbut), The planet Venus; -ghuncha'i ra'n \bar{a} , A tender bud;—guli ra'n \bar{a} , A beautiful rose.

a عنائي, ra'nā'ī, Graceful gait; beauty,

loveliness, grace.

ra'nā'ī-firosh, Trading in رعنائي فروش beauty, lovely, handsome; -ra'nā'ī firoshīni chaman, The most levely and fragrant flowers of the garden.

ב (בנ א ra'w, ri'w, ru'w, Care, attention; the avoidance of what is bad or foolish.

رعوة ra'wat, ri'wat (v.n. of رعوة), Abstaining from evil.

A בּיני, ru'ūd (pl. of ra'd), Thunders.

يونة م ru'nat (v.n. of رعن), Being re-

laxed and languid; languor, laxity; stupidity, foolishness; adorning oneself, decoration; pride, haughtiness.

معي ra'y (v.n.), Pasturing, feeding (as cattle); tending flocks; guarding; [ra'yu 'l-hammam, Valerian] - ri'y,

forage.

A مُمِكُ , ra'iyat, A herd of grazing camels; people, subjects; a subject (esp. non-Muhammadan of a Muhammadan ruler), peasant, plebeian, generally a husbandman and manufacturer; an under-tenant, tenant of the soil, renter, ryot; anything that requires to be taken care of :--hāmî'i ra'īyat, Protector of the subjects.

a رعيت برور ra'īyat-parwar, A nourisher

of his people.

عيت دار ra'iyat-dar, A governor, a

a رعيت داري ra'īyat-dārī, Government, ru'e; -- ra'iyat-dari kardan, To administer government.

a عيت نواز ra'īyat-nawāz, A cherisher of

his subjects.

a رعيت واري ra'īyatwārī, By individuals, individually; the ryotwary system.

a رعيتي ra'īyatī, Subjection; tenancy;

land farmed out, tenanted, and cultivated on the spot.

E rugh, Belching, eructation.

A ماه , rughā' (v.n. of رغو), Crying (as an infant); roaring, braying (as a camel, ostrich, hyena, &c.).

A باك, raghāb, Soft ground.

A الله , raghāl, A handmaid; a troop, a company; -abū righāl, Name of a man who served as a guide to Abrahah (see Aprahah)

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بغاوه raghāwa, The navel of the ox; the pupil of the eye (unsupported by exam-

مِعْلَى raghā'ib (pl. of raghībat), Things longed for; groat wealth; large presents; supererogatory acts of devotion.

A - b, raghb, rughb, raghab (v.n.), Want-

ing, wishing, desiring, longing for.

مِجْهُ raghbat (v.n. of جهر), Wishing, desiring, longing for, hankering after; desire, wish; preference; affection; favour, pleasure; sympathy, esteem.

من raghs, Pomegranate-flowers.

معد rughd, raghad (v.v.), Being easy and comfortable (life); ease, comfort of life; affluence.

رعزة. raghea, A kind of woollen cloth worn in Badakhshān and part of Kashmīr.

م بغس ۸ مرين ۴۵<u>gh</u>s (v.n.), Endowing plentifully with the gool things of this life, enriching (God); affluence, increase; riches, wealth; a benefit, boon, blessing.

A عف, raghf (v.n.), Forming into balls (paste or clay); giving (a camel) seeds and flour made up into flat cakes.

A Je, raght (v.n.), Sucking (as a kid the

dam); -rughl, The plant orage.

a thing contrary to the will of another; spite, antipathy, ill-will; disgust; abhorrence, contempt;—raghm-an, In spite of, against another's will, in scorn;—'alá raghmi-hi, Against his will.

ably to anything; eating and drinking freely; wishing eagerly, craving for; in-

clining, leaning to.

رطند raghand, Noise of beasts of prey. وعند raghnin, Breeches, leggings (see

رطنگ raghang, A side-glance; a squint. واران raghwān, Name of a mountain in Maghrib.

A by raghwat, A rock, a huge stone.

مُوتُ , raghūs, Giving suck, milch. مُوتُ , raghūa, A sparrow with a red head.

A \ raghib, Desired, esteemed; greedy, covetous.

مُعِيمُ naghībat, A thing desired; much wealth, a large present.

sy رغيدا raghīdā, Tares, darnel.

ميك raghīf, A thin round flat cake, paste, or wafer; a cracknel.

a رغيفي raghīfī, Belonging to a cake. رغين raghīn, Overalls, spatterdashes; fair.

o, raf, A sent, bench, or settle at a bouse-door; a moulding, tablet, or basement about four inches in height from the floor, serving as an ornament to a room, or as a shelf.

(a woman) with the edges of the lips; sucking, sipping; favouring, serving, doing good to; shining, flashing; expanding the wings; a flock, a herd; (in P. raf) a broad shelf on the upper part of the wall whereon valuables are laid (see preceding article).

ילום rifā' (v.n. of לול), Giving rest; conciliating; peace, concord, trunquillity;—bi 'r-rifā wa 'l-banīn, With concord and children (a form of congratulating a newly-married couple);—cib raffā', A mender, darner, fine-drawer.

ران م rufāt, Anything brokeu or pounded.

A subj rifādat, A bandage for dressing a wound; a stuffed saddle or cushion; goods brought by the Quraish for the benefit of the pilgrims to the Kabah.

مارك مراك rafārif (pl. of rafraf), Shelves, &c.

A إن rafā', Abundance of corn in a field; -rafā'. rifā', The carrying of the cut-down corn to the thrashing-floor, the bringing in of the harvest.

nafa'at (v.n. of رفع), Raising the voice; the quilting of the petticeats to give a prominence to the hips, a bustle;—ra-

fā'at, rufā'at, Elevation or loudness of voice;—rifā'at, A name of twenty-three companions of Muhammad.

rifāgh (pl. of rafgh), Level, soft

lands.

م مناعة برماعة rafāghat, Affluence, enjoyment of life.

A رفاق rifāq, A rope for tying a camel's leg above the knee; (pl. of rafqat) travelling companions.

رفق rafāqat (v.n. of رفاقة), Being com-

panions, fellow-travellers.

ناگر, rafagar, A fine-drawer.

رفان rafān, Saffron (perhaps misreading for A. ونان q.v.);—rafān, raffān, An intercessor.

باهيم rifāh, داهي rafāhat, واهيم rafāhīyat, Repose, quiet, tranquillity, content; afflu-

ence, enjoyment of life.

raft, He went; it passed, i.e. the thing is done, let us not say any more about it (m.c.); walk, travel, journey; [rafti sultān, The journey of the emperor;]—ruft, He swept.

ינטל, raftār, Gait, pace, (elegant) air in walking; walking, going, moving off; (for giriftār) a prisoner;—raftār kardan, To walk, to move on;—raftāri nā-hamwār, An inelegant walker, or way of walking; a shameful manner of proceeding.

raft-amad, Coming and going,

frequentation.

رنت آرری, raft-āwarī, = the preceding.

raft-guzasht, Past.

رنگي, raftagī, Departure; loss;—raftagī'i khūn, Loss of blood;—raftagī'i shinawā'ī, Loss of hearing.
نتی raftan, To walk, go, proceed. de-

ozi, raftan, To walk, go, proceed. depart, pass along, travel; to elapse, glide by; to arise, to go to do a thing; to lose one's senses; to die; to be extinguished; [raftan ba, To carry off, to bring; to marry (said of a woman, m.c.);—raftani kinā ba-hind (met.) The henna gets black;—raftani shikam, Diarrhœa;—az āb raftan, To dry up;—bāz (bāz pas) raftan, To retrace one's steps;—ba-ham dar-raftan, To be joined or knit together (as a net);—bai'at raftan, To become one's disciple;—dar jalau raftan, To walk along on foot with a horseman;]—ruftan, To sweep; to clean the teeth with a toothpick.

رفتن روب ruftan-rob, A broom, besom. رفتن روب, raftan-gāhi āb, An aqueduct.

raftani, What is to come to pass; one who is about to pass away, doomed to perish.

رفت و آمد $ruft\ u\ amad, = ماه و باری و بادی و آمد و آمد و بادی و آمد و بادی و آمد و آمد و آمد و بادی و آمد و آمد و آمد و بادی و آمد و$

raft-n-guzasht, Past.

رفته rafta, Gone, passed; defunct; mad; in love; a sling (to bind up a wounded arm, m.c.); [rafta-rafta, Step by step, by degrees, gradually, in process of time;]—rufta, Swept; sweepings.

راب و روب , ruft-u-ro, رابت و روب , ruft-u-rob, روت , rufta-rob, A besom; a sweeping.

raftiya, Export duties (opp. to ama-

diya, Import duties).

منه rafg (v.n.), Being obscene; ribal-

dry; coition.

رائد A nafd (v.n.), Making or tying on a rifadat (see soli); giving, presenting; helping, assisting :- rifd, A present, gift, favour; help, assistance;—rifd, rafd, A large cup.

رَّوراك An ostrich; the bird khā-

tifu zilli-hi, q.v. under _bk p. 440.

א לקט, rafraf, Fluttering (wings); the rapid motion of the waves; a broad shelf whereon are laid the costliest articles in a house; green cloth, of which carpets, &c. are made; a pillow, cushion, floor-cloth; any superabundant part hanging down or folded up; the lower flaps of a tent; the sides of a coat of mail with the skirts depending from them; anything fixed to the helmet and falling down over the back; a sea-fish; a kind of tree growing in Yaman; the abode of Israfil.

منس A رئس rafe (v.n.), Striking or shaking

(anything) with the feet.

رفش rafsh (for dirafsh), An awl.

رفش م rafsh (v.n.), Living luxuriously, eating and drinking riotously; pounding, bruising; -rafsh, rufsh, A shovel, a spade.

مناه براهم م rafz, rafaz (v.n.), Leaving, abandoning, abdicating; leaving (camels) to graze at liberty; a small quantity of water.

a رندى rafzī, A heretic.

رنع م raf' (v.n.), Lifting, raising, elevating; decision; abolition; abrogation; deposition; dismissal; carrying a matter before the judge, appealing; bringing in the harvest; going expeditiously; putting a noun in the nominative case; the vowel zamma as sign of the nominative;—rafi sharr, Settling a quarrel, deciding a difference, getting rid of a dispute; -raf'i liwā kardan, To erect the standard; -rafi niqāb kardan, To uncover, to withdraw the veil; -daf' u raf' kardan, To take away, remove.

A رنع rifat (v.n. of رنع, refat (v.n. of رنع), Being elevated, raised, exalted, noble, or high-priced; high

position or dignity.

a رنح دنع raf'-daf', Deciding, settling,

finishing.

مغ مراج , rafgh, Affluence; ease and comfort

of life, plenty, wealth.

رف A رفى, rafq (v.n.), Tying together (a camel's) fore-legs immediately beneath the shoulder to prevent him from running away; striking the elbow; being useful, profitable; promoting anothera advantage; -rifq (v.n.), Being benevolent, kind, or easy; benignity, benevolence, courtesy, favour; -rafaq (v.n.), Having the elbow distorted; a jutting out of the elbow; water and pasture easily accessible; a disease of the orifice of the test through unskilful milking.

rufaqā' (pl. of rafīq), Companions in travel, fellow-travellers; -bā-rufaqā-

mān, With our comrades (m.c.).

rafqat, rifqat, rufqat, A company of fellow-travellers; association, companionship.

منل م raft (v.u.), Being ignorant, unskilful, unlearned, negligent (in dress); dragging the garments along in walking, swinging the arms and walking fastidiously but ungracefully;—rift, The skirt of a garment; -rafil, Walking fastidiously but ungracefully; a fool, a stupid.

A j, rafw, in P. rafū, rafo (v.n.), Mend-

ing (a garment); sewing close, counterpoint, darning, fine-drawing (construed with the verbs bar-khāstan, dāshtan, zadan,

and kardan).

رفوهه, rafūsha, Sin, transgression; pleasantry, jocularity, humour; discovery, tracing, tracking; physionomics; palmistry.

alone (a scattered herd of camels); a tract of land abandoned and claimed by nobody; widely-scattered forage.

a راوكارى rafo-kārī, Ďarning, fine-drawing,

tailoring.

a رفوكر rafogar, A fine-drawer, darner; a sewer of counterpoint; a tailor; a patch for mending.

a رفوکاری $rafogar\bar{\imath}, = q.v.$ راون) rafûn, Saffron; cyprus or henna.

م (دفه rafh, rifh, وفوه rufuh (v.n. of فام م Being filled with food and water (cattle); living quietly and comfortably; - rifh, Ease, comfort.

من, rafa, The Pleiades.

رفيدة rafīda, Old clouts sewed together, whereon bread is laid to be baked in the

مانع ، rafî', fem. رايع rafî'at, rafî'a, High, sublime; elevated; noble, eminent, exalted; loud-voiced; of fine quality (stuffs) ;—bunyāni rajī'u 'l-arkān, A building with lofty pillars; -tauqī'i rafī'i humāyūn, The imperial sign-manual;—makūni rafī, A high place.

rafi'-miqdar, Of exalted رفيع مقدار power.

rafif (v.n. of رفيف ه , Shining (colour); glittering; thin, fine (garment).

rafiq, A friend, companion, colleague, accomplice, associate, assistant, partner, ally; a laic member of the Ismailite sect; -rafiqi jihād (safar), A fellowsoldier, a brother-in-arms;—rafiqi ahar, An intimate friend; a confidant; an accom-

a رايقي rajīqī, Society, companionship. rafih, One who lives agreeably.

رى, riq, Tortoise-shell.

raqq, Parchment, vellum; a book,

زقم

volume (that especially in which the recording angels are supposed to register the actions of men); a large tortoise; [raqqi sipihr, The expanse of heaven; raqqi 'ijl, Vellum;]—riqq, Servitude; thin; a certain thorny plant; parchment;—ruqq, raqq, Shallow water.

رقب riqāb (v.n. 3 of رقب). Guarding; (pl. of raqabat), Necks; purchased slaves.

رقب raqābat (v.n. of رقب), Waiting, expecting; watching, guarding; — riqābat, Rivalry, competition.

riqād, Sleep (especially a long

slumber in the night).

رقارائی raqārāq, Noise of quadrupeds' legs. A مان raqqās, A dancer, jumper, tumbler; a swift messenger, letter-carrier; the peudulum of a clock, the spring of a watch (m.c.).

a رقامي raqqāsī, Dancing;—raqqāsī kardan,

To dance (m.c.).

A قاع, riqā', Bits of cloth, patches; short letters, notes.

a رقاعي riqā'ī, A kind of handwriting.

A July ragāq, Warm, hot (day); soft level ground;—rigāq (pl. of ragīq), Slaves; (pl. of raqqat) tracts of land liable to be flooded;—ruqāq (pl. of ruqāqat), Thin cakes.

A dis, raqāqat, Thinness;—ruqāqat, A thin cake.

رقائس, ruqāqis, Satyrion (see جمعت آفرید p. 365, where read juft-āfrīd for the misprint jufat-āfrīd).

א פּטט, riqān, Saffron; cyprus or henna. קוט, riqāna, A page of a sheet of paper.

raqā'iq (pl. of raqīqat), Subtilties. م رَقَاعَة , raqā'im (pl. of raqīm), Books; epistles, writings; sorts.

ruqabā' (pl. of raqīb), Watchers.

A kij raqbat, riqbat (v.n. of i), Expecting, watching; — ruqbat, A pit for catching leopards;—raqabat, The neck or the lower part of it where a yoke is placed; a slave purchased with money;—fi raqabati, Upon my neck (be it), a formula of oath.

a رقبه , raqba, Enclosure, esplanade, environs.

A 55, raqqat (v.n. of 5), A tract of land by the side of a river and fertilized by inundations;—riqqat v.n. of 5), Being thin; thinness; tenuity, delicacy; tenderness, sympathy, compassion; feeling small, being ashamed, bashfulness; modesty;—riqqatu 'd-dam, Scurvy;—riqqatu 'l-'aish, Ease of life;—riqqati qalb, kindness of heart;—riqqat namūdan, To feel compassion.

رقت انگير riqqat-angez, What excites compassion or pity.

raqd (v.n.), Sleeping; sleep, dream.

A رقص raqsh (v.n.), Painting figures of two or more colours.

رشاه , raqshā', (A female serpent) marked with black and white spots; a substance resembling lights protruding from a camel's

mouth at rutting time.

a رقص raqs (v.n.), Shining, glittering (as vapour); fermenting; dancing; a dance, a ball; -ragsi bismil, the contorsions of an animal being slaughtered; -raqs ba-yadi mastan dadan, To call to another's mind something forgotten; -raqsi pahlū, A rolling from side to side; rest, repose; -raysi chār-pūra, A kind of dance; - raqṣi dirakh $t\bar{a}n$, The motion of the branches and leaves of a tree agitated by the wind; -ragsi rawānī, A kind of dance; - raqsi rūbūh, A wilful negligence; -raqsi fanus, The burning of a beacon-light; - ragsi farangchi (farangichi), raqşi kachül, Kinds of dancing; -raqs kardan, To dance; to caper;-raqsi mallā, Lascivious motions; —dar rags shawad majāsili khāk, (met.) The earth is quaking.

a رتماندن raqṣāndan, To make dance.

a رقص كنان raqş kunān, Dancing, capering, skipping.

a رقصيدن raqsīdan, To dance.

a لقع raq'ā, A medicinal wood found near the Caspian Sea.

منعات , ruq'āt (pl. of ruq'at), No!es; a

collection of epistles, a letter-book.

A sheet of paper for writing; a short letter or note; a letter written to a sovereign by anyone not a wazīr (letters from them being named tal-khīs); a kind of small writing; a bit of cloth for mending a garment, a patch; a chess-board;—ruq'a bar ruq'a, Patch upon patch;—ruq'a'i baland-nīlgūn, The sky;—ruq'a'i pusht-nīlgūn (adkan), The earth;—ruq'a'i ghabrā, The earth;—ruq'a'i kazhdum, Writen spells against the bite of scorpions and other obnoxious vernin, fixed to the walls of houses on a certain day;—ruq'a'i mihmānī, A note of invitation to a feast.

a مَعْمَى raq'a, Any herb useful for setting a fractured limb; name of a certain medicinal

wood.

رقعرار م ruq'awār, Letter-paper, painted. رقع رتك , raqaq, Slenderness; scarcity; debility; soft, plain ground (without sand) under which there is a harder stratum; soft soil overflowed.

مقل A رقل raql, Tall palin-trees.

A متى raqm, raqam, Notation; writing, written character, cypher; description; arithmetic; a writing; a sign, a figure; embroidery; a striped stuff; manner, mode, kind, method; class, sort; a royal edict; a letter written by a prince of the blood royal; written, marked; act of a play;—raqam kardan, To write, fold up, seal, and despatch a letter; to assort;—raqami

a رقم بذير raqam-pazīr, Committed to writing.

a قامزد raqam-zada, Written, put on paper.

a رئم کن raqam-kun, A scribe; an arithmetician.

a رقمى raqamī, The stone jasper.

a رقمكش raqam-kash, Impressing characters, drawing lines; erasing, obliterating. raqū', raqū, Anything applied to

staunch a bleeding, a styptic.

A برب, raqūb, A woman or man having no children, or losing those they had; a wife looking for the death of her husband on account of the inheritance; a camel which cannot get near the well for the crowd ;ruqub (v.n. of -i), Waiting, expecting; expectation, expectancy.

مرد م raqud, Sleep; sleepers.

א נבס , ruqum (pl. of raqm), Characters, inscriptions.

رتون raqūn. ruqūn, Saffron; privet.

as, ragga, Name of a city on the banks of the Euphrates (now in ruins).

منيب, raqib, A guardian, preserver; one of the names of God; a rival, competitor.

a رقيبان raqībān (P. pl. of raqīb), Keepers, guardians, preservers; leaders of a contemplative life; -raqībāni dast (haft bām), The seven planets; - raqībāni rāz, Keepers of secrets; leaders of a religious and contemplative life.

a رتيبه q.v. رقيب q.v. م. رقيب q.v. م. رقيبه q.v. رقيبه , ruqyat (v.n. of رقي), Enchanting, bewitching; arming with a talismanic amulet or written charm against sorcery, incantation, spell; — ruqaiyat, ruqaiya, Name of a daughter of Muhammad;—riqqāyat, Servitude, slavery.

a رئيت خوان, ruqyat-khwan, A sorcerer. م رقيع raqi', Foolish, defective in understanding; the lower heavens, the expanse of sky, firmament.

رقيق م raqīq, Thin (paper); tender, delicate; a slave; -raqiq kardan, To dilute.

a قيقة, raqīqa (fem. of raqīq), A female slave.

م رقيم raqīm, A writing, a book ; especially that which records the history of the Seven Sleepers; their dog; also their village, or the mountain and cave in which they slept.

ragima, A letter, epistle, note;—

raqima'i auwal, The throne of God; the letter \ alif.

ارك rak, A grumbling through discontent or anger; a row, a line; (in Zand and Pāzand) thou.

مرك A rakk (v.n.), Being weak or extenuated; chaining by the neck; accusing, laying a sin upon anyone; throwing one thing upon another; lying with a woman; -rakk, rikk, Small rain.

A کاب, rikāb, A stirrup; a procession, cavalcade; a riding-horse, nag; the foot; a cup, a goblet tall and eight-sided; wine; [rikābu 'l-uzn, The stapes (of the ear); rikāb afshāndan, To prepare for riding;rikāb bā rikāb zadan, To ride in a cavalcade; -rikāb jumbīdan, To prepare for riding; rikāb dādan, To present the cup; -rikāb zadan, To make stirrups;-rikāb sā'īdan, To prepare for riding; -rıkāb girān shudan (gashtan), To attack on horse-back; -rikāb giran kardan, To prepare for riding; to urge on the horse for a furious attack; to pull him up in order to strike at an adversary; —rikāb giriftan (kashīdan), To hold to the stirrup-leather; -ba-rikābi tā khāk-ast, He (the horse) is (firm or obedient like) the earth, with (your standing up in) your stirrups, opposed to ba-'inān-at hawāst, He is (fleet or impetuous as) the wind, with your (giving him the) reins; -rikābi humāyūn (gardūn-janāb), The imperial stirrup; the imperial throne; the person of the Emperor, Sultān, Shāh, &c.; — dar rikāb andākhtan, To give a lift to a pedestrian, being oneself on horseback; — dar rikāb būdan (dawīdan, raftan), To walk or run on foot along with a horseman; - dar rikābi kas rawān shudan, To follow in attendance, to accompany; - rasmi rikūb, Paying attendance at the imperial stirrup, at court, &c.]—rukkāb (pl. of rākib), Riders,

a هالم بالم rikāb-khāna, A saddle-room; a pantry; buttery.

رکابدار a رکابدار rikāb-dār, A stirrup-holder; an attendant, courier, groom; one who has charge of the saddle-room; a cup-bearer; a pautry-man, a butler.

a كنب دوال, rikāb-duwāl, A stirrup-leather. a كابك rikābak, The catch-word at the

bottom of a page (see پاورق).
a باورق rikāb-gardān, Who turns the stirrup (ready for mounting); — rikāb-gardān shudan, To get on hors-back; to assault.

a كابى rikābī, A small dish, plate, or saucer; a cup, a goblet; a cup-bearer; a led horse for parade; a sword carried on a horse's side; one who holds the stirrup, that his master may mount; a kind of rupee current in Lucknow; a kind of Damascus oil carried on camels.

rikābī-mazhab, Parasitical. עליים, rukūsa, אויה, rukāsha, A porcupine.

A كاكل rakākat (v.n. of عَلى), Being thin, weak; being spiritless, and therefore not respected or feared by one's household; weakness, languor.

א אלא rakām, rukām, Clouds or sands heaped up; a throng; -qatī' rukām, A

large herd.

ركان rakān, Muttering from anger.

A كانك rakānat (v.n. of ركان), Being firm, constant, steady, grave; name of a wrestler said to have fought the Prophet, and turned Muslim after being thrown to the

ground by him.

م کب rakb (v.n.), Striking on the knee; a number of people (above nine) riding together on camels or horses, a cavalcade; -rakab, The pubes and hair growing on it; -rukab (pl. of rukbat), Knees; -rukub (pl. of rikāb), Stirrups.

ركبان م rukbān (pl. of rākib), Riders on

camels; riders.

A کبه rakbat, (A she-camel) well adapted for the saddle, quiet and gentle; -rukbat, The knee.

rukh, The base, side, angle, or projection of a mountain; the middle area of

ركدة, rakda, A small leathern bottle; a wash-hand bason; a cup in the form of a ship, with which the poor draw water (perhaps misreading for A (کوة).

رکر A رکر rakz (v.n.), Sticking (a spear, &c.) into the ground; -rikz, A low sound; an

intelligent or learned man.

رکس A رکس raks (v.n.), Inverting, placing the first last, turning topsy-turvy; -riks, Filth, impurity; many men.

م رکض rakz (v.n.) Moving the feet, striking them against the ground, kicking (as a camel); making a horse go faster by spurring or hitting him with the heels; fluttering the wings (a bird).

م کعل rak'at. A sacred inclination of the head, so that the palms of the hands rest

upon the knees (in prayer).

ركل م rakl (v.n.), Striking a horse with

the heel to make him gallop.

rakm (v.n.), Heaping, piling up, accumulating;—rakam, Clouds heaped to-

ركن A ركن, rukn, The firmer side of anything, the side on which it is supported; a pillar, prop, support; the foot of a verse; a foundation, a corner-stone; the black stone at Mecca ;--ruknu 'd-daulat, rukni salianat, A nobleman; $-ruknu'd-d\bar{\imath}n$, A pillar of the faith; rukni mu'amalat, The basis of negotiations.

كناباد, ruknābād, A small stream of the finest water near the city of Shiraz, frequently mentioned in the poems of Hafiz.

ركبى ruknī, Gold refined; Ruknābād. ركر rukū, rakū, A piece of old cloth, rag.

A رکوب $rak\bar{u}b$, Anyone mounted; one who rides much; a camel for riding; -rukub (v.n. of کب), Mounting, sitting on horseback, riding.

rakūbat, A horse or camel for riding (hamulat implying a beast of bur-

rakwat, A water-vessel, a small bottle; a large basin or cistern; -rakwat, rikwat, rukwat, A small bark or skiff.

rakūtā, (in Zand and Pāzand) ركوتا

Wise.

ركوح A ركوح rukūḥ (v.n. of ركوح), Leaning, in-

clining; resting, reposing.

A رَوْد م rakūd, A full dish ; a camel always. abounding in milk;—rukūd (v.n. of مركد), Resting, reposing; being steady and in equilibrium.

رکوع A رکوع rukū' (v.n. of رکوع), Bowing the head in humility and reverence; also from age, or in prayer, so that the palms of the

hands touch the knees.

ركوك rakūg, Patches for mending garments; a tent which has no patches about it;—rakūgi hayz, A menstruous cloth.

rakūgar, A patcher, botcher. ركوم rakūm, (in Zand and Pazand) Ye, you.

ركون rukūn (v.n. of ركون), Reclining, leaning; being quiet.

ركونة م rukūnat, rukūna, Being firm, constant, grave, steady.

م ركى م rakīy (pl. of rakīyat), Wells.

A کیب, rakib, Riding, or who rides, with another; a fellow-rider; ridden; placed upon.

a ركيمي rikebī, A plate, a dish. A كيم rakīyat (pl. rakīy and rakāya), A well, especially a clean one.

ركيدن rakidan, To mutter in anger.

A کیک rakīk, Thin, slender, minute : subtile; shallow; flimsy; -rakiku 'l-'ilm, A poor scholar.

رکیری rakin, Grave, steady, quiet, tranquil (man); -rukmi rakin, A firm pillar, a

strong column.

rag, A vein; lineage, race, stock; muttering from rage; a slight dash (of water into wine);—ragi abr, A streak of cloud;—rag bāz girifian, To be slow, remiss;—ragi bismil khārīdan, To commit an act which costs one's life; -ragi talkhī, The tartness of wine, &c.; -ragi tan khāstan, To swell with rage; -ragi jan, An artery; the jugular vein; -ragi jan buridan, To kill; - ragi chize giriftan, To conouer, to subdue; -rag khwābānīdan, To be slow, remiss; -ragi khwabi kase ba-dast uftadan (āmadan, āwardon, bādan), To conquer, to subdue, resp. to be conquered or subdued ;-rag randan, To wound ;-rag zadan, To bleed, to breathe a vein; -ragi ziri zaban, The ranine vein; - rag-ash bar jast, There is still life left in him;-

ragi fulān chīz na-dārad, He is not capable of a thing ;-ragi gardan, Pride ;-ragi gardan qawi (gunda) kardan, To persist in one's pride or arrogance;—ragi gardan narm kardan, To renounce one's pride or arrogance;—rag gushadan. To open a vein, to bleed; -ragi haft andam, A vein of the body;—az rag andīsha chakīdan, To be subtle in one's thoughts.

الل rugāl, A live coal. ركبان ragban, A tail.

ראנג rag-band, A bandage for bleeding. ראנג rag-dār, Veined; slightly dashed with water (wine); cloth in which the threads are uneven, so that some appear like veins; a wicked brat.

رک ریشه rag-resha, Veins and fibres;

everything, all.

ت الاقتارة الاقتارة rag-zada, Bled, blooded.

رک رن rag-zan, کی هناس rag-shinās, A

phlebotomist, bleeder.

رکوه , rugo, rigo, رکوی , rugok, رکوه , rigoy رکوه rigoh, A sheet; fine linen, muslin; linen rags; any clout, patch, or piece of old

ركيدن, ragidan, To grumble from sadness,

to mutter with rage.

n ram, A herd of cattle; an assemblage of people; terror, flight; [ram khwurdan (zadan), To be scared; -ram dadan, To put to flight; -ram kardan (namūdan), To take fright, to shy (m.c.);]—ram, rum, Flesh about the mouth :—rim, Pus, matter; -rum, Hair about the privities.

A ρ ramm (v.n.), Mending, repairing (a house); cropping with the lips shoots of trees, eating, devouring; -ramm, rumm, Flight, escape; - rimm, Moist ground; moisture; marrow; straw or sticks on the surface of water, or on the ground.

A ", ramā', Excess; addition, increase; usury.

rimah (pl. of rumh), Spears; rammah, A maker of spears; a thrower or jouster with spears.

ماحة , rimāhat, The art of making

spears.

A ماد, ramād, Ashes.

رمارم ramārām. Opposite; diverse; of different colours; successive, following, pursuing.

ماز A rammāz, One who speaks mysteriously, or by signs; a propounder of

riddles.

ramās, Mastic.

rammā'at, rammā'a, The two bones on the upper part of the head (which are tender and moist in infants); the but-

رمال, rumāl (for rū-māl), A handkerchief,

towel, napkin.

A مال , rimal (pl. of raml), Sands ;-rammāl, A geomancer, soothsayer, prophet, conjurer, fortune-teller.

a رمالي, rammālī, Geomancy.

a رسم, rimām, Cariosity; ulceration or rottenness of a bone; - rimami asnan, Caries of the teeth.

raman, Timid, fugitive.

A www rumman, A pomegranate;—habbi rumman, The grains of a pomegranate.

a رمانی, rummanī, A seller of pomegranates; resembling a pomegranate; ruby-coloured; a ruby.

رمانيدن, ramanidan, To terrify, fright,

scare.

A ماية rimāyat (v.n. of رسي), Shooting an arrow; archery.

ماكم برماكم rama'im (pl. of ramim), Rotten

(bones); corrupted things.

من rimmat (v.n. of رسط , Becoming putrid, rotten, worn; a carious bone; -rum-

mat, An old rotten rope.

rams (v.n.), Adapting; mending; wiping with the hand ;-rims, A species of forage eaten by camels; name of a tree; (a man) clothed in ragged garments;-ramas, A raft or float; eating of the plant rims; and suffering from it (camels); remains of milk in the udder.

ramh (v.n.), Piercing (with a spear); kicking (a horse);—rumh, A spear, lance; a star in the knee of Bootes.

A رسخ rimkh, Thick, entangled trees.

a رمن ramakh, The last breath (see رمن ramaq).

A w, ramad, A disorder in the eyes, ophthalmia;—ramid, Corrupted (water).

a مد كشيدة, ramad-kashīda, Painful (eye). م ويدة ram-dīda, من ram-zada, Put to flight, fugitive.

a طيد , ram-tinat, Timid, easily fright-

رم كردة, ram-karda, Put to flight, fugi-

A yo, ramz (v.n.), Intimating, hinting by moving the lips, knitting the brows, lolling the tongue, waving the hand, &c.; nod, wink, hint; insinuation, innuendo, double entendre; riddle, enigma; mysterious allusion; secret writing; short-hand; sarcasm, irony.

a رمز هناس ramz-shinās, Knowing signs. عزم ramzhak, Sin; a slip, fall; a cast,

fling.

مس A رمس rams (v.n.), Covering with earth and levelling; burying; concealing; throwing a stone; the grave; a sepulchre, a tomb; (for رمص q.v.) sordes of the eye.

ramsh (v.n.), Throwing or striking (with a stone); feeding poorly (a herd); stroking with the hand; taking with the tips of the fingers; a bundle of fragrant herbs; - ramash, A bird's wing; redness of the eye-lids with a running humour.

رمش, ramish, Change; terror, fear.

مَن rams (v.n.), Repairing a mistortune (God); binding up what has been

broken; making one comfortable; making peace between two persons; voiding excrements (a bird); bringing forth (a wild beast);—ramas, White sordes collected in the inner corner of the eye; grubs.

مطى ، ramz (v.n.), Splitting (a sheep) and roasting it in the skin upon a hot stone covered with ashes; sharpening a knife; -ramaz, Pasturing flocks on scorching ground; burning of the feet from hotness of the ground; grazing in the sun and becoming diseased in the liver (sheep).

منا , ramzā', ramazā', Hot from the

sun, scorching (ground).

ممان, ramazān, The ninth month of the Muhammadan year; the fast observed during that month.

a رمماني, ramaṣānī, Of or relating to ramazān, born in ramazān; a proper name.

رمطان, ramzān, Name of a fire-worshipper. رمع rama'ān (v.n. of رمع rama'ān (v.n. of رمع م Making haste; tossing (the nose) in anger; beckoning, making a sign with the hand; flowing (tears).

من ramq (v.n.), Looking or glancing at;—ramaq, The last breath, the departing spirit; (for P. rama) a flock of sheep; ramaq, ramiq, A bare subsistence, just enough to keep body and soul together;rumuq (pl. of ramuq and ramiq), Poor, distressed (scarcely able to live); -rummaq, Weak, flaccid.

, ramak (for rama), A herd, flock.

A de, ramak (pl. of ramakat), Brood mares; jades; weak (man).

A سالام, ramakāt (pl. of ramakat), Brood mares

رمکان, $ramk\bar{a}n$, $rumk\bar{a}n$, = 0رمکان, q.v.

مكلة, ramakat, ramaka, A breeding mare; a jade.

رمكا , ramgā, (in Zand and Pāzand),

رمكان, ramgān, rumgān, Hair on the pubes.

مل م , raml, Sand; the art of prognosticating from lines in the sand, geomancy (said to have been imparted to Daniel by Jibril); (v.n.) making (mats), or anything of a flimsy texture; adorning a sofa, throne, &c., with gems; tinging with blood; [raml kashīdan, To practice geo-mancy;—ramli kulya, Urinary gravel;] ramal, Little rain; yielding little rain (the year); running; augmentation, increase, excess; lines on the feet of the wild cow different in colour from the rest; geomancy; name of a metre (fā'ilātun - - - four times repeated).

a ملم, ramla, Name of a town in Palestine.

c رملى ramlī, A geomancer.

رس raman, (in Zand) All, the whole. ramanda, Wild, terrified, timid.

رموان ramwān, A shepherd; a herds-.(.v.) رمه بان = man

rumūz (pl. of ramz), Signs, signals, winks, nods.

a والى rumūz-dān, Skilled in mysteries.

A ייניש, rumūs (pl. of rams), Graves.
A ייניש, ramūq, Poor, distressed (scarcely able to subsist).

موك a rumūk (v.n. of رمك), Abiding (in any place); stay, sojourn, commorancy.

ramun, Earnest-money; money paid in advance, to be returned if the goods turn not out well.

هم, rama, A herd, flock, bevy, covey; a company, troop, body; all; the Pleiades; [rama'i gosfand, A flock of sheep;]—ruma, Hair of the pubes.

دل من rama-bān, A herdsman, a shep-

رمة دار, rama-dār, The possessor or keeper of a flock.

رمة والله rama-wān, A herdsman, a shepherd.

مى مى ramy (v.n.), Flinging; shooting, darting (arrows, &c.); exceeding, increasing; railing at, reproaching, villifying; [ramyi ahjār, A throwing of stones;] rimá, The sound of a stone thrown.

ram-yār, A shepherd, keeper of flocks.

مية A رمية ramyat, One throw.

ميح, rimih, rimeh (by Imalah for rimāh), Lances, spears;—rumaih (dim. of rumh), A little spear; -rumaihi abī sa'd, A staff on which an old man leans.

رميدكى, ramīdagī, Terror, flight; aversion. رميدي ramīdan, To be afraid, terrified, seized with horror; to be disturbed, agitated; to fly in terror, to shun from aversion; to frighten; -dar-ramīdan, = ramīdan.

رميده ramida, Horror-struck, disturbed, afflicted; offended, indignant, having an antipathy;—romīda u āramīda, Moveables and immoveables;—<u>khāna-ramīda</u>, Escaped from the house; fugitive from home; ranjida u ramida kardan, To molest, vex, injure.

رميز A ramīz, Intelligent; moveable, volatile.

ميض ramīz, Sharpened; a sharp knife. ramīm (v.n. of رمّ), Waxing old, putrefying; putrid, carious, corrupted; worn out; - muḥyī'i 'izāmi ramīm, The reviver of corrupted bones (applied to Jesus).

دب, rumb, ربه, rumba, ramba, Hair of the pubes.

رنج ranj, Trouble; grief, affliction, sadness; toil; pain of the body; anguish of mind; remorse; cholic, gripes; injury, offence, molestation, anger; powder; (in comp.) vexing; (equiv. to rang) colour; -ranji bārīk, Hectic fever; -ranj burdan (kashīdan, giriftan), To suffer distress;—ranj nishastan, Grief ceases;—ranj kardan, To lament;—ranj namūdan, To afflict, to pain, to aggrieve.

ranjāl, Food.

رجائيدي ranjānīdan, To molest, annoy, cause vexation; to make to labour and toil.

ידיק ranj-bar, An artificer, mechanic. ילידי, ranj-bardār, Enduring hardships, indefatigable.

واج دائي دائي دائي ranj-dān, A priming-flask or horn. جمثن ranjish, Indignation, offence; grief, affliction, toil.

ranjak, The touch-hole of fire-arms;

the priming-pan.

رنج کش, ranj-kash, Distressed, afflicted. نج کش ranjan, A soft belly well purged.

ידיני ranjūr (for ranj-war), Sick, infirm; afflicted, grieved, sorrowful; — 'ushshāqi ranjūr, Distressed lovers.

ranjūr-dār, Attendant on the

BIÇK.

ranjūrī, Sickness; anguish.

sad, vexed, afflicted;—ranja dāshtan, To grieve, be distressed; to molest, importune;—ranja shudan, To be grieved, sad, sorrowful;—ranja kardan, To toil, to labour.

رنجى, ranjī, Illness, sickness.

رجيدكي ranjīdagī, Affliction, sadness.

יביני ranjīdan, To be sad, melancholy, vexed; to fret; to be angry, euraged, filled with indignation; to carve, engrave.

יְּבְּבֶּל, ranjīda, Vexed, exasperated, indignant;—ranjīda u ramīda kardan, To irritate; to molest, disturb, interrupt.

رَجِين ranjīn, A ploughshare.

א כיש nanh, A giddiness in the head (as from intexication, &c.).

ה א יכי rankh (v.n.), Languishing; being bow-legged;—rinkh, Name of a place in Khurāsān; also of a place near Nīshāpūr.

رك rand, A word, saying; anything fragrant; agreeable, easy of digestion; dust; theft, plunder; anything rough, tart, and astringent (as the rind of a pomegranate); laurel; myrtle; imp. of randidan, with the signification of a participle in composition; a chip, shaving; a carpenter's plane; -rind, Sagacious, shrewd; a knave, rogue; a Sufi; dissolute; a drunkard, debauchee; one whose exterior is liable to censure, but who at heart is sound; a wanderer, traveller; an insolent, reckless, fear-nought fellow; [rindi jahān, A vagabond, a vagrant; rindi duhul-darida (probably misreading for dahan-darida), One who has erred; rindāni khāk-bez, Penetrating, discerning, shrewd (persons)].—rund, The rice-bird.

رند A رائد, rand, Laurel; also the myrtle, and

rand-ofris (said to be in the

language of the Franks), The King of kings, i.e. God; name of a king of the Franks; an island in the country of the Franks (?).

رندائغ rindāna, Worthy of a drunkard or debauchee, licentious.

עגויענט randānīdan. To cause to carve, engrave, plane, scrape, or rasp.

engrave, plane, scrape, or rasp. randish, Sculpture; rasure; chips,

filings; scrapings, planings, raspings.

رنگ rindak (dim. of rind), An arch lad, waggish boy.

certain fattening herb; a grater, rasper; a sort of black leather made from goat's skin; great, large;—rinda, Shavings of leather (doubtful);—runda, Name of a bird, the rice-bird (see w, rund).

رندى randi, A polishing, a planing; sawdust; — rindi, A draught, drink; trick,

fraud.

رنديدي randidan, To polish, smooth; chip or hew with a hatchet; to scrape, rasp, grate, plane; to walk pompously; to grow.

رديدة randīda, Polished; planed; scraped.

رنز A رنز runz, Rice.

رتوك ranzhak, = رتوك q.v.

رفك ranf, ranaf, A kind of forestwillow.

م رقی ranq, ranaq, raniq, Turbid (water);
—ranq, ranaq (v.n.), Being muddy (water);

-raniq, Full of trouble (life). رنگ rang (S. ranga), Colour, hue; complexion; paint, stain, dye; stratagem, fraud, imposture; insincerity, perfidy, disloyalty; playfulness, innocent delusion or frolic, ridicule; pleasure; kind, sort, state, condition; manner, method, order, form, habit, usage, custom; modesty, bashfulness; dishonour, reproach; a blemish; indignation with a mixture of shame; grief, pain, affliction; spirit, soul; comeliness, neatness, grace, eleganco; goodness; health, happy circumstances; gold; wealth, substance, a small capital; profit, utility; hope, desire, expectation of advantage; a game at dice; money gotten at games of hazard; a theft of gold or silver; power, strength; lot, portion, share; a lord, master, possessor; a black spot or mole; blood; small globular bells hung round the rims of Arabian drums; an old patched garment; squint-eyed; a wild mountaingoat; a wild ox, or beast in general; a fine he-camel kept for stock; like, resembling; corrupt, bad; growing herbage;—rangi āb, Water-lentils; rangi $\bar{a}z\bar{a}d\bar{c}n$, The habits of generous men ;—rang az āsmān tarāshīdan, To attempt impossibilities, to labour in vain; -rang az diwar tarashidan, To be bold, impudent, shrewd, clever, or witty;rang az rū-sh parīda, All colour has fled from his face (in.c.); -rangi āftābī (mahtābi), White inclining to yellow; - rang uftadan bar (dar), To become tinged or

coloured; — rang afgandan bar (dar), To tinge, to colour ;-rangi al, Slightly yellow inclining to red; -rang amekhtan, To deceive, to cheat; — rang äwardan (bar-awardan), To blush; to colour up with indignation; -rang bar āb rekhtan (zadan), To devise;—rang bar-āwardan, To show a fresh colouring; -rang bar-dashtan, To remove the colour; to receive a colour;—
rang bar kardan. To brighten the colour; rangi bargan, A soft stone for making glass; — rang pazīruftan, To receive a colour; — rang justan, To demand one's share; —rangi chirk-tāb, A somewhat dirty colour; -rang chidan bar (dar), To tinge. to colour;—rang dadan, To show a fresh colour; to tinge, to colour; -rang dashtan, To have a share or portion of;—rangi rabī', Vernal tints; - rangi raughani, Oil-colour; -rang rekhtan (zadan), To lay the foundation of a building; -rangi zard farangi, Chromate of lead;—rangi zargarī, A colour with which goldsmiths taint gold ;-rangi zardī kashīdan, To blush, to be ashamed; rangi zinda, Green colour ;—rangi shāh-bāz, Darkness;—rang shudan, To colour, to blush; —rangi shakari, = rangi āl, q.v.;—rangi țilă'i, Gold colour ;—rangi kāre rekhtan, To set to work, to begin; -rang kardan, To colour, paint, tinge; to deceive; - rang girifian, To blush, to colour up with indignation;—rangi laimun, White inclining to yellow; -rangi matam, Blackness; sable; -rangi mahtābī, = rangi āftābī, q.v.;-rangi nabâti, = rangi āl, q.v.; -rang u āb (rang u boy, rang u nam), Majesty, power; aptitude, capacity; — rang u āb ba-rū'i kār awardan, To accomplish the work in brilliaut style; — rangi hawā, Darkness; rang yaftan, To show a fresh colour; -barang dadan, To tinge, to colour.

rang-a-rang, Various-coloured; of

different sorts.

رنگ أميز, rang-āmez, Mixing colour; possessing colour, painted, dyed, stained; conversant with many subjects; fickle, inconstant; painting; stratagem.

rang-āwar, Coloured; deceitful, fraudulent, knavish; shame-faced; pompous in diction, one who values himself on

flowery language.

rangā'ī, The price paid for dyeing; a certain space of time during which a cloth is dyed.

رنك بالا rang-bālā, Bright-coloured (rose). رنگ باعتد, rang-bakhta, Pale.

rang ba-rang, Various, رنگ برنگ

رنگ ہست , rang-bast, A fixed, fast colour ; rang-bastī, Fixedness of colour.

رنگ پريدة, rang-parida, Sallow, pale (m.c.). رنگ زر rang-raz, A dyer ;—rang-razi gulgūn, A vintner.

rang-razān (pl. of the preceding), Dyers; (for rang-rezān) Autumn.

ری بی, rang-rash, Silk merchant or spinner.

رگروتا, ringarūtā, (in Zand) An elephant. رتک روش rang-rosh, A silk-merchant; a cheat, deceiver.

رنگ ريز rang-rez, A dyer.

رنگ ريزان rang-rezan, Autumu.

ريك إداة, rang - zada, Tinged, coloured, dyed.

نگساز , rong-sas ; A painter, a dyer.

الک فورش, rang-farosh, A dyer; a silkmerchant; a.cheat.

رنگ كاغذ, rang-kāghiz, Coloured paper

(m.c.).

رلك الاك الك الك الك الك الك الله rang-läk, A dyeing tincture. rang-lukū, Tincture of lac. نك ناك , rang-näk, Coloured, tinged.

رنگی, rangi, A dyer; chintz, the colour of which will not stand washing; a kind of cloth.

نک محل, rang-maḥal, An apartment dedicated to voluptuous eujoyment.

نگيدي, rangidan, To grow, increase.

رنگين, rangin, Coloured, tinctured, painted, of many colours; allegorical, figurative, metaphorical; elegant, flowery.

rangīnā, رنگينان rangīnān, A red

peach.

نگين كمان, rangin-kaman, The rainbow. ريم ه ranam (v.n.), Sounding, singing ;runum, Skilful female singers.

رود, ranwad, Absence; - runūd (Ar. pl. of

P. rind), Knaves, ruffians.

زوس runus, A sort of stone which, when made into a ring, banishes care from the wearer's mind.

y rav, A sigh, groan; (imp. of raftan) go thou; (also the contracted form of rawanda) who goes; act of going, travel, journey; road; -rū, Face, countenance; surface, (bence, in m.c.) upon; aspect, appearance; sake, cause, reason; hypocrisy; colour, pretence; hope, expectation; wish; manifestation; search, investigation; (in comp.) having a face, like; [rū ba-taraqqī guzārdan, To tend towards improvement (m.c.); -rū ba-tarafi otāq. The face turned towards the room (m.c.); -rū dādan, To appear, to show oneself, to arise (chi rū dāda ast, How has it happened?); -rush, Upon it, above (m.c.); rush-rā giriftan, To veil one's face (m.c.);—rū kardan (nihādan ba), To turn the face towards, to turn to;—az rūm bar-namiyāyad, I dare not (m.c.);—az rū'i, By way of, in the manner of ;—az rū'i qā'ida, According to rule or law, lawfully, properly (m.c.); -bā-rū'i murdum, In the face of men, before the people;— $pishi r\bar{u}$, In front of; har rush-ra mī-khwāhi mīzanad, He plays any part you like, he is a

(coin); lawful, right; equitable, reasonable; admissible, allowable; tolerated; worthy,

proper, suitable; pleasant, agreeable; obtaining one's desire; [rawā būdan, To be worthy (rawāst, It is proper, it ought to be so);—rawā dāshtan, To judge right, commend, approve, allow; -rawā shudan, To be lawful; to sell well (goods); to be brisk (a market) ;-rawā kardan, To approve; to adjust; $]-riw\bar{a}$, Fruitfulness, plenty.

راه ه , rawā', Sweet, wholesome (water); the well Zamzam;—riwā', A rope for fastening loads; (pl. of rāwī) those who quench their thirst with water;—ruwā', Aspect; beauty of countenance, comeli-

A by rawābit (pl. of rābitat), Connec-

tions; ligatures; conjunctions.

A \$1, ruwāt (pl. of rāwī), Historians, narrators, tellers, relaters, reporters; those who quench their thirst with water.

رواتب م rawâtib (pl. of rātibat), Stipends,

salaries, appointments, dues.

م راج rawāj (v.n. of وراج Being vendible, in great demand, or selling well (goods, kasād implying a difficulty of sale); being current, circulating freely (money); use, custom, practice, fashion; -rawāj dāshtan, To be current; to be fashionable (m.c.); -rawāj shudan, To become current, obtain, prevail; - rawāj yāftan, To sell well; (met.) to come in use. (The word is also construed with burdan, dadan, and shikastan); -waqti rawaj, The favourable time for

a راع کار rawāj-kār, Free circulation (m.c.).

a كان rawāj-gāh, The exchange.

A tly rawah (v.n. of ty), Going, coming, or doing anything at sunset; the afternoon, the evening; travelling in the even-

a روا حال rawā-ḥāl, Immediately; swift.

rawāḥil (pl. of rāḥilat), Camels of burden; caravans.

s), rawād, ruwād, A place full of hills, risings, pasture, and water; the green bank of a river; a muddy stream.

را دار را دار rawā-dār, An approver, chooser, consenter; judging right; lawful, true,

just, proper, fit.

روار rawār, A jailer, a turnkey.

رواي raw-ā-rav, Proceeding, travelling, following quick;—ruw-ā-rū, Face to face.

وارو الله الله rawārav-zan, One who calls out "Proceed! proceed!" who blows the trumpet to announce the arrival of a great man. (See bāngi rawārav, under بانك.)

راز, rawāz, A jailer, a turnkey.

روازاري rawāzārī, Metaphorical, figurative. a وازي rawāzin (pl. of rauzan), Windows. رامن rawās, Water-cresses; -riwās, Sorrel. رواسي ۸ rawāsī (pl. of rāsiyat), Huge

q.v. وواع = rawāsh, وواهل

رالك , rawāfid, Beams for a roof, rafters. _ rawāfiz (pl. of rāfiz), The forsakers or rebels, i.e. the followers of the sect of Ali, denominated Shiites (so called from their forsaking Zaid Ibn Alī Ibnu'l-Husain); heretics.

راق ه rawāq, Purified, filtered, strained; riwaq, ruwaq, A house resembling a tent (being supported on one pillar); a curtain stretched like a canopy before a tent or the door of a house; a roof in the front of a tent or a house, a portico, porch; a gallery in front of a house; a lofty building resting on columns;—riwāqi bī-sitūn, The heavens; — riwaqi sim-gun, The sky;riwāqi manzari chashm, The pupil of the eve.

a راتى rawāqī, Purification, straining, filtration; -- riwāqī, A Stoic philosopher.

رواك, rawāk, Pure, strained.

رواک rawāg, A saloon open in front. رال م ru'āl, Growth of teeth (in a horse).

روان بد rawam-bud, = بران بد q.v. مران بد rawam-bud, = روان بد. م filling up wells, or scattering earth; nightbirds; also beasts roaming at night.

(1) rawān, Life, soul, spirit; the reasonable soul; the heart; (part. of rawidan or raftan) going, passing; brisk, active (sale); mounted, riding; running; flowing, fluid; lawful, proper; text; reading; forthwith, immediately, quickly; Eriwan in Armenia; -rawan amadan, To flow; rawān dāshtan, To know by heart; -rawān sākhtan (kardan), To commit to memory; —rawān shudan, To go, flow, pass, run; —rawān kardan, To make current; to despatch; to spill;—rawan gusistan, To die.

ouls, rawānān (pl. of rawān), Souls,

spirits.

روان أورد rawān-āward, Wise, learned. ران . خش rawān-bakhsh, The Holy Spirit. 4 01, rawan-bud, All-pervading spirit. , rawantar, More current.

روان خواه rawān - khwāh, A wandering

روانستان rawānistān, A place abounding in souls, heaven.

יין אין rawān-gird, Power; the kingdom of beaven.

رانكى rawānagī, A running, a flowing, flux; a passing, a travelling;—paiwasta rawanagi'i baul, Diabetes.

હો, rawana, Going, running, passing, flowing; prepared; despatched, departed; travelling; a custom-house passport, pass, or permit; a present; fortune, prosperity; —rawāna'i rāh kardan, To prosecute a journey;-rawāna kardan (namūdan), To set going, to send, to despatch (m.c.).

رانى rawānī, A course; effusion; briskness of market; currency; -rawānī dādan, To despatch, cause to be received, make anything have its full weight (as a mandate), or value (as goods); -rawānī'i āb, The flowing of water;—rawani'i shikam, A flux, diarrhesa.

ان ياسد واي ياسد vawān-yābanda, The rational soul.

روانيدي rawānīdan, To make current, cause to be received, despatch; to behove, be necessary; to be vendible, current (goods or money); — ruwānīdan, To cause to grow.

رواره rawāwa, The musical instrument called rabāb.

of nawah, Food for prisoners.

راهش rawāhish, Veins outside the hand, or in the fore-legs of a horse.

راهم , rawāhis, Stones fixed in a row; also such as hurt the feet of horses.

א פולים, rawāyā, פולים, riwāyāt (pl. of riwāyat), Narrations, stories, traditions.

A \$\langle 1_9 riwāyat (v.n. of \(\sigma_9 \)), Drawing water and presenting it (to a friend); relating the words of another; a tradition; a history, narrative, relation; a various reading; a manuscript;—riwāyati sahīh, A sound tradition, indubitable report;—rawāyati mashhūr, A celebrated or well-known tradition;—\$\sigma_2 i \frac{1}{2} i v'r-riwāyat, A traditionist of feeble authority.

A cf), rawā'ih (pl. of ra'ihat), Odours, perfumes; delightful breezes; evening

روایش rawāyish, A facility in disposing of goods; precious commodities (as easily sold)

رِائِي, rawā'ī, A passing along, by, or through; currency, circulation; briskness of markets; fulfilment, success, completion; suitableness, worthiness; elegance; figurative, allegorical;—rawā'ī dādan, To give currency;—rawā'ī yāftan, To obtain currency, to circulate.

A -, raub (v.n.), Being thick (milk); being disordered (intellect);—rūb, Name of a village near Balkh.

comp.) sweeping;—rob kardan, To sweep.

y, rūbā, Fox-grapes; nightshade.

y, rū bā rū, Face to face, opposite; comparatively;—rū bā rū kardan, To compare, confront, collate.

رو باز رماز rū-bāz, Open in front (as a carriage, &c.); unveiled.

עליט, robān, Sweeping; one who sweeps. איניגיט, robānīdan, To cause to sweep; to clean the teeth.

sh, rūbāh, A fox; — rūbāhi par, The flying fox; — rūbāhi turkī, A porcupine; — rūbāh dar tala dūrad, He has caught him in the trap which he set for others; — rūbāhi daryā'ī, A beaver; — rūbāhi zard, The sun.

رواه بازى rūbāh-bāzī, Fox-play, stratagem, subtlety;—rūbāh-bāzī kardan, To play the fox, to act with wiliness.

روناه تربك rūbāh-turbak, Fox-grapes; night-shade.

روباه مادة بوباه مادة بوباه مادة بوباه برباهي بتقفة, rūbāhī, Foxship, vulpine cunning; —rūbāhī kardan, To play the fox, to devise stratagems.

A & 20 raubat, rābat, rāba, A ferment or preparation of sour milk put amongst new milk to make it coagulate; intellect, nnderstanding; semen virile; fragment of a cloud; a portion of the night; name of a poet.

prepared; reformed, returned from an erroneous course;— $r\bar{u}$ ba- $r\bar{a}h$ shudan. To begin or proceed on a journey, to pass along.

);); rū ba-rū, Face to face, in front of; presence;—rū ba-rū muḥāraba kardan, To fight front to front.

י, רי אלק rū ba-kār, Approaching, at hand, about to be, in agitation; ready for business; intent upon.

ر بکاری rū-ba-kārī, Proceeding (of a

cause); a warrant.

روبهائم rūbahāna, Fox-like, crafty, wily. رونه بازی rūbah-bāzī, rūba-bāzī, Fox-play, stratagem.

روبات) rūbahak, A young fox, a fox's cub. وبايان rūbiyān, A shrimp.

روبيدن robidan, To wipe, sweep, dust.

روينة, robina, A cock, a tap (m.c. from Fr. robinet).

رياك rū-pāk, A woman's veil; a hand-kerchief; a towel.

rū-past, Face downwards, with a lowered face, humble.

رِيْرِثِي rū-posh, A veil covering the whole face, especially a virgin bride's of red silk; concealed, disappearing out of sight; anything the outside of which differs from the inside;—rū-posh shudan, To abscond.

برويه بين rūpiya, A rupee.

ر تازكى, rū-tāzagī, Freshness of face, serene looks.

مرف raus (v.n.), Dunging (a horse); dung, ordure.

E), roj, A day; unripe grapes.

H. E3) roj, The white-footed antelope (antelope picta).

ົ້ນສູ້ rûchak, The 15th of the month Sha'ban.

sey, rancha, rūcha, Unripe dates.

A 5) rauh (v.n.), Visiting in the afternoon; a pleasant refreshing wind; rest, quiet, ease; mercy, clemency;—rūḥ, The soul, incorporeal spirit; the breath of God; Jesus; the angel Gabriel; an angel in the form of man with an angelic body; the Qur'ān; revelation; prophecy; in P. name of a note in music; [rūḥi a'zam, The su-

preme spirit; $-r\bar{u}hu$ 'l-amīn (-qudus), The faithful (holy) spirit, i.e. the angel Gabriel; $-r\bar{u}hi$ $il\bar{u}h\bar{\iota}$, The divine spirit; $-r\bar{u}hu$ 'llāh, The spirit of God, the Holy Ghost; Jesus; Gabriel; $-r\bar{u}hi$ $b\bar{a}$ - $fut\bar{u}h$, A victorious, i.e. blessed, spirit; $-r\bar{u}hi$ $tutiy\bar{u}$, Mercury; a sort of pewter; wine; $-r\bar{u}hi$ $hav\bar{u}\bar{u}\bar{\imath}$, The vital spirit; $-r\bar{u}hi$ $hav\bar{u}\bar{u}\bar{\imath}$, Animal spirit; $-r\bar{u}hi$ $raw\bar{u}n$, A living soul; $-r\bar{u}hi$ $tab\bar{i}\bar{\imath}$, The animal spirit; $-r\bar{u}hi$ $quds\bar{\imath}$, Gabriel; $-r\bar{u}hi$ $mub\bar{a}rak$, A blessed soul; $-r\bar{u}hi$ mukarram, The angel Gabriel; $-r\bar{u}hi$ $nab\bar{u}\bar{\imath}$, Vegetable spirit; $-r\bar{u}mah$, A turning out of the feet, so that the heels are close together.

to ruh, Name of a note in music.

a אין פּלּד אָריס יין דיין rūḥ-āsūda, Dead, whose soul rests.

prolonging life.

a رحانى rauhānī, Good, agreeable, clean and pure (place);—ruhānī, Spiritual; holy, contemplative; a howling dervish.

رومانية برق برقائية rūḥānīyat, Spirituality, sanctity. م برور ع برور و ترقب rūḥ-parwar, Nourishing the mind or soul.

a رح دار rūḥ-dār, Animated.

a אָרָי מְּלְּהָי to, rūḥ-farsā, Sonl-destroying, fatal. to, rūḥḥ, The intestines; bald; mangy; name of a plant.

of forage and water; going and coming.

2) rād (by some rod, from Z. raodha), A river, torrent, flowing water; the Oxus; intestines, gut; the string of a musical instrument; a bow-string; song, cheerfulness, jovial conversation, convivial mirth; vocal or instrumental music; a son or daughter; a beantiful brunette; a comely and amiable youth; a plucked bird; a sheep stripped of its wool;—rūdi khezān, A torrent;—rūdi jaikūn, The Oxus;—rūdi furāt, The Euphrates;—rūdi misr, The river of Egypt, the Nile.

اري rodā, A bow-string; a gut; a branch. ماري rūdāba, Name of the mother of

Rustam; name of a fort.

stances, narrative, statement of a case.

ين دادي rū dādan, To happen.

י, רער, אין, rū-dār, A man of rank or dignity. יער, אונא ייני אין, rū-dārī, Rank, dignity; flattery. יער אונא rūd-āwar, A river's bed; name of triver.

ي ك آورد , rād-āward, Branches of trees, straws, &c., carried down by a stream; name of a river.

رد آهو, rūd-āhū, Name of a river.

 رود جاسة , rūd-jāma, A lute.

يور چكان rūd-chakād, Bald (man), bare. يود عالى rūd-khāna, A river's bed or channel; a river;—rūd-khāna'i saped, A lake in Irāq.

رد خيز rūd-khez, A rising wave.

(Minstrel of the sky) The planet Venus.

رود زم rūd-zham, Name of a river.

A رودس rūdis, The island of Rhodes.

روساز rūd-sāz, A musician.

رد موه من rūd-shahd, Name of a river. عن rūdak, A rivulet; a small musical

instrument;—rodak, Name of an animal found in Tartary, of whose skin fur-garments are made.

رود کشف rūd-kashf. Name of a note in music.

רנצטן, rūdagān (pl. of rūda), Intestines. ענצוין, rūdagānhā (pl. of the preceding), Bowels, viscera, intestines.

ردگانی rūdagānī, Bowels ;—rūdagāne, One

ردگر, rūdgar, A musician; a maker of

strings for musical instruments or bows. رودي rodagī, rūdagī, Surname of the celebrated Persian poet Abū 'l-Hasan.

rivers, rūdlākh, A place abounding in

رودن rūdan, ودنک , rūdang, Madder.

of an instrument; the fundament of a quadruped; anything steeped in hot water; a river;—rūda kardan, To pour hot water (amongst flour when baking); to take feathers off birds (by scalding).

ردة بين rūda-bīn, Inspecting the entrails,

i.e. a diviner, angur, soothsayer.

thers (a bird), or of its wool (a lamb).

יניניט rūdān, Pertaining to a river. פניניט rormanā, (in Zand) A ponegranate.

A אַן rauz (v.n.), Assaying, proving; attending to one's trade or estate and im-

proving it.

noz (C. ruch), A day; day-time; the sun; the face; good fortune; opportunity; the vernal equinox; power, strength; courage; open, manifest, clear, evident; -ros ast, It is quite evident;—rozi istiftāh, A happy day; the 15th of Rajab; -rozi alast, The day of the original covenant between God and man (see السعة); -rozi umed u bim, The day of hope and fear, i.e. the day of judgment; [also called (rost) biz-khwāst, (day) "of investigation," pasīn "final," jazā "of retribution," dād "of justice," dirang "of delay," shumār (hisāb) "of reckoning," qiyāmat "of resurrection," "of gathering," mazālim "of grievances;"]-rozi bar, A day of public audience ;—rozi bāsār, Market-day ; a brisk market; the resurrection; --- roz ba-shab āwardan (kardan), To pass the day until

night; to make the day alternate with night;—roz bā-'aysh, Good day (to you); rozi baland, A long day;—rozi bīgāh, An hour or two before sunset; -roz parwaz shud, (met.) The day has been long; day has appeared; the sun has risen;—rozi tāb, A hot day;-rozi tārīk, A day of mourning, trouble, vexation; -rozi tahwīl, The day after the sun enters a sign of the zodiac; -rozi tang, The day of battle; day of misfortune; distress, calamity; -rozi jashn, A festival;—rozi jak (chak), The 15th of the month Sha'ban; -rozi jang, A battleday; -rozi jawānī, The season of youth; -rozi husain, The day after the death of Husain; — rozi khwad bāzāri khwad dīd, Intent upon his own business he left others in peace;—rozi khwush, The season of youth; -rozi digar, The day of judgment; -roz rozi tust, The day is yours, you are the conqueror, you prevail; -rozi roshan, In broad day-light (m.c.);—rozi saped (roshan), A bright or happy day; -- rozi shīrīnī-khwurān, The day of betrothal; betrothing, asking in marriage; -roz sākhtan, To be ashamed;—rozi siyāh (siyah), A day of mourning, trouble, or vexation; -rozi siyāh nishāndan kase-rā, To distress or ruin one;-rozi 'ālam shud, The splendour of the world has passed away ;-rozi 'uzlat, A day of retirement, i.e. a fast day; -rozi 'īd, A festival day;—rozi farākh, Daybreak;—roz firo shud, Life is gone;—rozi kār ast, It is the day for action; - rozi kalān, The great day, i.e. Christmas (m.c.); rozi kushish, A day of slaughter; -rozi koshish, Day of battle; -roz guzrandan, To pass the time; to flatter, time-serve; to benefit;—rozi mihr, Sunday;—rozi maidān, Day of battle ;—rozi najāt, The day of delivery (from the hands of an enemy); the day of resurrection; -rozi nāmūs u nām (nang u nām, nang u nabard), A day of battle, strife, or contention; a day of mirth and festivity; -roz u shab, Day and night; -rozi hurmuzd, Thursday; -ba-roz kardan, To set in the light of day; to appear, to come to light, to be manifested (m.c.);—ba-roz kase uftādan (nishastan), To be in an evil plight; -chū roz, Clear, manifest

رز افزاى roz-afzāy, Increasing the days; name of the fourth month in the era of

Yazdagird.

(lit. like daylight).

روز آلاروی roz-afzūn, Increasing daily (in glory), a royal title, implying august, fortunate; a benediction, friendly congratulation; alms.

روز الكن roz-afgan, A tertian ague; the sun.

رزاي rozān, Days; (adv.) at day-time; —rozān u shabān, Days and nights.

روزائل), rozūna, Daily; daily pay, pension.

روز بازي roz-bāzī, Time; fortune; the vicissitudes of fate.

פּנְלֵּשׁ*ן, rozbān*, A porter, especially at the royal gates; a footman, mace-bearer; a protector, patron; an executioner.

jy jy roz ba-roz, Day after day, from

day to day, every day.

times; improving daily; happy, fortunate; name of a wazīr of Bahrāmgūr.

روز پیگر roz-paikar, Upright, honest, sin-

cere; enlightened.

رز کسپ roz-khusp, Lazy, idle, inattentive;—roz-khuspi shab-khez, A pretended devotee; a night-robber.

a slave.

קנן נאט roz-dāda, Having seen days, aged. און rozrāna, A market-town; an exile. לואָן roz-ru<u>kh</u>, Clearness, freshness, ruddiness of face; esteem, honour.

rozistan, A place where the day is

passed (opp. to هبستان q.v.).

روز کور ron-kūr, Purblind, not seeing by lay.

روكى rozake, One little day, i.e. a very short while.

rozgār, colding rozgārān, The world; fortune; time, season, an age; day; vanity; wind, air; slaughter; service, employ, situation; labour, toil; occasion; earning; — rozgār bar-āwardan (burdan, khwurdan). To pass one's time; to live; — rozgāri jawānī, The time of youth; — rozgāri paigham-bar, The time of the apostle; — rozgār guzarārādan, To render unhappy; — rozgār guzarārādan, To pass one's time; — rozgār guzarārādan, To subsist, live; — rozgār yāftan, To find an opportunity; — muṣhālif rozgār, Adverse wind; — muṣā'id (muwāfiq) rozgār, Favourable wind.

رزگار ديدة rongār-dīda, One who has seen the world and its vicissitudes, experienced.

رونگار ونتگان rozgār-raflagān, Unfortunates. رونگار آفرین rozgār-āfirīn, The creator of the world.

روزگاری rozgārī, Worldly; vain; aerial; one who earns;—rozgāre, Some time;—rozgāre shumard. He has lived a long time. رزگانی rozgāna, Pay, pension; fore-part

of the head.

روز كدار roz-guzār, A livelihood; what is sufficient for the day.

روز کرد roz-gard, (Turning the day) The

روز گردك roz-gardak, The snnflower. ورز گری roz-gūn, Resembling the day, bright.

روز ماة roz-māh, The day of the month, date.

roz-marra, Daily conversation, common discourse; daily allowance; always,

in roz-mah, Date, day of the month. roz miyan, The third day, every روز ميان other day.

رزن rozan, rauzan, A window; an aperture in the middle of the house for allowing the smoke to escape, a louvre-window; (in fortification) a loophole, an embrasure;rozan giriftan, To shut the window; -rozan gushādan, To open the window;-rozani gulkhan, The chimney of a stove.

roz-nāmcha, روز نامية roz-nāmcha, A book of the day, i.e. an ephemeris, calendar, almanack; a journal of daily transactions or expense; a daily account-book or journal; a daily list, account, or report; a news-

paper.

roznāma-jī, روزنامه لويس roznāma-jī, روزنامه جي roznāma-nawis, A newspaper-writer, a reporter, journalist (m.c.); a book-keeper.

roznāma-nawīsī, Journalism

(m.c.).

رزندي rūzandan, To increase; to ooze.

روزلك سر rauzanak-sar (rauzanaki sar?), The soft part of the head.

روزک مر rūzang-sar, The hoopeo (doubtful).

wije, rauzana, rozana, A window, or any hole in the wall for receiving light; (in fortification) a loophole.

rūzana-sar, The hoopoo.

roz-u-shab, A day of twenty-four

ررة, roza, A day, a day's (journey, &c.); daily allowance; fasting; a fast-day; anything additional over the hose sar-muza; roza khwurdan, To avoid keeping fast ;roza dāshtan, To fast ;-roza'i 'uzlat, A fast of twenty-four hours ;-roza kushūdan, To breakfast (especially in the month of Ramazān, when it is not permitted till the evening); -roza'i maryam, Silence; death.

روزة خوار roza-khwār, One who breaks the

fast.

روزة خواري roza-khwārī, A breaking of the fast.

روزة مار roza-dār, Who fasts or keeps Lent. روزه داري roza-dārī, A kceping of the fast. ارزة راة رزة راة roza-rah, A day's journey.

روزة كشا roza-kushā, Breakfasting.

روة كشائى roza kushā'i, Breakfast. روة كشائى rozī, Daily food; monthly wages; provision; sustenance; fortune, lot, portion; goods, chattels; activity; [rozi az zakhm paraganda khwurdan, To procure one's daily food with great trouble from everywhere;—tang-rozi, Whose means of subsistence are scant (see زنك روزى) ;]-roze, One day; a certain day; -roze chand, Several days.

روى الزاي rozī-afzāy, Name of the fourth month according to the æra of Yazdagird.

روزيانك roziyāna, Daily; daily allowance; a journal, pension, or pay-book; an ephe-

روزى خواره rozī-khwār (وزى خواره rozī-khwār (روزى خوار ing his daily food; (pl.) rom-khwaran, living creatures.

رزيدي rozīdan, To sweat out; to increase. روزی ده rozī-dih, روزی رسان rozī-rasān, Giver of daily bread (an epithet of God); paymaster (of an army).

روزی کناد rozi kunād, God prosper (him)! rozīmand, In want of daily food (opp. to روزي خوار q.v., namely one who has a daily allowance granted him by others).

رويىه rozīna, Daily pay, a pension; a daily allowance granted to Brahmans, fakeers, poor or infirm persons, to be enjoyed during their lifetime.

روينه دار rozīna-dār, One who receives a daily allowance.

روس ros, rūs, Russia; a Russian; a fox; an elk; walking pompously; outstripping, leaving behind.

مرس A روس ru'us (pl. of ra's), Heads.

روساء A روساء ru'asā' (pl. of ra'īs), Princes, nobles.

رو ساختن rū sākhtan, To blush, ashamed.

ros-augurda, Fox-grapes. روسيى rūspī, A courtesan; a cuckold. روسيى بارگى rūspī-bāragī, Whoredom.

روسپى بارة rūspī-bāra, A whoremonger. , rū-saped, Illustrious, excellent; select; honest, righteous.

روسپى زادة rūspī-zāda, Son of a whore.

rostāy, A market روستای rostā, rūstā, روستا town, village, cantonment of Turkomau buts; a market-place; any inhabited place, cultivated country with towns and villages; an inhabitant of such a place; an assemblage, concourse of people; a corn-field; -bī-rostāy 'id, Mirth, festivity without noise or rusticity.

روستا خير rustā-khez, Day of the resurrection.

روستار rostār, rūstār, A villager. روستار rostā-zāda, rūstā-zāda, Villageborn; a peasant, a rustic.

وستا = بوستاي q.v. روستاي q.v.

رستائی rostā'ī, rūstā'ī, A villager; a country life, rural life;—rostā'ī-rā ḥamām khwush āmad, The rustic enjoyed the bath, a proverbial saying to express that a person sticks to an occupation or place.

rūstakhez, The Day of Judgment. rūstam, Rustam, the Persian

Hercules.

a رحت بر rūsakhtaj, P. منت بر ro-sukhta, Antimony.

رو سفید $rar{u}$ -safed, و سفید q.v.

ر سفيدي rū-safedī, Honourable conduct ; bonour.

روسي rosī, A little; a cup of wine; name of a hero; Russian; a Russian; a kind of stuff.

و سياه رو سياه , rū-siyūh, Black (in face, mind, or name); eriminal; unfortunate, mean, abject; an Ethiopian, a black Arabian.

رو سياهي rū-siyāhī, Blackness of face;

disgrace; sin, criminality.

روش a raush (v.n.), Eating much; also little.

Any rawish (in poetry sometimes rosh), Motion, going, coming; walking, outstripping, passing by; way, mode, manner; order, proceeding, custom, institution, rite, law, rule, regulation; avenue, walk, path, way, passage; [rawishi ahmad dāshtan, To keep the precepts of Muhammad, or the laudable way]—rosh, Wicked, bad-tempered, inhuman; (for roshan) bright, splendid;—rūsh (for rūy-ash), His face (m.c., see y).

ريمان roshān. Light, clear, luminous. هاي roshāna, A proper name, Roxana.

روهنا roshanā, Light, splendour; a marcasite or fire-stone; Roxana; — roshanā'i (rūshanā'i) alaktrisīya, Electric light (m.c.).

رد هناس (هناس بتن shinās, Conspicuous, celebrated, honourable, respectable; an acquaintance, one whose face is known, a cap-acquaintance;—rū-shināsān, Chiefs (of a kingdom or city); stars; friends, acquaintances.

ر هناسي rū-shināsī, Acquaintance.

q.v.;—rosha- روهن roshanān, pl. of روهنان

nāmi falak, The stars.

روهناي roshana'i, Luminous, affording light; light; the marcasite or fire-stone; splendour; ink; an eye-salve.

, roshan-bīn, روهن دين roshan-bāṣar, روهن دم

Clear-sighted.

روش تاب roshan-tāb, Bright, resplendent; the sun.

رمنجوراغ roshan-chirāgh, A note in music. وهندان raushandān, A window-frame;—roshandān, A skylight; a lamp.

رهن دل roshan-dil, Of an enlightened

mind.

رهن دماغ roshan-damāgh, Snuff.

روهن راى a roshan-rāy, Of a serene mind (name of a sister of Aurangzeb).

روهن روان roshan-rawan, and

ريشن معير roshan-zamīr, Of an enlightened mind or genius; a clear head, a bright mind.

a رومن براد noshan-sawād, Skilled in reading written matter or manuscripts.

a روهن قياس roshan-qiyas, Sagacious,

روهناك roshank, Name of the wife of Alexander; a certain drug; a torch-bearer. رهنگر roshangar, A polisher, furbisher.

روهن گهر roshan-guhar, Of a bright disposition.

وهن اطر من الله roshan-nazar, وهن الله q.v. وهن الله q.v. وهن الله roshan-nihād, Of a bright disposition.

روهني roshani, Light; law; a trace; bright steel; (construed with the verbs uftādan, afgandan, burdan, dādan, raftan, shustan, kardan, māndan, &c.);—roshani'i şubḥ, Light of morn.

روهنيگاه roshanī-gāh, A lightsome place. روهنیکان roshīdan, an obsolete verb of which

روهيدي roshidan, an obsolete verb of which only the imp. rosh, Light up, brighten, and the part. roshān, Shining, clear, luminous, seem to be in use.

روض , rauz, A quantity of water, half a leathern bottle full; (pl. of rauzat) Kitchen or flower gardens; meadows, meads, lawns.

A برمات , rauṣāt (pl. of the following), Gardens; meads.

A \$\text{i.s.} nadad, have; met.) Paradise; a tomb; a meadow, lawn; (met.) Paradise; a tomb; a funeral prayer;—rauza'i bāghi rafi', The garden of Paradise;—rauza'i tarkib, The human form;—rouza'i jannat, The terrestrial paradise;—rauza'i khūb, Heaven;—rauza'i dozakh-bār, A bright, flaming sword;—rauza'i rizwān, The garden of Paradise;—rauza'i taiyiba, Muhammad's tomb in Madīnah;—rauza'i fīroza-rang, The sky;—rauza'i māhi muḥarram, A funeral speech in the Muharram celebration.

بون خوان , rauza-khwān, A eulogist of, or

one who prays over, the dead.

رونه راک , rauza-rang, Of a green colour.

A ای rauza (v.n.), Fleeing unto the hills
(a wild beast); (for P. rād) a river.

A &, rau' (v.n.), Fearing; terror; terrifying; astonishing;—rū', The heart (as seat of fear); understanding, intellect.

م معنى rawat (v.n. of على), Dread, terror, fear.

a £3, raugh, وطام rawaghān (v.n.), Lying in wait for a fox (a man); stealing away (as a fox); inclining to; turning towards; seeking a pretext.

رع rūgh, An eructation, a belch.

ter, ghee; fat, grease;—raughan az khāk (reg, sang, kadū'i khushk) kashīdan, raughan az reg giriftan, To pretend to produce a thing from whence it cannot be got;—raughan ba-khwud zadan, To prepare for work (taken from the practice of wrestlers);—raughan ba-rang rekhtan, To talk idly;—raughan ba-reg rekhtan, To entrust a work to an indolent or incapable person;—raughani balasān, Balsam;—raughani bīdanjīr, Castor oil;—raughani talkh, Common

oil, expressed from rape or mustard seed; – raughani <u>kh</u>ālis, Pure butter; — raughani khwud, One's religious opinions;raughani khwush, Sesame-oil; - raughan dādan (zadan), To anoint with oil, &c.; to pour out oil; — raughani dāgh, Melted butter; — raughani zard, Butter; — raughani zait, Ölive oil; — raughani sāda, Melted butter; -raughani sabz, Oil of roses, or other odoriferous plants; -raughani sutur, Animal grease; - raughani siyah, Oil; -raughani qaz, Hemp-oil; -raughani kadū, (met.) Wine; -raughani kadū (qūz) mālīdan, To soft-soap one with flattery; raughani kamān, Oil for making the bow flexible; varnish (m.c.); -raughani kunjad, Oil of sesame (a kind of grain);—raughani gāv, Ghee;—raughani gulāb, Oil of roses; ambergris; -raughani gosht, Fat of meat; raughani miṣrī, Oil of balsam;—raughani maghz, (Brain-oil) Intellect, judgment;raughani wezha, Clarified butter.

roghnās, Madder. وغناس

رعن جوش raughan-josh, A fritter, anything fried in oil or butter.

روطن دار raughan-dar, (Meat) dressed with oil; fed with oil (as a lamp).

رغندان raughandān, An oil-bottle; an

unguent-box.

روغن رفته raughan-rafta, (Whose oil is spent) One whose years and prosperity are

روغن زبان raughan-zabān, Oily-tongued.

رطن زالي rau<u>yh</u>an-sabānī, Cajolery. rau<u>gh</u>an-farosh, A vender of oil; a seller of butter.

رجي كدة raughan-kada, An oil-mill. وهي كدة raughangar, A butter-maker or seller; an oil-presser.

رغن رعن , raughangari, Oil-making. رعنی raughanī, A kind of sweetmeat dressed with butter; anything fried in butter; greasy, oily; an oil-presser; a seller of butter.

رطنين raughanin, Fried in butter.

raughanīna, Bread baked with

rauf (v.n.), Resting;—ra'uf, Merciful, benign; God.

روف rūf, (in Samarkand) Seed of fleawort.

رونس rūfis, Name of a Greek sage (Orpheus?).

رنانيدي, rūfānidan, To clean the teeth.

رواتس rūftan, To sweep, to wipe, to rub. رو لراخ rū-farākh, Of an open countenance;

bright, resplendent.

رق A روق rauq (v.n.), Being clear, bright (wine); giving pleasure, striking with admiration; sincere friendship; the flower of youth; the first or best part of anything; design, purpose; a veil, a curtain; a portico; a hunter's lurking-place; the horn of an ox or sheep; a body, a carcase;

substitute, equivalent; -rūq (pl. of rauq), Porticoes; -rawaq, The projection of the front upper beyond the under teeth.

روكار rūkāz, A public exhibition of a thief or other criminal in the streets and market-

روكش raukash, The world; time, age;rūkash, Anything whose exterior and interior differ.

رو گاه rū-gāh, The upper or best side of a garment; the frontispiece or the preface of a book; the hem of a garment; a leader.

رو کردان rū-gardān, Face-averted, disobedient; one who renounces (m.c.); a garment or stuff which can be worn either side.

ر گردانی rū-gardānī, Desertion. بر تردانیدی rū-gardānādan, To desert.

raum, The bdellium-tree; -rom (S. roma), Soft hair on all parts of the body, body-pile; -- rūm (for rūyi man), My face

(m.c., see under 3).

raum (v.n.), Seeking, anxiously desiring; moving clandestinely; - raum, $r\bar{u}m$, The lobe of the ear;— $r\bar{u}m$, Name of the son of 'Is, son of Ishaq; also of the people who descend from him; Greece; Rome, the Roman Empire; Roumelia; Turkey; -biladi rūm, The cities, kingdoms, or empire of Greece, or of Europe in

رو مال rū-māl, (Wiping the face) A handkerchief, towel, napkin, sudary; -rūmāli siyāh, A black veil to cover the eyes.

رمالي rūmālī, A kind of pigeon; a mode of exercising the arms, by turning the mugdars (clubs used as dumb-bells) over the head; a sodomite; a handkerchief worn about the head.

رومان بر rūmān, Name of a city in Tabaristān; also of a quarter in Ray; also of a village near Aleppo; name of an angel keeping guard over graves.

م روماني rūmānī, Of a ruby-colour. روماني rēmā'ī, Roman.

روستا romnā, (in Zand) A pomegranate. a رمالار rūm-sālār, The commander of

the Greeks.

roma, Hair about the pubes, or

body; Rome (m.c.).

روسي, rūmī, Roman, Greek, Turkish; a kind of garment; red colour; -rūmī u zangi, Greek and Ethiopian, (met.) night and day.

a روسى rūmī, Greek; the sail of an empty ship.

روميان rūmiyān (pl. of rūmī), Romans; Greeks.

rūmiyāna, Grecian, Greek fashion. روسی تهکان rūmī-bachagān, Tears.

rūmiyat, rūmiya, The city of Rome.

رومس محوى rūmī-<u>kh</u>oy, Fickle, like a Greek. روسى زن رعنا rūmī sani ra'nā, The sun.

رومين rūmīnā, Polished, cleaned, bright-ened.

rūmiya, Name of a city which Nushīrwān is said to have built on the shores of the Greek Sea, on the model of Antiochia, a year's journey distant from Constantinople; Rome; Roumania (m.c.). (See A. (1994)).

A 69, raun, Adversity, rigour, severity.

e), rūn, Cause reason; [rūni ān, On this account; for this reason;]—rawan, Trial, proof;—ron, Name of an Indian town; the river Rhône (m.c. from Fr.).

روناس ronās, Madder, a red-dyeing

root.

رونع nawanj, riwanj, Sheep's chitterlings stuffed with meat and rice.

رونجو, rawanjo, A wood-worm.

م برالله A riwand, Rhubarb.

رندگان, rawandagān (pl. of rawanda), Travellers, &c.; — rawandagāni 'ālam, The planets.

روندگی rawandagi, Rapidity of motion.

rūnda, Fluid, liquid; thin, soft; grain fried, and ground with a hand-mill; —rawanda, A goer, traveller, passenger; a runner, messenger; prepared to go; a custom-house permit;—āyanda u rawanda, The comer and goer, travellers.

a روندى riwandī, A seller of rhubarb.

A & 3, raunaq, Beauty, elegance, grace, splendour, brightness, ornament (construed with the verbs burdan, dādan, dāshtan, shikastan, giriftan); — raunaqi saif, The glittering surface of a sword.

رنق الكيز aunaq-angez, Splendour-dis-

playing.

a رنى بخما روتى بخما روتى بخما روتى بخما روتى بخما روتى بخما و raunaq-bakhshā, Dispenser of splendour, &c.

a رنس کری raunaq-garī, Beauty, splen-

dour, brightness.

رولاء), $r\bar{u}$ -namā, Showing the face, appearing; a present made to a bride when she unveils herself (in this meaning also رندائي $r\bar{u}$ -namā'ē).

رونی roni, Native of Ron in India (sur-

name of the poet Abu 'l-faraj).

رولياس roniyās, Madder.

יני $r\bar{u}$ -wāz (for $r\bar{u}$ -bāz), Unveiled (m.c.), open in front; open (a carriage).

ת ת פלים, rū wā-rū, Face to face (see אוני, אוני rū wā-rū, Face to face (see אוני, אוני wā wā-rū', Face to face (see אוני, אוני). א ענייט א ru'ūs (pl. of rās), Heads, chiefs, &c.

A روك $ra'\bar{u}f$, = روك ra'uf, q.v.

روه , rūh, Good behaviour, purity, sanclity.

رهان, rūhbān, A monk, ascetic, devotee (lit. an observer of good behaviour, &c.).

رهس rohan, رهس rohina. The finest Indian steel, of which the most excellent swords are made; also the swords made of that steel.

رهندة rūhanda, A flourishing, thriving crop.

روهنی rohinā, روهنیا rohīnā, روهنی rohīnīgā, وهنی q.v.

روي rawī, A journey, progress;—rūy, The face, air, mien, aspect, countenance; the cheek; surface, appearance, semblance; edge (of a sword); hypocrisy; doubt; hope; investigation, or incitement to make inquiry; path, way; cause, reason; [rdy az āhan (sang) dārad. He is brazen-faced, he has lost all shame;—rūyi ān na-dāsht, He had not the face for that, he durst not do it; -rūy āwardan, To turn the face towards; to make for; — rūyi āhinī (āhinīn), A helmet covering the face; -ruy baz-guna dashtan, To stray from the right road, to deviate; -- rūy ba-jang āwardan, To wage war ;—rūy bar khāk guzāshtan (mālīdan), To show utter weakness and depression; -ruy burdan, To turn oneself, to look behind; rūy bar samīn andākhtan (mālīdan), To treat with contempt;—rūyi baqā, Solid, steady; health, soundness; the path of blessedness; — rūy ba-ham kashīdan, To frown; -ruyi pay, The face of the foot. i.e. the upper part; the lower part or hollow of the hand; -rūy tābīdan, To frown; -rūyi tukhm nishistan, To brood (hen);rūyi taraddud, Irresolution;—rūyi tarkash, A ready answer or speech ;—rūyi tāza dāshtan, To be considered, esteemed;—rūy tāftan (turush kardan, talkh kardan), To frown at, to be vexed with ;-rūyi ta'āruf, The power of discovering hidden things;rūyi tang, Ashamed face;—rūyi tang dāshtan, (met.) To undertake anything difficult; — rūyi jang na-dīdan, To wage war under a disadvantage;—rūyi khāndān, A most illustrious house;—rūy dādan, appear, happen, occur;—rūy dāshtan, To be ashamed; to be perplexed; to dare; to support, to sustain; to regard, esteem; to tend towards; - rūy dar dīwar āwardan. To hide oneself, to abscond; -rūy dar $nuqs\bar{a}n \ quz\bar{a}shtan$, To be diminished;— $r\bar{u}y$ dar ham kashidan, To frown ;-rūyi dast, A certain manœuvre in wrestling; the back of the hand; cunning, stratagem; a box on the ear;—rūyi dil dīdan, To receive kindness, favour, or consideration; - rūyi dil kushādan, To open the heart;—rūyi dil namūdan, To be generous, liberal; to console; to favour; -rūy didan, To favour, be partial to; -ray raftan, To go towards, to enter (m.c.); -rūyi zamīn, Surface of the ground ;- rūy firā-ham āwardan (kardan), To succeed, to come off well; -ruy farmudan, To put to shame; -rūyi fulān saped (safed), May his face be bright, may he be fortunate (a proverbial formula of approval, &c. opp. to:)—rūyi fulān siyāh, A curse upon him !—rūyi fulān kār nīst, It is of no use, it is not convenient; -rūyi kār, The front; the outer and better side of a stuff (opp. to pushti kār, The back side);

near; ruy kārdan, To turn the face or attention: -rūyi kamān, The face of a bow, that part farthest from the archer when he shoots; -rūy gardānīdan, To turn from with aversion; to frown at; -ruy giriftan, To frown; to cover one's face in shame; to occupy; to grant one's request; to protect; to silence; $-r\bar{u}yi$ gul- $g\bar{u}n$, A rosy complexion; $-r\bar{u}y$ $m\bar{a}ndan$, To turn towards; -ruyi nāzik, Ashamed ; -rūyi nasli ādam, The noblest of men; prophets; rest, repose; - rūy namūdan, To happen, come to pass; to occur to the mind; to show the road; -rūy nihādan, To turn towards, to make for ;—rūyi ham rafta, Taken all together (m.c.) :-az rūy, On account of, according to, by way of ;—az rūyi hisāb, According to computation;—az rūyi zāhir. As it is evident;— $az \ h\bar{i}ch \ r\bar{u}y$, On no account, by no means;—az chi rūy, On what account? ba-rūyi yakdīgar bīrūn āmadan. To come forth against one another (in battle);—bar rūyi kār āmadan, To become manifest or public; -dar rūyi āftāb, Exposed or opposite to the sun;— $zi r \bar{u}y$, = $az r \bar{u}y$ above;— $zi r \bar{u}yi$ adab, As it behoves, decorously;]-roy, Brass;—royi sufr, Name of a mixed metal.

a con rawi, The last letter of a distich, in which all the verses in the same poem terminate; a cloud pouring forth rain in large drops; a full draught.

رويا م royā, Growing; anything which grows.

A vision, dream;—

rūyā dīdan, To dream.

روياروي rūy-ā-rūy, Face to face.

روى اندود , rūy-andūd, With painted face. روى بدوار , rūy-ba-dīwār, Perplexed; astounded.

ר פולאביט royānīdan, To cause to grow; to produce, bring forth; to excite, stimulate. און rāy-band, A lady's veil.

رى عاك ي rūy-khāk, With a dust-covered face.

A روبط (v.n. of رائی), Seeing; knowlege, opinion; sight, vision; — rawīyat, Careful consideration of anything.

עבר ruwaid-an, ruwaidā, Slowly, by

degrees; gently! softly!

روى داد, rūy-dād, Occurrence, accident; a statement of facts.

روی دست , rūy-dast, A trick in wrestling. روی دل rūy-dil, Affable, smiling.

ويري) rawidan, To go, travel, walk. بي) rawīz, Opinion;—rawīzi ghālib, The prevailing opinion.

روی زری, rūy-zard, Pale-faced, ashamed. بری منحد ing the hair and eye-brows black. روى سخته roy-sukhta, Antimony (see

روش rūyash, His, her, or its face (see روث rūsh).

روى هنامت روى هنامت , rūy-shinākhta, روى هنامته shinās, Conspicuous, respectable.

روى هناسان rāy-shināsān, Acquaintances. ويشند rawīshand, (in Zand and Pāzand), A shield; the head.

رى هويه rūy-shūya, A wash or cosmetic lotion for the face.

روی کردای roygar, A coppersmith, brazier. روی کردای برتای بی rūy-gardān, = ور کردای roygarī, The craft of a brazier;—roygarī kardan To exercise this craft.

ريمال rūy-māl, Wiping the face; a hand-

kerchief, napkin, sudary.

روينار roy-nāz, رويناس roy-nās, Madder روينار royan, Madder ;—royin, Brazen. روينا بتها برينا بينار روينار روينار روينار روينار روينار روينار روينار روينا

رويدة, royanda, Growing; what grows.

royang, Madder. وينك

one who tins brass pots; anything made of or overlaid with brass; a red dye;—rūy-nih, A veil for the face.

ويوالغ, rūywāna, A veil, a curtain.

čij, rawiya (from raftan), Custom, fashion, institution, law, rule; behaviour; —rūya, Facing, towards; [dū-rūyā, Doublefaced; double-edged;—yak-rūya, Singlefaced;]—roya, Brass, tin.

روتيدگي ro'īdagī, Vegetation, growth.

روگيدكي ro'idan, To grow, increase. ه روگيدنگاه ro'idan-gāh, A place of growth. روگيدلي ro'idanī, Whatever grows; vegetables.

روگيده ro'ida, Grown up, produced. روگيده, ru'id, Name of the son of Jacob from

Joseph's mother.

noyīn, Brazen; bell-metal; red, of a red tincture, paint used for the face; name of Faridūn; of a champion of Irān; of a son of Afrāsyab; of the son of Pirān Wīsa; also of a country;—nāla'i royīni khusruwāni, The blast of the imperial trumpets.

ن رويين royīn-tan, (Brazen-body) Name of Isfandyār; displaced, dismissed; the

stomach.

رويس تبى royīn-tanī, Dismissal, abdication.

رويين چنگ royīn-chang, Brazen-clawed. رويين خم royīn-khum, A brazen drum.

أرويين در royīn-dizh, A brazen drum; name of a fortress.

رويين سار royīn-sāz, A coppersmith.

رويين royīn-sum, Brazen-hoofed. رويين royīna, Brazen; a brazier.

روييده تن royīna-tan, (Brazen body) Name

of Isfandyar; the stomach. رويينه خم royīna-khum, A brazen drum.

روينه سم royīna-sum, A brazen hoof; brazen-hoofed.

royīna-māl, A noise with the رويينة مال mouth; a fart.

روييدة ناي royīna-nāy, A brazen trumpet.

i, rah, A road; law, rule, custom; time, turn; a whole, total; melody; intellect, genius; (imper. of rastan) escape thou; [rah uftādan, To attack, rob, plunder; to befal; to set out (m.c.);—rah burdan, To find the road; -rahi jāma-darān, Name of one of the notes of the lute (perhaps very thrilling or doleful); -rahi hawan raftan, To go the way of, or to choose poverty; siyum rah, For the third time;]-ruh, A religious life, sanctity.

, rahā, Liberation, escape; liberated; rahā dādan, To release, to dismiss;—rahā kardan, To set free, discharge, dismiss, quit, leave, discard, abandon; to concede, commit;—rahā yāftan, To escape, to be pre-

gerved.

ماه , rahā', Wide (plain);—rihā,' Conduits, aqueducts; -ruhā', rahā', Name of

رهاد, rahād, A water-course; a traveller; a note in music.

هادي, rahādan, To set free.

مال مال , rihāṭ, Household furniture.

مام ه rahām, Lean flocks; — rihām, Gentle and continuous rains; -ruhām, A bird not given to hunting, timid; a large

رهام, ruhām, Name of a son of Gūdarz, one of the twelve champions.

رهن rihān (v.n. 3 of رهن), Betting at a horse-race; (pl. of rahn) pawns, pledges; —aiyāmu 'r-rihān, The days on which the Arabs instituted horse-races.

ه انجام, rah-anjām, A complete travellingapparatus; a horse; a courier, messenger; -rah-anjāmi rūhānī, The animal whereon Muhammad is said to have ridden to beaven on the night of mi'rāj; a quiet, tranquil

rahānīdan, وهانيدي rahānīdan, To set at liberty, let out of the hand (a horse or bird); to snatch away.

rahāv (for rah-āb), A traveller by water; an aqueduct, a canal; (for rahāwī), A note in music.

رة آور, rah-āwar, A traveller; also rahāward, An elegant present (brought on returning from a journey); direction.

a رهاوي rahāwī, ruhāwī, Of the city of ruhā' (Edessa); name of a note in music

رهایش rahāyish, Freedom, escape, liberation.

رهائي rahā'ī, Dismission, liberation, deliverance; divorce; acquittal, discharge; freedom, release, escape, relief; — rahā'ī dādan, To give liberty or escape, to release; -rahā'ī yāftan, To obtain deliverance, to escape.

rahā'ī-bakhsh, Giver of li-

berty.

rahā'i-jā, A place of escape or deliverance, a refuge.

A -, rahb, The sharp point of a spear or arrow; a lean she-camel; -ruhb (v.n.), Fearing; fear, terror; -rahab, A sleeve.

رهبان, rahbān, One who guards the way ;ruhbān, Pious (said to be derived from ruh, Sanctity, and ban, Keeper, but probably identical with the following.

رهبان ruhbān, A monk ; (pl. of rāhib) Monks, Christian priests.

ruhbān-khāna, A monastery. وهبان خانه

A هبانية, rahbānīyat, ruhbānīyat, A monastic life, monkery, monkish practices, such as self-castration, wearing of chains round the neck, or putting on of sackcloth; -la rahbānīyata fī 'l-islām, There is no monasticism in Islām (a celebrated saying of Muhammad's).

م مبله , rahbat (v.n. of رهب), Fearing; fear, terror; monachism.

rah-bar, A way-guide, escort; demonstration, proof;—lashkari zafar-rahbar, A victorious army, an army guided to

رهبري, rah-bari, Guidance, direction, leading; argumentative; -rahbarī kardan, To

guide.

ه پيما, rah-paimā, Who measures the road, a traveller.

ه توهم rah-tosha, Road-provision.

مع مرهم rahj, rahaj, Dust; tumult; rainless clouds.

رهدار, rah-dār, Toll-collector; highwayman.

ילענ rah-rav, A traveller; follower; sec-

tary.

رهرواي rah-rawan (pl. of rah-rav), Travellers;-rah-rawāni azal, Religious students; rah-rawāni rāhi ākhirat, Travellers in the right road to heaven; -rah-rawani sahar, Those who watch and pray during the night; -rah-rawāni tarīqat, Followers of any order; the four elements; -rah-rawani gordan, The planets.

رة روى rah-rawī, Gait, march, pace, walk. رهز rahazan (v.n. of رهز , رهز rahz, رهز م Moving oneself, wriggling; motion, agita-

رهري rah-zan, A highway-robber.

رهوني, rah-zanî, Highway-robbery;—rahzanī kardan, To rob on the highway.

مس A رهس, rahs (v.n.), trampling, treading violently under foot.

قام , rah-shāh, A main road, royal road. هشه, rahsha, Sesame-flour mixed up with honey and milk.

رهشی rahshī, Sesame-meal.

rahs (v.n.), Pressing, squeezing; being worn out (hoof); dunning continually; hastening; -rihs, The lowest row of stones in a wall; a root; a foundation; mud or clay for building a wall.

raht A number of men (without

women) below ten or from three to ten; a kind of petticoat of leather reaching to the knees and slashed at the sides for conveniency of walking, which is worn by girls and menstruous women.

مف rahf (v.n.), Whetting (a sword);

-rahaf (v.n.), Being thin.

rahaq (v.n.), Approaching, following, entering, being near; settling of the dust upon anything; indulging in lawless and wicked deeds; iniquity, oppression; folly, ignorance.

رة كشاى rah-kushāy, Opening a road.

مكدار, rah-guzār, A pass, passage, road, the meeting of two or more roads; a traveller; a guard, patrole, watch.

رمكذر, rah-guzar, A traveller; an accident,

event.

رهكدري, rah-guzarī, A pass, a passage; a

meeting of two or more roads.

rah-gushāy, Name of the 17th day رة كشاي of the month according to the æra of Yazdagird.

رة كوى rah-goy, rah-gūy, A singer, musi-

cian.

, rah-gīr, A traveller وه كيو

مل مرابع , rahal, Shaking, being loose and flabby (flesh); swelling, being inflated (without disease).

من المام rahn, Pledging, giving in pawn,

depositing; a plege, a pawn.
a plege, a pawn.
rahnāmaj, P. rah-nāma, A mariner's chart; a road-book.

رة نشين, rah-nishīn, A wayside beggar; a houseless traveller; a postman, courier; a

highway-robber; a toll-collector.

rah-namā, A guide, pilot, escort; rah-namāyi lashkar, An army-guide; bī rah-namā, Without a guide. (See بى رة ہی رہ نموں p. 220, for which read نمان bī-rah-namūn.)

rah-namāy, A road-guide.

rah-namā'ī, Conduct, guidance.

منمون, rah-namūn, A guide, pilot, escort. rah-namūnī, Guidance, escort.

رة نورة, rah-naward, A fleet horse; swift of foot (man or beast); any person or thing which rolls along the road; a traveller; a beggar.

مو مر rahw (v.n.), Going softly; with the feet wide apart; settled, quiet, calm; high ground; low ground in which water collects; a street; a woman with wide parts;

a crane (bird).

رهو, ruhū, Custom, rite, law, institute; trace, mark, vestige; some dark appearance in the distance;—ruhū, rahū, Name of a mountain in Ceylon, upon which Adam is said to have alighted when turned out of

رهوار, rahwār, A swift, ambling horse; a traveller; -- samandi rahwar, A swift horse.

رهواري rahwārī, The easy pace of a horse.

rahwat, High ground; low ground رهوة ه where water collects; a gutter, kennel, water-course.

rahwar, A traveller; an easy-going

nag (see رهوار).

ارهن ruhûn (v.n. of رهون), Being firm, fixed, lasting; (pl. of rahn) Pledges, pawns.

رهی rahī, A traveller; a slave; this person (i.e. the person speaking or writing).

رهياب rah-yāb. One who discovers a way or a new mode of doing anything.

رهيدي, rahīdan, To escape, be liberated. رهيدة, rahīda, Dismissed, set free, escaping.

مين rahin, Pledged, pawned, given as a hostage; a pledge; (met.) dependent, subject; dependence; connexion; (pl. of rahn) pledges; — rahin dadan, To pawn; rahin giriftan, To take a pledge.

رهيمة rahīnat, Anything given in pledge. رعية ray, The capital of Persian Irak; name of one of the two founders of that

city. (See jl,.)

رى ray, (in the language of the Franks)

King (comp. Fr. roi).

ری raiy (v.n. of روی), Watering, sprinkling, drawing water, presenting it or drinking to a friend; satisfying thirst; being green and succulent (vegetation).

رياه A riyā' (v.n. 3 of رياه), Acting with dissimulation; hypocrisy, subterfuge, eva-

sion; affectation.

رياب *raiyāb*, Alarming, fearful, inauspicious.

رگات A رئات ri'āt (pl. of ri'at), The lungs.

A the, rayah, Wine; afternoon, evening; -riyāh (pl. of rīh), Winds; odours; name of the father of a tribe;—riyāhi taiyūrī, Rheumatism, rheumatics;—riyāhi taiyarī'i ahsha, Intestinal colics.

A ريامين riyāḥīn (pl. of rayḥān), Odorife-

rous herbs.

اراس ri'āsat, riyāsat (v.n. of رأس), Governing, ruling; government, dominion, sway, command; -riyāsat kardan, To govern, to rule, to reign.

رياض A رياض riyāz (v.n. of روض), Training or breaking in (a colt); (pl. of rauzat; in P. also used as sing.), Gardens, meadows;rashki riyazi iram, The envy of the garden of Iram.

A يامات, riyāzāt (pl. of the following),

Exercises, &c.

رياضة م riyāzat (v.n. of روض), Breaking in (a colt); hardship; -riyāzat kashīdan. To suffer hardships ;-ahli riyazat, Abstemious, austere.

ریاهت کیش riyāzat-kesh, Ascetical, sober. يامت يانته, riyāzat-yāfta, Trained, broke in ;—riyāzat-na-yāfta, Not broke in, untrained.

يامتى riyāṣatī, One who exercises himself, an active and industrious person; a devotee, an ascetic.

رياضي riyāzī, fem. رياضي, riyazīyat, riyāzīya, Disciplinary; mathematical; exact (sciences); — 'ulūmi (funūni) riyāzīya, Mathematics, the exact sciences.

رياهي دان riyāzī-dān, A mathematician.

wells or water-sources.

رياكار riyā-kār, A hypocrite.

A Ou, raiyan, One whose thirst is quenched; fresh, full of juice; florid, flourishing.

a بائى, riyā'ī, A hypocrite, sophist.

A -2, raib (v.n.), Doubting, suspecting; doubt, suspicion, scandal; adverse fortune; dauger;—raibu 'l-munūn, Calamities, adversities;—bī raib u riyā, Without dissimulation and hypocrisy; undisguised;—wārasta'i raib u ishkāl, Indubitable, beyond the possibility of doubt.

a رياج rībāj, and-

ريباس rebās, A sour herb, sorrel, rhapontic.

د الله ri'bal, A lion.

A day, ribat (v.n. of ---------), Offending, scandalizing; doubt; suspicion; what produces suspicion.

يد raibad, Name of a plain celebrated as the scene of the combat of the twelve champions (see duwāzda rukh under غراد).

A &, ri'at, The lungs;—zātu 'r-ri'at, An inflammation of the lungs, peripneumony.

ريت rait, Life. ريتانج, rītānaj, Resin.

rita (S. ritha), The dyeing fruit of an Indian tree.

ربتياني rītiyānaj, A kind of sea-crab.

ربت من , rais (v.n.), Delaying, hesitating; quantity, measure; name of the father of a tribe;—raiyis, Slow, delaying, tardy.

راجي rīchār, الجي rīchāl, هافي rīchāla, A confection, electuary, preserved fruits; anything made from sheep's milk.

wind; odour; victory, superiority, power; pity, compassion; happiness, prosperity; anything pure; a windy day;—rihi janübi, The south wind;—rihi taiyiba, Fragrance.

A Ole, raihān, The support of life; a son, offspring; a blade (of corn, the stalk being called 'asf); sweet basil; any odoriferous herb;—raihāni tātārī, Handsome, well-looking;—raihāni dāwud, Chickweed;—raihāni tard, The sun's rays;—raihāni sabz, Common sweet basil;—raihāni kūhī, White basil.

A & raihānat, A handful of basil.

a رجاني riḥānī, A monumental kind of writing similar to Cufic; a kind of emerald.

A des, rihat, Wind.

a رحى rīḥī, Windy, flatulent.

A & raikh (v.n.), Being loose, remiss, relaxed, futigued; straddling; having a prolapsus ani; prolapsus ani.

ج، rīkh, Thin excrement in a diarrhœa; -rīkh zadan, To have liquid stools.

رضين rekhbin, A dark-coloured acid preparation of sheep's milk and flour; dry grass; the Euphrates (the last two meanings doubtful).

rekhtagi, Effusion.

بختم rikhtim, A terrace (upon a roof) ; a

dam or dyke.

diffuse; to cast, melt; to scatter, disperse, break in pieces; to flow; to fall, drop; to throw oneself down (m.c.); to lay out in pieces (as meat, m.c.);—rekhtani bahār, Spring is coming to an end;—ba-eari (bar sari) kase rekhtan, To fall upon;—firo-rekhtan, To pour out; to scatter.

ر دريا بختيكاة آب در دريا re<u>kh</u>tangāhi āb dar daryā, An estuary, frith, mouth of a river.

rekhtanī, A scattering, dispersion; capable of being poured in or injected; anything thrown about on festive occasions

(as money, flowers, &c.).

made by spilling anything (m.c.); cast or founded; scattered; a syrup or medicinal preparation from sugar; an egg beat and fried; mortar, plaster; a stone-house; easily understood (as a verse or a meaning);—az ham rekhta shudan, To be separated (m.c.);—zubāni rekhta, A mixed language, a gibberish; name given to the Hindustānī language.

rekhtagar, A melter of brass or copper, one who makes any kind of fusile

works.

رختگری rekhtagarī. The art of casting metals.

rekhar, The bezoar-stone.

رخی rikhin, Troubled with diarrhea, loose.

رکیر rī<u>kh</u>īz, A plough-tail; a plough-share. بدك raidak, rīdak, A servant boy; a beardless youth; name of a man.

بيكاي, rīdakān (pl. of the preceding), Lads. وبي rīdan, To ease nature, to stool; to be stupefied.

بيدة, rīda, Excrements.

ويديدي rididan, To be dispersed, to disappear, to vanish (unsupported by ex-

amples)

y, rez, An egg beat together; bruised small, minute; a little boy; a cheesecake made with yolks of eggs and saffron; anything fusile or friable; a small thing, crumbled or reduced to powder; affluence, wealth; a cup, goblet, bowl; will, desire, concupiscence; a drop left at the bottom of a cup; mercy; (in comp. from rekhtan, or rezidan) pouring, scattering, as jawahirrez, Scattering jewels.

יאני, rezā, = נאלים, q.v. נאלים, rezāb. Dirty water that runs off from baths, wash-houses, &c.

(צליט, rezān, Scattering, pouring; raining (cloud or sky); melting, casting; poured, fusile; conveniences, affluence; desire, wish;—rezān shudan, To be pouring; to be poured;—bādi khizān u sarşari rezān, The autumnal wind, boisterous, and scattering (the leaves of the trees).

ريزالدن rezāndan, ريزالدن rezānīdan, To

pour.

ير بير بير rez-bez, Some means, a small competence.

נו אין, rez-rez, Bit by bit; drop by drop; overwhelming;—rez-rez (rīz-rīz) kardan, To crumble; to tear in pieces (m.c.).

برهر rezish, Fusion, pouring; a flowing in small quantities, a scattering; a running

at the nose.

برنين rēzfēn. The jujube; a wooden shovel. ريزكي rezagē, A scrap, bit; small coin (as two-anna, four-anna, or eight-anna pieces).

נייקצ, rez-ma-rez (imp. and prohib. of rekhtan), A lean, lank fellow; a small kind of cucumber.

ويري rīzan, Who breaks wind.

يرناف , reznāk, Friable, crumbled, small.

ريزنان reznān, rezanān, Bar of a door. ريزنائي rezandagī, A copious effusion.

אנגע, rezwar, Pounded, ground, reduced to

powder.

834) reza, Broken small; very minute (animal, vegetable, or mineral); a crumb; an egg beaten up and fried; a scrap, piece, bit, orts; small coin; a prop (m.c.); a kind of cock; children employed in masonwork, and who receive one-half, or a third, of a man's pay; the young of any animal (as pīl-reza, A young elephant);—reza'i sīmīn, The stars;—reza shudan, To be broken or pounded small;—reza'i tu'ma, A scrap of food;—reza'i qalam, The shavings of a pen;—reza kardan, To break in pieces;—reza'i miqrāz, A little fragment falling off in cutting with scissors;—reza'i nān, A bread-crumb.

a من بورة, rezo-khat, Fine-striped, thin-lined.

ربرة خواني reza-khwānī, A fine speech; accomplished singing.

رين خور reza-khwur, An eater of fragments

pieces; in bits. قريرة كردة المراة كردة المراة كردة المراة كردة المراة كردة المراة كردة المراة كردة المراة

small pieces.

ريوة كار reza-kār, Neat, nice; shrewd,

clever.

رية كارى, reza-kārī, Neatness, gracefulness, elegance; shrewdness, cleverness.

rezī, An overflowing; mercy, clemency;—rezī bi-rez, Show mercy; pour out a draught.

פשט, rezidan, To be dissolved, broken in pieces; to be scattered, bruised, melted; to pour, diffuse, scatter; to rot; to be wearied, disgusted.

بريدة, rezīda, Dispersed, melted; fallen in pieces; rotten; displeased; the herb

cyprus.

ענאט) rezīn, Most minute.

رير rīzh, rezh, Desire, concupiscence; hilly ground.

rīzhak, Transgression; a slip, fall.

A καις rais (v.n.), Walking proudly; holding fast; overcoming; being raised above others, being placed at the head of people;—ra'is, A head, chief, principal, president, commander; the captain of a ship; a pilot;—ra'isi iḥtisab, Chief of the police;—ra'isi wuzarā, Prime minister.

yres, rīs, (in comp.) Spinning; scattering; one who uses diligence; a design, a pattern for embroidery; thick broth; a vaulted edifice of Khusraw Parwez;—rīs, Anger, force, violence; buzzing.

ريسانيد, resā, Spinning; sighing, lamenting. ريسانيدي, resānīdan, To excite to diligence;

to make spin.

ريستن restan, rīstan, To spin, to twist; rīstan, To buzz; to use diligence; to scatter; to weep, to mourn for the dead; to sigh; to descend (into a well or the sea); to evacuate fæces.

ريسمان, resmān, rīsmān, A rope, thread, twine, string, cord; cotton;—resmān barā'i kase tābīdan, To meditate one's ruin ; resmān būdani āsmān dar chashm, To lack discrimination;—resmān pāra kardan, To recover from a severe illness;—resmān tāftan, To twist a rope; (met.) to meditate mischief, to plan one's ruin; -resmān khwurdan, To make short ;-resman dadan, To cause to fly or run; —resmān dirāz kardan, To allow one time; -resmān dīgarān pamba kardan, To undergo trouble for others without obtaining one's own wish; -resmānī kishtī, A cable, hawser;-baresmān (dar resmān) kashīdan, To bring into order.

ريسمان بازي resmān-bāz, A rope-dancer. ريسمان بازي resmān-bāzī, Rope-dancing. ريسمان بازي resmān-bāf, A rope-maker. ريسمان فروش resmān-farosh, A cotton-seller.

ریسمائی, resmānī, Of cotton. بسنده, resanda, A spinner. ریسی, resī, A sort of grape.

where, residen, risiden, To spin, twist; to cry aloud, lament; to be diligent; to buzz; to scatter; to void excrement.

بس ب raish (v.n.), Fitting and gluing feathers (to arrows); putting one in good circumstance, promoting one's interest, feathering one's nest; giving food and clothing;—rish, The feathers of a bird, plumage; a wide garment; abundance of

means of life; the beard;—rīsh ar āsiyā saped kardan, (met.) To show oneself stupid and inexperienced; — rīsh ba-bād dādan, To have one's beard shorn off; —rīsh ba-dogh saped kardan, = rīsh az āsiyā saped kardan (the idea in both being, that the beard is to grow white by artificial means, instead of old age which brings wisdom); $-rish \, kh \bar{a}ridan$, $= rish \, kashidan$ below;—rīsh bar āwardan, To become bearded; -rīshi buz, An oblong beard; goat's beard, a herb;—rīshi chapar-bāf, A thick and long beard (Bahāri 'ajam says "like a weaver's comb," but the explanation of chapar-baf, given in the same dictionary, is "a ribbon or seam made with the chapar," for which latter see ;--rīshi chū gundam, A grizzly beard;—rīsh dar dasti kase dādan (dāshtan), To give one's beard, i.e. to entrust one's affairs, to anyone;—rīshi qāzī, A linen strainer; also the corner of it trickling with wine;—rish kashīdan (kandan), To labour in vain; rīshi gāv, The beard of a cow (a proverbial saying when a man does anything mean, as unworthy of his beard); the halter of a cow; a fool; covetous, greedy; -rīsh matā' faroshad, The beard sells the goods, i.e. a venerable aspect helps a cheat to sell his worthless merchandize at a high price; rish na-dashtan, To lack authority, consideration, or dignity.

resh, A wound, sore, pimple, scar; pus, matter; thick pottage made of bruised wheat boiled to a consistency; (in comp.)

wounded or wounding.

ي يمائيل ه, rīshā'īl, Having a long beard. a بيش بابا rīsh-bābā, A kind of grapes. rīsh-bacha, The beard under the

lips; a small beard. ريش برآمده resh bar-āmada, Ulcorated.

ربش بر rīsh-buz, A goat's beard, or one who has such (see rishi-buz under A. ريش). ريش پرداز a rīsh-pardāz, Who has his beard well trimmed.

rīshat, A single feather.

a بیشتاب, rīsh-tāb, A curling beard. ريشتن rīshtan, To be diligent; to buzz; to spin; to set at liberty, to absolve.

ريشتا، rīshta, Anything twisted (as a match, candle-wick, linstock); slices of paste put in soup, macaroni.

a ریش چه rishcha, ایش چه q.v.

rīsh-khanda, ريش خندة rīsh-khanda, Adulation, flattery, fulsome compliments; ridicule; hope, desire; laughing, risible; a flatterer, a sycophant; an ass;—rīsh-<u>kh</u>and kardan, To ridicule, to deride.

ريشخندي rīsh-khandī, Risibility ; a laughing-stock; a proverbial saying when one does a thing unworthy of his beard.

بش عوك, resh-khūk, Scrofula, king's evil. rīsh-dār, Growing a beard, bearded.

ريش ساز resh-saz, A physician, surgeon. يش سفيد, rish-safed, An old man, a greybeard; a head, a chief.

rīsh-siyāh, A young man, black-

beard.

ريش كن resh-kan, Who has laboured in vain, disappointed.

ريش گاو rīeh-gāv, Stupid, stolid; greedy (see $r\bar{\imath}shi\ g\bar{a}v\ {\rm under}\ _{r\bar{\imath}sh}$).

resham, rīsham, Silk. ريشم

rīsh-māl, A contented cuckold.

بيشمالي rīsh-mālī, Cuckoldom.

ريشماني rīshmān, ريشماني rīshmānī, Silken. ريشمينه rîshmī, ريشمينه, rīshmīna, Silken. ريشمي ريشناك reshnāk, Sore.

rishu (probably shortened from the

following), and-

rīshwar (rīshūr), Bearded.

يشم, rīsha, A fringe; threads suspended; a fibre; stringiness of a mangoe; the fibres of the palm-tree; a tendril; the eye-lids; hair on the human body; anything twisted (a match, candle-wick, or linstock); the parts of a tree which are under the ground; name of a disease (see also A. ريشة); [rīsha'i îrsā, Rushgrass-root;—rīsha'i bābā ādam, Burdock-root; — rīsha'i banafsha, Orris-root; — rīsha'i jauz, Galangal; khazdal, Horse-radish; - rīsha'i rīsha'i dastar, The sash of a turban; - risha'i subhānīya, A monk's cowl;—rīsha'i nākhun, The root of a nail;]—resha, rīsha, A wound; -resha bastan (band kardan), To bandage a wound;-resha dawandan (randan, kardan), To wound, to inflict a wound.

برداز, resha-pardāz, Who or what

heals wounds.

ريشة دار resha-där, Wounded.

ريشة وار rīsha-wār, Fibrous. ریشیدی rīshīdan, To pour out; to melt;

to scatter.

ريشيدة rīshīda, Silk interwoven or fringed with points of different colours; the fringe of a turban-sash; coloured; painted and embroidered China silk; shining, luminous ;—reshīda, Wounded.

مينة resha-resha, Covered with wounds;—resha-resha shudan, To be lacerated;—resha-resha kardan, To lacerate, to

يمان rīzān (pl. of rauzat), Gardens, meadows.

يط م rait (pl. of the following), Veils. raitat, A veil of one piece of

cloth.

يع A ربع rai' (v.n.), Growing, increasing; returning; coming out well (bread from the oven or meat from the pot); income proceeding from agriculture; width of the skirt or sleeve of a coat of mail; redundancy; the first and best part of anything; $-r\bar{\imath}'$, rai', A way; an open path between mountains.

معان , rai'ān, The first or best part (of

anything); -rai'ānu 'sh-shabāb, The flower of youth,

نالعب a rai'nāk, Fertile, productive

(ground).

Hatred;—regh, Skirts of a بخ rīah, mountain.

ريمال rīghal, A cup, a goblet. ريمل rīghal, Thin, dry, lean.

roif (v.n.), Coming to the kind of country called rif; grazing that kind of land (cattle); -rif, A cultivated country, a sown field or pasture luxuriant in produce; land contiguous to water, verdant and rich in agricultural produce;—ra'if, Merciful, compassionate.

A ين, raiq (v.n.), Shining on the ground like water, and appearing to flow (vapours); -rīq, Spittle, saliva; [rīq zadan, To ease the bowels;—'alá riq-in, With a morning stomach, i.e. empty, fasting;— 'alá rīqi nafsī, Whilst I was yet fasting;] -raiyiq, Fasting; the first and best part

of anything.

ريقو م rīqū, Troubled with diarrhœa. loose (see riq zadan under ريق, and comp. رريع.

A يقة, rīqat, Spittle.

rik, Bravo! well done! fortunate.

K, rekā, Loved; a beloved object; a class of ushers at a royal court.

ریکاهه, rekāsha, A hedgehog; a porcupine.

يكن, rīkan, An impostor, villain; malevolent; polluted; addicted to magic.

ريك , reg, Sand, gravel, dust; a kind of gold-coloured dust, with which sprinkle writings; an atom; (for 'ilmi reg) geomancy; fortune, luck; fortunate! well done!-regi rawān, Moving sand;-regi zargarī, Sand or dust out of which gold is washed; -regi fulān poshīda ast, (met.) The state or condition of such a one is unknown.

reg-pushta, A hill or heap of

ريک توده reg-toda, A sand-hill.

ريگدان regdān, A sand-box.

ريک ريک , reg-reg, To or in atoms.

ريك زادة, reg-zāda, (Sand-bred) The skink. ريگزار registan, A sandy region.

ريگ هوي reg-shoy, The washing of auriferous sand.

ريكماهي reg-māhī, (Sand-fish) A skink.

ریکن $rigan_{\bullet} = rigan_{\bullet}$ ریگن q.v. ريگناك regnāk, Sandy.

ريلو, rīlū, Ashes of which they make soap ; name of a plant.

A ريم raim (v.n.), Departing; distance; increase, redundancy, excess; bones, &c. remaining over after distributing the joints of a slaughtered camel; a long hour; the evening (till dark); a grave; a step, stair, or round of a ladder; the joining of the sides or lips of a wound when healing;ri'm, rim, A milk-white doe; -ru'im, The buttocks, backside.

ريم, rim, Pus, matter, humour, rheum; dregs, mother of oil, lees of wine; dross of metal; the poplar; an Egyptian tree; -rīmi āhan, The dross of iron (left in the furnace, or which flies off in hammering); -rīm kardan, To suppurate;—rīmi gosh, Ear-wax.

ريما rīmā, An unicorn, rhinoceros. ريماز rīmāz, A kind of light garment.

ريم آهنج rīm-āhanj, ريم آهنج rīm-āhang, Root of the plantain.

ریماز $\mathbf{r}_i maz$, ریماز $\mathbf{q}. \mathbf{v}$

sy يمسعت, rīmas'at, Galangale.

ريمن raiman, A cheat, villain; -riman (for ahriman), An impostor, villain; impure, filthy: addicted to magic; a guide to evil; Satan; a horse; a son; -rīmin, A running sore.

ريساك , rīmnāk, Corrupt, mattery; suppurative (wound or sore); sloughy; filthy, nasty; impure, polluted; puffy, turgid.

ريمناكى rīmnākī, Filthiness, nastiness, dirtiness; slough of a sore or wound.

ريمنى rīminī, Rimini in Italy (m.c.). بيمة, rīma, Dirt in the corners of the eyes and about the eyelashes.

.q.v ريماز = rīmīz, ريميز

A (v.n.), Conquering, overcoming, prevailing; being contaminated, impure; dirt, filth (physical and moral); rust.

A دينگ rainat. Wine.

rev, Fraud, deceit, stratagem; name of the son of Kawus and son-in-law of Tus; -rev khwurdan, To be deceived, cheated.

اجِيًّا, $rew\tilde{a}_{i}$ = the following (unsupported by examples).

ربواج rewaj, Sorrel.

ינבון, rīwāz, Justice, equity; order, method

يواس, rewās, Sorrel; fraud, hypocrisy. ريوليز = revnīz, ريوليز q.v.

עראס, rīvjām, Sobriety, chastity.

sp, rīwad, A plant with which animals become intoxicated.

وى و قاف = بارى و دال q.v.

A ربوق, raiyūq, The best of anything; fasting.

رى , قاك rī u qāf, Trifles; light talk; an

argument.

ريون raiwan, Preceding, walking in front; plaster (doubtful word);—riyon, The river Rion at Poti.

رگون 🛦 ri'ūn (pl. of ri'at), Lungs.

ريونج rīwanj, Sorrel.

روجو, rewanjū, موجو, rewanja, A timberworm.

يوند, rīwand, Rhubarb;—rīwandi chīnī. China rhubarb.

revnīz, Name of the son of Kai

נאָל rīwa, A hillock or high bank; deceit, fraud, incantation; name of the son of Kai Kawus;—rewa, Name of an Indian river.

נפאט rīwīdan, To be absolved, dismissed.

جوج rīwij, Sorrel.

אָרָא, rīwīz, Fraud, treachery, machination,

imposture; sorrel.

A 42, raih (v.n.), Coming and going, appearing and disappearing (vapour, mi-

اريم rih, Brackish soil; depression; de-

spair.

ريانيدن rīhānīdan, To make desolate.

جه rīha, A king, prince, emperor.

ريبيدن rīhīdan, To fall, roll down (as loose earth or sand from a height); to flow murmuringly (as water from a cistern); to be diffused or poured out; to putrefy.

ريبيدة rīhīda, Fallen; rotten, putrid; in-

firm.

ra'īs, A head, chief;—ra'īsi hifzi 's-sihhat, Director of the Sanitary Bourd (m.c.);—ra'īsi dāri 'sh-shu'arā, The President of the Council (m.c.); -ra'isi daftari lashkar, Paymaster of the forces (m.c.). (See also ريس).

بينة مم, ruīna-khum, A brazen drum.

j z (called sā'i or se'i hawwaz, zā'i manquita, za'i mu'jama, dotted za), The thirteenth letter of the Arabic-Persian alphabet, denoting seven in arithmetic, Saturday in the almanacks, and the sign Scorpion in the zodiac; it interchanges with z jim, as, soj for soz; with s, as, pichishk for pizishk; with £, as, guregh for gurez; with , as, ayas for ayaz. The power of ; ze is exactly that of the English z_i —za, b_j $z\bar{a}$ (for b_j), Born; - zi (contracted for as), From; than;

A lj zã, alj zã', The letter j, so called by

the Arabs; a glutton.

→ 1) zāb, Quality, property; a fountain; the eye; name of the tenth king of Persia, of the Peshdadian dynasty.

41) zābā, (in Zand and Pāzand) Pure

gold.

zābgur, Puffing the cheek زابكر, zābgur, Puffing the cheek and striking it so that the wind may escape with noise.

A مان عمر غنال عن يابل a'bil, zābil, Short, dwarfish.

zàbul, zābil, Name of a country and of a people; name of a note in music.

زابلستان zābulistān, Kābul, Ghaznīn, &c.,

the native country of Rustam.

zābīdan, To be endowed with or described by, any particular quality.

eli rāj, A woman in childbed, until the eighth day; (A. form of P. 41; q.v.) copperas, vitriol, shoemaker's black;—zāji abyaz (safed), Alum;—zāji ahmar, Sory;—zāji asfar, Vitriol;—zāji sabz ('irāqī), Green vitriol;—zāji kabūd, Blue vitriol.

April zājir, Prohibitive, who or what

hinders; one who excites and stirs up; a threatener, rebuker;—abû zājir, A crow.

ا عرات zājirāt (pl. fem. of the preceding), Divinations; rebukes; the angels who preside over the winds and clouds.

saij zāj-sūr, A feast on the birth of a child.

يَّ الْحِلُ zājil, The tree ag (see الْحِلِ

נובנן zājūr (for zāj-sūr), A feast made on the third day after the birth of a child.

اَچة بَقْرَم, عَرَاجة تَاجة بَقْرَم, عَرَاجة تَاجة bed until seven days are past; born.

a الجي sājī, Of or referring to vitriol, &c. zāhif, Dragging the legs, fatigued (a camel); falling short of the mark, but hitting it in the rebound; creeping on the belly (as one of the four kinds of animals,

running, flying, swimming, and creeping). الحر A من يالم zākhir, Full, swelling (sea), surgy

(main); liberal.

A wij zakhif, Boasting, vainglorious,

اعل zākhil. The infernal tree zaqqūm, the fruit of which is said to be the heads of

a خورش ا <u>zā-kh</u>warish (for sār-khwarish),

A woman; a little eater.

ડો; zād, (3rd pers. pret. of zādan) He was born; birth; age; a son; a foal; orthodox, a follower of the Sunna; (for āzād) free ;—zād bar zād, Generation upon generation; - zadi khatir, (Offspring of the thoughts) Poetry;—bad-zād, Of low birth or disposition;— $p\bar{a}k$ - $z\bar{a}d$, Of pure origin or extraction.

ياك za'd (v.n. of ارزاد), Terrifying ;—zād, Travelling-provisions, victuals, vivres;zād bar zād, Provisions on provisions; zādi rāķila (rāh), Travelling provisions; way charges.

ال بوم عالى توم الله على zād-būd, وال بود mother-country.

راد عور ,zād-khwr, Old زاد عر zād-khwur, Old.

ال عو j zād-<u>kh</u>ū, zād-<u>kh</u>o, Decrepit.

ال عواست , zād-khwāst زاد عواست khwust. Of full age, but not grown in proportion; an old man; a man of a thin, meagre, debilitated figure; one who spends all that he possesses.

zād sham, Name of Pushang's

father, grandfather of Afrasyab. راد غر zād-ghar, A bastard; a scoundrel.

زادكى zādagī, Birth.

ال مرد مان zād-mard, Free; valiant; gene-

sad-mim, Name of a large river. (Bee ميم)

يان sādan, To bring forth; to be born;

to appear; to increase.

ياد و بود sād-u-būd, Goods and chattels. زادوس sādūs, زادوس zādūsh. The planet

Mercury.

عنان sāda, Born; a son; offspring;zāda'i tāk, Wine ;—zāda'i khātir, (Offspring of the mind) Prose or verse; voice; action; -rāda'i dahan, (Offspring of the mouth) A word; -zada'i shash roza, (Offspring of six days) Heaven and earth; living creatures; - zāda'i tab', Original composition; -zāda'i 'auf, The sou of 'Auf, 'Abdu 'rrahmān;—zāda'i mirrīkh, The offspring of Mars, i.e. iron.

قرمت عوست قرمة غرست zāda khwust, A decrepit old

man.

زار عقر, A groan, plaint, lamentation; weeping, crying; desire; groaning, afflicted; weak, thin; contemptible; a crowd, multitude; vain; (an affix denoting) a place where anything abounds.

נוע ב zār, A die (for gambling); a pel-

licle; the cataract.

يَّ اراعنك عَمَّرَ عَمْرَ يَاراعنك عَمْرَةُ عَمْرَةُ عَلَيْهِ عَمْرَةُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَل j zārtusht, زارتهم زارتشع زارتشع aster, &c. (see زرتشت).

zarij, Barberries.

زار خوار نار خوار غوار) zār-khwār, One who desires; afflicted.

زار خور بال «ār-khwar, (A lad) who eats little and thrives not; desirous; roguish, dishonest; one who uses equivocal language.

ار خورث sār-khwarish, Abstemious woman. ار عوض أن عقد يا sār-khwash, Who uses allegorical or equivocal language; a deceiver, a cheat. واردهنت sārdusht, cames,1; zārduhsht, Zoroaster.

ارزار يقت عقد المنانية aār-sār, Great lamentation. A في تقتر بنائع يقتر يقتر يقتر يقتر يقتر إلى المنانية المنا sower, planter.

زار غنگف zār-ghang, Hard and sandy land. زار نالي «ār-nālī, A subdued wailing.

زار نزار sar-nizar, Great lamentation. زارة zāra, Contemptible, abject; plaint, moan; a cry for help; meanness; vehement

إرهشت säruhsht, särhusht, Zoroaster. زاري sārī, Lamentation, plaint; cry for

help; lowliness, humility.

נוֹעלי zāriyāna, Cause, motive, reason; whatever occasions weeping and lamenta-

زاريدي sārīdan, To groan, cry; to afflict, vex. Jiji zāzāl, Name of a small black bird which cannot rise from the ground.

ازل zāzil, zāzal, A colander, strainer. il) zāzh, Sweepings of a thrashing-floor.

ياسك j zāst, Name of a country.

, zāstar (contracted from zi ān sū-tar) زاستر (Go or sit) a little farther off! separate; increase, excess; more.

استى zāstan, To bear, bring forth a child. El; zāgh, A crow, raven, rook; a sort of pigeon; vitriol; sedition, mutiny; bias, inclination; name of a note in music; a name for a created being; — zāghi ābī, (Water-crow) A coot;—zāghi pā-surkh, A certain delicately-flavoured bird; — zāghi sih-par, An arrow;—zāghi kamān, The internal bend of a bow; -zāgh giriftan, To revile, to abuse.

A & zagh, A small, whitish crow.

ياع پا zāgh-pā, راع پاي zāgh-pāy, (Crowfoot, black-leg), Reproach, reproof, taunt, contumely.

يسة على zāgh-pīsa, كينة على zāgh-pīna, A jackdaw (unsupported by examples, but see

zelj zaghij, A crow, a rook.

الع چائم علم غام غام علم Elj zāgh-chashm, Blue-eyed. اغچند عقرا عقرائع على عقر اغچند العيد العيد tān.

مَعِدُا ; zāahcha, A small crow, a daw. اع دُل <u>zāgh</u>-dil, Hard-hearted. رَاغِر j zāghar, zāghur, A bird's crop.

زيان عربي عن ياغ زيان zāgh-zabān, (Crow-tongue) A man whose curses prevail; a term implying excellence in a horse.

يَّةُ وَالْمُولِ يَّمَ <u>agh</u>-nol, A mattock; a battle-are.

اغوك zāghūk, A ball for a balista.

well zāghūna, The socket of a candlestick; a reed used by weavers to wind their thread upon.

يَّ يَعْنِيهُ zāghīcha, A small crow, a daw. a bil; zāfira, A crowd; a troop of soldiers, a squadron.

الله zāfa, A kind of stinking herb; a

hedgehog.

زاَّى $s\bar{a}q$, The young of anything; vitriol; a black tincture;—zág u zīq, Children; noise uproar.

ناندان zāqdān, The womb, matrix.

يَّ أَكَانَ يَّ عَرَّ akān, A pompous, stately gait. عَرَّ عَرَّ عَلَى يَعْمُ عَلَى يَعْمُ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَى يَعْمُ عَلَيْكُمُ الْعُرِينَ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْكُمُ مِنْ الْعُرِينَ عَلَيْكُمُ مِنْ الْعُرِينَ عَلَيْكُمُ مِنْ الْعُمْنُ عَلَيْكُمُ مِنْ الْعُمْنُ عَلَيْكُمُ مِنْ الْعُمْنُ عِلَيْكُمُ مِنْ الْعُمْنُ مِنْ الْعُمْنُ مِنْ الْعُمْنُ مِنْ الْعُمْنُ مِنْ الْعُمْنُ مِنْ الْعُمْنُ مِنْ الْعُمْنُ مِنْ الْعُمْنُ مِنْ الْعُمْنُ مِنْ الْعُمْنُ الْعُمْنُ الْعُمْنُ مِنْ الْعُمْنُ الْعُمْنُ مِنْ الْعُمْنُ الْمُعْمُ الْعُمْنُ الْعُمْنُ الْعُمْنُ الْعُمْنُ الْعُمْنُ الْعُمْنُ الْعُمْنُ الْعُمْنُ الْعُمْنُ الْعُمْنُ الْعُمْنُ الْعُمْنُ الْعُمْنُ الْعُمْنُ الْعُمْنُ الْعُمْنُ الْعُمْنُ الْعُمْنُ الْعُمْنُ الْمُعْمُ الْعُمُونُ الْعُمْنُ الْعُلْمُ الْعُمْنُ الْعُمْنُ الْعُمْنُ الْعُمْنُ الْعُمْنُ الْعُمُونُ الْعُمْنُ الْعُمْنُ الْعُمْنُ الْعُمُ لِلْمُعْلِمُ الْعُمْنُ ل

يَّ الْحَيْ مَ zākī, Pure, devout, pious, saintly. وَأَكِي مَ zāg, Vitriol; alum; shoemaker's black; copperas.

اگاب zāg-āb, Vitriol-water, writing-ink. Ji; zāl, An old man; an old woman; decrepit; grey-headed; name of a famous Persian prince, father to the still more celebrated hero Rustam; a year;—zāli badaf'āl (ra'nā, safed-abrā, safed-rā, 'aqīn, mustahāza), The world;—zāli pīr, A very decrepit old man;—sāli dastān (zar), The father of Rustam; -sāli zamān, Time, the world (considered as an old woman);zāli sar-safedi siyāh-dil, The world; ruthless, unmerciful ;—zāli kūz-pusht, The sky ; -zāli kūfa, Name of an old woman who lived at the time of Noah, and from whose fire-place the flood proceeded, without injuring her;—zāli madāyin, Name of an old woman who refused to Nushirwan the sale of her chamber, which was needed for the adjustment of his palace; - zāli mūsiya, The world; a musical instrument.

ال أبرو sāl-abrū, The sky; new moon. زال دستان zāl-dastān, زال دستان zāl-zar, Father of Rustam.

زال كونه zāl-kūfa, Name of an old woman (see zāli kūfa under ازال).

زالر zālū, A leech; a quick-falling rain. والرك zālūk, A ball for a balista.

رَأُم zām, Name of a valley in Hindustan where Mahmud Gaznawi used to hunt.

ياسج م zā'maj, The entire.

يمار = zammār, q.v.

A duly zāmilat, zāmila, A beast of burden; over-load, over-charge.

زامهران zāmahrān, A sort of antidote. يامواد sāmyād, Name of the 28th day of the Persian month; also of its presiding

يامين sāmīj, A small city in Turkistan.

ياميم إمرة يقسية يقسي يقسي يقسي المحمر المح زامين zāmin, A small city near Samarkand.

امیناد $z\bar{a}m\bar{\imath}n\bar{a}d$, امیناد q.v.

லி; san, Name of a tree from which arrows and spears are made; (for az ān) From that; zān pas, Afterwards; zān sipas, After that ;—zān ki, For that cause. والت zānt, Zante.

زانسوتر zān-sū-tar, زانسوتر zān-sū-tar, A little further.

يانكة يقn-gah, From that time, since. انيا sān-mā, From thence to us-ward.

الر zānū, The knee; the lap; a bow, obeisance; worship; — zānū bar zamīn nihādan, To show great respect_or reverence; — sānū bar dil nihādan, To watch (as the cat for a mouse); — zānū ba-zānū, Knee to knee; -zanā tah kardan, To sit on one's knees (a reverential position in the East); - zānū raṣad-gāh kardan, To sit and muse pensively; to watch; - zānū radan, To kneel; -- zānū'i kāh, A truss of straw; — zānū'i kaftār ba-guftani kalūkh bastan, To frighten away a hyena by uttering the word $kal\bar{u}\underline{k}\underline{h}$ (which seems to imply that the hyena knows by experience that the word kalūkh means a brick or a clod of earth); -zānūm, My knee (m.c.); -az sari sānū qadam sākhtan, (met.) To assume a contemplative or observing position;--ba-dū zānū'i adab nishastan, To sit on both knees upon one's heels, a more polite and respectful position than sitting crosslegged, which is called "four-knees" (see ;—ba-zānū dar-āmadan, To kneel; ba-zānu zadan, To strike one's knee (in sign of despair) ;-chū sag dar pasi zānū nishāndan, To set one on the watch; -dar pasi sanu uftadan, (met.) To retire to a corner, to seek solitude; -sari zānū, The kneepan.

انې بىد zānū-band, A garter.

يان وده يان عقين zānū-zada, زانو نشين sānū-mishīn,

Bending the knees, sitting on the knees, kneeling; zānū zada asp kashīdan, To lead up a great man's horse with bent knees, i.e. respectfully.

wij zana, A noisy winged insect in baths;

a beetle.

أنى A whoremonger.

a زانية zāniya, An adulteress, whore.

zānīj, One's native country.

رار عَرَّى, A mason; a plasterer; a master of any craft; athletic, powerful; a cleft, chink; a narrow mountain-pass; a brick-

zi) zāwuj, A commander of ten men (see

.(چاوش

savdush, The planet Mercury.

boldness; health and safety; huge, mighty, powerful; alive, well; gall; a dark colour; black-coloured water (a disease); the planet Venus; a saddle-horse; an assistant; a companion; bad-tempered; covetous; impossible.

zawas, The planet زاوس zawas, The

Venus.

zāwar-fartāsh, Whose existence زاور قرتاه is impossible.

zāwush, The planet Jupiter.

زاول zawul, Name of a country in Persia: also of a people; of a note in music; and of an ancient Persian dialect, now obsolete. زاولانه sāvlāna, A fetter, chain; curly

hair; gold-dust. واولستان zāwulistān, A country in Persia. زاروس zāwūsh, Mercury ; Jupiter (planets).

يَّ أَرُولُ لَمُ يَّ يَوْرُ يَّ يَوْرُ لَمُ يَّ يَوْرُولُ لَمْ يَوْرُولُ يَّ يَوْرُولُ يَّ يَوْرُولُ يَوْرُولُ يَارِعُ يَعْرِهُمْ يَعْرِهُمْ يَعْرِهُمْ يَعْرِهُمْ يَعْرِهُمْ يَعْرِهُمْ يَعْرِهُمْ يَعْرِهُمْ يَعْرِهُمْ يَ lamentation, wailing (this meaning unsupported, and perhaps misreading for وارة q.v.).

يارة كوة يرارة كوة يقري zāwa-koh, Name of a mountain. A كَوْمُ zāwiyat, zāwiya, A corner, angle ; a cell, a hermitage, a convent;—zāwiya'i andarūnī, Interior angle; -zāwiya'i bīrūnī, Exterior angle;—zāwiya'i taḥtāni, Angle of depression; angle on the other side of the base;—zāwiya'i hadda, Acute angle;—sāwiya'i khārija, Outer corner; exterior angle; -zāwiya'i rās, Vertical angle;-zāwiya'i qā'ima, Right angle;—sāwiya'i mā'il, Angle of inclination; —zāwiya'i mutabādala, Alternate angle; -- zāwiya'i mujassama, Solid angle; - zāwiya'i muḥīṭī, Angle at the circumference;—zāwiya'i murājā'at, Angle of reflexion; — zāwiya'i muqābala, Opposite angle;—zāwiya'i munfarija, Obtuse angle.

واريل zāwīl, An architect; a worker in clay.

a واويه كش zāwiya-kash, An instrument for drawing angles, a protractor.

اهد a zāhid, Religious, devout, abstinent, continent, content; a monk, hermit; a zealot;-zahidi khushk (khunuk), A rigid monk; a hypocrite, dissembler; — zāhidi koh, The sun.

a władi zāhidāna, Religiously, like a monk.

a إلهد نواز; sāhid-nawāz, Who cherishes recluses.

a زاهدي zāhidī, Continence, a monkish life. piety; a sort of date.

a عقر عاهر ع zāhir, Shining.

a عامري zahirī, Odour, fragrance; clearness.

aāhiq, Put to flight, routed, going واهي ه away, vanishing; perishing; very fat; very lean; strong, rapid (current); dry.

in poetry zāhan (for az قاهن) zi āhan, in poetry

āhan), Of iron.

Ji zāy, (in comp.) Bringing forth.

* zāycha, A horoscope; astronomical tables.

A Mi zā'id, fem. 8Mi zā'idat, zā'ida, Exceeding; in excess, beyond, more; redundant. superfluous; additional, accessory; (in gram.) a servile letter;—zā'idu 'l-wasf, Beyond description, indescribable.

يايدر zīdar (for az īdar), From this place,

hence.

إليدن zāydan (for إثيدن), To be born; to beget

ي اگر a visitor, visitant;

a pilgrim to a holy shrine, &c.

ايش; zāyish, Increase, augmentation;

production, produce.

A 2013 202 19th, Deviating from the right way; a heretic.

A All za'if, False coin.

אָלן בּמֹץgar, Bearing a child; fruitful. A אָלוֹן צֹמֹץ il, Defective, deficient, failing; perishing, vanishing; transitory, fleeting; frail; non-existent; — zā'il shudan, To perish, fail;—zā'il kardan, To destroy, cancel, obliterate.

البدة zāyanda. Bringing forth ; a mother.

راكيدكي بَّرَّ بُوَرَيْدِكي بِرَّالِيدكي بَرَّ بُورِدِكي بَرُّ بَيْدِكي بِرَالِيدكي بَرُّ بَيْدِكي بِرَالِيدكي

زاتيدن zā'idan, To bring forth (a child);

to originate, appear, come forth.

يَّ يَعْدُ تَاكِيدُة zā'īda, Procreated, generated, born. رب zab, zib, Easy; unbought, gratis; straight.

A , subb, Penis; the beard or the fore-

part of it; the nose; a catamite.

ياه م zabbā' (fem. of azabb), Hairy (shecamel); a woman whose pubes is covered with hair; name of the daughter of a king of Hira, who vowed not to shave the hair of her pubes until the death of her murdered father should be avenged.

ياب م zabāb, The field-mouse; the mole; -zabbāb, A seller of raisins or currants.

a why sabat (corruption of the follow-

ing), Civet.

ياد abād, Civet, the perfume of the civet cat, i.e. the scraped-off filth collected under its tail ;-zubbād, Milk that cannot be used; anything worthless; name of a herb.

ياد يناد zi-bād (for az bād), Quicker than the

wind, very swift.

υν zabān, zubān, The tongue : language. dialect, idiom, speech; the tongue or the shank of a button; a flame; leave, permission ;—zabān az gafā bīrūn kardan (badar giriftan, kashīdan), zabān az gām kashidan, To pull out the tongue (by way of punishment); - sabān āmūkhtan, To learn to talk (as a parrot);—zabān awardan, To speak, tell, say, declare; zabān bā kase yakī dāshtan, To assent to or agree with what another has said;—zabān bar-awardan, To loll out the tongue (from thirst, &c.); -zabān bar khāk mālīdan, To sigh, to long for;—zabān bar dīwār mālidan, To rub the tongue on the wall, meaning to be resigned and content; to trust in God; -zabān bar-gushādan, To speak; to revile; -zabāni bara (lamb's tongue), The plantain; the plant hare's-ear; -zabān buridan, To silence; to make a present, to bribe; -- zabān bastan, To keep silence; to silence; - zabān bīrūn uftādan, The tongue lolls out;—zabān bīrūn afgandan, To loll out the tongue; -zabāni bī-zabān, The dumb tongue (of brutes); dumb expression; a pen;—zabāni bī-sar, Trifling, futile, impertinent discourse;—zabāni pārsī (fārsī), The Persian language, as spoken in Fars or Persia proper; -- rabāni pahlawī, The Pahlawi or ancient tongue, in which are written the Avesta and other books of the Magi or worshippers of fire; -- sabāni tāk, A vine-tendril;—zabāni tarāzū, The needle of a balance; -zabān tāza (tar) kardan, speak; to wet one's whistle;—rabāni hāl, Language expressed by one's condition, situation, or by signs (in contradistinction to language of the tongue, and which is called zabāni qāl); language appropoiate to, or expressive of, one's circumstances; -zabān dādan, To promise, agree, stipulate; to give permission; — zabān dāshtan bā, To show oneself through another, to act according to another's instruction; - zabān dar tahi dandān giriftan (dar gām duzdīdan, dar gām rahā kardan), To be silent; -- zabān dar tahi zabān dāshtan, To be inconsistent and fickle in one's speech;—zabān dar kashīdan, To keep in one's tongue;—zabāni darī, A purer dialect of the Persian, spoken at court;—zabān-rā bar-gardānīdan, To prevaricate; -- zabān zadan, To speak; -- zabāni zargarī, An enigmatical kind of language; -zabān zīri zabān dāshtan. To be inconsistent and fickle in one's speech; -zabān sitadan, To put to silence; -- zabāni sarāyish, Conversation ;—zabāni sangīn, A stuttering tongue; — zabāni tūtī (parrot's tongue), Name of a herb; -zaban kar lan, To abuse to revile; — zabān kushādan (gushādan), To speak, utter; to revile; -zabān kashī-To loll out the tongue; to revile (bar kase);—sabān koftan, To stammer,

stutter; -zabāni gāv, Borage; the point of a spear; -zabān giriftan, To stammer; to know the state of an adversary's affairs;zabāni gunjishk (sparrow's tongue), Seed of the ash-tree; a kind of cake;—zabāni gandumin, A bland or smooth tongue; zabāni ligām, The tongue of the bridle; a ring on the bridle under the chin; -zabāni maghz-där, Profound speech; an eloquent tongue ;--zabāni nā-sarāyish, = zabāni hāl above; -zabān yāftan, To obtain leave; az zabān jastan (dar āmadan), To make a slip of the tongue in talking; -andar (dar) zaban giriftan, To become informed of another's circumstances (by questioning a prisoner of the enemy); to stutter; to speak evil of, to detract;—bar zabān āmadan (raftan). To speak, to talk;—baraban awardan, To pronounce, to utter, to say (m.c.) ;—dar zabān uftādan (būdan), To be talked about in an ignominious manner, to be defamed; —dar zabān afgandan (andākhtan, dāshtan), To defame, to talk ignominiously about;—dar sari zabān raft, He has made a fool of himself.

A ων; zubān, υν; zubānā, The sixteenth

mansion of the moon.

زبان انگن zabān-afgan, Vomiting flames. زان آرر zabān-āwar, Eloquent; a back-

زاي آراي zabān-āwarī, Eloquence, fluency.) હોયું kabān-bur, (Tongue-cutting) A silencing argument; hush-money.

زبان بازى zabān-bāzī, Conversation, talk ;

altercation, litigation.

نان بستكي زبان يستكي zabān-bastagī, Tongue-tiedness. נאט אלט אוש zabān-burān, Satirist, lampooner. زبان بريدة zabān-burīda, Silenced ; taciturn. يان بسته zabān-basta, Tongue-tied.

يان بىد zabān-band, Fascination, as tying up the tongue; a fascinator; -- zabān-bandi

khirad, Wine.

يان بندى zabān-bandī, Deposition of a witness.

زبان تران عران زان عران تران تران تران تران تران تران تران viler (probably misreading for zabān-burān). زبان تمر zabān-tez, Sharp of tongue.

نا مخواة zabān-khwāh, A beggar.

والنال) zabān-dān, A linguist; an inter-

preter; a poet; a scholar, a pupil.

נאוערון zabān-darāz, Extending the tongue, i.e. speaking much and malevolently, abu-

زبان درازي zabān-darāzī, Loquacity; obloquy, censure;—zabān darāzī kardan, To scold.

a زبان در تفا zabān dar qafā, Delphinium orientale (plant); larkspur.

ωι οι zabān-rān, Eloquent; prolix,

talkative; a story-teller.

ربان رائي zabān-rānī, Conversation; talk. ين عمل عمل المائرة عمل المائرة عمل المائرة عمل المائرة عمل المائرة عمل المائرة عمل المائرة عمل المائرة المائر

ربان ردكى zabān-zadagī, Mention.

عن عام عن عام عن الله about.

يان فروش zabān-farosh, Talkative, loquacious

زبان فريفتة zabān-firīb, زبان فريب zabān firifta, A liar; deceived.

a دبان نهم zabān-fahm, Who understands what is said to him (m.c.).

zabāngar, Anything which bites the tongue; milk formed into butter.

يان كرنتكى zabān-giriftagī, Impediment of

speech; stuttering, stammering.

وبان كرفته sabān-girifta, Dumb, tonguetied.

يان كر zabān-gaz, Acrid, tart, pungent. يانكنچشك zabān-gunjishk, The ash-tree (see zabāni gunjishk under נאט).

נאט צען zabān-goyā, Eloquent speaker. يانكير zabān-gīr, A tongue-taker, i.e. taking a prisoner to gain information; a spy; whatever bites the tongue.

אָט פֿוּט פֿע zabān-war, = נְאָט וֹפָן q.v. אוין zabāna, zubāna, Flame; the shank of a button; the tongue of a balance; lingula pudendi ;—zabāna bar-āwardan, To produce a flame ;-zabāna zadan, To flame, blaze ;-zabāna'i kapān, The needle of a balance.

Tongued; tongue-like; زباني zabānī,

flaming, blazing.

يانيان م zubāniyāni, The two claws (of a scorpion); two bright stars, the scales of Libra, and the sixteenth mansion of the

A بانية zubăniyat, zubăniya (pl. of zibni-

yat), Guards; the guardians of hell.

ارت abab (v.n. of بن), Being hairy; hairiness; the long hairs about a camel's

ع ند م zabd (v.n.), Churning; foaming (the mouth); giving a little, doling; - zubd, Cream; froth, foam; dross or scum (of silver) ;-zubad (pl. of the following), Creams.

A قابدة zubdat, zubda, Cream of milk, best of anything ;-zubda'i akhlaqi hamida, The essence of praiseworthy qualities; - subda'i arkān (kā'ināt), The best part of the creation (Muhammad); - zubda'i wulāti 'lanam, The cream of the rulers of men (Muhammad).

a زيدي zubdī, Creamy. م ين zabr (v.n.), Writing; hindering, keeping back, preventing; building, constructing (a well); flinging stones; understanding; strong; -sibr, A book; -subar, zubur, Bits of iron; - zubur, Books; - zibbir, Strong, very powerful.

n) zabar (probably for zi-bar = as bar), Above, upon, high, superior; the Persian term for the short vowel __ fat'ha, because placed over a letter; a baker's trough; zabar kardan, To lift up, to elevate;—as zabar, from above; aloft, overhead;]—zabr, Zebra (m.c. through Fr. or E.); zibar (for zipar, sipar), A shield; (for az bar)

by heart; — zi-bar kardan (giriftan), To learn by heart.

ני, זיי, zabar-āb, A film on stagnant water. ני, אָרָאָט: zabar-parchīn, Thorns stuck on the top of a wall.

زار پوش zabar-posh, An upper garment; a

quilted coverlet.

A 5-3 zubrat, A splinter or bit of iron; the shoulder of a man or a lion; the hair of a lion's mane; the eleventh mansion of the moon.

زبر تنگ zabar-tang, A surcingle, girth.

A zibrij, An ornamented variouscoloured garment; also a decoration of
jewels, or anything similar; gold; thin
ruddy clouds, with a mixture of white.

ي zabarjad, An emerald; a chrysolite;—zabarjadi hindī, A topaz.

زيجدي zabarjadī, ورجدين zabarjadīn, Of the colour of the emerald or topaz.

وبردست zabar-dast, Athletic, vigorous; overbearing, tyrannical, harsh, oppressive, violent; superior; the upper part, higher side; the seat of honour;—zabar-dast nishastan, To sit in the place of honour.

يردستى zabar-dastī, Oppression, tyranny, severity, harshness, violence; superiority,

upper-handedness.

زبر فرف zabar-fûf, Abuse, curse, execration.

א בּיָלּטׁן zibriqān, The moon; a man who has but little beard; surname of one of Muhammad's companions.

אנגי zabar-gilwīd, A cauldron. j zibarm, Memory, recollection.

يورة zubara, A bar of iron.

يرى zabarī, Violence, oppression.

נקאבט zabarādan, To be on high; to elevate (doubtful word; see אונוגע).

يرين zabarīn, Higher, upper; of, or belonging to, the word zabar, Above; superior.

a sub; zabiāna, A long hollow tube, through which they shoot small birds with pellets forced out by the breath; the top of a saw, by which the handle is fixed.

م ينول م ziba'rá, Ill-disposed; hairy about

the face and eye-brows.

ياهر zabghur, ۶-۶, zabgur, Filling the cheeks with air, and then making a sound by striking them.

A CH; sabq (v.n.), Plucking (the beard);

mixing; restraining, keeping back.

אנט א zabl (v.n.), Manuring (land), dunging (a crop);—zibl, Dung, manure.

a زبادان zibldān, A dunghill, a mixen. زبادی zablūq, A term of reproach.

why sabun (for why, q.v.), Vile, &c.

A why sabn (v.n.), Beating off, driving away; selling fruit on the tree; kicking (when milked, a camel);—zibn, Need, necessity, want;—zaban, A side, a quarter; stuff cut in proportion to the size of a room (as a curtain hung before a lady's chamber).

A مَنْ *zibniyat*, A devil who is supposed to throw the damned into the flames; strong, severe; a life-guardsman.

دوجة zabūja, ووجة zabū<u>kh</u>a, Venereal plea-

ين ين zabūda, zubūda, Carelessness; a scallion.

א נייני zabūr, Writing; a book; the Psalms of David;—zubūr (pl. of zihr), Books.

a وابد خوان يهن zabūr-<u>kh</u>wān, A psalm-singer. نور خوان zabūz, A whirlpool.

a زبول يانته subūl-yāfta, Renovated by manure.

cy; zabūn, Weak, infirm, helpless; vile; of the worst kind, spoilt, bad; irksome; conquered, made captive; willing; greedy; complaining; the earnest paid upon purchase; a purchase, in which the purchaser buys with avidity; [zabūn dāshtan, To oppress;]—zubūn, An eager purchaser.

A way zabūn. (A battle) wherein the combatants crowd one upon another; (a shecamel) kicking her milker; a vest worn

under another garment.

زون بائتة zabūn-bāfta, Of a flimsy texture. وبونكش يونكش zabūn-kush, A persecutor of the weak.

زولى zabūnī, Infirmity, indisposition, weakness; vileness;—zabūnī kashīdan, To be infirm, &c.

יאין zi-bahr (for az bahr), On account of; —zibhar, Disgust at filial undutifulness;—zibhar kardan, To feel such disgust.

zabhīda, Fallen, dropped.

A إلى subá (pl. of subyat), High grounds which the flood does not reach;—balagha 's-sailu 'z-zubá, The flood has reached the high grounds, (met.) matters have become difficult or critical.

A ربيب zabīb, Currants, sun-raisins; dried figs or dates.

א אבן zabīd, Name of a town in Yaman;
—zubaid, Name of a tribe.

A گنين; zubaidat, zubaida, The marigold (Calendula officinalis); name of the wife of Hārūn Arrashīd.

A joil zabīr, Written; adversity, misfortune; the mountain on which God spoke to Moses;—zubair, Name of a companion of Muhammad.

zibir, Memory, recollection; by heart.

A زبيل zabīl, Dung;—zibbīl, A basket, a
wallet.

نې zap, Straight, right, true.

ياى بر آوردن zi-pāy bar-āwardan, To throw down.

پر zipar, A shield.

يرية zapara, Quicksilver.

رَسُ يَّ : pas (for az pas), After, behind. عن zat, Naked (perhaps misreading for إعام (ع.v.).

z) zoj, Name of a yellow bird;—zuj, A bone-headed arrow; a very short arrow; dried curds.

A & zajj (v.n.), Striking with the ferule (of a spear); throwing; running (an ostrich);—zujj, The tip of the elbow; the point of an arrow; the ferule of a spear; long-striding ostriches.

A the sijāj, The canine teeth of a stallion; (pl. of zujj) tips of elbows; points of spears or arrows; -zujāj, Glass; -zajjāj, A glassmanufacturer; name of a learned gramma-

awjājat, A bit of glass; a cup, a زجاجه ه glass; -zujāja'i may'i nāb, A glass of pure

zujājī, fem. زجاجي zujājīyat, zujājīya, Made of glass; a glass-maker; qaşri zujājī, A building of glass.

يمال zajāl, A spider.

زجاى zi-jāy (for az jāy), From the place,

A β ζαίτ, zajar, Divination, augury from the flight of birds; hindering, prohibiting, driving, urging on; casting her foal (a camel);—zajr kardan, To hinder, to pre-

A shout; the blast of a

trumpet.

A Jej zajl, Throwing; sending a carrierpigeon; driving away; striking with a spear; -zajal, Playing; a game; singing, chanting; exciting to merriment; the thunder of a cloud; -zujal (pl. of zujlat), Crowds, &c.

A قام عن zujlat, A crowd; a part, portion;

state, condition.

zajmūl, Flax-seed.

A was zajn (v.n.), Delaying, being slow.

زجة zacha, A woman who has recently brought forth (so called until the fortieth day after her delivery).

زچگى zachayī, Child-birth.

A to zahh (v.n.), Removing (from its place). mhar, A certain disease incident to camels; dysentery (= q.v.).

ziḥāf, (in prosody) A dropping of

one letter between two others.

A cihām, Crowd, throng, press of

a إجر الم zahr, Breathing hard, groaning (a woman in labour);—zuhar, A miser.

A dojoj zahzahat (v.n. of t)oj), Separating, detaching; driving away, putting to a dis-

zohf, An army marching against زحف the enemy; a battle; creeping on its knees (a child); dragging itself along (an animal); a shortcoming, a blemish.

A ملك ; sahk (v.n.), Being tired (a camel); stopping in one place; going to a distance,

removing from.

مر ما يعمل zaḥl (v.n.), Departing; being wearied, lagging behind; vanishing; zulal. One who fails in, or gives up, his work; the planet Saturn; —ghulāmi zuhal, Surname of the astronomer Abū Qāsim.

مارئة علوقة zuhlūfat, أعلونة zuhlūfat, The marks left by a boy sliding from high ground, a boy's slide.

A and zahm (v.n.), Pressing, squeezing (as

in a crowd).

م ي zahmat (v.n. of رحمة), Squeezing, pressing (as a dense throng); a crowd, bustle, throng; pain, trouble, disease;zahmat burdan (dadan, nihadan), To incommode, molest, annoy, torment; -zahmati farang (farangi), The French disease;zaḥmat kashīdan, To take trouble.

a رحمت کش zahmat-kash, Afflicted.

a زصتى zahmatī, In pain, disquieted, troubled.

يمول ه zuḥūl (v.n. of زحل), Departing, re-

tiring, drawing aside.

ازحر aḥīr (v.n. of زحر), Groaning or breathing hard; a looseness in the belly; a twisting of the guts with griping and discharge of blood, dysentery; sorrow, pain, illness; one who suffers from gripes or dysentery.

ti sakh, A groan; tinkling of a bell; (for azakh) a wart; the driving in of a

stake; (for zakhm) a wound.

A to zakhkh (v.n.), Throwing far away; travelling at a cruel pace (a camel-driver); becoming angry; rushing upon, assaulting; blazing, flashing (fire).

A ازعر (v.n. 3 of عرف), Boasting,

glorying (against another); — zakhkhār,

Full and swelling (sea).

م خارك عارك j zakhārif, Ships; insects flying on the surface of the water;—zakhārifu 'larz, Gay-coloured vegetation; —zakhārifu'lmā, Channels for water in grooves, furrows, or gutters; -- zakhārifu 'd-dunyā, Worldly pomps and pageants, earthly vanities.

قارة عمارة , zakhāra, A branch.

عر ه zakhr (v.n.), Filling; being full (the sea); growing luxuriantly, being plentiful (vegetation).

يخوك zukhruf, Gold; beauty, elegance, ornament; a speech embellished with fine imagery and romantic fiction; adorned falsehood; exaggeration.

هرنگ م za<u>kh</u>rofat (v.n. of زخوف), Arranging (a discourse), so as to deceive people; dis-

simulation; falsehood.

خزة za<u>kh</u>ra, Spectator at games of hazard. مُ خطب zakhf (v.n.), Being vain-glorious,

proud.

خم zakhm, A wound, scar, sore, cut, blow; a fracture; sickness; a building, a house, a palace; a white antelope (this doubtful); zakhm afgandan (andākhtan, rekhtan, zadan, kardan), To inflict a wound, to wound ;—zakhm bar-dāshtan (bar-giriftan, chashīdan, khwurdan, firo-khwurdan, kashīdan, giriftan), To be wounded; —zakhmi biryan, A kind of pilaw; —zakhmi top, A cannon-shot; -zakhmi tez (dāman-dār), An effective stroke, a mortal wound; -- zakhmi

chashm, The evil eye; - zakhmi khanjar (dashna), A poniard stab; -zakhmi dijla-rez, A wound bleeding copiously;—zakhmi kārī, = za<u>kh</u>mi tez above; —za<u>kh</u>mi kos, The beating of the drum; -zakhmi gulula, A gun-shot; -zakhmi nīza, A lance-thrust; –za<u>kh</u>mi la<u>zz</u>at-rasān, A well-aimed stroke, a mortal wound (used in speaking of lovers); — zakhmi sahamnāk, An envenomed, mortal wound ;—zakhmi nākhun, A scratch with the nails; astronomical lines; -zakhm namak-band, A wound bound up with salt to stop the bleeding.

عم غم zakhm (v.n.), Forcing, driving furiously; -zakham (v.n.), Stinking, being

putrid (flesh).

ينم أرساى zakhm-āzmāy, Wounded fre-

quently.

a لخم يع za<u>kh</u>m-banā, The construction of a building.

يم خورده za<u>kh</u>m-<u>kh</u>wurda, خين za<u>kh</u>m-chīn, Wounded ;— <u>kh</u>inzīri za<u>kh</u>m-<u>kh</u>wurda, Wounded hog.

za<u>kh</u>m-dār, Wounded, struck. وحمدار zakhm-ras, Wounding, piercing. عم زهم عمل za<u>kh</u>m-zada, Wounded, struck.

building. (See زعم بنا).) يزعم بنا za<u>kh</u>m-kārī, A blow, mortal wound.

ي يميناك zakhmnāk, Wounded, struck. za<u>kh</u>ma, The plectrum of a musical instrument, the bow (of a violin, &c.).

zakhma-war, A performer on a زخمة stringed instrument.

يخمى za<u>kh</u>mī, Wounded.

يمارة za<u>kh</u>nāra, The branch of a tree. وعارة zi-khwud, Of oneself; of itself; zi-khwud shudan, To be out of one's senses. زمون za<u>kh</u>ūn, Pride, conceit.

منع م za<u>kh</u>ī<u>kh</u> (v.n.), Flaring (a fire). s; zad (pret. of zadan), He struck; a stroke, blow; battle, conflict, combat;—zad u khwurd, Battle, conflict;—zad u kob, zad $u g\bar{\imath}r$, Beating and thumping; battle.

lsy zidā (in compos. from zidūdan), Cleaning, wiping, scouring off (rust); dissipating, dispelling; -zidā kardan, To polish; (met.)

to render serene.

يدانيدن zadānīdan, To cause to strikc. يداي sidāy (in compos.), Wiping, cleaning, scouring.

دايانيدن zidāyānīdan (caus. of zidāyīdan),

To cause to scour or cleanse.

sidāyanda, A polisher, furbisher. ودايندة zidayidan, To scour, cleanse. ين, zadar, Over; — zi-dar, Worthy, deserving (see اردر p. 43).

زدكى zadagī, Percussion; a blow.

ين عadan, To strike, beat, dash against, flap; to kill; to shoot, fire off, discharge (a gun, &c., m.c.); to touch; to sound, blow;

to play on an instrument; to verge, tend, incline towards; to forge (a sword); to accentuate; to eat; to lie with; -baran sadan, To cause to rain;—ba surkhī zanad, It inclines towards red;—bosa zadan, To kiss;ba-ham (bar ham) zadan, To strike together, to dash against one another; -bīrūn zadan az, To draw out from, to withdraw; to avert; tapāncha zadan, To give a smack on the face;—tarāzū bar sang (ba-zamīn) zanad, The balance weighs down; -jarahat zaaan, To wound ;—khirman zadan, To form a heap or sheaf; —dād zadan, To cry (m.c.); -dushnam zadan, To abuse, to revile;sar dar sang zadan, To strike one's head against a stone, i.e. to blunder, to lie;—daf zadan, To beat a drum ;—shāna bar yāli asb zadan, To comb the mane of a horse; -'inān zadan, To lighten the reins; -qadam zadan, To step, to proceed;—gul bar sar zadan, To put roses on the head;— $l\bar{a}f$ zadan, To boast; -masal zadan, To propound parables, relate fables;—musht zadan, To bruise with the fist;—nāla zadan, To groan, sigh, lament;—nidā (salā) zadan, To proclaim; nay zadan, To sound a pipe, blow a flute.

zadanī, Fit or deserving to be

stricken, killed, &c.

ניין zadwār, Zedoary.

يدون zidūdan, To polish, clean, scour. furbish; to clear the country of mutiny or sedition; to wipe sadness from the mind; to pluck, gather.

zidūda, Polished, cleaned, brightened. ادولتن) zadūnitan, (in Zand and Pāzand)

To buy.

قان ي sada, Strickened, smitten; affected or afflicted with any disease; accentuated; masticated, eaten; published abroad; old, worn out; cut down, lopped off; clipped, trimmed; adorned, set off; forged (sword); a cart, dray; an order, row, series; a line (in writing) ;-zada būdan, To be possessed of a devil.

zar, Gold; money, riches, wealth; an old man or woman; an old man, grey and ruddy;—zari aşl, A principal sum; pure gold; (for zard) yellow;—zar andūdan, To gild; to acquire money; -zar ba-ātish zadan, To burn gold, (met.) to squander, to dissipate; -- zar bar sikka rasānīdan (zadan), To coin gold;—zar ba-zar dād, He has struck an equitable bargain, neither is a loser;zari basta, Gold in a lump (not broken in small pieces);—zar ba-sangi siyāh kashīdan, To prove gold by the touch-stone; -zari bahtchānī, A kind of base gold or coin;zari tāza, Coin fresh from the mint;—zari tilá (for tilā), Pure gold;—zari tauqīfī, Gold secretly spent for pious uses; zari ja'farī, The purest kind of gold;—zari khālis, Fine gold;— zari khushk. Pure gold; -zar khwurdan, To take or receive gold ;—zari dast-afshār. Gold reduced to a

soft state, and capable of being wrought by the hand; -sari dah panji, Gold debased by alloy in the proportion of one half ;-zari dah dahi, Gold without any alloy; -zari dah shashi, Gold, two-fifths of which is alloy; -zari dah mihi, The finest gold (better than dah dahi); -zari dah nuhī, Gold, a tenth whereof is alloy; -zari dah hashtī, Gold, a fifth whereof is alloy; -eari dah hafti, Gold, three-tentlis of which is alloy; -- zari ruknī, Pure gold (thus called after the name of a celebrated alchymist); -- zari rū-kash (rū-māl), Gilded (copper); -- sari rūmī, The sun; -zari roy-bast, Gold fresh from the mine; —zar zar kashad, bī-zarī dardi sar, Gold has gold in its wake, lack of gold makes the head ache (proverbial); - zari sāda, Pure, unwrought gold; -zari sārā, Pure gold;—zari sāv (sāwa), Pure gold, of the full standard; a particle or filing of gold (which falls off when working); - zari surkh, Gold; pure gold of a red colour; gold coin; name of a suit in cards; -- zari surkh-sipar, The sun; -zari siyah, Copper coin; -zari saped (safed), White gold, i.e. silver; a suit in cards; -zari safed az payi rom siyāh-ast, Silver is (hoarded) for the sake of a black day; -zari shash sarī, Pure gold; -zari shikasta, Gold of a low standard; -- zari shikufa, The essence of a flower; zari tilā, tilá, Fine ductile gold for gilding; pure gold;—zari qalb, Base coin;—zari kānī, Gold fresh from the mine; -- zar kashīdan, To hoard up wealth; —zar ki rūy bast, Vile gold;—zari gul, The yellow stamina of a rose;—zari māhī, The scale of a fish ;-zari muzāb, Melted gold ; -zari maskūk, Gold or silver coin; -zari musht-afshār, A soft kind of gold which might be moulded into any shape;—zari misrī, Pure gold; sari maghrihī, Purest gold; the sun; - zari maujūd, Rendy money; — zari nab, Pure gold; — zari nākhunī, The purest gold (on which the finger-nail leaves an impression); — zari nargis, The white and yellow of the narcissus;—zari naqd, Ready money; zar u sim, Gold and silver; —dar zar giriftan, To gild, to cover or overlay with gold; to immerse in gold, i.e. to overwhelm with benefits or favours.

ير ه zarr (v.n.), Buttoning (a garment); chasing away, pursuing; biting, grinding, bruising; plucking out (hairs); being inflamed (the eye); -zirr, A button; name of one of Muhammad's followers.

النان zarāb, Gold-water; wine; a moun-

tain near Baghdad.

يراب رير zarāb-rez, Shedding blood; per-

spiring.

zirbiy or زرابي arabīy (pl. of زرابي zurbīy), Couches, pillows, or carpets for sitting on.

يرانشت zarātusht, Zoroaster (the founder of the religion of the Magi).

zij zarāj, The barberry and its tree.

زاچه zarācha, An Ethiopian wrestler slain by Sikandar.

A My zirād, A rope fastened round a camel's neck, to prevent him from bringing up his food when chewing the cud, and throwing it on his rider; -zarrād, A maker of coats of mail with iron rings (زره zarad).

a هاند عان، zarrād-khāna, Armourer's

shop.

زرادهت ,zarādusht زرادهت ,zarādusht Zoroaster.

زراري zarārī (for Ar. زراري q.v.), Cantharides (m.c.)

zarasb, Name of the younger son of Minuchihr; also of a son of Tus.

زراسك zarāsag, زراسك j zarāsang, A kind of dust like gold with which they sprinkle writings.

زراع zarrā', A sower, farmer;—zurrā' (pl.

of zāri'), Sowers.

A قدار) zirā'at, Agriculture, husbandry, tillage; sowing, cultivation; -zirā'ati daimī, Cultivation without artificial irrigation; zirā'ati qishlāq, Winter-cultivation (m.c. from T.); -zirā'at kardan, To cultivate.

يراغش sarāghash, Hard and sandy ground. يراغن zarāghan, A sob, hiccough;—also يراغنك zarāghank, Hard, sandy ground.

a زاك zarrāf, zarāf, A giraffe, a cameleo-

a گالي zurāfat, zurāfa, A cameleopard, a giraffe; a troop of men.

a والشاري zar-afehān, Scattering gold. A يرافيل zurāfá (pl. of zurāfat), Cameleo-

pards.

يرافين zurāfīn, A bar, a bolt; the ring of a door-post for fastening a door.

a زراق zarrāq, A hypocrite, sycophant, rogue; an artificer.

a زاقالة zarrāqāna, Hypocritically.

a زراتي zarrāqī, Hypocrisy. زراك zarāk, The barberry.

زر آلو zar-ālū, زر آلود zar-ālād, A plum. زر آلود ; zar-andāz, A hooka-carpet.

ار أندر زر zar andar zar, Profusely gilded. الدودة , zar-andūd (الدودة andūda), Gilded. الدودة zar andūdan, To gild.

يراوهان zirāwishān, A species of violet. ارارند arāwand, Aristolochy, birthwort;

name of a place near Madinah. زراوة zarāwa, Name of a champion of

Irān.

Caspian.

راير zarev, A woman's veil.

ررب A zarb, zirb, A hunter's lurking-place; a sheep-fold.

زر بانته ,zar-bāfta, Brocade, زر بان cloth of gold.

زرباني zarbāfī, Woven in gold, embroi-

נאש zarbān, Old, decrepit; Abraham. زبدست zar-ba-dast, Wealthy, opulent.

يز باست j zar-baft, Brocade, cloth of gold ;zar-baft burīda pamba kardan, Proverbial expression for attempting something impossible;-zar-bafti hātim, A kind of gold cloth (probably after the name of the maker).

يربى zarbaq, Name of a town in Khurāsān ; also of a river in the same province, called likewise nahri murghāb.

زبمار zarbayāv, Melted silver.

ز برست zar-parast, A mammonist ; venul, selfish.

ز بری zar-pazī, The smelting of gold.

زر پوش zar-posh, Gold-embroidered.

زر پیکر درعش zar-paikar durukhsh, The sun; the planet Jupiter.

يرت zurat (for Ar. الراقية q.v.), Maize, Indian corn (m.c.);—zurati shīrī, The milky Indian corn (m.c.).

נر טל zar-tar, Made of golden threads, gold-embroidered.

ير تاري zar-tārī, Cloth of gold tissue.

رتشت zartusht, Supreme intelligence; divine light; the rational soul; the first created; the planet Mercury; a truthspeaker; Zoroaster.

j zartag, Juice of safflower. يرجامي zarjāmī, A kind of grape.

رجول zarjūl, A game in which a small stick is struck forward by a larger one, tipcat, hockey.

א ביין בעני) zarjūn, zarajūn, A vine; the shoot of a vine or palm-tree; wine; pure rain-water standing in the hollow of a stone; (for P. zar-gūn), Of a gold-colour; anything which dyes of a red or gold-

y) zarich, A partridge.

ار جون) zar-choba, Turmeric.

رچول = ,zarkūl, ارخول zarkhūl, ارخول ; zarchūl, ارخول zar-hall (zari hall), A solution of gold used for painting.

ر خرید zar-<u>kh</u>arid, Purchased (as a elave).

زر خير zar-khez, Rich, yielding gold, auriferous.

oj; zard (S. harit), Yellow, saffroncoloured; pale, pallid, wan; saffron; a species of date;—zardi zamīn, A skirret, parenip; a carrot;—zard shudan, To become yellow, i.e. to be near setting (the sun); $-zard\ u\ sur\underline{kh}$, (Yellow and red) Ashamed, bashful, alarmed, timid.

ره ۵ zard (v.n.), Strangling, throttling, squeezing (the throat); swallowing (a mouthful); making a coat of mail; linking together the iron rings of such ;-zarad, A coat of mail.

יניטוץ zardâb, Safflower-water; bile; the pus or yellow matter running from a wound; saffron-coloured wine.

ניארא zardāb-rez, Bad-tempered. pas-

sionate; a bad temper; freeing the heart from anger; one who sheds blood.

ر دار دار دار علم zar-dār, A moneyed man, wealthy, rich.

ردالو zard-ālū, A small apricot.

الان zardān, Name of a leader of the Magi.

زردالية zardāniya, The sect of Zardān.

زرداهنگ zardahang, A sandy place; firm. يان بور zard-pūr, A beech-coloured horse. زردمت zardajt, Zoroaster.

زره چرده zard-charda, Yellow-skinned (said of a beardless youth).

زرد چغو zard-chughū, زرد چغو zard-chuqū (٢), Name of a yellow bird.

زرد چوب *zard-chob*, Yellow wood; turmeric.

رد جول zard-chūl, Steel, hard iron (doubt-

رد چوه zard-chūh, Iuclining to yellow (probably misreading for the following).

يرد جارة zard-chihra, Yellow-faced (said of an old woman).

ررد عار zard-khār, = زرد عار q.v. زرد عانه zarad-khāna, An armoury.

زرد خاية zard-khāya, The yolk of an egg. يرد خو zard-khav, Name of a plant found in gardens, yielding a yellow fragrant blossom.

زرد درة zard-dara (zardi dara?), Yellowhammer, ortolan.

زر و sard-rukh, Turning colonr from fear or shame.

زرد رنگ zard-rang, Yellow; bashful. رد رو رو zard-rū (رى رو rūy), Bashful; pale-faced, sallow.

زرد رؤئی zard-rū'ī, Bashfulness. زرد رؤئی zard-sā, A piece of gold unstamped. زرد سا zardust, Zoroaster.

ز دسته zar-dasta, A club, a mace.

زرد سر zard-sar, A fire-worshipper; name of a little yellow-headed bird.

زردهت zardusht, Zoroaster; Abraham.

رد فام zard-fām, Yellowish. a زرد قواره عن ي zard-quwāra, The sun.

يدك zardak (dim. of zard), Yellowish; a carrot; juice of the safflower; the penis; name of an animal whose flesh is very delicious; any undyed stuff (as nankeen); -zardaki dashti (regi), Wild carrot.

زرد کف zard-kaf, (Yellow hand) The

زرد گوش zard-gosh, Malignant; a hypocrite; a flatterer; timid, fearful (the last meaning doubtful).

زدگی zardagī, A deep yellow colour.

ביסן zardam, ביסן zardama, Victuals hastily prepared for a journey.

زردسي zardaman, Wind-pipe; a kind of bird.

زر دو zar-dū, A smelter of gold.

زر دور j zar-doz, An embroiderer; embroifastened with golden nails (a dered; coffin).

ز درزی j zar-dozī, Embroidery.

زر درست zar-dost, Fond of gold; a miser. يردة zarda, Rice dressed with honey and saffron; inclining to yellow; bile; a bilious habit; jauudice; smut; a carrot; a parsnip; name of a mountain containing gold; a dun-coloured horse; [zarda'i tukhm (khāya), The yolk of an egg; — zarda'i kāmrān, The sun; day;—zarda'i koh, Name of a mountain in Laristan from which the river Kurand springs;] — zar-dih, Goldgiving.

ردة چوب ,zarda-chōb زردة چاو zarda-chob Wood with which they dyo yellow; the larger species of swallow-wort; a kind of

paste.

ردة رسيدة zarda-rasīda, Jaundiced.

zarduhsht, Zoroaster; name of a sage descended from Zoroaster; Abra-

ردى zardī, Yellowness; yolk of an egg; jaundice; smut, mildew; a circle round the sun ;-zardī zard, Very yellow.

زر رهتم zar-rishta, A gold thread.

زر رهنگر zar-rishtagar, A gold-thread maker.

زر رکنی zar ruknī, Pure gold.

A ارزور zurzur, ارزور zurzūr, A starling. ارزور zarzūra, A kind of spider.

zarzūrīa, Spotted, speckled (like a stare).

ر سا , zar-sā, A crucible; melted gold; like gold; particles of gold.

ن ماز عاز ماز j zar-sāz, A goldsmith. ير عاز عاز zarsān, Like gold; a gold thread; a bit of gold.

زر ساوة zar-sāwa, Gold-

filings.

زر سای zar-sāy, A manufacturer of gold thread, a goldbeater, a preparer of gold for painting; a crucible; like gold.

زرسی zarasp, = زراسی q.v. ن زر مود j zar-sūd, Turmeric; name of a fragrant Indian flower.

يرهك zirishk, Barberries; a certain fra-

grant flower.

زر هناس zar-shinās, A banker, goldsmith, or money-changer, as skilled in gold.

A Ejj zar' (v.n.), Sowing, scattering seed; seed; a sown field.

A de,; zur'at, Seed.

a زر عيار zar-'iyār, Pure as gold.

zarghunj, Name of a stinking herb

brought from China.

مرن zarf (v.n.), Making haste (a camel); walking leisurely (a man); -zaraf (v.n.), Breaking out afresh (a healing wound).

رنان zarfān, A decrepit old man; the

patriarch Abraham.

زر فشان j zar-fishān, Scattering gold; name of the 9th of the month of the æra of Yazdagird.

يرانين zurfīn, A bolt or ring of a door.

زرق zarq, Hypocrisy fraud; detraction; pretending to abstinence.

zarq (v.n.), turning towards any object (the eye), so that scarce anything but the white appears; moving back the saddle (of a camel); hurling or brandishing a javelin (mizrāq); dropping excrement (a bird); muting, being blind;—zurq (pl. of azraq), Blue-eyed; blind people; sand-hills; heads of spears or arrows;---zaraq, Being blue or grey (eyes); blueness; blindness; being clear (water);zurraq, A white sparrow-hawk, merlin.

الْ تَعْمَ عَلَى sarqā' (fem. of azraq), Blue or

grey-eyed.

a און zarq-barq, Shining, splendid clothes; -zarq u barq, Magnificence, pomp, royal grandeur.

a زرق پوش zurq-posh, Clad in blue (garb

of the Sufis).

a زرق سجادة zarq-sajjāda, Who spreads the prayer-carpet of hypocrisy.

j zar-katūnā, Seed of fleawort; tur-

زرق فروش zarq-farosh, A hypocrite.

zurgum, Blue-eyed.

زودري zarqūri, The herb dog's-tooth.

sy زونوي zarqūn, Vermilion.

زرك zarak, Gold-leaf;—zirik, The barberry and its tree.

temper.

رر کار zar-kār, Anything golden or gilded; a goldsmith.

زر کشید , zar-kashid, A gold زر کشید wire drawer; embroidered or covered with gold thread, gold cloth.

زر کوب j zar-kob, A goldbeater. زر کوفت zar-koft, Plated with gold. زر کوفت zar-koh, Name of a rock in the midst of the Sea of Oman, dangerous to ships.

زرگار zargār, زرگار j zargar, A goldsmith;— zargari char<u>kh</u>, The sun.

رگری zargarī, Business of a goldsmith : a kind of dialect.

زرگنج zargunj, Name of a stinking herb brought from China; a large earthen

زر گون zar-gūn, Of the colour of gold; surname of Shaikh Salahu d'-din.

زرگيا zar-giyā, Name of an Indian goldencoloured herb.

رين zarm, Tears; a shedding of tears.

A ρή zarm (v.n), Interrupting (urine); stopping, cutting short (a speech) ;-zarim, In narrow circumstances; avaricious, mean; vile.

زمان zarmān, A decrepit old man ; Abraham,

ير مهجة zar-mahcha, A golden or gilded moon, or crescent, at the point of a banner or spear.

زرنا zurnā, A trumpet, a hautbois.

נישן zurnāpā, איז נישן zurnapā, A cameleopard.

arnab, Name of an odoriferous رنب ≥ plant; saffron.

يرنباهه zurumbā, رزنباد zurumbād, درنباهه rumbāha, Zedoary, a Chinese root.

رنباج zarambulj, Sorrel; a red currant. زري saranj, Name of a town in Sistan;-zirinj, Gum of a tree.

wij zarand, Hell; name of a hard barren

zar-nishān, Figures of gold inlaid زرنشان in steel (as in swords); gilded; set in

رنشان کر zarnishangar, A maker of the work described in the preceding article;

gold-inlayer.

زنك zarank, Magnificence, grandeur.

zarang, The barberry; new; a troop of horses; yellow wood; safflower-water; mustard-seed; yellow clay used in colouring; the peak of a mountain; hell; name of a large and hard tree; name of a city, the government seat of Sistān; (for &) q.v.) shrewd, clever (m.c.); -zurang, A troop of horses.

زرگار; zar-nigār, Gilded; inlaid with gold;

painted with gold.

ارت zarna (unsupported), and—

ررنی zirnīq, zar- زرنیع zirnī<u>kh</u>, زرنیع nīk, Arsenic;—zirnīkhi ahmar, Red arsenic (used by the alchymists); -zirnīkhi asfar, Yellow arsenic (used by painters);—zirnīkhi zard, Orpiment;—zirnīkhi qirmiz, Realgar.

مرنيلي ع zarnīlaj (for P. zar-nīla), Sorrel.

رتيله zar-nila, Sorrel.

sarū, A leech; a kind of powder or salve with which the eyes are anointed; hardness in the hand or foot (the last meaning doubtful).

رواس zarwās, Libernlity, munificence.

زران zarwān, = وزبان q.v., Time (Z. zar-

wan) ;-zarwāni buzurg, Abraham.

A 201) zarud, A desert on the road to Mecca; according to others a hilly place rich in water and vegetation.

∠ زرور zurūr (pl. of zirr), Coat-buttons.

a زروی zar-warq, Talc used by women for paint.

zi-rost (for az ro ast), Is (made) of brans.

A E3) zuru' (pl. of zar'), Sown fields; seeds sown; children.

زرع zarūgh, zurūgh, A belch.

נעש zarūk, Name of a medicinal herb;--mrūk, A leech.

زرين zarwin, The ranine vein (med.).

3) zara, zirih, A coat of mail; name of a kinsman of Afrasyab; name of a province in Sistan; name of a sea or river; [zirih bar dosh kashīdan (poshidan, dar bar andākhtan, dar bar giriftan, dar dosh kashidan), To don a coat of mail;—zirih para kardan, To tear a coat of mail; -zirih dar-nawishtan, To make a coat of mail;]—zura, A leech.

zarhānitan, (in Zand) To bring (رهائتن forth.

zirih-baf, A maker of coats of mail.

zirih-posh, Clothed in mail or any زرة يوث other military garment.

zarah-pech, (in Zand and Pazand) (الا المح Winter.

zaruhdusht, زرقتشت zaruhdusht, Zoroaster.

zirih-jāma, A coat of mail worn رة جامة over other garments.

zirih-khūd, The lining of a helmet. زرة دار zirih-dār, Clad in mail.

رة ساز zirih-sāz, A maker of coats of mail. zirih-sum, What perforates coats of mail.

زرة كلاة zirih-kulāh, A helmet, with a texture of iron rings hanging down as a defence for the neck, a casque.

zirihgar, A maker of coats of mail. zirih-mû (mo), One whose hair forms a sort of covering (resembling a coat of mail).

zirihwar, Clad in mail.

زرهون zarhūn, The patriarch Abraham.

زرى zarī, Brocaded silk (m.c.); drinkmoney given to musicians.

ری باف zarī-bāf, A weaver of brocade. ريتونتن zarītūnitan, (in Zand and Pāzand) To cultivate the ground.

زير zarir, zirir, A yellow-dyeing wood; bile; jaundice; name of the brother of Gushtasp.

رور ع zarir (v.n. of زرّ, Being hot, red, and inflamed (the eye).

sy زيرا zarīrā, Purslane. zarīra, Wormwood.

zirrī', What grows in the fields spontaneously from stray seeds.

Tenacious, زريقان zariqān, avaricious (doubtful word).

يري^عي ∡ zuraiqīy, Name of a poet.

zirik. The barberry (a thorn).

زين zarīn, zarrīn, Golden; [murghi zarrīn-bāl, The bird with golden wings, i.e. the sun;]-zarīn, Bread steeped in broth (=A. گرید).

زربي تراجي

a باع و معالب zarīn-janāḥ-u-maḥālib, With golden wings and claws.

زين درخت zarīn-dirakht, The orange-tree. زين هاخ zarīn-shākh, (met.) The pen.

a زرین صدف zarīn-sadaf, The sun. a زرين عدار zarîn-'izār, Pale-faced.

a رين علم sarīn-'alam, Marked with gold (cloth, a garment, &c.).

a رين قدح zarin-qadah, A white and yellow narcissus.

زرين كاسة zarīn-kāsa, The sun.

رين كلاه zarīn-kulāh, Wearing a golden helmet; the chamberlain or keeper of the palace, who wears a golden cap; a golden fillet worn by Persian ladies; the sun.

زرين گار zarīn gāv, A drinking cup made in the shape of an ox.

زين نرگسة zarīn-nargisa, The stars.

زيس); zarrīna, Golden; u golden vessel; a soup made of bread-crumbs; -shah-nishini zarrīna-ţāq, A portico supported by golden pillars.

زرينه خور zorrina-khwur, An eater of soups. زرينه كفش zarīna-kafsh, Wearing sandals of gold.

زرين هماي zarin-humāy, The sun.

ين zarīv, Gravity, sedateness.

ور يون sar-yūn (Gold colour), The anemone; green and pleasant; yellow.

zarewand, Name of a wrestler of Mazandaran.

زيوة zarīwa, A trance, eestacy.

زرونه توبا zazrūna-tirbā, (in Zand) A hen.

53 zazha, A clothes-line.

zust, Swift, violent, vehement, irascible, harsh, passionate; sharp, acid, pungent; clear.

ينتن zistan, To live ; to excoriate ; to rob. zash, What is the matter?—zush, Dew.

zishār, A press for squeezing juice.

zasht, Sight, seeing ; -zisht, Hideous, ugly, rough, rude, austere, obscene, filthy; a race; -zisht kardan, To win (in the language of gamblers); -nek zisht, Exceedingly ugly, hideous.

zishtār, Obscene, a bawdy talker. zisht-khū (kho), Bad-tempered. zisht-kho'ī, Badness of temper. zisht-dīdār, Of hideous aspect.

زهت روی zisht-rüy. Ugly-faced. زهت روی zisht-rü'i, Ugliness of face. a زهت سيرت sisht-sirat, Ill-mannered ; of bad conduct.

a زهت سيرتي;, zisht sīratī, Rudeness, ill-breeding.

zisht-gūy, An obscene speaker. زهت کوی يمتن zushtan, To unbark, skin, peel.

zisht-nāmī, A bad repute, in-

famy, disgrace.

zishtī, Ugliness;—zishtī u nikū'ī, Good and evil; sadness and joy; poverty and riches.

zisht-yād, Detraction, back-biting. زهي zashī, zashshī, What is the matter?

يمان مي zw'āf, A sudden death; a poison killing instantaneously.

يمان xu'āq, Thick, brackish (water).

a عاست zi'āmat, Part of the booty devolving on the leader; a large fief.

A -cj za'b (v.n.), Driving away or thrusting back; cutting; filling (a vessel).

αμ'r, Coition; being thin (hair); barren, bare (a place).

ניינע א zu'rūr, Of a bad disposition; a medlar.

A Elej za'zā', Stormy, boisterous (wind).

A aclys sa'zā'at, A large troop of horses. A & za'za', Stormy (wind); a hurricane.

a نعف sa'f. Killing on the spot.

A اعزاد za'zaf, Abounding in water (sea). ارِعَمْران zafarān, Saffron; name of a town in Anatolia.

a برين ويون ريز za'frān-rez, Scattering saffron, saffron-shedding.

a عفران كونة za'frān-gūna, Of the colour or qualities of saffron; a native of the city of za'fran.

a عفراني za'farānī, Dressed with saffron ; saffron-coloured.

a زعفرى za'farī, Yellow, saffron-coloured. zu'fūq, Of a bad disposition.

a وعلى za'q (v.n.), Calling out, terrifying; -sa'aq (v.n.), Being timid, starting with fear; being brisk, cheerful, leaping with

عل a'al (v.n. of رعل), Being brisk, cheerful; cheerfulness, alacrity; — za'il,

Brisk; very hungry.

A se; za'm, zi'm, zu'm (v.n.), Thinking, supposing, imagining, presuming, or speaking from belief; speaking truth; pretending, assuming, asserting without sufficient warrant; speaking falsehood; -za'm, Answering for another, becoming surety or sponsor; -za'am, Coveting, hankering after.

Α ρος za'ūm, A stammerer; -- zu'ūm, A hesitation or impediment in speech.

za'īr, Linseed. (. زغير See) .) & zagh (for zāgh), A crow.

زغار zaghār, Brackish ground; a loud cry; a cry for help; a sort of food; millet or rice-bread; nightshade; wet ground; rusty; mouldy; a burning coal; uneasiness; -zughār, A live coal, coal.

غارية; zaghārcha, A certain sweet herb. عار غس عمر عار غس zaghār-ghas, Small strips of fur wherewith the natives of some parts of the East garnish the skirts of their clothing.

zaghar-kirm, An earthworm. يغارو zaghārav, zaghārū, A brothel, stew.

zaghāra, Paint for the face; bread made of millet; millet; -zughāra, A live coal.

يماريت A زعاريت zaghārīt, Shrill cries of women's joy.

غاريدن za ahārīdan, To cry aloud.

غازة zaghāza, Bread made from millet.

chaghāsh, Uneasiness چغاش رعاس زعاس arising from love.

غالغ zaghāk, A vine-branch.

غال; zughāl, A live coal; cornel-tree or fruit;—zughāli-sang, Mineral coal (m.c.).

Azəl Jie; zughāl-akhla, The fruit of the

cornel-tree.

زغار zaghāv, A courtesan; a brothel.

A - b; zaghab (v.n.), Having yellow hair or down (young birds); also such as appears upon the head of an old man after his hair becomes thin; down; small, soft hairs.

زغبار zughbār (probably misreading for زغبار q.v.), Madder.

زغبر zaghbar, Name of a fragrant herb.

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غدة zaghda, Name of a bird.

A jtj zaghr (v.n.), Overflowing (as a river; being enraged, exercising violence; excess, redundancy.

, b; zaghar, Trouble; soft ground; name of a fountain; a sort of food; — zaghar, zughar, Name of Lot's daughter; also of a fribe.

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zaghara, The best pieces of leather for sewing round the edges of garments for showing to buyers as musters or samples.

زعزع zughzugh, A dwarf; a child; a small

bucket; a species of bird.

a غوطه zaghzagha, Whispering, talking in a whisper.

zaghagak, A sob, hiccup.

A Jej zughl (v.n.), Ejecting at one dash, squirting out (saliva); giving suck.

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زعنار anghnār, Madder, a dyeing root. زعند زعند zaghand, The cries of a wild beast, especially of a panther; a spring, bound; a sally; flight, levity.

زعنگ zaghang, Hiccough ; a wink, glance ;

a moment.

رندگانیدی zaghangānīdan (caus. of the following), To cause to sob.

زيمنگيدن zaghangīdan, To sob, to sigh.

من عميلة zaghāta, A reed used by weavers to wind their thread upon; raw silk wrapped round the spindle.

زغونه عريم زغونه zaghūna, = زغونه

عبد م zaghid, (Butter) forced out by squeezing the bottle.

a خيدة zaghīda, Expressed (juice). وغيدة zaghīr, Linseed; a kind of food.

رَفُ zaff, زناد zifâf (v.n. of زناد), Conducting (a bride) home to her husband's house (which is generally done with music and much pomp); blowing (wind); going with a quick pace (an ostrich or man);—ziff, Young ostrich-feathers; the feathers of any bird whilst yet small.

زك zifāf, A bridal procession (see ناك

zaff); the marriage-night.

زماك ي zafāk, A rainy cloud.

زنان sufān, = subān, The tongue.

ينانة zafāna, Flame; tongue of a balance. زاست زاست zaft. Thick, gross, rude, coarse; fat; full, heaped up; acid. tart, pungent.

att (v.n.), Waxing hot, becoming

angry; filling;—zift, Pitch (of which there are three kinds: rūmī (Greek), tar (wet or fluid), and khushk (dry)); black;—zuft, Of a bad disposition, crabbed, quarrelsome; avaricious; astringent, styptic; stupid, ignorant.

زقتى zaftī, Harshness, severity, roughness. a زقتى ziftī, Pitchy; [baḥri ziftī, The Sea of pitch, the Eastern or Pacific Ocean;—zuftī, Covetousness.

زفر zafr, zafar, A jaw-bone; the mouth;

a corner of the mouth; filth.

وفر A رائر (v.n.), Puffing, making a noise in the throat (a man, or an ass beginning to bray); crackling (a fire);—zifr, A burden; a leathern bottle; travelling equipage; an assembly, troop, crowd;—zifar, A bold, brave man; a lion; the sea; a full river; an abundant gift; a strong camel, able to carry heavy burdens; a troop, squadron, battalion.

زفرافيدن zafrāfīdan, To eat much; to

sneeze.

تارنيدن zafrafidan, To eat little; to threa

ten to sneeze without doing it.

تورة zafra, zufra, Victory or gain at play; sitting down to game; the mouth; the chin.

زفرين zufrīn, An iron ring for holding the bolt or chain of a door.

ينف zafaf, Closeness of plumage.

zastaj, The beginning of a work (doubtful).

A ونع zafn, Dancing;—zifn, A shade or awning spread above the roof, to keep off the heat, wet or dew; branches of palmtrees stripped of their leaves, and woven into a kind of lattice or net-work.

zifnī, A certain black medicinal زانني

stone.

تاريخ zufū, The tongue.

يوك ي zafūf, An ostrich;—zufūf (v.n. of فوك), Going with a quick pace.

zafūr, Impure, sullied, filthy. نفير م zafūr, A thorny shrub. زفينيا zafūzaf, The red jujube-tree.

A زنجه (v.n. of عن), Going fast (an ostrich or a man); a quick pace; quick, speedy.

زق م zaqq (v.n.), Feeding her young (a bird); muting;—ziqq, A skin used as a bottle (for wine);—zuqq, Wine.

اون zaqāq, One who drinks at table, having meat in his mouth;—ziqāq (pl. of ziqq), Leathern bottles;—zuqāq, A street, lane, market-place.

אַ טְּטֹּיָּט zuqqān (pl. of ziqq), Leathern wine-bottles;—(pl. of zuqāq), Streets.

אַ בּיֹּנָט zaqb (v.n.), Forcing anyone to

A -3; zaqb (v.n.), Forcing anyone to enter into a cave or a hole; entering such; —zaqab, A narrow road; near; nearness.

A مَنَّةُ zuqqat, Name of a small bird; grain with which a bird feeds its young; a medi-

cine given to a child, mixed with the milk of the mother.

zaqm (v.n.), Eating a kind of food called zaqqūm (see زقوم); eating, swallow-

zaqqūm, An infernal tree (mentioned زقوم ۸ in the Qur'an), the fruit of which is supposed to be the heads of devils; a thorny tree, cactus, Euphorbia antiquorum; fresh dates and cream.

a من zaqqa, A grain with which a bird feeds her young; a kind of medicine which the midwife pours down the throat of a new-born babe (see A. زقة).

ع رف zak, A black tineture, vitriol;—zuk (imp. of zakīdan or zukīdan), Mutter thou; muttering to oneself; (in Zand and Pāzand) that.

A 2; zakk (v.n.), Taking short steps (from fatigue); lean; leanness; -zukk, The young of the ring-dove.

A زكى zakā' (v.n. of زكى), Growing, in-

creasing; living comfortably.

ياب zukāb, Ink; spittle;—zukāb, Aloes. ماري zakāt, Purity, purification; alms given according to Muliammadan law, by way of purifying or securing a blessing to the rest of one's possessions.

زكار zakār, Panting (from heat or thirst), ي تكارة zakāra, Quarrelsome, litigious.

زكاسة zukāsa, كاهه زكاسة zukāsha, A hedgehog; a porcupine.

a cold, تركام xukām, Defluxion, rheum; a cold, catarrh.

زكان zakān, zukān, Murmuring, growling. zakāwat, Purity, probity, innocence; quickness of parts, ingenuity.

akt (v.n.), Filling (a bottle).

غر م zakr (v.n.), Filling.

A زكريا zakari, زكريا zakariya, Zacharias.

zakish, Styptic, astringent.

zakan, Knowing, understanding, conjecturing.

zukanj, zikanj, A large dish or trencher.

ي zukand, A large earthen dish.

zakāt, Alms.

زكور sakūr, A miser; a robber.

A زكى zakī, fem. زكية zakīyat, zakīya, Pure, virtuous, just, pious, chaste; one who gives the prescribed portion of his wealth to the poor.

zakiyā, (in Zand and Pāzand) A

knife.

zakīd, Wearied, tired out, displeased. زكيدن zakīdan, zukīdan, To mutter to oneself in a rage.

م زكيك zakîk (v.n. of كياك), Walking with short steps; short steps.

الاز zugāl, Charcoal.

زگالاب zugāl-āb, زگاله zugāla, Ink; a mole on the body.

ركيل zagil, A wart.

A J; zall (v.n.), Slipping, sliding, falling;

blundering in speech, a slip of the tongue; -zull, Slippery (place).

a زلايية zalābiya, A thin pan-cake. (See

(زلیبیا

A زلازل zalāzil, Afflictions, misfortunes; (pl. of zalzalat), tremblings, tremors; earth-

a الآل zulāl, Pure, limpid, wholesome water; wine; a yellow spotted worm bred in the snow, which swells in cold water; -zulāl chasma'i mihr u maḥabbat, The pure water of the fountain of benevolence and love;—zulāli khizr, The water of life.

A الملوك j zalā'ifu 'l-mulūk, Amaran-

thus (=zulfi 'arūs, q.v. under).

A &; zallat, Land covered with crops; a wedding-feast; whatever one carries away from the table of a friend; chattels; an error, fault, sin; --zallat, zullat, A craft, a trade; -zillat, A slip; smooth shining stones; -sullat, Difficulty of breathing; asthma.

A کی zalj (v.n.), Being borne lightly over the surface of the ground (as on ice or frozen snow, sliding; slipping; -zalj, zalaj, A slip, slide, tumble; a slippery place.

يان zalaj, A woodcock, a rail.

y zalh (v.n.), Tasting; vanity; vain, fruitless, unsuccessful.

A راحلي zalahlah, Light of body.

A خامي zalahlahat, Thin, broad (cake).

A عند zulham, A Morocco cloak and hood.

ي زام alkh (v.n.), Striking with the ferule of a spear; a slippery declivity; any interval not exceeding a bow-shot; -zalakh, Waxing fat; fatness.

ي زلزال م zalzāl, Tremor; agitation;—zilzāl (v.n. of زلول), Causing (the earth) to

tremble; an earthquake.

A قارارل zalzalat (v.n. of زلول), An earthquake; -zalzala walwala andākhtan, To turn things upside down, to make a hurlyburly, to kick up a row.

A Li zalt, A quick pace.

zal'a (v.n.), Being corrupted, in a bad state (a wound); having chapped feet or hands; a crack or chap on the hands or

الله zulf, A curling lock, ringlet, tuft, head of hair; an aigrette; (in a mystic sense) the divine mysteries forming the delight of the devotee ; -zulf bar rukh shikastan (bar-shikastan), To curl the hair ;zulf bastan, To discover herself (as a mistress to her lover); to captivate;—zulfi pareshān, Dishevelled, scattered locks; zulfi tāb-dār, Curling ringlets; — zulfi khutan sākhtan, To curl the hair; zulfi khatā. Fault, transgression;—zulfi darāz, Long locks;—zulfi zamīn, Night; the clay from which man was formed; -zulfi zamīnsay, Long curls (as if sweeping the ground); -zulf sakhtan (shikastan, shorandan), To curl the hair, to frizzle the curls;

—zulfi shāhidān, Marjoram;—zulfi shab, Darkness;—zulfi shab āshnā kardan, To spread darkness and make it dense; -- sulfi 'arūs ('arūsān), Amaranthus, love-liesbleeding, cock's-comb; -zulfi 'uqar, The feathers of the bird 'uqar (egret?) used for aigrettes; -zulf gusistan, To fall loose (curls);—zulfi 'ambarīn, Perfumed locks; —zulf u khāl, Ornaments of gold and jewels wherewith a bride is decorated on her wedding-night.

A wij zalf, zalaf, Proceeding, preceding; progress, step; part of the night; nearness, propinquity; -zilf, A garden or meadow; -zulaf (pl. of zulfat), First parts of the

night.

A day zulfat, Nearness, propinquity; a stage, a halting-place; a step, degree; the first part or watch of the night; -zalafat, A cistern or tank full of water; a plate or large dish; a green bottle or bowl; hard, uneven (ground).

zulf-dār, Having curls, curly-

haired.

L culf-sa, Rubbed by the curls (said of the cheeks).

zulf-gāh, Place where the curls grow.

zulfinjūna, The hilt of a sword, dagger, or knife; name of an ancient king. adj zalja, A narrow dark place or alley.

zulfá, Nearness, approach. زلفی ه

zulfī, A sword-knot; the chain by which a door is fastened (see زلفين).

زلفيدي zalfidan, To slide, stumble; to fall

upon ice.

zulfīn, A bar, bolt, ring of a door زهين

(زرقین вее (زرقین).

zalq (v.n.), Shaving the head: zalaq, A slippery place; slipping, sliding; dropping young ones (a camel); shaving off the hair; onanism, masturbation; zaliq, Soon angry, irascible; cui sperma effluit ante congressum.

نك; zalak, A live coal, a firebrand.

zalug, A leech.

رل xalal (v.n. of ارل Stumbling, falling (= J; q.v.); being lank-hipped; being

deficient in weight.

zalm, Filling (a reservoir); giving little (in a present); cutting (the nose); committing an error, blundering;—zalam, An arrow used in gaming or casting lots; a divided hoof; also what grows behind it; name of a mountain; name of a kind of plant without flower and seed.

يو zalū, A leech;—zalū'i asbī, Horseleech.

يراع عاين zulū', زاوع ماين zulūgh (v.n. of زاوع ماين zulū'), Rising (sun); flaming up (fire).

يرك zalūk, A leech.

zalūl (v.n.), Being deficient in weight (money); passing rapidly by; conferring a favour; bestowing a gift.

al, zalla, Victuals carried home by the guests from an entertainment (construed with the verbs bastan, dāshtan, kashīdan, guzāshtan); -zalla, zilla, A kind of cricket which hums very loud in summer; according to others, a black kind of beetle produced in baths and humid places.

زلها zallahā (pl. of the preceding), Vic-

tuals, &c.

zalībiyā, A sort of fritter or pancake.

a ريلوzilliyat, ويلوzilliyat وليه zilliyat

zulaikhā, The wife of Potiphar, whose passion for Joseph is much celebrated in the East, particularly in the elegant Persian poems by Nizāmī and Jāmī.

نيف zalif, Fear, dread.

زليفن zalīfan, zilīfan, Causing to fear; terror, fear, dread; a threat; hatred, revenge; a bow for separating cotton from the seed.

يليفي zalīfī, Terror, fear.

زليلً zalīl, A hiccough, a belch; slipping,

sliding (= 1; q.v.).

• sam (S. hima), Cold; a biting wind; a wound; a child slavering; one whose lips are turned out in speaking; a cheek, jaw; a wick, a lunt, a match; a tent, suppository; gently, slowly, softly; name of a river, and of a city; a midwife; the well Zamzam at Mecca

A p; zamm (v.n.), Binding, fastening (with transverse thongs); bridling (a bridling (a camel); raising the head (a camel when in pain; filling (a bottle);—zumm, Name of a place.

i zi-mā (for az mā), From us, than we

or us.

a زمار zimār, The voice of an ostrich ;-zammār, A flute-player, flutist, piper.

zimārat, A playing on the pipe or ومارة flute; zammārat, A flute, pipe; a harlot; a log tied to a dog's neck to prevent him entering into a vineyard, a dog's collar.

زمارع zamārūgh, zumārūgh, A toadstool,

fungus.

zimām, A halter fastened to the ring of a camel's nose, a rein, a bridle; zimāmi i<u>kh</u>tiyār, The reins of self-control; zimāmu 'n-na'l, A shoe-lace;—zimām dādan (sipurdan, nihādan), To submit one's will to another, to yield; -zimām giriflan khwud-rā, To refrain from evil passions, &c.

زمان zamān, Death.

A colo; zamān, Time, season; an age; tense; a season of the year, of which, like the people of India, they reckon six, each of two months' duration; the world; fortune, chance; -- zamāni peshīn, Former time; -- zamān tā zamān, From time to time, at times, sooner or later; -zamān dādan, To give time or opportunity;—

zamān u zamīn, The universe; — ba'da zamān, After some time, later on ;—pād-shāhi zamān, King of the world or age, monarch for the time being; -dar zamān, In the time (of), at the time.

A منافع zamānat (v.n. of ون), Being worn

out with age or labour (a beast).

a مان زمان zamān zamān, Time after time, at stated times.

a نسون تعسق zamān-sair, Travelling fast.

a who, zamāna, Time; fortune; the world; revolutions of the heavens; -zamāna'i ḥāl, The present time; -ibna'i zamāna, The sons of the age, contemporaries.

a إمالة ساز zamāna-sāz, A time-server,

turn-coat.

a زمانه سازي zamāna-sāzī, Time-serving; hypocrisy; necessity.

a عنيز zamāna-sair, Travelling fast. a مالك موافق zamāna-muwāfiq, Well-timed.

a رماني zamānī, Temporal; worldly; frail; -zamane, For some time.

a رمانيان zamāniyān, People of the world.

a نائيذ; zamāna'izin, Then, at that time. a زمانيكه zamāne-ki, When, at the time that.

زماهن j zam-āhan, Hard, unmalleable iron ; labour in vain; sordid, mean; doing good

zampūd, A bee (perhaps misreading for, or corruption of زنبور).

zamatra, (in Zand and Pazand) Ridicule.

zamj, Vitriol; gum;—zamji billaur, Alum.

A وسا zamj (v.n. of ورسا), Filling (a bottle);—zamaj (v.n.), Being angry;—zummaj, Name of a bird (of the eagle kind).

zimji, The rump of a bird. ▲ أن zimijjá, The rump of a bird.

zi zamch, Vitriol; a black dyeing colour; name of a place in Khnrasan; - zamchi billaur, Alum; -zimch, A hawk, falcon.

zamchak, A winged insect.

zamchī, Belonging to or native of Zamch, surname of Ahmad Zamchi.

zamchikūr, Alum. زمجيكور

A consummah, Ignoble, beggarly; short and ugly; contemptible.

zimaḥn, زحنة zimaḥnat, Of an evil disposition; avaricious.

haughty; being tall.

zumukht, zamukht, Styptic, astringent; sugar-cane; a very hard knot; a miser; harsh, severe; improper, untoward.

zama<u>kh</u>shar, A city in Khwārazm. ينداري zamakhehari, Belonging to or native of Zamakhshar, and surname of the celebrated Coran-commentator and lexicographer, Mahmūd Jāru'llāh.

zamukhk, zumukhk, Mean, avaricious; styptic, astringent; hard knot.

A ביין zamr (v.n.), Performing on a flute or hautboy; filling (a bottle); making known or public; setting one against another;—zamar (v.n.), Being thin-haired and of a dastardly mind;—zamir, Thinhaired; dastardly; handsome-faced;—zumar (pl. of zumrat), Crowds of people, troops;—zimmir, Strong, vehement.

zumrat, A multitude, troop, group, a

dispersed crowd.

a נייעני zumurrud, An emerald. a נייעני צעון zumurrud-giyā, Cannabis sativa.

a مالان عام zumurrud-nigār, Studded with emeralds.

a زمردي zumurradī, زمردي zumurrudīn, Emerald-coloured.

a زمون zumurruz, An emerald.

زمرونتين zamrūnitan, (in Zand and Pazand) To sing.

ביים) zamzam, (originally a repetition of the word zam, Gently, softly, with the same meaning), A low, whispering, buzzing sound made by the fire-worshippers; the fourteenth chapter of the Zand; -zamzam afshāndan, To cry.

A A zamzam, A famous well at Mecca called Hagar's well; plenteous (water); [zamzami ātish-fishān (rasan, rasanwar), The sun;]—zimzam, Name of a town in Khurāsān ;—zimzim, A herd of camels six

years old; a troop of men.

A ayoj zamzamat, zamzama (v.n. of joyo), Rolling, pealing (thunder); (in P.) a musical manner of reading, a chant (construed with the verbs asādan, past kardan, zadan, and sar kardan); a low, murmuring noise made by the fire-worshippers when performing their ablutions, or at meal-time; soft whispering, flattering speech; name of a chapter of the Avesta;—zimzimat, A group or number of men; a herd of camels.

ومزمه پیرای ,zamzama-pardāz زمزمه پرداز a

 $zamzama-pīr\bar{a}y$, A singer.

a ومرضة سنج zamzama-sanj, A singer. zamzama - goyān Singers, chanters; cooing (turtles).

a عانه زموسه و zamzamanāk, Singing, chant-

ing, murmuring.

a زمزمی zamzamī, A goblet or vessel filled with zamzam-water.

a زمومدي zamzamīdan, To eat much; to sneeze softly.

zamistān, Winter; زمستان science.

zamistānī, Wintry, winterly, bru-

zam'a (v.n.), Being confounded, astonished, panic-stricken; consternation, fear, amazement; the lowest, meanest of mankind.

مى الله zamq (v.n.), Pulling out hairs; opening a lock, unlocking.

a مكى zimkī, Rump of a bird.

زمگان zamgān, zumgān, Hair about the pubes.

a الله عن saml (v.n.), Going as it were in a limping pace from sprightliness; leaning to one side in running; -ziml, One who rides behind another (on the same beast).

zumulj, A small butterfly. A jori zamanı, Intent, design.

يض zaman (for zamin) Earth, ground, &c.;—zi-man (for az man), From me, &c.

عس zaman (v.n.), Being afflicted by age or labour (a beast of burden); time, season; fortune; calamity; -zamin, Tried, afflicted; suffering of a chronic disease; paralytic.

zamnaj, A cylindrical stone or roller زمنج with which they smooth the clay roofs of houses;—zimunj, ziminj, One of two rapacious birds called dū birādarān, Two brothers, because if one is overmatched by the animal he attacks, he is aided by his

companion; = פיין q.v.
ביין zamū, zumū, Mud, whether moist or dry; -zumū, A roof formed of timber and clay, or earth; also the earth so used.

בייניש zamūdan, To embroider; to paint. عودة zamūda, Painted; embroidery; zumūda, A swing or see-saw.

A ρος zamūm, Quicksilver.

() zamūn, An ant.

زمونى zamūni, Subterranean; a cave.

&; zama, Rock-alum; vitriol; black

ביאפא zamharīr, Intense cold; forty days after the winter-solstice; the moon;kura'i zamharīr, The most distant sphere of heaven (considered to be extremely cold).

a مهريري zamharīrī, Intensely cold.

زمى zamī (for zamīn), The earth. عار zamīyād, zamyād, Name of the angel who guards the Huris; the 28th of the

رميدار $am\bar{\imath}$ -dar, وميدار q.v.; An officer under the Mughal government of Hindustan, who (as the term imports) had charge of the land, and whose duty was to collect the revenues of the district entrusted to his superintendence, for which he was allowed a certain percentage. وصدف zamidan, To chew.

amīr (v.n. of زمر), Piping, playing زمير ه on the flute or flageolet; short, dwarfish; a handsome youth.

zamī', Ready, diligent; swift, hasty; bold; sagacious, prudent.

amil, One who rides behind an-

other $(= \underbrace{iml}, q.v.)$.

يسين zamīn, Earth, ground; floor; land, soil; a region, country; the pavement at the bottom of a pond or cistern; the ground of a picture; (adv.) on the ground or floor; ---zamīn az zīri pāy kashīdan, To frighten mad people;—samīni uftāda, Land which has lain fallow for a time :- zamīni ā'imma, Lands granted for the support of priests;zamīn ba-āb rasānīdan, To make the ground firm; -zamīn ba-dandān giriftan, To bite the ground, i.e. to manifest weakness and humility; -zamīn bosīdan, To kiss ground (in token of reverence); -zamīni tābistānī, Land which yields only summer crops;zamīni taufīr, Land thrown in unto the tenant over and above what is specified in the lease;—zamīni jalī, Land which can only be cultivated during the rainy season; -zamīni chāhī, Land irrigated from a well;—zamini husn-khez, A land producing many beauties; zamīn kharāshīdan, To scratch the ground, (met.) to be bashful; zamīni khasta, Land ploughed or trodden; -zamīn <u>kh</u>wurdan, To have a fall (m.c.);zamīn-rā ba-āsmān dokhtan, To exert oneself beyond one's power;—zamīn-rā sāya shudan, Humility, depression; - zamīn zadan, To throw to the ground, to floor (m.c.) ;—zamîni zamistānī. Ground yielding only winter-crops; -zamīn zinda dāshtan, To cultivate the ground; - zamīni saped, A land without buildings; -zamini sokhta, Arid or barren ground; -zamīni shi'r(nagm), The metre of a poem; — zamīni murda, Waste ground;—zamīn u zamān, Place and time; the universe; — 'ilmi zamīn, The science of geometry.

امياد = , saminad وميناد g.v.

ניביט ורייט אפיט zamīn-bos, Kissing the ground; making a very low bow; audience with the

زمین حسته .zamīn-paimāy زمین پیمای zamin-justa, A land-measurer; a traveller. ישיט טיי zamin-tāb, Heating the ground,

زمين خيز zamīn-<u>kh</u>ez, The produce of land.

zamindar, An officer under the زميندار Mughal government of Hindustan who had charge of the land, and collected the revenues, for which he was allowed a certain per-centage.

zamīn-dārī, The office of a zamindar; the country or jurisdiction of a zamindar.

zamīn-doz, A kind of tent ; firm. ניייט נאָ zamīn-rez, Rising from the ground.

zamīn-zāda, Earth-born; man; Muhammad.

.zamīn-sumba, Earth-piercing زمين سنبه زمينكارانه zamīn-kārāna. Who makes excuses, pretexts, &c.

ومين كندة zamīn-kanda, A yam (root). رمين كوب zamīn-kob, A horse, camel, &c. zamīn-gīr, A paralytic.

زمين لرزة zamin-larza, An earthquake. زمين نيكو zamin-nekū, Good soil.

زميني zamīnī, Earthy; subterraneous

ω zan (Z. ghena, G. γυνή), A woman; a lady; a bride, a wife; effeminate, timid, cowardly; one who assumes a bold and animated air in walking; (imp. of zadan) strike thou! &c.; (in comp.) striking, beating; [zani bār-dār, A pregnant woman ;—zan burdan (khwāslan, kardan), To espouse a woman, to marry ;-zani buzurg, Head wife (m.c.); -zani pisar, A son's wife;—zani pairāya, A tire-woman;—zani dūd-afkan, An enchantress; a dark night; —zani shūy, A concubine;—zani sīgha, A temporary wife;—zani kūcha'i bāsitān, The world; -- zani mardāna, A vixen, virago; -zani mu'tabar 'aqdī, A royally contracted state-wife (m.c.);—zani nārpastān, A woman with swelling breasts; -zan u shuy, Husband and wife;—zan u farzand, Wife and children; -mard u zan, Male and female; man and wife; \ _zun, Tares.

A & zann (v.n.), Shrinking, shrivelling

(a sinew).

نا zanā (from zadan), Beating, striking.

A ob; zanā', Short, compact (man or shadow); one who suppresses his urine;sinā' (v.n. 3 of زنى), Fornicating, committing fornication; adultery; fornication;zinā' bi 'l-jabr, Rape, indecent assault;farzandi zinā', A bastard ;—waladi zinā', A bastard; a fire-fly.

يناء zannā, A whoremonger, fornicator. زناهر م zanābīr (pl. of zambūr), Wasps;

a نابيل zanābīl (pl. of ziṃbīl), Baskets. A قاني zunāl (pl. of zānī), Adulterers.

a مَنْ zanātā, Name of a Maghribian

a ناتى zanātī, Of or belonging to the tribe Zanāta, surname of a celebrated astronomer and geomancer.

Eu; zunnāj, Stuffed chitterlings; paste doubled, between which are put fruits, meat, and the like, a kind of puff.

يادين zanādīq, زنادتاي zanādiqat (pl. of zindīq), Sadducees; infidels; atheists; fire-

worshippers; pagans, heretics.

א ניין zunnār, אין zunnārat, A belt (particularly a cord worn round the middle by the Eastern Christians and Jews; also by the Persian Magi); the Brahmanical thread; a Hindu rosary; (met.) the ringlets of a mistress; -zunnār az zīri kharqa gushādan, To divulge secrets; to disgrace;—zunnār az kamar gushādan, To unfasten the religious belt; -zunnār bastan, To put on the belt; - zunnār bastani zumbūr, The making of cells by the bees; zunnāri sāghar (qadah), The bubbles of a goblet of wine; the ring left by wine in a goblet; --zunnāri sulaimānī, A thin line in the middle of Solomon's seal;—zunnāri muslimīn, A kind of sausage; -- arbābi zunnār u nāqūs, Those who use girdles and bells, i.e. Christians.

a نار بند zunnār-band, Girt with a zone or belt; an idolater.

a טין כאן zunnār-dār, Belted; a Brahman. a ناريوهي zunnār-poshī, Investiture with the Brahminical thread.

a وناري zunnārī, A covering for a horse.

a sulj by zinā-zāda, A bastard.

نا هوهرى ; zanā-shauharī, Wedlock. zanā-shu'ī, Wedlock;—zanāshu'ī kardan, To toy with a spouse; - 'aqdi zanāshū'ī bastan, To tie the marriage-knot.

zinaq, A necklace, any ornament for the neck; -zunaq, A ring on the bridle under the horse's chin.

a ט צון; zinā-kār, An adulterer, whoremonger.

a زناکاری zinā-kārī, Fornication, whore-

يان zanān (pl. of zan), Women; (pres. part. of zadan), beating, striking, &c. (frequent in composition); - zanāni khwānanda, The women who conduct the bride to her husband; women who, being invited, may visit the women's apartments; bride's-maids.

ມປະ; zanāna, Women's apartments ; fenti-

nine; womanly.

zanānī, Of or belonging to women, feminine; of or relating to a seraglio.

zanānīdan, To bring to life again. zanānīr, Pebbles, gravel; small flies, gnats; name of a country; (pl. of zunnār), Girdles, belts, &c. (see ¿u).

a زنارى zināwi, Of or referring to adul-

tery, adulterous.

زايانيدن zināyānīdan, To neigh, or to make a horse neigh; to cause (a dog or a wolf) to howl.

zam-bāra, A whoremonger, wencher.

زنبان zambān, Anise.

ينبد zambad, = the following (probably

misreading).

zambar, A vessel in which they carry earth or clay; a leathern bag for drawing water; a certain warlike instrument; a litter; the barberry; a cuckold; a mean rascal who will endure to be scouted; a whoremonger, rake; -- zumbar, zumbur, A kind of soft cloth with a long pile; -zunbur, Inflating the cheeks and striking them so that the air escapes with noise.

زنبرك zanıburak, A cross-bow.

زئىرى zambarī, A kind of ship. زنجول zumbughul, زنجول zambaghūl, Filling the cheeks with air, which escapes with noise when the cheeks are struck.

ينبق ي zaṃbaq (from P. نبق q.v.), A sweetsmelling flower; a lily; oil of jasmine; a flute, a pipe.

زنبل zambal, A leathern basket in which dirt and rubbish is removed; the barberry.

ن بمزد zan-ba-muzd, A harlot; a pimp, a pander.

a زنبور zaṃbūr, A bee; a camel-swivel;—

zambūri-khar, A wasp;—zambūri surkh, A hornet;—zambūri 'asal, A bee.

a t زئبورچى zaṃbūrchī, A fusileer.

a زدور عاله zambūr-khāna, A bee's or wasp's nest; the person of a holy man, full of divine grace; vindictive.

a زنبور زرد zaṃbūr-zard, A wasp.

a نبور سرغ; «ambūr-sur<u>kh</u>, A hornet; live

a فبروك zambūrak, A cross-bow; a small cannon; a camel-swivel; a kind of very sharp weapon.

a زنبور كافر zambūr-kāfir, A sort of wasp.

a small gun; a particular kind of arrowhead, and of military arms; a kind of guitar made from two gourds (in India), the Vina; a concourse of people.

زنبورى zaṃbūrī, Reticular.

زنبوك zaṃbūk, = زنبوك q.v. (unsupported

by examples).

خنى zamba, White rose; hair of the pubes; quicksilver (the two latter meanings doubtful).

يابير zambīr, A two-handled basket, a

pannier of palm-leaves.

زنمان عمين تمبيل تراسل

thing he wished for (see أنبان). رئبيل بات zambīl-bāf, A basket-weaver. زنبيل ساز zambīl-sāz, A basket-maker.

ولبيان zambīla, A thimble-case; a ward-robe.

زيارة zaṃ-pāra, An adulterer, fornicator. زيارة zuṃpān, The herb or seed anise. ين يدر zaṃ-pidar, A step-mother.

ن تنبور zan-tambūr, Name of a fortress in Hindustān.

weeping; derision, mockery, jest, joke; a knot upon a tree;—zinj, Two brass orbs, which when struck together make a kind of music or accompaniment to other instruments; gum; heart-beating; quicksilver; alum;—zunj, Gum; the chin.

باح zinjāb (for sinjāb), Pontic mouse.

zinjābī, Mouse-coloured.

a رنگار j zinjār (for P. زنگار), Rust, verdigris. ق ي zān-jāra, An adulterer, a fornicator.

A jarij zanjabīl (S. śringgavera), Ginger; wine, especially that which the Muhammadans suppose to be in heaven; a fountain of paradise;—zanjabīlu 'sh-shām (zanjabīli shāmī), Elecampane; juniper;—zanjabīlu 'l-'ajam, Root of the assafætida;—zanjabīlu 'l-kilāb, Dog's bane;—zanjabīli parwarda, Preserved ginger.

zinjurf, Red-lead, vermilion.

יאכע zanjurū, zunjurū, Flesh-glue; name of a herb.

زخوة zanjara, An insect which makes a noise in the night, a cricket.

زجستان zanjistan, The country of the

Zanji, Zanzibar, in Africa.

the fringes or edges of garments are lined; edging.

zinjafr, خطرة zinjifra, Red lead.

ن جانب ن zan-jalab, A pander to his own wife.

ن جلبي zan-jalabī, Panderism to one's own wife;—zan-jalabī namādan, To pimp.

زمجور zanjūr, A chain; a harrow; concatenation.

هجائ zanja, Gripes; plaint, wail; concatenation.

a جي zanjī, Of the country of the Zanj. zinjīr, zanjīr, A chain; the rippling surface of water; a harrow; a ploughshare, conlter; a term applied in enumerating elephants, as head, is to horses, &c.; zinjīr az ham kardan, To loose the chains; -zinjīr afgandan (andā<u>kh</u>tan, bastan, zadan, kardan, guzāshtan, nihādan) bar, To bind with chains, to fetter; zinjīri dād ('adl, noshīrawān), A chain suspended at the door of the royal palace which any injured person might ring to claim justice, a custom first introduced by Nushirwan;zinjīr dāshtan, To keep in chains;—zinjīr kashīdan, To take off the chains;—dari khāna zinjīr kardan, To shut up the door of the house;—dar zinjīr dāshtan, To keep in chains; -- dar zinjīr kardan, To put in chains.

zinjīr, Smack of the fingers. زجير م

a تجدر معدة zinjīr-ja'd, Whose curls form chains (to enslave the beholder or to restrain those maddened by love).

zinjīr-saz, A maker of chains; a راجير ساز

blacksmith.

a رنجير عامني zinjīr-zāminī. Chain security, i.e. a number of persons binding themselves for one another, joint responsibility.

زجيرك zanjīrak (dim. of zanjīr), A small chain; strokes excellently formed in writ-

ing or in sculpture.

زجير ساز = ,zinjir-gar زجير گر زجير معد = ,sinjir-müy زجير موی

chain; a margin (round a picture, &c.); ringlets or circles formed on the surface of water; white spots on the finger-nails.

زجيرى zanjīrī, Mad, insane.

ಲಿಕ್ಸ್ zanchak, A loose woman, a whore.

عمد ونجه zancha, A common whore.

A & scankh (v.n.), Raising his head (a lamb) when sucking (from suffocation or dryness in the throat).

ينع zanakh, The chin, or pit in the chin; a word, discourse, conversation; idle, un-

meaning talk, chat; boast, brag; -- zanakh bar khwud zadan, To blush ;-zanakh zadan, To wag the chin, i.e. To talk, to tell stories; to talk idly, prate, boast, vapour;—ba-zīri zanakh dast sutūn kardan. To be sad, to grieve.

زعدان) zanakhdān, The chin, the lower jaw;--zanakhdān ba-jeb firo-burdan, To meditate, to observe, to expect; -zanakhdān gushādan, To display beauty;—chāhi zanakhdan, The dimple in the chin.

زلج زن zanakh-zan, An idle talker, a

boaster, a braggart.

zunukhk, A kind of astringent diet. ن خوازنده zan-khwāzanda, The women who conduct a bride to her husband's bome (see zanāni <u>kh</u>wāzanda under زنان).

ن خواسته zan-khwāsta, Married (man). wi zand. The book of Zand, name of the commentary or paraphrase of the sacred writings of the ancient Persians, commonly called by the Persian writers the book of Zardusht; name of the dialect in which it is written; the books of the patriarch Abraham; a fire-steel; the myrtle-tree; name of a champion of Turan; great; name of a place belonging to Bukhārā; -zind, (in Zand and Pazand) 'The soul.

A W; zand, The elbow; fore arm, arm; an instrument for striking fire, mostly one piece of wood rubbed hardly against another concavely formed and receiving the

ند استا zand-astā (for zand-awastā), Title of the book of Zardusht or Zoroaster.

زندان zindan, A prison, jail; pound, piufold; - zindāni birjīs (mushtarī), The sign Virgo; -zindāni khāmoshān, The grave; zindāni sikandar, The city of Yazd; darkness;—zindān kardan, To put in prison; zindāni manish, The world ;-zindāni nāmasjun, The fish which swallowed Jonah; -zindāni naiyirain (Prison of the two luminaries), The head and tail of the dragon (the author of eclipses).

وندائمآن zindānbān, A jailer. زندائمآن zindānbānī, The office of jziler; -zindānbānī kardan, To keep a jail, to act

يدانجي; zindānjī, A jailer.

zin- زندان سرای zindān-<u>kh</u>āna, زندان عاله dān-surāy, A prison-house.

زنداني zindānī, Of a prison; a prisoner. وند اور zand-āwar, Allowed by the Zand;

free-born; lawful.

يد ارستا zand-awastā, Title of the book of Zoroaster; the first chapter of the same book.

إندبار zandbār, Harmiess animal, as a

sheep.

زند باك zand-bāf, A priest of the Magi; the nightingale; a ring-dove.

زندوستا and زند استا = zand-basta, الله بستا qq.v.

a زندبيل zandabīl (for P. zanda-pīl), A large elephant.

زند پیچی zand-peche, Coarse cloth made in Zand near Bukhārā (see زند لیچی).

zand-khwan, A chanter or reader زند عوان of the Zand; a priest of the Magi; a nightingale; a ring-dove; any melodious bird.

زند رارz zand-dān, = زند دان q.v. زندران zandrān. A nightingale.

رند رزم zand-razm, A great battle. زندرود zandarūd, Name of a note of the guitar; name of a river which through Ispahān from west to east.

زندستان zandastān, The

book of Zardusht or Zoroaster.

ند رزی sand-razan, Name of a place near Nishapur.

zand-soz, Who consumes or destroys زند سوز the Zand, i.e. an infidel, a magician.

تدش zandish. Salutation, benediction.

ن دغل gan-daghal, An adulteress, a har-

a ندنيل zandafīl, A large elephant (see .(زند ہیل

يدقة zandaqat, zandaqa, A helief in the two principles of light and darkness; impiety, heresy.

زندكان zindagān (pl. of zinda),

zindagānī, Life; sustenance, food; —zindagānī dādan, To give life; to die;—zindagānī kardan, To live;—zindagānī'i duwum, The next life.

ندگالی ده zindagānī-dih, Life-giving.

zindagī, Life.

زند لاك zand-lāf, A priest of the Magi; a nightingale; a ring-dove.

a ندنيچى; zandanichī, Cloth from the town

of Zand in Bukhārā.

يد واف zand-wāf, ولد واف zand-wān, = .q.v زند لا*ب*

zand-wastā, Title of the book of Zoroaster.

زندوست zan-dost, Fond of women; a whoremonger.

zan-dostî. Fondness of women, زندوستی delauchery.

زىدىد zandwandid, The eighth chapter of the book of Zoroaster (probably meant

for the Vendidad).

زندة zanda, Immense, horrible; a firesteel; -zinda, Alive, living; life; a match, or anything similar catching fire; poor, needy; great, huge, terrible; proud, haughty; name of a river which flows through Ispahan; name of a celebrated wrestler of Turan; -zinda dashtan, To keep alive; to be watchful;—zinda sākhtan (gardānīdan). To give or restore to life;—zinda shudan, To become alive; to kindle; to blow (wind); to be fulfilled (hope);—zinda kardan. To bring to life; to light (a candle); to pay out (as an allowance, &c.); -zinda kardan khāk, To

resuscitate; to cause to grow;—zinda gashtan, To revive.

zinda-posh, Poorly clad.

زنده پیل zanda-pīl, A male elephant; a large elephant; a title of Shaikh Ahmad Jāmi.

زندة دار; zinda-dār, Keeping alive; wakeful;—zinda-dārāni shab, Those who pass sleepless nights, or keep vigils.

زادة دال zinda-dil, Live-hearted, i.e. pious. والدة دال zanda-rān, A nightingale (doubtful).

زم زوم j zanda-razm, Name of a champion killed by Rustam.

زيدة رود zanda-rūd, zinda-rūd, A great river; name of a river which flows through Ispahān.

zinda-kun, One زندة ماز zinda-kun, One

who brings to life.

زنده سندن zinda-sakhun, One whose word or speech imparts life.

زندهائي zindagānī, Life; sustenance.

zinda-gar, Vivifier.

zinda-gī, Life;—dar zinda-gī, When alive, = during one's life (m.c.).

رندوراك zandawāf, The nightingale (doubtful).

زندي zandī, A follower of the Zand; a fire-worshipper (see (نديك)).

زنديدي zinadādan, To be impregnated.

a زندیو zindīq (for P. زندیو), One who maintains the doctrine of two principles (see نبوی p. 347); a fire-worshipper; an atheist, a disbeliever in God and a future state; a heretic; impious; hypocritical.

a زنديقى zindīqī, Impiety, heresy.

زنديك zandiq, A follower of the Zand; a fire-worshipper.

زلسان zinsān (for az în-sān), On this wise. ولسان zan-sīralān, صيرتان ي zan-siyar, Of the habits or nature of a woman; pathics, catamites.

zinisht, Sight, vision.

زنشوى zan-shūy, A concubine; a man who keeps a mistress.

ين فعل شبر جادر zan-fili sabz-chādar, The world; misfortune; melancholy; a catamite; a cheat.

jew jenq, (v.n.), Putting a ring encased in leather as a chin-rein on a horse;—sanaq, The part athwart which the chin-strap passes on a horse; an arrow-head;—zunuq, Matured intellects.

a قمية ن zan-qaḥba, A harlot; one whose wife is disreputable.

a AB; zanaqa, A dark, narrow street.

bitation with one near of kin, incest.

زنكبارى zankbarī, Turpentine.

a woman (m.c.).

زكت ; zang, Rays of the sun; light of the

moon; rust; a clapping of the hands; clear water; wine; gumminess in the corners of the eyes; the testicles; strong and sharp; hot, burning; a bell carried by couriers and qalandar-monks; Ethiopia;zang az dil rubūdan, To soothe or rejoice the heart, to console, to gratify; -zang as dil raftan, To rejoice, to be gratified;—zang bastan, To tie on a bell; (met.) to acquire greatness; to boast of greatness;zangi haidarī, A large bell worn by Qalandars round the waist;—zangi dil (sīna), Sadness, sorrow; -- zangi kar, A soundless bell;—zang kar kardan, To silence; to subdue by punishment; (zang-ash kar ast, "he has fallen from his high estate and is reduced to poverty); -zang giriftan, To gather rust;—zangi hawâ, Darkness.

zangār, Verdigris, rust (construed with the verbs uftādan, bar-dāshtan, burdan, rubūdan, rafian, zadan, siturdan, shustan, firo-khwurdan, kashīdan and giriftan);

-zangāri ma'danī, Green vitriol.

زنگار بسته zangār-basta, Covered with rust, rusty.

زنكار خورد zangār-khwurd (نكار خورد <u>kh</u>wurda), Corroded by rust, rust-eaten.

زنگاری j zangārī, Rust-coloured; rustiness. ونگاری zangān, Name of a city between Kazwin and Tabrīz.

نگانة; zangāna, Name of a river; name of a note in music.

زنگانه رود zangāna-rūd, Name of a musical instrument; name of a river.

زگاهن zangāhan, Iron-filings prepared in a certain manner.

زنگبار sungbar, Blue vitriol; ink; a bell; a coat-button; Zanzibar; name of a fabulous island in India.

زنگباری zangbārī, Turpentine of fir; native of Zanzibar.

زنگ بسته zang-basta, Covered with rust, rusty.

زنگدان zangdān, Bells tied to women's feet.

زنگرة zingira, = نگرة zingila, q.v.

زگف ردایدهٔ zang-zidāyanda, Ōne who rubs off rust.

زنگ گرفته، zang-girifta, Grown rusty.

زنگل sangul, A bell, a rattle; name of a note in music.

زنگلائو zangalāla, Gradually accumulating ونگلائو snow.

which women and letter-carriers tie to their feet; a rattle; small globular bells hung round the rims of tambourines; a grand warlike kind of music; a coat-button; name of a champion of Turkistän; [zangala'i roz (zar), The sun;]—zingila, Part of a large bunch of grapes.

زنگله پا zangula-pā, With bells on the

j zangulicha, A small bell.

زنگوله zangūla, A rattle; name of a note in music; name of a champion of Turan.

zangoy, Name of a champion of

Tūrān.

Ki zangah (for az ān-gah), From that time; -zanga, Name of a country; also of a wrestler.

زىگى zangī, Egyptian, Ethiop, Moor, Negro; a savage; a fool; name of the founder of a dynasty.

زنگيار zangyār, A little bell; a coat-

button.

ينگي دارو zangī-dārû, Leaves of spleenwort. zangī-mizāj, Of Ethiopian temperament, i.e. habitually cheerful (merry as a Greek).

a زنمتان zanamtān, Two excrescences like

teats on a goat's neck.

ن مرد zan-mard, Matrimony, nuptials. زنمردة zan-marda, A man-woman, virago. ن عربه ن zan-murīd, Hen-pecked.

يند zanand, Decked, dizened; ornament. زنندة zananda (agent of zadan), A striker. زنو zanū, A ship-worm; a leech.

رنوئيدن = ,zanūbīdan زنوبيدن q.v., of which

it is probably a misreading.

زنودى zinūdan, zunūdan, To neigh; to howl; to sleep or slumber.

زور zanūr, Stalk of a bunch of dates; a leech.

زنوئيدن = ,zanawidan زنويدن q.v.

زيه zanoya, The howling of dogs; a continued moan.

زوتيدن zano'īdan, zanoyīdan, To howl; to

neigh.

زنهار zinhār, Security; a deposit, trust; asylum, refuge; protection, defence, patronage; a league, covenant; faith, religion; knowledge; wariness, consciousness, no-tice; grief, vexation; complaint; fear, dread; ridicule, banter; abstinence, continence, avoidance; haste, speed; delay, suspension; take care! beware! by all means, verily, truly, assuredly; alas!

zinhār-khwār, A truce-breaker; -also

zinhār-khwāh, A refugee; one who seeks protection, &c.

izinhār-dāda, Taken under protection.

زيار دار zinhār-dār, One who gives protection or quarter, delay or respite.

زنهار گير zinhūr-gīr, Who takes under pro-

tection, a guardian.

زيارى zinhōrī, One who makes a compact; one who seeks protection; subject, tributary, under protection; a betaking of one-

self to a refuge.

زنهاريدي zinhārīdan, To be reconciled; to make peace; to grant security, afford protection; to raise complaints against; to render chaste, abstemious; to hasten, excite to diligence; to teach, instruct in any science; to alarm, terrify.

زني; zanī, State of a wife; marriage; womanhood; -ba-zanī-āwardan, To wed a wife; -ba-zani dādan, To give in marriage.

old; zinyān, Aniseed sprinkled on a loaf

and baked with it.

rs; zanīr, Wise, learned, intelligent. ينيق A زنيق zanīq, Firm, settled, fixed.

زنيله zanīla, A sheath, a needle-case.

A sij zanīm, A worthless fellow; (a man) intruding into a society, tribe or family, with which he has no connection; -zunaim, Surname of Abū Sāriyah, one of Muhammad's companions, who was sent by 'Umar to Nahawand and is said to have heard there a cry, uttered by 'Umar during the Khutbah, and warning him against the treacherous designs of the enemy.

j) zav, The sea; name of the son of Tah. māsb;—zo (for az o). From him;—zū (for $z\bar{u}d$), Quick, nimble; quickly; haste, de-

spatch.

 i_{j} $zuw\dot{a}_{j} = \lambda i_{j}$ q.v. (unsupported by

examples)

zawājir (pl. of zājirat), Prohibitions, forbidden things; — zawājiri shar'ī, Prohibitions by the law ;—zawājiri mukhālafāt u muntabihāti āfāt, Prohibitions of adversity and admonitions of afflictions.

awākhir, pl. of واخر q.v.

a sloj zawād (probably for azwād, pl. of zād), كَانُ مِنْ wāda, Provision for a journey.

زار; zawār, An under-jailer; a servant; an attendant on the sick; a decrepit old woman; a shrill voice; alive; name of the brother of Rustam.

وار A zawār, A visitor; a stranger, pil-

grim;—zūwār (pl. of zā'ir), Visitors.

5); zawāra, An under jailer; a servant; the brother of Rustam; a city in Persian Irāq founded by him.

zuwārīdan, To be old or thready زواريدن

(doubtful).

زاوس $zaw\tilde{a}s$, وأوس q.v.

زواهل zawāsh, = زاوش q.v. والمربي j zawāsh, = زواهل ي zawāghār, A species of small bird; a solemn feast-day of the fire-worshippers; name of a priest of the Magi.

ي زوال awāl (v.n.), Departing; removing from one place to another; declining, perishing; -- zauwāl, One who walks with a swinging motion.

j suwāl, A live coal, firebrand.

a رال بدير zawāl-pazīr, Transitory, fading. હો, zawāla, A large globular mass of leaven prepared for baking; anything of a similar globular form, as a ball, either for play or for a cross-bow or sling; a threepronged instrument for sifting flour.

ران sawān, A kind of drug; (for sabān) the tongue; - zuwān (for zubān), The

tongue; a flame.

يران A زران zawän, Tares, darnel.

وان بره zawān-bara, Lamb's-tongue (a herb); fleawort; a sheet of paper.

زوانش zuwānish, A star; good fortune.

wil, zawāna, The tongue of a balance; a pivot; flame;—zawāna, zuwāna, Cotton or silk put into an ink-horn.

zawānī (pl. of zāniyat), Whores. يواو zuwāv, A Zouave (m.c. through Fr.).

زواروى zawāwūq, Quicksilver.

sh; ziwāh, Meat given to prisoners, prisondiet; a ball for a cross-bow, made of clay, of the bigness of a filbert.

zawāhir (pl. of zāhirat), Beautiful

flowers; ornaments.

א בּוֹטֵי zawāya' (pl. of zāwiyat), Corners, angles.

zawā'id (pl. of zā'idat), Things additional, superfluities, redundancies.

zawā'il (pl. of zā'il), Transient or

fleeting things, &c.

יָּפָּט zũbā, (in Zand) A highway-robber. يوناهي zūbāshī, (for T. sūbāshī), A president.

يوباغ zūbāgh, Name of the man who is said to have introduced the practice of sodomy.

A say; zauba'at, Name of a demon; a typhoon, tornado, or hurricane whirling dust aloft in the shape of columns.

בּיּבּיּפּ zūbiwa, The ferrule of a battle-axe. رية eupa, (in Zand and Pazand) A loan,

رويين zūpīn (S. kshipini), A short twopronged spear, javelin, trident, fizgig; musical, poetical; name of the son of

يوت zot (for oz o turā), From him to

يرقر zūtar (for zūd-tar), Quicker, sooner.

A 29) zauj, A pair, couple; an even number; a husband; a wife, a spouse; a covering thrown over a camel-litter;—zauji batul, (The husband of the virgin-daughter of Muhammed) 'Alī;—zauju 'z-zauj, An even number yielding an even quotient when divided by an even number; -zauju 'l-fard, Yielding an odd quotient in such

رجات A زوجات zaujāt (pl. of zaujat), Spouses, wives ;- zaujāti 'ālī-darajāti 'ismat-sifāt, Spouses of a high rank, and chaste.

يوجه zaujat, zauja, A wife, spouse.

a روجي zaujī, fem روجي zaujīyat, zaujīya, Matrimonial; married; — zaujīvat, Mar-

a زج يا فرد zauj yā fard, Odd or even.

م يوجين zaujain (obl. du. used as nom.), Husband and wife.

A ביי zaud (v.n.), Preparing provisions

 $(z\bar{a}d)$ for a journey.

رود zūd (S. jūti), Swift, quick; early, soon; quickly; at once; quickness, swiftness;—zūd būdan (kardan), To be quick, to make haste.

zūdā, Quickly, soon ;—zūdā ki, It will soon happen that.

زودازود zūd-ā-zūd, Quickly, readily.

الْمَا عَنِي zūd-āshnā, Soon intimate; sacred offerings made by the Parsis at the firetemples.

زود انداز zūd-andāz, An impromptu.

زود باورى zūd-bāwarī, Credulity; oredulousness.

tent.

زودتر zūd-tar, Quicker, more speedily; as soon as possible (m.c.).

jūr, The game of tipcat. رد خشم zūd-khishm, Pettish, touchy.

رود عيز zūd-<u>kh</u>ez, Obedient, ready; an attentive domestic.

يود رو يغري عنظ zūd-rav, A swift traveller.

ود زن zūd-zan, A quick striker.

رود زود zūd zùd, Quick, quick! make haste!

a عير عنور zūd-sair, Travelling fast ;—zūdser, Soon satisfied or filled.

a زود فهم zūd-fahm, Of quick apprehension. a زود فهمي zūd-fahmī, Quickness of intel-

زد کشایی zūd-kushāy, Soon opened (a lock).

زود کرد زود کرد zūd-gard, Revolving swiftly.

رود كوأرا zūd-guwārā, Quick of digestion; easily digested.

ردگی zūdagī, Rapidity, haste (m.c.). رد مست zūd-mast, Easily intoxicated.

رود نویس zūd-nawīs, A rapid writer; a shorthand-writer (m.c.)

ود هشيار zūd-hushyār, Actively prudent. zūdī, Celerity, quickness, speed; also ba-zūdī, Rapidly, swiftly; soon (ba-īn $z\bar{u}di$, So soon, so quickly; shortly).

A joj zaur (v.n.), Visiting; the upper part of the breast; the breast-bone; a palmbranch without leaves and fruit; understanding; a visitor; visitors;—zaur, zūr, A lord, chief, leader;—zūr, A lie, falsehood; adulteration; deceit; dissimulation, hypocrisy; giving a companion to God, idolatry; a false deity, idol; feasts of the Jews and Christians; a choir of singers, a musical concert; power, strength, force; understanding, opinion, counsel; taste of meat, agreeable flavour; softness and cleanness of a garment; name of a river which falls into the Tigris; name of a son of Zahhāk, and of a city founded by him; (pl. of azwar) armies; [zūr bāftan, To weave a tissue of lies;]—zawar (v.n.), Inclination; an inequality or obliquity in the two prominerces of a horse's breast; a looking askance.

زور zūr, zor(S. śūra), Strength, power, vigour; violence, strong effort, force; weight; [zor zadan, To use violence; to make a strong effort; to force; to hit at (mm.cc.); -zor kardan, To force; to use violence;—az zor, From the violence (of one's efforts, m.c.);—bā

hazār zor u zār, Amidst a thousand difficulties; -- ba-zor giriftan, To seize by force; sa'idi pur zor, A strong arm ;]-zawar (for zabar), Above; (for zafar) the jaw.
A on zaura, Baghdad; also the bend of

the river Tigris which washes its walls.

قرر أرما zor-azmā (رو أرما قرر أرما tries his own or another's strength, an athletic wrestler.

whyj zaurāna, Chains for the feet, fetters. زرانيدى zorānādan, To be wearied, an-

noyed.

נע וֹפע sor-āwar, Strong; a strong man. נו (וונט zor-āwarī; Violence, strength. נפן אל zor-baz, Strong, robust; rebellious, a rebel.

נכ אונף zor-bāzū, Of strong arm.

A 8,33 zaurat, One visit; distance.

ور عان zor- (zūr-) khāna, A gymnasium (m.c.).

נו נון בון zor-dār, Strong, powerful.

נו בעבא zor-dida, Who has experienced violence.

زردين zawardīn, The month of the vernal equinox, beginning the Persian year.

زولين zūrfīn, An iron ring, staple, hasp.

ع رون م zauraq, A ship, boat, gondola, bark, yawl, skiff; the prow of a boat whereby she is moored; a sort of cowl worn by dervishes; -zauraqi zarrīn, The sun; zauraqi sīmīn, The silver skiff, i.e. the new moon.

a زرق کش zauraq-kash, Who draws a boat. a زرقی zauraqī, A kind of monk's cowl.

נת צות zor-kār, Arduous; doing violence. يرر ور عرب zor-gar, An athlete, a hero, a champion.

a زور کوی zūr-goy, zūr-gūy, A liar, a slanderer.

zormand, Robust, powerful, strong. zormandī, Power, courage.

zormidan, To give power. زرناك zornāk, Strong, powerful.

zawarnīm, A patch upon a garment; also a gore or piece inserted to enlarge it.

pride. 2007 2017-u-dam, Power, strength;

נע ענ zor-war, Strong, powerful.

زورين zawarwin, زورين zawarin (for zabarin), Superior, above, sublime, very high.

رَوْنَ zaura, The vertebræ of the back; an elegant oration.

נענט zori, Power, strength. ביינט zoridan, To loathe; to commit violence, to force; -- zawarīdan, To raise

زرين zawarīn (for zabarīn), Higher, upper.

يرز zūz, Reproach, reproof (doubtful).

zauzak, The seed of hog's-bean; name of a herb.

زوزي zozan, Name of a country; name of a king; - zūzin, A weight of forty-eight grains.

زوني zozanī, Native of Zozan ;—zūznī, (in Zand and Pazand) The knee.

9) 20 20 (for az o az o), From him;zū zū (for zūd zūd), Quiek, quiek!

يرن zūza, Weeping, wailing, lamentation. zūzh, Wound, stab (with sword or tongue).

zosh, Vehement, violent, hearted, wicked, unmannerly; acrid; potent, brave; - zawash, zawush, The planet Jupiter.

روهيدي zūshīdan, To drop, distil; to involve

in trouble.

A E; zau' (v.n.), Shaking a camel's or

horse's rein to quicken his pace.

A & zaugh (v.n.), Deviating, inclining; causing to deviate or incline; pulling a camel by the rein.

ورع روع <u>zogh</u>, A river.

رينا يرينا zū<u>gh</u>ār, Name of a certain high-priest of the Magi or fire-worshippers; name of a country. (See زواغار).)

يوطال zūghāl, Coal (m.c.).

zauf (v.n.), Spreading out the wings and tail, and sweeping the ground with it (a pigeon); walking with relaxed limbs or slovenly.

A 🛂 ; zũfā, Нуввор.

يَوْفِرا zūfarā, Wild anise; name of a bird. زوفرين zūfrīn, زوفلين zūflīn, A hasp, staple. zūfa, Hyssop (se زوالي zūfa) ;—zūfa'i rath, A filthy substance found on the tails of the Armenian sheep, said to be owing to their feeding on a milky kind of grass which is very heating.

A s; zauk, The strut of a crow; the shaking of the shoulders in walking; a pompous walk;—zŭk, Name of a village

in Yaman.

ع زول A من zaul (v.n.), Putting to a distance, removing, displacing; wonderful, an astonishing thing; elegant, ingenious, clever; bold, intrepid; a bird of prey, a hawk.

زول zūl, A large cup ;—zawal, Turnsole;

the herb clary.

زولايي zūlābī, Name of Abū Muslim's spy. يولانه zaulāna, Fetters, tethers; curly hair.

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zūlfīn. A hasp or staple on a chest. زوله zūla, A lash.

رون zūn, A part, portion, share.

A ω, zūn, zaun, A dwarf.

زونج zawanj, zawinj, ziwanj, zuwinj, A sausage, a meat-pudding.

زونوك zawanzak, Hump-backed, of a

contemptible appearance.

زونک zawang, Hump-backed, despicable. وزنگل zawangal, Hump-backed, despicable ;-zawangul, A little bell; name of a note in music.

زونی zūnī, The knee.

zohmand, zohamand, Trees or grass زوهمند full-grown.

يوهيدي zūhīdan, To drop, distil, trickle. zi) sawij, A sausage; minced meat.

زيدي zawīdan, To be above, high; to sigh (doubtful word).

j zawira, A whirlwind, hurricane.

b) za, Penis;—zah, A place where water boils up and comes forth; penis; -zah, zih, Bringing forth, child-birth; offspring of men (or of cattle); male seed; penis; womb; [bī-zah, bī-zih, barren;]—zih, A bowstring; anything twisted or drawn through a hole; lace, a welt, fringe, purfle, border, hem, or other ornament of gold or silk round the edge or collar of a garment; reward, remuneration; bravo! well done! good, excellent; -zih bar-zadan, To sew on a border; -zih zadan, To renounce, to draw back ;-zih kardan, To string, to draw (a bow).

رة آب zah-āb, zihāb (also spelled باق), The oozing of water through a tank or bank of a river; a place where water springs either from the ground or from a rock; deep water; a running fountain.

زهابناك $zahar{a}bnar{a}k,$ Watery, verdant

(ground), full of laud-springs.

عاد عين zuhhād (pl. of zāhid), Religious,

abstinent men, monks.

A كانك zahādat (v.n. of ازهد Not hankering after, abstaining from, putting away (worldly things); real, or simulated piety. عار; zahār, The pubes or lower part of the belly; mūyi zahār, The hair about those

zahār-tang, The back girth of a

camel.

زهاز; zahāz, A noise, clamour; a cry for help; a bladder.

vila; zih-ā-zih, Bravo! well done!—zihāzih

giriftan, To applaud.

زهانيدي zahānīdan, To cause to open; to enable one to win at backgammon; to throw down.

zih-band, An ornament for a lady's

zih-<u>kh</u>iyār, A kind of collar; early زہ عیار oucumbers.

and (v.n.), Guessing the produce زهد (of palm-trees or crops); cutting a palmtree; a small quantity, a sufficiency; -zuhd (v.n.), Abstaining from treating with indifference (the things of this world); being given to religious exercises; devotion; continence ;-zuhdu 'l-akl, Abstemiousness in eating, frugality.

zahdan, zihdan, The womb ; -- zihdan nihādan, To knock under, to acknowledge one's inferiority; —uftādani zihdān, Lapsus

ق ديدة si zih-dīda, Impudent, wanton-eyed. pej zahr, Poison, venom; anger, indignation; sadness; [zahr ba-dandān mālīda ast, He talks maliciously or idly ;—zahri chashm, Angry looks, looking daggers ;—zahri chīze giriftan. To bear up with the annoyance or irksomeness of a thing; -zahri khwud ba-kase rekhtan (dadan), To vent all one's anger upon one; — zahr <u>kh</u>wurāndan (dādan), To poison;—zahri <u>kh</u>ūn re<u>kh</u>tan, To vent one's spleen; -zahri zamīn, The cypress; the colocynth; -zahr zīri nigin, Poison kept in a ring against an evil day; -zahri sabz, Vitriol; -zahr shikastan, To resist a poison; -zahri 'ādatī, Poison habitually taken (as by arsenic-eaters); — zahri qātil, Deadly poison;—zahr kardan, To poison or embitter (life);—zahri gosh, Ear-wax;—zahr mār kardan, To eat anything that disagrees;—zahri mīnā, A bitter draught;—zahri halūhil, Deadly venom, mortal poison; (the word is moreover construed with the verbs chashīdan, chakīdan, khwurdan, dadan, damidan, raftan, kashidan, and noshidan); |-zi-har (for az har), From every, from each.

a jay zahr, A flower, particularly a yellow one; flowers;—zahru 'l-hajar, Lichen.

زهرا zahrā (for zahra), Boldness.

عراء A عراء zahrā (fem. of azhar), splendid, clear, serene, bright, shining, beautiful, flourishing, blooming; the wild cow; surname of Fātima, daughter of Muhammad ;—zuhra'i zahrā', The bright Venus (planet); (met.) a dazzling beauty.

زهراب zahr-āb, Dirty, stagnant, or envenomed water; renuet for curdling cheese; water in which fruits have been macerated, their bitterness being left behind; an aquatic herb; [zahr-ābi ajal, The cup of death;] --zahrāb, zuhrāb, The nightingale.

زهراب جوش zahrāb-josh, "With poisonwater boiling" (a sword).

-zahrāb زهراب كون ,zahrāb-dār زهراب دار gun, Of the finest steel.

يوانه zahrāba, Poisoned water

زهرايي zahrābī, The nightingale ;—zuhrābī (should probably also read zahrābī), A bright sword of the finest steel.

زهر اهام zahr-āshām, Who has drunk poison, poisoned.

زهراكين zahr-āgin, Poisoned.

زهر آلي zahr-ālāy, Poisoned; poisoning. يهر آلود zahr-ālūd, Poisoned, envenomed. zahr-āmez, Mingled with poison, poisoned (a potion).

zahrāwān, The two brilliant chapters, that of bagarat and ālu 'imrān.

زهراري zahrāwi, Name of a physician. زهر با zahr-bā, A kind of deadly poison.

زهر باد zahr-bad, The quinsey.

A δρός zahrat, zaharat, zahra, A flower (especially a yellow one); the freshness and bloom of a plant; beauty, grace, loveliness;—zuhrat, zuhra, Whiteness, beauty; name of a tribe; a flower, blossom; the planet Venus; name of a place near Medinah.

زهر عند zahr-khand (هر عند khanda), A

forced smile, grin; smiling bitterly, forcedly, sardonically.

נפּק טוֹן zahr-dār, Infected; poisoned; poisonous, venomous;—<u>kh</u>anjari zahr-dār, A poisoned dagger.

يهر داري zahr-dārū, An antidote against

poison; bezoar.

زهر کیا تahr-giyā, A kind of poisonous

zahr-muhra, The bezoar-stone.

zahrnāk, jo, zahrwar, Venomous.

spā zahra, Boldness, spirit; power, vigour; the gall-bladder, bile; — zahra'i shab, A light by night; — zahra-ash bi-darid, His gall-bladder burst, his heart broke; — zahra rag shudan, To be in a ferment, to be agitated; — zahra'i megh, Drops of rain; — zuhra (see A. ö, zuharat), The planet Venus; — zuhra dar mīzān, Venus in the sign Libra, i.e. an auspicious time; — zuhra'i man, My nature or disposition, my genius.

a وهرة بناكوش zuhra-bunāgosh, With deli-

cate ears, &c.; handsome.

a وهره تراك zahra-tirāk, Broken in heart. a وهره جبين zuhra-jabīn, With a brow like

a علم علي zuhra-tab', Of a pleasant disposition.

عراه عندة sahra-khanda, Smile of contempt.

a وهره رخان zuhra-rukhān, Handsome persons, with countenances like Venus.

a ب توره رو zuhra-rū, With a face like Venus. a زهره نوا پر zuhra-sāz, اهره ساز zuhra-nawā, Musical as Venus.

a زهرة وار zuhra-wār, Like Venus (in beauty and brightness).

زهري zahri, Poisonous, venomous. يغري zih-zād, Offspring, progeny.

زهش zahish, Emanation; copulation;— zihish, A fountain, water-spring; praise, approbation.

zihisht, Breath.

A Abj zahaf (v.n.), Being light, active, swift; making light; lightness, agility.

the lead;—zahaq, I.ow level ground;—zahiq, Light, agile, active.

zahk, zihk, The first milk of a woman

or an animal after parturition.

adb jzahk (v.n.), Blowing hard, sweeping the ground (wind); grinding between two stones.

ق کرده zih-karda, Strung (bow).

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zihgīr-sāz, A maker of thumb-

stalls.

zih-lakhā, slibs; zih-lakhād, Any ornament sewed upon boots or shoes.

zahm (v.n.), Being full of marrow

(a bone); —zahm, zuhm, Fat, grease; bad smell, stench; Zedoary; —zahim, Fat, very greasy.

a رهمت zihmat, Stinking meat or fish.

يعمن zahman, Name of a house in Ray, under which the owner found a large treasure.

composited by examples).

zahnāk, Possessed of progeny;—zihnāk, One who begets noble offspring.

zihanja, Discipline; vehemence,

asperity.

A 36 zahw (v.n.), Growing yellow or red (a date); being tall (a palm-tree); being near yeaning (a sheep); blowing, shaking a tree (wind); being vain, proud, haughty; undervaluing, despising; giving pleasure; elegance, good looks, a handsome countenance; a beautiful plant or its flower; a lie; pride, vain-glory, vanity; a lie; a yellow unripe date.

زهو zahū, Ear-wax.

ريج (٢), see under) زهوار

(هور A ماهي zuhūr (v.n. of هر), Shining (as a lamp, the moon, or a face); flaring up (a fire).

ية و زان ي zih-u-zād, Offspring, wife and

children.

ي تعرب عنه عنه عنه المعنى suhūf (v.n. of هف), Being submissive, humble, abject; being near, impending (death); perishing; telling a falsehood.

zahūq, A deep well; perishing; departing;—zuhūq (v.n. of رهي), Being compact in the bone (marrow); being full of marrow (a bone); expiring; perishing, vanishing, coming to nothing; passing beyond the mark, missing (an arrow); outstripping others (a horse or man).

zihe, zahe, How good! excellent! well done!—zihe rū'e, What a face! (either in admiration or, on the contrary, in dis-

paragement).

A has zahīd, Abstinent, abstemious, temperate; shallow, holding but little water (a channel, &c.).

زهيدن zahīdan, To flow, trickle, drop, fall; to gain at backgammon;—zihīdan, To

bring forth.

A pas; zahir, Reduced by sickness, thin; sad, melancholy, low-spirited; — zuhair, Name of a celebrated Arabian poet.

زهير zahīr, Name of an Iranian champion. وهيراب غيراب zahīrāb, Name of the angel who

has charge of the earth as element.

(imperat. and part. of zīstan), Live thou; living; life; fate; provisions; measure, bounds (az zīyi khwud bīrān rafta ast "he has overstepped his bounds"); a sīde, quarter, track, coast, shore; towards, near; (equiv. to zīhī), Wonderful! O charming!—zī sīpāhān, Towards Ispāhān.

يادة ziyād (from A. ازيادة), Increase, augmentation; one of the games at nard; (opt. of zīstan) may he live long! a false witness; name of a fortress in Laristan; (adv.) much, in great quantity; too much; more and more (mm.cc.); -ziyād shudan, To be increased.

A قاين ziyādat, ziyāda, Augmentation, increase, surplus, addition, redundancy; an excrescence; (in gram.) introduction of a new letter into a word; (adv) more; too much, excessively;—ziyāda az, More than;—ziyāda az hadd, To the utmost (m.c.); riyada haddi adab, More would be the extreme limit of politeness, i.e. would verge on disrespect (usually the concluding phrase of a petition);—ziyāda shudan, To grow, abound; ziyāda kardan, To augment, add, amplify; to overcharge; -hurūfu 'z-ziyādat. The servile letters or incrementals in grammar.

a אָל אָנ; ziyād-tar. More, moreover, besides

(m.c.).

a زيادتى ziyādatī, Abundance, surplus;

superfluous, redundant.

يادتي طلب ziyādatī-talab, Who wishes for more than his proper share.

a زيادة تر ziyāda-tar, More.

a زيادة جو ziyāda-jo, Avaricious.

a زیاده ستالی ziyāda-sitānī, Extortion, exaction.

a زيادة سر ziyāda-sar, One who has a high opinion of himself; one who engages in an enterprise which he is unable to finish.

a زيادة سرى ziyāda-sarī, Vanity, conceit.

a بادة طلب ziyāda-ṭalab (ṭalb), Covetous; an extortioner.

a يادة طلبي ziyāda-talbī, Inordinate desire ; ambition, covetousness, extortion.

a وياده كو siyāda-go, A great talker.

a زيادةكى ziyādagī, Augmentation, increase. يزر ziyārat (v.n. of زور), Visiting; a

visit (especially one paid to a sacred tomb, &c.), a religious visitation, a pilgrimage; —ziyārat (ba-ziyārat) āmadan, To visit;-ziyārat kardan, To make a pilgrimage to a sacred person or place.

a کاه ziyārat-gāh, A place of pil-

grimage.

a يارى ئامى يارى نامى يارى نامى نامى ziyārat-nāma, A passport for religious visitation; according to others a prayer said during such visitation.

a زيارتى ziyāratī, A pilgrim.

يانت A زيانت ziyāfat, Non-currency, unsaleable-

ness of goods.

زيان ziyān, (part. of zīstan) Living; damage, detriment, deficiency, prejudice, injury, fraud;-ziyān uftādan, A loss befalls one; - ziyān āwardan, To damage, to bring a loss to; -ziyān būdan, To perish, to be lost; -- ziyān khwurdan (kardan, kashīdan, yāftan), To suffer loss;—ziyān dāshtan, To be obnoxious, to damage;—dar ziyān uftā-

dan, To come to grief, to incur damage;dar ziyan afgandan. To defraud.

يان أور ziyān-āwar, Injurious, detrimental. נישט דינט ziyān-āwarī, Injury, damage.

زياندار ziyān-dār, Noxious, hurtful. زياندار ziyāndan. To bring to life.

יוליביבט zīyān-dīda, Who has experienced losses, injured, damaged.

زيان رسيدة ziyān-rasīda, Injured, damaged: defrauded.

يان زدة ziyān-zada, Suffering loss (in

trade). ziyāngar, A de ريانگر ziyān-kār زيانكار

stroyer; noxious, hurtful, destructive. زيانكارى ziyān-kārī, Injury; sin.

يانى ziyānī, A loss, damage, perdition; noxious, hurtful, damaging.

נאַנגַרט ziyānīdan, To reanimate, resuscitate.

←2) zīb, zeb, Ornament, elegance, beauty: lovely, graceful (construed with the verbs dādan and shikastan);—zīb u tar, Decked; fresh;—zīb u zīnat, Elegance and beauty.

يبا zībā, Beautiful, elegant; adorned, arranged; consistent; a woman's name;zībā kardan, To adorn one's business (ironically), to finish off ;—chi zībā, How beautiful! how appropriate! how pertinent! how well!

ديبا ع يتا غ zībā-<u>kh</u>ū (<u>kh</u>o), Of good disposition. Ji wy zeb ārā, Beauty-adorning.

ي ينا ين zībā-rū (رئى rūy), Handsome-faced. يبا سرهت zībā-sirisht, Of excellent disposition; of beautiful make.

ييال zībāl, Fleet, swift (horse, mule,

camel).

يبان zībān, Beautiful, elegant; decked. يبايش zibāyish, Decoration.

يَّهُ zībā'ā, Beauty, gracefulness. يبد zībad, It is worthy, it becomes, be-

hoves; fit, proper, becoming.

zībur, A vessel made of coarse cloth for removing rubbish; a counterpane of camel's hair (see زنبر of which it is probably a misreading).

a زبيق for ژبوق for ژبوق), Quicksilver; -zibaqi aswad, Ethiops mineralis;zībag ba-gosh rekhtan, To pour quicksilver into the ear, i.e. to deafen; --zībaq kardan, To destroy; to trouble, to disturb; -zībaqi mujazza, Drops of rain; Tears.

a زيبقي zībaqī, Of, belonging to quick-

silver; reduced by quicksilver (silver). يب گر zībgar, A decorator, adorner.

زيبن ziban, zaiban, Who abandons the world.

زيبندگى zībandagī, Adornment, decoration. zībandagī-bakhsh, Adorning, زيبندگي بخش

imparting adornment.

زيبنده zībanda, Adorned, elegant, beautiful; beseeming, decent; -sarwi zibanda-khirdm, A gracefully-waving cyprus (epithet of a mistress).

يبود zībūd, A bee.

T क्ष्नुं zībūn, A kind of under-garment or vest.

يميدي zībīdan, To adorn; to become, suit. A جوز zait (v.n.), Dressing (meat) with oil; olive-oil.

يتأر zaitār, Mother or dregs of oil.

name of a celebrated player on the guitar or lute (عية q.v.);—zaitūni talkh, Margosa tree.

ي يحباله على zaitūnat, A single olive.

a يَجُولُى zaitūnī, Of olive-colour; an olive-garden;—raughani zaitūnī, Olive oil.

हा होंग़ Palpitation of the heart; ridicule, derision; name of a certain instrument of war (see also क्या).

a ε_j $z\bar{i}j$ (from $z\bar{i}g$), A mason's rule; astronomical tables.

ين zijak (نيخ zichak), The intestines of a lamb stuffed with mince-meat, rice, &c., and dressed.

per, zīch, A drawing out; active, expert, dexterous; a delicious sort of grape; ridicule, jest, buffoonery, fun; a boot (or rather some part of a boot or shoe, called ¿ə, by by the Burhāni qāṭi', of which word, however, the dictionaries give no explanation); lace used in embroidery; astronomical tables;—zīch bastan, To carry out; to perform something great.

م يع zaih, زيح zayahān (v.n. of ويحان),

Being distant, absent.

يخان يونان zaya<u>kh</u>ān (v.n. of ويخان),
Tyrannizing.

بر عَدَاهُمْ, Palpitation (from joy or fear).

A براي zaid (v.n.), Being augmented; increasing, augmenting, adding; proper name of a man, frequently used in a fictitious manner, as John Nokes or Thomas Styles in English;—zīda, fem. براية يَرَاهُ عَنْهُ اللهُ يدك <u>zidak, Name of a handsome young</u>

zīr, zer, Under, below, beneath, lower; shrill, sharp (sound); weak, thin; the character of the short vowel i(-); anything dressed under meat when roasting (as rice); covered, concealed; great, large; the smallest string of a lute, guitar, &c.; a yellow-dyeing wood; a linen summer-garment;—zīr āmadan, To descend;—zīri par giriftan, To warm or keep warm; -zīri turāb, Under ground; a subterraneous granary;—sīri khāk sipardan (kardan), To count for nought, to consider as non-existent;-zīri dāman parwardan, To fondle, to caress; zīri dāman nigāh dāshlan, To protect; - zīri rān nihādan, (met.) To subdue; -zīri zabān guftan, To speak in an undertone; -zir zadan, To knock under, to throw down, to floor (m.c.); -zīri zanakh māndan,

To remain sad; — zīri sar (kulāh) ast, He or it is under one's power; - zīri si-yāhī būdani dāgh, The mark is not well impressed ;—zīri shikam, Hypogastrium ; zīri qalam āwardan (giriftan), To write, to put in writing; -zīr kardan, To conquer, to overcome, to subdue;—zīri nagīn kardan (giriftan), (met.) To subdue, to bring into one's power; -ziri lab guftan, To speak in a whisper;—zīr-u-bālā, Below and above, topsy-turvy; sodomy; sin; -zīr-ubălă kardan, To upset, to overturn (m.c.); zīr-u-bālā guftan, To say whatever comes uppermost, to talk at random; -zir-u-bālā nīst, There is no doubt about it;—zīr u zār, A low plaintive tone of voice; -zīr u zabar, Below and above; the vowels kasra and fat'ha; topsy-turvy;—zīr u zabar kardan, To turn upside down, to destroy; - az zīr, Below, from under ;—ba-zīri (dar zīri) khāk kardan, = zīri khāk sipardan, q.v. above;ba-zīri (dar zīri) sar ast, = zīri sar ast, q.v. above; --- ba-zīri qalam dāshtan, To write, to put or have in writing ; -ba-zīri nagin dāshtan, To be possessed of, to have in one's power; $-dar z\bar{i}r$, Under, at the bottom, lower part;—dar zīri bār kashīdan, To impose a burden, to put a load upon ;-dar zīri lab guftan, To mumble, to speak in an undertone, to whisper; -dar zīri mardumān khuftan, To lie beneath (with?) men; -dar zīri miqrāz kardan, To cut with scis-

lei zīrā, Because, on account of, since; anything placed under;—zīrā ki, Because that.

زير از ميانه zīr az miyāna, Weak, infirm; vile.

زير الكند , zīr-afgand, A small carpet, a rug; bedding; name of a note in music (called kūchak, Small).

زيراك zīrāk (for zīrā ki), Because that. زير انداز j zer-andāz, The cloth which is spread under a hookah.

زيرانيدن zīrānīdan, To cause to sigh; to bring down from a high to a low place.

زير با zir-bä, Broth or spoon-meat. زير با زيرناد zirbād, Name of a country.

زير بار zer-bar, Embarrassed, overburdened with expense or borne down with oppression.

زير باري zer-būrī, Wretchedness.

زير بر zīr-bur, A cut-purse ; a false friend. ير بوان zer-biryān, A kind of dish.

زير بزركاي zer-buzurgūn, A note in music. زير بند zer-band, A martingal; a girth; a whip, a lash.

زير پاي zīr-pā, زير پاي zīr-pāy, Subject, tributary; a shoe;—zīr pāy kashidan, To induce anyone to confess.

زير پوش zīr-posh, An under-garment.

ير پي ser-pech, A small turban worn under a larger one.

zīrtar, Lowor. زيرتر

ير تنگ ; zir-tank, ير تنگ ; zīr-tang, A girth ;

زير جامة zīr-jāma, An under garment, drawers.

zir-chaq, A weak bow; extremely obedient.

ير چوب zīr-chob, Under the rod. a يز حلقي zīr-ḥalqī, A blow on the chin or

ير عرد بي ي zīr khurd, Name of a note in music.

زير نست zīr-dast, A vassal; a handmaid inferior, lower, nethermost,

يز دستى zīr-dastī, Obedience, submission.

زير ركابي zīr-rikābī, A saddle-sword.

زير زار zīr-zār, A low, plaintive tone of voice (see zīr-u-zār under زير).

נאַ נישנט zīr-zamīn (zīri zamīn), An underground cellar or cave (m.c.).

ير سمور zīr-samūr, Lined with sable (m.c.). زيرنان zīrfān, The moon.

zīrfūn, The barren jujube-tree.

زيرفين zīrfīn, A bolt, bar, latch of a door. يَرْقَانِ zīrqān, Name of a month of the æra of Yazdagird (probably misreading

for Ar. נאנטט zibirqān, Moon).

يوك zīrak, Ingenious, intelligent, prudent, penetrating, sagacious, smart, quick in understanding or at manual labour; steel possessing a wavy appearance called jauhar; name of a Mobad skilful in the interpretation of dreams.

ير كاسة zir-kāsa, A wrestling trick.

يرك آميغي zīrak-ameghī, The truly wise, i.e. God.

يرك سار zīrak-sār, Sagacious, intelligent. يرك هناس zīrak-shinās, "A recogniser of the intelligent."

zirak-manish, Of intelligent mind.

يركي zīrakī, Ingenuity, sagacity, quickness.

يز كاه zer-gāh, A chair, a seat.

ير لب zīr-lab (ziri lab), Under the lip, i.e. mumbled in an undertone or whisper (m.c.).

ير مشق zīr-mashq, Anything placed under a sheet of paper that one may write com-

ير ميانة zīr-miyāna, Middling, below par. زير وا zīr-wā, A kind of broth or spoonmeat.

زير و بالا zir-u-bālā, see under زير و بالا . زير و زبر zīr-u-zabar, see under بن رير و زبر.

ير وزير شدكي zīr-u-zabar shudagī, The con-

dition of being topsy-turvy.

ير وزير هده zīr-u-zaba-shuda, Topsy-turvy. zīra, Cumin-seed ;—zīra-āb dādan, To deceive; -zīra ba-kirmūn burdan, To do anything silly, to act foolishly (to carry coals to Newcastle);—zīra ba-wa'da parwarad, He does not keep his word; --zira'i rūmī (siyāh, kīrmānī), Caraway-seed ;zīra'i sabz (satīd), Cumin.

يرة با zīra-bā, A dish made of the flesh of birds, with cumin-seed and vinegar.

زيريدي zīrīdan, To be under or below; to bring down from a high to a low place; to sigh, sob.

زوين zīrīn, Inner; inferior, lower; infernal; of or belonging to the word zīr.

زيرييان zīrīyān, Vinegar in which onions have been steeped (doubtful).

y; zīz, Sleet; a cricket; onion. يوك zizak, The oxyacanth-fruit.

a زيري zīzī, Belonging or relating to onions; -- khalli zīzī, Vinegar in which onions have been steeped; pickled onions (see زيرييان) above, which should perhaps read ziziyān, as a P. plural of zīzī).

23 zizh, Snow.

يس zīs, Side, part, tract, quarter, coast (doubtful).

زيست zīst, Life, existence; (3rd person pret. of zīstan) he lived.

زيستن zīstan, To survive, live; -bā kas zīstan, To associate, live with anyone.

زيش zīsh, A pipe, a little tube.

A zij zaigh (v.n.), Inclining; becoming dim (eye-sight); declining from the meridian (sun); deviating from the right way; error; doubt.

يخ يتوh, A mat; any carpeting or cushions; renewal of friendship or love; joy, peace of mind.

يىخال zĩ*gh*ãl, A cup, goblet.

يخ زيخ زيخ زيغ زيغ زيغ زيغ زيغ زيغ زيغ زيغ made door, window, &c., when being opened.

يغن zighan, Anything hard.

A في zaif (v.n.), Hastening; strutting, walking pompously; sweeping the ground with the tail (a male pigeon when courting the female); being bad or clipped (money); -zīf, Clipt, base (coin).

يات ; zīf, Sin; churlishness; inhuman;

يفي zifan (probably for Ar. ziyafn), Long and strong.

يطنون zīfnān, Name of the city in which 'Azra dwelt.

л يې ينې ب<u>a</u>iq, The collar of a shirt; a quarter in Nishāpūr; name of a man; -zīqu'shshaitān, Gossamer, cobweb filaments floating in the air in hot weather.

zīq-u-zāq, Children, family (see

يكا zekā, (in Zand and Pāzand) Wind. مَالِينَ عِتَالِمَةِم عَلَيْنَ عِتَالِمَةُم zīkāsha, A hedge-

يك يزيك zīg, A mason's rule; astronomical tables; threads by which embroiderers are guided in their work; a bird about the size of a sparrow; name of a tribe of Kurds.

zigar, (Boys) striking with the hand the cheeks when full of air.

т زيل, Cymbals; castanets.

a زيل zail (v.n.), Removing (from its

place); dividing into portions; separating; -zayal, Width between the thighs.

zaila', A sort of shell, concha veneris; name of a city on the Abyssinian

يالو zīlū, zailū, A kind of woollen blanket worn by the poor.

ياوچه zelūcha, A small woollen garment or carpet.

zaimula, A vessel for carrying fruit and vegetables in.

zīmūr, The disclosure of a secret.

وين zain (probably misreading for إين (q.v.), One who has bid farewell to the pleasures of the world; -zīn, A saddle; zīn bar asb nihādan, zīn bar pushti asb bastan (guzāshtan), To saddle a horse;—zin bar gāv nihādan, To prepare for a journey; to travel; -zin bar gurg nihādan, To saddle the wolf, i.e. to tame, to subdue (to bell the cat); -zīn bastan (tang kardan, giriftan), To saddle;—zīni zarīn, The sun;—ba-bālā'i zin (bar pushti asp) bar-āmadan, ba-pushti zīn nishastan, To ride;—bar sheri nar zīn mhōdan, To perform some feat of valour, to conquer, to prevail upon; -ba-zīri zīn darāwardan, To saddle; -- ba-zīn andar-āmadan, To mount;—ba-zīn būdan, To be saddled; dar zīri zīn kashīdan, To saddle; -dar zīn sākhtan (kashīdan), To put a saddle upon;] (for az in) From this; hence, because ;—zin pas (zīn sipas), From henceforth, henceforward; -zīn miyān, By this medium, hence.

A ως zain (v.n.), Adorning, decking. زين آفراز zīn-afrāz, Horse-armour for battle.

وينيان zīnān, Caraway-seeds (see زينيان) ; (for az inān) from amongst them; those

عنب غ zainab, A woman's name.

אַניט אָלי zīn-posh, The ornamental covering of a saddle.

zīnat, Ornament, decoration, dress, beauty, elegance; -yaumu 'z-zīnat, A feast-

a انست فزا zīnat fazā, Adding to the adornment; an adorner, dresser; a tire-woman.

ين ساز zīn-sāz, A saddle; saddle-maker. ين سازي zīn-sāzī, Business of a saddler. وين كودة zīn-kūda, وين كودة zīn-koh, دين كودة

zin-koha, The bow of a saddle.

נאטאן zingar, A saddler.

ينو zīmū, A woollen garment of the poor. ينة zīna, A ladder, step, stair.

ينه پايه zīna-pāya, A step of stairs, round

of a ladder, &c.

zīnhār, Take care! defence, protection; a league, a covenant; fear; a complaint; haste; wariness, notice; alas!-zinhūr khwāstan, To seek security or protection; -zīnhār khwurdan, To break faith, to violate a compact, to betray; to conspire against; -zīnhār dādan, To protect, shield from oppression;—zīnhār kardan, To be on one's guard against (az), To heed; -zīnhār yaftan, To find protection or security; ba-zīnhār dāshtan, To receive in trust or clientship.

zīnhār-khwār, A truce-breaker. زينهار خوار zīnhār-khwāh, Seeking protection; tributary.

zīnhār-dār, A protector, a guardian.

ينهار گير zīnhār-gīr, A protector, guardian. زينهاري zīnhārī, Under protection; coming under protection; agreed, bound by covenant.

رينيان zīnyān, Caraway-seeds.

ين zīv, A ship-worm ; deceit, fraud.

يوار zīwār, A street in a town or village; -zewār, Equality, similitude, uniformity, straightness.

נבלו זון zīwār-arā, Street-adorning.

يوان zīwān, A kind of tare or darnel growing amongst wheat, having a black grain, which causes inebriety and madness. زيودن ziyūdan, To slumber agreeably.

zīwar, zewar, An ornament of gems, gold, or silver; -zīwar ba-khwud giriftan, To adorn oneself; -zīwar bastan (dādan, radan, kashīdan), To adorn, to deck out;zīwar nihādan, To produce an ornament.

زيور كشى zīwar-kashī, Adornment, decking out with jewels, &c. zīwarī, The act of adorning or decking out.

A Juj zuyūf (v.n.), Being clipped or base (coin); (pl. of zaif) base coin.

يونجو zīwanjo, A ship-worm.

زييدن ziyīdan, To suit, become, befit; to be adorned.

يين zayīn, (in Zand and Pāzand) Long, tall; -ziyin, A partisan; partial.

; zh, called zā'i 'ajamī or zā'i fārsī, The fourteenth letter of the Arabic-Persian alphabet, pronounced like s in "treasure" or z in "azure."

اليخ zhābīzh, Southernwood; sap which exudes from green wood laid on the fire;

sparks of fire.

j's zhāzh, A kind of camel's thistle; a kind of wormwood; a sort of artichoke; any plant not growing from seed; heath or broom for kindling a fire; sweepings of a thrashing-floor; circumference of the mouth; dung; the door of a thrashing-floor surrounded with a low wall for keeping the cattle out; idle, trifling, or insipid speech.

زاژ خلى تاريخايان , zhāzh-khāy, ژاژ خلى zhūzh-khāyān (this also plural), A trifler; one who

speaks obscenely; talkative, chatterbox (m.c.).

talk; gárrulity.

اَرُ خُورُ عُورُ مُعَالَمُ يُعَالِمُ يُعَالِمُ عُورُ مُعَالِمُ يُعَالِمُ مُعَالِمُ مُعَالِمُ مُعَالِمُ مُعَالِم talker; any beast chewing the cud.

يُرُومِكُ بِمُلِكُ ب مُرْائِ بِمُلْمِينَةً بِمُنْ يَعْلَمُهُم بِمُنْ يَعْلَمُ بِمُنْ يَعْلَمُ بِمُنْ يَعْلَمُ بِمُنْ مِنْ يَعْلَمُ مِنْ يَعْلَمُ مِنْ يَعْلَمُ مِنْ يَعْلَمُ مِنْ مِنْ يَعْلَمُ مِنْ مِنْ يَعْلَمُ مِنْ مِنْ يَعْلَمُ مِنْ مِنْ يَ

אָרָעָבּט zhāzhīdan, To chew the cud; to

howl.

zhaghar, The crop of a bird.

whij shafa, A kind of fetid herb; a hedge-hog.

يُّ zhālka, Name of a plant. عُرَادِكُمُ يُعْرَادُ يُعْرَادُ يُعْرَادُ يُعْرَادُ وَالْمُعْمُ وَالْمُواْدِ وَالْمُواْدِ وَالْمُواْدِ وَالْمُواْدِ وَالْمُوْادِ يَعْمُ وَالْمُوْادِ وَالْمُوْادِ وَالْمُوْادِ وَالْمُعْمُ وَالْمُعُمُ وَالْمُعْمُ وَالْمُعُمُ وَالْمُعُمُ وَالْمُعُمُ وَالْمُعُمُ وَالْمُعُمُ وَالْمُعُمُ وَالْمُعُمُ وَالْمُعُمُ وَالْمُعُمُ وَالْمُعْمُ وَالْمُعُمُ وَالْ

Jis zhāl, Als zhāla, Dew, hoar-frost; hail; vernal showers; an air-blown bag or bladder for swimming with; a log used as a raft in crossing a stream;—zhāla bārīdan, To hail;—zhāla'i nargis, Tears.

zhāndarm, Ğend'arme (m.c. from

Fr.).

يُّار zhāv, The purest or best of anything;

pure gold.

ໄງໄງ zhāwā, Chewing the cud; howling. ຜ່າງໄງ zhāwīdan, To ruminate; to howl. ຜ່າງ zhubūn, Advantage, gain (when unlawful).

tj zhah, A groan; the shrill cry of wild

beasts.

ئ zha<u>kh</u>, A groan, plaint; the shrill cry of wild beasts; a wart; troublesome; disquieted, weary;—zhukh, A wart.
مان غاندُمُ zhikhūr, A noise, cry; hardness.

رُحَامُ يُخَامُ يَعْمُ
్తు zhad, Gum, the tears of a plant. అక్క zhidan, To darn; to sew, stitch; to

notch a millstone.

יבפון zhadwor, zhudwar, Zedoary.

కట్ప zhada, Pricked, punctured, notched (sec కట్పే).

يراغن zharaghan, A sandy place.

يَرْاغَنَك zharāghang, Sandy soil;—zhurāghang, Land full of flints, and cracking from drought.

a giraffe, cameleopard (for al); q.v.).

عَنْ zhard, Gluttony; fulness; a glutton.

work or matter; deep search, strict examination; acute, penetrating (man); great; much, copious; a long and tedious story; a ditch, a pit; a narrow-mouthed vessel;—darya'i zharf, The deep sea, the bottomless ocean.

يرنا zharfa, Depth.

ژرف بين zharf-bīn (هُلاهُ nigāh), Deepsighted.

يرفي zharfi, Depth; sagacity, penetration; penetrating, sagacious, deep-sighted.

زك ياب zharf-yāb, Who fathoms the

depth of a matter, very penetrating or sagacious.

לופוֹן zharwār, Zedoary.

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δή zhara, A line for hanging clothes on.

يَّانُ zhaghār, Rust, mouldiness; a cry, clamour, fearful noise; hardness, roughness; a colouring herb.

of an ox, or of any animal; paint for the face; complaint, lamentation, clamour.

zhaghāl, Bread of millet;—zhughāl,

A live coal; the cornel-tree or fruit.

يَّ zhaghāla, The navel of an ox; bread of millet; red paint for the face.

تَعْانِ عُلَمْ يَعْلِمُ يَعْل

cating food. غك zhaghal, zhughal, zhughul, A live

coal. such zhaqhand, The cries of a wild beast

when taken in a net; a bell; hardness.

ئ) zhaf, Wet, moist.

zhaft, Lean; thick, corpulent.

يُّرُونُ zhafra, Victory at play;—zhufra, Environs of the mouth.

ينيدن zhajīdan, To be moistened or mace-

rated.

zhafīda, Moistened, macerated.

25 zhuk, zhak, An inward murmur from anger or vexation; one who murmurs inwardly; a traveller.

كارة يلم zhakāra, Quarrelsome, squabbling, disobedient, contumacious, stubbora.

زگاز zhakāzh. A species of iron mallet, sharp at one end, a mattock; a small mirror; peevishness, frowardness, obstinacy.

خامة; zhukāsa, كاهه تكاهة على zhukāsha, A hedgehog.

يكاف zhakāk, A bird which feeds on carrion;—zhukāk, Coal (probably misreading for the following).

يكال zhukāl, ژگال zhugāl, A live coal,

brand.

كان zhakān, zhukān, Murmuring inwardly ;—zhikān, Wretched ; disturbed.

كس zhakas, May God avert! fly we to God.

zhakfar, Very patient, meek, mild.

zhakfari, Patience.

ژکور zhakūr, A miser ; a freebooter, robber. کور zhakūd, Fatigued.

تكيدي zhakīdan, zhukīdan. To mutter to oneself in a rage.

وگان zhigān, Helpless, powerless, moneyless.

of zham, A midwife.

يم آوردة zham-āwarda, Senior wife, matron.

r) zhamū, Borax;—also zhamūlūgh, A cylindrical stone or roller wherewith clay roofs of houses are smoothed.

ω; zhan, Base, deformed.

ژنير *zhambir*, A basket for removing rubbish.

ين zhand, A garment worn out and torn; a piece; a patch; a fire-steel; the Zand, or book of Zartusht (see ازند).

בי אים shand-baf, The nightingale (see

.(زند باف

يند ژند ژند ژند ژند ژند ژند ژند

suij zhanda, Old, worn out; rent; cut up into strips; pure; a patched garment; huge, horrible; a bit, piece, patch;—zhinda, An old patched garment; huge, horrible.

زنده پوش zhanda-posh, Clothed in rags. ژنده پوش پار zhanda-pīl, A large elephant ; a

furious élephant.

رندة رزم zhinda-rasm, Name of Suhrāb's uncle, killed by Rustam with a blow of the fist.

زىكداي j zhan $kd\bar{a}n$, A bell which women tie to their feet.

نكة zhanka, Blight, mildew.

the sun, sunbeams; a patch upon a garment; the book of the impostor Mānī; a wrinkle on the skin;—zhing, A drop of rain.

ژنگار پرنگار پر

girifta, Rusty.

ينگاري zhangārī, Of the colour of verdi-

gris, sea-green; rusty.

پناچ پذیر ,zhang-basta, پنگ بسته پنج zhang-pazir,

زنگ غورده zhang-khwurda, Rusty.

يَنكُونَ zhangdān, وَنكُونَ zhangdan, Rust; small globular bells hung round the rims of Arabian drums.

alsi zhangala, A cloven foot (as in oxen or deer);—zhungula, The stop of an orgau. خلائة zhangulīcha, An open-mouthed

يكم zhanga, Blight, mildew, smut.

ين zhana, Sting of insects; point of a needle.

نيان zhinyān, Anise.

zhuwar, An under jailer.

ילואי zhawūghār, לילא, zhawūgār, A solemn festival among the fireworshippers; name of one of their priests; name of the chiefs of the idol-worshippers.

ಪೂರ್ಯ zhobin, ಅವ್ಯಕ್ತಿ zhopīn, A sort of spear, or demi-lance.

يُويَسِور zhopînwar, Bearer of a lance, spearman, lancer.

روهيدي zhūshīdan, To distil, drop; to be troublesome, to involve in difficulties.

يوعار zhūghār, A kind of bird.

the seeds after sowing; sadness, grief, agitation of mind.

ارد عاري zhūla, A lark.

راليمن sholidan, To become intricate or mixed; to grow grev (hair); to change colour or shrink with the morning cold; to fall as dew; to blow as wind; to be scattered or dishevelled.

رايده zholīda. Entangled, mixed; rubbed

with the hand; dishevelled.

يرايده موى zholida-moy, One who has entangled or dishevelled hair.

يَّرُومِيدُهُ zhūmīda, A field sown and watered. وَرُمِيدُهُ عِنْ عُلَمُ عُلِيْنَ عُلَمُ اللهِ عُلَمَةُ مُرِيْنَ عُلَمَةً عُلِيْنَ عُلِمَا اللهِ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَل

رهيدن zhohidan, To distil, drop, trickle

(as rain from the eaves).

**Signature* 2 to his and a signature*

**Signature* (garden).

هُمْ sha (= هِمْ), An affix of diminution.

gant apparel; name of a village near Isfahan.

cious, fierce, angry; a savage beast; a scorpion; a wood;—sheri zhiyān, A fierce lion.

23 zhir, A cistern, reservoir.

يرة zhīra, Cumin-secd.

າງ zhīz, A man; a wrestler, champion (doubtful).

323 zhīzh, Carrion; filthy, impure.

يعار zhīghāl, A large cup.

يلي يَلَّهُ zhīk. Drops of rain; a porcupine. کيځ zhīg, A friend, companion; drops of rain.

ين zhīn, A friend, companion, associate.

ينان zhīnān, Anise.

يوة zhīwa, Quicksilver, mercury (see جموة).

س

, called sini ghair manqita, sini muhmala, Undotted sin, the fifteenth letter of the Arabic-Persian alphahet, denotes 60 in arithmetic, and is in almanacks the character for the sun in his sixth aspect; as a sibilant letter it interchanges with other sibilants and with b h.

[∞] sā (for sāv), Tribute, revenue; a kind of rich silk; (in comp., from sāyīdan) rubbing, as jabīn-sā, Rubbing the forehead (on the ground), i.e. making a profound reverence; (as an affix) like, as 'ambar-sā, Resembling ambergris.

مائل sa'b (v.n.), Strangling, suffocating; stretching, widening (a leathern bottle); a bottle; a leathern ease in which

the bottle is put; --- sa'ab, Being saturated with water.

A who sabb, A curser, reviler.

A blil sabat, A covered passage connecting two houses.

sābān, A road-sign (either of stone or wood), to mark the parasangs; a sparrow; a starling; the survivors (the last three meanings doubtful).

sābih, A swimmer; a swift-going

horse.

a ساجات sābiḥāt, Spirits of the faithful (i.e of Muhammadans); ships; stars, pla-

a سابرى sābirī, Cloth of the finest and most excellent kind; the best species of

عَلَمُ عَلَى الْعَلَى sābizak, A mandrake.

A sābi', Seventh; what makes or completes seven.

A "leyl sābi'an, In the seventh place, seventhly.

sābigh, Complete, ample, full, pro-

fuse; long (tail, buttocks, &c.).

ه مابعة sābighat, A long coat of mail covering the whole body; ample bounty or

sābiq, Past, preceding, going or سابق A gone before, former, bygone; -săbiqu 'lin'am, Au ancient benefactor; -sabiqu 'zzikr, Before-mentioned.

A sabiqan, Before, in time past, for-

A مَا الله sabigat, sabiga (fem of sabig), The past; pre-excellence, precedence, superiority (construed with būdan and dadan);—sābiqa'i lutf u 'inayat, Past favours and assistance; -masbûq ba-sûbiqa, Based on a precedent.

a سابق دستور sabiq-dastar, According to

former practice, as usual.

a سابقه سالاو sābiqa-sālār, A leader; Mubammad.

a سابقه معولت Bùbiga-ma'rifat, Old acquaintance.

ಟ್ಟ್ ಕಪರಿಪta, (in Zand) An old woman.

عَلَمُون sābād, The lunar halo; a swing; ivy; a green film on the surface of stagnant water; a certain wrestling-trick.

سابودانه sābū-dāna, Sago.

a مابور sābūr (for P. shāh-pūr), Name of a province in Persia; name of a city in the aforesaid province; name of a city in Khūzistān; Sapor, name of several kings of Persia.

sábūra, A hermaphrodite; a sodomite.

sābūs, Seed of fleawort.

sābīzaj, سابيرت sābīzak, A mandrake. ه ما سات sa't (v.n.), Strangling, suffocating.

. sāt, Sleep سات

sātir, A concealer, coverer, hider. ساتگى "sātgin, sātigin ساتگنى sātgin, sātgin ساتگن aātgin, ساتگيدى sātgīn, ساتگين sātgīn هاتگين bumper-glass of wine drunk to anyone's health.

sātgīn, A beloved object.

satil, A plant like a dry mushroom. sātūr, Name of one of the magicians of Pharaoh's court, who believed in Moses.

sāj, A certain kind of bird; an iron plate for baking bread upon; (S. śāka) the

teak-tree.

A z sāj, A green or a black sash rolled round the head and hanging down behind; a stone with which they furbish swords, and give lustre to the teeth.

A ماجد sājid, Prostrate in adoration.

a sajir, A place filled by a flux of water; a river in Yamamah.

ه ساجع sāji', (One) speaking rythmically; one who goes straight; resolving, aiming

sāchūr), A dog's collar; or a piece of wood suspended to it, to prevent his running away, gnawing the cord with which he is led, or entering a vineyard to eat the grapes; name of a place.

sichak, A rite observed at nuptials;

presents sent to a bride.

ماچمه sāchma (for T. ماچمه), Small shot for fowling (m.c.);—bā sāchma zadan, To shoot with small shot.

sāchī, White.

A z sāh (pl. of sāhat), Courts, inner parts of buildings.

A -al sahib, Who drags along (as a

train. &c.).

A dalm sahat, A court, quadrangle, the inner part of a building; area; a plain tract of country, shore, coast ;—sāḥati tūbú, Paradise.

sahir, An enchanter, magician, necromancer, fascinator, sorcerer; -sāhiri kalām, A fascinating speaker; -zulfi sāḥir, An enchanting lock of bair.

ه ماحرة sāḥirat, An enchantress, sorceress. a ساحرى sāḥirī, Enchantment, magic, sor-

cery.

ماحق sāḥiq, One who brays; a bruiser. ماحل sāḥil, Beach, shore, coast;—sāḥili najāt, The saving shore.

a ماحل سراي sāḥil-khāna, ساحلخانه sāḥil-

sarāy, A palace at the sea-shore.

ه ساحي sāḥī, A lizard feeding on the eahā (see آسياء).

the sakh (shortened from sakhla), A series, train; well adapted, adjusted; col-

lected, accumulated; expedited.

ه ساخت sākht, Make, construction, fabric, manufacture; furniture, apparatus, gear; pretence; a stirrup-leather; the girth or surcingle of a horse, together with his armour, covered on both sides with felt cloth; a cord for fastening on a load;sā<u>kh</u>ti āmāj, Plough-gear.

sākhtagī, Make, formation effort,

machination; design (in contradistinction to what is natural); adulteration; hypo-

crisy; furniture, gearing. هنامتن sākhtan, To make, form, fashion, prepare, perform, build, construct, manufacture; to invent; to feign, counterfeit; to compose; to adapt, adjust, polish, fur-bish; to be content to do, to manage (with); to suit, to agree with; -bā tab' sākhtan, To agree with;—pīshi khwud sākhtan, To invent one-self, to make up in one's head; -sukhun sākhtan, To concoct stories (m.c.).

sākhta, Made, formed; counterfeited, false; surreptitious; apt, adjusted; a flatterer; —sākhta āmadan, To be made, &c.;—sākhta kardan, To make, &c.;—az dast-ash kāre sākhta na-mī-shawad, He is

good for nothing (m.c.).

اکته رنگ sā<u>kh</u>ta-rang, Consenting, agreeing, consonant.

sākhta-rozgār, Prudent, experienced in worldly matters.

forger, falsifier.

ساعته لكآم sākhta-ligām, Headstrong, stubborn, obstinate.

sākhir, A jeerer, mocker, derider. A sākhit, Indignant, irritated against, angry with.

ه همامار sakhlū, Garrison (m.c.).

sākhlū'ī, Belonging to or forming ساعلولي the garrison of a place.

sākhin, Mortar mixed with sand;

the living soul.

A عالت sa'd, sa'ad (v.n.), Strangling; sādd, What shuts up, dams in, stops.

sād, Pure, unmixed; plain, simple, unadorned; smooth, even; rubbed, worn out; a new garment not rumpled or creased; a desert, open champaign; a boar; a doctor, learned man;—sād shudan (būdan), To have the dysentery;—sād kardan, To purify; to castrate, cut all clean

ه مادات sādāt (pl. of saiyid), Princes, lords (especially the descendants of Muhammad) ;-saiyidi sādāt, Lord of lords, i.e.

Muhammad.

sādāk, A stove, especially the back ساداك

part where the fire is lighted.

sy בו אינו אינו sād āwarān, A gum found in the roots of walnut-trees; a gall-apple (?). sādat (pl. of sā'id), Lords.

sādaj, Indian spikenard.

addir, Careless, indifferent about سادر A what one does; astonished, confused bewildered.

A سادس sādis (fem. sādisat), Sixth.

aādisan, In the sixth place, sixthly. سادسا" هاد سايه sād-sāya, A level place.

sādik, A species of nightingale سادك (doubtful).

هادكى sādagī, Smoothness; plainness,

absence of ornament; equality, evenness; artlessness, simplicity, openness; purity.

يادن sādin, Keeper of the fane of Mecca;

also of an idol-temple; a porter.

عادة sāda, Smooth, even, plain; erased, without writing or impression; pure, unmixed, simple; open, sincere; artless, unadorned (speech); an open champaign; a pure white garment for the summer; beardless; white; stupid; a feast kept by the Persians at the winter solstice; Indian spikenard; (for īstāda) standing;—sāda shudan, To suffer from dysentery; -sāda kardan, To purify; to castrate.

sāda-jigar, Sincere, unsophisti-

cated; simple-minded; stupid.

الم المامية sāda-khwān, Reading or reciting with ease.

sāda-dasht, The heaven above سادة دهت the starry firmament; the crystalline

عادة درون sāda-darān, الله عادة درون sāda-dil, Simple-hearted; artless, simple; stupid;

a simpleton.

ه مادة دلى sāda-dilī, Simple-heartedness. بادة روى sāda-rū (وى), Smooth-faced, beardless, shaved.

sāda-zanakh, Beardless. سادة زنع

sāda-sipihr, The crystalline سادة سيهر sphere.

sāda-shuda, Dysenteric.

» sāda-shakar, Beardless (" sugar " meaning the lip).

a سادة دل علمير عشر عقط عقط عشر عسادة معير q.v.

a سادة طور sāda-ṭaur, Sincere, unsophisticated, simple in one's manner.

a سادة طورى sāda-taurī, Gentleness; simplicity, stupidity.

a الله عدار عقطه sāda-'izār, With smooth cheeks, beardless.

ادة كار sāda-kār, A kind of goldsmith. مادة كردة sāda-karda, A eunuch.

a سادة لوح sādah-lauh, A tabula rasa; simple and unblemished; pure in heart; a simpleton; beardless, shaved.

a سادة لوحى sāda-lauḥī, Simplicity; stu-

pidity.

sada-mard, A simple, ignorant man.

a سادة ومعى sāda-waz'ī, Artlessness, simplicity; stupidity.

ه ادى ه sādī, (A camel) pasturing without a keeper; (for sādis) sixth.

ه ساده .sāzaj (from P. ساده sāda), Indian spikenard; a plant which grows on the surface of water, having leaves and branches, but no roots;—sāzajī hindī, Indian leaf.

sāzaja, Simple, plain, clear.

همار, A starling; a camel; pain; affliction, grief, trouble; a place, spot; a hollow reed; a milestone; a wine-press; a title by which the princes in Georgia were formerly addressed; a czar; high, tall; (for sar) the

head; top, summit; having many inequalities (ground); placed after nouns it denotes plenty, magnitude, similitude, or possession; -sari buzurgi māhī-khwār, A cormorant (m.c.) ;—sāri sabz, A green starling.

sara, Pure, excellent (applied to gold, ambergris, musk); undefiled; name of a place on the coast of 'Uman, celebrated for its ambergris; Sarah, Abraham's wife.

while suran, The head; heads; upper part (opposed to pāyān); name of a town in Iraq.

sarib, A wanderer at large.

هاربان sārbān, A prince ; a camel-driver ; shuturāni bī-sārbān, Camels without a leader.

sārbāgh, A commander; the head of an army, tribe, or family.

A bi sarat, Sarah, a woman's name;—sārra, Exhilarating, cheerful;— akhbāri sārra, Joyful tidings.

sāraj, سارچه sārcha, A sweet-singing

bird, a kind of starling.

هارخاله sārkhāla, A gnat or mosquito.

سارخك sārkhak, sārkhk, sārikhk, A gnat; -sārikhk, The sting of a gnat.

sārkhak-dār, A large shady tree سارعكدار called the gnat-tree.

sārashk, A guat.

sārashk-dār, The gnat-tree.

A سارق sāriq, A thief.
A à arigat, A female thief.

sarak, A starling; according to others, a nightingale.

sāranj, A small black bird ;—sārinj, A cistern.

sārang, A small black bird.

sāro, Name of a black bird in India; -sārā, Plaster or mortar mixed with

sārwān (for sārbān), A camel-driver. sārūj, Plaster or mortar mixed up with sand; lime mingled with ashes; quicklime; also ointment, made of it and arsenic, for pulling out hairs; name of a bird in India of a black colour.

sārūcha, A bowl or tankard (doubt-

ful).

ه عارك sāroq, A kind of talking-bird (see

.(سارو

هارينه sārāna, A vine-branch.

sāra, Posts or stones for showing the way, placed at the distance of a parasang or league; a starling; the sash of a turban; a dress worn by the women of the Deccan, consisting of a scarf passed round the waist and brought upon the head; a kind of striped stuff brought from India; a veil, covering; a bribe; Sarah.

هاری sari, A starling; a milestone; the common dress of Hindu women of all classes, consisting of a sheet of cloth worn round the body, and passing over the head and shoulders like a hood; a sort of dress

worn by women in the Deccan; name of a city in Māzandarān.

ه ساريه sārī, fem. ساريه sāriyat, sāriya, Passing, penetrating, pervading, flowing; infecting, contagious ;—amrāzi sāriya, Contagious maladies.

sāriyān, A city in Georgia.

ه ساريگ sāriyat, A column; a ship's mast.

sārīkh, A scourge made of chains. خاربخ sāz, A musical instrument; concord, harmony; arms, apparatus, accoutrements, harness, furniture; preparations (for nuptials, journey, or any important business); a feast, banquet; gain, advantage; patience, meekness; fraud, deceit, trick; like, equal to; just as, in the manner of; worthy; (for saman) intellect, reason; (in comp. from sākhtan) preparing, making, effecting;—sāzi bādī, A wind-instrument; an Æolian harp (m.c.) ;—sāz būdani damāgh, The brain is healthy;—sāsi rāh, Travelling apparatus; -saz dādan, To prepare, to arrange; -sāzi kār, A workman's tools; -sāz kardan, To tune (an instrument); to prepare necessaries for war, a journey, or domestic use ;—sāzi kīna, Arms, weapons; -saz giriftan, To indulge in; to make preparations;—sāzi nav-roz, The feast of New Year's Day; name of a note in music;—sāz u barg, saz u saranjām, saz u salab, Apparatus, armour, spoils; (in the sense of musical instrument the word saz is moreover construed with the verbs bastan, pardākhtan, dādan, zadan, and nawakhtan).

هازاك sāzāk, A porch, portico, vestibule. ji ji săz-bāz, Trim, dressy; ornament. sāz-dār, One who disposes pro-

sāzish, Make, contrivance, artifice, invention; combination, collusion, confede-

sāzaq, A resinous pine which, when split, burns like a torch.

هازك sāzak, A melodious bird; a vesti-

يار كار sāz-kār (كار gār), Consonant, concordant, in accordance; agreeing; a musical instrument; a poet, actor; anyone who invents or feigns; a hypocrite; one who arranges, adjusts, disposes suitably, or equalizes ;—sāz-kār shudan, To be consonant, suit, agree.

از کاری sūz-kārī (کاری gārī), Agreement, coucord, barmony; peace; equalization, adjustment;—sāz-kārī namūdan, To agree,

to be in concord or harmony.

sazgari, A sort of musical air. Būzmand, Arranged properly, dis-

ه سازندگی sāzandagī, Efficacity, authority, management; a musical performance.

ازنده sāzanda, Effective, effectual; a player on musical instruments; an arranger, one who composes, adjusts, pacifies; a maker,

performer; a comedian;—sāzanda u khwananda, Instrumental and vocal.

jilm sāzā, A rope or cable made of the fibrous bark of the palm-tree; a rope-dancer.

sāzwār, Agreeing, suitable.

sāzwārī, Conformity, harmony, agreement, resemblance; aid, help, assistance.

proper, suitable; worthy; furnished with arms or furniture; accounted.

هماز و ساخت هقz-u-să<u>kh</u>t, Furniture, appa-

ratus.

ه مازات sāzīdan, To arm; to prepare; to agree, be fit, proper, worthy; to search for by groping.

ه از براق sāz-yarāq, Warlike instruments,

furniture, baggage.

همازي sāzī, Arrangement, disposition.

ه مامى sās, A certain insect of the fleaspecies or louse-species, but larger; a bug; a mother-in-law; pleasant, elegant, graceful; neat, clean; poor; name of an old family in Persia.

sy ساسار کشت sāsār kisht, Seed of nettle.

sy ساساليوس sāsāliyūs, Assafætida.

name of the father of Ardshir Babak, founder of the dynasty of the Sāsānides, who reigned in Persia from A.D. 202 till 636, when Yazdagird, the last of the race, was overpowered by the Arabians; (pl. of sās) poor, indigent.

sāsānī, Belonging or relating to the Sāsān dynasty;—pl. sāsāniyān, The

Sāsānides.

sāstā, Name of a certain demon.

sāsar, A starling;—sāsur, A hollow reed used for writing.

A sa'sam, A tree of which bows are made; the ebony-tree.

sāsim, Anise.

sāsū, Name of a man.

ماسی هنونة, Poor, indigent; a beggar; beggary.

اساس $s\bar{a}sya$, = اساس q.v.

A butcher. 8 atir. A butcher.

sātiryūn (Gr. σατύριον), The

herb rag-wort.

Raised up; bright, clear, evident;—barāhīni sāṭi'a, Clear proofs; evident prodigies.

a ساطل $s\bar{a}til$, = P. ساطل q.v.

sātūr, A butcher's large knife.

a ساعات $s\bar{a}$ 'āt (pl. of $s\bar{a}$ 'at), Hours; a clock.

ه ساعاتی sā'ātī, A watch or clock-maker.

A &c. sā'at, An hour; a little while; a watch, a clock; the time present;—sā'at ba-sā'at, From hour to hour;—sā'at i dasta-kāk, A keyless watch;—sā'at tund ast, The watch is too fast;—sā'ati dīwār-kob, A

clock fixed to the wall;—sā'ati zang-dār, A repeating watch;—sā'ati sangīn ('aqrab), Disastrous times;—sā'at kār (khāb kār) kunad, The watch goes (goes well);—sā'at kund ast, The watch is too slow;—sā'ati majlisī, A time-piece, a clock;—sā'ati nu-jūmī, A sidereal hour, determined by the return of a star to the same place;—as-sā'at, Resurrection;—ba-kūki sā'ati landan, By London time (m.c.).

a السحت عَمْ عَمْ عَمْ هُمْ عَمْ عَمْ عَمْ عَمْ عَمْ عَمْ اللَّهُ عَمْ اللَّهُ عَمْ اللَّهُ عَمْ اللَّهُ عَمْ

(m.c.).

ائی سائت سازی sā'at-sāzī, Watch-manufactory.

a estel sa'atak, A short while.

a متاعد sā'ata, Hourly; of an hour.

a ساعتى sā'ate, One hour;— sā'ate sih parsang, Three leagues per hour (m.c.);— sā'ate nīk, A good while.

A ماعتفات sā'ata'iz-in, Then, at that time. ماعد sā'id, The arm from the wrist to the elbow, the fore-arm; an armlet; help, assistance.

A ماعدة sā'idat, A lion; beam of a pulley.

A عاعور sā'ār, A furnace, stove; the leader of the Christians in the medical art.

A Line sa's, One who endeavours, attempts, or strives after; studious, diligent, laborious; earnest, eager; a calumniator, whisperer; one who throws work upon another; a collector of tithes and other revenue; a chief amongst Jews and Christians.

اع sāgh, A bird resembling a starling; a

thatched house; burnt brick.

Jew sāghar, A cup, goblet, bowl, tumbler; name of a town in the Deccan;—sāghar bar sar (ba-sar, bar tārik) kashīdan, To empty the cup to the bottom; to drink wine greedily;—sāghari talkh, A cup of bitterness;—sāghar khwurdan (zadan, kashīdan, noshīdan), To quaff a cup;—sāghari zujāj, A glass tumbler;—sāghari ṣahbā', A cup of (red) wine.

ماغر کشی sāghar-kash, A quaffer of the cup. ماغری sāgharī, Of or relating to Sāghar; back-leather of a horse or ass from which shoes are made; the space between the tail and anus of a horse; surname of a poet;—sīla'i sāgharī, A kind of cloth.

sa'f (v.n.), Being cracked about

the nails (the hand).

sāfir, A traveller; (a woman) with face unveiled; a horse having little flesh upon him; a scribe; the angel who records human actions.

A فرة sāfirat, A body of travellers.

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sāfil, Lower part; mean, low, vile. عافرت sāfāl, A shrill noise produced by blowing forcibly on the ends of the two fore-fingers put into the mouth.

ه عنافیسك sāfīsak, A small melon; perfume.

اق $s\bar{a}q$, The leg from the ankle to the knee, the shank; the stem of a tree, stalk of a plant, &c.;—sāq bar sāq mālīdan, To writhe in the agonies of death; -sāqi 'arūs, Bride's leg, a sort of bread so called;iltifāti sāq bi-sāq, A phrase expressive of the last anguish of this world and the first of the next;—tashmīri sāq kardan, To uncover the legs, i.e. to set vigorously to work.

sāqat, sāqa, The rear of an army;

the stirrup-leather; drivers of camels.

ت التدوش sāqdāsh, A companion, an equal.

r سائرى sāqrī, Shagreen. ه سائرى sāqit, Falling; failing, lagging; fallen; contemptible, vile; —sāqit shudani haqq, A due is paid; -marazi sāqit, Falling sickness, epilepsy.

a h ساق منجة sag-manja, A kind of bed. ه ماقی عقر sāqī, A water-carrier; a cup-bearer,

page; -sūqī'i rūḥāniyān, Adam; Gabriel; Satan; -sāqi'i shab, The moon; the dawn; an aged instructor, guide.

a ساتيا sàqiyā (P. voc. of the preceding),

O cup-bearer.

a ساتيان sāqiyān (P. pl. of sāqī), Watercarriers, &c.; -sāqiyāni lahja, Musicians, singers.

a ساقیگر $s\bar{a}q\bar{i}gar$, A cup-bearer.

a ساتيگرى sūqīgarī, Office of cup-bearer. sāk, Ignerance; weakness of under-

standing; defect, deficiency; the transmi-gration of the soul two or three degrees descending, i.e. from a human to an animal or vegetable body, respectively still lower down to mineral

ه ماک sākib, Flowing (blood, tears, or water); aquarius.

ه ساکت sākit, Silent, quiet.

ماكن sākin, Quiet, peaceful, sedate; firm, fixed, still; a consonant not followed by a short vowel, quiescent; an inhabitant; —sākin shudan, To inhabit, dwell; to rest, remain;—sākin kardan, To mitigate, pacify;—sākināni khāk, Dwellers on the earth; -sākināni sidra, Angels; -sākināni gardun, The stars, angels.

ه ساكنگ ه sākinat, sākina, Quiet; a female

inhabitant.

A ساكوت sākūt, A silent man; taciturn.

ھ ساكونة ⊾ sākūtat, Silence.

ه ساكير sākāz, A cushion, pad, or rug to lie on.

H ساكوان sāgwān, Teak-wood.

א שוצעט sāgūn, An Indian tree whose leaves are compared to elephants' ears.

sāl, A year; a timber-tree used in ship-building; a ship; -sāli imsālīn, This present year; -sali ayanda, The coming year, next year;—sāl ba-sāl (dar sāl), From year to year; -sāli-jadīd, New year; -sāli hal, The present or current year; -sal duzdidan, To make oneself younger than one's age; -sāli dīgar, Next year; another year; - sāli shamsī, Solar year; -sāli qabl, Last year; -- sāli qamarī (māh), Lunar year, consisting of 354 days; sāl sāl, sāl sāliyān, From year to year;—sāli qaht, A year barren for want of rain; -sāli guzashta, Last year; -sāli nau-jawānī, Youth, youthfulness; —sāli nīkū az bahār-ash paidāst, A good year is shown by its spring, i.e. a good beginning augurs well for an undertaking; -sālhā'i sāl, Years ago ;—pīrār (pīlār m.c.) sal, The year before last.

sālār, Old, aged; a prince, chieftain, leader, general, commander, viceregent, viceroy, lord-lieutenant, judge, or any person in high office; —sālāri bār, Master of ceremonies; -sālāri baitu 'l-harām, Muhammad; sālāri jang, A leader in war (one of the titles given by Eastern princes to their nobles); — sālāri khwān, A table-decker, sewer; —sālāri qāfila, Chief of a caravan, leader of a troop;—sālāri qaum, A leader of the people, a general; --- sālāri haft khwārkos, The sun.

eālār-kush, A slayer of army-

leaders.

sāl-āzmāy, Who has experienced سال آزماي

(the good and evil of many) years.

sāl-afzūn, Increasing the year; the twelfth month of the zera of Yazdagird.

σ الاستدرا sālāmandirā (Gr. σαλαμάνδρα), A salamander.

sālāna, Yearly.

aālib, A seizer, spoiler, plunderer, ravisher.

sāl-bar, A tree bearing every other year.

a سالبية sālbiyah, Sage (a herb).

a سال عامل sāl-ḥāṣil, Yearly produce.

ه مالع sālikh, (The scab) excoriating a camel; a snake which has cast her slough; a black scrpent.

sāl-khidāh, sāl-khudāh, Fortunate; (in astrology) lord of the ascendant.

.sāl-khwurd سالخورده sāl-khwurda سال عورد

سالدار $sar{a}l ext{-}dar{a}r$, Aged ; and $\overline{}$ ه سالديده sāl-dīda, One who has seen many

years; an old man; pīrāni sāl-dīda, Old men laden with years.

سالخداه $s\bar{a}l$ - $k\underline{h}\bar{u}h$, سالخده و.v.

sāldāt, A soldier (m.c. from Fr. or G. soldat).

sāl-dār, Aged, experienced.

sāligh, (A cow or sheep) exceeding سالغ six years, having their teeth dropt out.

ه مالك sālif, Preceding, going before, passing by; past, bygone; a predecessor; -sālifu.'z-zikr, Above mentioned.

sālifat, Bygone days; the neck of a horse or the fore-part of it; the front of the neck.

الك ه عنالك sālik, A traveller; a devotee; a disciple ;—sāliki rāhi khudā, An ascetic, a mystic;—sālikāni 'arsh, Angels; holy men.

sāligānī, Life, age; annual pension سالگانی

anniversary.

eāl-gardish, Beginning the new year from the accession of the king.

sāl-girih, Birthday, on the anniversary of which a knot is annually added on a string kept for this purpose.

sāl-gasht, Old in years.

sālagī, Age, years old;—panjāh sālagī, Fifty years old;—az aiyāmi haftsalagi, From my seventh year of age.

alim, Safe, free, entire, sound, perfect; wholesome; a sound verb, i.e. not containing a weak letter or a double consonant; a verse wherein there is no dropping or elision of any letter; proper name of a man.

a سالما" sāliman, Freely, safely, securely; -sāliman ghāniman, Safely and enriched with booty.

ال ماة sāl-māh, مال ماة sāl-mah, Date of the year and month; continually, per-

petually.

säl-nāma. An almanac, a calendar. sālanj, Name of a small black bird. sālūs, A deceiver, flatterer, hypocrite; hypocrisy, fraud, subterfuge.

sālūs-farosh, A hypocrite, a

deceiver.

eālūs-faroshī, Deceit, hypo-

crisy.

سالوسى sālūsī, Fraud, deceit, subterfuge. سالوس sālūk, A highway-robber; courteous. مال ماه $\bar{a}l$ -u- $m\bar{a}h$, = مال وماه q.v.

الله sāla, Age, years, the age of animals (when added to numerals, however, it is applicable as well to human beings as to brutes); the rear-guard of an army; a brother-in-law (wife's brother);—pīri sad sāla, An aged man a hundred years old ; shash-sala, Six years old (horse, ass, or camel).

عالما sālhā (pl. of sāl), Years; for many years; -sälhä'i darāz, Length of years.

sāle, A year, a certain year; [sāle chand, Several years;—sāle ḥāl, The present year; $-s\bar{a}li$, Old, aged; used; obsolete; a sister-in-law (wife's sister).

ه ساليان sāliyān, One year; years (pl. of sāl as māhiyān is pl. of māh); life; daily; annual; an annual pension; name of a

place in Shirwan.

sāliyāna, Life, age; annual; an annual pension; — sāliyāna kardan, To bargain by the year.

هالياني sāliyānī, Annual; an annual

stipend.

G ساليون sālyūn, Parsley; seed of moun-

tain-parsley.

sām, The rainbow; a swelling; a disease; fire; name of a mountain in Transoxonia;—sāmi narīmān, Sām, son of Narīmān, a celebrated hero in old Persian romance, father to Zal, and grandfather to Rustam.

sa'm (v.n.), Being wearied;—sām,

Shem, son of Noah; gold and silver; also veins of those metals running through stones; a cane, rattan;—sāmm, Distressingly hot and pestilentially windy (day); venomous, baneful, infectious; death, destruction; -sāmmi abras, A large and venomous kind of lizard.

אם sām, Name of a book (the Sāmaveda).

هاماخچه sāmākhcha, Bodice, stays, corset. ازهام sām-az,hām (az,ham, corr. of ايم ?), Name of the body of the highest heaven.

sāmāfcha, A bodice; shift; short سامانية vest (probably misreading for samākhcha.)

ه ساماکی sāmākcha, ساماکی

bodice (see فيخلمس).

الله sāmān, Household furniture, baggage, articles; instruments, tools, apparatus; order, arrangement, disposition; preparation; foundation of a house; a boundary, limit, place where any sign or mark is placed to separate one field from another, a balk; a side, quarter; end, scope, aim; a butt for archers; measure, quantity, proportion; currency; patience, quiet; rest, pause; cessation, conclusion; continence, chastity; opulence; a good disposition, probity; understanding, reason, intellect; power, strength; an assembly, company, resple met together; a whetstone; custom, habit; a city, town; seasonable, pat; proper time; facilitated, rendered easy, feasible; uncertain; name of the father of a dynasty of kings called Samanides;—sāmāni jangī, Warlike apparatus; -sāmān sākhtan (dādan, kardan), To dispose, order, arrange, prepare; -ba-sāmān pursidan, To ask in a lover-like fashion (this is the explanation given by the Bahāri 'ajam, but the passage quoted from Hāfiz seems to prove the meaning "to inquire after one's state or welfare");—bī-sāmān, bī-sar-u-sāmān, Immense, boundless; stupefied, brainless; destitute, indigent; endless (applied to affairs).

ه عاماني sāmān (٢), اهماني sāmānī, A

Samanide (pl. sāmāniyān).

ان با sāmān-rubā, Robbing the under-

standing, distracting.

sāmān-soz, One who burns his سامان سوز chattels, a maniac.

A design sa'mat, A being wearied or disgusted; the feeling of irksomeness; -sāmat, An excavation down to a well; a vein of gold or silver; a cane, a rattan; -sāmmat (fem. of sāmm), Poisonous; familiar, intimate; patricians, aristocracy (opp. to 'āmmat).

A سامح sāmiḥ, Liberal; affable, gentle. sāmir, Name of a place noted for the manufacture of stuffs.

ه امر sāmir, One who converses at night, by moonlight; the place where such

conversations are held; the people assembled.

ه امرة sāmirat, Samaritans; those who hold nocturnal conversations by moonlight.

sāmirī, Of or belonging to Sāmir; -jama'i sāmirī, Cloth made in Sāmir.

a ماسرى sāmirī, Name of a magician said to have been contemporary with Moses, and to have made a speaking calf; Samaritan; Samaritan language; —sāmarrá, = برمن رای q.v.;—sāmarrī, Native of Surmanrā.

🛦 سامرية sāmarīyat, samarīya, Samaria. eām-suwār, Riding on the rainbow (said of a rapid horseman).

A Low samit, Milk turning sour; bread

baked without salt.

sāmi, Who hears, a hearer; سامع ۸ obedient.

ه المعلم sāmi'at, sāmi'a (fem.) Hearing; the ear; qūwati sāmi'a, The sense of hearing.

ه سامعين ه sāmi'īn (obl. pl. used as nom.), The hearers, the listeners, the audience.

سام کیس sām-kīs, Great, noble.

sāmil, A composer of differences, a peacemaker; studious of living with pro-

aamin, Fat, plump. ماسن

.sāmandar [said to be = sām-andar, سامند (Living) in fire], سامندل sāmandal, A sala-

sāmotā, A weight of three carats or

one-eighth of an ounce.

سامور sāmūr, = ساهور q.v. A place in the Caucasus, ماموق near Ganja (Elisabethopol).

a ئاموتلو sāmūqlū, Native of Sāmūq; a

proper name.

sāma, A covenant; an oath; a loan; an asylum, place of safety; particularly, especially, chiefly; a banner; a snare; friends.

sāmī, Sublime, exalted ;—amri sāmī, A command or order of the grand vizir ;-maktūbi sāmi, A letter of the prime minister.

sāmīz, A whetstone.

ان sān, Law, custom, rule, fashion; habit, disposition; form, figure, semblance; apparatus, furniture, ntensils; honour, reputation, respect, fame, dignity, rank; cause, reason, manner; end, conclusion; a kind of military garment, either for one's self, horse, or elephant; a bit, piece; a share, portion; a whetstone; a file, rasp; review of an army; showing oneself off in a comely manner; name of a town in the district of Balkh; equal like; added to nouns it implies similitude, resemblance, as shama'sān, Like a candle; or stands for istān, as khārsān for khāristān, A thorny place; -san-dadan, To pass review, to be reviewed (m.c.); -sāni qushān (lashkar), Review of troops (in.c.).

sāniḥ, (A bird or game) which turns the right side to a man, and passing from his left to the right (considered as a good omen); happy, fortunate; clear, evident;—sānih shudan, To appear, be evident. A while sanihat (pl. of the following),

Occurrences, &c.

A sanihat, saniha (fem. of sanih), Revelation (in augury); occurrence, event, incident; casualty.

sāndās, The river Indus.

نان سان sān-sān, In parts, pieces, portions; -sān-sān kardan. To cut in pieces, to divide in parts.

مانقه مانقه Maiden's hair; dragon's

blood.

eānkīn, سانكين sān-gīr, A proper arrangement; a natural temper; adorned; a simple man.

sananj, A kind of melodious bird.

small and black.

A , sa'w (v.n.), Extending far (one's anxiety); stretching (a garment) till it tears; a place to which one has been accustomed, home; inclination, intention,

sāv, Tribute (especially of oxen, paid by enemies who have submitted); a bit of gold; filings; pure gold; bought gold; a crucible (doubtful); a part, portion; a steel for sharpening a sword or knife; a

prickly stick about which silkworms entwine themselves when about to spin, or used as firewood; (in comp.) filing, cutting with a saw; -sāwi āhan, Filings of iron.

اراى sāwā, اراى sāwāy, Gold or silver

filing.

sāwān (agent of sāwīdan), Who files. sāwad, (The garment) fits (the body) tight.

ت اورى ت sāwarī, Service, homage; salutation; a gift offered in homage or salutation; tax, tribute (pl. sāwariyāt).

ه ارزيدي sāwazīdan, To rub gently (pro-

bably misreading for sawidan).

ساوس $s\bar{a}wis$, ساوس $s\bar{a}win$, ساوس respectively, qq.v. (unsupported by examples).

sāwand, Rhyme, measure.

ارند sāvna, Swaddling-clothes (unsupported).

sāwū, Tribute.

sāwūch, Name of a place.

sāwa, A bit or filing of pure gold; a crucible; name of a wrestler of Turan;

name of a city in Irak.

sawidan, To file; to polish, furbish: to saw; to bruise, bray small; to anoint; to understand, reason; to dissolve in water; to strain off; to handle.

sāwīda, Brayed small; filed. sāwēs, Of good morals or temper. sāwīs, Carded cotton, with which a garment is lined; a garment wadded with a cotton lining, worn in battle; a woman's basket for cotton; anything of great value.

אביניט sāwīn, A basket for holding cotton prepared for spinning;—sāwīni pamba, Baskets of cotton.

ه ماهر ه sāhir, Waking.

A sah sahirat, The earth, or its surface; a running fountain; an extensive desert without water; Syria; hell; a country which God will create for the day of resurrection.

هور sāhūr, Name of a mountain which

yields stone of the hardest kind.

يه باهور هـ sāluūr (v.n. of معور), Sleeplessness, wakefulness; insomnia; the sheath into which the moon is supposed to enter when eclipsed.

هريم sāhūya, Name of a celebrated inter-

preter of dreams.

ه ساهي sāhī, Negligent, careless, stupo-

fied; forgetful.

sãy (from sūdan used in comp.), Filing, polishing, rubbing; a delicate sort of stuff;—zulfi mushk-sāy, A ringlet scented with musk;—nigīn-sāy, A polisher of rings or gems, an engraver.

שוְּיבֵּרְט sāyānīdan, To cause to rub or

ancint,

sāyabān, A canopy, umbrella, parasol; a shade formed by foliage or by any other projection; a tent, pavilion (construed with the verbs bastan, zadan, and kashīdan); — sāyabāni akhzar. The sky; — sāyabāni sīmābī, The false dawn; — sāyabāni zulmānī, The false dawn; a dark night.

A Ash sa'ibat, Set at liberty as a slave; or as a she-camel in obedience to a vow, or in consequence of having been delivered of ten female colts, when she immediately receives a dispensation from all further labour (a practice forbidden by Muhammad).

sāya-brūj, The mandrakė (see

البروع).

sā'iḥ, Devout, fasting in the

mosque; a traveller, a pilgrim.

A sā'iḥāt (pl. fem. of the preceding), Fasting women; female travellers. \(\subseteq \sigma a d\), Dross of iron.

ه عالي sā'id, A lord, prince by birth (in-

ferior to saiyid).

wanderer; remainder, rest (frequently employed to express the whole); a tax on personal property; land-customs; octroi.

A قَرَاتُ sā'irat, sā'ira, A crowd of travellers going along the same road; a tax, duty.

a عارجات sā'irajāt (pl. of sā'ira), Taxes, transit duties.

a عرم عرم sā'ir-kharch, Contingent charges.

A $\omega s\bar{a}'ir\bar{\imath}n$ (obl. case of the pl. of $s\bar{a}'ir$, used as nom.), The remainder, the rest, the others (m.c.).

sā'is, A governor, manager; a master of horse, horse-keeper, equerry, groom; a trainer or breaker-in; an executioner;—sā'isi panjum rawāq, The planet Mars.

a مالنسان sā'is-<u>kh</u>āna, A beast of burden ; luggage of a grandee, &c., when travelling.

a سائسی sā'isī, The business of a groom. مائسی sāyīsh, Friction, polish; an anoint-

يائح ه sā'i', Lost, missing; neglected, useless;—zā'i' sā'i', Straying, strayed.

A _45 sā'if, A possessor of a sword; a striker with a sword; a sword-bearer; armed with a sword.

A $s\bar{a}'iq$, A stimulator, instigator, impeller, driver; one who pursues another.

َ يايكى sāikī, A drinking-cup; a crow, raven.

پگی sāyagī, A shade, shadiness.

a سائل كف عَنْه الله هā'il ba-kaf, سائل كف sā'il-kaf,

A beggar.

ه هنائه sā'imat, sā'ima, Camels, goats, and the like, which subsist during the greater part of the year upon pasture; pasturing by themselves.

مايندة sāyanda (part. of sūdan), A grinder,

sāyawān (for sāya-bān), A shade; dust of floors.

سايوس sāyūs, Seed of fleawort.

ماية sāya, A shade, shadow; an apparition; a wicked spirit; name of a demon; protection; a petticoat; wickedness, lewdness;-säya-ash-rä na-mi-tuwanad did, He has an inveterate grudge against him;—sāya ajkandan, To throw a shadow upon; (met.) to turn towards, to be present; sāya'i in dū-rang, The protection of fortune; -sāya'i himāyat. Shadow of protection;sāya'i khudā, Shadow of God; a prince, sovereign, monarch; -saya'i dast, A gift, a largess; protection;—sāya'i dasti kase giriftan, To receive a gift or protection from; — sāya'i rabbu 'n-na'im, A caliph; -sāya'i rikāb, Protection; followers; sāya'i qushūr, Shadow of a tree;—sāya questardan, To conceal; to show favour; not to see; to speak ill of; -saya u naqshi kase ba tir u khanjar zadan, (met.) To hate with a deadly hatred; -sāya u nūr, Shadow of a tree; night and day; -saya'i yazdan Shadow of God, i.e. a mighty monarch.

ه سايه بان sāyabān, An umbrella ; a parasol. عايه برك sāya-burak, عايه برك sāya-burag, Name of a soporiferous plant.

ساية پرست sāya-parast, Loving darkness; a whoremonger.

هرستی همتی sāya-parastī, Wickedness, lewd-

هاية غيري sāya-parwar, Educated in the

shade, or at home; soft, delicate, knowing little of the world; anything eaten with bread; a parasite, trencher fly.

عاية برورد sāya-parward, Quiet, at rest; a receiver of favours.

هايه پروردكان عم sāya-parwardagāni khum Grape-stones thrown into a wine-jar.

saya-pasand, Fond of shade, quiet.

ه ساية پسندي sāya-pasandī, Fondness for shade.

săya-posh, A parasol; an arbour.

هاية عوك sāya-khazak, A certain plant eaten with bread.

sāya-khuft, Who sleeps in the shade or shadow;—sāya khufti nakhli hayāt, A surname of Zakariyā.

sāya-khwush, The elm (as shady). אל אור sāya-dār, Shady, umbrageous; a shady place; a protector; a demoniac;sarwi sāya-dār, The shady cypress.

هايه داهت sāya-dāsht, Shady; possessed

of a spirit.

sāya-ras, Ripened or ripening in the shade.

ياية رست sāya-rust, A plant grown in the shade.

يا ه ره sāya-rav, A watch; a night-robber. ايه زدة sāya-zada, Shady; a demoniac.

sāya-shikan, Breaking a shade, ساية هكن i.e. a destroyer of false religion; a reformer, illuminator; a polisher, furbisher; light, luminous.

sāya-figan, Spreading a shade,

shading.

هُمُ مُنِي اللهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ كَاهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ كَاهُ عَلَيْهِ كَاهُ عَلَيْهِ عَل bower.

sāya-gustar, Shade-diffusing, ساية كستر shady; benevolent, friendly.

ه ساية كير sāya-gīr, Shaded, catching shade. سايەناك sāyanāk, Shady, overcast.

ه سایه نشین sāya-nishīn, One who has sat in the shade, who has seen few troubles.

ية ور sāya-war, Shady.

ساليدن sā'īdan, To grind; to rub, wear; to gnash the teeth; to smooth, polish; to anoint; to dissolve; to draw; to strain off; to understand.

ه سائيدة sā'īda, Ground; polished; worn.

* --- sabb (v.n.), Cutting, clipping; stabbing; reviling, reproaching, cursing; execration; repreach; [sabb u ta'n, Beproach and abuse;]—sibb, A turban; a fillet; a female hair-dress; fine linen cloth; a rope; a reviler.

ab', Buying wine for the sake of سبا ه selling it; -saba', Name of the father of the tribes of Yaman; the country of Bilgis; name of the father of Abdullah, the founder of a sect of the $sh\bar{i}'a$ (see ...);— $sabb\bar{a}'$, A seller of wine.

sibāb, A reviling, an abusing one سباب another.

A المائية sabbābat, sabbāba, The fore-finger; the index; the second toe; -angushti sabbāba, The fore-finger.

a ميابه كزا sabbāba-gazā, Astonished.

مبات subāt, Rest, sleep; a light sleep, a doze; commencement of sleep in the head; time; fortune;—ibnā'i subāt, Night and day.

A time sabbah, A swimmer :- subbah (pl.

of sābih), Swimmers.

مباحة sibāḥat (v.n. of سباحة sibāḥat (v.n. of سباحة على الم natation;—ahli sibāhat, Skilful swimmers.

subāda, The smyris, with which they cut glass and stones for seals.

sabār, Household furniture; a winepress; a large trough into which the grapes are thrown and pressed with the feet; a ploughshare; a furrow; a field.

مسار = sibār, A surgeon's probe (= بسبار = q.v.).

sabārūk, A pigeon.

sabāra, A stone for making whetstones.

sibārī, A stalk of corn; an ear of corn.

A سباريت sabārī, سباريت sabārīt (pl. of subrūt), Waste grounds; beardless boys; arz sabārīt, Waste, uncultivated land.

sabārīdan, To be cleft (ground).

A سباسب sabāsib, A desert country; baladi sabāsib, A widely-spread town.

هماط sabāţ, A fever;—subāţ, A Syro-

Macedonian month (February).

A مساطة sabāṭat (v.n. of سباطة , Being lank (the hair); — subatat, Sweepings (of a house); abundance; plenty; amplitude.

א פּייש אוֹ sībā' (pl. of sabu'), Lions; beasts

of prey; wild beasts or birds.

مباعى ما subā'ī, Complete, entire, unnutilated (in the body); consisting of seven letters (word); consisting of seven syllables (the foot of a verse).

sibāgh, Meat, or aught eaten with bread; a house covered with bricks; a brick wall; -subāgh, The servants of a

court of justice.

مباق ه sibāq (v.n. 3 of سباق, Endeavouring to get the lead (in running), trying to outstrip; precedence; a race; -sabbāq, One who takes the lead and gets far ahead; subbāq (pl. of sābiq), Predecessors, conquerors.

ه مباك sabbāk, A melter, smelter.

a سباكى sabākī, The smelting of gold and silver; a coiner.

a سبال sibāl (originally plural of A. سبال q.v.), A whisker.

ه سبایاً sabāyā (pl. of sabī), Captives.

مبائك sabā'ik (pl. of sabīkat), Bars, ingots of gold or silver.

sabā'il, The capital of Kandahār.

مبائب sabā'ib (pl. of sabīb), Manes, forelocks.

a ماتيه sabà'īya, Name of a sect of the

shi'a who ascribe divinity to 'Alī.

sabab, A rope; anything which connects one with another; cause, occasion, reason, motive, argument, mean, medium, instrument; (in prosody) a moved consonant followed by a quiescent one (sababi khafif), or by another moved one (sababi saqil).

A sababīyat, A cause, causation,

motive; a handle.

A &-- sabbat, A portion of time; podex; -- sibbat, The fore-finger; -- subbat, Reproach, slander; disgrace, injury, villany; a man whom all revile.

Rest, quiet, repose; the Jewish sabbath; observing the sabbath, sabbatizing;—aṣḥābu-'e-sabt, Sabbatarians; Jews. (See also مبحى)

a هبيته sabta, Ceuta (in Spain).

a مستعارة, Surname of Ahmad, a son of Harin ar-Rashīd, so called because he devoted six days of the week to the service of God, and worked on the sabbath, or Saturday, for a livelihood.

A جينه sabaj (from P. هبه), Small black shells.

A consider support life; occupation; leisure; going and coming; travelling swift (a horse).

subaḥā' (pl. of sabūh), Swimmers.

A when subuḥāt, Places of adoration, oratories.

a who subhān (v.n. of com), Praising, glorifying (God); exclaiming subhāna'llāh, "Praise be to God";—subhāna-hu, Glory be to Him; the Most Holy (used as a name of God).

a مبحاني subḥānī, fem. سحاني subḥānīyat,

subhānīya, Divine.

a subhat, Garments made of skins; name of a horse of Muhammad; also of Jafar Taiyār; — subhat, subha Majesty, glory (of God); a rosary for repeating prayers and reciting the names of God; a prayer of supererogation.

مبحل sibahl, سبحال sabahlal, Thick, bulky (camel, lizard, girl, or bucket).

sabhalat (v.n. of , Repeating the words subhāna 'llāh, God be praised!

subḥa-dār, Worshipper, beads-man.

a ميمة كرداي subha-gard, ميمة كرداي subha-gardān. One who tells his beads.

ع بيحة كرداني subḥa-gardānī, The act of telling the beads.

A containing to a distance; deep sleep; rest, leisure.

sibakh, Salt; wit, animation.

sabkhat, sabakhat, sabikhat, Saltish ground.

subukhdāh, منخداب subukhdān, The womb (doubtful).

a sabd (v.n.), Shaving (the head or face);—sībd, A wolf; a cunning fellow; calamity;—sabad, A little hair; a little of anything; [mā la-hu labad wa lā sabad, He has nothing;]—sabid, Remains of herbage;—subad, The hair of the pubes; a kind of cloth used to preserve the water in a tank from becoming muddy; a certain bird with soft plumage; name of a place near Mecca and Ta'if.

sabad, sabud, A basket.

همد چين sabad-chīn, Gleanings of fruits. ممد دار

sabadgar, A basket-maker.

A sabazat (from P. sabad), A kind of

basket holding fifteen sā'.

trying, testing, examining (any business) to the bottom;—sabr, sibr, A beauteous form, mode, or manner; origin, root; colour; beauty;—sibr, Hostility; reproach, reviling.

a obrat, A cold morning; name of a city in Maghrib; surname of several com-

panions of Muhammad.

a سبروت sibrīt, Poor, indigent; barren, waste, uncultivated ground;

little (of anything).

sabz, Green, verdant, fresh; black, dark, opaque; blue (eyes); grass; a sword, dagger, or breast-plate of a bluish hue;sabz būdan, To continue in full bloom, green and flourishing; -sabzi bahar, Name of a note in music;—sabzi dū-tāy, Night; -sabz shudan, To grow, to spring up; to become manifest or conspicuous; to stagnate and get green (water); to become mouldy (bread); to be near setting (the sun); to succeed; -sabz kardan, To cause to grow; to flatter, to caress, to foster; to make good, to compose well (a speech, &c.); -husni sabz, Fresh or blooming beauty; -khati sabz, A black or recently-grown beard; -sari sabz, A vigorous and wideawake head.

مبر آب sabz-āb, A green thing on water. مبر آخر sabz-ākhur, مبر آخر sabz-ākhwur, A stable full of fresh grass; the sky.

هبرا رکک sabz-rang, Of a green colour. مبر اهیان sabz-āshyāna, مبر اهیانه sabz-aiwān, سبر العیانه sabz-bādbān, The sky.

sabz andar sabz, Name of the ninth musical note of the barbud.

عبر باغ sabz-bāgh, The human body; the sky.

سبز بال sabz-bāl (بالي bālī), A sort of grape.

eaba-ba<u>kh</u>t, Fortunate, lucky.

ه سبر بستان sabz-bustān, A grass-plot, green. مبر بنة sabz-buna, A dark-coloured mistress.

همر بهار sabz-bahār, A musical note. سبز بهار sabz-pā, عبر پای sabz-pāy, One who brings ill luck with him (Black-foot). sabz-parī, The verdant spring.

لل على sabz-pul, The sky.

sabz-posh, Clothed in green; a tree in full leaf; dressed in mourning; angels; saints, religious persons; a dyer; a currier;—sabz-poshāni bāghi bihisht, The hūris ;--sabz-poshāni falak, Angels.

همار جشم sabz-chashm, Blue-eyed. و sabz-tahi-gulgūn, = هما ينه sabz-tahi-gulgūn, = هما ينه عليه المارية sabz-khāna, A house of mourning; a cemetery.

a La sabe-khatt, Having a youthful

beard.

عبر عنك sabz-khing, A bay horse; the sky; -sabz-khingi manhus, The world; for-

saba-khwān. The sky.

sabz-dāna, Green (corn), just in ear, before the grain is formed; seed of turpentine.

همبو داية sabz-dāya, A violet.

ير صبر در صبر sabz dar sabz, Name of a note; greenish, blackish, &c.

. sabz-du-tāy, Night سبز در کای sabz-dih, The sky.

sabz-rang, Green; black. sabz-roshan A kind of pigeon. ⊷נעביט sabzzār, Of a greenish colour. Elj :- sabz-zāgh, The world; the sky.

** sabz-shākh, Fresh of branch.

وريد المرين المريد الم

sabz-fām, Of a greenish colour.

عبر فرش sabz-farsh, The sky. a مبرقب sabz-qabā, Name of a bird (called also sabzak) of a yellowish green; another species of bird; an inebriating draught made of hemp-leaves and opium.

a سبر قدم sabz-qadam, Unfortunate, un-

lucky.

عبرك sabzak, Green, fresh, flourishing; a flagon; maslock; name of a bird (coracias.)

عمر کار همای eabz-yūr, Whose actions are good. ممبر کار کاه sabz-kūr-gāh, سبر کار کاه sabz-

kushk, The sky.

.sabz-kālak, An unripe melon سبر كالك

.v. مبرکار = ,sabzgar مبرکر

sabz-girā, Name of a bird.

sabz-gulshan, The sky.

sabz-gandum-gūn, A dark سبز كندم كون mistress.

a سبر مالي sabz-māl, سبر مالي sabz-mālī, A kind of grape.

a من ملعه sabz-masha'la-dum, A greencoloured pigeon with a white tail.

a سبزمليع sabz-malīḥ, A dark-complexioned mistress.

a مير منظرة sabz-manzara, The sky. a سبر ميدان sabz-maidān, The sky.

هجونان sabz-nān, Green or mouldy bread. sabzang, Mouldy, musty.

sabzwār, Name of a country in

Persian Irak; also of a town there;—sabrawār, Name of a town in Khurāsān.

سبر در سبر = ,8abz u nīm-sabz سبر و ليم سبر

క్రా:- sabza, A green herb, a pot-herb; verdure; an incipient beard; bloom; a green stone worn in the ear as an ornament;sabza'i bahār, Name of a note in music;sabza'i bīgāna, Parasitic plants to be tora out or pruned;—sabza'i khwabida, Grass or herbs trodden upon and spread over the ground; -- sabza'i nau-ras, A sprouting or incipient beard.

اب sabza-āb, Thick, stinking water. هبرة الدر سبزة الدر سبزة الدر سبزة الدر سبزة الدر سبزة

note in music.

sabza-dāna, A violet.

sabza-zār, A verdant mead; wicked.

a لبن قبا sabza-qabā, (green-coat) A kind

eabzī, Verdure, greenness; any esculent vegetable; pleasantness, freshness; spirituous liquor; a wine-vessel; a mistress

of a dark colour; profit. مبری فروش sabzī-farosk, A seller of greens. مبری کاری sabzī-kūrī, A green-garden

(m.c.)

A ----- sabsab, A desert country, an extensive desert.

a ميسطيه sabastiya, Sebaste in Palestine.

a b- sabt (v.n.), Being lank (the hair); lank hair; [sabtu 'l-jism, Of a fine straight stature; -- sabtu 'l-yadain, Liberal;] -- sibt, a son's son; a daughter's son; progeny, family; a tribe (of Israelites); —sahat (v.n.), Having smooth lank hair; the herb nasi when green (an excellent pasture); -sabit, Tall, of a high stature.

sibtain (obl. du. of sibt used as nom.), The two offsprings (viz. of Ali),

Hasan and Husain.

sab' (v.n.), Becoming the seventh, making up the number seven; taking the seventh part; twisting a rope of seven plaits; seven (fem.); railing at, insulting; biting; stealing; shooting at, scaring (wild beasts); making havoc amongst the flock; [sab' alwan, Seven kinds of food; the seven storeys of the heavens; also of the earth; -as-sab'u 'l-masanī, The first chapter of the Qur'an (as consisting of seven verses); the seven long chapters of the Qur'an (from bagarat to taubat);]-sib', An interval of seven days between the times of a camel's drinking; -sub', The seventh part; -sabu', A beast of prey, a wild beast (because mostly they give birth after seven months).

A مبعة sab'at, saba'at, sab'a, Seven (masc.);

a lioness; name of a man.

ه مبعون sab'ūn, نبعون sab'ūn, Seventy. a مبعى sabu'ī, Fierce, ferocious, fell, A منبعية sabu'iyat, Fierceness, cruelty, wildness.

beautiful, elegant, graceful, lovely; a rapacious animal; a palace having many windows of glass; a house painted with a number of figures; a large loaf or cake toasted on the coals or under the ashes;—subugh, The roof of a house; a honeycomb; a reed.

ه الله عنه sabghāna, Earnest; — subghāna, Tall.

عبانه sabfāna, Cup, bowl; — subfāna, Tall.

the lead, preceding, excelling, outstripping, surpassing; coming in first at a horse-race; [mā sabaq (3rd sing. pret.), The abovementioned;]—sabaq, A lecture; lesson; a bet, stake (at a horse-race, &c.); precedence;—sabaq burdan, To surpass, overcome, take the lead, carry precedency; to do much;—sabaq justan, To try to excel;—sabaq khwāndan, To say a lesson;—sabaq dādan (dars dādan, dāshtan, wādādan), To give a lesson, to teach;—sabaq rawān (roshan) kardan, To remember, to learn or recite by heart;—sabaq kardan (giriftan), To excel;—sabaq giriftan, To take a lesson;—kas-rā sabaq giriftan, To take one for a model, to imitate.

haste to come first; [sabaqat giriftan, To take precedence, to take the lead; to anticipate;]—subqat, subqa, A wager, a stake.

a سبقتاش sabaq-tāsh, A fellow-student. a مبق موان sabaq-<u>kh</u>wān, A pupil, a stu-

dent. a سبقتاش $sabaq-d\bar{a}sh$, = سبقتاش q.v.

A class, A melting, casting, pouring; cast, shape, mould (m.c.); system (as sabki

ta'līm, System of instruction, m.c.).

sabuk, Light (not heavy); lightfooted, expeditious, active; undignified;
unsteady; degrading; shallow; independent; haste, despatch; [sabuk shudan, To
be light; to be smoothed; to be alleviated;
to be despised;—sabuk giriftan, To despise;
to hold light;]—sibik, Name of a bird
which flies towards the sun;—subik, Soft;
weak; softness; weakness;—subuk, Light;—
subuki khidya. The air as element;—subuki
mūkada, Fire (see o)5).

sabkād, Summit of a mountain; the

crown of the head.

sabuk-bār, Of a light weight, ready to rise and travel; lightly loaded, unencumbered; jocund, blithe, free from care.

ه له همله sabuk-baqā, Merry, jovial, jolly. همبك پای sabuk-pāy, Light of foot; a postman; a post-horse; a courier; inconstant. به sabuk-par, Swift-winged.

sabuktigin, Name of a brave general (father of Sultan Mahmud, founder of the dynasty of the Ghaznawids, who

flourished in the beginning of the eleventh century); any man distinguished for intrepidity); a precious thing; a divorced woman returning to her husband, and cohabiting with him without a re-marriage (reckoned infamous); an adulteress, a whore.

يبك پاي = sabuk-pai, = يبك پي a مبك جوان sabuk-jaulān (jawalān), Who travels quickly, a runner.

sabukcha, Somewhat light.

sabuk-khirad, Flighty, injudicious. مبكة sabuk-khez, Vigilant, quick, brisk, active; a rivulet (as rising rapidly).

ه مبكدار sabuk-dād, Active, nimble, clever. مبكدار sabuk-dār, A postman; a letter-

bag.

sabuk-dārū, Any medicine which soon operates; a physician who administers pleasant medicines to his patient.

sabuk-dāsht, Contempt.

عبك دست sabuk-dast, Expert, dexterous. سبك دستى sabuk-dastî, Quickness, dexterity.

الله عند sabuk-dil, Light-hearted, merry,

gladsome.

عبك دوش sabuk-dosh, Lightly laden. مبك وثنار sabuk-raftār, وثنار sabuk-rikāb, وينار sabuk-ravels بيك وينار sabuk-ravels وينار (met.) frivolous, indiscreet.

sabuk-rūḥ, Merry, jovial, jolly. مبك مرد sabuk-sār, Light-headed; contemptible; helpless; unsteady, undignified; hasty; a fool; alone, independent.

ه ماران هم sabuk-sārān, Worldly persons. worldly persons. sabuk-sārī, Levity of mind. الله sabuk-sāya, Fleeting, transient. sabuk-sar, Light-headed; sober.

sabuk-sarān, Poor, low persons;

fools; courageous.

عبك سنك sabuk-sang, Light, undignified. يبك عبر sabuk-ser, Soon satisfied.

a سبك سير sabuk-sair, Quick, swift, light-

a عبك طبع sabuk tab', Merry, jovial.

a منات عناس sabuk-'inān, Swift; tract-able.

مبك عدر sabak-qadar, = سبك عدر م q.v. مبك عدر sabak-gām, Swift-paced, travelling quickly.

a مبك القام sabuk-liqā, Frank, open, pre-

possessing; prompt, obedient.

ه سيكماية sabuk-māya, Chenp; ignorant. a عنت مواج sabuk-mizāj, Weak; fickle, iuconstant, irresolute.

a سيكمشرب sabuk-mashrab, Light-minded, frivolous.

sabuk-maghz, Stupid, silly; fickle, inconstant, irresolute.

a جبك همت sabuk-himmat, Light-minded, unambitious.

هسكى sabukī, Lightness, levity; littleness; weakness of mind; insult; (adverbially) touching slightly on a subject.

سپا

subl, An ear of corn, or an ear well filled with grain;—sabal, rain; an ear of corn; disturbance; execration, reproach, contumely; a disease or a web in the eye; blood-shot eye; blear eye; name of a celebrated horse;—subul (pl. of sabīl), Ways; modes of life, manners, institutions.

sabalān, A mountain near Ardebil.

A A. sablat, sabalat (pl. sibāl), Whiskers, mustachios; [sablat tāftan, To twist the mustachios; —sablat zadan, To shave the mustachios; —sablat sust kardan, To weaken or distress;]—sublat, Widely extended rain.

siblit, sibilt, Glue.

sibanj, The beam of a plough.

sabo, sabū, A cup, ewer, jar, glass, pitcher, pot;—sabū shikaston, To break the cup (of hope), to despair; to spill wine; to forbid its use;—sabū shikastani ākhirīn chahār-shamba, A breaking of ewers on the last Wednesday of a month with the cry, "Evil is gone and good has come" (a superstitious custom).

هبر بدوش sabū-ba-dosh, A carrier or bearer of the sabū.

sabūcha, A little pitcher, jar, or ewer.

A tyme sabūḥ, A swimmer; a pleasant-paced horse.

A sabūḥat, sabūḥa, Mecca; according to others the valley of 'Arafūt.

sabūra, A catamite.

sabos, subos, Bran, chaff; scurf;—sabosi kuhna'i jau ba-nirkhi gundam farokhtan, To boast of former prosperity or greatness when there was none.

sabū-sabz, A small ewer or jar (un-

supported by examples).

مبرسة sabosa, Dandriff, scurf; bran; sawdust; a weevil; froth.

sabosanāk, Scaly, scurfy (head).

مبوغ ه subūgh (v.n. of سبخ), Being ample, profuse, complete (benefit).

ه مسمة sabah, Dotage.

مبى saby (v.n.), Making a captive, taking prisoner; captivating (a woman);—sabī, A captive, a prisoner of war.

a sabīb, A reviler; hair hanging over the forehead of a horse; the mane;

the tail; entangled hair.

A shirt without sleeves; a black woollen garment.

A cabikh, Anything which falls from carded cotton or birds' feathers; bowed cotton folded up for spinning; cotton folded up to spread a medicine upon.

sibīr, Siberia (m.c.).

a sabi, A seventh; name of a family of the tribe Hamadan.

A مسيعة subai'at, subai'a, Name of a woma: from amongst the companions of Muhammad.

مبيكة sabīkat, sabīka, A mass, ingot, bar, or lamina of gold or silver.

A Jee-sabīl, A way, road, path; a mode manner, means; opportunity of attacking an enemy; way of escape;—sabīlu 'r-rasm, Custom ('alá sabīli 'r-rasm, "by way of custom, customary," m.c.);—sabīlu 'llāh, Religious warfare; anything commanded by God to be done in his service;—sabīl kardan, To prepare, arrange, put in order;—ibnu 's-sabīl, A wayfarer, traveller;—basabīl, By way of, by means of, through the medium of;—fī sabīli 'llāh, In the way of God, for the love of God, for sacred uses.

sibīlash-rā tāftan, To twist a person's mustachios, to flatter, to coax;—sibīli kanda, A

shaved-off mustachio.

sibīl-kanda, Who has his mustachios shaved off, without mustachios (m.c.).

sibyūsh, Seed of fleawort. بيوش sipā, A tripod; three-legged (stool).

sipār, A wine-press; a large trough into which the grapes are thrown and pressed with the feet; (imp. of sipārīdan and sipurdan, in compos.) committing, resigning, recommending, giving in charge;—sipār, supār, Household furniture; a vessel in general, especially one in which grapes are carried from place to place;—supār, A ploughshare,

שילענים sipārdan, supārdan, To resign.

sipārda, Committed to.

sipārish, Recommendation, delegation, commission, charge; intercession;—sipārish kardan, To recommend to the care of another, to consign; to command.

sipāranda, A betrayer, traitor.

. sipārūk, A pigeon سياروك

sapāra, A whetstone;—sipāra (from sī, Thirty, and pāra, A portion), One of the thirty sections in which the Qur'an is divided.

sipārī, The stalk of corn; an ear of corn or barley;—supārī, sipārī, The arecanut

يباريدن sipārīdan, To delegate, empower, commit, charge; to finish, complete; to

pursue or perform (a voyage).

sipās, Kindness, grace, favour; praise, thanksgiving; consent, approval; prayer;—sipās burdan (dānistan), To acknowledge a favour, to be grateful;—sipās dāshtan, To thank, to give thanks;—sipās kardan (guzāshtan), To offer thanks, to thank;—sipās nihādan bar, To put an obligation upon, to claim thanks.

sipās-dār, Grateful, thankful. سیاس دار sipās-dāri, Gratitude, thanksgiving; — sipās-dārī kardan, To return

thanks

ياس كذارى sipās-guzārī, A thanksgiving. سياسة sipāsa, supāsa, Kindness, humanity; an obligation, a favour by which one is bound to gratitude; gratitude, thanksgiving.

sipāsī, A beggar.

sipāsiyān, Beggars; those to whom the first apostle of Persia was sent.

sipāsīdan, To praise (God) for benefits received; to implore assistance, grace, or favour.

sipā<u>ah</u>, A thatched house; meat eaten with bread.

sipānāj, سپاناع sipānākh, Spinach.

sipāwa, Magnificence, pomp, power. sipāh, supāh, An army, a militia; soldiers, cavalry; -sipāhi tāza, A raw recruit;—sipāh rāndan, To lead an army; sipāh shudan, To muster ;—sipāh shikastan, To destroy or rout an army;—sipāh kardan, To go a-warfaring; to serve as a soldier;sipāh garā'idan, To turn an army towards; sipāhi mor-shumār, An army numerous as pismires;—pādshāhi anjum-sipāh, A king with an army equalling the stars in num-

sipāhān (pl. of sipāh), Soldiers:

Ispāhān; musical tones.

sipāh-sālār, سياة سالار sipāh-sālār, sipāh-kash, General of an army.

sipāhgarī, The military profession

sipāhī, Military, belonging to an سپاهي army; a horseman, cavalier; a military tenant, lord, feudal chief of a town or village;—sipāhe, One soldier, sepoy.

sipāhiyān (pl. of sipāhī), Soldiers.

si-pāya, A tripod, trevet; a horsemilitia; -si-pāya'i hawā'ī, (the airy tripod) The constellation called the Eagle.

siptāk, White paint for the face.

aiptān, Liquorice-root. سيتان

שבייט supukhtan. To drive (as a nail into a wall, or a stake into the ground); to

sapd, Name of the mountain on which Farud, son of Siyawush, was killed;—sapad, A basket; a grain; a grass; a little; sipad. The earth; name of an angel; name of the twelfth solar month; the fifth of the month; rue.

sapad-chīn, Grapes remaining سيد چين after the vintage.

sapad-dār, A basket-bearer.

هيدگر sapadgar, A basket-maker.

sapadī, Some article of official dress.

sipar, A shield, buckler, target; (imp. of sipardan, in comp.) travelling, treading or trodden upon; (for sih-par) having three sails (a mill);—sipari ātishīn, The sun; - sipari afgandan (andākhtan). To throw away one's shield, to surrender, to flee; to suffer ignominy;— $sipar\ bar\ ab$ afgandan, To submit, to surrender, to become weak or contemptible; -sipar bar sar kashīdan (bar rukh giriftan), To shield oneself;—sipar bar kitf dokhtan, To put the shield on one's shoulder:—sipar bastan, To shield oneself; -sipar dar pusht kashidan, To throw the shield back (in token of friendship);—sipar dar sipar bāftan, To intertwine the shields; - sipar dar sar (rukh, rūy) kashīdan, To shield oneself;sipari-siyah, The sun;—sipari shangarfi, The sun;—sipar kardan, To trample upon; -sipar kashīdan, To shield oneself;—sipari gāv, A buckler made of the hide of a buffalo; -sipari gurg, A buckler made of the hide of a wolf (considered the best).

sipar-andāz, Who throws away سپر انداز

his shield, i.e. surrenders.

sipurānīdan, To cause, allow, or command to be trodden under foot.

siparjī, Hilarity, cheerfulness. sipurd, supurd, Charge, keeping, care, trust; solitude; contentment; patience, long-suffering; submission,

mility; perseverance in a right course; a being trodden; fatigue from travelling; the conclusion of a song.

sipar-dāda, Mace. سپر دادة

sipar-dar, A shield-bearer. سير دار

sipar-dārī, Protecting, shielding ; سپر داری -sipardārī kardan, To protect, to shield.

هېر درك sipar-dirik, سپر درك sapardak, A small turban, &c. (= دُستارچه q.v.).

sipurdagi, A treading, a tram-

pling.

sipardan, To fold up, wrap together; -sipardan, sapardan, To travel; sipurdan, To give in charge, entrust, consign, make over to, deposit with; to betray; to supply, to strengthen; to cause to arrive; to sit solitary; to lay up; to be humble, content, resigned; to trample; to be trampled; -ba-khāk sipurdan, To commit to the ground, to bury.

sipurdanī, Fit to be entrusted. saparda, siparda, Trampled; tra-

velled; folded.

supurz, The spleen, the milt.

supurz-rang, Spleen-coloured. siparish, A skirt; a handkerchief, سپرش

مپرهم sipargham, sipragham, Sweet basil; marjoram.

siprak, siparak, A herb which, boiled, dyes yellow; -siparak, A little shield; the measles.

sipar-kash, A shield-bearer.

يورگة siparga, = سپرگة q.v. sipargī, sapragī, Pain, grief, afflic-

siparlos, A king's palace.

siparam, sipram, Sweet basil; always young.

siparang, A city near Samarqand. sipar-war, Shield-bearer, armed with

sipra, Vitriol;—sipara, A kind of

siparham, Sweet basil.

siparī, Anything brought to a conclusion; trampled under foot; annihilated; a broad-headed arrow; complete, perfect; —siparī shudan, To be finished, ended, exhausted, annihilated; -sipari kardan, To exhaust; — siparī gardānīdan, To close, finish, annihilate, exterminate.

siparidan, To finish, perfect.

sipres, A race-ground.

saprigh, suparigh, A full bunch of grapes or dates; ears of wheat, especially those left after reaping; a straight road.

siprig, Trefoil; yellow-dyeing سپریک

wood.

sipazgī, Affliction, sadness, sorrow. q.v. (unsupported by examples); -sipas, Behind, at the back, after; the backside; [zan sipas, After that; -zīn sipas, After this;]-supus, A louse; -supus justan, To louse, to hunt for lice; -baiza'i supus, The egg of a louse, a

sipsār, A broker; a woman mediating marriages.

sipasā raftan, To retreat.

sipasāyagī, Retrogression, motion back; -sipasāyagī raftan, To retreat.

sapist, A stink; nasty, dirty, stinking; any fattening herb, especially trefoil; -supust, Trefoil, clover; offensive, stinking (as the smell of fish, damp clothes, pitch, copper vessels).

sipistān, Sebestens. سپستان

sipastar, Posterior, farther back. sapist-zār, supust-zār, A cloverfield.

sapista, Of a fetid smell.

سپس جستگی supus-justagī, Search for

مىپس رىنتگىء بىنى sipas raftagī'i bīnī, A turning up or cocking of the nose.

sipas-rav, A follower. سپس رو

يسين sipasīn, Hindermost. sipush, Seed of fleawort.

sapusha, A lentil; according to others, A weevil.

sapagh, Handsome, elegant; pure; a house with many glass windows or painted with a number of figures; a loaf or cake toasted on the coals or under the ashes; supugh, The roof of a house; a honeycomb; a reed.

ينك sipk, A yellow blight on corn.

sipkād, Crown of head; mountain-

sapal, Hoof of a camel or elephant. sipanj (for sih panj), Fifteen (three fives); from three to five, i.e. a small quantity; a place where one halts or rests for a few days; (met.) the world; a lodge for those who watch fields; a stranger, a guest; anything easily corrupted, a perishable commodity; anything borrowed or

lent; a pasture-ground where cattle graze for a few days; a place abounding in grass and water; -sipanj dashtan, To look at with indifference; - sipanji ka'batain, Thirty table-men at the game of nard, or tables.

پنچاب sipanjab, Name of a country. sipanj-khāna, Hired house; world.

sipanjī, Borrowed; transient, fleeting.

sipand, Wild rue (of which, and its سيند seeds, a fumigation against maliguant eyes is prepared); name of a mountain; (for sih pand) three counsels or salutary advices.

sipandar, The stay of the sun in Pisces; a candle; name of the son of Gush-

sipandārmuz, The twelfth month سيندارمذ of the Persian year (February), so called from an angel supposed to preside over the earth; the earth.

sipand-asa, Brisk, quick. سيند آسا

sapandan, sipandan, The seed of سيندان wild rue; mustard; nasturtium; -sipandani talkh, The bitter seed of a certain herb; plantain, cresses;—sipandāni khurd, Mustard-seed; — sipandani surkh, Cresses; sipandāni ganda, Rue.

sipand-soz, Who fumigates with

sipandoz, A piece of wood having a round hole in it, fixed on the top of a tent-pole.

sipandīn, Seed of wild rue; mustard.

sapangūr, Nightshade.

sipokh, A point, puncture, poke;—

supokh, A fuller's beetle.

sipokhtan, sapokhtan, To prick, pierce, transfix, thrust, poke; to thrust one thing violently into another; to draw forth one thing from another, to tear out; to throw down; to cause to fall into a hole; bar-sipokhtan, To draw forth; -dar-sipokhtan, To thrust violently into.

sipokhta, sapokhta, Thrust vio-

lently in, poked; drawn forth.

sipos, A puncture; extraction; insertion; (imp. of sipokhtan, in comp.) pricking; drawing out; fixing in.

sipozgār, Dilatory, tedious, negli-

gent.

supozidan, To prick, thrust.

sapūsū, ميوسوا sapūswā, A kind of porridge.

sapūsak, Porridge, scurf, dandruff. sapūsi gandum, Bran. سپوس گندم

يية sipah, supah, Army, soldiery, ca-

valry. sipahā-bud, A commander, general (unsupported by examples).

. sipah-ārāy, Who arrays an army سپه ارای

sipah-bud (قام buda), An emperor, general, lord, chief; a title of the kings of Tabaristān.

sipahbudān, Name of a musical note.

sipah-bara, A headman of a company, the chief of a people; a treasurer.

sipah-dar, Commander of an army.

sipah-dārī, Command of an army. sipihr, The heavens, sky, sphere, celestial globe; fortune; the world; time; the sun;— $sipihri\ a\underline{k}\underline{h}shejist\bar{a}n$, The sublunar beaven; -- sipihri a'zam (sipihri poshīda), The heaven of heavens; -sipihri barīn, The ninth or highest heaven; -sipihri būqalamun, The varying sky ;—sipihri dulabi (zangārī). The sky;—sipihri hashtum. The eighth sphere, i.e. the Zodiac;—sipihrāni hamānī, All the heavens (nine in number).

sipihrār, The sphere of fire. sipihr-āstān, Whose threshold سپهر آستان resembles beaven (attribute of a great

king).

sipihr-āfirīn, God, the creator. sipihr-gun, Sky-blue, cerulean,

sipahram, Name of a wrestler of Turan.

a مرتبه eipihr-murtaba, Who has reached the ranks of heaven (a king).

sipihr-maqādīr, Extended as heaven, immense (an army).

a سيهر نوال sipihr-nawāl, Heaven-given

(attribute of a king). sipihra-band, A magician ; magic, incantation.

sipah-sălār, Commander-in-chief. sipah-sālārī, Command of an army.

sipah-kash (army-leading), A general.

sape, sipe (for سيد q.v.), White, &c. sipetāk, White paint for the face.

supecha, sipecha, sapecha, A pellièle floating on the surface of vinegar.

supīkh, The haunt of a wild beast; a hunter's retreat.

saped (S. śveta), White; conspicuous, manifest; empty; name of a fort, of a demon, and of a river; -saped uftadani kawākib, Fortune smiles;—saped amadan, To become evident;—saped shudan, To be clear, evident, known; — saped shudani bakht, Fortune brightens; -saped shudani chashm (dida), To grow blind; -- saped shudani khūn, To be cruel, inhumane, hardhearted; -saped kardan, To make appear, to render evident; to wash (clothes); to smile (applied to lips and teeth); to be bumble (applied to the tongue); to grow very old (applied to the eyebrows);—saped u siyah, White and black; day and night;

good and bad; Arabians and Persians; all creatures.

sapedā, Ceruse, white-lead.

sapedāb, White-lead; a sort of food.

sapedāj, Ceruse, white-lead.

ه سپیدال ,(sapedār (for saped-dār سپیدال sapedār (for saped-dār سپیدال pedal (the latter for the former by inter-change of liquids), The white poplar; a willow.

eipīdān, A fort built by Jamshed. saped-ba, Meat, onions, butter, olives, and dry cheese (mixed without spices or seasoning).

saped-bālā, First dawn of day.

saped-bam, A whitish colour.

. saped-bar, The summer سپید بر

هپيد برگك saped-barg, Beet, spinage. saped-pā (white-foot), One who brings good luck.

saped-par (white-wing), A gnat. saped-post, White-skinned; tin. saped-posh, Clothed in white;

the white poplar. saped-pahnā, Second or true سپيد پينا

dawn.

ييد پا = saped-pai, = بيد پر q.v. ه سپيد تاك saped-tāk, A shrub used in tanning, galangale. اسبد جامگان saped-jāmagān, pl. of the

following.

هبيد جامة saped-jāma, Clad in white; a fire-worshipper.

saped-chashmī, Vileness; impudence; deformity.

saped-khar, A kind of thistle. saped-khwar, An animal which

devours dead bodies.

.saped-dar, A willow سپيد دار . saped-dan, Mustard سپيد دان

: saped-dast, Liberal, munificent سیید دست happy, fortunate, blest; Moses (leproushanded).

saped-dum, A white-tailed pigeon ; سپيد دم a kind of plant.

-پيد رو saped-rav, An excellent falcon;saped-ro, Tin;—saped-rū, Fortunate; excellent, behaving with propriety; a beetle.

هپيد رود saped-rūd, A river in Azarbaijān. saped-roy, Tin ;—saped-rūy, Fortunate; bright-faced; red-faced.

saped-fam, Whitish-coloured.

saped-kār, Honest, upright; liberal; a hypocrite, a flatterer.

saped-kāsa, Liberal, generous سپيد كاسة .(opp. to مياة كاسة q.v.).

saped-goy, Out-spoken,

sapedagī, Whitish; white fard. saped-mard, A flower like the anemone.

saped-mū (mo), Grey-haired. saped-mū'ī (mo'ī), Grey-hairedness.

saped-muhra, A tube, a post-

boy's horn; a shell which they sound as a trumpet; small shells, conchulæ veneris.

saped-năma, Of fair character سپيد تامه

(opp. to مياة نامة q.v.).

هيدوا saped-wa, A dish made of sour milk.

sapeda, Whiteness; the white of the eye; the dawn; the white of an egg; —sapeda'i anān, Ladies' white, i.e. a white paint.

هيدة بالأ sapeda-bālā (بالأثي bālā'ī), The

false dawn.

سيدة بهنائي sapeda-pahnā'ī, The second or true dawn.

sapeda-dam, The dawn;—sapeda-dum, Name of a plant resembling the anemone.

سپیده مبع sapeda-damān, مبیده دمان

sapeda-subh, The dawn.

sape-dev (for dewi saped), Name of

a demon killed by Rustam.

sapīrak, بيبوك sapīrū, A red-winged insect found in baths.

sapīl, The shrill cries of birds.

sipyūsh, Seed of fleawort.

satt, Foul language; a vice, ble-

mish;—sitt, Six (fem.).

sitā, A commentary on the Zand;—sitā (imp. of sitūdan, in comp.), Praising, lauding; praise, benediction; a kind of canopy; a three-stringed instrument (for sih tā), triple, three-thread; the third game of nard; name of a musical note; three goblets of wine for cleansing the stomach;—sutā, A comment on the Zand.

متارة sitāba, Fraud, deceit (see متارة sitākh A branch of a tree twining

about another; a young branch shooting from another.

satād, sitād (apocopated inf. of the following), To take away;—sitād (ditto), To stand.

ستادى satādan, To take away, to carry off;—sitādan, To take, to carry away; to stand, stay.

sitāda, Taken, carried away; placed,

deposited; stood, standing; a tent.

با عالت sitāz-āb, The trickling of water;

the spirting up of water.

sitār, A star; a mosquito curtain; sitār (for sih tār), A three-stringed guitar; a rising star; a riff, a rock; such a one (like cut q.v.).

stār, A veil, covering; name of a place; also of a mountain;—eattār, The keeper of the curtain, the porter at the royal doorway; the veiler (of sin, &c.), one of the names of God.

sitār-bāz, A player on the guitar.

A متارة sitarat, A covering; name of a mountain.

sitārcha, A little star; a spark. sitāragān (pl. of sitāra), Stars.

satara, A mosquito-curtain; a sort ستارة of canopy; a star; a rule for drawing right lines;—sitāra, A star; a horoscope, nativity; fortune, felicity; a spark; a geometrical rule by which right lines are drawn; form, pattern; a kind of guitar with three strings; the third game at nard; a kind of fire-work; a banner; a threshold; quicksilver; name of a city in India;sitāra'i ātish, A spark of fire ;—sitāra bārīdan, To shed tears;—sitāra'i bām, The morning star;—sitāra ba-zer āwardan, To do or attempt impossibilities;—sitāra bast sitāra, The star (Venus) has vanquished the other stars (said of one who claims superiority over his equals); -sitāra'i jadwal, A rule for drawing right lines;—sitāra'i chashm, The star of the eye (said of a king) ;-sitāra'i dum-dar (dumbāla-dār), A comet; -sitāra rekhtan, To drop stars, i.e. to shed tears; -sitāra'i zamīn, Talc, lapis specularis;— $s\bar{\imath}t\bar{a}ra'i sip\bar{a}h (sar\bar{\imath}r)$, The eye of the army (of the throne), epithet of a king; -sitāra shumurdan, To count the stars; to lie awake; -sitāra'i şubhi bahār, The vernal morning star;—sitāra'i qalandarān, The sun; -sitāra na-dāshtan, To have no (lucky) star, to be unfortunate.

sitāra-peshānī, Having a star on the forehead (reckoned a blemish in a

orse).

sitāra-chashm, With eyes like stars (epithet of a king).

متارة دان sitāra-dān, An astrologer. نتارة دندان sitāra-dandān, With teeth

like stars (epithet of a mistress).

sitūra-sokhtagī, Bad-luck. ستارة سومتكي sitāra-sokhta, III-fated.

sitāra-shunur, An astrologer. ستارة هماس sitāra-shinās, An astrologer. ستارة هناس عندان هناس عندان عد

sitāra-fishān, Shedding tears. وستارة فشان sitā-zan, A performer on the three-stringed guitar.

sitāshtan, ستاهتي sitāshdan, To take, seize, ravish (doubtful).

sitūgk, Barren; a colt not yet saddled; a horse; a horn; tamarisk; an abortion; a camel giving much milk; the buttocks.

ستانند sitāfand, A portico; a stage, theatre.

witāk, Young tree, shoot, sucker, tendril.

sitām, The ornamented part of a saddle; the nail of a horse-shoe; a cymbal; a kettle-drum; ornaments of gold or silver (especially horse-furniture); a threshold;—sitām bar asp nihādan, To adorn a horse.

cut satān, (in comp.) Seizing, taking, occupying, as bāj-satān, Receiving toll or duty, &c.;—sitān, Reclining, sleeping or lying on the back; impatient, weak, feeble; [sitān afgandan, To throw flat upon the back;]—(for āstān); a threshold;—stān (after a vowel), istān (after a consonant), Place where anything abounds, as khurmāstān, A palm-grove, gulistān, A flower-garden, &c.

satānā, Receiving.

satandan, To take; to take a wife.

satānda, Seized; carried off.

satānand, They take; an edifice supported by pillars;—satānand u dihand, They take and give; (met.) a hurly-burly, a free fight.

sitāna, A threshold; tears (of the vine); also the bud or eye; a wound from

a malignant eye.

satānīdan, To take, to seize.

satāwand, sutāwand, A portico; a balcony, a lofty verandah supported by a single pillar.

satāwa, sitāwa, Fraud, deceit.

satāwez, Eaves; a portico;—sitāwez, A market-place, shambles; a piece of timber with hooks on which meat is hung in markets; the bench of a magistrate.

عتارين satāwīn, A pillared room; shambles (probably misreading for the preceding).

sitāh, A star; base sīlver; name of a note in music.

ستای sitay, = ستای q.v.

sitāyish, Praise, encomium, benediction, returning thanks; glory; an enigma;—sitāyish dādan (kardan, giriftan), To glorify God, to return thanks.

sitāyish-stān, A place of wor-

ship, a mosque or temple.

i.e. the last verse of a Persian ode; called also shāh-bait, The royal distich; in which the poet, without the least imputation of vanity, generally addresses himself in the highest strain of self-approbation.

sitāyish-gar, Who praises, wor-

تايش گری sitāyish-garī, Praise, worship. متايده sitāyanda, A praiser, panegyrist. sitāyādan, To praise; to call. sitabr, Thick, coarse; hard, stiff.

sitabr-nāy, Thickness, coarseness;

a large size.

sitabrī, Thickness;—sitabrī'i āwāz, Hoarseness, gruffness of voice.

A it sittat, Six (males).

sitakhr, A pond, cistern; name of a fort.

sitakhsa, A sieve.

sutukhwān, A bone; stone of fruit. satkhez, The resurrection.

sitad, Taking, receiving;—sitad-u-dād, Taking and giving; lending and borrowing.

sitadan, To take, seize, carry off. sitada, Received, taken; placed.

satr (v.n.), Covering, veiling, concealing; the privities;—sitr, A covering, curtain, veil, screen; fear; shame;—satar, A shield.

تتر satar, A mule;—sutur, Shaving; a knife, razor;—mūy- (moy-) sutur, A barber. مترب sitrab, A satrap (obsolete).

suturbāng, suturbānag, A starling;

a wagtail.

a ستر پوش sitr-posh, A woman's drawers.

autrat, Anything which covers or defends, as a veil, awning, shield, wall, and the like.

متردى siturdan, suturdan, To shave, scrape, pare, pull out hairs; to erase, cancel, abolish, cut off; to curry;— ba-kawākib siturdan, To adorn with stars.

suturda, Shaved, erased; cut off.

ستردة با suturda-pā, One whose feet are cut off.

satar-sā, Sense, feeling.

satarsa'i, Obvious to sight or sense.

. satarkā, A sort of gum مىتركا

عرکش suturkish, Greatness; uneasiness

(this doubtful).

saturg, siturg, suturg, Impudent; quarrelsome, passionate; large and ablebodied; rough, rugged;—angushti suturg. The large finger, i.e. the thumb.

suturnāk, A starling; a wagtail (see ستراناک for which it is perhaps a mis-

reading).

satrang, The mandrake; chess.

عتروك atrūk, An idle, prating fellow, addicted to thieving; quarrelsome, contentious; passionate, bad-tempered; indigent; idle, useless.

. satarwan, suturwan (mule-like), Barren; a woman who has only borne one

son.

sutura, suturra, A razor; the hire of a house.

sitizidan, To importune, urge; to contend; to be stubborn, headstrong, tyrannical.

sutusta, A whistle uttered by wrestlers on vanquishing an antagonist.

sutk, Slenderness of waist; of a slender waist.

attl (for Ar. صطل), A vessel with a handle used in baths;—satal, Injury, hurt;—sital, A pond, reservoir;—sutul, Wheat (in the ear) scarcely ripe, scorched and bruised (which is eaten some days before harvest, in order to taste the first-fruits).

extortion, distress, injury, violence, ill-treatment, affliction, threatening, vexation; a heavy misfortune; seen or known; deliberately, designedly, purposely;—sitam didan, To experience oppression, to suffer

from violence; — sitam dāshtan (kardan, namūdan), To oppress, maltreat.

sitam-ābād, Abode of oppression,

sitam-amez, Tyrannical, cruel. sitam-andesh, An oppressor. a المنتفينة sitta-mi'at, sitta-mi'a, Six hundred. sitam-parwar, An oppressor; one who connives at or patronizes oppression.

sitam-khāna, A house of oppres-

sion; the world.

sitam-dīda, متم eitam-zada, Oppressed.

eitam-rasīdagān, The oppressed.

a ستم هريك sitam-sharīk, A partaker in oppression or tyranny.

sitam-shikan, Who checks op-

pression, who exercises justice.

a ستم طريك sitam-zarif, Who practices tyranny in a subtle and dexterous way.

a متم طريفي sitam-zarīfī, Cunningly-exer-

cised tyranny.

sitam-kāra, A ستم كارة sitam-kāra, A tyrant, oppressor.

sitamkāra-kush, Who slays the oppressor.

sitam-kash, Oppression-enduring. sitam-kashīda, Oppressed.

sitam-kesh, An oppressor. sitamgar, Cruel, ستمكر sitam-gāra ستم كارة

oppressive; a tyrant.

sitamgarī, Tyranny, oppression. sitam-gustar, An oppressor.

eitamī, Tyranny, injury.

sitam-yāft, Who has met with ستم يالت violence, oppression, &c.; damaged, enfeebled.

sitamīdan, To oppress; to be head-

strong.

sutun-āwand, situn-āwand, A portico or verandah supported by a single column.

sitambar, Name of a herb like mint. aitamba, Strong, robust, powerful, bold; the nightmare; any hideous or terrifying form; contumacious, litigious, unwilling to listen.

satanj, sitanj, Provisions stored up;

-sitanj, A thrashing instrument.

satankhez, Day of resurrection. sito, Triple; a three-stringed guitar;

base (money).

satwā, A female statue in Bāmyān. .sutwān, Strong ستوان ,sutwār sutuwār ستوار firm; faithful, trustworthy; trust, credit,

satūcha, A variegated ستوجة kind of falcon.

satūdān, sutūdān, A gravestone; a cemetery; a circular stone building whereon the fire-worshippers lay the bodies of the dead.

sutūdagī, Praise, glorification.

sitūdan, entūdan (S. etu), To praise. sitūda, Praised, celebrated, blessed, glorified; laudable, praiseworthy; -sitūda dashtan (kardan), To praise, to glorify God; -sitūda shudan, To be praised or glorified.

a ستودة الملاق sitūda-a<u>kh</u>lāq, Of an excellent

disposition.

a متودة مفات , sitūda-shiyam متودة هيم eitūda-sifāt, Of laudable qualities.

a مال sitūda-ma'āl, In a happy

sutūr, An animal; a quadruped. cattle, beast of burden; a horse, mule, or

eutūr (pl. of sitr), Veils, coverings.

sutur-ab, The falling down of ستوراب water or humours into the feet of horses, a

sutūrbān, A groom, driver, herds-

man of horses; a wagtail.

sutur-dan, (place where beasts are kept) A stall, stable; (who understands horses, &c.) master of the horse, equerry,

sitūrdan, sutūrdan, To shave, scrape, متوردن

pull out hairs.

q.v. ستوربان sutūrwān, = ستوروان

eutūri, A razor; a ستورى eutūri, A razor; a yellowish bee.

satūsar, ستوسه satūsa, A sneeze.

attuq, suttuq (for P. ستوى ه sattuq, suttuq False (money), base coin washed over with silver.

sutūl, Wheat (in the ear) unripe, parched, and bruised (eaten some days before harvest).

sitūm, The plant papyrus (in the

dialect of Gilan).

sutūn (S. sthūṇa), A pillar, column, prop, or beam; a column of troops (m.c.); -sutūni safīna. Mast of a ship; - sutūn shudani sa'id, The arm becomes (stiff like) a pillar, i.e. helpless (as of one thunderstruck); — sutūni faqār, The vertebral column; —ba-tauri sutūn īstādan, To be drawn up in column; -pāya'i sutūn, The pedestal of a column (see also ,) and (لىست).

متون A فنتون sittūna, sittūn, Sixty.

silūna, An assault, attack, onset; flight; a wave, billow, surge; -sutūna, A

pivot.

sitūh, Name of a magician;—sutūh, Fear, dread, veneration; distress, affliction, uneasiness, indigence; stupefied, astonished; sad, melancholy, indigent, helpless; weak, tired, feeble-minded; (construed with the verbs amadan, budan, shudan, gardidan, gashtan, mandan, in the sense of being, becoming, or remaining stupefied, tired, fatigued, worn out, &c).

sutūhānīdan (caus. of the fol-

lowing), To cause to loathe, &c.

vage.

sitezha, A weaver's shuttle; a sel-

sutûhīdan, To loathe, to shun; to repent, to vex; to render anxious, weak, helpless; to stupefy (doubtful word).

situya, A three-stringed guitar (see (ستو).

sath, satah, The buttocks.

sata, satta, Anything kept all night, nocturnal; vinegar; a grape; -sita, weak, vexed; -sitih, Weak; contention, litigation; -sutuh, Sad, melancholy, afflicted.

satahā, (in Zand and Pāzand), The

world.

sitihanda, Importunate; contentious.

sitihī, Contentious, quarrelsome. eitihidan, To contend; to warble; to make a noise, to kick up a row; to injure.

eatī, A spear-head; also the iron ferule at the end of a spear or staff;—sati,

sattī, Iron, steel.

u عستى satī, A modest, bashful woman ; a woman who burns herself alive with her dead husband.

متى A متى sittī (corrupt. of saiyidatī, sīdalī), My lady; madam; a lady; the Virgin Mary.

satyā, (in Zand and Pāzand), The world.

sitekh, Anything tall, straight, or flat; the sharp peak of a mountain; tallness, straightness.

sitehh-gosh, Pointed-eared; who

or what pricks his ears.

satīrat, satīra, One ستيرة satir, fem. ستيرة who hides another's fault; covered, con-

siter, A weight of 6½ drachms; a

fortieth part of a man.

sitez, Emulation, strife, contention, litigation; battle, war, conflict, combat; rebellion; levity, temerity, rashness; anger, hatred; obstinacy, stubbornness; discordance; obstinate, perverse, stubborn; -- sitez burdan (dāshtan, kardan, giriftan), To contend, dispute, fight, squabble; - ahangi sitez, Preparations for battle; - maidani sitez, A field of battle.

sitezgar, Obetinate, litigious. sitezandagi, Contention, strife. sitezanda, Quarrelsome, litigious.

siteza, Broil, dispute, squabble, strife; hostility enmity; tyranny; violence; -siteza kardan, To contend, quarrel.

siteza-joy, متيزة خوي siteza-joy, متيزة جوي siteza-kho (khū), Quarrelsome.

ه ستيرة روى siteza-ruy, Ugly ; contentious. متمزة كار siteza-kār, siteza-gār, Quarrelsome. siteza-gārī (کری garī), Strife, quarrel, hostility.

שהבואנט sitezīdan, To contend, compete, go to law, be obstinate, perverse; to injure, oppress; — dar-sitezīdan, To contend, &c. (= the simple verb).

يتيرة = sitesh, = ستيش q.v.

sitegh, Straight and tall (spear or column); a lofty peak; the sky; contention, dispute.

sitem, Blood mixed with water; pus and matter in a sore; a wound; a sore affected by cold, and swolleu; corrupt blood.

sittīna, sittīn (obl. of sittūn used ستين) a as nom.), Sixty.

sitiyūja, = متوجه 4.٧.

sitīh, Contenion, strife.

sitehandagî, A ستبهش squabble, brawl, loud strife.

sitehidagi, Contention, litigation. warrel, To contend, quarrel, wrangle, brawl; to disobey; to be severe, unjust, cruel.

** **aj, The cheek; -- **suj, The buttocks. sajā, Lettering or inscription of a

book.

A z sajāj, Thin, watery milk.

ه sajūjīd (pl. of sajjādat), Carpets, rugs, or hassocks for prayer.

sajāh, Name of a pretended prophetess contemporary with Musailimah the impostor; -sujāh, Air, atmosphere

A dolar sajāhat (v.n. of ____), Being smooth and equal (the cheek); being of a moderate length and not too plump.

ه عماد sajjād, One who bows in adoration.

ه هماده sajjādat, sajjāda, A carpet or mat on which the Muhammadans prostrate themselves when at prayer (construed with the verbs uftādan, afgandan, andākhtan, kashidan, &c.); the place of adoration, the mosque or altar ;—sajjāda'i miḥrābi, A carpet woven in the shape of a prayerniche;—sajjāda'i nān, A table-cloth.

sajjāda-nishīn, Sitting upon سجادة نشين the carpet (applied to the Imam when saying prayers); — sajjāda-nishini mihrāb, The Imam in front of the prayer-niche.

sijās, Name of a place between

Hamadan and Abahr.

sajāf, A curtain hung before a door; fringe, edging; -sijaf, A veil, curtain; border of a garment.

sajākand, هجاكنده sajākanda, سجاكند

Armed, accoutred.

A مجال sijāl (v.n. 3 of سجال), Contending with another, emulating, in running or in drawing water; (pl. of sajl) water-buckets.

sajām, Intense cold.

A www sajjān, Keeper of a prison, jailer.

sajānīdan, sijānīdan, To cool a سهائيدن

thing. sajānāda, Changed, altered by the

influence of cold, cooled, chilled.

sajāwand, A place in a district of Kabul; according to others, of Khurāsān, or of a mountain in Sistan (see سكاوند of which it is the Arabic form).

: sajāwandi, Native of Sajāwand سجاوندي surname of a grammarian; a book in which the pauses are marked by golden dots:sajāwandī shudan, To be marked with red and gold (a book);—sajāwandī kardan, To mark a book thus.

sajāhar, Equal, like, resembling.

هايا ه sajāya' (pl. of sajīyat), Dispositions, natures; faculty, quality.

ىجالىدى $aj\bar{a}'\bar{\imath}dan, = q.v.$

A sujhat, sajhat, Nature, temperament; symmetry.

sajad, Intense cold; name of a river. A عبد sujjad (pl. of sājid), Worshippers.

A عبدات sijdāt (pl. of the following),

Prostrations.

sijdat, sijda (also sajdat), Adoration, an inclination or prostration, the forehead touching the ground (construed with the verbs adā kardan, āwardan, burdan, pāshīdan, chakīdan, dādan, kardan, kashī-

dan, &c.).

sijda-yāh, Place of adoration, a temple. altar, and the like.

A sajr (v.n.), Heating a furnace or oven; filling with water (a river); pouring water down the throat; lengthening her affectionate cry to her colt (a camel); -sajar (v.n.), Having a blood-shot eye.

ه عبراه ۸ sujarā' (pl. of sajīr),

friends.

a جوي sajzī, sijzī, Native of Sijistān.

A way sajas (v.n.), Being corrupted, changed, turbid (water).

sijistān, A kingdom to the east

of Persia (the ancient Drangiana).

A sajsaj, Temperate (air); neither hot nor cold (day); the twilight between dawn and the rising of the sun; neither hard nor soft (land).

saj'(v.n. of سجع soj'(v.n. of سجع), Speaking rhythmically; cooing (of a dove); crying (of a she-camel); rhymed prose; rhyme, metre, cadence, poetry.

سجع کو saj'-go $(g\bar{u})$, A rhymer.

A way sajf (v.n.), Letting fall a onrtain before a tent-door; being dark (night); a veil, curtain; - sajaf, Slenderness of waist; lankness of belly.

sajuk, A sigh, sob; hiceough;

buttermilk mingled with milk.

sajl (v.n.), Throwing down from above; pouring out (water); a large bucket filled with water, a bucket full ;--sijl, sijill, A register; the record of a court of judicature; the minute or attestation of a notary; [sijl (sijill) bar-zadan (kardan), To seal;] -sijill, A scribe, a notary; name of one of Muhammad's secretaries; name of an

A Ly sajulāt, sijalāt, sijillāt, Jasmine; the covering or canopy over the camel-litter in which the Eastern ladies travel; a fine painted or figured linen cloth.

a سجالطس sijillāṭus, A kind of carpet. a dalam sijilmāsa, Name of a city in

Morocco.

A sajm (v.n.), Delaying, procrastinating; pouring down (tears or rain);—sajam, Water flowing; tears; the leaf of the willow.

A سجن sajn (v.n. of سجن), Imprisoning; keeping back; -sijn, A prison. dungeon; durance.

sajan, Intense cold.

ajanjal, eijanjal, A mirror;

spectacles; pure, clear.

a سينجل تراكب sajanjal-tarā'ib, With mirror-like (i.e. smooth and polished) breastbones or bosoms.

sujuw (v.n. of ,...), Overspreading; being at rest; prolonging her cry (a she-camel); continuing.

A مجود sujūd (v.n. of مجود), Adoring; an act of adoration, an inclination or prostration with the forehead touching the ground; —sujūdi sadmī, Prostration in wrestling.

aajūr, Chips with which an oven سجور م or furnace is heated; -sujur (v.n. of ,--), Lengthening her affectionate cry to her colt (she-camel).

دوس sajūs, The bog-rush. A عورت sujūf (pl. of sajf), Veils, cur-

a سجول sujūl (pl. of sajl), Large waterbuckets; (pl. of sijill) registers.

A pagam, An eye shedding tears ;--svjūm (v.n. of →,), Flowing (tears).

A ωμων ευjūn (pl. of εijn), Prisons. A & sajiyat, Disposition, temper,

nature, habit, constitution; practice. A worth, Soft and smooth; a high-

way. sajīhat, Nature, disposition, سجيحة ٨ habit; symmetry, proportion, measure.

sajidan, To be very cold.

sojīr, A sincere friend. هويس sajis, Muddy, troubled, cor-

rupted (water).

sajīf, A bow-string; notch in a bow. sajīl, A large bucket ;—sijjīl (said to be derived from P. sang "stone" and gil "clay"), Hard stones; bricks made therefrom and hardened in hell-fire, upon which are inscribed the names of men, with a register of their sins, or which, according to others, bore the names of, and destroyed, the followers of Abrahah on his expedition against the Ka'bah.

A war sajīn, Imprisoned, incarcerated; -sijjīn, Continual, violent; a place where the crimes of reprobates are registered by demons; a valley or dungeon of hell; the

seventh hell.

sichughna, A hunting bird; according to others, a small kind of sparrow.

sachuk, Oxygal mingled with milk

and anise; hiccough.

وچى $\operatorname{such}\bar{\imath},=\operatorname{q.v.}$ ورچى $\operatorname{q.v.}$ عنوى خاله $\operatorname{such}\bar{\imath}\cdot\underline{kh}\bar{a}na,=\operatorname{such}\bar{\imath}\cdot\underline{kh}\bar{a}na$ موچى خاله و

* sahh (v.n.), Pouring out or causing to flow (tears, waters, or words); flowing; striking with a whip, whipping; being very

A sahā (pl. of sahāt). Skins, barks; tracts; court-yards; -sihā', A thorny tree with a white flower of which bees are fond; the band of a book.

A www saḥāb, Quicksilver; (pl. of saḥābal) clouds; a cloud; -saḥābi ṣā'iqa-dār, Thunder-clouds.

A & sahabat, A (thin) cloud; -suhābat, Water remaining in a pond.

a معاب نوال دهابقة-kaf, العاب عاب همابقه nawāl, Liberal, generous.

* saḥāt, Tract, region, country.

saḥḥār, An enchanter, magician, necromancer, fascinator; a very early riser. a سماري εaḥḥārī, Magical.

sihāf, Dysentery;—suhāf, Consumption; ulceration of the lungs.

saḥḥāq, A rubber, grinder. سماق

همانة saḥḥāqat, Large woman with swagging breasts; que confrictu libidinem alterius explet.

A - Saḥā'ib (pl. of saḥābat), Clouds. A --- sahb (v.n.), Dragging on the ground (the train of a garment); eating or drinking to excess; -suhub (pl. of sahabat), Clouds.

A سحبان saḥbān, Water left in a bottle; name of a man proverbial for his eloquence, more fully called sahbāni wā'il, after the tribe to which he belonged.

a محبائي sahbānī, One whose eloquence resembles Sahban's, extremely eloquent.

A saht (v.n.), Eradicating; scraping flesh from off a bone;—saht, suhut, Unlawful gain (as from usury, &c.).

A come sahj (v.n.), Excoriating; scratching, tearing (the face in a frenzy of despair); a scratch, an excoriation; a disease in the bowels; -sahji jild Rash without

καḥr (v.n.), Deceiving; lungs, lights; -sihr, Enchanting, bewitching, practising sorcery; deceiving; magic, enchantment, sorvery, necromancy; a spell; any subtlety or trick which amuses; sihri banan, Magic of the fingers, i.e. elegant penmanship;—sihri halāl, Legitimate enchantment, i.e. poetry; a poetic licence; name of a poem composed in two metres by Ahlī Shīrāzī;—siḥr kardan, To enchant, charm, fascinate; -sihri kalām, Magic of oratory, enrapturing eloquence; - 'ilmi sihr, The art of magic, necromancy;]--sahar, The early morning, the dawn of day.

saḥar-an, Early in the morning. a عمر آفرين saḥar-āfirīn, The creator of morning, God; -sihr-āfirin, A magician.

a عدر أحير sihr-âmez, Fascinating.

a غر الله siḥr-bāz. An enchanter, sorcerer.

a جر بازى siḥr-bāzī, Magic.

a نام sihr-banan, (Magic-fingered) An elegant penman.

suḥrat, The morning, the early dawn; -saharat, sahara (pl. of sahir), Magicians.

a sahar-khand, An early laugher. a معر خير sahar-khez, An early riser.

a عمر زدة sihr-zada, Bewitched, fascinated.

a sihr-sāz, An enchanter.

a سعرستان saḥaristān, The place of dawn.

a سعر سنج siḥr-sanj, Experienced in magic.

a سمركار sihrgar, A magician.

a حرکاری siḥrgārī, Magic. a عرکان saḥar-gāḥ, Morning, dawn; to-

a سنر کاهی saḥar-gāhī, Matitutinal : food eaten before dawn during the fast of Ramazān.

a ها عمر کها sahar-gahān, Time of morning.

a محومند sihrmand, Magician.

sahrūr, A species of wild bird; sihr-war, A magician.

a سحرى sahare, sahre, One morning, on a certain morning; -saharī, sahrī, Morning, matutinal; food eaten a little before dawn during Ramazān.

A saht (v.n.), Slaughtering expeditiously, at one blow; choking one (food); turning a lamb or colt loose with its dam.

sahf (v.n.), Shaving (the head), extirpating (hairs); taking the flesh from a bone, or fat from the flesh or skin of the back; burning; driving the clouds away (wind).

saḥq (v.n.), Breaking, tearing, rubbing, bruising, pulverizing; wearing out (clothes); effacing traces (wind); going slowly; an old worn garment; -- suhq, suhuq, Being far, remote; removing to a distance; distance; being tall (a palmtree); -suhuq (pl. of sahūq), Tall palmtrees.

A Jam sahl (v.n.), Counting out and paying down (a sum of money); filing; striking so as to raise blisters; sweeping, brushing the ground (as wind); plaiting a rope; a species of white cotton cloth; ready money; -suhul (pl. of sahl), White cotton clothes.

A saham, Blackness; iron; name of a tree; -suhum, Blacksmiths' hammers.

A Low suhmat, suhma, Blackness.

A war sahn (v.n.), Breaking (a stone); a numerous assembly;—sihn, Protection, guardianship.

A sahna', & sahnat, sahanat, Ex-

ternal form; a smooth softness of the skin; colour.

A sahw (v.n.), Pulling off, unbarking, excoriating; shaving, scraping; covering or binding a book with the membrane of the papyrus or similar substances.

sahūr, The meal which the Muhammadans make a little before dawn during the month of Ramazān to enable

them to fast till night;— $suh\bar{u}r$ (pl. of sahr), Lights of beasts.

sahūf, (A camel) fat about the back; a goat or a she-camel whose fat has been taken off the back.

ه عمود καμūq, A tall palm-tree.

sahūl, suhūt, Name of a town in Yaman where a superior kind of cloth is made;—suhūl (v.n. of اسحل), Shedding tears; (pl. of sahl) white cotton garments.

A \sim sahy (v.n.), = \sim q.v.

A saḥīq, Very remote; (met.) difficult to understand, obscure.

العياس sahilis, A sort of fragrant

akh, Dirt, filth, impurity;—sukh, Good, happy, auspicions; happiness; goodness.

A sakhkh (v.n.), Thrusting the tail into the ground (a locust when laying

eggs).

a نعم sakha' (v.n. of نخب), Being liberal, munificent; name of a town in Egypt;—sakhā' (v.n. of نخب), Being liberal, munificent; liberality, generosity.

A čli sakhākh, Soft earth clear of sand;

name of a place in Transoxiana.

sakhāfat (v.n. of منافة), Being thin and slender; being weak of mind, a weak intellect.

a سنا کستر sakhā-gustar, Diffusing liberality (a king by his example); liberal.

sikhāl, Enmity, hatred; contrariety, stubbornness, obstinacy; violence, tyranny; opiniated, self-willed.

A مخال sukhkhāl, Weak and base (men).

A فاضد sakhānat, Beiug warın, heated;

heat, warmth.

A by: sakhāwat (v.n. of ...), Being liberal, munificent; leaving, letting alone, having nothing to do with; liberality, generosity, munificence.

a سخا ور ,sa<u>kh</u>ā-gustar سخا گستر ه sa<u>kh</u>ā-war

Liberal, generous.

a ورز sa<u>khā-warz</u>, Exercising liberality, liberal.

sakht, Hard, strong, firm, secure, solid, vehement, intense, violent (in these meanings received into Arabic); austere, harsh, severe, stern; cruel, painful, arduous, difficult; stubborn, obstinate; tight; adhesive; stingy, sordid; base; afflicted, disturbed, wretched, unfortunate; abundant, copious; thick, coarse; intensely, extremely, very much, sorely, exceedingly, vehemently,

arduously; [sakht āmadan, To grudge; refuse; be unwilling; to be oppressed;—sakht bar-āwardan, To put forth strength or violence;—sakht bar-gashtan, To return quickly;
-sakht bastan, To bind tightly;—sakht khwurdan, To suffer from head-ache; to undergo trouble; -sakht kardan, To harden; - sakht giriftan, To seize or hold firmly; to oppress; -sakht guftan, To speak harshly; to revile; -sakht u narm namūdan, To appear hard and soft, vary, threaten and soothe by turns, tamper with; -iqdāmi sa<u>kh</u>t, A strong order, violent measure;]—sakht, sukht (pret. and apocopated inf. of ...). He weighed (active and neuter); to weigh; a balance (this doubtful); -sukht (by poetical licence for sokht, apocopated inf. of sokhtan), To burn.

sakht, Strong, vehement.

sakht-ustukhwān, Strong of bone, raw-boned; (met.) of a powerful and enduring race.

sa<u>kh</u>t-andāz, An archer.

هنان ده ده ده هنان هم المعامن

sakht-āwez, Fast suspended with strong claws (an eagle).

אים און sa<u>kh</u>t-bāz, Always winning in a

sakht-bāzū, Strong in the arm, powerful, able to protect.

eakht-baf, Of course texture.

هنت بانک sa<u>kh</u>t-būng, Loud-voiced. منيت بنياد sa<u>kh</u>t-bunyād, Of solid struc-

sakht-pāy, Firm of foot; steady; constant.

يشت پشت sakht-pusht, Of a hard surface.

هني سخت sakht-panja, Close-fisted, avaricious.

ه بيشانی sa<u>kh</u>t-peshōnī, Fearless; a dare-devil.

sa<u>kh</u>t-jān, Hard-hearted, inhuman.

هشم مشت جشم sa<u>kh</u>t-chashm, Impudent. هنت جوش sa<u>kh</u>t-josh, In violent heat, ebullition, effervescence.

عند خوردکی sa<u>kh</u>t-<u>kh</u>wurdagī, Voracity. sa<u>kh</u>t-dil, Hard-hearted.

ه هند روی sakht-rūy, Of an austere, indignant countenance.

روكي sa<u>kh</u>t-rū'ī, Austerity; disdain; indignation.

ه هند وبان هم sa<u>kh</u>t-zabān, Scurrilous. عند وباني sa<u>kh</u>t-zabānī, Railing.

sakht-zor, Of great strength, very powerful.

هند مان هملهٔ sa<u>kh</u>t-safed, Steady, constant. عند علي sa<u>kh</u>t-safed, Very white. الله sa<u>kh</u>t-siyah, Intensely black.

sakht-kash, Who can pull a heavy load; who is able to draw a strong bow; enduring hardships.

sakht-kamān, An archer who draws easily a strong bow; hard, harsh.

هم sakht-kamānī, Hardness, harshness.

sakht-kosh, Making strong سخت كوهل efforts, strenuous in endeavour; hard-working; violent.

sakht-gosht, Brawny.

sakhtagi, Hardness.

sakht-gīr, Holding fast (hound) ;

grasping, avaricious.

seriously; strictness; rigorous observation (mm.cc.); graspingness, avarice, extortion, taking by force.

sakht-ligām, Hard-mouthed. sakht-maghz, Of tough brains سخت مغز

or marrow; obstinate, headstrong. هم مير عمير sakht-mir, Who dies game.

sakhtan, sukhtan, To weigh; to draw; to be twisted; to turn or render bard; to winter.

sukhtu, Intestines of a bird; sheep's tripe stuffed with minced meat and rice;

sakhta, sukhta, Weighed; arranged;

سخت کمان sakhta-kaman, = سخت کمان

sa<u>kh</u>tī, Hardness, harshness, asperity; obduracy; severity; intensity of application; stinginess; adversity, indigence, distress, evil, calamity; -sukhtī, =

sa<u>kh</u>tiyān, si<u>kh</u>tiyān, Goats' leather,

morocco; -- sikhtiyān, Name of a city.

t مختياجي sakhtiyānchī, A maker of morocco leather.

sa<u>kh</u>tīdan, su<u>kh</u>tīdan, To weigh. . sa<u>kh</u>tī-kash, Who endures hard سختی کش ships, &c., bravely.

sa<u>kh</u>tī-kashīda, Distressed.

sikhaj, sikhach, Asthma.

A sikhal, Warm, hot, sultry;—sukha, A yellow liquid which accompanies the bird, liquor amnii.

sakhr, sakhar, sukhur, Ridiculing.

A منب sukhrat (v.n. of منبر), Ridiculing,

laughing at; a ridiculous fellow, a butt for satire, a laughing-stock; a toy;—sukharat, sukhāra, A mocker, sneerer, laugher.

a bi sukhra, Whatever is done gratis, either from courtesy or compulsion; a ship, or cattle, pressed into the king's service without freight or bire; -sukhra giriftan, To take by force, to press.

au<u>kh</u>rīyat, Derision.

هندش sa<u>kh</u>sh, Old; lightning; a stumble. A www. sukht, sukhut, sakhat (v.n.), Waxing hot, being angry; indignation; dislike, displeasure; divine displeasure and its effect (as transformation into a stone, &c.),

A sakhf, Indigence, straitened cir-

cumstances; -sakhf, sukhf, Imbecility, deficiency of judgment.

A dain sakhfat, Leanness produced by hunger; -sakhfat, sukhfat, Imbecility, mental weakness.

sakhlat, The jesamine.

A alimb or kid just dropped, or till it has passed the fourth month.

A sakham, Blackness.

A www eakhn, Heat, fever; -sukhn, Warm. hot (day or water).

sukhun, sukhan, sakhan, sakhun (the first pronunciation is the correct one, although the word is allowed to rhyme with man, tan, &c.), A word, vocable, speech, saying, discourse; will, pleasure; a thing, business, affair; somewhat; -sukhuni abbar-dār, An equivocal speech ;-sukhun az parda (niqāb) gūyad. He talks in metaphors. he speaks allegorically; -sukhun az dahani kase giriftan, To take the words out of another's mouth; -sukhun az rū'i sukhun tarāshīdan, To spin out a speech, one word giving another; -sukhun az sukhun bīrūn miyayad (mi-zayad), One word or topic suggests another; — sukhun afshāndan (andākhtan), To speak, to talk; -sukhuni afwāhī, A false rumour, an unwarrantable speech;—svkhun bar pahlū mīgūyad, He speaks sharply and sarcastically; -sukhun bar khāk (zamīn) afgandan, sukhun bar zamin zadan, To scorn a speech ;-sukhun bar sukhun guzāshtan, To annul one word or promise by another; -sukhuni bikr, An original saying; a maiden speech; -sukhun baland shawad, The speech lengthens, is drawn out; -sukhun ba-ham bar-zanad, He makes a muddle of his speech; -sukhuni post-kanda, A self-evident speech, a trite saying, a truism;—sukhuni pahludar, A (malicious) innuendo ;-sukhun pesh burdan, To deliver a fine speech; -sukhun paimūdan, To speak, to talk; -sukhunitalkh(jaur), Harsh, unkind words; -sukhuni chāwīda (chūn zamharīr), A frigid, insipid, silly speech; -sukhun dāshtan, To converse with, to have influence with ;—sukhun dīrāz kardan (kashīdan), To talk much, to be prolix; sukhun dar āftāb ast, He speaks in a sublime strain; -- sukhun dar zabān nishādan, To make one talk; to prompt a speech;sukhuni dil-faroz (dil-farosh), Kind words; salutary advice;—sukhuni dihlīzī, A false rumour; back-stair intelligence; -sukhun randan (zadan), To speak, to talk ;--sukhun raft, Mention has been made of ;—sukhuni zamāna, Calumny (as being the talk of the world); -sukhuni zamharīr, Cold, insipid, uninipressive language; — sukhuni zinda, Elegant speech, brilliant talk; - sukhuni sabz, Pleasant speech or talk; — sukhuni sang, Heavy speech ;—sukhun shunidan panj daulat-ast, To listen to good advice is worth

five fortunes (proverbial saying); -sukhuni shīrīn, Sweet words;—sukhuni 'alīqī, Sanguinary speech; -sukhuni ghaibi, Foretelling, predicting; second sight; -sukhun kardan (guftan), To speak;—sukhun guzasht, It has been mentioned before;—sukhun gustardan (roshan kardan), To explain, to expatiate; -sukhun ma-fazā, Lengthen not your discourse, have done talking; -sukhuni majlisi, Social talk, conversation of an assembly-room;—sukhuni mihr (muhr?) ba-rū, An expected or hoped for speech; -su<u>kh</u>uni miyān-tihī (bī-maghz), Empty, unmeaning words; -- sukhuni nāfarjām, Trifling, impertinent words; -sukhun nīst, That is no argument, that won't wash; arbābi sukhun, Lords of speech, orators, poets; - ba-sukhun rasidan. To undertand what is said, to be intelligent;—dar sukkun āmadan, To begin a speech or conversation.

אני שיש אול eukhun-ārā, Adorning discourse; eloquent; silence.

عن أراكي su<u>kh</u>un-ārā'ī, Eloquence. الربن su<u>kh</u>un-āfirīn, Eloquent; aliar.

אלים אולף sukhun-āwar, Eloquent.

אולי ביי אולף sukhun-pardāz, Fluent orator.

אולי ביי אולף sukhun-parwar, A poet, author.

אולי ביי אולף sukhun-pairā, ביי ליי ליי ליי ליי ליי ליי של sukhun-paimā, Measuring out words (an orator).

عيون عيون sukhun-paiwand, A poet.

sakhnat, Heat; -sakhnatu 'l-'ain, Grief (opp. to qurratu 'l-'ain, q.v. under \$3).

sukhun-tak, Glib of tongue,

talkative.

www.sukhun-chin, An informer, talebearer, calumniator.

ين چيني su<u>kh</u>un - chīnī, Detraction, slander.

sukhun-khwura, خراة sukhun-khwāru, Severe of speech; impudent.

who knows the value of words.

who knows the value of words.

sukhun-dāni, Eloquence; philology.

sukhun-rān, Lengthening a discourse, prolix; an orator, rhetorician.

sukhun-rānī, Eloquence, elocution, rhetoric; random, rambling talk.

ارس من sukhun-ras, Quick of apprehension; intelligent, sharp-witted.

ان دان sukhun-rawān, Eloquent.

نن ون sukhun-zan, A poet; a liar; intelligent.

suit his purpose; a deceiver, a cheat, knave.

sukhun-sāzī, Defamation. sukhun-sarā, A modulator or arranger of words; an orator, excellent writer.

sukhun-sanj, Weigher of words; prudent; a poet.

عنشناس sukhun-shinās, Eloquent.

a غراز sukhun-tirāz, = ابان عراز q.v.

a غراز sukhun-tirāzī, Eloquence.

sukhun-shinav, Listening to s

speech, attentive, docile. منون فروش su<u>kh</u>un-farosh, A flatterer; a

poet.

a من المجاه sukhun-fahm, Intelligent, quick.

a خن فيمي su<u>kh</u>un-fahmī, Intelligence. غنو كش su<u>kh</u>un kash, Listening or attending to a speech.

عن كوتاة sukhun kotāh, Summarily.

sukhun-guzār, A ready speaker, a persuasive orator; eager for speech, inclined to talk; a porter (at a gate).

عن کستر su<u>kh</u>un-gustar, Explanatory;

eloquent.

sukhunwar, Eloquent.

sukhunwarī, Éloquence, rhetoric; —sukhunwarī namūdan, To hold forth, speechify.

sukhna, Name of a town in Syria inhabited by Arabs, and called from a thermal spring belonging to it.

sakhw (v.n.), Being liberal; light-

ing a fire under a cauldron.

sukhūland, An official taster to a

prince (see چاسنی گیر). عنجون su<u>kh</u>ūn, sa<u>kh</u>ūn, A word, a speech.

ه دون عدر sa<u>kh</u>ūn, A warm soup.

A dis sukhānat, Being hot; health, warmth.

a منت عم<u>kh</u>ī, Liberal, generous. منت عم<u>k</u>hīr, Name of a bitter drug.

A sakhīf, Weak in understanding, light, flighty, hasty; thin, flimsy (a texture).

sakhīmat, Hatred, ill-will, malevolence.

A water). sakhīn, Painful (blow); hot (water).

هنوس sa<u>kh</u>īnūs (G. σχοινος), A fragrant bullrush; mastix.

≈ sad, A hundred;—fī-sad, Per cent.

A — sadd (v.u.), Stopping up, closing filling (a hole or chink), blocking (the way), shutting (a gate); impeding, obstructing; strengthening, repairing refitting; any bodily defect (as blindness, deafness, &c.); an obstruction, wall, rampart (artificial); [saddu 'l-bahr, Name of a fort in Constantinople;—saddi bāb kardan, To lock or bolt a door;—saddi khatā'ī, The Chinese wall;—saddi rāh, An obstruction of the road;—saddi ramaq, A bare subsistence; the last remains of life; the agonies of death;—saddi sikandar, Alexander's ram-

part;—saddi yajūj u majūj, The wall of Gog and Magog;]—sudd, An obstruction, bar, rampart (natural); a cloud; a mountain separating two places or objects.

sadā (probably for Ar. la, not vice versā, as the Burhāni qāṭi says in the

text), Echo.

A سداب sadāb (or هاس), The herb rue. سداب sudāb, Rue; power, strength.

A saddaj, A liar.

a مداجه sadāja, Simple-mindedness, sim-

plicity.

A slam sadād (v.n. of im), Being right and well directed; hitting the mark; rectitude, straightforwardness in word and action; the way of truth or of salvation; [dāru 's-sadād, A name of Baghdād;]—sadād, sidād, A cork, stopper; whatever obstructs or fills up; a stop-gap; barriers, hurdles (m.c.); sufficient for the necessities of life;—sudād, An obstruction in the nose, coryza.

a مداله sidāfa, A veil, a curtain.

sidanat, sadanat (v.n. of سدن), Serving the Kaaba or an idol-temple; acting as doorkeeper, porter, or warder.

مداله eadāniya, A village in Balkh.
اله eadāhrā, A bird found only in Lahore.

ه هما sadā'il (pl. of sadīl), Curtains.

الله sad-pāya, A centipede.

**saddat, sadda, Obstruction, obstacle; - suddat, sudda, A porch, vestibule, doorway; an obstruction in the nose, coryza; - sudda'i sa'ādat, The court of felicity (an epithet by which some Eastern princes distinguish their residences).

▲ www. (v.n.), Suspecting.

A the sadh (v.n.), Throwing down flat on the face, prostrating; spreading on the floor; killing, slaughtering, cutting the throat.

sadad, Rectitude;—sudad (pl. of suddat), Doors; porches, vestibules; obstructions in the nose;—sudud, Eyes which see not (from weakness or blindness).

a-flowing (a woman);—sidr, The lote-tree; sadar (v.n.), Being stupefied; having the eyes dazzled by heat or cold;—sadir, Stupefied; dazzled.

sadar (for A. sidr), The lote-tree; a

sort of plum.

مدرة sidrat, sidra, A lote-tree; [sidratu 'l-muntahú, sidra'i tūbá, A lote-tree in Paradise; the heavenly mansion of the angel Gabriel;—tā'iri sidra, The bird of the heavenly lote-tree, i.e. Gabriel;]—sudra, A vest.

sidrat-qāmat, مدرة قد sidrat-qāmat, مدرت قامت sidra-

مدره نشينان sidra-nishīnān, Angels.

a sixth part; making up the number six;

—sids, The watering of a camel on the sixth day;—suds, sudus, The sixth part;—sadas. The tooth of an eight-year-oid camel.

A & sad' (v.n.), Striking one against another; being oppressed by misfortune.

مدف sadaf, Darkness; night; the dawn; twilight.

יינע (?), A quiver; a particular kind of quiver in which each arrow has its own

compartment.

sadk, sadak (v.n.), Being assiduons, adhering to;—sadik, Wishful, desirous, addicted to, greedy; ready-handed, expeditious; skilful in stabbing with the lance.

sadkām, Asking from necessity.

ه مدکیش sadkas, مدکس sadkes, مدکس sadkesh, The rainbow.

a مد کاه sad-gāh, A court, hall of audience. A سدل sadl (v.n.), Loosening and letting down a garment, a veil, or the hair:—sid.

A string of pearls hanging down the bosom;—sidl, sudl, A veil, a covering.

a codm (v.n.), Shutting, closing (a door);—sadam (v.n.), Being penitent, contrite; grief, repentance; sullenness; a greedy desire; libidinous (stallion);—sadim, Violently in love;—sudum, Water collected in a concealed well.

A come sadn (v.n.), Serving in the Ka'ahah or in an idol temple;—sudan, A curtain.

a مدنة sadanat (pl. of sādin), Keepers of the temple of Mecca; also of idoltemples.

eadw (v.n.), Stretching out the hand for a thing; taking wide steps (a camel).

sadūs, Indigo.

ه مدوس sadūs, Name of the father of a tribe who possessed two hundred and one spears;—sadūs, sudūs, A kind of green hood, mantle, cape, or coif, called tailasān; name of a man of the tribe of Taiy.

א בינח sadūm, A libidinous stallion.

HE בנף sadūm, Sodom; name of a judge of Sodom who sanctioned sodomy; an unjust judge or ruler.

שנים sudum, Name of the capital of

Bahram Gür.

ada, A flaming fire; a festival-night, on which the Persians light a number of large fires, in commemoration of the following popular tradition: In the time of Hoshang (about 860 years before the Christian era) a monstrous dragon infesting the country, the king himself attacked him with stones, when one of them, falling with prodigious force upon another, struck fire, set the herbage and surrounding trees in a blaze, and consumed the dragon in the flames; a sort of a tree with a thick, smooth stem and deuse foliage, called in Arabic

a عند sadda, sudda, Obstruction (see A.

;—sudda'i 'unuqi raḥim, Obstruction of the neck of the womb;—sudda'i kabid, Chronic inflammation of the liver.

sady (v.n.), Stretching out the hand;—sadá, sudá, Camels turned loose to pasture without a keeper;—sadī, Wet with dew, dewy; an unripe date;—suddī, surname of Isma'īl, a learned man who sold coifs in the vestibule (suddat) of the mosque of Kūfa.

אביי sadīd, Right, well-directed, salutary;—zihni sadīd, A clear judgment, nice discrimination.

adār (from P. منادير q.v.), Name of an edifice built by Numān bin Munzir for Bahrām Gūr; name of a river near Hīrah; name of a district in Yaman renowned for producing striped cloaks; also of a place in Egypt;—sudair, Name of a plain between Basrah and Kūfah; also of a river in Hijāz.

adis, The sixth part; six years old (camel or goat); cloth six yards long.

A مديف sadif, The fat of a camel's bunch.

a camel's litter; a veil stretched across a tent or in front of a female apartment.

ديگر sidīgar (for sih dīgar, q.v. under ديگر), The third; in the third place.

A www. sadin, Fat, grease.

▲ سالب هazāb, Rue.

a سداني sazābī, A seller of rue.

a مدلق sazaq (from P. مدلق), A festival-night whereon many fires are lighted.

sar (Z. śara), Head, top, summit, point, pinnacle; the capital of a pillar; a cover, a lid; a salient angle; any projecting part; beginning, origin, principle; end, extremity; side, part; (hence adverbially with and without the prepositions az, bar, ba) by, before, in the presence; on account of, because of, through; the most select or choicest part of anything; a general, com-mander of an army; great, large; thought, idea, fancy; power, strength, force; highest, greatest, chief; complete, perfect, entire; a veil, awning, canopy, covering; a collar, also a log of wood fastened to a mastiff's neck; a term applied in enumerating horses; desire, wish, intention, will; love, affection; cheerfulness; froth, foam, scum; a mystery; atmosphere, gentle gale; a tract of country, a Turkoman shoe or sandal; foolish; [sari abrū kham kardan, To loathe a thing, to frown at;—sari ijlas, In the court (of); in the presence (of);—sari ādamī, A human being;—sar az āb, A bubble of water; -sar az ābi bīgāna shustan, To wash one's head with a stranger's water, i.e. to find goods which have no owner;-sar az bālīn tahī kardan, To put every thought of rest aside, to work incessantly;—sar az pā na-shinākhtan, Not to

know one's head from one's feet, to be utterly confused :-- sar az bastū'i tahī charb kardan, To anoint the head from an empty bottle, i.e. to deceive;—sar az jaibi chīze bar-āwardan (bar-kardan), sar az chīze bīrūn awardan (kardan), To accomplish a thing, to acquit oneself of a duty; -sar az khāk bar-zadan (zadan), To spring from the ground, to sprout, to grow; to happen; sar az khat bar-dāshtan (giriftan), To disobey, to resist, to be obstinate; -sar az khwāb bar-kardan (tahī shudan), To awaken from sleep;—sar az khwāb jahāndan, To awake, to rouse from sleep; -sar az khwāb dar-āmadan, To wake up;—sar az khwesh bar-āwardan, To come to, to regain consciousness; -- sar az rishta'i chīze bar-nayāwardan (bīrūn na-burdan), Not to understand the real state or truth of a thing;sar az zānū bar-giriftan, To give over watching;—sar az zīri khāk zadan, To sprout, &c. (see sar az khāk bar-zadan);—sar as shīsha'i tihī charb kardan, To anoint the head from an empty phial, i.e. to deceive; sar az qadam sākhtan, To be happy, to rejoice;—sar az kār bīrūn burdan, To finish, to complete a work;—sar az nashā' sabuk kardan, To get intoxicated, inebriated;—sar az yak āstīn (jaib) bar-āwardan, To challenge to a contest ;—sari āshnā'i, Intimacy ;—sari atibba, Doctor-in-waiting; head doctor; sari āftāb, Sunrise;—sar uftādan, To exceed bounds; to multiply, to increase;—sar afshandan, To scatter (as money by way of largess); -- sar afkandan, To hang the head, to blush; - sar amadan, To wax strong and powerful; to come to a conclusion; to accomplish;—sar andākhtan bar, To surrender, to obey, to submit to;—sar andar zadan, To conceal oneself from fear; to be in a thoughtful mood; to be bewildered; — sar andar kashīdan, To depart from a place; —sari angusht, Tip of the finger;—sar āwardan, To be finished;—sar ba-abr südan, To reach the summit, the highest degree or dignity;—sar-bākhtan, To sport with one's life, to be venturesome or foolhardy;—sar baz zadan az, To refuse, deny, oppose; -sar bāz mānad, The head remains uncovered; — sari ba-afsar (bāafear), A crowned head; - sar bālā (bar bālā) kardan, To lift up one's head;—sari bālīn, A head-pillow;—sar ba-bāl duzdīdan, To refuse, to disobey, to oppose;—sar bateah khārīdan, To decapitate; — sar bar āwardan, To appear, to rise (as the dawn, &c.); to turn away with ingratitude; to secede from a friend or benefactor, to rebel; —sar ba-khwāb dar-āmadan. To fall asleep; —sar ba-dār bar-zadan, To hang, to suspend by the neck; sar bar abr burdan, To raise the head above the clouds, i.e. to be exalted; -sar ba-rāh kardan, To accomplish;—sar bar-tāftan, To disobey, to rebel;

-

-ear bar suraiya rawad, The head passes beyond the Pleiads, i.e. a person attains to the highest dignity, &c.; — sar bar khat dāshtan (nihādan), To obey;—sar bar khuld burdan, To become eternal; to attain the object of one's desires ; -- sar bardashtan, To behead ;-sar bar dar zadan, To knock the head against the door (for the people to open); — sar burdan, = ba-sarburdan, q.v. below; -sar bar dunyā zadan. To travel; -sar bar zānū (ba-zānū) nishastan, To crouch; to watch; to sit in a melancholy mood;—sar bar-zadan, To shoot up (as herbage); to appear, become manifest, happen, occur; -sar bar sari chīze nihādan, To take the greatest pains in a matter ; -sar bar sari kase däshtan (nihādan), To quarrel, to be at enmity with ;—sar bar sinān kardan, To kill, to slay; -sar bar sang zadan, To undertake a useless task, to lose one's labour; -sar bar-kardan, To lift up the head; to be refractory, rebel; -sar bar kamar zadan, To be mad :--sar bar-giriftan, To awake; to travel; -sar bar garmi zanad, He has turned mad;—sar bar-nihādan, To be silent;—sar buridan, To behead;—sar ba-zīri baghal dārad, He secretly intends some fraud or malice;—sar bastan, To form a skin or pellicle on the surface, to froth (milk or broth); -sar ba-sina kardan, To hang the head on the bosom (in a contemplative attitude); -sar ba-koh u biyābān dadan, To send to the wilderness; -sar bagiribān burdan, To be thoughtful; -sar bagarībān duzdīdan, To rebel;—sar ba-gosh guzāshtan, To whisper;—sar baland kardan, To lift up the head;—sar bīrūn āwardan (kardan) az, To withdraw the head from ;ear birun zadan, To turn away from, to disobey an order;—sari pā zadan, To trip, stumble; to kick; -sar pā shudan. To recover from an illness; -sari pistan. The nipple ;—sari pistān siyāh kardan, To anoint the nipple with a black drug in order to wean the child; — sar pas kashidan. To recede; -sar pech zadan, To sleep with one eye; - sar pechīdan, To rebel, be disobedient; —sar pai zadan, To trip, stumble; to kick; —sar pesh kardan, To meditate, think deeply; to be covered with blushes; -sar tā pā, Head to foot, cap-à-pié;—sar tā ear, From one end to the other, from top to bottom :--sar taftan, To turn away the head; to be refractory, to rebel;—sar-at sabz bād, May you live for ever!—sar-at gardam, (May) I turn around your head! (formula of respect and devotion, see dauri sar-at gardam below); -sari tanhā, Alone, by one's self; saritawaqqu'khārīdan, To hope for anxiously, to be in suspense and expectation; -- sari tīr, An arrow's throw, the distance of a bow-shot; (met.) a learned, distinguished man; one who administers justice; -sari teah, Point of a sword (also sar-teah); a

mountain's peak; splendour, light, brightness; -sari jughrāt, Cream (also sar-jughrāt); -sar juft kardan, To whisper; -sar jumbanidan, To nod assent, to approve, to accept; -sari chiragh afgandan, To remove all the cundles; -sari chashma, A fountain-head (also sar-chashma);—sar chidan, To behead: -sari chīze dāshtan, To direct one's attention to; to wish for; to agree with; -sari harf baz kardan (bar-awardan, wa kardan), To begin to speak; -sari hisāb shudan, To take good care of, be collected; -sari khārhā'i jahan tez kardan, To sharpen the thorns of the world, (met.) to carry out great things at will; -sar khārīdan, To scratch the head; to be desperate, lose hope; to blush; to seek excuses, procrastinate; to be unable to reply or to resist; to observe, guard, preserve; to be willing; to desire; to calm, soothe, cajole, flatter; to befriend; to cheat, defraud;—sari khijalat dar pesh burdan, To be ashamed, to blush;—sari khar, An ass's head on a pole, used as a scarecrow; (met.) a shameless fellow; one who intrudes himself into a place where he has no business; a blundering intermeddler; -sari <u>kh</u>ar paidā shud, A foolish thing has happened ;-sari khar dar kūni (batarjā'i, kusi) fulān, A plague upon such an one! (coarse abuse); - sar kharidan, To ransom, redeem; -sari khum, The lid of a winejar (also sar-khum) ;—sari khwud khwurdan, To undertake anything dangerous; to perish; -sari khwud (khwesh) bar kaf nihādan, To risk one's head ;-sari khwud (khwesh, khweshtan) giriftan, To follow one's own way; to depart; -sar dādan, To release, dismiss, send away; to die; to discharge firearms; to be bold; to break wind; (in conjunction with various nouns) to act, to proffer, to move;sar dashtan ba, To return, to give back ;--sar dāshtani tarāzū, The scale sinks; -sar darawardan, To accept; to submit; -- sar darbākhtan, To risk wantonly one's life; -sar dar pāy namūdan, To be helpless, disconsolate; -sar dar pesh andākhtan, To bend one's head;—sar dar pesh nihādan (dar payi kase dāshtan), To follow another;—sar dar tahi par giriftan. To hide the head under the wing;—sar dar jahān ('ālom) giriftan (nihādan), To wander, to roam about;—sar dard kardan, To revile, to abuse, to scold ;—sar dar rikāb kardan, To travel on foot along with a horseman; -sar dar sari chīze kardan (guzāshtan), To die in the pursuit of a thing; -sar dar shikam nihādan, To hide, to conceal oneself; to blush;—sar dar şaḥrā dādan, To send to the wilderness; -sar dar qadami kase nihādan, To place the head at another's feet ;sar dar kulāhi kase nihādan, To obey, to submit to ;-sar dar kūni kase guzāshtan, To agitate, to render restless;—sar dar giribān burdan (zadan, kardan), To have finished,

ended :- sar dar nishīb kardan, To hang down the head; to be ashamed; -ear duzdīdan, To refuse to obey, to rebel;—sari dast, The wrist; (met.) ready at hand;sari dast afshandan, To be in a rage; to leave, discard, renounce; to dance;—sari dandān saped kardan, To smile;—sari dīwār, Top of a wall ;—sari rāst, Anything erect; a well-cut reed-pen; -sari rāh, The high road, higher part of a road; the head of a street;—sari rāh dāshtan, To keep a look out; to purpose travelling:—sari rāh giriftan, To stop on the road; to block up a road;—sari rishta, A trifling quantity (also sar-rishta);—sar raftan, To be slain; -sari rū, The cephalic vein in the arm;-sari rū kardan, To revile, to reprove;—sari sānū, The knee-pan; observation, contemplation;—sari zabān, Tip of the tongue;—sari zakhmi kase mālūdan, To put one down a peg, to give one a scolding; -ear zadan, To behead; to exert oneself, to make an effort; to rebuke sharply; to enter suddenly without leave; to happen; to appear; to leave off; to fire, shoot; to make a supreme effort; -sari zulf, A wink, nod, amorous glance; reproof; -sar zīri par kashīdan, To hide the head under the wing; -sari sā'at, The spire containing the clock (m.c.);—sari sāl, Beginning of the year; -sari situn, The capital of a pillar; -sari sakht khwurdan, To have one's head cuffed; to meet with a calamity;—sari sufra, Anus;—sari sikka, The obverse die (of a coin); -- sari sozan, A trifle; -sari shākh, The projecting bones upon the forehead; -sari shām (shab), Evening, night, early in the evening, early at night; -sari shah, The two projecting bones of the forehead; -sar shudan, To happen; to die; to be released; to obtain fire; -sari shamshir, The point of a sword; -sari shir, A skin on the surface of milk; cream; -sari-sher, A water-tap in a bath, &c.;—sari shīsha bāz kardan, To uncork a bottle, (met.) to drink, to quaff wine; sari sidq, Faith, rectitude, truth; -suri tauq, A large link in the front part of a chain; -sar 'askar, General of an army, seraskier; -sari fitna, An exciter of sedition; -sari fatila charb shudan, Oleo perungitur penis coeundi causa (kardan being used for the transitive);—sar farā gosh āwardan, To whisper; -sar faro āmadan ba, To accept;—sar faro āwardan, To submit;—sar faro burdan, To be ashamed; to be occupied with, to indulge in; eari fulan jumbad, Such an one's head is wagging, he is alive and kicking; -sari qauli khwud istādan, To keep one's word (m.c.); — sari kār, see بركار below; — sar kardan, To begin a work; to order, to arrange; to manifest; to mend (a pen); to associate with; to let off, discharge fire-arms); to burst (a boil or wound), come to a head;—sari kase gashtan, To

devote oneself to another's service; -- sar kashīdan, To disobey; -sari kamand, A cord fastened to the stable-door of princes, which serves as a sanctuary to thieves or to manslayers;—sar kan par kan, sar kanad par kanad. In great agitation, in hot haste (the verb being used adverbially); -sar koftan, To knock the head; -sari koh, Summit of a mountain;—eari kūy, Top or end of a street;—sari gāv zadan, To obtain a great advantage; to meet with a stroke of good luck; -ear giriftan, To follow one's own head, to please oneself; agree with;sari gushādan, To loosen the hair (mourning women);—sar gosh giriftan, To obey;—sari māha, The handle of an auger; sar ma-khār, Do not delay, make haste (see sar khārīdan above);—sari maţlab, The end in view, purpose; -sari manzil, End of a day's journey; -sari mo (mū), Point of a hair; a little; -sari nau, Beginning again, new commencement or date; -sar nihādan, To sleep; to contend with; to flee or retire to; to prostrate; to die; -sari neza, Point of a spear :- sar wa-zadan, To refuse, to deny; sar wā-kardan, To loosen the hair; -sar u barg, Apparatus; means of subsistence; desire, lust; -sari waraq, The first page of a book; -sar u bun, Head and root, totally:—sar u pā, All, the whole; an honorary dress :--sar u pā parad, The head flies off to a distance;—sar u pācha, Sheep's head and feet dressed ;-sar u pā kam kardan, To be troubled, perplexed;—sar u dum zadan, To rock, or toss about (a ship); --sar u rū kardan, To be angry at, to rebuke;sar u shākh, Head and branch, totally;sari hafta, Beginning of the week, early in the week; az sari khishm, From anger; az sari dast, Inconsiderately, hastily, rashly; —az sar guzāshtan, To leave off, to give over, to desist from ;—az sar giriftan, To do over again, to begin afresh; az sari muhabati fulān bāz gashtam, I have renounced such an one's friendship;—az sari nau, Afresh, anew;—bā sari kāri khwud raftan, To return to one's business; -- bar khat binad az sar (?), He is captive; he obeys; bar khuld sar burdan (kardan), To obtain immortality; to exalt one's head to heaven; — bar sar uftādan, = sar uftādan, q.v. above;—bar sari pā'i kase zadan, To throw oneself at one's feet in supplication; -bar sar būdan, To be great, to excel; bar sar pechidan, To commit pederasty; to practice a certain trick in wrestling; -bar sari jang (chang?) āmadan, To come in closest proximity with, into the grasp of; to be nearly over (night); -bar sari chize būdan, To be occupied with, to strive for a thing ;-bar sari chize kurdan, To consume; —bar sari <u>kh</u>wud (<u>kh</u>wesh), Self-willed ; bar sari dast āmadan, = bar sari jang āmadan above; -bar sar raftan, To happen,

to come to pass; -bar sari sang zadan, To break on a stone (as an egg, &c.); to test; to sharpen; to make public or manifest; bar sari qadam būdan, To make the ablutions; -bar sari kār āmadan, To begin business, to start on an undertaking; -bar sar guzāshtan, To happen, to come to pass;—bar sari kase dawidan (dawanidan), To make one blush so that he departs in anger; -bar sar kashidan, To draw over the head (a veil, &c.); to empty a cup at one draught; -bar sari man, Upon my head, i.e. word or honour;—bar sar nihādan, To put on the head; (for other phrases beginning with bar see under , p. 174;)—ba-sar āwar-dan, To bring to an end; to pass life, to exist; -ba-sar istādan, To vouch for a thing with one's life; -ba-sar bar-nihādan, To put or place on the head :—ba-sar pechīdan, To commit sodomy; to perform a certain wrestling trick; -ba-sar-at (ba-sari tū, ba-sari shumā), (I swear to you) by your head; -ba-sari jang (chang? dast) amadan, To come close up to, into the power of; to be nearly over; -ba-sari khwud (khwesh), Self-willed; according to others, upon one's own authority; - ba-sar dar-āmadan, To trip, to stumble ;—ba-sar raftan, To succeed; -ba-sar zadan, =bar-sar zadan, q.v.above; -ba-sari sang nishandan (nishastan), To render (become) abject, contemptible, vile;—ba-sar shudan, To be finished, brought to an end; -ba-sar kardan, To finish; to fulfil a promise; to pass the time, to live; ba-sar kashidan, To draw over the head; to empty at one draught (see bar sar kashīdan above) ;-pushti sar khārīdan, To blush, to be ashamed;—chi ba-zīri (dar) sar dārad, What does be think or fancy?—dar sar āmadan (shudan), To prevail, to vanquish; to come to an end, to finish; to trip, to stumble; -dar sari chize kardan, To consume;—dar sar dar āmadan, To invade, to make an inroad upon;—dar sari dandān shudan, To be consumed by the teeth;—dar sar kashīdan, To draw (a veil) over the head;—dar sari mingār kashīdan, To put on the tip of the tongue;—dauri sar-at gardam, (May) I turn around your head (to protect it, formula of respect, m.c.);]-sur, Shoes or slippers, made in Khurasan, of goats' hair or cotton; a kind of strong drink made from rice (perhaps arrack or beer); a florid ulceration of the skin; the swordfish; red colour; a spout on the housetop; a sort of dance.

A - sarr, surr (v.n.), Making glad ; -sirr, in P. also sir, A secret; a mystery; pudenda; coition; marriage; fornication; the middle or best part of anything; the middle of a valley; rich land; root; origin; a tomb;—surr, The navel-string which the midwife cuts; the navel.

اسراي sarā, A palace, mausiou (see رسراي);

-sirā, sarā, Singing, modulation;—sirā shudan, To sing, shake, trill; -bulbuli dastan-

 $sir\bar{a}$, The melodious nightingale.

A * sirr-an, Secretly, mysteriously, clandestinely; [sirr-an wa 'alānīyat-an, sirr-an wa jahr-an, Privately and publicly;]—sarā', A tree of which bows are made, a kind of yew; --sarrā', One who travels much in the night; cheerfulness; ease, happy condition, advantage (opp. to a), q.v.).

н у surā, A drink, a beverage; wine.

اب sar-āb, A fountain-head; a cut in the side of a river, whence water is drawn off by smaller channels for purposes of irrigation; purest, best part of anything; nonexistent; pride, haughtiness; name of a

place in Azarbaijān.

arāb, A vapour resembling the سراب sea at a distance, formed by the reflection of the sun's meridian rays upon the surface of sandy plains; mirage; glare; name of the camel of Basus, which gave rise to a prolonged war between Arab tribes (see بسوس p. 187);—ash'am min sarāb, More disastrous than Sarāb.

יין און sarā-bār. A bundle on a horse's load.

יין אוע sarā-bālā, Steep; up-hill;—sarābālā tābīdan, To turn or twist from right

يرا بالاني sarā-bālānī, (A road) up a precipice.

سرا بالى sarā-bālī, Rising ground. سرابستان sarābistān, Land of delusion, i.e. this world ;—sarā-bustān, A garden adjoining to a house.

ear-ā-bun kardan, The bend, - בינוש בענש the head, point, or extremity of anything (?). sirābīdan, To sing, to warble.

ه سرابيل sarābīl (pl. of sirbāl), Shirts, vests, garments.

a مرابيك sarābīlī, Effeminate, infamous; a cutamite.

يراپا sar-ā-pā, Totally, from head to foot, cap-à-pié; an honorary dress;— sarāpā dādan, To commit pederasty.

w sarāpāsh, An iron mace.

sar-ā-pā sharārat, Vice all

sarā-parda, A curtain, especially سرا پرده at the door of a royal palace or pavilion; a wall of canvas surrounding a cluster of tents; a royal court; the women enclosed in the seraglio; —sarā-parda past gardad, The tent-enclosure, &c. falls down; -sarāparda pechidan. To strike the tent-enclosure ;—sara-parda'i jahān, The sky ;—sarāparda zadan, To pitch the tent-enclosure, &c.; -sarā-parda'i kuḥlī, The sky; a black cloud; -- sarā-parda gushādan, To open the royal tent.

سراپا $ar-\bar{a}-p\bar{a}y$, سراپای q.v. sarāt, A mountain near Yaman.

A clr sirāj, A lamp, lantern, luminary,

candle; the sun; [sirāju'd-daulat, The lamp of the State, an honorific title; -sirāju 'lquirub, The fairy's lamp, a plant which shines at night like the glow-worm;sirāju 'l-miskīn, The shining moon;]-sarrāj, A saddler; a vender of saddles.

sarrāj-khūna, A saddler's shop. سراج خانة sirāja. A disease incident to horses, mules, or asses; glanders; name of a place famous for melons, cucumbers, &c.

a سراجي sirājī, Shining, lustrous, brilliant. sarācha, A closet, inner apartment; a cabinet; a casket within a larger case; a hen-coop without a bottom; (= מ-راپردة) a tent-enclosure, &c.; a palace, mansion;sarācha'i ādrang, House of vexation, i.e. the world; -sarācha'i āftāb, A parhelion, mock sun;—sarācha'i khāk (tang), The world;—sarācha'i dil, Ventriele of the heart;—sarācha'i zarb, The mint;—sarācha'i kul, Throne of God; world;—sarā-cha'i māh, The lunar halo.

sar-ākhwur, آخور sar-ākhwur, A horse tied at the head of all the rest in a stable; master of the horse.

a مراد sarād, Unripe dates.

יין כון sarā-dār, Master of the horse; a landlord, vintner, tavern or innkeeper; an attendant at a hospital.

. surādiqāt (pl. of the following) سرادقات ه

Curtains, veils, &c.

surādiq, The curtain before the door of a house or tent; a tent, pavilion.

ארות A איינות sarar, sirar, The last night of the moon; -sirār, The skin of a mushroom; lines in the hand and on the forehead.

saràrūy, The outer cephalic vein. a سراري sarārī (pl. of surrīyat), Concubines.

ארינאָ sar-ā-zīr, Sloping; upside down (m.c.); downwards; head foremost (m.c.).

sar-ā-zīrī, Sloping state of a road;

up and down hill (m.c.); incline.

- sar-ā-sar, From beginning to end; from one end to the other, all, the whole, entirely; walking on a green sward, or by the side of a stream; brocade, embroidery; -sar-ū-sar rafian (zadan, shudan, kardan), To perambulate, to walk about.

هراسري sar-ā-sarī, A medium, average; a summary; an ornament worn on the head.

sarāsīmagī, Amazement.

sarāsīma (from sar and āsīma), Astonished, confounded, stupefied, disturbed in the brain, insane; hesitating.

. sar-āshnā'ī, Close intimacy سر آهنائي sar-āshīb, Steep down; declivity. a way, road; -surat, Sharp (a sword).

surāgh, Sign, mark, footstep; sign manual; inquiry; guidance; a thing searched for, or cried publicly (construed with the verbs bar-dashtan, justan, dadan, talab kardan, kardan, and giriftan).

sar-āghāz, Exordium, prelude;--sar-āghāz zadan (kardan), To begin; to prelude.

مراغوش ,sarāghoch مراغوي ,sarāghoch مراغوه sarāghoch مراغوه ,sarāghoch مراغوه ,sarāghoch مراغوه ,sarāghoch , veil, fillet, or head-dress; a camel's halter.

هر افراز sar-afrāz, Head-exalting; glorious, eminent, distinguished; the commander of an army; a halter, head-stall; the third day of every month.

. sar-afrāzī, Eminence, exultation سر افرازی sar-afsār (sari afsār), Head of the سرافسار reins, i.e. the part held in the hand.

ear-afshan, Scattering heads; سر الشان swinging the head to and fro (from coquetry or pride).

sar-afgan, Scattering heads (a سرافکن

sword, &c.).

ear-afgandagī, A bow of the head.

sar-afgandanī, Veil for the head.

. sar-afganda, Confused, abashed.

q.v. اسرافیل sarāfīl, = سرافیل q.v. مرافیل sarāfīn, Seraphim.

A wirraq (pl. of sariq), Thieves.

a سراقوي sarāqūch (from P. sar-āghoch, q.v. above), A (female) head-gear.

sarākārī, An infamous crime. sarā-koft, A سرا كوفت sarā-koft, A rebuke, railing at.

sarāgūn, Head downwards. سراكون

saragosh, A woman's hood or veil. sar-āl, In continual movement (as a mill); stupefied, bewildered.

sarāmāj, alol, sarāmāch, A yoke;

the plough-tail.

sar-āmās, With a swollen head. sarāmāsī, A swelling of the head. sar-āmad, Froth, seum, or whatever floats on the surface; perfect, complete, accomplished; master of any art, profession, or excellence; chief, a high building; -sar-āmadi milal, Chief of all nations.

اس sarān (pl. of sar), Generals, commanders; -- sarāni charkh, Angels, sera-

sar-anjām, Conclusion, end, accomplishment; an accident, event; issue, termination; apparatus, utensils, furniture, matériel; materials, ingredients, supply, provision; — sar-anjām kharch, Revenuecharges; -sar-anjām dādan, To finish, to make an end, to complete; -sar-anjām kardan, To supply, provide.

بر انداز sar-andāz, سر انداز sar-andāzān (this is also plural), Warlike, intrepid, undaunted, fool-hardy, blood-thirsty; shameless, impure; a robber; active, nimble; one swinging his head to and fro or moving it about from disease, drunkenness, coquetry, pride, or any singular habit; confused, bashful; a fine linen or painted silk veil.

which the ladies wear when they go abroad; a coif, a hood; a main beam into which joists are framed; a rug laid at the door; a note in music, called also موفياء q.v.

ير الدازي sar-andazī, The strut of a drunkard, of a proud man, of a coquettish per-

sarāndāh, Madagascar.

sarāndīb, سرالديل sarāndīl, Ceylon. سرالديب sar-angusht, Tip of the finger;

a kind of grapes.

sar-angushta, A dish of a particular kind of meat, pease, thin paste, and the like; privet, with which they tinge the tips of the fingers and toes.

sara'ū, Name of a river.

اران sarāwān, Village near Rasht.

ه sarāna, A poll-tax, a capitation tax. ارد sara'u, Name of the river on which the city of Auda is situated (see ارده).

arāwand, Yellow colour. مراوند

مر آرازه sar-āwāza, A prelude to singing. هر آوری sar-dwarī, A concourse, an assemblage of people.

q.v. (unsupported سراري arāwī,=رانگشتي

by examples).

ه مراويون sarāweza, A linen veil or head-dress.

هراديل ه sarāwīl (pl. of sirwāl, sirwālat, and sirwīl), Breeches, trousers; drawers;—sarāwīlu 'ṭ-ṭulūl, A kind of ivy;—sarāwīli kuḥli, Black drawers (worn by ladies).

ه المائية الم

هر آهنگه sar-āhang, The vanguard; forlorn hope; a nightly watch, patrol; song; a note in music; a tetrastich; the thickest

string of a musical instrument,

sarāy, A house, palace, grand edifice, king's court, seraglio; an inn; (also sirāy, imp. of sarāyīdan, in comp.) singing, modulating; music, musical performance; name of a place renowned for the beauty of its inhabitants; —sarāyi baqā (jāwīd), The mansion of eternity, the other world;sarāyi tāj, The house where the crown is kept; -sarāyi tazwīr, The house of deceit, i.e. this world ;—sarāyi jazā, The mansion of retribution, the other world; -sarāyi khāk, The world;—sarāyi kharāj, A tollhouse; the royal council-house; -sarāyi dīgar, The other world, future life;—sarāyi sipanj, A lodge erected for people who watch sown fields; the world; -sarayi surur (house of mirth), A tavern; paradise; —sarāyi sumbulkhān, Name of an inn built by Sumbulkhān (proverbial expression for stupidity);—sarāyi shurūr, A tavern; a gaming-house; the world; hell; -sarāyi shash-dar (the six-doored or six-sided mansion), The world; -sarāyi shumurda, The exchequer ; - sarāyi 'āriyat, A hired abode ; this world; -earayi 'atīq, The seraglio in Constantinople;—sarāyi fāni, The fleeting abode, the world ;-sarāyi mahmād, The

praised abode, paradise;—sarāyi nihuft, The concealed mansion, paradise;—sarāyi haft parda (rukhshān). The heavens;—sarāyi humāyūn, Imperial palace.

arāyā (pl. of sarīyat), Brigades. ورايا sarāyān, Singing, warbling; recit-

ing; a singer; name of a place.

تراپائيدن sarāyānīdan, To cause to sing. مراپائيدن sirāyat (v.n. of ربوی), Travelling or walking by night; passing from one thing to another; a contagion, infection; —sirāyat kardan, To penetrate, to communicate, to infect;—rāyati nuṣrat-sirāyat, The victorious banner.

هراچه sarāycha, A tent, small habitation. مراجدار sarāy-dār, A garrison-soldier; a keeper of the palace.

t مرأى دار باهي sarāydār-bāshī, The major

domo of the palace (m.c.).

ه مراكب sarā'ir (pl. of مراكب sarārat), Secrets. مراكب sarāyish, Song, melody; conversation.

sarāyin, Song;—sarāyin kardan, To remove the head or lid of anything (doubt-

ful).

ه سرايده sarāyanda. Singing; a singer, reciter, or chanter;—sarāyanda-murgh, A singing-bird.

هُ مَرَاْمِكُ هُ sarāyīdan, sirāyīdan, To sing, modulate, shake; to coo as a turtle;—sarā-yīdan ba-sar, To speak by signs or nods.

هرب sarib, Old, rotten, squeezed, gone to pieces;—surb, Lead; a cavern;—surbi sokhta. A black powder or unguent for

women's eye-brows.

יי, אין איי sar-bār, A bundle on the top of a load; a load carried on the head;—sar-bār shudan, To be heavy-headed, to have a pain in the head.

سر بازى sar-bārī, A small load placed upon a heavier; a load borne upon the head; (in India) the head-man of the royal

guard, a head watchman.

יר, און sar-bāz, Bare-headed; open at the top (as an arena, a carriage, &c., m.c.); brave, resolute, fool-hardy, intrepid, risking one's own life or head; a soldier;—mubārizi sar-bāz, dilāwari sar-bāz, An intrepid soldier.

هرباز عانه sarbāz-khāna, Barracks.

عر بازی sar-bāzī, Courage, fool-hardiness. بر باش sar-bāsh, حر باهی sar-bāshī, A chief; a battle-axe; a beadle.

sar-bāk, A police-officer.

a مرئال sirbāl, A shirt, shift; trousers, breeches; any garment.

ير بالين sar-bālīn, A pillow for the head. earban, A small bundle laid on the top of a load; a steep precipice (doubtful).

-ر بانگ -- sar-bang, A woodpecker.

sar ba-to, Deep in meditation; a -ر بتو

deviser of irand or stratagem.

sar-ba-jaib, Hanging the head npon the bosom in a contemplative attitude.

sar-bakhsh, A portion, share ; first سر خش or most select part; past, gone by; highminded.

sar ba-dār, Whose head is fit for the gallows, a gallows bird; surname given to the last short-lived king of the dynasty of Hulaku Khan after the death of Abu Sa'id.

ארוע sar ba-dāl, Refractory, arrogant. sar-bar, A small bundle laid on the top of a load; a surplus addition to a burden; magnitude, altitude; all, the whole; back of the head, nape of the neck.

sar ba-rāh, Ā performer, finisher; performance, the execution of a business;

supply; collection of rents.

י אוף און האריי sar-ba-rāh-kār, A business conducted in partnership; the officers of government collectively.

ear-barāhī, Execution, performance.

a سر بر سط sar bar <u>kh</u>at, Obedient, compliant.

איי אל sar-bargh, A dam-head.

ear-burīda, Decapitated, beheaded; a criminal (worth beheading); a lengthy

-sar-busurg, Great, of exalted dig nity.

sar-buzurgī, Greatness, exalted سر بزرگی dignity.

. sar-bast, Difficult, obscure ; free سر بست independent.

sar-basta, Impervious, closed at the end; covered, concealed, veiled; wearing a turban; any word, contract, or promise, by which one is bound.

. sar-bastī, Exemption, freedom سر بستى - sar ba-sar, Equal; equally; totally; سر بسر -sar ba-sar kardan, To make equal;—sar ba-sari kase raftan (guzāshtan), To be equal

surb-so<u>kh</u>ta, Antimony, burnt سوب سوخته lead, wherewith females tinge their eye-

a مر صحرا داده sar ba-ṣaḥrā dāda, Mad, a

בי איבט sar ba-zamin, Head to the ground;

profound reverence.

- sar-baland, High-headed, i.e. eminent, glorious, excellent; a fillet for the head;—sar-baland kardan, 'To aggrandize, exalt.

. sar-balandī, Eminence, exaltation سر بلندي sar ba-muhr, Sealed; veiled, concealed.

sar-band, A wreath or fillet for fastening a lady's head-dress; a turban; -sar-bandi shīsha, A plug or stopper ;---sarbandi kase dashtan (giriftan), To know thoroughly or expose another's affairs.

- sar-bandī, A inclosure, a park. sar binihādan, To be refractory, سر بنهادن

fierce, stubborn.

a بواب sar bauwāb, A chamberlain. יין אין sar-bahā, Price of blood; ransom. a سربی رنگ surbī-rang, Of lead colour, leadblue.

المالية بس sar-bela, A broad arrow-head. .sar-bīnī, Tip of the nose سر بيني ي پاردن هم sar-pā zadan, To kick.

سرپاس sar-pās, A head watchman; an iron mace; a shield; an iron helmet.

war-pâsh, One whose faculties are سر پاش impaired by age; one who has seen the world; a huge mace; a column.

وريرياي sar-pāy, A kind of shoe (see سرياي). ور پایان sar-pāyān, A helmet; a turban; a soft linen cap worn under a helmet; rings hanging from a helmet; breeches.

هر پائی sar-pā'ī, Sexual intercourse, adul-

tery.

ير پائين sar-pā'īn, Down-hill.

. sar-par, A chief.

sarparda, Name of a note in music. . sar-parast, A servant سر پرست

مر پرستی sar-parastī, Service; emendation. sar-para, Lines drawn on the saud, between which dice is played.

יין אָץ sar-paz, Who cooks beasts' head and

feet.

ير يست sar-past, Medica, a sort of trefoil. sarpal, Tripping, stumbling;—sarpul (sari pul "bridge-head"), Name of a place; faithless, not keeping one's word or promise (abbreviated for wa'da sar-pul, q.v. under معده).

ير پنچگي sar-panjagī, Strength of fist,

violence.

سر پنچه sar-panja, Nails, claws, open hand, expanded fingers; powerful, conquering; dauntless (construed with taftan, dar baza kashīdan, shikastan).

.sar-pang, A helmet سر پنگ

sar-posh, A cover, lid, or stopper; a female veil or head-dress of fine linen, muslin, or silk, part of which flows down and covers the face, shoulders, and sometimes the whole body; any concealed business; enigmatical discourse; hidden, veiled, concealed; -sar-posh az rū'i rāz uftad, A secret is divulged, made public; hidden things come to light;—sar-posh az rū'i kār bar-dāshtan, To make public; -sar-poshi bābi 'l-mi'da, Pyloric valve (med.);—sarposhi si gosha, Tricuspid valve (med.);sar-posh guzāshtan, To hide, to conceal.

sar-posha, A و يوهنه sar-posha, A cover, lid; a female veil, head-dress.

. sar-poshida, A virgin سر بوطيدة

ਅਨਾ sar-pahan, A man or object, whose head, top, or upper part is plain or level; name of a herb.

sar-payādagān, The six principal سر پيادگان officers of an oda or company of Janizaries.

sar-pesh, An ornament of gold, silver, or jewels, generally placed in front of the turban; a crown; a light slumber;—sar-pech zadan, To slumber.

sar-pechdār, A religious meudi-

cant of a certain kind in India.

A surrat, The navel, or the place where it is cut; the middle or choicest part of a valley.

سرت surt, Galangale; a stalk of corn, &c. ب تاب sar-tāb, Refractory.

بر تا بسر sar tā ba-sar, From end to end,

entirely, completely.

sar-tābī, Refractoriness, disobe-

يَّا يُنَ sar tā pā (باي pāy), Head to foot. الله عمر تاج عمر تاج sar-tāj, A chief; an ornament of a woman's head.

سر تاعت sar-tākht, At full gallop (m.c.). sar tā dum, From head to tail.

مر تاريانة sar-tāziyāna, In a second, directly.

... sar tā sar, From end to end بر تا سر sar-tāfta, Conquered, defeated, مر تافته

sar-tāq, A tunic worn under the upper garment.

a سر تا قدم sar tā qadam, Head to foot; sar tā qadam latāfat, Grace all over.

sar-takhta, A steel-plate pierced سر خته with holes of different dimensions, for wire-drawing gold or silver.

. sar-tarāsh, A head-shaver, barber سر تراش sar-tarāshī, A shaving of the سر تراهي

sar-tark, What is on the top of a برتوك sword-hilt (an ornamental knob or boss?). Although this is the explanation given in the Bahāri 'ajam, the etymology of the word seems to point to the meaning "what is on the head of the helmet," which tallies referred to by the کلکی with the synonym same Dictionary; see کلکی sar-tegh, Point of a sword; peak

of a mountain; light.

سرت سبر باك sar-at sabz bād, May you live to be grey!

sar-tasar, by poetical licence = سرتسر مار واسر عاسر

sar-tumāj, A hood, coif, veil.

surtű, A great-coat, an overcoat (m.c. from Fr. surtout).

ور توع sar-togh (توی toq), A kind of flag. artīp, Colonel, general (m.c.). sar-tir, Great; wise, learned; excel-

sar-tez, Sharp-pointed (sword, thorn, حركيز &c.); irascible; the eye-lashes of the fair: -sar-tīz kardan dast-rā az āstīn, (To put only the tips of the fingers out of the sleeve) To abstain from violence.

z- saraj, The fringe or skirt of a tent.

A ey sary (v.n.), Saddling (a horse); plaiting the hair; a saddle.

سر ما sar-jā, The chief place at a feast. هر عادات sar-jughrāt, Cream.

a مر جمله sar-jumla, The best and most select part of anything.

sarjang (sari jang), A general, chief, leader of a body of troops; a sergeant.

sar-josh, What is taken out of a سر جوش pot for tasting; best part or cream; effervescence; according to others, necessaries of life, capital.

a سر جونة sar-joqa, A corporal.

سرجين ه sirjīn (from P. سرجين), Dung, ordure.

.sar-chāh, Mouth of a well سرچاه

هرچې sarchab, surchab, مرچې sarchap, Leprosy, white morphew.

sar-chashma, A fountain-head, spring; -sar chashma'i jan (haiwan), Fountain of life; vital or animal principle.

sar chashma-dār, A deceiver, a cheat, defrauder.

سر چكاد sar-chakād, Top of the forehead. سر چكادى sar-chakādi, Anything given or

taken gratis into the bargain. sar-chilim, The plate to which is

stuck the tobacco in a hookah (see سر قليان). sarchang, Labour, fatigue; a kick سرچنگ in the backside; a slap in the face.

a arh (v.n.), Giving leave to roam, setting free; sending to pasture; grazing cattle; large trees; any tree which has no

a سرحان م sírḥān, A wolf; a lion; name of a dog;—zanabu 's-sirhān, The false dawn.

a سرحد sar-hadd, sar-had, A frontier, confine, boundary, limit; a fortress on the frontiers.

a سرحدات sarḥadāt (pl. of the preceding), Frontier-places (m.c.).

a مرعددار sarḥad-dār, Commander or holder of a frontier place.

a موحد نشين sarḥad-nishīn, Living or stationed on the confines; a marcher.

a سر حساب sar-ḥisāb, Acquainted or conversant with, aware of; a precautionary measure.

a من ملقه sar-ḥalqa, A chief, head of the ring.

tr surkh (Z. śukhra), Red; a red tincture or red ink; (In India) a red bird spotted white and black; -surkh shudan, To fire up with rage; to blush with shame;surkh u zard shudan, To blush; -surkh u safed, Gold and silver; -surkh u siyāh shudan, To be vilified, debased.

-رعاب sur<u>kh</u>āb, Red water, i.e. paint used by the ladies; blood; red wine; a cup of wine; name of a river in Kābul, so called from the hue of the water; a bright bay horse; a horse belonging to Rustam; name of a wrestling trick; $(= suhr\bar{a}b)$ name of Rustam's son; name of a mountain near Tabrīz; name of a king descended from Bahrām Gūr; a sort of water-fowl, called likewise kharchāl (anas casarca).

سرماني sur<u>kh</u>ābī, A red duck; a bay

horse.

قرام الله عند sur<u>kh</u>-arj, A ruby.
عن الله sur<u>kh</u>ā-rang, Inclining to red.

sar-<u>kh</u>āra, A golden bodkin which سر خارة women wear in their hair, either by way of ornament or to fasten their veil; a kind of flesh-brush made of bone; a comb.

sar-khāsh, Main beam of a سر خاه

house.

سر ماك sar-khāk, A pillow; sound, voice, echo (this unsupported by examples).

ه سرخان sarkhān, Surname of the Wazīr of king Kaiqubād;—surkhān, Name of a mountain.

مر عانه sar-khāna, Limit, boundary; the degree of perfection of anything; a highpitched voice; -- sar-khāna'i charkh, The horn of a bow;—sar-khāna rasāndan, To bring to perfection;—az sar-khāna uftādan, To lose one's lank or place, to lose caste.

عرخ باده sur<u>kh</u>-bāda, The سرخ باده erysieplas; St. Anthony's fire.

ال هسرن بال هur<u>kh</u>-bal, (Red-wing) A bird re-

sembling a partridge, but smaller.

surkh-but (bud), Name of an idol of a colossal size existing at Bamian in Kābul.

sur<u>kh</u>-bīd, A kind of willow-tree. sur<u>kh</u>-pā (pāy), Wood-sorrel.

to surkh-pusht, Name of a bird.

sur<u>kh</u>-posh, Dressed in red. surkh-tīra, A red or bay-horse.

عرج تيخ عرب surkh-tegh, Of reddish brightness.

surkh-chashm, Red-eyed; cruel; an executioner.

surkhija, سرخچه surkhicha, Measles. w sur-khat, Superscription, direction of a letter; a receipt; -sar-khat nihādan, To oblige; to follow.

tr surkh-dana, Red medicinal دانه

berry.

surkhida, Measles.

על ע surkh-rū, Honourable; honoured; acquitted; pleased, contented; -surkh ruy shudan. To be red in the face or overspread with blushes.

אר איני און sar-khar u bun-khār, An ass (originally izāfat-constructions, sar and bun for initial and final letter respectively).

sur<u>kh</u>-rūda, The gullet.

روی sur<u>kh</u>-rūy, = روی q.v. رائی دی- surkh-ru'i, Honour; acquittal. surkhira, = and q.v.

. sar-kharid, A ransom سر عريد

عرمزردة surkh-zarda, Reddish yellow horse.

سرخوة surkhiza, مرخوة surkhizha, = مرخوة Q.V.

sarkhas, Laurel ;—sarakhs, A medicinal wood, black without and green within, found on the shores of the Caspian; a city in Khurāsān ;—sarakhsi muzakkar, Common male fern.

سرخ سر sur<u>kh</u>-sar, = سرخ سر q.v. برخ سرد sur<u>kh</u>-sabz, سرخ سبرك sur<u>kh</u>-sabzak, A red-headed bird resembling a sparrow.

sirkhist, سرځست sirkhishl, A species of white mauna, dissolving in water like chalk, administered, mixed with flour, in fevers; a small sprinkling rain.

a مرخ زنبور sur<u>kh</u>-zambür, A hornet.

a والبوران sur<u>kh</u>-zambūrān (pl. of the preceding), (met.) The tips of the fingers dyed with henna.

ייע surkh-sar, (Red-head) A red-headed sparrow; a name by which the Persians

are called.

تح سرك خرد surkh-sarak, A red-headed bird.

eurkh shabāni yāhūdār, (in سرخ هبان باهودار

Zand and Pazand) Moses.

. sar-khushki ablaq, Fortune سر خشك ابلق time; the world.

sar-khat, Head-lines to copy from; an agreement to hire service; a bill of sale; superscription, direction of a letter; a receipt;—sar-khat nihadan, To follow.

surkh-'iyār, Proof, assay. surkhak (dim. of surkh), Reddish; measles; the cornel-tree or fruit; a bug.

سرعگان *sur<u>kh</u>gān*, Measles; buboes.

surkh-gun, A saul.

sar-khum, A jar-lid; name of a سرخم

. sarkh-marz سرخ مرز swrkh-mard سرخ مرد Name of a red flower.

יים אין surkh-mo (יים moy), Red-haired (camels).

مرخو sur<u>kh</u>ū, Measles. مرخواب sar<u>kh</u>wāb, The first sleep; a wrestling trick;—ba-sar<u>kh</u>wāb rafta, Just fallen asleep.

sir-khwār, Possessed of hidden سر عوار treasures, skilled in mysteries; a poet;

powerful, rich, wealthy.

سر خواره sar-khwāra, A comb; a golden bodkin which women wear in their hair as an ornament or to fasten their veil.

sar-khwān, Calling out; a reader, سر خوان lecturer; a singer; a precentor; a jester, buffoon; — sur-khwan, A kind of red pigeon.

sar-khwānī, The office of a pre-

centor; singing; speaking; telling one's fortune by reading the writing on the forehead; irony, ridicule, jesting, buffoonery.

q.v. مر خواب = ear-khwāv, = سر خوار sar-khwud, One's own master.

sar-khwush, Merry-headed; tipsy مر خوش (implying the stage of cheerful liveliness, not of stupid inebriation).

sar-khwushī, Exhilaration; in-

toxication, tipsiness.

surkha, Red tincture; a kind of red pigeon; the windpipe; a pimple on the eyelid, a sty; name of the son of Afrasyab; name of a mountain.

sur<u>kh</u>a-dar, The alder-tree, as

producing a red dye.

مرخى sur<u>kh</u>ī, Redness; brick-dust; a red tincture; red ink; blood; -surkhiyi sari daslan, The heading of a tale written in red; -surkhī wā shudan, To be ashamed, bashful;—bar surkhī zadan, To become red, to redden.

مرخيرة surkhīcha, مرخيرة surkhīza, مرخيوة surkhīzha, The measles.

هرخيرگي sur<u>kh</u>īragī, Idle thoughts; perturbation of the mind.

sar-khail (sari-khail), A general, commander of a regiment, a troop, or a body of men; -sar-khaili shayātīn, Iblīs, Satan.

مر مجلي 8ar-khailī, Chieftainship.

o سرځيوس *sar<u>kh</u>iyūs*, Fumitory. sard, Cold; damp; tasteless; disagreeable, unpleasant; without root; bottomless; -sard būdan, To be cold, dead, extinguished; -sard shudan, To turn cold; to die; to become extinguished; to come to an end; to grow tired of; -sard gufton, To make a frigid or dull speech; —ātishi sard, Au extinguished fire; —ātish sard kardan. To extinguish the fire; — $\bar{i}ql\bar{i}mi\ sard$, Cold climate;—āhi sard, A cold sigh;—dil sard kardan, To disspirit (dil-sard-kār, "a damper to the spirits");-guftari sard, An empty, cold, frigid speech; -nafasi sard, A cold sigh.

and (v.n.), Sewing (a leathern bottle); weaving (a coat of mail); making a hole, perforating; pursuing (a narrative) with fluency; persevering (in observing a fast); a coat of mail.

سرد آب sard-āb, A grotto, ice-house, a cold bath, a subterranean dwelling; -sir-

dāb, Rock-parsley.

a سای sirdāb (P. sard-āb), A grotto; an

ice-house.

اسرد الله sard-āba, A place where water is kept cool; a grotto, ice-house; a subterranean dwelling; a cool summer residence; a friend; name of a waterfall in Kazwīn; also of a Spanish island.

sard-ūbī, The keeper of an icehouse; also anything belonging to it.

sar-dar, A general, field-marshal, officer of rank, king's lieutenant, a chief in any department; a prince; a paragon (m.c.); provided with a head (opp. to bisar); -sardāri magasi angubīn, A queenbee; -sir-dar (for sirr-dar), A confidant.

יין טאוע sar-dārū, Name of a medicine.

sar-dāra, Rhyme. سر داره

. sar-dārī, Rank of Sardar, chiefship.

ward-asp, Intelligent, penetrating, sagacious.

sar-dāstān, The coloured heading of a tale;—sardāstān qushādan, To begin a tale or narrative.

sir-dash (for tash or dasht), A

confident.

sir-dagh, A dish prepared with سرداغ milk (unsupported by examples).

sardāwa, A cavern, grot, ice-house; an open apartment for the benefit of air.

a سرد حوف sard-bayān, سرد جيان sard-ḥarf, Destitute of the graces of elocution; plainspoken, offensive; dull, stupid.

sar-dar, The lintel of a door.

war dar pesh, Ashamed, bash-

ful; meditating.

sar-dirakhtī, What is produced سر درعتي on the top of a tree (as its fruit, opp. to what grows at the foot of the tree, as corn,

. sar-dard, Head-ache, trouble سر درد

. sar-dardī, Vexation سر دردی

ית פין הע sar dar sar, From end to end;

exceeding bounds.

a مر در کلب sar dar kaf, In great danger. sar dar kam, Troubled, perplexed, سردر کم bewildered; -rishta'i sar dar kam, A thread of which the beginning cannot be found; -matlabi sar dar kam, A perplexing or intricate question.

sar dar gilim, Head on the car-

pet, the game of hot-cockles.

איינ נע sard-rū, Disagreeable, frigid, in-

sard-rād, Name of a village near سرد رود Hamadan.

sar dar hawā, Head in the air, سر در هوا i.e. haughty, proud, lofty; light-headed; confused.

aar-dast, The wrist; taking with سر دست the finger-ends.

هر دستار sar-dastār, A turban; turbansash; -sar-dastār chīdan, To arrange the turban-sash.

sar-dastārcha, A kind of lace or سر دستارچه fringe.

سر دستة sar-dasta, A. walking-staff.

عر دستى sar-dasti, Forthwith, without delay; anything taken up hastily with the tip of the finger; whatever is at hand; a wandering dervish's staff; -sar-dastī rasīdan, To find another out, so that he cannot deny the matter; -sari daste giriftan (with izāfat), To assist, to abet; -ba-sari daste, Without trouble, easily.

eard-ser, A cold place; a summer سرد سير habitation in high grounds (opp. to garm-

שת כלבת sar-daftar, An officer of government, clerk, accountant; an exordium, preamble, title-page; a summary, synopsis; sar-daftari āfirīnish, Muhammad.

eard-guy (goy), Harsh-spoken, one who uses ill language or utters offen-

sive truths.

sard-gū'ī, A frigid speech; cold comfort (m.c.).

ear-dama, A quick, light pace; sar-dama kardan, To attack, to assault,

sard-mihr, Without love or pity. a مرد نفس sard-nafas, Silent, with bated breath.

مر دوال sar-duwāl, Reins; a head-stall. sar-dawān, Nodding in walking. a سر دور sar-daur, A chief spy.

sar-doz, A kind of head-stall.

sarda, A drinking-cup; the president of a company of topers; a cup-bearer; a sort of melon; any fruit which ripens early; kind, species; -sirda, Late fruits of the choicest kinds, which are sent in presents; fruits left upon the trees after the in-gathering, after-fruits.

سردى sardī, Cold, coldness; (met.) harshness, cruelty; -sardī kardan, To act harshly

or crnelly.

ענאט sardīn (G. σαρδίνη), A kind of fish, a sardine.

مر ديوار sar-dīwār, The end or top of a wall.

a سر ذات sar-zāt, Per man, per head.

a سر خوان sar-zākir, A protector (see سر خوان). A y- sarar, The navel-string, which the midwife cuts; the middle of anything: hollowness;—surar (pl. of surrat), Navels; -surar, sirar, Name of a place near Mecca. where a tree stands under which seventy prophets had their navel-strings cut; surur (pl. of sarīr), Thrones; the upper part, or, according to others, the sides, of the stalk of a plant.

ear-rast (sari rast), With head erect; anything rightly done; a well-cut

reed or pen.

sar-rasan, مر رهتن sar rishta, A rope, thread, cord, extremity of a rope; office, employment; connexion, affinity; desire, intention, purpose; talent, skill (m.c.); sar-rishta'i umed, Thread of hope; -sarrishta yāftan, To obtain a clue to.

sarz, saraz, A plasterer's trowel.

sar-zada, Depraved, ill-bred; suddenly, unawares (m.c.);—sar-zada būdan, To be attributed to; to have arisen from

مرزمين sar-zamīn, The earth; a country, region; limits, confines; upon the spot, on the premises.

هر زن sar-zan, Rebellious, disobedient.

zar-zinda, Great; bold, brave, vivacious, lively (m.c.).

sar-zanish, Reproach, reproof, reprehension, chiding, sarcasm, rebuking, railing at ;-sar-zanishi rozgār, Fortune's frowns.

יין נפנ sar-zor, Rebellious, disobedient. sar-zer, With the head inclined.

sar-zīra, Name of a fragrant herb.

ej - sar-zīgh, Bunch of dates or grapes. saris, Impotent, unable to impregnate (man or animal); shrewd, careful of what one has gotten.

ar-sākh, Fine, smooth silk.

. sar-sād, Cinquefoil سر ساد

sar-sām, Stupefied; frenzy, delirium.

هر سامة sar-sāma, Mad, crazy.

. sar-sāmī, Stupidity; delirious سر ساسي هرسان sar-sān, Fear, dread, astonishment.

هر مايد sar-sāya, Shadow, shade. و sar-sabz, Verdant, fresh; flourishing, thriving; prosperous, fortunate; rich; life; freshness; a king.

مر سبرى sar-sabzī, Verdure; prosperity. . sar-sabuk, Light-headed, vain سر سبك sar-sitūn (sari sutūn), Capital of a pillar.

a sar-sujda, Prostrate.

.sar-sakhtī, Carelessness, inatten سر سختی tion, heedlessness to what is said; harsh

سر داستان = sar-sukhun, = سخس مرسخن q.v. sarsar, Foolish, silly; a veil, covering; saw-dust; folly, madness; a lid;sareari shīr, Cream.

sar-sara, Top of a mountain, sum-

عرسرى sarearī, Folly; feebleness of administration; inattention to, remissness in necessary duties; vain words spoken without reflection; astonishment; mean; a fool; quick of apprehension; swift horse; an easy business; easily; gratuitously, for nothing.

sirsim, Water-mint.

sarisna, sirisna, A district in Persia. sari suwārān, Master of the سر سوأران horse.

א יינייפני sursur, Intelligent, knowing. shrewd, sly; one who gets a quick insight into any matter; an intimate friend.

. sar-sina, A pit in the neck سرسينة

sirash (from sih, Three, and rash, Yard), A lady's veil, three yards in length, flowing from the head to the feet; muslin, fine linen ;-sirish, Glue, starch, paste; (in Zand and Pazand) vile, bad.

sar-shākh, Main beam of a house. sala - sar-shakha, A rose on the branch. همر هار sar-shār, Brim-full; intoxicated. هر هاري sar-shārī, Drunkenness, intoxica-

tion.

sharshab, A royal falcon.

sirisht, Mixed; nature, temperament, constitution, complexion, natural shape, form, or make; understanding, intellect; the four elements; a toe; baking, kneading;—pākīza-sirisht, Of an excellent disposition; māri balā-sirisht, An obnoxious serpent.

sirishtan (S. srij), To mix, knead ; وهتن

to create, form into shape.

sirishta (S. srishta), Mixed;—sarishla (for sar-rishta), A record, account; registry-office.

sarishta-dar, A keeper of the records of a province; the native headofficer of a cutchery or court (in India).

.v. مىر كش *aar-sha<u>kh</u>*, = سر هغ

sar-shustani, A lotion for the سرهستني head (as an infusion of mallow-leaves, &c.).

a هاه سر هعاله sar-sha'la, The first flame.

earshaf (S. sarshapa), Mustard-

sirishk, A tear; a drop; droppings سرهك of the eaves; flowing of a fountain; sparks of fire; a red-flowering tree; the flying upwards of sparks of fire; barberries; the cypress; a white rose inclining to red, which blooms summer and winter; -sirishki ātish, Sap oozing from green wood when placed upon the fire; -sirishki angubin, A syrup composed of honey, water, and vinegar; date-syrup; -- sirishki baran, Raindrops;—sirishk barīdan, To shed tears;—sirishki shor, Tears of sorrow;—sirishki qadah, Drops of wine;—sirishki hawa (tears of the air), Dew.

سرهکوان sirishkān, = سرهکان q.v.

eirishk-baran, Rain; small rain.

sar-shikastagī, Fracture of ekull.

. sur-shikasta, Broken-pated.

sar-shikan, Head-breaking; a free grant of land, the rents of which are made up by an additional assessment on the residue of the lands.

سر هکنی sar-shikani, Resistance; death. eirishkwan, سرهكون sirishkwan, A curtain by which a bride is concealed on ber wedding-night.

. sar-shumari, Census سر هماری

ير هرى sar-shūy, A barber, shaver ; a kind of white clay with which women clean their

مر همر sar-shīr (sari shīr), Crenm, scum of milk.

sarat (v.n.), Swallowing (anything); travelling smoothly along the road. ear-taq (sari taq), A balcony or سرطاق

upper summer apartment open to the front.

araţan, A crab; the sign Cancer; سرطان a cancer; a disease incident to the feet of cattle; a swallower of large mouthfuls.

A biritrat, saratrat, A dish composed of flour, honey, or dates and water.

t سر طوق sar-toq, = قرق q.v. مر طويلة ar-tawīla, A choice horse.

A Ey- sar', sir', A vine-shoot; -sara', sira' Haste, expedition.

ارمزی sur'at (v.n. of وسرعه), Doing (any thing) with despatch; haste, expedition quickness, despatch; -sur'at kardan, To make haste.

a سرعة sur'atan. Quickly. a سرعسكر sar-'askar, A general, comman der of land forces; seraskier.

a مشر عشر sar-'ashar, A mark or margina asterisk placed after every decade of verses in the Qur'an.

sar 'atsa'i ādam, Jesus Christ سر عطسة آدم a سر علم sar-'alam, A tuft or any other ornament on the top of a flag.

sur'ūf, Tender, delicate, light of

flesh; a tall horse.

sarghich, A wooden bowl.

a عبر عبرا عبر عبر عبرا ear-ghazal, The best or choicest poem in a collection; a ghazal or ode.

سر قلیان ar-ghaliyan سر غلیان q.v.

sarghana, Great, large, and incomparable; a chief; above-mentioned, afore said.

sarghāt, Opulence; heneficence (it the dialect of Khwarazm).

sar-ghaughā, Ringleader of E عواما mutiny or tumult; vanguard of an army.

sirghīn, سرغينة sarghīna, A corn

مرف ه sarf (v.n.), (A caterpillar, surfat, surfa) eating the leaves of trees; -saraj (v.n.), Mistaking, blundering; exceeding bounds in one's expenditure, extravagance, prodigality; nobility, dignity, rank; dulness of intellect; greediness; habit, habitude; leaking through the sides of a well (water) ;—sarif, Deficient in understanding, blunder-headed, silly; — suruf, A white substance resembling the web of a silkworm.

سرك surf, A cough; one who coughs; (for surb) lead; -saraf, suruf, A soreness in the throat or the chest from coughing; a tickling sensation of the palate.

sarfāk, Sound, voice, clamour. surfānīdan, To cough; to make

(anyone) cough.

a سر غوغاar-filna, = اسر فتنه q.v.

sar-farāz, Having the head raised; سر فواز eminent, exalted, distinguished; proud, disobedient; height, dignity; name of the third day of the month of the royal era.

. sar-farāzī, Grandeur, exaltation سر فرأزي sar-faro, With a humble head, submissive; humiliation.

sar-farosh, Who cooks and sells سر فروش the heads of cattle; ready to sacrifice one's life,

هر فروهي sar-faroshī, Bravery, fidelity;

sacrifice of life; sale of heads of cattle.

عد سرك عدر surf surf, A cough; coughing.

عد مرد عدر surfoj, The leader of a troop.

عدر عدر sarfoj, A kind of glue (unsup-

ported).

عرفة surfa, Cough; (for A. مرفة ship-

worm; caterpillar.

surfa-zada, Troubled with a congh;—surfa-zada gardīdan, To be attacked by a cough.

wrfīdan, To cough. سرفيدن

saraq (pl. of saraqat), Strips of white silk; -saraq, sariq (v.n.), Stealing, pilfering; -sariq, Theft, larceny; plagiar-

a مر قائلة sar-qāfila, The leader of a

troop or caravan.

A مرقة, saraqat, A strip of white silk; saragat, sarigat, sariga, Theft, larceny; plagiarism; -sariya (sarqa) kardan, To steal, to pilfer.

a سر قصيدة sar-qaṣīda, The best or a choice

qaṣida; a qaṣida (comp. سرغيل).

a سر قطار sar-qiţār, The first in a herd of

camels or mules.

a سر قفلی sar-qufti, Fees for unlocking, exacted from a tenant on his taking possession of a house.

سر قليان sar-qaliyān, The round plate to which is stuck the tobacco in a hookah, generally a thin piece of unglazed tile, and upon the contrary side of which the fire is put.

sarqawāra, A finger-nail.

שינים surqui, A plume of feathers, decorated with gold and jewels, with which Persian ladies and great men adorn their

a سرقيس sirqīn, sarqīn (for P. sarqīn),

Dung, manure.

sirk, Red and white paint for the face; -surk, Measles;—sarak, A little head; (in the dialect of Kazwin) a boy.

sirkā, Vinegar. سركا

مركاتبى sir-kātibī, A secretary. هركاتبى sar-kūr, A chief, superintendant, supervisor, overseer, agent; a title by way of respect given to a person present or absent; a weaver's shop; a workshop; a king's court; government; estate; property; knowledge, practice; (in India) a district comprising several pergunnahs.

سر كارى sar-kārī, Superintendence; belonging to the estate or to government.

بكب sarkab, Name of a famous musician , name of a Greek general who brought the Qaisar's daughter to Khusrau Parwez.

sar-kaj, Curved at the head (stick). a سركحلى sar-kuhli, A black thing; dark cloud.

ארעטאט sarkardagān (pl. of sar-karda) Officers; -sarkardagāni lashkar, The staff (m.c.).

سر کردگر sar-kardagī, Chief command; authority (m.c.).

sar-karda, Begun; a beginning; an officer, commander (m.c.); in command of (m.c.).

سركس sarkas, Name of a melodious bird. sar-kash, Refractory; proud, arrogant, contumacious; powerful, disobedient, stubborn, rebellious, mutinous, obstinate; a wild, unbroke horse; an old acquaintance; name of a celebrated musician; a champion; an upright or a straight man; a horse that carries his head erect; a reed prepared for writing; -asbi sar-kash, A hard-mouthed, restive horse.

سر کشی sar-kashī, Obstinacy, mutiny;-sar-kashi kardan, To disobey, to resist, to rebel; to consent.

ear-kalāfa, The arraugement or سركالله disposition of a matter.

sarkan, The herb orage;—sar-kun, The leader of a troop; the first or principal in an assembly.

eirkangubin, Oxymel, houey and

vinegar, prescribed for the bile.

عر كوب sar-kob, Head-striking; a box on the ear; overlooking, overtopping; a machine erected to overtop a wall; a battery; a battering machine; any eminence which commands a fortress or houses; a citadel; a superintendent; excelling in every art; valiant in battle; a sturdy fellow; a moles-هر کونه sar-koba, Heavy mace; smart reproof.

ear-kūchak, Vile, low, worthless. sar-kofta, Broken-headed ;—sarkofta dashtan, To knock down, to keep

sirka, Vinegar; (met.) a glow-worm; a nit;—sika'i abrū, A frown;—sirka'i dah sāla, Vinegar ten years old; an ancient grudge; -sirka farokhtan, (To sell vinegar) To put on a sour look;—sirka'i hindi, (Indian vinegar) Rice-water left till it becomes sour.

مركة اهرو sirka-abrū, A crabbed fellow. sirka-bā, Hashed meat, bruised grain, and vinegar.

سرکه در روی ,sirka-bar-abruwan سرکه در روی sirka bar rūy mālida, and --

 $sirka ext{-}peshar{a}nar{\imath},$ A crabbed fellow; cross-grained.

eirka سركة فشان sirka-farosh سركة فروش fishān, Morose, malevolent, sarcastical.

sirka-flshānī, Reproach, sarcaem.

هرکيمه sarkīja, Vertigo;— sarkīja darāmadan, To be seized with a giddiness (from hunger or any other cause).

sar-guzar, A station, a resting-

place.

. sar-guzasht, An event, accident, transaction; a recollection or relation of any past circumstance; a story; experienced.

sar-guzashta, Out of one's mind سر گذهته or senses, tired of life.

وكر sargar, surgar, A cobbler; a maker or vendor of beer; -surgar, A kind of hedgehog; a maker and seller of the intoxicating drink - sur, q.v.

sar-girān, Having the head سر گران confused with drink, intoxicated, crop-sick; proud, arrogant; angry; dissatisfied; pierced; headache, crop-sickness; a heavy

club.

سر كرانى ear-girānī, Dissatisfaction. مر كرانى ear-girāy, Giddy; what makes giddy, produces giddiness; leaning towards the head.

ير كردا sar-gardā, Vertigo, giddiness.

שת كردان sar-gardan, Confounded, stupefied, amazed, astonished, distressed; giddiness; wandering, straying; humbled, depressed; a vagabond.

sar-gardānī, Amazement; dis-

tress.

هر كودة sar-garda, Astonished, stupefied. مركونة sar-girifta, Suffering from head-

ache; head-ache; reproached; a reviler; pale; angry, infuriated.

sar-garm, Inflamed with love; in-

tent upon, attentive; a wandering Muhammadan monk.

پر کومی aar-garmi, Application, attention ; love, the being in love. sar-girih, A knot on a rosary-head.

sar-guroh, A chief, leader, head of a tribe; a chief of fagirs; a provincial.

سر کریت sar-gazit (کرید gazid), Tribute; poll-tax, head-money levied on Jews and Christians.

sar-gazīn (probably misreading of the preceding), Tribute; -sar-guzin, One who picks out the best of the flock; the choicest animal thus selected.

sar-gastagī, Astonishment, be-

wilderment.

. sar-gashta, Astonished. stupefied, سركشته bewildered; dizzy, vertiginous; wandering; busy; under authority; -- sar-gashtagānī bādiya, Wanderers in the desert.

عركل sargal, A ball for playing with. مركل sar-gulū, A disease in the brain (as

affecting the head and throat).

sar-gala, The leader of a flock or herd; -sar-gala nihādan, To choose; to honour.

- sar-gum shudan, To be bewil سركم هدن dered; to lose one's way, or rather, one's head.

sargūtā, sirgūtā, (in Zand and Pā-

zand) A secret; a gibbet.

sar-goshī, Talking into one's ear, سرگوهی a whisper;—sargoshī kardan, To whisper.

tigo.

. sar-gīja, Ver سر کیچن sar-gījash, سر کیچن

sar-gīrī, Beginning of business; putting out a lamp; (met.) sodomy;sargīrī khwurdan (zadan), To commit so-

sargīs, The rainbow.

sargin, Dung, especially dried and kept for firing; -sargīn andākhtan (afgandan), To void excrement ;—sargīn dar zamīn zadan, To dung land.

sargīn-pāshīda, Manured سركين پاهيدة

(field).

sargin-jay, A dunghill. سرگين جاي مركين دان sargindan, A dunghill.

sargīnzār, A mixen, dunghill. هرگين غلطان sargīn-ghalṭān, A tumble-

sargīn-kash, One who draws سرگین کش

سرگین کردانك sargin-gardan, سرگین گردان sargin-gardanak (dim. of the preceding), A beetle.

sarginnāk, Defiled with ordure; سرکین ناك dunged, manured.

a ہولاہ surlāb, An astrolabe.

sarlād, The top of a wall; a wall.

sar-lashkar, The leader of an army, &c. (= سرعسکر q.v.).

sar-lauh, An illuminated title-page. אכם sarm, Artichoke; cold; wild mustard; -siram, A leather strap that has been scraped on the top to make it soft.

arm (v.n.), Driving away a dog ;surm, The intestine which communicates with the anus, the straight gut, the rectum;

saram, A pain in the fundament.

sarmā, Winter, cold; cold (weather). ארט אינג sarmā-burd, The blasting (of trees);—sarmā barad (sozad), The cold blasts or blithes; -sarmā'i talkh, Bitter cold;—sarmā khwurdan, To take cold; sarmā'i gul, Frost in spring-time.

sarmā-khwurdagī, Chilliness, سرما عوردكي nip.

sarmā-<u>kh</u>wurda, Nipped by سرما عوردة cold.

هرما ريزكى sarmā-rezagī, Hoar frost.

sarmā-reza, Rain with frost; hoar ويوما frost.

. sarmā-zadagī, Chill, nip, blast سرما زىكى عرما زدة sarmā-zada, Štricken with cold.

sarmāsard, A summer habitation سرماسود (among mountains).

sarmā-fizāy, Name of the ninth سرما فراى month of the year of the royal era.

sar-māmak, Game of hide and seek.

sarmāna, Game at leap-frog.

sar-māhī, Heads of fish; the name مر ماهي given by the Persians to those whom the Greeks called Ichthyophagi, or people who live on fish; monthly pay.

يرماي sarmāy, = سرماي q.v. مرماي sar-māya, The capital of a merchant, stock-in-trade, principal sum; head;

fortune; possibility, means; — sar-māya khwurdan, To consume one's capital.

sarmāya-dār, A moneyed man, a سرماية دار

capitalist.

يرماعي sarmā'ī, Wintry; winter-clothing. مرمع sarmaj, Orage; a kind of ivy.

.v. سرمنه چوب vrmachob سرمنه چوب q.v.

sar ma-khār, Don't scratch your سرمخار

head, i.e. be quick. a sarmad, Everlasting; eternity; a

long night; a place in the neighbourhood of Aleppo.

A سرمده sarmadan, Eternally, for ever. q.v. مرمه دان surmadan, = سرمدان

siram-dast, Who wraps his hand in cotton, to be able to perform much hard

a سرمدی sarmadī, Eternal, perpetual; divine; eternity.

. sarmadīyat, Eternity سومدية

sar-mara, A numbering by the head; -sar-mara kardan, To count by the head; to make a census.

sarmast, Very drunk, crop-sick; a camel which staggers when travelling as if drunk.

هر مستى sar-mastī, Intoxication, ebriety. sarmish, Apricots stuffed with almonds.

sarmashq, A copy (for writing); -sarmashqhāyi tiflāni maktab, Copies for boys at a writing-school.

a مر معجزة sar-mu'jiza, A miracle.

א הייט א sarmaq, surmaq, Orage, u herb; the herb all-heal.

sarmak, Orage. سرمك

surra man ra'á, Name of a سر من رائل ۸ city or imperial residence near Baghdad.

sar-manzil, An inn, a restingplace, a station.

سرمه sar-mo (mā), A hair's point; a trifle; -tarazu sarmuy zanad, The scale sinks a trifle.

armūtak, Commotion, noise, cry. سرموتك sar-morī, Very small, minute;—ifshānī sar-morī, Very small things scat-

sar-mūza, Hose worn over boots. gaiters.

sarma, Orage; galangale;—surma, A collyrium, with which the eye-brows and lashes are tinged, antimony, lead-ore; name of a village in Persia; a beverage customary in Turkistān; —surma'i isfahāni, Antimony; -surma ambashtan, To anoint with surma ;—surma'i chashm-hā nihān gashtan, surma'i khifa, A collyrium which renders invisible; $-surma'i \underline{k}h\bar{a}k-b\bar{i}n$, A collyrium of Khusrau Parwez, which enabled anyone whose eyes were anointed therewith to see to the distance of three feet under the ground;—surma dādan (kardan, kashīdan), To anoint with collyrium;—surma'i dumbāla-dār, A line of collyrium reaching to

the ear; -surma rekhtan (kardan) dar, To scatter collyrium over a thing; -surma'i sulaimān (sulaimāni), A collyrium which makes one see the hidden treasures of the earth; -surma shudan, To become very thin ;-surma'i gītī, A dark night ;-jawāhirsurma, A collyrium mixed with pearl-dust, &c.;—mīli surma, A style with which is applied collyrium.

surma- سرصة آلودة surma-ālūd, مرصة آلود

ālūda, Anointed with surma.

surma-parast, مرصه پرور surma-parast parwar, Anointed with collyrium.

surma-chashm, Whose eyes are سرمة چشم anointed with collyrium.

eurma-chob, A surma-style. سرمه چوب

surmadan, A box in which surma is kept ;—surmadāni 'ājī, An ivory surmabox; a concealed figure.

surma-sa, Anointed with collyrium.

. surma-tāsh, Antimony سرمة طاش

surma-kash, One who applies سرمه کش the collyrium to the eye; the instrument by which it is applied; whatever enlightens the eye; a dark night.

surma-kashīda, Anointed with سرمة كشيدة

surma.

رز), Mensles.

surma-nak, Anointed with collyrium.

sarmīnīya, A town near Aleppo سرمينية rich in olive and other trees, but without water except from rain which the inhabitants collect and drink.

surma'i, Of surma-colour, greyish. سرمتى

יינט saran, The white lily.

enrnā, A hautbois ; a clarion.

surnā-pā, A cameleopard. سرنا يا nurmichi, A hautbois-player.

ون الله surna-zan, A player on the hautbois.

sarnās, sirnās, An old sedate man; سرناس manly, arrived at the age of a man; impotent; -sirnās, One who has experienced the vicissitudes of fortune.

sar-nāma, Titles at the beginning سر نامنه of a letter, given to the person to whom it is addressed; address, superscription, direction of a letter, as dar fulān maḥal bafulane bi-rasanand, May they cause (it) to reach so-and-so at such a place! preface of a book.

surnāy, A trumpet, clarion, bugle.

q.v. سر نوهت = sar-nubisht, = برنبشت sirinj, A cymbal; red lead, vermilion.

q.v. سرانجام = saranjām, سرنجام

sirind, Entangling the legs, as wrestlers, to trip each other; a swing, a noose for catching prey by the foot, a lasso; a green film which floats on the surface of stagnant water; convolvulus, ivy; a kind of sparrow :—sirand, sirind, Ivy.

مرلاة saranda, An island in the sea of Omān.

-رنديب sarandib, Ceylon.

ونديدي sarandīdan, To sit cross-legged; to water.

sar-nishīn. Travelling on a mule;
—sar-nishīni qāfila, One who exhibits goods
to the people of a caravan, sitting on a
mule or other saddle-beast.

a مرنعل sar-na'l, The mounting of a scabbard (opp. to bun-na'l, The ferule of a

scabbard).

sarang, (in comp.) Mixing; a mixture of words, dispute; a kind of mixed silken stuff;—saring, Orage;—sirang (for sih-rang), A garment of three colours; the griffin.

sar-nigūn, Head-downwards; depressed; vile, mean, abject; backward; inverted; prone (as a quadruped); abashed; head over heels, a summersault;—sarnigūn raftan, To retire confounded;—tāsi sar-nigūn, A cup turned down, the sky, heaven.

عرنگيدي sarangidan, To wager; to mix in conversation; to laugh; to expand;—sirangidan, To dispute;—siringidan, To put on clothes.

sirangil, A certain kind of writing. a مونكيل sar-nauha. A head watchman.

هم غوبه sar-nauba, A head watchman. مرزوهت sar-nawisht, Written on the forehead, i.e. destiny, predestination, fate, fortune; title or inscription of a book; the title or frontispiece of a book.

sar nihādan, To bow the head, to kiss the ground in adoration or respect.

ور المين من sar-nihīn, A furnace, oven; a pot.

sarnai, The mouth-piece of a pipe;—surnai, A clarion.

sarv, The cypress-tree; a fir-tree (m.c.); name of a king of Yaman; [sarwi āzād, The free cypress (so called from its freedom from curvature, and its independence of all support, or from its being always green ;—sarwi āhū, A stag's attire ; -sarwi baland, The tall cypress; -sarwi payāda, A low cypress; - sarwi turkistānī. Name of an odoriferous plant; -sarwi jangalī, A yew-tree (m.c.); -sarwi chamān, A graceful girl; -sarwi khirām (khirāmūn, khwush-khiram, sanaubar-khiram, khwushraftar, rawan), A mistress with a graceful gait; - sarwi suwāra, A high cypress; sarwi sahī, A cypress straight and bipartite; name of a note in music;—sarwi siyah (siyah), A juniper; — sarwi simin-bar, A sweetheart with a silvery bosom; sarwi kāshghar, The figure of a mistress;
—sarwi kalān, The great cypress, (met.) the Shāh-nāma; -sarwi kohī, Juniper or wild cypress;—sarwi nāz, Fresh; a cypressshoot; a cypress whose branches extend in all directions; a beautiful woman, a sweetheart; name of a note in music;]—sirw, Name of a town near Damietta; also of a village near Balkh;—sarū (for sarūn), A horn;—surū, A horn; a lie; a goblet of wine.

report; bare-headed; an apartment open to the front;—surwā, A word (doubtful).

sarwād, Poesy, ode, song; vain, idle talk.

عر واده sar-wāda, The last consonant in a verse to which all the other distichs rhyme. هر وار sar-wār, A small load upon a

heavier one.

برواز عرسة sarwāz, = برواز q.v. A جروال sirwāl, المراك sirwālat, sirwāla, Breeches, trousers.

surwāla, A burr, a kind of prickly adhesive plant.

مروای sarwān, Chiefs; a camel-leader; name of a village in Sīstān.

ه مرد الالم sarve-andām, With a body graceful as a cypress.

יינ אט sarv-bun, A cypress-tree. ar-u-band, Time, age.

هروب sarob, (in Zand and Pāzand) A word.

سروپا ع*ar-u-pā*, سروپا sar-u-pācha, see

A sarwat, One cypress.

q.v. سرود ع surot, سروت

sarotak, saravtak, Tumult, scuffle.

A 22 sarāj, Name of a town near Harrān (celebrated as the birth-place of Abū Said, the hero of Harīrī's Maqāmāt).

a سروجي sarūjī, A native of Sarūj. sar-u-tan, A festival celebrated on the twentieth of the month Safar.

soroch, A desert in Karmania.

هر مشت sar-u-khisht, (Head and brick) Good advice unheeded,

sarwad, Poesy, ode, song;—surod, A song; a word; singing and dancing;—surod dādan, To sound (a musical instrument);—surod zadan (sarā'īdan, kardan. guftan), To sing;—surod u majlis, Song and festive entertainment.

سرود گوی ,surod-sarā (وای sarāy) مرود گوی ,surod-goy (gāy), A singer.

هرودي surodan, To sing. مرودي surodī, A singer.

sarwar, A sovereign, prince, lord, chief, head, leader, general; warlike; work, business; name of a Muhammadan saint;—sarwari ambiyā' (kā'ināt), Chief of the prophets (of the world) Muhammad;—sarwari majlis, Master of a feast.

A 1997- surār (v.n. of 5-), Making glad; rejoicing; joy, gladness; exhilaration; tips of branches of odoriferous plants;—surārī

tāmm u zauqi bī-anjām, Perfect pleasure and endless delight.

שרפנ זול surūr-ābād, Abode of joy; plea-

שתפנייברים sarwarasīdan, To be used to.

sarwarī, Empire, sovereignty, chiefship; a principality; pre-excellence; sururi, Name of a poet.

שתכנ sarwaz, A coif.

פונ נוֹץ sarūz-rām, The first light breaking upon one addicted to a contemplative life.

عروان surū-san, A butting animal. هروان sar-u-sāmān, Apparatus; requisites; chattels.

sarwistān, A place abounding سروستان with cypresses; name of a note in music; name of a place in Persia.

sarv-sitāh, Name of a note in

music.

sar-u-sar-karda, A leader, a سر و سر كردة commander.

sarosh, surosh, An angel; Gabriel; the seventeenth day of every solar month; saroshi a'zam, Gabriel ;-saroshi suturg, The first angel, i.e. supreme intellect.

,sarosh-sālār مروش سالار, sarosh-sālār سروش بد

The supreme intellect.

sarosh-hā (pl. of sarosh), Angels. sarosha, An angel; Gabriel. هي saroshī, Relating to the angels. هي پايه saroshi-paya, Of angelical degree.

, saroshī-kard ār, Upright, pious سروهي كردار name of a book written by Kai Khusrau.

a سروقت sar-wagt, A retired bed-chamber, closet, cabinet; a convenient, leisure time.

a سرو قامت sarv-qad, سرو قامت sarv-qāmat, In stature like the cypress, straight, erect.

ear-u-kār, Affair, concern, business; intercourse.

sarwal, Name of a city in India;--sarūl, Envy, malice.

שנט sarūn, A horn; [sarūn zadan, To butt, to gore;]—surūn, Buttocks.

.v. سرين کاه = sarūn-gāh, = سرون کاه sarūy, A horn ;—surūy, Buttocks.

sarvesa, The rainbow; stone beads.

sara, Current (coin); good money سرة (opposed to nabahra); going well (horse); a narrow path between mountains; a channel in a declivity made by a torrent; water beyond a man's depth; a rent in a banner; root; issue, progeny, offspring; a kind of Turkoman shoe or sandal; a web of cloth; a strip of white silk; good, agreeable, pure, faultless; -surá, A small

هرها sar- $h\bar{a}$ (pl. of sar), Heads.

sar-hāl, Bewildered, astonished, confounded; the firmament; continually revolving. (See رسر آل).

ه ومتار saru-raftar, Going well (a horse). sara-mard, Benevolent; clever.

sar-hang, A general, a com-mander, captain, chief, champion, combatant; a boatswain; a sergeant, lictor, lifeguard-man; an overseer; a commissary; a foot-soldier; disobedient, rebellious.

sarhang-shumār, Of the rank سرهنگ همار

of a sarhang, a superior officer.

sarhangi, The office of a earhang. a سرة وقت sara-wagt, Leisure; a closet, cabinet.

رى همتر, Chiefship, rank of general; a large river; a funnel; a kind of armour for a horse's head; (for saray) a palace, house.

A σεν εαν (v.n.), Running a distance under ground (the root of a tree);—ευνά, Travelling by night, a night-journey;sariy, sari, The choicest, best; a generous man; a rivulet running to a palm-plantation ;—sarī-saqatī, A celebrated saint.

שת צונ sar-yaz, Bearing down upon the

head of an enemy (mace).

A رسري sarayān (v.n. of سريان), Penetrating every part of a thing; spreading over, infecting; -suryān (pl. of sarī), Rivulets.

a مرياني suryānī, Syriac. A مري saryat, suryat (v.n. of سريائي, Travelling by night; -sariyat, A brigade, army. troops, any body of men from 5 to 300 or 400; -surriyat, A concubine, a mistress clandestinely kept (irregular mansūb from sirr in the sense of secret or of coition).

suraij, A beautiful nose; name of

a renowned smith or armourer.

suraijī, (Armour) made by a سرجي Suraij.

sarīcha, A wagtail.

sariyi-<u>kh</u>anūr, A funnel.

.sarī<u>kh</u>a, A pelican سرخه

عرب sarīd, A green film which floats on the surface of stagnant pools; a swing.

q.v. (unsup- سرائيدن sarīdan, = سريدن ported by examples).

ביני sarīr, sirīr, The rainbow; name of a

place.

אינאַ א sarīr, A throne; an ornamental sofa or couch; a bier (without the body); part of the head next to the neck; a favour, benefit; affinence and ease of life; | earini falak, The constellation of the Great Bear; –sarīri murda, A bier;—sarīri ma'dilatmaşīr, The throne of justice; -surair, Name of an anchorage in Hijaz frequented by the ships from Abyssinia to Madinah.

sarir-afrāz, Name of a city; the cave in which Kai Khusrau disappeared.

arirat, A secret, mystery. هريزه ه

sariri, Of or belonging to Sarirafraz; the king of Sarīr-afraz.

مريس saris, Unable to beget. هرى سواري sarī-suwārī, On the way or

sirīsh, A certain herb which, whilst سريش green, is boiled and eaten, but when dry is reduced to powder, wherefrom a paste is made for shoemakers and book-binders; glue; complaint, lamentation; bad, wicked, vile.

sirīsh-khishm, One who sticks مریش خشم

close to his enemy.

rīshim, Ġlue; bird-lime;—sirīshimi pamba, Collodion;—sirīshīmi najjārī, Glue;—sirīshimi sag-māhī (māhī), Isinglass.

a blad my sirīshim-ikhlāt, Of a tough or sticky nature.

sarīsha-kun, A baker. مريشة كن

sarīsha-gar, A maker of leaven or dough.

שראייבט sarīshīdan, To knead, to mix.

A 25- sari', Quick, nimble, ready, swift, who makes haste;—sari'u 'l-hieāb, Swift of reckoning (God);—sari'u 'z-zawāl, Soon fading away, fleeting, frail.

ه مربع sarī'-an, Swiftly, with expedition. ومربع sarīgh, A bunch of grapes;—surīgh, Vestige, trace (see خابه, unsupported).

sariqun, Burnt lead. سريقون sarigo, Cerigo (m.c.).

by surīn, The buttocks;—surīn afkandan, To sit four-square;—sarīn-gāh, The buttocks; a seat, throne; (for sarūn-gāh) place where the horns grow; temples, chin.

ly- sazā, Worthy, deserving of; congruous, agreeing with, suitable, convenient, proper; retribution; correction, condign punishment;—ba-sazā rasāndan, To inflict a deserved punishment;—ba-sazāsh rasīd, He has got his punishment. (The word is moreover construed with dādan, dar kanār kardan, and kardan.)

اب sazāb, Nasturtium aquaticum (see

sazāwār, Worthy, deserving ;—sazā-

wari ni'mat, Worthy of favour. مزارلي sazāwārī, Fitness, worthiness, suitableness, applicability; excellence.

sazāwar, Worthy, deserving.

هوارل sazāwal, A monthly revenue-collector; a land steward.

ש און אין פּמzāwalī, Relating to a sazāwal. שינועט sazā'īdan, ביניט q.v. (unsup-

becomes, is proper.

سرکا sizgā, You, or to you (= ممارا). همارا sozgī, Grief, trouble, affliction, vexa-

tion.

ريتونتن sazītūnitan, (in Zand and Pāzand) To go.

sazīd, Worthy, deserving; recompense, retribution; desert, merit.

مريدي sazīdan, To be worthy, suit, become.

و مساليوس عدة asālī, مساليوس easāliyūe, Assafostida.

sust, Soft, tender; weak, feeble, impotent, relaxed, slow, dilatory, languid, lazy, idle, dronish, indolent, vain, addle;

negligent; paralytic; profune;—sust āmadan, To relax, to grow weak or languid;—sust kardan, To relax; to dissolve; to neglect;—bārāni sust, A gentle rain.

a wied a sust-iz'ān, Weak in judgment.

a والمست sust-iz'ān, Weak in judgment. و sust-andām, Contracted in any member of the body; impotent, unable to

generate.

الزو عنده sust-bāzū, Weak in the arm. عند عند sust-bakht, Unfortunate, unlucky.

sust-pai, Walking slowly.

ويمان sust-paimān, Unsteady to one's engagement.

sust-paimānī, Faithlessness, perfidy.

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a sust-ray, Weak-minded; imprudent.

sust-rag, Languid, remiss, indolent.

ويش عست ريش sust-rīsh, A fool, simpleton; foolish, stupid.

a مست عنان sust-inān, Loose-reined, lazy. عنان sust-gosh, Submissive.

שייבים פענת sust-mardum, A weakling; a poor creature.

a مباره sust-mahār, Inept; a fool, idiot; obedient, tractable; obedience.

susti-mihr, Who has but little love.
susti, Debility, impotence; idleness, laziness, languor, sluggishness, remissness, slowness, slothfulness, negligence, dilatoriness, relaxation; deliberation;—susti kardan, To be sluggish, remiss, &c.;—susti'i kamar, Sexual impotence.

sx sastī'ūn, Wild anise.

sy sas'and, A kind of fragrant wood.

sishambih, sishamba, Tuesday. مدد sisad, Three hundred.

a مسالح suttāh, Herbage or plants spreading; name of a plant.

و سطاغينس satākhīnus, A sort of wild leek. و سطاغينس satāriyūn, The herb ragwort.

a sitā', A long mark made in a camel's neck by burning; a column; the longest pole in a tent; a tall, stout camel.

aiuām, Edge of a sword; stopper of a phial.

a sitabr (for P. sitabr), Thick, gross, dense.

a عطبر کردن sitabr-gardan, Thick-necked.

a مطبوی sitahri, Thickness, coarseness. و مطبوی satbūs, Pomegranate-flowers.

A saih (v.n.), Spreading out the earth (God); making one lie on his back, throwing one to the ground; a flat roof, platform, terrace; the upper part, the surface of anything; a plane;—saihi tamāshā-khāna, The pit in a theatre (m.c.);—saihi zamīn. The surface of the ground; the floor;—saihi muḥaddab, A convex plane;—

sathi muqa'arr, A concave plane; --sathi mustadir, A rounded plane ;—sathi mustawi, A level plane.

a معلم sathī, Superficial, flat. A معلم satr (v.n.), Delineating; writing; cutting with a sword; a row, line, series,

ه عراك ع satrāk, Zedoary.

a مطر بندى satar-bandi, Ruling, writinglines.

مطروليون satarbiyun, = مطروليون q.v. sitarkāh, Gum of the olive-tree.

auturlāb, An astrolabe. سطولاب A

ه مطرونيون satrūniyūn, Pearl-ashes; Saturnion i

sat' (v.n.), Being raised (dust); diffusing itself (as a perfume, or the dawn); radiance, light; clapping (the hands);sata', The noise produced by the clapping of hands; length of neck.

a white suturesat, The elements.

atl. A brass kettle: a vessel with one handle used in baths, to pour water upon the bathers; a tall man; --satli sharāḥī, The kettle in which the dish sharāḥī is prepared (see هرامي).
a عظله satlak (P. dim. of the preceding),

A small kettle.

satw (v.n.), Making an attack, assaulting, overpowering; extracting the sperm from the matrix of a camel; extracting a dead child from the womb (which the husband is allowed to do in case the midwife be absent); going with long steps (a horse); being pleutiful (water).

satwat, Dominion, majesty, power, authority, awfulness; an assault, attack.

sutūḥ (pl. of sath), Flat roofs, terraces; surfaces.

autūr (pl. of satr), Lines, rows. ماور ه sutūr (v.n. of مطع), Being diffused (the dawn or lightning), being scattered (odours), being raised (dust).

ه سطيح ه satīh, Expanded; lying upon the back; unable to rise quickly from weakness or illness); killed; name of a soothsayer said to have had no bones in his body except those of the head; also-

satīḥat, satīha, A leathern bag in مطيحة ه

which travellers carry provisions.

A blue $su'\bar{a}t$ (pl. of $s\bar{a}'\bar{i}$), Collectors of

legal arms, tithes, or other revenues.

A قامه sa'ādat (v.n. of معد), Being happy, blessed; felicity, happiness, good fortune; prosperity;—sa'ādati aṣlī, Innate felicity; —saʻādati jawīd, Eternal bliss;—saʻādati dunyā wa ākhirat, Happiness of this world and the next.

a سعادت اتصاف saʻādat-ittiṣāf, Possessed

of happiness, glorious, august.

a مناه ها sa'ādat-khāna, Abode of bliss, mansion of felicity, the royal palace.

a عمادت فروغ saʻādat-furogh, Resplendent with happiness.

a معادت مانوس ea'ādat-mānūs, Auspicious. معادس مقرون ,sa'ādat-madār sa'ādat-maqrūn, Most august or auspicious.

a معادت ور sa'ādat-war, Fortunate, happy.

a تبنه سعادت sa'ādat-sanj, معادت سنج sa'ādatmand, Happy, fortunate.

a سعادتمندي sa'ādatmandī, Felicity. ه سعاد عند su'ār, Pange of hunger; ravenous hunger.

معال ه su'āl (v.n. of سعال, Coughing; & cough; -su'āli sā'il, A violent cough; -

su'āli yābis, A dry cough.

معاية si'āyat (v.n. of سعاية), Accusing or informing against; calumny, accusation; collecting tribute or taxes; being set over others for collecting tithes, &c.; paying a part of his wages (a slave who is working himself free); remitting to such part of the price paid for him; -si'āyat kardan, To calumniate, to slander; to inform against.

a معلى sa'at, si'at (v.n. of ربع), Being large, ample; amplitude, capacity, width; liberty, facility, opportunity, ability (of

doing anything); power, wealth.

**sa'tar, A dildo, or artificial penis; a

woman that loves a woman.

همتر ه satar, Origany, marjoram.

sa'tar-baz, معتريان sa'tarī, Lascivious (woman), one who uses a dildo; the practice itself; -sa'tari kardan, To indulge in the said practice.

sa'd (v.n.), Being auspicious (the day); felicity, happiness, prosperity; a fortunate aspect of the stars; proper name (frequently in combination with other nouns, as sa'du 'd-dīn, &c.); [sa'di asghar, The planet Venus;—sa'di akbar. The most fortunate of all the stars, The planet Jupiter;—as-sa'dān (du.), Venus and Jupiter;] -su'd, Galangale.

a معدا معيد sa'd-a<u>kh</u>tar, Born under s

lucky star.

a سعدى sa'dī, Surname of Maşlahu 'ddin, the celebrated Persian poet, author of the Gulistan, Bostan, and other poems, born in Shīrāz 1175+1291 (so called after his patrons Sa'd bin Zangī and Abū Bakr bin Sa'd).

a سعديا sa'diyā, O Saadī!

a سعديت sa'dīyat, Auspiciousness, lucki-

ness, felicity.

sa'dain (obl. of dual of sa'd, also used as nom.), Jupiter and Venus (see as-sa'dān under نعد);—girāni sa'dain, Conjunction of Jupiter and Venus.

sa'r (v.n.), Exciting, kindling (war or flame); running hot (combat); -sir, Price; assize put upon provisions by the magistrate; -su'r, Heat; madness, fury; running (a camel); -sa'ir, Furious, enraged, mad; -su'ur, Pain, torment; (pl. of su'ar), fires, flames, heats.

A a'f (v.n.), Furthering, finishing

(anyone's business); merchandize, wares; household furniture; -sa'af (v.n.), Cracking about the nails; a fissure in the nails; the outfit of a bride; a distemper in camels which makes the hair drop from the nose or the eyelids.

A silāt, A hobgoblin, a witch.

a de su'la, A cough.

A www. sa'n, Fat of meat; --su'n A large leathern bag or bottle, cut in halves, for holding wine, water, and the like, or serving as cases in which a woman puts her work.

si'w, An hour of the night.

هود au'ūd (v.n. of سعود), Being happy, blessed with good fortune; being favourable, auspicious (a constellation); (pl. of sa'd) prosperities, fortunate circumstances: -ou'udu 'n-nujūm, Ten stars, four of which are mansions of the moon.

א אפא su'ūdat, The lucky influence of

the stars.

sa'ūt, su'ūt, Medicinal snuff, a عوط ه sternutatory; $-su'\bar{u}t$ (v.n.), Applying a ster-

nutatory.

A sa'y (v.n.), Purposing; endeavour, purpose, design; attempt, exertion, effort; walking, running; gaining; collecting tribute or taxes;—sa'y kardan (namudan), To exert oneself, to make efforts.

august; sa'īd, Fortunate, happy, august prosperous; auspicious; Upper Egypt.

a سعى دار sa'y-dār, A striver.

ه همر sa'īr, A flaming fire; a flame; a partition of hell; [ashābi sa'īr, Idolaters; -mustahaqqi sa'īr, Deserving of hell fire; -su'air, Name of an Arabian idol.

A has sa'īt, Tartar of wine; dregs of wine; aroma of wine, &c.; a sharp pungent

* sagh, An oblong arched edifice, portico, gallery, or piazza; a roof; a story; a cow's horn; excoriated skin; -sugh, Ringworm (unsupported by examples).

A allen saghabat, = - q.v.

saghāna, A cool, subterranean dwel-

معب saghb, saghab (v.n.), Hungering, craving for food or drink; hunger, thirst; -saghib, Hungry, famished and tired.

saghbar, A medicinal kind of wood سغير ه found on the shores of the Caspian Sea.

sughba, Fat, greasy; cheated; (for A. saghba) hungry, famished; thirsty (rarely used in the latter sense);—tani khwesh sughba kardan, To allow one's body to be made game of.

ه سغبين saghbin, A kind of gum.

sughd, Ready; bent with age; lowlying ground where rain-water collects; (S. śukla) name of a pleasant land in the province of Samarqand, called bihishti dunyā, Paradise of the world.

سعدر saghadū, The clank of a basin (= سعدر

q.v.; $-sughd\tilde{u}$, A stuffed pudding.

saghda, Ready, prepared (comp. ه. 57) p. 57).

sughdī, Readiness; meat dressed with pease and prunes; also with grapes, kernels of nuts, spiceries, and sweet herbs; a pudding or sausage stuffed (with mushrooms); of or belonging to Sughd; -pīri sughdi, (met.) An old man who gives excellent advice; — lisāni sughdī (or simply sughdi), One of the seven ancient dialects of Persia, now lost.

saghdiyāna, A capacious goblet, from which a full bumper is drunk to a friend's health.

saghr (v.n.), Rejecting, refusing, repelling, driving away; annihilating.

sughar, sughur, A porcupine. saghrāq, A flagon, a jug.

eugharna, A grey porcupine; a مخرته

hedgehog,

saghrī, The buttocks of a horse or other beast of burden; the crupper; leather from a horse's back; also from the sides of a camel; the skin of a certain fish, shagrin; grimness.

ــغري پوش saghrī-posh, Saddle-cloth, hous-

ing.

. sagkal (v.n.), Being small, slender سغل ه and deformed; being badly fed, lean, and haggard; trembling; -saghil, saghl, Small, slender, and deformed; emaciated aud wrinkled; tremulous, tottering; badly fed; bad-tempered.

مقرلات = ,saghalāt, المغلام saghalāt سغلات q.v.

saghau, saghū, The ringing noise of a large bason.

sughūd, The bird called qatā.

saf (abbreviation of or misreading for sift), The shoulder;—suf, A string of silk or flax used in games and for skipping.

saff (v.n.), Weaving, plaiting palm-leaves into mats; taking dry medicines; skimming along the ground (a

bird).

A مفاح sifāḥ (v.n. 3 of سفاح), Committing fornication or adultery;—saffāħ, A shedder of blood; a giver of liberty; liberal; eloquent; surname of the first caliph of the house of 'Abbas.

مفاد ع sifad (v.n. of سفاد , Mounting on the female, covering (applied to goats, camels, kine, wild beasts and birds).

ه سفاديكوس safādīkūs, The wild onion.

A سفار sifār (v.n. 3 of سفار , Travelling with others; mediating, making peace between others; an iron or leathern curb across the nose of a camel;—saffār, A bookseller;—suffār (pl. of sāfir), Travellers.

sufar, Eye of a needle; the notch of an arrow which receives the bowstring (see

ر(سوفار مفارة safārat, sifārat (v.n. of سفارة), Making peace (between others), acting as a mediator; apostle-ship; embassy (m.c.); -sufārat, Sweepings.

a مناف سانه sifarat-khāna, Embassy (m.c.). sifārish (for sipārish), Commission,

recommendation; message (m.c.); -sifarish namudan ba, To commit or entrust to.

safārī, The stalk or reed of corn. saffāk, A shedder of blood; elo-

quent, a powerful speaker.

A معال sufāl (v.u. of سفل, Being low; lowness; depression, descent, fall; meanness of rank or extraction.

sifāl, sufāl, Earthenware; a sherd;

skin of a walnut, almond, &c.

sifāl-posh, Glazed (m.c.).

يارة sifāl-pāra, A pot-sherd.

A كالف eafālat (v.n. of سفل), Being mean, low in rank; meanness, baseness;—also sufālat, The lower part, bottom.

چراغ sifāl-chirāgh, A lamp-dish سفال

(m.c.).

sifālgar, A potter.

q.v. (unsapported سفالو sifālūd, = سفالود by examples).

.(.... safālūnī, Cephalonia (m.c.) سفالونج

مَالَفَ safāla, Sofala (an island); a tile; sifāla, sufāla, A sherd; a sickle.

sifālīn, Made of earth, earthenware, crockery; a potter; — zarfi safālīn, An earthen vessel.

sifàlīna, Glass or earthenware.

saffān, Commander of a ship (safinat); a shipwright; name of a place.

تانات safānāj, خانات sifānākh, Spinage. A منانة sifanat, The art of ship-building; -saffanat, A large pearl; name of the daughter of Hatim Taiy.

safānī, Name of a plant.

منفاة safāh (v.n. of منفاة , Being foolish ;

folly, stupidity.

A مقاهم safāhat (v.n. of مقاهم). Being sottish, unwise, light, unsteady, hasty, inconsiderate;—safāhat kardan, To make a fool of oneself (m.c.).

safāhatan, Foolishly, saucily.

. safāhan, A comb.

ه عمالن م safā'in (pl. of safīnat), Ships.

ه مفت saft (v.n.), Drinking a great quantity without quenching thirst ;-sift, Pitch;

-safit, Unwholesome meat.

sift, Coarse, thick, rude; the shoulder; -suft, Hard, stiff (linen cloth); firm, strong; the shoulder; the upper part of a man; the eye of a needle; bore, perforation.

suftānīdan, To cause to bore.

ه saftajat (v.n. of صفتح), Giving a bill of exchange or a letter of credit, paying money to receive it with interest abroad; -- suftajat, suftaja, A bill of exchange or letter of credit; notes.

suftgar, A borer of pearls.

siftan, To make thick, firm, strong (unsupported by examples); (for siftin) name of a country in Turkistan; -- suftan, To bore, perforate, pierce, drill; to be per-

forated; to exude, trickle.

safta, A new or fresh word or work; any person from whom a place has been taken and another given him; the point of an arrow; anything having a sharp point; a bill of exchange; earnest-money, handsel; -eifta, Thick, coarse, hard, firm, strong; a stiff kind of cloth;—sufta, Pierced, drilled, bored; a gift; news, advice; an ear-ring of gold or silver; the point of an arrow; a consignment made by a person of one country to another.

eufta-goeh, A bored ear; one bored in the ears, i.e. a slave; obedient,

submissive.

siftin, A country in Turkistan celebrated for the beauty of its youths and يناتري girls, and for its exquisite musk (see siftan, which, however, is probably a misreading).

safch, مطبع safch, هم safcha, An unripe pumpkin or gourd; a drinking-cup made of the rind of a pumpkin; must boiled down to a third part of its quantity.

safh (v.n.), Pouring out, shedding سفح A (water or blood); the foot of a mountain where water flows); flowing, causing to flow (tears); name of a place.

safad, A wicker basket; - sifad, Earth; rue; name of an angel; name of the twelfth month; name of the fifth day

of the month.

aafr (v.n.), Breaking forth (light); unveiling the face (woman); sweeping a house; writing; --sifr, Anything written, a letter, a book; a volume, a register; -safar, A journey, travel; a warlike expedition; [safar vftādan, To set out on a journey or expedition; -safari khushk, A journey undertaken without motive or advantage; safari dūr-ā-dūr, A very long journey;-safar dāshtan (raftan), To travel;-safari daryā, A voyage;—safar shudan, To be at war; to be on the road; -safari zafar-asar, A victorious war ;— safar kardan, To travel; to empty, finish;—safari wā-pasīn, The last journey, death ;-as-safar wasīlatu 'zzafar, Travel is productive of advantage; (valour in) warfare leads to victory;asbābi (ālāti) safar, Warlike apparatus; travelling outfit; preparations for a journey; -i'lāni safar, Declaration of war; dar safar u hazar, In peace and war; abroad and at home; -sufar (pl. of sufrat), Tables; provisions for the way.

مفر sufur, sufar, A porcupine (see سفر A ala sufara' (pl. of safir), Ambassadors; mediators, arbiters, umpires;—sufarā'i khārija, The foreign representatives, the diplomatic corps (m.c.).

safrād, The bird called qatā (un-

supported).

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safarat, safara (pl. of sāfir), Writers; recording angels; -sufrat, Travellingprovisions (see a محمة).

a בּפּרָה safar-bar, Who undertakes a jour-

ney, ready to travel.

هرجل ه safarjal, A quince.

a مفرجل رنگ safarjal-rang, Quince-coloured.

a سفرچى sufrachi, = سفرچى q.v. a سفر $safar-\underline{kh}arch$, Travelling expenses.

a مغر کرده safar-karda, Travelled, a tra-

veller; experienced.

a منظر نامه safar-nāma, A book or account of travels.

safrang, Commentary, explanation. safarna, A hedgehog; a porcupine.

safrod, The bird called gatā.

sufra, Anything on or in which victuals are placed; the wallet of a religious mendicant; provisions prepared by men of hospitality for strangers, travellers, and the poor; heaven, earth; the buttocks; sufra'i ārd. A cloth laid on the ground to receive the flour as it comes out of the mill; -sufra'i āsmān, The expanse of heaven ;-sufra dar dīwār āwekhtan (dar tāq nihādan), To be miserly;—sufra'i daurī, Ā round table-cloth; an entertainment of friends given in turn ;—sufra'i shatranj, A chess-board; -sufra'i sham'dan, A lampdish; -sufra'i fasāhat, An eloquent tongue; compositions; -sufra kashidan (gustardan, gushādan, nihādan), To lay a table.

يرداز sufra-pardāz, A glutton.

sufra-chī, A سفرة چي sufra-jī, سفرة جي

table-decker, sewer. . sufra-chīn سفرة چين A remover or

spreader of the table-cloth. sufra-khāna, A dining-room, a سفرة عالك

banqueting-hall (m.c.).

sufra-dām, A large fishing-net.

سفرة نشين sufra-nishin, A guest at table. مطرة عشوى safarī (vulg. safrī), What refers or belongs to a journey; travelling provi-Bions.

safrī-ām, A guava (Psydium pyri-

terum).

sifsār, A broker; a money-changer

(هee سپسار).

A while safsaf, Corrupt, bad, sorry; a contemptible deed or transaction; thin dust; fine flour which flies about when being sifted.

a له saft (v.n.), Being liberal, humane:

-safat, A wallet, case, casket.

saf' (v.u.), Flapping the wings (a bird); catching one by the forelock and dragging him by it; scorching (as the sun, hot wind, or fire), and changing the hue of the face; buffeting, striking; marking any-

منفق ه safq (v.n.), Setting (a door) wide

open.

safk (v.n.), Shedding, pouring out (blood, &c.); being diffuse in speech;-

safki dam (dimā), Bloodshed.

saft, suft (v.n.), Being low in rank or station, plebeian, vulgar, or ignorant; meanness of origin; depression; lowness; refuse; inferior, mean, ignoble.

A ala. siflat, sifla, Lowness; the common people, the rabble;—safilat, The feet of

camels.

a سفلگانه siflagāna, In a mean manner.

a مفلكي siftagī, Stinginess, meanness. siflagan (pl. of sifla), Low, base,

ignoble; avaricious, stingy; envious.

a 1972 sifta-parwar, A protector or patron of the ignoble.

a مقلة عن siffa-kho, Mean-spirited, of a

base disposition, vile.

a مناه مناه علم sifla-tab', مناه مناه sifla-nihād, Of a mean nature or disposition.

a المالكة siftadān, A plate to throw scraps

suflá (fem. of asfal), Lower, lowest; —yadi suffá, The lower, i.e. receiving

suffi, An iron pot with open mouth. a مفلى suflī, fem. مفلى suflīyat, suflīya,

Inferior, lower; mean; infernal; -'ulwī u suffi, High and low; - 'anāsiri suffiya, The inferior elements (earth and water).

م سفليات sufliyat (pl. fem. of sufli), Earthly matters; things of little value.

siflidan, To whistle; to break wind; to blow a flute; to compress; to pierce; -- suffidan, To cough, sneeze.

سفلیس suflis, = سفلیس q.v.

ه مدن safn (v.n.), Peeling, shaving, scraping, planing, filing; sweeping; -safan, A batchet, &c., used in smoothing an arrow; the skin of a Lybian lizard used as sandpaper, or of a crocodile to cover therewith the hilts of swords; --sufun (pl. of safinat),

safanja, Rest, quiet; a water-melon.

sifand, Wild rue or the seed.

sifandārmuz, Earth; name of an سفندارمذ angel; the sign Pisces; name of the twelfth month; the fifth day of the month.

. saffūd, A roasting-spit شبود

safüf, (A medicine) taken simply سفوف (not mixed, in opposition to an electuary); powder.

معوفات safüfāt (pl. of the preceding),

Medicinal powders.

هون ه safūn, Sweeping (wind).

a safah, Curse; obloquy; silliness, foolishness.

aafed, White, fair; clear, evident, manifest; --safed dashtan, To long after, love; -safed shud, It became clear, evident; -safed kardan, To whiten; -safed gardanidan, To cause to turn pale (as fear, &c.); -rū-safed gardānīdan, To render illustrious; to cleanse one's character.

safedā, White-lead.

safedāj, A white سفيداج safed-āb, مغيداج wash used by ladies; whitewash, whiting; white lead ;—safed-abi shaikh. Flake-white.

safedār, The white poplar; aspen. safed isfand, White mustard.

safedālcha, A kind of shawl. afed-āhū, (white doe) A mis-

trees captivating the heart.

Bafed-ba, A kind of white soup made with curds, to which are added meat and spinach.

safed-barī, (yellow-leaf) Autumn. safed-band, With white sashes; with white flags.

safed-par, (white-wing) A large gnat.

هيد تاك safed-tāk, Galangale.

safedtar, Whiter. سفيدتر

safedtarin, Whitest, exceedingly سفيدترين white.

مهيد عار safed - khār, White - thorn; a bramble.

a مطيد روح safed-rūḥ, Mercury, quicksilver ; a mixture of copper and tin.

. safed-rûd, Name of a river سفيد رود

safed-rīsh, A grev-beard, old man. safed-zad, A mixed metal.

. safedak, Somewhat white, whitish سفيدك safed-kār, A good (white) action; whitewasher, one who smears the limewhite over buildings.

هيد كاسه safed-kāsa, Generous, liberal. safedgar, A tinman, whitesmith.

safed-goy, Outspoken, open in سيفد گرى one's speech.

safed-muhra, A small white سطيد shell of the kind called concha veneris, or mother-of-pearl.

eufidan, To bore, to pierce.

sifidyār, Isfandyār, son of Gusht-

asp.

safeda, Chalk, whiting ;—safeda'i tukhmi murgh (or simply safeda), The white of an egg;—safeda'i chashm, The white of the eye (comp. siyaha'i chashm under سياهه).

safedī, Whiteness;—safedī zadan, To appear white, to cast a white gleam (m.c.); — rū ba-safedi nihādan, To turn white, become pallid, to blanch.

safīr, A dry and fallen leaf carried سطير A by the wind; an ambassador, internuncio; a mediator, arbiter; a broker; [sajīri kabīr (kalān), Ambassador (opp. to resident minister, m.c.);]_saffir, A sapphire.

A معيط safīt, Liberal, benign, humane; low, mean, worthless; an unripe date fallen

from the tree.

safif (v.n. of مفيف ه safif (v.n. of skimming along above the surface of the ground (a bird); the girth of a camel's saddle; name of a plant.

safin (pl. of safinat), Ships; name مطين

of a place.

safinat, safina, A ship, vessel, مطينة ه bark, boat; a book; a note-book; -safīna'i daryā, A sea-faring ship; -safīna'i nūķ, Noah's ark.

A سفية safīh, Foolish, silly, stupid, idiotic; ignorant; -safya (for safyat), Stupidity, foolishness; foolish, silly, helpless;—safya'i rozgār, A fool of fortune; one who fools away his days.

a مطيعي safīhī, Madness, stupidity, inso-

lence.

A siqā', A leathern bottle for water or milk, made from the skin of a two-yearold sheep; -saqqā', Carrier or vendor of water; a cup-bearer; -saqqā'i nīl, A cloud; —murghi saqqā, A pelican.

a t مقاجى saqāchī, A goldfinch.

A stan sugat (pl. of sagī), Water-carriers; cup-bearers.

A blam sagat, A sword cutting through anything so as to fall to the ground, or to cut into a second object;—siqāt (v.n. 3 of سقط), Being languid; a blunder, a mistake (in arithmetic, writing, &c.); -suqāt, Anything fallen; the lowest of the people;saqqāt, A sword as described above; a pedlar, a dealer in small goods; -suggat (pl. of sāqit), Falling, &c.

siqai, The rein-ring in a camel's nose; a garment of shreds and patches; the habit of a religious mendicant; a kind

of veil.

aqaqulus, Numbness of the malilen limbs.

a معال saqqāl, A polisher, a furbisher. A معالية saqālibat, saqāliba (pl. of saqlabī), Sclavonians.

siqām (pl. of saqīm), Sick people, invalids; -sugam, Name of a valley.

A مقاية siqāyat, Giving to drink; a cup, drinking-vessel; -siqāya'î hājj (hāj), Water furnished to the pilgrims.

a مقاية عانة siqāya-khāna, A public build. ing where water is dispensed, water-works. a سقب saqb, The male foal of a camel; the pole of a tent; anything long;—saqab (v.n.), Being near, nearness; a near station.

sagr, The heat of the sun, or inconvenience of it; scorehing the face (sun); a falcon for hunting; -saqar, Hell, name of a mountain at Mecca;—nāri saqar, Hell-

a الله sugrāt, Socrates; wise, learned. saqrātiyun, Mushrooms, funguses.

saqrāq, A jug, a pitcher.

saqiz, Sakis (Mastic Island); mastic عقز (see مكز ;—saqizi talkh, Turpentine. ه مقرلات ه saqirlat, Warm woollen cloth,

purpet; broadcloth.

saqirlat-doz, Who makes scarlet مقرالط دوز

sagrīnus, A scorpion.

sagein, Name of a country in Turkietān.

A La. saqt, An abortion; sparks struck from a steel; the lower part or edge nearest the earth (of clouds, tents, or wings of birds); a sand-heap; -saqat, An error, fault, blunder, mistake (in computation, writing, or speaking); disgrace, ignominy; a fall; death; abuse, bad language; small wares or damaged goods; rubbish; excrement; -eaqu! shudan, To die (applied to animals); to miscarry, to cast their young; -sagat guftan, To talk rubbish or ribaldry; to revile, to abuse.

saqtat, A fall, slip, stumble, false عطام step; detriment.

a منط جين saqat-chīn, Who collects rubbish.

a سقط فروش saqat-farosh, A pedlar.

a مقطى نامة sagtī-nāma, A casualty-list of horses that have died in the cavalry.

saq' (v.n.), Striking a hard body ; سقع ⊾ going away (no one knows whither) ;-suq', A shore, coast, tract; the bottom or the environs of a well.

saqf (v.n.), Covering in, roofing (a honse); a roof; a platform; the sky;saqfi aiwān (jahān), The world;—saqfi khāna, Roof of a house, ceiling:—saqfi lājaward (miḥnat-zāy, mīnā), The sky; saqfi nīm-khāna, A vaulted roof; the sky. (Construed with the verbs bar-khāstan, bar - däshtan, darīdan, shikāftan, nigūn shudan);]-saqaf, Being long and bent (as an ostrich);—suqaf, Name of a place; suquf (pl. of saqīf), Roofs; (for usquf) a bishop.

a مقلم saqf-khāna, The loft of a house.

a سقفي saqfi, A beam, rafter.

suquq, Whisperers, slanderers.

عقلاب saqlāb, Sclavonia; (probably for q.v.) a beaver.

a عقلات saqallāt, saqalāt, عقلات saqallāt, sagalāt, Scarlet cloth;—siglāt, sigillāt (for •ijlāi), Jasmine; the covering, awning, or canopy over the camel-litter in which the Eastern ladies travel.

saqlātā, Scarlet cloth.

saqlātūn, سقلطون saqlātūn, Name of a city in Rum where scarlet cloth is made; scarlet cloth or a dress made of it; according to others, blue; colour.

saqlan, Cloth (nnsupported by examples, perhaps misreading for سقلاس).

a مقلبي saglabī, A Sclavonian, .v. ملقيس = ,saqlīs مقليس q.v

saqlīnān, Scolopendrium مقليدون p. 58). اسقلینس

saqam, suqm (v.n.), Being indisposed.

видтипіуā, sagmuniyā (G. окарμώνιον), Scammony; soap.

sagan, Juice of dates.

saqanqūr, A species سقنقور saqanqūr, A species of newt or spawn of the crocodile burrowing in the sand (when held in the hand it is said to be a stimulative to venery); a skink.

augūrdiyūn, Water-germander. مقورديون saqut, Falling, fallen ;—suqut (v.n. of bam), Falling; dropping (a colt); abortion;—suquți jafn, Prolapsus of the upper eye-lid (med.); -- sugūti sha'r, Fox-evil, baldness :- suguri-muzhgan, Falling of the eye-lashes.

saqūtar, The plant from which سقوطر

aloes is produced; also-

saqūtura, The island whence the best aloes (called sabri saqutari) is brought. suqūf (pl. of saqf), Roofs of

houses.

aaqy (v.n.), Watering; irrigating; يسقى ه having the dropsy; yellow water gathering in the belly at delivery, liquor amnii; traducing, slandering;—siqy, Water either for drinking or irrigation; watered ground; a skin containing yellow water which comes out at delivery.

A Lam suqyā, A shower; a portion of

water.

sy سقى رغلا saqī raghlā, The herb polypody. Baqīrūs (G. σκίρρος), A hard swelling, scirrbus.

هيط ه saqit, Snow; hoar-frost, hail, dew;

deficient in intellect.

ه مقيفة saqifat, saqifa, A broad plank, a slab; a high bench for reclining upon before the doors or under the porticos; saqīfa bastan (sākhtan), (met.) To speak falsehoods.

ه عيلان saqīlān, Name of a

mountain in Rum.

saqim, Sick, infirm, ailing; of little authority, apochryphal.

sik, Vinegar;—suk, Sadness; the

musk gall-apple.

A who sakk (v.n.), Overlaying (a door) with broad iron plates, or studding it with huge nails, by way of security; eradicating the ear; casting forth the contents of the belly (an ostrich); a nail; a narrow-mouthed well; a coat of mail formed of close rings; -sukk, A scorpion's hole; a narrow-mouthed well; a spider's den; a certain aromatic composition formed into pastiles; a closedup road; (pl. of asakk) small-eared, deaf.

سکاب *sukāb*, Musk-water.

sukācha, The nightmare; a porcu-

pine; litigious, quarrelsome.

عكاد sakād, Mountain-top; crown of head. sakār, sikār, sukār, Bread of the finest flour baked with butter and sugar, nsually given in presents on New Year's Day; thin paste, between the folds of which

plums or apples are put, making a kind of puff; charcoal; a live coal; a firebrand.

* sakkār, A maker or vendor of datewine, mead, and the like, called sakar.

sukār-āhanj, A hook with which the bread is drawn from the oven and meat from the pot.

sakārcha, Foolish, ignorant.

sakārū, Mouldy ;—sukārū, A cake made of fine flour, milk, butter, and sugar; bread baked or meat roasted on the ashes,

sukār-wā, Bread baked upon the

coals or under the ashes.

sukārī, A cake made of flour, milk,

butter, and honey.

عارى ▲ sukārā (pl. of sakrān), Drunk. عكاسته sukāsta, مكاسته sukāsa. A porcupine, hedgebog.

sakāsik, A tribe in Yaman. sikāshtan, To hold forcibly (doubt-

ful word).

sukāshta, مكاهد sukāsha, A porcupine, a hedgehog.

sakkāf, A boot or shoemaker.

. sikāfat, Trade of a shoemaker. sukāfara, سكانه sukāfa, Bow of a violin.

عكاك sukāk, A board or plank (doubtful, perhaps misreading for سگال q.v.).

aakkāk, A cutler. سكاك

a سكاكي sakkākī, Business of a cutler; cutlery; surname of Abū Ya'qūb, author of the Miftahu 'l-ulum, who, in popular estimation, has become a great magician.

ه سكاكين ه sakākīn (pl. of sikkīn), Knives.

a مكاكيني sakkākīni, A cutler.

سكال sikāl, Thought; who wishes or inquires after; a speaker; conversation.

Bikālish, Thought, reflection; in-

tention, purpose, wish.

sukālū, Bread or meat dressed upon the coals.

مكالد sukāla, Dung (of dogs). sikālādan, To think; to suspect; to speak; to wish; to write.

سكالو $uk\bar{a}ly\bar{u}$, سكاليو q.v.

sakkān, A cutler, knifemaker;—sukkān, A rudder, helm of a ship; (pl. of sākin) inhabitants; — sukkāni farshī, All creatures.

a سكان كير sukkān-gīr, سكان كير eukkānī, A helmsman; the quartermaster of a ship. sikāwand, A nut hard to crack.

sikāhan, A black tincture composed سكاهن of the rind of pomegranates, vinegar, iron, and other ingredients, used chiefly by shoemakers.

akb (v.n.), Pouring out (water); poured out, flowing, current; a kind of garment; tall (man); quick-going, fleet (a horse); light, brisk, joyful; name of the first horse possessed by Muhammad; -sakab. Name of a fragrant tree; the anemone.

sik-bā, A. سكباع sik-bāj, A dish made of meat, wheat-flour, and vinegar; -sikbāju 'l-baqar, A dish made of beef thus pre-

sakba, Mixture of oil and buttermilk.

sakbīna, Saga سكبينة sakbīna, Saga penon, a medicinal herb; also gum Arabic. ه سکت sakt (v.n.), Keeping silence; sub-

siding (of anger).

sikkat, A ploughshare; a wide and straight street; a market; a row of palm-

trees; a die for coins, a stamp.

a مكدة saktat, sakta, Silence; apoplexy; a trance; -sakta'i balahamī, Serous or asthenic apoplexy; -sakta'i damawi, Sanguineous or sthenic apoplexy; -eakta'i riyah, Pulmonary apoplexy; -sakta'i ma'î, Serous apoplexy; sukta, Anything producing or imposing silence; fruit or playthings to pacify children.

a مکته ور sakta-war, Apoplectic.

saktiyān, Leather. مكتيان

sakij, Dried currants.

sik-khāna, A wine-shop, tavern.

aakr (v.n.), Filling; damming up کر ه (a river);—sikr, A mound or dyke for confining water, a dam;—sukr, Drunkenness; wine, or whatever is intoxicating; sakar, Any inebriating or forbidden drink, especially wine from dates or the plant kushūs; drunkenness produced thereby; vinegar; food, victuals; fuluess of the stomach, repletion; rage, anger; -sukkar, Sugar; an excellent sort of date; a delicious kind of grape; -sukkari mukarrar, Sugar-

sukar, A saucer; a hedgehog, porcu-

pine.

akarāt, Agony, fainting ;—sakarāti maut, The agony of death; insensibility attendant upon death.

عران ه sakrān, fem. كرانة sakrānat, sakrāna, Drunk ;—sakarān (v.n. of محر), Being drunk; subsiding, becoming calm (wind).

a مكرپين sukkar-pira, مكرپين sukkar-pin, Marchpane.

sakrat, Drunkenness, insensibility; the agony of death; pang of sorrow, depth of woe;—sakirat, sakira, A drunken woman.

sukracha, A saucer; a measure. مكرفانودن sakarfānīdan, To commit a crime; to fold together; to be haughty,

insolent; to pour out drink.

eakarfanda, Tripping, stumbling. ه مكرنيدن sakarfīdan, To stumble (a horse). a مكركة sukurka, A beverage made from millet, used in Abyssinia.

sukra, sukara, sukkara, An earthen

dish, a saucer.

a سكريس sukkarīn, (Made) of sugar, sugared.

sakiz, Mastic;—sikiz, A carpenter's hatchet.

T ; sakkiz, Eight.

sakza, A sigh; a sharp-pointed arrow (see گزه and گزه);—sikiza, Contention, combat.

ankzī, One of the seven dialects of

Persia now lost (see سکری).

akizīldīz, A constellation formed سكزيلدير by eight stars and considered most unlucky by the Persians.

sukustan, To be broken or torn

suksuk, Swift (horse); a horse going quick with a jolting trot; the noise made with the feet; rough ground; a tree, the fire of which will burn for a week.

ه عکسکه saksaka, Hiccough ;—saksaka kar-

dan, To have the hiccough.

euksukī, Palpitation of the heart. saksaṃbūya, Name of a medicine,

.q.v سگسنبوية =

sak' (v.n.), Taking (any place) for one's abode and residence; going no one knows whither, wandering about in bewilderment; amazement, stupefaction; -saki', Foreign, strange; -suqa', Astonished, bewildered, stupefied.

akak, Smallness of the ear sticking close to the head; deafness, obstruction of the ear; -sikak (pl. of sikkat), Wide

streets.

ر?), A small offence.

(أ), Bereft, childless; parentless. المن sakn (pl. of sākin), Inhabitants, the people of a honse;—sakan, A dwelling, abode, residence; fire; repose, quiet, anything conducive to it; domestic comforts, as wife or children; a blessing; pity, compassion; name of a man.

a سكناء sukanā (factitious pl. of sākin),

Inhabitants.

akanāt (pl. of the following), سكنات ه

Rests, pauses.

acknat, A rest, pause (especially in reading the Qur'an); the quiescence of a letter; the place where the neck joins the head; -- sakanat, sakana (pl. of sākin), Inhabitants;—sakana'i şahrā, Dwellers in the desert, inhabitants of the fields; trees, grass, and the like ;-sakana'i 'ālam, Inhabitants of the world, creatures;—sakana'i kānūn, Charcoal.

saknaj, A kind of bitumen brought سكنج from Syria;—sakunj, sukunj, A fetid smell from the mouth; one who has fetid breath; -sikunj, A cough; shaving, scrap-

ing; a bite, a sting.

سكنجانيدن sikanjānīdan (caus. of سكنجانيدن),

To cause to cough, &c.

مكنگبين sakanjabīn (for P. مكنچبين

q.v.), Oxymel.

sikinjīdan, sikunjīdan, sikanjīdon, To cough; to take up with the tips of the fingers; to nip, pinch; to bite, to sting; to smooth, to scrape.

. sikand, Venery.

sikandar, Alexander; two princes of this name are much celebrated in the East, both distinguished by the title of zū 'l-qarnain, Having two horns (of the world), implying that they conquered the globe from east to west; the first supposed to be one of the most ancient kings; the other, Alexander of Macedon, also called Bin Filikus (son of Philip), and Rumi (the Grecian); hanging the head (a quadruped whose fore-legs are short); a trip, a stumble; standing on the head (a mountebank's trick or boy's game); - sikandar khwurdan, To trip, stumble; to cut a summersault (see يفتك and رحماي).

sikandar-mahāfil, To whose سكندر محافل court assemblies throng as to Sikandar's.

سکندری خور sikandarī-<u>kh</u>wur, stumble.

sikandarī khwurdan, To عوردن trip, to stumble.

sikandariya, Alexandria. eikangubīn, Oxymel. سكنگبين

a منكنة sakana, see A. منكنة .

sikana, A wimble, auger, gimlet.

aukná, A residence, habitation ; sukná dāshtan, To reside.

sako, suko, A sofa, settle, bench, garden-seat ;—sikū, A wooden fork with several prongs or branches, with which corn is agitated that the wind may clear it of the chaff; a broom, besom.

sik-wā, A dish of vinegar, meat, and

ه مكوان sakwān, Name of a city in India. عدوان sukūbā, مكويا sukūpā, A bishop, presbyter; name of the founder of a Christian convent.

sakūt, Quiet, silent, taciturn سكوت (man) ;—sukūt, Silence, quietness; peace; dying, expiring, death; - sukut kardan, To be silent (m.c.).

عكورة sukūra, An earthen dish. sukūshāk, Lightning, thunderbolt. مكون م sakūn, Name of a tribe in Yaman ; $-suk\bar{u}n$ (v.n. of سکن), Being still, quiet, fixed; tranquillity, rest, peace (construed with the verbs buridan, bastan, giriftan, &c.); quiescence of a consonant, the mark jazmah (c); a mute; cessation; residence, dwelling; firmness, constancy; -sukun u jumbish, Rest and motion.

aukūnat, Dwelling, habitation, سکونة residence; rest, tranquillity, contentment;

-sukūnat warzīdan, To dwell.

sukohanj, A triangular thorny سكوهنج plant; a stick, straw.

a قام سكولت دة eakūnat-dih, "Rest-giver," peace-bestower.

sakwī, A sofa, bench, garden-seat; a platform (m.c.); a pier (m.c.).

sakwina, A sort of gum.

a مكه sikka, A die for coining; rule,

law, regulation; dress, costume; -sikka khwurdan, To be coined; - sikka zadan (kardan), To strike coins, to coin, to mint; -sikka'i mardī, The beard as sign of manliness; -sikka nishāndan (nihādan), To coin; to make current or saleable :-sikka'i nau-bahār, Vernal blossoms;—nuqra'i bīsikka, Silver in ingots (m.c.).

a مالد هند sikka-khāna, A mint.

a مکه دار sikka-dār, Having power of coining, i.e. an independent sovereign; coined.

sikka-durust,سكة درست ه Upright, straightforward.

a سکة درستى sikka-durustī, Honesty, uprightness.

a هنگه زده sikka-zada, Coined.

a h سکة رويعه sikka-rūpiya, A rupee of full weight.

a دن عند zikka-zan, Coiner, master of the mint.

sakī, An elevated bench, platform. sukait, Name given to the last horse in a race of ten;—sikkīt, Very silent, taciturn, reserved.

eikkīr, Very drunken, always سكير ه

drunk.

sikīro, Skyros (m.c.).

sikīz, Malignant, wild, fierce, vicious; a young unbroken horse; a kicker, jumper; a kick; a blacksmith's forge, furnace.

sikīsān, Cantering, or kicking سكيران (horse).

אביענא sikīzanda, Kicking, rearing.

sikiza, Kicking (horse); a gallop,

canter; a broil, a quarrel.

sikīzīdan, To gallop; to be obstinate, refractory, vicious, to spring or prance backwards and forwards; to kick; to tread (as a cock); -bar-sikīzīdan, To gallop, &c. (= the simple verb).

عكيله sakela, A sort of iron; hiccough.

A مكين sikkīn, A knife.
A مكينة sakīnat, sakīna, Tranquillity of mind, repose; the presence of God dwelling in a mysterious manner in the ark of covenant; female proper name (m.c.); -sukainat, A she-ass; name of the gnat that entered the nostril of Nimrod and caused his death; name of the daughter of Husain, granddaughter of 'Alī; name of one of Muhammad's companions.

sikīna, A wimble, auger, gimlet.

saq (S. śvan), A dog; --- saqi āb-gīr, A water-lizard;—sagi ablaq (spotted dog), Time, fortune ;—sagi būzīna, A dog whereon a mountebank's monkey rides;—sagi pā-sokhta, A roamer, a loafer; -sagi tāzī, A greyhound; —sagi chār-chashm, A dog with an eye-like black spot over each eye; -sagi <u>kh</u>āmosh-gīr, A dog who attacks people without barking; -sag dar posht (nosh, which is probably a misreading) dashtan, To be injurious, obnoxious, depraved ;--sagi daryā, An otter ;--sagi dumbāla-kash, A dog who trails his tail, a person who is at everybody's service, a servant of all work (proverbial); -sagi diwāna, A mad dog, rabid; -sagi rūyi yakh, A person who runs everywhere he is sent, and does all he is bid to do;—sagi shikārī, A huntingdog;—sagi ghāfil-gīr, A dog who attacks unawares ;-sagi kujāst, Whence does the dog hail? (a proverbial expression of contempt); -sag-kush marg kardan, To torment, to kill in a cruel manner; -sagi lawand, A buffoon of one of the kings of the Safawi dynasty; -sag nishīnad ba-jā'i kalbi 'aqūr, (met.) Instead of the tyrant a worse tyrant has come ;—sagi harza-maras, A roamer, a loafer ;—sagi har-suwār, (met.) Who associates with anybody.

sagi āb, sag-āb, مك آبي sagi

ābī, sag-ābī, A beaver.

مگاہی sagā $b\bar{\imath}$, The castor or beaver.

sigar, Unlucky, disastrous; (from Fr. or E.) a cigar (m.c.); -sigār kashīdan, To smoke a cigar (m.c.).

sagārcha, Stupid, ignorant (doubt-

ful).

ورو sagārū, = مكارو q.v.

sagārūn, A porcupine. عكارون sigāf, Burnt silver; a coccon of the

سگال sigāl, Thought; hatred, enmity; a word, saying; calumny; a speaker; a singer; [zabāni sigāl, Nightingale;] — sugāl, A

sigālish, Thought; controversy, litigation, altercation; enmity; evil-speak-

sagāla, Spurred rye (m.c. from Fr.

seigle) ;—sagāla, sugāla, Ďung of dogs. فكاليدي sigālīdan, To think; to speak traducingly of the absent, meditate mischief, resolve to injure; to deceive; to speak; to warble, sing.

eigālīda, Thoughtful.

sagān (pl. of sag), Dogs;—sagāni āz, Greedy, worldly-minded people; -- sagāni khaima'i dunya, Worldlings.

sag-angūr, Dogs-grape, night-

shade.

sagān-māda, Bitches.

sigāna (for sih gāna), Triple, of three kinds; name of a village in Ghaznin.

sagāwand, Name of a mountain said to abound in dogs.

sagā'ī, The copulation of dogs. sag-bāz, A showman of performing سکت باز dogs; a clever or sagacious dog.

sagbān, A dog-keeper.

sag-bacha, A whelp, a pup.

sagbastak, sagibastak, A sagacious

. سک بورينه sag-būzīna, A dog with a mon-

key mounted on his back.

sagba, A dish made of butter and milk.

)

. sag-binaj, Sagapenum. eag-pistan, Sebestens.

sag-pūy, Sound of feet in walking gently at night; one who walks gently; sound produced in sleeping.

sag-jan, Dog-souled, malignant.

. sag-jigar, Cruel, inhuman مک جگر

sagcha, A little dog; a sagacious dog.

sag-chihrahā, Crabbed (people). sag-dil, Dog-hearted, fierce.

sag-dandān, A canine-tooth. sag-dawi, A fruitless running سكت دوي about.

saqi-diwana-war, Like a mad سکت دیوانه وار dog, rabid.

sagar, Name of a city in the Deccan; -sugur, A porcupine.

שלא sugurna, A porcupine.

sigz, A mountain in Zābulistān;— Buguz, A porcupine (see).

sag-zāda, A son of a bitch.

sagzan, A sort of sharp-pointed عكرن arrow; a broad-headed, pointless arrow, with which boys learn to shoot.

ه عارنه suguzna, A porcupine (see مارنه). sagza, A sob; a sharp-pointed arrow.

sigzī, A certain people residing near سگزی the mountain Sigz; surname of Rustam; name of one of the seven dialects of Persia now lost.

sigzīdan, To commit a crime; to be folded.

sigzīstān, Sijistān. حكريستان

sagsār, Dog-like; a species of imaginary monster, with the head of a dog, the yellow face of a dragon, the hair of a goat, the ears of an elephant, and blue eyes; a people with dog's heads and human bodies; a country inhabited by this people; avaricious; worldly-minded; a parasite.

ه sagistān, sigistān, Sijistān; sigistan, A fruit like a plum.

sag-sar, Dog-headed.

.sagsaki, A wrestling trick سگسكى

sagsambūya, Seed of cinquefoil. a سک سيرت sag-sīrat, Doggish, churlish, snappish.

sagak, A little dog; a species of burr or prickly grass; a kind of grappling-

. eag-kush, Dog-willow سک کش

sag-kushī, A killing as one سکت کشی would kill a dog (comp. sag-kush marg (سکت kardan. under

"sag-kanak (dim.), مىكە كىنىڭ sag-kanak الله عنى كىن

The mandrake.

sag-gazīda, Bitten by a dog. sagl, A kind of plant.

saglābī, A beaver. سگلابی saglābī שלוהגיט saglābīdan, To bark (as a dog).

sag-lās, An exhibitor of performing dogs.

saglāv, سكلاوي saglāwī, A beaver. saglidan, To sigh, to sob; to belch.

sagam, A cricket.

sag-māda, A bitch.

هي ماهي nag-māhī, A sturgeon.

. sag-manish, Churlish, currish سک منش

a الكنجبيس siganjobin, Oxymel. saganja, Hail.

ه الكور sagangūr (for سكنكور), Nightshade.

sugwār, Mournful, afflicted (see . (سَوَكُوار

sugoshāk, Lightning, thunderbolt.

عول sugūl, Gall-apple; anything astringent or constipating.

H sughar, Intelligent, sagacious; elegant, accomplished, beautiful, virtuous.

ه سکی sagī, Doggishness ; [sagī kardan, To follow (as a dog); to be cruel;]-sigī, Wine.

sigi-khāna, A tavern. مكى عادة

مگيله sagīla, A sigh, sob ; a belch.

sal, A raft; a ship;—sil, Consumption (comp. the following article); an Indian spear; -sul (according to others sull), The lungs.

all (v.n.), Drawing one thing out سل A of another (especially a sword from the scabbard); drawing out gently; purloining; -sill (in P. sil), sull, Ulceration of the lungs; consumption; a hectic fever; -sull (in P.), The lungs. (See preceding article.)

هد salā, Song; name of a singer.

A الله silāb, A black mourning-habit. g سلاب sulāb, An astrolabe (see ملاب).

salāl, Name of a famous musician; a pot-licker.

salājit, A species of storax.

ه مالجِقة salājigat, salājigua, The Seljukian

dynasty.

silāh, Arms (especially sword, mace, and stringless bow); armour, accoutrement; [silāh bastan, To arm oneself, to put on armour, &c.; — pur-silah, Fully armed or equipped;]-sulāh, Dung, excrement.

a الله الله silāḥ-bardār, An armourbearer, esquire; an officer who has charge

of the armoury.

a سلاح بند silāḥ-band, Armed, accoutred.

a سلاح يېش silāḥ-posh, Covered with armour; one who is armed.

a سلاح پوهي silāḥ-poshī, The wearing of armour, accoutrement.

a منائح عانه silāḥ-khána, An arsenal, armoury.

a איז באר silāḥ-dār, A sword-bearer, esquire.

a إلى عال silāḥ-sāz, An armourer.

a مار هور sílāḥ-shor, A fencing-master;

an armourer; a breaker or trainer of horses;

a gladiator (هولع هور).

a ملاحة salāḥa, The urine of a mountaingoat, black and viscous like pitch, which is gathered from the rocks.

a سلاحي silāḥī, A sword or armour-bearer.

A skinner, a flayer.

q.v. سر آخور salākhwur, = سلاعور

silāras (S. śilā-rasa), Liquid storax; oil of cardamom.

ه سلامن sulās. Weakness of mind; insanity;

loss of intellect or sensibility.

alasat, Easiness, simplicity; plainness; gentleness, urbanity; ease, facility;

evenness, smoothness.

هالسل ه salāsil (pl. of silsilat or silsil), Chains; forked lightning; continuous lightning; clouds linked together like a chain; sands adhering together (opp. to shifting); the lines of a book;—sulāsil, Limpid water flowing down the throat; mellow wine.

A dbl salatat (v.n. of bl.), Having a sharp, piercing tongue; being long-handed, i.e., rapacious and oppressive; sovereignty,

power, authority.

salātān (pl. of sulţān), Kings, سلاطين ▲ princes, emperors, sovereigns, potentates;salātīni bā tamkīn, Mighty potentates.

a ملاطين پسند salūtin-pasand, What de-

lights kings.

sulāf, Juice which flows from the grapes before pressure; wine; palpitation, trembling of the \limsup ;—sullaf(pl. of salaf), Predecessors, ancestors; leaders of the people.

sulāq, A tubercle on the tongue or سلاق ه the gums; efflorescence or pimples on the body; a hard substance forming on the eyelid and corroding the lashes; the Feast of

Ascension,

salāk, An ingot of gold or of silver; hire, rent.

ه ملالة sulālat, sulāla, Whatever is extracted from anything; sperm, human seed; progeny, race.

salālīm (pl. of sullam), Steps, ladders, stairs; -sulālim, Name

of a fortress at Khaibar.

ملام salām (v.n. of سلم), Saluting, wishing health or peace; peace, safety, salvation; freedom from vice or blemish; a salutation, greetings, compliments; farewell, goodbye; compassion; one of the names of God; name of a certain tree; [salāmi palla (tarāzā), The sinking of the scale; -- salāmi tufang (top), A signal-shot to warn merchantmen that tolls are to be paid ;—salāmi <u>kh</u>āşş, Levée (m.c.) ;—salāmi dādan (zadan, kardan, guftan), To salute; to say goodbye :—salāmi rustā'ī bī-tam' nīst. The salutation of the rustic is not disinterested (proverbial); — salām 'alaikum, Peace be with you (m.c.);—salum nishastan, To sit in state, to hold a drawing-room

(m.c.) ;—salāmi nizāmī, A military salute (followed by dadan, To fire a salute, mm.cc.); -salām u payām, Salutations and kind messages; -dāru 's-salām, The abode of peace, Paradise; -madīnatu 's-salām, The city or peace, Baghdad; -nahru's-salam, The river of peace, Tigris; -wa's-salam, And so farewell, and now good-bye, adieu; and there is an end of it. The word is also construed with the verbs burdan, rasandan, firistādan, giriftan, &c.;]—silām (pl. of salamat), Stones; name of a river; -sulam, Name of a place; $-sall\bar{a}m$, Name of a man.

ه المان ه salāmān, Name of a tree.

a هاماله salāmāna, A present on being

introduced to a superior (see سلامي).

A مالم salāmat (v.n. of سلم), Being secure from danger, escaping from barm; salvation, safety; peace, rest; health; immunity. liberty; integrity; construed with the verbs bar-khāstan, chakādan, yāftan, &c.;—salā-mat bāsh, Good cheer to you! may you prosper! (m.c.);—ba-salāmati kase khwurdan, To drink to one's health.

a ملامت انجام salāmat-anjām, Conducing to

peace; affectionate.

a ملامت رو salāmat-rav, An economist.

a سلمت روى salāmat-rawi, Economy. a ملامس salāmat-kūcha, A military

entrenchment. a ملاست salāmatī, Safety, &c. (= سلامت);

a coarse cloth. a سلام مفتح salām-mufattiḥ, (in the lan-

guage of Sodomites) The penis.

salāmá, The south wind ;—salāmī, A native of madinatu 's-salām, i.e. Baghdad; -sulamá, The bones (and a bone) of the fingers and toes.

a سلامى salāmī, A salute of cannon; a present on being introduced to a superior; earnest-money; a free gift from a farmer to government on taking lands, and from the same to the Zamindar to build his house.

ه الله بارى عانه بارى salāmī-khāna-bāri, A present from the farmer to his landlord to

enable him to build his house.

A - salb, salab (v.n.), Spoiling, seizing by force; putting on mourning clothes; haste, expedition; deprivation, denial, negation; [salbi juz'ī, A special or partial negation; -salbi kullī, A general negation;] -salab, Rapine, plunder; anything taken from an enemy (arms, clothes, &c.); spoil, plunder, booty; clothing, garments (comp. It. roba, which also originally means "spoil, and is now used in the sense of "things, clothes," &c.); stores, warlike provisions; the bark of a tree from which ropes are made; name of a tall tree; [salabi firishta dashtan. To be clothed in green;]-sulub (pl. of silab), Mourning-clothes.

salbūy, The sound produced in

walking.

ملت salt, The sound produced in walking.

A ملت salt (v.n.), Shaving (the head).

siltim, A demon supposed to haunt woods in a human shape; a toothless camel;

a year of scarcity.

**salj (v.n.), Having a looseness from eating the herb sullaj (camels); swallowing (a mouthful);—sullaj, Name of herb on which camels pasture.

q.v. سلجوق = saljuq, = سلجو saljam, Long, tall.

saljan, Bitter words; shamelessness, effrontery.

saljuq, Name of the founder of the Seljukian dynasty in Persia.

saljūqī, Seljukian. سلجوتي

A characteristic sally (v.n.), Voiding excrement; arming one with a sword, bow, and the like; dung, excrement;—sully, Name of a river;—sully, Arms, weapons;—sully, A young partridge.

a عبي عرامي silah-poshī, The wearing of

armour; accoutrements.

a silah-khāna, An armoury, arsenal. a مانع silah-dār, Armour-bearer, esquire.

a not silah-shor, A horseman that displays the throwing of the javelin, vaulting, and other dexterity on horseback; a champion, a gladiator; a horse-breaker.

a alkh (v.n.), Skinning, flaying (an animal); taking off (clothes); drawing towards a close (the month); spending (the month); the last day of the (lunar) month; a goat's skin; the skin of a serpent; [salkh kardan, To flay, to skin;]—salukh, Thread on a spindle.

a ملع خانه sal<u>kh-kh</u>āna, A slaughter-house. a ملع خانه saldānīyŭn, A tree resembling

the willow.

saldoz, Name given to certain war-

riors of Timur's army.

sals, A thread upon which beads are strung, with necklaces of which slavegirls adorn their necks; an ear-ring;—salas, Gentleness; smoothness; [salasu 'l-baul, Diabetes;]—salis, Easy, docile, gentle; afflicted with diabetes.

salsāl, Limpid water flowing down the throat; a pure limpid stream, waving

like a chain.

غالسبورغ salsbūrgh, Saltzburg (m.c.).

salsabil, Name of a fountain in Paradise; mellow wine; anything soft, tender, digestible.

salsal, Limpid water flowing

down the throat; forked lightning.

with each other; a long slice of a camel's bunch—silsilat, silsila. A chain, a series, suite, concatenation; succession, line, de-

scent; inheritance; genealogy, family, progeny; an unbroken tradition; lightning when darting along like a chain, forked lightning; (construed with the verbs uftādan, bar-ham sadan, bastan, jumbānīdan, khā'īdan, kūtah kardan, guzāshtan, gusīkhtan, nihādan, &c.);—silsila'i jibāl (kohān, &c.), A chain of hills or mountains.

a سلسلة بندي eilsila-bandī, Concatenation;

classification, arrangement.

a ملسله چيوند silsila-paiwand, Link-connecting.

a مناس silsila-jumbān (shaking the chain), A cause, means; a pledge.

a سلسلة ونك silsila-zulf, Curly-haired.

a مالك عَدار silsila-'نِيَّة, Whose cheeks are streaked with down.

a ملسلة مو silsila-mū, With hair in ringlets (like chains).

a منسله وأر silsila-wār, Linked together; serial, lineal; consecutive; connectedly, systematically.

salsis, A sort of stone.

salish, (in Zand and Pazand) Bad.

salt, Vehement, sharp; long-tongued; a long tongue; name of a place in Syria;—sult, Delegation, appointment to any place of authority or charge;—salit, Point of a spear not swelling in the middle;—silat, Long and slender arrows.

A culer, monarch, sovereign; a potentate, emperor, king; absolute power, sway, authority; convincing proof;—sultāni akhtarān, The sun;—sultāni darweshān, Muhammad;—sultāni rām, The Sultan of Turkey;—sultāni 'ahd, The reigning monarch;—sultāni falak (yak-asba, yak-suwār, yak-suwāra'i gardūn), The sun.

a ملطانة sultāna, Empress, queen.

a ملكاني sultānī, Belonging to a prince or sovereign; a kind of broad-cloth; a gold coin; a fine sort of peach; dominion, principality.

منطقه saltat, salta, Power, delegated authority;—siltat, silta, A long and slender

Prow

م ملطقی ه altaqi, A kind of dervish's garment.

A ملك saltanat (v.n. of سلام), Making emperor; power, authority, dominion; magnificence, majesty; an empire, reign, kingdom, principality;—saltanati jamhūrī, A republic (m.c.);—saltanati shakhṣī, Personal government, an absolute monarchy, autocracy;—saltanat kashīdan, To exercise dominion; (met.) to learn how to conquer the world.

a وال سلطنت saltanat-rān, An emperor ; a kino.

ملح sal', A fissure, crack, chink, gap; a chap (in the feet); name of a mountain near Madinah.

sal'at, sala'at, A fracture, contusion, or cut;—sil'at, Goods, merchandise,

household furniture; -sil'at, sal'at, A tumour or scrofulous swelling on the body or the neck.

salghar, Name of the father of

Seljuk Shah.

salf (v.n.), Levelling (the ground); harrowing a field for sowing; a large wallet; a hide not sufficiently dressed; -silf, The husband of a wife's sister;—salaf (v.n.), Passing, going by; past or former times; a predecessor, ancestor (also used for the plural); a precedent; money advanced for merchandize; a purse, bag; --- sulaf, A young partridge.

sulf, A cough.

sulfanidan, To cause to cough.

A dal silfat, The relationship of two women married to two brothers; a brother's wife;—sulfat, Breakfast; anything eaten as a whet before dinner.

ملغور sulfaur, Dung, manure (see ملغور).

eulfa, A cough.

sulfidan, To sneeze, cough; to in-

sert, place upon.

sala (v.n.), Exportating, cutting the skin (with a lash); hurting another with opprobrious language; anointing, greasing, smearing all over with pitch; purboiling (vegetables or an egg); throwing down upon the back, laying prostrate; roasting a sheep with the skin; bringing together the two handles of a wallet; a scar or mark on the back of a camel; beet; -silq, A wolf; beet-root; -salaq, Level ground ;-suluq, A large leathern sack.

for سلفور eulqaur, Dung, manure (see سلفور

which it is perhaps a misreading).

salqīs, A city built by Zū 'l-qarnain.

salk (v.n.), Thrusting in, threading; drawing one thing into another; silk, A thread, string, order, series, train; connexion; course, tenour; [silki jawāhir (la'āli), A string of pearls;—silki dauri qamar, The world; fortune; night and day;]-sulak, A young sand-grouse or par-

salk, silk, sulk, A canal, mill-dam, or stream which drives the wheel; - silak,

Pease; vetches.

a سلك بيدي silk-bandī, Account of the daily receipts of revenue made up at the end of the month into one total.

eilkak, A small canal or milldam.

salm, Name of the eldest son of Faridun; -salm, silam, Tables on which boys learn to write.

salm (v.n.), Tanning (leather) with the bark of a tree called salam; completing the making of a bucket; a one-handled bucket; the bite of a snake; name of a man; -salm, silm, Peace; one who cultivates peace and friendship;—silm, Saluting; the Muhammadan religion; propagating Islam;—salam (v.n.), Submitting; surrender, submission; money paid in advance; name of a thorny tree;—sullam, A ladder,

salamās, Name of a town in

Azarbaijān.

salmān, Name of a friend of 'Ali. salmak, One of the six musical styles.

a سلمة salma, A vegetable used in tanning. almá, The south wind; name of a woman celebrated for her beauty; hence in general, a mistress, sweetheart, lady-love; name of a mountain; also of a

salamiya, Name of a town dependent on Emessa.

silunj, An ulcer on the lip; cracked

in the lips.

alw, sulūw (v.n. of سلو Being همار Being tranquil, contented, or relieved from anxiety, care, or sorrow; the cessation of sorrow; forgetting, forgetfulness.

A الله salwat, A single quail (see سلواله).

ماران م salwān (v.n. of سلو), Forgetting; sulwān, A remedy for love or grief (water poured from a kind of shell, and drunk to one's health, or water mixed with the dust from a dead man's grave, which is given him to drink); a philtre; an amulet or charm; an exhilarating medicine; name of a fountain at Jerusalem (the pool of Siloam).

salūb, Liable to abortions (camel

or woman).

A salwat, sulwat, A remedy for grief or for love (see سلوان); forgetfulness; contentment; solace; — salwat u surūr, Contentment and cheerfulness.

sillūr, An eel.

sulugh (v.n. of سلوغ ما, Shedding the teeth after the sixth year (oxen or sheep).

salūq, Nature, genius; name of a الوق ه town in Yaman renowned for its manufacture of coats of mail.

ملوك ه sulúk (v.n. of سلوك), Proceeding, going by the way; conduct; institution, mode, manner, rule; (pl. of silk) Threads; -sulūk kardan (namūdan), To travel; to follow any rule or institution,

ه الله salūl, Name of the mother of 'Abdu'llah bin Abi munafiq; mother of a tribe of the Hawazin, which is called after her.

ه مارك salwá, Honey; quails.

salla, A wicker, or snake-catcher's basket;—sulla, A wooden vessel, a tub.

سلة كش ,salla-gar سلة كر ,salla-gar سلة باف salla-kash, A basket-bearer.

a سليب salib, Carried off; stripped of fruit or foliage (a tree); bereft of one's senses.

a سلم saleh (by Imālah for silāḥ), Warlike apparatus;—salih, Name of a tribe in Yaman; -silīḥ, An armed man; a general; the van of an army.

A salīkhat, salīkha, A certain perfume; benzoin or balsam of the ban-tree before it is prepared.

a سليس salīs, Easy, plain, familiar, simple,

not abstruse; a sort of stone.

a مليس نوبس salīs-nawīs, Writing a plain hand.

salisun, Name of the brother of king Philocrates.

a سليسي salīsī, Easiness, simplicity ; plainness, clearness.

salīsh, (in Zand and Pāzand) Bad. salīt, Vehement; long-tongued, sharp, eloquent; olive-oil; oil of sesame

a سليطة salīta, A clamorous brawling woman ;—salīţa'i bāzār, A common whore.

a سليطة ون salīţa-zan, A brawling woman, a shrew.

saliq, Whatever falls from a tree; leaves or branches; withered thorns.

ريقون aliqun, =يون q.v.

a مايمة salīqa, Boiled-potherbs; (met.)

good taste (m.c.).

- salīqa سايقة هعار , salīqa-dār سايقة دار a shi'ar, سليقد مند salīqa-mand, Of good disposition; well-conducted; possessed of genius; tasteful.

a salīqagī, Good nature, amiable

disposition.

salīk, Name of one of the twelve musical styles.

sulaik, Name of a man.

ے salīl, A new-born infant; a newly-

dropped colt; a drawn sword.

salīm, Entire, free from flaw or سلمم ه stain; perfect, sound, healthy, wholesome; pacific, affable; silly, a simpleton; bitten by a snake; proper name of a man (m.c.); -salimu 't-tab', Affable, mild, gentle;salimu 'l-galb, Sincere, kind-hearted.

sulaimān, Solomon ;—sulaimāni أسليمان zamān, The Solomon or oracle of the age.

a blus whose car-sulaimān-bisāt, Whose carpet is a place of homage like Solomon's.

a سليماني sulaimānī, Belonging to Solomon; the dignity of a Solomon; a kind of white date; an onyx.

a سليم دل salīm-dil, Simple-minded; stu-

pid.

aalīmī, A kind of cloth.

salīnūn (G. σέλινον), Name of a

swm, A hoof, foot; a cavern, grotto; in comp. for sumb) piercing (see زرة سم ;--sum afkandan, To limp;—sumi bāragī bar sari khūn kashīdan, To sally forth on horseback in order to kill an enemy.

A - samm (v.n.), Presenting poison, poisoning victuals; intending, proposing; making peace between two persons, reconciling; amending; stopping up, corking close; a small hole; poison; name of two veins in a horse's nose; mother of pearl; a sea-shell; [sammu'l-himār, Rhododaphne; *–sammu 'l-<u>kh</u>iyāt*, The eye of a needle;sammu 'l-fār, Ratsbane; arsenic; realgar;] -samm, simm, summ, A small hole; poison; -summ, The orifice of the ear; a refuge; a fox.

A ala sama', Heaven, sky; roof of a house; a canopy; a projection or shade over a door or portico, an awning; a cloud; rain; height, altitude; eminence, dignity; meridian, culminating point; prime; spring; a horse's back; name of a horse.

A simat (pl. of simat), Marks by

burniug; brands, signs.

A simāj (pl. of samj, samij, and samīj), Hideous, foul, ugly.

عم اوس sum-bos, Kissing of the feet.

A في samājat (v.n. of سمج), Being deformed, filthy, ugly; turpitude; adultera-

samācha, A bodice (for samākhcha). A clam samāh, simāh, dalam samāhat (v.n. of ممم), Being beneficent, liberal, humane; liberality, bountifulness;—simāḥ (v.n. 3 of , Being lenient towards one, pardoning; (pl. fem. of q.v.) beneficent, liberal (women).

a مماحت پسند samāḥat-pasand, Delight-

ing in generosity.

a timakh, The ear; orifice of the ear.

eamākhcha, A stomacher, bodice, or corslet worn by women.

. samād, Dung and ashes mixed سماد م

samār, Name of a herb.

مماروك = ,amārū, سماروك q.v. رخي samārū<u>kh</u>, عماروغ samārū<u>gh</u>, A white mushroom resembling an egg; salsuginous, unproductive ground.

samārūghzār, A mushroom-bed. samārūghnāk, Full of mush-

rooms.

samārūk, A pigeon. sumārī, A ship. .samarīs, A sardine سماريس

samāsirat (pl. of simsār), Bro-

kers; mediators.

A blam simāt, An order, series, row; rank; the carpet on which a meal is placed, a table-cloth; a table covered with victuals (construed with the verbs afgandan, kashidan, nihādan, &c.); the leathern carpet on which criminals were executed; -khwurda'i $sim \bar{a}t$, The remains of dinner.

a سماطين samātīn, A carpet, coarse cloth ; a room hung round with mirrors;—simā-

tain (obl. du.), On both sides.

A مماع samā' (v.n. of سماع), Hearing, listening to; the sense of hearing; ecstacy occasioned by hearing song or music; a song, a dance (especially a circular dance performed by dervishes in ecstacy), music; (in grammar) prescription, authority, usage; [samā' kardan, To hear;]—sammā', One who hears much; a spy.

a ن مماطيس samātīn-zan, Who spreads a

carpet.

A seems samā'at, A hearing, an audience; hearing or taking evidence in a law-suit; cognisance.

a هناع عامة samā'-<u>kh</u>āna, A house for song or dance (particularly where the dervishes

perform).

a walso samā'ī, Belonging to a dance or a song; a quick air, an allegro; whatever has been heard; traditional, oral; (in grammar) irregular, founded on custom, arbitrary, prescriptive.

a ماعيل samā'īl (for اسماعيل), Ishmael.

a سماعيلى samā'ili, Sacrifice, oblation; name of a sect which worships the organ of generation.

sum-afganda, Limping, lame.

ماق م sumāq, Mere, pure ;—summāq,

samāqīl, Sumach.

is snpported or raised; a platform, scaffold; (pl. of samak) fishes; name of two stars; [simāki a'zal, Spica virginis;—simāki ramih, Arcturus;]—sammāk, A fishmonger.

simāk, A road well guarded ;—sum-

māk, Sumach.

سماكارة samākāra, A waiter at a tavern; a servant.

samākcha, A bodice, corset, stomacher.

worm in water;—sammāl, Name of the father of a tribe.

a مم آلود samm-ābūd, Envenomed.

samān (for āsmān), Heaven; the 27th of the month;—simān, Name of a city.

A wimān (pl. of samīn), Fat;—sammān, A seller of butter.

samāna, A quail; a roof; name of a city in Hindustān where a fine cloth is made.

samānī, Sky-eoloured, azure. سماني

aumāna, A quail.

A wight samāwāt (pl. of samā'), The heavens.

A samāwat (v.n. of ...), Being rampant among the females, and leaping upon them (a stallion); a roof; a projection or shade over a door, a portico, a porch; a model, figure, form, mould; name of a place between Kūfa and Syria.

a مماري samāwī, Heavenly; celestial;

sky-coloured, cerulean, azure. هماهي samāhīj, Name of an island.

samā'im (pl. of samūm), Hot, pestilential winds, simooms; the dog-days.

sumbūda, همباره sumbūda, and— sumbūra, and— sumpāra, A hard sort of stone used in sharpening and polishing swords or knives (see منباره).

A simat (v.n. of رسم), Branding with a hot iron; a mark made by burning; a brand.

a samt (v.n.), Travelling; making for; guessing the way; finding the right way; a way, road, path; course, direction; towards;—samtu 'r-rūs, The zenith, the vertical point of the heavens;—samtu 'l-qadam, The nadir;—as-samt, The azimuth;—bo-samte, From one side or other, in any direction (m.c.).

sum-tirāsh, An instrument for

paring horses' hoofs.

a مستگر samtgar, Partial; a partisan.

a مستكري samtgari, Partiality.

samj, sumj, Any subterraneous passage; mine, or burrow; a common sewer; a cavern, a grot, the resort of the destitute, or a fold for sheep;—simij, Secrets.

A samj, Rich milk of a disagreeable flavour;—sumuj, Deformed, ugly, hideous,

stinking, offensive.

samjūr, sumjūr, Poor, homeless. منجور sumja, Offensive smell; smelling badly.

sumcha, A subterraneous passage;

a sheep-cote; a prison.

A samh (v.n.), Being beneficent, liberal; (fem. samhat, samha), Beneficent, liberal.

a wound touching that membrane.

A samkh (v.n.), Wounding in the ear-hole; breathing, blowing; beginning to sprout (corn).

هسدار sum-dār, Solid-hoofed (animal). a معدار samm-dār, Noxious, poisonous.

A samr (v.n.), Fixing with nails or pins, nailing; holding an evening conversation by moonlight;—sumr (pl. of asmar), Tawny; lances;—samar, Evening conversations; a story, tale; an adventure; night, darkness; the shadow of the moon; moonlight; time; a vestibule;—summar (pl. of sāmir).

samar, A weaver's brush (also sammar); name of a king, the founder of the city of Samarcand;—sumar, A reedbed.

samrād, Imagination, thought, fancy. ممرادي samrādī, What refers to thought or fancy; name of a sect of idealists, teaching that the world exists only in imagination.

a samraj, Tribute received in three instalments (A. s. samarraj from P. sih, Three, and marra, Time).

A منوة sumrat (v.n. of منوة), Being of a tawny colour ;—samurat, Egyptian thorn.

samarqand, Name of a famous city and kingdom in higher Asia (see مسركند).

samarqandi, An inhabitant of, or one belonging to, Samarqand; hollow

friendship, insincere professions of goodwill; a beam, rafter; a bar, bolt; a measuring pole or perch; a present given to a violated woman.

samarkand, A large city in Turki-

stān (see samar).

samrūd, One of three stages of religious perfection;—samrūdī samrūd, The highest degree of this stage.

**simsār, A broker; a mediator;

a reconciler of friends.

samsām, Swift, nimble (man). samsarat (v.n. of ,....), Brokerage.

samsiq, Jessamine; sweet marjoram.

sumsak, Of low extraction.

A samsam, A fox :—simsim, The grain sesame; -sumsum, A red ant.

wysamsimun, Myosotis.

A be samt (v.n.), Scalding the hair off (a kid) before roasting (it); suspending (anything); sharpening (a knife); losing its sweetness (milk); being silent, silence; active, alert; a row of bricks; -simt, A thread upon which beads or pearls are strung; a long necklace; a strap hanging from the saddle with which burdens are fastened; a thin garment (not quilted or lined); nimble, agile, light; sum!, A woollen garment; -sumut (pl. of simāt), Rows, series.

a a simty, A quatrain the third and fourth lines of which have the same rhyme.

A &-- sam' (v.n.), Hearing, listening; the sense of hearing; the ear; [sam'u 'lkiyàn, Title of a book on physics (see کیان) ;] -sim', The mongrel whelp of a wolf and hyæna; fame, fair name, good reputation; -sama', simi', Name of the father of a tribe of Himyar.

A "am'-an, Hearingly, i.e. willingly; -sam'-an wa tā'atan, Hearing and obedience, most willingly, you have only to command; [sam'-an la (wa-la) bulgh-an, It is heard, but may it not come to pass (a mode of expression when any disagreeable

news is reported).

A deam sam'at, A single hearing.

a سمع خراهي sam'-<u>kh</u>arāshī, A grating or jarring on the ear.

samghand, A menstruous woman; the menses.

samk (v.n.), Exalting, raising, bearing up, elevating, lifting up; the roof of a house; extent from top to bottom; height, elevation;—samak, Fish; the sign Pisces; a fish on which the earth is supposed to rest; hence:—az samak tā simak, From the fish to the star simāk (see ...); -baina 's-simāk wa 's-samak, The expanse between the centre of the earth and heaven.

samuk, Vain-glory, arrogant preten-

sions; vain, silly, foolish.

simgār, A city in سمكار Badakhshan.

amkūr, Name of a place.

A ممكور samk (v.n.), Blinding, knocking out an eye; gouging; making peace, reconciling; cleaning a well; -samal, An old tattered garment; small quantities of water; remainders of mud in a well.

A ⊕ samn (v.n.), Dressing or preserving (meat) with butter; butter; siman, Being

fat, fatness.

saman, suman, Trefoil; a certain white fragrant flower; (for yāsmīn) Jessamine; [samani zard, Name of a fragrant flower;]—suman, Summons (m.c. from E.).

simnār, Name of a famous architect. samnāk, Liberality, generosity.

saman-andam, With lumbs like jessamine.

ಸ ಲ್ಲಿ saman-bar, Jessamine-bosomed. saman-barg, Leaf of the jessa-

saman-bunāgosh, With ears of jessamine hue.

אני אני saman-bū (bo), Fragrant as jessamine.

saman-paikar. من چهری samanchihra, With a face of jessamine hue.

ار saman-khud, أغد يه saman-'izār, With cheeks like jessamine.

samand, Dun or cream (colour of a horse); a noble steed, a charger; an arrow; -- samandi barāg-raftār, A horse running with lightning speed; -samand jilau dādan, To urge a horse to run.

eamand-aslār, Name of an animal whose look was said to be fatal.

samandar, samandir, samandur, samandal, مندور samandur (said to be derived from sām, Fire, and andarun, Within), A salamander; name of a place in Hindustan from which aloes is brought.

عمدول samandūl. Bamandūk, سمندوك samandun, A salamander ;—samandūn, Name of an island; name of a demon

of Mazandaran.

samanzār, A jessamine-garden. saman-sā, Jessamine-like; fair.

saman-sāq, With thighs of jessamine hne.

saman-sāy, Touching jessaminelike cheeks (said of curls).

samanistān, A jessamine-garden. .v. چهره = saman-sīmā, = سمن سيما

saman-sīna, Jessamine-bosomed. -من عبد saman-ghabghab, With a chin (lit. dew-lap) like jessamine.

samangān, samungān, Name of a city in Ahwaz.

saman-la'l, Name of an odourless سمن لعل flower.

samanū, A kind of sweet macaroni ;--sumanū, مهنوا samanwā, Macaroni-soup.

samnūn, Name of an austere monk ;

zuhdi samnūn, Austerity like that of Sam-

a مسنة sumna, A black grain which fattens; any fat-producing medicine.

a hand sumaniyat, Name of a sect of Hindoos who believe in metempsychosis.

sumū, Wild cresses.

*simw, High, tall, elevated ;—sumww, sumū (v.n. of منمو), Being high, elevated.

samawat, Heavens, ekies.

a سبوط samut (for A. ليموط q.v.), Saddlestraps.

aumūt (pl. of samt), Ways, paths; directions.

samūd (v.n. of ممود ه.), Swelling with anger; carrying the head high from pride; travelling at a smart pace (camels); giving attention to play, amusement, or trifles.

A samūr, Swift (she-camel); --- sammur, The Scythian weasel or marten, the sable; also the fine skin or fur of that animal;—sammūri siyah, Night.

samosa, A kind of small pastry of minced meat of a triangular form; a pie; a shawl or handkerchief, doubled diago-

nally, to throw over the shoulders.

a سموط sumut (v.n. of هما), Being silent; losing its sweetness, beginning to turn (milk); (pl. of sim!) threads whereon beads are strung; saddle-straps.

samūq, Sumach;—sumūq (v.n. of ــــــــــــــــــــ), and---

مموك sumūk (v.n. of سموك), Being high, elevated; -sumūk (pl. of samak), Fishes.

A معول samūl, Old and worn (garmeut); -sumūl (v.n. of سمل), Being old and worn; (pl. of samalat) waters left at the bottom

samām, A sultry, pestilential, destructive wind, blowing by day and sometimes at night; simoom; -- sumum (pl. of summ), Poisons; small holes.

a منوم آفرين samūm-āfirīn, Creating or producing the simoom.

samūmistān, A place where simooms are frequent.

ه ممون samūn (pl. of samn), Butters.

منوة A sumūh (v.n. of مندة , Being astonished, thunder-struck; running without getting tired (camel, horse, &c.).

a منوى samawī, What concerns the name.

sima, A weaver's brush; a spatula with which weavers put the glue upon their thread; concealed, hidden; a green-coloured weed floating on stagnant water; -suma (for منبه q.v.), A gun-stick (m.c.).

a sama, Foolish, silly, giddy.

a محى samī, Of the same name, synonymous; similar; high, elevated.

a sammiyat, Poisonousness.

samij, The lurking-place of a hunter; the haunt of a large wild beast.

A samij, Deformed, ugly; fat milk turned sour.

A samīd, White bread; a kind of twist. هميدي samīdan, sumidan, To smell, scent, emit perfume.

sumīdūn, Smell, odour, fragrance.

.v. سميد = *samīz*, = سميذ م

sumer, The large bead at the head of a rosary.

A samīr, Evening entertainments, nocturnal conversations; places where such are held; the inmost recess; fond of nocturnal conversations (sing. and pl.).

samīrā, A cupping-horn; name of a place on the road to Mecca;—sumairā, Name of a famous woman, called *mihin* bānā, the mother of Shīrīn.

** samīr-āb (?), Name of the lord of the element water.

samīram, Name of a place between Iraq and Persia, whence water is brought, which, wherever carried, is followed by a small black bird that devours the locusts.

samīra, A line drawn; written. A Agratus sumairiyat, A kind of ship. samīz, An invocation, a prayer.

bank of the Euphrates.

A base samit, Verse, the third and fourth hemistichs of which end with the same rhyme, the following distichs having a different termination (see سبطى); a lamb or kid ready for roasting with the skin, the hair being taken off by hot water; simple (as a garment without lining, or a shoe with one sole, a sandal); nimble, active.

samī', A hearer; one who makes مسيح others hear or listen; a name of God.

samīq, A part of the yoke which encloses the ox's neck.

a معول samīl, = معول samīl, q.v.

A من samīn, Fat, full, plump; sleek, well-fed.

a سمين بدن samīn-badan, With a plump body.

a سمينون saminûn, A medicament producing fat (see سمنة sumna).

samina, A thin, delicate sort of stuff.

ن san, Colour; sort, species; rule, law, custom, usage; a spear; ivy; like; (for Fr. scène) the stage (in a theatre, m.c.); (for Fr. Seine) the river Seine (m.c.).

т ლ san, Thou.

A wann (v.n.), Forming, shaping; fixing the head upon a spear; piercing with a spear; making a miswāk for cleaning the teeth; breaking the teeth; making clay into earthenware; making plain and clear; feeding (camels) well; driving (camels) fast; scattering sand on the ground; pouring water on the face; polishing, furbishing, cleansing; smelling badly; being putrid; -sinn, A tooth; nib of a pen; an indentation; a horn; year, age, period of life; a wild bull; greedy eating; name of a mountain near Madinah; also of a place near Raiy; also of a city on the Tigris;sinni balūgh (balūghat, taklīf), Age of puberty, mature age; -sinni tamīz (lamyīz, shu'ur), The age of discretion; -sinni shabāb, Youth ;—sinni shaikhūkhīyat, Mature age; old age; -sinn u sal, Age, (many) years.

un sanā, Senate, upper house of legislature (m.c. from Fr. sénat) ;—sanā'i daulat,

The Senate of the Empire (m.c.).

a wanā, Light, splendour, brightness, flashing (of lightning); name of a tree from which tooth-picks are made; senna; a kind of silk; name of a valley in Najd; also of a woman whom Muhammad had married, but who died before consummation had taken place;—sanā', Elevation, height, altitude, eminence; senna;—sanā'ī makkī, Senna of Mecca (considered the best).

a عنا اكبر sinnan-akbar, Older in years. ساب $sin\bar{a}b$, = ساب q.v. (doubtful).

shinā- مناور = ,sinābar سنابري ,sinābar سنابر war, مناوري shināwari, qq.v. (doubtful).

ويدن sinābīdan, = مناويدن q.v. (doubtful).

anābil (pl. of sumbulat), Ears of corn; -abū's sanābil, Name of one of Muhammad's companions.

A wing sanah, = q.v.

A sināj, according to others sannāj, The mark left upon a wall by the smoke

sanād, Much, abundant.

Assisting, سناد sinād (v.n. 3 of سناد, Assisting, helping, compensating, requiting; opposition, resistance; in verse, a difference in the vocalisation of the penultimate of two hemistichs, as when $d\bar{a}d$ is made to rhyme with dūd or dīd; a huge female animal, a strong she-camel.

مىادىن ه sanādīn (pl. of sandān), Anvils.

sanār, A lover ;—sanār, sinār, A seaport; a dock or bed of mud, where ships are moored; the smyris;—sunār, A daughter-in-law; (for S. svarna-kāra) a goldsmith.

aunnār, A cat.

sanator, A senator (Lat. through سناطور R., m.c.).

ه مناعة sanā'at, Beauty, grace, elegance.

sināf, The poitrel or breast-harness of a camel.

سام ه sanām, A camel's bunch; high ground; the centre of the earth; name of a mountain near Basrab.

a سنا متوسط sinnan-mutawassit, Middle-

aged (m.c.).

a سنا مکی sanā-makkī, Senna of Mecca.

a sinān A spear-head; a spear; the point of an arrow or needle; a whetstone; construed with the verbs khwābānīdan, sā'idan, kashīdan, &c.;—sināni khatī, A spear made at Khat (see and neza'i khatī under

a nio will sinan-dar, Pointed (lance); armed with a spear; shield-bearer, esquire.

a منان دوش sinān-dosh, Shouldering a lance or spear.

a سنان کش sinān-kash, Pointed.

sanānīr (pl. of sinnaur and sunnār), Cats.

sanāv, Filings; much (see سناو for

which it is perhaps a misreading).

sanā'i, Surname of a Persian poet. sumb, A subterraneous dwelling, into which the poor retreat, and which serves as a fold for sheep or a shelter for travellers; the hoof of a beast; the foot; a wimble, auger, gimlet; perforation; (in comp.) boring, perforating (from the verb

sambāt, sumbāt, An apparition;

magic, illusion.

saṃbād, Thought, reflection; name of a magician ;—sumbād, Name of a champion of Iran.

a منبادج sumbādaj, منبادج sumbāzaj, Ara-

bic forms for-

sumbāda, The smyris (emery) with which glass is cut; a stone for sharpening and polishing swords, and for cleaning the teeth.

sumbara, A whetstone.

sambasa, This time, for once (see

sumbat, Name of a village in

Egypt.

sambālo, An ape; name of a medicinal tree.

سنبانيدن suṃbānīdan, To cause to bore;

to cause to prop.

a سنبك sumbuk, A mode of running; the fore-part of a horse's hoof; rough ground yielding but little profit; the beginning of a shower; (in P.) a small ship.

منبل ه sambul, sambal (?), Name of two cities in Rum;—sumbul, A flower (especially of an odoriferous plant); a hyacinth: an ear of corn; the sign Virgo: sumbulu 't-tīb, A species of spikenard; sumbul bar khat, A mole on a beautiful face; -sumbuli tar, A ringlet of hair, a curl; -sumbuli jabalī, Wild hyacinth; sumbuli khatā'ī, Angelica; -sumbuli rūmī, Celtic nard ; -sumbuli 'asafir, Indian spikenard ;-sumbuli kohi, Garden valerian ;sumbuli hindi, Spikenard; the hyacinth.

a سنبل مو sumbul-mū, One who has hair like the byacinth, odoriferous and gently-

waving.

a سبلخان sumbul-khān, Name of a place in Iran.

a سنجل مط sumbul-khat, With a hyacinthlike down.

A منبلة sambalat (v.n. of سنبلة), Coming into ear (corn);—sumbulat, sumbula, An ear of corn; the sign Virgo;—sumbula'i zar, A chafing-dish;—sumbula'i nau-ras, A ringlet.

a منبلستان suṃbulistān, Hyacinth-garden,

hyacinth-bed.

a سنبل هوا sumbul-hawā, A cloudy sky. a سنبلي sumbuli, Name of a tone in music.

ينبوت sambūt, = سنبوت q.v.

ه سبومك saṃbūsak, A pie.

sambūsa, A kind of triangular pasty, a pie; a square mantle which women wear doubled into a triangular form; anything triangular.

sumbūq, A small boat, pinnace.

sumba, Ceiling of a room; a black bee or grape; once, for this time; an instrument for notching a millstone; an auger; deceived;—sumba'i top, A gun-stick (see & suma, m.c.).

eambahārī, Mint.

sumbidan, To bore, perforate; to lean upon, to be propped; to deceive, cheat; to tread under foot.

eumpāra, A whetstone.

A dim sanat, sana, A year; a single revolution of the sun; [sana'i hijra, The year of Muhammad's flight; the first year of the Muhammadan era, commencing the 15th of July 622; -sinat, Beginning of sleep, slumber; carelessness, negligence, inadvertency; [sinatu 'l-fanā, The sleep of annihilation, death;]-sannat, A she bear; a female cheeta; -sinnat, A double-headed hatchet; money, coin; the nib of a pen; a coulter or ploughshare; a clove of garlic; -sunnat, sunna, Nature, habit, custom; mode or manner of acting; institution, regulation, mode of living; the law of God, the divine commands and prohibitions; the traditions of Muhammad, supplementing the Qur'an and held in nearly equal authority; -sunnat kardan, To circumcise (bisunnat "uncircumcised"); - ahli sunnat (sunna), Those who acknowledge the sunna (in opposition to shi'a "the followers of 'Ali");—sunnat u jama'at, The adherents of the first four Caliphs.

اليانس sant-alyāns, "The Holy

Alliance" (m.c.).

santūr, A spinnet, harpsichord (see

.(سنطير

sanj, Weight; measure; a conch-shell; a cymbal; (in comp.) weighing;—sinj, Elected, chosen; a choice; a cymbal; little bells suspended from Arabian drums; oxygal put into sweet milk, which sours and curdles it; vermilion; a young shoot; monks' rhubarb;—sunj, Buttocks.

A sunuj, vulg. sunj, The red jujube-

plant.

sinjāb, Ermine, the pontic mouse,

the grey squirrel; verdure; night; name of a country.

sinjābī, Grey, russet.

a سنجار sanjār, sinjār, A fort near Mosul; name of a desert in Mesopotamia.

سنهاف sanjāf, Edging; a border of a

garment.

a horse-tail is attached; [sanjāqi humāyān, The imperial flag or standard;]—sinjāq, A pin-brooch (m.c.).

t سنجاندار eanjāq-dār, An ensign-bearer,

ensign, cornet.

sanjān, Name of a province in Anatolia; also of a town in Persia.

سنجاليدن sanjānīdan, To cause to weigh. sinjid, The jujube-tree and fruit.

sanjar, A prince, emperor, king; name of a celebrated monarch; name of a hunting bird; ecstasied, enraptured.

sanjaristān, A monastery built سنجرستان

for the sufis or dervishes.

a سنجرك sinjarf, Cinnabar (= P. هنگرك q.v.).

sanjisbūya (P. sangisboya), Cinquefoil.

سنجاك sinjaf سنجك q.v.

r sanjaq, A flag, banner; a cornet; a pin;—sanjak, sanjuk, A waistband, girdle, belt.

т سنجوق sanjūq, A flag; a girdle.

sanja, A balance, scales; a weight; an equipoise or make-weight; name of a demon; name of a country.

sanjī, The act of weighing. سنجيد sinjīd, The jujube-tree.

sanjīdagī, Gravity, weight.

בבינט sanjīdan, To weigh;—sanjīdan, sinjīdan, To prepare.

sanjīda, Weighed; weighty, grave; tried, proved;— sanjīda, sinjīda, Prepared, set in order.

منجين sinjīn, Empty inside (doubtful). a المائية sanjīda-adā, Well-weighed,

judicious.

sanh, sunh (v.n.), Being open, clear, manifest; occurring, presenting itself; turning (anyone) from his design; coming easy to one (poetry);—sunh, Blessing, good omen, happiness after misfortune; name of a place near Madīnah.

sankh, Dirt, filth, nastiness; salt.

A منت sinkh, The root of anything; the root or stump of a tooth; rancid butter; the paroxysm of a fever; name of a village in Khurāsān;—sanakh (v.n.), Turning, becoming rotten, rancid, or tainted.

sanakhi, sinakhi sanakhch, An

asthma, shortness of breath.

a --- sind, India, particularly the western regions on the river Sind or Indus; suppositious, spurious, of an unknown father or mother; a bastard, a foundling;—sanad,

The seal or signature of a judge; a royal ordnance, mandate, or decree; a patent, grant, document, warrant, any royal deed or appointment under which another acts; an order, a written authority for holding either land or office; reliance, trust; relation, connection;—sanadi bīma, An insurance police (m.c.);—sanadi khūn-bahā, A retaliatory fine to the heirs of a murdered person;—sanadi kār-guzārī, Certificate of services;—sanadi mu'āfī, A rent-free grant.

سد آب sind-āb, The river Indus. مند آب sandāra, sindāra, A foundling.

a مندان sandān, sindān, An anvil; the iron on which the knocker of a door strikes; —sindān, Large and powerful.

a مدان هکاف sindān-shikāf, مدان هکاف

sindān-shikan, Cleaving an anvil.

a مندان كدار sindān-guzār, Whose arrow pierces an anvil.

الله الله sindbād, A book on practical science.

sandar, A gum resembling amber.

sandarat, Celerity; name of a tree of which bows and arrows are made; a large measure; name of a woman who sold wheat and gave full measure.

andaros, Gum of the red juni-

per, sandaracha, red arsenic.

مستورة sandara, = the preceding;—sindira, sandara, A bastard.

a سندس sundus, Brocade, silk wrought with gold or silver.

a سندسى sundusī, Made of brocade.

sindkesh, The rainbow; a vapour exhaled by the heat of the sun, representing the sea at a distance; the mirage.

sandal, A sandal, a kind of slipper; sandal-wood; a fool, idiot; a small boat employed in carrying fresh water and victuals to ships lying at a distance from shore, a bumboat.

sandalak, مندلك sandala, A small

shoe or slipper.

sandalī, A bench whereon shoes are left.

a سند مطابق sanad-muṭābiq, The counterpart of a grant, &c., the order to put it into execution.

هسده sandana, A kind of bird; steps of a stair.

sanad-wār, Having proof, supported by document or proof.

مُندوقس sandoqis (G. σάνδυξ), Minium, vermilion.

sanda, An anvil; fetid excrement; sunda, Fetid excrement.

sindihān, Wood of aloes; a species of steatites.

a سندى sindī, A native of Sind; Indian; —sanadī, Held by written deeds; authentic, reliable.

a مند يالنه sanad-yāfta, Holding a deed, grant, or certificate; chartered; accredited.

sindin, Empty inside, hollowed, excavated (doubtful, see سندين).

שנאַט sindiyān, A kind of oak; natives of Sind.

a سن رسيدة sin-rasīda, Of advanced age, old, in years.

suniz, Caraway-seeds.

ه منسان sansān, سنسان sansan, Inelegant language.

sansūr, Trunk of elephant or gnat. هنسور عسم sunsa, A black bee; a black grape.

منط sant, sanat, A kind of thorn, acacia. A جنم sin', The ankle or pastern joint;—sana', Beauty, comeliness (= مناعة q.v.).

with the strap called sināf;—sinf, The leaf of the tree markh (with whose wood the Arabians strike fire);—sunuf (pl. of sināf), Poitrels fastened on camels to steady the load.

منى sanaq (v.n.), Having the stomach overloaded with milk (a camel's colt); being indigestible.

sunqur, A falcon that hunts well. سنقره sunqura, A sort of bird whose flesh is said to be poisonous.

q.v. سنقر = ,sunqur سنقور

سنكلاليك sankalālīk, A wagtail.

عنك sang, A stone; a rock; a weight; a tombstone; stone of a sealing-ring; dumb-bells of athletes; a cannon-ball; gravity, authority, dignity; value, worth, price; equality; -sangi ātish, Marcasitestone; -sangi ahmar, A red poisonous stone;—sang az mûm sakhtan, To do something extraordinary or wonderful; -sangi ās (āsiyā), A millstone;—sangi ispang (ispand), A stone produced in sponges, and used medicinally against calculus; —sanqi āstān, A vestibule;—sangi iskāf, A shoemaker's lapstone; — sangi āsyān, A whetstone, hone; -sangi afsān, A whetstone; -sang āmadani pā, The foot strikes against a stone; -sangi imtiḥān, The touch-stone; -sangi antimūn, Crude antimony;—sangi āhak, Dolomite; -sangi āhan-kash (āhan-rubā), The stone attracting iron, or seizing, i.e. the loadstone or magnet;—sangi badal, False jewellery (m.c.) ;--sang bar bālā'i sang namī-mānad, No stone remains upon another (said of utter destruction) ;—sang bar balāyash guzāsht, He exaggerates the value of a thing, so that another should not be able to buy it; -sang bar sabū āmadan (zadan), To renounce wine; to trouble the joys of life; to afflict; to be afflicted; —sang bar sari sang na-mī-īstad, = sang bar bālā'i sang na-mīmānad;—sang bar sar kashīdan, To quaff a cup to the bottom;—sang bar shīsha uftādan (zadan), To break the goblet to pieces, i.e. to leave off drinking wine; —sany bar tās (qarāba) zadan, sang bar qarāba shikastan, = sang bar sabo āmadan above; — sang bar qandīl zadan, To

darken, to trouble the delights of life, to afflict; -sangi bargan, A soft stone used by glass-makers; — sang ba-sang zadan, To make a great noise about a small matter; to afflict, to trouble;—sanqi başrī, The Basrah-stone; tutty;—sangi bulūr (bilaur), Crystal; -sangi pō, A stone used to rub the dirt from the feet; -sangi parastūk, Swallow-stone; — sangi tarazū, A stone, or anything similar used in weighing;—sanai tarāshīda, A hewn or squared stone;—sangi tufang, The flint of a gun :- sangi tamām, Full weight; -sangi tūtiyā, The stone tutty; -sangi tahi dandan, A stone coming between the teeth in enting;—sangi jarāhat, A species of steatites;—sangi jahannam (hellstone), Lunar caustic; sangi jahannami ghairi qalamī, Crystallised nitrate of silver;—sangi juhūdān, Lapis Judaicus; sangi chāqmāq, A flint for striking fire (T.);—sangi chīnī, Quartz;—sangi hamām, A stone found in the crop of a pigeon; -sangi <u>kh</u>ār (<u>kh</u>ārā, <u>kh</u>āra), A hard stone, a flint;—sangi khāzh, = sangi pā, q.v.;—sangi khuros, A stone found in the side of a cock, good for medicinal purposes;—sangi khazafī, A stone resembling sea-foam ;—sang khwurdan, To be hit with a stone;—sang dāshtan, To weigh, to be heavy;—sang dar āb afgandan, To be firmly established; to hide, to conceal; -sang dar astin, Cruel, injurious, persecuting; -sang dar dahān andākhtan, To be silent; -sang dar sum badan, To cease travelling; to be afflicted, restless; -sang dar qindil zadan, To darken; -sang dar mūza, (stone in one's boot) Of slow motion;—sany dar māza uftādun, To be distressed, irresolute;—sanyi rāh, Impediment; obstructing, hindering; -- sangi rāh shudan, To forbid; to hinder, to restrain;—sangi ra'd. A stone ball (for a cross-bow); a stone-roller for making smooth the flat roofs of houses;—sangi roshnā'i, Marcasite stone;—sangi rāyi yakh, Who runs and busies himself as he is bidden to do (see sagi rāyi yakh under نسک: ; — sanqi za<u>kh</u>m, Ivory-stone ;—sanqi sū'ī, Whetstone; — sangi surkh, A soft stone found in India;—sangi surma, Native antimony; - sangi sifal, Potters' clay; -sangi safed, A soft stone of the same species as sangi surkh above;—sangi sag, A stone which has passed through the mouth of a savage dog, and is said to produce violent strife between men or animals amongst whom it is thrown;—sang suftan, To perforate a stone, (met.) to accomplish some extraordinary feat;—sangi sutaimanī (suloimānīya), An onyx, agate imported from Sulaimāniya, whence the name, and used for amulets);—sangi sumāq, Porphyry;—sangi sandā, Pumice-stone;—sangi siyāh, The black stone at Mecca; sangi siyāhi so<u>kh</u>ta, Pumice-stone;—sangi

siyāhi shīshagarān, Black ore of manganese; -sang siyāh kardan, To slay, destroy;sang-ash bar rūyi āb-ast, He is wanting in dignity or authority; -sangi shajarī, Coral and its roots; -sangi shīr, A grey stone which, macerated, produces the appearance of milk; -sangi shīsha, Stone which is blown into glass;—sangi silāya, A stone on which drugs, &c., are ground;—sangi sandal-sā, A stone on which sandal is pounded; -sangi sanam, A stone from which idols are carved; - sangi tiflan, Stone thrown by children at mad people;—sanqi tāl, A stone of divination; -sangi qālī. A stone placed on the edge of a counterpane or carpet to prevent the wind from entering and blowing it up;—sanqi qibti, Fullers' earth;—sanqi qamar, Moonstone;—sanqi qana'at, Stone of contentment, i.e. a stone strapped tight to the belly to deaden the pangs of hunger; —sangi kam, Short weight (opp. to sangi tamām above); — sangi kūdakān, = sangi tiftan above;—sangi lakhshan, A slippery stone;—sangi luqma, A stone found in a morsel (see sangi tahi dandan above);sangi gardān, A millstone;—sang gardānidan, To petrify;—sang gashtan, To be petrified;—sangi māhī, A hard white stone found in the head of a fish;—sanyi masāna. Stone in the bladder;—sangi muhtasib, The stone with which the police-officer breaks the wine-bottles, &c.;—sangi mihakk, (mahak), The touch-stone; the black stone in Mecca; -sangi murdar, Litharge (see ورداسنگ ;—sangi marmar, Marble ;—sangi mughni, A soft stone used by glass-makers; -sangi mignātīs, The loadstone; -sangi mūsá, A black stone so called, a kind of coal; -sangi mīzān, A stone used in weighing; a weight; — sangi nishan, A roadstone; -sangi namak, Native salt, rock salt ;—sangi nūr, Marcasite-stone ;—sang n äb nihādan, To utter threats, to frighten by one's speech; -sang u tegh muhr kurdan. To be unemployed, or do anything nngatory (from the prohibition of the use of weapons in Muharram and Ramadan); -sang u $d\bar{a}\underline{a}h$ shud. He is crippled with wounds; -sanqi warqan, = sanqi baryan above; -sang u sabū, Servitude; -saun yūsim, A kind of fullers' earth ; -sangi yada, A magic stone producing rain; -sangi yarāmī, A stone of which tooth-powder is made; -sangi yasham, A kind of jasper or agate; -sangi yak-pārcha (yak-waṣl), A monolith; -sangi yaman, Cornelian; -sangi yahūd, Lapis Judaicus; -bar sang randan, ba-sang tez kardan, To sharpen; ba-qadri yak sang, Enough (water) to turn one (mill-) stone (m.c.); — chū sang, (adv.) Firmly, strongly.

سنگاب sang-āb, Measurement for the quantity of water running in the canals (in

Teheran 16 to 17 litres per second).

sangār, A fellow-traveller; ships sailing together; -eingar, Adornment of a woman (see هرهفت).

sang-āsā, (Like a stone) Firm,

solid, immoveable.

sangāsh, Envy, hatred.

sang-ishkan, A sort of date;

corn, grain.

سنك اهكنك sang-ishkank, A kind of date. sang-afkan, سنك انداز sangandāz, A loophole in a fortress; a slinger; a tippler, sot; pleasure; thirst; a holiday celebrated at the end of Sha'ban.

sang-andāzī, A throwing of stones, lapidation; — sang-andāzī kardan,

To throw stones.

sangāna, A red-headed sparrow. sang-bar, Raining stones; stony

sang-bārān, A shower of stones. sang-bārish, مىكبارى sang-bārī, A hurling of stones; a stony place.

sang-bar, Stony place; fellow-tra-

veller.

sang-bast, Raw from the mine; much.

sang-basta, A grape hardened ripe.

sang-būm, A stony country. .sang-pistān, Sebestens سنگيستان

sang-pusht, A tortoise; a turtle.

sang-post (stone-skin), A tor-

sang-tirāsh, A stone-cutter; a سنگتراه mason.

sang-tara, A kind of orange.

sang-toda, A heap of stones, a سنگ توده cairn.

sang-taul, Equal in weight. sang-jan, Cruel, merciless, having سنگ جان a heart of stone.

sang-josh, Boiled by a hot stone.

sangcha, A hailstone, hail.

sang-chin, Stones heaped round سنكت چين

a building.

sang-khārā, مارك عارة sang-khāra, سنك عارا A kind of hard stone; ruggedness of temper; avarice.

sang-khurda, A small piece of سنگ خرده

. sang-khwar, سنگنور sang-khwar سنگ عوار A bittern; an ostrich; also a species of eagle (as swallowing stones); the bird called qaţā.

a منك خوارج sang-khwāraj, and—

Bang-khwārak, silasim sangkhwāra, A hard pebble; the bird called qatā. Bang-khwurak, A little graveleating bird called qatā.

sang-dagh, A heated stone put سنگ داغ in water to sublimate it; an ardent lover;

hastening.

sangdan, Crop of a bird, gizzard. sang-dāna, The gizzard of a bird; a kind of grain; a potter; a potter's workhouse; a place of idols; an idolmaker.

sang-dil, Hard-hearted, cruel, merciless.

sang-dilī, Hardness of heart. سنگدولة sungdula (dola), A whirlwind.

sangur, A porcupine; intrenchment; a bastion, a battery (m.c.).

singarf, Cinnabar.

sangurk, sangrak, Hail; the whirl of a spindle.

sang-rū, Brazen-faced, impudent.

sang-rez, Flinging stones; stoned. sang-reza, Gravel; a bulse of diamonds, or what a merchant carries about him for sale; a kind of soup.

هنگريزةناك sang-rezanāk, Gravelly (spot). ن sang-zan, A light pair of scales;

a make-weight.

sangsar, Stony; a stoning; a slinger; firmness, stability; transmigration;—sangsār kardan, To stone to death.

sangsāri, A stoning to death. sang-sabū, A basket full of سنگ سبو

pebbles; -sang-sabū kardan, To suspend such a basket to the neck of a person by way of punishment. sangisboya,

Cinquefoil; plant crabs-eyes, which, infused in vinegar,

is used for the leprosy.

sangast, Name of a place.

wangistān, A stony country. sang-surma, Native antimony.

sang-shikan, Fruits of the earth, corn, grain; a sort of date.

sang-shū'i, Washing (rice) before dressing, washing the gravel out of

sang-farsay, Wearing out the سنگ فرسای stones (hoof).

sang-farsh, Stone pavement سنک فرش (m.c.);—sang farsh kardan, To pave (m.c.).

sang-fisān, A whetstone (see sangi afsān under سنگ).

sangak, A little stone, a pebble; mail; a sort of bread baked on a stone; a kind of small and black grain; a sort of bird.

sanglākh, A stony place; rocky, Btony.

sangula, Vetch or millet-bread.

sangam (S. sangama), Intimate union, junction; a fellow-traveller; -sangum, A certain winged animal, an insect resembling a beetle found in baths.

sangam-bar, A fellow-traveller;

union.

سنگناك sangnāk, Stony (place).

sangwān, Name of a fortress in Persia.

sangūr, A basket in which they

carry about and sell beer; a whirl on the top of a spindle; name of a bird.

sangok, A whirl fixed on a spindle. sangūl, Necessaries, requisites. sanguya, A strong fort in India. sanga, A hedgehog; hail.

sangī, Stony ; heavy ; hard ; weight ; sangī giriftan, To settle;—bulūri sangī, Crystal.

sang-yada (sangi yada), A stone سنگ يدة

growing in animals' bodies.

angīn, Heavy, weighty; numerous سنگين (an army); stony; hard, firm, solid; obstinate; a bayonet; name of a fort; -sangin būdan, To weigh, to be heavy;—ustukhwāni sangin, A man of noble race;—sa'ati (shabi) sangīn, A disastrous hour (night).

sangin-pā, Who is unable to

move from the spot, spell-bound.

sangin-khwar, A small gravel سنگين خوار eating bird; a bittern; an ostrich.

eangin-dast, Who acts with deliberation.

sangin-dil, Hard-hearted, cruel, سنگين دل inhuman.

ساكين سار sangīn-sār, A starling. angīn. Weight, heaviness; a load; solidity; nightmare; offensiveness, disagreeableness, unpleasantness.

sanlakh, A short-sleeved garment.

anam (v.n.), Being high and hunchbacked (a camel); -sanim, High-bunched;

a high flowering plant.

sinimmār, A robber; one who does not sleep at night; the moon; name of the builder of the palace khawarnaq for King Nu'man, after the completion of which he was cast headlong from the top of it, lest he should erect a similar or superior edifice for any other person; hence:—jazā'i sinīmmär, Sinimmār's requital, i.e. evil for good.

sinmīdan, To use violence; to suffer molestation; to be difficult.

ه سنن sanan, Galloping (camels); road, way, path ;-sunun (pl. of sunnat), The sayings of Muhammad, and the laws based thereupon.

sanawā, A cemetery, a burial-place سنوا

(unsupported by examples).

A منوات sanawāt (pl. of sanat), Years; a rupee which has been current more than one year; old coin current at a depreciated rate after a certain number of years.

انتج sinūḥ (v.n. of سنوع A منوع , Passing from the left to the right (game, considered a good omen); happening, occurring, presenting itself; manifestation; occurrence.

منوخ sunūkh (v.n. of منوخ , Being firm, solid in knowledge; firmness, constancy.

sanūd, The exercise of the mind upon an unprofitable subject.

A سنود sunud (v.n. of سنود, Being propped, leaning upon or against.

G سنوديان sinūdīq, Relating to a synod.

sannūr, A leathern coat of mail; armour, arms, warlike equipment; -sinnaur, A prince, chief, master of a family vertebræ of the neck; a cat.

T منور sinur, Limit, frontier.

sinus, A heap of grain thrashed out but not yet sifted ;-sunus, Name of a tree and herb.

sanūtá, Beardless. سنوطئ sanūtá, Beardless.

منوع ه sunū' (v.n. of منوع , Being beautiful, excellent, graceful.

sanau-gird, Name of a village near سنو کرد

منون sanūn, A dentifrice; a stick used for that purpose; -sinun (pl. of sanat),

a سنوى sanawī, Annual ;—āṣāri sanawīya, Chronicles, annals, annual registers.

a anh (v.n.), Bearing no fruit for many years (a palm-tree);—sanih, Mould, mustiness; musty, mouldy (bread); (wheat) several years old.

sanah, An execration, imprecation, malediction, curse; robust, strong; a species of hard iron which, when hot, absorbs water; a bramble;—sana (for A. منال , A year ;—sunuh, A daughter-in-law. منال , A year ;—sunhār, A daughter-in-law.

any (v.n.), Watering the ground سنى (a camel or a cloud) ;—sanī, fem. هسية sanīyat, saniya, High, lofty, sublime; shining, flashing; [hālāti sanīya, Important circumstances; -sunni, Lawful; an orthodox Muhammadan who accepts the traditionary portion of the Muhammadan law; one who reveres equally the four immediate successors of Muhammad, whence they are also called chahār-yārī.

sanai, Īron, steel ;—sinī (for sīnī), A large shallow bason or voider of silver. wood, or brass, in which dishes of meat are carried to and from table; also in which pies are baked in the oven; dross of iron;sunni, A delicious fish found in Multan.

sanīb, The iron of a spear, arrow, &c. (see سنى sanai, for which it is perhaps a misreading).

T سنير sinīr, Limit, frontier (see سنير).

sunīz, Caraway-seed.

sanīzha, A weaver's reed or shuttle; thread beyond the width of the piece in the loom and not woven.

ه سنيځ ه sanī', Excellent, beautiful.

مىيى sanīn, Sharp, acute, whetted; of, to, from years; coeval; -sinin (obl. pl. of sanat used as nom.), Years; -sunain (dim. of sinan), The point of a lance (opp. to bunain, the lower part of it which rests on the ground).

sau, Name of a fountain in Tus;—sū, A side, part, quarter; towards; (for T. su) water; light; splendour; as, like as; (for sūd) Emolument, profit;—sū ba-sū, From this side to that, here and there; -su

pas, Afterwards; —sūyi bāah, Towards the garden; -sūyi pā dīdan, To cast down the eyes from shame; to blush; -suyi khwud tisha zanad, He draws the water to his own mill; he thinks only of himself; -sūyi kase giriftan, To protect, to guard; -an sū, That part, there, thither ;-in sū, This side, here. hither;—ba-sū, Towards;—ba-har sū, Everywhere; — zi-har sū, har sū, From every

Δ *σω εαυ' (v.n.), Grieving, saddening; doing evil; -sū', Evil; badness; indisposition; leprosy; fire; --sū'i adabī, Disrespect; rudeness; sū'i hāl, A bad plight; sū'i hazmī, Indigestion ;-sū'i zann, An evil thought; ill-grounded suspicion; false idea; rash judgment;—sū'i 'amal, A villanous action.

A ماه sawā' (v.n. of سواه , Acting wrong; grieving, saddening; equality; except; [sawā' shudan, To leave one another, to separate (n.); -sawā kardan, To separate (trans.);—az ham sawā', Different from one another (m.c.);]—siwā, Like, equal.

اب sawāb, A straining, a squeezing

sawābiq (pl. of sābiqat), Past events; swift horses; -sawābiqi aiyām, Former days (m.c.); -- sawabiqi mahabbat, Old acquaintance, ancient friendship.

ه هوا ه saw'at, Deformity, nastiness; any-

thing abominable; a bad quality.

A wawahil (pl. of sahil), Coasts; sawāhil sawāhil, From shore to shore.

sawad, Lees of wine; circuit, circumference; dung, manure; -sawādi peshānī, The appearance of the countenance.

sawād, Blackness; black colour; blackening, soot, smoke; ink; the heart's core; the figure of a man in the distance; sable raiment; mourning habiliments; great riches; a large number; a multitude of people; a rough draft; reading, learning, ability; writing (m.c.); the rural districts (of a province or town), environs, suburbs; [sawādi a'zam, Any large city; Mecca; -sawādu 'l-batn, The liver; -sawādu 'L'ain, The pupil of the eye; a beloved mistress; -- sawādu 'l-qalb, Blackness of heart; (met.) love; original sin; -sawād ba-dast āwardan. To obtain a copy :—sawād bar-dāshtan (bar-giriftan), To transcribe, to copy :- sawād tarāshīdan, To produce blackness;-sawād tund kardan, To acquire or produce the faculty of writing and reading ;-sawād dāshtan, To read a book ;sawādi dīda, Blackness of the eye; the pupil; -sawād roshan kardan, sawād shudan, = sawād tund kardan above; -sawād zidūdan, To remove blackness;—sawādi sirf, Gross darkness;—sawād kardan, To transcribe, copy, engross; -sawād gushūdan, = sawād tund kardan above ;-sawādi nās, A crowd of people;—asḥābu 's-sawād,

Melancholy people;—ahli sawād, Literary men, literate people (m.c.);]—siwād (v.n. 3 of سود), Whispering in the ear; voice, noise; -suwad, Paleness of the face; a disease incident to cattle; a whisper in the

a مواد عوالان sawād-khwānān, Readers of books.

موار ه siwar (v.n. 3 of موار ه), Assailing, springing on another, seizing by the head; -siwār, suwār, A bracelet; [zāti siwār, A lady wearing a bracelet;]—suwār, Strength

(of wine); sharpness.

suwār (C. asbāra), A cavalier, horseman, rider, trooper; a Persian chief (as being skilful in horsemanship and archery); embarked in a ship, going on board; suwar budan, To be mounted: to overcome: —suwāri sīstān, Rustam Zāl;—suwār shudan, To be mounted; -suwar shudan bar kār, To undertake;—swwār raftan, To go mounted, ride; -- suwāri kālaska, Driving in a carriage (m.c.);—suwāri kālaska shudan, To drive (m.c.);—suwār kardan, To make one mount on horseback; -suwar u piyāda, Horse and foot, cavalry and infantry.

suwārān (pl. of suwār), Horsemen; -suwārāni āb. Bubbles; waves (see

. (آب سوار

suwār-pā, An active walker; a سوار پا

nimble pedestrian (see باسوار). عنه suwāraki āb, A bubble ; a wave. عبوار كار suwār-kār, A good rider, jockey. واركار suwār-kārī, Good riding, jockeyship; cavalry; a trooper; drunk, tipsy.

פּוּלֶלוֹטְ suwāragān (pl. of suwāra), Troopers ;—suwāragāni ōb, Bubbles, waves. sawaran, A small seed used in

making an eye-salve.

eiwāra, Papyrus, sweepings;—suwāra, Mounted on horseback; a horseman; a trooper ;-suwāra'i abū 'l-jam'ī, Irregular cavalry; tribal horsemen (m.c.);—suwāra'i khāssa, Horse-guards (m.c.);—suwāra raftan, To ride.

suwara u būfa, An evening - سواره و بونه party, with refreshments served at a buffet

(m.c. from Fr.).

suwārī, The manège, art of horsemanship; riding; equipage, suite; -suwārī kardan, To overcome, to vanquish; -asbi suwārī, A saddle-horse;—shuturi suwārī, A camel for riding; — maḥalli suwārī, A horse-block.

sawas, A kind of tree which emits سواس fire.

a مواسية sawāsiya (pl. of sawā'), Equal. suwā', The first watch of the

night; name of an ancient Arabian idol; according to others, of an idol of the people of Noah.

a قام siwāgh, That whereby ease is given to any pain in the throat by putting down

anything sticking in it; suwagh (v.n. of (wine asily down the throat

or food).

A سواف sawāf (v.n. of سوف), Perishing; a cucumber; —sawāf, suwāf, A mortality, murrain, a mortal distemper (amongst cattle); death widely spread.

sawāfi', Scorching blasts of wind;

scorchings of the face.

sawafin, سوالين sawafin (pl. of

safūn), Ground-sweeping winds.

auwāq, A cattle-driver;—sūwāq, مواتى م Long-legged; the buds of a palm-tree when become a span long; (pl. of $s\bar{a}'iq$) drivers.

sawāqī (pl. of saqiyat), Trenches سواكي cut in sown fields to water them; stream-

lets, rivulets.

مواك sawāk (suwāk), A gentle pace; siwāk (v.n. 3 of سوك), Rubbing (the teeth with a certain wood); stick for rubbing the teeth, tooth-pick, tooth-brush; dentifrice.

عبواك suwāk, Smut, blight upon corn.

su'āl, in P. mostly suwāl (v.n. of الال), Asking, begging; praying for; a question, interrogation; a problem; a petition, demand, request; a proposition; [suwāli ishārī, An indicatory or leading question; — suwāli tardīd, Cross-examination; -suwāli hāl kardan, To inquire after one's health; suwāl khwastan (kardan, namūdan), To make a request, to ask, to inquire;—suwāl dīgar jawāb dīgar, Cross questions and crooked answers;—suwāl u jawāb, Question and answer, dialogue; suwāli hidāyatī, A leading question;]su"āl, sūwāl (pl. of sā'il), Beggars.

A سوالات عu'ālāt (pl. of su'āl), Questions,

requests, &c.

a سوال جواب su'āl-jawāb, Question and answer; dialogue; discussion, debate; cross-examination; — su'āl-jawāb kardan, To converse (m.c.).

a سوال خواني su'āl-<u>kh</u>wānī, Hearing an ap-

plication, entertaining a case or suit.

a بوال در سوال عن قلام su'āl dar su'āl, Question within question, e. cross-examination.

ه سوالف ه sawalif (pl. of salifat), Past

events. a سوالي suwālī, A questioner; he who

sings the margiya.

a wam (for A. suwamm, pl. of samm), Poisonous animals.

sawāniḥ, Accidents, occurrences, events.

a سرانع نگار sawāniḥ-nigūr, A news-writer. a جاي siway, Besides, except.

ه مواكم sawa'im, Flocks, herds feeding.

عوب sūb, Water.

שנאט subān, Name of a valley in Persia (unsupported by examples); name of a Persian medicine (doubtful).

eubdī, A starling سوبدى

sūbarā (in Zand), Hope, hopefulness.

عنو سو عن sū ba-sū, From side to side; side by side.

sūbahār, An ancient idol-temple in Ghaznin.

eūbīyat, Wine made from wheat. ייפּע sup, Water (in the dialect of Khwarazm).

sūpārī, The areca-nut.

sūpargā, Superga, a church near Turin where the kings of Piedmont are buried (m.c.).

ی پکند مبوب پکند مبوب پکند (in the dialect of Khwarazm); according to others a demand or search for water and

پس عن پس sū pas, Afterwards.

a مونه supa, Supper (m.c. from Fr. souper). هنوس ه قلر A whistle :—sūt zadan, To whistle (mm.cc.).

sūtām, Little, small; deficient; few; سوتام bad (in the dialect of Tue).

sŭtar, Farther, beyond.

eota-bardār, A mace-bearer. ייניא איניון

sawajān, A going سوچان , sawajān

Ey soj (for soz), A burning.

sūjarūnitan, (in Zand) To bring. sojish (for sozish), A burning.

soja, A gore, gusset.

sūcha, A gore, gusset; a fool; in

r سوچى sāchī, Wine. t ماي suchī-<u>kh</u>āna, A tavern, a wine

A خوس saukh. موغاه sawakhan (v.n. of ty.), Sinking in the mud; yielding to the feet (soft ground); $-s\bar{u}\underline{k}\underline{h}$, Name of a village.

عون sū<u>kh</u>, An onion; a city in Turkistān. B موماري sūkhārī, Biscuit (m.c.).

هومت so<u>kh</u>t, Burnt; a revoke at cards. مومت تيرة so<u>kh</u>t-tīra, Bay, chesnut horse. so<u>kh</u>tagī, Combustion; a burn; سوعتكى the burnt wick or snuff of a candle; vexation, heart-burning ;--sokhtagi az ābi garm, A scald from hot water.

هوعتني so<u>kh</u>tan (imp. soz), To burn, to be inflamed; to set on fire; to blast (cold); to remain unpaid (money, a stipend, &c.);wā-sokhtan, To repudiate, to resist.

sokhtanī, Fit or deserving to be سوختنى burnt.

sokhta, Burnt; burnt by hell-fire سومتة (a term of abuse, as in پدر سوځته q.v.); diseased in the liver; a slow match; weighed; overtaken by troubles; dross; dregs, lees; tinder; drunk; name of one of the treasures of Khusrau; a student.

so<u>kh</u>ta-pā, Pacing along, hasten- سوخته يا ing.

ه موخته هان so<u>kh</u>ta-jān, Consumed, pained. sokhta-khirman, Whose harvest is burnt.

a سوخته خوکب 80khta-kaukab, Unfortunate, unlucky.

sūd, A being prince or chief, do-

minion; (pl. of aswad) black.

sawad (for sabad), A wicker-basket; —sūd, Gain, lucre, emolument, advantage, profit; interest, usury; (for sūr), a feast, festive conversation; acquainted with every art; (abbreviated inf. of sūdan) to rub;—sūd khwurdan, To exact usury;—sūd dāshtan, To derive profit; to avail; (also construed with the verbs tarashīdan, burdan, dādan and kardan;)—sūd kardan (for sūdan), To rnb, &c.;—sūdi māya, Profit on capital stock;—chi sūd, What is the use of it? (m.c.)

saudā, Trade, traffic, marketing; gain, profit, emolument;—saudā bar-ham khwurdan (bar-ham zadan, burīdan), To upset a bargain;—saudā dāshtan (dar-giriftan), Commerce thrives;—saudā shikastan, To break a bargain;—saudā kardan (namūdan), To barter;—saudā girih shawad (gardad), Trade is becoming dull;—saudā'i turkāna kardan, To trade negli-

gently or carelessly.

A alignosaudā' (fem. of aswad), Black; the heart's core; original sin; the black bile; love, passion, concupiscence, ambition; melancholy; madness; a rash; atrabilious, furious;—saudā' pukhtan, To entertain a violent desire; to be mad;—saudā' bar sar sanad, Darkness prevails;—saudā' dar āmad, Darkness approaches;—saudā' i kaj pukhtan, To be deluded by a vain imagination;—saudā kardan,—saudā pukhtan above.

a سودا پرست saudā-parast, Sensual; ambi-

tious.

saudā-jāy, A place of brisk trade. هودا جاي saudā-<u>kh</u>āna, A house or place of commerce.

saudār, A general, commander (pro-

bably misreading for sar-dar).

a مودازده saudā-zada, Mopish, melancholy. مودا سك saudā suluf (salaf?), Traffic, barter.

هود اسود المود sūd-ā-sūd, Profit upon profit,

what gain!

ه مودا کده saudā-kada, A house of commerce. عودائر saudāgar, A merchant; melancholie;—saudāgar-bachcha, A merchant's son, a young merchant;—saudāgar-bachchī, A merchant's daughter.

وداگری saudāyarī, Trade, commerce. A جدای saudān, A sort of nightingale; sūdān, Negroes, blacks; Ethiopians.

sūdāniyāt, A woodpecker.

عود آور sūd-āwar, Profitable; a merchant. sudāwa, Wife of Kai Kāwus.

a موداري saudāwī, Melancholy, dejected, atrabilarious;—saudāwīyu 'l-mizāj, Of a melancholy temperament; an atrabilarian.

a مودائي saudā'ī, Melancholy, black bile; melancholic, an atrabilarian; a madman,

هود خوار ,sād <u>kh</u>wur, An سود خوار ,sād <u>kh</u>wur, An usurer ; a publican.

ه ود م sūdad, su'dud, Principality, do-

minion.

مودش sawidash, A ploughshare (unsupported by examples).

ه سودگی sūdagī, Wear and tear, friction.

عبود کیش sūd-kesh, An advantageous line of action or conduct.

عبودمند sūdmand, Useful, fruitful, gainful, salutary, profitable, advantageous.

sūdmandī, Profit, gain, advan-

tage.

even sadan, To rub, wear, tear, grind, consume, break; to dissolve, steep in water; to handle, stroke; to anoint, besmear, incrust, bedaub; to transfix, pierce.

smear, incrust, bedaub; to transfix, pierce. sūda, Rubbed, worn, triturated;

melted, dissolved, effaced; powder.

sūdī, Money borrowed at interest.

ه موذق ه sauzak, A bracelet.

A wall of a city, a rampart; (pl. of siwār) bracelets;—also suwar (pl. of sūrat), Lofty edifices; rows of stones in a wall; chapters of the Qur'ān;—su'r, Remains, leavings.

sūr, Nuptials; a banquet, feast, entertainment; redundant, exceeding; excuse, plea; ash-colour; red colour; red wine; a horse, ass, or mule marked with a stripe from the withers to the tail; name of a bird; name of a city; a name by which some of the Afghāns are distinguished;—tartībi sūr, The arrangement of a feast;—muqadammāti sūr, The preparations for a feast.

sūrā, Name of a city. سوراً

sūrāt (pl. of sūrat), Sūras or

chapters of the Qur'an.

the surākh, A hole, orifice, passage;—surākhi bīnī, The nostril;—sūrākhi son, Touch-hole of fire-arms;—sūrākhi shud dar āsmān (saqfi āsmān), A great calamity has happened;—sūrākhi koh, A tunnel (m.c.);—sūrākhi maq'ad (kūn), The hole of the fundament, the anus;—sūrākhi mūshī basad dīnār mīkharad, He would buy a mouse-hole for a hundred dīnārs (said proverbially of one who would pay any price to escape from a great danger).

where a hole is made; — sūrākh-jā'i top, Embrasure for

cannons.

sūrā<u>kh</u>-dār, Perforated, drilled, full of holes; worm-eaten.

an instrument for tapping horses' navels.

هوراخ کرده هن*ية هنده هنده هنوراخ کرده هنده هنوراخ کن sūrā<u>kh</u>-kan, A wimble, gimlet, borer.*

sūrān, A starling.

aurat, An assault, attack; strength (of wine); violence; power, despotism; severity of cold;—sūrat, A row of stones in

a wall; a structure (especially lofty); a chapter of the Qur'an.

sūrat, City and province of Surat.

sūraj, A sort of sea-foam.

sūrsāt, Requisitions in kind levied from the enemy ;-sūrsāt jam' kardan, To collect requisitions (mm.cc.).

sūrsān, Name of a city founded by

Nushirwan.

suristar, A minister to a king or سورستار prince.

sūristārām (pl. of the preceding), Ministers.

eūristān, Syria.

 $_{ ext{T}}$ سورسات $\ddot{a}t,=sar{a}r$ سورمات q.v.

sūrghūn, The red saul.

שנישבט sürmidan, To blow a trumpet.

דענט ד suran, An assault, irruption, war-

sūr-nā, A multitude of people, convivial meeting ;—sur-nā سور نلى sūr-nāy, A trumpet, a clarion blown on feast-days; (in the language of Sodomites) the penis;—sar-na zadan (nawakhtan), To blow the trumpet; (met.) to talk foolishly or at random.

Būrinjān, سورنجان Wild saffron, dogs-

bane, hermodactyl.

sūrī, A beautiful red rose of an odoriferous and exhilarating flavour; vitriol, red copperas; mirth; a kind of arrow or javelin; belonging to the city of Sūr; sure, One marriage.

aūriat, Syria. سورية ه

sūriyūs, Name of Nimrod.

802, Burning; inflammation, heat; a burning fever; heart-burning, affection; disturbed in mind; the cautery; a stanza of a marsiya or elegiac poem ;sozi birādarī, Fraternal affection ; -pur-soz, Full of heat.

sozā, Burning violently, giving excruciating pain; a bile, felon;—reshi sozā, A

smarting wound.

وزار sozār, Flame; a setting on fire. sozāk, An inflamed ulcer, a pimple; burning; gonorrhœa, chaude-pisse.

sozan, Burning, inflaming; ardent, fervent; - ātishi sozān, A flaming fire.

sozāndan, To burn, to consume سوزاندن (m.c.).

sozānī, Heat. سوزاني

sozānādan, To set on fire.

sozish, Burning, conflagration; a chafing or fretting; solicitude, vexation.

ان sozak, Blennorrhæa, gleet.

وز كداز soz-gudāz, Burning and melting; an impassioned style in poetry.

sozam, Sour milk falling in clots.

win sozan, A needle; pricker (of a gun); -sozan afshändan (rekhtan), To punish, to torment, to afflict; -sozan zadan chīze-rā dar (bar), To fix a thing in ;—sozani 'īsá, A needle which Jesus is said to have carried

with him on his ascent to heaven, indicating that he used to mend his own clothes while on earth;— $j\bar{a}'i$ sozan na-būd, There was no room for a needle (m.c.).

soznāk, Burning, ardent; plaintive.

sozandān, A سوزندار sozandān, A needle-case.

sozindagi, A conflagration.

sozan-zada, Pricked with a needle. هورالدة sozanda, Burning, kindling; a burner.

sozan-farosh, A needle-vender. سوزن فروش

sozangar, A needle-maker.

q.v. سورك = sozanak, سورنك

sozanī, Quilting; tamboured work; a kind of ornamented carpet; a small throne; a seat of state.

sozan-yàm (for sozan-niyām), A سوزنيام

needle-case.

soz u saz, Inflamed with passion,

love, or grief; anguish of mind.

soza, The head-band or fastening of the breeches; a bit of cloth (especially quadrangular, put under the arm-pits of shirts); elevation of mind, dignity, pride; name of a plant resembling spinage.

. sozī, A conflagration سوزى

ويان sūziyān (for sūd, ziyān), Good and bad; open and secret; money, wealth, capital, goods, and chattels; a present; a whisper; a secret; sympathetic, kind, benevo-

sozidan, To burn; to be burnt.

80zha, = 85m q.v.

هسوس sūs, Liquorice; an ointment used by women from the fat of the susmar; name of a town of Khūzistān, built by Sūs, son of Sam, where the tomb of the prophet Daniel is venerated; hay, clover; a moth;bāra'i sūs, The first wall erected after the deluge.

ه سوس sūs, Nature, disposition; root, origin; moth, weevil, tick, or other similar worms; -sawas (v.n.), Being injured by moths (wool), by weevils (corn), by ticks (sheep).

sūsibā, سوسبار sūsibār, (in Zand and Pāzand) A horse.

المسيند suspand, A kind of milky grass. موسيند م susat, One weevil.

.sawasta-pul, Sebastopol (m.c.) سوسته پل ه سومي زدة sūs-zada, Worm-eaten, motheaten.

sūsk, An insect resembling a beetle, mostly found in baths;—sūsak, A bird resembling a partridge, but smaller.

sūsmār (S. šiśumāra), A species سوسمار of green lizard, with the head of a serpent, whose grease women eat and anoint themselves with, to augment their fatness; an alligator; a porpoise.

هوسن sūsan, in A. sausan, A lily, iris, flag-flower (see the preceding); a fir-tree;

-sūsani āzād. The white lily;—sūsani azraq, The blue lily;—sūsani āsmāngūnī, A variegated kind of lily, yellow, white, and blue;—sūsani khatā'ī, The yellow lily.

שנייט נישט sūsan-zabān, Unable to speak (the tongue, i.e. leaf, of the lily being dumb); eloquent (like a lily whose every tongue is speaking).

هوسنة sūsana, A lily.

q.v. سيسنبر = sūsaṃbar سوسنبر

eūsan-gosh, Having ears shaped سوسن گوس like lilies (said of a horse).

sūsanī, Lilied; a blueish colour. سوسني

вива, A weevil.

هوسي sūsī, A cloth of silk and cotton.

A مومنا sūsannā, Susanna.

a موط saut (v.n.), Flogging, lashing; violence, severity; a scourge, lash, cat-o'-ninetails; the part lashed; a share, portion.

saw' (v.n.), Being turned loose and allowed to pasture freely without a keeper (a herd or flock); remaining unoccupied,

idle; part of the night.

A E- saugh (v.n.), Going easily down the throat (wine or victuals); swallowing easily; being lawful, allowed, permitted; one colt born immediately after another.

saughāt, A magnificent present made to kings or grandees, or sent by

friends to friends; a curiosity.

**saugha*, A fixed sum paid to the accountants by soldiers out of their monthly

sauf (v.n.), Discovering by the smell; smelling; being patient; perishing; a particle giving to the verb a future sense, and implying a promise, threat, or wish; wish, desire, hope; [yaqtātu's-sauf, He feeds on hope;]—sūf, Soft ground.
sūf (G. σοφία), Wisdom.

sūfār, موفال sūfār, موفارة sūfār, The notch in the arrow which receives the string; a small perforation; the eye of a needle; an earthen vessel; -sūfāri sozan, A needle's eye.

sūfār-labān, Catamites.

. sūfān, Tinder سومان

هونانه sūfāna, The eye of a needle; the notch of an arrow.

sūfta, Deceit, fraud; a weevil.

sufcha, A part of melted gold and سواجهه silver; excrement or gum of the eyes; sticks and straws.

sūfarā, Name of Kaiqubād's vazīr.

a sūfistā'iya, A sophister. و مواسطاليه sūfistā'iya, Castoreum.

eūfī, Wise.

auq (v.n.), Driving on, stimulating, impelling, urging, pushing forward, sending; sending a marriage portion to a bride (in the shape of cattle, &c.); hurting or striking the leg (sāq); -sūq, A bazar, market, public square, forum; (pl. of saq) legs; [sūqu'l-harb, The fiercest onslaught in a battle;—ahli sūq, People at market;] sawaq (v.n.), Having a handsome leg; length and elegance of leg;—suwaq (pl. of سوتة), Subjects, &c.

sauqāt (for saughāt), A present;—sauqāt firistādan, To send as a present

موقلة sūqat, sūqa, Market-people; subjects, plebeians, lowest of the people.

a سوقى sūqī, Belonging to a market; mar-

ket; vulgar, common.

sauk (v.n.), Rubbing (the teeth سوك م with a dentifrice).

sok, An ear of corn; a beard of corn; thin-bearded.

sūkak. Blight, smut, mildew.

سوكة sūka, A. hole; anus; vulva.

sog (S. śoka), Grief, sorrow, affliction, mourning.

sogā, Very sad, in deep distress.

sog-dar, Dressed in mourning; sad, grieved.

sũgal, Blight, smut, mildew.

rogulī, A lover; beloved, a fa-سوكلي sogulī, a lover vourite.

sog-nāma, A book describing سوك نامة modes of mourning, and containing funeral orations, &c.

saugand, An oath, swearing;—saugand سوكند bar-āwardan (khwurdan, yād kardan), To take an oath, to swear; -saugand dadan, To administer an oath; -saugandi durogh, A false oath; -- saugandi satlār, A kind of oath used by gamblers and sodomites;saugand shikastan, To break an oath, to perjure oneself.

saugand-ā-saugandī, Mutual سوگندی

asseveration.

sangand-khwār, A swearer سوگند خوار . sogwār, Mournful, afflicted ;—'andalībi sogwār, The mournful nightingale.

sogwārī, Mourning; — sogwārī سوگواري

kardan, To mourn.

هوكى 80gī, Afflicted, mournful.

sogyāna, Monrning-clothes.

ه سوگیدی sogidan, To weep, mourn; to cough.

سوگیری help. Protection, assistance, sūgīrī,

su'l, Anything which is the subject

of inquiry.

ارل sūl, An aqueduct, canal ;—sūl, suwal, The sole of the foot of a camel, a sheep, or a goat; an ash-coloured stripe, verging to black, from the withers to the tail of a borse, ass, or mule.

н سول sūl (S. śūla), Colic, gripes.

R سول sol, Salt (m.c.).

sūlākh (for sūrākh), A hole.

sawalān, Juice of the buckthorn; roof of a house; heights, eminences; name of a mountain near Ardabil, in every age the abode of pious men; name of a prophet of the Israelites (unsupported by examples). عولك stilak, Mildew, smut.

sola, A hole; anus; vulva; a homeborn slave; a cry; the yell of a dog.

aulī, A ploughshare. مولي H مولى eūlī, An impaling-stake.

sūlidan, To weep, mourn; to cough (doubtful word).

saum (v.n.), Estimating, fixing a price; bidding against, raising the price upon another; selling at a high price; being sharp in buying or selling.

היים siwum, Third.
שנים sūmān, A little, somewhat; name

of a place.

somanāt, somnāt (S.soma-nātha), Name of an idol-temple in Guzerat, destroyed by Mahmud Ghaznavi.

somandar, A salamander. سومندر

sūma, End, term; a mark for archers; a banner; the image or stamp on coin; dust, filings.

o- saun, Praise; -sun, A side, a part;

like, resembling.

sonank, Snoring; breathing hard سونانك from running.

sūnich, مرنجة sūncha, A quadrangular

patch of cloth put under the armpits of shirts.

eūna<u>kh</u>, Name of a city.

sūnish, Any fragment that falls in filing or polishing, filings.

sūnokhwush (G. σύνόχος), A continued fever; an inflammatory fever.

q.v. سوهش $= s\bar{u}nihish$ سونهش

.saunīz, Coriander سونير

A to suwakh (v.n. of to-), Yielding to the feet (soft earth).

sawūsh, A camel's hoof.

a درع suhān-rūh, Vexatious, cantankerous.

suh, = wuh, = q.v. (unsupported by examples).

q.v. مونش = «vihish موهش

های sūhān, A file for iron or wood :-suhān kardan, To file.

a سوهان سبلت sūhān-sablat, With a moustache like a file (nickname given by Mas'ūd of Ghazna to the dervishes).

sūhān-kār, Worker with a file. filer.

موهن sūhan, A file; a whetstone.

sūha, An anvil; filings.

**awī, Equal, proportioned; in good condition, perfect; [sawīyu 'l-khulq, Eventempered;]—siwā, Equal, alike; a mean, medium, mediocrity; beside, except; [siwá 'alaiya, It is all the same to me; - suwú, Straight, even (road).

عرى suwī, A side, part, quarter; towards. ه ويه sawiyat (fem. of sawiy), Equal; equality, uniformity; straightness, even-ness; a kind of pack-saddle stuffed with straw, hair, or herbage; ['alá 's-sawīyat,

Equally, in the same manner:] -suwaiyat, suwaiya, Name of a woman.

sawid, A ploughshare.

سويداه م suwaidā', suwaidā, (woman); a black dot;—suwaidā'u 'l-qalb, suwaidā'i bāl, The heart's core; original

ويدأي sūyidān, A burying-ground.

sūyarghā, Affliction, trouble, hardship (unsupported by examples).

sūyarghāl, A royal robe or present; a territory, town, or village granted by the king in feudal tenure.

ون ان suy-zan, A needle.

sawes, Ignorance, carelessness;suwis, Switzerland (m.c. from Fr. Suisse).

عويس ه suwīs, suwais, Suez on the Arabian gulf.

. sawest, Ignorance, inadvertency سبيست

sawesa, The rainbow.

sawīshim, A green stone; an agate. sūy-<u>gh</u>āmish, The tuning of سوى غامش musical instruments; compliments, flattery paid.

awiq, The meal of wheat, barley, بيق or vetches pounded small and fried; wine.

sawīn, Household utensils, as pots, kettles, cups, and saucers; a dog's drinking-

sih, Three; -sih farzandi akhshijan,

Animals, vegetables, and minerals.

suhā, An obscure star in the Lesser Bear.

A whād, Inability of sleeping, wakefulness.

منه sih-asba, Haste; swift, expeditious.

suhāla, Filings of gold or silver.

ahām, The scorehing of the wind; violent heat of the summer; gossamer;sihām, Name of a valley in Yaman; (pl. of sahm) arrows; lots, chances, portions, shares; [sihāmi hādis, The arrows of death;] -suhām, Leanness, thinness; changing colour, turning pale; -sahhām, A maker of

aih shā<u>kh</u>, سه هاخ sih angusht, سه انگشت A three-pronged fork with which corn is

turned.

a المارة sahāwat, Easiness, smoothness of

pace.

sih aiwāni dimāgh, The سه ايوان دماغ three chambers of the brain, which are the seats of reflection, imagination, and memory.

A --- sahb, A wide-extended plain or desert; a horse going with long steps;suhb, Level ground.

ه ارکه sih-barga, (three-leaf) Trefoil.

sih-basa, Third ; - sih-basa nishastan, To sit in the third place.

sih-bandī, A soldier employed in سه بندی collecting revenue; an establishment of peons, &c.;—mudām-sihbandī, A fixed esta-

blishment;—hangāma-sihbandī, A temporary establishment.

sih-pāy, A tripod; a high threelegged stool, used in mosques when lighting

sih-pāya, A tripod ;—sih-pāya'i hawā'ī, The airy tripod, i.e. the Eagle (a constellation).

sih-par, Of three feathers, adorned منه چر with three feathers.

sih-para, Lines سة پرة sih-para, Lines drawn on sand for playing at dice.

sahparār. The element fire (unsup-

ported by examples.

sih pūr, (three sons) The three kingdoms of nature, animal, vegetable, and mineral.

عبر هنه sih-pahar, The third watch; afternoon.

. sih-pahlū, Trilateral سة يها

ish-tā, Threefold; three-stringed. sih tāra, A guitar; سة تارة sih-tār, من تار the Great Bear.

sahtar (?), A game in archery.

sih-jāda, (three ways) Length, breadth, and thickness; truth, law, and religious rites.

sih chand, Thrice as much.

sih-khwān, A Trinitarian, Christian,

sih سة معتر sih khwaharan, سة عواهران dukhtur, Three stars in the Great Bear.

ه سيد sahd, Beautiful, elegant ;—suhd, sahad (v.n.), Being unable to sleep; watchfulness, sleeplessness;—suhud, One who sleeps little; wide awake, vigilant, sharp.

sih-darak, Lines drawn upon the سه درك sand for playing at games of hazard.

sih dūrī, The three distances, i.e.

length, breadth, and thickness.

sih-dair, (three-cupola) Name of an oratory built for Bahrām gür by Nnmān bin Munzir.

sih dīgār, Third, in the third سة ديگر

place.

sahrān, Name of a mountain where reeds grow; -sahrānī, Produced on that mountain (reed pen).

a هوان sahrān, Watchful, watching.

sihr, An ox; a cow.

sahar (v.n.), Wakefulness, watching; sleeplessness; coma; saharī subātī, Coma vigil (med.).

when suhrab. Name of the son of Rustam

. suhrā'īshī مهرا يشي M Chastisement, punishment.

ية, منه sih-rang, Three-coloured; a silk. a روع sih rūḥ, Animals, vegetables

دى من sih-rūd, Three-stringed guitar. suhrward, Name of a small town chiefly inhabited by Kurds.

.sih roz, Three days سة روز

ance.

هوه sahra (for سحرة), A goldfinch.

H sihra, A coronet of pearls, embroidery or flowers placed upon the head of the bridegroom at a wedding.

هه ماله هنه sih-sāla, Three-yearly, triennial. مه ماله sahistan, To fear, to dread.

. sih-sambar, Water-mint سه سنبر

. sih-sumbul, Mother of thyme سة سنبل

the am sih shākh, ach am sih shākha, (three branches) Animals, vegetables, and minerals.

sih-shambih, sih-shamba, Tuesday. منه هنبه a مه طلمات , sih-zulmat مه طلمت sih-zulmat مه طلمت ع Three darknesses, viz. of the loins, the belly, and the womb.

a منه علم sih 'ilm, Three sciences, theolo-

gical, natural, and mathematical.

a عنده مغزة منه sih ghurfa'i maghz (كساع مغزة مغزة مغزة مغزة مغزة الم māgh), The three chambers of the brain, i.e. of reflection, imagination, and memory.

ه عملت sahf (v.n.), Weltering in blood, and writhing (a murdered man);—sahaf (v.n.), Being extremely thirsty; intense thirst.

sih farzand, (three children) The three kingdoms of nature, animal, vegetable, and mineral.

sahk (v.n.), Blowing with violence سهلت (wind); sweeping the dust from the ground (wind); rubbing, wearing out; -sahak, The smell of fish or meat (especially when fetid); the smell of rust.

sih-kunja, Triangular; a trìangle.

الله خوهك sih-kûhak, A twig; a triangular thorny plant.

.sih-gān, Triple سه کان

sih-gāna, A drinking-cup; triple.

sih-gāh, A musical note.

-نه کل sih-gul, A sort of mulberry ; a blackberry.

sih gumbadān, Name of a سة كنبدان fortress.

sih-gosha, A triangle; thistle; caltrop.

sih gohar, Three substances, i.e. animals, vegetables, and minerals.

ahl, A plain, level country, soft سهل soil; anything soft; easy; easy-tempered; name of a man; [sahlu'l-hazm, Digestible; -sahl kardan (giriftan), To make easy, to make light of, to slight;]—sahil, Easy,

sih lunj, An ulcer on سة لنج sih-lab, سة لب

the lips or about the mouth.

simple, facile.

a بن جو sahl-jū, Seeking the easiest course; peaceable.

a سىل كو sahl-go, A soft or easy speaker.

سەلوsih- $lar{u}$, Threefold, triple.

sahm, sahim, Terror, dread; -sahm dadan, To terrify; -sahm sahistan (nishastan), To be terrified.

A prow sahm, An arrow either for shooting or drawing lots; a transverse beam of a house; a portion, lot; name of a constellation; the segment of a circle; a measure of six cubits; name of a tribe; (v.n.) beating (another) at casting lots; [sahmu'ssa'ādat, The arrow of good fortune, i.e. wealth, honours, &c.;—sahmu'l-ghaib, The arrow of the invisible, i.e. death, fate; a portion of the food kept for the absent; sahm nihādan, To apportion;] - suhum, Radial lines, rays of the sun; thirst; intense heat; intellectual men, philosophers.

sih māh, The three mathematicadimensions, length, breadth, and thickness.

sih-māha, Of three months' dura-

A doe suhmat, suhma, Portion, part; relationship.

sahmgin, Formidable, fearful, awful.

sahimnāk, Horrible; frightened.

sahmidan, To dread, to fear. sih nitāj, (three offsprings) The

three natural kingdoms.

sahand, A mountain in Azarbaijān. sih naubat, Childhood, manhood, سمه نوبت and old age; prayer at dawn, sunrise, and

noon; the three times a day that music was played before the royal palace (a practice established by Sikandar, and increased to

five times by Sanjar).

A ye sahw (v.n.), Forgetting, blundering through inattention; oversight; inadvertency; omission; neglect, negligence;sahwu 'l-'aqd (-qubb), An error in computation; -sahwi qalam, A slip of the pen, an error in writing;—sahwi kätib, A clerical error, a mistake of the copyist; -sahw kardan, To make a mistake or blunder; to forget; to neglect.

▲ Tree sahw-an, Inadvertently, errone-

ously.

A shwat, A she-camel; a huge stone; a reposing-bench raised before the door of an Arabian house; a small warehouse or cellar; three or four pieces of wood joined together upon which anything is laid, a rack, a towel-horse.

A سهول suhūl (pl. of sahl), Plains.

A اسهل suhulat (v.n. of سهولله Being soft and level (ground).

א מיזים sahūm, Austere, stern, grim ; suhūm (v.n. of , Being lean; turning pale; grimness, austerity.

جى sahī, Erect (cypress); fresh, young; name of the wife of Iraj, youngest son of

Faridun.

suhá, A small star in the Lesser Bear.

sahī-bālā, O high stature.

sahīt, A lofty edifice.

يكى yaka يكى yaka, يكن yake), A third; three aces (at dice).

suhail, The star Canopus;—suhaili سيحل 'arab, Name of a celebrated Arab.

suhaili, Relating to Canopus. sahīm, A partner; equal, even.

هي sai, A stone ;—sī, Thirty ;—sī u dū, Thirty-two (implying the teeth).

A سی siy, Equal, alike.

sayā, Senna ;—siyā, Black.

سياب siyab, Ornament; life; (imp. of the

siyabidan) adorn thou.

a سياب siyāb, A plant which, when green, is taken to move the bowels, when ripe, as an astringent; according to others, an unripe date.

siyābīdan, To adorn, array, pre-

pare.

siyā-posh, A public situation; سيا پوش testimony taken by a judge.

ه الله saiyi'at (pl. of saiyi'at). Sins,

crimes.

siyāj, A thorn-hedge, fence.

aiyāh, A great or frequent traveller, a travelled man; itinerant; an itinerant monk; a passenger (m.c.).

A سيح siyūhat (v.n. of سياحة, Travelling, going on pilgrimage; a journey, voyage; a pilgrimage; a promenade, walk, ride in a boat, &c. (m.c.); — siyahat kardan, To travel (m.c.).

siyāḥat-nāma, A book of travel,

a travelling account.

siyādat, Dominion, rule, sovereignty; chieftainship; relationship to Muhammad by descent from Fatimah (see).

a سيادت أنتساب siyādat-intisāb, Relating to sovereignty; lordly, sublime.

siyār, A press for wine, cider, or oil; bread of barley, beans, and millet; household furniture.

soiyār, One who wanders, walks much, or takes the air for amusement; a

journeyer, traveller, wanderer.

saiyārat, saiyāra, (A woman) who سيارة م walks much; a body of travellers, a caravan; a planet or planets.

sī-arash, Thirty cubits long, i.e.

very long (a lance).

يارى siyārī, Galangale; sweet cane. siyās, Tale-bearing.

A سياس siyās (pl. of sā'is), Grooms. A مياسة siyāsat (v.n. of سياسة), Ruling, governing, managing; government, administration of justice; public punishment, torture, torment; terror, pang, agony; siyasat bastan (randan), To govern; to punish; -siyāsati jāni, Capital punishment; -siyāsati shar'iya, Legal punishment;siyasat kardan, To govern; to punish with infamy, to torture; -siyāsati mudun, The art of government, civic economy; -siyāsal namūdan, To punish, chastise.

a اجا هاست جا siyāsut-ba-jā, Worthy of

punishment.

a میاستگاه siyāsat-gāh, Place of execution.

siyāsatī, An سياست گر

sayāsar, A starling;—siyāsar, A pen ready cut.

ت siyöshī, Leader of an army.

A مياط siyāt (pl. of saut), Scourges.
A وسياء sayā', Grease rubbed on a leathern bottle to make it water-tight; the frankincense tree, or a tree resembling it;sayā', siyā', Clay mixed with straw for plastering walls.

A ميان siyāf (pl. of sīf), Coasta, shores; saiyāf, Armed, begirt, or striking with a sword; a swordsman; a gladiator; an exe-

cutioner; a sword-cutler.

A سياق siyāq (v.n. of سوق), Hurting the leg; driving; order, regularity; - bī-siyāq,

Disorderly, irregular.

A موق siyāqat (v.n. of سوق), Driving, stimulating, urging onward; numeration (by the Arabic alphabet); arithmetic, ciphering; account-keeping; mode, style; subject, topic ;—dar siyaqati sukhun, In the course of speech or conversation.

a سياق دار siyāq-dār, In good order, orderly,

regular.

ه عياقلة sayāqilat (pl. of saiqal), Polishers.

siyā-kāsa, A prisoner; a miser. siyākīz, Coarse woollen cloth.

sayāl, Jasmine (either white or

yellow).

A Jan sayāl. Certain tall, thorny, and milky plants; a thorny acacia-tree; name of a place in Hijaz ; saiyāl, Current, rapid, flowing like a torrent;—yaqūti saiyāl, A brilliant ruby,

a مياله saiyāla, A torrent; a body or volume (of anything) poured out; a gas; -saiyāla'i ghairi hayātī, Nitrogen, azote.

sayālikh, A kind of prickle; a cal-

trop.

siyām, sayām, Name of a mountain near Samarqand; -siyām, The kingdom of

איט אי sī-um, sī-am, The thirtieth (unsup-

ported by examples).

siyāmak, Solitary, alone, lonely; the sons of Kayumars; also one of the twelve champions.

هيان sayān, Ivy.

ميان sīyān (du. of sīy), To equal things. siyāwa<u>kh</u>sh, Black-eyed; intellectual delights; name of the son of Kai

سياوعش گرد ,siyāwakhsh-ābād سياوعش آباد siyāwakhsh-gird, Name of a city in Tūrān.

siyāwush, siyāwash, Name of the سياوش father of Kai Khusrau (Cyrus) (see ميارعش above); a kind of red duck; -khūni siyāwashān, Dragon's blood.

siyāwash-ābād, سياوش گرد siyāwash-ābād wash-gird, Name of a city in Turan.

الله siyāh, Black; bad, unhappy, unlucky;

drunk; an Arabian or Ethiopian slave; the fourth line on the cup of Jamshed; name of a horse of Isfandiyar; the fourteenth chapter of the Zand; much (see سياهي in the sense of multitude);—siyāh bastan bar qafā, To blacken one's character, to calumniate; -siyāhi chashm, The apple of the eye ;—siyah shudan, To become black, to be overcast; to be afflicted (m.c.); - siyāh shudani zaban, The tongue fails (from talking too much); to curse; -siyāh shudani nāma, Many misdeeds are noted down in a man's book (to be accounted for on the Day of Judgment);—siyāh kardan pistān, To wean by blackening the teats (see sari pistān siyāh kardan, under ,); — siyāh kardan chashm (dīda, nazar). To deprive the eyes of their sight; to afflict, to torment; to make long for (shudan being used in this phrase and the following ones to express the passive); — siyāh kardan jahān, To devastate the world; to make life bitter to one ;— $siy\bar{a}h \ kardan \ r\bar{a}h \ (bar)$, To obliterate the traces (of); -siyāh kardan roz (rozgār, auqāt), To waste the time;—siyāh kardan waraq, To write a book;—siyāh u safed farq kardan, To distinguish black from white; to read a book,

aiyāhān (pl.), Arabians; Ethiopians.

siyāh-bādām, (black-almond) سياه بادام

The eye of a mistress.

siyāh-bakht, Unlucky, hapless. siyāh-bakhtī, Ill-luck, misfortune.

يياة بوية siyāh-boya, The black and odoriferous coriander.

siyāh-bid, A kind of willow.

siyāh-pistān, (unlucky-breast) سياه پستان A woman who loses every child whom she suckles.

. siyāh-pusht, A kind of pigeon سياة پشت siyāh-posh, Clothed in sable; a سياة پوش mourner; a groom; a lifeguardsman, serjeant, or officer who clears the way for a great man; master of the hall of audience; the nightly watch; a keeper of wild beasts; name of a tribe north of Afghanistan.

يير siyāh-pīr, An old slave; of a green

old age.

اب siyāh-tāb, Blue steel (construed with the verbs zadan and kardan).

siyāh-jām, Blackish, dark-co-

loured. siyāh-charta, سياة چرته siyāhcharda, Dark-brown; (met.) the beloved;

—asbi siyāh-charda, A dark-brown horse. siyāh-chashm, Black-eyed; unkind; (met.) a mistress; a hunting-bird.

siyāhcha, Blackish-brown; a sort سياهيه of doe.

انه خانه siyāh-<u>kh</u>āna, مياه خانه siyāh-<u>kh</u>aima, A haunted or ill-fated house; a prison; a weather-beaten tent; -siyāh-khāna'i waḥshat, The world; the grave (dark house of dreariness).

siyāh-dārā, A kind of wild vine. ຜູ້ໄປ ຮູ້ໄປ siyāh-dāna, Coriander-seed; fennel-flower.

siyāh-dast, (black-handed) Avaricious, stingy, vile.

ري الله در siyāh-darūn, الله در siyāh-dil, Black-hearted.

siyāh-dilî, Malevolence.

ياة جشم = siyāh-dīda, سياة ديدة ويدة siyāh-rā, A criminal (from the custom of blacking their faces); unlucky, disgraced.

siyāh-rūd, Name of a river. هياه روكي siyāh-rūd, Infamy, disgrace. وركى siyāh-roz, رزكى siyāh-rozgār, Unhappy; misfortune.

يساة زبان siyāh-zabān, Foul-mouthed. مساة ساد عند siyāh-sār (سية عدر), A crocodile;

man; a reed-pen.

siyāh-sāl, A rainless year. الله الله siyāh-sard, A kind of cold. الله siyāh-sarfa, Whooping-cough. siyāh-safed. Ash-colouted.

ياة عليه عناية siyāh-safed, Ash-coloured. مياة عنبل siyāh-sumbul, Name of a fragrant herb (جينسيم q.v.).

siyāh-sang, Name of a fountain سياة سنك

in Jurjan.

siyāh-fām, Black-coloured. a سياة قام siyāh-qalam, A picture drawn in black.

a سياة تند siyāh-qand, Molasses.

المرك siyāh-kār (كرد siyāh-kār), What produces darkness; wicked.

siyūh-kūrī, (black art) Wickedness, lewdness; oppression; roguery, deceit.

siyāh-kāsa, Black-cup, i.e. miser. هياه کاسه siyāh-kard, عياه کرد siyāh-gar, Wicked; unfortunate.

siyāh-gilim, Unfortunate.

siyāh-gosh, Black ear, an animal of the panther-kind, wherewith they hunt deer; lynx.

siyāh-gūn, Black-coloured. سياة كونى siyāh-gūnī, Blackness of colour. سياة كونى siyāh-mast, Dead-drunk.

مفر siyāh-maghz, Melancholy; an atrobilarian.

هياة نامة siyāh-nāma, A worthless wretch. siyāhwiya, Coriander-seed.

siyāha, Blackness; an accountbook; a written account; a list, inventory, invoice; a whore;—siyāha'i chashm, The black of the eye.

siyāhī, Blackness; darkness; shade; night-mare; ink; a tincture for dyeing the beard black; a black servant; multitude;—siyāhī afgandani (andākhtani, rekhtani) dāgh, A sign portends good, opp. to siyāhī uftādan (bar-dāshtan) az dāgh, The sign portends evil;—siyāhi dawāt, Ink;—siyāhī zadan az (bar), To spread

blackness, &c.; to appear; to boast;—siyā-hī'i fauj (lashkar), A multitude of soldiers or troops;—siyāhī kardan, To appear; to be angry, enraged with (4);—siyāhī kardan chashm, To blind;—siyāhī kashīdan bar chīze, To colour black; to blacken;—siyāhī namūdan, To appear;—siyāhī'i nawishtan, Writing-ink.

دان siyāhīdān, An ink-stand.

other to the blush; imparting strength; opposing, resisting.

siyāhī-sāz, A maker of ink.

ning or walking fast; a present, favour, gift, benefit; the hair of a horse's tail.

seb, An apple; the hair on a horse's forehead and tail; [sebi āzāyish, An apple from Isfahan; -sebi āftābī, A tainted and shrivelled apple; -sebi bakhūr, A fragrant kind of apple whose peel is used for fumigating ;-sebi hazrati ādam, Adam's apple; -sebi dast-afshār, An apple of compressible gold (see دست الشار p. 522);—sebi zamīn (zamīnī), A potato (m.c.);—sebi sīmīn, A kind of apple which grows in most countries (?);—sebi 'ambarīn, A fragrant kind of apple;—sebi <u>ghabghab</u>, The chin;—sebi kohī, A crab-apple ;—sebi mushkīn, An apple from Tus;—sebi nagshī, An apple on which verses are written (in green if the apple is red and vice versa); -sebe u sujude (an apple and a prostration), A small present after much supplication or in a case of great need (proverbial);—seb tā firod āmadan hazār charkh mī-sanad, The apple before coming to the ground turns a thousand summersaults (proverbial, to express that in a short time a great many wonderful things may happen); -sib, Confounded, astonished, amazed; bewilderment; -sib u tīb, Confounded, astonished, bewildered; bewilderment.

T مين هآئه، مين sība, A place surrounded with walls.

هور seb-chihr, Apple-cheeked. زار seb-zār, An apple-orchard. seb-farosh, A costermonger.

saibūs (ميبوس saibūsan), Fleawort-

eeboyah (from seb and boya), The perfume of an apple;—sibawaih, Name of 'Amr bin 'Usman, a native of Shiraz, and a very celebrated Arabic grammarian.

sebe, One apple;—sebe shuda and, They resemble each other like the two

halves of an apple (m.c.).

sībiyā, Cuttle-fish, sepia. ميبارة sī-pāra, One portion of the thirty into which the Qur'ān has been divided.

. saipūs, Lint-seed سيپوس

سی توی آئی۔ fi-toy, The stomach of ruminants.

ı sīta, City (m.c. from Fr. cité).

saij, sich, Currants;—sīj, sīch, Trouble; preparation, order.

sīchughana, sīchaghana, A spar-

row-hawk; a red-headed sparrow,

wخجيد siftidan, صيحيد sichidan, To prepare, equip, arm, fit out (oneself or another); to weigh (this meaning doubtful).

saih (v.n.), Flowing over the surface of the earth (water); moving about, lengthening (shadow); running water; a striped

garment.

A ميحان saihān, Name of a large river in Syria; also of a river near Başrah;—sayahān (v.n. of محر), Flowing on the surface of the ground (water); travelling.

eaihūn, The river Jaxartes.

skewer used in fastening the mouth of a sack; anything like a nipple (especially a machine of leather, which, in Persia, they fill with milk to give to sucking infants instead of the teat); the top of a small flagon; a furrow made by the plough; a drinking-cup; an iron instrument with which pack-saddles are stuffed; a sort of yoke for carrying burdens;—sīkh shudan bā, To oppose;—sīkh kardan, To straighten;—ba-sīkh zadan, To fix to the spit.

sīkh-par, (spit-feather) Unfledged.

sī<u>kh</u>-dār, The holm-tree.

sikhak, A small spit; a spike; small bits of roast meat.

sī<u>kh</u>-gāh, The place where the spit is fixed;—sī<u>kh</u>-gāh yāftan, To find out another's weak point or vulnerable part.

sīkhūr, ميخور sīkhūl, A porcupine,

urchin, hedgehog.

sūd, A wolf;—saiyid, A lord, prince, chief; the title of the chiefs of the family of Muhammad, descended from his daughter Fātimah by 'Alī; [saiyidu 'l-umbiyā (-mursalīn), Chief of the prophets or apostles, i.e. Muhammad;—saiyudu 'l-ba-shar, Prince of mortals (Muhammad);—saiyidu 's-sādūt, Lord of lords, an honorific title of the descendants of Muhammad; also of Muhammad himself;—saiyidi sāmira, A pseudo-Saiyid holding a diploma from the Herald's College of Sāmira (a town near Karbalā where such documents are forged);]—saiyid, siyad, An aged goat.

saiyidan (du.), The two sons of

'Ali, Hasan and Husain.

A bay saiyidat (in P. pronounced saida), A lady, a princess, especially the wife or daughter of a Saiyid or a descendant of Ali;—saiyidatu 'l-mukhāddarāt, The princess of chaste ladies (a title given to Sultānas and women of rank;—saiyidatu nisā'i 'l-'ālamīn, Princess of womankind, i.e. Fātimah.

a هناك مين sed-<u>kh</u>āna (corruption of sihhalkhāna), A necessary, privy. ة، dara, A kind of game.

a ميد وادة saiyid-zāda, A Saiyid's son. A Saiyid's son. A saidūdat, saidūda, Rank, noble

a ميدودة saidūdat, saidūda, Rank, noble lineage, descent from the Prophet.

هيدي saidī, A cricket, a kind of locust. A عيدي saidī, Lordly; an appellation of Africans; a negro;—saiyidī, vulg. saidī, My lord; sir.

A سور sair (v.n.), Walking, perambulating, amusing oneself; perambulation, excursion, trip, tour; travels; view, scene, landscape; a spectacle, show; a sally, jest, witticism; [sair raftan, To walk; to go to see anything; to behold with delight; -- sairi safa'in, Navigation ;-sair kardan, To walk or travel for amusement; to ride for a pleasure drive (m.c.); to row in a boat (m.c.);—sair namūdan, To travel, to procede, to make for ;-sair u shikar, The sports of the field; (the word is also construed with dashtan, zadan, kashīdan, &c.); —siyar (pl. of sīrat), Virtues, morals, qualities; dispositions; actions, deeds; biographies; -ahli siyar, Biographers, historians ;—shāhi nekü-siyar, A king of noble qualities.

ser, Full, satiated, sated, tired; sufficiently, enough; a weight of 15 misqāl; name of a city; [ser āmadan, To be tired, disgusted; to be full and independent;—ser shudan, To be full, independent; to repose;—ser kardan, To fill, saturate;—baser āmadan az, To be tired of, disgusted with, to have enough of it;]—sir, Garlic; water-mint;—sīr dar kūni kase nihādan, sīr u namak dar kussi kase nihādan, To agitate, to make restless;—sīr dar lauzīna khwurdan, To have one's joys alloved with sorrows; to be cheated, deceived;—sīr dar lauzīna dādan, To alloy joys with sorrows;

to deceive.

שנוי serāb, Moist, wet, humid, full of water, succulent, fresh, juicy; blooming;—serāb kardan, To quench the thirst;—serāb gashtan, To be completely watered (as cattle), to have the thirst quenched; to be saturated with water, or irriguous;—sīrāb, Garlic.

ه براه عبراه sīrāba, Food made of curds and garlic.

عيراله يز sīrāba-paz, Who prepares the dish described in the preceding article.

serābī, Aquatic, humid; freshness; satiety, repletion (from drinking water).

هَ عَبَرَاتِهُ sīrācha, An enclosure for a tent. عيرات sīrāf, Name of a city that formerly existed on the Persian gulf.

ه عران sairān, A walk, drive, or ride for

pleasure.

sairān-gāh, A place of recreation. عبرارة sīrāwa, A dish of milk and oxygal. عبر اهنك ser-āhang, Satisfied, contented; liberal, generous.

يير پنير sīr-panīr, A dish of garlic and

cheese.

sairat, A mode of walking ;— sīrat, Disposition, temperament, nature; morals; qualities; mode, manner, way of living; conduct; custom; provisions, victuals;—sīrat amokhtan, To learn or teach manners.

ser-chashm, Satisfied, contented; generous, liberal; greedy.

ser-chashmī, Satiety, contentment; generosity, liberality; greediness.

a سير حاصل ser-hāsil, Very fertile; very

rich, wealthy.

sīr-sūr, (feast of garlic) Name of the 14th day of the month, on which they eat garlic, send their lads to school, or bind them to some trade.

sīrash, A veil; a puckered female head-dress or veil of the finest cloth, particularly such as are worn by brides, of a crimson colour.

serigh, A cluster of grapes.

sairaf, Cough (unsupported by examples).

sīr-farosh, A seller of garlic.

sīrk, Circus (m.c. from Fr. cirque). sīr-kob, A mortar wherein garlic is pounded.

a ميرگاه sair-gāh, A passage, pass, thoroughfare; a place of recreation; a theatre.

siram, Raw deer-skins cut into thongs, used in sewing saddles; a hawk's leash; the shoemaker's strap which binds the last to his knee.

الله sirman, A ruby; embroidered silk.

sīrmā, Mountain-garlic.

sīrnās, Name of an African sea-

sirang, Thirty colours; the simurgh or 'angā; anything impossible, or which the mind cannot grasp; the unsearchable God.

sīro, A porcupine; a hedgehog.

A ميروان sīrwān, Name of several places in Egypt and Persia.

سير و پلير sir-u-panir سير و پلير q.v.

serūn, Cold of a moderate degree. saira, A certain melodious little

عيرى sairī, Who walks about; sightseeing;—serī, Fulness, repletion, satiety.

sīrīṣāf, A kind of cloth produced in India.

سيرين sirin, Dressed with garlic (sir). sīrīn-gāh, A royal throne.

sez, Sharp, strong, vehement.

هيرده sezdah, Thirteen.

sezdahum, The thirteenth.

sezagī, Hardness, violence, suffer-

ing.

sis, Freckles upon the face or other parts of the body; leaping and jumping; a swift horse; a wine-vessel. H سيس عته, The head.

sīsārān, The stem of the coriander;

a certain water-plant with leaves so large that cups are made of them.

sīsālak, سيسالنک sīsālang, The wagtail.

a سيساليوس عَةهāliyūs, Assafætida. sīsabān, Seed of cinquefoil.

sī sitāra'i pāk, The thirty سي ستار الله teeth.

sīstān, Sijistān (the ancient Drangiana), a country lying to the eastward of Farsistan, or Persia Proper. The famous Rustam held this country as a fief under the kings of Persia.

sistan, To leap, bound; to flee

a wis-khāna, Baggage-horses employed in war.

سيدى saisadī, A cricket (see سيسدى).

sīsirk, A weevil.

تيسرو sīsarū, A weevil; wall-lice. sīsak, A weevil; a sort of pulse.

a بيسنبرون sīsaṃbar, سيسنبرون sīsaṃbarūn, Water-mint; mother of thyme. ه سيمد sī-ṣad, Thirty hundred, three thou-

sand; (met.) many.

A sai' (v.n.), Flowing (water or wine);

water flowing on the ground. sīgh, Beautiful, excellent; body of men, band of soldiers, crowd; a house with

sī<u>gh</u>ur, A porcupine.

many windows.

saighūd, Humility, submission. سيغود

saighūr, Nobleness of mind, mental سيغور energy, ambition.

acif (v.n.), Striking with a sword; a sword, scimeter, sabre, &c.; the hair of a horse's tail; the sword-fish;—sif, A bank, margin, coast; a fibrous excrescence at the roots of palm-branches; the sword-fish.

a سيفان sifan, Name of a country (unsup-

ported by examples).

a h سيف بان saif-ban, A rocket with a sword attached to it,

a سيف زبان saif-zabān, (sword-tongued)

One whose curses prevail.

a ميمه saifa, An instrument of bookbinders for equalizing the edges of a book. saifūr, Silken stuff of great value.

a سياهي saifī, Cursing; surname of several poets.

ه سيك saik (v.n.), Pacing (of camels, &c.). \mathbf{r} سيك $\varepsilon \bar{\imath} k$, Penis.

هيك sīk, suyak. A blight upon corn, mil-

dew, rust, smut; -si-yak, A third.

sīka (in the dialect of Gilān), A

سیکبا $s\bar{\imath}k$ - $b\bar{a}$, A sort of acid broth.

sīkrān, Black henbane-seed. اسيك زدة sīk-zada, Blighted, smutty (corn).

ييكك sīkak, A weevil; mildew. يىكل sīkal, A blight upon corn.

هنگی sīkī, White-wine vinegar; wine; new wine boiled down to a third; a goblet of wine; -sīkī'i farsang, The third part of a parsang, a mile.

sīgār, A cigar (m.c.);—sīgār kashī-dan, To smoke a cigar (see منگار).

ail (v.n.), Flowing (of water, blood, سيل A &c.); water flowing, a torrent, flood, flux; -saili āb, A flux of water; -sail dar khirman uftad, (met.) Trouble comes; -saili dam, A torrent of blood; -saili saif kardan, To invade a country, to fall upon it like a torrent, sword in hand.

a سيلاب sailāb, An inundation, current, flood;—sailābi za' farān, Flowing blood; tears; —ba-sailāb dādan, To inundate; to

a ميلاب دواني sailāb-dawānī, Liberality, munificence.

a بريد sailāb-rez, Shedding or pouring torrents.

a سيلاب كند sailāb-kand, A gulley.

sailāb-gīr, A low ground where waters collect.

a سيلابي sailābī, Relating to or depending on a torrent, stream, &c.; liable to be thooded; wetness, moisture, damp; land liable to inundation.

sailān, Ceylon;—selān, Syrup of dates; a kind of honey; name of a man.

ميلان sayalān (v.n. of سيلان), Flowing ; a current;—sayalāni buzāq, Ptyalism, sali-vation;—sayalāni dam, Hemorrhage; sayalāni damī riya, Pulmonary hemorrhage; -sayalāni dam'a, Watering of the eyes.

هيلنيهه sīlāncha, A cook.

وسيلانه sīlāna, The jujube-tree and fruit. ميلاني sailānī, Of or belonging to the

island of Ceylon; dār chīnī sailānī, Cinnamomum Ceylanense.

هيل آورد sail-āward, Brought by a torrent.

sī laḥn, Thirty musical notes, tones, or keys (making nearly four octaves), arranged in the following order, and named by the celebrated Persian musician Barbud:-- ārāyishi khwurshed (jahān);
 āyīni jamshed; 3. aurangī; 4. bāghi shīrīn; 5. takhti tāqdīsī; 6. huqqa'i kāwus; 7. rāhi rūh; 8. rāmishi jan (jahan); 9. sabz dar sabz; 10. sarwistān; 11. sarwi sahī; 12. shādurwāni marwārīd; 13. shabdez; 14. shabi farkh; 15. qufti rūmī; 16. ganji bād-āward; 17. ganji gāv (kāwus); 18. ganji sokhta; 19. kīni īraj; 20. kīni siyāwush; 21. māhi bar-kūhān; 22. mushkdāna; 23. murwāyi nīk; 24. mushk mālī; 25. mihrbānī, mihrgānī; 26. nāqūsī; 27. nau $bah\bar{a}r\bar{i}$; 28. $nosh\bar{i}n$ - $b\bar{a}da$; 29. $n\bar{i}m$ -roz; 30. $na\underline{k}h$ -Nizāmī counts thirty-one notes, substituting for the 2nd, 7th, and 27th the following four: sāzi nau-roz, ghunja'i kabki darī, fara<u>kh</u>i roz, and kai<u>kh</u>usrawī.

a sail-khez, A torrent; streaming

(eye); rapidity of a torrent.

silrām, Name of the angel who has charge of the clouds, vapours, fogs.

a سيل راي sail-rān, سيل راي sail-rez, Pouring forth a torrent.

ميلك sīlak, sīluk, A weevil; mildew. a سيلكا sail-gāh, The world.

sela, A herd, drove, or flock; a slap. н سيله sela, A kind of cloth or garment.

sīlī, A blow upon the nape of the neck with the open hand edgewise (as in killing a rabbit); any blow with the hand, a box on the ear, a slap in the face, &c.; a musical stringed instrument;—sīlī khwwrdan. To receive a blow on the nape of the neck, &c.; - sīlī bastan (zadan, kashīdan), To give such a blow.

sīlī-khwāra, Often buffeted. sīlī-zada, Cuffed, buffeted.

عيلي زننده sīlī-zananda, Giver of cuffs,

saim, The neck-yoke of oxen;—sim, Silver; a wire of silver or any other metal; the string of a musical instrument; a sort of fish; a wink, nod, sign; name of a river; (for sīmāb) quicksilver; [sīmi bisyār sokht, He has squandered wealth;—sīm bar sang zadan, To have carnal intercourse;sīmi bahbahāni (daghl, rō-posh, qalb, māj nāqis, nabātī, na-bahra), False or impure silver;—sīmi talagrāf, A telegraphic wire (m.c.);—sīmi halāl (khām, shākh-dār, qarārī, guwākhta, nāb, nuqra), Pure or refined silver; -sīm dar zar bāfad, He raises himself by his dexterity; -sīmi dast-afshār, compressible silver (see دست انشار) ;—sīmi sahab, Rain-drops; — sīmi sokhta, Burnt silver, pure silver; -simi siyah, Bad silver, base coin ;—sīmi shab dar miyān, Bad coin mixed with good coin; -sīmi-gāwirs-dār, Moon and stars;—sīmi māhī, Scale of a fish;—sīmi majbūl (maj'ūl), The eye;—sīmi muzāb, (molten silver) Pure water; pure wine;]-siyum, The third.

sīmā, Face, forehead, countenance, aspect; resemblance, similitude; colour of the face or body; -sīmā'i abuqrātī, Hippocratic face or features; —āyīna-sīmā, With a face smooth as a mirror; with a bright face;—<u>kh</u>wurshed-sīmā, With a face bright as the sun; -samā-sīmā, Heavenly-faced;māh-sīmā, Moon-faced;—malak-sīmā, Hav-

ing the face of an angel.

A سيمه sīmā, A mark;—sīmā, siyamā, Especially, chiefly; like;—sīmā', A sign, note.

سيماب sīmāb, Quicksilver, mercury; malevolent, shameless ;—sīmābi ātishī (ātishīn, ātishīn-sar, ātishīn-sipar), The sun;—sīmābi chashm (dīda), A tear;—sīmāb dar gosh, Deafness; sīmāb shudan, To be unsteady, run away, elude pursuit; -sīmāb kardan, To make restless or unsteady; to put to flight, to cause to disappear; -- sīmāb kushta (murda), Quicksilver reduced to ashes condensed quicksilver with which to coat a mirror.

sīmāb-bār, Weeping.

عيماب پا sīmāb-pā, A runaway, truant. a ميماب جارة sīmāb-jalwa, Troubled, disturbed. restless.

sīmāb-chashma, A tear.

sīm-āb dar gosh, (quick-silver in the ear) Deaf; deafness.

ينماب گون simāb gūn, Bright, shining (a sword).

سيماب دل sīmāb-dil, Chicken-hearted.

ربر sīmāb-rez, Bright; undulated, damascened (a sword).

سيماب سينه sīmāb-sīna, With a silver bosom. عنماني sīmābī, Colour of quicksilver.

sīmāzā, A stone for polishing swords.

ه يواك در sīmāk, Name of a certain youth. الدام sīm-andām, With silvery limbs. عيم الدود sīm-andād, Plated with silver.

ميمارر دونس د تm-āwar, Silvern; a prostitute. بروين simāh-barzīn, Name of an army-leader.

sīm-ūhang, A wild eucumber. sīm-bar, With a bosom like silver; young; an inn; a palace-gate;—sīm-bar shudan. To be young.

sīmbar-aswār, (in Gīlān) Arabian guards who attend the door of kings.

سیم بناگوش sīm-bunāgosh, With ear-lobes like silver.

ميم بندى sīm-bandī, A kind of festive lights, an illumination.

sīm-pālā, Silver in a lump ready for being coined; a crucible; a smelter of silver.

تيم پرست sīm-parast, Venal, selfish. ميم پنچه sīm-panja, With hands white as silver.

سیم پوش sīm-posh, Clad in or adorned with silver.

sīmtāj, Avarice, stinginess.

تيمتني sīm-tan, With body fair as silver; — zani sīm-tan, A lovely woman silver-hued. a منه فتس sīm-zaqan, With a silver chin. خاست sīm-zaqan, Asking anything of God.

sī murgh, Thirty birds, representing thirty mystics who have attained to the highest degree of perfection, also called sī murghi jahān, The thirty birds of the visible world, opposed to the invisible sī murgh, representative of the divine essence.

Estar sīmurah, A fabulous bird, often mentioned in Eastern romance, the griffin (see and 'angā); it is celebrated in the Shāh-nāma as the foster-father and teacher of Zāl, Rustam's father, whence others take it to be the name of a learned man who educated Zāl.

sīm-zana<u>kh</u>, With a silver chin. a عيم سرين sīm-sāq, عيم سائ With silver thighs.

.sim-siyāh, Mistletoe سيم سياة

sīm-sīmā, With a face bright as silver.

هکر به sīm-shagarf, Cinnabar (= سیمشگرت q.v.).

a مناه مناه sim-'izār, With cheeks of a silvery hue.

a مبغب sīm-ghabghab, With a silver chin.

sīmak, A hooked tool for twisting cotton and silk threads.

سيمكاري sīm-kārī, Amorous blandishments.

سيم كش متم كش sīm-kash, A gold or silver wire-drawer; one who draws to himself all he can get; a thief;—sīm-kush, Extravagant, profuse; eager in the pursuit of wealth; close-fisted, avaricious.

اسم کوب sim-kob, A silver-beater. کوب sim-aar. A silversmith.

thighs.

sīmnād, A chapter, section.

saimūd, میمور saimūr, A silken garment.

ه سيمة سار sīma, مسيمة سار sīma-sār, Astonished, confounded.

&c.;—sīm-hā' (pl. of sīm), Wires, strings, &c.;—sīm-hā'i şaut, Vocal chords.

عنام ماه ميام sī muhra'i māhi siyām, The thirty days of the month Ramazān.

sīmī, Silvern;—siyumī, The third. ميميا sīmyā, Enchantment, fascination, natural magic, i.e. charms of mind or person; also poesy and rhetoric.

A سيميا sīmiyā', A mark, a sign.

هنسيند simyāza, A stone for polishing swords.

sīm-yār, One who converses by signs. ميميان sīmīn, Of silver, silverized, overlaid or incrusted with silver; fair, delicate; [sāghari sīmīn, A silver goblet;]—siyamīn, Thirtieth.

a ত্রুপ্র ত্রুক্ত sīmīn-badan, With a silver form.

ه سيمين بر sīmīn-bar, With a silver bosom. a ميمين مولمان sīmīn-ṣaulajān, The new moon.

a سيمين غبغب sīmīn-ghabghab, With a silver chin.

a ميمين فوارة sīmīn-fawāra, The moon. نام sīmīn-nān, (silver loaf) Full 1001.

much; natural magic, alchemy; China; name of a village near Ispahān; Muhammad; (for sīna) the breast;—sīn-dokht, Avaricious, vile, depraved; name of a female ancestor of Rustam.

A سین $\epsilon \bar{\imath} n$, The letter مین; a ringlet, lock.

name of the father of Abū 'Alī bīn Sīnā, the celebrated physician Avicenna; (from A.) mount Sina.

سين sīnām, Name of a fabulous mountain سينام with a pillared treasure-house.

sīmbar, Turnsole; water-mint. siyanj, A furrow; a ploughshare. sinjāb, Name of a country (see (سيئيماب

sayanjur, A lighted coal; a spark.

• sinob, Sinope سينوب

sina, The bosom, breast; a teat, a dug; the summit of a mountain; the prow or stem of a ship; taunt, contumely, satire; -sina sipar kardan, To stand in the foremost ranks without flinching; -sina tarh dadan, To open the breast; -sina kardan, To strike the ground (as an arrow); to bound up again and fall elsewhere; to boast, swagger;—sīna kushādan (qushādan), To be happy ;—sina kashidan (dadan, zadan, sūdan, guzāshtan, mālīdan), To put forth strength; -dārūyi sīna, A pectoral medi-

sīna-bāz, Piebald : name of a bird. a سينه بر طاق sīna bar ṭāq, In love, enamoured.

هينة بستة sīna-basta, Locked up in the beart or breast, in petto; a secret.

sīna-posh, سينه پوش sīna-posh, Poitrel of a horse; a stomacher, stays, bodice; a child's bib.

sīna-posh, A breast-plate; a

sīna-tāb, Heating the breast. sīna-chāk, Having the bosom سينه چاك torn, i.e. grieved.

بينه ربش sīna-resh, Wounded at heart. sina-zād, Born in the breast.

sīna-zanān, Beating the breast. sīna-zor, Robust, proud of strength. sīna-zorī, Strength; pride of strength.

sīna-sos, Tormented, distressed. sina-sozī, Anguish, torment.

» هکأف sīna-shikāf, Rending breast.

sina-shoy, Who washes his breast.

a سينه ماك sīna-ṣāf, Pure-minded, sincere, candid.

سينه کباب sīna-kabāb, Love-sick, grieved. sīna-kash, Whose breast touches سينة كش the ground.

ه سينه كذار sīna-guzār, Piercing the breast.

ه مينيل sainá, Mount Sinai.

sīnī, A salver, tray, round table of gold, silver, brass, or copper; dross of iron; name of a certain exceedingly brittle ore; painted tiles on walls or brass; a loau.

A continue sinin, Name of a tree; -tūru

einina (tūri sinin), Mount Sinai.

sev (for seb), ميو sewā, An apple. sewār-tīr, Name of a note in music.

ه سواس sīwās, Name of a city (Sebastia in Anatolia).

a سيواسي sīwāsī, A native of Sīwās.

a سيواي sīway, Beside, except; — sīwayi wusul, Surplus, balance of annual collection.

siyūkhta, suyūkhta, A species of soft plant growing in water and used for tinder.

sī u du, The thirty and two (teeth).

eīwar, A myriad, ten thousand.

א האפנ א suyūr (pl. of sair), Straps, thongs. سورسات swyūrsūt (see سيورسات), Contributions in kind (m.c.).

m الم suyūrghāl, A fief, feudal tenure; charity-lands.

M ميورغاميشى suyūrghāmīshī, Good-will, favour, beneficence.

שבפיש suyūs, Name of a tree.

sayaushan, Name of a village belonging to Herat.

a ميوط suyūţ, A village in Upper Egypt. a سيوطى suyūṭī, Of or belonging to Suyūṭ; surname of the Qur'an-interpreter and fertile writer Jalālu 'd-dīn.

سيوع ه suyū' (v.n. of سيوع , Flowing in every direction (water or wine.)

auyūf (pl. of saif), Swords. auyūl (pl. of sail), Floods.

sīwum, ميومين sīwumīn, Third. هيومين saiwīst, Carelessness, inattention. siyah, Black; unlucky, disastrous; drunk; an Arab; an Ethiopian slave; the horse of Islandiyar; one of the books of the Zand; the fourth of the seven lines on the cup of Jamshed; (for compounds see also after المياة)—siyah kardan, = siyah kardan, q.v. under نسياة; to inflame, to enrage.

siyah-bādām, The eye of a mis-

tress.

. siyah-bahār, A surpassing spring سية بهار siyah-pistan, A woman who loses every suckling.

siyah-posh, Clad in mourning ; a life-guardsman; a nightly watch; a keeper

of wild beasts.

siyah-poshān (pl. of the preceding), The name of a country where all wear black; North of Afghanistan; Dardistan.

ابية چرده siyah-charda, Blackish; a dark complexion.

a siyah-<u>kh</u>āna, A black tent; a سية خانة prison; an unlucky house; -siyah-khāna'i *ūbnūsī*, An ebony flute.

فست هيـه siyah-dast, (black-handed)

Covetous.

مية درون siyah-darān, Malignant.

siyah-daruni, Inward baseness, malignity.

ية دل siyah-dil, Black-hearted, malevo-

siyah-rū, (black-faced) Covered سيه with shame, infamous, wicked.

siyah-roz, Unfortunate, afflicted, sad.

هيه ووثي siyah-rū'ī, Infamy, ignominy. siyah-sār, A crocodile.

ين siyah-sar, (black-headed) Man; a pen.

سية منبل siyah-sumbul, Water-mint. سية فام siyah-fām, Inclining to black;

سية قند siyah-qand, Molasses.

يية كار siyah-kār (كرد kard), A scoundrel, prevaricator, sinner; a coward.

siyah-kārī, Sinfulness.

siyah-kāsa, A miser; one who murders his guests.

siyah-gilīm, Unfortunate, afflicted,

poverty-stricken; a wretch.

siyah-gosh, The lion's provider. سيه مغور siyah-maghz, Gloomy, dumpish. سيه مغر siyah-mū (mo), Black-haired. ديه موثي siyah-mū'ī (mo'ī), Blackness of

hair.

siyah-nāmagī, Wickedness. مية نامة siyah-nāma, The black book, the record of one's misdeeds; wicked; adultorous; a vile wretch, a blackguard.

siha, A harlot.

siyahī, Blackness. هيئية saiyi', fem. هيئ saiyi'at, saiy'ia, Bad, wicked, evil; -saiyi'a, Sin, wicked-

Bad, wicked, evil; -saryra, Si ness, crime.

a سييس sayīs, A horse-keeper, a syce (see A. سائس).

sīyanj, A furrow; a ploughshare.

مۇرى

sh, called shīni manqūto or shīni mu'jama (dotted shīn), the sixteenth letter of
the Arabic-Persian alphabet, denotes 300
in arithmetic, and serves as abbreviation
for shamāl, The north; it interchanges with
to, to, jo, who, and wo, and has the power
of sh in English;—ash (-sh) after nouns
expresses the possessive pronoun; after
prepositions and verbs, the oblique cases
and accusative (in poetry, also the nominative) of the pronoun of the third person,
for which see Grammar;—ish, when added
to the imperatives of certain verbs, forms
abstract nouns: as, dānish, "knowledge,"
from dān, "know"; bīnish, "sight," from
bīn, "see."

shā (for shād), Joyful, glad; a fruittree; (for jā), a place; (for shāh) a king; (for T. چائي) river;—shā wulgā, The river Volga.

هائب shāb, Alum;—shābi rūmī. White pepper;—shābi firangī, Europeau alum.

אויף shābb, A young man (especially from twenty-four to forty).

אויף shābabak (A. אויף shābābaj), An

Egyptian tree whose leaves are covered with a kind of wool.

a shābāsh (for shād bāsh), Bravo! excellent! money thrown about at marriages, or given to singers.

shābāshī, Praise, applause.

shābānak, A. عابائي shābānai, A species of hard Egyptian wood (see عابائه); according to others, the dog-violet.

A אָלְשׁ shūbbat, shūbbat, A young woman. פּוֹלָשׁ shūburān, shūbarān, Name of a seaport in Persia.

هابرن shāburan, Native steel (see هابرن).

ماباش = hābash, = ماباش q.v.

A خابك shābik, Cross and intricate (road). مابود shābwad, A halo round the moon.

هابورق shūbūrāk, مابوران shūbūrān, هابورق shābūraq, هابورتان shābūraqān, هابورتان shābūran, A species of hard iron or native steel (see هابور) and هابورتان).

(see هابرى). (هابروكان and هابرى). (هابروكان shābward, A halo round the moon. هابوركان shābūrgān, Native steel (see

هايماره shābahār, Au idol-temple in Kābul. A هابيب sha'ābīb (pl. of shu'būb), Downpours of rain.

هابيري shābīzaj, هابيري shābīzak, The mandrake.

the Romans Sapores; also several other kings; name of one of Farīdūn's grandees; name of a painter and match-maker between Khusrau and Shīrīn;—shāpūr zū 'l-aktūf, Shāpūr of the shoulder-blades (so called from his taking out the shoulder-blades of a number of Arab prisoners he made, and afterwards releasing them);—shāpūri nastūh, Shāpūr, son of Nastūh, a champion in Nauzar's army.

A šla shāt, A sheep.

هارسون shātarsūn, Statice nuda (a plant found on Mount Alburz and in the neighbourhood of Kāshān).

ه هاتل shātil, Name of a medicinal plant.
م ماتل shātim, One who rejoices in another's misfortunes.

т ماتو shātū, A ladder, staircase.

A \mathbf{e}^{s} \mathbf{h} \mathbf{e}^{s} , A making sad, vexing; delaying any business.

shākh (S. śākha), A branch, bough, shoot, sucker, twig; a born, antler; the arm, from the tip of the finger to the shoulder; the leg, from the groin to the foot; a small cut from a main stream; the spur of a cock; a rib; a bit, piece; a gusset, gore; the forehead; the main beam in the roof of a house; a cup of wine (from a custom prevailing in Jurjistān, to drink wine out of horns), a goblet, a drinkinghorn; wine mixed with rose-water; a horn wherein they keep civet, a scent-box; civet; the civet-cat; spices, perfumes; smooth, lank hair; full-grown;—shūkh az pashīmānī bar-āmadan, To be very penitent, to repent

greatly; -shākhi āftābī. The rays of the sun; -shākhi angūr, Name of a medicine or simple; a young shoot, tendril of a vine; -shākhi āhū. A buck's attire; a bow; a false promise;—shākh bar-āwardan, To colour up;—shākh bar dīwar, Conceited, arrogant, proud ;-shākh bar shākh, Far, distant, long; various; -shākh ba-shākh, From branch to branch; -shākhi bun, The branch of a tree; -shākhi bahana, Various pretexts; -shākhi chanār, Name of a particular colour; -shākh dar shākh, Full of branches, with branches intertwined, branchy; various-coloured, of different sorts; far and wide; weeping, lamentation; - shākhi damidani, A trumpet; shākh zadan, To butt or push with the horns; to sound a trumpet or horn; -shàkhi zar, A golden branch (as they are kept in a king's treasury); -- shākhi zarrīn, A yellow pen; —shākhi zafarān, (a twig of saffron) One who esteems too highly his own deserts; anything strange and rare; -shākhi saman, Stature of a mistress; shākh shākh. In branches; in pieces, broken in various places, full of fissures; variegated; the song or note of the nightingale; -shākh shākh shudani gulā, The throat splits, as it were, from the loudness of voice; -shākh shikastan, To be polite, to cease to be self-willed; -shākhi ghazāl, A bow; the new moon; -shākh kardan, To cup;—shākhi gawazn dar hawā, The new moon; -shākhi gīsū, A ringlet of hair; -shākh u barg sākhtan, To make long and broad; to spin a yarn, to talk much, to tell stories; —āshyān bar shākhi āhū, (met.) A thing not to be found; -bar shākhi āhū būdan, To remain unredeemed (a promise),

אין אינעלון) shā<u>kh</u>-ba-dīwār (אין bar dīwār), Proud, arrogant.

هاماه shākhāba, A small cut from a main stream; an arm of the sea.

shū<u>kh</u>cha, A small branch, twig. هامچه بندی shākhcha-bandī, Scandal, slander; increase.

هاعدار shākh-dār, Branched; horned; a cuckold, cornuto; pure, unadulterated; conceited.

shākh-reza, Loppings of branches. هاخ ريزه هاخسار shākhsār, Full of branches; a place abounding in trees, a garden, park, grove, wood; the extremity of a branch; a plate of steel perforated with many holes for drawing gold or silver wire.

مان خانه $sha\underline{kh}$ -sana, = هانه جام q.v. shākhast, Victuals, provisions. ماخست

الله على ملح دلم shākh-sanj, With weighty borns. whals shakh-shana, Name of a certain description of mendicants, so called from their carrying in one hand a ram's horn, and in the other a ram's shoulder-blade, with which they make a grating noise before

the door of anyone from whom they seek relief. If their application be not forthwith attended to, they begin to lacerate their bodies with knives, or (with a view to excite greater horror) they put the knives into the hands of their own children; intimidation, threat.

shākh-shikasta, Broken-horned;

(met.) polite; yielding.

shā<u>kh</u>iş, One whose eyes are fixed هانحص and looking up.

هامك shā<u>kh</u>ak (dim. of shā<u>kh</u>), A small

twig; a bracelet; melilot.

shākhil, shākhul, A sort of grain. خكستة ehā<u>kh</u>-nāshikasta (shā<u>kh</u>i nashikasta), Discourteous; stubborn.

shākhangūr, Name of a medicine;

a vine-tendril.

shākhūr, ماخور shākhūra, A kiln, ماخور furnace.

shā<u>kh</u>ūl, Cytisus cajan (a grain). هاهم shākha, A branch; a horn; a cup in the shape of a horn; wine mixed with rose-water; the pillory; a yoke.

shākhī, A winnowing-fork.

JA shād, Cheerful, exulting; glad, happy; much; full; wine; light, a ray, gleam;shād shudan, To be joyful.

اب shād-āb, Full of water; moist, humid, fresh, succulent, pleasant; fresh

pasture.

هاد آبی shād-ābī, Freshness, moisture. shād-ārām, Name of the intellect هاد آرام of the solar sphere.

shād-isparam, Basil royal. الله shādān, Cheerful, glad; a dancing

girl.

ان دل shādān-dil, Joyful, gladsome. چ shādānaj, Blood-stone (see هادائج); shādānaji 'adasī, Nummulite.

shādānak, Inebriating hemp-

seed (see الماه دانه).

shād-aiyām, Name of the soul of عاد ايام the solar sphere.

shād-bād, Name of a note in music. shād-bāsh, Excellent! well done! هاد باش name of the twenty-sixth day of the month according to the royal era.

אר אין shād-bahr, A happy situation; finding oneself in such; name of a damsel.

خاه shūda<u>kh</u>, The old name of Nishābūr. هاد خو shād-kho, Cheerful, joyful,glad. هاد خواب shād-<u>kh</u>wāb, Refreshing sleep. هاد خواره shād-khwār, خواره shād-khwāra, هاد خوار shād-khwar, Fortunate, well off; voluptuous; a dancing girl; an adulteress, strumpet; one who drinks wine without scruple; one who passes his life without care or trouble; happy, cheerful.

shād-khwāst, Vehement de-

sire.

الله عاد الله shād-dil, Cheerful, gay-hearted. shādurān, A sort of iron which هادران absorbs water; name of a port in Shirwan.

هادربان shādurbān, هادروان shādurwān, A large veil, curtain, or tapestry suspended before the gate of a royal palace; a richlyfigured carpet (in these meanings construed with the verbs kashidan and gustardan); a foundation; a kind of moveable Turkoman house, variously ornamented; a parhelion or a halo round the moon; name of a note in music; a cornice; eaves, projecting roof; — shādurwāni khāk, The earth;—shādurwāni marwārīd, Name of the twelfth tune of Barbud.

shād-kār, Gratuitous service. ماد كار

ماد كام shād-kām, Rejoicing, triumphing, exulting, joyous, happy, contented; name of the brother of Faridun.

shād-kāma, A tumult ;—shād-kāma هاد كامة kardan, To rejoice at another's trouble.

shād-kāmī, Gladness, happiness, هاد كامي delight, content.

shād-gār, Joyous, happy, contented.

الله الله shād-gūna, A mattress for sleeping on; anything upon which one leans; a resting-place; a sofa; a coat of mail stuffed; a female singer or performer.

shād-mār, Many serpents; a huge

serpent.

هادمان shādmān, Cheerful, joyful,

pleased.

shādmāna, A rejoicing or jubilee (especially on the public entry of a king, or other festivity); the cultivation or improvement of any place; joyfully; -shādmāna shudan, To be joyful and glad.

shādmāni, Gladness, joy, pleasure, هادماني delight; -shādmānī kardan, shādmānī-hā

namūdan, To rejoice.

shādmand, Joyful, glad.

هادناك shādnāk, Cheerful, blithe, joyous. هاديع shādna (A. مادنع shādanaj), A kind of stone shaped like a lentil, and used medicinally for the eyes.

shādwān, Cheerfulness, mirth; eaves; a canopy over the head of a king or great man when giving audience in the open air; a veil, a piece of tapestry; an artificial fountain.

هادورد shādward, A halo round the moon; a royal throne; a bed, couch, dormitory; a carpet; name of the seventh of Khusrau's treasures; name of a note in music.

هادة shāda, Glad; wine; much water.

shādakām, The country of delight, the name of a province in the kingdom of jinnistan or Fairy-land, much celebrated in Eastern romance, the capital of which is called jawāhir-ābād, City of jewels.

هادي shādī, Gladness, festivity, joy, rejoicing; a wedding; an ape; name of a certain boy; construed with the verbs āmadan, āwardan, bar-khāston, khwurdan, dīdan, gustardan, gusistan, gushādan.

A هادی shādī, a singer; a reciter of verses; one who has learned a part of morals or good breeding; a driver; in pursuit of some aim or object.

مادياخ shādyā<u>kh</u>, The City of Nīshābūr. هاديانه shādyāna, A band; a music gallery.

ارر shādī-āwar, Joy-bringing. هادية shādīcha, A counterpane, coverlet. هاديدي shādīdan, To rejoice, to triumph.

هادي فزاي shādī-fazāy, Increasing joy; over-joyed.

shādī-mubārak, Congratulations on marriage, or on the birth of a

shādī-marg, An easy death; مرک death from joy; dying easily or from joy.

هاديه shādaya, A medicine for the eyes ;shādaya'i makka, Name given to the firetemple of Barmak in the neighbourhood of Balkh.

هادينا shādīhā (pl. of shādī), Rejoicings.

اله shāz, Glad.

A الله shāzz, Divided from the rest; rare, uncommon; irregular.

A قالم $sh\bar{a}zzut$, $sh\bar{a}zzu$ (fem. of the preceding), A rare reading of the Qur'an.

A مانب shāzib, Absent from one's country; solitary, forlorn, hopeless.

A مالكل shāzil, Name of a man.

هادلة A shāzilat, Name of a village in Maghrib.

A ماذلى shāzilī, A native of Shāzīlat; surname of the founder of a sect who are called after him Shāzilīyah.

هادئي shāzanj, P. هادئي shāzana, A sort of fragile stone of a blackish red colour, employed medicinally.

هائی shūzī, Gladness. مار shūr, Adulteration, debasement; a jackal; a very fine sort of muslin, from which veils and lanterns are made; a certain blackbird that talks like a parrot; a lofty edifice; dancing; a fall of water, an outpouring of wine (see آب هار); the gentle noise made thereby; a whirlpool, eddy; a wide, open road; a title of the princes of Ghurjistan; also of the kings of Ethiopia; (for shahr) a town; (for shah-rah) high road.

هارب ه shārib, A drinker; a whisker, mustachio.

shāraj, An isle in the Persian Gulf. هارح A shārih, A commentator, expositor, explainer; an interpreter; a guard over sown fields (against birds).

اردة shārda, Sardinia.

sharzh-dāfar, Chargé d'Affaires هارژ دافر (m.c. from Fr.).

shārsān, A country having many مارسان

cities; a large city, castle.

هارستان shāristān, A city; a villa surrounded by gardens; a country abounding in towns; name of a book written by Farzāna Bahrām.

shārashk, A bird resembling a partridge, but smaller; a rebeck, a parchment violin.

ه ازع ه shāri', An expounder of the law; or of the articles of faith; a legislator, lawgiver; a highway, main road, thoroughfare; *—shāri'i pahnā*, A broad street or road; shāri'i 'āmm ('ām), A public road;—ghair shāri', Uncertain of, or wandering from, the

هارك ه shārif, Noble; also one that is soon to be ennobled; an old she-camel; an old arrow.

shāriq, (The sun) rising and shining; the eastern side of anything; name of an idol;—shāriq shudan, To rise

مارقة ۸ shāriqat, shariqa, Brightness, splendour.

هارك shārak, A species of talking-bird; a grackle; a nightingale.

shārl, Charles (Fr. pronunciation of

the name, m.c.). هارلتان بورغ shārlatān-būrgh, Charlotten-

bourg, near Berlin (m.c.).

ماركار shār-kār, Idle, sluggish; any gratis work which one is compelled to perform.

shār-mār, A large kind of serpent. shārū, A certain talking bird; a grackle.

هاروان shārwān, A large curtain; a canopy.

shārūd, A halo round the moon.

A هاروك shārof (for jārob), A besom.

ماريه shārūya, The son of Khusrau Parwez.

الله shāra (S. chīra), A large turban or wreath for the head; a veil; the muslin cover of a lantern.

هاري A shārī, A schismatic (opposed to

shūridan, To flow (as rivers) with a great noise; to pour, trickle, urine; to be guilty.

A j' sha'z (v.n.), Lying with; -sha'az (v.n.), Being hard and rocky (a place); being high or tall; being restless.

A باله shāzib, Lean, gaunt (horse); dry. هاره $sh\ddot{a}za$, = هاره q.v.

ه الماس sha's, Rough, hard (place);sha'as (v.n.), Being hard and rough.

shās, Bad-tempered; dishonest; wicked.

shāsparam, Basil royal.

shūspo, Chassepot (m.c. from Fr.). shast, A bustard.

هاسع shāsi', Remote, distant.

هاسف shāsif, Dried, become dry (leathern bottle).

shash, Vicious; contrary; urine; name of a city in Turkistan, whence come excellent bows (see چاچ).

A مائل shāsh, A turban-sash; name of a city in Transoxiana (see preceding article).

هاهاك $sh\bar{a}sh\bar{a}k$, هاهاك q.v.

shāshdān, The bladder; an urinal; a poplar.

shāshidan, To make water, urine. shāshak, A four-stringed instru-

ment; name of a note in music; a bird resembling a partridge, but smaller; an animal resembling an ape.

shāshang, A four-stringed instru-

ment; a small sort of partridge. shāshū, Name of a medicinal herb; one who habitually makes water in his

clothes, a pissabed. هاهاه shāshāla. The loose end of a turban. shāsha, Urine; exudation;—shāsha

kardan. To make water. clusala shāshadān, The bladder; an urinal.

a هاهي shāshī, Of Shāsh in Turkistān (especially applied to bows made there).

shāshīdan, To make water; to pour, trickle, exude, be wet; to be fit,

shāṣib (A life) oppressed with

penury.

A ماطر shāṭir, One who teases, thwarts, and harasses his relations; removing far away from one's family; cunning, sly, clever; a thief, a robber; a messenger, runner, courier; a footman, a lackey (m.c.); a chess-player.

a ماطريون shataryūn, Satyrion.

A مالل shātil, Name of a solvent medicine.

A whatin, Wicked, bad-tempered criminal.

shāt-u-shūt, Jabber and talk هاط و هوط (m.c.). هاملی shāṭi', The bank of a river; the

sea-shore.

A ماعر shā'ir, A poet; one who finds out; one who knows.

a مامانه shā irāna, In poetical fashion; poetical.

هاعره shā'irat, shā'ira, A poetess.

a هاعري shā'irī, The art of poetry; poetic compositions; hyperbole, exaggeration.

A هاعل shā'il, Blazing, shining.

هاعي ه shā'ī, Divulged, made public.

هاغل shaghil, Who or what calls off the attention; busying, occupying; busy, occupied, employed; attentive, intent; -shughli shāghil, A work demanding much attention, an absorbing business.

هامرن shāghūla, The loose end of a turban. هاف shāf, A suppository or clyster;shāfi abyaz, A medicine for the eyes;—shāfi ahmar, The penis.

sha'fat, An ulcer on the foot, so هانة deeply seated that it can only be cured by cauterisation.

هالتن shāftan, To swim; to grow old; to break; to burst; to crumble to dust, be worn.

هائع ه shāfi', Deprecating, interceding;

an advocate, intercessor, mediator.

a هانعي shāfi'ī, Name of the Imām abū'abdu'llah muhammad bin idrīs, one of the chiefs of the four principal sects of the Muhammadan religion; a follower of Shāfi'i.

هانعية shāfi'īyat, Sect of Shafi'ī.

a هانعي مذهب shāfi'ī-mazhab, A Shāfiite. shāfa, Cotton dipped in medicine, and applied to the eyes; a bougie, pessary.

suppository.

هالحي shāfī, Healing, salutary; distinct,

clear;—jawābi shāfī, Categorical answer. shāfīdan, To trip, to slip, to stumble.

A مائى shāqq, Difficult, troublesome, disgusting, perplexing, toilsome, wearisome.

هاقل ه shāqul, الله shāqul, An instrument for ploughing used at Basrah; a brick-

layer's plummet; a pendulum.

shāk, A shoot, twig; a he-goat; tumid, swelling; one-footed, monoped; a bandage of linen, with which women truss their breasts, a stomacher, corslet.

ماك ه shākk, Armed, arrayed in armour;

one who draws a bow.

shākār, A gratuitous work (especially when one is compelled to work for nothing); a scholar, apprentice; a boy, servant, groom. shakar, Work done for nothing.

هاکر shākir, (One who) celebrates, praises, or gives thanks; resigned; one of the names of God; -shākir shudan, To return thanks, to be grateful.

shākirbāh, One compelled to keep هاكرباه horses for the public service; service, attendance on a judge or magistrate.

A ماكل shākil, Likeness; whiteness be-

tween the ear and the temples.

A هاكلة shākilat, shākila, Form, figure; way, manner; hypochondria; a tract, side, quarter; whiteness between the ear and the temples.

هاكلول shāklūl, A babbler; a glutton.

shākala, A strawberry (corruption of chagulak for T. (چيلك).

shākmand, A covering or blanket هاكمند of goats' hair.

s هاكمونى shākmūnī (S. śākyamuni), A name of Buddha.

هاکورد shākward, A halo round the moon; a dormitory; a royal throne; the seventh treasure of Khusrau; name of a note in music.

هاكي ه shākī, Equipped with arms; armed; a backbiter, censurer, stigmatizer; one who

complains, a lamenter.

هاگرد shāgird, A scholar, student, apprentice; a disciple, pupil; a boy, servant, groom; a copier of records; — shāgirdi rashīd, A complete, apt scholar.

shāgirdāna, A scholar, apprentice, or a servant; presents made to children at the time of nushra (see نشرة); the fee given by a scholar to his teacher; an extra gratuity over and above wages due, drink money; alms.

shāgird-pesha, A menial; retinue.

shāgirdī, A gratuity over and هاگردي above wages due; alms; a scholar, student, apprentice; apprenticeship; learning, study.

هال $sh\bar{a}l$, A shawl or mantle, made of very fine wool of a species of goat common in Tihet; a coarse mantle of wool and goats' hair, worn by dervishes; a small carpet; white hair-cloth, horse-cloth, or housing :shāl ba-gardan dashtan (met.), To be ill; shāli tarma, A Kashmir shawl ;—shāli tarmanumā, An imitation Kashmir shawl ;—shāli tang, A girth; -shāli tūs, A shawl made in Tus; -shāl kushtan, To strangle with a shawl (mode of execution); -shāli kuhna dāshtan, To wear an old shawl, i.e. be very

shāl-poshī, A coarse cloth placed هالبوهو under a horse's armour; the garment of a

pauper.

shālikh, Salah, son of Arphaxad, and هاليع grandfather of Abraham.

مال دار shāl-dār, Stamped to imitate shawl.

shālda, The foundation of a wall or

building.

shālang, One taken in the stead of هالنگ another, a sponsor; the nimble pace of a courier; woollen padding sewn under a carpet; a horse-cloth.

shālangī, A rope-maker; a spinner هالنگی

of materials for tent-making.

shāl-namad, Housing of goats' hair.

shāla-mār, Name of a pleasure ماله مار

garden in Kashmir.

هالهنگ shālhang, A pledge; quarrel, broil; fraud, deceit; obstinacy, stubbornness, disobedience.

shālī, Rice in the husk ;—shāliyi ābī, هالي A kind of wild rice.

مالي پاية shālī-pāya, A rice-field.

shālīzār, A rice-field, rice-ground. shām, Evening; supper (also called shāmi shab); dinner (m.c.);—shām khwurdan, To sup, to dine;—shām dādan, To give a supper;—shām shikastan, To breakfast in the evening; -shāmi ghurbat, The supper of a poor, destitute traveller;—shām kardan, To sup; -shām u sahar, Morning and evening (adv.); — namāzi shām, Eveningprayer, vespers.

sha'm (v.n.), Being unlucky; bringing ill luck ;-shām, Syria and its capital Damascus; [shāmi sharif, The noble city of Damascus;] (pl. of shāmat) black moles

or marks;—shāmm, Smelling. A ماست shāmāt, The Syrias (m.c.).

shāmākh, A kind of millet;—also هاماغ

shāmākhcha, A bandage with which women truss their breasts.

shāmār, هاماز shāmāz, Name of a place, the abode of many fire-worshippers.

shāmāk, A short female garment, reaching to the middle of the leg; also an under shirt, worn in hot weather, or in violent exercise, to prevent the perspiration from staining the other clothes; a short working garment; a bandage for the breasts.

shāmākcha, A stomacher; a bandage for trussing the breasts; a short shift or inner garment; a sleeveless shirt, tunic, or vest; a cloak.

shāmāka, Hard pitch.

shāmāla, Brown, tawny (unsupported by examples).

اندازه $sh\bar{a}m\bar{a}n$, Measure, &c. (= 5)اندازه q.v.)

shampen, Champagne (m.c. from

shāmpen-sāsī, Champagne هامپين سازي

manufactory (m.c.).

A & sha'mat, shamat, The left side; adversity, ill luck, disaster; disgrace, infamy; -shāmat, A black spot or mole; a lunar spot; a black she-camel; -shāmmat, shāmma, Smelling (fem.); the nose;—qūwati shāmma, The olfactory sense.

shāmit, A rejoicer at another's هاست ۸

loss or misfortune.

a هامت زده shāmat-zada, هامت زده shāmatī, Unfortunate, miserable; a wretch; cursed,

A مامع shāmikh, High, lifted up; lofty, proud ;- jabali shāmikh, A high mountain, towering to the sky.

shāmir, shāmar, A veil, covering for the head.

shāmish, The Greek هامش shāmish, The Greek island of Samos; Samian earth, resembling tale, which if touched with the tongue adheres to it; also a kind of viscous earth, white or black, that dissolves in water.

shāmak, A vest reaching to the

waist.

shāmakcha, A short garment هاسكية reaching to the waist; a linen bandage with which women truss their breasts.

shām-gāh, Evening-tide.

shāmil, Who or what extends هامل ه itself, touches all round, surrounds, comprehends, contains, communicates with; comprehensive; complete, perfect; included; universal; united, confederate;shāmili hāl, Comprising the circumstances of the case; similarly circumstanced; jointly, together.

ه ماملات shāmilāt, Things included; partnership; undivided property; a coparcenary estate; land held in common.

a ماملاتي shāmilātī, Common, general; joint; coparcenary.

a مامل حال shāmil-hāl, = shāmili hāl q.v. under هامل. « shāmūs, = هامس q.v.

هامنه shāma, A woman's veil; a lord, master; supper; anything lying; a black thing; darkness; a falcon's hood; a place; a seat; a comb; the elbow; (for Ar. المامة) the sense of smelling; scent, smell.

shāmī, Supper; the evening. a هامى shā'mī, shāmī, A Syrian, Šyriac. shāmyāna, A parasol, umbrella,

canopy.

shān, A bee-hive (also called shāni 'asal and shāni mūm); virgin honey; a large loaf of fine flower, such as are given in presents on new-year's-day; a mandate; science; an enigma; a shoemaker's last; fear: a white Indian dress: a whetstone (imp. of shandan); comb thou, &c.; (for eshān) they; (in polite speech) he, his lordship, &c. (m.c.); -jāma'i shān, Their garment; -asbi shān, Their horse; -sar-hāshān, Their heads (m.c.).

A o' sha'n, shan (v.n.), Doing, minding, or looking after (one's business); thing, affair, business; nature, disposition; rank, dignity, power, authority; respect, regard; -shāni sharīf, A noble condition, a lofty rank; -ehāni 'askarī, Military honour; --

hirsi shan, Ambition.

shān-dār, A man of quality or rank.

shāndān, shānadān, A comb-case. هاندن shāndan, To comb; to mark; to lay (the dust).

shānz-alīza, Champs Elysées in Paris (m.c.).

shānzdah, Sixteen.

shānzdahum, The sixteenth. هالك shānak, The crop of a bird.

shānawān, A comb-case. نانه shāna, A comb; a weaver's comb; hair combed flat (opp. to ja'd "curled hair"); a crest; a hay or corn fork; a honey-comb; bee-hive; the shoulder-blade; speed; leaping, bounding; a desert; -shāna'i asb (sutur-khār), A curry-comb; -shāna pechīdan, (met.) to object, to make difficulties;shāna khālī kardan, To oppose; to pretend, to make excuses or pretexts; -shāna dar āb, comb ready for combing (construed with the verbs būdan, dāshtan, and nihādan); -shāna dar rīsh zadan, To be prepared;shāna duzdīdan, (met.) To object, to resist, to make difficulties; -shāna'i dast, A lint, wool, or cotton-card, (met.) the hand with the five fingers; -shāna zadan, To comb;shana shikastan, To frighten, to terrify ;shāna'i karpās, A weaver's instrument;shāna kardan (kashīdan, nihādan), To comb; curry; — shāna-gardānī (shāna-gīrī) kardan, To oppose; to pretend, to make excuses;—az gardi 'ālam ('adam) shāna kard, He created, he made manifest.

אָן שוֹב shāna āwez, Suspending a man by the hands to a comb-shaped instrument of torture.

اك باك shāna-bāf, A cloth of coarse exture.

முள விக் shāna-bīn, A sooth-sayer (auguring from the shoulder-blades of goats).

shāna-bīnī, Augury from the هانه بيني shoulder-blade.

shāna-pech, Refractory, contumacious.

shāna-tarāsh, A comb-maker. هانه تراهي shānadān, A comb-case.

ين عالم shāna-rez, Combings.

ن مالم shāna-zan, A comber; a hairdresser.

هانه ساز shāna-sāz, A comb-maker.

هانه مرك shāna-sar, هانه مرك shāna-sarak, (crest-head) The hoopoo or puet.

هانه کاری shāna-kārī, Quarrel, dispute, contest.

shāna-kash, A comber. مانه کش

هانه نا كېدة shāna nā-karda, Uncombed. shāna-gīr, Refractory, contumacious.

ahāna-hīd, A hay or corn-fork. هائي shānī, Name of a coin formerly current.

A مالئ ه shāni', A hater (of man or woman), an evil-wisher; -shānī, Referring to condition, dignity, rank, &c.

هاليدن shānādan, To comb; to card.

sha'w (v.n.), Preceding, outstripping; clearing mud out of a well; a boundary, term, goal, end, extremity; mud, &c. drawn out of a well; a basket.

shāwār, Fit for a king; choice.

ماوورv, = shawur هاور q.v.

shāwarān, A city in Shirwan. shāwazd, A kind of white thorn.

هارغر shavghar, A brazen trumpet; name

of a country in Turkistan.

shāwinī, shāvnī, Covering of a cradle. shāwūr, A confidant of Khusrau Parwez, king of Persia, who went to the court of Heraclius, emperor of Greece, and dropped the picture of his prince in the sight of the princess Shirin, the emperor's daughter, in consequence of which she fell in love with him (see چرویز); a pimp; Shāpūr, king of Persia.

shāwidan, To become, &c. (=

, to go.

هارين shāwīn, Cotton-carding; a cotton-

reel.

shāh, A king, sovereign, emperor, monarch, prince; the king at chess; check to the king (in chess); a bridegroom; a son-in-law; a title assumed by fakirs; a wide, main road; a sort of garment used in India; root, origin; name of an animal; of noble blood; great, excellent in any degree; -shāhi āfāq-gird, Alexander Zū'l Qarnain;—shāhi anjum (khāwar, khargāhi mīnā), The sun; -shāh khwāndan, To adduce cogent arguments; -shāhi dād, The just king (Nushirwan); -shāhi zāwul, Name of Mahmud Sabuktigin ;-shāhi zang, Night; -shāhi saiyārāt (tārimi falak), The sun; shāhi 'ālī-jāh, A king of exalted dignity;shāhi gardūn, The sun ;—shāhi gauharān, A certain precious stone which belonged to Khusrau Parwez, and which, on being cast into the sea, attracted to itself a number of other precious stones; -shāhi gāyandagān, Muhammad ;—shāhi musallas-burūj (musallasi), The sun; -shāhi murabba'-nishīn, The Qaaba; -shāhi mardān, King of valour, Alī; -shāhi mashrīq, The sun; -shāhi nīmroz, A title of the governor of Sistan ;-shahi yak-aspa, The sun.

shāhā (vocative case), O king!

shāhāb, A red colour; red juice of the flower of the kājīra.

shāh-ābād, A district of south

Bahar.

"« shāh-āzmāy, " King-proving, ارماى putting the king to the test.

shāh-āzmūd, Who or what has

seen (many) a king (the crown).

shāh-isparam, سپرهم shāhisparham, اسبرعم shah-isfarham, اسفرهم أله اسبرعم shah-isparaham, Basil-royal.

.shah-afsar, Melilot هاه افسر

shāh aqāchī, Name of a village هاه اقاچی near Rasht.

هاه آلو shāh-ālū, A sort of plum.

هاهان shāhān (pl. of shāh), Kings.

shāh-anjīr, A small but delicious هاه الجير fig.

هاهانه shāhāna, Royal; splendid, magnificent; royally; a dress worn by a bridegroom.

هاه اندازی کردن shāh-andāzī kardan, To

boast, to brag.

shāh-bād, The king's son-in-law.

shāh-bāz, A royal falcon; the longest هاهباز feathers in a falcon's wing; royal, generous,

shāh-bāl, Longest feather in a هاهبال wing.

shāh-bālā, One who is exactly of the same age, height, and figure as the bridegroom, and who attends the bridegroom to the house of the bride.

shāh-bānaj, A hard Egyptian tree. shāh-bānak, A sort of medicinal هاه بانك

plant.

shāh-burj, Name of a fortified هاه جرح tower of Akbar-abad.

هاه بسه shāh-busa, Melilot.

shāh-balūṭ (ballūṭ), (royal oak) A هاه بلوط chestnut.

shāh-bandar, The shābandar, the receiver-general of duties or tribute; the custom-house (at Dacca).

shāh-boy (bāy), The odour of amber شاهبوي or musk; ambergris.

shāh-bait, The royal distich or concluding verse of the Ghazal or Eastern ode.

هاهپر shah-par, Largest feather in a wing.

shāh-param, Basil-royal.

shāh-parī, Name of a Peri; amber, musk (see ماه برى, of which the word, in these meanings, is perhaps a misreading).

shah-pasand, Vervain (Verbena هاه پسند

officinalis).

shāh-tarāb, A viceroy; a king's هاة تراب favourite; a satrap.

shahtarra (A. هاهتره), Fumitory. shāh-tūt, A large, excellent mulberry.

shāh-tīr, The king-beam, the large

beam of a house.

shāh-jān, Name of the city Marv. shāh-jūy, Longing for the king, full of affection for the king (heart).

shāh-jāhān, Name of an emperor

of Hindustan.

shāh-chīnī, The expressed juice هاة چينى of a China plant.

shāh-khwurdī, Sweetmeats used هاه خوردي

on great days.

shāhid, A beautiful woman; a handsome man; a ringlet of hair, especially belonging to a mistress; known; things of great value;— $sh\bar{a}hidi~j\bar{a}n$, The beloved of one's soul;—shāhidi zarbaft-posh, Heaven; day; the sun;—shāhidi zard, White wine; shāhidi rukh-zard (roz, za'farānī, shāhi falak, <u>tigh</u>āni char<u>kh</u>), Name of the sun.

هاهد ه shāhid, A witness, eye-witness,

bystander.

shāh-dārū, (sovereign remedy) A

name which Jamshed gave to wine.

shah-damad, The king's son-in-اهاه باد law (see اها).

shāh-dān, A large, beautiful

pearl.

a خاهدائج shāhdānaj (from the following),

Hemp-seed.

اهدانه shāh-dàna, A large pearl; the largest bead in a rosary; hemp-seed; a cherry ;-shāh-dāna'i hind, Indian hemp.

هاهد بار shāhid-bāz, Whoremonger; sodomite.

shāhid-bāzī, Whoredom.

shāhid-parast, A devoted lover. هاهد پرست ehāh-dirakht, The royal fir.

shāh-duzd, A captain of robbers, an هاه دزد arch-thief.

ماة دود shāh-dūd, A sort of musical instrument.

الله علا دون الله shāh-dūna, Salvia Syriaca (plant). a ماهدى shāhidī, Testimony, evidence. هاه ديوار shāh.dīwār, A palace-wall.

هاهر ه shāhir, One holding a drawn sword ; (used irregularly for mashhar) renowned.

si, sia shāh-rāh, King's highway, main road.

shāh-rukh, The horn of a rhinoceros; the rooks in chess; a title given to the sons of the nobility; name of a son of Timūr.

shāh-rash, A fathom.

shāh-rag, The jugular vein. shāh-rūd (rod), A large river; name of a river falling into the Safid-rud at Manjil; the brass cord of an instrument; name of a musical instrument; name of a

shāh-zādagī, Minority of a هاه زادكي

prince; youthful folly; foolish pride.

ssi; sla shāh-zāda, King's son, heir-appa-

shāh-zāda-khānum, A princess ; هاه زاده خانم crown-princess (m.c.).

(m.c.).

ايرة shāh-zīra, Caraway-seed.

shahasbaram (from P.), and shāh-ala ala shāh-sipargham, هاة سيرغم shāhsiparam, مرهم shāh-siparham, Sweet basil, basil-royal.

shāh-sār, Like a king.

shāhistān, (the king's country) عاهستان Persia.

shàh-suwar, An excellent horseman.

shāh-sinī, The expressed juice of هاة صيني a plant brought from China, good for the

a ماه طمر shāh-tamar, The great artery.

a عالم shāh-'ālam, Surname of 'Alī Gauhar, son of Alam-gir II., one of the Mogul Emperors of India.

shāh-gharjikān, A royal habit

of fine muslin.

shāh-fash, King-like. هاة فش

shāhiq, High, lofty (mountain or هاهي ه edifice).

a ملا قام shāh-gām. A term used at chess by the losing party in order to draw the game.

shāh-katnak, Rhamnus pallasii هاه كتنك

(plant).

shāh-kār, (king's work) A gratuitous work, which one is compelled to do; anything great, pure, and magnificent.

هاه کاسه shāh-kāsa, A large cup, a tankard.

عاه كال shāh-kāl, Squint-eyed.

shāh-gām, Pleasant-paced (horse); a particular pace of a horse, the royal pace.

هاهگان shāhgāna, Anything great and noble; a royal treasure;

a species of verse. هاه کردی shāh-girdī, Captivity, subjection.

shah-gauharan, A jewel of the first magnitude and purest ray; a single pearl filling its shell.

هاه گوی shāh-goy, Speaking of the king, full of talk of the king (tongue).

shāh-guhar, Ancestor of kings. هاه گير

shāh-gīr, Capturing kings. هاه گير

shāh-lūj, A sort of plum.

هاه الوك shāh-lūk, A large yellow plum. ماه ليمو shāh-lūmū, An exquisite kind of lemon.

said to be found in a serpent's mouth or a dragon's head.

shāhan, shāhin, A shepherd's pipe;—shāhin, The beam of a balance; an excellent falcon.

هاه نام shāh-nām, A sort of musical instrument; name of a city in Shirwān.

the book of kings, title of a poetical and most romantic history of the ancient Persian monarchs, by Firdausi, who is justly considered as the Homer of the East.

shāh-nāy, A military trumpet.

هاهندي shāhandan, To be honest, sincere; to act uprightly.

shāhanda, Pious, honest, upright;

excellent, blest.

هاهنشاه shāhanshāh, هنشاه shāhanshāh (a shāhanshah, هينهاه shāhanshāh (a contraction of الله shāhān-shāh), King of kings, lord of lords;—shāhanshāhi zandwāstā (falak), The sun.

shāhanshāhī, Imperial dignity, monarchy; royal, imperial, princely, monarchial

shāh-nishīn, The seat of the king, i.e. a gallery or balcony projecting from the palace, where the king shows himself to his people; a balcony, gallery, portico, or similar projection; a costly carpet.

ehāhwār, Royal, noble; like a king, fit for a king, befitting a king; a fine royal

a royal throne; a dormitory; the seventh treasure of Khusrau; name of a note in

هاهوش shāhwash, Royal; a maiden, vir-

هاهول shāhāl, A plumb-line; a pendulum

(هاتول Bee).

shāhūy (?), Name of a historian from which Firdausi took some parts of his poem.

asla shāha, A turret raised above a house for the enjoyment of air; name of a city in Hāmāwarān, where Sūdāba was born.

ماهی shāhī, Royal; imperial dignity, dominion, sovereignty, royalty; the followers of the sect of Ali; name of a poet; name of a coin; a penny (m.c.): a sort of

sweetmeat, made of starch and white of

shāhīdan, To reign, to exercise kingly authority; to be honest, upright, righteous, sincere, pious.

shāhīda, Pious, chaste, upright.

the beam of scales; a place to recline; the tongue of a balance.

t ماهين قلعنسي $sh\bar{a}h\bar{i}n$ -qala's \bar{i} , The fort of the falcon (on the Bosphorus, m.c.).

ه هلغي, God; imp. of shāyīdan. مايار shāyār, Gratuitous work which one is compelled to do.

shāyān, Legal, lawful, allowed, permitted; worthy, suitable; agreeable; possible, contingent; gratuitous but forced work.

هايانيدي shāyānīdan, To cause to comb; to cause to suit.

A LAM shā'ibat, Mixture; impurity; any impure thing; suspicion, doubt; semblance, least appearance.

who shāyad, Let it be; it is agreeable, suitable, worthy, proper; may be, perhaps, perchance, possibly, probably; probability.

هابراك shāyrād, A halo round the moon. هايستاليدي shāyistānīdan, To cause to suit, to render useful.

هايستگى shāyistagī, Aptitude, suitability, conveniency; propriety, fitness; affability.

هايستن shāyistan, To become, suit, agree; to be worth; to assist; to be destroyed; to be necessary.

هايسته shāyista, Worthy, honourable; legal, unobjectionable; suitable, decent, useful; well-bred, polite;—shāyista - būd (shāyista-hastī), Whose existence is necessary, i.e. self-existent.

هايسته مراق shāyista-mizāj, Affable, mild. هايستني shāyistanī, What is necessary or suitable.

a هايعة shāyi'a, A wide-spread rumour. ماكة shā'iq, Who or what excites desire; desirable; desirous, ardent, zealous; lascivious; impatient.

shā'iqīn (obl. pl. of the preceding, also used as nom.), Ardent admirers,

lovers, votaries.

هانك ه shā'ik, Thorny, prickly; armed. هاى كليو shāy kalīv, Name of a Persian prophet.

shāyika, A certain thorn which bears هايكه

the gum 'anzarūt.

worthy of a king or great man; large, immense (particularly a royal treasury); name of one of Khusrau's treasures; opened, displayed; wide, spacious; repeated, reiterated; worthy, suitable, befitting; any

thing which one is compelled to do gratuitously for the king; verse that ends in an, and is of two classes. The first, which is called shaygani khafī, is an at the end of words denoting the agent, as giryan "weeping, a weeper," khandan "laughing, a laugher." Words of this class are not allowed to rhyme with such words as zamān, "time," or kamān "a bow." (In like manner, in, forming adjectives of relationship in such words as atishin "fiery," sumin "silvery," may not rhyme with such words as zamīn "earth," or kamīn "ambush.") The second class, which is called shāygāni jali, is an at the end of words in the plural as yārān, dostān "friends." Such words may not rhyme with a noun in the singular as fulan "So-and-so." The occurrence of these terminations more than once in the Ghazal or Qasīda is forbidden.

هايگانه shāygāna, Beseemingly, properly;

richly.

shāyyānī, Large, immense (parti-

cularly a royal treasury).

هايگيني shāyigīna, هايگينه shāyigīnī, Small,

cheap (doubtful word).

A مثال $sh\bar{\alpha}'il$, Milkless (camel), or one that by cocking her tail shows she is pregnant.

shāyward, A halo round the moon; name of the seventh treasure of Khusrau; also of a note in music.

ala shāya, Fruit.

shā'ī, A worshipper of God.

ه مايخ shāyīdan, To become, suit, agree; to be worthy; to be useful and necessary.

→ shab, Night, darkness; [shabi ihyū (?), = shabi tāq below; -shab ba-dū nīm kard, Midnight has passed; shābi barāt, The fourteenth night of Sha'ban; -shab bardāshtan (paimūdan), To measure the night, i.e. to remain awake all night; -shab bar sari chang amad, The night is advanced; shab ba-roz āwurdan (kardan), To work through the night; -shabi tārīk (tīra), An obscure night; (adv.) in the dark of night; - shabi tegh, The tenth night of the month Muharram;—shabi jak (chak) The fifteenth night of Sha'ban;—shab hāmila hast tā chih zāyad, The night is pregnant, what will she bring forth? i.e. future has good and bad in store, so despair not; -shabi khamar, A night of drunkenness; -shab dar miyan dadan, To become security for a night, or for a longer time;—shabi daijūr(zangī), A dark night; -shab-ra, At night, during the night (m.c.);—shab zinda dāshtan, To remain awake all night; -shab sakhtan, To pass the night in company with another (see shab kardan); -shabi sada, Name of the tenth night of the month bahman; shabi shaba-gun, A dark night; - shabi sharab, The night of a drinking bout; shab shudan, To terminate (the season of

youth); -shab shikastan, To pass the night; night passes; -shabi tāq, The nineteenth. twenty-first, and twenty-third nights of Ramazān; — shabi zulmat-andūd, A night veiled in darkness; -shabi 'ambarīn, A dark night; -shabi farrukh, The fourteenth note of the barbut ;-shabi qadar, The night of power, i.e. the twenty-seventh of the month Ramazān;—shabi kā'ināt, The world;shab kardan, To pass the night in company with another, to pass the night (m.c.);shab gurba sammūr numāyad, At night the cat appears like a civet-cat; -shabi guzashta, Last night; -shabi gul, The night of roses (when people visit the rose-gardens to celebrate the advent of spring); -shabi gesūfishan, A dark night; shabi mah, Light night, moonlight; -shabi masrá, The night of Muhammad's pretended ascent to heaven; -shab u roz, Night and day; shabi yalda, Longest winter-night; dar shab, In the night, at night;]—shib, a precious silk-stuff; the whizz of an arrow.

A - shabb (v.n.), Kindling (a flame or war); height, elevation; growing to be a young man; alum;—shabbi yamānī, The best kind of alum found in Yaman.

shabāb, Name of a note in music;—

shibāb, A cherry.

A A shabāb (v.n. of A), Growing up, becoming a young man; youth, prime of life; youthfulness; beginning of anything; (pl. of shābb) youths, young men; [unfawâni shabāb, Flower of youth;]—shibāb, Curvetting (of a horse); whatever is used in lighting a fire;—shubbāb (pl. of shābb according to the Muntakhab, but if it occurs in Persian writers, evidently misreading for shubbān), Young men.

هبابة shabābāyat, Youth, هبابة

youthfulness.

هماروز shab-ā-roz, Night and day; always. هماروزي shab-ā-rozī, The civil day, twenty-four hours;—bārāni shab-ā-rozī, Twenty-four hours rain.

shabāra, A woman running about at

night; a bat.

A shab-ā-shab, Night by night; quick.

shubāt, The Syriac month of

February.

A مُباعث shabā'at (v.n. of مُباعث), Having a capacious understanding;—shubā'at, Leavings after the appears is satisfied; the well Zamzam.

shab-afroz, Illuminating the night, i.e. the moon, a candle, a glow-worm, and the like; the tenth month of the royal zera.

هـــانه shab-afsāna, A night-tale.

A ماك shibāk (pl. of shabakat), Nets.

A مَالَكُمْ shubbākat, A lattice, trellis; net-work; a net.

shabalany, Chase, gamc.

A piece of wood put into the mouth of a kind to prevent him from sucking, a gag; name of a tribe; also of a place.

A مبال shibāl (pl. of shibl), Lion-whelps.

والم shabān, A bat; night; (pl. of shab) nights; [shabān, shubān, A shepherd, pastor;—shabāni wādī'i aiman, The shepherd of the happy valley, i.e. Moses;]—shubbān (pl. of مات), Young men.

ehab-ambūy, Winter gilly-

flower.

الدر روز shab andar roz, (night within day) A silken stuff of a mixed colour.

shabān-rozī, مبائروز shabān-rozī, Night and day; the civil day, twenty-four hours.

فریف shabān-firīb (فریبک firībak, غریف shabān-firīb (فرید firīvak), The shepherd-mocker or deceiver, a kind of bird with a shrill pipe; according to others, a bat, or a wagtail.

هبانكارة shabānkāra, Name of a district in

Persia, and of a village near Tus.

هبانكارى shabānkārī, A nation.

هانگاه shabān-gāh, Evening; morning (comp. هجگير); a lodging-place; a fold;—shabān - gāh, shubān - gāh, A shepherd's cabin.

shabān-gāhī, Belonging to the evening;—ta'āmi shabān-gāhī, The evening

meal, supper.

مبانگاه shaban-gah, = مبانگه q.v.

هب انگير shab-angez, Henbaue; a bat. همانور

night, at nightfall (m.c.); supper; night-clothes; night-wages; last night's (bread or wine); muddled, tipsy; wine taken at night;—shabāna, shubāna, A shepherd, a guardian, keeper.

shabāna-roz, The civil day, con-

sisting of twenty-four hours.

هبانى shabānī, Pastoral charge, pastorate; the office of a shepherd; a coin weighing seven drachms;—dāhi shabānī kunanda, A shepherdess.

اَوْا shab-āwā, Crying out at night; a

nocturnal cry.

shabawez, Name of a bird which is said to suspend itself by its claws, and cry haq haq all night, till the blood drops from its mouth.

shabāhat, Likeness, similarity, re-

semblance.

a shabāhang, The morning-star; dawn; night; the dog-star; the nightingale; a cote; the teeth of a mistress; a horse.

shabā-hangām, Night-time.

ارة shab-bāra, A strumpet; a bat. بازة shab-bāz, Who plays by night, particularly a puppet-man; one who reads

the Qur'an by night; a night-watcher; a bat.

هب بازة shab-bāza, A bat; a strumpet. بازى shab-bāzī, Tricks, games, and dances by night; fraud, deceit; a night attack (in this meaning probably misreading for اهب تازى).

هُب باش shab-bāsh, A night-lodger. shab-bāshī, Nightly lodging.

shab ba-khair, Good night, salutation at night.

جب جو shab-bo, Polyanthus tuberosa; shab-boyi harati, Hesperis tristis.

shab-būza, A bat.

shab-boy, The yellow violet; a fragrant forest-flower resembling camomile.

هم بيدار shab-bidār, Waking or watching all night, sleepless.

هب پاس shab-pās, A night-watch.

هبيرة shab-parak, مبيرة shab-para, A bat.

shab-pūr, A bat. مبهور

shab-posh, Night-covering, i.e. quilts, counterpanes, blankets, bedding of any kind; a woman's veil.

shab-pūy, The noise of the feet

in walking gently.

shab-paimāy, (measuring the night) Sleepless; sick; a lover.

shibit (A. shibitt), Anise, dill;-

shibt, A hall.

a candle; a black cat, from her eyes shining remarkably in the night; a firefly; a gem;—kirmi shab-tāb, A fire-fly, a glow-worm.

shab-tāzī, An at- مب تازى shab-tāzī, An at-

tack by night.

shab-tak, A sort of game.

shabas (v.n.), Clutching, fixing the claws in; a spider; a multiped venomous insect; name of a man;—shabis, Having the hands locked (combatants).

هب جا shab-ja, A lodging-place for the

night.

shab-chara, Who has pastured on

the night, i.e. very black.

shab-chirāgh, (night-lamp) A carbuncle, a brilliant gem; a glow-worm; a fire-fly.

shab-chirāghak, A glow-worm. shab-chara, Dried fruits eaten at

night; a nightly grazing of cattle.

shabchak, هيه shabcha, A festivalnight in the month Sha'bān, or Zū'l Qa'da.

مبهه shubcha, A moth; a weevil (see

. (هبشه

shabh, shabah, Any object seen at a distance and yet appearing as a mere black speck; body.

shabkh, The noise made by milk

in milking.

هبخاله shab-khāna, A bed-chamber; a

haram; a closet into which one retires at night for exercises of devotion.

shab-khwābī, Night-clothes. shab-khwan, The nightingale. shab-khwush, Good night! محب خوش

shab-khūn, A night-assault; a nocturnal journey (construed with the verbs āmadan, āwardan, burdan, chakīdan, khwurdan, rekhtan, zadan, kardan, in the sense of making or meeting with a night-assault respectively).

shab-khūnī, Robbery by night. shab-khez, One who rises to pray or

who watches in the night.

shab-<u>kh</u>īzak, Water-cresses. shab-khezī, A rising in the night. shabdar, Clover, trefoil; clubs (in cards, m.c.).

shab-dar-miyān, A transaction هب در ميان with the allowance of a night to intervene; a distance of (two days and a) night, i.e. of thirty-six hours.

ەرى جەم shab-duzd, A night-robber, a burglar.

هبدع ه shibda', shibdi', Misfortune, calamity; the tongue; a scorpion.

shab-dez, (night-colour) A horse of a dark rusty colour; a noble, generous steed; name of a famous horse that belonged to Khusrau; name of a modulation in music; -shabdezi nugra-khing, Heaven; night; day; time; fortune; the world.

shab-deg, (night-pot) A dish composed of meat and turnips dressed all night

A مبذ shabaz, Name of a village near Abī-

ward (see ابيورد).

shabzīr, A name of God. هبذير shabr (v.n.), Measuring with the span; -shibr, The space between the tip of the thumb and that of the little finger; a span; [qaṣīru'sh-shibr, Short of stature;] -shabbar, Name of a son of Aron, by which Muhammad is said to have called his grandson Hasan (see هبير and مشبر).

shabar, A flame;—shibr (for A. shimr),

Name of Husain's slayer.

shaburghān, The ancient name of هبرغان the city of Balkh.

shibram, Spurge, sea-lettuce, tythimallus.

A אינק shubrum, Short; covetous, avaricious.

shab-rang, Obscure, black, clothed هبرنگ in sable; a dark bay or iron-grey horse; name of the horse of Siyawush; name of a flower; a species of stone which burns like coal.

shab-rav, One who travels in the night; a robber; a night-watch; a holy man; -asbi shab-rav, A swift horse, going well in the night.

هب روى shab-rawi, A travelling in the

night.

shabrīd, A bed made of ropes or straps and used in a ship, a hammock.

ال الله الله shab-zinda-dār, Vigilant during night; keeping, or who keeps the night alive.

shab-zinda-dārī, A keeping هب زنده داري

of vigils.

shibist, A monster; terror-striking. shabistān, A bed; a bed-chamber, dormitory; a king's bed-chamber; a closet where one says nightly prayers; the circuit of the Ka'bah (as a place where prayers are said).

shabistān-furoz, Lighting up, هبستان فروز illuminating, adorning the bed-chamber.

shabistānī, Night-clothes. هبستالي

هبسدة shab-sada, The Epiphany; a bat.

.v. هبست = shibisht هبشت

هبص ه shabas, Roughness; entanglement of thorns or branches on a tree.

shabitbāt, Shepherds-staff (a herb). A خبع shab', Fulness, satisty; — shib', Enough to satisfy for once; -shib', shib'a, Satisty; approaching to satisty.

A هبعان shab'ān, Full, satiate. a شب عبا shab-'abā, A dark night.

هبعة shub'at, Enough to satisfy for once.

shabghār, هبغاره shabghār, هبغاره shab ahāra, اهبغاو shabahāz, المبغاة shabahāza, هبغاء shabahav, A night-fold for cattle.

a جريب shab-<u>gh</u>arīb, Cakes and sweets distributed at a grave on the night after

interment.

هبى ه shabaq (v.n.), Burning with lust;

lust ;--shabiq, Libidinous, lewd.

مبك shabk (v.n.), Mixing; inserting, infixing; -shabak, Teeth of a comb; (pl. of shabakat) nets.

shibk, A whirl on a spindle.

هركة shabakat, shabaka, A fishing net; net of a hunter; a lattice; trellis-work; a balustrade (m.c.); a plexus (anat.); -shabaka'i riya, Pulmonary plexus; -shabaka'i 'ajz, Sacral plexus;—shabaka'i 'aşab, Plexus of nerves; - shabaka'i 'azud, Brachial plexus; -shabaka'i 'unuq, Cervical plexus; -shabaka'i qatan, Lumbar plexus (see الحد). مبكلاه shab-kulāh, A night-cap; a black

shab-kun, Undertaking a nocturnal هبكن expedition, making an assault in the night; the cricket; morning, dawn; -shab-kun zadan, To travel in the night.

عبكند shabkand, A bird's nest. shab-kūr, Purblind at night.

هبكورى shab-kūrī, Purblindness at night. هبكوك shab-kūk, هبكوك shab-kūkā, هبكوك shab-kūka, A species of mendicity, in which the mendicant at night-time takes up his post on the summit of a tree or a hillock, and from thence calls out to each individual in the village by name to come and administer to his relief.

a هبکيه ehabakīya, Retina.

shab-gah, A night-place for sheep;

night-time.

shabgar, Insects, reptiles; according to others, a flea (probably misreading for .(.v.) مبگر

shab-gard, The night-patrol, a watch-

man; a thief, a robber; the moon.

shab-gardī, A watching at night. shab-gaz, (night-biter) A flea; (in Khurāsān) a bug (Argas Persicus).

هبگو shab-go $(g\bar{u})$, Chief of the night

patrol; a singer.

shab-gūn, The colour of night, i.e. black; a dark night; a carbuncle, gem;shab-qūni 'ayār, The sky;—shabi shab-gūn,

A very dark night.

shabgūnitan, (in Zand) To leave. shab-gīr, One who passes a sleepless night; a cricket, a nightingale, or any animal which sings at night; a certain bird that sings plaintively at daybreak; travelling after midnight and before sunrise; a servant who works or travels in the nighttime; the morning; attacking by night; a nocturnal assault;—shab-gir bar-kushidan (zadan, kardan), To travel after midnight and before sunrise.

shab-gīrī, Sleeplessness, insomnia. هبگيري shibl, The whelp of a lion when able to hunt, or other beast of prey.

shablanidan, To make adhere,

unite.

н هبله shabla, A short spear, a javelin.

shabm (v.n.), Putting the stick هبم ه shibam or shibamm into (a kid's) mouth, gagging (him); -shibm, Auything cold;shabam (v.n.), Being cold, coldness;—shibamm, = q.v.

shab-mānda, Yesterday's (vic-

tuals), stale (bread).

ehab-nishin, An evening party شب نشين (m.c.).

shabnak, Name of a boy's game.

shab-nam, (night-moisture) Dew; (construed with the verbs bar-khāstan, chakīdan, zadan, and nishastan); a very fine species of muslin; - shab-nami girya (muzha), Tears;—shab-nami goshwara, A pendant of pearls, a pearl worn as ear-ring. a هبنم مفت shabnam-sifat, Like dew.

q.v. of which شب نوى

it is probably a misreading.

shabniha, Treasure buried underground.

هب نيامودان shab-nayāsūdān, (those who rest not at night) Lovers; thieves.

هبوب shabub, Anything fresh and vigorous; whatever is used in lighting a fire; one who does a thing well; a horse lifting both feet (in curvetting); -shubūb (v.n. of , Kindling (a flame or war); burning hot (a battle, &c.). shabūbak, The hoopoo. هبوبك

هبونية ه shabūbīyat, Youth, youthfulness. a shabūr, shabbūr, A sort of musical instrument; a brazen trumpet.

shabūt, shabbūt, shubbūt, A kind of

shad-fish.

shubūqa, The elder-tree. هبوقة

هبول ه shubūl (v.n. of هبول ه), (Frowing; being delicately brought up; (pl. of shibl) whelps of lions or other beasts.

.q.v شب بوی = shabboy هبوی

A A.A shibh, shibah, Like; brass; [shibhi 'amd, Manslaughter;]-shabah, Likeness, similitude, resemblance; image; a similar thing; a match; analogue; brazen; [kūzi shabah, A copper vessel; -shubah (pl. of shubhat), Doubts; intricacies,

هبه shaba. A kind of soft black stone, a sort of coal; agate, jet, black coral, black shells, or glass beads; a tree resembling

the myrtle; (for shab) night.

shubhat, shubha, Doubt, scruple, ambiguity, suspicion; an obscure or doubtful point, intricacy; a flaw (in law); presumption (of guilt); resemblance, similitude ;-shubha zā'il kardan, To remove all doubt; -shubha'i shadīd, A strong presumption; - shubha'i qatl, Homicide;daf'i shubha kardan, To remove all doubt.

هبة خاية shaba-khāya, With testicles like

the stone shaba (a stallion).

read shabhar, The beak of the chargh (a sort of hawk).

shabham, A porcupine.

shab-hangām, Night-time; at night; morning.

a هبة معاين shibh-mu'āyan, A rhomboid;

a parailelogram.

shabe, A certain night ;—shabī, Nightly, belonging to the night; a nightshirt.

shab-yār, A soporific electuary, a هبيار night-potion (a night-friend); aloes.

shab-yāra, New wine, must.

يازه shab-yāza, A bat.

shabībat, هبيبية shabībīyat, Youth, youthfulness.

shabībī, A narcotic root; the inebriating hemp-seed also bears this name.

shabī-khūn, A night-attack, surprize; -shabī-khūn khwurdan, To meet with

a night-attack (see also هبخون).

shabīdan, To turn aside, sit down هبيدن in a place, perch (as a bird); to rest anywhere at night; to hang anything to the head, or to tie round the loins.

shabīr, Name of a son of Aron, by خبير which Muhammad is said to have called his grandson Husain (see A. مشبر and مشبر).

A shabi', Many; hairy (rope);—shabi'u 'l-ghazl, (Cloth) of thick texture;—shabi'u 'l-'aql, Of mature intellect.

a هبيكه shabika, A net, gin, snare; full of

holes.

مينه shabīm, Running away, flight.

night; a bat; grapes; turpentine.

A & shabīh, Alike, equal, like, resembling; a picture, figure, representation (m.c.); an imitation; a model;—shabīh bi 'l-ḥaqq, Probable;—shabīh bi 'l-mu'aiyan (ba-mu'aiyan), A rhomboid.

هم shap, Jumping; quick; brilliant. پاهاپ shapāshāp, The whizz of au arrow,

or of spears.

هُبِتك shiptak, A slap with a shoe, a kick. مرج shapar, shappar, Good, excellent; = هرم q.v.

ehaprak, A bat. خپره shapara خپره

هيش shipish, shupush, A louse;—shipishi zahār, Crab-louse.

هب هب shap shap, Agitated, disturbed; quick, hasty; undignified; the whizz of an arrow; the branch of a tree.

پاهاپ = ,shapshāp هپشاپ q.v.

مُسِمُّكُ shipishak, Pedicular disease, pediculation (med.).

هُبُهُ shipisha, A moth; a weevil. هيشه shipishin, shupushin, Lousy.

shipl, Degree, rank, dignity; the noise made by a bird's wing when flying; a loud noise; the part of a camel's foot which touches the ground; camels-foot (a herb).

میلان shaplaq, A slap, a box on the ear. هیلانیدن shaplanidan, To cause to adhere. هیلانیدن shiplat, هیلت shiplat, هیلت shiplat, Rank, dignity; a loud noise; the noise made by a bird's wing when flying (see

bird's wing when flying (see هيليدي).

هيليدن shaplīdan, shiplīdan, To be foolish; to act like a madman; to press, squeeze, smooth with the hand;—shiplīdan, To chirp,

whistle.

אַגעבט shipnīdan, To whistle to a horse when drinking.

مپرختن shipokhtan, To give a violent shock; to sprinkle.

shapūr, A shad-fish.

shappūz, مُرُورُ shappūzh, A bat.

هروش shap-posh, A cap, a night-cap; a fillet worn under the head-dress; night-clothes; a quilt, a counterpane.

هيه قور shapa'i tīr, The whizz of an arrow. هيه shipekhtan, To sprinkle, scatter. هيه shapīr, Name of a high mountain.

ehappir, dim. of عپر q.v.

shapel, Camels-foot (a herb);—shipel, Pressure, squeeze; a chirp, whistle; distress of mind, madness.

shipelīdan, To squeeze; to play

the madman; to chirp, whistle.

shat, Money given to bystanders at the end of a game; presence, worship, majesty.

shatt (v.n.), Being separate, distinct, scattered; dispersion; separate, distinct, scattered.

هنا shitā, One who eats nothing the who lay: (for shitāb) making haste: haste.

day; (for shitāb) making haste; haste.

A منز shitā', shitā (v.n. 3 of منز), Agreei (with one) for the winter; winter; [sh dati shitā, Severity of winter;—fī qaībi's shitā, In mid-winter;—waqti shitā, In witer-time;]—shattā, = منز shattá q.v.

shitāb, Haste, speed, expeditic quickness; quick, speedy; quickly; (in comp hastening, as āhā-shitāb, Hastening like stag;—shitāb andākhtan (äwardan, dāshtakardan, giriftan), To make haste, to hun to run;—bī-shitāb, Slow, patient.

אין אין איז shitāb-ālūd, Hasty, precipitate איז shitābān, Anyone making gre haste; hastily;—shitābān rawān shuda To hurry on with great expedition.

همابانيدن shitābānīdan, To hasten, urge. متاب باران shitāb-bārān, Wind and rain. الله shitāb-bāz, Hasty, expeditious. همتاب خورده shitāb-khwurda, Hasty, pr

cipitate.

متاب دويدكى shitāb-dawīdagī, Fast ru ning.

هتاب رو shitāb-rav, Swift-going, fleet. دنجي shitāb-zadagī, Haste, precij tancy, over-hastiness.

אבאיי נים shitāb-zada, Hasty, precipitate. אין איני אווי אוי אוי shitāb-kār, One who mak haste; expeditious, despatchful, diligen precipitate.

shitāb-kārī, Haste, despatch.

ھنابندگى shitābandagī, Haste.

مثابدة shitābanda, Making haste, swift. مثابدة shitābī, Haste, speed; quick, ha tily;—shitābī kardan, To make haste. shitābīdan, To make haste.

A هناته shatūt (v.n. of هنت), Being di persed, separate, scattered, &c. (= منع q.v.

الله shitagh, Any animal which give milk; a herd.

shitāftan, To make haste.

متانته $shit\bar{a}fta$, One who hastens; s onset.

shatāk, Shoots springing from th root.

shitalang, The ankle-bone; the heel; a die (for gambling); sole of the foot; that part of the axletree which ente into the nave; the silken string of a music instrument; a large clew of silk.

هتان shutan, (in Zand and Pazanc

Years.

منان shattān (a particle having the force of a verb), They are different, there a difference between them.

shitāh (perhaps misreading fo shināh), A swimmer; — shattāh (for 1 راهای), Meretricious, lewd, obscene.

shatr, A side, corner;—shatar, A bird beak;—shutur, A camel;—shuturi bī-mahā Incorrigible, refractory;—shuturi ḥamzı (met.) Swift, fast-running;—shuturi dı

kohān, A dromedary; -shuturi suwār, A light camel to carry expresses;—bar shutur

nishastan, To be divulged.

A معر shatr (v.n.), Cutting; a section; name of a man; -shatar (v.n.), Being cut or broken off; an inversion or relaxation of the eyelid; name of a fortress between Barda' and Ganja; a change in the metre Hazaj from mafā'īlun (- - -) into fā'ilun (— ~ —).

H ביה shatr (S. satru), An enemy.

shatarb. A tiger.

عمر باد shutur-bād (بال bāl), A dromedary.

shutur-bar, A camel's load.

هتر بألوغ shutur-bālūgh, Camels' dung. هتربان shuturban, A camel-driver or owner.

shutur-bukhtī, A dromedary. هتر بختی shutur-bulūk, Camel's dung.

shatraba (mis-spelt for shanzaba), Name of the ox that was instigated by the jackal Dimna to fight the lion, and perished in the contest.

هتر پا shutur- $p\bar{a}$ (پای $p\bar{a}y$), Camels-foot (a herb); turnsole, the sunflower; origany.

shutur-jādū, The figure of a camel whose parts are formed by other animals.

a متر حجرة shutur-hujra, (met.) Anything impossible to be done; an absurdity;— harf-ash shutur-hujra ast, He talks nonsense (هتر کربه see).

shutur-khār, A thistle of which

camels are fond.

مترعو shutur-kho, Camel-tempered, spite-ful.

shutur-dar, (holding camels) A

caravan (m.c.).

هتر دل shutur-dil, Camel-hearted; vindic-

tive, spiteful; timid, cowardly.

متر دلى shutur-dilī, Cowardice, timidity. shutur-dandan, Copperas, vitriol. shutur-zan, (camel-striker) A large kind of spider.

shutur-zahra, Like a camel in

courage, i.e. timid, cowardly.

shutur-sumb, A worm which destroys trees.

shutur-suwar, Mounted on a معر سوار camel.

shutur-suwārī, (lit. riding on a camel) Dispensing with keeping fast-days (as travellers are allowed to do).

shutur-ghāz, A certain plant whose هتر غاز root is used in pickles; root of assafeetida.

shutur-ghān, Sole of a camel's foot; butter-burr.

a ستر غلط shutur-ghalat, Name of a wrestling trick.

a متر غمزة shutur-ahamza, Wickedness, deceit.

a معر قطار shutur-qitar, A string of camels. مترك shuturak, A small camel; a wave; a man who puts himself into the shape of a camel.

shuturak-baizā, A thorn of which camels are fond.

هتر کره shutur-kurra, A camel's colt; a

هتر كش shutwr-kush, A camel-butcher. متر كينة shutur-kīna, Bearing malice (for which the camel is remarkable); a hypo-

هتر کام shutur-gam, A camel-step. هتر کام shutur-gav, هتر کار پلیک shutur-gav palang, A cameleopard, a giraffe; name of one of the men at chess.

shutur-gurba, Camel-cat, i.e. any هتر گربه two things which are very disproportionate, incongruous, and which have no relation to each other: -sukhun-ash shutur-gurba ast, He talks rubbish.

shutur-giyāh, A herb eaten by camels.

shutur-mada, A she-camel. هتر مادة

shutur-murgh, The ostrich.

shutur-mur, A sort of ant as big as a goat or a small calf, and said to be native of a forest in the west (literally, camel-ant).

shutur-nal, A gun carried and fired هتر نال on a camel's back; a camel-swivel.

shutur-nāma, Title of a work by هتر نامة Faridu 'd-din 'Attar.

a مترلع shatranj, Chess; a sort of carpet; a dish composed of sundry kinds of vegetables.

shatrang (S. chatur-anga, The four members of an army, viz. elephants, horse, chariots, and infantry), Chess; a plant called mardum-giyāh, from China.

shutur-wār, A camel-load.

shatra, An everted condition of the eyelid, so that it does not quite cover the eye, ectropion (med.).

shuluri, A kind of kettle-drum;

camel-coloured.

shata' (v.n.), Being impatient under sickness or hunger.

shitaft, shitift, Height; covering of any kind, especially the roof of a house; furniture.

shatkār, shitkār, shutkār, Ploughing. shatal, Money given to bystanders هتل after a game is over.

shutulum, Wanton, uncalled for

severity, oppression; a quarrel.

A bhatm (v.n.), Treating contumeliously, vilifying; contumely, abuse; upbraiding, repreach.

shatmin, (in Zand) The backside.

هني الله shatn (v.n.), Weaving; texture. المتن shatan, (in Zand and Pāzand) A city.

shuttūt (pl. of shatt), (Things) separated, scattered, dispersed.

A אדיף shutūm (pl. of shatṃ), Abuses, reproaches, &c.

shata, Weak, sick; -shata, shitta, A

grape; food left at night and eaten in the morning.

متى shatī, A large salver of gold, silver, or brass.

A معتل shattá, Distinct, divided; various, different; scattered;—qaumi shattá, A miscellaneous crowd;—ashyā'i shattá, Diverse things.

shatīt (v.n. of هنيت), Scattering, dispersing; separate, distinct; (teeth)

widely set.

shatim, Reproached, reviled, cursed; deformed, hideous, grim; a fierce lion.

ه محمد shatimat, Contumely, reproach, outrage.

shatīn, A rope.

هتينا shatīnā, (in Zand and Pazand), Laughing

A shass, A bee; a fragrant and bitter herb used for tanning; a breach in a mountain-peak resembling a battlement.

A chase, Rough and thick (the fingers);—shasan (v.n.), Being rough and coarse (hand).

shaj, Hard, white, and unproductive soil.

A & shajj (v.n.), Breaking (the head); a wound or personal injury short of destroying life; ploughing the sea (a ship); crossing (a desert).

shijāb, A three-footed piece of wood on which they hang clothes, a clothes-

horse; a cork, a stopper.

A sea shijāj (pl. of shajjat), Wounds, fractures on the head; flesh-wounds; [shijāji bē-'ilāj, Incurable wounds;]—shujāj, The sound produced by a crow, ostrich, camel, &c.

مجر shijār (v.n. 3 of مجر), Resisting, opposing, controverting; the woodwork of a bed or sofa; the cross-beam over a well; a bit of wood put into a kid's mouth to prevent his sucking; a burnt mark on a camel; name of a place.

shajara, (in Zand and Pazand) A

A Eliph shajā', 'shijā', shujā', Intrepid, warlike, magnanimous; daring;—shijā (pl. of shajī'), Brave men;—shijā', shujā', A species of serpent; a male serpent; a small snake.

اهُمْ مُعَامِنَ مُعْمَانِهُ مُعْمَانِهُ مُعْمَانِهُ مُعْمَانِهُ مُعْمَانِهُ bold, courageous, magnanimous; intrepidity, valour, fortitude;— $z\bar{u}$ shajā'at, Warlike.

a معامت هعاره shaja'at-shi'ār, Intrepid. a هجاعتي shajā'ati, Bravery, valour, boldness.

هجام shajām, shijām, A nipping cold. هجانيدن shajānīdan, To expose to cold, to chill.

shajānīda, Affected or altered by cold.

અષ્ક shajāyad (3rd sing, aor, of shajādan or shajādan), It freezes.

A shajb (v.n.), Giving a death's wound; destroying; perishing; grieving; employing, occupying; want, necessity; grief, care, solicitude; a column; a leathern bottle cut in two, of which one half serves as a bucket; a dried bottle with pebbles in it, by the rattling noise of which camels are called or driven; name of the father of a tribe;—shajab, Grief; pain, either from sickness or battle; three sticks on which a shepherd hangs his implements.

A & shajjat, shajja, A contusion or frac-

ture on the skull.

shajad, Intense cold.

A shajr (v.n.), Averting, diverting, turning from; preventing, hindering, putting to a distance; propping a house or tree; opening the mouth; jerking the bridle to make an animal open its mouth; piercing with a spear; hanging clothes, &c. over the wooden horse called shijār or mishjar; a controversy arising between people; any intricate or disputed business;—shajar, A tree, i.e. a plant rising on a stem and supporting itself;—shajaru 'l-baqq, The common elmtree;—shajaru 'l-baqāt, Arbor vitæ of the cerebellum (med.);—shajari bikārat, Myrtleformed caruncles (med.).

A Brah shajarat, shajara, One tree; a genealogical tree; a map in which fields are marked out; -shajara'i ibrāhīm, Cinquefoil; Egyptian thorn; -shajaratu 'l-hukm, The tree of judgment (a fabulous tree said to give unerring decisions on knotty points of dispute);—shajarutu 'z-zaqqūm, The infernal tree, whose fruit is devil's heads;shajara'i ansāb, A genealogical tree;—shajara'i rustam, Long birth-wort ;-shajara'i sulaimān, The wild apple; name of a plant which shines at night; also of several other plants; -shajara'i maryam, Sowbread; shajara'i musá, Moses' bush, i.e. The bramble ;—ash-shajaratu 't-taiyiba, The palm ; ash-shajaratu 'l-mal'āna, The infernal tree Zaqqūm.

shajaristān. A place set with

هجر نامن shajar-nāma, A list of saints or holy predecessors, given to disciples (in the manner of a genealogical tree); a genea-

logical tree.

A shaj', shaja' (v.n.), Excelling in intrepidity or activity; swiftness of foot in a camel, &c.; penetrating energy; boldness, valour, bravery, intrepidity;—shaji', Nimble, swift; brave, warlike;—shuju', Roots of a tree; wooden bridles used in the age of ignorance.

A what shuj'ān, shij'ān (pl. of shajī'), Brave, warlike (men); poisonous serpents.

A hat shaj'at, shij'at, shaja'at (pl. of shaja'), Bold, intrepid (men).

shajlīz, Intense cold.

A cost shajn (v.n.), Detaining anyone (necessary business); making sad; a road (especially through a valley or on the height along the valley); a branch; shajan (v.n.), Being sad, sorrowful; a necessary thing, a want; intricate (branches); ramifications.

shajan, Intense cold.

A kind shajnat, shijnat, shujnat, shajna, &c., Ramification; entangled roots of trees; name of a man; [shijna'i rahim, Connection by alliance or close relationship;]—shijnat, A ripe bunch of grapes; a fissure in a mountain.

A shajw (v.n.), Falling out, quarrelling; making sad; rendering joyous; affliction, anguish; want, need, anything necessary.

אבני shajūb, (A woman) overwhelmed with care, and well-nigh broken-hearted;—shujūb (v.n.), Perishing; (pl. of shajb) pillars or props of a house.

shajūdan, To be

very cold, to freeze.

a مجى shajī, Anxious, vexed, sorrowful.

A Δείνμαπ (pl. of shajn), Branches; — zū shujūn, Ramified, branched out; intricate; allowing of various explanations (as a tradition).

A shajij, Whose skull is fractured;

a split peg or post.

A hajir, Abounding in trees, woody; foreign (man or camel); an arrow not from the same tree as the others; another's arrow got mixed with a person's own arrows.

ه محمد shajī', Bold, brave, intrepid. هجاء shachuk, Hiccough; a preparation of fresh milk, sour milk, and anise.

A chath (v.n.), Being avaricious;

shuḥḥ, shaḥḥ, shiḥḥ, Avarice, greed.

A Mas shaḥhās, A sturdy beggar; a

grinder.

A \$51 & shihāzat, Beggary, mendicity.

shahhām, A vendor of fat or lard.

A hada shahamat (v.n. of Ala), Being

fat; having much fat or lard.

A shahz (v.n.), Grinding, whetting (a knife); gnawing the stomach (hunger); driving away; urging on violently; eyeing malignantly; wrath; begging with importunity.

shahr (v.n.), Opening the mouth; — shahr, shihr, The Arabian coast from

Omān to Aden.

**ehuhrār, A kind of singing bird; according to others the mountain partridge.

shaḥs, A certain tree resembling the wild olive, and, when very dry, used for making bows.

assiduously attentive to anything; jealous; a virago.

A shahshah, An extensive desert;

assiduously attentive; perverse, evil-disposed; an eloquent speaker or preacher; bold, intrepid; jealous.

A sheep which yields no milk; or one fat and barren,

which has never been blissomed.

shaht, Dung of birds; being far, distant, absent.

shahm (v.n.), Giving fat to eat; fat, grease, lard, suet; pith, pulp; [shahmi hanzal, The pulp of the colocynth;]—shaham (v.n.), Eating fat, &c.; being foud of fat;—shahim, Fond of fat, &c.; a juiceless grape.

'l-uzn, The lobe or soft part of the ear;—shahmatu 'l-arz, The white mushroom;—shahmatu 'l-'ain, The white of the eye.

a town with armed men), loading (a ship); driving away; prosecuting; binding.

a معناه saḥnā', Enmity, extreme hatred. a هعنائی shaḥnā'ī, Superintendence.

shihnat, Enmity, hatred; a body or small troop of horse kept ready for a warlike expedition; troops enough to control a city, garrison; daily allowance of forage for cattle (see a همنه).

a منگی shaḥnagī, The police.

منگية shahnagiya, The office of a suerintendent.

a همنه shahna, A viceroy, vicegerent, representative, lieutenant; head of the police; a prefect; a mayor, provost; an ambassador; a peon or servant of a tax-gatherer; [shaḥna'i bāzār, The overseer of a market; shaḥna'i panjum ḥiṣār, The planet Mars; shahna'i chaharum (chaharum kitāb, daryāyi 'ishq, ghaugha'i qiyamat), Muhammad; – shaḥna'i chahārum ḥiṣār, The sun; Jesus;—shaḥna'i dīwān, Superintendent of the diwan; -shohna'i shab, A watchman; a housebreaker; a lover; a prisoner; -shahna'i shab u saḥar, The night-patrol; Muhammad; -shahna'i najaf, The caliph Ali;]shihna, The night-patrol;—shahana, The guards of a town.

**shahw (v.n.), Opening (the mouth); being open; stepping (a horse).

A step, a pace.

shuḥūb, aəəs shuḥūbat (v.n. of shuḥūbat), Being changed in colour (the face, from extreme hunger or from travel); emaciation; paring the ground with a spade.

A book shuhut (v.n. of box), Being far,

distant, absent.

A shaḥīḥ, Covetous, avaricious.

A rese shahim, Fat, greasy, suety; fond of fat, &c.

shakh, Hard ground, especially on the summit or at the skirt of a mountain; anything hard; a mountain; the nose of a mountain, a promontory; (for shakh) a branch; a horn;—shukh, Dirt, filth.

A & shakhkh (v.n.), Snoring in sleep; urine, stale.

** shakhā. The sinking of a needle or thorn into the flesh; scratching; a tearing with the nails.

A بانع shikhāb, Milk whilst being drawn, new milk.

A خفان sha<u>khkhākh</u>. One who makes water frequently or abundantly.

with the nails.

shakhār, Ashes of which soap or lye for washing is made; a lixivium used by fullers or dyers; sal ammoniac, vitriol, copperas; a brick; a spot, mole; the lungs; orage.

هخاّل sha<u>kh</u>āl, A tearing with the nails. وخاليدي sha<u>kh</u>ālādan, To tear with the nails; to prick.

sha<u>kh</u>āna, A lixivium for dyeing, as in above;—shu<u>kh</u>āna, A meteor.

shakhānīdan, To cause to stare;—shukhānīdan, To cause one to tear with the nails; to cause to leap.

shakhāy (in comp.), Scratching, tearing.

with the nails; to be pricked.

هخايده sha<u>kh</u>āyīda, Wounded with the

nails; scratched; pricked.

A shakhb (v.n.), Milking; blood;—
shukhb, The quantity of milk yielded by
one emulsion;—shakhab, Name of a fortress.

shakht, Litharge.

h shakht (v.n.), Being thin, slender, lean (man), but not emaciated;—shakht, shakhat, Thin, slender.

مَنِمُ shakhr (v.n.), Braying, snivelling, neighing, grunting, making a noise through the nose or throat.

منوز shakhz (v.n.), Disquieting, throwing into troubles; undergoing hardships; setting people at variance, causing them to quarrel, &c.

mulberry; ashes used by bleachers.

jysa shakhrūz, A black mulberry.

** shakhs (v.n.), Undergoing difficulty and trouble; agitation, commotion; discord, contrariety.

shakhsār, Hard ground at the foot of a mountain; a place abounding in trees.

and worn out; imp. of shakhshīdan;—shakhish, A slip, slide, trip;—shukhash, Name of a small, but melodious bird.

shakhshar, Name of a bird whitish about the head.

فناشخه shakhshāna, = هناشه q.v.

هندانيدي sha<u>kh</u>shānīdan, To cause to stumble.

shakhshakh, Hard ground; summit of a mountain; a fuller's beetle.

sha<u>kh</u>shīdan, To hurt the foot

against a stone; to trip, stumble, fall; to be promoted.

A carpulent; being embodied; a person, body, individual; any object appearing black in the distance;—shakhsi qābiz, The person in possession;—shakhsi mā-dār, An insolvent person;—shakhsi wāḥid, A single or unassisted person; au individual.

a منعى shakhse, A certain one, some-

body;—shakhsī, Personal.

A هخصه sha <u>kh</u>sīyat, Individuality, personality, identity; nobility; rank; humanity. هخاسه sha<u>kh</u>kāsa, Hoar-frost; hail.

هخل sha<u>kh</u>l, Sound, noise, complaint; whistling; pecking (as a bird).

shakhlī, A thorn, thorny plant.

sha<u>kh</u>lūdan, To whistle; to inspire, breathe; to faint, wither, flag.

shukhm, Land ploughed and ready for sowing;—shukhm zadan (kardan), To plough, to till the ground.

shakham (v.n.), Stinking, being

spoiled (meat).

مخن shakhan, A tearing, wounding; afflicted.

shakhanshār, Name of a waterbird of a dark colour, with a white head.

shakhnūd, = the following, of which it is probably a misreading.

a scratch made by the nails.

with the nails; to scratch the face with the nails; to be scratched; to spring apon, to assail; to assemble, be collected; to be narrow, to be in difficulty.

هنوده sha<u>kh</u>ûda. Scratched, wounded by the nails or teeth.

يدين shakhūdīdan, = ويديد q.v.

A sinukhūs (v.n. of sinuk), Exalting, raising oneself; lifting the eyes; appearing, becoming visible; remaining wide open (the eyes); travelling from country to country; being open and swelling (a wound); passing over the mark (an arrow); ascending (a star); being pronounced from the upper part of the mouth; being restless.

shakhūl, shikhūl, A whistling noise made to induce a horse to drink; a cry for help, roar, lamentation; feebleness, lan-

guor, extenuation of body.

هخولانيدن sha<u>kh</u>ūlānīdan (caus. of the fol-

lowing), To make cry out, &c.

out, scold, groan, make a noise; to thunder; to neigh; to whistle; to understand imperfectly, to take in a wrong light; to scratch; to pine away, grow pale, flag, wither.

هخوليده sha<u>kh</u>ūlīda, Languid, dried, withered.

A مخوم shukhām (v.n. of مخم), Becoming rotten, putrid (food, &c.).

هخونيدي shakhūnīdan, To tear with the nails, to scratch.

هغيد shakhīd, Presence; worship.

shakhīdan, To slip, slide, fall down; to recover when stumbling; to stare, to fix the eyes sternly (like an angry man or bull); to grow pale, languid.

or bull); to grow pale, languid.

**shakhīda*, Withered; slipped, slidden; one who recovers himself when stum-

bling.

A sha<u>kh</u>ir (v.n. of sha<u>kh</u>ir (v.n. of), Making a sound through the throat or nose, snivelling (an ass); neighing (a horse);—shi<u>kh</u>khīr, One who makes a loud or frequent noise in the throat or nose.

sha<u>kh</u>īra, Ashes of which soap is made.

shakhīsh, Name of a melodious bird.

* shakhīs, Corpulent, large-bodied; lord, master, chief.

shakhīl, A whistling noise made to induce a horse to drink; a cry for help.

هخيايدي cha<u>kh</u>īlīdan, To whistle; to coax horse to drink; to wither, become pale.

shud (from shudan), It was, or became; he departed, went; he perished, ceased, died;—āmad-u-shud kardan, To come and go; to frequent.

A shadd, in P. also shad (v.n.), Running; ascending (the sun); strengthening, confirming, corroborating; doubling a letter, spelling it with tashdād; intensifying, emphasizing, pitching of the voice;—shaddi pahtuwān, A shout made by wrestlers before setting to;—shadd kardan, To raise, to elevate;—shaddi mukhālif, A discordant sound; a loud cry uttered by wrestlers;—shadd u madd, Emphasis, stress, force; severity;—ba-shadd-u-madd raftan, To walk leisurely and proudly.

A مدائد shidād (pl. of shadād), Severe; violent, vehement; (v.n. 3 of هدائر) severity, violence;—shaddād, Name of an impious king, founder of the gardens of Iram; a

tyrant, an oppressor.

shud-āmad, A going and coming;

custom, usage.

هداگد shadā'id (p). of shadādat), Adversities, troubles, tribulations, disagreeable events; difficulties, hardships.

هد بود shud-būd, So so, middling, indif-

ferently.

A 800 shaddat, One assault, attack, or charge;—shiddat, Adversity, affliction, difficulty, hardship; severity (of season, &c.); violence (as of thirst);—az shiddati parīshānī, From, by reason of, in, a violent temper (m.c.).

a مدح shadh (v.n.), Being fat; having

liberty, facility, or opportunity.

declining) inclining; extending, being wide or broad; being long; blaze on a horse's face;—shadakh, An abortion.

a محد رغو shadd-ragh \bar{u} , Name of a musical instrument.

shadaf, A drum.

A shadq, shidq, The environs of the mouth, the corner of the mouth inside the cheek; breadth; the side of a valley, brink of a river;—shadaq, Wideness about the corners of the mouth.

shudkār, Ground prepared for sowing; ploughing; a person whose business it is to examine the state of the harvest; survey;—gāwi shudkār, A ploughing-ox.

shad kun (shadd kun), Raise, ele-

vate (imp. of shad kardan).

هدكيس shadkis, The rainbow.

shudagān (pl. of shuda), Those who have departed; men of former days.

shudagī, A going, a departure.

shadn, A tree whose flower resembles the jasmine;—shadan, Name of a

place in Yaman.

دي shudan, To be; to become; to be lost or elapsed; to be doing; to go, depart, emigrate, pass; to transfer, transport; to remove, deface, erase ;-az ham shudan, To separate (intr.), to split, to open ;-andar shudan, To enter; -bāz shudan, To return; to open (n.), to be open ;-ba-dast shudan, To be at hand; to come to hand; -bīrūn shudan, To go out; -chih shud, What has happened? (m.c.); -dar-ba-dar shudan, To become a wanderer (m.c.); -dar shudan, To enter; -rafta shuda bāshad, He must have gone away (m.c.); -faraz shudan, To come near, to approach ;-fire shudan, To descend; to come down in the world; to die ;-kam shudan, To lessen, to diminish ;na-mīshawad, Is it not possible? (m.c.);ham-chū shuda ast, It has come to pass that (m.c.);—ham mī-shud sākht, Was it possible to do it? (m.c.)

shudan-gāh, A place where any-

thing is or happens.

shudanī, Possible, practicable;— shudanī shud, Anything proper to be done.

shadw (v.n.), Urging, pressing, driving (camels); repeating verses in a loud and sonorous voice; acquire a certain amount of good education or manners; pursuing an aim; making two things equal or comparing them.

shadd-u-madd, Emphasis, &c. (see

under A. ১4).

a هدون shudun (v.n. of مدون), Growing strong, becoming independent of the dam (to colt or fawn).

shadh (v.n.), Breaking or wounding the head; amazing, astonishing, stupefying;—shudh, shadah, Stupor, amazement.

become; lost; escaped; gone by; when added to another word, it forms a passive participle, as <u>kh</u>wāb shuda "gone to sleep,"

bidār shuda "become awake," zada shuda "stricken," kofta shuda "bruised."

shuda-band, Writer of facts, historian.

shudyār, Ground tilled and sown; ploughing.

shud-yārān (pl. of the preceding), Tilled grounds.

אַגעּוּןעַנּט shudyārīdan, To drive a plough; to plough; to make ready for sowing.

هديدة shadīd, fem. هديدة shadīdat, shadīda, Strong, vehement, violent, intense; vigorous; difficult, arduous; heavy; grave; heinous; - shadīdu 'l-'adāwat, Violent in enmity; -shadīdu 'l-'iqāb, Severe in punishment (God);—shadīda, Adversity, distress, hard fortune;—al-hurūfu 'sh-shadīda, The strong letters, i.e. those comprised in the technical words طبقك اجدت

هد shazz (v.n.), Being solitary, separated, remaining alone; being singular, rare, exceptional,

A المنا shazā, An injury, harm, annoyance; pungency of smell; name of a tree from which toothpicks are made.

هذب ه shazb (v.n.), Prohibiting, averting; pruning, lopping; unbarking; peeling; shazab, Loppings or bark of trees; household furniture.

shazr, Particles of gold from the mine, unrefined by fire; small pearls or beads.

هذر مادر A shazara mazara, Dispersed, scattered, cast here and there.

a سخرة shazra, A single pearl or bead; one particle of gold.

shuzkār, Ground tilled and sown.

shazw, Musk; also the smell or colour of it.

هذوذ ه shuzūz (v.n. of هذوذ A هذوذ ه alone, apart, and separate from the rest; being separate, scattered.

shuzūr, (pl. of shazrat), Particles of gold.

مدة shaza (for shada), A bird's beak. هدیارq.v. هدیار $huzy\bar{a}r$

shar, A city (see مار and shar, A hir, The sun; -shur, A shoe.

A sharr (v.n.), Being wicked, malignant, malevolent, perverse; the evil one, the devil; an idol; poverty; exposing to the sun or air to dry (clothes, meat, &c.); -sharr, shurr, Wickedness, depravity; [sharru 'n-nās, The most malignant of men; -sharr u fasād, Wickedness and mischief;—<u>kh</u>air u sharr, Good and evil;]—shurr, Vice, turpitude, villainy; blame, censure.

A "مرا" sharā', A side, quarter, district ; shirā' (v.n. 3 of هری), Buying; selling; price.

هراب sharab, Wine; any beverage; (met.) a cup of wine; the eye of the beloved; (construed with the verbs paimudan, khwāstan, khwurdan, dādan, dar maghz firo raftan, rekhtan, sokhtan, kashidan, giriftan, and noshīdan; sharāb afgandan, sharāb andākhtan means "to make wine";) [sharābi usūl, Syrup of roots;—sharābi bī-pusht, Weak wine (opp. to sharābi pusht-dār);sharābi bī-kaif, Wine without cheerfulness, i.e. weak, that does not exhibarate or intoxicate; —sharābi pukhta (chakīda), Matured or distilled wine;—sharābi purtugālī, Port wine; — sharābi pusht-dār, Strong wine, spiced wine; — sharābi jau, Beer (m.c.); — sharābi khāna-rasān, Wine laid up in the cellar (i.e. valuable, opp. to wine bought in the market);—sharābi dū-ātisha, Double-distilled liquor; — sharābi dinar, Name of a drink; -sharābi shakar (qandī), Sweet wine; --- sharābi shīrāz (shīrāzī), Wine of Shīrāz; -sharābi subh, Morning-draught; -sharābi gūrag, Tart wine; -sharābi kahrubā'ī, Wine of amber hne, yellow wine;sharābi guzashta, Flat, insipid wine; --sharābi guwāliyār, Wine of Gwalior, in India; sharābi gūr, Sweet wine;—sharābi lab-shīrīn, Mild and sweet wine; -- sharābi muqattar, Matured or distilled wine (=sharabi pukhta); -sharābi mauşil, Wine mixed with water in the proportion of 1 to 4;—sharābi noshguwār, Honey-wine; wine which does not cause crop-sickness; -sharābi yahūd, Jews' wine; (met.) drinking wine in secret, as the Jews do from fear of the Muhammadans;—sharāb bi-gardān, Drink, pass the bowl;]—sharrāb, A toper;—shurrāb (pl. of shārīb), Drinkers.

A عرابات sharābāt, Syrups; sherbets.

هراباتي ه sharābātī, A maker of sherbets. هراب بازی eharāb-bāzī, Drinking, winebibbing.

a هناب عانه sharāb-khāna, A cellar; ta-

a عور sharāb-khwār (مواب عوار sharāb-khwār (مواب عوار wine-bibber, a drunkard.

a عراب خواري sharāb-khwārī, Wine-bibbing. drunkenness.

a مرابدار sharāb-dār, A cup-bearer; a butler.

a مرأب إدة sharāb-zada, Sated with wine. sharābashī, A maker and seller of خرابشي the head-gear sharbosh (see هُرِبُونُ). a مُرْبُونُ sharāba, A goblet of wine.

a جرأي sharābī, Drunken, intoxicated; a drunkard; a cup-bearer; a butler.

sharāh (?), A mountain-peak; a white spot on a horse's forehead.

A בּוֹלֶ sharrāḥ, A commentator.

eharāḥī, هراعي sharāḥī, A dish of roast meat.

shurād, shirād (v.n. of هرد), Fleeing away, being terrified.

هرادم ه sharāzim (pl. of shirzimat). Troops, pieces, &c.

sharār, Sparks; [sharāri nārī fitna, The sparks of the fire of insurrection;] shirār (v.n. 3 of هرّ), Injuring, being malignant or averse; sparks.

a مرار آميو sharār-āmez, Mingled with

sparks.

A فرارة sharārat (v.n. of مرارة), Doing evil; wickedness, malice, depravity; annoyance; difficulties (m.c.);—P. shirāra, sharāra, A spark; -sharāra'i kārzār, The flame or heat of the battle.

هرارة مه sharāt-an, Wickedly, mischievously. A مراز shirāz (v.n. 3 of مراز هرز shirāz (v.n. 3 of مراز ه

with one another; obstinacy.

A مرارة sharāzat, Severity; malignity; harshness.

a colombia sharāristān, Abounding in

sparks.

A مراسة sharāsat, Malignity, maliciousness, evilness of nature; a voracious appetite in cattle.

A هراسيف sharāsīf (pl. of sharsūf), Hypochondria.

sharāshir, The whole of the body : the mind, soul; affection, love; name of a place; (pl. of sharsharat) burdens.

shirāṣ (pl. of shirṣ), Baldnesses

round the temples.

A مرط shirāt (v.n. 3 of مرط), Stipulation; transaction.

A جراع shirā', A long spear or lance; a tent; a canopy; the sail of a ship; the string of a bow; strings of a musical instrument; the neck of a camel;—shurā', Name of a celebrated spear-maker.

a مراعى shirā'ī, Provided with sails; sailing (m.c.);—:hurā'ī, (A spear) made by

Shurā', or one like his make; long.

هرانة ه sharāfat (v.n. of هرانة), Being

noble; nobility.

A خابه shirāk (v.n. 3 of مراك), Going partners; (pl. of shuruk) a shoe-strap or latchet.

A خراکة shirākat, Partnership; fellowship; combination, confederacy, alliance, league; a corporation; a joint-stock company; community of interests; -shirākati mukhtalifa, (in arith.) Double fellowship; -shirākati musāwī, Single fellowship.

A *فراكة ehirākat-an, Jointly.

sharran, shurran, (part.) Purling (as running water);—also shiran, Rain.

a مر انگير sharr-angez, Incendiary, breed-

sharānīdan (caus. of sharīdan) هرانيدي To cause to drop, &c. (see ωΨ).

aharāhat, Greed, gluttony. هراهت

A مراكر sharā'ir (pl. of sharīrat), Malices, malicious actions; (pl. of sharārat) sparks.

sharā'it (pl. of sharitat), Conditions, compacts, agreements, capitulations, stipulations; requirements; signs, marks.

هرائع ه sharā'i' (pl. of sharī'at), Ordinances; laws; highways.

shara'if (pl. of sharafat), Nobles. مراتك م shara'ik (pl. of sharikat), Partners in a husband (women).

A مرايين sharāyīn (pl. of sharyān or

shiryan), Arteries, by which the pulse is felt.

*sharb, Fine Egyptian linen.

sharb (v.n.), Understanding, comprehending; (pl. of shārib) drinkers;—sharb, shirb, shurb, Drinking; imbibing; [shurbu 'd-dukhān, Smoking tobacco; shurbu 'l-yahud, Drinking wine clandestinely; -shurb u akl, Drink and food;tarki akl u shurb, Abstinence from food and drink;]-shirb, Auything that is drunk, drink; water; a portion of water; -shurb, Drink (especially as much as is sufficient for one draught, or to satisfy thirst); a beverage; a drinking-bout; [shurbi sharāb, A draught of wine; -sharab, Small water ditches round trees to keep them fresh; drinking much water.

אני א shurban, At a single draught.

ד ניאבן sharbāsharan, Scouts.

A & sharbat, One drink or sip, a single draught; sherbet; a medicinal draught; [sharbati khashkhāsh, Diacodium;—sharbati nārinj Orangeade;] — sharabbat, Manner, mode, fashion ;- 'alá sharabbat-in wāhidat-in, Always in the same manner; dwelling upon one thing, insisting upon one topic.

אָנְיבּי sharbat, Wild leek. a אָנִי אָן sharbat - ālū, Sherbet - plum

a مانع sharbat-khāna, A repository of medicines, a medicine-chest.

a مربت دار eharbat-dār, A servant who has charge of the water or wine, a butler; one who has charge of the medicine-chest.

a مرجى sharbatī, A goblet of wine which may be emptied at a single draught; relating to sherbet; of the colour of sherbet; a kind of lime or lemon; a kind of stone; a kind of seed; a sort of linen.

a مربوش sharbosh (from P. sar-posh), A

head-covering of a triangular form.

sharbīn, A tree from which flows عربين liquid pitch (Oxycedrus); the larch; berberis; ditchbur.

shurpūn, Liquid pitch; anything خربون

very black.

A & sharrat, sharra, Worse (woman); shirrat, Greediness, cupidity; ardour and sprightliness of youth.

هرث A shars, A pair of old shoes; sharas (v.n.), Thickness of the hand; being

cracked (hand).

אנה sharj (v.n), Laying bricks one upon another; a place where water flows from high stony grounds into a plain; name of a valley in Yaman; also of a river; alike; kind, sort, mode, manner; a troop, body of men; society, partnership; collecting; lying, speaking falsehood; mixing.

sharh (v.n.), Explaining, expounding; explanation, declaration; commen-tary, annotation, paraphrase, interpretation (in these meanings construed with dādan, dāshtan, kardan, guzārdan, guftan, nawishtan, &c.); proportion, rate (of assessment); charge; allowance; cutting, dissecting; deflowering (a virgin);—sharhi āb-pāshī, Irrigation rate (in India);—sharhi kashshāf, A lucid exposition;—sharhi kashshāf khwāndan (inshā' kardan), To make many words; to speak elaborately;—sharh-u-bast, Explicitly and openly.

sharah, The strings or bands of a garment; a tent-rope; the milky way.

a مرح بندي sharḥ-bandī, A table of rates.

sharhat, A slice of meat.

a مرح کستری sharḥ-guetarī, Explanation, elncidation, commentary.

a مرجوار sharkwār, Explanatory; (adv.) explicitly, distinctly, clearly, in detail, at

length; as detailed.

A tya sharkh (v.n.), Cutting of teeth; root, origin; a salient point; beginning of anything; early youth; an annual fectus (especially of a camel); an equal, peer; a sword yet without a hilt and unpolished; (pl. of shārikh) young men.

shirkhist, A kind of manna, which at certain seasons drops upon the leaves of trees; pottage, gruel (see

. (هيرڪشت

هرخورد shur<u>kh</u>wurdan, To scrape, scratch. هرخوره shir<u>kh</u>īwa, A drawing in of the breath, a whistling.

shurd, Quarrelsome, headstrong.

هره م sharad (pl. of shārid), shurud (pl. of sharūd), Fugitives, runaways.

shirdagh, A short-sleeved gown باهان المعالمة ا

open in front.

A k-37 shirzimat, shirzima, A part, a slice; a bandful of men.

A y sharar, Sparks.

هر بار sharar-bār, Raining sparks; scintillating.

a هررستان shararistān, Aboundingin sparks. a هررنشانی sharar-fishān, Scattering sparks. a هررنشانی Emission of sparks, scintillation.

مارة sharz (v.n.), Cutting; hardness, roughness; difficulty; refractoriness.

ehirizdak, A medlar.

sharza, Fierce, enraged, panting for revenge; roaring, growling (lion or other wild beast); a brawler; one who puts himself in the attitude of fighting or defiance.

by the rein; using rough uncourteous language;—shirs, A small thorny mountainshrab, a kind of tamarisk;—sharas (v.n.), Being ill-natured;—sharis, Of a bad disposition, rough, malignant.

shursuf, The cartilage of the ribs, the extremities of the ribs above the belly, the short ribs; gristle or soft bone; a cala-

mity; the beginning of trouble.

هرهره ه sharsharat, sharshara (v.u. of مرهوه ه

Cutting in pieces; cleaving; anything heavy, a load, a burden.

* shirshīb, A moth; a weevil (un-

supported by examples).

shart (v.n.), Scarifying, breathing a vein; stipulating; a condition, clause, restriction; an agreement, compact, convention; a bargain; a wager, a bet; obligation, duty; (in gram.) a condition, a conditional conjunction; mean, low, base, vile; (shart bastan, To stipulate; to bet; -shart kardan, To lay down a condition; to stipulate; to promise (m.c.); -sharti namak, Service, employment; -shart u jazā, Condition and consequence; -ba-sharti ān ki, On the condition that;]-sharat, A sign, mark, signal, token; excellent, noble (man); small (a camel); insignificant (property); -shurat, Life-guards; policemen; the advanced guard, forlorn hope.

a خرطا خرطی shartِ-ā-shartِī, Mutual obliga-

ions.

a soli b, sharf-nāma, Charter; book of laws; statute-book; text of a treaty.

a هره shurta, Judge of the market; king's guards; police; covered with black, clad in mourning; propitious, favourable, agreeable;—bādi shurta (or simply shurta), A favourable wind.

ه هماي sharte, One condition; [ba-sharte ki, On condition that; provided that;]—shartē, Conditional;—shurtē, A life-guardsman; a police-officer, a constable.

هرطين ه sharatain (du. of sharat), Two

bright stars in the head of Aries.

A مراية shartīyat, Conditionality, contingency; a conditional sentence.

A Eya shar' (v.n.), Making a road straight; having a door opening upon the public road (a house); entering the water (an animal); stripping (a hide); raising anything aloft; (met.) making or prescribing laws; the Muhammadan law; religion, faith, justice, equity; [shar'i sharīf, Citing one before a court of justice;—ahli shar', A judge, assessor to a judge, lawyer;]—shir', A bow-string; the string of a musical instrument; a shoe-latchet; name of a place.

א מעש" shar'-an, Judicially, lawfully;—shar'-an wa qanun-an (wa 'urf-an), According to divine and human law.

ه معالم shir'at, shir'a, The law of God; a

bird-net.

a هرع نهاه shar'-nihād, Habituated to justice.

a هرعى shar'ī, Legal, just;—also shar'īyi pai-jāma, Tight drawers, tights.

هرن sharf, The threshold of a door; a light, low sound (as of feet when walking, see هرناك).

sharf (v.n.), Excelling in glory, being more noble;—sharaf (v.n.), Being high and noble; elevation, height, altitude;

nobility, dignity, rank, glory; the honour derived from ancestors; descent from Muhammad; an eminence, a high place; [sharafi tahsīn, The honour of being approved; -sharafi khidmat, Honour of service; -sharafi zat, Personal dignity, honour, or nobility; -sharafi mulazamat, Honour of attendance;] — shuraf (pl. of shurfat), Battlements, pinnacles.

sharfa' (fem. of ashraf), Long هرفاه ه (ear); whose ear is long and stands out (opp. to مكاه q.v.) ;—kullu shakkā'-in tabyazu wa kullu sharfa'-in talidu, Whatever has the ears inside lays eggs, and whatever has the ears projecting bears young;—shurafa' (pl. of sharif), Nobles, princes, the grandsons and descendants of Muhammad, sherriffes, sherifs.

sharfāk, shirfāk, هرفالنگ sharfālang, هرفنگ sharfang, shirfang, هرفانگ sharfang, shirfang, sharfang, A light, low sound (as of feet

when walking).

a مرف بخش sharaf-bakhsh (اخشن bakhshā), Honour-giving.

هرنا ه shurfat, shurfa, Honour, dignity, good fortune; a battlement, pinnacle; a cornice; the gallery of a minaret; -shurfatu l'-māl, The choicest of one's possessions.

a مرفريز sharaf-rez, Scattering honours. مرفريز a هرف ناك sharafnāk, Honourable, noble. sharfanj, A rugged road.

shirfa, Noise of feet in walking. a هرنياب sharaf-yāb, Honoured, dignified. sharfīyat, Nobility, high birth. هرفية ٨

A A sharq (v.n.), Rising (as the sun), sun-rise; the (rising) sun; the place of sun-rise, the East; light shining through a crevice; slitting the ear of a sheep;sharaq (v.n.), Being slit in the ear (cattle); an ear slit; choking, being suffocated; sticking in the throat; being pained or grieved; giving a feeble light, and being about to set (sun); being blood-shot.

هرقا ها sharqā', Slit-eared (cattle).

ه مُرَقَّة sharqat, sharqa, A sunny place; the east; the rising sun;—shurqat, Suffocation; sorrow, anxiety; -sharaqat, A mark set on a slit-eared sheep.

a هرقستان sharqistan, The east, Asia. a هرقية sharqi, fem. هرقية sharqiyat, sharqīya, Oriental, eastern; sunny, exposed to the sun; grown in an eastern place (a tree) ;-alsina'i sharqiya, The Oriental languages.

sharak. Eruptions of the body, measles; -shark, shirk, Strips of linen in which medicines are rolled up;—shirk,

Small-pox.

A خرك shirk, Company, society, partnership; giving companions or partners to God, polytheism, idolatry, paganism; infidelity; dissimulation, hypocrisy; -sharak, A fowler's net; a rope; a wide open road; the middle of the road; name of a place in

هركاء A مركاء shurakā' (pl. of sharīk), Partners; associates.

A مركة shirkat (v.n. of مركة), Going partners; partnership, copartnership; -- sharakat, A fowler's net.

a هرکتی shirkatī, Common, held in part-

nership.

هرکسی ه sharkasī, Circassian. shurkīs, A rain-bow (probably erroneous reading; see سدگيس).

a هر گير sharr-gīr, Malignant, malicious.

sharm, Bashfulness, modesty, shame; pudendum;—sharm <u>kh</u>wurdan (dāshtan), To blush, to be ashamed (moreover construed with the verbs bakhtan, bārīdan, kashīdan, chakidan, shikastan, kardan, and nihādan); — sharmi вā<u>kh</u>ta, tended bashfulness, sham-modesty (with which are nearly synonymous sharmi huzur, sharmi huzūrī);—ba-sharm raftan, To become ashamed ;-bī-sharm, Shameless.

A ph sharm (v.n.), Splitting, cleaving, cutting slightly; the middle of the sea, or a branch of it; a bay, a gulf; a kind of tree; high grass of which the top only is eaten (by cattle);—sharam, A fissure in the nose.

sharm-ālūd, Bashful, ashamed, هرم آلود

shame-faced.

sharmānīdan, To make blush. شرمانيدن خرم جلى sharm-jāy, The privy parts. مرم جلى sharm-zada, Ashamed, abashed. sharmsar, Abashed, ashamed. sharmsārī, Bashfulness ;—sharm-

sārī burdan (kashīdan), To be ashamed, to

sharm-gāh, The privy parts. . sharmgin, Bashful, ashamed هرمگين

sharmnāk, Ashamed, abashed, con-

درمندگی sharmindagī, Modesty; shame. shārmanda, Covered with shame, confused, disconcerted.

sharmidan, To be ashamed, to blush.

A مرن sharn, A being split (as a rock). shirnāf, Corn with long leaves. sharnāq, A stye on the eyelid.

هريث sharambas, Thick about the hands and feet; a lion; an ignorant or foolish man.

هرنگ sharang, Poison; a colocynth. sharwa, A lie; vain, senseless talk. shirwan, Media; Shirwan; —bahri

shirwan, The Caspian. shirwanī, A Mede ; a native of Shir-

A אנפס shurūḥ (pl. of sharḥ), Explanations,

commentaries; rudiments, elements. A مرد sharūd, One who flies away with

terror; a fugitive; --- qāfiya'i sharūd, A celebrated and frequently-quoted rhyme;shurād (v.n. of هرد), Fleeing, running away. shurur (pl. of sharr), Wicked men,

shurūt, Conditions, stipulations; -shurūţi muqannana, Legal conditions or stipulations.

shurū' (v.n. of هرج ع ه shurū' (v.n. of هرج ع ه animal the water); starting on, setting about (any business); beginning, commencement; onset, attack; -shurū' kardan (namūdan), To begin, make a beginning, commence.

a مرعات shurūʻāt (pl. of shurūʻ), Beginnings.

هروی ه shurūq (v.n. of هری), The rising (of the sun); slitting the ears (of cattle).

sharwa, A mode of reading or chanting; name of an Armenian champion.

sharwīn, The fort of Shirwān; name of a grandson of Nushīrwān's brother

shara, Name of a plant called in India tulsī.

هره ه sharah (v.n.), Being very greedy; desire, appetite, greed, gluttony; -sharih, Greedy, gluttonous.

a مرة الرد shara-ālūd, Stained with glut-

tony, addicted to excess.

هري ه shirá, Buying; [bī-shirá u bai', Without buying and selling, for nothing, gratuitously;]-shurrá, Worse, worst (woman); malignant, fascinating, evil (eye).

shiryāf, The long, luxuriant هرياك

leaves of corn which are cut away.

هريان ۸ sharyān, shiryān, A tree of which hows are made; -shiryān, An artery, by which the pulse is felt;—shiryāni iklīlī'i galb, Coronary artery of the heart;—shiryāni iklīli'i mi'da, Coronary artery of the

sharib, A fellow-drinker;—shirrib, Who drinks to excess.

sharītā, (in Zaud and Pāzand) A

sharītūnitan, (in Zand) To open.

sharijat, A bow made of two pieces of wood, or of several framed together; a basket of palm-leaves; the binding of a book.

sharih, هريحة sharih, هريحة sharih, An oblong slice of meat; -shuraih, Pudendum mulieris; name of a celebrated judge.

هريدن sharidan, To exude, drop; to flow. هريدن shurridan, To flow, murmur (as water or any liquor poured out).

هريو sharir (probably for A. هريو, applied in a playful sense to a mistress, &c., if not

for q.v.), Good; beautiful.

اهرا ashrar and اهرار sharir (pl. هرير م ashirra'), Wicked, malignant, perverse; the sea-side; a tree growing in the sea; shirrir, A consummate scoundrel.

هري زدة shara-zada, Pimpled (skin). sharīt, A rope of palm-fibre for binding the load upon a beast of burden.

sharītat, Connection of one thing with another; a condition, stipulation; a

rope of palm-fibre.

A Asi, sharī'at, A plain, straight road; law, justice, equity; the law of God; the supplementary laws given by Muhammad; a watering-place for cattle; --- sharī'ati azhar, The resplendent law ;—sharī'ati sharīfa, The holy law.

مريف sharīf, fem. هريف sharīfat, sharīfa, Noble, eminent, holy; illustrious; a descendant of Muhammad; name of a city in Persia; [sharifu 'n-nafs, Noble of soul, magnanimous;—sharifi qaum, Chief of a tribe or caste;—sharif u wazī', Nobles and plebeians, high and low; majlisi sharif, A noble assembly; a tribunal;—mizāji sharīf, A noble disposition, an excellent temper :]shuraif, Name of the highest mountain in

a هريكة sharīfa, The custard-apple (Annona

squamosa).

هريك sharīk, A partner in trade, companion, associate; an accomplice; a schoolfellow, a friend; -sharīku 'r-rāy, Of the same opinion; -sharik shudan, To form an association or company (m.c.); - sharīki shikmī, Joint owner; joint sub-lessee.

A خريك sharīkat, A female partner.

a هريكى sharīkī, A partnership. shirīna, shirrīna, A dry scab.

🛦 shazz, Dry, dried up; arid.

A قرازة shazāzat, Aridity.

A ja shazr, Looking askance or angrily; piercing with a spear in every direction; turning a hand-mill, or twisting a rope, from the left to the right.

A cys shazn, shuzun, A cube or die for playing with ;—shazan (v.n.), Being cheerful, brisk, nimble; being tired with much walking; hard, rough, ground; distance; shuzn, shuzun, A tract of country; the side (of anything).

shuzuv, (in Zand) A sinner, criminal. هرب shuzūb (v.n. of خروب , Being lean (a horse); being rough (a road); being withered (a branch).

shasb, Lightning, flashing, glittering.

shasp, Leaping, skipping; absence. خست shast, Sixty; the thumb; a thumbstall worn by archers; a fish-hook; a snare, a net, a lancet; a girdle worn by the fireworshippers and Hindus; the bow, also the string of a musical instrument, a fiddlestick; a hair-ring; a dildo; a woman's hips; [shast nihādan, To fish, angle (also construed with the verbs bastan, rekhtan, giriftan, gusekhtan, and gushādan);]—shist (for nishast), He sat down; a sitting down; a session; aim; [shiet kardan, To take aim;]-shust, He washed; a lotion, washing ; -shust kardan, To wash.

shast-awez, A kind of torture or خست آويز

punishment by which a person is suspended by his thumbs.

a هسته shustaja (for P. shusta), A hand-kerchief, a towel.

shustar, The ancient city of Susa, famous for the manufacture of brocade.

shastak, A dildo; a manner of coition.

هستگانی shistagānī, Basis, foundation.

shust-gāh, Baptism; baptismal

هستگران shast-garān, Archers, bowmen. هستگی shustagī, Lotion, washing, ablution;—shustagī'i alfāz, Ease and flow of talk.

shastum, The sixtieth.

shistan (for nishastan), To sit;—shustan, To wash; to baptize; to slack lime;—az sūrat khwārī shustan, To adorn; to exalt, to glorify;—bar-shustan, To wash;—ba-haft āb shustan, To wash carefully;—ba-haftād u haft āb lab-rā bi-shūy, Keep yourself pure in word and deed;—dast shustan az, To renounce, to make a sacrifice of (m.c.).

shustan-gāh, A place for wash-

ing.

هستنى shustanī, A lotion.

shust-u-shū, Washing and cleansing (construed with the verbs dādan and kardan);—shust-u-shū'i khūb (turfa) dādan, To rob entirely; to give a severe scolding or chastisement; according to others, to be prolix in speech.

shusta, Washed, cleansed, dressed, prepared; a handkerchief, towel;—shusta, shudan, To be baptized; to be washed for

burial,

g dama shusta-rū, jiše dama shusta-'izār, Beardless.

shusta-guft-gū, Pure language. هستن کفتگو shastì, A kind of stitch or sewing.

A shas' (v.n.), Being far distant (a mansion or halting-place); putting strings to a shoe;—shis', A shoe-strap or latchet;—shasa' (v.n.), Having the fore teeth and the canine teeth wide asunder (a horse).

is not stated in the dictionaries), An oyster; anything capable of growth; sugar-cane; a thorn on which manna is found; the womb.

هسك shusūf (v.n. of هسوك A هسوك shusūf (v.n. of

dry from leanness (a horse).

shash, Six; (sometimes) sixth; shush, The lights; a fan; a soft, pendulous bosom;—ragi shush, Pulmonary artery; ranji (dardi) shush, Peripneumony.

shush-amāsīdā, Timid; de-

praved, wicked.

من الداز shash-andāz, Throwing sixes at dice; a man who contrives to throw six balls, so that four are always in the air; a player at the game of nard; the full moon.

shash bānū, بانوی پیر shash bānū, عش بانوی پیر shash

bānū'i pīr, (the six princesses, i.e.) Saturn, Jupiter, Mars. Venus, Mercury, and the moon.

هشبندان shash-bandān, Six days of the month Shauwāl, at the close of Ramazān, on which the Muhammadans fast; the wild vine.

هش به shash-pā, Six-footed; a worm with six feet; earwig; eft; scolopendra; beetle. هشير shash-par, A halberd, iron mace.

المثن بستان shash-pistān, (six-teated) A bitch; a name of reproach for a woman;—shush-pistān, a pendulous-breasted woman; an old woman.

shash-panj. هش پنج زن shash-panjzan, see هش و پنج هش و پنج هش و پنج

مُشْ پنج يار shash-panj-yār, A contriver of stratagems.

a هش حرك shash-ḥarf, Consisting of six letters.

هش پنچه shāsh-panja, هش پنچه shash-pancha, A medicinal plant.

shusht, Vile, detestable, deformed, shameful, bad.

shash-tā (الله علم shash-tā (الله six strings ;—shash-tā zadan, To play upon a six-stringed guitar; to throw sixes at dice.

همتازي shash-tā-zan, One who strikes the lyre shash-tā; one who throws sixes at dice.

shushtar, Susa (famous for cloths). هشر وه shash-tara, Madder, a dyeing root. هشتم shashtum, The sixtieth.

shash-jihat, Six-sided; a cube. هش جهتى shash-jihati, Six-sided, hexagonal.

مثن عاتون shash khātūn (the six ladies), Saturn, Jupiter, Mars, Venus, Mercury and the moon.

shash-khān, A kind of circular tent used by the Persians; a curtain at the door of a palace or pavilion.

ق خالع shash-khanaj, and—

shash khāna, (A building) divided into six courts; name of a musical instrument; any rifled fire-arm;—shash-khāna-tufang, An arquebuss; a rifle;—shash-khāna-top, A rifled cannon.

الجناجي shashkhānajī, A sharp-shooter. هشر عنج shash-khanj, Drawers; beardless; nuts filled with lead, with which boys play.

هش دانگ shash dāng, A dram and a half;—also هش دانگه shash-dānga, A whis-

a cube, die; a point of the table at the game of nard, from which one cannot extricate one's self; wonderful, confounding;—shash dari tang (fanā), The world; shame.

هشدربازی shash-dar-bāzī. Any game at dice; the world; astonishment.

هش دره shash-dara, A chess-board; a die; a point of the table at the game of

nard, from which one cannot extricate one's self.

shash-darī, A house with six doors; the world.

shash rozi kaun, The six days هش روز کون of creation.

درن shash rauzan, The six planets; the world; a living creature.

shash-sāla, Six years old.

shash-sarī, Pure gold.

shash-sŭ, Above and below, before and behind, right and left; a hexagon; six-sided.

shash sad, Six hundred.

ه خرب shash zarb, هش خرب shash zarba, Sixes at dice; stakes at dice which are swept off at a throw; -- shash zarbi natīja'i khub, Six kinds of good things: a gem, gold, musk, sugar, honey, fruit of different worts.

a مش طاق shash-tāq, A kind of royal tent. a هش طرف shash taraf, Six sides, i.e. east, west, north, south, above, beneath.

a هش عروس shash 'urūs, The six planets .(هش بانو Bee).

a shash-'alam, A kind of smooth

carpet. shash-fanj, Crockery for children هش طنج

to play with (comp. هش منج).

shashqāqil, shashqāqul, Root of an هشقاتار

Indian tree; the wild carrot.

shushk, Excrement of the eye. shash-kānaj, A circular tent. همگرهه shash-gosha, A hexagon. shashum, Sixth. هشم

shashum zamīn, The sixth هشم زمين climate.

shash-maskin, An oyster-shell هش مسكن with its contents; a gold-mine; a fruitbearing tree; a shrub with manna upon it. shashumī, مشمين shashumīn, Sixth. shash-lula, Six-chambered مش لوله م

(revolver, m.c.). shash natīja'i <u>kh</u>ūb, The six excellent substances: jewels, gold, musk, sugar, honey, and sweet fruits.

shash u panj, (sixes and fives) مش و پنج

Confusion, perplexity; dice.

shash-u-panj-bazi, Fraud, هش و پنج بازی treachery.

shash-u-panj-zanān, Diceplayers; perfect, pure; one who loses his all at play.

هشة shasha, مش يندان shash yandan, Six days of the month Shauwal, on which Muhammadans keep fast.

هش يك shash-yak, A sixth.

ehushī, Referring to the lungs, pul-

monary.

هم shass (v.n.), Keeping back, restraining; having but little milk (a camel, &c.); having difficulty in getting a living; -- shass, shiss, A fish-hook; -shiss, An expert thief, one who steals whatever he sees.

shasb (v.n.), Failing to conceive. though frequently covered (a camel);—shish, Adversity; scarcity; hardship.

shast (for shast), Sixty; a hook.

shastum, A sixtieth.

shast-yak, A sixtieth.

shasr (v.n.), Pricking (a thorn); spearing; butting with the horns; basting, sewing with wide stitches; sewing the eyes of a newly-captured falcon; -shasar, A young deer grown strong enough to butt, or one month old.

A shuṣŭw (v.n.), Being fixed on an object (the eye); being carried high in the

air (a cloud).

shusub (v.n. of معموب & shusub (v.n. of afflicted, indigent; being difficult to earn (a livelihood).

A LA shatt (v.n.), Being troublesome, oppressing; being far distant; the bank of a river; the Tigris; any large river; the side of a camel's bunch.

ماله shaṭa', shaṭā, A blade, a leaf; a shoot, or young branch; -shita' (v.n. 3 of (with another) on the opposite bank of a river.

shattāḥ, Meretricious, lewd. obscene; artful; shameless.

a مطاحى shattāḥī, Shamelessness, effrontery; one who speaks contrary to the law.

a مطارت shatārat, Fearlessness; unconcern; disobedience.

A bla shatat, shitat (v.n. of ba), Being of a well-proportioned shape; distance.

shath (v.n.), The ravings of an ecstatic; monkish ways;—shittah, A word used in driving goats or kids.

shatr (v.u.), Milking (a camel, cow, or sheep) of two teats (out of the four); halving anything; the two fore or the two hinder teats of a camel; the half or part of a thing; a side, part, tract; intent, purpose.

shatrak, Spleenwort. هطرك

- shagranj, shigranj, Chess [for the derivation of the name see شرنگ; more fanciful explanations are: sad ranj (a hundred cares), shah-ranj (the royal care or sorrow), shash rang (six species or ranks, as shāh "king," farzīn "wazīr" for queen, fīl "elephant" for bishop, faras "horse" for knight, rukh "tower or castle," piyadagan "footmen, peons, or pawns"]; construed with the verbs bā<u>kh</u>tan, chīdan, and gustardan ;shatranj kardan ustukhwan, To make chess
 - a مطرنج باز shaṭranj-bāz, A chess-player. a مطرنج بازى shaṭranj-bāzī, Chess; a sort of

a مطرنجي shaṭranjî, A kind of bread; a kind of carpet; a chess-player.

a مطرنجي باك shaṭranjī-bāf, Carpet-weaver.

A ble shatat (v.n. of be), Exceeding just bounds; tyrannizing over; injustice, oppression.

A shatf (v.n.), Going away; removing to a distance.

A shain (v.n.), Tying with a rope; opposing, thwarting; travelling to a country; -shatan, A long rope, a rope.

shatw, A side, tract, quarter;—shutū' (v.n. of المطاة), Putting forth suckers

or foliage (a tree).

shatūt, A she-camel with a large bunch; -shutūt (pl. of shatt), River-banks.

shatūn, Very remote (design or military expedition); a deep well, or one wide at the top and narrow at bottom;shutin (v.n. of obs), Being far distant.

A مطير shittir, Distant, foreign; (by oppo-

sition) near.

A مطاف shazāf, Adversity, penury;—shizāf, Distance; (pl. of shazf), straits, difficulties.

shazf (v.n.), Hindering, keeping مطف back; removing, putting to a distance; castrating (a ram by removing the testicles); a split stick; -shizf, Dry bread; a small rod or peg; -shazaf (v.n.), Penetrating between the skin and the flesh (an arrow); adversity, penury, straits; — shazif, Badtempered, a fierce combatant.

هطية shaziyat, A chip, lath, fragment, splinter; a large rock projecting from a mountain; any indentation.

مطيف shazīf, (A tree) hardening for want of watering; a withered-up tree.

معاب ه shi'āb (pl. of shi'b, shu'bat), Ravines, &c.; branches, &c.

A معامين sha'ābīn (pl. of sha'bān), Months of Sha'bān.

sha'ār, Trees, especially thick and entangled;—shi ar (v.n. 3 of), Contending or excelling in poetry; lying or sleeping together in one under-garment (see هشاعره); an under-garment (opposed to q.v.); a sign, countersign, signal, parole, military password; method, manner; habit, custom, practice; -shi'āru 'l-ḥajj, The rites of the pilgrimage; - balāghat-shi'ār, Eloquent; jādū-shi'ār, Magical;—chez-rā shi'āri (shi'ār u disārī) khwud sākhtan, To appropriate a thing entirely.

a شعارى shi'ārī, Customary, habitual.

معاع sha'ā' (v.n. of هعا), Scattering; being scattered; sqirting; wavering (opinion); unsteady; distracted, confused, perplexed; beards of corn; milk much watered; -shu'ā', Light, splendour, lustre; sunshine; a ray (construed with the verbs uftādan, afgandan, giriftan, &c.);—shu'ā'i shams, Rays of the sun.

a شعاعی shuʻaʻi, Radial.

هعاك A sha'āf (v.n. of هعاك), Maddening (love); distractedness;—shi'af, Summits of mountains; upper parts of the head;sahbu 'sh-shi'af, Red-haired.

هماگر ه sha'ā'ir (pl. of shi'ārat und sha'īrat), Signs, symbols, sacred observances (especially such as are of divine appointment).

A -- sha'b (v.n.), Collecting together; repairing, mending; dividing, separating; name of a tribe in Yaman; a people, nation (as a branch of the human race, the further ramifications in descending order being qabīlah, then faṣīlah, then 'imārah, then batn, and lastly fakhiz); a fissure, a cleft; a seam;—shib, A ravine; a path through mountains, a pass, a defile; a mark made on camels by burning; a watercourse between two hills; [shi'bi bauwān, One of the four paradises, situated in Persia;]-sha'ab, Being distant; space between the shoulders or horns (of cattle);—shu'ab, The neck, head, mane, or any prominent point of a horse; (pl. of shu'bat) ramifications; divisions (of a tribe or nation); -shu'abi arba', The two hands and feet.

هعبان A معبان sha'bān, The eighth Arabian month.

هعبانات ۾ sha'bānāt (pl. of sha'bān), Months of Sha'ban.

shu'bat, shu'ba, The branch of a هعبة tree; ramification; tribal division; a gore in a garment, a piece cemented into a broken vessel;—shu'ba'i raqsi zarin, A branch of

shu'bada, Sleight of hand, juggling; -shu'bada bākhtan, To perform sleights of

sha'bada-bāz, A juggler, conjurer; falaki shu'bada-baz, The juggling heavens, i.e. the deceitful world or fortune.

هعث sha'as (v.n.), Having the hair dishevelled and covered with dust or ashes; being disordered (business), confusion (of affairs); — lamma 'llāhu sha'aşa-ka, May

God set right your troubles.

sha'r (v.n.), Excelling in poetry; hair (of man or any animal excepting camels and sheep); [sāhib sha'r, Hairy;] -shi'r, Poetry, verse; a verse, a couplet; knowing, understanding, perceiving; -shi'ri āmada, Improvised poetry; -shi'r bastan, To compose poetry, to versify; - shirt khwandan, To recite poetry (m.c.);—laita shi'rī, Would I knew.

هعراً * sha'rā', A kind of peach; a garden full of trees; a fly infesting camels, asses, or dogs; a fur pelisse; rough, disagreeable; dreadful (misfortune); -shwara (pl.

of sha'ir), Poets.

a معراني sha'rānī, Covered with hair, hairy. a بازر عبد shi'r-āwar, Poetical; a poet.

a معر بازى shi'r-bāzī, The art of poetry. a معر بان sha'r-baf, A maker of silk-stuff.

a هعر خواني shi'r-khwānī, Reading, studying, or reciting poetry. a هغر گوئي shi'r-go'ī, The art of poetry;

writing poetry.

A معرف shi'rá, The dog-star, Sirius; [ash-shi'rá 'l-'abūr, The little dog-star;—ashshirá 'l-Yamāni, The great dog-star;] shi'ri, Poetic, poetical.

معشاع sha'shā', Divided, dispersed; nimble, active; tall; handsome.

A dames sha'sha'at, sha'sha'a (v.n. of هعشع), Mixing, tempering, diluting (wine with water); making thin and long; a long thin stroke, tail of a letter, flourish; a cedilla; fiction, hoax, false report; splendour, brightness, radiancy.

shaf (v.n.), Seizing the heart, making sick, disordering the mind (love); besmearing a camel with pitch; — sha'af (v.n.), Loving desperately, being overcome with love; the top of a camel's bunch; a disease incident to camels making the hair of the eyelids fall off; the bark of the tree

ghāf.

sha'l (v.n.), Advancing far into, looking to the end of ;-sha'al (v.n.), Having white hairs in the tail, forelock, or back of the neck (horse); -shu'ul (pl. of shu'lat), Flames.

A معلق shu'lat, shu'la, Light, splendour, lustre, shining, flashing, coruscation; blaze, flash, fire, flame; a mixture of white on the tail or forelocks of a horse; female proper name (m.c.); (construed with the verbs afgandan, pechīdan, chīdan, zadan, kushtan, kushta shudan, kashidan, giriftan, nishastan, nishāndan, &c.);—shu'la'i tāk, Wine.

a ala shu'la-asham, Burning, in-

flamed.

a وانشان shu'la-afshan, Flame-scatterer.

a اراز shu'la-āwāz, A soul-stirring voice; swinging round a firebrand.

a بار هعله بار shu'la-bār, Raining flames of fire; blazing, coruscating.

a همله پيشه shu'la-pesha, Constantly setting

a المعاقب shu'la-jawāl (جواله jawāla), A circle of fire produced by swinging round a burning brand.

a معله خو shu'la-<u>kh</u>ū, Fiery in disposition,

fiery, hot.

a معله خولي shu'la-khū'ī, Fieriness of dis-

position.

a معلم عدار shu'la-khez, معلم علم shu'la-dār, Flaming, resplendent, brilliant.

at, sless shu'la-rukh, ,, sless shu'la-rū, Flame-faced; a radiant beauty.

a ن معلم shu'la-zan, = يرخ ملعم q.v.

a هعلمناك shu'lanāk, Blazing, coruscating. a ور shu'la-war, = غيز معلم ور q.v.

هعن م sha'an, Dry fallen leaves.

a معودة sha'wada, معودة sha'waza, Sleight

of hand, juggling.

هعور A shu'ūr (v.n. of معور), Knowing; perceiving, understanding; knowledge, wisdom, sagacity, penetration; good management; (pl. of sha'r) hairs;— $arb\bar{a}bi\ shu'\bar{a}r$, The learned; -bī-shu'ūr, Wanting in common sense (m.c., see also بي معور p. 221).

שאָן בּוֹן shu'ūr-dār, Knowing, wise, in-

telligent; mannerly, well-bred.

A lash sha'yā, The prophet Isaiah.

sha'īb, A traveller's provision-bag in two divisions; an old leathern bottle;— shu'aib, Name of Jethro, father of Moses, considered a prophet by the Muhamma-

A معيبية shu'aibīyat, Name of a sect.

ه sha'ir, Barley،

ه معيرة sha'irat, One grain of barley; a knob attached to a knife or dagger to hold the blade fast; an animal for sacrifice at Mecca; a rite, religious ceremony.

A معيلة shaʻilat, shaʻila, A burning wick,

a burning candle, &c.

shagh, shugh, A branch; horn of an ox; antlers of a stag; a drinking-horn; shugh, Callousness of the hands from hard labour; a little; a quiver.

shaghā, shughā, A quiver and bow-

مغاد shaghād, shughād, Name of the brother of Rustam; -shighad, Whatever is permitted in matters of religion.

shaghar, A badger, brock, kind of stinking weasel; an urchin, hedgehog;-

shighar, Noise, uproar; reproof.

shighār, Two men marrying each شعار A other's daughters or sisters to avoid the payment of marriage-portions (a practice of the pagan Arabs abolished by Muhammad).

shaghāf, The place where the phlegm (balgham) is secreted; the pericardium; the heart's core; original sin; shaghāf, shughāf, A pain in the clitoris or the pericardium; a disease originating under the short ribs on the right side.

shaghāl (S. śrigāla), A jacka!. مغالى shaghalī, A sort of grape.

shaghām, Rustam's younger brother شغام (doubtful reading).

يهان shaghān, Honey in the comb.

slam shaghāh, A quiver.

aside, swerving from the way;—shaghb, shaghab (v.n.), Stirring up mischief; a broil, tumult, disturbance; (in P. also) lamentation, cries, shrieking; bashfulness; politeness;—sha<u>gh</u>ab, Name of a woman.

a خغبناك shaghabnāk, Tumultuous, noisy.

هغتا shaghtā, A quiver.

escape; to be brought to an end (doubtful word, see (شفردن).

shaghr (v.n.), Lifting his legs to urine (as a dog); being depopulated (a city); expelling, ejecting (from a place).

shaghar, Hardness or blisters on the hands or feet from working or walking; -shughr, shughur, A hedgehog; a badger.

a مغر بغر shaghar - baghar, Dispersed, scattered.

a شغش shaghash, shaghsh (؟), A bad kind of wheat.

مغف shaghaf, Alacrity; love, longing,

yearning; joy; the pericardium, &c. .(.v.) شفاف =)

shaghak, Ignorant, silly; cruel,

unjust.

هل ه shaghl, shughl (v.n.), Occupying, keeping employed at; diverting from;shaghl, shughl, shaghal, shughul, Work; occupation, employment; business; study; diversion, amusement, pastime; office (m.c.);—shughl dädan, To command, to charge with (the word is also construed with rast kardan and saz kardan); - shughli shāghil, An all-absorbing work.

a شغلور shughl-sanj, مغلور shughl-war,

Laborious, industrious.

هفوت q.v. هفوت q.v.

shughūdan, To be callous, blistered مغودن

(هغيدن 998).

shughur, Forbidden by religion; a badger; a jackal; a cow's hide; the horn of an ox; somewhat.

هغور هhnghūr (v.n. of هغور ه), = q.v. shagha, A branch; a horn; hardness, callosity, or blistering of the hands or feet;—sha<u>oh</u>a bastan, To become hard and blistered (as the hands from labour, or the feet from walking).

shughidan, To be callous, blistered. ه مغيل ه shaghīl, Much occupied, over-

worked.

shaf (for shab), Night; alum.

shaff (v.n.), Emaciating, making lean (grief or care); -shaff, shiff, Transparent, thin, flimsy; increase; gain, profit, overplus; loss, decrease, detriment.

shafā, Anything lawful; lawful legi-

timate; -shifa, shufa, A quiver.

A المام shifa', in P. shifa (v.n. of مام), Applying a remedy, seeking to cure; medicine, remedy, cure; recovery, convalescence; -dāru 'sh-shifā, A hospital.

a هفا بخش shifā-bakhsh, Salutary. a هنا خانه shifā-khāna, A hospital.

هفاد shifād, Lawful, legitimate (see هفا). a منا دارد shifā-dārū, The bezoar-stone.

shifar, Blame, reproach (unsupported هفار

by examples).

shufārij, A tray upon which sweetmeats in saucers or flowers are handed round to a company; a tray covered with plates and dishes; a kind of sweetmeat.

shifāra, A badger, brock.

a مام عفا رسان shifā-rasan, إلم لفه shifā-sāz, Salutary, healthful.

shifā-sāzī, A cure. هفا سازي

A delas shifa'at (v.n. of هفع), Interceding for; deprecation; intercession, advocacy; recommendation; entreaty;—shifā'at burdan (kardan), To intercede.

a معاصف عامه shifā'at-nāma, An interceding,

recommendatory letter.

a مفاعت كنندة shifā'at-kunanda, Interces-BOT.

shaffāf, Transparent, very thin,

clear; lustrous; pellucid;—shaffāf misāli ābi kausar, Pellucid like the water of the river of paradise.

a مفانى shaffāfī, Transparency, diaphan-

eity, perspicuity.

allas shafana. Name of a large bird; a lark.

a مفارة shafawa, Remedy, cure.

A slas shifah (v.n. 3 of Ass), Conversing with one, communicating by way of mouth; (pl. of shifah, shafahat), lips.

a حفاهي shifāhī, fem. معاهي shifāhīyat, shifāhīya, Oral;—tablīghāti shifāhīya, Oral

communications.

A & shafat, shifat, A lip (properly of man only); praise, eulogium; [shifatu 'ssa'im, The lip of one who fasts (flabby and parched); - bintu 'sh-shifat, The word, speech; - khafīfu 'sh-shifat, Taciturn, asking few questions;] - shiffat or shaffat, (v.n. of مف), Increasing.

shaft, Fat, greasy; coarse, thick; unshaved, untrimmed; low-priced, cheap; name of a town in Gilan famous for its china; a litter; - shaft, shift, Curved, crooked, unequal; -shift, A running of

blood or matter; -shuft, A miser.

shaftā, A quiver.

هفتالوه shaftālū, هفتالوه shaftālūj, هفتالو shaftālūd, A peach (rough plum); a lover's

shaftāhang, هفتاهنگ shaftāhang, A perforated plate of steel, through which ingots of gold or silver are drawn into wire.

shiftarak, A red bramble.

shaftarang, A red peach; also a species of large apricot, with a sweet kernel, having one side red, the other white (a fruit produced by grafting the Persian almond upon the Armenian plum).

shaftal (۲), Trefoil.

shaftalang, A red peach (see . (خفترنگ

shiftan. To become mad; to trickle;

to scratch; to make drop.

shafta, A ball of thread; a couch; beginning of sunrise; anything thin and delicate; -shafta, shufta, A rod with which cotton is beaten before it is separated by the bow; -shifta, Mad, insane; distracted with love;—shufta, A lath.

shifta-rang, A beautiful species خفتة رنگ

of peach or apricot (مفترنگ q.v.). هفترنگ shiftidan, To drop, run, trickle; to cause to drop; to scratch, wound.

مغر shafr, shufr, A margin, edge (particularly of the eye-lids), side of anything.

shafrat, A bookbinder's or shoemaker's knife; sharpness of a sword; a servant; -shufrat, The edge of the eyelid where the lashes grow.

shufurdan, To be set free, to escape

(هغددن Bee).

هُوعم (?), Name of a town on the Syrian coast.

shafra, shufra, A large bookbinder's or shoemaker's knife.

shafsh, shufsh, The branch of a tree; a long reed, hooked at the end, used by cotton-dressers; dry dung; a distemper incident to the fore-feet of horses from drinking too much water; a pipe, a flute.

shafshāhanj, كفشاهنگ shafshāhang, A perforated plate of steel through which gold and silver wire is drawn;—shafshāhang, A carder of cotton; also his bow (هاعسار کافای).

shafshaf, A crooked branch; the root of a tree.

shifsha, The yarn-beam of a loom; ringlets flowing about the face; an ingot of gold;—shafsha, shifsha, A cotton-dresser's rod; a branch, thin, straight, and smooth.

A shaf' (v.n.), Making even; interceding, advocating; entreating; an even number; a pair, a couple; being in foal (a camel); followed by her colt.

هماه ملعام shufa'ā' (pl. of shafī'), Intercessors; persons possessed of a right of

pre-emption.

A dash shuf'at, shuf'a (v.n. of مفع), Wishing to add a neighbour's estate to one's possessions; a neighbouring house or land; redemption;—huqqi shuf'a, Right of preemption in favour of a person whose possessions adjoin to a land offered for sale.

a معمد عبرا shuf'a-gīrā, A redeemer,

avenger.

A LABOR Shafaq (v.n.), Compassionating, pitying, condoling; the crepuscule, twilight; the red glow of dawn or sunset (construed with rekhtan); pity, condolence, kindness, affection; fear;—shafaqi shimālī, The northern light, aurora borealis;—shafaqi gulgūn, The ruddy crepuscule, the roseate twilight.

A SEAS shafaqat (often pronounced shafqat), Compassion, pity, mercy, commiseration, clemency, indulgence, kindness, affection; condolence; favour;—izhari shafaqat (shafqat) namūdan, To commiserate, to condole with.

a هفات نامه shafqat-nāma, A letter of condolence.

ه ملفى جلوه shafaq-jilwa, مفلى جلوه shafaq-zār, مفلى shafaqistān, مفلى ده shafaq-kada, مفلى خون shafaq-gūn, (met.) Red, ruddy.

a هفتي shafaqi, Of or relating to the evening twilight; like or resembling the

crepuscule; red, ruddy.

shafk, Anything bad, worn out, ruinous;—shafak, Ignorant, unskilful, silly, stupid.

shajal, A camel's hoof.

shaflaj, Capers.

shuftidan, shiftidan, To whistle (as pigeon-fanciers when they wish to fly a

pigeon, or as a groom when he wishes a horse to drink).

A coas shafn (v.n.), Looking stedfastly through half-shut eyes; one who eagerly expects an inheritance;—shafn, shafin, shafun, Ingenious, intelligent; penetrating, sharp-sighted.

جفته shufna = مفته q.v. (probably mis-

reading).

A منين shifnīn, shafnīn, A pigeon; a turtle-dove.

ية shafū, Unlawful, forbidden by religion (see هفود).

هفوات A shafawāt (pl. of shafat), Lips. shifūt, A demon in a human form;

the principle of evil, āhiraman; a maniac.

shafūd, What is forbidden by re-

ligion. مفودة shufūda, A week.

. به هغودی shufūdan, = هغودی q.v.

هفور shufūr, Unlawful (see هفود); a badger (see هفارة).

هموت A مفوت shufuf (v.n. of هم), Becoming emaciated; emaciation.

ه معرف shafūn, One who looks askance with half-shut eyes.

ه مفوی A shifawī, Labial.

A and shifah, A lip.

a shifahi, Referring to the lips, labial —hurufi shifahi, The labial letters.

shafed dāshtan, = safed dāshtan, q.v. under مفيد داهتن

مغيدي shufīdan, = مغيدي q.v. A مغيد shafīr, Edge, border, extremity.

A shafi', An advocate, intercessor, patron; possessed of a claim of pre-emption founded on the right of contiguity or co-partnership;—shafi'u'l'usāt fī'l-'araṣāt. The intercessor for sinners before the heavenly tribunal (Muhammad);—shafī'u'l-warā, The intercessor for mankind (Muhammad);—shafī'i jār, The occupant of ground adjoining another estate;—shafī'i khalīt, Occupant of ground intermixed with another estate (the right of pre-emption being stronger in the latter than in the former case).

A مفيعا shafī'ā, A kind of Persian character.

A مفيف shafif (v.n. of مفيف), Scorching or nipping (with intense cold); being thin, transparent (garment); a piercing cold wind accompanied with rain; the heat of the sun; few, small.

ه مفیق shafiq, Merciful, compassionate, condoling; affectionate, benevolent;—akhi

shafiq, An affectionate brother.

shifilidan, To express (juice); to whistle, to make a chirping noise when watering a horse, to chirp, to twitter (a bird); to listen.

etting (a tooth); being difficult, troublesome (any work); remaining open (the eye

of a corpse); being separate from one's people; separating, scattering; throwing into difficulties, paining, grieving; a fissure, crack, crevice; a half; day-break, dawn; [shaqq khwurdan, To be or become split;shaqq zadan (kardan), To tear, split, divide; -shiqq, A half; as much as a beast of burden carries on one side; a side; the counterpart; a category; a phrase; a combination; a large division of a country forming a collectorate; a brother; a friend; a kind of demon representing but half of the human form; name of a soothsayer of the time of Kisrá; also of a place near Khaibar; trouble, difficulty;— $\bar{\imath}n$ $k\bar{a}r$ $d\bar{u}$ shiqq darad, There are two sides to this question. shaqā, A quiver.

shaqāhat, Ugliness; turpitude,

abomination.

A مقالع shiqāq (v.n. 3 of مقال), Contending, quarrelling, opposing; taking one side; discord, opposition, hostility; partiality; also = مقبق and مقبق qq.v.

shaqāqul (for مشقاقل q.v.), A wild carrot; a species of hartwort; a kind of small fish; — shaqāquli miṣrī, Wild

אם shaqā-madār, (who hinges on insolence) Insolent, villainous; — gurohi shaqā-madār, Swarms of villains.

Being wretched and miserable; misery, wretchedness, unhappiness; poverty; disgrace; insolence; villainy.

مقائل shaqā'iq (pl. of shaqāqat), Fissures, cracks; uterine sisters; the tulip;—

shaqā'iqu 'n-nu'mān, The anemone.

A -- 24 shaqb, shiqb, A cleft in a mountain or rock; a narrow pass between two hills; a cave, cavern, den; a hollow where birds build their nests; low ground on which water stagnates; -- shiqb, shaqab, Name of a tree whose fruit resembles the lote.

A & shiqqat, The half, especially of anything split or torn the long way; a chip of wood; a rag of cloth, &c.;—shiqqat, shuqqat, Inconvenience, trouble, labour, pains;—shuqqat, shuqqa, A garment open in front; an interval, distance; a tract of country; travel;—shuqqati shaqqa, A long and difficult journey;—shuqqa'i khāṣṣ, A dressing-gown.

a مقدار shiq-dār, A governor; an officer appointed to collect the revenue from a certain division of laud; difficult, distressing: perplexing

ing; perplexing.

a مقدارى shiq-darī, The office of shiqdar;

uncertainty, perplexity.

shaqz (v.n.), Departing, going far off;—shiqz, A young chameleon;—shaqaz

(v.n.), Having a malignant eye; to throw the evil eye upon; being sleepless;—shaqiz, Sleepless; possessed of the evil eye.

shiqar (for shaqir), The anemone;

the tulip.

هقراق ه shiqrāq, shiqarrāq, A green magpie.

A مقر shuqrat (v.n. of مقر), Being of a deep red (mixed with black).

shaqardiyün (G. σκόρδιον), Water-

germander.

a مدهقی shiqshiqī, fem. هدهقی shiqshiqīyat, shiqshiqīya, Referring to or produced by the shiqshiqa (see preceding article);—khutba'i shiqshiqīya, A sermon preached by Alī, and interrupted by a member of the audience asking a question. When begged by Ibn 'Abbās to continue his address, Alī answered, "The shiqshiqa has roared and

subsided," meaning the inspiration of the moment has gone.

A معقص shiqs, A particle, part, portion,

snare.

shaq' (v.n.), Drinking, sipping; blaming, reproaching; viewing with an evil eye.

shaqaf, An earthen pot, potsherd. هقت shaqaq, Beating time in music.

A مقل shaql (v.n.), Weighing (money); lying with a woman.

A WEA shaqn (v.n.), Giving or doing little; diminishing;—shaqn, shaqin, Little, small,

ه ماه هفوه shuqü' (v.n. of هفاه), Splitting (the head).

shuqūr, Anything necessary to be done; an important matter.

shuquq (pl. of shaqq), Fissures, rents, crevices, chinks.

ssa shaqa, A hardness in the hand or foot from working or walking, a callosity (see

cially from a superior. (See also هقه ناد shaqa-band, A kind of horse-

armour.

a مقهى shuqqahī, A curtain.

a shaqī, Poor, miserable, wretched; insolent; villainous, vicious.

A مقمع shaqīḥ, Weak after disease; deformed, ugly.

A مقمص shaqīs, A partner; a fleet horse; a little remaining of a great deal.

ه مقيف shaqīf, Name of four places.

A مقيق shaqiq, Split or halved; one half; a brother uterine; a strong calf.

A مقيقة shaqīqat, A fissure, crack, crevice, notch; one side of the head, temple; pain seizing one half of the head or face, megrim; rain or lightning (as cleaving the clouds); a pass between two mountains producing grass; a kind of bird; a uterine sister; name of the grandmother of Nu'man bin Munzir.

shak, A magpie;—shuk, Arsenic.

A shakk, in P. mostly shak (v.n.), Doubting, suspecting; doubt, suspicion; vacillation; incredulity, scepticism; scandal; limping; adhering to, cleaving to; arsenic, rats-bane;—shakk namūdan, To doubt, to

هكاة shakā', هكاة shakāt, Complaining;

complaint.

shukā, A roebuck (see هکا);—shukā'i

māda, A doe.

shikār, Prey, game; the chase, hunting; plunder, booty, pillage, rapine, spoil; perquisites; (in comp.) hunting, seizing, as jān-shikār "a ravisher of hearts" (see also جان هکر);—shikār shudan, To be taken captive, to be seized; -shikar zadan, To kill game; —shikār kardan, ba-shikār raftan, To hunt, to take for a hunt (m.c.).

shikar-afgan, مكار اندار shikar-afgan, مكار انكن

andāz, A hunter.

shikār-āhanj, A wooden instrument for polishing; a stick with an iron hook used by bakers, &c., to take the bread from the oven.

shikār-bāz, A sportsman.

shikūr-band, Cords for tying game مكار بند

to a saddle.

هکار جرگه shikār-jargah, Hunting game by surrounding it with a large circle of men holding each other's hands.

t هكارجي shikārchī, هكارجي shikārchī, A

huntsman, a game-keeper (m.c.).

هکار خانه shikār-khāna, Animals of the chase offered to a guest; a hunting-hut; a hunting-box.

هکار قورغه shikār qamar<u>gh</u>a (قورغه qamar-gāh), مکار جرگه q.v.

shikūristān, A hunting-ground, همكارستان

هكار كنان shikār-kunān (كنان kunanda),

Hunting.

هكاركاه shikūr-gāh, A hunting-country; a

hunting-ground.

هکارگر shikārgar (گیر gīr), A hunter.

shikārī, Anything belonging to hunting (as dogs, hawks, or horses); a hunter, fowler; a bird or beast of prey; game, prey; -sagi shikārī, A hunting-dog,

هكاريدن shikaridan, To hunt.

A مكلية shakāsat, Depravity of nature; moroseness, crabbiness.

shikāsa, A porcupine (probably misreading for سكاسه q.v.).

هكاهك shakāshak, Noise of feet in walking.

shikāf, A fissure, crack, slit, crevice, rupture, split, cleft in a mountain; a cavern; a hank of silk; (in comp.) tearing, splitting, cleaving, breaking, bursting, dividing; -ustādi mū-shikāf, A master of hair-splitting, i.e. a subtle (reasoner; —nājakhi (nāchakhi) tezi 'umr-shikāf, The sharp hatchet severing (the thread of) life, i.e. death.

shikāfānīdan, To cause to split. مكافتكى shikāftagī, A fracture, fissure.

shikāftan, To split, break, tear, مكانتن destroy; to divide into two long strips; to mediate between buyer and seller; to be torn, lacerated, defaced, destroyed.

هكافته shikāfta, Split; a box, pyx; cholic. هكانستان shikāfistān, Abounding in fissures,

&c.

هكافش shikāfish, A cleaving; cleft, fissure. shikāfa, Bow of violin; a cradle.

shikāfa-zan, A player on the violin; a musician.

shikāfīdan, To tear lengthwise.

shikāl, A cord for tying the fore-feet of an unruly mule or horse; cunning, deceit; a jackal.

ه مكال ه shikāl, A horse-tether of goats' hair; a surcingle of a camel's saddle; (a horse) having three legs white, the other of the colour of the body, or vice versa; resemblance, conformity.

shikālish, Thought, care; roguery. shikāl-gāh, The pastern of a

quadruped.

shikāla, A hedgehog, urchin;—

shikāla'i zar, A particle of gold.

shikālīdan, To think, to deceive. هكان shikān, Rupture, breach; a curling lock of hair; a wrinkle, plait; a knot, tie, twist; broken; curly.

مكانك shakānak, Crop of a bird.

ه المكى shakāwat (v.n. of هكارة لم Lamenting, complaining; complaint.

shakāwand, Name of a mountain. هکارنده shikāwanda, A digger, delver, borer. هكاونة shikāvna, shikāwana, A digger; one who digs up dead bodies for the grave-

clothes.

هكاية shikāyat (v.n. of هكاية), Lamenting, complaining, explaining the cause of any complaint or ailment; accusation; construed with the verbs burdan, dashtan, rekhtan, zadan, kardan, &c. ;—az dasti fulān ba-shikāyat āmadan, To put a complaint against (m.c.).

ه مكايت كنان , shikāyat-pesha هكايت پيشه ه shikayat-kunan, هكايت كستر shikayat-gustar, shikāyatmand, Given to com-

plaining, querulous.

هکیا shikpā, Crabbed, austere.

shakpūy, The noise of one walking هکپري softly; one who walks softly; snoring.

A مكم shakd (v.n.), Giving, presenting; shukd, A present; thanks, thanksgiving. A مكر shakr, Pudenda mulieris; coition;

-shukr (v.n.), Returning thanks (to God), praising Him (construed with dashtan, kardan, guzārdan, guftan, &c.); conferring favours (God); praise, thanksgiving, gratitude; recompense, reward, favour, benefit; [shukri ilāhi (ezid, khudā), Thanks to God; *-shukri <u>kh</u>idmal*, An acknowledgment of service; -shukri ni'mat, Acknowledgment of favours or benefits received (opp. to kufri ni mat q.v. under من ; | shakar, Being full of milk (udders); producing saplings grow-

ing around the base (a tree). هکم shakar, shakkar, Sugar; sweet words; the lip of a mistress; a black bee; name of a woman whom Khusrau married against the will of Shirin; (construed with the verbs bastan, khā'idan, khwurdan, shikastan, and noskidan;) [shakari khām, Pure sugar; -shakar dar shīr kardan, To commit fraud, to cheat; -shakari safed, Lump sugar, fresh sugar; shakari surb, Acetate of lead; shakari māzandarān, Moist sugar; cask sugar; shakar u shir budan (kardan), (met.) To be thoroughly mixed or blended;shakari 'aqīq - rang (cornelian - coloured sugar), The lip of a mistress; - shakar u qand shikastan, To speak blandly;—dar shakar-bezi budan, To weep from joy; gul ba shakar, Conserve of roses; -shikar, The chase, game; a hunter; one who routs or puts to flight; -shikkar, A porcupine.

مكر آب shakar-ab, Sugar-water; a little falling out, or a coolness betwixt friends, a tiff.

هکر انشانی shakar-afshānī, Sweet speech. ehakar-amez, Mixed with sugar.

shakar-andā, Glaced with sugar. هکران ه shukrān (v.n. of هکر), Returning thanks for favours received; gratitude, acknowledgment, grateful.

a مكرانكي shukrānagī, Gratitude, thank-

fulness.

هكران shakarāna, vulg. shakrāna, A dish consisting of boiled rice, ghi and sugar.

a هکرانه shukrāna, Gratitude, thanksgiving; a fee paid by plaintiff or defendant on the cause being decided in his favour.

A مكرانية shukrānīyat, Gratitude;—shu-

krānīyati khālişa, Sincere gratitude.

shakar-awez, Anything delightful هكر آويو or pleasant; the loose end of the turban, especially of the Maulavi dervishes.

هكر بادام shakar-bādām, Sugared almonds; Dried apricots stuffed with almonds; the

eye and lip of a mistress.

shakar-bar, Raining sweetness,

mellifluous.

هکر برک shakar-barg, A sweetmeat made of almonds and sugar; a large pair of compasses made of sugar.

shakar-bara, مكر بورة shakar-bara, مكر برة (مرزة būza, مرة bira, or منية bizā). Cake stuffed with sugar-candy, almonds, and pistachionuts.

shakar-bih, A sweet kind of quince. shakar-pāra, A lump of sugar.

a مكر باسع shakar-pāsukh, One who gives a gentle reply.

هکر پای shakar-pāy, Lame.

a مکر برداز shukr-pardaz, Giving thanks. shakar-panir, A sweet kind of cheese (such as the French call crême Chevalier).

shakar-posh, Covered or glaced مكر پوش

with sugar.

shakar-pech, Paper to wrap sugar

t هکر جی shakarji, A confectioner.

shakar-chash, A model, sample, pattern.

هکر چين shakar-chīn, Gathering sugar; one who collects whatever is thrown about at a festivity.

a مکر حرك shakar-harf, Sweet-spoken. shakar-khār, Name of a thorny مكر عار tree called gharqud.

هکر خانه shakar-khāna, A place where sugar is made; a structure of confitures piled up on a tray.

هکر خای shakar-khāy, Chewing sugar. مکر خای shokar-khand (مکر خند shokar-khand (مکر مند khanda), A smiling sweetly, speaking gently with a smile of love; gracious, delicate, attractive,

charming, amiable. shakar-khwar (ارة shakar-khwar (ارة shakar-khwar (اله الم

eater.

هکر خواب shakar-khwāb, A sweet sleep; a morning-doze.

.v. مکر خوار shakar-khwur, = مکر خور shakar-khez, Producing sugar.

shikarad (3rd sing., aor. of shikardan, He hunts, catches, seizes; he remedies. shakar-dān, A sugar-basin.

shakar-dukht, A sweet girl or هکر دعت

daughter.

هکردن shikardan, To hunt; to catch, seize; to break; (met.) to apply a remedy, to cure; -shukurdan, To kill; to die (doubtful).

shakarda, Active, quick, dexterous. مكر دهان shakar-dahān, Sweet-spoken.

shikardidan, To hunt; to put to flight; to break.

shakar-rang, Of the colour of

sugar, greyish white.

shakar-rez, Who scatters sugar; mellifluous; a maker of sugar-confectionery; money or other things thrown about at weddings; presents sent from the bridegroom's house to that of the bride; sweet or elegant language; poetry; singing or talking; good-natured, jocose; tears of joy; the lip of a mistress; -shakar-rezi tarab, Tears of joy.

shakar-reza, March-pane. هکر ريزه

هکر روی shakar-rezī, Sweet discourse; tears of joy.

ان مكر shakar-zar, Abounding in sngar.

هکر زبان shakar-zabān, Sweet-spoken. shakar-zakhama, An arrow hitting the mark.

shakar-san, Honey in the comb. shakaristan, A sugar-refinery; a plantation of sugar-canes; a sugar-chest.

a کر سماع shakar-samā', Sweet-voiced, singing sweetly.

shakar-sang, A stone which stops هکر سنگ hemorrhages.

shakar-sawār, Of elegant gait and هكر سوار motions, graceful in one's ways.

shakrish, A bad name, ill-fame.

هکر های shakar-shān, هکر های shakar-shāh, Honey in the comb (see هکر سان).

shakar-shikan, Sweetly-spoken. shakar-farosh, A sugar-merchant; a mistress

هکر نشان shakar-fishān, Scattering sugar. هكرنندة shikarfanda, Stumbling; a horse apt to stumble.

shikarfidan, shakarfidan, To trip. هكرنيدن stumble.

a هکر قلم shakar-qalam, A sweet pen, an agreeable writer; a sort of sweetmeat.

هکر قمیش shakar-qamīsh, The sugar-cane. a مکر قند shakar-qand, Sweet potatoes; sugar-candy.

shakarak, Name of a fruit. shukr-guzār, Grateful, thankful. هكر كذار هکر گذاری shukr-quzārī, Thanksgiving. shakar-gar, A confectioner. هکر گر هکر گفتار shakar-guftar, Sweet-spoken. حكر لب shakar-lab, Sugar-lipped; a mistress; hare-lipped.

shakar-lang, Who limps in walk-

a مكر مقال shakar-maqāl, Sweet-spoken. shakrang, A sort of sweetmeat. هکرونه shakarwada, shakarwuda, Nimble. shikara, Rapacious birds trained to hunt; vulva.

shakarhanj, A kind of thorn. shakarī, A kind of Phālsa so called هکری (Grewia asiatica); red, reddish yellow; (for shakarin) sugary.

هکريدن shikridan, To hunt; to rout an enemy.

هکرين shakarin. Sugary, saccharine.

shakarīna, A confection, especially هکرينه white and hard, made of the root 'aslaj boiled long with wine and sugar.

shakz (v.n.), Poking or pinching with the finger; stabbing with the tongue; piercing with a lance; a dig, stab, thrust;

هکس ه shaks, One or two days before the new moon; — shakis, A miser; — shakus,

Harsh, ill-tempered.

هکست shikast, He broke; a fracture; the sound of anything broken; defeat, route; deficiency, loss; shame, modesty; dislike, antipathy; warmth, indignation; an eating and evacuation; broken; impaired; odd,

uneven; -shikasti bāzār, Unsaleable goods; -shikast khwurdan (yāftan), To be defeated; -shikast dādan (kardan), To defeat; shikasti fāhish, A shameful defeat; -shikasti kār, Unprofitable work;--dilshikast u himmat-past, Broken-hearted and low-spirited. (The word is also construed with the verbs uftadan, afgandan, amadan, āwardan, bālīdan, dāshtan and kashīdan.)

shikast-pagīr, Fragile, brittle. shikast-khwurda, Broken off;

defeated, routed.

«hikastagī, Fracture, rupture; grief, sadness, affliction; infirmity, sickness; defeat, rout;—dīl-shikastagī, Brokenheartedness.

shikast mikast, Trifles.

shikastan (imp. shikan) To break هکستن (trans. and intrans.); to defeat (an enemy); to turn away the face; to be rough and severe; to torture; to disturb; to be disturbed, agitated, angry; to eat, chew; to be broken, split, opened; to be covered with shame; to fold, to bend, to curl; to restrain; to suppress, to keep back (as tears, &c.); -andar-shikastan, To compose (a book, see نفتر);—bar-shikastan, = shikastan (see also بر هکستن, p. 175);—ba-ham dar-shikastan, To mix together;—dar ham shikastan, = shikastan; --nān shikastan, To break one's bread, i.e. to eat it, to enjoy his hospitality. (See also در هکتن, p. 512.)

shikast u mikast, He broke هکست و مکست

(it) awhile ago.

هکسته shikasta, Broken; discomfited, routed; reduced to straits; ashamed, penitent; proud; weak; sick, wounded; the broken or current Persian hand, in which letters in India are generally written; name of an ancient fort in Persia; -shikasta shudan, To be broken; to be distressed; to be diminished; to become less rigid or intense; —bāzāri shikasta, Spoiled, worthless, unsaleable goods;—bakhti shikasta, Broken fortunes; (rarely) good luck;—sukhuni (quftari) shikasta, Hesitating speech.

shikasta-bāzū (بال bāl), With عكستة بازو shikasta-bāzū بال

broken arm (wing).

a مكسته بال shikasta-bāl, Broken-hearted,

distressed in mind, melancholy.

shikasta-basta, (broken and هکسته بسته tied) Fast and loose, a mixture of bad and good; vile, worthless, contemptible.

shikasta-band, A binder of broken bones; a mender of broken vessels;

a swath, bandage.

هکسته یا shikasta-pā, Broken - footed, weak.

shikasta-panāh, Who offers a هكسته يناة refuge to the distressed.

a مكسته shikasta-ja'd, With dishevelled curls.

a مكستة حال shikasta-ḥāl, Indigent, dis-

a هکسته حالی $shikasta-har{a}lar{\imath}$, Indigence, distress.

a shikasta-khatir, and-

shikasta-dil, Broken-hearted, afflicted; offended.

هکسته دلاس shikasta - dilān, The poor, wretched.

هکسته دلی shikasta-dili, Broken-heartedness, distress, affliction.

هکسته رنگی shikasta-rangī, Altered colour from affliction; distrees, affliction.

هکسته زبان shikasta-zabān, A stammerer. وان shikasta-gumān, Contrary, adverse, dissentient.

a مكسته مناع shikasta-mizāj, Sick, ailing; broken down in health.

a مكسته وهدة shikasta-wa'da, Faithless. هكست يافته shikast-yāfta, Routed, defeated.

هکشای shakshak, Sound of feet in walking.

shikaft, A cave or grotto; crooked; twisted; uneven;—shikift, He wondered; anything wonderful; admiration, surprise; [bāyad shikift, It is admirable;]—shikuft, A prodigy; magnificence; dignity, authority, gravity; opening, expanding;—shukuft, It expanded or flourished; a miracle; reverence, awe, fear.

هکفتانيدي shikaftānīdan, To cause to be cleft.

shikaftan, To crook, twist, make uneven; to be cleft; to exercise patience;—shikiftan, To look with wonder; to be amazed, surprised;—shikuftan, To open, expand (as a flower); to smile.

arada shikufta, Flourishing, florid, expanded;—guli shikufta, A new-blown rose.
مكفتيك shikiftidan, To wonder, be amazed.

shikufa, Blossoms of a fruit-tree. shikufidan, To blow (as a flower). هکلی shakak, A kind of guitar; a round prickly thorn; the noise made by the feet

مككال shikkūl, "The greatest (or "most ancient," mihtarīn) king of India" (?).

in walking.

A مكل shakl (v.n.), Fettering (a horse); girthing a camel (see هكال); anything suitable, becoming; resemblance, likeness; figure, form, shape; effigy, semblance, image; mien, face, appearance, mode, species, manner; diagram, proposition; inserting the vowel-points and diacritical signs; a poetical license changing fā'ilātun - \smile - \smile) into fa ilatu $(\smile \smile - \smile)$ by dropping the first and seventh consonant; construed with the verbs baftan, kardan, kashīdan, nihādan, &c.; [shakli himārī ('arūs, māmāni), Names of certain geometrical figures; -shakli tarbī', A square figure; -shakli dawārī, A circular figure; -shakli misālī, A model, pattern, example;—shakli mutawāzī, A parallel figure;—shakli mujassam, A solid body;—shakli nazari, A theorem;]—shakl, shikl, The graceful airs, or blandishments of women;—shakal (v.n.), Having whitish thighs (a sheep); having the white intermixed with red (eyes); name of the father of a tribe.

A مكلك shuklat, A mixture of red and black; intermixture of the white of the eye with red;—shakilat, shakila, A coquette.

هکلات کردن shaklak kardan, To pout (m.c.). a هکل نویس shakl-nawīs, A portrait-painter.

ه ملاه shikla, Part of a garment torn off by adhering to anything;—shikla, shakla, A piece, segment, slice, cut.

shiklidan, To tear; to be torn, split; to disturb (see بشكليدي p. 189, and يشكليدي p. 253).

shakm (v.u.), Recompensing, returning one present for another;—shukm, Recompense, retribution.

shikam, The belly, paunch, stomach; fat tripe;—shikam az 'azā bar-āwar, Eat your fill after mourning (a phrase addressed to hungry mourning women after a funeral) ;-shikam andākhtan, To become big (from pregnancy); to miscarry (pregnant women); -shikam ba-āb zan, Practice of villainy; giving or taking excessively;— shikam bāz kardan, To loosen one's garments (after enting much);—shikam baramad, The belly grows big (from pregnancy);—shikam bar pusht chaspad, The belly sticks to the back, i.e. a person is exceedingly emaciated;—shikam bar zamin nihādan, To lie down on the belly (said of a horse, &c.);—shikam chār-pahlū kardan, To guttle till one is ready to burst ;-shikam khārīdan, To feign, pretend;—shikam dāshtan, To be pregnant; -shikam dar khwesh duzdīdan, shikam duzdīdan az, Not to reach maturity;—shikami rān, Inside of the thigh; -shikami kaf, Palm of the hand; -shikam giriftan, To grow stout, to become big ;-shikam nāfi sufra kardan, To eat to bursting; -badi shikam, Wind in the bowels, flatulency;—ba-shikam raftan, To go on the belly, to crawl as an insect; dardi shikam, Pain in the belly, gripes; dar shikam dashtan, To have ready, or pre-

هکم بیدة shikam-banda, A slave to his belly, an epicure; a servant who works for his board.

هکمبه shikamba, Belly, stomach, tripe. هکم پاره shikam-pāra, (in medical books)
Seed of flea-wort.

هکم پرست shikam-parast, A. pamperer of his belly, an epicure, a glutton.

هکم پرستی shikam-parastī, Gluttony. هکم پرور shikam-parwar, A sensualist, epi-

shikam-pech, A twisting of the guts.

shikam-khwār, هکم خواره shikam-khwār khwāra, A glutton; hungry.

shikam-khwaragi, Gluttony.

هکم خواری shikam-khwārī, Hunger. هکم خواری shikam-dār, Big-bellied, paunchy. shikam-dard, Belly-ache, gripes. shikam-dardmand, Griped.

shikam-ran, Purgative (medi-

shikam-rav (وش shikam-rav (مكم رو shikam-rav), A diarrhæa; looseness of the bowels.

هکم هکسته shikam-shikasta, A complaint from indigestion; a rumbling noise in the bowels.

هکم کرنتگی shikam - giriftagī, Costiveness.

shikam-girifta, Constipated, costive.

abikam-gunda, Paunch-bellied هکم کنده (m.c.).

هکم shikamī, Skin of the belly; big-

bellied; a glutton.

هكن shikan, A fold, wrinkle, curl; defeat, rout, and flight of an army; turning away the face; warmth, vehemence; moroseness; roughness, severity; mildness, gentleness; fraud, deceit, cunning; eating; mastication; a beating of time in music; a catch, glee, song; (imp. of shikastan, in comp.) breaking; shrinking, shrivelling, stringing; [shikani jāma, A fold in a garment;—shikani zulf, A curl;—shikanhā'i kām, The wrinkles in the roof of the mouth; — bad-shikan, A carminative; dushman-shikan, A conqueror of enemies; -- taqat-shikan, Breaking the strength, rendering powerless;]-shikin, shakn, Name of a country.

shikamb, The belly.

هكنبا shikambā, ابا shikamb-abā, shikamb-wā, المكتب shikamb-wā, هكتب اوا Tripe-broth.

هكنية shikamba, The tripe; -- shikamba

bar sar kashīdan, To disembowel.

shikanj, A ply, fold, a wrinkle, a crease; the twisting or coiling of a rope; a knot; confusion, intricacy, twisting; a red serpent; fraud, deceit; a beating of time in music; sound, tune, musical melody; torture, rack; a fragment; a brickbat; an eruption of the body; -shikunj, A plucking, pinch.

shikanjad, A bookbinder's press; (3rd sing, aor. of shikanjidan) he presses,

shikanja, Pain, torture; rack; stocks; a bookbinder's press;—shikanja kardan, To punish, to torture with the rack; -shikanja kashidan, To be tortured, suffer

shikanjidan, To put to the rack ; to put in a press; to bind (a bcok).

shakand, shikand, Mud-worms. shikan-dār, Wrinkled. هکن دار

shikanda-kām, Disappointed in

one's wishes, frustrated, powerless. هکن کاری shikan-kārī, To talk idly; to be disgraced, put to shame, calumniated.

shikana, An amorous glance; a porcupine.

هكنى shikane, A fracture; a putting to flight, routing; -shikini, Belonging to the country Shikin.

A → shakw (v.n.), Complaining.

a مُكرا نامة shakwā-nāma, Letters of complaint or condolence.

هکوب shukūb, A napkin; a turban.

A مکره shakwat, shakwa, Complaint; shakwa namudan, To complain, to put in a complaint.

هكوثا shakūṣā, Dodder.

shukūkh, shikūkh, A slip, stumble, fall.

هکوځندگې shikū<u>kh</u>andagī, A stumble.

هکې عنده shikū<u>kh</u>anda, shukū<u>kh</u>anda, Stumbling, tripping; alarmed.

هکوهه shuliūkha, A slip, tumble. هكوخيدگى shukū<u>kh</u>īdagī, A stumble.

دكوخيدن shukū<u>kh</u>īdan, shakū<u>kh</u>īdan, shi $k\bar{u}\underline{k}\underline{h}\bar{u}dan$, To stumble and recover oneself; to fear, to be alarmed.

هکور ه shakūr, Grateful; one of the names of God; satisfied with little, and yet thriving (cattle); -shukūr (v.n.), Returning thanks (to God); praising Him for His benefits.

shukūr, An animal which roots up and eats dead bodies.

هکوف shukūf, A cleft, fissure; (imp. of shukūfidan, in comp.) breaking, cleaving. هكوفا shukūfā, Flourishing.

shukūftan, To open, blow, blos-

som; to wonder.

shukūfta, Open, blown.

shikūfanda, Cleaving, notching. shikūfa, Blossom of fruit-bearing شكونة trees; vomit; vulva; -shikūfa bastan (kardan, kashidan), To put forth blossoms; shikūfa'i sari kūdak, A disease causing the hair and eye-lashes to drop off;—shikūfa'i sang, A bloom which grows on certain stones, and is used medicinally ;—shikūfa'i mis, The efflorescence of molten brass.

shikûfa-rang, (met.) White. shikūfa-zār, A garden in bloom. shukūfīdan, To blow, bloom, مكوفيدن flourish; to open; to notch; to break; to put to flight.

هکوك A shakūk, A camel of the fatness of whose bunch a doubt is entertained on account of its hairiness; very doubtful or suspicious; -- shukūk (pl. of shakk), Doubts; suspicions.

shukūl, Celerity, agility, prompti-

tude. هکول ه shukūl (pl. of shakl), Figures, forms.

shukāla, A hard, full nut.

shukolīdan, To disturb, mix, confound.

shukūna, Inverted, turned upside down.

shiküh, Fear, terror;—shukoh, Majesty, magnificence, dignity. grandeur, power; train, pomp, attendance; gravity, reverence; a small town.

a مُكِية shakwa, see A. قيكه.

shukohānīdan, To carry oneself with gravity.

shukohmand, Grave.

shukohmandi, Decorum. هکوهمندی

shukohnāk, Magnificent; elegant, هكوهناك handsome.

shikohanj, A certain triangular هکوهنج thorn.

هکوهندگی shikūhandagī, Fear; a slip, slide, fall; the stumbling or tripping of a horse ;-shukohandagī, Magnificence, respectability, display; attentiveness.

هکرهنده shikūhanda, Fearful, timid ; shukohanda, Great; decorating, adorning;

a listener.

هکره shukoha, Beauty, gracefulness, ornament, elegance; austerity, gravity; magnificence; a kind of thistle.

shikūhidan, To fear, to be terrorstruck; -shukohīdan. To be grave, venerable; to be elegant; to listen and yield

shikūhīda, Terrified; a stumbling مكوهيدة horse; -shukohīda, Distinguished for gravity and stateliness; attentive to another's words; adorned.

هکولی ه shakwi (v.n. of هکولی), Lamenting, complaining; a complaint, disease, dis-

a مكوى مند shakwá-mand (ناك nāk), Full of complaint.

a مندى shakwá-mandī (ناكى مندى nākī),

Fulness of complaint.

shaka, The sound of feet in walking: -shakka, Dung;-shikuh, Majesty, gravity; elegance, beauty; ornament, decora-

هکهمندی shukuhmand, هکهمندی shukuhmand \bar{t} , ج مکوهمندی q.v.

shikihidan. To be agitated, هكهيدن

grieved.

a هکی $shakk\bar{\imath}$, Doubtful; (for $shakk\bar{\imath}y$), Habitually complaining, querulous; lamentable; indisposed, slightly ailing.

a مراج shakkrī-mizāj, Undetermined,wa-

vering, hesitating.

هکیب shikeb, Patience; patient; imp. of shikebidan.

shikebā, Extremely patient.

هکیبانیدن shikebānīdan, To exhort to patience; to render patient.

هکیبائی shikebā'ī, Long-suffering, tolera-

tion, patience.

shikebayidan, To be patient, to bear patiently.

shikebanda, Patient, long-suffer. ing.

shikebidan, To be patient.

shakīr, A sort of peach.

shakīr, Bark of a tree; a sapling هکير ه growing round about the root of a large tree; hairs on the pubes.

shakīsh, A sack, bag made of هکيش

reeds.

shikeft, Wonder; patience, endurance.

shikeftan, To wonder; to be patient; to content oneself.

هکیل shikīl, A horse-tether of goats-hair; fraud, deceit, stratagem; the chain by which the knife or dagger hangs to the girdle (the Persians in general stick it loose into the girdle itself); the bars or spars of wood which keep the different parts of a gate together; name of a tree; (by Imalah for shikal instead of ishkal)

doubt, difficulty (see اهكال ishkal).

A مكيمة shakamat, Bit of the bridle; the ear or handle of a pot; natural disposition,

shakina, A large oblong jar in which grain is kept; a goad (in this meaning probably a misreading for هنگينه q.v.).

shagā, shugā, A quiver.

shagād, shigād, Rustam's brother. shagār, A jackal ;—shigār, Anything هگار eatable; -shugar, A coal.

shigār-āhanj, A wooden instrument with an iron hook, used by bakers in

drawing anything out of ovens.

shagal, A jackal;—shigal, A deep channel excavated by a torrent; fetters for a horse;—shugāl, Charcoal; the cud.

q.v., p. 690. سگالش q.v., p. 690. الله shagāla, All, the whole

مگاليدن a.v., p. 690. مگاليدن a.v., p. 690. shugālīv, Dressed on the coals. هگانه shagāna, Bow of a violin; a cradle. shagāwand, Name of a mountain. هگاه shagāh, A quiver.

shagpūy, Noise of the feet in walk-

ing. shigar, shugar, A porcupine, hedge-

shigarf, shagarf, Rare, fine, good, beautiful, excellent, glorious; great, venerespectable, generous; amiable, acceptable; strong, thick; robust, vigorous; boiled; laxative, aperient; suppurative; a good, brave, magnificent man; wonder.

shigarfī, Beauty, elegance, excel-

ه sigufāndan (caus. of shigufīdan), To cause to blossom.

shigift, shiguft, Wonder, astonishment.

shiguflanidan (caus. of shiguftan), To cause to blossom.

shiguftagī, State of flourishing. shigiftan, To have patience; to be amazed, astonished ; -- shiguftan, To blossom, blow.

هگفته shigufta, Blossomed, blown.

shigufta-khātir, Happy-minded. shigufta-rū, Of placid countenance.

shigifte, A wonder, an astonishing thing; — shigifti, Wonderful, admirable, astonishing; in a wonderful manner.

shigiftidan, To be amazed, as-

tonied.

هگوفه ehigufa, = هگوفه q.v.

shigifidan, To be astonished ; shigufidan, To bloom, to blossom.

shigil, A tether for a horse or a mule; a string tied round a sparrow's leg.

shugun (for shugun), An auspicious هكن

هگنی shugunī, A diviner, augur (see

shugwar, Sad, mourning.

shigūftan, To admire; to flourish, مگونتن

open, bud, expand as a flower.

shigūfa, A flower, blossom; shigūfa'i sari kūdak, A disease which causes the hair or eyelashes to drop off;shigufa kardan, To expand, blow, or flourish.

hugūla, A nut hard to crack. shugun, A good omen; augury,

presage.

هگرین shugūna, Inverted, topsy-turvy. shagūniyā, A diviner, augur.

shal, One who can take nothing in his bands, as being disjointed, paralytic, or stiff (see A. هل below); a kind of thin, coloured leather, used in lining boots, and in giving a finish to a saddle; the thigh of a man; name of a town in the district of Mūkān; [shali dast, Palsied in the hands;] -shil, A spear, javelin, halbert; trident, fizgig, harpoon; -shil, shul, A sort of quince; -shul, Soft, languid; loose; -shul kardan, To let loose, to let go (m.c.).

A مل shall (v.n.), Driving (camels); sewing, basting; drying (clothes); being

dried up, withered (the hand).

A " shalla' (fem. of ashall), A withered hand; (a woman) with a withered or paralytic hand.

A ملك shalaq, Impudent, seditious; flagellation; a stick, whip, scourge (construed with khwurdan and zadan).

A ملال shilal, Dispersed men.

walls shalayin, Disgustingly importunate.

shalpūy, Noise of feet in walking. a shiltāq, Injustice, violence; a dispute with one upon false grounds, accusation, litigation; a tumult.

shaltok, Rice still in the husk.

shaltok-kārī, Culture of rice هلتوك كارى (m.c).

shalta, A mixen, dunghill. ه ملجم shaljam, A turnip.

A shalkh, A round of musquetry, a discharge, volley, broadside; root, origin; race, stock; sperm; vulva.

shalakht, A kick on the backside. shalakhta, A kick on the backside.

a shalshal, (Rain or blood) which falls drop by drop; -shulshul, Having but little flesh, lean.

shal<u>gh</u>am, A turnip, rape.

shalgham-wa, Turnip-porridge. all shilgha (all shilfa), A corn or hayfork,

shalf, A strumpet; a frivolous fellow,

a rake: a river in Africa.

ahilfā, A corn or hay-fork.

هلفينة shalfina, هلفينة Vulva.

هلفية shalfiya, Vulva;—alfiya shalfiya, Name of a lascivious book.

a shalq, The stroke given by a scourge; discharge or report of a gun; a volley; a blow with a whip or scourge; coition; -shalq kardan, To discharge firearms, to fire a volley.

shilqat, (in Gilan) A gander (the goose being called sol ju qāzi māda).

هلك shalak, A young tree; discharge of a gun; - shalk, A leech; - shilk, Black viscous clay, in which the feet stick.

shalkā, A leech;—shilkā, Black and

adhesive mud.

هلكك shilkak, A drain ; a spout.

هلل ه shalal (v.n. of هل), Being withered (the hand); driving (camels); a spot in a garment which cannot be washed out; perishing.

shalal-gosh, A dog with long and هملّل كوش

shaggy ears.

shalm, A traveller's shoe; -shalam, A turnip; -shilim, shilm, The tears or gum of a tree; -shulum, Contention, quarrel, strife; an unjust and violent seizure; oppression, tyranny.

هلم shalam, shallam, Jerusalem.

ھلماب shilmāb, Barley-water; grated and boiled with a little water, sugar, or honey.

shalmāba, shalamāba, Turnip-water; هلمابة

boiled turnips.

shalmak, Name of a medicine. shalmīz, Fenugreek.

هلنج shilinj, A prayer-carpet.

هلنگ shalang, shiling, The thigh; the distance between the two feet; exercises made by runners previous to a journey or race of importance; -shalang zadan, To perform such exercises.

shalang-takhta, A kind of هلنگ اخته exercise of runners and wrestlers; a kind of somersault.

shalw (v.v.), Going away; lifting

up, carrying off; -shilw, A limb, member, joint of a slaughtered animal.

shilv, Stature of the body.

shalwār, shulwār, Inner breeches, drawers reaching to the feet (the outer breeches being called tumban); sailors' or travellers' trousers.

shalwār-band, Fastening of breeches.

هلو پيچ shulū-pech, A triangular thorn. ملوك shalūk, A leech.

shaluwān (unsupported by examples), shalūn, An animal of the jackal spe-

shulūhaj, هاوها shulūhak, A kind of thistle.

shala, A sentence of death by the law of retaliation;—shula, A dish called shula pilaw; the wood or coal-storehouse in baths;—shalla, An idol; a narrow way, defile; a strip of a garment; -shalla, shulla, A mixen, dunghill; --shulla, Vulva; a menstruous cloth.

هله کاه هله کاه shulla-qāh, A woman's pubes.

shalyāk, The constellation of the Lyre.

هليع ه shalī<u>kh</u>, Sound, noise.

shalīkhā, The companions of Jesus; a Christian.

shalīshā, Name of a medicine against paralysis and distortion of the mouth.

هليل $shal\bar{\imath}r$, = هليل q.v.

هليك هhalīk, Volley, discharge of firearms;—shalik numudan, To fire a salute (m.c.).

مليل shalīl, A red-and-white peach; a nectarine; -shalīli dū-raga, An apricot.

هليل ه shalīl, A garment wern under a coat of mail; also a short coat of mail under a larger; a cloth placed under the saddle of a camel; a course of water in a valley.

هايم shalīm, = هايم q.v.

sham, Terror, flight; the tail; deceit, fraud, trick; distance; imp. of shamīdan; (in comp.) terrified, astonished, fearing; disturbed, distracted; a subterraneous habitation; a house for the accommodation of travellers, a caravansera; a place for cattle; a nail; name of a wrestler; (for shawam) I am, or may be; (for S. kshama) rest, leisure, quiet;—shum, Rustic or travelling shoes, coarsely made of undressed leather, and fastened to the fect with straps; (for A..shūm) ill-luck.

هم ه shamm (v.n.), Smelling, scenting; having a fine nose; -shumm (pl. of ashamm),

High (mountains, &c.).

shamā, A pastile; naked; -shumā, Ye; you.

A مماثل shamatat (v.n. of همت , Rejoicing at another's misfortunes.

shamāj, Any trifle (as skin or

stone of grapes, thrown away when eat-

shamākh, A bandage for trussing the breasts; -shamākh, shammākh, Name of an Iranian wrestler; also of an Arabian

shamākhī, The chief town of Shir-

wān.

shimār, A kind of very hard wood, from which the handles of tools are made; fennel; — shumār, Number, numeration, reckoning, computation; an equal number; thereabouts; ten millions; a troop, crowd, multitude; like, resembling; friendship, love; an incurable wound; (in comp.) numbering, counting, numerous, as anjumshumār "numerous as the stars;" tasbīļ shumār "who counts his beads;" dīnār shumār "a money-counter, a banker (see ديبار أهمر) ;—rozi shumār, The day of reckoning, i.e. the last day; - 'askari mor-shumār, An army numerous as the ants.

shumārā, You, to you.

shumār-afrāz, A rosary. shumār-kār, Place of the last judgment.

shumār-gāh, A counting-house; place of the last judgment.

shumār-gīr, A numberer, accountant; cultivating friendship.

shumāranda, A teller, numberer.

shumāra, Number, computation; shumāra kardan (giriftan), To count.

shumāra-gāh, Place of the last هماره گاه judgment.

shumārī, Counting; a rosary.

هماريخ shamārīkh (pl. of shimrākh), Branches or clusters of dates.

shumārīdan, To number, count, هماريدن tell, calculate; to be counted.

shumārīda, Numbered, told. هماريدة

shammās, A Christian priest or هماس deacon; a shaveling; name of the man who first established fire-worship.

هماساس shamāsās, Name of a champion of Afrāsiyāb in his war against Nauzar; also of a champion of Siyawush.

shamāsiyān, Followers of the fireworshipper Shammās; Christian ministers,

shamātīt (pl. of shimtīt), Scattered companies; worn-out, tattered gar-

A shamātītan, Scatteredly.

A shammā', A maker of wax-candles; a wax-chandler.

هماغنده shamāghanda, Stinking, fetid ; a stinking woman.

هماغيدن shamāghīdan, To stink.

A ممال همال shamal, North (wind or quarter); -shimal, The left hand; a bad omen; the north (as lying on the left when looking towards the rising sun); north wind; disposition, nature, innate quality; virtue; good nature; a bag placed upon the dugs of cattle to prevent their being sucked; a sheath, cover; — aṣḥābi yamīn u shimāl, Those to the right and left, the elect and the damned;—bādi (nasīmi) shimāl, North wind, Boreas; biladi shimal, Northern regions or countries; —yadi shimāl, The left hand.

A shamāl-an, shimāl-an, Towards the north,

ممالات ه shimālāt (pl. of shimāl), Northern winds or regions.

a ممال رو shimāl-rū, Facing the north.

a همال كما shimāl-namā, Mariner's compass.

هماله shamāla, A candle; a kind of rice.

a همالي shamālī, Northern; a cold day; nūri shamālī, Aurora borealis.

a هماليه ehamāliya, Northern.

shimam (v.n. of ممام همام همام ه examining closely; -shammām, An odoriferous melon, of the bigness of a small colycynth, striped red, green, and yellow.

همامسة shamāmisat (pl. of shammās),

Christian priests or deacons.

a مامة shamāma, A perfumed pastile; a scent; naked; a musical pipe composed of unequal reeds; (met.) a general favourite; shamama'i 'ambar, A pastile perfumed with ambergris; —shamāma'i kāfūr, The sun; the moon; light; the day;—khāma'i mahabbat-shamama, A pen perfumed with triendship.

shamān, Groaning; weeping, sobbing; terrified; crazed; frantic or fainting from thirst; lamentation, loud and con-

tinued clamour; thirst.

ehamānīdan, To disturb, perplex, همانيدن confound; to deprive of sense; to be disturbed, perplexed, confounded; to lose one's senses; to fear; to pant from thirst.

shumāyān (pl. of shumā), You

ye.

همائل ه shamā'il, North winds or regions; (pl. of shimāl) virtues, talents, abilities of mind and body; dispositions; qualities; customs; left hands; [khujasta-shama'il Happy tempered;] — shimā'il, A young shoot; a rivulet; a small company of per-

a همائلي shamā'ilī, Natural.

همائم ه shamu'im (pl. of shamīmat), Odours, perfumes.

shampur-gar, Who compels another همپورگر

with violence to do a thing.

shampŭrī, Forcible, violent, compulsive, unnatural.

shammat, shamma, One odour, one همة م smell at; a sniff; (met.) a slight notion; a smattering; the least bit, an atom.

shamj, shammaj, A grotto, cavern. shamj (v.n.), Sewing with long stitches, basting; making haste; mixing.

A ** sham*kh (v.n.), Being high and

lofty; being proud, haughty; name of the father of a tribe.

A كامه shimāz, ممل shamz (v.n.), Being impregnated (a she-camel), and cocking her tail to give intimation of the same.

shomaz, White bread; pale lapis lazuli. shamr (v.n.), Walking with nicety, circumspection, or with a haughty air;shimar, Name of one of Yazid's generals, who slew Husain in the plains of Karbalā; hence vile, merciless, wicked;—shimirr, Great (misfortune).

shamar, A rivulet; a small tank or cistern; any hollow place where water collects and stagnates, in a rock, at the foot of a tree, &c.; a whirlpool; cream; shumur (imp. of shumurdan in comp.),

Numbering, counting, &c.

shimrākh, A branch or cluster of dates or grapes; the summit of a mountain; the upper part of a cloud; a white mark from the forehead of a horse to his

shumurdanidan (caus. of shumurdan), To cause to number, &c.

همردگی shumurdagi, Numeration.

shumurdan, To number, reckon, compute, count; to give; -bad shumardan, To consider bad, to disapprove of ;—barshumurdan, to commemorate, to mention; to curse (see also אָן מאקניט, p. 175) ;—furșat shumurdan, To find or regard a convenient opportunity.

shumurda, Numbered.

shumurish, Clearly, distinctly; supposing the case.

همريدي shamridan, To be terrified; to sigh or sob loudly; -shamaridan, To praise.

shams (v.n.), Being sun-shiny (the day); shewing enmity; the sun; a necklace; a fountain; name of an ancient idol; also of the father of a tribe, the latter being called 'abdu 'sh-shams; - shamsu 'ssaqalan (for saqalan), The sun of men and genii, i.e. Muhammad ;—shamsu 'd-dīn, Sun of the faith, proper name of a man; also name of a tribe; buyutu 'sh-shams, The signs of the zodiac.

همسا shamsā, (in Zand) Light; a ray. shimasdar, (in Zand and Pazand) Garlic.

a t ممس الدين لو shamsu'd dīn-lü, Belonging to the tribe Shamsuddin (m.c.).

a shamsa, An orange, citron; a round cake adorned with punctures; figures or pictures wrought in silk; little tassels affixed to a rosary; a vignette.

a همسية shamsī, fem. همسية shamsīyat, shamsiya, Solar; — hurufi shamsiya, The solar letters (for which see Grammar);tarīqi shamsīya, The ecliptic, sun's course.

a همسى قمرى shamsi-qamarī, A perquisite taken by the officers of government, being the difference between the pay for a lunar

and a solar month; a monthly period of three or four days, during which the female attendants in the women's apartments have leave of absence.

a معنی shamsīya, A parasol. همنی shumsh, An ingot of gold.

olima shimshād, shamshād, Any tall and upright tree; box-tree; marjoram; (met.) curly locks; a young beard; the graceful figure of a mistress;—shimshādi shamā'ilparast, A box-tree shaken by the north wind.

shimshād-bālā, Lofty as a box-

tree.

همشاد ولكت shimshād-rang, Box-tree like. a معناد قد shimshād-qad, Lofty as a box-tree.

shimshār, Box-sprig; mastich; cypress.

shimashdar, (in Zand) Garlic. همشدر

همشرا shamsharā, Mouse-ear (a fragrant plant).

shimashk, (in Zand and Pazand)

shumshūr, Name of a culinary plant

(in the dialect of Gilan).

shamsher (said to be derived from sham "claw," or "tail," and sher "a lion") shimshīr, A sword, scimiter, sabre; a blade; the light of the morning or of the sun; [shamshiri ab-dar, A bright or sharp sword;shamsher ākhtan, To brandish the sword;shamsher az niyam bar-awardan (kashidan), To draw the sword; -shamsher afgandan, To strike with the sword; -shamsher barāhekhtan, To brandish the sword; - shamsheri pahn, A broadsword; -- shamsher khwäbandan. To strike with the sword;—shamsher khwurdan, To be struck with the sword ;—shamsher dar baghl khwābīdan, To sleep with the sword under the arm, i.e. having taken every precaution; -shamsher dar miyan (dar niyam) kardan, To sheathe the sword; -shamsher zadan, To fight or strike with a sword; - shamshere sa'iqata'sīr, A sword penetrating like a thunderbolt; -shamsher 'alam kardan, To lift up or raise the sword; -- shamsher kashīdan, To draw a sabre;—shamsher gird āwardan, To wag the tail (said of a lion);—shamsheri goshtin, The sword of flesh, i.e. tongue;shamsher nihādan, To strike with the sword; ---shamsher hawā kardan, To draw, raise, or brandish the sword;— $d\bar{u}$ shamsher dar yakahilaf na-kanjad, One scabbard cannot hold two swords (said of anything impossible or incompatible with another);] shumshir (probably for هر همير q.v.), 'The lesser cardamom (the meaning "a small caravan," given by others, seems to have erroneously arisen by confounding the explanatory word gāqula, " cardamoms," with قائله gāfila, "caravan").

همشير باز shamsher-bāz, A sword-player. همشير بازي shamsher-bāzī, Sword-playing.

shan sher-bahādur (ironically), A useless, worthless fellow.

ون shamsher-zan, Striking with a sword; warlike, a gallant soldier.

shamsher-sūz, A sword-cutler. همشير سازي shamsher-sōzī, Sword-making. همشير سازي shamshergar, A sword-cutler.

A had shamt (v.n.), Mixing (two things);—shimt, shamat, Potherbs and spiceries put into victuals;—shamat (v.n.), Having hair black and grey; a mixture of black and white hairs.

sham' (v.n.), Playing, jesting;—shama', vulg. sham', Wax; a wax-candle, taper; any candle; a lamp; -sham'i ilāhī (divine candle), The Qur'an; the Muhammadan religion; sun and moon; -sham'i angūrī, Wine;—sham'i īrān, A burning candle (unsupported by examples); -sham' bar-afrokhtan (bar-kardan), To light a candle; -sham'i khamosh, An extinguished candle; -sham' khamosh kardan, To extinguish a candle; -sham'i raughan, A tallow candle; an oil lamp; -sham' zadan (sokhtan), To light a candle; - sham'i zarrīn-lagan, The sun; — sham'i sahar, Morning-beam or false dawn; — sham'i shab-afroz, The night-illuminating candle; —sham'i şabāḥ (ṣubḥī), The sun;—sham'i tirāz, A candle (i.e. beauty) of Tirāz (see ارطراز);—sham'i 'ālam-tāb (falak), The sun; —sham'i 'asal, Wax;—sham'i kūfūrī, A white wax candle;—sham'i kachī, A stearine candle; -sham' kushtan (gul kardan), To extinguish (a candle); -sham'i kushta (gul karda), An extinguished candle; -sham' gul shudan, sham' murdan, To be extinguished (a candle); — sham' gul shuda (murda), A candle that has gone out;sham'i muz'afar (haft charkh), The sun; sham' nishastan, To go out (a candle);sham'i yahudi-wash, Red wine.

a کا معمد sham'-būlā, Erect as a candlo. a همعدای sham'dān, Candlestick, chandelier.

a معج رو sham'-rū (خ, ruḥh). Having a countenance resplendent as the light of a candle.

a مبع ساز sham'-sāz, Candlemaker, chandler.

a والمستنام sham'istān, A place abounding with lighted candles.

a همع قد sham'-qad, Of a stature straight as a candle.

a والمسلم sham'-gīrān, The lighters and extinguishers of the candles, &c. in the houses of the great.

به المعون sham'ūn, Simon;—sham'ūnu'ş şafā, Simon Peter, Cephas.

a sham'i, Waxen; of, belonging to, a candle or taper; a dealer in wax; blackish

a همعی پیرهی sham'i-pīrahan, A kind of yellow wrapper.

sham'i-reng; Flame-colour. خمفت shamghand, A stinking woman; stinking, ill-flavoured; dirty (garment); filth; impurity.

shamghandan, Unseemly, stink-

ing.

shamghanda, Fetid, stinking; struck with fear.

وهنديدي sham<u>gh</u>andīdan, To be bad, fetid. ومعنده sham<u>gh</u>īdan, To smell disagreeably.

shamkūr, Name of a town near Ganja.
shamgīr, Name of a famous general.
shaml (v.n.), Comprehending, containing, surrounding on every side, covering; being universal, belonging to all; collecting, collection; exposing wine to the north wind to cool;—shamal, Conceiving from a stallion belonging to another herd; experiencing good or evil; a small quantity of anything.

shamal, A rustic shoe.

shamlakh, shamalkh, A turnip.

shamlagh, A turnip.

waistband, sometimes tucked into the folds, and sometimes left flying loose; a kind of shawl for throwing over the shoulders or wrapping about the head;—shumla, A meteor.

shimlīt, Fenugreek.

shamlid, همليد shamliz, Fenugreek;

a fragrant kind of flower.

shamam, shumam, A rustic shoe;—shumam, Flight, propensity to run away; distance, absence.

shamam, The summit or height of

a mountain.

shaman, An idolater; an idol.

shaman, Name of a village near Astarābād.

shamanān (pl. of shaman), Idolaters; one who pants from thirst or from running; a large bed or carpet.

shamand, Insensible; insensibility;

health, vigour; cry, lamentation.

astonished, amazed; terrified, stupefied, insensible; a giver, bestower; smelling.

shumāw, A being high; sublimity. خور ه shamākh, Extensive (waste);—shumākh (v.n. of خمرة), Being high and lofty; being proud; pride, haughtiness.

A معروس shumūs (pl. of shams), Suus.

A خومه shamū', Frolicsome, jesting (man

or woman);—shumū' (v.n. of), Playing, joking, being frolicsome; (pl. of sham') candles, wax-lights.

shamol, Composure, collectedness;

quiet, repose, rest.

shamūl, Cold wine; the north wind;—shumūl (v.n. of همل), Comprehending, containing; comprehension, comprisal; collecting; the whole, gross, aggre-

gate; veering to the left, turning to the north.

a همولت shumūliyat, = همولت q.v.;—ba-shumūliyat, Along with; with the aid of.

A pse shamum, Odorous, fragrant, scented.

shama, Milk which flows spontaneously from the udder;—shima, Cream;
—shima, shimma, The greasy parts of milk
or cheese;—shamma (from A. shammat),
Odour, perfume; nature, habit; custom,
mode, rite; a little; an atom, particle, the
smallest quantity (of perfume, &c.); a pinch
of snuff.

shamya, Heaven.

هميانة shamiyāna, A canopy, an awning (see هاميانه).

shamid, Astonished, amazed; stupe-

fied (with love, grief, or surprise).

shamidan, To be confounded, lose one's wits, dread, be terror-stricken; to weep aloud, to sob; to flee in terror, to shun from aversion; to smell; to gasp from thirst.

shamīda, Terrified, afraid; shunning with aversion; parched with thirst; panting from running or weeping; weeping, crying; amazed, stupefied; a furious lion; scented.

shimmīr, Diligent, alert, expeditious, expert (man); fleet, swift (camel).

shamīrān, Name of the governor of Shikin sent by Afrāsiyāb in aid of Pīrān.

shamīz, A sower;—shumīz, A field prepared for receiving seed.

sy shamisā, Light.

A hand, Mixed; the dawn (as a mixture of light and darkness), twilight; hi-coloured (a wolf); herbage dry and green mixed together; children, partly boys, partly girls.

هميلة shamilat, shamila, Natural dispo-

sition, innate good quality, talent.

همم shumim, A rustic shoe (see همم).

A همم shamim (v.n. of هم), Smelling, scenting; odour, perfume, scent; anything high, elevated;—guli 'ambar-shamim, A rose (or flower) fragrant as ambergris;—nesīmi 'abhar shamim, A jessamine-breathing gale.

a هميمه shamīma, Odour, smell, stink. همه shan, Amorous blandishments; hemp. A هم shann (v.n.), Pouring out gently;

sending forth troops in all directions; an old, dried up, leathern bottle.

shinā, Swimming; a swimmer, exercise of wrestlers (see شنو);—shinā kardan, To swim.

shināb, Swimming; a swimmer.

منا بر shinā-bar, A swimmer; nimble, active (sec خناور).

هنانيدن shinābīdan, To understand. A شناة shunāt (pl. of shānī), Haters.

a shanātir (pl. of shantarat, shuntarat), Fingers; ear-rings; — zū shanātir,

Name of a king of Yaman with an abnormal number of fingers,

shanāh, A raft constructed of inflated

leathern bottles.

shinākht, He knew; understanding, intellect; knowledge, acquaintance;—shinākhti yār, The knowledge of a friend.

هناختگان shinākhtagān, Acquaintances. هناختگان shinākhtagī, Knowledge, acquain-

tance, acquaintanceship.

shinākhtan, To know, to be acquainted with; to acknowledge; to discern, to distinguish; to inform, to make known, to define, to describe.

shinākhta, Known, understood.

shunar, The herb hyssop;—shanar, shinar, Swimming; a swimmer; shamefulness, disgrace, dishonour (see next article); unlucky, bad, inauspicious; the bottom of any piece of water; a port, harbour; a shallow in the sea or in a river surrounded by deep water, on which ships are liable to be wrecked; a young branch of a tree; a country laid waste and deserted.

همار ه shanār, Disgrace, infamy; any

shameful transaction.

shinaridan, To swim.

هناس shinas, Explanation, notification; (imp. of shinākhtan, in comp.), knowing, understanding.

shināsā, Comprehending, knowing. الله shināsā, Explanation, notifica-

tion.

هناساندن shināsāndan, هناساندن shināsānīdan (caus. of shinākhtan), To make known to, to tell about, to instruct (m.c.).

هناسائي shināsā'ī, Acquaintance, know-

ledge.

هناسندگان shināsandagān, The knowing

shināsi, Acquaintance, knowledge. هناسي و المنابع shināsidan, To understand, know.

A مناعة shanā'at (v.n. of مناعة), Being deformed, filthy, fetid, odious, shameful; filthiness; turpitude; abomination.

shināftan, To hear; to under-

stand.

A خاتی shanāq, Taking the zakāt for a number between two nisāb or legally-stated portions of taxable property (see كات and ;—shināq, Long, tall; the string fastening the mouth of a full leathern bottle.

shināgar, A swimmer.

A chashanān, Hated;—shinān (pl. of shann), Old leathern bottles; name of a valley in Syria;—shunān, Cold water; water dropping from a bottle;—shan'ān, shana'ān (v.n. of hat), Hating, hatred.

with shinān, Wild leck;—shunān, The herb alkali, and the ashes which are made from it, used for washing clothes (see

.(اهنان

منار shināv, Swimming; a swimmer; a shoal.

shināwar, A swimmer; nimble, active;—dilāwari shināwar, A bold swimmer.

shināwarī, Swimming, natation;—shināwarī kardan, To swim.

shināwish, Swimming, natation. هناوش

shināwidan, To swim.

shināh, Swimming; a swimmer.

shināy, Swimming.

shana'i' (pl. of shanī'at), Shameful actions, vices, crimes, villainies.

A مَداثَية shanā'iyat, shanā'iya, Hated, disliked (woman).

فناييدي shināyīdan, To hear.

shamb, A cupola, dome;—shambi ghāzan, Name of a building erected by Sultan Ghazan in Azarbajjān.

A sweet (the mouth or teeth); sharpness, freshness, or beauty of the teeth.

the stand of School of the second

هنبد shambid, Saturday. هنبليد shambalit. هنبليت

shambalīt, هنبايد shambalīd, Fenugreek; name of a flower.

هنبليدة shambalida, The scent of various flowers or fragrant plants.

منبليله shambalīla, Aمنبليله shambalīla, Fenugreek.

عنبوي shambūy, = هنبوي q.v., p. 730. هنبخ shamba. The neighing of a horse; roaring of a lion;—shambih, shamba, A day; Saturday;—yak-shambih, Sunday;—dū-shambih, Monday;—sih-shambih, si-shambih, Tuesday;—chahār-shambih, Wednesday;—panj-shambih, Thursday.

shambihī, The keeping of the Sabbath;—shambihī kardan, To keep a Sabbath,

to sabbatize.

هنت shanat, (in Zand and Pazand) A year.

منتان shinatān, (in Zand and Pāzand) Years.

shanj, Buttocks, thighs, hips, haunches; a promontory; Hard, stony, uneven ground;—shinj, Buttocks;—shunj, A shell for glazing.

shanaj (v.n.), Being wrinkled, shrivelled (skin).

a هنگار shinjār (from P. هنگار), Melilot; bugloss.

a هنځوك shanjarf (for P. هنځوك), Cinnaber, vermilion.

هنج عنج shanj ghanj, Buttocks, hips, haunches.

shanjūd, Wounded; a wound.

ביבינט shanjudan, To wound; to scratch. ביבינט shanjudan, To vex; to leap; to drop.

shand, The beak of a bird.

مندك shandaf, A military or musical drum.

shundila, Mallows.

مَونِهُ ehanzaba, Name of the bullock mentioned in the fable of Kalīla wa Dimna (Anwāri Suhailī).

shansh, A long hooked reed used by cotton-dressers.

shanash, A date whose kernel is هنش ه not yet hard,

هنشنة shinshinat, Nature, temper, disposition; custom, usage.

shan' (v.n.), Reviling, treating opprobriously;—shun' (v.n.), Detesting, abhorring, considering ugly or odious.

A data shun'at, Baseness, a horrid crime, ugliness, turpitude, brutality; disgrace.

ehunugh, A cow's horn. shunghar, A royal falcon.

shanf, Looking transversely or askance at anyone, either in admiration, surprise, or contempt :—shanf, shunf, A ring for the upper part of the ear (those in the lobe being called qurt);—shanaf (v.n.), Hating; disliking, disapproving.

shiniftan, To hear ;—shunuftan (vulg. for shinākhtan), To know, to be ac-

quainted with (m.c.).

ahanq (v.n.), Checking (a camel) هنى ه with a bridle till the back of his head touches the front of the saddle; fastening (the mouth of a full bottle); tying a horse or a camel to a tree, peg, or pole; -shanaq, The intermediate numbers between any given two, as between ten and forty (especially with regard to the proportion of cattle taxed by the Muhammadan law for pious uses, such intermediate numbers being taxed only for the lower amount); a partial mulct of expiation for homicide or wounding.

shungār, A falcon ;—shungār shudan (met.), To die;—shunqār kardan (met.), To

هنكرك shankrak, Amorously playful; a thief; an elephant's trunk; name of an Indian king.

shankzan, A worm which eats corn. هنكسة shankasa, Penis; a dunghill; a

هنكل shankal, A highway-robber; a sort of grain; -shankul, A robber, an assassin; name of a king of India who assisted Afrāsyāb.

shankala, The fringe of a pockethandkerchief or veil; a cluster; an ear of corn; dirty clothes; an impure place; a stable.

shankalīl, Ginger. ھنكليل

shankur, The whirl of a woman's spindle; a round piece of wood on the top of a tent-pole.

shankuk, A whirl fixed on a spindle. shankūl, Saucy, witty; beautiful;

a robber; an elephant's trunk.

shang, Beautiful, delicate, hand-some; amorously playful; lively, graceful; lazy; a thief, robber; a cheat, knave; pomp, pride, excess, exorbitancy; a cypress; the proboscis of an elephant; a cucumber kept for seed; -shing, A sort of pulse; a kind of cucumber; goats'-beard (a plant); name of a village; -shung, Name of a straight, smooth tree used for making awod

shingār, Melilot; bugloss.

shingan, Name of a country.

مبهنگام = shangāham, = هنگاهم, q.v., for which it is probably a misreading.

, هنگ مشنگ banqba-shang هنگ بشنگ

shangbīz, Date-wine; ginger. منگبير

هنگرف shangarf, Cinnabar, vermilion; a slug; -shangarfi zāwulī, Red lead; -shangarf zadan qalam-ra, To dip the pen into reď ink.

shangarf-kāri, Redness.

shangurk, A whirl on a spindle. ej هنگ shang-zan, A long worm destructive of sown grain, a slug.

ehang-māhī, A seal, a dolphin. هنگ ماهي هنگ و مشنگ shang-mashang, هنگ مشنگ shang u mashang, Names of two notorious robbers; a robber, a highwayman.

هنگول shangul, هنگول shangola, Beautiful, lovely; a thief, robber; an elephant's

trunk.

هنگویز shangwir. Date-wine. پرید shangwes, Date-wine. هنگه shanga, Penis; a menstruous cloth; a dunghill.

shingyar, A sort of cucumber. شنگیار

نگينة shangīna, A stick, staff, cudgel; a fuller's beetle; bar of a door.

shanal (१), A cloak (m.c.).

هدلك shanlak, An ear of corn; a bunch of grapes or dates.

shanlūk, A whirl on a spindle's top. هنايك shanlīk, A (military) salute, a volley (m.c.).

shanu, The cypress; the wild plum or cherry-tree; a tree of which arrows are made; -shinū, Practice or exercise of wrestlers; -shinav, shunav, Hearing, understanding,

shinawā, A hearer. هنوا

هلوار shanwar (for هلوار), Inner breeches. shinwanidan, shinawanidan, To cause to hear or understand.

shanwa'i, shinawa'i, Hearing, aus-

cultation.

shunād, He heard; a hearing.

shunūdan, shinūdan, To hear, to understand; to perceive; to snuff; to obey. shanūsa, هنوهه shanūsha, shinūsha,

Sneezing. هنوع ه shunū', Ugliness, foulness, shame-

fulness. هنون A منون shanūn, Neither fat nor lean.

shanūnitan, (in Zand and Pazānd) منوفتن To write.

shinwanda, shinawanda, A hearer, شنونده auditor.

shanuwa, Genoa. هنوه

هنويدن shinwidan, shinawidan, To hear; to smell.

for winnowing; neighing of horses; grunting of hogs, purring of a lion; noise; curse, malediction;—shanna, The neighing of a horse.

shanī, A salver of gold, silver, brass, or copper; name of a herb, of whose fibres ropes are made; the spear at the top of an ensign-staff or banner, a demi-lance, or javelin.

shanid, The beak or pounces of a bird; he heard; hearing, auscultation; the thing heard.

ه منيدي shanīdan (imp. shinar, shunar), To hear, listen, attend to; to obey; to make an assault; to smell; to perceive; to collect

shanīda, Heard; who has heard.

هنير shanīz, Ebony; a bow;—shunīz, Coriauder (see هاير).

Coriander (see هولير). هنيزه shanizha, Fringe on the edge of cloth

shanī'a, fem. هنيمة shanī'a, shanī'a, Base, shameful, odious, hateful, deformed, abominable, hideous, detestable, shocking, foul, scurrilous; adulterous; — akhbāri shanī'a, Disagreeable news;—shanī'at, A hideous action, crime, turpitude, &c.; adultery; prostitution; sodomy.

A هنين shanin, Drops of water or of tears; milk into which water is poured.

shav, $sh\bar{u}$ (imp. of $s\bar{h}udan$), Be, exist; be thou; (in comp.) being, existing;—shav (for shab), Night;— $sh\bar{u}$, Wash thou; washing; a husband;— $shust\ u\ sh\bar{u}\ kardan$, To wash.

hardness or blister in the hands or feet from too much work, or over-walking; filth on the body; a small vestibule; anise; (for A. shiwā') roast meat;—shauwā (for A. sho,), A roaster (of meat).

A أله shawāt, The skin of the head. هراة shawāt, shuwāt, A bustard; a kind of water-fowl.

هراد shawād, shuwād, A bustard ;—shuwād, Flame.

هوار shawār, shwwār, A bustard; a kind of water-fowl.

A مواره همره shawār (v.n. of مرور), Riding (a horse) backwards and forwards by way of showing him off to a buyer; household furniture; outfit (for a journey); dress; pudendum (of a woman); buttocks, anus (of a man).

A خوارب shawārib, The channels whereby liquids pass into the stomach; veins in the throat; (pl. of shārib) whiskers; mustachios

مُواْرِع shawāri' (pl. of shāri'), Highways; broadways, thoroughfares.

هواري ه shawāriq (pl. of shāriqat), Splenlours.

shiwāsh, Aniseed. هواش

sr عرامرا shawāṣarā, A kind of mugwort.

A مواطى shawāṭī (pl. of shāṭī), Riverbanks, shores.

shiwāz (v.n. 3 of خواكا), Abusing one another, calling one another bad names;—shiwāz, shuwāz, Flame without smoke, blaze.

_ A مواعل shawā'il (pl. of shā'il and shā'ilat),

Flaming, shining; flames.

a مراكل shawākil (pl. of shākilat), Roads, ways branching off from a main road; bylanes; modes, manners; forms, figures.

عوال shawāl, Coarse loose trousers; trade, craft, profession; a bustard; a kind of

water-fowl.

A خوالله shauwāl, The tenth Muhammadan month, beginning with the Bairam feast or break of the fast of Ramazān; name of a village near Marv.

هُوالك shawālak, A little bustard; a certain water-fowl with changing-coloured plu-

aage.

A خواصع shawāmikh (pl. of shāmikh), High mountains.

shawāmil (pl. of shāmil), (Things) comprehensive, &c.

shuwān, A shepherd.

A شواهد shawūhid (pl. of shāhid), Witnesses, evidences.

A مراهى shawāhiq (pl. of shāhiq), High mountains, &c.

A هواهين shawāhīn (pl. of shāhīn), Falcons. A موائب shawā'ib (pl. of shā'ibat), Impurities.

shawā'ī, Deafness.

shaub (v.n.), Mixing; a kind of pottage;—mā la-hu shaub-un wa-lā raub-un, He has neither pottage nor curdled milk, i.e. he is destitute of everything.

shob, A turban; a handkerchief,

napkin; (from shustan) washing.

شوبا shaubā, Gruel; weavers' glue.

ארט shobān, A shepherd, pastor, herdsman.

shūbaj, A rolling-pin.

shûburg (?), New or made wine. خودگ shobast, An incantation, fascination; a cure.

دریک shaubak, Name of a Syrian stronghold.

هُ مُرْبُوبِ shū'būb, A shower or sudden downpour of rain; the side of anything.

يرة shav-para (for shab-para), A bat. خو پرة shopast, = موبست q.v.

shūtan, Name of a man.

inpudent, shameless; whimsical, capricious, playful, mischievous; ready (with an answer), pert; beautiful, pleasing; a rob-

ber, highwayman; a hedgehog; hands or feet hard from work or walking; a tree which, when one branch is lopped off, throws out several new ones; [shokh bastan (giriftan), To become hard, callous, thick, and rough from labour (the hand);]—shūkh, Dirt, filth, impurity; pus, matter.

شوعانيدن shū<u>kh</u>ānīdan (caus. of shū<u>kh</u>īdan),

To make filthy, &c.

אָלָה יּלְּוֹכְּה sho<u>kh</u>-tarāzū, An impostor, a cheat.

sho<u>kh</u>-chashm, Impudent, wanton.

خون چشمی sho<u>kh</u>-chashmī, Impudence. خون چشمی sho<u>kh</u>-dīdagī, Barefacedness. خون دیدی sho<u>kh</u>-dāda, Impudent, wanton. خون دیدی sho<u>kh</u>-rang, Of a bright colour. برای sho<u>kh</u>-rū (جری rūy), Insolent, bold, daring.

שׁנָה נְּשְׁטֵ sho<u>kh</u>-zabān, Forward in speech,

pert.

ه موبط shaukhat, An ear of corn or millet; a cluster of dates.

a هرخ طبيعت sho<u>kh-t</u>abī'at, Naturally gay. sho<u>khg</u>in, Hard, callous;—shū<u>khg</u>in, A running sore.

يون گير shū<u>kh</u>-gīr, Sordid ; a coal-rake. موسكيس sho<u>kh</u>-gīn, Callous (hand or foot) ; a running sore.

shokh-gīnī, Hardness, callosity. هو علي shūkh-nāk, Sordid, nasty, filthy.

چې دري shū<u>kh</u>nak, Sordid, nasty, fifthy. خودري sho<u>kh</u>ūdan, To scratch; to assemble.

يوفي shokhi, Jollity, mirth, petulance, impudence; [shokhīt (for shokhī turā) nagīrad, Don't be cheeky (m.c.);—shokhī kardan, To joke, to make fun, to frolic (m.c.);—shūkhī, Filth, rust, rubbish.

ئوخىدى sho<u>kh</u>īdan, To be jovial, cheerful;—shū<u>kh</u>īdan, To be rusty, filthy; to flatter; to vex, plague, disgust; to hide; to make

baste.

هُوعَي كدة sho<u>kh</u>ī-kada, A place of enjoyment.

was made; a garment singed by fire; a little ant;—shiwid, Anise.

هودانيق shūdānīq, A woodpecker. هودر shūdar, A plant like the citron.

هروس shūdan, To be, become; to go, depart; to die; to cease, fail; to carry off, remove; to obliterate, erase.

. shūdī, Perfection, completion هودي

shaur (v.n.), Publishing, divulging; exhibiting (for sale); gathering (honey) from a hive.

shor, Salt, brackish; salsuginous ground; terror, flight; bad luck; commotion, agitation; a tumult; fluctuation (of water); troubled or dirty water; calamity; contest, contention, litigation; cry, noise, outcry; labour, exertion; a brazen trumpet; (imp. of shorīdan, in comp.) mixed, confounded; (in the sense of terror, &c., confounded;

strued with the verbs uftādan, afgandan, andākhtan, bar-āmadan, bar-āwardan, bar-khāstan, chakādan, and kardan;) [ba-shorāmadan, To feel fatigued;]—shawar, (in Zand and Pāzand) Full, satisfied.

هوراب shor-āb, Name of a city; and— هوراب shorāba, Salt, brackish water. هور اختر shor-a<u>kh</u>tar, Ill-starred, unlucky, unfortunate.

shor-angez, Tumult-exciting. شهر انگيز shor-angez, Sodition

shor-angezī, Sedition. هور انگيزي

ن الله الله shorānīdan, To cause to mix; to render muddy; to make mad; to give to wash.

** shorbā, Broth, soup, gruel; —shorbāyi ashk, Drink consisting of tears, the tears of the afflicted.

هور پشت shor-pusht, Quarrelsome, noisy. a خررة shoraj (for P. shora), A salt-marsh. خررتائي shūrtāgh, A kind of yellow wood; according to others, a yellow plant growing in sandy places.

هور چشم shor-chashm, Malignant-eyed. هور چشم shor-zamīn, Salt, barren land. هورستان shoristān (in poetry also هورستان shorisān), A marsh, salt-marsh.

a مور سلع shor-silah, A soldier ready-armed

for battle; the vanguard.

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هور هراها shor-sharr, هور هراها shor-sharabā, هور هواها shor-shaghab, Noise, tumult, disturbance, bustle, clamour.

a هور کالغ shor- $t\bar{a}li'$ هور کالغ q.v. shor-gaz, A kind of tamarisk (see فرد کر).

هر کیاه shor-giyāh, Salsuginous herbage. خورم shoram, A hill or mountain; ink; a quince.

هور و صور = ; shor-mor, Small ants هور و صور = q.v.

shorwā, Broth.

هور و عوضا shor u ghaughā, Tumult and riot.

مور و مور shor u mor, Weak, mean, vile, contemptible; unlucky; noise, tumult, confusion (see shorish morish under الهورث).

shora, Marshy, unfertile ground; a salt-marsh; nitrous earth; nitre, saltpetre; a bee's nest; baldness; a horse-market; white leprosy; flowing of water; humidity; a sort of quince; [shora bastani sar, The

head grows bald;—shora zadani jild, A chronic squamous inflanmation of the skin, pityriasis (med.);—shora'i qalamī, Saltpetre;]—shaura, Shame, modesty.

shora-pusht, Refractory, dis-

obedient.

ه موره بوم shora-būm, Salt, brackish (ground). ه هوره زار shora-zār, Brackish ground; saltworks, a saline.

shoragar, A saltpetre-manufac-

turer.

هوره کز shora-gaz, A kind of tamarisk. هوره کان shoranāk, Brackish, salt (land).

shori, A seller or maker of salt-

هُورِيلُ هُ shaurá, A certain marine plant ; shūrá, Counsel, consultation, deliberation, advice.

shorīyat, Salsuginousness.

هوريدكى shorīdagī, Confusion; love; madness.

غريدي shoridan, To be disturbed, perplexed, mixed, confounded; to grow mad, to play the fool; to wash; to perform or manage well:

هريده shorida, Disturbed; mixed; mad, frantic, desperately in love; faint, dejected;—shorida kardan, To madden; to

territy.

غت shorīda-bakht, Unfortunate; infamous.

shorīda-pusht, Refractory, restive, disobedient.

a ماريدة حال shorīda-ḥāl, Mad, distracted. a هوريدة عاطر shorīda-<u>kh</u>ātir, Dejected, sad.

موريدة رأى shorīda-damāgh هوريدة دماغ

shorīda-rāy, Mad, crazy. هريده هام shorīda-rāh, Strayed from the

right road; heretical.

shorīda-rang, Of impure colour;

rakish, disorderly.

אָנְאַלּ הְנְצְׁלֵּתְ shorīda-rozgār, Destitute, without means, helpless.

هوريدة رلك shorīda-zulf, With dishevelled

TOCKS.

ه سرويده سر shorīda-sar, Hare-brained, giddy; a qalandar monk.

خوريدة كار shorīda-kār, In deranged circumstances; whose affairs are in a muddle. a خوريدة كلام shorīda-kalām, Confused in one's speech, talking at random.

هريدة مغز shorīda-maghz, Mad, crazy,

muddle-headed.

אָנְגֵע shaurīz, shorīz, A field ready for receiving seed; a sower; name of a drug.

shūzha-gaz, A gore, خوژه کر shūzha-gaz, A gore,

A هوس shaus (v.n.), Rubbing of the teeth; chewing of anything used as a dentifrice;—shawas (v.n.), Looking askance (from pride or anger).

shosa, Causeway (m.c. from Fr.

chaussée).

هوش shaush, A branch cut from a vine;— —shāsh, Name of a city in Khūzistān.

A هوش shūsh, Bold men; name of a fort-ress near Mosul.

shushtar, The capital of Khuzistan. هرهتر shushak, A violin with a large belly, long neck, and four strings; a sort of partridge.

shūshmīr, Cardamom. هوهمير

shūshū, Millet.

shāsha, An ingot of gold or silver; chips, rubbish, filth; a heap of sand; a grave-stone, a tablet; a particle, part; gold or silver thread.

هرى ه shaus (v.n.), Erecting, fixing, planting; washing, cleaning; rubbing the teeth with the miswāk; rubbing with the hand; leaping in the womb (a fœtus); tooth-ache; gripes.

above the eyes; a swelling inside the ribs.

A shait, Chattering (m.c., see bla).

A ba shaut, One course or heat (in a race); one of the seven runs round the Ka'bah; a turn, a round;—shauti bāti, Light through a hole in the wall which appears to turn round;—shauti barāh, A jackal.

A & shaw' (v.n.), Being dishevelled (the hair);—shū', The tamarisk or its fruit;—shawa', Being dishevelled, coarse, and hard ("so as to resemble a thorny shrub").

shoph, Callousness of the hands and feet; filth on the body or garments; impudent, shameless.

shav-ghā, A fold, pen, stable for

cattle

هوغارة a shavghāba, = هوغارة q.v. (probably misreading).

هوغار shavghār, اهو غاره shav-ghāra, A fold for cattle ;—shūghār, Alum.

هُ مُ shav-ghāh (originally shab-gāh), A fold for cattle.

هده shogha, Blisters rising from hard work; a vine-branch (unsupported by examples).

موت shauf (v.n.), Polishing, furbishing; adorning (a woman); anointing with

pitch (a camel); a harrow.

A Act shauq (v.n.), Filling with desire; desire, yearning, love; affection, inclination, predilection; fancy; pleasure; curiosity; sympathy; construed with dādan, rekhtan, &c.;—shūq (pl. of ashwaq), Lovers; affectionately inclined.

ه خوی درست a shauq-durust, Sincere desire. ه خوی ذوی shauq-<u>z</u>auq, Pleasure, gratification

shauqī, Loving, amorous; cheerful. مَ مُوَّتِي shauqī, Loving, amorous; cheerful. مَ مُعَالِقُ shauqīya, The part of an epistle which follows the address, expressive of the writer's longing to see the addressee again, and generally composed in rhyme.

همان shauk (v.n.), Wounding; pricking,

piereing; walking over or falling amongst thorns; a thorn, thistle, prickly shrub; [shauki mubārak, Carduus benedictus;]shawik, Thorny; armed with pointed weapons, clad in armour.

shūk, (in Zand and Pazand) A mar-

ket-place.

هوكا shūkā, A roe-buck, deer (m.c.).

هوگار shav-kār (for هوگار), A night-robber. هوكا ه shaukat, One thorn; a sting (of a scorpion); a thorny plant; arms and their sharpness or edges; the brunt of the battlefield; a wound; an erysipelas; majesty, power, grandeur; dignity, pomp; -shaukatu 'l-ḥā'ik, A weaver's instrument used for making the surface of the texture even; -shaukatu 'l-'aqrab, The sting of the scorpion;—shaukati shāhāna, Imperial majesty. a هوکت مقرون shaukat-maqrūn, Imperial,

royal, glorious.

shaukarān, Hemlock, hellebore. shokak, هوكك shokal, Whirl of a spindle.

shūka, A mould in which ingots are cast.

shūg, Hemlock. هوگ

هوگاه shav- $g\bar{a}h$ (for shab- $g\bar{a}h$), A fold for cattle; evening.

shawagān (pl. of shawa), Reasons, causes, motives.

shūgūn, A good omen. هوگون

هول A مول shaul (v.n.), Elevating, raising, lifting (a stone or water-pot, or a camel her tail); being cocked (tail); light of weight; a small quantity of water (in a bucket or left in a bottle).

shol (imp. of sholidan), Behold, see, know thou; seeing, knowing; name of a

shaulān, A halter, noose, rope, lasso.

shaulat, The tail of a scorpion, or the cocked up part of it; two stars in the tail of the scorpion forming the 19th mansion of the moon; name of a woman notorious for stupidity.

shaulak, A bird that often changes هولك colour;—sholak, A swift horse; the horse of Isfandiyār; a whirl on the top of a

spindle.

sholman, (in Zand and Pazand) مولدن Hell.

shaula, A dunghill, place for rubbish; a place for drying dung for fuel in baths; a single fold of cloth; a meteor; uame of a lunar mansion (see A. هوله).

shūlī, Name of a dialect of the

Persian.

sholidan, To be distracted; to be undetermined, to have a thousand thoughts. Distracted; a ruined هوليدة sholida,

house; a stable. shu'm (v.n.), Being ominous; misfortune, ill-luck;—shām, Blacks; a miser, niggard; inauspicious, unfortunate, unlucky; disgraceful, vile.

shūmārmand, (in Zand) Weeping. هومال $sh\bar{u}$ - $m\bar{a}l$, Again; a machine for glazing clothes.

a هرم خت shūm-bakht, Unfortunate, wretched.

a موم تن shūm-tan, Ill-omened, cursed.

shomakh, Ill-omened, unauspicious هومخ (unsupported by examples); — shaumakh, shaumikh, shaumukh, shaumikh, Balm-gentle, citrago, parsley.

shūmiz, A field prepared for sowing. shūmistān, A fort in Turkistān. هومستان

a هرم طبع shūm-tab', Ill-tempered; niggardly, stingy.

a مرم قدم shūm-qadam, Unlucky foot, bad

a موم سوات shūm-mizāj, Stingy.

shūman, shūmin, (in Zand) Fore-

a هوسی shūmī, Misfortune; avarice, stinginess;—shūmī'i nafs, Badness of temper.

a مُومِيةُ shūmiyat, Stinginess, niggardli-

shaumīz, A farmer ;— هومير shūmīr, shūmīz, A field ploughed and ready for sowing; -shūmīz kardan, To plough.

هوسيزيدن shūmīzīdan, To till the ground. shūmīn, shomīn, Spinach.

shūn, Gores of shifts.

shūnbrūn, Shönbrunn near Vienna هولبرون

a shūnat, shūna, A corn-magazine. shawandān, Cause, هوندان shawandān, Cause reason, motive.

shawandā, A hearer, listener. هوندا هوندر shawandar, Beet-root; a carrot.

هولدة shawanda, Existing, what exists. shūnist, Incantation; remedy,

a هونۍ shauniq, and—

shaunik, A horse with white legs مونك and a black tail.

shu'nūz, Coriander-seed. هو "نوز

shūnīj, Ground prepared for sowing. هونيج shūnīz, Sesame; Coriander; pepper; land prepared for sowing; a farmer, an agriculturist.

ه مونيزية shūnīzīyat, The burial-place of pious men (sulaḥā'), in Baghdad; whence

probably-

shaunīzya, Name of a mosque. خونورية shu'ūn (pl. of shān), and---

shu'ūnāt (pl. of shu'ūn), Dignities, honours, &c. (m.c.).

shauh (v.n.), Being ugly (the countenance); length of neck; also shortness

of it. shawa, Cause, motive, subject, matter; -shawah (for shabah), Agate, jet, black

هماه shauhā' (fem. of ashwah), Uglyfaced; handsome, beautiful (woman); a well-paced horse, long-nosed and smallmouthed.

shauhar, A husband;—shauhar baafsun bastan, To tie up the cod-piece; shauhar burdan, To be married (a woman to a man); - shauhar (ba-shauhar) dadan, To give in marriage; -shauhar kardan, To marry, to get married (m.c.).

shauhar dar, A married woman. shauhar-kush. Who murders a موهر كش

husband.

shauhar-nā-rasīda, An un- خوهر نا رسيدة married woman.

shohira, Ploughed land; a vinearbour.

shühan, Sesame. عوهن

shauhir, Beholding, observation. هوهير

shūhīra, Ground prepared for sowing; a vine-prop.

shūhīn, Spinach. هوهيون

shūhīh, Ground prepared for sow-

shūy, A husband; (imp. of shustan) wash thou; (in comp.) washing; a washer;-shawi, A shirt, shift;—shiwi, Anise; a small vestibule; -shuwe, Starch, paste, size.

shūyānīdan, To cause to wash.

هويد shiwīt, هويد shiwīd, Anise. shawīdan, To become (= shudan, unsupported by examples).

a مويكة shuwaika'i ibrāhīm, Eryn-

gium, sea-holly.

shūy-dīda, A married woman; a widow (one who has seen a husband).

shawist, Dispersion, distraction. هويلا shuwīlā, Artemisia; a quince.

دويله shuwīla, A dunghill.

shūy-māl, One who starches هوى مال clothes in the loom; a machine for glazing clothes.

هويندگي shūyandagī, Washing;—shūyan-

dagi kardan, To wash; to baptize.

ه الله shūyanda, A washer; a baptizer, baptist.

هوية shūya, A wash, cosmetic lotion.

هوييدن shūyīdan, To wash.

& shah, A king, sovereign prince; check (at chess); a bridegroom; a prohibition; full, satiated; (in comp.) great, large, noble, as shah-zor "stout, gallant, strong, brave, heroic," shah-suwar "a good rider, a jockey, horse-breaker;" [shahi hajla, The sun ;-shahi khāwar, The sun ;-shahi dūpas, Lord of two watches, i.e. Muhammad; Adam; the heart; -shahi nīm-roz, Adam; Muhammad; Rustam; the heart; the sun;]—shih, Vestibule; yard;—shuh, Execration, reproaching with extended finger, spitting while rejecting with disdain, abhorring.

shahā, O king! Suitable, proper.

مهاب shahāb, Red juice from the flower of the plant kājīra.

مِيَابِ shahāb, Milk diluted with water;

-shihāb, A flame, a flashing fire; a firebrand; a bright star; a shooting star; a meteor; (met.) prompt, active, expeditious; —shihābi saqīb, A bright flame.

shahād, What is forbidden, unlawful

(unsupported by examples),

A مَادة shahadat (v.n. of ميد , Testifying, bearing witness to; evidence; a testimony, attestation, especially the Muhammadan declaration of faith, "There is only one God, and Muhammad is the apostle of God" (mostly used in the du. shahādatain, "the two testimonies"); martyrdom; what is witnessed by eyesight, visibility; -shahādat burdan, To produce in evidence (m.c.); -shahādati tā'īdī, Corroborative evidence; -shahadati tahrīrī, Documentary evidence; -shahādati huzūrī, Ocular evidence;—shahādat dādan, To give evidence (m.c.); shahādati durogh, False evidence; — shahādati dast-awezī, Written or documentary evidence :—shahādati sar-basta, Indubitable evidence; -- shahādati sahīha, Sound or truthful evidence;—shahādati zannī, Presumptive evidence; -- shahādat kardan, To give evidence, bear witness;—shahādati nā-ḥaqq, False evidence; - 'ālami shahādat, The visible world.

a بادت گاه shahādat-zàr, هیادت زار shahādat-gah, A place of martyrdom.

a مهادت نامه shahādat-nāma, A testimony

in writing.

A مهار shihar (v.n. 3 of مهر), Making a contract for a month (shahr)

nha shahārā, A cistern (unsupported by

examples); a mortar (see چاره). های shuhāq (v.n. of های), Making a murmuring noise in the throat, as an ass before braying; sighing, groaning, drawing the last breath; name of a mountain.

shihām (pl. of shahm), Bold, brave;

sagacious (men).

A شامة shahāmat (v.n. of هامة), Being ingenious; being bold, brave, courageous; being fleet and strong (horse); bravery, dauntless courage; ingenuity; quickness of parts.

shahāmet-andesh, Noble شهاست الديش

minded, generous.

غيانك shahāna, Royal; royally, kingly.

shuhayad, Very wicked, depraved

(doubtful word).

A به shahb (v.n. of بها), Changing a person's complexion (heat or cold); whiteness gaining predominance over blackness; a snow-capped mountain; -shuhb, Name of a place;—shahab, White predominating over black; ash-coloured;—shuhub (pl. of shihāb), Bright, sparkling stars; three days at the end of a month.

a مبيله shahbā', Ash-coloured, verging to white; a mule of an ash-colour, inclining to black; a stubborn, biting, kicking mule.

אַט אָם shah-bārā, Tower of a fortress;

ditch or most round a city or fortifica-

shah-baz, The noblest species of falcon; a noble, generous man; a brave soldier; an excellent youth;—shah-bāzi balandparwāz, A high-soaring falcon.

shah-bal, Longest feather in the

wing.

هُمْ عَالًا مُمْ shah-bālā, كلا مُمْ shah-bāla, The friend of the bridegroom.

shahbad, The leader of an army.

همبري shahbari, Amber. Amber. shah-balūt, A chesnut.

هېندر shah-bandar, A custom-house; a free port; the chief custom-house officer; head of the merchants.

shah-būy, Ambergris. هبيري

shah-bait, The last distich of the ghazal or Eastern ode; also of an epigram; -shah-baiti du'ā'i shāh, The conclusion of the prayer for the king.

shah-par, The longest feather in a

wing.

shah-pīl, Check by the castle (in chess).

shah-tar, The thickest string of a lute.

A مبترع shahtaraj, Fumitory.

shah-tūt, A blackberry; a mulberry.

ان shah-jan, The city of Marv.

shah-chāl, A term used at chess

when the king only can move.

A مهد shahā (pl. of shāhid), Witnesses, &c.; [shahd, shuhd, Honey; honey-comb; -shahdi (shuhdi) fā'iq, Pure honey;]-shuhhud (pl. of shāhid), Witnesses.

shahd-an, In the presence of, before عبدا a witness;—shuhada' (pl. of shahad), Witnesses; martyrs; — ta'rīkhu' sh-shuhadā', The æra of the matyrs, i.e. the persecutions of Diocletian.

a بأ عبد shahd-āba, ما عبد shahd-āba, Hydromel.

a هبد افتاده shahd-uftāda, Fallen into honey.

a ميد أمير shahd-āmez, Mingled with boney.

shahdan, Name of a place, or mountain.

a عهدائع shahdānaj (for P. shah-dāna),

Hemp-seed.

هبداند shah-dāna, Hemp-seed; a large pearl; the largest bead or grain in a rosary; mastic.

a ميد shahd-parwar, Reared with honey, i.e. delicate.

a جاد الله shahd-lab, With lips sweet as

honey, honey-lipped; sweet-spoken, elo-

shahdak, Pleasures sweet as honey. هه دو پاس shahi du pās, Lord of two watches, namely, Muhammad; the sun; Adam; the heart.

shah-diwar, A high wall surround همديوأر ing a palace; a royal wall.

shahr, A city, a town ;—shahri zanān, A city inhabited by women; -shahri napursān, A city where no justice prevails.

A مبر shahr (v.n.), Publishing abroad, blazoning forth; drawing or brandishing a sword; the moon, the new moon; a month (especially lunar); learned;—shahru's-sabr, The mouth of patience, i.e. Ramazan (as month of fasting);—shahri khuda, The month of God, i.e. Rajab.

shahr-ārāy, One whose office is to decorate a city on public and festive occasions; festive decoration of a city.

عبر آزاد shahr-āzād, هبر آزاد shahr-āzādiya,

Name of a city.

shahr-ashob, A disturber of (the tranquillity of) the city, a mistress; poetical praise or disparagement of the people of a town.

a هور امانتي shahr-amānatī, Prefecture of

a city (m.c.).

a همر آميني shahr-āmīnī, Prefect of the city (m.c.),

shahrān-gurāz, Name of a hero مران كراز or champion.

shah-rāh, The king's highway.

shahr-babaki, A kind of turquoise.

shahr-baz, The river Oxus.

shahr-bāsh, A citizen, townsman. هبر باهن shahr-banu-iram, Name of Gev's هبر بالوارم sister married to Rustam.

shahr ba-shahr, City by city. هبر بند shahr-band, City-walls; a prison;

a captive. shahr-panāh, Walls, fortifications, خبر بناة

defences, or entrenchments round a town. ه مارة ه shuhrat, shuhra (v.n. of مهرع shuhrat, ehuhra (v.n. of مهرع), Publishing; publicity; renown, fame, reputation; notoriety; rumour, report; -shuhrat dādan, To make public; to spread a rumour (m.c.);—shuhra'i āfāq ('ālam), Celebruted all over the world :- shuhra'i duroah, A false report;—shuhra'i shahr shud, It is spread over the city, it is town-talk; -ism u shuhrat, Name and surname; (shuhrat is also construed with shudan, kardan, &c.).

shahr-tāsh, A fellow-townsman, a هم تاهل fellow-citizen.

a هبرت گوین shuhrat-guzīn, Seeking fame.

a هورت يانته shuhrat-gir, هورت گير ehuhratyāfta (مانته مُده yāfta shuda), Who has obtained renown; celebrated, famous; what has become public or notorious.

 $k_{R} = shah - ru\underline{k}h\overline{a}$, A term used at chess. shahr-dār, A hunter, bird-catcher. shahr-rawā, Current coin.

shahr-zarin, Name of a city built مراز وريس by Solomon.

shahr-zor, A city near Babylon, built هبر زور by Zor, son of Zahhāk.

shahrzōrī, Native of Shahrzor,

surname of Shamsu 'd-din Muhammad, author of a History of Natural Philosophers.

shahr-sabz, Name of a city near هبر سبز

Samarqand.

shahristan, Fortifications round a هبرستان city; a large fortified city; -shahr-sitān, A conqueror of cities, a king.

a جري shahr-gharib, A stranger, tra-

veller.

shahrak, A little town, a townlet هراك (m.c.).

shah-raq, The great artery in the arm

ehahr-gardan, Led about in the city (as a criminal);—shahr-gardān kardan, To expose to public disapprobation (a misdeed or a criminal; see نشهير).

shahr-gushāy, هبر کشای shahr-gīr,

A taker of cities; a king.

shahrmand, Covetous, full of desire.

shahr-nāz, The sister of Jamshed. shah-rawa, Base money, for which a despotic king enforced currency in his

dominions (opp. to المهروا q.v.). shah-rūd, A mighty river; name of a river; also of a city; the thickest cord of a musical instrument; name of a mu-

sical instrument.

shah-rūz, A great river.

shah-roza, One who begs his ههروزة bread.

shahra (?), Name of the man whom Bahram Gur placed on the throne of Turan; - shah-rah, A royal road, main road ;-shuhra, see A. قيره

a ميرة بند shuhra-band, Attentive only to the surface of things, shallow; famous,

well-known.

shahrī, A citizen; name of an ancient Persian dialect; -shahr u shahrī, City and citizens.

a مرى shahri, Monthly.

איר און shahr-yar, (friend of the city) A potent monarch, emperor, king; the mayor and great men of a city;—shahr-yāri haft iqlīm, Sovereign of the seven climates, i.e. the sun.

هبر ياري shahr-yārī, Imperial, royal, princely; regal dignity; an empire, king-

a هبرية shahriyat, Peopling; population; township; extent of a city; urbanity, polite manners; (fem. of A. ههری) a monthly salary.

shahrīda, Disturbed, troubled, con-

fused; widened, flattened.

shahrīr, אינצע shahrīwar, Name of the eighth Persian month (August); the fourth day of every month, according to the era of Jalalu'ddin; name of a presiding angel.

shahrīwargān, Name of the

fourth day of the month.

shahriwari. Of or relating to August.

shah-zādagān (pl. of shah-zāda),

Kings' sons, princes.

shah-zāda, A king's son, a prince; a great-nephew.

shah-zūr, contraction هيرور shah-zūr, contraction of Ayelee q.v.

shah-suwār, A brave cavalier, intrepid hero, valiant champion; -shah-suwāri dashti arzan, Muhammad; — shah-suwāri faluk, The sun; -shah-suwari mizmari maghāzī, The champions and heroes of the field of battle;—tabaqa'i shah-suwaran, The equestrian order.

A days shuhqat (v.n.), Making a noise. shahkar, Sown land; deceit, wili-

A Je shahl, A lie;—shahal (v.n.), Having eyes of a darkish grey colour with a shade of red.

a la shahlā. A black eye inclined to red, and having a sly, deceitful, sinister look; a dark-grey-eved woman; --nargiei shahla, A dark-blue narcissus; (met.) an eye of the above description.

shahlān, Name of a mountain and

place.

shahlang, A rope-maker. ههلنګ shahla, A bat; very fat meat.

shahlīda, Disturbed, troubled, confused; pressed, flattened, widened.

shahm, Sagacious, of a penetrating mind; bold, audacious, brave.

shah-māt, Check-mate;—shah-māt shudan, To be check-mated; (met.) to be annihilated, utterly routed or oppressed.

shah-nāz, Name of a note in music. همنای shah-nāy, A clarion, hautbois.

shahand, Health, welfare.

هبنشه shahanshā, هبنشاه shahanshāh, هبنشا shahanshah, King of kings, -shahanshāhi falak, The sun.

. shahanshāhī, Regal, monarchical ههنشاهي shah-nishīn, A royal seat; a خينشيري palace; a gallery, balcony.

shah-nigār, Deception, imposition.

هانگانه shahangāna, Dew; hail. shihnau, A thin cake, a fritter.

همرات ه shahwāt, shahawāt (pl. of shahwat), Desires ;-shahwāti nafsānīya, Carnal appetites, lusts.

shahwār, Befitting a king; the most عبوار excellent thing of its kind; the most pre-

cious pearl; royal, imperial.

a هواني shahwānī, Sensual, libidinous, lecherous.

ه بوقه shahwat (v.n. of مبوة), Wishing, desiring; desire, appetite, lust; sensuality, lechery, lasciviousness, wantonness; -shahwati ghizā. Appetite.

shahwal-angez, Lust-exciting;

lascivious.

shahwat-parast, Slave to lust.

a جبوت پرستی shahwat-parasti, Sensuality, libertinism, debauchery.

a هيوسامند shahwatmand, Lustful.

a جبوتى shahwatī, Lustful, lewd, lascivious, wanton.

هبود shuhūd (v.n. of هبود هاود shuhūd (v.n. of هبود الم sent, being an eye-witness; Friday; the day of resurrection; (in Sufic language) the sight of God; (pl. of shahd and shāhid) witnesses, evidences, present at the fact;ahli shuhud, Eye-witnesses, those who were present or assistant at anything; alive.

shuhūr (pl. of shahr), Months;shuhuri ma'lumat, The four known or sacred months among the Muhammadans, muharram (1st), rajab (7th), $z\bar{u}'l$ -qa'dah (11th), and zū'l-hijjah (12th), some substituting shauwāl (10th) for rajab.

A مبوق ه shuhūq, A being high, raised up; altitude.

a هوى shahwá, A lascivious woman; shahwī, Sensual, libidinous, lustful.

shiha, The neighing of a horse.

shahī, Royal; royalty; the relationship of a son-in-law; happy, cheerful; a kind of sweetmeat.

a جہی shahi, Wishful, desirous; kind, affectionate; desirable, delicious;—at'ima'i shahiya, Exquisite viands.

هميد ه shohīd, shihīd, A witness; a martyr; -shahīd shudan, To be a martyr; shahīd kardan, To martyr.

shahid-an, As a martyr, by way

of martyrdom.

a ماهد زار shāhid-zār, ماهدستان shāhidistān, A place of martyrdom.

a هميدى shahīdi, A whoremonger.

shahīr, Celebrated, famous, notorious, well-known; -shahri shahīr, A famous city.

a هييرة shahīra, An old woman.

A مهدی shahīq (v.n. of ههدی), The last bray or drawing in of the voice of an ass , p. 611, زحير the first or sending out being where this meaning is to be added).

هيم ه shahīm, Prudent, ingenious, saga-

shahīn, Name of a city;—shihīn, Name of a musical instrument; trembling, palpitation; the gum of a tree.

هی shī, A corner (see هی).

shai' (v.n.), Wishing, willing, desiring; a thing, something, somewhat; object, matter, affair; an article;—shai'u 'Uāh, It is the thing or will of God; God willing, a form of salutation, especially amongst the dervishes; -shai'i muhaqqar, A small matter, a trifling thing; —yā shai'a, Exclamation of astonishment, somewhat like the English "I never!" or "You don't say so!"

ميابى shiyābī, A dram-weight; a loan. a shaiyad, An impostor, a hypocrite, a flatterer; an itinerant monk, a dervish.

shiyār, shayār, Ploughed ground; sowing; - shiyar kardan, To plough; -

shiyar gardīdan, To be ploughed.

shiyār (v.n. of هور), Exercising (a horse); riding him backwards and forwards by way of showing him off to a buyer; examining (a female slave offered for sale); Saturday.

shiyārānīdan (caus. of the following), To cause to plough, to have

ploughed, &c.

هياريدن shiyārīdan, To plough; to prepare the ground for sowing; to sow; to behold.

A مياطين shayātin (pl. of shaitān), Devils; demons.

هياع ه shiyā' (v.n. 3 of هياع ه shiyā' (v.n. 3 of (another), keeping close or adhering (to one); calling camels which lag behind; a shepherd's pipe, also its sound; -shiyā', shayā', Chips, fire-wood.

shiyaf, A fine collyrium or medicament for the eye; -also shiyafi talji, (in the language of Sodomites) Medicamentum e nive præparatum quod in anum sodomitæ

refrigerandi causa immittitur.

A dolan shi'āmat, = dola q.v.

shiyān, Dragon's blood ;—shiyān, shayan, A recompense, good or evil.

shiyani, Name of an ancient هياني coin.

هيب shaib, White hairs, hoariness: [shaibi shā'ib, Extreme hoariness;]—shīb, The thong of a whip; a strap; -shuyub (pl. of shā'ib), Grey-haired men.

ميب shīb, sheb, A descent, declivity; the lower part, base, foundation; the anus; the end of a whip-lash; a whip; under, below; wet ground made uneven and rugged by the trampling of men, and afterwards hardened by the influence of the sun; troubled in mind, distracted, bewildered; hasty, precipitate; weeping, lamentation from excessive grief; the whizzing of an arrow;—shībi balā, The world;—shīb u bālā, Heaven and earth; giving and taking; truth and falsehood; hot and cold; sodomy;—shīb-u-tīb, Astonished, confounded, insane:—shīb u farāz, Descent and ascent.

ه ميباه shaibā' (fem. of ashyab), Grey,

hoary (woman).

shībā, A viper; known, manifest, هيبا clear; gold.

shibā-zubān (zabān), Eloquent. shībān, Mixed, jumbled; trembling. هيبانية shaibānīyat, Name of a sect. هيبانية shibānīdan, To mix up meal in

water; to cause to tremble.

هيب يالا shīb-pālā, A skimmer of sweets. shība, The shooting of an arrow. a هيبه shaiba, Hoariness; old age. shībanda, Mixed; trembling. q.v. هيپور = ,shaibūr هيبور

shībīdan, To be mixed; to mix; to tremble, quake.

هينين shibin, Inferior; lower.

shaipūr, shīpūr, A fife, tube, or flute; a brazen trumpet with a large mouth used of old in battle;—shīpūr kashīdan, To sound a fife.

shipūr-zan, A هيپور دي shīpūrchī, هيپور چي fifer, a bugler (m.c.).

shaipūy, Noise made by the feet in walking; snoring.

shīt, Anise.

shaitara, Fumitory. هيترك shaitarak, هيترك shīg, Seth, son of Adam; name of هيث ه the founder of the Ka'bah.

shaih (v.n.), Striving, taking pains, being active ; -- shih, The wormwood of Pontus, which destroys worms; striped stuff of Yaman; diligent, active.

a ميع أرمني shīḥ-armanī, A species of wormseed.

shī<u>kh</u>, The sea-shore.

هم shaikh, A venerable old man; a man of fifty and upwards; a man of authority, a chief, prelate, prior, abbot, superior of the dervishes or Muhammadan monks; doctor learned in religion and law; preacher; a sheik; a kind of tree;—shaikhu'l-islām, The holder of highest religious authority in Islam, the Muhammadan pontiff, the chief muftī;—shaikhu'l-haram, The governor of Mecca;—shaikhi najdī, The devil; shaikh u shabb, Old and young.

هيخان ه shīkhān (pl. of shaikh), Old

men; doctors, &c.

shī<u>kh</u>āna, The corner of a house.

A shaikhat, An elderly woman; a white sand-hill in the country of the Banu Asad and Banu Hauzalah ;—shīkhat, shiyakhat (pl. of shaikh), Old men, &c.

shaikhūkhat, A growing old;

old age.

ه علي الله shai<u>kh</u>ūkhīyat, Old age.

a هيخى shaikhī, Boasting, bragging.

a هيخي باز shai<u>kh</u>ī-bāz, A boaster, braggart.

shaid, Deceit, fraud, hypocrisy;shed, The sun; light; clear, shining bright; fascination; shame, modesty; name of the son of Afrasyab; -shedi ahiraman, Infernal light; illusions.

ehaid (v.n.), Plastering (a wall) ;—

shīd, Plaster, mortar.

shaidā, Mad, insane, in love;—bulbuli shaida, The nightingale in love with the rose;—dili shaidā, A love-sick heart.

هيداب shīdāb, Name of the person who instituted the worship of earth, as others pay adoration to the element of fire.

shed-ārād, Body of the sphere of

Jupiter.

shaid-asb (سب asp), Name of the minister of king Thamnras.

shed-ispahbud, The holy spirit.

shīdān, A dining-table. a ميد اندود shīd-andūd, Plastered.

shīdāna, The jujube tree and fruit. ehaidā'ī, Insanity, distraction. هيدائي

خيدخ shīda<u>kh</u>, A restive horse; a stallion who keeps other horses away from his flock; a fleet horse; a grey horse.

shed-rang, Name of a philoso-

pher.

shaidasb, Name of a son of Gushd.v.). هيداسب =

هيدكي shīdikai, An overpowering or dis-

astrous light.

shedosh, The son of Gudarz, and

brother of Gev.

هيدة sheda, Bright, luminous; the sun: name of the son of Afrasyab; also of a philosopher and skilful architect, who built seven castles for Bahram Gur and was rewarded by him with the government of Amul; -shīda, A horse.

هيذر shezār, ميذير shezār, Name of God. هير sher, A lion; a tiger; the sign Leo; one of the twelve champions; the picture of a lion on tapestries, flags, &c.; (met.) a boaster, a braggart; a tap (m.c.); [sheri abī, An alligator;—sheri asiman, The sign Leo; -sheru 'l-bashar, Muhammad; -sheri barf (barfī, barfīn), The image of a lion formed of snow by children; -shīri pashmin, The image of a lion made of wool;sheri haji, A circumvallation; -sheri hauz, The image of a lion on a fountain, &c., through whose mouth the water runs; a tap; -sheri charkh, The constellation Leo; the sun ;—sheri khudā, Alī ;—sheri roz, Surname given to Bahrām Gūr; -sheri sipihr, The sign Leo; the sun;—sheri sangī, A stone lion on the tomb of a hero; -sheri sīstān, The hero Rustam;—sheri shādurwān, The figure of a lion painted upon a tent; -sheri sharza, A furious lion; Alī;--sheri sharza'i ghāb, The caliph Alī;—sheri falak, The sign Leo; the sun;—sheri fulūs, The image of a lion on the coins of Ispahan and Shīrāz;—sheri gardūn (marghzāri falak), The sign Leo; the sun;—sheri gunjishk, A rapacious bird of the kite species; -sheri magas, A spider; -sheri namad, The image of a lion made of felt; -hai sher-am (shīram), My valiant friend (m.c.);—sherāni pūlād-khāy, (iron-eating lions) Brave warriors; mettlesome horses;]—shīr, Milk;shīr az dandān hishtan, (met.) To suffer euvy ;—shīri ulāgh, Ass-milk ;—shīr burīdan ba, To wean a child and accustom it to other food;—shīri khām khwurdan, To be imprudent, careless, inattentive; — shir khwuranidan, To suckle;—shir khwurdan, To drink or suck milk; -ehīr dādan, To suckle; --shīri dairi qarāba, A kind of whitish-blue; -shir shudani moy, The hair grows white; — shīri shanjarf-gūn, Red wine; -shīri subh, The brightness of dawn;

—shīri māhī, The teeth of a fish;—shīri mādiyān, Mare's milk;—shīri murgh, shīri murgh u jāni ādam, Anything extraordinary or not in existence;—shīr u shakar barāmadan (būdam), To be thoroughly mixed;—shīr hishtan. To emit rays; to renounce a bounty;—az shīr bāz-kardan, To wean;—az shīr bāz-kardagī, Ablactation, weaning;—bā ham shīr u shakar bādan, To be thoroughly mixed; to be united in closest friendship;—pusare dar shīr, A suckling (m.c.).

غيرانه hārāba, Poppy, poppy-juice.

the birth-place of Sheikh Sādī, the author of the Gulistān, Bostān, &c., whence he is likewise called Shīrāzī; also of Hāfiz, and several other poets; curd strained and firm; a kind of cheese; a confection, electuary, preserved fruits, or pickles.

هبراز همراز shi'rāz, Curd strained from the whey and firm; a sort of cheese.

والم shīrā-zabān, Gentle, insinuating. مارازه shīrāza, Sewing, working button-holes, or the back of a book; bands (construed with the verbs az ham gashtan, az ham gusistan, bastan, rekhtan, sākhtan, firo rekhtan, and kardan).

هيرازة بستة shīrāza-basta, Bound (book). هيرازة بعد shīrāza-band, Stitched together, bound (a book).

هيرازة بندى shīrāza-bandī, Binding of a book.

هيرازة كش shārāza-kash, A book-binder. هيرازي shārāzī, Of the city of Shīrāz; surname of Sa'dī, Hāfiz and other poets.

هيراغ shīrāgh, Shade, curtain in palace or tent.

هير انگن sher-afgan, Overthrowing lions. ميراملع shīrāmulaj, P. هيراملع shīrāmula, The myrobolan fruit.

هم الداز sher-andāz, Strong, courageous; —shīr-andāz, A breast emitting milk spontaneously.

sher-andāzī, The over-throwing of lions; (met.) courage, bravery.

sher-andām, A youth with a broad chest and slender waist.

هيرانه sherāna, Lion-like, brave ;—shīrāna, A churn-stick.

shīr-āwar, Milk-giving, milch.

ون sher-avzan (عن) avzhan), Conqueror of lions; brave, bold, strong, courageous; name of a man.

هير إهيك shir-āhang, Melodious, singing sweetly.

هيراي shīrāy, Ebony.

shīr-bā, Meat or rice dressed with milk; curds eaten with fresh milk.

همر بان sher-bān, A lion-keeper, keeper in a zoological garden (m.c.).

هير برى shīr-boy, (Still) smelling of milk (lips of a youth).

sher-bacha, A lion's whelp.

هير بخش, shīrrba<u>kh</u>sh, هير بخشر shīrr-ba<u>kh</u>shīr, A yellow root growing in Hindustān and Kashmīr.

אין אלי shīr-birinj, Milk dressed with rice.

אבע אנגים shīr-burīda, A weanling.

w new shīr-bahā, (price of milk) A present to a wet-nurse; the portion and paraphernalia of a bride; what she takes to her husband's house.

shīr-pukht, Oil of sesame.

هير پنجهه sher-panja. A lion's claw; (met.) erysipelas; a boil in the back.

A type shiraj (for P. shira), Oil extracted from sesame, or rape-seed.

هبر جاصة shīr-jāma, A cup of milk; a nipple.

هير چنگ sher-chang, With the claws of a lion.

هير خالا sher-<u>kh</u>āna, A lion-house, a menagerie; — shīr-<u>kh</u>āna, A tavern, a wineshop.

shīr-khurmā, Dates and milk.

هبر خشت shīr-khisht, Manna (of Atra-phaxis spinosa); a kind of bread.

هير عشخاش shīr-<u>kh</u>ash<u>kh</u>āsh, Opium. shīr-<u>kh</u>ushk, A kind of manna. shīr-<u>kh</u>wār, A suckling.

هير خوارکي shīr-<u>kh</u>wāragī, Suckling. هير خواره shīr-<u>kh</u>wāra, A suckling-babe. هير خواره sher-<u>kh</u>wān, Name of a place in

Persia, whither Faridun brought the vanquished Zahhāk.

میر خوار همر هیر خور همر مورد همر مورد همر خورد هی همر خورد همر خورد هی shīr-khwurdanī, Milk diet. همر خورد هی shīr-khwurda, A suckling. همر خورد ه shīr-dār, Milch, giving milk.

sher-dagh, A short-sleeved garment open in front; a saddle-pillow.

همودان shīrdān, A milk-pan; ventricle of sheep or kid (stuffed with meat, and dressed); — shīrdān bar-gardānīdan, To hang bead-downwards;—shīrdān bar-gashtan, To be hung thus.

sher-dil, Lion-hearted; brave.

shīr-doshā, A milk-pail. هير دوهه

هَرُورَغُ shīr-dogh, New milk mixed with sour milk or meat.

shir-dih, A wet-nurse.

هير دهي shīr-dihī, A giving suck. هير ريز shīr-rez, Emitting milk.

هُمْرِ زَادَ ,shīr-zā, هُمْرِ زَادَ shīr-zād, Name of a fattening drng which gives an increase of milk; Lichen esculentum.

عير زبان shīr-zabān, Soft, gentle in speech. فير زبان shīr-zaj, Bats' milk.

همر زده shīr-zada, A sucking child nauseating the milk, and hence weak.

shīrzaq, Milk of a bat.

ون مهم sher-zan, A lioness (opp. to sher-nar); a lion-killer.

هُورُ وَمُ shir-zana, A churn; a churn-stick. معرور ورد sher-zor, Of lion strength (surname given to Bahrām Gūr).

bjr sherza, A rapacious beast; strength. sher-rahra, Strong or bold as a

sher-zhiyān, A furious lion; brave.

sheristan, A place where lions عيرستان abound; a forest, a desert.

sher-sag, A hare-hunting dog. هير سک

هير سوار sher-suwar, The sun. هير سوار sher-shikar, (lion-hunter) Fierce. shir-shakar, A kind of silk; affec-

a هير طاقي sher-tāqī, Matchless, unique; proud, arrogant; timid.

sher-qharān, A fierce lion; a war-

rior.

a ما sher-ghalt, A wrestling-trick.

. sher-fash, Lion-like هير فش

a هير قالب sher-qulāb, The iron buckle of a monk's belt, mostly in the shape of a lion.

sherak sākhtan (kardan), (to make one a little lion) To inspire with courage; -sherak shudan, To be emboldened, inspired with courage.

sher-kappī, An ape resembling a

lion and killed by Bahram Jubinah.

هير كش sher-kush, Lion-killing; a pigeon. هير كوك sher-kūk, The slough of a large

shīrkī, A Chinese animal, having a

yellow body and black mouth.

sher-gav, A bull. هير کاو

هبر کرم shīr-garm, Milk-warm, lukewarm. هير کرم shīr-giyā, Name of a milky herb.

shīr-giyāh, A species of milky هير كياة

grass.

-sher-gīrī, A cap هير کيري ,sher-gīr هير کير turer of lions; -shīr-gīr, Who takes or has taken milk; (met.) tipsy, half drunk; an instigator, exciter; persevering in business; name of the twenty-eighth day of the month.

a هير لعاب shīr-lu'āb, Honey.

shīram, Mixed, mingled (doubtful); -sher-am, My lion, my valiant friend (m.c., sher). هير sher هير

shīr-māl, Bread made with milk. shermān, (lion-like) Warlike.

sher-māhī, (lion-fish) A fish of هير ماهي whose bones they make knife-handles;shīr-māhī, (milk-fish) Name of a delicious fish with white scales.

shīr-māya, Rennet.

sher-mard, (lion-man) Bold, courageous, athletic; one who, by a course of severe discipline, has attained eminence in the divine life.

sher-mardan, Heroes; holy בא ביע בינוים

shīr-murgh, (milk-bird) The bat

(because it suckles its young).

sheri mast, A raging lion; brave, warlike; -shīr-mast, A fat lamb six months old.

shernāk, Abounding in lions (a هيرناك place); -shīrnāk, Full of milk, milch.

shīranj, A species of black root. sher-nama, Appearing like a lion. هير نما a.v. (unsupported by هيرنه shīrna, = هيرنه examples).

shīr-nay (shīri nay), Sugar-cane هير ني juice.

shīr-wā (for shīr-bā), Meat or rice هير وا dressed with milk; curds eaten with fresh

shīrwān, A country in Persia; name عيروان of a town.

a هيروانات shīrwānāt, The (places called) Shirwan (m.c.).

a هيرواني shīrwānī, Of or belonging to Shirwan.

shīr-u-sibakh, (milk and salt) هير و سبخ

Incongruous, contrary, opposite. shir-u-shakar, (milk and sugar) هير و هكر

A kind of silk cloth.

shīrūshilīm, Jerusalem. هيروهليم shīraughan, Oil of sesame.

همرونه shīrūna, An ulcer growing on the heads of children; a disease of the head or brain, madness; a disease amongst cattle.

sherüy, A son of Khusrau Parwez;

also name of several champions.

sheruya, Great, honourable, dignified; brave, valiant; name of the son of Khusrau; also of several champions.

هيره shīra, New wine; an intoxicating kind of drink; the expressed juice of any fruit except olives, syrup; oil of sesame; a tray with a leg to stand upon; maslock; name of an island; -shīra'i angūr, Wine, must;—shīra'i bādām, Almond emulsion;—shīra'i khurmā, Juice of dates;—shīra'i rawān, Thin juice; -shīra'i shakar (qand), Juice of sugar, molasses;—shira'i qandi ghalīz, Syrup;—shīra'i kāhu, Lettuce-juice. هيرة ريوند shīra-rewand, Gamboge.

angūr), New انگور) , shīra-sharāb

wine, must.

sherī, Lion-like; ferocity;—sherī kardan (namūdan), To display leonine

ferocity;—shīrī, Milky; part of a ship.
shīrīn, Milky, sweet; pleasant, gentle, gracious, affable; delicate; a sweetmeat or confection; an infant at the breast; name of a celebrated lady, the mistress of Farhād; -shīrin būdani khūn, Blood (shed in revenge) is sweet; -shīrīn shudani lab, shīrīn kardan lab-ra, To smile sweetly;shīrīn kardan bādām, To candy or crystallize almonds; -shīrīn kardan zamīn-rā, To ameliorate the ground; -ashki (nāni) shīrīn, (met.) Famine; —bāda'i shīrīn, Sweet wine; —shāhidi shīrīn-jamāl, A mistress resembling Shirin in beauty. (See also دهن).)

a ادا هجرين ادا shīrīn-adā, Singing sweetly;

speaking eloquently.

ahīrīn-bāf, A delicate kind of texture.

a שלינט אוט shīrīn-bayān, Liquorice.

a ميرين جمال shīrīn-jamāl, Beantiful like Shīrīn.

a هيرين حركات shīrīn-ḥarakāt, Moving gracefully.

هيرين عاتون هاتون هاتون عاتون عاتون هاتون عاتون عاتون amiable lady.

אריים אינים אילים shīrīn-khirām, Walking gracefully.

a معرون لايسم shirin-tabassum, With a sweet smile.

ه هيرين تكلم shīrīn-takallum, Sweet-spoken. هيرين تكلم shīrīn-dahan, Sweet-mouthed.

المان المان

هبرين زباني shīrīn-zabānī, Sweetness of speech; eloquence.

shīrīn-sukhun, Sweet-spoken.

a مرين هماكل shīrīn-shamā'il, Amiable.

a אַנְיַט שְנֵּק shīrīn-ṣarīr, Moving with a pleasing sound (a pen).

a منم shīrīn-sonom, (sweet idol) The beloved.

a مرين طبع shīrīn-tab', Sweet-tempered. ميرين فسانه shīrīn-fasāna, Who tells pleasant tales.

shīrīnak, Somewhat sweet, sweetish; a kind of eruption common to children.

کمرین کار shīrīn-kār, Of gentle manners; a maker of sweetmeats; an amusing companion; a buffoon.

אָנְיָט צוֹרָוּט shīrīn-kārān, Flatterers; of mild dispositions; makers and vendors of swectmeats; jugglers, buffoons.

a هيرين كلام shīrīn-kalām, and—

همرين كفتار shīrīn-guftār, Sweet-spoken, eloquent.

אַנְגָּט לֿעֿוּע shīrīn-guwār, Easy of digestion.

غيرين لب shīrīn-lab, Sweet-lipped; sweet-spoken, eloquent.

a معرين مقال shīrīn-maqāl, Sweet-spoken. هيرينه shīrīna, An eruption common to children; a disease incident to cattle; blight, mildew; a churn-stick.

sweetness; amiability; a sweetness, sweets; — shīrīnī'i khūn. The sweetness of revenge;—shīrīnī'i shambih, Sweets eaten on the beginning of the week to augur well for the remainder of it.

همز همز shēz, An Indian wood for making saucers; according to some, ebony; name of a tract in Azarbaijan.

shīz-rang, The milk or the excrements of the hat (doubtful)

ments of the bat (doubtful).

shīz-qūn. The jujube-tree an

هير كون shīz-gūn, The jujube-tree and fruit.

هيسلة shīsla, A good sign or omen (unsupported by examples).

shīsalhūrst, Chislehurst (m.c.). هيسلورست shīshāk, A yearling lamb; a fourstringed instrument. هيشالنک shīshālang, (in the dialect of Karmān) The wagtail.

ehīshat, Asperity of nature, heavi-

ness of disposition.

هيشك shīshak, A sheep a year old; a magpie; a small partridge; a four-stringed instrument.

ميشة shīshala, Weak, langid; paralytic; drunk; anything faded, ragged, or spoilt from age; a hole in silk or linen (from friction, contusion, the gnawing of mice, or moths); whatever is beaten or carded (as cotton, wool, or flax).

shīshum, Name of a musical instrument.

shīshū, A small kind of partridge; an animal resembling an ape; a descent,

declivity (this meaning doubtful). "swelling," هيشي shīsha (from T. هيشي, "swelling," on account of the bulging shape of a bottle), A glass, bottle, flask, phial, cup, caraff, decanter; glass; a looking-glass; a cuppingglass; urinal and its contents; the highest heaven ;-shisha bar sar (bar sari bazar) bastan, To divulge secrets; -shīsha bar sar kashidan, To quaff a cup to the dregs, or at one draught; to cover the head with a diver's bell; -shisha bar (dar) sang uftad (ayad), Life becomes troublesome: -shisha ba-sari sang zadan, To divulge secrets (the passive being expressed by amadan for zadan);—shīsha band kardan, To produce a whistling sound by blowing into the bent fingers; -shīsha'i ḥajjâm (ḥijāmat), A cupping-glass; -shīsha'i khūnāb, The sky; shīsha dar jigar shikastan, To render restless or unsteady;—shīsha-rā band zadan (paiwand kardan), (met.) To form a sincere friendship; -shīsha'i rauzan, A coloured glass window;—shīsha'i sā'at, An hour-glass;—shīsha'i 'aks, A (photographic) negative (m.c.); -shīsha'i 'aks andākhtan, To take such (m.c.);—shīsha'i gul-zār, A glass globe or covering to protect artificial flowers, &c., from the dust;—shīsha'i māh, The moon; the sky;—ātishī-shīsha, A burn-

shīsha-bāz, A player at cups and هيشة باز

balls; an impostor; the sun.

ing-glass.

هيشه بازي shīsha-bāzī, Jugglery with cups and balls.

هيشه با فرزان shīsha bā farzān, White.

هُوَمُ مُورِيًّا shisha ba-rāh, Preventing, screening.

with a heart transparent as glass, pure-minded; of a gentle disposition.

هام منه shisha-<u>kh</u>āna, A palace, house, or apartment decorated with mirrors; a glass house, a crystal palace.

shīsha-rang, Glass-coloured هيشه رنگ

(sky). هيشة زار shisha-zar, A place over-strewn

ار shisha-zār, A place over-strewn with fragments of glass.

shīsha-sāz, A glass-blower. هيشة ساز همشه همشه shīsha shīsha, Flask after flask.

shīshagar, A glass-blower. هيشهگر shīshagar-khāna, A glassblower's workshop, a glass-manufactory.

هيشة كردان shīsha-gardān, A juggler, cheat. shīsha-gardan, Silly, stupid. هيشه گردن a معلم shīsha-maḥal, A glazed palace.

a ميكة نياسه shīsha-nabāt, A glass vessel for crystallizing sugar.

shīshīk, A kind of small par-

tridge.

هيم ها shīṣ, A kind of very bad sour date (such as is produced when the flowers of the male palm-tree have not been sprinkled over the female); a date whose stone has not yet grown hard; a kind of fish; tooth-ache; gripes;—abū 'sh-shīs, Name

of a poet of the tribe Khuzā'ah.

هيط shait, هيط shaitūlat (v.n. of هيط ه Being burnt up, or absorbed in cooking (butter or oil); having the burnt parts of victuals sticking to it (a pot); perishing; being distributed entirely (a slaughtered camel); mixing bloods, i.e. killing a homicide in the act of murder; remaining un-

avenged (murder).

A والمهمة shaitan, Satan, the devil; a demon, deuce; proud, stubborn, perverse (demon, man, animal); a serpent of a hideous appearance; a mark branded on a camel along the thigh; - chaitanu 't-taq, Surname given to Muhammad bin Nu'mān by the Sunnites, from the fortress Taq, in Tabaristan, where he lived, while the Imamiyah sect, to which he belonged, call him mu'minu 't-taq; -shaitanu 'l-fala, Demon of the desert, i.e. thirst; -shaitāni mujassam, A devil incarnate;—rausu 'shshayāṭīn, Name of a plant.

a ميطانت كارى shaitānat ميطانت shaitānat-

kārī, Devilry (m.c.).

a ميطان خيال shaitān-khiyāl, Satanic, diabolical; diabolic thought.

a ميطان طائر shaiṭān-ṭā'ir, The devil's bird,

i.e. the bat, or the owl. a ميطان کش shaitān-kush, A destroyer of

demons.

a ميطانى shaitānī, Diabolical, devilish;shaitānī shudan, To dream; to be polluted; -shaitānī kardan, To cause to dream; to pollute.

a هيطانيه shaiṭānīya, Diabolical malice; a

war-engine.

shītarakh, An In- هيطري ه dian medicine very acrid and caustic, fumitory; name of a Turanian champion.

shaitara, Fumitory. هيطرة

هيطنة A shaitanat (v.n. of هيطنة), Being proud, obstinate, satanic, devilish; diabolism, diabolical pride or malignity; devilry. .v. ميط shaitūtat, = هيطوطة م

shai' (v.n.), Being divulged, published; quantity, space, measure; what follows anything; a follower; a lion's

whelp.

shai'at, A certain tree from which ميعة bees cull honey, and with which clothes are perfumed; -shī'at, shī'a, A multitude following one another in pursuit of the same object; particularly applied to the partisans of 'Ali and his sons, the Shi'ah sect, the Shiftes.

a هيڪي $sh\tilde{\imath}'\tilde{\imath}$, Belonging or referring to the Shī'ah sect.

sheftagi, Astonishment, loss of هيفتگي one's senses; greediness.

sheftan, To become insane or dis-

tracted with love.

shefta, Mad, enamoured; strongly inclined; astonished; -shefta'i kase būdan, To be in love with.

shefta-rang, An apricot, a هيفته رنگ smooth peach; a kind of sweet white carrot, a parsnip, skirret.

a ميفته مال shefta-hal, In a state of bewilderment; all of a flutter.

shefta-dil, With an enamoured هيفته دل

هيق ه shīq, A mountain; a high and inaccessible part of it; the edge or border of anything, a side; hair of a horse's tail; a kind of fish; name of a place; -shaiyiq, Full of desire, libidinous, lecherous.

shīqūmūrī (G. συκομόρος), The

sycamore.

shaiqa, A kind of boat or vessel. shīk, A paralyzed hand or foot; languid, inert.

shaikurān, A species of hemlock. shigar, An order to work for nothing.

shil, Fishery (m.c.).

همات shīlāt (pl. of the preceding),

Fisheries (m.c.).

هيلان shelān, A royal table or entertainment; a dinner-table or carpet; the jujube; Growing corn; a place luxuriant in green herbs;—shelān kashīdan, To spread the dinner-carpet.

ميلانه shelāna, The jujube.

shīlak, The mouth of a musket.

a ميلم shailam, Tares or darnel (which if eaten in bread cause a slight intoxication). shailūna, A tortoise.

هيله shīla, Rice-soup; wormwood.

H ميله shela, A kind of cloth (see ميله).

shaim (v.n.), Putting (one thing into another, especially a sword) into the sheath; drawing a sword; watching a thunder-cloud in expectation of rain; shīm, A kind of fish (see the following article); -shayam, Soil never yet dug, remaining in its original state of hardness, virgin soil; -shiyam (pl. of shimat), Natural dispositions; manners, habit; — jalīlu 'ch-shiyam Of good natural parts, highly endowed; - hatim-shiyam, With qualities

like Hātim's, most generous (see حاتم p. 406).

shīm, A small, spotted, scaly fish; the fish which swallowed Jonah; name of a river abounding in this fish; an honorific title (sir, your worship, &c.).

ميماي بيشه shīmāy bīsha, Name given by the inhabitants of Amul to the forest

Tammesha (see تميشة , p. 325).

shema, A kind of grape.

A مين shain (v.n.), Disgracing, dishonouring, degrading; dishonour; disfigurement, blemish;—shin, Name of the letter غ, in the abjad = 300.

هين shīn, A man addicted much to venery; (for nishīn) sit down.

shīnā, Swimming, natation, هينا

ميناب shīnāb, Labour, study; swimming. مين خيار shīn-khiyār, a large cucumber kept for seed.

هينة shīnu, A kind of pipe.

هين ځيار $sh\bar{i}n$ -giy $\bar{a}r$, هين کيار q.v. a هينيو $shain\bar{\imath}z$, Coriander-seed.

shev, A declivity; base, foundation; below, under; humble, low; a valley; ricesoup; a bow.

shevā, Eloquent.

هيواد shīwād, A kind of water-fowl. هيوا زبان shevā-zabān, Eloquent-tongued.

المرزي shewan, Mixed, jumbled; trem-

bling.

هيواليدن shīwānīdan, To mix; to steep flour in water, to knead; to cause to tremble.

A \$\delta_shuy\bar{u}\text{kh}, shiy\bar{u}\text{kh} \text{ (pl. of \$shaikh}), Aged men.

ahuyū<u>kh</u>ĩyat, Old age. شيوخية

هيوهم shuyūsha, An ingot of gold; the stalk of a cucumber.

shayū', Firewood ;—shuyū' (v.n. of

همج), Publishing; publicity, &c.

a هيوعى shuyū'ī, Publicity; general use (m.c.);—shuyū'ī dāshtan, To be in general use (m.c.).

shevan, Lamentation (construed with the verbs āmadan, bar-dāshtan, kardan, kushidan and giriftan); a spear.

A هندون shu'ān, shuyān (pl. of shān), Ranks, dignities (= هرون q.v.).

هرون کن shīwan-kun, Lamenting, making

lamentation (m.c.).

shīwanda, Mixed; tremulous.

blandishments, coquetry, feigned disdain, or playfulness of lovers; the graceful movements of a lovely girl; an air of elegance; beautiful, delicate, tender; a habit, custom, natural disposition; a manner of living or acting; skill, perfection; business, trade, profession, art; acquisition; a sect; apparatus.

shewa-bāz (construed with the verbs bar rūy ham shikastan, dādan, dāshtan, sipurdan, tapīdan, kardan and giriftan), A lover, a male or female coquet, playing off all the pretty arts of love.

shewa-dar, An artist, a craftsman ;

a tradesman; expert, clever.

ي sheva-zabān, Sweetly-spoken; eloquent.

هيوة $shewa-k\bar{a}r$, هيوة shewagar, هيوة q.v.

shewagarī, Amorous blandishments, coquetry, playfulness of lovers.

هيوه باز = shewamand, = شيوه مند q.v.

هيوة مندى shewamandī, = هيوة مندى q.v. هيودك shīwīdan, To be mixed; to mix, to tremble, quake (see هيميد).

shewina, Sloping, slanting.

هيم shaih, shiya, The neighing of a horse (see هيم); sound, voice (see هيم).

a & shiya, A mark; a colour different from that of the rest of the body.

A شيه shaih (v.n. of هيه for شيه , Accusing, reproaching, treating opprobriously.

shīha, Neighing of a horse.

هميدن shayīdan, To arm or equip oneself. A مُعيدُ shī'at, Will, wish, desire.

A هييى shuyay' (dim. of shai), A little thing.

ص

The seventeenth letter of the Arabic-Persian alphabet, called sādi ghair manqāṭa, sādi muhmala, undotted ṣād, expresses in arithmetic 90, and is the abbreviation for safar, the second Muhammadan month, and for ṣādiq "true, genuine," &c. (see ṣād kardan under هـ). It seldom occurs in words not derived from the Arabic, and is interchangeable with هـ, ت, , , , , and ٤. The power of هـ ṣād is that of s pronunced with a thick, dull, hollow sound from the roof of the mouth, not easily to be described.

sūb, A certain bitter tree, the colocynth; the milk-like juice of a bitter tree; (in the dialect of Isfahān) an apple.

ماب sābb. One who pours out, a pourer, diffuser.

a مابه sābir, Patient;—abū sābir, Salt; hamāl u sābir, Forbearing and patient. a مابوي sabirī, Patience.

sābāta, An old woman, or mare.

A שוּנָט ṣābūn, Soap;--ṣābūn zadan, To wash with soap;--ṣābūni kase ba-kase rasad (met.), One is hit by another (in fighting).

a אונט בואה ṣābūn-khāna, A soap manu-

factory.

a مابولى ṣābūnī, A mixture of almonds, honey, and sesame oil; a maker or seller of

soap (m.c.).

sabī'at, ṣābī'a, An مابيئة sabī'at, ṣābī'a, An idolater, who changes his religion, pagan, Sabean; — $\vec{a}'ini \ s\vec{a}b\vec{i}'a$, The rite of the Sabeans.

بة بقيمة şāchma, Small shot.

A مام sāh (for ماخب sāhib), A friend. A مام sāhib, Enjoying, possessed of, or endowed with; a companion, a friend; (in India) a title of courtesy, equivalent to Mr. and Sir; - sāhibi ikhtiyār, Possessed of free election or option; preeminent;—sāhibi akhlāq, Polite, courteous, well-conducted;—sāhibi i'tibār. Esteemed, enjoying reputation; -sāhibi aghrāz, Factious, who excites sedition or rebellion;sāhibi afsar, Emperor, king; - sāhibi afsari gardūn, Jesus Christ;—sāhibi igbāl, Fortunate, prosperous;—sāhibi iqtidār, Potent, possessed of power; -sāhibi imzā, Prime-minister, secretary of state;—sāhibi ihtimām, A prudent manager; — sāḥibi barīd, A post-master;—ṣāḥibi band-u-bast, A settlement officer; -sāhibi tāb u tuwān, Powerful; - sānibi tāj, A crowned head; the sun; — sāhibi tāj-u-takht, Possessor of crown and throne; -sahibi takht, Possessor of the throne; a king; - ṣāḥibi tadbir, A prudent counsellor; a diplomatist; - sāhibi taşarruf, Adroit, skilful; sāhibi tamkanat, Possessed of dignity;sāhibi tamyīz (tamīz), A man of discernment;—sāhibi jāydād, A possessor of property; a landholder; a householder;—sāhibi jamāl, Beautiful, handsome;—sāhibi jauzā, The planet Mercury; -sāhibi-jaish, General, leader of an army; - sahibi-hāl, (in Gram.) the person to whom an adverbial expression or sentence refers :-- sāhibi hal (hal-u-qal), Well-informed; intelligent, polite; -- sāḥibi ḥaqq, Rightful owner; -- ṣāhibi hūt (Lord of the fish), Jonah; - şāhibi khātirān. Poets; orators; jocular;—sāhibi khāna, Master of the house;—sāhibi khabar, A chamberlain, a lord in waiting; an ambassador; a news-master, an official informant (mod. mukhbir); - şāḥibi khatarān, Kings, princes, or other illustrious personages; - sāhibi dīwān, Superintendant of the finances; a registrar (m.c.); the author of a set of odes;—sāhibi rāz, A confidant;— sāhibi rāy, A vazīr;—sāhibi risāla, Lord of the embassy, i.e. Muhammad ; - ṣāḥibi rasad, Name of a celebrated astronomer; sāhibi riwāyat, An able story-teller; - sāhibi raiy, Avicenna;—sāhibi-zamān, Lord of the age; - sāḥibi sarir, A king; - ṣāḥibi sa'ādāt, Fortunate, auspicious; a prince; sāhibi safarāni aflāk, Sun, moon, and planets;—sāhibi sikka 'u khutba, A king, an absolute sovereign (who has the right of coining money, and for whom public

prayers are offered up in the mosques);-sāhibi sang, A man of gravity, power, or dignity; a slanderer, backbiter; -sāhibi sūdad, Lord of dominion, one in command; —sāḥibi shukoh, Grave, dignified, majestic; -sāhibi sābī, Jesus Christ; name of the person who instituted the worship of the stars;—sāhibi siffin, The caliph Aliy;—sāhibi tab', A man of discernment, genius, taste; - sāḥibi zūhur, Illustrious; a hero; ṣāḥibi 'adālat, An administrator of justice; -ṣāḥibi 'adl, A just man ;—ṣāḥibi 'irfān, Intelligent, wise; -sahibi 'asa', Lord of the staff, i.e. Moses; -sāḥibi 'aṭā u ni'am, Munificent;—sāhibi 'amūd, Lord of the column, i.e. Simeon Stilites;—sāhibi 'unwān, Excellent, supreme;—sāhibi 'iyār, Shrewd, sly; -- sāhibi 'aini dabrān, The constellation Taurus;—şāḥibi gharaz, Designing, selfish, interested : -sāhibi firāsat, Sagacious, a physiognomist; -- sāhibi firāsh, Bedridden;—sāhibi faşli'l khitāb, King David; —sāhibi fil, Lord of the elephant, name of Abrahah, forty-sixth king of Yaman;sāhibi qabāl, Agreeable, a willing receiver :sāhibi qismat, Fortunate, prosperous;sāhibi kitāb, Instructed in the Scriptures; a scripturist; an author; - sāhibi karāmat, Endowed with miraculous power; -sāhibi karam, Beneficent ;--sāhibi kamāl, Perfect, excellent; -- sāḥibi māl, Wealthy; -- sāḥibi majd, Glorious; — sāhibi mahalla, The head man of a ward; -sahibi makhbar, Renowned;—sāhibi maqām, Exalted in dignity;—sāhibi maqdūr, A man of means; a solvent debtor; -sāhibi-nār, Doomed to the fire; -sahibi namus, A law-giver; sāhibi naṣīb, Lucky, fortunate;—ṣāhib nazar, Clear-sighted; pious; — sāhibi wujūd, Powerful, potent; — sāhibi wuqūf, Experienced; privy, acquainted;—sāhibi wilāyat, A holy man, a saint;—sāhibi hunar, Skilful; -sāhibi yadi (kafi) baizā, Lord of the white hand, i.e. Moses.

a عاحب درد sahib-dard, Pained, grieved. a ماحب دل ṣāhib-dil, Courageous; a man

of piety.

a ماحب دولت ṣāḥib-daulat, Wealthy; a mighty lord.

family; a young gentleman.

a ماحب سلامت sāḥib-salāmat, A bowing

acquaintance; intimacy. a ماحب سليقه ṣāḥib-salīqa, A man of good

disposition; a man of taste. a عاجب غلاع بقية ṣāḥib-zilā', A district officer; a deputy commissioner.

a ماحب فن sāhib-fann, Wise; clever, skil-

ful in any art or science.

a ماحب قران ṣāḥib-qirān, Lord of the happy conjunction; a fortunate and invincible hero; a title of Timur; title given to a monarch who has ruled forty years; Muhammad; Jesus.

a ماحب قرائي ṣāḥib-qirānī, Heroic; royal, imperial.

ق ماهب كمال ṣāḥib-kamāl, Perfect, excel-

lent.

a سمب منصب sāḥib-manṣab, An officer.

a ماحب ,قعه sāhib-wāqi'a, Who meets with reverses.

a ماحية sāhiba, A ladv; a wife.

a ماحبى ṣāḥibī, Rule, lordship; kind of grape; kind of striped silk.

ماحي sāḥī, Clear, serene (day or sky); sober, having recovered from intoxication.

şākhkhat, A noise which grates or stuns the ear; the day of judgment, resur-

ماد sād, The letter ص, denoting 90 in the abjad; copper, brass, or a particular kind thereof; a vein between the eyes of a camel; a disease incident to it, and causing a discharge of the nose;—sād kardan, To sād م inscribe an account with the letter (abbreviation for صادف), implying that it has been audited; to mark anything selected or chosen with this letter; -sūra'i sād, The 38th chapter of the Qur'an.

sādir, Who or what flows, originates, emerges, springs up or out; happening; issuing, going forth, proceeding; emanating; — sadir shudan, To proceed, emanate; to be issued (as a command, &c.).

a مادر وارد ṣādir wārid, Going and coming ;

B traveller.

a مادر كنندة چādir-kunanda, One who issues an order.

A مادق بقطig, fem. مادقة عادق بadigat, بقطiga, True, truthful; just, sincere, genuine, ingenuous, good; an epithet of Joseph, Abu Bakr, and Jesus; - sādiqu 'l-i'tiqād, True or firm in one's faith ; - sadiqu'l-qaul, Truthspeaking; -nīyati sādiga, Pure intention, good conscience.

a مادنانه sadigana, Truthfully, sincerely,

faithfully.

a مادق نفس به <u>sādiq-nafas</u>, Truth-speaking. a مادتى sādiqī, Truthfulness; truth, sincerity.

A to sarikh, One who calls for assis-

tance; an assistant, helper.

sārim, A sharp sword; an intrepid, expeditious, or energetic man.

şārūj, Plaster, mortar, cement; quick-lime; an unguent composed of quicklime and arsenic, for extirpating hairs.

sāra, The plant elephants-ears.

a قام sā', Low ground; a bat for playing at horse-shinty or polo; a place swept and then played upon; a mark left by an ostrich's breast on the ground; a dry measure of four mudd, each mudd weighing a ritl and one-third; a measure of five pints (artāl) and a third;—sā'i zari yūsuf, The

A معنى بة بق'iqat, بق'iqa (v.n. of معنى), Striking (anyone) with lightning (heaven); lightning; a thunderbolt; death; deadly torment; a loud noise or cry of pain; a scourge in the hand of the angel who drives the clouds.

بقطر ṣāghar, A large drinking-cup.

sāghir, Contemptible, submitting صاغر a

slavishly to indignant treatment.

saf, Pure, clear, sincere, candid; wine; wool; a cloth for straining; producing wool, lanigerous; [sāf kardan, To clarify; -sāf guzāshtan, To walk very fast;] -- ṣāff. fem. ṣāffat, Ranged in ranks; -- ṣāffātu sāff-an, (Adoring angels) drawn up in ranks (Qur'an, L. 1.).

a مان مان saf-a-saf, مان مان saf-safClearly, openly; at once; exactly, pre-

a ماك خط sāf-khat, A clear or legible handwriting.

a ماك دل ṣāf-dil, Simple-hearted.

a ماك دلى sāf-dilī, Simple-heartedness.

sāfir, A whistler, a fifer; any singing bird; any bird that does not hunt; name of a timorous bird.

sāf-zamīr, Pure-minded.

a ماف طينت ṣāf-tīnat, Of a pure disposition.

sāfin, (A horse) standing on three also legs, and touching the ground with the tip of the fourth hoof; the saphena vein, running from the inner ankle to the great toe.

افنات $s\bar{a}fin\bar{a}t$, (pl. fem. of the pre-

ceding), Fleet, high-blooded horses.

şāfūrā, Zipporah, the wife of Moses.

عاني م ṣāfī, Pure, clear, fine, bright, unsullied, limpid, unmixed, sincere, candid; a filter or cloth for straining beverages and medicines; woolly, wool-bearing, lanigerous; name of Adam; -sīmi sāfī, Pure silver.

a مانى ṣāfī, Clearness; purity, candour. a وين مانى دل ṣārī-darūn, مانى درون ṣāfī-dil, safi-zamir, Of a sincere heart.

a مانى نامة sāfī-nāma, A certificate, discharge.

ه ماقل sāqil, A furbisher.

ب بقورة ماقورة sāqūrat, The third heaven; the inside of the skull over the brain.

sa'ak (v.n.), Emitting a foul stench; congealing and sticking (blood).

مال ṣāl, A raft, a float.

sālib, A burning fever; the loins, the back-bone.

sāliḥ, Good, apt, fit, proper, just, beneficial; sedate, steady; pious; name of a prophet sent to the tribe of Samud; proper name of a man (m.c.).

sālihāt (pl. fem.), Good works. بر ṣāliḥat, ṣāliḥa (fem. of ṣāliḥ),

Virtuous, chaste (woman); a virtuous action; name of a mountain near Damascus.

şāliḥūn, مالحين sāliḥūn (pl. of sālih), The righteous, the pious; good men.

عالصية sālihīyat, Name of a sect; also of a quarter in Baghdad, and of several villages.

A sa'm (v.n.), Leading an army

against;—sa'am, Drinking much water.

sāmit, Silent, taciturn; mute, dumb, inanimate; property in gold and silver as opposed to an estate in slaves and cattle (see ناطق ;--jam'i sāmit u notiq, A collection of immoveable and moveable goods.

sy مامر بوما sāmir būma, Name of a plant called hashishatu 'l-'aqrab (scorpion-herb).

samil, Dry, withered.

قانع 🛦 ṣāni', A maker, manufacturer, artificer, artisan; - ṣāni'i 'ālam, The creator of the world; -sāni'i qudrat, The fashioner of nature.

sawī, Dry.

sāhil, (A camel) that paws the ground with his feet, and refrains from braying aloud through pride; a she-camel, mother of such a camel; neighing (a horse).

م الله sā'ib, Right, straight; well-directed, well-aimed, hitting the mark right

in the middle.

ماييان sāybān (for صايبان), A cloud.

A wife, Hot;—saifi sā'if, An exceedingly hot summer.

ه مائل sā'il, Presumptuous, arrogant; furjous.

A مائم sā'im, Thirsty; one who fasts; a faster; one who abstains from food, talk, travelling, or venery; -- sā'imu'd-dahr, Continually fasting;—sā'im shudan, To fast.

A --- sabb (v.n.), Pouring out; effusion; being smitten with love; a lover; flowing

(water); victuals poured out.

مبا sabā (v.n. of صبا , Blowing from the east (wind); east wind; a gentle breeze, zephyr; a horse with a gentle pace; [bādi ṣabā, The zephyr;] — ṣibā, Boyishness, childishness, extreme youthfulness.

sababat, Love, desire (especially tender or vehement); a fog; [lahībi sabāba, Ardour of love;]—subābat, Remainder of

milk or water in a vessel.

subāt (pl. of sābi'), Sabeans.

sabāḥ, Morning, dawn; construed صباح A with the verbs az ufq bar-kashidan, damīdan, 'uryān shudan, fashurdan, &c.; [sabā-hu 'l-khair, Good morning;—sabāhu 'l-khair zadan, To wish good morning;] sabāh, subāh, The light or flame of a candle; -subāh, subbāh, Comely, handsome.

مباحة sabāḥat (v.n. of مباحة م handsome, beautiful, comely; beauty, comeliness, grace; fairness of complexion.

a مباعت نشان sabāḥat-nishān, Distinguished by beauty, remarkably beautiful,

a مباح کنان sabāh-kunān, Those who wish good morning.

a مباح نمازي sabāḥ-namāzī, Morning prayer. A the sabbakh, Name of a king of Ya-

man in the army of Kaikhusrau.

A مبار sibar (v.n. 3 of صبار), Being patient, exercising patience towards one another; rectitude; - subār, Tamarinds.

A sabarat, Standing security.

مَاعُ مِنْ sibāgh, Colour, tincture, dye; seasonings, sauces; - sabbāgh, A dyer, tinger, painter; a liar; one who gives a false colouring to a statement.

sabûwat, Childhood, early youth. مبايًا A مبايًا sabayā (pl. of sabiyat), Young

girls.

مبب şabab (v.n. of حبب), Being violently in love, and frantic; a declivity; sliding sand; a waterfall.

مبة sabbat (fem.), Inflamed with love; -subbat, A herd of cattle, camels, or horses; remains of water or milk in a

sabh (v.n.), Coming in the morning; -subh, Morning, dawn; [subh bakhair guftan, To bid good morning; -subhi pasīn (rāst, sādiq), The last or true dawn, break of day;—subhi durogh (kāzib, mu-lamma'-niqāb, nukhust, The first or false dawn, twilight;]—sabah (v.n.), Being of a white colour inclining to red; the flash or gleam of steel.

a مبح آراى subh-ārāy, What adorns the morning (applied to the sun).

a אים אים subh-bām, Dawn of morning. a مبح بيشانى subh-peshānī, With shining fore-locks (a horse).

A sabhat, subhat, Morning; a morning draught; a morning nap; any amusement by which one whiles away the morning.

a مبح جبين subh-jabīn, With resplendent

brow.

a جمر بيله بين بيله بين بيله عبر عبر subh-chihr, Bright-faced.

a مبح خند subh-khand, Smiling like morn-

a مبح خوان subh-khwān, Singing in the morning.

a عن عين subḥ-khez, An early riser; a devotee.

a مبح خيريا subh-khezā, مبح خيريا subh-kheziyā, A set of thieves who arise betimes and steal before people are awake.

a مبع دل subḥ-dil, Of an enlightened un-

derstanding; honest, pious, pure.

a معدم subh-dam, والمعدم subh-daman, Early in the morning.

a مبح روان subḥ-rawān, Youths.

a مبح چهر subh-rūy, = مبح ورى q.v.

a مبح مبح subh-subh, At early dawn.

a مبع دل subh-zamīr, = مبع مبع ممير q.v. a مبع عارض subh-ariz, With cheeks bright

as the morning.

a مبحكاه subh-gāh, The morning;—mihri subhgah-sifat, Like the morning sun.

a ميڪاهي subhyāhì, Of or relating to the dawn or early morning.

a مبع نشينان şubḥ-nishīnān, Early risers; holy men.

مبر sabr (v.n. of صبر), Being patient, waiting patiently; patience, toleration, endurance; resignation; detaining forcibly and starving to death; compelling, forcing to take an oath; the aloe (properly sabir); construed with the verbs awardan, dadan, dāshtan, sipurdan, shikastan, firo gushādan, kardan, namūdan, &c.; [sabri isqutarī (suquiari, zard), Aloe from Scutari (considered the best); - sabri samanjānī, The worst kind of aloe;—sabri 'arabī, The small Arabian aloe; - sabr u qarār, Patience and constancy;—as-sabru miftāhu 'l-fakhr, Patience is the key of glory; -amarru mina 's-sabr, More bitter than the aloe; -shahru's-sabr, The month of patience, i.e. fasting;]--sibr, subr, A side, margin, tract; a white cloud; -subr, Name of a tribe of Ghassan; -subr, subur, Gravelly ground.

مبراء A مبراء subara' (pl. of sabir), Patient,

long-suffering; sponsors, sureties.

A by- sabrat, Mid-winter; excrements of cattle heaped up at a watering-tank;subrat, A heap of corn unweighed and unmeasured; name of a city in Maghrib.

sab' (v.n.), Pointing the finger at one in scorn; making a signal, beckoning; pointing one out to another; stopping with the finger part of a bottle's mouth to prevent spilling when pouring out.

مبغ ه sabgh, sibgh (v.n.), Dyeing (cloth); plunging or dipping the hand in water; sibgh, Colour, tineture, dye; seasoning or sauce for victuals; Christian baptism.

A مبغة sib<u>ah</u>at, Colour, tincture, dye; religion; the law of God as communicated to Muhammad; Christian baptism.

مبن sabn (v.n.), Prohibiting, preventing, withholding; laying the dice even in the hand before throwing.

مبو şubūw (v.n. of مبو , Blowing from the east (wind); the ignorance and thoughtlessness of youth; playing with boys; having subū'at مبوع subū'at (v.n. of 'اصبا'), Rising (a star); coming forth (tooth or nail); changing one's religion, becoming a Sabean.

A مبوة sabwat (v.n. of مبوة Being childish, juvenile ignorance; having childish inclinations, or juvenile passions.

a مبرع şabūḥ, A morning draught: construed with randan, zadan, kardan, kashidan, &c.;—as-sab $\bar{u}h$, as-sab $\bar{u}h$, (Hither with) the morning draught!

a مبرحى ṣabūḥī, A morning draught;--sabūķī kardan, To drink betimes.

a مبوحى كش ṣabūḥī-kash, A drinker of the morning draught.

sabûr, Patient, gentle, mild, longsuffering; lenient towards offenders; one of the names of God.

a مبورة sabūra, Obscene, impure; a catamite; a dildo.

a مبوري subūrī, Patience, forbearance. A جروي subūgh (v.n. of مبخ), Becoming distended, sleek (udder); pointing, beckoning, making a signal.

a مبری sabawī, Northern, northerly. صبى ṣabī, Senna; the herb alkali.

A مبى şabīy, in P. şabī, A boy, lad, youth ; an unweaned child; the pupil of the eye; the part of the skull beneath the ear; the side of the jaw; the edge of a sword; chief of the people; [sabi'i ghāfili bī-bāk, A heedless boy without fear;]-sibú, Childhood; childishness.

مبيان subyān, sibyān (pl. of the pre-

ceding), Boys, youths.

A بيب sabib, Water poured out or spilled; blood; ice, snow; a shrub resembling rue or senna; juice of the leaves of hennah, brazil wood, or other plants of a deep red colour; the finest honey; edge or point of a sword;—sabīb, subaib, Name of a place.

sabīḥ, Beautiful, handsome.

A مبير sabīr, Patient, mild, long-suffering; a snrety, sponsor; a leader of the people; a white cloud; a mountain, curling one part above another and yielding no rain.

a مبية ṣabīya, A girl, damsel; a daughter. satt (v.n.), Bruising; clamour, loud noise; a violent push or repulse.

sat" (v.n.), Prostrating; - sata', Contortion of the neck or head of an ostrich;

hardness and firmness of the neck.

A para satm, satam, Thick, strong (slave or camel); anything complete; a man of full age.

A - sajj (v.n.), Striking one piece of iron against another.

a z sah (abbreviation of sahih), Official signature to attest the authenticity of a deed, copy, &c.; a visé.

A مماب siḥāb (pl. of sāḥib), Companions. A dila suhābat, sihābat (v.n. of ---), Associating together; companionship, society; -saḥābat, sahāba (pl. of ṣāḥib), Companions, friends.

 $a \sim sah\bar{a}b\bar{i}$, One of the companions of Muhammad, or their descendants.

A sahāh, Being sound, free from blemish; soundness, health, blamelessness; complete, perfect, sound, entire; title of an Arabic dictionary by Jauhari (less correctly sihāh); -sihāh (pl. of sahīh), Sound, perfect, complete.

siḥār-an, Publicly, openly.

هماري A محاري ṣaḥārú, ṣaḥārī (pl. of ṣaḥrā), Deserts.

saḥāṣiḥ (pl. of ṣaḥṣaḥ, ṣaḥṣāḥ, and saḥsaḥān), Extensive pieces of level ground: -turrahāti saķāsiķ, Trifles, vanities, futile things.

A where water collects; -- sahhāf, A bookseller; a book-binder; a librarian.

sahā'if (pl. of ṣahā'fat), Pages, leaves, books;—dar ṣaḥā'ifi sābiqa, In the

preceding pages.

A - sahb, Skinning a slaughtered animal; (pl. of sāhib), Companions;—sahbi kirām, The illustrious companions (i.e. of Muhammad).

panions, friends, associates.

A hasociating subbat (v.n. of was), Associating together; society, friendship, companionship (especially of Muhammad); conversation, discourse, intercourse; coition; (pl. of sāhib) companions; — suhbati pāshīda, Perfect friendship or companionship; one who has taken his departure, deceased; subbat dāshtan, To associate, to converse:-subbat kardan, To keep company, to converse with; to sit together.

a با بار suḥbat-bar-ār, One who carries on or promotes intercourse or com-

panionship; an acquaintance.

a جبت بر آری suḥbat-bar-ārī, Acquaintance.

a جبت جبي suḥbat-joy, Seeking (each other's) company.

a كاله مست عاله suhbat-khāna, A privy. a جيب داري şuḥbat-dārī, Association.

a مستى suhbatī, A companion, comrade.

a محبت بالته suḥbat-yāfta, Used to good society, well-bred.

a عميت يساول suhbat yasawal, A chief

door-keeper.

sihhat (v.n. of ~), Recovering from sickness, being convalescent; integrity, soundness, freedom from blemish.

a محت بخش şiḥḥat-ba<u>kh</u>sh, Health-giving ;

healthy, sanitary.

a محت عانة sihhat-khāna, A necessary. a مست نامه sihhat-nāma, A certificate of health; a list of corrections, corrigenda.

saḥr (v.n.), Cooking; giving a pain in the head (the sun);—suhr. Name of Luqman's sister, who met a bad requital

for doing good.

sahrā', A desert, plain, barren waste; a forest, a jungle; -saḥrā paimūdan (tai kardan), To cross the desert; to travel; -şaḥrā'i khwābīda, A long deserted road; a vast desert ;—ṣaḥrā'i sīm, The true dawn ; -șaḥrā'i qudsī, Heaven.

saḥrā-gard (نوره naward), A traveller in the desert; -- saḥrā-naward shudan,

To scour the country.

saḥrā-nishīn, (desert-sitting, desert-inhabiting) A hermit, solitary man.

saḥrâ-nawardī, Traversing or wandering in a desert.

مراوات saḥrāwāt (pl. of مراوات), Deserts. saḥrā'iya, Wild, محراكيه saḥrā'iya, Wild, desert, uninhabited; a wild beast.

A poor sahsah, plane sahsah, clases sahsahán, An extensive piece of level ground.

A come suhsuh, acces suhsih, Who knows and is able to control the intricacies of affairs.

suhuf (pl. of sahīfat), Books, leaves, pages, folios; suhufi rabbaniya, The sacred or rabbinical writings.

A Jos sahal (v.n.), Being hoarse; a

cracked voice ;-sahil, Hoarse.

л www sahn, Doing good; effecting a reconciliation, making up differences; striking; a large dish, platter, or cup; giving in a dish; a cymbal (sahnān, du., a pair of cymbals); a court, court-yard, area, square; a floor; a grass-plot, lawn; - şaḥni iram, A garden; - sahni tamāshā-khāna, The pit of a theatre (m.c.); — saḥni chaman, A lawn; -- saḥni dù-rang, The world; -- saḥni sīm, A sheet of white paper; the moon's disc; sahni 'azīm, The earth's surface.

saḥnā', Interior of the ear; a kind صحناً م

of fish-jelly.

a sahnat, The jelly of salted fish.

a jls sahn-dar, Having a courtyard or area.

a محنك şahnak, A small dish or plate, a saucer; a small earthern pot; an offering or oblation to Fatimah.

sahw (v.n.), Recovering from ebriety; becoming sober; departing, being dispersed (clouds); leaving off childish folly and vanity.

sahih, Complete, perfect, entire, sound; healthy; right, just, true, certain; authentic; certainly, truly; — sahihu 'nnasab, Of pure descent, legitimate; -harfi sahih, A sound letter (not ۱, و, or ی);-hikāya'i sahihu 'r-riwāya, History faithfully related; -qiyāsi şaḥīhu 'l-arkān, An argument founded on sound pillars, i.e. a syl-

a ميل سيح بعمارة saḥiḥ-salim (حيح مليح saḥiḥsalāmat), Safe and sound, safe and well.

saḥīfat, ṣaḥīfa, A book, a leaf, page; a volume; a writing, letter, epistle; sahīfa'i teghi sahar, The twilight or false dawn; - sahīfa'i zar, The sun; a yellow cheek ;]-suhaifat, A plate, small dish.

م به sakhkh (v.n.), Deafening with a thundering noise; collision of solid and sonorous bodies; sound of a stone when

struck.

مخاب ṣa<u>khkh</u>āb (fem. ṣa<u>khkh</u>ābat), Clamorous, noisy; scurrilous, foul-mouthed. * sakhab (v.n.), Being noisy and

clamorous; clamour, noise, tumult.

A see sakhd (v.n.), Scorehing (as the sun); twittering (of birds); squeaking (a jerboa); — sakhad (v.n.), Being intensely hot (the day).

sakhr, sakhar, Rocks, huge hard stones; name of an evil genius who stole Solomon's ring; the great piece of rock in the mosque of 'Umar in Jerusalem.

sakhrat, sakharat, sakhra, A rock, huge hard stone; name of an evil genius who stole Solomon's ring.

sukhūd, A listening, a paying

attention.

A sukhūr (pl. of sakhrat), Rocks.

sad (S. sata), A hundred;—sad chandan, A hundred more or less; a hundred such; -sad andar sad, For a hundred of hundreds (of years), for ages, per sæcula sæculorum; -sad bīmār az labi gor wā-gasht, (a hundred invalids have escaped the jaws of the grave) As long as there is a breath left life need not be despaired of;—sad $p\bar{a}ra$ (sh $\bar{a}kh$) kardan, To break into a hundred pieces; şad kūza agar sāzad, yake dasta na-dārad, (if he make a hundred pitchers, not one has a handle to it) However much he talks, you will never know what he means; the more he speechifies the less he commits himself; -chū o sad kas dar yak angusht (nākhun) ast, A hundred such-like persons are ruled by him.

hindering, turning away;—sadd, sudd, A mountain; the side of a channel, a valley;—sad', Clearing away rust, polishing.

A las sadā, Reverberating noise, echo; call (as to prayer), cry; invitation to a marriage ceremony or feast; [sadā kardan, To call; to convoke, to invite;—sadā'i muhīb, A terrific voice;—ba-sadā'i baland, With a loud voice; (the word is also construed with the verbs bāz dādan, bālā giriftan, bar-āmadan, bar-khāstan, bar-dāshtan, baland sākhtan, baland kardan, pechīdan, dādan, zadan, giriftan, &c.);]—sadā', Rust; rust-colonred; reddish brown.

جاله بنائم sidād, Female dress, covering; a veil;—suddād, A serpent; a kind of lizard;

a path to water.

compelling, or urging; breast-harness of a camel; a kind of kerchief, the upper part of which covers the head, while the lower part conceals the bosom and shoulders; a mark branded on a camel's breast;—sudār, Name of a place near Madīnah.

sadarat, The office of grand vazir صدارة

or prime minister, premiership.

A ξ \lambda suda', Headache, megrim ;—suda'i $shiqq\bar{\imath}$, Hemicrania; — suda'i dm, Cephalalgy.

sidāgh, A mark burnt on the

temples.

sadāq, sidāq, A marriage-settlement; a portion which the husband engages to give to his future wife.

sadāgat, True friendship, sin-

cerity, candour, loyalty, fidelity.

a مدانت برر sadaqat-parwar, Educated in truth, accustomed to sincerity.

a مدانت کیش جadāqat-kār, مدانت کام عِمامَ qat-kesh, مدانت کستر ,sadāqat-gustar, Sincere, faithful.

a مدانت گستري ṣadāqat-gustarī, Show or profession of sincerity or candour.

a مدانت مقال sadāqat-maqāl, Loyal or truthful in speech.

a مداقت موسوم ṣadāqat-mausūm, Marked with the stamp of truth, truthful.

A مدام sidām, A distemper in horses' heads.

sad-barg, Centfoil; any flower with many leaves, as a dahlia, &c.; name of a damsel;—guli sad-barg, A many-leaved rose.

sad-pā, A centiped.

sad-pāra, In a hundred pieces. مد پارة

مد پایه ṣad-pāya, A centiped.

sad-paiwand, Shepherds-staff.

به به sad-to, A hundred folds; part of the tripe or stomach so called.

عد چاك sad-chāk, Torn in a hundred

pieces.

مد چراغ sad-chirāgh, A hundred candles; a brilliant illumination; a candelabrum, a

lustre (see چراغ).

A coo sadh (v.n.), Raising the voice, singing, croaking, or crowing loud (a man, crow, or cock);—sadah, A standard, ensign; an empty place; a sand-hill; a heap of stones; a broad stone; a kind of deep-red fruit; anything black; a negro.

sadhat, sudhat, sadahat, A bead or مدهه

shell used as an amulet.

A مدد sadad, Nearness; near; opposite;

purpose, design.

sad-dar, Hundred doors, i.e. chapters, title of one of the sacred books of the Fire-worshippers.

a "عد درجة» ṣad̄-daraja'i, Centigrade (m.c.). şad-dar-ṣadi karmān, Name صد در مد كرمان

of a place in Karman.

صد دهن sad-dahan, (hundred-mouthed)
One who first says one thing and then another.

مدر sadr, Chief seat; prime minister; a

judge.

sadr (v.n.), Returning, or leading back, from watering; the breast; the front part; anything opposite or confronting; the upper end of the room, the seat of honour; beginning; promium or exordium of a letter; chief; government; a high official; [sadri a'zam, Prime minister; dignity of premier; chief seat;—sadri a'lā (amīn), A chief judge;—sadri sudūr, Chief judge, chancellor;—sadri 'adālat, The superior court of justice, the presidency;]—sadar, Return from water or from pilgrimage; a party returning from the pilgrimage; the fourth of the days of nahr (see).

a صدر احين sadr-amin, Head or chief amin

(see sadri amin under صدر).

a مدر بازار ṣadr-bāzār, The chief bazar in a military cantonment.

a مدر ديوان ṣadr-dīwān, A chancellor.

A مدرق sudrat, The upper part of the uman breast; the thorax; a stomacher $= \delta_1 \log q.v.$).

مدر گاه sadr- $g\bar{a}h$, The chief seat, =

.۷. مسند گ

عراج عطر-ranj, (a hundred cares) Chess. a مدر نشين sadr-nishîn, Holding the first ignity, sitting in the highest place of onour; the grand vizier;—sadr-nishîni uasnad, Sitting on the throne, i.e. the eigning king.

'aist-coat; a jacket.

مد ساله şad sāl, A century ; undred years old, a centenary (m.c.).

A قدة sad' (v.n.), Cleaving (especially a ard substance); appealing to the liberality f anyone; crossing (a desert); making ublic, disclosing; distinguishing truth com falsehood; a fissure, rupture, crack in

hard substance; a sin, fault, crime;—
ud', sada', Light or thin of flesh (man);
-sid', A crowd, a troop of men; a piece of
nything;—sada', Young and vigorous (a
uountain goat, buck, camel, &c.); of middle
tature, weight, age, or robustness; rust;—
udu' (pl. of sadī'), Halves; dawns; new
atches on old garments.

a Endgh (v.n.), Overtaking, and walking by the side of another; travelling or alking in company; crushing (a pismire); arning from, beating off, diverting;—udgh, The part of the face from the eye to he ear, the temple; the hair curling about

he temples.

sadf (v.n.), Declining, receding, urning away from ;—sadaf, A shell, shellsh, pearl, mother-o'-pearl, oyster; anyhing elevated; the higher part of a wall r mountain; the top of the shoulder-plate; closeness of the thighs in a horse with a traddling of the feet; name of a village; sadafi ātishīn (roz), The suu; — sadifi ijāda-rang, Yellow wine;—sadafi rang, A hell or china pan, &c., for colours ; -sadafi ānu, The knee-pan ;—sadafi sad u chaharah 'aqd, The Qur'an (as consisting of 114 hapters); -sadafi falak, The highest heaen; sun and moon; name of a figure ormed by several stars near the north pole; -şadafi mushkin-rang, The sky; -şadafi azār baitag, The stars; -sadaf, sudaf, uduf, The part where a mountain breaks ff, a side or tract of it; -sudaf, Name of a ertain beast or bird.

a مدن پاره sadaf pāra, A piece of a shell. a مدنين sadafcha, A small or fine shell.

a مدك گون سأغر șadaf-gūn sāghar, Glass

sadq (v.n.), Speaking truth; being rue, honest, upright; true, sincere; hard amooth (a spear);—sidq, Truth, ve-

racity, sincerity; a good name; candour; [sidq u kizb, Truth and falsehood; the true and the false;]—sudq, suduq (pl. of sadq, sadūq), Speakers of truth; true friends;—sadaq (for P. مده q.v.), A festival night on which bonfires were lighted.

sudaqā' (pl. of şadīq), True, just,

sincere friends.

A مدقات şadaqāt (pl. of şadaqat), Alms.

A disso sadgat, Perfect (woman);—sadaqat, sadaqa, Alms; part of an estate dedicated to pious uses; a sacrifice, a victim; a woman's dowry;—sadaqa raftan, To go a-begging, to supplicate; to come as a petitioner (mm.cc.).

a مدق ورز sidq-warz, Sincere, true.

مدم sadm (v.n.), Beating, bruising; striking one hard body against another; collision.

A مدمات ṣadamāt (pl. of ṣadmat), Blows, collisions; adversities;—ṣadamāti ālāti

qital, Clashings of deadly weapons.

A baldness about the temples; blow, collision, shock; adversity, blow of fortune; accident (construed with uftädan, khwurdan, zadan, shikastan, &c.);—sadma'i jismānī, Bodily hurt; personal violence, a violent assault;—sadma dīdan, To receive a shaking (m.c.).

مدرد م sadūd, Sly, deceitful; a certain substance rubbed on a mirror and afterwards made into a collyrium;—sudūd (v.n. of صد), Turning away the face, being averse;

hindering, preventing; aversion.

مدرر عن sudūr (v.n. of مدرر), Rising, springing, proceeding, flowing, issuing; (pl. of sadr) breasts; higher or upper parts; chiefs, ministers.

A مدرج sudū' (v.n. of صدرع), Having a strong propensity, being inclined; declining, diverting from; dividing (a flock) into two parts.

a موك sadūf, (A woman) turning her face towards you, and then immediately looking a contrary way;—sudūf (v.n. of صدف), Declining, receding from.

ه مدرق sadūq, Very sincere, faithful,

truth-speaking.

sada, A troop or company of a hundred men.

sad hazār, A hundred thousand.

sadú (v.n.), Being thirsty; a male owl; echo; slim, slender (man); a corpse; the seat of hearing, sensory; name of a small bird said to issue from the head of one slain;—şadī, Thirsty.

sadid (v.n.), Crying out; vociferation; the serum in a wound before it concretes into pus; hot water become

thick.

A sadī', Anything split in two; a new patch on an old garment; a flock; a herd of camels as far as thirty.

sadīq, A sincere friend; true, صديق

just; -siddiq, A faithful witness of the truth; surname of Abu Bakr.

مديك sad-yak, One per cent.; a hundredth.

A , sarr (v.n), Tying the string called sirār round the dugs of a camel; tying up a purse; making a noise, crying out; pricking his ears (a horse or donkey); - sirr, Intensity of cold; -surr, An intense cold destroying the herbage.

A zly sarāh, surāh, Pure, unmixed ; sirah, surah, Being face to face, confronting; speaking openly, disclosing what is passing in the mind; -surāh, Confrontation; plain, open speech; a cup of neat, unmixed wine; title of an Arabic-Persian

Dietionary.

A مراحه sarāḥat (v.n of مرح), Being pure, unmixed, unadulterated; pureness;—sarāhat-an. Purely; publicly, plainly, evidently. a مراحى surāhī, A long-necked flask, gob-

let; a baluster, a balustrade (m.c.). a مراحى بازى swrāhī-bāzī, Jugglery with

و.v.j. هيشه بازي =) cups

a عراحى بردار surāḥī-bardār, Carrier of the

a مراحى دار surāhī-dār, Surāhī-shaped (pearl).

a مراحى تد surāḥī-qad, A lofty stature.

a مراحى گردن surāhi-gardan, A long and beautiful neck; having such.

surākh, A clamour, a scream; surrākh, A peacock (lit. screamer).

مراد A surrād, A thin cloud without water. عرار A sarār (pl. of sarārat), Those who have never visited Mecca; name of a valley in Hijāz ;—sirār, A string for tying up the dugs of camels to prevent the young from sucking; high ground; name of a mountain; also of a place near Madinah.

sarārat, One who has not visited مرارة

Mecca; a bachelor.

saraşir (pl. of sarşar), Cold winds. Ally sirat, A way, direct road; the bridge across hell (according to the hadis, thinner than a hair and sharper than a sword's edge); [aṣ-ṣirāṭu 'l-mustaqīm, The right way, the straight road, i.e. the Muhammadan religion;]-surat, Along aword.

A Elipo sirā', A wrestling, throwing down. مراك sirāf (v.n. of مرك), Being in heat (bitch); not mixing (wine); accession, increase; -- sarraf, A banker, shroff, money. changer; one who understands the value of things in general; a grammarian;sarrāfi khizān, The sun; autumn; autumnal winds; - şarrāfāni nuqūdi ma'ānī, Those who well understand, or can give change (so to speak) in matters of recondite meaning or spiritual import.

مرانة sarāfat, Notion, idea, turn of thought; [ṣarōfat andākhtan, To get out of a person's mind;]-sarrāfat, sarrāfa, The place where bankers transact their

business, a bank; discount on exchange of coins; the commercial character used by a sarrāf.

a مرانخانه sarrāf-khāna, A bank (m.c.).

a مرانى sarrāfī, Banking, money-changing. a عرافي پارچه sarrāfī-pārcha, A bank bill,

cheque, draft.

A A plyo sarām, War;—sarām, sirām, Loppings of trees; the season of gathering dates; -surām, Hardship, misfortune, calamity; war; milk remaining in the udder, and milked later on ;-sarrām, A vendor of leather (sarm).

A γρο sarb (v.n.), Preparing, collecting sour milk; retaining, suppressing urine; also suppressing an infant's stool to make it fat;—sarb, sarab, Milk milked upon that which has become acid; milk stored up in a bottle for a journey; a kind of red-gum; -sirb, Small dwellings of the Scenite Arabs;—surb (pl. of sarib), Milk turned

A قرم sarrat, Noise, confusion, clamour ; a crowd; fierceness of war; anxiety; -sirrat, Cold, intensity of cold; noise, clamour; -surrat, surra, A purse, sash, belt in which money is tied up; (met.) the keeper of the private purse.

A tro sarh (v.n.), Speaking openly; being pure (collyrium); a castle, a lofty building especially one erected by Nebuchadnezzar near Babil; -- sarah, Anything pure, choice,

a مرحاه suraḥā' (pl. of ṣarīḥ), Pure.

A days sarhat, The area of a house.

A days days sarhatan barhatan, Valiantly (he sallied forth).

هرخة A مرخة sar<u>kh</u>at (v.n. of مرخة), Crying out, bawling.

A مرخد sarkhad, Wine; name of a town.

sar<u>kh</u>adi, Belonging to the town صرحدى of Sarkhad; -sharābi sarkhadī, Wine of Sarkhad.

ard, Pure (water), sincere (love), plain, evident (lie); an elevated part of a mountain; a nail through the head of a spear to fix it in the shaft; a large army; (for P. sard) cold;—sarad, Being soon sensible of cold; being galled in the back under the saddle (a horse);—surad, A largeheaded bird which hunts sparrows; a white mark on the back of a horse from galling.

sarşar, A cricket ; a cold, boisterous مرصور wind ;--- sarşari koh-paikar, A strong active horse or camel.

مرعوط sarsarat (v.n. of مرعوف), Singing (the green woodpecker); making a noise, crying

a مرموى ṣarṣarī, Vehement (like a storm). A sar' (v.n.), Putting folding doors to a gate; beginning a poem with a hemistich to the last syllable of which all the other verses must rhyme; the falling sickness, epilepsy; ecstatic catalepsy; [sar'i

sitāragān, Glittering or shooting of the stars;]—ṣar', ṣir', Throwing to the ground, laying prostrate; mode, species, sort, form; [zū ṣar'ain (sir'ain), Bi-coloured; (met.) a double-dealer;]—ṣuru' (pl. of ṣarū'), Great wrestlers; (pl. of ṣarī') unpolished bows, scourges.

مِوَّةُ sar'at, A throwing prostrate once; -sir'at, A mode of throwing down; -sur'at, A skilful wrestler, one who throws

many.

م ع زدة مرع زدة sar'-zada, Struck with epilepsy. مرعل ه sar'á, Morning and evening; (pl. of sarī'. Prostrate, thrown down (men); epileptics.

sarf (v.n.), Changing, turning, converting; repentance; versatility, dexterity, cunning; vicissitudes of time or fortune; change, conversion; spending, using, employing; the etymological parts of grammar, accidence, declension, conjugation; [sarf shudan, To be spent, consumed, &c.;—sarf 'inān, A turning the reins towards, making for, any place;—sarf kardan (namūdan), To spend, consume; to taste, to take (as meals, &c., m.c.); —sirf, Pure, choice, unmixed (wine); a red tincture with which straps or shoe-latchets are dyed; mere, only, alone; [sirfi bì-jadarang, Amber-coloured wine;]—suruf (pl. of sarifat), Dry palm-branches; thin cakes.

a مولان sarafān, sirfān, Lead; a kind of date; night and day.

A مُونَّة sarfat, sarfa. The twelfth mansion of the moon; a bright star in the heart of Leo; (see also مونة below).

a مرب دست مط مرب, ṣarf-dast-khaṭ, A signature alone; a blank cheque; carte blanche.

a aijo sarfa, Gain, profit; surplus, addition, redundancy; expense;—sarfa burdan, To take the lead; to gain, acquire; to fetch a higher price;—sarfa dādan, To offer an advantage; to give an opportunity;—sarfa dāshtan, To take the lead; to overcome;—sarfa niyāh dāshtan, To be cautious.

a مونه کاری sarfa kārī, Caution, circumspection.

a رولى şarfī, Grammatical; a grammarian.

a comm surm (v.n.), Pruning, lopping, cutting clean off; interrupting a speech;—sarm (for P. charm), Hide; leather;—sirm, A crowd. assembly of people; contiguous houses; a kind of shoe for a camel's hoof;—surm, Shortness.

sirmat, Herd of camels (from twenty to thirty, or from forty to fifty); part of a cloud; name of a man.

o surna (for q.v.), A fife, a pipe.

مروعة ميرعة مروعة مروعة مروعة م

A cys suruh (pl. of sarh), Lofty edifices, castles, citadels.

A Eyr sarŭ', A great wrestler.

sarūri, (A man or woman) neglecting to go the pilgrimage to Mecca; a bachelor, one who does not visit the ladies.

א פוני sarūf, (A camel) gnashing the teeth;—surūf (v.n. of פולי), Being in heat (a bitch or camel); not mixing (wine); (pl. of sarf) changes rigissitudes

of sarf) changes, vicissitudes.

A pyr sarum, A sharp sword; a dex-

terous pruner of trees.

موه surra, A purse full of gold or of silver;—surra'i jibāl, A mine of turquoise or other precious stones (purse of the mountains); see also A. قرم .

sarihan, Clearly, evidently.

a مريح sarihi, مريح q.v.

A cry for help; one who calls for assistance; one who brings help.

مرير serier, The grating of a door, the scratching of a pen; the noise made by a locust, or cricket; a noise in general.

sarīrā, The anemone.

psari', Prostrate, thrown down; epileptic; one who prostrates another; a scourge; a bow not yet polished; a branch withered on the tree.

A مرب sarif (v.n. of مرب), Creaking (as a door or pulley), gnashing (teeth); the grating of a camel's teeth; pure silver; milk warm from the udder.

A مُرِيعة şarifat, A dry branch of a palmtree: a small cake.

A param, Cut off, pruned, lopped; part of a heap of sand; part of the night; night; morning; a piece of wood fastened in a kid's mouth to keep him from sucking; black ground yielding no produce; name of a place; also of a man.

هريمة sarīmat, Resolution, enterprise, undertaking; the termination or breaking-off of any business; part of a sand-heap;

part of night.

a مطبل sitabl (for أصلبل), Stable. مطخر sitakhr, Istakhr in Persia. a مطرلاب satarlāb, An astrolabe.

A معاب si āb (v.n. 3 of معب), Harshness; obstinacy.

A sab. Hard, difficult, arduous, rough; troublesome, refractory, intractable; disagreeable; inaccessible; a fierce lion;—sabu'l-maslak, Impervious, impenetrable, impracticable.

a معبناك ṣa'bnāk, Hard, difficult, arduous.

معتر sa'tar, Savory, origany (see معتر م.).

Name of a place;—sa'id, One who rises;—su'ud (pl. of sa'ūd), High places; (pl. of sa'īd) surfaces of the ground.

A show $sa'd\bar{a}'$, Inconvenience, trouble, pain, distress; $-su'ad\bar{a}'$, Deep, long-fetched

breath or sigh.

sa'ar (v.n.), Having a distorted face, being wry-necked; distortion of the face (from pride or contempt); a disease in a camel producing a wry neck; smallness of the head; a drinking of biestings.

A yyar su'rūr, yar su'urrur, Concrete

gum; biestings.

A sa'sa', Separated, dispersed.

A dispersing; moving, shaking; name of a purgative plant; also of the father of a tribe.

sa'f, Wine (made from honey or a fermentation of bruised grapes); a

kind of little bird.

A cashiver. A cold fit, a shiver.

معفقی $sa^t faq\overline{\imath}$, One who goes to market, though he has no capital wherewith to buy.

sa'fūq, Mean, worthless; name of

a place in Yamamah; = معفق above.

sa'q (v.n.), Striking (anyone) with lightning (beaven); rendering insensible (lightning); becoming insensible, swooning; dying; [as-sa'q, Name of a man;]—sa'aq, A loud noise;—sa'iq, Loud-voiced; one who, from excess of terror, expects a thunderbolt to fall upon him;—su'aq, Name of a place.

A معقله şa'qat (v.n. of معلى), Fainting,

falling into a swoon; a swoon.

sa'l, sa'al, Small-headed and necked (man or ostrich); a palm with slender, crooked, and barkless branches; anything long; bald (an ass);—sa'al (v.n.), Smallness of head and neck.

su'lūk, Poor, indigent. معاوك

A sa'w, A red-headed sparrow; a finch, goldfinch.

A معبية sutabat (v.n. of معب), Being difficult, intricate; difficulty, trouble, distress

sa'ūd, High, towering, craggy, steep; the highest, most inaccessible part of a mountain; name of a mountain in hell; — su'ūd (v.n. of معد), Ascending; mounting, surmounting; ascent; (in math.) involution;— su'ūd u nuzūl, Ascent and descent; involution and evolution.

a sarīd, Surface of the earth; dust on it; a mountain road; dust which the Muhammadans use for religious purification when in lack of water; name of a place

where the Prophet built a mosque;—sa'idi misr (or simply sa'id), Upper Egypt (in length fifteen days' journey).

**siahār (pl. of saghār), Small; [sighār u kibār, Small and great, little and big, the populace at large;]—sughār, Little, small.

مفارة saghārat (v.n. of مغارة), Being small, young; being younger; infancy; smallness (of worth, price, or dignity).

A staff like a sceptre, to which are fixed three cymbals, which make a kind of music.

A معانيان saghāniyān, A city beyond the

Oxus.

a معالى saghānī, Belonging to, native or inhabitant of, Saghāniyān; surname of the Imām Hasan bin Muhammad, author of كتاب مشارى.

able things, trifles; venial sins; small,

young girls.

a معبين بن ghbīn, Sagapenon, a medicinal herb.

A sughd, Name of a river and of a country in Turkistan, Sogd, Sogdiana (one of the four earthly paradises).

A jac saghr (v.n.), Being younger;—sughr, Being mean, abject, slavish; meanness; injury, injustice;—saghar, Being small, mean, contemptible;—sighar, Smallness; infancy;—sughar (pl. of sughrá), Minors, juniors; lesser, least (things).

sughrā (for sughrá, fem. of asghar), Smaller;—sugharā' (pl. of saghīr), Šmall,

slender (men, &c.).

عران عران sughrān, Smallness, littleness.

A مغرول sughrá (fem. of asghar), Less, least; the minor of a syllogism.

A saghw, sighw, Inclination, leaning, proneness, bias.

َ عغير ṣa*gh*īr, Small, little, inferior, junior, minor.

A مغيرة ṣa<u>gh</u>īrat, ṣa<u>gh</u>īra, A venial sin. a مغيري ṣa<u>gh</u>īrī, Smallness ; infancy.

saff (v.n.), Drawing up (soldiers) in a file, placing in battle-array; standing in a row; placing (their) feet in a row whilst being milked (camels); placing milk-pails in a line at milking-time; sticking bits of meat on a roasting-spit; stretching the wings (a bird); a series, order, rank, row, file; (construed with the verbs az ham darīdan, bar ham <u>kh</u>wurdan, bastan, sāz kardan, zadan, shikastan, kashīdan, &c.); name of a village; - saffi tegh, The surface of a sword-blade; -saffi khāṣṣa, The distinguished order; prophets and saints; -saffi shikar, A ring of men encircling game (see (5,-);—saff saff, In military order, rank and file;—saff māchān $(ni'\bar{a}l)$, A place where slippers are left.

safā, Purity, clearness, polish, brightness; pleasure, recreation; name of a sacred

mountain at Mecca;—safā', in P. safā (v.n. of jao), Being serene (the sky); purity, clearness, transparency; polish; pleasure, joy, delight; recreation, diversion, pastime; content, satisfaction; (pl. of safāt) large smooth stones;—safā duzdūdan, To rob of purity;—safā' zadan, To invite; to congratulate;—safā'i 'aqūdat, Purity of faith;—safā'i 'uyūn u anhār, Limpidity of fountains and rivers;—safā kardan, To rejoice, to enjoy;—safā kardūd, You have given pleasure (m.c. in receiving a visitor);—ahli ṣafā, Voluptuous;—bā safā'i khātir, With cheerfulness of mind, willingly.

a معنا بخش safā-bakhsh, Delicious; puri-

fying.

a مِعَا يِلْمِهِ safā pazīr, Purified, purged, racked.

A slaw safat, A large, smooth stone or rock on which nothing grows.

ه مهات sifāt (pl. of sifat), Qualities. a صفاتي sifātē, Accidental; artificial; extrinsic, acquired.

sifātīyat, Name of a sect. صفاتية ه

A this sy a h. A broad and ugly appearance of a horse's cheek; (pl. of safh) tracts, parts; sides; the broad sides of swords or faces;—suffah, A broad stone, a flag-stone; a broad-sword.

a مفا خيري ṣafā-khezī, Purification.

A Jiko sifād, A chain, fetter.

safār, Dry herbage;—sufār, A hissing, whistling, chirping of a bird; a worm which gnaws the bowels of a starving man; a collection of yellowish water in the belly;—saffār, A coppersmith;—saffār ya'qāb bin lais, Name of a king who originally was a coppersmith (see معاريات).

saf-ārā, One who draws up in

array.

a من saf-aray; The marshalling of troops; array; battle array; parade; tactics.

saffārī, suffārī, A coppersmith صفاري

(see the following).

a مغاريات saffāriyān, كماريات saffāriya, Name of a dynasty which reigned in Persia for about half a century (thus called after its founder, the coppersmith Ya'qūb bin Lais); also name of a sect founded by Abdu 'llah bin Saffār.

مفاك sifāf (v.n. 3 of صفاك), Drawing up

in lines or files.

sifāq, A thin membrane beneath the skin that produces the hair; the peritoneum; (pl. of safīq) thick, stout (stuffs or silks);—saffāq, A great travelling merchant.

ه به safāqat (v.n. of صفاته, Being stout,

coarse (cloth).

a معامدة safā-maqrūn, Sincere; cheerful.

a مفاوت safawat, = الماوت q.v.

مناهاي sifāhān, Isfāhān, the metropolis of Persian Írâk.

sifāhānī, A native of Isfāhān;—

parda'i șifāhānī, A species of melody peculiar to Isfāhān.

A معايا safaya (pl. of safa), (Camels) abounding in milk; the best parts (of anything, especially of booty chosen by the leader for himself before distribution).

مائح safā'ih, Broad swords; flag-stones;

camels with large bunches.

a مفاقی safā'ī, Purity, clearness.

معاييان ṣafāyiyān, Name of a city in Transoxania.

a مفائی نامد ṣafā'ī-nāma, A deed of release; a settlement, acquittance, discharge. a مف بسته saf-basta, Ranged in rank or

a مف بىدى saf-bandī, Array; battle-

array; a line of hunters or beaters.

A مقله sifat (v.n. of وصف), Describing; description; quality, attribute, epithet; form, mode, manner; an adjective or whatever qualifies a noun; like, rescribling; [sifati bahīmat (basharīyat, malakīyat), Properties of beast (man, angel);—sifati sabūtīya (zātīya), A substantial form, essential or fixed quality;—sifati 'arizīya, An accidental or movable quality;]-suffat, suffa, A sofa, bench; a dais, estrade or raised floor; a covered place for reclining on before the doors of Eastern houses or mosques; -ahli suffa (benchers), A number of companions of Muhammad's flight, who, having neither friends nor calling at Madinah, lived on the donations of the faithful, and lodged in the suffa of Muhammad's mosque.

safat, Name of a city in Syria (see

safad).

a موحوف sifat-mausūf, An adjective with its substantive, the qualificative and the qualified.

a مفتية sifatīya, Descriptive; qualificative, adjectival;—jumla'i sifatīya, A descriptive

or qualificative sentence.

A cash (v.n.), Turning away (the face); pardoning, forgiving; leaving, quitting; refusing a beggar; driving (camels) past the well; giving to drink; revising or perusing sheet by sheet; a tract, side, quarter, border;—safh, sufh, The broadest side of a sword, or the face; side (of a man); edge or border (of a mountain), a smooth, level part on its side;—safah, A disproportionate breadth.

safahāt (pl. of safhat), Pages.

A safhat, safha, A face, side, page; expanse, surface, breadth; a tract, border, quarter; broad side of a sword;—safhatu'lwajh, The cheek;—safha'i teghi sahar. First streaks of light in the morning; the sky;—safha'i hāl, State of the case, face of the matter;—safha'i hastī, The page of existence, the face of the world or earth;—dar safha guflan, To tell by letter, to write to;—man jastam az rū'i dā safha, I skipped two pages.

مفد safd (v.n.), Binding, fastening,

fettering;—safad, A chain, fetter; a present; name of a town in Syria.

a مف دار ṣaf-dār, Keeping rank; putting in order.

مفدر saf-dar, Who breaks the ranks; warlike, brave;—mardi dilāwar u amīri saf-dar, A valiant man and gallant commander;—mubārizāni ṣaf-dar u bahādurāni lashkar, Courageous soldiers and bold warriors.

a مفدري saf-dari, The routing of armies.

مطدى safadī, Belonging to, native or inhabitant of, Safad (see مطد), surname of Salāhu 'd-dīn.

A jac safr (v.n. of jac), Having a collection of yellowish water in the belly;—sifr, Copper; gold; a cypher;—sifr (sufr, safr), Empty; [sifru'l-yad, Empty-handed, poor, weak;—sifr kardan, To empty;]—sufr, Copper, brass;—safar (v.n.), Being empty (a vessel); without furniture (a house); a distemper in the belly which renders the face pale or yellow; a serpent or worm said to gnaw the bowels of a starving man; intellect, understanding; name of the second month of the Muhammadan year; extension of the month Muharram into Safar;—safaru'l-muzzafar, Safar the victorious or fortunate.

A shape safrā', in P. safrā (fem. of asfar), Yellow, safron-coloured; bile; wine; gold; —safrā shikastan, safrā kardan, To be angry; to avert the face; to vomit.

a صفراغوي ṣafrāghūn, A yellowish bird fre-

quenting melon-grounds.

a صفراً كش ṣafrā-kush, (bile-killing) Breakfast.

a مفراغون safrāgūn, = مفراغون q.v. a مفراجي safrāwī, Bilious, choleric.

a مغرارى مراة ṣafrāwī-mizāj, A bilious constitution or temperament; having such.

a مفراتي safrā'i, Bilious, choleric.

A bas safrat, Hunger; hungry;—sufrat, Yellowness; blackness; name of a place in Yamamah.

a مفردار sifr-dar, Empty; very little.

a من الله saf-zada, Formed in line or rank. a من عند saf-zan, One who breaks the ranks of an enemy, brave.

a مارنی saf-zanī, A breaking of the ene-

my's ranks, bravery.

saf-shikan, A breaker of the enemy's ranks;—saf-shikanāni rustam-rusām, Those who break the lines after the fashion of Rustam, i.e. heroic champions.

safṣāf, A willow, osier.

safsaf, Plain, level ground.

A saf' (v.n.), Tapping gently on the neck; giving a box on the ear.

A معلم sufaf, What is worn under a coat of mail;—sufuf (pl. of suffat), Sofas, &c. (see معلم).

safq (v.n.), Flapping (as a bird its

wings) and making a loud noise; clapping the bands; taking another's hand (when wishing joy or striking a bargain); turning (trans.); opening, and likewise shutting (a door, &c.); striking the strings, sounding a lute; shaking, agitating (as the wind a tree); filling (a cup); striking one with a sword; the side or slope (of a hill); the side of the neck; the cheek (of a horse); water put into a new leathern hottle and turned yellow by shaking ;—sifq, One half of a folding-door;—sufq, A side, quarter; -safaq, Water turned yellow and smelling from the leather of a new bottle; -sufuq (pl. of sifaq), Peritonea; (pl. of sufaq) inaccessible mountains; soft, limber (bows).

A مفقع safqat, مفقع sifiqqá, A bargain

made by striking hands.

a مف کشی şaf-kashī, A drawing up in ranks, putting in battle-array.

a صف ماچان ṣaf-māchān, Asking pardon

for not knowing one's lesson.

A color safn, A substance resembling lights, protruding from a camel's mouth when raging with lust; yellowness;—safn, safan, The skin of the scrotum;—sufn, A table (properly safn); a leathern waterbottle (especially for religious ablutions); a shepherd's or camel-driver's provision-bag;—safan, The pod in which the ears of corn are enveloped; a wasp's nest.

safw (v.n.), Taking the brightest part of anything; brightness, clearness;

the purest part of anything.

A clows safwān, The second of the days of cold weather; smooth, level stones; name of one of the followers of Muhammad, whom the "hypocrites" accused of impropriety taken with 'Ayishah on a journey;—yaumi safwān, A clear, cloudless, and cold day.

A \$300 safwat, sifwat, sufwat, Choicest, best, purest part;—safwatu 'l-lāh, safwatu 'l-lāh min khalqi-hi, The chosen of God before His creatures, i.e. Muhammad.

a محرة كدة şafwat-kada, A house; a chamber; a council-chamber; the heart.

مورع معرق safūh, Liberal; forgiving; distant, shy, retiring (a wife with regard to her husband);—sufūh (v.n. of صفح), Losing her

milk, becoming dry (camel).

مفر sufur (v.n. of صفر), Being void,

empty; emptiness.

م مورياً به safūrā', مغورة safūrā', مغورة safūrā', riyā', Zipporah, Jethro's daughter, Moses' wife; according to the hadīs, Moses' sisterin-law.

مطون safūf, (A camel) filling with her milk several pails at one milking;—sufūf (pl. of saff), Ranks, rows, lines.

موق م $af\bar{u}q$, High and inaccessible (mountain); supple, smooth, limber (a bow).

معون sufūn (v.n. of صفون), Standing on

three feet (a horse), the point of the other hoof only touching the ground; placing

the feet properly (in prayer).

a مقوية ṣafawī, fem. مقوية ṣafawīyat, ṣafawīya, A prince or member of a dynasty of Persian kings (who reigned from about the year 1500 till the usurpation of Nādir Shāh in 1736), named from Ismael Safī, first monarch of this house;—khāndāni ṣafawīya, The Safawīyan dynasty.

a sao suffa, see A sao suffat.

مفى مِهْ ṣāf̄̄̄̄̄, Pure, clear, bright; just, upright, sincere; the best part of booty taken by the leader before distribution; [ṣāf̄̄̄̄yu 'llāh, Adam;]—ṣuf̄̄̄̄y, ṣif̄̄̄̄y, Large, smooth stones.

م معية safiyat, safiya, Name of one of Muhammad's wives;—sufaiyat, First of the days of cold weather.

safih, The sky; the surface of any

broad substance.

مميدة safihat, Surface of a broad stone; surface of anything broad; a broad sword;

the panel of a door.

A معمل safīr (v.n. of معلى), Whistling; singing (a bird); (construed with the verbs surūdan, zadan, kardan, kashīdan, &c.);— şafīri khwāb, Snoring;—ḥarfu 'ṣ-ṣafīr, A sibilant letter.

a مطيعه safif, Bits of meat spitted in a row for cooking; pieces of meat, &c. laid in a row to dry in the sun.

safiq, (A garment) of a coarse, hard texture; impudent, unblushing (face).

A consisting of siffing A town on the Euphrates near which a great battle between 'Ali and Mu'āwiyah was fought.

safīna, The juniper.

A siqār (pl. of saqr), Curses, imprecations upon those who deserve them not; falcons;—saqqār, One given to cursing; a slanderer, whisperer; a seller of syrup of dates or grapes (saqr).

A Elas siqa, A cloth with which a woman covers her head, to keep her veil from being soiled by the unguent of her hair; the reinring in a camel's nose; a brand on the back of a camel's head; an iron ring or

other check-rein for a horse.

مقل م siqāl (v.n. of صقل), Polishing (a sword); polish, lustre; the belly; the art of grooming a horse;—saqqāl, A polisher, furbisher.

مقالبة saqālibat (pl. of siqlāb, siqlābi), Northern nations, Sclavonians, Russians,

Scythians.

مقالة siqālat, A furbishing, polishing.

A was saqb (v.n.), Striking with the fist; giving a slap with the hand; rearing high (an edifice); collecting; chattering, chirping (a bird); long and somewhat slender; a camel-colt; the middle and longest pole of a tent; land adjoining one's house; —saqab (v.n.), Being near; also being

distant; nearness, neighbourhood; distance.

A stock; sagr (v.n.), Beating with a stick; breaking (stones, wood, &c.) with a large mattock (sāqūr); being intense (the heat of the sun); a hawk, falcon, or any bird of prey; sour milk; syrup;—saqar, Water remaining in a tank;—saqir, Dates from which syrup is made;—suqar, A flagrant

lie; -suqqar, A pimp.

A say' (v.n.), Striking (a bird or horse) on the middle of the head; throwing prostrate, dashing to the ground; crowing (a cock); going, tending towards; turning out of the road; covering the earth (dew or hoar-frost); striking one senseless (lightning);—sug', A shore, coast, side, tract;—suga', Turning out of the road; falling in (a well), giving way (the sides of a well); being rendered senseless (by lightning); being white-headed (a horse, bird, &c.); languor of mind from extreme heat.

A daile suq'at, Whiteness on the head of a

horse.

A Jao saql (v.n.), Polishing, furbishing, making bright (a sword); making lean (a camel with travelling); cudgelling;—suql, The hypochondria; the side; light, active (a horse);—saqil, Irregular in pace; (a horse) spare of flesh.

مَقَلَابُ siqlāb, A glutton; voracious (a camel), white; red; a Sclavonian, Russian,

Scythian.

عقل مقل ع saql-gar, A polisher of swords, &c. A فقلية siqilliyat, siqliyat, Sicily.

suqur (pl. of saqr), Birds of prey,

hawks, &c.; curses, imprecations.

A مقول suqūf (pl. of مقول saqf), Roofs,

ceilings.

A مقبع ṣaqī' (v.n. of مقبع), Crowing (a cock); hoar frost, rime, dew; a kind of

vasp. A مقبل $arepsilon aqar{\imath}l$, Polished, furbished (sword).

A ملك sakk (v.n.), Striking violently, knocking; shutting (a door); (for P. chak) the written and signed sentence of a judge; sakku 'l-musāfir, A traveller's passport.

sikāk (pl. of sakk), Sentences signed by a judge;—sukāk, The air, atmosphere;—sakkāk, Clerk of a judge.

sukūk (pl. of sakk), Sentences of

a judge.

sakm (v.n.), Striking; driving back, thrusting away; falling on anyone (adverse fortune).

A مكيك sakīk (v.n. of مكك), Being knock-

kneed; weak, silly.

a with earth; clearing, straining, racking off (wine);—sill, A basilisk; a small green serpent which cannot be charmed; a calamity; hardship; a sharp sword.

a L sala, Kindling a fire in cold weather; a proclamation either for giving food to the

صلع

حالد

poor or for selling anything; call to prayer; invitation (construed with the verbs āmadan, dādan, zadan, kardan, and guftan).

ملاء جalā' (v.n. of صلى), Growing hot;—
sala', silā (v.n. of صلى), Enduring the heat
of fire;—silā', Roast meat; a fire; the
burning of a fire.

ياب sulāb, sullāb, An astrolabe.

ملك salābat (v.n. of صلح), Being hard, strong, robust; firmness, hardness; stiffness, rigidity; severity, rigour; majesty, dignity, awe.

a علم salāba, A stone for grinding drugs; —salāba kardan, To grind drugs. (See الله عام المائة).

A قام به salāt, Prayer, &c. (see مارة). A مارة șilāt (pl. of silat), Gifts.

A che salāh, Rectitude, probity, virtue, integrity, honour, honesty, devotion; advisableness, propriety; fitness; a proper thing, prudent measure; well-being; advisable, prudent, proper, right; name of Mecca; [salāhi ḥāl, Suitable to the time, seasonable;—salāhi hāl, Suitable to the time, seasonable;—salāhi dānistan, To deem advisable;—salāḥi daulat, Good for the state; public welfare;—salāḥi samarqandī (for salā'i samarqandī), A generous invitation; salā'i samarqandī), A generous invitation;—salāh na-mībīnam, I cannot see the good of it (m.c.);—salāhi waqt, A fit opportunity, a favourable time;]—silāḥ (v.n. 3 of electrical), Reconciling, making peace.

a ملاح ديد salāḥ-dīd, Advisable.

a ملاح کار salāḥ-kār, An adviser; a pious man, a devotee.

ه ملاحية salāḥīyat, Honesty, integrity, worth, virtue, goodness, chastity.

ملا خوان salā-khwān, Who calls to prayer, a Mu'azzin.

a = salawa, = the following.

A Allo salāyat, A stone or mortar in which musk is brayed.

A مائني ṣatāʾiq, Thin bread; (pl. of ṣati-qat), meats thoroughly dressed, well-roasted.

Allo silāya, Stones on which musk is brayed;—silāya kardan, To bray as with a muller.

burning (fever); becoming quotidian (an ague or fever); extracting marrow from bones; strengthening (a bucket) with a double cross; roasting (meat);—sulb, Hard, strong, robust; strength, power; backbone; loins; hard, rocky ground; name of a place;—salab, Marrow, fat;—sullab, Hard, strong; a whetstone.

ملبي sulbī, Proceeding from the loins, lumbar; real, natural; [shīsha'i sulbī, Bladder;—farzandi sulbiyash, His own son;]—salabī, Belonging to the cross, cruciferous.

م مليه sulbiya, Sclerotic coat (anat.).

A قال silat, sulat (v.n. of رول), Joining, coupling;—silat, sila, Conjunction, connection, relationship, affinity; a present, gift;

poetical licence (unsupported by examples); — sila'i rahim, A visit to, or intercourse with, kindred;—harfi sila, A conjunctive particle, a preposition prefixed to a noun.

salt, A broad, wide front or fore-head; straight, even, level; a sharp and shining sword; an active, bustling man; name of a man; also of a place;—salt, sult, A large knife;—silt, A thief, robber.

salj (v.n.), Smelting (silver); cudgelling;—salaj, Deafness;—suluj, Good

money; -sullaj, A cocoon.

A silh, Good, fair; name of a river; —sulh, Peace, concord; reconciliation, pacification; amicable arrangement, compact, convention; a treaty, truce (construed with the verbs uftādan, āwardan, dādan, kardan, &c.;)—sulh bā 'iwaz, Compromise;—sulhi kāmil (kull), Perfect reconciliation, definitive treaty; universal toleration;—sulh u salāhi mustaujību 'l-fulāh, Peace and concord, productive of prosperity.

A Jalo sulh-an, Pacifically.

sulahā' (pl. of sālih), Just, pious.

a ملح آميز sulh-amez, Conciliatory.

a ملح سكنى sulh-shikani, A breach of the peace.

a ملح کار sulḥ-kār, Peaceful; peace-making; amicable, conciliatory.

a ملح كارى sulḥ-kārī, Amicableness, con-

ciliatoriness. مراح المعام sulḥ-nāma, Treaty of peace, compact.

a ملحة sulha, Friendship.

ملخ salakh (v.n.), Being deuf; deafness. a ملخان salkhāna (prob. for salakh-khāna),

A slaughter-house, shambles.

ه ملك sald, A smooth, shining forehead (especially if bald); a horse not sweating; hard, solid, strong, smooth; a place where nothing grows;—salad (sald?v.n.), Striking the ground with his hoofs in running (a horse); ascending (a mountain); gnashing (of the teeth).

ملمال salsāl, Clay mixed with sand, or clay not made into earthenware; clay dry

and hard which yields a sound.

salṣal, Forelocks of a horse;—sulṣul, A ring-dove, a wood-pigeon; forelocks of a horse; white in a horse's mane; water remaining in a tank; a cup, small vessel; a skilful shepherd; name of a place on the road to Madīnah; also of a river in Yamāmah.

sul' (pl. of aşla'), Bald-headed (men);—sala' (v.n.), Being bald, baldness;—sulla', A broad and hard stone; a place

producing no herbage.

A solation salta' (fem. of solata'), Bald (woman); bare, producing nothing (ground); a misfortune; any important affair or notorious contingency; a thorny tree naked by the falling of the leaves.

A ala'at, sula'at, A bald place.

sal'am, A symbolical word frequently added to the name of Muhammad, and formed from the abbreviation of the phrase sallá' 'l-lāhu 'alaihi wa sallam, May God bless and assoil him!

palm-tree;—salf, A vacuum in the heart of a palm-tree;—salaf (v.n.), Boasting, making false pretensions; exceeding bounds; being unable to please her husband though behaving properly (a woman); speaking disagreeably or invidiously; being tasteless and giving little nourishment (food);—salif, Insipid and affording but little nourishment; a vessel holding but little; heavy (a vessel); thundering but rainless (a cloud); a boaster; one who makes false pretensions.

a obspace salq (v.n.), Making a loud, grating noise; beating (with a stick); lying with a woman prostrate on her back; overwhelming an enemy with a tremendous attack; oppressing with heat (the sun);—salaq, Plain, level ground.

ملم علم salm (v.n.), Extirpating, mutilating (nose or ears).

salawāt (pl. of the following), Prayers, benedictions, blessings; curses, maledictions; synagogues, Jewish oratories; (pl. of ṣalā) middles of backs.

ملى salāt (v.n. 2 of ملى), Praying; being merciful (God); prayer; supplication for forgiveness; compassion, mercy; a place of prayer, a synagogue.

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ملوخ salūkh, Hardship, fatal calamity.

ماود م salūd, Slow-boiling (kettle); (a horse) not perspiring; (a camel) yielding but little milk; one who through fear ascends a mountain; hard; level; solitary;—sulūd (v.n. of المداد), Sounding when struck yet emitting no fire (a flint, &c.).

م اوغ به sulūgh, Fulness of growth (in a sheep).

ملول ه sulūl (v.n. of صل), Beginning to putrify (meat), to get tainted (water).

salūn, Capers.

a ملی sila, see A ملی.

A ملی saly (v.n.), Roasting; warming before the fire (the hands, &c.); deceiving by caresses, circumventing, betraying into danger;—sallá (pret. of 2nd conj. used optatively), May He pour blessings, or be propitious!

مليب salīb, Hard, strong, firm; a cross, crucifix; three-cornered, cross-shaped; a cruciform braud on a camel; four stars behind the eagle; a standard; marrow; [salībi abkar, (great cross) A colure;—salībi bādparwā, A window-frame;—salībi khaṭṭī, A quadrangular line;—aṣhābi salīb (sulub).

The crusaders;]--sulaib, Name of a town; also of a mountain.

a مليب وار salībwār, Across, crosswise.

a مليبي salībī, Belonging to the cross; cruciferous; cruciform; a Christian priest.

مليعاه sulai'ā', The exposed privities of man or woman; any shameful affair; hardship; calamity.

a مليق = saligh, مليغ q.v.

عليف علية علية, The side of the neck, the head of the vertebræ, where they join the skull; two cross-pieces of wood on a camel's saddle whereon the litter rests (mostly used in the du. salīfān, which also means the two sides of the neck).

عليق عاية , salīq, Even, smooth, shining;

name of a town near Wasit.

مليل salāl (v.n. of صلي), Sounding (iron); roaring (the sea); the rumbling of the bowels when dry from thirst; becoming dry (a leather bottle, or the entrails of a camel from thirst).

samm (v.n.), Closing or corking (a bottle); emitting no sound when struck; being deaf, deafness;—simm, Bold, brave (man); a lion;—summ (pl. of asamm), The

deaf; hard stones or rocks.

A sammā' (fem. of aṣamm), Deaf, dumb, one that can neither hear nor be heard; hard, solid (rock), not returning an echo; misfortune, calamity; a surd in arithmetic.

A ممات sumāt (v.n. of ممات), Being silent, silence.

A classification sumah, The smell of the arm-pits when sweating; a cautery.

A the samākh, Name of a river;—simākh, The ear, organ of hearing; the hollow of

the ear; a small quantity of water.

A ماله simād (v.n. 3 of مبد), Fighting with swords; striking at each other with whips; a cork, stopper, or strap to secure the mouth of a bottle; a kerchief worn

round the head.

samām, A misfortune;—simām, The stopper of a bottle.

samān, Straw.

A description simmat, A male serpent; a bold man; adverse fortune, calamity.

A samt, Silence; speechlessness; taciturnity.

samajat (pl. محج samaj), A lamp. عند samh (v.n), Dissolving (as intense heat does the brain); striking with a whip.

A comkh (v.n.), Striking on the hollow of the ear; smiting the face violently (the sun); striking the eye or ear with the clenched fist;—simkh, A dry crudity in an ewe's teat after lambing, which dropping away, the milk improves.

samd (v.n.), Going towards, wishing to approach; corking a bottle; beating, striking; an elevated rugged place; blackness of the face from the heat of the sun;

-samad, A lord, chief, one to whom people resort in an important matter; perpetual, eternal; sublime, high; the Eternal, the Most High; a proper name (m.c.).

مبدى ,samdān مبدانى samdāni مبدى

samadī, Eternal; divine.

A معدانية samdaniyat, Eternity.

samr (v.n.), Being avaricious; keeping back, hindering; flowing through a plain from a declivity (water); - samr, sumr, The smell of a fresh leathern bottle; also of meat; putridness, stench; --simr, A place where water collects;—sumr, Water contained in a vessel; fulness of a vessel.

A مممام samṣām, Bold, resolute, keen; a sword that bends not; a sharp sword.

A مممم samsam, Extremely avaricious:simsim, Thick; hardy, keen (man); short; the middle.

A sam' (v.n.), Striking (with a stick); passing by (people), and wearying them by one's speech; -sum' (pl. of asma'), Small ears; small-eared; [sum'u 'l-ku'ūb, Dogs with small ankle-bones;]—sama', Blundering in speech; entering boldly on any matter.

معخ samgh, Gum of the tree garaz, called also samghi 'arabī, Gum arabic; [samghu 'l-qatad, Tragacanth guni ;-samghu 'l-mahras, Assafcetida;—samghi ālū, Plum-tree gum;—samghi ālūcha (kīlās), Cherry-tree gum;—samghi butm, Gum of the turpentine tree;—samghi hamāma, Gum ammoniac;—samghi sanaubar, Common frankinceuse; -- samghi kāj, White resin; -samghi nishāsta, Dextrine;]-simagh, A dry crudity in a camel's dug after colting, which falling off, the milk improves.

A Joo saml (v.n.), Striking (with a stick); being hard, firm; drying up (a tree not

watered); abstaining from food.

مة samam (v.n. of محم samam (v.n. of محم deafness; a stoppage in the ear; -simam (pl. of simmat), Bold, resolute men; lions; male serpents.

a مبوت samūt, Silent, mute, speechless; heavy (coat of mail); sharp, deep-piercing

(sword); name of a horse.

şamūr, Sable (fur).

مور ه sumur (v.n. of صور ه, Being avaricious; keeping back, hindering.

ممول A ممول sumul (v.n. of ممول), Striking with

a stick; being hard, firm.

the choicest part of anything; the pith or marrow; root, origin; core, bottom of the bcart; deaf.

a مهيمى ṣamīmī, Cordial; inward; pure, sincere.

A ow sinn, A little basket in which bread is carried; urine of a stag; name of the first of the days called aiyāmi 'ajūz, q.v. .عجوز under

sinab, A kind of seasoning for meat

made of mustard and dried grapes bruised together; long in back and belly (horse).

anādīd (pl. of sindīd), Kings, princes, chiefs, generals; troops, battalions, armies; misfortunes, dangers, calamities, great or formidable events; -sanadidi ghuzāt, The principal commanders.

sanādīq (pl. of sandūq), Chests. sinar, sinnar (from P. chanar), The plane-tree; the head of a spindle.

ه عناع ه sannā', Artist, artizan, handicraftsman ;-sunna' (pl. of sani'), Workmen, operatives.

مناعة مناعة sinā'at, Art, industry; profession, trade, craft;—sannā'at, A water-dam, a

dyke.

A oilo sunan, The smell of the arm-pits.

sana'i' (pl. of sina'at), Arts, trades, crafts; miracles; (pl. of sani'at) acts, actions; benefits, kindnesses; -sanā'i'i badā'i', Rare and wonderful works of art; skilful constructions; rhetorical flourishes, figures of speech; -sanā'i' u ma'ārif, Arts and sciences.

sanj (from P. chang), An Arabian منح cymbal, or two concave discs, which, when struck together, make a tingling sound, chiefly used as an accompaniment to other instruments; a sort of stringed instrument;—sunuj, Dishes made of ebony.

a منجات sanjat (pl. of sanj), Cymbals,

tambourines.

a منجة sanjat, A balance, scales ; a weight (also sanjatu 'l-mīzān).

a منجوق sanjūq (for منجوق q.v.), A flag. A مندل sandal, Sandal, an odoriferous wood; a perfumed embrocation obtained by rubbing a piece of sandal-wood with water on a stone; a four-legged stool; a sandal (shoe); a camel with a large head, thick and strong; (construed with the verbs būdan, sa'idan, kardan, kashūdan, mālīdan, &c.;)—sandali sur<u>kh</u>, Red sandal-wood; sandali safed, White sandal-wood.

a اساً مندل آسا sandal-āsā, A flat circular stone on which sandal-wood is ground.

a مندل دانه sandal-dana, A sort of wild

aمندلج sandalī, Made of sandal-wood; of the colour of sandal-wood, light yellow; an eunuch; name of a city in Kashmir; (for sandali) the place for the sandals or boots; throne, bench, seat, chair; a moveable scaffold; others following Ibn Batūtah derive the word in this meaning also from sandal, because such thrones were made of sandalwood; - sandalī'i kālaska, A coach-box (m.c.).

a مندرى sandūq, sundūq, A chest, casket, coffer, box, trunk.

a مندوتيه ṣandāqcha, A small chest, a ensket.

a مندرقخانة sandūq-<u>kh</u>āna, A wardrobe, a box-room; place where the regalia are kept.

a مندوقي sandūqī, Box-shaped (tomb, or scabbard of a sword made in that form).

a منديد sindīd, A prince, gallant commander; rain in large drops; violent (wind,

heat or cold); triumphant.

A san' (v.n.), Well-grooming and feeding (a horse); doing, creating; name of a bird; also of a worm;—sin', Cleverhanded, delicate-handed; a roasting-spit; dressed meat, travelling-provisions; a garment; a tailor; a turban, or turban-sash; a cistern; -sun', Doing a kind action, behaving well to; also doing ill; skilful, dexterous.

man.

a منعاني şan'ānī, Of the city San'ā.

A منع san'at (v.n. of منع), Exercising a trade.

a منعتكار san'at-kār, A workman, a craftsman.

a منعتگر san'atgar, An artizan, mechanic. a منعتگری san'atgarī, Art, artistic skill ;

performance of miracles.

sin'á, sun'á, sana'á, sunu'á, Industrious, clever-handed people.

a منعي sun'ī, Artificial, artistic.

a منعتى san'atī, Artistic.

sanf, Name of a place whence fragrant wood is brought; -sanf, sinf, Kind, sort, species; mode, manner, form; guild; category; tribe; -- sinf, Quality, property; the border of a veil; part, side; -sunf (pl. of asnaf), Male ostriches whose legs are excoriated.

a منطى sanfi, Of, from, or belonging to Sanf; - 'audi sanfi, Aloes wood from Sanf (worst kind, the best being called قماري, a middle sort قاتلی, qq.v.).

a منت sanaq, A rank smell under the

arm-pit; -saniq, Anything rank.

a منم sanam, An image, idol; (met.) a beloved object, a mistress; name of a game amongst children; stench.

a منم كدة چين ,sanam-<u>kh</u>āna منم خانة sa-

nam-kada'i chin, An idol-temple.

a منم کر sanam-gar, A maker or carver of idols.

a منو sanw, Bad wood, stones, or a small stream between two mountains; - sinw, sunw, From the same origin, as two brothers by the same father and mother, uterine brothers; a cousin; a paternal uncle; two streams from the same fountain-head; two trees from the same stock.

منوان A منوان sinwān (du. and pl. of sinw),

Uterine brothers; paternal uncles.

sanaubar, Any cone-tearing tree; a fir; the pistachio-nut; the fruit of the arz-tree.

sanaubar-khirām, Waving like منوبر خوام a fir-tree in walking.

a منوبر قامت sanaubar-qāmat, قد منوبر sanaubar-qad, Of a lofty stature.

sunuf (pl. of sinf, sanf), Different sorts or forms.

sinwain (obl. du. used as nom.), Two wells or two rivers from the same source; two palm-trees growing from the same root.

منيج sanī', Any work of art; operation, creation, performance, act, deed; a creature of God; a present, gift, donative; well groomed and fed (horse); polished and proved (sword, arrow, &c.); - sanī'u 'ddaulat, Court secretary (m.c.); - sanī'u 'lqadam, Clever, skilful; sani', A villainous action.

sanī'at, An art, action.

sawāb, Rectitude, justness of acting or of thinking; accuracy, reason, right way, correct mode, proper manner; a happy issue, success; - simti sawāb, The path of reason;—bi's-sawāb, Justly, properly, rightly, reasonably.

a مواب الديش sawāb-andesh, Right-think-

a مواهديد sawāb-dīd, Approval, good opinion; advisability; expediency.

a موابدما sawāb-namā, Showing well, appearing probable, just, or reasonable.

a عوات suwāh, Plaster, clay; sweat of a horse; milk in which the water prevails; a palm-blossom; high ground.

suwār, siwār, A herd of wild oxen; صوار

scent, perfume; a little musk.

sawārif (pl. of sārifat), Vicissitudes of fortune, accidents, events, revo-

sawarim (pl. of sarim), Sharp, cutting, &c.

A 81,0 suvā', siwā', A drinking-vessel; a large cup; a certain dry-measure.

sawā'iq (pl. of sā'iqat), Thunderbolts.

suwāgh, Form, shape, mould, cast; -sauwagh, A founder, moulder, one who casts into a form; a liar.

sauwāf, A wool-merchant.

sawam, An arid country ; -- sawam, One who fasts continually.

عوالية sawālija, موالية sawālijat, sawālija (pl. of saulajān), Clubs for playing at polo.

sawāliḥ (pl. of ṣāliḥat), Pious موالح

women, &c.

sawāmi' (pl. of sauma'at), Oratories, places of worship; monasteries; hermitages, cells.

A olo sawān, siwān, suwān, A cloth-press, a wardrohe; -- suwan, A bow-case; Assuan in Nubia; — sauwān, n. u. موالق sauwānat,

Hard stones; podices.

موب saub (v.n.), Raining, falling (rain); pouring forth water (a cloud); design, aim; course, tendency; part, side; a path, track, the right way; name of the father of a tribe.

a موجات ṣūbajāt (pl. of the following), Provinces.

a hyp sūba, A province, such as Bengal, Bahār, &c., comprising several circārs (districts), each circār containing so many pergunnahs (or hundreds of a district, so to speak).

a مونه داري ṣūba-dārī, Viceroyalty; captaincy.

A موت saut (v.n.), Calling out; shriek of distress; construed with the verbs bastan, tarawidan, rasidan, kashidan, &c.;—sautu 'l-kalb, Bark of a dog.

A tyo sauh (v.n.), Splitting, dividing;—sauh, sūh, A steep river-bank, or the precipitous side of a mountain resembling a

A jo saur (v.n.), Inclining or causing to hang down; turning; cutting, dissecting, dividing; small palm-trees joined together; the root of a palm-tree; the middle of a river; name of a fortress;—şūr, A trumpet, clarion, horn; the trumpet of Isrāfil summoning mankind to resurrection; Tyre; (pl. of ṣūrat) forms, &c.; [ṣūri āħ, The cry of one in pain;—ṣūri ṣubḥ-gāhī, The cree of anyone very early in the morning;—ṣūri nīm-shabī, Cry or lamentation in the middle of the night;]—ṣawar (v.n.), Inclining; crookedness;—suwar (pl. of ṣūrat), Forms, figures, modes, &c.

برراخي sūrūkhī, A long-necked, flagon.

A قورة saurat, An itching on the head ; sūrat, sūra, Image, form, figure; face, effigy, visage; appearance, semblance, resemblance; picture, portrait; spectre, apparition, ghost; mode, manner, fashion, shape; copy, transcript, abstract;—sūrati aḥwāl, State of the case, written statement of facts; -- $s\bar{u}rati i\underline{k}htiy\bar{a}r\bar{\imath}$, The potential mood; -- sūrati āmira, The imperative mood; -şūrat bar-dāshtan, To take pattern from ;--sūrat baslan (bandīdan), To assume a form, to consist; to be conceivable, possible, practicable; to come into existence, to exist; şūrati bayānīya, The indicative mood; sūrati hāl, State of the case; a written statement of facts; a manifesto; - sūrati daftar, A book of accounts; a journal, register, inventory; transcript or entry in such books; -sūrati diwūr, Like a picture on a wall; aghast, struck with astonishment; - sūrati shartiya. The subjunctive mood; - şūrati maṣdarī, The infinitive mood; - sūrati mu'āmala, Dissimulation; fiction; -sūrati wahmī, A spectre, hobgoblin, phantom; -sūrat yāftan, To assume a form or shape, to come into existence; — tabdīli sūrat kardan, To disguise oneself, to masquerade, to travel incognito;—dar sūrat (sārate ki), In case, provided that. (The word is moreover construed with the verbs pāzīruftan, pardākhtan, dādan, dāshtan, raftan, zadan, sākhtan, kardan, giriftan, nishastan, &c.)

süratan, To all appearance, ap-

parently, ostensibly.

a اراي) sūral-ārā (راي), Ārāy), A depictor, limner.

α مورت آهنا sūrat-āshnā, Slight acquaintance.

a مورت باز بية ṣūrat-bāz, A player, an actor. a مورت بند ṣūrat-band, An artist, painter;

sculptor, statuary.

a مورت بندى sūrat-bandī, The art of paint-

ing or statuary.

ورت بادي مرت بادي چير sūrat-pazīr, Assuming or receiving form or shape; coming into existence;—sūrat pazīr kardan, To mould into shape.

a مورت پرست sūrat-parast, An iconolater.

A مرت عرام sūrat-ḥarūm, Plausible, whose appearance promises more than events will justify, specious, superficial; fair without, foul within.

a هاه جورت عالم sūrat-khāna, A picture-gal-

lery.

a مورت خوان sūrat-khwān, One who pictures the state of angels and men as to reward and punishment on the day of resurrection, and receives a remuneration for it from the bystanders.

a مورت بند sūral-sūz, = مورت ساز q.v.

a مورت کده sūrat-kada, A picture-gallery. a مورت کش sūrat-kash, مورت کش sūratgar, A painter; a sculptor.

sūrat-garār, A depictor, lim-

ner.

a مورت کری sūrat-garī, A giving form, formation.

a مورت نشين ṣūrat-nishīn, Painted, sculp-

a مورت نگار $s\bar{u}rat$ -nigār, A painter; a sculptor.

a مورت نويسي şūrat-nawīsī, A copy, a transcript.

a مورقنها ṣūrat-namā, Apparent;—ṣūrat-namā shudan, To appear, to seem.

a مورتى sūratī, Handsome.

surqūni kabūd, A kind of willow.

şūra, see A. مورة sūrat.

a حروية ṣūrī, fem. حروية ṣūrīyat, ṣūrīya, External, apparent; pertaining to the face, facial; a native of Tyre;—inhizāmi ṣūrī, A feigned retreat, rout, or defeat;—pareshūnī'i ṣūrī, Alteration of countenance, disturbed external appearance;—mulki ṣūrī, The visible or external world;—muwāṣalati ṣūrī, Personal interview;—'illati ṣūrīya, Ostensible cause;—matā'ibi ṣūrīya, Outward troubles.

إي عوطلة sūtala. A species of beet.

A & sau' (v.n.), Separating; scattering;

terrifying, frightening; measuring with the measure $s\bar{a}$ (see $s\bar{a}$).

A & saugh (v.n.), Creating, forming, shaping, moulding, casting; melting; exercising the goldsmith's or founder's art; framing a lie; subsiding (water into the ground); flowing easily down the throat (wine); form, mode; like, equal.

sauf (v.n.), Flying wide of the mark (an arrow); declining, departing from; being turned away (the face); -sūf, Wool, a fleece; goat's hair; camelot; the cross threads of gold lace; a kind of silk stuff; a piece of wool, &c. put into an inkstand; -- sawif, Woolly.

sūfat, A flock, lock of wool; name of the father of a tribe of the Banu Muzir; -şūfatu 'd-dawāt, Wool or cotton put into an inkstand.

a موفى sūfī, Woollen; wise, intelligent; pious devout, spiritual; a religious man of the order of the Sufi (the Sufi being a higher order of mystic than the Qalandar or Malamati; for although the two latter renounce the world, they still are subject to a superior; whilst the Sufi acknowledges no spiritual head).

a موليان sūfiyān, Sūfis, religious brethren. a عوفيانه sūfiyāna, Of or relating to the Sufis; like a Sufi; simple, plain; certain musical modulations; victuals not containing flesh.

a موفية şūfīyat, sūfīya, Sūfīism; the sect of Sufis; (for صفويه) the Safawi dynasty.

a مولمي لباس sūfī-labās, Dressed like a Sūfī.

sauq (v.n.), Driving ;---sūq, A market-place, a bazar; name of a place near Madinah.

a عرك sauk (v.n.), Adhering to the body (the smell of saffron); being imbued with the smell of saffron (a garment or the body); the first or beginning of anything.

A مول saul (v.n.), Being proud, insolent, perverse, unjust, furious; assaulting, attacking, rushing upon; -sūl, Name of a place.

مولة saulat (v.n. of مول), Attacking, rushing upon; onslanght; fury, violence, ferocity, impetuosity; isaulat shikastan, To break one's power, insolence, arrogance, &c.; — saulat u shuja'at, Ferocity and valour;]—sālat, (Wheat) winnowed and heaped up.

saulajān (for P. chaugān), A long bat, curved at one end, with which horsemen strike the ball in the game of horseshinty.

مرم saum (v.n.), Fasting; standing without provender (a horse); ceasing work; being still (wind); keeping silence; abstaining from speech, from food or drink, from coition; ostrich-dung; fast; one who fasts; a Christian church.

sauma', A cloister, cell, hermitage.

A مومع şauma'at, şauma'a (v.n. of مومعة), Heaping up to a point; collecting, bringing together; a high-crowned cap, mitre, tiara; a Christian cell, a hermitage, a monastery; an eagle.

a مومعة داران فلك sauma'a-dārāni falak, The angels who surround the throne.

a مومعة نشين şauma'a-nishîn, A monk.

A ωρο saun (v.n.), Guarding, preserving; standing on the edge of the hoof (a horse).

sūn-tarāj, A farrier's tool for clipping the hoof.

A & sah, sah-in, Hush! silence!

A مهار sihar (v.n. 3 of مهار), Contraction of affinity by marriage (see مساهرة).

A مال suhāl, The neighing of a horse;—

ṣahhāl, A neighing horse.

suhām, Name of an imaginary animal, having the body of a flame-coloured dragon, and the head of a horse with four

A www suhb (pl. of ashab), Red (camels); sahab, A reddish colour mixed with white about the belly (in camels).

إ (she-camel جمياء A مهماء sahbā', Reddish wine, or the expressed juice of white grapes; red wine; -sahbā' zadan, To drink (red) wine; — sahbā'i nashāţ-afzā, Wine

raising the spirits, increasing cheerfulness.

A was sahd (v.n. of was), Burning one (the sun).

A ye sahr (v.n.), Melting; burning the brain (the sun); anointing the head; hot, sultry; relationship by marriage;—sihr, A father-in-law; a son-in-law; a sister's husband.

جورية A أيم şahrīyat, Alliance by marriage.

sihrīj, A cistern, reservoir.

sahal, sahl, A sharp, hoarse voice. A ميود sahwad, Large-bodied, corpulent.

A suhaib, Name of companion of Muhammad celebrated for his abstemious-

ميل şahīl (v.n. of صيل), Neighing; the neigh of a horse; -sahīl kardan, To neigh.

مياح siyāḥ (v.n. 3 of مياح), Calling aloud, shouting to one another; exclamation, clamour ;—siyāḥ, suyāḥ (v.n. of صبح), Shouting, crowing (a cock); being tall (a palm-tree); — saiyāh, Loud-voiced, clamourous, noisy; a kind of perfume or lotion for the head; honey; name of a man.

aiyād, A hunter; a fowler; a sowler; a fisherman; (met.) a ravisher of hearts; saiyādi ajal, The fatal hunter, i.e. death.

sayādilat (pl. of saidalānī), Natives صيادلة of Saidalān.

a ميادى ṣayādī, Hunting, fowling, fishing, shooting; the chase; field-sports.

ه بيارك sayārif (pl. of sairaf), Bankers, money-changers, &c.

sayāsī (pl. of sīṣat, sīṣiyat), Cocks' مياسي spurs, fortresses, &c.

saiyāgh, A goldsmith, silversmith.

a مياهة siyāghat, The art of a goldsmith. مياقلة sayāqil, مياقلة sayāqilat (pl. of saigal), Furbishers, armourers.

ميال ه siyāl (v.n. of مول), Insulting, overbearing, assaulting, attacking.

siyām (v.n. of مرم), Abstaining from food, fasting; a fast; (pl. of sa'im) fasters; —māhi siyām, The month of fast, Ramazān.

ميان غ siyān (v.n. of مون), Keeping, preserving; laying up; standing on the point of his foot (a horse); — siyān, sayān, suyān, A wardrobe.

ميانة ه siyānat (v.n. of مون), Preserving, laying up; defence, protection, preservation; guard, guard over oneself; support; -siyānati khūn u māl kardand, They preserved their lives and property;—siyānat kardan, To defend, support, guard, patronize, maintain, observe ;—siyānati nafs, Selfdefence or preservation; - ahli siyanat, Honest, upright people.

عيب saib ميب saib abat (v.n. of موب عيب الم Being well-directed (arrow), hitting the mark; -saiyib, A cloud pouring down.

ميت sīt, Fame, good reputation; rain; -sit u ishtihar, Fame and reputation.

ميح saih, ميح sayahān (v.n. of ميح), Shouting, crying aloud; -saihān, Name of a ram kept in Madinah, at the side of whose stable a date-tree stood that yielded exquisite fruit; hence-

a ميحالى ṣaiḥānī, A kind of Madinah date.

* saihat, An exclamation, cry, shriek. aid (v.n.), Hunting; the chase; prey, game; anything to be killed or slaughtered; construed with the verbs rahā kardan, zadan, sar dādan, kardan, giriftan, &c.; [saidi samak kardan, To fish;—said shudan, To be hunted, caught, snared, entrapped;]—sīd, sayad, A distemper incident to camels; -sayad (v.n.), Bearing the head erect from pride.

به saida', Rough and rocky ground; صيداء Sidon; name of a well renowned for the limpidity of its water.

a ميد انگن said-afgan, One who brings

down game, a hunter.

a ميد الكنى said-afganī, The killing or pursuit of game, the chase.

a ميد انداز said-andāz (الله bāz), A sportsman.

a ميد افكني a_i ميد اندازي a_i ميد اندازي q.v.saidānī, of Sidon, Sidonian.

a ميد بند said-band, A taker or capturer of game.

a ميد پيشه said-pesha, A hunter, &c., by trade; one who lives by the chase.

aidaq, Faithful, trusty. ميدق

a سيد كاه said-gāh, A forest, chase, hunting place.

a ميدكر saidgar, A hunter, fowler, fisher. a ميدلان saidalān, Name of a country or place.

a صيدلاني şaidalānī, A native of Saidalān; a druggist, chemist, dealer in-

a ميدلة saidalat, A kind of perfume; the sale of such.

a ميدي saidī, Referring to game; (in India) a capturer (by mutual consent) of pigeons (belonging to another pigeonfancier); a rival pigeon-fancier.

a مير sair (v.n.), Cutting; becoming; being; changing from one state into another;—sīr, A side, quarter, limit; issue, termination, result; a food prepared from fish, fish-jelly; a crevice in a door;—siyar (pl. of sīrat), Sheep-cotes, cow-sheds.

A sheep-cote; a cow-shed.

şairaf, ميرف sairaf, ميرف به şairaf money-changer; a cunning fellow, a cheat.

A ميرورة sairūrat (v.n. of ميرورة), Being, becoming, proving.

sais (v.n.), Producing bad dates (a palm-tree) ;—sis, A date whose stone remains soft; grains of colocynth without pulp.

A ميمة sīsat, ميمية sīsiyat, Spur of a cock ; horn of an ox or stag; a castle, fortification, stronghold; (met.) the body; a weaver's instrument for stretching equally the weft and warp; a shepherd who skilfully manages his flock.

ميخ عنج sīgh, A tract in Khurāsāu ;—siyagh, pl. of and q.v.; -saiyigh, An inventor of fictions; a liar.

sīghat, ṣīgha, A form or mould for casting metal; a form, shape, mode; formula; tense, voice, mood (in grammar); conjugation; verbal inflection; marriage, q.v., a temporary متعة marriage (m.c.); a woman married in that way (m.c.); -sīgha'i ābkārī, Distillery department; - sīghalu 'l-māzī, The past tense; -ṣī*gha'i amr*, The imperative mood; sìgha'i māl, Revenue or finance department; - sīgha'i majhūl, Passive voice;—sīgha'i ma'rūf, Active voice;—ṣīgha'i muflisī, Forma pauperis; -ba-ṣīgha'i, In the form of, as (see ميغا p. 190).

saif (v.n.), Passing the summer; summer (i.e. May and June, the hotter months being called gaiz); -- sayif, saiyif, Summer rains.

a ميفية saifī, fem. ميفية saifīyat, saifīya, Belonging or referring to the summer; saifiya, A summer-house.

sīq, Dust, especially driven about by the wind, or hiding objects from view; density of dust; noise; sweat; stench from a beast; a sparrow; name of an Arabian tribe.

ميقل saiqal, A polisher, furbisher; a sword-armourer; a furbishing instrument; polish, lustre; construed with khwurdan,

zadan, &c.;—şaiqali misi afirinish, The

a ميقل داده saiqal-dāda, Who has polished, &c.

a ميقل کر saiqal-gar, A cleaner, polisher, furbisher.

a ميقلى ṣaiqalī, Scoured, polished, furbished.

saik (v.n.), Adhering (the smell of any perfume to the body or the garments).

a ميلب sailab (probably corruption of

q.v.), A cloud pouring out rain. sīmgān, Name of a country in Persia.

şīn, The empire of China; name of a place near Kūfa; also near Alexandria.

a مينى *ṣīnī*, Chinese ; porcelain.

sayūb, Going straight to the end ميوب

or mark, hitting.

A saihab, Intense heat; a sultry day; a tall man; a hard stone; a sun-burnt

z, called zādi mangūta or mu'jama, dotted , the eighteenth letter of the Arabic-Persian alphabet, with the numerical value 800 in the abjad, is pronounced in Persian very much like z, whilst in Arabic the pronunciation inclines toward d.

ياط zābit, One who holds firm; provident, prudent; abstemious, continent; exact, accurate, punctual; a governor, commander, superior, chief; lord, master, possessor; — zābiju 'l-kull, Omnipotent, the Almighty;—zābiji umūri khizāna, Chieftreasurer; - zābiji hiṣār, Governor of the city, commander of the garrison.

a مابطكي zābiļagī, Conformity to law,

rule, or custom, regularity.

a مابطه zābita, Universal rule, general practice; canon, law, ordinance, regulation; custom, judicial usage; procedure;—zābita'i 'adālat, Legal procedure; judicial usage; -zābija'i māl, A body of instructions for revenue officers.

zāji', One who reclines much from laziness; indolent, lazy, who scarcely ever quits the house; silly, foolish; a river-bed;

a star setting in the west.

a ماحك zāḥik, Smiling, laughing; a ridiculer, laugher, derider, satirist; flashing (a cloud); a bright white stone conspicuous on a mountain.

zāḥikat, The fore-teeth (as being conspicuous when laughing; a laughing or

smiling woman.

A ماحية zāḥiyat, zāḥiya, A distant province, a border land.

A ماد za'd (v.n.), Setting upon, quarrelling with ; vulva ;—zād, The letter ف.

zārr, Noxious, detrimental, hurtful.

zārib, A beater, striker, bruiser, stamper; a coiner; a goer, traveller; low ground full of trees; a wide part of a valley; a dark night; a she-camel kicking at the milker.

عارع ما ي zāri', Small, weak; humble, suppliant; young of years.

A قاررة zārūrat, Need, necessity, straits;

narrow, strait.

ي عاري 🗚 zārī, (A dog) trained to hunting;

(a wound) which bleeds profusely.

za'z, za'az (v.n.), Acting unjustly, defrauding; oppressing, exercising violence.

A L' za'at (v.n.), Moving the head and

shoulders in walking.

A لفاعة عِقْطِهُit, A guard, observer; appointed, set over, a collector of revenue; an opening under the arm-pit of a camel; one who presses or squeezes.

ي عاغن عر<u>agh</u>in, Stubborn (horse), that re-

fuses to run without the whip.

A المواه $z\bar{a}gh\bar{a}l$, The nightmare. A الله $z\bar{a}l$, The wild lote-tree; — $z\bar{a}ll$, Straying, gone astray; a prevaricator.

រ និង ខ្លាំllat, Wandering, lost, stray

(animal).

ماسر zāmir, Slender, lank (camel); (a yard) flexible after emission.

ي خامر zāmiz, Silent; one who hangs back: a camel not protruding the shipshigat (see مُقشقة).

zāmin, A surety, sponsor, security, bondsman, bail; a small piece of wood connecting the two tubes of a huqqa; containing, enclosing; - hāzir-zāmin, Security for personal appearance, personal bail; malzāmin, Monied security, security for payment of a debt.

a مامين دار zāmin-dār, A surety; a persou

bailed, one having a bail or surety.

a ماس در مامس عرمامس عرمامس در مامس عرمامس عرمامس

lateral security.

a ماسنى zāminī, Bail, suretyship ;—zāminī dādan, To give bail;—zanjīr zāminī, "Chainsecurity," a number of persons binding themselves for one another, joint responsibility; māl-zāminī, Surety for the payment of any pecuniary obligation.

a غامن وجه zāmin-wajh, Bondsman for the

payment of rent or a debt.

a مامنية zāminīyat, Caution, surety, bail.

(from goats); a sheep; a wether;—za'an

(pl. of za'in), Wethers.

ب خائع م بَوْنَا, Wandering, lost, perished; vain, useless, abortive; injured; loss, damage; = zā'i' shudan. To perish, to be lost; -zā'i' kardan (gardānīdan), To destroy, to ruin, to lose.

 Δ مائن $z\bar{a}'in$, Wool-bearing cattle, sheep; a wether.

A sabb (v.n.), Cleaving unto the ground; abounding in lizards (a place); flowing, distilling, dropping (as blood from the gums, saliva from the mouth, &c.); having a pain in breast, leg, or foot (camel); a disease in the lip (of a camel) causing the blood to flow; also in the elbow; a swelling in the brisket or hoof; milking a camel with the whole hand; being silent; a lizard of the Arabian or Lybian species (eatable and considered a delicacy); a flower of the palm-tree before it opens.

A مبابه عبابه عبابه عبابه zabābat, Mist, fog.

مِن بِمِن بِهِ بِهِ بِهِ مِن بِهِ عَلَى إِنْ الْمِي بِهِ الْمِي بِهِ إِنْ الْمِي بِهِ الْمِي بِهِ الْمِي الْمِي الْمِي الْمِيم الْمِي الْمِي الْمِيم الْمِي الْمِيم الْمُيم الْمِيم الْمِيم الْمِيم الْمِيم الْمُيم الْمِيم الْمِيم الْمُيم الْمِيم الْمُيم لْمُع الْمُ الْمُع الْمُع الْمُع الْمُع الْمُع الْمُع الْمُع الْمُع الْمُ

zabbar, Name of a dog;—zubbar,

Name of a tree resembling the oak.

A كناطاء ṣabāṭat, ṣabāṭa, Ōffice of a ṣābiṭ (see الطاط),

ي مناع عناوز ين عناو

in Lybian lizards (a country); a tumour on a camel's foot.

A ho zabbat, The skin of the Lybian lizard made into butter; the female Lybian lizard; a broad strengthening bar of iron on a door.

مبث zabs (v.n.), Striking; taking,

grasping, clutching.

abh (v.n.), Breathing hard (a horse in running); a pace of the horse; changing the colour of anything without burning it (fire or sun);—zibh, zabh, Ashes.

zabr (v.n.), Leaping with joined feet (a horse or a man in fetters); laying (stones, books, or papers) in order one upon another; a multitude rushing upon the enemy's ranks; a nut; nutmeg; the wild pomegranate; the wild nut-tree; a hide stuffed with straw and wood under cover whereof armed men approach a fortress:—zibr, The arm-pit;—zibirr, A prancing horse; a lion.

غمس م żabs (v.n.), Pressing hard upon, harassing, or dunning (a debtor);— zabas (v.n.), Being ill-disposed, bad-tempered; being stupid;— zabis, Ill-natured; of a bad

disposition.

abd zabt (v.n.), Keeping in subjection or obedience; holding fast, preserving, guarding; managing, keeping; spelling, writing, supplying with vowel-points and diacritical signs; government direction, administration, control; confiscation, sequestration; [zabt būdan, To be preserved (m.c.);—zabt kardan, To take possession, rule over, guard, keep under control; to seize, sequestrate, confiscate;—zabti mali dīwān, Administration of public revenue;—zabt namūdan, To write, spell, give the

orthography;—zabi u rabi, Adjustment, settlement;—ahlu 'z-zabi, Agents;]—zabai, Ambidexterousness.

a t خبط بيگى zabt-begī, Overseer of confiscations.

a خبطي بعمارة, A confiscator; control, restraint; seizure, confiscation; seized, confiscated; belonging or referring to administration, police, &c.

A zab' (v.n.), Stretching out the arms in prayer; also when striking with a sword; throwing out rapidly the forefeet, going quick (a horse, &c.); going fast and shaking his sides (caniel); tyrannizing over, oppressing; inclining to peace; dividing, sharing, parcelling out; an arm, especially the fleshy part; the arm-pit; a hillock; a swift pace;—zab', zib', zub', A tract of country, a coast;—zabu', A barren year; a hyena; name of a place.

A مَبِعانة zib'anat, zib'ana, A female hyena. a مبعلي zaba'ţá, A fool; a word used to frighten children.

A c:-2 zabn, Preventing, withholding, detaining, keeping back;—zabn, zibn, Clear running water free from sediment;—zibn. The part of the body between the arm-pits and short ribs; an excavation which one despairs of making;—zaban, Detriment, loss

عبور A غبور A lion.

A غبوع zubū' (v.n. of مبع), Throwing out the fore-fect in running (a horse or camel).

منيب zabib (v.n. of منيب), Flowing, trickling (water); running (blood from the gums).

الله عن zajj (v.n.), Crying out (as anyone

helpless or overcome.

A z zajāj (v.n. of za), Forcing one unjustly to work; mischief accompanied with thmult and noise; violence; ivory; a sort of pearl or bead;—zijāj (v.n. of za) Exciting a disturbance; misdeed; any sort of tree whose fruit is poisonous; (in P. zajāj) any tree which yields a scent.

الم توزير لا توزير لا توزير لا توزير لا توزير لا توزير لا توزير ت

A signification, Sorrow, anguish, grief, vexation, weariness of spirit; name of a

bird.

n خوع (v.n.), Reclining, especially on the side (on a bed or the ground); inclining to set (a star); anything used in washing clothes (as potash, &c.); name of a plant; —zij', zuj', Name of a place;—zij', Inclination, leaning, bias.

zaj'at, One sleep or recumbency

on the side; weakness of mind; -- zij'at, A mode of lying down on one side; a rug or anything similar to lie down upon; -zuj'at, Weakness of mind; one who reclines or sleeps much, sluggish; sedentary.

A zajam (v.n.), Being distorted in any member, as in the mouth, jaw, chin, or neck; walking obliquely or slantingly.

zajan, Name of a mountain. A come zajūj, Braying whilst milking or

carrying a load (a she-camel).

zajūr, Melancholy, glum, peevish,

A E zajū', Weak in mind; capacious bucket; a heavy bottle which forces the carrier to lean on one side; a woman disobedient to her husband; a cloud moving slowly from heaviness;—zwjū' (v.n. of مجع), Reclining on the side.

A cost zajv, = to and epot qq.v.

A zajv, A bed-fellow.

A zihh, The sun; the light of the sun; a large plain without vegetation and

burnt by the sun.

ماه zahā' (v.n. of ضعاه), Going forth into the sun, apricating; dinner or lunch; -- zihā' (v.n. 3 of ضعر), Coming to one in the forencon, paying a forencon visit; -zuhā', Part of the day between sunrise and midday; luncheon-time; (pl. of zahwat) fore-noons;--'idu 'z-zuha', Name of a festival celebrated on the tenth of zū 'l-hijja, when an animal is sacrificed in commemoration of Abraham's sacrifice of his son (Ishmael according to the Muhammadans).

عماك عماك بaḥḥāk, A great laugher; a ridiculer, mocker; (for P. 47 & q.v.) name of a king of the Peshadian dynasty, proverbial

for his cruelty.

A bloo zahāyā (pl. of zahīyat), Sacrifices, victims.

عماع له zahzah, Little, shallow (water); much; hot, burning; good.

A what zahk, Fresh butter; white honey; snow; blossom; white fore-teeth; middle of the road; — zahk, zihk, zihik, zahik (v.n.), Laughing; grinning; chattering (like an ape); being pleased, satisfied, contented ;zuhk, Extremely prone to laughter;—zahak (v.n.), Being menstruous; wondering, being astonished; being frightened; flashing (a cloud); grinning, chattering (an ape).

zahkat, One laugh;—zuhkat, A laughing-stock, an object for ridicule or laughter; -zuhakat, A satirist, mocker.

A sahl (v.n.), Being little and shallow (water); containing but little water (a pond or tank); a stone in the water, the upper part appearing above.

A was zahan, Name of a city.

A sahw (v.n.), Being open, clear, conspicuous (a road); performing the forenoon prayer; part of the day between sunrise and mid-day; luncheon.

A 5, 20 zahwat, Forenoon; luncheon-time. zahūk, Extremely ضحوك A laugh; a wide, open road.

A was zahy (v.n.), Sweating; - zuhi, Forenoon; luncheon-time; the forenoon

prayer.

zahyā', A woman free from hair ضعياء A on her body; a white mare; name of a horse.

zahīyat, zahīya, A sheep to be offered in sacrifice; a sacrifice, victim.

مخ zakhkh, Tears; the gushing of water from a fountain; the squirting of urine.

A منخام zakhām, Big, bulky.

A مُخامة zakhāmat (v.n. of خفامة), Being great, thick, and bulky; bulk, thickness; corpulence.

zakhm (v.n.), Being great, thick, and bulky; bulk, thickness, corpulence.

zakhīm, Big, stout, bulky. فخيم

مد م zadd (v.n.), Filling (a bottle); getting the better, gaining a case (at law); prohibiting, averting ;-zidd, The contrary, opposite; an enemy, a rival; enemies, rivals; resembling, alike.

A مامن zidad (v.n. 3 of منة), Opposing;

opposition, contrast.

a خدى ziddī, Contrary, contradictory; wilful, perverse.

a مدين ziddain (obl. du.), Two things opposed to each other, opposites.

a مديد zadīd, Contrary, opposite; like,

resembling.

عر A خر zarr (v.n.), Injuring, hurting, harming; loss, damage;—zirr, zurr, Matrimony, especially marrying a second wife in addition to a former one; -zurr, Injury, loss; a bad condition or habit of body, leanness, emaciation.

مراه به zarā' (v.n. of خراه), Being trained to hunt (a dog);—zirā' (pl. of zirw), Hunting-dogs ;--zarra', Adversity, miefortune, affliction (opp. to al, q.v.); loss, waste, mortality amongst men or cattle.

مراب zirāb (v.n. of ضرب), Covering (as a stallion); drawing the sword;—zarrab, A coiner of money.

a البخانة zarrāb-khāna, A mint for coining.

a مرابى zarrābī, A hammer.

عرام A عرام zarāḥi (imper.), Remove to a distance; -zirāh (v.n. of t.), Kicking (as a horse); a kick; -zurāh, The heavenly house, situated in the fourth heaven (= baitu'lma'mūr, q.v. under بيت, p. 215).

غرار A مَرُّ irār (v.n. 3 of مُرَّ , Hurting each other; name of several of Muhammad's companions; — masjidi zirār, A mosque erected by the hypocrites and destroyed by

divine command.

zarārat, Loss, decrease, diminution فرارة (of men or cattle); blindness.

مراط zurāt (v.n. of فرط), Breaking wind aloud; a fart;—zarrāt, One who breaks

wind frequently; one who makes a contemptuous noise with the mouth.

براعة A غراعة zarā'at (v.n. of ورع), Humbling

oneself, supplicating.

A غراك zurāk, Thick, robust; a lion. A مراء zirām, Chips, brushwood, or other فرورينة =| fuel with which a fire is lighted q.v.).

A غرارة zarāwat (v.n. of غرارة), Being

trained, accustomed to.

zarā'ir (pl. of zarrat), Wealth on which one relies belonging to another, a portion of wealth; camels, sheep.

zarb, A porcupine. خرب

A + zarb (v.n.), Striking, drubbing, beating; stamping, sealing, coining; travelling; mixing one thing with another; making clear, pointing out; making a saying proverbial; a blow, stroke; injury, loss, damage; vehemence, emphasis, force, violence; velocity, despatch; multiplication; the last foot of the second hemistich of a verse (that of the first being called 'arūz); form, species, mode; similitude; like, equal; slight rain; white honey; [zarbi uṣūl, Beating time;—zarbu'l-fath, A beat of the drum indicating victory; - zarb khwurdan, To get a strain (m.c.);—zarbi khiyām kardan, To pitch tents, to encamp; -zarbi dast, By force of arms, by strength of hand;—zarbi (zarbu'l-) masal, A proverb, parable, idiom;—sih-rā dar sih zarb kardan, To multiply 3 by 3; -zarab (v.n.), Being struck with cold; thick white honey; -zarib, A striker, beater.

غربات 🛦 غربات zarbāt, zarabāt (pl. of zarbat),

arbat, zarba, One blow. غربة

a مَرْب عَالَمْ zarb-khāna, The mint.

a יקועט zarbuzan, A piece of artillery.

a غربي zarbī, By force, violence, compulsion.

zarrat, The fleshy part of the foot near the toes (on which one treads), or of the hand, especially under the thumbs; much wealth; a portion of wealth consisting in cattle; the teat, the whole of the udder; the root of the breast; a woman who has a husband in common with another woman, a rival-wife; one of the two millstones; -zurrat, Necessity, force, compulsion, violence.

zarj (v.n.), Splitting; soiling, staining (as with blood); throwing away.

A to zarh (v.n.), Pushing, thrusting away; refuting (evidence); digging a grave; ---zaraḥ, Bad (man or intention); far, dis-

zarar, Injury, damage, detriment, loss; distress, difficulty, straits; narrowness; narrow, strait; the brink of a cavern; construed with the verbs uftādan, bar-khāstan, dāshtan, &c.; - zarar khwurdan, To come to grief; to suffer wrong; -zarar na-

dārad, There is no harm in it;—zū zarar, Narrow;—lā-zarar, No harm (is done).

a مرر ديد zarar-dīd, Who has seen, i.e.

experienced, loss, injury, &c.

zars (v.n.), Biting with the teeth (to try the hardness of anything); biting hard; being severe, cruel, hard upon (fortune); keeping silence during a day and night;—zirs, A tooth, a grinder; long continuance in prayer; wormwood, hyssop; a pasturing ground for camels; a kerb-stone placed round the edge of a well; a hard pistachio-nut; slight rain; [zirsu 'l-hulm, Wisdom teeth;]—zaras (v.n.), Being blunt or set on edge (the teeth); -zaris, Bad tempered, irritable;—zaris sharis, Of a touchy disposition.

zart, zarit (v.n.), Breaking wind; -zarat, Thinness of the beard or eye-

zar' (v.n.), Breaking in, taming (a ضرع ⊾ horse); the udder or dug of cattle (that of a camel, however, more properly being called خلف q.v, p. 471) ;—zir', Similitude ; alike, equal; strength of a rope; -- zara', Infirm, weak, thin; unable to run (a colt); humble, lowly; - zari, Weak; humble, suppliant.

zargham, A lion, ضرغام zirghām, ضرغام zirghām-bar, Lion-breasted (a غرغام بر

ې برم ۸ zarm (?), zaram, Being hot (day); burning with hunger or thirst; being inflamed with anger; blazing (a fire); a palm-branch; — zurm, zirm (in P. zarm), Name of a fragrant shrub, sticados, French lavender; — zaram (pl. of zaramat), Things half burnt, &c. ;-zarim, Hungry; fleet (horse); an eaglet.

zaramat, zarama, Anything balf عرصة

burnt; a firebrand; a live coal.

برح A غروة zarāḥ, Kicking (horse); far-shooting (a bow).

zarūr, Necessary, expedient, unavoidable, indispensable; construed with $\bar{a}madan$, $b\bar{u}dan$, &c.; $-\bar{a}n$ - $r\bar{a}$ $zar\bar{u}r$ na- $d\bar{a}r\bar{i}m$, We do not want that, we have no need of

it (m.c.) ;—jā'i zarūr (jā-zarūr), A privy. A 8,330 zarūrat, Violence, compulsion constraint; want, necd; —zarūrāli bashārīya, The necessities of men, human wants; az sari zarūrat, bi' z-zarūrat, By compulsion, of necessity.

a مرورت zarūrat, for مرورة zarūrat-an, Of

necessity, necessarily, perforce.

a غرورت مند zarūrat-mand, Necessitous, needy.

a خروري zarūrī, Necessary.

a مرورية zarūrīya, Anything necessary.

zarūs, A vicious camel that bites her milker;—zurūs (pl. of zirs), Grinders; stones with which a well is walled in.

A جروع غروم برع غروم برع غروم برع غروم برع غروم برع (v.n. of خرف), Approaching his prey (a

wild beast); being near setting (sun); setting of the sun, sunset.

a part, lot, portion; a striker, beater; beaten, struck; like; kind, species.

A & zaribat, Nature, disposition; a sword; edge or sharpness of a sword; struck with a sword; whatever is received in tribute; cotton or wool rolled into a clew or hank.

A cyr zarīj, Rapid, swift (course); hard.

A zarīḥ, Far distant; a sepulchre, tomb, grave dug in the middle of a burying-place (if dug in the side it is called Q.v.).

A sign zarīr, Blind, made blind (not born so); sick; emaciated; afflicted with loss, pain, or hardship; side of a river or valley; soul, mind; remains of the body; patience, constancy; jealousy; a quiet quadruped; a patient man; a husband of two or more wives; surname of a learned scholar.

پوس A عربس zarīs, (A well) lined all the way up with stones; the vertebræ or joints of

the back; very hungry.

إلى المجابعة المجابع

a crik, Poor, unfortunate, tried, afflicted; blind, paralytic; afflicted with a chronic disease; foolish; an eagle; a male vulture.

A خعة za'at (v.n. of رمع), Humbling oneself; situation, position, posture;—za'at, zi'at (v.n.), Losing in trade.

A sac'd (v.n.), Strangling, throttling,

choking (see هغد).

A جمعنع بَونْ بَعْنِ بْعِي بَعْنِ بِعِنْ بَعْنِ بَعْنِ بَعْنِ بَعْنِ بَعْنِ بَعْنِ بَعْنِ بَعْنِ بِعِنْ بَعْنِ بَعْنِ بَعْنِ بَعْنِ بَعْنِ بَعْنِ بَعْنِ بَعْنِ بِعْنِ بَعْنِ بَعْنِ بِعِنْ بِعِلْ بِعِنْ بِعِنْ بِعِنْ بَعْنِ بْعِلْ بِعِلْ بِعِلْ بِعِلْ بِعِلْ بِعِلْ بِعِلْ بِعِلْ بِعِلْ بِعْلِ بِعِلْ بِعِلْ بِعِلْ بِعِلْ بِعِلْ بِعِلْ بِعِلْ بِعِلْ بِعِلْ بِعِلْ بِعِلْ بِعِلْ بِعِلْ بِعِلْ بِعِلْ بِعِلْ بِعِلْ بَعْ بِعِلْ بِعِي مِعْ بِعِلْ بِعِلْ بِعِلْ بِعِلْ بِعِلْ بِعِلْ بِعِلْ بِعِلْ بِعِلْ بِعِلْ بِعِلْ

za'! (v.n.), Slaying, slaughtering.

A saif, Weakness of intellect;—zaif, zuif, Being weak; weakness, debility; fuinting; a fainting-fit, swoon; augmenting, being twice as much; [zuifu 'l'aql, Weakness of intellect, unsoundness of mind;—zuifi mi'da, Weakness of stomach;]—zif, Equal, alike; so much again, double;—za'af, Doubled or lined garments.

A sable $zu'af\bar{a}'$ (pl. of $za'\bar{\imath}f$), Weak persons.

A تعيف بa'īf, Weak, feeble, infirm, impotent, attenuated, emaciated, enfeebled, powerless, frail, fearful, timid; blind; drunk;—za'īfu 'l-i'tīqād, Of weak faith, incredulous;—za'īfu 'l-bunyān (banīya), Frail of structure or body;—za'īfu 'l-juṣṣa, Emaciated; insignificant in size or body;—za'īfu 'l-'aql, Weak-minded.

a معيف يعن za'īf-bīnā, Weak-sighted. A weak female.

a نکیب غیف ترکیب za'īf-tarkīb, Of weak construction.

a عمل عمل يa/تِf-إِبَةً, In wretched circumstances, in distress.

a معيف نالى za'īf-nālī, A low wail.

a معيفي بِمِنْزِبَة, Weakness, imbecility. معامله بي zaghāṭat, Weakness of intellect, want of judgment.

A مغبوس zughbūs, A small cucumber; a weak man.

zaghs (v.n.), Pronouncing words confusedly and inarticulately; feeling if a camel's bunch is fat;—zighs, A handful of herbs partly green and partly dry;—zighsu'l-hadīs, A confused, intricate story (comp. ماهات), p. 70).

zaghd (v.n.), Strangling, throttling. A معدد zaght (v.n.), Pressing, squeezing, forcing, driving up against (a wall).

A distance zaghtat, One squeezing; [zaghtatu 'l-qabr, Narrowness of the tomb;]—zughtat, Difficulty, straits, narrowness; pressure.

عدم معم zaghm (v.n.), Biting, seizing with

the teeth.

A معين يتم المعلق بعدية

zaghinat, Hatred, enmity. فغينة

A مف عمل برق (v.n.), Collecting; milking (a camel) with the whole hand.

A مُفَّهُ, zaffat. One violent rush of a crowd towards water; the first gush of water, a freshet; a river's bank; the sea-shore.

A sas zafd (v.n.), Striking with the palm

of the hand, giving a slap or box.

A جمد عبر afda', zifdi', zufda', zifda', A frog عفر عبر zafr (v.n.), Plaiting, bruiding (the hair of the head); twisting a rope; jumping, running; throwing provender into a horse's mouth; a rope for binding camels or pack-saddles; a large pile or hill of sand; any structure of stone without clay or mortar;—zufur (pl. of zafār), Ropes with which camels are bound.

A case zafaf, A multitude of people eating together, where there are more mouths than meat; a number of domestics, a numerous household; insufficiency, want; need, necessity, distress; being nearly full (a measure); haste; a crowd rushing to the water together.

water together.

A غفوة zafwat, Affluence, plenty; completeness.

ي مغوف عafūf, (A camel) full of milk.

ي عفير zafir, A braided or plaited lock of hair; the sea-shore; name of a mountain in Syria.

م عفيرة zafīrat, A braided lock; hair

twisted or plaited.

A who zakk (v.n.), Squeezing, pressing;

straitening.

A Le zall, zull (v.n.), Erring, straying, losing one's way, being lost; error;—zull, Loss, destruction;—zullu bnu zull-in (zillu bnu zill-in), "Error, the son of error," one who persists in error, a worthless fellow who is not known by his own or his father's merit.

A ملاعة zalā'at (v.n. of دلع), Being strong, iron-sided; strength, vigour.

اهنّ عالمًا (v.n. of خَلُ), Erring; being lost; being overcome by anything; vice, error; perdition; ruin; [zalāli mahz, Sheer heresy, an error in faith;]—zallāl, Going greatly astray, erring extremely.

A علالة zalālat, Aberration, deviation,

error.

a ملالت كاة zalālat-gāh, A place of error

or going astray.

A zlo zal' (v.n.), Inclining, stooping; deviating from the right way; oppressing; striking on the ribs or on the side; inclination, sympathy;—zil', A rib; the side; (in math.) a square number;—zala' (v.n.), Being curved (as a sword); crookedness; being strong, robust; strength, robustness; a load of debt;—zila', A rib; a side, part, district; a piece of wood curved like a rib; a column (in the page of a book); a small mountain standing alone; name of a mountain near Ta'if; the art of speaking with a double meaning, a kind of punning.

a ملع بندي zila'-bandi, The division of a

province into districts.

a ملح دار يتila'-dār, One who presides over the collections of a district (in India).

a ملع دارى zila'-dārī, The office of a zila'-dār.

علل عبد عاملاً, An error; running water (especially among trees or under rocks, to which the sun does not penetrate).

علول م zalūl, Straying, stray; a wanderer. مايع zalī', Strong-sided; strong of arm; firm, muscular, compact-bodied (horse);

wide-mouthed, with closely-set teeth.

A مليل zalil, One who errs greatly, or who wanders much astray; surname of the poet Inru'l-Qais;—zillil, Greatly erring, very

erroenous

A \rightarrow zamm (v.n.), Drawing to oneself, gathering, collecting; incorporating, inserting; marking a consonant with the vowel \pm ; the vowel itself;—zimm, Great calamity.

a narrow bandage or fillet for binding the

head or a wound, a dressing.

A sold zimādat, A bandage for the head or a wound.

zimār, Anything uncertain (as debt, for the payment of which there is no fixed term, a mercantile adventure, the returns for which are doubtful; a suspended

punishment, or any other probable but undetermined event); property the return of which is not looked for; name of an idol.

ي ممام zimām, zumām, That by which one thing is collected or drawn to another.

h chara zamān (v.n. of chara), Answering, being surety for another; suretyship, guaranteeship, security, bail;—zimān, Recompense;—zimāni tamalluk, Recompense for the assumption of property;—zimāni fasād, Indemuification for damage, damages.

a عمانة zamānat, Security;—zamānat-an,

By way of security.

a ممانت نامه zamānat-nāma, Bail-bond, deed of suretyship.

a مماتتي zamānatī, One who gives bail or security.

a منان دار zamān-dār, A bail, security, sponsor.

zamā'ir (pl. of zamīr), Minds, &c. هماگر ه zamā'im (pl. of zamīmat), Additions, &c.

A zamj, A malodorous biting animalcule;—zamaj, Having his passion excited (a catamite); name of a disease; misfortune, calamity.

A 2445 zamkh (v.n.), Anointing (the body)

profusely.

A stick; binding up (a wound); laying on a plaster or ointment; having two lovers (a woman); contending with another; moist; dry; fat; lean; the best, or the worst, of a flock;—zimd, A friend;—zamad (v.n.), Being dry, withered; hating; remainder of a debt or fine.

غمر غير zamr. Slender in the body, thin in the belly; (a horse) with thin eyebrows;—zumr, zumur, Leanness; collapse of belly.

A وابعث zamrān, A species of plant; name of a valley in Najd;—zumrān, Name of a certain bitch.

zamz (v.n.), Holding one's peace, being silent; sticking, cleaving, adhering to.

A نحس zams (v.n.), Chewing gently;

hard, difficult.

A مَمَعَام zamzām, One who comprehends, contains, grasps, or holds everything; anything that contains, surrounds, or comprises another.

A zamn (v.n.). Answering or being surety for; suretyship;—zimn, Cover, fold, or envelope of a letter; contents; enclosure; endorsement; clause; section; idea, conception, subject; aid, assistance; [dar in zimn, In the meanwhile (m.c.);]—zaman (v.n.), Being impaired in constitution from disease; indisposition, ailment;—zamin, Impaired in constitution, an invalid; smitten with love.

zimnan, Comprehensively, inti-

mately.

a معندار zamn-dār, zimn-dār, A sponsor; an ally.

a خبنی zimnī, Implicative; collateral, corroborative (as evidence).

a ممه zamma, The sign ...

zamīr, Mind, heart; thought, reflection, sense, conscience, conception, comprehension, idea; the recesses of the mind; secret thoughts; secret; a pronoun; name of a town near 'Umān;—zumair, Name of a mountain in Syria; name of a place near Damascus.

a معمور اگاه zamīr-āgāh, معمور تگاه zamīr-dān, Who is aware of a secret; who knows another's innermost thought.

a فهيران zamīrān, Sweet basil.

a ممبرى zamīrī, Concealed; of or relating to the mind or thought; pronominal.

zamīm, Joined. معيم ▲

رَّ عَمْدِهُمْ zamīmat, zamīma, Addition, increment; incorporation; an appendix, a supplement;—zamīma'i raqīma, A postscript (m.c., see mazmūni kāghiz under ومنهون).

م نحمن zamin, A sponsor, surety; under-

taker.

A & zinn (v.n.), Being avaricious, parsimonious, tenacious.

مِنْكُ zanāk, zināk, Firm in flesh; with swelling hips (woman);—zināk, A large tree; of strong make;—zunāk, Rheum, defluxion, cold.

zinnat, Parsimony; name of five

tribes.

A منك zank (v.n.), Being narrow; straitness of circumstances, wretchedness.

a منكت zankat, Narrowness.

zanw, zinw, Offspring;—zunū' (v.n. of فانو), Being fruitful, having many children (a woman); being abundant (wealth).

A فعنى ṣaná (v.n. of دىنى), Increasing; being sick of a latent and tedious disease; leanness, emaciation; a disease;— ṣaná, ṣanī, Sick.

A zau', zū' (v.n.), Shining, sparkling;

light, splendour.

ziwā', Light, splendour, brilliancy,

resplendence.

ِ عَوْاطِ A بِهُ zawābiṭ (pl. of zābiṭat), Regula-

tions, rules, precepts.

a عراجة zawāji', A crowd, company; name of a place; (pl. of zāji'), Setting stars; windings of a river; low hills.

zawāḥik (pl. of zāhikat), The laughing teeth, those seen when laughing.

A مُوْتُد zu'ād (v.n. of نشد), Having a rheum.

ي خواع م zuwā', The hoot of an owl.

A בּקָב zavj (v.n.), Inclining, leaning; turning aside, swerving; being wide, spacious; the bend of a river.

A عون يَعْ بِيْ يَعْ عِلْ يُعْ بِيْ يَعْ عِلْ يَعْ عِلْ يَعْ عَلِي يَعْ عِلْ عَلِي يَعْ عِلْ عَلِي عَلَيْ عَلِي كَا defluxion.

Α φο zaur, Extreme hunger; hurt, injury;—zūr, A black cloud.

zauz (v.n.), Diminishing; chewing خوز ه

(dates or a dentifrice); defrauding one of his right, oppressing.

zaus, The eating of meat.

A \$\frac{1}{2} zau'\$ (v.n.), Moving, shaking, agitating; striking with terror, frightening; driving; emaciating a horse, &c. (travel); feeding her young (a bird); diffusing an odour (musk, &c., when shaken); also diffusing a bad smell;—zuwa', ziwa', An owl; a species of crow which caws all night long.

zaumar, Cocks-comb (a herb).

بومران ۸ zaumurān, Sweet basil.

ahd (v.n.), Subduing, a forcing. A خبرد zahr, A mountain-top; a tortoise.

A فيسن zahs (v.n.), Biting with the front teeth.

A مارد جمال (v.n.), Returning to its origin; returning to an attack, &c.; a small quantity of water.

A see zahwat, A pond, reservoir.

A لَيْ بَوْمُهُولًا, (A camel) having little milk; (a well) having little water;—بياستال (v.n. of معلى), Having little milk (a camel or goat); being thin and scanty (any drink); returning; defrauding another of his right.

A فييا، عمايية عمليو، عملية عمليو، zahya', ميية zahya', ميدة zahya', ميدة zahya', همية zahya', همية zahya', عميدة zahya', عميدة zahya', and not conceiving; a woman whose menses

are obstructed.

A مياء şiyā', Light, splendour, brilliancy (construed with dādan, giriftan, &c.).

a خيا يادي ziyā-pāsh, Light-diffusing. a خيا يادي ziyā-pazīr, Admitting light, en-

lightened, illuminated.

A عبات غوره غرام zayāh, Thin, watery milk;—zaiyāh,

Name of a certain man.

A وضع zayā' (v.n. of منع), Perishing; domestics; wife and children; any poor dependants; a kind of medicinal herb; also of perfume; — ziyā' (pl. of zā'i'), Wanderers; perishing, lost; (pl. of zai'at) fields, estates, villas, farms.

A فيك ziyāfat (v.n. of فيك ziyāfat (v.n. of ميك), Being a guest; a feast, banquet, convivial entertainment; hospitality; invitation;—ziyāfati ābi ḥamām, A lukewarm hospitality;—ziyāfat kardan, To give an entertainment; to exercise hospitality;—dāru'z-ziyāfat, A banqueting-hall.

a مَانَت عانهُ ziyāfat-khāna, Banquetinghouse.

a مياكستر بiyā-gustar, Light-diffusing.

A ميج zaij, ميج zayajān (v.n. of ميج), Inclining, leaning; turning away from.

A عني zaih (v.n.), Mixing milk with water; honey; ripe dates; thin milk mixed with water;—zīh, The sun; a plain or anything exposed to the sun (syn. of غ q.v.).

عير م بينة بair (v.n.), Hurting, injuring; injury, hurt, damage; want, need, necessity.

A مير zaiz (v.n.), Injuring, hurting; acting unjustly, oppressing.

A character zaizan. A rival to his father in a woman's love; offspring, children, domestics, family; a trusty guardian or keeper; one who contends with another who shall first draw water for their cattle; associates, partners; an idol.

A فيرى zizá, Deficient, short ; not properly

divided (portion).

يَّةُ بَيْنَ عِلَيْمُ عِنْ عِلَيْمُ عِلَيْمُ عِنْ عِلَيْمُ عِلَيْمُ عِلَيْمُ عِلْمُ عِلْمُ عِلْمُ عِلْمُ عِلْم rous and prosperous offspring; a mine.

A مع يع zai', zī' (v.n.), Perishing, being lost; being obsolete;—ziya' (pl. of zai'at), Farms,

estates, villas.

ميعة zai'at (v.n. of فيع), Perishing, being lost; becoming obsolete; want; an estate, productive farm, villa, village; trade, craft, profession.

ميغم zaigham, A biter; a lion.

عيف zaif (v.n.), Becoming a guest; being menstruous; seizing, taking hold of one (melancholy); flying wide of the mark (arrow); being near setting (sun); a guest, stranger, foreigner;—zif, The side; an arm.

A فيفان $z\bar{\imath}f\bar{a}n$ (pl. of zaif), Guests.

ميق عنو ب zaiq, zīq (v.n.), Being narrow, strait, or tight; being close, covetous; being unable to hold; tightness; anguish, vexation, grief, melancholy; straits, difficulties; dilemma; [zīqu 'ṣ-ṣadr ('n-nafas), Difficulty of breathing, asthma;]-zaiyiq, Strait, narrow; close, miserly.

zaiqat, Narrow circumstances, poverty, straits; one of the mansions of the moon; a tract between Ta'if and

Hunain.

a ميق نفس ziq-nafas, Asthmatic.

ميم ع zaim, Diminishing, defrauding; zīm, The flank of a mountain; name of a place.

zaimurān, A species of odoriferous herb.

zīn, Name of a mountain near San'à in Yaman.

عيون ∡aiwan, A ram-cat.

لَّهُ t, called tā'i huttī (see المجار), tā'i ghair manqūţa (muhmala) "undotted ţā," is the nineteenth letter of the Arabic-Persian alphabet, expressing 9 in arithmetic, Capricorn in the zodiac, and the moon's descendant; the Persians give to it the same power as that of our t, for which it is generally used in spelling European words in Persian characters; it is interchangeable with م, لك and الم, ض

a l tā', Name of the letter b; a man who frequents the society of women, or is given to frequent sexual intercourse.

A بالله يقل (v.n. of سيله), Being sweet, fragrant, agreeable, good, lawful; odonr, perfume, scent; an excellent flavour; excellence;—taba (3rd sing. pret. of طيب), It was fragrant (in prayer used with an optative meaning);—ţāba sarā-hu (sirru $h\bar{u}$), May his grave be fragrant! i.e. may he rest in peace!

A & tabat, Wine; dates; the town of

Madinah.

ي طابع <u>tâbikh</u>, A cook; an angel who tor-

ments the damned; a burning fever.

tāba', tābi', A seal-ring, or any other instrument by which an impression is made, or with which tithe-cattle are branded; stamp, mark, impression;—<u>tābi</u>, A printer; a stamper, a sealer.

ي ابتي له tābaq, tābiq (from P. طابق tāba), A frying pan; a large brick; a joint; a limb; half of a sheep; -tābiq, Corresponding to;

agreeing with.

ي ماين م tābin, Very skilful or cunning.

T تابوت tābūt (for A. تابوت tābūt), A bier. إِمَّا يُونِ A pit or other place where fire is covered up to preserve it for further

a خاله tāba, A frying-pan, a skillet.

طينچه tāpancha, A slap, &c. (= طينچه q.v.).

A ألم ta'at (v.n. of وطيء), Being even, level, soft (ground or bed); treading, trampling;— $t\bar{a}$ 'at, Clay, mud.

ي طات tat, Persians; so called by a tribe who dwell between Hamadau and Kurdi-

stān.

A سجك tājan, tājin, A frying-pan. لم يقه daḥūnat, A water-mill. ماحونة

طاخله tākhak, A sort of tree in Tabaristan; according to others, the fruit of a tree in Gurgan, whose leaves are said to be fatal to animals.

ظارطهه taratqa, A cherry.

a طارف tāraf, Newly-acquired wealth; tarif, One between whom and his first an-

cestors many generations intervene.

tariq, One who comes at nighttime, a nocturnal traveller; the morning star; (in P. perhaps taking tariq in the sense of "knocker," and applying it on the principle of "pars pro toto") a door.

A said tāriqat, A family, kindred, tribe;

a small throne, sofa, or couch.

a عارم بارمة بارم يقتم يقتم يقتم يقتم الم يقتم عارم يقتم عارم يقتم عارم يقتم عارم يقتم عارم عارم عارم عارم عارم mat, A wooden building of a circular form with an arched roof; a dome; a roof; a palisade to exclude people from a garden; -tūrami a<u>kh</u>zar (fīroza, nīl-gūn), The sky ; tārami chārum, The fourth heaven, the solar sphere or orbit; the firmament.

ي طأري ه tārī, Who or what comes sud-

denly and unexpectedly; intervening.

A الله tāri'at (fem of the preceding), Calamity, heavy misfortune.

a Au, Lārīqa, A purgative seed.

a vill tāzaj (from P. tāza), Fresh; sound, pure, good (condition).

a ازى tāzī, An Arab; Arabia; a grey-

hound (see تازى, p. 275).

اس A ماس يقي يقم, A cup, goblet; a dish; the vessel in which water is cooled; brocade;tāsi āb-gūn (nigūn), Heaven ;-tāsi aflāk, The vault of heaven ;- tāsi chil kalīd, A kind of wishing or divining cup :- tasi zar. The sun (the golden dish);—tāsi sā'at, An hour-glass; - ţāsi gadā'i, A beggar's bowl (.v.) كشكول =)

A ماسات tāssāt (pl. of the preceding),

Cups.

a أسهة tascha, طاسك tasak, A little cup.

a مانه tāsa, A kind of drum.

a المَّهُ بُوال tāsa-nawāz, A player on the tāsa. a خارى tāsa-nawāzī, Performance on

A LL tat, Long, tall; strong; bold, courageous; quarrelsome; a libidinous and

noisy stallion.

ي المالكة ta'ta', A camel with a short, thick neck; low ground, a hollow where one can lie hidden.

A 8" b" La'ta'at (v.n. of "b"b), Lowering (the head); being lavish in spending money.

العاس يق tā'āt (pl. of the following), Acts

of devotion.

A ماعله tā'at (v.n. of عامع), Obeying, submitting to; obedience, obsequiousness, submission; the service or worship of God, devotion, act of devotion; a female proper name; construed with the verbs burdan. bastan, kardan, &c.

a ماعت پيشه tā'at-pesha, Obedient, obse-

quious.

a ملاعتگاه $t\bar{a}'at$ - $g\bar{a}h$, A mosque, temple, church.

a مناعت ور tā'at-war, Obedient, obsequious. ي طاعل ي ي ي d'il, A straight, firm arrow.

A ماعن tā'in, Reproaching, blaming; stabbing; a piercer, spearer; an asperser, a slanderer; — tā'in fī's-sinn, Stricken in

a ماعون زمة tā'ūn-zada, Smitten with pestilence.

dlغستان <u>tāgh</u>istān, A grove of tāgh-trees;

name of a country (see تاغستان).

ي المعرب لا يقول يقط يقط يقط المعرب لا يقط المعرب object worshipped (excepting God), particularly an ancient idol at Mecca; Satan; a diviner, soothsayer, augur; an heresiarch.

ي ملاغي <u>tāgh</u>ī, A rebel, leader of faction or insurrection; a refractory, disobedient, insolent man; a tyrant (applied by the Muhammadans to the Greek emperors of Byzantium or Constantinople).

A ماغية يقي daghiyat, A tyrant; a Greek emperor (see preceding article); a proud, insolent fool; a thunderbolt; a loud shrick under the infliction of torture.

ي طائح A مائح tāfih, Overflowing (pond); full of

drink.

- ي طاق ي tāq, An arch; an arched building, cupola, or any kind of vaulted work; a window, balcony; in these meanings construed with the verbs bastan, zadan, kashidan, gashtan, namudan, &c.; a kind of tree; a kind of wadded garment; a green scarf (tailasān); name of a town in Sīstān; also of a fortress in Tabarīstān; odd; a fold, plait, ply (construed with uftādan, shudan, gardīdan, kardan, &c.); open; a peculiar noise or echo; -tāqi abrū, An arched eyebrow; - tāqi azraq (bazīcha-rang, khazrā, tāram, fīroza, kuhlī, lājawardī, nīlufarī, nīm-khāna, nīm-khāya), The azure vault, i.e. heaven, sky;—<u>t</u>āqi īwān, The frieze of a palace, a portico; <u>tāq</u> bar-nihādan, To forget, leave, omit; -tāqi pul, Arch of a bridge; -taqi shakar-bura, A kind of triangular sweetmeat;—tāqi farāmāsh (nis-yān), The arch of forgetfulness, i.e. oblivion; - taqi muqarnas, The throne of Solomon; the sky, heaven; — tāqi nashīman, Council - chamber (m.c.); — tāqi nuṣrat (nașri), A triumphal arch (ni.c.);-țāq u turumb (turum), Pomp, pride;—bar tāq nihādan, To promote to the highest rank; to forget, leave, omit; —dū-tāq, Double; sih-tāq, Triple; --nuh tāq, The uine vaults of heaven.
- a طاق بندى <u>tāq-bandī</u>, The picture of an arch painted upon a wall by way of adornment.
- لاقة لا يقوم tāqat, tāqa, Power, force, strength. a طائت آزمائي tāqat-āzmā'ī, Trial of ability or strength.

a ماقت ور يق tāgat-war, Powerful.

a على جفت tag-just, The game of odd-and-

a مانجة taqcha, A little window; a niche (m.c.).

a عاتدانه tāqdāna, The cornel-tree.

- a طانديس <u>taqdes</u>, Archwise; a portico, verandah; a royal pavilion; the throne of Khusrau; likewise that of king Solomon.
- a طاق بندی taq-namā'i, = طاق نمائی q.v. a ماته يقوم, A single twist of a rope; one sprig of a flower; a single silken garment; power, strength; patience, endur-
- a ماتى يؤāqī, A kind of high-crowned hat or mitre (also طانين $t\bar{a}q\bar{\imath}n$); the froth of urine in a chamber-pot; sediment in the urine of a sick person; a cloud; wall-eyed (horse).

a طاقيات tāqiyāt (pl. of the following),

Fillets, &c.

a طاتية tāqiya, tāqīya, A fillet, especially

one worn under the head-dress; a balcony, pent-house; a cornice.

ياتيه دوز fāqiya-doz, A head-dress maker;

a deceiver.

A بال المعاتب tāla 'l-ma'ātib, The (love-) quarrels have lasted (too) long, i.e. let bygones be bygones.

لا بقاة لا يقال بقاة tāla-baqāhu, May his existence

be prolonged!

A Lill talib, One who asks, inquires, demands, interrogates, or requests; craving; importunate; a beggar; an inquisitor, inquirer; a pursuer; studious, desirous of knowledge, curious;—tālibi dunyā, Worldlyminded;—tālibi dīdār, Who longs for the sight of, a lover; — tālibi 'ilm (tālibu 'l-'ilm), A searcher of knowledge, a student ;-tālib u mailub, The seeker and the sought. lovers;—abū tālib, Name of the paternal uncle of Muhammad, and father of 'Ali.

a ماللك يقانلق tālibān (P. pl. of the preceding), Seekers, students, &c.;—tālibāni fazīlat-

gustar, Learned and excellent men.

ي طالع يقاني, Wicked, villainous (opp. to q.v.);---agar sāliḥ u agar tāliḥ, Whether good or bad ;-lau-lā 's-sālihūna la-halaka t-tālihūna, Were it not for the righteous. verily the wicked would go to perdition (be cut off).

A عالغ إقان, Who or what arises, appears, breaks forth, is born or produced; the false dawn, twilight; an arrow which flies beyond the mark; the new moon; horoscope, fortune, fate, destiny, chance ;—tāli'i mas'alat, The horoscope drawn as to the result of any particular action;—tāli'i wilādat, The horoscope of birth.

a طالع آزمائي tāli'-āzmā'ī, Trial of one's

fortune.

a طالع يورهي tāli'-pizhūhī, The seeking of good fortune.

a طالع هناس tāli'-shinās, An astrologer, a

fortune-teller, a soothsayer.

a عالعبند tāli'mand, Fortunate, prosperous. a طالعمندي tāli'mandī, Fortune, prosperity, wealth.

ي طالع ور a tāli'war, Fortunate.

a طالعمندي ي لي dit'wari, = طالعمندي q.v. A طالعروي b tāliq, Divorced, repudiated (woman); cattle sent loose to pasture.

ي العان <u>tāliqān</u>, Name of a city between Balkh and Marv; also of a place distant a

day's journey from Kazwin.

tālqūn, A species of poisonous brass or mixed metal, composed of iron, antimony, lead, gold, tin, copper, and silver, of which tweezers are made for pulling out hairs, which never grow afterwards, or at least but slowly.

A طالوط يقاليز, Saul (the king). طالوت للم T طاليان tālyān, (Italiano) An İtalian.

tālīsfar, The bark of an Indian olive which, applied to the mouth, is a cure for certain diseases.

طالقون $t\bar{a}l\bar{i}q\bar{u}n$, طالقون q.v.

a عامات tāmāt, Doubtful words, without certainty, incoherent speech, raving nonsense; vainglory, boasting; hypocritical; barbarously pronounced.

A Lammat, Adversity; a calamity which surpasses all others; the resurrection.

ي dimis, A menstruous woman.

A طامع tāmih, High, elevated; looking upwards; covetous, eager; - tāmihu 't-tarf, A quick-sighted horse.

A donir, A flea; name of a plant; tāmiru bnu tāmir in, One unknown himself

and whose father is not known.

tāmi', Covetous, greedy, desirous, المامع مامع hopeful, appetitive.

A dealb tami'at, Appetite.

tāmī, Swelling, raging (the sea or طامي

any mass of water).

ا وس A عاموس tā'us, A peacock; a handsome man; silver; ground verdant with vegetation; name of a man; -tā'usi ātish-par (the peacock with wings of fire), The sun; tā'usi khuld, Virgins of Paradise;—tā'usi 'ulwī-āshyān, Fire (see bacha'i tā'usi 'ulwīāshyān under 🚓 p. 157) ;—ţā'usi mashriqkhirām, The sun; heaven.

a ماؤس ير <u>tā'us-par</u>, Having a plumage like a peacock;—<u>tā'us-parōni akh</u>ţar, An-

gels; stars.

a أوس درة tā'us-darra, The peacock plain, name of a place (m.c.).

a طائوس رنگ tā'us-rang, Of the colours of the peacock.

a قائوس مادة tā'us-māda, A peahen. a مائوس مادة يقرّ usī, Of or relating to the peacock; adorned with peacock's feathers, or with jewels, to resemble a peacock's tail.

tawushī, A kind of coloured stuff طارهي

or garment.

ارى A مارى tāwī, Starved, hungry, eating no-

thing.

tahir, Clear, pure, unsullied, chaste, clean, holy; - tāhiru 's-siyāb ('z-zail), Of unsullied life; -qalbi tāhir, A pure heart.

ي طاهي <u>tâhī</u>, Cooking; a cook; a baker. A فاي <u>tāyat</u>, A flat roof, terrace, or surface; a place where dates are tried; a

large rock in sandy ground.

A فالله يُورُ إِمَّانِهُمْ A destructive calamity ; a

ruined man, one undone.

ارَّم tā'ir, Flying; a flyer; a bird; the thing from which an omen is taken (originally a bird); an omen (especially a bad. one); work, act; the brain; -ta'iri sidra (sidra-nishīn), The bird of Sidra (a species of paradisaical tree), the angel Gabriel;tā'iri qudsī, An angel;—tā'iri qiyās, The reasoning faculty.

A مَاتَفُ لِمَ'ish, Volatile, light, flighty;

pettialı.

ي طائع ۾ tā'i', Obedient, cheerful, willing. A المحاتف يق ي طائعا , iā'i'an, Willingly, cheerfully, with pleasure.

A will ta'if, Who or what goes round; a night-watch or patrol; the ox which is stationed at the outer edge of the threshingfloor; the middle of a how; one who performs the circumambulation of the Ka'bah; a phantom, spectre, an apparition in a dream, especially of a mistress; name of several cities, especially a celebrated one in Hijāz.

A lath ta'ifat. A people, nation, tribe, family; a troop, hand, body, company, clique; suite, train, equipage, attendants; a sect; a company of dancing girls and musicians; a caravan;—tā'ifa'i insanīya, The female sex (m.c.); —tā'ifa'i shamsu'ddin-lü, The tribe of Shamsu'd-din (m.c.).

A المعالى <u>t</u>ā'ifatāni, Two companies, i.e. Jews and Christians.

لاكل مِ يُعْرَنُوا, Long; power; profit, advantage; riches, wealth; excellence; spaciousness; -lā tā'il, (There is) no profit; it is useless to talk of it any more.

Leathern bottle) by covering the seams with a strap; skilful, expert; eager to cover (a stallion); -tibb, tabb, tubb (v.n.), Medical art or treatment; medicine for body or mind; magic, witchcraft, necromancy, fascination; benevolence, courtesy; [tibbu 'nnisa', Name of a book on female diseases; -'ilmi tibb, Science of medicine;]-tibb, Will, desire, inclination; nature, habit, custom.

م بابله <u>tabābat</u>, A long, streaky cloud; tabāba (in P.). Meat dressed soft;—tibābat, The medical art, the practice of physics; a strip of leather for covering the seams of a water-bottle.

A the tabakh, tubakh, Strength, stability; plumpness, fatness;—*tabbākh*, A cook. A طباعة tibākhat, The art of cookery;

tubākhat, The scum of a pot boiling over.

tibāz, A kind of large red fig.

A طباهير, إabāshīr (S. tavakshīra), A substance of a silicious nature produced in the bamboo, used in medicine; also the ashes of the roots and joints; bamboo-manna; qq.v., pp. 278 تبشير .qq.v., pp. 278 and 280) happy tidings, &c; -tabāshiru'l-haiyāt, Chalk, lime, plaster; whiting; -tabāshiri subh, The light of dawn.

م طباطبا م tabāṭabā, Surname of the greatgreatgrandson of Alī, Ismā'īl bin Ibrāhīm, on account of his pronouncing the letter 3

like b.

a طباطبائی tabāṭabā'ī, Descending from Tabātabā;—saiyid tabātabā'ī, A lineal descendant of Tabataba.

A طباع tibā', Nature, temperameut, complexion, disposition, nature's stamp; understanding, genius, intellect, judgment; impression, print; (pl. of tab') natures; firms; [daru 't-tiba', Printing-office;]-tabba', A potter; a sword-cutler; a printer.

A delib tiba'at, The art of forging swords

or moulding earthen pots; printing.

A طباق tibāq (v.n. 3 of طباق), Agreeing, suiting, fitting, matching; higher part or surface (of ground); a large dish or plate, a tray; a vessel for kneading; a basin, bowl; (pl. of tabaq) things similar to one another;—<u>tubāq</u>, <u>tabāq</u>, Name of a long blue flower frequent in the mountains near Shiraz; -tubbāq, Name of a tree found on the mountains near Mecca, a specific against poisons, scab, fever, or inveterate obstructions of the liver.

ل طباقى A طباقى tabāqî, Of or relating to a plate or platter.

A JUL tabbāl, A drummer.
A JUL tabbālat, The art of drum-beating. غبابه tabānja, مجابه tabāncha, A box, blow, slap (construed with khwurdan and zadan) ;-ba-tabāncha rūyi khwud surkh mīdarad, He puts a good face on a bad bargain.

طباهيم إلى طباهيم إلى طباهيم إلى طباهيم إلى طباهيم إلى المباهيم طباهيم طباهيم soft meat,

مِنائع لِabā'i' (pl. of tabī'at), Natures, tempers; constitutions, dispositions.

A منه tabbat, Clever (fem.); cleverness; tibbat, An oblong tract of grassy ground or clouds; also a long segment of cloth, or a leathern strap about the breadth of the finger; -tubbat, A strip of leather for covering the seams of a water-bottle.

م يطبع tabj (v.n.), Striking anything hollow (as the head); confirmed stupidity;—

tabaj (v.n.), Being foolish, insane.

tabkh, A cooking; cookery;—tabkhi طبخ A desking huzur (nazar), Cooking under supervision and with great care.

a طبع خالة tabkh-khāna, A cook's shop; a kitchen.

tabar, Name of a district in Persia طبر (Tabaristān).

לאניקיט tabarkhūn, The red Hyrcanian or Tabaristan willow; the jujube; a red colour . (p. 279 نبرخون see

a عبرزد q.v., p. 279), قبرزد q.v., p. 279), tabarzal, طبرون tabarzal, طبرون tabarzan, Sugar-candy; conserve of roses.

البرس م tabras, tibris, An arrant liar. طبرسان tabaristan, The ancient Hyrcania. ي طبري tabarī, Of or referring to Tabaristān (see bedi tabari under بيد); a native of Tabaristān.

a طبرية tabarya, Tiberias.

مارز A طبر tabz (v.n.), Filling; lying with, coition;—tibz, The angle of a mountain; a double-hunched camel.

مبس يabs, Black ;--tibs, A wolf ;--tabas, Name of a city in Khurasan.

dabsa, Tapestry, a carpet.

A طبش tabsh, Men; a body, troop.

A طبطاب tabtab, A bird with large ears; also-

ا مبطابة tabṭābat, The club, bat, or racket,

with which they strike the ball at the game of tennis.

A طبطبه tabtabat, tabtaba (v.n. of طبطبه), Making noise; the sound made by the dashing of torrents or water-falls, or in walking, or in whipping.

ي tabtū, A kind of water-bird.

printing, stamping; signing, sealing, making an impression with a seal; presenting a fair mark for a blow (the nape of the neck); casting a veil over the heart (God); an impression made with a seal; nature, genius, temperament, stamp of a character; form, shape, air; likeness, resemblance; [tab'i ilāhī, Divine nature;—tab' tez kardan, To make eager for ;- tab'i kāfurī, A cold and dry temperament; a dull, stupid, frigid fellow; death; -bi't-tab, Naturally; -hātimtab', Of the disposition of Hatim, generous, liberal;]—tib', A water-course, channel, rivulet; a measure full; a leathern bottle for churning; rust, soil, dirt; name of a river;—taba' (v.n.), Becoming rusty (a sword); being dirty; being mean, sordid, abject; being idle, slothful; -tabi', Sordid, mean, abject.

a أوما يعلم إنا يع أوما يعلم أوما ي sition.

a مناهضا tab'khāna, A printing-office.

a عبع زاد ي طبع زاد ي طبع زاد ي

a طبعه taba'a (for تبعه q.v.), Subjects; subject (m.c.).

a طبعى tab'ī, Natural, physical.

a high tab iat, = hearb q.v. daby (v.n.), Cleaving to the side (the hand) ;-tibq, Anything corresponding with, or joined to, another; the fruit of a certain tree; bird-lime; gins, springes; a multitude (of men or locusts); _tubq (pl. of tabiq), Hours of the night;—tabaq (v.n.), Cleaving to; a dish, plate, tray; a lid, cover; an orb, disk, sphere; a layer, stratum; crust, rind, coat (as of an onion); the storey of a house; a platform; surface of the earth; a leaf; gold-leaf, tinfoil; a thin bone between the joints of the back-bone; whatever matches, tallies with, or fits another thing; the vulva; tribadism; one thing following another; an age; a period of twenty years; the greater part of a day or night; state, condition; [tabaqi zambur, A bee-hive ;--banātu 't-tabaq, Misfortunes, calamities ; bintu 't-!abaq, A tortoise (said to lay 99 eggs producing a tortoise, and one egg producing a serpent).

ي إabyā, A kind of grain agreeing with

horses but not with men.

ي طبقات A dbaqāt (pl. of tabaqat) Kinds (of

men); degrees, steps, stories.

A طبقة tibqat, tabqa, An hour of the day; a gin, noose, snare; -tabaqat, Ouc thing following another; a degree, stage, story,

floor, stratum; a class or order of men; race, generation ;—tabaqa'i bālā, An upper story; -tabaqa'i pā'īn, Ā lower story.

a Labagcha, A small plate, saucer. a مبقيعي tabaqchī, One who has charge of dishes or plate, clerk of the scullery.

tabqarī, A small plate; side, border.

a في بين بين tabag-zan, = مان q.v., p. 659. مال tabl (v.n.), Drumming; a drum, single or double; a tambourine; garments on which are figures of drums; people, creatures; taxes, tribute;—tabli āsāyish, Sounding a retreat;—tabli amān zadan, To sue for quarter or pardon; — tabli baz, A drum beaten by hunters to rouse aquatic birds to be captured by a falcon; - <u>t</u>abli bāz ba-rāyi <u>kh</u>wud mī-zanad, He talks at random without anybody listening to him;—tabli baz-gasht, A drum beaten to give the signal of retreat;—tabli talkhī (in the language of Sodomites), Podex;tabli tahī, Boasting, vain-glory; — tabli haidari rūzī, The drum of a man of Raiy called Haidar, who bragged of hunting lions whom he pretended to frighten by beating his drum;—tabl khwurdan, To be afraid, to fly in terror;—tabl dar zīri gilīm zadan, To strive to conceal what is notorious; -tabl dar zīri gilīm māndan, To be obseure, little known;—<u>tabli ruswā (ruswā'ī)</u> zadan, To divulge one's own shame;—tabl zadan (firo koftan, nawākhtan), To beat a drum; -tabli siwum zadan, To beat the midnight-drum (a watchman); -tubli shab, A tattoo (m.c.);—tabl-ash darīda shud, His secrets have been divulged;—tabli 'asas, The drum of a night patrol or watchman;tabli wāpas (or tabli mātam), A drum which is beaten on the day 'ashūrā.

a طبل باز abl-baz, A drum hung at the

saddle; a drummer.

a عليفانه tabl-khana, Warlike music; a concert of drums; a band of music.

a طبل زن tabl-zan, A drummer. A طبل بن tablaq, A bundle of papers.

a طبلك يablak, A little drum; also a drum made of two kettles, joined bottom to bottom, and covered with a skin; a mitre, cap, tiara; a fillet. *a جا*ل نواز *tabl-nawāz*, A drummer.

a عبل نوازي tabl-nawāzī, Drum-beating. a طبله tabla, A large wooden dish in which fruits are exposed for sale; a small tambourine, a little drum; a round butt or mark for archers; a sandal or slipper; a contrivance made of hair by brandishing which falconers call back the falcon; anything thrown or shot at birds, sprung by a pointer, which brings them down; -tabla'i 'attar, A perfumer's tray.

a طبله خوار ي dabla-khwār, Eating gratis; a

parasite.

a غبله نواز غليله غواز abla-nawaz, A drummer.

abn, taban (v.n.), Covering up (a

fire) to prevent (its) dying away; people, persons;—tubn, A lute, a guitar;—taban (v.n.), Knowing, perceiving, understanding well; quickness, sagacity;—taban, tabn, tubn, tubn, tuban, A kind of game with lines scored on the ground; a carcass laid to entice vultures;—tabin, Sensible, intelligent, knowing, sagacious;—tiban (pl. of tibnat), Intellectual powers, subtleties;—tuban (pl. of tubnat), Games of nine-pins.

tibnat, Understanding, quickness of apprehension;—tubnat, The sound of a lute or guitar; a kind of game with three

or nine stones or pieces.

طبانیه tabancha, A slap, &c. (see طبانیه tabang, A greengrocer's tray.

A jub tabw (v.n.), Calling to.

a قريقٌ طبور qarya'i) tabūr, The city of Tiberias.

a مرا طرو jabali) tabūr, Mount Tabor. فيم taba, An European carpet with a short pile.

A منابع tiby, tuby, A nipple, a dug;—tibbī, Medicinal, medical.

a مديمة ين مدرسة <u>tibbī-madrasa</u>, A medical college.

a طبيعي tabibi, Profession of a physician. A طبيع tabikh, Cooked; ripened; anything dressed, especially half-roasted or parboiled; a decoction; a brick, tile; plaster, mortar;—tibbikh, in P. also tabikh, A melon.

tabidan, To palpitate, throb, beat.

A طبيدس tabis, Abounding, overflowing

(sea).

A dispersion, Mature, essence, quality, property, genius, complexion, temperament, constitution, humour, instinct, temper, disposition;—lalifu 'i-labi'at, Of a pleasant disposition, gracious, mild, gentle.

a طبیعت دار tabī'at-dār, Naturally sharp

or clever; inventive.

a مبيعت شناس <u>tabī'at-shinās</u>, A physician. a مبيعت كدة *jabī'at-karda*, (A child) beginning to smile and talk.

a طبيعة tabī'i, fem. طبيعة tabī'iyat, tabī'īya, Natural, intrinsic, physical, innate;

-hararati tabi'iya, Natural heat.

A ملية يُقْلَمُون بِمُ الْمَدِينِ بِمُ الْمَدِينِ بِمُ الْمُحِينِ بِمُ الْمُحِينِ الْمُعْلِينِ الْمُعْلِينِ الْمُعْلِينِ اللهِي المَا اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ الل

المانية tapin, Restless, agitated, distracted. مانية tapāncha, A blow, box, slap; a pistol;—tapāncha khwurdan, To be slapped, cuffed, buffeted;—tapāncha'i shash-lūla, A six-chambered revolver (m.c.).

مْهانيدن tapānīdan, To cram, stuff; according to others, to do what one is ordered

or desired to do.

ليش يapish, Palpitation;—tapishi dil, A palpitation of the heart.

tapīdagī, Palpitation. طپيدگي

لميدس tapidan, To palpitate (as the heart), to throb, beat; to wallow; to totter, fall.

A de tass, A boy's game, throwing a ball.

ي طائر A على tagr (v.n.), Being thick (milk), covered with cream; name of a section of the tribe Azd.

م المراجع المجاهة tagrat, Thick milk covered with cream; thick water full of sediment, black mud; water-moss; affluence, happiness.

tasraj, A small yellow ant, a pis-

mire.

A $\omega \Rightarrow tajn$ (v.n.), Frying in a pan. A $tih\bar{a}b$, Name of a place.

A disait, The milt, spleen; name of a stone; also of a place;—tuhāl, A disease of the spleen.

A Ob tahhān, fem. dib tahhānat, tah-

hāna, A miller.

َ A مُعانَّة tiḥānat, Grinding, trade of a

tahr (v.n.), Throwing out a mote (the eye); casting away a green film (a fountain); extirpating the foreskin (a circumciser).

A description, description.

A demotion take (v.n.), Lying with.

tahsh (v.n.), Becoming obscured

(the eye).

A clib tahtāh, A lion;—tihtāh, kabb tahtahat (v.n. of Lb), Separating, scattering; destroying; breaking; smiling, showing the teeth.

spleen;—tahil, tahal (v.n.), Hurting in the spleen;—tahal (v.n.), Having a complaint in the spleen; having a large or swollen spleen; becoming corrupt (water); being dust-coloured, or the colour of the spleen;—tahil, Splenetic, irascible; full; (water) filled with moss.

A — Lab tihlib, tuhlab, tuhlub, Waternoss.

a عمورت taḥmūras, Name of a Persian king (see تعمورت, p. 339).

A cost tahn (v.n.), Grinding (a mill); coiling up (as a serpent);—tihn, Meal, flour;—tuhan, A dwarf; a species of animalcule.

A jab tahw (v.n.), Throwing (a man) on his face; expanding, spreading out; drawing out lengthwise; travelling, removing to a distance; perishing; lying on the left side.

αλῦτ, Swift, rapid; a bow shooting with velocity; an eye throwing out motes; a fountain throwing out green film.

A wattan, A multitude, phalanx bearing down all before them; a fierce battle; many camels (about 300).

A طه takhkh, Projection; removal; co-

مخاف <u>takh</u>āf, A thin, high cloud;— <u>tikh</u>āf, A thin cloud through which the sky is seen; (pl. of takhfat), Thin, transparent clouds.

tikhz, A lie, a fulsehood.

Likhs, Root, origin, base, cause, author; limit, extremity (of anything).

takhshīqun (G. τοξικόν), Poison.

A takhf, Grief which clouds the mind; sour milk, curdles; a thin, high

A takhm (v.n.), Being proud, haughty, overbearing; pride, haughtiness.

tukhūm, Limits, bounds, boun-

daries (see A. * tukhm, p. 288).

tarr (v.n.), Compelling; driving (cattle) together from different quarters, and ranging (them) up to the right and left; sharpening; splitting, cleaving, cutting; coating a cistern with clay; giving a slap or blow; falling; dismembering, cutting off; - turr, All, the generality.

A olb tara', solb tara'at (v.n. of 'de), Being fresh, moist, succulent (a vegetable); -tarrā' (pl. of tārī), Comers by surprise.

ي طرابلوس هام A عرابلوس هام ي طرابلوس هام A عرابلوس هام

tarābulūsi gharb, Tripoli in طرابلوس غرب ه Barbary.

A ביויפנט tirābūzan, Trebizond.

ا إليل مرابيل arābīl (pl. of tirbāl), Lofty towers; Syrian churches or cloisters.

اثيث مراثيث فراثيث في darāsīs, A fruit called bil or bel (Ægle marmelos).

A the tarah, A distant place, distance, remoteness;—*tarrāḥ*, An architect.

a طراحي tarrāḥī, Architecture.

A مراك tirad (v.n. 3 of عراك), Making a headlong attack in battle; a hunting-spear, javelin; -tarrād, A long day; a small swift ship, an open and flat roof or surface: one who wearies the patience of his hearers by a tedious delivery; -turrad, Name of a place.

irār (pl. of turrat), Locks, ringlets, طوار A &c.; -tarrar, A cut-purse, pickpocket; an

impostor.

a s, t tarrara, Sharpness, activity; expedition, speed.

a طرارة زبان tarrāra-zabān, Chattering, clack.

a طراري tarrārī, Quickness, fluency; impudence.

לנוגעט turārīdan, To inquire, search.

a قراز tirāz, tarāz (for P. قراز), A royal robe, or rich dress ornamented with embroidery; also the places in Persia where they are generally made; the decoration of a city upon any public solemnity; an ornament; painting; embroidery; fashion; sugar-cane; a sugar-refinery in the province of Khuzistan; a workshop, factory; a manufactory of brocade; a place where water is distributed in small canals from a river or fountain; way, form, manner, rule; a company of people; wild, desert, scenite; name of a district in Badakhshān; name of a city on the confines of China, celebrated for the comeliness of its inhabitants and the excellence of its musk; (in comp.) ornamenting, adorning, embroidering; singing, trilling; [asar (āsār) tarāz, A historiographer; — dībāja tarāz, A composer of prefaces or exordiums (as being written in a highly-ornamented style); ___; tarrāz, An embroiderer.

a مازودان tarāzdān (for P. خرازودان tarāzūdan). A case in which scales are kept.

a عرازگر tarāzgar, An embroiderer.

a swill tarazanda, A decorator, embroi-

a طرازي tarāzī, Adorning, ornamenting.

a ويازيدي tarāzīdan, To embroider; to sing. tarāsūn, A liquor made from rice (see دراسون p. 507).

arāghīs, Pearl-barley. طراغيس و

tarāghayūn, Name of a gum-tree. A خرائميون tirāf, A tent made of tanned leather; whatever is taken from the sides of a sown field; honour, greatness; -tarraf, Name of a certain man,

A طرائه tarafat (v.n. of طرائه), Being new, coming out (something original and elegant); being distinguished by a long line of ancestors.

turāfish, Depraved, ill-tempered. tirāfal, A myrobalan-electuary (see

باطريفل , p. 71).

tarāq, The rattling noise made by طراق anything tumbling down, or in breaking a bone;—tirāq (v.n. 3 of طرق), Sewing together (two soles); lining, especially thin leather with which they line boots or shoes; the curvature of a crest on a belmet; a piece of leather cut in the form of a shield, and stuck thereupon; any piece of workmanship that fits another;—tirraq, Treacle (an antidote); -turrāq (pl. of tāriq), Necromancers, diviners.

.v. طراغيس = ,erāqīs طراقيس tarāk, Noise, din, clatter.

A & tarāwat, A being fresh; freshness. moisture.

a خارت الله tarāwatnāk, Fresh, moist, juicy.

tarāwa, A pennant, a vane.

driven, as game into nets; schooners.

tarā'if, Rare and choice vessels طرائف or pieces of furniture, rarities.

tarä'if-kash, Who carries طرائف كش a rarities.

طرائق به tarā'iq (pl. of tarīqat), Ways, tracts; a torn or worn garment; troops, bodies, sects (especially of the superior orders of men).

tarab (v.n.), Skipping, leaping, dancing for joy; cheerfulness, joy, gladness; motion; emotion; grief, sadness;

[tarab kardan, To make merry;]-tarib, Name of a horse which belonged to Muhammad.

a عرب آباد tarab-ābàd, An abode of joy.

a عربال مربال airbāl, A high tower built on the top of a hill; a Christian church in Syria with lofty steeples or a belfry; a part of a wall or mountain towering above the rest; a large stone projecting from a mountain; any building large and lofty; - tirbāli $m\bar{a}'il$, A leaning tower or wall.

a طرب انگيز <u>tarab-angez</u>, Mirth-exciting.

a مناه بين tarab-khāna (مراي sarāy), A place of enjoyment.

a طرب سنج tarab-sanj, Who rejoices, re-

vels, makes merry.

a طرب دراي tarab-fizay, Increasing enjoyment.

a طرب کاه ي darab-gāh, A place of enjoyment.

a عربياك tarabnāk, Joyous, mirthful.

A & tarrat, The waist; impregnation effected by a single covering ;-twrrat, Forelock, curl, ringlet of hair; the edge, border, fringe of a garment; a river-bank; the side or border of anything; a wallet.

A طرتان turratan (du. of the preceding), Two black streaks on the back of a wild

ass or bullock.

ا طرك arg, Any building fresh and new; preserving, keeping; -tirs, The extremity of the clitoris.

darsūs, A fruit called in Persian طرثوت bil (see طرائيث) ; _tursus, A species of fungus, of the form of parsnips, growing under trees, penetrating deep into the ground (one kind is red and sweet, the other white and bitter); glans penis. A طرثیت targīs, Name of a village near

Nishapur.

A tob tarh, tarah (v.n.), Throwing, casting, flinging; removing; position, establishment, disposition; mode, manner; foundations; a verse set, showing the metre in which a poem is to be composed; [tarhi asus kardan. To lay the foundations; tarh afgandan, To lay a foundation; to practise; -tarh bar-dashtan, To take model or pattern from ;-tarh ba-tarh, Various sorts ;tarh dadan, To make a throw in the game of nard, a move in chess; to compel to purchase at a fixed price; to oppose; -tarhi $r\bar{u}'i \ \bar{a}b$, A picture that will not last;—tarhi vina dadan, To open or lay bare the breast; -tarh kardan, To throw away; to bring forward a bill (m.c.);—ba-tarh düdan, To compel to buy at a fixed price; to give gratis or for nothing;]-tirh. Thrown away; driven forward;—tarah, A distant place.

a طرحدار ي tarh-dār, Beautiful, well-shaped. a طرحدار tarh-dārī, Beauty, elegance,

grace, style.

a عرع قانون tarh-qānūn, Braided (garment). a طرح كش ي tarḥ-kash, Who draws a plan; a sketcher; an imitator; overcome, weak.

A the tarkh, A pond, a river.

tarkhān, Name of a prince in Turkistan; prince, ruler (in Khurasan) a Turkish tribe; one who says whatever he pleases; a kind of vegetable.
مريانه tarkhāna, Wheat coarsely ground,

boiled to a consistency, and, after milk has been poured upon it, is made up into balls,

dried, and laid up for future use.

,tar<u>kh</u>ashqūq طرخشقون <u>إarkh</u>ashqūn طرخشقوق Wild endive.

a ترخون tarkhūn (for P. ترخون), Tarragon, a herb.

tard, tarad (v.n.), Banishing, chasing, driving away; persecuting; driving (camels) from different quarters into one body; tarad (v.n.), Hunting;—tarid, Water befouled by the dung of cattle.

arzīlūn, Assafœtida. طردياون

A jul turar (pl. of turrat), Banks (of rivers); edges of garments; forelocks, curls.

A j tarz, Form, manner, habit, fashion; construed with the verbs andākhtan, rekhtan, namūdan, &c.; [tarzi 'ibārat, Construction of a sentence;—tarzi kalām, An idiom; --ba-tarzi qadīm, Old-fashioned (m.c.);] taraz (v.n.), From being thick and rough, becoming elegant; from being bad, becoming good; mending one's ways; being well dressed; being nice and tidy with regard to dress.

tirz, Decoration; an embroiderer.

a طرزدان <u>tarz-dān</u>, Acquainted with forms. tirridan, To embroider, work with the needle.

tars (v.n.), Erasing (writing), caucelling; -tirs, A leaf of paper, a page, a book; a page erased and re-written.

tarastūj, A kind of sea-fish.

tarsūs, tursūs, Tarsus in Cilicia. tursique, Name of a Christian monk or learned man; according to others name of a Christian king.

arsh, Slight deafness;—tursh (pl. of atrash), Deaf (persons); - tarash (v.n.),

Being deaf; deafness.

tarasht, Name of a place in the province of Raiy celebrated for its water and climate.

tirshīdan, To engage in any work طرهيدي heedlessly; to be anxious, sad, grieved.

A bib tarat (v.n.), Having thin eyebrows or eyelashes; folly, stupidity;—tarit, Foolish, stupid, ignorant.

tartānayūsh, Name of an island طرطانيوش

from which Azrā was rescued.

مرطب turtub, turtubb, Large, flagging

turţūr, Long and slim; a highpeaked turban or cap worn by the Arabians; a weak mountain-goat.

artūs, Name of a champion in طرطوس A طرطوس the army of the Russians; a strong and brave man.

tarţīr, Cream of tartar (m.c.). tartirīkī, Tartaric;—asīdi tartīrīkī, Tartaric acid (m.c.).

طرعلوديس <u>targh</u>ulūdīs (ਜ. τρωγλήτης, τρω-γλοδύτης), Name of a bird.

tarf (v.n.), Averting, turning away, repelling; looking at, beholding; closing the eyelid; giving a blow on the eye and making tears flow; eye; a noble, liberal man; the extremity of anything; two small stars, otherwise called 'ainā 'lasad, "the eyes of the lion," and forming the ninth mansion of the moon; [irtidadu'ttarf, The twinkling of an eye;]-tirf, Noble, well descended from both sides (man); high-bred (horse); newly-acquired wealth; grass just sprouted;—tarf, taraf (in P. mostly the latter), Side, quarter, end, extremity; coast, shore, a distant part of the earth; time; an adversary, a colleague, a wife; portion; advantage, profit; assistance; a belt, girdle; a generous man; [taraf bar-taraf, From side to side, from different quarters; —taraf bastan (bar-bastan, bar-dāshtan), To become an adversary; to derive advantage;—*tarafi ṣānī*, A defendant; an enemy; a wife; -tarafi shām, Evening; towards evening; -taraf shudan, To oppose, to be adverse, or an adversary; -tarafi subh. Morning; towards morning; -tarafi 'asr, Afternoon; towards evening (m.c.); --tarafi kase dāshtan (giriftan). To take one's part, to protect, to assist; --—tarafi kulāh u mānandi ān shikastan, To bend the rim of a hat, &c.;—bar-taraf, Apart, aside, separated;—bar taraf shudan, To be apart, set aside, neglected;—bar taraf nihādan, To put aside, omit, neglect;latifa bar taraf, Raillery apart; -yak taraf shudan, To secede, separate from, depart;] tarif, Who does not keep to one woman, friend, companion; fickle; a camel straying from one pasture-ground to another; a man with a long line of ancestors; name of a place 36 miles distant from Madinah.

tarfā', The tamarisk-tree (which is

of four kinds).

لرناة A single tamarisk-tree.

a لا لا tarfat, tarfa. One wink or twinkle with the eye; a blow on the eye which makes it water; a red spot on the eye from a blow; name of a star, and of a lunar mansion; [fī tarfati 'l-'ain, In the twinkling of an eye; - turfat, turfa, Anything new, agreeable, wonderful, rare; name of a certain man.

ם לעבון taraf-dār, A partisan, follower, or sectary; an assistant; partial; a prince, magistrate; a possessor of territory, a landholder; an officer employed to collect the revenue of particular parts; -taraf-dari anjum, The sun;—taraf-dāri panjum, The planet Mars; the monarch of Turkistān; the fifth climate; the Greeks.

a مرنداري taraf-dari, Partiality; sectarianism.

arf-gāh, Prospect, place of outlook; (met.) the world.

a طرنگی turfagī, Wonderfulness; a rarity; jugglery.

a بونگير taraf-gir, A partisan; partial.

ship.

a عرده turfa, Anything new and agreeable; surprise; name of a juggler; -turfa'i baghdād, (met.) Of peerless beauty;—
turfa'i shash-tāq, The world.

a طرفها tarf-hā, taraf-hā (P. pl. of tarf, taraf), Sides, &c.;—taraf-hā dāshtan, To have various sides, meanings (a question or

word).

A طرفين tarafain (ob. du.), Both sides; the adversaries in a law-suit;—tarafaini silsila. The two ends of a chain; the extreme terms of a series.

A طرق يarq (v.n.), Arriving in the night; knocking at a door; striking violently, or with a smith's hammer; throwing pebblestones and gravel, in order to prognosticate future events (a diviner); mixing wool and cotton when practising divination; beating cotton; covering the female (a camel); a stallion powerful in covering; being covered; sperma genitale; weakness of intellect; water defiled by the dung of cattle; touching a harp, lute, or similar instrument; once, one time or turn; [tarq-an au tarqain, Once or twice;]—tirq, Fat, tallow, grease; fatness; craft, trade, calling; strength;turq (v.n.), Arriving at night; leaping on the female (stallion); (pl. of tariq) roads; -- taraq (v.n.), Limping; being bow-legged and weak in the knees; lying one over another (birds' feathers); making water while standing in a pond; a ply, fold, wrinkle (of a leathern bottle); gins, snares, nets (of a fowler); (pl. of taraqut) prints of camels' feet following each other; -turaq (pl. of *turqat*), Grooves or guiding lines on the handle of a bow; -turuq (pl. of tariq), Ways, roads.

turuqāt (pl. of turuq, pl. of tarīq), طرقات ه

Ways, paths, roads; many ways.

tarqat, A work, art, craft; a fowler's طرقة ه net, gin, snare; - tirqat, A gin, snare; turqut, The groove or guiding line on the handle of a bow; custom, habit; darkness; a heap of stones;—!araqat, One line (of camels); the print of a camel's foot.

! tarriqu (2nd pl. imp.), Give way طرقو ه make room; —tarriqu zadan, To call out "give way," to clear the road for a great

personage.

a طرقو زن tarriqū-zan, An officer who clears the road for a prince, &c., a marshal of the court, a master of ceremonies, usher, apparitor.

tirkīdan, To make طرکیدن tirqīdan, To

an excursion, to overrun; to cleave, to crack (see تركيدن p. 296).

arm, tirm, Butter; honey;—turm, A chafing-dish; name of a tree;—taram, Dropping from a full comb (honey).

turum, The noise of a drum.

tirimmāh, High and celebrated; aspiring, ambitious; provident, foreseeing; name of the father of 'Adī bin Hātim, intermediator between 'Alī and Mu'āwiya.

turmûs, Weak.

turmus, Bread baked in the ashes.

tarmoy, A kind of hawk.

tarmīnūn, A kind of tortoise.

A with turn, Raw silk; stuff of the same. taranjūmānis (G. τριχομανές), Maidens-hair.

trunkār (G. δρουγγάριος), mander of 1,000 men.

turuw, An arriving from afar.

إن الم ي طروح A distant place; strong and far-shooting (bow); long-branched (a palmtree).

ي طرور A turūr (v.n. of رطر Driving cattle together from different parts; sprouting (berbage or whiskers); sharpening (a knife or spear).

tarūqūqūn (G. τρίκοκκος), A med-

lar.

a مروتون turūqūn, Cocks-comb (a herb). a مروتون turra, A waving ringlet, dangling forelock, tuft of frizzled, braided, or curled hair; the end of a turban hanging loose (also called turra'i dastar); anything twisted, as a whip, a knotted handkerchief, &c.; the black stripe on either shoulder of an ass; -twrra'i īwan (dālān), The coping of a wall ;-turra'i baz, The crest-tuft of a falcon; -turra'i 'ambarin (mushkin), Tressesof ambergris or musk (dark and fragrant); —az turra'i mushki shām tā ghurra'i baizā'i bām, From the musk-locks of the evening to the white blaze of morning, i.e. from night till morning.

a طرة بازى turra-būzī, A game in which boys run after each other with knotted

handkerchiefs.

a طرة پريشان turra-pareshān, With dishevelled locks.

a طرى tarī, Fresh, green, moist, humid, new (cf. נֿע ענט);—giyāhi sar-sabzi ṭarī, Herbs green and fresh.

A مريك tiryāq, Treacle, theriaca.

a مَرياني tiryāqī, A chéwer of opium. a مرياني taryāne, Anything coming one knows not whence, an unexpected event.

الميلة firībula, The lote-tree.

A طريعة tarih, Thrown prostrate; abject. tarīkh (G. rάριχα), A small kind of fish.

A My tarīd, Banished; the trunk of a tree, crooked and destitute of leaves; long (day); attack, assault; a war-whoop;--

tarīd bar-āwardan, To assault, to attack; to raise a war-cry.

tarīdat, Anything forced or driven طريدة (as prey into a net); the trunk of a tree crooked and leaf-less; a caravan on camels.

a مريدة tarīda, A swift arrow; a robber.

ارير arīr, Sharpened (spear-head); a handsome man; a youth whose mustachios begin to grow.

tarīghān, A kind of endive.

tarighūn, Name of a bird called

otherwise بو تيمار q.v. p. 205. م طريف م يعتر, New, fresh, newly acquired; one who traces his descent through a long line of ancestors; rare, strange, foreign.

a sup tarifa, The plant nasi, a kind of white thistle (see نسى), when compact and full grown.

tarifalan (G. τρίφυλλον), The lotetree; according to others Satyrion.

a طبيقة لل tarīfanāk, Abundant in the plant nasi, when compact and full grown.

مريق إ tariq, A way, road, path, manner, mode (construed with the verbs sipurdan, giriftan, &c.); tall palm-trees; [tariqi ausat, A middle road;—tariq chist, What is to be done? (m.c.);—tarīqi 'ām, A public road; -tarīq warzīdan, To handle a subject;]tirriq, Taciturn; a male bustard or crane.

ل إيامة arīqat, tarīqa, A road, way, path; manner, way, fashion; rite, observance; the road to Sufic perfection; a strip of cloth of wool or camels' hair connecting the opening parts of a tent; a Sūfi's garment or cloak; an inauspicious hour when the moon is in the sign of Cancer; a head man, or (plurally) the chiefs or better sort of people; [ahli tarīqat (tarīqa), Devotees; the sect of Sūfis;] — tirrīqat, Gentleness, softness; levity; weakness; obedience.

cloud; honey.

tass (v.n.), Overcoming, silencing (an opponent); plunging under water; a cup, a basin.

A "lub tas", alub $tas\bar{a}$ " (v.n. of "lub), Having the stomach oppressed with anything fat; being indigestible, not agreeing with the stomach.

A مساس tisas (pl. of tass), Bowls, basins, cups.

A طساسيج dasāsīj (pl. of tassūj), Coasts, shores, &c.

A dust, dust, tassat, tissat, A cup, basin.

A مستخان tastikhān, tistikhān (for P. tasht-khwān), A large flat tray of silver or other metals, upon which plates, cups or dishes are placed, and used as a table by those who eat sitting on the

A مسع tas' (v.n.), Traversing (a country); lying with; consummating marriage;—

tasa', Being impudent, wanton-eyed, and free from due respect towards women; being desirous, covetous, greedy;—tasi', Impudent; desirous, greedy.

dasq, gisq, A tax upon lands; tribute exacted; a kind of measure;—tisqi

āsiyā, A tax on mills.

iasl, Water flowing on the surface طسل ۸ of the ground; the glittering of the mirage or sarāb.

dasm (v.n.), Being obliterated (a day) طسم ▲ path); obliterating; an extinct branch of the tribe of 'Ad; [zawāti tasm, Name of certain chapters of the Qur'an; -tasam (v.n.), Being oppressed with indigestion and swollen; darkness, beginning of night; a dusty colour.

tassūj, A weight of two grains of barley; the twenty-fourth part of a dram;

a coast, shore, tract of land.

A مسوم tusum (v.n. of طسوم), Erasing, obliterating; becoming effaced, cancelled,

لائم ه tashsh (v.n.), Raining gently; thin rain.

a طشاه tushāsh, Rheum, defluxion.

a طشت tasht (for P. تشت), A large basin, ewer, enp, bowl; -tashti ātish ba-sar dārad, He asks pardon for a crime, &c. (it having been the custom for a petitioner for mercy to stand with a chafing dish on his head);gashti zar, A golden dish; the sun; -- gashti zarrīn, A golden bowl, goblet; __tashti nigūn (inverted bowl) Sky. (For other combinations and phrases see شنت , p. 302.)

a مشت دار tasht-dar, (ewer-holder) The servant who pours water on the hands

when washing.

a مالا علم dasht-dar khana, A butler's

pantry.

a, Lashtgar, A maker of basins; name of a musician.

a طشت وخاية <u>tasht-u-kh</u>āya,(basin and egg) The filling of an egg-shell with a fluid (in Persian shab-nam, Dew), and placing it in a basin exposed to the sun; when the basin becomes heated, the egg-shell ascends and flies in the air like a balloon (a kind of philosophical toy); heaven and earth; astronomy; magic.

<u>dashīsh</u>, Gentle rain. dashīsh

A معلم ta'am (v.n. of طعم), Eating, tasting; a meal; wheat; meat, viands, victuals; food, refreshment; water; the water of the well Zamzam :—ta'āmi 'arūsī, A wedding-feast;—ta'āmi mātam, A funeral banquet; -ba'da 't-ta'ām al-kalām, After meal conversation.

a عام بخش dah ta'am-bakhsh, A ladle. a معام تلاش ta'ām-talāsh, A sponger.

A فالعن ta'an (v.n. of معان), Spearing; speaking ill, defamation.

a which ta'ana, A slanderer, censurer, caviller.

ي طعر a'r (v.n.), Marrying; bringing to justice by compulsion.

A معل ta'l (v.n.), Piercing, stabbing; reviling or taunting one on account of his descent.

La'm, tu'm (v.n.), Eating, tasting; being satiated; appetite; taste, flavour (of food and drink); -tu'm, Food, eatables; -ta'im, An eater, drinker; one who eats elegantly, or hunts after delicacies; --- fu'am (pl. of tu'mat), Eatables, viands; dinners; gain, profit.

A معمة ti'mat, Manner of eating or drinking; _tu'mat, tu'ma, Meat, food, fodder, forage; a meal; dinner; a bait, lure.

A was ta'n (v.n.), Piercing with a spear; chiding, reviling, reproaching, finding fault with; blame; accusation; cursing; penetrating into, or crossing, a desert; travelling all night; giving the rein (to a horse); -tu'n (pl. of ta'in), Speared.

a معن أسير d'n-āmez, Mixed with reproach. ta'nat, One blow (with spear or tongue); contumely, reproach, ignominy; gibe, taunt, sarcasm;—<u>kh</u>āma'i siyah-zabān n nāma'i ta'na-zanān, Pens having sable tongues, and letters which strike with reproach.

a ون معنه إa'na-san, Reproaching, vilify-

ing; a reviler, taunter, scoffer.

a عنه زني ta'na-zanī, Reproaching, taunting, reviling, &c.

A prob tu'um (pl. of ta'm), Tastes, flavours.

A ملعين ta'in, Pierced with a spear; reviled, reproached; afflicted with pestilence

رتغار taghār, A provision-bag (see طغار).

ي طعان <u>tigh</u>ān, A pan, a dish.

taghr (v.n.), Rushing, coming down upon; thrusting, pushing away; -tughar, Name of a bird.

tughrā, The imperial signature; the royal titles prefixed to letters, diplomas, or other public deeds, which are generally written in a fine ornamented hand; a sort of writing; piece (in speaking of a number of letters), as chahār tughrā maktāb, Four

called <u>tugh</u>ar.

ي علام tughrā'i, Expert in writing the Toghra character; name of the author of an admired Arabic poem, which has been translated into Latin by Pocock under the title of "Carmen Tograi," and into English verse by Carlyle.

tighris, Milk of pleasant taste deeرس A ماغرس

and easy to digest (see طفرمی),

jughril, Name of a king of the Seljukian dynasty;-tughrul, A kind of fal-

tughri, A kind of falcon for hunting (perhaps misreading for the preceding).

taghak, A tree like a cypress or pine.

A fagham, The sea; a mass of water. العن <u>tagh</u>n, Death and captivity (apparently misreading for out q.v.)

insolence; [mu'īni taquá u māni'i taghwá, The assister of piety, and repeller of wickedness;]-tughwá, An exceeding of bounds in wickedness; insolence.

طفى tughyan, tighyan (v.n. of طفيان م Being very rebellious, exceeding bounds in wickedness; rebellion, sedition, perverseness, insolence; disobedience;—<u>tugh</u>yan sadan (kardan), To rebel, to transgress;—ahli tuahyān, Rebellious; rebels; bā zumra'i tughyān, With a body of insur-

a مغياني إughyānī, Excess, exorbitance; overflowing, inundation, flood, deluge.

taff (v.n.), Filling (a measure or a vessel) to the brim; that which is heaped above the measure; also what remains in it after the surplus is smoothed off; a side, shore, coast; name of a place near Kufah; the higher part of Mesopotamia, bordering on Arabia and Chaldea.

لفاك ه tafāf, tijāf, Darkness of the night; fulness to the brim; what remains in the measure after the surplus is smoothed off; jufaf, That which is heaped above the measure; — taffāf, Brimful; sprightly, swift (horse).

ي يعال هال يafāl, infāl, Dry clay;—tifāl (pl. of taft), Young and tender (boys and

girls).

A blad tufawat, Part (of spring); a halo round the sun; overflowing of a boiling

tafh (v.n.), Being full to over-

flowing, being brimful (a vessel).

afr (v.n.), Leaping, springing upward; a crupper.

ي tafrat, tafra, A leap, upward spring وطوظ 🛦 🕹 🕹 🕹 🕹 🕹 🕹 🕹 🕹 🕹 🕹 🕹 علوقا -tafra zadan, To leap, to jump; to make a pretence, to evade, to put off (m.c.).

tifris, Soft, easy, smooth.

A مطابع tafs (v.n.), Lying with;—tafas (v.n.), Being dirty; filth, nastiness; tafis, Dirty, filthy.

افش afsh, Concubitus; filth, pollu-

tion.

afshīqūn, Toxicum, with which arrows are poisoned.

الله يُ aftaf, A coast, shore; the sides

(of a tree).

ي طفتي ي tafq (v.n.), Being fixed to, or busy in, any place; being near; beginning, setting about anything which one means to finish.

A ملك ي aft (v.n.), Beginning to turn dark, near sunset; young and tender (boy or girl); -tiff, An infant, little boy; the young of

wild heasts; [tift bardari masjid (ba-masjid) afgandan, To expose a child; -tifli chihal roza, A child of forty days, i.e. Adam ;tifl khūnî (khūnīn), The sun ;—tifli dabistān, A school-boy; (met.) an inexperienced person; one without dignity or authority;tifl dar garībān andākhtan, To adopt a child ;—tifl-rā az shīr (pistān) burīdan (az shīr bāz giriftan), To wean a child;—tifli razān, Wine;—tifti zabān-dān, A child who understands and remembers what his teacher has once told him; -tifli shashroza, The world and what is in it;-tifli shash-māha'i raz, Wine (because maturing in six months);—tifli shīr (shīr-khwār, shīrkhwāra), A sucking child;—tifli ghāziyān, Beardless youths; wandering monks;tifli mashīma'i razān, Red wine;—tifli maktab, A school-boy, a tyro; a raw, in-experienced person:—nfli hindu, The pupil of the eye;]—tafal, The time from 'asr (which is the middle point between the meridian and sunset) till sun-down; the close of the evening; the dawn; dark-

dren ;-tiflani atish, Sparks of fire ;-tiflani chaman, Young herbs and flowers.

a will tiflana, Infantine; childishly. a طفلك يiflak (P. dim. of tift), A little

child, a bairn, baby.

a فالكان يiflagān (pl. of tifla), Children. a علما ي tafta, Cunine-seed ;—tifla, A child (especially female).

a طفلی tifti, Infancy; childishness. a طفلی tiftiyat, Childhood, infancy.

A منه tafn, Death; a prison; durance. A منه tafw, tufaw (v.n.), Swimming, floating, coming to the top of water; appearing, springing (leaves upon a tree); bounding, leaping (a doe); dying; plunging into business; — tufu' (v.n. of

Being extinguished, going out (fire). A ملفح Lufūḥ (v.n. of طفح Being full to

overflowing.

طاور A طاور tufūr (v.n. of طاور), Leaping, rear

A طفق gufuq (v.n. of طفق), Being fixed in a place; setting about anything which one means to finish.

هوس A مفوس tufus (v.n. of طفس), Dying (ه horse).

and tender (boys or girls).

tufūlāyat, Infancy, طفولية tufūlāyat, Infancy, childhood, boylacod;—dar a'wāmi tufūlīyat, In the years of childhood.

A أطفية tufyat, A leaf of the dwarf palmtree; also (in the dual) two black lines resembling it on the back of a serpent; a malignant serpent marked on the back with two such lines.

a طفیف tafif, Little, deficient, incomplete. a مفيل tafil, Muddy water remaining in a cistern or a pond; name of a mountain near Mecca; -tufail, Name of a poet of Kufah who used to go uninvited to wedding-feasts (also called tufailu 'l-a'rās ('arā'is); hence any uninvited guest; one who accompanies a guest without being invited himself; an intruder, parasite, feast-hunter, trencher-fly.

a طفيلي يufailī, A parasite, an intruder;

sponging, parasitical.

taq, The sound made by the collision or rattling of stones; -iq, Sound produced by a frog jumping out of or into the water.

a مقطق taqtaq (for P. تكتك q.v., p. 316), The noise made by the feet in running; also by the teeth in masticating; a noise in general.

دول يال يال tul, A widow (probably from T. علل

. (طول or

all (v.n.), (Dew) slightly moistening (the ground); drizzle, dew, mist; beautiful, charming (hair, water, night, &c.); a lion; a very old man, one stricken in years; a carcass; scarcity of a camel's milk; defrauding one of his right; being shed unrevenged (blood); making void, cancelling; driving (cattle) violently;— till, A serpent;—tull, Milk; blood.

a م tila, q.v.), Red gold; gold fringe or wire; - tila'i ja'fari, The purest gold ;—tilā'i dust-afshār, Gold compressible by the hand;—tilā'i dū-butī, A gold coin with an image on each side (see buti ashrafī under ;—tilā'i kushta, Gold reduced to ashes (comp. sīmābi kushta, under بيماب; --tilā u sīm, Gold and silver.

A "Mb gala', Anointed with saffron ; smeared with pitch; sick, diseased; a fawn just dropped; the young, especially of any animal which parts the hoof ;-tila', Plea-

sure, delight, enjoyment.

A M tila, Anything used in smearing over, especially pitch; ointment, limiment, embrocation; must boiled down to one half; delicious wine; a rope by which a calf or lamb is tied to a stake; [tilā' kardan, To anoint, besmear, daub;]—tulā' (tullā'), A pellicle, thin skin or film upon blood;—tallā', Blood shed with impunity; —tullā', A pellicle upon blood; a scratch which fetches blood; blood.

a الاس ينالة يؤالة-ālāt, Gold vessels (m.c.).

a ملا باك tilâ-bāf, A gold-embroiderer. a ملابه talāba, A scout, spy; watch and

ward. A club galāh, A bad state (the reverse of

salah) ;—tilah, The acacia. a ين لل دوز ي tilā-doz, An embroiderer with gold.

a يالا ساز يغ يثانة غلا ساز يغ يثانة غلا ساز يغ

a كار ما tilā-kār, Anything wrought in gold or made of gold.

a طلا كوب tilā-kob, A goldbeater.

talāsim (pl. of tilsam), Talismans.

A EM tilā', Fulness;—tallā', A man who meditates and masters high things.

طلق talāq (v.n. of ظلق), Being divorced (a wife); divorce, repudiation; construed with the verbs uftādan, bastan, khwurdan, dādan, giriftan, &c. ;--talāqi bid'at, Irregular divorce; -tilāqi hasan, Laudable divorce; -kitābu 't-talāq, A bill of divorcement.

A طلق talāqat (v.n. of طلق), Being of an open countenance; eloquence, glibness of

tongue.

a مالق نامه إalāq-nāma, A bill of divorce. a طلاقی <u>talāqī</u>, A person divorced, a divorcée.

A مالل يزالة tilāl (pl. of tall), Gentle rains, drizzles.

A مالك talālat (v.n. of اطلالة), Being pleasant,

agreeable; joy; gladness; a beautiful, handsome state, quality, form, or appear-

A Lalawat, Delay, expectation, waiting for :—talāwāt, tilāwat, tulāwat, Beauty. grace, loveliness, elegance; joyousness;

اللائع talā'i' (pl. of talī'at, in P. طلائع talāya), Advanced guards; night-watch,

rounds of a patrol ;—tilāya, Liniment. a المائي tilāyāna, للاياني tilāyāna, المائي of gold; covered with gold, gilt; yellow.

ياليه دار alāya-dār, A scout; the leader of an advanced guard, &c.

ملك talb, (in Morocco) Learned, of general information; a priest; tilb, A lover, suitor; a woman sought after; [tilbi 'ilm, A student;]-talab (v.n.), Petitioning, begging, requesting, seeking, desiring; petition, request; inquiry, search, quest, summons; pay, wages, salary; [talabi khizāna, Demand of rent or revenue; -- talabi dākhila, Demand of rent brought to account ;-talab dashtan (farmudan, kardan, namudan), To ask, request, demand; to seek, to look for; to call, to summon;—dū talab kardan, To undertake something bold or grand;—mu'awanat talab kardan, To ask help;—wadi'i talab, The valley of search, i.e. the first degree of Sufic perfection;]—talab, tullab (pl. of talib), Inquirers, seekers; - tulub (pl. of talub), $ar{ ext{I}}$ nquisi $ext{tors}$, inquirers.

طلب tulb, A company of persons as-

sembled; a collected army.

ملباء A ملباء tulabā' (pl. of talīb), Inquisitors. a طلبانه talbāna, Daily pay to constables, paid by those whom they guard; the fee

payable to a witness.

A طلبة tilbat (v.n. of طلب), Inquiring, searching; anything sought after; a woman sought after, a mistress;—tulbat, A long journey; angels who register the acts of the servants of God; — talabat, talaba, A proper name; (pl. of tālib) seekers, iuquirers; students; -talibat, Anything sought after; -tilabat (pl. of tilb), Lovers.

a طلبدار ي talab-dār, One who asks or inquires; desirous; one who receives pay; one addicted to drinking, smoking, &c.

a طلبداري talab-dārī, Search, quest, inquiry.

a طلبداهت talab-dāsht, Invitation; sum-

a ملبگار talabgar, Requiring, demanding; a purchaser.

a طلبگاری talabgārī, A desiring, wishing. a مَلَبُ نَامَة يُعَلِي يُعَلِّي يُعَلِّي يَامَعُ يُعَالِي عَامِي عَلَيْكِ عَامِي عَلَيْكِ عَلَيْكِ عَلَيْكِ ع tion.

a طلبه talaba (pl. of talib), Students. a طلبي talabī, Requisite, demandable.

a طلبيدن talabīdan, talbīdan, To inquire, search, call; to call for, summon into one's presence; —bāz talabīdan (talbīdan), To demand back (see also under , p. 144).

A all tallat, A wife; delicious wine; a garden wet with dew; affluence; immodest (woman); an old woman;—tillat (pl. of talil), Mats; -tullat, The neck; a draught of milk.

A مللے talh (v.n.), Being fatigued; emptybellied; a large thorn-tree, acacia; palmflowers; the banana or plantain-fruit; tilh, Fatigued (camel);-talah, Pain in a camel's stomach from eating of the talhtree; grace, favour; name of a place.

A delle talkat, A single tree of the kind

talh; proper name of a man.

a طليستان talḥistān, A grove of acacias. talhand, A reputed king of Hindu-

A طلخ talkh (v.n.), Blotting out writing; staining, polluting; muddy water; defilement, filth.

A ملك يals (v.n.), Erasing, defacing; throwing into prison; a black hood; becoming lost (the sight); [tals kardan, To cancel, expunge;]-tils, Old, ancient; red inclining to black; the skin of a camel's thigh bare of hair; dirt of a garment; a wolf; a book, a page.

tulsat, An ash-coloured satin.

A dlistilism, tilsam (G. τέλεσμα), A talisman, or magical image, upon which, under a certain horoscope, are engraved mystical characters, as charms against enchantment or fascination, or to prevent a treasure from being discovered; a secret mechanism; a fetter; construed with bastan, shikastan, gushadan, &c.

A سالسماك tilismat (pl. of the preceding),

Talismans, spells, &c.

a طلسماتي <u>tilismātī</u>, Talismanic; magical; mysterious, mystical.

a مالسماتی q.v. مالسماتی q.v. مالسماتی q.v. A مالسماتی tilismī, = مالسماتی which the fruit is enclosed; also the buds, flowers, and incipient fruit; quantity, number, measure;—tal', til', A high place whence anything is viewed; a tract of country; __til', Long (a serpent); sight,

view, inspection; becoming aware of; arcana of any business; level ground; full

of hills (tract of country).

A delle tal'at, Aspect, face, countenance; appearance; -tula'at, A mind that considers anything attentively; inclined to love; a woman who now peeps out and anon withdraws.

A dlb talf, talaf (v.n.), Being shed with impunity (blood);—talaf, A gift, present; anything easy, agreeable, or excellent; much, excess.

A del talfan, talafan, Gratis; with im-

punity.

alq (v.n.), Travelling night and طلق day to water; feeling the pangs of childbirth; a fawn; a hunting dog; free, unfettered (camel); [talqi rawān, Wine;] talq, tilq, Tale, a translucent mineral, which is said, when rubbed upon anything, to render it fire-proof, and, in a dissolved state, to be an elixir as powerful as the philosopher's stone, whence the proverb: man halla 't-talqa 'staghná 'ana 'l-khalq, He who has dissolved the talq is independent of all creatures;—tilq, Free, clear, quit, lawful; an intestine; a camel's pack-saddle; a milky plant which is poisonous, or one which is used for dyeing (tythimallus); a share, portion; one heat at a horse-race; *tulq*, Open of countenance; free of fetters; -talaq (v.n.), Going to a distance; one heat at a horse-race; a leathern foot-band for a camel; a nocturnal journey to a watering-place two nights distant; a share, portion; [talaqu'l-lisan, Glib-tongued, eloquent, speaking with fluency; -talaqu'lwajh, Of an open countenance; cheerful, smiling;—talaqu'l-yadain, Open-handed;] -taliq, Of an open countenance, smiling; eloquent; tulaq, tuluq, Free, unchained; liberal, open-handed; eloquent.

A علقة talgat, Temperate (night); one divorce; -tulagat, One who frequently di-

vorces his wives.

<u>talal</u>, A body, figure, substance; remains or ruins of a house; -tilal (pl. of (all), Gentle rains, drizzles; -tulal (pl. of tullat), Necks; draughts of milk; _tulu! (pl. of total), Mats.

talm (v.n.), Kneading dough, making طلم it ready for baking; - tubm, A table or dresser on which dough is kneaded or bread spread out;—talam, Foulness of the mouth from neglect in cleansing the teeth.

ي طلنبهجي يulumbajī, A fireman (m.c.).

alw, A fawn just dropped;—tilw, Contracted, slender in the body; a wolf.

A طلواء tulawā', Delay; expectation. طلواء لي tulū' (v.n. of طلوع), Rising (as the sun or star); ascending (a mountain); appearing, growing (the teeth); arriving, happening, approaching; budding (flowers of palm-trees, &c.); being absent, going away; knowing, viewing, considering; sunrise; rising or ascendency of a star; construed with the verbs bar-khāstan, kardan, &c.;— tulā'i kaukabi sultān muḥammad, The ascendant of the star of Sultān Muhammad.

a عارعيدن tulū'īdan, To rise, to ascend.

A طلق tula (pl. of tulyat), Necks.

مُعَاتِ talib, Inquiring, inquirer; studious, a student.

الله tulyat, The neck; the base of the neck.

ي طليسا talīsā, A kind of oyster.

A ماليق taliq, Open (of countenance);

eloquent.

ي طابل talīl, Sweet; (blood) shed with impunity; a mat made of palm-leaves or of the bark of the palm.

A مام tamm (v.n.), Abounding (water); filling (a vessel); walling a well with stones; cutting (the hair); curling it; perching on a tree (a bird); running rapidly;—timm, Water; rubbish thrown out by water; the sea; a vast number; ingenious, shrewd; admiration; what excites admiration; a

dalab tamacha, = طماجه q.v.

المبر tamār (v.n. of طمار), Leaping (a horse), hopping (a crow); an elevated spot; misfortune.

marvellous thing; a swift male ostrich.

A Elob tammā', Wishful, covetous, greedy.
A aclab tamā'at, A wishing greedily.

أطانية tamāncha, A slap, blow; pistol. A طمانينة tuma'nīnat, Rest, repose, tranquillity, quiet, serenity of mind.

A down tams, tims (v.n.), Deflowering (a woman); sensual intercourse, connexion (m.c.); being menstruous; the courses; being dirty; dirt, filth.

A tamkh (v.n.), Being proud, tossing the nose from pride or fastidiousness.

A depth tamer (v.n.), Springing, leaping (a herse), hopping (a crow), jumping up and down; hiding, burying under the ground; swelling (a wound); filling (a cellar or subterraneous store-house);—time, A tattered garment; a worn-out cloak (not of wool);—tamar (v.n.), Swelling (the hand);—tummar, Root, origin, cause; youthful inexperience and ignorance;—timire, A steed, high-bred and swift; a horse compactly built.

إمارة damrā, The plant called Palma Christi.

A مامورس timris, طموس tumrūs, A low, base, lying fellow.

toms (v.n.), Erasing, defacing, obliterating, destroying, extirpating, eradicating; looking at a distance; withdrawing to a distance; destroying, annihilating.

ي damtam, The middle of the sea.

deduturāq, Magnificence, pomp, great attendance, grandeur; awe, fear.

A ملحاني timtim, طعطمي fimtimī, فلعظم tumtumānī, Stuttering in speech, unintelli gible.

A معطمة tamtamat (v.n. of ملبطم), Talking

barbarously and unintelligibly.

tam', tama' (v.n.), Coveting, desiring; desire, greediness; hope;—[tam' az jān burīdan, To give up hope of life;—tam'i khām, Vain expectation;—tam' dādan, To seduce by promises, to bring over to one's own party; (also construed with the verbs bar-dāshtan, bastan, kardan and gusistan);]—tama', A soldier's pay; also the time when paid;—tami', tamu', Greedy, eager.

a طبع دهي tam' dihī, Exciting desire or capidity; incitement, inducement; allure-

ment, lure, bait.

م معكار إلى fam'-kār, طبعكار fam'-gār, Greedy, covetous; gluttonous; avaricious; interested, ambitious.

a كارى إيm'-kārī كارى gārī), Covetous طمعكارى

ness, avarice, greed.

t the tamgha, was tamgha, A mark impressed by burning on the king's horses; also on false witnesses; the standard mark of gold or silver; a royal edict; a diploma; tell for transit of goods; a grant of land in perpetuity (see the property (see the property)).

tamghāj, A country in Turkistān.

يَّ عَمْاع عَالِمُ مِيْ يَّ مِيْ عَالِمُ عَالِمُ عَالِمُ عَالْمُ عَالِمُ عَالِمُ عَالِمُ عَالِمُ عَالِمُ عَالِم king of Samarqaud; according to others of

the king of Tibet and Yaghma.

A مامل taml (v.n.), Rolling out a mass of leaven; making (anything) broad and even; weaving a mat, putting threads into it; dyeing deep (a garment); being bloodstained; being stained with oil, grease, pitch, &c.;—timl, A villain, daring rascal, scoundrel; a robber; ignoble, mean, worthless; foolish, stupid; muddy water; a garment dyed with a deep full colour; a black cloak or wrapper; anything black; a necklace or collar; a darkish-coloured wolf, or a bald wolf slily stealing along.

A Lamn, Quiet, quiescent.

لمائية famancha, A pistol, &c. (see مامو). A مامو, famw (?), fumww (v.n. of مامو), Raising oneself; being filled (a channel); swelling (the sea); growing tall (a plant).

A معنوع tumuh (v.n. of طمع), Lifting up the eyes towards any object; being lifted.

tumūr (v.n. of صر), Springing, leaping (a horse); hopping (a magpio); travelling by land; passing by.

tumūs, A being obliterated, de-

faced; defacing, obliterating.

A مُعَمِّ tumum (v.n. of مُحَمِّ), Plaiting (the hair); filling (a vessel); abounding, over-flowing (water).

A ممون twmun (pl. of tamn), Quiet, qui-

escent.

tama, Account of revenues estimated by measurement of the lands and a regular rent-roll.

المي ي tamy (v.n.), Passing rapidly by (as a horse); being high (water, mind, or design); being full (the sea); growing tall (a plant).

A طميس ي gamīs, Blind, blinded; going

blind.

ا طميل amīl, Bloody (arrow); hidden, concealed; a kid; a mat; mud at the bottom of a well; a broad arrow or spear-head; a necklace;—tumail, Stripped of clothes.

A dead tomim (v.n. of db), Running with

rapidity.

A cross timmin, Name of a city in Rum.

A wh tann (v.n.), Making (a basin) ring; making a noise, ringing; dying;—tann (?), tinn, A fresh and sweet date;—tunn, The human body, body in general; a truss, or what a horse carries on the top between two loads; a bundle of reeds; a faggot of

A طناب يanāb, tināb, A tent-rope; a scaling-ladder; a springe; a long rope used in measuring land; <u>tanāb</u> andākhtan, To strangle, to bow-string; -tanāb andar tanāb, Close together, as close as possible;—tanāb khwurdan, To be measured; -tanābi subh, Morning rays, beams;—tanābi qūruq, A rope stretched round a king's tent to prevent the common people from approaching it; -tanāb nihādan, To measure (with a rope); the word is also construed with the verbs tābīdan, kashīdan, gusistan, gusekhtan, &c.

a طنابی $tinab\bar{i}$, = طنبی q.v.;—tinabi shudan, To be measured or traced out by a

لماز A dannāz, Facetious, ludicrous, sportive, jocund, mirthful; sarcastic, satirical, derisive; saucy, coquettish (m.c.).

a طنازى tannāzi, Playfulness, jocoseness;

raillery, ridicule.

A - de tanab, A bend in a spear; length of the legs with looseness, length of the back (blemishes in a horse);—<u>tunub</u>, A tent-rope; a tent-peg; a thong which connects a bow-string with the horns of a bow; the cord of a curtain; root of a tree; tendon;—tunubu 'l-itnāb, Bombast, hyperbolic style.

a طنبور q.v. (unsupported dنبار a dimbār, =

by examples).

ambaz, Name of a village in Egypt طنبذ duinbasa, A carpet (see طنجسه duinbasa, A carpet (see

dumbak, A bagpipe; a trumpet, clarion.

dambal, A small drum. طبيل

tambul, Name of a village in طنبل ۸

Egypt.

A منبع إلى tumbur (from P. منبع dumbabarra), A kind of lute or guitar with a long neck.

a طنبوراني tumbūrānī, A guitar-player. A منبورة tambūra, A kind of mandolin. A منبورة tambūl. Name of a village in

Egypt.

a طنبي tanabī, tambī, An open-fronted summer-room, a parlour or dining-room.

A ملك fannat, fanna, A tinkling noise; tunnat, tunna, A fagget of fire-wood.

مانچة anjat, tanja, Tangiers in Africa. A مانها إلى tanjanat (v.n. of طنها), Cooking

meat in a pan (see مطنبهنه).

tinjīr, A cauldron, a kettle, or a طنهير A copper saucepan for cooking sweetmeats in.

inkh, A part of the night.

dimkhāristān, Name of a country. طنخارستان tanz (v.n.), Holding up to ridicule, طنو bantering; -tanz zadan (kardan), To calumniate, banter, ridicule.

مانواً ممار tanz-an, In joke; jeeringly, ironi-

cally, &c.

A diddo tantanat (v.n. of طنطنه), Sound, resounding, re-echoing of musical instruments; the murmuring of water; noise, hubbub; pride, pomp, vanity; imperiousness, domineering airs; construed with zadan.

A ملتف tanaf (v.n.), Being suspicious; tanf, tanaf, tunf, tunuf, The projection of a mountain; a promontory, peak; the coping of a wall, a projected slab, or pent over a door; -- tanaf, Thongs of red leather over boxes; suspicion; -tanif, A little eater.

A منفس finfis, Deformed, hideous, ugly,

bad.

A منفسة tanfasat (v.n. of طنفسة), Becoming vicious, corrupt, and wicked, after having been good; -tanfasat, tanfisat, tanfusat, tinfasat, tinfisat, tunfusat, A carpet or rug with a shaggy pile; mats of palm-leaves, about a cubit in breadth; garments,

___ tanw, A bed, carpet, or cushion طنو A طنو

tunw, Debauchery, wickedness.
a منيدن tanīdan, To tingle (the ear).

اطن tanin (v.n. of طني), Tingling (in the ear); din, hum, buzz; a tinkling noise, the ringing of a basin, &c.;—tanīni zubāb, The buzzing of flies.

tawāḥin (pl. of tāḥinat), Back

teeth, grinders, molars.

tawar, Anything situated on a طوار ۸ border or opposite another; -tawar, tiwar, The length and breadth of a house; the area, the court;—twwār, Edge, limit, border; quantity.

awārif, Eyes; those parts of a tent which are lifted up in order that the

inhabitants may look out.

tawariq (pl. of tariqat), Female طوارق A augurs, diviners, soothsayers, necromancers; calamities; dangers, accidents (of the night).

tawāra, Name of a poisonous herb. a طواري tawārī, Passing events, perishable things.

ي اريدن tuwārīdan, To water (doubtful word, should perhaps read طراريدن as a derivative of J., Freshness).

tawas, One of the three last nights طواس of a lunar month; a drinking vessel; name

of a place.

tiwāsī, A kind of carpet (see يوأسى). A طواسيم tawārīm (more correctly zawātu tāsīm), Čertain sūras in the Qur'an.

المواعين على tawā'īn (pl. of tā'ūn), Pestilential diseases, plagues.

ي dawāghī, طواغيت tawāghīl (pl. of

tāghūt), Idols.

طواك م tawāf (v.n. of طواك م making a procession, circumambulating (especially the Ka'bah, or the tomb of a pious person); construed with the verbs dāshtan, zadan, kardan, &c.; [tawāfi baiti 'llāhi'l-harām, The procession round the temple of Mecca, to be performed seven times, the three first in a quick, the four last in a grave pace;]—tauwāf, One who joins in the sacred procession at Mecca or in other places;—tauwāfi sarkash, One who carries fruit about to sell; the nightpatrol; a thief, robber.

إلا ه طوال ه <u>tawāl</u>, The term of life; absence; length, duration; — <u>tiwāl</u> (pl. of <u>tawāl</u>, tuwal), Long;—tuwāl, Long;—tūwāl, Very

a طوالت tawālat, Prolonging; length, protractedness; prolixity.

ي dawāli' (pl. of tāli'), Horoscopes. A مرائع tawa'ih, Adverse, harassing acci-

يطوائف ه tawā'if (pl. of tā'ifat), Peoples, tribes, nations; troops, bands; a dancing girl; -tawā'ifi tujjār. Merchants, traders; tawa'ifi nisa', Different kinds of women; mulūku 't-tawā'if, The kings of those provinces into which the empire of Sikandar was broken up.

اوب A ماوب يُقل A brick, a tile (in Egypt).

tūbá, Good, excellent; better, best (fem. of atyab); things lawful or excellent (pl. of taiyibat); name of a tree in paradise; — tubá-ka, How happy thou art! bravo! well done!—tubá la-hum, Hail, or happiness, to them!

a طوبي قد <u>tūbá-qāmat</u>, طوبي قامت <u>tūbá-qad</u>, With a stature lofty as the Tubá-tree.

top, A cannon, piece of ordnance. topchi, A cannonier, artilleryman. طوري top-khana, An arsenal; artillery.

T طويوز), A mace of arms, a club tawābis, which occurs in Ibn Batuta, seems to be an Arabic plural of this word); compare also Ar. دبوس dabbūs, pl. dabābīs).

 \mathbf{T} طوتو $t\bar{u}t\bar{u}$, An hostage.

tauḥ (v.n.), Perishing, or being in imminent danger; falling; wandering about; being giddy, bewildered; -tawah, A distant aim, remote design.

opprobrious words or injurious acts; suspecting;—<u>t</u><u>u</u><u>kh</u>, Name of fourteen different

places.

A علم dud (v.n.), Being firm, immoveable; a large mountain; a high sand-hill; name of a mountain near Mecca; -ibnu 't $t\bar{u}d$, A huge rock, a boulder-stone.

tūr, A net, a fishing-net (m.c.,

see تور).

taur (v.n.), Going round, wheeling about, skimming in circles; mode, manner; condition, state; action; quantity, measure; limit, boundary, whatever separates two objects, partition; time, turn; [taur u harakat, Action and motion;] - tūr, A mountain, especially mount Sinai; — tūri zībā, Name of a mountain at Jerusalem; tūri mūsá, Sinai; —tūri hārūn, Mount Hor, the place of Aaron's death; - jabali tur,

tor, Wild, terrified.

ي طوردان tūrdān, A strong horse, mule, or

tūrsīqūs, Name of a certain individual, a Christian monk or doctor.

türak, Name of a general of Zahhāk. tūrna, A crane (see درنا).

tori, Fear, dread, terror, horror; savageness, wildness.

a طورى taure, A mode, manner; in a way, in a fashion; -taure ki, In such a manner that, so that (m.c.).

tūs, Name of a great Iranian general, a son of King Nauzar; name of a city in

Khurāsān.

taus (v.n.), Being of a fair countenance; freshness and clearness of the face after sickness; the moon; trampling;tūs, Continuation, duration, perpetuity; a medicine which assists the memory.

tūsak, A kind of thorn. طوسك

a طوسى tūsī, Native of the city of Tūs, especially applied to Firdausī.

taush, Levity of mind. طوش ه

tut (v.n.), Being libidinous and noisy (a stallion); long, tall; small; quarrelsome; cotton; a sparrow-hawk; a serpent; a bat; the funnel or chimney of a bath.

اغريوس) tutāq aghriyūs طوطاتي اغريوس aghriyūn), Wild sorrel.

ي طوطك إي tūtak, A little parrot; a paroquet; a musical instrument, a pipe, flageolet.

ي طوطي tūtī, A parrot;—tūtī'i pas āyina, A person sitting behind a mirror, who teaches a parrot to talk, by making him believe that it is his own likeness seen in the mirror which produces the words; -tūtī'i sāḥib-salāmat-gū, A parrot who has learnt to say sāhib salāmat; -- tūtī'i şahrā, Verdure (literally parrot) of the plain.

tuti-par, Parrot-winged, swift as طوطي ير

a parrot (said of a horse).

a طوطى عط tūtī-khat, A youth with an incipient beard.

a طوطى مقال tūti-maqāl, Eloquent, a fluent

يْنَةِ tūti-nāma, Parrot-tales (a book). tūti-naway, Parrot-voiced; eloquent.

tūtīwār, Parrot-like; eloquent. tūtīwārī, Parrotry; habits of طوطى وارى

parrots; imitation of parrots.

A & taw' (v.u.), Obeying, complying with, humouring; affording plenty of pasture; obedience, voluntary submission; easy, gentle, obedient; -tau'u 'l-'inan, Obedient to the rein (a horse).

لمِعات له tau'-an, Obsequiously, willingly.

tughan, A royal falcon.

tauf (v.n.), Going round, circumambulating; the procession round the Ka'bah; pilgrimage; visiting one's wives in succession; inflated leathern bottles with which rafts are floated or swimmers assisted; human excrement; going to the privy; -tūf, Wool of a sheep's neck; nape of the neck.

tūf, A decrepit, doting old woman.

لونان A tūfān, A flood, a universal deluge ; storm, tempest, hurricane, tornado; sudden death; killing; torment, punishment; construed with the verbs baridan, raftan, zadan, giriftan, &c.; [tūfān kardan, To undertake something great;] — tawafān (v.n. of طوف), Going round, eireum-ambulating.

a طونان طرازى tūfān-tirāzī, Deluge-making. a طرونوس tūfaryūs, Name of a plant. a طرونوس tūfānī, Stormy; quarrelsome.

tauq (v.n.), Being able, equal to, a match for, or having the power; power, ability, capacity; a necklace, chain, collar; a bird's ruff; a ring, a circle round anything; the pillory; -tang burdan, To carry off a suspended ring with the lance; (met.) to surpass;—tauqi bahār, The rainbow;—tauqi zanjīr, Irons, manacles;—tauqi tāqat, A valuable chain, such as the servants of great men or officials wear round the neck; - tauqi 'ambar ('ambarīna), The sprouting beard; - gaugi māh, A halo round the moon; -tauqi nuqra, A necklace of gold and silver with which children are adorned. توى ت toq, A flag, an ensign (see طوق ت

a שלנה אל tauq-baz, Who plays with ringlets or chains (applied to the neck of a

mistress).

a مرتدار tauq-dar, Collared; pilloried; prisoner; a youth whose beard begins to appear; lunar.

A Job taul (v.n.), Conferring favours, benefiting; excelling in goodness and liberality; excellence, power, riches; duration of life; -tūl (v.n.), Being long, of long duration, tall, extensive; exceeding in length; length; longitude; [tūla 'd-dahri, At no time, never;—tūli harf (sukhun, kalām), Verbosity, prolixity (construed with didan); -tūl dāshtan, To last, to take time (m.c.);—tūli zamān, Length of time;] -tawal, Length of the upper lip hanging over the under one (especially in camels); -tiwal, Duration of life, age; a long rope with which pasturing cattle are tethered; -tuwal, Duration of life, age; absence; (pl. of tūlá) longer, taller (things); high stations; the seven long chapters of the Qur'an; — tūwal, A certain long-legged water-fowl.

ا طولا A ي tūl-an, In length, lengthwise. a طولاني tūlānī, Long; lofty; loud. a طول طويل غلي tūl-ṭawīl, Very long; prolix,

tūlumba, A hydraulic musical instrument; a trumpet; a pump, a syphon.

tolma-bāghcha, Dolma-Bagcha طولمة باغيمة tolma-bagcha

(m.c.).

الم إلى taula, A stable or stall for horses; a set of horses, of six or eight, exactly matched; a long rope or tether; a kind of trick-track or draughts ;- taula'i shīkārī, A stud of hunters (m.c.).

a طولى tālī, Of or relating to length; long, tall; length;—tūlī dāshtan, To be long; to

exceed in length.

و ليدون tūlīdūn, Fox-grapes, nightshade.

لومار A book, volume, long roll; a kind of writing; household accounts;tūmāri tasarruf (wāṣilāt), An account-book; جمع طوماري tūmāri jam', À rent-roll (see p. 371).

a طومار نويس tūmār-nawīs, An accountant.

و طونسكس tūnuslus, The bog-rush. a طوى toy, A feast, festival (see طوى).

ي طوي ه يawá (v.n.), Suffering hunger, fasting involuntarily; hunger;—tawi, One who abstains from food ;- tuwá, tiwá, Name of a valley in Syria, also called wadi'i aiman, and wādī'i muqaddas.

tawiyat, Purpose, design, intention, طوية mind, heart, thought; a secret; a well

built of stones.

tuwais (dim. of tā'us), A small peacock; name of a certain catamite and singer, originally called tā'us until the characteristics of a catamite were noticed in him, when his name was changed into tuwais; living in Madinah, he used to say to his fellow-townsmen, "As long as I am amongst you, be afraid of the appearance of the Antichrist (dajjāl), while after my death you need not fear that calamity; for there is no one more ill-omened than me, the son of a woman accursed for having spread slanders amongst the wives of the Ansars, since my birth coincided with the death of the Prophet, and every important period of my life with the death or assassination of one of his four successors." According to the Qamus his real name was Abū 'Abdu 'n-ni'ām, according to the Surah, 'Abdu 'n-ni'am, the latter statement tallying with some verses ascribed to him.

ي طويل م tawil, Long, tall; prolix; name of a metre (fa'ūlun mafā'īlun | --- | --- | four times repeated); (in P.) name of one of the seven games at nard;—tāwīlu 'z-zail, A robe with a long train, a garment with long skirts ;-zamāni (muddati) tawil, A long space of time;-'umri tawīl, A long life.

A مايال tawilat, tawila, Long; a tether; a stable; a string of pearls;—tawila bīrūn zadan, To appear, to come forth ;—tawīla'i khar, A string or herd of asses :--tawīla'i durr, A string of pearls. The word is also construed with the verbs bastan, fire bastan,

nihādan, &c.

Lah, Tea (little used).

اطماره غارة غامارة tahārat (v.n. of طمارة), Being pure, clean, holy; purity, cleanness; sanctity. a مارت مائل tahārat-jāy, مارت عائل tahārat-

khāna, A privy.

a مارت نامه tahārat-nāma, A treatise on cleanliness, or corporeal and mental purity.

لماك tahāf, A high cloud.

مار ه tahr (v.n.), Placing at a distance ; tuhr (v.n.), Being clean; cleanliness, purity; -tahir, Clean, pure.

whole tahran, Teheran, the capital of

Persia.

tihran, Name of a village near طبران م Isfāhān, also of one near Raiv; -tuhrān, Clean, pure.

A طبش <u>taksh</u>, Confusion; the spoiling of anything commenced by oneself or an-

other.

A he tahf, Millet; according to others bread made from millet; -tahf. tahaf, A kind of grass, slender and weak, bearing a grain which is eaten in seasons of scarcity; -tihf, A piece or portion of anything.

tahl, Fetid (water);—tahal (v.n.),

Being fetid, corrupted (water).

tihlīzaj, Bitter herbs which the طيارع Jews used to eat at the passover.

tahmasb, Name of a king of display Persia.

A عيمل tahmal, Anything which, when felt, has no thickness about it; corpulent and ugly-shaped; slender, delicate (woman).

tahmūras, The third of the Persian طهجورت kings of the Peshdadian dynasty, and the supposed founder of Babylon, Nineveh, and

Isfaban (about 830 A.C.).

A ye tahw, ye tuhuw (v.u.), Dressing, roasting (meat); performing, executing; travelling.

طبور ه tuhūr (v.n. of طبور), Purifying, cleaning; purification, ablution; a purifier; that by which anything is purified or cleansed.

ملوي taiy, in P. mostly tai (v.n. of طوی), Folding up; travelling, passing by, through, or beyond; crossing; intention; place of destination; a poetical license consisting in the elimination of the fourth quiescent letter of mustaf'ilun and maf'ūlāt, whereby --- becomes ---, and becomes ---; name of an Arabian tribe; tai shudan, To be folded; to be traversed, to be got over (journey);—tai kardan, To cross, to travel over; to fold.

و پیکانی q.v.). g پیکانی g پیکانی q.v.). dula tiyār (v.n. 3 of طير Making fly, putting in rapid motion;—taiyār, Flying; rising, leaping (a wave); quicksilver; a winged animal; ready, prepared (see تيار, p. 340); surname of Jafar bin Abu Talib. a طيارات taiyārāt (pl. of the following),

Fast-sailing vessels; parts or portions of

water, waves, billows.

ليارة A غيارة taiyārat, taiyāra, A kind of fastsailing vessel; a fleet steed.

a طياري taiyārī, Readiness, preparation

.(ئيارى see).

م طياش م taiyāsh, Inconstant, light, vain, fickle, incapable of steady application to one pursuit.

a طياف tiyāf, The nightmare. طياف tayān, Wild jasmine.

مليان A <u>taiyān</u>, A starved person, one who eats nothing; one who prepares or mixes up plaster, mortar, or clay (tin); a plasterer.

مليب A طيب tib (v.n.), Being good and lawful; being sweet and delicate; being favourable (wind); — tīb, Deliciousness; odour, perfume; an aromatic, unguent, essence; the best part of anything; [bi-tibi nafsi, With a willing mind;]-taiyib, Good, excellent; sweet, agreeable, delicious; legal, lawful; name of a son of Muhammad.

ما يبات taiyibāt (pl. of taiyibat), Good, excellent works, pious foundations; delights.

A طيبه taibat, Madina; - tibat (v.n. of طيبه), Being good, lawful; being sweet, delicious; a lawful thing; the purest wine; the well Zamzam; jest, merry humour; -taiyibat (fem. of taiyib), Good; a name of the city of Madinah.

taiyat, Intent, design ;— fiyat, A mode of folding or wrapping up (of anything); intention, purpose, mind; heart; thought; the place whither one is bound, destination.

طيطو $ar{u}_{i}=titi$ طيتو q.v.

aikh (v.n.), Contaminating; being طيخ defiled; growing proud, pride;—<u>tīkh</u>, The sound of laughter.

ي طير يair, Sal auimoniac.

tair (v.n.), Flying; flight; a bird; an omen from the flight of birds (especially a bad one); (pl. of ta'ir) birds; tairu'llail, The bird of night, the owl.

a مايوان tairān (P. pl. of tair), Birds. A دايي tayarān (v.n. of عليه), Flying; flight;—tayarān kardan, To fly.

a عيراني tairānī, Belonging to birds, volatile.

tairat, Agility, lightness, levity of طعوط A mind; name of a village near Damascus; -tīrat, tīyarat, A bad omen.

a معرة tīra, Anger; grief, pain, uneasiness; shame, modesty; bashful; -tīra shudan, To be bashful;—tīra giriftan, To be angry, to fly into a passion.

A طيرل tīrá, A village near Ispahān.

taisaqun, Name of a city in Iran, formerly a royal residence.

A ميسل taisal, A dark night; a violent wind; dust; the mirage, or semblance of water on a plain; much of anything.

taisa, A bed, couch, pillow, bolster.

ـ taish (v.n.), Being light, incon طيش ▲ stant; being foolish, losing one's wits; passing beyond the mark; levity, inconsistency, irresolution; folly; anger; vehemence, passion.

A معلم إن fit, Foolish, ignorant; long, tall; a

libidinous stallion.

A ميطان يؤيرة برقيم, A wild leek or scallion.

طيطو ليزير, and --

A يُنطويل titawá, A species of the qatā; a

sandpiper; a peweet.

A ميك يaif (v.n.), Appearing (as a ghost); a phantom, spectre, apparition; rage, anger; madness; -taif mina 'sh-shaitan, A spectre raised by the devil, a diabolical suggestion

مُعْمِى taifarī, A small tray (see مُعْمِى and

طيفسون taifasūn, Ctesiphon; Madain; Bagdad.

aifūr, A bird or winged insect; name of a little bird.

ل يقال م tiqan (pl. of taq), Arches.

taiqari, A small tray.

tailafiyan, Houseleek; the ane-

pailasan, dailus, dailus, طيلس م tailas, tailis, tailus, طيلس tailisan, tailusan (from P. talishan), The end of the turban-sash hanging down behind like a tail or lappet; a hood; a mantle, scarf, or tippet hanging from the shoulders; a pall;—tailasani muza'far, The rays of the sun;—tailasāni mutarrā, Night; ibni tailasān, A Persian, a barbarian (from the view of an Arab).

ميم م taim (v.n.), (God) forming (anyone for good); being good (anybody's work); doing a good work.

A ملين tain (v.n.), Sealing (a letter) with clay; plastering with clay; -tin, Clay, loam; -tīni armanī, Armenian bole -tīni asfar,

Yellow earth or chalk; - tīni makhtūm, Sealing-clay or wax; ruddle.

tinat, A bit of clay; nature, natural طينة

disposition, genius.

tainūs, A species of cantharides. tainus, Name of the daughter of طينوس Qaidafa (or Faidafa), queen of Andalusia.

a طينى tinī, Earthy, clayey.

ي ياين يا tuyūr (pl. of tair), Birds.

a طيوري لي يُوري لي يوري لي يُوري لي يوري everity; rut.

q.v., p. 344), A تيهو gaihūj (for P. عيهو species of partridge.

b, z, called zā'i zazigh (see sai), zā'i mangūta, gā'i mu'jama "dotted zā," twentieth letter of the Arabic-Persian alphabet, denoting 900 in arithmetic, and used "evident." as abbreviation for عاهر zāhir The power of this letter in Arabic is that of z prenounced with a hollow sound from the throat not easily to be described; in Persian its pronunciation scarcely differs from that of z.

A & zā, The name of the letter &; the

breasts of an old woman.

A - " za'b. The husband of a wife's sister; married state, matrimony; oppression; shout, noise, clamour; the rattling of a he-goat at rutting-time.

za'r (v.n.), Hiring a nurse; being kind, well-disposed towards; -ziar (v.n. 3 of ظار), Inducing (a camel) to suckle another's colt by tying up her nose that she

may not detect it by the smell.

A ماهل zā'in, A traveller.

A بالله zāfir, Victorious, conquering; a conqueror.

gāli', Leaning to one side, limping, lame; criminal, incriminated, suspected; a dog who sleeps not at night; a bitch in heat.

ي يقالم A tyrant, an oppressor; un-

just, barbarous, cruel.

ه يقالم حوز ي gālim-soz, طالم كداز zālim-gudāz, A destroyer of tyrants.

a عالمي gālimī, Wrong-doing; tyranny, oppression.

A عامى غامى غامى غامى غامى

A will zānn, A suspecter, supposer, or fancier.

عاهر علم gāhir, fem. قاهر zāhirat, zāhira, Exterior, external, outer; apparent, clear, manifest; superficial; exoteric; one of the names of God; -- zahiru 'l-madīnat, Out of town, without the city; -zāhir kardan, To expose, manifest, exhibit; -zahir u bātin, External and internal, outward appearance and inward qualities; -sūrati zāhira, External appearance;— $f\bar{i}'z$ - $z\bar{a}hir$, Externally.

A عاهرا zāhiran, Externally, to all appearance, publicly, apparently, evidently; certainly, truly; -- gāhiran qirā'at kardan, To recite, to repeat by heart.

a عاهوبين zāhir-bīn, One who looks only to

the surface or exterior, superficial.

a عاهر پرست zāhir-parast, Superficial observer.

A عاهرة zāhirat, zāhira (fem. of zāhir), External; manifest; prominent (eye); a mid-day watering of camels; a cistern where camels are watered at mid-day; midday; a strong she-camel.

a عاهر دار zāhir-dār, Specious, plausible; showy; pretentious; ceremonious, formal.

a عاهر داري يقلم zāhir-dārī, Speciousness; show, ostentation; ceremony, formality.

a عاهر نظر zāhir-nazar, عاهر نظر zāhir-nigar, Who considers only the surface or outside of things.

a طاهر نما zāhir-namā, Specious, plausible. a عاضري gāhirī, Apparent; appearance, exterior.

a المرية <u>zāhirīy</u>at, Manifestation, externality.

عباه A علية zibā' (pl. of zaby), Wild bucks, chevrils.

a عبة zubat, Point of an arrow; curved edge of a sword; head of a spear or lance.

A جنظاب zabzāb, Sickness, pain; a blemish; a pimple on the eyelid or face; -mā bi-hi zabzāb, There is no vice, blemish, ailment, or defect in him.

A & zaby, A wild buck, chevril, gazel ;zuba (pl. of zubat), Points of arrows, &c.

ي طبية zabyat, A chevril, doe, roe; vulva; a small bag, a money-purse; the bending or winding of a river; Tabitha or Dorcas.

zirr, A round sharp stone, with an edge like a knife.

A الله zirār (pl. of zirr), Sharp stones.

A الله zurāf, zurrāf, Ingenious, acute, witty (P. pl. zurāfān, zurrāfān).

A الله zarāfān (v.n. of الله عليه), Being ingenious, elegant, witty, clever; wit, humour, jocularity; elegance, grace; ingenuity, genius; politeness, gallantry; dexterity;—zarāfat dāshtan, To be elever, elegant, graceful, &c.

ارب zarab (v.n.), Having his liver adhering to his side (a camel);—zarib, A small hill; a projecting and sharp part of a stone;—zurubb, Short and thick of body.

 \mathbf{a} غرباه $\mathbf{garb}\bar{a}'$, $\mathbf{q.v.}$; — $\mathbf{zirb}\bar{a}'$ (pl. of zaribān), Polecats, skunks.

a طربان zaribān, A stinking animal like a طربان

cat; a fitchet, polecat, skunk.

zarf (v.n.), Being ingenious, witty, clever; sagacity, ingenuity, genius, wit, acumen; beauty, elegance; capacity, capability; a vessel, vase, receptacle of any kind; (in grammar) an adverb or preposition; [zarfi zar-hal, A pot with gold solution used for painting and writing ;zarfi zamān, Adverb of time; -- zarfi makān, Adverb of place;—zarf lab-rez shawad, Life declines towards its end; -- zarf u mazrūf. The containing and contained;]-zuruf (pl. of garif), Ingenious, clever, witty (persons); elegant (persons and things).

A surafā' (pl. of zurāf and zarīf),

Elegant, graceful; ingenious, clever. A عروف zurūf (pl. of zarf), Vases, vessels,

jars; (pl. of zarif), ingenious, clever;zurufi ābkhwuri, Drinking vessels (m.c.);zurūfi chīnī, China vessels or ware, china, porcelain;—zurūfi nugra'ī, Silver vessels, plate (m.c.).

A غريف zarif, Ingenious, witty, subtile, clever.

a خريفاته zarīfāna, Ingeniously, elegantly. A Lung pretty, zarifa, Anything pretty, elegant; a sally of wit, bon-mot, epigram-

zi'ān, A rope for tying طعام A zi'ām, فعام

on a camel's travelling litter.

matic point; quaintness.

ي عالي za'a'in (pl. of za'inat), Camellitters.

za'n, za'an (v.n.), Travelling, طعن journeying, migrating; a journey, migration; the rope with which a camel-litter is fastened; — zu'n, zu'un (pl. of za'inat), Camel-litters in which women travel.

A cycle za'ūn, A quiet camel used in carrying the howda or burdens in gene-

za'īnal, The hauda or camel-litter طعينة in which women travel; a woman whilst being thus earried.

a ملك zaff (v.n.), Binding (all a camel's feet); indigence; a scanty subsistence; a

continued scarcity.

zafār, Name of a certain perfume resembling nails, cloves (= $n\bar{a}\underline{k}\underline{h}uni\ dev\ q.v.$ under ناخن);—zafāri, Name of a place in Yaman renowned for its aloe and onyx; also of several fortresses.

zafr (v.n.), Digging one's nails into (another's) cheek; -zufr, A nail, claw (also zifr); the extremity of a bow; a film or web in the eye, a cataract; anyone; anybody; name of a fortress; [zufru 'l-qitt, Cats-claw (a plant);—zufru 'n-nasr, Eagles-claw (a plant);—kalilu (muqullamu) 'zzufr, Whose claws are clipped, weak, powerless, contemptible;] -zafar (v.n.), Accomplishing, succeeding in one's wishes, overcoming, conquering; victory, triumph; plain level ground; suffering from a web or cataract (eye); seeing, obtaining sight of anyone; [zafar yāftan, To be victorious, to conquer;]—zafir, A conqueror, accustomed to overcome all obstacles or difficulties; victorious; afflicted with a cataract; ---ziffir, Fortunate, overcoming all difficulties.

a پائل عطر اگر zafar-asar, In whose footsteps victory follows.

a طفر الكيو zafar-angez, Victorious. a عفر الكيو zafar-āyāt (كِيَّا aya), Having the signs of victory, victorious.

a ماور پيکر zafar-paikar, Victorious (sword). A 5 st zufrat, A certain plant biting to the taste, and good for ulcers and warts;zafarot, A cataract in the eye.

a فار تكية zafar-takya, A long sharp iron

prong; a dirk, a stiletto.

a عفر توأم zafar-tuwām (tu'ām), Having victory for a twin, victorious.

a غام توز zafar-toz, Victorious. a غام دستگاه zafar-dastgāh, Victorious. a غام رهبر zafar-rahbar, Leading to conquest, victorious (army).

a مفرستان zafaristān, A place of victory.

a عفر هعار zafar-shi'ār, Clad in victory, victorious.

a طفر مانوس zafar-ma'nūs, Accustomed to victory (drum).

a طار نامه zafar-nāma, A congratulatory letter on a victory; title of a book on politics and morals.

a عفرياب zafar-yāb, Who obtains victory,

victorious, a conqueror.

A Jall (v.n.), Continuing, not ceasing (to do); becoming, being;—zill, in P. also zil, Shadow, shade; darkness of the night; night; part of the night; a spectre, apparition, phantom; the flower or prime of youth; intensity of heat; a cloud veiling the sun; protection, guard; strength, power, firmness; paradise; [zillu 'z-zahab, Quicksilver ;--zillu 'l-lāh, zilli ḥaqq (khudā, subhānī), The shadow or representative of God (a royal title or epithet); - zilli zamīn, Night;—zilli zalīl, The shady garden of delight, i.e. paradise;—zilli 'ināyat, Shadow of protection;—zilli mamdūd, A lengthened shadow;—dāma zillu-hu, May his shadow endure, may his prosperity, power, &c., be lasting; — zull (pl. of azall), Insides of fingers, or of the soles of camels'

A zula', A disease in the legs of

quadrupeds caused by travelling.

ي علال ه zalāl, Anything which affords a shade; - zilāl, A cloud or anything similar which affords a shade; a garden; paradise; the shadow of a cloud; (pl. of zill) shadows; (pl. of zullat) couches, benches.

الم علام zalām, Nightfall, the darkness of the beginning of night; obscurity, darkness;—zilām (v.n. 3 of dark), Oppressing, oppression; a little; name of a certain plant with long tendrils; -zallām, Very unjust or tyrannical; a great oppressor; name of a plant with long tendrils.

a ماجام المجام يعام المجام علم المجام المجام علم المجام على zalām-anjām, Dark, cloudy.

A All zallat, Stay, continuance; health; zillat, Anything which affords a shade; zullat, A covering; a parasol; anything shady; a cloud; a couch, a reclining bench affording shelter from heat or cold.

zal' (v.n.), Leaning to one side, halting; swerving; deviating from truth; being narrow, confined (a place); being suspected; - zalo', Being narrow, strait, confined; -zula', Name of a mountain in

the country of the Banu Sulaim.

A all zalf (v.n.), Restraining, checking; refraining from; tracing or following footsteps; striking or hurting on the nail, hoof, or claw; being shed with impunity (blood); narrowness of circumstances, indigence;zilf, A cloven hoof; a following in succession; need, necessity; desire, wish; a suitable pasturage; -zulf, zuluf, Badly off; rough, rocky (grounds); -zalaf (v.n.), Abstaining, refraining from; being rocky, rough (ground); being shed with impunity (blood); straits, penury, indigence; hard ground which leaves no foot-marks; the whole, the entire; [bi-zalafi-hi, All of it, the whole; —zalaf, zalif, High ground out of the reach of water and mud.

a على گستر zil-gustar, Shade-diffusing. A علل zalal, Water under trees never

reached by the sun.

علم a alm (v.n.), Being dark (night); brightness, whiteness; snow; water; the fresh natural colour of teeth; -zulm, zalm (v.n.), Inquiring, oppressing; defrauding, seizing another's property; committing injustice; oppression, tyranny, cruelty; injustice, injury, outrage; digging ground in a place not to be dug; slaughtering (a camel) without disease; drinking milk out of the churning bottle before the butter is formed; covering the female when pregnant (an ass); putting a thing not in its place; obscurity, darkness; idolatry; [zulm ba-sawiyat 'adl ast, There is justice in a calamity common to all; -zulm (zulm u ta'addī) kardan, To oppress;]—zalam, A body; an object appearing black in the distance; - zilam, Name of a certain plant with long tendrils; -zulam (pl. of zulmat), Obscurities, darknesses; (pl. of zalmā') three dark nights in the month immediately following the გა q.v., p. 512.

A sulm-an, Oppressively, tyrannically. almā', Obscurity, darkness.

zulmāt, zulamāt, zulumāt (pl. of zulmat, zulumat), Darknesses; a dark place where the water of life or immortality is said to be; — zulumāti salāsa, The three darknesses, i.e. length, breadth and depth of the lower world; the triple darkness in which Jonas was enveloped, namely, of night, of the fish's belly, and of the depth of the sea; the impurities of natural disposition, lust and selfishness; the darkness of the membrane enwrapping the embryo, of the womb, and of the mother's abdomen.

a خامات رنگ zulmāt-rang, Like darkness.

a علماني zalmānī, Dark, obscure (opposed to فوزانی q.v.). a علم پیشه zulm-pesha, A tyrant, op-

pressor.

A Lall zilmat, zulmat, Name of a certain woman proverbially lewd; -zulmat, zulma, Darkness, obscurity; severity; torment; a dark place at the extremity of the world, where the fountain of life is supposed to be placed; also the fountain itself; [ahli zulmat, People connected with government, officials (m.c.);]-zalamat, zalama (pl. of zālim), Oppressors, tyrants;—zalimat, Dark (night);—zulumat, Darkness; near, the first thing which meets the eye.

zulmat-ābād, The abode of

darkness, the world.

a المت يالمت zulmat-zidā, Dispelling dark-

ness (Muhammad).

a طلمتيان zulmatiyān, Heathens, idolaters. a علم رسيدة zulm-rasida, Oppressed; a victim of tyranny.

a علم ساز zulm-sāz, Practising injustice,

tyrannical, oppressive.

a عالم عمار zulm-shi'ār, A tyrant, op-

pressor.

a علم كاة zulm-kāh, A diminisher of injus-

a طلم کیش zulm-kesh, Oppressive, tyrannical.

a علم كاة zulm-gāh, A dark place; a place where iniquity or oppression abounds.

a طلم كدازي zulm-gudāzī, Putting an end

to oppression or injustice.

a مناه کده zulma-kada, The mansion of darkness, this present world.

a علمي zulmi, Unjust, oppressive, tyrannical.

a علمية zulmīyat, Iniquity, oppression.

علول ه zulūl (v.n. of الله), Executing any work by day, not by night; becoming, happening; shading, throwing a shadow; (pl. of zill) shadows, shades.

zalūm, One who puts a thing not in its proper place; most cruel, unjust, tyrannical;—zulūm (pl. of zalm), Fresh, natural colours of teeth; (pl. of zalum) objects appearing black in the distance. At zilla, see A. Alt.

ي عليف zalīf, Of a bad natural disposition, mean, abject, criminal (man); in an evil plight; rough, rocky (ground); a painful or difficult business; adversity, hardship, difficulty; the root of the neck; gratuitous.

A ظليل zalīl, Shady (place).

zalīm, A male ostrich;—zillīm, Very unjust, most oppressive.

A "Lib zama' (v.n.), Being very thirsty.

A ملمة zamā', كمامة zamā'at (v.n. of "مملة), Being very thirsty; -zimā', zumā' (pl. of zam'an), Thirsty.

A وامل zam'ān, fem. المان zam'ānat,

Thirsty.

غمي على على A على على A على المعارية على المعارية على المعارية المعارية المعارية المعارية المعارية المعارية الم

A w zann (v.n.), Thinking, suspecting; opining; knowing for certain, being sure; suspicion, evil opinion; opinion, thought, belief; knowledge, certainty; persuasion; doubt, wavering; jealousy; - zann burdan, To be of opinion, to opine; -sū'i zann, Evil thought, rash judgment.

A wib zimb, Trunk of a tree.

a طنبوب <u>zumbūb</u>, A shank-bone; a stud in the side of a spear-head.

A dib zinnat, Suspicion.

inan (pl. of the preceding), Suspi- طنن ▲ cions.

عنون A عنون zanūn, A suspicious man; any matter on which a doubt is entertained, as, for instance, whether a debt be paid or not, whether a well contain water or be empty, &c.; weak in mind, barren in mental resources;—gunun (v.n. of الحق), Thinking, supposing, deeming; (pl. of zann) opinions, doubts, surmises.

a على zannī, Supposed, surmised; suspicious.

A طنين zanīn, Suspected.

A jib zu'ār, Trevets; (pl. of zi'r) fostermothers.

awāhir, Pot-herbs; high lauds; وأهر appearances, externals; Arabs of Quraish who pitched their tents outside Mecca.

ي غمار م zahār, The surface of stony ground; -zihār (v.n. 3 of خور), Pronouncing the words "thou art unto me as my mother's back," a formula of divorce; -zuhār, A crowd, multitude; the short side of a bird's

A قرارة zahārat (v.n. of طريع), Being strong in the back; being effaced, obliterated; zihārat, The outside of a garment (opposed to bitanat, The inside or lining).

zahr (v.n.), Striking on the back; training, breaking in (a camel); boasting, glorying in; the back; the superficies, especially the harder and more hilly part (of ground); a road through the desert; much wealth; the text or letter of the Qur'an (bain being its esoteric explanation); news, history, tradition; a thing absent, concealed, hidden; [waladu 'z-zahr, A boy neglected or turned adrift by his parents;]-zuhr, Mid-day, or a little time after the sun has passed the meridian, when the air is most sultry; [salātu 'z-zuhr, Afternoon prayer; — zahar (v.n.), Complaining of or having a pain in the back; a pain in the back, lumbago; household utensils; — zahir, Pained in the back, afflicted with lumbago.

A while zuhran (pl. of zahr), Backs; (pl of zuhar) the narrowest sides of birds feathers.

zihrat, An assistant; -- zihrat, zuhrat, zaharat, Families, relations, allies; household furniture; -zuhrat, A tortoise; an assistant.

a zihri, Thrown behind the back, forgotten, neglected; ready for use (a

A jack zahūr, High, raised, prominent; guhur (v.n. of , Appearing, being conspicuous, happening; appearance, birth; reign, dominion, fame; (pl. of zahr) backs; -zuhūri iqbāl, Reign of prosperity, happy progress, fortunate coincidence; - zuhūr āmadan (yāftan), ba-zuhūr āmadan (pai-wastan, rasīdan), To appear, become conspicuous or evident :- sāhib zuhūr, Famous,

± zahīr, Troubled with a pain in the back, afflicted with lumbago; an assistant, supporter, protector; name of a Persian

zahirat, Mid-day, during the hot season; -qā'imu'z-zahīrat, The meridian,

the highest altitude of the sun.

A مناثر بنائر بنائر بنائر بنائر بنائر بنائر بنائر بنائر بنائر بنائر بنائر بنائر بنائر بنائر بنائر بنائر بنائر giving suck to the young of another; tying a bag over a camel's nose to induce her to suckle another's colt.

also a طيان A عليان zaiyān, Wild jessamine; also plant with which leather is tanned; honey.

zi'r, A nurse, foster-mother; kind, benevolent; a pillar, prop, buttress for shoring up a wall; the side of a house.

3

ξ', called 'aini ghair manqūta or 'aini muhmala, Undotted 'ain, The twenty-first letter of the Arabic-Persian alphabet, expressing 70 in arithmetic. Like the hamza, but in a stronger degree, it represents the effort made by the throat in pronouncing a vowel at the beginning of a word or syllable, and hence the Greek spiritus asper (') has very properly been adopted as its representative, while the homogeneous letter hamza is now generally transcribed by the spiritus lenis ('). In the pronunciation of the Persiaus, as prosody proves, it is frequently not distinguished as a separate letter at all, and in some words it is rendered by h, either sounded as in هفهف haffor description as in delication after as in delication . طلأيع

A باله 'āb (v.n. of عيب), Being damaged (merchandise); damage, blemish, defect.

abis, A player, a dallier. عابث

A wie 'abid, An adorer, or servant of God; a votary, devotee, recluse; enraged, indignant; loathing, refusing.

a مانعاك 'ābidāna, Devoutly, as servant of God.

a غايدية 'ābidīyat, Name of a sect.

A sie 'abar, Heber, son of Arphaxad, son of Shem; -'abir, Weeping, croning (man or woman); passenger, traveller; an interpreter, commentator, expounder; -- 'ābiru *'s-sabīl*, A traveller.

abis, Austere, stern, sour, crabbed, عابس ه

grim; a lion.

arcient, 'ātiq, Free, manumitted; ancient, old, antique; (wine) long kept; an old bow red with age; (a girl) in the bloom of youth, kept confined at home, not yet married; a middle-aged woman; a young bird ready for flight; the back or that part of it where a cloak is placed; a large leathern wine-bottle.

atik, Noble, عاتك A عاتك generous; pure (wine); bright (colour); changeable, fickle,

inconstant; quarrelsome.

A asile 'atikat, An old bow become red with age; name of a certain woman; also of nine women of Muhammad's ancestry.

A citim, Late (in the evening), tardy. A عاتی 'ātiyat, 'ātiya, alīya, 'atiya, alīya, Proud, overbearing, exorbitant.

asir, Stumbling, in danger of fall-

'āṣūr, A pit dug for catching lions عاثور م or other wild beasts; adversity, evil, disaster; a dangerous place.

A ale \tilde{a}_{ij} , Ivory; gentle (she-camel); $[takhti \tilde{a}_{ij}, An ivory throne;] - \tilde{a}_{ij}, A call by which camels are driven; - <math>\tilde{a}_{ij}$, Full of

travellers (a road).

A عاجر 'àjiz, Weak, imbecile, impotent, exhausted; defective, hopeless, powerless, dejected; - 'ajiz amadan, To fall short of (az); to be unable to cope with (dar);—
'ājiz kardan, To baffle, defeat, confound, perplex.

a منابعات ajizāna, Weakly, hopelessly.

a عاجر نالى 'ājiz-nālī, A gentle or subdued wail (see دهيف نالي). (هعيف عاجرة ajiza (fem. of 'ājiz), Weak, help-

a عاجزي 'ājizī, Weakness, helplessness; humility, submissiveness; entreaty, supplication; hopelessness;—'ājizī kardan, To suffer damage or injury.

ajilat, 'ājila, Has- عاجلة 'ājila, fem' عاجل tening; swift, expeditious; agile; transitory, frail, fleeting (opposed to Ja q.v.,

p. 18);—hayūti 'ājila, (This) transitory life.

A الجالة 'ājilan, P. عاجلات 'ājilāna, In haste; hastily; in regard to the present

ajilat, 'ājila, The present fleeting عاجلة A life.

ajin, (A camel) whose feetus does ماجن not remain quiet in the womb.

a ماجمون 'ājīn, Of the colour of ivory; made of ivory.

A sie ' $\tilde{a}d$, Name of an ancient Arabian tribe.

A alle 'ādāt (pl. of the following), Customs, &c.;—'ādātu's-sādāt-i sādātu'l-'ādāt, The manners of lords are, i.e. ought to be, lordly manners, the conduct of the noble is nobility of conduct, "noblesse oblige."

A sile 'ādat, Custom, mode, manuer, habit, usage, rite, observation; practice; nature, disposition; construed with the verbs bardāshtan, dādan, kardan, gardānādan, giriftan, nihādan, &c.;—amri 'ādat, Ordinary business, anything common or indifferent;—'alá 'ādati-hi, According to his custom.

A مادة ādat-an, Habitually, customarily. عادتى نقط 'ādatī, Customary, habitual; a catamite.

A عدل 'ādil, One who deviates; devious; one who gives partners to God, an idolworshipper; just, equitable; a judge.

a عادلانه 'ādilāna, Justly, equitably.

at one pasture; a camel feeding continually on the salsuginous herbage hamz.

a transgressor; wicked, rapacious, fierce; an enemy; (mansūb of عاد q.v.) belonging to the ancient tribe of 'Ad; (irreg. from 'ādat) accustomed, addicted.

A مادية 'ādiyat, Injustice, iniquity, hostility; swift horses; infantry (and sometimes cavalry) rushing before the rest to battle.

A عادب 'āzib, One abstaining from eating on account of excessive thirst; beasts of burden standing without meat or drink; under the open sky.

a عالم 'āzir, A circumciser; one who makes excuses, an apologist; the scar of a wound; dung, excrement; a menstruous vein.

A שנול (āzil, One who reproves and blames, a railer; a menstruous vein; name of a river; also of a place; the old name of the Arabian month Sha'ban, or Shauwâl.

أ عادور A عادور 'āṇūr, Adversity, evil; a goad for driving cattle.

أور من 'ār, Reproach, scorn; disgrace, ignominy, dishonour, shame; bashfulness, modesty;—'ār dāshtan, To be ashamed, to blush; to cause to blush, to put to the blush.

arij, Ascending.

misfortune, evil, calamity; reviewer of an army, muster-master, leader of a host; side of the face, cheek; a heavy cloud; diseased, broken down with age (she-camel); the teeth with exception of the front teeth; a gift, present;—'āriz afrokhtan, To wax angry, to fly into a passion;—'āriz shudan (gardādan), To happen, occur;—ārizi lashkar, A field-deputy; the reviewer of an

army;—'ārizi mamālik, Pay-master of the empire.

'āriz-an, Accidentally. عارضا"

A مَارِمَة 'ārizat, Anything necessary to be done; accident, event; obstacle, impediment; a fracture; an affection, a disorder, disease, sickness; infirmity, defect; the side of the face; a transverse piece of wood over a doorway or on a roof.

a عارض نامه 'āriz-nāma, Particulars of re-

ceipts of revenue.

a عارمى 'ārisī, Accidental;—sifati 'ārizīya,

An accidental quality.

arif, Knowing, perceiving; scientific; wise, skilful, intelligent, sagacious; well known, notorious; patient; a holy man, a saint, the highest grade to which a mystic can attain; - 'ārifi rāz, One who knows the divine secrets or mysteries.

a عارفانه 'ārifāna, Wisely, acutely; piously; like an 'ārif; a symbol; a reckoning, pro-

portion of any payment.

A عارى 'ārī, Whatever surprises or comes unlooked for; naked, denuded, bare; destitute, deprived of; void, free, exempt from; incompetent, incapable; distressed, distracted, helpless; ignorant, simple (prose), without rhyme or metre.

א בּוֹנְצֵּא 'ariyat, Anything borrowed or lent;—'āriyat dādan, To lend;—'āriyat

giriftan, To borrow.

a "عارية" ariyat-an (for عارية), On loan.

a اين غايت ماريت ماريت ماريت ماريت ماريت ماريت ماريت ماريت أغاريت a غاريت 'āriyat , Borrowed ; factitious, false (hair) ; transient, fading.

a camel which feeds abroad all night; name of a mountain.

A عازر 'āzar, Lazurus.

azif, A singer or player of music;

name of a place.

A pile 'āzīm, One who applies his mind; an enterprizer; one undertaking (a journey);—'āzīmu 'z-ziyārat, One who designs a visit, bent on a pilgrimage;—'āzīm shudan, To set out on a journey.

أ عليه 'āsif, Dying (camel), breathing with difficulty; (a camel) afflicted with

pestilence.

a عاسل 'āsil, One who takes the houey from the hives; tremulous (a lance); a wolf.

A عاسى 'āsī, A palm-tree; an old man stricken in years.

A sale 'āshib, (A camel) pasturing on fresh grass ('ushb); a country abounding in herbage.

A pale 'ashir, A tenth; a tithe-collector;

a publican, revenue-collector.

A ماهرات 'āshirat' (pl. ماهرات 'āshirāt'), A female hyena; every tenth verse of the Qur'an; a portion of a slaughtered camel; the outer feather of a bird's wing.

ashiq, A lover, inamorato, sweet-

heart, mistress; amorous; transported with divine love; -- 'ashiqi bi-chara, A species of ivy; - 'āshiqi khushq, A faithless lover ;- 'āshiqi dīwāna, Frantic, mad, dying with love; - 'āshiqi sag-jān, A worldling; - 'āshiq shudan, To fall in love; - 'āshiqi majnun (maftun), Madly in love; - 'ashiq'u ma'shūq, Lover and beloved, a couple of lovers.

'āshiq-āzār, Who inflicts pain عامق آزار or torment on the lover.

a المقان 'āshiqān (P. pl. of 'āshiq), Lovers. a allasle 'āshiqāna, Amorously; a lover.

a عاهتي با a 'āshīq-bā, A dish made of fruits, as dried peaches, prunes, grapes, walnuts, or almonds boiled with the acid of sumach and pomegranates.

a عاهق بادة 'āshiq-bāda, Fond of wine.

A Male 'āshiqat, 'āshiqa, A mistress.

ashiq-shikār, Addicted to the عاهق هكار pleasures of the chase; (met.) a mistress.

a عاهق صفير 'āshiq-safīr, Whose song is like that of a lover.

ashiq-qimar, Given to gambling.

a واع ماهل 'āshiq-mizāj, Of an amorous disposition; sprightly, sportive, merry.

a عاهل معيبت 'āshiq-masibat, Afflicted like a lover.

a عامق نگاه 'āshiq-nigāh, Looking like a

a عامق نواز 'āshiq-nawāz, Using blandishments towards the lover.

a عاهقي 'āshiqī, Love; the condition of a over ;-- 'āshiqī' namūdan, To fall in love.

ashūrā, عاهور أ 'āshūra' عاهوراه 'āshūrā' عاهور م The tenth or ninth of the first month muharram, when the great miracle-play on Husain's death is performed.

asid, A dying camel turning his عامد head over his shoulders.

asir, A presser, squeezer. a عاصف 'āṣif, Strong, violent (wind); stormy (day); declining, deviating (an arrow from the mark); whatever inclines

or is bent.

aṣifat, A strong, violent wind. عاصفة

asim, A defender; safe, protected; chaste, virtuous; a man's name; name of a place in the country of the Banu Huzail.

'āsimat, (The protected) Madīna; عاصمة —'āsima, A chaste woman, a matron.

aṣī, Disobedient, rebellious, seditious, refractory, stubborn; a sinner; a rebel; greedy, avaricious (this meaning doubtful); the river Orontes; -- 'āṣī shudan, To rebel, mutiny.

azid, An ass which hugs the sides عامد of the female when covering; a male camel, which biting the fore-leg of the female, forces her to crouch; one who walks by the side of his beast.

ajir, Who or what hinders; an obstacle.

A able 'azih. Pasturing on the thorny shrub 'izāh (a camel); a magician, sorcerer; a serpent stinging to death on the spot.

adir, Fond of odours; fragrant, odoriferous; benevolent, generous, noble;

gracious.

A عاطس 'atis, Sneezing; (a deer) advancing towards or meeting a person (con-

sidered a good omen); dawn.

A Lable 'ātifa, fem. dable 'ātifat, 'ātifa, Inclined to; benevolent; a wrapper, sheet, mantle; the horse which comes in sixth in the race; a fawn whose neck is bent when lying down ;-wāwi 'ātifa, The conjunction , u (connecting synonyms or opposites), wa (connecting purely Arabic words, or complete sentences).

atifat, 'atifa, Affection, benevolence; kin, relationship; grace, favour.

atil, Idle, vacant, wanting; vain, aldle, vacant, wanting; useless; foolish; a woman destitute of ornaments.

a مالمله 'ātila, Destitute, void of ; (a word) without diacritical points.

a عاطلي 'āṭilī, Folly, vanity, &c.

atūs, Anything exciting sneezing, عاطوس a sternutatory; a certain animal of bad omen.

a مانى 🛦 'āfī, Who asks or receives a favour or food; one who obliterates, effaces, destroys; a pardoner of sin; obliterated, effaced; long-bearded; arriving, a stranger, a guest.

afiyat, A preserving in, or a re- عافية A storing to, health; health, soundness; wellbeing, welfare; safeness, security; success; prosperity;—kasīru 'l-'āfiyat, One who entertains many guests.

a عانیت الدیش 'āfiyat-andesh, Thinking of

salvation.

ale 'aqq, Disobedient, undutiful, rebellious, disloyal; - 'aqq shudan, To be disobedient, &c.

aqib, A successor or deputy, one عاقب who comes last (hence an epithet of Muhammad, as being styled the last of the prophets); (adv.) at last; at least.

A عاتبه 'aqibat (v.n. of عقب), Coming after, succeeding; considering the end of anything; end, conclusion; issue, success, accomplishment; the future life; recompense, reward; (adv.) finally, at length;aqibatu 'l-amr, Termination of any business; the long and short of the matter; finally; 'aqibat na-darad, It ends badly; bī-'āqibat, Ending badly.

a مآفیت اندیش 'āqibat-andesh, Provident. a عاقبت الدیشی 'āqibat-andeshī, Farsightedness, foresight, prudence.

aqibat-binī, Foresight.

aqid, One binding, fastening, tying عاقد ه in a knot; a binder; a she-camel twisting her tail in a knot (sign of having conceived); the surroundings of a well.

aqir, Barren (woman); not procreating (man); unfruitful (tree); one who hamstrings; a high sand-hill, where nothing grows.

'đqir-qarḥā, Dracunculus; pelli- عاقر قرحا ه

tory, anthemis pyrethrum.

A dic 'aqil, Prudent, judicious, intelligent, sensible, wise, sagacious; rational; a mountain-goat, deer, &c., securely perched on a high rock; name of a mountain.

a مانلانه 'agilāna, Prudently, wisely; pru-

dent.

عاتلة م 'āqilat, 'āqila, A sensible woman; a bride-dresser, tire-woman; paternal relations who pay the expiatory mulct for manslaughter; magistrates.

a عاقلی 'aqilī, Wisdom, sense, intellect;

intelligence.

a على نامة 'āqq-nāma, A deed of disin-

heritance.

a عاقول a 'āqūl, The winding of a river; a whirlpool, gulf; the high sea and its billows; a country in which there is no open road; an intricate affair; a kind of caper; the teak-tree ;—dairi 'aqul, Name of a city near Nahrawan, and of one in Maghrib; also of a village near Mosul.

āqulá, A name of عاقوالي aqūlā, عاقولا ه

the city of Kufah.

akib, A great multitude.

A عاكف 'ākif, Assiduous, diligent; coństantly staying in the mosque and employed in devotion; - 'akifāni quds, Those who reside constantly at Jerusalem from motives of piety.

alij, (A camel) feeding on the herb alajan; sand lying layer upon layer; a

sandy place in the desert.

ألم ، alam, The world; the universe; time, age; condition, state; men, creatures, everything which the world contains; a beautiful sight or scene; ['ālami āb, A great drinker; a drinking-bout; - 'ālami arwāh, The world of spirits;—'ālami asbāb, The world, this life;—'ālami asghar, The microcosm; —'ālami akbar, The macrocosm; - 'ālami bāqī, Future state; - 'ālami bālā, The world above, heaven; - 'ālami tar, The world of pagan ignorance; — 'ālami tarbiyat, World of discipline;—'alami jān, World of souls, the spiritual world; world of life, the living world; this world; the elements;-'ālami jabarūt (malakūt), World of the angels, or the heaven above the starry firmament, where the angels, according to the Muhammadan system, are supposed to dwell; and immediately under 'ālami 'azamat, The high empyrean heaven, the residence of Omnipotence;—'alami khāk, The earth; the human body;—'alami dū-rang, The earth as subject to the vicissitudes of day and night; a hypocrite; — 'ālami dīgar, The other world; = 'ālami āb, q.v.; - 'ālami zauq, The world of delight; — 'ālami rūḥānī, The

spiritual world (m.c.); - 'ālami suflī, The earth ;- 'alami shahadat, The visible world ; -'ālami saghīr, The world; men; kings;— 'ālami ṣūrat (ṣūrī), The visible world;—
'ālami 'ulwī, The upper world;—'ālami
ghaib, The world of absence, i.e. a future state; $-\bar{a}lami\ f\bar{a}n\bar{\imath}$, The perishable (present) world; - 'alam kabīr, Nature, condition; -'ālami kaun, The visible world;—'ālami lāhūt, Court of heaven;—'ālami maṣāl, The world of fancy, a dream, ecstasy; -'alami mastī, A state of intoxication or lustfulness; -- 'ālami ma'qūl, The rational world; -'ālami ma'ná (ma'nī), The invisible world; - 'ālami nāsūt, The world of mortals; - 'ālami nabātāt, Botany;] - 'ālim, Learned, intelligent, wise; theoretic (in contradistinction to amil "practical");—alimu'l ghaib wa'sh-shahādat, (God) who knows the past and the present, the invisible and the visible, omniscient; —'ālimī tar (a wet or green doctor), A hypocrite or ignorant pretender.

عا∖

a أراى 'alam ārā (راى fārāy), World-

adorning.

a غالم افروز 'ālam-afroz, World-illuminating; the sun.

a عالمانه 'ālimāna, Wisely, learnedly.

a عالم آهنج 'ālam-āhanj, World-attracting; world-seizing.

a sligable 'ālam-panāh, Asylum of the

world; a king; your majesty, &c.

a بالبعاب 'ālam-tāb, World-inflaming; world-warming, world-illuminating; the

a غالمسوز 'ālam-soz, World-inflaming;-barqi 'ālam-soz, World-inflaming lightning.

a عالم کرد 'ālam-gard, A great traveller. عالم کرد نور نقاam-gīr, Conquering the uni-

a عام نورد 'ālam-naward, A great traveller. A great traveller. المام نورد 'ālamūn (pl. of 'ālam), Worlds. a عالمي 'ālamī, Worldly, existing in the world.

a مالميان 'ālamiyān, Men, mankind; mortals; people.

a عالمين 'ālamīn (obl. pl. of 'ālam, in P. used as nom.), Worlds, created things.

alī, High, sublime, eminent, excellent, grand; the upper part; above;-ʻālī-jāh (janāb, ḥazrat, qadr, maḥall, majām, maqdar, manqibat, makan), Of high station, &c., are titles of dignity and address, occurring frequently in letters to and from men of exalted rank, and implying majesty, dignity, excellence, &c.; -'alī u dūn, High and low.

a عالى تبار 'ālī-tabār, Of high descent, of noble lineage.

a عالى سراى 'ālī-sarāy, The high seraglio, a monarch's court.

a ماليشان 'ālī-shān, Of high degree; imperial, royal, most noble, excellent, dignified;—nishāni 'ālī-shān, The imperial signet.

a عالى طرف 'ālī-zarf, Large-minded, able, gifted.

a عالى نطرت ālī-fiṭrat, High-minded, magpanimous; of noble disposition.

a عالى گير 'ālī-guhar, Valuable pearl or

a عالى منش ${}^{\dot{a}}$ عالى منش ${}^{\dot{a}}$ عالى منش ${}^{\dot{a}}$ ${}^{\dot{a}}$ annat, High-minded, noble, gracious, himmat. generous.

a عالى همتى 'ālī-manishī, عالى مىش 'ālī-himmalī, Elevation of mind.

a عالى نؤاد 'ālǐ-nizhād. Of noble birth. a عاليه âliya (fem. of 'ālī), High, &c.

A ple 'am, A year; -['ami auwal, Last year;-'ami digar, Next year;-'amu 'ami auwal, The year before last ;-al-'am, This year;]—'āmm, fem. عامه 'āmmat, 'āmma, Complete, perfect; common, universal, public; the vulgar, common people, commons, commonalty (opp. to خاص q.v.); hassa'i 'amma, Common sense; <u>kh</u>ass u 'āmm, Noble and plebeian, gentle-folk and commons.

a أي 'amat, A wreath, sash, or turban' عامة rolled round the head; - 'ammat, amma, The vulgar, commons, plebeians; - 'amma'i afazil, All the doctors or learned men;— 'āmma'i barāyā, All the nobility and vassals; - 'amma'i ra'iyat, The lower order of men, the common people, peasantry;—'ām-ma'i 'ibādu'llāh, All the servents of God; all the subjects; -'amma'i nas, All man-

a عام جوش 'ām-josh, All in a turmoil, in a general ferment or ebullition.

a عامد 'āmid, One who proposes, purposes,

one who is bent upon, bound for.

amir, One who cultivates, makes عاسر inhabitable; a builder; (for ma'mūr) cultivated, inhabited, flourishing; a proper name; -banū 'āmir, Name of a tribe.

A bysle 'amirat, 'āmira, (fem.) Longlived; cultivated; abundant, rich, fertile; well-replepished; royal, imperial; a serpent; -<u>kh</u>azīna'i 'āmira, The royal trea-

sury.

A عاصل 'āmil, A maker, performer; an operator, workman, artisan, labourer; an intendant of finance, revenue-collector, official, functionary; a necromancer, a conjurer; practical (opp. to 'ālim "theoretical"); governing (in gram.); - 'āmili tab', The animal spirit; - amili jan, Creator of the soul, i.e. God; the elements.

a عاملان 'amilan (P. pl. of A. 'āmil), Operators, &c.;—'āmilāni daryā u kān, The planets Saturn, Jupiter, Mars, Venus, Mer-

cury, the Sun and the Moon.

A die 'amilat 'amila, One word governing another; a governing power (as a pre-

position or particle).

a عاصل نامة 'āmil-nāma, A government warrant or order empowering one to take possession.

a عام منفعت 'ām-manfa'at, Universally useful.

A عامود 'āmūd, A column.

A alway, Emmaus, Emmaus.

a dale 'amma, see A. dale.

a عامى 'āmī, Blind ;—'āmmī, 'āmī, General, common, universal; the common people; plebeian; ignorant.

A خانب 'āmib, Possessor of grapes ('inab).

A dile 'anat, 'ana, The pubes; the groin; hair about the privy parts; a herd of wild asses or of asses' colts; hence name of a town in Diyar-bakr famous for its asses.

a مالد 'ānid, A straver from the road (camel); obstinate, refractory, rebellious, contumacious.

anis, (A girl) remaining long in عانس her parents' house after the marriageable age; an old maid; a confirmed bachelor; handsome, fat, full-grown (camel).

A عانك 'ānik, Sands heaped together, high, pathless, and difficult of passage.

أَمُ عَانَى A عانَى أَمْ anī, Captive; flowing, fluid (blood).

A عَاْمَة 'āhat, Murrain; blight.

ahir, A whoremonger; a whore.

ahil, A mighty king; a woman in عاهل م want of a husband.

ahin, A palm-branch lying close أعاهن to the heart of the tree; a member of the human body; a vein in the utcrus of a camel; present; fixed, established (in a place); hereditary (wealth); poor, indigent, needy; lazy, slothful, enervated.

A عائد 'ā'ib, Thick milk; one who blames,

finds fault with, rebukes.

a عائد 'ā'id, Who or what returns, refers to, turns towards, appertaineth, belongs, relates to, or is connected with; reverting; relative; a visitor of the sick; a payer, restorer; -- 'â'id sākhtan, To pay.

A Baste 'a'idat, 'a'ida (fem. of 'a'id), Returning, coming, arriving; return, produce, profit;—(in P.) 'ayida, A trowel.

A ما هن 'a'iz, (A mare, camel, or doe) the tenth or fifteenth day after colting, from that time called mutfil.

A عائش 'a'ish, Living comfortably (man). a عايشة 'āyisha, Name of the daughter of Abū Bakr, and favourite wife of Muhammad; a wagtail; — 'āyisha'i lab-joy, Name of a small bird called in Arabic sa'wa.

a عائض 'i'iz, Given in exchange for another.

a'if, Averse, loathing; one who nauseates (meat or drink); one who takes an omen from birds, &c.; a soothsayer, augur, diviner.

a'iq, Who or what prevents, hinders, diverts, frustrates, detains; slack in paying; an accident, hindrance, prevention.

A عائل 'a'il, Inclining to one side (judge), weighing down (scale); poor, indigent (especially when encumbered with a large family).

A - abb (v.n.), Drinking (like a horse, or) without suction (as a dove); drinking with the mouth (without using a vessel or the hands); hail;—'ubb, A gusset, or the arm-hole of a sleeve; a sleeve.

A '-- 'ab', Sunshine; preparing, dressing, doing up properly;—'ib', A burden, load,

weight.

as an overcoat; a cloak open in front, and much resembling an English boat-cloak, worn by dervishes and Bedouin Arabs; unwholesome, indigestible; a foolish fellow.

A his 'abābi, Drink water with the mouth (imp.);—'ibāb (v.n. 3 of imp.), Contending about glory or augmentation;—'ubāb, A wave, surge, billow; an inundation, overflow of water; a palm-leaf; first or uppermost part of anything.

a عبا پوش 'abā-posh, Dressed in a cloak.

a عبا دوز 'ābā-doz, A cloak-maker.'

مبان غباد 'ibād, A servant; (pl. of 'abd) servants; holy men, devotees; men, mankind; a society, fellowship; certain dispersed Arabian tribes who, in Hirah in Mesopotamia, embraced Christianity.

abbādān, Name of an island in

the Tigris.

A عبادة 'ibādat, Divine worship, adoration; obedience; service, servitude; pious works.

a عباد 'ibādat-<u>kh</u>āna, A house of worship.

a بادتگار "ibādat-kār, Religious, devout. a عادتگاه غادتگاه "ibādat-gāh, A place of worship; a church, chapel, mosque, temple, syna-

a عبادتى 'ibādatī, A religious person, a

devotee; a worshipper, adorer.

مادلة 'abādilal, Name of four intimate friends of Muhammad of the name of 'Abdu'llah.

A באלבני 'abūdid, Men or horses going different roads;—marra rākib-an 'abādīda-hu, He went his own way.

a عبار 'abbār, An interpreter.

(a dream); explaining; explanation, interpretation, commentary; trope, figure, metaphor; definition, sense, meaning; phrase-ology; style; word, dialect, idiom;—'bārat kurdan, To speak in allusions, or metaphorically; to explain, to interpret.

a عبارت آرائی 'ibārat-ārā'ī, Adornment of

style; word-painting.

a عبارت سبج 'ibārat-sanj, Attentive to

style.

abbās, Of a stern or morose countenance, frowning, looking austere; name of Muhammad's uncle, and ancestor of the Abbaside caliphs who reigned from A.D. 749 till the extinction of the caliphate in

1258; a lion; name of a plant, Marvel of

Peru, Mirabilis jalapa.

a مبلت 'abbāsī, Belonging unto the house of Abbās; also a species of coin named from those caliphs; black (as the colour affected by them); red colour (like the flower of the plant described in the preceding article);—şauti 'abbāsī, A stentorian voice;— lashkarī 'abbāsī, The Abbaside army, afterwards used to signify the Turkish troops.

a عباسيان 'abbāsiyān, The princes of the

house of Abbas, the Abbasides.

a عباهي موت 'abbāsī-ṣaut, One with a sonorous voice, like that of Abbās; a stentor.

مال ه' abāl, A thick mountain rose-tree, from which sticks are made; of such tree, it is said, was Moses' rod;—'ibāl (pl. of 'ablā'), Whitish stones; (pl. of 'ablat) perfectly formed and elegantly shaped (women).

abām, A stuttering man; helpless, distressed;—'ubām, A great quantity (of

water).

a عبائى 'abā'ī, A saddle-cloth.

A "ubab" (pl. of 'ubbat), Berries of nightshade; the shrub Palma Christi;— 'ubub, Waters swelling and diffusing themselves.

a مبه 'ubbat, A berry of the nightshade;

the shrub Palma Christi.

A عبث 'abs (v.n.), Mixing up, preparing the curd called aqii; preparing the dish called مينة q.v.;—'abas (v.n.), Being vain, idle, futile; trifling, playing; vanity, folly, frivolity; absurdity.

abus-an, In vain. عبثا = م

a by 'abd, A servant, slave; a man (bond or free); a sort of fragrant herb; an arrow or spear-head short and broad; quicksilver; name of a mountain in the country of the Banū Asad; also of another mountain; also of a place in the country of the tribe Taiy; ['abdi mamlūk, A purchased slave;]—'abad, Rage, anger; reprobation, denial, refusal; a bad scab or itch; penitence, self-displacency; sorrow, anxiety, loathing; greed, avarice.

مدوس a مدوس 'abdūs, 'ubdūs, Name of a man. a مدده 'abduh (for انا عبده anā 'abdu-hu),

(I am) his servant or slave.

אבל 'abdīyat, 'abdīya, Servitude, slavery; submission, obedience; — darāhimi 'abdīya, Name of an excellent coinage.

A re 'abr (v.n.), Crossing (a river); passing, travelling, walking; explaining, interpreting (a dream); reading (a letter or book) in silence; weeping, being sad;—'ibr, Tributary country, between the western bank of the Euphrates and the Arabian desert; name of a tribe;—'ubr, Much (of anything), many; heat of the eye; bereaved of her children (woman); name of a tribe; clouds travelling fast; an eagle;—'abar,

Weakness or heat of the eye from crying; —'abir, Weeping;—'ibar (pl. of 'abrat), Tears; (pl. of 'ibrat) examples; admonitions; miracles, wonders, signs;—'ubar, A shore, river-bank;—'ubur (pl. of 'abūr), Uncircumcised.

a عبرانى 'ibrānī, Hebraic, the Hebrew language;—nāmāsi 'ibrānī, The Jewish law.

A differ 'ibrānīyat, The Hebrew language.

A differ 'abrat (v.n. of page), Weeping; being sad and melancholy; a tear just starting; silent grief, suppressed sobs; explanation;—'abrat, 'ubrat, The bank of a river;—'ibrat, A miracle, prodigy, mystery; example, warning; ['ibrat pazīruftan, To take warning or advice;—'ibrat shudan, To be an example;—'ibrati shash roza, A six days' wonder, i.e. heaven and earth, creation; (the word is also construed with bar-dāshtan, dādan, giriftan, &c);]—'ubrat, Much, many; a large quantity; a crowd; a kind of bead.

a عبرت آسير 'ibrat-āmez, Mysterious; wondrous.

a عبرت الگير 'ibrat-angez, Serving as a warning or example; admonitory.

a عبرت عبرت 'ibrat-bakhsh, Exemplary.

a عبرت بين 'ibrat-bīn, Example-seeing ; warning-seeing.

a عبرت بدير 'ibrat-pazīr, Taking warning or example; warned, admonished.

a عبرت نما 'ibrat-namā, Exemplary; mys-

terious; a prototype, exemplar.

a عبرت لعون الrat-namān, Mystical; wonderful:—mazmāni 'ibrat-namān, The wonderful or mysterious contents.

a عبرت 'abra, 'ubra, Toll paid for the protection of travellers, or for the crossing of a river. &c.

a عبرى 'ibrī, Hebrew, Hebraic.

*abs (v.n.), Being austere, frowning, contracting the brows; mother of thyme; name of a river; also of a ward or quarter of Kūfah; also of the father of a tribe;—'abas (v.n.), Having a dry hand and dirt sticking to it; dung, &c. adhering to a camel's tail.

a hat 'abt' (v.n.), Splitting, tearing (a new garment); being torn or split; slaughtering cattle without blemish or disease; absconding, lying concealed; inventing (a lie); going to battle cheerfully or without cause; newly-digging (earth or a well); raising dust; making (an udder) bleed; causing (a horse) to perspire; distressing one (unmerited misfortune).

م معانية 'ab'ab, A tall man, corpulent and handsome.

ness of youth; a healthy, plump young man; a tall man; a large garment; a soft garment made of camel's hair; a mountaingoat; an idol-temple; name of an idol; also of a man; also of a mountain.

A 3.5 'abaq, 'abq (v.n.), Adhering to anything (perfume); dwelling in a place, being fixed; being greedy; perfume; scent; name of a man;—'abiq, Slightly scented or perfumed.

مقر A معقر 'abyar, Name of a solitary place where demons dwell, and to which the Arabs refer everything choice or wonderful;

name of a town noted for cloth.

a عبقري 'abqarī, Perfect in every respect, excelled by none (see the preceding article).

A de 'abk (v.n.), Mixing things together.

A be 'abl (v.n.), Twisting (a rope); putting a long broad point to an arrow; stripping (a tree) of leaves; shedding leaves (a tree); cutting; detaining; driving back; putting forth leaves; thick, stout; ['ablu 'z-zarā'ain, Thick-armed;]—'abal (v.n.), Being thick; a curled and jagged leaf of a tree; a leaf fallen from a tree; a new leaf; a twisted string; the fruit of a tree which is used for tanning.

A cop 'abn, Thickness and roughness of body;—'ubun, Plump and pleasant men;—'abana, Large (camels, vultures, &c.).

A בּנְינֵשׁ 'ubūdīyat, Servitude, slavery; service (of God), adoration, devotion; reverence, humble submission; — khulūş u 'ubūdīyat, Sincere devotion and reverence.

A young lamb or kid; uncircumcised;—'ubūr (v.n. of عبر), Crossing (a river), traversing, travelling; dying, becoming extinct; going through a book, perusing; proficiency, mastery; a ford; a pass, transit, passage;—'ubūr namūdan, To cross over;—'ubūr umarūr kardan, To come and go (m.c.);—bāji 'ubūr, Toll for a passage.

A عبوس 'abwas, A vast number;—'abūs, Austere, morose, stern, grim; adverse, unfortunate (a day); a lion;—'ubūs (v.n. of عبس), Being austere, stern, frowning.

الله مارسة 'ubi.sat, Austerity, moroseness.

a عبوس روى 'abūs-rūy, Of a frowning aspect, sullen countenauce.

A yes 'abhar, The narcissus; jessamine; anemone; fleshy, delicate, beautiful, large, tall;—'abhari jānān, The eye of a mistress;—'abhari larzān, A ringlet of the prophet.

a cyce 'abharī, Of or relating to the parcissus.

"abīṣ, An aromatic herb;—'ibbīṣ, Much addicted to play or sport, pleased with trifles or futilities, frivolous.

a عيد 'abīd (pl. of 'abd), Servants, slaves; servants of God, devotees, pious men;—'abaid (dim. of 'abd), A little servant; name of the father of a tribe; also of a horse.

apree 'abīr, Ambergris or any other agreeable perfume; a perfume composed of musk, sandal-wood, and rose-water; a composition in which saffron is an ingredient; (incorrectly) saffron; aloes wood; construed with the verbs damīdan, fishāndan,

nishāndan, &c.;— 'abīr sokhtan, To burn aloes wood;—pur 'abīr, Full of ambergris; fragrant, odoriferous.

a عبير ألاي 'abīr-ālāy, Imbued with ambergris.

a عبير نامثير 'abīr-ta'ṣīr, Having the effect of ambergris; fragrant as ambergris.

a عبير تعطير 'abīr-ta'tīr, Fragrant as ambergris.

aعبري ' $ab\bar{\imath}r\bar{\imath}$, Of ambergris, saffron, &c.

A hand 'abit. Pure (blood); fresh (blood, flesh, &c.); the flesh of an animal killed without blemish or disease; rent (garment).

אביף 'itāb (v.n. of בּביף), Chiding; ['itāb kardan, To chide, to reproach, reprove, rebuke, rail at;—'itāb u khiṭāb, Words of censure or displeasure, bickerings; the word is also construed with bārādan, kashādan, &c.;]—'uttāb, The inventor of a kind of waved silk.

a عالى 'atābī, A porter;—'uttābī, 'utābī, A kind of rich undulated silk, named after the inventor (see the preceding article).

A عناده 'atād' (v.n. of عند), Being ready, prepared; preparation or outfit (for a journey or war); a large cup.

'attār, A strong horse; bold, brave; عتار ه

a rugged and desolate place.

A salaq (v.n. of axi), Being set free (a male or female slave); becoming noble or honourable; liberty;—'itāq (pl. of 'atīq), Animals of the nobler kind (as high-blooded horses, camels, or falcons);—'utāq, Old generous wine, wine long kept.

atāqat (v.n. of عنق), Getting the start, taking the lead (a horse); being set free, manumission, liberty; being old and good (wine); being in excellent condition

(flocks, &c.).

A عنائق 'atā'iq (pl. of 'atāqat), Manumitted, emancipated, liberated (female slaves).

متبات (atabāt (pl. of 'atabat), Steps;

the holy shrines (in Babylonia).

A مُتبة 'atabat, 'ataba, A gate, a port; the threshold; the lintel of a door; the round of a ladder, a step; a royal court; anything adverse or disagreeable; — 'utbat, Name of a man.

'atad, 'atid, Ready for the course (a horse); strong, bulky, perfectly formed.

vibrating (as a spear); erection;—'itr, Root, origin; a dwarfish, thorny shrub; any animal offered for sacrifice; name of a tribe; anidol; the handle of a spade, rake, or hoe; also the part upon which the delver sets his foot when digging; deliriousness, raving, doting;—'atur (pl. of 'ātir, 'atūr), Open and ruttish (vulvæ).

a عبرة a 'itrat, Little balls formed of musk or other aromatics, and worn as a necklace; a progeny, family, near relations; a bit of

pure musk; sweet marjoram;—'itratu'ţtāhirīn, The family of Muhammad.

عتريك 'utrūf, عتريك 'itrīf, A villain, scoundrel; a daring fellow careless of reputation; iniquitous, oppressive; strong (camel).

*atf (v.n.), Plucking up (hairs, wool, or feathers);—'itf, A part of the

night.

A catq (v.n.), Seizing with the teeth; being old and good (wine); wine long kept; managing (flocks) well; being well managed (flocks); taking the lead (horse); being clear but tender-skinned (on recovering from an indisposition); — 'itq, Nobility; liberty, freedom; manumission; getting the start or lead (horse);—'itq, 'utuq, Name of a tree from which bows are made.

A substitute 'atk (v.n.), Adhering to the body (unguents); rallying, repeating an attack (in battle); running at with intention to bite (horse): drying on the thigh (dung and urine of a camel); turning sour (milk, &c.); inclining to;—'ataq (v.n.), Becoming red with age (a bow); time,

atl (v.n.), Dragging or using with violence (a man); leading (a camel);—
'atal (v.n.), Making haste, running headlong (to anything bad);—'atil, One who hastens to anything bad;—'utull, 'utul, A savage, malignant man; rough, harsh; a

glutton; a thick spear.

A pre 'atm (v.n.), Delaying, being slow, late; desisting from any undertaking; having passed (part of the night); milking at even (camels); departing at even, bringing or sending anything at that time; pulling out the hair;—'utm, Name of a man; also of a horse;—'utm, 'utum, The wild olive.

A doze 'atamat, A third division of the night, beginning at the evening twilight; the time of the last evening prayer; return of cattle from pasture; milk remaining in the udder after the milking at even-tide.

متن 'atn (v.n.), Dragging, hauling to prison (a debtor);—'utun (pl. of 'ātin,

'atūn), Strong, vehement (men).

معنو 'atw, 'utūw (v.n. of عنو), Exceeding all bounds in wickedness, insolence, or pride; reaching extreme old age;—'utūw u baghzā, Haughtiness and extreme hatred.

atūd, A kid one year old; the lote-tree; the acacia-tree;—'itwad, Name of a

valley or river.

alone, travelling, rambling; meeting, encountering (for good or evil); perjuring oneself; being disobedient, untractable (wife); becoming red with age (a bow).

A בּבָּף 'atūm Giving milk only in the

evening (a she camel).

ath, 'uth, 'atah (v.n.), Being dis-

tracted in mind, stupid; being eager to learn; delighting to molest or to mimic another's talk.

منى A عنى 'atī, Proud, overbearing; low, mean;—'idīy, 'utīy (v.n. of عنر), Being proud, haughty; reaching extreme old age, beginning to break.

A - atīb, Name of the father of a tribe in Yaman.

مثيق معنوق 'atīq, Liberated, manumitted, discharged, free; old, ancient, antique; chronic (disease); noble, generous, choice, excellent; milk; wine; dates; a surname of Abū Bakr;—baiti'atiq, The temple of Mecca, the Ka'bah.

a عَنْ $at\bar{t}qa$, Manumitted, freed (female slave).

A عتيك 'atīk, Sultry (day); name of a branch of the tribe Azd.

atīl, A hireling, a servant.

a moth); importunity; quarrelsomeness; the bite of a snake;—'uss (pl. of 'ussat), Moths, &c.

'aṣār, Evil, adversity, an unlucky affair; — 'iṣār (v.n. of عثر), Stumbling, striking the foot against anything, falling.

ارشن 'uṣān (v.n. of شش), Smoking (fire); smoke; dust; name of a place.

a على 'usāy, Perverseness, depravity; a darkish colour; foolish, stupid; hairy.

A *** 'ussat, A moth; a book-worm; a serpent that eats another serpent through hunger in a barren year; an old woman; also one silly and shameless.

asr (v.n.), Stumbling or falling; perceiving, discovering; telling falsehoods; name of a city in Yaman;—'usr, An eagle; —'usr, 'asar, A lie, a falsehood;—'assar, A place abounding in lions.

A \$,22 'asrat, A slip, stumble; offence, sin, crime.

as'as, A hill of sand producing nothing; soft earth; name of a mountain near Madinah.

A sik, 'aşik, 'uşak, 'uşuk, Roots of the palm-tree.

م عثكون 'iskal, عثكون 'uskūl, مثكون 'uskūlat, A branch of the palm-tree laden with

many clusters.

A a cam (v.n.), Setting crookedly a broken (bone); being thus set; sewing slightly (a wallet); a badly set bone or

A معمان 'uṣmān, The ancestor of the Sultan of Turkey; a young bustard or dragon; a serpent or its young;—'usmānu bnu 'Affān, Name of the third successor of Muhammad.

a t عثمانلو 'usmānlü, and-

a عثماني 'usmānī, Descended from, belonging to, Osman, Osmanli, Ottoman, Turkish.

a عثمانیان 'uṣmāniyān, Turks, Ottomans. A عثن 'aṣn (v.n.), Smoking (as a fire); ascending (a mountain);—'iṣu, A kind of palm-leaf eaten green by cattle; a manager of an estate or property; a herdsman; wool;—'aṣan, A small idol; smoke; perfume adhering to the clothes;—'aṣin, Unfit to be eaten through smoke (food).

asw (v.n.), Committing depreda-

tions, damaging, doing mischief.

مثرر ه 'aṣār, Failing, fading (world); apt to trip;—'uṣār (v.n. of عثر), Comprehending, understanding; sagacious.

عتون A عتون 'usūn (v.n. of عثون), Smoking;

ascending a mountain.

مثر aṣīr (v.n. of عثر), Stumbling, falling;—iṣyar, Dust; a slight mark or impression.

ه في 'ajj (v.n.), Scattering dust (wind); being clamorous, noisy, vociferous; pealing (thunder); driving a camel by calling out to him 'āji, 'āji.

A عجاب 'wjāb, A wonderful thing, wonder.

A وثية 'ajāj, Dust; smoke; foolish, ignorant;—'ajjāj, Hard-blowing, dusty (day); making a great noise; name of a renowned poet.

A عجاد 'ijāf, Misfortune; time; fortune; the colocynth, the wild gourd; (pl. of a'jāf) lean, emaciated; thin (spear-heads);

-'ujāf, A kind of date.

A disc 'ijālat, A kind of plant;—'ijālat, 'ujālat, Anything that is ready and at hand; anything hastily procured and set before a guest; early fruit, new corn, &c.; making haste; haste, speed; anticipation;—'ijālatu 'l-waqt bī-insijām, Early fruit not watered (implying anything done or written hastily, without being well digested);—'ijālati walī-'ahd, Heir presumptive to the throne (m.c.).

ميام A fruit-stone;—'ajjām, A

large bat; a swallow.

A cipar 'ijān, The ligament or seam between the scrotum and anus, the perinæum; the fundament; the neck; the part below the chin;—'ajjān, An idiot, fool, simpleton; an ignoramus.

مَارِينَ 'ajā'ib (pl. of 'ajīb), عَالَيْنَ 'ajā'ibāt (pl. of pl.), in P. also used as singular, Wonders, miracles, prodigies; curiosities;—'ajā'ibu 'd-dunyā, The wonders of the world;—'ajā'ibi makhlūqa, The wonders of creation; monsters;—'ajā'ib u gharā'ib, Wonderful and strange things.

a مناخ بالمح 'aja'ib-khāna, A museum.

a عاليي 'ajāyabī, 'ajā'ibī, A sort of tent; an under-garment; a kind of vest.

A ji's 'aja'iz (pl. of 'ajūz), Old women.

A 'ajb, Termination of sandy tracts; root of a horse's tail; rump-bone; the hinder part of anything; name of a tribe; —'ujb, Pride, presumption; haughtiness; self-admiration, conceit; [fakhr u 'ujb kardan, To think highly of oneself;]—'ujb ('ajb, 'ijb), A man fond of the society

of women, or in whose society women find pleasure; - 'ajab (v.n.), Being astonished, remaining thunderstruck, being lost in admiration; strange, marvellous, wonderful; rare; droll; admiration, wonder, astonishment; -'ajabu 'l-'ajā'ib, A wonder of wonders, strange portents; monstrous appearances;—'ajab dāshtan, To wonder, to be surprised; - 'ajab māndan, To remain astonished; -al-'ajab, Strange!

A 'line 'ajab-an, P. line 'ajaba, Astonish-

ing! strange!

a عب بند 'ajab-rūd, A psaltery; the sound of a musical pipe.

a عجبناك 'ajabnāk, Astonished, amazed.

A has 'ujiat, An egg-fritter, omelette, to which sometimes a little meat, onions, and pepper are added.

ajd, 'ujd, Grape-stones; bad عجد ه raisins; -'ujd, Dried grapes; -'ajad (pl. of 'ajadat), Crows.

A 8age 'ajadat, A crow.

ajr (v.n. of عجر), Rushing (upon one with a sword); lifting up the tail (a horse); running fast; turning the neck; 'ijr, 'ujr, Hard, rough ;-'ajar (v.n.), Being bulky and strong; protuberance; -- 'ajir, 'ajur, Thick; -- 'ujar (pl. of 'ujrat), Knots in wood or in the veins of the body, &c.

A by 'ijrat, The mode of tying the turban; -ujrat, A knot in wood or in the veins of the body; a blemish, defect; a

difficult and intricate affair.

A γ 'ajz (v.n.), Being infirm, weak; weakness, infirmity, impotence; helplessness; submission; wretchedness;—'ajz, 'ijz, 'ujz, 'ajiz, 'ajuz, Buttocks; back-side of any-

thing;—'ujuz (pl. of 'ajūz), Old women.

A was (v.n.), Retaining, detaining, hindering, throwing obstacles in the way, creating delays; grasping, clutching; running off the road with her rider from skittishness (camel);—'ajs, 'ijs, 'ujs ('ajas, 'ajis, 'ajis?'), The middle or handle of a bow; the latter part of the night.

A case 'ajf (v.n.), Abstaining from eating, although hungry, that another may have enough; accommodating oneself to the wants or humours of a sick person;— 'ajaf (v.n.), Being lean, losing fat (cattle);

leanness, loss of fat.

A عجل 'ijl, A calf; name of a tribe;—
'ujl, Whatever is ready at hand (for the entertainment of a guest);—' αjal (v.n.), Making haste; haste, expedition, despatch; mud, clay; - 'ajil, 'ajul, Quick, speedy, nimble; "ijal (pl. of 'ijlat), Bottles of oil; water-wheels; wallets; heifers;—'ujul (pl. of 'ajūl), Bereaved (mothers) distracted by the loss of their young.

ajalat, Haste, velocity, expedition, precipitation; a carriage, vehicle, cart, waggon; a large pulley for drawing water; a water-wheel;—'ijlat A cow-calf, heifer; a bottle; a water-wheel; -'ujlat, New milk which a milker sends home to his friends: whatever is ready at hand.

A - 'ajm (v.n.), Seizing or biting with the teeth to try whether a substance is hard or soft; assaying, proving, examining; marking (a letter, &c.) with points; little or young camels; the root of a horse's tail; —'ujm, Root of the tail; a grape-stone; barbarians, persons other than Arabians; foreigners; - 'ajam, A barbarian (not born Arabian); barbarians; a Persian; Persia; fruit-stones;—nafti 'ajam, Oil extracted from fruit-stones;—wilāyati 'ajam, Persia.

A 'ing 'ajmā' (fem. of a'jam), A dumb

woman; a Persian woman; a mental

prayer.

'ujmat, Barbarism; foreignness; an impediment of the tongue; - 'ajamat, A palm-tree sprung from a seed-stone; a hard rock.

a ونعستان 'ajamistān, Persia.

a ajami, Barbarian, foreign, although a correct speaker of Arabic; a Persian; inexperienced, raw; a novice.

ajamīyat, Barbarism, foreignness. عجمية A cyse 'ajn (v.n.), Making up a mass of paste, kneading; striking the ground with the feet; leaning upon the hands in rising (a weak or old man); -'ajan (v.n.), Being fat; being affected with a tumour which prevents conception (a camel);—'ajin, Fat and firm of body (camel);—'ujun (pl. of 'ajīn), Effeminate; (pl. of 'ijān) perinen.

A 'ajw (v.n.), Suckling (an infant). a Mare 'ujuba, Wonderful; a wonderful

thing, a miracle.

a أين عوران 'ujūbahā (P. pl. of the preceding), Wonders.

A 5, - 'ajwat, A fine Madina date (the eating of seven of which in the morning, according to the Prophet, keeps a man free from every ailment); date-paste; a delaying to suckle an infant beyond the proper time; -'ujwat, The milk with which an orphan child is fed.

ajūz, An old woman (applied to many things in a metaphorical or ironical sense which will be easily gathered from the context); ['ajūzi bad-namā, An illlooking old woman; - 'ajūzi khushk-pistān, A dry-breasted old woman, i.e. who has never borne children; the disappointing world; -aiyāmu 'l-'ajūz, bardi 'ajūz, Five (or according to some seven) days of extreme cold at the winter-solstice, called sinn, sinnabr, wabr, al-āmir, al-mu'tamir, al-mu'allil, and mutfi'u 'l-jamr (or mukfi'u 'z-za'n;]—'ujūz (v.n. of عجد), Leaving undone what ought to be done; weakness, impotence; waxing old (a woman).

^ 'ajūzat, 'ajūza, An old woman; -'ajūza'i fartūt, The world full of troubles.

ajūs, Pouring down copiously عبوس A

(rain); a heavy cloud;—'ujūs, The march

of a large herd of camels.

A jape 'ajūl, Fast-going; death; breakfast, a whet; bereaved (woman); distracted for the loss of her colt (she-camel, &c.);—'ujūl (pl. of 'ijl), Calves;—'ijjaul, A calf; a handful of dates; a quantity of dates eaten in haste with milk and flour.

A 'ajīb, Wonderful, strange, surprising, astonishing; rare, unique;—'ajību'l-khalqa, Strange-looking, of a curious

make (m.c.).

A مُعِيمَ 'ajibat, 'ajiba, A thing wonderful or worthy of admiration; a marvel, a wonder.

a عجيبي 'ajībī, A sort of tent.

A عجيس 'ajīr, عجيس 'ajīs, Impotent (man or stallion).

אביל 'ajīz, The buttocks; impotent.

مول 'ajil, Making haste, quick, speedy, nimble; — ujail, A whet before dinner; anything prepared in haste.

A مجدي 'ajīn (v.n. of مجد), Kneading, kneaded; effeminate; flour and water, paste, dough; an electuary;—'ajīn āmadan,

To be kneaded.

computing, reckoning, estimating; numeration, number;—'idd, A perennial fountain; an old well; a multitude; a fellow, a companion; alike, equal; [zū 'idd, Numerous;]—'udd, A pimple breaking out on the face of a beauty.

A ماه 'adā' (v.n. of عدا), Transgressing (the law); acting unjustly towards another; any employment which diverts the mind from another pursuit; length and breadth; distance;—'idā' (v.n. 3 of عدر), Passing through one to another (as piercing two animals with one shot); (pl. of 'idw), thin flat stones with which things are covered; (pl. of 'idwat, 'udwat) high places; (pl. of 'idwat, 'udwat) high places; (pl. of 'idwat) banks of rivers;—'idā, 'adā, One heat at a race; length, breadth, limit, extent.

A בגוי 'adāb, A place thin of sand. A atla 'udāt (pl. of 'ādī), Enemies.

A sta 'idād, Number, enumeration; a gift, present; the twang of a bow-string; the pain from the bite of a scorpion or snake, which grows raw and rankies on the anniversary; a fit of madness; the hour of death;—'idād kardan, To prepare; to number.

a عداك 'udāf, Anything (eatable).

A alla 'adālat (v.n. of alla), Being just, right, equitable, lawful, legitimate; justice, equity, law; a court of justice;—'adālati khafīfa (khurd), A small-cause court;—'adālati dīwānī, A civil court;—'adālati favjdārī, A criminal court;—'adālati qāsima, Distributive justice;—'adālat kardan, To administer justice, to proceed with equity;—'adālati māl, A court of revenue;

—'adālati majāz, A competent court or tribunal;—dar pāyi 'adālat hinā, The foot of justice is henna-stained, i.e. justice flourishes, is firmly established.

a عدالت يناة 'adālat-panāh, Asylum of

justice.

a عدالت پیشه 'adālat-pesha, Practiser of justice.

a عدالت قرين 'adālat-qarīn, Connected with justice.

a عدالتي 'adālatī, Equitable, just, right,

true; legal, judicial; actionable.

a عدائتين fadālatain (obl. du. used as nom.), The two courts of law, i.e. civil and criminal.

adām, A kind of dates growing in Madinah.

a عدان (of a river); space of seven years;—'addān, The first and best part of anything.

A قارة 'adāwat, Enmity, hatred, hostility;

—'adāwat bi 'l-qaṣd, Malice prepense.

a عداوت گرین 'adāwat-guzīn, Inimical. a عداوت 'adāwatī, Inimical, hostile; ma-

licious; felonious.

A bu 'idat (v.n. of 2), Promising; threatening; a promise; a threat;—'iddat, Number, multitude (of children); many; the time of probation of a divorced or widowed woman before she can engage in another marriage, in order to determine whether she be pregnant or not by the former husband;—'uddat, Disposition, preparation, readiness; a provision made for any necessary occasion (as scarcity, &c.); a pimple or eruption on a comely face.

'adad, Number; numbered; the computed years of a person's life; a figure, a coefficient; one (of anything); the first term of a series; a prime number; ['adadi tāmm, A perfect number, i.e. whose aliquot parts joined together make that whole number, as 1 + 2 + 3 = 6;—'adadi sahih, A whole number, an integer, an unit;—'adadi kaṣīr, A great multitude;—'adadi murakkab, A compound number;—'adadi muţlaq ($z\bar{a}t\bar{\iota}$), A cardinal number ;—'adadi wasfi, An ordinal number;]-'ided, The return of the pain from the bite of a scorpion, &c. at the end of a year; -'udad (pl. of 'uddat), Preparations (especially against a time of scarcity).

عدى 'adadī, Numeral, numerical. نعدن 'adarnā. Glasswort: pearl-ashe

عدرنا 'adarnā, Glasswort; pearl-ashes, lye.

hard, treading down; pasturing, tending (cattle); calling out to a male;—'adas, A lentil; a fatal boil on the body;—'udas, Name of a harsh muleteer who lived in the time of Solomon.

a عدت 'adf (v.n.), Eating; anything eatable; a little fodder; a small present;— 'idf, Part (of the night, &c.); a company

of men (from 10 to 50);—'udf, Eatables;—'adaf, Motes in the eye;—'idaf, A com-

pany of men (as above).

ada 'ada (v.n.), Collecting, gathering; —'adaa (v.n.), Putting the hand into a pond, &c. in order to seek for a thing; doing anything on a presumption without certain knowledge.

adk (v.n.), Beating wool with a

mallet.

adl (v.n.), Appointing what is just, administering justice; equalising, making of one weight; measuring; being like, equal to; equity, justice, rectitude, integrity; recompense, redemption, ransom; an ordinance of God, a religious duty; just, equitable; legal, unobjectionable, competent (witness); like, equal (but not of the same kind); deviation from the right way, irregularity, anomaly; name of a sanguinary and tyrannical man; ['adl būdani tarāzū, Equilibrium of the scales of a balance;]—'idl, Anything equal or equiponderant to another (being of the same kind); what a beast of burden carries on one side; - adal (v.n.), Equalizing the two packages of a horse, &c.

adlat, 'adla, Just (woman);— 'adalat, 'adala, Persons competent to give evidence; — 'udalat, An unobjectionable

vitness.

a مدل آيس 'adl-āyīn, Adorned with or loving and exercising justice.

a عدل جري 'adl-parwar', A just king or judge. a عدل کستری 'adl-gustari, Administration of justice.

a عدلي 'adalī, A sort of good money.

A pae 'udm (v.n.), Becoming poor;—
'udm, 'adam (v.n.), Losing, being deprived
of, wanting;—'udm, 'adam, 'udam (mostly
'adam), Want, privation, defect, inexistence,
nonentity, nothingness; annihilation; loss;
absence; paucity, deficiency, default; nonperformance, non-observance; poverty;
['adami iltifat, Unconcern, unconcernedness;
want of proper regard, indifference; taking
no notice of;—'adam bāz dādan, To annihilate, to destroy;]—'adim, Poor, indigent.

a دماه 'udamā' (pl. of 'adīm), Poor, indi-

gent, needy (persons).

a אוי ישני 'adam-ābād, An abode or place of non-existence.

a ما أحمار 'adam-iḥṣār, Non-appearance, non-attendance.

a عدم استطاعت 'adam-istitā'at, Insufficiency or want of means; no assets; insolvency; disability, lack of power.

'adam-igrar, Non-existence of عدم اقرار a

a promise, non-assumpsit.

a واندراع 'adam-indirāj, Non-entry.

a عدم حاضري 'adam-hāzirī, Default of appearance.

ه مناه عدم $'adam-\underline{kh}$ قدم زار 'adam-zār, عدم خانه 'adam-zār, عدم زاد 'adam-zār, عدم زاد 'adam-zār,

a عدسي 'adamī, Privative; non-existent.

remaining in one place (as cattle at pasture); pulling up (a stone); pruning with a hatchet (a tree); [jannātī 'adn, The gardens of paradise;]—'adan, A permanent dwelling; Eden; the town now called Aden (also named 'adan abīn).

A duam 'adnān, Name of an ancestor of Muhammad, renowned for his eloquence.

عدنک 'adang, Foolish, stupid. a عدنی 'adanī, A native of Aden.

adw (v.n.), Averting, diverting from; passing by or over, leaving; running; rushing upon; being iniquitous, unjust, oppressive;—'idw, The length, breadth, extent, or limit of a thing; limit, extremity; a thin flat stone with which anything may be covered;—'adūw, 'adū, An enemy, enemies (sing. and pl., masc. and fem.);—'udūw (v.n. of عد, Running, passing by; being iniquitous, unjust, oppressive.

A معنوان 'idwān (v.n. of عدوان), Being iniquitous; hating;—'udwān,=عدو 'adw q.v.; [ahli 'udwān, Resentful, rancorous, inimical;—bughṭ u 'udwān, Hatred and enmity;—ghaiz u 'udwān, Indignation and hatred; j—'adawān (v.n. of عدو), Rushing upon; running; who runs fast;—zū 'adawān,

Very rapacious, cruel, fierce.

عمر مرب 'adūb, Many sands, abundant sand.

a عدوبند 'adū-band, Subduer of enemies.

a dwat, 'idwat, 'udwat, The side of a river;—'idwat, 'adwat, Length, breadth, extent; limit, extremity; a thin stone or slab for covering; a high place;—'udwat, A distant place; high ground.

a عدول 'adaul, Name of a renowned shipbuilder;—'udūl (v.n. of عدل), Returning; swerving, deviating, wandering, receding, deserting; declining, inclining; refusing; disobedience, insubordination; reversion; defection, deviation; (pl. of 'ādīl) just, equitable (men); (pl. of 'idl) things equal or equiponderant;—'udūl namūdan, To turn away from.

a عدول حكم 'udūl-ḥukm, Disobedient, re-

fractory.

a عدول حكمي 'udūl-hukmī, Disobedience, refractoriness, insubordination; evasion of a sentence or process.

a عدو مال ' $a\bar{d}u$ - $m\bar{u}l$, Crushing foes.

م عدري 'adwi, Assistance, aid, protection; contagion, infection; any contagious disease;—'udwa (v.n. of عدر), Transgressing, being iniquitous, unjust; hostility, hatred;—'adawi, Inimical; of the tribe of 'Adî;—'idawi, Promissory.

a عدة دار بكر idda-dar bikr, Wine not yet

tasted; an unbroached cask of wine.

A عدى 'adú (v.n. of عدي), Running, wishing to rnn;—'idá, 'adú, A side, quarter; a river's brink; a thin slab for covering a thing;—

'idá, 'udá, Enemies; strangers, travellers; -'adīy, 'adī, Name of a branch of the tribe of Quraish; name of a son of Hatim Taiy; (pl. of 'adī) runners ready to start;—'idīy, 'idī, Promissory

adīd, Numerous; a number; enumerated; a companion, fellow, match;

equal, alike; a widow's weeds.

adīdat, 'adīda, A lot, part, portion.

adīl, In quantity or weight equal عديل ه to a load on one side of a horse or camel; counterbalancing load; equal, alike; just, equitable; a rival.

adīm, Destitute, poor, indigent; non-existent; senseless, crazed, a fool; -'adīmu'l-miṣāl, Incomparable; a nonpareil;—'adīmu'n-nazīr, Matchless, peerless;—'adīmu'l-wafā, Faithless, dishonest.

azāb, Pain, punishment; torment, torture, martyrdom; construed with the verbs burdan, kardan, kashīdan, &c.;— 'azābu' l-harīq, The punishment of hell-fire; —'azābi alīm, Severe punishment;—'azābu 'uzabīn, Incessant torture, torment from which there is no escape;—'azābi hudhud, A punishment inflicted on the hudhud by Solomon.

azāb-alfanj, Distressing the action عذاب الفنج heart.

ار مار ناية 'izār, The cheek; the face; that part of the jaws over which the bridle passes to the head; the headstall of a horse's bridle; the side of the beard; whiskers (m.c.); an entertainment on finishing a house, circumcising a child, &c.; shame;—'arzi 'izār kardan, To uncover the face, to appear or show oneself.

azāf, Anything eatable;—'uzāf, مداك ه

Deadly poison.

A كالك 'azzāl, A railer, accuser;—'uzzāl (pl. of 'azil), Railers.

A عدالله 'azzālat, The fundament.

azzām, A flea;—'uzzām, Name of عدام A

a thorny desert-shrub.

azb (v.n.), Hindering; prohibiting; abstaining from food through excessive thirst; sweet water; food and drink which glides easily down the throat; name of a tree;—'azab, That which accompanies the birth; sticks, straws, motes; the extremity of anything; the tip of a camel's yard; a string by which scales are lifted; a strap hanging from the hinder part of a camel's saddle; name of a tree;—'azib (zū 'azab), Water covered with moss or fenny weed, water on which rubbish floats.

a علية 'azaba, The lash of a whip; the string by which a balance is suspended;-

'azba, The fruit of the tamarisk.

azr (v.n. of عذر), Circumcising; giving an entertainment on this occasion; putting the beadstall ('izār) on a horse, bridling him; being prolific in vices, sins, mischief; - 'uzr (v.n.), Excusing; excuse, apology, pretext; objection; virginity; the attainment or accomplishment of one's wants or wishes, good success, fortunate issue, victory, conquest; ['uzr āwardan (bastan), To apologise; - 'uzr badtar az gunāh (zi gunāh-ash badtar), The (his) excuse is worse than the (his) fault; - 'uzr justan (khwāstan), To ask pardon; to make excuses for having given trouble, i.e. to offer thanks (m.c.); -'uzr dāshtan, To have an excuse to offer ;- 'uzri qadam, Welcome (a form of salutation); — uzr kardan (guftan, nihādan), To make an excuse or apology;—'uzri lang, A lame excuse;— 'uzri mā fāt, An excuse for past faults; 'uzri maqbul, An accepted or acceptable excuse; -abū 'uzr, The first husband, the husband of a virgin; -zū 'uzr, Excusable;] -'uzur (pl. of 'āzīr), Apologists; situations urged in extenuation of a fault.

a عذراء 'azrā', 'azrā, A virgin; a mistress; the sign Virgo; an unbored pearl; one of the names of Madinah; plainly, openly; one after another, in succession; a word used at the game of nard; name of the mistress of Wamiq; also of a place near Damascus; also of a village in Syria.

A عذرات 'uzrat (pl. of 'uzrat), Excuses,

apologies.

a عذر أور 'uzr-äwar, One who offers an excuse; an apologist, apologiser.

a عذر آورى 'uzr-āwarī, The offering of ex-

cuses, the asking of forgiveness.

a عدر پذیر "uzr-pazīr, Excuse-accepting;

excusable; admissible (a plea).

A izrat, A mode of excuse;—'uzrat, 'uzra, Virginity; the taking of it; circumcision; a pain in the throat from inflammation; a horse's forelock; also the mane of his withers; name of a tribe in Yaman; an instrument of torture to extort confession; five stars in the extremity of the milky way; the sign Gemini; sand yet untrodden; a pearl not yet bored; Madina; a place near Damascus; a village in Syria; -'azirat, Dung, human excrement, ordure. a ما عدر عواله 'uzr-khwāh, Seeking an excuse,

asking pardon; an apologist; apologizer. a عدر عواهانه 'uzr-khwāhāna, As an ex-

a عدر خواهي 'uzr-khwāhī, Excuse; an apology; excusing oneself for not attendiug a funeral; condolence (in Iudia);-'uzr-khwāhī namūdan, To beg pardon; to offer an excuse; to apologize.

a عذر دار 'uzr-dār, Having a plea; offering

an excuse; objecting.

a عدر داری 'uzr-dārī, A plea or excuse proffered; a statement of objections; a cross-demand, a caveat (in India).

a غذر ساز نو 'uzr-sāz, عدر ساز 'uzr-sanj, Who

offers an excuse.

a نيوش 'niyoshā, نيوها 'nzr-niyosh (نيوش 'niyoshā,

niyoshān), Who listens to or accepts

aziranāk, Full of rubbish and عذرة ناك aziranāk filth.

A غاري 'uzrá (v.n. of عذري), Excusing. A عنت 'azq (v.n.), Upbraiding one with anything infamous; charging, imputing, accusing; a palm-tree in fruit; lopping the branches of a palm-tree; tying a flock of different-coloured wool on cattle to distinguish them; producing an ear (the sweet rush);—'izq, A bunch of dates, or grapes; any branch bearing twigs; name of a citadel in Madinah;—'izaq, 'azaq, A place abounding in water and lote-trees; -'aziq, Artful, clever, knowing (man); strong, fragrant (perfume).

azqānat, A clamorous, bawling عدقالة م

woman.

مُلتَّة 'azqat, 'izqat, A mark of differentcoloured wool round the neck of a sheep, &c.

A ملل 'azl (v.n.) Reproving, chiding; 'azl, 'azal, Reprehension; — 'uzul, Sultry

(days).

azm (v.n.), Biting (as a horse); eating voraciously; reproaching, reviling (her husband), repelling his advances (a wife); - 'azam, Name of a plant; also of a valley or river in Yaman ;—'azim, (A horse) given to biting, or biting hard; - uzum (pl. of 'azzām), Fleas.

عدربة ه 'uzābat (v.n. of عدربة), Being pure (water); purity or sweetness of water.

 $A \leftarrow i \Delta e 'az ib$, Name of a river.

asir, One who excuses, an apologist; an assistant, defender; a convivial meeting; an entertainment on the occasion of completing a house or circumcising a

A & 'arr (v.n.), Injuring, vexing, rendering sad (anyone); being scabby; the scab; -'urr, An ulcer in a young camel's neck; a disease which causes a camel's coat to fall off; the scab; a boy, a lad; name of a mountain near Aden.

arā', An open place, area; spacious عراء ه place in the open air; an empty place; surface of the ground ;—'irā', Riding (horses) without saddles; (in P.) a square between the king and the rook at chess.

arāb, Fruit of a tree, from whose bark ropes are made; - 'irāb, Fine Arab

horses or camels.

arābachī, A carter. عراجي

a غرابه 'arāba, A curricle; a two-wheel cart; (local in India) a magazine, a depôt of arms and ammunition.

arājin (pl. of 'urjūn), Bunches عراجين

of dates (dry), stalks of bunches.

A ole 'arad, Any thick, hard plant; name of a certain plant; - 'arrad, Name of a celebrated horse; also of a traditionist.

arādat, A female locust; name of عبادة several horses; also of a man; - 'arradat,

'arrada, A kind of small balista or engine for hurling missiles; a vehicle, a cart (m.c.); a truck (m.c.); a gun-carriage (m.c.); a wheel (m.c.); name of a village in the neighbourhood of Nisibis; -'arrāda'i bār (bari, bar-bash), A cart for carrying heavy loads, a baggage-cart (m.c.) ; - 'arrada'i top, A cannon (m.c.);—'arrada'i tulumba, A wheeled fire-engine (m.c.).

A fragrant forest-herb resembling camomile; name of a bullock that fought with another called kahl until both were killed; hence proverbial for a person who is a match for another; a being equal to, or match for; retaliation, lex talionis: a valley or river ;—'irār (v.n. of عَرَ), Making a noise (male ostrick); name of a man.

irās, A rope for binding a camel. عراس ه a عراص 'iras (pl. of 'arsat), Court-yards, areas, open spaces without buildings;-'arras, A thundering, flashing cloud; tre-

mulous, limber (a spear or sword).

A عراض waz (v.n. 3 of عرض), Going side by side, and step for step; doing equal with another; collating (books); removing from, shunning, avoiding; bringing a female to a stallion for him to cover her: covering when thus brought to him; a broad mark on the thigh or buttocks (of a camel, &c.); (pl. of 'arīz) broad, wide; 'urāz, Broad, wide.

مراهنة (v.n. of عراهنة), Having breadth ;—'urāzat, A present brought from

abroad (especially in provisions).

arrāf, A priest, augur; a physician.

A منائة 'arāfat (v.n. of عبائة), Becoming an 'arif, i.e. one next in rank to a chief, a lieutenant, or deputy;—'irāfat (v.n. of عبد). Performing the office of deputy; the rank next to a commander or chief judge, lieu-

tenant, deputy.

irāq, The part of the belly above عراق A the navel, the diaphragm; the inside of a quill; a double stitch in the bottom of a leathern provision-bag or bottle; name of a river; bank of a river all along its course; sea-shore; name of a country; Babylonia; Chaldea (extending in length from Abbadan to Mosul, and in breadth from Kädisiya to Hulwān); ['irāqi 'ajam, Persian Irāk or Media; - 'iraqi 'arab, Arabian Irak, Babylonia, Chaldea;]—'irāq, 'urāq (pl. of 'arq), Bones without flesh;—'urāq, Herbage, the immediate produce of a shower; clear water; copious rain; a fleshless bone.

irāqāni, The two 'irāq; the عراقان ه

cities of Basra and Kufa.

arrāqat, Felt used under a saddle عراقة 🛦 to absorb the sweat;—'uraqat, Clear water; copious rain.

irāqī, Produced in, or belonging عراقي to, Irak (especially applied to a breed of horses from that country); a Parthian.

a wife irāqain (obl. du. used as nom.), The two 'iraq; the cities of Basra and Kūfa;—tuhfatu'l-'irāqain, Title of a celebrated poem by Kbāqānī.

A عراك 'arāk' (v.n. of عرب), Having her courses (a woman);—'irāk' (v.n. 3 of عرب), Fighting hand to hand, jostling one another in battle; name of a Tāb'i;—'arrāk, One who gives a good drubbing, or scolding; a fierce fighter.

nant, of corrupted morals, impudent, saucy (boy); malignity; sauciness; gnawing at a tree or at a bone; without flesh (bones); unbarked (trees); the multitude and im-

petuosity of an army.

A clye 'irān (v.n. of cape), Being distant (a house); far distant (houses or places); a bit of wood thrust between a camel's nostrils (to make way for the rein-ring); a disease in the heel of cattle causing the hair to fall off; cracks in the hands and feet; a callosity in the pastern of a horse; the block of a pulley; the stud or nail fastening the hilt of a sword; a horn; a hyena's den; battle, conflict.

A בְּלֵשׁ 'arayā, Naked (objects); (pl. of 'ariyat) palm-trees of which the owners

allow the needy to partake.

avije 'arā'is (pl. of 'arīs), Brides;—abyūti 'arā'is, Verses, the letters of which are marked with diacritical points.

arā'iz (pl. of 'arīzat), Letters, عرائص ه

petitions; representations.

arb (v.n.), Eating;—'arb, 'arab, Alacrity, briskness; - 'irb, The plant buhma when dry; - 'urb, An Arabian who inhabits a city; -'arab (v.n.), Being brisk; much water (a well or river); being turned, becoming squeamish (the stomach); suppurating and leaving a scar (a wound); a tract near Madinah; Arabia; an Arab, especially one inhabiting a town; Arabians; ['arabi al-jazā'irī, Algerian Arabs (m.c.); - 'arabi 'āriba ('arbā', 'ariba), The true genuine Arabs of unmixed blood; - 'arabi mut'ariba (musta'riba), Arabians descended from intermarriages with other nations;]-'arib, Squeamish (stomach); much pure water; -'urub (pl. of 'arūb), Women who love their husbands.

A عرباه 'arbā', Arabs of pure blood.

A عربات 'arabat, Vessels moored in the Tigris, to serve the purpose of a bridge.

A בנילים 'urbān, Earnest-money.

a مربانه 'arabāna, A drum ; a tambourine.

A sure 'arbadat, 'arbada, Malignity of disposition, quarrelsomeness; conflict, dispute, battle, riot, uproar; a drunken brawl; —'arbada kardan. To brawl, to make an uproar, to kick up a row.

عربدة أصبر arbada-āmez, Mingled with alternation.

a عبده جوی 'arbada-joy (jūy), Quarrelsome, uproarious ; a flatterer; a juggler.

arbada-kār, One who assaults عربدة كار arbada-kār

his pot-companions and friends.

a عرستان 'arabistan, The land of Arabia.

A Δ σεντο 'urbūn, 'arabūn, Earnest-money.

α κιρ 'araba, Any wheeled carriage; a chariot, coach, curricle, chaise, waggon, cart, &c.

a عربية 'arabī, fem. عربية 'arabīyat, 'arabīya,

A civilised Arabian.

A cpc 'arj, Name of a city; also of a place in the country of the Banu Huzail; also of a station on the road to Mecca;— 'arj, 'irj, A troop of camels, from 80 to 90, or about 150, or from 500 to 1,000;— 'araj (v.n.), Being lame, lameness from birth; setting, or inclining westward (sun);—'arij, A camel that suffers from incontinence of urine, or that squirts it out awry.

A مرجون 'urjūn, A bunch of dates (dry); a tree become crooked, and having its branches lopped, an old pollard; name of a herbage.

ard (v.n.), Fleeing, running away; hard, strong; stiff, erect; an ass; the root of the neck.

a sope 'urada, An extended mountain with water at the bottom.

A عور 'arar (v.n. of قد), Being bunchless (a camel); smallness of bunch; scab, itch, mange.

A غرد (v.n.), Being contracted, drawn together, wrinkled; blaming, reproving;—

'araz (v.n.), Being hard and strong.

ars (v.n.), Tying a camel neck عرس and fore-leg; turning away from; the middle pole of a tent; a wall between (two other walls it does not touch) upon which the roof rests in a peculiar manner conducive to warmth; - irs, A spouse (husband or wife); a lioness; [ibnu 'irs, A species of weasel; a polecat;]—'urs, 'urus, A marriage-feast; marriage, matrimony; - 'aras (v.n.), Refusing, denying, withholding; being confounded, astonished, bewildered; being necessary; being assiduous, fixed to; being in high spirits; being proud and insolent; - 'aris, Struck with astonishment; assiduous, attached to; a lion; -'urus (pl. of 'arus), Bridegrooms.

A Jet 'arsh (v.n.), Propping up (a vine), training (it) over a trellis; making a cover for a well; building (a house), pitching (a tent), abiding or settling in a place; striking anyone on the side of the neck; sticking close to; retiring, turning away; a throne, chair of state; the throne of God; the empyrean; a palace, citadel; roof of a house; a canopy; a wooden cover to a well; an awning, shade, alcove; a nest; a tent; a prop, buttress, stay, support; a piece of wood whereon a drawer of water stands; the strongest side of anything; the convex

part of the foot; a leader or chief of the people; the buttocks of a lion; a constellation; a bier; glory, rank, dignity; ['arshi a'lá (barīn, raḥmān, sharīf, mu'allā), The throne of God;—'arshi akbar, The human heart;—'arshi sabā'ī, The throne of Bilqīs, queen of Sheba;—'arshi simāk, Four small stars below the constellation 'auwā';—'arsh u farsh, Heaven and earth;—zū'l-'arsh, Lord of the throne, i.e. God;]—'ursh, The flesh on the side of the neck; the root of the neck, or the part to which the cupping-glass is applied; the ear;—'arash (v.n.), Being thunderstruck, lost in amazement;—'urush (pl. of 'arsh), Thrones, &c.

a عرش آهيا 'arsh-āshyān, Nestling at the foot of the divine throne; a name given to the Emperor Akbar after his decease.

arsh-manzil, A title given to عرش منزل

Alam-gir the Second.

عوض ورام 'arsh-warān, Prophets, saints. عرض 'arsha, An elevated part of a ship's deck where persons of distinction are seated (m.c.).

arshī, Heavenly.

a عرضيات 'arshiyān (pl. of the preceding), Angels who carry the throne of God, bearers of the celestial throne.

'ars (v.n.), Thundering and flashing with lightning continually (the sky); going with a tottering gait, or being restless (a camel); a rafter;—'aras (v.n.), Being cheerful, brisk; smelling badly (a house or plant, especially from dampness); flashing incessantly (lightning);—'aris, Incessantly flashing.

arasat (pl. of 'arsat), Courts,

A kopt 'arṣat, 'arṣa, A court, square, quadrangle, area, open space free from buildings; a plain; a battle-field; a chessboard, or a table for playing at dice;—'arṣa'i zamīn, Surface of the earth.

arṣaf, Name of a plant, ground-

pine, Chamæpitys.

A عرصم 'irsim, The wild egg-plant or brinjal.

a عرصة جاى 'arṣa-jāy, A plain.

A Apr 'arz (v.n.), Presenting itself, appearing; happening, occurring, befalling; exhibiting, offering for sale; bartering, exchanging; presenting, representing, petitioning; perusing a book; reviewing an army; running with extended neck; also going on one side (a horse); dying (not from disease); marking a camel crosswise; arriving in the country of Mecca or Madinah; breadth, width, latitude; a mountain, or its side; a valley; a cloud obscuring the horizon; a mass of men; a large army; a swarm of locusts; merchandise, household furniture, or other effects (money in gold or silver excepted); a petition, re-

quest, written representation: an hour; an hour of the night; madness; (construed with the verbs burdan, dadan, dadan, kardan, namudan, &c.;) ['arzi irsal, A report, return, invoice; - 'arzu 'l-balad, Lines of latitude; - 'arzi ḥāl, Statement of a case, memorial, petition;—'arzi dīdār kardan, To show the face, to discover oneself; - 'arzi rah, Along the road (m.c.); - 'arz shudan, To be offered, exposed, exhibited;—'arzi 'umr (hayāt), The joys and agreeables of life;—'arzi lashkar kardan, To review an army;—'arzi murād kardan, To explain one's intentions;—al-'arz, Day of review, i.e. resurrection; —ba-'arz rasānīdan, To offer to view, to exhibit ;-chi 'arz kunam, What can I say? how shall I explain? (m.c.); -zi 'arz dur kardan, To mortify; to kill; -tul u 'arz, Length and breadth; longitude and latitude; - irz, The body; the soul; a pore of the body; perspiration; cffluvia of the body (good or bad); reputation (personal, ancestral, or relational, in a good or bad sense); honour, fame, estimation; a valley having villages, water and trees; the side of a valley; the thorny tree arak; the tamarisk-tree; an army; a swarm of locusts; a large cloud; a city, town, district; one who imposes on others with follies and lies; name of a valley in Yamamah; ['irz u namūs, Fame and good name;]—'urz, The foot of a mountain; the middle (of a river or the sea); the side of anything; primary (argument); the mass (of mankind); a pace approved in a horse, but disapproved in a camel; name of a city in Syria; -'araz, Disease, sickness; a bane, a cause of mischief; an accident, anything that befalls a person; wealth (in kind, not in money); worldly goods; prey, spoil, plunder; anything which has no duration; desire, concupiscence; -- 'iraz (v.u.), Possessing breadth; -uruz, A side, border, extremity; corner of the eye.

arz-an, In breadth;—'urz-an, At the side, sideways; as it may happen, without choice;—'araz-an, Accidentally.

a t عرض بيكي 'arz-begī, The person who

a عرض بيكى 'arz-begī, The person who presents all petitions, either written or by word of mouth.

A عرضة عرضة (arzat, An offering, exposition, exhibition; a review;—'urzat, 'urza, Inclination, favour, affection; intention, project; making use of a wrestling-trick; anything constantly occurring; impediment, obstacle; credit.

a عرصدار a arz-dar, Broad, wide; a military muster; an accident, anything befalling; disease, sickness.

a عرض داهت 'arz- $d\bar{a}sht$, A memorial or address from an inferior to a superior; breadth.

a مرض كنندة 'arz-kunanda, A petitioner, &c.

a عومگاه 'arz-gāh, A rendezvous for an enemy or for troops.

a عرض معروض 'arz-ma'rūz, The purport or matter of a petition; petition, bequest.

a عرمه داهت 'arza-dāsht, A petition.

a کاه عرمه کاه arza-gah, = کانه q.v.

a عرضي 'arzī, A petition, memorial, or humble representation;—'arazī, Accidental.

a عرمي دعوي 'arzī-da'wá, Petition of plaint; the first pleading in a suit.

a عربي 'arzī-nawīs, One who writes petitions for suitors, a scrivener, a notary.

artanīṣā, A root yellow or red without and white within, good for cleaning woollens, sowbread.

'ar'ar, The juniper; the cypress;

name of a place.

arf (v.n.), Polling, clipping (a horse's mane); cutting off the comb of a cock; shunning, avoiding, being averse to; confessing a sin or fault; compensating, requiting; perfuming very much; smell (good or bad, though generally the former); being ulcerated in the palm of the hand; name of a certain plant;—'irf (v.n.), Being patient; knowing, discerning; patience; knowledge; tardiness, lateness in attaining the knowledge of a thing;—'urf, Being known, public, notorious; known; a just, lawful, proper thing; a benefit, favour, largess, present; liberality, generosity; a wave of the sea; confession, avowal; the mane of a horse; the comb of a cock, a crest; heaped up sands; a high place; a kind of date-tree growing in Bahrain; an orange-tree; the name by which a person or thing is generally called; alias; common parlance; (pl. of 'arūf') patient; (pl. of a'raf) thick-maned (horses); crested (serpents); (pl. of 'arfa') hyenas; long-maned (horses, she-camels); ['urfi anām, A multitude; all mankind; -ahli 'urf, Officers of justice, attendants upon a judge or tribunal; -ji 'urf, Notorious, well known; -mursuläti 'wrf-an, Angels or horses following in a line, as the hairs in a horse's mane;]—'uraf (pl. of 'urfat), High hills of sand; boundaries, partitions; - 'uruf, Heaped up sands; a high place; a horse's mane.

A a dyne 'arfa', fem. of a'raf, Long-maned (mare); a hyena;—'urafa' (pl. of 'arīf), Acquaintances; the wise, the boly; judges.

A عرائت 'arafāt, A mountain twelve miles from Mecca, from which, among other ceremonies, the pilgrims make a procession to the Holy Monument situated on another mountain at a little distance.

A ون عبرناه), Knowing, discerning; confessing, owning, admitting; knowledge, learning, science; name of a celebrated female singer;—ahli 'irfān, Learned men, scholars.

a عرفان مادب 'irfān-ma'āb, Learned.

arfat, Wind; an ulcer on the palm

of the hand; diligent inquiry;—'irfate'irfa (v.n. of عرف), Knowing; diligent inquiry; knowledge, acquaintance;—'urfat, A college; corporation, company, guild; also the master of such; a large fertile district; a large sandhill producing long grass; boundary, partition; a high place;—'arafat, 'arafa, A vigil, wake;— yaumi 'arafat, The ninth day of the month zū'lhijja.

'arfaj, A species of thorny plants

growing in plains.

مداه urfut, A species of the plant عرنط م

q.v.

a عرفية 'urfī, fem. عرفية 'urfīyat, 'urfīyat, Accumulated, accessory, aggravated; notorious, known, public; [takālīfī 'urfīya, Public impositions; extraordinary taxation;—ḥaqīqati 'urfīya, A self-evident or well-known truth, a truism;]—'arafī, A resident at 'Arafat.

arq, Gnawing a bone and stripping عرى A it of the flesh; having but little flesh on the bones; a bare bone; a bone with little flesh on it; a path trodden bare;—'irq, Root of a tree; origin, stock; prolific breed; a vein, an artery; milk; a steep mountain difficult to ascend; a small mountain; a high place; salt and barren ground; saltish ground producing the tamarisk; ['irqu 'd-dīk, A cock's comb;--'irqu 'n-nisā, Sciatica, hip-gout ;- 'irgi madani, Guineaworm (Filaria medinensis);—zawātu 'l-'irq, Name of a place where the pilgrims from Irāk put on the $i\hbar r\bar{a}m$ or pilgrim's cloak; -- 'araq, Sweat; anything oozing out from pores; juice, spirit, sap; milk; spirituous liquor, rack; a string or row (of horses, birds, camels, &c.); a course of bricks in a wall; anything made of palm-leaves (as a basket, &c.); ['araqi ustukhwan, Anything chewed; - 'araqi infi'al, Blush, funk; - 'araqi bahār, The aroma of orange-flowers;—'araq chakīdan, To perspire; - 'araqi chīn, Name of a perfume; - 'araq randan (rekhtan), To work hard so as to perspire; - 'araqi sa'i, Sweat produced by exertion;—'araqi shakar, Sugared water; - 'araqi sihhat, A wholesome perspiration; - araqi fitna, A liquor extracted from the flower of the jujube-tree;-'araq kardan, To give something; to blush, funk; to suffer from fever; - 'araq kashidan, To distil spirituous liquors (m.c.);-'araqi gul (gulāb), Rosewater;—'araq giriftan, To perspire;—dar 'araq uftādan (shudan), dar āb u 'araq uftādan, To be greatly ashamed;]-'ariq, Milk turned sour; even, level (a place);—'uraq, A man who perspires much; — 'wruq (pl. of 'irāq), Seashores.

a عوقا ' $irq\bar{a}$, Name of a town in the district of Damascus.

a عرى آلوده 'araq-ālūd (الودة ālūda), Covered with sweat, perspiring.

a عرى الكيز 'araq-angez, Producing perspiration, sudorific (med.).

a رتجين 'araq-chīn, A handkerchief, nap-

kin, sudary; a little cap.

a عن عاله 'araq-khāna, A hot bath, a Turkish bath.

عرى دار ه 'araq-dār, Sweating, in a state of perspiration.

a عرق ريو 'araq-rez, Perspiring, hard-work-ing.

a دبی و 'araq-rezi, Sweating, perspira-

a عرد کرده 'araq-karda, A horse that can run much without being distressed or sweating.

عرى كمر 'araq-qīr, A handkerchief, napkin, sudary; a skull-cap; a pad placed under the saddle; ashamed; sweating, funking.

a عرقناك 'araqnāk, Sweating to excess.

a عرق نعنا 'araq-na'nā, Vinegar.

אַלָּיָע 'urqūb, The tendon Achilles; the hough of a quadruped; a winding track through a valley; a narrow pass over a mountain; the leg of the bird qaṭā; the knowledge of an argument; fraud, stratagem; name of a horse; also of a man notorious for breach of promise, hence mawā'īdi 'urqūb, Promises of 'Urqūb (never meant to be performed).

a عرقية 'araqīya, A silken pocket-hand-

kerchief, a sudary.

A de 'ark (v.n.), Rubbing (the ear or side); scratching out, erasing, effacing; devouring plants (cattle); being menstruous (a woman);—'arak (v.n.), Locking hands with another in fight; wrestling; sound; fishermen; seamen, mariners; a camel's fill from pasturing on salt and bitter plants;—'arik, Loud sound or noise; powerful in battle.

arakī, A fisherman; a mariner.

A pp 'arm (v.n.), Baring (a bone) of flesh, or (a tree) of its bark; a well; a ditch; fat; remains in a pot;—'arm, An egg, eggs (especially of the qatā);—'aram (v.n.), Being weak and languid; boneless flesh; a variegated colour (especially black and white);—'arim, A river; mounds, banks, or dykes for confining water; great rains;—sailu 'l-'arim, A great flood which destroyed an embankment constructed by the Sabeans.

'arim, A kind of fish, a sardine.

armaz, A dwarfish tree of the lote or the arāk kind; a green film or moss which floats on the surface of stagnant water.

a eye 'arn, A horny excrescence in the inside of a horse's leg, between the knee and hough;—'aran, Cracks in the feet of beasts of burden above the ankle (from dryness).

A مِرْنَانِ 'irnān, Name of a mountain.
A عَرِيْنِي 'irnīn, The anterior, beginning, or

best of anything; a prince, lord, leader of the people; the nose; the bony part of the nose; the part of the nose next to the eye-brows.

arw (v.n.), Covering (anything) by surrounding (it); approaching (especially

to ask a favour).

אַפּנְיּטְ 'arūb, בֿינָיְשָּ' 'arūbat, A woman who loves her husband, and discovers her affection; — 'arūbat (v.n. of בער), Speaking Arabic well; an Arabian;—yaumu't-'arūbat, Friday (in old Arabic).

A \$\frac{1}{2} 'urwat, 'urwa, The handle (of a jug or flagon); a loop or hole for a button; a lion;—'urwatu 'l-wusqa' ('urwa'i wusqa'), The firmest, strongest handle, i.e. genuine religion, true faith; — 'urwa'i shiyan, A

raging lion.

A type 'urūj (v.n. of type), Climbing up (a ladder); ascending, becoming high; ascent, ascension, rising, exaltation; zenith;—'urūji tamām yāftan, To reach the highest summit;—'urūj kardan, To ascend;—hiṣāri gardān-'urūj, A fort as high (or as hard to climb) as heaven.

A عرود 'urūd' (v.n. of عرود), Arising, spring.

ing up, growing (plants or teeth).

arūs, A bridegroom; a bride when carried home to her husband's house; a spouse (in general); (in P.) name of the first treasure of Khusrau; a treasure of Kai Kāwus; sulphur; a piece of wood by which the string of a turner's bow is drawn; — 'arūsi arghanūn-zan, The planet Venus; — 'arūsu 'l-khutūt, Writing in which the letters have the discritical points marked; - 'arasi parda, A species of ruby-coloured rose; anything of that hue; - 'arūsi tāk, Wine; - 'arūsi jahān, The world; the planet Venus; - 'arūsi charkh (chahārum falak, khāwarī, roz), The sun;— 'arūsi khushk-pistān, A barren woman; the disappointing world; - arūsi dar parda, A species of nightshade; - 'arūsi shūy-murda (murd-shūy), The perishable world;—'arūsi 'adn, The moon; the stars; a servant, handmaid; a virgin of paradise; - arūsi 'arab, The temple of Mecca; - 'arūsi 'awari (?) ra'na, The sky, heaven; the sun; -'arasi falak, The sun; - 'arūsi kaj, A figure dressed up to terrify children; -- 'arusi nuh falak, The sun; the nine firmaments; - 'arūsāni bagh (chaman), Flowers, fruits; shoots, suckers;—'arūsāni biyābān (ṣaḥrā), Camels of burden; camels employed on a pilgrimage; - 'arūsāni khuld, The virgins of paradise; - 'arūsāni dirakht, Young shoots.

a عروسانه 'arūsāna, Like a bride, bride-

a عربس باز 'arās-bāz, A handsome man adorning his person.

a عروس بر arūs-bar, (leading the bride) A brideman.

a عرسك 'arūsak, A little spouse; a girl

given in marriage before reaching puberty; a doll, a girl's puppet (m.c.); a small machine for throwing stones and other missile weapons; a flying insect of the cantharides genus; a cricket; a glow-worm; a ruby colour; a female owl; a kind of plum; a tumor under the arm-pit; -- 'arūsak dar parda, The herb nightshade.

a مروسك الاز arūsak-bāz, A girl playing with

a doll.

a درسك زي 'arūsak-zan, The worker of a ballista.

a عرب 'arūsa, A bride. a عرب 'arūsī, Nuptials; a marriage-feast;—'arūsī kardan, To wed, espouse, marry; to celebrate a wedding-feast (m.c.);

-sham'i 'arūsī, The nuptial torch.

A عرض 'arūz, The last foot of the first hemistich of a couplet (that of the second being called حرب q.v.); poetry, verse, measure, prosody; Mecca and Madinah with their territories; an unbroken stubborn she-camel; a camel devouring thorns; argument, scope, pith (of a speech); side, border, limit; want, necessity; any person or thing blocking up the road and impeding a passenger; a cloudy sky; victuals; much, many; name of a horse; -'urūz (v.n. of عرض), Coming in sight, arising to view, appearing; (pl. of 'arz) furniture, clothes, effects; "urāzu 'l-jasad, Accidents of the body; - 'urūzu 'l-hāl, Whatever affects one's condition.

arūf, Clear-sighted, knowing, in-

telligent; patient.

A عرق 'urūq (v.n. of عرق), Departing, travelling, wandering; (pl. of 'irq) veins; roots, origins; - 'urūqu' 'l-bīz, A certain fattening plant ;- 'uruqu 'l-humr, Madder ;-'uraqu 'sh-shajar, Pine-gum ; - 'uraqu 'ssujr, Turmeric; saffron; -'urūqu'l-kāfūr, Zedoary; - 'urūqi nābiza, Arteries.

uruk, A camel whose fat cannot عرك be ascertained except by feeling (on account of its hairiness); — 'urūk (v.n. of عرف), Being menstruous; fishermen; sailors.

a عرو گوز arr-u-goz, Tumult, turmoil. عروهٔ 'urwa, see A. عروهٔ.

a عرو يان arr-u-yān, = عرو يان q.v. A جرو 'ary (v.n.), Making a handle for a wallet; approaching, coming upon; -'ury (v.n.), Being naked, nudity; a horse without a saddle;—'arry, A cold wind;—'ura, (pl. of 'urwat), Handles ;-'urá, 'irá, A handle; a button-hole.

A عريان 'uryān, Naked, stripped; name of a fortress in Madinah; a heap of sand without a tree; —'uryānu 'n-najī, A woman or man unable to keep a secret.

a عريانى 'uryānī, Nakedness, nudity.

A -2,2 'arib, No one (at home); name of a man; also of a horse; -'uraib (dim. of 'arab), A little Arab.

arīyat, Anything of which the عربة م

proprietor allows others to partake (as a grazing-field or palm-tree); a palm-tree whose fruit has been eaten; part of the produce of a palm-tree kept back for home consumption when the fruit is sold.

ارج (arīj, Lame, trifling (business). arīsh, A shade from the sun, an arbour, bower; a camel-litter for women;

name of a town in Egypt, now in ruins. arīz, Broad, large; wide; ex-panded; a kid one year old; a rampant he-goat; - uraiz, Name of a valley near Madinah.

arīzat, 'arīza (fem. of 'arīz), Broad, wide; a petition; a letter (from an inferior); an address (m.c.); - 'arīza'i tahniyat, An address of welcome (m.c.);-'arṣa'i 'arīṣa, An extensive plain.

a عريفي 'arīṣī, Latitude, breadth, width.

arif, One who knows; an acquaintance; the next man to a chief or general, a deputy, lieutenant; an usher at a school.

arīfī, The office of lieutenant.

A عريكة 'arīkat, Nature, disposition; soul, spirit, self; the bunch of a camel, or the remainder of one.

arīnat, The haunt of a عرين A 'arīnat' عرين lion, hyena, wolf, or serpent; a forest, thicket, place abounding in trees; the hole of the Libyan lizard; the area of a house; a city, town; flesh; a branch of the Banu Tamim; the cooing of a dove.

A je 'azz (v.n.), Disputing; conquering, overcoming;—'izz (v.n.), Being great, excellent, precious, glorious; being powerful; glory, dignity, grandeur, magnificence; heavy rain; - 'azza ismu-hu, May His name be glorified;—'azza wa jalla, May He be honoured and glorified, i.e. the glorious God;—'azz u shān, Dignity and rank.

A مَانِهُ 'azā' (v.n. of عرو), Ascribing, relating, attributing, referring; claiming, asserting; evincing patience; patience, endurance; exhortation to be patient; consolation, condolence; lamenting, mourning; construed with afgandan, giriftan, &c.; aiyāmi 'aza', Days of mourning or condolence.

مزاب A عزاب 'uzzāb (pl. of 'azab, 'azabat), Bachelors; spinsters.

a عراً پرستى 'azā-parastī, Mourning, grief. a عراً عاله 'azā-khāna, House of condolence or of mourning.

a بان اید 'azā-dār, In mourning; a mourner. A jir 'azāz, Hard ground; —izāz (v.n. 3 of 'aziz), Overpowering by words; (pl. of 'aziz), powerful, eminent, great; rare, scarce (things).

A مَارَة 'azazat (v.n. of عرازة), Being rare, valuable; being great, powerful, honour-

able; difficulty.

azāzīl, Name of a fallen angel; a devil, an evil spirit.

azzāf, A cloud noisy with thunder; name of a tribe; also of a mountain twelve miles distant from Madinah; also of a sandy tract in the country of the Banū Ba'd.

azā'im (pl. of 'azīmat), Incantations; verses of the Qur'an read to bring about the recovery of sick persons; divine prescriptions regarded as obligatory;mas'ūdu 'l-'azā'im, Fortunate in one's undertakings.

a عوائم خوان 'azā'im-<u>kh</u>wān, Conjuror, exorciet.

عرب ه 'azb (v.n.), Leading a single life; being empty and deserted (a country);-'azab, An unmarried person; a bachelor, a

a عزب بيشة 'azab-pesha, Who professes celibacy, a confirmed bachelor.

عربة م 'uzbat, A single life, celibacy;— 'azabat, An unmarried woman, a spinster, a maiden.

azab-daftar, A clerk, registrar. A عرة 'azzat, A young doe; a young woman; name of a woman;—'izzat (v.n. of عر), Being great, powerful, rare, valuable; grandeur, glory, power, might; honour, esteem; rareness; construed with the verbs burdan, kardan, nihādun, &c.

a المار 'izzat-āṣār, Bearing the emblem

of honour.

a قامِتُ 'izzat-khwāh, A friend, follower,

attached to the glory of another.

مدار ,qarīn قرين) izzat-qarār عرب قرار a madar), Seat (ally, pivot) of magnificence, i.e. illustrious, glorious (a royal title).

a عرتموفور 'izzat-maufūr, Glorious, honour-

able.

A Eye 'azj (v.n.), Beating off, driving back; coition; turning over (the ground)

with a spade.

azr (v.n.), Censuring; forbidding, repelling; compelling, forcing against one's will; explaining matters and duties of religion; matrimony; the price of cut-down forage.

izrā'il, Name of the angel of عزرائل ه

death.

azf (v.n.), Remaining a long time eating and drinking; the imaginary nocturnal sounds of demons in the desert;—

'uzf, A queest, a ring-dove.

azq (v.n.), Cleaving, digging (the ground); running swiftly, hurrying along; retaining, withholding (anything good); inflicting a severe blow, or many blows;-'azaq (v.n.), Adhering, sticking close to ;-'aziq, Unkind, severe, ill-natured; - 'uzuq, Malicious, bad-tempered; a winnower of

azl (v.n.), Removing from office, deposing; dismissing, resigning, abdicating; living apart from one's wife; removed from office; ['azl shudan, To abdicate, resign, go

out of office (m.c.);]—'uzl, 'uzzal (pl. of a'zal), Unarmed (men); -'azal (v.n.), Being unarmed, an unarmed state; want of employment; - 'uzul, Unarmed.

A Die 'uzlat, Retirement from office, resignation; a retired, sequestered life, self-

seclusion.

a غزلت دوست 'uzlat-dost, and— a عزلت کریده 'uzlat-guzīda (ویدی guzīn), One who affects retirement or seclusion, a recluse, a hermit.

a عرلتي 'uzlatī, A hermit or recluse. a عزلي 'azli, Abdication, resignation.

A عزم 'azm (v.n.), Running hard; rendering necessary; a design, undertaking, purpose, resolution; construed with the verbs āmadan, bar-dāshtan, dāshtan, kardan, &c.: ['azmu 'l-umūr, The divine purpose concerning human affairs; - 'azm bi 'l-jazm, Firm resolve, settled purpose;—'azmi bazm raftan, To go to an entertainment; — 'azmirāh kardan, To set out on a journey; - 'azmi safar giriftan, To undertake an expedition, to go to war;—ulū 'l-'azm, Those endued with a resolution to obey the commands of God (applied to Noah, Abraham, Moses, and Muhaminad); those endued with constancy and patience (applied to Noah, Abraham, Isaac, Jacob, Joseph, Job, Moses, David, and Jesus;]-'azm, 'uzm (v.n.), Applying the mind to an undertaking; determining to accomplish, being resolved on an affair; abjuring; reading charms or verses from the Qur'an to avert evil; being undertaken; - 'azam (pl. of 'azamat), Constant, trusty, sincere friends; - 'uzam (pl. of 'uzmat'), Paternal relations.

azmat, Design, determination, resolution; necessary, obligatory; firm, fixed, stable; a claim, right, due; the decree of God; -'uzmat, Paternal kindred; a tribe; -'azamat, Persons sincere in their affection.

a عزم درست 'azm-durust, Upright of pur-

azw (v.n.), Referring, tracing (one to his father), naming (him from him).

A عزوب uzūb (v.n. of عرب), Being far off; being separated; being uncultivated; absence, distance.

a عزوبة 'uzūbat, A single life, celibacy.

azza wa jall, 'azz u jall, May He 'azza wa jall, azz u jall, May He be exalted and glorified, God Almighty.

azwar, Wicked, malignant; a cuckold.

azūz, (A camel) the orifices of whose teats are very narrow; - 'uzūz (v.n. of عز), Having the orifices of the teats narrow: growing strong.

مزوك معروب 'azūf, One who abstains from; averse, loathful; a loather; - 'uzūf (v.n. of

عزف), Being averse from, loathing.

A غرومة 'azūmat, 'uzūmat, A garden-party, pic-nic, entertainment.

A Slap 'izhāt, A woman advanced in years, but still indulging juvenile propensities.

A cyc 'azī, Patient;—'uzzā, Excellent, rare, precious (thing); (fem. of a'azz) better, more excellent, more or most glorious; name of an ancient idol.

A 255 'uzair, Fsdras.
A 255 'asīz, Excellent; precious, dear, valuable, rare, choice; magnificent, glorious, powerful; venerable, pious, holy; a king, ruler, prime minister (especially in Egypt); the plant centaury ;- 'azīzu 'l'-intiqām, God the avenger; - 'azīnu 'I-qadr, My honoured or worthy friend, my dear sir (a form of address to subordinate officers in official or private correspondence); - 'uzīzw 'l-wujād, Hard to find, exceedingly rare; - 'azīz dashtan, To hold dear, to honour, to revere; - 'azīzi miṣr, (Joseph as) ruler of Egypt; - 'azīzi muqtadir, God' Almighty ;- pidari 'azīz-am, My revered' father ;—jani ('umri) 'azīz, Dear life, precious existence.

a بان بيد 'axiz-dar, A near and dear friend

or relative.

عزيز داري aeiz-dārī, Relationship.

a مَيْوَرُ كَيْهِاتَى 'azīz-kīpā'i, Name et'a cook who excelled in preparing the dish يَعِيْهُ عَلِيهِ كَبِياتُى

a way sye 'aziz-murda, A form of imprecation used by women.

a sera 'azīzī, Greatness, valuableness.

A pys 'azīm (v.p. of ps), Applying the mind to, undertaking; determined to ac-

complish; a powerful enemy..

م أعرب 'azīmat (v.v. of مرم), Undertaking : purpose, resolve, resolution, determination; an obligatory statute or ordinance of God; an incantation, spell; amulet; verses of the Qur'an employed as such; the power of compelling spirits to attend on one..

die 'azhak, A certain musical instrument bearing a resemblance to a Turkish guitar.

A ass (vin), Going the rounds, patroling at night; arriving late (news); pasturing alone (camel); refusing to let her milk flow before any person; giving little food ;-- 'uss, A large cup; penis.

A vine 'isabi. Name of a place near

Mecca.

a , line 'user, Poverty ; a religious life.

A عساس 'isas (pli of, 'uss), Large cups ;-'assas, A night-watchman, a patroler;

(met.) a. wolf.

A who 'reaf' (v.n. of who), Being near death (a camel); a trembling or falling of the larynx at that moment, the agony of death, the last breath.

asākir (pl: of 'askar), Armies;-'asākiri zabtiya, The police force (m.c.);-'asakiri mansurat (musra-ma' āsir), Victorious

troops.

A Ulme 'assalat, The honey-making bees;

a hive; a bees' nest.

A clue 'asālij (pli ofi 'ustuj), Tendrits, shoots.

asb (v.n.), Hiring, letting out (a stallion); the price paid, and the colt brought forth; covering (the female); sperm; — 'usb, Straight palm branches without leaves; - asib, (Hair) long uncombed.

A gara 'asj (v.n.), Stretching out the neck in travelling (a camel or horse); - 'asaj (v.n.), Being distempered by feeding on the bramble 'ausaj (flocks or herds).

A age 'asjad, Gold; any sort of jewel,

as a pearl or ruby; a large camel.

a and a spiding, Name of a horse; also of a place; large camels' colts; camels employed in the transport of gold, or ridden by kings.

A are 'asd (v.n.), Travelling; twisting a

rope tightly; lying with.

**A year (v.n.), Pressing a debtor for payment; coming from the left; having a hard time in labour (a woman) ;—'isr, 'asr, Name of a tribe of demons;—'usr (v.n.), Being difficult; difficulty; ['uoru'l-baul, Strangury; — 'usru 'n-nafas, Asthma;]— 'usr, 'usur (v.n.), Baving a hard time (woman in labour); being difficult, being hard and pinching (times); refusing to come forth (the contents of the belly); opposing, resisting, thwarting;—'asar (v.n.), Being difficult and perplexing; being equally expert (both hands); being lefthanded; difficulty; - 'asir, Difficult, intricate, perplexing; hard, ill-tempered; disastrous, unfortunate; pressing; unbroken (camel); ['asiru'l-'ubur, Difficult to cross or pass over;]- 'usur, Difficulty.

*usrat, A difficult or indigent condition; difficulty; intricacy; straitness, distress, poverty; construed with kardan, kashīdan, &c.; [jaishu' l-'usrai, The army of Tabuk (because sent against the place in the hottest season; - asarat, A white quill-

A مست 'asas (v.m.) of صتر), Going the rounds at night; (pl. of 'ass) patrols, nightly watches.

'istrataj (G. στράτηγος), Com-

mander of forty men.

A was 'usf (v.n.), Oppressing; straying; travelling without direction; employing, taking into one's service; working for another and giving satisfaction; being near death from a glandular swelling (camel); the agony of death; a spacious golden

usaq (v.n.), Keeping close to the عسق م male (a she-camel); importuning;—'asiq, Bad-tempered; - 'usuq, Severe to debtors.

A color 'asqalan, Askelon in Palestine; -'asqalanu'r-ras, The top of the head.

A Mane 'usqulat (v.n. of Jame), Moving to and fro (the vapour called sarāb); a detached piece of a cloud; a hard place full of white stones.

asak (v.n.), Being necessary; ad-

hering, sticking to.

الشكر. 'askar (from P. عسكر lashkar), An army, forces, troops; a collection; anything numerous; darkness of night; name of a street or quarter in Nishapur; also of a village in Khūzistān;—'askari islām, The army of the faithful, i.e. the Ottoman troops.

أ عسكران (du.), Mounts 'Arafat

and Miná.

عسكرة ه 'askarat (v.n. of عسكرة), Encamping.

a عسكر كاه 'askar-gāh, A camp.

a عسكري 'askare, A soldier;—'askarī, Military, belonging to the army; native of 'Askar (surname of the Imāms 'Alī Naqī and Hasan.

a discolor (v.n.), Dressing (meat) with honey; giving, providing with honey; commending, praising; lying with a woman; trembling much (a lance); running fast and shaking the head (horse); being ruffled by the wind (water); hastening across the desert (a guide); name of a place;—'isl, A tribe of the jinn; [banū 'isl, An Arabian tribe;]—'asal (v.n.), Tasting (food); making one generally beloved (God); a bubble on running water; honey; a honeyed dew gathered from flowers; praise, fame; ['asali dā'ud (David's honey), The oily exudation of a certain tree;—'asali tabarzad, Treacle;—'asali laban, Liquid storax;]—'asil, Nimble-handed (a thief); striking rapidly and with vehemence;—'usul (pl. of 'asal), Bubbles; honeys; (pl. of 'āsil, 'asūl) good, honest men; tremulous spears; (pl. of 'asīl) yards of elephants or camels.

مسلم عسلم 'usluj, A tendril, young shoot;--'asallaj, Delicate (meat); name of a village

in Bahrain.

a عسلي 'asalī, A bit of yellow cloth which the Jews are compelled to wear on the shoulder by way of distinction; a garment worn by the Christians, also by fire-worshippers; a particular colour with which the fakīrs of India dye their garments.

asalī-rang, A dervish's gar-

ment.

A sum (v.n.), Coveting; striving; entering into combat; rushing into danger or into a crowd of combatants; endeavouring to procure a subsistence or acquire anything;—'asam (v.n.), Being dry, stiff, or contorted (hand, &c.);—'usum (pl. of 'āsim, 'asām), Those who toil for their bread.

asn, Tallness with beauty of hair and fairness of complexion; name of a place;—'asn, 'isn, 'usn, Fat, grease, lard;—'isn, Like, equal, resembling;—'asan, 'usun, The beneficial effect of fodder upon cattle;—'asin, Satisfied with a little fodder.

(عسو 'asw, 'asūw (v.n. of عسو), Growing old; becoming hard; becoming dark;—
'asw, Wax.

'asūs, One in search of prey or

game; (a she-camel) pasturing alone, and giving little or no milk unless at a distance from men; a good-for-nothing fellow.

asuf, Violent, unjust; one who

loses or has lost his way.

a عسول 'asūl, A good man; tremulous (spear).

A ביינים 'asūm, One who toils for his subsistence.

A 2-2 'asá, It wanted but little that; it may be, perhaps; [bi-'asá wa la'all, By "perhaps" and "may be";]—'asi, Apt, fit, proper, suitable.

A axib, The exterior part of the foot, the instep; the bone of the tail, and the skin whence its hair grows; the longest feather of the wing; the outer side of a feather; a straight palm-branch without leaves

مَا مُعَادِّ 'asīr, Difficult; unbroken (a shecamel);—'asīru'l-istikhrāj, Difficult to extract;— dar-bandi 'asīru'l-murūr, A pass difficult to penetrate;— marazi 'asīru'l-'ilāj, A disease difficult to cure;—yaumi 'asīr, The day of judgment.

A مسين 'asīs (pl. of 'āss), Night-patroles. A مسيئ 'asīf, A mercenary, labourer,

assistant, servant.

a عسيل 'asil, The yard of an elephant or camel; a man who strikes a heavy blow and brings his hand quickly back again; feathers, or anything similar with which a perfumer brushes together drugs or civet brayed on a stone.

مسياة 'usailat (dim. of 'asal), Little honey; (met.) sensual pleasures (as sweet

as honey); a term of endearment.

A ashsh (v.n.), Disturbing, frightening (a deer) from (its) place; beating; giving sparingly; gathering, collecting, being attentive to gain; nestling; mending, patching a shirt; lean (man); a scanty gift;—'ushsh, The nest of a bird built on a tree (that on a wall being called wakr, one burrowed in the ground udhā or ufhūs); a right; a claim; name of a poet.

purblindness; ['ashā'i khudāwandī (rabbanī), The Lord's Supper, the Eucharist;]—'ishā', The first watch of the night, or from the time when the sun begins to go down till twilight, or from sunset until dawn; the prayer of sunset or nightfall.

A مشاكيس 'ishā'ain (obl. du. used as nom.), The prayers of evening and of nightfall.

مِعْدُرُ هُمُّ عِنْدُارُ مُ بَرِّ نَهْ الْمَاهُ عِنْدُارُ مُ الْمَاهُ عِنْدُارُ مُ لَّا الْمَاهُ وَ الْمَاهُ الْمَاهُ الْمَاهُ الْمَاهُ الْمَاهُ الْمَاهُ الْمَاهُ الْمَاهُ الْمَاهُ الْمَاهُ الْمُاهُ الْمَاهُ الْمَاهُ الْمُاهُ يّةُ الْمُعْمِي الْمُعْمُ الْمُعْمُ الْمُعْمُ الْمُعْمُ الْمُعْمُ الْمُعْمُ الْمُعْمُ الْمُعْمُ الْمُعْمُ الْمُعْمُ الْمُعْمُ الْمُعْمُ الْمُعْمِ الْمُعْمُ الْمُعْمُ الْمُعْمُ الْمُعْمُ الْمُعْمُ الْمُعْمِ الْمُ

مشاری مشاری 'ushārī, Ten cubits long (garment); a kind of barge used upon the Nile. مشاش 'ishāsh' (pl. of 'ushsh'), Birds'

nests built in trees or hedges.

'ushshāq (pl. of 'āshiq), Lovers; (in P.) name of a musical tone; —'ushshāqi sag-jān, Covetous, worldly-minded, dog-souied people;—jazīratu 'l-'ushshāq, The lovers' isle, i.e. Sinope.

ashawat, Nocturnal blindness.

'ushb, Green fodder, grass;-'ashab (v.n.), Being hard and dry; grown up, adult (family);—'ashib, Grassy (field).

A whole 'ushbat, 'ushba, Sarsaparilla;—

'ashabat, A dwarf; a large tooth.

ashd (v.n.), Collecting, gathering. ashr (probably for A. 'ushar), Every milky plant; name of a poisonous milky tree in India; saffron; an artichoke; senna of Mecca.

ashr (v.n.), Being ten months gone عشر ۸ with young (a camel); taking one from ten; decimating; adding one to nine, making ten; being the tenth; ten (females); the ten fingers;—'ishr, A watering of camels on the tenth day; the time between two such waterings; a piece or tenth part broken off a cauldron or anything else;— 'ushr (v.n.), Decimating; receiving or collecting tithes; a tenth part, tithe; a decade of verses in the Qur'an (of which there are 621); ['ushri shar'i, The tithes prescribed by law ;- 'ushrī 'ashīr, The tenth part of a tenth, a hundredth part, very little;]—'ashar ('ashar-a), Ten (females); ['ashar kalimāt, The ten words, i.e. the commandments, the decalogue;]—'ushar, A certain bitter tree emitting better fire than any other kind, and used in making bolsters, while from its blossoms and branches a certain kind of sugar is obtained.

usharā, A camel gone with young عشراه ه ten months or eight months; a woman in labour, or who has borne a child within forty days; (pl. of 'ashīr), Companions (especially husband and wife); familiars,

intimate friends.

asharāt, 'ashrāt, Decimal num-

bers, tens.

askrat, 'askarat, Ten (males) ;--'ishrat, Conversation, society, familiarity; pleasure, delight, enjoyment; sociableness, the pleasures of the table;—'usharat, A certain tree or gum.

a مشرت كدة 'ishrat-khāna, عشرت كدة 'ishratkada, عشرت گاه 'ishrat-gah, A house of plea-

sure, a place of entertainment.

a عشرت 'ishrat-faza, Pleasure - increasing.

a عشر خوان 'ashar-khwān, A reader of the Quran; deposed from office.

a عشرستان 'usharistān, A grove of 'ushartrees.

ishriq, 'ushriq, A medicinal seed عشرق ه called tukkmi marv.

A نعشرين 'ishrina, Twenty. ashara, A decade, ten days; the first ten days of Muharram.

a عشري 'usharī, Subject to tithe, tithable. Love; intensity of the passion and a blindness to the failings of the object loved; being sick or dying for love; construed with the verbs $b\bar{a}\underline{k}htan$, $\underline{k}h\bar{a}stan$, sanjīdan, rū'īdan, nishāndan, &c.; ['ishqi ilāhī, Divine love;—'ishq zadan (guftan), To salute; to bid farewell;]—'ashaq, Sticking, cleaving to; (pl. of 'ashaqat) ivies; 'ushuq, Those who have the charge of planting, trimming, and keeping in order odoriferous herbs.

a عشق باره 'ishq-bāra, Amorous.

a عشقباًو 'ishq-bāz, A man of gallantry; a tumbler-pigeon.

a عشق بازى 'ishq-bāzī, Gallantry, amorous talk.

a عشق پرداز 'iehq-pardāz, Amorous.

a عشق پیچا 'ishq-pechā, American jas-

a شعب پيچان 'ishq-pechān, Ivy. a مُشقّه 'ashiqa, A kind of ivy.

asham (v.n.), Coveting, desiring عشم greatly; becoming dry; dry bread (without meat); - 'ashim, A sort of tree; - 'ushum (pl. of 'āshim), Trees of a certain kind.

ashn (v.n.), Conjecturing, guess-

ing.

ashw, 'ushūw (v.n. of عشو), Eating supper; giving a meal to men or food to cattle in the evening; seeing a fire at night from a distance, and making for it; travelling in the night-time; -- 'ishw, A cup of milk taken after the flocks return from pasture in the evening.

م مشواء م 'ashwā, (řem. of عشواء a'shú), Purblind; a she-camel that cannot see before her, and paws the ground; stumbling

upon, coming upon one against will. ashwat, The thick darkness following the crepuscle; the time between nightfall and the fourth part or watch of night; - 'ashwat, 'ishwat, An embarking in a dark or dubious affair; - 'ishwat, 'ishwa, Amorous playfulness, blandishment, caresses, &c.; ['ishwa'i hal-karda, Open, barefaced coquetry; outrageous flirting;]-'ushwat, 'ushwa, A lighted fire seen at nighttime in the distance.

ashūrā', عشورا ashūrā', عشوراء 'ashūrā', عشور in P. also عشورة ashūra, The tenth or the ninth of the month muharram; -ushur (pl. of 'ushr), Tenths; tithes; customs, taxes.

a عشوة 'ishwa, 'ushwa, see A. عشوة.

a عشوها 'ishwahā (pl. of 'ishwa), Blandishments, &c.; —'ishwahā'i marmarī, Simple and artless blandishments;—'ishwahā'i lājawardī, Blandishment of various kinds; according to others, blandishments out of place.

a ويواآ معمود 'ishwa-a'in, Coquettish.

a عشوة برداز 'ishwa-pardāz, An accomplished' عشوة برداز coquette.

a قام قام 'ishwa-dih, A machinator, intriguer, artful schemer.

a في معرف 'ishwa-zan, One playing the

gallant or coquette.

a غشوة ساز 'ishwa-sāz, Gallant, coquettish. a عشوة سازى 'ishwa-sāzī, Gallantry, coque-

ishwa-gar, One who ogles, a عشوة كر coquette.

a عشوة كرى 'ishwa-garī, Ogling, coquetry.

ashy (v.n.), Acting like a purblind عشي man; providing food or forage in the evening;—'ashá, Being purblind;—'ashī, Purblind; blind at night; - 'ishá, Supper, evening meal;—'ashīy, The evening; the time from sunset to the first watch; also the first watch.

'ashīr, A tenth; the tenth part of a.v. (a measure of land); a friend, intimate companion (especially husband

and wife); the cry of the hyena.

• ashīrat, Parentage, kindred; a family, a tribe; - 'ashīrat u khweshān, Kindred and domestic relations.

ass (v.n.), Being strong, hard, firm; being severe on a debtor; -'uss,

Root, origin.

asa (v.n. of عمل), Bastinadoing, striking with a stick or sword; making a cudgel; using a sword like a cudgel; a stick, a staff, cudgel, baton, bludgeon; a sceptre; chastisement, discipline; membrum virile; an instrument used in taking altitudes;--'aṣā 'r-rā'ī, Shepherds-staff, a pot-herb of a red colour; - 'aṣā u pā-afzār pesh nihādan, To prepare for, or be on the point of, travelling; - 'aṣāyi āsiyā, The handle by which a mill is turned ;—'asāyash zad, He has thrown down his staff, he has stopped or made a halt (m.c.); -'aṣāyi matra-polīt, A bishop's crosier;—'aṣāyi mūsa, Moses' rod;—alqā 'aṣā-hu, = 'aṣāyash zad, q.v. above; -inshiqāqu 'l-'aṣā, shaqqu 'l-'aṣā, A breaking of the stick, i.e. a sowing of discord; -laiyim 'l-'aṣā, Of a mild disposition, one who administers justice well. a عماب 'uṣāb, Fumitory.

iṣabat, 'iṣaba, A bandage (for a عمابة م wound); a fillet, wreath, tiara, turban, or anything which is bound round or worn

upon the head.

a عما بردار 'aṣā-bardār, A mace-bearer.' عما بردار

م عماة 'uṣāt (pl. of 'āṣī and 'aṣī), Rebels, obstinate sinners.

iṣār, Great dust;—'uṣār, Expressed' عمار ۸ juice; — 'assār, Oil-maker or presser; a

presser of grapes.

uṣārat, uṣāra, Expressed juice; extract; choice part; dregs, refuse;—'uṣāra'i afsintin, Wormwood-water;—'uṣāra'i mahk, Liquorice-juice ;—karīmu'l 'uṣārat, Liberal when appealed to.

a عمار خانه 'aṣṣār-khāna, Name of a place

abounding in oil-pressers.

aṣāfīr (pl. of 'usfūr), Sparrows; a certain kind of tree which is said to have the shape of sparrows, frequent in Persia, and called by the Arabs also man ra'á mişlī, "Who has seen the like of me?";—'aṣāfiru 'l-qutub, Four pegs for keeping together a camel's saddle; - 'aṣāfīru 'l-munzir, An excellent breed of camels used by princes, and descended from camels belonging to Nu'mān bin Munzir;—lisānu 'l-'aṣāfār, The seed of the ash-tree.

a عما کش 'aṣā-kash, Leader of a blind man; a guide on the road.

A Jlac 'isāl, Crooked; a crooked arrow;

name of a place.

مام A معام (pl. معام a'sām), A dog's collar; - isām, A string for fastening a leather bottle, &c.; the handle of a pitcher, &c.; the small part of the tail; name of a chamberlain of Nu man bin Munzir, of low extraction but high merits.

a عمامي 'iṣāmī, fem. عمامي 'iṣāmīyat, 'iṣāmīya, Of the race of 'Isam (see the preceding article); (met.) one who owes his renown to his own merits (opp. to q.v.);—nafsi 'iṣāmīya, One who does not glory in his father's virtues but in his own

'aṣāwal, A state-messenger عماول

aṣā'ir (pl. of 'aṣīrat), Juices. a عمایش 'asāyash, His stick or staff (see

(عما

aṣāyam, My stick, my staff.

asb (v.n.), Surrounding, encircling, enclosing; putting on a turban or tiara; binding a fillet round the head; twisting hard; tying firm; tying a rope round a camel's thighs to make her give milk plentifully; holding branches together to prune or strip them of their leaves; removing the testicles of a ram, &c. by binding them up; a kind of striped cloth; a red cloud appearing in very dry seasons; reddening (as the horizon); dirt upon the teeth; drying in the mouth (spittle); changing the foot mufā'alatun (- - -) into mafā'īlun (- -) by rendering the lām quiescent; - 'asab (v.n.), Having large tendons (flesh); a tendon, nerve, ligament; chiefs, upper ranks; (pl. of 'aṣabat) nerves, &c.; ['aṣabi bāṣira, Optic nerve;—'aṣabi sāmi'a, The auditory nerve;—'aṣabi 'irqu 'n-nisa, The sciatic nerve;—'asabi qausi a'ortá, The cardiac nerve; — 'aṣabi mutawassita, The median nerve; — 'aṣabi majhūli 'azīm, The sympathetic nerve;] - 'usab, Gum-tragacanth.

asbat, 'asba, Name of a fragrant' عصبة creeper; - isbat, A mode or fashion of binding on the turban;—'usbat, A body of men, horses, or birds (from ten to forty); 'asabat, A nerve, tendon, ligament; kindred, distant relations.

A عمبية 'asabīyat, Muscularity; zeal;

bigotry, prejudice, party-spirit, esprit de corps; love of kindred or country.

'aṣr (v.n.), Squeezing, pressing (grapes); taking refuge;—'aṣr,'aṣar, Afternoon; afternoon prayer; kindred, family, tribe; rain;—'aṣr, 'iṣr, 'uṣr, 'uṣur, Time, an age; day and night; last part of the day, evening; evening prayer;—'uṣr, A refuge, asylum; escape, deliverance;—'aṣar, A refuge, asylum; [banū 'aṣar, Name of a tribe;]—'uṣur (pl. of 'aṣar), Times, ages.

a عوانه aṣrāna, Afternoon meal, lun-

cheon; five-o'clock tea (m.c.).

'aṣrat, A kind of large tree;—'uṣrat, Refuge, a place of escape;—'aṣarat, A whirlwind raising the dust in columns.

a عمري 'aṣarī, Belonging to the tribe Banu 'Aṣar.

"us'us, Bad-tempered; a worth-less fellow; the rump-bone, root of the tail.

h as 'asf (v.n.), Cutting unripe (corn); blowing with violence (wind); gaining a livelihood for one's family; being carried with velocity; carrying on, destroying (war); a blade of corn; corn in the blade; straw after the grain has been thrashed out.

'usfur, Saffron in the flower.

A jake 'usfūr, fem. bake 'usfūrat, A sparrow; the place where the forelocks grow; protuberant bones on each side of a horse's forehead; a part of the brain; a male locust; various pieces of wood used in putting together a camel's saddle or litter; a nail in a ship; a king, lord, leader;—'usfūru't-tīn, The fig-pecker;—'usfūru'sh-shauk, A wagtail.

A عمل (v.n.), Inclining; bending, making crooked;—'uṣl (pl. of a'ṣal), Crooked (arrows);—'aṣal (v.n.), Being naturally crooked and distorted; a crookedness in a horse's tail; a small gut; anything crooked; a crookedness in the teeth and leg; name

of a tree which purges camels.

defending, protecting, preserving; fastening the string 'iṣâm to a leathern bottle;—'uṣm, Name of a fortress; also of a mountain;—'uṣm, 'uṣum, Marks of henna, &c., left on the hands or feet; remainders of anything;—'iṣam (pl. of 'iṣmat), Collars, necklaces; protections, safeguards.

defending; keeping back (from sin or danger); a defence, guard, protection; continence, chastity; the parda, or seclusion in which women are required to live; a necklace, collar, belt;—'usmat, Whiteness on the leg of a doe; a collar; a dog's-collar, a

guard.

a a ismatiyān, Prophets; holy and self-denying men; chaste and holy women; Mary the mother of Jesus Christ.

"uṣmūr, A water-wheel, or the bucket attached to it.

asw (v.n.), Cudgelling; collecting, drawing together; binding up a wound.

A عصود 'usud (v.n. of عصود), Dying.

A) عمور 'uṣūr '(pl. of 'aṣr, &c.), Ages, times.

A عموك 'aṣāf, Violent (wind); storm, hurricane; opaqueness, dimness, dulness; wine;—'uṣāf (v.n. of عمف), Blowing violently (wind).

י יביף (aṣūm, A glutton, devourer, great

eater.

مون 'aşy (v.n.), Being disobedient, rebellious, revolting; disobedience, rebellion, revolt;—'aṣī, Rebellious, stubborn, disobedient.

A معيان 'iṣyān (v.n. of عصيان), Being disobedient, rebellious; rebellion, disobedience, opposition to lawful authority; sin, transgression; unrest; overthrow; disturbance. (Construed with the verbs àwardan, namūdan, and warzīdan).

a عميان کده 'iṣyān-kada, A place of rebel-

a عميان و 'isyāngar, Rebellious, sinful.

'aṣīb, Intense, vehement, oppressive (as a day with heat); calamitous; the heart, lungs, or liver dressed with other intestines and roasted.

A actamite, actamite, actamite, actamite,

a sidat, Broth so thick that it can scarcely be stirred with a ladle; a kind of sweet cake, generally given to friends on the birth of a child.

مَعْمِدُ 'aṣ̄r̄r, Squeezed; expressed juice; juice pressed from grapes;—'aṣīri ma'danī, Mineral juices or essences.

a عميلوه 'aṣifara, 'uṣaifara, The yellow violet.

'aṣīm, Remains, vestiges; marks of any dye on the hands or feet; sweat, urine, and filth adhering to a camel's thighs.

A — 'azz (v.n.), Seizing between the teeth, or holding by the tongue; being shrewd and clever;—'izz, Cunning, shrewd, clever; provident, attentive (to matters of property); eloquent; strong, able to travel; ['izzu māl-in, An able manager of live stock; bad-tempered; a rival; a miser; a lock difficult to be opened;]—'izz, 'uzz, A dwarf thorny shrub eaten by camels;—'uzz, Food which in towns is given to camels (as macerated date-stones, &c.).

a اخد 'aza, <math>= مضایت q.v.

açat, Any thorny tree.

built (youth); squab and with thick arms (man or woman);—'izād, An ornament for the arm, armlet, bracelet.

A عمادة 'izādat, Side-post of a gate or door.

A مماض 'aṣāṣ, Thick (tree); whatever

may be taken with the teeth and eaten ;-'izāz (v.n. 3 of عض), Biting one another; a habit of biting in a horse; scarcity; calamity, misfortune;—'uzāz, 'uzzāz, The root of the nose, the part next the eye brows.

A Just 'uzāl, Troublesome, serious, or

important (business); difficult to be cured

(disease).

a عضايت 'azāyat, A kind of green lizard.

A بند 'azb (v.n.), Reproaching, reviling; cutting; breaking the horn of a goat; piercing (with a spear); striking (with a sword); taking, seizing; returning; weakening; a sharp sword; virulent-tongued (man); a light-headed youth;—'azab (v.n.), Having a horn broken.

A Lac 'izat, A multitude; a section, a portion; a lie; thorny shrubs; - 'azzat, A

azd (v.n.), Helping, aiding; striking on the arm; cutting or felling (a tree) with the instrument mi'zad; complaining of a pain in the arm;—'azd, 'izd, 'uzd, 'azid, 'azud, 'uzud, An arm (from the shoulder to the elbow); a companion, an assistant; —'azad, Being diseased in the upper arm or fore-leg; a beating pain in the upper arm; a tree cut;—'azid, One who approaches the side-post of a well; one who complains of a pain in the arm.

'azr (v.n.), Speaking, uttering;

name of a tribe in Yaman.

izris, Wild mallows. عمرس ه

'azrafūt, A male animal larger عفرفوط A than a lizard, on which they believe the demons ride; a white worm, to which a maiden's fingers are compared.

azl (v.n.), Hemming in, reducing to straits; preventing a widow from marrying; being troublesome and difficult (business); - 'izl, Very wicked, malicious; - 'uzl, 'uzal (pl. of 'uzlat), Calamities, misfortunes; -'azal, Being muscular; a place in the desert abounding in gnats; a field-mouse; name of the father of a tribe;—'azil, 'azul, Muscular (arm).

A عمالت 'azalāt (pl. of 'azalat), Tendons,

muscles, &c.

a عملة 'uzlat, Misfortune ;—'azalat, 'azala, 'azala, A muscle ;—'azala'i pīswās, Psoas ;—'azala'i jāziba, A tensor;—'azala'i hājib, The corrugator of the eye-brow ; - 'azala'i dū-sar (zū rāsain), Biceps;—'azala'i zū batnain, Digastricus; — 'azala'i sih-sari, Triceps; — 'azala'i shaipūrī, Buccinator;—'azala'i lisān u zanakh, Genioglossus; - 'azala'i mub'īda, An abductor; - 'azala'i mudauwar, Sphineter;—'azala'i murtafi'a, A levator;—'azala'i musaddid, An obturator; — 'azala' i mufattih, A dilatator; —'azala'i muqriba, An adductor; -- 'azala'i mumbasita, An extensor ;-- 'azala'i munzila, A depressor; - 'azala'i munqabiza, A flexor;—'azala'i muwarridi chashm, A

palpebral muscle; — 'azala'i nu'uzī, erector; - 'azala'i wajna, Zygomaticus.

a عدله ناك 'azala-nāk, Muscular.

azm, The plough-tail; a pronged instrument for winnowing corn; handle or middle part of a bow; rump-bone, root of the tail of a horse or camel.

A par 'azw (v.n.), Cutting in pieces, dissecting, dismembering; —'uzw, 'uzū, member, limb, joint; a membrane of the eje;—'uzū ba-'uzū, Limb by limb.;—'uzwi tanāsul, Membrum virile.

uzūbat, Sharpness of عموب A محموبة

tongue.

a عمر هكنى 'uzw-shikanī, Breaking a limb,

maining; mutilation.

uzūz, Whatever may be taken in عصوص the teeth and eaten; biting hard (a horse); a deep and narrow well full of water.

aṣūm, A hardy she-camel; eating عضوم A

azh, 'azah, Lying, deceiving, accusing falsely; enchanting; -'azih, A camel feeding on the thorny plant 'izāh ;—'izah, A lie, false pretence, groundless accusation; magic, sorcery; a thorny-kind of tree.

aṣīd, A tall palm-tree; a palm-

tree within arm's reach.

ه من azīz (v.n. of عميم), Taking in the teeth, or holding by the tongue; sticking close to; biting hard; affliction, calamity; a contemporary, compeer; of the same

A be 'att (v.n.), Tearing (a garment); throwing down; overcoming, conquering.

A لهد 'atā, عطاء 'atā' (v.n. of عطو), Giving; a present, gift, donation, favour; a grant, endowment; concession; consideration;— 'atā bakhshīdan (dādan, kardan), To give, confer a benefit, present with ;- 'atāyi kubrá, The great gift, i.e. the age of 120 years.

a عطا بخش 'atā-bakhsh, Giving presents, liberal, munificent;—'atā-bakhsh u karamgustar, Bestowing benefits and diffusing

liberality.

attārat, A dealer عطارة 'attārat, A dealer in perfumes, drugs, spices, or groceries.

itārat, The profession of a perfumer, druggist, or grocer; perfumery.

utārid, The planet Mercury (whose عطارد م orbit is in the second heaven); quicksilver; name of a root,

'utārid- عطارد منش 'utārid-fitna' عطارد فنانة manish, Like Mercury in intelligence, sagacious, clever.

a عطارد نصاب 'utārid-niṣāb, In rank like

Mercury.

a عطارى 'attārī, Of or relating to a druggist, &c.; the husiness of a perfumer or druggist; - 'aţtārī kardan, To carry on such business, to make perfumes, &c.

عطاس A عطاس 'utās (v.n. of عطاس), Breaking

forth (the dawn).

attās, A sneezer. عطاس

itāsh (pl. of 'atshān and of 'atsha),

Thirsty.

A عطائه 'itāf (v.n. 3 of عطائه), Showing kindness; a loose upper garment; a sword; — 'aṭṭāf, Much bent; one who makes repeated attacks and charges; a springe; a successful arrow.

itān, Dung or salt rubbed on a hide to season it, and preserve it from rot-

ting and stinking.

a مان عطا الله 'aṣā-nāma, A deed of gift, a grant.

A "عطايا 'atāya' (pl. of 'atāyat), Gifts.

a عطائي 'atā'ī, Gifted, endowed with good parts; a self-taught man.

'utb, 'utub, Cotton; - 'atab (v.n.), Perishing; breaking down (camel or horse); destruction.

A 'itr, Odour, perfume, fragrance, otto attar, ottar (of roses); construed with the verbs afshāndan, pechādan, sūdan, &c.; ['itr pāshādan, To sprinkle rose-water and the perfume year q.v.;—'itri muşallaşī, A composition of musk, ambergris. camphor, and oil of ban-nuts;—ba-'itr malādan, dar 'itr kashādan, To perfume;]—'aţir, fem. 'aţirat 'aţira, Fragrant, aromatic; perfumed, scented;—'uţur (pl. of 'āţir), Persons fond of perfumes.

a عطر الشان 'iṭr-afshān, Spreading per-

fumes.

a عطر پیمای 'iṭr-parwar, عطر پیمای 'iṭr-paimāy, Scented, perfumed, fragrant.

a المردان عطردان a ditrdan, A scent-box.

a عمر ريو 'itr-rez, Spreading perfume.

a Lipe 'itrea, Fragrant, odoriferous.

a عطر فروش 'itr-farosh, A perfume-scller. a عطر فردان 'itr-gardān, A censer, a

a wiss per nir-gardan, A censer, a sprinkler for perfumes.

a عطر مالی $i\underline{i}\underline{r}$ - $m\bar{a}l\bar{\imath}$, The rubbing of perfumes.

a عطرى 'itrī, Perfumed, scented.

A عطريات 'iṭrīyāt, Perfumes, scents.

A مُعْلِيْهُ 'iṭṛrīyat, 'iṭṛriyat, Fragrance, odour, perfume, scent.

ads (v.n. of عطس), Sneezing; breaking forth (as the dawn); dying.

A description of the sure is similar to another in form or temper;—'atsa'i pidar. The sneeze, i.e. the very image, of his father (in French, "son père tout craché");—'atsa pechīdan, To sneeze;—'atsa'i tegli, The sound of a striking sword;—'atsa'i chāh, Echo from a well;—'atsa dādan (rekhtan, sadan), To sneeze;—'atsa'i shab, Break of day;—'atsa'i shāsha, The sound of a glass, &c., when wine is poured into it;—'atsa'i subh, The sun;—'atsa'i ambarīn, A fragrant scent;—'atsa'i gurz, The sound of a brandished club.

ateh (v.n.), Exceeding in thirst; —'atash (v.n.), Thirsting; thirst; ['atash

dādan, To render thirsty;]—'atish, Thirsty, parched (place);—'atish, 'atush, Thirsty.

atéhān, Thirsty, parched with drought; consumed with desire; ['aṭshān naṭshān, Thirsty to excess;] — 'aṭashān, Name of a thorny tree.

atshān), عطشل م 'aṭshā' (fem. of عطشل م 'aṭshān), Very thirsty (woman); (pl. of 'aṭshān)

thirsty (persons).

atf (v.n.), Inclining; bending (a stick); folding, doubling (a pillow); turning towards: rushing upon; connecting by a copulative conjunction; conjunction, adjunction, apposition; showing kindness; favouring; favour, kindness, affection; a present, bounty; ['atfi bayān, A copulative coujunction; - 'at fi tafsir, An expliative conjunction; -'atf dashtan, To have an affection, to be propitious or favourable;—'atfi daman, Fringe of a skirt; - 'atfi zimam ('inān) kardan, To turn the reins towards, to make for;—'atf kardan, To secede;— 'at fi gardan, A turning of the head, either in coquetry or anger; -- harfi 'atf, A copulative conjunction; -'itf, Side; arm-pit; -'itf, 'atf, The highest part or middle of the road, the handle of a bow; -'utf (pl. of 'atif), Favourably inclined; (pl. of 'itaf) loose garments; -'ataf, Length (of eyelids, &c.).

a ملك مطلب 'atf-gāh, Border-place, edge, outskirt; — 'atf-gāhi-zamīn, The extreme parts of the earth which the ocean sur-

rounds.

a sabe 'iffa, Anything bending back; a vine-tendril.

a مثل مثل 'utl, 'utul, Poor, indigent; ill-mannered; a stringless bow;—'utul, A camel or horse without a mark; unarmed (man); unadorned (woman);—'atal (v.n.), Having a big belly; being without ornaments (woman); stature, figure, body; the neck; a cluster of dates.

atm, Plucked wool; coloured wool;

-'utum (pl. of 'ātim), Perishing.

A che 'ain (v.n.), Macerating (hides) with salt, &c. to soften them and take off the hair;—'ain (v.n.), Being dressed for tanning (bides); a place near a well where camels recline after drinking; a sheep-cote near water;—rahbu 'l-'aian, Wealthy, liberal; powerful.

A je 'atw (v.n.), Receiving in the hand; raising the head or hands when taking anything; overcoming, conquering;—'atw, 'itw, 'atūw, 'A deer that stretches out its neck to reach something from a

tree.

a مطوسى 'atūsī, Snuff.

a camel fond of her colt; a trap, gin or springe; a successful gaming arrow; a wrapper, cloak, mantle.

atūfat, 'utūfat, Inclination; affec-

tion, kindness, favour; - 'utūfati pidarīya,

Fatherly affection.

ماري 'atān, A camel, male or female, lying down after having drunk its fill;—'uṭān (v.n. of علي), Lying down after drinking to their fill (camels); leading camels a second time to the water; people who halt near a watering place.

A diff, Gentle, mild, docile

(woman).

a sale 'atīya, A gift, a grant; an assgin-

ment; a stipend, an allowance.

a عليه دار agrant, &c.; a grantee, assignee, stipendiary. A ha 'azz (v.n.), Distressing one (war).

A blue 'izāz (v.n. 3 of be), Calling one another bad names; vehemence in battle; suffering hardship; difficulty, trouble.

مطال م 'izāl (v.n. 3 of عطال). Sticking together (dogs or locusts); inserting the verses of another amongst one's own; repe-

tition, reiteration.

A partie 'izām (pl. of 'azm), Bones; (pl. of 'azīm, 'uzzām) great;—'izāmi ramīm, Rotten bones;—'izāmi lagan (lā isma la-hā), The bones of the pelvis.

مطم 'azāmat (v.n. of عطم), Being great; - 'izāmat (pl. of 'azm), Bones; a hip-

improver.

a عظامى 'izāmī, Who owes his celebrity to bones, i.e. to his dead ancestors (see عمامى).

مطاية معطاية 'azāyat, 'izāyat, An animal resem-

bling a lizard, but larger.

'azā'im (pl. of 'azīmat), Great

things.

n a ab (v.n.), Adhering to one with patience and perseverance; wagging the tail briskly (a bird); managing property well;—'azub (v.n.), Being corpulent; growing hard from labour (hand); becoming dry (skin).

A die 'izat (v.n. of lea), Admonishing, exhorting; admonition, exhortation, preach-

ing.

azar (v.n.), Loathing, abhorring; filling a leathern bottle; — 'uzur (pl. of

'azūr), Filled with wine.

A Jac 'azl (v.n.), Sticking fast together (dogs or locusts);—'uzul, Persons suspected of vicious and unnatural propensities, pathics, catamites.

iglim, The juice of woad or the

indigo-plant.

A phe 'azm (v.n.), Giving (a dog) a bone; striking the bone (of a man); a bone; a bone having flesh on it; ['azm iḥrāmī, Os magnum;—'azmi zauraqī, Scaphoid bone;—'azmi 'ujz, Sacrum;—'azmi 'us'us, Coccyx;—'azmi qass, Breast-bone;—'azmi qasaba'i unf, The vomer;—'azmi katif, The scapula;—'azmi lāmī, The lingual bone;—'azmi wajna, The cheek-bone;—'azmi warak, Ischium;—'azmi hilālī, The semilunar bone;]—'uzm,

Magnitude, greatness; a vast crowd, numerous assemblage; pride;—'uzm, 'azm, 'azam, The principal or larger part of anything;—'azam, The middle of the road; an open spacious road;—'izam (v.n.), Being great; being grievous; bigness, magnitude; magnificence.

A shabe 'uzamā' (pl. of 'azīm), عظمات aza-

mat (pl. of 'azamat), Grandees.

مطم 'azmat (v.n. of عطم), Thrashing, belabouring the bones;—'uzmat, A hip-improver;—'azamat, Magnitude, magnificence, pride, pomp, grandeur; (met.) a grandee.

to white;—'uzmá, A sort of pigeon inclining to white;—'uzmá (fem. of 'azam), Greater, most supreme;—wizārati 'uzmá, The grand

viziership.

uzūb, = عظوب a.v. (of which it is

a verbal noun).

A phe 'azūr, Filled (with wine or drink).

A pale 'azīm, Great, large, much; grand, magnificent, glorious; much esteemed; grave, serious; severe; one of the names of God; ['azīmu 'l-juṣṣa, Of enormous size (m.c.);—'azīmu 'sh-shān, Of high station or dignity; magnificent, splendid; very tall or lofty (buildings, trees, &c.);—'azīmu 'l-qadar, High in rank or power;]—'uzaīm (dim. of 'azm), A small bone.

a عليم آباد 'azīm-ābād, Patna, capital of

Bahār.

A decke 'azīmat, 'azīma, An important affair, extraordinary event; a calamity.

A sale 'afa' (v.n. of sale), Perishing (a vestige); obliterating, effacing (traces, &c.); dust; anything white on the pupil of the eye;—'ifa', A multitude of ostrich-feathers; abundance of hair (in a camel, &c.).

A species of tree, which easily kindles, used for striking a fire; fecundation; pruning a palm-tree; dry bread (i.e. without meat); meal of wheat or barley without any admixture of sweet; name of a place between Mecca and Ta'if;—'ifār (pl. of 'ufr), Strong, robust, valiant;—'affār, One whe fecundates a palm-tree.

a בים בי 'afārīt (pl. of 'ifrīt), Horrible demons or giants; 'afārītu 'l-jinn u afā'i'i masmūmu 's-sinn, Dreadful demons and

vipers with envenomed teeth.

a عفاريت آثار 'afārīt-āṣār, Diabolical in acts.

A عفاس 'ifās, Corruption, wickedness,

villainy.

'ýāṣ, A little purse of leather or cloth for holding petty cash; a small leather strap with which the mouth of a bottle is fastened; the cover of a flask.

هاك 'afāf, قفافه 'afāfat (v.n. of عفاك),

Abstaining (from what is forbidden); chastity, continence; ['afāfu 'l-hubb, Chaste love;]--'ifāf, Medicine, remedy.

A like 'ufafat, Milk left in the udder.

مفاق مائل 'ifāq (v.n. 3 of عفائل), Coaxing, deceiving, circumventing; applying remedies; ravaging a flock (wolf); frequency in milking; rapidity in travelling.

A libe 'affaqat, Podex; —kazabat 'affaqatu-

hu, He broke wind.

a what 'affan, Name of the father of the caliph 'Usmān; -- 'iffan, Time, season; --'ala 'iffani-hi, In good time, seasonably.

A sac 'affat, A modest woman; - iffat (v.n. of عف), Abstaining from what is unlawful; chastity, continence, purity, virtue; [ahli 'iffat, Chaste;]—'uffat, Milk remaining in the udder; a certain small white fish; an old woman.

* 'afj (v.n.), Striking (with a stick) معن ه coition; beating clothes with the mallet mi'faj when washing; committing sodomy; -'ifj, 'afaj, 'afij, The small guts;-'afaj (v.n.), Being large (intestines).

afd, A pigeon, or a bird resembling عدد it;—also عفدان 'afdān, 'afadān (v.n. of عفد),

Leaping with the feet close together.

'afr (v.n.), Rolling in the dust; throwing (anyone) on the ground; burying under the ground, concealing; dust; -'ifr, A hog, boar; swine; a young pig; a dangerous, wicked, cunning man; -'ufr, Strong, robust, valiant; sharp, shrewd; the 7th, 8th, and 9th night of the month; ['an 'ufrin, About a month or fortnight ago;]-'afar, Earth, dust; the first watering of sown fields; gossamer (= $mu\underline{k}\underline{h}\underline{a}\underline{t}u$ 'shghaitan q.v. under Lie); —'ufur, Time, season; a month.

a أمارة 'afrā, Name of the mistress of 'Arwah; -'afrā' (fem. of a'far), Whitish

red (sheep, &c.).

ifrīt, A giant, demon, any fancied spectre of a horrible appearance, a fright; powerful, independent; one who does a thing in a careful and masterly way, skilful, clever;—'ifrīt, 'afrīt, A sly, dangerous, inhuman man.

a معربت نيدار 'ifrīt-dīdār, Of diabolical

aspect.

'afz (v.n.), Ordering (a camel) to lie down; toying with one's wife; a walnut.

'afe (v.n.), Restraining, retaining, imprisoning; driving (cattle) with violence; dragging on the ground; rubbing; kicking the hind-parts.

afsh (v.n.), Collecting, bringing عفش ه

together.

afs (v.n.), Closing the mouth of a flask or glass bottle with leather; bending, doubling; squeezing hard, twisting the hand; pulling up, tearing out; a gall-tree and its nut; -- 'afas, An obliquity in the nose;—'afis, Styptic, astringent.

a while 'afaf, while 'afaf (P. while q.v.),

The bark of a dog.

afq (v.n.), Going at discretion, at full liberty, disappearing, and afterwards returning; covering frequently (an ass); breaking wind; whipping severely; waking, sleeping but little; doing anything superficially; collecting; retaining, hindering; shaking anything (wind); -'afaq (v.n.), Frequenting the watering-place (camels).

A sale 'afk, 'afak (v.n.), Being very stupid;

-'afik, Foolish, stupid.

aft (v.n.), Feeling cattle about the thighs if fat or lean; - 'afal (v.n.), Having a rupture (a female); a female rupture; the perinaum; fat of a ram's testicles or parts adjacent which are felt; fat between the buttocks of cattle.

A معلله 'afalat, 'afala, A female rupture.

a to; slee 'afala-zada, Ruptured (female). afn (v.n.), Ascending (a hill); corrupting, causing to stink (meat);—'afan (v.n.), Rotting, falling in pieces when touched (a rope) ;—'afan shudan, To putrefy

A عفو 'afw, in P. also 'afū, 'ufū (v.n.), Erasing, cancelling, obliterating; effacing the vestiges of the house, covering them with dust (wind); forgiving, passing by a transgression; remitting punishment; loathing anything; being long, luxuriant (hair, herbage, &c.); good pasture; excelling (in knowledge, &c.); water left after people have drunk; untrodden ground, uninhabited, and without the trace of a building; being pure (water); the largest, best, or choicest part of anything; pardon, forgiveness, remission of sins; a benefit, favour, gift; ['afu kardan, To forgive, excuse, spare;--'afū kardan khūn-rā, To remit a blood-guilt;]—'afw, 'ifw, 'ufw, A wild ass's colt;—'afuw, One who forgives much; - 'afuw wa ghaffur, (God) the pardoner and forgiver.

a معمور معمور 'afū-pesha, Forgiving, merciful.

A معوصة 'ufūṣat, Astringency, stypticity. a عفو كاة afū-yāh, A place where criminals are pardoned.

A عفونه 'ufūnat (v.n. of عفونه), Rotting, falling in pieces when laid hold of (a rope); corruption, putridity, effluvia, infection, miasm.

a مفد 'affa, A chaste woman ;- 'uffa, A lamb's skin covered with soft wool.

a عفيدن 'afīdan, To bark. afir, (Flesh) laid on sand to be dried by the sun; meal of wheat or barley boiled without any admixture of sweets; dry bread without meat or condiment; a woman giving nothing to her female slave or a neighbour.

afīf, Chaste, abstaining (from

anything forbidden).

ماه معلمه 'afifat, 'afifa, A chaste, modest

aqq (v.n.), Splitting; slaughtering عن (a sheep) and giving (it) in alms on the birth of a child or when its head is first shaved;—'iqq, A deep trench or ditch.

A مقاب 'iqab (v.n.), Coming behind, following at the heels of; punishing, chastising; punishment, chastisement, torment; (pl. of 'aqabat') declivities or difficult passages of mountains; [khaufi 'iqābi shāh, Dread of royal resentment or punishment;] -'uqāb, An eagle; name of a constellation; a standard belonging to Muhammad; a projecting stone in a mountain; a stone in a well on which pitchers are broken; the stone whereon a water-drawer stands; a rivulet whence water flows into a cistern; a place of moderate height; a small thread in the hole of an ear-ring; an excrescence in shape of an almond on the leg of cattle; -'uqābi āhanīn-minqār, An iron-beaked eagle;—'uqāb shudan, To hanker after.

a عناب طلعت 'uqāb-ṭal'at, Eagle-sighted

A عقابين 'ugābain (obl. du. used as nom.), Two high poles between which the Wazir of Nushirwan had suspended Hamzab, sewn up in a cow-skin, whence a man in sore trouble is proverbially called hamza dar 'uqābain, Hamza between the two poles.

اعقار ه 'aqār (v.n. of عقار), Being barren (a woman); an immoveable estate in land, water, or palm-trees; a mansion, palace, or citadel; household furniture;—'iqār (v.n. 3 of عقر), Boasting against another in regard to hamstringing (camels);—'uqār, Wine; a kind of red or otherwise coloured cloth; name of a bird whose wings are used for egrettes; -'uqar, 'uqqar, Name of a medicinal plant or root; ['uqāri ādam, Name of a medicinal plant; - 'uqāri kohān, Draeunculus;]—'aqqār, An aromatic root.

aqārib, Whisperings, slanders.

a عقاص 'iqūs, A fillet for the hair.

uqāf, A distemper making the عقاف

feet of sheep crooked.

عقائ A عقال 'aqāq (v.n. of عن), Being with young (a mare); undutifulness;—'aqāq, iqāq, Fruit borne in the womb;—'iqāq (pl. of 'aqāq), Pregrant (mares); (pl. of 'uquq) pregnant animals of single hoof;-'uqaq, Bitter (water).

'aqāqīr (pl. of 'aqqār), Aromatic roots;—jaiyidu 'l-'aqāqīr, (Iron) of an

excellent quality.

A Juse 'iqāl, Whatever is given in one year by way of tithes; a rope which binds together the feet and neck of a camel (to make him obedient when otherwise intractable); ['iqālu 'l-mi'īn, A prince ransomed by hundreds of camels;]—'uqqāl, Lameness or limping of cattle.

aqām, Barren, childless (man or

woman); a strong she-camel in her ninth year; -'uqām, Disastrous (day); -'uqām, 'aqam, A man of a bad disposition; raging (war); an incurable distemper.

A Mile 'aqa'id (pl. of 'aqadat), Fundamental articles of faith; religious tenets.

aqā'iq (pl. of 'aqīq), Cornelians; عقائق flashing swords.

aqā'iş (pl. of 'aqişat), Locks of مقائص م women's hair brought together on the top of the head.

aqā'im (pl. of 'aqīm), Barren عقائم ه (women).

A -ac 'agb (v.n.), Striking upon the heel; coming behind or after, succeeding, filling another's place; taking a second wife after the death or divorce of the first; putting a string to a bow, winding a bow or an arrow about with a bruised gut; the heel; a son; a son's son; posterity;— 'uqb, The end or final issue of anything; consequence; - 'aqab, The heel; tendons from which strings of bows of musical instruments are made; hinder part, rear; [az 'agab pur shudan, To be a breech-loader; -az 'aqab-ash, Bebind him, after him; (met.) after his death; -aqib, The heel; offspring, children, posterity; end of a month; —'uqab (pl. of 'uqbat), Times, turns; things left behind; -uqub, End or issue of

aqbat, Green leaves coming out to عقبة succeed those that have withered;—'aqbat, 'iqbat, A kind of painted litter-cloth;-'ugbat, Posterity; a time, turn; anything received for another commodity (as part of the food made in a borrowed pot, which is sent back with it to the owner); exchange, substitute; -'uqbat, 'iqbat, Outward form; remains, vestige (as of beauty, &c.);-'aqabat, A tendon; the summit of Miná, where Muhammad was first publicly acknowledged by a number of persons; steep mountain-summits difficult of ap-

proach,

a عقبيل 'ugbá, End, accomplishment, issue, عقبيل success; conclusion, termination, last state; consequence; requital, reward, punishment; future state, the life to come.

iqqat, The hair of young animals عقة 🛦 with which they are born; - 'uggat, A

child's plaything:

aqd (v.n.), Binding, fastening, tying in a knot; becoming thick and concrete (any fluid); counting on the fingers; entering into partnership, or forming any commercial contract; a knot; a compact, league, treaty, engagement, covenant; matrimony; responsibility, suretyship; an arch; the key-stone of an arch; a decimal; ['aqd bastan, To tie a knot; to engage in or conclude a marriage: - 'aqdi tamkin (rawān), A temporary marriage (= ***** q.v.); - 'and gusistan, To break a knot; -

'aqdi gosha, A knot by which poor people tie anything in the turban-sash; - 'aqdi majlis dāshtan, To meet, to hold a conference; - 'aqdi nikāh kardan, To make a marriage contract; - 'aqdi namāz kardan, To prepare for prayer;—'aqd wā kardan, To untie a knot; — ahlu 'l-hall wa 'l-'aqd, Authorised to loose and to bind;]—'iqd, in P. also 'aqd, A collar, necklace; a bulse; a guard; ['iqdu'l-juman, A string of pearls; -'iqdi shab-afroz, The stars and planets;-'iqdi shab u roz, Moon and sun; time, fortune, the world;]-'aqad (v.n.), Being tied, fettered (the tongue); name of a tribe in Yaman; - 'aqid, Tracts of accumulated sand; (for 'aqidu 'l-lisan) tongue-tied; short but hardy, patient of labour (camel); - 'uqad (pl. of 'uqdat), Knots.

a مقدانه 'aqdāna, Marriage-fees, formerly paid to the Kazī or Musulmān priest in

India.

a عقد بندي 'agd-bandī. The tying of the marriage-knot; concluding a contract, &c.

a 'ugdat Knot, tie, bond; a joint, node, excrescence, gland; an impediment in speech; an entanglement, complication, perplexed affairs, confused words, intricacies; a knotty problem; a secret, mystery, enigma; ['uqda'i i'ras, The marriage tie;-'uqda dar kār uftad (shawad), A stop or hindrance occurs;—'uqda dar kār zadan, To put a stop or hindrance to; -'uqda'i gardun, Head and tail of the (constellation) dragon;]—'aqadat, Root of the tongne;—'aqadat, 'iqadat, A tract of accumulated sands.

م کشا مقده کشا 'uqdat-kushā (اشاء عقدت کشا 'uqdaqushā), Resolver of difficulties.

a عقدتين 'uqdatain (obl. du. of 'uqdat used as nom.), = 'uqda'i gardun q.v. sub. 322.

a عقد ساز a 'iqd-saz, A jeweller.

a عقد نامة 'aqd-nāma, Marriage-contract. a عقدة كشائي 'uqda-gushā'i, The solving of difficulties.

'agr (v.n.), Wounding (a horse or camel) in the feet; hamstringing; preventing from going; killing (a camel) over the grave of his master; a palace, mansion, citadel; a lofty edifice; also one falling into ruin; a white cloud; a cloud or mist concealing the borders of the sun; name of a place near Kūfah;—'aqr, 'uqr, The foundation, also the area, of a house; a place where people alight; root, origin of anything; - 'uqr (v.n.), Being barren (a woman); barrenness; a woman's marriage portion; also the fine paid for vitiated virginity; ['uqri kohān, Dracunculus;baizatu 'l-uqr, The egg of a cock (being supposed to lay one every year); the first or last egg which a hen lays; an egg by which the trial of a woman's virginity is made; an unexpected gift from a quarter unlooked for; anything rare; - 'agar (v.n.), Being seized with sudden fright and unable to advance or recede; misfortune; -'uqar, A saddle galling a horse's back.

مارب 'aqrab, A scorpion; the sign Scorpio; the pin of a dial, the hand of a watch or clock; a needle; a shoe-latchet; a crupper-strap; name of a horse; - 'agrabi pareshān, A lady's veil ;—'agrabi sā'at, The pin of a dial; — 'aqrabi nīlūfarī, The sign Scorpio.

A char 'agraban, Name of a medical root

or plant.

a عفريك 'agrabak (dim. of 'agrab), The hand of a watch or clock (m.c.).

a مانخيه 'aqrab-khāna, A needle-case; a thimble; a chafing-dish; (met.) the world.

agrat, 'ugrat, Barrenness (of women); - 'aqirat, (A she-camel) which drinks not except in fear; -'uqirat, (A woman) diseased in the womb; a little spherical amulet or charm which women wear to prevent them from becoming pregnant.

aqz (v.n.), Creeping close to each

other (ants).

A عقش 'aqsh (v.n.), Bending (a stick); collecting, accumulating (wealth); the fruit of the tree arak; extremities of vinebranches; - 'aqsh, 'aqash, A kind of pot-

aqş (v.n.), Plaiting or twisting the عقص hair; making it into curls; - 'aqas (v.n.), Being bad-tempered; avaricious; — 'aqis, Covetous; bad-tempered; sand unequally heaped and difficult to cross;—'iqus (pl. of 'iqsat), Spiral locks; -'uqus, A miser; the tripe.

A مُقْمَة 'iqṣat, (A woman's) braided hair;

a lock, a curl. aq'αq, A magpie. عقعتي Α

aql (v.n.), Confining, tying up (a camel's) foot; constipating the belly (astringent medicine); finding out; flying for refuge; standing erect on a high rock (mountain-goat); paying; paying a fine for manslaughter; pacifying those who threaten revenge; being vertical and perpendicular (the sun at mid-day); changing $mafa^i \bar{\imath} lun(\smile ---) into fa^i \bar{\imath} lun(\smile ---);$ intellect, reason, discrimination; heart, mind; a fortification, citadel; an asylum; mulct, fine; a red cloth with which a camellitter is covered; a kind of striped cloth; ['aqli insānī, Human reason;—'aqli auwal, Natural genius or instinct; the throne of God; the Holy Spirit; Muhammad; Gabriel; - 'aqli bāligh, Maturity of mind, when the judgment is formed (about eighteen years of age) ;- 'aql bar ja ast, One's understanding is sound ;—'aqli fa"āl, Superior wisdom; — 'aqli ma'ād, Meditation on a future state; -'aqli ma'āsh, Economy, industry, prudence; -khilāfi 'aql, Unreasonable, inconsistent;]-'aqal, A distortion in the feet of camels; a knocking together of

the knees;—'uqul (pl. of 'iqāl), Ropes with which the fore-feet of camels are tied up to the shoulder.

A مقلا 'aql-an, Reasonably; prudently; logically; by inference; by guess;—'aqlā' (fem. of عقل a'qal), Bow-legged (she-camel);—'uqalā' (pl. of 'aqīl), Intelligent, wise, judicious (persons).

a أَرَا عَقَلَ أَرَا aql-ārā, What adorns the intel-

lect.

a معلاقه 'aqlāna, Prudently, wisely, reason-

ably.

A dish 'uqlat, A tripping or twisting of the feet of an adversary in wrestling; magic charms; the character \doteq in geomancy.

a مقل رنتگی 'aql-raftagī, Loss of reason. a عقل رنته 'aql-rafta, Bereft of reason. a عقل کوین 'aql-guzīn, Approved by reason. a عقل کوین 'aqlmand, Sensible, judicious.

a عقلمندي 'aqlmandī, Intelligence, wisdom, sound sense; sagacity; discretion; practical skill, cleverness, savoir faire; ingenuity; craft.

a عقلى 'aqlī, Reasonable; intellectual; theoretical, judicious;—af'āli 'aqlīya, Pru-

dent, judicious actions.

A rece 'aqm, Anything intervenient or intervening; — 'aqm, 'uqm (v.n.), Being barren; barrenness; — 'aqm, 'iqm, A colour, paint; — 'uqm, A red garment, or carpet; — 'uqum (pl. of 'aqim), Women who conceive not,

a عنظل 'aqanqal, A large open valley; a hill in sandy grounds; intestines of the Lybian lizard; a cup, goblet; a sword.

مقر 'aqw (v.n.), Being high, lifted up (a banner); digging a well; abhorring, loathing.

الم معنوبة 'uqūbat, Punishment, chastisement,

torment, torture.

agreements, obligations; decimals, numbers above units; (pl. of 'iqd') necklaces.

a عقودات عقودات uqūdāt (pl. of the preceding), Knots; doors, arches.

A عقور 'aqūr, Biting (dog).

aqūq, Pregnant (mare); also one not in foal;—'uqūq (v.n. of عق), Being disobedient, undutiful; disobedience, rebellion (against parents); being pregnant.

A مقول 'aqūl, Wise, sagacious, intelligent; an astringent medicine;—'uqūl (v.n. of على), Standing erect on a high rock, taking refuge on a mountain (deer, &c.); (pl. of 'aql) intellects, reasons, judgments; sciences;—arbābi 'uqūli sadīda, Persons of sound judgment.

a sac 'agga (corruption of 'ag'agat, n. un-

of 'aq'aq'i), A magpie (m.c.).

A disase iqyan, Purest gold produced from plants or growing like vegetables, but not dug from mines.

'aqīdat, 'aqīda, A fundamental

article of religion; faith;—bad-'aqīda, Unbelieving, sceptical.

a مقيدت منش 'aqīdat-kesh' عقيدت كيش a مقيدت

dat-manish, Faithful.

aqir, Cut, wounded; lamed, hamstrung; childless;—'uqair, A bitter date.

A مُومِعُهُ 'aqīṣat, (A woman's) braided hair.

A عقوق 'aqīṣat, (A cornelian, agate, red gem; a valley; a channel filled by a stream; any place excavated by a torrent; hair upon new-born infants or animals; name of several places;—'aqīqi ablaq, An agate of two colours;—'aqīqu 'l-baḥr, Mocha stone; Indian shot, the seed of Canna indica;—'aqīqi jigarī, A precious stone;—'aqīqi muzāb (nāb), The lip of a mistress; tears of blood; red wine.

A Last 'aqiqat, A thunderbolt piercing the clouds like a flaming sword; an arrow shot towards the clouds; hair upon newborn infants and animals; the ceremony of shaving the hair of an infant on the sixth day after birth; a sheep slaughtered on that occasion; the fore-skin of a child.

a عقیق نب 'aqīq-lab, With lips of corne-

lian hue, with ruby lips.

a مقيقين 'aqīqīn, Of the colour of agate,

cornelian, ruby, &c.

A (بن المي مالك) عقيل (الله عنه talib), Name of the brother of the caliph Alī, and the most skilful genealogist of the tribe of Kuraish; also of another companion of Muhammad;—'uqail, Name of a village in Khuzistān; also of the father of a tribe.

A date 'aqīlat, Anything excellent in its kind (as a prince or chief, a chaste and noble lady, the best camel);—'aqīlatu 'l-baḥr, Pearls (as being the most precious

product of the sea).

A page 'aqim, Barren (woman); childless (man); a gentle wind moving neither clouds nor trees; unhappy (day), especially that of the last judgment; vehement, raging (war);—ranji 'aqīm, Useless toil, labour in vain.

A Loss 'aqimat, 'aqima, Barren (woman). A cipus 'iqyaun, A sea of air under the throne of God, in which, the Muhammadans say, angels stand armed with spears of the winds, their faces turned towards the throne, and repeating the praises of God Almighty.

A sak (v.n.), Restraining, diverting (from any purpose); delaying, putting off (payment of debt, &c.); repeating often (words, orders, injuries); striking with a whip, scourging, chastising; fettering, imprisoning; attacking, charging; overcoming, getting the better of (by argument); explaining (a speech); turning, returning; name of a man ('Akk bin Adsan).

akkā, Acre, Ptolemais.

A عكاب 'akāb, Dust ;—'ikāb (pl. of 'ankabūl), Spiders ;—'ukāb, Smoke.

A slee 'akād, Name of a mountain inhabited by people noted for their eloquence.

akkār, One who makes repeated charges and attacks; name of the father of a tribe.

ikūs, A rope (especially tying the neck of a camel to his fore-feet in order to make him quiet); - 'akkās, Photographer (m.c.).

a عكاس باهي 'akkās-bāshī, Chief photographer, photographer to the Court (m.c.).

a مَالَيْ 'akkās-khāna, A photographic establishment or studio (m.c.).

a عكاسي 'akkāsī, Photography; trade of a

photographer (m.c.).

a عكاش a 'ukkāsh, A spider; male spider; spider's web; name of a mountain; also of

a عكاظ 'ukāz, The celebrated fair formerly held near Mecca, which lasted three weeks.

a عكالحي 'ukāzī, Of or referring to the fair of Ukāz;—adīmi 'ukāzī, Leather bought or sold at the fair of Ukāz.

ikāl, A rope with which a camel's عكال

fore-foot is tied up.

ikām, A rope, or anything similar, عكام ه for tying up bales.

A عكان 'ikān, The neck.

akb (v.n.), Travelling hard; light, nimble, brisk; dust; cheerfulness, briskness; -'akab (v.n.), Being thick (smoke); thickness of lip, chin, or teeth; closeness of toes; -'ukub (pl. of 'ankabūt), Spiders; -'ikabb, A corpulent dwarf; disobedient, rebellious (man or demon); one whose mother had another husband; name of the jailor of Nu'man bin Munzir.

akbar, 'ikbir, A flower of various عكبر A colours of which bees are fond; a bitter matter found in honey with which bees

feed their young ones; bees-wax.

A & akkat, 'ukkat, Intense heat without a breath of wind ;- 'ukkat, A leather bottle in which butter is preserved; sands heated by the reflection of the sun; the change of colour in a she-camel after conception; paroxysm of a fever.

مكد 'ukd, 'akd (?), The middle (of anything); - 'akad (v.n.), Becoming fat (a camel or lizard);—'akid, Dry trees one upon another; fat (camel or lizard).

akr (v.n.), Rushing upon, assaulting; returning to a charge, renewing a fight; inclining to, departing for, a place; running home to his own people in spite of his rider (a camel);—'ikr, Root, origin, principle, foundation; one's own people;-'akar (v.n.), Being or becoming turbid; dregs or sediment, mother of oil, lees of wine; rust; herds of camels (from 50 to 100, according to others, exceeding 500);— 'akir, Muddy, feculent, dreggy, unracked (wine).

akarat, 'akara, A large herd of

camels (from 50 to 100, or exceeding

ikrimat, A female dove; name of the father of a tribe; also of one of Mu-

hammad's companions.

akz (v.n.), Seizing, grasping, griping; leaning on a staff or crutch; driving a spear into the ground; finding one's way to anything ;- 'ikz, Wicked, illdisposed; avaricious, covetous.

A عکس 'aks (v.n.), Turning upside down, inverting, placing the last first, transposing; checking, pulling in the reins; tying the rein of a camel to his fore-leg in order to make him quiet; pouring milk upon any food; reflexion, inversion; reverberation, recoil, repercussion; refraction; the reverse, contrary, opposite; counterpart; shadow; reflected image; opposition, spite; construed with the verbs uftadan, afgandan, zadan, kashidan, &c.;—'aks andākhtan, To throw one's reflection, i.e. to have one's photograph taken, to sit for a photograph (m.c.);—'aks andākhtan az kase, To take one's photograph (m.c.); - 'aksi nür, Re-أ ميشة flection of light. (See also the article p. 775).

a عکس الدار aks-andaz, Represented by reflection (as in a mirror); — 'aks-andāz kardan, To represent by reflection, to

a مکسی aksī, Reflected; reflex; obtained

by reflection; photographic.

a عکسی تمویر 'aksī-taṣwīr, A reflected image or picture; a silhouette; a photo-

akeh (v.n.), Collecting, bringing عكش ع together; rushing upon; surrounding a bull (dogs); tying tight; spinning her web (a spider); — 'akash' (v.n.), Being curly and heaped together (hair); growing luxuriantly and becoming entangled (plants).

a مكم 'aks (v.n.), Repelling, driving back; closeness, compactness; malignity, badness of temper; -- 'akas (v.n.), Being bad-tempered; being stubborn, restive.

akz (v.n.), Compelling, subduing; silencing, taking down (a boaster); confining, detaining; deposing.

a حامد 'ak'ak, A magpie (see عكمة, عكمة, and هکه).

a عكك 'akak, A magpie. akl (v.n.), Being obscure, doubtful; piling (furniture, &c.) one upon another; throwing into prison; binding (a camel) with the rope 'ikal); collecting, assembling; conjecturing; driving hard; throwing to the ground; labouring diligently, striving; dying; -ikl, Mean, avaricious; -- 'ukl, Name of the father of a tribe noted for stupidity;—'akal (v.n.), Being sullied by the oil (a lamp);—:ukul (pl. of 'ākil), Misers, niggards.

a مكله 'akla, A kind of ivy.

with a garment; fastening burdens tight; returning from a visit; making for; rushing upon, attacking; expecting, waiting for; the interior of the side;—'ikm, A rope or anything similar for tying up bales; balf a horse- or camel-load, as much as is carried on one side; a carpet in which a woman keeps her stores; a casket for jewels; a portmanteau.

wkan (pl. of 'uknat), Wrinkles on

the belly from fatness; folds.

م عكنة 'uknat, A wrinkle on the belly from fatness; a fold.

akna, Hermodactyls.

akūb, A kind of artichoke.

A عکوب 'akūb, Dust;—'ukūb (v.n. of عکب), Pressing upon one another (camels when watering); standing; (pl. of 'ākib) great multitudes.

wkūr (v.n. of عكور), Returning.

h عكون 'ukūj' (v.n. of عكو), Remaining behind; hovering round; being assiduous, sticking close to; keeping constantly in the mosque engaged in acts of devotion.

akūm, One who recedes or departs; the place of receding or departing;—
'ukūm (pl. of 'ikm), Bundles of cloth, &c.

a ase 'akka, A magpie.

A عکیس $ak\bar{\imath}s$, A shoot of a vine laid under ground for propagation, a layer.

'ukaim, Name of a man.

الله 'all (v.n.), Striking one with repeated blows; drinking or causing another to drink a second time; becoming ill; a man emaciated with sickness or age; one who has much intercourse with women; a plump tike; a large he-goat; a year of scarcity;—'all-a, Perhaps;—'all-ī, Perhaps I (may do so and so).

ملی 'ala' (v.n. of علی), Being superior

to, above, on the upper part.

A مُلاف 'alāt, An anvil; a stone on which

curds are placed to dry.

A che 'ilāj (v.n. 3 of ele), Applying (a remedy); adjusting, managing (affairs); remedy, cure, treatment, management; a medicine;—bad-'ilāj, Unskilled in the treatment of maladies; a quack;—bī-'ilāj, Without remedy, incurable.

a على بذير 'ilāj-pazīr, Curable.

allas, A thing, somewhat (eat-

able).

'الَّهُ 'الَّهُ ' 'الَّهُ فِي ' 'الْهُ الْهُ ' 'الْهُ الْهُ ' 'الْهُ الْهُ ' 'الْهُ الْهُ ' 'الْهُ الْهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللل

a dove; mischief, dispute, strife.

"ilāf (pl. of 'alaf), Provenders; name of a man; a kind of pack-saddles called after him (see the following);— 'allāf, A vendor of forage or fodder, a purveyor of provender; a corn-chandler.

`ilāfīyāt, pl. of— علانيات ▲

'ilāfīyat, 'ilāfīya, A strong pack-

saddle, large in the middle and behind,

made by 'Ilaf.

aliage, Food, fodder sufficient for cattle; a road; the beam which supports the pulley of a well; the pulley itself; also the rope; a wheel for drawing water; a large bucket; wish, desire; friendship, affection.

A tala 'alāqat, 'alāqa (v.n. of ala), Falling in love, being attached; a strong inclination towards; friendship, affection; relation, parentage, connection; food sufficient for the day; a dependency, province, district, parish; a tenure, holding, estate, manor; jurisdiction; a business, concern, office, post; construed with burīdan, dāshtan, gusistan, &c.; ['alāqa'i qarābat, Connection of kindred, relationship;]—'ilāqat, 'ilāqa, Fixed love, friendship, affection; a rope or strap by which anything is fastened; a turban-sash; a lace, braid, tape; ['ilāqatu's-said, Game suspended by the legs;]—'allāqat, Death; calamity.

a علاته بند 'ilāqa-band, A gold-lace maker ;

a tape-maker; a braider.

a نعلقه بندي نالة بندي نالقه بندي نالقه بندي ilace-work; braiding; the making of fringe, tape, &c.

related; the person responsible for the payment of the rates, &c., of a village or district.

a علقه دار = ,alāgamand, علقه مند q.v.

a علاتي 'alāqī, Attachment, connection, relation, dependence.

alāqiyat, (A man) devoted wholly علاتية A

to anything.

علان مالاً 'alālā, An acclamation of reproof; noise, tumult.

a silic 'ulala, A learned man, a scholar.

A مالم 'ilām (pl. of 'alāmat), Signs, mārks;—(pl. of 'alam) milestones; landmarks; mountains;—'ulām, A sparrow-hawk;—alāma (for 'alú mā q.v. under على), Upon what?—'allām, Very learned, possessed of great knowledge; omniscient, God (as knowing everything); skilled in genealogies; ['allāmu 'l-ghuyūb, Acquainted with things future and invisible (God);]—'illām (v.n. 2 of مام), Teaching, instructing; wearing any mark or badge of recognition (as soldiers in battle);—'ullām, A sparrow-hawk; privet, henna; a very learned man; skilled in genealogies; (pl. of 'ālim) learned men, scholars.

ماست 'alāmāt (pl. of the following), Marks, signs, &c.

nark; any distinguishing characteristic or impression; diagnosis (of a disease); a pedigree; coats of arms, armorial bearing; a standard, banner, ensign; a road, post, a milestone;—'allāmat, allāma, allāma, very learned; possessed of the highest

degree of knowledge, but never applied to God, because the letters & and ج, although here expressive of intensity, not of feminality or relationship, might imply an imputation of the latter two qualities to the divine being; ['allāmatu 'l-wará, The most learned of men;—'allāma'i aṣr, The greatest scholar of the age;]—'allām-ī, My very learned friend, the familiar title given by Akbar to his celebrated minister Abu'l-Fazl (see makātibāti 'allāmī under ماكة المعارفة ا

A ملائ نالق، An acting openly with; name of a fortress near San'ā;—'allān, Ignorant

(man).

a علاني 'alānī, Public, open, manifest, notorious.

A علائية 'alāniyat, 'alāniya (v.n. of مائي). Becoming manifest, public, open, notorious; publication, divulgation, notoriety, publicity; public life; external deportment; (fem. of 'ilānī) public, open, noto-

rious, &c.

A \$\frac{\psi}{2}\times \alpha \text{dawa}, \alpha \text{dawa}, \text{Redundancy}, \text{super-abundance}; \text{excess}; \text{a super-addition}; \text{over} \text{and above}, \text{moreover}, \text{besides}; \text{['alawa} \text{bar in}, \text{Independently of this; notwith-standing that;]-\text{'ilawat}, \text{The upper part, anything placed upon another; a small package laid on the top of a horse- or camel-load;-\text{'ulawat}, \text{The upper part;-\text{'ulawat} \text{'r-rih}, \text{An upper current of air.}

الكن 'alā'iq (pl. of 'alāqat or 'ilāqat), Affections, studies, attachments; connections; (pl. of 'alāqat) marriage portions.

marking; fastening tight the handle of a sword, &c., with the sinew of a camel's neck; a mark, trace, impression;—'ilb, A worthless fellow from whom no good is to be expected; a place which no rain can render fruitful; ground where lote-trees grow;—'alab (v.n.), Being firm, solid (flesh); beginning to corrupt (meat); being broken in the edge (a sword); a disease in the nerves of a camel's neck;—'alib, A hard substance; old, tough (a goat, lizard, &c.);—'ulab (pl. of 'ulbat), Milk-pails of wood or leather.

A مابك 'ulbat, 'ulba, A milk-pail of wood or camel's leather; a case, coffer; a pill-box.

A ble 'allat, Harm, hurt; a follow-wife; [banā 'l-allāt, Sons of a father who has several wives;]—'illat, An accident, calamity, disease; a cause, reason; a charge, count of indictment;—'illati ubna (pusht), An unnatural propensity;—'illati ziyārat, Under pretence of a visit;—'illati ziyārat, Erysipelas:—'illati sūrī, Formal cause, i.e. that form in which the essence of a thing consists;—'illati ghā'ī, Final cause for which it was made;—'illati fā'īlī, Efficient cause (as the maker, if the work of man);—'illati qummī, A plague or endemial dis-

ease peculiar to the city of Kumm; (met.) obscurities, difficulties in a book; an unnatural propensity;—'illati māddī, Material cause, matter of which a thing is made;—'illati mashāyikh, An unnatural propensity in old men;—bī-'illat, Without cause; independent, unconcerned, unbiassed;—bī-'illatī, Unconcern, unbiassed judgment.

a علت دانة 'illat-dāna, Small-pox.

a علتى 'illatī, Having a fault, vice, flaw, &c.; of bad habits; sick; imperfect.

A als (v.n.), Mixing (wheat with barley); collecting; tanning a skin bottle; failing to strike fire (flint); name of a village near Baghdād;—'alas, Intrepidity in battle, fierceness of combat;—'alis, An adopted son, the putative son of a man not his father.

ils, A kind of wild endive.

A che 'alj (v.n.), Conquering, overcoming, excelling in adjusting or healing;—'ilj, An ass; the wild ass or onager; an infidel, one of no religion; rough, fierce;—'alaj, A dwarf species of palm-tree;—'alij, 'ulaj, Solid, grave, firm (man).

a while 'alajān, Name of a plant used in

washing the hands.

'aljam, Long, tall.

A robust, choice camel; a male frog; a great quantity of water; a wave of the sea; darkness of night; a tike; an ostrich; a mountain goat; an old bull; a drake; a certain white bird.

a alahidda, Separate, apart, distinct.

A ماد 'ald (v.n.), Being hard and strong; hard, strong; a nerve in the neck; hardness.

A باد 'alaz (v.n.), Being covetous; fretting, chafing; being restless under distress or bondage;—'aliz, Avaricious; fretful, restless, unable to sleep.

A على 'als (v.n.), Drinking, eating, tasting; meat, drink;—'alas, A tike; a lentil; a sort of ant; a species of wheat having two grains in each husk.

A his 'alt (v.n.), Branding (a camel) on the neck with a transverse mark; speaking ill of anyone; aiming at or hitting with an arrow;—'ult, A necklace; a sword-belt;—'ulat, A she-camel without a burnt mark or a bridle.

A substitute for vinegar in cookery;—'ulf, Grass, forage, fodder, provender; food, eatables; ['alafı khwurish (shīrīn), The medlar;]—'uluf (pl. of 'alūfat), Provisions for horses.

a while 'alaf-khāna, A store-house for fodder, &c.; (met.) the world.

a علمتوار 'alaf-khwār, Pasture; -- 'alafkhwārhāyi khurram, Charming pastures.

a علف عواري 'alaj-khwārī, Pasturing, feed-

ing, consuming food.

a 'alaf-khwur, Any beast fed in the stall (as a horse, ass, or mule), stall-fed; a glutton.

a classia 'alafdan, A hay or corn-bin; the crop of a bird; the maw or paunch of a

beast.

a عامرار 'alafzār, Pasturage, a meadow.

a علف كاة 'alaf-gāh, A feeding-place.

a علف ناك 'alafnāk, Abundant in pasturage.

a sale 'alafa, Provender, &c. (= sijle

q.v.).

alq (v.n.), Browsing the summit على ه of a tree (a camel);—'alq, 'ilq, Anything precious; a bag or sack;—'ilq, Excellent wine; fine garments; a shield; a sword;-'alaq (v.n.), Browsing on the topmost leaves of a tree; being suspended, hanging; having a horse-leech fastening upon his chin whilst drinking; adhering to (as clay to the hand); falling in love; conceiving, being pregnant (woman); lasting love, affection, attachment; suspension; anything suspended or hoisted up; a suspensory; thick, clotted blood; leeches; -ulaq, A large body, troop, herd; deaths; employments.

A libe 'algat, A drawing, a dragging or trailing (of a garment); -'ilqat, The first garment worn by a boy; a sleeveless shirt; a rich garment; a certain tree used in tanning; -'ulqat, A part of anything, somewhat; suspension; food sufficient for a day; — 'alaqat, A quantity of clotted

blood; a horse-leech.

'alqam, The wild gourd; the bitter علقم ه

lote-fruit; anything bitter.

'algamat, Bitterness; name of two poets; also of a companion of Muhammad;

also of a city of Maghrib.

alk (v.n.), Chewing (as gum and the like); champing the bit (a borse);-'ilk, The gum of pine, juniper, or any gum that may be chewed;—'alak, A certain tree found in Hijaz; - 'alik, Adhesive, viscous; tough (meat).

alkam, A strong camel.

A ماد 'alkamat, Bigness of a camel's bunch.

alkūm, A strong camel.

alal (v.n.), Drinking, or causing another to drink, a second time; a second draught; -'ilal (pl. of 'illat), Pretences; causes; defects, infirmities, distempers.

alm (v.n.), Signing, marking; making a fissure in the upper lip; being learned; the world; men; creatures; -'ilm (v.n.), Knowing, understanding, being learned; knowledge, science, doc-

trine; literature; trade, art, profession; theory; (in the language of Sufis or mystics) the great veil which conceals the Almighty; ['ilmi āb, Hydrostatics;—'ilmi adab (akhlāq), Ethics, morals; etiquette;— 'almi adwiya, The medical art;—'ilmi asmā, The knowledge of the names, i.e. of the attributes of God;—'ilmi ilāhhī, Theology; -'ilmu'l-aktāf, The science of divining by the shoulder-blades of sheep; -'ilmu'l wujūh, Physiognomy;—'ilmu'l-handasat, Geometry; - 'ilmu'l-hi'at, Astronomy; - 'ilmi andāza, Geometry; —'ilmi inshā, Letter-writing; -'ilmi-āwāz, Acoustics; -'ilmi bātin, Speculative science; -'ilmi bahs, The art of reasoning, logic and dialectics:—'ilmi bayan (balāghat, khitābat), The explanatory science, i.e. rhetoric, oratory, eloquence; — 'ilmi tashrīh, Anatomy;—'ilmi taṣrīf, Grammar, accidence; - 'ilmi tasawwuf, The mystic or the contemplative science;—'ilmi tanazzur, Optics;—'ilmi tawārīkh, Chronology; history; -'ilmi jān, Physiology; -'ilmi jamādat, Mineralogy; -'ilmi ('alami?) chil sabah, The leavening of the clay of which Adam was formed; "ilmi ḥadīs, Knowledge of Muhammadan tradition; "ilmi hisab, Arithmetic, science of numbers ;- 'ilmi hikmat, Philosophy, physics; — 'ilmi haiwānāt, Zoology;—'ilmi khudā, Theology;—'ilmi din, The science of religion; -'ilmi raqam, Arithmetic, science of numbers; — ilmi raml, Geomancy;—'ilmi riyāzat (riyāzī), Mathematics; -'ilmi zamīn, Geology, geography; - 'ilmi sitāra, Astronomy; - 'ilmi sihr, Magic; - 'ilmi simiya, Alchymy; chiromancy, palmistry;—'ilmi sharīf, The noble science, that of the stars;—'ilmi shu'ā', Optics, photology;—'ilmi shi'r, Poetry;— 'ilmi sarf, Grammar, accidence, etymology; -'ilmi tibb (='ilmi adwiya), The medical art;—'ilmi ţabī'ī, Natural philosophy;— 'ilmi 'adad (ghubār), Arithmetic;—'ilmi 'arūz, Poetry, versification, prosody; --'ilmi 'aql, Natural knowledge; - 'ilmi ghaib, The occult sciences; fore-knowledge; divination; — 'ilmi firasat (qiyafa), The science of physiognomy; -'ilmi kalām (ma'ānī), Rhetoric, elocution; - 'ilmi kimiya, Alchymy; chemistry; - 'ilmi lughat, Lexicography; -ilmi musallas (rasad), Gnomics, trigonometry; - 'ilmi musallasi musallah, Plane trigonometry;—'ilmi muşallaşi kurawi, Spherical trigonometry; -- 'ilmi majlis, A knowledge of etiquette;—'ilmi mudan, Political science or economy; -'ilmi maraya, Study of perspective; —'ilmi masahat, Geometry; mensuration; — 'ilmi ma'adin (ma'dinīyāt), Mineralogy;—'ilmi maqnātīs, Magnetism; —'ilmi mallahat, Nautical art; -'ilmi manāzır, Optics, photology;-'ilmi mantiq, Logic;—'ilmi mūsiqī (ta'lifi'l-luhūn), Art of music;—'ilmi maujūdāt, The knowledge of natural phenomena; 'ilmi nabātāt,

Botany; —'ilmi nujūm, Astronomy; astrology; - 'ilmi nahv, Grammar, syntax;-'ilmi nagl, Borrowed or revealed science; - 'ilmi hi'ati dunyā, Cosmography; - 'ilmi yaqin, Certain knowledge, demonstration; a religious life;—ahli'ilm, Learned; a learned person;—tālibi 'ilm, Studious, searching for knowledge; a student; -'alam (v.n.), Having a fissure on the upper lip, or at the corner of the mouth; a standard, ensign, flag; the border of a garment, especially when embroidered in different colours; a sign, mark, boundary-stone; an epaulette; a road-post, milestone; a mountain; a prince, a lord; (in grammar) a proper name; --'alami astin, The border of a sleeve; - 'alam afgandan (andākhtan), To strike or throw away one's colours; to forget, neglect;-'alam ba-<u>kh</u>ūn tāza (charb) kardan, To moisten the flag by the blood of an enemy slain beneath it (said to prognosticate victory);---'alam bar-afrākhtan (afrāshtan, barāwardan, bar pā kardan, bar-dāshtan, bar dosh giriftan, bar kashīdan), To set up the standard, hoist the flag, take the field;-'alam burdan (bastan), To set up the standard;—'alami turbat (zar-khāk), A sign erected on a tomb; - 'alami chihil roz (şabāh), The leavening of the clay of which Adam was formed; -'alam zadan, To set up the standard ;- 'alam shudan, To be illustrious, to excel; - 'alami roz, Break of day; the sun; -'alami şubh, False or true dawn ;--'alami 'id, A flag used in celebrating a feast;-'alami kā' ināt, The sky;—'alam kashīdan, To draw, unsheath, unfurl;—'alami mātam, A flag borne in a funeral procession;-'alam namūdan, To prepare, unfurl;—'alami humāyān, The imperial standard;—'alam-hāyi roz, The true dawn; the false dawn; the morning star; the sun;—mīri 'alam, The prefect of the standard, i.e., the governor of a small territory.

A shale 'almā' (fem. of a'lam), One with a fissure in the lip; slit (lip); armour, mail; a woman's shift; (for 'alú 'l-mā') upon the water;—'ulamā (pl. of 'alīm), Learned men; scholars, doctors, theologians.

المالات 'allama'l-asmā', He (God) taught (him, i.e. Adam) the names (of all things), allusion to Koran ii. 29;—'allama'l-asmā-bey, The Lord name-giver, Adam.

a علم باز 'alam-bāz, One who during a battle or on festive occasions plays with a flag or standard, waving it and throwing it into the air, to catch it up again, &c.

a علم جشي 'alam-bakhsh, Prize-money given to soldiers who have fought under the same colours.

a علم بردار 'alam-bardār, A standard bearer.

a علمغوان 'ilm-khwān, Studious; a student.

alam-dar, A standard-bearer. علمدار

a علمه 'ilm-dan, Learned, wise; a scholar.

a علمي 'ilmī, Scientific, theoretic; doctrinal.

a علمية 'ilmīyat, Learning, scholarship.

A على 'alan (v.n.), Becoming published, divulged.

(of anything);—'ulūw, 'ilw, Upper or better part (of anything);—'ulūw (v.n. of علو), Being high, lofty, sublime, lifted up; being high in rank; behaving proudly; ascending, mounting; conquering, overcoming, vanquishing; eminence, height, sublimity;—'ulūwi shān u sutū', Height of dignity and exaltation.

ماران A علوان 'ulwān (v.n. of علوان), Prefacing or writing a title-page to a book.

a عار رتبت 'alū-rutbat, Of high dignity,

exalted rank; high station.

A معلومن 'ulās, A thing, somewhat (eatable).

A علوفات 'alūfāt (pl. of the following),

Provisions, &c.

a ماونه 'alūfa, Provender for a horse; stipend, salary, pension, soldier's pay, sub-

sistence-money; rations, daily pay. a عاونجي 'alūjajī, A stipendiary. a عاونجي 'alūja-hā, Provisions, &c.

alūq, Death; a demon of the woods; hardship, calamity; what a camel eats, especially cropping the tender foliages and branches of trees; a tree eaten by she-camels ten months gone with young; anything hanging about a man; a she-camel suckling another's colt, thinking it her own; a woman who suckles another's child, a wet-nurse; a woman liking none but her own husband; a she-camel not liking the male, or not keeping close to her colt;—'ulūq (v.n. of على), Hanging on; being inclined to, having affection for.

A rulu 'ulūm (pl. of 'ilm), Sciences;—
'ulūmu 'l-mula'ārifat, Axioms, common sayings;—'ulūmi 'aqlīya u naqlīya u riyāzīya,
Speculative, practical, and mathematical
sciences;—'ulūm u funūn, Arts and sciences;
jawāmi'u 'l-'ulūm, An encyclopedia.

a علوى 'alawī, A descendant of Ali;—'ulwī, Native of the upper parts of Arabia called 'āliyat; high, sublime;—jawāhiri 'ulwīya, The gems above, i.e. the stars.

a علويان 'alawiyān, Princes, lords (descendants of Alī);—'ulwiyān (pl. of 'ulwī), (met.) Angels, planets.

A علوية 'ulwiyat, Sublimity.

A de 'alah' (v.n.), Being astonished, amazed; running to and fro in terror; falling under a reproof; being drunk or crop-sick; being hungry, starving; obeying cheerfully the reins (horse); applying diligently.

alá, Above, upon, over; on; in addition to; before; towards; against, opposite; alongside; to; according to; of;

for; on account of, in consideration of; although, notwithstanding; in; from; by; ['alá 'l-ittiṣāl, Connectedly, continually, without interruption; — 'alá 'l-aṣar ('alá asar), Instantly; — 'alá 'l-ijmāl, Jointly, conicintly: — 'alá 'l-istiqāmat, Intermiconjointly; — 'alá 'l-istiqāmat, Interminately, ever so far; — 'alá 'l-istimrār, Continually, incessantly; — 'alá 'l-iṭlāq, Absolutely, universally; — 'alá 'l-infirād, Separately; - 'alá't-taḥqīq, Certainly, surely, in truth; — 'alá 't-ta'jīl, Hastily; — 'alá 't-tasalsul, Consecutively; — 'alá 't-tafṣîl, Prolixly, diffusedly, at full length, in detail; - 'alá 't-tanāzur, According to its kind or likeness; -- 'alá 't-tawālī, Successively; --'alá 't-tawakkul, On trust; in faith; in blind confidence; at hap-hazard; -- 'alá 'lkhusūs, Especially, particularly; precisely; -'alá 'd-dawām, Continually, perpetually, always: -'alá 'r-rās wa 'l-'ain. On the head and eye, i.e. willingly, cheerfully; -'alá'rrughm, Against one's will, in spite of;— 'alá 's-sahar, About dawn, towards daybreak; - 'alá 's-sawīya, Equally, in a similar manner; -'alá 's-sabah, In the morning; -'alá 'l-ādat, According to custom ;—'alá 'l-'amam, Commonly, generally; in general; vulgarly; -'alú 'l-'amyā', Blindly, like a blind man ;- 'alá 'l-ghafla, Rashly, imprudently, inconsiderately; -'alá 'l-faur, Suddenly, immediately; -'alá 'l-musannif, (It lies) upon the author (to prove); -'alá an, On condition that; seeing that; although, notwithstanding; - 'alá aiyi hāl-in, In every manner; howsoever that may be; -'alá bābi 'l-lāh, Carelessly, slightly;—'alá taqdīri 'zzarar, In case of damage or loss;—'alú taqdīri'l-wuqū', In case it happens;—'alá hasbi tartīb, In order, regularly;—'alá hasbi marātibi-him wa tartībi manāsibi-him, According to their rank and dignity;—'alá ru'usi 'l-aqrān, Above the heads of his equals;— 'ala tarīqi 'aksi 'l-qazīyat, On the contrary; - 'alá 'ahdi-hi, (It happened) in his time; 'alá fauq, Upwards; - 'alá qadri 't-taqat, According to one's strength or power; -'alá kulli sharin qadīr-un, Omnipotent;—'alú mā, Wherefore?—'alú murūri 'sh-shuhūr wa'l-a'wam, In the course of months and years; -- 'ala wajhi 't-tafṣīl, Prolixly; diffusedly; in detail; "alá wajhi'l-'umūm, All, universally; -'alá waqfi 'l-murād, At pleasure, ad libitum;—'alá wilā, Consequently;—'alá hāzā 't-taqdir, In this case; - 'alá hāzā 'l-qiyās, In this measure, in the same manner; similarly; and the like, &c. (m.c.); -'alá yad, By the hand of; -'alaihi 'r-rahma, On him (be) the mercy (of God); --li 'alaika, To me upon or against thee, i.e. thou owest me; -min 'alá, From above;]--'alī, High, eminent, noble, sublime; strong, powerful; name of the sonin-law and fourth successor of Muhammad; ['alīyu 'l-qadr wa jalīyu 's-sadr, Eminent in

power and exalted in dignity;]—'ulá, 'ilīy, Height, eminence, dignity.

high, eminent; upper;—'alyā', Heaven; the summit of a mountain; a high place; anything elevated; momentous.

a ملى الله ''alá'l-lāh (for tawakkul 'alá'l-lāh ''trust in God''), Lamentation, cry for help (construed with bar-āmadan, bar falak

rasandan, zadan, &c.).

a على بند 'alī-band, (Ali's tie) An amulet or charm against sorceries; an ornament, a jewel.

A sub 'alīyat, Descent from, or the descendants of 'Alī; — 'illīyat, 'ullīyat, An upper room; loft; the raised apartments of paradise.

عليث ها 'alīṣ, Wheat mixed with barley. a عليدكي 'alá-ḥidagī, The state of being separate, separation, severalty.

a عليمدة 'alá-hida, Separately, distinct,

apart.

a sale 'alīq, Parchment; barley or clover given to a horse;—'ulaiq, 'ullaiq, Name of a certain tree, from the leaves of which a composition is prepared for tinging the nails or hair; dodder.

a t على قبالي 'alī-qapālī, The Sublime Porto. على قبالي 'alīqat, 'alīqa, Affection, attachment, intercourse, commerce, conversation.

a t على قلهماي أalī qalchmāq (?), Name of a very depraved man.

مطيك 'alaika, Above, on, or to thee;—'alaika guftan, To return one's salam.

a على كلا alī kalā, Name of a holy man. A علي 'alī keak, sick, indisposed, ailing, infirm.

A pair 'alīm, Wise, learned; conversant with every subject; one of the names of God;—'alū-ma, Wherefore? why?—'ulaim, Name of a man.

a عليون 'illīyān, High, sublime; the upper apartments of heaven; a place in the seventh heaven, where the records of men's actions are laid up; the books themselves.

A مليه 'alaihi, Upon, against, with him (or it);—'alai-hi 's-salām, Peace be upon him! (formula of reverence added after the name of any prophet and enlarged upon in various ways after that of Muhammad).

عليس ما نالنون أنالنون (obl. of 'illiyin', High, sublime, &c.

مم 'am (for 'alaihi's-salām), On him be peace!—'amm, A father's brother, a paternal uncle; a crowd of men; tall;—'amm, 'umm, Tall palm-trees;—'amma (for 'an mā), Of what? concerning what? for what reason?

A sale 'ama', Deviation, aberration, loss of the way; contention, litigation; a cloud, high, dense, rainy, thin; a black or white cloud; a cloud which has shed rain; blindness; — 'ama'i jibilli, Natural blindness, blindness from birth.

A مماد 'imād, A house; a column, pillar,

tent-pole; a stay, prop, support; confidence, reliance, trust; a pronoun as copula between a subject and predicate; (pl. of 'imadat) lofty buildings;—'imādu'ddaulat, A proper name;—'imādu'ddān, The pillar of religion, i.e. the Qur'ān;—irami sātu 'l-'imād, Iram (Shaddād's paradise) with lofty pillars;—ahlu 'imād, People who dwell in (lofty) tents.

a walke 'amadiya, A kind of silken stuff

(doubtful word).

a nañar, A myrtle; a laurel; name of the inventor of the litter 'imārī; the litter itself; the saddle and housings of a horse;—'ammār, Frequent in prayer and fasting; strong in faith; firm, steady (in business); mild, grave in word and deed; one who regulates his household according to the precepts of Muhammad; a builder, cultivator; name of a man;—'ummār, The inhabitants of a house; visitors.

imārāt (pl. of the following), Buildings, &c.;—'imārāti yailaqī, Summer-

residences (m.c.).

A by a 'amārat (v.n. of , ...), Enduring; living long; any covering for the head; a small tribe, or part of a tribe;—'imārat (v.n. of , ...), Cultivating, rendering habitable; habitation; building, edifice, structure; a palace; a sacred fabric, mosque, church, seminary, college, academy; a fortification;—'imārati billūr, Crystal palace (m.c.);—'imārati tuwīlarī, Palace of the Tuileries (m.c.);—'imārati lūwar, Palace of the Louvre (m.c.);—'imārati yailaqī, A summer residence, a villa (m.c.).

a عمارت پذير 'imūrat-pazīr, Cultivated,

prosperous.

a عمارت پرست 'imārat-parast, Fond of building, of erecting edifices, &c.

a عمارت 'imāratgur, A builder.

a عمارت نسمت 'imāratgarī, Edification, build-

a عمارتي 'imārutī, Of or relating to building, &c.:—'imāratī-gaz, A mason's rule.

a عماري 'imārī, A canopied elephant-

a عمارى دار 'imārī-dār, Having a canopied litter on its back (an elephant).

a عماری کش 'imūrī-kash, Carrying litters

(camels); a camel-driver.

dark (day or night); perplexed (business).

'ummāl (pl. of 'āmil), Artificers, artisans, workmen; agents; tax-gatherers; governors, rulers; notables.

'amālīqat, عماليق 'amālīq, Amalek

ites.

head-dress worn by judges; a tiara, crown; a helmet, or a cap worn under it; the snake of a hooka.

a عمامة آراي 'imāma-ūrāy, (met.) An illustrious or learned person.

A clear 'umān, The southern coast of Arabia, extending from Maskat to Aden, i.e. from the entrance into the Persian Gulf to the Straits of Babelmandeb; name of a town in Yaman;—'ammān, Name of a town in Syria.

amā'ir (pl. of 'amārai), Tribes or parts of tribes; (pl. of imārai) public

buildings.

a partie 'amā'im (pl. of 'imāmat), Turbans, &c.; scattered bodies or herds;—arbābi 'amā'im, Judges, ecclesiastics (as wearing large turbans).

'amj (v.n.), Making haste, travelling fast; swimming;—'umuj ('amaj?),

'ummaj, A serpent, snake.

'amd (v.n.), Intending, proposing; erecting a pillar; propping up by pillars, supporting; rendering thin, emaciating; grieving, making sad; weighing (a man) down (debt); breaking the constitution (illness,&c.); striking with a mace; striking on the back or on the belly; resolution, resolve, purpose, design, intention; [bi-la 'amd-in. Unintentionally, unwittingly;]-'amad (v.n.), Being wet with rain (ground); being augry; cleaving, sticking close to; having the inside of the bunch crushed and injured from riding (a camel); a raft; any bodily swelling, wound, or sickness; 'amad, 'umud (pl. of 'amūd), Columns, pillars;—'amid, (A camel) burt inside the hump; moist ground.

amd-an, Purposely, intentionally,

with malice prepense.

A umdan, The bearer of a message to an army.

a عمدگی 'umdagī, Greatness, dignity, ex-

cellence, worth; sumptuousness.

A support, pillar, prop; whatever is trusted or confided in; the bearer of a message to an army; great, rich, consequential; a minister, high official, &c.;—'umdatu'l-khāss (khawāss), A prime minister;—'umdatu'l-mulk, Pillar of the state (a title conferred on high officials).

A jac 'amr (v.n.), Preserving; living long; visiting; faith, religion;—'amr, 'umr, The gums;—'amr, 'umr, 'umur, Life, life-time, age; construed with the verbs afshāndan, tamām shudan, raftan, sanjīdan, shudan, &c.; ['umri abad, Eternal life;—'umri dirāz, A long life;—'umri 'azīz (girānī), Precious life;—'umri farsā, Perishable life;—'umr kardan, To live;]—'umr, A mosque, a place of worship, a church;—'amar, A kerchief with which a free-born or noble woman covers her head; name of a mountain which provides Mecca with water;—'umar, Name of the second successor of Muhammad; a proper name; (pl. of 'umrat) visitation to Mecca, &c.

A מאקף 'umr-an, In all his life, never.
A שילוט 'imrān, Name of the father of

Moses; also of the father of the Virgin Mary; also of the father of Abū Tālib;-'amrani (du.), Two bits of flesh suspended over the uvula; the two ends of the sleeves; -'umarāni, The two 'Umars, i.e. Abu Bakr and 'Umar, the first two caliphs; or 'Umar the second caliph, and 'Umar bin 'Abdi 'l-

A by amrat, Any covering for the head, as a crown, tiara, turban, or cap; -- 'umrat, 'umra, The sacred visitation of Mecca, the lesser pilgrimage; the cohabiting with a woman in the house of her parents or kindred.

a عمر برداز 'umr-pardāz, Life-consuming; hostile to life.

'amrud, Parsley.

a عمر رسيدة 'umr-rasida, Advanced in

a عمر قيد "umr-qaid, Imprisonment for life.

a عمر قيدي 'umr-qaidī, Prisoner for life. a عمر كاه 'umr-kāh, Life-consuming.

A amrū (pronounced 'amr, the being employed solely to distinguish this word from 'umar, Omar), A proper name.

a عمرور 'umrwar, Advanced in years, aged; -'umrwar shudan, To grow old; to draw towards a close (life).

a sor 'umra, see A. sor.

ammarahu 'llah, God grant him عمرة الله a long life!

a عمرى 'umre, A life-time, an age, long space of time.

a عم زاده am-zāda, An uncle's son.

ams (v.n.), Being erased (any writing); concealing, hiding; feigning dulness or ignorance; a cruel war; a perplexed business; - 'ums, 'umus, Dark nights;-'amas (v.n.), Being dull, cloudy (day).

مشه 'amsh, An undesigned blow; a convenient, proper, becoming thing; 'amash (v.n.), Making a suitable impression (an exhortation); recovering from sickness; being weak-sighted; weakness of sight, a defluxion in the eyes.

'ums, A kind of food; -- 'amis,

Fond of acids.

amq, 'umq, A widely-extended عمق desert; unripe dates laid in the sun to be dried; -- 'amq, 'umq, 'umuq, Depth or bottom of a well; -'umq, Being deep, profundity ;- 'amaq, A right, due, claim ;-'umuq, 'imaq, Deep (wells).

a عمقیت 'umqiyat, Depth.

A Jac 'amal (v.n.), Working; doing, making, operating, putting in practice; continuing, lasting (lightning); governing (in grammar); action, operation, work; servile work; practice (opp. to theory); effect; rule, dominion; a tract, country; collection of revenue; confiscation; trouble, vexation; ['amal-āmadan, To be produced, bred, reared (m.c.) ;—'amali jarrāhī, A surgical operation;—'amali shamsī u qamari, The making of gold and silver (in the parlance of alchemists) ;—'amali sālih, A good action; - 'amali qirtas, Creation of paper-money (m.c.); - 'amal kardan (namudan), To do, work, act, practice; - amali gesu, A musical tone; - 'amali ma'mūl, Ancient usage;—'amali yadī, Manual work or drill (m.c.). The word is also construed with bar-kundan, dadan, &c.;] — 'amil, Fit for work, business, or action; long-continued (lightning); an official, a revenue-officer.

A "amal-an, In very deed, truly, in

earnest.

imlāq, Amalek. عملاق

amlat, Theft; deceit, perfidy; 'umlat, Wages, workmen's wages ;- 'amilat, Active, brisk (she-camel); work. See also a she below.)

'amlaj, A kind of winter-melon.

a عملوات 'amalajāt (pl. of 'amala), Artificers, workmen;—'amalajāti kashtī, A ship's crew (m.c.).

a هاك عمل 'amal-khāna, Governmenthouse, court, town hall; a workshop.

a عملدار 'amal-där, One in command; a tax-gatherer; (in India) a native collector of revenue.

a عملداري 'amal-dārī, Administration, government, rule, sway; lordship; limits of jurisdiction; the district governed, a collectorship.

a عمل در آمد 'amal dar-āmad, A proceed-

ing, a process.

a عبل دستاعه 'amal-dastak, A warrant, a writ; a deed of conveyance; a certificate of title.

a amal-tirāz, Who undertakes a عمل طراز

work, an operator.

a عنل دستك = amal-sanad, = عمل دستك q.v. a عملكان 'amalagan (P. pl. of 'amala), Officials, clerks, managers.

a عمل كذار 'amal-guzār, A (native) col-

lector of revenue.

a عبل نامة 'amal-nāma, A lease, title-deed ;

a warrant, a power of attorney.

a die 'amla, A thing done; premises, buildings; materials (of a delapidated house); — 'imla, Operation; produce of work; a mode or manner of work; - amala (pl. of 'amil'), Workers, operators, executors; public officers, officials, functionaries; establishment of an office; (used also as a sing.) an official, a clerk;—'amala'i ihtisab, Policemen (m.c.);—'amala'i khalwat, Household officers (of the Shah's court, m.c.);—'amala'i kashtī, A ship's crew.

a حالت عملة 'amala-jāt (pl. of 'amala), Ar-

tificers, labourers (m.c.).

amalī, Practical (in opposition to عملي theoretical); laboured, artificial, wrought; forged; -hikmati 'amalī, Practical philosophy.

a Lie 'amaliyat, Practice.

imlīq, Amalek. عمليق

'amam, Complete, perfect (body); universal; bigness, size, bulk; (pl. of 'ammat) the commons, the vulgar, plebeians; —'umum, A perfect stature of body; (pl. of 'amīm) complete, general, common (things).

'amn (v.n.), Staying (in one place);—'umun, Tarriers, abiders in one place;—'umman (for 'an man), From him who.

A $\rightarrow amw$ (v.n.), Being humble and submissive; humility, submissiveness; deviation, aberration, error;—' $amm\bar{u}$, A paternal uncle.

A عبواس 'amwās, Emmaus, in Palestine. A عبون 'amūj, (An arrow) flying aside; a

swimmer.

'amūd, A column, pillar, post, prop; a staff, cudgel, club, mace; a pole; a chief, great man; a vein conveying moisture to the liver; a vein extending from the breast-bone to a little below the navel; membrum virile; that part of a spear which lies between the two shanks of the iron head; a perpendicular; gloomy, sad (man); the legs of an ostrich;—'amūdu'ṣ-subḥ, The spreading light of the dawn; a morning beam;—'amūdi charmī, Thepenis of an animal;—'amūdi raḥhsh, Theyard of a horse;—khati 'amūd, A perpendicular line.

A מאפנר 'amūd-un, Perpendicularly.

a عمود بازى 'amūd-bāzī, Playing or fighting with clubs, cudgelling.

amūra, The city of Gomorrha.

a عموريه 'amūriya, Name of a city.

A عموس 'amūs, Obscure; perplexed (business); one who goes in darkness or uncertainty; a fierce lion;—'umūs (v.n. of عمس), Being heavy, dark (day).

amūl, Fit for work, business, or

action.

A معروم 'umum (v.n. of عمر), Being common, universal, embracing all; common, general, universal.

an, Commonly, vulgarly. عموماً عموماً

'umumat, Relationship of a paternal uncle; (pl. of 'amm), paternal uncles.

'umāmīya, 'amāmīya, 'em. عموسي 'umāmīyat, 'umāmīya, Common, universal;—'umāmīyat, Generality, universality.

A soc 'umah, and- and-

A مهم 'amh (v.n.), Being astonished, distracted, wandering;—'amah, Astonishment, bewilderment; aberration, perplexity; irresolution;—'amih, Astonished, perplexed;—'amma, Aunt (see A. همه);—'ummah (pl. of 'āmih), Astonished, puzzled.

amy (v.n.), Casting up rubbish (water); running, flowing;—'umy (pl. of a'má), Blind;—'amá (v.n.), Being blind or ignorant; being dark, obscure; blindness;—'amī, Blind, ignorant;—'ummī, Common,

plebeian (man).

A معيان 'amyā' (fem. of a'má), Blind. A فعيان 'umyān (pl. of a'má), Blind.

A عمية 'ummīyat, 'immīyat, Pride; ignorance; blind bigotry, ignorant pertinacity.

A عميد 'amīd, A chief, a great man; love-sick; (in P.) a house or place in which one is forced to take refuge.

'amīr, Cultivated, inhabited.

a عمى زادة 'amī-zūda, A cousin, uncle's son.

A عميس 'amīs, Obscure, intricate (business);—'umais, Name of a man.

ممين م عمين 'amiq, Deep, profound (well); distant, long, widely extensive; a gulf.

'amīm, Full, complete, perfect; abundant, numerous; common, extending to all, comprehensive, universal; the superior rank, better sort of men; dry provender (especially the plant buhmá);—'amīmu'l-iḥṣān, Benevolent or beneficent to all;—'amīmu'l-burakāt, Dispensing universal blessings;—'amīmu'n-naf', Advantageous for everybody, of general usefulness.

A ce 'an, Off; from; out of; through;

by; with; concerning, on account of, for; above, on; before; instead or in exchange of; according to; on the authority of; ['an baiyinat-in, After a clear demonstration;—'an dubur-in, After one's decease;—'an qarīb-in (qarībi 'z-zamān), In a little time, soon, shortly, immediately;—'an qaṣd-in, Designedly, on purpose;]—'ann (v.n.), Pulling in a horse (with the reins); putting a title or inscription to a book; appearing before the eyes, presenting itself;—'unn, Name of a tribe; also of a place.

A sula 'unā' (v.n. of عناه), Being detained (a captive); being fatigued; fatigue, weariness; care, trouble, affliction, distress;—ranj u 'anā', Labour and affliction;—maqarri 'anā', The house of sorrow.

annāb, A vendor of grapes;—
'unnāb, A jujube-tree and fruit; (met.)
the lip of a mistress;—'unnābi tar, The

finger of a mistress.

A عنابة 'inābat, 'anābat, Intending; being engrossed with.

a عناب رنگ 'unnāb-rang. Of jujube colour. a عناب زنگ 'unnāb-gūn, Of jujube colour. عناب گری 'unnābī, Of the colour of the

jujube, red; of a carnation-colour.

ināj, A rope passed round the bottom of a large bucket and fastened to the cross bars at the top; an affair, business; a pain in the loins.

A عناد 'inād (v.n. 3 of عناد), Declining, receding, departing; being contumacious;

obstinacy, perverseness, rebellion.

A "أمثلة 'inād-an, Obstinately, perversely.

A عنادل 'anādil (pl. of 'andalīb), Nightingales.

A anāṣir (pl. of 'unṣur), The elements.

anāq, A female kid; a calamity; misfortune; a troublesome business, difficult work; disappointment, failure; the middle star in the Great Bear; two years' tithes; the lynx; name of several places; -ināq (v.n. 3 of عندي), Embracing, hugging.

anāqīd (pl. of 'inqād, 'unqūd),

Clusters of grapes.

A wie 'anan (pl. of 'ananat), Clouds;-'inan (v.n. 3 of we), Opposing, resisting; a rein, a bridle; partnership in commercial transactions; the environs (of a house); a conspicuous part of the heavens; an artery in the back; ['inani amal sabuk shudan, To despond, despair; - 'inani amal sabuk kardan, To deprive of hope, to cause to despair: - 'inan baz kashidan, To proceed slowly, to act cautiously; to desist, to stop; - inān ba-asp sipurdan, To slacken the reins, to allow the horse to go at will ;-'inān bā 'inān nihādan, To go at equal pace, to join hands in any matter; -'inān bar sitāra sūdan, To reach the highest station, to attain to the pinnacle of greatness; — 'inān bar sari asp kardan, To prepare for riding; - inān bar 'inan raftan, To go at equal pace, to join hands;-'inān tāz kardan, To rīde on horseback; - 'inān tāftan, To be weak; to turn away the face;—'inān tez kardan, To go at full speed;—'inān khwach kardan, To urge the horse on ;—'inān dādan, To direct the reins towards (ba or sû'i); To attack, to proceed with swiftness; - 'inān dar 'ināni āsmān sā'īdan, To reach the zenith of greatness; — 'inān dar 'inān āwardan (raftan), To go at equal pace, to meet, to join hands; - 'inān duzdīdan (duzdī kardan), To remain behind, become dispirited; to return;—'inān damān raftan, To go at full speed;-'inān rahā kardan, To attack at full gallop, to hasten towards; -'inan-rez kardan, To relax the reins, ride full gallop; -'inān zadan, To seize the reins;-'inānvanān raftan, To go at full speed; - 'inān sabuk shudan, To travel ;- 'inan sabuk kardan, To proceed gently; to take time to consider; - 'ināni sawār par-dum buwad, The rider takes to flight; -'inan fare giriftan, To set about anything leisurely; -inan kardan. To turn the reins towards (ba or sū'i);-'inān gird kardan, To gather the reins; -'inān giriftan, To set about anything leisurely; -'inan wā-zadan, To turn the reins, to turn away from ;- 'inān yakrikābī bar-angekhtan, To join closely in an attack; $-b\bar{a}d$ -'inān, Swift as the wind; -dar'inan budan (raftan), Be be in attendance (on a great man on horseback);]-'annān, Slow dilatory.

inānā'l-matn, Two veins in عياناالمتن ٨ عياناالمتن the back.

a عناناك 'unānāka, Your object or effort.

a عنان بر عنان 'inān bar 'inan, Equal;

a منان بناه 'inan-pech, Handling the bridle

or reins well.

A عنان ويعيدة inān-pechīda, Contumacious, disobedient, headstrong.

A عنائة 'anānat, Disinclination to women, arising from impotency or fascination; a cloud; a cloud pregnant with rain.

a عنان تاب inān-tāb, A horse merely governed by the bridle;—'inan-tab shudan,

To mount on horse-back.

a عنان فكنده 'inān-figanda, Swift, active, agile.

a عنان كش 'inān-kash, Pulling the reins. a عنان کسیده 'inān-gusasta, With loose

reins, at full gallop. a عنان کير 'inān-gīr, Who seizes another's

rein; who stops one's progress. a عناهج 'unāhij, Long, tall.

A عنايات 'ināyāt (pl. of the following),

Favours, &c.

A عناية 'anayat, 'inayat (v.n. of عناية), Meaning, signifying, intending (somewhat by one's words); bestowing pains upon; happening, occurring; agreeing with one (food); guarding, preserving; solicitude, anxiety, care; assistance, aid, favour; a gift, present, bounty; - 'ināyati ilāhī, Divine favour; - 'ināyat kardan, To aid, succour,

a منابت نامة 'ināyat-nāma, A certificate or a grant in writing; a deed of exemption.

a عنايتى ināyatī, Bestowed; favoured. A عنب 'inab, The grape, grapes; wine;—

'inabu's sa'lab, Fox grapes, nightshade. 'ambar, Ambergris, a rich perfume, عنبر A said to be the excrement of a marine animal; according to others bees-wax carried by the torrents into the sea, where it is swallowed by fish, and thrown out by them in a solid form, sometimes including bees, and melting in the fire like wax; perfume; saffron; -'ambari arzān (larzān), The musky ringlets of the Prophet; - 'ambari ashhab, White or pale ambergris;-'ambar ba-musk amekhtan, To mix perfumes; -'ambari tar, The ringlets of a mistress; a mole on the face; night; - ambari lab,

a عنبر آگین 'ambar-āgīn, Full of amber.

a عنبر الود 'ambar-alud, Imbued with amber.

The down of a youth.

a عنبر بار 'ambar-bar, Odoriferous, fra-

a عنبر بارس 'aṃbar-bāris, Barberis.

a عنبر بوي 'ambar-boy, Smelling of ambergris.

a عنبر پوش 'ambar-posh, Covered with

a عنبرچه 'ambarcha, منبر 'ambar-dān, 'ambaristan, A place abounding in amber; an ornament for the neck full of amber; a smelling-bottle.

a منبر دوالب 'ambar-zawā'ib, With amber locks.

ambar-sūr (مارا sārā), Full of amber; name of a place whence the finest amber comes.

a عنبر سوز ambar-soz, Amber-consuming. a عبر فام 'ambar-fām, Of the colour of amber.

a عبري 'ambarī, A kind of apple; a kind of melon; also-

a عبرين 'ambarin, Of ambergris; of the colour or odour of ambergris; -- 'ambarīnsumbul, The locks of a mistress.

a معبيله 'ambarīna, A perfume compounded of ambergris, musk, and wood of aloes; a woman's ornament for the neck, full of amber.

'amba, Name of an Indian tree.

inabi, Of or referring to grapes, wine, &c.;—parda'i 'inabī, and—

a sure 'inabīya, 'inabiya, The iris of the eye.

anat (v.n.), Being liable to offend; being vicious and corrupt; falling into misfortune or difficulty from which a man cannot extricate himself; a fault, crime; corruption, depravity; ruin, destruction; fornication, adultery.

antar, 'untar, A gad-fly, horse-fly; 'antar, 'untar, A gad-fly, horse-fly;

name of a man.

antarat, 'antara, Making a buzzing' عنترا noise (flies); encountering with intrepidity the dangers of war; piercing with a spear; name of a celebrated Arabian poet, author of one of the seven mu'allaqāt.

anj (v.n.), Training, exercising (a camel), by bringing the halter back to his forelegs;—'anaj, The training of a camel;

an old man.

anjad, 'unjad, 'unjud, A bad sort عنجد A of dried grape.

'unja, A collection; mixing, knead-

A auc 'and, 'ind, 'und, A side, part, quarter; -'anda, 'inda (adv. of time and place), Near, nigh, with, before, about, in, according to ;—'inda'l-iftisār, On or during interrogation; upon inquiry or investigation; -'inda'l-ba'z, According to some; -'inda't-tajwīz, Under consideration, pending trial, before the court ;—inda 't-taḥqīq, Of a truth, certainly; - 'inda 't-tadāruk, At the time of applying a remedy; on the disposing of the case; - 'inda 's-subut, On proof, on conviction; -- 'inda'l-khāla'iq, In the estimation of men ;- 'inda 'z-zarūrat, In time of need, on occasion of necessity; - 'inda 't-talab, On demand ;--'inda'l 'aqibat. At length, finally; — 'inda 'l-fursat, Opportunely; at your leisure;—'inda 'l-lāh, With or before God; for God;—'inda 'l-wuṣūl, On the arrival, when it happens, in such an event ;- 'inda 'l-waqt, In time, at the critical juncture; -'inda 'l-wuqū',

On the occurrence of the event, in such an event, eventually :- 'inda zālika, Then, at the same moment; — 'inda-hu, With him, in his possession;—'inda-mā, In the meanwhile;—'indī, With me, i.e. to my notion, in my opinion.

andal, A long or tall camel.

andalib, A nightingale.

a عندليبك 'andalibak (dim. of the preceding), A little nightingale.

andam, Dragons' blood; Brazil-

wood.

a عنديات 'indiyāt, Assertions of mere opinion, opinions; absurdities, fables, fic-

a فيعد 'indiya (from 'indi q.v. sub عندية), An assertion of a mere opinion, a private

opinion.

anz (v.n.), Declining, turning away عبر the face from; piercing with a small spear ('anazat); a she-goat, doe, gazelle; a female eagle, vulture, or bustard; name of a horse, woman, and sword; name of a tribe of Hawāzin.

anazat, A short spear with an iron عبرة ferrule at bottom.

a عنوروت 'anzarūt (for P. الاروت q.v.), A Persian gum or balsam; flesh-glue.

A عنس 'ans (v.n.), Bendiug (a stick); a strong she-camel with a long tail; an eagle; name of a tribe in Yaman.

ansh (v.n.), Bending; disturbing, عىش 🛦 frightening; driving vehemently; uprooting, displacing, separating.

unsur, 'unsar, An element ; a foundation; root, origin, principle; misfortune, calamity; aim, design, purpose; necessity, need, want.

a عنسرى 'unṣurī, Elementary, elemental. a عنصل 'unsal, 'unsul, A sea-leek; a wild onion, a squill.

A Line 'an'anat, 'an'ana, Change of hamza into 'ain; (in P.) translation of a

word (?).

anf, 'inf, 'unf (v.n.), Incommoding, being troublesome to; inconvenience, hindrance; — 'unf, Severity, rigour, violence; ['unfi 'itāb-amez, Severity mixed with reproach;]-'unuf (pl. of 'anif), Imperious, tyrannical, violent, cruel.

unfawat, Vigour, عنفوة 'unfawat, Vigour, عنفوان freshness, beauty; prime, spring, bloom; beginning, first or early stage of anything.

a عنفي 'unfī, fem. عنفي 'unfīyat, 'unfīya, Rigorous, severe, violent, lordly, tyrannical; -takālīfi 'unfīya, Exactions, oppressive extortions.

a عنى ه 'unq, A company; nobles, princes; the lower orifice of the stomach, the pylorus; a crust of bread; -'unq, 'unuq, 'unaq, The neck;—'anaq, Length of neck; a pace of the horse or camel.

angā', in P. 'angā (fem. of a'naq), Long-necked; a fabulous bird, also called simurgh, said to be known as to name but unknown as to body; hence anything scarce, rare, wonderful, difficult or impossible to be got; an unmeaning speech; calamity, misfortune; name of a note in music; according to others of a musical instrument — 'anqā shudan, To become concealed, to disappear, to get lost.

A معقاد 'ingād, A bunch of grapes; a cluster of dates, or of the fruit of the arāk-

tree. &c.

a عنقا هکرة 'anqā-shukoh, Powerful or majestic as the bird 'angā (said of a horse). a منقبله 'an qibal-hi, عن قبله 'anqibalih,

On his part.

'angar, 'angur, Root of the reed, or the first sprouting of the papyrus whilst yet white; pith of a palm-tree; the children of villagers (on account of their fresh and florid complexion).

an qarīb, Soon, near to, about, عنظريب

presently, shortly.

unqūd, A bunch of grapes, a عنقود cluster of dates, or of the fruit of the arāk-

'ank, An ass which goes before the herd;—'ink, An oil-mill; pillar of a house or oil-mill.

A ank (v.n.), Becoming thick (milk); being heaped up (sands in the desert); disobeying her husband (a woman); travelling through a country; getting slowly through sandy tracts; attacking or returning to a charge; shutting, bolting (a door); being very red (blood or sand); - 'ank, 'ink, 'unk, The greater part of anything; - 'ink, Root, origin; a door; —'unk (pl. of 'anik), Sands heaped up and conglomerated; — 'anak, Root, origin;—'an-ka, From or by thee.

ankabūt, A spider;—'ankabūti عنكبوت zarrīn-tār, (met.) The sun; - magaswār dar parda'i 'ankabūt uftāda, Like a fly fallen into the web of a spider.

ankabūtiya, Name of one of

the membranes of the eye. 'ang, Braying of an ass; a jackass.

'anam, A species of Arabian tree, bearing red fruit to which a finger tinged with henna is compared; also the extremities of the Syrian carob-tree; the tendrils of a vine twining round an arbour; the thorn of the acacia; a kind of lizard; (in P. 'anm') pomegranate-flowers.

anan (v.n.), Happening, occurring ; presenting itself to sight; an object present to the eye; side, quarter;—'unun (pl.

of $(in\tilde{a}n)$, Reins of a bridle.

anw (v.n.), Bringing out; producing grass; approaching a thing and smelling it (a dog) ;—'inw, A tract, district, expanse; a crowd or body of men of different ranks or families;—'unūw (v.n. of عنو), Being detained captive; producing grass; approaching a thing and smelling it.

A وانعنو 'unwān, 'inwān, Title-page, frontispiece, or lettering of a book (generally gilded and highly ornamented); super-scription; address of a letter; preface; beginning of anything; mode, manner; construed with the verbs bastan, kardan, kashīdan, &c.; -sāḥib 'unwān, Sovereign, supreme, distinguished; - sa'adat-'unwan, Happy, glorious, angust.

anwat, Anything produced, published, brought forth; production; force, compulsion; love, affection; -- 'anwat-an,

By force, forcibly.

anud, Contumacious, refractory, wayward; a cloud big with rain; - 'unud (v.n. of عند), Acting unjustly; rejecting what one knows to be right or true and leaning to what is false; flowing without drying up (perspiration); pasturing alone (she-camel).

unūz (pl. of 'anz), She-goats.

a عنوس 'unūs (v.n. of عنوس), Remaining long unmarried in her parents' house (a girl); producing an alteration in a man's countenance (old age); (pl. of 'anis) girls remaining long unmarried in their parents' house after puberty.

anūn, (A camel) outstripping عنون others in travelling;—'unūn (v.n. of عنّ),

Appearing, offering itself to view.

anīd, Obstinate, stubborn, refractory; one who strays from the right way purposely and intentionally.

anīs, Name of a noted man.

anīf, One riding with a rough عليف A hand; hard (pace); rigorous, severe, cruel; troublesome, inconvenient.

aniq, The neck; one who embraces عنيق

or seizes by the neck.

A Out innin, Impotent, averse from women (through dislike, natural deficiency, or fascination); weak, frail; a coward.

inīnat, 'innīnat, Impotency, aver-

sion to women.

'av, Clamour, noise; a cry for help.

A عواء 'uwa' (v.n. of عوى), Making an indistinct noise; barking, howling;—'auwa', A dog (especially barking much); the fundament; the thirteenth mansion of the moon (four or five stars in Virgo); an aged she-camel.

A عوابس 'awābis (pl. of 'ābis) Grim (lions). A avātiq (pl. of 'ātiq), Blooming girls; shoulders; large bottles; old bows red with age; birds ready for flight.

awāṣin (pl. of 'uṣān), Smokes. auwāj, Dealer in ivory or tortoise-

A عوادة 'auwād, fem. عوادة 'auwādat, 'auwada, A performer on the lute or harp (' $\bar{u}d$).

A عوال awaz, A disliking, a disapproving. A عَوْلَل awazil (pl. of 'azil), Blamers; certain menstruous veins.

awār, 'iwār, 'uwār, A mote paining' عوار

the eye; a rent in a garment; blemish, fault, defect;—'āwār, Pusillanimous, timid, weak; a swallow; dust, motes, or anything similar in the eye; one unable to see his

way

أراض 'awāriz (pl. of 'ārizat), Camels killed when labouring under any disease; side-teeth; accidents, incidental diseases; taxes, extraordinary contributions; ['awārizijismānīya, Bodily infirmities;]—'uwāriz, Name of a mountain where Hatim Taiy is buried.

موارك 'awārif (pl. of 'ārifat), Known, public, notorious (things); kindnesses; acknowledgments (as of salutations, &c.,

m.c.).

auwās, A night-patrol.

awāsij, Name of a tribe.

a عواصو 'awāṣir' (pl. of 'āṣir'), A kind of wind; matters or objects of evil.

awāṣif (pl. of 'āṣif, 'āṣifat), High winds, hurricanes, violent gales.

A edde 'awagif (pl. of 'agifat), Affec-

tions, favours.

awāṭil (pl. of 'āṭil), Unadorned with necklaces; letters without diacritical points.

A عوانه 'uwāf, whatever a lion prowls after by night and devours.

awāqib (pl. of 'āqibat), Ends, conclusions, issues, consequences.

a عواقب بيس 'awāqib-bīn, Foresightful.

A الله 'auwāl, Name of a man;—'uwāl, Name of a tribe; also of two places.

awālī (pl. of 'āliyat), Straight, tall عوالي

spears; high things or places.

a عوالي پياة awāli-panāh, Illustrious.

A pie 'uwām, Name of a place;—'auwām, A swimmer; swift-going (horse); going or attacking with intrepidity; a raft;—'awāmm (pl. of 'āmmat), The common people, public, vulgar; the commonalty, people at large, the populace, the masses;—'awāmm u khawāṣṣ, Plebeians and nobles; everybody.

'awāmil (pl. of 'āmilat), Words, particles, or prepositions, which govern other words; performers; tax-gatherers.

A color 'awān, A middle-aged woman (especially married), a lady, a mistress of a family; war determined by one battle; (in P.) a seizer, holder, griper;—'iwān (v.n. of color), Assisting, bringing help; aid, help, assistance.

a عرانان 'awānān (pl. of 'awān), Gripers, oppressors;—'awānāni falak, The planets Saturn, Jupiter, Mars, the Sun, Venus, Mercury, and the Moon.

awānis (pl. of 'ānis), Remaining عوالس A

long at home unmarried (girls).

مراوير 'awāwir (pl. of 'ūwār), Weak (persons); swallows.

م عوائب 'awa'ib, Blemishes, defects; faults, vices.

awā'id (pl. of 'a'idat), Favours, kindnesses; returns, profits, gains.

awā'ir, Swarms (of locusts).

مُواَثِّلُ 'awā'iq (pl. of 'a'iq), Hinderers; hindrances; impediments.

A zyr 'auj (v.n.), Stopping (in any place); causing or allowing to stop; drawing in the reins (of a camel, &c.); bending with the reins the head (of a camel or horse); standing; receding, retiring;—'uj, Og, king of Bashan (said to have lived from the times of Adam to those of Moses); (met.) a tall, foolish man;—'awaj (v.n.), Being crooked, distorted; a curvature; —'iwaj, Curvature, crookedness; obliquity (especially in a moral sense).

and (v.n.), Returning; turning; restoring, bringing back; visiting the sick; accustoming; return; relapse; habit, custom; a man advanced in years, a man of experience, ability, or prudence; aged (camel or sheep); an old road; ancient dominion; (pl. of 'a'id) visitors of the sick; -'ûd, Wood, timber; the trunk or branch of a tree, a staff, stick, rod; aloe-wood; a lute, harp, lyre; the bone at the root of the tongue; ['adu 'r-rīḥ ('s-salīb), Name of a wood called fāwāniyā; a kind of wood on which fire makes no impression, or one which breaks in squares; a triangular bit of wood, used as an amulet to keep off frightful dreams; (met.) streaks of dawn; -ūdu 'l-'utās, Sneeze-wort ;- 'ūd bar 'ātish nihādan, To burn incense, to perfume;— 'ūdi khām, Pure or fresh aloe-wood;—'ūd zadan (sākhtan), To strike the lyre, to play on the lute; -'ud sokhtan, To burn aloewood, to perfume; -'ūdi sīmīn, The dawn; -'ūdi qamarī, A species of aloe-wood brought from Kamār; - 'ūdi gulābī, 'ūd u gulab, Whiteness and blackness;—' $\bar{u}d$ ushakar sokhtan, To burn aloe-wood and sugar;—'údi hindī, Lignum aloes;]—'ūwad

(pl. of 'a'id), Visitors of the sick.

A عودة 'audat, A returning, coming back.

a عود سوز 'ūd-soz, A censer in which they

burn aloe wood.

a عود کره 'ad-girih, A heavy alocs-wood which sinks in water and is considered the best.

ن عودى 'ūdì, Of wood, of aloes-wood; a blackish colour (as that of aloes-wood).

a عودى تخت 'ūdī-ta<u>kh</u>t, Heaven, sky.

A 3,e auz (v.n.), Fleeing for refuge; seeking protection; taking refuge with God from anything bad; ['aux bi'llāh, God preserve us! God forbid!]—'ūz (pl. of 'ā'iz), (Mares, camels, or does) the tenth or fifteenth day after colting;—'awaz (v.n.), Disliking, disapproving; refuge, asylum; low, base, mean; ['awaz-un min-hu, (I did it) unwillingly;—'uwaz (pl. of 'ūzat), Amulets;—'ūwaz, Part of the flesh next to the bone; herbage growing at the roots of

thorns, or in rough places where cattle cannot crop it;—atyabu 'l-laḥm-i 'āwazu-hu, The nicest is that nearest the bone.

a عُونَةُ 'ūzat, An amulet, a thing repelling عُونَةً

evil; a seeking refuge.

A ye 'aur (v.n), Depriving of one eye, blinding; taking away, carrying off; destroying, obliterating;—'ār (pl. of a'war), One-eyed, monocular; naked, nude, bare;—'awar (v.n.), Being blind of one eye;—'awir, Inwardly bad, secretly wicked.

A which 'aurāt, Parts of the body which

it is indecent to expose.

A kyp 'aurat, Any part of the body which it is indecent to expose (particularly from the navel to the knee); the pudenda; a woman; a wife; any place exposed to hostile incursions; any weak part in an army or fortress; one-eyedness;—'aurati zan, Pudenda mulieris;—'aurati mard, Pudenda viri.

a a a actional and of or relating to woman, like a woman, womanly.

a عورت پوش 'aural-posh, Breeches.

a عورى 'ūrī, Nakedness.

A jor 'auz, A grape-stone;—'us, Name of a man;—'awaz (v.n.), Wanting, not being found; being poor; poverty; need, necessity.

aus (v.n.), Ranging in the night; catching (as a wolf) anything to decour; managing judiciously one's property;—'نقه, A kind of sheep;—'awas, A drawing in of the corners of the mouth when laughing.

'ausaj, A kind of bramble; name

of a horse.

A مُوسِمُ 'ausajat, A kind of bramble; name of a certain silver-mine.

aus, A mark, a sign;—'ūs, 'Ūz, son of Iram and father of 'Ād;—'awaş (v.n.), Being hard and difficult; confound-

ing or nonplussing an antagonist.

auz (v.n.), Doing or giving an equivalent; compensation; time, age; name of an idol;—'iwaz (v.n.), Giving or doing an equivalent; equivalent, compensation, requital; a substitute, amends, return; retaliation, penalty, forfeit; exchange;—'iwaz kardan, To barter, exchange; to change horses (m.c.);—bilā 'iwaz-in, Gratuitously, without reward, return, or equivalent. The word is also construed with dādan, dāshtan, talabīdan, giriftan, &c.

a silvazāna, As a substitute, by

way of compensation, in exchange.

a عرمى 'iwazī, Equivalent, in compensation.

A hat 'aut (v.n.), Conceiving in the first year (a she-camel).

av-'av, A noise, tumult, clamour;

bow-wow (see dear and case).

auf (v.n.), Flying round anything (as birds round a watering-place or carcase); state, condition; work, business; a guest;

good fortune, happiness; penis; name of a bird; a cock; a lion; a wolf; name of an idol; also of a mountain; a certain fragrant plant; one who takes care of his family.

A dip' 'auq (v.n.), Hindering, detaining, preventing; binding, imprisoning; worthless, good for nothing (man); one who diverts another from anything good;—'ūq, Name of the father of Og (see \$50);—'awaq, Hunger; a branch of the Band 'Abdu 'lquis;—'awiq, A hinderer, preventer; ['awiq lawiq, Sheepish, foolish, bashful;]—'uwaq, A hinderer; a roward; one who meets with continual interruptions and hindrances; one who having set his mind on anything goes through with it.

A sign 'auk (v.n.), Being supported (by hope); being kind, favourably inclined; returning to her house and eating what is there (woman); [auwalu 'auk-in wa bauk-in, The first thing;]—'awak (v.n.), Moving;

motion.

A jpr 'aul (v.n.), Deviating, awerving, straying; being oppressive; leaning to one side (a scale); troublesome, difficult (an affair); overcoming, getting the better of; supporting (a family); having a large family to maintain; provision for a family; lamentation; wail;—'ival, Confidence, reliance.

A عولت 'aulaq, A demon inhabiting the woods; a bitch wanting the male; a wolf;

hunger.

A for 'aum (v.n.), Swimming (a man); sailing (a ship); travelling (a camel);—'uwum (pl. of 'ūmat), Black animalcules swimming on water.

a موسقه 'ūmat, 'ūma, A black animalcule

swimming on water; a kind of fish.

woman); helping, assisting; aid, assistance, succour, help; an aider, helper, defender, protector; an ally; a servant;—'auni ilāhī, Divine aid.

auhaj, Long-necked or long-

legged (ostrich, camel, or roe).

a camel to which all camels of a superior quality are traced; a bull of blackish colour; a black crow; a mountain-swallow; lapis lazuli, or a colour resembling it, a blackish blue.

auhaqain, Two عوهة 'auhaqain, Two stars at the side of the farqadān in a line towards the polar star.

A عوبر 'uwair (dim. of a'war), A crow; name of a place; an odious disposition.

A عربض awis, Difficult to be understood (verse); foreign, obsolete (word); severe (misfortune); difficult, distressing (affair); rough (ground); soul; power; motion.

awīl, A groan, wail, lamentation;

-pur awil, Full of groans.

י ace 'uwaim, Name of a man.

and (v.n.), Commanding; recommending; enjoining; making a will or testament; meeting with; time, season; life-time, age, reign; an oath; faith; security; treaty, covenant; promise, agreement, obligation, bond; league; injunction, charge, mandate, will, testament; honour, respect, reverence; a profession or a belief in the unity of God; ['ahd bastan, To strike a bargain;—'ahdi hukūmat, In the reign of: -'ahd giriftan, To enter in league with, to take one's part, to side with ;—'ahd u paimāni jānibain, The conditions on both sides;]—'ahid, The manager of the affairs of a kingdom.

A مهده 'whdat, 'uhda, An obligation, debt; an obliging oneself to pay, a becoming surety for another; a written agreement, a bargain, a contract; a mulct, a fine; an affidavit; deficiency, weakness; a returning of goods (if damaged); — az 'uhda'i chīze bīrūn āmadan, To perform a duty; to make out the sense of; to be able to do a thing; — az 'uhda'i 'ahd bīrūn āmadan, To pay a vew, to fulfil or get quit of an obligation;—lā 'uhdat-a, There is no returning or taking back (an article sold).

a ماد عبد 'ahd-dar, Holder of a contract; an officer (of the Mogul government) who engaged to collect the revenue of a district for a small percentage.

a عبد هکن 'ahd-shikan, A promise-breaker. a عبد هکنی 'ahd-shikanī, Breach of promise; infraction of a treaty.

a معن نامع 'ahd-nāma, Letters of agreement, articles of peace or capitulation; a bond; a charter; a will; a diploma.

a عبدة برائي 'uhda-barā'i, Performance of an agreement, ability to perform; means; performance.

a عبدة بندى 'uhda-bandī, Stated periods for the discharge of a debt or payment of

a بادة دار uhda-dār, Entrusted with a business, employed, holding a commission; an officer; a contractor, collector; security

a عهده داری 'uhda- $dar{a}rar{\imath}$, Holding an office ; incumbency.

א א ahr (v.n.), Being addicted to whoredom or theft;—'ihr, Adultery, fornication.

'uh'ukh, Name of a tree whose عبعن ه leaves and stem are useful in medicine.

A ωχε 'ahn (v.n.), Withering (as the branch of a tree); being fixed, established, remaining (in a place); coming from a place; taking pains in a matter; hastening to accomplish the wishes of another;-'ihn, An able manager of an estate; dyed wool.

A * 'ihw, A colt; a fine camel.

whūd (pl. of 'ahd), Conditions, capitulations, promises, agreements; successive rains.

A week 'uhun (pl. of 'ihn), Dyed wools. ahid, United in a bond, confederate; contemporary; tributary; old, ancient.

aiy, Name of the brother of 'Adnan عي a (see عدنان) ;—'iy (v.n.), Stammering ; being ignorant of; being embarrassed, unequal to any business or enterprise.

ayā', Difficult, incurable (disease). A عياب 'iyāb (pl. of 'aibat), Portmanteaus; breasts or hearts as repositories of secrets; -'aiyāb, Slanderous; a reviler, slanderer.

A عباد 'iyād (v.n. of عباد), Visiting (the sick).

A قادة 'iyādat (v.n. of عبد), Visiting (the sick); a visitation; — 'iyādati khastagān, Visitation of the sick.

a عيان (v.n. of عود 'iyāz (v.n. of عيان), Flying from evil to good, taking refuge; a bird which takes refuge in a mountain; refuge, asylum;---'iyāz-an bi'l-lāh, God avert! Heaven forfend!

عيار A 'iyār (v.n. 3 of عيار), Marking (weights and measures) with a just standard, assaying; a standard of weight, measure, or firmness; mark, proof, touchstone, assay; a goldsmith's balance; the curveting of a horse; the running of a dog when escaping or set at liberty; (pl. of 'air) asses (wild or tame); ['iyāri dānish, Criterion of knowledge (title of a book);—'iyar giriftan, To test, probe, assay. The word in the sense of standard, &c. is also construed with the verbs bar sang (mihakk) zadan, paidā shudan, dānistan, kardan, &c.]— 'aiyār, fem. عيارة 'aiyāra, A cheat, knave, impostor, charlatan, conjuror, juggler; sly, mischievous; a horse curveting or prancing from sprightliness; one who travels much, a rover, vagrant, vagabond.

a عياركي 'aiyāragī, Artfuluess, slyness, cunning, craftiness; imposture.

a عيار كير 'iyār-gīr, An assayer.

a عيار وش 'aiyār-wash, Like a prancing steed.

'aiyārī, a عيارى Deceit, imposture,

knavery.

aiyāsh, A jovial fellow, jolly عياش ه toper, boon companion; a pleasure-seeker; one fond of good cheer; libidinous, lecherous; a voluptuary, sensualist, debauché, rake.

a عياهي 'aiyāshī, Luxury, luxuriousness, joviality; addictedness to pleasure, sensuality, debauchery.

ayās (v.n. of عوم), Nonplussing an adversary;—'iyās (v.n. of عوص), Being unintelligible (speech), difficult (an affair); (v.n. 3 of عوم) wrestling, struggling.

a عياض 'iyāz, Retribution, compensation. ayāf, A kind of game;—'iyāf' عياف ه (v.n. 3 of عيف), Nauseating, loathing (food).

عيانة م 'iyāfat (v.n. of عوف), Having an aversion to, loathing meat or drink; disgust, loathing, aversion; divining, auguring, taking an omen from the flight of birds; divination.

ميال ه 'iyāl (pl. of 'aiyil), Family, chil-

dren, domestics; a wife.

a عيال دار 'iyāl-dār, Maintainer of a family; a man with a large family.

a عمال داري 'iyāl-dārī, Maintenance of a family; family or household affairs; worldly concerns.

a عيالمند 'iyālmand, Possessed of a family.

ayam, A day.

A فين 'iyān (v.n. 3 of عمان). Seeing; observing, contemplating, beholding face to face; ocular demonstration; clear, manifest; a ploughshare; ['iyān kardan, To render evident; to make manifest;]—'aiyān, Tired; embarrassed, unequal to.

a عيامة 'iyān-an, Publicly, clearly, plainly,

visibly.

A عيانة 'iyānat (v.n. of عين), Being a spy on another's acts, prying into, lying.

a عياني 'iyānī, A spy.

A 'aib (v.n.), Accusing, reproaching, treating opprobriously; spoiling, damaging; vice, fault, defect; blemish, stain; disgrace, infamy, dishonour; affront; ['aib āwardan (burdan), To divulge a vice, to disgrace;—'aib kardan (giriftan), To blame, reproach, take to task. Also construed with poshīdan, guftan, namūdan, &c.]—'iyāb (pl. of the following), Portmanteaus, &c.

A tree 'aibat, Fault, disgrace, vice, defect, or blemish; a portmanteau, or anything similar in which clothes are put; a repository of secrets;—'uyabat, A great fault-finder.

a عب بين 'aib-bīn, Fault-finder, caviller. a عب بوث 'aib-posh, A concealer of faults or defects, one who screens or connives at the faults of another; an upper garment.

a عيب پوهى 'aīb-poshī, Concealment of a fault; overlooking another's shortcomings.

a عيب تراش 'aib-tarāsh, Erasing faults. a عيب جوى 'aib-joy, Fault-seeking.

a عب جونی 'aib-jo'i, Picking out faults, criticism, cavilling, censoriousness.

a was 'aib-chin, Culling errors or faults.

a عيب چيني 'aib-chini, Criticism.

a مان عيب 'aib-dar, Faulty, defective, un-

a عيب هوي 'aib-shoy, Washing away sin or crime.

a عيب كوش 'aib-kosh, Of vicious conduct, indulging in vice.

a عيب کوي 'aib-goy (gūy), A slanderer. a عيب کوي 'aib-go'i, Evil-speaking, aspersion, detraction, slander.

a عيب گير 'aib-gir, Seizing on faults. a عيب گيري 'aib-giri, = عيب گيري q.v.

a عيبناك 'aibnāk, Disgraceful, vicious, faulty, blemished; damaged, spoiled (goods). a عيبناك 'aibnākī, Blemish, vice, faultiness.

a عمر 'aibì, Unsound, faulty, defective; vicious; infamous; one-eyed; squint-eyed; a bad character.

as, Destroying, wasting (as a wolf the flock); damage, waste; destruction;—zū'l-'ais, Mischievous; destructive.

aisām, The plane-tree.

id, Anything which returns (of care, grief, or sickness); a solemnity, feast, festival, holiday; name of high-bred camel, sire of a noble race; a sort of mountaintree; (pl. of 'adat') manners, customs, habits; — 'īdi usbū', Pentecost; — 'īdu 'zzuhā ('īdi azḥá), The festival of sacrifices at Mecca;—'idi sharif, Easter, the passover;— 'idi şaghir (figr), The festival of the breaking of the Ramazān fast;—'idi <u>ah</u>adīr (<u>ah</u>adiri kham), A festival relebrated by the Imāmīyah sect on the 18th of zū 'l-hijjat; — 'īdi' qurbān, The festival of sacrifices (= īdu'z-zuḥā above);—'īdi gulābī, A feast at the beginning of spring, when presents of flasks of rose-water were made :- 'idi magih, The day on which a table descended from heaven at the prayer of Jesus;—'idi maulūd, Feast of (Muhammad's) vativity; -'idi nau-roz, Feast of the (Persian) new year.

a عيداب 'idāb, Name of a city.

A عبداي 'idan (du. of 'id), The two festivals (of fit and azha).

a عيد گاه ${}^{i}\bar{i}d$ - $g\bar{a}h$, A place where solemn feasts and festivals are held.

a عيدي 'idi, عيدي 'idiya, 'idiya, Of or relating to a feast; a present made on a festive occasion; an Easter-gift; pocketmoney given to children on a feast-day.

a open 'idain (obl. du. of 'id, used as nom.). The two festivals (of fitr and azhú).

 $a \rightarrow i \underline{z} ab$, $= -i \underline{z} a \underline{v}$.

غورالي 'izrān, A medlar (عروز أعربي أعدرالي 'ais (v.n.), Impregnating the female (a camel); semen admissarii;—'is (pl. of a'yas), Camels of a reddish-white colour;—'ayas, Reddish-white in a camel.

a عيسائى 'īsā'ī, Christian; a Christian.

'aisūb, Sweet marjoram.

A عيسوي 'isawi, Of the religion of Jesus; a Christian; a Jesuit;—millati 'isawiya, The Christian religion or people.

a عيسوي وار rsawi-wār, Like Jesus; like a Christiau.

ميسل من آنه، Jesus;—maulūdi isá, The nativity of Jesus.

a عيسى بازة، Belonging to Jesus, Christian. a عيسل خورد 'آهن-الله' عيسل خود ناهن عيسل خورد 'آهن-الله' عيسل خود ناهن عيسل خود 'آهن الله' الله' الله ناهن عيسل خود 'آهن الله' الله' الله ناهن الله ناهن ناهن الله ناهن ال

a عيسل دهقان 'isú-dihyān, Grape-wine.

a عيسيل رة نشين 'isá-rah-nishīn, The sun ; a sun-beam ; a skilful physician. a مساهه عسل مشماهه 'isá-shash-māha, Fruits which come to maturity in six months; grapes.

church.

a عيسيل نه ماهه 'آءه' عيسيل نه ماهه frapes; grape-wine.

a عيسيل هر درد 'isá-har-dard, Wine.

A dish (v.n.), Living; food, bread; pleasure, delight; luxury; gratification of the appetites; sensuality; sexual intercourse; construed with tarāwādan, kardan, &c.;—'aishi pahlū-dār, A strong or lasting life;—'aishi dah-roza, A short life; a short life and a merry one;—'aish u jaish, Joy and delight, excessive pleasure;—'aish u 'ishrat (nashāṭ), Pleasantness of life; luxurious enjoyment, voluptuousness.

a ميسا ميسا عيسا م

a عاش کاه 'aish-kāh, What diminishes

pleasure.

ميشة 'īshat, عيشوهه' aishūshat (v.n. of عيش), Living, leading an agreeable life;—'Ishati rāziya, A pleasurable life.

a عيش عانه 'aish-khāna, A house of plea-

sure, a place of enjoyment.

a عيض ساز aish-sāz, Who leads a pleasurable life; joyful, merry.

a عيش سازي 'aish-sāzī, Pleasure, enjoyment.

a ميشستان 'aishistān, A place of enjoyment; abounding in pleasures.

a میش گاه عیش (aish-gāh, A place of enjoyment. a عیش حول 'aish-maḥal, Place of joy; one of the apartments in a palace.

isha, A plant resembling a reed.

A عيص 'īṣ, Entangled trees; also— نقمة 'īṣū, Esau (brother of Jacob).

neck;—'7!, Excellent young camels; the shouts of drunken, riotous fellows, or of winners in a game;—'ayat, Length of neck.

aif (v.n.), (A bird) planing, hovering, being suspended in the air (over water or a carcase) intending to alight; loathing, nauseating (food and drink); (for عيانة q.v.) divining from the flight of birds.

aiq, A worthless, good-for-nothing fellow; hindrance; an allowance of water; —'īq, A word used in checking or driving cattle; — 'aiyaq, A hinderer, preventer; dilatory.

A مُعَمَّدُ 'aiqat, 'iqat, The sea-shore; a river bank; a corner or part of a house; an

allowance of water.

a Jet 'ail (v.n.), Walking pompously, moving with a noble carriage (a man or horse); being poor, indigent, destitute; travelling, rambling, making a tour;—'ayal (v.n.), Telling a story to a deaf person, or to one who will not hear;—'aiyil, A wife, children, domestic, or any person

maintained in a family; walking with a stately gait (man); prancing (a horse);—
'uyyal (pl. of 'ā'il), Poor, needy.

A عيله 'ailat (v.n. of عيل), Becoming poor; poverty, want; (pl. of 'a'il) poor, needy.

علم ه 'elim (by Imālah for 'ālim), Learned.

aim (v.n.), Thirsting (especially

after milk).

A was 'ain (v.n.), Flowing (water); injuring by the evil eye; hurting the eye; inclining to one side (the tongue of a balance); the eye; sight, vision; a look, glance; anything resembling an eye, as the eye of a needle, of a pair of scales, &c.; the letter 'ain (on account of its shape); fine circles on the skin; the ring of a coat of mail; the sling of a balista, in which the ball or stone is placed to be thrown; the knee-pan; a scout, spy, watchman; the substance, essence, best part of anything; the thing itself; a person, somebody, individual; a lord, leader, great man; the people of a town, or of a house; a crowd, multitude; an uterine brother; money, coin, cash; gold or silver specie; half of a dāniq (of seven dīnārs); the sun; also his rays; the true point of the qiblah; the eastern part of Irak; a cloud proceeding from the direction of the qiblah, or from the east of Irāk; rain lasting several days; flowing water; a fountain, source, conduit; a kind of bird; name of several places; (pl. of a'yan) black-eyed (virgins); ['ainu 'ssaur, Bull's eye (name of a star);—'ainu 'lhaiwān (hayāt), Fountain of life or immortality; quicksilver; - 'ainu 'sh-shams, The sun's eye (a flower); - 'ainu 's-sawāb, A right road; the thing itself; right reason; -'ainu 'l-māl, Principal capital; net profit; land revenue; - 'ainu 'l-hirr, Cats-eye (a precious stone): - 'ainu 'l-yaqin, Experimental knowledge; certainty; - 'aini tabāhī wa mahzi gumrāhī, Complete destruction and absolute ruin ;—'aini sakhīn, A hot eye, i.e. anguish, distress;—'aini salwān, The river Jordan; a fountain; - 'aini salah, Sincere advice; - 'aim' 'ibrat, A warning or look, -'aini 'ināyat, A look of favour; -- 'aini kamāl, The height of perfection, also the eyes of some Arabians (called kamāl), which were supposed piercing enough to kill people; — aini gulshan, Name of a fountain near Tus;—'aini muhaiyir (la'li), A peculiar form of the letter 'ain' (in calligraphy);—
'aini mīzān, The eye of a balance (wherein the tongue moves);—anta 'alá 'ainī, You are upon my eye, i.e. possess my regards or love ;—sadiqi ('abdi) 'ain, An eye-server, false friend, hypocrite, dissembler; qarīru 'l-'ain, Cool-eyed, i.e. cheerful, happy (comp. 'aini sakhīn above);]—'īn (pl. of 'ainā'), Black-eyed (virgins);—'ayan (v.h.), Having large black eyes; width and blackness of the eyes;—'uyun (pl. of 'iyān), Ploughshares; (pl. of 'ayūn) those who look with malignant eyes.

ainā' (fem. of a'yan), Large-eyed عيناه 🛦

(woman, mountain-cow).

a عيمانيان 'māniyān, The inhabitants of Inān in Yaman.

A عيناب 'ain-tāb, Name of a city in Syria. a عين عين 'ain-ghain, (the letters 'ain and ghain) But slightly different, very much alike; squint-eyed; having a cataract.

a ainak, Spectacles, eye-glasses;—
'ainaki ābī, Blue spectacles;—'ainak pīshi
nazar giriftan, To put on spectacles;—
'ainaki dūr-bīn (kaṣrat-bīn), A telescope;—
'ainaki haṣār-bīn (haṣār-numā), Multiplying glass; kaleidoscope (mm.cc.).

a وان عينك 'ainak-dān, A spectacle-case

(m.c.).

ainu-hu, عينه 'ainu-hā, His, its, or her eye, essence or self.

a عيني 'ainī, Of or relating to the eye;

genuine, essential, real.

الله 'ayūb, Dishonest, shameful; vicious;—'uyūb (pl. of 'aib), Vices, defects, faults, blemishes, bad points or qualities.

ayūf, (A camel) smelling the water without drinking, although thirsty;

name of a certain woman.

aiyūq, A certain bright red star which follows the Pleiades, the star Capella.

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ing, travelling; being poor, poverty.

with a malignant eye; —'uyūn (pl. of 'ain), Eyes, fountains; title of a book written by Anwari.

a was 'aihab, Corpulent; indisposed, digesting badly; weak, timid.

aihal, Swift (she-camel).

ع

Egh, called ghaini manquia or ghaini mw'jama, "dotted ghain," the twenty-second letter of the Arabic-Persian alphabet, expresses 1,000 in arithmetic (hence it is with the poets a symbol of the nightingale, the bird of a thousand songs), and denotes quadrature in the aspects of the stars. In Arabic this letter is articulated in the throat with a vibration producing a sound like that given to r by the Northumbrians (r grasseyé in Fr.), or the noise made in gargling. In Persian it corresponds to g and the Sanskrit g, gh, and h, and interchanges frequently with the other gutturals.

عاب ghāb, Foolish, unmeaning gabble;

fallen back, remaining afar off; spoiled, destroyed; useless; powerless, paralyzed; leavings, orts; according to others, also a cleft in a tree or the ground, and the place where the moustache grows.

a عاب $g\underline{h}ab$, A forest, wood, thicket, grove, brake; the haunt or den of a wild

beast.

غابانك ghābānk, The dog-violet.

a wild beast's haunt; low ground; name of a place in Hijāz; a multitude of men.

ghābir, Remaining; past, passing

by, passing away; relic, remainder.

A غابرة <u>gh</u>ābirat, Remaining; a remainder. <u>gh</u>ābish, Name of a mountain-tree.

A ble <u>ghābit</u>, One who wishes to be like another in circumstances, without envying him.

م الله ahābin, Languid, remiss.

ي المبدن <u>gh</u>ābandan, To slip, slide, stumble. a عابدة <u>gh</u>ābaq, Wine drunk at night.

عابوك <u>gh</u>ābūk, Ball for cannon or crossbow.

عاتم ghātfar, Name of a city in Turkistān; also of a quarter in Samarkand; name of a Turanian wrestler.

a ste ghād, Softness, tenderness, smooth-

ness.

A عادر ghādir, Deceitful.

<u>a غادك gh</u>ādif, A seaman, a rower.

g<u>h</u>ādūf, An oar. غادوك ⊾

A List ghādiyat, Morning-rain or clouds.

A ile ghāzz, A lachrymal duet which ceases not to run.

A عادى <u>gh</u>āzi, Digestive, peptic.

A كاك ghāziyat, The faculty of digestion; a certain vein or artery.

ghār, The laurel.

A it ghār (v.n.), Being jealous; envy, jealousy; a cavern, cave, grotto; the den of a wild beast; low land, a hollow; the interior part of the mouth; a deep gash or wound; an army, a multitude; a vine-leaf; a measure of 100 qafāz; name of a large tree, yielding an useful oil and an antidote against a snake-bite; name of a man; [ghāri saq, A dog-hole; a kind of cavern or cave;—ghāri gham, A prison; the grave of the wicked;—yāri ghār, A companion in a cave or prison, i.e. an intimate friend;—gharān (du.), The two caves, mouth and pudenda;]—ghārr, Imprudent, heedless, thoughtless; a deceiver; a vain hope.

الم المانية ghārīb, One who comes from afar; the summit of a wave; the upper part of a camel's bunch; also the space between that

and the neck.

A state ghārat (v.n. of state), Making a hostile incursion into an enemy's country; a raid; plunder, pillage; havoc, devastation; a predatory troop of horse; construed with uftādan, afgandan, khwurdan, zadan, kardan, &c.;—ghārat u khasārat kardan, To

plunder and lay waste;—ba-ghārat burdan (raftan, nihādan), To make a predatory inroad;—shadādu 'l-ghārat, Firmly twisted (rope).

a عرب عبراك ghārat-khwurda (قان zada),

Robbed, pillaged, plundered.

a غول غول <u>ghārat-gh</u>ol, Sudden loss or destruction; suddenly or unexpectedly lost. a غارت کاه <u>gh</u>ārat-gāh, A place of pillage,

of a hostile invasion.

عارت کر <u>gh</u>*ūratgar*, Marauder, robber, assassin.

a عارت کری <u>gh</u>āratgarī, Spoliation, pil-

a عارت الله <u>ghārat-nāk</u>, A robber, pillager, depredator; depredatory.

gharlang, The bar of a door.

a مَارِتَهُ ghāratīdan. To ravage, plunder, pillage, riffe; to be plundered; to roll over.

ghāraj, ghārij, e ghārich, A morn-

ing draught of wine; wine.

aharijī, A morning draught of wine; one who drinks in the morning; a cup-bearer.

A job ghāriz, (A camel) having little milk; (a locust) fixing the tail in the ground to lay eggs.

A مارس <u>gh</u>āris, A planter.

a عارستان ghāristān, A place full of

a غار غار <u>gh</u>ār-<u>gh</u>ār, Full of caves, full of clefts or holes.

ghāriq, Submerged, drowned.

عار گاه <u>gh</u>ār-gāh, A place abounding in caves.

ghārang, An idiot, a fool.

ي مار و طور ghār u ghūr, Chaos, confusion.

a sile ghāra, Plunder; plunderers; a morning draught of wine; a twist, plait; a cavern (see sile and sile).

عارى <u>gh</u>ārī, A bushel; a sponge.

ghāz, A patch on a garment; split, opened; a rent, slit, crack; want, scarcity, dearness; eating with a relish; a certain water-bird, a goose (see μ); beating cotton; ghāz kardan, To tease cotton; to take to pieces the worn cloth of a garment or tent (called shoddy) to be woven again.

syle ghāza, Rouge for the face; noise, cry; root of the tail; a peg for fastening planks; a wedge used in splitting wood;

cotton-teasing.

soldier (especially combating infidels); a general, leader of an expedition; (in P.) a courtesan; a rope-dancer; sheep's chitterlings stuffed with spiceries;—ghāzī 'd-dīn, Champion of the faith (a proper name).

a هازيانه <u>gh</u>āziyāna, Bravely.

a عازى مرد <u>ah</u>āzī-mard, A hero; a horse.

a عازى ميان ghāzī-miyān, Name of the nephew of Sultan Mahmūd Ghaznawī.

a الله <u>gh</u>āziya, The faculty of intending

or purposing.

beating of cotton;—ghāzh kardan, To separate the seed from the cotton; to beat wool and prepare it for spinning; to take to pieces the worn cloth of a garment or tent called shoddy, to be woven again.

the polish of a poem or the gilding of the page on which it is written; melilot; beating of cotton;—ghāzha kardan, To tease

cotton.

A عاسق ghāsiq, That part of the night immediately succeeding the crepuscle; the moon.

عاسل ه <u>gh</u>āsil, A washer; a washerman. A عاسول <u>gh</u>āsūl, A herb whence potash is

علش ghāsh, A sincere man; an ardent and sincere lover; petulant, perverse; stupid, dull; tumult; a cluster of unripe grapes; a cucumber kept for seed (see عارض); partial; a dissembler, hypocrite.

A Lake ghāshiyat, ghāshiya, A covering; a leather covering for a saddle or for the hilt of a sword; a saddle-cloth, as an insignia of royalty carried in front of a sovereign; a symbol of servitude, submissiveness, obedience; the day of judgment; hell-fire; an internal complaint, cholic, gripes; visitors, friends; the pericardium.

gripes; visitors, friends; the pericardium. a علمية بان ولم ghāshiya-bāf, Maker of a saddle-cloth or housing;—ghāshiya-bāfāni rīsh, Long-bearded men (of whose beards housings could be made); according to others, slaves of their beards (as being mostly occupied in adorning and trimming them).

غاهيه بر دوش <u>gh</u>āshiya bar dosh, Obe-

 ${f dient.}$

اهم دار ghāshiya-dār, One who has the care of saddles; the angel Gabriel; a porter.

a مام ahāṣ (for ghāṣṣ), Full, crammed. ماسيم ghāṣib, A usurper, a forcible seizer.

A ماضر ghāzir, A hide good for tanning; active, bestirring oneself in business.

A data ghāzif, Delicate (life); one in

comfortable circumstances.

a coat of mail.

هاهاطي <u>ghāghāṭ</u>ī, A bituminous stone brought from Wādī <u>Ghāgh</u>ā in Syria.

ley of people; (in the language of the people of 'Umān) mint (the berb).

ghāf, Name of a tree bearing

sweet fruit.

a غانت <u>gh</u>āfat, غانت <u>gh</u>āfis, Swallow-wort eupatory, agrimony.

ghāfir, Forgiving; merciful, compassionate.

ghāfiq, Name of a fortress in

Spain.

ghāfil, Imprudent, inconsiderate, careless, incautious, off one's guard; negliindolent, incurious, inattentive, thoughtless; unconscious; soundly asleep; -ghāfil giriftan, To seize or attack unawares;—shah-zāda'i <u>ghāfil-nazar</u>, An inconsiderate and improvident prince.

الله <u>gh</u>āfil-an (P. غاللة <u>gh</u>āfilāna), Im-

prudently.

a غانل گير <u>ah</u>āfil-gir, Attacking unawares. a عائلي <u>gh</u>āfilī, Negligence, inattention.

a غاق <u>gh</u>āq, An aquatic bird; a crow;—

ghāq-i, The croaking of a raven.

ياك ghāk, Noise, disturbance, riot, tumult, sedition; the croaking of a raven; fraud,

عاكوك $gh\bar{a}k\bar{u}k$, عالوك q.v., of which it

is perhaps a misreading.

يُلْ <u>gh</u>āl (imp. of <u>gh</u>ālīdan), Rolling, wallowing; a cave in which cattle are kept; a burrow; a fox's bole (probably for (a); a bee-hive; low ground.

عال ه ghāll, Thirsty; low, level ground producing trees; a place where the tree

salam grows; name of a plant.

באונל, The Egyptian bean.

A عالب <u>gh</u>ālib, Overcoming, overpowering; prevailing, predominant; triumphant, victorious; a conqueror; name of a man; also of a place in lower Egypt;—<u>gh</u>ālib āmadan bar, To conquer, overcome, vanquish.

A عالبا ghalib-an, Chiefly, principally; finally, upon the whole; mostly; probably,

apparently.

a عالبانه <u>gh</u>ālibāna, Tri umphantly.

A غالبية ghālibīyat, Victory, prevalence. ghālij, A morning-draught of wine (see غارج).

allad, He moves from side to side

(3rd aor. of ghālīdan).

عالوك <u>gh</u>ālūk, A play-ball; a cannon-

الله <u>gh</u>āla, A kid.

غالى <u>gh</u>ālī, A carpet, tapestry (see غالى).

ali, Dear, costly, high-priced, عالى A precious, valuable; one who exceeds bounds; a fanatic, a zealot; name of a poet.

a با الما <u>ah</u>āliyā-bār, Fragrant, odorife-

<u>ah</u>āliyat, A kind off perfume (said غالية م to have thus been called by Mu'awiyah as "a thing precious"); civet.

ghālīcha, A small carpet.

ahālīdan, To move: from side to عاليدن side (like lovers), to tumble, roll, wallow; to surround, wheel round either in defending a friend or assailing an enemy; to instigate, animate; to start up suddenly.

a غالينوس <u>gh</u>ālīnūs, Galen the physician. a عاليه <u>gh</u>āliya, Civet; a composition of

musk, ambergris, camphor, and oil of bennuts (see غالية).

a عاليه بار ghāliya-bār, Fragrant, odoriferous.

a ماليه غاليه غله ghāliya-khat, With fragrant down.

a واليه دان <u>gh</u>āliya-dān, A box or casket for musk, a scent-box or bottle.

a غاليه ساء <u>gh</u>āliya-sāy, Fragrant; a perfumer.

a غاليه موي <u>gh</u>āliya-moy, With fragrant

A غامد <u>ah</u>āmid, Filled, freighted (ship); a well that overflows; name of the father of a tribe.

<u>ah</u>āmir, fem. غامرة <u>gh</u>āmirat, <u>gh</u>āmira, Uninhabited, uncultivated, waste, abandoned (the opposite of 'amir); overflowed, submersed (country); overwhelmed; one who throws himself into difficulties and dangers.

a عامرات <u>ah</u>āmirāt (pl. of <u>ah</u>āmirat), Devastated or waste places (opp. to 'amirāt "cultivated places").

A عامض <u>gh</u>āmiz, Low-lying (place); obscure, unintelligible (speech); weak, languid in making a charge or attack; low, mean, contemptible.

غامی ghāmī, Poor; weak, feeble; lean. يالغ ghānj, لغالغ ghānghā, The Gauges. ahāniz, The windpipe, throat.

هاك ghāna, Name of a place in Arabia where gold is found.

a غاني <u>ah</u>ānī, Rich; able to do without.

A غائية ghaniyat, A woman despising ornaments, satisfied with the native beauty of her person; a woman satisfied with her husband's love; a girl much courted, yet remaining contentedly unmarried in her parents' house; a chaste woman whether married or unmarried; a lady.

عاد $gh\bar{a}v$ (for $g\bar{a}v$), An ox, a cow; a hole in the ground made for the security of

sheep and other animals.

غارجىq.v. غارجى غارجى q.v.A غاور <u>gh</u>āwir (for ghā'ir), Deep, profound, abstruse; considerate, thoughtful; power-

ghāwash, ghāwush, A cucumber غاوش kept for seed; a bunch of ripe grapes.

عاد هنگ ghav-shang, An ox-goad.

ghāwshū, An ardent and sincere عارهو lover; a cucumber for seed; an unripe bunch of grapes.

a غاووش <u>gh</u>āwūsh, A cucumber kept for seed.

a عاون <u>gh</u>āwūn (pl. of <u>gh</u>āwī), Those who are in error; devils; those who countenance scurrilous or flattering poets.

غارة <u>gh</u>āwa, Name of a mountain.

A غارى <u>ghāwī</u>, Wandering, erring, straying; seduced; a locust; a demon.

عاى م <u>ah</u>āy (pl. of <u>gh</u>āyat), Ends, extremities; standards, flags.

مُلِّهُ عِلْمُ مِلْمُ عِلْمُ مِلْمُ عِلْمُ عِلْمُ عِلْمُ عِلْمُ مِلْمُ عِلْمُ مِلْمُ عِلْمُ مِلْمُ عِلْمُ عِلْمُ invisible; the future; the invisible world; the invisible being, God, the Deity; (în gram.) the third person;—ghā'ib shudan, To be absent, disappear, vanish.

a هالباله ahā'ibāna, In absence, invisibly. a بانب باند <u>ah</u>ā'ib-būz, A conjuror; a ne-

cromancer.

غاية 🛦 ghāyat, ghāya, End, extremity, termination, final point; the starting-post, or the winning-post; a sovereign remedy; a standard, flag; <u>ghāyatu</u> 'l-ghāya, For the most part, very nruch ;- 'ilmi ghāyut, Mathematics.

A fle ahā'ir, (Water) flowing down upon low grounds.

ahā'iş, A diver. عاتص ه

A Late ghā'it, Low, level ground widely spread; human excrement.

عالوك \underline{ghayuk} , = عالوك q.v.

A Mile ghā'ilat, ghā'ila, A misfortune; a secret grudge, maliguity.

a stie $gh\bar{a}'\bar{\imath}$, Final;—'illati $gh\bar{a}'\bar{\imath}$, The

final cause.

A - ahabb, ahibb (v.n.), Drinking every second day (camels); -ghibb (v.n.), Visiting every alternate day; attacking, thus (as a tertian ague); visiting once a week; success. issue, termination; $-g\underline{h}ibb$ -a, After; $[g\underline{h}ibba$ $z\bar{a}$, After that; $-g\underline{h}ibba$ $m\bar{a}$, After which;]-ghubb, One who travels far inland from the sea; the sea overflowing the shore; llow ground whereon water lies.

A the ghibb-an, Every second day; at.

intervals; seldom, rarely.

ياد ghubūd, The invention or produce tion of something new; a man resolutely bent on doing what is right; name of

Nushirwan's father (see اقباد).

A jubar, Dust; vapour, fiog. mistiness; the smallest Arabic or Persian writing; name of a man; (met.) veration. affliction, perplexity; construed with the verbe afehandan, bar had dadam han dashtan, baland strullen, kiljastum, raftim, rakhtum, zadan, zidudun, siturdun, shustan, shikastan, giriftun, niekārstum, &c.; — gliubāri āriyā, Dust raised in the mill while grinding; ghubar awardan, To become dim (the eye); ghubar bar-awardan az, To devastate, to destroy; ghubarii bhātir;, Disturbance, of the mind, anxiety; -ghubārii ranjish u āzār, The dust of vexation and diagnet; -ghatara yatimi, The troubled mind of orphane.

a myl. 1 of ubar altidus Covered, soiled.

or defiled with dust.

a up phobargina, Dust-coloured;

s, dibara, An or goad; ghubara, A bomb; a mortar for throwing shells; a fire-balloon; a balloom

a atte ghubieri, Dustiness; (met.) afflintion veration; diuliari giriftum, To become afflicted, vexed, disturbed.

غبارية ghubāriya, Name of a mountaintree and its fruit.

ghabāz, غباره ghabāsa, A dervish's staff; -ghubāz, A yoke; a plough, a plough-

A غبارة <u>ah</u>abāwat (v.n. of غبارة), Not considering, or adverting to, from weakness of mind; stupidity; inadvertency.

a wie ghabab, The dewlap of an ox; the wattles of a cock; the loose flesh beneath the chin; a full chin.

A diving new cheese with butter.

a ghabj, A pond, a ditch, a pool.

A pt ghabr (v.n.), Passing, going by; being of a dusty colour ;-ghibr, Hatred, secret grudge; - qhubr, A remainder, remmant (especially of milk in the udder) ;ghabar (ghibr?), Swelling with matter (a wound); dust, earth; one who becomes friendly and obedient after having been hostile and refractory; a sore in a camel's hoof; the corruption or matter of a wound; daliyatu 'l-ghabar, A grievous calamity, the like of which is not to be found;]ghabir, Corrupt (wound) ; ghubar, A sort of fish; name of a man; — ghubbar (pl. of ghabir), Those who have passed; those who remain ; remainder, remnant (of catamenia, &c.).

A sight ghabra' (fem. of aghbar), Of the colour of dust; defaced, obliterated (path); earth, land; a female partridge; a country abounding in trees; name of a horse; a tree whose fruit is called - q.v.

ه غيرة glustrat, A clusty colour; a residue, remainder; ghabaret, Dast, earth; a coun-

try abounding in trees.

<u>ahabs,</u> Name of a she-camel; ghabas (v.n.), Being ash-coloured, being of a dark colour.

<u>ah</u>abash (v.n.), Being dark (the latter part of the might); remainder of the night; —ghabish, Dark (vight).

A مبن ghabas (v.n.), Being full of white

sordes (the eye).

ahabr (w.n.), Wishing to be like or غبط م equal to another without envy; feeling the buttocks of cattle to ascertain their fatness; -ghabt, ghilt, A. handful of corn when reaping; glinhut (pl. of ghābit), Desirous to be like another without eavy; (pl. of ghabit), dorsers: on which camel-litters are

A dist abilitat (v.n. of side). Wishing to be like unto another without envy; ungrudging emulation; a happy condition; joy, gladness; ghubtat. The string of a leathern wallet.

A wattles ahaba hab, A dewlap; the wattles of a cock; a full or double chin; name of an idel; name of a hill at Mina where sacrifices are off ered.

عبن ghalm (v.n.), Laying up in a se-

cret store (grain or provisions) against a scarcity; cheating, gulling (in sale), imposing upon; forgetting; being negligent, forgetful; deceit, fraud; forgetfulness; [ghabni fāhish (fāsh), A gross or notorious fraud; -ghabn kardan, To deceive; -ghabn kashidan, To be deceived; -ghaban (v.n.), Being weak in mind, liable to deception; negligent, forgetful; mistaking, erring; weakness of mind, defect of judgment

A عبور ghubur (v.n. of عبود), Remaining,

being left; departing, passing by.

a عبى <u>gh</u>abī, A dolt, blockhead, fool; ghubī, Negligence, inadvertancy, forgetful-

A - ghubaib, Name of a place near Madinah; also of a tract in Yamaniah.

a غبيثة <u>gh</u>abisa, Fresh butter and cheese

mixed together.

<u>ahubairā', An intoxicating drink</u> made from millet; the fruit of the *qhabrā*' tree (see غبراء; according to others, the former is the name of the tree, the latter that of the fruit).

<u>ah</u>ubais (dim. of aghbas), A tawnyish wolf; (met.) for ever, i.e. as long

as there is a wolf to harass a sheep.

<u>ahabit</u>, Dorsers on which to fix the camel-litters in which women travel; low, level ground; name of a valley and desert : quicksilver.

A غمين <u>ahabīn</u>, Weak in mind; a fool, a gull; deceived, gulled, cheated; fraud, de-

ceit.

ghapak, A grass of which mats are made.

ين ghut, ghat, An idiot, fool. a ghalm, Suffocating heat.

ghulfar, Foolish, stupid.

<u>ghutfara</u>, Ignorant, inexperienced,

foolish, stupid; a whoremonger.

A & ghass, Calling (anything) bad and leaving (it); being full of pus, suppurating (a wound); lean; -ghass u samin, Lean and fat; (met.) little and much; good and bad; strong and weak; rich and poor.

مِناه مِ <u>gh</u>uṣā', <u>gh</u>uṣṣā', Foam, decayed leaves of trees, bits of wood, or any rubbish dirtied by foam carried down by the

stream.

A من و <u>ghagāsat</u> (v.n. of غثاثه Being

lean (sheep or meat).

A plant (v.n.), Waving with grass, being verdant (the earth);—ghust (pl. of aghsar), The rabble, the lowest of the low; -ghasar, Nap, pile; fringe.

A sing the best part of one's property at once;—ghusm, A bread-

A عَنَاثَةَ <u>gh</u>asūsat, = عَنُوثَةَ q.v.

ghasy (v.n.), Carrying down sticks عثر and leaves (a_river); mixing, jumbling together (words); -also فشياف ghasayan,

(v.n. of غثی), Being disturbed (mind); being overcast (sky).

A غثيث ghasis (v.n. of غثي), Discharging matter (a wound); lean; pus, matter.

ahichak, A kind of lute, guitar, or violin.

ghichak-nawāz, غيمك ghichakī, A player on the ghichak.

ghachmūk, A frog.

A se ghad, Morrow; -ghadd (v.n.), Being

afflicted with pestilence (camel).

A Ask ghada', Meat, victuals, provisions; breakfast; - [ghadā'i jismānī, Nonrishment for the body;—ghadā'i rūḥānī, Food for the soul, spiritual food;]—ghaddā', Name of a man,

A state ghadāt, Morning; the interval between dawn and sunrise.

عداد ه <u>gh</u>idād (pl. of <u>gh</u>addat), Portions; parts; glands; wens; (pl. of ghādd) camels

infested with the plague.

A مغدر ghidar (v.n. 3 of غدار), Leaving, relinquishing; remaining; — ghaddār, fem. shad ghaddārat, ghaddāra, Fraudulent, perfidious; a traitor; --- an ghaddari bad-kirdar, That perfidious traitor; -in ghaddari khūnrez, This treacherous blood-shedder.

a فراعد ghadara, The broad point of a spear; a copper vessel; an hour-glass;ghidāra, An iron helmet.

a غداري ghaddari, Perfidy, fraud, decep-

a غداب <u>gh</u>udāf, A black crow; a vulture with thick plumage; long black hair; a black wing.

A مدائي ghudāf ī, Dark (night).

عدرك \underline{ahadak} , غدرك q.v. (doubtful).

A عدائر <u>gh</u>adā'ir (pl. of <u>gh</u>adīrat), Women's curls.

A قدة ghuddat, ghudda, A wart or wen which gives no pain; the pestilence in camels; a part, portion (of wealth, &c.);ghudda'i wazī, The prostate gland.

A عمد ghadad, The pestilence in camels ; ghudid (pl. of ghuddat), Wens, glands; ghudud, A hard lump formed in the flesh,

a glandular swelling.

عدر م ghadr (v.n.), Acting perfidiously, breaking a treaty or agreement; persecuting; drinking pond-water; perfidy, fraud, treachery; malignity, hostility; villainy, base ingratitude; noise, bustle; [ahli ghadr, Perfidious, cruel, malignant;] — ghadar (v.n.), Being dark (night); drinking rainwater; having their fill on the pastureground (cattle); remaining behind the flock (a she-camel, &c.); hard, stony, gravelly ground; ground full of holes or ruts; [sabtu'l-ghadar, Firm (in battle, &c.);]ghudar, A sink, drain, sewer; water left by a flood; treacherous; name of a city in Yaman; (pl. of ghadir) ponds, ditches, stagnant waters ;- ghudur, Knaves, rogues.

ghadar, Breast of a garment; breast-plate.

غدرك ghadrak, A breast-plate; a warlike instrument.

ghudz, A heliotrope (flower).

طدطن ghadaghan, Speed, hurry; confusion. <u>a عدن ghadf</u> (v.n.), Giving liberally;— ghadaf, Flenty, abundance; cheapness.

A whide ghide fan (pl. of ghuda f), Black crows; vultures with thick plumage.

ghudfara, A stupid fellow. عدفرة

<u>ahadaq</u> (v.n.), Flowing plentifully (water); plenty of water; biri ghadaq, Name of a well in Madinah.

A wat ghadan (v.n.), Being soft and smooth; softness, smoothness, gentleness; languor, relaxation, indolence; somnolency, drowsiness.

غدنگ **gh**adang, Disproportioned, illshaped; rude, unpolished; restless; stupid. ghadū, A drink prepared from millet.

ahadw (v.n.), Coming in the morning; the morrow;—ghudāw (v.n. of غدو), Doing anything in the morning; morning.

A غدوة <u>gh</u>udwat (v.n. of غدوة), Coming in the morning; the interval between dawn and sunrise.

عدود ghadūd, A gland, wren, &c. (= A. أغدا

<u>ah</u>adūr, Fraudulent, most perfidious (man or woman).

a غدى ghadi, Matinal; eating in the morning.

غدير A ditch, pool, stagnant water; a sword; name of a man; also of a valley in Egypt;—ghiddir, Very perfidious.

A 14 ghazz (v.n.), Swelling, suppurating

(a wound).

אַנוֹם <u>gh</u>izā', Meat or drink, diet, provision, food, victuals; aliment, nutriment; (pl. of ghazīy) feetuses, or new-born young of sheep, &c.; -ghiza chidan (khwurdan), To take food, to make a meal.

A منع ghazm (v.n.), Giving away the best part of one's property; eating with difficulty; eating greedily; — ghuzam, A kind of herb; -ghuzam, A sort of bitter plant.

عر <u>gh</u>ar, A whore; a coward; a lazy, indolent fellow; -ghur, Ruptured; having large testicles; filling the mouth with air, and striking it so that the air escapes with noise; swelling in the neck, a wen; rupture.

A # gharr (v.n.), Deceiving, flattering, feeding with vain hopes, cajoling, coaxing; feeding her young (a bird); a wrinkle (in the skin), fold (in a garment), cleft (in the ground); sharpness or edge of a sword; a place in the desert; -ghirr, Unskilled, inexperienced, raw; -qhurr, That wherewith a bird feeds her young; a certain waterfowl; anything white or bright; a white forehead; (pl. of agharr) most illustrious or noble (men).

a أبد ghurā, White, bright; the sun. A أبد gharā', ghirā' (v.n. of جرف), Being devoted, wholly given up to ;—ghirā' (v.n. 3 of عرد), Joining, subjoining; glue; isinglass;—gharrā' (fem. of agharr), White, bright, splendid, illustrious, noble; distinguished by a white star on the forehead (a mare), intense (noon-day heat); name of Madinah; a certain white-headed bird; an aromatic plant.

A wife ghurāb, The curved part of the edge of a sword or of an axe (with which the blow is struck); a crow, raven, rook, jackdaw; ice, hail, snow; a kind of ship, a grab, corvette; the back part of the head; the prominent part of the buttocks of horses or camels; surname of a man; name of a place at Damascus; also of a horse; — ghurābu 'l-bain, A certain bird with red legs and beak; (met.) the signal of separation; — ghurābi zamīn, A dark night; — rijlu 'l-ghurāb, Crows-foot (an herb, otherwise called ماريلال q.v., efficacious in the treatment of leprosy).

A غراك ghirās (pl. of gharsān, gharsā), Hungry (men or women).

غراجة gharācha, Infamous, unmanly, a catamite; a contented cuckold, a pimp to his own wife, a wittel; ignorant, foolish; name of a country.

a عرادة <u>gh</u>irāda, A helmet, a piece of

armour.

ار <u>ah</u>rār (v.n. of خرار <u>shirār</u> (v.n. of عرار young (a bird), putting bill into bill; returning improperly a salutation; a deficiency in the performance of ablutions, prostrations, and prayers; being dull (market); a little sleep; slumber; haste, speed; a way, mode, manner; model, figure, form, mould; edge of a sword, point of a spear or arrow; a sack made of goats' hair; -ghurār, Name of a mountain in Tihāmah.

عرارة <u>aharārat</u> (v.n.), Being white (the face); being inexperienced, unacquaiuted

with the use of things, &c.

a عراره gharāra, Washing, rinsing the mouth;—[gharāra kardan, To rinse the mouth; -ghirara, A helmet; a gardener's sack with meshes.

a il shurāz (for P. gurāz), Pompous,

haughty; frowning; bold, brave.

a غرازي <u>gh</u>urāzī, Pompousness, haughtiness; frown; boldness, bravery (see the preceding).

غراس <u>gh</u>arās, Sadness, sorrow.

A غراس <u>gh</u>aras, Whatever is voided by one who has taken a cathartic draught;-ghiras, The season proper for planting; a sapling, a young plant; (pl. of ghars) saplings.

aharāsh, A fracture, rent, scratch, عراش

wound; rage; force, violence; grief.

غراميدي gharāshidan, To chide; to be angry; to scratch.

gharāshīda, Angry; scratched. ghirāf, A count, an earl (G. Graf, probably through Russian).

ghirāf, A large measure for dry goods; (pl. of ghurfot) draughts of water.

A placem, Desire, cupidity, greediness; a fine, mulct; torture, torment; a tedious calamity, destruction, perdition.

يرما = aharāmā, = غراما q.v.

A debt which must be

a عراست زدة <u>gh</u>arāmat-zada, Mulcted;—

gharāmat-zada shudan, To be fined.

<u>ah</u>arrān, Iron (doubtful) ;—<u>gh</u>urrān (part. of ghurridan), Roaring, vociferating;

rapacious, fierce.

A Obs ghurran (pl. of agharr), White; illustrious; name of a place; (pl. of gharir) excellent dispositions; sureties; lives free from care; bubbles on water.

gharānīda, Angry, furious, en-

raged.

<u>gh</u>araurang, Large ;—ghiraurang, A great throne (cf. اورنگت p. 190).

مراكب aharā'ib (pl. of aharībat), Strange,

extraordinary things.

<u>aharā'ibāt</u> (pl. of the preceding), عراكبات

Strange or wouderful things.

عراك م gharā'ir (pl. of ghirārat), Sacks.

عرب A عرب gharb (v.n.), Being hid; going, departing, going to a great distance or to one side; the place where the sun sets; sunset; the West; Africa; being shed (tears); the flowing of tears; a lachrymal duct; abundance of spittle in the mouth, spawl, sputter; a day of watering; a waterbag; a large bucket; beginning, or first of anything; the first course, race, or starting of a fleet horse; the edge of a sword; sharpness of tongue; the most prominent part, edge, sharpness of anything; a reed, a reed-pen; the outer or inner corner of the eye; a swelling in the inner corners of the eye; a pimple in the eye; a sturdy kind of tree common in Hijaz; [sahmi gharb, An arrow from an unknown hand; -ghurb, Distance from home; (pl. of ghurab) crows, ravens; -gharab (v.n.), Being very black; being obscure, unintelligible; wine; silver, gold; a silver cup, a goblet, a bowl; water dripping from the bucket while drawing from the well; the odour of water or mud; a distemper incident to sheep; blueness in the eye of a horse; the white poplar; a willow; [sahmi gharab, = sahmi gharb above; -ghurab, A foreigner; rare, strange; name of a place; -ghurrab, Name of a mountain in Syria.

غرباء ه <u>gh</u>urabā' (pl. of <u>gh</u>arīb), Strangers, foreigners, aliens; travellers; poor people; beggars; in P. also used as a singular, a

beggar, &c.

q.v. for غرماسنگ = <u>qharbāsang</u> غرباسنگ which it is probably a misreading.

ע שׁנְאֹּלֵן <u>ah</u>irbāl, A large sieve, riddle, screen; a drum; a slanderer, whisperer;ghirbāli āb-gūn, The sky, firmament;ghirbāl kardan, To sift; to investigate.

a عربال بند ghirbāl-band, A sieve-maker. אַנּאָט <u>ah</u>irbān (pl. of <u>gh</u>urāb), Crows.

A hys gharbat, Distant; distance, longia. quity;—<u>ahurbat</u> (v.n. of بغرب), Travelling, departing, removing; being far from country and friends; distauce from home; foreign travel; exile; condition of a stranger; humility, lowliness; wretchedness.

aharbatān, A roller for smoothing غربتان the flat roofs of houses: a cuckold, pimp to

his owu wife.

a غربت ودية ghurbat-dīda, عربت ديدة ghurbatzada, Oppressed with misery, wretched, miserable.

a عربت کرای <u>gh</u>urbat-qirāy, Given to travelling.

يد <u>gh</u>arbad, A blemished bride.

غربلة gharbalat, gharbala (v.n. of غربلة), Sifting, scarching; riddling; a certain mode of coition.

به <u>gh</u>urba, Hiding tears, weeping

secretly.

a مِن gharbī, West, western, westerly; exposed to the setting sun; a sort of date; a red dye; wine prepared from unripe grapes without fermentation.

A جيب <u>gh</u>arbīb, <u>gh</u>irbīb, Very black ; the

best kind of grape.

gharbīr, غربير gharbīl, A sieve.

غربيك gharbīla, Alternate motion and rest. A قرط ghirrat, ghirra (v.n. of عرف به Deceiving or flattering; inexperience; careinattention. thoughtlessness: ghirra shudan, To be deceived, cheated ;-'alá-ghirrat-in, Unawares, without notice. off one's guard ;- 'an ghirrat-in, Through inattention;] — ghurrat, negligence or ghurra (v.n. of 54), Being white, having a white spot; whiteness, brightness; a blaze on the forehead of a horse (larger than a dirham); the new moon; the first night of the moon (properly of a lunar moon, but also applied to a solar one); the most excellent of anything; noble, illustrious; a lord, chief of a people; a servant, male or female; a slave, captive, boy or girl;— <u>ghurra'i în daulati roz-afzūn</u>, The founder (or foundation) of this daily-increasing empire; -ghurra'i māhi muḥarram, The beginning of the month Muharram;—ghurra'i nāsiyati saltanat u iqbāl, The star on the forehead of the state and its prosperity.

<u>gh</u>urta, Clamour, vociferation, noise. مرك م <u>ah</u>aras, A being hungry, hunger-

ing.

<u>gh</u>arjistān, Georgia.

غرچه <u>gh</u>archa, Ignorant, stupid; infamous; a catamite; a contented cuckold: name of an ally of Afrasiyal; Georgia; an inhabitant of Georgia,

A *j* ghard, A house of reeds; a house roofed with planks; a certain building appropriated to the governors of Surr-man-ra'á; a habitation for the summer;—ghard, ghird, gharad, A species of mushroom; a kind of shoe made of rushes;—gharad (v.n.), Singing, warbling; the motion of the body whilst singing;—gharid, ghird, Singing (bird);—ghirad, Warbling, melodious (voice).

غردل *ghar-dil*, Timid, cowardly-hearted. عرده *gharda*, A wheel ;—*ghurda*, A tumour, wen.

A yt gharar (v.n.), Having a white spot (the forehead); personal risk, exposure of oneself to danger; guarantee, pledge;—ghurar (pl. of ghurrat). The first three nights in the month; ornaments; (pl. of agharr) white; illustrious;—ghurar u durar, Ornaments and pearls; (met.) rhetorical phrases.

A j. gharz (v.n.), Piercing, pricking, poking (with a sword, needle, or sting); stitching, sewing; fixing the tail into the ground for laying eggs (locust); having but little milk (she-camel); putting the foot in a stirrup when going to mount; yielding obedience after having been rebellious; a leathern stirrup; a sucker engrafted into the trunk of a vine;—gharaz, Very bad herbage or bog-rush; (in P.) a kind of the herb shepherds-staff.

غرزاد ghar-zad, A son of a whore.

ωινέ ghar-zan, A strumpet.

ghars, ghirs, Rage, passion, excitement; soon angry; wearied;—ghirs, A

A square (v.n.), Planting, setting (trees); a plant, a sapling; [bi'ri ghars, Name of a well at Madinah;—wādī 'l-ghars, A valley near Fadak;]—ghirs, A mucous substance which proceeds from the womb at birth; a membrane covering the head of a new-born camel; the caul; a black crow.

gharsā, The herb elecampane.

غرث gharsh, Force; a scratch; anger;—ghirsh, Abhorrence, loathing;—ghurrish, Force; anger.

A پره <u>glarsh</u>, The fruit of a certain tree.

gharshā, Anger. غرها

ghurrisht, The roaring of a lion; the braying of an ass; the neighing of a horse.

غرهنه ghurshna, Name of a herb eaten when fresh, and serving, when dry, for washing the hands.

غرهيدن gharshīdan, To be angry.

غرهيدة gharshida, Angry.

الم غرض (v.n.), Girthing (a camel); filling a vessel; not filling (it) quite full; the space of a vessel, &c., not completely filled, which remains void; taking, receiving, cutting, gathering (anything) while fresh or new; weaning (a kid) before the

proper time; the breast-strap of a camel; ghurz, ghuruz (pl. of ghurzat), Girths of camels' saddles; breast-straps; — gharaz (v.n.), Being tired of, disgusted with; having a strong inclination for, longing, desiring greatly; fearing; ennui, languor, vexation; wish, desire, craving; aim, motive, view, intention; machination, interestedness, selfishness; rancour, spite, malignity, hatred; a butt or mark for archers; (used adverbially, mostly with the article) to state my intention, to sum up; briefly, in short; [gharazi khafi, Concealed malevolence, secret grudge ;—<u>gh</u>araz kardan, To persecute, conspire against, entertain a secret but mortal grudge; to lay a train for the ruin of another; to intend;—arbābi gharaz, Self-interested persons, intriguers;—al-gharaz, Upon the whole, to sum up, in short, in fine (see above);—bā <u>gh</u>araz, Deliberately, on purpose (see also باغرض p. 148);—li-gharazi-hi, For his own sake; - ghiraz (v.n.), Being fresh (meat, fruit, &c.).

a عرض آلود gharaz-āshnā, عرض آلود gharaz-

ālūd, Interested, selfish, designing.

a غرض آلودگي <u>gh</u>araṣ-ālūdagī, Defilement by selfishness.

a غرض آلودة <u>gh</u>araz- $al\bar{u}da$, Tainted with, defiled by, selfishness.

a عرض آصير $g\underline{h}araz$ -āmez, Malicious ; selfish, interested.

a غيمانة gharazāna, Malevolently;— maḥabbati bī-gharazāna, Disinterested love.

م منه <u>ah</u>irzat, ghurzat, The girth of a camel's saddle; a camel's breast-strap.

a عرض جوي <u>gh</u>araz-joy, and—

a غرصند gharazmand, Self-interested; desirous, wishing for.

a غرممندي <u>gh</u>arazmandī, Selfishness.

a عرضي gharazī, Interested, self-seeking, designing, artful.

مِعَانِ gharghāb, Noise, clamour; a whirl-pool.

غان gharghān, A cooking pot.

غرغار gharghāv, A wild ox, a buffalo.

a عرض <u>gharghar</u>, Axis, axle, cylinder, or barrel around which the rope is coiled in drawing water;—<u>ghirghir</u>, The Guineahen or jungle-fowl; a kind of herb;—<u>ghurghur</u>, Ruptured; having large testicles; a man muttering with rage.

A 5,4,4 ghargharat, gharghara (v.n. of ,4,4), Gargling; making a bubbling noise (as boiling water); a rattling sound in the throat; death-rattle; a guttural noise made by a shepherd; a fracture in the gristle of the nose; a gargarism, gargle;—ghurghurat, A noble illustrious man; a white star or blaze on the forehead of a horse; the maw, crop (of a bird).

a byte gharghara, The cylinder or axis about which the rope is entwined in draw-

ing water;—ghirghhira, A jungle-fowl;—ghurghura, Rupture; murmuring, muttering.

gharghasha, Dispute, causeless

quarrel.

which shoes are made.

aharghanja, gharghunja, A lewd woman

gharghand, A kind of leather.

غرغنده <u>ghargh</u>anda, Cordovan.

A jet gharf (v.n.), Taking up (water in the hand); tanning with the plant gharf or gharaf; entting the forelocks; clipping, polling, shearing;—gharaf, gharaf, Name of a tree used in tanning;—gharaf (v.n.), Being griped from feeding on the tree gharf or gharaf; the plant sumām, or this plant as long as it is fresh and green;—ghiraf (pl. of ghirfat), Slippers;—ghuraf (pl. of ghurfat), Upper apartments, parlours, supper-rooms.

A dight gharfat, One draught out of the hand; a single cutting, clipping, or shearing;—ghirfat, A sandal or slipper;—ghurfat, A parlour, upper apartment, room for taking meals; paradise, the seventh heaven; a box in a theatre (m.c.); a draught of water,

as much as one drinks at once.

ghurfuj, Wormwood; touchwood. a غونش ghurfish, Reproof, intimidation, bullying (that of a coward that affects

bravery).

غراني <u>ah</u>urfanj, Ruptured; having large testicles.

A 3, gharaq, generally pronounced ghark (v.n. of 3,2), Sinking, being submerged or drowned; submersion; a drowning; coition; drowned, sunk; overwhelmed; absorbed, deep in; [gharqi parān, Coitus perfectus totum immittendo membrum;—gharqi chashma'i sīmāb, Fascinated by worldly objects;—gharqi chashma'i qīr, Diving; grovelling in the world; sunset;—gharq shudan, To be drowned, to sink;—gharq kardan, To drown; to dive to the bottom, to plunge;]—ghariq, Drowned, immersed; [ghariqu 's-saut, One whose voice is drowned, and unable to speak from terror;]—ghuraq (pl. of ghurqat), Draughts (of milk).

a عُرَفًا و <u>gharqāb</u>, Deep water; a whirlpool; a shipwreck; <u>gharqāb</u> shudan, To sink, be drowned; <u>kh</u>ajari gharqāb, Danger of shipwreck.

A Lipt ghurqat, One draught (of milk);—ghuriqat, Very humid, saturated with mois-

ture (land).

a species of large trees, or of the thorn 'ausaj; the white of an egg;—baqī'u 'l-gharqad, The cemetery of Madînah (because formerly abounding in those trees).

a غير هدة gharq-shuda, Drowned.

a غونه <u>gh</u>arqa, Drowned ;—gharqa shudan, To be drowned.

a عرده عبد gharqa-gāh, Deep water from which one cannot extricate oneself.

عَرَّفًا غِيلَ <u>gh</u>arqá (pl. of <u>ghariq</u>, <u>ghāriq</u>, or <u>gharīq</u>), Drowned;—<u>gharqī</u> (in the parlance of Sodomites), Coition;— matā'i-gharqī, Membrum virile.

a غرل م <u>gh</u>aril, A man of a loosely-built

frame; a long spear.

A عرك ghurlat, The foreskin, prepuce.

gharm, gharam, Anger; a tax;—gharm, A mountain-sheep; a horned fighting ram.

A pt gharm (v.n.), Paying or owing a fine.

pharmā, A weight of two grains, half a dram (unsupported by examples; see black).

A debe ghuramā' (pl. of gharīm), Debtors;

creditors.

gharmāsang, gharamāsang, A cake fried in butter.

عرمان <u>gh</u>armān, Angry, passionate, choleric.

gharmānūsh, Dragonwort.

gharmij, Carraways.

gharmich, Coriander-seed. غرمندة gharmanda, Passionate.

gharmidan, To fly in a passion; to chide, repreach; to thunder; to murmur, mutter; to roar, bray; to rock a child in

عرميدة gharmida, Enraged, indignant.

غرى <u>ph</u>aran, Loud weeping and sobbing. غرطه <u>A</u> عبراطه <u>gh</u>arnāṭat, Grenada in Spain; according to others, Kanātak in Hindūstān.

عربه ghurumb, = عربه q.v. عربه ghurumbish, A loud and dreadful noise made by a man or beast; thunder.

غرنبنده ghurumbanda, Thundering, roaring.

عربه ghurumba, Exclamation, clamour; a tumult; a walking-stick.

غرنبيدن <u>gh</u>urunbīdan, To thunder; to bray, roar.

غرنج gharanj, Barley; a dish made of barley; a hook with which bread is taken out of the oven.

ghiranjagh, Barley.

<u>gh</u>urranda, Roaring, fierce (lion).

gharang, ghirang, A noise in the throat when sobbing or being strangled; noise, tumult;—gharang, ghurang, Weeping, lamentation, groaning.

عربوق A غربوق <u>gh</u>urnūq, A braided lock of hair;

.q.v غرنيق =

غرنيچى <u>gh</u>arnīchī, Intense cold.

a غرفيق ghurnaiq, ghirnaiq, A tender, comely youth; a black water-fowl with a long neck; according to others, a crane or bird resembling it.

nt gharr, A reed, an uncut reed or pen; a musical pipe made of a reed.

A y gharw (v.n.), Glueing; adhering (as fat to the heart); being filled with wonder, surprised; wonder.

gharwa, An uncut reed-pen.

gharwasang, = عرماسنك q.v., for

which it is probably a misreading.

gharwash, A plant resembling a عرواش brush used by weavers; the herb elecampane; - gharawāsh, Anger, indignation; sadness, sorrow; a scratch with the nails.

gharwāsha, A herb with which weavers sprinkle their cloth, or curriers

anoint leather; anger.

A برب <u>gh</u>urūb (v.n. of برب), Setting (as the sun or moon); the west; (pl. of gharb) the corners of the eyes; teeth, and their sharpness.

49 ghurūba, Exclamation, cry, clamour. gharūtanj, Ruptured; having large عروتنج

testicles.

gharūd, A bride whom her husband غړود 🛦

finds not a virgin.

A deceiver; the world; Satan, the devil; a gargle; -ghurur (v.n. of رَّعُرُ, Deceiving, flattering, feeding with false hopes; pride, presumption, vain-glory, folly; (pl. of gharr) folds in garments; (pl. of gharr) Trifles, things with which one is amused and deceived; construed with the verbs bar-ārāstan, khwurdan, shikastan, &c.; -ghurūr kharīdan, To behave proudly.

a غروي <u>gh</u>urūrī, Pride, haughtiness, vain-

glory.

<u>ghurūmba</u>, Noise, clamour, outcry. غريدن <u>ghurwidan</u>, To make a noise; to thunder (doubtful).

<u>gh</u>arwīzan, A sieve.

a مره gharra, ghirra, Haughty, proud ; deceived; cross; pride; gharra būdan (chudan), To be deceived; to deceive oneself; ghurra, New moon; the first day of a (lunar) month. (See also A. غرة.)

عرياسنك gharyāsang, A kind of pancake

fried in butter (see غرماسنگ

_ غريب <u>gh</u>arīb, Uncommon, strange, out landish, foreign; extraordinary; rare; a foreigner, stranger; poor, needy; humble, gentle, docile; al-gharib ka 'l-a'má. A stranger is like one blind ;-mardi gharib, A foreign man, a foreigner.

a عريبانه gharībāna, Fit for the poor; humble; like a poor person; humbly.

a عرب جرور gharīb-parwar, Cherisher of the poor.

a جب جروى <u>ah</u>arīb-parwarī, Kindness to

the poor.

مريبة <u>gh</u>arībat, <u>gh</u>arība, Anything rare, strange, or elegant; a poor woman.

a ها غريب عالم <u>gh</u>arib-<u>kh</u>āna, The humble dwelling (of your servant), my house.

a مان جيب <u>gh</u>arib-zāda, The son of a

whore, a bastard.

a غريب خواز aharīb-nawāz, Kind to strangers.

a غرب نوازي <u>gh</u>arīb-nawāzī, Courtesy or attention to strangers, hospitality; kindness to the poor,

a غريبي <u>gh</u>arībī, Foreignness, strangenees ; indigence; humility; -gharībī kardan, To

travel, become a stranger.

gharīchī, Intense cold; winter. a عريد gharīd, A bride falsely given as a

virgin (see غړود).

غريدي ghurridan, ghuridan, To thunder; to cry with a loud voice; to roar, bray; to yawn, stretch.

<u>ahurrīdane</u>, A scream, a shout.

gharir, Simple, deceived, inexperienced; a raw youth, easily imposed upon; a noble disposition, an agreeable temper; a surety, caution.

غريرن ghareran, Black mud lying at the

bottom of a pond.

ghoriz, Meekness, gentleness, forbearance.

אַנע A ביני ghuraiz, Name of a river.

والايم gharezān, A sieve.

A אַנִּנָּאַ *gharizat*, Nature ; (a camel) abounding in milk.

غريزي gharezan, Mud at the bottom of a pond; a sieve.

a غريري <u>gh</u>arīzī, Innate, natural ;—ḥarārati gharīzīya, Natural heat.

عربونگ <u>gh</u>arīzhang, Black mud at the bottom of a pond.

عربس ه <u>gh</u>aris, A sheep; a sheep called to be milked by uttering the word ghars ghars.

عربض <u>ah</u>arīz, Flowers of the palm-tree; anything fresh, bright, and shining; rainwater; an excellent singer.

<u>gh</u>arīf, A reed-bed, a papyrusbed; a thick forest; -ghiryaf, A soft and limber kind of plant; the papyrus.

gharefaj, غريفش gharefazh, غريفؤ gharefash, Mud, clay; high ground from which

boys slide down.

م بن <u>gh</u>arīq, Immersed, sunk, drowned, shipwrecked; a drowned or drowning person; cased (in armour); —gharīqi amwāji bihār, Swallowed by the waves of the sea; -<u>gh</u>arīgi rahmat, Overwhelmed with mercy, drowned in the mercy of God.

a غريق آب <u>gh</u>arīq-āb, Deep, out of one's

depth.

A my gharim, A debtor; a creditor.

a which gharin (for 'arin), A forest, wood, thicket; covert, haunt, place of resort (of the lion, tiger, &c.).

A eye gharin, ghiryan, Folly; thin clay; clay left by a flux of water, whether moist or dry; dirty water at the bottom of a pond; fresh butter.

<u>gh</u>urrīnish, غرينة <u>gh</u>urrīna, Exclamation, clamour, tumult (= غرنبه q.v.).

ghirev, Clamour, exclamation, lamentation, complaint, groaning, crying, howling, shrieking; uproar, tumult, mob.

ghirewanda, One غريوندة ghirewanda who laments or exclaims.

<u>ah</u>irewīdan, To exclaim, lament, make a clamour.

y ghuz, Name of a Turkish people given to robberv.

A olyc ghaza' (v.n.), Waging war; a war, a raid; -ghuzzā' (pl. of ghāzī), Soldiers; generals.

A قابة ghazāt, A warlike expedition against infidels; battle; — $ghuz\bar{a}t$ (pl. of $gh\bar{a}z\bar{\imath}$), Warriors, soldiers, heroes, champions.

A قرار <u>gh</u>azārat, <u>gh</u>azāra (v.n. of غرار), Being plentiful (milk); abounding in milk

(cattle); plenty, abundance.

عزال ه <u>ghazāl</u>, A fawn just able to walk, or till it can run at full speed; (met.) a delicate young person; agreeable; the sun; name of a village appertaining to Tūs, whence Ghazālī is said to originate (see عزالى below); [ghazāli sha'bān, Name of an insect;—ghazāli ka'ba, Certain fawns that, in the times of ignorance, are said to have been found in the well Zamzam, and suspended in the Ka'bah;—damu 'l-qhazāl, Name of a biting herb; tarragon;]-qhazzāl, A vendor of cotton-thread.

a عرالان <u>gh</u>azālān, Singers, musicians.

A lite ghazālat, ghazāla, A young deer, fawn, roe, gazelle; (met.) the sun, light, rays, especially the sun's mid-day radiance; -ghazālatu 'z-zūḥá, Breakfast, luncheon; -ghazāla'i falak, The sun; the sign Aries; --ka'bu 'l-ghazāl, A kind of sugar.

a غزالي <u>gh</u>azālī, A native of Ghazāl; surname of a noted Imam, thus called, however, according to others, because he used to sell in the markets cotton-thread spun by his mother (from Jyż ghazzāl, q.v.).

A bye ghazzat, Gaza in Palestine (the

birthplace of the Imam Shafi'i).

ghazghan, غزغن ghazghand, A kind

of leather; a cauldron.

A عول <u>ghazl</u> (v.n.), Spinning; spun; thread, twist ;-ghazal (v.n.), Speaking in the language of love or in verse; making love to women; stopping short in the pursuit of a fawn astonished at its voice (a dog); an ode, a short poem, a sonnet;ghazil, A poet, writer of erotic poetry; one who makes love to women.

t غزل ألاي <u>gh</u>izil-ālāy (for غزل ألاي q.v.), (red-spotted) A trout (m.c.).

A عوان <u>gh</u>izlān (pl. of <u>gh</u>azāl), Fawns,

gazelles, antelopes.

غول خوان غول خوان غول خوان غول خوان غول خوان a غزائي <u>gh</u>azal-khwānī, The recital of

a والدان <u>gh</u>azl-dān, A basket in which a women lays up her thread when sewing.

a امرل سرا <u>gh</u>azal-sarā, Singing, or singer of, an ode.

a غزل سرائي <u>gh</u>azal-sarā'i, The singing of an ode or odes.

a غول گوي ghazal-goy, A reciter of odes. <u>gh</u>uzlūlāwar, A copper vessel.

<u> ه خاليات gh</u>azliyāt, Odes.

ghuzm, Fear; anger, passion; hatred. ghuznak, A herb used in washing clothes.

غزنو $ghaznar{u}$, غزنې ghazna غزنو $ghaznar{u}$ ghaznīn, Ghaznah.

a غزلوي ghaznawi, Of or belonging to Ghaznah; surname of Sultan Mahmud.

a غرابية <u>ah</u>aznawiyah, The dynasty founded by Sultan Mahmud.

against an enemy; intending, purposing; aim, intent, purpose.

غزير <u>ah</u>azīr, Copious, plentiful, ample; abounding in milk (cattle), water (a foun-

tain), tears (eyes).

ליבע ahuzyūr, ahuziwar (?), A copper pan. # ghazh, Crawling on one's posteriors (like a child).

פּלְּוֹט ahuzhān, Name of an Indian fruit. בּילְּיּל ahuzhō, A grape-berry separated from the stalk; a grape-stone; also the skin of a grape; a cluster of dates; a cow's

teat; anger.

jje ghazhazh, Name of a very bitter herb. غيمًا <u>ghazhghā</u>w, A seaborse or cow, of the hair of whose tails the make little tufts to hang round the necks of horses, as well for ornament as to defend them from fascinating eyes; a sort of ox found on the mountains of Tibet.

ghazhghazh, spez ghazhghazha. A

jungle-fowl (cf. a غرغره ,غرغر).

والمانية ghazhghazhān, Creeping, crawling. غرفار ghazhqav, = لغيد q.v.

මරු ghizhak, A lute, harp, kind of violin (see غيوك).

مُرُم <u>ah</u>uzhm, A grape-stone or seed; anger; rage; hatred; vindictiveness; a wart.

غرنگ <u>qhazhang, =</u> غرنگ q.v. <u>gh</u>uzhūlīdan, To be diligent, attentive, to make haste.

يدن <u>gh</u>azhīdan, To accumulate, pile up, storey upon storey; to be heaped one upon another; to pick, gather; to be demolished; to hitch forward or backward on the buttocks (as children or cripples).

غويدة <u>gh</u>azhīda, Stuck together.

A غسن ghass (v.n.), Entering into and travelling over (a country); accusing, reproaching; launching a ship into water; driving away a cat by the word ghis; ghis. An exclamation to drive away a cat: repeated ghis ghis, it is used to call a cat; -ghuss, Weak, languid; worthless man or

غسا ghasā, An unripe date.

<u>a</u> غساس <u>gh</u>usās, A disease incident to camels.

غساق ه <u>gh</u>asāq, <u>gh</u>assāq, A cold, clammy, fetid humour, supposed to flow from the damned.

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غساف ghasāk, Ivy; a bog (this unsupported by examples, but see (غسك).

مسال م ghassāl, A washer; one whose

business is to wash the bodies of the dead.

• all the ghusālat, ghusāla, Water with which anything has been washed, dirty water; bathing; washed (garment).

wile Jime ghassāl-khāna. The house in which the bodies of the dead are washed; a wash-house; a dead-house, morgue (m.c.).

<u>a مسان gh</u>isān, A leathern dress worn by boys; -ghusan, The innermost recess of the heart; -ghassan, The impetuosity of youth; name of the father of a tribe in Yaman; also of a lake, on whose shores a branch of the tribe Azd settled, and after which they were called.

a غساني <u>gh</u>assāni, Very beautiful; hand-

ahasr (v.u.), Covering the female when she was not in heat (a camel); dunning, harassing a debtor; being intricate (an affair) ;—ghasir, Dark, intricate (business).

A dud ahasaf, Darkness.

عسى ▲ ghasq (v.n.), Being dark (night), being dim (eye); shedding tears; dropping (rain); flowing from the udder (milk);—ghasaq (v.n.), Becoming dark (night); darkness, especially at the beginning of the night; tares, darnel.

<u>ahasaqān</u> (v.n. of غستان <u>gh</u>asaqān (v.n. of غستان), Becoming dark (the night); emitting a yellow

matter (a wound).

ahasak, A bug.

غسل ghasl, ghisil, Marshmallows.

غسل <u>ah</u>asi (v.n. of غسل), Washing, performing ablutions; striking one so as to cause him pain; having frequent connection with a woman (a man), covering much (stallion); - ghisl, (A man or stallion) making frequent but ineffectual efforts to impregnate; name of a place; -ghust, uhusul, Washing the whole body after ceremonial uncleanness;—ghust dādan, To wash; -ghusuli shifa (sihhat), The first bathing after sickness; -ghusul kardan, To bathe. The word is also construed with bar-āwardan, zadan, &c.

a ghaslaj, Pearl-ashes, lye.

a عسل عالله ghusul-khana, A bath, bagnio. A غسلين ghislin, Washed (garment); water with which anything has been washed (= فسالة q.v.); yellow water and matter flowing from the bodies of the damned (= غساق = q.v.).

A مسم ghasm (?), ghasam (v.n.), Being dark, obscure (the night); darkness; confusion in speech; -ghusam, Parts of clouds.

A محسن <u>gh</u>asn, Mastication;—ghusn, Weak, soft, flaccid; -ghusan (pl. of ghusnat), Ringlets, locks.

ghusnat, A ringlet, a lock hanging over the forehead or from the mane.

A غسو ghusūw (v.n. of غسو), Becoming dark.

A غسى ghusūq (v.n. of غسى), Being dark (night); being dim and shedding tears (eye).

<u>ahasūl</u>, Anything for washing the hands (as water, soap, mallows, &c.).

<u>a عسيس</u> ghasīs, New-gathered but spoilt dates.

A غسيل <u>gh</u>asīl, Washed ;—<u>gh</u>asīlu 'l-malā'ika, Surname of Hanzalah bin 'Amir, who fell in the battle of Uhud, and having started from home in a state of ceremonial impurity, was washed by the angels.

a مشد ghash (for A. غشی), Longing (as a pregnant woman); a slight repose, slumber; astonished; stupor, fainting; wheeling round (as a horse);—ghash kardan, To

faint, to lose consciousness.

A شخ ghashsh, in P. ghash (v.n.), Dissembling, deceiving by false pretences, beguiling by pretended friendship, giving treacherous advice; adulterating; alloy; (a man) with a large navel;—ghishsh, Fraud, vice; treachery, dissimulation; hatred; -ghushsh, A deceiver, traitor; an adulterer.

A مشاه <u>gh</u>ishā', The pericardium; the covering of a sword, saddle, &c.; a pericarp.

ghishāsh, Beginning and end of darkness; a small quantity.

ghashāk, Fetid breath.

a حشامشه $g\underline{h}ashamushk$, حشامشه $g\underline{h}ashamush$, حشامشه q.v.

<u>ah</u>ashāwat, ghishāwat, ghushāwat,

A veil, covering.

غشته ghashta, ghishta, Mixed; moistened; smeared, soiled; brackish, sterile ground (see گشتهٔ p. 90).

<u>ah</u>ashash, Not clear, turbid, غشش

mixed; turbidness.

a عش کرده <u>gh</u>ash-karda, In a swoon, stupefied, insensible.

ghashq, The striking of anything soft (as flesh).

A مشم ghashm, Iniquity, injury; name of a valley or river; -ghasham (v.n.), Leaving no place (in a mangy camel, &c.) uncovered with pitch; cutting or gathering wood at night.

a غشمشك ghash-mushk, Name of a herb

mixed with musk (doubtful).

<u>ah</u>ashamsham, Intrepid, steady; غشمشم <u>ah</u>ashamsham persevering, constant, obstinate, headstrong, self-opiniated.

ghashn (v.n.), Striking (with a sword

or stick).

A same ahashwat, ghishwat, ghushwat, A

A عشوم ghashūm, Iniqitous (man); wars. A غشون ghushshun (pl. of ghushsh), Weak; worthless; deceitful, treacherous.

ahishih, Leaves of reeds;—ghusha,

An ornament for the neck full of amber .(.v.) غنبرينه =

مشى ه ghashy (v.n.), Being stupefied, fainting; becoming insensible; a swoon, a fainting-fit (see a شه above); surprising, coming unawares, rushing upon; lying with; striking with a scourge.

ghushya, Fetid breath (unsupported

by examples).

A Land ghashyat, A fainting fit, swoon.

A - ghasb (v.n.), Seizing violently, ravishing, sacking, plundering; compelling one to do anything; pulling forcibly the hair or wool from a hide without tunning it; usurpation; wrong, injustice, violence; misappropriation, embezzlement.

A Lot ghussat, ghussa, Strangulation, suffocation; grief, anxiety, sorrow, sadness; passion; construed with fire-khwurdan, &c.; -zū 'l-<u>ah</u>ussat, Surname of Husain bin Yazid (so called from an obstruction in his throat which prevented him from speaking

A data ghasas (v.n.), Having food sticking in the throat; sticking in the throat (meat); - ghusas (pl. of ghussat), Griefs,

ghasn (v.n.), Taking and cutting off; pulling (a branch) towards oneself; restraining; -ghusn, A branch (large or small); one branch growing out of another; name of a man.

A غصنه ghisnat (pl. of ghusn), Branches ;---

ghusnat, A twig, wand.

A φων ghuşun (pl. of ghuşn), Branches. a منه ما <u>gh</u>ussa-dar, Angry, choking with

a غمه ناك <u>ah</u>ussa-nak, Afflicted; passionate. a عمد كسار ghussa-gusūr, Who or what removes grief, sorrow, &c.

a عمد و<u>gh</u>ussa-war, Angry, wrathful;

passionate, choleric, fierce.

A غض ghazz (v.n.), Casting down (the eyes), lowering (the voice); enduring anything disagreeable or hateful; lessening, taking away a part; fresh, new, tender; full of vigour (youth); the young of kine; buds of a palm-tree.

A علما <u>gh</u>azā (v.n. of علمي), Being griped through eating of the tree ghazāt (camels);

the tree ghazāt itself.

عماب عمار ghiṣāb (v.n. of عمار), Being afflicted with small-pox; small-pox; a mote or anything similar in the eye; (pl. of ghazbān) augry, in a passion, passionate.

ghazār, Pure, adhesive, and greenish عضار clay; a bit of earthenware carried about one to avert the evil eye; -ghūzār, Name of a mountain.

A أيام ghazarat, Affluence, abundance, comfort, happiness; the female of the bird $qat\bar{a}$; name of a tribe.

ahazāz, ghuzāz, The space between the eyebrows; the nose; the part of the face which joins the nose; -ghizāz (v.n. of غض), Enduring anything disagreeable or hateful; casting down the eye; lessening; (pl. of ghazz) calves.

A غفی <u>gh</u>azāzat (v.n. of غفی), Being fresh, vigorous (youth); loss, detriment; defect, deficiency; a mean, base condition, baseness.

a مامان <u>ah</u>azān, <u>ah</u>uzān, Orts, broken victuals.

A - ahazb, Extremely red; a bull; a lion; stoniness; - ghazab (v.n.), Being angry; rage, anger, ire, wrath;—ghazabu'llah, The wrath of God; —ahazab kardan, dar ghazab shudan, To be or become angry, to fly into a passion.

<u>ah</u>azab-an, In a rage.

a قنب الودة ghazab-ālūda, Full of rage,

enraged, indignant, oppressive, &c.

a علمبان ghazbān, A stone hurled by a battering-ram; a balista; -ghazbāni falak, The sun; Mars.

A نمبانة <u>gh</u>azbān, fem, غمبانة <u>gh</u>azbānat, ghazbāna, Enraged, angry, furious.

a غضناك ghazabnāk, Enraged, angry.

a غمبناكي <u>gh</u>azabnākī, Rage, indignation, exasperation, fury.

a منبي <u>ah</u>azabī, Angry, wrathful; a passionate or a violent man; an oppressor; a fearless man, a dare-devil, a fire-brand.

A عفر ghazr (v.n.), Receding ; preventing ; cutting, dividing; inclining, feeling kindly towards; assigning to another part of one's estate; -ghazar (v.u.), Abounding in resources after having been in straits; - qhazir mazir, Comfortable, easy (life).

A alphe ghazra', Convenience, happiness,

comfort of life.

ghuzrāf, Gristle, cartilage.

A غضف ghazf (v.n.), Breaking (wood); letting his ears drop (a dog); farting (a she-ass); -ghuzf, A black bird of the qutā kind;—ghazaf (v.n.), Being dark (night); flabbiness (of the ear); an Indian palm-

A غضن <u>gh</u>aṣn (v.n.), Detaining, retaining, keeping back (a man); binding, imprisoning ; ghazan, A wrinkle, plait, fold; lassitude.

<u>ah</u>azanfar, A lion. غامنفر

A غمرب <u>gh</u>azūb, Enraged, choleric (man or woman); a malignant serpent; a restive camel.

<u>ah</u>azwar, Viscous, adhesive clay.

A عمومة ghuzūzat (v.n. of عمومة), Being fresh, vigorous (youth).

a غمير <u>gh</u>azīr, Green, flourishing.

A غضيض ghazīz, Deficient, diminished; fresh, green; tender buds of palm-trees.

A be ghatt (v.n.), Plunging, ducking (anyone) into water.

<u>ahit</u>a', A covering, a veil.

A Libe ghatat, A species of the bird qatā;

-ghatāt, ghutāt, First dawn; -ghitāt (v.n. 3 of Lt), Ducking one another.

ahitris, غطرس A غطرس غطرس غطرس A غطرس

just, oppressive, tyrannical.

A his ghitrif, A great prince, young, liberal, and generous; a young hawk; a. fly.

(into water); immersing one's person; drinking with the mouth from a vessel, without a cup, &c.

<u>A مُطْشُ gh</u>aish (v.n.), Walking slowly from disease or age; being dark (night);—

ghatash, Weakness of sight.

A de ghataf, Comforts (of life); bigness of the eye; length of the eye-lashes.

A what afan, Name of a tribe.

adu <u>shatt</u> (v.n.), Being overcast with clouds, layer upon layer (the sky);—<u>ghatal</u> (v.n.), Being intensely dark; covering the whole world (darkness).

A مطمطم ghatamtam, Surgy (sea), vasty

(deep).

dark (the night); rising, swelling (water); hiding, covering, enveloping.

ghatūs, Undaunted in battle or عطوس ه

danger.

A عطيط ghatīt (v.n. of مله), Braying (a camel); snoring; the noise made in the throat when choking.

A phatīm, The vast ocean, mighty

deep.

thick, dense, stout; close, closely-woven; substantial.

A the ghaff, Dry leaves;—ghuff, Food

sufficient for the day.

A , MA ghifār, A helmet fitting the head; name of the father of a tribe;—ghufār, Hair on the legs, forehead, cheek, jaws, neck, or back of the neck;—ghaffār, One who pardons greatly, is very forgiving;—ghaffāru 'z-zunūb, The pardoner of sins, God;—hazrati maliku 'l-ghaffār, The most mercifni God.

A blue ghifarat, A cloth worn under the veil or head-dress to keep them from being soiled by the perfumed ungnent with which women anoint their hair; mail, a steel-net worn under the cap to protect the head; a patch of cloth round the horns of a bow; one cloud overtopping another; a cloud over the top of a mountain.

ghuff, at ghufch, A sword having an undulating surface; an anvil; a place full of caverns or of hollows, especially where water stagnates; anything long, straight, and thick.

ghafchī, A low place where water collects; a shining sword.

غدة ghafda, Anything hard (unsupported by examples).

غارى ghafar غارى ghafarī, Violent pain (un-

supported by examples).

A she ghafr (v.n.), Covering; pardoning (sins); laying up, enclosing in a case or in a repository; rankling, being raw (a wound); relapsing (a sick person); relapse; tingeing, dyeing (grey hair); a mansion of the moon, consisting of three small stars in Libra; a bag, sack, wallet, &c.; body-pile; nap, shagginess of cloth;—ghifr, A calf; a certain insect;—ghufr, The young of a mountain-goat; name of a fortress in Yaman; (pl. of ghafūr) forgivers, pardoners;—ghafar (v.n.), Being raw (a wound); relapsing; hairs on the lower jaw, on the back of the neck, and about the thighs of a woman; shagginess of a garment, nap of cloth;—ghafir, Hairy (nape of the neck).

A فِلْمِ ghufrān (v.n. of مُعْرِ), Covering over; forgiving (sin); pardon, remission, absolution; — ghufrāni kāmil, A plenary

absolution.

عفش ghafsh (for gabz, q.v.) = معلم q.v.; ghafash, A winking, twinkling of the eye; dirt in the eye.

غفران پناه <u>gh</u>ufrān-panāh, Who takes, or has taken, refuge in divine forgiveness;

dead, deceased, defunct.

a غفست <u>gh</u>afṣat (probably from Ar. <u>gh</u>āfṣat " difficulty "), A sudden event or

emergency.

with a scourge; escaping one (wind); coming every hour to water (camels); approaching (the female) frequently (ass); a sudden return from absence; an assault,

sudden attack; a gentle rain.

A desert without roads or direction-posts; a place naked, without the vestige of habitations or people; one from whom no good is expected or evil feared; an ignorant, inexperienced man; verses whose author is not known; anonymous (poet); a blank (in lottery); unmarked (cattle or arrow);—ghafal, Carelessness, negligence; inadvertency; forgetfulness; abundance; comfort of life.

A خلف ghaflat (v.n. of غفل), Doing (anything) inconsiderately; forgetting, neglecting; imprudence, carelessness, negligence, indolence, forgetfulness; unconsciousness, insensibility, stupor: soundness of sleep.

insensibility, stupor; soundness of sleep.

a مفلت پیشه ghaflat-pesha, Of careless

habits, neglectful, thoughtless.

a عملت ghaflat-zada, Struck or over-come with stupor, &c.

a غفلت كار ghaftat-kār, Acting negligently, careless.

a غفلت ورز ghaflat-warz, Negligent, careless; uninformed.

a عفلت ورزى ghaflat-warzī, Negligence, carelessness, imprudence.

a غفلتى <u>gh</u>aflatī, Thoughtless, careless, neglectful, negligent, &c.

a what ahafanj, A leather bag worn round the waist by horsemen for drawing water; a wooden vessel for the same purpose; juicy food; a thin kind of bread. (Unsupported and doubtful.)

ghafw, High ground where water عفو م does not reach ;—also <u>gh</u>ufūw (v.n. of علم), Sleeping, slumbering; floating or swim-

ming upon water.

ghufūda, A week, se'nnight, hebdomad (from the beginning of Saturday to the end of next Friday).

A phafur, Forgiving, merciful, clement; [rabbi ghafūr, The most merciful Lord, God ;]—ghufur (v.n. of غفر), Pardoning, condoning, absolving; (pl. of ghafr) the young of mountain-goats.

ahafūl, A she-camel which shies عفول not at anything; very neglectful or imprudent (man);—ghufūl (v.n. of ففل), Neglecting, forgetting; leaving; imprudence, heedlessness.

skin; a curled ghufa, ghaffa, A lamb's skin; a curled sheep-skin.

A معمله ghafyat (v.n. of عطية), Sleeping, slumbering; high ground where water does not reach (see عفر).

A ghafir (v.n.), Pardoning; all, many; a helmet which completely encloses the head; [jammā'i ghafīr, jammi ghafīr, An immense crowd; \[-qhufair, Name of a

غى ه ghaqq, The hoarse croak of a raven; —ghiqq, The sound made by a boiling kettle ;—ghaqq, ghaqīq (v.n. of علی), Screнming (a bawk, &c.); boiling and making a noise (pitch, &c.); the noise made by water when passing from a wide into a parrow place.

ghak, Fat and dwarfish; ludicrous.

ghuka, A hiccough.

Je ghul, A saw; a yoke; a mountain-demon; (for ghulghul) tumult; — ghul ghadar, Noise and tumult.

A من <u>gh</u>all (v.n.), Suffering extremely from thirst; being introduced, entering; introducing, bringing; yielding a revenue; fettering, putting a chain round the neck; -ghill (v.n.), Fostering enmity; hatred, malice, envy; perfidy, treachery; fraud; [ghill u ghishsh, Oppression; objection, besitation; fraud, deceit; -bī ghill (ghill u ghishsh), Without guile; frankly, boldly;] -ghull, Extreme thirst; a yoke (for oxen); the pillory (for men); anything put round the neck (of iron, wood, undressed leather, &c.), a fetter, chain : ghull-qamil, Handcuffs and lice (proverbial for an ill-tempered woman).

A ملك ghalā' (v.n. of غلى), Being dear or high-priced; scarcity, dearness; name of a short-bodied fish; (a man) who shoots an arrow with force; an arrow flying high; [bi 'l-ghala', Dearly (bought or sold);] ghila' (v.n. of غلى), Bidding against, raising the price upon another; shooting (an arrow) with all one's might; (pl. of ghalwat) arrow-shots discharged as far as possible, &c.

A بالغ ghilāb (v.n. 3 of بلغ), Contending mutually for victory or superiority; -ghalāb-i, Name of a man; also of a woman; ghallab, One who conquers often, who is

frequently victor.

A whallat (pl. of ghallat), All sorts

of grain.

A ble ghilat (v.n. 3 of ble), Throwing into confusion; leading each other into error.

A ble ghilaz (pl. of ghalīz), Coarse,

thick, gross; ghulāz, Thick, rough, rude.

A &LA ghilāzat, Thickness, spissitude, grossness.

ghilāf, The sheath of a sword or knife; the cover of a flask, mirror; a pillow-case; a quilt; a pellicle, calyx; the foreskin; $-\underline{gh}il\bar{a}fi\,dil\,(qalb)$, The pericardium.

a غلافي ghilājī, Testaceous (fish).

<u>ahalāq</u>, Name of a place ;—ghallāq,

Name of a man.

a علال <u>gh</u>ilāl, هلاك <u>gh</u>ilāla, A close-fitting garment; according to others one worn under a coat of mail; -ghilāla, Grease at the roots of the bair; running water at the roots of trees; error, deviation from the right road.

غلاله <u>gh</u>ulāla, Curls, ringlets.

ghulam, A boy, lad, youth, one whose mustachies begin to grow; adolescent, pubescent; a servant, a slave; a page of the royal household; — ghulāmi falak-am, I am heaven's slave, said when any affair terminates in a manner contrary to one's wishes; a disappointment.

a علام باركي ghulām-bāragī, Pederasty.

a عالم بارة ghulam-bara (الله pāra), A sodomite.

a عالم خاله <u>gh</u>ulām-khāna, Corps of couriers,

king's messengers (m.c.).

a علم كردش ghulām-gardish, A sitting-room for servants, a servants' hall; a covered way, passage, corridor; a verandah

a غلامي <u>gh</u>ulāmi, Belonging to a servant ; servitude, slavery; a sodomite; youth-like. a معالمي عط ghulāmī-khat, A certificate of

A علب <u>gh</u>alb, <u>gh</u>alab (v.n.), Conquering, excelling; victory, tominion, power; -ghulb (pl. of aghlab), Thickly-planted orchards; ghalab (v.n.), Being thick-necked ;-ghalib, Victorious, prevailing.

A علبة ghalabat, ghalaba, Victory, conquest, superiority, assault, strength, power, dominion, prevalence, predominance.

غلبكن <u>gh</u>albakan, غلبكن <u>gh</u>albakīn, A latticed door; a garden-door behind which people sit; a railing (m.c.).

a غلبگي <u>gh</u>alabagī, Victory.

ghulba, An opening, a passage, esp. one by which water flows into a garden;

ghalbīr, عليم ghalbīz, A sieve.

ghilpīsa, A magpie.

A Sie ghallat, Corn, grain, fruits, harvest, produce; the return of an estate, rent, income; wages; -ghullat, Excessive thirst; also its burning heat; an under-waistcoat.

ghalt, A rolling, tossing, wallowing. A غلت ghalt (v.n.), Breaking a bargain, declining to buy; -ghalat (v.n.), Commiting an error (especially in calculation; cf. ble).

والمالي ghaltan, Anything round; a pearl. <u>ah</u>altānīdan, To cause to roll.

<u>ahaltbān, gh</u>altabān, A roller for smoothing the flat roofs of houses; a man who keeps a mistress or connives at the infidelity of his wife,

علتنك ahaltak, غلتنك ahaltanak, A carriage-

wheel; the pulley of a well.

غلته ghalta, ghulta, A rolling-pin.

وي ممتنيدي ghaltīdan, To tumble, wallow, roll.

<u>ah</u>als (v.n.), Mixing wheat with barley; eating them, or bread made of that composition; mixing; not striking fire (the stick zand); tanning; -ghalas (v.n.), Fighting hand to hand; thick of the fight, brunt of the battle; -ghalis, Fighting fiercely, hand to hand.

horse), with an even pace;—ghuluj, A

handsome youth.

knot which cannot be unloosed; one knot tied over another.

عليكى ghalchagi, Rusticity; vagabond

life, vagabondism.

ghalcha, A villager; a vagabond, strolling fellow; a rustic, peasant; a wandering soldier.

A علس <u>gh</u>alas, The darkness before the dawn or cock-crowing; -ba-ghalas, Before

day-break.

a ble ghalt (for P. ghalt), Rolling, &c.; ghalti asiya, The turning of a mill; -ghalt dādan (sadan), wā ghalt zadan, = غلطيدن q.v.

A ble ghalat (v.n.), Blundering in speaking or in calculating; according to others, the former, while the latter is expressed by above) ;—ghalatu 'l-'āmm, A popular mistake, a vulgar error ;—ghalat dādan, To induce into error, to deceive; ghalati 'awām (mashhūr), A received abuse, an idiomatical expression, or mode of speech currently used, though erroneous, a slang term ; -ghalat kardam, I confess my mistake or fault, I admit that I was wrong (m.c.). The word is also construed with the verbs uftādan, khwāndan, khwurdan, giriftan, guftan, &c.

a منا المكن ghalat-afgan, Throwing into

error, misleading.

فلطاف ghaltan, Rolling, wallowing, groveling; anything round or surrounding; a wrapper; an architrave; a pearl; -ghaltānpechan, Wallowing, rolling, foundering.

a علط الداز ghalat-andāz, A deceiver; an

arrow missing the aim.

ghalį̃ānī, The act of rolling, wal-

lowing. &c.

a علط بردار ghalat-bardar, An eraser (lit. error-remover).

a مناط علط يوhalat-bin, Who sees through the error or mistake.

غلط سير ghalat-sair, Who wanders astray.

a ملط فهم ghalat-fahm, One who perceives

the error or mistake.

a غلط فهمى ghalat-fahmi, The perception of an error; a mistaken notion, a misconception.

ahaltak, A wheel; a roller; a pulley. a علما كار <u>gh</u>alat-kār, Deceptive, delusive.

a علم كارى <u>gh</u>alat-kari, Deception, delu-

a غلط کو <u>gh</u>alat-go, <u>gh</u>alat-gū, A false relater.

غلطكوثي <u>gh</u>alat-go'ē, Relation of falsehoods. a علط نويس ghalat-nawīs, An erroneous writer.

ghalta, A leathern sheath over a scabbard; a thick sort of cloth; -ghalata, Galata (m.c.).

a علطي <u>gh</u>alatī, A mistake, error; slip;

fallacy.

يدن <u>gh</u>altīdan, To roll, wallow, trundle. A ble ghalz, Rough, rocky ground; -ghilaz (v.n.), Being thick (the body or a tumour, coarse (cloth or fare), rocky (ground); thickness, coarseness.

A ملطة ghalzat, ghilzat, ghulzat, Thickness, grossness, rudeness, asperity; - ghilzat,

Enmity, hostility.

ghilghich, A tickling.

ghulghul, Tumult, confusion, contest; vociferation, clamour; the chirping of birds; the noise made by liquor poured out from a narrow-necked vessel; a kind of dish; -ghulghuli tahlil u takbīr, The resounding noise produced by the Muhammadan war-cry allāh, allāh, or allāh akbar; ghulghul kardan, To cry out. Also construed with uftādan, afgandan, andākhtan, zadan, &c.

والعالم ahulghalāj, Throwing anything vio-

lently into the air.

A مُلْعُلِ ghalghalat (v.n. of غلغل), Being introduced; haste; a quick pace; a bringing in, introducing.

alale ghulghula, Riot, uproar; a kind of dish; -ghulghula'i ghamza, A wink of the

eye.

a ghalghalich, ghilghilich, هاهای ghalghalich ghalghalīcha, Tickling, titillation. ahulahūna, Paint for the face.

ghalf (v.n.), Putting up (a glass or flask) into (its) case; perfuming the beard or bair with civet; name of a tree used in tanning, and resembling the tree gharf (perhaps the same with it according to the frequent interchange of liquid letters); ghulf (pl. of aghlat), Uncircumcised; [qubibi ghulf, Hearts uncircumcised, i.e. not imbued with faith;]—ghulf, ghuluf, ghullaf (pl. of ghilaf), Sheaths;—ghalaf, Uncircumcision; the prepuce.

<u>a ملمة gh</u>ulfat, The prepuce, foreskin. ghalafj, ale ghalafch, ghalfach, A

hornet, wasn.

A علمان <u>gh</u>alfaq, Water-moss; a broadleafed water-herb; delicate, agreeable, easy relaxed, unstrung (bow); the fibrous wood of a palm-tree; the leaf of a vine whilst on the tree.

<u>alalq</u> (v.n.), Shutting, closing, bolting, or locking (a door); travelling far into a country; large, lean, and red (man or camel); a bar, bolt, lock, or any fastening of a door; -ghalaq (v.n.), Being dangerously galled on the back from overloading (camel); belonging of right to the pawnee if not redeemed in a given time (pledge); a holt, bar, or lock;—ghaliq, Difficult to understand (speech);—ghuluq, Shut, fastened (a door).

tale ghalqā, À plant resembling capers, hut which contains a milky, poisonous juice.

ين علقونه <u>gh</u>ulqūna, = غلقونه q.v.

all ghullak, A jar used as a till or save-

A علل ghalal (v.n. of غلل), Being thirsty; the burning heat of excessive thirst; a colander.

غلم <u>gh</u>alm (v.n.), Being lustful; lust; -ghalim, Lustful, libidinous, lascivious.

A غلمان ghilman (pl. of ghulam, in P. also used as sing.), Boys, youths, lads; servants; pages; — ghilmān u jawārī, Boys and girls, lads and lasses.

A علمة ghilmat (pl. of ghulām), Boys; ghulmat (v.n. of غلم), Being libidinous; lust; -ghalimat, ghalima, Lascivious, lust-

ful (woman).

ghilmich, alekling under the arm-pits; -ghilmich (ghilmilich) dadan, To tickle under the arms.

ghalmashak, A harsh, rough, or

perverse fellow.

a عل نهاده <u>gh</u>ull-nihāda, Pilloried; in the stocks.

<u>ah</u>ulūw, in P. ghulū (v.n.), Shooting (an arrow) with the greatest force; flying high (arrow); exceeding bounds; excess; transgression; rebellion; commotion, tumult, noise, din, out-cry; -ghulū kardan, To be excessive; to exaggerate.

A spe ghalwat, The shooting of an arrow as far as possible; bow-shot distance; the

utmost stretch of a horse.

علونيريا و ghalūfiriyā, Liquorice علونيريا

A Jak ahalūl, Food which one puts into one's belly; soft food, such as is eaten by old men; a traitor, deceiver; — qhulūl (v.n. of Ja), Defrauding, cheating, purloining part of the booty; fraud, deceit.

ghulūl, Meat sticking in the throat.

غاركة <u>gh</u>alūla, A ball, a pellet.

<u>gh</u>alūla-kamān, A pellet-bow.

الله <u>gh</u>ala, Unsteadiness, anxiety.

a ملك ghalla (see A. ملك), Corn, produce of the earth; grain; -ghulla, A till; a saveall; a narrow-necked gugglet; a small ball; a pellet; a marble.

a وأم علم <u>gh</u>alladān, A granary; [ghalladani 'adam, The earth;]-ghulladan, A

money-box or till; a save-all.

a باز ملك ghalla-zār, A place abounding in grain.

a غله فروش <u>gh</u>alla-farosh, A corn-factor.

A غلی ghaly (v.n.), Boiling (a pot).

a علی ghali, Dear, high-priced.

a علی ghilyān, A kind of pipe for smoking tobacco through water; a huqqah; ghilyan kashidan, To smoke a huqqah;ghilyāni nay-pech, A pipe with flexible tube (m.c.),

A فليان <u>gh</u>alayān (v.n. of غليان), Boiling,

fermenting.

<u>ahalīta</u>, A grass for making baskets. ghalīs, Adulterated (as wheat with barley).

<u>gh</u>ulījan, Mint.

ghalīdan, To wallow in the clay from excessive thirst (cattle); to flow (as water); to dive; to faint, swoon.

A عليد ghaliz, Gross, thick, rough, coarse. نامزي ghalīzan, نامزه ghalīzhan, Clay or blackish mud at the bottom of ditches or ponds,

A blick; condensed; gross, rude, rugged; rustic; avaricious; dirty, foul, filthy; obscene; severe in puuishing ;-ghalīzu 'l-qalb, Hard-hearted, unfeeling.

a غليظّي <u>gh</u>alīzī, Coarseness, thickness. ghilegar, A master عليكر ghileghar, عليغر

builder or worker in clay.

alīl, Thirst; the pangs of thirst; abuld ghalīl, Thirst; warmth of love or hatred; a mixture of trefoil and crushed date-stones with which camels are fed.

<u>gh</u>ulel, A pellet-bow. عليل

<u>gh</u>ulel-bāz, A pelleter with a عليّل بأز bow.

غليل بازى ghulel-bāzī, Pelleting.

A ملم ahulaiyim (dim. of ghulām), A little boy.

ghalev, Astonished; folly, wild fancy, stupidity.

عليواج ghalewāj, غليواع ahalewāzh, ghaliwazh, غليوارة ghaliwazha, A kite (bird).

ghalīwan, Black mud at a pond's hottom; name of a castle in Yaman.

ghilyūn, A galleon, a sort of ship.

A ph ghamm, in P. mostly gham (v.n.) Being cloudy (day); being intensely hot and suffocating; making sad; muzzling; covering; grief, sadness, anxiety, trouble, care; a source of regret; remorse; mourning, lamentation; loss, harm; -gham khwurdan, To commiserate, sympathise, care;—daf'i gham kardan, To dispel grief, drive off care. The word is also construed with the verbs uftādan, āmadan, dāshtan, raftan, rekhtan, zidūdan, kashīdan, guftan, nishastan, &c.

A shah ghamā', Grief, sadness; anything laid upon a horse to make him perspire;ghima', The roof of a house, especially the upper part covered with reeds or sand.

ghamār, ghimār, ghumār, A great crowd;—ghimār (pl. of ghamr), Whirlpools; deep seas; beneficent; (pl. of ghamrat) intensities, severities; crowds, throngs.

A jha ghammāz, An informer, accuser, detractor, sycophant, tale-bearer; (met.)

he eyes of a mistress.

a عمارك ghammazak, A bit of wood, cork, or quill, by which the angler discovers the bite of a fish, a float.

a عمارى ghammāzi, Slander, detraction.

a مام عم أهام <u>gh</u>am-āshām, Drowned in grief, enduring sorrow, &c.

هماض <u>gh</u>amāz, ghimāz (v.n. of غماض),

Winking.

a عم آلوده gham-ālūda, Drenched in sorrow, sad.

ghamām, A sponge.

ghamam, ghimam, A white cloud ;ghumam, Rheum, defluxion, cold.

<u>ahamāmat</u>, A cloud overspreading the sky; a white cloud; -ghimāmat, Hoodwinks; a bag used as a muzzle; a bridle, halter; —ghimāmat, ghumāmat, The foreskin of a boy.

a معمل ghamān (part. of an obsolete verb

ghamidan), Sad, sorrowful.

م ملك ghamā'im (pl. of ghamāmat), Clouds; (pl. of ghimāmat) halters bridles; muzzles; hoodwinks; blinkers.

a من من <u>gh</u>am-āyîn, Wont to inflict sorrow (heaven).

a عم بادة gham-bada, Sickness caused by BOTTOW.

a جم پرست <u>gh</u>am-parast, Addicted to grief. a عم يرورد gham-parward, Reared in sor-

a منه ghammat, Cloudy (night); intensely hot (night); -ghummat, Grief, anguish; difficult, intricate (affair); the bottom of

a عم تراش <u>gh</u>am-tarāsh, Removing or dispelling grief, &c.

A ghamj (v.n), Drinking, gulping (water).

a with gham-khāna, House of mourn-

ing.

a غمخوار <u>gh</u>am-<u>kh</u>wār, Devouring sorrow, i.e. afflicted, vexed, sad; condoling, pitying; an intimate friend (as partaking in another's feelings).

a غمنجواركي gham-khwāragī, Sympathy.

a غمنوارى gham-khwārī, Sympathy; cure, remedy; -gham-khwari kardan, To cure, to apply a remedy.

a عمنور gham-khwur, One who suffers in

patience.

a منخوري gham-khwurī, Patience in suffering, resignation, meekness.

a غورك <u>gh</u>am-<u>kh</u>wurak, A heron.

A عمد ghamd, ghimd (v.n.), Sheathing (a sword); cloaking another's faults; standing high in the well (water); having many branches (a tree); -ghimd, A sheath, scabbard, cover, case; a pod, husk, shell; ghamad (v.n.), Being abundant, also scanty (water in a well).

a واعمد gham-dan, Name of a certain edifice in Yaman, said to have been the first erected after the deluge, and destroyed in the time of the Caliphs; the world (as

being the abode of sorrow).

غمديدة <u>gh</u>am-dīda, Having seen sorrow, inured to misfortune, afflicted, distressed.

a عمر <u>gh</u>amr (v.n.), Covering, overflowing (water); plenty of water, sufficient to cover anything; a whirlpool, gulf, abyss; deep, the main sea; a crowd, mob, mixed multitude; liberal, generous (man); excellent, swift (horse); spacious (garment); [gham-ru'l-khuluq ('r-ridā), Beneficent, most liberal]; -ghamr, ghimr, ghumr, Inexperienced in business, raw; -ghimr, Thirst; malevolence, hatred ;-ghumr, Saffron ;ghamar (v.n.), Hating, detesting; greasy and smelling from meat (the hands); the smell of anything on the hands (as meat, fish, &c.); a mob, crowd; hatred, ill-will; [mandilu'l-ghamar, A napkin, towel;] — ghamir, Who or what smells of fish or any other disagreeable thing;—ghumar, A small dish or cup; (pl. of <u>ahamrat</u>) adversities, misfortunes.

ghamarāt, in P. ghamrāt (pl. of ghamrat), Intensities, severities; crowds,

a المراه ghamrān, Calamities, adversities;

putrid matters; name of a place.

A By a ghamrat, Intensity, severity; a mob, a crowd, mixed multitude; adversity, misfortune, calamity; agony of death; a great mass of water, an abyes, a whirlpool; a quince (this unsupported); -ghimrat, Thirst; -ghumrat, A kind of liniment used by women to impart lustre to their complexions; an inexperienced and foolish woman; saffron; - ghamirat, (A hand) smelling of meat or fish; a black garment worn by slaves and handmaids.

a غمرسيدة gham-rasida, One upon whom sorrow has come, grief-stricken, afflicted.

a عمرور <u>gh</u>umr-war, Like one inexperienced in affairs.

A yet ghamz (v.n.), Accusing, impeaching, defaming; beckoning, winking, making a sign (with head, hand, eye, or eyebrows); limping, dragging their feet along (cattle); feeling cattle (if lean or fat); pressing the finger upon anything, squeezing, pinching; [ghamzi 'ain, Winking with the eye; dissimulation; connivance;]—ghamaz, The worst part of one's property; weak (man); lean beasts.

a loyat gham-zidā, Who or what drives away, or wipes off, care; cheerful, exhilarating

a غبوداي gham-zidāy, A remover of sorrow, a consoler; the 8th day of the month.

a غمردگی <u>gh</u>am-zadagi, Affliction, grief. a عموده <u>gh</u>am-zada, Sorrow - stricken,

afflicted.

a byte ghamza, A wink or a signal with the eye; an amorous glance, coquetry, ogling; the eye-lid;—ghamza'i akhtar (sitāra), The twinkling of a star;—ghamza'i sar-tez, Joy, gladness;—ghamza'i gul, The opening of a rose, or any flower;—ghamza'i nargis, The opening of the narcissus, i.e. of the eye of a mistress;—ghamza'i lājawardī, Glances, winks not repeated.

a ون <u>gh</u>amza-zan, Casting amorous glances, ogling; coquettish.

a de ghams (v.n.), Immersing, ducking into water, dipping, steeping; setting (a star).

a عستان ghamistan, An abode of grief; a house of sorrow or mourning.

a عم سنع gham-sanj, Pondering over sorrow.

A عمش <u>gh</u>amash (v.n.), Being dim (the

eyesight) from hunger or thirst.

علم ghams (v.n.), Despising; disparaging, neglecting; being ungrateful;—ghamas, Impure matter flowing from the eye.

A data ghamz (v.n.), Being easy, conniving, indulgent; connivance; travelling, posting across a country; penetrating deep into the flesh (sword); low, level ground;

-ghum; (v.n.), Winking; a wink of sleep.

A bat ghamt (v.n.), Despising, holding cheap; being ungrateful for health, returning no thanks for prosperity; slaughtering (cattle); drinking much water; low ground.

a the pe gham-ghalat, What makes to forget sorrow or care; diversion, pleasure,

pastime; wine.

a غم فرسودگی <u>gh</u>am-farsüdagi, Care-crazed-

a عم فروده gham-farsūda, Care-worn. a عم فراى gham-fazāy, Increasing grief or sorrow. A see ghamaq (v.n.), Being moist with dew (ground); lying on the earth (dew); —ghamiq, Rank from too much moisture (herbage); soaked with dew; near to water (ground).

a عمكدة gham-kada, The mansion of sorrow.

gham-kusār, A friend, an intimate companion, confidant;—bāda'i gham-kusār, Wine, the dispeller of care.

a عنكسازي gham-kusārī, The driving away of melancholy; friendship, society, companionship.

a عمکش gham-kash, Who endures grief continues in sorrow, &c.

a عمكن gham-kun, Afflicted, sorrowful, grieved.

a عمكسار gham-gusär, A dear friend; the 8th day of the month.

a عم کسل <u>gh</u>am-gusil, Removing care, grief, sorrow.

a مكيك gham-gīn, عمكين ghamnāk, Sorrowful, full of grief.

a غمينكي <u>gh</u>am-gīnī, غمناكي <u>gh</u>amnākī, Grief, sadness.

A diskin with the hair upon it, till it becomes soft, and loses the hair; also letting it remain too long till it rots; putting green fruit under straw to ripen; covering a person with bed-clothes to produce perspiration; amending, correcting, adjusting; heaping up (grapes); riding (one plant upon another); name of a place; —ghamal (v.n.), Growing sore from bandaging (a wound); mortifying (a wound).

A see ghamam, Length and thickness of hair on the head,

A منه ghamn (v.n.), Putting green fruit under ground to ripen and mellow; putting under ground a skin to soften and become smooth; throwing clothes upon a person to make him perspire (see مغل).

a عمناك ghamnāk, Disconsolate, melan-

choly.

a عنده ghamand (for gham-mand), هنده ghamanda (part. of ghamīdan), Sorrowful; enrayed (see عامان).

A عبود ghumud (v.n. of عبود), Becoming covered with leaves; drying up (water in a well); (pl. of ghimd), Sheaths, scabbards, cases.

A غمور <u>ghamūz</u>, (A she-camel) of whose fatness one cannot be certain except by feeling (see محرف and عروك).

ghannus, Deep (stab); difficult, intricate, mysterious (affair); a false oath, gross perjury; an oath by which another's property or rights are jeopardized; a shecamel having no appearance of pregnancy, although being with foal.

عبوص <u>a ghamūs</u>, False (oath), perjury; the lesser dog-star; name of one of the

feven fortresses which Muhammad wrested rom the people of Khaibar.

A عموض ghumuz (v.n. of عموض), Being low and level (ground); being unintelligible (speech); conniving in buying and selling; (pl. of ghamz), Low-level grounds.

A عمونية ghumūzat (v.n. of غمونية), Being low and level (ground); being unintelligible

(speech), having an occult meaning.

A phumum (pl. of ghamm), Cares, griefs; small, scarcely visible stars.

a عبد ghamī, Unhappy, sad, sorrowful; [ghami shudan, To be afflicted, pained, wounded;]-ghame, A grief, a sorrow.

a غميار gham-yār, Yawning, gaping; sad. a was ahamidan, To grieve, to be sad, to sorrow (a verb apparently out of use, from which the forms what and same are derived).

ahamīr, Green grass which is overtopped and sheltered from the sun by the taller and drier herbage; seed of the plant buhmá; plenty of water, an abyss.

A park (night); unknown (thing); darkness, obscurity, invisibility; green grass growing amidst higher and drier herbage; a reed-bed or jungle, wherein one may conceal himself; -ahumais, Name of a tank or pond.

A shumaisa', Name of a place; the

lesser dog-star.

A amīm, Milk thickened by boiling; sour, coagulated milk; green herbage growing at the roots of the dry; [kurā'u Îghamīm, Name of a valley between Mecca and Madinah; -ghumaim, Name of a valley or river.

a نبيك ghamīn, Sad, sorrowful.

wa ghan, A heavy stone suspended for pressing oil or cheese; a stone or wooden mortar.

A فناه <u>gh</u>anā' (v.n. of غنی), Abiding (anywhere); supplying the place of another; freedom from want, competence, sufficiency; riches, wealth; profit, advantage, usefulness; power, ability; -ghina', A song, air, tune; vocal music.

هناة م ghunāt (pl. of ghānī), Rich.

ghunāda, Name of an instrument; also of a game.

a غنام <u>gh</u>anām, Name of a camel ;—<u>gh</u>annam, Name of two of Muhammad's com-

a المنامل ghunāmā, A great endeavour or effort; hazā ghunāmā-ka, This is your concern, or should be your chief aim (cf. p. 869).

anā'im (pl. of ghanāmat), Spoils, غنائم A غنائم

preys, booties; plunderers, enemies.

ghumba, Clamour; reproach, defa-

A غنة ghunnat (v.n. of غنة), Talking through the nose; a sound emitted through the nose, a nasal twang, nasality.

a منع ghanj, A paint for the face; a large

sack, a portmanteau; an amorous gesture, a leer; when affixed to nouns it denotes affection, as bīmār-ghanj "sick, in pain;" ghanj, ghinj, Buttocks, thighs. (See the following article.)

A منح ghunj, Black smoke; — ghunj, ghunuj, Amorous gestures, coquetry; ghanaj (v.n.), Darting amorous glances; walking gracefully; alluring, playing the coquette; an old man; -qhanaju 'l-qaum,

The head of the tribe.

ghanjār, منجارة ghanjāra, A red paint for the face; amorous playfulness, blandishment. (Construed with dadan, and yāwa shudan.)

ahanjāl, Green sour fruit.

ghanjara, Paint for غنجرة the face.

שיבירש ghanjrash, ghanjrish, A frog.

ghanjmarish, غنجموش ghanjmarish, غنج مرش A frog.

ghunja, A rose-bud; the blush of a rose; -ghanja (ghunja) kardan, To bake; to knead; to collect.

غنجيدن ghunjidan. To speak obscenely;

to jest, play, toy.

أنچكى ghunch agī, Budding, blooming. <u>gh</u>uncha, A rose-bud ;—<u>gh</u>uncha'i āb, A bubble; —ghuncha'i arghawan, A spark of fire; a live coal; —ghuncha bastan, To form a bud; -ghuncha būdan, To assemble; to collect oneself; -ghuncha'i taryak, A poppy-bud;—ghuncha khasbidan (khwābidan), To lie meditating;—ghuncha zadan, To bud;—ghuncha shudan, To assemble, be collected together, to collect one's thoughts, to meditate; -ghuncha shiguftan, The bud opens into blossom;—ghuncha'i qālī, Flowerbuds forming the design of a carpet; ghuncha'i kabgi darī, Name of the seventh note; -- ghuncha kardan, To knead; -- ghuncha gushādan (gushūdan), The bud opens; -ghwncha nishastan, Tosit in deep thought. (See also هنچه, which occasionally occurs in the same combinations).

غنچه پیشانی <u>gh</u>uncha-peshānī, With contracted brow, frowning; austere, morose.

a عنده خاطر <u>gh</u>uncha-<u>kh</u>ātir, Afflicted, sad, sorrowful.

غنيه غيب <u>gh</u>uncha-<u>kh</u>asb (خواب <u>kh</u>wūb), Lying or sleeping with the hands and feet drawn in (as the poor who have no covering); according to others a vagabond, libertine, rake.

عنچه عاطر = <u>gh</u>uncha-dil, غنچه دل q.v. cha-lab, With a mouth or lips like a rosebud; a mistress.

غند ghund, Collected, assembled; a crowd. A عندر ghundar, ghundur, Fat, thick; soft, delicate (youth); -ya ghundar, O importunate (teaser or questioner)! O you bore!

ي غند ورو ghund-rūd, A small brazen trum-

pet for collecting people together.

ghundish, Cotton beaten out of the pod and made up into rolls.

ghundmash, A kind of pulse, a عندماش

sort of French bean.

ghunda, Collected, accumulated; a ball of dough; cotton made up into rolls for spinning; a small brazen trumpet; a kind of spider or tarautula; stink; a sour cake; a bubble.

אַנגא אַ <u>gh</u>unda-bur, A knife, scissors.

ghunda-rūd, A small trumpet for collecting people together.

ghandī, A cloud ;—ghandī, ghundī,

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ي عنشيدن ghanshīdan, To indulge in idle

talk, to talk nonsense.

A hit ghanz (v.n.), Weighing heavily upon, breaking the spirits (an affair); being at death's door; <u>ghanz</u>, ghanaz, Excessive grief; grief or melancholy that brings one nigh unto the grave, but from which one afterwards recovers.

<u>gh</u>unqīlī (G. γογγύλη), A turnip. ghang, A strong piece of hard wood,

from which they suspend the stone ahan; a loud noise; an ass; a wooden or stone

ghanm, Name of a branch of the tribe sa'lab; — ghanm, ghunm, ghanam (v.n.), Carrying off as plunder, getting booty; ghunm, Plunder, spoil; a fortunate hit;ghanam, Sheep or goats; cattle; a flock.

عنو <u>gh</u>unav (imp. of <u>gh</u>unūdan), Sleep

thou; sleep, slumber.

غنود كاة <u>gh</u>unūd-gāh, A bed-chamber.

<u>ah</u>unūdagī, Droweiness, elumber. ahunudan, To slumber, sleep, doze, rest, repose; to roll; to faint.

ghunuda, Sleeping, dozing, drowsy. ghunūz, Indolent, lazy, at leisure;

monthly pay (doubtful word). ghunwand, Condition, pact, cove-

<u>gh</u>unawidan, To doze, slumber.

منة ghunna, see A. منة.

a عنى <u>ah</u>aná (v.n.), Being independent of ornament (a woman); abiding in a place, settling; living; ability to do without, independence; remedy, help; escape; -ghiná (v.n.), Being rich, riches, wealth ; -ghanī, Rich, wealthy; independent, able to dispense with; -ghanī u muhtāj, Rich and poor.

غنيران ghanīzān, A cornel; according to

others a sloe.

A منيم ghanim, Plunder, spoil; the acquisition of a thing without toil and trouble; taker of spoil, plunderer; enemy, foe, adversary.

a غنيمانه ghanīmāna, Like an enemy, in a

hostile manner.

🛦 غنيمة <u>ah</u>anīmat, <u>gh</u>anīma (v.n. of غنيمة), Carrying off booty; making a fortunate hit; plunder, booty, spoil (taken especially in a war with infidels); anything acquired without trouble or gratuitously; abundance, wealth, plenty; affluence, good fortune; [ghanima shumurdan, To account as gain. Also construed with danistan, kardan, giriftan, &c.]-ghunaimat, A little sheep, &c.

a عنيمت کش ghanīmat-kash, Who carries off booty; who draws gain or advantage

غنينة ghanina, A bees-nest or hive; a swarm.

غو ghav, Thunder; tumult, noise; a voice; shouts of soldiers or clang of warlike instruments. (See 444).

A عوات ghuwās, ghawās, A cry for help;

an assistant, helper, defender.

A غوار في ghiwār (v.n. of غوار م ghiwār (v.n. of excursions, invading; - ghauwar, Who makes frequently hostile excursions; a whirlpool.

A عوارك ghawārib (pl. of ghārib), Sum-

mits, upper parts.

عوازل م ghawazil (pl. of ghazilat), Spin-

ning women.

غواهي ه ghawāshī (pl. of ghāshiyat), Coverings for saddles, saddle-cloths.

A diver (for pearls); penetrating, subtle; name of a bird; (for T. qauwās), A policeman (m.c.).

a غوامى ghauwāsī, Diving; a plunge into water;—ghauwāsī kardan, To dive.

yhawālang, A dried apricot.

a عوالى ghawālī (pl. of ghāliyat), Per-

fumes, &c.

a عوامض ghawāmiz (pl. of ghāmiz), Lowlying places; intricate questions, abstruse matters.

A عوالي <u>gh</u>awānī (pl. of ghāniyat), Songs; singing women, songstresses; women despising ornaments, satisfied with their own natural beauty; girls much courted, yet remaining contentedly unmarried in their parents' houses; chaste women in general.

A غواية <u>gh</u>awayat (v.n. of غواية), Being de ceived, erring; eccentricities; desperation.

غواكل م <u>gh</u>awā'il (pl. of <u>gh</u>ā'ilat), Misfortunes, calamities, evils.

<u>qhūbinak</u>, A herb used in washing. غوت ghot, A sling; a plunge into water; a certain downy plant; cheerful, ready.

ية ghauta, ghūta, A plunge under water

(cf. A. abot).

مُوك مَ غُرِك A cry for assistance, generally with the word wa ghausāh, i.e. Help! help! an assistant, defender; one who redresses complaints; a title of Muhammadan saints; name of a tribe in Yaman.

a غوثية ghausiyat, ghausiyat, The state or quality of a ghous (see preceding article),

saintship, sanctity; devoteeism.

A type ghauj (v.n.), Being doubled, bent, folded;—ghauju 'l-labān, (A horse) with a broad chest.

ghūch, A horned ram used to fight. ghūcha, A cock's comb.

ghauchī, A deep well. موچى

غور ghaur (ghawar), Violent pain (see غور); ghor, A catamite, a pathic; ghur, A sort of measure weighing twelve sukhkh; name of a country contiguous to Kandahar.

ghaur (v.n.), Setting (the sun); flowing down upon low ground (water); being deeply sunk in the socket (eye); waxing hot (day); benefiting, doing good; expiating murder by a mulct; water which flows down upon low grounds; soft ground; the bottom (of anything); depth, profundity; reflection, deliberation, deep thought, profound research; abstraction; circumspection; a cave, cavern; sloping ground west of Tihamah; a low-lying district betwixt Jerusalem and Hauran, three days journey in length and two leagues in width; -ghiwar, The price of blood.

ghaurā, Malediction, imprecation,

foolish talk.

عوره با a_{r} - ba_{r} عور با ghar- ba_{r}

a غور پرداعت <u>gh</u>aur-pardā<u>kh</u>t,' Attend-

a عور رسى <u>ghaur-rasī</u>, Deep research. a عور طلب <u>gh</u>aur-talab, Requiring or deserving consideration.

عور كار a ghaur-kār, Bottom of any thing.

a غور کرده <u>ghaur-karda</u>, Meditated, de-liberate, prepense. a عور كلي <u>gh</u>aur-kullī, Attentive investi-

gation.

ghoragi, Unripeness (of fruit); dar ghoragī mawiz shudan (to become raisin while the grape is vet unripe, met.), Not obtain one's wish, to be disappointed, to perish ;-dar ghoragī mawīz kardan, To disappoint; to ruin, to destroy.

ghor-magas, A fly of reddish غور مكس

green.

ا بروه په $gh\bar{u}rw\bar{u}$, = 4 مروه $gh\bar{u}rw\bar{u}sha$, A kind of herb with which weavers smear their cloth and curriers their hides.

s, ahora, ahūra, Unripe grapes or dates; a colour in pigeons;—ghūra afshurdan, To cause to weep; to envy; to rejoice at another's distress; to overcome; - ahūra dar chashmi kase kardan, To worry another's life; <u>gh</u>ūra'i mā mawīz shud, We have perished before reaching maturity (see dar <u>ah</u>oragī mawiz shudan under غوركي).

ghūra-bā, Meat dressed with the

juice of unripe dates.

ghorî, A sort of porcelain which breaks the moment poison is put into it; a plate.

غوريدي ghūrīdan, To encourage to fight; to put to flight; to be satisfied, satisfied.

A jet ghauz (v.n.), Intending, purposing, siming at.

sje ghoza, A cotton-pod; a string of

silver beads, rosary (also called ahoza'i nuqra); -ghozā'i āb, Bubble of water.

ghūzha, A cotton-pod or nut; the

bud of a flower.

ghosh, A very hard wood, of which arrows, darts, and saddle-timbers are made; the birch-tree; the ear; dung of animals; a led horse; a look, a looking about, amusement; stark-naked.

ghoshā, Dung of animals; a bunch of dates or grapes; an ear of corn; a fold

for cattle.

غوهاد ghoshād, ghaushād. A circular area; a balo; a nocturnal fold for cattle; a halting-place for caravans; an inn; a resorting place of demons; a tall tree; dung of animals.

عوهاك ghoshāk, Dung of animals; a fold

for cattle.

ghoshāy, An ear of corn, especially غوهاي those left by the reapers for the poor to glean; dried cows' dung, used as firing; a nocturnal fold for cattle.

ghausht, Herbs unfit for pasture (unsupported by examples);—ghosht, Stark-

naked.

غرهنگ <u>gh</u>avshang, A goad (see غرهنگ). ghoshna, ghoshana, An alkaline غوهنه herb, used to wash the hands; a species of mushroom.

ghosha, A herb, eaten when fresh, and used when dry for washing clothes; a kind of food; the birch-tree; an ear of corn; a cluster.

ghaus (v.n.), Diving, plunging into water to bring anything up (especially pearls); studying any subject to the bottom.

<u>a عوط ghaut</u> (v.n.), Being dipped or plunged into; sinking (as the feet amongst sand); consideration, deep meditation; low-lying ground; $-gh\bar{u}\underline{t}$ (pl. of $gh\bar{a}'i\underline{t}$), Low-lying grounds.

a غوطم غاته <u>ghotam-gh</u>āta, A game in which swimmers dip one another under water.

a غوطه <u>gh</u>oga, Dipping, diving; a dip, a dive ;-ghota khwurdan (zadan, firo burdan, namudan), To dive, plunge; -ghota dādan, To give a ducking.

a غوطه باز ghoṭa-bāz, A diver.

a غوطه خور <u>ghota-kh</u>wār, غوطه خوار <u>ghota-</u> khwur, A diver; whatever dips or is dipped. a عوطه خوري ghoja-khwuri, The being dipped.

ي غوطه كاه م <u>gh</u>ota-gāh, A place for diving.

a بوطه ور <u>ghotawar</u>, A diver.

A موغاه ghaughā', Locusts of a reddish colour, scarcely able to fly; a confused multitude of people; (in P.) a noise, cry, tumult, uproar, clamour, disturbance, contest, squabble, quarrel, debate (construed with shikastan and kardan); a company, assembly (construed with uftadan, barkhāstan, burdan, dāshtan);—ghaughā kardan, To quarrel; -ghaughāyi hirāsandagān, Cry of penitents for mercy.

غرغائى <u>gh</u>aughā'ī, Noisy, riotous; name

of a bird; uproar.

ghūghū, A pigeon, a dove.

ghoq (for ghok), A frog.

ghok, A frog; a butt for archers.

ghokān, A frog; frogs.

ghok-chob, A stick for playing عوك جوب at hockey or tip-cat; faithless, fickle.

ghaul (v.n.), Assaulting suddenly غول ه and unexpectedly, overcoming and destroying; carrying off unawares; an oppression of the mind, a loss of the senses (from drunkenness); drunkenness, intoxication; a head-ache; low-lying, sloping ground; distance of a desert, stretch, extension; name of a place;—ghūl, Destruction, ruin; an accident, calamity, misfortune; anything which destroys reason; a serpent, dragon; death, fate; a man-devouring demon (see the following article).

a عول ghol (for A. ghūl), An imaginary sylvan demon, of different shapes and colours, supposed to devour men and animals (a congener of our European loupgarou, or man-wolf); caverns made for the protection of cattle by night; a band, troop, multitude; twin children; a rogue, rascal, bastard; the seed of a plant called horses' ear; the ear; -gholi biyābān, A demon of the waste; -gholi siyah, A dark night; gholāni rozgār, Worldly-minded, unprin-

cipled people.

<u>ah</u>olānīdan, To cause to put to عولانيدن flight.

ghūltāsh, A helmet.

.v. غوله دنگ <u>gh</u>oladang, = غولدنگ

gholak, A money-till, save-all; the pool in which gamesters put the stakes; a hidden thing, a mystery.

غولو <u>ghūlū</u>, A peach (m.c.). كان <u>gh</u>aula, Silly, out of one's mind ; ghola, A granary; a money-till, save-all; the pool.

ghola-dang, Round, plump, fat,

stout; vicious, turbulent, seditious.

<u>ah</u>olīdan, To put to flight; to instigate to battle; to chide, revile; to quench (thirst).

gholin, A wide-mouthed cup, ewer,

or jar.

a عبي ghawi, Seduced, led astray.

ghuwair (dim. of ghār), A little cavern; name of a river belonging to the Banu Kalb.

ghawisha, A kind of mnshroom.

غويه ghùyah, A churn-staff; a churn; a crane; — ghūya zadan, To churn.

A with ghahab (v.n.), Doing anything carelessly or thoughtlessly; forgetting; thoughtlessness, forgetfulness.

<u>ahahiq</u>, Long-bodied (camel).

غهيان ه ghahiq, Long-bodied (camel); briskness, cheerfulness; madness, insanity.

A مول ghaiy (v.n. of غول), Erring, straying or being deceived; deceiving, leading astray: (v.n.) planting a standard; error. sin; deviation; disappointment, despair; name of a valley or river in hell.

A \rightarrow \underline{b} \underline{ghay} $\underline{a}b$ (v.n. of \rightarrow $\underline{c}b$), Being absent; -ghiyab (v.n. of -c), Being invisible; setting (the sun); being doubtful, occult, mysterious; (pl. of ghaib) doubts; -ghaiyāb, Absent, concealed

<u>a عيابة ghayābat</u>, Bottom (of a well or valley); anything which conceals; - ghiyābat (v.n. of -,t), Lying hid, being invisible; entering, being enclosed (one thing within another).

A عيامة ghiyās, Assistance, redress, succour;—ghiyāsu l-lughat, Title of a Persian

dictionary compiled in India.

a عيائوند ghiyāgwand, Name of a tribe (m.c.).

A غيار به <u>gh</u>iyār (v.n. of غيار), Giving rain and a plentiful crop; entering into; alighting or reposing at noon-day; setting (the sun); (v.n. of غير being jealous; bartering (goods); any piece of dress or uniform which distinguishes soldiers or sects of people; a strip of yellow cloth worn by Jews in Persia.

غيازة <u>gh</u>ayūza, A goad.

A عياص <u>gh</u>iyās (v.n. of طوص), Diving; studying deeply.

A غوص ghiyāşat (v.n. of غوص), Diving; studying deeply, to the bottom of a matter; pearl-fishing; the place where a diver goes

A عياض <u>gh</u>iyāz (pl. of ghaizat), Forests, places abounding in trees but having little

A غياط ghiyāt (pl. of ghā'it), Low lands.

A عباك ghaiyāf, Long and large-bearded. A فيان <u>gh</u>ayān, Quicksilver.

A غيب <u>ah</u>aib (v.n.), Being absent, hidden; lying hid; being invisible; setting (sun); being doubtful, concealed; absence, invisibility, mystery, doubt; the invisible, the inscrutable; low-lying ground; fat, grease, fatness; [junud u rijālu 'l-ghaib, An army of invisible spirits; -- 'alami qhaib, The invisible world; the future state; the hidden future; -lisānu 'l-ghaib, The mystic tongue (surname given to Hafiz).

ميبة <u>gh</u>aibat (v.n. of عيبة), Being concealed, absent, invisible; concealment, absence, invisibility; ecstacies; [dar ghaibat, In secret, secretly;]—ghibat, Slander, detraction, calumny; anything secretly whispered of an absent person (implying truth, while buhtan expresses a false accusation); <u>__ahībat kardan</u>, To speak evil of an absent person.

a غيبتگر ghībatgar, A slanderer.

a عيمتي ghaibatī, Detractory, slanderous ; a backbiter, slanderer.

a مالد جيد ghaib-khāna, A cabinet, closet, private room; a place where secrets or precious things are kept.

a الميان <u>ah</u>aib-dān, Skilful in discovering mysteries; a prophet, diviner; omniscient. a عيب دالي ghaib-dānī, Knowledge of

hidden things or mysteries.

ghaiba, Bits of iron from which coats of mail and armour are wrought; a quiver; rings in a shield of wood or twisted silk; carded cotton.

a عيبى ghaibī, Absent; concealed; invisible; future; fatal; heavenly, divine.

A غيث ghais (v.n), (Rain) watering the earth; giving rain, causing it to fall; rain widely spread; far-extending clouds; plants, especially such as grow with rain.

A $\Delta \perp \underline{gh} \overline{u} d$ (pl. of $\underline{gh} aid \overline{a}'$), Soft, delicate women; -ghayad (v.n.), Having a tender, flexible neck; being soft, tender, flexible;

A عمداه ghaidā' (fem. of aghyad), Soft, flexible, or mild.

<u>ahaidāq</u>, A place in the desert of

Kipjāk.

ghaidāqī, Proceeding or coming غيداتي from Ghaidāq;—tīri ghaidāqī, An arrow of a very hard wood manufactured there.

A عير ghair (v.n.), Being jealous; watering the earth (rain); sending rain, or anything good (God); being useful, doing good; destroying, causing to perish; change, alteration; other, different; no, not, un-; except, beside, unless; [ghairābād, Uncultivated; not peopled, uninhabited;—ghair-ikhtiyārī, Involuntary;—ghair az, Except; besides; other than; ghairi ān, Except that ;—ghair-iflās, Not in poverty, not in a state of bankruptcy or insolvency, solvent; -ghair-insāf, Unjust, inequitable; — ghair-insāfī, Injustice; ghairi ba'id, Not far distant ;-ghair-bandu-bast, Not settled, (land) not included in the revenue settlement;— ghair-pukhtagī, Unripeness, immaturity; crudity;—ghairtajwīz, Not decided, undetermined; —ghairtahqiq, Not verified, not certain, indefinite, vague, doubtful; — ghair - tarbīyat - yāfta, ghair-tahzīb, Untrained, undisciplined, uneducated, unpolished, ill-bred, rude;ghair-tagsīmī, Undivided, not allotted; ghair-jazim, Inconclusive; ghair- (ghairi) jāwidānī, Not eternal, frail;— <u>gh</u>air-jā'iz, Illegal; -ghair-jam' (khirāj), Rent-free; ghair-jins, A different species;—ghair-ḥāzir, Absent; — ghair-hāzirī, Absence; — ghair-<u>khālis,</u> Insincere, impure ;— <u>gh</u>air-<u>kh</u>arch, Extra expenses, extras, contingencies, miscellaneous expenses;—ghairi zālik, Besides this, besides ;—ghair-rā'ij, Not current ; ghair-rasm, Morganatic (m.c.); - ghairsākin, Not resident;—ghair-shājī, Incon-

clusive; - ghair-shakhs, Another person, a stranger; a third person; -ghair-sha'ri, Unlawful; —ghair-shaffāf, Not transparent, opaque;—ghair-sā'ib, Unworthy;—ghair-'alāqa, Territory beyond the limits of (one's) jurisdiction; foreign rule or administration; -ghair-kāfī, Insufficient, inadequate, incapable;—ghair-kāmil, Imperfect; -ghair karra, Another time; -ghairmuta'assir, Ineffectual; ineffective; -ghairmutaraqqab, Unexpected, unlooked-for;ghair-mutasāwī, Unequal; — ghair-mutaāhid, Uncovenanted; — ghair-muta'aiyin, ghair - mutanāhī (mahdud), Unlimited, boundless; — <u>gh</u>air - muşmir, Unfruitful, barren ;—ghair-mahzūz, Discontented, unhappy; - ghair-murattab, Out of order, disarranged; — ghair - marzīya, Unacceptable, unpleasant ;—ghair-mazrū' (mazrū'a), Uncultivated land; - ghair-musāwī, Unequal; -ghair-musta'mal, Not in use, obsolete, old-fashioned; unusual, extraordinary, rare;—ghair-mushakhkhas, Unappropriated; undetermined, undefined; indiscriminate; — ahair - mashriit, Unconditional, absolute; — ghair-mashkūk, Doubtless, undoubted; — ghair-maṣlaḥat, Unadvisable; inexpedient; — ghair-maṭlūb, Not desired; undesirable; — ghair-muʿtabar, Not trustworthy; incredible; invalid, null; — ghair-maʿmūl, Unusual; informal; — ghair-maʿmūl Unusual; urgair-maˈhūl Unusual; — ghair-maʿhūl Unusual; — ghairma'hūd, Unusual, extraordinary; — ghairmu'aiyan, Undetermined;—ghair-maghlub, Unconquered;—ghair-mufid, Unprofitable; -ghair-maqbūza, Not in possession; unappropriated; -ghair-maqdur, Impossible; -ghair-muqarrar, Indefinite ;—ghair-muqashshar, Unpeeled, in the bark;—ghair-mu-kammal, Incomplete, imperfect, defective; ghair-malfaza, Not pronounced (the silent h);—ghair-mulkī, Foreign; a foreigner; ghair-mumkin, Impossible, impracticable, not feasible ;—ghair-mumkinu 't-tardīd, Not to be refuted, unanswerable; irrefragable; not to be reversed, irreversible; irrevocable;—ghair-mumkinu 't-taq $s\bar{\imath}m$, sible, not liable to partition; -ghair-mumkinu 'z-zira'at, Incapable of cultivation; ghair - mumkinu 'l-wuṣūl, Irrecoverable;ghair-munăsib, Improper; unsuitable;— ghair-muntahī, Unlimited; interminable, endless; -ghair-munsarif, Indeclinable; ghair manqula, Immovable, fixed; real (as property); — ghair-mankūha, Unmarried; illegitimate; — ghair-maurūsī, Not inherited; — ghair-nāfiz, Inoperative, of no effect; — ghair-nizāmī, Civil (opp. to military); ghair-wājib (wājibī), Contrary to reason or law; improper, wrong, unjust; not due; ghair-wāqi', Unfounded, untrue, not conforming to the circumstances; -ghiyar (pl. of ghirat), Provisions, &c.;—ghuyur (pl. of ghayūr), Jealous.

ahīr, A florid ulceration of the skin.

ت

A book ghairat (v.n. of yek), Being jealous; jealousy; zeal; a nice sense of honour; [ghairati ilāhīya, A holy zeal;—ghairat burdan (khwurdan, dāshtan, kashīdan), To be jealous;]—ghīrat, Provisions (especially brought from abroad); rain; a plenteous crop; the atonement or mulct for murder.

a غيرت الزا <u>gh</u>airat-afzā, Increasing jea-

longy or envy.

a غيرت کش ghairat-kash, Enduring jealousy; jealous.

a غيرتي <u>gh</u>airatmand, غيرتي <u>gh</u>airati, Jealous.

عام زاد <u>gh</u>īr-zād, A son of a whore, a bastard, a rascal (see عام زاد).

A غيرية ghairīyat, Change, alteration; strangeness, unreality; jealousy.

3rd ahezh, imp. of-

שׁלְּבֹּל ghezhīdan, To move along or hitch forwards on the hips; to walk upon all fours; to crawl upon hands and knees; to crawl as a serpent.

عيسان <u>gh</u>aisān, Youth, impetuosity of youth, flower of youth; sort, kind; men,

people,

שבייבגיש ghīsīdan, To faint, to droop.

عيش ahīsh, Much, copious, abundant (said of anything); sorrow, sadness; afflicted circumstances; a thick wood.

عيمانيدن ghīshānīdan (caus. of ghīshīdan),

To make long for.

ship ghisha, A forest; a reed-bed; a reed of which they make sacks for carrying earth; such a sack.

والمتعاملة والمتعاملة

A محمد <u>gh</u>aizat, A forest; a place abounding in trees, but having little water; a swamp, a low-lying place; a haunt, a den.

angry, putting in a passion; rage, fury, wrath; passion, indignation, impetuosity; beginning of anger, first signs of it; name of a man;—nā'ira'i ghaizi tīmūr, The fire of Tīmūr's wrath.

A shaif, A flock of birds.

A coldet ghayafan (v.n. of det), Waving

(as a tree) from side to side.

A Jet ghail (v.n.), Suckling a child or having intercourse with a man when pregnant (which is prohibited by the Muhammadan law); the milk of a pregnant woman, or given during intercourse; a strong, nervons, brawny arm; the flesh of a big child or lad; water irrigating or overflowing sown fields; a line drawn upon anything; name of a brook at the foot of

Mount Abū Qubais in which the fullers wash their clothes; a valley full of trees and water; whatever appears near although a great way off; the variegated border of a garment; a wide garment; name of several places;— $gh\bar{\iota}l$, A forest, wood, thicket; a reed-bed; a valley full of trees and water;—ghiyal (pl. of $gh\bar{\iota}lat$), Unexpected and treacherous attacks.

A مالله ghailān, Name of a poet; [ummu ghailān, Egyptian thorn (see إلى المقالة);]—ghīlān (pl. of ghūl), Sylvan demons; accidents, misfortunes; destructions.

A oles ghilat, An unexpected and treache-

rous attack.

A phailam, A male tortoise; a pretty and lascivious girl; a well-spring; a frog; name of a place.

ghaim, A sponge, probably related

within; being overspread with clouds; a cloud; thirst, internal heat; a distemper in camels.

A 654 ghain (v.n.), Thirsting; thirst; a cloud covering the sky; name of the letter £;—ghīn, Name of a place where fever is prevalent.

غيو ghev, Clamour, noise great and loud. A غيو ghuyūb (v.n. of عيوب), Lying hid, being invisible; (pl. of عيب) doubts.

A معربة <u>ghuyūbat</u> (v.n. of معربة), Lying hid, being concealed; doubt; a secret, mystery.

A عبوت ghuyūs (pl. of ghais), Rains.

A مُجُور في ghayūr, Jealous in point of love or honour; high-minded; an epithet of God;—'ātishi ghayūr-soz, Jealousy's consuming fire.

a مُعْرِورًا <u>phayūrān</u> (P. pl. of the preceding), Holy men;—<u>ghayūrāni shab</u>, Those who keep watch by night; devotees, lovers.

عبورى <u>a غيورى</u> <u>gh</u>ayūri, Jealousy. غيد <u>gh</u>iya, A cry for help.

h index ghaihab, Darkness; extremely black (horse); anything black or dark; an indolent, careless, foolish man; heavy, troubled with indigestion; very woolly (garment).

A & ghaihaq, A long-bodied camel; cheerfulness, sprightliness; madness.

A prot ghaiham, Darkness.

if, called fā'i sa'fas, the twenty-third letter of the Arabic-Persian alphabet, expressing 80 in arithmetic, and, in almanacks, the moon in her altitude. It has the sound of the English f, and in Persian

frequently interchanges with b, p, and w or v.

 $A \hookrightarrow fa$, A conjunction implying succession or a short interval between two actions, to be translated by then, thereupon, so, &c.

 $f\tilde{a}$, A beloved object; bushful; (for $b\tilde{a}$) with, as $f\tilde{a}$ o guft, He spoke with him; $f\tilde{a}$ o raft, He went with him; (for $w\tilde{a}$) again, once more; against, opposite to, from the other side;— $f\tilde{a}$ - $d\tilde{a}$ shtan, To meet, confront, to oppose.

 $a \bowtie fa'$, Froth of the sea; name of the

letter , denoting 80 in arithmetic.

g كَابُسُ fābis, كَابُسُ fābish, A bean. عن fāt, Name of a plant or medicine; (probably from A. fāta "he died") death; —fāt yāftan, To die.

A فاتع fātiḥ, Who or what opens; a con-

queror; a taker (of a city, &c.).

A & fātiḥat, fātiḥa (fem.), Who or what opens; a beginning, exordium, commencement; the first chapter in the Qur'ān (with Muhammadans what the Lord's prayer is with Christians);—fātiḥa'i buzurgān, Prayers for the dead;—fātiḥa khwānd, He recited the first chapter of the Qur'ān; he cursed;—fātiḥa'i fikrat, The first word of a sentence;—sūra'i fātiḥa, The opening Sūrah of the Qur'ān.

a كانى fātiḥa-khwānī, An assembly convened to offer prayers for the dead;—fātiḥa-khwānī bar-chīdan, To break up such

an assembly.

a معمر fātiḥa-khair, A prayer for good or for blessings; a marriage-prayer; marriage; blessings on the dead.

a טיק fātir, Weak, languid; remiss; dim (eye); lukewarm, tepid (water);—khūtiri fātir-ash, His languid soul, dull wit.

نام fātarsīn, Wild rue; seed of nasturtium.

فاتر هدي fātar shudan, To ascend, be or bigh.

fātig, One who cleaves open.

A with fatik, Intrepid, strong; a robber.

who leads astray, a seducer; the devil; tempted, tried, seduced; fascinated.

لاترويدي fātūrīdan, To be farther off; to keep on one side, to shun, to avoid; to be afraid; to put away; to straighten.

لاترسين fātūsīn, Wild rue; seed of nas-

turtium.

fatulidan, = ناتوريدي q.v.

A gib fasij, A young (camel) in foal; also one fat, and not conceiving the first year.

Tāṣūr, A slab of marble, gold, or silver; a large salver or plate upon which other cups or dishes are placed; a large vessel from which smaller ones are filled; a vessel in which wine is kept; the sun's disc; a troop of soldiers stationed on the confines of an enemy for reconnoitring and making inroads; a spy; a post, station.

gu fāj, A branch (see tu of which it is perhaps a misreading).

on trees after the general gathering; above.

A pob făjir, A sinner, liar; an adulterer, fornicator; rich; an enchanter, magician, sorcerer.

a عبرة fājira, An unchaste woman, an adulteress, a barlot.

a في المرة بي fājira-bacha, A son of a whore. a مامرة fājisha, The testicles of a beaver.

المح faji', Disastrous, calamitous (death); sorely afflicted; a kind of black bird having the beak and legs red (= ghu-rābu 'l-bain q.v. under خراب)

اجه fāja, A yawn.

A ناحش fāḥish, Shameful, dishonest, indecent, obscene, impudent, flagitious; enormous, exceeding bounds (in anything bad); avaricious in the extreme; ugly, mis-shapen; disproportionate.

thing extremely bad, an abominable crime, an enormity; whoredom, adultery; any-

thing forbidden by the law.

a فاحشكى $f\bar{a}hishag\bar{\imath}$, Whoredom, prostitution.

a نامشه موست fāḥisha-dost, A whore-monger.

a واحشة دوستي $f\bar{\alpha}hisha-dosti$, Whoremongery.

A مامص fāḥiṣ, An examiner, searcher.

المم fāḥim, Harsh-voiced (ram); very black, jet-black, coal-black (hair); water stagnating, not flowing.

the fakh, A branch, a twig.

a المعتك fā<u>kh</u>tak, A little ring-dove.

ه كالحتم $f\bar{a}k\underline{h}ta$ (A. $f\bar{a}k\underline{h}itat$), A ring-dove. a جور $f\bar{a}\underline{k}\underline{h}ta$ -chihr, With a dove-like face.

a ما محمد المحمد a ناختى fā<u>kh</u>itī, Dove-coloured. a ناختى fā<u>kh</u>ta'ī, Dove-colour.

A jell fākhir, fem. fākhirat, fākhira, A boaster; precious, valuable; excellent, honourable, distinguished; a large sort of date without stone;—khil'ati fākhira, A rich dress presented by Eastern princes to those whom they mean to honour.

المرة fā<u>kh</u>ara, Name of a medicinal

grain.

المهدى $fakh\bar{\imath}dan$, To pluck, pull; to beat or card cotton; to throw a javelin; to take, receive; to assemble, collect.

المير آمدن fākhez āmadan, To crawl; to go staggering or tottering along (as a child or a drunken man).

A 3°U fa'd (v.n.), Hitting, wounding in the heart; making one a coward; making a place under the ashes for baking bread; baking bread under the ashes; — fa'ad (v.n.), Labouring under, or complaining of, a disease or pain of the heart (fu'ad).

أداهتن fā-dāshtan (for wā-dāshtan), To retain; to keep before or opposite, to front; to oppose, to meet face to face.

fādaj, Name of a stone from China;

the bezoar-stone.

الاح ه fādiḥ, Important, difficult; op-

pressive.

الدر 🛦 fādir, Weak, knocked up (stallion) j aged (mountain-goat); also one young and strong; a she-camel separating from the

fādzahar, The bezoar-stone.

أَنْ fār, A human muscle;—fa'r (v.n.), Digging, burying, hiding; (pl. of fa'rat) mice; musk.

fārāb, Name of a province in Turkistan; name of a city in the same province, called by the Turks sīrām; land watered by irrigation.

A واراً fārān, Name of a mountain mentioned in the Thorah (mount Paran).

A 8,04 fa'rat, A mouse (male or female); wind which collects round the pastern of camels and makes them limp, wind-gall; a bag of musk;—fa'ratu'l-ibl (according to others fāratu'l-ibl), A fragrant smell proceeding from a camel after eating odoriferous herbs; —fa'ratu (faratu) 'l-muek, A musk-bag; strong smell of musk.

fārij, A dispeller of grief.

fārd, fārid, Name of the first round at the game of nard (of which there are seven; see نزد).

ارد A fārid, Alone; solitary; (a doe) separated from the herd; the best and whitest sugar; name of a tribal branch in

A job faria, Clear, distinct (speech).

a مرس fārs, Persia, Parthia. the proper and original name of this country, Fars being a corruption of the Arabians, who have not the letter win their language.

fāris, Mounted upon any solidhoofed animal; a horseman, a cavalier; a

lion; the Persians; Persia.

a فارسطاريون fāristāriyūn, Valerian. a فارسى fārsī, Persian, Persic;— zabāni fārsī, The Persian language.

a فارسيان $f\bar{a}rsiy\bar{a}n$, The Persians.

a فارسي عوان fārsī-khwān (دان dān), One who reads (knows) Persian; a Persian scholar.

ارس A فارس fāriz, Aged (cow); anything old; anything bulky, large, corpulent; one who knows and understands.

لم الم fārit, A leader; one who goes on before a herd, a troop, or a caravan to prepare water for them; also the first in a flight of the birds called gatā.

ارطان fāritān, Two stars before the

Bear.

بارغ ه fārigh, Free; ceasing from labour, having just finished any work; at ease; free from care; unrestrained; empty, hollow; (in P.) leisure; joy; a summer breeze; -fārighu 'l-bāl (hāl), Independent; contented.

a فارغ البلي fārīghu 'l-balī, anda تارغبالي fārigh-bālī, Joy, gladness.

a فارغيطى fārigh-khaṭṭī, A written release. فارغيطى fā-raftan. To be before or greater than others, to excel;— $f\bar{a}$ -ruftan, To sweep

fāriq, Who or what decides or distinguishes; a discerner; a separator, divider; (a camel or ass) near delivery and withdrawing from the herd; (a cloud) separated from others.

لاقايط făraqlīţ (G. παράκλητος), The Com-

a نارتين fāriqīn, Name of a city in Rūm (more fully called ميا فارقين q.v.).

ارك fārik, (A woman) hating her husband.

نديدي ل fā-randīdan, To shovel away.

ناروى A ناروى fārūq, Timid to an extreme; a discerner; surname of Umar (as discriminating between truth and falsehood at an early stage of Islam, or as making orthodoxy distinct from, i.e. triumphant over, infidelity) ;—tiryāqi fārūq, The best kind of treacle or antidote (as a discriminator between health and disease).

نارة م fārih, Ingenious, clever; active,

brisk, sprightly (horse, &c.).

فارياب fāryāb, فارياب fāryāv, Ground watered by irrigation.

ارر A fāzir, An open road; a reddishblack ant.

اع ه بن fāzi', Afraid, frightened.

fazh, Yawning.

نازانيدن fāzhānīdan (caus. of fazhīdan),

To cause to yawn, &c.

ناژن fāzhada, Yawning; a canopy, shade. fāzhīdan, To yawn, gape, stretch.

fa's (v.n.), Cleaving; striking with a hatchet; touching or hurting on the back of the head; a hatchet; an axe; the bit of the bridle, or rather a piece of iron suspended to the bit; the nape where it joins the neck.

أسترك fāstarak, A little behind; a swallow.

fāsid, Vicious, corrupt, perverse, depraved, naught; invalid, null and void; -fasidu 'l-mizaj, Of bad disposition; fasid shudan, To putrefy (intr.); -fasid kardan, To render putrid, to putrefy (trans.), to corrupt (mm.cc.).

a قاسدة fāsida (fem. of the preceding), Vicious, &c.; — akhlāqi fāsida, Bad or

vicious dispositions or manners.

الساق $f\bar{a}siq$, A worthless, impudent fellow, scoundrel, prevaricator; a sinner, fornicator, adulterer; a sodomite; one whose evidence is not admissible on account of

his neglect of decorum in behaviour and

a salu fāsiqa, A lewd woman, an adul-

teress, a harlot.

fāsqūn, Name of a forest in Rūm. fash, Manifest, clear, public, divulged, spread abroad; scattered;—fash kardan, To reveal, divulge, publish, blazon abroad.

A what fashan, Name of a village near

Marv.

fāshrā, A species of ivy, producing clustering fruit.

fāsh rustanī, Seed of nosesmart.

פּאַרְייהיט fāshiristīn, A kind of wild vine; the black vine.

fāsharsīn, Mustard-seed; wild MIR.

fāshī, Divulged, diffused, made فاهي ه known; propagated, multiplied; - mauti fāshī, Wide-spreading death; plague, pestilence; — nāshī u fāshī shudan, To be brought to light and published.

fāṣil, A separator; decisive (sentence); separating; -fāsil būdan, To sepa-

rate (m.c.).

A dob fāsilat, fāsila, Space, intermediate space, distance; any thing separating one from another; the end of a verse or period in the Qur'an; a large bead between two smaller ones in a rosary; a metrical foot; -fāṣila'i sughrá. Three moved letters before one quiescent, as $zarabat = \smile \smile -;$ fāṣila' kubrá, Four moved letters before one quiescent, as $zarabat\bar{a} = \smile \smile \smile$

A نامل fāzil, fem. نامل fāzilat, fāzila, Abounding, excelling, exceeding; overflowing, redundant; excellent, virtuous, an accomplished person; learned; preponderating; whatever is realised over and above the estimated produce; a remainder; fazilu 'd-dahr, The best of his age.

ا ماملات fāzilāt (pl. of fāzilat), Redundancies, superfluities, &c.; overflowing

waters.

a فاصل باقى fāzil-bāgī, A balance in favour ; surplus.

A ناملة fāzilat, Beneficence; a valuable present; distinguished virtue; prerogative, privilege.

a ناملتر fāziltar, Better, more excellent. Lu fāt, Zedoary; nux vomica; poison.

ه اطر A فاطر fātir, The Creator ;—fātiru 's-samāwat-i wa 'l-arz, Creator of the heavens and the earth.

A ناطم fātim, A colt ready to wean; a camel whose colt is a year old, and there-

fore weaned from her.

الملية fātimat, fātima, A woman who weans her child; a female proper name; name of Muhammad's daughter, called also fātimatu 'z-zahrā' saiyidatu 'n-nisā';murghi fāṭima, A wagtail.

A dada fāṭimāyat, The Fātimites, a

dynasty which reigned in Egypt from the year 908 to 1171.

A فاطن fātin, Intelligent, penetrating.

A فاعل fa'il, One who makes or performs; a maker, doer, performer; an agent, actor; (in grammar) governing (as one word another), the active participle, the noun of agency, the nominative case (subject to a verb which, in Arabic, it generally follows); a pederast (the pathic being called مفعول q.v.);—fā'ili ḥaqīqī, The true agent (God); -fā'ili mukhtār, Master of one's own actions; -fā'il u maf'ūl, The subject and the object (in Grammar);—ismi fā'il, A noun denoting the agent; -taqdīri fā'ili mukhtār, Divine predestination.

A sleli $f\bar{a}$ 'ila, A harlot.

a ماعلى fā'ilī, Effective, efficient:—'illati $f\bar{a}$ 'ilīya, An efficient cause.

A فاعلية fā'ilīya, The quality or the nature of agent or noun of agency; agency.

fa'iya, Root of the water-lily. fāghir, A fragrant flower in India. أورة faghara, A spice of the size of a

vetch. اغوس fāghūsh, An acrid فاغوش fāghūsh, An acrid Indian medicine.

a فاغية fāghiya, A certain fragrant yellow Indian flower; privet-flowers; any fragrant blossom.

fāfā, Choice, excellent, rare, astonish.

jaflātar, The rind of a melon, &c.; stupid, stolid.

fāfir, A reed or rush of which mats are made.

الى faq, The notch of an arrow; a large dish full of meat; cooked olive oil; a desert; name of a long-necked water-bird.

A Liu fāqat, fāqa, Poverty, necessity, want; a day's fast; -faqr u faqa, Poverty and want.

A sits faqid, Missing or unable to find anything lost; (a woman) lamenting the loss of husband and children; one who marries after the decease of her husband; (a doe) missing her young which has been carried off by a wild beast.

faqirat, A misfortune; the beginning of anything; a bridle running through a ring inserted in a camel's nose.

A فاتع faqi', Intense (yellow or red); pure, unmixed, bright (colour).

a داقة كش fāqa-kash, A faster.

a ناته کشی fāqa-kashī, Fasting, hunger.

a فاقه مست على faga-mast, One who is starving, but conceals his distress; a poor starveling who affects the airs of a wealthy mau.

a نانه مستى $far{a}qa$ -mast $ar{i}$, Cheerfulness in want or adversity.

🋦 ناکه fākih, Soft, delicately brought up;

joyous, glad, cheerful. نا کرفتن fā-giriftan (for wā-giriftan), To meet; interrupt, intercept.

▲ Ju fa'l, fāl, An omen, augury, presage; a lot, portion (as of fruit, &c.); construed with the verbs bar-awardan, bar khāstan, bastan, justan, zadan, guzāshtan, nihādan, &c.; [fāli sangak, Divining by pebbles;fali shana, Taking omen or divining by the shoulder-plate of a sheep; -fāli kaland, Divining by the sound of a pickaxe; -- fal giriftan, To foretell, divine, more especially to take an omen from the poems of Hafiz; -fale ba-chand, How much the lot? $\int dl$, Weak (in mind), imprudent; (for P. pāl) name of a place in Persia; -- fi'al, Name of a game (hiding some object in sand, which is parcelled out to the players, the one in whose lot the object is found being the winner.

A Elli fālij, A paralytic affection of one side of the body, hemiplegia; a large camel with two bunches; name of a man; an arrow reaching the mark; (hence in P.) victorious; assisted, defended.

a نالج زدة fālij-zada, Paralytic. فالج زدة fālirghus, المعرف fālirghūs (G. πελαργὸς), A stork.

a فالرن fāl-zan, A soothsayer, diviner.

a عال سنگات fāl-sangak, Pebbles for divin-

ing.

fāliq, He who splits open, brings نالق A forth, creates; a palm-tree whose blossoms have burst forth from the pod; name of a place;—faliqu 'l-habb, Who produces the leaf from the seed;—fāliqu'l-ṣabāḥ, Creator of morning.

a الكبار fālak-bāz, A conjurer, fortune-

teller.

a نالگو fāl-go (gū), نالگو fāl-goy (gūy),

A fortune-teller; a soothsayer.

a مال کوش fāl-qosh (fāli gosh), An omen taken from the first words that reach the

a مال گوئی $f\bar{a}l$ - $go'\bar{\imath}$ $(g\bar{u}'\iota)$, Fortune-telling, soothsaying, divination, augury.

a مال گير fāl-gīr, A soothsayer.

پالود fālūd (from P. بالود pālūd), Strained.

A عالودة fālūdaj, فالودق fālūdaq, فالودق fālūda (for P. pālūda q.v., p. 233), Strained, clear; a dish made of starch, honey, and water, sweet flummery.

a بالرده $f\bar{a}l\bar{u}z$, مالرده $f\bar{a}l\bar{u}zaq$ (for P. پالرده q.v. p. 233), A kind of sweetmeat;— $f\bar{a}l\bar{u}z$,

Steel (cf. بولاد p. 260). a مال fālī, Native or inhabitant of Fāl, surname of Qutbu'd-din, author of the Tagrib and other works.

الير fālez, A field of melons. i fālīnūs, Fumitory.

أنام fām, Form, appearance; like, resembling; name of a town in Khurasan; joined to nouns of colour, it implies a tendency to such colours, as: -zumurrud $f\bar{a}m$, Of an emerald-colour; — siyah- $f\bar{a}m$, Somewhat black; — kabūd-fām, Bluish; —

kuhl-fām, Of the colour of collyrium, black;

--(for وأم wām), Debt.

A pell fa'm (v.n. of pell), Having the mouth full of grass (a camel); drinking to satiety; -fa'am (v.n.), Being full of fat (the withers of a camel).

fām-tursh, Morose, disagreeable.

نامر fāmir, المرة fāmira, A city in Turkistān.

famsham. Name of the intellect of the eighth heaven.

fāmiyat, fāmiya, Name of a city فامية in Syria.

fānāk, One who strongly articulates فاناك the letter $\smile fa$ in talking.

fānākī, The fault of pronouncing the letter $\cup fa$ much when speaking.

a نانوس fānūs, A pharos, a light-house; a whisperer, a tale-bearer, a pickthank;fānūsi <u>kh</u>iyāl (<u>kh</u>iyalī, gardān), A lantern which revolves by the smoke of the candle within, and has on the sides of it figures of animals, &c.: a magic lantern; the heavens; -fanusi naranj, A lantern made of the hollow of an orange.

all fana, A wedge; a wooden peg, which, dropping into a lock, prevents it being opened till that is drawn up; a small cistern; (for zafāna) flame; the tongue of a

balance.

أناني fānī, Frail, transitory, perishahle, inconstant; tottering (old man); (in the parlance of the Sufis) one who has reached the state of fana, or annihilation; -fana shudan, To disappear, to become annihilated; —īn jahāni fānī, This transitory world.

يانيد بانيد fānīz (from P. پانيد , p. 233, where the two meanings should be separated by a semicolon), Sugar-candy; a sweetmeat.

A, " fa'w (v.n.), Striking, splitting (the head with a sword); a fissure between two mountains; a parrow pass through a valley leading into an open country.

1,0 fāwā, Shamed, dishonoured; dishonour, disgrace; fāwā būdan, To be ex-

posed.

ماوليا , fāwāniyā, فاوليا , fāvniyā, Name of a wood, called also 'ūdu'ş-şalīb "wood of the cross," q.v. nuder عود 'ūd, p, 872.

fāham, Together;—fāham āmadan,

To suit; to be drawn together.

A ماهم fāhim, Understanding; intelligent.

ا الله fā'ih, Diffusing odour.

A Last fa'ihat, Fragrance, perfume.

فايد fayad, Until.

A نائدة fā'idat, fā'ida, Profit, gain (of learning or wealth); utility, advantage, emolument; a note, notice, advertisement; the point or moral of a tale; inference; corollary; a sign, mark, asterisk; observation; explanation; construed with burdan, dādan, &c.; -pur-fā'ida-tar, More replete with advantage, more beneficial.

a فالدة مند fā'ida-mand, Profitable, useful. A باگز $f\bar{a}'iz$, An overcomer; overtaking,

reaching, attaining.

a قَارُة fā'iza, Name of a slave-girl of Harun-ar-Rashid, mother of Al-Mamun.

A فائض fa'iz, Abundant, overflowing, affluent, exuberant; liberal; excellent; fā'izu's-surūr, Diffusing joy;—fā'izu'n-nūr, Luminous.

A ناتق fā'iq, Superior, super-excellent, superfine, transcendental, overtopping; preferable; paramount, the joining of the head with the neck; $-daw\bar{a}'i f\bar{a}'iq$, A sovereign remedy.

fā'il, The flesh of the side or the hollow part of the hip; the artery of the

thigh; weak in mind, silly.

fabāl, A beginning, commencement. fabihā, Well and good! then, be it فبها ه so! (In the apodosis wa'illa "if not, otherwise," is used; see \$\mathscr{I}_{\epsilon}\).

fapūs, fupūs, Ridicule, derision, laughter, mockery, sarcasm; cream.

منت fatt (v.n.), Breaking with the fingers; crumbling;—fatt, fitt, futt (The members of a family) scattered here and

A "لتنا fat' (v.n.), Ceasing, desisting, abstaining; breaking; extinguishing;—fata' (v.n. of فتى), Forgetting; desisting; —fata' (v.n. of فتى), Being young, and begetting offspring then; being generous; youth, juvenile age; -ftā' (pl. of fatīy), Young (animals).

A نتات futāt, P. fatāt, A crumb; a frag-

ment.

A two fattāh, An opener; a conqueror; a judge, an arbiter; one of the names of God; name of a certain bird.

ifutādan (for uftādan), To fall; futadan ba, To remain fixed or firm with.

نتادگی futādagī (for uftādagi), A fallen state; humility, vileness.

نتاده futāda, Fallen; a fall, slip, tumble. لتار A fitar (v.n. of نتار), Being weak, languishing; slackening, flagging; being lukewarm (water); measuring with the fitr, i.e. the span between the tip of the thumb and

forefinger;— $fut\bar{a}r$, The beginning of ebriety. نتاريدي fitārīdan, To dig up; to scatter;

to tear; to cleave, to sunder.

نتاك fatāk, Particular, special; intense;

the plant hina.

fattāk, A daring robber;—futtāk نداك م (pl. of fātik), Intrepid, strong; robbers.

نتال fatāl, A twisting, coiling; a tearing up; dispersion, diffusion; a newly-planted tree ;—fitāl, Tearing ; a cutting or breaking. نتاليدي fatālīdan, fitālīdan, To tear up,

pull away; to draw off, by twisting, anything which adheres tenaciously; to split, to tear; to shed, spill; to disperse; to dig up. ifutān, Falling.

fitan, A leathern saddle-cover;—

fattan, An assayer (of gold); a goldsmith; a tempter, seducer, Satan; bewitching, seductive; a robber, thief.

jutānīdan, To cause to fall.

ماريل ه fatāwá (pl. of fatwá), Legal decrees, judicial sentences given by the mufti.

التاكل fatā it (pr. 01 janum), A sai fitat, fita, A water-pot. التاكل fatā'il (pl. of fatīlat), Wicks.

انتج A فتح fath (v.n.), Opening (a door); taking (a city); giving judgment in a lawsuit; marking a letter with the vowel-sign fathah ($\stackrel{<}{\Box}$); aperture; victory, conquest, triumph; water overflowing a tract of land; the beginning of the spring rains; rain; fruit of the tree nab'; a wrestling-trick; divine grace bestowed upon those advanced in sacred knowledge; [fathu 'l-bāb, fathi $b\bar{a}b$, The setting in of the rainy season; rain; opposition of two planets; good result, success;-fathi bāb kardan, To open a door; to commence a business; -fath kardan, To conquer, to take possession of (m.c.);—fathi kalām dādan, To begin a speech, to open a discourse;]—futuh, Wide; open (gate); wide-mouthed and without a stopper (bottle).

a منا fath-pech, A mode of tying a

turban; a kind of huqqah-snake.

_ fathat, fatha, The vowel fathah لعدة م which is sounded in Arabia, Persia, and Turkey like "a" in "bat," or even approaching the "e" in "bat," or even approaching the "e" in "bet," in India more like "u" in "but;" [fatha u zamma, (met.) Hair and beard (probably because the hair is on the top, the beard in front); -futhat, An ostentatious display of wealth and learning; an opening, expanding; -- fatahat, fataha (pl. of fatih), Conquerors, takers of cities.

a نتح مند fathmand, Victorious.

a فتح قامة fath-nama, Despatches announcing victory.

a نتر نشان fath-nishan, A victorious ban-

a نتح نصيب fath-naṣīb, Victorious.

a متح ياب fath-yab, Obtaining victory.

متع fatkh (v.n.), Contracting and expanding the fingers or toes; — fatakh, Breadth and length of the palm of the hand or sole of the foot; a little bell which emits no sound; (pl. of fatkhat) rings of silver on the hands or feet.

fat<u>kh</u>at, fata<u>kh</u>at, A ring upon the فتخة hand or foot, especially of silver and without a bezel (with bezel it is called khātam).

fatr, A woman's name;—fitr, The distance between the tips of the stretchedout thumb and fore-finger;—futr, A mat of palm-leaves on which flour is sifted;—fatar, Languor, relaxation; weakness; a muscle; a certain fixed quantity of meat or grain.

نتراك fitrāk, Saddle-straps; cords fixed to

the saddle for hanging game to. الترايش fatrāyish, Dispersion.

fatrat, Languor, debility, relaxation, remission, intermission; an interregnum; an interval of time between two apostles or prophets; the torpedo fish;— 'alá fatrat, After an interval.

לביני fatard, Old, worn, rent; a tearer. שיקני fatardan, To scatter; to destroy, tear; to pull to pieces; to cleave asunder.

לדקצי fatrid, Anything old, worn, torn.

לב, אני fitridan, fatridan. To tear, break in pieces, tear asunder; to scatter.

fatsh (v.n.), Examining, searching,

making strict inquiry; digging.

fatgh (v.n.), Treading on (a thing) نتخ ۸

until (it) splits open.

هني ۸ منی fatq (v.n.), Breaking, splitting; rendering (musk) more fragrant by an admixture of other odours; breach of friendship or peace, quarrel; feud; dawn; ground without rain, between neighbouring fields rained upon; a disease in the scrotum; rupture, hernia; -fataq (v.n.), Being open, large (pudenda mulieris); being plentiful (season); plenty, abundance, luxuriance; the dawn; -futuq, Talkative, fluent (woman).

A منقام fatqā', Ravished; wide (woman).

fatk, A badger, a brock.

ه نعام fatk, fitk, futk (v.n.), Daring to perpetrate whatever one meditates; attacking unawares, and treacherously destroying another; being impudent, bold, daring;

importuning, dunning, harassing.

الله fatl (v.n.), Twisting (a rope); diverting (from any plan); averting (the face); singing, warbling (as the nightingale); a plant which does not spread, but twists up; -fatal, Width between a camel's elbow and side; a lump or callosity on a camel's elbow.

itlīdan, To tear; to scatter; to

pluck up.

fatn (v.n), Proving, trying; assaying (metals); tempting, seducing; burning, scorching; filling with wonder and astonishment; state, condition, situation; mode, manner; -fitan (pl. of fitnat), Temptations, &c.

فتن fatan, Figure, form shape; endow-

ments; name of a province in India.

A فتنه fitnat, fitna (v.n. of فتنه fitnat, fitna (men) by temptations, or (gold) by fire; seducing (from loyalty), leading into sedition and rebellion; temptation; sedition, insurrection, discord, riot; war; anarchy; trial, affliction, calamity, distress; malignity, impiety, iniquity; crime, sin, wickedness; discordance in opinion; error, madness, delirium; wealth, a wife, children (as objects of temptation);—fitna'i ākhiri zamān, The wickedness of the last times; fitna'i khwābīda, A hidden calamity;—fitnarā azjāy ba-jāy burdan, (met.) To propagate slander, to bear tales;—fitna-rā kamar kashīdan, To quell sedition;—fitna shudan, To revolt, mutiny. The word is also construed with uftadan, afgandan, andakhtan, angekhtan, bārīdan, bar pā kardan, baland shudan, khuftan, raftan, zadan, &c.

a انگير fitna-angez, Rebellious, se-

ditious.

a نتنه انگيري fitna-angezī, Mischievousness; seditiousness; causing disturbances,

a إلى المناه fitna-bāz, Mischievous, playing tricks (heaven).

a نتنه بيز fitna-bez, Sowing sedition.

a نتبة برداز fitna-pardaz, Turbulent, seditious; a mischief-maker, a fomenter of disturbances.

a نتنه جوی fitna-joy or jūy, Fond of tumults, seeking disturbance, quarrelsome, seditious.

a فتنة خير fitna-khez, Exciting a tumult; mischievous.

a مناه منان fitna-sāz, = والمناه q.v. والمناه q.v. والمناه fatav, Proud; quarrelsome; deceived. fatwā (for فتول fatwú), A judicial decree pronounced by a muftī; judgment, sentence.

A فترة futūwat, Liberality, generosity, bountifulness; childhood, boyhood; the rank of mufte, chancellor, or patriarch.

fatūh, The commencement of vernal rains; (a camel) having the orifices of the teats wide;—futūh (pl. of fath), Victories, conquests; gains, pickings, perquisites; plenty, easy circumstances; income received gratuitously.

A فتوحات futūḥāt (pl. of futūḥ, pl. of fatḥ), Numerous victories, conquest of many

a نتوعى fatūḥī, A jacket without sleeves. futūdan, To speak with premeditation.

ندودة futūda, Deceived; deceitful (world), فتور ه futur (v.n. of نتر), Slackening; languishing, flagging; being weak, languid, relaxed; being tepid; measuring by the fitr (see المتر); weakness, languor, infirmity; coolness, want of affection; defect, imperfection, irregularity; quarrel, row, riot; futūri 'aql, Unsoundness of mind;—futūri hazm, Bad digestion, dyspepsia.

a ندور پذير futur-pazīr, Languid ;—futurpazīr shudan, To become languid, to flag.

a فتررة futūrat, Lukewarmness; a temperate atmosphere.

a فتوريا fatūri, فتوريا fatūriyā, Dispersed,

ruined, undone; exciting quarrels. العلام futūk (v.n. of العلام), Daring to perpetrate whatever one meditates, &c. (= فنك q.v.).

ifitun (pl. of fitat), Water-pots ;futun (v.n. of فتن), Proving, &c. (= فتن q.v.)

fatwá, futwá, A judicial or religious فتولى A sentence pronounced by a mufti; construed with dādan, dāshtan, kardan, &c.

انعل A fatá, A youth, boy; a young man; a man-servant; liberal, generous;—fatīy, Young.

لتيان A نتيان fityān (pl. of fatá), Youths;—fatayan (du.), Two young men; (met.) night

and day.

A نتية fityat (pl. of fatá), Young men ; fatiyat (fem. of fati), Young.

التيت fatit, Crumbled (bread), crumbs. a فتير fatīr (for fatīr), Unleaveued dough.

متيق ه fatīq, Shining (dawn); eloquent; bursting with fat (camel); double-pointed

A فتيل fatīl, Twisted (rope); a rope made of the fibres of a palm-tree; a thin membrane in the groove of a date-stone; skin

peeled off by friction in the baths.

ه الميلة fatīlat, fatīla, Particles of skin rubbed off the body in the bath; a wick, a match, a fuse; construed with taftan, sokhtan, kardan, nihādan, &c.; — fatīla shudan, To be matted (hair, as that of Indian faqīrs); — fatīla'i tawīlo, A long wick; (met.) a man who supports the honour of his family; - hajari fatila, A stone which burns like a match.

a نتيله دهنج fatīla-dahani, Small forceps

for plucking up hairs; snuffers.

a متيله سوز fatīla-80z (فتيله سوز fatīla-80z), A candlestick; a brass or tin lamp.

fatīla-'ambar, A fragrant wick فتيلة عنبر of amber.

a نتيلة مو fatīla-mo, One whose hair is matted like that of an Indian faqīr; (met.) silly, stupid, mad, crazy.

A فتين fatīn, Burnt (silver); stony, burnt

ground; a pitcher (?).

fass (v.n.), Dispersing, scattering; the colocynth; a certain herb of which a kind of bread is made in scarce seasons.

A " fag' (v.n.), Pacifying anger; stilling (a boiling pot) by pouring in cold water; averting, turning off; casting up froth (boiling milk); taking the chill off anything.

A نثي fasj (v.n.), Diminishing, decreasing ; cooling (hot water) by pouring in cold water. a sight (v.n.), Breaking (the head).

fuj, fij, A camel or other animal whose

lip hangs loose.

hetween the feet, straddling; a broad way, especially between two mountains; [min kulli fajj in fijaj, From every wide valley, from every quarter;]-fijj, Raw, unripe (fruit); the Syrian melon.

A لجا fajā (v.n. of اجي), Being wide between the feet, straddling; width between the thighs, knees, and legs;—fijā' (v.n. 3 of المها), Taking by surprise, rushing upon unawares; (pl. of fajwat) the courts or

areas of houses.

نجا $faj\bar{a}$, $fij\bar{a}$, Gleanings of grapes or dates. A قبهام fuja'at, قبهام fwj'at (v.n. of فبهام), Rushing upon and destroying unawares; taking by surprise; an unforeseen accident; -fujā'at-an, fuj'at-an, Suddenly, unawares; -mautu 'l-fvja'at, Sudden death.

ا نجاع A fijāj (pl. of fajj), Broad roads.

A مُجامِة fajājat, Crudity, rawness; raw fruit

fajār, Wickedness; adultery, fornication, harlotry; [yā fajār-i, O adulteress!] $-fij\bar{a}r$, Roads, ways; name of one of four unjust wars waged between the tribes Quraish and Qais; $-fwjj\bar{a}r$ (pl. of $f\bar{a}jir$), Wicked: sinners, fornicators.

fajaj, A wide divarication of the feet, the heels being close, and the toes turned out (considered more ungraceful than fahaj); wide distance of the string of the bow from the handle;—fujuj, Heavy,

disagreeable persons.

fujh, Name of a tribe. نجح

(water); launching iuto wickedness and debauchery; crepuscule, daybreak, early morning; [salátu 'l-fajr, Morning prayer; —kaukabu 'l-fajr, The morning star; waqti fajr, Daybreak;]-fajar, fujar, Munificence, beneficence, liberality; opulence; the heel (this unsupported by examples); fujur (pl. of fajūr), Very wicked; adulterers, debauchees.

A نجس fajs (v.n.), Being haughty; pride,

haughtiness; violence, oppression.

fajsh (v.n.), Breaking a hollow substance (as a skull or cup); widening, stretching.

faj' (v.n.), Vexing, causing grief (the loss of a thing on which one has prided

himself).

fujfuja, خون fujfuja, خون q.v. A نواز fajl, fajal (v.n. of نواز fajl), Being thick; being loose or soft; the heel; thick; —fujl, fujul, A radish.

fajw (v.n.), Opening (a door); being wide, distant from the handle (a bow-

string).

fajwā', (A bow) whose string is distant from the handle; an extensive tract of land.

fajwat, An interval, intervening نجرة A space; a cleft between two mountains; a wide tract of land; a court-yard.

א בי, fajūh, Name of the father of the

tribe fujh (see الجع).

A بني fajūr, Very wicked; adulterous; a debauchee; - fujūr (v.n. of المجر), Deviating from the right way, launching out into wickedness and debauchery; lying; rebelling against, resisting, opposing divine authority; becoming dim; recovering from illness; wickedness, adultery, lust; villainy, impiety, immorality; - fujūru 'lqarabat, Incest;—fisq u fujur, Iniquity and debauchery.

a نجور أنديش fujūr-andesh, Intent on wickedness, &c.

A desity, poignant grief. fuchfucha, Whispering.

A la faha, fiha, An onion or other herb used in seasoning meat when dressing.

faḥḥāsh, Wicked, obscene, indecent; talking ribaldry; lewd.

A Lalaciousness, obscenity (فيمش Bee).

a نماهي faḥḥāshī, Obscenity, ribaldry, &c.

(ق**د**ش هوه).

أنحالُ م fihāl (pl. of fahl), Males, stallione; -fuhhāl, The male palm-tree bearing no fruit.

A J fuhhāl, The male palm-tree bearing no fruit.

A and fahs (v.n.), Examining, investigating, inquiring;—fahis, Belly, paunch;

fahz (v.n.), Being proud (probably

misreading for).

A Lake (v.n.), Taking anything with the tongue or mouth from the hand (as water); rubbing barley in the hand until the spicules drop off.

fuhsh (v.n.), Being shameful, infamous; talking obscenely; answering out-

rageously.

fahshā', Stinginess in giving (especially that which is ordained by the Muhammadan law for pious uses); fornication, adultery.

a نحش کو fuḥsh-go (gū), Obscene in con-

versation.

▲ المشات faḥshiyāt, Obscenities.

faḥṣ (v.n.), Examining, investi gating, inquiring into; wetting the ground (rain); being loose, moving (the front teeth); making haste; choosing a place for her nest called afhūs (the qaṭā bird); a place fully inhabited; a dimple; name of several places in Maghrib; -fahsi murad kardan, To examine into a design.

fahz (v.n.), Breaking or squashing anything soft (as a cucumber or melon).

A chai fahfah, Hoarse; name of a river in Paradise.

A is fahl (v.n.), Allowing a stallion camel free access to the females; choosing an excellent stallion; a male animal, stallion; a mat made of the fibres of a palmtree; the star Canopus; surname of the poet 'Alqamah; also of a place in Syria;faḥli āfāq, The world ;—faḥli fāḥil, A noble, high-born man.

a نحلى fahlī, Masculine qualities; male

fahm, Sobbing, being unable to breathe, speak, or cry aloud; stagnant water; -fahm, faham, Charcoal; beginning of night; darkness of night.

A fahmat, fahma, A coal; twilight;

faḥwā', Signification, sense, meaning; scope, import, drift; contents; style; -faḥwā'i masarrat-iḥtiwā. The joyful sense -faḥwā'i kalām, The purport of a speech.

fuḥūl, A male palm-tree; (pl. of fahl) males, stallions; historians, chroniclers; mats of palm-leaves or fibres.

A نحوم fuḥūm (v.n. of نحوم), Being hoarsevoiced; sobbing, crying so as to turn blue in the face (child); being black; failing to flow (water of a well).

وراء fahwa, = q.v.

A نحيح faḥiḥ (v.n. of نحيح), Hissing (a serpent).

fahīm, Very black; charcoal.

tukh, The bit of a bridle.

انع A من fakhkh (v.n.), Snoring; sleeping on the back; being diffused (perfume); weakness in the feet; (in P. mostly fakh) a gin, noose, snare; the chase; a hunting-place; a nose-bag for a horse.

A خناخ fikhākh (pl. of fakhkh), Snares,

fakhār, Glory, boast;--fikhār (v.n. 3 of نخب), Boasting against each other, contending for glory; - fakhkhār, One who glories, boasts, vaunts greatly; boastful, vauntful; a potter; potter's clay; (pl. of *fa<u>khkh</u>ārat*) earthenware.

ه فيارة fakhārat, Glory, boast, vaunt ;---

fakhkhārat, Earthenware, crockery.

a فخارى fakhkhārī, A seller of earthenware.

م المناسة fakhāmat, A being thick and corpulent.

fakht, Trodden; wide, expanded;

gain (this meaning doubtful). fakhz (v.n.), Smiting, hurting in, or breaking the thigh; -- fakhz, fakhiz,

fikhz, The thigh; fakhiz, Part of a tribe; relations, brothren.

A set fakhr (v.n.,), Excelling in glory; preferring, exalting, regarding as more eminent in glory; -fakhr, fakhar, Glory, ornament, grace; excellence, nobility; pride, egotism, vaunt, boast; construed with āwardan, dāshtan, kardan, &c.; -- fakhru'lagran, The glory of his contemporaries;fakhri ambiya' u rusul, The glory of prophets and apostles (Muhammad);—izhari fakhr u ghurur kardan, To make a vainglorious display, to boast, to vaunt.

a هند عانه fakhr-khāna, A place of boast-

ing or glorying.

fakhriz, Fat; strong, lusty.

فخره fukhra, = فخره q.v., for which it is probably a misreading.

a sind of grape so called; surname of the poet Shains.

a نخرية fakhrīya, Boasting, vain-glory.

انخو fakhz (v.n. of نخو , Excelling, exceeding; being proud, haughty, arrogant; causing an excess, making a surplus, leaving a remainder; doing good; a residue, remainder.

منحش fakhsh (v.n.), Losing, wasting;

neglecting, not minding, leaving unattended

fakhfara, Bran; mouldly; stale. fakhfür. Title of the Emperor of China.

fakhlama, A wooden instrument with which the bow is struck when preparing cotton for spinning (see 445).

fakham, A sheet stretched on poles for catching money thrown about at festivals; also one placed under a tree to receive the fruit as it drops.

fakhamda, Carded cotton.

أخمندة fakhminda, (Cotton) separated from the seed.

fakhmidan, To separate cotton from the seeds; to pluck hairs from the body.

fakhn, fakhan, The interior or centre of a garden; -fakhn, A fathom.

A town fukhūkh (pl. of fakhkh), Snares, &c.

A نخور fakhūr, One who glories, a boaster; a camel with a large udder, but yielding little milk on account of the narrowness of the orifice; large (udder) with a small orifice and little milk; thick-trunked and branched (palm-tree); long-yarded (horse); -fukhur (v.n. of افخر), Glorying; vainglory, boast, vaunt.

fa<u>kh</u>īr, One who glories (against another), boastful, vauntful; excelled in glory;—fikhkhir, Very proud, vainglorious. fakhīz, A spur.

fakhīm, Great in rank and ho-

ندا fadā, Root, origin; a model, design,

precept, canon, rule.

هداء fadā', A heap, pile (of grain); a granary; a store-house for dates; a swelling;—fida' (v.n. of الدى), Ransoming, paying a ransom; devoting oneself for another; a redemption, ransom; devotedness; sacrifice, offering; -fidā'at (fidāyat) shawam, May I be your ransom (used in addressing princes or from children to parents);—fidā' (bafida') kardan, To devote oneself to, sacrifice oneself for, another.

A نداد faddād, Loud-voiced; rough in speech; proud, arrogant, lofty; possessing

from 100 to 1,000 camels.

fidām, fadām, faddām, A covering ندام A or a veil for the mouth, worn by the Parsis when they drink or say certain prayers; the stopper of a bottle or other vessel; fidam, A muzzle for an ox when treading out the corn; a turban or other head-dress; (pl. of fadm) stammerers; fools.

A ندامة fadamat (v.n. of ندامة), Having an impediment in speech; being weak in intellect, dull, heavy; being cross and

moody.

لدان fadān, faddān, An ox; yoke of oxen; a plough; plough-gear.

a نداري fidāwī, Self-sacrificing, devoted; a volunteer; a bravo, an assassin.

a نداریهٔ fidāwīyat, Self-sacrifice. a نداکیای fidā'ī, pl. نداکی fidā'iyān, One who volunteers or risks his life in any perilous service, devoted, offering oneself as ransom or victim, a forlorn hope; devoted; a lover; a robber, murderer.

a ندائى وار fidā'i-wār, Like one who sacrifices his life, fearlessly, intrepidly.

A to fadh (v.n.), Pressing heavily, weighing down (as debt or shocks of for-

A to fadkh (v.n.), Breaking, cleaving

open (the head with a stone).

Languid, impo- فدر fadr (v.n.), Being languid, impotent from too much work (a stallion);fudr (pl. of fadir), Weak, knocked up (stallions) ;—fadar, An aged or full-grown mountain-goat; — fadir, Foolish, silly; easily-broken (wood).

ندرجك fadranjak, Nightmare; the lips,

mouth, or parts about the mouth.

Legion fadrang, The bar of a door; a piece of wood used in wringing clothes; a calender, mangle; a cuckold; food carried in a napkin; leave, permission.

i fadrūnak, Loopholes, embrasnres ندرنك in the walls of a citadel through which stones are hurled; the stones thus thrown.

ندرة fadra, A mat of palm-leaves laid on the roof of a house and incrusted with

A فدس fuds, A spider.

الدش fadsh (v.n.), Breaking or wounding (the head); -fadish-madish, Dull, unskilful.

he hands or ندع A ندع fada' (v.n.), Having the hands or feet distorted and turning inwards; a distortion of the wrist and ankle; a mode of walking on the outer edge of the foot; a prominence in the front of a camel's hoof.

a ندځ *fadgh* (v.n.), Breaking (anything) hollow; moistening meat with fat, making it digestible; -fadagh, Crookedness, obli-

quity in the sole of the foot.

الالله fadfad, Level ground; an extensive desert; a hard, hilly, rocky district; -fudfud, Loud-voiced; — fudafid, Very thick milk.

a ندك fadak, Name of a village near Khaibar; name of a son of Ham; the rope on which dyers hang their cloth.

fadm (v.n.), Covering up (the mouth of a vessel); hesitation or obscurity in speech; weakness of intellect, dullness; a stammerer, stutterer; weak in mind, dull, stupid; deep-red.

الدن fadan, Red tincture; a strong

castle, a palace.

ندوند fadwad, خدود q.v.

أدور A fadūr, An old mountain-goat; also one young and full-grown ;—fudūr (v.n. of سر), Being weak, languid from too much covering (stallion); (pl. of fadar) aged or

full-grown mountain-goats.

dull, and heavy in intellect; having an impediment in speech; being cross and moody.

fadward, The bar of a door.

a فنوى fidwi, fidawi, Your devoted servant (much used by inferiors instead of the pronoun man, I).

ندريانة fidwiyāna, Like your devoted

servant.

ه فرية fidawiyat, Devotedness, devotion.

A فدية fidyat, fidya, A ransom;—fidyatu 'l-fiir, Half a ṣā' of wheat, and a ṣā' of all other kinds of grain.

other kinds of grain.

A was $fad\bar{\imath}d$ (v.n. of 33), Running; the noise made by sheep running; a loud noise; a noise like that of a snake casting its slough.

A نديك fudaik, Name of a place.

A دُديكاني fudaikāt, A sect of schismatics.

لدين fudain, Name of a village.

ha de fazz (v.n.), Driving on with violence; alone, singular, unique; scattered; name of the first of the arrows used in drawing lots.

a & J fazz-bazz, Single, odd.

أ لذلك fazālik, In the same manner; (in the parlance of accountants) sum total.

far, farr, Beauty, comeliness, ornament, elegance, decoration; light, splendour, brilliancy, lustre; voice, sound; a feather; a torrent of water; justice; government; infliction of punishment; magnificence, glory, power, dignity, dominion, pomp, state; [shāhi farīdūn-far, A king equal in power to Farīdūn;]—far, fir, Above, upon, dec. (= 1, 4, 4.); a particle prefixed to nouns aud verbs;—fur, A Jewish library or bookseller's shop.

farr (v.n.), Fleeing away; examining, clearing up by investigation; looking into a horse's mouth to discover his age; (pl. of fārr) fleeing, fugitive;—karr u farr,

Attack and retreat.

by farā, Back; behind; again; open; over; before; foremost; opposite, facing, over against; towards; onwards, along; above, up, on, upon; higher; height; all; side, quarter, nook, corner; far; near; middle, midst; increase; much; more; a taking, seizing; a particle of applause. (It is often prefixed or added to words to prevent a cacophony, and is frequently redundant.)

A \sigma', A wild ass, or its young; [kullu's-saidi fi jaufi'l-fara', All game is in the belly of the onager, i.e. the onager is the most valuable of all game (proverbial expression for what is best and most comprehensive in its kind);—firā' (pl. of farw), Fur-garments, furs;—farrā', A skinner,

furrier, vendor of furs; white, splendid; surname of a celebrated grammarian.

أرا أر farā ār, Stop thou up.

مُرَاتُ مَ farāb, Name of a village near Samarqand;—furrāb, Name of a village near Isfahān.

فرا بانتن دروغ farā bāftani durogh. The

forging of a lie, inventing, feigning.

farāburz, Name of a mighty champion and minister of Iran.

فرا پوش farā-posh, Stupidity, folly, madness.

i farā-poshānīdan, To cover.

أول بعث farā-pesh, Before, in the presence of; leading the van in battle, the forlorn hope;—farā-pesh kashīdan, To draw towards one, to attract.

A why furāt, Very fine, sweet water or waters; the river Euphrates; the sea.

هُواتَانِ furātān (du.), The Euphrates and Tigris.

farātar, More behind; higher; name of an ancient king;—farātar shudan, To be in a higher situation; to tend upwards; to be farther away, to go farther, to leave behind.

فراتغ furāta, New wine boiled to a consistence with fine flour, nuts, and almonds, then cooled and made up in the form of sausages.

إنين farātīn, Heavenly ;—farātīn nawād,

Heavenly speech.

فرا چنگ آوردن farā chang āwardan, To clutch.

A رأى $far\bar{a}h$, Gladness, joyousness, cheerfulness,

a فراحناك farāḥnāk, Joyous, gladsome.

th farākh, Open; wide, spacious; large, broad; much, plentiful, abundant; cheap; —farākh raftan, To make wide steps; to walk swiftly;—sāli farākh, A plenteous year.

of birds or beasts; chickens; young plants, plants beginning to branch out; vile, abject.

أواعا farā<u>kh</u>ā, Width, breadth, openness, spaciousness; a spacious place.

فرائ ادركي farākh-abrū'ī, (met.) Delight, happiness, a pleasant life.

farākh-āstīn, Wide-sleeved, i.e.

liberal, munificent; high-minded. אָל farākh-bāl, In affluent circum-

stances.

אל) א farākh-bar, Broad of chest; open-breasted.

ילים אבט farākh-bīn, Who takes a broad view of things; who sees everything alike.

اراخ پیشانی farā<u>kh</u>-peshāni, Having an open brow, a broad forehead.

أواعتن farākhtan, To exalt, extol.

فراخ حوملكي farā<u>kh</u>-ḥausalagī, Nobleness. a مان farā<u>kh</u>-ḥausala, Large-minded, high-minded. farākh-dast, Open-handed. farākh-dastī, Open-handedness,

liberality; wealth; power.

farākh-dahāna, Wide-mouthed (vessel or river).

blab.

ر الله على farākh-rav, Wide-stepping; swift, quick; extravagunt, lavish, profuse; farākh-rū, Of an open countenance, goodnatured, merry.

farākh-rozī, Abundance of the comforts and conveniences of life.

farākh-rawī, Extravagance, profusion; farākh-rūy, A pleasant counte-

اراغ سال farā<u>kh</u>-sāl, A plentiful year; farākh-sālī yāftan, To enjoy abundance.

farākh-sukhun, Open-mouthed; who talks much or idly; speaking ill of

فراخ كام farā kh-kām, Rich, happy; swift. a أَنْ كَفَلِ farākh-kafal, With large buttocks (horse).

farākh-gām, Wide-stepping (horse). farākh-māya, Experienced, intelligent, of great capacity.

farākhnā, Width, spaciousness; interval, interstice; an open spacious place.

فراعناك farākhnāk, Wide, broad.

farakhwur, Worthy, fit, proper, suitable, suited; corresponding, proportioned; -farākhwur āmadan, To be equal; to correspond, to agree, to square, to suit, to fit.

فاراخة farākha, Tremor, trembling, hor-

نراخه کرنته farākha-girifta, Seized with a fit of trembling, trepidation, or horror; horrified.

farākhī, Wideness, width, openness; largeness; abundance, plenty; cheapness (of provisions); a girth; -farakhī'i rizq, Abundance of wealth, plenty of provisions.

farākhīdan, To separate, put asunder; to stand on end (the hair of the head); to be broad, large, abundant; to be dissolved; to belch.

farākhez, The tottering pace of infants or drunkards; -- farākhez āmadan, To begin to creep; to walk staggeringly, to toddle.

farā<u>kh</u>ī-gāh, A place abounding فراخي كاة in food and drink.

A فراد firād (pl. of fard), Parts tallying with other parts.

ارا دار farā dār, Lift up.

نوا داهتن farā-dāshtan, To raise, to extol. farādar, The bar of a door.

farādīn, فرادون farādīn, Ansthing minute; certain small stars.

a soli furada, and—

A فرائيل furādá (pl. of fard), Unique, in-

comparable; one by one; separately; one after another; sheet by sheet.

A فراديس faradis (p. of فراديس), Paradises. farrar, Ferrara (m.c. from Fr. Ferrare).

A فرار farūr, firār, furār (v.n. of فرار م), Looking into a (horse's) mouth to discover (his) age; clearing up by investigation; ['ainuhu farāra-hu (met.) You can judge by his eye of his character;]-firār (v.n. 8 of j.), Running away; absconding; flight, escape; quicksilver; firār bar garār ikhtiyar kardan, To prefer flight to fight; -firār namūdan, To flee, show the white feather; -farrār, Fleeing, fugitive, runaway.

ورا راة افتادي farā rāh uftādan, To be taught, instructed, trained; -farā rāh afgandan, To instruct, educate, train.

A قرارة farārat, Flight, running off, ab-

sconding.

(f), Name of the soul or intellect of the sphere of fixed stars.

فرا رسيدن farā-rasīdan, To arrive.

farā-rasīda, Surrounding, comprehending; arrived.

fararish, Name of the angel in whose charge horses are.

farā-raftan, To go on, proceed.

الرري farārā, فراروي furarūy, Back part of the head, the occiput.

farārān, Ūntoward, unlucky, retrograde.

فراري farārī, A runaway, deserter; ab-

sconded. A فراريع farārīj (pl. of farrūj), Chickens. أراز farāz, Above, up, upon, on, upwards, aloft, on the top; above and below, up and down; back, behind; after, hereafter; again, on the contrary; opposite; before, in presence; in the way, hindering; near; almost; together; since; open; opening; trodden, flattened; broad, wide; shut; shutting; the ascent, declivity, or summit of a mountain; height, altitude; concealment; kindling, illuminating; exalted; stubborn, obstinate, headstrong; a light or smooth thing; an assembly, congregation; entrance, ingress; interior; union; increase; additional, redundant; progress; blood; membrum virile; a particle of praise, approbation, or redundant pleonasm, often prefixed to verbs without altering the sense, in other cases emphasising it, as farāz ando<u>kh</u>tan (the same as ando<u>kh</u>tan), To gain; -farāz ār, Carry or bring up; farāz āmadan, To approach closely; enter; proceed, step forward; — farāz āwardan (āwarīdan), To obtain; to collect; —farāz dih, Give back, give again; -farāz rasāndan, To cause to arrive;—farāz rasīdan, To arrive, occur, happen;—farāz kardan, To open (a door); to shut, cover, hide; to build ;-farāz giriftan, To encompass, surround, light upon, overtake ;—farāz u nishīb,

Ascent and declivity; - az sabāḥ farāz, From, since morning; —az dīroz farāz, From, since yesterday;]-farāz, firāz, High, height; (imp. of farākhtan and farāzīdan, in comp. used as part.) exalting; who raises or elevates.

farāz-ābād, The upper world, the

heavenly sphere.

farazid (pl. of farazdaq), Crumbs of bread.

فرا زدن farā-zadan, To open, discover, unveil; to release.

farāzmān, An order, command. قرارنده farāzanda, A raiser; a planter.

أرازلو firāzinav, firazinū (?), A butterfly; a moth (unsupported).

a مازاره farāzina (pl. of firzan), Queens at

farāza, A high place.

farāzī, Highness, exaltation.

ازيد A farāzīd (pl. of farazdaq), Cakes, crumbs of bread.

فراريدي farāzīdan, firāzīdan, To erect; to open; to shut; to unite, join.

h فرازين farāzīn (pl. of firzān), Queens at

farazin-orwand, The essence فرازين اوروند of the upper world; title of a book written by king Jamshed.

farās, A black kind of date;--abū firās, Surname of the poet Farazdaq; also of the companion Rabī'ah bin Ka'b; a lion; -farrās, The lion (as tearer or render).

أراسب firāsab, The lower part of a door; the upper part of a door; the main beam

on which a roof rests (see فرسب).

Being skil-, فراسة م farāsat (v.n. of فراسة م ful in horsemanship, and in whatever appertains to horses ;-firāsat, Physiognomics, judging of the character from external appearances; sagacity, discernment, ingenuity; address, dexterity; instinct (m.c.); -firasat kardan, To conjecture, divine, judge; - 'ilmi firasat, The science of physiognomy.

a فراست هناس firāsat-shinās, One who knows how to read physiognomies, a phy-

siognomist.

a مراست نامه firāsat-nāma, A book which treats on physiognomy.

farāstūk, A swallow. فراستوك farāstūk, A swallow. farāsta, A little backwards.

farāsikh (pl. of farsakh). Parasangs.

فرا سودة farā-sūda, Old, worn-out, tattered.

نراسياب farās-yāb, A bubble; name of a

king of Turan (see افراسیاب).

farāsīsī, Of or belonging to France, French; a Frenchman; the French language.

وراسين farāsīn, وراسيون farāsiyūn, furā-suyūn, Wild loek.

farāsh, A bird whose wings are

well fledged; the teeth of a mill, the cogs or paddles of a wheel; the radii or arms of a reel, or anything similar; a runner;firash, Numbness of limbs.

A مراهل farāsh, A moth flying round a lighted candle; mud dried on the surface of the ground; bubbles on wine, &c.; drops of sweat; two blackish veins under the tongue; the two pieces of a bit to which the reins are fastened;—firāsh (v.n. 3 of فرش), Spreading; strewing with stones, paving; smoothing the way; clearing business of any difficulty; anything spread; a carpet, bed, quilt, couch; a birds-nest; the place where the tongue lies in the hollow of the mouth; (met.) a wife, woman; [sāhib-firāsh, Bed-ridden;]-farrāsh, One who apreads the carpets or cushions, i.e. the chamberlain in the palaces of kings and great men; an officer who superintends the pitching of tents; a footman, a butler (m.c.); - farrāshi uhazab, An executioner who waits in the royal antechamber.

farāshā, Horripilation; horror, the

tremor of a fever.

farāshat, One moth; the tongue فراهة or bolt (of a lock); dry mud; a little water; a nimble man.

farāshtarūk, فراهتروك farāshtarūk, A swallow.

فراهتك farāshtuk, A swallow. وراهتي farāshtān, To lift up, raise.

a فراهنانه farāsh-khāna. The room where carpets are spread; a place where furniture is kept, a lumber-room.

a فراهي farrāshī, Spreading carpets; the

business of a farrāsh.

,farāshidan فراهيدن To tremble with horror; to shake (with cold); to stand on end (as the hair of a man in terror, the pile of a cat on the appearance of a dog, the plumage of a bird).

a فراهي سلام farrāshī-salām, A bow or

obeisance made down to the carpet.

farāshīwan, Wild leek.

مَرُاصُ لَمُ firāṣ (v.n. 3 of فراص), Observing rotation, doing anything alternately with another; a garment, clothing; strong, thick red; (pl. of firsat) menstruous clothes.

ا فراض firāz, The mouth of a river; implements for lighting fire, a match-box; a little clothing; (pl. of farz) notches in the

horns of a bow.

A أوط firat (v.n. 3 of فراط), Endeavouring to get before another; outstripping another in talking; water which is yielded to the first comer, though other members of the tribe have an equal right to it.

الوغ faragh (v.n. of فراغ , Finishing, bringing to a close; termination, close; firāgh, Cessation from labour, freedom from business, disengagement; rest, repose, leisure, retirement; happiness, joy; competency; opportunity; a cool summer-wind;

a wide-stepping horse; half a horse-load; a large leathern water-vessel; a large cup which one can scarcely carry; [firāghi bāl, Repose of mind, contentment; -li'l-firāgh, In vain, uselessly. In the sense of cessation from business, &c., the word is construed with the verbs uftadan, awardan, dadan, rasīdan, kardan, &c.]-furāgh, Splendour, coruscation.

a فراغ بالى firāghu'l-bālī, فراغ البالي firāgh-

bāli, Joy, gladness, contentment.

هُراعة A فراعة farāghat (v.n. of فراعة Being wide and broad (a wound); leisure, quiet, freedom from business and care; forgetfulness; impatience, restlessness;—farāghat shudan, To be at leisure, to desist, to take a relaxation; to abandon any pursuit, to leave a thing untouched; —az (ba-) rīshi kase farāghat dāshtan, Not to fear one, to be unconcerned with regard to; - auquiti farāghat, Hours of leisure.

a فراغت عانة farāghat-khāna, A cabinet,

a private room.

a فراعت كدة farāghat-kada, A place of enjoyment.

a فراغ محلى firāgh-khattī, Discharge, re-

farāghūy, A sparrow-hawk, a merlin (see فرغوى).

furāgha, A piece of thin black silk

for wiping pens.

farafar, A loud and terrible noise,

as the blast of a trumpet, &c.

farāq, firāq, Departure; separation; distance; abandonment; grief, regret on account of absence ;—firaq (v.n. 3 of فرق), Parting from a friend, separating.

a فراق زدة firāq-zada, Absent, separated.

a فراتى firāqī, Of or relating to separation; separated; absent.

firāqīyat, A poem made on the فراتية A absence of a mistress.

فراك furāk, The back; a catamite; im-

pure; vile, bad.

farā-kan, The channel of a river فراكن newly dug; a deep ravine excavated by a

torrent; high.
יו farā-giriftan, To withhold, to refuse; to take, assume, resume; to fill; to hold, seize; to suffer from dysury; to be costive; to have a dysentery; to adopt (as a habit or temper).

farā gosh dāshtan, To listen. فرا كوش داهتن faramarz, Keeper of a citadel or fortress; name of the son of Rustam.

فرامش farāmush, Forgotten; forgetfulness; -- faramush kardan, To forget.

برامشت farāmusht, Forgetfulness; grasped, clutched in the fist.

فرامشكار farāmush-kār, Unmindful.

farāmushī, Forgetfulness, oblivion.

jarāmosh, Forgotten; forgetfulness:—farāmosh dādan, To give forgetfulness, to make forget; -faramosh kardan, To forget; -farāmosh gardīdan, To be forgotten.

farāmoshānīdan (caus. of farāmoshīdan), To make forget (unsupported).

farāmosh shuda, Forgotten. a فراموش عهد farāmosh-'ahd, Oblivious of

one's compact, of one's duty.

farāmoshgār, Forgetful. farāmoshī, Forgetfulness. farāmoshīdan, To forget.

a فرامين farāmīn (Ar. pl. of P. farmān),

Orders, mandates; passports.

A وان farān, Name of a river;—farrān, Name of a large city in Maghrib.

farānaj, The nightmare. فرانج

T فرانيه frānsa, France. فرانسه frānsa, France. مرانيه farānid (pl. of firnid), Herbs, seasonings; (pl. of firind) glittering surfaces of swords.

firānzānsfast, elsewhere spelt فرالوانسفست firānzānwast, Franzensveste (an Austrian fortress, m.c.).

a فرانسه farānisa, فرانيس farānīs (pl. of firnās), Headmen of Persian villages.

a برانك furāniq (from P. بروانك q.v., p. 245), An animal which precedes the lion, and points him out his prey; a guide (especially to an army); one who forwards a letter to the royal presence; a courier, lettercarrier; a lion.

tarānak, Name of Farīdūn's mother.

farā-namūdan, To exhibit. فراوار furāwār, A balcony (see فراوار).

فراوان farāwān, firāwān, Much; abundant, copious; sufficient; opulent; wide, spacious; deep, abundantly;—ni'mati farāwān, Plenty of victuals, an abundance of good things.

farāwān-hunar, Endowed with

many virtues or excellencies.

farāwān-tam', Who has many desires, indulges in many hopes.

نراراني farāwānī, Abundance; depth. farāwor, Name of a fountain in Turkistān which removes a quartan fever.

far-āwarīdan, To bring down, or cause to descend; to swallow, or make swallow.

farāwand (probably for an older فراوند form farā-band), The bar of a door.

farawez, Lace, fringe, edging, any ornament round a garment; anything spread (as carpets, &c.).

farāh, Name of a mountain in Sīstān; also of a river which springs from it.

farāhān, Name of a town in Per-

sian Irāq, now destroyed.

farāhat, فراهة farāhiyat (v.n. of فرة), Being ingenious, clever, and sprightly (a man); sprightliness; elegance, beauty, pomp, state.

farāhikhtan, To suspend; to instruct, educate; to draw (a sword).

farāham, Collected, gathered; collection, conjunction, contraction; a collective particle preceding verbs (similar to con or ad in Latin); together, as: farāham āmadan, To come together; —farāham āwardan, To bring together; to adjust; to collect, accumulate; to clench (the fist);farāham shudan, To be brought together, &c.; -farāham kardan, To assemble; faraham kashidan, To draw together; to contract, wrinkle; pass. of farāham āwardan;-farāham giriftan khwudrā, To draw oneself into a heap, to shrink into one-

farāham-āmadagī, A collection.

ifarāhekhtan, To educate; to

draw (a sword).

farā'id (pl. of farīd), Precious فراكد م gems; beads separating pearls from gold in a necklace or bracelet; unique pearls; units; — farā'idu 'd-durr, Large pearls;

farā'is (pl. of farīsat), Preys of lions.

farāyista, More, greater; increase. farā'is (pl. of farīṣat), Nerves فراكص ▲ and muscles between the inner parts of the shoulder which quiver in fear or any great excitement; veins in a horse's neck where he is bled.

فراكض ٨ أarā'iz (pl. of farīzat), The divine precepts, statutes, laws; the knowledge of the law of inheritance and the division of left property.

a فراكس farā'izī, Škilled in the Mnham-

maden law of inheritance. farāyūsh, Silly, beside oneself. farb, Name of a large river.

فربارة farbāra, Pomp, state, dignity. فربارة farbāl, غربال farbāla, A summer-apartment, a latticed halcony.

a فربانيون farbāniyūn, Camomile.

فرود farbūd, Straight, right, orthodox. فرود فين farbūd-dīn, فرود دين farbūd-bh, فرود دين farbūdī, Sound in the faith, orthodox.

לא farbih, Fat; gross; corpulent; much, abundant; immense (mountain); heavy (stone); deep (gash); flourishing (king-

farbih-surīn, With fat buttocks فربه سرين

(horse).

לנאיט farbhan, farbhin, Purslain. farbihî, Fatness, corpulence. فرابى

q.v.). فربه farbī, Fat, &c. (= فربه firbīdan, To deceive.

ورون furbiyūn, Euphorbium. فرورك farparak, A bat.

a by farrat, Flight; -furrat, Severity, hardness; mixture; intensity of heat; beginning of heat; better, more respectable.

fart, The warp of a web in the loom.

fart (v.n.), Being wicked ;—firt, The distance between the tips of the stretched-out thumb and fore-finger; farat (v.n.), Becoming weak after having enjoyed a sound understanding.

فرتاب fartāb, Revelation. fartāsh, Existence. فرتاش

fartast, The warp of a web (unsupported by examples; see فرصه).

firt-firt, Quickly, instantly, pre-

ورناي فرناي furtak zadan, To snap the fingers.

فرتوت fartūt, A decrepit, doting old man.

fartūt-sāl, Decrepit in years. fartūt-shudagī, Decrepitude. fartūta, A decrepit old woman.

فرتوتى fartūtī, Decrepitude ; dotage. fartod, A decrepit old dotard.

fartaur, fartor, Reflexion, inversion. fartūk, A swallow.

fars (v.n.), Splitting, loosing; opening a basket, hamper, paunch, letting out and scattering its contents; slashing a man so that his heart or liver is cut in pieces; a fainting to which pregnant women are subject; the fæces within the intestines.

خرج farj, Price, worth, value; esteem,

honour; dignity, rank.

A ورة farj (v.n.), Splitting; separating; opening a gate; dispelling grief; privities (of a man or woman); the space between the two hind feet of a horse; confines of a hostile country; a dangerous or infested place, a weak point; name of a city near Mosul; [farji kaftār, (met.) Compassion. affection, love (cf. kussi kaftar under کس);] -firj, furj, Unable to keep a secret; -furj, Name of a city in Persia;—faraj (v.n.), Having the haunches wide apart and the privities exposed (through fatness); freedom from grief or sorrow, rest, repose, ease; joy, comfort, pleasure, cheerfulness, delight; - farij, Habitually cheerful;furaj (pl. of furjat), Openings, interstices, crevices, breaches (m.c.); -furuj, Unable to keep a secret; leaky; (a woman) dressed in a single robe.

farjā, Here, behold!

farjād, Excellent, eminent in learn-

q.v. p. پرکار firjār, farjār (from P. پرکار

248), A pair of compasses.

farjām, End, conclusion, issue; utility, profit; happiness; convenient, agreeable; custom; the newest; that which is last poured from a flagon into a cup; --- asbi nā-farjām, An unbroke horse; -su<u>kh</u>uni nā-farjām, An useless, impertinent, foolish speech; -mazmūni khujasta $farj\bar{a}m$, The august contents (of a royal letter).

farjām-gāh, The final home, the

farjat, firjat, furjat, The cheerfulness of a mind freed from sorrow, straits, and difficulties; -- furjat, Interstice (or space between two fingers); a crevice (in a wall), gap, chink, breach.

farjad, A great-grandfather.

farjmand, Adorned; high in rank. farjand-shāy, A degree of فرمند هاي Sufic perfection consisting in the knowledge how to distinguish the creator from the created (= شیبسار q.v.).

farjūd, A miracle.

firjaul, فرجول firjaun, A currycomb.

a فرجى farjī, A kind of garment. A در farah (v.n.), Being joyful, glad, fain; being saucy, pert, wanton; gladness, cheerfulness, glee; wantonness; — farih, Free from care, gay, happy, joyous, cheerful; saucy, skittish, pert.

A محال farah-an, Gladly, cheerfully.

a أفرا أفرا farah-afzā, Mirth-increasing.

a عرع آباد farah-ābād, Name of a pleasureground in Iran.

أوحان A فرحان farhān, Joyful, joyous, glad,

happy; saucy.

a فرح بخش farah-bakhsh, Imparting joy or gladness; amusing, exhilarating, entertaining, refreshing; name of a garden.

farhat, furhat, Delight, pleasure, cheerfulness, joy, amusement; sauciness, insolence; a gift for anything that has afforded pleasure ;—fariḥat, fariḥa (fem. of

farih), Cheerful (woman). a مرحت آثار farhat-āṣār, Pleasant, happy. a فرحت افزاى farhat-afzāy, Increasing

delight.

farhatu 'l-liqā, Pleasant to فرحت اللقآ م ook at; name of a kite; the Pondicherry

a فرصت أنجام farhat-anjām, Of happy issue, prosperous, auspicious, successful.

a فرح بخش farhat-bakhsh, = فرحت بخش q.v. a فرحناك faraḥnāk, Joyful, delighted.

א לי, farkh, The young of any bird or beast; young herbage or plants; corn ready to burst into ear; vile, base, abject, mean; name of a man;—farakh (v.n.), Being secure, exempt from fear or danger; cleaving to the ground.

far-rukh (for t, فر far-rukh), farukh, Beautiful-faced; happy, fortunate; name of the second of the five supplemental days

added to the Persian year.

إما farkhā, Breadth; affliction, grief, pain.

farukh-akhtar, Of lucky star, fortunate.

farkhād, Victorious.

farkhār, Ornament, decoration; name of a city remarkable for the beauty of its inhabitants and a number of idols; name of an idol-temple where beautiful girls devoted themselves to worship.

farkhār-des, Like the city of فرخار ديس Farkhār.

فريماش far<u>kh</u>āsh, War, battle; dispute, strife.

farkhāk, A lock of hair hanging فرخاك down neither plaited or curled.

ارخاك farkhāg, A dish of meat and eggs.

فرخاك $far\underline{kh}\bar{a}l$, فرخال q.v.

firkhan (pl. of farkh), Young birds or beasts.

برعانيدن far<u>kh</u>ānīdan, To be well bred, educated, mannerly; to have pendent ears (an animal).

نوخ پای farrukh-pāy, Fortunate (lit. of

happy foot).

firukhtār, A seller. فرعتار

أركتن firukhtan, To sell; to kindle, inflame.

a فرخج fara<u>kh</u>j, = فرخج q.v. far<u>kh</u>ujasta, Prosperous; happy; a musician; name of a certain flower.

farkhaja, Deformed, sordid, filthy. أرخجى fara<u>kh</u>jī, Shamefulness ; impurity, vileness, wickedness.

farakhch, Rump or bnttocks of a quadruped; ugly, ill-shaped; unclean; a

ررز farrukh-roz, Name of a note in music.

نرخ زاد farru<u>kh</u>-zād, Happy; prosperous; name of an angel stationed on the earth.

farkhasta, Lying on or dragged فرامسته along the ground; wounded, afflicted; humble.

farru<u>kh</u>-suwār, Mounted by an فرخ سوار auspicious rider.

far<u>kh</u>asīdan, To soften.

farrukh-siyar, A happy disposition.

farakhsh, The rump or buttocks of

a quadruped; a crupper.

أرعشتة farkhashta, A sort of cake made with leaven, in which almonds and the like are put; dragged along the ground.

farakhshūr, A messenger from فرعشور

heaven, a prophet.

farkhasha, Almond-cake. فرخشه

نرعشيدن farkhashīdan, To dance. a نرخ نال farrukh-fāl, Of happy omen, auspicious; fortunate, prosperous.

a فرع قدم farrukh-qadam, Fortunate (=

. (.v. بای ورخ پای

a الرخ مال farrukh-ma'āl, = ورهده مال q.v. فرعبيدي farkhamidan, To beat; to clean cotton from the seed; to pull, pluck, gather.

فرع فبرد farrukh-nabard, Lucky in battle,

a successful warrior.

farrukh-nizhād, Of an illustrious فرع نواد

and prosperous race.

زمنني farkhanj, Vain, foolish, useless; disagreeable (voice); joy, pleasure, merriment, sport, dalliance; interest, profit, share, lot, fortune.

نومندكى farkhundagī, Happiness. farkhunda, Happy; fortunate, prosperous.

farkhunda-pay, Of auspicious فرعندة باى

footstep; fortunate.

a فرعنده راى farkhunda-ray, Wise, sage. a عالم مرعدة فال , farkhunda-tāli', أرعدة فال farkhunda-fāl, Fortuuste.

farkhunda-farjam, Of auspi-

cious tendency, of happy issue.

a فريسدة مال farkhunda-ma'āl, Happy is-

sue; auspicious; successful.

farkhav, The lopping of a vine, pruning; clearing a garden or field from weeds; the Lybian lizard.

farkhwāg, A dish of meat and فرعواك

far<u>kh</u>war, far<u>kh</u>ūr, A water-course; the young of the bird tihū (see p. 344). farkhūy, Nature, disposition.

farkhawidan, To prune, lop (a فرخويدن

tree).

farrukh-hamāl, A beautiful فرخ همأل spouse; possessed of such.

farrukhī, Prosperity. فرمى

fard (v.n.), Being alone; entering upon (any business) alone, achieving (it) by oneself; one thing, one out of two, a half; odd (number); a unit; one person, an individual; a single sheet or strip of paper; a list, roll, register, record, statement; a single verse; the singular number; incomparable, sole, unique; God; alone; the white-headed fantail (Leucocerca aureola); [fardi bāṭil, An odd number; a useless thing; —fardi bāqiyāt, A balance-sheet; fardi tash<u>kh</u>īs, A settlement record;—fardi jurm, A calendar of crime; -fardi jam'bandī, A rent-roll, rental;—fard shudan az, To be separated from ;—fardi qarābat, Kindred-roll; -fardi kāsht, Statement of (a peasant's) cultivation; — har fard, Every one;]-fard, farad, farid, farud, furud, A glittering sword; -farad, farid, farud, furud, Alone, sole, unique, incomparable; -furad, farid, One.

a مردة fard-an, Singly, severally, one by

one.

fardā, To-morrow ;—fardāyi qiyāmat,

The resurrection-morn.

fardāb, Manifestation, revelation. לְנְנוֹ fardā-shab, To-morrow night.

A לינו לענו לענו fard-an fard-an, One by one. fardawum, فردايينه fardayina, Relating to to-morrow, of to-morrow, crastine. فردجان fardajān, The month of October.

a فرد طيفت fard-ḥaqīqat, A memorial. a كالم من fard-khāna, A house where strangers put up on the road; a private apartment; a cell in a monastery.

fardara, فردرة fardara. A large wooden

bar to fasten a door.

a عرد فرد fard-fard, Singly, severally; one by one.

a فرد سوال fard-suwāl, Petition, applica-

tion.

fardfar, faradfar, (God) the supporter of men.

fardam, Anxious, troubled, afflicted. A فردوس firdaus, A garden, vineyard, paradise; a fertile valley; name of several delightful places; also of a fortress at Qazwin; -furdūs, Provisions set before a guest.

a فردوس مكالى firdaus-makānī, A title of a deceased emperor (located in Paradise).

a فردوسی firdausī, A famous Persian poet, the author of the great epic poem "Shahnāma."

a فرده farda, A poll-tax.

a فردي fardī, A roll, catalogue.

a نرديات fardiyāt (pl. of the preceding), Catalogues, statements; details, &c.

fardīn, The first month of the Persian year, when the sun is in Aries.

is farz, Great; learned;—firz, The queen at chess;—firz, furz, Grass, verdure;—furz, Excess; victory, conquest; a bank of a large river where boats may harbour.

A j, fare (v.n.), Separating, parting, or stinguishing; level ground, a plane distinguishing; having no mountain ;—firz, A road through

hilly ground.

أرزائة farzāda, A large mass of leaven. أرزام farzām, Worthy, suiting, befitting. farzān, Science, learning; strength, constancy; wise, learned.

a فرزان firzān (for P. farzīn), The queen at

chess.

farzānagān (pl. of farzāna), Learned men; privy counsellors; excellent. farzānagī, Learning, science; wisdom : excellence.

farzāna, A learned man; wise, excellent, intelligent; noble, honourable;

happy, blest.

farzāna-khoy, Of a wise disposition.

ارزانه وار farzāna-wār, Sensible, wise, sage.

أوز بود farz-būd, Wisdom, understanding. A مَرَوَّهُ firzat, Part, a thing separated. فرزمهٔ farzaja, A suppository, clyster.

furuzd, A green weed covering stagnant water; verdure, bright, moist, and succulent.

farazdaq, A cake baked in the oven; a crumb of bread; a lump of dough; surname of the celebrated poet Humam bin Ghalib, who from the bitterness of his satire is frequently called shaitan farardaq, Devil Farazdaq.

farz-zamyār, A great prayer. فرز زميار farz-farjīshwar, A great pro-

أرزم A cobbler's last.

farrand, A son; a child; offspring; [farzandi āb, Aquatic animals; bubbles;farzandi arjmandash, His illustrious son;farrandi āftāb, A ruby;—farzand bastan dar mahd, To put a child into the cradle, to make it sleep in a cradle ;-farzandi bikr, Eldest son; an evergreen;—farzandi khāwar, The sun; -farzandi rashid, A good child; farzandi zinā, A hastard ;—farzandi kujāst, Where was he born?—farzandi nek-nihādi 'ālī-nizhād, A son of high quality and noble race; - firzind, Name of a place.

farzand-shād, فرزند هاد farzand-shād,

Meditation.

farzandak, A little child, a bantling. farzand - murda, Bereaved فرزند (parent).

farzandī, The properties, qualities, state, nature, or condition of a child; -bafarzandī dāshtan, To adopt for a son.

farzū, Wisdom, intelligence.

farza, A green herb; a place full of grass;—furza, The bank of a river where ships are moored.

farzī, The queen at chess.

farzi-band, A term used at فرزى بعد

לנגש farzīn, The queen at chess; learned. furzh, farzh, Root of galangale; rhubarb.

fare (v.n.), Catching, tearing (prey); breaking the neck, killing; pasturing, tending (horses); eating habitually the black date faras; -firs, Name of a herb; -furs, Persia; the Persians; -faras, A horse, a mare; the knight at chess;—faras afgandan, To overcome, to vanquish;faras nihādan, To be weak and vanquished.

أوساى fareāy, (in comp.) Destroying, wearing; old, worn out; rubbing against, reaching (the sky); -jan-farsa, Distracting the mind, unhappy, melancholy,

fatal.

farsad, Wise, learned; a mulberry. أرسان farsān, Any animal of whose skin fur garments are made.

A فرسان fursān (pl. of fāris), Horsemen. farsānīdan, To cause to rub or فرسانيدن wear.

fareāyinda, Waxing old, impaired. farsab, فرسب farasp, The main beam which enters the walls; tapestry with which they adorn the walls on feast-

farsat, Wind which settles in the back; also a painful swelling on the neck.

farast, Magic, incantation;—firist (imp. of the following), Send thou; a letter; anything sent as a present; a

firistādan, To send. فرستادن

firistādagān, فرستادكان firistādagān, Sent; an ambassador, envoy, apostle, legate.

firistāda-wār, Like a messenger, فرستادة وار like an ambassador.

firistagān, Ambassadors, apostles.

فرستگانی firistagānī, Apostolical. فرستو farastū, firistū, فرستو firistūk, A swallow.

furistūh, A certain king of China. firista, S apostle; a present. Sent; an ambassador,

a فرسن farsakh (for P. فرسنگ q.v.), A parasang, a league, about 18,000 feet in length; an hour; a long time; an interval; a chink, cleft; quiet, repose; perpetual;

distant place to another.

a فرس خوان furs-khwān, Who reads Persian, a Persian scholar.

farsad, It decays, wears away.

a فرس دان furs-dan, Who knows Persian, a Persian scholar.

farsudan, To be worn, to wax old.

أوسدة farsuda, Worn, decayed, grown

a فرسطاريون firistāriyūn, A species of pulse. o فرسطون farastun, A public standard of weights and measures.

farsak, Worn out, decayed ;- firisk,

A peach.

farslus, A fabulous stone obtained فرسلوس by Alexander the Great, which, when placed on mercury, was changed to silver.

farsulun, Tale, mica. فرساوي

firsin, firsan, Hoof of a camel or فرسني sheep.

firisnāfa, New-year's فرسناف night.

أرسنداج farsandāj, A messenger, prophet. فرسنداج farsang, A parasang, league; a distance of twelve thousand enbits; -dih mī-bīnī u farsang mī-pursī, You inquire for a thing which is evident (proverbial).

farsangsār, A league-stone.

فرسودهٔ $\bar{f}arear{u}d,=$ فرسود q.v.

فرسودگی farsūdagī, Obliteration; wear, waste.

فرسودن farsūdan, To rub, scrub, wear, tear, consume, diminish; to be worn, torn, old, inveterate; to rot; to kick, strike, shake; to torment, persecute; to press, urge, compel, importune; to expose oneself to danger; to bitch along sitting on the backside; to be dragged by anything when lying; to be fatigued, languid, spiritless; to detest, loathe; to anoint; to be anointed; to repent; to congeal.

i farsūda, Torn, worn, old, decayed. fursūda-razm, Experienced in

warfare.

a فرسى fursī, Persian; Persic. fareīb, A main beam. q.v. فرسودن farsidan, = فرسيدن

farsh (v.n.), Spreading (a carpet

or the like); furnishing (a house); paving, laying flag-stones; enlarging, rendering easy; a bed, couch, cushion, mat, carpet, bed-clothes (construed with the verbs afgandan, andākhtan, bastan, shudan, kardan, kashīdan, gustārānīdan, gustardan, gushādan, &c.); a large court or quadrangle; blades of corn just sprouting above ground; small camels; animals reared for slaughter; a place where many shrubs grow; a lie, falsehood; state, condition; grief, sorrow; name of a valley; [farshi bāsitān (khāk), The earth; —farshi dū-rang, The world; the earth; night and day;—farshi 'āj, (a carpet of ivory) Snow;—yak dasti farsh, One carpet;}—furush (pl. of firāsh), Beds, mattrasses.

فرهان fursh, Biestings;—farish, Tired of. فرهاد farshād, Name of the soul or intellect of the sphere of Mars.

q.v. فرهک firishtag, = فرهتگ

فرهنتگان firishtagan (pl. of firishta), Angels.

ورهتگانی firishtagānī, Angelical. فرهتو farashtūk, A swalow.

غرهته firishta, An angel; a messenger, apostle;—firishta'i bar-tar (sālār), The first or supreme intellect, &c. (='aqli anwal q.v. under عقل);—firishta'i saḥāb, The angel Michael, the angel of the clouds;—firishta'i ṣārī, Israel;—firishta'i marg, The angel of death, called murdād.

firishta-tanān, Angelic beings ;

(met.) the stars; holy men, saints.

firishta-sīrat, Angel-tempered. ورهته سيرت firishta-gird, (angel-city) The heavens.

firishta-manish, Of angelic dis-

position.

فرهته وش firishta-wash, Like an angel. فرهك farishk, فرهك farishg, A small bunch joining a larger.

fursha, firsha, New milk, biestings.

a نرهى farshī, A kind of hookah.

farshed, The brother of Pīrān Wesa. مرهيد farshām, A share, division; a section.

ارس الم farş (v.n.), Cutting, cleaving, tearing, slitting; hurting in the farişat or muscles of the shoulder (see فريمة).

the deaves of which being boiled with those of the black fig and of the vine in rain-water, produce a liquor which will stain hair black.

A dept farsat, Wind in a tumour, especially on the back—firsat, A menstruous cloth;—fursat, Occasion, opportunity, convenience; leisure, rest, ease; relief, respite, reprieve; recovery; coincidence; advantage; a time, turn, (drinking in) rotation; leave;—fursat yūftan, To find an opportunity;—dar andak fursate, In a short

time;—fauti furșat kardan, To neglect, lose, or miss one.

ه فرصت جو furṣat-jo, Seeking an occasion.

A فرصيد firṣid, فرصيد firṣid, A grape-stoue.

A by farz (v.n.), Cutting, notching, nicking; ordering anything to be observed; rendering necessary and obligatory; giving, allowing a stipend; an indispensable duty, divine command, obligation; onus; responsibility; supposition, hypothesis, assumption; the notch at the horn of a bow; an unfettered arrow (for drawing lots); a shield; that part of the steel or wood which strikes fire; one of the timbers in a house; a sort of date; [bi 'l-farz, On the supposition, supposing that;—'alā farzi 'l-muhāl, Granting an impossibility;]—firz, The fruit of the dwarf palm-tree whilst yet green;—furaz (pl. of furzat), Notches in the horns of a bow; taxes, customs.

**Jarz-an, Supposing the case, for example; clearly, distinctly; altogether, entirely, principally, above all; so that;

surely.

bow, or in the top of a yarn-spindle into which the thread goes; an indent of a river where water is drawn; a hight where ships ride at anchor; a harbour, dock, station for shipping; the mouth of a river; the orifice of an inkstand; the hinge of a door; a tax, custom-duty.

a فرقى farazī, Obligatory, binding, incumbent; imperative; assumed, hypothe-

tical; fictitious, not real.

a فرضية farzīyat, An indispensable pre-

cept; hypothesis, assumption.

fart (v.n.), Being careless, deficient فرط A in duty, or inattentive; losing anything; losing by an untimely death (a son); sending (an ambassador); being sprinkled late with the male flowers when the pods are ready to burst (the female palm); getting before, outstripping, anticipating; preceding a caravan to make preparation for its arrival; visiting one after a space of time, not less than three days and not more than fifteen; excess, extravagance, exorbitance; too much; superfluity; a road-post; victory, superiority, prevalence, mastery, ascendency, predominance; the summit of a hill; [farti mahabbat (mawaddat), Excess of affection or fondness;]—farat, A person or persons going before to prepare buckets. ropes, and whatever is requisite for the wants of a caravan, &c.; water taking the precedency of other waters; good works sent before; a son dying under the age of puberty, on which occasion it is said, Allahumma' j'al-hu li-nā farat-an, O God! place him amongst the good works we have sent before, i.e. make him a title for reward to us ;--furut, A swift horse outstripping all the others; left or reglected business;

anything done beyond bounds; iniquity, injustice, oppression; a high hill.

قرطاس A فرطاس firias, Broad, wide.
A فرطس farias, Name of a village near Bagdad.

fartus, Name of a wrestler in Afrāsiyāb's army.

furtum, A boot, or the toe of it. far' (v.n.), Excelling others (in birth or in beauty); striking the head with a stick; checking a horse, pulling the bridle; prohibiting, preventing; the uppermost part of anything; top, head; a full head of hair; chief of a people or family; ready and available property; branch of a tree; a bow made of the extremity of a branch; a channel, a gutter; a subdivision; a derivative; a fundamental institution or doctrine; [far'i tūst, He is created or made after thee; —far'-khwārāni khāk, Men;] — fur'. Name of a river or water-station; also of a place; (pl. of afra') having a full head of hair (persons);—fara' (v.n.), Having a large head of hair; the firstling of a camel or sheep offered by the pagan Arabs in sacrifice to their gods; a piece let into a leathern bottle; name of a place between Basrah and Kufah; -furu' (pl. of fara'). Firstlings of camels or sheep (as above).

far'ān, Name of the architect of

Khusrau Parwez.

A فرعل fur'ul, A young hyena.

أرعون A fir'aun, A crocodile; surname of Walid bin Mus'ab, king of Egypt, contemporary with Moses; name of the kings of Egypt in general; a cruel tyrant; proud, insolent, unbelieving.

a فرعونى fir'auni, Haughtiness; Pharaonic. A مرعني fart, Derivative; descending. فرع fargh (for A. زرة), A chicken.

م فرع fargh, The place between the handles of a bucket, over which the water is poured; a vessel wherein is date-honey; name of two lunar mansions (the 26th and 27th);—firgh (v.n.), Being shed with impunity (blood); leisure, disengagement; faragh (v.n.), Being poured out (water); farigh, Free, disengaged, at leisure.

farghār, Moistened, wetted; kneaded; mixed; broken, bruised; name of a scout

belonging to Afrāsiyāb.

فرغاريدن farghārīdan, To moisten well; to mix (leaven) with any liquid; to scratch (the head).

فرهانيان farghan, = فرهانيان q.v.

farghānj, نرغاني farghānch, A plump fat cow or mule full of flesh; a vineyard

(this doubtful).

ifarghāna, Name of a country in فرعانه Turkistān; name of a note in music; name of a mountain where mandrakes are found in abundance.

فرغانيان farghāniyān, Natives or inhabitants of Farghana.

رَجْعَ farghaj, Ivy. farghar, The bed of a river when almost dry; also the small quantity of water remaining in such a river; a minor stream derived from a more considerable one; a ditch, pool.

q.v.), To فرغاريدن = farghardan (= فرغاريدن

moisten, mix, &c., whence-

fargharda, Mixed, kneaded.

أرغل farghul, A wrapper; a quilted cloak; a cloak, great coat; -furghul, Procrastination, negligence.

farghan, A channel newly made فرعن through which the water is caused to flow.

farghanda, فرغنده farghanda, Anything offensive to the smell; ivy.

فرغوی $farghar{u}$, Nature, disposition (= فرغو

q.v.).

farghūr, A bird resembling a partridge, but smaller; a lark; a frog.

farghok, Silent, taciturn, modest;

delay, slowness.

ورغول farghol, Procrastination; negligence;—farghūl, A wrapper; a quilted cloak; a great coat (see فرغل).

firghūy, A sparrow-hawk, merlin.

أرغيش farghish, Old, worn out; a furgarment, the hair of which is dropping off; long hair hanging down from a skin; hanging strips of skin; negligence.

ا فرفار ه farfār, Loquacious; full of levity: fickle; one who breaks everything; a kind of vehicle for women ;-farfar, firfar, A lion which shakes and breaks in pieces his

fellow.

farfat, Fumitory. ووقت

firiftan, To deceive, cozen, cheat. farfakhez, Purslain; فرانخ farfakh, فراخ joints in stalks of corn.

farfar, Reading or writing expeditiously; a word spoken in haste; quickness, hurry, expedition; a boy's top;farfar nawishtan, To write in haste.

furfur, Name of a bird; a sparrow.

فرفروزان farfuruzan, The Creator. فرفروزان farfaruk, A child's top.

farfara, Hurry in speaking, writing, or working; a child's plaything, formed of a piece of leather cut round, which, by means of a double string, is made to whirl about, making a humming noise; a papertoy like the sweeps of a windmill applied on a pin to the end of a stick.

farfuriyūs, Name of a sage who فرفريوس

was a companion of Sikandar.

farfūr, A kind of bird smaller than فرفور a partridge; a quail; a fat sheep; --furfur, Sour milk, dried and become black.

فرفور A furfur, A boy, servant; a fat camel; a camel eating or chewing the cud; a spar-

row.

ورفوروس عربي فرفور farfūz, A bird smaller than a partridge.

farfūs, A kind of red pumice-stone فراوس applied to wounds.

לאט farfa, Purslain; a crane (bird).

أرفهن farfahan, farfahn. Purslain. Purslain. فرفهن farfir, A small kind of partridge; a quail; a fat sheep; (for A. firfir) a violet.

A فوفير firfir, Purple; a violet.

farfain, farfayan, فرفين farfina, Purslain.

A فرفيون farfayūn, farfiyūn, Euphorbium ;

gum euphorbium.

ابق A نبى farq (v.o.), Separating, dividing; deciding judicially; separation, distinction, division (construed with budan, kardan, nihādan, &c.); the parting of the hair; the head, summit, top; defect, something amiss, deterioration; flax; a kind of bird; away! aside! [farqi farqad-sāy, A head reaching the stars; -bi-lā farq, Indiscriminately, without distinction, indifferently;] -farg, farag (the latter said to be preferable), A measure used in Madinah (3 sā' or 15 ritl);—firq, A part separated from the whole; a piece split off anything; a mountain (separate from others); a flock of sheep, a herd of cattle or deer; -furq, Separation; whatever distinguishes truth from falsehood; the Qur'an; -faraq (v.n.), Trembling, fearing, being frightened; diving, plunging into; drinking from the measure farq or faraq; dispersion (as of darkness by the dawn), dawn, daybreak, morning brightness; an interval between the front teeth, cloven hoofs of cattle, beard of an old man; an inequality in the hips of a horse, one being higher than the other; [abyan mina 'l-faraq, Clearer than the dawn;]-fariq, Small and dispersed (plants) not covering the ground; timid, frightened; -firaq (pl. of firqat), Crowds, bodies, sects; -furuq, furraq (pl. of fariq), Camels or asses bringing forth.

فرقان A فرقان furgan (v.n. of فرقان), Separating, dividing, discriminating, distinguishing; whatever discriminates between truth and falsehood, the Qur'an, the Pentateuch, any sacred book; assistance, victory; demonstration, proof; the dividing of the Red Sea; the dawn; (pl. of farq or faraq) measures of that name (see preceding article);—yaumu 'l-furqān, The day of the

battle of Badr.

a نرقانى furqāni, Kuranic.

A فرقب furqub, Name of a place in Egypt. A مُرقَبية furqubiyat, A kind of Egyptian linen.

h فرقة firqat, firqa, A body, sect, clan, troop, band; a leathern bottle full to the brim; [firqa'i naṣārá, The Christian persuasion;]-furgat, Separation, distinction; distance; abandonment; -fariqat, fariqa, fem. of fariq, (A country) whose plants grow up at intervals.

farqad, A calf, or the young of a wild cow; one of two bright stars near the north pole.

farqadan, Two stars near the فرقدان A

pole of the Lesser Bear.

فرتندان farqandan, A kind of bacchanalia celebrated by the Armenians before a fast. farqur, A bird resembling a partridge.

fark (v.n.), Rubbing (an ear of corn or cloth) with the hands; cracking (a louse or flea); being hostile to, hating; conjugal hatred ;-firq, Hatred (between husband and wife); name of a village;-farak, Limberness in the root of the ear; name of a village near Isfahān; -farik, Whose bark or skin is rubbed or peeled off.

a فركامنع farkāmakh, A rapacious young

lion; -farkāmukh, Milk poured over meat. وكا farkan, A canal newly dug from a large river; rotten, falling to pieces from age; an excavation formed by a torrent, with water lodging here and there.

farkand, An excavation formed by a torrent; an artificial canal newly dug; a ditch; a stream above ground flowing from one spot to another; a subterraneous canal which works its way from one well to another; anything falling to pieces from age.

farkandan, To dig a canal, and to bring water into fields and gardens; to do one an unpremeditated or accidental injury, to lead one into danger without design; to destroy, tear, when pulling up (herbs, hair, and the like).

farkanda, Old, worn, decayed, fall-

ing to pieces, torn, destroyed; dug.

jarkandidan, To cause to be dug. fargān, Name of a certain beverage, beer, ale.

i fargāh, Presence; worship; majesty. farguft, Order, command, decree. fargul, A kind of garment (see . (درغل

فرلاس $farlar{a}s$, Name of the soul of the

sphere of Mercury.

فر گوهر far-gohar, Essence. far-goyā, Speaking; rational (animal).

faram, Grief, anguish; baseness. manding, ordering (used in comp.).

old farmān (S. pramāna), A mandate,

command, order, or royal patent; -farmāni jalīlu'l-qadar, Precept of high authority; farmāni jalīl-'anwān, Diploma with the illustrious imperial signature; - farman i jahan-muta', Injunction obeyed by all the world; -farmāni 'ālī-shān, The exalted or the imperial mandate; -farmāni qadartuman. Decree of powerful efficacy; -farmāni qazā-jarayān, Command flowing like. or irresistible as, destiny ;—farmani wājibu 'l-iz'an, Order proper to be submitted to;

-farmāni wājibu 'l-imtisāl, Ordinance necessary to be obeyed. Construed with the verbs dadan, randan and kardan in the sense of "commanding," and with rasidan, yaftan, in the sense of "dying" (death being viewed as a divine decree).

farman-bar, فرمنان بردار farman-bar فرمنان بر bardar, Order-bearing; a servant; a sub-

farmān-bardārī, فرمانبری farmān-bardārī mān-bari, Obedience, subjection; -farmānbardari kardan, To obey, to yield obedience to commands.

فرمان پذير farmān-pazīr, Submissive.

farmānaj, A leaf of a tree (pro-

bably misreading for فرهاني q.v.).

so فرمان farmān-dih, Issuing mandates, i.e. A monarch, emperor, king, reigning prince.

farmān-dihī, Empire, sovereignty; - farmān-dihī'i qāzī, A written order or sentence of a judge.

farmān-rawā, A monarch, sove-

reign, ruler.

فرمان روایان farmān-rawāyān (pl. of the preceding), Monarchs.

farmān-shinō, Who listens to a فرمان هنو command; obedient.

farmāy), فرماى farmān-farmā فرمان فرما An issuer of orders,

فرمائي farmān-farmā'i,

sovereignty. farmān-guzār, Issuing com-

mands, a monarch, ruler.

farmān-guzārī, Empire, sove- فرمان گذاری reignty.

farmān-niyosh, Who listens to فرمان ليوش a command; obedient.

فرما $farm\bar{a}y$, فرمای q.v.

farmāyish, Örder, will, commands; فرمايش -farmāyish mī-farmā'īd, Will you allow? kindly permit (m.c.).

فرمایشی farmāyishī, Ordered; excellent. فرمایده farmāyinda, Ordering; a com-

فرمايون farmāyùn, The cow of Faridun; a

kind of silk. (See برمايون p. 178.) برمد farmad, Name of a village near Tus. farmarust, Weak from want of food.

farmus, The old name of Damaghān (probably misreading for قومس q.v.).

-faramush، فرمشی faramush، فرمش mushi, Forgetfulness.

faram - gin, فرمگین faram - gin, فرمگن Afflicted, melancholy, grieved, full of anguish.

نرمكينى faramgīnī, Sadness, grief, an-

guish.

faramnāk, Sad, grieved, full of فرمناك

anguish.

farmand, Wise, enlightened; pure. jarmūdan, To command, order; to deign, to favour; to be pleased to say or speak; (in verbal combinations = kardan or sākhtan) to make, to do, &c.; to come; to sit down ;-bi-farmā'id, Please take a seat (m.c.).

فرموذگی farmūdagī, The being subject to command, dependence.

farmūda, Ordered, commanded; a فرمودة mandate, order, command, injunction, prescription, flat; -farmūda'i khudā, The commandments of God.

ליפנייט farmosh, Forgetfulness. ליפנייט farmūk, ליפניט farmūk, ליפניט farmūg, A ball of thread upon its spindle; a boy's top set in motion by a string.

farmūhad, A village near Tus

(= فرمد q.v.).

farma, A violet. furn, An oven. فرن ▲

firnāj, furnāj, A particular mark فرناع of a camel; name of a village in the country of the tribe Taiy.

فرناغيدن farnākhīdan, To blush; to become gentle, well-mannered; to hang the ears; to become sly; to card cotton.

farnād, Power, strength; bottom of

water; a fish-pond; end, extremity.

indolent, yawn- فرناس ing, slumbering, drowsy, oppressed with sleep; ignorant, untaught; ignorance, carelessness; according to others a decrepit old

برناس A firnās, A thick-necked lion; strong and courageous (man); the head man of a Persian village; name of a man.

فرناك farnāk, A privy. farnān, Of obscure birth, ignoble,

firnib, A mouse; the young of a jerboa.

. g.v. ;--furunj, faranj فرنع g.v. ;-firunj, The environs of the mouth; a large branch lopped off, in order that smaller ones may shoot forth.

faranjak, firinjak, Nightmare. فرجك faranjmushk, A sweet basil.

faranja, firanja, France; Europe with exception of Greece; a sea-port of the Franks.

faranjiya, Name of war-engine introduced by the Franks into the East.

farand, firand (for parand), A sword's فوند glittering surface (see the following).

א לענג firind (for P. אָנֶע, q.v., p. 244), A sword, or its glittering surface; the ornamentation of a sword; a kind of figured cloth or a garment made of it; the seed of the pomegranate; name of a plant; -firnid, Pot-herbs, seasoning for meat.

فرنگ farang, firing, A Frank, an Italian, European; a Christian; all nations which wear short garments; ruddy, of pleasing aspect; a galley;—firnag, A boy's plaything.

frangistan, firingistan, Italy, ارنگستان

France, or the country of the Franks; Europe.

نرنگی frangī, firingī, French; Italian; an European Christian; a matchlock.

farangie, The daughter of Afrasyāb, married to Siyāwush and mother of Kai Khusrau.

לעני farnād, Demonstration, proof. farnūdsār, Name of an encyclopædia.

farna, Malediction, execration.

a فرنى furnī, Cooked in an oven; also bread half baked in the oven, i.e. round and thick and overspread with milk, butter, and sugar; stiff, sturdy (fellow); bulky (dog);—firnī, A dish made of ground rice, milk, and sugar, resembling the بالردة q.v., p. 233, and hence called its brother (birādari pālūda), but apparently of greater consistency.

a کرنی بر firnī-paz, Who prepares the dish firm, described in the preceding article.

farw, A garment of fur. فرو A

farā, A species of fine fox-fur (see the preceding); -faro, firo, furo, Down, downward; below; under, beneath; low; -furo guft, He spoke low, he whispered.

farwar, A house for the summer; an upper room provided with doors and

windows; a winter-habitation.

farwāra, A summer-house; trea-

sury.

أرواز farwāz, A summer-parlour; a short piece of wood or lath connecting the rafters, and supporting the roof, which is mostly of clay.

farwāla, A summer فروال habitation; an upper-room, open on all

فرد آمدي firo-āmadan, To come down; to descend; to go down (as the sun); to plunge into water.

farwān, Name of the rational soul فرواني

of the sphere of Venus.

farwāncha, A moth; a little moth. ور باريدن firo-bārīdan, To pour down; to

firo-burdagī, Deglutition.

לנג וניט fire-burdan, To carry down; to

swallow; to duck, to plunge.

firo-bastan, To fasten, to close ; chashm firo-bastan, To close the eye; -kar fire-bandad, The affair fails.

فرو پريدن firo-parīdan, To fly low.

firo-poshīdan, To hide, conceal. فرو پوهيدن farwat, The skin of the head; a fur-coat; a tunic having turned-up sleeves; dried provender; name of a man.

faraut, furaut, Much, many, abun-

לופלק firotar, Lower, inferior ;—firotar shudan, To come lower and lower, to descend from the summit.

firotarīn, Lowest. فروكين

firo-tan, firū-tan, Lowly; humble, depressed; submissive.

furotanda, Hard; pressed, com-

pressed.

فرر تني firo-tant, Submission; humility. lowliness; -firo-tanī kardan, To humble oneself, to submit.

farūj, A bow bellying out distant فروع ه from the string; -furij (pl. of farj), Privities;—farrūj, A small shirt; a boy's garment having an opening behind; -farruj, furruj, A chicken.

ifro-chakidan, To distil, drop. فرو چيدن firo-chidan, To pick up, gather. firūkht, farokht, furokht, He sold; sale. selling; [firūkht kardan, To sell;ba-firūkht āmadan, To be sold;—kharīd u firūkht, Buying and selling, purchase and sale;]-furokht, He kindled.

firū<u>kh</u>tār, A seller. فروغتار

أورعنكي firūkhtagī, Sale, vendition, vend. فررعتكي firūkhtan, farokhtan, To sell; furokhtan, To inflame, kindle, set on fire.

فروختلى firūkhtanī, Venal, salcable. firūkhta, Sold ;—furokhta, Kindled,

lit; shining, radiant.

firo-khazīdan, To creep, to crawl. فرو خويدن firo-khuftan, To become thick (as

milk), to concrete (as honey). firo-khufta, Concreted; a low hill. firo-khwandan, To call; to read. فرو خواندن firo-khwandan, To eat, swallow, gulp down; to suppress anger, to quell

one's rage. farwad, The bar of a door;—fired, fared, Below, under, down; descent; lower part, bottom; a door-sill; a cheat, rogue, deceiver; vile, bad, wicked, unlucky; proud, arrogant; deceived; name of the son of Siyawush;—furod, Fried or baked (meats).

ifiro-dasht, End, term, extremity; the dying away of sound; the lower or latter part of anything.

firo-dashtan, To keep down; to preserve.

firod-āmadan, To alight.

firod-āmadan-gāh, A halting-place.

وريدي firod-āwardan (وريدي) awarīdan), To cause to alight.

فرر دست firo-dast, Inferior, powerless; speaking, singing, reciting together; a chorus, concert; a name given to the pro-vince of Bengal by the people of the upper provinces, its inhabitants being called firedasts.

فرود گاه firod-gāh, Halting-place, camp. farwada, The bar of a door; furoda, Meanness, vileness; mean, avaricious;-furoda, firoda, Fried in a pan,

baked in the oven.

firodī-māya (?), The matter of this (lower) world, the four elements (the vocalisation of the word is not given in the dictionaries, but the first part seems identical with $fir\bar{o}d\bar{i}n$ in the following article),

לענייש farwadīn, Name of a month; name of an angel; the nineteenth day of every month; -firodin, Lowest; a threshold; the west wind.

farwar, synt farward, Separation;

genius, presiding angel.

A μμό farūr, Fleeing, fugitive; — farūr, furrur, The young of a goat, sheep, or wild

a فروردجان farwardjān, and—

فرورديان farwardgan, فرورديان farwardyan, Five supplementary days added to the Persian year.

فروردي farwardan, To nourish, foster,

educate.

farwardin, The nineteenth day of the month; the first month of the Persian year, corresponding with March; also the name of an angel supposed to preside

firo-raftan, To go down, descend.

be swallowed, absorbed; to sink.

firo-rafta-dam, Whose breathing فرو رفته دم is oppressed, afflicted, suffering misery.

فرورة farwara, = فرودة q.v. فرورها كردي firo rahā kardan, To drop, to let fall (a veil or curtain).

firo-rekhtan, To pour out, to فرو رختن spill; to fall off, or in pieces; to be shed; to descend, dismount.

furoz, Splendour, light, brilliancy, heat; quality, property; (imp. of furokhtan, in comp.) inflaming, illuminating, kind-

furozān, Luminous, resplendent, radiant; -furozān shudan, To kindle, inflame, burn; to be in flames.

أورزان فر furozān-far, The Creator. فروزان فر أورزن furozād, The planet Jupiter; fresh, juicy potherb.

furozish, Light, splendour; de-

scription, definition.

firozish-gar, Illuminating; making فروزهكر known, praising, describing.

inrozgan, Qualities, properties.

فروزندگی furozandagi, Light, lustre. فروزنده furozanda, Kindler, illuminator; polisher; resplendent.

furozanda-khāwar, The world- فروزنده عاور illuminating sun.

furoza, Quality, property; description.

أروزها furoz-hā, Lights, splendours; qualities

(?), Reared, brought up, educated, enlightened.

نروزيدة furozīda, Illuminated; qualified, described.

. furozīdan, = فروغتن furozīdan, q.v. فروزيدن furozīna, Chips; tinder - box; quality.

fire-siturdan, To shave, scrape, pare; to erase, cancel, abolish, cut off.

A Legal furūsat, Legal, furūsiyat, The art of horsemanship; knowledge of horses, skill in whatever relates to them; sharpness, quickness of intellect.

firosh, Selling; a seller; — halwāfiresh, A seller of sweetmeats; -khwudfiroshān, Vendors of themselves,

boasters.

furūsh (pl. of farsh), Carpets.

أروها faroshā, Selling; a seller.

firoshandan, To put or throw away, to put aside; to remove.

ifaroshtan, To let or send down.

fire-shudan, To sink, to be drowned; to descend; to dive; to set (as the sun); to die.

فرو هستن firo-shustan, To destroy. فروهك faroshak, A dish of bruised wheat. firoshanda, A vendor;—firoshandagāni matā', Sellers of wares

farosha, Any species of pastry made فروها with almonds ; furosha, Bruised wheat. فروهي firoshī, Selling, sale.

firoshidan, To sell.

furūz, The growing old (of a cow, &c.).

A فروط furūṭ (v.n. of فرط), Preceding, outstripping, reaching others; excelling, taking the lead in any matter.

A Ey furu' (v.n. of Ey), Excelling in birth or beauty; (pl. of far') heads, tops, summits; chiefs; branches, ramifications; the derivative institutes of the law; fundamental principles.

أورعات له furū'āt (pl. of furū'), Summits. a فرعى furū'ī, Branch; collateral, indirect; additional; income or revenue other than that from a fixed source, additional income.

ه ورخ م farūgh, A star, the sign Gemini; -furugh (v.n. of نرج), Finishing, bringing to a conclusion; dying; being at leisure; (pl. of fargh) orifices of buckets.

furogh, Splendour, light, brightness, flame; construed with the verbs uftadan, dādan, zadan, firo-chīdan, giriftan, &c.

فروغانى furoghānī, Luminous, resplendent. فروغدة firoghta, فروغدة firoghda, Sold;— furoghta, furoghda, Lighted up, flashing,

furoghmand, Resplendent, radiant. turoghmandī, Splendour, bright-

ness, radiancy.

A فروق faruq, Timid; a name of Constantinople; also of another place; -furūq (v.n. of فبى), Arriving where two roads meet; retiring from a herd (a she-camel or ass) when near delivery; (pl. of fariq) troops, bodies; name of a place.

farük, A young bird that has not

yet laid.

فروكاس farokās, Mean, vile, contemptible.

firo-kardan, To put down, to bend, to bow (the head); to let down; to collect.

ifro-kash, faro-kash, Pulling down; فروكش alighting, staying, residing; who settles down in a place, a settler;—firo-kash shudan, To alight; to stay, lodge, reside;—firo-kash kardan, To settle in a place; to contend, to squabble, to call one by a bad name; to render vile, to abase, to adulterate.

firo-kashīdan, To pull down; to drag along the ground; to settle down, to take up one's abode in a place.

firo-koftan, To knock down,

bruise.

firo-guzār, Negligence, carelessness; -firo-guzār kardan, To neglect.

firo-guzāsht, Negligence, remissness, carelessness; shortness.

firo-guzāshtan, To dismiss, discharge, quit, leave, omit, neglect, let alone; to dissipate, destroy; to let down.

ار کراشی firo-giriftan, To seize; to strike

a hard blow.

ifro-gashtan, To disappear. firo-mā, for firo-mayā (ma-ā), Do

not come down, do not withhold or stint. firo-mālīdan, To pluck, collect, gather; to twist; to press, squeeze, strain.

firo-mandagi, Helplessness, indigence, poverty; distress, despondency.

firo-mandan, To expect, wait for; to adhere; to be astonished, weak, help-

iro-mānda, Broken, weak, fatigued, tired, dejected, depressed, oppressed; helpless, without relief; bewildered, amazed; defective;—'ajiz u firomanda shudan, To be powerless, oppressed, fatigued.

فرو ماندگی $faro-m\bar{a}n\bar{\imath}$, فرو ماندگی q.v.

أرو مايكان firo-māyagān, Base people. فرو مايكان firo-māyagī, Baseness, mean-

ness, despicableness.

firo-māya, Ignoble, mean, abject, petty, base, worthless, sordid; humble, low; ignorant, unskilful; poor; a miser; a spendthrift.

a فرو ماية قول firo-māya-qaul, Silly talk,

an insipid speech; an idle talker. أفرومايه وار firo-māya-wār, Ignoble, mean, هد. (= فرومايه q.v.).

farūmad, Name of a village near Tus. فرو ميرانيدن firo-mīrānīdan, To extinguish. the parts about the mouth externally; the nightmare.

اريد farwand, فرينة farwanda, A bar for a door; winged, furnished with sails; tiller (nav.); a word used in numbering ships,

as du farwand kishti, Two ships.

فرو نشاندن firo-nishandan, To extinguish. فرو نشانيدي firo-nishandan, To put down, quell, lessen, check, quench, extinguish.

firo-nishastan, To be quenched. أر نهادي firo-nihādan, To put down; to leave, dismiss.

firo-hikhta, Making an agreement; arriving.

לנפשע furūhar, Matter, essence (distinguished from accident).

iro-hishtagī, Pendulousness. فرر هشتكي firo-hishtan, To hang down. firohishta, Loose, pendulous.

furohil, Name of an Iranian champion; -firo-hil, imp. of-

firo-hilīdan, To quit, leave, loose, فرو هليدن

let go, throw away.

furohinda, An angel; beautiful; good-tempered, well-conducted, educated.

firo-hikhtan, To teach; to draw فرو هيختن (a sword).

farohīdan, To abandon, throw

away. farohida, Ingenious, wise;—firo-

hīda, Manifest, plain; pompous, stately. farwīda (?), Praised, described. farwez, Lace, fringe, edging.

i farwesh, Error, fault; omission, negligence, forgetfulness; leisure; want of employ, idleness; roughness, harshness; name of a woman.

furh, furuh, farrah (pl. of fārih), Ingenious, clever; brisk (mules);—farah (v.n.), Being very glad or cheerful; being active, nimble, saucy; name of a city near Sejistan (better farahah); —farih, Brisk, active; saucy, petulant.

fira, Much; more; increase; precedency, priority; good-tempered, cheerful; thoughtful, attentive; high-minded;—firih, Cause, reason;—farra, State, dignity, pomp,

grandeur, magnificence, power.

farhād, Name of a leader in the army of Kawus; also of the lover of Shīrīn, who, to please his mistress, perforated a huge mountain; hence a cutter of stones, a digger of mines.

farhād-kush, Destroyer of Far-

hād.

farhād-jird, Name of a village فرهاد جرد near Mary

farhānj, The circumference of the mouth; the nightmare; a gore, gusset; a large branch lopped, that others may grow; the bough of one tree tied to the bough of another; a vine-branch bent under ground, so that the other extremity shoots up and flourishes at a distance from the mother trunk.

firihāna, Gain in gambling, &c,

farhat, Decency, propriety, gravity; grandeur, pomp, state.

farhakht, Propriety, decency, decorum

farha<u>kh</u>tan, farhi<u>kh</u>tan, To teach, instruct, educate; to draw a sword; to farhakhta, Instructed, well edu-

cated; handsome, beautiful.

farhad, furhud, A fresh, handsome فرهد ه youth; a lion's cub; -furhud, Compact, square-built, firm of body, corpulent; soft and succulent; rough and hasty.

farhast, Fascination, magic, con-

juring.

farahmand, farhmand, farhamand, Intelligent, wise; near.

q.v.; name of a فرهنج

plant otherwise called کشونه q.v.

farhanja, One of polite and elegant manners, of good temper and handsome person.

farhanjīdan, To teach good فرهنجيدن

manners, to instruct, to educate.

farhanjida, Instructed, well-mannered.

farhang, Good-breeding; greatness; excellence; gravity; wisdom, science; jurisprudence; a dictionary, lexicon, vocabulary, glossary; a vine-branch bent under ground, so that the other extremity shoots up at a distance from the mother trunk; a subterraneous canal; name of the mother of Kai Kawus ;- farhang bastan (kardan), To compile a dictionary; —dahani farhang. The orifice of a canal from which the water flows to the ground. (See also barinfarhang under אָנֵיט, p. 182.)

farhangākh, farihangākh, Inside, لرهنگاخ

farhang-där, A magistrate, judge. farhangear, Obliteration, erasement; transformation, change of shape, transmigration.

farhangī, A preceptor, tutor, teacher, instructor; a man learned in the

farhangiyan, Preceptors, teachers. furhūd, A young mountain-goat; فرهود ▲ compact, &c. (= v.v.); name of a tribal branch of Najd, to which the prosodist Khalil bin Ahmad belonged.

furhūdī, One steadfast in religion. farhomand, Virtuous and en-

lightened.

farrihī, farrahī, Possession of honour فرهي

and glory.

farhekhtan, فرهيويدي farhezidan, To teach politeness and good manners; to hang; to draw a sword.

fari, Pleasing, good, agreeable; well! well done! bravo! (Said to be shortened

(.v.) آفرين from

▲ fary (v.n.), Cleaving, splitting, cutting (either to mend or to mar); feigning, inventing a lie;—fará (v.n.), Being astonished at, or admiring one's own performance; -fari', Great, wonderful (thing); -fariy, fari, False, lying; done or performed by oneself.

faryād, firyād, An exclamation, org فرياد

for help or redress; clamour; lamentation, complaint; — firyād bar-āwardan, To cry out;—firyādi chirāgh, The sound produced by a burning candle;—firyād (ba-firyād) rasīdan, To assist, succour;—firyādi 'ar'ar (sanaubar), The rustling of a juniper (or fir-tree) in the wind ;- firyādi gosh, A tingling in the ear; -firyād-u-fighān kardan, To cry out, to lament, complain; -dād-ufiryad kardan, To call aloud for justice. The word is also construed with the verbs afgandan, bar - khāstan, bastan, dāshtan, zadan, shudan, kardan, gushādan, &c.

ifryād-jū, One who seeks redress فرياد جو

or help.

firyad-khwan, فرياد خواة firyad-khwan, فرياد خوان khwāh, Calling for redress; a plaintiff.

firyād-ras. An assistant, defender.

firyād-rasī, Assistance, redress. فرياد كاك firyādnāk. Noisy, clamorous.

firyadi, A complainant, plaintiff. أريان faryan (?), Name of a king.

firīb, fireb, fareb, or farīb), Decepfraud, duplicity, trick, treachery, imposture, fallacy; anything by which one is beguiled; a talisman; amorous playfulness, blandishment; imp. of firībīdan and firiflan, (in comp.) deceiving;—firib khwurdan (dīdan), To be cheated, gulled; -firīb dādan, To deceive, cheat, gull.

firībā, A deceiver. فريبا

firīb-āmez, Mingled with deceit. فريب الداري firīb-andāzī, Imposture. فريب الداري firīb-angez, Cheating; a cheat.

fariburz, Name of the son of Kay نری درز Kāwus; name of a certain woman.

hwurda), A خوردهٔ) firīb-khwur فریب خور gull, dupe.

firīb-khwurī, A being cheated. firīb-dihī, Deceit; cheating, swindling, imposture.

firīb-sāz, An impostor, cheat. فريب ساز firîb-sāzī, The practice of deceit or treachery, deceitfulness, imposture.

فریب کار firib-kar فریب کار q.v. firib-gah, فريبكاة firib-gah, A talis-

man; anything to which a talisman is tied. firībnāk, Deceitful, false.

firibandagi, Deceit, subtlety, فريبندكي

fraud.

firibanda, Fallacious.

firībanda-chashme, One whose فريبندة چشمى eyes are deceiving or fascinating.

firībe, A cheat, impostor.

firībīdan, To deceive, or be deceived.

he- فرية firyat, A lie, a fiction (of. فرية below).

زيج farij, Galangale.

لرجاب farījāb, Small rain; dew.

farid, The middle bead of a necklace; name of the Antichrist (dajjāl); furid, A hunter; congealed.

farid, A procious gem, pearl, especially one of a larger size, or a bead of gold placed alternately between smaller ones in a necklace or bracelet; one, unique, incomparable; singular, only, single; bright, glittering (sword); name of a saint (also called farid chakar-ganj).

ويدون faridun, firidun, Name of an ancient and celebrated king of Persia, the commencement of whose reign is placed about 750 years before the Christian æra; the zodiac; according to others name of a

city; also of a sect of heretics.

faridan-kamar, Whose girdle فريدون كمر resembles that of Faridan.

fārīdūn-marātib, Exalted like فريدون مراتب Faridan.

faridun-nasab, Of the race of Faridun.

farīda, Proud, conceited; headstrong.

farīdī, Sudden, unpremeditated.

faridie, A shrimp. اربديس farir, The herb borage.

farīr, A wild calf; the young of a sheep or goat; the part of the mouth where the teeth are examined in a horse (cf. المراد and (الرور).

farīrūn, Unlucky, unsuccessful.

إربر farez, firez, A fattening kind of grass; also a sweet-scented kind of grass, galangale; the edging of a garment; meat dried and hardened; shaving, shearing, peeling;

firez kardan, To shear, clip. وزير كردلى firez-kardani, Fit for shearing. فرير كردلى firez karda shuda, Shorn,

shenred; -firez nakarda, Unshorn.

firīzh, Galangale. فريز

faris, Name of a sweet-scented herb; فريس meat dried and hardened.

faris, Killed, slain; a wooden فريس ه ring or boon; anything made of wood;furais (dim. of faras), A little horse, a tit, a pony.

farisat (v.n. of فرس), Catching and breaking the bones of game or prey;

a preg torn by a lion.

a فريسموس farismus, A priapism.

faresh, Rapine, spoil, plunder; فريش roasted meat; bravo! well done! (see الري); the parts round about the mouth; -firaish, Scattered, dispersed.

farish, Any solid-hoofed animal فريش ه seven days after being delivered of young (when it may again be charged with a load); a she-camel who has just given birth to a colt; a concubine.

اربغته firishia, An angel (see فربشته).

faris, One who drinks or does لريص ٨ anything alternately with another; (pl. of the following) side-muscles, &c.

A deep farisat. The vein in a horse's neck where he is let blood; also a nerve, and a muscle between the interior part of the shoulder and the side (which is observed to quiver).

faris, Properly notched (bow or arrow); old, ancient; conversant with the ordinances and commandments of God.

farizat, An ordinance of God, an indispensable religious or legal duty; an obligatory statute; tithes or other proportion of cattle due for pious uses; a portion or share, especially of an inheritance; a primarily-apportioned inheritance; a knowledge of the law of inheritance.

A خربة farigh, Wide, stretched out, large,

broad, ample; flat, level (spot).

firiftar, fireftar, A deceiver, cheat. firiflan, fireftan, To deceive, seduce.

firifla, Deceived, seduced; en-amoured;—firifla shudan, To be beguiled,

deceived, cheated, gulled.

א ליאט fariq, A troop or squadron; a sect; name of a desert near Bahrain; [fariqi auwal, The principal party in a law-suit, the complainant;—farīqi sānī, The defendant;]—furaiq, Name of a desert near Tibāma.

a فريطه fariqa, Fenugruek.

fariqain (obl. du. of fariq, used لرطين

as nom.), Both parties.

A بريك farik, Ripe, dry, or rubbed (corn) mixed with oil or butter,

farin, An oven. فرين

أرين A فرين furain, Name of a village in Syria;—firrin, Name of a place.

فرين خست farin-pukht. Baked in the oven. فرين خست farewar, firewar, Straight; just, right, true; orthodox; name of a fragrant

إربوردن farewardan, To be just and true: to be orthodox.

farewar-kesh, Orthodox in religion.

قريوري farcwari, Justness, rectitude; truth; steadiness in religious matters.

فربريدن farewaridan. To be a true and orthodox believer in religion.

furiwak, A melon. فريوك

fariwand (?), Name of a town from which the surname of Amir Mahmud bin Yaminu 'd-din Fariwaudi is derived,

ધાર્મ farya, firya, An imprecation, curse; detestation, abborrence; imposture, lie. Je faz, The male organ of generation.

ار A با fazz (v.n.), Retiring, turning away; separating oneself; springing up (as a surprised deer), trembling; removing, tearing from a place; a nimble, active man; the young of a wild cow; -fuzz, Name of a quarter in Nishāpūr.

fizā, fazā, More; increase; increasing;

grown, augmented; yawning.

لوار fazār, A tool; spiceries, seasonings. לונ fizāz, The male organ of generation. اراك fazāk, The crown of the head; impure, defiled, polluted; carrion; uncleanness, ordure.

فران fazzān, Name of a son of Ham; Fezzan in Western Africa.

لواى fizāy, Augmenting, increasing (used in composition); more, greater.

fizāyista, More, greater.

fizāyish, Increase, augmentation.

fizāyanda, Augmenting.

A jy fazr (v.n.), Getting old and rotten (a garment); rending (a garment); striking on the back with a stick; having a hump on the back or chest;—fizr (fazr?), A flock of sheep (from three to ten, or from ten to forty); a tumour growing near the pubes; root, origin; name of a man;—fazar (v.n.), Being hump-backed;—fizar, Fissures, clefts.

A & faz', fiz', faza' (v.n.), Fearing, flying in terror; calling for help; taking refuge; helping, assisting, succouring;—fuz', Anything dreadful, whatever terrifies people, a fright;—faza', Fear, terror; cry, lamentation; [jaza' u faza', Complaint and lamentation;—yaumu faza'i 'l-akbar, The day of judgment;]—fazi', Terrified, frightened, afraid.

tion, more. الرود q.v.), Increase, addition, more.

نرودن fuzūdan, fizūdan, To increase, multiply.

fazwara, A bar for fastening a door.

ارون fuzūn, fizūn, More, greater; increase; multitude; size. (See الزوع)

fuzūnā, Greatly, very much.

fuzīnī, Augmentation; excellence,

greatness;—fuzūnī kardan, To add. فوف faza, Membrum virile;—fizih, Ugly, nasty, filthy; conquering.

לעצינט fuzīdūn, More, greater.

الرير faziz (v.n. of نبير ه), Flowing, running

(blood from a wound).

نه fazh, Dirt, nastiness; a lie; a nasty, sordid fellow; flame;—fuzh, The mane of a horse.

tazhāk, فَوْاكِين fazhākin, فَوْاكِين fazhāgīn, Dirty, nasty; squalid, loathsome.

فزدرة fazhdara, A bar for fastening a door.

fazhar, 554 fazhazh, Galangale or sweet cane (good for stomach complaints).

ಕ್ರುಕ್ರು fazhgharda, Moistened, wet, soft-

ifazhghand, A herb winding round plants like ivy, and drying them up; filthy, nasty, dirty.

فوكند fazhghanda, فزكن fazhgan, فوكند fazhgand, قركند fazhganda, Impnre, nasty,

filthy; ugly.

 importune, to dun; to drive away; to shake dirt and dust from the skirts of one's garments.

by fazha, A squalid, filthy, disgusting fellow; wards of a key;— fizhih, Dirty, nasty; rugged, rough.

fazhīzh, Galangale.

vy*ij* fazheghūn, Name of a Persian physician.

stuffs are brought; (in comp.) fascinating; (for i.i. q.v.) a grape-stone.

fusā', A breaking wind without

noise (in P. تس tus, q.v. p. 300).

A dimit fasād (v.n of dime), Being corrupted, spoiled; corruption, depravity, perverseness; malignity, iniquity, villainy. wickedness; violence; horror; mischief, mutiny, sedition, rebellion; war; barrenness, scarcity;—farsādi khūn, Bad state of the blood, blood-poisoning;—ahli fasād, A villain, criminal;—bā'isi fitna u fasād, The author (or exciter) of sedition and mischief.

A فسادات fasādāt (pl. of fasād), Evils; villainies; wars; diseased conditions.

a نساد انديش fasād-andesh. Of depraved thoughts; intent on wickedness.

a مَسَانَ أَيْسَ fasād-āyīn, Of bad principles. a فساد كار fasād-kār (ال gār), A mischiefnaker

a فسادى fasādī, Quarrelsome, mutinous. فسار fasār, A headstall, bridle; yawning, gaping (this meaning doubtful).

fisāfis, A murmur, a hum; (for A. fasāfis, pl. of fisfis) bugs.

asans, pr. or jasjas) bugs. fisām, A crane, bird.

but fasān, History, story, fable; a whetstone;—fasān kardan(kashidan), Tosharpen;—bar fasān khwurdan (nishastan), To be sharpened, to become sharp;—bar fasān zadan (kardan, kashidan), To sharpen, to whet.

نساند fasāna, A story, fable; celebrated. نساندي fasānīdan, To rub, make true or even; to tame, charm, fascinate, enchant; to romance; to observe.

نسانيدة fasänīda, Rubbed, made even; tamed, charmed, fascinated; an enchanter,

magician.

فساى fasāy (in comp.) Fascinating; a charmer, fascinator; a grape-stone (see الما and الما).

A نسائل fasā'il (pl. of fasīlat), Shoots or suckers of palm-trees.

jasāyanda, A fascinator, charmer. اسايندي fasāyādan, To fascinate, charm.

A مستاس fustāt, fistāt, A tent made of goats' hair; Cairo, the metropolis of Egypt. فستان fistān, A loose gown, petticoat.

أستى أ fueluq, fuelaq, A pistachio; a pine.

a نستقى fustuqī, fistuqī, Of a pistachio or sea-green.

fash (v.n.), Making more room for one in an assembly; being spacious and roomy; granting a firman or passport; a passport; width of step; Easter, the Passover; -fush, Large-chested (man); -fasah, Width of step; fusuh, Wide, spacious, roomy.

A Largeness, width, ampli-

tude, room, space; liberty.

a نسجت سراى fushat-sarāy, A spacious

palace.

أسع A المعلم faskh (v.n.), Violating, dissolving (a marriage), breaking (an agreement or bargain); spoiling, corrupting, vitiating; scattering; dislocating the hand; throwing aside (one's clothes, &c.); forgetting the Qur'an; being ignorant; transmigration of a human soul into the body of a reptile; weak in mind and body, unable to manage. one's affairs; [faskh kardan, To break;]—fasokh (v.n.), Being spoiled.

fasar, Beauty, brightness, graceful-

ness.

fast (v.n.), Explaining, interpreting, or declaring, making clear; explanation; diagnosis of a disease by the urine.

fusuranidan, To allow to become

thick and congealed.

fusurd, Jelly; the chase (this unsupported by examples).

نسردكي fasurdagi, Congelation.

fusurdan, fisurdan, To congeal, concrete.

fisurda, fusurda, Congealed, frozen; فسردة cold-hearted; the chase.

fusurda-bayān, Anyone whose conversation is destitute of force or meaning, cold, and uninteresting; an unimpressive orator.

fusurda-pistān, A barren or an old woman past bearing or giving suck.

a فسردى عاطر fusurda-khātir, and-ליינים כן fusurda-dil, Cold, hard-hearted. fusurda-shahr, (met.) The world. fisara, Tremor from cold or fear.

fustāt, A tent made of goats' hair; a big tent; a circumvallation of tents; any large collection of houses and inhabitants, a city; ancient Cairo, built by 'Amr bin 'Āş.

أسطفى fastajī, Name of a musical instru-

ment. fastyār (G. Beoriapis), A commander of 1,000 men.

أ فسفاس غ fasfās, فسفس fasfās, Extremely foolish; a blunt sword; name of a malodorous plant.

fisfie, A whispering, a humming;

a bug; a wall-louse.

fasfasa, Trefoil, clover, Burgundian hay.

fisq (v.n.), Slipping out of its husk (a ripe date); disobeying orders (a slave); slighting the commands of God;

deviating from the way of truth and righteousness; disobedience, rebellion; vicious or immoral conduct; prevarication; impudence, obscenity, debauchery, adultery; [fisq u fujūr, Šin and iniquity, vice and immorality, &c.;] — fasiq, A scoundrel, transgressor, law-breaker; — fusaq, Very wicked, ever bent on villainy.

a لسقه fasaqa (pl. of fāsiq), Wicked (men); adulterers; -- fasiqa (fem. of fasiq),

An adulteress.

fiskil, (A man) of the worst نسكل ه kind; lazy, worthless; -fiskil, fuskul, The last horse in a race.

فسل ه fast (v.n.), Weaning (a child); a worthless man; a vine-tendril or slip fit for planting ;-fiel, A fool.

fasla, A herd of horses;—fisla, A narrative, history; a similitude.

fasliyūn (G. Ψύλλιον), The herb flea-bane.

fasan, A whetstone.

fasw (v.n.), Breaking wind without فسو A

fusujan, A food eaten in Gilan. fasūd, Who aspires to great things, to high dignities, ambitious.

لسود A فسود fusūd (v.n. of فسود), Being corrupted, spoiled, marred.

a فَسُوْمَن fasūs, Ephesus. fisos, Seduction or straying from the way of safety; reproach, blame, sarcasm, gibe, joke, jest, raillery, ridicule; play, sport, wit, humour: vexation, sorrow, regret, gricf; ah! alas! (see ;;-fisos kardan, To rail at, ridicule, banter.

fisos-kārī, Chequered, inlaid

work.

insosidan, To sigh after, grieve فسرسيدن for; to joke, jeer; to seduce, lead, or go astrav.

لسوق A fusūq (v.n. of السوق), Going out; deviating, swerving from the commands of God; being wicked, adulterous; immorality, &c. (see نسى).

fusin, Incantation, fascination; fraud, deceit;—fasāna u fusūn, Fables and

enchantments. (See انسون).)

fusānā, An enchanter, fascinator. fusüngarī, Fascination.

fasībānīdan, نسيبيدن fasībānīdan, To lead a horse (unsupported and doubtful).

أمسيع A فسيع fasih, Ample, large, capacious, spacious, roomy.

ا فسيخ fasīkh, Weak in mind and body; unable to manage one's own business.

fasid, Corrupted, vicious.

السيس fasis, Weak in mind and body. مسيط fasit, Nail-parings; a date-stalk. fusil, Fossils (m.c. from Fr. or E.). ا نسيل fasīl (pl. of fasīlat), Palm-shoots. a مسيله fasila, A herd, flock, bevy; a branch.

نش fash, Scattered; the noise made in

untying garments; the parts about the mouth (especially of a horse); the end of a turban-sash, to the length of a few inches, hanging down the back or side; a horse's forelocks; (sometimes used for wash) a particle of similitude, as: māh-fash, Like the moon;—fush, Mane or tail of a horse; end or tail of anything.

fashsh, Squeezing (the air) out of a bag or bladder; escape of air; subsiding of a tumour; milking expeditiously (a camel); belching; detraction, slander, cavil; foolish; the fruit of an African carob-tree; places where water collects; a coarse cloak of loose texture; - fusheh, Name of a man.

fashā', Breed or increase of cattle.

A مشأع fashāḥ, A hyena.

نشار fashār, fishār, A scattering; diffusion; compression, constriction, squeezing; the piercing of one thing with another; —fishār khwurdan, To be squeezed;—fishār dādan, ba-ham fishār dādan, To press upon one another, to be jammed together.

a لشار fushār (fashār?), A word used by the vulgar in the sense of hazayan, Vain,

idle talk or gibberish.

ishardan, To press, squeeze, فشاردن wring; to pierce or thrust one thing into another.

fishārish, A squeezing, pressure.

fishā', The white or black vine.

A this fishāgh, Laziness, slowness; — fushāgh, A patch on a leathern bottle; fushāgh, fushshāgh, A species of creeper which twines about trees and dries them up.

fashāfash, لشائش fashāfash, The

whizzing of arrows.

fashān, A mace of iron, silver, or فشان gold; -fishān, (in comp.) Scattering, strewing, shedding; a strewer; - chashm-ash saiyāla-fishān, Her (or his) eyes shedding a torrent of tears.

fiehāndan, To scatter; to venti-

late.

ishānda, Scattered, strewed; shed, فشائدة split; spread; diffused.

بشانی fishānī, (in comp.) A scattering,

strewing, &c.

fashj (v.n.), Straddling in running فشج A or when about to stale (a horse).

fashh (v.n.), Spreading open the

legs; turning away from.

fashkh (v.n.), Striking the head or back of the neck with the hand; injuring, using violence; telling lies at play.

o fashurdan, To squeeze, press,

wring; to plant the foot firmly. fashurda-qadam, Steady; reso-

lute.

fishehist, The hissing of a snake.

اشخ م fashgh (v.n.), Rising above, overtopping, and covering; striking (with a whip), bringing one under the whip.

fashq (v.n.), Giving themselves up to play and pastime by reason of the abundance of worldly possessions (people); a breaking; eating hastily and greedily; fashaq, Cheerfulness, sprightliness; greed; speed, haste, flight; width between the horns; also between the front and back part of a camel's dug, or, according to others, of the windpipe.

fishak, A parasol.

A فشل fashl, Weak; slow, cowardly;fishl, The hood or the seat of a camel-litter; -fashal (v.n.), Being cowardly, timid, dull, slow; -fashil, Timid, cowardly; languid, torpid, dull, slow.

A فشن fushn, Name of a village in Egypt. fishang, A cartridge;—fishangi فشنك filzī, Metallic cartridge, cartouche (m.c.).

t فشنگ سازی fishang-sāzī, Manufactory of cartridges (m.c.).

fashw, fushūw (v.n.), Being divulged, published (news); being diffused

fashūsh, (A camel) scattering, or spilling milk whilst being milked; a rough coarse cloak of a loose texture; a man boasting in some trifling matter.

الش و دم سياة fush-u-dum-siyāh, Black of mane and tail.

fushūl (pl. of fishl), Hoods, or seats of camel-litters.

fashīdan, fishīdan, To urge to run; to lead a horse by the bridle.

faşş (v.n.), Separating, pulling (one thing from another); making a whizzing noise (locust); weeping slightly; eloquence; -fass, fiss, fuss, The seal, bezel, or precious stone of a ring; pupil of the eye; joint of bones, articulation; decision of a matter; the seed of the bdellium tree.

هما مم faṣā, A grape stone.

ما فصاعة faṣāḥat (v.n. of فصاعة), Employing elegant, perspicuous language; eloquence.

a نمامت پرداز faṣāḥat-pardāz, Eloquent. A نصاد fisad (v.n. of نصاد), Breathing a vein, bleeding; venesection, phlebotomy;-fassād, A bleeder, phlebotomist, surgeon.

A نصادة fiṣādat, Bleeding, venesection. a نمادى faṣṣādī, Surgery, phlebotomy.

ماص A fassas, A maker of ring-bezels; one who cuts or sets the precious stone in the collet; name of a man.

ه فعال ه fiṣāl (v.n. of فعال), Weaning (a colt); (pl. of fasil) children or young animals weaned from their mothers, weanlings; low breast-works on the outside of

fortified places.

آمع fash (v.n.), Bursting forth and overwhelming one (the light of the morning); using elegant and perspicuous language; being eloquent; eloquence, rhetorical accomplishments; eloquent, clear (man or speech) ;--fish, A day without cloud, or cold, Easter, Passover; — fusuh (pl. of

faşh, faşīh), Eloquent men, orators, great speakers.

أمحاد fuṣaḥā' (pl. of faṣīḥ), Eloquent

men.

لمع faṣkh (v.n.), Neglecting, taking no heed; suffering loss, being taken in; dislocating (a hand).

أفد م fasd (v.n.), Bleeding, opening a vein; assigning for a fief, or a present;

phlebotomy, venesection, surgery.

A sol fas' (v.n.), Pressing (a fresh date, so that it slips out of the skin); rubbing anything with the fingers to make it soft; taking off the turban; drawing back the foreskin over the gland (uncircumcised youth).

fus'at, fus'a, The foreskin drawn لمعقله

back.

A نصل faşl (v.n.), Cutting, dissecting, disjoining, separating, dividing, interrupting, interposing, intervening; weaning; cutting off one or more syllables at the end of a verse (in the middle this license is not allowed); a section, article, chapter or other division of a book; a division between two provinces; a separation; anything intervenient, interposing, or uniting; the juncture or joint of bones; the personal pronoun used as copula between subject and predicate; time, season, juncture; any one of the four seasons; harvest, crop;faşlu'l-khitāb, The phrase ammā ba'd, q.v. under see p. 191; the legal maxim "clear proof (is incumbent) upon the claimant, the oath upon the denier of the claim; any brilliant or pithy saying, which distinguishes between truth and falsehood;fasli bahār, The spring season; the vernal equinox; -fasli tukhm-rezi, Sowing season, seed-time; -fashi kharif, The latter end of the year; - fasli khasumat kardan, To decide a lawsuit;-fașli rabī', The first harvest of the year; -fasli gul, The season of flowers, spring; -fasli mihrjān, Autumnal equinox;—chahār faṣl, The four seasons; —yaumu 'l-faṣl, The day of decision or of the separation between the good and wicked, the day of resurrection.

A نملان fuslan, fislan (pl. of fasil), Wean-

lings, &c.

a نمانه faṣlāna, A fee received by the Qāzī on the harvest.

a لملى faṣlā, A faṣla, time, season.

a نصلی عار faṣlī-bukhār, Fever caused by change of season.

a لملى سال faṣlī-sāl, The revenue or har-

vest year.

مرة ميرة faṣlī-mewa, The fruits of the senson.

A معمل fasm (v.n.), Breaking, bruising (without separation); being demolished (a house).

أموم fuṣūṣ (pl. of faṣṣ), Stones set in rings; bezels, seals; fish-scales.

مان fusul (v.n. of أصل), Departing, going out; coming out small (the stone of the grape); (pl. of fasl), sections; seasons of the year.

A منبع faṣīḥ, Eloquent, rhetorical (man or discourse); correct, accurate (expression); lucid (speech); frothless or skimmed

(milk).

a لميحى faṣīḥī, Eloquence. A لميد faṣīd, Bled in a vein.

A لمين foṣṣṣ (v.n. of لمن), Being purulent, running (a wound); (= نقر q.v.); oily (date-stone or kernel).

faṣīl (G. φάσηλος), A kind of French

bean.

الميل م faṣil (pl. الميل fuṣlān, fiṣlān, and المال fiṣāl), A child or young animal weaned from the mother, a weanling; a breast-work inside a fortification; an entrenchment, wall, rampart.

A فاصلة faṣīlat, A young she-camel; a family; kindred, the nearest relations; all,

the totality of.

A ففي fazz (v.n.), Tearing asunder, breaking so as to separate; breaking the seal of

a letter; a scattered multitude.

المادة faṣā' (v.n. of فاد), Being roomy and spacious (a place); not putting (one's money) into a purse; a plain, field, or open place; a court, area (of a house); name of a place near Madīnah;—fiṣā', Water overflowing ground.

A ولفا fizāḥ, فعامة fazāḥat, Disgrace, igno-

miny, infamy.

A نساني fizāz, Scattered fragments of rock torn from a mountain, lying one upon another;—fizāz, fuzāz, A fragment flying off from anything broken.

a فَمَامَة fiṣāṣat, Fracture; a small frag-

ment of anything.

about excellence; an every-day garment (or garments); wine (or wines);—fuzzāl, A most excellent, highly deserving man.

A that fuzālat, fuzāla, A remainder, redundancy, exuberance; filth, nastiness; (in the parlance of sodomites) membrum virile;—fuzāla'i khwān, Remains of an entertainment, scraps after a meal.

a فالت چين fuzālat-chīn, A pruner of trees. A pruner of trees. A pruner of trees. A pruner of trees. A pruner of trees.

acts.

A نائل faṣā'il (pl. of fazīlat), Virtues, excellencies; sciences; literary attainments; excesses.

a فمائل پناه faṣā'il-panāh, A place of re-

fuge for every excellence.

a last last fazā'il-shī'ār, (having excellencies for an inner garment) Endowed with virtues;—fazā'il-shī'āri ḥaqā'iq-diṣār, One endowed with virtues and conspicuous for learning (judge).

fazzat, fizzat, Gravelly ground high

and burnt;—fizzat, fizza, Silver.

A فنع fazkh (v.n.), Breaking (the head, or anything hollow); tearing out an eye;

pouring out (water).

A نفض fazaz, Water scattered about during ablutions; - fazaz, fuzuz, A fragment flying off from anything broken, a part separated, torn, or scattered;—fizaz (pl. of fazzat, fizzat), Gravelly lands high and burnt.

A فففاض fazfāz, Large (coat of mail);

convenient, easy (life).

A نمل fazl (v.n.), Remaining over and above, exceeding, being redundant; excelling; redundancy, excess; a remnant, remainder; excellence, virtue, accomplishment; learning, wisdom, science; a gift, present, favour, grace, bounty; name of a mountain; also of several noted persons; [fazli ilāhī, The grace of God; by the grace of God! thank God! God be praised! -fazli maula, The grace of the Lord (be with you) !--ahli fazl u ma'rifat, Endowed with virtue and learning;]-fuzul, (A man or woman) clad in a sleeveless garment (for working purposes), or in the same garment every day; an every-day garment.

fazl-an, The more, much less.

ا مماله fuzalā' (pl. of fāzil), Learned men ;

accomplished persons.

A سالمن faṣalāt (pl. of faṣlat), Leavings, orts.

fazlat, fazla, A remainder, abundance, redundancy; leavings, refuse, orts; excrement; an every-day or a sleeping garment; membrum virile; wine.

a نمائد عمار fazla-khwār, An eater of

leavings.

a نمله زار fazla-zār. A place abounding in dirt, filth, &c.

a ندلى fazlī, Learning, science ;—fuzlá (fem. of afzal), More excellent, &c.

A نخوع fuzūḥ, Disgrace, ignominy.

A نامزة faṣūkh, Strong, intoxicating wine. فامرة faṣūkh, Exuberant, excessive, redundant, disproportioned (about the head); busy, meddling, officious, impertinent; a bore;—fuzul, in P. also fazul, Violence, excess; a busy, meddling spirit; impertinent interference: — fuzul (fazul) kardan, To commit an excess.

a ويا منهول خري fazūl-kharch, Lavish, profuse. a فضول مرجي fazūl-kharchī, Excess of expenditure; extravagance, prodigality, waste, dissipation.

aنصول کو $faz\bar{u}l$ -go $(g\bar{u})$, A great talker;

a boaster, egotist; a back-biter.

a نمولى fazūlī, fuzūlī, Redundance, extravagance; independence; proud, haughty, presuming; an idle talker; one who busies himself in things not concerning him, or

acts without authority; a busy-body, meddler, impertment fellow.

a نفولى بيع fuzūli-bai*, The sale of another's property without his consent.

a نموليدن fuzūlīdan. To be meddling, an idle talker, &c.

a منه fizza, Silver (see A. افعة).

نفي ه fizzī, Made of silver, silver, silvery. A نفيح fazīḥa, fem. في fazīḥat, fazīḥa, A bad manager (of an estate); one who improperly employs (wealth); ignominious, infamous, disgraceful;—af'āli fazīḥa, Dishonourable or disgraceful actions.

A نسيحة fazīhat, Disgrace, ignominy; a disgraceful thing; vice, stigma, excess; exposure; abusing, quarrelling, wrangling; -fazihat kardan, To disgrace; to defame;

to commit a disgraceful action.

a نفيحتى faṣīḥatī, Disgraceful, infamons. fazīkh, The expressed juice of grapes; wine made from unripe dates without fermentation; watery (milk).

A فعيض fazīz, Fresh or flowing water; water scattered about during ablution; bud of a palm-tree yet unexpanded; any-

thing scattered.

ه فميل A فميل fazīl, Excellent, eminent, admirable; -fuzail, Name of a celebrated saint.

هميلة A فميلة fazilat, Excess; excellence, eminence, virtue, perfection; science, learning, ingenuity; high degree, dignity; reward, benefit ;-fazīlat nihādan bar, To give the preference to one over another.

a فميلت انتساب fazīlat-intisāb, Allied to excellence; excellent, highly distinguished.

A نطار futār, Notched, blunt (sword). أ فطام fitam, Weaning, ablactation.

fatanat, فطائلة fataniyat (v.n. of نطي), Understanding, perceiving; intelligence, intellect; wisdom, discernment, shrewdness; skill, cleverness.

a نطالت پیشه faṭānat-pesha, Intelligent,

gifted with understanding.

fath (v.n.), Widening, making نطح ۸ broad; striking with a stick or bludgeon; casting, dropping (a fætus); impregnating (a palm-tree);—fatah (v.n.), Being impregnated with the pollen of the male (female palm-tree); largeness of the head or tail; breadth of the tip of the nose.

fatr (v.n.), Commencing, broaching, beginning; creating, producing anything the like of which has not been in existence; breaking the fast; splitting, cleaving; a fissure; -fitr, He or those who breakfast; breakfast; (for 'idu 'l-fitr q.v. under عيد) the festival of breaking the fast; -fitr, futr, A grape when the heads appear; -futr, The kneading of flour; - futr, futur, A deadly kind of mushroom; unfermented; the froth of new milk.

أطرا fatrā, Seed, grain; (for سطرا q.v. p.

191) a rock, a stone, a mountain.

نظراساليون futrāsāliyūn, Rock-parsley; according to others parsley-seed; also a kind of mushroom. (See بطراساليون p. 191.)

A 5,44 figrat, figra, Nature, creation, form (which an embryo takes in the womb); idiosyncrasy; tendency; wisdom, sagacity; deceit, trick; religion; the power of the Creator; alms given on the festival of fit; the host or holy wafer;—baland-figrat, Highminded (opp. to پست فطرت q.v., p. 250).

a نطرت باز fitrat-baz, نطرت باز fitratī, Sagacious, shrewd; artful, designing, crafty.

a نطريت fitriyat, Alms given on the break-

ing of fast.

fats (v.n.), Flattening, making فطس A wide (iron); speaking to one's face; myrtleberries; undressed hides; glass-pearls used as a magic spell;—fatas (v.n.), Being

A فسطة fatsat, fatsa, A myrtle-berry; an undressed hide (of an animal which has died a natural death); a glass-bead or anything similar used as a magic spell.

A نظم falm (v.n.), Weaning; cutting off; restraining;—futum (pl. of fatīm), Wean-

lings.

فطن A فطن fatn, fitn, futn, fatan, futun (v.a), Understanding, perceiving, comprehending; sagacity, sharpness of intellect; -fatin, fatun, fatn, Wise, intelligent, sagacious.

itinat (v.n. of نطنة فطنة), Perceiving, knowing; intelligence, shrewdness; -fatinat (v.n. of نطن), knowing, understanding; sagacity, wisdom; (fem. of fatin) intelligent, clear-sighted (woman).

fatw, A driving violently.

ا فطرح له fatuh, Large-bellied (she-camel). مطرع له fatur, مطرد fatury, faturiy, faturi, Anything on which one breakfasts; breakfast; -futur (v.n. of فطر), Splitting; cutting (teeth); (pl. of fatr) fissnres.

م نظوس futus (v.n. of نظوس), Dying.
A فالم fatunat, = فالله q.v.
A مطابق fatur, Unleavened dough; any thing precipitately done; meat hastily dressed; fresh (dates, butter, milk).

a نطيري faķīrī, Unleavened; unleavened

hammer, a نطيس figgis, A large smiths' hammer, a sledge-hammer.

h نطيم fatim, Weaned, a weanling.

A فطين falin, = نطن falin, q.v. A منا fazz (v.n.), Forcing water out of the stomach of a camel and drinking it; water in the ventricle of an animal; harsb, morose, inhuman.

A مَلَاكُمُ عَلَيْهُ مَا fazazat (v.n. of العالم), Being inhuman, villainous; roughness, harshness, inhumanity; -fuzāzut, A portion of anything, or of that which is in the loins of a

A distance fazā'at (v.n. of نظاعة , Being disagreeable, shameful, exceeding bounds in turpitude.

A his fazaz, Roughness, inhumanity,

harshness of speech.

faza' (v.n.), Considering (a thing) نطح to be arduous, troublesome, and beyond one's power; being unequal to a task; being full (a vessel).

A فطيط fazīz, Inhumau, villainous; sperm. A نظيع fazī', Base, shameful (affair); important; difficult, troublesome; sweet water.

م نعال Acting, doing; نعال A fa'āl (v.n. of نعل), Acting, nobility; generosity; any deed (good or bad performed by one agent);—fa'āl, fi'āl, The handle of an axe;— $f^i\bar{a}l$ (pl. of f^il), Acts, deeds (good or bad performed by several agents), works; [sū'i fi'āl, Bad

works;]-fa"āl, A doer; an agent. A نعل fa'l (v.n.), Acting; doing, making, performing; pretending;—fil, An action, work, deed, operation; pretence, sham, pretext; coition; a shameful deed, fornication, adultery, sodomy; the matrix of a woman or any animal; (in grammar) a verb; [fili ajwaf, A hollow verb, i.e. infirm in its second radical; -fili amr, A verb in the imperative mood; -fi'li asamm, A surd verb (one whose second and third consonants are alike) ;—fi'li tāmm, A complete or attributive verb; fili gulasi, A triliteral verb ;- fi'li sulasi mazid fi-hi, An increased triliteral verb;—fili khumāsī, A quinque-literal verb;—fili rubā'ī. A quadriliteral verb;-fi'li rubā'î mazīd fī-hi, An increased quadriliteral verb; -fi'li sālim (saḥīḥ), A sound verb; -fi'li shani'a, An evil deed; prostitution ;-fi'li zāminī, Security for good conduct; -fi'li 'abas, Lost labour; an absurd undertaking; -fi'li ahair-salim, An infirm or defective verb (containing one of the so-called weak letters 1, , , ; -fi'li ghair qiyasî, An irregular verb; -fili ghair muta'addī, fi'li lāzim (lāzimī), An intransitive verb; -fili qiyasi, A regular verb; -fil kardan, To perform an action; to labour; -fili lafif, A verb infirm in two radicals; — fi'li māzī, A verb in the preterite; -fi'li muta'addi, A transitive verb; -fi'li misāl, A verb infirm in its first radical; -fi'li mujarrad, A simple or primitive verb; fili majhul, A passive verb; fili mazid (mazid fi-hi), An increased or derivative verb; -fi'li muzāri', A verb in the acrist; -fi'li muzā'af, A reduplicated verb (a verb whose second and third letters are alike, as zall for zalal, or one whose first radical is repeated between two such equal letters, whereby zalal becomes zalzal); -fi'li mu'tall, An infirm or weak verb ;---fi'li mu'tallu 'l-'ain, A verb infirm in its second radical (= fi'li ajwaf above);—fi'li mu'tal-lu 'l-'ain wa 'l-lām, A verb infirm in its second and third radicals (see lafifi maqrun under فيف) ;—fi'li mu'tallu 'l-fā, A verb infirm in its first radical (= fili misāl above) ;-fi'li mu'tallu 'l-fā wa 'l-lām, A

verb infirm in its first and third radicals (see lafift mafruq under -hal);—fi'li mu'tallu 'l-lam, A verb infirm in its third radical (see fi'li nāqis below);—fi'li mu'tallu 'l-lāmi 'l-ūla, A (quadriliteral) verb infirm in its third radical :- fi:li mu'tallu 'llāmi 's-sānī, A (quadriliteral) verb infirm in its fourth radical;—fili ma'rūf (ma'lūm), An active verb;—fili mumāt, An obsolete verb;—fili mahmuz, A verb having a hamzah (1) for one of its radicals;—fili mahmūzu 'l-'ain, A verb hamzated in its second radical;-fi-li mahmuzu' 'l-fa, A verb hamzated in its first radical;—fi'li mahmüzu 'l-lam, A verb hamzated in its third radical; -fili nā-sazā, An unworthy deed; -fili nagis. An incomplete or non-attributive verb; a defective verb (= fi'li mu'tallu 'llām above) ;-fili wāqi, A transitive verb (= fi'li mula'addi above) ;-bi'l-fi'l, In fact, actually; immediately;—qaul u fi'l, Word and deed;]—fu'ul (pl. of fa'āl, fi'āl), Handles of axes.

fi'l-an, In fact, indeed; practically; fil-an wa qaul-an, In deed and word.

a died fa'la (for fa'ala), fi'la, An act, word, deed; -fa'ala, A work, action; a shameful deed; (pl. of fa'il) agents; workmen, labourers (m.c.).

a نعل تمام fa'l-tamām, Thorough in one's

actions.

a نعلى fi'li, Derived from a verb, verbal; actual; effectual, efficient, operative.

ia'm (v.n.), Filling (a vessel); filling with perfume; enraging; a kind of tree; a rose.

الخ fagh, fugh, An idol; a lover, a mistress; a handsome man or woman; drunk.

a نعانرة faghāfirat, faghāfira (pl. of faghfur). Chinese emperors.

نعاك fughāk, Foolish, stupid; a bastard; a pimp to his own wife; a voluntary cuckold.

نغاكن fighākan, Deformed, ugly (doubt-

fighan, fughan, Complaint, lamentation, clamour; oh! alas; [fighān kardan, To cry aloud and to lament;]—fughān (pl. of fugh), Idols; lovers, mistresses; drun-

نغر ه faght (v.n.), Opening (the mouth); being opened (the same); expanding (as a flower); a full-blown rose or flower;—fughar (pl. of fughrat), Mouths of rivers.

A قرم fughrat. The mouth of a river.

fughistan, An idol-temple; the haram of a prince; handsome persons of either sex;—fughsutan, The favourite wife or miscress of a king.

faghfür (for baghfür, S. bhagaputra), نغفور The general name of the emperors of China; surname of the Ashkanians; a place in China celebrated for its porcelain; the

porcelain of China; -faghfuri chini, An emperor of China; a porcelain vessel.

faghfūrī, Royal, imperial, belonging to the emperors of China; china-ware.

faghm (v.n.), Filling, stopping the nose (perfume); also loosing, unstopping, deobstructing; kissing (a woman); sucking (the dam); -fagham (v.n.), Abiding in a place, adhering to; being desirous of, being greedy; - faghim, Greedy, wishful, desirous.

sal faghand, fighand, fughand, A leap,

dance; bounding like a deer.

faghanshor, fughanshor, Name of a city in China celebrated for the beauty of its inhabitants,

haghw (v.n.), Being diffused; withering (corn); flowers of privet or hina.

fughwara, (like a statue) Unable to speak from bashfulness, anguish, or excessive pride.

آهيار Jaghyaz, An extra gratuity given over and above the wages due; a present; good news, glad tidings.

Jaghyāzī, A present made to a

bringer of good news; alms.

ون fuf zadan, To breathe or blow

upon, to puff.

A two figah (pl. of fighat), Amuli podicum; —fuqqah, The flower of the bog-rush; any flower producing hairs or fibres; a rose.

fuqāḥī (A garment) of rosecolour.

faqar (pl. of faqarat), Vertebræ or سار م joints of the back ; - zū 'l-faqār, Name of the sword of the unbeliever 'As bin Munabbih, slain at Badr, which became the property of Muhammad and subsequently of 'Ali; surname of a man.

A أيا faqārat, A joint of the back, vertebræ.

a stat faqārī, Vertebral.

A Etat fuqā', faqā', Ruddy (man);—
fuqqā', in P. also fuqā', A kind of drink
made of water and barley, or dried grapes; beer, ale; name of a plant, which, when withered, becomes hard and resembles the horns of cattle; —dar kūza fuqā' ast, There is (only) beer in the jug, i.e. circumstances are straitened (on the principle of the Gorman saying "If the miller has plenty of water, he leaves the beer alone, and drinks wine").

م مُدَّلُتُ faqqa'ai, A bubble on water.

fuqā' gushādan (gushādan), To belch; to boast, brag.

a القاعي fuqqā'i, A seller of beer; also of

snow or ice and syrup.

A وَالْمَاعِينَ faqāqī' (pl. of faqqā'at), Bubbles.
A فعالمية faqāhat (v.n. of عالم), Being intelligent; being learned in the law; legal knowledge.

القع لم faqh (v.n.), First opening (his)

eyes (a whelp); blossoming (a plant); striking on the anus.

A said faqhat, faqha, The orifice of the anus.

الله faqd (v.n.), Being deprived of, losing, missing; loss, deprivation; name of a plant; according to some cinquefoil, and seed of cinquefoil; a kind of drink made of grapes, honey, or dodder.

Losing, missing, being deprived of; de-

privation, loss, want.

faqr (v.n.), Piercing, perforating, boring (beads for threading); making an incision in a camel's nose and inserting a ring, to which the reins are fastened; digging, excavating; breaking the vertebræ of the back; being poor; poverty, want, need; the practice or vocation of a fagir; a life of poverty with resignation and content; asceticism, ascetic mortification; anxiety, care, grief; [faqr u faqa, Poverty and privation;—al-faqru fakhvī, Poverty is my pride! (a saying of Muhammad);]-fuqr, Poverty; a side; -faqir, One who has the vertebræ of the back broken; -figar (pl. of figrat), Vertebræ of the back; -fugar (pl. of fuqr), Sides;—fuqur (pl. of $faq\bar{i}r$), Ditches.

A signature fugara' (pl. of faqir), The poor, the common people; faqirs, religious mendicants; in modern P. also used as a sin-

gular.

A light figrat, fagrat, A vertebra; a necklace jointed like vertebræ; the finest verse in a poem; a choice phrase, a fine sentence, a well-rounded period; the rhymed cadence of an Arabic oration;—figrat, A mark, a sign, a target;—fugrat, Propinquity; a pit, ditch.

a غَنْمُ أَنْهُ أَنْهُ أَنْهُ أَنْهُ أَنْهُ أَنْهُ أَنْهُ أَنْهُ أَنْهُ أَنْهُ أَنْهُ أَنْهُ أَنْهُ أَنْهُ أَل plausible, artful; an artful fellow, a knave.

a نقوه بندى fiqra-bandī, Arrangement, order; composition; eloquence.

A فقش faqsh, The breaking (of an egg) with the hand.

ه القص faqs (v.n.), Breaking (an egg).

A فقع faqat, Only, solely, merely, simply.

A جفة faq' (v.n.), Expiring from heat; stealing; breaking wind; being very yellow; moving, growing (a lad);—faq', fiq', A white soft mushroom;—fuq' (pl. of afqa'),

(Things) intensely white;—faqa' (v.n.), Being red.

مَّعَةُ faqa', A fungus;—fuqa', Beer, ale;—fuqa' gushūdan, To boast, brag; to belch.

A مقصى faq'as, Name of the father of a

tribe of the Banu Asad.

a فقعگان fuqa'gān, Pride, boasting, vainglory.

A pai faqm (v.n.), Having the upper front teeth overhauging the lower; lying with; taking by the jaw or by the tip of the nose;—faqm, fuqm, The jaw, the tip of (a

dog's) nose; [mā baina 'l-faqmain, The tongue;]—faqm, faqam (v.n.), Being weighty and not going on smoothly (business);—faqim, Intelligent, and more than a match for one's adversaries;—fuqum, The mouth.

another's steps; — fuqui' (v.n. of فقر القطاء), Bespattering the plant buhmá with mud, so that cattle refuse to eat it (a shower or a

torrent).

القس fuqūs (v.n. of نقس), Dying; killing (an animal); preventing, restraining; dragging down by the hair; breaking or spoiling her eggs (a hen-bird);—faqqūs, A Syrian melon.

فقرص ه faqqūṣ, A small unripe Egyptian melon.

A 455 faqh (v.n.), Conquering, beating in a contest respecting law and divinity;—fiqh (v.n.), Knowing, understanding (law and divinity); knowledge, especially of religion and jurisprudence; theology; [fighu 's-siyāsat, Science of politics;]—faqih, Learned in law;—faquh, Deeply versed in theology and jurisprudence.

A state fuqahā' (pl. of faqīh), Doctors of law and divinity; jurisconsults; theo-

logians.

A jab faqir, Possessed of one day's sufficiency for self and family (the entirely destitute being called miskin), disabled by disease and without a handicraft (miskin being used for an artisan who cannot earn a living); needy (miskin denoting one needy in the highest degree); a religious order of mendicants, an itinerant monk, a dervish; meek, subdued, tame (applied to animals, m.c.); broken in the back; a channel or watercourse, ditches prepared for watering palm-trees.

a chis faqīrān (pl. of the preceding), Paupers, &c.; land bestowed upon Muhammadan faqīrs or mendicants as a provision.

a wilness faqīrāna, Poorly, in the manner of a poor man, after the fashion of a pauper or mendicant; land, &c., appropriated to the support of faqīrs.

a فاعرة faqīra, A poor woman.

a نقير دوست faqīr-dosi, Friendly to the poor or to dervishes; beloved by the fagīrs.

a نقيري faqīrī, Poverty; the life of a

dervish or devotee.

نقيص له faqis, Broken (egg); a kind of farming implement.

A مَنْ fuqaim, Name of a section of the Banu Kinanah.

A مُحِمَّة faqīh, A Muhammadan lawyer, theologian (in Spanish, with the article alfaqui); a preceptor, pedagogue, schoolmaster; expert (stallion).

a فقيهة faqihat, faqiha (fem. of the pre-

ceding), A woman learned in law and divinity.

fuk, A seal, a walrus (m.c. from

Fr. phoque).

A di fakk, in P. also fak, (v.n.), Unloosing, disjoining; releasing a prisoner; manumitting a slave; redeeming a pawn or pledge; putting (medicine) in a child's mouth; being aged, decrepit; opening the hand and showing what is in it; a jaw; -fakki asfal, The lower jaw; -fakki a'lá, The upper jaw; -faki rahn kardan, To redeem a pledge.

ا فكاك fakāk, fikāk (v.n. of فكاك Manumitting (a slave or servant); being set free (the same); that wherewith a pawn or

pledge is redeemed.

الكه fakāhat (v.n. of كاهة الكاهة fakāhat (v.n. of كاهة الكاهة الكاهة الم cheerful, joyous, jocose, festive, sociable, sprightly; admiring, being filled with astonishment; -fukāhat, A jest; joyousness, cheerfulness.

انگ fakkat (v.n. of نگ Being relaxed or disjointed; being foolish and weak; languor; folly, stupidity; name of a constellation, by Arab children called qas'atu 'l-masakin, "the beggar's dish."

fikr, fakr, in P. also fakur (v.n. of نكر), Thinking; thought, reflection, consideration; deliberation, counsel, advice; sentiment; care, solicitude, anxiety; construed with the verbs dashtan, farmudan, kardan, &c.; [fikri in u ana, A thought of this and that; -fikr (fakr?), Need, necessity.

A نكرة fikrat, نكرى fikrá, Thought.

a فكرمند fikrmand, Thoughtful ; sorrowful. a فكرمندي fikrmandi, Thoughtfulness; anxiety; sorrow.

a نكرى fikri, Of thought, thoughtful;

pensive; anxious, sorrowful.

fakz, fakaz, A hole to let out smoke, a louvre-window, a chimney.

fak' (v.n.), Looking to the ground مكع from grief or rage; going to no one knows

الكه الله fakak (v.n. of الله), Being disjointed, dislocated, relaxed; being slipshouldered (a man); being broken (the jaw)

fikan, (in comp.) One who throws

away.

A A Low fuknat, Repentance, regret for the past.

ikandan, To throw, east, spread. ikandanī, A carpet, or any similar فكندني

thing that may be spread.

fikanda-sar, (hanging the head) فكندة مر Contemplative; ashamed, confounded, abashed.

نكندة سرين fikanda-surīn, Sitting foursquare.

A فکع $faq\bar{u}'$, v.n. of, and = فکرع q.v.

 Δ نکوك $fuk\bar{u}k$, v.n. of, and = نکوك q.v.

A مكن fukah (v.n.), Being cheerful, joyous, merry; being surprised, astonished (see نكاهة);—fakih, Jovial, gay, blithe, merry, boisterous; one who takes pleasure in speaking ill of the absent; an eater of fruit

fika, fikka, A beggar, a (religious) mendicant; the bowl of a beggar or mendicant; -fuka, One who spreads the table

and tastes the food.

ikkūr, Very thoughtful. نکیر ⊾

h فكيف fakaif, Why then? how much more? so much the more (or less); the

stronger the argument is.

figāt, Soreness of back of نگال figāt, Soreness of a beast of burden; lame, crippled, wounded. galled; afflicted, confused, distracted;figār kardan, To wound;—dil-figār, Heartafflicting.

الكارى figārī, (in comp.) Wounding; af-

flicting; affliction.

أمكامة fagāma, فكامة fagāna, figāna, An

abortion, a castling. ندي figandan, To throw away or lay

aside (see انگندن p. 84).

الل ful, A species of water-lily; also its

root; the wood of the quince-tree.

A من fall (v.n.), Breaking, notching (a sword); putting to flight, routing; a crack or notch on a sword-blade; put to flight (a person or people);—fill, Bare, barren ground; thin hair; -ful (for fulan), Such a one, &c. (see الله);—full, Ground wet with rain, and yet producing nothing; land not rained upon for several years; -full, fill, Ground without rain and without produce, a desert.

A Bli falāt, An extensive desert without water or herbage.

فالات falat, The warp of a web.

نلاته filāta, fulāta, A species of sweet

cake made with sheep's milk.

الله falāḥ, Prosperity, happiness; escape, deliverance, safety; asylum, refuge; haiya 'alá'l-falāh, Hither to happiness or salvation (cry of the Mu'azzin, see p. 435);]—fallāh, A farmer, villager, peasant, boor; a hirer of camels or horses; a seaman, sailor, mariner.

المحمَّة falāḥat, Agriculture; — falāḥatnāma, A treatise on agriculture (a book so

called).

الأحون fallāḥān, الأحين fallāḥīn (pl. of fallāḥ), Peasauts, farmers; peasantry.
المان falākhān, الأحن falākhān, A sling.

اللاد falād, اللاد falāda, filāda, fulāda, A trifle, useless thing; vain, unprofitable.

g a فلاسفه falāsifa (pl. of failasūf), Philosophers.

falāsang, A sling.

A Like filat, Anything sudden and unexpected.

g فلاطن falāgun, فلاطن falāgūn, Plato.

falātūs, The preceptor of 'Azra. falātūsī, A man of Rum, a Greek; فالطوسى a danik.

a فلاطون معار falāṭūn-shi'ār, Distinguished by Platonic wisdom; (met.) heaven.

jalātūnī, (met.) Bravery. فالأطوني

filaq, The separation of milk into particles from sourness; curdling; (pl. of fulāqat) brickbats; — filāq, fulāq, Distinct separate particles; -fulaq, Curdled (milk); a sheer lie; an egg broken to pieces;—fullaq. One who cleaves, splits, separates.

A ماقه fulāgat. A brickbat.

a גאש *falākat*, Evil, misfortune, adversity, misery;—falākati falak, Fortune's frowns.

a نلاكتى falākatī, Unfortunate.

قلانة fulān (in P. also falān), fem. قلانة fulānat, fulāna, falāna, A designation of any unknown or undefined person, he, that man, such a one, such, a certain; the penis; -dar fulān tārīkh fī sinali fulān, At such a date in such a year; —yā fulān, Ho! you

a نلان ار فلان fulān az fulān, Boasting, bragging.

a نلانستان fulānistān, Such a place, the

residence of anyone.

a & falāna, Such an one; penis; pudendum muliebre.

a نلاني fulānī, Of so-and-so, of such a place.

falāwa, Distracted, giddy.

falat, Escape, liberation, deliverance; -fulat, fullat, Quick, swift, sudden.

فلتات A نلتات falatāt, Errors, blunders, slips, mistakes.

faltat, The last night of every فلتة A month; the last day before any sacred month, when fighting is prohibited; any thoughtless action, anything done suddenly, unexpectedly, on the spur of the moment.

faljam, A bolt, bar, lock, فلجم faljam, A

chain, or fastening for a door.

الله A نلج falj (v.n.), Dividing into two parts, separating, making a partition; ploughing; laying a tax, imposing tribute; being prosperous; victory, triumph; loss, injury, damage; name of a place;—falj, filj, A half; hemiphlegia, palsy;—fulj, Victory, safety, escape;—falaj, A brook, brooks; width, space (between the teeth or feet).

ifalh (v.n.), Ploughing, tilling the ground; cutting, cleaving, splitting; cheating, defrauding, traducing, slandering, speaking ill of ;—falah, Prosperity, happiness; safety, salvation, refuge; a fissure

in the nether lip.

filḥās, Ugly, offensive, ill-tem-

pered.

ifalḥas, Greedy, avaricious; one فلمس who waits for the time for people to be at meals; a dog; a bear; name of a man proverbial for begging.

ifalkh, Taking the seed out of cotton; -falakh, The beginning of any work.

falakhm, A sling; - falkham, A wooden instrument wherewith to strike the string of a bow, with which cotton is separated; a burial-place of the Fireworshippers.

فلخمان falakhman, A sling.

فلخف falkhama, A lock; an instrument used by cotton-dressers; a burial-place of the Fire-worshippers; —falakhma, A sling.

falkhamidan, falakhmidan, To

beat and separate cotton.

falkhan, Name of a town belonging فلخن to Falak Abad; a sling.

falkhūd, A seed sticking in cotton:

a separator of cotton from the seed. falkhūdan, To dress cotton and

clear it from the seeds. قلنجردة falkhūda, Cleaned cotton; pure.

فلغود falkhīdan, = فلغيد falkhīdan, = فلغيد

falkhūdan, qq.v. فلخودن

أ للنبيدة falkhida, Cotton cleaned from its seed; anything pure, freed from admixture

A the falz (v.n.), Cutting, cutting off a slice; giving liberally and at once;—filz, A camel's liver; -filaz (pl. of the following), Pieces, slices, &c.

filzat, A part, slice, segment, bit فلذة م (of an ear, meat, or camel's liver; also of

gold or silver).

A فللالله fa-lizālika, And on that account. falarzang, Victuals car. فلرزنك ,falarzang فلرز ried home by the guests from an entertainment.

filiaz, filazz, fuluzz, Ore, metal in general; a kind of white brass of which kettles are made, tin; dross, scoria; a stone; thread wound round a spindle, or anything else by which the sharpness of a sword is tested; strong; avaricious.

A فارات filizzāt (pl. of filizz), Ores, metals;

mines.

a نارى filizzi, Metallic, mineral, fossil.

ifals (generally pronounced fils), A small coin, an obolus, or anything of similar shape, as the scale of a fish, the boss on a bridle or a book; -fils, Name of an idol of the Bann Taiy; poverty, insolvency, bankruptcy; — falas (v.n.), Being poor, poverty.

فلسطين falastīn, Palestine. g a فلسطة falsafat, Philosophy.

g a فلسفى falsafi, Philosophical; a philosopher.

filishk, A gugglet painted for children.

A bli falt (v.n.), Being astonished, confounded ;--falat, Auything unexpected.

ناع ه fal' (v.n.), Cutting, splitting, cracking ;-fal', fil', A crack in the foot ;-ful' (pl. of falā'), Sharp swords.

falghand, fulghund, Thorns or spikes put upon a wall to prevent men or animals from getting over it; a dangerous place in the see

falghūd, A seed sticking in cotton.

White pepper;—filfili barrī, Seed of Agnus castns;—filfili dar ātish afgandan, To render uneasy;—filfili dirāz, Long pepper;—filfili surīh, Red pepper, capsicum;—filfili gird, Round pepper;—filfil u kāfūr, Pepper strewn over camphor to prevent it from evaporating;]—fulful, A clever and active servant; the fibre of the palm-tree.

مور a فلفل مون filfil-mūr, فلفل مور filfil-mūn,

Wild mint.

a فلفل موية filfil-mūya, Root of long

pepper.

into parts; breaking forth (dawn);—falq, filq, The opening or middle of the mouth; a misfortune;—filq, A branch split into two parts, of which a bow is made, each half being called filq; also a bow made of half a branch; anything wonderful or portentous;—falaq, A fissure, crevice; the dawn or its spreading light; all men or creatures, creation; low ground between two mountains; an open space between two heaps of sand; hell, or a pit therein; the stocks in which offenders are placed; milk curdling; also remaining at the bottom of a cup; name of a village in Yaman;—filaq, Name of a village near Nishāpūr.

falagrāt, Name of a king of Rum;

Philocrates.

silk, A fire-worshipper; a very sour wild plum (unsupported by examples).

fulk, A ship ; ships ;—falak (v.n.), Having round breasts (a maiden); swelling, becoming round (breasts); heaven, sky, firmament; a reel of thread; the round or swelling part of anything; a wave of the sea, a billow; water set in motion by the wind; a hill or tumulus of sand on a plain; a pole to which the feet of a culprit are fastened when the bastinado is given; [falaki atlas, The crystalline sphere; falaki aflāk, The primum mobile, empyrean heaven; -falaku 'l-qamar, The moon's orbit; -falak andāza kurdan, To obtain promotion;—falak parda bar-darad, Resurrection is impending: -falaki parda-dār (sāda), The crystalline sphere;—falaki kawākib (kaukab, mukaukab), The starry firmament; -chūb u falak, The bastinado;] — fuluk (pl. of falak), Celestial spheres or orbits.

a & falkat, falka, A round tract or hillock of sand in the midst of a flat desert; a circular hillock or sand-heap; any round bone (as the knee-pan, &c.); ball of thread round a woman's spindle; a round piece of wood in which the tent-pole is fixed;—

ialakat, falaka, A boy's top.

a إيما falak-parwāz, فلك برواز falak-paimā, Extremely swift.

a فلك جولان falak-jawalān, Moving in the sky (sun); extremely swift (a horse).

a क्षेत्र बीध falak-dabdaba, Pompous as the spheres, stately as the firmament.

a و فلك جولان falak-rav, = وفلك q.v.

a فان الله falak-zada, Oppressed by fortune.

ه ملك حير falak-sair, Extremely swift. a الله نوار falak-nawāz, An ignorant upstart.

a فلك جولان falak-naward, = فلك بورد و برد falak-wash, Like the heavenly ephere.

ه ملكوي falakī, Heavenly; astronomical; —falkī, A tasteless sort of pear.

فلماخن falmākhun, A sling.

elasil. falanjmishk, A sort of sweet basil.

منانه falanja, A red seed used as a perfume.

falanjīdan, To assemble, collect,

gain.

spalw (v.n.), Weaning (a colt or a child); striking with a sword; undertaking a journey, travelling; growing wise after having been ignorant or foolish;—filw, fem. فارة filwat, filwa, fulww, A colt (of horse or ass) when weaned, or one year old.

falawāt (pl. of falāt), Deserts,

solitudes.

A z̄jl fulūj (pl. of falj, filj), Parts, pieces cut off; halves;—fullūj, A writer, scribe; name of a place.

florans, Florence (m.d. from Fr., فاورانس

pronounced in French fashion).

أ فلوزة fulūra, للوزة fulūza, The timber which supports the roof of a building.

filūrī, A golden coin, ducat, sequin

(apparently derived from florin).

tulūs (pl. of fals), Small coins of uncertain value; scales of fish; bosses of bridles;—fulūsi māhī, Dogs-bane, a plant.

a ناوس دار fulūs-dār, Scaly (fish); bossy. فاوس دار falū', Sharp (sword);—fulū' (pl. of fal', fil'), Fissures in the feet, chaps.

Als falla, falla, Biestings; sour, curdled milk.

الم نابذا falihāzā, And because, therefore. a فليته falīta (for fatīla), A gun-match; a torch; a wick; a wick composed of paper, inscribed with a spell, the inhaling of whose smoke is said to drive demons out of those possessed; a cord run inside the seam of a garment to strengthen it.

a مَلْيته دار falita-dār, A match-lock; anything that has a match or wick; cloth

hemmed with a cord.

if alīdan, To be a coward; to seize with violence;—falīdan, filīdan, To thrust with violence so as to leave a wound.

فليفس filīfus, Philip.

ifulaifala, Fruit of the aloe-tree.

in the neck or in the upper part of the arm; a hollow in the front part of a camel's threat; name of a village near Tā'if; (in P.) the cocoon of a silkworm;—fullaiq, A kind of peach with a double kernel (dāna-shi-kāfta?).

fulel, A fragrant oil prepared in

India from jessamine.

الملك أهلك الملك

أمليوة falīv, مليوة falīwa, Useless, fruitless, vain, foolish.

fam, A sheet stretched on poles in which people collect the money scattered on occasions of public rejoicing.

A من fam, A single tanning;—fam, fim, fum, The mouth;—famu 'l-mi'da, fami mi'da, The orifice of the stomach.

A & fann, in P. fan (v.n.), Driving (camels); the branch of a tree; manner, mode, way, rate; science, doctrine, art (construed with zadan, warzīdan, &c.); artifice, craftiness, deceit (construed with khwurdan, zadan, &c.); instruction (construed with nihādan); [fani akhlāq, The science of morality, ethics;—fannu 'n-naqr, Sculpture, chiselling, engraving;]—finn, One who gives close application and attends sedulously (to instruction).

الني fanā, Solanum hortense; name of a mountain in Najd;—fanā', fanā (v.n.of لني), Vanishing, passing away, being ended and finished; being old, frail; annihilation, mortality; frailty, transientness, fleetingness; [fanā shudan, To die;—fanā kardan, To annihilate, reduce to nothing;—ba-fanā rasīdan, To die;—dāri (kishvarī) fanā, The house (kingdom) of frailty or transientness, i.e. this world;]—finā', A court before a house.

finād, Civet (probably misreading for المنافي q.v.).

a فناً يكبر fanā-pazīr, Transitory, frail.

fanār, A lightbouse.

ناروز fanārūz, Name of a place near Samarqand growing excellent wine.

لنائيدي fanānīdan, To make a pause between speaking and doing something; to do deliberately and prudently.

fandwar, The string of drawers; name of a place in China (this unsupported by examples).

G فنتق funtuq, An inn, caravansera.

fanj, Ruptured; ugly; hernia or rupture; name of a Chinese general in the times of Nushirwān; [fanji māda, A female hernia;]—finj, A lady, a matron; the string of drawers, a trowser-belt;—funi, Ruptured; rupture; name of a town in Zanzībar; a donkey with a docked

tail (unsupported);—fanaj, A harmless kind of snake.

A gus funuj, Persons heavy and dis-

agreeable.

fanjā, Yawning; the first symptom of an approaching fever; a shivering-fit; snow; [fanjā kardan, To yawn;]—finjā, Wind and snow.

finjām, A state of incipient fever

(unsupported by examples).

a ينكان finjān (for P. ينكان q.v. p. 258), Porcelain dish, tea, or coffee-cup.

انجر fanjar, انجر fanjara, A man with a large organ of generation.

نتج مادة fanj-māda, A swelling of the

clitoria.

ننجنگشت fanjangusht, Cinquefoil. فنجة funja, Speech, talk, discourse.

نجرين fanjnosh, An electuary composed of iron filings, wine, and oil of almonds.

نحيدن fanjīdakh, Languor, lassitude. نحيدن fanjīdan, To yawn from crop-sickness; to yawn and stretch as on the approach of a fever.

دع م fanh (v.n.), Drinking (a horse) but not to his fill.

أنام له fankh (v.n.), Conquering, overcoming, subduing, humbling; using violence; breaking small (a bone) without cracking.

ند fand, Trifles, vain words; a lie; fraud, treachery, deceit; a point, dot, mole,

or freckle; -find, Name of a poet.

a branch, twig; name of a man proverbial for slowness; also of a poet; people assembled; manner, kind, species;—find, fand, A large mountain or a long strip of it;—fanad (v.n.), Being impaired by age (intellect); dotage; blundering in speech, mistake; telling a lie, lie.

A عندائي fundāq, A cash-book, account-book.

فندرسك fandarsag, A town near Astarābād.

tunduq, dibertnut; a nut good against the sting of a scorpion; a ball for cannon, musketry, or cross-bow; (met.) the lip of one's beloved; the tips of the fingers stained and resembling hazel-nuts;—funduq bastan, To stain the finger-tips with henna to make them resemble hazel-nuts;—funduq zadan, To make a particular noise by striking the fore-finger of the right hand against the fore and middle fingers of the left;—funduqi sinjāb-rang, The earth;—funduqi sīm, The stars;—funduq shikastan, To crack a nut; (met.) to give or take a kiss.

innduq (G. πανδοχείον), An inn, house for travellers.

نندق بند tunduq-band, Staining the tips of the fingers or toes.

tunduqī kardan, To stain the finger-tips with henna.

ifandal, The bolt of a door.

نىدى fandī, False, deceitful, fraudulent. a فنديرة findīra, A large boulder-stone rolled from the summit of a mountain.

A فنزج fanzaj (from P. ندرج q.v.), A

dance with joined hands.

fintās, The hold of a ship, in فنطاس ه which bilge-water lodges; a tank in a ship for holding fresh water; a bowl in which fresh water is dealt out.

fantāfilūn فنطافلون (G. πεντάφυλλοι),

Cinquefoil.

A نظیش fintis, Abject, worthless; base-

born; broad-nosed; penis.

انىع A fana' (v.n.), Abounding (in wealth); increasing, growing; generosity; fragrance (of musk, &c.); wealth, riches;—fani, Increased, opulent, wealthy.

a فن فريب fan-fareb, Artfulness and

cunning.

a دن فريبي fan-farebī, Artful, cunning, deceitful.

A نى funuq, Delicately-brought up

(girl); a fat young she-camel.

sank (v.n.), Eating up entirely نك without shame or cessation; being surprised; transgressing; victory, superiority; lying, a lie, deceit;—fank, fanak, Anything wonderful; -fink, funk, A door; a part of the night;—fanak (v.n.), Being surprised; name of a village near Samarqand; a certain furred animal (see the following article).

fanak, A furred animal or, according to others, a kind of fur-pelisse made of its skin; a leech; a sort of dark lantern used by robbers and by travellers at night.

fang, Distress, misfortune; a colo-

cynth.

L ندن fanan, A branch.

fanav, Fallacy, deception; deceived, flattering oneself; quiet; agreeing (the last two meanings doubtful).

fanūd, funūd, Slow in speaking or walking; weeping, cry, lamentation; rest,

quiet; trust.

ניענט funūdan, To deceive; to be deceived; to make a long pause between speaking or doing anything; to desist, cease, finish; to be negligent, sluggish.

funuda, Deceived; resting, halt-

ing.

funūr, Separation.

fanūs (G. φανὸς), A beacon, a lan-

tern (see نائوس).

لنوك A منوك funūk (v.n. of ننوك له nacious, persevering; quarrelling; abiding, staying, stopping; entering into an affair; lying, telling lies.

A نبون funūn (pl. of fann), Sciences, arts; modes, ways, manners; tricks, artifices.

fanīq, A camel or a horse-stallion فنيق

of a noble breed, and never ridden or worked.

A فو fu, The mouth; phu, valerian.

A فوات fawat (v.n. of فوات), Passing by; passing away, dying; escaping (an opportunity); -mautu 'l-fawāt, Sudden death.

أواتح A فواتح fawātiḥ (pl. of fātiḥat), Openings, beginnings; introductions, prefaces; recitals of the opening chapter of the Qur'an.

fawājir (pl. of fājir), Wicked,

loose, lewd (persons).

A فواحش fawāḥish (pl. of fāḥishat), Shameful things, lewd practices; ribaldries.

fawākhit (pl. of fākhitat), Ring-

doves.

ه واخر A fawā<u>kh</u>ir (pl. of fā<u>kh</u>irat), Precious (things).

A مَا فَوْ fu'ād, fuwād, fawād, The heart,

liver, or lungs; mind, soul.

fawada, Dough mixed up with a فرادة kind of gruel or drink called ab-kama.

A فرار fuwar (v.n. of فرار), Diffusing its perfume (musk); froth, scum (of a boiling cauldron).

a فواره fauwāra, A jet d'eau, fountain, spring. (Construed with the verbs jastan.

zadan, gushādan, &c.).

عوارس م fawāris (pl. of fāris), Horsemen. م فوارع fawārigh (pl. of fārigh or fārighat), Empty; remnants of a meal; -marakibi *fawāri<u>gh</u>,* Ships in ballast.

fawāṣil (pl. of fāṣilat), Ends of verses, periods of the Qur'an or of poetic

distichs; pauses, cesuras.

أنواهل A نواهل fawāzil (pl. of fāzilat), Benefits, bounties; (pl. of fāzil) learned men; fawāzilu 'l-māl, The advantages derived from cattle, such as hiring out, &c.

A فواق fawāq (v.n. of فوق), Being superior to, excelling (one's companions);—fawāq, fuwāq, The re-collection of milk in the udder; the interval between two milkings; also the time between opening the hand and closing it again on the teat; sobbing, hiccupping; [fawāqi shīsha, The noise produced by pouring wine into a glass;] fuwaq (v.n. of نوى), Giving up, or being about to give up, the last breath; a sob, hiccup, the last breathing of a dying person; -fuwāq dar gulū uftad, The throat is suffocating.

ه واكه به fawākih (pl. of fākihat), Fruits.

م المنابع fauwāl, A dealer in beans (fūl). a فوائد fawā'it (pl. of fā'it), Losses things lost, missed opportunities; blanks. Losses,

a نوائح fawā'iḥ (pl. of fā'iḥat), Odours,

perfumes.

هوائد A موائد fawā'id (pl. of fā'idat), Gains. profits, advantages, benefits; notices, signs, observations; morals (of a tale, &c.); fawā'idi bisyār dāshtan, To possess many advantages; — fawā'idi 'amīma, Common benefits.

نوب fūb, Wind from the mouth blown by

those who fascinate; also in lighting a fire, or in blowing out anything lodged in the

fūwat, Madder, a red dye. فوقا ه

fūt, Foot (as measurement, m.c. from E.).

A فوت faut (v.n.), Passing away, dying; escaping; death; annihilation; the space between two fingers; -- faut bilā waṣīya, Dying without leaving a will, intestacy; faut shudan, To die; to be lost, escape; faut kardan, To die; to escape; -faut giriftan, To brave or seek death.

a فرت هدة faut-shuda, Dead or perishing ; ruined; passed away; neglected; lost.

ودنا fūlanaj (from P. بودنا q.v. p. 259),

Pennyroyal; mint.

fūta, A cloth wrapped round the

middle when bathing (see فوطه).

fauti, Dead; (property) of any person who dies intestate and without legal heirs; which escheats to the sovereign.

a فوتى فوارى fautī-firārī, Killed and missing; (property) of persons dying intestate or absconding.

a فوتى نامه fautī-nāma, A list of killed.

a فوتيدگى fautīdagī, Death, decease. a فوتيدن fautīdan, To die.

a فوتيده fautida, Dead, deceased.

وج ۸ fauj (v.n.), Diffusing odour (musk); being cold (day); a body of men, company, troop, squadron; an army;—fauji bahrī, Naval force, navy;—fauji barrī, Landforces;—fauji khāṣṣ, Body-guard;—fauji vih-bandī, Provincial troops or militia employed in garrisoning forts, in escorting treasure, and in revenue and police duties.

fauj-dār, An officer of the police فوجدار in Hindustän, and chief magistrate of a chaklah, who takes cognizance of all crimi-

nal matters.

a فوجداري fauj-dārī, The office or jurisdiction of a faujdār.

a فرج كشى fauj-kashī, The collecting or levying of an army; incursion, inroad.

fauji, Of or belonging to the

army, military.

A top fauh, فوحان fawahān (v.u. of فوع فرمان), Diffusing perfume (musk); according to others, diffusing any kind of odour, good or bad; boiling (a pot); bleeding (a wound); fragrance, perfume, odour.

فوع faukh, فوعان fawakhan (v.n. of فوع فرع م Diffusing (an odour); coming forth with a noise (wind from man or beast); breaking

faud (v.n.), Dying; mixing; the side of the head; a great quantity of hair about the ear; one side of a load, or of saddle-bags.

اود $f\bar{u}d$ (= $p\bar{u}d$), Cloth in the loom.

a ಸ್ವರ್ತಿ faudanaj (for P. ಟಿಎಫ್ q.v.), Pennyroyal.

fūda, Dry fermented dough from

which the drink ab-kama is prepared (see . (فوأدة

faur (v.n.), Boiling (as a pot), bubbling (as a fountain); heat; celerity, haste, expedition; way, mode, manner; ['ali 'l-faur, fi 'l-faur, On a sudden, instantly, in haste; - min fauri-him, Immediately on their arrival, before they had rested;]— $f\bar{u}r$, Name of a man; (pl. of fa'ir) does, deer.

fūr, Palish, red, russet; name of a Raja of Kanuj slain by Alexander, Porus

(comp. S. puru, paurava).

نوراً A نوراً faur-an, Immediately, quickly, directly.

fūrān, The city of Kanūj in India. فوران A فوران fawarān (v.n. of فوران فوران م a pot), bubbling (as a fountain); beating, throbbing (a vein or artery); diffusing per-

fume (musk). فوراليان fūrāniyān, The citizens of Kanūj.

faurat, Intenseness of heat.

فورديان fūrdajān, فوردكان fūrdagān فوردجان fürdiyan, Five days added to the end of the Persian year.

fūrdīn, Fur, made of fur ;—fawardīn, The first month of the solar year.

jûrghon, A waggon, a luggagecart (m.c. from Fr. fourgon).

fūrak, Daughter of the king of Kanuj, married to Bahram Gur.

fūr-moy (mūy), One whose hair is dark-coloured inclining to red; russethaired.

أ فوريان fūriyān, Descendants of Rājā Fūr. غوريان fauz (v.n.), Possessing, getting, gaining; escaping; perishing, dying; fruition, success, gain; victory, superiority; escape, safety, salvation; death, destruc-

foriyūn (G. πύρεθρον), Dracunculus. فوز $f\bar{u}z$, Onset, attack; impetuosity; belching;—also فوزه $f\bar{u}za$, The borders or parts about the mouth externally.

fūzāfūz, Sounds uttered in coition.

a فوزى fauzī, Triumphal, triumphant. فرزى fūzhān, Vociferation, a dreadful voice or sound.

fūshanj, A village near Harāt (see p. 260).

fūshina, A kind of fungus.

أومل الم fauzá, Equals without a chief; scattered (people); mixed, intermingled; confused (business); equally shared by all (work or possessions).

fuwat, pl. of-

fūtat, A kind of striped Indian cloth, of which trousers are made; an unsewn garment; a covering, a wrapper (especially worn in baths); a rag; a purse; testicle; -fūta kardan, To tear a garment.

a فرطة باك fûta-bāf, The maker of the

garment fūţa.

a نوطه بوش fūṭa-posh, A religious mendi-

cant, a dervish (= برته پوش q.v. p. 455).

a فاينه برطه عاله q.v. p. 455).

a فاينه برطه عالم fūṭa-khāna, A treasury.

a باينه برطه عالم fūṭa-dār, Wearing a fūṭa; a person who takes care of the visitors' clothes in a public bath; (in India) a treasurer, banker; cashier, cash-keeper; a collector of tenant-dues.

a فوطة دارى fūṭa-dārī, Bankership, trea-

surership; office of a futa-dar.

ربایان a fūta-rubāyān, Robbers, thieves.

fauz (v.n.), Dying, giving up the ghost; death.

مرع faugh (v.n.), Diffusing odour (musk); -fawagh (v.n.), Diffusing itself, spreading (odour); thickness of mouth.

fauf (v.n.), Asking for anything فوف ه (joining the nails of the fore-finger and thumb together); white specks on the nail; the shoulder-blade of an ox;— $f\bar{u}f$, White specks on the nails; a white kernel in the interior of a date-stone, whence the palm-tree germinates; the red skin of a date-stone; a kind of striped stuff of Yaman; a little, somewhat, a small matter.

A فولل faufal, fūfal, Betel-nut.

fauq (v.n.), Being above, superior to (one's fellows); superiority, excellence; the top, upper part; above, more than, beyond; besides, except; [fauqa 't-turāb, Above ground;—fauqa 'l-hadd, Beyond measure;—fauqa 'l-'ādat, Unusual, out of the common rule;—fauqa 'l-ma'mūl, Beyond hope or expectation;]—fūq (v.n.), Breaking an arrow in the notch; the notch of an arrow; the first road; a mode of speech; a certain bird; the tip of the tongue; the gland of the penis; vulva; name of a monarch (Phocas).

fauqān (du.), The two sides of فوقان ه the notch of an arrow; -fawaqun (v.n. of فرق), Being superior (to one's associates);

superiority.

a فوقالى fauqānī, Superior, upper; dotted above (letters such as = tā or @ nūn).

a فوقى fauqī, Dotted above (as توقى tā or o nūn).

نوقية م fauqīyat, Supremacy, superiority; preference;— $f\bar{u}q\bar{v}yat$, Coin of the emperor Phocas.

fūk, A vetch; a bean; tares.

fūgān, A kind of drink, beer, ale (= ¿ u.v., of which it is perhaps a corruption).

fogzhiyā, Foggia in Italy (m.c.). فول A ful, A kind of bean (when dry); a

هو ال الا fu'ul (pl. of fa'l), Omens (especially such as are favourable).

بولاد $f\bar{u}l\bar{a}d \ (= p\bar{u}l\bar{a}d)$, Steel.

fūlādī, Made of steel; a pike-staff. q.v. p. 260), The بولاد A fūlāz (from P. بولاد best kind of steel.

fūlus, Name of a Greek sage. fūliyūn, A medicine brought from Syria.

a فوم fūm, Wheat.

fūntan-blū, Fontainbleau (m.c.). A فووج fuwuj (pl. of fauj), Bodies of men, troops, squadrons.

اووس A فووسfu'ar us (pl. of fa's, far us), Axes,

hatchets.

a فويطة fuwaita (dim. of fūta), A little

strip of cloth.

fauh (v.n.), Pronouncing, speaking, uttering a word; $-f\bar{u}h$, Anything fragrant with which perfumes and ointments are made up; pot-herbs, spices; the mouth;fawah, Width of mouth;—fawah, Madder.

fawa, Foil (under precious stones); -fawa, fuwwa, fuwa (for A. 📢), Madder.

fūhil, Saltpetre. فوهل

A فويق fuwaiq (dim. of fauq), A little

above or beyond.

& fah, An oar; a paddle;—fih, An oar; a rake or shovel; an agricultural implement for levelling the ground.

ه fahh, in P. fah, A stutterer.

fahār, A precious stone from the East, which, taken as medicine, is said to cure madness.

א fahhām, Very intelligent, learned. a boly fahāma, Understanding, comprehending, perceiving (= q.v.).

fahāna, A wedge.

A & fahhat, Stammering, hesitation in

speech.

fahd (v.n.), Attending well to anyone's interests during his absence; the cheeta, or hunting-pauther, the ounce; [ibni fahd, Name of a noted doctor of law of the Imamiyah sect;]—fahad (fahd?), Resembling the cheeta in sloth; neglecting one's duty; sleeping;—fahid, fihid, Who resembles a cheeta in sloth, torpid, sleepy; neglectful.

fahr, fahar (v.n.), Lying with a woman, and withdrawing from her embrace before consummation, in order to lie with another (a practice forbidden by the sunnah or Muhammadan law); - fihr, A stone filling the hand, wherewith drugs are brayed or nuts cracked; name of the father of a tribe of the Quraish;—fuhr, A Jewish university or college; the festival of

A zna fahraj, Name of a town near Persepolis.

a فيرس fihris, P. فيرس fihrist, An index, summary, syllabus, table of contents; catalogue, inventory, list; a canon, rule; preface or beginning of a book ;—fihristi ajnās, An invoice; -ba'da az fihristi kitab, After the preface or beginning of the book.

a depth fahrasat (v.n. of the preceding),

Making an index or catalogue.

fahq, fahaq (v.n.), Being full (ves-

sel); running over with liquor; hurting the fahaat (see the following).

fahqat, fahqa, The first vertebra of فوقة

the neck.

نهل fahal, Wide, open.

A feet fahm, faham (v.n.), Understanding; intellect, knowledge, comprehension; -fahm, Name of the father of a tribe;fahim, Intelligent, who understands quickly and well.

a فيمانيدن fahmānīdan, فيمانيدن fahmā'-

idan, To give to understand.

fahm-ārā, Adorned with or what فيهم آرا adorns understanding.

a فهمایش fahmāyish, Instructions, directions; admonition, warning, caution.

a فيم دار fahm-dār, Intelligent, sharp,

a مهمی fahmī, (in comp.) Understanding, as zūd-fahmī " of quick perception."

a hat fahmid, Understanding, perception.

a نهجيدگي fahmīdagī, Comprehension.

a فيميدي fahmidan, To understand, per-

a فيميدة fahmida, Understood, compre-

אין fahw (v.n.), Forgetting; slighting, neglecting; —fahwa (for fa-huwa), And it, i.e. indeed, but it is; —fahwa 'l-ma'mūl (murād), And that is the intention, that is what is wished, hoped, or asked for.

fuhūd (pl. of fahd), Cheetas, hunt-

ing-panthers, ounces.

fahūla, A bundle. fiha, An oar (see منه).

fahīr, فيجرة fahīrat, Milk mixed with flour, and boiled by throwing into it a hot

نهيق ۸ fahīq, Wide, ample; a choice shecamel.

fahīm, Learned, intelligent.

A & fai', Shadow, shade; a flight of birds; spoil, prey; tribute; — fi, In, into, among; during; of; concerning; in respect of; with, together with, along with; by; for, on account of, &c.; -fi'l-badīhat, Readily, quickly, extempore; -fi 'l-jumla, Wholly, totally, entirely, universally, in all things, upon the whole, to sum up; -fī 'l-ḥāl, Now, immediately, suddenly, directly, instantly; — fi 'l-haqīqa, Really, truly, in effect, in fact;fi 'l-faur, Now, in short, immediately, directly; -jī 'l-masal, As, for example; allegorically; —fi 'n-nār, fi 'n-nār wa 's-saqar, In hell-flames; —fi 'l-wāqi', Really, effectively; -fi sāl, Per annum; -fi sad, Per cent.; -fi mā, In that which, as to what (see also نيما below) ;—fī man, Per maund ; fi nafsi 'l-amr, To or at the bottom of the affair;—fī nafsi-hi, Personally;—fī yaum, One day; in the day-time; per day.

A the fayah, A word used when making

an onset for plunder; inroad, plundering expedition (= غارة q.v.); -faiyāh, fem. فياحة faiyāḥat, faiyāḥa, Wide (sea).

A she faiyad. A man who walks haughtily; one who seizes and eats all that he can get;

a male owl.

fayār, Employ, work, business, art. a فياهل fayāshil (pl. of faishalat), Glandes penis.

A فياض faiyāz, Overflowing (river); liberal, generous, charitable, profuse, bountiful; copious, abundant;—faiyāzi muţlaq, God the bounteous bestower of benefits;—abri faiyāz, A cloud full of rain.

a فياضي faiyāzī, Liberality, bountifulness. fiyāl, fayāl, First, beginning; land فيال cultivated after first rain; two-barbed

A نيال fiyāl, fayāl, fi'āl, A game among the Arabians (something is hid in a heap of earth, which, being then divided into several smaller heaps, he who discovers that which contains the object wins the game).

fi'ām, fiyām, The covering or cushion التأم of a camel-litter or similar vehicle; a tra-

velling company.

fayawar, Art, trade, فياور profession; a mechanic; skilful at work.

A فقة fi'at, An army, body of men; talāqī'i fi'atain, The meeting of two armies. A نصين fratain (obl. du. used as nom.),

The two armies.

faij, A valley, low ground; a crowd, company; (for P. paik) a messenger, attendant.

a ليجه faija (?), Name of a town from the neighbourhood of which the river of

Damascus originates.

faih, Fruitfulness of herbage in an فيح extensive tract ;—faiḥ, فيحان faiyaḥān (v.n. of نيح), Being diffused (odour); boiling; flowing with blood (wound);—fayah, Amplitude.

a was faihan, Rue.

A فيخ faikh (v.n.), Being diffused, scattered (an odour); making a noise, whistling

(wind); dispersion.

مند faid (v.n.), Dying; walking pompously; accruing to anyone (advantage); advantage, emolument; macerating, diluting; saffron macerated; hairs upon the lips of a horse; name of fortified townlet on the road from Kūfah to Mecca.

faidār, Trade, profession, art, craft. faidaqa, Name of a queen who reigned over the country of Barda' (also called قبداقه q.v.).

faidūm, A kind of white manna. fir, Laughter; making of one a laugh-

ing-stock; vexation.

ferandagi, A triumphant, insolent فيرندكي boast.

feranda, Proud, boastful.

fīroz, feroz, Victorious, triumphant. prosperous, successful; victory; prosperity; the third of the five supplemental days added to the Persian year; name of several Persian kings; name of one of Muhammad's companions who killed the pseudo-prophet Aswad (see zŭ 'l-himār, &c., under ممار, p. 430);—lashkari fīroz, The conquering army.

نيروزاباد fīrozābād, Mansion of prosperity ; a city in Persia near Shiraz; also name of

several other towns.

a فيروز أثر fīroz-aṣar, Victorious, conquer-

firoz-akhtar, Of victorious star, فيروز اعتر fortunate.

firozān, Name of a city.

بندور خت firoz-bakhl, بها jaroz-bahr, فيروز خت Victorious.

a pince firūzaj. A turquoise-stone.

firoz-jang, Victorious iu battle

a فيروز حال firoz-hāl, Victorious.

firoz-roz, Of victorious days or fortune.

أغيروز هاد firoz-shād, Elated by victory. firoz-koh, Name of a mountain. أ فيروزكرد firoz-gird, The city of Ardabil. firozmand, A conqueror. فيروامند

firozmandi, Victory, prosperity. לבתניבט fīrozanīn, A good work or act.

أعروزة fīrova, A turquoise; name of a castle or palace in Gazna; (= 4.v.) q.v.) victorious;—firoza'i hababī, A turquoise of the shape of a bubble;—firoza'i rag-dār, A valued kind of turquoise, being veined, which is considered a blemish in other precious stones ;—firoza'i zinda, A turquoise of a rich colour; -fīroza'i murda, A turquoise of a dull colour.

tīroza-tāj, (blue diadem) The crown of Kai Khusrau; possessor of a turquoise crown, according to others of a victorious crown; (met.) holy men, dervishes.

فيروزة مقف firoza-takht, فيروزة محت saqf, Heaven (the azure vault).

fīroza-chashm, Blue-eyed.

فيروزة كون دريا fīroza-daryā, غيروزة دريا fīroza-gūn daryā, The azure sea; the sky.

firoza-rang, Of turquoise co-

firoza-tasht. The throne of Khusrau; the sky; the seven stars of the Great Bear.

firoza-kākh, فيروزة مرقد fīroza-kākh

marqad, The world.

jīrozī, Victorious, happy, glorious; victory, success, prosperity, good fortune; of the colour of the turquoise, azure, blue.

fīrun, Untoward, unlucky, unfortunate (= i,v., p. 912).

أ فيرياب A فيرياب fīryāb, Name of a village near Balkh (also called Faryab).

أغريدكي ferīdagī, Sauciness, insolence, excessive joy; pride of purse.

المريدي feridan, To swagger, walk pompously; to be very benevolent; to ver, deride.

fīzūm, The river Ganges.

فيس fīsā, A peacock.

A فيش faish (v.n.), Mounting (an ass the female); boasting, being vainglorious or haughty; entertaining a wrong opinion of oneself; glans penis.

faishal, Contorted, folded, wrinkled. faishalat, Glans penis (particularly فيشلة

of a stout one).

fais (v.n.), Flying, escaping, eluding one's pursuit (a lizard); going, departing, travelling; declaring, uttering.

A ليمل faisal, A decision, decree, determination of a law-suit, a definite sentence from which there lies no appeal; separation, division, disjunction; a judge, an arbitrator; -faisal kardan, To settle a lawsuit or dispute.

a ساخات faiṣalajāt (pl. of faiṣala), De-

cisions, decrees, &c.

a نامة faiṣal-nāma, Decree, award; an instrument denoting that a decree has been settled.

a اليمالة faiṣala, Decree, settlement, adjustment.

a فيملى faiṣalī, A judge, umpire, arbitrator.

faişür, Name of a city whence camphor is brought.

faiz (v.n.), Being plentiful, copious ليص (water, tears); being brimful (vessel or river); being published, spread (news), divulged (secret); dying, expiring, death; emanation; plenty, abundance; favour, grace, bounty (construed with the verbs burdan, dādan, dāshtan, giriftan, yāftan, &c.); the river Nile; the river of Basrah; a fleet horse, an excellent runner; - faizi aqdas, Direct communications of divine grace (without intervention of the Holy Spirit);—faizi haq (rabbānī), The grace of the Lord;—faizi karam, Divine bounty; faizi muqaddas, Communicatious of divine grace by means of the Holy Spirit; - ahaiz min faiz, Little out of much.

. بيمان fayazān (v.n. of and = فيمان q.v. in the meanings given as far as "bounty").

a فيض خش faiz bakhsh, Bestowing favours; bountiful; fertilizing (rain).

a وسان faiz-rasan, خش جش وسان q.v. a فيض رساني faiz-rasānī, Bountifulness,

bounty, beneficence. a فيض عام faiz-'ām, Of universal bene-

ficence, liberal to all, profuse in bounties. faiz-madar, Centre or source فيض مدار a of abundance, favours, &c.

a فيض مناط faiz-manat, Bountiful.

a ليض ياب faiz-yāb, Favoured, benefited,

faizal, Wild anise.

faik, A footman, courier, messenger فيك (see July).

" figaro, The Paris paper "Figaro" نيگارد (m.c.).

fail, Name of a tribe.

ا نيل هfil (for P. pil), An elephant ; (met.) heavy; base, ignoble; [fil afgandan, To subdue, conquer, vanquish; -fili daryā, Walrus ;-- zātu 'l-fūl, Elephautiasis ;-- nābu 'l-fil, The tusks of an elephant, ivory;]fil, fail, faiyil, Weak in judgment, silly.

filā (G. φίλος), A lover.

fīlāsūf (G. φιλοσοφος), A philosopher.

ifailāq, A legion. فيالق

failāque, Philip of Macedon.

fil-baran. The last rain of the rainy season.

نيلبان fīlbān, An elephant-keeperor driver.

fil-band, A move in chess (see .(پیل ہند

فيليا fil-pā, Swollen-legged; elephan-

tiasis.

فيلپايه fīl-pāya, A pillar.

mind); being weak-minded; making a mistake in the game July q.v.; -fîlat, A female elephant;—fiyalat, fiyala (pl. of fil), Elephants.

failaja, Power, strength.

أوانية fīl-khāna, An elephant-stable.

فيلدندان fīl-dandān, Ivory. فيلدندان fīl-dih, Name of a Persian village.

نيل زور fīl-zor, Strong as an elephant;

name of a wrestling-trick.

فيل زهرة fīl-zahra, 'The box-thorn. fīlasta, A cheek; au arm; a finger. a فيلسوف failasūf (G. φιλόσοψος), A philosopher; intelligent, knowing; cunning, ariful.

g~a نيلسونگى $failas \bar{u} f a g ar{v}$, Philosophy. g~a ليلسونې $failas ar{u} ar{v}$, Sophistry, hypocrisy ; deception; cunning; trickery.

i failaq, An army, legion. نيلان ⊾

failaques, Philip of Macedon.

نيك failak, A double-headed arrow; the planet Mercury.

jīl-gosh, Flowers of different colours with jagged leaves; the iris or elephants-ears; name of a sweetmeat.

failam, One who has a large forehead and a large head of hair; a big man; a coward; wide (a well); a comb; a leathern carpet (used as table-cloth).

fīl-murgh, (elephant-bird) A tur-

key.

fil-nishin, Seated on an elephant. ه فيلولة failūlat, = قيلولة q.v.

tīlī, Of an elephant, elephantine.

faiyim, A strong man.

which; so that, on which, whence; why; whilst, in the meantime; according to; fī-mā ba'd, After this, henceforward;—fīmā bain, Reciprocal, mutual;—fī-mā baini fariqain, Between the two parties, inter partes.

fīmān, Aiming at moral perfection. faimūn, A name given to 'Azrā.

fin, A place of recreation in Kashan. ين فين fain-fain, Difficulty of breathing. finak, Froth of the sea, meerschaum. فينلاند finland, Finland (m.c.).

أمور" (pl. of fai'), Shadows.

A فيرع fuyūj (pl. of faij), Messengers, attendants; keepers of a prison.

فيض =: fiyūz, fuyūz, v.n. of, and فيرض له q.v.; -fuyuz (pl. of faiz), Overflowings of water; inundations; favours, bounties, &c.

ل المول fuyūl (pl. of fil), Elephants. فيول A فيولة fuyūlat (v.n. of فيولة), Being weak in mind; erring in opinion or conjecture;

imbecility, folly.

A fuyum (pl. of faiyim), Strong men;—faiyum, A city and district in Egypt. لمين faihaj, A cup filled with wine; wine; a wine-measure; a strainer.

لييدن fayīdan, To be displeased at, timid,

afraid.

g, The twenty-fourth letter of the Arabic-Persian alphabet, expressing 100 in arithmetic. It is pronounced harder than b, being formed deep in the throat bthe pressure of the root of the tongue against it, and is sometimes used for the other gutturals & k, & g, and & gh.

وَالَّا gā'ān, Title first given to the Mogul Emperor Oktai and transmitted to his successors, in contradistinction from other

Mogul princes (compare ماه and عاتان). م عاتان qa'b (v.n. of قائب), Eating ; drinking; -qab, Quantity, space, interval; the distance between the extremities and middle of a bow; -qabi qausain, Two bows' (or according to others) two cubits' length; qa'ab (v.n.), Drinking much, being filled with drink; being full of wine.

a تاب $q\bar{a}b$ (for A. کعب), Bone of the elbow, or ankle; the heel; a die for playing; a term used in the game mir u wasir. a قاب بازى $q\bar{a}b$ - $b\bar{a}z\bar{\imath}$, A game at dice.

T - v qāb, A vessel or a case; - qābi āyina, A case for a looking-glass;—qābi chīnī, A china tray; —qābi sīgār, Cigar-case (m.c.); – gābi 'ainak, A spectacle-case; — gābi qalam, A pen-case;—qābi kitāb, A port-

yabis, Name of a town in Maghrib.

a مُظن qābiz, A taker, seizer, receiver ; a sequestrator; a possessor; swift, expeditious; one who drives fast; an astringent, constipator; qābizu 'l-arwāḥ, The seizer of souls, i.e. The angel of death; -qābizi jarīma, A receiver of fines ;—qābizi shikamī, Under-tenant, sub-lessee.

مَا بِعَالِيهِ qābizāt (pl. fem. of the prece-

ding), Astringents.

aābil, Approaching, ensuing, following; next (year); a recipient; capable, able, skilful, clever; worthy, sufficient; Cain; -qābili adā, Able to pay, solvent; payable; due; liable for payment;—qābili amānat, A human being ;—qābili bāz-purs, Answerable, responsible, accountable; qābili taḥammul, Tolerable, supportable; qābili da'wá'i shar'ī, Authorised by law; qābil shudan, To be able, qualified, capable; to be possible;— $q\bar{a}bil$ u $h\bar{a}bil$. Cain and

a قابله gābila. A clever or skilful woman. a midwife; next night; a male screw; a

a قابلي qābile, One skilful, clever, worthy. aābilīyat, Aptitude to receive, fitness, capacity, skill; possibility; ability; sufficiency; desire, appetite.

jąābū, Ability, power, opportunity; qābū yāftan, To find an opportunity; to be

revenged of.

qābū-parast, Tyrannical.

تابو پرستى qābū-parastī, Tyranny. qabūchī, A gate-keeper; despotic, tyrannical; selfish; wily, crafty; a scamp, good-for-nothing fellow.

قابوك $q \bar{a} b \bar{u} r$, قابور q. v.

a مناوس qābūs, A man with a handsome face and a fine complexion; (for P. kāwūs) name of an ancient king of Persia;abū-qābùs, Name of Nu'man, son of Munzir, king of Arabia.

قابوك qar abar uk, قابوك qar abar ul, A pent, eaves; a

trough for water under the eaves.

قابون وأهت $q \bar{a} b u n$, خابون وأهت $q \bar{a} b u n$

טאף טאף על qābū-yār, An astute fellow, a longheaded rascal.

تابو يارى qābū-yārī, Wiliness, roguery, knavery.

يابيل م qābīl, Cain.

q.v.), A mule ;- qātiri قاتر q vi. dashti, A zebra.

aātir, Parsimonious, stingy in house ناتر A

keeping.

qātiq, Victuals eaten with bread, by-dishes; — qātiqi nāni khwud ba-ham rasanid, He made some unlawful lucre.

aātil, A killer, murderer, slayer; an executioner; deadly, mortal; -qatilu'zzi'b, Wolfs-bane;—qātilu 'l-kalb, Dogsbane ;-zahri qātil, Deadly poison.

تاتم ه qātim, Dusty; blackish. A و qāṣim, Liberal, most munificent. gāj, A pumpkin, cucumber, gourd,

&c. (see تاهی); a kind of arrow;—qāj farokhtan, To sell, i.e. shoot, an arrow.

ه عامرات qāḥizāt, Adversities, tribulations.

A ليط qāhit, Severe (season).

qāhif, An emptier of a cup.

captains.

ענק A viu qādiķ, A blamer, accuser.

qādirat, qādira, قادرة qādirat, qādira, Potent, powerful, able, capable, skilful; the powerful, an attribute of God;—qādiri bī raib u khilaf, Potent without doubt or opposition, i.e. omnipotent; —qādir shudan, To be able, sufficient, powerful.

a قادر الداز و qādir-andāz, An expert archer; an archer whose arrow never misses the

a تادري qādirī, A kind of bodice.

A قادس qādis, Cadiz (in Spain); a large ship; name of a town near Herat.

a قادسي qādisī, for—

aādisīya, Name of a city in تادسية م Chaldea, famous for the battle which subjected Persia to the Arabs.

a مادم qādim, Arriving ; a comer ; a man's head; the fore-part of a camel's saddle; a

camel's front teat.

a مَادَمَة qādimat, qādima, The advanced guard or van of an army; the fore part of a camel's saddle; the first or longest feather of the wing.

a تاذف qāzif, One who pelts with stones;

one who accuses, or convicts.

A تانور qāzūr, fem. تانور qāzūrat, qāzūra, zū qāzūrat-in (qazūra), دو قادورة A misanthrope.

A تانورات $q \tilde{a} z \tilde{u} r \tilde{a} t$ (pl. fem. of the prece-

ding), (met.) Dirt, impurities.

ען א qār, Pitch; a large herd of camels; name of a bitter tree; also of a village near Madinah; (in P.) anything very black, or, ironically, very white, as jet or snow; [qāri saiyāl, Liquid pitch;]—qārr, Cold (day); cheerful.

a قاراسيا qārāsiyā, Cherries.

a تارب qārib, A boat belonging to a large ship; who travels at night in quest of water (man or camel); $-q\bar{a}ribu$'s-sakhra, Surname of a man proverbial for his greed (who, having found written upon a rock that gold was buried underneath, dashed his head against it until he was killed).

T تاريوز qârpùz, A water-melon.

يارة A قارة qārrat, qārra (fem. of qārr), Cold, cheerful (eye).

T وكاري qārch, A mushroom (see كارى).

qūrih, Pregnant, and visibly so (camel); five years old (a horse).

A تارس qāris, Cold; intense (cold); old, ancient.

qārishat, qārisha, A bleeding قارهت A wound in the head.

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qāriş, Acid, acrid, sour (milk upon which fresh milk is poured till its acidity be gone); a bug.

a قارمة gāriṣat, Biting word.

A تارض qáriz, Corroding, corrosive.

qāriz, One who collects the leaves of the tree salam.

qāri', A winner at drawing lots; a striker.

a قارعة qāri'at (fem. of the preceding), Adversity, evil; a curse; the last judgment, resurrection.

تارهه ترهم qār<u>gh</u>a, A crow.

υ qāran, Name of son of Kāwa: also of a champion of the time of Rustam.

پر qārin, An assistant, companion; possessor of sword and arrow; one who combines the lesser with the greater pil-

grimage (see جمرة and عمرة). A غارورة qārūrat, qārūra, A flask containing wine or anything similar; a glass bottle, decanter; a urinal; a glass urinal, in which the urine of a sick person is shown to the physician; hence, a name for urine; a urinometer; a kind of weapon or missile; -qārūra'i burj, A missile thrown from the tower of a fortress.

qārūn, Name of the son of Moses' paternal uncle, the Korah of the Old Testament, and proverbial for his wealth and avarice; galangale.

a قارة qāra, Name of a tribe renowned for skill in archery; road on a high hill.

تاری qāra, A plant resembling leek. باری م qāri, The appointed time (of anything, especially of a periodical wind to blow); a reader (especially of the Qur'an); devout, pure, holy ;-qari, Inhabitant of a town ($b\bar{a}d\hat{i}$ implying one who lives in the country or desert).

a تاريط qārīt, Seed of the tamarind.

a قاريوان qārīwān (?), A caravan (for P. . (.v.) کاروان

a تاركون qāri'un (pl. of qāri'), Readers of

the Qur'an.

ד יַּעֹ qāz, A goose; a small coin (the fifth part of قران q.v.) ;—qāzi waḥshī, Wild goose.

يز الاق T تاز الاق qāz-alāq, A certain singing bird (m.c.).

مازب qāzib, A merchant voyaging by sea or travelling by laud eager for gain.

t عران عران qāz-charān, Tending geese

(m.c.).

t تازگان $q\bar{a}zg\bar{a}n$, تازگان q.v.;— $q\bar{a}zg\bar{a}n$ -ashsar-nigun shuda, His affairs are in a muddle (his apple-cart is upset).

تازغان gāzghān, تازغان qāzqān, A large

cauldron.

н ы qāza, A long rein for leading

h טוף בונ qāza-dār, Groom, horse-keeper. تاس qās, A frog; an eyebrow.

qās, Quantity, measure.

aāsān, A city beyond the Oxus.

A قاسب qāsib, Weak, flaccid (yard).

a فاسط qasit, One who deviates from the truth; unjust, tyrannical, oppressive; name of the father of a tribe.

asimat, qāsima, fem. تاسم qāsimat, qāsima, A divider, a distributor; distributive; just, equitable; $-q\bar{a}simu$ 'l- $arz\bar{a}q$, The distributor of daily bread, i.e. God; -'adalati qāsima, Distributive justice.

qāsī, Hard, unfeeling (heart).

gāsh, A slice (of a melon): alike.

T تاش qāsh, A bit, piece; the eyebrow;__ $q\bar{a}shi z\bar{i}n$, The pommel of a saddle (= H. q.v. p. 431),

a تاهان a qūshān, Name of a city.

م قاهب qāshib, A tailor; weak-minded.

A تاهم qāshih, Thick (cloth).

عاهر م qāshir, Skin-grazing (blow); excoriating; the last horse in a race; name of a camel stallion; hence: -ash'am min qāshir, More unlucky than Qāshir.

qāshirat, qāshira, A slight wound قاهرة م

grazing the skin.

T قاهق qāshiq, A wooden spoon.

t قاش قاش قاش و $q\bar{a}sh$ - $q\bar{a}sh$, Scattered, dispersed. t قاهق تراش qāshiq-tarāsh, A spoon-maker.

gāshūr, Unlucky; the last horse in a race; excoriating everything, i.e. a barren

aāshūrat, qāshūra, A scarce year. قاهورة م

يو qāyə, An historian, story-teller ; a follower in another's footsteps.

aāsib, One who blows the flute, a تاصب

piper; a butcher; loud thunder.

a تامد qāṣid, Travelling, going; a traveller; a messenger, courier, express, postman, letter-carrier, cossid; aiming at;qāṣidi charkh, The moon; the sun.

a تامدی qāṣidī, Of or relating to a courier; travelling as a courier; the office of a

courier.

A قامر qāṣir, fem. قامر qāṣirat, qāṣira, Defective, insufficient, unequal, impotent, falling short of; failing in duty; cold (water); —qāṣiru'l-bayān, Who fails to explain bis meaning; inexplicable; -qaṣiru'llisan, Deficient in speech or language; qāsiru 'l-yad, Short-handed, weak, power-less;—qāsiratu 't-tarf, (A woman) looking down, turning her eyes to none but her husband.

a قامعاه qāṣi'ā', The hole of the jerboa or field-mouse.

a قامف qāṣif, Who or what breaks, shakes, or drives; vehement, violent (wind); loud (thunder).

a تامم qāṣim, A breaker in pieces.

aāṣi, tem. قاصى qāṣiyat, qāṣiya, Re-قاصى م mote, far distant; who reaches the utmost limit.

a قامية qāsīyat, A country, territory, district.

ية qāṣib, Sharp (sword).

a قاطوي qāzawī, Judicial.

a تامى م qāẓī, A cādi or càzi, a judge, civil, crimiual, and ecclesiastic; judicial, juridical; $-q\bar{a}z\bar{z}$ 'l-hājāt, (God) the judge of the needs (of mankind); -qāzī 'l-quzāt, Judge of the judges, lord chief justice;—
qāzī'i charkh (falak), The planet Jupiter;—
qāzī'i shahr, Judge or mayor of a city; qāzī'i 'askar, An army-judge; also sometimes the chief judge of the empire.

qāziyat, Death, fate; a certain number of camels by which manslaughter is expiated; fixed alms; -qaziyatu 'l-maut,

Sentence of death.

aātib, Who knits his brows; a lion.

aātibat, All (mankind), everyone; -qātibat-an, P. also قاطبتا , Generally, universally.

qātir, A mule. قاطر T

qātir, Gum-distilling (tree, especially the one called dragon's blood); the gum of a tree.

r قاطرجي qāṭirchī, A muleteer.

A قاطط qātit, High, dear (assize or tariff);

long hair.

- aāti', Who or what cuts; keen, sharp; any cutting instruments, shears, scissors, &c.; one who abandons, a forsaker; decisive, peremptory, explicit, categorical; acid (milk); -qāti'u 't-tarīq, A highwayrobber, cutpurse, assassin.
- qātin, An inhabitant, a settled resident; a servant;—qāṭinu 'd dunyā, Inhabitant of the world, man.

adinat, qātina, Inhabitants; servants, domestics.

قاطول $q\bar{a}t\bar{u}l$, Name of a place on the Tigris.

r قاطون qātūn, Sal-ammoniac.

اَعُ مِ عَلَى اللَّهِ عَلَى اللَّهِ عَلَى اللَّهِ عَلَى اللَّهِ عَلَى اللَّهِ عَلَى اللَّهِ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّ level country; name of a fortress at Madīnah.

ياعة qā'at, A court-yard; a saloon.

a تاعد م qā'id, Sitting, sedentary ; a woman who has ceased to menstruate and to give birth; a dwarf palm-tree which the hand can reach; a schismatic.

gā'idat, gā'ida, Base, basis, foundation, ground-work; a pedestal; capital of a column; a metropolis, capital, seat of government; rule, custom, institution, mode, manner, style, etiquette; regulation; a rule of grammar; first reader, primer; construed with the verbs sust kardan, shikastan, nihādan, &c.;—qā'ida'i 'amūd, The base of a column.

a واعدة دان qā'ida-dān, One versed in rules of practice, or forms, or customs, or ceremonies; an expert, an authority.

a قاعف qā'if, Rain, a torrent, deluge.

qāf, A fabulous mountain, imagined to surround the world, and to bind the horizon on all sides; mount Caucasus; name of the letter 3; signifying 100 in the abjad; (abbreviation for) Qur'an; (probably for کاف q.v.) independent, able to do without; $-q\bar{a}f$ (az $q\bar{a}f$) $t\bar{a}$ $q\bar{a}f$, From Qaf to Qaf, i.e. from one end of the world to the other; $-q\bar{a}f u d\bar{a}l$ (probably abbreviation for quul u dalil), Talk and argument; idle talk; magnificence, pomp, grandeur; vain, fooligh.

A 200 $q\bar{a}fat$, $q\bar{a}fa$ (pl. of $q\bar{a}'if$), Tracers, those who can track footsteps.

aāfiz, Prancing (horse).

aāfilat, qāfila, A caravan, body of travellers; a travelling party returned from a journey; —qāfila (for qāfila-sālār) raft (shud), The (leader of the) caravan has departed, (met.) Muhammad is dead.

a t قائلة سالار qāfila-bāshī, تافله باهي qāfila-

sālār, Chief of a caravan.

a كان يانله كاه qāfila-qāh, A hostelry for a

qāfūr, The envelope of palmflowers.

aāfī, A follower, attendant.

aāfiyal, qāfiya, A poem, rhyme, cadence, metre; the final consonant on which the rhyme of a poem rests; the nape of the neck; - qāfiya tang shawad, The speech or action Hags; - 'alá qāfiyati-hi, Close behind him, at his heels.

a تائية بندى qāfiya-bandī, Rhyming.

a تانيه سنج qāfiya-sanj, Weighing rhymes, a poet.

a تافیه سنجان gāfiya-sanjān (pl. of the preceding), Poets.

a قالية سنجي qāfiya-sanjī, Versification. qāq, Flesh or fish smoked or dried; tall, lank.

تاق ه qāq, Dry bread; lean, weak; silly, light, flighty; (probably for کاغ q.v. or for the following) cawing of a crow or raven.

qa'qā', The cawing of the ravens of Iraq.

a Bili qāqullat, qāqulat, qāqula, Cardamoms.

a قاتلي qāqulī, Name of a salt-plant.

qāqum, The ermine; an emblem of day (comp. قندز); — qāqum āward, He brought the day.

qaqum-andam, White-limbed, قاتم أندأم

a fair mistress.

qāqum-posh, Clad in white or bright garments, robed in ermine.

qāqum-namāy, Appearing white.

و قانوس $q \bar{a} q \bar{u} s$, A lentil, lentils.

qāqiyā, All juices expressed from anything of a styptic quality, but especially the juice-pods of an Egyptian thorn.

عال ه qāl, A word, a saying; loquaciousness; talkativeness; boasting, egotism; a speaker; -qālu 'l-ḥaqq, The word of God, i.e. Josus Christ, the Logos.

ي qālab, qālib, A form, model, mould; anything in which, or from which, another is made; the body, bust, shape, figure;—qālabi bī-jān, A body without a soul; a trunkless head;—qālabi panīr, A cheesemould;—qālab tihī kardan (az jān), To die, to lose consciousness;—bar qūlab sadan, To begin, to make ready;—qālib, Who or what turns, changes, or reverses; unripe dates beginning to redden; of a different colour from the mother (a kid or lamb).

a عاليد qālbud (for P. عاليد q.v.), The

human or animal body, &c.

a تالب كارى qālab-kārī, A building whose

roof is made of gypsum or bricks.

a عالى معالى qālab-migāli, The atom-like body, the subtle body which is invested by, and is the archetype or pattern of, the gross material frame.

a تائبي qālibī, Cast in a mould, moulded.

A 25 qālat, qāla, A saying, speech, talk (generally in a bad light, qaul implying a good sense); fluency of speech; (pl. of qā'il), speakers.

قالس ه qalis, Vomiting, throwing away. و عالش qālish, A friend, fellow-student.

A عالع gali', One who plucks up, a puller or a stripper off.

qalinja, A magpie.

qālūsī, Name of a note in music.

qālūq, Kalmuks (m.c.).

يري qālūn, Good; beautiful; name of a fabulous island, of which marvellous things are related; name of a sage.

a du du qala-qala (for qal-qal), Alter-

cation, wrangling.

r قالى qall, A costly kind of carpet.

قالی $q \bar{a} l l$, A cook; one who hates, a hater.

try (m.c.).

t المحمد qālīcha, A small carpet, a rug (m.c.); — qālīcha'i sulaimān (sulaimānī), The carpet on which Solomon's throne was raised.

تالیی qālin, A costly carpet (= قالین q.v.); according to others, a small carpet or rug (= ویلوچه q.v.).

qalinus, Name of a city.

تاليون qālyān, A pipe for smoking through water.

M pl qam. A magician, a diviner.

m wisi qaman (P. pl. of the preceding),

Magicians, diviners.

A debt quant (v.n. of r), Standing, stopping; beginning; rising; being set over any business, attending to it; being moderate, middling; stature, shape, form, figure, body; a man's height, a measure of six feet, a fathom; a pulley, with its apparatus, for drawing water;—quant kardan, To pray standing, with body erect. The

word in the sense of stature, &c. is also construed with the verbs afrākhlan, kham kardan, rāst kardan, kashīdan, &c.

r عاموى qāmchi, A whip (m.c.).

to drink (a camel); languid from intense thirst (the same).

qamir, A gamester. قامر ۸

aāmi', A subduer, conqueror. قامع

γαπιῖε, The main ocean, the middle or deepest part of the sea; a large mass of water; title of a celebrated Arabic Dictionary, compiled by Muhammad bin Ya'qub Firūzābādī in the fourteenth century.

T & Jama, A large Georgian dagger

(m.c.).

م المن qāmih, (A he-camel) which raises the head; travelling well (a camel).

ω qan, A title of the emperor of

China.

A & G qān, A tree from which bows are made.

الت a تالت qānit, Godly, devout, prayerful.

aānis, A hunter; prey, game.

الله الله qāniṣat, The crop of a bird; the intestine of a bird.

A bu qānit. Desperate, despairing.

ani', Contented, satisfied with one's lot; one who makes humble request, an abject suppliant; an importunate beggar; one who moves from place to place.

aānim, Rotten (walnut). قائم ۸

a cold qānān, A species of dulcimer, harp, or psaltery, the strings of which, from fifty to sixty in number, rest upon two bridges, and are touched with both hands, without making use of any kind of plectrum or bow; a canon, rule, regulation; law; mode, manner; usage, custom;—qānāni dīwāni, Civil law;—qānāni shifā, Rules for health (the title of a book);—qānāni faujdārī, Criminal law;—qānān kardan, To make a law, to lay down a rule, to introduce a custom.

م الولة qunun-an, By law, according to

law, legally.

a الانجام qūnūncha, Name of a treatise on medicine; a certain musical instrument.

a old the quanta-dan, Conversant with business.

a تانون داني qānūn.dāni, Knowledge of tho

law, jurisprudence.

a عناون کو qānūn-gū (go), An officer whose duty is to register and expound the laws of the empire; an officer in each district acquainted with the customs, and with the nature of the tenures of the land.

a قانونگوئی qānūn-go'i (gū'i), Office of

kānun-go.

a النون المنة qānān-nāma, Book of canons or laws.

a الرس لويس qānūn-nawīs, Writer of institutes.

a الرابي qanuni, Regular, canonical; a player on the ganun.

qanî, qdni', Of a beautiful crimson الى ه or scarlet colour;—aḥmar qāni, Intense

J, U qaward, A sort of sweetmeat; one who reviles on every occasion, a habitual grumbler (this unsupported by examples).

qāwand, A kind of congealed fat.

i qawil, Name of a northern nation. a dignity, power; dignity, power;

easy and comfortable life.

qahir, Who or what subdues or triumphs; a conqueror; mighty, powerful; violent, forcible, oppressive; -qahiru 'zzahr. An antidote.

مرا المارة qāhiral, qāhira; A conqueress, victrix; Augusta; name of the capital of Egypt, Cairo, in allusion to the name of its founder Qahir ;-daulati qahira, The conquering dynasty, i.e. the Arabian caliphate, or the Turkish power.

su su qāh-qāh, A horse-laugh.

qāhī, A man in easy and prosperous circumstances; affluent.

gāy, Name of a place in Turkistan, renowned for the beauty of its inhabitants.

ي qā'ibal, An egg; a cock; a chicken. الد 🛦 عالك qā'id, A leader, general, governor, president; a leader of horses or cattle (sā'iq being a driver of the same); the prominent or projecting part of a mountain; a long tract of level country, or a depressed mountain; the last star in the tail of the Lesser

A LAG qā'if, Skilful in tracking, clever in discerning foot-prints.

gāyiq, A boat. تايات ت

ي الله عامل م qā'il, A speaker, spokesman; one who asserts, stoutly maintains an opinion; the author of a verse or poem; one who sleeps at mid-day; one who takes a siesta or forty winks.

A Wi qa'iLan, Saying; so to say.

A 400 qā'ilat (v.n.), Sleeping at noon,

a nap at noon; noon.

aā'im, Standing; erect, perpendicular; firm, fixed, durable, perpetual; constant, steadfast; continuing in force, persevering; stopped; drawa (a game); the hilt of a sword; name of a building in Surra-man-ra'a; — qa'imu'z-sawiya, Rightangled; a rectangle; -- qā'imu 'n-nār, Standing in the fire, uninjured by fire; fixed quicksilver; qā'imi panjum āsmān, The planet Mars; - qā'im (ba-qā'im) rekhtan, To be feeble, to decline a contest; to terminate in a draw (a game of chess).

qā'im-andāz, An expert player تأثم الدار ه

at chess; weak, feeble.

a قائم قيامت qa'im-qiyamat, The author

of the resurrection.

a 445 qa'ima, Erect, perpendicular; a perpendicular line; a right angle; foot of a quadruped; hilt of a sword; an hour; leaf of a book.

a sly مِثَاءُ qā'im mizāj. Of a settled temper, fixed; resolute, persevering.

a تائم مزاجي qā'im-mizājī, Fixednes, firm-ness; resolution.

a مقام مقام qā'im-maqām, A locum-tenens; a viceroy, viceregent, lieutenant, deputy, proxy, representative; successor; assignee; surrogate; procurator, proctor; a lieutenatcolonel (m.c.); - qā'im-maqāmu 'l-fā'il, What stands in the place of an agent, the aubject of a passive sentence.

a قائم مقامي qā'im-magāmī, Lieutenancy, &c.; succession, assigneeship; representa-

tion; deputation.

a تالبي qā'imī, Durability, fixity, permanonoy.

a تالن ۾ qā'in, Cain.

A - qabb (v.n.), Cutting off (the hand); withering (a plant); grinding the teeth (a lion or stallion); a king, chief, lieutenant; a powerful man; a stallion of good breed and skilful at covering; the cross-beam of a pulley, or its axle-hole; the interstice between the hips;—qibb, The rump-hone; a governor, chief, leader; — qubb (pl. of qabbā'), women with elender waists.

A 4 qaba, Name of a plant;—qaba', in P. qaba, A garment; a short tunic open in front; a close long gown worn by men ; a shirt ; [qabā burīdan, To cut out a new shirt ;-qaba bastan, To put on a shirt ; to prepare oneself, to be ready; -- qabā pardakhtan, To adorn a qaba; to make a shirt, &c.; -qabā tang shudan, To be weak. feeble, or poorly off; -qaba dar bar bi-gardanidan. To fit a quba on the body, to make it sit well;—qabā dar bar kardan. To put on a shirt, &c.;—qabā dachtan, To sew a shirt, &c.;—qabā kardan, To tear;—qabā kandan, To loosen the dress;—qabā gardāndan, To change dress;—qabā nau kardan, To put on a new shirt, &c.; qabayi ahanin. A coat of mail ;- qabayi peshwās, A kind of shirt;—qabāyi sar-baft, The sky on a dark night without a cloud; qabāyi kuhlī, Sky;—qabāyi mu'lam, The funar sphere;—dar qabā raftan, To walk about in a qabā;]—qubā, qubā, Name of several places ;-qiba'u qausaini, Two bows' length; two cubits' length; - qabba', A woman of a slender waist.

qubā, Kitchen-utensils (doubtful).

qibāb, A sort of fish; (pl. of qubbat) towers, vaults, cupolas;—qubab, Sharp (sword); long (nose); name of a fortress in Madinah; -qabbāb, A lion; name of a place in Azarbaijan.

a قبا بستة gabā-basta, Ready, prepared.

a لباچاي qabachay, لباچاي qabacha, A little tunic.

qabāḥ, The joint of the knee and thigh ;-qibah (pl. of qabih), Hideous, shameful, ugly; $-qub\bar{a}h$ (v.n. of \ddot{a}), Being ugly, foul, offensive; $-qubb\bar{a}h$, A bear.

pabāḥat (v.n. of نبخ), Being base, ugly, shameful; ugliness; villainy, baseness, crime; harm, detriment, damage; imperfection, deficiency; inconvenience;—qabāḥat na-dārad, Is it not shameful (m.c.).

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qubāz, Name of a king of Persia and father of Noshīrwān; name of a hero in the army of Minūchihr; also of a brother of Qāran, killed by Bārmān; a kind of thorny shrub of which camels are fond.

qubās, The sun.

قباسه aabāsat (v.n. of قباسه), Covering quickly, impregnating at once (a camel).

A داهی qabbāz, A fast driver; a taker, seizer.

مادة qabāzat, Quickness, expedition, swiftness.

a قباطى qabāṭī (pl. of qibṭī), Copts,

Egyptians.

قباع $qib\bar{a}'$ (v.n. of قبع), Grunting (as of swine);— $qub\bar{a}'$. A foolish man; a large corn-measure used in Basrah; surname of Hāris, governor of Basrah, who introduced this measure;— $qabb\bar{a}'$, A timorous, cowardly pig.

qabā'ig, pl. of تباعث q.v.

qabāq, A gourd; a pole in the middle of a palestra to the top of which a ring of gold or silver is fixed, serving as a mark for archers (also called chābi qabāq).

qibāl, A strap which passes between the toes and fastens the sandal to the foot.

a القبارة qabālat (v.n. of قبل), in P. qabāla, qubāla, Being surety for another; management of an affair; deputyship, suretyship; any contract, especially of bargain and sale, signed by a judge; a grant; a deed, writing, written agreement; a bill of sale; conveyance; bail, bond; title-deeds;—qibālat, Midwifery.

قبالك دار a qabāla-dār, Holder of a bond, &c. (see the preceding article).

a قباله نويس qabāla-nawīs, A conveyancer;

a scrivener, scribe.

A مَانِي qabbān, qabān (for P. كيان), A large balance with one scale, being kept in equilibrium by a weight on the other end of the beam, a lever balance or steelyard.

qabā-namad, A coarse, rain-tight

cloak.

above). تبا above قباة qabāh, A garment

مَاتُمُ qabā'iḥ (pl. of qabīḥat), Crimes, shameful thoughts, words, or deeds, turpitudes.

مِبَاكِر مِ qabā'ir (pl. of qubrā'), Larks.

تبايع abāyi'. Fools; people who lag behind.

تبائل ه qabā'il (pl. of qabīlat), Tribes; family, wife and children, household

A wist. qabab, Slenderness, slimness of waist.

A قبة qibbat, Rough tripe of sheep;—qubbat, qubba, A cupola, dome, vault, arch, alcove; a turret; a cathedral church; a tent, tabernacle;—qabbatu 'l-islām, (met.) Basrah; according to others, Balkh;—qubattu 'z-zamān, The tabernacle of the covenant (cf. هبة below).

ابج م qabj, قبجة qabjat (for P. كبك), A

partridge.

m تنجور qubjūr, A pasture-ground; a tribute consisting in one head of cattle out of a hundred; such tribute converted into money (see وَجُور and مُعْجُور).

qibchāq, Name of a desert in

Tartary.

A coi qubh, qabh (v.n.), Being shameful, disgraceful, ugly, hideous (in a moral and material sense, opp. to come q.v.); baseness, villainy, &c.; ugliness, deformity, &c.; qubh-an la-hu, May God keep him from all good! a plague upon him!

مَبْحِيل A تَبْحِيل qabḥá (pl. of qabīḥ), Ugly,

hideous (persons or things).

م بنة qabr (v.n.), Burying; a grave, tomb, sepulchre, mausoleum, monument in honour of the dead; [qabri kohānī, A grave raised in the middle like a camel's hump;—qibr, A worm-eaten place in aloe-wood;—qubar, A delicious sort of grape, long and white;—qubar, qubarr, A lark.

aubrā', A lark. قبراء م

aubbarat, A single lark. قبرة

قبرس A قبرس qubrus, Cyprus; the finest Cyprus brass.

a قبرستان qabristān, A cemetery, graveyard;—qabristāni ādam, An executioner, a wholesale murderer (m.c. applied to a quack).

a قبر سلامى gahr-salāmī, A consideration or dues paid to the zamīndār by the Muhammadans for his allowing them to dig a grave for their deceased relations (an Indian term).

a قبرسى qubrusī, A Cypriot.

تبرغه qaburgha, قبرغة qaburga. A rib;—shash-qaburgha (six ribbed), A stupid, a blockhead; a simpleton (originating in a silly slave being persuaded by his master that he had but six ribs instead of seven like other people, which threw him into profound melancholy).

a قبر كن qabr-kan, A grave-digger. a قبر كاه qabr-gāh, A burying-ground.

aibz, Short; avaricious. قبر ⊾

A قبس qabs (v.n.), Lighting or obtaining fire from another; asking for fire; striking fire; acquiring learning, gaining knowledge, deriving information;—qibs, Root, origin;—qabas (v.n.), Being quick and efficient in covering (a stallion); a portion of a fire, firebrand, anything for kindling or striking

fire with, a match, &c.; -qabis, A quick and sure foal-getter.

qabs, Taking up (anything) with the tips of the fingers; making (anyone) leave off drinking before (his) thirst is quenched; mounting the female (stallion); running a string into one's trowsers and drawing it;—qibs, A great multitude of men; root, origin; — qibs, qabs, A great heap of sand; — qabas (v.n.), Being spirited (horse); being closed up (womb of a camel); being joyful; being large (head or crown of head); having a pain in the liver (from eating dates fasting); nimbleness, briskness; — qabis Brisk, sprightly; suffering from the liver complaint gabas (see above).

qabşat, qabşa, A locust ;--also qubsat, qubsa, Whatever can be taken with the tip of the fingers; as much wheat as can be taken in the two hands; a dose (as of

medicine); a pinch (as of snuff).

abz (v.n.), Taking, seizing, arresting, grasping, griping, clutching; keeping back, restraining one's band from taking hold of; flying or walking swiftly; driving (camels) fast; capture, sequestration, confiscation; receipt, voucher; contraction; [qabzu 'l-wuṣul, A receipt, discharge, acknowledgment;—qabzi khāţir, Depression;] -qabaz, Tribute, tax; -qubbaz, An animal resembling a tortoise.

مبدة م qabzat, qabza, Grasp; power; the hilt of a sword; any handle; the upper arm; seized, grasped, clutched (fem.); also qabzat, qubza, A handful; a grasp, gripe, clutch; the closed fist; -qubazat, qubaza, A shepherd who skilfully manages his flock; (a man) suddenly snatching and immediately dropping anything, playing

fast and loose.

a قبض وار qabz-wār, In the way of seizure, or confiscation, or distraint.

abzīyat, Seizure; confiscation; قبضية ▲ contraction; astringency; constipation, costiveness.

abt (v.n.), Gathering together, and قبط ۸ holding with the hand; -qibt, The Copts (the original inhabitants of Egypt, in opp. to sibt, the Hebrew settlers).

a تبطون qabtūn, Name of a man from whom

the Copts descend.

a تبطى qibtī, Egyptian ;—qubtī, qibtī, Fine

linen of Egypt; Coptic.

بطية م qibtiyat,qibtiya, Egyptian (woman); --māriyatu 'l-qibtīya, Mary the Copt, presented by the Governor of Egypt to Muhammad.

ab' (v.n). Lowering the head in تبع ₄ worship; grunting (a hog); breathing hard, puffing and blowing; sound, noise; the cry of an elephant; -qub', A brazen trumpet; -qub'a, A hedgehog; a certain marine mimal.

A قبعثريل aba'sará, Great, large, strong;

a large camel; an emaciated weanling; a certain marine animal; name of a poet renowned for eloquence, of whom a spirited conversation with the tyrant Hajjāj is recorded.

A پنجرور aba'rūr, A kind of a bad date.

مبقاب abgāb, Loud-roaring (lion); a camel in rut braying; (also نبقبه qabqabat) the gnashing of teeth of a camel stallion; a liar; a great talker, raver, doter; wide parts of a woman; a wooden shoe, clog, patten; a shell or anything with which cloth is glazed.

qabqab, The belly;--qibqib, A

species of sea-shell.

r قبق qabaq, Any plant or fruit of the gourd kind; a pole in the middle of a palestra with a ring fastened to the top, serving as a mark for archers; according to others a game which consists in fixing an arrow in a suspended gourd.

qabq gurg, and— قبق گرگ qabq gurg, and قبق کتك qabk katk, قبك كرگ qabk-gurg,

Behold, a stranger comes!

qubki āb, qubbaki āb, Duck-weed.

A قبل qabl (v.n.), Putting the strap qibāl to a sandal, or tying it; blowing from the east (wind); the fore part, front, face; before; [qabl az ān, Before that, prior to; previously; beforehand; -qabl az in, Before this, before now, heretofore;—qabl az waqt, Beforehand (m.c.);—qabla 'l-ams, The day before yesterday; -qabla 'd-dukhul, Before entering or arriving; -qabla 'z-zamān, Before the time; -qabla 's-subh, Before dawn; -qabla an, Before that, ere, sooner than; -qabla-hu, Before him or it;—qabla-hā, Before her; before those things; -qabla hāzā, A little before, not long since; -min qabl, Formerly, heretofore; in or from the front;] -qubl, Aim design, intent, purpose;—qubl, qubul, The fore part, front; pudenda (of man or woman); beginning, commencement; the foot of a mountain; [fi qubl, In the beginning; -min qubul, In front (Joseph's shirt was torn);] - qabal (v.n.), Having the toes turned inside and the heels outward; squinting; having the horns bent over the face (cattle); speaking extempore; a piece of polished ivory hung to the neck of a woman or horse to avert the evil eye; a shell or bead used for incantation; the top of a hill, the part of rising ground opposite to the beholder; (in. P. for A. qabl) siege, blockade; [qabal kardan, To besiege;] -qibal, Power; plenty; a part, side; presence; with, in one's possession; [dar qibali 'izzati dost-am fulān, To the presence of my glorious friend So and So (a mode of addressing letters);—zīn (for az īn) qibal, For this reason, because;—min qibali, In respect of, aside, apart from;]—qubul (pl. of qabilot), Tribes, &c. A تبلة qabal-an, Extempore, unpremedi-

tated; - qubul-an, By troops of different nations; before the eves.

qablat, A small shell or bead used قبلة A for purposes of fascination, or to avert the influence of malignant eyes; -qiblat, qibla, Anything opposite; that part to which people direct their prayers, especially the direction of the Kabah (construed with zadan); also of the temple of Jerusalem; an altar, temple; side, part; mode, manner; [qibla'i jamshed, The cup or mirror of Jam, which was said to represent the whole world; (met.) fire; the sun; red wine;qibla'l jahān-numā, The mirror of King Ĵam, Šolomon, or Sikandar; (met.) a pharos, a lighthouse, especially that of Alexandria (see jāmi jahān-namā under p. 350);—qibla'i hājat (hājāt), Who or what is looked to for the attainment of one's wants, one who supplies another's needs;qibla'i dihqan (zar-dushtiyan), fire (according to Firdausi not the object of adoration, but the prayer-direction of the fire-worshippers); -qibla'i 'alam (qibla of the world), A title assumed by Eastern princes; -qibla'i kaunain (qibla of both forms of existence or lives), A father;]-qublat, A kiss; a philtre for reconciling enemies; bail, surety; [qubla dadan, To kiss;]—qabalat, A spindle, a distaff, or its whirl; the cabalistic art, dealing with anything mysterious or supernatural.

aiblatain (oblique dual of qiblat, قبلتين ه also used as nom.), The two Qiblas, i.e. Mecca and Jerusalem (the latter having not only been the Christian Qibla, but also originally that of the Muhammadans; till their prophet, to conciliate the goodwill of his fellow-citizens, changed it to Mecca in the second year of the Hijra).

a تبارين qablazīn (for qabl az īn), Heretofore, before this (m.c.).

a قبله qibla- $r\bar{u}$, One whose face is turned

to the qibla.

a قبله کاه qibla-gāh, Any place towards which one looks during prayer (Daniel vi. 10); $-qibla-q\bar{a}hi\ h\bar{a}jat$, $=qibla'i\ h\bar{a}jat$, q.v.under قبلة ;—qibla-gāhi majūs, Fire.

a مناه نامه gibla-nāma, A mariner's com-

pass; a sun-dial; also-

a قبله لما qibla-namā, (Showing the qibla) a machine, directing the Muhammadans, at a distance from Mecca, to that point where the Qibla stands.

a قبلى qiblī, Southern.

مر abw (v.n.), Collecting in the fingers; raising (an edifice); pointing a letter with zammah (this explanation, given by the Muntakhab, may devolve from the sense "raising," in analogy with رنع q.v.,

مبوب qubūb (v.n. of تبوب), Drying up or losing its moisture (meat, a skin, a wound, or a date); brawling, quarrelling aloud, making a tumultuous noise.

abwat, A contracting of the lips. A تبع qubūh, قبوع qubūhat (v.n. of قبوغ), Being deformed, ugly, foul; ugliness.

abūr, Low and soft (ground); a قبور ۸ palm-tree which bears quickly; or one whose fruit is on the branch ;-qubur (pl. of qabr), Tombs, graves, sepulchres; -ashābi qubūr, The buried, the dead.

aabūş, Firm, strong, swift, or قبوص

mettlesome (horse).

A قبوض qubūz (pl. of qabz), Receiptpapers.

A قبوع qubū' (v.n. of قبوع), Hanging or hiding his head in his garment (a man); rolling itself up (a hedgehog); travelling; grunting (swine); breathing hard, sighing; lagging behind one's companions.

م و qabūl (v.n. of قبول, Receiving favourably, taking well, consenting, granting; blowing from the east (wind); east wind; consent, compliance, a favourable reception, concession; approbation; a midwife; beauty; ornament; [qabāl uftādan, To prove acceptable; to deign to accept (m.c.);—qabūli jawab, An answer (filed in a suit) acknowledging the justice of a demand ;--qabūl kardan, To agree, consent, accept, approve, submit to; - zū qabūl, Capable of receiving; —'alai-ka qabul, Is it agreeable to you?—qarīni qabūl, Acceptable, agreeable; —qubūl (v.n. of نبل), Approaching, coming; blowing from the east; letting the bucket into the well; receiving a bucket from the water-drawer.

a قبول جمع qabūl-jam', Stipulated rent or revenue.

a المبول عط qabūl-khat, Written assent or agreement. a قبول مورت qabūl-ṣūrat, Of approved

form, comely, handsome, beautiful.

a تبول صورتي qabūl - ṣūratī, Comeliness, handsomeness.

a قبولى qabūlī, Acceptable; a kind of food, rice and pulse boiled together; belonging to, fanned by, or exposed to the morning breeze (qabūl).

A قبولية qabūlīyat, qabūliyat, qabūliya, A receipt, acceptance; an agreement in writing; a counter agreement, the counter-

part of a lease.

آتبون $qab\bar{u}n$ (v.n. of تبرن), Travelling. a تبرن qubba, A vault, arch; a dome, cupola; a cupping-horn; -qubba'i āb, A bubble of water; -qubba'i zabarjadī (mīnā), The azure vault; -qubba'i zarbaft, A star-light night; -qabba'i zarīn, The sun; the dawn; -qubba'i 'ulyá (gardanda), The firmament; -qubba'i faluk, The ninth heaven.

a قبه وار qubba-dar, قبه دار qubbawar, Convex.

aabīḥ, Deformed, ugly; shameful, vile, detestable, abominable; tip of the elbow, funny-bone; joint of the knee or thigh; - qabihu 'l-manzar, Of a hideous aspect.

ميحة qabihat, A foul, shameful, un-

worthy act; an abomination.

a قبيدة qubaida, A sweetmeat prepared

from the juice of grapes (see قبيط).

qabīs, (A camel) soon impregnating; qubais (dim. of gabas), A small firebrand, &c.; name of a man;—abū qubais, Name of a mountain near Mecca; name of a blacksmith who first built a house on that mountain; also of a fortress at Aleppo.

abīṣat, qabīṣa, Anything taken up قبيمة with the tips of the fingers; name of an Arab who refused to surrender to Bahram Gür a gazelle which had sought refuge in his tent, whence he was called mujiru 'l-

ghizlān, the protector of gazelles.

qabīz, Rapid, hasty, expeditious; skilful in one's profession or handicraft.

qubait, أ qubaita', تبيطاه qubaita' تبيط

baijá, A white sweetmeat.

gabi'at, The pommel of a sword, فبيعة made of silver or of iron; -also qibbi'at, The nostril of a hog.

a قبى قوسين qabai qausain, Two bows'

length; two cubits' length.

مبيل A midwife; bail, surety; a number of nations, above three; a miscellaneous multitude; a spouse, husband, wife; a proper name.

qabil-an, Before, in my presence or قبيلاً ٨

sight ;-qubail-an, A little before.

, qabīlat, qabīla, Tribe, family, house قبيلة م wife; kindred, parentage, race, line, stock; generation; progeny; class, kind; species, category.

т تہو qapū, A gate, door (see تہو

r ويَا qappan, A large pair of scales; or rather, a scale at one end and a heavy

stone at the other; a steelyard. _ پچای gipchāq, The Precop or Kipjāk Tartara (from whose language many Persian words have been borrowed);—dashti qipchaq. A plain or desert in Turqistan inhabited by the Kipchaq tribe.

qipchaqi, A Kipchaq Tartar.

qatt (v.n.), Slandering, whispering, calumniating; cutting into strips or thongs; mowing clover; perfuming oils with sweetscented flowers; lying; detraction, slander, calumny; lie, falsehood, deceit; -qut, Trefoil, clover, Burgundian hay.

attūt, A spy, scout; a listener, قتات م eaves-dropper, tale-bearer; a slauderer,

sycophant; a teller of lies.

qatād, A thorny tree, called the

tragacanth.

aatādá, Griped from eating qatād تناديل

yatādīyat, (Camels) feeding on the tree quiad.

a just quitar, The smell of meat roasting, of a boiling cauldron, or of a burning bone; perfume, odour (of aloe-wood, &c.); soot of a kettle.

A متالة gatal, The soul; the body; remains of life, strength; -qital (v.n. 3 of قتل), Fighting, opposing one another; engagement, conflict, battle; slaughter, carnage; [qitalu 'l-bahr, A naval battle;]qattāl, A killer, slayer, murderer; -quitāl (pl. of qātil), Murderers, assassins.

anbergris. تتام a qatām, Black dust; ambergris.

qatb (v.n.), Feeding with roasted intestines; putting the saddle qatab or saddle-cloth gitb upon a beast;—gitb, The bowels; a saddle-cloth laid under a packsaddle to imbibe the sweat; the furniture of a beast employed in carrying water for purposes of irrigation; -qalab, A small saddle of the size of a camel's hump; a pack-saddle; -qatib, Peevish, touchy, irritable.

gitbat, gitba, One intestine, a bowel. قتبة 🛦 a تنبي qutabi, Of the tribe of qutaibat.

qatad (v.n.), Eating of the thorny tree qatad, and being griped (a camel); the timber of a camel's saddle.

atidat, Camels griped with qatad. قتدة م atr (v.n.), Sending forth a smell (a تخر ۸ boiling pot, meat reasting, or a burning bone); narrowness of means, short commons, a bare sustenance; being parsimonious in household expenses; driving the nails quatir into a coat of mail; -qitr. The small head of a kind of arrow (or the reed itself), used in shooting at a mark; -qutr. quiur, A truct, side, quarter ;-qalar, Dust ; -qalir, Proud, haughty, arrogant, lofty;--quiar (pl. of quirat), Hunter's lurkingplaces.

qalir, A mule. تعر

A مَّتِةُ qitrat (مَّتِةُ اللهِ تَعَالَى abū kitrat), The devil; ibnu qitrat, A small virulent scrpent; quiral, A hunter's lurking-place; -qairat, qatarat, Dust; a black mark.

منع 🗚 gata', A wood-louse or worm ;—qit',

A bee-hive in a cavern.

ala'al, A single wood-louse. تحمة r نتج qatigh, A kind of sour milk.

qatiq, Butter-milk or anything acid

put into broth.

att (v.n.), Killing, slaying, slaughtering, murdering; diluting wine with water; knowing for certain; murder, bomicide, assassination; bloodshed, carnage, massacre; [qatli bi-'s-sabab, Homicide by an intermediate cause; - qatli khatā (bakhajā), Killing by misadventure, accidental homicide, manslaughter; - qatli 'am, A general massacre; - qatli 'amd, Wilful homicido;-qalli qa'im-maqam ba-khata. Homicide of the same nature as that by misadventure; -ba-qatl (dar-qatl) amadan, To be killed ;-ba-yall awardan (rasanidan), To put to death, slay, slaughter, massacre;] -qitl, An enemy, adversary; a companion, equal, peer, friend, kinsman; a vital part; [qitlu sharr, One up to mischief;]—qutl, qutul (pl. of qatūl), Sanguinary, murderous (men).

متلة aitlat (v.n. of قتل), Killing; a mode of killing; -qatala (pl. of qatil),

Slayers, murderers.

a متلكاه qatl-gāh (ه و عمل), A place of execution; the seat of carnage.

atla, A slice (comp. E. cutlet).

atlá (pl. of qatil), Slain ;—qatli, A murderer; meriting death.

atw (v.n.), Serving well (a domes-

tic); serving a king.

atūbat, qatūba, Saddled with the تعونة

small saddle qatab (she-camel).

atwat, Detraction, slander, whispering.

atūt, A spy, scout, listener, an

eaves-dropper, sycophant.

qutūd (pl. of qatad), Timbers of camel's saddles; (pl. of qatād) tragacanth-

gatūr, Avaricious, parsimonious, stingy (to one's household);—qutār (v.n. of تر), Being parsimonious in housekeeping; emitting a flavour or effluvia (see

متوع A تتوع qutū' (v.n. of تتوع), Being mean,

base, abject.

atūl, Sanguinary, murderous.

Theing raised (تدم A مترم dutūm (v.n. of تترم لا (dust).

aatīb, Name of an Arab nobleman, تثيب 🗚 father of Nasr, a contemporary of Mahmud Ghaznawi.

autaibat (dim. of gitbat), A small

intestine; name of a tribe.

qatīr, The heads of nails used in fastening coats of mail; hoariness, or the beginning of it.

qutairat, Name of the father of a

tribe.

atīl, Killed, murdered, slain (man or woman).

atīlat, qatīla, (A woman) killed قتيلة ه or beheaded.

عنينِ A تعين qatīn, (A man or woman) who has little food; one who eats but little;

the tick (insect infesting cattle).

a نعام qaṣā, Eating a crisp thing (as cucumbers); — qisā', qusā', A cucumber;qassā', A possessor of cucumbers ;—qissā', A cucumber ;—qissa'u 'l-asaf, Caper-cucnmber;—qissā 'u 'l-himār, Wild cucumber.

asām, The female byena; much spoil, plenty of booty; a maid-servant.

asd (v.n.), Eating of the plant qasad, which resembles a cucumber.

qus', A cornet, trumpet; a blister تشع ه or pimple on the body.

asm (v.n.), Giving away a consi-

derable part (of one's property); -qasam (v.n.), Being defiled with dung; qusam, Liberal, generous; plenty of booty; fine clothes; good things; a male hyena; name of a son of 'Abbas.

م و quemat (v.n. of قشم), Being defiled with dung; dust; ash-colour; defilement

with dung.

e qui, e quch, A horned fighting ram. quch-baz, Who makes في باز quj-baz, الله عن باز rams fight or keeps fighting rams.

quchchāq, Powerful (= قوانا q.v.); health; stout, fat (=هائي and فياني qq.v.).

quehqar, A ram.

gachak, qichuk, A kind of musical instrument (see عمله p. 881).

qachal, A magpie.

a نع quḥḥ, True, real, genuine, unsophisticated, unblemished (used in a good or in an ironical sense); rough, brutal, oppressive (man); unripe and full of pulp (pumpkin).

aihāb (pl. of qahbat); Whores;-quhāb (v.n. of نحم), Coughing; the dry cough (of horses, camels, and also of men).

A مَا يَعُمُ qaḥāhat (v.v. of وَعَامَةُ , Being pure and unmixed; being unripe (pumpkin); being fat and full of marrow.

a إلى تحال quḥāz, A disease incident to sheep;

a cough amongst camels.

quhhāzat, A snare for catching

a تحاك qihāf (v.n. of قحال), Drinking much; drinking out of wooden bowls; wine; [al-yaum qiḥāf wa qadā niḥāf, Drinking to-day, and breaking of pates tomorrow;]—quḥāf, An irresistible current (cf. عاف juhaf, p. 356, and عاف below).

A juhal, The drying of a sheep's

gums.

aḥāmat, Grent age; decrepitude. م بعة qaḥb (v.n. of بعة), Coughing; aged; taken with a fit of coughing.

a وتحبكان $qahbag\bar{a}n$ (P. pl. of qahba),

Prostitutes.

a نحبكي qaḥbagī, Whoredom, prostitution.

a قصبة qaḥba, A whore, courtesan, prostitute (from محبة "cough" because attracting attention by a cough or hem); an old woman (subjected to cough); -qahba'i ray $g\bar{a}n$, A strumpet picked up in the street, a common harlot.

a منائه مرم qaḥba-<u>kh</u>āna, A brothel.

apr, Decrepit old man; aged (camel).

aphz (v.n.), Leaping, springing; being restless; wavering, tottering; striking (with a stick); throwing prostrate.

qaḥṣ (v.n.), Passing by swiftly, running; sweeping (a house); striking with the feet, kicking.

qaḥṭ (v.n.), Being withheld, failing

(rain); drought, dearth, failure of the crops, scarcity; penury, hunger, starvation, want, famine; a hard blow; [qahti rijāl, A scarcity of men; -qaht u tā'ūn, Famine and pestilence; -quht, A kind of plant; qahat (v.n.), Being withheld, failing (rain); experiencing drought;—qahit, Severe (blow,

a وممان qaḥṭān, Name of the son of 'Amir, son of Salikh, father of a tribe; name of a man called the father of Yaman (1 Chron. i. 17-20); name of a desert.

a عاماً qaht-ābād, A place where scar-

city, &c. prevails.

a تحطاني qaḥṭānī, Of the tribe of Qahtān. a تحط رسيده yaht-rasīda, Visited by dearth.

a بان عط آباد , qaḥṭ-zar, = عظ زار q.v.

a منا إده qaht-zada, Famine-stricken; starving, famished; dead from starvation; a starveling; a glutton.

a مناس قمط سال aqaḥṭ-sāl, A year of dearth. a تعط سالي qaḥṭ-sālī, Dearth, failure of harvest; starvation.

a ونحط آباد = qahtistān. = باباد q.v.

a عطناك qahtnāk, Barren, unproductive.

a تحطى qaḥtī, A starveling; a glutton

(causer of scarcity).

A was qahf (v.n.), Wounding, cutting, or breaking (the skull); draining the contents of a cup, drinking all up, especially emptying a wooden bowl (comp. Engl. quaff derived from Gael, quach "cup," and remember the affinity between skull and cup, not only in shape, but the former by warlike nations being frequently used for the latter); -qihf, The skull; a wooden cup resembling it in shape;—quhf (pl. of qahif), Emptiers of cups or bowls.

qihfat (pl. of qihf), Skulls.

A قحفح qaḥqaḥat (v.n. of قحفح), Laughing loudly; the laugh, chatter, or grin of

an ape, gibberish.

qahl, qahal (v.n.), Being shrivelled (the skin); -qihl (?), qahil, An old man, dry-skinned, and worn out with age; qahal (v.n.), Being dry-skinned (an old man).

qaḥm (v.n.), Crossing (deserts); approaching; decrepit, shrivelled (old man); quham, The three last days of a month; (pl. of quhmat) perils (of the way), dangers; law-suits,

A مُحِمَّ qaḥmat, Great old age (of a camel); -quimat, Peril, danger, difficulty; a lawsuit; the hardship of a dry, barren season, which forces people to emigrate.

quhwān, Anthemis, camomile.

م قدرحة quhahat, = قدرحة q.v. above. αμρίτ (pl. of qaḥr), Decrepit (old

men); aged (camels).

quḥūrat, Old age (in camels) with some remains of strength.

quhuz (v.n. of تحوز), Falling down as dead; throwing an arrow so as to fall short.

A قحوط quhūt (v.n. of قحوط), Being with-

suffering from held, failing (rain): drought.

A نحوك quḥūf (pl. of qiḥf), Skulla; ladles; bowls.

a تحول quhūl (v.n. of قحول, Becoming dry, withered (skin upon the bone).

م quhūm (v.n. of قحوم), Attacking rashly, entering upon with precipitation.

quhāmat, Infirmities of old age.

م ميط م qahīt, Severe (blow); scarce (year).

a عقد ad, Certainly, doubtless, already; sufficiently; sometimes, now and then.

A Si qadd (v.n.), Tearing (a garment) lengthwise; cutting up by the roots; traversing (a desert); interrupting, breaking short (a discourse); a lash, a scourge; the scanning of a verse; the dividing anything with propriety; a quantity, part; a fissure, split, crack, crevice; a kid's or lamb's skin; in P. mostly qad, stature, figure; [qadi ādam, Of the height of a man; a fathom of;—qadi alif chū mīm kardan, To hang the head in a contemplative posture; —qadi lajawardī. The sky;qadi maryam, A kind of house-leek; - qad u qamat, Size and stature; build; -qidd, A leather strap or thong cut from an untanned hide; a vessel made of leather; a lash, a scourge; people who on every occasion follow their own bent or inclination; —qudd, A kind of sea-fish.

gidāh (pl. of qidh), Arrows ere they have received heads or wings;—qad $d\tilde{a}h$, A fire-steel, or fire-striking wood; a potter, a maker of glass-ware; a maker of arrows; the extremities of young, tender

plants.

aidāḥat, Potter's or glass-blower's قداحة trade.

A مانة qadād, A hedgehog, an urchin; a field-mouse; -qidad (pl. of qadd), Kidskins; human statures; -qudad, The bellyache, gripes.

A قدار qidār (v.n. 3 of قدار), Doing exactly

as another does.

adārat (v.n. of قدر), Power, قدارة strength; -- qaddara, A two-edged sword (m.c.).

a gudās, A string of silver beads, a rosary; a stone placed at the spot where water is poured into a cistern; a stone placed in a cistern for measuring out water equally amongst camels; name of a man; $-qadd\bar{a}s$, A stone placed at the spot where water is poured into a cistern;— quddās, The catholic mass; the consecrated wafer,

a تدأم qadām, Name of a horse;—qudām, Old, ancient; anterior, prior; mad, crazy; —qaddām, A king, prince, leader;—quddām, Anterior, prior; the front, projecting part; a king, prince, leader; before; people returning from a journey; -quddāmu 'l-bāb,

A portico; —quddāmi 'askar, The front or first line of an army; -quddam u khalaf, First and last.

A قدامة qadāmat (v.n. of قدامة), Preceding in point of time, being prior, ancient, eternal; age; seniority; length of service; prescription; excellence, worthiness; -qadāma, (In the dialect of Isfahan) Mallows (قدومة Bee).

andāmá, The advanced guard of an army; (pl. of $qad\bar{\imath}m$) ancient; (pl. of

qadimat) quill-feathers.

a پن qad-āwar, Tall of stature.

adā'im, (pl. of qadūm) Hatchets; قدائم ه

(pl. of qadimat) ancient (things).

a scattered multitude going different ways, each following

a plan of his own.

yadh (v.n.), Reviling, reproaching, cursing, anathematizing; striking fire; taking (broth) out of a pot with a ladle; corroding the teeth (caries); clearing the eye from impure matter; sinking in the socket (eye); cleaving the shaft of an arrow to fix in the head; refuting; reproach, malediction, satire, lampoon, ridicule; refutation; [radd u qadh, Altercation, wrangling; argument, debate;]-qidh, An arrow before being feathered and provided with a head; an arrow employed in drawing lots or gambling; -qadah, A cup, goblet, glass, bowl; any drinking vessel (especially of a larger size) sufficient for two persons (construed with the verbs āshāmīdan, paimūdan, chashidan, khwurdan, zadan, kashidan, noshīdan, &c.); a black corrosion of the teeth; also of a tree; a crack in wood; -zorrīnqadah, The narcissus.

a پیمای qadaḥ-āshām (پیمای paimāy),

A drainer of the cup.

adhat, One stroke of the firesteel; -qidhat, A striking of fire; the management of an affair; -qudhat, A sup of broth.

a ندح ساز qadah-sāz, A maker of cups.

a تدمكار gadaḥ-kār, A cup-bearer.

a نوش qadah-kash (نوش nosh), A drainer of the cup.

a قد عميدة qad-khamida, Bent in stature. A تده qidad (pl. of qiddat), Slips or strips of leather, thongs; scattered multitudes.

a تد دار qad-dār, Of a fine stature.

تدر ه qadr (v.n.), Making great, magnifying, honouring; measuring, determining; comparing one thing with another; measuring ont; confining, reducing; appointing, predestinating; cooking in a pot (qidh); size, dimension, measure; whatever is fixed or ordained by God; fate; divine providence; worth, value, price; power, rank, dignity; affluence, opulence; construed with awardan, burdan, dashtan, danistan, shikastan, shinākhtan, &c.; [shabi qadr,

The night of power, the night the Qur'an was sent down (see lailatu 'l-qadr under البلة ;—zū 'l-qadr, Possessed of power, high in station; — 'azīmu 'l-qadr, Of exalted rank;]—qidr, A cauldron, pot, kettle; certain stars disposed in a circle; - qudr, Quantity, price, worth, value; -qadar (v.n.), Measuring; preordaining; a decree, mandate, judgment; whatever is fixed, decreed, and commanded by God; power; the power of directing one's own actions; quantity, price, value; shortness of neck; [qadar būdan, To be equal;—qadar kardan, To equalize, to render equal; -in qadar, So much, this quantity; - chi qadar, How much? what quantity? - qazā u qadar, Fate and the divine decree; -qudar (pl. of qudrat), Powers, &c.

مندراه $qadr\bar{a}$, A well-proportioned ear,

neither too large nor too small.

A قدران gidrān (v.n. of قدران), Being able;

power, ability.

a jاعنار عبر انداز adr-andāz, An excellent archer. a تدر بخش qadr-bakhsh, Conferring dignity; the source of dignity, fountain of honour.

يدرة A تدرة qudrat (v.n. of تدرة), Being able; power, ability, potency; prowess, courage, audacity; one of the attributes of God, omnipotence, providence, prescience; the creation, universe, nature; destiny; so much; [qudrat dāshtan, To be powerful;—qudrati mumāna'at, Power of repression (m.c.);—zū qudrat, Powerful;]—qadarat, A small flask, decanter, bottle; the distance at which palm-trees are planted apart.

a تدرت حلوا qudrat-ḥalwā, The manna of

the Israelites.

a تدرتي qudratī, Of omnipotence, divine; not produced by man; natural, constitutional, innate, instinctive.

a تدرت باب qudrat-yāb, Who finds the

power.

a تدرتی رنگ qudrati-rang, White; natural colour (not dyed).

a تدرتي علمات qudratī-'alāmāl, Natural features, phenomena.

a تدر عان gadar-khān, Title of the emperor of China and the king of Samarqand.

a تدر دان gadr-dan, A just appreciator, one who knows the worth (of men or

things).

a تدر دأنى qadr-dānī, Due regard to the worth of, just appreciation of merit; power or faculty of appreciation; patronage, favour.

a تدر هنامي qadr-shinās, Acquainted with the value or quality (of persons or things).

تدرف qadraf, Name of a city.

qadrafi, Name of a gold coin struck قدرفي in Qadraf.

قدر قدرت qadar-qudrat, Powerful as fate. قدر ماية qadar-māya, A little; a quantity. a تدرى $qadr\bar{\imath}$, A certain order of dervishes;

whatever is predestined; name of a celebrated author; -quadare, A little, small quantity; somewhat; -qadari, One who maintains the doctrine of free-will (opp. to jabari " predestinarian ").

adariyat, qadariya, Name of a قدرية Muhammadan sect which holds the doctrine of free-will (the opposite of jabariyat, which denies the freedom of the human

will).

a & qad-zan, A bone for nibbing pens on.

auds (v.n.), Being holy, pure; quds, qudus, Sanctity, holiness; paradise; Jerucalem (also called qudsi sharif (mubārak); the angel Gabriel; name of a mountain in Najd; [qudsi abyaz, qudsi aswad, Names of two mountains;—hazīratu 'l-quds, The holy fold, i.e. Paradise;—rūḥu 'l-quds, The Holy Spirit; the angel Gabriel;] —gadas, A two-handed vessel used in baths; name of a town near Hims or Emessa:quilas, quidus, A cup; -qaddasa (3rd. sing. pret. of the second conj. used optatively), May He bless!—qudissa (pass. of the preceding), May he or it be blessed !-quddisa sirru-hu, May his grave be hallowed! (speaking of a departed king or great man).

a تدسى qudsī, Holy, divine; celestial; belonging to Paradise or Jerusalem; the

angel Gabriel.

a تدسيان qudsiyān (P. pl. of the preced-

ing), Angels, holy intelligences.

a تدسية qudsīya (fem. of qudsī), Holy. ad' (v.n.), Prohibiting, hindering, diverting (one) from anything; checking, reining in (a horse);—qada' (v.n.), Being

weak (the eyes); being bashful and of few words (woman); approaching or being near (year); being weak-sighted and shying (horse);—qadi', Timid, frightened (horse that sees badly and shies); wailing pite-

ously; brackish, undrinkable.

T בנש gudu', The colt of an ass.

qid'at, A short tunic;—qadi'at, (A woman) bashful and sparing of speech.

يدغ qadgh, A drinking-vessel made of horn.

T ندغي gadaghan, Corroboration, stress; seeking, inquiring, solicitude, care; an order, command (m.c.).

t تدغنجي qada<u>gh</u>anjī, An apparitor, ser-

geant, summoner.

gadf, The root of the palm-tree.

gadak, A coloured cloth or garment not of silk.

a تد کشی qad-kashī, Tallness and erectness of stature.

a تد کشیده qad-kashīda, Erect of stature,

upright.

adm (v.n.), Preceding, going before; being prior in point of time, place, or degree; being bold and intrepid; a red garment; -qidm, Antiquity, a former age, ancient times; - qudm (v.n.), Preceding, going before, being anterior to; bold, audacious; -qadam, A foot; a footstep, track, trace; a foot's length; step, pace; merit, pre-excellence; bold, heroic; very meritorious; [qadam az jān bar āwardan, To bid adieu to life; —qadam az rāh kashīdan, To lag behind in a journey;—qadam az sar sākhtan, To proceed, set out, or go away ;-qadam afshurdan, To keep a firm footing; -qadam ba-qadam, Step by step, gently; -qadam bar tāriki (sari) chīze zadan (nihādan), To tread down; to abandon; - qadami khāk, The ground; qadam dashtan, To keep a firm footing; —qadam dar miyani du kas guzashtan, To intercede between two persons; qadam-rā gul-bāng zadan, To walk rapidly, to hasten; -qadam ranja karden (namūdan), To take the trouble to come; to go, march, step; -qadam zadan (sanjidan, sūdan), To travel along; -qadami sharif, A relic;gadam shumarda nihādan. To welk with measured (lit. counted) steps, to travel cautiously; — qadam kashīdan (gushādau), = qadam zadan above;—qadami mubārak, A stone on which the foot of Muhammad is said to be impressed, and therefore greatly venerated; — <u>sābit-qadam</u>, Constant, firm, solid, immoveable; — dar qadam bāshīm, Let us set to work, let us perform our service; — dar qadam dāshtān, To have a travelling companion; — dar qadam kashīdan chīze, To place (a thing) at the feet; to put under the feet; -dar qadam giriftan, To take a travelling companion; — waz'i qadam kardan, To enter, step in;] — qadim, Bold, courageous, taking the lead in battle; rough, stony (ground); — qidam (v.n.), Preceding in point of time, being ancient, eternal; a going before; age; antiquity, olden time; qudam, Name of a place in Yaman, where cloths are made;—qudum, Precedence; effect or consequence of an act; an intrepid man, excelling in courage; the fore part, before; (pl. of qādim) comers off a journey; (pl. of qadūm) hatchets.

a تدمن qidm-an, Formerly, of old; it is long that; -qudamā' (pl. of qadīm), The

ancients; excellent (men). A قدمان qidmān, A coming (off a jour-

a إلى qadam-bāz, Fleet, nimble-footed. a قدم بوس qadam-bos, Kissing the feet, making an obeisance.

a تدميوسي qadam - bosī, Foot - kissing; touching the feet of the person respectfully approached with the right hand, and then kissing the latter; respectful salutation; obeisance.

A قدمه qudmat (v.n. of تدمه), Walking pompously, stately, or gracefully; a pompous, graceful, or stately carriage; precedence; intrapidity; a footstep, track, trace; -qadamat, qadama, Meritorious (woman); -qadimat, Rugged, stony ground.

a تدم جا qadam-jā, A privy.

a كدمية qadamcha, A small or short stop; one step of the (brick) compartments in a privy.

a قدم قدم و qadam-qadam, Step by step.

عَنْ مُعَالِمَ مُ مُعَلَّمُ مُعَلِّمُ مُعَلِّمُ مُعَلِّمُ مُعَلِّمُ مُعَلِّمُ مُعَلِّمُ مُعَلِّمُ وَالْعَلَامُ station; merit; a privy;— qadam-gāhi ādam, Sarandib.

a تدم وار qadam.war, Capable of being

trodden, trodden.

تدميا qadamiyā, Litharge of gold or silver.

لدمية qadamiyat, A kind of goats' leather; — qadumiyat, A haughty air in walking; —qudumiyat, Precedence.

a قدمي چند qadame chand, A few paces.

قدر م qadw (v.n.), Being finely-flavoured and savoury (meat);—qidw, A trunk whence

branches germinate.

A 5,35 qadwat, qidwat, qidwa, An example, exemplar, pattern, model; any person or thing imitated; a leader, chief; a man of renown; a trodden road;—qidwatu'l-abrār, An example of justice, a model of equity;—qidwata 'sh-shu'arā, The model of poets (applied by Jāmī to Hāfiz);—qidwatu 'l-aqrān (aṣ-ḥāb), An honour or pattern to (his) peers or companions;—qidwa'i muta-ghazzilān, The pattern of ghazal-composers (applied by Jāmī to Sa'di).

qadūḥ, A fly; a well from which

water may be drawn by the hand.

تدود ه qudud (pl. of qadd), Goat-skins; statures of human bodies.

audūr, Power, strength; (pl. of qidr) pots, cauldrons.

audūral, Power, strength. قدورة

قدوس غ qadūs, Bold, intrepid, dauntless; —quddūs, qaddūs, Pure, holy, blessed; hence a name of God.

quddusiyat, Extreme purity or

sanctity.

a & \$\tilde{\omega} \arg qad\bar{u}'\, (A horse) which stands in need of being checked when at full gallop, and made obedient to the word of command; abject, submissive, easily kept in

check; poured out.

A منت qadām, Bold, magnanimous, taking the lead; a batchet; name of a place where Abraham circumcised himself; also of a fortress in Yaman, a village near Aleppo, and a mountain near Mudīnah;—qudām (v.n. of الدم), Arriving, coming near; preceding; arrival, accession, advent; precedence.

quduma (in the dialect of Kirman),

Mallows (comp. قدامة).

كدوسية audūmiyat, A present from a prince to any person that approaches him. a قدرة qiduca, see A. قدرة.

L ندون qadwa, Rectitude; stability.

ady (v.n.), Coming from the

desert (famine-stricken people);—also qadá (v.n.), Being well-flavoured (food);—qadi, Well-flavoured (meat in a pot);— qidá, Quantity; length (of a spear, &c.).

a dadily. Broth, especially the remains at the bottom of the pot, which re-

quires trouble to obtain.

A 24.5 qadid, Flesh smoked or dried by the wind and cut into long strips, jerked; an old thread-bare garment;—qudaid, A small striped dervish's habit; name of a river or watering-station in Hijāz.

A past qadir. Powerful; an epithet of God, the Almighty, omnipotence: cooked in a pot; [bi-'auni 'l-maliki 'l-qadir, By the aid of the all-powerful King;—taqdiri qadir. Divine predestination;]—qudair (dim. of qidr). A little pot or kettle.

لديس ع qadīs, Fresh milk; milk; (met.)

a pearl (from its whiteness).

و qadîm. Ancient, olden; archaic; former; without beginning or end;—qid-dīm, A king; a prince, leader.

A تديما qadim-an, P. الديما qadimana, Anciently, in or from olden times, of old.

a تدبي qadimi, Ancient, olden; an old inhabitant; one holding by hereditary descent.

A M quez (v.n.), Cutting, clipping, and fitting feathers to an arrow; throwing a stone, &c.; striking on the back of the head.

A 132 gazā, Chips, straws, motes.

A عنانات quagat, Small particles which fall when cutting (feathers for an arrow).

A 53/35 quzāzat, A filing (of gold, silver, &c.).

azārat (v.n. of ندر), Being un-

clean, impure, nasty, dirty.

horse; (pl. of quzf) sides, parts, tracts; (pl. of quzfat), battlements, pinnacles, turrets;—qazzaf, A pair of scales; a cross-bow, catapult, balista, or any engine for throwing stones or darts.

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stall passes.

A cold qizzan (pl. of quzzat). Fleas;—quzzan, Hoariness in the temple-locks; white on the wing of a bird.

azā'if (pl. of qazīfat), Thinga تدالك ه

thrown away.

A 533 quezat, A feather; the wing of an arrow; a flea.

A Jus queaz, The back part of the head between the cars; a flea; (pl. of queent)

wings of an arrow.

A Jil qazr (v.n.), Abborring, abominating as being impure;—qazar (v.n.), Being unclean, impure, dirty; dirt, filth, impurity;—qazir, Impure, filthy;—afkāri qazir, Impure thoughts.

A & qaz' (v.n.), Keproaching, reviling, traducing, cursing; talking obscenely; striking with a stick;—qaza, Obscenity, ribaldry, turpitude, impurity, filthiness.

a guza'malat, fem. قدعملة quza'malat, قدعمل quza'mala, Bulky, fat (camel); short, vile, base; —quza'mala, Somewhat, anything;

weakness.

azf (v.n.), Reviling, criminating, convicting, impeaching, reproaching, censuring; accusing (a virtuous woman) of incontinence; pelting with stones; rowing (a boat); vomiting; -kazaf, kuzuf, A distant abode or station; a man who throws at a great distance; one who forms farreaching projects; a vast desert; -kuzaf (pl. of the following), Battlements.

A منافع quzfat, Summit of a mountain,

battlement, turret.

A Jii qazl (v.n.), Striking (a horse) on the back part of the head called $qaz\bar{a}l$; accusing, reproaching; striving, straining every nerve; injustice, violence; -qazal, A vice, fault, defect; -quzul (pl. of qazāl), Back parts of the head.

a تلمور م quzmūr, A silver table or tray.

abhorring all تدور م qazur, (A woman) impurity, and keeping at a distance from men; (a she-camel) avoiding the males; a misanthrope, one who shuns society.

تنوف ه qazūf, Far-distant (dwelling);

weary (waste); wide (desert).

ندى A تلى qazy (v.n.), Coming, arriving; casting forth a mote (eye); $-qa\underline{z}\hat{a}$ (v.n.), Being annoyed by a mote falling into the eye; a chip, straw, or mote swimming on water or paining the eye; -qazīy, qazī, Troubled with a mote in the eye; -qizá, Pounded, pulverized earth; -quziy (v.n. of تدى), Casting forth a mote; (pl. of qizá) pounded, pulverized earths.

A تذیان qazayān (v.n. of تذیان), Having a mote fallen into it (the eye); casting forth

a mote (the same).

تذيهٔ م qaziyat, qaziya, (An eye) troubled

with a mote in it.

qazīf, Very remote (halting-place or habitation); a cloud rising up before the eye.

aazīfat, Anything thrown or تديعة darted; anything that brings suspicion or

reproach.

qir, qirr (prob. for A. قرد qird), An ape, monkey, baboon; -qirr dadan, To coquette about, sway the body as in a dance (m.c.).

qarr (v.n.). Drinking for the first time, but not to repletion (a camel); remaining firm, stationary, resting (in any place); being affected by cold; pouring water into a boiling pot to still it; pouring words into another's ear, i.e. whispering or communicating a secret; a kind of saddle; the camel-litter hauda; [qarru 's-saub, A crease or fold in a garment; -qarri 'ain,

Coldness (or liveliness) of eye; -yaumu 'lgarr, The eleventh of zu 'l-hijia, the day after a great solemnity at Mecca, when people repose either in the valley of Mina or at home after the performance of the sacrifices and other ceremonies;] - qurr, Cold; coldness; a place of rest, mansion of

وَمْ ar' (v.n. of الراة), Reading; being with foal (a camel);—qar', qur', Catamenia; purifications, or the period when they are over; time, season; a similar ending

of verses in a poem.

qirā, A machine for hurling stones or

T أرة garā, Black (see قرأ).

qara' (v.n.), Being kind, receiving hospitably; gathering, collecting; being with foal (camel); reading a book;—qirā' (v.n. 8 of 'j, Teaching to read, practising; -qarrā' One who reads well; -qurrā', A holy and devoted man, given to sacred reading (pl. of qari'), Readers of the Qur'ān.

ورائة qirā'at (v.n. of قرائة), Reading the Qur'an; a proper manner of reading the Qur'an, a correct pronunciation; -qira'at kardan, To read; -'ilmi qira'at, Skill in reading (particularly the Qur'an with a

solemn tone).

arab, Near; [bi-qarab-in (baqarāb), Shortly;]—qirāb (v.n. 3 of), Drawing near, approaching; lifting the leg (for coitus); avoiding excess and aiming at what is right and just; a sword-sheath; a case in which a sword or its sheath is put; (pl. of qarbān) nearly full (vessels); -qirāb, qurāb, Anything almost full, or any business nearly accomplished; -qurāb, Sagacity, penetration, judgment.

a قرابات qarābāt, Kinsmen, relations.
م قرابادين qarābādīn, قرابادين qarābāzīn, Compound medicines; antidotes; an antidote; pharmacopœia.

י קלול qarābāgh, Name of a tract of

country on the Black Sea.

A قرب qarābat (v.n. of قرب), Becoming near; propinquity, nearness; affinity, connexion, relationship, consanguinity, alliance; [qarābati qarība (nasabīya), Near relationship;]-qirābat (v.n. of قرب), Going to a watering-place a night's journey distant; an approach to fulness; -qurābat, qurāba, One who comes near; anything almost full, or any business almost accomplished; nigh, near; sagacity, penetration; like, resembling; a relation; —qarrābat, in. P. qarāba, A large flagon or vessel having two handles and a spout (made of glass, in which wine is left standing forty days in order to refine); -- qarāba'i sarīn, The sun.

a قرابت دار qarābat-dār, A relation by blood or marriage, a relative, kinsman,

family connection.

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a قرابت دارى garābat-dārī, Relationship,

a قرابتى qarābatī, Related, connected, akin; consanguineous; a relative, &c. (= .q.v.) قرایت دار

قرابقرا ,qarābughā قرابغرار ,qarābughrār قرابغا qarābuqrā, A war-engine (comp. قرا qirā).

مرابيس A مرابيس qarābis (pl. of qarbūs), Saddle-

وراني qarābin, A carbine (m.c. from Fr.). qarābin (pl. of qurbān), Sacri-

fices, victims; intimate associates of a

qir'at, = قوامة q.v ;--qara'at, qara'a (pl. of gar'i), Readers, particularly of the Qur'ān.

qurāt, A strip of cloth.

T قرأ تاتار qarā-tātār, The black Tartars.

T قرا تكين qarā-takīn, Name of a Turk. T تراتكيني garātakīnī, A column called after Qarātakīn; a tribe descending from the same. (See preceding article.)

arāṣā', An excellent sort of date. garāchār, Name of a paternal cousin of Genghis-Khan, and grandfather of Timur.

وراجور qarāchūr, A long sword: a swords-

qarāchūrī, A swordsman ; a sword.

تراچى ت qarāchī, A gipsy (m.c.).

garāh, A sown field destitute of trees and buildings; land especially appropriated for sowing and planting; (water) cold, sweet, limpid, unmixed with anything; anything pure ;--qirāh (v.n. 3 of قرح), Meeting face to face; (pl. of qārih) mature, fullaged (horses).

aurāḥīyatān (du.), The hypo- قراحيتان م

chondria.

garākhān, Name of a king of India contemporary with Alexander; name of one of Afrasyab's champions.

تراختين qarā<u>kh</u>tīn, Quarantine (m.c.).

qurād, The tick, a parasitical insect infesting dogs, camels, or cattle; a nipple or dug; the orifice of a horse's yard.

qarrād, A keeper or trainer of

monkeys.

arār (v.n. of قرار), Dwelling, fixing one's abode in any place; constancy, firmness, stability; a safe abode, an undisturbed resting-place; rest, tranquillity, repose; conclusion, termination; ratification, agreement, engagement; certainty, truth, reality; patience; steadiness, dignified behaviour, gravity; qarār dādan, To fix, to establish (m.c.); -qarār dāshtan, To acquire stubility; to be confirmed, settled, ratified; -qarāri qat'ī, A peremptory resolution; -qarūr kardan, To conclude, confirm, ratify; to resolve; to establish (m.c.); -qarar giriftan, To be still and quiet; to be firm or steady; (the word is further construed with the verbs uftādan, āwardan, burdan, bastan, zadan,

situdan, &c.;)—qurari wāqi', Completely, entirely; -garar u madar. Promise and agreement; az in qarar, Of this description, as follows, the following (m.c.); -bar qarār, Firm, established ;—bar qarāri sābiq, According to previous agreement or disposition; bar qarar shudan, To be or remain firm, unshaken ;---bar qarar kardan, To confirm, strengthen ; - jannat-qarar, Whose abode is (or will be) paradise; dozakh-qarar, A hell-hound, firebrand, infernal villain. (See kuffāri dozakh-qarār, under

qararat, qurarat, Cold water poured قرارة A into a pot to prevent it from being burned.

a مار داد qarār-dād, Possessed of firmness, i.e. established, confirmed, ratified: an engagement, contract, agreement; a prescription; -- sulhi qarar-dad, A peace concluded and ratified.

a قرار دادة qarār-dāda, Confirmed, esta-

blished.

a قرار دار و qarār-dār, Established, fixed, consolidated; lasting.

a قرار کمی qarār-kamī, Decrease in rent of land.

a قرار گاه qarār-gāh, A mansion, quiet place of residence;—qarār-gāhi nutfa, The womb; fundus uteri.

α قرار کیری garār-gīrī, Quiet, peace, secu-

rity.

a قرار نامة qarār-nāma, A written agreement, a contract (m.c.).

a قرار واتعى qarār-wāqi't, Definitively; positively; effectually, efficaciously; truly, accurately, correctly, in proper manner.

arāri', Persons devoted to sacred وراوي م reading, especially the Qur'an; -qarārī, Firm, stable, ratified, agreed to; a citizen who does not leave home; any tradesman or mechanic.

a arārīt, Seed of tamarind; (pl. of

qirat) half-dangs (name of a coin).

garāsungur, Name of a bird of وأسنقرا prey of a black colour; night; name of a king.

garāsū, (black-water) A river near Khwarazm.

qarā-sūran, قرأ سورى qarā-sūrān, قرأ سوران Leader of an escort for the protection of caravans; escort for the mail; a sentinel.

qarāsiya, A cherry. قراسيا qurāsh, A fever in which the hair stands on end.

q.v. قراش qurásha, = قراهه

a تراص qurrās, Anthemis, camomile, especially the dry flowers; the plant wars.

A قراميا qarāṣiyā, A cherry;—qarāṣiyā'i hulv, The sweet cherry ;-qarāsiyā'i hāmiz, The morel-cherry.

مراض qirāz (v.n. 3 of قراض), Repaying, requiting (good or bad); going partnership, and trading with another's capital; challenging one to dispute, especially in verse; debt.

a قراهم qurāṣa, What falls off in filing; filings; a fragment, small particle (of gold or silver).

a أرام qirāṭ, A light, lamp, or the flame thereof; snuff of a candle or lamp-match (pl. of qurṭ) ear-rings;—qirrāṭ, A carat, the 24th part of an ounce.

ناراطار عودن qārālār**gh**ūyin (Gr. κραταιόγονον),

Name of a plant.

arrāz, A vendor of salam-leaves. قراط

A وَرَعَ qirā' (v.n. of قرع), Covering; drawing lots; striking with the sword;—qarrā', Hard, firm.

ترا عرش ت qarā-ghūsh, A sparrow-hawk.

رَاكُ لَمْ qirāf (v.n. 3 of نَرَك), Having to do (with one's wife); staining oneself with vice.

قرائدة qarāfa. Name of a city where the Imām Shāf'i is buried; also of a place in Alexandria.

قراقر ه qarāqar, Grumbling of the bowels (borborygmi); noise, tumult, hubbub;—qurāqir, Melodious (applied to camel-drivers who sing to their beasts).

T قرا قروت qurā-qurūt, Black curds.

प्रवेग्व-qāsh A sparrow-hawk

ترا ترم ع qarā-qām, (black-dust) Name of the residence town of Gengis Khan in Mongolia (so called because situated in a tract abounding in black dust.

ترال ت grāl, qirāl, (Sclav.) A king; a

chief.

A painted or embroidered veil or curtain; a garment of coloured or figured stuff.

t قاراكارلي garā-gulūla, A black grain prepared from the ingredients of theriac.

A disabis quramitat (pl. of qurmati), Members of a certain sect.

هرامل ه qarāmil, Camels with two humps.

قراميدُ ه qarāmīd (pl. of qirmīd), Bricks; tiles.

a فران qrān (for sāḥib-qirān), Name of a silver coin, the tenth part of a gold tomān,

now about equal to tenpence.

A chi qur'ān, in P. qurān (v.n. of 'hi), Gathering together, collecting; reading; the Qur'ān;—qur'āni sharīf ('azīm), The great, the noble book;—qurān firō-khwurdan, To swear on the Qur'ān;—qurāni muzahhab, A Qur'ān adorned with gold.

A ψης qirān (v.n. of ως), Being in a transition state from green to moist (a date); (v.n. 3 of ως) living together; being intimate; being in conjunction (to stars); combining hajj and 'umrah, the greater and lesser pilgrimage; a pair of arrows matched; a rope joining camels or oxen to a plough; a period of time (10, 20, 30, 40, 80, or 120 years); the time of departing this life,

death, decease; (pl. of qarn) small hills summits of mountains; [qirāni a'zam, The greatest conjunction (in astrology);—qirāni sa'dain, Conjunction of the two beneficent planets (Jupiter and Venus);—qirān guzarāndan, To free oneself or escape from calamities;—qirān guzasht, The time of calamity is over;—qirāni naḥsain, Conjunction of the two malignant planets (Saturn and Mars);—sāḥib-qarān, vulg. sapqrān, A silver coin worth the tenth of a gold tomān (see also objection), p. 778, and a. objection of calamity.

qarantine (m.c. from قرالتين

Fr. or E.).

a قرائى م qurāná, Associated, nearly allied;

-qur'ānī, Coranic.

a مرائى ملا qur'ānī-mullā, A Muslim lawofficer who administers oaths on the Qur'ān; one whose business it is to read the Qur'ān for forty days at the house of a deceased person.

arāniyā, Cornel-tree; sorb-apple. ورانيا م qurānītus, Phrenitis, inflamma-

tion of the brain.

T قراران qarāwul, A sentinel, watchman, spy, guard; the vanguard; a game-keeper, a hunter (m.c.); sight of a gun;—qarāwul raftan, To take aim at (m.c.);—qarāwul kardan, To mount guard.

t قراولخانه qarāwul-khāna, Guard-house,

sentry-box (m.c.).

أولي aarāwulī, A skirmish, running fight; the duty of acting as scouts and sentinels to a camp, out-post duty (m.c.).

sentinels to a camp, out-post duty (n.c.).

A وَرَادُونَ qarrā'un (pl. of qarrā'), Readers of the Qur'ān;—qurrā'un (pl. of qurrā'),

Addicted to sacred reading.

a قرارى qurrāwī, Belonging to a reader. A قرائت qari'is (pl. of qarīsā'), Excellent sorts of dates.

a قراى ماحب طيلسان qarāyi ṣāḥib tailasān, The planet Jupiter; the planet Saturn.

a قراى طيلسانى qarāyi tailasānī, The planet Saturn.

A ω^{fl}, qarā'in (pl. of qarīna), Connections; conditions; circumstances; presumptions, conjectures; the context;—dūri qarā'in, Houses facing each other.

A — js qarb (v.n.), Putting a sword into the scabbard, or into a case, wherein both are kept; making a scabbard or a case for scabbard and sword; — qurb (v.n.), Drawing near, approaching; neighbourhood, propinquity, nearness; relationship, kindred; name of a place; [qurbi dū sari kamān, A nearness like that of the two ends of a bow; — qurb u jawār, Vicinity, close neighbourhood, environs, suburbs; — bā-qurb, Near;] — qurb, qurub, The hypochondria; — qarab (v.n.), Complaining of a pain in the hypo-

chondria; a nocturnal journey towards water; a well whose water is near the top; relationship;—qirab (pl. of qirbat), Large leathern milk-bags.

garba, White hairs appearing in the

beard (doubtful word).

quraba' (pl. of qarīb), Relations.

a قربات girbāt (pl. of girbat), Leathern water-bottles, or milk-bottles.

T قرباغه qurbāgha, قرباقه qurbāqa, A frog

(m.c.).

م وابات qarbān, A vessel nearly full; qirban, Coition; a quiver; a case for a bow; -qirbān, qurbān (v.n. of قرب), Approaching, being or standing near to one another;qurbān, qarbān, That whereby one draws nigh to God; a sacrifice, victim, oblation; olms given instead; the Christian communion, the mass; a royal favourite; construed with the verbs raftan, shudan, kardan, gashtan, &c.; —qurbān-at bi-qardam (shawam), May I become your sacrifice, i.e. able to devote my life to you (said by inferiors to propitiate their superiors), for which in familiar talk elliptically qurban is put as in qurbani karam-at, (May I become a) sacrifice (in requital) of your generosity;á gurbāni sar-at, O thou for whose head (I may become) a sacrifice, i.e. dearer to me than life. Similar phrases are: ba-qurbān raftan (gardīdan), ba-qurbāni sar raftan (gashtan) &c.

قربانگاه م $qurb\bar{a}n$ - $g\bar{a}h$, Place of sacrifice,

a قربانى qurbānī, Devoted; sacrificed;—qurbānī kardan, To sacrifice.

قربانيون و qarbāniyūn, Ox-eye (a plant).

A 4,5 qirbat, qirba, A large leathern milk-bottle or water-bag, particularly stitched on one side;—qurbat, qurubat, Kindred, affinity; intimacy; vicinity, proximity;—qarabat, An approach to fulness.

A قريع مurbaj, A tavern, a wine-shop.

وَرَوْ A بَرُوْ qurbuz (from P. گربر gurbuz), A cheat.

ترباغة qurbagha, A frog (m.c.) (see قرباغة &c. above).

مربي م qurbaq, A green-stall or shop.

قربوس قربوس qarabūs, in P. qarbūs, The bow or pommel of a saddle.

قربولاً qarbūla, A kind of ivy.

a فربة qirba, see A. قربة .

مَرْدَيْلُ (fem. of qarbān), Nearly full (vessel); — qurbá, Affinity, relationship, consanguinity;—يَّنَ 'l-qurbá, A relation, relative, kinsman.

a قربوس qarpus, The bow of a saddle (see

ً (قربوس

A signate (v.n. of ja), Being quiet, modest, grave, sedate; patience, quietness, gravity,—qarrat (v.n. of ja), Being cool and cheerful (the eye); (fem. of qarr) cold (night);—qirrat, The cold; fit of an ague;—qurrat (v.n. of ja), Being cool and

cheerful (eye); being charmed by the sight of a beloved object (the same); joy, gladness; [qurratu'l-'ain, Coolness, i.e. lustre and brightness of the eye; a beloved object;—abū qurrat, A chameleon;]—qurrat, qarrat, qirrat, A frog.

qart, A contented cuckold.

مرت qarat (v.n. of قرت), Changing colour, becoming pale (from pain or anger); ice, snow; jelly.

ترت T قرت qurt, A sip, a draught.

مَرْنَانِ arratān, Evening and morning.

قرتبان qartabān, A contented cuckold. قرتبان qartabūs, A contented cuckold.

qarta, = قرت q.v. (compare also the

two preceding articles).

A ty's qarh (v.n.), Wounding; ulcerating; bringing guiltiness home to one; a wound, painful scar, ulcer; a pustule tending to corruption; a sore ulcer fatal to young camels;—qurh, A painful wound, or the pain of a wound; the beginning of anything; the three first nights of the month; name of a valley or river;—qarah (v.n.), Being ulcerous; finishing teething when full five years old (solid-hoofed animals);—qarih, Scabby, pustulous, ulcerous.

qurrah (pl. of qārih), Five-year-old

(horses).

مرحان arhān, A kind of mushroom, white and small.

مَّ مَنَّ qarḥat, qarḥa, One wound with a sword; a sore, pimple, pustule; ulceration;—qurḥat, A small star on the forehead of a horse; beginning of spring or winter.

آرخل (pl. of qarīḥ), Ulcerated. ورخواك qarḥhwāk, Broth of meat cut

ard (v.n.), Gaining; collecting; gathering (as butter in a churn); short, dwarfish; the neck;—qird, A male ape, monkey, baboon;—qurd, A tick, louse;—qarad (v.n.), Being corroded, wormeaten (leather); being silent (especially from an impediment in speech); being crisp and curly (hair); being matted and impacted (wool); palm-branches stripped of their leaves; being small (teeth); being spoiled in flavour (mastic, &c.); tautology;—qarid, Heaped up, cumulated; (a camel) swarming with ticks;—qirad (pl. of qird), Apes, moukeys, baboons;—qurad, Name of a place.

وداليون qardāliyūn (probably G. κοράλλιον), Red coral.

gardaman, Seed of wild rue.

G قرداموسن qardāmūman, Cresses.

وَدُامِيَّابِي qardāmīnī, The herb lady's smock; water-mint.

قردان ه qirdān (pl. of qurād), Ticks. A قردان qirdat, A she-ape;—qiradat, qirada (pl. of qird), Male apes.

ورمان qardamān, قردمان qardamūnā, Cardmine ; -qurdumānā, Wild caraway.

a قردمالي qurdamana, Caraway.

qurdue, Name of the founder of وروس ▲ a tribe.

ararat, Cold water poured into a وروا الم

pot that it may not be burned.

A 13 qars (v.n.), Taking up earth with the tips of the fingers; making up little balls between the fingers; cutting, piercing; a hillock; rugged (ground); -qurz, An ointment-box; a cupper's cintmentglass.

A bij qurzat, A handful.

مرم qurzum (for قارم), The Red Sea;

(met.) a well full of water.

qars, Severe cold, hoar-frost; qars, qaras (v.n.), Being very cold, freezing ;-qire, A small gnat ;--qarae, Congealed, atiff,

qirisna, A scab. قرسته

qarsh (v.n.), Collecting from all quarters, gaining; adding one to another, mixing; attacking each other with spears; cutting, splitting; a fish of prev, a shark,

a ترخى qurashi, Of the tribe of quraish.

qarş (v.n.), Taking with the finger and thumb; pinching, nipping; making up balls of leaven between the fingers; biting (a flea); a flea-bite; cutting; >preading dough; -qurs, A disc; a round loaf or cake; a pastil, a lozenge; a small silver coin; name of a village or a hill in the country of Ghassan; [qursi khwurshed, The orb or disc of the sun; -qursi zar (zari maghrībī, haft dara), The sun ;—quτṣi simīn (mah), The moon; -qursi garm u sard, Sun and moon; quesi nan, A cake or loaf of bread; qaras (v.n.), Persevering in a contest for honour or glory, or in slander and detraction; — quras (pl. of qursat), Round loaves or cakes; pastils.

🛦 مرحمًا qursat, qursa, A round loaf; a pastil; the holy wafer, the host; -qursa'i

gar, The sun (the loaf of gold).

aarea'nat, Sea-holin, sea-holly. قرمعته qurşak (P. dim of qurs). A small sweet cake.

پرفي ۸ qarz (v.n.), Cutting (a rope); guawing (as a rat); rehearsing or composing (verse); swerving to the right or left, going out of the right road; passing by a place, leaving it on one side; dying, threatening death, being at death's door; -qarz, qirz, Debt, a loan; money borrowed or leut on interest (especially without fixed term of payment, dain being a loan or debt where such term is fixed); retribution, retaliation, requital (good or bad); good or evil sent on before for recompense on the day of judgment; -qarzi bi-wajh, A debt which one has no prospect of being able to pay back, a bad debt; - qarzi hisābī, A debt on account; -- qarri hasan (hasana),

Money advanced without interest, and repaid at the pleasure of the borrower (literally "a good loan");-qarz dadan, To lend; -qarz dashtan (giriftan), To borrow; -qarz kardan. To borrow; to lend; -baqarz dādan, To lend.

a الرض خواة qarz-khwāh, A creditor; a

dun.

a مرض دار a qarz-dār, A borrower, debtor. a لرمداري qarz-dāri. The being in debt.

aurzūb, A robber; a needy thief; ورموب ▲ a sharp sword; a poor or a starving man, one who eats all placed before him.

مرموك A qurzūf, A shepherd's staff; a

great eater.

a قرضة qarşa, A debt, a loan.

a قرطى qarzī, Borrowed; on credit; a debtor; a borrower.

qarziya, A loan. قرطية

qari, The fruit of a certain thorny shrub; -qurt, The noise made in swallow-

ing water; patience.

A by gart] (v.n.), Slicing in pieces (a leck);—qirt. A leek;—qurt. An ear-ring; clover; a slice, a piece, a little, a mouthful; fire, flame; name of a man; also of a sword; [qurtai māriya, The (two) ear-rings of Mary (proverbial for anything very valuable;]-qarat (v.n.), Having the lobes of the car hanging down (a goat).

• qurtājannat, qurtājanna, Car قرطاجنا

thage; Carthagena.

qartas, qirtas, qurtas, Paper; قرطاس ه qirgas, A fine-made, fair-complexioned girl; a leaf, a page; surface; a target, a butt for archers; brown, dusky; a young she-camel; an Egyptian striped stuff.

a ترطاسي qirtasī, (A horse) of a pure, un-

mixed white (as white as paper).

qurtat, qirtat, A soft cloth laid ترطاط under a saddle to imbibe the sweat; a saddle.

qartaban, A pimp to his own قرطبان ه

wife; a voluntary cuckold, a wittol.

A مرابع qurgubat, qurguba, Cordova in Spain.

. qiratat (pl. of qurt), Ear-rings برطة ⊾

qartas, qirtas, Paper; name of a village in Egypt.

qirta'b, A cloud; name of au قرطعب م

animal.

qirtaf, Velvet, satin; a certain رمث pot-herb, or the fruit of the rims (see p. 586).

مرطن a برطن qurtaq (P. كرنه), A kind of gar-

qartaqat (v.n. of قرطق), Putting the قرطقة ▲ garment qurtaq on (any person).

qirtim, qurtum, Seed of sufflower. قرطم ه

وَرَحُمُونَ qurluman, Tares. وَرَحُمُونَ qurluman, Wild caraway seeds. A ترطور و qartur, A fortress in Azurbaijan. a فرطور ع qarta, Sewing, the stitches of which

appear distinctly; a kind of short garment;

an ear-ring ;—qarta'i fistiqī, A reddish-green kind of garment.

qaraz (v.n.), Becoming great and honourable, from being contemptible; the fruit of the acacia; leaves of the tree salam. with which leather is tanned; -biladu 'lqaraz, Arabia felix (from the number of those trees which grow there); -marwānu 'l-qaraz, Name of the fourth caliph of the house of Umaiyah.

a قرطى qarazī, qurazī, Native of Arabia Felix; (leather) produced in Yaman.

ar' (v.n.), Knocking (at a door or قرع م gate); beating, striking the head with a stick; drawing lots; winning at drawing ots; covering (a stallion); emptying a cup to the bottom (so that the brim touches the drinker's forehead); a kind of gourd; a fresh gourd; retort of an alchemist (m.c.); -qur' (pl. of aqra'), Bald (men or women); fields without herbage; name of certain valleys in Syria; -- gara' (v.n.), Taking advice, acquiescing in it; departing from advice given; being bald through disease; being thinly attended (a court or a religious festival); money paid in advance; anything for which money has been paid in advance; -qari', Unable to sleep; rotten; one who takes advice but neglects to follow it.

ar'ā' (fem. of aqra'), Bald (womau); barren, bare (field); adversity; a court, quadrangle.

aur'ān (pl. of agra' and gar'ā),

Bald (men or women).

A die; a throw of dice; drawing lots, a lottery, raffle, ballot; the seeking of one's fortune by opening a book; bibliomancy; construed with the verbs uftadan, afgandan, andākhtan, zadan, &c. ;—qara'at, Baldness; a bald place on the head.

ar'ūn, Name of a village between قرعون

Balbeck and Damascus.

qur'a-anddz, One who casts or قرعه انداز a draws lots; who throws dice.

a قرعه باز qur'a-bāz, Who plays at dice, a thrower of dice.

qur'a-bāzī, The throwing of dice; raffling, a raffle.

a وي قرعه و qur'a-zan, A thrower of lots, a diviner.

qir-ghūy, A sparrow-hawk, merliu. qarf (v.n.), Unbarking, skinning, laying bare (a sore); accusing, incrimiuating, finding fault with; a bag of camels' or cows' leather, in which pickles are carried; forage, provender; -qirf, The bark of certain trees (as the pomegranate); [qirfu 'l-khubz, Crust of bread adhering to the oven;]-qurf (pl. of qarūf), Extremely insolent and pugnacious; -qaraf (v.n.), Being near happening; a certain disease fatal to camels; a relapse; -qarif, Worthy, suitable.

aurfuṣā', qurufṣā', وراميل qarfaṣú, ووعاء ▲

qirfişá, qurfuşá, An Arabian mode of sitting on the hips, with the knees close to the belly, and the hands folded under the arm-pits, or embracing the legs.

a قرفة qirfa, Bark or peel; a sort of cin-

قرق A arq, Any sound uttered by a fowl; -qirq, A base origin; custom, habit; small people; a children's game (kind of hopscotch); - qurq, Embargo, confiscation, seizure; enclosure, hindrance, prevention of success; -qaraq (v.n.), Travelling over level ground; -qariq, Plain ground; level.

a قرتار qarqār, The cooing of a dove; a

pigeon of Baghdad.

qarqāwul, A pheasaut;—qarqāwuli قرقاول

tilā (tilā'ī), A gold-pheasant.

a قرق أمين qurq-amin, An officer employed to attach property in execution of a decree and to realise the proceeds; a sheriff's officer, a bailiff.

a قرق پرير qurq-pazīr, Liable to seizure; contraband.

a نرقب aurqub, Name of a little bird.

T قرتَجِي quruqchī, Game-keeper (m.c.); a sentinel placed at the entrance of women's apartments.

garqarā, Name of a bird (Ardea فرقراً ه

Virgo).

a قرتره qarqara, Cooing (as a dove); making a rumbling noise (belly); laughing loudly; a kind of wheel for the punishment of criminals.

a قرق نامة qurq-nāma, A writ of execution.

قرقرون qurqurūn, Galangale.

qarqarī, A mode of tying on a turban.

gargasün, Lead (unsupported by examples).

a قرقسة qarqasa, A calling (of a dog). وتسيا qarqasyā, Cubeb (a drug).

a قرقشه كردن qarqasha kardan, To contend. qurquf, Name of a book of the Magi.

arqaf, Wine which, when drunk, قرقف causes a trembling; -qurquf, Name of a small bird.

qarqaman, Wood found in the middle of the tree mugl, and used as a dentifrice.

qurqu (G. кро́коs), Saffron.

qarqūbī, qurqūbī, A garment made قرقواي

A قرقور aurqūr, A long and large ship. مرقور a يُرتور وurqūs, A word used in calling a dog or kid (see قرقسه).

qurquf, Wine which, when drunk, causes a trembling; a silver coin.

qurqūma'nā (G. κροκόμαγμα), Dregs قرقومعنا of saffron-oil.

qarqūmī, A sort of garment (cf. above).

رةي (?), A kind of hat formerly worn by

a قرقى qurqī, Confiscated; confiscation, sequestration, attachment, distraint; qurqi-parwana, A warrant used to sequester a property; -qurqi'i 'ām, A general attachment.

qarkan, The bed of a river fresh dug; a channel excavated by a torrent.

quriltay, A general assembly. qarluf, Name of a place in Turkistan.

qirillá, Name of a very wary bird. a pi garm (v.n.), Marking (a camel) by cutting part of the skin of the nose and leaving it dangling; unbarking, peeling; an excellent camel stallion kept for covering or fed for slaughtering; a lord, a prince; -- qurm, Name of a marine plant :- qaram (v.n.), Having an insatiable craving for flesh meat; having a longing desire for a mistress or friend; - qarim, Carnivorous; qirim, A term of reproach; the Crimen; bahru 'l-girim, The sea of Azof, the Euxine. t قرمسان qurram قرم q.v.

qarmā', (A she-camel) the skin of whose nose is cut and left dangling as a

aarmān, qaramān, Caramania قرمان

(Cilicia).

armat, A notch upon a game قرصه ه arrow; -qarmat, qurmat, Piece of the skin cut from a camel's nose and left dangling as a mark; -qurmat, Part of a camel's nose where such piece has been cut.

t قرم مالي qirim-khānī, The Khan of the

Crim Tartars.

aarmad, Plaster, parget; a brick, ومد م a tile; saffron.

Building (قرمد qarmadat (v.n. of قرمدة ه (a house) with burnt bricks or tiles; writing closely or finely; walking with short steps.

qirmiz, Kermes, an insect produced قرمز ۸ upon the kermes-oak, and used in dyeing red; hence, crimson; — qirmizi firangi, Cochineal.

a ترمزى qirmizī, Crimson, scarlet ;—bāda'i qirmizi, Red wine.

a قرمري روز qirmizī-roz, A ruddiness in the sky before sunrise.

T قرمساق qurramsāq, A pimp, cuckold.

A bay garmat, Surname of Abū Zarr, the below). founder of a sect (see قرسطی below).

qarmatat (v.n. of قرمط), Writing in

above).

a قرمطى qàrmaṭī, A follower of Karmat, name given to the members of a most fanatic sect, subversive of all principles of Muhammadanism, which was founded A.D. 891, and gave great trouble to the caliphate.

a قرمطية qarmatiya, The sect founded by Abu Zarr Qarmat (see the preceding ar-

ticle).

armal, A kind of weak tree without thorns; -qirmil (qarmil?), A yoang two-humped camel of the breed bukhtī.

airmīd, A roof or a gutter-tile ; a قرصيد

drain made of earthen pipes.

arn (v.n.), Joining one thing to قرن another; yoking (camels, &c.); falling into the mark of the fore-foot (the hind-foot of a horse); a horn; the side of the head (whence the horns grow); a lock of hair; a decade (according to a saying of the Prophet, which identifies ten garn with a century); according to others, a space of ten years, or any multiple thereof up to 120; a generation, an age, many years; time; a heat (in a race); the upper edge of the sun (which appears above the horizon); a salt fish while yet fresh; a hill standing apart; the covering, according to others the side, of a camel-litter; one of two pillars at the sides of a well, over which the cross-beam is thrown; name of a station near Ta'if, where the pilgrims from Najd assemble (more fully called qarnu'l-manāzil); [qarnu'l-bahr, Amber (cf. the article p. 869);---qarnu 'sh-shaitan, The adherents or kingdom of Satan; -qirn, Equal to, a match for another in bravery, wrestling, battle or skill; -qaran (v.n.), Having joined evebrows; being joined (the same); any animal yoked together with another; a rope with which two animals are joined together; a leathern quiver; an arrow and a sword; name of the father of a tribe.

قرناه 🛦 qarnā', Horned (ewe); any verse of the Qur'an read at every rak'at or inclination of the body; — quranā' (pl. of garin), Companions, equals, peers.

qirnās, qurnās, A part of a mountain projecting like a nose; having pro-

jecting sides (a she-camel).

qurnās, A knave, villain, scoundrel, قرناس cheat, a man of the worst description; a piup to his own wife, a cuckold.

arnān, A cuckold, cornuto; one قرنان ه who allows another to share in his wife's

favours.

ورناي qar-nāy, A flute, trumpet.

qurumbād, Wild caraway-seeds.

arambīq, An alembic; a still. قرنبيق ▲ qurnat, The extremity, projecting

part, or horn of a thing (as of a spear or mountain); the point of a spear; the edge of a sword; a corner, angle.

garanjak, The nightmare. قرجك

a قرنقل qaranful (G. καρυόφυλλον), A clove; a gilly-flower;—qaranfuli bustānī, A kind of sweet basil.

garanfül, A clove. قرنطول g a

qarnuwat, A herb growing in the قرارة A clefts of sand-hills useful in tanning.

a قرنوى qarnawī, Tanned with the herb qarnuwat (a leathern bottle).

a قرنى qaranī, One whose eyebrows join. a ترنيطس qarnītus, Intellect, mind, under standing.

qarw, A tumour in the scrotum; the

lower part of the trunk of a tree hollowed out, and serving as a trough or wash-tub; a cup or small vessel; mode, manner; rule, regulation, institution; -qarw, qirw, qurw, A vessel from which a dog laps water or food; -quru' (pl. of "), Catamenia; purifications; times, seasons; the last consonants in a verse with which all the other verses rhyme.

qirwāt, A large boat; one of seven

towns on the Caspian Sea.

qarwat, A tumour in the scrotum from wind, rupture, or hydrocele.

وقرأ قروت qurūt, Dried curds (see قروت). quruti shudani mu'amala, قروكي هدن معامله

Confusion, jumble of business.

A ترع qurūḥ (v.n. of قرع), Having the teeth completely grown (solid-hoofed animals); (pl. of qarh), Ulcers, sores;—zū'lquruh, The surname of Imru'l-qais, an Arabian prince and famous poet, author of one of the seven celebrated Arabian poems called سعلقات q.v.

arūd (pl. of qird), Apes.

qarūr, (A woman) who stands still فرود A without offering resistance to a man who kisses (her); cold water;—qurūr (v.n. of قر), Being cool, bright, cheerful (the eye); being charmed by the sight of a beloved object (the same).

مرض م qurūz (pl. of qarz), Debts. qurut (pl. of qurt), Ear-rings.

qarū', A well dug from the summit to the bottom of a mountain; a well of little water.

garūf, Insolent, pugnacious.

м قروى qurūq, Confiscation; prohibition, especially of entering a royal court; a king's strictest privacy.

m قرتهى qurūqchī, A sentinel placed at the entrance of the women's apartments.

qurūqmishī kardan, Declaring قروقمشي كردن a state of confiscation, or prohibition.

qurūl, Coral. قرول

قرولى qarūlī, A dnty on game, fish, &c. qurūm, A stone of seven colours.

qurum (pl. of qarm), Excellent

stallion camels; princes.

• out garun, Who eats two dates or two mouthfuls at once; (a camel) having the two fore and the two hind dugs close together; one kneeling on both knees at once; a camel that collects milk in the udder between two milkings; (a horse) placing the hind feet in the footsteps of the fore-feet; a beast soon sweating;qurun (pl. of qarn), Horns; ages; small hills; - qurunu 's-sumbul, A poisonous plant found amongst Indian spikenard.

_ *qarūnat*, The soul.

q.v.), A ball, a کردهه quroha (for کردهه globular substance.

a قروى qarawi, A citizen, townsman, villager.

a قرة بكرة qarra baqarra (for قرة بقرة , At intervals (m.c.).

T قرة چى qara-chī, A gipsy.

qarah sunqur, Name of a bird قرة سنقر A of prey (see قرأ سنقر).

 \mathbf{r} قرا قوش qara- $qar{u}sh$, قرا قوش $\mathbf{q}.\mathbf{v}$.

ary (v.n.), Following, pursuing; قرى ▲ reading; —qary, qará (v.n.), Drawing water (into a reservoir); —qará, The back; a oumpkin; - qirá (v.n.), Receiving hospitality; hospitality; water collected in a reservoir; qurá (pl. of qaryat), Villages, small towns; [ahli qura, Villagers, peasants; townsmen;] - qurrá, Evil, misfortune befalling after due precautions had been taken; water in a desert; -qariy, qarī, A canal, aqueduct; a stream let into a sown field; thick milk not yet churned; -quriy, quri (pl. of qarw), Cups, small vessels; vessels from which dogs eat and drink; lower parts of palm-trunks.

مريان A تريان qaryān (pl. of qarīy), Canals,

aqueducts.

a قريب qarīb (siug. and plur.), Near, in point of time, place, or connection; a relation, kinsmau; nearly, hard by, with, in one's possession; [qarību 'l-ikhtitām, On the point of completion; near the end or close; -qarību 'l-fahm (qiyās), Within the reach of understanding or conception; conceivable, intelligible, reasonable, presumable; -qaribu 'L-wuqu', Impending, imminent; — qarīb ba-sar-ḥaddi i'jāz, Almost marvellous: -qaribi marg, On the point of death, dying;]—quraib, Surname of several noted men.

arīb-an, Nearly, approximately; قريبات close upon, about.

a قريب قريب وريب arib-qarīb, Closely; approximately.

a قريبة garība, A female relation.

مَرِيةٌ qaryat, qiryat, A village; town, city; [qaryatu 'l-anṣar, Madina, the town of Muhammad's allies; — al-qaryatain, Mecca and Tā'if;]—qarīyat, A notched piece of wood, into which slides the head of the pole which supports the tent; the yard of a sail; an ant-hill; -qirriyat, The crop of a bird.

qarīṣā', قريشاء ۾ qarīṣā, An excellent sort of date.

qarih, Wounded, covered with ulcers; clear, limpid water; pure, incorrupt, unmixed ;—qirrih, Ulcerated.

qarīḥīyat, قرحيت qarrīḥat, qarrīḥa, قرحية Water gushing from a well; nature, genius; anything to which the mind has a peculiar bias; the first or beginning of anything.

awraid (dim. of qird), A little ape. garrir, A kind of silk; abstinence, chastity; abstemious, chaste, upright; shunning, aversion.

arīr (v.n. of قرير), Ceasing to cackle (a hen); hissing (a serpent); cold. cool;

-garīru 'l-'ain, Whose eye is cool, happy, cheerful.

T قرير qurīr, Price, value.

arīrat, Cold, chearful (eye). قريرة ▲

qarīs, Cold; — intense (cold); frozen (water); jelly of fish; old, ancient.

qarīsh, Strong (camel) ;—quraish قريش ه (dim. of qarash), A small shark; name of a tribe in Arabia, of which Muhammad's grandfather, 'Abdu 'l-muttalib, was the

a قريشي quraishī, Of the tribe of Quraish. قريص ه qarīs, Meat or fish eaten with bread; a by-dish;—qurrais, A nettle; a ship's anchor.

qarīz, Verse, poetry; that which a camel brings up when chewing the cud;

a قريطة quraizat, A Jewish tribe at Khaibar.

qarī'at, qarī'a, fem. قريع aqarī'at, qarī'a, Choice, excellent; a prince, chief, leader; a messmate; an antagonist at play; a camel stallion; a camel's colt affected with the pustules qara' (see &;); [qarī'u 'd-dahr, The hero of the age;]—qirri', A prince, leader of the people.

qirīm, The Crimea (m.c.). quruq, q.v. قريق quriq, q.v.

qarin, Connected, jointed, next, allied; contiguous, adjoining; related, adhering; tied with the same rope; a friend, companion, associate; an equal, contemporary, coeval; a demon indissolubly connected with a man; one who combines the greater and lesser pilgrimage; soul, body, self; qarīnu 'l-qabūl, Acceptable, agreeable; -qarinu'l-'aql, Intelligible, reasonable; - qarīnu 'l-wuqū', Imminent, impending;—qarini qabūl shudan, To take well, to approve; -qarini maslahat, Advisable, expedient; - 'izzat-qarīn, Honourable, magnificent, illustrious.

مرينان A مرينان qarīnāni, Abū Bakr and Talhat (because tied together by one rope).

arīnat, qarīna, A female friend, قرينة ه a wife; a mistress; context; conjecture, analogy; mode, manner; the soul; adversity; a disease of the eye.

a قريه qarya, A village; a town (see A.

.(قرية

a قريي qarayī, A villager; a townsman.

وكثر and كنج qaz, Raw silk (see قر

qazz (v.n.), Refusing, disliking; being distressed; leaping, springing, preparing to leap; (from P.) raw silk, a silken garment; -qazz, qizz, quzz, One who abstains from everything impure or base; -quzz, Aversion to anything impure, cleanliness.

a عزاع quzāḥ, A disease incident to sheep; -quzzāh, A dealer in onions or seasoning-

herbs (qizh, qazh).

مزاز A large dragon; short serpents; -qazzāz, A silk-merchant, spinner, or weaver; -quzzāz, Free from impurity; one who shuns vices.

r قزال qazzāq, A partisan; a light-armed soldier; a highway robber; a cossack;qazzāqi ajal, The angel of death.

t مراتانه qazzāqāna, By way of incursion,

of guerilla warfare, &c.

t قرائى باهى qazzāq-bāshī, A hetman of cossacks.

t قراتي qazzāqī, A military incursion, guerilla warfare, freebooting, brigandage.

gazāgand, تراكند a قزاغند qază<u>gh</u>and, quz-agang, A garment quilted with silk or cotton, and either worn in battle by itself or under the armour; a quilt; bedding; night-garments.

אַ קוֹאַ qizām, Vile, base persons; —quzām, Dexterous; excelled by none; sudden

death.

qazāwa, A camel-litter for long journeys.

azb, Much coition;—qizb, A title,

style; -qazab, Hardness; strength; severity.

qazbin, A city in Persian Iraq (see

قريمنى quzbīnī, A copper coin worth five

قرح ۸ مروز qazḥ (v.n. of قرح ۸), Seasoning (a pot) with herbs and the like; being high; height, elevation; making water (a dog); a dog's urine; -qizh, The excrements of a serpent; -qizh, qazh, Onions or other seasonings for victuals; also their seeds; -quzah, An angel in whose charge the clouds are given; name of a mountain near Muzdalifah; also of a Persian king;—qausi quzah. The rainbow.

A ونرح qazaḥān (v.n. of قزمان), Dropping

its liquor (a pot).

quzhat, A blending of the colours قزهة yellow, red, and green.

تردار qazdār, Name of a city in Hindustān.

azdīr, Tin, pewter. قردير 🛦 قردير

azaz, Elegant, polite, clever, witty; one who shuns vice.

qazi, The root of a certain thorny قزط

 $\operatorname{shrub} (= \mathbf{e}, \mathbf{v}.).$

A قرع qaza', Bits of clouds; small camels; tufts or patches of hair left untouched when a boy's head is shaved; leaves, sticks, rubbish borne by a stream.

aza'at, One bit of a cloud; a bit وزعة ه of cloth, rag, or piece of a garment;quzza'at, A side-lock; a tuft left on a boy's

قرقان $quzgh\bar{a}n$, ترقان q.v.

quzghund, Seed of the pine, used in dressing leather.

qazqān, A cauldron.

T قول qizil, Red. تول اساس gizil-arslan, (red lion) Name of a celebrated king mentioned in the Bostān.

A نزل agazal (v.n.), Limping ungracefully, staggering; having thin, attenuated legs: a pompous and stately gait.

مَوْل qazalān (v.n. of قَوْل Leaping,

springing up; halting.

تزل باش qizil-bāsh, A kind of Mogul soldier. (The Qizil-bashes are considered to be the descendants of the captives given to Shaikh Haidar by Tamerlane; they wore. the red caps assumed by those captives as a mark of distinction, and are considered as the best troops of the Persian armies; in Turkish the word has become a name of abuse, especially applied to Persians.)

t نزلمه qiziljih (should probably read وراجة qualcha, as dim. of قبل qualcha, as dim. of وراجة

gold coin; a red pustule, a bug.

غزم A عرض qazm (v.n.), Accusing, reproaching; -qazam (v.n.), Having a small body; smallness of body; meanness of disposition; anything worthless :- qazim, quzum, qazam, Small, mean, worthless, useless;—quzum, Mean, worthless (men).

مَوْرِع quzū' (v.n. of وَرَع), Being quick, nimble; flying swiftly (a deer); being

slow, going gently.

qaza, A narrow strip of cloth worn by poor people about the waist (see قيرة).

qazwīn, A city in Persian Iraq.

qazwīnī, A native or inhabitant of Qazwin; (met.) stupid, silly; a fool; a catamite; -qazwīnī shudan, To fly into a passion, to be irascible.

a قزي qazzī, Made of silk, silken. A مُعين qazī'at, A side-lock; a tuft of hair left untouched when shaving a boy's

نون qazīn, Anything made of silk, silken,

qazhāwa, A camel-litter for long journeys.

توله qazhala, A magpie (see توله).

qizhih, Anything impure, filthy, nasty.

qazhīl, Mulberry. نوبل

qass (v.n.), Slandering, detracting, hurting with foul language; feeding by herself (a she-camel); seeking, desiring, pursuing, prosecuting; a camel-keeper who never quits his herd; hoar-frost, rime; name of a town in Egypt where fine cloth is made; -qass, qiss, A presbyter; a bishop; -qiss, quss (v.n.), Seeking, desiring, pursuing ;-ques, Name of Christian bishop of Najran, contemporary of Muhammad, and proverbial for eloquence.

مدا هدا م qis (imp. of qais) 'alá hāzā, Take measurement or make your conclusions from this, from whence the rest may be inferred, and so on, in proportion (m.c.).

gasā, Cassia of Arabia.

قساه م gasā' (v.n. of قساه), Being hard, unfeeling (the heart); being coined of hard and bad silver (money);—qisā' (v.n. 3 of قسو), Becoming callous with regard to any evil, and enduring it with all its consequences;—qusā', Name of a mountain.

وساق م gusāt (pl. of qāsī), Hard.
م تسام qusās, Name of a mountain in Yaman where cornelian is found;—alqusās, Iron-mines in Armenia (from the produce of which excellent swords are made).

a نساسى qusāsī, Made of the iron of Al-

kusās (a sword, &c.).

gusālāwan (Gr. πισσέλαιον), Oil of

pitch.

aasām, Beauty; intenseness of heat, sultry afternoon-heat; the hour of sunrise; -- qisām (v.n. 3 of قسم), Dividing with another; swearing, declaring on oath;gassām, A distributor, divider, partitioner.

asāmat (v.n. of قسامة , Being handsome; beauty; the administration of an oath; a truce between Moslems and infidels; a party testifying on oath; -quedmat, Alms; that which a distributor takes

for himself.

ية و qasāwat (v.n. of قساوة م qasāwat (v.n. of (the heart); being coined of bad silver or clipped (money); hardness of heart; hardship, calamity; grief, melancholy, pain, anxiety; stinginess.

asāwisat (pl. of qiesīs), Pres-

مسب asb, Hard and ugly; a dry date which crumbles in the mouth (= برهوم q.v.). مرهوم qusband (from P. گوسیند A

sheep.

asah, A continuous priapism.

قسر A قسر qasr (v.n.), Compelling; compulsion; violence.

a قسرى qasrī, Forcible, violent, compulsive.

ast (v.n.), Being unjust; dispersing, separating, scattering; -qiet (v.n.), Appointing what is just, administering justice; division; a portion, share; an instalment; a stipend, salary, pension; a tax; a pair of scales, a balance; --qist, quet, a measure, = half a $s\tilde{a}$ or the sixth part of a faraq (see خرق and فرق); a jug used in ablutions; [qisti aufá, A full share;—qisti mubādala, Commutative justice;]—quet, The costus, a shrub whose root is used medicinally; stiffness of the neck; a straight formation of a horse's hind-legs (considered a blemish, a degree of curvature being esteemed).

qista, qusta, Name of the son of Luke (لوتا), who, father and son, were eminent physicians; according to others, the title of a book written by Luke on the

worship of fire.

aistār, A banker, money-changer; قسطار A

clever, clear-sighted.

qistās, qustās, A balance, a pair قسطاس of scales; a just balance.

quetat, Name of a city on the confines of Rum.

a قسط بندي qist-bandī, An obligation for the discharge of a debt by instalments; a settlement by instalments.

aastar, A banker, money-changer.

A قسطره qastarat (v.n. of قسطره), Separating good from bad coin; money-changing.

a قسطري qastarī, Able to distinguish good

money from bad.

que que (Gr. κόστος), The shrub costus.

a قسط کار و qist-kār, One who pays (revenue or a debt, &c.) by instalments.

qustul, A chesnut.

quetanti-قسطنطنية quetantiina, قسطنطينة

nīya, Constantinople.

qustantine; Constantine; Constantinople; according to others, the title of Luke's book on the worship of fire.

a مسطوار qist-wār, By instalment. مسطوار qustūra, قسطوره qustūriyūn, Castor.

a قسطه qista, Stated payment, instalment of rent.

a فسطير qistir, Tin, pewter.

aastīlīyat, qastīlīya, Castile in تسطيلية

Spain.

qasm (v.n.), Dividing; observing a turn or time (especially in visiting one's wives); scattering, dispersing; measuring, disposing, arranging; apportioning; a gift, a present; division, partition; judgment, opinion; doubt, irresolution; [qasm kardan, To divide, to make a partition amongst others; to make a measure conform to its just standard; to expend, dispose of; to begin (a business); hasātu 'l-qasm, Pebbles of equal number or stones of the same size put into a jar when water is scarce on a journey, so as to make an equitable distribution;]-qism, Part, portion, division; kind, sort, species; nature; way, manner; -[chi qism, In what manner? how?-qismi wāfī, Complete manner, perfection; —dū-qism, Two-fold; two sorts;]—qusm (pl. of qasīm), Handsome, beautiful;qasam, An oath; beauty; -- qasam bi'llah kardan, To take God to witness, to swear by God; -- qasam khwurdan, To swear.

A ausama' (pl. of qasim), Coparceners.

a قسماقسمي qasmā-qasmī (for qasam-āqasamī), Swearing both parties; mutual asseveration, swearing on both sides.

a distribution; distribution : partition of inheritance; lot, share; fate, destiny, decree of God; fortune; a perfume-phial; a druggist's tray; [qismat kardan, To distribute; to discern, foresee:] -qasamat, qasama, The face (especially between the cheeks and nose; beauty; a druggist's phial or perfume-box; a market.

a بازی) qismat-āzmā'i (قسمت آزماگی bāzī), Trying one's fortune or luck.

qismat-khwur, Who enjoys a قسمت خور part (of the empire), a governor; who enjoys his daily portion.

a قسمت نامه qismat-nama, A deed of

partition.

a jism-war, According to the sort or kind of; according to shares; classed, classified.

a قسمى qasamī, Sworn; on oath; bound by oath.

ausantīnīyat, qusantīnīya, Con- تسنطينية م stantine in Africa.

asnī, Galbanum. قسنى ٨ قسنى

qasw (v.n.), Becoming hard (the heart); being coined of bad silver or clipped (money).

qasūb, A boot;—qusūb (v.n. of

تسب), Being hard.

A أنسب qusubat (v.n. of نسبه), Being hard.

وتسوة qaswat (v.n. of قسوة , Being hard (the heart); being bad or clipt (money).

A قسم qusūḥat (v.n. of قسوحة , Being

hard; having a priapism.

aswarat (v.n. of قسورة), Growing luxuriantly (plants); being old (a man); a lion; glorious, powerful; a buzz or low noise of men.

qasūs, A she-camel pasturing قسومي ه alone; a vicious camel; a camel whose milk begins to diminish;—qusūs (G. κισσος), Ivy; (pl. of qass), Presbyters.

A قسوسة quseusat, The sacerdotal office.

a ينسوط qusut (v.n. of قسوط , Being unjust; being formed perpendicularly (the hindlegs of a horse); distributing, dispersing, separating; deviating from the truth.

queulidus (G. φυσαλίς), Night-

shade (= کاکنع q.v.). a قسوي queawī, Belonging to a bow. a قسي qasī, Hard; of bad silver (coin); severe (cold, &c.) ;-qisī, qusī (pl. of qaus), Bows.

A قسيان qisyān (pl. of qasī), Spurious

(coins).

مسب qasīb, Running water; sound (of running water).

qissis, Christian priest, a presbyter, a bishop; a learned man.

A august qissisat, The sacerdotal office.

qissīsīyat, The rank of presbyter.

g تسيطوس qisīṭūs, Verdigris, rust.

a و عنيم agasīm, Beautiful, handsome; a side or a half; a coparcener; (pl. of qism) portions; -- qasīmu 'l-wajh, Comely-faced.

asimat, A perfume-box; a druggist's or perfumer's tray; an oath.

qasīn, Whose hands are hard from work; name of a place.

qash, Alike, resembling; a friend. qashsh (v.n.), Becoming fat after having been lean; a bad species of palmtree: a large-bucket.

A & qashābat, Whiteness, brightness,

purity.

a solution quehādat, Sediment of melted butter cooked with barley-meal and dates.

qishār, A hard stick; a man with a long beard.

qushāsār, The name of a place ;— milhi kushāsārī, Salt from Kushāsār.

م نشاع qushāsh, A thing picked up; fragments;—qashshāsh, A mendicant, one who collects and eats scraps.

A blas qishat, The removal of a veil, curtain, or covering; denudation; disclosing,

making known. (See کشاط.)

qashā'ir (pl. of muqsha'irr), Trembling with horror; (men) whose hair stands on end.

on end.

A distance qualid habit; being sun-burnt, tanned; having the face discoloured or affected by distemper, disease, or poverty of living.

gashāq, Palma Christi, castor.

** qashb (v.n.), Mixing; giving poison; shaming, putting to the blush; reproaching, defaming, calumniating; acquiring praise or censure; polishing (a sword); rendering insane or stupid; — qashb, qishb, qashab, Poison, venom; a kind of plant;—qishb, Soul, spirit; rust.

qishzat, Sediment of butter dressed with meal and dates.

A jashr (v.n.), Being unfortunate; bringing bad luck; unbarking, peeling; name of a mountain;—qishr, Bark, skin, husk, peel; a garment; [qishru'l-baizat, An egg-shell;]—qushr, qishr, A certain fish a span long;—qashir, A date or any other fruit enveloped in several husks or peels.

a alpas quehrā' (fem. of aqehar), Stripped of the outward bark, peeled, excoriated; a

make that has cast his slough.

A قبرة qishrat, Any covering, natural or accidental; a shell, husk, scale, skin, bark, cuticle, crust; a decoction made from the skin of the coffee-bean;—qusharat, qushara, Unlucky.

making known; skinning (a camel); striking with a stick, giving the bastinado.

scattering, dispersing (as the wind dispels clouds); a scattered cloud; a dry skin or leathern bottle; a tent made of skins;—qish', qush', Rubbish of baths; a vanishing cloud;—qasha' (v.n.), Being light;—qashi', Inconstant, fickle; dry;—qisha' (pl. of qash' or qish'at), Dry skins.

qusha rirat, Horror making the hair stand erect; the trembling of a fever

or ague.

ash'am, A rapacious lion.

A قشف qashf, qashaf (v.n.), Being squalid from poverty; being sun-burnt or having the face discoloured by distemper or penury; squalor or scurf; — qashif, Sun-burnt; squalid; poverty-stricken.

the Hindus make on their foreheads; a mark on the forehead of a horse (m.c.);—qashqa kashīdan, To mark the face (as the Hindus), a ceremony used by the Marhattas

at the installation of their chief.

a وتشم vs.hm (v.n.), Eating the best and leaving the worst of anything; picking, choosing; sifting, winnowing; dying;—qishm, Nature; the body, habit of body; a narrow channel in a valley;—qushm, Withered fruit of dwarf palm-trees;—qasham, Dates beginning to ripen, being then white and sweet.

ī بنائق qishlaq, تشلاق qishlaq, قشلا qishlaq, A warm place where kings, &c., pass the

winter; winter-quarters.

aishmish, Dried grapes or currants. قشخت qashang, Elegant, handsome, nicely fitted up (m.c.).

qashangī, Elegance, nicety, good تشنگی

taste (m.c.).

ashwar, A woman not subject to menstruation;—qashūr, A drug rubbed on the face in order to make the complexion clear;—qushūr (pl. of qishr), Barks, skins, peels, husks; garments.

qushū' (pl. of qash'), Tents made

of skin.

quehūm (pl. of qishm), Channels through which water passes into a reservoir.

T τους qushūn, A body, company, troop; an army; a soldier; military station;—qushūni charīk (for sharīk), Auxiliary troops (m.c.);—qushūni ḥāzir-rikāb, Standing army (m.c.).

A منه qashīb, A new garment; old, worn out; bright, newly-polished (sword); rusty (the same); name of a castle in Yaman.

qushair, Name of the father of a tribe of the Banu Hawazin.

a مشيش qashish, Anything picked up here and there; scrapings; the sound of the skin of a serpent in motion.

aashī', Scattered (forage).

م معلق qashif, Scantily, coarsely fed or clad.

a تشيم qashīm, Withered fruit of the

dwarf palm-tree.

أتص qass (v.n. of تص), Following (the footsteps of another); shaving, shearing, paring the nails; cutting (the hair); clipping the wings of a bird; bringing one near to death's door; being on the point of death; appearing to be with young by refusing the male (mares or sheep); explaining, narrating, imparting information; the

breast, especially the top or middle of it;

ماه qaṣā' (v.n. of تصو), Being far distant; a court before a house; remote (ancestry); distance; a region, tract, country.

qiṣāb, Mounds erected to save a wall or house from being undermined by torrents; -qassāb, A blower of a flute or a pipe; a butcher; —qussāb (pl. of qussābat),

Flutes, pipes.

aiṣābat, The art of playing the flute; - qassabat, The part between the joints or knots of a cane or hollow stalk; a pipe; slanderous, malevolent;—qussābat, A lock of hair; a tube, spout, syphon; a flute, pipe, psaltery; cane-root.

a هاب عاله qassāb-khāna, A butcher's

shop, a butchery (m.c.).

a تماب هكن qaṣṣāb-shikan, A wrestler's trick by which he throws his adversary to the ground.

qaṣābak, Name of a bird generally

found on the banks of rivers.

a تمانة qaṣāba, A handkerchief tied round the head (worn by women principally).

a تمايي qaṣṣābī, The trade of a butcher. asṣṣābīyat, A duty payable on تصابية ه

hides. auṣṣād (pl. of qāṣid), Messengers,

couriers, postmen, cossids.

aṣār, Slothfulness, worthlessness; a piece of iron; -qaṣār, quṣār, End, termination; ultimate end, final object;—qiṣār, A mark impressed on the necks of cattle; a clipping or a shortness of hair; bleaching; (pl. of qaṣīr) short (things or persons); $qass\bar{a}r$, A fuller, a cleaner of clothes.

مارة م qaṣārat (v.n. of تصر), Being short, shortness; — qiṣārat, The fuller's trade; (pl. of qaṣīrat) short (women); — quṣārat A cabinet or closet for privacy or retirement; -quṣāratu'l-arz, A small quantity of ground, fifty cubits or upwards of the most

productive soil.

guṣārá, End, extremity; the last or utmost effort, final aim; strong desire.

qaṣāṣ, A certain tree from which bees extract a particular kind of honey; qaṣāṣ, qiṣāṣ, quṣāṣ, The part before or behind where the growth of the hair finishes; the meeting-place of the baunches; -qisās, Law of retaliation, revenge for homicide; retribution, reproof, correction: (pl. of qass) breasts; (pl. of qassat) particles of plaster; (pl. of quisat) forelocks; [qisas kardan, To retaliate; to punish, correct, chastise;]quṣāṣ, The termination of the back of the head; name of a mountain; quesas, Relators, narrators.

al-parings. نمامة م quṣāṣat, Nail-parings.

aiṣā' (pl. of qaṣ'at), Dishes, plates.

apā'at (v.n. of تسع), Growing slowly (a boy).

a نماعی qiṣā'i, A maker or vendor of dishes.

ausālat, Chaff, winnowings.

aaṣā'ib (pl. of qaṣībat), Curled تمالب ه locks.

aṣā'id (pl. of qaṣīdat), Poems, elegies.

a تمائدات qaṣā'idāt (pl. of the preceding

pl.), Poems, odes, elegies.

a قصت qasb (v.n.), Cutting; cutting a sheep into joints (a butcher); interrupting a camel when drinking; accusing, blaming, reproaching;—qusb, An intestine; a musical string made of gut; the hypochondria; qasab, A reed, or anything similarly hollow (as a bone, tube, &c.); the windpipe; the bones of the fingers; a finger; lachrymal ducts; tubes, water-pipes, canals; a fine linen-cloth made in Egypt, muslin; a brilliant pearl; a brilliant emerald set with rubies; a citadel;—qaṣabu 'l-ḥā'ik, A weaver's reed;—qaṣabu 'l-ḥabīb, A friendly pen; sugar-cane; — qasabu 'z-zarīra, Worm-seed plant, chiretta-root; — qaşabu 's-sabq, The reed of excellence (phrase taken from an Arab custom of planting a reed in the ground for which two horsemen race, trying who can first tear it out and throw it in front of him); -qasab bastan, To dress in fine linen;—qasabi bawa, Calamus aromaticus ;—qaşabi sih-dāmanī, A torn garment; the sea; —qaşabi mişrī, Fine linen of Egypt; rays of the sun; lightning.

a تمبات qaṣbāt (for qaṣabāt, pl. of qaṣabat),

Towns; large villages.

a قصباتي qaşbātī, Of or helonging to a large village or town; rustic; boorish; a villager; a townsmau.

a تمب يوهي qaṣab-poshī, The being

dressed in or wearing fine linen.

aṣabat, qaṣaba, A large village, a قصبة ه small town (well inhabited); a township; a reed; a bone; anything hollow made of gold or silver, as an ear-ring, &c.; -qaşabatu 'ri'at, The windpipe; -qaṣaba'i ṣughrá, Fibula (anat.); — qasaba'i kubrá, Tibia (anat.).

qaşbak, A snail.

aṣbūr, Coriander. قصبور A

a قصبي qaṣabe, One piece of qaṣab cloth

q.v. under تعب أ

aiṣṣat, qiṣṣa, A thing, affair, business, condition, accident; case, suit-at-law; history; a tale, fable, apologue, or theme;

qussat, Forelocks.

asd (v.n.), Intending, proposing to oneself; breaking, splitting (wood); keeping the (right) middle path; being in a middle state (neither one nor the other of two opposite qualities); making a present to a poet in acknowledgment of an eulogistic poem; intention, design, resolution, determination; scope, view, project, purpose; desire, wish, will; inclination; [quid kardan (namūdan), To aim at, pursue, make for; to make an attempt against another's life or honour;—qaṣdi kase kardan, To wage war against;—qaṣdi muṣammam, A fixed resolution, firm intention;]—qaṣad, A species of thorn, of which the rod of Moses is said to have been made; a soft twig of the same; hunger; a leaf of the tree 'izāh in the autumn;—qaṣid, Broken (spear);—qiṣad (pl. of qiṣdat), Fragments.

A تصدا qaşd-an, Deliberately, expressly,

intentionally, on purpose.

qaşdār, Name of a country.

qişdat, A fragment;—qaşadat, The first appearance of buds on a thorny tree.

a تصدير aqaşdīr, Tin.

aaşr (v.n.), Approaching, beginning, drawing in (evening), growing dark; diminishing, shortening; restraining; beating, washing clothes (a fuller); confining, imprisoning; dropping or drawing aside her veil (a woman); shortening the ceremony of prayer by performing only two instead of four inclinations; shortness, lowness of stature; brevity (of speech); evening twilight; a castle, citadel, palace, villa, any imposing building or structure; [qasri hisāb, A mercantile firm, a banking or counting house; -qaṣri duwāzdahdari, The eighth heaven, i.e. of the zodiac; -qaṣri rafī'i saltanat, The sublime palace, the principality, or kingdom; -qaşri sharlot, Charlotten burg near Berlin (m.c.); qaşri shāhī, A royal palace; — kaṣri shīrīn, A palace on Mount Bistun, where a statue of Shirin, by Farhad, was to be seen, or according to others, built by the order of Shirin; —qasri qaisar, The palace of Cæsar, the imperial palace; -qasri wujud, Palace of existence, i.e. the world;]-qasar (v.n. of قمر), Suffering from a crick in the neck; roots of palm-trees, or trees in general; remains of roots; weakness, negligence; necks or roots of them ;-qasir, Troubled with a stiff neck;—qisar, Brevity, shortness; lowness of stature.

asr-an, In the evening.

مُوراً مُوراً مِرَاهُ مِ $qasr\bar{a}'$ (fem. of aqsar), Pained in the neck;— $qusar\bar{a}$ (pl. of $qas\bar{r}r$), Short.

a sparat, qaṣra, The hack of the neck; —quṣrat, Shortness, brevity; — qaṣarat, qaṣara, A bride's bed-chamber; the neck or its root; a smith's hammer; also his anvil; slothfulness, torpor.

A قمرى quṣrá, A short rib.

a قمرى qaṣrī, Noble, patrician.

A تصریان querayan, تصریان querayain (du.), the two shortest ribs.

مص quṣaṣ (v.n. of مَصّ). Following, tracking footsteps; explaining, narrating; relation, exposition; history, speech;—qiṣaṣ (pl. of qiṣṣat), Histories, tales, stories, fables; [qiṣaṣi pur hiṣaṣ), Instructive histories;]—quṣaṣ (pl. of quṣat), Forelocks.

A مطامن quṣṭās, qiṣṭās, A balance, scales. مطامن qaṣṭal, A castle, a fort; dust.

A a qaş' (v.n.), Chewing the cud; masticating well, biting hard; killing between the nails (a louse, &c.); stunting growth; striking on the crown of the head with the palm of the hand; despising, disparaging, treating with contempt; quenching the thirst (water); gulping draughts of water;—qaṣa' (v.n.), Not growing in proportion to age (a boy);—qaṣi', (A boy) stunted in growth;—qiṣa' (pl. of qaṣ'at), Dishes, plates, saucers.

معة qas'at, A dish, plate, saucer; the bason or scale of a balance; a box, a casket;—qus'at, The foreskin drawn back;—

qus'at, The hole of the jerboa.

A case quest (v.n.), (A gale of wind) breaking, dashing to pieces (a ship); blowing with a loud noise; thundering; playing; anything ludicrous, play, game; clapping the hands;—quest (v.n.), Being soon broken down from rottenness (a tree); being broken in the midst (a tooth);—quest, Weak, infirm (man); broken in two halves; rent, split, broken down; limber.

ausfān (pl. of qasfat), Sand-hills. وَمَعْلَمُ qasfat, A hill or tumulus of sand broken off from the mass; the step of a

stair or ladder.

قمقص ي gasqas, The place on the breast where hairs grow; sound, voice;—qusqus, Thick and short.

قصل ه qaşl (v.n.), Cutting; beheading; treading out (wheat);—qaşl, qişl, qaşal, Chaff;—qişl, A herd of camels (from ten to

forty); name of a place.

A pass qasm (v.n.), Breaking so that the parts separate; returning to a place from whence one came;—qusam, A fracture with separation of parts; a fracture in the front teeth;—qasim, Easily broken;—qusam, One who breaks whatever he touches;—qusum (pl. of qasīmat), Places producing the plant ghazā.

asmat, The step of a stair or of a ladder; a splinter of the wood miswāk for rubbiug the teeth;—qasmat, qismat, qusmat,

A fragment.

A قصمل qaşmalat (v.n. of قصمل), Breaking, cutting; taking short steps; throwing prostrate; eating up everything.

مَّ qaṣw, qnṣūw (v.n.), Being far distant (place); retiring a great way from

one's friends.

a نصب qusūb (v.n. of قصب), Leaving off drinking before thirst is quenched (camel).

evening; doing anything then; falling in price; becoming dear; falling short, failing; defect, default, deficiency; inaccuracy, incorrectness; error, sin, fault; an allowance or premium in the exchange of rupees (Indian term); (pl. of qasr), palaces, villas,

castles; -quaur kardan. To fail, neglect, omit.

🛦 تمورة qaṣūrat, qaṣūra, A closet ; a bride's bed-chamber; (a woman) closely confined.

quşürwar, At قموروار ,quşürmand قمورمند a fault; to blame; blameworthy.

auşwá (fem of aqşá), Farthest dis-

tant, remotest; a remote extremity.

a قمة qişşa, A thing, affair, business, negociation; history, tale, romance, fable, apologue, narration; pudenda; — qissa dādan. To celate; — qissa dirāz kardan, To talk much, or at random; -qissa kotah (kotah, mukhtasar), To make short of the story;—al-gissa, On the whole, to sum up all (see A. تصة).

a قمه خوان qişşa-khwan, قمه خوان qişşa-guzar, qiesa-goy, A teller of stories, a nar-

rator, a moralist.

a موالى qişşa.khwani, Story-telling.

así (v.n.), Retiring far from one's قمى ه friends; distance; a country; side, direction; - qasī, Remote, distant (place);queat, Name of a man.

auşyá (fem. of aqşá), Distant, remote; a remote extremity; the side of a

gaşībat, A lock of hair twisted but not plaited; a tube, spout, syphon; the part between two joints of a cane.

ميد م qaṣid, Broken (spear); marrow; dried meat; a fragment of a poem exceed-

ing three couplets.

qaṣidat, qaṣida, A poem, or elegy قميدة ه being a kind of longer ahazal (which latter seldom exceeds thirteen, but never eighteen distichs); au ode; a staff, rod; a fat she-camel.

qaṣīr, Short; (a horse) kept in the stable (on account of its value and excellence); [qasīru 'n-nasab, One whose pedigree is known on mentioning his father without the need of mentioning his grandfather;]—quşair, Name of a town on the western shore of the Red Sea; also of a village near Damascus; also of an island inhabited by the abdal (see ابدال p. 5).

qaṣīrat, qaṣīra, Closely-confined قمورة ا

(woman); short (woman).

qaşirat-an, In the nearest degree تعبرة" ه of kin.

qusaira, The lowest rib of the side; the lower part of the neck; the rib nearest the hypochondria, and the one nearest the collar-bone.

qaşiş, The place on the breast where the bairs grow; sound, voice.

م أميمة qaṣiṣat, qaṣiṣa, A history, fable, tale, story.

م تميع qaşī', A dwarfish lad. معيم quṣai'at (dim. of qaṣ'at), A small

dish, plate, or saucer.

aşif (v.n. of تمف), Being violent تميف ه (thunder, &o.); thundering; the grating

of a stallion's teeth; branches falling from a tree.

qaşimat, A sandy place producing تممعة ٨ the plant al-ghazā, or a mass of these plants.

azz (v.n.), Boring (pearls); deflowering (a virgin); hurting the teeth by champing gravel amongst one's victuals; having gravel mixed with it (food); a place rough with pebbles and inconvenient to

recline upon.

A La qaza, A decree, mandate, judgment; -qazā' (v.n. of تنى), Decreeing, appointing; pre-ordaining; commanding, enjoining; concluding, finishing, consummating; performing, creating, making; paying (a debt); decree, mandate, judgment; an act, deed; fate, destiny, predestination, fatality; death; accident, chance; making up for the omission of an appointed duty (as prayer, fast, &c.); prayer repeated at stated times; arrival, approach; [qazā shudan (gashtan), To be decreed, judged, determined, &c.; -qazā 'inda 'l-lāh (li 'llah), Providentially; by chance; it so happened that ; -qazā kardan, To judge, determine; to make up for any former omission (as fasting afterwards, on account of a non-observance of Ramazan when sick or on a journey; -qaṣā u qadar (qadr), The decree existing in the Divine mind from all eternity, and the execution and declaration of the decree at the appointed time; the recording angels; -qazā'i hājat kardan, To go to the privy; - qaza'i shahwat kardan, To indulge one's lusts; -qaṣā'i 'umri, Repeating the prayers to make up for having omitted prayers in the former part of one's life; extra prayers;—qazā'i mubram (watr), Inevitable fate or misfortune; - qazā mumkin-ast, The remedy is possible, it may yet do ;-qaza'i nogahani, Sudden death, a fatal accident; -duyûni wājibu 'l-qazā, Debts necessary to be discharged; [-qizā (for 126), Food (m.c.);qazza', Rough to the touch, not yet rendered emooth by wearing (a coat of mail); fastened with nails (the same); camels (from thirty to forty); an aged man;qizzā' (v.n. 3 of تنبي), Performing, finishing, consummating.

لما ب qaṣṣāb, Sharp (sword).

a عنابة quzūbat, Loppings, cuttings of a tree; — qazzābat, Active in the management of business; sharp (sword).

a faz'at, quz'at, Corruption, sully,

tarnish, stain, defect, blemish.

The membrane , تفات , quṛāl, in P. which envelopes the head of a new-born babe, the caul; a circular building (unsupported by examples); (pl. of qazi) judges; -a'gami quzāti zamān, The greatest of the judges of the age.

a وابا توان qaṣā-tuwān, Powerful as fate.

al, Li gazā-rā. By fate, by chance, providentially.

qizāz (pl. of qizzat), Stones piled قداض ه one upon another.

م مُعاملة quzā'at, A beaver; name of the father of a tribe in Yaman.

منات aizāf (pl. of qazīf), Slender. منائم qazāfat (v.n. of نعائم, Being slender bodied; leanness.

qaşşāk (for qazsāq), A robber, cossack.

a عدا كار و qazā-kār, By divine decree; pro-

videntially; by chance; by fate. مَا يَعْنَا مُعْنَا مِ qazāyā (pl. of qazīyat), Commands; things done; disputes, quarrels, affairs, law-suits; philosophical propositions.

المالي يا qaṣā'i, Of fate, fatal (m.c.). معنف مع qaṣō (v.n.), Outting, lopping, pruning; striking with a switch or whip; any wide-spreading tree; branches lopped off to be converted into bows and arrows; a tree from which bows are made; green clover-grass; -quib, Young branches; (pl. of qaşib) sharp swords; -quşub (pl. of

qazib), Twigs, &c.

لعبان م quzban, qizban (pl. of qaşīb), Long and slender branches; yards (of men

or asses); unbroke camels.

B dis qizat, A sort of herb; a plant growing in soft ground; -queat, Vice, defect, blemish ;-qazzat, Bits of gravel; remains of anything; a small ball or clew of thread; a hillock; -quzat, qazzat, Small gravel; virginity; deflowering of a virgin; a gravelly or low sandy place; genus, kind, sort ; -quarat, Vice, defect, blemish.

المّن qaṣaṣ (v.n. of تمّن), Being rough with gravel and inconvenient to lie upon; gravel or bits of stone, making a place inconvenient for reclining upon; food mixed with gravel; - quair, Wheat mixed with gravel.

A dadi quarat, Corruption, vice, disgrace,

stain.

ع منا queaf, Small stones ;-- qazaf, qizaf, Slenderness, leanness.

▲ clus qizfan, quzfan (pl. of qazafat), Rough grounds; -quifan (pl. of quif),

Slendor, elim.

aarm '(v.n. of قدم), Esting with the fore-teeth, or unything dry; an action performed gradually and with ease; -quim, Cotton ;-qaşam (v.n.), Breaking, cutting ; being notched and broken at the edges, and black (teeth); a sword; (pl. of qarim) membranes, parchments to write upon ;gazim, Old and notched (sword).

airūn (pl. of qirat), Plants grow-

ing in soft ground.

الى A با qaşy (v.n.), Determining, predestinating, decreeing; judging, passing sentence;—qará, A bad sort of dried grape;—qari, ku qari'at, Botten from damp (cloth or leathern bottle); -qifa (pl. of qifat), Certain kinds of herb ;-qaziy, qazi, Death ; one who quickly decides; one who readily

لفيب ه qaṣib, Sharp (sword); a long slender branch or rod, a switch; a bow made of the branch of a tree; an elastic sword; a reed-lance; a soldier; yard (of a man or ass); an unbroke camel; name of a valley or river in Yaman; also of a man, who, having purchased a hamper of dates wherein 10,000 dirhams were hidden, was persuaded to restore it, and on discovering what treasure he had missed, killed himself with the knife which the seller had brought for his own destruction if unable to recover his property; hence: - alhaf min quzīb, More vexed at a loss than Qazib.

aaziyat, qaziya (v.n. of قمية هـ), Docreeing; predestinating; a thing, substance, action, fact; history, narrative; a declaration, proposition, decision, determination; a syllogism; quarrel, dispute, contention; news; message; - qaziya'i mashkur-asi, 1t is a celebrated story;—qaziya'i na-marziya,

An unworthy, displeasing action.

لفن qaşiş (v.n. of لفن), Cracking as if bursting .(girth, belt); the noise itself; large gravel.

. qaşif, Slender, slim لنجف ⊾

a منهم qazīm, A white skin or membrane on which to write; green-food for cattle; barley given to borses; a defect, blemish.

a مناع مناي مناي qaṣṣya-dallāl, Exciter of a

quarrel.

A Li qui, quii, Enough (see Li p. 935);-qat, qut, qatt, qutt, Ever, never; this and the preceding are probably derived from: -qage (v.n.), Cutting; cutting (a thing) transversely, side-ways, across; cutting or making (a pen); cutting out anything hard (a box or casket); becoming dear; short, curly hair; the nib of a pen; dear (provisions) ;-qiff, A tom-cat; written decree of a judge; a gift, a letter; a gift of conveyance; an account-book; a part, portion, chare.

A Li qata, A bird of the tetraonide or grouse family, flying in large flocks, and knowing where water is to be found at a great distance; a sand-grouse (of which there are two kinds, a smaller one called kudrī, and a much larger one named jūni); a bustard; a bittern; a disease incident to

sheep. (See ملئي below.) ما gitab (v.n. of الناب Mixing wine; a mixture; the meeting of the breast of a

garment; $-qu(ab) = u^{-1}q.v.$

A المانية quisbat, A slice, a bit of meat. a عابي quisbi, A kind of triangular pasty.

a قالة qatat, One bird of the gata species. والله qatat (v.n. 3 of العرب), Coming and oing; a string of ouncls (in poetry of ten) following one another; a rank, order,

series, row; (pl. of qair) showers, drops; —quiār, (A cloud) having large drops.

a t تطارحي qiṭārjī, A camel-driver ; a mule-

مارب qitarib (pl. of quirub), Sylvan demons, &c.

A blue quiardt, Whatever drops from anything, drippings, dribblings of a barrel; a little water.

a نطارى qutārī, قطارية qutārīyat, Black (serpent); or one that lodges in the trunk of a palm-tree; or one from which poison drops through the abundance of the same.

quas, A sea-horse of whose mane or tail a fringed knot is made, often set in gold, and hung round the necks of horses by way of adornment or as a defence against fascination; according to others, Yak tibetanus.

ness and crispness of the bair; a model or pattern on which anything is cut; the edge of a mountain or a cliff; (pl. of qitt) tomcats:—qattāt, Turner, maker of boxes or caskets.

A وَسَاعَ qaṭā' (v.n. of مَعَالَى), Flying from a cold to a hot climate or vice versā; migrating (birds); (water in a well) failing; cutting clusters of dates or grapes; any cutting instrument; a section; (pl. of qiṭ') points of spears; (pl. of qaṭī') loppings of trees; herds, flocks; coins; [qiṭā'i dā'ira, Sector of a circle;]—qaṭṭā, Keen, sharp, trenchant;—qaṭṭā' (pl. of qāṭi'), Bobbers, assassins;—quṭṭā'u 'ṭ-ṭarēq, Highway-robbers.

a خطاعة qatā'at, Loppings, chippings; any fragment which drops in cutting, such as a nail-paring or a bit of leather.

a منافع qaṭāf, qiṭāf. The vintage, the season for cutting grapes;—qiṭāf (v.n. of منافعة), Taking slow and short steps (a horse); the slow short step of a horse;—qaṭṭāf, A vintager; a vine-dresser.

a تطافى quṭāfī, A kind of triangular pasty (= تطابي q.v.).

quiāfat, Whateverdrops in gathering grapes; gleanings of the vintage.

gaţāl, A soldier.

qatāma, qattāma, A lascivious woman, or name of a woman noted for lasciviousness.

a تطامى qaṭāmī, quṭāmī, A kind of hawk (especially when darting his eye upon his prey); flesh of a hawk; strong wine from dates or grapes.

A camellitter; the bar of a door; —qattān, A cleaner or spinner of cotton; —quttān (pl. of qātin), Inhabitants; servants.

a bli qatanat, qatana, A kettle, pot;

Catania in Sicily.

a تطاني qaṭānī (probably misreading for

qaṭābī or qaṭāfī), A sort of meat-pasty;— qaṭānī (pl. of quṭnīyat), Vegetables.

م qaṭāyāt (pl. of qaṭāt), Qatā

birds.

A المائة qaṇā'it, Detached companies. A مائة qaṇā'if, A red date; (in P.) a

cake of fine flour, honey, sesame-oil, and wimonds; (pl. of qatifat) velvets, satins. adtb (v.n.), Frowning, knitting قطب A the brows, looking stern; cutting, collecting; filling (a vessel); putting in a passion; mingling wine with water; drawing together the two ears of a wallet and fastening it; assembling, flocking together; -qatb, qitb, qutb, The axle round which a wheel turns; the spindle of a mill-stone; -quib. The pole, polar-star, north pole; an axis, a pivot; a prince, lord, chief; a general, commander; [quibu 'd-din, The axis of religion (surname of several noted men); quibu 'l-'aritin, Chief of wise men, i.e. Plato; -qutbu 'l-mulk, The pole star of the empire (an honorific title); -quebi janābī, The south pole; quibi samā (samāwī), The axis of heaven, i.e. the pole; quibi shimāli, The north pole; — quibi falaki risālat, The celestial pole of pro-

auibān, A kind of plant.

are fixed to shoot at.

a wheel turns; the point of a spear on which a target is fixed to shoot at; name of a plant; -qitabat (pl. of qutb), polar stars; centres about which objects revolve; princes, chiefs.

phecy, i.e. Muhammad; - qutab (pl. of

quibat), Points of spears on which targets

a نما نما qutb-namā, A compass.

a منبي quibî, Of or relating to the North Pole; polar;—quibî tôrā, The polar star.

a مطبين qutbain (obl. du. of qutb, used as nom.), The two poles.

qittat, qitta, A female cat.

qatr (v.n.), Dropping (as water or tears); letting fall in drops; drops; rain; tying camels in a string to follow one another; travelling thus (camels); name of a place between Wasit and Basrah; also of a village between Shiraz and Kirman; -que, Fusile brass, or a kind of it; a kind of striped cloth; property, paternal inheritance; -quir, The side of the body; a tract, quarter; wood of aloes; diagonal (of a square); cord (of an arc); [qutri dā'ira, The diameter of a circle;]—qatar (v.n.), Tying (camels) in a string; estimating the weight or value of a crop, &c. from examination of a small quantity; name of a town between Qatif and 'Uman, after which a particular kind of striped cloth ((see تطرية) and an excellent breed of camels (see نظريان) are named.

a مثرات qatarat (pl. of qatrat), Drops; [qatarati shabnam, Drops of dew;] -- quturat

(pl. of qitar), Strings of camels following one another.

aatrān, qitrān, qatirān, Liquid تطران م pitch, tar, the juice of the pine; name of a city said to have been founded by Seth, and inhabited by demons; [zift u qatiran, Tar and pitch;]-qataran (v.n. of أتطر), Distilling, falling in drops (water or tears); the dropping of water from the eaves of houses; -qatiran, Name of a poet.

a تطران ماليدكي qatirān-mālīdagī, An an-

nointing or daubing with pitch.

a تطران ماليدة gaţirān-mālīda, Besmeared with pitch.

a تطراني qagrānī, A sort of money.

quirub, A species of sylvan demon, the male ghul; a goblin, fairy, elf; a whelp; a little animal perpetually in motion on the surface of the water; a kind of bird; a mouse; a bold wolf; a kind of melancholy making men fancy themselves wolves and run howling in the woods; a coward; ignorant; epileptic; surname of a disciple of the celebrated grammarian Sibawaih.

qatrabūs, qitrabūs, A severestinging scorpion; a swift and strong she-

atrat, qatra, One drop; (in med.) a minim; [qatra'i ab, A drop of water; a sword; a spear's point; — qaira dāshtan (raftan, zadan, kardan, kashidan, nishāndan), To run to and fro, to make haste; qatra'i duzd, A cloud;—qatra zadan bar, To pour or rain upon;— qatra'i zard, The sun;]—qutrat, Small, few, mean; a trifling thing.

a قدرف qatraf, خطرف q.v.

querub, A sylvan demon, a ahul.

a ون قطرة ون qaṭra-zan, A fast runner. a قطرة قطرة و qatra-qatra, Drop by drop.

a تطرى qiṭrī, Cloth or stuff made at

a قدرف qatrif, قدرف q.v.

aqtariyat, Excellent camels of qatar.

aitrīyat, A kind of striped cloth. a قطرن qat-zan, A piece of bone, &c. on which writing-reeds or pens are nibbed; a a stamp.

adat (v.n. of أضاط , Curling much (hair); very curly (the same); one whose hair is very curly;—qitat (pl. of qittat), female cats.

aitatat, qitata (pl. of qitt), Tomcats.

A منع qat' (v.n.), Cutting off, amputating; breaking off; retiring, withdrawing (from one's kindred), cutting an acquaintance; terminating, concluding, stopping short; defining or ordaining anything necessary to be observed; traversing, crossing; strangling; infesting a road (as robbers); a section, segment, cutting; a shape, form,

cut; fashion, style, stamp; cut out (garment); - [qat'i ta'alluq, Desertion, abandonment; -qat'i jawab, A definitive answer; -qat'i jawāb dādan, To give a categorical answer; —qat'i da'ira, Segment of a circle; -qat'i da'wa, The satisfying of a claim (m.c.); -qat'i rah, Getting over a road or journey; -qagi rahim kardan, To break off all connection with relations;qut' shudan, To cease, to stop (m.c.);qat'i tarīq kardan, To infest the roads, rob, assassinate;—qat'i 'alāqa kardan, To renounce all right to; to manumit a slave; —qat'i kāmil, Folio size;—qat' kardan, To cross, to traverse; —qat'i kalām, Interruption of a speech; —qat'i masāfa kardan, To travel, make a journey;—qat'i nizā' kardan, To decide a law-suit; —qat'i nazar, Overlooking a fault, convivance; -qat'i nazar dādan, To turn away the eyes; to abandon or think no more of ;—qat' yāftan, To be terminated, to finish, to be at an end;umid az zindagāni qat karda, One who has renounced all hope of life, despairing of life; -qit, Whatever is cut from a tree; the darkness of the last part of the night; a small broad head to an arrow; a shaggy cloth spread under a man riding on a camel;—qui, Being amputated (the hand); shortness of breath from fatness, asthma; highway-robbers; (pl. of aqta') those whose hands are amputated; (pl. of quii'), Branches from which arrows are made;quia' (v.n.), Having the hand cut off; being cut off (the hand); (pl. of qata'at), The stump remaining after the hands are cut off; -qati, Dumb; -qita, The darkness of the latter part of the night; (pl. of qit'at) segments, cuts, slices; -quia, One who separates from his relations; (pl. of qui'at) portions cut off; -qutu' (pl. of qati'), Loppings, or anything cut off from trees.

an, Cuttingly; conclusively, قطعا مريم definitely; in no shape, not at all, never.

A also quita'à' (pl. of qatī'), Scourges cut off at the end; like, resembling, equal

A نامعان qui'an (pl. of qatī'), Herds, flocks; branches from which arrows are made; (pl. of aqta') those whose hands are amputated; deaf.

A قطعة qat'at (v.n. of قطعة , Being amputated on account of disease (the hand);qit'at, qit'a, A segment, section, portion; a piece, slice, morsel; a strophe; distichs, whose first line does not rhyme with the second, and the following even ones; name of the female qatā bird; [qat'a, qit'a, In pieces, piecemeal;] - qui'at, qui'a, The stump of an amputated hand; a part or portion cut off; a piece of land given in feudal tenure; name of a tribe; -qata'at, The place where cut; the stump of an arm or branch; —quta'at, quta'a, One who separates from or cuts his kindred; the place where anything is out off or finishes.

a su said qit'a-band, A kind of verse in which the meaning of the first verse of each stanza is completed in the last.

a تطعى $qa g^i \bar{\iota}$, Verily; a tailor's measure; disjunctive, conclusive, final; definitive, decisive; absolute; imperative, peremptory; [hukmi qat'ī dādan, To insist;]—qut'ī, Related to the tribe of banu qut'at.

auf (v.n.), Gathering in the vintage, cutting the clusters; scratching with the finger-nails; pacing gently or slowly (a horse); a kind of broad-leaved herb, orage; a scratch; - qiff, Grapes; gathered fruit; - qalaf, Orage; a hard mountain-tree of which rings are made; a vestige, mark, trace; — quiuf (pl. of qaţifat), Velvets.

aigait, Hail; small hailstones; very small rain, or successively falling in

large drops.

qat-gir, A peg or flat piece of bone, on which pens or writing-reeds are nibbed.

مال علل agil (v.n.), Cutting, amputating; beheading;—quiul, (The trunk of a palm-

tree) cut off and thrown away.

qaim (v.n.), Biting, seizing with the teeth; tasting; -qatam (v.n.), Having a strong desire for eating flesh or for coition; a strong desire for anything; qaţim, Eager for food or venery.

A 14-60 quimur, Name of the dog of the

seven sleepers.

qitmtr, The thin pellicle on a تشمير ▲ date-stone; a white speck on the back of a date-stone; also the split or groove of a date-stone; name of the dog of the seven

sleepers (see preceding article).

quin, quiun, quitan, quiunn, Cotton; a cotton-field;—qatan, The interval between the legs of a bird; the part between the hip-bone and the root of the tail in a bird; the rump; —quiun (pl. of qiian). Camel-litters; (pl. of qatin) servants.

A أطنة qiṭnat, A pomegranate; a quantity.

of twisted cotton.

a تطنى quini, Made of cotton; a garment

of silk and cotton.

autnīyat, qitnīyat, Millet, pulse, تطلية or grain in general (excepting wheat, barley, currants and dates); garments.

agawāt (pl. of qagā), Qatā birds. qatawān, Name of a place in the

district of Kufah.

a تطواني qatawānī, A kind of Kūfic gar-

ment.

qatūb, One who knits his brows, stern, austere, crabbed; a lion; — quiub (v.n. of مناب), Knitting the brows, frowning, looking stern; (pl. of quib), polar stars; centres round which things revolve; princes, chiefs.

A pagur. (A cloud) that drops much water; -qutur (v.n. of 1), Falling in drops; travelling, going; making haste, hurrying; throwing violently down; sawing (a garment).

autūrā', Name of a plant. قطوراً ه

autūt (v.n. of قطوط , Becoming dear (provisions); cutting the nib of a pen; (pl. of qitt) portions, shares; written sentences of a judge; account-books.

A كانت qatū', (A camel) soon ceasing to give milk ;—qutū' (v.n. of نطع), Passing (a river or a bridge); failing, drying up (water in a well); migrating (birds); (pl. of qit') rough saddle-cloths for a camel.

qatūf, Slow-paced, short-stepping تطوف ه (horse); — quelif (v.n. of الملف), Taking slow short steps; (pl. of qaif) scars, scratches; (pl. of qiif) grapes, clusters of grapes.

t ماراکی qatoliki (from G. καθολικός),

Catholic.

ماون A pugun (v.n. of تملن), Dwelling in (a place), making it one's home; serving, attending to, waiting upon.

qitana, Flea-wort.

مَلَى A disease in the buttocks ;quit, A sheep afflicted with the disease quia; -quiaiy (dim. of qaia), A small bird of the qata kind ;-laisal'l-qata ka 'l-qutaiy, (met.) The great are not like the small (proverb of the same purport as one current in most languages anent thieves).

A sechi queibat, A crowd, multitude.

A by uquirat (dim. of querat), A little drop, a droplet; a particle; a trifle.

aifie, Cytisus (a herb).

agg: , A branch from which arrows are made; a herd, a flock; a scourge or whip; alike, resembling, equal; unable to rise from weakness or corpulance; weak; lazy; corpulent.

qaţi'at (v.n. of قطعة A أطيعة A withdrawing from one's kindred; portion of land (especially held in feudal tenure);

tribute, toll, impost; a herd, a flock.

a تطيف qatif, A scarf (m.c.).

adifat, qatifa, Velvet, satin; any قطيعة inner garment with a long pile; a mantle or sheet folded up; a coverlet; a herd; gatifa'i hamāmī. A woollen cloth with which the body is rubbed after a bath; woollen bed-clothes.

a لطيل qagil, Cut; name of a man.

مَانِينِ مَ qafin, Inhabitants; handmaids; servants, domestics, followers, attendants.

ai'āb (pl. of qa'b), Wooden bowls. a مادة qu'ad, A distemper affecting the haunches of camels; lameness from that disease; a lameness disabling anyone from moving.

يعارة ي qa'ārat (v.n. of تعارة), Being deep.

qu'āş, A distemper which carries تعاص ۸ off sheep immediately when attacked, the neck appearing broken; —qa"āṣ, A lion that kills instantly.

Ablas qu'ag, qi'ag, A violent driver of cattle.

au'āf, All-sweeping (torrent).

qa'āqi', Incessant claps of thunder; clang of cuirasses in battle.

A Noi qa'a'id (pl. of qu'dat or qa'ad), Able to travel (young camels); (pl. of qa'idat) sacks; busbands.

holding as much as a man can possibly drink at a single draught; the hidden meaning of a speech;—qu'b, A deep cleft or cavern in a mountain.

A Last qa'bat, qa'ba, A little box or casket; —qu'bat, qu'ba, A hopper in which seed is put for sowing;—qi'abat, qi'aba (pl. of qa'b), Cups, wooden bowls.

a قمرة qa'bara, تعبري qa'bari, Hard, unkind towards one's family and friends; avaricious; bad-tempered.

a'bal, A kind of fungus.

au'būl, A kind of white plant, or

nort of mushroom; a milk-dish.

A نعل qi'd, A companion;—qa'ad, Human excrement; weakness in a camel's pastern; schismatics; disbanded soldiers not inscribed in the muster-roll;—qu'ud (pl. of qa'ūd), Young camels fit for riding.

معدان A نعدان qi'dan (pl. of qa'ad), (Young camels) fit for the saddle ;—qu'dan (pl. of

qu'dat), Asses.

A \$1.23 qa'dat, qa'da, One sitting, or a single session;—qa'dat, qi'dat (qa'da, qi'da). The space which one person occupies when sitting; [zū'l-qa'da (qi'da), The eleventh month of the Arabian year;]—qi'dat, qi'da, A mode of sitting; the youngest child (male or female);—qu'dat, qu'da, An ass; a camel which the keeper rides on all occasions; a camel's saddle; a saddle;—qa'adat, qa'ada, A vehicle or beast employed in carrying women; a shaggy saddle-cloth for a camel;—qu'adat, qu'ada, Sedentary, a stay-at-home.

making a well deep; cating to the bottom; making a well deep; cating to the bottom of the dish; drinking up the contents of a vessel; eradicating, uprooting (a tree); bringing forth an abortion (sheep); throwing down; the bottom or depth of a well; a ditch, hollow, or low ground; a gulf, an abyss, the deep, the sea; a large dish, a wooden saucer; a town; [qa'ri daryā, Bottom of the sea;]—qa'ar, Intellect, knowledge.

qa'rān, A deep dish, one especially لعران

containing remains of food.

in, and just covering, the bottom of a dish; a hollow, low ground, declivity;—qa'irat, qa'ira, A vessel whose bottom is

just covered with the contents; libidinous (woman), whose passion is deep seated.

مورة (v.n.), Filling (a vessel) ; drink-

ing up the contents (of the same).

a ga'sā' (fem. of aq'as), Hollow-backed, with a protuberance on the breast; a grave, steady woman; firm, solid (glory).

A قعش a qa'sh, A collection; destruction,

demolition (of a house); the turning or bending of a piece of wood; a camel-litter.

a sudden death without moving on the spot; a sudden death without moving or stirring; —qa'aş (v.n.), Being affected with the distemper تعام q.v. above.

qa'z (v.n.), Bending (a stick or

piece of wood); bent.

A had qu'! (v.n.), Binding hard; straitening, distressing (a debtor); driving, forcing; being abject, contemptible; the binding on of a turban; cowardice, pusillanimity; great noise, clamour; a discovery; drought, dryness:—qa'at (v.n.), Being humble, supplicating.

rees); exhausting; eating or drinking up the contents of a vessel;—qa'af (v.n.), The falling of a wall; little hills rising one

above another.

qu'fûz, A kind of plant.

qu'qu', A magpie; also another forest bird, large, black and white, with

long beak, tail, and feet.

A datas qa'qa'at (v.n. of cash), Making a crashing noise (as thunder, arms, or the teeth when cating anything crisp or dry); shaking the gaming arrows preparatory to drawing; driving a bull, calling to him qa'qa'; travelling, making a circuit.

aa'm, The mewing of a cat;—

qa'am, Distortion of the nose.

a عن qa'w. The wooden cheek of a pulley which supports the axle; also the pulley itself and the iron axle.

A نام qu'wān (du. of the preceding),

The two cheeks of a pulley.

تعبر a'ūd, (A young camel) ready for the saddle, or for carrying a load; a camel on which the keeper claps the saddle on every occasion;—qu'ud (v.n. of عد), Sit-

ting; sitting down, settling, remaining in one place; rising up (from a reclining posture); remaining at home and separated from her husband (a woman in child-bed, or during courses); widowhood; (pl. of qā'id) sitters.

qa'ūdat, A camel which the keeper rides on any occasion whatever; a

hack-camel.

قعور $qa'\bar{u}r$, Deep;— $qu'\bar{u}r$ (pl. of qa'r),

Bottoms;—qa" $\bar{u}r$, A deep well.

A تعوش qa'wash, Light, nimble; a corpulent camel; —qu'āsh (pl. of qa'sh), Camellitters for women.

a تعوص qa'ūş, Striking the milker, and

holding her milk (a ewe).

معى A تعلی qu'iy (pl. of qa'w), The wooden cheeks of a pulley which support the

arīd, He who sits with another, قعيد ه i.e. a colleague, confederate; game coming behind one; a locust whose wings have not yet grown; one whose father or ancestors are nearly related to the chief of a tribe; a guardian; a father.

A تعيدات qa'īdāt, Saddles; pack-saddles.

A تعيدان qā'īdāni (du. of qa'īd), Guardian angels, especially two whom they suppose constantly to attend on the right and left of man.

a sack; a wife; a heap قعيدة م of sand.

ya'īr, Profound, deep. قعير ∆

a'īrat, Libidinous (woman), whose تعيرة passion lies deeply seated.

a تعيل qa'īl, A male hare.

A was qu'ain, A branch of the Banu Asad.

منه qif (imp. of رقف), Stop, halt.

A منه quff (v.n. of نف), Being collected, heaped together so as to resemble a gourd; dry herbage;—quff (qaff?), A rugged hill, or any piece of rough ground; high ground.

م يقام qafā, تفاء qafā, تفاء qafā, تفاء nape of the neck, nuke; following, pursuit; [qafā 'd-dahr, At no time, never; qafā khwurdan, To receive a slap on the nape of the neck; (met.) to be cheated; qafā dādan, To give a slap on the neck; to cheat;—qafā zadan (firo-koftan), To slap the neck;—qafā kardan az jabīn, To turn the head, to avert the face; -qafā namūdan, To flee, to run away; -qafayash ba-zamin <u>kh</u>wurd, His neck touched the ground; qafa'i falak, Accidents which occur by the influence of the heavenly bodies;] $-qifar{a}$ (2nd du. imp. of رقف), Stop, halt, stay, ye two; -qifā nabki, Stay (ye two, so that) we may weep (beginning of the mu'allaqah of Imru 'l-qais; see نبك

a منا دار qafā-dār, Assistant, helper, com-

rade.

a qafār, Bread without meat; meal

of wheat or barley not mixed with sugar,

A تفار qafāz (v.n. of قفار), Leaping, jumping, bounding; dying; -quffaz, A glove lined with cotton; a muff; ornaments for the hands or feet; a kind of iron lattice on which a falcon perches;—quffāz poshīdan, To put on gloves; to wear a muff.

a تفاص qufās, The mountain-goat; a disease of cattle shrivelling up their legs;—

qaffās, A maker of bird-cages.

a gifā' (pl. of gaf'at), Baskets without handles, made of palm-leaves; -qufa', A distemper which crooks the legs of sheep; -qaffā', Parsimonious, thrifty; -quffā', A kind of shrub, which, when hard and dry, has the appearance of horns

مناك a qifof (pl. of quff), Hills;—qaffaf, One who steals money between his fingers.

a قا کاه $qaf\bar{a}$ - $g\bar{a}h$, The nape of the neck.

a تَفَا كَبِران qafā-gīrān, The oppressed. A Just qaffāl, A locksmith; name of a learned doctor of the school of Shafifi;quffāl (pl. of qāfil), Comers off a journey.

A نفان qaffān, The occiput; end, con-

clusion, result; time, season, opportunity; (for P. کیان q.v.) a steelyard.

gafāhīr, A handsome face.

gaftān, A robe of honour which Eastern princes present to ambassadors

and other persons of distinction.

afd (v.n.), Striking one slightly on قفد A the back of the head (with the palm of the hand); folding the turban-sash round the head, so that no part hangs down; -qafad (v.n.), Walking on the tips of the toes; inclining towards the right (the hoof of a camel).

هداه qafda', A style of folding the turban-sash round the head, so that no part

hangs down.

a واعدان qafadān, قفدان qafadāna, A casket, case, or sheath in which the collyrium-pot is kept; a leathern box in which druggists put up aromatics.

qafr, Dodder.

هر another's (v.n. of) قفر م qafr (v.n. of) قفر steps); having an empty stomach, being hungry; having but little money; a desert without herbage; bread without meat; a young bullock taken from the cow to be yoked to the plough; [qafru'l-yahūd, Jew's pitch;]-qafar (v.n.), Being little (property); being without meat (bread);qafir, Thin of hair; a wolf.

afrat, qafra, A desert, a solitude. قفرة

aafz, Skipping; dying قار ۸ مور ۸

A ωίζια quízān (pl. of qafīz), Measures containing about eight makākīl;—qafarān (v.n. of تفو), Leaping, skipping; dying.

مَعْنِيٰ 🖈 qafazá, A spring, a leap; a par-

ticular pace of horses and camels.

تفس ه qafs (v.n), Dying; tying by the feet (a deer); seizing by the hair; seizing in an angry mood;—gufs, Name of a people in Karamania resembling the Kurds; qafas, Having the tip of the nose large.

a تفس qafas, A bird's cage, coop; a lattice, grate, window-bars; network; (met.) the body (as cage for the soul); the skeleton of the thorax; (construed with the verbs sākhtan, shikastan, kardan, &c.;)—qafasi sīmābī, The sky, heaven; qafasi markab, The netting of a ship, especially on the tops.

a تفس باك qafas- $b\bar{a}f$, A maker of net-work. a تفس ساز qafas-sāz, A maker of cages.

a نفسة منار qafasa-manār (qafasa'i manār), A latticed place for the Mu'azzin on the

top of a minaret.

aafsh (v.n.), Taking, collecting; تفش م falling; striking with a stick or sword; milking hastily; frequent coition; (for P. q.v.) a short boot, a shoe, a slipper; kafash, Terror-inspiring robbers.

qafshīl, A ladle.

afs (v.n.), Tying (a deer) by the feet; confining (a queen-bee) in the hive, or (a bird) in a cage; putting the parts (of anything) very near each other; ascending, being high; a bird's cage;—qufs, Network; name of a mountain in Kirman; also of a village near Baghdad; -qafas, A bird's cage; net-work; a wicker-basket; an agricultural implement in which the wheat is carried to the stack; lightness, briskness, nimbleness; acidity, heart-burn from drinking water after eating dates; -qafis, Contracted, drawn together; (a locust) whose wings are stiff with cold.

a تفص کر qafasgar, A maker of cages. a منا qaft (v.n.), Treading (as a bird), covering (any cloven-footed animal); collecting; recompensing, requiting; -qift, Copt, a city in Upper Egypt, settled on the

descendants of 'Alī.

af' (v.n.), Striking on the fingers قفع ه (with a ferrule); refusing, denying, prohibiting, hindering; being contracted, shrivelled, shrunk (hand, &c.);—quf' (pl. of aqfa'), Those whose fingers are bent inwards; -qafa', Straits, anguish; labour, toil.

af'at, A basket without a handle, قفعة made of palm-leaves; a date-hamper; a circular vessel for gathering fresh dates.

aufaf (pl. of quffat), Hatchets. ينهاز qafqāz, Caucasus (m.c.).

gifk, A cup.

تمل aff (v.n. of تمل), Preserving; withering (a tree); laying up (corn) against a season of scarcity; measuring; estimating; withered, dry; —quft, A lock, bolt, bar; (construed with the verbs afgandan, andākhtan, bar-khāstan, bar-shikastan, bastan, pechidan, rekhtan, zadan, gushādan, nihādan, wā-shudan, &c.;) a standard, ensign, banner; name of a tree found in

Hijaz; a proper name; [qufti abjad, A combination lock (to be opened by a certain arrangement of letters);—quffi āsmān (falak), Impiety, heresy, infidelity; qufl bar dari āsmān zadan, To give up praying; to violate the laws ;-qufl bar dar sust kardan, To keep the door open for supplicants; -quft bar dahāni kase zadan (bar zabāni kase andākhtan), To silence; to bribe;—quft bar dahān u dasti kase zadan, To cease to invite anybody; to render silent; to silence; -quft bar labi <u>kh</u>wud nihadan, To turn silent; to be reticent; -quft pechidan, To twist a lock open without using the key; -quft dar rāh ast, The road is reudered impassable; -qufti $r\bar{u}m\bar{i}$, A padlock; name of the fifteenth musical note of the barbud;—qufli sabān-band (-bandī), A spell for tying one's tongue; -qufl sust kardan, To open the door ;—quft shudani (gardīdani) daryā, The being impracticable of the sea by adverse winds; the obstruction of a road by inundation; -qufli farji astar, A ring of gold or silver fastened on the genitals of a mule to prevent her being covered; -qufli waswās, An intricate kind of lock; -qafal, A multitude returned from a journey.

a تقل بند qufl-band, A contrivance to fasten a lock.

ي و علام معلق qaflat, qafla, The back of the head : giving a present; (money) of just weight; —qaftat, qafalat, A dry tree;—qufalat, qufala, One who remembers all he hears.

a تفلگر quflgar, A locksmith. quftut, A kind of leek.

a تقلی quftī, A mould (for ice, jelly, &c.); a small saucer-shaped earthen vessel.

a قطن qafn (v.n.), Striking; slaughtering (a sheep, &c.) from the back of the head; a whip, lash, scourge; -qafan, qafann, The back of the head; -qifann, Severe, harsh, unjust; foul-mouthed; a fool.

مفو qafw, qufūw (v.n. of قفو), Following another, tracking closely his steps; striking on the nape of the neck; choosing, electing; suspecting; obliterating, effacing.

qifwat, Any shameful act قفوة ه which one is charged; a crime, sin, fault; an accusation (true or false); suspicion; calumny, falsehood, detraction; disgrace.

aufūr (pl. of qafr), Deserts ;—qaffūr, The branch of a palm-tree; also the envelope of the flower; name of a herb.

qufūrā, Name of a medicinal plant. مَعُونَ عَمُونَ qafūz, Jumping, leaping (deer) ; qufūz (v.n. of قطر), Leaping, jumping, skip.

ping; dying.

مفوس A مين qufūs (v.n. of قفوس (Dying; tying) (a deer) by the feet; seizing by the hair; seizing anything in an angry mood.

an تقوك qufuf (v.n. of قوك), Withering (an a plant); drying (washed clothes); standing on end from fear (hair); filching, stealing coin between one's fingers.

aufūl (v.n. of قفول م qufūl (v.n. of from a journey; becoming dry, shrivelling (skin); estimating by guess; hoarding up; (pl. of quft) locks.

تفوله qufūla, A clew, a ball.

aufan, v.n. of, and = قفون qafn, q.v. ففون م qafy (v.n.), Striking on the nape; slaughtering a sheep by the back of the head; —qafiy, qafi, Killed by an incision or blow on the back of the head or neck; food set before a guest; an honoured guest; benevolent; a follower; a lieutenant, locum tenens, vice-gerent; accused, suspected;qufiy, qifiy (pl. of qafa), Napes.

aafīyat, qafīya, A successor, a follower; a vice-gerent, lieutenant; excellence, superiority; anything by which a guest is honoured; a sheep slaughtered by the back

of the head.

A منا gafir, Dry bread; a large datebasket made of palm-leaves; a basket; name of a river or watering station.

aufairat, qufaira, Name of the قفيرة ه

mother of Farazdak.

qafīz, A measute of 12 ṣā' or about 8 makākīl; a weight; a space of ground containing about 144 cubits square, equal to a fourth of a jarib; [pur āmad qāfīz, The measure (of one's days) is full;] qufaiz, Name of a servant of Muhammad.

تميم ه qafīs, A ploughshare; also the

ring of it.

مناه qafif (v.n. of قليف م qafif (v.n. of قليف م drying, withering; dry, withered herbage; vegetables which are eaten raw.

قفيل ه qafīl, Dry (skin or wood); a scourge; a narrow pass through a moun-

tain; name of a herb; rose-water.

qafīn, Slaughtered by a cut on the back of the head; -qifin (pl. of qafa), Napes.

A LED qaqqat, qaqqa, The excrement of a

child; bad counsel.

a والمان qaqadan, A perfumer's bag.

مَقَالَ مَ qaqaq, مَقَالَ qaqaqat, qaqaqa, The excrement (of a child).

дадпив, ققنوس qaqnos (G. кикиоs ?),

A fabulous bird, the phœnix.

qall, A low wall;—qill, A tremor which seizes a man; a date-stone that germinates separately and weakly; -qill, qull (v.n.), Being rare; not happening frequently; lifting, raising up; -qull, A little, a small quantity; solitary; the least thing.

galā, A sling; (for A. قلى qilá) Lixi-

vium, potash.

A من gilā, galā' (v.n. of ناب), Hating, detesting; hatred; -qalla', One that fries; a frying-pan maker; a burner of potash (تلى qily or qilā).

qilāb, A wolf; —qulāb, A disease of the heart; a disease of which a camel instantly dies; -qallāb, A forger of coin.

a تلاب qulāb, A hook; a fish-hook; a

pot-hook; a hooked instrument for drawing bread from ovens; a hooked goad used by elephant-drivers; the hood put on a hawk; drawing and relaxing the string of a bow repeatedly before discharging the arrow.

a ولايگان qallābagān, Coiners of false

money.

a क्रिं qulāba, A hook; a hasp; a staple; a link; a hinge; a handle;—qallāba, A counterfeiter of coin, a forger.

a قلابي qallābī, A coiner of false money;

a cheat.

A الله qilāt (pl. of qulat), Small pieces of wood, struck forward by a larger, in boys' games; (pl. of qalt) hollows in mountains, tarns; — qullāt (pl. of qullat), Mountain-

a واران علات كازران galāti (for kalāti) gāzurān, Name of the burial place of the Shaikh

Sa'dī in Shīrāz.

galātīn, A tub, a cistern.

qulāj, Drawing a bow with force.

gulāch, Prancing of a horse.

qalāchū, A dervish's leathern drinking-cup; a channel from which cattle drink in winter.

alāchūri, A glittering sword.

A chi quiah, Yellowness, dirt of the teeth. a قل العملي qul-aḥmadī, A violent blow struck on any part of the body.

a تلاغ م qulā<u>kh</u>, Name of a place in Yaman;

also of a poet.

A قلادة qiladat, qilada, A collar, necklace, chain, or any ornament for the neck; a leash for holding a dog; a term applied in enumerating elephants; construed with the verbs bastan, kashīdan, gusīstan, &c.

نالبون qalārān, Generals, military tribunes. والمروة qulārī, A kind of white fig.

galāzāra, قالزارة qalāzāra, قالزارة allās, Foaming (sea); a seller of the high caps or mitres called qalansuwat.

qalāsang, A sling; a ball, sling-

a قلاسى qalāsī (pl. of qalansuwat, qulan-

siyat), Mitres, high caps.

A تلاش qalāsh, A shrivelled pistachio; qallāsh, Cunning, crafty; a drunkard, a haunter of taverns; a needy, worthless fellow; small; taken, seized; distressed.

A قلامة qalāshat, Smallness, shortness.

a قلاهي qallāshī, Revelry, drunkenness. a قالميرة qalāshīra, Ashes of which soap is

made. qilāt, Name of a fortress between Kazwin and Khalkhal; -qulat, Extremely dwarfish (man, cat, or dog); the brood of

demons.

a قلاع qilā' (pl. of qal'), Scrips, shepherd's bags; (pl. of qil') sails; (pl. of qil'at) castles, forts, citadels; (pl. of qala'at) large and high stones or pieces of rock detached from a mountain; [qilā'i sipihr-irtifā',

Castles high as heaven; \int_qula`, St. Anthony's fire, or any similar disease, corroding the flesh to the bone; pustules in the mouth, a disease incident to horses; a crust of earth underneath which mushrooms are found; sudden death overtaking a healthy camel; -qallā' (qullā'?), A beadle or officer attending a magistrate or collector of revenue; one who rakes up the ashes of the dead; a pimp; a sycophant, whisperer, tale-bearer, slanderer.

a dela qila'at, The sail of a ship; -qula'at, A bit of clay; a stone or a ball thrown by

a sling.

a ناعوذيه qul-a'ûzīya, One whose practice it is to recite the two Surahs (exiii., cxiv.) beginning with the words qul a'ūzu, "Say, I take refuge," for a remuneration in money or food.

galāgh, The lip, mouth, and environs (= پيز q.v. p. 289; unsupported by examples); pustules about the mouth.

A مانع gilafat, The art of caulking a ship;

-qulāfat, Skin, husk, bark.

a تلاقل qilāqal, The wild pomegranate.

alāl, qulāl, Little, small (thing); قلال ▲ -qilal (v.n. 3 of قرار), Giving little; a vineprop; (pl. of qullat) Buckets; mountaintops; -qullāl, Few (persons).

gilâm (pl. of qalam), Pens, reeds;

-qullām, A plant of the hamz sort.

aulāmat, A nail-paring. قلامة

تلان qalān, A tax in Shīrwān ; a catamite. t a قلانات qilānāt, Rests, remainders.

qalānīs, تلانيس qalānīs (pl. of

qalansuwat), Mitres, high caps.

qalāwur, قالوز qalāwuz, A road-guide; horsemen who guard the flank of an army; spies, scouts.

t تالوزى qalāwuzī, Guidance.

qalāwazhūn, A magpie (in the dialect of Isfahān).

T تلاووز ت qalāwūs, A road-guide. تالياً ه qalāyā (pl. of qalāyat), Fried victuals.

alā'id (pl. of qilādat), Necklaces; قلائد poems which remain from age to age.

alā'is (pl. of galūs), Young shecamels.

يلائل aalā'il (pl. of qalīl), Few (men).

alb (v.n.), Converting, inverting, inverting, turning, turning inside out or upside down, changing, permuting, transmuting, commuting; inversion, permutation of one letter into another, reversion, anagram; inverted; left (opp. to right); adulterated; counterfeit (coin); heart, mind, soul, understanding, intellect; kernel, marrow; the middle (of anything); the centre (of an army); the purest or choicest part, pith, core; pure, genuine, unmixed (Arabian language); [qalbi iqbāl, The inversion of JLA" prosperity," i.e. La la-baqā "impermanent, perishableness";—qalbu 'l-asad, The lion's

heart, a bright star in the sign Leo;qalbi dī, The inversion of دی q.v., i.e. به yad "hand";—qalbi riyā, The inversion of by "hypocrisy," i.e. xl air "penis";—qalbi rīzh, Inversion of can beard "(its turning) i.e. x ahār " "ill " (carblem of bearing) ing), i.e. ** shīr " miik " (emblem of hoariness); -qalbi shitā, Inversion of سمة " wini.e. تش ātish "fire";-qalbi shīr, Inversion of A "milk," i.e. A, rīsh (for rīsh-safed) "grey-beard";—qalbi 'aqrab, Inversion of A. E. Scorpion" (a station of " seventh heaven " فرقع birqa " seventh heaven or burqa' "a lady's veil" (cf. 'aqrab pareshān under عقرب ;—qalbi kulāh, Inversion of of q.v., i.e. halik "one perishing";—qalbi "treasure, treasury," كنج ganj, Inversion of i.e. "war";—qalbi majinn (?), Inversion of "a shield" (turning the shield being used for renunciation of friendship), i.e. raim (bitter as) "the fruit of the tamarisk" (the vocalisation of neither word being given in the dictionaries, this explanation is only tentative) ;-qalbi madang, gandum کندم q.v., i.e. کندم "wheat";—qalbi magh (migh, mugh?), Inversion of a q.v., i.e. a gham "grief, sorrow";—qalbi yam, Inversion of a q.v., i.e. mai "wine";]—qalb, qilb, qulb, The pith of a palm-tree;—qalb, h bracelet; a whitigh sorront; pro-qubo, wine auth whitish serpent; pure, genuine; — qulb, qulub (pl. of qalib), Ancient wells; —qalab, Inversion of the lip;—qullab, Skilful in managing affairs; versatile; a Jack-of-alltrades; a cheat; changeable, fickle.

A did qalb-an, Cordially, heartily.

albā' (fem. of aqlab), Inverted-

lipped (woman). تاب اندود qalb-andad, A copper coin coated with a thin layer of silver or gold.

a قلبانة qalbāna, A kind of song or music.

albat, True (Arabian woman).

a تابنيانه qalb-khāna, The barbican of the fortress of Herat.

a قلبزن qalb-zan, قلب ساز qalb-sāz, A coiner of false money.

a تَلب سازى qalb-sāzī, The making of counterfeit coin.

a قابكاه qalb-gāh, Middle; centre of an

qalabang, A sort of odoriferous قلبنگ wood.

qalbūr, A sieve. قلبور

alba, Bad money. قلبه

aulba, A plough.

aulba-rān, Ploughing; a plough قلبة رأي man; -qāwi qulba-rān, A ploughing-ox.

a قلبه رانى qulba- $r\bar{a}n\bar{\imath}$, Driving the plough, ploughing; -qulba-rānī kardan, To drive a plough.

a تلبى $qalbar{\imath}$, Cordial, hearty; adulterated, counterfeit coin; bad money;—qullabi, Skilful in managing business; artful, cunning; changeable, changeful, versatile.

r تاباق qalpāq, A high cap, especially one bordered with fur.

A & qulat, qula, A small piece of wood struck forward by a larger in the game of tip-cat; -qallat, A rising up from sickness or poverty; - qillat (v.n. of قل), Being little, few; diminishing; paucity, littleness, fewness; want, indigence, penury; difficulty, tremor, palpitation; [qillati fahm, Poorness of understanding;]-qullat, qulla, Summit of a mountain; top or head of anything; head; pommel of a sword; a

qalt, A pimp ;—qilt, Kind of vetch.

a alt, A hollow in a mountain, or tarn where water collects; -qalt, qalit, One who has little flesh on the bones; -qult, Saxifrage; —qalat (v.n.), Perishing; death, destruction.

تلتاق تر qaltāq, A saddle-tree; a housing. qaltabān, qaltban, A contented cuckold, wittol, pimp; a roller for levelling clay roofs.

qaltabānī, Panderism;—qaltabānī kardan, To pimp or pander.

galtbos, A contented cuckold; faithless, irreligious.

T قلتاق qaltaq, قلتاق q.v.

qalla, A cuckold, wittol; a pimp.

qullatain (obl. du. of qullat, used as nom.), Two large jars of water containing together 1,200 pints; a warm bath; a cup which is in common use; a common prostitute.

qulj, A four-footed animal, whose feet stand wide apart, and whose knees are close

together.

تلج تز qilij, A sword. تاجيع qalchāq, An iron gauntlet.

تلع ه qalh, An old ass;—qilh, A soiled garment;—qalah (v.n.), Having yellow teeth; yellowness of teeth; -qalih, Dirty, soiled.

galkh (v.n.), Braying in the throat (a stallion camel); a camel in rut; striking one dry substance against another; eradicating, uprooting (trees); an aged ass; a hollow reed.

ald (v.n.), Collecting (water in a cistern, milk in a pail, or drink in the belly); twisting (a rope);—qild, A periodical return of the fit of an ague; -a quartan fever; a drinking on one day out of four; hence, the caravans between Mecca and Jiddah, because they only drink once in the four days' journey.

alaz, A tick or sheep-louse.

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alzam, Wide and watery (puden-

dum); (met.) the sea.

qalz (v.n.), Drinking the beverage qalz; pricking the ground with the point of a stick; striking, beating, shooting, darting; leaping, rushing upon; limping; a kind of drink; a weakly man; briskness, cheerfulness; -quluzz, qilizz, A hardy, strong man; hard copper on which iron makes no impression.

qilzim, Base, avaricious;—qulzum, Clysma, a town in Egypt near Mount Sinai; a sea; — qulzumi panj-shākh, The palm of the hand; the hand of the liberal; quizumi nigun, The sky ;-bahri guizum, The Red Sea;—haft quizum, The Seven Seas, title of a celebrated Persian Dictionary and Grammar by the late king of Oudh, or compiled under his auspices.

als (v.n.), Vomiting at one time a تلس small quantity; spilling (wine) from a brimful cup; dancing; good singing; drinking largely of date or raisin-wine; being disturbed (in mind); a thick rope made of the fibres of a palm or cocoa-nut tree; a cable; any acid humour thrown up

by the stomach.

aulus (pl. of qalūs), Young shecamels.

ali, Ugliness of face;—qalai, The offspring of demons.

altabān, A pimp, voluntary قلطّبان

cuckold.

al' (v.n.), Drawing out, tearing تلع ه off, eradicating, pulling down, subverting, overturning, ruining; removing one from his place, cashiering; extraction; removal from office, dismissal; a builder's hatchet; a scrip, a shepherd's bag; anything paid into the exchequer by anticipation; [qal' kardan, To extirpate; to depose, remove from office; to pull out, extract; to put off (as clothes); —qal', qil', qala', Intermission (of a fever); the period of such intermission; name of a mine from which the best tin is extracted, which hence is called qal^ii ;— qil^i , The sail of a ship; standing infirmly on the feet, tottering in the saddle;—qul', A stout walker; (pl. of large-bodied (she-camels);—qala' (v.n.), Being unsteady, ready to fall (in wrestling); being stupid; blood, clotted blood; scurf, scab; (pl. of qala'at) parts of a large cloud;—qali', One who sits tottering on horseback; unsteady; stupid; qila' (pl. of qala'at), Stones high and large, detached from a mountain; (pl. of qil'at) halves of things split lengthwise.

al'at, qal'a, A castle, fort (especially on the top of a mountain); name of celebrated tin-mine; [qala'i alamut (for aluh-amut "cagle-nest"), Fort Alamut be tween Kazwin and Ghilan (see البوت p. 95) ---qala'î bî-dar (the doorless castle), Name of a fortress in Shīrāz; (met.) a virgin; qala'i sur<u>kh</u>āb (qahqah, kilāb, gulistān), Name of various fortresses; -qala'i sultanīya, Fort Sultān at Constantinople;qala'i kahruba-qun (-paikar), The world

(attractive like amber);]—qil'at, qil'a, The half (especially of anything split lengthwise);—qul'at, qul'a, Removal from office; anything paid into the exchequer unweighed; borrowed money; fleeting treasures; anything not permanent; [dāri qul'a, The perishable house, the world;]—qala'at (v.n. oi attail), Being unsteady, tottering, ready to fall from the saddle; being stupid; a citadel; a purse, scrip, or shepherd's bag; a huge piece of rock, a boulder; a piece of large cloud; a cloud veiling one side of the sky; (pl. of qal') shepherd's bags, scrips.

a تاعجات qal'ajāt (pl. of qal'a), For-

tresses.

a تاعیه qal'acha, A redoubt.

a وألعكيان qal'agiyān, Gurrison-soldiers.

a عند بنده "qal'a-band, Shut up in a fort. a مائة qal'a-dār, The commandant of a garrison, governor of a fort;—qal'a-dāri sipihr, The sun.

a قلعة داري qal'a-dārī, The command of a

garrison

a قلعه هكن qal'a-shikan, Breaking fortresses (a siege-gun or battery).

a تلعه کشا qal'a-kushā, Opening, i.e. conquering a fortress or fortresses.

a العد كالة qal'a-gāh, A fortified place.

a تَلَعَمُ نَشِين qal'a-nishīn, Besieged; a besieger.

a نامى qal'ī, Tin (from the mine qal', where it is found); a coating of tin given to culinary vessels; whitewashing; plating; gilding; varnish, gloss;—qal'ī kardan, To tin (pots and kettles).

a تلعيگر qal'igar, A tinman.

a تلعيكري qal'i-gari, The trade of a tin-

palghanj, A lock; the ring of a gate. علمت qalghand, Driving a nail into a horse's hoof and clenching it; an enclosure of wicker-work.

تانه qal<u>gh</u>a, A flower; un insignia of rank

worn in the turban.

a تلفه سلطان qalgha-sultān, The lieutenant or next brother to the Khan of Crim Tar-

tary.

of a tree, tearing off a nail; circumcising, cutting off the foreskin; unbunging (a wine-cask); caulking, pitching, filling up the seams of a ship with the fibres of palmleaves or moss; foaming, frothing; turning, inverting;—qulf, A basket made of fibres of the palm-tree; skin, husk, bark;—qulf (pl. of aqlaf), Uncircumcised (persons);—qalaf (v.n.), Being uncircumcised; cutting of the foreskin;—quluf (pl. of qalifat), Baskets for holding dates.

A مَلْمَة qalfat (v.n. of قالمة), Unbunging (a wine-cask); turning, inverting; caulking

a ship; foaming, frothing; a hamper full of dutes;—qilfat, A certain plant; covetous, greedy; torn off (nail);—qulfat, qulfa (qalafat, qalafa), The prepuce, foreskin.

وَالْفَتِ qāluft (for كَلَفْت q.v.), Big, bulky. Big, bulky. تاهونيا qulfūniyā (G. κολοφωνία), A kind of pine-tree gum.

qalfa, A sub-preceptor.

a مَلَّهُ qulfī, A small hukkah-snake; a cup with a cover in which ice is moulded.

على م qalaq, Fretfulness, restlessness, disquietude, agitation, commotion; anxiety, keen regret, perturbation;—qalik, Restless, fretful, full of anxiety.

qulqās, The root of a plant which

is edible when cooked.

A تفال qalqāl, Violent motion;—qilqāl (v.n. 3 of قلفال), Moving, disturbing; making a noise, producing a sound.

ياقديس qulqadīs (G. χαλκίτης, χαλκίτις),

Shoemaker's black, vitriol.

a gulqaţār, Yellow vitriol.

a place without water;—qilqil, A species of plant producing a grain so hard that it cannot be pounded;—qulqul, The noise made by water in the neck of a bottle when poured out; an active man; a swift horse.

A منافلان quiquian, Pomegranate.

a تاقلاني qulqulānī, A species of pigeon. A مُلْقِلُ qalqalat, qalqala (v.n. of قلقل), Moving, disturbing; making a noise, pro-

ducing a sound.

a state quiquia, A hukkah.

qalqant, قائنت qalqand (G. χάλκανθον), Copperas.

q.v. قاقطار = qulgantar, قاقطار

c قلقنة qulquna, A sore in a horse's foot.

A نالة qilal (pl. of qill), Tremors, agitations; — qulal, Scattered people who reassemble; (pl. of qallat) tops of mountains; jars; (pl. of qulāl, qalūl) few; small; thin; scattered men of different tribes.

تالر اتاسي تر qul-lar āqāsī, The commander

or leader of troops.

alm (v.n.), Paring (the nails);--qalam, A pen, reed; a pen-knife; a knife, poniard, sword; an engraving-tool; a character, mode of writing; an arrow for gaming or drawing lots; a slip; a section, a paragraph; the upper part of a beard tapering into a point; a kind of firework; a crystal (as of salts);—qalami amwāj, A kind of undulating writing; -qalam andākhtan, To throw away the pen, i.e. to neglect writing ;-qalam awardan, To write; -qalam bar āflāb rāndan, To draw a pen across the sun, i.e. to have a beard just sprouting; -qalam ja'd kardan, 'To write; galam dar siyāh nihādan, To draw the pen through anyone's words;—qalam dar-kashīdan, To obliterate;—qalami dast u pā, Bone of the elbow and of the heel;—qalam zadan, To write; to erase; —qalami surb,

A lead pencil; - qalam shudan, To be written; to be reduced to a mere stump (a lance) ;-qalami firangī, A pencil, a pencilcase; -qalam kardan, To cut, lop, prune; to cut in two at a single blow; -qalami kandagarī, A chisel; -qalami mūy (moy), A hair pencil, a painter's brush;—qalam nīst. He has no account, he is clear; qalami nai-shakar, Sugar-cane;—ahli qalam, Men of the pen, scribes, civilians (opp. to military men); -dawāt u qalam, Pen and ink.

تلما qalmā, A sling.

qalla-mā, It is very rare that, it is seldom that.

qalmā-sang, A sling; a round تلما سنگ

stone for a sling.

galmāsh, Vain, futile, frivolous, absurd, nonsensical; -qulmāsh, A worthless, despicable man; a liar; taken, received, occupied.

a قلم المشان qalam- $afsh\bar{o}n$, A gilt pen (see عامه انشان p. 443).

qalmaq, A Calmuck Tartar.

a نلم الداز qalam-andāz, Neglecting to

write; omitting in writing.

a قلم بند qalam-band, Penned, noted down; committed to writing; entered, registered; taken into account; one who fastens the hair to a painter's brush (done by their servants).

a قام بندى qalam-bandī, Signature, signing; an agreement; insertion, entry.

a تام پاك كن qalam-pāk-kun, A penwiper.

a قلمتراش qalam-tarāsh, A pen-knife.

a قلمجدول qalam-jadwal, A steel pen or pencil for drawing lines.

a قلمچه qalamcha, Shoot of a tree.

a قام خوردة qalam-khwurda, Struck out with the pen, deleted, erased.

a قلمدان qalamdān, A pen-case; a standish; the ensign of the vazīrship.

qalumdān-bardār, Secretary قلمدان بردار ه of State (= دوات دار q.v., p. 539).

a تامدر qalamdar, A young tree or shoot. a قام دست qalam-dast, A scribe, a clerk.

a تلم دوات qalam-dawāt, Pen and ink or inkstand.

a قلم ديده qalam-dīda, Written.

a نلم رسام qalam-rassām, An engraver on

a قامرو qalam-ravī, قامرو qalam-rawī, Empire, dominion, sovereignty, jurisdiction, district.

a قلم زدة qalam-zada, Committed to writing.

a ون qalam-zan, A scribe (quilldriver).

a تلمكار qalam-kār, A writer; an engraver on brass, silver, or gold; a painter.

a تلمكاري qalam-kārī, Writing; the engraving art; painting; workmanship; a kind of flowered calico or chintz.

a تام کشی qalam-kashī, Writing, calligraphy.

a قلم كيري qalam-gīrī, The use of a pen; -qalam girî kardan, To use a pen.

qalamūn, A chameleon; a changing-

coloured cloth; name of a flower.

qalmūniyā, Resin of the pine-tree. qulma, A sausage, or any food stuffed into the intestines of animals, haggis, black pudding.

a تلمى qalamī, Reed-like, long, slender; crystallized (saltpetre, &c.); writing; manuscript; civil (opp. to nizāmī "military"); a kind of quilted garment;—qalamī farmūdan (kardan, namūdan), dar galamī burdan,

To put in writing.

qalambak, A fragrant kind of wood. qalandar, A kind of itinerating Muhammadan monk, with shaven head and beard, who abandons everything, wife, friends, possessions, and wanders in the world; name of the founder of this religious order; a rude fellow; a wine-drinker; the fly of a tent; -qalandar dīda-rā goyad, (met.) An honest man speaks the truth.

تلىدرا qalandarā, A kind of silk cloth;

the fly of a tent.

galandar-bacha, The penis. qalandar-khāna, An abode of Qalandars; a tavern.

qalandari, A fly for a tent.

a قليدرية qalandariyat, qalandariya, Qalandars, a sect of Muhammadan dervishes pledged to perpetual wandering (see قلندر

galandīs, Shoemaker's black, تلنديس

witriol (cf. قلقديس above).

A قلنسة qalnasat (v.n. of تلنسة), Putting a hat or high cap (qalansuwat) on anyone.

alansuwat, A high cap, tall hat, قانسوة or mitre.

alansi (pl. of qalansuwat), High قلسي caps.

qulansiyat, A high-crowned cap. alū, Name of a desert and a mountain.

alw (v.n.), Frying (meat) in a pan. ملو aulūb (pl. of qalb), Hearts, kernels, piths, marrows; — qulūbī ādamiyān, The hearts of men.

qalamuz, A highway-robber; horsemen who lead the van of an army (see

alūs, A young she-camel; or one تلوص A which keeps on travelling; or one ready for the saddle, before she has changed her first teeth (when she is called $n\bar{a}qat$); a sheostrich and her female young one; a young bustard; a proper name for a young girl; qulūṣ (v.n. of قاص), Rising, increasing; diminishing, decreasing; contracting (as a shadow); shrinking (garment); leaping, springing upon; being disturbed (the mind).

مَارِع qulu' (pl. of qal',), Wallets, shep-herds' scrips; (pl. of qil') sails of ships; (pl. of qal'at) citadels.

quiumus (G. φλόμος), Bears-ears

(a plant).

g الرمن qulūman, Froth of the sea.
الرمن qilūn, qulūn (pl. of qulat), Small pieces of wood struck forward by a larger one or bat in the boy's game of tip-cat.

qalūn, Name of a champion of Turan; -quian, A kinsman of the Chinese general Maqatura and slayer of Bahram Chūbīna.

all qula, A sort of grape; dun-coloured

(horse).

a ملك qulla, The top of a mountain; a large ewer. (See also من علم above.)

A مراكب فل عراكب فل عراكب على عراكب على عراكب على عراكب على عراكب على عراكب على عراكب على عراكب على عراكب على عراكب على عراكب على عراكب على عراكب على عراكب على عراكب على عراكب على عراكب على عراكب عرا coin called ikhlasiya after the title of Surah CXII. (sūratu 'l-ikhlūs), which begins with the above words.

aly (v.n.), Cooking in a fryingpan; striking on the head; playing the game tip-cat; -qily, qilá, qili, Potash;qila (v.n.), Abhorring, detesting; hatred; the small piece of wood struck forward by a larger one in the game of tip-cat; -qulá, Mountain-tops; crowns of heads.

a المنان qalyā, qilyā, Potash; black vitriol. qalyan, A pipe for smoking through

water.

مليب 🛦 تليب qalīb, An old well; a well not set in stone; a wolf; -qulaib (dim. of qulb), Little heart; [qulaibī, My little heart (an

endearment);]—qillib, A wolf.

A Lii qaliyat, Anything fried;—qalliyat, A crowd; the whole or best part; -qilliyat, All, the whole; bones and all.

alīd, Twisted (rope); a palm-leaf تايد ه rope;—qillid, A treasury, a magazine.

gulidus, Euclid. تليدس g

qalīs, A misor ;—qullais, qillîs, Name of a church in San'a' built by

aulaisīyat, A little cap. فليسية ▲

(?), Name of a tract in Egypt, where there is said to be a mount of emerald.

qalif, Ruptured, having a swelled تامط ه testicle.

aillif, Ruptured, hydrocele. الما 🖈 🕹 م

for holding dates.

تليل ه qolīl, Little, small, moderate; few; rare; lean, spare, short; -qalilu'li'tibar, Of small estimation, little esteemed; -qalilu 'l-bizā'at, (A merchant) with a small capital; -qalilu 'l-hurmat, Profane, unworthy of veneration; qalilu 'l-'adad, Small in number; qalilu 'l-mafid, Of little use; teaching little; qalil u kasir, Small and great; little or much; more or less; - kharji qulil, Small expenditure, parsimony; -shaiy qalil, A small thing, a

triffe, a bagatelle.

alitle ; -qali-an, Little ; a little ;--qali-an قليلات م qalīl-an, By degrees, sparingly, by little and little.

alilun (pl. of qalil), Few الماون م

(men).

qilimiya, Litharge of gold and silver; dross of metals; gold or silver filings; name of Adam's daughter.

aulainisat, A small hat. قلينسة ه galīwān. A fire-worshipper.

يارون qalyūn, A sort of pipe for smoking .

through water; a galley, a pinnace.

qalya. Fried; ashes of which soap is made; a species of pumice-stone; a kind of earth or composition from herbs put amongst colours; flesh-meat dressed with anything; qalya-ra as mazah burd, He expatiated in insipid talk; qalya'i sughdi, A dish made of meat, suct, and eggs; a fricassee; a curry.

a قامة خوار qalya-khwar, A pimp, cuckold ; a mediator between lovers; an inter-

meddler, interloper.

a قلية مشك qalya-mishk, Civet.

qum, Name of a city in Persian Irāk, situated between Kazwin and Ispahan.

qamm (v.n.), Impregnating the female (a camel); sweeping (a house); eating everything that is on the table; collecting.

qummā (?), A concubine (= قمة q.v.). a أنه qima', Fatness; contemptibleness;

smallness.

ا مان (ابراء shahrā) qumāḥ (qimāḥ), Tho two coldest months.

qumār (qanār?), Name of a city in India.

قمار له qimār (v.n. 3 of قمار), Playing at dice; dice or any game of hazard; -qimār bākhtan (kardan), To gamo;—qimar burdan, To win in a game; -qimar u rahi qimar, A game and the manner of playing it (meaning that one should not take part in the former without knowing the latter).

a باربار و qimār-bāz, A gamester.

a قبار بازی qimār-bāzī, (fambling. a هاد عام qimār-khāna, A gaming-house. a تمارسمي كردن qamārmishī (f) kardan, To enter the hunting ring (see المرابعة).

a t لمار كاغلى qimar-kaghiri, Playing-

cards.

a قماري qamārī (pl. of qumrīyat), Female turtle-doves; -qumari (qamari), Of or belonging to Qumar;—'audi qumari, Aloes-wood from Qumar; the adjective is also applied to ambergris and peacocks.

imās (v.n. 3 of تماس), Contending (with another) in diving ;-qammās, A

diver.

gimāsh, Name of a suit at cards; -qumāsh, Silken cloth; fine linen; mer-chandise, goods, stuff; household furniture; stray things, things of no value, trifles; the meanest of mankind, rabble, populace.

gamāshīr, Gum of the wild parsley.

qimās, A contraction in the sinews قماص of a horse; -qimās, qumās, Dashing (waves); driving, tossing, heaving (a ship); galloping (a horse); leaping, dancing; motion; restlessness, unsteadiness.

a قماط gimāt, A swaddling or cradle-band; a rope for tying a sheep to be slaughtered,

or the hands and feet of a captive.

ماعيل 🛦 قماعيل qamāʻīl (pl. of qumʻūlat), Flower-

cups, buds; knots in the veins.

qamāqim, Small ticks or sheeplice; (pl. of qumqumat) jugs, tankards;qumāqim, A liberal-minded, noble man; a large number.

qumām (pl. of qumāmat), Sweep-

ings

a مامة qumāmat, qumāma, Sweepings, rubbish; a crowd, body of men; -kanisatu 'l-qumāma, The church of the holy sepulchre at Jerusalem.

aimmat, qimma, The body; stature, قبة م figure; fat, grease; crown of the head, top of anything; a crowd, a body of men; -qummat, qumma, Whatever a lion takes in his mouth; a crowd.

تمچى qamchī, A whip, a scourge; a

branch, twig, switch.

مج م qamh (v.n.), Taking up anything with the hand; putting anything dry (as a medicine) into the mouth; wheat; qummah (pl. of qāmih), (Camels) which raise their heads and refuse to drink.

gamha, Name of a medicinal plant.

a نمد qamd (v.n.), Refusing, rejecting, hanging back; persevering in anything (good or bad); -gamad, Length and thickness of neck; -qumud, Strong, hard, of a large body or weight ;--qumudd, fem. قبدة qumuddat, qumudda, Long-necked; hard.

strong, robust; very stiff (penis).

amr (v.n.), Gaming and gaining at تمر ه dice; marrying a wife; - quinr (pl. of qumriyat), Turtle-doves; name of a country beyond Ethiopia; -- gamar, The moon (especially from the third day to the end of the month); (v.n.) having the eyes dazzled from the reflection of snow or any bright colour; satisfying thirst; being abundant (forage, &c.); being spoiled; watching, lying awake in moonlight; [qamaru'lmuqanna', The moon of the sorcerer Muqanna' (see خشب) ;]—qamir, Much, abundant (water, forage, &c.).

a قمراه qamrā' (fem of aqmar), Of a whitish colour, with a mixture of brown or green; a she-ass of this colour; the splendour of the moon; a bright moonlight

night; a kind of bird.

amarāni (du.), The sun and moon.

gumrat, A dusky white colour, with a mixture of green; -qamirat, A bright moonlight night.

a قمر چهره qamar-chihra, Moon-faced.

قبورقا ,qamargha قمرقا ,qamarqa قمرغه qamarqa qamūrqā, = قَارِكَاه q.v. below, of which it is evidently a corruption.

a مر مم qamar-sum, With crescent-like

hoof (a horse).

a قمر گاه qamar-gāh, The hunting-ring formed to enclose the game in the grand royal chase.

qamrūn, A shrimp.

a قامري qamarī, Lunar; lunatic;—qumrī, A turtle-dove, ring-dove.

qumriyat, A female-turtle dove قمرية A (the male being called saqu hurr-in).

A قورين qamarain (obl. du. also used as nom.), Sun and moon.

amz (v.n.), Scraping together, or قمز ه taking up with the points of the fingers; [qamz-qamz, Separate, sparse, here and there;]-qamaz, The worst part of anything; low, worthless, good for nothing.

qum-zāda, The son of a concubine

(see La qumma).

A قمزة qumzat, qumza, A handful of dates; the follicle containing the seed of a plant: compact flesh.

aams (v.n.), Plunging (oneself or another into water); stirring (as a feetus in the womb).

aummas, A nobleman. قىس

amsh (v.n.), Collecting, gleaning قمش from every quarter.

ams (v.n.), Cantering, galloping قبص (a horse); dashing (waves), tossing, heaving, driving (a ship); a contraction of the sinew in a horse;—qamas, Little flies swimming on water; locusts just hatched;qumus (pl. of qamis), Shirts, shifts.

a قيمان qumṣān (pl. of qamīṣ), Shirts, shifte.

a قبط a gamt (v.n.), Binding (a captive or sheep for slaughter); swaddling (an infant); treading (as a bird); smearing pitch on a (mangy) camel; taking; pleasure, voluptuousness; -qimt, A rope with which a reed cottage is girded, or a sheep is bound for slaughter.

A منطر qimatr, A large strong camel; a short man; gyves;—also qimatrat, qimatra, A library, book-case; a scent-box; a pot

for holding plants or sugar.

aamtarīr, Calamitous (day).

am' (v.n.), Striking on the head with a mace; battering, bruising; smiting an elephant with the hook wherewith he is driven; beating wool or cotton; humbling, suppressing, putting down; listening, paying attention to; subduing, causing to subside; [qam'i fitna'i ashrar kardan, To quell sedition, to quiet the public discontent;]-qam', qim', qima', A funnel; the

stalk of the date, or the hollow place of the fruit to which it joins; -qum'(pl. of qum'at), Best parts of anything; (pl. of aqma') men troubled with a fistula lachrymalis; -qama' (v.n.), Suffering from a fistula lacbrymalis; having a mote fallen into the eye and trying to extract it; taking medicine simple and unmixed; the head or lid of the windpipe; a big blue fly tormenting the heads of cattle in hot weather; pimple on the edge of the lip; a diseased state of the inner corner of the eye, a redness or inflammation of that part, a stye; a largeness in the knee or hough of a horse; a vessel with narrow neck for oil; a sheath; (pl. of qama'at) tops of camels' humps; heads; - qami', Large-humped (camel); pimpled (eye, &c.); timid (horse);—quma', Indigestion.

a تبعل qum'al, qum'ul, Nympha, clitoris; -qum'ul, A large goblet; a small cauldron or copper having a narrow neck; a little bird with a short neck and beak; a small

qum'ūs, A pimp to his own wife.

a تمعول qum'ūl, A large goblet.
a يرس qum'ūlat, Cup of a flower, bud; a knot in a vein.

aamqām, qumqām, The deep sea; an important affair, intricate business; a great number; larger or better part; a prince, lord; small ticks.

a نمام qimqim, A withered, unripe date ; qumqum, A decanter; a water-pot; a cucumber-shaped vessel, used for warming water; news, intelligence; the throat or

a تمقمان qumqumān. A great number;

the larger or better part.

A مُعَمَّم qamqamat (v.n. of تمقم Assembling; surrounding, encircling; taking, seizing; sending a plague of lice (God); gumqumat, qumquma, A bowl, jug, tankard; a round shade; a lantern.

aml, A louse ;—qamal (v.n.), Being تمل lousy; being black, as covered with insects; being very numerous; - qumal, gummal, An insect less than the tick,

found on lean camels; a louse.

amlat, One tick. قملة

aimam (pl. of qimmat), Tops, sum-

موه qumū', قموه qumū'at (v.n. of قموه), Becoming fat (a sheep).

آنوع A منست qumūḥ (v.n. of نموع , Raising (his) head and refusing to drink (a camel).

qamūs, So abundant in water that

the bucket disappears (a well).

amūs, Galloping (horse) that shakes his rider; a lion; restless; name of a mountain and fortress near Khaibar.

a مرع qamū', Troubled with a fistula lachrymalis.

A sai qamah, Little appetite for meat ;—

qummah (pl. of qāmih), Travelling well (camels), carrying their heads high.

qama, A straight poniard, a short sword carried in the belt (m.c.);—qimma, see A. قبة ;—qumma, A concubine (see and قمزادة).

qamīr, An antagonist at play;—qumair (dim. of qamar), A little moon; qumīr, Name of a city in Hindustān.

qimīr, Name of a certain dish.

qamīz, A cup, a goblet.

qimmis, The sea.

qamīshat, A dish composed of milk and the seeds of colocynth.

amis, A shirt, shift, or any kind تميص of inner garment of linen; also a tunic, a surplice (of cotton, but not of wool); the membrane which surrounds the feetus in the womb, amnion; pericardium; a galloping horse that shakes its rider.

aamīt, Entire, whole, full (year).

amīm, A dry, withered pot-herb. A قمين qamin, The chimney of a bath;

fit, proper; swift.

amī'at, Name of an Arabian poet. تميته a qann (v.n.), Examining (a messenger), inquiring after news; scrutinizing; striking with a stick;—qinn, A slave, especially one born in the family, whose father and mother are slaves;—qunn, Sleeve of a

shirt; a small mountain. الله $qan\bar{a}'$, Water; the shady side of a wall; $-qin\bar{a}'$ (pl. of qinat), Spears; canes; -qannā', A spearman, or a spear-maker; skilful in discovering water; -qannā'u 'larz, The hoopeo (as possessing this skill).

a ajunābat, qunnābat, Name of a fort تنابة

at Madina.

A قنابر qanābir (pl. of quṃburā'), Larks.

A Bus qanāt, A cane, spear, javelin (the Arabians in general making use of canespears); the backbone; a subterraneous canal; a syphon.

anat, The walls of a tent or تناسه canvas-enclosure, with which a sort of سرايدة == court-yard is formed in a camp (= مرايدة q.v.); a screen.

anātat, Abstinence, abstemious-

a قناتي qanātī, Enclosed in or surrounded by a qanāt;—qanātī masjid, An open space enclosed with a qanāt, and used as a place of worship.

qunnāhat, A long قناح A qunnāhat, A long

crooked key. annād, A maker of sugar-candy;

a confectioner.

a قنادي $qann\bar{a}d\bar{\imath}$, = قنادي q.v.

A قناديل qanādīl (pl. of qindīl), Candles ; lamps; qanādīli charkh (candles of the sky), The stars.

a قنارة qannāra, qinnāra, A long piece of wood or iron fastened to the wall and supplied with many pegs, on which butchers

suspend their meat; a butcher's shop; shambles.

A jui gannāz, A huntsman.

A שוֹסקצט qunāṣirīn, Name of a place in Syria.

A قناطة qanāṭat (v.n. of قناطة و Despairing.

anagir (pl. of qangarat), Bridges; arches.

anātīr (pl. of qintār), Weights قناطير A قناطير of 100 lbs. ;-qanātīri muqantara, Talents

heaped together.

anā', A name for a sheep ;—qinā', A kind of plate or dish made of palmwood; a large kerchief or hood; the pericardium; arms, armour.

A ماهان qanā'at, Content, contentment, tranquillity, resignation, abstinence; ability to do without;—ganā'at kardan (namūdan), To be content, &c.

a تناعب كرين qanā'at-guzīn, Who chooses

contentment.

qināf, qunāf. One who has a large nose, or a long and thick beard; glans penis grandior.

anāfiz (pl. of qunfaz), Hedge-

hogs.

qanān, Name of a mountain in the country of the Banu Asad; -qinān (pl. of qunnat), Mountain-tops; -qunān, Sleeve (of a shirt); stench of arm-pits.

a تنامة qinanat, qunanat, Servitude.

تناني ه qanānī (pl. of ganīnat), Glass wine-bottles.

a نسب ه qumb, A large sail; a bow-string; clitoris; the claw of a lion; the sheath of a horse or other solid-hoofed animal.

ainnab, qunnab, in P. qanab, Hemp, فنب ۸

a hempen rope.

ambar, Name of a freedman of تنبر ۸ 'Alī.

a قنبراه quṃburā', A lark.

منبرة A qumburat, A lark ; a bird's crest.

a تىبرى quṃburī, Crested (cock). aimbaz, Short; miserly.

A منبعة qamba'at (v.n. of قنبعة), Concealing oneself in one's own house, or itself in its cnp (a flower); swelling with rage; qumbu'at, A kind of tunic worn by boys; a kind of veil or head-dress worn by women; the pod in which a flower is con-

cealed.

aimbir, A kind of plant.

aiṃbīt, qunnabīt, Ā cauliflower. تنبيط

a تنبيل qaṃbīl, An earth which, when baked, becomes yellow, and is good for worms in the bowels; a small grain like manna falling in Yaman, fatal to earthworms and good against the mauge.

a قبيلة qambīla, Name of a medicinal

herb.

A & ginnat, A single thread of a rope made of palm-tree fibres called lif; galbanum;—qunnat, qunna, A mountain-top; a little mountain; a mountain separated from others, and reaching far, or stretching up into the sky.

ganat, A worm infesting fruit and

herbs (= تنك q.v.).

antar, قنثر qantar, قنتر qansar, Short-bodied. antūra, A short braided garment;

a kind of scarlet covering over a travellingbag to protect it against the dust; a churn-

ganj, Pressure, compression; dissimulation; (for A. aic q.v.) amorous playfulness; -qunj, Idle, vain, futile; an ass with his tail docked.

T قنجعة qanjugha, قنجعة qanjūgha, A strap attached to a saddle for fastening a portmanteau (= نرکون q.v., p. 297).

عولاة (?), Creeping; reptiles (= عولاة

q.v., p. 459).

qanja, Amorous, languishing; the cup of a flower (see غنج and غنجه).

anh (v.n.), Bending, curving; quenching the thirst and raising the head; refusing to drink; setting up (a door) of planed wood.

a قند qand, Sugar; sugar-candy; a kind of cloth; Turkey red (in India); construed with the verbs khā'īdan, khwurdan, rekhtan, &c. [qandi pārsī ('askarī, کہجی (?), maḥmūdī, misrī), A kind of soft sugar; -qandi khām, Sugar;—qandi dū-bāra, Sugar twice refined; -qandi mukarrar, Refined sugar; (met.) the lips of a mistress;—qund (from P. كند kund). The testicles;—abū 'l-qundain, Name of a certain man.

a نند آب qand- $\tilde{a}b$, A sweet drink; wine.

r تنداي qundāq, The stock (of any portable firearms); the carriage (of a cannon on board ship); swaddling - clothes; bachcha'i qundaq, A baby in long clothes, a suckling (m.c.).

gunduz, The beaver; sable; an emblem of night; a dark night; wine; name of a country on the confines of the region of darkness;—qunduz āmadan, To become

night.

qunduz-qūrī, Testicles of the beaver.

تندس qundus, Alkali; a kind of animal (perhaps = j in).

kanda-pir, for P. کنده پیر kanda-pir, An old woman.

gandak (१), A lantern giving but little light, used by thieves.

andal, qunadil, Large-headed تندل A تندل (horse or camel).

a تند لب qand-lab, With lips sweet as

sugar-candy, sweet-spoken.

andūl, A certain tree found in قندول م Syria, whose flower yields a costly oil; gindul, An aromatic bark of a prickly tree.

gandahār, Name of a city, Candahar; name of a temple in Gang Bihisht (گنگ بهشت see).

a مندي qandī, Sugared, made of sugar.

indid, Wine; saffron; ambergris; عنديد 4 qindid, camphor; musk; a perfume compounded

with saffron; candied sugar.

gindil, A candle; a lamp, lantern, chandelier, branched candlestick;—qindili tarsa, A lamp kept perpetually burning in a church; - qindili tir, An orna-mental quiver; -qindili charkh, Suu and moon; the stars;—qindili dü-sar, The sky;—qindili shab. The darkness of the night;—qindili 'isá, The sun (as placed in the fourth heaven, said to be the abode of Jesus) ;—qindili ya<u>kh,</u> = qindili tir above. تدينهي qindilchi, A lamp-lighter in a

mosque.

r لسية qandiya, The island of Candia or Crete.

پر A wine. A small flagon or wine. vessel; qinz, qunz, Who hates uncleanness;ganaz, Any kind of earthenware; prey,

ams, qins, A root; the root or عسن foundation of greatness; -qins, Crown of the head; -qanas, Elecampane; a slight

a لسرى ginnasrī, A native of Qinnasrīn. qinnasrin, qinnisrin, Name of a town in Syria.

a تنسريني qinnasrini, Native of Qinnasrin. -; qans (v.n.), Taking by hunting لنم 🛦

qins, Root, origin ;-qanas, Prey, game. ana, Shaking or brandishing a للش

stick; a bent stick.

a Li gang, Hindrance, prohibition; a boy's penis; —qanat (v.n.), Despairing; —qanit, Overwholmed with despair, despe-

qinta (probably from G. δρακοντία),

Dragons blood.

qintar, A weight of 40 ūqiyat (ounces) of gold; or of 1,200 dinars; or of 1,200 agiyat, i.e. a talent of 120 lbs.; or of 70,000 dinars, or 80,000 dirhams, or 100 rate of gold or silver, or of 1,000 dinars; the hide of an or full of gold or silver; the freshness of fragrant aloe-wood.

gintāsiyā, The inner or common تساسيا sense (= بنطاسيا q.v., p. 203, for G. φαντασία).

gantāl, Name of a king of Russia لنطال who bestowed all his dominions on Sikan-

منارة qantarat, qantara (v.n. of تنارة م Dwelling in cities or villages; possessing wealth by the qintar (see Line above); building a bridge; a bridge; an arch; any lofty building.

qantus. The myrtle-tree.

واها ومارية qantūrā'. Keturah, Abraham's concubine, from whom the Turks are desconded; -banū qantūrā, Turks and Ne-

قىنورة qantūra, = ئىغورة q.v. above. qantūriyūn (G. κενταύριον), Centaury.

A misfortune; name of an ash-coloured bird.

uan' (v.n.), Turning downwards قنع ۸ (the mouth of a ewer); loading, burdening; leaning to one side; -qin', A kind of plate or dish made of palm-wood; root, origin; (pl. of qin'at) level grounds between two hills;—qun', A brazen trumpet; -qana' (v.n.), Being contented; contentment ;-qani', Satisfied, contented ;-qunu' (pl. of qina'), Plates or dishes made of pulm-wood; large kerchiefs or hoods; pericardia; arms.

qan'al, A camel's desire for the fold, or his longing for sweet herbage;qin'at, qin'a, A level place between two hills, a valley ; -qun'at, A petition, request, begging; -qana'at, The top of a mountain,

or of a camel's hump.

A data ganaf (v.n.), Cracking (dry mud left on the surface of the ground); smallness and thickness of the ear; white on a horse's neck; --qinnaf, Clay or mud which a flood leaves behind, and which cracks.

A معلم qunfud, qunfuz, qunfaz, A porcupine; a hedgehog; a protuberance behind a camel's ear; a high sand-hill; a place producing luxuriant plants; a tree growing in the midst of sands.

A blus qunfazat, qunfuzat, A she-porcu-

anfashat (v.n. of تنفش), Being collected, contracted, wrinkled; being costive; -qinfishal, A species of reptile with a shrivelled skin.

runuq, A guest, a stranger, a tra-

T مناجى qunuqchī, A host, an innkeeper.

A Jan gangal, A large measure for dry. goods; name of the crown of Kisrá.

r لنقل qunqul, Name of a Turkish tribe.

. بىغل .A. µanqalāt, = مىنقلات م

qunquli, Belonging to the tribe لنقلي ع qunqul.

uinqin, qanqan, A skilful guide; تنقن ه skilful in finding water in the desert; a field-mouse; a kind of sea-shell.

anqahir, Name of a certain gum. تناير ه ank, A worm infesting grain (=

, (.v.) تبت

أنم م qanam (v.n.), Smelling strong of oil (the hand); taking an offensive smell (leathern bottle); being rotten (a walnut); -qanim, (A hand) which smells strongly of oil.

A لنم qanamat (v.n. of النم), Smelling strong (a leathern bottle); being rotten

(nut); the strong smell of anything fat.

النا qanan, Rule, mode, manner;—
qınan (pl. of qinnat), Threads of ropes made of palm-tree fibres; -quana (pl. of qunnat), Mountain-tops.

ganw (v.n.), Blushing continually: gaining, acquiring ; qinw, qunw, A cluster

of dates; -qunu' (v.n. of w), Being very red (as a woman with paint, or fingers after pressing fruits); mixing milk with water; killing; being put into a tan-pit (a hide); dyeing (the beard) black; -qunuw (v.n. of ننو), Gaining, acquiring; keeping goats for milking; blackness.

anawāt (pl. of ganāt), Canes:

spears.

יינין qinwan. qanwan, qunwan (pl. of qinw), Clusters of dates;—qunwan, Sleeve of a shirt ;—qanawān (v.n. of قنو), Gaining, acquiring; keeping goats for milking.

ainwat, qunwat, Gain; mode of

acquisition; a flock.

قنوت أ qunut (v.n. of قنوت أ long in prayer; refraining from speaking; devotion, piety; supplication; obedience.

قنوع qannūj, qinnauj (S. kanyā-kubja), Name of a city of India.

qunūd, Animated or presuming, in saying or doing anything.

aunūs (pl. of qins), Tops of heads. gunut (v.n. of قنوط م), Despairing; despair.

عرج A مترع ganū', Contented; a humble suppliant; steep; sloping;—qunu (v.n. of فنع), Begging humbly; being content; longing for sweet pasture or for the fold (camel); a petition, request; contentment; — khairu 'l-ghiná 'l-qunu' wa sharru 'lfaqri 'l-khuzu', The best riches is contentment, the worst poverty self-abasement.

aunūn (pl. of qunnat), Mountain-

tops.

a تنة qinna, Galbanum (see also تنه).

تدی ه qany (v.n.), Gaining, acquiring;—qaná (pl. of نتاة), Canes; spears;—qanš, Badly swelling (leathern bottle);—qiná (v.n.), Being contented; being independent; contentment, satisfaction; (pl. of qinyat, qunyat) gains; -qunīy, qunī (pl. of qanāt), Spears; subterraneous aqueducts.

🋦 قىيات qanayāt (pl. of qanāt), Spears.

A تنيان qinyan, qunyan (v.n. of قنيان), Gaining, acquiring; acquired wealth (in flocks); (pl. of qinw) clusters of dates; -qunyān (v.n. of تنی), Preserving inviolate (chastity); blushing continually.

anīb, Crowds of men; clouds.

ainyat, Gain, acquisition; a store; -sū'u 'l-qinyat, Bad state of the body, cachexy.

منيم م qanīş, A huntsman ; game. منيط م qanīt, Despairing, desperate ; qunaivit, Name of a kind of cabbage.

ganī', Contented.

qanāf, Crowds of men; a cloud fraught with rain; part (of the night); thin of hair.

ainnīnat, A glass bottle.

نو qau, Tinder ;—qū, A swan; an ostrich; -qu dar ān-jā na-mīparad, (met.) The

place is inaccesible or full of danger; no news can be obtained therefrom.

r تو $q\bar{u}$, Tinder.

مراً A عرسة (for فريل quwá), Powers, forces. awābil (pl. of gābilat), Midwives; beginnings (of affairs).

quwāt, Aliment, nourishment;quwat (pl. of quwat), Powers, virtues.

qawātil (pl. of qātilat), Deadly قواتل م (things).

qawāhit (pl. of qāhit), Severe, hard times.

t وَأَمْ qawākh, A poplar-tree (m.c.).

ا إن qawwād, A pimp; (in Himyaritic) the nose; $-q\bar{u}w\bar{a}d$ (pl. of $q\bar{a}'id$) Leaders, governors.

awādiḥ, Curses, censures. قوادع

a مَوادُكي qawādagī, Pimping, panderism. awādim (pl. of qādim), Heads; توادم (pl. of qadimat) the first or the longest

feathers in a bird's wing. a قوادة qawāda (for A. qauwādat), A

procuress.

qawāzif, Missiles, things with which anyone is pelted.

awārib (pl. of qārib), Ships' توارب boats.

a قوارع qawāriḥ (pl. of qāriḥ), Five-yearsold horses.

a قوارع qawāri' (pl. of qāri'at), Adversities, evils; harsh, biting words; verses of the Qur'an repeated incessantly when in apprehension of danger.

قوارة qawāra, A remnant, piece, bit, frag-ment, scrap, shred; a finger; neck and shoulders of a strong man, sturdiness of

frame (m.c.).

qawārīr (pl. of qārārat), Flasks, decanters.

a قواريري qawārīrī, A seller of flasks, decanters, &c.

a قواس a qauwās, A bow-maker; an archer. a قوأسى qawāsī, The art of making

qawāṣi' (pl. of qāṣi'ā'), Holes of field-mice.

qawāṣif (pl. of qāṣifat), Violent winds.

qawāzib (pl. of qāzib), Sharp swords.

م إلم auwāt, A shepherd.

awāti' (pl. of qāti', qāti'at), Birds

of passage; incisors.

qawā'id (pl. of qā'id), Dwarf palm-trees; women remaining at home and not visited by their husbands (on account of child-birth or menses); (pl. of qā'idat) bases, foundations; pillars, props; rules, canons, regulations; rules of procedure as distinguished from substantive law; military exercises or evolutions, parade, drill; -qawā'idu 'l-mubtadī, Rules for beginners (an elementary grammar) ; -qawā'idi dīn, Articles of faith.

a واع عداية qawā'id-dān, Well versed in grammar.

a علا يواعد كان qawa'id-qah, A place for drill, &c., a parade-ground.

qawafiz (pl. of qafiz), Leaping قوافر A (horses); frogs.

راس م مراس qawāfil (pl. of qāfilat), Caravans, bodies of travellers.

qawāfī (pl. of qāfīyal), The last consonants or syllables in verses with which all the others rhyme.

, qauwāl, توال م qauwālat, qauwāla Loquacious; one who speaks fluently, cloquent; a professional story-teller; an improvisator; -- hamāmi qanuāl (talking

pigeon), The cuckoo.
موالب م توالب م qawalib (pl. of qalib), Moulds, forms.

a توالى qauwālī, Singing and playing

(esp. for dancing dervishes).

awām, Straightness; justice, قوام equity; truth, consistency; pillar, support; a well-proportioned frame, stature of a man; essence, substance; syrup; - qiwam, The joining together, connection, constitution of anything; arrangement, order, adornment; substratum; essence, substance, consistency; competency; (pl. of qawim) of a fine stature (men); [qiwam giriflani kar, The getting into shape of a business, good arrangement of an affair;]-quwam, A disease incident to the feet of sheep; qauwām, Standing; superior to; erect, upright; of a fine stature; -quwam (pl. of qa'im), Standers. 1

a توامى qiwami, Syrup-like, syrupy;

thick, substantial, &c.; poetry.

qawāniṣ, A small column for the قوائص ه support of a roof or anything similar; (pl. of quaisat) bird's intestines.

awānīn (pl. of qānūn), Canons, قوانين ه regulations, rules, statutes; harpsichords.

qawa'im (pl. of qa'imat), Legs of قواكم ه a quadruped.

قوجور qūbjūr, = فبجور q.v. qūwat, quwwat (v.n. of قوم qūwat, quwwat strong, powerful; excelling in strength; power, force, vigour, strength, firmness; virtue, faculty, quality; authority; construed with the verbs dadan, fire-rekhtan, giriftan, &c.;—quwwati ākhiza, Strength of mind;—quwwati bāşira, Visible faculties, sight, vision; -quwwati bāh, Lust, faculty of coition; -quuwati jūziba, Power of attraction; allurement; power of absorption; quwwati hāfiza (hifz), The retentive power, memory; -quwwati haiwaniya, Animal or vital power; -quwwati khayāl, Imaginative power; — quwwati daft'a, Expulsive, repulsive, or repelling power, force of repulsion ;-quwwali darrāka, Intellectual or conceptive power;quwwati dil, Strength of mind; -qawwati zātīya, Faculty of taste;—quwwati sāmi'a,

Faculty of hearing; — quowati shamma, Faculty of smelling; —quowat shudan, To recover from illness; -quwwati shahwaniya, Concupiscent power; quwwat-i ghazabiya, Irascibility; quwwati lamisa, Faculty of touch; —quivwati māsika (muhāfiza), Retentive power; —quivwati mutakhaiyila; — Imaginative power; quwwati mutaşarrifa, Volition; quwwati muhriqa. Power of motion; moving power; -quwwati mudrika, Apprehensive or comprehensive faculty ;quwwati mi'da, Digestive power, strength of stomach; -quiwwati mumaiyiza. Power of discrimination, discornment; -quwwati wāhimā (wāhimīya, wahm), Faculty of imagination, fancy; — quwwati hazima, Digestivo power, digestion.

A = j qaut, $q\bar{u}t$ (v.n.), Maintaining (one's family); = $q\bar{u}t$, Nourishment, aliment, food, victuals; livelihood, sustenance; construed with dadan, nihādan, &c.;—qūli rūḥ, Spiritual food;—qūli lā-yamūl, Food sufficient to keep body and soul together ;-quti laila, A night's provision ;—quti masih, One night's wine ;—quti masihi yak-shaba, A

date.

پذیر a quwwal-pazîr, لوت Acquiring strength.

a قرتك qūtat, A day's provision. qutash عناس = qutash فوتاش qutas وتاس

a قوت عواه qūt-khṇāh, Food-seeking. وولى qūtī, A box, generally of wood, though sometimes of silver, in which precious stones or electuaries are preserved.

qūtīl, A weight of three drams. qugir, Sweet cane, galangale. queh, A horned fighting-ram; a buck. برعالي queh-arghali, A male argali. quehquer. A wild فوچفار quehquer. A wild ram frequent in the country where the

qūchīn, Military class of the inhabi-

tants of Kashgar.

river Oxus takes its source.

אָדָא qau¼ (v.n.), Being full of matter (a wound); sweeping (a house); $-q\hat{u}\lambda$ (pl. of qāḥat), Courts.

gaukh (v.n.), Becoming corrupted قوخ from disease (the stomach or belly).

موق qaud (v.n.), Leading (opp. to تود sauq, which means driving); a led horse or mule; a troop of horse; $-q\bar{u}d$ (pl. of aqwad), Long-necked ;-qawad, Retaliation, lex talionis; length of neck; -quwad (pl. of qa'id), Governors.

qaur (v.n.), Walking on tip-toe, so as not to be heard; circumventing (game); cutting from the middle of anything; circumcising (a woman); a new rope of fine cotton; fresh cotton; -qur (pl. of qurat), Hills; black stones; qawar (v.n.), Being blind of one eye; purblindness, dimness of sight.

qûr, The top of a gourd, or any ball placed on an eminence, to shoot at with arrows; cotton; a testicle; a knot, wen;

t قور بيگى qūr-begī, Keeper of the arsenal.

ورثا qūrṣā, The balsam-tree (see قورثا). t قورجى qūrchī, The keeper of the armoury; a horseguard, a cuirassier.

قور خالة qūr-khāna, An arseval, armoury.

a تورسا qūrsā, The balsam-tree.

qūruq, قوروق qūruq, قوروغ qūrūgh قورق qūrūq, Forbidden; hence, a lark; a hunting-ground (m.c.).

qūrlatān, (in Khwārazm) A consul-

tation.

T قرمساق qūrūmsāq, = قررومساق q.v. qūrī, A tea-pot (m.c.).

T قورى چاي qūrī-chāy, (dry-brook) Name of a place near Teheran.

 $q\bar{u}r\bar{\iota}gh$, قوريغ q.v.

a توريلتاي qūriltāy, An assembly of people in consultation or celebrating a feast.

φūriyūn (G. κόριον), Čoriander. qauz, A round heap, hill, or high قوز م tract of sand.

توز qūz, Curved, crooked; a sheep. qūz-pusht, Crook-backed.

A قوس qaus (v.n.), Measuring, comparing; preceding, outstripping, surpassing; cubit; a bow; arc (of a circle); curve (of an arc); the sign Saggitarius; a few dates lying at the bottom of the bin; [qausu 'llāh, The rainbow;—qausi andarūnī, The interior curve (of an arc), intrados; the concave side;—qausi bīrūnī, The exterior curve, extrados; the convex side;— $q\bar{u}s$, A cloister, the cell of a monk; a Christian convent; the lurking-place of a hunter; a word used in scaring away dogs; -qawas, Curvature in the back; -- qawis, Difficult (times); a high sandhill.

ausa' (fem. of aqwas), Crook-

backed (woman).

. qausarat, qausarrat, = قوصرة م qausarat, qausarrat, عوصرة

a قوس نما qaus-nama, Bowed, curved.

a قوسه qausa, The rainbow.

a قرسى qausi, Bow-shaped; arched; curved; vaulted; of the form or colour of the rainbow (qaus);—qūsī, Troublesome (times).

sy توسيا qūsiyā, The costus (a shrub).

qūsh, A bird, especially a bird of prey, dressed for the chase; a falcon; -yak bahla qush, One falcon.

qūchak), کوچك qūchak (from P. کوچك Small-bodied (man); a word used in scaring dogs.

 $ar{t}$ قوهباز $qar{u}shbar{a}z$, A fowler; a seller of birds.

t قوهچى qūschī, A falconer.

t مَالِمَ qūsh-khāna, An aviary; fal-

r قوهون qūshūn, A house; a hospital; a troop of men, an army (see قشون). t قریمی 'چُshī, A scarecrow.

qūṣ, Name of a place in Upper Egypt; also of a village.

A قومره qausar, قومره qausara, qausarra, A basket or hamper of reeds or osier-twigs for holding grain or dates; a woman.

ausaf, A carpet with a long pile, قرصف

striped and four-square.

a توض qauz (v.n.), Destroying, demolish-

ing (a building).

qaut, A flock of sheep, or a hundred قوط ه of them; -qūt, Name of a village near Balkh; also of a traditionist.

قوطوليدون $q\bar{u}t\bar{u}l\bar{t}d\bar{u}n$ (G. κοτυλμδών), Akind of evergreen growing in shady places and clinging to the foot of walls.

qūtūmā, Anemone (= الربون q.v.,

p. 31).

qūtī, A box;—qūtīyi ḥalabī, A tin box; a tin (as of potted meat, &c., m.c.); "Tunbridge ware" (? m.c.).

A قرع qau' (v.n.), Covering (as a camel); receding, retiring, desisting; a piece of plain ground on which dates or corn are gathered.

qaughā (for غوغا ghaughā), Tumult.

qauf (v.n.), Following (the footsteps), coming behind, tracking; -quf, The upper part or opening of the ear; the hinder part of the back; margin, extremity; -qūfu 'r-raqabat, The nape of the neck.

qūfā, Turpentine of fir.

a قوئل م qūfal, Betel-nut.

name of a Greek emperor; — quq, An aquatic bird with a long neck; rima mulieris.

A قوقاءً qauqa'at (v.n. of قوقاءً), Clucking. a قوقبا برūyabā, An opening medicine;

name of a herb.

موتل A توتل qauqal, The male partridge; the bird $qat\bar{a}$; name of the father of a tribe.

qūqnūs (G. kukvos ?), قوقنوس qūqnūs وقنس A phœnix.

قوته qūqū, قوته qūqa, A top-knot on a turban, a button on a garment.

qūqī, A kind of beaver.

a قوقية qauqīya, Coins bearing the image and superscription of the Greek emperor

м J, The middle of an army in battle order; a troop, an army; a poisonous worm (this unsupported by examples).

aul (v.n.), Speaking, saying, pronouncing, or giving an opinion upon (anything); speech; a word, saying, dictum; a kind of song; assertion, explanation, affirmation; promise, agreement, compact, contract, bargain; consent, acquiescence; a deed of lease, setting forth the principles and rules by which the demands of government on the land are to be regulated (in India); -qaul dādan, To enter into or ratify a compact, to give one's word, to

promise; -qauli kāsagar, A term of music; -qaul magar hast, Is anything said against (such and such a person)? is there the least slur put upon him? (m.c.);—qaul u fi'l, Word and deed; —qaul u qarar, An agreement; -ba-qauli kase, According to the saying or dictum of.

قو "ل ه qu'ul (pl. of qa'ūl), Talkative. a آول ه qūwal (pl. of qa'il), Speakers.

qūlāj, A fathom;—qūlāj kardan, To measure with a fathom, to fathom.

قولة م qūlat (v.n. of قولة), Speaking; a speech ;—quwalat, Talkative ; eloquent. تولنوق qūltūq, A gulf.

r وَلَوْى qulchi, A slave, a servant.

T قولدور qūldūr, A robber (m.c.).

T قولدور باسان qūldūr-bāsān, Who exterminates robbers.

a قول سراى qaul-sarāy, A rhapsodist. a قرار قرار aul-qarār, An agreement. a تول قبان qaul-qalbāna, A kind of song.

a قول ممدق qaul-muşaddiq, Truthful of speech.

a قولنامة qaul-nāma, Treaty, written agreement.

A قولنج qaulanj, qaulinj, qūlinj, Cholic.

a قولى qaulī, Verbal.

qaum (v.n.), Being brisk (the market); being dull, at a stand (the same); rising up; rebelling against; standing; being set over; attending to, executing (any business); stopping (as a fatigued horse); people, nation; tribe, family, kindred; a sect; some; a certain person; a company of men (exclusive of women); [qaumi fil, The followers of king Abrahah on his expedition against the Ka'bah (see ashābi fīt under ديل);—qaumi lūt, The people of Lot, i.e. inhabitants of Sodom; -qaumi mūsá, The people of Moses, the Israelites; -qaumi yūnas, The people of Jonab, i.e. the Ninevites; -qaum u khwesh, People and kin, friends and relations;] qūwam (pl. of qā'im), Standers.

قبهٔ $q\bar{u}m\bar{a}$, قبما q.v.

A قوم qaumat (v,n. of قوم), Being brisk, bustling (the market); rising up, standing; one standing up between two prostrations (in prayer); stature; -qawamat, qawama (pl. of qā'im), Administrators, prefects.

a قرم دار aum-dar, Of good family or

race.

t توسرى qūmrī, A turtle-dove, a ring-dove .(.v.) تمری =)

qaumas (G. κόμης, " commander of 200 men"), A prince, commander; the main ocean, middle of the sea; -qūmas, Name of a tract of country between Khūrāsān and Iraq; name of a province in Spain.

qūminī, An intoxicating liquor made from barley and other species of

grain.

a تومير qaumī, Of or relating to a people

or nation; national, tribal, &c.; family, relation, kindred.

qaumīyat, Connection, the being قومية ه of the same tribe; clanship; nationality; stay, support.

qūnj, A kind of beech-mast employed in tanning leather; the oxyacanth;

the wild plum.

عندر qondurūj, Frankincense (see قوندروج ع and (کندرو).

gaunas, Crest of a helmet; crown قونس 🛦 of the head; a prominent bone between the ears of a horse; the beaten part of a

قونسول qonsāl, A consul (m.c.). قولسول عالم qonsāl-<u>kh</u>āna, The residence of a consul, consulate (m.c.).

aunus, The crest of a helmet.

م برسسسه, بابو crest of a helmet. وزيم qūniyat, qūniya, Iconium. وزد م qa'ūd, Manageable, well-trained (horse).

a وَوْرُل qa'ūl, Loquacious, talkative, eloquent; $-qw\bar{u}l$ (pl. of $q\bar{a}'il$), Speakers.

qūhat, Milk beginning to قوهه qūh, قوهه spoil.

qūhistān, Name of a place قوهستان famous for the manufacture of cloths.

a توهي qūhī, A kind of white cloth.

وى A درى qawá (v.n.), Being empty and deserted (a house); being famished; being withheld; hungry; a desert;—qawī, A rope made of threads of unequal thickness; (for qawiy) robust, firm, strong, solid, powerful, vigorous; (adv.) very; [qawīyu 'l-iqtidār, Of great power; -qawiyu 'l-janan (fu'ād), High-minded, magnanimous; -qawīyu 'nnafs, Of strong or vigorous mind, highspirited; —qawi za'if, Very weak;]—quwa, Intellect, sense, mind; (pl. of quwwat) powers, virtues, energies; -quwaiy, The young of any bird or beast.

عوى بازو aqawi-bāzù (الله bāl), Strong.

a توى خت qawī-ba<u>kh</u>t, Fortunate, prosperous.

a قوى بنية qawī-bunya, Of a strong-build, stout, robust; of a firm character.

a قرى پنجة qawī-panja, Of a strong hand, fist, or claw; of a powerful clutch.

a قوى پى qawī-pay, Sinewy, muscular.

a توى جثه qawī-jussa, Strong-bodied. a قوى خاطر qawī-khāṭir, Strong-minded.

a قوى دست qawī-dast, Of a strong hand

a قوى دل qawī-dil, Stout-hearted, courageous, strong-minded.

a قوى راى qawī rāy, Of strong judgment or purpose.

مَويْسَ quwais, قويسة quwaisat (dim. of qaus), A little bow.

a قوى طبع qawi-tab', Of strong natural parts.

a توى قوائم qawi-qawa'im, Strong of legs (horse).

auwail (dim. of qaul), An unusual, ووال ▲ inaccurate, trivial, trite, or familiar word.

مريم ه qawim, Right, straight; valiant, steadfast; of a fine stature;—quwaim, قريمة quwaimat (dim. of qaum), A little people;—quwaimat (dim. of qāmat), An hour, a little while.

ر?), Sciatica.

qūyantan (G. ἀκόνιτον), Aconitum pardalianches.

a توی هیکل qawī-haikal, Robust, of power-

ful frame; of colossal proportions. aihād (pl. of qahd), Small-eared قهاد ه

sheep.

a qahhār, Exceedingly powerful; a great conqueror; an oppressor; an avenger; one of the names of God.

a قياري qahhārī, Vindictive; the avenger; divine ;—ghazabi qahhārī, Divine wrath.

A wir qahb, Of a brown, also of a dark colour, between black and white; a large mountain; an aged camel.

aahba' (fem. of aghab), Brown.

quhbal, A dark colour, between black and white; -qahibat, qahiba (fem.), Of such colour.

and thick تهبلس A qahbalis, A large and penis; a small louse; a large, stout woman.

A قبد qahd (v.n. of قبد), Going with short steps; a species of small-eared reddish sheep; a calf; a lamb; brown, dark; clearcoloured, white; - qihd, An old man; qahad, Name of a place.

ahr (v.n.), Conquering, overcoming, subduing; force, violence, oppression, subjection; power, lordship, rule; vengeance; severity, punishment, chastisement; judgment; rage, fury, wrath, indignation; resentment; calamity; a mischief-maker, a fire-brand; [qahr kardan, To conquer, oppress, subdue, tame; — qahr giriftan, To fire up, to fly into a passion;—az o qahr-am, I am vexed with him (m.c.); -qahir, Lean, scraggy (thigh).

ahrāna, By force, قبراً ع qahr-an, P. قبراً compulsively, by authority; -qahr-an qahran, By force and assault (taking a place).

a قبربان qahrabān (for P. كبربا), Amber. ي quhrat, Force ;—quhrat-an, Forcibly. a قبر فيامت qahr-qiyamat, Great commo

tion, terrible ado.

قبرمان qahramān, A valiant warrior, an invincible hero; name of a celebrated fabulous hero of Persia; power, authority; an administrator, curator, prefect.

a قبرناك qahrnāk, Disturbed, indignant.

a نبرى qahrī, Vested with the power to punish (as a magistrate), avenging, vindicating.

л بنه qahz (v.n.), Leaping, springing;qahz, qihz, Cloth or a garment made of red wool mixed with silk.

a قيستان quhistān (for P. kuhistān), The country of Kohistan.

وقبقر qahqarat, qahqara (v.n. of قبقرة ▲ Retiring, retreating back; green wheat turning black.

qahqará, Much wheat stored up in vessels; a retreat, a retrograde motion; rujū'i qahqará, A shameful retreat.

وَيُقِهُ qahqa, A horse-laugh; name of a

place in the district of Tus.

A كَرِقَهُ qahqahat (v.n. of قَرِقَهُ), Laughing loudly or indecently; a loud laugh, horse-laugh; construed with bar-khāstan, zadan, &c.; -qahqa'i shīsha, The guggling of the bottle; -qahqa'i subh, Morning bursting forth with a bright smile.

a قيندز quhunduz (for P. kuhna-diz), Name

of four fortified places.

ahwat, qahwa, Wine, especially قبوة old and strong; coffee, a decoction of the berry bunn; a breakfast, collation; a coffeehouse; - qahwa khwurdan (kashīdan), To drink coffee; -yak qahwa, One coffee, i.e. a cup of coffee (m.c.).

a t قبوه چي qahwajî, قبوه جي qahwachī, A coffee-house keeper; groom of the Coffee-

Service (a court-charge, m.c.).

a هانه qahwa-khana, A coffee-house; the royal Coffee-Service (m.c.); the coffeeroom in an hotel (m.c.).

a فامن عبوة وأن qahwadān, A coffee-pot.

a تبرهٔ رنگي qahwa-rangi, Coffee-coloured. معرهٔ منظم qahirat, qahira, The fleshy part between the neck and shoulder; the breast, bosom; (for qāhirat) Cairo.

A قي $q\bar{\imath}y$, $q\bar{\imath}$, A desert. A qay' (v.n.), Vomiting, drinking in the dye (cloth), being thoroughly saturated; -quyā', Frequent vomiting; an emetic.

A قياته qiyātat, The act of nourishing. giyād, Reins, a bridle; a halter for leading;—'aṣiru 'l-qiyād, Difficult to guide,

unmanageable.

A فيادة qiyādat, qiyāda (v.n. of قود), Leading (a horse); conduct, guidance; pan-

derism, pimping.

aaiyār, Possessed of, or vendor of قيار ه pitch; name of a man; also of the camel or horse of a certain poet; also of a village.

a قى آرندة qay-āranda, An emetic, vomitive.

مياس A giyās (v.n. 3 of قياس), Agreeing, answering to in measure or comparison; measuring, comparing; regular form, analogy; measurement; comparison; reasoning, argumentation, logic, syllogism; opinion, judgment, thought, imagination; conjecture, supposition, guess; vieing with another in guessing, &c.; (pl. of qaus) bows; -qiyasi istigna'i, Conditional syllogism;qiyasi istiqranī, Absolute syllogism; qiyas kardan (giriftan), To estimate, judge, imagine; —az qiyās, bā qiyās, ba-qiyās, According to analogy, regularly; $-b\bar{\imath}$ -qiyās, Immense, beyond measure; $-\underline{khil\bar{a}fu}$ 'lqiyās, Anomalous ;—'alá 'l-qiyās, According

to analogy, regularly;—'alá ghairi'l-qiyās, ghairu 'l-qiyās, Without rule, irregular, anomalous.

مَاسَة qiyās-an, By analogy; by conjecture or guess, conjecturally;—qaiyās, One who starts horses at a race.

مِياسرة qayāsir, قياسرة qayāsirat (pl. of qaisari), Large camels.

a تياسي qiyāsī, Analogical, analogous, regular; hypothetical, conjectural, presumptive; probable;— ghair-qiyāsī, Irregular, anomalous.

A قيامرة qayāṣirat (pl. of qaiṣar), Cæsars.

مَيْا يَوْنِهُمْ qiyāz (v.n. 3 of نيا), Agreeing with anyone for the summer-season (qaiz); summer-heat.

مَوع qiyā' (v.n. of قوع Mounting, cover

ing (a camel).

a نيانه qiyāfa, Appearance, semblance, likeness, resemblance; physiognomy; imitation, representation; port, air, gait, manner, mode, habit.

a قياقة هنام qiyāfa-shinās, A physiogno-

a تيانه هناسي qiyāfā-shināsī, The science

of physiognomy.

أَمَانًا a quyyāt (pl. of qā'il), Those who sleep (taking their siesta), or who drink at mid-day.

مَيَالَةُ مِ qiyālat, Noon-day; siesta.

A قيام qiyam (v.n. of قوم), Standing upright, rising up; making an insurrection; having charge of, attending to, superintending; being brisk (market); being middling, moderate; resurrection; insurrection; assistance, application, superintendence; standing position (in prayer); stagnancy; stationariness; congealed state (of water, &c.); stability; permanence; stay, halt, settlement; residence, fixed abode; (pl. of $q\bar{a}'im$) standers; $\lceil qiy\bar{a}m \rceil$ kardan (namūdan), To observe, fulfil, set about, attend to ;--qiyam u qu'ûd u rukū' u sujūd, Standing and sitting, inclination and prostration (Muhammadan postures in prayer)-;]-qaiyam, Self-subsisting, eternal; one of the names of God.

a قيام پذير qiyām-pazīr, Stationary, at rest; stable, permanent.

A فياهن qiyāmat, The resurrection, last day; confusion, tumult; calamity; excessively great; anything wonderful; very much; construed with the verbs uftūdan, afgandan, bar-khāstan, bar sari chīze āwardan, bar sari chīze raftan, &c.;—qiyāmat kardan, To achieve wonders;—ṣaḥrā'i qiyāmat, The plain of the last judgment;—yaumi qiyāmat, The day of resurrection.

a بیکم بیکم qāyāmat-paikar (بیکم pesha, میرام palwa, مرام khirām, میرام nigāh), Causing a commotion by her aspect (manners, brightness, gait, looks), epithets of a mistress.

a كنة qiyāmat-zār (كنة kada, كنة gāh), The place of resurrection.

a تيامى qiyāmī, Stability, steadiness;

stagnant.

A class qiyan (pl. of qain), Servants, slaves; (pl. of qainat) girls, maidens; singing-women.

a آورده qai-āwar, An emetic (see قى آور قى).

تياوار qayāwār, Work, employ, business, trade (see نياوار); a badger; a jackal; a workman; interrupted in work.

م بنة qib, Qnantity, longitude, space, interval; the part of a bow between the handle and extremity (see باقاء).

تميا $q\bar{\imath}p\bar{a}$, A sheep's ventricle stuffed, &c.

.(.v.) کیپا =)

نيتار qētār (G. κιθάρα), A guitar, harp, lyre.

تحتول qītūl, A castle, fort, fortress; a camp, military quarters.

qijak, A violin.

T تَجِي qaichī, Scissors;—qaichī kardan, To cut up (light coin).

A تيخ qaih (v.n.), Being purulent (a wound); matter unmixed with blood, pus.

a تيد aaid, Confinement, restraint, imprisonment, restriction, obstacle; bondage; control; a fetter, pinion, manacle; swordstraps, frogs; a book-binder's press; a paction, bond, article of agreement; a compact, treaty, bargain; regulation; obligation, restriction, modification; length and quantity, measurement; registration, enrolling in a public list; the quiescent letter (not of prolongation) which precedes the rawi or final consonant of the rhyme (as r in mard); [qaidu 'l-asnān, The gums;gaidu 'n-nikāh, The bonds of matrimony; the marriage contract; -qaidi farang, A kind of fetter used by Europeans, (met.) imprisonment from which there is no escape;—qaid kardan, To confine;—dar qaid būdan, To run after a thing, to covet it (m.c.);]—qīd, Quantity; worth, value; [qīdi rumh, A spear's length;]—quiyid, Ductile, tractable (horse).

ومدالله qaidāfa, Name of the queen of Barda', contemporary with Sikandar.

a قيد بند qaid-band, A fortress.

a قيد عانه qaid-khāna, A prison.

a في دست qai-dast, Severe bilious vomiting and purging; the cholera.

ه کرده م qaid-karda, Fettered, imprisoned.

gaidū, Name of a Mogul emperor.

يود aidūdat (v.n. of تود), Leading (a horse); conduct, guidance.

a تيدى qaidī, Imprisoned; a prisoner,

captive; a convict.

A تيذار aqaizār, Kedar, son of Ishmael, and progenitor of the Arabians.

qār, A kind of pitch, used in smear-

ing ships or camels; tar; black; chādiri gir, A black veil or curtain.

a light of four grains; وراط 🛦 اوراط

half a dang.

• qīrān (pl. of qārai), Little moun ومران م tains; black stones.

a عبر الدود qir-andud, Besmeared with pitch, pitched, tarred.

qir.andudagi kardan, To قير الدردكي كردن

tar, pitch.

a منبر دارة qîr-dar (عبر دار a qîr-dar (عبر دار with pitch.

qairis (G. κηρός), Wax.

a نير کون qīr-gun, Of the colour of pitch. a كاروان qairawan, qairuwan (for واروان) q.v.), A caravan, a body, of travellers; name of a city in Maghrib; -qīrwān, The environs of a cultivated place; going through, viewing cities; the horizon, east and west; a caravan.

gairūtī (G. κηρωτή), A cerecloth. a قبرة كون qīra-gūn, Pitch-coloured, black. a عرى qīrī, Of a pitchy blackness.

que, A wife of the infidels (unsup-

ported by examples).

qaiza, A waist-cloth (= ننگوته q.v.) ; qaiza-kardan, To tie up a horse's head by passing the bridle to his tail, to prevent his biting, &c., while being rubbed down.

qaiza-band, The string for fasten-

ing a waist-cloth.

qaira-bandi, The covering of the pudenda with a waist-cloth.

A وأيمة qizan (pl. of qauz), Round sand-

hills.

qais (v.n.), Measuring one thing by another, comparing, estimating; name of the father of a tribe; also of the tribe itself; also of a city in Egypt, and of an island in the sea of Uman (for کیش q.v.); [qaisi majnun, Name of the lover of Laila, a celebrated hero of Eastern romance;] que, Quantity, measure, value; -- que rumh, A spear's length.

qaisar, Name of a place.

a قيسارية qaisāriyat, Cosarea in Palestine.

qist, A small apricot.

קة qīsūs (G. κισσός), A kind of ivy.

T ليسى qaisī, Apricot (dried).

a توسي qaies, Of the tribe of Qais. qaishur, A sort of stone found in the sea.

ais. The dropping out of a tooth; قيص ▲ a commotion in the belly; braying (a camel).

a فيماريه qaisāriya, Cœsarea.

qaişar, Cæsar, an emperor; name of a place near Kāshān;—qaisaru'r-rūmi, The Roman Casar, i.e. Julius Casar;—qaişari rum, The Roman or the Grecian emperor.

qaişarān, Name of a note in music.

a أيمري qaişarī, Imperial; Cwsarean. A أيمرية qaişarīyat, qaişarīya, Imperial dignity; Casarea; name of a market-place in Ispahan; an enclosed market, a market-

qaişūr, Name of a city whence the finest musk is brought; name of a mountain.

A مصوم qaişūm, Southernwood (a plant).

qaisī, Apricot (dried).

A A qay; (v.n.), Breaking, cracking (an egg); an egg-shell, or a fragment of it; a chick, or the water which comes out of an egg; equal; recompense, compensation; comparison; similitude;—qiz (pl. of qizat), Small bits of bone.

qaiyizat, A hot stone قيمه qaiyiz, قيم د with which cattle is cauterised:—qizat,

A small bit of bone.

a تماتري gailaqua, The Syrian or Egyptian bean.

ο قيطس qaiţis, A myrtle ;—qīṭas (G. κῆτος), The constellation called the whale.

qaigūl, Name of a citadel in the vicinity of Kandahar (comp. ليتول).

T φ, qīţūn, A border, edging of silk.

a عنا qaiz (v.n.), Being extremely hot (midsummer); passing the summer, summering; midsummer, the two hottost summer months.

a تبطي qaigī, Produced in summer's

height.

A coler qi'an (pl. of qa'), Level grounds,

plains.

بيعة qi'at, Level ground, field, plain; (pl. of $q\bar{a}'$), level grounds without mountains.

aai'ūn, Name of an herb.

A ليف qif, A funnel.

α قيفال qīfāl, قيفال qīfal (from G. κεφαλή),

The cephalic vein.

A مون qaiq (v.n.), Clucking as a hen; a scream, a loud noise; -qīk, Disproportionately > g: foolish, giddy; a mountain surrounting the world; -qiyak (pl. of qiqa'at), Rugged grounds.

ميقاط qiqa'at, Rugged ground.

r ولقية qiqaj, ولقية qiqach, Crooked; a bent or inverted arrow.

a بِنَامِ بِمِ qīqaj, A kind of equestrian exercise or evolution.

A مُعِمَّلُهُ qīqat, The interior skin of an egg. gaigahin, Name of a certain gum.

qail, Sleeping at mid-day; also drinking then; one who sleeps at noon; a camel milked at noon; milk drunk at midday; a king (of the Himyarite Arabs); (pl. of $q\bar{a}'il$) sleepers at noon-day; name of a man; -qail, qil, A rupture, a swollen testicle;—qil (v.n. of J.), Speaking, saying, pronouncing; a word, speech, saying (especially in answer, qal being used for the commencement of a speech, or a question); -qīl u qāl, Conversation, dialogue, chitchat, babble, clack; altercation, controversy; que que kardan, To converse, dispute, discuss.

qil, Pitch ; name of a vast desert.

قبل في quyyal (pl. of $q\ddot{a}'il$), Those who sleep or take their siesta at noon; speakers.

• $q\bar{a}l\bar{a}n$ (pl. of $q\bar{a}l$), Sticks, bandies,

or clubs for striking in the game of qulat.

qailuqī, Pearl-ashes, lye.

قيلموس qailamās, Prudence, wisdom, caution.

qailūt, A kind of leek.

qailūlat, Sleeping at mid-day,

afternoon's nap, siesta.

قيم aiyam (pl. of qāmat), Pulleys, blocks; (pl. of qāmat) prices, values; statures; fathoms;—qaiyim, Standing erect; stature; true; one who has charge of, who looks after; a guardian; a prince, chief; a tutor (m.c.);—quyyam (pl. of qā'im), Standers.

T قيماع qaimāgh, تيمال qaimāq, Cream.

A diplication and the second being that for which the traders (of a man); steadiness, fixedness; construed with the verbs bastan, shikastan, kardan, giriftan, &c.; [qīmati auwali yūsuf, The price for which Joseph was sold by his brethren to the traders (the second being that for which the traders sold him to Pharach's chamberlain);]—qiyamat, Resurrection;—qaiyimat (fem. of qaiyim), Straight; a female guardian;—al-qaiyimat, The true religion, orthodoxy.

و gar), Who in کر) qīmat-sanj کر

dicates the price; an estimator.

a قيمت مندي qīmat-mandī, Value, price. a قيمتي qīmatī, Valuable, high-priced, costly.

T قيماغ qaimaq, Clotted cream (see قيموليا إنيماغ qaimūliyā, Slabs of white polished marble, on which fire makes no impression, cimolite.

ميمون م qaimān, A citadel or fortress near Ramlah in Palestine.

ima, Minced meat; construed with kardan and kashīdan.

qīma-pilāv, A dish of meat and

تيمة هوريا qīma-shorbā, A sort of soup.

forming, framing, creating; repairing, mending (broken pots, &c.); smithcraft; a blacksmith; a slave, captive, servant; name of a tribe; also of a town in Yaman.

يسا $q\bar{\imath}n\bar{a}$, A kind of purslain.

وَيَسَانِ مِ qainān, Cainan, son of Enos, son of Seth.

مينة qainat, A maid-servant, female slave, singer, or musician; a tire-woman; middle of the back between the haunches; the buttocks.

T قينهي qainchī, Scissors; St. Andrew's cross; the joists of a roof; a truss; a ros-

بنو) تبنقاع م banū) qainuqā', A society of Jews that lived at Madīna.

a قينى qainī, Of the tribe of Banū 'l-qain.

موم qayū', qayū, One who vomits much; an emetic.

A عود đuyūd (pl. of qaid), Chains, fetters, pinions; stipulations, obligations; laws;—shurūţ u quyūdi şulḥ, Articles and conditions of peace.

ajaiyūr, Of a mean origin, unknown قمور م

as to pedigree.

gaining with (anyone) for the summer. ميط بالم gayaid, Milk drank at mid-day.

مَوْلَاءُ qayūlat, A camel which the owner keeps tied up for the purpose of drinking her milk at mid-day, or for the mid-day draught (qail).

A pari qaiyam, Permanent, lasting; stable, fixed, steady; peerless, matchless; the Eternal (God); an appraiser, valuer.

qaiyāmīyat, Permanency, stability.

A تيون quyūn (pl. of qain), Blacksmiths. قيوند qīwand, A concreted oil drawn from the pistachio-nut.

A وقبه $q\bar{i}h$ (for وقبه $waq\bar{i}ya$), An ounce. A وقبه $qa'\bar{i}$, Who vomits much; an emetic.

ك

ka (an inseparable adverb of similitude prefixed to Arabic nouns or particles, never to pronouns), As, like; as though; [ka'l-auwal, As at the first, like the first, as before;—ka'l-'adam, As though non-existent, non-existent, null, void;—ka'l-naqsh fi'l-hajar, Like an engraving in stone;]—ka (pronominal affix of the second person masc.), ki (ditto fem.), Thine, your (after nouns); thee, you (acc., after verbs); of, to, for, from, upon thee or you, &c. (obl.

case, after particles).

كاب kāb, Boast, brag; (for gāv) ox, cow. لائب ka'bat, kābat (v.n. of کامله), Being disconsolate, sad, melancholy; grief, sad-

kābtara, Foolish discourse.

kābakh. A condiment eaten with bread.

אי kābir, Great, grand; illustrious.

لانك kābuk, A bird's nest; a pigeonhouse; a basket hung up in a house, in which domestic pigeons lay their eggs and rear their young; old clouts sewed together, whereon bread is laid and baked in the oven.

كابل kābil, Short;—kābul, Name of a country and of a city, Cabul; name of a musical instrument.

كابلي kāblīj, The little finger; the smallest

لايل kābilī, Myrobalan ;—kābulī, A native or inhabitant of Cabul; a kind of pea.

kāblīj, The little finger; the smallest toe; a basket hung up in a court-yard for pigeons. (See كابك).)

kabīn, A marriage-portion.

لابنة kābina, The eye ;—kābina bad-o dār, Keep an eye upon him, do not loose sight of him.

کاہوس 🛦 kābūs, Nightmare; modus

coeundi.

کابوك kābūk, A bird's nest; a hen's nest; a pigeon-house; a kind of basket in which a pigeon lays her eggs; old clouts sewed together, whereon bread is laid to be baked in the oven. (See طابلت)

كابيدن kābīdan, To dig; to excavate, hollow out; to scratch; to cleave asunder.

kābīsha, Saffron in the flower.

كابيل kābīl, كابيله kābīla, A mortar.

کابین kābīn, Matrimony, or rather the ratification of it before the judge; a marriage-portion or settlement which a husband is obliged to pay to his wife if he divorces her without sufficient cause.

kābīna, Cabinet (of the emperor,

&c., m.c. from Fr.).

كابينى kābīnī, A marriage - portion ; --kābīnī'i zan kardan, To assign or promise a portion or settlement to a woman before marriage.

لات kāt, A kind of rice which, with one sowing, will yield crops for seven years; a drop; name of a drug eaten with betelleaf, and which, placed upon sores, dries them up; name of a city in Khurasan, or,

according to others, in Turkistan. کاتب له kātib, A writer, scribe; an amanuensis, copier, clerk, notary; learned, a scholar; the planet Mercury; -kātibi azalī, The eternal writer (God who pens the destinies of men); kātību 'l-hurūf, The writer of these lines; -kātibi jān, An epithet of God; -kātibi sirr, A confidential secretary;

-kātibi wahy, Surname of the Caliph 'Usman (Othman).

لاتبى kātibī, A kind of short-sleeved vest.

كاتورة kātūda, كاتورة kātūra, The headache; astonishment, amazement; astonished, stupefied, amazed; one who announces news.

kātūzī, Religious, devoted to the service of God; the sacredotal class, or the first of the four orders or castes into which Jamshed, an ancient king of Persia, divided his subjects.

a كاتوليكى مذهب kātūlīkī-mazhub, Who belongs to the Catholic faith, a Catholic

(m.c.).

كاع kāj, A blow, box, slap; a wild pinetree; a fir-tree; squint-eyed; name of a caravansera between Kum and Ray; (for كاش) would to heaven!—kāj khwurdan, To receive a slap, &c.; (met.) to turn the back, to take to flight; -kaj zadan, To give a blow, a box on the ear, &c.

لاجكى kājakī, Would to heaven that! kājīra, A seed whence oil is extracted.

kàch, A blow, cuff, slap on the nape of the neck; (S. kācha) a varnish with which earthen vessels are glazed; crown of the head; (for کاش) would to heaven! (.کاچ See)

kāchār, Household furniture.

لاجال kāchāl, Household furniture; any silken web or cloth.

لاجرة kāchra, Seed of bastard saffron.

kãchghar, Name of a city in Turki-

کاچک kāchak, The crown of the head; a nephew, a brother's son (unsupported by examples).

كاچكىدە kāchkīna, A magpie.

kāchūra, Seed of bastard-saffron.

kāchūl, Wagging the hips in dancing or buffoonery; enjoyment, pleasure.

kāchra, Seed of bastard-saffron (see

كَاچِهُ kācha, The chin; the side of a mountain; joy, gladness.

کاچی kāchī, Milk-pottage; a kind of sweetmeat; a sort of varnish with which earthen vessels are glazed over.

kāchīra, Seed of bastard-saffron. kāchīk, An electuary or hard balls کاچيك prepared from honey; syrup of raisins, or

dry grapes. كاچينة kāchīna, Seed of bastard-saffron.

كاخ kākh, A palace, villa, summer-dwelling; an apartment at the top of the house open to the front; an upper story; a tower, gallery, balcony, battlements, or any similar erection for the benefit of air or a prospect; rain; name of a town in Khurāsān; -kākhi māh, The sign Scorpio, and the first heaven or region of the moon; -kākhi mushtarī, Mansion of Jupiter, i.e the signs Sagittarius and Pisces; the sixth heaven.

كاخع $k\bar{a}\underline{kh}ij$, Rust, spot, stain, dirt (doubtful word).

كامر $k\tilde{a}\underline{k}har$, Jaundice; blight; rain. كاموستة $k\tilde{a}\underline{k}h$ wusta, $k\tilde{a}\underline{k}h$ osta, Seed of bastard-saffron.

كاخول kākhūl, A variegated starling; the locust-destroyer.

كاعه kākha, Jaundice; rain; winter.

الله kād, Avidity, greediness.

א ציש kādih, Študious, attentive, laborious.

A کادمی kādis, Anything from which one takes an omen (as sneezing); especially a bad omen (as a deer appearing at one's back).

A كالا kāzib, A liar; false; failing to conceive (camel);—şubhi kāzib, The false dawn;—qiyāsi kāzib, A paralogism, a fallacy;—nāqili kāzib, A false reporter.

ding), A lying woman; a lie.

A کائی kāzī, A sort of unguent; name of

a fragrant flower; red.

كار kār, An action, work, thing, affair; business, occupation, labour, art, profession, trade, commerce; effect, impression; exigency, need; tillage, agriculture; strife, contention, war, battle; a word; (imp. of kārīdan or of kāshtan in comp.) labouring, acting; sowing; an agent, operator; a sower; - kāri āb, Excessive drinking; kāri āb u ātish ast, (met.) It is a delicate and difficult work or business; -kāri āb u gil, Construction or restoration of a building; —kār az pesh bar-dāshtan, To push on an affair;--kār az sar guzasht, The thing has exceeded bounds, it is done for; -kar az kār bar-khāstan, One thing arises from another :- kār az kār guzashtan, A matter cannot be mended or helped; - kūr az ham quzashtan, Things are in a muddle; -kār uftādan bā, To have to deal with, to have business with; $-k\bar{a}r$ anjām dādan, To finish a work;—kāri o gul kard, His secret has leaked out:—kār bāz shudan, The work comes to an end; -kār bālā burdan, To promote the work, &c.; -kār bālā raftan (giriftan), The work, &c., proceeds, is successful; —kār ba-ḥaiş u baiş uftādan, To be baffled in a work and give it up; -kār bakhudā uftādan, The work, &c., is past remedy; --kar ba-rahat rasidan, The work comes to an end; -kar ba-rah burdan, To start a work well, to set it agoing; -kar bar-sar uftadan, An affair occurs or presents itself; -kūr bar ham zadan, To ruin a matter; -kar ba-saz kardan, To start a work well; -kar bastan, To set to work, put in practice; to execute, perform; to use, exert, apply; to obey, yield obedience; -kār ba-ghosha chīdan, To forget a thing; -kār buland shudan, The work proceeds, is successful;—kār band shudan, The matter goes wrong; -kar band kardan, To finish a

work; -kār pesh afgandan (burdan), To set a work agoing, to promote it; -kār pesh raftan, Matters are progressing; — kār peshi kase āwardan, To give one something to do, to occupy (m.c.);—kār tung awardan (giriftan), To reuder a work, &c., difficult; kāri charāgh khalwatiyān, Continually burning; the lighting up of a dark place; the manufacture of lamp-black; kār chūn zar (nigār) shudan, Matters are nicely arranged, in excellent order, well disposed; -kār chữn zar (nigār) kardan, To bring matters into excellent order; kar dāshtan, To be useful:—kār dāshtan ba. To have work for, to command one to do a thing; -kār dāshtan bā, To have business with, to deal with; -kār darāz kardan (giriftan), kur dar pa afgandan (andakhtan), To render a work, &c., difficult ;-kāri dastbasta, A work that cannot be done by the hand of others ;-kār dast-am-ast, I have work on hand (m.c.);—kār-rā bālā burdan (giriftan), To set a matter well agoing; - kār sākhtan, To work, to labour; - kār sākhta shudan, The work is finished; -kāri sakht (girān), A great work; -kār sakht giriftan, To render a work, &c., difficult;kāri ghulāmān, Exquisite work (as requiring young hands); kār farmūdan, To enjoin, order, give directions, oversee any work; to employ, make use of, adopt, put in practice; - kari gadim, Indifferent work (as performed by old people); -kar kardan, To work, toil, labour, trade; to give effect, penetrate, pervade; to hurt, to do harm (m.c.); -kāri kase bar-ārāstan, To settle one's business;—kāri kase bar-sākhtan, To settle one's business; to prepare one's funeral; kāri kase sākhtan (tamām sākhtan), To do a person's work; to make one die; - kāri kase shudan, A person's work is done; (met.) to die; -kari kase yak-rû (yak-sû) kardan, To settle one's business; kāri kase yak-sū shudan, One's business is being settled;—kūr girih shudan, Matters are going wrong;—kāri giyā, A king; a prime minister; anyone who commands, or is skilful in, business; each of the four elements; -- kār nasag voftan, The work comes to an end;— $k\bar{a}r u b\bar{a}r$, Negotiation, transaction; occupation, affairs; (see كار , און;)—kār u kasb (jahd u kār), Labour and industry, anything by which one gains daily bread; -ba-kāri āb būdan, To be given to excessive drinking;—az kār rafta, Useless, powerless (limb);—az kār guzashtan, To be done unceasingly (m.c.); ba-kār āmadan (khwurdan), To be fit, proper, useful; -ba-kār āwardan, To perform, execute, cause to take place; to bring to use :- ba-kāri chize kardan, To consume or spend a thing; -ba-kār khwurdan, To attend to an affair, to be of use in business (m.c.); ba-kār namādan, To show oneself

active, to apply oneself to affairs (m.c.) :tu chi kar-i, What are you? what is your standing or worth? (m.c.);-lu-rā bā īn sukhun chi kar ast. What do you mean by these words?-chi kar dari, What business of yours is it? what have you to do in the matter? with what do you concern yourself? (m.c.); -dar kar-ast chize, A thing is wanted ;-dar kar bad, He was at work ;dar kar kardan (giriftan), To copulate, to have sexual intercourse;—dar kāri kas, To one's use or advantage; — dar kari kase chize burdan (kardan), To spend a thing in a person's use ;—dar kāri kase garm uftādan, To be consumed or spent in a person's use; -dar kardan, They are useful; -dar kār nīst. It is of no use, it is useless;—dast ba-kār shudan, To set to work, to take a business in hand (m.c.).

کار آزمونه kār-āzmāda, کار آزما kār-āzmūda, Skilful, export, intelligent, practised.

يراسته kārāsta, Planks, building mate-

كاراسي kārāsī, Name of a whining little animal; also of a plaintive-singing bird.

کار آلوین kār-āfirīn, God the Creator. کار الوزل kār-afzhūl, An overseer; a work-

man.

الار الاقتاب المقترة المنافعة المقترة

كار آكاهي kār-āgāhī, Knowledge of the

matter.

کار آمدلی kār-āmad, کار آمدل kār-āmadanī, Useful, serviceable.

کار آموز kār-āmoz, Who teaches or learns to do a thing; skilful, expert.

كاراليدن kārānīdan, To cause to labour or

کار ارژول kār-avzhūl, An overseer: a bire-

ling.
יף גע kā-rubā (for kāh-rubā), Amber.
אַ גע kār-bār, Work, labour, or busi-

کار باری kār-bārī, A trader; a transactor

of business, a manager, officer.

ولزيان kārbān, A string of camels, horses, or mules; a caravan, body of travellers;— kārbānrū basi kardan, To intercept a caravan.

צו וע kār-bur, Destructive.

کار برداری kār-bardārī, Undertaking a

كار بد kār-band, Anyone giving attention to any work or regulating himself properly; submissive; obedient; - kār-band shudan, To obey.

لاً بردار kar-pardaz, Transactor of busi-

ness, manager.

کار پرداری Kār-pardāzī, Completion, management of work. کار برورد kār-parward, One who thinks, works, or expends with propriety.

get, bundle; a wrapper in which an embroiderer folds up his work when he leaves off; one who makes up goods into bales.

kārt, A visiting-card (m.c. from E. or Fr.);—kārt dādan, To leave one's card

(m.c.).

كارتن ك kārtan, كارتن kār-tang, and— كارتنك kārtana, A spider ;—kāratna, Fenugreek.

kārchāl, كارچال kārchān, Thigh or

rump of a bird.

كار جوب kār-chob, The instrument by which the web is stretched when working; a weaver's loom; embroidery; an embroiderer.

kār-chobī, Embroidered. کار چوبی

كار عامات kār-khānajāt (A. pl. of kār-

khāna), Workshops.

كار عائد دار المناه دار kār-khūna-dār, Steward, butler. كارد kārd, A knife; [kārd az gosht guzashtan (ba-ustukhwān rasīdan), A dire calamity befals; — kārd bar halq malīdan, To slaughter;—kārd khwurad bar, The knife reaches or touches a thing;—kārd dasta'i khwud na-mī-burad, (met.) No one injures his own body;]—karād (for ki ārad), That he might take, &c. (see &).

לינטון kār-dār, Busy, occupied; a moneymaker; one in office, a prime-minister;—

kār-dārāni falak, The planets.

وار دار kār-dān, Intelligent, skilful, expert, versed; a prime-minister;—kār-dāni falak, The planet Morcury;—kārdānāni falak, The (seven) planets.

كاردانك kārdānak, A bustard, crane. كاردانك kār-dānā, Skill, experience, saga-

city.

کارد رسودة kārd-rasīda, (A hide) touched, injured by the knife.

kārdgar, A cutler, knife-maker.

a fragment, broken meat served up the second day; a pair of large shears (for clipping wool); sheep-shearing; a lock of wool.

کار دیده kār-dīda, Experienced; a veteran. کار ران kār-rān, (business-driving) Skilful in business; a factor, agent, broker.

kār-rafta, At leisure; unoccupied.

لَوْ اللهِ kār-rawā, Useful, fit for use.

لار روائي kār-rawā'i, Usefulness; the carrying on a business; occupation, management, conduct.

of kāras, Name of a village.

کارز A preacher; a public crier. لازار لا kāriā, A battle; engagement, con-

flict, combat; a field of battle; -kārzār būdan, To be difficult (a work); -karzār shikastan, To conquer, to vanquish.

kārzūr-uftāda, Experienced in

كارزارجاي kārzār-jāy, A battle-field. لَوْرَارِكُاهُ kār-zār-gāh, The field of battle.

كارزارى kārzārī, Warlike.

kārzhūl, An inspector of workmen. kār-sāz, Dexterous, skilful, clever; consenting, agreeing, adapting; the Deity.

نر حازى kār-sāzī, Dexterity; preparation; intrigue, under-hand practice, setting up false pretences for not settling an account, and the like; -kār-sāzī shudan, To be reimbursed, to be repaid (m.c.).

kārsān, A wooden chest or an earthen vessel, in which bread and sweetmeats are kept; -- kārisān (poet. for kāristān), The seat of action, &c. (see کارستان).

kār-sipurdagi, An intrusting of

an affair; a commission.

kāristān, The seat of action, place where people are active, or exert themselves,

a town, &c. کار ۱۵۵ پر ۱۵۵ پر مدی کار مدی کار مکنی kār-shikanî, Defamation, alander; kār-shikanī kardan, To defame, disgrace, slander.

كار هناس kār-shinās, Skilfal in businees. kārtshireīsān, Wise, learned, کار هناسان intelligent, experienced men; astronomers, astrologers.

kār-shināsī, Knowledge of busi-

ness.

a کار خلاب kār-galab, Seeking action or

work.

لَّ إِلَمِما kār-farmā, An emperor, a ruler; a minister, commander, superintendant, anyone vested with power; -kar-farhiayani daulat, The ministers or grandees of the kingdom.

كار كرد kār-kard, Work, action, deed, per-

formance.

kār-karda. Who has accomplished کار کرده

great deeds; experienced in business.

کار کی kār-kun, Labouring; impressive, effective; a director, manager; an operator; the registrar of the collections under a Zamindar.

کارکنی kar-kuni, Office of a kar-kun. کارکنی kar-gāh, A shop, workshop; a weaver's instrument supporting the web; the world; -kār-gāki pur waswās, world; -kar-gahi falak, The world, the sky :- kār-gāhi kun fakān, The world and all that it contains; the laboratory of (Him who said) "be, and it was."

کار کدار kār-guzār, A curator ; skilful ; discharging one's duty; an official, a func-

tionary (m.c.). کارگذاری kār-gugārī, Discharge of duty ; kār-guzārī kardan, To achieve, perform.

kārgar, One who labours in adjusting

affairs; a skilful negociator, an intelligent man of business, one who penetrates to the foundation, and brings matters to bear with address; anything that takes effect (as a moving oration, medicine, penetrating sword); a workman; effective, effectual, impressive; quality, attribute; description.

کار که kar-gah, A workshop.

لركيا kār-giyā, An emperor; an element. کارگور kār-gīr, A man who superintends, undertakes, or bears the weight of any business; a cavern, cellar, vault; a kind of coarse cloth; a solid structure of stone, supporting or strengthening a house;kār-gīri binā, A stone building.

kārlisrā, Carlsrah (m.c.). karmand, Performing work, کارمند

کار نا آزمودکی, kar na-asmudagi, Inex-

perience.

kār nā-āzmūda, Inexperienced. لار نامه kār-nāma, A model, design, specimen, example, plan, draught; any difficult or delicate handicraft which few can attain unto; a record of battles; a commentary, memoirs; a register, chronicle, date; -karnāma kardan, To oblige, caress; to glorify, praise.

لرجك kāranjak, A large fresh cucumber. المانية kārinda, Laborious, working; ه

manager, agent.

كارك kārang, Joyful, glad; eloquent.

وان karwan, A caravan, a large company of travellers or merchants.

kārwān-sālār, The leader of a كاروان سالار

caravan. لروان سراى kārwānsarāy, A caravansera, a public building for the reception of caravans.

karwanak, A crane, a heron. کارزانک

kārwān-kash, The leader of a CATAVATI.

كاروان كاد kārwān-gāh, Resting-place of a caravan, a caravansera.

لارواليان kārwāni, pl. كارواليان karwānivān.

One who forms part of a caravan.

*kār-u-bār, Transaction, occupa کار و بار tion, affairs;—kār u bār chū zar shudan, Matters are nicely arranged; -kār u bār dar girih uflādan (māndan), kār u bār girih shudan, Things go wrong.

kār-u-bārī, A trader, transactor كار و باري

of business.

kār-warz, A working man, an artisan.

كار رژول kār-wuzhūl, A head man, superintendent, inspector, overscer; a workman.

کار و کرد kār u kard, Business, trade, profession.

kār u kasht, Planting and sowing.

کار و گر kār u gar, Prop, refuge ; design. گره kāra. As much as a man can carry on his back (of faggots, straw, and the like); (vulg. for kar) work, deed, business, &c;-

tū chi kāra'i, What good are you? what

are you worth? (m.c.)

لَّهُ kārih, One who abhors, detests, loathes, or abominates; loath, averse, un-

كارها kār-hā (pl. of kār), Difficulties.

كارى kāre, An affair, work, &c.—kārī, Making, art of making, manufactory; a maker, worker, operator; an able wrestler, a champion, a warrior; effectual; vehement, impetuous; -kārī zakhm (zakhmi kārī), A deep wound; a mortal wound.

كاريدن kārīdan, To sow; to work; to

אוני kārez, A subterraneous canal, a sewer; a ditch dug round a field to convey water. کاریو کن kārez-kan, A digger.

کاریگر kārīgar, An artisan, clever work-

man.

کاریگری kārīgarī, Good work, workmanship.

لرين kārīn, Far off, distant.

لاز kāz, Shears, scissors, forceps, or anything similar, or two-pronged; a pruninghook; a branch; branches on which old rags are hung to frighten wild beasts into the hunter's toils; a swing; the den of a wild beast; a hut built of wood, canes, or straw on the border of a sown field or melon-ground; a hermitage on a hill; caverns in which, in some places, men or sheep are lodged in winter-time; a pinetree; a slap, box, or cuff on the neck.

کازر kāzar, A fuller (see کازر).

kāzarūn, kāzirūn, A city and coun-

try in Persia (= کاژرون q.v.).

كاررة kāzura, Seed of bastard-saffron. kazirīsag, Seed or grain of a کازریسگ plant, doses of which are taken on newyear's day at seven times seven intervals (unsupported by examples).

كازوار kāzwār, A cassowary (m.c.). لزود kāzūd, Shears, scissors.

kāza A house; A hut erected in the corner of a field or melon-ground; a bedchamber built of wood and supported by columns; a hermitage on a hill; a malkin to terrify game into a net; a hunter's hiding-place; a canopy; a shady place.

kūzīra, A small cauldron. الألا kāzh, Squint-eyed; a pine tree. كازرون kāzhīrūn, Name of a city in Persia. kāzhra, Seed of bastard-saffron.

kāzhghar, Name of a city in Turki-

کار kūzhū, Squint-eyed ; a pine-tree (see

لازه kāzha, A residence; a hunter's lurking-place.

كَوْيِوة kāzhīra, Wild saffron; seed of it.

كأس kās, A hog.

a کامی kās, A cup, goblet, bowl (especially when filled with wine); wine; a hog; a large drum.

A كاسات kāsāt (pl. of kā's), Drinking-cups; cups filled with wine.

کاسان kāsān, A village near Samarqand. كاسانة kāsāna, A kind of bird of a reddish green colour found in Khūzistān.

المحمد kāsib, A gainer, acquirer; one who toils for his bread; an artist, artisan, tradesman; an inquisitor; a receiver of fines;—abū kāsib, A wolf.

کاست kāst, He diminished; diminution;

loss, damage; a lie.

كاست كار kāst-kār, A liar.

کاستن kāstan (imp. kāh), To lessen, diminish, damage, destroy; to finish.

لسته kāsta, Diminished, lessened.

کاستی kāstī, Decrease, diminution; lie, falsehood.

كاسجوك kāsuj, كاسجوك kāsjāk, A porcupine. A كاسد kāsiā, Worthless, deficient in quantity or quality, not selling or passing current, despicable, in no esteem; dull of sale, unsaleable (goods); flat (market); destitute, in debt.

A كاسر kāsir, fem. كاسرة kāsirat, kāsira, A breaker; an eagle about to pounce;— kāsiru 'l-hajar, (stone-breaker) Saxifrage.

A كاسو kāsif, In a bad situation; austere,

frowning; unfortunate, disastrous (day).

كاسك kāsak, A small goblet.

کاسکینه kāskīna, Name of certain birds: as, a kind of swallow, the bee-eater, a green

magpie.

kās-mūy (moy), Hog's كاسبوي kās-mūy (moy), Kag's bristles; the whiskers of the wolf or fox; hair about the pubes; inexperienced, ignoimproper, unsuitable,

لاسن kāsan, A village near Samarqand. كاستى kūsnī, Endive, white succory; the sun-flower; — $k\tilde{a}san\tilde{\iota}$, An inhabitant of

كاسورة kāsūra, A cloth at the end of a pole with which bakers damp their ovens.

a کاسه $k\bar{a}sa$, A cup, goblet; a plate, saucer, large or small, of brass, wood, or clay; porcelain; the body of a violin or guitar; a large drum; the firmament; the sun; the earth, world; -kāsa'i ātishīn, The sun; kāsa andākhtani asp, The horse strikes the ground with his hoof; -kasa ba-khan zadan, To drink blood; -- kāsa bar sari kase shikastan, To disgrace, to treat with ignominy; kāsa bar sar (ba-sar) kashīdan, To empty the cup to the dregs; -kasa bar kafi kase dashtan, To offer one a plate for receiving alms;—kāsa ba-zīri kāsa, Name of a wrestling trick; -kāsa'i ballūt, The cup of an acorn; -kāsa peshi kuse band kardan, To court one's favour; to flatter;—kāsa peshi kafi kase (peshi kase) dāshtan, To disclose one's distress to another; -kāsa'i panīr (jughrat), The full moon; kāsa'i chashm, The eye-socket ;-kāsa'i khamīr, A kneading trough; kāsa dādan (dāshtan), To take a cup and offer it to a guest to be honoured before others; -kāsa dar khūn zadan, To drink blood; - kāsa'i darweshān, A kind of drinking-cup, in the form of a ship on one side, with a groove or a spout on the other; a certain star, Corona Boreze, or Ariadne; — kāsa'i zānū, The knee-pan; — kāsa zadan, To drink; The skull;—kāsa'i $-k\bar{a}sa'i \quad sar,$ nigun (the inverted bowl), The heavens; kāsa'i sifālīn, An earthen jug or basin; kāsa'i sum, The circumference of the hoof; —kāsa'i tambūr, The body of a guitar; kāsa shudan, To labour, strive; to search, inquire; to be curved, bent; -kāsa kashī $dan (giriftan), = k\bar{a}sa d\bar{a}dan above; -k\bar{a}sa'i$ gardan, The heavens; -kāsa'i gardan, The sun;-kasa garm-tar az ash, The bowl is hotter than the broth, proverbially said, if one shows greater ardour in a matter than the person concerned, or attempts to undertake something impossible; kāsa'i mīnā (nigūn), The sky;—kāsa'i ham-sāya, A portion of meat sent to one's friends; $-k\bar{a}sa'i$ ham-sāya dū pā dārad, Friendly presents are (or should be) mutual; kāsa'i yatī $m\bar{a}n_i = k\bar{a}sa'i \ darwesh\bar{a}n \ above_i - k\bar{a}sa \ u$ kūza, Household furniture;—siyah-kāsa, Mean, sordid, avaricious.

كاسة باز kūsa-bāz, A juggler; a cheat, an

impostor.

کاسته بند kāsa-band, A maker or mender of cups or dishes.

kāsa-pardāz, A glutton (see

p. 685). مفرة پرداز

كاسة بشت kāsa-pusht, A tortoise; the sky. كاسة في kāsa-tan, Hump-backed; destitute of all capacity or ability; a corpse.

كاسة تنكى kāsa-tangī, Distress, adversity. كاسة دوز kāsa doz, A mender of pots and pans.

كاسة رود kāsa-rūd (kāsa'i rūd?), Name of a

کاسه سر نگون kāsa-sar-nigūn, (one whose cup is inverted) Liberal, hospitable.

کاسه سم kāsa-sum, Large-hoofed (a horse). كاسه سياة kāsa-siyāh, A miser.

كاسة هكنك kāsa-šhikanak, A green magpie. كاسة كباب kāsa-kabāb, Meat dressed in a pot.

کاسه کچا برم $kasar{a}$ - $kujar{a}$ -bar, کاسه کچا بر $kar{a}sa$ -

kujā-baram, and—

كليمكر kāsagar, A maker of plates and dishes; a drummer; name of a note in music; also of the inventor of it; the sixth line on the cup of Jam.

كاسة كردان kāsa-gardān, A beggar; a cupbearer; pass the bowl.

kūsa-gardūn, A cup-bearer.

کاسه گری kāsagarī, The manufacture of cups, plates, dishes, or porcelain.

كاسة ليس kāsa-līs, (plate-licker) A glutton, a parasite, a feast-hunter; a flatterer; a beggar; a miser; a mean, low fellow.

kāsa-nawāz, A drummer.

كاسه هَا $k\bar{a}za$ - $h\bar{a}$, pl. of كاسه q.v.;— $k\bar{a}sa$ - $h\bar{a}$ bar-ham khwurdan, A great tumult arises.

كاش kāsh, Would to God! I wish to heaven! the city of Kāshān; (S. kācha) glass.

كاهان kāshān, A winter-habitation; name

of a city in Iraq.

لاقة kāshāna, A bird's-nest; a small house; a hall, dining-room, or parlour; a gallery, balcony, portico, lodge; a stove; a winter-dwelling.

لاهدن kāshtan, To turn up or cultivate the earth, to labour, plough, sow; to disappoint, render hopeless; to turn away,

avert.

كالمتة kāshta, Sown, laboured; seed.

کاهج $k\bar{a}shih$, Secret enemy; dissembling foe.

kāshghar, A city in Turkistān. كاهغر

A کاهف kāshif, A discoverer, revealer, detector.

لاهنده المهند kāshufta, Distracted, astonished, &c. (= منطعة q.v. p. 65).

a کاهغی $k \bar{a} \bar{s} h i f \bar{\imath}$, Revelation, manifestation.

كاهك kāshak, كاهك kāsh-kih, كاهك kāshakī, May it happen! God send! would to heaven!—kāshakī dānistame, O would that I knew!

kāshim, The assafætida-plant.

kāshmar, Name of a city in Turkistān; name of a village in Khurāsān, where there formerly stood a cypress of great size said to have been planted by Zoroaster; it was cut down and conveyed to Baghdad by order of the caliph Mutawakkil.

كالمثنى kāshnī. Succory, endive.

a كاهنى عرق kāshnī 'araq, Name of a liquor distilled from succory.

لاهر kāshū, The crupper of a horse.

كلان kāsha, Wild saffron; ice; a straw but erected in the corner of a sown field.

Vāshe, Would to heaven!—kāshē, Painted and glazed tiles, with which the insides of baths or houses are covered; of the city of Kāhān.

ير kāshī-paz, A potter.

کاهی سازی kāshī-sāzī, کاهی کاری kāshī-kārī, Manufacture of or work in glazed tiles.

A كالم kāgim, (A camel) that does not ruminate.

A كاظمة kāzimat, Name of a place.

A كاعب $k\tilde{a}^{i}ib$, (A girl) with swelling breasts.

كاغ $k\bar{a}gh$, Fire; that which ruminant

animals bring up to be masticated, the cud; the rattling noise of beads shaken in a goblet; complaint, lamentation; a moorhen, coot; croak of a raven.

الله kāghāla, A seed whence oil is ex-

tracted.

كاغد kāghad, kāghid, and—

كاعد kāghaz, kāghiz, Paper; a letter; a charter or patent, presented by the kings of Persia to those whom they mean to honour, and by virtue of which the governors of every district through which the holder of it travels must supply him, the moment he presents it, with carriages and every necessary to which his rank is entitled; a trifle; a small quantity of anything; -kāqhazi atfāl (bād), A paper kite;—kāghazi bānk, A banknote (m.c.); - kāahazi baitī, The plan of a house (?); -kāghazi chaspānīda, Pasteboard;—kāghazi daftar, A sheet upon which the revenue-accounts are drawn out; —kāghazi daftarī, Common paper;—kāghazī dawā'ī, A medical prescription; -kāghazi rauzan, Coloured paper for covering windows; kāghazi zar, Gilt paper; gold leaf; any paper in which gold-beaters envelope gold and silver leaf; a roll of gold coin; a draft; a royal diploma assigning to its holder a certain daily stipend out of the public revenue; -kāghazi zar-afehān, Paper sprinkled over with gold; -kāghazi sarkārī, Government paper, a government promissory note; a currency note; registered or stamped paper; -qāghazi samarqandī, A superior kind of paper;—kāghazi sozan (sozan-zada), Paper on which the outlines of a design are pricked with a needle and from which they are transferred by means of lamp-black on a white sheet; a ponnce, stencil-card;—kāghazi kabūd, Blue paper in which chemists wrap their drugs; -kāghazi garda (garda'i taṣwīr), Stencilcard (see kāghazi sozan);—kāghazi nashshāf, Blotting-paper;—kāghazi wasli, Pasteboard; -kāghazi hawā'ī, A paper kite;-ba-kāghaz burdan, To make a clean copy; (met.) to exalt to the highest dignities.

كاغذ باد kāghaz-bād, A paper-kite.

كاعلا برى kāghaz-burī, Defalcation. كاعلا برى kāghaz-pāra, A sheet of paper.

لا الملا الله kāghaz-bahā, Office allowance for stationery

كاغد عانه kāghaz-khāna, A paper-mill. kāghaz-dār, Holder of a letter patent as described under کاغذ q.v.

kāghaz-farosh, A paper-seller, a كاغد فروش

stationer.

كاغذگر kāghazgar, A paper-maker or dealer. كاغد گير kāghaz-gīr, Paper glued to windows for protection against wind and sun; a paper-weight, a letter-clip.

كاهذي kāghazī, A paper-maker or vendor; stationer; a paper-case; anything covered with a thin skin, as nuts or almonds; delicate, thin, soft; a kind of lime; a writer.

كاغذين kāghazīn, Made of paper.

لاغذين باغ kāghazīn-bāgh, (paper garden) Wreaths of artificial flowers used on festive occasions.

كاغذين جامة kāghazīn-pīrāhan, كاغذين بيراهن kāghazīn-jāma, Paper garments worn by supplicants to attract the attention of the passers by; (met.) cries of the oppressed, lamentation; weakness, destitu-

كاغك kāghak, Happiness, joy, content.

raven. كاغلة kā ahla, A seed whence oil is extracted.

kāghnū, كاغنو kāghuna, A venomous worm of a reddish-black colour; a certain bird which flies in the night; cantharides.

ه کاغولتا ک kā<u>gh</u>ūltā, Golgotha.

كاغة kāgho, An idiot, a simpleton.

كاغنة $k\bar{a}gh\bar{i}na$ كاغينة $\mathbf{q.v.}$

کاف kāf, A fissure, breach, crack; the science of alchemy; one who manages well his affairs; cleave thou; (in comp.) cleav-

ing, splitting.

kāf, Name of the letter & k; in grammatical parlance it designates, for Arabic, the ka- of comparison $(k\bar{a}fi \ tashb\bar{b}h)$, or the second person (kafi mukhātabat); for Persian, the particle & kih, either as relative and interrogative pronoun (kāfi mausūl, kāfi istifhām respectively), or as conjunction, in which latter case again it either stands in the sense of because, &c. (kāfi ta'līl), or introduces a direct speech (kāfi mūfājat); (for kāfī) sufficient, &c. (see كاني); [kāfi laulā-ka (the person indicated by the pronominal ka of the Coranic phrase "if it had not been for thee"), An emblematic name of Muhammad; -kaf u lām (the names of the component letters of the word کل, euphemistically taken for the word itself), A man bald from disease; (met.) vanity; an idle saying or empty boast a lie; play, amusement; $-k\bar{a}f u n\bar{u}n$ (designation of the word kun "be"), The creative word; two chapters of the Qur'an so called ;—bi-qalami 'l-kāf wa 'n-nūn, With the pen, i.e. by the dispensation of the creative word or power; -kāff, fem. kāffat, kāffa, All, universal, whole, total; -kāffa'i anam (bariyat, ma'shari bashar), The whole human race;— $k\bar{a}fa'i ra'\bar{a}y\bar{a}$, All the subjects; -kāfa'i 'ulām, All the sciences.

كانة له kāffatan, All of them (came).

كالتن kāftan, To split, cleave; to dig, bore; to examine, investigate.

كالمته kāfta, Cleft, riven; searched, examined.

كانتيدة kāftīda, Cleft.

كافر له kāfir, One denying God; an infidel; (more particularly) a Cabulese; dark

(cloud); black (hair); a mistress; one who wears a garment over his coat of mail; a farmer; sower; the sea; a mighty river; -kāfiru 'n-ni'ma, = kāfiri ni'ma below;kāfiri harbi, An infidel against whom war is incumbent, opposed to:-kafiri zimmi, An infidel who pays tribute, and therefore is under protection; -kāfiri kitābī, An infidel in possession of sacred books, i.e. a Jew, Christian, or Majūsi; —kāfiri mājará, A denier of facts, a quarrelsome fellow; kafiri ni'ma, One unthankful for benefits received.

لارانه kāfirāna, Infidel-like, impiously. a كالرستان kāfiristān, A country inhabited by infidels; (more particularly) a certain district N. of Afghanistan; also Kabul.

a کانو کیش kāfīr-kesh, Infected with infi-

delity.

a کافر نعمت kāfir-ni'mat, Ungrateful, thankless.

a کافر نعمتی kāfir-ni'matī, Ingratitude.

a کافری kāfirī, Of or relating to an infidel; infidelity, unbelief; impiety; the language of the Kāfirs.

kāfil, One who fasts often, and imposes silence upon himself whilst fasting; one who manages the affairs of another, an administrator; a sponsor, surety.

kāflū, Name of a bird; according to others, a shirt; according to others, bold,

brave (doubtful word).

a کافور kāfūr, Flowers of the palm-tree or vine; also their envelope; camphor; a fountain in Paradise; anything white; name of a tyrannical king put to death by Rustam; a white wax-candle; nickname given in derision to a black slave; —kāfûr bārīdan, To snow;—kāfūri jaudāna, A very fragrant sort of camphor; -kāfūr khwurdan, To eat camphor (an expression used to imply deficiency of virility); - kāfūr dar maķāsin kaskīdan, To whiten the bread; - kāfūri riyāhī, Camphor of the best quality, found in the country of Qaisur, and named after Riyah, a prince said to have discovered it; -kāfūri 'amalī, Artificial or adulterated camphor; -kāfūr gustardan, To snow.

لافور بار kāfūr-bār, (raining camphor) Any-

thing cold or fragrant; snowing.

لافور خوار kāfūr-khwār, Camphor-eater;

(met.) very old, decrepit, impotent.

kāfūr-siparm, White-leaved basil; a yellow flower smelling like cam-

kāfūrī, Pure, an emblem of whiteness; camomile - flowers; camphorated; name given to a black slave or an eunuch; —sham'i kāfūrī, A wax candle, camphorated

كانه هانتان kāfa shāntān, Café chantant

(m.c. from Fr.).

kāfī, Sufficient, enough; efficacious,

effective; entire, perfect; -kāfī-ka, Let it suffice thee.

كانيدن kāfīdan, To dig; to split; to seek. kafisha, Saffron in the flower.

kājīlū, A kind of slender-stemmed Arabian thorn, to which slim persons are compared.

a كانية kāfīya, kāfiya, Name of a cele-

brated grammatical work.

كاك kak, Biscuit; dry bread; bread indifferently baked; anything dried (especially meat); a thin man or beast; the moon on the fourteenth night; the pupil of the eye; a man (opp. to woman); man (in the sense of mankind); a boy, infant; master, preceptor; small, minute; empty; name of a fortress in Azarbaijan.

لَا لَكُلْ kākā, An old slave; an elder brother; dry fruit; a paternal uncle; a schoolboy's

satchel.

كاكار kākāv, A boy's game.

كاكبان kākbān, Saffron in the flower.

لاكرة kākira, kākara, Pellitory.

لاكريو kākrez, Name of a purplish colour.

کاکریزی kākrezī, Purple-coloured. کاکریزی kākil, Flowers growing in water;kākul, Origany, marjoram; the herb alkali; a salt, bitter plant; a kind of wheat; a lock of hair, of boys, men, or horses; a forelock; kākul bar-ham zadan, To dishevel the locks; -kakuli sham', The smoke of a candle; -kākuli subh, The early dawn; -kākuli kase shikastan, (met.) To compel one to do a work (as it were dragging to it by the hair); -kākuli mishkīn, Musky locks.

kākul-afehānī, Shaking and كاكل افشاني dishevelling the locks by way of coquetry. كاكلة kākula, Name of a champion of

Irān.

a كاكني kāknaj, كاكني kākuna, Winter- cherry; nightshade; a gum produced by a tree in the mountains of Herat.

کاکو $k\bar{a}k\bar{u}$, Mother's brother; name of a grandson of Zahhāk, killed by Minuchihr.

كاكوتي kākūtī, A kind of origany, marjoram.

kãkosh, The violet.

لاكُول kākūl, A ringlet, a forelock.

كاكولى kākūlī, Origany; pennyroyal. كاكولى kakuni, كاكولى q.v.

كاكرى kākūy, Name of a grandson of Zahhak; and-

كاكوية kākūya, A mother's brother.

كاكى kākī, An aunt; name of Mākān's father.

کاکیا kākiyā, A spider's web.

كاكيان kākiyān, Seed of wild saffron.

kāgara, Name of a medicine. كاكل kāgal, A pen, a hollow reed.

کال kāl, Unripe fruit; a gourd; a leek; a kind of rose; breaking the line of battle and flying, put to flight; rout, dispersion, flight; a clandestine flight; confused

mixed; cracked ground; a ditch; bent,

crooked; a place.

IV kala, Silk cloths, and in general any kind of household furniture; things, necessaries, goods; (in Zand and Pazand) cry. wail; - kala ab kardan, To praise up vile goods, to value things more than they are worth ;-kālā'i bad ba-rīshi khāwand, Bad goods are before the master's beard (a phrase employed when worthless merchandise is returned).

kālār, A torrent, very deep, and so wide that a man or borse cannot leap over; slabs or flag-stones, with which sewers or subterraneous water-courses are

covered

kālāshkan, A kind of sweetmeat. . ka 'l-auwal, As before, like the كالأول م first.

كالب kālab, A mould; confection of fruits.

kālbud, kālbad, The body of a man or animal; the heart; a model, figure, form, a last (for shees), a mould; unripe, sour fruit; a finger-joint;-kalbudi tan, Stature, size, bulk, mould of the body ;kālbudi yārāna, Anything preserved in vinegar, syrup, or honey.

لالبدكر kālbudgar, A sculptor; a founder.

کالبوی ہے, kālbo, کالبوی و q.v. مکالبو کالبوت مین kūlbūt, A bird fastened to a net

to decoy others, a lure. منافرن kalboy. Astonished, surprised;

ignorant, foolish.

kāljār, (in the dialect of Gilan for kār-sār) War, battle; rice-grounds.

kāljosh, Spoon-meat, food of der-

kāl-chamba, The game tip-cat.

لائع له kāliḥ, Adverse (fortune); frowning, austere; one who grins and shows his teeth.

kālaska, A carriage (m.o. from R.) -kālaska'i bād-pā, A velocipede;—kālaska'i bukhār, A railway-carriage ;-kūlaska'i dūasba, A carriage and pair; —kālaska'i chahārasba, A carriage and four ;—kālaska'i dastī, A carriage drawn by hand, a Bath-chair; kālaska'i dastī'i kūchak, A perambulator ;kālaska'i rū-bāzī, A carriage, open in front, a phaeton, &c.;—kālaska'i sar-bāzī, A carriage open at the top, a barouche, a landau, &c.;-kālaska'i sar-poshīda (sar-basta), A. closed carriage; — kālaska'i kirāyati dū-tabaqa, An omnibus or tram-car (mm.cc.).

kālaska-i-bukhār-sāzī, كالسكه عار سال Manufactory of railway rolling-stock (m.c.). kālaskachī, كالسكفجي kālaskachī,

A coachman, a driver (m.c.).

يالكك رو kalaska-ran (rav), A carriage-

drive (m.c.).

kālaska-sāz, A coach-builder (m.c.).

kālaska-sāzī, Coach-building كالسكة سازي (m.c.).

kālufa, كالغة kālufa, Smitten with love.

كالك kālak, An uuripe melon ; a cuppingglass; a kind of sandal; hideous.

kālum, A woman whose husband is dead, or who has been divorced.

kālanj, A modlar. کالبو

kālanjar, Name of a fort in Hindūstan from whence they bring indigo.

kālinja, A ring-dove; queest; mag-

pie.

kālang, An instrument for paring کالنکف horses' hoofs (= سم تراش q.v.).

كالوب , kālūb, The body; a model,

mould, figure.

كالري , kālūj, كالري kālūch, The little finger ; a pigcon,

kālūkh, Name of a malodorous كالوغ ه plant: Icek.

kalūs, Foolish, stupid.

kalűek, A bean.

kālūsha, A cauldron; a dish peculiar to the people of Dailam, made of rice, vetches, beet, and vinegar, over which they pour corlander-seed and mint pounded and fried in butter,

kālūnī, Origany. كالوبي

kālūya, Astonished, bewildered (see for which it is perhaps a misrcading).

ਹੋਰ kāla, Household furniture or utensils; worldly goods or gain; a parn-reel; a large hank, clew, or heap of cotton, of which sewing-thread is made; an unripe melon or cucumber; a dry hollow gourd full of wine; an earthen vessel used by the poor as a spittoon; ground prepared for sowing ;-kala bar khar-ash bi-nih, Place the goods upon his ass, i.e. Let him know who he is.

الكان kāladūn, A basket in which women keep thread; a wardrobe; a casket.

kāla-shināsī, The art of apprais-

ing goods.

کالی kālī, A guard, keeper; according to others, wish, desire; what is eaten with bread by women; name of a town in Kābul.

الى لە kâli', Purchased on credit; ndvanced money; earnest-money.

كاليا kāliyā, An unripe melon; Gallia.

كاليا kālyār, A sandal, slipper; spittle;

galls, oak-apples.

kālidan, To be routed, put to flight; to rout, defeat; to dissolve, scatter, cut in pieces; to be confounded, disturbed; to have the hair stand on end (from terror); to grow grey (the hairs); to have scales or scurf on the head; to have dishevelled or neglected hair.

kālīda, One whose hair is dishevelled, كاليدة or stands up when terrified; mixed; any-

thing covered with dust or earth.

kāliwa, Foolish, mad, in- كالوبود kāliwa, Foolish, mad, insane, crazy; astonished, bewildered; igno-

rant; deaf; beautiful; intropid; liberalminded; unsuitable, inconvenient; ostentation, boasting; accident, event; a narrative; dispersion; quiet, rest; headache. كاليوس kālyūs, Crumbled bread, with

butter-milk, walnuts, and spices (on which

derviahea live).

kām (S. kāma), Dosire, wish; design, intention, pursuit; (construed with the verbs bar-āmadan, bar-āwardan, bāftan, burdan, randan, raftan, siturdan, kashidan, giriftan, gushūdan, &c.;) the palate; the uvula; the mouth; chewing well, digesting well; masticated food; anything which assists digestion; a bar, fastening of a door ;-kām bar-dāshtan (bar-giriftan), To raise a new-born child's palate; -kām khāridan, To long for, hanker after ;-kām shikaftan, To split the throat; -ba-kam, According to wish, as desired; -ba-kām rasidan, To arrive at perfection; to attain one's object; -ba-kam rekhtan (kashidan), dar kām rekhtan (kardan, kashīdan), To pour into the throat.

kām-bakhsh, Giving the enjoyment of one's desires; name of Aurangzeb's

youngest son.

kām-ba<u>kh</u>shī, Fulfilment of one's کامبوشی

wishes; liberality; power. content, successful in every undertaking or wish, gratified; absolute, powerful.

kāmata, A town in Kutch (India). لأم مو kām-jo (jū), Seeking enjoyment.

kāmakh (from P. كامغ k kāma), A sourish kind of tonic for creating an appetite and promoting digestion.

kām-khwāhi, Seeking the attain-

ment of one's wish, solicitation.

لأمران kām-rān, Successful in every undertaking, fortunate, happy, blest; voluptuous.

kâm-ranî, Happiness, felicity, pleasure, delight; fortune, prosperity, success; august, royal; absolute, despotic; kām-rānī kardan, To live in the gratification of one's desires.

لامر kāmrū, The city of Kāmrūp, situated between Bengal and Khota, famed

for its magicians.

kām-rawā, Enjoying; gratified.

kām-rawā'i, Fruition, enjoyment. كامرواثي kām-zan, Having an intention or desire (especially to goanywhere); striking the palate.

a کام طبع kām-kab', Greedy, covetous. kām-firo-āmada, Disappointed كام فرو آمدة

in one's wishes.

kām-fīroz, Name of a city in کام فیروز

Persia.

kāmkār, Name of a rose of intense کامکار red, called after a Persian dihyan of the

کام کش kām-kash, Seeking enjoyment (= عام کش ور.v.).

kāmgār, One who accomplishes کامگار whatever he wishes; powerful; an absolute monarch; fortunate, happy; a huntingbird which infallibly secures its prey.

kāmgāri, Power; happiness. کامگاری kām-guzār, One who has the

means of gratitying all his desires.

kāmil, Perfect, complete, full, plenary, entire; folio-sized (paper); a perfect man; a proficient master, an adept; a saint; a metre (mutafā'ilun = -> six times repeated); name of several celebrated horses; - kāmilu 't-tawārīkh, Title of a historic work; - kāmilu 'l-'iyār, Of perfect standard :- kāmilu 'l-qīmat, Of full value; -kāmilu 'l-wasn, Of full weight.

a كامل عيار kāmil-'iyār, Of perfect stan-

kām-ligām, That part of a bridle کام لگام which touches the palate, the bit.

a کامل معرفت kāmil-ma'rifat, Who possesses perfect knowledge or skill. a كامل kāmila, fem. of كامل q.v.

kāmilīyat, The worst sect of the کاملیة ه rawafiz (called from their leader Abu Kāmil).

a كأملى kāmilī, كأملى kāmilīyat, Completeness, perfection.

kāmin, Concealed, hidden, latent; کامن

lying in ambush. كام تا كام لا كام لا كام كام كام كام كام الكام ing; necessarily.

kāmū, A particular kind of skin.

kāmūd, Simple (opposed to compound).

kāmwar, Successful according to one's کامؤر wishes; (anything) worthy of one's choice.

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successful.

kāmwarīzh, Wish, purpose, inten-

tion. kamos, Name of an ally of Afra-

syab; (= kāmūd) simple (not compound). وين kāmūn, Cummin-herb or seed. kāmānī, Fox-grape; black nightshade, Solanum nigrum; a medicine in

which cummin-seed is mixed, a digestive sweet mixture.

kāma, Acid bread soured with vinegar or meat dressed with it; a sourish kind of tonic for creating an appetite and promoting digestion; milk or buttermilk boiled; a confection, electuary; preserved fruits; pickles; desire, wish, will, intent, object, scope, aim; a bridle; coral; name of a township or district in Kabul, containing one hundred villages or hamlets.

kām-yāb, One who obtains what he desires; prosperous, successful.

كاميابى kām-yābī, Fruition, prosperity. كاميابي kāmīdan, To desire, wish. kamin, The root of galangale.

لان kan, A sheath; (comp. S. khani) a mine or quarry; digging, excavating; (for

kūn) the backside; (for ki ān), Because that, since he; -kāni jūd, A mine of liberality, exceedingly generous; - kāni sang, A stone-quarry; -kāni malāhat, A mine of loveliness or beauty, a mistress; -kāni yasar, A mine of wealth, very wealthy (see .(کان یسار

A o' ka'anna, As if, as though; verily. bls kānā, Foolish, stupid, senseless; the stem of a bunch of grapes or dates; a part

of a bunch of grapes.

טטע kānāz, That part of the stem of a bunch of grapes or dates which joined the main branch or tree; a bunch of dates.

a کانجی محال kānjī-maḥāl, Licensed stews.

كاند kānd, Sugar, sugar-candy.

كالدر kandar (for ki andar), For within. a كانسة kānsa (prop. kāsa), A cup, bowl,

a کانسهگر kānsagar, A cup or bowl-maker. کان کن kān-kan, A miner; name of Far-

لان كنى kān-kanī, Working in a quarry or mine.

kāngūrū, A kangaroo (m.c.).

لافور kānūr, A fruit-basket.

انون A كانون A fire-grate, a chafingdish or place for holding fire; a fire-place; any man to whom others look up, or whose words are generally attended to; heavy, dull, phlegmatic; form, manner, fashion; custom, rule, law; name of two Syrian months; — kānūnu 'l-auwal, December; kānūnu 'l-ākhar, kānūnu 's-sānī, January.

الله kāna, Price of provisions; contention for dignity, &c.; hypocrisy; the but-

tocks.

A പ്രേ ka'annahu, As if he (or it), as if indeed; as it were.

كانى kānī, Mineral ;—kānī namak, Rock-ى .nalt

kaneru, Mezereon.

a کان یسار kān-yasār, Rich as a mine; opulent, wealthy.

a کان بمین kān-yamīn, Like a mine in

prosperity, exceedingly prosperous.

كاو kāw, Excavation, hollowing out, digging; examination, investigation, disputing about the truth of anything; (in comp.) digging, excavating; a digger, excavator; bold, intrepid, warlike; well-made, handsome.

كاراك kāwāk, Hollow, empty; rotten inside; cracked; useless; awkward; presumptuous; -miyān-kāwāk, Hollow in the middle.

کاراکی kāwākī, Hollowness; presumption. كاوالى درائش kāwānī-dirafsh, Kāwa's standard (see کاوه below).

مروس مسسست المستقم ال

kāwarsa, Anything very small like كاورسة millet (see کاورسه).

لورك kāwark, A bird's nest;—kāwarak, Name of a plant resembling a cucumber.

کاووس $us, = kar{a}'us$ کاءوس q.
abla

لارش kāwish, Digging; investigation, inquiry; meditation. مان kāwak, Empty, hollow.

كاركان kāvkān, Name of Qāran, one of the heroes of the Shah-nāma.

کاوکار kāvkāv, A tap with a pick or sharp-pointed tool; speed, diligence, haste; investigation, inquiry, search; perturbation; in small pieces.

كاوكرور kāvkalūr, A man's yard.

كاول kāwul, A table-decker, sewer; wild leek; Kābul.

kāwanjak, A fresh کارنجک kāwanjak, A fresh cucumber.

كارنده kāwanda, An examiner, investigator.

كارى kāwuna, A Spanish fly; a fire-fiy.

kāwūs, Name of an ancient king of Persia; pure; elegant, graceful; radical; firm, constant; generous, noble; strengthened by divine aid; a subduer, conqueror; a spark; light, splendour, coruscation; swiftness, impetuosity.

لروك kāwūk, A bird's nest.

لَوْرُل kāwūl, A taster, table-decker.

kāwa, The famous smith of Ispahān who defeated the usurper Zahhāk, and established Faridun on the throne of Persia; a bag of musk. كارى kawī, Digging, investigating, &c.

(used in composition; see کار).

A کاری kāwī, Caustic; name of the blossom of the fragrant palm-tree armāt (see p. 39). ارساط

درقش کاریانی kāwiyānī-dirafeh, Kāwa's

banner.

کاونجك $k\bar{a}w\bar{i}jak$, کاونجك q.v.

لأويدن kāwīdan, To examine, to investigate, search; to dig, excavate, hollow out; to plough; to dispute, contend, struggle, wrestle, strain every nerve; to mix, disturb, trouble; to fight, make war.

kāwīsh, A milk-pail. کاویش

kāwīsha, The wild saffron flower or

its seed (see کاژیره).

kāwīla, كاويلة kāwīla, A mortar (see .ویل .(کاہیل

ياوين kāwīn, A dower (fee كاوين above). kāwīnak, A year (in the dialect of

Shīrāz).

كاة kāh, (imp. of kāstan or kāhīdan in comp.) Diminishing; straw, hay; - kāh agar az tū nīst kāh-dān az tūst, If the hav is another's, the loft is yours (proverbial saying to warn against over-feeding);kāh dar dahan giriftan, (met.) To ask pardon; -kāhi kuhna, Old stories, boasting of the past; kāhi makka (makkī), Camel's hay, bog-rush.

kāhānīdan, To diminish, to lessen كأهاليدن

(trans.).

لاهبان kāhbān, A keeper of a straw-bin, of gathered crops, &c.

كاهبن kāh-bun, Stubble; a stubble-field. كاة عالة kāh-khāna, A straw-bin, hayloft.

kāhdān, A hay or straw-loft.

kāh-rubāy, Yellow كاهربا amber (from its attracting straws); gum of the walnut-tree; also of a tree resembling the pistachio.

کاہ رہاگی $k\bar{a}h$ - $rubar{a}$ ' $ar{\imath}$, Of amber-colour, yellow, pale (a face from fear); electricity. لهريزة kāh-reza, كاهريزة kāh-reza, Straws or

dust blown into the eyes; chaff.

كاهستة kāhista, Diminished; — kāhista shudan, To be diminished, to lessen, to get

كاهش kāhish, Diminution; consumption. لاه فروش kāh-farosh, A seller of straw.

کاه فروهی kāh-faroshī, A dealing in straw; -kāh-faroshī kardan, To deal in straw. لاهكشان kāh-kashān, The Milky way.

کاهگل kāh-gil, Clay and straw for plaster-

ing.

لهكير kāh-gīr, Stubborn mule; unbroke beast; a desert (this unsupported by examples).

kāh-gīrī, Restiveness, stubbornness; $-k\bar{a}h$ - $g\bar{i}r\bar{i}$ kardan, To be restive or

stubborn.

كاهل ه kāhil, Slow, tardy, languid; indolent, idle, lazy, negligent; unwell, sick, indisposed; middle-aged; -kāhili pā'i murūd, One who lies all day long at the foot of a pear-tree; doing nothing, a lazybones.

a کاهلا kāhilā, Ailing, sick, indisposed.

a كاهلانه kāhilāna, Slowly.

a کاهل تنی kāhil-tanī, Sloth, indolence.

a كاهل قدم kāhil-qadam, Slow of foot. a كاهل مواد kāhil-mizāj, كاهل مواد kāhilwujud, Indolent, sluggish; a lazy fellow.

a کاهلی kāhilī, Sloth, inactivity; slowness, tardiness, languor, indolence; cowardice; sickness; -kāhilī kardan, To be slow, sluggish, indolent.

A کاهن kāhin, A soothsayer, augur, pro-

phet, priest.

كاهنگان kāhangān, The Milky Way.

کاهو kāhū, Lettuce, salad; a bier (of the Parsis)

کاهواره kāhwāra, A cradle (see کاهواره).

لاهوكب kāhūkub, A bier, a coffin.

کاهی kāhī, Greenness; grassy, grassgreen; name of a dish.

كاهيدن kāhīdan, To be diminished; to

languish, pine; to diminish.

کاهیده $k\bar{a}h\bar{i}da$, Diminished, wasted, emaciated; destroyed.

kāy (for ki ai), That O!

a کاگت kā'it, Filling.

a کاهل $k\ddot{a}h\dot{n}l$, = کاهل q.v.

لائن لا kā'in, fem. كائن kā'inat, kā'ina, Being, existent; a created thing, a creature. ل كائنات له kā'ināt (pl. of kā'inat), Beings, creatures, existences; the universe; property, possessions, means; stock, capital: worth, value.

كاينة käyina, كايينه käyina, Turn not away your eyes from me; according to others, eye. [The word seems to be composed of the Arabic ka "like," or the Persian ki "that," with ayina "mirror," meaning either "mirror-like" or "so that (I may be as it were your) mirror." Cf., however, above.] کاہنہ

kab. The inside of the cheek or

mouth; mouth; boast, vain-glory.

ل کہ kabb (v.n.), Inverting, overthrowing, throwing one upon his face; winding thread into clews; being heavy; kindling a fire with the herb kubb; -kubb, Name of a bitter herb.

kabāb, Meat cut in small pieces کیاب and roasted with onions and eggs stuck on skewers; roast meat; in Persian by a metaphor somewhat strange to European taste, frequently used as emblem of a bosom burning with love or grief; [ka-bābi bargi tāk, Roasted vine-leaves; kabābi tar az rāni āhū, Flakes of snow; kabābi chīze būdan, (met.) To be enraptured with anything;—kabābi ḥusainī, A particular kind of roast meat; -kabābi khām-soz, A kind of roast meat: meat getting black in roasting, half-roasted; -kabābi dārā'ī. A kind of roast meat;—kabāb dar namak khwābīda, Roast meat salted; -- kabāb zadan, To eat roast meat;—kabābi sang, Meat roasted on stones;—kabābi shāmī (qanda $h\bar{a}r\bar{i}$), Kinds of roast meat famous in Syria and Kābul respectively;—kabāb kardan, To roast; -kabāb kashīdan, To take the meat from the spit or out of the pot to place it in a dish; -kabābi guzashta, Roust meat burnt or overdone;—kabābi gul, Roast meat dressed up in the shape of a rose; -kabābi waraq (hindī), A kind of roast meat of black colour; (the word is also construed with afgandan, andākhtan, rasāndan, &c.;)] —kubāb, Waving hills of sand.

ل الله kabābat, كبابة kabāba, Cubebs.

كباب چينى *kabāb-chīnī*, Cubebs. كبابخانه *kabāb-<u>kh</u>āna*, A kitchen, cook's shop.

a كبابي kabābī, Fit to be roasted; roast-. ing; one who roasts, a roaster; a maker of kabābs.

اراك kabās, Ripe fruit of the tree كباك. A کباد kibād (v.n. 3 of کباد), Waxing callous to evil, enduring it with all its inconveniences;— $kub\bar{a}d$, Disease of the liver.

a کباده kabāda, A weak bow for practis-

ing.

kabār, A man who brings wood from كبار the forest for sale.

كبار ه kibār (pl. of kabar), Capers; (pl. of kabīr) great; grandees, nobles; men renowned for wealth, knowledge, or sanctity; -kubār, Great, huge; -kubbār, Very great, very large, immense.

kabāra, A kind of basket; a bee-

hive; a sort of earthenware cup. a كبارية kubbārīyat, Greatness.

kubās, Great and with a large gland (penis); one who wraps his head in

his garments and sleeps. كبال kabāk, كباك kabāl, A rope made of

the fibres of the palm-tree.

A کہاں kubān, A camel's disease;—kabbān, A camel suffering from the disease kubān.

kubā'ir (pl. of kabirat), Great, large, enormous things; mortal sins.

kabt, kibt, A bee.

kabt (v.n.), Throwing prostrate with the face downwards; humbling, disgracing; ruining, destroying.

لبتا kabitā, A kind of sweetmeat (see

kabtar (shortened from kabutar), A

kabs (v.n.), Being tainted, corrupted کبث ۸ (meat); rendering sad and melancholy;—

kabis, Corrupted.

kabj, Self-praise; conveniency, utility; part, portion; a stick for stirring beer; a hook with which ice is removed; a little garden; (also kabja) a docked ass; a beast of burden having the lower part of the throat swollen.

kabch, A beast, the lower part of

whose mouth is swollen.

kabcha, A ladle, skimmer; spatula, trowel.

A کبح kabh (v.n.), Reining in (a horse); keeping back, hindering from business; striking with a sword.

کبد kabda, کندا kabda, Solder, glue; haste; fat.

kabd (v.n.), Striking in, or aiming کبد ه at, the liver; the liver; the heart; the middle of the vault of heaven; -kibd, kabid, The liver; [kabidu's-samā, The midst of heaven; -- kabidu 'l-qaus, The handle of a bow;]-kabad (v.n.), Being in pain, suffering from a diseased liver; severity (of weather); adversity, hardship, calamity.

كبداد kabdād, (in the dialect of Shīrāz)

A kind of mushroom.

کبر kabr, (in Pehlevi) A corslet of iron ;---

kabar, Capers.

A کبر kibr, Pomp, pride, haughtiness; magnitude, magnificence; power; -- kibr, kubr, Nobility, eminence; the greater or better part; - kubr (v.n.), Being large, great, bulky; great, greater, greatest; kubr, kuburr, The chief of a family, the nearest of kin to the head of a family; the first degree of kindred;—kabar, Capers; a drum; -kibar (v.n.), Reaching to an advanced age, being full of years; great old age; — kubar (pl. of kubrá), Great (as cities); major propositions.

kubarā' (pl. of kabīr), Great men grandees.

کبر با kabar-bā, Broth seasoned with

capers.

A كبرة kabrat, kaburat, A great age; kibrat, A great crime; greatness; pride.

kabard, Name of a champion.

kabarak, Name of a thorny plant. kabar-wā, Meat dressed with capers (see کبر با).

خبرة kabra, A coat of mail (cf. كبر kabr).

لبريل ه kubrá (fem. of akbar), Greater; great (city); the major proposition of a syllogism.

kibriyā', Grandeur, magnificence, کیریاه 🛦 power, excellence; pride, haughtiness; a name or an attribute of God.

a کبریائی $kibriy\bar{a}'\bar{\imath}$, Almightiness.

kibrit, Fine (gold or silver); sulphur, brimstone; a match dipped in sulphur; -kibrīti ahmar, The philosopher's stone.

كبريتى kibrītī, The colour of sulphur;

sulphur-coloured.

ا کبس 🛦 کبس kabs (v.n.), Filling up (a well or river); wrapping up one's head in a garment; assaulting suddenly and surrounding (a home); -kibs, Earth filling up a well or river; a large head; a house of mud; root, origin.

kabast, The dog or ass-cucumber; کبست colocynth; bitter as colocynth; deadly

poison; bark of the sugar-cane.

kabastū, کبستو kabasta, The bitter gourd.

A کبش kabsh, A ram; a battering ram; a prince, chief, leader;—kabshi fidá, A ram or sheep for sacrifice.

خبك kabk, The hand; palm of the hand; [kabk shikastan, To lose a track;]—kabak, ك والله A gold or sable border of a collar (= كمك q.v.).

A کبکب kabkab, Name of a mountain ;kibkib, kabkab, A kind of game; - kibkib, kubkub, A troop, a ball of thread; weight, heaviness; -kubkub, Compactly built (man).

A كبكب kabkabat, kabkaba (v.n. of كبكبة), Overturning, throwing (one) prostrate on the ground; the noise made by the feet of camels, horses, or men; -kubkubat, A troop of horses closely wedged together.

kabkanjīr, A sling; a bird flying

swiftly and high; a woodcock.

ليك kabg, A partridge ;—kabgi biyābāni (a modern word), Wild or desert partridge; -kabgi darī, A beautiful kind of partridge; according to others, a mountain partridge; -kabgi raqqãs, A prancing horse;-kabgi ghairi darī, A smaller kind of partridge; –kabgi kar, A woodcock ;—kabgāni bazm, Cup-bearers; singers; lovers.

kabg-raftar, Graceful as the کبک رفتار

partridge in gait and motion.

kabl (v.n.), Fettering (a prisoner),

keeping bound in prison; a large chain or fetter; -kabal, A skin with short hair or

wool; a garment made of sheep-skin.

*\Delta \omega \cdot kabn (v.n.), Sewing (cloth or a leathern bottle) which has been turned in; turning in the lip of a bucket; keeping back, withholding; causing to disappear, to be invisible, or not to be found; becoming fat; -kaban (v.n.), being thick and fat.

kabanwara, Speaking with anger

and vehomence.

for which it is کبو kabū, Lettuce (see کبو perhaps a misreading or vice versâ).

kabw, kubū (v.n.), Falling on the face; emptying (a vessel); running (a horse); sweeping away (rubbish, snow, &c.); covering fire with ashes; rendering cold, cooling.

يوتر kabūtar (S. kapōta), A pigeon, dove;

-kabūtari bāzī-kun, A tumbler pigeon;kabūtari par-pā, A kind of pigeon with feathers about the feet, and flying slowly; -kabūtarī tāj-dār, Gaura coronata;---kabūtari tez-par, A swift-flying pigeon; — kabūtari haram, Mecca pigeons which are not allowed to be killed; a lady of high birth whose hand it is difficult to obtain; kabūtari dū-bāma (dū-burjī), A pigeon that has no nest of its own; (met.) a fickle person:—kabūtari shalwārī, A sort of pigeon plumaged about the feet;—kabūtari nāmabar, A carrier-pigeon;—kabūtari niyāz, A playful sort of pigeon;—kabütari yahü, A pigeon said to utter the sound yā-hū (see

kabūtar-bāz, Playing or gaming کبوتر ماز with pigeons, laying bets on their flight; a pigeon-flier; (met.) a gallant; a cheat.

kabūtar-bāzī, The rearing of

pigeons, pigeon-fancying. של kabūtarbān, A breeder, feeder, or

trainer of pigeons; a pigeon-fancier.

kabutar-bacha, A young-pigeon; an unripe poppy-head, wrapped in peasemeal, and fried in butter or oil.

لبوتر عالله kabūtar-khana, A pigeon-house. kabūtar-dam, Kissing and billing كبوتر دم (as lovers); - kabūtar-dum (pigeon's tail), The end of a turban-sash or waistband standing straight out; a particular nib of a pen.

ציף נש kabūtar-zan, A pigeon-shooter (m,c.).

kabūtar-zanī. Pigeon-shooting (m.c.)

kabûtarwar ab, Fordable place.

يود kabūd, Blue; name of a mountain. كبود ه kubūd (pl. of kabid), Livers.

kubodan, Coriander-seed; name of a village in the dependencies of Nīshābūr. kabūd-pusht, The sky. کبود پشت

kabud-chashm, Blue or greyeyed.

a کبود مار kabūd-hisār, The sky.

كبودر kabūdar. An animalcule living in water, which the small fry devour; a heron.

a کبود طشت kabūd-tasht, The sky.

kabūdwash, Of a bluish colour. كبودة kabūda, The gnat-tree; a kind of tough willow growing spontaneously; name of a herdsman of Afrasyab.

كبردي kabūdī, Blue, azure, cerulean; a turban with a blue sheepskin border;kabūdī zadan, To tattoo; to have oneself tattooed; -kabūdī kabūd, Of a deep blue; ba-kabûdî zadan, To assume an azure colour, to incline to blue (m.c.).

kabūdī-rang, Blue, azure.

kabwar, Name of an Indian fruit (unsupported by examples).

kabos, Crooked, bent. کبوس

kabūk, A female bird (there being, it is said, no male of the species) which flocks and pairs with birds of different kinds; a certain water-fowl.

ه کبوك ه kabbūk, A lark.

کبون $kub\bar{u}n$, v.n. of, and = کبون q.v.

kabwa, A kind of vegetable (unsupported by examples.)

kaba, kuba, kubba, A cupping-glass;

a rising, a swelling.

کبی kabī (S. kapi), An ape, a baboon.

A كبل kubá (pl. of kibā'), Aloe-woods. كبيتا kubaitā, A sweetmeat made of almonds, pistachios, walnuts, and oil of sesame; a cake made of sesame and sugar; --kubītā, A cake made of fine flour, honey, and sesame-oil.

kubaitak, A tool for notching millstones.

كبيتة kubīta, A sort of sweetmeat.

kabīcha, An animal whose lower jaw is swollen; a contrivance for scratching the back; a curry-comb.

کبید kabid, Solder; glue.

کبیدن kabīdan, To put out of its place.

کبیده kubīda, Meal baked in the oven; a dish made of barley, rice, and butter;

coarsely-ground (wheat or barley).

أكبير kabīr, Great, large, bulky; immense; heavy; grave, serious; full grown; elder, senior; a nobleman, grandee; — kabīr shudan, To grow up (to man's estate); -fasādi kabīr, An enormous sin, capital crime; -wādī 'l-kabīr (the great river), The Guadilquivir.

a کسورة kabīra, A great or heinous sin.

kabīsat, kabīsa, Intercalary, em-

bolismal; —sāli kabīsa, Leap year.

كبيكي kabīkaj, A kind of wild parsley, and a deadly poison; the patron angel of reptiles; king of the cockroaches (in India frequently inscribed on the first page of a book, under the superstitious belief that, out of respect for the name of their king, the cockroaches will spare it).

kabin, A dower, marriage-portion.

kup, The mouth;—bar kup, Outside the mouth ;-dar kup, Inside the mouth.

كيالع kapāk, A wagtail.

kapān, A balance with a scale at one end and a stone weight at the other; a steelvard.

کیچه kapcha, A ladle, skimmer. کپرامی kaprās, Joke, jest, wit, humour. کپناک kapanak, kipanak, A woollen cloak

or wrapper used by the poor in winter.

kapūk, A female bird (there being, it is said, no male of the species) which pairs with birds of different kinds.

kappa, kuppa, A cupping-glass. کبی kapi, kappi, An ape (see کبی).

ييتان kapītān, A minister or councillor of

a European ruler; a captain (m.c.). kapīdan, To rob, seize, ravish.

kat, A subterraneous canal, common sewer; a royal throne; the throne of the kings of India; -kit (for ki tū), Who thou, that thou; (for ki tū-rā) what to thee? who to thee?—kut, Gold or silver ingot.

katā, (in Zand and Pāzand) A writing,

A کتاب kitāb (v.n. of کتاب kitāb (v.n. of کتاب scribing; commanding, decreeing, making incumbent upon; a book, volume; a letter, missive, despatch; a commission, command, law, statute; release, discharge, manumission of a slave; fate; an inkstand; [kitābi āsmānī (ilāhī), kitābu 'llāh, The Qur'ān; — kitābi bīdarda, A worm-eaten book; -kitābi gānūn, A law or statute-book, a charter (m.c.); -kitābi kashmīr, Title of a book treating on Kashmir; -- kitābi guzashta, An antiquated or obsolete book;kitābi majīd, The Qur'ān; -kitābi naql, A story-book (m.c.); -kitābi namadī, (met.) Anything futile, idle, absurd (cf. daftari namadī under بن p. 528);—al-kitāb, al-kitābu 'l-mustaṭāb, The Qur'ān;—ummu 'lkitāb, The first chapter of the Qur'an;ahli kitāb (ahlu 'l-kitāb), Possessed of sacred writings, i.e. Christian, Jew, or Majūsī; —ghair-kitābī (one without a book), A heathen, a pagan, an idolater; \-kuttab, A writing-school; (pl. of kātib) writers, secretaries, scribes; learned men; -mu'allimi kuttāb, A schoolmaster.

A બાદ્ધ kitābat, kitāba, kutāba (v.n. of کتب), Writing, describing, inscribing; an inscription, motto, title of a book; an epitaph; the profession of a copyist or

scribe; the ransom of a slave.

a کنایچه kitābcha, A small book, a booklet. a هناك كتاب للقلة kitāb-khāna, A library; a study; a bookseller's shop.

a کتاب دار kitāb-dār, A librarian.

a کتاب داری kitāb-dārī, Office of a librarian.

a كابدان kitābdān, A book-case.

a كتاب رد kitāb-rū, Long-faced, oval.

a کتاب فروه kitab-farosh, A bookseller.

لتابون katābūn. Name of a man and woman; the daughter of the Qaisar and wife of Gushtasb.

a کتابی kitābī, Belonging to a book; booklike, oblong ;—kitābī ādamī, A bookish man; -kitābī chihra, An oval face;--kitābī 'ilm, Book-knowledge, book-lore.

н كتارة katāra (comp. S. kartarī), A spear,

javelin; a short sword.

kitaf, A cord for tying the hands behind the back (kitf); a chain, fetter, tether.

يتال kutāl, Short.

لان katāla, A short spear.

katām, A place raised on pillars six or seven yards high, where people sleep on account of the dampness of the ground.

a كتان kattān, katān, Linen, flax; watermoss; foam or rubbish floating on water; [rangi kattān, Of the colour of linen, grey (as in French gris-de-lin;)]—kattān, katān, A kind of garment made of straw; -kattān, kitān, A grain from which oil is extracted, linseed;— $kutt\bar{a}n$, A red, biting insect.

katānī, A kind of plum or apricot (probably on account of the delicacy of

م کتائی katā'ib (pl. of katībat), Armies, battalions, troops, cohorts, squadrons.

katāyūn, The daughter of the Greek كتابون emperor married to Gushtasb and mother to Insfandiyār (see کتابون which is another reading of the name).

م سخة katb (v.n.), Writing, describing; ordering, enjoining; joining; collecting; knowing; sewing a leathern bag or bottle; stitching up (a camel) so as not to afford access to the male; (pl. of kātib?) scribes, doctors, learned men;—kutub (pl. of $kit\bar{a}b$), Books; -kutubi sultīnīya, The scriptures of the Lord, divine books; -kutubi samāwī, Heaven-sent books; — kutubi mūsá, The Pentateuch ;— $d\bar{a}ri\ kutub$, A library.

a كتب عانة kutub-khāna, A library.

a کتبستان kutubistān, A library, a museum. a کتبی kutubī, A bookseller, bibliopolist.

A كتبية kutubīyat, A library.

kath (v.n.), Eating to one's fill; throwing dust upon a person (wind); pulling one's clothes off or about (wind).

katakh, Butter-milk; milk, buttermilk, and salt ;—katikh, A mixture of sweet

and sour.

kat-khudā (for kad-khudā, "master of the house"), A lord-lieutenant, a viceroy, vicegerent, vicar, locum tenens, deputy; a rich or great man, the chief inhabitant of a place; (astrologically) the lord of the ascendant, the predominant star at a person's birth.

يسند ليند kut-khudā-pasand, Common, low.

kat-khudā'i, The office of overseer;

state of a householder, house-keeping; marriage.

kata<u>kh</u>-shīr, Butter-milk mixed کتخ هبر with milk and butter.

katad, Name of a star; — katad, katid, The part between the shoulders; the withers of a horse.

katr, A small camel-litter in which کتر ۸ ladies travel; a camel's hump;—kitr, A cupola or arched building (resembling a camel's hump); a tomb of the ancient tribe of 'Ad.

كتران katrān, Liquid pitch (see كتران). katrūnitan, (in Zand), To remain

کترهٔ پترهٔ katra-patra, Piece-meal; name of a thorny plant of which camels are fond; foolish talk (for the last see کلپتره).

كتس katas, (in Zand and Pazand) Small. katastū, probably misreading for

kut' (v.n.), Going off with; being active, alert, quick; fleeing, running away; -kuta', A fox's cub; mean, abject, despicable; active, nimble, alert; clever, expert, intelligent.

kat'āl, A catamite.

العظ kat'āla, A catamite; a strumpet.

كنځ katagh, Sour milk dried.

katf (v.n.), Striking on the shoulders; galling the shoulders (saddle); tying one's hands behind the back; drawing the timbers of a camel's saddle tight upon one another; being high in the withers (horse); walking softly, and moving the shoulders withal; being kind and easy, favouring; -kitf, katif, The shoulder, the shoulder-plate; [kitf bar-zadan, To shrug the shoulders; to rejoice;]—kutf (pl. of aktaf), Wide-shouldered (horses, &c.); lame in the shoulder (the same); -kataf (v.n.), Being broad (shoulders); being broadshouldered; halting from dislocation of, or pain in, the shoulders; breadth of shoulder; a complaint in the shoulder.

a کتف ساره kitf-sāra, The withers of a

horse; the shoulder-blade.

a کتف کاه kitf-gāh, The part of the human

body where the shoulders are placed.

katak, A species of ugly short-legged کتك sheep (peculiar to Bahrain); (S. kataka) a grain used to clear water; the crabapple; -- kutak, kutk, A club, a short stick with which bhang is ground, a pestle; a stick for castigation; -kutak zadan, To chastise; to afflict.

کتکر katkar, A carpenter. کتکار كتكتو kutkutū, A kind of origany.

کتکن kat-kan, f A well-digger.

خىكىنە katkina, Portion of a farm re-let; katkina kardan, To re-farm, or re-let.

كتكنة دار katkina-dār, An under tenant. katgar, كتكار katgar, A carpenter. katal, A wild plum;—kutal, A led كتل horse for parade; a high hill; the skirts of a hill; -shuturi kutal, A led camel.

a کتابیان kataljiyān, کتابیان katalchiyān, The king's domestics, those who have the care of pitching the royal tent.

کتم katm, katam, Leaves of woad or

indigo.

A کتم katm (v.n. of کتم), Hiding, lurking, absconding; covering, veiling, concealing; suppressing, quelling (anger); [katmi sirr kardan, To keep a secret ;—katmi shahādat kardan, To refuse to give evidence;] kutm, Indigo-leaf;—katam, A kind of herb which, mixed with privet, makes a tincture for the hair; -kutum (pl. of katūm), Camels which conceal their pregnancy by not cocking their tails.

A کتمان kitmān (v.n. of کتم), Concealing, keeping in; concealment; [kitmāni asrār, The keeping of secrets; -kutmān, The herb katam (see preceding article).

katamtū, A tickling under the arm-

pits; -katamtū dādan, To tickle.

A کتن katan (v.n.), Being dirty, nasty (as a house with smoke, hands with blackness, the lips of cattle with eating viscous herbage); -nastiness, filth; viscosity; -katin, Dirty, grimy; -katin, kitn, A large platter or dish.

كتببر katambar, كتنبر katambal, Slow; a glutton.

katū, Name of a bird which devours

gravel ;—kutû, A cotton-pod.
كتوال kutwāl, The porter of a castle; a kind of officer of police or magistrate, who apprehends rogues, inspects taverns and houses of promiscuous entertainment, and determines disputes of inferior moment.

کتوالی kutwālī, The office of kutwāl کتوالی katūr (the verse quoted in support seems to require the reading katwar), Name of a place between Turan and India.

کتو katūm, A certain bird (comp. کتوم katū).

katūm, Close, who conceals (his) کتوم thoughts; notchless (a bow); silent when mounted upon (a camel); a camel that does not cock her tail though pregnant; -kutūm (v.n. of کتم), Concealing her pregnancy by not cocking her tail; twanging (a bow).

kut u mut, Really, truly, ex-

actly.

kathal (S. kantaphala), The Indian bread-fruit tree, Artocarpus integrifolia.

a کتیب kiteb (by Imālah for kitāb), A book ;—kitīb, A chain, fetter; manacle, shackles.

A کتیبه katībat, An army; a troop, squadron, battalion of men from 100 to 1,000; name of a fortress at Khaibar.

katīr, kutīr, The appearance of water in the desert, mirage; marshy, unfertile ground; a kind of stuff.

كتيران katīrān, Pitch (sec كتيران).

katīra, Gum-tragacanth.

katī', Anybody, anything (is not there); entire, full, complete (year); worthless, vile, sordid.

katim, A leathern bag or bottle from which the water has not entirely run out; brackish, unfruitful soil.

katīm, Hidden, concealed. کتیم

bearded (persons); thickly congregated (people).

لكشف kagāgat, كثلف kagāfat (v.n. of كثلف ألله لله Being thick, dense; much; numerous; density, thickness; grossness; fulness, repletion, abundance, luxuriance; foulness, impurity; untidiness (m.c.).

kuṣāh, Seed of nasturtium, according كشاة

to others of wild mustard.

م بشک kasb (v.n. of کثب کشب کشب together, heaping up; -kagab, Nearness, neighbourhood; -kusub (pl. of kasib), Sands blown into a heap.

kagr, Much; surplus;—kagr, kagar, The marrow or pith of a palm-tree; a branch of a paim-tree and the envelope of the flower; -kugr (v.n.), Excelling in mul-

titude; being numerous; abundance, riches.

**A گنره kagrat (v.n. of کثر), Becoming numerous; — kagrat, kigrat, Multitude, plenty, abundanco; superfluity, excess; the best or greatest part; — kasrati khala iq (khalq), Many people; — kasrati ghida, A superfluity of victuals; — kasrati kalam, Loquacity; tautology.

kanf, A crowd, a multitude.

kaşm (v.n.), Collecting, assembling; keeping back, diverting from any business; -kasam (v.n.), Being full; being wide; - kaşim, Thick.

A کثوته kugugat (v.n. of کثوته kugugat (v.n. of کثوث

Being thick.

A کثوع kugū" (v.n. of کثوع , Having diarrhea or liquid stools; throwing up scum (a pot); producing cream (milk). الم كثيب kasib, Sand-hill, sand blown in a

heap.

kaṣir, Many, much, copious, abundant, plentiful, numerous; superfluous; fruitful; -kaşiru 'l-aşla', Multilateral, polygon; - kaşīru 'l-aulād, Having many children; - kaşīru 't-tahakkum, Powerful; kaşıru 'l-ihsan, Most beneficent ;-kaşıru 'ljihād, Warlike, heroic; - kasīru 'z-zarar, Most noxious or hurtful;—kasīru 'l-'iyāl, Having a numerous family;—kasīru 'l-ma'nī, Of many meanings ;- kasīru 'n-nawāl, Most beneficent; — kaşiru 'l-wuqu', Frequent of occurrence; —zamāni kaşir, A long time; galil u kasir, Little and much.

kasif, Thick, dense, opaque; many, much, numerous; — kasifu 'l-auqāt, Bad times, dirty weather; -kaşīfu 'l-mizāj. Of

dirty habits and sordid nature.

kaj (S. kubja), Crooked, curved, wry, distorted, bent, dislocated; a hook; a grappling iron; a kind of silk of little value; (for v. q.v.) gypsum, plaster; [kaj ba-du dawīdan, To gallop sideways (m.c.);—kaj kardan. To turn (oneself) aside; to place oneself across; - kaj nishastan, To sit with bent body (= hamā'il nishastan q.v. under p. 430);—kaj nigah kardan, To look askance; for compounds see also under and جن]-kuj, A sort of herb used in setting broken bones; a species of the shell called concha veneris.

kajj (v.n.), Playing at the game kujjat, or racket, bandy, shinty, or hockey.

kujā, Where? whither? after what manner? how? who? what? everywhere, wherever; when? what! is it possible? (m.c.): a place: kujā mī-rawī, Whither goest thou?—as kujā, Whence? by which way?-tā kujā, How long?-also tā bakujā, Whither? to what place?—tū kujā in kār-hā, Where (art) thou (with regard to) these things? i.e. how couldst thou manage it? (m.c.)—dar kujā mī. khwurad, Where or how does it beseem? i.e. it is not beseeming or_decent by any means (m.c.); -har kujā, Everywhere; wheresoever; khayāli zuhd kujā, nashā'i sharāb kujā, Where (is) the idea of piety and where the fumes of wine ? i.e. how can anyone reconcile them? or what have they in common?

אנת kaj-abrā, (Finely) arch-browed. אוני אין אוני אין אין אייני אין אין אייני אין אייני אייי אייני אייני אייני אייני אייני אייני אייני אייני אייני אייני אי

of eyebrow.

kajāba, A camel-litter for women. a كي ادائي kaj.adā'ī, Perverseness; crossness in manners.

kujārān, Name of a Persian town. kajāz, A hatchet, axe, pick, mattock. له اکند اکند kaj-āgand, A کے اکند cuirass quilted with silk.

kajāwa, A camel-litter for females. kajāwa-nishīn, Scated in a

litter.

kuja'i, Where thou art; where art thou? whence art thou? a dweller, inhabitant.

لَج باز kaj-bāz, An unfair player; fraudulent.

a عند kaj-bahs, An absurd reasoner. a کج جشی kaj-baḥṣī, Absurd, tortuous reasoning; cross-questions and crooked answers.

لي المناف kaj-basta, Ill-set (broken bone). ع كي المحرب لا kaj-bastrat, Who looks askance from envy; envious, invidious; squinteyed.

kaj ba-kaj, Very much crooked کے اکم

(= = q.v.). kajaba, A camel-litter for women. a کی ہے kaj-bai*, Who defrauds in selling. نی kaj-bin, Squint-oyed, looking awry. يان ج بان يا kaj-palās, = الاس و q.v.

ي kaj-palāsi, Unfair play; fraud; depravity.

kujat, A small house where a falcon is fed and kept; silver (doubtful word).

kaj-chashm, Squint-eyed.

kaj-chashmī, Strabismus, squint. خوام kaj-khirām, Moving crookedly (heaven).

کچ کوامی kaj-khirāmī, A crooked or a wry

a کے علق kaj-<u>kh</u>ulq, Ill-tempered, cross. کے خوا⁸ kaj-<u>kh</u>wāh, Deceitful.

ي عواهي kaj-khwāhī, Deceitfulness. kaj-dār marez, Evasion, subterfuge, putting off.

kaj-dil, Crooked in mind, perverse,

ill-natured.

الم الم kaj-dum, Having a crooked tail, a scorpion, a dragon.

کج رأkaj-ra (ایray), Of crooked policy;

wrong-headed.

لجرينار kaj-raftār, کجر kaj-rav, Going awry; unprincipled; irregular.

kaj-rawī, A walking obliquely or کے روی awry; the want of principle, perverseness.

a کی طبع kaj-lab', Cross-tempered, crossgrained.

a کچ فعل kaj-fi'l, Acting crookedly, deceitful.

kaj-fohm, Misunderstanding, a قہم

perverting a meaning.

kajak, A hook used in driving elephants; an iron curved at one end; a rod having one end bent, from which are suspended balls of gold and silver for shooting at; a drum-stick; a black feather in a duck's tail, which couriers wear on their heads and women in their hair; a jar for keeping rose-water and dates in; a kind of shell from which a medicament for the eye is prepared; a snail; the gold or sable كبك border of a collar (otherwise called kabak or جهات گريبان jahaki yareban).

kajkajat, Name of a game called کجکجة

istu 'l-kalbat.

kaj-kulāh, A beau, (lit.) wearing کی کلاه the hat awry; a beloved object.

kajala, A magpie.

kaj-maj, Very much crooked; distorted; distorted speech or lauguage; a jargon; the babbling of a child; -kaj-maj raftan, To walk crookedly.

a عراع خو kaj-mizāj, Cross, peevish; stupid. a هامله لا kaj-mu'amala, Deceitful in

business transactions.

kajnāl, A small cannon carried on an elephant.

a کے نظر kaj-nazar, Envious, malignant looks.

کے تہاد kaj-nihād, Crooked-minded; crossgrained; ill-natured.

kajwāj, Crooked, bent, wry. H > kajūr, Zedoary, a Chinese root. kujūk, Sciatica or hip-gout. کے و میج kaj-u-maj, = کے و میج q.v.

kajūman, A kiud of nightshade. kajawa, A camel-litter for women.

kaja, A thing crooked at the extremity; a hook on which meat is hung.

kajī, Raw silk from the cones; crookedness, wryness, distortion; crossness.

kujirda, kujairda, A leader, head of a party, chief of a religious sect.

kajīm, Armour for man or horse ; şahīli asbi kajīm-poshīda. The neighing of a barbed war-horse.

kajīn, Made of raw silk; armour quilted with silk ;-kijīn, Flour and oil.

kuch, The scale of a fish.

kachālū, Name of an esculent root, Arum colocasia.

kichri, A kind of food made of rice, pulse, and butter (eaten in Hindustan).

kachak, Name of an animalcule which frets a leathern water-bottle.

kachkūl, A beggar's cup or bowl; a wallet.

kachal, One who has no hair, and is marked with wounds or scars; crooked, baudy-legged; -kachal, kuchal, An animalcule which eats holes in a leathern waterbottle.

ليه kuchula, Dogsbane; wolfsbane.

kachali, A disease incident to the heads of children and causing the hair to drop off; name of a village near Ispahan.

kachol, Motion of the hips in danc-

ing.

kacha, A ring without a bezel; the chin; a ladle; a hook on which meat is

kacha-bāzī, A game in which one کچه بازی player has to guess in which of the other's

hands a ring is hidden.

kacha gul kardan, To become کچهه کل کردن manifest (anything concealed, a phrase taken from the game mentioned in the preceding article).

kachīr, کچيرده kachīrda, kuchairda, A

leader, head, chief of a party.

A کے kuhh, True, aboriginal (Arabian).

kiḥāl, A species of antimony; a collyrium; small beads, or anything similar, used as amulets against the fascination of malignant eyes;—kaḥḥāl, An oculist; kaḥḥāli sharī'at, An epithet of Muhammad.

kaḥl (v.n.), Being barren (the year); afflicting and discressing people (a year of famine); anointing the eye with antimony; a barren year; dearth, scarcity; heaven, sky; -kuhl, Collyrium, antimony reduced to a fine powder, used for the eyes; accumulated wealth; a certain pot-herb; [kuḥlu 'l-jawāhir, Collyrium mixed with ground pearls (used medicinally); -- kuhlu

's-sūdān, A tree bearing black berries, which are excellent for the eyes; -kuhli khaulan, Juice of boxthorn; kuhli fars (fārsī), Sarcocolla, a Persian gum or balsam, used in dressing wounds;] - kahal (v.n.), Having black at the roots of the evelashes (naturally, without the use of paint); blackness of the eyes from using collyrium; -kahil, Anointed with antimony (eye).

a kuhla, Ox-tongue (a herb); melilot;

chickweed; wild mnstard.

a وان كحل kuḥl-dān, A box in which collyrium is kept (= سرمة دان q.v.).

a کملی kuḥlī, Of collyrium blackness. a کیلی پرند kuhli-parand, Darkness of

night.

a خرخ پرخ kuḥlī-charkh, The first heaven ; darkness of the sky; blackness of night.

a کملی kuhli-roz (مب shab), = کملی يرند a مين kuhailā, Ox-tongue (a herb).

كم kakh, Name of a city;—kakh, kikh, kukh, A mask, a deformed appearance, anything similar to frighten boys;—kikh, Tasteless, insipid; $-ku\underline{k}\underline{h}$, A reed of which mats are made; a worm.

لخته ku<u>kh</u>ta, A flame of fire.

kukhj, kukhch, Birch, broom. كم ولدة ka<u>kh</u>-zhanda, An evil spirit, a

demon.

kikhkikh, A word used in deterring children from doing anything; laughter; -ku<u>kh</u>ku<u>kh</u>, Coughing; heat, warmth.

لا لا kad, A house; beginning, first; (in Zand and Pazand) a person, somebody.

ه که kadd (v.n), Importuning, urging a request; making a signal with the finger, beckoning; plaguing, tormenting, troubling; trouble, labour, fatigue; diligence, endeavour; examination, search, inquiry; -kaddi farj, Meretricious work ;-kadd kardan, To search for anxiously; - kadd u kāwish, Search, inquiry, examination, application; -kaddi yamīn, Money gained by manual labour, &c. (= ליים (יש q.v., p. 523). א אוא kudād, Name of a celebrated stal-

lion-ass.

A کداس kidās (v.n. of کدس), Sneezing (an animal); - kudās, A heap of snow; the sneezing of an animal.

kudām, Which? whosoever; who? what? someone; (with a negative verb)

nobody.

kidāmī, A light rough stone of a كذامي dark green colour found on the sea-shore, and used by tinmen;— $kud\bar{a}m\bar{i}$, Who? what? which?

kudāmīn, Which of them?—bakudāmīn, What? whither?—dar kudāmīn, Where? in what place? in whom?

لدبا kadbā, (in Zand and Pāzand) A

كد بانو kad-bānū, A married woman, mistress of a family, lady, matron; the body; an iron instrument used by engravers, sealcutters, and painters.

کد بانوئی kad-bānū'ī, The state of being a

house-lady.

kadh (v.n.), Scratching (the face with the nails); combing; studying, giving attention, labouring; a scratch, a scar.

کد عدا kad-khudā, Master of a family; a bridegroom, married man; anyone looked up to with reverence and respect: a magistrate; a king; an alderman, a sheriff (m.c.); the soul; God.

لد عدائي kad-<u>kh</u>udā'ī, A family establishment, housekeeping; marriage; empire,

kingly power; a festival.

مدر ه kadr (v.n.), Pouring out (water) ; kadr, kadir, Muddy, turbid; -kadar (v.n.), Being troubled, turbid, muddy (water); being distracted, perplexed through misfortune; turbiduess, muddiness; trouble, affliction, agitation, perturbation, anxiety; melancholy; darkness, dimness; name of a fragrant tree; —sharābi kadar, A decoction gained from this tree, which is useful against leprosy and other diseases of the skin.

a کدر پذیر kadar-pazīr, Disturbed, afflicted. kudram, kudrum, A vegetable like

millet.

کدس ۸ kads (v.n.), Sneezing (beasts); going fast, hastening along, though laden heavily (camel) ;- kuds, A stack of unthrashed corn; a heap of snow.

kudist, A span. کدست

kadsh (v.n.), Scratching with the nails; labouring hard to gain a livelihood for one's family; receiving a present; driving (cattle) violently. كدنت kaduft, The skull.

a کدکده kadkada, The noise made by a hammer when striking a red-hot iron.

kadm (v.n.), Biting or seizing with the fore-teeth; taking anything with the lips (in the manner of an ass); marking with an iron instrument, making an impression; pursuing, hunting; searching, looking for; -kudam, A black locust with a green head.

with a girdle;—kadn, kidn, A cloth in which women wrap their feet when travelling in the camel-litter; a tanned skin used for braying drugs; — kadan (v.n.), Being black from eating viscous plants (a camel's lips); muddy, turbid; obscure;kadin, Corpulent.

kidin, A village in which near ten thousand people assemble on the day called

'āshūrā; a pathic, a catamite.

A کدنه kidnat, kidna, Flesh; fat; the hump of a camel.

kudanga, كدنگك kudanga, A fuller's beetle.

كدو kadū, kaddū, A gourd; a cup, a goblet; a cupping-glass; membrum virile.

لام, کد , kad-wāda, Foundation of a house. کدو با kadū-bā, Pumpkin-soup.

kudūḥ (pl. of kadh), Scratches, scars.

tadokh, A bath; a cup (unless the explanation As given by the Burhani Qati is to be read with other dictionaries مام, Raw, &c.).

kadūd, A well, the water of which

is difficult to draw.

كدو دانه kadū-dāna, Intestinal worms; a fatal disease, breaking out internally like seeds of gourds.

A کدور kudūr (v.n. of کدر), Being turbid,

muddy.

كدروة A كدروة kudūrat (v.n. of كدرو), Being turbid muddy, opaque; foulness, impurity of water; dimness of the eye; anguish, perturbation, oppression of spirits; resent-

لاوك kadūk, A mountain-pass (?).

kadū-kash, An instrument for cutting pumpkins.

كَدُو ليمه kadū-nīma, A half-gourd; a de-

كدرة kudūh, A tearing, wounding ; seizure. كدة kada, A habitation ; a tavern ; a vault, cavern, or cellar; a village; added to any word is a noun of place, as atish-kada, (place of fire) A temple of the Magi, &c.; -kuda, A scratch; the uvula; the wards of a key; the bolt or lock of a door; the wooden bar of a gate.

A کدید kadīd, An extensive tract of coun-

try; rough, rocky ground.

ياد kadī-zād, House-born (man or beast); the son of a man of distinction by a female slave.

كدين kudīn, كدين kudīna, A large beetle or wooden mallet used by bleachers.

kadewar, A landlord, master of a family; the head man of a village; a farmer, sower; a gardener; time; fortune; the world.

لديوري kadewari, Agriculture; horticulture.

A like $kaz\bar{a}$ (comp. of ω ka and ω $z\bar{a}$), Like this, thus, such, such like; this, that; some, such and such; -kazā wa kazā, So-

and-so; consequently; et cætera.

A کذاب kazzāb, A liar, an impostor; kizzāb (v.n. of كلب), Denying stoutly; being

incumbent;— $kuzz\bar{a}b$, A lie.

لا كذالك kazālika, Like that; likewise.

كلب ه kiżb, kazib (v.n.), Lying; being necessary to be done or observed (as pilgrimage, &c.); -kizb, A lie; $[kizb \ u \ ink\bar{a}r]$ kardan, To deny stoutly, to speak a deliberate falsehood;]-kuzb, A white speck on the nail; -kazib (v.n.), Delaying; false; a lie; -kuzub (pl. of kazub), kuzzab (pl. of kazib), Liars.

كر, kazar, A silly, stupid man.

لذوب 🛦 كذوب kazūb, A liar.

kar, Deaf; a snake not yielding to incantation; [kar kardan, To deafen, to stun;]-kur, Rice; name of two rivers, one in Shirwan, the other in Fars.

karr (v.n.), in P. mostly kar, Repeating, reiterating; attacking or renewing an attack; inclining to; intention, design, will; power, strength; a rope for climbing palm-trees; a hawser, cable, rope in general; karr u farr, Attack and retreat (Arab mode of fighting); coming and going; pomp and pride;]-karr, kurr, Sandy ground where water collects and filters itself clear; a well; a small cistern or reservoir (according to the Burhāni gāti' of three-and-a-half cubic spans of nine inches each);—kurr, A Babylonian dry measure of six ass-loads or sixty تغيز q.v., p. 982; an upper garment, a short cloak.

kirā, To whomsoever; to whom?

whom?

A کراه kirā', kirā (v.n. 3 of کراه), Hiring, renting; letting on hire; hire, rent; -kira'i chize na-kardan, Not to be worthy of a thing; -kirā kardan, To farm, rent, give or take upon hire.

a کرا بنده kirā-banda, Who supplies necessaries of life on hire; a rent-collector.

لرابيس ه karābīs (pl. of كرابيس kirbās,), Fine linens.

a کرابیسی karābīsī, Made of fine white

muslin; one who deals in fine linen.

A Starrat (pl. of karrat), Times, many times; [karrāt marrāt, Repeatedly;] -kurāt (pl. of kurat), Globes.

karās, A kind of large tree found كراك A growing in the mountains of Ta'if; -- kurras, karrās, A leek, purret.

کراج $kar\bar{a}j$, کراج و براج

t كراجي karājī, A hirer; a renter; a hireling.

karāchīdan, کراچیدن karāchīdan, To cluck (as a hen when she has laid an

karā<u>kh</u>, The clucking of a hen after

laying. karākhān, Name of the eldest son كراتعان of Afrāsyāb.

ا کار kurād, قام karāda, kurāda, An e د

A کرادید karādīd (pl. of kirdīdat), Dates remaining at the bottom of a bin or hamper.

لاديس ه karādis (pl. of kurdūsat), Herds

of horses; narrowness of steps.

kurārā, كرارا kurārā, The threshold of a door; a plot of ground with a raised

border prepared for sowing.

karār, A little bead, shell, or similar كرار object, used as a charm by Arabian women; -kirār (pl. of karr, kurr), Sandy places where water collects and filters; -karrār, Impetuous; an attacker, an assailant; one of the names given to 'Ali on account of his impetuosity.

karrāra, An old ragged garment.

karāz, The fever and heat which women in labour suffer;—kirāz, A wanton or proud air in walking; a harrow drawn over a field to make it even;—kurāz, The crop, gizzard.

الله خراز له karrāz, The ram on which the shepherd lays his wallet; a jug, narrow-necked gugglet; an earthen vessel without

handle; a small bottle or phial.

kirāzān, kurāzān, One who walks

pompously.

كرازيدن kirāzānīdan, kurāzānīdan, كرازائيدن kirāzīdan, kurāzīdan, To walk haughtily; to affect such a gait, or to wave from side to side with a coquettish air (a woman).

لارامن kurās, A wagtail;—kurrās, pl. of— كرامن kurrāsat, in P. kurāsa, A sheet of paper folded so as to form a tract or pamphlet consisting of several leaves; a fragment of the Qur'ān.

kirāstan, To incline; to surmise, to be of opinion. (Unsupported and doubt-

ful.)

a كراسي karāsī (pl. of kursī), Chairs. كراسيس krāsīs, Thanks (from L. gratias). كراشي karāsh, Distraction, perplexity; name of a reddish green bird.

karāsha, Form, habit. quality,

colour.

لاهيدن karāshīdan, To be disturbed in mind; to be spoiled; to be dispersed.

اهيده karāshīda, Distracted, insane; de-

stroyed; dispersed.

A کرامی kirâz (v.n. of کرف), Bringing forth before the time (a camel); casting forth seed from the womb (the same); preparing the cheese کریم q.v. below; the corrugations of the womb.

A E/3 kurā', The smaller part of a sheep's or cow's leg, the shin; the rocky projection of a mountain; a troop of horses; the side or extremity of anything; a word with which horses are called together.

kurāgh, Name of a herb used in set-

ting dislocated joints.

كراك karāk, A wagtail; a quail;—karāk, kurāk, A magpie.

کراکر karākar, kurākar, A crow, rook.

אלוי kirām (pl. of karīm), Generous, noble; mild, benign; eminent; [kirāmun kātibīn, The recording angels;]—kurrām, Extremely generous, very beneficent.

A كوأمان karāmāt (pl. of karāmat), Miracles, miraculous powers, &c. ;—arbābu 'l-karāmāt, Workers of miracles;—zā karāmāt, Endued with miraculous powers;—sāḥibu 'l-karāmāt, A worker of miracles. (See مَرابِعُ below.)

عراماتي ه karāmātī, Miraculous; marvel-

lous; wonder-working.

A مراح karāmat (v.n. of رحم), Being venerable, liberal, beneficent, precious, valuable, worthy, dignified; generosity, munificence, excellence; a form of address; a miracle performed by holy men (opp. to mu'jiza, A miracle wrought by God through his prophets in proof of their mission); the cover of a wine-jar; also of a well;—karāmat farmūdan (kardan), To grant, to bestow plentifully upon, to favour with.

a کرامند kirāmand, Noble, generous; pre-

cious, valuable.

kirāmī, Most noble, honourable, revered; precious;—kirāmī kardan, To honour.

کراحیهٔ م karāmīyat, Name of a sect which ascribes materialism to the Divinity.

a کوامیدی kirāmīdan, To honour, venerate. کوامیدی karān, A shore, coast, margin, bank, side, boundary; an end; retiring into solitude, courting privacy; [karān kardan, To shun;—karān giriftan, To retire into solitude;—bar karān az, Far from, distant from;—bar karān būdan az, To desert, to relinquish;]—kurān, A dun-coloured horse.

white kirān, A lute, harp; cymbals; (pl. of karīnat) female musicians);—karrān, Name of a quarter in Ispahān; also of a country near Tibet, and of a fort in Maghrib.

كرانة karāna, A margin, side, quarter, corner; solitude; a tip; a black bird slow

of flight.

کرانی karāne, One side, &c. (see کرانی); [az karāne būdan, To set aside, to relinquish, to desert;]—karānī, Inclosed in boundaries, circumscribed, defined.

کراوش kirosh, An oil-press. کراوش korāwiyā, Caraway-seeds.

karāh, A side; an end;—kurāh, Alike,

resembling; a wagtail.

A کره مراهد (v.n. of کره), Abhorring, loathing; aversion, horror, disgust, dislike; hard, rough, uneven ground;—karā-hat dāshtan, To abhor, abominate, hold in detestation.

ا كراهة karāhatan, P. كراهة, Unwillingly. كراهة karāhūn, Name of a champion.

A كراهي karāhiyat (v.n. of مراكة), Abhorring, detesting, disliking, disapproving; disgust, aversion.

a sylvarāya, A certain black bird slow of flight;—kirāya, Hire, price paid for labour, fare, rent;—kirāya'i fulān-chīz na-mīkunad, He is not worthy of such a thing; bakirāya dādan, To hire out, to let or farm to another;—ba-kirāya satāndan, To take on hire;—ba-kirāya giriftan, To hire, to borrow.

a کرایه دار kirāya-dār, A tenant, renter.

a کرایه دهنده kiraya-dihinda, Who lets on hire.

a كراية دهى kirāya-dihī, Hire, rent.

a کرایه زمین kirāya-zamīn, Ground-rent. a کرایه کشر kirāya-kash, One who draws rent.

a كراية المعة kirāya-nāma, Lease (of a house, &c.).

A wiskarb (v.n.), Pressing heavily, weighing down the spirits (grief); drawing tight (a fetter); ploughing; twisting a rope; being near setting (the sun), almost extinguished (fire); affliction, anguish, vexation;—kurb, Near; thereabout;—karab, The root of a palm-branch, or roots of such (sing and pl.).

کریاa = kurba کرہا q.v.

karbās, in A. kirbās, A white cotton garment; fine linen, muslin.

karbās-bāfī, A manufactory of

muslin; a cloth-mill (m.c.).

a خرباسه kirbāsa, Fine linen or cotton; a web; lint; a lizard.

a كرباسي kirbāsī, Belonging to cotton, cottony; muslin; a vendor of linen, a linen-draper.

kirbāl, A bow for separating

cotton.

كونال kurbāl, Name of a rice-district in Persia.

a ωψλ kurbān (for qurbān), A sacrifice, a ransom.

كربايس karbāyis, كربايس karbāyish, A venomous kind of lizard.

A hys kurbat, Affliction, mental anguish, distress;—karabat, karaba, A water-course through a valley; a socket of wood into which the head of the principal tent-pole is fixed.

A P אני kirbis, kurbus, A large cucumber. kurbas, A large venomous lizard.

لابسو karbasū, کربسو karbasa, A poisonous lizard.

کرېش karbash, A large and poisonous lizard.

كربش بايه karbash-pāya, Name of a plant found on the sea-shore.

المثر karbashū, A large and poisonous lizard.

karbasha, A lizard.

A say karbalā', Name of a place in Irāq, noted for the murder of Husain, son of Ali.

a کوهائی karbalā'ī, Of or relating to Karbalā; a kind of striped cloth or garment.

كربا kurpā, karpā, Trefoil (see كربا). kirpās, Fine linen; a shroud.

ريامو karpāsā, کريامو karpāshā, کريامو karpāshā, A sort of poisonous lizard.

karpāwān, A kind of trefoil. کرپاران

A 8,5 kurat, A globe, a sphere, ball; [kura'i āb, The water which surrounds the earth;—kura'i arz (khāk), The terrestrial globe;—kura'i lājaward (wahm-soz), The sky;—tukhmi kura, Tares, darnel;]—karrat, karra, Once, one time or turn; one

assault or attack; a retreat;—ba'ze karra (karrat), Several times;—sad karra (karrat), A hundred times;—har karra (karrat), Every time, as often as.

* karratan, Sometimes كرة مُ

kart, The fruit of a certain thorn.

کوت کوت ساختن kart-kart sākhtan, To lay out in beds (m.c.).

كرناخ kartā<u>kh</u>, An important affair pending.

kartāna, A roost for fowls. كرتانه

short tunic close to the body like a cuirass, with sleeves reaching to the elbows; feathers (of ostriches, cranes, or herons) which are worn in the head-dress; a species of sewing or embroidery; a thorny shrub.

kartala, A beardless and perverse كرتك

outh.

كارتنه kortana, A spider's web (see كارتنه and كرتينه).

kartūmā, Name of a Persian sage. فرق karta, A piece of ground in tilth or tillage; tilled ground, a tilth; tillage ground;—kirta, A camel-thistle or thorn; a kind of shrub of which brooms are made; [kirta'i dashtī, The bog-rush;]—kurta, A tunic, waistcoat, jacket; a long loose-skirted under-gown or shirt; a shirt.

kurtī, A waistcoat for women, a short bodice reaching to the hips, with very short, if any sleeves, open under the

throat; a soldier's jacket.

kartīna, A spider's web; the part in which the spider lays her eggs.

kars (v.n.), Oppressing, grieving,

afflicting.

\$\sim karj, A collar-button; a slit in a garment;

-kirj, kirij, A slice of a melon;
-

kirij, A piece cut out of the collar of a garment.

A z_i karaj (v.n.), Becoming stale and

mouldy (bread). مرجعو karjafū, A quail.

kurjan, Gristle.

رُمَى karajī, A little boat; a barge; a lighter;—karajī'i duwalī, A government boat (m.c.).

a کرجی kurrajī, A sodomite.

kirch, karach, A segment, cut, slice. kircha, Cotton, raw-silk put into an ink-holder; kurcha, A hut of boughs or reeds, whence husbandmen watch their fields or melon-grounds.

building; name of a place in Baghdād; karakh, Destitute of feeling, bereft of consciousness, insensible, paralysed, benumbed; a place in Turkistān.

karakht, Insensible, deprived of feeling; rigid; harsh, stern, austere.

كرعتكى karakhtagi, كرعتكى karakhti, Dryness; austerity; rigidity.

ارة خارز karkh-zarā, A pedestrian.

hkarkhī, A native or inhabitant of کرهی Karkh, surname of several celebrated men;

-karakhī, Dryness, austerity.

لود kard, He made; work, labour, employment; an action, good or bad; -kard, kird. The loppings of trees; -kurd, A sown field having a raised bank, border, or balk about it; land in tillage; a rice-ground; low land where water stagnates, a small lake, a ditch; a shepherd.

م کرد 🛦 kard (v.n.), Driving, repelling, pursuing (a foe); cutting, shaving; (from P. gardan) the neck or the root of it; -kurd, The Kurdish nation; part of a field; a

furrow.

اكردا kardā, Yesterday.

kardad, کرداده kardada, The erection کرداده

of a wall.

kirdar, Work, business, continued labour; employment in which a man is constantly engaged; profession, trade, art, occupation; effect; manner, conduct; action (good or had).

کردانیدن kardānīdan, To cause to do; to effect, render; to change from one state

to another.

kardar, Hillocky ground; hard کردر ground; a plain, valley, or pass between mountains.

.kurdistān, Kurdistān کردستان

kirdak, An enigma in prose or verse. kard-koh, Name of a mountain in Mazandaran, inhabited by a heretical sect. kirdigar, God the omnipotent; کردگار knowingly, wittingly, on purpose, expressly.

אַכא kardgar, Who works or operates; the agent; - kardgari nazdik, The near

or direct agent.

پردکاز kirdigāz, God the omnipotent; know-

ingly, designedly.

kardmand, Very quick, swift, ex-

peditious, brisk, hasty.

اری kardan (8. kri, inf. kartum), To do, make, perform ;- ismi ki dar-karda'i ko, Where is the name which you have made for yourself? (m.c.);—imtisāl kardan, To obey; —imhāl kardan, To delay;—āhangi gurez bar-kardan, To urge on a horse, &c. (see also e) p. 177);—bi-kun na-kuni, Do it or do it not (just as you like), please yourself (m.c.); -ba-ham bar-kardan, To destroy; to rouse to anger (see also איל הלניט);— tamām kardan, To complete;—judā kardan, To remove, alienate, separate; —dar āftāb kardan, To expose to the sun; -dar angusht kardan angushtar, To put a ring on the finger;—dar sindan kardan, To imprison; dar sigl ab kardan, To put water in a jug; -dar-kardan, To acquire, to win, to gain, to obtain; —dar (for ba-dar) kardan, To put out of doors; to take away from, to carry off, to withdraw (m.c.);durogh kardan, To lie, feign ;-dū tā kardan, To double ;- dür kardan, To remove, alienate, separate; -- roshan kardan, To illumine, to light up, to illustrate;—sar dar kardan, To save one's head, to free one's self, to escape (m.c.) ;-ran kardan, To take a wife, to marry; - shuru' kardan, To begin;shumār kardan, To number, reckon ;—fareb kardan, To deceive; -fasad kardan, To act like a villain; to commit adultery;—kārzār kardan, To make war ;-gosh kardan, To lend an ear, to listen.

kardangal. کردنگل , kardang کردنگ

cuckold; a silly fellow; deformed. كردبي kardani, Fit to be done, prac-

ticable; a worthy deed.

kardū, A branch lopped from a tree. kurdas, کردرسا kurdas کردرسا kurdas کردرس of horsemen; a large number of horses; the bones of a joint; any bone thickly covered with flesh; a limb.

کرده karda, Made; done, performed, executed, effected; what is done; who has done; a short spear; -- karda āmadan, To

become ;—khwai-karda, Sweating.

يدة عدة karda shuda added to substantives or adjectives forms a passive participle, as sikka karda shuda, Coined;muhāsara karda shuda, Besieged; -garm karda shuda, Heated, made hot.

يردة كار karda-kār, Experienced in busi-

ness.

-karda-nukhust, The first intel کردہ بخسب lect (= عقل أول aqli auwal q.v. under عقل أول). kurdī, A native of Kurdistan.

A کردیدهٔ kirdīdat, A hamper of dates;

dates left in a bin or hamper.

kardailin, A kind of pellitory, which کردیلن

is said to make cattle very prolific.

kardî murdî, کودی و مودی kardî murdî, کودی مودی kardî u murdî, You have done it and have died, i.e. if you do it, you will be a dead man (proverb used to indicate that an action will be followed by fatal consequences.

kurz, A field prepared for sowing, having a raised border, bank, or balk

round it.

kars (v.n.), Preaching (especially the Gospel) ;-kurz, A wallet; a portmanteau, saddle-bags; name of a man; -kurras, A worthless fellow; a miser; masterly, ingenious; a falcon tied up while moulting; or one entering on his second year; a hawk.

kirazat, kiraza (pl. of kurz), Wallete;

saddle-bags.

karzamān, Henven ; — karzamān, karazman, The ninth heaven, the throne of God; religious people.

karzan, A crown richly adorned with gold and jewels; an embroidered coronet;

a basket.

karza, An infant born without the organ of generation; -kurza, A field prepared for sowing, having a raised border, bank, or balk round it.

kurza māh, A species of sweet-

Boented grass and herb.

kirs, A heap of dung and of urine, consisting of different layers; the root or origin of anything; an adjoining house; a pigeon-house; (for kils) chalk, lime.

kurs, kuras, A lock of hair; a curl or ringlet of hair;—kuras, Dirt on the body;—kurus, Scurf, foulness of the skin,

dirt on the body.

لرسان karsān, An earthen or wooden vessel in which sweetmeats and the like are kept:—kirsān. An agriculturist.

kept;—kirsan, An agriculturist. karasb, Parsley; celery.

کرستوان karaslwān, کرستوان karastūn, A large public weighing-engine.

كرمى أوس Karastās, kiristās, (in the language of the Gospel) Christ.

karaef, Parsley.

كرك kursuf, Cotton, or anything similar, put in an inkholder; a menstruous cloth; a pessary.

karsanj, Cowardice, want of resolu-

tion.

لمين karsana, A kind of pulse; a bread-

basket; kiriena, A scab.

لرجع kursā', The wrist-bone, particularly the prominent bone near the little finger.

kursūf, Cotton put into an ink-

stand.

kurasa, Curly hair; filth, impurity.

a kursi, A throne, chair, seat, stool, bench (of a judge); an arm-chair (m.c.); a pulpit; the base of a pillar; a pedestal; a plinth; genealogy;—kursiyu 'l-mulk, The capital of the empire;—kursi'i paikān, A contrivance for fixing firmly the head of an arrow;—kursi'i khāk, The earth;—kursi'i khāt, Equality and elegance of haudwriting;—kursi'i zar (throne of gold), The sun; day; white hips;—kursi'i sharaf. The sign Aries;—kursi'i shash-gosha, The world;—ba-kursi nishāndan (to seat on the throne), (met.) To bring to perfection;—ba-kursi nishastan, (met.) To be perfect, in good order, accomplished.

kurusī-khāk, A hen that has كرسي ماك

done laying.

لَّرْسَى دار a لَوْسَى دار a kursī-dār, Seated, enthroned;—kursī-dāri majlisi jūr, (met.) The prophet Moses.

کرسدن karsidan, To deceive, to act meanly; to endeavour, strive, strain every nerve; to dispute, controvert; to shrivel, wrinkle, contract.

a کرسی نامه kursi-nāma, A genealogical

a کرسی لشین kursî-nishîn, Enthroned; established in office; settled in the mind, verified; entitled to the honour of a chair.

مره karsh, Scurf, dirt of the body;—

karsh, karash, Deceit, meanuess, baseness; —kirsh, Snoring; snow falling like rain; light reflected from a window or from a mountain (the latter two meanings unsupported by examples);—kurush, A hairline, cord.

A harsh (v.n.), Putting into the stomach or paunch;—kirsh, karish, The tripes of a beast chewing the cud; cud; children, family, domestics whom one maintains.

kirishta, Rubbish, chips. کرهته

karshaf, Cotton. کرهه

kirishma, A wink, nod, glance, looking languishingly through half-shut eyes, an amorous gesture or blandishment, coquetry; consenting, agreeing with a look of love or benignity; also refusing with an oblique or side glance; a phenomenon, a wonder, a miracle; a talisman, a charm; construed with afshāndan, khalīdan, zadan, kardan, &c., and composed with bās, pardāz, dān, rez, zār, sān, sanj, tirāz, nāk, &c.;—ba-yak kirishma dū kār, To kill two birds with one stone.

karehana, A species of pulse.

خورنى خورنى karshūnī, The Arabic language written in Syriac characters; any Syriac writing.

karsha, Deceit, flattery, pretended کرهه

submission ;-kurusha, A hair-line.

كرهمدن karshīdan, karashīdan, To deceive, defraud, act meanly;—kirshīdan, To go on badly, to fail, to miscarry (a business).

with the mouth (without using a vessel or hands); being slender (shank); having slender shanks;—kara' (v.n.), Being lustful, longing for a man (woman); rain-water standing, or collected in a cistern; slenderness of shank.

kuragh, A plant used to bind up a

dislocated shoulder.

harghast, A plant bearing a yellow flower with which cattle are fed; a kind of pot-herb eaten boiled.

karagha (probably for T. qārgha), A كرطة

crow, a rook.

خرت karf, kurf, Liquid pitch; a black stuff used by goldsmiths; burnt silver.

kirift, Dirt, soil, foulness; a man who does not purify himself after any uncleanly act, or take care to avoid pollution.

karfaj, A species of grass, broom, or heather, with which fires are lighted.

a کرفس karafs, A plant of which a salad is made, and the seeds of which are said to promote venery; parsley; [karafsi ṣaḥ-rā'ī, Wild parsley;]—karafsi kohi, Rock or mountain-parsley;]—kurfus, Cotton.

karfash, A species of poisonous lizard infesting houses. (Whoever destroys one of these reptiles is considered

entitled to a reward of seven maunds of wheat.)

kurfû, Corfu. كولو

لا لا kirfa, Virtue, merit.

kirfa-gar, Who performs a good کونه کر

action, virtuous, meritorious.

علم kark, A domestic fowl; a partridge; a crab; the pupil of the eye; the branch of a tree; a coat of mail; -karak, A kind of quail; the roof of a house; name of a town near Jerusalem.

kark, karak, Name of a place on کرك the confines of Arabia Petrea; -karik, Red.

ت کرک kurk, A pelisse, a fur coat.

karkās, A plant that grows among كركاس

corn; tares, darnel. کری karkām, Strength, ability; desire, will.

a کوکدن karkaddan (for P. کوکدن q.v.), A rhinoceros.

q.v., for which it کرکدی

is probably a misreading.

کرکر karkar, God; a powerful prince; a fir, pine-tree; -kirkir, A kind of bean or pea. karkaranak, Gristle or soft bone.

كركوك karkarak, A wagtail; a magpie; a

karkarûhan, A tonic electuary, کرکروهن composed of split cubebs, mace, sandal, spikenard, oak-apples, honey, and the seed called falanja.

a کرکرة karkara, Immoderate laughter.

لارهن karkarhin, Pellitory. karkari, kurkuri, Gristle, soft boue. karkuz, A directing-post; a roadguide.

karkafiz, A skimmer. کرکفیو

karkam, Saffron; a yellow dyeingroot; rainbow. لاكما karkamā, A wagtail.

kurkumān, The lot-tree. كركمان

karkamisa, Name of 2 fine, sweetsmelling flower, chiefly found on the mountain Alwand.

karkan, karkin, karkun, Wheat, barley, vetches, or beans, cooked when half ripe.

كور karkūz, A direction-post; a road-

guide.

karkawi, Name of a grandson of

Salm killed by Sam.

a کرکی kurkī, A sort of crane, whose brain and gall are supposed to possess

marvellous medicinal virtues.

karg (S. khadga), A rhinoceros;kurg, A hen which has done laying, and is inclined for the cock; a kind of down or fine wool combed from the roots of the long hair of a goat, of which shawls are manufactured; a nap upon badly-woven cloth, &c. :-kurag, A head rendered bald from a scald; the disease called the scald head.

و کاه kar-gāh, = کار کاه q.v. (unsupported

by examples).

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فكلا kargadan (S. khadga-dhenu), The rhinoceros; a huge kind of bird which pursues an elephant ten years old.

يركس karyas, A vulture; a sort of arrow ;--kargasi tarkash, Arrows left in the quiver;
-kargasi falak, The dog-star;-kargasāni falak, The constellations called nasri ţā'ir, The Eagle, and nasri waqi', The falling vulture, i.e. the Lyre.

kargasār, Name of a place and hero. کرگسی kargasī, The name of a vulture; kargast kardan, To imitate a vulture.

& & kar-gah (for kār-gāh), A weaver's loom or shop; the hollow in the ground in which a weaver's feet work.

-kur lāzhīslātīf, Corps legisla کر اوبسلانیف

tif (m.c. from Fr.).

karm, Any species of plant growing كرم by the water-side; -kirm (S. krimi), A worm; [kirmi aiyūb, The worm of Job, the silkworm;—kirmi ibrīshim (bādāma, pīla). The silkworm;—kirmi palās būdan, To te intent on fault-finding; -kirmi chiragh, A glow-worm; -kirmi safed-muhra, A shell of which bells are made; -kirmi shab-tab (shab-afroz), The glow-worm; -kirm kushtan, To satisfy one's desire (mostly in a lascivious sense); — kirm giriftan, To breed worms;]—kurm, Grief, sorrow, affliction, wound, hurt ;-karam, A cauliflower, cabbage.

karm (v.n.), Excelling in honour, nobility, generosity, munificence; a vine; a necklace, an ornament for the neck; [karmi dashti, Bryony;]-kurm, Generosity, nobility; - karam (v.n.), Being generous, liberal, honourable; noble, generous; generosity, nobility, grandeur, magnificence, clemency, courtesy, kindness, benevolence; high breed; [karam kardan ba, To be generous towards;]-kuram, Good, generous (lands).

kuramā' (pl. of karīm), Noble, generous.

kirmāsīs, Red flesh appearing كرماسيس

inside the human eye.

karmān, kirmān, Carmania, famous كرمان for steel; the capital of Carmania;kirmān, A castle; an emporium; (pl. of kirm) worms.

karmān-shāh, Name of a province كرمائشاة

in Persian Iraq.

kirmān-shahān, Name of a city.

kirmanī, Belonging to Karman; كرماني Carmanian, also Damascus steel; wormy, worm-like,

kirmānī-gandum, Vermicelli. كرماني كندم karmā'il, One of Zahhāk's cooks. a کرم پیشه karam-pesha, Munificent, liberal.

kirm-pīla, A silkworm. کرمیمله

kurmat, karamat, Liberality, generosity, magnificence; benignity.

kirm-khwurda, Worm-eaten.

kirm-dana, A species of mezereon; myrtle-seed.

a کرم هعار karam-shi'ār, Endowed with generosity, with every honourable quality.

karmak, A food prepared from pulse; -kirmak, A small worm; a fire-fly; a herb used for washing; an enigma.

a کرمکار karam-kār, Generous, gracious; merciful; benevolent.

كرم كلا karam-kallā, A cabbuge; a dwarf-

cabbage.

a کرم کن karam kun, Do (me) the favour. a کرمکنی karam-gustar, Gracious, dif-

A كومل kirmil, Carmel, in Palestine.

karmand, Quick, speedy, hasty, expeditious; haste, expedition; strong, power-

کر صوش kar-mosh, A deaf mouse; a mole; a musk-rat.

kur-mekh, A nail having a large broad head; a large-headed peg, pin, or stake. ون kuran, A dun-coloured horse; (for

کرون q.v.) a troop. کرنا karnā, The ass-mushroom or fungus; the red gooseberry (probably misreading for کریا; a trumpet (see کریا).

جراتك karnātak, The Carnatic.

kar-nāma, Example, model, exem-

karranāy, A kind of trumpet; the large brass trumpet which sounds in the

אני karaṃb (G. κράμβη), Cabbage; [karambi rūmī, A cauliflower;]—karnab, A species of poison for dogs.

kurnub, Beet ; a kind of beet. karambā, A dish prepared from cabbage; a carpet; -kurimba, Name of a carpenter's tool.

karantīna, Quarantine (m.c. from

It. through T.).

kiranj, karanj, A sort of date; poison; — karinj, kiranj, kurinj, Coriander-seed; — kurinj, Rice; black pepper; silver; a falcon, a hawk.

كريج مانة kurinj-khāna, A falconry, a house for hawks.

karanjū, The nightmare.

ين kurand, کرنده karinda, kuranda, A course for racing; a concourse or circle of men; a large circle formed by huntsmen; a grey colour in a horse; a dyer's vat; name of a river in Loristan; -kurund, karinda, kuranda, A sort of brush کرنده used by weavers in putting their size or glue on their yarn.

کرنگ kurang, A bay-horse; a place for exercising troops; a ring made by hunters or troops; name of a river in Loristan;kurung, A weaver's brush. (See کرند.)

كرنگاني karangānī, A species of grape. kurangah, A race-ground; a place for reviewing troops; a bay colour; a dyer's

vat; name of a river in Loristan; -kurun-

gah, A weaver's brush.

درنة karna, Name of a village in Badakhshan famous for its pears; (for H. karnā) name of a kind of citron; -kirna, A kind of thorn eaten by camels; a sort of snake; a tick, sheep-louse.

کربیا $urniy\bar{a}, = kurniy\bar{a}$ کرنیا q.v.

karū, That part of a spider's web in which it lays its eggs; -karv, kirav, A hollow tooth; broken, rugged; bitter lettuce, endive; - kirav, A small ship, boat; -kurū, Name of a kinsman of Afrāeiyāb (see گروی).

karwā, A joining, uniting.

karwān, Name of a plant of an exhilarating property; name of a bird of the partridge kind.

karwānak, A bustard, crane; the stone-curlew or bastard floriken.

A کروای karūbī, A cherub.

karrūbiyān (P. pl. of the preceding), Angelic ranks, cherubim.

kurūt, Fat. کروت

karautana, A spider. کروتنه

kurù<u>kh</u>, Name of a village in Khuräsān.

يريان kurūkhān, The brother of Pīrān, son of Wisa.

karūd, kurūd, A well so deep that it is with difficulty water can be drawn from it.

کرور $kur\bar{u}r$, A crore (in P. = 500,000); ba-rāyi dū kuror, For a million (m.c.).

kurūr (v.n. of كرور A كرور A كرور A attacking; returning, receding; showing kindness, inclining to; (pl. of karr) carpets to kneel upon at prayers.

kurūz, کروز kurūzh, Cheerfulness; song,

dance; sorrow, distress of mind.

kirwas, karwas, An enigma. a کروش kurüsh, Tripes.

A کرج kurū' (v.n. of کرع), Drinking with the mouth from a river, &c. (without using a vessel or hands).

a کو و فری karr-u-farri, kar-u-fari, Pomp and pride, dominion ;—kar-u-fari namūdan, To rule, to dominate (cf. karr u farr under A. کر).

لوكر karūkar, A name of God; a workman.

A אָנָים kurūm (pl. of karm), Vines. צינט kurwan, A dun-coloured horse.

ه karonda, A small acid fruit (Carissa carandas).

karūnīs, Name of an island in which Wamiq, the lover of 'Azra, lived.

karwa, A hollow or rotten tooth ;-kuroh, A road-measure of about two miles; the nest or roost of birds;—karawa, An

animal whose bite is said to be worse than that of a serpent.

a کردی kwrawi, Spherical, globular.

الم كروي زرة kurū'i zara, Name of a kinsman of Afrāsiyāb (see كرو).

a کرویا karwiyā, Caraway-seeds or plant. לכצן karwīz, karawīz, Speech, reason.

a کرويه karwiya, Caraway.

karh, Whatever one is compelled by another to do reluctantly; - karh, kurh (v.n.), Hating, abhorring, holding in abomination; aversion, detestation, abhorrence; trouble, molestation;—karh, karih, Detestable, abominable:—kurh, What one forces

one's self to do reluctantly.

کرة kara, Filth, dirt, nastiness; fresh butter; the skin of the hands or feet become hard and stiff from labour; a chamber in a place of repose for travellers, or a school; staleness, mustiness; mouldiness of bread or fruit; a bracelet of gold or silver; a clasp; a spider's web where she lays her eggs; a kind of thorn; name of a city; [kara bar-āwardan (bastan, giriftan), To contract mould, become mouldy, stale, or musty;]—kura, A cannon-ball; a globe; a thing spherical; a lock; a ward of a lock; a smith's forge; a colt; an element; [kura'i ab, The water which surrounds the globe; -kura'i aṣīr, The sky; -kura'i arz $(\underline{kh}\bar{a}k)$, The terrestrial globe;— $kura'i\ b\bar{a}d$, The region of wind; - kura'i lājuward (wahm-soz), The sky;]-kurra, The colt of a horse, camel, or ass (one or two years old); a girth, surcingle, belt; a whip; kurra'i āb, A wave; -kurra'i khār-dār, A particular kind of whip.

karhan, With difficulty, inconve-

لوة بستة kara-basta, Mouldy, musty. kurra-tāz, Who knows how to ride کرة تاز a young horse; a skilled horse-breaker.

يره تن kara-tan, A spider.

t کوه چی kara-chī, A small boat; a barge; a lighter (вее کرجی).

كرة دأن karadān, A place for rubbish.

kurrayarī, A strapping, a flogging. کرهای karhalī, Name of a fruit (Hibiscus Syriacus?).

کرہ نای karra-nay کرہ نای q.v.

كرى karī, Deafness; that part of the spider's web where she lays her eggs.

kwrrú, Once, one time; one attack. a کیاس kiryās, Court or levee of a prince; a privy on the roof of a house, having communication with a subterraneous passage.

kiryān, kuryān, Sacrifice, ransom كريان (see کربان) ;—kiryān (for A. karyān), Som-

nolent, sleepy.

کری بکوری (kari ba-kūrī "deafness together with blindness"?), Anything useless or valueless.

كريتونتن karītūnitan, (in Zand and Pāzand) To read.

karij, کریج kurich, A roof for protecting unthreshed corn from the rain; the moulting of bird's feathers;---karij, کرچه kurīja, کوین kwrīcha, A small house; a hut or cottage formed of wood, reeds, and straw on the side of a corn-field or melon-ground;

a box in a theatre (m.c.).

A کریز karir (v.n. of قریر), Returning, receding; rushing upon, attacking; showing kindness, inclining to; a rattling noise in the throat (from suffocation); hoarseness

(from dust); name of a river.

kurīr, An overseer, superintendent. کريز karīz, kurīz, The moulting of birds; a hut built of reeds; a corner; -kurīz, A falconry.

kurīza, A hut, hovel, shed; moult-

كريرى kurīzī, An old man bent with age and infirmities, and in a state of dotage; a falcon moulting in the desert; anything given to birds to make them shed their feathers.

کریس kirīs, Fraud, deceit; flattery.

kirīsa, Fraud, deceit.

kirīsīdan, To deceive, defraud,

kireshak, A warrior; a deep hollow place, a cavern; a chick, chicken.

kurīshang, A mountain ; a cavern. A کریس karīṣ (v.n. of کریس), Mixing soft cheese with dates or herbs; a cheese thus mixed; cheese.

كريخ kurīgh, Flight; moulting of birds. kureftan, To flee, escape, retreat.

karīm, Name of an ancestor of Rustam-Zal; name of a city in Karmania (see

(کریمان

karīm, Generous, munificent, liberal, کریم م magnificent, splendid, grand; benevolent, kind, courteous, gracious; merciful, for-giving; respectable, venerable, reverent; high-bred; a religious, God-fearing man; a male proper name; one of the names of God; - karīmu 'l-akhlāq ('sh-shān), Most generous and noble; - karīmu 'n-nafs, Noble-minded, of a generous soul;—allāh karim, God is bountiful, compassionate, merciful.

a کریما karīmā, O merciful (God)! کریمان karīmān, The great-great-grandfather of Rustam-Zal; a city in Karmania.

a کریمانه karīmāna, Generous; generously. karīmat, karīma (fem. of karīm), Noble, generous; a princess, lady; the

eye; the hand; a verse of the Qur'an (the word āyat being understood).
a کریمی karīmī, Liberality, bounty, bene-

ficence, grace, &c.

A کریمیه karīmīyat, Bountifulness.

كرينونتن karīnūnitan, (in Zand and Pāzand) To read.

karayūdūm, Perfidy, breach of faith.

karyūn, Centaury. کریون

karīh, کریه Detestable, abominable, offensive; a lion; - karihu 'sh-shakl, Of hideous aspect, deformed ;—karīhu 's-saut, Of a harsh, repellent voice; — karīhu 'lmanzar, Ugly in countenance.

a کریه منظر karih-manzar, Of revolting

aspect.

a کرئی kura'ī, Spherical, globular.

kaz, Raw silk; (for ki az) who or which from; that from; -kaz, kaz-a, Name of a country in India.

A کو kazz (v.n.), Contracting (one's steps). لامة kazāba, A camel-litter for women . (كنهاوة Bee)

الالا kazād, kizād, An old, worn-out gar-

كوار kuzār, A lancet.

kuzāgh, A herb used in bandaging كرأك dislocated joints.

كران $kaz\bar{a}n$, = كازآن $ki~az~\bar{a}n$, Who or which

from that, &c. (comp. زكز). (كز kazāngubīn, Honey (= انگبين q.v.).

لوارة kazāwa, A camel-litter for women.

kizāyish, kuzāyish, Fit, proper, suit-

able; a goad for driving cattle.

kazbā, A gooseberry or bastard corinth.

a کوبرة kuzbura, Coriander.

kazbūd, A chief, master of a family. لوية kazba, Dregs of oil and the like.

كرد kazd, The loppings of a tree.

كرديدن kazdīdan, To lop, clip, trim, polish.

کردن kuzardan, To seek for help or aid. كروا kuzra, Name of a sweet-scented grass; a watered field; irrigation.

كرطرخون kaztarkhūn, Pellitory; dracuncu-

lus.

لاغ kuzgh, kuzagh, A herb which is bandaged round dislocated bones; -kazagh, A kind of medicine.

kuzf, kazaf, kazif, Black stuff used by goldsmiths; pitch; silver burnt black.

کوك kazak, = کوك q.v. کوك kizlik, A knife, penknife, scraper, clasp-knife, razor; the curved point of a sword or dagger.

kazm, A herb growing on banks of

rivers.

kazm (v.n.), Breaking with the front teeth, and extracting the contents to eat them; -kazam, Shortness and thickness of lip (in a horse, &c.); shortness of nose or fingers; avarice; voraciousness; -kazim, A poltroon, a coward ;-kuzam, A nightingale; a young sparrow; a bird resembling a sparrow.

kizmāzak, The کرمازی kizmāzak, The berries of the tamarisk; the tamarisk.

دن kazan, A catamite; a village where many people meet on the day called ʻāshūrā.

کزنده kazinda, A teazel; a meshy sack. لزند karna, kizna, A rock-swallow, nettleseed.

kazangubīn, كرنگو kazangū, Honey (کزانگیین see).

kaznay, Wet, withered (plant in winter).

kazo (for ki az o), Who or which from that or him; that from it or him.

kazwā, A gooseberry or bastard currant.

kizwān, Mountain-balm. كروان

kazūgh, The vertebree in man or

kazūm, A camel toothless from old کروم A

كرين kazīn, (Made) of raw silk; (for ki az in,) who or which from this, &c. (see کران).

kazīn-farosh, A vendor of raw

kazh (see خ, after which also other compounds will be found), Crooked, curved, distorted; coarse silk of little value; [kash bākhtan. To cheat in a game, to play false; -kazh kardan, To crook, bend, twist;]---

kuzh, The root of a tree, خواه، kazhāba, A camel-litter in which Persian ladies travel; it may be covered or open at pleasure; the arched covering of

cradles.

kazhāta, Cod of the silkworm, cocoon

kazhār, A strip or piece of anything كزار torn off; -kuzhār, The crop of a bird.

kazhārīdan, To tear, tear în pieces. کواريدن -kazh-aghand كَوْ أَعْدِهُم , kazh-aghan كَوُ أَعْدِدُ -kazh-āgand كو أكندهل kazh-āgand كو اكند kazhdish, A kind of jerkin, of thick quilted cotton or silk, worn in battle instead of armour.

kazhāwa, A litter on a camel's back.

a ਦੀ ਅੰ kazh-biyān, Giving wrong or perverse explanations.

کو ہیں kazh-bīn, Squinting; malignant. لا بالا kazh-pā, Wry-footed, whose foot is distorted.

kash-tarāzū, Who gives false کو توازه weight.

ي ترعون kazh-tarkhūn, Pellitory; dracun-

kazh-chashm, Squint-eyed.

dūn, nīlūfarī), The sign Scorpio.

ي kazh-chashmī, Štrabismus, squint. كاطران غ kazh-<u>kh</u>ātirān, (pl.) Crossgrained.

a كز خوان kazh-khwān, Who reads wrongly. لا دست kazh-dast, One with a distorted hand.

ي كر دل kazh-dil, Ill-natured, perverse. يرم kazh-dum, A scorpion (crook-tail); the sign Scorpio; -hazhdumi bahri, Name of a dark-coloured fish of the sword-fish kind ;—kazhdumi ţāsi áb-gūn (falak, gar-

hazhdum-khwāra, Name of a کون م عوارة poisonous reptile found in Khūzistan.

kazh-dum-fasāy, Who heals by کړ دم فساي incantation one who is bitten by a scor-

کو دم کریده kazh-dum-gazīda, Bitten by a

scorpion.

kazhdumnāk, Abounding in scor-

kazhduma. A whitlow.

kazhraf, Name of a malodorous herb. لا رفتار kazh-roftar, Walking shamblingly, going awry, crooked, in-kneed.

ي رنگ kazh-rang, Whitish-coloured (a

horse).

kazh-zakhma, Who strikes the wrong note with the plectrum.

يْ طرخون kazh-tarkhūn, Pellitory; dracun-

culus.

لَوْعَا لَمْ kazhghā, الْمُعَادِ kazhghāv, The mountain ox of Tibet with a bushy tail; the

كرمان kazhghān, A cauldron, pot.

يُوك kuzhf, Burnt silver; pitch. kazhak, The iron hook or goad with which the motions of the elephant are regulated; a crooked stick attached to a tall post, and provided with balls of gold and silver as marks and prizes to archers; a crooked stick to strike kettle-drums; any kind of hook or crook; the wards of a lock; the feathers of a duck's tail with which women adorn their heads; an earthen jar in which rose-water and dates are kept.

kazhgā, کژگاد kazhgāv, The bushy-tailed کژگا cow of Tibet; the sea-ox; also his tail.

a وينانين kazhmāzūn, Name of a medicine. ي المجاه kazh-mizāj, Ill-tempered, crabbed ; perverse.

kazhmazh, Crooked, distorted.

kazhmazh-zabān, A child that cannot yet speak plain.

kazh-miyan, Crooked about the کو میان loins.

a کو نظر kazh-nazar, Sqnint-eved.

الإنكام Kazhna, A patch.

kazhūr, Zedoary, a Chinese root. kazhwand, The wards of a lock.

kazha, A hook or crook; an iron goad for elephants; a curved drum-stick; shambles; the uvula; the wards of a lock; a piece of wood so placed as to prevent a lock from above).

لائرى kazhī, Crookedness, curvature, obli-

quity.

kazhīgh, Flight, departure.

karhīm, كرين karhīm, A quilted jacket worr in battle; horse-armour.

kas, A man, person; one, anyone, someone (followed by a negative) nobody; intelligent, learned (persons); [kasi khāna, The master or mistress of a house; one whose lineage is known; a husband (a married woman being called <u>khāna</u>);—kas u nākas, Everybody, noble and plebeian; har kas, hama kas, Everybody, all the world;]-kus (whence A. kuss), Pudendum muliebre;—kusi kaftār, (met.) Compassion, benevolence, affection; love;—kusi gurba, A small shell used for change :- kus u kāsa dar tabaqi 'irz nihādan, (met.) To disgrace, to treat with ignominy; -kus u kun, Vulva et anus.

н کس kas, A beverage prepared from the bark of the Egyptian thorn and sugar.

لسا kasā, A sort of coarse woollen cloth. kasābi, A wolf ;—kassāb, (A man) who gains much.

kusāh, A disease incident to camels.

A کساد kasād (v.n. of کساد Not meeting with customers; dulness of market, unsaleableness, cheapness of merchandize, decline of trade;—kasād shudan. To become dull, &c.; -kasād kardan narkh, To lower the price or value, to depreciate.

a کسادی kasādī, Dulness of market, &c.

.(كسآد =)

كسار kusār, (in comp.) Drinking; suffering, undergoing, as:—mai-kusār, Drinking wine ;—gham-kusār, Experiencing sorrow.

kusār, Chips, fragments ;—kassār,

A breaker in pieces.

A فسارة kusārat, A fragment; a fraction. كساركن kusārdan, To eudure; to drink.

كسارندة kusāranda, A drinker; suffering. kasāsirat (pl. of kisrá), Chosroes, kings of Persia.

A کسانة kasāfat, Eclipse; obscuration; sediment.

A كسالة kasālat, kasāla, Heaviness, slowness, gravity; sickness, grief, affliction, distress; embarrassment.

كسان kasān (pl. of kas), Men, persons; people of distinction, somebodies; servants, attendants; [kasāni dīgar, Other persons; others;]—kisān (for کوسان kirsān, q.v.), An agriculturist.

كسانة kasāna, Human, like a man; hu-

manity.

a کسائی kisā'i, Name of an Arabian grammarian.

kasb (v.n.), Gaining, acquiring, earning; gain, acquisition, industry; art, trade, profession, handicraft; prostitution, harlotry; [kasbi fazā'il kardan, To acquire excellencies or accomplishments; - kasbi hawā, An airing, a walk for pleasure or recreation;] — $\bar{k}isb$, Gain, acquisition; kusb, Sediment after oil is extracted, mother of oil.

a کسبت kisbat, The case (or the bag) in which harbers or sargeons keep their instruments; a bit of leather worn by a waterman on his left hip, on which he rests the bag containing water.

a کسبت نامه kisbat-nāma, A book containing the histories of barbers or surgeons,

with directions for their practice. The bihishtis (water-carriers in India) have also such a book.

kusbar, An ivory bracelet.

kusbur, Pitch. کسبر

کسبره kusbara, Coriander (see کسبره).

a کسیند kus-band, A belt, A girth.

kasaba (pl. of kasib), Artisans, latradespeople (m.c.); — kusba, Sesame-grains remaining in the hair-cloth after the oil has been expressed, which they give to the poor, or as food to buffa-

a کسبی kasbī, An artisan, artificer, trader ; a prostitute.

a کسبی باز kasbī-bāz, A whoremonger.

a کسبی بازې kasbī-bāzī, Harlotry.

a كسبى عاله kasbī-<u>kh</u>āna, A house of illfame, a brothel.

kasparaj, A pearl.

kast, Shameful, dirty, base; a blueish gem with a tineture of red;—kist (for ki ast), Who is he?—kust, Cauliflower, cab-

kustaj, An armful (of palm-tree كستج ه

fibres).

kastar, A black-thorn. کستر

kastal, A beetle, tumble-dung.

كستن kustan, To pound; to seize; to put

on a girdle.

kusta, Pounded; rice that has been separated from the husk by pounding, but not cleared from the chaff; shepherdsstaff (a herb).

kustī, Wrestling; a belt worn by the Parsis and Brahmins; also by the

wrestlers of Khurāsān.

kustīj (from P. kustī), A girdle. kastīma, A thorny plant of which camels are fond.

د kustīn, A girdle. کستین

kash (v.n.). Sweeping (a house with a broom); brushing the ground (wind); weakness, impotence; - kasah (v.n.). Having a weakness or lameness in the hands or feet; -- kasih, One who does not give assistance when appealed to.

کسدا kasdā, Cassia of Arabia (see کسدا). ن کسیدا kusi dah san, A pimp; a

cuckold, a wittol.

لسر A کسر kasr (v.n.), Breaking; closing the wings (as a bird on alighting); marking a letter with kasrah (-i); a rupture, breach, rout; loss, damage; affliction, contrition; a fraction in arithmetic; (in India) an allowance upon the exchange of rupees; [kasri shān, A break-down in one's circumstances or position; kasri ghair wājīb, An improper fraction; - kasri murakkab, A mixed number;—kasri muzāf, A compound fraction; -kasri mufrad, A simple fraction; -kasri multaff, A complex fraction; -kasri nafs kardan, To mortify the flesh, to humble oneself; - kasri wājib, A proper fraction ;-kasr u ziyād, More or less];kasr, kisr, The lower flaps of a tent; a bone with little flesh on it; the bone of the forearm; -kasar, kasir, Trouble which one is unable to bear ;-kisar (pl. of kisrat), Fragments, broken pieces; -kusar, High and low lands, broken country.

لسرات kasarāt (pl. of kasrat), Breaches; losses.

a کسر ہیشی kasr-beshī, A fraction more or over.

kasrat, kasra, The vowel = i; one fracture affliction; flight, rout (of an enemy); -kisrat, A fragment, broken piece.

a کسروی kisrawī, کسروی kisrī, Royal.

A کسریل kasrá (pl. of kasīr), Broken ; kisrá (from P. khus-rav), Chosroes, Cyrus; an emperor of wide dominions; name given to Noshirwan the Just, or any of the kings of Persia.

kusistagī, kusista, =

q.v. گىستە ,كىستگى لسط له kust, Costus (a shrub).

kas' (v.n.), Striking one upon the buttocks with hand or foot; throwing cold water upon a camel's udder to make her retain or increase her milk; -kasa' (kas'?), Whiteness about the fetlocks of a horse; kusa' (kasa'?), Name of a tribal branch in

Yaman. kasf (v.n.), Cutting into pieces (cloth); houghing (a camel); causing (an eclipse); an eclipse; (in prosody) the substitution of a quiescent letter for a moved one, whereby, e.g. maf'ūlātu (— — —) becomes maf'ūlāt (---);—kisf, kisaf (pl. of kisfat), Segments, sections, parts.

kasak, A fricassee of meat; a magpie; a fragment of brick, or of a broken wall.

كس كباب kus-kabāb, A mode of pimping or pandering.

kus-kash, A pimp, contented کس کش cuckold.

T کسکن kaskan (?), A club, a mace.

a کسگر kasgar (for kāsa-gar), A plasterer ; a potter.

کسیځتن kusil, imp. of کسیځتن q.v.

kisl, A string hanging from a bow for beating cotton ;—kasal(v.n.), Being torpid, sluggish; laziness, indolence; cowardice; sickness; -- kasil, Lazy, slothful, indolent; languid, ailing; cowardly; -- kasil (kasal) shudan, To be tired, to feel languid (m.c.).

a کسلیدد kasalmand, Languid, sick, re-

laxed.

a كسلناك kasalnāk, Cowardly, lazy, sluggish.

kasm (v.n.), Crumbling (anything dry); labouring for the sustenance of one's family; kindling (the flame of war).

kasma, A ringlet of hair parted to

hang over the cheek; an artificial or false lock of hair; a sort of cake;—kasma shikastan, To curl the hair.

kasnāj, Endive, succory.

کسندر kasandar, kusundar, Mean worthless.

kienak, A grain used to fatten cattle.

ديران (۲), (in the dialect of Shīrāz) A kind of poisonous wild paraley (= كبيكج

kasnī, kisnī, Succory ; [kasnī'i talkh,

Wild succory;]—kisnī, Assafætida.

kiswat, kuswat, A robe, habit, dress, apparel; figure, form, manner; a mode of dressing;—kiswat burīdan, To cut out a garment;—kiswati jān kardan, To impart life; to invest with a property; to attribute a special quality;—kiswati kāfūrī, (dress of camphor) Snow covering the face of the ground.

a أرا م kiswat-ārā, Adorned with

(rich) apparel.

a كسُونگرى kiswat-garī, Clothing; (met.) translation;—kiswat-garī kardan, To translate.

كسود kiswad, Harshness, unkind behayiour.

kasūr, Large-humped (camel); or one which draws his tail down after cocking it; uneven ground;—kusūr (v.n. of kasr), Clapping the wings when alighting or pouncing (a bird); (in P.) preserving, keeping; (pl. of kasr) lower parts of tents; portions of the body, or the members; sides of houses; (pl. of kasrat) fractures, chinks, breaches; fractional parts, fractions; [kusūri a'shāriya, Decimal fractions;—kusūri 'ām, Common fractions;] (pl. of kisra) Cæsars, emperors.

kusūf (v.n. of کسون), Being obscured, eclipsed; sad (circumstances of a man); an eclipse (especially of the sun, that of the moon more properly being called عسون q.v. p. 461); (pl. of kisfat)

parts, segments, sections.

كس و كوى kas-u-kūy, Who has a family and friends;—bī-kasukūy, Friendless, deserted

كسون kasūn, Name of a Magian philosopher.

kaswa, Name of a village in Syria.

kasa, Facility, ease.

kasī, Personality, individuality, identity;—kase, One, someone, anyone, a certain person; a man of mark or distinction;—kase az bahri kas khwud-rā na-kushta ast, Nobody kills himself for another's sake;—kase chand, Some persons;—kase dānad ki ushtar mī-charànad, (met.) The state of affairs is known only by him who suffers from it; each one knows best how the world deals with him, or where the shoe pinches;—kase na-goyad

dūghi man tursh-ast, (met.) Nobody depreciates his own belongings.

kusá (pl. of kuswat, kiswat), Clothes,

garments.

A كسيح kasih, kusaih, Infirm in hands or feet, lame, unable to move from place to place; impotent.

kusīkhtan, Inaccurate reading for

q.v. below.

أكسيدا kasīdā, Cassia of Arabia.

كسير A كسير kasīr, Broken; routed; broken down, poor, needy;—kusair, Name of a mountain at the farthest point of the sea of 'Umān.

n کسیرو kaserū, The root of Cyperus tuberosus.

a کسيرة kusaira, A small piece of bread.

كسيس kasīs, A kind of drug which gives a lustre to steel; wine; wine from dates or millet.

A کسیس kasīs, Date-wine; meat dried upon heated stones, reduced to powder, and carried as travelling provision; pemmican; broken bread.

A كسيف kasīf, Thick, gross, impure; bad, wretched;—kasīfu'l-auqāt, Bad or miserable in circumstances.

a کسیفه kasifa, Dregs, dross, scoria.

كسيقون kasīqūn, A kind of wild lily.

كسيل kusel, A betrothing; the prosecution of a journey; a driving away, dismissal.

kasīlā, Cassia of Arabia. کسیلا لامدائه kasaila, A sort of cassia.

kash, The arm-pit, or that part of the side under it (as scrvants carry their master's clothes under the arm); the groin; a corner, angle; the breast; the planet Saturn; a running sore in the foot of a camel, for which they cauterize the feet of healthy camels, to prevent the contagion from spreading; a mode of putting the hands to the sides as a mark of respect; empty; good; beautiful; name of a city in Turkistan; (imp. of kashidan in comp.) drawing, pulling, carrying, bearing, who draws, a drawer, drainer (such compounds will be found in their alphabetical order); [kashi rān, The groin; -kash zadan, To drink; to perform a certain trick in wrestling;]-kish, A line drawn through a word to erase it; (for ki-ash = ki o-rā) who to him, &c.;—kish, kish-kish, A word announcing the approach of a king or great man, that the bystanders may keep silence and behave with propriety; it is used likewise at chess when the king receives a check; also in driving fowls; -- kush, A male; (imp. of kushtan in comp.) a killer, who kills, slays, murders, oppresses, as azhdahā-kush, A dragon-killer;—zabūnkush, The oppressor of the distressed or weak; - safrā-kush, The bile-killer, i.e. breakfast; - 'ālam-kush, Destroying the

world, killing whom he will; - khishmi 'ālam-kush, Fury, universally destructive.

kushā (from kushādan), Drawing;—kushā (from kushādan), An opener; one who opens, solves, loses, reveals, displays; who makes cheerful; who besieges, who conquers;—dil-kushā, Heart-expanding, exhilarating;—kishwar-kushā, Conquering provinces.

A کشاع kishāḥ (v.n. 3 of کشاع), Harbouring a secret grudge (against another); a mark branded on the sides of animals.

كشاعل $kush\bar{a}\underline{k}\underline{h}al$, A grain for making bread.

shad, He opened, displayed, uncovered; he exhilarated; he seized; an opening, uncovering; disclosure, revelation; cheerfulness; expansion; a siege; the shooting of an arrow; a move at chess; open, wide;—khātir-kushād, Cheerfulness of mind, lightness of heart.

kushādagī, An opening, an aperture; openness, expansion; joy, cheerfulness, openness of heart; siege or taking of a town; an area, court; an interstice, interval, space between two things;—dar kushādagī, Openly, in face of day.

bushādan, To open, disclose, detect, discover, explain, expose (merchandise for sale); to take (a town), to subdue; to laugh; to polish; to shoot an arrow; to move at chess.

كشاد نامة kushād-nāma, A royal diploma, privilege, or license; a bill of divorce.

kushāda, Opened, discovered, uncovered, expanded, detected, revealed, explained, displayed (goods for sale), diffused, stretched; wide, ample, extensive; taken (castle), subjected; glad, cheerful, rejoiced, jovial, happy, frank; serene, clear; who opens;—kushāda u bāz, Open and thrown back (as a door), displayed;—bāzāri kushāda, An open market;—rangi kushāda, An open, i.e. clear colour.

kushāda-abrū, With wide eyebrows, not joined at the nose; of an open countenance.

کشاده جبین , kushāda-peshānī کشاده جبین kushāda-jabīn, کشاده جناح kushāda-janāḥ, Having the casements or shutters open (window); of an open countenance, having a broad forebead.

دست لا kushāda-dast, Open-handed, liberal, generous.

کشاده دل kushāda-dil, Open-hearted, frank;

liberal, generous.

كشادة دلى kushāda-dilī, Openness of heart, cheerfulness, hilarity; liberality, generosity. والمادة دهاي kushāda-dahān, Open-mouthed.

ر (kushāda-rav, Straddling (horse) ; -kushāda-rū, Of an open, serene counte-

nance. کشاده kushāda-rawī, Straddling gait

(of a horse, &c.); — kushāda-rūy, Of an open, serene countenance.

kushāda-rā'ī, Openness of countenance, serenity, brightness of face.

کشاده سخن kushāda-sukhun, Plain-spoken; distinct, perspicuous, clear.

کشاده کشاده کشاده کشاده کشاده کشاده کشاده kushāda-kushāda, Wide apart, apart, aloof, asunder, separately; clearly, distinctly, plainly.

kushāda-mashrab, Open by

nature, candid, sincere; jovial.

A کشف kishāf (v.n. of کشف , Taking the male (a camel) followed by her foal, and thus breeding two years consecutively; being with foal (the same);—kashshāf, A detector, discoverer, looser, solver, explainer; title of Zamakhshārī's celebrated commentary on the Qur'ān;—kashshāfi mushkilāt, A solver of difficulties;—sharhi kashshāf, A lucid explanation.

kashāk, Mind, thought, reflection;

the suffixed pronouns.

كشاكش kash-ā-kash, Attraction, allurement; taking, fetching; distraction; orders issued in continued succession; commands and probibitions; perplexity; contention, tumult; war, battle; deep sorrow, intenso sadness; pleasant and unpleasant.

کشاکشی داهتن kashākashā dāshtan, To allure, to attract, to coquet with, &c. (see

the preceding article).

A كشاصرة kashāmirat (pl. of kishmīrī), Natives of Kashmīr.

وياخ kashān (part. of kashīdan), Drawing, attracting; drawn, carried; a single-posted tent; (for kāshān) name of a country; (pl. of kash) drawing, as:—durdī-kashān (dregdrawers), Wine-drinkers, or such as drain the bowl;—kushān (part. of kushtan), Killing.

كفان كفان بر كشان بر كشان بر كشان بر كشان بر كشان بر كشان بر كشان بر كشان kashān-kashān, Attracting violently; dragging along; alluring, ravishing; walking laisurely (200 ما ١٠٠٠)

leisurely (see کشکشان).

الفک kashānī, A single-posted tent;

name of a country; native or inhabitant of that country.

at country.

kaehānādan, To cause to draw. کشانیدن

کشاورز kashāwarz, A husbandman, cultivator; a cultivated field; a sowing; seed-time.

لاهل لاهلي kashāwarzī, Cultivation, ploughing, farming;—kashāwarzī namūdan, To practise agriculture, to cultivate.

كشاياليدن kushāyānīdan, To cause to

орен.

كشايش kushāyish, Aperture, opening, unloosing; clearness, serenity; cheerfulness, hilarity, gaiety;— kushāyishi roza, The breaking of a fast, breakfast.

kushāyanda, An opener. کشاینده

kasht, A herb, red, and resembling a thread, which creeps twiningly along the ground; very dry and friable; salt, salsu-

ginous; ugly, deformed; -kisht, Seed: a sown field; tillage; the hypochondria, the body between the haunches and short ribs: check at chess; [kishti kārīda, A sown field :- kisht kardan, To sow, to till the ground; to offer check to the king;khudawandi kisht, A husbandman ; -kusht, He killed; killing; the back, belly, waist,

kisht-āb, Seed sown during the rains.

kushtar, Slain in sacrifice : slaughtered; a sacrifice; -kushtar kardan, To

kashtav, Compassion, sympathy. kishtawar, A husbandman.

kishiban, A husbandman, a sower.

kushtara, A carpenter's axe.

kisht-zār, A field sown and beginning to look green; ripe corn; a seminary; -kisht-zari dev, The devil's seed-field, i.e. the world.

kushtak, A beetle. کثتك

kisht-kär. A sower, husbandman, کشتکار agriculturist; a sown field; -kisht-kāri jahan, The world.

kisht-kāri, Tillage, husbandry. کشتگاری kushtagān (pl. of kushta), The slain :- kushtagāni zinda (slain one's alive),

Martyrs. د: kushtagī, Murder, slaughter کشتگی kushtagi dar rāhi khudā, Martyrdom.

kushti-gir (for kushti-gir), wrestler.

kishtmand, A cul- کشتمان kishtmand, A tivated field.

kishtan (S. kṛish), To till, sow ; to reap, mow; -kushtan, To kill, murder; to slay, sacrifice; to be killed, &c. to beat, bruise; to extinguish (a fire or candle); to

dilute (wine); to melt (metals).
عند kushtan-gah, The time or place

of slaughter.

kushlanī, Fit to be killed either كشنىي for food or sacrifice, destined for slaughter; -kushtani shudan, To be fit for the butcher.

kashtü, Half-ripe grapes.

kusht-u-khun, Slaughter, car- کشت و عون nage.

کشت ورزي kisht-warzī, Agriculture. کشت ورزي kashtūk, A tortoise.

kisht-u-kār, Tilling and sowing, کشت و کار

agriculture.

کشده kashta, Squint-eyed; an aromatic compound (= كشته q.v. below);-kishta, Tilled, sown; seed; seed-time; an applepippin; dried fruit; -kushta, Killed, murdered, sacrificed; (met.) a lover; molten; extinguished; one who has killed, a killer; -kushta shudan, To be killed.

-بيماب kushta-sīmāb, Quicksilver re کشته سیماب duced to ashes; quicksilver as used for coating looking-glasses (see simabi kushta under + \(\dots \).

kashti, in India kishti, A boat, ship, کشتی vessel, bark; construed with the verbs uftādan, afyandan, andā<u>kh</u>tan, bīrūn āwardan (burdan), randan, shikastan, kashidan, . guzāshtan, guzarāndan, nishastan, &o.; o. tray; a beggar's plate; a drinking vessel in the form of a ship; -kashti'i bāda, A drinking cup in shape of a ship ;--kushti'i bādī, A sailing-vessel (m.c.); — kashti'i bu<u>kh</u>ār, A steam-boat (m.c.) ;—kashti'i tijāratī, A merchant-man (m.c.); — kashtī'i jangī, A man of war (m.c.); — kashtī'i <u>kh</u>ud-rā daryā'i karda, kashti'i|daryā <u>kh</u>mānda, One who is in his proper element;kashti'i daryā-fishān, A wine-cup ;—kashti'i daryūza, A beggar's plate or bowl ;—kashti'i rawanda'i subh. A camel :- kashti'i zar. The golden skiff, i.e. the new moon; the sun; a drinking-vessel in the form of a ship;kashti'i suwari, A yacht (m.c.);-kashti'i gham, The vessel of sorrow, i.e. the world; -kashti'i guzāra, A ferry-boat;— kashti'i langar-gir, A ship at anchor ;-kashti'i nüh, Noah's ark; — kashti ba-khushk basta-ast, The ship is badly built ;—kashlī ba-khushkī randan (kashidan). To bring the ship on dry ground;-kashti ba-sāhil zadan, To drive the ship ashore; -kashti shudan, To swim; —dûd kashti (smoke-ship), A steamer;] -kushtī, Fighting; wrestling; a belt, a girdle; -kushti pak shawad, The wrestlingmatch is terminated ;—kushtī pāk kardan. To terminate a match; - kushti kardan (giriftan), To wrestle, fight, struggle, contend;—kushtī girih shawad, The wrestling match remains undecided, is drawn.

kashtiban, The captain or commander of a ship; a pilot; a sailor.

لانى بالى kan'tibāni, Seamanship.

kushti-jay, An arena for wrestlers.

kashti-sāz, A ship-builder, shipwright.

kashti-saz-khana, A dook- كشتى ساز عاله yard (m.c.).

. kashtī-sāzī, Ship-building كَشْتَى سَازِي kashti-suwar, Embarked in a vessel;-kashtī-suwār shudan, To go on board ship, to embark.

کشتی هکسته kashlī-shikasla, Shipwrecked. کشتی همار kashlī-shumār, A mariner. کشتی همار kashlī-kash, A pilot; a wine-

bibber,

kashtī-gāh, An arsenal; sea-port; کشتی کاة an anchorage;— $kusht\bar{\imath}$ - $g\bar{a}h$, Λ place where wrestlers exercise their atrength, a gymnasium.

kashtigar, A sbip-builder. کشتی کر kushti-gir, A wreatler. کشنی گیر کشتی کیری kushti-giri, Wrestling. کشتی کیری kashti-māl, A tax levied on

boats.

كشتى نشون kashti-nishin, Seamen; on ship-board.

kashh (v.n.), Burning or cauterizing under the short ribs; clapping the tail between the legs (quadrupeds); having sexual intercourse; bearing a grudge or private hatred; scattering, dispersing; the side, short ribs, hypochondria, waist; a kind of shell; [kashhi muhhassar, A slender waist;]—kashah, Pleurisy; a disease in the side requiring cautery.

kashakh, A line on which grapes are

suspended in order to dry.

a كشخان kashkhān, A pimp, a wittol (see

kushkhar, A climate.

كشخرما kush-khurmā, A male palm-tree. كشخراكك kashdānag, Smoke; rust, rustiness; squalor of the body. (Doubtful word).

kashr (v.u.), Displaying the teeth in laughter or otherwise; a smile; certus quidam coeundi modus; — kashar (v.u.), Fleeing, running away; dry bread; a bunch or cluster whose grapes have been eaten off.

kishrat, A display of the teeth in

laughter or otherwise.

کش رفتار kash-raftar, An elegant walker. کشنده kushsa, A written document, particularly in Arabic, Persian, or Hindi.

kashish, A drawing; attraction, allurement; blandishments, coquetry, amorous playfulness; a wink, nod, glance; a walking with a graceful air; travelling night and day; curve or sweep (of a letter in writing); lingering, delay; trial, difficulty, pressure; discord, difference, misunderstanding;—kushish, Killing, slaughter; sacrifice;—kushish kardan, To fight, to try to kill; to slaughter.

kasht (v.n.), Removing from its place, taking off (a cover or horse-cloth); flaying; denuding, stripping; lifting a

curtain.

A LASH (v.n.), Opening, manifesting, revealing, declaring, solving explaining; denuding, exposing to shame; manifestation, disclosure; revelation, inspiration, apocalypse; [kashft rāz kardan, To disclose a secret;—sāhibi kashf, Inspired; ecstatic;]—kashaf (v.n.), Being put to flight, routed; curling of the hair; twisting of a horse's tail.

kashaf, A tortoise; the sign Cancer; a large vessel for cooling liquors;—kushf, Burnt silver; pitch; a black substance used by goldsmiths.

kashoft, kushuft; He dissolved, scattered; separated, scattered;—kushift, A

Jew's synagogue.

kashaftan, kushuftan, To open; to cleave; to dissolve, scatter, disperse, separate; to wither, decay, perish; to disappear.

auti kashafta, kushufta, Dispersed, dissipated, scattered, dissolved; annihilated, consumed.

3) All kashaf-rūd, Name of a certain river.

a کشفی kashfī, Disclosed, revealed, manifest.

kashk. Sour milk dried; a sort of condiment made of butter-milk; a kind of thick pottage made of wheaten flour or barley-meal with sheep's milk, to which is added flesh or wheat; barley; barley-water;—kashak, A magpie; a line, stripe; [kashakha'i partat, Rays of light;]—kushk, An upper chamber, gallery, or balcony on the top of a house; a hall, parlour.

لمناف kashk, Barley-broth; barley. كشكاد kashkāb, Barley-water; a ptisan. كشكاد kashkāv, Food; barley-broth. لمناف لاعتاد kashk-bā, A kind of milk-diet

dressed in Muharram.

T كشكوي باهى kashakchi bāshī, A watchman, guard; a porter.

kashkashān, Travelling gently,

walking leisurely.

كنكك kashkak, Barley or wheat (especially boiled whole with meat till it has become soft).

کشکول kashkul کشکل q.v.

as worn by running footmen; a buskin.

kashkanjir, A column with a pulley on the summit, over which a rope is passed having a bag of sand fastened to its end (chiefly used by archers as a trial of strength); a sling;—kushkanjir, A stone slung from a balista; a cannon-ball; a cannon.

مشكده kashkina, Barley-bread; bread made of wheat, barley, beans, and vetches; fried wheat, which, with onions, beet, and purslain-seed, is steeped in fish-jelly and dried in the sun.

کشکر kashkū, Barley-broth; a magpie. کشکول kashkūl, A beggar; a goblet; a beggar's cup, generally made in the form of a boat, a beggar's wallet.

of a boat, a beggar's wallet. ما کشکول ساز kashkūl-sāz, A maker of kash-

kashkin, کشکین kashkina, Brend made of barley, millet, beans, and lentils; wheat soaked in sour milk and dried in the sun; wheat softened by boiling.

خص کفتار kash-guflar, An elegant speaker. کشم ه kashm, An amputation of the nose; the hunting-leopard;— kasham, A bodily defect; a flaw in one's pedigree; loss, deficiency.

kishman, A field ploughed and sown.

kishmar, Name of a village in Khurāsān, where one of Zoroaster's two cypresses formerly grew; name of a cypress planted by Zoroaster; name of a village in Turkistān.

a کشمش kishmish, Dried grapes, corinths, or currants; a species of small grape without stones; raisins; the Armenian apricot with a bitter kernel; name of a celebrated rope-dancer or juggler.

a کشمشی kishmishi, Raisin-coloured; like

a raisin.

kash-ma-kash, Pulling different ways; orders issued successively; sorrow, distress; commands and prohibitions; pleasing and displeasing; want, distress; — kush-ma-kush, Fear, terror; the noise of combatants (crying, kill! do not kill! &c.).

kishmand, A sown field (see

(کشتمند)

مُشعور kashmūr, Name of a desert; name of a place in the desert of Mūr.

کشمیده kashmīda, A line drawn over writing to erase it; a line; anything written.

المعادد kashmīr, Cashmere.

a کشمیری kashmīrī, A Cashmerian, a native of Cashmere.

كشبيه kashmaihan, Name of a place. كشفه kashan, kashn, kashin, Large, copious, ample, much, numerous;—kishn, A lip

(doubtful word). ه کشنج kashnaj, A species of fungus. پر جمع (a.v. کشنجیر q.v.

kushandagi, Slaughter.

كشندة kushand, They kill; = كشندة kush-

anda, q.v.

کشنده kashanda, A drawer, attracter;—kushinda, kushanda, A killer; fatal, mortal. کشندی kishnak, A kind of black-coloured vetch of a fattening quality, which, when deprived of its husk, is given to cattle.

kashang, A large melon or gourd flat like a plate; fibres of the palm-tree; a rope made of palm-tree fibres, used by

weavers.

كشنه kashna, A fungus resembling an egg; a plant resembling a fungus; a sort of medicinal plant; coriander; thirsty; facility;—kashna, kushna, kashana, kushana, Pease, pulse, a vetch.

كشنى kashnī, Squint-eyed (unsupported by examples);—kashnī, kishnī, A thick forest, a wood, wilderness;—kishnī, A vetch, pea;—kushnī, A goat.

kishnīj, Coriander; name of a blue flower;—kishnīji dashtī, Mountain-balm.

kishnīz, Coriander. کشنیر

kashav, kashau. A tortoise; the sign Cancer; name of a plant from which ropes are made.

kishwād, Name of a champion in

the army of Minuchihr.

كشوبا kashūbā, (in Zand and Pāzand) A bow.

يش دا كش وا كش وا كش وا كش وا كش وا كش و.v. A كشوف kushūg, Dodder;—kushūgi rūmī, Grecian wormwood, species of southern-

wood.

kashūh, Name of one of the seven swords brought by Bilqis to Solomon;— kushūh (pl. of kashh), Hypochondria, sides; waists.

كشود kashwad, The basest profligacy; kushūd, Openness, expansion; opened, expanded; open; (for A. kushūs) dodder.

ين kushūdan, To open.

كَشُودَة kushūda, Opened; open;—kushūda shudan, To be opened.

kushūda-shikam, Loose in the

belly.

by a furrow"), A climate, country, quarter, or region of the world, as divided into seven climates, each of which is supposed to be more immediately dependent on one of the planets; thus, the first climate, i.e. Hindūstān, is assigned to the planet Saturn; the second, i.e. China and Khotā, to Jupiter; the third, i.e. Turkistān, to Mars; the fourth, i.e. Irāq and Khurāsān, to the sun; the fifth, i.e. Transoxania, to Venus; the sixth, i.e. Greece, or the Turkish empire (Rūm), to Mercury; and the seventh, i.e. the hyperborean regions, to the moon.

kishwar-ārāy, Empire-adorning. کَشُور آرای kishwar-<u>kh</u>udā, کَشُور خدا kish-war-khudāy. A king paramount sovereign.

war-khudāy, A king, paramount sovereign. کشور خدای kishwar-khudā'ī, Sovereignty. کشور خدیو kishwar-khidev, A king, sovereign.

reign. کشور داری kishwar-dārī, Sovereignty. کشور داری kishwar-kushā, A conqueror. کشور کشا kishwarz, Great; a great man.

لفورزيان kishwarziyān, Grandees, nobles. كشورزيان kishwar-satān, كشور كشاى kishwar-kushā, كشور كيا kishwar-gūr, A conqueror of kingdoms or countries.

-kishwar-sitānī, کشور کشاگی kishwar-sitānī کشور ستانی war-kushā'î, کشور گیری kishwar-gīrī, Con-

quest of provinces.

A كشوف kashūf, A camel having colts two following years; a camel covered although in foal;—kushūf (v.n. of كشف), Scattering, dispersing; dispersion.

كَمُونتنَ kushūftan, To open; to cleave, to be burst opeu; to scatter, to dissolve; to wither, to dry; to vanish, to disappear, to

become invisible.

kashūnā, (in ancient Persian) A

above). کشوبا

sais kasha, A mendicant, poor man; a girth, surcingle, or other fastening for saddles or loads; ease;—kisha, French lavender; a line drawn to erase writing;—kisha, kusha, A line in general, whether drawn on paper, on a wall, or on the ground;—kisha kardan, To erase;—kash-

كشى kashī, Health, happiness, goodness; drawing; bearing, enduring (in comp.);kushī, Killing, slaying (in comp.).

كشيخان kashīkhān, A cuckold, a wittol.

لشيخاني kashī<u>kh</u>ānī, Cuckoldom.

kashīd (contracted inf. of kashīdan), Dragging, drawing, &c. (see کشیدی).

کشیدگی kashīdagī, Stretch ; displeasure. kashidan, To draw, extract, attract, کشیدن protract, extend, prolong; to draw lines, delineate, paint; to exhaust, draw out; to bring, bear, carry; to bring before, present; to withdraw, remove; to conquer; to support, suffer, endure, put up with; to experience; to lead, induce; to bind; to see ;- atish kashīdan, To light a fire ;- anjuman kashīdan, To gather together an assembly; -andar kashidan, To empty a cup; to efface, to erase; to give back; to desist; to omit (see also اندر کشیدن);— āwāz kashīdan, To extend the voice; bār-gāh kashīdan, To pitch a tent; - bāz kashīdan, To withdraw; -bāzār kashīdan, To set up a market, to fit out a shop (see also under (אָנוֹיִי, :—ba-āhan kashīdan, To fetter, to put in chains; -bad-gumānī kashīdan, To slander, to cast suspicion upon;bar dar kashidan, To hang on a gibbet ;-bazm kashīdan, To set out a feast or banquet; -bi-kash, Take it! catch hold of it! (m.c.);—parda kashīdan, To draw a veil over; to remove a veil;—takht kashīdan, To erect a throne;—tir kashidan, To shoot an arrow; to be hit by an arrow;—tegh kashīdan, To draw the sword (see also under تيغ ;—jāma dar khūn kashidan, To stain the garment with blood; -jama dar nīl kashīdan, To dye the garment blue;chādir dar sar kashīdan, 'To cover one's head with a veil; -chih kashīd, Where will matters come to? what will happen? (see also under); -hisār kashīdan, To erect a fortress or castle; — hikāyat kashidan, To draw out a tale; to be lengthy (a narrative, &c.); — khat kashidan dar, To erase, to destroy; to renounce (see also under = ;-khwud-rā (khwudī) kashīdan, To retire, to withdraw (m.c.);—khaima kashīdan, To pitch a tent ;-dar bar kashīdan, To put on (a garment); — dar-ham kashīdan, To contract, draw together, wrinkle, shrivel; dast kashidan, To withdraw the hand from, to give over, to abandon (m.c.); --dair kashidan, To build a convent, &c.; -raqum kashīdan, To write; -rūy kashīdan, To knit the brows, disdain, turn away the face;—zaḥmat kashīdan, To take pains, to give one's self the trouble (m.c.); —zanq kashidan, To become rusty; zahr kashīdan, To drink poison;—shādurwān kashīdan, To spread an awning; -sharm kashidan az, To be ashamed of, &c.;—sham-

sher kashīdan, To draw a sword; -saff kashidan, To draw up the battle-line; -surat kashīdan, To draw a picture; to paint;— tughrā kashīdan, To draw the royal signmanual;—tināb kashīdan, To fasten a rope, &c.; - 'aqab kashidan, To recede, move back, retrogade (m.c.); -'iqdi gauhar bagosh kashidan, To put on ear-rings or pendants; — 'imārī kashīdan, To fasten a litter; — farsh kashīdan, To spread a carpet, &c.;—qadd kashīdan, To draw one's figure up (see also under ند) ;—qīma kashīdan, To hash meat in a particular manner; -kabāb kashīdan. To eat roast meat (see also under کباب; -- kurra kashidan, To drop a colt; — kashtī kashīdan, To drive a ship; — kamar kashīdan, To fasten or tighten a girdle, &c.; -gurusnagi hashidan, To suffer hunger; —nāzi kase kashīdan, To bear up with one's arrogance, &c.; -nesh kashidan, To extract a sting, &c.

kashīda, Drawn; extended, lengthened; long; shrivelled, wrinkled (face); disturbed in mind, stupefied, thunderstruck; weighed; one who has suffered or felt; sullen, supercilious; a kind of needlework; a clenched fist ready to strike a blow; high, tall; -kashīda shudan, To be drawn, extended; —alam kashīda, Afflicted, pained, distressed;—zari kashīda, Goldthread; --sīmi kashīda, Silver-thread.

kashidani, Fit to be drawn, &c. يرة ابرو kashīda-abrū, One who has distant or long eye-brows.

kashīda-bālā, Tall of stature. کشیده بالا a کشیده عاطر kashida-khātir, Displeased. kashīda-dozī, A kind of embroidery.

يدة رو kashīda-rū, Long or wrinkledfaced.

کشیده ریش kashīda-rīsh, Long-bearded. a کشیده زهار kashida-zahār, Long-necked

(a borse). a عنده قامت , kashīda-qad (qadd) کشیده قد kashīda-qāmat, Tall of stature.

a كشيدة عقل kashida-aql, A fool. kashīdagar, An embroiderer. کشیده گر kashish, A priest, presbyter. کشیش

A کشیش *kashīsh* (v.n. of کشیش), Making a noise (a serpent's skin in motion, q.v., p. 909, being the noise produced by the animal itself); first brayings of a young camel.

kashīshī, A monastic life, priest-

t کشیك kishīk, A guards-man, a guard ; kishik būdan, To be on guard; to be in attendance; to accompany.

kishīkchī, A sentiuel.

tishīk-khāna, A guard-house. کشیك خانه ا kishīk-nawīs, A clerk of the کشیك نویس guard.

a کمنیثون kaṣnīṣūn, The wild egg-plant.

kaşīr, Short, dwarfish.

لكم kaṣṣṣ (v.n. of كُم), Having a shrill, small voice; tremor, trembling; twisting, writhing, contracting oneself, shrinking with fear or fatigue; thunder; terror.

A W hazz (v.n.), Oppressing, indisposing (too much meat); perplexing, overwhelming one (business); overwhelmed with business.

A bles kazāz, ābles kazāzat (v.n. of b), Burdening, oppressing, vexing, harassing; —kizāz (v.n. 3 of b), Involving oneself in difficulties; difficulty, trouble, labour; enmity, hatred.

where the feathers are placed; also the sinew with which they are bound; the ring where the chains meet which support the scales of a balance; a well in communication with another well.

A كظر kagr (v.n.), Notching the horn of a bow to receive the string;—kizr, A nerve twisted about the notch of an arrow;—kuzr, The middle of the collar-bone.

A منام kazm (v.n.), Restraining (anger); shutting (a door); damming up (a watercourse);—kazam, The mouth; the throat.

A معرفة kazām, An animal that does not chew the cud;—kuzām (v.n. of كام المعرفة), Abstaining from chewing the cud (camels); keeping silence.

hazīm, Who checks his rage, restrains his passion; afflicted, sorrowful; a lock, bolt, bar.

A $\lambda i^i \bar{a} m$ (v.n. 3 of $\lambda i^i \bar{a} m$), Muzzling (a camel); a camel's muzzle; (pl. of $\lambda i^i m$) sheaths; repositories for arms.

ha ba'b (v.n.), Filling (a vessel); being round and plump (a girl's breast); the ankle-bone, ankle; the heel; the top of the foot, the instep; a die for playing; a cube; nobility, grandeur, ancestral glory; name of the fathers of two tribes (ka'b bin rabi'ah and ka'b bin kilāb); [ka'bi piyāla, The bottom or base of a cup;—ka'bi gurg, A shell which a messenger or express ties to his foot, in the belief that, llowever much he runs "like a wolf" (see 35° below), he will never get tired;]—ku'b, The breast; (pl. of ka'b) dice.

A ka'bat, ka'ba, A die or play-bone; any square building; the sanctuary of Mecca (more fully ka'batu'llāh); [ka'ba'i iqbāl, The place to which one looks for happiness;—ka'ba'i jāhān-gard (rah-rav, muḥrimnishān), The sun;]—ku'bat, Virginity.

A کعبتون ka'batain (obliq. du. of ka'bat used as nom.), Two dice; two throws in the game nard; the two temples, Mecca and Jerusalem;— ka'bataini khasam bāz mālīdan, (met.) To thwart an enemy's de-

signs, to vanquish him, to get the better of him;—ka'botaini qalb, The two ventricles of the heart.

a محمده ka'bada (for ka'b-kada), The site of the temple of Mecca; a theatre, or any place for public spectacles.

a محمد ka ba, The square temple at Mecca (see: کعبده).

a منه دو ka'ba-jo, and--

a کعبه رو ka'ba-rav, ka'ba-rau, A visitor to the Ka'aba.

A کعت ka't, Short-bodied (man).

A $ka^{i}k$ (for P. $k\bar{a}k$), Biscuit, cake without milk or butter in it.

A کعوب $ku^*\bar{u}b$ (v.n. of خعوب), Having swelling breasts (a girl); filling a vessel so that the contents assume a convex surface; (pl. of ka^*b) aukle-bones; heels; cubes.

A کعیت ku'ait, The nightingale.

مال*ه kog<u>h</u>āla*, A seed whence oil is drawn.

black tincture with which the eyebrows of a bride are dyed; purslain; (imp. of kafidan) cleave thou; (for A. kaff see next article) the palm of the hand; the sole of the foot; [kafi ābgīna, The scum or dross which floats on the surface of glass when in fusion;—kafi daryā, Froth of the sea; scuttle-bone; —kaf zadan, To foam, to froth;—kafi safed, Snow (see also مراة على المعالى ا

kaff (v.n.), in P. mostly kaf, Prohibiting, restraining, averting; abstaining, refraining, containing oneself; hemming a garment; being holden or covered (the eye so that it cannot see); the dropping of the seventh letter of the scheme of a metrical foot when quiescent, changing fā'ilātun (---) into fā'ilātu (----), aud mafā'īlu (-----) into mafā'īlu $(\smile ---\smile)$, in other words the shortening of the last syllable of the foot; the band; the palm of the band; a handful; the foot of a quadruped having toes;kafi asad, Name of a herb; -kafi afsos, The hand (wrong in token) of distress; keft baizā, The white (i.e. miracle-working) hand (of Moses); -kafi pā, Sole of the below ;—kafi كف بائي below ;—kafi chanar, Leaf of the plane-tree; -kafi dast, Palm of the hand;—kafi zib, Name of a plant;—kaf raftan, To steal, to take feloniously;—kaf zadan, To beat time;—kafi

dyisha (maryam), Name of the root of a plant; - kaf ghuncha kardan, To clench the fist; -kafi marjan, A coral-branch; -kafi mūsá, The (wonder-working) hand of Moses (Exod. iv. 6);—ba-kaf āwardan, To seize, grasp, clutch; to make public; -dar kaf āmadan, To come to hand or into possession; -- 'ilmi kaf, Chiromaney, palmistry.

A last kaf' (v.n.), Turning back (anything);—kif', The bed of a river;—kafa', Recompense, requital; resemblance; -kifa' (v.n. 3 of ملا), Being equal, alike, resembling; rewarding, requiting, recompensing;

power; (pl. of kafi) equals.

کفا kafā, kifā, Adversity, straits, difficulty; affliction, sickness, disease; strangulation.

A كفائع kufat, in P. كفائع (pl. of $k\bar{a}fi$), Those who perform their duties efficiently, capable

کمار ه $kaff\bar{a}r$, Ungrateful;— $kuff\bar{a}r$ (pl. of kāfir), Infidels, unbelievers, pagans, idolaters ;-kuffāri tīra-rozgār, Wicked infidels ; -kuffāri khāksār, Grovelling pagans;kuffāri doza<u>kh</u>-qarār, Infernal unbelievers.

kaffārat, kaffāra, Penitence, penance, atonement (by alms, fasting, &c.); construed with dashtan, shikastan, kardan, &c.; -kaffārati zunāb, Expiation of sins.

kafāf, Sufficiency, competency, enough (to keep one from begging); pittance, daily bread; alike, resembling, equal to; [kafāfi nafe, Snfficient for the sustenance of life; -wajhi kafāf, A sufficient quantity;]-kifāf, The external part of the ear; edge, hem; (pl. of kiffat), scales of a balance; (pl. of kuffat), hems, borders.

A كفالة kafālat (v.n. of كفل), Becoming snrety, giving bail; security, bail, responsibility; a pledge, pawn; -kafālatu 'l-māl, Pecuniary bail; kafālat bi 'n-nafs, Personal security; -kafālati jahāz, Bottomry.

a كفالت نامه kafālat-nāma, A bail-bond. كفائع kajāna, An abortion, castling.

كفانيدن kafanidan, To cleave lengthwise;

to cut or split open.

A كفاية kifāyat, kifāya (v.n. of كفى), Being sufficient, sufficing; a sufficiency, a supply adequate to wants; ability, capacity, being equal to a task competency; gain advantage; a surplus, savings; economy, thrift; -kifayat shudan, To be sufficient; to be saved, spared; to be accomplished; to be successful; — kifayat kardan. To suffice. serve, do; to accomplish; render accomplished, prosperous, or successful; -kifāyat kard (mi-kunad), That is sufficient (m.c.).

a كفايت معار kifāyat-shi'ār, Economical, thrifty; distinguished by ability or prudence.

a كفايت معارى kafāyat-shi'ārī, Economy, thriftiness, frugality.

a كفايتى kifāyatī, Abundance, plenty, sufficiency, adequacy; thrifty; cheap, purchased for less than its value.

a كف پائى kaf-pā'i (kafi pā'i), The bastinado; -- kaf-pa'ī khwurdan. To receive the bastinado; _kaf-pā'ī zadan, To inflict the bastinado.

A Las kiffat, kaffat, The basin or scale of a balance; -kiffat, Anything circular or spherical; the rim (of a drum); the gum, especially the lower part of it; a ditch, a pool; -kuffat, Hem (of a garment); border, list, edge; a crowd (of people), those next to one; the net of a hunter or fowler.

کفت kaft, He burst, he split; he dug; split, cleft; a bursting, splitting, rupture; -kift, The shoulder; -kuft, A rupture; a fissure; a breaking, pounding in pieces; a

sprain, a bruise.

kaftā, Broken, burst.

کفتار kaftār, A hyena; (met.) a despoiler of the dead.

kaftar, A pigeon. کفتر

kaftarī, A weaver's comb.

kaftagī, A split, crack, rent;—kuf-

tagī, A sprain, a bruise.

کفتن kaftan, To split; to be divided or split;—kuftan, To beat, bruise, smite; to pound; to sprain.

kaftur, Perseverance in any under-

taking, patience in affliction.

**Autority and the state of the state vided; bipartite; -kufta, Sprained; braised.

kafta-sum, Cloven-hoofed (opp. کفته سم

to nā kafta-sum, Solid-hoofed).

لمجول kafjūl, A chopping-black.

kafch, A skimmer; froth, scum; scap-suds; spittle; a curl; the hood of a snake.

بيا يا kafchālez, = بياجيخ q.v.

کفیک kafchak, A skimmer; saddle-flaps. kafchal, Crupper, haunches of a horse,

يوش يوش kafchal-posh, Rich housings. kafchalez, A ladle full of holes for كفيدليو taking rice out of a pot, a skimmer; the dog-fish; a tadpole.

kafchalczak, A little skimmer ; a کفیلیوك tadpole; a small crocodile; a red-tailed

lizard.

لا المجالية kafchaleza, A small skimmer; a

tadpole.

kafchūk, كنجوك kafchūl, A saddlepillow or cushion; a level, bare, desert plain.

kafcha, A ladle, spatula, spoon ; a skimmer; a curl, a ringlet; a kind of serpent; the hood of a snake; an open jacket. کهچه نول kafcha-nol, Spoonbill (a bird).

A کفح kafh (v.n.), Revealing, uncovering ; looking straight into, or speaking to, one's face; kissing; striking with a stick; checking a horse;—kafah (v.n.), Being timid, pusillanimous, cowardly.

kaf-dārī, Play, trick, sport. کف داری

kaf-dast, The palm of the hand (see kafi dast under کنا);—kaf-dast bar ham sudan, To wring the hands; to rub

the palms.

kafr (v.n.), Covering, hiding, concealing, enveloping; relapsing into infidelity; unbelief, impiety; a large pitcher (?); -kifr, Darkness of the night; -kufr (v.n.), Being unbelieving, impious, ungrateful; blasphemy, incredulity, impiety; infidelity, unbelief, ingratitude; pitch; [kufr giriftan, To blaspheme; -kufri nafsi-hi, Self-denial; -kafar, An eagle; the spathe of a palmflower; a high mountain; -kufur (pl. of kafūr), Infidels; ungrateful (persons).

المرا كمرة kufrā, Blossoms of the date-tree; kufrā, the envelope of the

flowers of the female palm-tree.

كفران م kufran (v.n. of كفران), Being ungrateful to one's Divine Benefactor; ingratitude; unbelief; -kufrāni ni mat, thankfulness for benefits received.

a كفررتان kufr-zār, كفرستان kufristān, Abound-

ing in ungratefulness or impiety.

a کفر طاب kafr-tab, Name of a town between Ma'ra and Aleppo.

a كار لانا kafr-lāṣā, Name of a village a day's journey distant from Aleppo.

a که گوی kufr-goy (gūy), A blasphemer. a کارگری kufrī, Infidel, pagan; an unbeliever, an idolater, &c.; -kufarrá, The envelope of the flowers of the palm-tree.

لف سفيد kaf-safed, (white-hand) Liberal.

و كقشك kafasg, = كقشك q.v.

kaf-sang, (a hand-stone) A stone کف سنگ held in the hand with which anything is brayed upon a slab; a muller; a stone for

cracking nuts.

kafsh, A shoe, sandal, slipper, highheeled and shod with iron; -kafsh az pā afgandan (bīrūn kardan), To take off one's shoes;—kafshi āhū, The hoof of a deer, &c.; -kafsh tā ba-tā shudan, The shoe of one foot to be interchanged with that of the other foot; -kafeh tā batā kardan, To interchange the shoes in this manner; -kafsh pāra kardan, To tear one's shoes; (met.) to busy oneself in a matter; -kafsh poshidan, To put on one's shoes; -kafsh pīshi pā'i o na-mī tawānad guzāsht, He is no match for a thing, he is incapable of doing it (phrase used by women) ;-kafsh pīshi pā'i kase quzāshtan (āwardan, nihādan), To place the shoes before one, in order to put them on (the business of a servant);—kafshi jasta, A high-heeled shoe; -kafsh khwāstan, (to ask for one's shoes) To set out on a journey; -kafsh darīdan, To tear one's shoes; (met) to busy oneself in a matter; kafsh-rā az pāy ba-pāyi dīgar dādan, To interchange the shoe of one foot with that of the other; -kafsh nihādan (to lay by one's shoes), To give over travelling, to remain at home; -kafsh u moza ma-khwāh (do not ask for shoes and gaiters). Renounce travelling, stay at home!—pā tū'i kafshi dīgar kardan, To put on another man's shoes, i.e. to poach on his preserves (m.c.).

kafsh-ban, Who takes care of كفش بان

the shoes, &c.

kafsh-posh, (met.) A cheat, a کفش پوش cunning or artful person.

کفش بان kafsh-dar کفش کفش دار q.v.kafsh-doz, A shoemaker. کفش دوز

کفش $kafsh-rub\bar{a}$, A robber of shoes,

kafsh-kan, A place where the slippers are pulled off.

kafshakī, Name of a wrestling-

kafashg, Husks, bran, chaff (also used in Turkish along with the synonym ليك kapak "bran," whose outline, read kupuk, means "scum." This leads me to believe that both the Persian and the in which ركفك Turkish terms are akin to q.v. above might be considered as an intermediate form).

kafshgar, Dealer in shoes; a shoe-

maker.

kafshan, A desert; also ground كفشن which has formerly been cultivated.

kafshīr, Solder; borax; lead, tin, pewter; -kafshīr kardan, To solder; -kafshīr giriftan (pazīruftan), To be soldered, closed up, united; to heal.

علات kafk, Froth, scum; soap-suds; spittle; -kafk bar āwardan, To cast up

scum; to froth, foam.

a كفك kafak (dim. of كف), The part of hand or foot that is stained by way of

كفك النكن kafk-afgan, Throwing up foam. ير kafk-gīr, كفك كير kaf-gīr, A skimmer, spoon, ladle, generally perforated like a colander.

kafqūg, An old hat, &c.

له كفل kaft (v.n.), Fasting continually; being security for another; -kift, Alike, equal; a part, portion; the cloth covering a camel's hump, on which the rider sits; one who sits badly on a mount; -kafal, The buttocks, the rump, the haunches; crupper (of a horse); in P. a kind of cloth used instead of a saddle;—kuffal, Sureties, bondsmen; persons who fast continually.

A کفاله $kufal\bar{a}'$ (pl. of $kaf\bar{u}l$), Securities, bails, &c. (see کفیل).

a کفل پوش kafal-posh, A borse-cloth. a کفلکله kafal-gāh, The hips, buttocks. يزه kafleza, A ladle, skimmer ; كفليزه

a colander, strainer.

A کفن kafn (v.n. of کفن), Spinning; burying bread in the ashes (to bake); wrapping (a corpse) in a winding-sheet; - kafan, Grave-cloth, a winding-sheet, a shroud;kafan bar chob kardan, To demand justice,

to claim one's right; -kafan bar dosh afgand, He excused himself, he apologized; -kafan bar gardan, With a winding-sheet round one's neck; -kafan pāra kardan, To escape from a great calamity, to recover from severe illness; -kafan u tegh ba-dast girifta amadan, To crave forgiveness from a monarch (not from an ordinary person).

a کفن درد kafan-āhanj (also کفن آهنج kafanduzd), A stripper or plunderer of the dead.

a كفن آهنجي kafan-āhanjī, A stripping of the dead;—kafan-āhanjī kardan, To plunder or strip the dead of their grave-clothes.

kafanj, A fish which stimulates to

a عنى كان kafan-duzd. A despoiler of the

a کفن دوز kafan-doz, Who sews a shroud. a كفني kafnī, kafanī, A dress worn by fakira.

kafu', Like, equal; of the same tribe or class; tribe, caste, family; brother-

کور ۸ kafūr, Unthankful; impious, an infidel; -- kufūr (v.n. of كفر), Being impious, ungrateful to one's divine benefactor; impiety, infidelity.

kafūf, (A camel) whose teeth are worn to the stump with age; -kufuf (v.n. of كف), Having teeth worn out with age (camel); (pl. of kaff), palms (of hands); hands.

kaffa, kafa, A heap of corn in a barn winnowed; ears of wheat or barley not threshed or trodden out; a piece of cloth, &c., steeped in the juice of poppy and twisted into a bundle with others; smuggling (esp. of opium); the tray of a pair of scales; a tambour de basque; name of a

لفي A كفي kufá, Like, equal; (pl. of kufyat) sufficiencies; victuals, livelihoods; -kafiy,

kafī, Sufficient.

kafyār, Laborious, painstaking in

praiseworthy deeds.

لفيح A كفيح kafīḥ, Alike, equal, resembling; a husband; a bed-fellow; an unexpected

كفيدن kafīdan, To burst, crack, break; to

foam.

لامِدة kafīda, Burst, broken, cracked,

کمیده دل kafīda-dil, Heart-broken.

kafīz, A measure containing about 64 lbs. in weight (cf. تفير p. 982).

🛦 کفیل kafil, A security, surety, cautioner,

bail; a ransomer; a hostage.

a کار کلیل کار kafīl-kār, A surety; a respon-

sible agent.

كلين kafīn, A thing, matter, business :-kafīne'i nīstī, A. nonentity; -kafīne'i hastani, A thing in existence.

كك kak, Dry biscuit; name of a sour herb; one who adorns himself; -kuk, A hen that has left off laying and wants the

cock; (in T.) the root of grass, &c. &c. kakā, (in Zand and Pāzand) The teeth.

kakcha, Cotton-seed.

کری kakrī, Name of a city in India; a kind of cucumber (Cucumus utilissimus, Roxb.).

kakish, The herb rocket ککش kakish, The

kakmak, A mole or freckle.

kaka, Name of a buffoon who was also a stammerer ;—kaka, ککی kaki, Human excrement (comp. Lat. cacare, and its con-

geners in modern languages).

kal, A man who has wounds and scars on his head and has lost his hair; bald; a bald head; baldness; the male of any animal; a male buffalo; [kali dashna-kash, One who on the slightest provocation draws his dagger;]-kal, kul, Short, defective; -kul, Crooked-backed; bent, curved; a village, hamlet (comp. S. kula).

A کل kall (v.n.), Being blunt (a sword); dull, dim (sight); slow, stammering (tongue); being tired; heaviness; a heavy burden; trouble, injustice, oppression; domestics, family, household; an orphan; one who has neither parent nor child; -kull, All, universal, the whole; each; -kullu anās, All men :-kullu ahid-in, Everyone :-kullu shai'in yarja'u ilá asli-hi, Everything returns to its origin.

A كلاء kala' (v.n. of كلئ), Abounding in green herbage (ground); forage, fodder, herbage; - kila' (v.n.), Guarding; being deferred (payment of a debt); drawing to a close (life);—kilā (du. of kull), Both; kalla, Not at all, not in the least; by no means; certainly, by all means, yes; verily,

truly.

以 kalā, A frog; potash;—kulā (for kulāh), A hat, &c. (see الكلاة;—kallû, A cabbage; the head.

A كالله kilā'at (v.n. of الله), Guarding; flogging; being deferred; abounding in

forage; drawing to a close (life).

لاب لا kalāb, Madness, loss of reason; hydrophobia; -kilāb (pl. of kalb), Dogs; name of the father of a tribal branch of the Quraish (kilāb bin murrah); also of one of the Banu Hawazin (kilāb bin rabī'ah); kallāb, A keeper of dogs;—kullāb, A pothook; a hooked instrument for drawing bread from the oven; a spur.

kalābatūn, A kind of needle-work کلابتری or embroidery; gold-thread, lace, galloon.

kalāba, A raw thread as it is wound from the spindle, yarn; a ball of thread, a clew, hank, skein; a reel, wheel for winding thread on; (for H. kalāwā) the band round an elephant's neck in which the driver fixes his feet.

کلابه سنکت kalāba-sang, A stone for a sling.

لابية kulābiya, A wafer; marchpane.

kallā pāycha. Name of a dish, the head and trotters.

kind of goats'-hair cloth black and green, worn particularly in Gilsn and Mazan-

kalāpesa, A rolling and showing the whites of the eyes from anger, debility,

or voluptuousuess.

للات kalāt, A castle on the top of a mountain or other high ground (either inhabited or deserted and in ruins); a market town; name of a city in Turkistan; also of a fortress in Kandahar, or, according to others, in Harāt; a wrestling trick;—kalāti devān, Devil's castle, i.e. a sort of mushroom or fungus growing among ruins;kalat kardan, (in the jargon of sodomites) To stick out or raise the buttocks; -pa ba kalāt kardan, To seize the adversary in wrestling by his belt, and lift him up, so that his feet are raised in the air.

and kalala, A market town; a palace or magnificent building surrounded by other houses; a castle on a hill; a small level

sown field.

kulāj, A wafer; marchpane.

kalājak, (in the dialect of Gilān) A small white species of the concha veneris. with which the collars of dogs are adorned; the shell of the murex or purple fish, used as a cup to drink wine or coffee.

kalājū, A cup, for wine or coffee.

kalājūd, A small dish, plate, or saucer, whether of gold, of silver, or of earthenware, on which another dish or cup is placed; a full cup or bumper drunk to another's health (cf. the two preceding articles).

kalaja, کلیه kalacha, Marrow; a

magpie (see اكلازة).

kalāja-gīr, Bland, smooth or glib-

tongued; a rogue. کلید کار kalācha-gāv, A party-coloured ox. A the kilah, kalah, kulah, A barren year; -kulāḥ (v.n. of كلع), Assuming a stero countenance, frowning.

tw kalakh, A fillet, a head-band.

ا لا عشك kallā-khushk, Lantern-jawed كلا عشك treacherous, cunning, malicious; noise, tumult.

الكلانة kalāza, Squint-eyed (ووه الكلا).

kalar, A frog.

kalārī, A salt-pan, or salt-work.

kalazh, Squint-eyed; a magpie; mouldiness.

ارة kalāzhāra, A magpie.

kalāzhaka, A grappling-hook or iron, particularly that used to recover things from a well.

kalāzha, Squint-eyed; a magpie; a

green magpie.

kalā-sang, A sling. گلا سنگ

kalāsa, Wells where travellers drink

(especially pilgrims going to or from Mecca)

kalāsh, A spider; mouldiness (as of

bread), mustiness.

kalāsh-jāma. The film in which the spider deposits her eggs; a cobweb.

which kalash-khana, A spider's web,

cobweb.

whalf kaldshak, A sling.

kalāshkan, A kind of sweetmeat. kalāshaka, A hook for recovering

things from a well.

kalāgh, An enclosure of wood or stone erected about the tombs of the great; -kalāgh, kulāgh, A crow, rook, raven;kalāghi ablaq, A magpie (m.c.);—kalāgh ba-dast-ash parida. He has obtained money gratuitously;—kalāgh zadan (giriftan), To (met.) He is avaricious in the extreme.

همد كلاغ kalāgh-pesha, A jackdaw. كلاغية kalāghcha, A magpie; a little rook. kalāfa, A raw thread as it is wound from the spindle; a reel (see 44); a trick by which a wrestler rolls up his adversary into a ball.

kalāk, A mere descrt; the upper part of the forehead; -kilāk, A crook stick for gathering fruit; -kulāk, Empty, void; a

large wave.

كلاكار kallā-kār, Noisy, tumultuous. كلاكور kalāk-mūsh, The jerbon; a mole. Si kalagar, A kind of food; whatever deepens colour (as vinegar), or gives a flavour to victuals (as spices or honey).

kalāl, The crown of the head; top of a mountain; weakness; a natural defect; an orphan; a childless man; -kulal (S.

kulāla), A potter.

A كلا kalāl, كلال kalālat (v.n. of كل), Being fatigued; weakness, fatigue, lassitude; impotency, dimness of the eye; impediment of speech; -kilal (pl. of killat), Flakes of red wool adorning a litter.

الله الله kalāl-khāna, A place where arrack is sold; an arrack-farm (an Indian

الله kulāla, Hair, locks, ringlets dangling from the forehead; a handful of flowers, a nosegay.

kalālīb (pl. of kullāb and kallūb), Pot-hooks; spurs; saws; the talons of a

hawk; the thorns of trees.

kalāliwa. Astonished, amszed, confounded.

kalām, A word, speech, oration, harangue; discourse, talk, conversation; a sentence or proposition complete in itself; disputation; scholastic theology; metaphysics; combat; a salutation, compliment; [kalāmu'llāh, The word of God; kalāmi sharif ('izsat), The Qur'an ;-kalām kardan, To speak; to reason; to relate;-

kalāmi majīd, 'The Qur'ān:-kalām narm kardan, To speak gently and kindly; -- başı'u 'l-kalam, Slow of speech; -- hāşili (khulāsa'i) kalām, The substance of the discourse, i.e. to sum up, upon the whole; -raddi kalām kardan, To refute, contradict, oppose; to answer; -'ilmi kalam, Motaphysics; scholastic theology, rhetoric; fasīķu (malīķu) 'l-kalām, Eloquent;—mīri kalām, A master-speaker, an accomplished orator;]-kilām (pl. of kalm), Wounds;kulām, Coarse, hard ground.

وسلا kalān, Large, great, big, stout, grand, bulky; elder; high; more; a great bulk, mass; crown of the head; a large public standard for weights and measures; [kalāni rauza, An epithet of Muhammad; -rozi kalan, A great day, a festival; Christmas;]-kilān, A fastening for an out-

house.

kalān-bīnī, Large-nosed. کلان بيني kalan-pesha, Amplification, dimness in the eyesight, confusion of vision.

kalantar, Bigger, greater, larger; the chief man (especially for life) in a town, in whose name everything is done :kalantari shahr, Mayor.

كلان سال kalān-sāl, Aged, old, grandevous. کلان سالی kalān-sālī, Öld age, grandevity. kalan-shikam, Big-bellied.

kalān-kār, Of mighty

lowing); a clew, a reel (see ملك and ملك). kahiwar, A frog. kalāwû, A species of field-mouse.

لارة kalāwa, A hank, a skein ; a reel ; the band round an elephant's neck in which the driver fixes his feet; a frog; astonished, confounded, amazed; — kalāwa'i charkh, The zodiac; the revolution of the

heavens. (See الكلام)

kulāh, A conic hat of black lambskin worn by the Muhammadan monks or dervishes; any head-gear, a Tartar cap, a turban; a mitre, tiara, fillet, wreath; a crown; a night-cap; the covering of a fruit, a seed vessel or capsula; a wriggling motion, especially in coition; hence in the language of sodomites membrum virile;kulāhi aķmad bar sari maķmūd guzāshtan, To carry on trade, &c., with other people's money; -kulāh az sar bar dāshian, To take off one's hat, &c., to bear one's head, said of a messenger, who doffing his headgear, delivers his message only after receiving his guerdon, or of one who inquires into another's circumstances, or lastly of one who, having been injured, cannot offer resistance;kulāh afgandan, kulāh andākhtan (bar-andākhtan), kulāh bar sari āsmān (falak, hawā) afgandan (andakhtan), To fling away one's

hat; (met.) to rejoice greatly, to exult extravagantly :- kulāhi bārānī, A hood against rain; a bubble; -kulāh bar sari kase nihādan, To put the cap, described under kulāhi zangula, upon a person's head; to honour or esteem one greatly; -kulāh bar sar nihādan, To put on one's hat; (met.) to show respect, to honour :- kulah peshi (dar peshi) kase nihādan. To muke humble reverence ;—kulāhi lātārī, A. Tartar cap, a royal crown; a military cap; -kulāhi takhta, = kulāhi sangula below; -kulāki charkh, The sky; the sun; -kulāki dā-shākh, A two-cornered bat, official mark of the Persian Chief Chamberlain;—kulāhi daulat, The royal or imperial crown; -kulāh-rā qāzī kardan, (met.) To exerciso highest justico; -kulāhi zar. A golden fillet or head-dress worn by Porsian ladies; -kulāhi zamīn, The sky; the sun; the moon; a fungus, toadstool:-kulāhi zangula, A ridiculously-shaped cap, from which are suspended many little bells and foxes' tails, and in which any person detected in selling short weight is exposed to public view; - kulāhi sulaimān, A. cap which renders the wearer invisible (the "Tarnkappe" of the "Nibelungen-lied"); -kulāhi shab-posh, A night-cap;-kulāhash dar hawā mī-raqṣad, His hat dances in the air, i.e. he exults in great delight;kulāh shikastan, To turn down the corner of one's cap or turban; to wear one's hat awry; to boast, to pride oneself; -kulāhi firangi, A pavilion (m.c.) ;-kulāhi qāzī, A kind of cap worn by the cadis or judges; a fungus, a toadstool; — kulāh kaj nihādan, To wear one's hat awry; to be proud or vain-glorious ;-kulāhi gāh-gāhī (gah-gahī), A head-covering of the poor; - kulāhi mulk, A king; - kulāhi maulawī, The dervish's cap; -kulāhi namad, A felt hat worn by qalandar movks :- kulahi namadi'i baltazarv, A felt-hat whose corner resembles the wing of a pheasant; -kulāh nihādan, To salute respectfully, to make humble

لله دار kulāh-dār, A crowned head, a king,

a sovereign.

kulūh-dārī. Sovereignty, royalty. kalāhū, A kind of deer without horns. لاهور kalāhūr, Name of a champion of Mazandaran.

kalāhūn, Name of a renowned كاهري

warrior.

kalb (v.n.), Imitating the barking of dogs to induce them to respond, and thus to indicate the presence of an inhabited dwelling; sewing a thong to a leathern bag; a dog; a sword-strap; a book by which a traveller fastens his provisionbag to the saddle; the thong of a provisionbag; name of a branch of the tribe Quza'ah; [kalbu 'l-jabbar, The dog-star;kalbu 'l-faras, A stripe along the middle of a horse's back;—lisānu 'L-kalb, Name of a famous sword;]—kalab (v.n.), Being severe (cold); being hard (times); being enraged or rabid, being seized with hydrophobia; avidity, greed; vehemence;—kalib, Mad, rabid (dog or camel); hard, pinching (times).

كلب kalab, The circumference of the mouth; the beak of a bird;—kalub, = H.

.۷.۷ کلپ

كلبان kalbā. (in Zand and Pāzand) A dog. كلبان kalbād, kulbād, A mighty man of Tūrān, killed by Fariburz in the combat of the twelve champions.

للبادر kalbāsā, A noxious kind of lizard. A كلبتان kalbatāni, in P. kalbitān, A blacksmith's or farrier's forceps, with which they take hold of hot iron or pull out nails.

كلبد kulbad, A closet, a cell. kalbasū, A large lizard.

كليك kulbak. A covering for a stack of grain; a hut built for those who keep watch over sown fields or melon-grounds; one who keeps watch over such.

لله خليه kulba, A closet; a cell; a cot; a shop, warehouse; a corner; a box in a theatre (m.c.);—kulba'i ihzān, (cell of sorrow) An afflicted, distressed family.

a کلی kalbi, Canine; of the tribe kalb. H کلیه kalp (S. kalpa), A day and night of Brahma, a space of 4,320,000,000 years. المالة kalpatra, Foolish sayings.

(v.n. of كل), Being blunt knife;—killat, (v.n. of كر), Being blunt (sword), dim (eye), stammering (tongue); state, condition; a mosquito-curtain; a flake of red weol on the top of a litter for ornament;—kullat, Delay; (fem. of kull) all, every (woman).

ولك kaltan, Jambs, side-posts of a door (probably from A. kiltan, both, fem.).

لنبان kallab, kultub, Hypocrisy, deceit. كلتبان kallabān, A pimp to his own wife. كلتبان kalla, Dock-tailed; a short stick which fills the hand; short, defective, little, mean, contemptible; anything old of its kind; past his labour, or any animal that can no longer hunt from age; one who has an impediment in his speech.

کلته چوپ kalta-chob, A dervish's short staff.

لكترم لا كاثرة kulgām, Full of flesh about the face and cheeks; an elephant; the silken pennant at the top of a standard;—ummu kulgām, A surname of Muhammad's daughter Fātimah.

kilj, Baskets in which to carry coals or dried dung for heating baths; a fold, wrinkle; proud, arrogant, conceited.

A کلخ kalaj, Generous; bold, brave;—kuluj, Strenuous, strong, robust, bold men.

للجان kaljān, A dunghill or receptacle for dirt and sweepings.

a جنج کل جنج kul-jam', Sum total; full amount; altogether, in all.

a کل جمع بندي kul-jam' bandî, The gross

rental.

kulaja, A frock-coat.

kalch, Dirt, filth; a wrinkle; pride, arrogance, self-conceit; a dung-basket;—kulch, A sort of cloth brought from Cashmere; crumbs of bread.

kalchakād, Suffering from a scald

head (doubtful word).

kulachang, A crowd. کلینگ

H & kulcha (for kulicha), A small disc-shaped loaf, a cake of bread; a kind of sweetmeat; a circular piece of wood which rests on a tent-pole near its upper extremity.

kalchīcha, kilchīcha, Tickling, titilla-

للح kill, A gum, benzoin, or benjamin. a کل حال مال kul-hāl, All the facts of the case, full particulars.

kulkh, A kind of herb. كلع

كلخان kal-khān, A furnace for heating a bath (see كلخان).

kalakhch, Filth of the body;—kalakhch bastan, To become nasty, contract dirt.

كلخان kalkhan, = كلخان q.v. كاخن تاب kalkhan-tab, Who heats the furnace in a bath.

A ملا له kald (v.n.), Heaping, accumulating. كلد kalda, Dry, barren ground; a name. كلا kils, Root of the wild pomegranate. كلا kils, Quick-lime;—kuls, Carded cot-

کلستانه (۱), Name of a province of Iran. کلسرا kalsirā, Depraved, vicious; an enemy.

a کلسیا kalisiyā, A church.

الم کلح kal' (v.n.), Drying on the head (dirt); having the feet dirty and chapped; —kil', Rough, repulsive; —kala' (v.n.), Being chapped and dirty (feet); brunt of battle; dirt adhering to a vessel or bottle.

kul'und, Uncouth, froward, perverse; a strong beardless youth; a foolish

talker.

للغر kalghar, A species of very fine soft wool; a sort of wool used for fuel.

t کلفی kalaghi, An ornament on the tur-

ban, an aigrette, a plume (see کلای).

kalaf, A freckle; the beak of a bird; (for H. kalap) a kind of hair-dye; a kind of starch.

a کلف kalaf (for kuft), A padlock.

A wan in love;—kulf, Of a blackish red colour;—kalaf (v.n.), Being engrossed by any object, being in love; inclining to a blackish red; freckles; spots of the moon;—kalif, Enamoured, in love, love-stricken.

A LAS kulfat, kulfa, Trouble, vexation, distress, inconvenience (construed with

raftan, kashīdan, &c.); a blackish red colour.

kalaft, The beak of a bird;—kuluft, Rough, uncouth; thick, thick-set.

kalfakhshang, کلفیشنگ kalfah-

shang, An icicle.

kalk, The side under the armpit;—kilk, A hollow reed, a kex; a pen; an arrow; the canine-teeth; a brasier; flesh-glue; [kilki khwush-raftar, An easygoing pen; -kilk dar banān afgandan, To prepare for writing, to be ready or about to write; - kilki shakar, Sugar-cane; kilki 'ambar-bar, An odoriferous reed;kilki firangi, A pencil, pencil-case, crayon; -kilki kabūtar-dum, A reed-pen mended in a manner that the nib resembles the tail of a pigeon; -kulk, The fine wool, combed from the root of the hair of a species of goat, of which shawls are made; the side under the arm-pit;—kalak, A lancet; an earthen fire-stove; a concourse of people; headache; a kind of float for passing rivers, constructed of bundles of reeds and the like, and a number of inflated skins; ill-omened, unlucky; an owl; a pod of cotton not yet ripe; a young he-buffalo; name of a place near Damaghan remarkable for its excellent wheat; Kalak bar sari kase bastan, To bring misfortune upon, to afflict;]—kalik, An owl; —kilik, Squint-eyed; the little finger; kulak, A satirical or pungent speech (see ا كالك) ;—kuluk, Squint-eyed; gripes.

کلك پيرا kilk-pera, A scribe, a calligraphist;

a seller of pens.

لكته kalkatta, Calcutta, capital of Bengal. kalak <u>kh</u>asp, A crowd of people كلك خسد huddled together round a fire in winter; poor, indigent.

كلكور kalkazū, An old broom.

kal-kal, Vain words, nonsensical کل کل ا talk; search, inquiry; a very acid citron or lemon;—kal-kal, kil-kil, kul-kul, Bdel-

a کلکلان kulkullān, Ope entrusted with the whole economy of a house; a factorum, or major domo.

كلكلانع kalkalānij, An electuary against

colic and dysury.

kulkulu, A small kind of hooka. kilkilicha, Titillation, tickling. کلکلیچه

kalkam, A cleaving, splitting; the rainbow; - kalkam, kulkum, A balista, catapulta.

kilkank, kilkanak, Purslain. کلکیلی

لكى kalaki, kalki, A plume worn on the head by the youths of Persia in battle and on great occasions (see کلگی and کلگی).

کلکیس kalkīs, A boy's spinning-top. kulkina, Soft, shaggy silk or velvet. kalgī, A plume worn on the head (کلگی and کلفی).

kalal, A plume worn on the head by

the Persian youths in battle or on festivals.

لم ▲ كلم kalm (v.n.), Wounding; a wound; -kalim, kilam (pl. of kalimat, kilamat), Words.

kalam, A cabbage, cauliflower;—kilim,

A carpet.

kalmā, (in Zand or Pāzand) A vine. A کلما kullamā, As often as, every time; -kullumā, Whatever.

kalimāt (pl. of kalimat), Words, vocables, discourses, speeches; — 'ashara kalimāt, The decalogue.

kalmāsang, A sling.

kalimat, in P. also kalima, kalma, A word, saying, discourse, vocable, part of speech; the Muhammadan confession of faith ;-kalimatu 'l-ḥaqq, The word of God; -kalimatu 'l-lah, The word of God; Jesus Christ: -kalima ba-kalima, Word for word; -kalima'i zabānī, Word of mouth;--kalima'i kufr, Blasphemy, profanity.

a کلبتین kalimatain (obl. du. used as nom.), The two propositions of the Muhammadan confession of faith, i.e. "There is no god but God, and Muhammad is the

apostle of God."

a كل مختري kul-mukhtarī, Full authority. kalmurgh, A species of vulture. کلمرغ کل مکل kal-makal, = کل مکل kal-kal, q.₹.

kalmuzh, A lizard with a head like a serpent.

a كل ميزان kul-mīzān, Grand total. كلن kulan, A swelling in the body; a wen; elephantiasis; carded cotton.

كلنية kulumba, Almond-cake; a ball. kilanj, Dirt, filth; vain-glory; the little finger.

kilinjār, A crab, a crayfish. کلنهار

kilanjar, A place and fort in Hindū.

kalinjarī, A kind of black grape: kilanjarī, A native of Kilanjar; name of the place itself.

kilanjak, The little finger ;—kulan کلنجگ jak, kilinjak, کلنچك kulanchak, A crab.

kaland, kuland, A mattock, a pick axe, shovel; a vine-dresser's pruning-hook [kaland afgandan, A mode of incantation or vaticination;] — kuland, A lock, key rough, unshaved, unsmoothed; a log fast ened to a dog's neck,

kaland-bardār, kuland-bardār, A کلند بردار

pioneer.

كلىدر kalandar, The stocks; bar of a door a rough, untrimmed stick; a rough, un couth man (whence A. قلندر).

kalandara, kulandara, A rough, un shaved stick; a man uncouth in his man ners

kaland-gar, One who uses a pick-axe کلند کر a pioneer.

kulandan, To shake a garment o کلدن carpet.

kalanda, The hopper of a mill. kalandi, Hard and rough ground;

a pioneer.

كلىدىدى kalandīdan, To dig, to excavate. kalink, Squint-eyed ;—kilnak, Purslain; -kilnak, kilank, A key-hole; -kulank (S. kurangkara), A crane, heron; a large cock ;—kulunk, A pickaxe. کلیکله kilnakak, Purslain.

كلنكي kulankī, Greedy, over-reaching; a sort of cock; one who uses a mattock or pick-axe.

kilang, A key-hole;—kulang, A crane (see کلنگ); a fowl of a large and good breed; -kulung, A pick-axe.

kulna, A bird's beak.

kulo, The head man of a ward; the judge of a market; the governor of a province; a large buttered cake.

kalū, Able to do with very little

كاوا kalwā, A joining of two things; a

a کل وار kul-wār, With or according to the whole assessment.

کلوب kulūb, A form, model, mould. kallūb, Forceps, pincers. kulūbanda, A head servant.

kulotak, kalotak, An implement of wood used by fullers and washers of linen.

kulota, A kind of veil of net-work worn by Persian ladies, through which may be seen the ornaments or gems of their head-dress without distinguishing the features; a sort of angular cap wadded with cotton worn by children.

kalūj, Bread which has fallen from the wall of the oven into the ashes and become baked there; a hand or foot which has lost its fingers or toes by frost; -kulûj, A large round cake; crumbs.

kuloch, Exchange, return, requital; chewing anything which makes a noise;

scranching.

kulochidan, To scranch, to bite or کلوچیدی chew things which make a noise in masticating, such as biscuits and the like.

A كلوع kulūh (v.n. of كلع), Assuming a stern countenance; drawing the lips so that

the teeth appear, grinning.

kulūkh, A clod of earth; dried clay; an unburnt brick; fragments of an old wall, brickbats; dull, stupid, mean-spirited; -kulū<u>kh</u> bar lab zadan (mālīdan, nihādan), To conceal anything; according to others, to simulate ignorance; -kulūkh dar āb afgandan, To be quarrelsome, litigious; $kul\bar{u}\underline{k}hi$ $r\bar{a}h$, A clod met in the road; (met.) an obstacle, obstruction.

kulūkh-amrūd, A hard, insipid كلوخ أحرود pear.

kulûkh-andāz, Apertures in a کلوځ انداز fortified wall, through which stones and combustibles are thrown; an embrasure

(m.c.); a sling; a slinger; a grandchild;

kulū<u>kh</u>-andāzān, A festival كلوخ اندازان celebrated at the close of the month Sha'hān.

kulūkh-chīn, A heap of collected کلوخ چين bricks; -kulūkh-chīne kardan, To build up such a heap.

kulūkh-zār, A place abounding in

کلوځ کوب kalūkh-kob, A clod-crusher; a mallet for breaking clods.

kalūr, Gleanings of corn.

kulūza, A cotton-pod. كلوزة ,kulūz

kulūs, A horse white about the

face, eyes, and muzzle.

كلوك kalok, A smooth-faced boy; a grain somewhat resembling a French bean;kulok, Ill-bred, impudent, shameless.

كلول A كلول kulūl (v.n. of كلّ), Being dim (the sight); blunt (a sword).

كلوم م kulūm (pl. of kalm), Wounds. كلوم kalwand, A kind of cucumber; figs, walnuts, or dates strung on a cord; name of a mountain.

كلوندة kalwanda, A cucumber; a small and slender cucumber; a large cucumber kept for seed; an unripe melon.

کلوy, = kuloy کلوی q. v.

يلويد kalwid, A cooking-pot.

kala, The face or cheek; the risings about the mouth in laughing; the inside of the lips; a bow; a stitch in sewing; the act of stitching; the motion in venery; a trevet; an iron mace; a city in an island; [kala'i sā'ilī, Misfortune, ill-luck; a name given to the infidels of Hindustan; crows gathered about a carcase;]-kila, Stitching or quilting; name of a city; -kula, Short, defective; a short man; -kulah, A cap, tiara, mitre, or fillet; a wriggling motion, especially during coitus; membrum virile; [kulah andākhtan (bar-andākhtan), To be in high spirits, to shout with joy on obtaining the object of one's wishes; -zarrin-(golden-caps) Certain officers kulahān, about the king of Persia's household that wear golden tiaras, chamberlains; — kalla, The head; the crown or hinder part of the head (also kalla'i sar); top, summit; faithless, insincere, dishonest; everywhere; [kalla zadan, To knock their heads together, to butt (fighting-rams, m.c.);kalla'i sher, A water-tap;—kalla'i qand, A sugar-loaf;—kalla'i nāqūs, The upper part of a bell; -killa, The roof of a house, or anything which answers the purpose of a roof; a screen; a curtain formed into a kind of dressing-room for the ladies; a tent, a pavilion; (construed with bastan and zadan); [killa'i khazra, The sky; killa'i dukhānī, The sky; a black cloud; a dark night; -killa'i nīlūfarī, The sky;]kullah, The hair of the head, a lock of hair

tied in a knot; the heel, the protuberant joint-bone of the foot and leg; -kullahi كله مشكين mushkīn, Curls, ringlets (800 كله مشكين below).

کله پاچه kalla-pācha, Sheep's trotters.

kalla-pur-bad, A head full of کله پر باد air, i.e. arrogant, haughty.

kalla-pur-badī, Arrogance, کله پر بادی haughtiness.

يرور kalla-parwār (پرور parwar), A kind of sweetmeat.

farosh), One who الروش kalla-paz (الروش farosh) dresses and sells the head, feet, and tripe of cattle.

kalla-posh, A tiara, mitre, or cap, a square bonnet worn by young girls.

kalla-khushk, Mad, crazy; sad; an opium-eater; a hen's egg which has been placed with the head downwards and left to dry.

کله دار kulah-dar, A conqueror; an abso-Inte sovereign; proud, haughty, arrogant;

stubborn.

کله داری kulah-dārī, Sovereignty; obstinacy.

کله دراز kalla-darāz, Noisy, clamorous; long-tongued; abusive; a brawler.

لله دراري kalla-darāzī, Clamour, noisiness, turbulence; abuse.

کلبری kalahrī, A squirrel. کلی killa-zada, kulah-zada (?), A throne with a canopy.

ن ما لام الله kalla-zan, A boaster, swaggerer.

لله زني kalla-zanī, Boasting, swaggering.

كلة سرع kalla-sur<u>kh</u>, Red-headed. a محرة kulah-shajarā, محرة shajara, Succession and property of a saint, fakir,

کله کار kalla-kār, Clamorous, noisy, tumultuous.

kulah-gosha, The corner of a cap; -kulah-gosha'i mulk, A king's son, prince. kulah-gosha bar asman, کله کوهه بر آسمان

High rank, exaltation, dignity.

kulah-gīr, A catamite. کله گیر kullu-hum, All of them, the whole. kullah-mushkin, A lock, a کله مشکین

ringlet.

kalla-manār, A pillar or turret on کلة منار which the heads of robbers and highwaymen were exposed as a warning to others.

killa-nigār, A carpet-spreader,

&c. (= فراش farrāsh, q.v.).

kaly (v.n.), Striking the reins or kidneys; -kilá (v.n.), Being hurt in the kidneys; -- kulá (pl. of kulyat), Kidneys; sides of rivers; lower parts of clouds.

kalī, An eruption on the head which children are subject to; -kulī, A tambourine; a large cake; a small kind of fish which stimulates to venery; anything which eats or corrodes (as rust, the moth, leprosy, or gangrene); rustic, rural; a country life -kule, One village.

a کلی kulli, Universal, total, all, every ;ihtimāli kullī. Every probability; -ba-kullī, Altogether, in all; generally.

kilyā, A plant used by soap-boilers, كليا potash; (in Zand and Pāzand) a sheep.

کلیات ۸ kulyāt (pl. of kulyat), Reins, kidneys:-kullīyāt (pl. of kullīyat), All, everyone, everything; the whole work of an author (as kulliyati sa'di "the collected works of Sa'di")

kilyās, The door or entrance to a house; a privy on the roof of a house.

كلياني kilyānī, Gum-ammoniac, galbanum, assafætida.

kalyāwa, Deaf. کلیاره

ليب kalīb, A pack of dogs.

A کلیة kulyat, A kidney; the curved part of a bow between the handle and the extremes; the lower part of a cloud;—kulliyat (fem. of کلی kulliy), All; universality, totality, the whole, the total.

مايع kalij, Vain, proud; dirt, filth;kilei, A horse whose hind legs are crooked; -kulij, Bread which, having fallen from the side of the oven (the ovens in Asia are often mere holes in the ground), has been baked in the ashes; a large cake.

کلیچ kalich, Pus; dirt, filth.

kalīcha, A wooden bolt or key ;— کلیجههٔ kulicha, The disc or body of the sun or moon; a small buttered loaf; a splendid garment closely sewed; stitched, quilted; -kulicha'i sim. Full moon.

kulicha-paz, A maker of cakes, a

pastry-cook.

كليد kalīd, kilīd (G. kheis), A key ; an index; a ploughshare ;-kalidu 'l-bahr, Key of the sea, name of one of the outskirts of Constantinople (m.c.); -kalīdi īmān (bihisht), A testimony, attestation, confession of faith; -kalīdi sipihr, The moon ;—kalīdi ghalat, A key which opens several doors, a masterkey ;-kalīdi 'aqd, Who has the power of binding and loosing; - kalīdi ganji hakīm, The sentence bi' smi'-llahi' r-rahmani'rrahim, "in the name of the most merciful God"; -kalīdi waqt u sā'at, The hands of a time-piece.

كليدان kalīdān, A lock, stocks, or anything similar by which a number of people are confined by the feet;—kilidan, A lock,

bolt, bar.

kilīdāna, A lock, bolt, bar. کلیدانه

kalīd-pech, A manner of folding کلید پیچ a letter or note in the shape of a key.

kalīd-dār, Who is entrusted with کلید دار the key of an office or work-shop.

کلیدان kalid-dān, kilid-dān, کلید دان q.v.

كلير kalíz, A bee.

kalīzdān, A bee-hive. کلیزدان

kalīzha, A cup for water, کلیزه an ewer.

kalīsā, كليسا kalīsā (G. ἐκκλησία), Δ church, synagogue; - arbabi kalīsa, Christians, the patrons of churches, churchmen.

kalisā-mand, Church-like, کليا مانند

resembling a church or synagogue.

kalik, An owl; seed of roses;kalik, kilik, Squint-eyed; the little finger. والمناه kalikān, Name of a very mal-

odorous plant ;—kilikin, Dragon-wort. کلیکی kaliki, Squint-eyed; atrabismus. کلیکی kalil, Dim-sighted; Llunt; stam-

mering ;—kalilu'z-zufr, Despicable, abject. kalila u damna (S. karataka, كليله و دمنه damanaka), Name of two jackals (who make a conspicuous figure in anwari suhaili, the Turkish humāyūn-nāma, and "kalilatun wa dimnatun" the Arabic version of Pilpay's fables founded on the S. Hitopadesa and Panchatantra, which is called after them).

kalim, Wounded; one who speaks to another; an interlocutor, a familiar; -kalimu'llāh, One who speaks to God, i.e.

Moses.

a کلیم دست kalim-dast, Dexterous, successful (as though having the hand of Moses). كليواع kalewāj, كليواغ kalewāzh, A kite. كليون kulyūn, A kind of cloth of seven

colours (see کلیون).

a کلیه kulliya, kulliya, kulya, seo کلیه. kam, Few, little; deficient, defective, mutilated, wanting, diminished, scarce, less (hence frequently imparting a negative sense); worse; poor, wretched; base; abandonment; deficiency, destitution; excellent, precious, glorious, honoured; the waist, side; [kam āmadan (bādan, shudan), To fail, become deficient, be lessened, to run short (m.c.); - kam zadan, To show weakness, to be wanting in self-respect, not to assert oneself; to slight, to consider of no account, to revile; to speak evil; to desert ;-kam kardan, To diminish; to withhold, defraud; -kam giriftan (guftan), To abandon, give up, consider as lost; -kam manda ast, Little is wanting; almost (m.c.); -kam u besh (ziyād), More or less; all, everything ;-kam u kāst, Loss, deficiency; defect and diminution; - zaķmali āqā-rā kam kunīm, Let us not trouble his honour any more (m.c.);]-kim, = ki' + the pronominal affix of the first person in various combinations, as: [kim ma-mānādā nām, instead of ki ma-manada nam-om, May my name remain no longer, i.e. cease to exist; —jāni man ān rūz raft kim ru<u>kh</u>-at āmad ba pesh (for ki rukhat amad ba peshi man), My soul (heart, life) departed on the day that your face came before me; -dar in dastan guftam an-kim shundi, instead of an-ki shunidam, In this narrative I have told that which I have heard (see الكم هنيد p. 113);]-kum, A thorn which bears the gum tragacanth; name of a city in Iraq (قم 800).

kam, How much? how many? how long? a multitude, a quantity; -kam karra, How often ?—kamm (v.n. of ,), Covering, concealing; stopping, corking; muzzling (a camel); making a sleeve to a garment; a quantity; [kammi muttasil, A continued quantity; - kammi munfasil, A separate quantity; -kimm. A flower-bud: the follicle or outward leaf of an unblown palm or other flower; an envelope, or cover;kumm, A sleeve.

لما kamā, A sleeve; old cloth sewed together, whereon bread is laid to be baked in the oven; -kamā, kimā, kumā, The envelope of nutmegs, mace; -kumā, A cer-

tain malodorous plant.

kamā (comp. of عا ka and ما mā), Like, as; - kamā qīla, As it has been said.

kam-ā-besh, Less or more. كمابيش

kam'at (pl. of کمه kam'), Mushrooms; a single mushroom; -kumāt (pl. of kamī), Heroes, champions, warriors, armed men; — fawārisi kumāt, Cavaliers armed cap-à-pic.

kumāj, کمای kumāch, Unleavened bread; bread baked in the ashes; a round bit of wood, perforated in the middle for

receiving the top of a tent-pole.

A خماخ kamākk, Name of a city in Rum; -kumākh, Pride, pomp, grandeur.

a کم المتلاطی kam ikhtilati, Littleness of intercourse, slightness of acquaintance.

A کباد kimād (v.n. 3 of کباد), Beating cloths; fomenting an invalid with hot cloths; fomentation; the gripes; - alkimad ahabb ilaiya mini'l-kaiy, I prefer fomentation to cautery, i.e. remonstrance to extreme measures.

kamādaryās (G. χαμαίδρυς), The

herb germander.

kamar, Land cultivated by contract. kamāra, A mortar or howitzer.

kamārīdan, To smile. كماريدي

kam-āzār, Uninjurious, not cruel. کم آزار kam-azari, The doing little (i.e.

no) injury, mildness, humanity.

kamas, Little, few ;-kamas, kum. mas, A kind of short-necked earthen or wooden vessel, flat on one side (carried under the arm, in which wine is smuggled home); a'beggar's wooden dish,

a کم اسباتی kam-asbābī, Deficiency in

goods or materials; poverty.

kamasa. A wooden bowl; a short, کماسه narrow-necked vessel; -kumāsa, A welldigger, canal cutter; a mistress, courtezan; a hermaprodite; name of a mountain in Khurasan.

kamāsī, Littleness, deficiency. كماسي kamāsh, A vessel for smuggling كباش wine; a beggar's wooden dish (see زكماس); -kumāsh, Fustian (comp. قماه qumāsh). kamāshīr, A gum like opoponax.

a کم اصل kam-asl, Of mean origin; base-

born, low-bred, vile.

kamāfīţus (G. χαμαιπίτυς), The herb ground-pine, a strong diuretic, which opens obstructions, and powerfully pro-

motes the menstrual discharge.

A کمال kamāl (v.n. of کمل), Being complete, entire, perfect; perfection, excellence; completion, conclusion; integrity; punctuality; construed with the verbs khwastan, dādan, dāshtan, giriftan, &c.; - kamāli duwal, Perfection of empires, i.e. an accomplished statesman;—arbābi kamāl, Distinguished or accomplished people (m.c.);ba-kamāli taghaiyur, In a perfect rage (m.c.); — dar kamāli ta'ajjub, With the utmost astonishment (m.c.) ;—'alú wajhi 'l-

kamāl, In a perfect way, to perfection.

A کمالات kamālāt (pl. of kamāl), Perfections عبالات إلى المالات الما

dowed with every perfection.

a کمال مرتبه kamal martaba, Perfectly,

entirely, punctually, exactly. a كمالكمي kamāl-kamī, A gift from the tenants to their landlord.

kumāla, Coarse low-priced silk; according to others crooked.

A مائية kamālīyat, Perfection.

kamāliyūn, A kind of mezereon. کماثیون

kimām, Frankincense.

kimām, A halter or muzzle (for a biting camel); (pl. of kimamat) rose-

buds, follicles, outward leaves.

kāmān, A bow; an arch; a spring; anything bent, as a rim, a hoop, &c.; the sign Sagittarius; (pl. of kam) few, small, deficient;-kamān az tāgi buland (bar taqi buland) awekktan (guzashtan), To pretend to the highest perfection ;-kamani āsmān (bahman, rusiam, sām, shaitān), Tho rainbow;-kamān ufgandan (undākhtan), To throw away the bow; (mct.) to be vanquished, conquered, overcome; -kamān bakham awardan, To bend a bow; -kamani baland, A bow with long horns; kamān baland sākhtan, To draw a bow; to raise a bow in order to shoot;—kamāni pāk, A strong bow; -kamāni tang, A bow with short horns; - kamān chāstī kardan, To try a bow by bending and unbending it; -kamani charkh, A balista; a crossbow; the rainbow; -kamani halqa, A bow not drawn; -kamāni ķikmat, A species of balista for throwing arrows ;-kamāni dirāz-khāna, A bow with long horns; -kamān-rā ba-zih kardan (chilla kardan), To draw the bow; -kamani ra'd, A balista for throwing large stones; — kamāni zambūrī, A musket, firelock; - kamāni sāda, The sun; moonlight; sunshine; — kamān-ash-rā na-mitawānad kashid, (met.) He is not equal to his task or office; - kamāni sad man, A strong and heavy bow; - kamāni falak, The sign Sagittarius;—kamāni fūlād, A bow with a chain

for a string :- kamāni kase kashīdan, To rival another, to cope with him, to play his part; - kamān kashīdan (mālīdan), To draw a bow; -kamāni kūtāh-khāna, A bow with short horns;-kamāni gār. A war-engine throwing charges at a distance of 2,500 paces :- kamāni gardān, The rainbow; the sign Sagittarius;—kamāni guroha (giriha. gulūla, muhra), A cross-how; — dar bāri kaman raftan, To bend or draw a bow; —dū-kamān khwurdani (shudani) tir, The arrow is lost; —du-kaman mi-kashad, He is very strong or powerful.

kamān-abrā, One who has arched

cychrows; a mistress.

kamān-afgan, Drawing the كمان الكن bow.

kamān-āwar. An archer, a bow-

kamān-pusht, With a crooked كمان يشت back.

kamān-jola, A bow and arrowcase

kamāncha, A little bow; a bow with which women strike cotton; the bow of a violin; a lute, harp, species of violin; a steel spring; an arched roof; a figure in the shape of a bow at the head of a royal patent instead of the tughra; a cup; kamāncha zadan, To raise a tumult.

لمان عالله kaman-khana. The horns of a bow (= khāna'i kamān q.v. under & 🗠

p. 444).

kamān-dār, An archer, a bowman. كمالدار kamān-dārī, Bow-holding, arch-

کماندان kamāndān, A bow-case.

kamān-sāz, A bow-maker; an كمانسآر archer.

kumān-kash, An archer ;—abrūyi كمالكش kaman-kash, Eyebrows like bows (letting fly the arrows of love).

.kamān-kashī, Archery کمان کشی

kamāngar, One who makes bows; كمانك a bone-setter (in India).

کمانگری kamangari, Bow-making; bone-

setting (in India).

کمان کردن kamān-gardan, (bow-necked) 🛦 large, strong, hairy camel with two humps; anything thin, lean, and weak.

kamān-gosha, Corner of a bow. کمآن کرهه kamān-gīr, An expert bowman; کمان کیر surname of the archer Arash, fabled to have shot an arrow from Amul to Marv, a journey

of forty days.

لا لا لا kamāna, A plectrum or bow of an instrument; a bow; the bow for a drill; a cup; a harp; a digger of graves, wells, or ditches; a miner; a holedug in the ground in order to try the quality of the water;dü-kamana uftadani (khwurdani) tir, The arrow is lost, or misses the mark.

kamānī, Bowed, bent, arched; a

spring.

kam-āwāz, Who speaks in a subdued voice; who speaks little.

a کماح kam'ah, A white mushroom like an egg; a toadstool, puff, devil's snuff-box; a truffle.

kumāha, An amulet, anything worn on the arm as a preservative from fascination.

a كماهى kamā-hiya, As it is; true state.

kumāy, Name of a very malodorous

herb; name of a champion of Iran. kamāyish, Affairs, business; the

management of affairs.

kumāyūk, Old clothes sewed together, on which bread is laid to be baked in the oven.

kambār, A rope made of the fibres of the palm or cocoa-nut tree.

کم .خت kam-bakht, An unlucky wight; a

کم . مختی kam-bakhtī, Adversity, misfor-

kam-bar, A division of the suit at کم بر cards.

a کم الحل kam-baghal, With few followers or attendants.

a کم بهالت kam-bazā'at (bizā'at), Poor, possessed of little capital; scantiness of

kam-būdagī, Want of wisdom, کم بودگی foolishness; (better gum-būdagī) plexity, helplessness.

kam-bahā, Low-priced, worthless.

کم بیش kam-besh, Less or more. کیا kam-pā, Of short duration; frail, transient.

کمپای kam-pāy, Shortness of duration; instability; remissness, backwardness.

kam-pāya, Mean, of low degree. kam-pīr, A feeble old man, a dotard. kummat, kumma, A round cap.

kamtar, Less, least; smaller; meaner, baser, viler, more contemptible; lower, inferior;—kamtar yāftan, Not to find;—man faqiri kamtar, I, a poor, low man.

kamtar-āshnā, Little versed, un-

skilled.

كمتر غبار kamtar-ghubār, The least dust. kamtarina, Least; كمترين very small; most vile, despicable, infamous, defective, or insignificant; the rabble; — kamtarin banda, (Your) most humble or obedient servant (m.c.).

a کم توجهی kam-tawajjuhi, Inattention,

inadvertence, carelessness.

a کم جشه kam-jussa, Small-made (m.c.). a کم جواب kam-jawāb, Who answers little or nothing.

a کم جرا"ت kam-jur'at, Devoid of courage, cowardly.

kamcha, (in Zand or Pazand) A locust.

kamh (v.n.), Checking (a horse).

a کم حوك kam-harf, Of few words; taciturn.

a کم حرکت kam-ḥarakat. Indolent, lazy.

a کم حرستی نمودی kam-hurmatī namūdan, To disparage, to show little respect or reverence.

a کم حومله kam-ḥauṣala, Unaspiring, unambitious; poor-spirited, not high-stomached; lack of intelligence (m.c.).

a کم حیثیت kamhaisīyat, Of small means, of low condition; common; mean, beg-

garly.

kamkh (v.n.), Pulling the bridle and checking (a horse); turning up the nose, being supercilious, proud, haughty.

kamkhā, Damask silk of one colour; -kimkhā, Damask silk of different colours. المخاب kam<u>kh</u>ãb, An embroidered garment of one colour ;--kimkhāb, An embroidered cloth of divers colours.

لمنا باك kimkhā-bāf, A satin-weaver.

لمنها بانى kimkhā-bāfī, Satin-weaving.

kumakht, (in Zand and Pazand) Mixed.

a كم خوج kam-kharch, Parsimonious;—kam-karchi bālā-nishīn, Applied to anything of good quality purchased cheaply; at small expense living in good style.

a کم عرچی kam-<u>kh</u>archī, Parsimony ; eco-

nomy; penury.

کم خرد kam-khirad, Unwise, ignorant, foolish.

کم خردی kam-khiradi, Stupidity, foolishness.

kam-khwāb, One who sleeps کم خواب

little; brocade (see کمخاب). د معرایی kam-<u>kh</u>wābī, Want of sleep, sleeplessness, insomnia; brocaded, embroidered.

مر مر مرس nwm-<u>kh</u>war, A little eater. مراكي kam-<u>kh</u>wāragī, Abstemiousness. كم خواركي kam-<u>kh</u>wur, Abstemious, eating little.

kam-khwurāk, A little eater. کم خوراك kam-khwurī, Abstemiousness.

kam-khair. Good for little or کم خبر a nothing.

kamd (v.n.), Beating (a garment); -kamd, kamad, Change of colour; excessive grief, inward pain or sorrow; -- kamad (v.n.), Being afflicted, vexed, anxious;—kamid, Sad, sorrowful; one who conceals his grief.

عم ذات kam-zāt, Low-bred, of low caste. a کم ذاتی kam-zātī, Low extraction; base-

ness.

a کم ذهن kam-zihn, Forgetful; without mental power or abilities.

kamr (v.n.), Excelling anyone in the size of the glans penis; -kimr, A date which has fallen to the ground and is very soft; - kamar (pl. of kamarat), Glandes penum.

kamar (Z. kamara), The middle of

anything, the waist, loins; a girdle, zone, belt; the middle of a mountain; the flank of an army; an arch, cupola, dome, arched bridge; rocks tumbled from a mountain, especially when presenting an arched appearance; height; an apartment open in front; a fold, enclosure for cattle; -kamar az miyāni kase gushādan, To depose one from office; -kamari āftāb, A line passing the sun's centre; a mountain; also the hollows or caverns in it :- kamar bākhtan, To be unable to bear a burden; -- kamar baz kardan, = kamar gushadan, q.v. below; -kamar bar kamar, Height above height; -kamar bar miyan bastan (zadan), To gird oneself, to put on a belt; -kamar bastan, To put round the waist; to fasten the belt, tie the girdle; (met.) to prepare for action, to engage heart and soul in business; to choose; to be opposite, over against (an enemy); -kamar bastani āb, The freezing of water; -kamar tang bastan, To tighten the belt; -kamari khanjar (shamshīr), Belt for a dagger (or sword); -kamar dar kamar, In closest companionship; - kamar duzdīdan, To refuse service, to disobey; -kamari rustam, The rainbow; -kamari sang, The middle of a rock or stone; -kamar sīkh kardan, To make the belt straight, (met.) to take a little rest; -kamari koh, The middle of a mountain; the world-illuminating sun; the fourth heaven; Jesus Christ; the heavenly temple, i.e. Mecca, being built in imitation of the vault of heaven;—kamar kushādan (gushādan), To abandon, design, give up, desist; to wait; to turn away the eyes; - kamar kashidan, To draw the belt tight in order to strive for the attainment of a desired object, or of something still more valuable (as: bar kulāhi Farīdūn, in order to gain or eclipse the crown of Faridun) - kamari wahdat, A belt worn by dervishes; - kamari haft chashma, A girdle or belt adorned with seven gems;—kamari hilal-paikar, A waist like the new moon, i.e. extremely slender.

kamrā, A tower or lofty archway; a high wall; a sheepfold; the string worn

by the followers of Zoroaster.

kam-rāh, (A borse) slow-paced, sluggish.

کمر ہندی =) kamar-bast, Bravery کمر ہست

کمر بسته kamar-basta, Ready, prepared; a servant; -kamar-basta'i 'ubūdiyat, Attentive in serving.

کمر بند kamar-band, A waistband, sash, belt, girdle, zone; alert, ready for battle, prepared, armed; a servant.

kamar-bandagi, A girding of

the waist, a readiness for service.

کمر بندی kamar-bandi, Armament, preparation for battle; readiness for service.

kamar-dar, A servant, serving-

کمر دوال kamar-duwāl, A leathern belt. kamardūn, The rainbow.

kamar-chīn, A garment loose کمر چین about the chest; the bosom of a dress.

kamar-rakht, An ornamented کمر رخت bridle.

كمر زيب kamar-zeb, What serves as an adornment of the belt or of the waist.

کمر ساز kamar-saz, A horse-belt or girth; a maker of girdles; a clasp, buckle.

a کم رسم kam-rasm, Less usual; in little

kamar-farosh, A seller of belts کمر فروش

and girdles. H کمرک kamrak (S. karmaraka), Aver-

rhoa carambola. kamar-kash, A hero, a brave کم کش

man.

کمر کشاگی kamar-kushā'ī, Ungirding the loins; an exaction made by peons placed in restraint over anyone for permission to pull off his clothes and perform the ordinary functions of life.

kamar-gāh, The place where the

belt is put, the waist.

کم رنگ kam-rang, Pale, faint-coloured. کم رنگی kam-rangî, Paleness, faintness or lack of colour.

kamra, Dung. کمرة

رو kam-rav, kam-rau, Slow-paced (horse);—kam-rū, Lacking beauty, plain, ill-favoured; ugly; timid, cowardly, des-

kamrī, kamarī, (A horse) weak in the loins; bent; giving way under burden.

kamriya, (in Zand) Moonlight. kam-zār, What adorns the belt (as a bow, sword, &c.).

کم زبان kam-zabān, Weak of tongue; reserved, taciturn.

کم زبانی kam zabānī, Reserve in speech, taciturnity.

کمزدن kam-zadan, To diminish.

kam-zada, One who always throws low at dice; a hypocrite; an infidel; perverse, untoward, miserable; -kam-zada'i chand, Unbelievers, hypocrites.

کم زن kam-zan, A low thrower at dice; unfortunate; one who does not entertain too high notions of his own excellence; a

prudent manager.

kam-zor, Weak, powerless, feeble. kam-zorī, Weakness, feebleness.

a کم زیاد kam-ziyād, More or less (see kam u ziyād under کم).

کم سال kam-eāl, Young, juvenile.

کم سالی kam-sālī, Tender age, youth; minority, nonage.

kamast, It is little; a kind of stone of little value; a low, ignorant fellow; a kind of cup.

kam-sukhun, Taciturn, of few

words; unable to speak from emotion, grief, &c.; unhappy, unfortunate.

kam-sufra, One who keeps a poor کم سفرة table.

kamask, Milk and butter-milk mixed together, called by the Arabs shīrāz. a کم سن kam-sinn, Of few i.e. tender years,

a كم سلى بالى kam-sinnî, = كم سلى q.v. a كم سوال kam-suwāl, Who asks little or

nothing (opp. to کم جواب q.v.). A کمش kamsh (v.n.), Lopping (the extremities; being spent (provisions); swift, quick, penetrating (man).

a کم های kam-shan, Humble, unassuming.

kam-shuda, Lost. کم هدة

a کم هر kam-shar, Well-disposed, goodnatured.

a کم خرع kam-sharh, Low wages; (adv.) at a low rate, on moderate terms.

مرم مرم للمستعدد terms. كم هرم kam-sharm, Shameless, dest.

a کم هوی kam-shauq, Indifferent. کم هوی kam-shir, Giving little milk.

a کم ملا kam-salā [initial words of the mnemonic verse kam şalā au hatun la-hu (scan la-hū) dar sa', harfi manqūt-ash-rā (scan manqūtshi-rā) ba-jāyash da'], A method of transmuting words, so as to form a cypher-writing and cant language, mostly meaningless, sometimes mystical, and entirely unintelligible to all who do not possess the key. It consists in the interchange of the letters & with a (expressed by کم kam, and so on in the other instances, with (lam-alif), with ع , و with ه , with ه , with ه , with , and م with E, while all pointed letters remain unaltered. The word , , سلامت written according to this rule, becomes comes الاه (God).

a كم طاعت kam-ṭā'at, Disobedient. a كم طالع kam-ṭāli', Ill-starred, unlucky, unfortunate.

a کم طرف kam-zarf, Shallow; stupid, silly, witless; ignoble, vile; according to others unable to eat or drink much.

a کم طرفی kam-zarf i, Shallowness; witlessness, silliness, stupidity; baseness, meanness.

A کمع kem' (v.n.), Cutting off (the feet); going into; plunging the head (into water); going slowly (a horse), -kim', A tunic, garment; brink (of a river); a bedfellow; a house, mansion, home; -kama', The joint of the thigh; -kami', Weak; at everybody's beck and call.

a کم عدد kam-'adad, Deficient in number, small in quantity.

a کم عرض kam-'arz, Narrow.

a کم عقل kam-'aql, Of feeble understand ing or intellect; ignorant, fatuous, foolish. a کم عقلی kam-'aqlī, Want of intellect, stupidity, fatuity.

م سال = ; kam-'umr, Short-lived کم عمر ه

a کم عمری kam-'umrī, Shortness of life, = کم سالی q.v.

a کم عیار kam-iyār, Below standard, al-

a كم فراغى kam-firāahī, Want of leisure

a کم فرمتی kam-fursati, Want of oppor-

kam-farosh, A seller of short

a كم عقل kam-fahm, Stupid, &c. (= كم عقل q.v.),

a کم فهمی kam-fahm, = کم فهمی q.v. a کم قدر kam-qadr, Worthless.

a کم ندری kam-qadrī, Worthlessness; decline, deterioration, degradation.

a کم قدم kam-qadam, Slow-paced. a کم قوم kam-qūwat, Feeble, powerless. a کم قوتی kam-qūwatī, Weakness, powerlessness, inability.

a کم قیمت kam-qīmat, Low-priced. kumak, A corps of auxiliaries.

کم کار kam-kār, Inexperienced in business.

کم کاسک ان kam-kāsa, pl. کم کاسک kam-kāsagan, Niggardly, sordid; mean-spirited.

کم کاهنی kam- $kar{a}$ eht $ar{\imath}$, Shameful $ar{\imath}$ disgrace. A کمکام kamkām, Compressed, squat; tears or gum of a tree found in the hilly parts of Yaman.

kam-kam, Little by little; -- kumkum, A tankard; a quicksand; saffron; also kumkumi āftāb, The noise made in counting out gold;—also kumkumi niqāb, The noise made in digging a well or mine.

kumakī, Auxiliary. كمكو

kam-guftār, Of few words, taci-

goy), Taciturn. speak-کم کو ing little.

kam-gosht, Liean. کم گوهت

کم کوئی kam-go'i, Reserve, taciturnity. کملا ه kamal-an, Altogether, wholly, en-

tirely; -kumalā' (pl. of kāmīl), The per-

كملكان kamalkān, A streamlet; a waterdrop.

کملول ۸ kumlūl, A kind of wild pot-herb; a desert.

kamla, A kind of blanketing; kumla, Foolish, ignorant, stupid.

kamlī, A very coarse woollen dress كملى worn by the poor.

کم مایکی kam-māyagî, Smallness of capi-

kam-māya, Ill-provided or stocked.

a کم مصنعی kam-mihnatī, Indolence. A kimamat (pl. of kumm), Sleeves. kam-nām, Unknown; anonymous; of little repute.

يم نامي kam-nāmī, Obscure reputation. kamanja, A sort of violin.

kamand, A halter, noose, snare, lasso; slip-knot; a scaling-ladder; a lock of hair; -kamand andākhtan, To throw a noose, to catch any fugitive man or animal; -kamand halqa kardan, (met.) To prepare for the hunt or battle:—kamand kardan, To scale a wall; -kamand-am bi-yandakht, He caught me in his lasso;—dar kamand kardan, To catch in a noose or toil. (The word is moreover construed with the verbs bar-chīdan, pāra kardan, pechīdan, gusastan, gushadan, &c.).

-kamand کمند اندار kamand-afgan کمند انگن

andaz, Who throws the lasso, &c.

-ka کمند اندازی ,kamand-afgani کمند انگنی mand-andazī, The art of throwing the lasso. a کم نمیب kam-naṣīb, Unfortunate, luckless.

a کم نصیبی kam-naṣībī, Misfortune, ill-

luck.

a کم نظر kam-nazar, Dim or weak-sighted. کم نگاه kam-nigāh, Dim-sighted; inattentive, neglectful.

kam-nigāhī, Inattention, neg-

lect, disregard, coldness.

a كم لور kam-nūr, Dim-sighted, nearly blind (m.c.).

کم لیت kam-nait (probably for P. kamān "bow" + S. netā "owner"), An archer.

kam-naitī, Archery. کم نیعی

kam-waz, Gently blowing (a breeze). kamūn, A camel which does not كمون whish her tail when covered or in foal;kumūn (v.n. of کسی), Lurking, lying hid or in ambush; an ambuscade; — kammūn, Cummin-seed; — kammūni armanī, Caraways; -- kammūni ḥabashī, A sort of coriander ;-kammūni halw, Aniseed.

kumūn-hā, The men of the Com-

mune, the Communists (m.c.).

kammūnī, A medicine in which cummin-seed is mixed; dressed cummin.

kama, A scolopendra; according to

others a fillet, hat, mitre.

A with, Name of a fish; -- kamah (v.n.), Being blind from birth; suffering from dimness of sight; being dark (day); being ignorant of; losing one's reason.

kamuhrī, A kind of grape.

a کم همت kam-himmat, Unambitious; mean-spirited.

a کم همتی kam-himmatī, Want of ambi-

tion or spirit; meanness

kamī, Smallness, deficiency, paucity, loss; abatement; lurking-place, ambush; a horoscope; -kamī kardan, To be scanty or deficient.

a کمي kamī, Armed, a mailed warrior; bold, brave;—kammī, How much?

لمياب kam-yab, Rare, difficult to be found.

kam-yābī, Rarity, scarcity. كميابي

kamī-beshī, An abstract account کمی بیشی of the increase and decrease of the rental of each individual in a village (a revenueterm in India).

لمية له kammiyat, Quantity; form; number; value.

kumait, A bay horse with a black tail and mane; wine of a deep red colour; -kumaiti ahamm, Dark chesnut or bay ;kumaiti mudammá, Bright chesnut; name of a poet; -kumaiti nishāt, Red wine.

kamecha, A small bow; a harp,

lute; a fire-fly.

kumikht, (in Zand) Mixed together.

kamīd, Sad, sorrowful, one who conceals his grief.

kamīdan, To grow less, be diminished; to rise in the scale; to suck.

kumīz, kimīz, Urine; dung, ordure ; kumīz ba-shitāb, Diabetes; --kumīz kardan (andākhtan), To urine, stale ;—kumīzi munjumid, Gravel or stone in the bladder.

كميزدان kumīzdān, The bladder; a cham-

ber-pot. کمبر کرننگی kumīz-giriftagī, Strangury. kumiz-giritta, Strangurious. کمیر گرفته kumizidan, To make water, urine,

stale.

kamīzha, A bay-horse with a black كميوة tail; a herb growing between trefoil. (Doubtful.)

kamīn, Deficient, defective; meaner, baser; a menial servant, a menial; the

little finger.

ا کمین 🛦 kamīn, An ambush, lurking-place where anyone can make observation without being seen; liers in wait; an entering into an affair which one does not understand;—ba-kamīni mā, In order to spy upon us (m.c.);—kamīn sākhtan, To lie in wait, to form an ambuscade. (Moreover construed with the verbs awardan, burdan, zadan, kardan, giriftan, gushādan, &c.)

,kamīn-dār کمین دار kamīn-āwar کمین آور One who prepares an ambush, who lies in

wait.

a كبين ذات kamīn-zāt, The lower orders. kamīn-sāz, A lier in wait.

kamīn-sāzī, A laying of snares. کمین سازی مَهِينگَاهُ kamîn-gāh, An ambush.

kamīnagī, Lowness, meanness, baseness; low birth.

kamīn-gar (ب war), A lier in wait. kamīna, Defective; base, abject, in a mean condition; humble, servile.

kan, A tree; a place full of trees; a fish-spear, trident; name of a village near Teheran; (from kandan in comp.) one who digs, tears out, eradicates, &c., as [par-kan, Who pulls out feathers;—khūrā-kan, Breaking stones; -qal'a-kan, Demolisher of castles; -koh-kan, An underminer of mountains;-farhādi koh-kan u sang-afkan, Farhad, the underminer of mountains, and the piercer of stones;—'adūyi bekh-kan, An enemy who extirpates by the roots, and gives a total overthrow;]-kin, Close stitching; -kun (for $k\bar{u}n$), The podex; (imperative of kardan in comp.) a maker or doer, who makes or does; as dar- $miy\bar{a}n$ -kun, Producing in the middle

אנח (imp. of אני), Be, let there be; as [kun fa-kāna (yakūnu), (God said, or says) Be, and it was, or is;—kāfi kun, The k, or initial letter of the word kun; (hence met.) the beginning of creation;—māliki kun fa-kāna, The Lord Creator (see also אוריים);]—kann (v.n. of אוריים), Covering, preserving, protecting; shading from the sun; concealing, keeping secret;—kinn, A veil or any similar covering; a shade, umbrella; an asylum, shelter, place of refuge.

צל kanā, kunā, Ground; a field prepared with a raised border for sowing;—kinā, (in Zand and Pāzand) A fish;—kunā, Doing,

making.

A كناب kināb, A branch or cluster of dates.

كنابد kanābad, Name of the place where the twelve champions of Irān and Tūrān fought.

kanāj, Consultation, deliberation

(doubtful).

الله kanād, A turtle-dove;—kunād, (God) grant!

کنادار kannādār, A kind of shoe or

nlipper.

kanār, kinār, A side, brink, coast, shore, extremity, limit, boundary, edge; separation, disunion; hem (of a garment); margin (of a book); the stalk whence bunches of grapes or dates hang; banana or plaintain-fruit; [kanāri āb raftan, (met.) To satisfy a natural want; -kanār āmadan. To retire, to stand aside, to keep aloof; -kanāri bahr, The sea-shore; -kanār jastan (giriftan), To fly, retire; -kanār kardan az, To separate from, to shun; -kanār kashidan, To draw one aside, to take apart; —az (dar) kanār, Aside, apart; not to mention;]—kinār, The lap; the bosom; an embrace; dalliance; [kinār kardan, To embrace; to approximate, draw to one; dar kinār āwardan (kardan, kashīdan, guzāshtan, giriftan), To embrace, take hold of, obtain; -kinar u bos, Kissing and embracing;]—kunār, kunnār, The lote-fruit. كاركبر kanār-gīr, A circle, hoop, ring.

kanār-gir, A circle, noop, ring.

kanā-rang, kunā-rang, Governor
of a province; a grandee; a lord-marcher,
margrave, landgrave; a petty dynasty;
weeping in secret; whispering, speaking
privately; a tax-gatherer, revenue-collector; a night-watch; name of a demon.

kunārang-dil, Noble or stout of

heart.

a hem, border; a hook, especially that whereon a butcher hangs his meat, sham-

bles;—kanāra kardan (gusīdan, giriftan), To retire, withdraw;—rūsh kanāra kurda, With averted face (m.c.).

اره دار kanāra-dār, Having a border,

bordered.

کناره کش kanāra-kash, Who draws aside, holds aloof, withdraws.

كنارة كشي kanāra-kashī, Drawing aside;

holding aloof; withdrawal.

کناره کرد kanāra-gard, Who keeps on the edge, does not enter the middle; an outsider.

كنارة كيران kanāra-gīrān, Coasters; with-drawers from a crowd, from business, from the world.

H كنارى kinārī, (Gold or silver) lace. kinārī-bāf, A lace-maker. كنارى باك kinārī-farosh, A laceman.

كنارين kanārīn, An extremity; extreme. كنارين kanāz, The stalk whence bunches of

grapes or dates hang.

لكنز kanāz, kināz (v.n. of كناز kanāz, kināz (v.n. of كناز kaning up dates in store; dates heaped up to be packed for preservation;—kināz, A girl firm of flesh.

کنس kinās (v.u. of کنس), Fleeing to its covert, hiding amongst the bushes (a deer); the lair or hiding-place of a deer;—kannās, A sweeper.

A كناسة kunāsat, Sweepings, rubbish, dust.

a کنامی kannāsī, The office of a sweeper. كنام kunāgh, Silk, a thread of silk; a silkworm's cocoon; a spider's web; a side, border, margin.

a كنانغ kunāfa, A kind of sweetmeat (=

rishta'i qaṭā'if q.v. under رهته). ناك kanāk, Belly-ache, gripes.

kunām, kunnām, A house, dwelling; the den or retreat of a wild beast; a bed, resting-place; a bird's nest; pasture.

kunān (part. pres. of kardan). Making, doing;—tafarruj-kunān, Taking recreation, walking;—jilwa-kunān, Shining, resplendent;—jang-kunān, Making war, fighting;—sair-kunān, Travelling, going, walking;—ghārat-kunān, Making depredations;—nāla-kunān, Groaning.

kinānat, A quiver of leather without any wood, or vice versa; name of a

tribe.

كنانغ kanāna, Old, not new; worn out.

كنانيدى kunānīdan, To cause to do or make.

كناية kināyat, kināya (v.n. of کني), Calling (anything) by a significant name; a metaphor, metonymy; a nickname, a patronymic; — kināya zadan, To speak in metaphors, or allusions; to allude to.

kana'is (pl. of kanāsat), Churches. كناس kanb (v.n.), Collecting (in a bag); —kanab, Callousness of the hands and feet from labour;—kanib, in P. kanab, Hemp; the inebriating hemp-seed; a hempen rope.

كىب kumb, Cassia fistularis; the city of Kum.

كنبانيدن kambānīdan, To incline. kanabt, kinibt, A bee.

a کنبدانه kanab-dāna, Hemp-seed.

kambūr, Fraud, deceit. كنبور

kambūra, Fraud, deceit; usury; according to others speaking and hearing, tumult, clamour.

kambūrīdan, To defraud, deceive. كنبة kanaba, Raw thread.

كنبورة kamboza, خنبورة q.v.

kimbahn, Seed of turpentine: juni-

per-berries.

kambidan, To draw (a thing) from a place and take it away; -kumbidan, To rise up; to ascend; to leap.

kumbiza, A species of cucumber;

an unripe melon.

kannat, The wife of a son or of a brother; kinnat, A veil or any similar covering; a shade, umbrella; -kunnat, A pent over a doorway or projecting from a wall; a bench in front or at the top of a bouse.

کنت kint, Name of a city (see کنت). kinatū, Seed of the Palma Christi.

كنج kanj, The uvula; a vain, foolish fellow; saying, telling; coagulated milk; drawn out; chosen; the little toe; -kinj, A hugh, powerful, formidable elephant; kunj, A corner, nook; a narrow street, confined place; a bower; a grove; a subterraneous excavation; wrinkle, plait; bent double, crooked, hump-backed; — kunji chashm, The inner corner of the eye.

,kunjār کنجال ,kunjāra کنجاره ,kunjāl کنجار kunjāla, Sediment, dregs, caput mortuum, remains of anything squeezed.

كنجايش $kunj\bar{a}yish$, خنجايش q.v.

kunjud, The grain sesame; rape-

kunjada, kunjida, كنجدك kunjada, kunjida, kunjuda, A kind of gum, sarcocolla, fleshglue; bezoar-stone; a freckle, a mole; kunjada, Sediment, drugs, remains of anything squeezed; caput mortuum.

kinjar, A large, stout, wild ele-

phant.

kinjar u pinjar, Pinching. كنهر و ينجر kunjishk, kunjashk, A sparrow (see

kunj-shunj, A subterraneous passage, a mine; the undermining of a wall;

a covered way; a ditch.

لنجك kanjak, A tree called pashshaghāl, having a thick, smooth stem and dense foliage; -kunjak, A curiosity of any kind, whatever is new and excites admiration.

کنج کنج کنج کنج کنج کنج کنج

and little.

kunjul, Anything contracted, shrunk كنجل up, or wrinkled; the hand or foot with the fingers or toes contracted; bread which,

by accident, has fallen into the embers of the oven.

كنجلك kunjulak, Wrinkle, fold, plait. كنج لنج كنج لنج لنج لنج الم

kunjur, Treasure ;—kanjwar, Treasurer.

kunja, An ass whose lower jaw is swollen; an ass that has lost his tail.

kunjid, Sesame-seed.

kunjida, Oil-cake, the husks of seeds, after the oil has been expressed.

کنج کنچ کنچ کنچ کنچ کنچ کنچ کنچ

کنچه kuncha, = کنچه q.v. کنچه kana<u>kh</u>, Sour milk thickened by

straining off the whey.

kanakht, The water of a sword-blade. كند kand, Hemp; sugar; a wound; a pick-axe; flight; a village; name of a village in Turkistan whence they bring the best almonds; -kind, Name of a city (see ننت) ;—kund, Dull, blunt ; a stupid man, blockhead; dolt; a blunt sword or knife; anything unsaleable, not fetching its value; hold, brave, strong; wise, learned, sage; a philosopher; a fetter, clog; stocks; penis; the testicles (see >>); -kund shudani bāzār, The being dull of the market; -kund namūdan, To be set on edge (teeth); to be dull, benumbed.

A کند kand (v.n.), Cutting.

كندا kundā, kandā, Learned, wise; a philosopher, prophet, soothsayer; warlike; -kundā, Name of a painter.

kandagar, A carver, engraver; kundāgar, Learned, wise; brave, bold.

کنداگری kandāgarī, Carving, engraving. kundamoya, The hair a child is کندامویه born with; the small yellow plumage on young birds.

kundāwāla, Tall, corpulent, robust; a fat, ugly, ill-formed, beardless

kundāwar, Brave, bold, valiant, courageous, warlike; a hero, champion; wise, learned.

kundāwarī, Heroism, valour; an

heroic exploit.

كند خانة kand-khāna, Depressed, humble; a small basket; a bed or sleeping-place.

a کند ذهن kand-zihn, Dull of intellect, obtuse.

a کند ذهنی kand-zihnī, Dullness of comprehension, obtuseness, stupidity.

کندر kandar, A town, city; name of a city in Khurāsān; (for ki andar) who or which (is) in ;—kandur, An earthen vessel in which wheat and bread are put;— kundur (G. χόνδρος), Mastic; name of a Slavonic king, ally of Afrasiyab; -kunduri rūmī, Mastic.

kandar, A species of astrological کندر A calculation, borrowed from the Greek; kundur, A dwarf; a short, thick-set man

a stout ass; frankincense; a kind of juniper-gum used for medicinal purposes.

kundurak, Mastic.

kund-rav, kund-rau, Walking with a limp, limping; halting (fortune); [kund-rav shudan, To vanish;]—kundrū (better also kund-rav), Name of the vazir of Zahhāk; mastic (see the preceding article).

كندروع kundarūj, كندروع kundurūz, A bee-

hive.

كندروه كندروه kandarūsh, Hillocky, hilly ground. كندرة kandara, Name of a small water-bird.

كندر kun-diz, An old fortress; an old palace or upper room; name of a city built by Faridūn in Tūrān;—kunduz, Name of a city built by Jamshed.

يند زبان kund-zabān, A stammerer.

کند زبانی kund-zabānī, An impediment or hesitation in speaking, stammering.

كندش kindis, A magpie (see A. كندس).

kundus, A certain root, black without, yellow within, and a sternutatory in medicine.

kundusa, Glasswort.

كندش kandush, kundish, A lump of cotton prepared for spinning; a stick for winding cotton upon; glasswort.

kundush, A magpie; name of a

sternutative medicine.

kand-shāpūr, Name of a city. کند هاپور

کند فهم kund-fahm, Dull of intellect. کند فهمی kund-fahmi, Dulness of intellect. کند فهمی kundak, Bread broken in pieces.

كندك kandag, A ditch, a moat (see كندك). كند كوش kund-gosh, Hard of hearing, deafish.

کندگی kandagi, Sculpture, engraving; a ditch.

کندلان kandulán, kundalán, A sort of tent. کندلان kundula, Anything surrounded and brought together.

kandmand, A house in ruins.

extract, tear up, root out, extirpate; to raze (the foundations of a house); to skin, peel, unbark; to carve, engrave; to separate; to gather; to flee; to be entangled, embroiled;—bar-kandan, To dig, to uproot, extract, tear out (see also وين عن);—bar-kanda-qadr, Low, vile, abject;—ba-shamsher jān az bar bar-kandan, To kill with the sword;—dardi dil kandan, To allay one's sorrow;—sī tomān dādan-rā jān mī-kanad, At (the idea of) giving thirty tomān he breaks his heart (m.c.);—zi-bun bar-kandan, To eradicate;—zi-beķh bar-kandan, To tear out a tree by the roots;—kandan jān (dil), Giving up the ghost; death-agony.

kandū, kundū (S. kunda), A vessel

kandū, kundū (S. kunda), A vessel made of clay, in which grain is kept; a bee-hive;—kundū, A demon of the woods.

kundwāla, Firm, robust, and tall (man); an ugly, ill-made, beardless youth.

a کندو kandūj (from. P. کندو kandū), A clay vessel in which grain is kept.

كندو عائد مائد kandū-khāna, A vessel in which the butter is separated from the churned milk; a small-basket; a beehive.

kundur, Mastic (unsupported by

examples, but see کندر kundur).

کندوره kandūra, A large table; a linen or leathern cover for a table, a table-cloth.

كندورى kandūrī, A leathern cover for a table; a napkin; a feast held in honour of Fātima, of which only women (and those the most virtuous) can partake, no male ever being permitted to see the food dressed on this occasion and set apart for an offering to the Prophet's daughter; name of a gourd.

كىدوز kundoz, A large needle.

كندوش kandosh, A stony, rough, difficult road; the wages of a day's labour; daily pay; mastic, white resin;—kundosh, A poisonous weed.

كندوك أن kundūk, A shop; a capacious jar made of clay, in which grain is laid up for

future use.

کند و کوب *kand-u-kob*, Disquiet, unsteadi-

كدرلة kundūla, A basket, a jar for holding grain; broken pottery.

کندریدستر kundwidastar, Testicles of a

kanda, Digged, excavated; engraved, carved; a ditch round fortified towns, gardens, or fields; a fosse, moat; a mound, dyke; any hollow place made as a shelter for travellers; a fold for cattle cut out at the foot of a mountain; an old man or woman; misfortune; inconvenient; of a bad disposition; [kanda'i chahārband, The world;—kanda'i hezam, A wood-cutter;] kunda, The stocks for offenders, a kind of clog or wooden fetters for captives; stump of a tree; a butcher's chopping-block; a shoemaker's cutting-board; stock of a gun; a wooden gun (used by raw recruits); wing (of a bird); arm (of a paper kite); a piece or patch (in trousers); curd; a fool, blockhead, man of dull understanding; a robust, beardless youth; a demon of the woods; anything brayed in a mortar; the silken bands with which a falcon's wings are confined when travelling; his collar and fastenings of bells to his legs; a falconer's cage; a potter's wheel; a stable; massive (= kund);—kunda bar pā'i khweshzad, He has injured himself; kunda'i tīr khwurda, Experienced, versed in worldly matters.

کنده پیر kanda-pīr, An old woman.

كندة عاية kanda-khaya, Ruptured; castrated.

کنده روی $kanda-r\bar{u}y$, A table-cloth or towel.

کنده کار kanda-kār, An engraver, carver,

sculptor; engraved, carved (as seal-rings or sword-hilts).

کنده کاری kanda-kārī, Engraving, sculp-

kandagar, A carver, engraver.

kandagarī, Engraving ;—kandagarī kardan, To grave, to carve.

کنده موی kanda-moy, The down upon a new-hatched bird.

kanda-wash, A stony road.

kanda-heram, Wood felled upon the mountains; the stocks.

kandī, Name of a flower (Pandanus odoratissimus);—kundī, Dulness, hebetude, stupidity;—kundī'i bīnā'ī, Dimness of sight;—kundī'i dandān, The stupor of the teeth from eating anything acid.

کندین kandidan, To dig, or cause to dig. کندیل kindil, A noose for strangling;—kindili kase kardan, To strangle a person; to take from by violence, to put the screw

kanar, کنوه kanara, Canara in India.

kanz (v.n.), Treasuring, storing, hoarding, laying up; putting anything into a case or repository; store; treasure (especially gold or silver buried in the ground);—kunuz (pl. of kināz), Girls firm of flesh.

kanaz, That part of the stem of a bunch of dates which joins the tree.

لنوا kanzā, Wise, learned, philosophic; a herb or flower which grows spontaneously.

kans (v.n.), Sweeping, cleaning;—kunus, kunnas (pl. of kinās), Coverts of deer;—kunnas, The seven planets; according to others, five erratic stars.

kanast, kunist, A fire-temple.

كستو kanastū, An alkaline herb for washing.

kunsel-datā, Council of state

(m.c. from Fr. conseil d'état).

كنش ه kansh, A plaiting or flouncing of the fringe of a garment; a softening of the dentifrice miswāk.

کنش kanish, A digging, plucking up; [jān-kanish, Agony of death (see خنون کندی);] — kunish, Action, operation, business; custom, habit, manner, disposition; a criminal; a Christian church; a Jewish synagogue; a fire-temple.

kunisht, A fire-temple; a Jew's synagogue; a pig-sty; profession, occupation;—bad-kunisht, Malignant, villainous.

كنفتو kanashtū, An alkaline herb with which they wash clothes; unripe grapes; rubbish.

kanashtūk, An alkaline herb for

washing clothes.

kinishk, A throbbing pain; a wound from an arrow.

كنشكاد kunish-gār, كنشكاد kunishmand, Who performs a work or action, a worker, an operator.

كنشن kunishn, An act, work; a firetemple; a Jew's synagogue; a pig-sty.

kanshū, Unripe grapes.

kanz (v.n.), Afflicting, grieving, annoying, oppressing (any matter or business); filling.

elapsed, a third remaining; root, origin; a gate;—kun' (pl. of akna'), Disabled in the arms by fracture or dislocation; unequal to any business;—kana' (v.n.), Being contracted (fingers);—kani', Broken with age, wrinkled.

كنعال kan'āl, A falcon raising his head and body when he eyes his prey; a dangler after women (see كيفال, and كنفال, and كيفال), Greedy of prey.

kan'ān, Canaan. كنعان م

a کنعانی kan'ānī, Of or belonging to Canaan, a Canaanite.

kingh, The matter which hardens in the corner of the eye.

kinghāl, A wencher:—kunghāl, An interview in private between friends.

كنهان kanghāla, Whoredom; a matrimonial suit; a whore; a request, wish; a miser; a whoremonger; avarice; a hero; name of a mountain in Khurāsān.

A Lanf (v.n.), Guarding, preserving, protecting, aiding, assisting; making an enclosure for cattle; constructing a privy or a sewer;—kinf, A shepherd's scrip; a bag in which a trader puts up smaller commodities;—kunf (pl. of kanīf), Privies, necessaries;—kanaf, Side, edge, margin; coast, shore; wing (of a bird); protection, guardianship; shade, shadow.

كىف kanaf, A cord made of flax. كىفال kinfal, A wencher (see كيفال).

A کنفهٔ kanafat, A tract of country where camels feed; a side, margin, coast.

kunfus, Short. كنفث

kinfiral, The tip, also the side, of the nose.

المنفكان kun-fa-kān, Let it be, and it was;—also māliki kun-fa-kān, Lord of "let it be, and it was" (an epithet of the Almighty).

kanfalīl, A large beard. كنفليل

adwelling for the spring-season; a temple; an Indian pagoda;—kink, A mandate; a young man whose beard begins to grow;—kunk, Earthen water-pipes or conduits;—kanak, kinik, kinak, A kind of grass of which they make cord; a walnut, the kernel of which it is difficult to pull out; parsimonius, stingy.

كىگاچ kinkāj, كىكائل kinkāsh, = كىگاچ

کگاش qq.v. کنگاش *kunkalk*, A shirt or shift.

ككوس kankūs, A demon. كنكوس kang, Wing of a bird; arm of a man from the tips of the fingers to the shoulder; limb or branch of a tree;—king,

A youth of a clumsy, ill-shaped body; a vulgar, impudent, talkative fellow; -kung, A man of a gross, stout habit; a beardless and impudent youth; name of a certain sea-port; the end of the stalk of a bunch of dates next the tree.

ككاب kangāb, Syrup, jalap, ptisan. ككان kangāj, kingāj, Counsel, consultation, deliberation; --kingāj, A crab.

kangār, kungār, A snake which has recently cast his slough.

kingās, kangās, Counsel: a crab.

kangāsh, kingāsh, Counsel, deliberation, consultation, conference, esp. of conspirators; [kingash khwastan, To ask counsel; -kingāsh raftan (kardan, namūdan), To consult, deliberate; -kingāsh, A crab.

كالله kangāla, A dangling after women; a matrimonial suit; a courtesan; a miser; name of a mountain in Khurāsān.

kangar, A kind of artichoke; obstinacy, contentiousness; [kangar kandan, To toil in vain; - kingir, Name of a musical instrument used in India: -kungur, A large owl; a beam projecting from a wall; a player on the kettle-drum; a young branch; shameless; a kind of beggar (see p. 721); a battlement, pinnacle;kunguri kibriyā, Pinnacle of greatness.

کنگران kangarān. An owl; rye.

kangar-zhad, کنگر ود kangar-zid,

Artichoke-gum. kingira, A musical instrument having کنگره only two wires;—kungura, A niched battlement, notched parapet, pinnacle, turret; an acroterium; plumes upon helmets, orna-

ments upon crowns.

kungura-dar, Embattled, crested. kangarī, Artichoke-gum ;—kingirī, kingri, Name of a musical instrument made of two gourds, used in Hindüstan; a kind of lute (see کنگره kingir and کنگره kingira).

ليسا غاليسة kanlisa, = كليسا q.v. (probably

misrcading).

کن مکن kun ma-kun, Do and do not; irresolute, hesitating in giving orders; a sovereign, a commander; commands and prohibitions.

kanand, A boe, spade, or instrument كىند for turning up ground which cannot be

kananda, A digger, one who tears anything up; -kunanda, A maker; a factor, agent, doer; -murafa'a kunanda, Who directs the proceedings of a court, a judge (m.c.).

kanau, kanū, Hemp.

kanw (v.n.), Speaking metaphorically; designating by a patronymic.

kinwat, kunwat, A patronymic.

ل كنود A منود kanūd, Ungrateful, unthankful, rebellious against God or man; avaricious;

-kunūd (v.n. of كند), Being ungrateful; ingratitude.

كنودان kanaudān, kanūdān, كنودان kanaudāna, kanūdāna, Hemp-seed (eaten roasted

to procure an appetite or get fat).

kanūr, A basket or wooden vessel for holding bread or corn; a large jar of unbaked clay, in which grain is preserved from fire; kanūr, kinūr, Fraud, deceit; kunūr, kanūr, Thunder;-kunūr, kunwar, A doer, worker, agent (= کننده kunanda, q.v.).

kanūra, kinūra, A cheat, deceiver,

trifler.

kanūrīdan, kinūrīdan, To cheat, deceive.

A کنوز kunūz (pl. of kanz), Treasures. کنوز kanūza, kunūza, kinūza, Dressed cotton-wool.

kanūsh, Afir-tree; a cypress. (Doubt-

ful word.)

A کنوع kunū' (v.n. of کنوع), Drawing oneself together; contracting or clapping close the wings when flying downward (an eagle); approaching; being near setting (a star); being submissive, gentle, humble; adhering to the garments (perfume); swearing by God; desiring, being greedy or covetous.

kanūn, A large jar of unbaked clay to preserve corn; -kunun (for aknun), Now; God willing; - khwud-kunun, This very

moment (= هم كنون q.v.).

kunūna, State, condition (present or expected); -kunūna firo mānd, Matters fell short of my expectations, I was disappointed; -chi kununa dari, How do you do?

کنه kunh, Substance; sum, extreme, height, depth (of anything); quantity, species, mode; time; face, aspect.

kanah, A tick; -- kinna, Mastic; --

kunna, Shade; shady.

u كنهان kunhā, كنهان kanhān, kunhān, A plant like the juniper.

kan-haza, A yawning-fit before a

fever.

A کنهور kanahwar, Clouds like mountains; a large mass.

kanahwarat, A large old she-

camel.

لنه ها kana-hā (pl. of kana), Ticks.

A کنی kuná (pl. of kunyat), Metonymies; kanīy, kanī, One who has a patronymic similar to that of another person; cognominal.

كنيا kanyā, (in Zand and Pāzand) Hollow

within.

کنیپ kunīb, A fetter, band (unsupported;

see also کنیت).

Linyat, kunyat (v.n. of کنیه kinyat, kunyat (v.n. of کنیه ا ing or naming (anyone) by a word which has another meaning, dubbing, especially by the designation of father (abū) or son (ibn, vulg. bin), &c. of such a one, a filionymic, a patronymic.

kunet (for kuned), Do you; - kunīt, A band, fetter (unsupported; see also

كنير kanīr, A glutton; a lazy fellow.

لام المانية ا

كنيوك kanīzak, A girl ;—kanīzaki firāshī,

A kept mistress.

كنيزك زادة kanīzak-zāda, Son of a slave-girl or bond-woman.

kanīzagī, The condition or duty of

a female servant or girl.

كنيزي kanīzī, Maidenhood, girlhood; state of maid-servant or slave-girl; servitude.

a کنیسا kanīsā, A church, synagogue,

temple.

منيسة kanīsat, kanīsa, A Christian church; a Jewish synagogue; a temple; (met., if not with A termination for P. kanīz) a beautiful woman.

kunīsh, An action, good or bad.

kanīf, A privy, necessary; a sewer; a place for washing the face and hands, a lavatory; a shield; an enclosure for cattle made of branches, &c.;—kunaif (dim. of kinf), A small scrip or wallet; a nickname given by 'Umar to Ibn Ma'sūd.

kav, Clever, ingenious; power; stature; —ko (for ki o), That he; who, which, what;—kū, Where? where is he gone? a broad street, square, market-place; a nar-

row street, an alley.

کوادری لاتر kwādrī-lātar, The four Venetian fortresses ceded in 1866 by Austria to Italy (m.c. from Fr. Quadrilatère).

kiwāda, The wooden sill of a door; the piece of wood in which the lower pivot turns.

A كوالاب kawāzib (pl. of kāzib), False; liars.

أوار kawār, A leek; a thick mist which appears in summer nights;—kawār, kuwār, A basket for carrying about fruit on the back;—kuwār, Name of a town near Shīrāz.

kawārā, kuwārā, The wooden sill of

A كواريط kamāris (pl. of kāris), Distressed, afflicted; (pl. of kārisat) troublesome affairs, molestations.

kuwarun, Disease of skin, prickly

heat.

kawāra, A basket or pannier for carrying fruit about upon the back; a thick mist which appears during the night in the snmmer months; a bee-hive;—kuwāra, An earthen vessel.

داره داره داره kawāra-dàn, A shepherd, herdsnan.

خواز kawāz, A kind of bottle carried by travellers; a stick for driving cattle.

kowāza, A close-mouthed traveller's bottle;—kiwāza, An ox-goad;—kuwāza, A poached egg.

kawazh, Reproach, reprehension,

taunt.

كواژه kawāzha, Jesting, bantering, jeering, ridiculing; a jester; bread half-baked; a poached egg.

كواس kuwās, Quality, property; way,

manner.

A کواست kawāsib, Wild beasts; extremities of the body, hands, feet.

kawāsir (pl. of kāsirat), Breakers; eagles; camels which break the branches.

كواسمة kuwasama, Easy, not difficult. كواسمة kuwasa, Quality, property, way,

manner

لاسيمة kuwāsīma, Easy; easiness, facility. kuwāsh, Mode; quality, property. كواهبه kuwāshama, Easy, not difficult.

kuwāsha, Quality, way, manner. کواهير kawāshār, Name of a place whence are brought turquoise-stones of a light

colour and little value (see گواهير). *kuwāshīma*, Easy; easiness, faci-

lity.

A خواعب kawā'ib (pl. of kā'ib), Swelling-breasted girls.

kawaghiz (pl. of P. kaghiz),

Papers; documents.

أَوْالْرِ لَمْ kawāfir, Wine-jars; (pl. of kāfirat) infidel or unbelieving women; (pl. of kāfūr) flowers of the palm-tree.

A برائم kawākib (pl. of kaukab), Stars, constellations; standards (corresponding to the Persian عدا q.v.); [zū kawākib, Sorrowful, mournful (day);—rangi hawārā ba-kawākib siturdan, To remove the colour (i.e. darkness) of the air by the stars, to illumine the sky;]—kuwākib, Name of a mountain whence mill-stones are cut.

a کواکب هکوه kawākib-shukūh, Magnificence of the stars; of star-like magnificence. a کواکب هناس kawākib-shinās, An astro-

nomer; an astrologer.

كوال kawāl, kuwāl, Gain, growth, increase. كوالله kuwālghuncha, Red paint for the face.

kawālif, A kind of white thorn or

thistle of which camels are fond.

لوليدن kawālīdan, kuwālīdan. To gain, acquire, heap up; to grow, increase, abound; to flourish, ripen.

لواليدة kawālīda, kuwālīda, Gained, ac-

quired; grown, increased.

A کوانین kawānīn (pl. of kānūn), Chafing-dishes.

خوارم $k\bar{u}'\bar{u}m$, The bog-rush. خوارم $k\bar{u}'\bar{i}m$, Name of a herb.

kaub (v.n.), Drinking water out of a vessel without handle or spout;— $k\bar{u}b$, A cup, or any vessel without spout or handle, an ewer; -kawab, Largeness of head with slenderness of neck.

خوب kob (in comp. from koftan or kobīdan). Beating, striking, smiting; or who beats or strikes; a stroke, bang, whack, knock, blow, thump; a touch; an elephantgoad; a mat made of very coarse reeds.

בְּאִט kobān (part. of koftan), Beating,

&c.

لوبانيدن kobānīdan, To cause to beat,

bruise, bang, whack, or thump.

kaubat, A sigh for anything lost or کوبه ه irretrievable; -kūbat, The game of chess; also of nard; tables; a small drum; a kind (See کوبه below.)

kūbakhī, A great, dis- کو.خی

tinguished man.

.kob-kārī, Chastisement کوب کاری

کوبکو $k\bar{u}$ -ba- $k\bar{u}$, From street to street, from place to place.

كوبل kūbal, Camomile. kūbala, kaubala, The hair on the top كوبله of the head.

koban, A sledge-hammer. کونن

ا کونا koba, An instrument with which anything is brayed; a mallet, beetle; a clodbreaker; a whip, scourge; a drum formed of two kettles, joined on their convex sides, and covered with a skin, played upon like a bag-pipe; a wave of the sea; a vessel in which butter is separated from the milk; name of an edible plant.

لوبة كارى koba-kārī, A thumping.

kobyāza, A sledge-hammer, ham-

kobidan, To beat, strike, bruise, pound; -pāy kobīdan, To dance; to strike the feet.

kobīn, A hammer, mallet ; a bleacher's کوبین beetle; a strainer of reeds used by those who sell oil; a sack made of reeds, in which seeds are put to be squeezed for the oil; the press of an oil-mill.

کوپ $k\bar{u}p$, A hill or mountain; a large

water-jar; a mat.

لوپاره ,kūpūr کوپاره kūpāra, A berd کوپار

kūpāzha, A ram leading the flock;

a leader.

کویال $k\bar{u}p\bar{a}l$, A ponderous club, a mace; a thick neck; name of a wrestler; a breeding-

لوپل kūpal, A young shoot, sprout, or bud.

kūpala, kaupala, The bud or young کوپله shoot of a tree; a cupola, an arch decorated with festoons of flowers; a lock for a chest; bubbles on wine or water; the hair on the top of the head.

کېپه kūpa, A surgeon's cupping-glass.

kauwat, kūwat, A window. کوه ه

kaut, kot, The buttocks;—kot (for

ki o turā), Who to thee ;—kūt, Name of a general who escorted the daughter of the Qaisar to Khusrau Parwez; paralytic; a hill (the last two meanings unsupported by examples).

a کوت kūt (for qūt), Manure (m.c.); kūt dādan zamīn-rā, To manure the ground.

kot, A fort.

kotār, A covered market-house.

كوتالان kūtālān, A spindle; shambles; governors of forts (probably for kotwalan).

T كوتاليى kūtālchī, A groom.

kotāh, Short, small, little; mean; a dwarf; -kotāh shudan, To be shortened; kotāh kardan, To abridge; to finish (a journey); to cut short (a speech); to omit to do (m.c.).

; kotāh-andesh, Short-sighted كوتَّاة الْديش

imprudent; indiscreet.

لوتاة انديشي kotāh-andeshī, Short-sightedness; improvidence; indiscretion.

لوناهانة kotāhāna, Like a dwarf, dwarfishly. لا بالا kotāh-bālā, Short of stature.

لوتاه بين kotāh-bīn, Short or dim-sighted. kotāh-bīnī, Short-sightedness, کوتاة بيني

туору.

كوتاة ,kotāh-pāy كوتاة ياى ,kotāh-pāy كوتاة يا kotāh-pācha, Name of a quadruped پاچه with a spotted back and horns like a deer; a hare; (ironically) a very short man.

a کوتاہ عرب kotāh-ḥarf, Of few words, who

talks little.

دست kotāh-dast, Short - handed ; slow, backward; weak; honest.

لوتاة دستى kotāh - dastī, Moderation; honesty.

كوتاة بين = ,kotāh-dīd (ميدة kotāh-dīd كوتاة بين

لونانى خوتاه زندگانى kotāh-zindagānī, Short-lived. a کوتاه قد kotah-gad, Short of stature. kotāh-gardan, Short-necked. کوناہ کردن

a کوناه نظر kotah-nazar, Short-sighted; careless, negligent, improvident; stingy, ava-

a كوتاه نفس kotāh-nafas, Asthmatic.

کوتاهی kotāhī, Shortness, brevity; littleness, deficiency; -kotāhī kardan, To desist from or refuse a work.

kot dor, Côte d'Or (m.c. from Fr.). kautar, kütar (for kabūtar), A pigeon. T کوتك kūtak, A club, a pestle; a short stick with which bhang is ground; blow with a stick ;—kūtak khwurdan, To receive blows with a stick, to be beaten; -kūtak zadan, To beat with a stick, to cudgel

کوتل $k\bar{u}tal$, A led horse.

كوتالان $\bar{a}n, = k\bar{u}tal\bar{a}n$ كوتالان q.v.

kotang, A washer's beetle.

H كوتوال kotwal, The porter of a castle; a magistrate.

لمِتالج kotwālī, The office of a kotwāl. kūtūla, A dwarf;—zani kūtūla, A female dwarf.

لونة kotah (for kotāh), Short, contracted (for compounds see also after کرتا).

kotah-āstīn, Short-sleeved; poor, destitute; honest.

kotah-amal, Moderate in one's

hopes,

کونه اندیش kotah-andesh, Short-sighted, imprudent, rash, improvident, wanting foresight.

kotah-bāl, Of short stature.

كون يا له kotah-pā, كون ياچى kotah-pācha, An animal resembling a deer; a hare.

من kotah-sum, Short of hoof (horse). a کوته نده kotah-qad, Of a short stature. کوته نده kotah-gardan, Short-necked;

wicked, deceitful.

كوتهى kotahā, Shortness, &c. (= کوتاهي q.v). دنيانا kotînā, (in Zand and Pāzand) A mule.

ا کوثر kausar, A river in Paradise whence all the other rivers derive their source.

kawaj, A quilted jacket worn in battle; gum exuding from a tree;—kūj, Squint-eyed.

wandering tribe; migration, decamping; marching, setting off; squint-eyed; a kingdom; a man's family, wife, children (also khāna-koch); an owl; assistance, service; name of a country lying between Bengal and Khutā;—koch dādan, To serve;—koch kardan, To decamp, move to another place; to set off on a march; to run away; to set;—koch-u-buloch, A wandering tribe settled on the mountains bordering on Karmān.

كوچال kūchāl, Household furniture and utensils (see كاچال).

کوچانیدن kochānīdan, To cause to march

موج الكوع ا

لوچاك kūchak, Small, little; a musical mode or style; diminutive; younger, junior; a youngster, a child;—īlchī'i kūchak, A little ambassador, i.e. internuncio, envoy, resident (m.c.);— zani kūchak, A young wife (m.c.).

a كوچك الدال kūchak-abdāl, A qalandar monk.

kūchak-bālā, Small in stature. كوچك بالا

كُوچكتر kūchaktar, Less, smaller.

كرچك دل kūchak-dil, Gentle, kind-natured; afflicted, grieved, sorrowful;—kūchak-dilī, Good nature; grief, sorrow.

a کوچك اندال $k\bar{u}chak$ -faqr, خوچك نقر و.v. کوچك $k\bar{u}chak$, Smallness; purple.

kūchaktarīn, کوچکترین kūchaktarīn,

Smallest, least.

المجكلة koch-gāh, Place or time of marching; march; camp; (met.) the world; name of a place.

koch-maqam, March and halt, or

arches and halts.

kūcha (dim. of kū), A narrow street; a lane, slum, row, passage; a street, square, market-place; a thread; migration; (for $g\bar{u}$ cha) a button; -kūcha'i bāzār, A street leading to the market; the market-quarter;— $k\bar{u}$ cha'i bagh, The street leading to the gardens; the quarter of the gardens; -kūcha'i bastan (khatar), The world; -kūcha'i khamc shān, (met.) A cemetery; -kūcha dādan, To pass a street or road ;-kūcha'i riwoli, Rue de Rivoli in Paris (m.c.) ;—kūcha'i sar-basta, A blind alley, cul-de-sac; -kūcha'i salāmat, A subterranean passage for assailing a fortress, a trench or line of approach, a mine; -kūcha'i shakar, Name of a very narrow lane in Ispahan; - kūcha fitādan, To be a stranger, far from country and friends; — kūcha'i fūlād, kūcha'i mīskīnān (muskīnān), kūcha'i gulbār, Names of streets in Ispahān;—kūcha'i nau, Name of a quarter in Ispahan where the Lulis

reside (see لولى). كوچه بندى kūcha-bandī, Marking off the

boundaries of a lane.

kūcha-gadā, A street-beggar.

لَوْجَهُ كُرُد kūcha-gard, A vagrant; street-walker, perambulator of the streets, a stroller.

کوچه گردی $k\bar{u}cha$ - $gard\bar{s}$, Vagrancy; streetwalking, perambulation of the streets.

without a window; a species of grass of which mats are made; the matter which hardens in the corner of the eye; a worm.

A کرځ $k\bar{u}\underline{k}\underline{h}$, A small hut or house of reeds

without a window.

kūkhak, kawakhk, A bunch of grapes; a branch after the grapes have been pulled off.

A کود kaud (v.n.), Being just on the point; being everything but; hardly being able (to accomplish); preventing, hindering;—walā kaud-an, In no shape, by no means.

kod, A stack or heap of corn; collected, the reverse of scattered; manure; kawud (contracted from کبود q.v.), Blue.

لوداب kodāb, Food dressed with grape-

كودال kodāl, A ditch; a well; a hoe.

يُودِبان kūdbān, kūdabān, A kind of camel's saddle; the timber of a camel's saddle.

کودر $k\bar{u}dar$, The skirt of a mountain; thin leather for lining boots and shoes.

کودره kaudara, A water-fowl; a cormorant; a sort of duck.

kūdak, A boy, lad, youth, child, infant; a stripling; a slave-boy;—kūdaki pistān-gazīda, A sucking child, a suckling, a babe in arms (m.c.);—kūdaki ghāzī, A boy who walks in front of a rope-dancer's company and performs first.

کودکانه kūdakāna, Childish, childishly. کود کش kod-kash, A street-sweeper.

كېدكە kūdaka, A little infant.

لودكى kūdakī, Puerile, infantine; childhood; childishness, puerility.

kodgar, A digger, an excavator (see

of which it is probably a corruption). a کودکر kaudan, kūdan, Weak in mind, dull, stupid, thick-headed; an old beast of burden; a bustard; —khari kudan, A stupid donkey.

كودني kaudanī, Stupidity ; a mean or sorry

horse; a pack-horse.

كردة kūda, The bow of a saddle; a key with the head or extremity bent; teeth or work of a key; -kūda'i pistān, The nipples

kūdīnā, كودينة kūdīn, كودين kūdīnā, كوديان A large hammer or mallet; a bleacher's

kūzar, A calf-skin; leather bootlining

کردره kauzara, = کردره q.v.

kaur, Ground full of hollows and unfit for cultivation; the semblance of water floating over the plain; -kūr, Blind; oneeyed; blind in a moral sense; [kür shudan, To be or become blind; -kūr kardan, To make blind, to blind;]-kawar, Capers.

kaur (v.n.), Wrapping (the turbansash) round the head in a spiral form; killing; plenty, increase, abundance; a herd of camels (from 150 to 200 or upwords); [na'ūzu bi 'llāh mina 'l-hauri ba'da 'l-kaur, God defend us from want after plenty; $]-k\tilde{u}r$, A camel's saddle; a smith's forge made of clay; a bee-hive; a hornet's nest; -kuwar (pl. of kūrat), Cities, towns; regions.

kūrāb, A false appearance of water on a sandy plain; one very thirsty,

but drinking little.

kūrābīn, A sack made of palmleaves or reeds, wherein seeds are put to be squeezed for oil.

kurāsiya, Cuirassiers (m.e. from Fr.).

T کورکا $k \bar{u} r \bar{a} k \bar{a}$ کوراکا q. v.

kūrān (pl. of kūr), Blind.

kūr-oghlū, Name of a hero, whose كور ارغلو feats, in the popular traditions of the tribes of the Caucasus, have been fixed upon a famous chief of brigands. Could local reminiscences of Hercules (Heracles) lurk in the name?

لا بالا kawar-bā, Food dressed with capers. a کور باطن kūr-bāṭin, Inwardly blind, be-

nighted, ignorant, stupid.

kūr-bakht, Of blind fortune, i.e. unfortunate, wretched; a whisperer, talebearer, spy.

کور بختی kūr-bakhtī, Misfortune, calamity ;

wretchedness, misery.

لورة A kūrat, kūra, A city, town; a tract of country, region; a term of contempt addressed to a female; a forge, a furnace (m.c.).

لورت kūrt, A long narrow-necked jug:-kort, Court (E.); -korti apīl, Court of appeal.

kūr-chashm, A kind of garment.

لورد kūrd, A Kurd.

لاردة kūradih, kūr-dih, A small, thinlypopulated town or village (see کورةده).

kūrdistān, Country of the Kurds. کور دل kūr-dil, Blind-hearted, mad, foolish, dull; lazy.

كوردى kūrdī, A woollen garment.

-kor-diplomatik, Corps diplo كور دييلوماتيك matique (m.c. from Fr.).

كوردين kūrdīn, A woollen garment; a

blanket; a sock.

a کور درق kūr-zauq, Without taste (in the physical and moral sense); tasteless, insipid.

kawarza, Capers. کورزه kawars, A curl ;--koras, kuwurs, A lock of hair, a curl; dirt, pus, matter.

kūrsī, A seat, chair.

kūrash, Cyrus, king of Persia. لورطبك kūrshabak, The mole (animal).

kūrisht, Two sticks, the one long, the other short, with which the game of

tip-cat is played.

kawark, Capers; name of a place near Ormuz; name of an infidel sect; $k\bar{u}rak$ (dim. of $k\bar{u}r$), Atmost blind; a little blind man; a chicken; a fuller's beetle.

ي لوركة kūrkā, كوركة kūrka, A big drum. لوکان kūrkan, Surname of Timūr. کروکان kūr-kash, A blind man's leader.

kor-kor, A kite. کُور کور

 χ_{χ}^{\prime} کورکا $k\bar{u}rka$, χ_{χ}^{\prime} کورکانی $k\bar{u}rg\bar{u}n\bar{u}$, χ_{χ}^{\prime} sort of Morocco leather.

kawargiyā, korgiyā کورکیا giyāh), Capers; carobs.

kūr-mūsh, A species of mouse or rat of a very offensive smell and shunning day-light.

kûr-mekh, A large wooden pin or

peg used in stables.

کررن kūran, A herd, a troop (see کررن). ترنش T کېرنش kornish, Obeisance, salutation; prostration; adoration; -kornish kardan, To salute, to make obeisance.

ta کورنشات kornishāt (pl. of the pre-

ceding), Salutations, &c.

كور نمايش kūr-namāyish, Dark, obscure. كور نمايش hūr-namak, Au ungrateful fellow (lit. blind to one's salt).

kārana, An onion.

kawarnin, Household furniture; immoveable effects; a ditch, a furrow (see . (گورنین

kawar-wā, A dish dressed with

capers (see کور با).

kaura, A channel hollowed out by a torrent; a torrent; a river-shell or worm; name of a people in India;—kūra, A large village or market-town; a number of contiguous villages; hard ground excavated by a torrent; a wild ass, the onager; a fire-place; a smith's forge; a furnace; a brick-kiln; a lime-kiln; little, most minute; cloth that has not yet been washed; an earthen vessel which has not been used; -kora, A fifth part, one of the five ancient divisions of Persia called Ardshir, Istikhar, Dārāb, Shāpūr, and Kobād (see کره); unbleached cloth.

غورة خو kūra-khar, An clk.

kūra-dih, A small, thinly-populated کورہ ده town or village.

kūra-rāh, An indirect road which winds like a labyrinth and leads one astray.

kūra-maz, A dish of milk and

رکورماست see (گورماست).

كره تاب kūra-tāb, Who heats a furnace; kūra-tābāni kimiyā'i sipihr, Astronomers: astrologers; makers of almanacks. son reads, I do not know on what authority, kūra-yābāni, which would mean "the finders out of minute things"; in conjunction with kimiyā, however, the former interpretation, adopted also by Vullers, appears to me preferable.)

kaurî, A large leathern dish in which drugs are offered for sale;--kūrī, Blindness; a sort of wild grain; a lively, dancing pace; an easy, agreeable life; a definite quantity; jovialness, cheerfulness; -kūri kashīdan, To become blind; -kūrī-ukabūdī, Misfortune, calamity, sorrow; kūrī'i chashmi fulānī, Against such a one's will; in spite of him.

kauz (v.n.), Collecting, assembling; drinking out of a jug or cup; -kūz, A jug, decanter, drinking-cup; name of a man; kūzi ibarī (?), A gogglet that cannot be

exhausted.

كرز kūz, A hump, crooked back; the sky. kūzāwara, A glass bottle.

kūz-āwez, Anything by which a کوز آويز pitcher is suspended.

kūz-pusht, Hump-backed. كوز پشت

kūz-pushtī, Hump-backedness. kiwazat (pl. of kūz), Jugs, gugglets. kūz-dār, Crooked, hump-backed.

kūzar, Grain left in the ear after threshing; a sieve or screen for lime or

kūzara, Name of a blue water-bird. kūzistūn, Paralytic (doubtful word).

kūzish, Complaint in consequence of an injury received.

kūzashb, Name of a certain king. kūzgāhī, A kind of Morocco leather. کوز שוֹש kūzan, A wooden mallet.

kūzwara, A glass bottle.

kūza, An earthen bottle with a long narrow neck for water; a gugglet; a kind of rose; sugar which has been crystallized in an earthen pan ;—kūza'i ābnā-dīda, An ornamental jar, a vase ;-kūza'i qafas, The vessel of a bird's cage in which food or water is put; - kūza'i qimār, The till of the holder of a gambling-house; -kūza kashīdan, To empty a wine-bottle ;—kūza'i nabāt, A jar for condensing the juice of plants; -dar kūza fugā' ast, Circumstances are straitened (see قناع p. 934).

kūza-āwez, That whereby a gugglet

is suspended.

لرزة باز kūza-bāz, One who lends money to gamblers.

کوزه پز kūza-paz, A potter; a brick-maker. kūza-pusht, Hump-backed; the firmament.

کوزه پنېه kūza-pamba, A cotton-pod. کوزه دار kūza-dār, The bank-holder in a gambling-hell.

kūza-farosh, A seller of jugs, &c. کوزه فروش kūzagar, A potter.

سلية كردكان kūza-gardān, and

kūza-gardānak, Name of a

لرزى kūzī, A reservoir, small lake, pond.

کوزینه $k\bar{u}z\bar{i}na$, کوزینه q.v.

kivzh, kuwizh, A species of medlar ;kūzh, Crooked, curved, bent in two; a province.

kūzhānuk, The wards of a lock. kozh bartā, (in Zand and Pazand) كورَ برتا

Coriander.

kūzh-pusht, Hump-backed, having کوژ پشت a gibbous excrescence upon it; ill-made, deformed; (met.) fortune.

kozhada, Flesh-glue. کورده kozhada, Flesh-glue. الكوژ گرة kūzh-girih, A button; a buttonhole.

لوزنوك kūzhnūk, The wards of a lock.

پوه kūzha. A whitish ass.

A کوس kaus (v.n.), Walking gently; limping upon three feet (cattle); the northwest wind; -kūs (for P. kos), A drum (see

the following article).

kos, A tymbal, large brass drum, a kettle-drum, which is beat in the palaces or camps of Eastern princes; a roadmeasure of about two miles; a row, rank, line; two persons who knock their sides or shoulders together; collision, shock; a game in which the men are drawn up in rows like chess; the longest corner of a garment or a mantle; a nod, a wink, signal, or intimation; name of a town in Māzanderān; [kos bar pīl bastan, (met.) To prepare or set out for battle; -kos barkashidan, To depart; - kosi chize baland sākhtan, To increase the voice or sound of a thing; -kos khwurdan. To be hit, to receive a knock or blow; -kosi riḥlat (raḥīl), Beating the retreat; a signal for departure; -kos zadan (firo koftan, koftan), To beat the drum; to give the signal for departure; to depart; -kos zadan bā, To contend with;

—kosi subh, Noise in the morning; a tattoo;—kos kardan, To fight; to assault; to pierce or strike one upon the side when fighting;—kos kashīdan, To array in battle order;]—kūs, A drum; a triangular instrument or rule used by carpenters in squaring their wood.

لومان kosān, Name of a famous fluteplayer to one of the ancient kings of Persia; a mode of singing; a town in Māzandarān.

kawast, A colocynth; kost, Concussion, shock, collision; a blow; affliction; a drum.

كوستس kostan, To beat, strike, hurt, injure.

kawastū, کوسته kawasta, A colocynth. کوسته kausaj, kūsaj, A thin-bearded man (for P. کوسه q.v. below); a sword-fish; toothless; slow (pack-horse, &c.).

toothless; slow (pack-horse, &c.). کوس دار kos-dār, Bearing a drum or tam-

bourine.

a کوس رحیل kos-raḥīl, Beating a retreat. کوسرون kūsurūn, The buttocks (= ورون q.v.).

kawisk, A bean.

kosa, (A man) with little or no beard; one who has eight and twenty teeth; the fifth figure in geomancy;—kosa bar nishīn, Name of a festival held at the beginning of the month āzur by the ancient Persians (in A. rukūbu 'l-kausaj).

kūsyād, A hard and black stone which if thrown into the water attracts the fish, and if reduced by fire unites with

iron and fixes mercury.

خره kavsh (for kafsh), A shoe, a slipper; —kosh, Exertion, effort, pains; the fourth day of every month; (from koshīdan, used in forming compounds) striving, labouring; industrious, doing one's endeavour, attentive;—sultāni 'aṭā-kosh u khaṭā-posh, A monarch attentive to (confer) benefits and hiding offences, i.e. beneficent and merciful.

koshā, One who displays great energy كوها

in war; labouring, striving.

لاملام koshāb, Syrup of grapes, new wine boiled with herbs; barley-water, ptisane; the juice or broth of meal; pollution.

kūshād, Gentian. کوهاد

kūshādan, To open.

kūshāsb, Sleep; a dream; nightmare; pollution; a youth whose beard begins to grow.

کیمالنگک kūshālang, A spade; a wooden bolt; a log fastened to a dog's neck; a stupid man; a crane; a large cock.

كوهان koshān. Endeavouring; pains-tak-

ing.

koshish, Study, endeavour, striving, effort, exertion, attention, application, labour, work; search; war, battle, strife;

a mustachio;—koshishi bihoda, A vain attempt;—koshish kardan (namūdan), To labour, exert oneself, be deeply engaged; to try, endeavour, strive.

كوهك kūshk, A palace, villa; a castle, citadel;—kūshak, Small, little; a dwarf.

لوهكنجير kūshkanjīr, A stone or iron ball projected from a catapulta or cannon.

كوهه kosha, Sought, hunted after; object of endeavour, search; anything acquired by labour.

koshī, Endeavour, effort (as last member of compounds).

كوهيار koshyār, Name of a physician of Gilān under whom the celebrated Avicenna studied medicine.

خوهيدي koshīdan, To labour, struggle, strive, endeavour, try, exert one's powers; to force, compel, beat; to dispute, wrangle, debate; to wander, stray; to search.

A ξ_{s} kau' (v.n.), Going obliquely on one side of the feet (as a dog) on hot sand;— $k\bar{u}'$, The wrist-bone (especially on the side of the thumb);—kawa', A pain in the wrist-bone.

کرغ kogh, A going within, concealment. $k\overline{u}f$, A large owl; a weaver's sley.

A كونان kaufān (ع.n. of كونار), Being of a circular form;—kaufān, kūfān, Name of the city of Kūfah; refuge, protection; estimation, esteem, honour; dignity, grandeur, glory.

کونهٔ ه kūfat, kūfa, A round tumulus of sand (especially red and mixed with gravel);

the city of Kūfah; a blemish.

کوفت koft, Interwoven; a blow, bruise; grief, sadness; anguish, vexation.

كوفتر koftar, A sauce made of plums and grapes.

مولت كوب koft-kob, Beating.

کونتگر koftgar, A gilder; a gold-beater. کونت کری koft-gari, Gold-beating; gilding; steel-work inlaid with gold.

كونتكى koftagī, A bruise; a treading,

trampling.

koftan, To break, bruise, knock, strike, smite, beat, thrash, shake, trample under foot, tread upon; to precipitate, to throw down; to bleach;—koftani dil, A palpitation of the heart;—dar koftan, To knock at a gate or door.

q.v. کوفت کوب kofta.kob, = کوفت کوب kofta, Thrashed; trampled upon; distressed, vexed, grieved; wearied, knocked up; inlaid; hashed meat; balls of pounded meat cooked in soup, rissoles; an ignorant, weak, silly fellow;—kofta kardan, To inlay.

كرفته بريان kofta-biryān, Meat pounded and spiced, fried in butter, and poured upon

boiled rice.

كوقتى بيختى kofta-be<u>kh</u>ta, Pounded and sifted.

a كوفته حال kofta-ḥāl, Brought low, in a sorry state or condition.

(

a كونته عاطر kofta-khātir, Afflicted, grieved. kofta-khwār, A cuckold, a wittol.

kofaj, کولیے kofjān, Name of a tribe of Karmanian mountaineers.

kofajān (pl. of kofaj), A tribe of Karmanian mountaineers; - kofjan, A

kofshāna, A weaver. كوفشانه a کی kūfa, The city of Kufah (see A.

a كوني kūfī, Native of Kūfah in Chaldea. کوك kok, $k\bar{u}k$, Lettuce, a soporiferous lettuce; a cough; long stitches in sewing, basting; tuning an instrument; regulation of a watch (m.c.); clockwork; a dome, cupola; -kok zadan, To make long stitches, to baste; -kok shudan, To harmonize, to agree, to be in concord; to be wound up (m.c.); -kok kardan, To tune, accord, make even, harmonize; to wind up a watch; $k\bar{u}k$, A bow; a very loud noise.

kok, Cock (m.c. from Fr.); -kok du brūyar, Grouse (Fr. coq de bruyère) ;--kok du bwa, Woodcock (Fr. cog de bois).

kaukā, Tumult, loud noise; the moon

(هوها هوها). مركان kokān, Apparatus of a fuller or bleacher.

kūkānij, Name of a castle in Transoxania.

A کوکب kaukab, A star; anything shining of a round figure; the white of the eye; also the pupil; a flower; the greater part of anything; the lustre (of a sword, &c.); a fountain, a jet-d'eau, a great quantity of water; a prince, chief, general; a youth at the age of puberty; - kaukabi shamus, Samian earth;—kaukabi kafsh, A shoe-nail; an ornamental bow, buckle, &c., on a shoe.

kaukabā, (in Zand and Pazand) A star.

A کوکبة kaukabat (v.n. of کوکبة لام Shining (a star); glittering (steel); a star; crowd, company, pageant.

kaukbūs, kawakbūs, Crooked, bent. a کیکبه kaukaba, A polished steel ball suspended to a long pole and carried as an ensign before the king; a star of gold, silver, or tinsel, worn as ornament or sign of rank; a concourse of people; a royal train, retinue, cavalcade; splendour. The blue rivulet (m.c.). kyūk-sū (for صو), The blue rivulet

T کوکلتاش kūkal-tāsh (کوکلتاش dāsh), A foster brother.

koklak, The pod which contains the cotton before it is ripe.

لوكله kokila, kaukala, A kind of hoopoo. kokmā, (in Zand and Pāzand) The

کوکن kokan, An owl; unripe parched grain; name of a coast in Decchan.

کوکنار koknār, Poppy-head; oil made of it; poppy-seed.

کېکنگ kokanak, A small owl.

kūkū, A fried egg, fritter; the cooing of a dove; a dove.

kùkū-pilāv, An omelette.

kūkwār, A knapsack (doubtful word).

kūkūz, A kind of embroidered silk.

kaukawa, An owl.

koka, An owl; a little round cake; a foster-brother.

kawal, A baggage-horse, clumsy and slow; leather of a large coarse sheep-skin; a coarse kind of woollen stuff; name of a town in Persia; -kol, A pond or reservoir; a cup; an owl; $-k\bar{a}l$, The shoulder; the back; the back of a hill or mountain; a carp; a salmon-trout; a ford, shallow water, ditch, or place where water stagnates; inexperienced, rude; -kāl zadan, To slap or pat on the shoulder (as one who gives advice or tries to persuade);—kūl giriftan, To take by or on the shoulder (m.c.).

كولاب kolāb, A pond, reservoir; a large wave; name of a district in Badakhshān;

also of a town.

kūlāj, A certain kind of sweetmeat. لولك kolāk, A large wave; a high sea

kawalān, Name of a mountain; name of an aquatic plant from which mats are made.

كولانج kūlānj, A kind of sweetmeat; cholic.

kūlāwiyān, Able wrestlers, champions, heroes.

kūlipar, Name of a herb.

لولية kūlaja, A coat, &c. (see کوليده). kolakh, Name of a Turanian cham-

pion; -kūla<u>kh</u>, A chafing-dish. kūlghuncha, Red paint for the

kolak, A hollow gourd or calabash كولك in which women put their cotton for spin-

kaulam, Black pepper.

kūlanj, Cholic; lumbago; a firehearth; a chafing-dish; name of a note in

kolang, A sodomite.

kolonal, Colonel (m.c. from Fr.). لالم kola, A place where hunters lie to

surprise their game; foolish, stupid, dull, ignorant; short, dwarfish; a bastard; a porcupine, hedgehog.

لولة بار kūla-bār, A knapsack (m.c.).

لولى kolī, Foolishness; simple-mindedness; name of a tribe of nomads, gipsy; hence ruffian, rascal, strumpet (m.c.).

kolidan, To dig, excavate, hollow out; to eradicate, tear out, pluck up.

کولی کیری koli-giri, (lipsy ways; rascality, rowdiness.

kaum (v.n.), Leaping (as a horse upon the mare); -kūm, A herd of cattle.

kūm, Hay; dry herbage growing in ploughed ground; the bog-rush.

kūmāj, کوماج kūmāch, Unleavened

komadī, A play, a comedy (m.c. from Fr. or E.);—komadī dar-āwardan, To act comedies.

kūmar, (in Zand and Pāzand) A

pear.

kūmish, A well-digger.

T کومک kūmak, Assistance (see کومک);—

kūmak dādan, To belp, to assist.

koma, A straw hut or shed for sheltering those who watch the fields;kūma, A coat of mail.

A کون kaun (v.n.), Being, becoming, happening; -dū kaun, Both worlds (the present

and the future).

لون kūn, The backside, fundament, anus; [kūn jumbānīdan, To dance; to boast, to brag; -kūn khārīdan, To scratch the backside; (met.) to be ashamed, to be sorry; kūni khar, The fundament of an ass; (met.) a great fool; mischievous, depraved; -kūni <u>kh</u>ar-rā keri <u>kh</u>ar mī-bāyad, (met.) Wickedness is met or to be met with wickedness; -sūrākhi kūn, The hole of the anus;]-kawan, kuwan, A sodomite; -- kuwin, kawan, A concourse of people assembled on the tenth of the first month; -kuwan, A kind of willow.

کونام $k\bar{u}n\bar{a}m$, The den or retreat of a wild

beast, &c. (= كنام q.v.).

کون پارگى kūn-pāragī, Prostitution; sodomy. kawinj, A falcon; coriander.

kūn-jumbān, A dancer. کون جنبان

کون خری ایم kūn-kharī, Evil, wickedness; folly.

kondor, A condor (m.c.).

kawanda, A net made of straw or long grass in which dry cow-dung is carried about for sale; an unripe melon; a cornsack.

н کوندی kondi, Cordia rothii or angusti-

folia (see گوندی).

kūnstans, Constance on the Bodensee (m.c.).

kūnasta, Buttocks of man or horse.

konsar, A concert (m.c. from the

kūn-sokhta, Infamous, who has

lost his name and character.

لون فراعي kūn-jarākhi, Excessive expenditure; -kūn-farākhī kardan, To spend more than one ought to spend, senseless delapi-

كون كشى kūn-kashī, Procuring boys.

ون و مكان kaun-makan, كون و مكان kaun makan, The universe.

kūna, Buttocks of man or horse. kūnī, A catamite.

a کولی kaunī, Existent; material; worldly: -kūnī, Very aged.

كونيان kūnyān, Sleep.

kauniz, A basket of oats; a measure كوليز

(especially one of 24 lbs.)

A کولین kaunain (du. of kaun), Both worlds; both kinds of beings, corporeal and spiritual, men and angels.

ka'ūd, (A mountain) of difficult

kawūd (for kabūd), Blue.

koh, kūh, A mountain, hill; (met.) the thighs of a mistress, the hips; [kohi ibrāhīm, Name of a mountain in Karmania; -kohi ātish-<u>kh</u>ez, A volcano ;—kohi a<u>kh</u>zar, The green mountain, i.e. the mountain Kaf; -kohi asad, A burning mountain, volcano; -kohi barfūnī, A snowy mountain; -koh ba-koh, From mountain to mountain; -kohi tanūr, Name of a mountain near Taft in Yazd; -kohi tegh, A mountain of light, a blaze of light; kohi jalil, Name of a mountain in which Noah dwelt, and from which the first waters of the flood gushed out; -kohi rahmat, Name of a mountain near Mecca; -kohī rawān (rawanda), A moving mountain, (met.) a horse; an elephant; -kohi sihand, Mouut Sihand;—kohi siyām, Name of the mountain from which Muqanna' produced his moon; -kohi shahd, A mountain abounding in honey; -kohi qāf, Mount Caucasus; (met.) a dreary, lonely, or inaccessible place; -kohi mārān, Name of a mountain beyond the desert of Qipchaq abounding in snakes;-kohi maḥrūq, Name of a black mountain on the confines of Armenia;kohi nur, The mountain of light, a name given to a large and celebrated diamond;

-kulla'i koh, The peak of a mountain;

āftāb ba-koh raftan, To die;]-kuwa, The pod which contains the cotton; the seedvessel of any plant; a silkworm's pod.

kohāmūn (for koh-hāmūn), A table-mountain,

kohān, A saddle for a horse; the hump of a camel or of the Indian ox;—

kohāni saur, The hump on an ox's back; (met.) the Pleiades.

کوهان دار kohân-dār, Provided with a bunch or hump.

کوه بر کوه koh-bar-koh, A kind of amber. ا لوة بودنده koh-būdanda, A mountaineer an anchoret.

koh-pāra, A piece of a mountain;

(met.) a horse.

کوه پایه koh-pāya, The base or foot of a mountain; a mountainous tract; a fort built on a mountain; name of a mountaiu in Armenia.

خوه پشت koh-pusht, Curved, hump-backed. koh-paikar, In form a mountain. koh-ta-koh, From head to foot, cap-à-pié, entirely, all over; -koh-tā-koh

(koh-koh) rasidani bang (kaif), To become exceedingly intoxicated (by bhang or any other inebriating liquor).

kūhij, The oxyacanth - fruit; a

bramble.

koh-jigar, Valiant, courageous. kohcha, A hillock, small mountain. kch-khar, The onager, mountainass.

kūharī, Exchange, equal return. کوهری كوهريدن kūharīdan, To exchange; to substitute one thing in the place of another. kohsār (مارة sāra), Mountainons;

hilly country.

kohistan, A forest, a place surrounded with mountains or forests, and almost impassable; Persian Iraq (ancient Parthia); Samarqand.

kohistānī, Mountainous; a moun-

taineer, a highlander (see کرهی).

koh-sanj, Having the weight of a كوة سنع mountain.

a کوہ نجم koh-fahm, Name of a black mountain, whose stones are burnt to make soap; mountain-coal.

کوہ تاف koh-qāf, Mount Caucasus, &c. (see

kohi qāf under کوه).

koh-kan, One who cuts through کوهکن mountains; name of Farhad, lover of Shirin; a horse.

koh-kanī, Digging or cutting کوہ کئی

through a mountain.

کوہ کوب koh-kob, A horse; a camel; name of Farbad.

کوه تا کوه koh-koh, = کوه کوه و q.v.

koh-kohān, With a hump like کوه کوهان a mountain (applied to a powerful camel or

koh-gard, Who wanders in the mountains.

koh-ganj, An immense treasure.

koh-gīn, A lord, master, great کوہ کین man.

کوهل $k\bar{u}hal$, = کوهل q.v. (unsupported). kohim (pronounced koim), Name of a herb which grows amongst corn.

koh-mazwa, A disease in the eye. q.v. (unsupported). kohang, Jumping up, rising.

koh-naward, Traversing mountains.

koh-warz, A sown field on a mountain.

koha, The hump of a camel or ox; the prominent parts of a saddle in front and behind; a saddle; height; anything high and elevated; a hillock, knoll; a wave; fear, terror; an attack, a charge; a demon; a fairy ;-koha'i āb, A large wave, billow ;koha'i āsmān, The height of heaven;—koha bar-āwardan, To toss its waves (as the sea); -zīn-koha, The stuffing of a saddle, cushion, saddle-cloth.

kūha-āwez, A ring or thong at-

tached to a saddle, in which to carry the below).

kohhā-mūy, A boy's game, in which hair is hidden in a heap of wet earth.

koha-girifta, Bewitched, possessed کرهه گرفته by a demon.

kohī, Mountainous; a mountaineer; the medlar.

لوهيج kūhīj, A medlar; burnt lime.

kohīn, A herb growing amongst كوهين

q.v.)، کوهم =

کوی kūy, A town, village; a side quarter. district; a turn-again lane, a street without a thoroughfare; -kūyi haftād rāh, The world.

لو يافت kū-yāft, A foundling, bastard. kūycha, A narrow street; a small

village; a cell. kūy-dāsh, A fellow-townsman. کویداش

kiver, Salt and sour ground, where nothing grows; the vapour called sarāb; wet ground made uneven by the trampling of men or beasts, and afterwards become hard; a fierce lion.

kawez, A hollow place; a corner of a house.

يريخ kawizh, A measure, bushel ; a medl.ir. لايست kuwist, A blow; hurt, injury.

kuwistan, kiwistan, kawistan, To beat, pound, thresh; to shake.

kawista, Beaten, pounded, threshed : the buttocks.

كويستيدن kuwistidan, kiwistidan, kawistidan, To beat, pound, thresh.

kawisha, A vessel in کویشه kawish, کوبش which the butter is separated from the churned milk.

kawel, Camomile-flowers. کبیل

kawela, kūyala, A lock of hair on the crown of the head.

المين kuwīn, A basket made from palmleaves, used by oil-pressers.

مرين ويكلورين kwin wiktoriya, Queen Vic-

toria (m.c.).

کویه kūya, A sweet esculent herb. کوی یافت kūy-yāft, A foundling.

ن kah, Straw; grass; -- ki, Who? what? whom; that; while, whereas; which? lest; when; lo! behold! whether; for, hecause; and; then; nay, no; much used as an explanatory particle at the beginning of a sentence, in passing from narrative to the very words used by the speaker, where it may be rendered by "saying, namely, videlicit," or simply by inverted commas; also used corroboratively (as in: ki na-mīayad, He will certainly not come; -in ki zarare na-darad, To be sure there is no harm in this); or expletively (as in: birawim ki bi-rawim, Let us go then, let us go; -chi mī-shawad ki, What is the matter?); -kih, Little, small, slender; young; smaller; younger (opp. to mih, as in: kih

as mih na-dānand bāz, They cannot distinguish the younger from the older);—kuh, A hill or mountain;—kuh-a (for koha), Prominent parts of a saddle in front and behind; hump of a camel, or of an Indian ox; a wave.

لا kahā, Modest, ashamed, bashful.

لام kahāb, A fomentation of hot herbs and drugs for a bruise or wound.

لا الله kahār, kahhār, A palanquin-bearer.

ليارى kuhārī, An axe, a hatchet.

a كبالت kahālat, Inactivity, indolence, sloth, remissness.

א בּילים kahām, Blunt (sword); slow of utterance, impeded (tongue); sluggish (horse); old and worn out, decrepit (men).

werse; -kihān (pl. of kih), Little, small.

ا كيان kuhhān (pl. of kāhin), Priests;

prophets, soothsayers.

المن kahānat, kihānat (v.n. of كبن),
Turning prophet, priest, or soothsayer;
soothsaying, auguring; divination; priesthood.

A wab, An old camel; an old buffale;— kahab (v.n.), Being of a ruddy brown (camels).

kahib, kihib, Disgrace, infamy.

kahbad, kahbud, kihbud, kuhbud, A broker (who examines goods, and buys and sells for others); a king's tax-gatherer; a treasurer; a banker, money-changer; kuhbud, A hermit, recluse; a villager.

کببو kahbar, Name of a country in India. مرا kuhbal, kahbul, مالمر kahbala, kuh-

bala, An idiot.

کبورک kahparak, The brinjal or egg-plant. کبورک kuh-paikar, A huge elephant; a powerful horse (in size a mountain).

لمعاب kahtāb, Hot herbs laid on a swell-

ing.

کہتر kihtar, Less, junior, very small, low. کہتری kihtarī, Littleness, smallness; minority.

کنترین kihtarin, The least, the smallest. کنترین kahj, The common or wild strawberry; a cherry;—kuhj, A large straw-

له چه ki chi, Why? for what reason?

kah-dan, A place where straw is

put for dogs, &c.

A كبر kahr (v.n.), Advancing (as the day), being hot or bright; raising a cry, shouting; oppressing, subjugating, using violence.

kahar, A chesnut or bay colour (par-

ticularly in a horse or mule).

يرام kuhrām, Name of a fort in Hindūstān.

المحالة kah-rubā, Attracting straws, i.e. amber.

a كبربا خاصية kahrubā-khāṣīyat, Having an attractive virtue, or the properties of amber.

לאָנְלּ לְעָבּ kahrubā-rang, צֹאָנְלּ לְעָּב kahrubā-gūn, Amber-coloured, yellow; possessed of the virtues of amber; quick, light-fingered; a robber.

لكربا وأر kahrubā-wār, Amber-like.

kahruba'ī, Electricity. کبردائی

بَ لَهُ khirnī (S. kehīriṇī), Mimusops kaukī and its fruit.

كبرم kuhram, Name of a champion of Tūrān.

kahra, A kid six months old.

کريز kahrez, A subterranean canal, a sewer, &c. (= کاربر q.v.).

خرك kahzak, Mustard-seed; nose-smart;

rocket.

كبرل kahzal, The herb nose-smart; rocket. خبرل لا kahza, Yawning, stretching (= كبدوة عبره).

kuhsār, Mountainous; a mountain-

peak.

kihist, A stone.

كستان kuhistān, Persian Irāq (Parthia). كيستان kuhasta, كيستة kuhashta, A cup full of water; an idiot, simpleton.

kahsala, A fool. کیسله

A whif, A cave, a large cavern, a grotto; an asylum, a place of shelter or refuge (especially a natural one, as a mountain-cave, &c.);—aṣḥābi kahf, The companions of the cave, i.e. the seven sleepers, whose history is related in the 18th ch. of the Qur'ān.

kuh-kān, One who breaks rocks in pieces, or who digs through mountains;

name of Farhad.

کهکاهی kahkāhī, A kind of dervīsh's cap. کیکشان kahkashān, The milky-way, galaxy. کیکشان kuh-kob, A horse; a camel; Farhād.

پکل kah-gil, Plaster of mud and straw;

-kah-gil kardan, To plaster.

a Mahl, Of full age, i.e. from 30 to 50; a man beginning to turn grey and of venerable bearing; a full-grown, flourishing plant;—kahal (v.n.), Being slow, sluggish; sloth, indolence, languor.

کیلم kahlam, The brinjal or egg-plant. خمان kahla, Current silver; bits of gold

or silver.

A کہمس kahmas, Short of stature; a lion; ugly-faced; (a she-camel) with a large hump.

kuhan, kahun, Old, ancient ; worn ;—

yāri kuhan, An old friend.

كهنامية (?), Birth-place of the present Shah of Persia (m.c.).

אייוע kah-ambār, A stack of straw;—kuh-ambār, A house, habitation; a court (see (צופועם); the five days in which creation was completed (lit. old time, kuhan-bār).

kuhan-postīn, Clad in an old

hide; (met.) an old man.

کبن پیرند kuhan-paiwand, (m.) Brought up in the house (a slave); an old retainer.

אביט גאינ kuhan-pīr, A very old man.

kahanat, kahana (pl. of kahin), Priests; prophets, soothsayers.

kuhunj, The oxyacanth fruit.

a کہن خرابات kuhan-kharābāt, The present transitory world.

kuhan-dāmī, The height of deceitfulness.

ي دو kuhan-die, An old fort in Badakh-

shān. a يى دير kuhan-dair, The world; heaven.

kahanza, Yawning, stretching. kuhan-sāl, Advanced in years; کہن سالُ

old, aged.

كبن سالى kuhan-sālī, Old age.

a کہن سلسله kuhan-silsila, A old prisoner.

kuhan-farsh, The earth.

q.v.). قوين = kahankū (?), Sciatica (= قوين كىس كىسة kuhan-kīsa, A possessor of ancient wealth (opp. to nau-kisa "an upstart"); stingy, avaricious.

لان كرك kuhan-gurg, (old wolf) The

world.

لانگى kuhnagī, Old age or clothes; oldness.

kuhan-lang, Unable to move

from the spot.

kuhna, Old, ancient; inveterate, chronic; beardless; a youth; -kuhna shudan, To become old or inveterate; -jama'i kuhna, An old or tattered garment; -kuhna'i bī-namāzī (ḥaiz), A cloth used by menstruous women.

a کہنے کا مفا kuhna-bā-ṣafā (kuhna'i bāsafa), Who enjoys a green old age, an old man with a florid face.

kuhna-suwār, Who has experienced کهنه سوار

and overcome much; a signal hero. kuhna-farosh, A seller of old کہنے فروش

clothes, &c.; a fripper.

a هاهه کینه فعاله kuhna-fi'la, A cheat, a deceiver;

کېنه کې kuhna-gi, کېنه کې q.v.

کہنی kihnī, A winter-house; a bear.

کبواره kahwāra, A cradle (see کبواره). a کبود الیدین kahūdu 'l-yadain, Swift (she-

kuhūlat, Cowardice, laziness.

kuhwīn, Old.

kahī, Forage, provender, provision; a foraging party; a band of marauders or plunderers (Indian term); -kihe, Name of a fortress in Sistan.

لاميانا kahyānā, The herb piony.

kahej, کمنت kahech, Name of a fortress in Sistan (com. کبی of which some say the former is the Arabicised form).

kaher, A wild apple, medlar.

kuhez (for kūha-āwez), A ring or thong attached to the saddle in which to carry the mace.

kahīlā, Name of a champion of Irān. kahîla, Name of a medicinal bark.

a کبيم kahīm, Old, decrepit. خبين kihīn, کبين kihīna, Least, younger; the little finger; a medlar;kihīn u mihīn, The young and the old, the small and the great.

لام الله kihīn-jahān, The microcosm. kihin nama'i yazdani, A کہیں نامہ بردانی

title of the Dasatir.

kai (Z. kava, S. kavi), When? in what manner? a great king; a strong giant, genie; any one of the four elements; clear, pure, innocent, elegant, graceful; noble, excellent: just; [tā kai, Until when?]—kī, Who? which? what?

A كي kai, That, in order to, in order that; how?—kaiy (v.n. of كوى), Marking with a brand; cauterizing; stinging (as a scorpion); looking intently at; a mark pro-

duced by burning; a cautery.

kiya, A king, protector, defender; a hero, champion; a lord, master; a lord marcher, landgrave, margrave; a peasant; powerful; work, labour; the four elements; pure, clear, innocent; heat, cold, dryness, or moisture; the mouth; mastic.

لية kai-ābad, كياباد kayābād, Power,

dominion.

kayājūr, Wise, learned.

kiyā-khura, Divine light imparted كياخرة

to enable kings to govern.

ما كيا خوا kayākhan, Working slowly, doing anything imperceptibly, by degrees; soothing expressions, flattery, with an intention to deceive.

كيادة kiyāda, Dishonourable, infamous;

disgrace, infamy.

kiyā-khwara, kiyā-khwura, = .q.v كيّا عرة

kiyār, kuyār, Slowness, laziness; کیار name of a plant; -bī-kiyār, Brisk, cheerfully; name of a man.

kayārā, Grief, trouble; a longing for anything (particularly in women); blackness of face from having anything tight about the neck.

kayārash, Name of the second of

the four sons of Kai Qubad.

kai-armīn, Name of the youngest کی ارسین of the four sons of Kai Qubad.

kiyārang, Pure, fair, white, clear. کیارنگ

kiyazand, A great king.

A کیاسه kayāsat, kiyāsat (v.n. of کیاسه), Being quick, ingenious; sagacity, ingenuity, vivacity; cunning; - sāhibi kiyāsat, Ingenious, sagacious, acute.

کیاع kiyāgh, Grass (see کیاع).

kayagin, کیاگن Repugnant, contrary,

absurd, improper; rugged, uneven.

ليال ه kaiyāl, A measurer of grain, weighman; surname to a foolish man who was perpetually weighing dust.

a کیالی kaiyālī, Fees for weighing.

kayān, A star; the point made by the compasses at the centre of a circle;

(pl. of kai) great kings; the surname of the second dynasty of the Persian kings; -kiyān (pl. of $k\bar{\imath}$), Who? what persons? according to others the name of the first student of medicine, or of one of the principal pupils of Plato; kuyān, kiyān, A round tent propped by one column; the tent of a nomad.

A کیان kiyān (v.n. of کون), Becoming surety for another; being, existing; existence, state or condition, mode of being; (pl. of ka'in) existing things;—sam'ul'lkiyan, Title of a book on natural history.

kayānā, The elements; heat, cold, dryness, and moisture; root, foundation;

a landgrave.

kiyān-khura, کیاں خورہ kiyān-khura, کیاں خرہ khwura, Divine light, whereby kings reigu well, or people are instructed.

كيان زادة kayān-zāda, Of the race of the

Kayānians, a Kayānian prince.

كيانستانيان kayūnistāniyān, Angels.

kayānūsh, Name of one of the two brothers of Faridun (see يرمايه p. 244).

كيانه kayāna, كيانى kayānī, Royal. كياني kayānī, Of the Kayānian race ; imperial, royal; -kamari kayanī, A royal girdle, a precious belt or cincture.

A کیانیات kiyāniyāt, Medicine, physic. كيانيان kayāniyān (pl. of kayanī), The second Persic dynasty.

كيايش kiyāyish, Strength, power.

کیب kib, Twisting, bending; confused. kaibur, A large spear used in hunting; who bears a secret grudge.

kībū, Name of a large bird called dinar; name of a small motley-coloured bird which builds a hang-nest in trees.

kaibūs, kebūs (?), Crooked (see

. (کیوس

kebidan, To twist, turn, turn on one side, deviate, to go from place to place; to be afflicted.

kebīda, Afflicted, hurt, injured. كييا kaipā, (in Zand and Pāzand) Silver. کیت $k\bar{\imath}p\bar{a}$, A sheep or goat's ventricle stuffed with minced meat and rice; a pud-

kīpā-paz, Who prepares the dish کیپا پر

mentioned in the preceding article.

كيهانيدن kaipānādan, To light a candle ; kīpānīdan, To incline; to administer justice. kai-pushīn, Name of the third of کی پشین and کیارٹ the four sons of Kai Qubad (see کی ارمین). خبیر kīpū, Lettuce; ignorant; the chaf-

finch; a butterfly.

کیپه $kar{\imath}pa$, A cupping-glass; place where it is administered.

ليت kīt, A bee; astonished; how much, how great; of what kind or quality.

kītū, Name of a bird said to feed on gravel instead of grain (perhaps corruption of $qat\bar{a}$).

kişa, Dross of silver. کیشه

أيم kij, An ass which has lost his tail; a quadruped, the lower part of whose mouth is swollen.

kich, Distracted, scattered; a species of silken cloth; small, little; slow; name of a country near Sistan.

كيج كيج كيج لل kich-kich, By little and little,

kicha. A lane or narrow road or street.

کیخ $k\bar{\imath}\underline{kh}$, Matter which collects in the corner of the eye; dirt which settles on the hands and feet (see کیغ).

ليخان A كيخان kikhān (pl. of kūkh), Huts of

reed.

kaikhurs, A species of vetch. کیخرس

kaikhusrau, Cyrus; a great monarch.

kai-khusrau-āyīn, Of the habit کیخسرو آلین or disposition of Kai-Khusrau.

kaikhusrawī, Name of a note in کیخسروی music; the majesty or the part of a Kai-Khusrau.

kai-khwur, Treasure. کي خور

kaid, A king of Kanūj, whose daughter is said to have been married to Sikandar; solder.

A کید kaid (v.n.), Deceiving, laying snares, entrapping, plotting mischief; applying a remedy; vomiting; being menstruous; the croak of a raven; war, warfare; deceit, fraud, stratagem; treachery, malignity, malice; -- kaid kashīdan, To plot, to conceive stratagems, &c.

kaidapā, Name of a queen of Barda' کیدیا (see قيداته and قيدانه).

ker, kīr, Penis; keri khar, (met.) A fool; stupid; -ker u khāya, Penis et testes. kir, A smith's bellows.

ker-āward, Large- کير آور ker-awar, کير آور yarded.

کیربان kerbān, A dildo (see کیربان).

A kiyarat (pl. of kīr), A smith's bellows.

kīrakh, A desk or support for a book.

كير دارو kīr-dārū, Fern, brake.

كير كاهي ker-kāshī, كير كاهي kermān, A dildo. kīrū, Custody, care, retention; memory; getting the knowledge of a secret. kirī, Name of a place.

كيريان kīriyūn, An offering by way of expiation or protection from misfortune.

ينز kiz, Felt-cloth.

A کیس kais (v.n.), Being clever, shrewd (a boy); sagacity, ingenuity, intelligence; coition (especially moderate, without undue indulgence); goodness, beneficence; -kīs. A purse, a bag; the membrane which envelopes the feetus in the womb; the scrotum: [kīsi tafrīk, A red camelot bag for rubbing the body in a bath;]-kaiyis, Ingenious

sagacious, prudent; cunning, shrewd, sly, crafty.

كيس kie, A wrinkle, fold.

kīst, Who or what is he?

kīstān, Torment, torture; a screw. کیستان kīstān, An oil or wine-press; a churn.

کیستو $k\bar{\imath}st\bar{u}$, The colocynth or wild gourd.

kesar (S. kesara), Saffron.

kaisar-guna, The herb poley.

کیسک kīsak, A little purse (see کیسک).

کیسنه kīsana, A rope; a clew of thread from the distaff.

kaisū, The herb poley.

a کیسوم kaisūm, (A garden) full of herbs, moist and verdant; dry herbage in large

quantities.

kīsa, A purse either for money or for enclosing letters (when sent to persons of distinction they are generally made of rich silk and muslin); a kind of small sack made of goats' hair, used in the manner of a flesh-brush; a purse of money containing about 500 dollars; a complete horse-load;—kīsa ba-ṣābūn zadan, kīsa pāk (kīsa'i pāk?) andākhtan, To expend;—kīsa dokhtan (bar-dokhtan), To wait for, to expect; -kīsa'i shaṭranj, A bag in which the chess-board and men are kept; - kīsa'i sūrat kushādan, To be metamorphosed, to undergo a transformation; -kīsa kardan, To rub the bathers in a bath; to revile; kīsa'i kamar, A girdle buckled round the waist, to which are attached all the requisites of a hunter or musketeer; — kīsa'i gil-bar, The bag in which a potter keeps his work-tools;—kīsa lāghir kardan, To expend lavishly.

kīsa-bur, A cutpurse.

ار دار kīsa-dār, A purse-bearer; a letter-carrier; a forestaller, regrater.

كيسةك kīsak (dim. of kīsa), A little

purse.

کیسه مال $k\bar{\imath}sa\text{-}m\bar{a}l$, The rubber in a public bath.

کیش kaish, Matrimony; a dowry; muslin, fine cotton cloth; filth; — kayish, Strength, power (see کیایش) ;—kesh, Faith, religion, sect; a quiver, case for bows and arrows; a feather, particularly of an arrow; a kind of animal of whose skin fur garments are made; the box-tree; a fur coat; a kind of linen garment; a word used to drive away birds; also at chess, as when the king is in check; name of a city in the isle of Ormuz; [(in composition it denotes) practising, addicted to, prone, as zulm - kesh, Oppressive; - kāfir - kesh, Prone to infidelity; (met.) a mistress, a sweetheart; -keshi fida, A precious garment thrown by a fugitive to a pursuing enemy to rescue himself;]-kīsh, Who or that to him (= کش q.v. above).

kīsht, Fresh milk mixed with curds (= کورة مز q.v.).

T کیشک kishik, A guard, sentinel, &c. (=

.(.v.) کشیك

كشميد kaishmand, kayishmand, (in Zand and Pāzand) Strong, powerful;—keshmand, A believer; a prophet.

kishan, A tether; lead (mineral).

(Unsupported by examples.)

ليع kai', كيع kai'ū'ait (v.n. of كيع أي كيه كيع ليه kai'ū'ait (v.n. of كيع ليه أي). Declining, forbearing, abstaining from timidity.

كيخ kīgh, Matter in the corners of the

eyes; eye-sore.

kaighā, Distress, affliction; pain.

كيغانس kaighānis, Name of a learned and

eloquent man.

kai-ghubād, Just, equitable, stendfast in the truth; name of the greatest of the ancient kings of Persia (= کیفیاد q.v.).

kayaf, The palm of the hand (un-

supported),

kaif (v.n.), Cutting; hilarity produced by drinking or chewing bang; pleasure, a merry life (m.c.); an intoxicating drug;—kaif-a, How? how! in what manner?—fa-kaifo, How then! how much the more.

کیما kaifā, A fatal wound; affliction,

distress (see کیفا),

كيفال kifāl, A scoundrel; a loose, dissolute fellow; a frequenter of stews; fond of wine and women.

كيمانيدن kīfānīdan, To incline; to ad-

minister justice.

كيفتن kiftan, To do justice; to incline.

a وان کیف kaif-dān, A box in which the drug kaif is kept; hence, box for drugs

aud medicines in general.

kaifar, A return for good or evil, repayment, reward, exchange; thirst for revenge; repentance; (in these meanings construed with the verbs burdan, kardan, kashidan, &c.); a river; a vessel of a peculiar form, in which sour milk is prepared; calamity, affliction, injury, oppression; name of a certain impregnable fort; —kaifar, kifar, A stone placed on the battlements of a fortress, ready to be rolled on any assailant.

kaifasām, The keeping of a secret. المنام kaifamā, In whatever manner, in

whatsoever way.

kaifūs, Connivance, lenity. کیفرمن kaifūs, The palm of the hand.

a کیفی kaifī, Intoxicated; anything of an

intoxicating nature; intoxication.

-kaifīyati 'ārizīya, An accidental quality ;- kaifīyati kāmil, Full particulars.

ميقباد kaiqubād, A great king; name of a

king of Iran.

kai-qubādī, Of or belonging to Kai Qubad; the state or part of a Kai

Qubad; royal dignity, &c.

kaik, A flea ; [kaik dar pācha (pāzha, shalwar) afgandan (kardan), To throw a flea into (another's) trousers, (met.) to disturb, disquiet, render fidgetty; [kaik ba-garībān būdan, To be disturbed, &c. (pass. of the preceding);]-kik, A man; the pupil of the eye; -kiyak, A kind of fruit; a cat; an ash-coloured horse.

kai-kāwus, Just, noble; name of a king of Persia, the eldest of the four

sons of Kai Qubad.

kaikul, Name of a fruit.

كيكن kīkin, kīkan, Darkness ; solder.

کیکو kīkū, A lake, a pond (see کیکو). کیکیش kaikīr, کیکیز kaikīsh, کیکیر kikish, The herb rocket.

kaigan, The inside of the vulva.

کیل ۸ kail (v.n.), Measuring (grain); measuring out; weighing; computing or measuring one thing by another; failing (to strike fire); a measure of grain; also of other dry goods and liquids; heat; also cold; sparks struck with flint and steel.

کیل kil, Crooked; anxious, longing; dressed in a warm blanket;—kiyal, Name

of a fruit; a medlar.

کیلان $kailar{a}n$, A heron ; a rupture, a swelled

testicle; any dry swelling.

kailat, Measure ;—kilat, Anything measured; the mode of measuring.

کیل دار kīl-dār, Covered with a cloak (a

 \mathbf{shield} ; \mathbf{comp} . کیل $k\bar{\imath}l$).

a کیلدار kail-dar. One who oversees the measurement of grain, or an officer employed to attend the measurement of grain.

kiyalak (dim. of kiyal), A medlar.

kīlakān, A certain black medicinal کیلکان wood from the shores of the Caspian; a sort of leek.

كيلو kīlū, A pond, ditch; a place on the bank of a river or other piece of water where the Muhammadans ease and purify themselves before performing their religious ablutions; - kiyalū, A medlar (see كيل kiyal).

kīlwās, Name of a city, the birthplace of the Hindu saint Shākmuni.

kailūs (G. χυλὸς), Chyle.

н کیله kila (S. kadali), A banana.

a کیله kīla, A measure of corn (see . (كيلة

kai-luhrāsp, Lohrasp, one of the Kayaniyan kings of Persia.

kaimā, Why?

kīmāk, kaimāk, A sort of surcingle with which the loads of asses and camels are secured; name of a city in Tartary, and of a river or sea; oream.

kīmāl, A kind of weasel, of whose کیمال

blueish fur garments are made.

kīmān (pl. of kūmat), Hillocks, heaps.

kīm-khā, كيمخا kīm-khāb, Brocaded كيمخا

kimukht, The back-leather of a horse or ass, shagreen; according to others, the grains of such; a wrinkled skin;kīmukhti māh, The sky.

kīmu<u>kh</u>tī, Made of kīmu<u>kh</u>t.

ليمخواب kīmkhwāb, Brocade.

a کی منظر kai-manzar, Of kingly aspect.

kaimus, Name of a man.

kaimūs (G. χυμός), Humour; chyme,

ليمونستن kīmūnistan, (in Zand and Pāzand) To request, beg, ask.

kīmiyā' (G. χημεία), Chemistry, alchemy; the philosopher's stone; (in these meanings construed with afgandan, zadan, kurdan, &c.); lead; name of a herb; love; the sagacity of an instructor or guide; elixir; the basis of gold and silver; (met.) fraud, deceit, art; -kīmiyā'i akbar, The grand alchemy, the philosopher's stone or tincture, which is called mashhūru 'l-ism wa ma'dūmu 'l-jism " celebrated of name, but unknown of existence"; -kīmiyāyi jān, Wine; -kīmiyā'i ma'ānī, The chemistry of meanings, i.e. the study of truth; -ahli kīmiyā, An alchemist; a deceiver, cheat.

a کیمیا آثر kīmiyā-aṣar, Effective as che-

mistry; alchemic; chemical.

a کیمیا سنج kīmiyā-sāz, کیمیا ساز kīmiyāsanj, کیمیاگر kimiyāgar, An alchemist ; (met.) a deceiver; a lover.

a کیمیاگری kīmiyāgarī, Love; alchemy. a کیمیاگری kīmiyā'ī, An alchemist.

kain (v.n.), Being humble and submissive; a caruncle or gland within the matrix.

کین $k\bar{\imath}n$, Hatred, enmity, rancour, malice ; revenge; (for ki īn) which, for, because, that, this ;—kimi iraj, Name of the nineteenth note of Barbud;—kīni siyāwush, Name of the twentieth note of Barbud; $k\bar{\imath}n$ giriftan, To conceive resentment. (The word is also construed with the verbs āwardan, bastan, to<u>kh</u>tan, <u>kh</u>wāstan, siturdan, kardan, kashidan, &c.)

kīnākīnā, Chinchina, Peruvian کیاکینا 🛦 bark.

کینال kināl, A sot, drunkard.

ين آور kīn-āwar, A fierce warrior, pugna-

kīn-āwarī, Fight, contention, کین آروی

ين توز kīn-toz, One who foments dissentions and law-suits; malevolent-minded.

لين خواة , kīn-jast کين جست kīn-khwāh Malicious, spiteful, rancorous.

kaiyanda, Vanquishing, conquering,

victorious.

kīn-sitānī, The taking revenge. کین ستانی .v. کی بشین kai-nishin, = کی نشین

kīn-gustarī, The spread of malice.

کین گذار kīn-guzār, A revenger of injuries ; full of fury, athirst for vengeance. kinwar, Malevolent, inimical.

Reing, کون kainūnat (v.n. of کینونة کم existing; happening, coming to pass.

kīna, Hatred, rancour, malevolence; -kīna'i irāj (siyāwush), Notes of Bārbud (see کین above) ;-- kīna dāshtan, To hate ;-kīna kashīdan, To take vengeance;—bā kas kīna giriftan, To conceive hatred against anyone (the word is also construed with the other verbs mentioned under نكين; -dushmani kīna-<u>kh</u>wāh, A mortal foe ;—sīna'i pur kīna, A breast full of enmity or revenge.

kīna-tozanda, کینه توزنده kīna-tozanda,

Malicious, bostile, revengeful.

kina-jo, کینه خواه kina-khwāh, Ma-

levolent, vindictive.

,kīna-<u>kh</u>wāhī كينه خواهي ,kīna-<u>kh</u>wāhī كينه جوئي Malevolence, vindictiveness, thirst for ven-

کینه دار kīna-dār, Revengeful; malicious. kīna-sanj, Who carries on strife, کینه سنج wages war, entertains rancour.

كينة كش kīna-kash, Revengeful; name of

the twelfth day of the month.

kina-kashī, Vindictiveness, revenge.

kīna-kosh, Intent on malice or

revenge, spiteful, vindictive.

كينة كاله kīnah-gāh, A field of battle; any place of quarrel.

کینه ورز kīnawar, کینه ورز kīna-warz, Hostile, malicious, spiteful, revengeful, rancorous. --kina-yard, and کینه کرد kina-yard کینه کر

kayū, Lettuce; a bier; cause, motive; -kiyo, Scio (m.c.).

(?), A feast celebrated by the

Mongols on new year's day.

olyc kaiwān, The planet Saturn; likewise his orbit; a bow; the seventh heaven. kaiwān-khidev, The lord of كيوان عديو Saturn.

kaiwānī, Of or relating to Saturn. kayūda, Cause, motive, کیوده matter.

н كيورة kiyūra, Name of a plant with a strong-scented flower (of the species of Pandanus odoratissimus); also of this flower and a perfume made of it.

kayos, Name of an island where 'Azrā, mistress of Wāmiq, was sold; name of the brother of Anoshirwan; -kiyos, Curved, crooked.

kayūgh, Clay unmixed with straw. kaiyūl, The rear of an army, the rear-rank; timid, pusillanimous; high or projecting ground; gold filings; refuse, chaff; the best and choicest of anything.

kayūmars, Name کيومرت kayūmars, Name of the first of Adam's offspring who ever exercised regal authority; he is generally considered as the first king of the Peshdadian dynasty, and is sometimes confounded with Adam and Noah.

A کيون kuyūn (pl. of kain), Caruncles.

kaiwa, Lettuce; name of a plant that bears a fragrant fruit; -kīwa, A kind of cotton-shoe used chiefly in Persia by prize-runners.

kiya Mastic. کیه

کی ها $k\bar{\imath}$ - $h\bar{a}$, also spelt کی ها (pl. of $k\bar{\imath}$), Who? what people?

kīhan, kaihān, The world.

کیهای عدیو kīhān-khidīv, Lord of the world کیهای عدیو the universal monarch, i.e. God.

kaihach, The largest کیہج kaihaj, کیج kind of strawberry-tree.

کیه دان kiya-dān, A candle-stick; according to others a candle (unsupported by examples).

kīhūnistan, (in Zand and Pāzand) To spring up, to grow, to be fresh

and green.

كيهوليدن kīhū'īdan, (in Zand and Pazand)

To come up, to grow.

kaiha, کیهه So-and-so; - kīha, The bramble; a kind of ivy.

kaiha kaiha, So-and-so. کیه کیه

ين ka'ī, Royal, kingly;--ki'ī, Who art thou?

kayīsh, kiyīsh, Conqueror, tyrant, oppressor.

and کیپه kīya, A cupping-glass (see کیپه

کت

کاب g (called کاف فارسی kāfi fārsī or کاف kāfi 'ajamī, the Persian kāf), The twenty-sixth letter of the Arabic-Persian alphabet, the power of which is precisely that of g before a, o, u. In manuscripts it is often confounded with & kāf, as well in sound as shape; and some words will be found indifferently spelled with either letter. It is interchangeable with other gutturals, especially & ghain, and sometimes with palatals and labials.

كاپارة gābāra, كاپارة gāpāra, A cavern or

a cleft in a rock; a herd of cows.

and كاهوارة gākhwāra, A cradle (see كاخوارة . (گھوارة

كادن gādan (imp. gā, gāy), To embrace, lie with.

كادة gāda, Lain with, depucelated; an arbour, bower (this meaning doubtful).

کازر $q.v. = g\bar{a}\underline{z}ur$ کازر q.v.

gār, A particle which, subjoined to a word, denotes agency or possession; (for Fr. gare) a principal station of a railway, a terminus (m.c.); -gāri janūb, The south terminus (Gare du Midi, in Paris, m.c.).

کارنده gāranda, A doer, an agent, &c.

.(.v.) كىنىنە ==)

ياري gārī, Frail, unsteady, inconstant

(thing).

gaz, Shears, scissors; pincers, tweezers, tongs, snuffers; the teeth; biting the lips or any other part with the teeth; biting, chewing; seizing, taking away; pasturage; a cavern in a rock; a hole or trench dug in the ground as a shelter for men and cattle; a hermitage on the top of a hill; (S. kāś) a kind of grass of which ropes are

gāz, Gas (m.c. from Fr. gaz).

gāzur, A bleacher, fuller; a wagtail; gāzur girawi (read گرو not گرد, as Vullers does) khwesh ba-dukan darad, The bleacher has his pledge in his shop (a proverbial saying to express that the clothes entrusted to him secure him against being cheated out of his due).

كازر دار gazur-dar, Name of a wrestling-

trick.

يزرك gāzurak, A wagtail.

کاز گاه gāzur-gāh, A bleaching-ground; name of a place at Shīrāz where Shaikh Sā'dī lies interred; also of a place in Harāt, containing the remains of Khwaja Abdu-'llāh Ansārī.

gāzirūn, Name of a city founded by

Qubad (see کازرون).

gazurī, Bleaching;—gazurī kardan.

To wash, bleach, or full.

gāza, A small gardener's hut covered with a coarse cloth (to which the world is sometimes compared); a swing; a cradle; a hermitage on a hill; the lurking-place of a hunter.

ي كازى gāzī, Name of a sweet-smelling

flower.

يَّةُ gāzh, A place, abode; a stage.

كاهاك $g\bar{a}sh\bar{a}k$, A sausage made of the small guts stuffed with meat and condi-

gāshtan, To turn, cause to revolve;

to avert.

ي gāf, Name of the letter عن boasting; a crack, fissure; exceeding bounds.

كاكا gāgā, Anything given at entertainments with wine, as fruits or sweetmeats.

يل gāl, Far, distant; the pod in which the cotton is produced; a sort of millet; a jackal; a cock; rolling, tumbling; deceit, fraud, imposture; a species of spider; dung hanging to the wool of a sheep's tail.

gāl-bang, Name of an intoxicating کالبنگ herb growing amongst wheat.

gālarī dāpūlun, Galerie d'Apollon, in the Palais du Louvre at Paris.

שנג gāla, Far, distant; a ball of carded cotton; a bag made of wool and hair.

gāliyā, An unripe melon ; Gallia (see (كاليا

كاليار gāliyār, Spittle, saliva.

كاليبولي gālībūlī, Gallipoli (m.c.). عاليجة gălīcha, A magpie.

يالية gāliya, Name of a herb.

לים gām, A step, pace; the distance between the feet in walking; a foot's length; a cubit; the jaw; the palate; the uvula; a bridle; a village; —gām zadan, To step; —gām nihādan, To go, to travel; (also construed with bar-dashtan, kashidan, gu-

gām-khwush, Of a gentle pace. نام زن gām-zan, Rapid, swift-paced; a

high-stepper.

گاموس gāmūs, A buffalo.

gāmīdan, To go, walk, step, travel.

gāmesh, A buffalo.

ولا gān, Coition; a whore; worthy, fit, proper; a tyrannical king; joining, uniting; after numerals = & g.v.; at the end of a word terminating in silent & he, gan forms the plural number when the & he is dropped; as from īstāda, Standing, is formed īstādagān, Those who are standing;—gān dādan, To play the whore; to commit fornication, &c. (comp. کادن).

ਜ਼ ਨਾਂ gānja, The hemp-plant; intoxicating drug made of its leaves (bhang).

كاندادة gān-dāda, كاندادة gānda, An infamous boy; a whore.

كانگاه gān-gāh, The nuptial bed.

ganur, A fruit-basket. שנא gāna, A particle used after numerals to impart an indefinite or distributive meaning, as haft-gana, About seven; seven-

كانج $gar{a}nar{\imath}$, A whore; an infamous boy.

يو gāu, gāo, gāv (S. go), A bull; a bullock; a cow; a drinking-vessel made in the shape of an ox; bold, intrepid; a land-measure of about six miles;—gāvi kharās, An ox turning a mill;—gāv dar charm būdan, A thing is ready; time for deliberation is left or remains ;—gāv dar khirman shudan, To be ruined ;—gāv dar khirman kardan, To ruin, to destroy; —gāwi diyās, A threshingox; —gāv zādan, To inherit; to derive advantage from ;—gāwi zar (zarrīn), A golden cup made in the form of an ox; name of the golden calf made by Sāmarī, a relation of Moses;—gāwi zarrīn, Name of a greencoloured animal of the beetle kind; -gāwi zamīn, The energy implanted by the Creator in the heart of the earth; the bull on whose horns the earth is fabled to rest; the ox that grazes on the earth, opp. to the

Taurus in the sky;—gāwi sifālīn, An earthen vessel made in the shape of an ox; - gāwi sīmīn, A silver cup made in the form of an ox ;--gawi 'ambar, The sea-cow (from which Persians suppose ambergris to come); (met.) a stupid man, a foolish person; gāwi falak, The sign Taurus; - gāv qashqa shuda ast, (met.) One has been disgraced: a secret has become public; -gawi gulbarān, A ploughing-ox; — qāwi kār (warza), A working or ploughing ox;—gāwi kohi, The mountain-cow; -gawi gardan, The sign Taurus; a draught-ox; -gāwi gilīn, An earthen vessel made in the form of an ox; -gāwi na-lisīda, Proud. vain; untaught. ignorant of the world (an unlicked cub); -ābila'i gāw, Cow-pox.

gāv-āb, Green seum collected on the surface of stagnant pools, duck-weed.

يوارة gāwāra, A cradle; a herd of oxen.

كَاوِ آهَن gān-āhan, A ploughshare. كَاوِ آهَن gāvbān, A herdsman; a bullockdriver; a blacksmith. אל פונג gāv-banda, A neatherd.

gav-bahal, A waggon drawn by oxen.

gāv-besha, The world;--gāv-besha dar charm budan, A thing is ready; time for deliberation remains.

gav-pusht, A particular kind of گاو پشت tent (comp. خریشته); (met.) the sky.

يانك gāv-palang, A cameleopard.

gäv-paikar, The mace of Faridun, having a head like that of an ox.

كاو تازى gūv-tāzī, Threat, intimidation. a گاو تکيه gāv.takya, A large pillow supporting the back of a person sitting.

يَّ yāv-charā'i, Pasture-ground; a charge for grazing; tax levied on pasture ground.

gāv-chashma, کار چشمه gāv-chashma, Ox-eye (a plant); a fragrant forest-berb resembling camomile; a kind of wild grape; large-eyed.

gav-chihr, With a bull's face (the mace of Faridun).

كار خانة gāv-khāna. A cow-shed; place

where dead cattle are flayed. ي ي gāwid, (in Zand and Pāzand) The

ياو دارو gāv-dārū, A stone found in the gall-bladder of an ox (= الدر q.v. p. 109).

يار دهني gāv-dashtī, A wild bull or cow ;

کار دل gāv-dil, Ignorant, foolish.

كاو دم gāv-dum, A cow-tail; with a tail like a bull's; a trumpet, a tapering tube; anything thick at one end and thin at the other; acclivity, descent.

گار دنبال gav-dumbal. A cow-tail; anything broad at one end and narrow at the

کاو gav-dosha کاو دوهه gav-dosha کاو دوش gāv-doshna, A vessel for milking,

having a broad mouth and narrow bottom; a milking-pail; a churn.

ياودي gāvdī, Ignorant, foolish. ياو ديدة gāv-dīda, A kind of bread.

gāvr, gāwur (for gabr ?), An infidel ;--gawar, The opoponax.

gāwarza, An ox yoked to the plough. gawarsa, Millet; a گاورس kind of vetch; -gawarsi sim, (a silver vetch) A star ;- gāwarsa'i nuqra-gūn, The lustre of a sword; the milky way.

gāwar-shir, Gum of the opoponax. کاور هير gāv-rang, Bull-coloured, bull-like, name of king Faridun's mace; also of that

gav-rish, (cow-beard) A fool.

يارزاد gāv-zād, Unexpected good fortune, a god-send; an inheritance.

ياو زبان gāv-zabān, Bugloss, ox-tongue (a berby; a plaster; a kind of bread.

وزر gav-zar, A cup made of gold.

ناوزن gavzan, A stag (see کاوزن).

الرزير gāv-zana, An ox-goad. gāv-zor, Rude, brutal; an able wrestler.

کار روری gāv-zorī, Violence. و gāv-zahra, A stone found in the gall-bladder of an ox, considered as an antidote against poison (see الدرزا and الدرزا); a coward.

gāv-sār, Like an ox; ox-headed: name of Faridun's mace.

gāv-sar (also gāv-sara), Farīdūn's كاو سر mace; a poker (m.c.).

yav-sang, A stone found in the gall-bladder of an ox (see انسان and الدراو); an ox-goad.

gāv-shumārī, Census of cattle; a tax upon cattle.

gāwash na-līsīda, Proud, vain; ignorant of the world.

کار هنگ gav-shang, An ox-goad; a sort

of pot-herb.

gavshed, Name of a dreadful dragon, said to have long infeated Persia, but killed at length by Cyrus; in commemoration of which event, they add, he built a splendid atish-gah, or temple to the sun or fire.

tree.

yāv-'ambar, Ambergris, which the Persians believe to be the excrement of the sea-cow, thrown on shore by the waves, and there concreted by the sun.

يون gāwak, A little ox ; a tick or a louse

infesting cattle; a kind of mule. کاو کار gāw-kār, A sown field.

gāv kūn kardan, To purify کاو کون کردن to ease nature.

gāv-kushī, The slaughtering of کاو کشی cattle.

gāwakī, A kind of mule. ياو گون gān-gūn, (ox-like) Stupid, dull.

ياوكل gāv-gal, A cow-herd. يارة مادة gāv-māda, A cow.

gāv-māhī, A creature, half bull, half fish, said to support the earth (sometimes called $g\bar{a}v$, or $m\bar{a}h\bar{i}$ alone).

gāv mashang, Grain like a

vetch.

کاو میش gāv-mesh, A buffalo. gāv-nar, A bull.

(?), (in the dialect of Shiraz) کاو نبطولک A kind of spurge (see احلب ديا p. 22, where the transliteration should read ihlab

گارو gāvā, A mountain-ox. gāwa, A wooden wedge; a chief magistrate; the master of a family.

gāwahīdan, To agitate, shake. gāwe, One bull or cow;—gāwī, Bo-

vine;—ābila'i gāwī, Cow-pox.

يون gāwīzan, A beautiful yellow pigment made from the gall of an ox; the

gall of an ox.

ياويش gāwīsh, A vessel for holding milk. gāh, Time; place (always in composition); a throne; a golden seat; a nouu of time and place; a crucible (for melting gold); the dawn (as bi-gah means evening); a bed; a large cushion; the sign Capricorn; an alligator; office, dignity, public employment; a ditch dug for planting or preserving vines; a dimple in the chin; a bridegroom, wooer, suitor; sometimes, now and then;— $g\bar{a}h\ ba$ - $g\bar{a}h$, $g\bar{a}h\ g\bar{a}h$, Sometimes, at times, from time to time, now and then; -gāh bī-gāh (gāh u bī-gāh), Well-timed or ill-timed, at every turn, at all times; in season and out of season; at morn and at evening; — āmāj-gāh, A roval throne; place where a throne is raised (cf. z -1 p. 97);— $\bar{a}n$ $g\bar{a}h$, In that time;—pas $\bar{a}n$ gāh, After that.

كاهنبارها ,gāh-bār, كاهبارها gāh-bārhā كاة بار gāhambārhā, The six days or periods in which (according to the cosmogony of the ancient Persians) God created the world. The first period, called in the language of the Zand midyūzaram, embraces an interval of forty days, in which God is said to have created the heavens; the second period is called mīdyūsama, and is made to comprise a space of sixty days, in which God created the waters; the third period, called piti sahīm, includes an interval of seventy-five days, in which the earth was created; in the fourth period, called aiyā tahrīm, the duration of which is limited to thirty days, the trees and grass were created; the fifth period, called maidiyārim, consists of eighty days, in which the animal tribes were created; in the sixth period, called hamshpatamahdim, which lasted for seventy-five days, man was created.

كاة كاهي gāh-gāh, كاة كاهي gāh-gāhe, Some-

time or other.

الله كير gāh-gīr, Who occupies a place, fixes a habitation, alights (=جلى گير =).

gāhangān, The Milky Way.

کاهو $g\bar{a}har{u}$, کاهو q.v.

كاهوارة gāhwāra, A cradle. ي gāhe, Sometimes ;—gāhe ki, When-

ever. ياهيدي gāhīdan, To embrace, to copulate.

گاه گاه $g\bar{a}he$ - $g\bar{a}he$, \Rightarrow گاهی گاهی q.v.

gāhīn, Root of sweet caue. وايان gāyān, A buffalo; coition.

gāyistan, To reverse, invert (unsupported by examples).

gāya, Coition.

كاتيدن gā'īdan, To embrace, copulate.

gā'īda, A woman depucelated.

gab, Large and thick. gubāra, A herd of oxen.

gabibmin, (in Zand and Pazand) Low (= past); (according to another reading) the back (= pusht).

gabr, A guebre, ancient Persian, one of the Magi of the sect of Zoroaster, a priest of the worshippers of fire; a pagan, infidel; a plant resembling ginger; a vest; a stone; -gabr, gabar, A corslet or coat of mail; a helmet; -gabar, A kind of transparent stone, of which cups and the like are made; a tent supported by a column; name of a city.

گبر آباد gabr-ābād, (habitation of fireworshippers) The suburbs of Ispahan.

گبرکی gabrakī, A vessel for holding wine. گبرگی gabragī, The Magian religion, fireworship, Parsīism. يرونت gabrūnat, Raining; rain.

gabrī, The Magian religion; paganism.

gabz, Anything thick, gross, dense. گبر gabast, Poison of a serpent : a kind of bitter herb; a kind of wild gourd.

گبنا $gabnar{a}$, (in Zand and Pāzand) A

يه gobba, A cupping-glass. gabhā, Grass, herbage.

gap, Idle report, gossip, chit-chat, news, false rumour; word, saying; thick, gross, dense; large.

گپ و هپ gap-shap, گپ هپ gap-u-shap, Prattle, talk, gossip, &c.

گيتن guptan (for guftan), To say, speak. gut, Great, large, grand; the buttocks.

gutrum, Vain, idle conversation.

guta, Great, large, grand.

gaj, A species of white earth of which lime is made; mortar, plaster; advantage, conveniency; self-admiration, folly; a fool; spurning, kicking.

gujrāt, gujarāt, Guzerat.

gajūl, Name of a certain quarter in

Tabriz; also of a burial-ground.

gach, A kind of white earth of which lime is made; plaster; — gachi shirin, A

particular kind of lime or plaster used in India;—gachi kushta, Lime that has become spoiled; - skyi gach kashida, Drawn on the surface of plaster, painted al fresco (m.c.).

gach-bar, A plasterer; a hodman.

gach-bari, Plaster-work. کی بری प्र र gach-paz, A lime-burner.

gach-pazī, Lime-burning; plaster-

gachri, A dish of rice and beans. gichak, Name of a musical instrument (see عهد).

gach-kārī, Whitewash.

gachgar, A plasterer.

gachgarī, Plastering, working in

يون gachan, Passed, elapsed. gacha, gachcha, A stammerer, a bad speaker.

gachī, Made of mortar or cement, cemented; plastered.

يد gad, A beggar; begging, mendicity.

كدا gadā, Poor, indigent, beggarly; a beggar; -gadā kardan, To beggar, impoverisb, ruin.

gudākhtan, To melt liquify, dissolve; clean, purify, clarify; to be melted. كداخته gudākhta, Melted ; purified, clarified.

كداد gudād, A worn or patched habit; a wide garment.

يان gadā-rūyān (pl. of gadārūy),

Beggarly-looking people. مدارة gudāra, A lofty summer-house; a balcony; planks with which the roof of a house is covered or floored.

gudāz, Liquefaction; melted; mild, gentle, affable; anguish; (in comp.) melting the liver; grieving sorely;—soz u gudāz, Burning and consuming.

يدازان gudāzān, Melters, refiners (of gold). gudāzānīdan, To cause to melt.

gudazish, Liquefaction; consumption; —gudāzish shudan, To be melted; qudāzish kardan, To melt, &c.

gudāzishgar, A melter. گدازهگر

كدارندة gudāzanda, A melter, dissolver ; a solvent, dissolvent;—gudāzanda'i zulm u fisq u bida', The destroyer of injustice, iniquity, and impiety (innovation, heresy). ندازیدی gudāzīdan, To melt; to be melted.

گداش gudāsh, A horn ; an antler.

a كدا طبع gadā'-ṭab, Beggarly-natured;

greedy.

a گدا عانی gadā-ghāzī (a word formed in contradistinction to the A. ghazī in the sense of "wager of religious warfare," هدر المان), A rope-dancer. هان), A rope-dancer. هان gadāgarī, Begging,

mendicity,

living on charity.

a کدا همت gadā-himmat, Of beggarly ambition, of mean aspirations.

يداي gaday, Poor, a mendicant.

עלטל gadāyād, The upper storey of a house, or a room in it; a talcony.

كدايد gadāya, Beggary, mendicity. يدائي gadā'ī, Beggary, mendicity.

يدرك gadr, گدرك gadrak, A warlike instrument

gidast, A span. گدست

gadak, Little; the ventricle of a sheep or kid (stuffed with meat and dressed), a baggis.

گد گدی gud-gudī, Tickling; a call to

goats.

gadmin, (in Zand) Light, illumination.

gada, The wards of a key.

کدیو (?), A husbandman, a cultivator of the ground;— $gadd\bar{u}$, A pumpkin.

gadiwar, A beggar. گدبور

كدية gidya, Begging, mendicity; a beggar. كدار guzār, A passage, transit, passing; a ferry; haste, expedition; payment, desertion; a broker, factor; a beam, joist; pasturage; .. lancet; (in comp.) passing; passing by, remitting; paying, performing, satisfying, as kharāj-guzār, Who pays tribute, tributary, &c.; -guzār āwardan (kardan, giriftan), To pass, pass by, &c.

guzārā, A ferry, ferry-boat; one

who passes, remits, pays, &c.

guzārānīdan, To cause to pass. يداردي guzārdan, To pass; to cause to pass; to pay, perform, satisfy; to clean, purge; to discern, distinguish; to put, place; to put oneself in a place, to come; -dast guzardan, To put one's hand to (m.c.); — sari man guzārd, He has put after me or at my heels (m.c.).

guzārish, A quitting, leaving, passing; payment; tribute; representation, explanation; petition; -guzārish shudan, To be left, paid, &c.; —guzārish kardan, To

leave, pass, pay, &c.; to suggest.

.guzārishgar گذارهگر guzārish-kun گذارش کن and-

ענונעט guzāranda, A passer, transmitter; a messenger, bearer; who causes to pass; guzāranda'i sukhun, An orator.

يدارة guzāra, Passing, penetrating; exceeding bounds; drunk; a ferry, a ferryboat; a toll-bar; passing of time or life; stay, abode;—guzāra shudan, To traverse, to pass through; to pierce.

يداري guzāri, (in comp.) Performance, as

shukr-guzārī, Thanksgiving, &c. وكذاريس guzārīdan, To pass by; to cause to pass; to transact; to pay;—biyābān guzāridan, To traverse the desert.

guzāsht, The quitting or leaving; a deduction (from); a grapt (of land).

كذاهتن guzāshtan, To quit, leave, relinquish, forsake, dismiss, discharge, leave off, cease, put away, place; to perform; to allow, let, suffer, permit; to pay; -guzāsht, It is over, it is done, it is a thing of the

past;—guzāshtan az, To pass by, to forget, to neglect (m.c.);—az kār guzāshtan, To be done without interruption or unceasingly (m.c.);—ba-shamsher guzāshtan, To be massacred;—bi-guzār biyāyad, Let him come (m.c.);—rāh guzāshtan, To perform a journey;—roz (rozgar, 'umr) guzāshtan, To pass one's life;—na-guzāsht, İt was not possible (m.c.);—namāz guzāshtan, To perform one's prayers, to pray;—wām guzāshtan, To pay one's debts;—bar-guzāshtan, To quit, to leave, &c. (= guzāshtan).

guzāshtanī, Proper to be relin-

quished.

يداهته quzāshta, Passed by; left off.

word, falsehood, lie; boasting; vanity; useless act;—ba-guzāf, With impunity;—

lāf-u-guzāf, Boasting.

تار guzar, Pass thou; passing by; (also guzari 'ām') a passage, ferry, ford; a toll-bar; a pass, passage, way; escape; jurisdiction; living, life; [guzar uftādan (afgandan, andākhtan, kardan), To pass;—guzari rāh, A ferry, ford, passage;—guzar nīst, There is no help; all is lost;]—guzir, A carrot.

يدرا guzarā, Passing; livelihood, main-

tenance, employment.

كدر أب guzar-āb, A canal, aqueduct; a ford.

guzarān, Passing by; exceeding;

disturbance); to live, to get along;—bategh guzarānīdan, To massacre;—ba-khiyāl guzarānīdan, To meditate, to ponder; paighām guzrānīdan, To deliver a message.

كاربان guzarbān, A ferryman; an officer who collects the customs at the ferries; a guardian at a pass, a road-watch.

كدره guzarish, Sigh, complaint; accusa-

tion.

كذر كاه guzar-gāh (also guzar-gāhi 'ām), A ferry, ford, passage; a public road, highway, thoroughfare.

كذر نامة guzar-nāma, A passport, safe-

conduct.

گاری guzarī, A market held by the roadside or in a thoroughfare.

guzarīdan, To pass by to omit,

to leave undone.

تنكست guzasht, A road, a pass; after; other, beside; fetching the last breath;—az guzashti ān, After that.

كنمتكان guzashtagān, The ancients.

strip, precede, proceed, go on, advance, ascend, surpass; to cross over, to abandon; to pass by a fault; to die;—az sari gunāh guzashtan. To pardon a fault, &c.;—az sharāb guzashtan. To abstain from wine;—bar zabāni kase guzashtan, To be uttered by one

(words, &c.); — andar-guzashtan, = dar guzashtan (see در کلمتن p. 518); — barguzashtan, To pass by, &c. (= guzashtan).

كنمتة guzashta, Past, elapsed;—aiyāmi

guzashta, Time past, past days.

"" gar, 1f (gar- u gar, Either-, or); scab, mange; purpose, design, intent; power, strength; felicity; a performer, workman, maker (when added to nouns, like "er" in plasterer), as āhangar, A blacksmith, kafshgar, A shoemaker, &c.; [gari khushk, Dry scab;]—gir, A smith's bellows; take;—gur, Ruptured; name of a river.

barber; a term of abuse; a sort of harrow.

الله girād, An old garment.

garārūn, Ring-worm, dry scab.

jy's gurāz, A hog, a boar; a rake, a harrow; a shovel, spade; a large iron mace; a shepherd or buffalo-driver's staff; a heat, to which women in labour are subject; a phial, or traveller's bottle; a chink, crevice; growth, increase; a haughty air in walking; (in comp.) walking pompously, marching, strutting; a cushion or pillow; a brave man.

يراران gurāzān, A polisher; one who walks pompously; a pompous air; (pl. of the preceding) boars; hogs; sturdy wrestlers.

گرازائيدن gurāzānīdan (caus. of gurāzīdan), To cause to march, to walk pompously.

يَّ أَرْنِدَهُ يُ gurāzanda, A proud, stately walker. قَرْارُة gurāza, A boar; name of a champion of Irān.

gurāzīdan, To march, strut, walk گرازیدن

pompously. و pompously. و الإيدي guzāzhīdan, To flap the wings

preparatory to flight.

گراس garās, A mouthful.

گراسيدن girāsīdan, To be necessary; to cheat (doubtful word).

گراش garāsh, girāsh, A scratch; distracted, disturbed (comp. خراش).

واهيدي garāshīdan, To scratch; to disturb, confuse; to be disturbed, confused.

کراف grāf, Count, earl (m.c. from G. Graf).

girāmish, Power, dignity.

گرامی ğarāmī, girāmī, Precious, excellent; dear, beloved; revered.

girāmīdan, To honour, respect گرامندن

slow; great, important, difficult; precious, dear, valuable; gain, profit; penury; [girān āmadan bar, To be troublesome to, to annoy;—girān būdani bīmār, Being on the point of death;—girān kardan nirkh, To raise the price, to overcharge;]—gurán, A handful of corn as cut by the reaper.

وران بار girān-bār, Heavy-laden; fruitbearing (tree); preguant (woman or animal); wealthy; grave, serious; deliberate, cool; -girān-bār shudan, To become pregnant, to conceive.

girān-bārī, Pregnancy; gravity, steadiness; deliberation, coolness.

پران سا girān-bahā, High-priced; costly, precious.

گران پای girān-pāy, Slow-footed. کران پایه girān-pāya, Of high dignity or station.

girān-parwāz, Flying slowly.

ران بشت girān-pusht, Strong, sturdy; a porter, arrogant, proud, silly.

girān-jan, Oppressed in mind, nnhappy, unfortunate; wearied with life; poor, sick; slow, sluggish, tremulous with age; lazy; proud; a sweet beverage made of water, flour, and honey.

girān-jānī, Affliction; misfor-

tune; laziness; pride.

giran-chashm, Possessed of the evil eve.

a گران عاطر girān-<u>kh</u>āṭir, Afflicted at heart ; sad, dejected.

girān-khidya, The water (as element).

girān-khwāb, One who goes to sleep late and rises late, a heavy sleeper.

giran-khwar, A great eater, a گرامخوار glutton.

girān-khoy, Peevish, disagreeable, ill-tempered.

girān-khez, Slow. گران مير

giran dast, Heavy-handed, slow.

girāndan, To look, behold.

كران دو girān-dav, Slow-running (horse). وران دو girān-dūd, Dark cloud, fog, mist. a کران رکاب girān-rikāb, A bold rider; (a horse or man) going slowly and heavily; one who does not flinch from the impetuous assault of his enemy; grave, sedate;girān-rikāb shudan, To attack impetuously; to die.

girān-rav-sitāra, A fixed گران رو ستاره

girān-sāl, Old, aged, great in years.

girān-sālī, Old age. كران سالي

ې girān-sāya, Of exalted dignity; according to others, of unremitting bounty; also one whose presence is not wished

girān-sar, Proud; the commander کران سر of an army; heavy (dragoons); a numerous army; $(= gir\bar{a}n - maghz)$ drunk; stupid.

يران سرهت girān-sirisht, Proud; grave, sedate, dignified; slow, tardy, languid.

girān-surīn, Slow. گران سرين

girān-sang, Heavy, weighty; grave, dignified; precious, valuable; lowspirited; patient; contented.

a گران مير girān-sair, Slow-going; heavymoving ;-kashti'i giran-sair, A slow-sailing ship.

a کران عنان girān-'inān, Slow (man or

a کران قدر girān-qadr (qadar), Of exalted power or dignity.

girān-kīsa, Stingy, avaricious, a miser

girān-gosh, Heavy of hearing, کران گوش deaf.

girān-goshī, Heaviness of ear. گران گوهی giran-gir, Slow to take or seize; گران گير holding fast, seizing violently; patient, enduring, persevering.

girān-māyagī, Preciousness; ex-

cellence of birth; weightiness.

girān-māya, Precious; of noble birth; weighty, ponderous.

girān-maghz, Drunk, intoxicated ;

stupid, foolish; proud.

a گران نظر girān-nazar, Supercilious ; look-

ing askance at.

girānī, Heaviness, weight, gravity; importance; scarceness, dearth, dearness; rise (in price); heaviness of spirit, depression; indigestion; a disease happening to women in parturition; - [girani'i gosh, Heaviness of hearing, deafness;]-girane, A bore, a disagreeable person; a churl, a clown.

girānidan, To be heavy, grave, کرانیدن ponderous; to weigh, or guess the weight of, anything in the hand; to make heavy; to augment the price of; to esteem, to think highly of, extol;—gurānīdan, To make one take or hold anything.

girānīda, Poor; oppressed.

روس, عن oppressed. وروس garāwus, گراوس garāwūs, An oil-

girāh, Inclination, will; inclined;

girāhīdan, To incline, to verge

on; to resemble, to be like.

garāy, Mentioned, recorded; a title of the princes of Tartary; -girāy, Inclination, wish, desire; intention, preparation; diminution; merchandize; heavy; seizing by the hand, the feet, the waist, or the hem of the garment; attacking, pretending to strike or throw stones; threatening; inclining, propense; examining, investiga-

وراي garray, A barber; a slave.

girāyistan, garāyistan, To incline گرايستن towards, to love; to intend, prepare, or make for; to explore, examine; to happen; to behold; to revel; to move anything up and down whilst weighing it; to scatter, disperse; to macerate or soften hides;bar-girāyistan, To weigh in the hand; to balance; to examine, to investigate.

چاپش girāyish, garāyish, Inclination, desire, will, wish; disobedience, rebellion.

gira'idan, كراييدن gira'idan, To have an inclination or affection, to love; to examine, prove, try; to weigh in the hand;

to lay out of the hand; to intend; to contend, endeavour; to attack; to compose, accord, tune (the string of an instrument); to lessen, diminish; to estimate, esteem, think; to involve, to wrap round, to cover; to disobey, rebel; -bar-girāyīdan, To weigh in the hand; to examine, to investigate (see also برگراتیدن) p. 177).

gurbāk, A wide dish. girbāl, garbāl, A sieve. گربال

אָנּע gurbuz, אָנּע gurbizh, A deceiver, seducer, flatterer, cheat; artful; ingenious, skilful, intelligent; strong, invincible.

وربري *gurbuzī*, Fraudulence, seduction, deception; intelligence, wisdom; greatness,

gurbagū, Name of a fragrant shrub. yurba, A cat; wild thyme; name of an odoriferous tree called bidi mushk ;yurba'i ābī, An otter;—gurba az baghal afgandan (andākhtan), Throwing the cat from under the arm; letting the cat out of the bag, discovering the secret; leaving off deceitful ways; —gurba ba-tumbān kardan, To disgrace, to defame ; -qurba'i barrāq, A cat with a very shining coat; gurba dar amban dushtan (firo-shudan, kardan), gurba dar baghal dashtan, To practise deceit;gurba dar zindān kardan, To be extremely avaricious ;--gurba'i dashtī, A kind of panther or wild cat; bog-rush;—gurba'i 'ābid namāz kard, Pious Tom said his prayers, (met.) such a one is a downright hypocrite; -gurba'i miskin, A meek cat; (met.) a wicked rogue; -gurba'i mushkin, The civet cat; -gurba hama shab ba-khwāb binad dumba, A (hungry) cat dreams all night of a fat sheep's tail.

وبه بيد gurba-bid, A species of willow; a kind of catkin from which a juice is pressed; a gum-like matter proceeding

from the willow.

gurba-chashm, Grey-eyed. gurba-chashmī, Grey-eyedness. گربه چشمی ه علاك علاك gurba-khilāf, = كربة بيد q.v. الله مال عربة gurba-dala, A ferret, marten, weasel.

وباد gurba-zibād, The rivet-cat. gurba-shāna, کربه مان gurba-shāna, gurba-gūn, Cat-like, wily, cunning, deceitful.

gurpā, Trefoil. گريا

عرت بايد garat bāyad (for gar tū-rā bāyad), If thou meanest (if it must be to thee).

ورع gurj, Georgia, native of Georgia.

gurjistān, Georgia.

وجي gurjī, A Georgian; a servant boy; a hut; a kind of dog.

girach, Mortar, plaster. گری

garchand, How much soever. گرچند

garchi, Although, though, notwithstanding; certainly, indeed; gurcha, A cottage; a dungeon; a subterraneous excavation.

gurikhtan, To fly, escape, flee for refuge.

gard, (in comp.) Turning round; revolving; wandering over (as afaq-gard "a world-wanderer"); the celestial globe; fortune; the sun; dust, earth; flying dust; advantage, profit, emolument; reflexion, inversion, repercussion, refraction; lightning; joy, mirth; sadness, sorrow; a kind of silk; a fragrant smell; construed with the verbs afshāndan, burdan, pāk kardan, rasīdan, raftan, siturdan, shustan, shikastan, nishāndan, nishastan, &c.; [gardi ăsiyă khwurda ast. He has eaten the dust of the mill (proverbially said of one who eats any food indiscriminately, whether lawful or not); -gardi āftāb, Atoms which appear playing in the sunbeams; - gard barawardan, To trample under foot; to annihilate; -gard khwurdan, To become soiled with dust; -gardi zumurrud, A sprouting beard; - gardi surma, Collyrium-powder; gardi shab, The darkness of night;gard kardan, To trample under foot, to annihilate; to make public, to manifest, to render evident; -gard kardani tīr, The flying high of an arrow; -gard na-mānad az, No vestige remains of;—gardi-māh, Moon-beams;—gardi yatīmī, The water or purity of a pearl;—az gard uftādan. To lose lustre; -ba-gard būdan (raftan), To be annihilated, to perish ;—dar gard būdan, To be brisk (a market); -gird, Round; a circle, orbit, circumference, circuit, rotundo; environs, parts adjacent; a collection, assembly; a host; a city; a tent, pavilion; (adv.) around; [gird āmadan, To convene, meet together; to accumulate, collect, mount up; -gird āwardan (pech kardan), To accumulate; to acquire, to bring into one's grasp;gird-rā girdū mī-khwānad, He calls everything that is round a nut, i.e. he muddles things together, he talks galimatias (m.c.);girdi rāh, The circuit of a road; girdi rū, The contour of the face; a woman's ornament worn about the face set with jewels; -girdi sari <u>kh</u>wud dawid, He loitered about in idleness; he did as he liked; -girdi sari kase gardidan (raftan), To devote oneself to, to sacrifice oneself for ;-gird shudan, To gather together, to assemble ;—gird-ash na-mītawān gardīd, One dares not approach him; — girdi shahr, Suburbs; —girdi kār gashtan, To engage in, to attempt or commit anything; -gird kardan, To collect, assemble, bring together; to make round, encompass, environ; to surround, to invest; to wrinkle, shrivel, contract; to wager, especially at a horse-race; to put in ;—girdi kāre gashtan, To set to work in a matter; -gird kardan (giriftan), To accumulate; to acquire;—gira gashtan, To go round;—girdi yatimi, The water or lustre of a pearl (= qardi yatimi above);—ba-gird andarun, All around: — darab-gird, The city of Darab;] - gurd, Strong, brave, valiant; a hero; [gurdi zābul, The hero of Zābul, i.e. Rustam;]—girad (for gīrad), He may take; -girid, Crete or Candia.

gardā, Returning, wheeling, encircling; a boy's top; -girdā, Pretence, pre-

text, excuse.

ورد آب gird-ab, A whirlpool, abyss, gulf,

vortex;—gurd-āb, A wave.
אנוער gurdābād, The city of Madāin, founded by Tahmuras and finished by Jam-

girdābish, Proof, demonstration; meditation, deep thought; perplexity; investigation (doubtful word).

کر دار gar-dar, Scabby, mangy.

gurdās, An oppressor, tyrant.

كرداك gurdāsh, An oppressor, tyrant. كرد افريد gurd-afrīd, Name of the daughter of Guzhdaham.

gurd-afgan, Who lays low

وداكرد gard-ā-gard, Step-by-step; continually revolving; - gird-ā-gird, Round about, round and round; the winding of a river, road, or mountain; parts, sides, boundaries.

gurd-ālū, A kind of plum, an apri-

(کرده آلو cot (see).

عرد آلودة gard-ālūd, عرد آلودة gard-ālūda, Soiled with dust; encumbered with riches or worldly cares; -gard-ālūda sāzad, He bestows worldly goods upon.

gard-posh, Covered with dust; encombered with riches or worldly cares.

gard-poshīda, Dust-covered (a

wrestler, a horse or mule, &c.).

gardan, Turning, winding, changing, inverting, converting; one who turns or goes round; conjugation, inflexion; meat parboiled and roasted with spices;gardan shudan, To revolve, turn round; gardani gardan, The spheres, the heavenly heavens; — qubba'i gardāni gardān, The vault of heaven (perpetually) revolving.

gardānād, May (God) effect it! gird-andām, Of a middling sta-

ture, square, compactly built.

gardandan, To turn round. gardān-sitāra, A planet.

gardanak, The pointers (two stars

in the Bear).

gardāna, An iron ring (to which anything is suspended); - girdāna, A child's go-cart, leaning against which it learns to walk.

gardānī, Turning, revolving, &c. (used as last member of compounds).

gardāniyā, Name of a note in

گرداليدكى gardānīdagī, A rolling about. gardanidan (transitive of gardidan), To change, alter, avert, convert, divert, drive round, surround; to cause to become; to represent as becoming, to regard as ;—āgāh gardanīdan, To inform, to apprise of ;—umīdwār gardānīdan, To raise one's hopes; -- āwāz gardānīdan, To make inflections of the voice, i.e. to sing, modulate, shake, quiver, or trill; -bāz gardānidan, To avert, to turn off ;—bar-gardānīdan, To invert, transpose; ba-chara gardānīdan, To lead to pasture ; - pusht gardanidan, To turn the back;—taşauwur gardānidan, To be of opinion, to imagine; dargardānīdan, To revolve, to turn round; mukhātib gardānīdan, To converse; - musharraf gardānīdan, To honour.

گردانيده gardānīda, Turned round; meat parboiled and roasted.

gardāniya, Name of a note in كردانية

يردارا girdāwā, A patrol.

gird-āwar, All round, round; a کرد آور patrol; a watch; a superintendent of police or customs.

gird-āwardan, To assemble, collect.

gird-āwarī, A drawing together, گود آوری collecting; surrounding, investing; siege; going the rounds, watching, patrolling, &c. division; beat.

gurdāvzhand, Throwing down كرد أوژند

heroes; name of a champion.

پو باد gird-bād, ماد gird-bāda, A whirlwind; a demon; -- gird-bādāsā, Like a whirlwind.

يرى بازو gird-bāzū, With round, i.e. powerful arms; strong-limbed.

gird-baf, A woven border; sel-

bālīn), A small بالين) A small كرد بالش pillow laid under the cheek; a large cylindrical pillow, a bolster.

gardbān, A leader, commander-inchief; the tree of paradise; an artificer's wooden block fixed in the ground for polishing his work; a shirt-collar; neck and breast of a shirt.

אָנאָן girdbur, A wimble, gimlet.

gard bar-āwardan, To raise a کرد بر آوردی dust; to trample down, destroy.

وردة gird bar-āwarda, Vaulted,

gird ba-gird, All round.

gard-bandan (for gardan-band), Collar, neck-ornament.

gird-pāy, The space about the foot of a throne or other seat; according to others to be disgraced, to be treated with ignominy; -gird-pāyi hauz gardīdan, To prowl about any place in search of anything; -gird pay nishastan, To sit in a square posture.

gird-pistan, Round-breasted کرد پستان

maiden.

gird-posh, Bed-clothes. گرد پيش gird-pesh, All round. gird-khwān, A circular table.

وَدَ جَرَاى gird-khwān, A circular table. gardar, Hard ground at the foot of a mountain; hilly ground; a city.

روی gird-ruy, Round of face or form. کرد روی gird-ran, A fleshy thigh; an easy

life; root of the thigh, groin.

gardish, Revolution, turning round, گردش reversion, conversion, motion; turn, change; a bend; vicissitude; reversion; adverse fortune; wandering about, vagrancy; an plundering incursion, raid, expedition (m.c.); -gardishi āsmān, Revolution of the heavens; — gardishi bālīn, Changing the position of an invalid;—gardishi bālīn shab jum'a, Passing the Friday night out of one's harim (considered as ill-omened);gardishi rang, Change of colour ;-gardishi 'āma, Promenade, public pleasure-walk (m.c.);—gardishi qur'a, The shaking and drawing of lots.

ورد هب gard-shab, Darkness of the night. ورد هکم gird-shikam, Round-bellied (a

horse).

گردهگاه gardish-gāh, Place for a pleasure-drive or walk; pleasure-ground (m.c.).

girdshanda, Reptiles.

girdak (dim. of gird), A small royal tent; a large round tent; a bride's chamber; an enigma; a rich cake; a sum, total, whole, collection.

گرد کیا gird-kunû, A collector; surround-

ing.

gird-koh, Name of a mountain in

Mazandaran.

ودكان girdgān, A walnut; the ball of a pellet-bow; anything round;— girdgān bar gumbad, (met.) Fickle, unsteady, unstable.

gird-gah, The middle part of the

body, the waist; the navel.

کرد گرد کرد و gird-gird, All round. کرد کریبان gird-giriban, A shirt, a shift.

گرد کهنگی gird-gashtagi, A going round. پردکی girdagi, Roundness, rotundity; bu-girdagi'i digar raftan, To sacrifice oneself for another.

گرد گير gurd-gir, A conqueror of heroes; the title of the son of Afrasyab.

girdmāna, Seed of mezereon.

ورد مشت gird-musht, A kind of bowhandle; a particular way of holding the bow.

robust, firm, powerful; a brave, stout man; a hero; strength, power;—gardan az mo barīktar dāshtan, To be gentle, pliable, submissive;—gardan afrākhtan (bālīdan), To raise the neck; (met.) to be restive, disobedient, arrogant;—gardan andākhtan (āwardan) bar, To submit to;—gardan ba-dosh firoburdan, To submit, to obey;—gardan bashamsher kharīdan, To command oneself to

be killed; — gardan baland (dirāz, firāz) kardan, To stretch the neck; (met.), to be stiff-necked, disobedient, rebellious; -gardan charb u narm (kham, ghuncha, kaj) kardan, To submit, to obey (also construed with shudan in the sense of being submissive or obedient); -gardan zadan, To decapitate;—gardani zamin, A neck of land. an isthmus;—gardani shutur, A camel'sneck; (met.) a purse full of gold;—gardan kashidan, To be stiff-necked, restive, to disobey, to revolt against;—gardan giriftan, To take upon one's neck, to endorse, to declare oneself responsible for (m.c.);gardan narm kardan, To submit, to obey ;gardan nihadan, To place the neck, i.e. to submit, obey ;-bā khūni lashkar dar gardani o, With the blood of the (whole) army on his neck, i.e. being the cause of their destruction; bā shamshīr u kafan bar gardan, With a scimiter and a winding-sheet about (his) neck; -bar (dar) gardan uftādan, To fall upon one's neck, to befall (misfortune, &c.).

לכט gardanā, A spit; a go-cart, in which a child learns to walk; a boy's top; meat boiled and then roasted with spices; the peg of a musical instrument; [gardanāyi charkh, The sky;]—girdanā, A spit; the kneepan; a red rose; a deep dish.

ودناع gardanāj, meat parboiled and

roasted.

گردن افراخته gardan-afrākhta, Of high stature, tall, strong.

گردناك gardnāk, Full of dust, dusty.

خواهد gird-nāma, An incantation inscribed with the name of a run-away slave, which, being hidden under a stone or in the ground, is supposed to have the power of preventing his escape and obliging him to return; a die for coining the impression on money.

يرديان gardanān (pl. of gardan), Strong, powerful, illustrious;—gardanāni ba-nazm,

gardanāni nazm, Illustrious poets.

گردنای gardnāy, A boy's top;—girdnāy, gardnāy, A red rose; a child's go-cart.

ورن باريك gardan-bārīk, Gentle, docile,

affable, pliable.

گردن بسته gardan-basta, Chained or fastened by the neck;—gardan-bas-ta u dil-shikasta, With the neck in chains and a broken heart.

کردن بند gardan-band, A chain, collar, necklace, ornament for the neck.

gardandagi, Revolution, alteration, ودندکی

کردن زدنی gardan-zadani, Deserving to be beheaded.

פיט נט gardan-zan, The executioner.

کردن هکن gardan-shikan, Who severs the neck, arrogant, contumacious.

وردي فراز gardan-firāz, Stretching the

neck; long-necked; proud, arrogant, stiffnecked.

gardan-kash, Exalting the neck, گردنکش i.e. proud, haughty, refractory, disobedient, stubborn, obstinate; -gardan-kashān banazm, gardan kashāni nazm, Poets of distinguished merit.

gardan-kashī, Pride, arrogance, presumption, stubbornness;—gardan-kashi

kardan, To rebel.

چدن کلفت gardan-kuluft, Of a strong neck ;

a ruffian, a bully (m.c.).

کردنگ gardang, A fool, idiot; a cuckold. يون كاة gardan-gāh, A road on the summit of a mountain; a place in Iran, on the way to Mecca.

كردن كذار gardan-guzār, Severing the neck (a sword).

gardangal, A fool;—gardangul, A rolling pin.

gird-nawāḥī, Environs.

gardana, A rolling-pin; a saw worked by two men; a musical instrument; name of a herb; a neck of land; the neck of a mountain; a road on it.

ودنها gardanhā (pl. of gardan), Necks.

ودني gardanī, A horse-cloth; a blow on the nape of the neck; fortitude, bravery; a trick in wrestling; —gardanī kardan, To disobey, to rebel.

وردو girdū, A nut, a walnut.

girdwar, A patrol, watch, guard; a police or customs inspector.

girdwārī, The office of a patrol,

&c. (see the preceding article).

کرد پیش pird-u-pesh, کرد و پیش q.v.

وردون gardan, A wheel; heaven, the celestial globe or sphere; chance, fortune, and her revolving wheel; an engine (for pulling up trees by the roots, &c.), a windlass; a chariot, calash, chaise; a child's go-cart, by which he learns to walk; a gun-carriage; a cob-web; gardūni dūnnawāz charkhi kīna-sāz. Heaven smiling on the base, the spheres preparing adversity (for the deserving);—gardūni mīnā, The azore sky; — gardūn namati palang kard, Heaven has made a motley carpet, i.e. there is no peace or quiet in this world, the world is full of vicissitudes.

a گردون اقعدار gardān iqtidār, Powerful as

ورون پناه gardūn-panāh, Under the protection of heaven; who takes refuge with

يرن تك gardūn-tak, Swift as the revolving spheres, fleet (a horse).

a کردون تمکین gardūn-tamkīn, (Equal to)

heaven in dignity or power.

garduncha, کودنیه garduncha, کودنیه cha'i kūdak, A child's go-cart, by which it learns to walk.

girdwandi گردوند کردونه

girdwand, گردوندي girdwandī, Various degrees of Sufic perfection (cf. مسرود p. 697).

gardun-say, Rubbing, i.e. touching, the sky.

a گردون سرير gardūn-rikāb, گردون ركاب gard dūn-sarīr, (met.) A powerful sovereign.

gardūn-sirisht, Prond, conceited, pompous, dignified; slow, negligeut; absurd.

-gardun-suwar, گردون سير gardun-suwar گردون سوار sair. Travelling in the sky.

gardūn-shukoh, Majestic as heaven.

gardūn-ehigāf, Cleaving the sky (sound of the trumpet).

a کردون قرین gardūn-qarīn, Joined or reaching to the skies.

gardūn-kamān, (met.) A powerful monarch.

gardūn-girāy. Who aspires to higher things; favoured by heaven.

gardūn-naward, Travelling in

a گردون همت gardun-himmat, Of highsoaring ambition, high-minded, of lofty aspirations.

كردونة gardūna, A chariot, calash, gig.

garda, Powder used by painters, which, tied in a porous cloth, they rub over the outlines of their designs pricked on paper, thus transferring them to another piece of paper, pouncing-powder; also the pricked paper itself, a stencil-card; a shield; leather breeches of a wrestler; a shaven crown; a disc; barrel (of a drum); [garda poshīdan, To rub the hands with dust before wrestling;]-girda, A kind of round cake, but not thin; anything round; a round pillow; a round yellow patch sewed upon a garment to distinguish a Jew; all, the whole; watch, guard; [girda'i charkh (gardun), The sun and moon;]-gurda, A kidney; the reins; courage.

gurda-ālū, A fruit like an apricot كردة آلم

(kidney-shaped).

وردة باليش girda-bālish (اليس bālīn), A round pillow.

Zgirdabān, One who claps his hands کردة بان upon meat on a table, to prevent it from being carried off; a watchman.

girda-bur, A wimble, auger, gimlet. girda-paz, A maker of cakes, a

pastry-cook.

girda-pech, A circuit, surrounding, investing, besieging; herb-seeds dressed with meat.

girda-koh, Name of a mountain in Kurdistan.

gurda-numā, Kidney-shaped, like كردة نما a kidney.

Wandering, travelling; .gardi کردی change; revolution; separation; downfall, misfortune; affliction (used as last member of compounds);—ashraf-gardi, Downfall of the aristocracy;—pādshāh-gardī, Overthrow of a king, revolution, anarchy.

change; to be inverted, converted; to go round, walk about, saunter; to be surrounded, embraced, comprehended; to embrace; to stretch oneself (especially when awaking from sleep);—az hāl gardīdan, To change one's state or condition;—az rāh gardīdan, To stray from the right road;—bāz gardīdan, To turn back, to retire;—dukāni fulān mī-gardad, Such a one's shop, &c. is much frequented, he does a brisk trade.

کردیده gardīda, Become, changed; sur-

rounded; tumbled down, revolved.

ورز gurz, A mace of gold, silver, or iron; a club, battle-axe; a pestle; penis;—gurz zadan, To strike with the mace.

کرز دار gurz-bardār, کرز بردار gurz-dār, A

mace-bearer.

کرزدهس garazdamin, (Zand and Pāzand)
An enemy.

زودي gurazdan, To help, aid; tend the sick.

گر ردة gar-zada, Smitten with scab, scabby.

كروت garzish, A cry against injustice, remonstrance, supplication, the groans of the oppressed.

gurazm, Name of a brother of Isfan-

diyar.

ورمان garazmān, garzmān, The highest heaven; heaven.

garzan, Crown of the old Persian کرزی

kings.

systy garza, A very venomous kind of serpent;—gurza, A large wooden club; a mace; a large-headed serpent; ravenous, fierce; membrum virile;—gurza'i gāv-pai-kar (gāv-chihr, gāv-sār, gāv-sar, gāv-mesh), The mace of king Faridūn, which had the figure of an ox's head on the top of it;—garazuh, Name of a fragrant plant (= 5,1), q.v., p. 674).

يون gurazīdan, To help, assist; to cure. وزين girzīn, A rich crown worn by the ancient kings of Persia (see والم above); a

banket; a pointed arrow.

gurs, Hunger; dirt upon the body or linen; curled hair; a ringlet.

garast, Full of drink, intoxicated; swallowing.

giristan, To weep, to cry.

ن متودي garastūdan, A steelyard for weighing large weights.

گرستون garastūn, A large public standard or weighing engine.

.gurenagī, Hunger گرسنگی

gursna, gurusna, gurasna, gurisna, gursina, Hungry, famished;—gurusna-mān ast, (vulg. m.c.) We are hungry (for gurusna hastīm).

gurena-chashm, Hungry-eyed; envious; niggardly; poor; a beggar; one

who has just escaped from a famine; gursna-chashmāni kan'ān, An epithet of the brethren of Joseph.

كرسنه دل gursna-dil, With a famished heart; envious, &c. (= كرسنه چشم q.v.).

ورسيان garsiyān, Name of a certain stone. المسوز garsewaz, Name of Afrāsyāb's brother.

girish, An amorous glance or gesture گرش

.(.v.) کرهمه =)

garshāsb, Name of an ancestor of Rustam; name of the son of Tahmāsb;—girshāsab, A nocturnal pollution (unsupported by examples).

گرهاسک garshāsf, = گرهاسک garshāsb q.v. عرهال gurshāl, girshāl, An animal between

a wolf and a jackal.

کرهسپ خ garshasp, = کرهسپ garshāsb q.v. په girishma, An amorous glance or gesture.

*gar-ghast, Name of a plant resem کر طست

bling spinage.

girift, He took or seized; capture, seizure, detention, sequestration, mulet; a handle, catch, clutch; a fault, sin, crime (for which one is reviled); blame. reproach, taunt: objection, criticism; observation, watch; an eclipse of the sun or moon; a thrust with a spear; friction; shaking with the fingers, or pressing upon the finger-board of a musical instrument, so as to produce a tremulous sound; a small shrill trumpet; -girift kardan, To shake upon a musical instrument; to turn away from. construed with mandan and giriftan.

giriftār, A captive, prisoner, slave; involved (in trouble); a commencement; —giriftār āmadan (būdan, shudan), to be or become captured, imprisoned, enslaved; — giriftār kardan, To take prisoner, carry off captive; —ba-ham giriftār būdan, To engage

in a hand to hand fight.

giriftār-shuda, Taken. گرفتار هده

girifiārī, Captivity, bondage, imprisonment, embarassment.

ونتگاه girift-gâh, The handle, hilt, or grasping-place (of a sword, knife, and the like).

giriftagī, Capture, seizure, detention, imprisonment; the setting of a broken bone; a contraction; an impediment;—giriftagī'i āwāz, Hoarseness;—giriftagī'i dil, Solicitude, anxiety, grief;—giriftagī'i shikam, Costiveness, constipation.

giriftam, I admit, take it (for

granted).

catch, snatch; to make prisoner; to intercept; to rebuke; to fine; to take reprisals; to suppose, to admit; to begin; to set a broken bone; to close up; to undergo an eclipse; to make (a dwelling);—giriftan as, To seize by; to take or press out of;—

giriftani dandan, The pulling out of a tooth; -giriftani māh, A lunar eclipse; -giriftani namak, The (punishment for) disloyalty or ungratefulness overcoming one; -- āb giriftan. To be wetted, rained upon, watered; baz giriftan, To keep back, retain; - bahinā giriftan sari angusht (sar angusht), To stain the finger-tips with henna;bar khwud giriftan, To take upon oneself; to assume airs, presume, arrogate; bar giriftan, To decamp, to escape; to return, to retrace one's steps (mm.cc., see also بر گرفتن p. 177);—panja dar hinā giriftan, To stain the hands with henna ;—panja dar āhan giriftan, To put on iron gauntlets;— pesh giriftan, To undertake; to anticipate; —samar giriftan, To produce fruit;—chādar rū-rā giriftan, To veil the face; — kharāj bar zimma giriftan, To engage to pay tribute; -dar hisāb giriftan, To make or deem responsible for ;-dar dil giriftan, To conceive (fear) in the mind; —dar zar (gauhar) giriftan, To set in gold (jewels); to gild (to stud with gems); (met.) to display great liberality; -dars giriftan, To learn, to study; —dar miyāni khwud giriftan, To contain or restrain oneself;—dast giriftan, To take in hand;—dūd rūyi hawā-rā girift, Smoke pervades the air (m.c.);—zor giriftan, To weaken, to take away the strength of; —zīri pāy giriftan, To trample under foot; —sabaq giriftan, To learn, to take a lesson; — sabaqat giriftan, To excel; — sar giriftan, To behead, to decapitate; to take place, to proceed, to progress (an affair); -shīwa giriftan, To use blandishments, to flatter, to coax;—'adat giriftan, To accustom oneself to, take the habit of; fāli bad giriftan, To take a bad presage;quwat giriftan, To gain strength, to prevail; -mashq giriftan, To learn, practise, study; -nākhun giriftan, To pare the nails; -nāf giriftan, To cut the navel-string; -nam giriftan, To gather dew ; - ham-chū mī-gīrīm, also simply giram, Let us admit or suppose. giriftanī, Criticism. گرنتني

girift-u-gir, Two things adhering to each other and suspended together

(q.v., p. 189) بشل = (

girifta, Taken, received, seized, captured; adopted, assumptive; blamed, reproached; obstructed, shut, closed; eclipsed; a prisoner, captive; blame, reproach, contumely; a crime, sin; a mulct, fine; a boasting, bragging; a foolish saying or action; a thrust, stab; wages, price of labour; avaricious, stingy, sordid; a niggard;—girifta zadan, To reproach; to pierce; to boast;—girifta shudan, To be eclipsed;—gjal-girifta, Seized by fate; on the point of death; —adab-girifta, Polite, well-bred; — pāy-girifta, Fled, escaped; baked, kneaded;—pusari girifta, An adopted son;—pand-girifta, Admonished; welladvised; taking advice; —dar-ham girifta, Contracted, drawn together.

girifta-khatir, كرفعه حاطر girifta-khatir, كرفعه خاطر

dil, Afflicted at heart; captivated.

girifta-dam, Asthma; asthmatic. girifta-zabān, Stammering, having an impediment in speech.

وانعه لب girifta-lab, Tongue-tied, dumb;

silent; silence.

garg, Scabby, mangy ;—gurg, A wolf; gurgi bārān-dīda, A wolf who has seen the rain (and is no longer non-plussed by it); (met.) experienced, cunning, up to a trick or two; —gurg dar pīrāhan dāshtān, To associate with low or unworthy people;gurg dar gala afgandan, To destroy a flock; -gurgi sīmīn-sum, A strong, able-bodied man; gurgi fasungar, The world; the sky; gurgi yusuf, Suspected (without cause, as the wolf who was said to bave torn Joseph).

M كرك girig, Walking about, ambulating;

—gurug, Collyrium.

وگابي gurgābī, A kind of sandal or shoe.

gurg-ispar (for sipar), A shield covered with a wolf's hide.

gurg-āshtī, An insincere peace. يُرك أهناكي gurg-āshnā'ī, Hollow friendship.

ورگان gurgān, A desert; name of a city;

(pl. of gurg) wolves.

gurgānj, The metropolis of Khwārazm.

gurgān-rūd, Name of a place and river on the Caspian.

وكاني gurgānī, Wolfish; a native of Gurgān.

gurgāv, A kind of shoe or sandal.

گرگ بازی), A game. کرگ بازی gurg-būz (بازی), A game. کرگ بازی gurg-band, Conquered, made captive; a prisoner; light (not heavy); -gurgband kardan. To take prisoner; to oppress; to render light.

gargaj, A redoubt in front of a fort. gurg-dav, A trot like that of a

کرک دیوه gurg-deza, A dun colour; satin. وگر gargar, One of the names of God; a throne; name of a town in the province of Azarbaijān;—girgir, A species of bean or pea; -gurgur, A whisper, what is said aside.

q.v. above. کرک در gurg-rav, = کرک ور قرك jurg-zāda, A wolf's whelp; a young wolf; -gurg-zāda 'āqibat gurg shud, The whelp has finally become a wolf, i.e.

nature will out at last.

gurg-sār, Wolf-like, wolfish: name of a Turanian champion.

gurg-mast, A beloved object, cruel and fickle.

gurg-manish, A dissimulator; کرک میش false, treacherous.

gargan, The scab; — gargin, One

who has a cutaneous eruption; scabby;gurgun, Unripe corn gathered for food.

gargand, The capital کرکنج gargant, The

of Khwarazm.

gurgūz, gargūz, Governor of a province.

gargoy, Name of a champion and ally of Afrasyab.

يركى gurgī, Wolfishness.

گرگيع girgīj, Name of a certain city. گرگين gargīn, Scabby, mangy ;—gurgīn, Name of a champion.

gurgīna. Ā fur garment.

gurgīna-charm, Made of wolf's hide (drums).

gurgīna-do2, A maker of fur

garments.

garm (S. gharma), Warm, hot; choleric. fiery; ardent, active, zealous; thronged, busy (market); anguish, vexation; haste, despatch; (adv.) closely, strictly; warmly, ardently; anxiously; kindly; [garm uftad dar kari kase, One sets energetically to work; -garm shudan, To grow warm; to fly in a passion; to be brisk (market); to be on the point of closing the eyes from sleepiness (m.c.); -garm kardan, To make hot; to excite, inflame, put in a rage; to sharpen; -qarm-u-sard, Hot and cold, ups and downs, prosperity and adversity; — garm-u-sardi charkh, The sun and moon; accidents of fortune; -batāziyāna garm kardan, To uudertake a thing impetuously;—chi garm ast, How hot it is! (m.c.); —gurm, garm, Grief, sorrow, affliction, distress of mind; taking little when much is required; -gurm, The rainbow.

garmā, Heat, warmth, sultriness :garmā khwurdan, To suffer from the heat. ومابان garmābān, A hot bath; a bath-

keeper.

garmāb-dār, A bath-keeper. گرمابدار

وماهه garmaba, A bot bath; the money paid for such (?).

garmābabān, Keeper of a hot bat h

garmābī, Warmth, heat.

a كرم المتلاطى garm-ikhtilātī, Warmth of friendship, strong attachment, intimacy.

garmā-khwurda, گرما زده garmā-

zada, Smitten with heat.

وما نزاى garmā-fizāy, Increasing heat; name of the third month in the era of Yazdagird, corresponding to May.

garm-ā-garm, All hot; new, fresh; spontaneous, unpremeditated, extempore.

garmāla, Name of a certain medi-

garmā-u-sarmā khwurda, كرما و سرما عوردة Who has suffered from heat and cold, experienced, inured to the vicissitudes of Ĵife.

garmāwa, A hot bath.

garmāwabān, Keeper of a hot bath.

كر ماهى gar-māhī, (scab-fish) A shad. كر ماهى girmā'īl, Name of one of the princes who were compelled to perform the office of cook to the tyrant Zahhāk.

garm-bāzārī, Briskness of the market, good sale: high value or estimation of anything.

garm-tāzī, A furious driver. گرم تازی

وم جوهي garm-joshī, Ebullition; warmth of affection; ardour, zeal, enthusiasm.

garm-khāna, A hot-house, subterraneous dwelling for warmth; a greenhouse (m.c.).

a عبر عبر garm-<u>kh</u>abar, Freshest news, latest intelligence; a current rumour.

garm-kho, Hot-tempered, of a fiery گرم خو disposition.

garm-khūbāni chaman, Fragrant flowers and blossoms.

گرم خون garm-khūn, Of a hot blood; lively; an ardent lover; wine containing much alcohol.

garm-<u>kh</u>ez, An early riser; quick, active, hot-tempered; one who passes part of the night in prayer.

garmdan, A kind of fruit. كرم دلان garm-dilān, Ardent lovers. وحران garm-rān, A furious driver.

garm-rav, A گرم رفتار quick traveller; an impatient lover.

رم روى s garm-rawi, A quick journey; ardour of a lover.

garm-rah, Travelling or going گرم ره quickly.

garm-sukhun, Speaking with warmth; speaking impressively. *garm-sard*, Lukewarm; ups and

downs, vicissitudes of life.

راً), A kind of silk stuff.

garm-ser, A warm climate; a گرمسير winter habitation in low grounds; the country, the cultivated fields (m.c.); waiting impatiently; -garmser raftan, To go into the country, into the fields.

garm-seri, Belonging to a warm کرم سیری climate (m.c.).

garmish, Heat; a fever.

garm-shitab, Hastening, in great كرم هتاب hurry, in hot haste.

a کرم صحبت garm-suhbat, Warmth friendship, intimacy; affectionate.

a عنان garm-inān, = کرم ران q.v. a ورم عنان garm mizāj, Hot-tempered, passionate.

garmak, Boiled beans; an early گرمك melon; (dim. of garm) somewhat hot, warmish.

garm-kin, A bitter enemy, an implacable foe.

garm-gāh, A warm place; mid-day. q.v. کرما کرم = ,garm-garm کرم کرم

garm-go, کرم کو Eloquent; an impressive speaker.

a کم نفس garm-nafas, Of powerful breath. garmand, Quick, ready, prompt.

q.v. کرم سرد garm-u-sard, = کرم و سرد

كرموش garmosh, A mole (see كرموش).
garma, Fruits which ripen early (especially melons); first-fruits; hot or white bread.

يون ايو garma-bez (يو wez), A fine sieve. garmī, Heat, warmth; briskness of market; heat of temper, of disposition, of system; affection; sexual passion; lust, heat; the venereal disease;—garmī'i zabānī, Feigned affection (professed but not felt);

-shiddati garmī, Excessive heat (of the weather).

a گرميت garmiyat, Heat, warmth, ardour. gur-mekh, A large pin or stake to which the heel-ropes of horses are fastened. garmī-khūnāba, Excessive گرمی خونایه weeping.

garmī-dāna, A rash prickly heat;

garmidan, To be hot, wax warm. gurinj, A wrinkle; the corner of a house; a falcon; -gurinj, guranj, Rice, gurinjār, A rice-ground.

كرنج عالله gurinj-khāna, The house or cage

of a falcon.

gurinj ba-shīr, Rice and milk. گرنج بشير gurinda, A sort of brush used by weavers to apply paste or size to their

garang, The rendezvous of an army ; a field of battle ;—giring, Broken to pieces. پوي garna, کرنې garnā, Unless ;—gurna,

Name of a herb.

girau, girav, A wager, stake, bet; a pledge, pawn, deposit, earnest; a contract; -girau burdan, To win the game, carry off the stakes; —girau bastan (dādan, siturdan, kardan, kashīdan, nihādan), To wager, bet ;-girawi mu'tabar, A sure or safe pledge (m.c.).

girwānīdan, To cause to bet; to

make believe.

garūcha, Gristle, a tendon.

girau-dār, A layer of bets; a holder of stakes.

girwar, Fit, proper, necessary, expedient.

girwar-fartash, Whose exist-

ence is necessary.

gurūza, An assembly, concourse. ورس guras, A ringlet or braid of hair : dirt on the body or clothes; hunger.

gurogh, A lie.

وركان giraugān, A wager, stake; a slave; -gurūgān, The male organ of generation. garūgar, An attribute of God, signifying "who grants our desires."

کروگرد girau-gard, Name of a city on the river Jaihūn or Oxus.

يرند girawand, A wager, stake (= پرند); -girwand, Pustules on the lips (which are said to rise in consequence of horrible dreams); the ringworm or tetter excori-

ating the skin and turning it white.

guroh, A troop, squadron, company, band, levy of people, crew; a class, an order; a body of travellers; -gurohi kabti angubin, Swarm of bees;—gurohi sagan, Pack of hounds; -guroh guroh, In

troops, company by company.

euroh-a-guroh, Troop after troop, گردها گرده in troops, company by company.

yuroh-shudagī, Association, a

uniting in a body, confederation.

giroha, The clew of thread as formed upon the spindle ;-guroha, A ball, bowl, globe, or any spherical figure; a ball of thread, ball for a cannon, balista, or cross-bow; the head, crown of the head; a kind of sweetneat; an assembly, concourse, multitude of people.

girawi, in India girwi, Pledged, pawned; an insect mischievous to standing corn;—gurwî, ورق زرة gurwî'i zirih, Name of a kinsman of Afrasyab, and murderer

of Siyawush.

girwi-dar, The holder of a گرری دار

mortgage.

girawidagi, Admiration, adoration, گرويدگى adherence, attachment.

girawidan, To follow, admire, adore; to believe, confide in; to obey; to agree or be pleased with, to accept; to form a sincere alliance with anyone; to be attached; to pledge.

girawida, Attracted, attached to. admiring, captivated; a believer; con-

a کری مبطی girwi-zabti, Foreclosure of a

pledge or mortgage.

girwī-nāma, A deed of mortgage. گروی نامه gara, A cup or ewer; mouldiness; girih, A knot, a knur (as in a thread or on wood), a knob, a joint; a button or anything for fastening garments; a gland; a kernel; a purse; an abscess; a knuckle; articulation; three finger-breadths; difficulty; the seed of a thorny tree used for tanning; the heart; [girih bāz kardan, To untie a knot;—girih ba-bād bastan, To accomplish something difficult, to solve an intricate matter;—girih ba-bād (ba-sāya) zadan, To act rashly; to rely uponlife; to bend one's heart on worldly things; –girih bar abrū andā<u>kh</u>tan (āwardan, zadan), To frown, to look cross;—girih bar bandi qabā bastan (zadan);—To make a knot in one's waist-band (in order to remember something);—girih bar jabīn (rū) zadan, To frown ;—girih bar-zadan gosh-rā = girih bar gosh zadan, q.v. below; -girih bar kamar zadan, To gird oneself, to put on a belt; to tie money in one's belt;—girih bar

girih, Knot upon knot, difficulty upon difficulty; -qirih bar gosh zadan, To turn a deaf ear to another's speech; to rub the ears;girih bastan, To knot, to concrete (as honey); -girih ba-kār andākhtan (zadan), To withhold necessaries, to thwart, disappoint;girih dar abrū zadan (kardan), To frown ;-girih dar kār uftādan, A matter miscarries, one fails in one's undertaking; -girih dar galū zadan, To strangle;—girihi zabān, Impediment in speech; — girih zadan, To lay up a treasure, to amass wealth; to knot the hair; to buckle; to place confidence in ;--girih shudani kar (kar-u-bar). Failure, disappointment, being thwarted; -girihi tā'un, A carbuncle, an anthrax ;girih giriftan, To be tied (as the tongue), and unable to articulate; girih gashtani ashk dar galū, To be on the point of crying and weeping;—girih gashtani abru, A frown;
—girih guftan, To abuse, to insult;—girihi
gosht, A gland in the body, kernel in the flesh; -dar girih bastan (zadan), To tie in a knot;]—guruh, A troop, &c. (= \$35 q.v.).

girih bar bād, (difficulties to the wind!) Indifference to worldly concerns.

girih-band, A coat-button; the waistband of drawers; one who ties a knot. girih-bandan, The birth-day, the anniversary of one's birth (= مالكرة q.v., p. 643).

girih-peshānī, With wrinkled كرة بيشالي

brow, cross-looking.

girih-tan, A snail; a spider's web. girihcha, A little knot.

girih-dar, گره دار knotty: Knotted.

jointed; intricate. girih-zār, A place abounding in knots, &c.; curly hair.

girih-sāz, Who makes a knot, &c.

girihak, A little knot. وهكنا girih-kushā, A looser of knots; a solver of difficulties; anything by which a knot is loosened, as a pin, the finger-nail, &c.

girih-gardan, Name of a game. girih-gir, Inclined to be knotty or curled, curly.

giriha, girihha, A little knot; a joint in a herb; -guruha, A ball; a company of people.

وي garī, Any standard of measure, whether for land, cloth, grain, liquīds, or time; a measure of time, twenty-two minutes and thirty seconds; a clepsydra; the itch, scab; practice, trade, office, &c. (at the end of compounds); -gire, A knot; the neck; -girī, Weep thou; weeping; the neck; (S. giri) a mountain; (for giri) thou mayest take.

giryā, Weeping; one who weeps. אַלעוֹע aryāl, A round flat plate of bellmetal, used in the East as a bell to strike he hours upon.

a لما ين giryā-liqā, A monstrous appearance, a hideous figure.

ويان giryān, Weeping, crying excessively; causing to weep; a weeper; [giryān shudan, To weep, bewail;]—guryān, The fire-place or furnace of a hot-bath; a sacrifice or offering made for deliverance from calamity.

چيالي giryānī, The act of weeping; lamen-

tation, plaint.

Ziryānīdan, To cause to weep. گريانيدن ويب girib, A land-measure (see كريب

girībān, A collar, the opening or breast of a garment; a cape, a hood; (met.) the neck; a pocket;—girībān dāman kardan, To meditate, to be wrapt in ecstacy; -girībāni dasht (koh), The middle part of a mountain or any place in it;—girībān rekhtan, To adjust a collar;— girībāni samūr, A sable or fur trimming ;-girībān kardan, To tear (a garment); -girîbani kurdi. A vest worn at the approach of winter :- girībān giriftan, To seize (one's own) collar; (met.) to apologise, to ask pardon; to prepare for war or battle;—girībān-girifta āwardan, To drag to the place by force; -girībān-hā ba-dāman raft, The collars reached as far as the skirt.

girībān-kashī, The pulling at كريبان كشي

one's collar.

girībān-gīr, An accuser, a plain- گريبان گير

tiff, an apologist.

كريباني girībānī, A kind of loose vest; a leathern braid or trimming sewed to the collar of a coat.

gurīcha, كرجهة gurīcha, A hut, hovel, cottage, cell; a small building set upon posts; a dungeon; -gurīcha, A sort of sweetmeat.

gurekhtan (imp. gurez), To fly, flee, run away; to escape; to take refuge, retire, retreat; -dar khwud gurekhtan, To collect oneself.

gure<u>kh</u>ta, A fugitive. گریخته

girekhta - khwāb, Sleepless

girid, The island of Crete or Candy; (for girid, 2nd pl. of giriftan) you take; take ye.

gurez, (imp. of gurekhtan, in comp.) Flying, a fugitive; flight; deviation, regression, abhorrence, aversion, abstinence, fasting; the general or leader of an army; an eloquent man; a part of a beam projecting beyond a wall;—gurez āwardan, To flee towards; -gurez dāshtan, To dispense with; - rūy ba-gurez āwardan (nihādan), To take to flight; mārā az shumā gurez nīst, You are indispensable to us, we cannot do without you. (Also construed with būdan, zadan, kardan, &c.)

פאל gurezān, Taking flight;—guresān shudan, To fly.

gurezāndan, To put to flight; to

cause to escape ;—dar-gurezandan, To cause to take refuge.

كريزانيدن gurezānīdan, To put to flight. گرير يا gurez-pā, A fugitive, a runaway;

unstable, unsteady.

gurez-gāh, کيو کاه gurez-gāh, Time or place of fleeing; a place of escape; an asylum, place of refuge, retreat.

gurezando, A fugitive; quicksilver.

gurezī, Flight. گريزي

gurezīdan, To fly, to flee. girīs, Deceit, fraud, artifice.

girīstan, To weep, cry, bewail ; giristani ayina, The weeping of the mirror (a manner of taking omen concerning the safe return of a traveller by placing some leaves upon a mirror and pouring water over them); -girīstani hawā, Weeping of the atmosphere, i.e. raining.

garisang, A ditch, a hollow place كريستك in the ground; -gurisang, The note of the nightingale; the shout made by a party

of religious mendicants.

girīsa, Fraud, deceit. كريسة

girīsīdan, To deceive, defraud, cheat.

garesh, Name of a little, long-legged, and swift animal.

gwrigh (for gurez), 'Flying; a fugitive; flight.

gureftan, To flee, to run away.

girī-gāh, That part of the pilav which touches a neck of mutton when stewing in a pot.

giryanda, A weeper, a wailer. grīnīch, Greenwich (m.c.). girīv, A stake, pledge, hostage. girīwāra, A necklace. girewāza, A string of beads.

girīwan, A collar. كربوان

garayūdūm, Perfidy, treachery. giriwand, Scab, ring کریوند, gariwan, کریوند

worm.

ويوة garīwa, girīwa, A low hill; a high bank, high ground, a mound of earth which has been worn into gulleys by the rain; a ravine; a steep or difficult pass.

girya, A plaint, lamentation; crying, weeping, tears; -girya az chashm gushādan, To make the eyes cry; -girya afgandan (andākhtan, zadan, kardan), To weep, to cry;—girya'i tāk, Wine;—girya'i chirāgh, Drops flowing from a candle; - girya'i khāma, Writing ;—girya dar chashm (dīda) shikastan, Tears gather in the eyes; -girya dar galū pechīdan (girih shudan), To choke with tears; -girya dar galū dāshtan, To be ready to cry; —girya'i ragi tāk, Wine; — girya'i rūḥānī, Inward tears, tears unshed from excess of grief; -girya'i sard, Crocodile tears; -girya'i shādī, Tears of joy; -girya'i sham', Drops flowing from a candle; girya'i shīsha, Wine ponred from the bottle into the cup; -girya firo khwurdan, To suppress one's tears ;—girya kardan, To weep, to cry, to lament (m.c.);—girya'i mastāna, Tears from intoxication; -girya u zārī, Weeping and wailing.

رية آهام girya-āshām, Drinking tears. ويه آلود girya-ālūd, Tear-stained. girya-pardāz, Given to weeping, tearful, lachrymose.

girya-kunān, کريه کنان girya-zanān, کريه زنان

Weeping, crying (plural).

ريه کاه girya-gāh, A place of weeping. کریه کر girya-gar, Weeping, crying.

giryanak, Tear گرية ماك giryamand, گرية مند ful, lachrymose.

-girya کریه هایها ,girya-hayahay کریه هایاهای hāyhā, گريه هايهاي girya-hāyhāy, Weeping and lamenting; tears and wailings.

كريستن =) giri'idan, To weep, &c. وكريدن

q.v.).

نز gaz, The tamarisk-tree; a yard for measuring cloth; a cubit, a length of 24 finger-breadths, or six hands; a ramrod; a sort of arrow or dart without wing or point, the two ends being small and the middle thick; (in comp.) biting, pungent, as zabān-gaz "biting the tongue, acrid"; [gaz zadan (kardan), To measure with the yard, &c.;—gazi shāygān (mulk), A measure equal to half the height of a man of ordinary stature (used chiefly in Khurasan);]—giz, A tooth.

عراً gazā, Biting; hurtful; harm, loss; a

biting serpent.

وزار guzār, A pass, passage; a surgeon's lancet or cupping-instrument; the outline of a drawing; payment of debt; performance of prayer; sleep, dream; (imp. of guzāshtan) leave thou; (in comp.) who leaves, quits, or pays.

guzārā, Paying; an utterer of

words.

كراردي guzārdan, To pass on (a message); to quit, leave; to pay, discharge; to draw the outline of a picture.

يراردة guzārda, Discharged, paid (debt).

guzārish, The interpretation of a dream; explanation; utterance; a quitting, a leaving; a discharging, paying.

guzārish-kun, An expounder ; an

interpreter; a describer.

guzārishgar, An interpreter of dreams; one who transmits, brings, conveys, carries, represents; one who agrees or consents.

guzārishgarī, Explanation, interpretation.

guzārishn, Interpretation of a dream; explanation; utterance; a quitting,

discharging.

-guzārish-nāma, كزارهي نامه guzārish-nāma rıshi-nāma, كرار نامة guzār-nāma, A book on the interpretation of dreams; a commentary.

guzāranda, Who leaves or quits;

who causes to pass; a prayer; a speaker; a drawer of pictures.

gazārā, A thing, substance, fact, history; — guzāra, The interpretation of dreams; explanation; excess, much.

quzara-nāma, A book containing كارة نامة the interpretation of dreams; a commen-

يزاريدي guzārīdan, To pay, perform, or satisfy; to speak; to sketch, draw an outline, mark, or trace ;-nuqta guzārīdan, To put a dot.

gusāz, The uneasiness which men suffer from heat, passion, and the like.

guzāstan, To curry hides, dress گزاستان

skins; to lay stones.

واهتن guzāshtan, To pass by; to quit, leave; to pay a debt or fine, make a present on the renewal of a lease and the like; to transmit, remit an offence; to make a sketch of a drawing, to mark or trace.

gizāf, guzāf, Foolish, vain, idle, extravagant; very much, innumerable, extreme; -gizāf kardan, To spoil, to ruin; ba-guzāf, At random, by guess; -- ba-guzāf satāndan, To take, to buy any indefinite quantity, without weight, measure, or rumber; -ba-gusāf farokhtan, To sell in the gross.

gasāf-rangān, Quickness, activity. gizāfa, Innumerable, much; boundless; vanity, an idle, foolish saying or

action.

gizāfa-kār, Acting wantonly, vain, foolish.

gazān, Biting, pungent; — guzān,

Choosing, selecting; adopting.

gaz-andāzī, Archery with the arrow qaz.

ور انگبين gaz-angubīn, Basrah honey,

manna; bitter honey.

gazānīdan, To cause to bite; to injure.

وزاد رنگان gazāv-rangān, Quickness, haste. gazāwangān, Haste, speed, acti-

gazāwa, A litter for camel or ele-

gazāy, Who wounds or injures.

وايان gazāyān, Injurious, hurtful, detrimental

guzāyistan, To pass, pervade.

gazāyish, gizāyish, A stick for driving cattle; a twisting, contortion;guzāyish, gazāyish, Fit, proper; ivy (the latter meaning unsupported by examples).

guzāyanda, Pervading; pressing,

urgent (affair).

يَّ gazā rīdan, To bite; to injure;—

gira'idan, To sow, to plant.

و باز gaz-bāz, Who dances with the arrow gaz.

ير باري gaz-bāzī, A particular kind of dance.

guzda, کرده guzda, A champion (probably misreading for sy gurd).

gazar, A carrot; a pestle; -- guzar, A passage, transit; a scrip; a dream; -guzir, guzar, Remedy, help; -quzar nīst, There is no help.

كرران guzarān, Help, remedy.

guzard, A remedy, help, or cure; nă-guzard, Remediless (= الأعلاج).

گرردي guzardan, To apply a remedy.

guzar-nāma, A book on the interpretation of dreams.

ورة gazura, A herb called sarzīra.

gazf, guzf, Pitch or tar; silver burnt black; goldsmiths' black (a kind of com-

position).

وي gazak, A relish (eaten with wine); a devil; a sweetmeat made of sesame and sugar; nipped with cold;—gazak zadani zakhm, The shrivelling of a wound.

gazak-zada, Corrugated, shrivelled کرف زده

(a wound).

gaz-gaz jastan, To leap or jump کر کر جستن friskily.

gizlik, A small long-handled knife; a sort of penknife with a crooked point and narrow at the other end, chiefly brought from Egypt.

gazm, The tamarisk-tree. gazmā, A kind of sorrel.

gazmāzāk, كزمازو gazmāzū, The fruit of the tamarisk-tree.

gaz-mar, Computation of the measurements of a building; computation, number.

gazma, A patrol (m.c.).

gazma-bāshī, The head man of a patrol (m.c.).

يولبو gazambū, Manna; honey (doubtful; see

gazand, Loss, injury, damage, mishap, misfortune, ruin, calamity; a fatal accident in consequence of witchcraft (construed with amadan, dashtan, rasanidan, rasīdan, re<u>kh</u>tan, kardan, kashīdan, yāftan, &c.).

gazand-rasān, Injurious, hurt-

gazand-rasānī, Injuriousness.

guzandagi, Mordacity, bite, sting. برندة gazanda, Biting, stinging; injurious, hurtful; venomous, noxious; a venomous reptile or reptiles.

gazangū, Manna. گزنگو gazangubīn, کزنگوین gaznand, A sack filled with straw.

ي yazna, A sack filled with straw. غونغ gazna, A nettle. خونغ gaznai, Wet and withered (winter-plant).

زوان gazawān, Mountain-balm (see کروان). guzūd, A beetle (probably misreading .(.v.) گوزد for

gazī, A coarse kind of (cotton)

cloth. کری بگرزی gazī ba-gūzī (?), Most vile.

gazīt, gizyat (whence A. جزية, or vice versa?), An annual tax exacted by government; capitation-tax paid by Jews and Christians;—guzīt, Chosen, approved.

gazīd, A gift, present, douceur, bribe; a tribute imposed by conquerors (cf. preceding article); - guzīd, Selected, chosen, distinguished; a game like leap-frog.

ييدكر gazīdgar, Tributary, subject. يويدكى gazidagī, A bite, a sting.

gazīdan, To bite; to sting, prick with a needle; to wound with weapon or tongue; to cut off; to fear; to imagine; [gazīdani chashm, The evil eye;]—guzīdan, To choose, select, prefer; to assist.

gazīdanī, To be bitten ;—guzīdanī, Žyakiba To be chosen, worthy of being chosen.

لايدة gazīda, Bitten; alarmed, afraid; vexed, indignant; imagined;—guzīda, Chosen, excellent; peculiar, private; a selection; assistance; name of a boy's game; -guzīda'i akhyār, Chosen above all people, the most excellent of the just; -guzīda'i shahān, The best of kings ;—ai shāhi 'ālam u guzīda'i banī ādam, O king of the world, and chosen of the sons of Adam!

gazīr, gizīr, A vazīr; the superintendent or collector of the revenue; a hero, champion; guzīr, Aid, help, remedy; escape;—quzīr kardan, To help;—quzīr nadashtan, To be without remedy; to be

unable to do without.

guzīra, A remedy, help, cure.

ترين gazīn, Biting; a nettle ;—guzīn, Electing, choosing; chosen.

guzīnish, Approbation; property, peculiarity; chosen.

guzīnanda, A chooser.

يينة gazīna, An iron or wooden mallet; a coppersmith's hammer; a storehouse, treasury; a thick (or close) and rather coarse kind of cotton cloth for making tents or for clothing the poor (see گزی);—guzīna, Choice, excellent, chosen, approved; property, innate quality.

guzīnī, Property, quality, disposi-

tion.

gizīv, A stake, pledge, hostage (doubtful, see گريو).

gizya, A poll-tax, capitation-tax (see

رگزیت). از کریت guzhāzh, The crop or gizzard of a bird. gazh-dwm, A scorpion; the sign

Scorpion.

gazhdaham, Name of a champion of governor of the fortress Dizhi Persia;

gazhf, Pitch; silver burnt black.

gazh-gāv, A sea-horse or cow (see

غۇكار p. 887). مۇ guzhm, Sorrow, distress of mind; a large-stemmed and leafy tree, called the gnat-tree.

gazhū, The tamarisk-tree (doubtful).

quzhūnī, A roof made of cane and covered with clay.

gazha, A certain stone; concha veneris.

تسار gusār, (in comp.) Carrying away, removing; letting go, dissipating, assuaging; taking down, consuming, drinking, as: -gham-gusar, Removing grief, i.e. a friend; also one who experiences sorrow; -- maigusar, Who drinks wine.

gusārdan, To quit, leave ; to drink

(wine); to experience (sorrow). يساردة gusārda, Left, quitted.

gusāranda'i mai, The cupbearer; a wine-drinker.

gusārandan, To break, to dissolve; to drink.

کساریدن $gus \tilde{a}ridan$ کساریدن q.v.

كسستن gusanidan (caus. of, and = كسانيدن q.v.), To cause to break off; to break off (trans. and intrans.).

gast, Ugly, shameful, base, dis-

pleasing.

gustākh, Arrogant, presumptuous, bold, rash, audacious, uncivil, rude, impudent, cruel; construed with shudan, raftan, niskastan, &c.

كستاخانك gustā<u>kh</u>āna, Impudently ; rashly. gustākh-chashm, Bold of look; rash, fool-hardy; looking angry.

يستاخ دست gustā<u>kh</u>-dast, Quick, dex-

terous. روى gustākh-rūy, Shameless, impu-

dent. a گستاخ مير gustākh-siyar, Of bold or impudent manners.

وgustākh-zabān, کستاخ کوی gustākh-zabān, کستاخ tākh-goy, Of froward speech; talking arrogantly.

gustākhī, Arrogance, want of urbanity or politeness, rudeness, freedom, familiarity; gustākhī mu'āf, (Let) rudeness (be) pardoned, i.e. pardon my rudeness.

Y gustar, A bed; a bolster, a pillow; the black or white thorn; (in comp.) spreading, strewing, scattering, diffusing; a spreader, strewer, scatterer;—<u>kh</u>āni makramat-gustar, A most generous prince.

-gustarandan, گسترانيدن gustarandan گستراندن dan, To spread, strew; to cause to spread. gustarānīda, Strewn, spread.

gustardan, To expand, diffuse; to make (a bed); to spread; to arrange.

gustardanī, Anything to be apread, گستردنی a bed, cushion, carpet, &c.

يستردة gustarda, Spread (bed) ; a founda-

gustarda-kām, Snecessful in

everything, most fortunate.

gustarish, Anything that may be گسترش

spread; a carpet. gustari, (in comp.) A spreading,

diffusing, as: - 'adalat gustari, The dispensing of justice, &c.

gustaridan, To spread; to arrange. gustuwān, Horse-armour.

gasta, The dung of horses and the li ke; -gusta, Starving, hungry (probably misreading for گسنه).

gustaham, Name of the grandson of Minuchihr; also of a certain champion

of Iran.

گستی gastī, Ugliness, deformity. gusikhtan, To break, tear, pull, or twist off; to burst, be broken.

يستگى gusistagī, Breach, interruption. gusistan, gusustan, To break off; to be broken or twisted off; -bar-gusistan, To break or be broken off (= queistan); to reverse, to invert (= برگردانیدن q.v. p. 177).

gusista, gususta, Broken, broken

off; abrupt.

gusista-āshyān, Whose nest

has been destroyed (bird).

gusista-bunyād, Eradicated, demolished from the foundations.

gusasta-pai, (A bow) whose کسته پی string is broken.

ي عسته و gusista-dil, Heart-broken ; afflicted, distressed.

gusista-dam, Breathless, exhausted.

gusista-rūda, Griped in the bowels.

a وانع كسستة لحام ,gueista-'inān كسستة عنان gueistasista-lihām, گسسته مهار gusista-mahār, Ungovernable (horse); bold, warlike (man).

gueista ghaughā, A subsiding كسسته عوغا

tumult.

a كسسته نور gusista-nūr, The new moon; a drinking-vessel in the form of a ship.

كسل gusil, A breaking; (in comp.) breaking, tearing, destroying, as: - jan-gusil, Heart-breaking; — gham-gusil, Destroying

gusilānīdan, To break, to cause

to break; to snap asunder.

gusila, A bit broken off, a frag-

gusilīdan, To break; to snap asunder.

gusn, Hunger. کسن

gus-nāmār, Extreme hunger. كسنامار

gusanda, Desire, appetite; pith of a tree.

gusnagī, Hunger.

guena, Hungry. كسنة

وکسنی gisnī, Assafætida (see کسنی).

gusī, Dismission, discarding, a sending away; a bidding farewell; sloth, heaviness, torpor;—gusī kardan, To give leave, to dismiss; to depart.

gusikhtan (imp. gusil), To snap

asunder, separate.

gusī<u>kh</u>ta, Broken ofl.

gusīl, Dismission; farewell; a breaking, tearing; -gusil kardan, To send away.

gusīlā, Bending, doubling; nux vomica.

gash, Delicate, handsome, genteel; the blandishments and coquetry of girls; the elegant air of a pretty woman; joy, gladness; a boat; temptation, evil suggestion (= وسوسة q.v.); interruption, hindrance, impediment; -gish, The heart; gush, Humour or temperament of the body, of which there are four: -- gushi ward, (yellow humour) Bile ;—gushi safed, (white humour) Phlegm ;-gushi surkh, (red humour) Blood;—gushi siyah, (black humour) Gall.

gushā, (imp. of gushādan, in comp.)

Opening, loosening, solving.

كشاد gushād, He opened; wide, broad; victory, conquest; happy, well; happiness; discharging an arrow; the taking of a pawn in the game of nard;—gushād dādan, To make one obtain his wish, carry out his purpose; to make an affair succeed;gushādi kār, The opening or accomplishing of an affair; — <u>khātir-gushād</u>, Gladness, hilarity.

gushādagī, Width, space, open-

ness.

كشادن gushādan, To open, &c. (= كشادن q.v., p. 1031);—az kamīn gushādan, To break forth from an ambush, to attack;afsāna gushādan, To relate at full length; -bar-gushādan, To open ;—zabān (su<u>kh</u>un) bar-gushādan, To begin to speak.

gushād-nāma, A royal mandate, کشاد نامه diploma, patent, or privilege; lettering or

title-page.

gushāda, Opened; open.

guehāda-abrū, With open eyebrows, joyous, glad.

پيشانى gushāda-peshānī (ئشادة پيشانى gushāda-peshānī (پيشانى

Serene, pleasant, affable.

ي منادة وي gushāda.dil, Open-hearted, liberal.

gushāda-rū, Open-faced, pleasant, agreeable; -gushoda-rau (rav), Straddling (horse).

نان gushāda-zabān, Eloquent.

gushāda-zulf, With loosened كشادة زكف curls.

gushāda-sukhun, Eloquent. كشادة سخن a کشاده کف guehāda-kaf, Open-handed,

liberal, generous ; pleasant, open-hearted. a کشاده مشرب gushāda-mashrab, Of an open disposition, candid; jovial.

gushād-hangāmān, Four seasons.

يشادي gushadī, Openness; opening.

gushāsb, Name of an ancient king کشاسہ of Persia (the same as Gushtasb).

gushāk, An arm long from the shoulder to the elbow.

ي gushāyānīdan (caus. of gushādan), To cause to open, &c.

gashāyanda, Who opens, opening.

يشب gushb, Leaping; a leaper, jumper. يانو gushb-bānū, Name of Rustam's

daughter.

gasht, It came to pass; walking, strutting, looking about, surrounding, going round (especially guards patrolling), perambulation, recreation, amusement, diversion; motion, rotation; erasure, obliteration; state, condition, posture of affairs; a pumpkin; the bitter purging apple;gashti koh u dasht, A tour through hills and deserts; - gasht u guzār kardan, To take a walk; to wander, stray, stroll, saunter.

gushtā, Heaven, paradise.

gushtāsp, Name of a king of Persia (Darius Hystaspes); a channel by which communications of divine grace are made from the Creator to the creature.

gushtāspi, Relating to king Gushtasp; name of a fire-temple, also called

الركشس، q.v., p. 31. gasht-bar-gasht, Fold upon

fold; a certain creeping-plant.

gushtasb, An ancient king of Persia.

gasht-salāmī, A tax exacted by the qāzī when on a circuit.

gashtak, A beetle. گشتگ

gashtagī, Perversion, perverseness. a گشت محال gasht-maḥāl, A toll or tran-

sit-duty levied on boats.

gashtan, To turn, return, change, alter, repeat, renew; to become, to be changed, converted, perverted; to twist; to go away, depart; to saunter, to look about (m.c.); to peruse (a book); [gashtani ruy, A distemper attended with convulsions; a squint of the eye, twist of the nose or month to one side; a wrinkle;gashtan girdi dil, To revolve in one's mind; -bāz gashtan, To return, come back;]gishtan, To bend, incline.

gashta, Returned, converted, perverted; inverted, reversed; become, formed; firm; changed; squint-eyed; -gishta, An aromatic compound like the A. J g.v.;—

gushta, Hungry.

gishta-soz, A censer, in which the

perfume gishta is burnt.

gashtī, Watch, sentinel, patrol; gladness, happiness, health; a merry, sportive air.

gashliyā, A watchman, patrol.

نشسب gashasb, Splendour, lustre; (in comp.) a worshipper; -gushasb, Name of a king; leaping, jumping.

gashasbī, One of the sect of the illuminati (see اهراتيان p. 64).

gashf, Pitch; silver burnt black; goldsmiths' black (see کرف and گزف and گزف).

gashn, gashan, gushn, Much, abnndant, numerous; - gushn, The male of any animal; a male palm-tree; a desire for the male; pregnancy, gestation; fruitfulness of a palm-tree; -gushn dadan, To give the male (to any animal); to sprinkle the female palm-tree with the male flowers;—gushn giriftan, To take the male; to be impregnated;—ba-gushn āmadan, To be in heat (a bitch).

gushn-buz, A he-goat. کشنیز

gushn-khwah, In want of the male; - gushn-khwāh shudan, To be in

gashan - shākh, With many کشن هاخ branches.

gash-nishin, The fourth of the کش نشین month.

gushnnāk, Pregnant. كشنناك

gashanak, A beetle (unsupported كشنك by examples).

gushna, Hungry. گشنه

gushnī, The act of generation ; application of the male flowers of the palm to the female; -gushni kardan, To engender, to cover.

يشن يانته gushn-yāfta, Taken the male, covered, lined, impregnated (female).

gushnī-dāda, Fructifiéd, impregnated (female palm-tree).

gashnīz, A mirthful, sportful, joyous air; joy, mirth; joyful; — gishnīz, Coriander-seed.

a کشیز حرم gishnīz-ḥiṣrim, Grape-wine. gushud, An opening, an aperture. gushūdan, To open ;—gushūdani كشودين bakht, Success, happy issue.

gashī, gashshī, Health, happiness;—

gashshi, A graceful air in walking.

gatā, A trap-ball stick. گطا guft, He said, he spoke; a word, saying, speech, discourse; anything thick and dense; a garment of a close texture;guft-u-gadam, Speaking and doing, talk and action; - guft-u-shinau, guft-u-shunid, Speaking and hearing, question and answer, dialogue, conversation, conference, debate, controversy;—guft-u-goy $(g\bar{u}y)$, guft-u- $g\bar{u}$, Conversation, common talk, discourse, rumours, reports, news; disputes, jarring pretensions, law-suits, squabbles; superfluity of words; also eloquence.

guftā, He said.

while (m.c.).

ي كفتار guftār, Speech, conversation; a saying; a chapter.

يفتار ديد guftar did, Thoughtfulness, considerate speech.

كفتاريدي guftārīdan, To speak.

guftān, A locust, or a bird resembling it; a green fish.

guft-shunid, Conversation; controversy.

guftgū, Parley; — guftgū shudan, Conversation, &c., takes place; — guftgū kardan, To converse, dispute, &c.;—dar in guft-ga, During this conversation, mean-

guftan, To say, speak, call, relate,

rehearse, repeat; to tell; to compose (a poem); to sing, to modulate; to open, cleave; $-m\bar{\imath}$ - $g\bar{u}yand$, People say, it is said (m.c.); -na- $g\bar{u}$ (go), Do not speak of it; you don't say so! it is incredible (m.c.); $-b\bar{a}z$ guftan, To state fully, openly.

guftanī, Fit or worthy to be said,

told, or spoken.

گفت و گر $guft-u-g\bar{u}$, گفت و گر q.v. above.

speech;—gufta, Said, related, spoken; a speech;—gufta shudan, To be related or published;—tauba guftan, To repent, to express repentance;—nishān guftan, To show, point out, indicate (= nishān dādan, q.v. under ونشان);—bar-guftan, To speak, &c. (= guftan).

يَّمْتَى guftī, Speech ;---gufte, A thing spoken or spoken of, a matter, a subject of speech.

gil, Clay, mud; [gili armanī, Bole armoniac;—gili iqrītus, Cretan earth;—gili baḥrī, A kind of red earth resembling vermilion;—gili pārsī, A kind of clay with which women wash their heads;—gili parwarda, The human body; -gili tang, Clay, potters' earth; -gili hikmat, Lute, cement, mud-cement (used to close the mouth of a vessel); qili haya, A kind of clay which is used to make a fire burn; — gili khurāsānī (according to others, khwurdanī), A kind of eatable chalk; — $gili \ kh\bar{u}n$, Sealing-clay;—gil dar āb kardan (giriftan), To make preparations (for building, &c.); -gili zard. A kind of yellow clay brought from the neighbourhood of Constantinople; *–gili sur<u>kh</u>, B*ole armoniac;*–gili sar-shūy*, Persian earth used for cleansing the head; - gil sirishtan, To knead, to mix; gili shāmūs (shāmūsī), Samian earth;gili safed, Chalk; -gil shudan, To become stained, soiled, dirtied; -gili qubrusi, Cyprus clay;—gil kardan, To mix, to knead (= gil sirishtan); to stain, to soil, to dirty;—gil kashīdan (better malīdan) bar, To incrust with clay or cement;—gili makhtūm (gili nibishta), Sealing-clay or wax; the earth of Lemnos, ruddle;—gili miṣrī, Egyptian clay;—ba-gil giriftan, To conceal, to hide; dar ba-gil awardan, To obstruct the door with clay or mud; _gul, A rose; a flower; embers; a red colour; snuff of a lamp or a candle; albugo; a seton, an issue; a mark made by burning; balls of charcoal used for burning the tobacco in a hooka; the caput mortuum of tobacco left on the tile of a hooka after smoking; good fortune; -guli abr, A portion of a cloud; guli abrīsham, A rose fringed like silk; guli ātishi (ahmar), A red perennial rose (also called surkh and suri, qq.v); -guli urba, Name of a medicinal plant; -guli āsmān, The sun;—guli ashrafī, Calendula;—guli āftāb, The sun-flower, Helianthus annuus;—guli anār, The flower of the pomegranate;—guli aurang, The globe-

amaranth or bachelors' buttons, Gomphrena globosa; — quli bādām, Almond-blossom; -gul bā shakar (ba-shakar), Conserve of roses; -gul bā farmān, A violet; -gul bajamālat, A formula of approbation, bravo! well done!—guli bad-namī, The venereal disease; -quli bī-khār, Rose without thorn, (met.) wine ;— $gul\ b\bar{\imath}$ - $farm\bar{a}n$, A reddish rose growing in the meadows; the anemone;--guli pā-posh, An artificial rose adorning a slipper or shoe; -guli pārsī, A very red and fragrant rose; -- guli piyāda, Any flower that grows on a small plant; wild flowers; —guli tābūt, Roses placed upon a coffin or bier; guli tar, A fresh rose; the cheek or hand of the fair sex;—guli tiryāk, The poppy-flower;—guli tasbīķ, The Imām or leader of prayer; — guli ja'farī, Tagetes patula; —guli jang, A rose sent to an adversary as a sign of challenge;—guli chiragh, The snuff of a candle;—guli chashm, A cataract ;-guli hajar, Fire ;-guli hazratī, Persian meadow-saffron;—guli halwā, A yellow rose of sweet taste, made use of in confectionery; a confiture, a confection;—guli khimā, Marshmallows flower;—guli khairā (khairā), Chinese and Persian hollyhock, Althea rosea;—gul dādan, To produce roses or flowers;—guli dā'udī, Chrysanthemum indicum; daisy;—guli dar āb andākhtan (kardan), To cause trouble and disturbance (in allusion to a nosegay which had dropped from the hand of a king's daughter into a brook, and wrought mischief in the heart of a prince, to whom it was carried by the wavelets);—guli dirakht, The barberry blossom;—guli dū-rang, The rose of two colours (pale yellow and red);guli dū rū (du-ātish), Moss-rose (?);—guli ra'nā, A sort of rose, yellow within and red without; —guli zardi falak, The sun; —guli surkh, A red rose; —guli safed, A fragrant white rose; -guli suwār, A rose on its stalk, together with others or with buds ;guli sang, Lichen;—guli sūranjān, Flower of the hermodactyl-plant, Colchicum illyricum;—guli sūrī, A remarkably beautiful and odoriferous Persian rose; -guli sūsan, A lily;—guli shab-bo, Tuberose (so called from its giving forth scent in the night only); -gul shudan, To become manifest; to arrive at the summit of greatness;gul shuguft, The secret has become public; something fresh has occurred; — quli sham', The snuff of a candle; -guli subh, The morning-dawn; - guli sad-barg, The hundred-leaved rose, (met.) the sun; -quli sad-bargi āsmān, The world-illuminating sun ;-guli turra, Poinciana pulcherrima ;guli 'abbās, Name of a plant, Marvel of Peru; -guli 'ajā'ib, The flower Hibiscus mutabilis; -gul firistādan. To send a challenge, to provoke an adversary; - guli farang, The flower Vinca Rosea; - guli

qubrusī, A Cyprus rose;—guli quḥba, A red and yellow rose; -guli kāchīra (kājīla), A kind of saffron-flower used for dyeing;guli kāghizī, Artificial flowers;—gul kardan, To extinguish, to snuff (a candle); to become apparent, manifest; -guli kafsh, = guli pā-posh q.v.; — guli kūza, A wild rose; -guli kushti, = guli jang q.v. above; -gul giriftan, To snuff a candle; -gul gufti, Thou hast spoken well; -guli goristan, The camomile;—guli giti, A particular species of rose; -quli makhmal, Globe amaranth; guli mishkin, Narcissus;—guli mukarrar, Syrup of roses; -guli mah-tāb, The shadow falling in moonlight from the leaves of trees; a rose blooming at night (in India); -guli mīzān, The planet Venus (as pre-wine;—gul nishāndan, To plant roses or flowers;—guli nosh, Name of a musical tone;—gul wā-kardan, To divulge a secret;—guli hazāra, The double-poppy, Papaverrhœas; — guli hangāma, = guli jang, q.v. above; -hich gul bi-khār nīst, There is no rose without a thorn ;-guli yak-chashm, (in the language of Sodomites) The penis; guli yüsuf, The anemone.

gilāb, Clay and water;—gulāb, Rosewater; julap; construed with the verbs afshāndan, andākhtan, burdan, pāshīdan, chakīdan, rekhtan, zadan, siturdan, kashīdan, giriftan, &c.;—gulābi chashm, Tears.

עובינט פונ gulābatūn-doz, A maker of braids, braider; (for gulābatūn - dokhta) braided.

gulāb-pāsh, A bottle for sprinkling rose-water; a rose-water bottle, generally of silver or gold.

يالبدان gulābdān. A vessel for rose-water. ون چلاب ون gulāb-zan, A bottle for sprinkling rose-water, &c. (= کلاب پاش q.v.).

gil-āba, Plastering, cementing.

يلابي gulābī, Rose-colour; a flagon; a kind of sweetmeat; a kind of pear; a maker of rose-water.

gulāj, A Persian cake of flour, honey, and sesame-oil; a delicate confectionary made of starch and eggs.

gul-afsār, A silver or gold adorn. گل انسار ment in the shape of a rose on a horsebridle.

ول الشان gul-afshān, Scattering roses; strewed with flowers; a sprinkler; a kind of firework.

gulāk, The coldest day in winter and

its rigour (doubtful word).

ing.

gulāgūna, A red paint for the face. gul-āgīn, Full of roses or flowers ;-gul-agin kardan, (met.) To fill to the brim. gulāl, A red powder used for dye-

ون آلوده gil-ālūda, Bedaubed with clay; turbid.

كالله gulāla, A shirt; a long lock of hair hanging loose; a bunch of flowers; a nosegay.

gulan, A kind of cake fried in butter and eaten with syrup; shaking a carpet or

skirt of a garment; (pl. of gul) roses. א gul-andāz, The distance to which a rose or flower can be thrown (said to be affected or artificial Persian, but a Persian may find it useful in the Riviera and its battle of flowers).

gil-andāzī, An embankment of earth with a ditch, for confining water on the lands, and to serve as a reservoir.

gul-andām, Slender, graceful, کل الدام

delicate.

gulāndan, To strew, to scatter. gulānīdan, To shake (a carpet or the skirts of one's garment); to scatter.

gilawa, Prepared clay; clay-mortar;

dirt, mud.

علاق galāh, Black; anything with blackness in it; surname of Shaikh Zin'nd-din

gulbār, Name of a city near Isfahān. gul-baz, Playing with roses or flowers.

کل بازی gul-bāzī, Change of colour. کل باغ gul-bā<u>gh</u>, Paradise.

gulbām, A loud shout or noise made by a concourse of mendicants or travellers; the noise of a kettle-drum; construed with the verbs buland shudan, bar-zadan, zadan, kashīdan, &c.

gulbāng, The note of the nightingale; sound; fame, rumour; a loud shout;

the war-cry of "Allah! Allah!" galbat, A large boat or ship.

gul-badan, With a body like a rose (epithet of a mistress); a kind of silken ${f cloth}.$

gul-barg, A rose-leaf; a mistress; the lip (of a mistress); —gul-barg khā'īdan, To nibble rose-leaves, (met.) to kiss.

gulbargah, A place in the Deccan. gul-ba-shakar, Conserve of roses. كلبن gul-bun, A rose-bush; the root of a rose-tree; the foot of a tree.

gulbang, The noise of a drum. gul ba shakar, Conserve of roses.

يل بيد gul-bīd, Name of a tree otherwise called pala (see يله p. 255 and كل بلاش).

كلبير gal-bez (bīz), A sieve; [gal-bez kardan, To sift corn (m.c.);]-gul-bez, Scattered rose-leaves.

gulpāyagān, Name of a city in Persian Iraq.

gul-parast, A worshipper (admirer) of roses or flowers.

gul-posh, Adorned with roses or flowers.

ي بيانة gul-piyada, A kind of inodorous rose; a wild flower; any flower that grows on a small plant.

gul-palāsh, Name of a tree (=

یں پرسی g $(\mathbf{q.v.})$.

gul-perāy, A gardener, horticulturist.

gul-pīrahan, Covered or adorned کل پیرهن with roses or flowers.

gul-tarāsh, Snuffers. giltang, Viscous clay.

gul-jabin, With rosy brow.

gul-chashm, Troubled with al-

وكل چكان gul-chikān, The flower of the Bassia latifolia.

ول چگان gul-chagan, A kind of firework:

-gul-chigān, Name of a tree.

galcha, A magpie ;--gilcha, A quail ; -qulcha, A small rose or flower, a floweret,

gul-chihra, Name کل جبرہ gul-chihr, کل جبر

of the mistress of Aurang.

gul-chīn, Gathering roses or flowers; a gardener; name of a certain woman.

gul-chīnī, The gathering of roses کل چینی or flowers; a kind of flower, the Chinarose (?).

galkh, A wrinkle.

gul-khār, The flower of the Solanum jacquini; the colour of it.

كل عال gul-khāl, Spotted; flowered.

gul khaj, A round lump of dough. gul-khan, The fire-place in a bath; stove, furnace; a dust-bin.

gulkhan-tāb, Oue who lights the

furnaces of baths.

gulkhan-tābī. The heating of a stove or furnace.

gul-khanī, Who lights the fire-place كلخني in a bath; a bath-keeper.

gul<u>kh</u>ocha, Tickling.

gil-khwur, A chalk-eater; one who swallows the dust (of battle), a warrior;gul-khwur, A horse's halter.

gil khwurdani, Eatable chalk. كل عوردني gil khwurdani Eatable chalk. وكلار gil-dar, Full of clay;—gul-dar, Possessing roses; a rose-garden; spotted;

كل دام gul-dām, A small net; a net.

والمان guldan, A flower-pot; a vase.

کلدرمت gul-dirakht, A rose-bush; bar-

gul-dasta, A handful of roses; a nosegay; a minaret whence people are called to prayer.

يل دم gul-dum, ("rose-tail") A shrike or Indian bulbul (from having a rose-like patch under its tail).

gul-doz, Embroidered or printed کل دور

with roses or flowers.

gul-dozī, Embroidery imitating كل دوزى flowers.

رائ gul-rukh (مسار, rukhsōr), Rosycheeked.

gul-rakhsh, Name of Rustam's steed.

a لي gul-ra'nā, A beautiful, delicatescented rose; rouge with which ladies paint their cheeks; a bed of roses in full blow.

gul-rang, Rose-coloured, roseate. gul-rū, Rosy-faced, red-faced, ruddy. كل رو gul-rūy, Rosy-faced, ruddy, having a blooming complexion; a mistress, sweet-

يولى gul-rū'ī, Rosy-facedness.

gul-rezan, Scattering کل ریزای gul-rezan, Scattering roses or flowers; a kind of silken stuff; a kind of fire-work.

کلوار gilzār, Clay, mud; a miry place; quizar, A garden of roses; a flourishing and well-populated town; blooming, flourishing; name of a note in music.

gul-zaryūn, Name of a city and

river in Turkistan.

کل ساز gil-sāz, A worker in clay. galast, Dead-drunk.

كاستان gulistān, gul-sitān, A rose-garden; a flower-garden; a celebrated Persian book in prose and verse, by Shaikh Sa'di Muslihu 'd-dīn ash' Shīrāzī (born A.D. 1175, died A.D. 1291); construed with the verbs rekhtan, shiquftan, kardan, &c.

gulistū, A flower-garden. گلستو

gul-surkh, A red flower; the worldilluminating sun. (See guli surkh under

gulsūn, A net in which women confine their hair; a string of pearls with which

women adorn their foreheads.

gil-shāh, King of the earth; name of the first monarch of the Peshdadian dynasty, called also Kayumars; Adam;gulshāh, Name of the mistress of Warqah.

gul-shakarī, Čon- کلشکری gul-shakarī, Čon-

serve of roses.

کلشن gulshan, A rose or flower-garden; a bed of roses or flowers; a delightful spot; a place where a person enjoys himself; a pleasure-palace; florid, cheerful, agreeable; -gulshani quds, The highest heaven; gulshan kardan, To recreate or amuse oneself; to sing, dance, and be happy; -gulshani nīlūfarī, The cerulean flower-garden, heaven, the sky.

gulshan-ārāy, A gardener, hor-

ticulturist

gulshan-sarāy, A garden palace.

gulshan-faroz, A gardener (who plants roses).

a كلشن طراز gulshan-tirāz, A gardener, horticulturist.

gilshū, A depilatory used in baths. gil-shah, King Kayumars; Adam; -quishah, Name of the mistress of Warqah. gulshahr, Name of the wife of Pīrān Wisa, commander of the forces of Afrāsvāb.

کل هبرين gil-shīrīn, Of good birth, of noble origin.

a كلعدار gul-'izār, Rosy-cheeked.

a کل عشر و gul-'ushr, Ten verses of the Qur'an written on paper within a circular line for children learning the alphabet (see سرعشر p. 675).

gul-ghicha, Tickling (see کلفنچه gul-ghicha, Tickling (see

ghincha and کلفیهه).

Silghar, An architect;—gulghar, A fine down or wool, combed from the roots of a species of goat bred in Tibet, of which shawls are made.

يلفنية gul-ghincha, Tickling;—gul-ghuncha, A rose-bnd; a red paint for the face, rouge, fard.

gulghanda, Cotton ready for spin-

ning.

gulghūnda, A ball of cotton ready for spinning; a fat, lazy, sluggish fellow.

gulghūna, Paint for the face, fard; natural or artificial ruddiness of the face.

gulghicha, Tickling.

gulaf, A red flower resembling a rose (unsupported by examples).

gul-fām, Of a rose-colour; rose-like; (met.) a mistress.

ولفشان gul-fishān, Scattering roses; agree-able, pleasant.

able, pleasant.
gul-fishānī, The scattering of roses or flowers.

gulfahshang, Water which petri-

fies in the form of icicles.

a Like gul-qand, Candied conserve of roses;—gul-qandi 'asalī, Conserve of roses made with honey.

gulak (dim. of gul), A little rose; a floweret; a satire, lampoon, abuse; a reddish sort of gum;—gulaki anār, A pomegranate-flower;—gulak bastani ātīsh, The blazing up of fire;—gulak zadan, To lampoon, to satirize.

gil-kar, A worker in clay; a potter.

gil-kārī, A working in clay; [gil-kārī kardan, To work in clay;]—gul-kārī, Flowering; flower-painting; figured work, embroidery; a flower-garden (m.c.).

gul-kāma, The sediment which remains in manufacturing rose-water, and

which is used for dyeing.

gulkaj, A lump of dough.

کلہود =) gul-kadū, Name of a tree کل کدو

ياكسدة gulkunda, Golconda (in India).

گل کوبی gul-kūbī, A walk in a garden in spring-time.

gil-kūy, Mud in the street.

کل کیری gul-kīrī, A very fragrant kind of flower growing on a tree resembling a palm-tree (= کلادی q.v.).

gul-kesh, The cocks-comb flower.

gul-gaja, Certain ceremonies or-dained to be performed upon infants.

gul-gasht, A pleasant place for walking or recreation, especially blooming with roses and other flowers; an evening walk; construed with the verbs zadan and kardan;—gul-gashti musallá, The rose-walk of the Oratory, a charming place near Shīrāz.

ال كل gal-gal, A very acid kind of citron; gulgul, Name of an Arabian gum, bdellium; many roses; in full bloom, with many blossoms;—gul-gul shiguftan (kardan), To

abound in flowers or blossoms.

yil gandum, Name of a medicinal root.

کل کنده gul-ganda, Name of a malodorous plant, which women render sweet, and eat in order to become fat.

gul-goristān, A fungus (see also

guli goristan under کل).

كل كولى gul-gūlī, A walk in a garden in spring.

paint for the face; a goblet of wine; a bright bay horse, especially one belonging to Shirin, the mistress of Farhad;—sheri gul-gūn, A tawny lion.

ياگون چرځ gulgūn-char<u>kh</u> (gulgūni char<u>kh</u>?),

The sky.

تَلَكُونَدُ gul-gūna, Cosmetic; rosy-cheeked; rose-coloured; construed with the verbs ālūdan, bastan, dādan, zadan, kardan, kashīdan, gushūdan, &c.;—gul-gūna'i adāmi ādam, An epithet of Muhammad;— gul-gūna'i charkh, The after-glow following suuset.

gul-gir, Snuffers. گلگير

قَل لامًا gul-lala, The anemone; the tulip; the red poppy.

ي كل لحنة gul-laḥana, Cauliflower.

كليج galmij, galmuj, The fin of a fish. كليج gulmar, Name of a fragrant flower; a kind of arrow-head.

galmūzh, A species of lizard.

يَّلُووشُ gulamush, A species of the willow. خرو gil-muhra, A hall of clay for a cross-bow; the terrestrial globe; man.

gul-mekh, A large-headed, rose-shaped nail fixed in gates; a spike-nail,

tent-pin; a stud, tack.

gulnār (for guli anūr), Pomegranate-flowers; sour cherry;—gulnāri pārsī, Name of a very bright-coloured red rose.

gulnār-chihr, With a face like the

poinegranate-flower.

يلناركون gulnar-gūn, Of the colour of the pomegranate-flower.

كلنارى ونك gulnārī, كلنارى ونك gulnārī-rang, Of the colour of the pomegranate-flower; carnation-coloured.

كل نا فرمان gul-nā-farmān, A violet. كلناك gilnāk, Muddy, miry, clayey (place);—gilnāk, gulnāk, A fortification, a castle or fortress;—gulnāk, A rose-garden; a flowerbed.

gulanda, A woman of bad character. gul-nasrīn, Camomile-flowers.

a کل نفسی gul-nafeī, A sweet smell; pleasant conversation.

gulangubin, A conserve of roses made with honey.

gul-namā, Kaleidoscope (m.c.).

يان gulū, galū, The neck, gullet, throat; the wind-pipe; the voice; -gulū pāra kardan, To shout with a loud voice; -gulū roshan kardan, To hem, to clear the throat; gulū giriftan, To strangle;—gulūyi āsyā, The hopper of a mill;—gulūyi surkh, The gullet;—gulūyi lab giriftan, To silence;—ba-gulū furo burdan, dar gulū burdan, To swallow; deglutition.

gulū-basta, Silent. کلویسته

gulū-band, A neckcloth; a necklace; a cloth worn by women on their head, and fastened under the chin, to keep their head-dress from being stained by the unguent or pomatum of the hair; a small rectangular plate of gold (studded with gems) worn on the throat.

يلو بيدة gulū-banda, A grown lad; a glut-

ton.

gulū-tah, A kind of cornered cap for children, lined with cotton, and tied under the chin; a fillet; a cap for women or girls. gulūch, A wink with the eye.

کلودن gulūdan, To fill. ول وراف gul-warak, A thorn in bloom (m.c.).

علوز galūz, A filbert; a pistachio-nut; a

mountain-almond.

gulū-802, Very sweet (lit. burning the throat, i.e. rendering thirsty).

gulū-firo-āmadagī, A catarrh کلو فرو آمدگی

in the throat.

gulū-fishār, A necklace. کلو فشار

وَارِ كَاهُ gulū-gāh, The seat of the throat,

کلو کرنتگی gulū-giriftagī, Hoarseness. کلو کرنته gulū-girifta, Throttled; hoarse, gruff.

gulū-girifta-āwāz, Hoarse- کلو گرفته آواز

voiced.

gulū-gīr, Suffocating, throttling; sour or unsavoury food, which sticks in the throat and is digested with difficulty; unable to speak (from any affection of the throat); a wild or choke-pear; an accuser.

كاوك gulūla, A reel; a ball of thread; a stone for a cross-bow or balista, a bullet; -gulūla'i topī, A cannon-ball; a shot;gulula zadan, To fire off (a gun, &c.).

يازى بازى gulūla-bāzī, Game of bowls;

game at nine-pins.

يلوله كمان galūla-kamān, A pellet-bow.

galwand, Anything sent as a present, especially a composition of nuts and figs; name of a mountain.

galwanda, The composition de-

scribed in the preceding article.

gulwa, The mouth of an oven.

als gala, galla, A flock, herd, bevy; a crowd, heap; a till; -gila, A complaint, lamentation, reproach, blame; a pass between two hills; a single grape; [gila kardan, To complain;]-gula, A cannon, musket, or cross-bow ball; a cotton-reel; a cotton-pod; a ringlet, a curl;—gulla, A swallow, a martinet; an arbour, bower, projecting roof; an awning; hair collected together; -gulla'i murghan, Tapestry embroidered with every kind of bird; a shadow cast by an immense flight of birds.

ولا ملات gala-ban, A pastor, shepherd,

keeper.

كله باتى galabānī, Pastoral care.

gala-dost, A cough, a sore throat. کلېری galahrī, A squirrel (see کلېری). a مكرة gila-shikwa, Complaint.

gila-karda-shuda, Complained والم كردة على على المعارية المعامة المعارية ا

of, complained against. الله كالة gala-gāh, A lodging-room in an

inn; a parlour.

a كله كداري gila-guzārī, Complaining, a complaint.

gilamand, Complaining; a complainer.

gilamandi, Murmur, complaint. گلامندي gula-mūsh, A kind of willow. ون gilhūn, A clod, &c. (= كاوخ q.v.).

gilī, Earthen, made of clay.

gulīcha, A sob; the hiccough; the sun or moon's disc; a small round cake. يلير gilīz, galīz, Spittle, saliva, slaver,

drivel. guligān, Name of a malodorous کلیگان

plant.

giligar. Maker of mortar, worker in

clay. gilīm, A garment made of goats' hair or wool; a carpet or rug to lie down upon; a blanket;—gilim az ab bar-āwardan (bīrūn āwardan, bīrūn burdan), gilim az

daryā (az siyāhī) bīrūn āwardan, gilīm az mauj bīrūn burdan, gilīm bīrūn āwardan, To escape, to obtain freedom; -gilim dar āb afgandan, To rush into danger.

a کل بیمن gul-yamīn, Having the right hand full of roses or flowers.

gilīm-posh, Clad in a gilīm; a کلیم پوش pauper; a medicine.

يكيم هوى gilīm-shūy, A scourer of cloths;

pearl-ash, lye; root chubak ushnan.

gilīm-goshān, (pl.) A race of men whose ears are so large that one serves them for a mattress, and the other as a counterpane.

ياين gilīn, Made of clay or mud, clayey. کلین کوی gilīn-gūy, The terrestrial globe. کلین کوی galyūn, A kind of stuff of seven

colours.

gum, Lost, wanting, missing; absent, invisible; wandering, distracted, confounded;—gum zadan, To hide oneself, to

abscond, to disappear; -qum shudan (raftan), To be lost; to lose oneself; to go astray; to swoon;—gum shud kilīd, The key was withdrawn; $-qum \ kardan$, To lose; -gum kardani ni'mati kase-rā, To lose the remembrance of anyone's services; to be ungrateful; gum gashtan, To get lost; to go astray; -bi-rav gum shav, Go! be off with you! (m.c.) :- sar gum guzāshtan, To make one lose his head (m.c.).

gumar, A large ladle; the noise made by the feet in walking; (imp. of, and contracted from, gumāshtan and gumārīdan, in comp.) forcing, compelling; com-

mitting,

gumārā, Committing; a fold for catile.

gumārīdan, To gnash the teeth in indignation; to force, compel; to sew, so that the threads and stitches are seen.

وم أستيك gum-astīk (gumi astīk?), Indiarubber (m.c. from Fr. gomme élastique).

gumāshtagī, Lieutenancy, commission, delegation, charge, appointment.

gumāshtan, To dismiss, set at liberty, to let alone; to set over, to place at the head; to commit, deliver over, recommend, consign, assign, entrust to another (any business); to commission, furnish with plenipotentiary powers; to send upon any special business; to prefix; to view the actions of another (in a bad light); to compel one to speak; to pursue or prosecute one by the power and authority of a prince or judge; to extort;—bargumāshtan, To appoint, &c. (= gumāshtan); — nazar bar-gumāshtan, To look closely at, to observe.

gumāshta, Appointed, set over; a minister, superintendent, commissary, agent, factor, head clerk, accountant, or servant; one whose sayings and doings

are noticed.

gumāshta-garī, Commission; agency, office of an agent, &c.

gumāsha, Silver. كماهه

gumān, Doubt, suspicion, surmise; opinion, fancy, supposition, imagination; conceit, pride, haughtiness; (in comp.) thinking, suspecting, as bad-guman, Suspicious, jealous, malignant;—gumān uftādan, A thought occurs; a suspicion arises; gumani bad, An evil opinion, suspicion;gumān burdan (bastan, dāshtan, kardan), dar guman budan, To think, imagine, suppose, believe, conjecture, fancy, doubt, suspect; -dar gumān shudan, To be doubtful, suspicious.

gumān-pazīr, Accepting or

agreeing with an opinion, &c.

يو و gumān-zad, Thought of, believed,

considered; suspected.

gumāna, Doubt, suspicion; a shaft sunk in order to ascertain the depth of the water when making a subterraneous canal; a well-digger.

gumānī, Suspicious, doubting, dis-

trustful; jealous, conceited, proud.
وكماليد gumanidan, To think, imagine, suppose; to doubt.

کمرا q.v., p. 1049. کمرا q.v.

gum-rāh, Losing the way, having lost one's way, wandering, stray, deviating, seduced; abandoned, depraved; intrepid, bold, rash, perverse, fearing neither God nor man ;—gum-rāh shudan, To be seduced, to deviate; -gum-rah kardan, To seduce, to lead astray.

gum-rāhī, A missing or losing of one's way; deviation, aberration, seduction; depravity; apostasy;—gum-rāhī dādan, To lead astray, to seduce, to deprave.

T کبرك gumruk, A custom-house; an export or import duty, custom-duties

qumruk-khāna, Custom-house کو کاله (m.c.),

gum-rah, Erring, lost.

gamast, An inferior precious stone (كمست see).

گم هدگی gum-shudagī, A lost condition. تم هده gum-shuda, Lost;—gum shuda'i labi daryā, Lost on the sea-shore; drowned from not being able to swim.

ي کم کرده پای gum-karda-pay, One of whom all traces are lost; unrivalled, beyond an-

other's reach.

gum-gashta, Lost;—gum gashta'i کم کشته dār u diyār, Bereft of house and home.

gum-nām, Whose name is lost, extinct; nameless; anonymous; ignoble, inglorious.

gima, Name of a herb resembling

fennel; -guma, A kind of fish.

gimīz, Urine.

gimizīdan, To make water. gimīzha, Mixed together. كميزة

ين gin (for کن q.v.), A particle put after substantives to form attributives, as sharmgin, Ashamed;—gun, A testicle;—guni iblīs (devil's testicle), Name of a certain hard black grain about the size of a nutmeg.

sus gunāh, Sin, crime, error, vice, fault, iniquity; punishment, chastisement, retribution; construed with the verbs afgandan, bar-khāstan, bastan, raftan, kardan, nawishtan, nihādan, &c.;—gunāh kase as kase khwastan, To intercede for another's pardon.

gunāh-āmirz, Condoning a sin, a كناه آمرز

crime, &c.

يناهان gunāhān (pl. of gunāh), Crimes. gunāh-bakhsh, A pardoner of كناه بخش sins, &c.

gunāh-bakhshī, Remission of sins, &c.

gunāhgār, A sinner, culprit, cri- کناهگار minal.

gunāhgārī, A state of sin, a habit کناهکاری of vice, criminality, sinfulness; guiltiness; a fine for an offence; revenue derived from such fines.

كناة نكرد gunāh-na-kard, Faultless.

gumbad, An arch, vault, cupola, dome, tower; an arched gateway; a triumphal arch; (met.) the buttocks or thighs; bud of a flower; a cup; a leap, tumble heels over head, summersault (construed with zandan and kardan) ;--gumbadi āb, A bubble ;—gumbadi azraq (afat-pazīr, tezrav, jān-salān, chār band, harrāga-rang, khazrā, dūd-gasht, dūr-gasht, dolāb-rang, dolābī, shigarf, sūti-libās, tāqdes, fīroza-khisht, gītīnaward, magarnas, nārang, nārang, nīlūfari), The vault of heaven; —gumbadi a'zam, The great vault, i.e. the highest heaven :gumbadi chil dukhtaran, A vaulted building in Persia;—gumbadi dastār, A turban; gumbadi dimāgh, The palate, roof of the mouth;—gumbadi 'imāma, A turban;—gumbadi gul, A rose-bud; a golden goblet; - gumbadi mā'il, The fourth heaven; gumbadi mu'ambar, The hair of a mistress (her head being uncovered).

gumbadan-dizh, Name of fortress in which Gushtasb kept Islandiyar

imprisoned.

gumbad-dar, Arched, vaulted;

having a dome; dome-shaped.

gumbada, An arch, vault; a tumble head over heels; bud of a flower, a cup.

کنبدی gumbadi, A dome, vault, arch; a summersault; a tent supported by one column.

کنبد gumbaz-dār, کنبد gumbaz-dār, کنبد رار qq.v.

ينج ganj, A store, hoard, hidden treasure : a magazine, granary, grain-market, storehouse; a mart; a case; [ganji āb-āwarda, A tear; ganji afrasyāb, Name of the fourth of Khusrau's treasures; - ganji ilāhā, The divine treasure, i.e. the word of God; contentment;—ganji bād, ganji bādāwar, (bād-āward), Hidden treasure, anything which one gets without any trouble, a windfall; name of the second of Khusrau's treasures; name of the sixteenth note of Barbūd; -ganji bār, Name of the eighth of Khusrau's treasures;—ganji ha-kīm, The sage's treasure, i.e. the first chapter of the Qur'an ;—ganji khākī, Adam or his posterity; -- ganji khazrā, The sixth of Khusrau's treasures;—ganji dār, Name of a note in music; ganji dība, Name of the third treasure of Khusrau; -ganji diwar-bast, Name of the treasure mentioned Qur'an xviii. 81;—ganji rawan, Name of Korah's treasure; —ganji sokhta, Name of the fifth of Khusrau's treasures; also the name of the eighteenth note in music; ganji shād-āward, Name of the eighth of Khusrau's treasures ;—qanji shāygān, Name

of the second of Khusrau's treasures; a large treasure; -ganji shahidan, The burialplace of martyrs; a catacomb;—ganji 'arūs, Name of the first of Khusrau's treasures; also of the seventeenth musical note;ganji faridun, Name of a note in music; -ganji kāwus, Name of the seventeenth musical note; -ganji gav (gawan, gavmesh), Name of the eighth of Jamshed's treasures, dug up in the reign of Bahram, and distributed amongst the poor; name of a note in music;]—ginj, A proud, conceited man; astonished, surprised, bewildered; gunj, Space, room, capacity; a proportion, or ration, observed where large numbers are to be served with provisions, so that they may all share alike; a corner; an angle.

كنجأ $gunjar{a}$, Capability of being contained.

gunjar, Rouge for the face.

ينجارة ganjara, Rouge for the face; sesame.

ganj-agan, A hourder of treasures. يد انيدن gunjānīdan, To cause to be

gunjāyish, Capacity, holding, containing; profit; room to contain, stowage; -gunjāyish pazīraftan (dāshtan), To have room or stowage, to be able to contain.

gunjāyish-pazīr, Capable of کنجایش پذیر being held or contained; gunjāyish-pazīr

shudan, To be contained.

gunjāyishī, Capable; profitable, lucrative.

كنجايش = gunjāya, Capacity, &c. (كنجايش q.v.).

gunja'i, The power of containing; capacity, room.

ينجبار ganj-bār, One of Khusrau's treasures (see کئے).

کنج ہاں ganj-bān, A treasurer. کنج بخش ganj-ba<u>kh</u>sh, Literal, lavish. ينجدار ganj-dar, A treasurer; name of a note in music.

يج عاله ganj-khāna, كنج عاله ganj-dān, A

treasure-house, a treasury.

ganjar, Rouge, fard for the face. ganjara, Red paint for the face. ينج ريز ganj-rez, Liberal, lavish.

ganj-rezī, A scattering of trea-

sure.

كنيشك gunjishk, A sparrow; a chick; any small bird;—gunjiskhi tū'ī-tū'ī-goy, A

ganjifa, Pack of cards; game of

cards (see گنیمیفه).

ينجيفة باز = ganjifa-bāz, كنجيفة باز q.v. ينجفه بازي ganjifa-bāzī, A trick with cards; any trick of legerdemain, sleight of hand

ينج كاو ganj-kāv, One who digs for tres-

ينهكاه ganj-gāh, A high note in music. gunjulunj, Anything small.

امع نامع ganj-nāma, Treasure-book ; treasure-catalogue; treasure-deed.

ganj-nih, The possessor of a trea-

sure; a treasurer.

تنجور ganj-war, ganjūr, A treasurer; a rich man; treasure; a treasury.

ganiwer, (in Zand and Pazand) A

treasurer.

ganja, Name of the city where Nizāmī was born (now called Elizabethpol); an ass without a tail; docked; saddlebage.

yanj-yāb, The finder of a treasure. gunjidan, To be contained or held ; to hold exactly, to be filled; to be gathered

in (corn).

تحميدة gunjīda, Contained, held, stowed. تحيفة ganjīfa, Pack of cards; game of

کنچیکه باز ganjīfa-bāz, A card-player; a knave, trickster, cheat.

ganjīfa-sāz, A manufacturer of cards.

ganjīna, A treasury, magazine, granary, barn; any place for holding provisions, a pantry; revenue; a pocket-

ganjīna-dār, A treasurer. كنجينة دار كنجينة داري ganjīna-dārī, Treasurership.

-ganjīna-sanj, کنچینه کشای ganjīna-sanj کنچینه سنج jīna-gushāy, كنجينة كة ganjīna-nih, A treasurer.

تىچىنە نېي ganjīna-nihī, Treasurership.

تن gand, Anything fetid, bad smell, stink, funk; [gandi baghal, Smell of the arm-pits;]—gund, A testicle; —gundi bīdastar, Testicles of the beaver; gundi sag, Orchis.

ganda, Anything putrid, stinking,

gandāb, Fetid, stagnate water; a

gandā-moya, The hair of a newborn child.

كىدائه gandāna, Leek; chives.

gandānīdan, To render putrid or

fetid, to putrefy (trans.).

gund-āwar, A brave man, com-

mander.

كنداي gandāy, Fetid ; — gundāy, A diviner.

کند بیدستر gund-bidastar, Castor (see کند بیدستر). gandizh, Name of a fortress built in Babylon by Zahhāk.

gund-sag (gundi sag), Orchis (see (qund) گند

كىدىق gandish, Sulphnr, brimstone. كىدى gandak (S. gandhaka), Brimstone ;

gunpowder.

yandagī, Filth, stink, stench ; putrefaction; -gundagī, Coarseness, thick-

كند كياة ,gand-giyā كند كيا gand-giyāh, Name of a herb of which bears are fond.

gandalāsh, A malodorous kind of herb; a rotten egg.

gandum, Wheat;—gandumi biryān, Parched corn;—gandum khwurdan, To eat wheat, i.e. to be overcome by cupidity (alluding to the tradition that a grain of wheat caused the loss of Paradise); -gan-

dumi dīwāna, Tares, darnel ;—gandumi kirmānī, Vermicelli.

gandum-bā, (wheat-food) A dish, گندم با also called halim, made of wheat.

gandum-rang, Wheat-coloured, كندم راك tawny, brown, swarthy.

gandumak, Lingula vulvæ.

gandum-gūn, Wheat-colour, i.e.

-gandum-gūnī, Tawniness, brown گندم گونی ness.

-gandum-gūnī-wām, Brown گندم گونی وام coloured, of the colour of wheat, tawny.

gandum-māya'i khushk, كندم ماية عشك Wheat coarsely ground.

gandum-namā'i jau-farosh, Who shows wheat and sells barley, a cheat, a deceiver.

تندمنة gandama, A wart; a freckle;—ganduma, A kind of grain deprived of the husk.

گندمی gandumīn, کندمین gandumīn گندمی .v. کندم کون q.v. gandumi-rang رنگ

يندن gandan, To rot, stink; to wax hot. يندنا gandanā, A leek; chives; barley inserted in onions and sown.

gandanā-zār, A bed of leeks. گندنازار يندنا گون gandanā-gūn, Of a bright green. يندنا كوهر gandanā-gauhar, A coloyenth.

يند نان gand-nān (?), Name of a place near Isfahan where the people of Luristan pass the summer.

کندنا کون q.v. gandana-gar u n, ar u کندنه کون q.v.gandū, A bee-hive.

كندوالة gandwāla, A wolf (see كندوالة).

تندو عاند gandū-<u>kh</u>āna, A bee-hive. كندو عاند gandūr, كندوري gandūra, كندوري gan-

يندرو gandur, ويمن gandura, كندرو gandūla, = كندرو &c., qq.v. كندرو ganda, Fetid, stinking, rotten; filthy, dirty; foul, obscene, indecent; ruptured; castrated; an old man or woman; [ganda shudan, To stink;]—gunda, Coarse, thick; a wart; hashed meat; a lump of dough; marrow; a shoemaker's board; a pit in which hunters conceal themselves from the sight of wild beasts; -qunda'i pashm, A clew or ball of wool; -qunda'i khamīr, A lump of dough; -gunda kardan, To paint, figure with needle-work; to cut, clip, pare.

كىدە بغل ganda-baghal, One whose arm-

pits emit a bad smell.

ganda-boy, Smelling bad, stinking.

ينة بهار ganda-bahār, Rain in cold weather.

gunda-pech, A spinning-wheel;

a reel; a piece of wood or hand-reel for winding cotton; a potter's wheel (turned by the hand).

يدة بير ganda-pir, A decrepit old woman ; -ganda-pīri kābulī, Name of a celebrated

enchantress who lived in Kābul.

كندة عاية ganda-<u>kh</u>āya, A stale egg.

كندة دماغ ganda-damāgh, Proud, vainglorious.

ganda-dahan, Having offensive گنده دهن breath.

يدة دهني ganda-dahanī, Fetid breath. ganda-fīroza, Olibanum. كندة فيروزة

a واية مراع ganda-mizāj, Peevish, crossgrained.

ganda-maghz, A boaster; proud,

arrogant, vainglorious.

ganda-maghzī, Pride, insolence, boast, bluster; foolish, absurd talk; harshness, severity; anyone in whom these qualities appear.

تنديدكي gandidagi, Putrefaction.

gandidan, To stink, to putrefy.

gandīda, Putrid, fetid, stinking. ganar, Name of a place where a battle

was fought by Mahmud Ghaznavi. gang, The Ganges; name of a temple in China, and of another in Turkistan; anything bent or distorted; one born crooked; wind in the body brought by melancholy; handsome, fine; name of several cities; also of a certain mountain and island; [gangi dizhhukht (dizhhurj, dizhhirj, dizhharaj, dizhhūkht), Jerusalem; an idol-temple;]—gung, Dumb; one who converses by signs; stupid; an earthen pipe for conveying water under ground; - gungi dah-zaban (sadzabān), A red rose.

gungār, A serpent that has just changed his skin, that has recently cast

his slough.

gang-bihisht, A fort in Baby-

gang-dizh, Name of a fortress in Babylon; name of a place in the East.

gang-dizhhukht, &c., Jeru-(see gangi dizhhukht, &c., under salem (کنگ

gangal, Play, joke, jest ;—ganqal

zadan, To jest, to crack a joke.

كىگلاج gungalāj, gunglāj, A stammerer. gunglājī, Stammering, stuttering. کنگ نه کنه کنه gingina, Quinine (m.c., see کنگنه). يىگى gungī, Dumbness.

ganwar, A thief, robber, plunderer. ganur, Name of a fort in Hindustan. gunūra, A workman, a mechanic.

gunah, A sin, crime.

 $gunahg\bar{a}r$, A sinner; a criminal; nihāyat gunahgār, An arrant villain.

عنهگاری ganahgārī, A fine for crimes and misdemeanours.

يير gunîz, A glutton.

gav, A ditch, or any low or hollow place; the sun; venerable, respected; a hero; bold, warlike, powerful; a chieftain; name of the Indian king Jamhur; -gau, go, A cow;—go, $g\bar{u}$, A ball; a button; dung; little, small; (verbal noun and imp. of guftan) saying; say thou; snppose; although; a word, speech; -quft-u-qu, Conversation.

15 quwā, A witness.

gawāb, A ditch; the socket of the

gawāpar, (in the dialect of Gilān)

Laserwort.

واجه guwāchā, کواچه guwācha, (in the dialect of Karmania) A swing.

gawār, A race of gipsies in India; guwar, A thing easy of digestion, digest-

ible; digesting.

guwārā, Digestible; agreeable, pleaeant; digesting; approval, consent; bearing, enduring, submitting to; - guwārā uftādani suḥbat, Congeniality of companionship; — guwārā kardan, To consent, approve.

guwārān, Agreeable, easy of diges-

tion.

guwārānīdan, To help digestion; to cook.

gwmārā'ī, Wholesomeness, digesti-

guwār-bān, A cow-herd, a herds-

guwārisht, Any كوارهت guwārisht, Any electuary for assisting digestion.

يوندكي guwārandagī, Wholesomeness. guwaranda, Wholesome, easy of digestion; that which digests; — ta'āmi nā-guwāranda, Meat overloading the stomach; difficult to be digested; -hawayash quwaranda, Its salubrious air.

guwārūn, A disease of the skin,

scab.

واره gawāra, A bee-hive; a herd of oxen or buffaloes; (for gahwāra) a cradle; guwāra, Digesting; digestible; meat light and easy of digestion.

gawāra-bān, A herdsman. كوارة بان

guwārīdan, To digest, to be di-

يوازة gawāz, كوازة gawāza, A large wooden mortar in which the husk of rice is beaten off; — gawāz, guwāz, 531,5 gawāza, An ox-

guwāzīdan, To desist, give over,

relinquish.

gawāzha, Reproof, rebuke; a jest, joke, fun, merriment; jovial, jolly, jocose; a woman's coif.

gawāzhīdan, To scold, to inveigh against; to rebuke (unsupported by examples).

guwāsh, gawāsh, Quality, species, كواش

colour.

guwäshtan, To digest.

gawāshma, A large veil of fine linen.

gawāshīr, Name of a country in گواهير which are produced white turquoise-stones of little value; gum of the opoponax-

guwāk, A wagtail.

guwāl, A eloset; u carp;—guwāl, gawāl, Increase, augmentation, growth; gain, acquisition; a sack; a rubbing, polishing, furbishing; a herdsman.

guwālanda, A crawling infant. guwāliyār, Gualior in India.

كواليدكى guwālīdagī, Increase, growth. واليدى guwālīdan, To creep, as an infant upon hands and knees; to wave from side to side in walking; -guwālīdan, gawālīdan, To grow up, to come to maturity.

gawan (pl. of gau), Valiant war-

riors. gawānchī, A hero, كوانجي

a captain or commander of an army. gū-angula, A loop کو انگله gū-angula, A for a button; a button and loop; a par-

ticular kind of kuot; the sun.

sly guwāh, An evidence, witness, testimony; -guwāhi o dar āstīn, He has always an answer and a proof or argument ready; -quwāhi o maghribīst, His testimony is not worth much, he is insincere in his attestations; —guwāh āwardan (kardan, kashidan, giriftan), To take to witness; to bring evidence, to invoke ;—guwāhi ta'līmī, A tutored witness;—guwāhi durogh, A false witness;—guwāhi libāsī, (Joseph's) evidence by means of the (torn) garment; (met.) an ocular demonstration; a shuffling testimony, prevarication.

guwāh-shāhid, A witness, an eye-

witness.

guwāhī, Testimony, evidence:guwāhī āwardan (dādan), To give evidence, to attest.

guwā'ī, Testimony, evidence.

go-bāra, A herd of oxen; a cowstall.

کوی باز $g\bar{u}$ - $b\bar{a}z$, کوی بازq.v.

gobān, A herdsman.

gobashā, (in Zand and Pāzand) كوبشا

Honey.

goblin, The Gobelins in Paris. where the tapestry called gobelin is manufactured; such tapestry (m.c. from Fr.).

gobiyā, (in Zand and Pazand) The

gūpāl, An iron mace; a throne of iron or wood; name of a Scythian war-

gopān, A herdsman. گوہان

gūpiyāza, A kind of food in Balkh.

gaut. The hips or huttocks. gawach, Gum.

غ چاخ gau-chāh, A shallow ditch or trench. gaucha, Threads on the edge of a garment.

gauchī, A deep trench.

gaud, god, Deep; a ditch, pit; low-lying ground; excavated (m.c.); [gaud kardan, To excavate (m.c.);]-guwad (for gayad), He says.

gūdāb, Syrup of dates boiled down; a dish of meat, rice, vetches, and waluuts, on which a condiment of vinegar and syrup is poured; food dressed under roast meat.

gaudāl, A low-lying ground, &c.

.(.v.) گود 🖃)

gaudar, The young of the wild cow; a fawn; a calf; a calf-skin; a species of goose; a plant growing amongst wheat and barley; name of a son of Shapnr; also of a wrestler.

gūdarz, Name of a bird which frequents the banks of rivers; name of two kings of the Ashkanian dynasty; also of two Iranian champions; any two bodies which never separate, and yet are never found close together (a term chiefly applied to the heavenly bodies).

.v. گودر = ,gaudara گودرة

يردة guda, Reins, kidneys; marrow, kernel; -quda ba-haram, Lazy, sluggish, donothing.

ودى godi, Depth; a low-lying ground; an excavated place; a dock (for ships,

گوداب q.v. گوذاب q.v.

gaur, A pagan, infidel, guebre, or worshipper of fire; name of a city in Bengal, now in ruins; -yor, A wild ass, the onager; a tomb, grave, sepulchre, monument; a desert, a plain without water; wine, mirth, hilarity, the pleasures of the table; a miser; name of a Persian king of the Sassanian dynasty (called Bahram Gor) ;-gori bā madfūn (nā-madfun), The fish which swallowed Jonah;gori ahariban, A hurying-place for strangers; -gori nafs, (grave of the soul) The human body; -dar gor kardan (nihādan), To bury, inter, entomb.

وراب gorāb, A horse-course; a cupola raised over a tomb; short socks worn under stockings in the winter-season; a false appearance of water on a sandy plain common in hot countries, mirage;

name of a city.

gorāba, A cupola raised over a tomb; name of a place where Rustam's ancestors are interred.

گور اسب gor-asb, A zebra (m.c.). کور امکنی gor-afgani, The overthrowing of wild asses.

gor-ā-gor, Very swift, active, quick.

gauran (pl. of gaur), Pagane, infi-

dels; -qūrān, The rendezvous of an army; an assembly-room; rice browned in the oven.

gorān-nigār, A picture-gallery كران تكار or book in which wild asses and other animals are represented.

gorab, Short socks.

gorbān, Keeper of a burial-ground. عورت بالك gorab-bāfak, Name of a bird which builds a nest in form of a stocking.

gor-jā, A burial-ground, cemetery. gūrjistān, Georgia, a province lying between the Euxine and Caspian Seas.

gūrjī, A Georgian. گورجى

gor-chashm, A kind of silken كور چشم stuff in which are woven spots like the eyes of the wild ass.

gor-khān, Name of an emperor of

China.

ور عانه gor-khāna, A sepulchre, a tomb, a mausoleum; a cavern; an empty room without a window; a cell.

ور خر gor-khar, The onager or wild ass. gaward, A beetle (probably misreading for کوزه q.v.).

گوردين gordin, A rough carpet; a dress worn by dervishes.

gûre, Hunger. گورس

goristan, A burying-ground; a hermit's cell.

ور سرين gor-surīn, With buttocks like an onager's; (met.) with full hips (a mistress;

قور مكاني سرين علاق). gor-shikāf, كرر مكاني gor-shikāf كرر مكاني wana, One who digs up dead bodies and carries off the grave-clothes.

gūrk, Beauty;—gūrak, A stone on

which washers beat their linen.

gor-kafan, Grave and shroud; funeral ceremonies.

ور کن gor-kan, A grave-digger; a digger م منوری به up of graves in order to strip dead bodies.

گردگندم gor-gandum, A kind of wheat. کردگرد وgor-gor, Very swift, active, quick, nimble; name of a certain bird.

gor-giyāh, Camels' کور کیاه gor-giyā, کور کیا

hay, bog-rush.

gor-gir, A catcher of wild asses. gor-māsi, New cheese prepared from wild asses' milk.

گورنالور guwarnātūr, A governor (m.c. from L. through $\ddot{\mathbf{R}}$.).

gūranish, Admission to the king's presence, an audience.

ورنه gūrna, A stag.

ورنين gawarnin, Household furniture; immoveable effects; a ditch, a furrow.

gaura, Name of a tribe in Hinduatan; -gūra, A large village with a fair at stated times.

gorī, Avarice; a lively, dancing کرری

pace, like that of the wild ass; an easy, agreeable life; jovial, cheerful in com-

وريّل gorīl, A gorilla (m.c).

gauz, A nut; a walnut; a kernel; [gauzi-kunā, The thorn-apple;] — gūz, goz, A walnut; a fart; bad; bdellium; [yūzi urugh, A rotten nut;—gūz az kūni khar, Wind from the anus of an ass (proverbially applied when nothing is expected);—gūz bar gumbad afehandan (niehandan), To attempt something difficult or impossible; gūzi balghār, A filbert ;—gūz dādan (zadan), To fart ;-guzi shikasta, The sky;]-gawaz, A fallow-deer; a stag; the mountain-ox.

gūz, Autumn. گوز

چز آب gauz-āb, A dish of walnuts, vetches, and rice.

gau-zāda, Son of a hero. کو زاده

يوزار ويَّتَّ yazaz, A bird like the nightingale. خوز المنتاب yauz-agand, A dried apricot stuffed with walnut-kernels.

gozbān, The crupper of a saddle. gauz-bun, gūz-bun, A walnut-tree.

gawaz-chihr, A comet.

تكوزكة gūzada, A red kind of gum; a cricket.

gūz-zan, One who breaks wind. gauzistān, A place full of nutbushes.

gauz-shikasta, The sky (see qūzi shikasta under نام).

مَوزعة gauzagha, A cotton-pod. كرزكة gūzak, The heel; (dim. of gūz) s subdued fart.

کرز کنا gūz-kunā, Datura. پرزگانی gūzgānī, Goats' leather. کرز گره کرز گره

button.

qūz-qand, Vain-boasting, idle talk,

gauz-gandum, Name of a plant. gawazn, A kind of mountain-ox; a deer, doe, elk; a stag.

وزيع gau-zanakh, A dimple in the chin. gauzan-surin, With buttocks كوزن سرين like a deer, with full hips (see ور سرپن).

ين gūzana, A place for playing at ball. goza, A cotton-pod; the silkworm's cone; the head of a poppy.

gawiz,har, The dragon's head or tail; the sphere of the moon.

goza-mukh, The spathe of the date-flower.

وزى gûzī, Badness.

gūzīdan, To break wind.

gauzina, A sweetmeat made of walnuts

وَرُابِ gozhāb, Syrup of grapes or dates. وَيُوْلُونِهُ gūzhāda, A kind of red gum.

گرزگانی gūzhgānī, Goats' leather (see گرزگانی

gozha, = کوزه q.v.

و ساله go-sāla, A calf; a young camel or elephant; young in years; a dolt, a blockhead; -gosālu'i falak, The sign Taurus;gosala murda pur kāh kardan, To stuff a dead calf with straw (which is put in sight of the cow to make her yield milk).

gosāla-parast, A calf-worship-

وسيد gospand, A sheep, a ram; a goat (the latter meaning rather incorrect, yet allowable).

ورسيند جران gospand-charan, A shepherd. gospand-kushān, (sheep-slay-ing) Name of the Muhammadan festival īdi qurbān (see عيد).

gost, gawast, A breach, break; a

large drum.

gosfand, A sheep; a ram; a goat; gosfand az ba-rāy gurbān īst, He sacrifices his life in religious warfare; -gosfandi taslim, The sheep led to the place of sacrifice; (met.) entirely devoted and submisve. (See گوسيند)) و sosfand-andāz, Name of a

wrestling-trick.

gosh, The ear; (imp. of goshīdan, in comp.) hearing; a hearer, listener; a spy, emissary, informer; a corner (hence jigargosh = جگر کوهه q.v.); look, sight; desire, expectation; custody, preservation; name of an angel; name of the fourteenth day of the solar month; [gosh uftādan, To be or become deaf;—gosh afrākhtan, To turn and listen to; -gosh afgandan (andākhtan), To observe attentively; -gosh ba-angusht giriftan, To stop one's ears (so as not to hear); -gosh ba-pā kardan, To prick the ears and listen; to make one speak;—gosh ba-dar dashtan, To expect, to wait for :gosh bar-tāftan, To turn away from ;-gosh ba-shiniftani chize kardan, To give ear to anything; -gosh bar-dāshtan, To expect, to wait for; to give up hope, to despair;gosh bar dar dashtan, To expect, to wait for ;-gosh biyafshurd, He received a scolding, a punishment;—gosh pur shudan az, To hear a great deal of a matter;—gosh pur kardan az, To fill the ear with ; -gosh pahn (pahna) kardan, To hope for; to expect to be listened to; — gosh-at ba-man bashad, Listen to me (m.c.); -yosh tar shudan az, To hear of a thing with pleasure; to hear;—goshi tū dū dādand u zabāni tū yaki, Two ears have been given to you and one tongne, i.e. talk less and listen more; -gosh tez kardan, To prick the ears; -gosh jumbānīda ast, His attention has been roused; -- gosh khāridan, To scratch the ear, (met.) to wait, tarry; to think, meditate: -gosh kharashidan, To injure or wound the ear; gosh khwabandan, To hang the ears; -gosh dādan, To give or lend an ear; -gosh dashtan, To give ear; to observe, to watch; to keep, to preserve; to make one

speak; -gosh dirāz kardan, = gosh pahn kardan, q.v.; — gosh-rā nawāzish dādan, to pull the ear; -gosh zadan, To prick up the ears, to listen attentively; - goshi sabuk dashtan, To listen to every talk ;-goshi sangin, A deaf ear ;-gosh shudan, To listen, pay profound attention ; - gosh-ash sangin (zanggirifta, girifta) ast, He turns a deaf ear; he is deaf; gosh kardan, To hear, listen; to observe (this meaning doubtful, qosh kardan possibly being a misreading for kosh kardan "to make exertions"); to hope for, to expect; -goshi kase bar-taftan, To draw one's attention to a matter; - gosh kashidan, To listen to, to be attentive; to rebuke, &c. (= $gosh \ malidan \ q.v. \ below)$; -goshi gāv <u>kh</u>wābīda ast. He is ignorant of or unconcerned at the vicissitudes of fortune (proverbially said);—goshi gardān kar, (May) the ear of heaven (be) deaf (viz. to the prayers of the invidious), i.e. may heaven grant my wish; -gosh giriftan, To listen to; (met.) to be admonished and confess one's error or ignorance; -gosh gushādan (qushūdan), To be ready to hear, to listen to ;-gosh gumāshtan, To hear, to listen to ;—gosh mālīdan, To rub the ears; (met.) to rebuke, to admonish; to punish, chastise (see کوهمال); -- goshi māhī, Ān earshell, haliotis; a cup made of shell, a small cup; - goshi mardum uftadan, To become public (a secret); -goshi mush, Mouse's ear (a plant); -gosh nihādan, To listen, attend to; to leave, abandon; -goshi hosh, The cars of the understanding; -andar gosh giriftan, To listen to, to take in, to be attentive;—bagosh (dar-gosh) āwardan, bar gosh āmadan (khwurdan, rasidan), To hear;—ba-gosh rasānīdan, ba-gosh (bar gosh, dar gosh) kashīdan, To make hear;—dar gosh dāshtan, To have remembrance of, to keep in memory, to remember ;-zi-buni gosh, With the utmost attention;]—gūsh, A mustachio, whisker.

وهاسب gūshāsb, Sleep; a dream; pollution; the nightmare; a youth whose beard has scarcely begun to appear.

کوهتاب $ab, ext{gosh}$ گوهابه $aba, ext{gosh}$ گوهاب

(gosht-āb), كوهتابه qq.v.

وهان goshān, Juice pressed from grapes. وهان goshāna, A corner; an ambush, lurking-place.

gosh-āwā'ī, One who under-

stands and remembers all he hears.

gosh-ba-dar, Expecting impatiently; -gosh ba-dar shudan. To await anxiously.

-gosh bar awaz, کوش براه gosh bar غوش بر آواز gosh کوش بر زنگ gosh bar dar, گوش بر دُر gosh gosh bar sada, In anxious كوش بر صدا or impatient expectation (= گوش الدر q.v.).

وش بريدكي gosh-buridagi, A cutting off of

gosh-burida, Crop-eared. کبش بیده

وه بستر gosh-bistar, Name of a man whose ears were so large as to serve him for a counterpane (see کلیم گرهای).

gosh-band, A bandage over the

ears,

gosh-pech, Twisting the ears; punishment; a cap covering the ears against cold; a shawl twisted round the head and ears (turban-fashion); an ornament worn in the turban.

gosh-pechīda, One who has had his ears pulled or twisted; a scholar,

pupil, school-boy.

gosht, Fiesh, meat; pulp of fruit; [goshti badan-mān-rā na-rez (rīz), Do not scatter the flesh of our body, i.e. give not over my reputation to the mercy of strangers (m.e.);—gosht giriftan, To gather flesh, to wax fat;—goshti murda, Proud flesh;]—gawasht, Name of a note in music;—gawisht, Chewing the cud, rumination (for T. گوش).

gosh-tāb, A twisting of the ears as a punishment; castigation; anything worn round the head to keep the ears warm;—gosht-āb, (meat-water) Gravy.

gosht-āba, Minced-meat soup.

کوش تابی gosh-tābī, Rebuke, punishment, chastisement (= کوش ایک و پریاد).

رمتاسي ğūshtāsp, Pollution; the night-mare; a bird's beak.

وهت اکنده gosht-aganda, Meat-pie, sau-

gosht-āwa, Gravy, soup. گوهت آوه

gosht-āwez, A flesh-market.

وَهُمَّ أَهُمُكَ إِمِيهُ gosht-āhanj (كُوهُت أَهُنِك), A flesh-hook; a trident, eel-spear; a little spit; a kite.

گرهت بر gosht-bar, Covered with a crust, with proud flesh; full of flesh, corpulent.

وهت باره gosht-para, Bit of meat; a kernel.

gosh-tā-gosh, Entirely, altogether.

كوهت عار gosht-<u>kh</u>wār, گوهت عار gosht-<u>kh</u>wār, گوهت عار yosht-<u>kh</u>wara, Carnivorous.

وهت دار gosht-dar, Full of flesh, corpulent.

كوهت دان gosht-dun, A dish or tray for neat.

gosht-rubāy, گوهت ربای gosht-rubāy, A kite, crow; a flesh-hook.

وهت رفته gosht-rafta, Lean, emaciated. گوهت فروش gosht-farosh, A seller of meat. گوهتگوپ gosht-kob, A butcher's cleaver. گوهتگوپ goshtmand, Fleshy, made of flesh; carnal.

وهت ناك goshtnāk, Fleshy; pulpy. گوهت ناكى yoshi-nākī, Fleshiness. وهتي goshtīn, Flesh, fat; meat-dishes. وهتيات goshajāt (pl. of gosha), Angles, &c. (вее کوهد).

gos ichi, A listener, hearer; a spy, watchman, sentinel, emissary, informer.

gosh-khārak, Anything which scratches the ear; an ear-pick; an earwig.

گوش عبه *gosh-<u>kh</u>aba*, An ear-pick; an earwig.

گوش خارك gosh-<u>kh</u>arak, = گوش خارك q.v. كوش خوك *gosh-<u>kh</u>azak,* Scolopendra, millipede; an earwig.

gosh-<u>kh</u>wurda, Boxed on the ears.

گوش شیمهٔ gosh-khaya, = گوش شیمهٔ q.v. gosh- $d\tilde{a}r$, Guardian, keeper, preserver.

gosh-dārī, Preservation, protection; care, attention; education.

کوش دریا gosh-daryā, A shell containing pearls; a cup made of a shell or mother-of-pearl.

وهدريده gosh-darīda, (met.) A tambourine. کړخوزه gosh-zad, What strikes the ear; hearsay, rumour.

gosh-sarāy, One who remembers or thoroughly understands all he hears.

or thoroughly understands at the nears.

- کوش سورائ gosh-sūrākh, One whose ears are bored.

كوهك goshak, (dim.) A little ear; the uvula,

gosh-guzār, A hearer; heard.

يون كذاري gosh-guzārī, Report, information, notice;—gosh-guzārī kardan, To report, inform, bring to notice; to speak allegorically.

gosh-lab, One whose beard has

not yet sprouted.

كهمال gosh-māl, Chastisement, especially that of schoolmasters upon boys, by rnbbing their ears; rebuke, reproof.

gosh-māhī, A small Indian shell with which bridles are ornamented; tortoise-shell; a cup made of mother-of-pearl.

(See goshi māhī under گوش.)

goshwār, كرش واره gosh-wāra, An earring; a large pearl (the only one in the shell); the first couplet of a ghazal or qaṣīda; an embroidered cloth worn as an ornament over the sides of a turban; boring the ears of female children; total, aggregate amount; abstract of an account;—goshwāra'i falak, The ear-ring of the sky, i.e. the new moon.

retirement, privacy, side; the handle of a vessel; a button-hole, loop, or noose; a species of wicker travelling basket; a notch (at the end of a bow, into which the string goes); the womb;—gosha'i abrū baland shawad, The corners of the eye-brows are raised, i.e. one looks cross;—gosha'i abrū baland kardan, To look cross, to frown;—gosha'i abrū hand kardan, To curve the corner of the eyebrow (sign of contempt);—gosha'i bāghe giriftan, To court privacy;—gosha'i bālish, The edge of a pillow or cushion;—gosha'i jāmi shikasta, The new moon;—gosha'i jīgar, The

lobe of the liver; -gosha'i chashm, The corner of the eye ;—gosha'i chashm ba chize dashtan, To have one's eye upon a thing, to look at, to care for ;-gosha'i chīze, Extremity or point of a thing ;-gosha'i chīze shikastan, To turn in the edge or corner of anything :-gosha'i dahan, Corner of the mouth; -gosha'i zamīn, Corner of the earth, tract of land; -gosha'i zinjīr, The link of a chain ;--gosha'i kār, The outside or extremity of anything :-- gosha'i kaman, The notch for the string at the end of a bow; — gosha giriftan, To seek retirement, court

corner.

gosha-dar, Angular, cornered. gosha-kushāda, Having the end كوهة كشادة or ends open.

gosha-guzīn, Fond of retirement كوهه كريين

or seclusion.

.gosha-nishīn كوهة نشين ,gosha-gīr كوهة كير (possessing a corner, sitting in a corner) Solitary; a herroit.

gosha-ni گرههٔ نشینی gosha-gīrī کوههٔ گیری shini, Retirement, seclusion; the life of a

gosha-warz, Who practises retire-

goshī, A tax on the number of cattle كوهي and beasts of burden.

goshyār, Name of a learned man under whom the celebrated Avicenna studied medicine.

goshīdan, To listen, hear, hearken.

وكال الك gügālnāk, Full of beetles.

gugird, gaugird, Sulphur, brimstone; -gügirdi ahmar, Red sulphur; the philosopher's stone.

و کردانایه gū-gardānak, A tumbledung.

وكة goga, A coat-button; a calf; a wart. gaul, A dervish's coarse woollen garment; -gol, A fool, an idiot; stupid, rude, unlearned, ignorant; an owl; fraud, deceit; a pond containing little water; a ball;gol khwurdan, To be cheated, tricked;—gol zadan, To play the fool, to play tricks.

golāj, A kind of sweetmeat.

gūlād, Name of a champion of Iran.

ي كولاك gūlāk, A fuller's beetle.

gaulān, A medicine made from the root of boxthorn.

golānj, A kind of sweetment; a very کولانج thin sort of cake eaten in soup.

gol-andaz, A gunner, cannonier, کول انداز bombardier.

gol-andan, Gunnery. كول الدارى

gol-band, (in Gilan) Swaddling-

gol-hāj, (foolish pilgrim) A pilgrim

travelling on foot to Mecca; also a pilgrim ignorant of the rites to be performed

gol-khan, Stove of a كولئعن golakh, كولئع

gular, The wild fig tree, Ficus glomerata.

gūlghuncha, Red paint for the

golak. The kotwal's treasure-pot: a and غلك ;—gūlak, غوالك ;—gūlak, Root of assafestida.

ولندار golandāz, A cannonier, bombardier. كولندار golandāzī, Gunnery.

н ы gola, A storehouse for keeping

grain, salt, and the like.

ట్ఫిక gola, A ball in general; a cannonball; a cotton-pod; the silkworm's cocoon; a poppy-head; a hedgehog; a porcupine; an earthen pitcher for water.

ولى golī, Folly, thoughtlessness;—golī, gūlī, A ball, bullet, bowl, orb, pill.

گوليدن gūlīdan, To bark (as a dog).

gom, The bog-rush.

gūmā, Name of a plant used as a topic, and cure for ear-ache, ague, &c. (Pharnaceum Mollugo).

go ma-bash, Say, let it not be; leave it alone, if the thing cannot happen

it won't happen.

n کوستی gūmtī, Name of a river in India. gūmcha, A narrow lane (doubtful word).

gaumist, Name of a book that descended to a Magian priest named Jaumist.

ومش qumish, A digger (see کومش). gumashun, (in Zand) Them, these. gūman, An owl; according to others, a bird resembling a duck.

guman, (in Zand and Pazand) This.

goma, A hovel made of reeds or straw.

gawan, A thorny shrub; heather (m.c.); -gūn, Colour; species; form, kind, mode, manner, fashion, law, rule, regulation; like, resembling; when added to nouns it implies a similitude of colour, as gul-gûn, Rose-coloured, &c.;—guwin, Name of a city in Persia.

gūnā, Colour; paint for the face; form, figure, habit, mode, manner, rule, law, regulation; (in Zand and Pazand) a

lamb.

qūnāb, Paint or wash for the face. ğūn-ā-gūn, Of different kinds, species, sorts, or colours; various; -kutubi gun-a-gun, Various authors, all sorts of books, a miscellany.

gūnāgūnī, Variety.

guwinjī, Noble, excellent, brave, courageous; dear, precious.

ين ۋى gūn-zhada, A cricket.

gūnusta, Buttocks of man or horse. gūnand, A packing-needle; a sackmaker.

ಟ್ರ್ gūna, Colour; species; form, figure, external appearance, mode, mauner, kind; the cheek; the buttocks; various, diversified; red paint for the face; construed with the verbs dādan, shikastan, &c.; -bāzgūna (wāz-gūna) kardan, To overset, turn topsy-turvy; to reverse (see שול צע and און צע and ;—chand-gūna, Of different kinds, various, diverse (see also چگونه and chigūna under 🚓).

gonhān, The world (unsupported کونهان

by examples).

ونه كونه كون يقسم gūna-gūn, كونه كون كونه كون various kinds or colours, of various sorts; -gūna-gūna shudan, To be distinguished by genus or species, to be of different kinds.

gūnyā, A perpendicular, a mason's or carpenter's rule; an architect's line.

كورارة gau-wārā, A herd of oxen; a cradle.

gūh, Human excrement;—guwah, A

gūh-bīn, Inspector, or cleaner of

privies.

qūhdān, A necessary, jakes, privy. gohar, gauhar, A gem, jewel, pearl, precious stone; lustre of a gem or sword; root, origin; of a noble family; essence, substance, form; offspring; any hidden virtue; intellect, wisdom; a substitute;gauhari ādam, The origin and substance of Adam, of man; earth, dust; the offspring of Adam ;-gauhari asman, The origin and matter of the firmament; the stars; -ganhar bar rishta kardan (dar rishta kashidan), To string pearls; —gauhari tar, A liquid pearl, (met.) a tear; -gauhari taf-dār, A gem marked with a white spot; -gauhar suftan, To bore pearls; (met.) to begin a discourse, to tell a story; -- gauhari shabtāb (shab chirāgh), The carbuncle (gem);gauhar shikastan, gauhar shikastan bar, To break a pearl or gem; (met.) to smile; to destroy one's fortune or position; to laugh; -gauhar kashidan, To string pearls; -gauhar quesistan bar, To scatter gems or pearls upon; -- qauhari mirrīkh-sifat, A live coal; gauhari mutahhara, Anything pure and excellent; -- gauhari mulk, A prince; a king; gauhari nīm-rū, A pearl round on one side and flat on the other; -gauhari nīm-suft, A half-bored pearl, (met.) a diseourse, imperfect, or but partially understood.

وهر انشان, gauhar-afshān, Who scatters gems or pearls; a scattering of jewels.

gauhar-āgin, Set with pearls, filled with jewels; brave, mettlesome.

gauhar-āmāy, Who strings gems or pearls; who ordains well; who produces existence.

gauharān (pl. of gauhar), The elements.

gauhar-andas, Who scatters كوهر انداز gems or pearls; a scattering of jewels.

gauhar-andoz, Collecting jewels. گوهر اندوز

gauhar-bar, Raining pearls. گوهر بار يوهرياري gauhar-bārī, Rain of jewels, &c.; -gauhar-bārī kardan, (met.) To cry; to speak eloquently.

gauhar-band, A belt adorned with

jewels, &c.

gauhar-pasand, Fond of jewels, pearls, &c.

q.v. کوهر آگین gauhar-baft, = کوهر بهت gauhar-tav, A كوهر تاو , gauhar-tav كوهر تاب trausparent summer-garment, worn by ladies; a wreath, fillet; a veil adorned with gold.

gauhar-pāra, Precious like a گوهر پارة

pearl.

gauhar-pāsh, Scattering jewels. وهر ياش gauhar-parwar, Cherishing a pearl (said of a mother with reference to her daughter).

gauhar-khāna, A treasure-house گوهر عالك of pearls or gems; -gauhar-khāna'i aṣlī,

(met.) Nearness to God.

gauhar-khāna-khez, The raiser کوهر عالة خير of the treasure-house of pearls, i.e. Muhammad as the writer of the Qur'an.

گوهر خای gauhar-khāy, Muhammad. کوهر دار gauhar-dār, Bright, glittering

(sword).

gauhar-dil, Bold, courageous. کوهر دل

q.v. کوهر دار = gauhar-rez کوهر ريز

وهرزای gauhar-zāy, Nobly-born; good, benevolent, virtuous; just; prudent; skilful; generous, bold; eloquent.

gauharistan, Abounding in gems,

jewels, &c.

gauhar-sanj, Weighing or examining pearls; (met.) a critic.

وهر فشان gauhar-fishān, Who scatters jewels; a scattering of pearls.

كوهر فورش gauhar-farosh, A seller of jewels; — gauhar faroshi kana'ānī, The trader who bought Joseph from his brothers and sold him into Egypt.

gauhar-kada, Abounding in gems, کوهر کده

jewels, &c.

gauhar-kash, A female ornament گوهر کش for the wrists or arms, of gems, gold, or

gauhar-kashīda, That on which کوهر کشیده pearls, &c. are arranged in a row, as a string, &c.

کوهرکر gauhargar, A jeweller. کوهر کرا gauhar-girā, Inclining towards, i.e. fond of jewels, &c.; possessed of such.

gauhar-qustar, Who scatters کوهر کستر gems or pearls; an admonisher, preacher, giver of good advice.

گوهر کش gauhar-gish, Bold, courageous. وهر تثار gauhar-niṣār, Scattering gems,

jewels, pearls.

gauhar-nishān, Like pearls. گوهر نگار gauhar-nigār, Set with pearls, &c. (= کوهر آکين q.v.).

gauharī, Generous, noble; highbred (horse); innate essential; adorned with gems; a dealer in precious stones. connoisseur in gems, jeweller; -asbi gauhari, A generous horse.

gauharīdan, To exchange, barter. وَمَوْ عَلَمَان gūħ-għalṣān, (tumble-dung) A

وه كردان gūh-gardān, Name of a game.

gūhīn, A ditch, channel.

goy (gūy), (imp. of guftan, in comp.) Saying; a speech, word; -guy (goy), A ball, golf-ball, globe, sphere, button; anything globular; dung; — guyi angula, A button with the loop; a button-hole; a particular kind of coat-button; the sun; —gūy burdan, To bear away the ball, to excel; —gūyi zar, The sun; — gūyi sükin, The terrestrial globe; a dot, a diacritical point;—qūyi sīm, The moon;—gūy shudan, To place the head on the knee, to watch narrowly,

ويا goyā, gūyā, Saying, speaking; a speaker, singer; loquacious, talkative; the tongue; a singing-bird; well-tuned (instrument); thus, in this manner, as you would say, as it were; chiefly, principally, apparently, probably; -goyā shudan, To speak; -goyd ki raft wa sang bast, He is a long time in returning, he tarries; -goyā'i daur, The speaker of the age, a historian; -goyā'i gahwāra (mahd), Jesus Christ

(speaking in the cradle).

goyāk, Talkative, loquacious.

goyān (pres. part.), Saying, speaking; talkative, loquacious, eloquent; a speaker; a singer.

goyā'ī, Conversation, talk. کویاگی

وي باز gūy-bāz, A player at trap-ball or at shinty; one who throws several balls in the air successively and catches them; name of the nineteenth day of the month.

ويز gawer, A desert; a mirage; the prefect of a city.

q.v., p. 1065. کوبز = gawiz, = کوبز

gawis, A churn or the staff.

ويست gawest, guwest, A blow, kick.

ويستن gawestan, To beat, to pound
(= کویستن q.v.).

gawesta, Beaten, pounded.

gawisa, A milk-churn or the stick. gawīsh, كويشة gawīsha, A churn ; a churn-stick; -gūyish, A word, a speech, discourse.

ويك gūyak, A button; a little ball; the clitoris.

-guy گوی کردانک ,guy-gardan کوی کردان gardanak, A beetle, a tumble-dung.

goyand, guyand, They say.

goyandagān (pl. of goyanda), Orators, &c. (see گوینده).

ويندكي goyandagi, A dialect; a mode of

goyanda, An orator, speaker; a singer; the tongue; an instrument well tuned; an approver, informer; a spy.

goyanda-dān, The receptacle of

that which speaks (the palate?).

ي gūya, A cavern, place of shelter. وي goyī, كوئى goyī, Thou shouldst say; the act of speaking; speech, eloquence;— gūye, goye, A ball, a globe, a sphere.

goyidan, güyidan, To speak.

& gah, Time; place; a throne; a crucible; quickly; -guh, Dung, excrement; man guh mī-khwuram, I (will) eat dirt (a vulgar oath, m.c.).

gihan, The world.

gahbārhā, The six days کہبارہا , gahbārhā

or periods of the creation.

gahar, Name of an ally of Afrāsiyāb; —guhar, Race, stock, family; offspring; essence, quality; wisdom, intelligence; substitute, exchange, recompense; root, origin, form, substance; a gem, jewel; -guhari 'iqdi falak, The stars.

guhar-bar, Raining or scattering كبر بار

gems.

guhar-baft, Interwoven or embroidered with jewels.

H איז איל ghur-bahal, A vehicle and horse (see كَأُو بَهَلُ p. 1073).

ي پاره guhar-pāra, A piece of a gem; a precious pearl.

ياش guhar-pāsh, Strewing jewels.

את אמני guhar-parwar, Nourishing pearls, i.e. the shell in which they grow; -madari guhar-parwar, Mother of an incomparable daughter.

guhar-khāna'i aṣlī, Near-

ness to the Deity (see گوهر عانه).

guhar-fishan, کبر ريو Sprinkling, scattering gems.

Suhar-gustar, A faithful adviser. کہر کستر

guhar-muhra, A pearl said to be found in a serpent's head and to secure the owner's continual good luck.

guhar-hā (pl. of guhar), Gems, pearls,

jewels.

گېزى guhari, Adorned with gems; a dealer in precious stones; high-bred (horse); recompense (see گوهری).

н کوری gharī, The space of twenty-four minutes; a small period of time; hour; watch, clock, gong, &c.

gahzan, A shoemaker's tool. gahla, Uncoined gold or silver.

guhn, A worm bred in trees, woodlouse.

gahambārhā, The كبنبارها gahambārhā, The six days of the creation. (See کاهبارها).

gahwāragī, Cradled (infant).

all gahwara, A cradle; a swing; -qahwāra'i dev, Name of a wrestling trick ;gahwāra'i fanā, The cradle of mortality, i.e. the present transitory world.

gahūlī, Exchange, barter.

gahūlīdan, To barter, exchange.

. q.v کاهی q.v کاهی q.v

S gai, Name of a speckled bird whose wings are used in feathering arrows; -gi, taking the place of mute &, is an affix employed to form the abstract noun, as bakhshandaqī, Liberality, from bakhshanda, Liberal, &c.

ينا giyā, Dry herbage; enclosure of a

village.

gayākhun, A doing slowly, deliberately.

giyārang, A general or comman-

giyāzār, A meadow, place full of

giyā-shīr, The milk of any plant.

يناغ giyāgh, Grass, herbage.

gīyāh, Green herbage, grass; also dry hay; - qiyahi abgina, A plant used in giving a lustre to glass; -giyāhi akhzar, Green herbage;—giyāhī shutur, Tragacanth, which camels like;—gihāhi qaiṣar, The herb melilot;—giyāhi namnāk, Purslain.

ياهان giyāhān (pl. of giyāh), Grasses. كياهان giyāhnāk, Grassy, full of grass.

كياة ناكى giyāhnākī, Grassiness.

ويبر gaibur, A kind of spear-head. يوبو gipā, A sheep or goat's ventricle stuffed with minced meat and rice; a sausage, pudding; a haggis.

يپاتى gīpā'ī, A seller of sausages, pud-

dings, &c.

gīt (S. gīta), A kind of song. gīt-khwān, A singer, a min-

يتى gītī, The world; time, fortune; a and the following).

gītī-ārāy, World-adorning; the ornament of mankind; a beautiful Basrah rose, which preserves its leaves a long time (when withered these roses are put amongst clothes and linen, to give them a perfume resembling a mixture of musk and ambergris).

يثي المروز gīdī-afroz, World-illuminating. gītī-āfirīn, Creator of the

world.

يتى بان gītībān, Protector of the world. king.

گیتی پُرور gtti-parwar, Nourisher of the world (the sun).

كىتى پۇرە gītī-pizhūh, Worldly; a king. گیتی نورد $m_{i}=giti-khira$ گیتی عرآم q.v.

giti-dar, Possessor of the world; a king.

gītī-satān, Conqueror of the world.

gītī-satānī, Conquest of the world.

giti-faroz, World-illuminating. گيتي فروز گیتی کردهٔ gītī-kardu, Man, mankind. پیتی کشایی gītī-gushāy, Conqueror of the

gītī-namā, Showing the world كيتي نما (implying a mirror supposed to be in possession of Alexander the Great, which represented every transaction on the face of the earth).

gītī-naward, Who has travelled کیتی نورد the world over; the sun; Alexander; a

گيتي gīṣī, A fragrant rose (see گيثي).

ينجه gīja, کيچه gīch, A fool pleased with, or praising himself; light or giddyheaded; one that has the vertigo; distracted; giddiness, vertigo.

يجيدة gijīda, Astonished, confounded,

amazed.

gīd (S. gridha), A kite; spiritless, dastardly.

يدي gīdī, Stupid, a blockhead; idiotic; timid, cowardly.

gidi-<u>kh</u>ar, A stupid ass, a donkey, کیدی خر a blockhead.

gīr, (imp. of giriftan) Take, seize, hold; rebuke, chiding; a bitter taste (in an almond or walnut); (in comp.) seizing, taking; keeping, holding; a captor, taker, seizer; -gīr aftādan (āmadan), To become ensnared, to fall into another's hand, to get into a plight; -gir āwardan, To bring into one's grasp, to obtain, to become possessed of; -- gir-u-dar, Seize and hold! (met.) dominion; confusion, uproar (m.c.); -sher- $gar{\imath}r$, A seizer, i.e. conqueror of (heroes like) lions,

qirā, One who holds or is held firmly; prehensile; a captive; detention, captivity; treating, handling; a cough;mīrās-gīrā, Who takes an inheritance, i.e.

گيرا گير $gar{\imath}r$ - $ar{a}$ - $gar{\imath}r$, Take, seize, hold fast! گيراندن gīrāndan, گيراندن gīrānidan, To cause to take; to hold together; to extort; to keep or be kept in durance until a debt or fine is paid; to light (a caudle). گيراgiray, ڪيراي q.v.

gīrā'ī, Grasp, seizure; the power of taking or laying hold; prehension,

prehensility.

gīra<u>kh</u>, A desk or support for a book.

gīrish, Capture, seizure, detention; a thrust with a spear; blame, reproach, taunt; a fault, sin, crime.

ير دار gīr-dār, Take and hold: the confused clamour of combatants; battle.

giriftan, To take.

giram, I take, take for granted, allow, admit.

گيرندة gīranda, A taker.

girang, Name of a place in Khurāsān; —qāzī'i gīrang, (met.) A facetious person.

gīrūj, The herb restharrow.

ير و دار gīr-u-bidār, گير و بدار gīr-u-dār, Take and hold; the confused noise of combatants; battle, combat; absolute authority, dominion.

gīrūy, Name of a champion of Irān.

gīra, A basket.

يرى gīrī, A taking, a handling (as last member of a compound).

كيريان gīryān, Sacrifice, ransom; weeping.

giz, The pine-tree.

يسر, gīs, ges, گيس gesū, gīsū (S. keśa), A ringlet of hair, a forelock, a sidelock, curl; construed with buridan, pareshān kardan, gushādan, &c.;—gesūyi chang, The strings of a barp or guitar;—gesūyi sham', Drops flowing from a candle;—gesūyi 'ambarāmez, Locks fragrant as amber;—bādi gesū'i o, (met.) The long locks of Muham-

يسوان gesuwān (pl. of the preceding), Hair, locks;—gesuwāni dīda, The eyelashes.

يسو بريدة gesū-burīda, A shameless woman.

يسو بند gesū-band, A hair-fillet ; a purse.

gesū-posh, A coif.

يسر دار gesū-dār, Who wears locks; a descendant of Muhammad through Fatimah, a Saiyid; the son of a Maulá or spiritual teacher.

gesū-kamand, Whose locks cap-

ture like a lasso (a mistress).

gesina, Belonging to the hair.

gesh, The marten or sable.

ير gīl, gel, The country called Gīlān; also an inhabitant of it; (in the dialect of Gilan) a subject, peasant, plebeian.

gīlās, A cherry; a tumbler (for

glass? m.c.).

gīlāsī, A lamp for illumination (see

and the preceding article).

gīlān, Name of a country and city between the Caspian and Euxine; also of a warlike tribe, and of a mountain.

يلانات gīlānāt (pl. of gīlān), The coun-

tries of Gilan.

يداني gīlānī, A native of Gīlān.

يداري gīl-dārū, Name of a certain medicinal wood, black without and green within, found on the shores of the Caspian

gelak, (in the dialect of Gilan) A

subject, plebeian, villager, peasant.

gel-mardum, The people of Gīlān.

gīlū, Name of a mountain.

کیله $g\bar{\imath}la$, Name of a place.

کیلی geli, Native of Gilan; name of a tribe.

يميا gīmyā, A kind of garment of fine texture.

gin (a contraction of agin "filled"), A particle which, added to substantives, forms adjectives of possession, as: -ghamgīn, Filled with sorrow, sorrowful.

gīna (for ābgīna), A glass; a mirror. gev, Warlike, brave; name of the son of Gudarz; -gayū, A speaker; the tongue; chiefly, principally, apparently, probably.

giwar, A historian; common sense. gevgān, Name of a champion of

Trān

giyom, William (the Emperor, m.c. from Fr. Guillaume).

gayūmars, Name گيوموڪ ,gayūmars گيوموت

of the first king of Persia.

gewa, A kind of cotton shoe used chiefly in Persia by prize-runners; -giwa, Name of an ancient king.

gewa-kash, The person in whose گيوة كش care the shoes (in a public bath, &c.) are given; who steals shoes.

giyah, Fresh grass.

giyahā, (in Zand and Pāzand) Grass. gaihān, The world; time; fortune. gaihān-khidev, Lord of the گيهان عديو world.

gaihān-manish, Of a world-wide کیہاں منش intellect.

gīha, The bramble (red or black).

J I, The twenty-seventh letter of the Arabic-Persian alphabet, denoting in arithmetic the number 30, and in the ephemerides night, the planet Saturn, and the opposite aspect in astrology. As the last letter of shauwal, it is used as abbreviation for the name of that month, and, on account of its shape, it serves in poetry as an emblem of a ringlet of hair. It frequently interchanges with the other liquids

lambda, lambda, lambda, lambda (a particle of asseveration), Surely, verily, certainly; also employed in swearing, as la-'umrika, By thy life! before pronominal affixes, except &, it stands for the following, as la-ka, To thee, &c.;—li, To, of, &c., denoting the oblique case, as li 'l-lahi, To

or of God, for the sake of God.

A b la, No, not; (for laisa) it is not, there is no :- ba-la qamati lata bi-shikast khurd (scan: ba-lā $q\hat{a}$ | -matī lat | -a bishkast | -i khurd), By proclaiming the fundamental doctrine lā ilāha illā 'l-lāh" there is no god but God," he (Muhammad) scattered the form of Lat (the idol) into pieces, where the double meaning may be understood: by pronouncing la lata "there is no Lat," he annihilated that idol (see .(عری

y lā, Fold, used as a particle expressive of multiplication; boasting, bragging, vainglory (see لاي);—chand-lā, Of how many folds? of so many folds; of several folds;

manifold :— $d\bar{u}$ - $l\bar{a}$. Double.

الله الا الله الا الله الا الله الا الله الا الله god but God, with the supplement muhammadun rasūlu 'l-lāh, "Muhammud is the apostle of God," forming the fundamental doctrine of Islam.

الا الملي ا lā ubālī, I don't care, I fear not; fearing nothing, insolent, licentious, petulant; a daredevil, reckless; -lā-ubālī zīstan, To lead an "I-don't-care" life, to live and act recklessly.

لا أبلى وأر للم المائي والم المائي والم المائي والم recklessly, unheeding consequences.

א בייש la'āmat, Meanness, sordidness.

a لا امتى lā-ummate, An unbeliever; a sceptic; an irreligious person, one who does not observe the precepts of Islam.

لاب lāb, The sun; request; supplication; name of the son of Idris; also of the inventor of the astrolabe; or of the son of a Greek king of the name of Istar (?).

ል ላን lābat, A place full of stones (especially black); black she-camels congregated.

lābis, A delayer, dilatory.

A w I lā budda, in P. lā bud, No flight or escape; necessarily, infallibly; entirely; it cannot be but.

a لا بدى lā-buddī, Unavoidable, inevitable, certain; necessary, essential; positive; in-

voluntary, compulsory.

الأبر لا أَن اللهُ الله almonds, nuts, and a little fine flour.

lābis, Clothed; one who puts on لابس ▲ clothes.

" lā ba-lā, Manifold, multiplied.

lābin, Who abounds in or gives الاس م milk.

لابراتوار lābrātwār, Laboratory, workshop,

studio (m.c. from Fr. laboratoire).

બર્ગ lāba, A supplication, prayer, request, desire; a word; submission; confession of weakness; a demonstration of sincere friendship; ridicale, irony, jest, joke, anything facetious; adulation, flattery, coaxing; stratagem, fraud; a root; anything entwined about another from top to bottom; -lāba kardan, To ask, pray, petition; to The word is also construed jest, ridicule. with sākhtan and namūdan.

supplicates, who jests, who flatters, &c. (see (لابد

രാപ്പ് lābīdan, To be excessive in speak-

ing or talking, to talk idly, to boast, brag: to ask, pray.

الأحد A لأحد lāt, Name of an idol worshipped by

the pagan Arabians.

الأخب lātib, Firm; sticking; necessary.

bered (see لا يحصى). الاتر lātū, A boy's top; a trap, snare; a

paddle; steps; a ladder.

a الت و لوط lāt-u-lūt, Alone, by oneself, isolated (m.c.).

(?), The rational soul of the planet

الا ثاني A لا ثاني الق-sānī, Incomparable, without a second.

lāsim, A breaker, hurter.

lāj, A bribe; naked; a bitch.

a هويم لا القرام (for layi jur'a), The dregs, lees, sediment.

א הקה ל lā-jaram, Undoubtedly, necessarily, of necessity, indispensably, by all means; consequently, of course.

A جواب لا جواب لا مواب لا مواب لا مواب ing, silenced, speechless, disconcerted;— $l\bar{a}$ jawab kardan, To silence, confute, disconcert.

لاجورد lājaward, Lapis lazuli, azure ; lājaward kashīdan, (met.) To write.

لأجورد خم lājaward-khum, Azure vault. لأجورد قبا lājaward-qabā, Dressed in

لاجوردى lājawardī, Azure, cerulean; made or consisting of lapis lazuli.

lājawardī-saqf, The sky.

لأجوردي نقاب lājawardī-niqāb, Mourning. الجوردينة عم lājawardīna-khum, The sky. lājūq, An osier tent covered with

felt, a tent (= الجوق q.v.).

lāch, A deception, a trick; a jest. a عاد الأجار lā-chār, Helpless, destitute, poor; without excuse, at a loss; having no alter-

native, perforce. a لا چارکي lā-chāragī, Forlornness, helplessness, destitution; poverty; inability,

incapacity.

التجى lāchī, Common cardamoms.

لچين lāchīn, A servant, slave. lāhid, A grave dug laterally into the ground, or which has a niche cut in one side (sec لحد).

الا حامل لا المامل لا المامل المامل المامل المامل المامل المامل المامل المامل المامل المامل المامل المامل المامل less; abortive; needless, unavailing.

الأحق ا lāḥiq, Who or what touches or reaches unto; adhering, conjoined, adjoining, affixed; an appendage; a supplement; an affix; a name of several horses, especially of one belonging to Mu'awiyah.

A لا عل lā-hall, Difficult, not to be solved,

abstruse.

لاحم A لاحم القhim, (A hawk) which eats flesh;

one who gives or possesses meat.

lā ḥaula لا حول و لا فوة الا بالله haul, لا حول wa lā qūwata illā bi'llāh, There is no power nor strength except in God, i.e. there is no striving against fate, an exclamation uttered on any sudden or perplexing emergency; also to drive away evil spirits.

by lakh, A place; (implying in comp.) much, copious, numerous, as sang-lākh, "a stony place, abounding in stones"; cotton or silk put into an ink-holder; hard; a rock, a stone (the last three meanings doubtful),

الأعراع لا عراع lā-kharāj, Rent-free, allodial.

a مان عراج کار القرام rent-free land.

a الأخباج إسين lā-kharāj-zamīn, Rent-free land; land exempted from payment of

a لا خواجي lā-kharājī, = واجي q.v. العشم المينة ال celli, or long slices of paste put into broth.

لاكة lākha, A piece, a patch.

المناه دوز lākha-doz, A mender of old clothes.

لاخيز lākhez, A flood; a torrent.

الأه lād, An incrustation, plastering of a wall; earth, dust; a wall; rows of bricks or turfs in a wall; a foundation; root; reason, cause, motive; the gum-herb ladanum; a flower, a rose; (for A. lāz, pl. of lazat) soft, thin silk; the cultivation or improvement of a place; a fortress; the city of Lar.

لاد رزة lād-raz, الاد رزة lād-raza, according to others, الاد زر lād-zar. A partition made of wattles.

A لا دعول الأمري lā-da'wá, A release, acquittance. الْدُعَ لا الْعَلَمِ lādi<u>ah</u>, Who bites; name of a disease.

lādim, A mender, a patcher.

ادن lādan, The gum-herb ladanum; name of a place where Gudarz and Tus fought a battle with Pīrān.

ענש lādina, A kind of grass from the outer coat of whose stalk ropes are made.

א נכל א lā-dawā, Incurable, irremediable. لادة lāda, Idiot, fool, blockhead; ugly, disgusting, hateful; a bitch.

A & Jazat. A dress of red China silk. لائتية ه lāziqīyat, Laodicea, or Lattakia,

a seaport on the coast of Syria.

lār, Name of a country in Persia; name of a city in the same province, four days' journey from Bandar Abbās.

لرجان lārjān, Name of a mountain in Tabaristan, in which there is a petrifying

لاردة lārda, A quail.

لارنگ lārang, A kneading-trough.

larū, (in the dialect of Gîlān) Southernwood.

لارورة lārūda, لارورة lārūra, A quail.

lārī, Name of a Persian silver coin; name of a celebrated historian.

A بي, القرامة , lā-raib, No doubt; undoubted; infallible; unquestionably, infallibly, certainly.

a لا ريبي lē-raibī, Indubitable.

A رَال اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ lā zāla, (in prayer) May it never fail! may it last for ever! not deficient, imperishable.

لزب A لازب lāzib, Firmly adhering; adhesive; hard, firm, solid; difficult; -tini lazib,

Adhesive mud.

a ولان المرابع المراب proper speech, abuse (see لا سخت).

الأزق A laziq, Adhering, coalescing, adhe-

ازم A لازم lāzim, Necessary, urgent, indispensable, obligatory, important; proper; suitable; inseparable, inherent, adhering; an attendant, hanger-on; necessarily, in consequence; (in gram.) intransitive or neuter; lazim būdan (shudan), To be necessary; —lazim dāshtan, To be in need of, to require;—lāzim giriftan, To adhere, stick close;—lāzimi majlis, The master of ceremonies or regulator of an assembly (m.c.); -in-hā chi lāzim ast, What is the use of all this?—muhimm u lazim shudan, To be urgent, to be of great consequence.

lāzim-gīr, One who abides in, and الزم كير

who keeps close to.

lāzim-gīranda, One who regards لازم كيرندة

as obligatory and indispensable.

lūzim malzūm, Reciprocal, reciprocated, correlative; intimate friendship.

a الاوسة lāzima, A necessary thing; a necessity, exigence; an obligation; - lazima'i tadbīr, A necessary measure (m.c.).

a لازمى lāzimī, Anything that is neces-

sary.

A لا زوال lā-zawāl, Imperishable, eternal. lazuwardi, Of a blue colour, of the colour of lapis lazuli.

لَّرُةُ lāzh, Name of a village in Khurāsan.

lāzhuward, Lapis lazuli. الأورد الرَّمْ lāzha, Wild saffron.

lās, Refuse of silk or lint; coarse المن silk; the female of any animal; a bitch.

الأسخى lā-sukhun, Silent, taciturn; abuse,

المرق المعالم

A لا سيما lā-sīyamā, Especially.

lāsh (probably for A. lā shai'), A dead body, carcase; devastation, plundering, laying waste a country; spoil, plunder, booty; a mean fellow unworthy of credit; ruined, undone; small, little, mean, base, ignoble; nothing; a kind of bread;—arra'yu 'l-lāsh, A vain, foolish notion.

لا هبية A لا هبية A lā-shabīh, Incomparable, un-

equalled.

lāsh-<u>kh</u>war, لاش خوار lāsh-<u>kh</u>wur, لاش خوار

Feeding on carrion; a carrion-kite.

a لا هدي lā shudan, To become nought, to vanish.

a الأهريك lā-sharīk, Without an associate or partner.

A La-shakk. Without doubt, doubtless; indubitable.

lashkan, Name of a mountain on the confines of Russia (= $\ell \lambda lakan$, q.v.).

المعلى lāsha, A carcase; one reduced to skin and bones; rude, rough; slow, negligent; a shoulder.

lā shai', Nothing, a trifle, of no لا هي ً ▲

lāshīdan, To strew, to scatter.

lāṣiq, Adhering, joined, adhesive.

A لا طائل الله lā-tā'il, Useless, unprofitable; absurd.

لاملن المنان ال q.v.).

۱ الا عاقل الم lā-'āgil, Foolish, stupid.

A - lā'ib, A player, gamester; playing (as a sail in the wind).

العالم المالة lā-'ilāj, Incurable, remediless,

hopeless.

a علاجي lā-ʻilājī, Incurableness, &c.

a علم lā-'ilm, Without knowledge or information; unaware, unknowing; igno-

a لا علمي lā-'ilmī, Want of information, ignorance.

lā'in, One who curses and pours لاعن

forth imprecations.

lā'iyat, A poisonous shrub of a الاعية م yellow colour, in medicine made use of as a strong purgative and vomitive.

lāgh, A jest, burlesque; amorous sport; deception, deceit, fraud, imposition; cowardice, heartlessness.

الأغر làghar, Lean, meagre, gaunt, slender; weak; poor; — lāghar az chīze būdan, To be denuded or void of a thing; —lāghar shudan, To be or grow lean; —lāghar kardan, To make lean.

lāghar-andām, Attenuated of

limb or body.

الغرميان lāghar-miyān, Slender-waisted; with thin flauks (a horse).

لاغرى lāgharī, Leanness.

lāgharīdan, To grow thin, poor, lean.

لاغوس lāghūe (G. λαγώς), الأغوس lāghūn, A hare.

لفية ه lāghiyat (v.n. of الغية), Blundering, erring (in speech); talking foolishly (a woman); obscene (discourse); a base, obscene, rash, or foolish saying.

الغيثة laghisa, غيثة q.v.

لاغيدن lāghīdan, To trifle, to jest.

الا غيرهم lā-ghair-hu, لا غيرة م lā-ghairhum, No one else (but he or they, m.c.).

لاغينة lāghīna, الأغية lāghīya, A plant bearing a flower like the aniseed-flower (Tithymal).

لاف lāf, Praise; boasting, self-praise, bragging; -laf awardan (paimudan, dashtan, zadan, sākhtan), To praise, vaunt, boast, commend oneself; to traduce.

لاك باك القر القرب باك القرب الك القرب الك القرب الك القرب

נינט lāf-zan, A boaster, braggart.

lāf-zanī, Boasting;--lāf-zanī namūdan, To boast, brag, bluster, swagger.

النظة الم lāfizat, The sea (as that which throws up amber, &c.); a mill; a sheep which runs readily to be milked, when called; a cock.

الكام lāf-gāh, A place of boasting.

لاف سنج laf-sanj, A boaster, a braggart. laf-u-guzaf, لاف وكراك القراك كراك الم Boasting :- laf-quaaf zadan, To boast, to brag.

لالتي lāfī, Boastful, braggart.

لنيدن lāfīdan, To boast, to vaunt; to talk nonsense; to fail in keeping one's promise.

لانيس lāfīs, Name of a demon which, during the hour of prayer, suggests wicked thoughts to the mind.

لاتع ه lāqiḥ, Distressing, cruel (war); with foal (a camel); the seed of the male palm-tree.

لاقس A lāqis, A railer; itch, mange.

لاقيس q.v. لاقيس q.v.

الك lāk, Lac, a kind of lake produced from lac, used for dyeing red; sealingwax (m.c.); a parget-trough, or any place in which is made plaster or mortar; also a kneading-trough; a tortoise; a wooden cup; spoiled, ruined; bad, useless, good for nothing.

lāk-pusht, A tortoise ;—lāk-pushti لاك يشت daryā'i, The sea-turtle; -lak-pushti şah-

 $r\bar{a}'\bar{\imath}$, The land-tortoise.

lākcha, Vermicelli, macaroni, or long slices of paste put into broth.

لاك زدة lāk-zada, Sealed (m.c.)

الأكلام A لاكلام lā-kalām, Without a word; indieputably, no question; let it pass, agreed, no more to be said; ineffable, unspeakable.

الأكلام باتى A لاكلام باتى القادة lā-kalām bāgī, Undisputed

balance.

لاكن lākan, Name of a mountain on the confines of Russia (see المكن).

lakin, But. الكن ▲

A JU la'āl (pl. of lu'lu'), Pearls, gems; -la''āl, A seller of pearls.

لال لام المالية المال name of a bird (the male of Fringilla Amandava).

لالا المراق المراقة lālā, Incomparable; the anemone; the water-lily; the chief servant, intrusted with the education of his master's sons; a schoolmaster; a major-domo; a slave; babbling, prating; a grain resembling sesame; a certain plant brought from the neighbourhood of Mecca; shining, resplendent.

الال سراء lālā-sarā, A eunuch who has the chief superintendence of the women.

a الآلال lāla"āl, A pearl-merchant. لالان lālān (pl. of lāl), Dumb (people). لال کا lāl-rag, An artery.

lālas, A kind of red silken stuff of a delicate texture; the face; love, friendship.

(Amaranthus gangeticus).

لل سرخ lal-surkh, Very red; red-hot; fiery, flushed with passion.

اللك lālak, اللك lālakā, A cock's comb; a

crest; a crown; a shoe or slipper; a fritter. لال كتاب lāl-kitāb, The red-book; a book to which an ignoramus refers for the solution of every difficulty; a book of reference.

لأل كدو lāl-kadū, The red pumpkin, Cur-

curbita maxima.

لال سرئ lāl-lāl, = لال سرغ q.v. لال سرئ lālang, Broken victuals which poor people carry away from an entertainment.

الك lāla, A tulip; any wild flower; a passionate lover; the lip of a mistress;lāla'i āl, lāla'i alwand, lāla'i bābarī, lāla'i paikānī, Names of different kinds of tulips; lāla'i jūghāsī, A black variety of tulip;
 lāla'i khaṭā'ī, The apemone; according to others a tree whose leaves are red and green, otherwise called khwush-nazar; lāla'i dukhtarī, lāla'i nu'mān, The anemone; -lăla'i țūr, The fire on mount Sinai;-lāla'i gul-boy, A tulip with the scent of a rose. The Dictionaries mention many more kinds, partly distinguished by their colours, partly by characteristics which depend too much on the context to be readily specified, as lāla'i khwud-rûy, lāla'i dāgh-dar, lāla'i dil-sokhta (dil-soz), lāla'i dū-rū (dū-rūy), lāla'i rūmī, lāla'i zard, lāla'i saped, lāla'i surkh, lāla'i sar-nigūn, lāla'i saḥrā'i, lāla'i sad-barg, lāla'i 'abbāsī, lāla'i qirmizī, lāla'i miqrāzī, &c.

a ويم ها القلام lāla-badan, With a body like a

tulip.

لاله برگ lāla-barg, A tulip-leaf (cheek). لاله بناكوش lāla-bunāgosh, With pink earlobes.

t, كالا القام رخسار القام الق

Tulip-cheeked.

لاله رنگ $l\bar{a}la$ -rang, Of a tulip-colour. الله زار lālazār, A bed or garden of tulips. لاله سار lāla-sār, Name of melodious bird. لاله سان lālasān, Tulip-like.

الله سرا lāla-sarā, A eunuch.

a الله عدار الله عدار lāla-'izār, Tulip-cheeked.

لاله ستان lāla-stān, A bed of tulips. لالله كان lāla-fām, لالله فأم lāla-gūn, Of a tulip-colour.

الله موم lāla-mom, An artificial tulip made

of wax

لاله وش lālawash, Like a tulip.

struous discharge; discharge from dysentery; dumb (see الآل).

الأم ldm, The ragged garments of a dervish; ornament, decoration, dress; a tree

green and banging down; boasting; a composition of drugs against fascination

and evil eyes; a sash or belt.

الم la'm (v.n. of الأم la'm (v.n. of الأم), Consolidating, bealing; charging with meanness and avarice; feathering an arrow; an arrow furnished with the wing all q.v.; (pl. of lāmat) coats of mail closely woven; lam, The letter J; (and hence, from the similitude) crocked, curved, twisted, bent (especially in body, labf implying a straight erect shape); a ringlet; a coat of mail (see الأسة); (in gram.) the article الم

lāmā, The llama (quadruped, m.c.). A all lam-alif, This compound character I la some Arabian grammarians consider as the 29th letter of the alphabet, in support of which they say that Muhammad denounced eternal damnation to all who refused to adopt it as such (apparently on account of the phrase la ilaka illa 'l-lak beginning with it, whence it bears, as it were, a sacred character; see 3).

baman, Bragging, boasting; active, ready, nimble; adulation, flattery; a musical mode of reciting verses; (in Zand and

Päzand) bread.

lāmānī, Flattery, adulation ; a lie; vain boasting; a request, prayer, petition; singing verses; a flatterer; anything fastening a fillet or head-dress; one who accompanies verses with song; the being clad in a coat of mail.

lāmp, A lamp (m.c. from Fr. or

E.); -lāmpi bilaur, A crystal lamp.

ارُّم la'amat (v.n. of ارُّم), Baseness, sordidness, avarice; -- lamat, A coat of mail closely woven.

lamcha, A charm against evil eyes. الماليم المالية المال ably, assuredly, undoubtedly.

lāmikh, The father of Noah. لامع

a لا مذهب lā-mazhab, Without religion, irreligioas.

lāmis, Touching, feeling; a feeler, لامس

a groper.

الاستام المستعمر lāmisat, lāmisa (fem. of the preceding), Touch, sense of feeling;—qūwati lāmisa, The sense of touch.

lāmiehgar, A tree having a large المشكر smooth stem and a thick foliage, called the

gnat-tree.

المع لا lāmi', fem. المعة lāmi'at, lāmi'a, Who or what shines; bright, flashing, resplendent; -lāmi'u 'l-anwar, The vibrating rays of light; luminous, brilliant,

lāmak (dim. of lām), A piece of cloth worn over the turban in shape of the letter $l\bar{a}m$ -alif (3); (= A. $l\bar{a}mi\underline{k}\underline{h}$) Lamech,

the father of Noah.

a لام كاك lām-kāf, Violent abuse (indi-كراهب and لعنب cating the initials of "curse," and "abomination," or the first and last letters of 'may He curse thee').

الأمكان الم lā-makān, Inexistent, with no abode; the Deity.

a عوت الأموت la-maut, Deathless, immortal

(.v.) لا يموت =)

lāma, A piece of cloth worn over the turban; whatever fastens the head-dress; an ornament; a thing entwined about another from top to bottom; a corslet of iron; spiritless (see لامك and لامك).

a لاسي lāmī, Belonging to the letter J lam, or to the end of a word (strictly speaking of a triliteral root, corresponding

to the ل of انعل; final.

lāmīyat, in P. lāmiya (fem. of the preceding), A poem rhyming on the letter J); final;—izāfali lāmiya, The regimen of two nouns, in which the first is pronounced with kasrah (i), as shabi tārīk, The dark

الأن lān, A wall round a house; an area; a fold or enclosure for cattle; a ditch, furrow, pit; ingratitude, insincerity; (imp. of ويا q.v.) agitate, shake; a tremor from excess of pain; affixed to nouns, it denotes abundance or place, as, namaklān, A salt-

warehouse.

A w lan, Name of a country and people adjacent to Armenia; -lāna (for al'ān), Now; -la'anna, Perhaps; - li'anna, Because, since, in order to.

لاندي lāndan, To move, shake, agitate; to scatter; to totter, stagger; to tumble; to

kānis, Muslin. لانس م

الا نظير م القرم الم القير الم الم Incomparable, un-

equalled.

ພາ lāna, A nest; a bee-hive; a hencoop; vain, empty; idle, lazy, negligent; spiritless; singing; a short, noise, cry; torn to pieces, broken to pieces; driven away; a guide.

a لا نهايت lā-nihāyat, Boundless, unlimited,

infinite.

لانيدن lānīdan, To move, agitate, shake. لاليس lānīs, A mountain in a certain island.

الأر lâu, Plaster, whitewash; submission; flattery; supplication, request; a jest, joke; a small piece called the cat, which is struck in the game of tipcat or hockey.

lāwār, Pain, affliction, grief.

lā-wāris, Heirless, leaving no الأوارث م heir.

الأوارث محال الم المناه المنا arising from persons dying without heirs.

a لا وارثى lā-wāriṣī, Heirless; property to which there is no heir, unclaimed pro-

الرد A لود lāwaz, Name of a son of Shem.

lāwashīr, Gum of الروهير the opoponar-tree; food given to boys.

الرك lāwuk, A kneading-trough; a washtub; a thin round cake.

less.

الا د نعم الله lā wa na'am, No and yes.

lāwa, Supplication, request; trick, fraud; adulation, flattery; a jest, joke: a kite; the game of tipcat;—lawa kardan, To supplicate.

a لاوى lāwī, A Levite; Levitical. الأوى lāwīdan, To ask; to boast, vaunt.

لَّهُ لَمَا لَمَا لَمَا لَمَا لَمَا لَمَا لَمَا لَمَا لَمَا لَمَا لَمَا لَمَا لَمَا لَمَا لَمَا لَمَا لَمَا لَم

الأه م lāh, God.

لأه نور lāhnor, Lahore in the Panjāb.

lahūt, Divinity.

a لاهوتي lāhūtī, Divine. lāhor, Lahore in the Panjāb.

lāhūra, Cucumber or melon-parings. الأهورة lāhī, Forgetful, negligent; talking الأهي ه

الهيمان lāhījān, Name of a place near

in jest. Rasht.

لاي lāy, A speaker; a complainer, lamenter; a kind of silken stuff brought from India and China; black viscous mud; sediment, lees; one-half of a horse-load; a valley between mountains; a fold, ply; $l\bar{a}yi\ jigar$, The blood of the liver;— $d\bar{u} \cdot l\bar{a}y$, Double, twofold.

لا يتبدل 🛦 الايتبدل 🖟 lā-yutabaddal, Incommutable.

الا يتحمل A lā-yutaḥammal, Intolerable.

لا يتغير ه lā-yataghaiyar, Únalterable. ه لا يتناهل ه lā-yatanāhá, Boundless.

الأجوز م lā-yajūz, Prohibited, illicit, un-

lawful, الأص 🛦 الأم lā'iḥ, Evident, clear, appearing;

bright, splendid (star); flashing (light-الأَمْ اللهِ المَا المِلمُلِي المِلْمُلِي المِلْمُلِي اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ

clearness, splendour; proof.

الإحمال الم lā-yuḥṣá, Innumerable.

الا يحل La-yuhall, Unlawful, illegitimate.

الايدرك الم المراك الم المراك المراك المراك الم لا يدائب م lā-yuzāb, Indissoluble.

لا يذكر A الم lā-yuzkar, Not mentioned.

fading.

اليستان lāyistān, A miry place.

لا يتاق الa-yusbar, لا يمبر م la-yusbar, Intolerable.

الألا الألا الألا Lā'it, A Sodomite, one of Lot's people.

الا بعد الم lā-yu'add, Innumerable ;—mafāsidi lā-yu'add, Innumerable evils.

 $_{
m A}$ يعقل $lar{a}$ -ya'qil, Insane, mad ; drunk.

لا يعلم له lā-ya'lam, Knowing nothing, ignorant; an ignoramus.

لا يعنى A لا يعنى الق-ya'nī, Unmeaning, absurd; obscene; abusive.

الا يعلب القريد المارية المار quered.

ا لا يغوت م lā-yafūt, Immortal.

A يفهم القارية المرابع المراب

עלט א lā'iq, Worthy, proper, suitable. capable, adapted, consisted, convenient, congruent, congruous, decent, due, fit for, able, qualified.

a wiff la'iqana, Worthy, proper; suitably.

a لاگفی $l\bar{a}^iiqmand$, الاگفیند q.v.

a AND la'iqa (fem. of la'iq), Anything fit or proper.

lā'iqī, Worthiness, fitness, pro-

priety, capability.

א ביא ביא lū'im, A blamer, censurer, reprover; — rubba lā'im-in mulīm, Many a censurer is (to be) censured.

الا يموت أَلَّهُ الْعَامِ اللهُ الل

لاين lāyin, A short, narrow-sleeved shirt. الأواك lāynāk, Filled with black mud.

A لا ينبقى lā-yaṃbaghī, Indecent, impertinent.

لايندة lāyanda, A complainer; a vain talker.

الايموك Lā-yanṣarif, What is not perfectly declined, i.e. takes neither tanwīn, nor a sign for the oblique case different from that for the accusative, a diptote;—na-khwānda ba-juz bābi lā-yanṣarif, Who has read but the chapter of incomplete declension, (met.) a miser.

لا ينفك له lā-yunfakk, Indissoluble, in-

neparable.

لا ينقطع له المرابع ا

لا ينكسر A لا ينكسر القر القائد القا

لاينى lāyinī, A short shirt with narrow sleeves worn at work; a short vest worn

by dervishes.

فِكَ الْفَهِم, A kind of silk stuff brought from India and China; speech; black, adhesive mud; sediment at the bottom of a cistern (construed with rekhtan and kashīdan); half a horse-load; a valley between two mountains; a short garment worn by dervishes.

a گا أَدُّّة، Of, belonging, or relating to the particle of negation لا أَمَّةُ Negative,

negatory.

لايمدى lāyīdan, To talk, to speak; to talk idly; to complain, talk snappishly; to

bark

لب lab, The lip; edge, margin; shore, bank, coast; the portion of a moustache below the nose; saliva; a blow on the nape of the neck with the open hand edgewise;-labi ālish-fishān, Lips scattering fire; the lips of one who pours forth sighs and groams; also curses and imprecations; the lip of a mistress;—labi āftāb, Sunshine intercepted by a shadow; lab bāz giriftan. To separate the lips;—lab ba-dandān khā īdan. To gnaw the lips (in repentance);—lab ba-dandān khastan. To bite (lit. wound) the lips (in forbidding or wondering);—lab ba-dandān zadan (giriftan), To seize the lips (in anger);—lab bar-chādan, To join or close the lips (to cry, sob, or laugh);—lab bar-dāshtan (bargiriftan), To separate the lips;—lab bar lab dādan (shikastan, nihādan), To compress the lips;—lab bastan, To close the lips; lab ba-lab justan, To inquire anxiously, to ask from everybody; lab ba-yak-dīgar zadan, To close one's mouth, to be silent;lab tar kardan, To wet the lips; (met.) to drink wine clandestinely; to talk;—lab tahi dandān kashīdan, To compress the lips; -- lab chār kardan, To make the (two) lips four, to join the lips, to kiss;—lab chash kardan, To taste;—lab $\underline{kh}\bar{a}'idan$, =lab ba-dandān khā'īdan, q.v.; —labi khuzrā, The horizon, welkin's bound; -lab dadan, To kiss; to allow, permit, give leave;—labi dar, The lip of a door, i.e. bolt, bar, or anything which keeps a door shut; the post or cheek of a gate;—labi daryā, Seashore; a mighty river or sea;—lab-rā chashma'i khizr kardan, To drink incessantly; —lab safed (shīrīn) kardan, smile; —labi shamsher, Edge of a sword; labi shirin, Sweet lips;—labi kase giriftan, To prevent one speaking, to interrupt, cut one short; -labi kashtigah, A pass, ferry, ford;—lab gazīdan, To bite the lips (in repentance); -lab gushādan, To open the lips or mouth;—labi gor. The brink of the grave; (adv.) on the brink of the grave; labi lapān, The shining brightness of a sword; -labi la'lī, A ruby lip; -lab makīdan, To suck each other's lips, to kiss; to suck one's lips (a frightened lover);—lab u lahja. Conversation ;--zīri lab, Under one's breath (m.c.).

labb (v.n.), Standing, stopping, remaining in a place; facing another; striking on a mortal place of the neck or throat; steadiness, assiduity;—libb, One who sticks close;—lubb, The heart, soul, mind; marrow, kernel, pith; the best part of anything; understanding, genius;—lubbi jauz, Kernel of a nut;—lubbi lubāb, The pith or quintessence of anything (see

(لباب).

liba', Biestings, first milk after

delivery.

م المأب labāb, A little green fodder; a small quantity (less than a mouthful);—libāb, Prudent, intelligent;—lubāb, Pure, unmixed, untarnished;—lubābu 'l-qamḥ, Starch.

A 최나 labābat, lubābat (v.n. of 다), Being intelligent, ingenious; intelligence, judg-

ment.

البك labāṣ (v.n. of لبك), Delaying, tarrying; delay.

labācha, A mantle; an outer gar-

ment; a judge's robe.

الحاد labād, Any garment worn over all in wet weather;—lubād, A yoke for oxen (construed with bastan and nihādan).

A 보니 labbād, A felt-manufacturer or vendor.

المادة labāda (for A. lubbādat), A cloak

for rain; a quilted cloak; a great-coat, pelisse; a wrapper;—lubāda, A yoke (con-

strued with bastan and nihādan).

لباس ه libās, A garment, vesture, robe, apparel; a spouse; mixture, confusion; dissimulation; construed with the verbs bāftan, bar dosh āmadan, jaspīdan, dādan, dāshtan, giriftan; —libās az tan afgandan, To doff a garment; -libāsu 'r-rajul, A wife; -libāsu 'l-mar'at, A husband :-libāsi rāhib, Black clothing;—libāsi rasmī, Official or state dress (m.c.);—libāsi raughanī, A greasy garment (as of a cook, oil-presser, &c.); (met.) a garment made waterproof by some oily substance; a perfumed garment; libāsi sāda, Plain clothes (m.c.); — libāsi shom'i, A garment of blackish green;libāsi 'ambar-sā, = libāsi rāhib above; libāsi galamī, A painter's attire :--libās gardandan, To change clothes or dress; libāsi muraṣṣa', A garment adorned with jewels;—libās nihādan, To don a garment; --- ikhlās-libās, Clothed with purity or candour; -az libāsi nafs 'uryān shudan, To be free from evil qualities or selfishness; -bataghaiyuri libās, In disguise; — bad-libās, Ill-clad; dar libās būdan, To be a hypocrite.

a أباس آرا libās-ārā, Dressed up, decked

out in rich garments.

لباسي labāsī, Forgery;—libāsī, Veiled; apparent; formal; fictitious, pretended, false, forged, sham (comp. gawāhi libāsī under الحالة).

لياهن labāsha, لياهن labāsha, الماهن Labāsha, An instrument for holding a horse's lip or nose while shoeing, a farrier's twitch.

لباتة له labāqat (v.n. of لباتة), Intelligence,

skill.

البائب lab-ā-lab, Lip to lip; brimful.

وليا labān, A kind of gum; a partner in labour; (a slave or beast of burden) that has toiled long in service; (pl. of lab) line.

ا لمان لاهم labān, Breast, bosom; brisket or chest of any cloven-boofed animal;—libān (v.n. 3 of منا), Sucking; milk;—lubān, Frankincense; benzoin; any cone-bearing tree; juniper-gum; work undertaken from generous motives, not from necessity.

A — labab, Poitrel, breast-harness of a

horse; abundance of sand.

لب بر لب lab bar lab, Full to overflowing, brimful.

ل بستكى lab-bastagī, State of having the lips closed.

لب نسته lab-basta, With closed lips.

سلا سا lab ba-lab, سا تا سا lab ta lab,

All, entire; full (of wine).

A & labbat, The throat, especially the place where it is cut in slaughtering animals; excellent (woman), loving her husband; lovely, elegant.

labs (v.n.), Delaying, tarrying; delay;—labis, A delayer; tedious, dilatory.

handed about at an entertainment, and which people eat slowly when chatting together; food in general for man or beast.

اله الله lab-khā, One who bites his lip;

fastidious, fretful; a prig.

المخند lab-khand (مندد khanda), Smiling agreeably; of a gracious cheerful countenance; a smile.

A A labd (v.n.), Carding or teazing (wool), moistening it and stuffing it into the head of the sheath to save the swordbelt;—libd, Felt (-cloth); any kind of carpeting, or saddle-cloths made of it; coarse covering made of wool or hair;—labad (v.n.), Stopping, remaining; sticking, cleaving to; wool; [mā la-hu labad wa-lā sabad, He has neither woollen-cloth nor hair-cloth, i.e. he has nothing;—lubad, libad, One who keeps close at home; sluggish in seeking a livelihood;—lubad, Name of the last vulture of Loqman (the prophet sent to the tribe of 'Ad);—lubad, lubbad, Much wealth.

לאנצי lab-rez, Brimful, running over;—earnigār u lab-rez shudan, To be too full and overflowing.

لب ربري لab-rezī, Excessive fulness; over-

flowing, abundance.

A بنا ألمان (v.n.), Eating fast and greedily; striking, kicking violently (a camel); calling bad names;—libz (v.n.), Anointing a sore with an embrocation.

anything obscure or confused, mystifying; mixture, confusion, ambiguity; — libs, A covering, especially that of the kabah; the covering of a camel-litter; a kind of dress; the membrane of the brain;—lubs (v.n.), Putting on a garment; enjoying long the company (of a wife, &c.);—lubsu 'l-musūḥ, The wearing of sackcloth.

السان labsān, Like a lip; name of a herb eaten with sour milk; wild mustard.

A him, libsat, A mode of dressing, costume; a kind of dress;—lubsat, Obscurity, mystification, doubt;—labasat, A kind of pot-herb.

lab-sang, Silent, taciturn, نبكك

لب هكر lab-shakar, Hare-lipped (see بمكر p. 753).

اب هور lab-shor, Salt to the lips, i.e. of brackish taste (m.c.).

لب هبرين lab-skirin, Sweet-lipped; (met.)

smiling sweetly.

A لبي labq (v.n. of لبي), Softening (as cake amongst broth, or a leathern bottle); being intelligent, skilful, ingenious; being proper, fit, worthy; fitting well;—labiq, Intelligent, clever, glib-tongued; finely clad; a garment which fits well;—labiq shabiq, A lascivious woman.

labk (v.n.), Mixing (flour with

honey); taking with the fingers; a mixture; -labik, Anything mixed or confused.

اب كردان lab-gardan, With a low or inclined border or brim; — lab-gardan kardan hauz, To fill a reservoir to overflowing (see hauzi lab-gardan under حوض).

أبلاب lablāb, A conjurer ;—liblāb, Ivy. ليلاب م lablāb, Ivy, bindweed, pellitory. ا لبلب lablab, Bleating (ram);—lablab, lublub, Benevolent, kind to domestics or neighbours.

lablabū, Beet boiled and eaten with

whey and garlic.

lab-los, Lip-flattery; flattery, adulation.

labn (v.n.), Giving milk to drink ; striking with a stick or brick; making brick; -libn, A brick or tile; -laban (v.n.), Having plenty of milk in the udder (ewe); being seized with a pain in the neck from the pillow; milk; soured milk; quicksilver; [banāti laban, The lacteal glands;] -labin, Fond of, or drinking, milk; a gore in, or breast of, a shirt; (pl. of labinat) bricks.

lab-nān, A mouthful of bread, a slice of bread.

البنان A لبنان lubnān, Mount Libanus.

libnat, labinat, Breast of a shirt; a لبنة ⊾ brick or tile; a mural quadrant;—lubnat, A large mouthful or morsel; -labinat, (An ewe) abounding in milk.

labanj, A kind of plane-tree.

labang, A timber or ship-worm. labna, An insect which injures grain ;—libna (for A. لبنة), A brick or tile ; a mural quadrant; - lubna, Part of an astrolabe.

لبنى labanī, Storax; anything made of milk and cord.

لبوب A لبوب lubub (pl. of إلى), Kernels; piths; essences; a kind of electuary or confection.

لبوس A لبوس labūs, Coat of mail; clothing, raiment.

labūnat, (Cattle) with أبون milk in the udder, milch.

labwa, Rennet for curdling milk.

ట laba, A coping (m.c.).

labī, A slice of bread or melon ;—labe (for لبيك q.v.), Yes, sir; hey!

لبياب labyāb, A great river.

labīb, Prudent, intelligent, wise, sagacious, acute; industrious, attentive. assiduous, who sticks to his work.

labibat, A kind of cloak.

ليهد labīd, Boast, brag; a historian; a

habid, A small woollen sack (which, لبيد ه filled with food, is hung round the neck of a horse), a nose-bag; name of a celebrated poet;—labid, lubaid, Name of a bird.

labidan, To boast, to brag.

لبيدي labīdī, Poetry : story-telling.

labīziyūn (G. λεπίδιον), Fumitory (= ميترك q.v., p. 772).

labīsha, لبيشر labīshan, لبيشر labīsha, Barnacles for holding a horse's nose when

shoeing, a farrier's twitch. labbaik, labek, Here I am for you, i.e. waiting your commands; what dost thou want with me? what wouldst thou have? (see لبى labe).

البين A labīn, (A horse) fed with milk ;---

abū lubain, Membrum virile.

labīnā, A certain musical mode.

لب lap, A large mouthful.

لياچه lapācha, An outer garment; breaking.

ليان lipān, Splendid, shining, glittering.

ليجور lapchūr, Large-lipped. ليغ lappa, A wave;—lappa zadan, To billow.

lap-lap, The noise made in taking

soup or lapping.

a سا lat, A knock, blow, thump, flagellation; a hammer; a mace; a cudgel; linen; the belly; a part, fragment; a piece, as a piece of cloth and the like; name of a river.

A w latt (v.n.), Breaking, bruising, pounding small; moistening, rendering fluid; making firm; tying tight, causing to adhere closely together; a blow, stroke, bastinado, punishment (see preceding article).

a لتالت lat-ā-lat, In pieces; fragile.

a التأنبان lat-ambān, A glutton (lit. whose belly is like a bag); a term of abuse.

التب latb (v.n.), Adhering, sticking; being firm, fixed; girding a housing on a horse.

A نتع lataḥ (v.n.), Being hungry, hunger; -latih, Intelligent, skilful.

التمان A المان latḥān, Hungry, starved; intelligent.

latar, A certain weight, half a man of

Tabrīz; a vessel for holding wine.

أترة latra, A part, fragment; a man rendered indolent by fat; rent, torn in pieces; old; low, base, vile; — lutra, By-words used by two persons and not understood by others; one who tells whatever he hears; expelled, ejected, driven off.

latra-latra, in pieces, piecemeal.

ألتكة lutqa, A barge (m.c., see التكة).

التك latak. Name of a game.

التكم lutka, A barge (m.c., see التكم التكم لت لك العالم lat-lat, In pieces, piecemeal.

- latambar لتنبر latamban لتنبان latamban لتنبار bar, Lazy; slothful; a glutton; ignorant.

A لتب lutub (v.n. of بتا), Being firm, fixed; sticking close to; putting on raiment.

ಟ latta, Linen-rags.

الته لته الله lata-lata, Piecemeal; broken in bits.

L نعين latin, Latin,

A سائط ligāt (pl. of ligat), Gums.

lisām, A veil or a fillet bound over the mouth to disguise the face or to keep out the dust.

A Lisat, lisa, The gum; a kind of tree.

الثغ ا lasgh (v.n.), Making (anyone) stammer, or looking on him as a stutterer; - lagagh, Stammering, stuttering, pronouncing l for r, or g for s.

A Lusghat, The defect in pronunciation described in the preceding article;—laga-

ghat. The mouth.

lagaq (v.n.), Being moist; moisture; —lasiq, Wet with dew or water (a bird).

lasm (v.n.), Kissing; veiling the mouth; breaking stones with the hoof (camel); causing a camel's hoof to bleed (stone).

a 🚽 laj, A kick; dispute, quarrel; a cross rent; a wound from a blow with the foot; unfortunate, unlucky (the last unsupported

by examples).

lujj, A great crowd; the rugged part of a mountain; plenty, especially a great body of water; the bottom of the sea; a sword.

lajāj, Quicksilver.

الج lajāj (v.n. of إلى Quarrelling, wrangling; contest, litigation, quarrel, squabble; [fī ('alá) lajāj, Importunately;] -lijāj, Hard riding;—lajjāj, A brawler; litigious fellow.

المامة lajājat (v.n. of ق) Disputing, quarrelling; contention, litigation; importunity, earnest entreaty; adulation; palpitation of the heart from hunger.

ligām (from P. الكام ligām), A bridle, reins; a mark burnt upon cattle; a menstruous cloth; name of a famous horse; -lujām, Anything from which one takes a bad omen; inclination, affection.

a lajab (v.u.), Making a noise, shouting; roaring of the sea; voices of men;—lajib, Noisy (cloud with thunder); (a host) numerous, tumultuous, and uproarious.

▲ 🎝 lajjat, Noise, vociferatiou, clamour; -lujjat, lujja, A large body, multitude; plenty (of water), the great deep, main, middle of the sea; an abyss; silver; a looking-glass, mirror.

الجز 🛦 lajis, Extensively drawn out, or ductile; tenacious, adhesive, viscous, clammy,

lajf, A blow, stroke;—lajaf, A well or trench in a stable; the channel of a torrent; a cut in the side of a well, through which some part of the water runs off.

a المِلاع lajlāj, One who gives instruction in games of hazard; name of the inventor of the game of chess or a celebrated chessplayer (by others called Lajāj or Lailāj);

irresolute, perplexed, hesitating; tonguetied; a stammerer; silver; quicksilver; a Sūfī.

ا الملي lajlaj, Anything embarrassing, or in which one errs; obscure, doubtful, shifting, uncertain.

المالية lajlajat (v.n. of المالية), Repeating words, being tautological.

lajlaja, An aromatic electuary.

lajm, Black mud at the bottom of a pond.

lajan, lajin, lujn, Black mud or clay on the bottom of a pond; anything mixed up with clay ;--lajani bihisht, A blockhead, a stupid fellow.

المن زار lajan-zār, A marsh, morass (m.c.). الجرجة lajūj (or لجرجة), Litigious, quarrel-

Lajūn, Heavy and lazy (camel) ; lujūn (v.n. of نهن), Being heavy and sluggish (the same).

a لحة lujja, see A. لحة . a لحة عمرى lujja-<u>kh</u>ezī, The agitation or ebullition of the sea.

lajī, The chin. الجي

a لجى lujjī, lijjī, Deep (sea), fathomless (ocean).

lajīn, Leaves shaken from trees لمحين for feeding camels; foam of a camel; lujain, Silver.

lach, Face, cheek, complexion;—luch, Naked.

lachak, A square mantle which women wear doubled into a triangular

luchūch (A. pl. of luch and lucha), Naked persons; libertines, rakes.

lucha, Naked (see Luch); a libertine, a rake, a vagabond.

lahhas, A greedy licker.

المام lahās, An affair of great importance; misfortune, calamity; mixture; confusion.

A blad lahāz, The outer corner of the eye; -lihāz (v.n. 3 of ba), Observing attentively; look, glance, view; scrutiny; observation; sense, respect; importance, weight; shame; reference, relation, advertence; — bī-liḥāzī, Heedlessness; shamelessness.

ا نجات المان المان المان المان المان المان المان المان المان المان المان المان المان المان المان المان المان ا ket, coverlet, quilted counterpane; a wife; construed with the verbs bar pusht andākhtan, bur dosh bastan, dar sar kashidan, &c.; —liḥāfi chashm, The upper eyelid.

laḥāq (v.n. of الحق), Overtaking, reaching to, touching, a collapse; -- liḥāq,

A bow-case.

liḥām, Metallic cement, solder; (pl. of lahm) meats, bits of meat;—lahhām, A meat-seller, vender of flesh.

luḥbatān, A doll, a puppet.

A lahj (v.n.), Sticking in the scabbard (a sword); sticking, cleaving to;—

luhi, Corner of a house; corner of the eye; —luhi, lahi, The socket of the eye; a hollow, a cavity;—lahii, Narrow (place).

in the side of a tomb for depositing the dead; burying; deviating from, becoming an infidel;—lahd, luhd, in P. mostly lahad, A place dug in the side of a grave, a sepulchral niche, a catacomb;—lahad bastan, To dig a tomb, to make a grave, or a lateral niche in one.

begging;—lahaz (v.n.), Being importunate in begging;—lahaz (v.n.), Being avaricious;—lahiz, Avaricious; narrow-minded.

lahs (v.n.), Licking (a dish); eating, corroding;—asra' min lahsi 'l-kalbi anfa-hu, Quicker than a dog can lick his nose.

A lahz (v.n.), Looking through halfshut eyes, or through the outer corner of the eye.

laḥzat, laḥza, One look, glance; a moment; the twinkling of an eye; a minute.

a de lahza ba-lahza, From moment to moment, every moment.

a lahze, One moment; straightways.

lahq (v.n.), Joining, adhering; reaching, overtaking, attaining to;—lahaq, Anything following and joining another; dates or figs produced under others; whatever is taken np with the mouth.

a was lahaqa (pl. of lahiq), Attachés

(m.c.).

into another and making them adhere closely; putting medicine into another's

mouth; drenching; licking.

lahm (v.n.), Feeding (one) with meat; gnawing or picking a bone; fixing, establishing, doing firmly and well; soldering; flesh, meat; pulp, heart, core; solder;—lihm (v.n.), Abiding in a place;—laham (v.n.), Longing for meat; being fleshy about the body;—lahim, Carnivorous; a lion; a house where people meet for slanderous gossip.

lahmat (v.n.), A piece of meat; lahmat, luhmat, Woof of a web; that part of a prey which is given to the hawk as a reward;—luhmat, Propinquity; relation-

ship.

in a tuneful pronunciation or recitative, chanting, modulating; inclining, declining, deviating; pronouncing the vowels erroneously; saying a thing and meaning another, so as to be understood only by the initiated; a sound, note, tone; melody, modulation; an error in pronouncing the vowels, cacophony; signification of a word, especially a hidden one; [lahn zadan, To sing, to modulate;]—lahan (v.n.), Being

intelligent; sagacity, penetration; reading incorrectly, pronouncing badly.

lahw (v.n.), Stripping the bark off

a branch; reviling, reproaching.

Luḥūq (v.n. of الدق), Following, reaching; being thin, slender, lank; arrival; conjunction, touch, adhesion.

luhum (pl. of lahm), Meats.

a لنيائي lihyani, Large or long-bearded. المقال النيائي lihyat, Beard, mustachio, or whisker; — lihyatu 't-tais, Goats-beard (a shrub);—lihyatu 'l-himār, (ass's beard)

The plant maiden-hair.

الحيم المؤنة, Narrow, strait; calamitous. الحيم المؤنة, Fleshy; killed, slain; like, resembling; fit, suitable; uniting, causing to stick together; solder.

لع lukh, A bulrush.

is lakhā, A shoe, slipper, sandal.

ا نخاف ا likhāf (pl. of lakhfat), Thiu whitish stones.

lakht, An iron mace; an iron hook used in driving or managing an elephant; a stick, a scourge; flagellation; somewhat, some, a little; a piece, bit, part, portion; a shoe, slipper, sandal; hose worn over boots to keep them clean; leather for making soles; strife, contention; breaking in pieces; a butcher's knife; an iron helmet; a horse's mane; a gad-fly; [lakhtijgar (dil), A piece of one's liver or heart (applied generally to a beloved child);—sang-lakht, Solid rock;]—lukht, Void, deprived of; naked (m.c.);—lukht kardan, To deprive of, to rob, to strip (m.c.).

والمنظ lakhtān (pl. of lakht), Parts, portions,

افت دوز lakht-doz, Mender of old clothes.
النت النت النت المله lakht-lakht, Piece-meal;—
lakht-lakht kardan, To cut into minute pieces.

افته lakhta, A piece, part, portion.

lakhte, A piece, part, portion; somewhat, some; a little while.

wooden pillars seven or eight yards high, where people sleep on account of the dampness of the ground.

النتين lakhte-hā, Parts, portions; trifles. النام lakhaj, A white humour congealed

about the eyes.

≥ lakhch, lakhach, Vitriol, copperas; potash.

الغينا lakhchah, Flame, live coals.

A بنا lakhz, A sharp knife.

لخشان la<u>kh</u>shān, Slipping, sliding; clear; plain, level.

لخشش lakhshish, A slip, slide.

certain sweetmeat; a stone on which a man sits and slides to the bottom of a mountain; level ground frozen over, on which boys slide.

اندشنا lakhsha, A live coal; a spark of fire;

a kind of frumenty; fallen down in a slippery place.

lakhshidan, To slide.

lakhs (v.n.), Examining the eye of a camel to see if she be fat or not;lakhas (v.n.), Having a hard fleshiness of the upper eyelid; - lakhis, Very fleshy, with difficulty milked (udder).

had lakhf (v.n.), Branding with a broad mark; a hard blow; thin fresh

butter.

A Jack lakh fat, A thin whitish stone; a brand on cattle; buttocks, back-side.

lakhlakh, Weak, feeble, languid, lean.

a لخاخة lakhlakha, A cephalic medicine; an aromatic unguent; a species of strong perfume (see the following); a censer, a

ا اخابای علبری اله lakhlakh-hā'i 'ambarī, A ball composed of aloe-wood, musk, and camphor; the hours of the night.

الخم A lakhm, A cutting, amputation; a box, a blow ;-lukhm, A kind of fish.

الخن 🛦 الخن 🖈 lakhn, White matter which collects within the foreskin of an uncircumcised lad, or in the sheath of an ass;—lukhn, Uncircumcised ;—lakkan (v.u.), Being rauk, rancid, rotten ;-fetid smell of pudenda, arm-pit, or groin.

lakhnis, لخنيش lakhnish, Name of

a flower otherwise called جبرى q.v.

A 4 ladd (v.n.), Contending with animosity; disputing at law; gaining a lawsuit, a battle, &c.; being a formidable enemy; a sack, bag;—ludd, Lydda in Palestine; (pl. of aladd) bold, contentious (antagonists).

الدام ل lidam (v.n. of الدم). Patching a garment or shoe; a patch (on a boot or

garment).

ladad, Litigation. لدد ٨

ladruh, Name of a fort in India.

(v.n.), Stinging (a scorpion); biting (a serpent); taunting, using a cutting ex-

pression.

Ladm (v.n.), Beating, striking, giving a box or blow; striking her breast in mourning (a woman); making dough flat by striking it; mending, patching (a garment, &c.); the sound of a stone falling to the ground ;-ladam, Acknowledging an l honouring as a relation;—(11. of ladim) strikers; menders.

ا لدن ا ladn, Flexible, limber (spear) ladun, Soft, ill-dressed (meat); — laden, ladan, ladin, To, with; nigh, near; at.

a لدني laduni, (from on high) Inspired,

infused (knowledge).

ا لدرد A ladad, An adversary, opponent; a medicine poured through a tube into the mouth of a sick person; —ludud (v.n. of A), Pouring medicine into the mouth of a sick person; taking medicine at one corner of the mouth.

ladid, Medicine poured into the لديد ه corner of the mouth; side of a valley; bank of a river.

الديس a ladis, Fat, firm in flesh (camel).

ladiah, Bitten by a scrpent; stung لديغ ٨ by a scorpion.

العجم ل ladim, A worn or tattered garment ;

also one mended.

A الدات lazzāt (pl. of lazzat), Delights:—

lazzāti hissīya, Sensual pleasures.

אַ אָלוּאָ lazaz, אָלוּאָ lazazat (v.n. of אָלוּגָ), Taking delight in, finding (a thing) agree-able; [hadimu 'l-lazaz, The destroyer of delight (death);] — lizaz (pl. of lazīz], Sweet, delicious, delightful (objects); wines.

a MM lazā'iz (pl. of lazzai), Pleasures, delights ;-lazā'izi haiwānī, Animal pleasures ;-lază'izi nafeâni, Sensual pleasures.

A ill lazzat, Pleasure, delight, enjoyment, content, sweetness, deliciousness; taste, flavour, relish, savour; wine; construed with the verbs bakhshīdan, burdan, tarāwidan, chashidan, dadan, dashian, danistan, didan, shinakhlan, giriftan, &c.

a الأنس يرست lazzat-parast, A worshipper

of pleasure, a voluptuary.

a للت مرهت lazzat-sirisht, Of a volup-

tuous disposition.

اللت كدة م lazzat-kada, A place abounding in delights.

a باب للت باب lazzat-yāb, Finding (or deriv-

ing) pleasure.

Laz' (v.n.), Burning, scorching, singeing; paining the heart (love); reproaching, hurting with words.

▲ الله الميلا lazīz, Sweet, full of juice, delicious, savoury, tasteful, pleasant, delightful; wine.

lar, A water-course; arm-pit; poor, thin, meagre; -lur, Name of a people of large stature dwelling in the open fields; the men of Kohistan; ability, wish, will, object; a lamb; uame of a city; -luri tahir tālī (?), Name of a tribe of the Lurs ;-luri faile, Name of a tribe of the same, said to be descended from demons.

الرد lard, A race-course, public place; lardi amir, A public place in Hormuz;-

ia" /i jazi, A public place in Shīrāz. Jorz, Tremor, fear, terror.

לעלט larzān, Trembling, tremulous. לעלט larzānā, לעלט larzānān, Terrifying.

larzānīdan, To make tremble, frighten.

larzish, Shivering, quaking, trem-

bling.

larz-māhī, The torpedo. larza, A shaking, shivering, trembling, quaking; tremor; the paroxysm or cold fit of an ague; an earthquake; large girifian, To shiver. Also construed with uftādan, andākhtan, sadan, kardan, &c.

لزوة ودة هدة larza-zada shuda, Struck with a tremor, seized with a shivering fit.

ارزي larzī, Ague, cold fit of an ague. زريدن larzīdan, To tremble, shiver, quake;

to grieve; to fear.

lars, A blow, cuff, kick;—lurs, Pity, commiseration; playing (on an instrument) with a plectrum or bow.

luristan, A country in Persia (see

إ lur).

lars, q.v. أرس = larsh لرف

burk, Sour milk thickened by boiling; -lurak, A bow for cleaning and separating cotton.

larlar, A name of Omnipotence.

لوي larrī, Leprosy; elephantiasis. A & lazz (v.n.), Fastening, joining, glue-

ing together; adhering; piercing with a

spear; the ring of a door.

لرام ه lazām, لرام له lazāmat (v.n. of لرام ه Being necessary, ensuing of necessity; being assiduous, inseparable, adhering steadily;—lizām (v.n. 3 of p), Being conjoined, individual, adhering; death; number, reckoning; assiduous, attentive; an equitable judge.

lazaj (v.n.), Being drawn out (anything viscous); being joined, glued together, adhering; - lary, Tenacious, adhesive, viscous, sticky, clammy; ductile.

اركي المين lazyī, A Lazghian. المجيع lazgī-hā (pl. of lazgī), The Lazghians (m.c.).

الرم الاس (v.n.), Being necessary, necessarily following; being assiduous, adhering steadily or inseparably; keeping, observing strictly; - lazam, A distinction (between what is right and wrong); -lazim, A judge who makes such distinction.

A cyl lazn, Narrowness of circumstances, bad fortune, an indigent situation; (pl. of laznat, liznat) straits, difficulties, distresses; -lazan (v.n.), Pressing upon one another (people in a narrow spot, or round a watering-place) ;-lazin, (A well or drinking-place) beset by a throng of people.

ا لون laznat, liznat, Indigence, scarcity, a

life of distress.

لرب Adhering لرب العقل الرب الم tenaciously; being firm, settled; stinging (as a scorpion); dearth, scarcity.

luzūjat, Adhesiveness, viscosity.

اروق الم المرق الم المرق الم المرق الم المرق الم المرق الم المرق الم المرق الم المرق المر (v.n. of لزى), Adhering, sticking.

luzum, A weak bow for practising

ערס א lusum (v.n. of לעם), Necessarily following, behoving; keeping close to, being inseparable; necessity, compulsion, obligation; requisiteness; necessary connection; expediency, behoof; imposition of a task upon oneself; debt; -ba-qadri luzūm, As far as necessary (m.c.); -chi luzum, What

need is there? (m.c.); -qudumi bahjatluzum, (His) auspicious arrival,

lazīcha, A clew of thread, a ball of cotton.

لإير lazīr, Clever, expert, wary,

if luzh, A box in a theatre (m.c. from Fr. loge).

lazham, Black mud at the bottom of

a pond.

முர் lashan, Mud at the bottom of pond.

A من lass (v.n.), Cropping herbage; eating; licking.

lusds, Early grass which cattle can just crop with their lips ;-lusas, lussas, A kind of forage.

الساع ه lassa', Stinging; wounding; a

stinger.

ا سان lisan, The tongue; language. dialect, idiom; diction, speech, style (of writing); an interpreter; a ready spokesman (for the people); tongue of a balance or a buckle; flame; [lisānu 'g-gaur, Oxtongue, bugloss, borage; -lisānu 'l-ḥamal, Plantain; — lisānu's-sidq, A high encomium; suitable praise; — lisānu 'l-'aṣāfīr, Seed of the ash; — lisānu 'l-ghaib, A voice from heaven, a revelation, an oracle; the mystic tongue (surname given to Hāfiz by Sa'dî); lisānu 'l-kalb, The herb Dog's-tongue, Cynoglossum; -lisānu 'llāh, The word of God; lisanu 'l-mizmar, Head of the windpipe, larynx; - lisānu 'n-nār, Tongue of fire, a lambent flame without smoke; -balisāni hāl, In the language (expressive) of circumstances (as a haggard face, tattered garments, &c.), opposed to language uttered by the lip (lisani qal);—zū lisanain, Double-tongued, bilingual; deceitful;] lassān, Eloquent; talkative, garrulous; a chatterbox;—lussān, A herb.

A نسان lisan-an, Verbally, orally.

a لسان آهيا lisān-āshnā, A philologist,

a ينائي المنائي lisān-āshnā'ī, Philology.

a لسائي lisānī, Oral, verbal, spoken; lassānī, and-

<u>lassāniyat</u>, Eloquence. لسانية

اسب ا lasb (v.n.), Stinging (as a scorpion); striking; licking (honey); adhering, sticking to; persisting in.

lasbat, Bite of a serpent, sting of

a scorpion.

last, Firm, strong; good; handsome.

lastu (from the negat. verb laisa), p. 93). الست I am not (see

las' (v.n.), Stinging (as a serpent or scorpion); reproaching; travelling.

ه las'at, A scorpion's sting.

اسن 🛦 لسن 🛦 lasn (v.n.), Taking hold of another's tongue; sucking (a damsel's) tongue; making (a shoe) tapering into a point; overcoming in argument; stinging; -lisn, Idiom, tongue, language; - lusn (pl. of lasin), Eloquent (persons); (pl. of lisān) tongues; — lasan (v.n.), Being eloquent, eloquence ;-lasin, Eloquent; sharp-pointed like a tongue.

H اسورة lasora, Cordia myxu.

لسق lusūq (v.n. of السق), Adhering, sticking

lasi', Stung (by a serpent or scorpion).

السياب اasīq, An inseparable companion. lush, الشت lush, Mud at the bottom of a pond.

lashtan, To sport, play, amuse ;—

lishtan, To lick.

lashk, A bit or piece ;—lashk, lishk,

Dew, hoar-frost.

lashkar, An army, a host, a military لشكر force; a camp; an encampment; —lashkar angekhtan (awardan, ba-ham rekhtan, kardan, kashidan), To levy, muster, or lead an army;—lashkar shikastan, To vanquish; to be vanquished :—lashkari mūr-shumār, An army numerous as ants; - pesh-lashkar, Advanced guard, van, forlorn hope (opp. to پس لشكر q.v. p. 250).

a لشكر آراى lashkar-aray, Who knows how

to array an army.

a لشكر بدرته lashkar-badraqa, An armyguide; escorted by an army.

a الشكرستان lashkaristān, A camp, an encampment.

a ميكر يورة lashkar-pizhūh (كي pizhuh), A spy, a scout.

a لشكر علام lashkar-khalāş, A trull.

strumpet.

a الشكر هكوف lashkar-shikan الشكر هكن lash kar-shikuf, A conqueror of armies.

a لشكر هناس lashkar-shinās, Skilled in estimating the number of troops.

a لشكر فروز lashkar-faroz, (Who is) the glory or pride of the army.

a لشكّر كش lashkar-kash, A commander, general; one who levies forces.

a لشكر كشى lashkar-kashī, Generalship; a

levy; mobilisation; invasion.

a لشكركاة lashkar-gāh (ها يعركاة lashkar-gāh), A camp, parade, or any place where an army is quartered or manœuvres.

a لشكر نشين lashkar-nishin, A military

station.

a لشكر نويس lashkar-nawis, Paymaster-

general.

a ليكرى lashkarī, Anything belonging to an army; military; a soldier; an officer; military service (m.c.).

a نفك مفت lashk-sifat, Like hoar-frost.

lashk-lashk, In pieces. اشك لشك

اشكة lashka, A bit, a piece; dew. المكم

اشن lashan, lashn, lashin, Soft, smooth, even; slippery; plain, unpainted.

lass (v.n.), Shutting a door; doing

anything slyly;—liss, lass, luss, A robber a thief.

laṣāf, Name of a place belonging to the Bani Tamim.

A - lisb, A fissure in a mountain, a narrow pass or valley between hills (greater than shi'b and less than libb);laşab (v.n.), Sticking fast (a sword in the scabbard); adhering (skin to the bone from leanness); being tight upon the finger (a ring) ;—lasib, A kind of barley ; avaricious.

laṣaṣ (v.n. of المن المعر المعر المعر المعر المعر المعر المعرب المعربية ال bery; closeness of shoulder-blades, teeth,

or thighs.

lasf (v.n.), Shining, lightening; joining together; agreeing, being suitable; -laşaf, laşf (?), The caper-tree; a substance resembling a cucumber springing from the roots of the capers; a sort of

lişq, The side ;—laşaq (v.n.), Having the lights adhering to the sides from excessive thirst (camel).

a لمقى lisqī, A companion.

luşüşiyat (v.n. of لمومية luşüşiyat المومة م لصّ), Robbing; robbery, the profession of a robber.

luṣūq (v.n. of المق), Adhering, being joined to; conjunction, adhesiou.

ا نمالض 🛦 lazlāz, Intelligent (guide).

A Li latt (v.n.), Being assiduous, adhering steadily to, sticking close; joining, fastening; clapping the tail between the legs (camel); letting drop (a veil or curtain); concealing (news); suppressing (another's rights); anything hung round the neck; a sword-belt.

A الملك latafat (v.n. of للك), Being small, slender, yet handsome; slimness, slenderness; grace, delicacy, elegance; pleasantness, facetiousness, wit, witticism; construed with the verbs tarāwidan, didan, kardan, &c.

a لطالمتگری Pleasantness, latafatgarī, pleasantry, wit, facetiousness.

a الطانت نشان laṭāfat-nishān, Distinguished by grace, elegance, wit.

A لطم litam (v.n. 3 of لطم), Buffeting each other; giving a blow, box, slap, cuff.

laţā'if (pl. of laţīfat), Jests, jokes; facetiæ, bon-mots; delicate girls;lata'ifu 'l-hiyal, Arts of finesse, tricks of diplomacy.

المائم A لطائم laţā'im (pl. of laţīmat), Perfume-

boxes.

lath (v.n.), Striking (gently on the back) with the palm of the hand; throwing on the ground; anything dried up or worn down (no vestige remaining).

latkh (v.n.), Staining, defiling, contaminating; defaming, accusing; a small part of a cloud ;—lankh. Uncleanly in diet;

badly fed.

lats, latas (v.n.), Striking, dash-

ing (as stone against stone); striking with anything broad; pelting; kicking violently.

المنظ latat (v.n. of المنظ latat (v.n. of المنظ dropping out (teeth); being worn to stumps

(the same).

lat' (v.n.), Licking; kicking another in the back; the jaw;—lata' (v.n.), Whiteness in the inside of a negro's lips; a wearing away of the teeth to the roots.

latf (v.n.), Being small, slender, yet elegant; -lutf, Approaching, drawing near; being propitious, favourable, gracious; being small, slender, delicate; the grace or protection of God; gentleness, humanity, kindness, generosity, benevolence; piquancy, point, wit; [lutfi khāṣṣī, A special favour (m.c.) ;—lutfi shumā kam na-shawad, May your kindness never grow less, i.e. I thank you (m.c.); -lutf kardan, To do a favour, confer an obligation, bestow a benefit;]-lataf, A benefit, favour, kindness; a small quantity (of food, &c.).

Lut f-an wa karam-an, Gra-

ciously, generously.

a Lut fi, Adopted, brought up in the

family; an adopted child.

لطّم م latm (v.n.), Slapping (the face), buffeting; joining, glueing together; a blow, box, slap.

الطبة A latmat, latma, A blow; a box, cuff, buffet;—latma khwurdan, To receive a slap;—laima zadan, To box the ears, &c.

latūkh, Filth, defilement, stain.

latīf, Elegant, graceful, lovely, لطيف ه pleasant; gentle, benign, kind, courteous; thin, delicate, slender; quaint, having an occult or mysterious meaning (speech); acute, quick-sighted, penetrating; knowing what is occult, hidden, mysterious; one of the names of God.

الطيعة latifat, latifa (fem. of latif), Elegant, fine; delicate, delicious; a jest, joke, pleasantry, jeu d'esprit; -latīfa bar taraf, Jesting apart; —latifa kardan, To

laugh at, jest.

a طبع طبع latif-tab', Of gentle disposition; kindness of disposition; refined taste.

a الله نظيف عنا lagif-ghizā, Light food, spoondiet.

a لطيف مشرب latif-mashrab, Facetious. a الطيفة باز latifa-baz, Facetious, witty.

a لمايفة كوى latifa-tirāz, لمايفة طراز latifa-goy,

Facetious, witty.

A A latim, Cut with blows; a horse distinguished by a white mark on the cheek; a camel colt "that has seen Canopus," i.e. been weaned (according to an Arab custom, to turn the young camel which has reached the proper age towards the rising dog-star, saying "seest thou Canopus? from this moment you taste not, b Allah, another drop of milk," whereupon it is slapped on the cheek and sent with the rest of the herd to the pastureground); an orphan (deprived of both parents); name given to the ninth horse (out of ten) in a race; musk, or any odour with which temples are perfumed.

laţīmat, A perfume-box; musk;

a market where perfumes are sold.

lazá, Blazing, sending forth a flame (fire); fire, flame; hell-fire, hell.

العب li'ab (v.n. 3 of بعال), Playing, joking, toying; - lu'āb, Spittle, saliva, slaver, dribble; snot, mucus; sliminess, viscosity. any viscous matter; construed with the verbs afshandan, rekhtan, zadan, nihādan, &c.: [lu'ābu 'sh-shams (saliva of the sun), Gossamer;—lu'ābu 'n-naḥl, Honey;—lu'ābi 'ankabūt, A spider's web; (met.) drawing, painting;—lu'ābi gāv (gawazn), Brightness of the sun or of lightning; morning light; white paper; snow; dew;—lu'ābi la'l (la'lsān), The sun; red wine; —lu'ābi magas, Honey; wine;]-la"db, A player; an instructor in game or exercise, a drill-master.

a العاب دار lu'āb-dār, Mucilaginous;

slimy, viscous. a العام العام lu'ābnāk, A slaverer, slabberer. a لعابى lu'ābī, Mucilaginous; snotty; slimy, viscous, stringy, ropy.

A لعاتي lu'āq (v.n. of المين), The licking of

the lips or weth.

A العان li'ān (v.n. 3 of العان), Execrating, cursing (one another, especially before the judge in the case of a husband accusing his wife of adultery without being able to produce witnesses); a malediction, a curse; exclusion from society, excommunication.

A - lab, Play, sport; construed with bākhtan, kardan, &c.; [la'b khwurdan, To be deceived, cheated, made game of ;-la'b u laghw, Play and sport;]-lab, lib, lab (v.n.), Playing; -lib, laib, Addicted to play ;-la'ab (v.n.), Slavering, drivelling ;lu'ab (pl. of lu'bat), Games, sports; puppets, dolls, playthings.

العبة la'bat, One game; any sort of game; [la'bati barbari, Hermodactylis; la bati zarnīkh, The sun ;-la bati mutallaqa (mu'allaqa), The mandrake;] — li'bat, A mode of play; -lu'bat, Play of any kind; a game; anything wherewith one plays (as dice, &c.); a ludicrous man, one who is made game of; a plaything, doll, puppet;

marionettes (m.c.).

a العبنان lu'batān (P. pl. of lu'bat), Dolls, puppets;—lu'batāni dīda, The pupils of the

a العبتباز lu'bat-bāz, A player, comedian, buffoon, punch, punchinello; a player of puppets; a fascinator, conjurer; -lubatbāzi shaṭranj, A player at chess.

a لعبتبازى lu'bat-bāzī, Play, amusement ; comedy, theatrical representation; ombres chinoises; puppet-show.

a لعبكر labgar, A conjurer, a juggler.

A cal la'j (v.n.), Entering, occurring, forcing a way into the mind; giving pains, making the skin smart; inflaming, paining

la's (v.n.), Biting:—lu's (pl. of al'as), Blackish-lipped ;—la'as, Being ruddy, with a mixture of black (lips).

A bel lat (v.n.), Burning, cauterizing, branding in the neck; a tattoo-line.

العق la'q (v.n.), Scraping a dish with the fingers; licking a plate or the fingers; -la'qu'l-isba', (met.) Dying, death.

a محل la'l. A gem, a ruby of the most brilliant lustre; a species of red rose; the vermilion lips of a lovely woman; red wine; [la'li āb-dār (khwush-āb), A most brilliant ruby; the lip of a mistress;— —la'l az sang dādan (zādan), To acquire anything with great difficulty; -lal ba tabarzad juft kardan, To speak agreeably; -la'li būgrak, A ruhy having the shape of a kidney (T. بوكرك) ; -la'li piyāzī, A kind of ruby red and white ;—la'li paikānī, A ruby of the size of an arrow-head worn in the ear; -la'li doshābī, A syrup-coloured ruby; —la·li rag-dār, A ruby with a flaw or defect; —la'li rawān (sufta), Red wine; —la'li shakar-bar, Lip of a mistress:—la'li falak, The world-illuminating sun;—la'li kalükhī, An unpolished ruby ;—la'li kah-rubā, Lip of a mistress;—la'li muzāb, Red wine; blood;—la'li nā-sufta, (an unbored ruby) Original airs or compositions; an agreeable discourse on a new topic; \\—la'alla, la'al, Perhaps, haply, would that.

a العل عمان أa'l-khaftan, Name of an Amīr

of king Hamza; the planet Mars.

a لعلستان la'listān, Ā mine of rubies. a لعل رنگون la'l-rangin, Ruby-coloured;

ruddy, rosy. a ألعل طراز la'l-tarāz, He who creates rubies

and imparts to them their lustre.

la'la', A wolf; the mirage; name of a mountain.

A dala! la'la'at, The shining of a mirage.

a لعل فام la·l-fām, Ruby-coloured. a لعل قبا la·l-qabā, The thread of a crimson robe; blood; the liver; red wine.

a لعل قبائي la'l-qabā'ī, Intoxication, drunkenness.

a لعلكر اعلان العلكر العلكر ي العلكر ي العلكر ي q..v.

a لعل كون la'l-gun, Ruby-coloured, ruddy, rosv; a species of red rose.

a با آغل لي اله la'l-lab, Ruby-lipped, red-lipped. la'l-māhī, A kind of red-boned لعل ماهي fish.

a ماها la'la (for P. مالله), A tulip.

a لعلى اa'lī, لعلين la'līn, Ruby, ruby-coloured; set with rubies; name of a red and white flower.

driving away from anything good; [la'n kardan, To curse;]—lu'an (pl. of lu'anat),

Those who execrate or speak ill of ;—la'anna, Perhaps, may be that !

A died la nat, Imprecation, curse, anathema; objurgation, reproach; [lainatu 'llāhi 'alai-hi, May the curse of God be upon him; - la'nat ba-hech, So-so, indifferent, better than bad ;-la nat kardan (guftan), To curse; - khudā la'nat-tān kunad, May God curse you! (m.c.);]—lu'anat, lu'ana, One who execrates, curses, speaks ill of others.

ه العنتي la'nat-ma'āb, لعنت ماب la'natī, Cursed, accursed; execrable.

a ملعن طعن اa'n-ta'n, Curses and taunts.

la'waq, Ignorant; --la'ūq, Licked; an electuary or any medicine to be licked or sucked, a linctus, a lambative.

ا لعين ا la'in, Detested, execrable, abominable, accursed, anathematized, excommunicated; driven out of society; the devil; a wolf; a scarecrow; deformed, transformed into any vile shape.

لاع lagh, Bald, having no hair; a desert

without vegetation; an addle egg.

hughāt (pl. of lughat), Tongues, languages, brogues, dialects, idioms; forms, modes of writing or pronouncing words.

A العاط lighat (v.n. of العاط), Making a confused, unintelligible noise (people); -lughar. Name of a mountain.

a الهام laghām, A bridle, a bit.

lugham, The foam of a camel's mouth; a kind of face-veil.

a لغايت li-ghāyat, To the end of; inclusive.

A - laghb (v.n.), Becoming fatigued, tired, weary; corrupting, injuring, causing mischief; relating anything wide of the truth; a vicious pronunciation;—lighb. A mountain-cleft; a narrow valley between two mountains;—laghab, The hair of the neck.

lughat, Tongue, idiom, speech, lan الحمة م guage, dialect; word, vocable; a dictionary, lexicon, vocabulary; an error in pronunciation; a different, and less correct reading;-'ilmi lu<u>ah</u>at, Lexicography;—kitābi lu<u>ah</u>at, A dictionary, a vocabulary.

a لغت پرداز lughat-pardāz, Accomplished

in word-lore.

a لغت تراهى lughat-tarāshī, The coining of big words; big words, pedantry.

a واعت دان lughat-dan, Who knows (many) languages; a linguist.

a إلى المت نويس lughat-saz, المت ساز lughatnawis, A lexicographer.

ا لغثرن العثين lughsūn (pl. لغائين laghāsīn), The inside and root of the nose.

laghd (v.n.), Driving (camels) into the right road; keeping in order; restraining; -lughd, The flesh about the throat and jaws; the lobe and the interior part of the

a المدة lughdat, Name of a grammarian of Isfahān.

laghz, A slip, stumble, fall.

laghz (v.n.), Changing, inverting, distorting; — lughs, lughas, Anything occult, ambiguous or mysterious; an enigma, riddle, puzzle; the hole of a lizard, rabbit, field-mouse or mole; a labyrinth, maze, meandering or crooked path.

العراك laghzān, Slipping down; slippery.

laghzānī, Slipperiness.

أعرانيدن laghzānīdan, To make anything

slip, slide, or fall; to lubricate.

laghzish, الغراف laghzak, A slip, slide; offence; anger; prevarication, equivocation; —laghzish (laghzak) khwurdan, To slip, to slide.

laghznāk, A slippery place. العرناك

المريدي la<u>ah</u>zīdan, To slip, slide, fall ; (in the dialect of Transoxania) to drink; to

لفسر laghsar, Bald-headed; scald.

A la laght, A court in front of a house; -- laght, laghat (v.n.), Making a loud noise, uttering a cry; cooing; a confused noise, indistinct voices.

laghm (v.n.), Relating uncertain news.

lagham, Reins, a bridle.

laghw (v.n.), Talking triflingly and nonsensically; barking (a dog); thoughtless and improper conversation; a blunder, mistake; pleasantry, joke (m.c.); (adverbially) in fun, in order to make one laugh (m.c.); anything contemptible, lowpriced, of small value; futile, vain; a camel's colt or sheep of mean quality.

العوب الموب laghūb, Foolish, weak;—lughūb, laghūb (v.n. of -A), Being exceedingly tired, greatly fatigued; weariness, fatigue.

a لغو عاى laghū-khāy, Who talks vainly or foolishly.

laghūna, Decoration, ornament, dress.

a لغرى laghwe, A foolish saying;—lughawi, Belonging to a language; verbal, literal; a lexicographer; the literal meaning (of a word); -ma'nāyi lughawī, The literal sense (of a passage).

الغويات المعي vain or foolish talk; absurdities, impro-

prieties.

a المربع laghwiya, laghwiya, A frivolous saying, an absurdity, an impropriety.

laff (v.n.), Involving, wrapping, folding; joining, adding one thing to another, assembling, collecting; a crowd of different people; [laff u nashr, A rhetorical figure corresponding to the chiasmus of the classics;]—liff, A crowd, multitude, troop, body of men; a body of false witnesses packed together from various places: -liff, laff, Thick, entangled trees; a garden thickly planted with trees;—luff (pl. of alaff), Thick, plump, with fleshy thighs.

A tw luffah, A well-known plant resem-

bling the brinial or egg-plant; fruit of the

tym q.v. A kia laffāz, Eloquent; voluble, verbose,

garrulous; a pedant.

A LL lufazat, Anything thrown out, especially from the mouth; a thing uttered, a word dropped from the mouth; remains (of anything).

a يقاطى laffāzī, Eloquence; volubility,

verbosity, loquacity; pedantry.

الماع لم lifā', A cloak or upper garment of a man or woman; a covering, carpet, quilt; a table-cloth; the front teat of a

quadruped.

A لَمَا لَمُ lifāfat, lifāfa, Any kind of bandages, swathes, or rollers wrapped round the feet of a corpse, mummy, &c.; a wrapper, outside cover of a letter, an envelope; (met.) gilding; whitewash; gloss; ostentation.

Laft (v.n.), Twisting, bending, rolling; turning away, diverting, preventing one from following his plan; - lift, A rape, turnip; one half of a thing; side, edge, margin; inclination, proneness; a friend.

المترة laftara, Vile, mean, ignoble. المترة laff, A thick lip like the lip of a camel, dirty, or hanging down when angry; a piece of meat without bone; a woman of loose character.

lafjān, One who hangs his lip from

extreme anger.

lafchan, في المجاه إلى q.v.; -lafch المج lafchin, Thick-lipped.

lafcha, = المجه q.v.; a roasted sheep's

head.

A الفحان lafahan (v.n. of الفحlafahanBurning (fire), scorching (heat or wind);

striking with a sword.

A bid lafz (v.n.), Ejecting, throwing out (of the mouth); pronouncing, articulating; pronunciation, utterance; a word, vocable; -mislu-hu lafz-an wa ma'ná-n, (A word) resembling another in sound and sense.

A "bal lafz-an, Explicitly, distinctly pro-

nounced.

batim.

المقالم lafgat, Word, speech, saying; utterance.

a لفظى lafzī; Enunciative; verbal; grammatical; literal.

laf' (v.n.), Covering the head (grey hairs); injuring by the evil eye, winking

q.v. below).

الحق ه lafq (v.n.), Sewing two things together;—lifq, One part, side, or edge of two pieces sewn together;—lifaq, Extreme swiftness; pronouncing words rapidly and twisting them about, so as to produce false impressions (?).

lafgar, Smoke, soot.

lafūh, A scorching wind.

A has lafig, Thrown out; spoken, pronounced, uttered.

a العيم lafif, Wrapped, folded, involute; complex; a crowd, mixed multitude, congregation of tribes; a friend, an acquaintance; (in grammar) a verb containing two weak letters;—lafifi mafrūq. A verb in which two weak letters are separated by a sound one, as in بادي;—lafīfi maqrūn, A verb in which two weak letters join each other, as in عدى. (See the article jub fil.)

laq, Destitute of hair, bald: an addle egg;—laq shudan, To lose their stopping (teeth, m.c.);—laq u taq, laq u daq, A desert, a wild uncultivated country;—laq,

luq, Cheating, deceiving.

striking on the eye; a crack in the ground; —daqq u laqq kardan, To clap the hands,

to applaud; to make a noise.

laqā, laqqā, The Brahminy kite, Haliastur indus; the fan-tail pigeon;—liqā (for A. liqā' q.v. below), Face, form, visage, countenance; [hūr-liqā, With a face like an angel, i.e. beautiful;—khwurshedliqā, With a face like the sun;—māhliqā, Moon-faced;]—luqā, luqqā, Vain; roguish; a scamp; a profligate.

roguish; a scamp; a profligate.

A stall liqā' (v.n. of stal), Meeting; encountering, being opposite; lighting or hitting upon; encounter, battle; a visit, interview (m.c.); what meets the eye, aspect, hence the P. meaning face, &c. (see preceding article); meeting one's fate, i.e. death; (pl. of liquat) female eagles;—liqā'u 'llāh, The meeting of God, resurrection.

Meeting; one meeting or encounter: an inaccurate word.

a لفاحت laqāt (for P. لكات g.v.), Lean ; infirm

List lagāh, v.n. of, and = z^{2} q.v.;—ligāh, The sperm of the stallion; a shecamel having a colt two or three months old; (pl. of lighat) souls, minds; (pl. of lagāh) male camels; (pl. of lighat, lughat) milch-camels;—lagqāh, One who causes a she-camel or palm-tree to be impregnated.

the reapers;—liqāt (v.n. 3 of bal), Meeting from opposite quarters; being left in the field by the reapers (stalks of corn);—

luqat, Ears of corn picked up.

A Blist luquetat, Anything gathered from off the ground; gleanings, pickings; sweepings, rubbish, anything of little value.

A dela luqqā al, Ready and prompt at giving an answer; a fool; a railer, slanderer, giver of ill names, or nicknames.

a من laqab, A title of honour, style, surname, addition; a nickname; (= P. bār-nāma, the preceding meanings being, therefore, to be added under بازنامه p. 143);

construed with the verbs dādan, kardan, giriftan, nihādan, yāftan, &c.

and conceiving (a she-camel);—laqah, A mountain; sperm;—liqah (pl. of liqhat), luqqah (pl. of laqūh), Milch (camels).

a dest liquat, An eagle; a crow; a woman giving suck; soul, mind;—liquat, luquat,

Milch (camel).

n من lags (v.n.), Accusing, reproaching, treating opprobriously; itch, scab;—lagas v.n.), Being disturbed, perplexed; being spoiled, depraved;—lagis, One who calls men by nicknames; a slanderer, reviler, fomenter of discord.

A kai laqt (v.n.), Gathering, picking from the ground; gleaning; mending, darning; —liqt, Escaping the reaper's sickle (stalks of corn);—laqat, Anything picked up; a little, somewhat;—laqatu's-sumbul, Gleanings of corn;—laqatu'l-ma'dan, Particles or small pieces of gold in the mine, or mixed with ore.

A من البراه الب

a foundling.

a عقا laq' (v.n.), Throwing away; injuring by the evil eye; overcoming in talk or

disputation.

A As laqf (v.n.), Seizing, snatching eagerly (like a hungry man);—laqaf (v.n), Falling in (a wall or well); side of a well or cistern;—laqif (A well) tumbled down or sunk at the bottom; a weak structure of bad bricks; quick, intelligent.

ا القلاق A laqlāq, A stork.

A لقاني laglag, A stork; the tongue.

A start laglaqat, laglaqa (v.n. of Crying tremulously; the noise produced by a stork; eloquence, pronunciation; spirit, ambition; weight, influence.

A red lagm (v.n.), Blocking (up the road); eating fast, gobbling;—lagam, lugam, The middle or main part of the road;—lugam (pl. of lugmat), Morsels, gobbets, mouthfuls.

A (1), when we want luquan (bin bā'ūrā), Name of a certain wise man, by some said to have been a son of Job's sister or aunt: by others, to have been a disciple of David: by others, a judge in Israel: while others declare him to have been an emancipated Ethiopian slave, and author of the fables current under his name.

a قماني luqmānī, Locmanic; wise, sage.

A Lai luqmat, laqmat, luqma, A mouthful, morsel; a kind of fritter; construed with the verbs chashidan, khwurdan, zadan, noshidan, &c.;—luqma'i āhan kashīdan, (to get a taste of iron) To receive a swordwound; to be fettered;—luqma ba-gulūyash firo na-mī-rawad, He chokes from

avarice; —luqma'i khalifa, (Caliph's bonne bouche) Name of a sweetmeat.

a اللمة يرطيزي luqma-parhezī, A superstitious prejudice against certain articles of

a العبة معار luqma-shumār, One who attends feasts uninvited, and counts the number of mouthfuls.

المحة المحة العمد

Low lagn (v.n.), Perceiving, understanding; quickness of apprehension; liqn, A side, edge, border, coast; a pillar, prop, buttress; sharp, quick, intelligent (lad); -laqan (v.n.), Being endowed with quickness of apprehension; -laqin, Who soon comprehends and easily retains.

laqw (v.n.), Bringing on the dis-

ease laquat.

laqwat, laqwa, A disease or distortion of the mouth; paralysis; [zū laqwat, Name of a certain eagle; a black eagle;] laquat, liquat, A female eagle; a nimble, active woman; soon conceiving (woman or camel).

laqūh, A he-camel; a she-camel that has taken the male; also one that is milked (up to two or three months after

foaling).

luqūm, A kind of fritter made of

flour, butter, and honey.

a لقوماش laqumāsh, القوماش laquma, Nicomachus, the father of Aristotle.

الميط الميط laqīt, Picked up; an exposed child, a foundling; an old well upon which one alights unawares.

lagītat, A contemptible man or woman; one of the meanest rank; a found-

ling girl;—banū 'l-laqītat, Name of a tribe. lak, A hundred thousand; weak of mind; foolish; idle, foolish words; an old garment in holes; the dress worn by country people; a spot, stain; bald; name of a tribe of gipsies; [laki rūpiya, A lac of rupees;]-lik, Name of a well-flavoured bird;—luk, The substance commonly called gum-lac, being the nidus of an insect found deposited on the twigs of certain trees in India, and from which a beautiful red lake is extracted, used in dyeing; the red colouring matter produced from gum-lac; a knot, bump, or swelling; anything not pared or trimmed; a wound in the belly, an imposthume; a ball; the ankle-bone.

A W lakk (v.n.), Striking one, especially on the nape of the neck with the clenched

🖾 lakā, (A baker's) kneading-trough; a stain upon cloths; a soft kind of skin; goats' leather; a red flower; a shoe or slipper; undressed leather; -lakā, lukā, Sediment of lac, used in fastening knifehandles; -lukā, A red colouring substance produced from gum-lac; an inhabited country, region, district; a window.

اكلس lakat, A thing spoilt, good for nothing

الكا lakāta, An immoral woman, a harlot (m.c.).

lukām, Shameless, impudent, bold, saucy; name of a mountain.

ا الكلم lakkām, Hard (hoof) breaking stones.

الكانك lakāma, A sheep's pudding, chitterling, sausage; penis.

الكامة q.v.; a strumpet.

لكائي lakā'ī, Red colour, red.

الكد A lakd (v.n.), Striking with hand or foot; driving away; -lakad (v.n.), Adhering (dirt); — lakid, Avaricious; narrowminded.

a نكد lakad, A kick, cuff, blow;—lakad barābar zadan, To aspire to higher things; to despise people;—lakad bar gori hatim zadan, To excel in liberality, to be generous beyond one's means;—lakad khwurdan, To be kicked ;-lakad dar kār zadan, To upset a matter;—lakad zadan, To strike, kick, cuff; to tread, trample;—lakad zadani tufang, The recoil of a fire-arm when discharged.

luk-dar, Varnished, glazed, po-

lished.

a الكدن lakad-zada, Kicked, cuffed; trod. a نكد زن lakad-zan, Striking ; a kicker.

اکد سپر a الکه کوب lakad-sipar, الکه کید lakad-kob که koba), Kicking; kicked, trodden; a kick; -lakad-kob khwurdan, To be kicked, &c. ;-lakad-kob kardan, To kick, &c.

a نکد و کوب lakad-u-kob, Assault and

battery

lakz (v.n.), Striking with the fist on the breast or jaws in fighting;—lakiz, Avaricious.

a اکبن lakzan (for lakad-zan), Kicked, cuffed. &c.

lak' (v.n.), Stinging (as a serpent الكح ه or scorpion); striking the udder with his head (a sucking lamb); eating, drinking; bite, puncture; — lik', A dwarf; — laka' (v.n.), Adhering (mud); being mean, sordid, dirty; -luka', Worthless, sordid, avaricious; a slave to one's passions; an infant; a colt; the two sons of 'Alī, Hasan and Husain.

الكك likak, A sour plum.

الكل likal, A pear.

ا الكلان laklak, Idle talk;—liklik, A mill-

laklaka, Vain, idle talk ;—liklika, A

mill-hopper.

lakm (v.n.), Driving, knocking off; striking with clenched fist;—la-kum, To

you, of you, yours.

lakan, Any bason or vessel in which the hands, feet, or body are washed; a candle-stick; a censer; a chafing-dish; a cotton cover or screen for a candle; a fireateel; a large grate.

A OS lakan (v.n.), Speaking barbarously (especially bad Arabic); a basin, bowl (see preceding article);—lakin, One who pronounces badly; a stutterer.

ا لكن lākin, كن lākinna, But, still, not-

withstanding, nevertheless.

stuttering; pronouncing (Arabic) badly; impediment in speech.

a الكنتى luknati, Stammering; a stammerer, stutterer; a lisper; one who has an

impediment in his apeech.

العوريك lak u pak, Running up and down; an old carpet; household furniture, especially when worse for the wear; rude, unskilful, inexpert; -luk u puk, Coarse, thick, rough, untrimmed.

luk-u-puki, Thickness, coarse-

ness.

luk u lunj, A lip. الله و لنج

أكم laka, lakka, Spot, stain; red dye, lac;

ا المحمد (S. langhana), Hunger; a fast-day.

lukīn, A coarse woollen cloth.

lag, Pain, trouble, sorrow, affliction, suffering; imprisonment; a prison; stick; flagellation.

ligam, A bridle; the bit:--ligam khā'īdan, To champ the bit; to be refrac-

tory; -- ligām dādan, To attack.

ligām az sar girifta, Indomitable, unrefrained.

الكام ريز ligām-rez, Slack-rein, full-speed. الكام الكات laglag, A stork.

also lagala, A kick, blow with the foot.

lagan, A brazen or copper pan in which the hands are washed; also one used for baking purposes.

lagancha, A small dish or basin

(m.c.).

lagūr, A tribe of gipsies living in the vicinity of Harāt.

لله lala, A mentor, a tutor.

A كل li-llah (for كالله), For God; for the love of God, for God's sake; - li-llahi 'l-hamd wa 'l-minnat, To God be praise and thanks.

الم lam, Mercy, forgiveness; rest; tranquillity ;-lam dadan (dashtan, sadan), To

give oneself rest, to sleep.

الم الم lam, Not (giving the acrist the signification of the preterite, as lam yansur "he did not assist;" [lam-yazalī, Eternal;] -lima, lim (for li-ma), Why; wherefore? for that which; -lamm (v.n.), Assembling, collecting what had been dispersed; repairing, mending, restoring; eating one's own substance and that of one's friends; committing a peccadillo.

W lamā, Nightshade, foxgrapes.

▲ Wla-mā, Surely not; - h-mā, For that which; whereas; why? wherefore?-lamma. Not yet; never; if not; when.

A small bit, morsel, taste,

A two lammah, One who looks slily, but attentively; glancing; shining.

lammāz, A defamer (of one pre-

A List lamāz, Whatever is tasted with the tip of the tongue; somewhat, a small quantity.

ا لماع لماع lammā, Bright, glittering (sword). الماع الماع lamāq, Aught (I have not tasted).

lam-ā-lam, Up to the brim.

A de lammat, Fortune; misfortune; vehemonce, intensity; a little; a slight touch (of insanity); -limmat, Lock flowing below the ears (those which reach to the shoulders being called jummat).

lamtur, Uneven, rough; strongbodied; coarse, thick; fat; idle, tardy,

languid.

الم تر ما lam tara mā, Especially.

lamj (v.n.), Eating with the foreteeth, or with the corners of the mouth; lying with.

lamh (v.n.), Looking at slily, glancing the eyes at any object; shining, twinkling (a star); flashing (lightning); —lamhu''l-basr, The twinkling of an eye.

A المعان lamahān (v.n. of المعان), Shining, twinkling (a star), flashing (lightning).

lamhat, lamha, A glance with the eye; a wink; lightning; a minute, a moment; similitude, resemblance; -lumhat, A shining spot.

a المحمد lamha-lamha, Every moment. lamz (v.n.), Defaming, accusing, reproaching; winking, making a signal with the eyes; striking; burning.

A 5, lamzat, A wink; -lumazat, A slan-

derer (of the absent).

المزدي lam-zadan, To sleep soundly; to stretch out.

tams, Soft, tender, delicate.

A لبس lams (v.n.), Touching, handling, feeling; lying with; the sense of feeling or touch; lumus (pl. of lamus), Camels which must be felt to ascertain if they be fat or not; spurious.

limiek, لمشك limiek, A sort of

curd eaten with fresh milk and salt.

q.v. لمتر = ,lamtur لمطر

المط lamz (v.n.), Rolling the tongue about the mouth to pick the teeth; licking the lips; -lamaz, Whiteness of the under lip of a horse.

لمع lam', لمعان lama'ān (v.n. of لمع المع المع المع المع المع المعان), Shining, glittering, glancing, twinkling, flashing, glaring; pointing at; moving the wings in its flight (a bird); convulsions (of death).

lama'āt, Splendours, effulgen-

cies.

A Lam'at, lum'a, One flash, glance, twinkle; splendour, brilliancy; the glare

of the sun: construed with zadan, shikastan, &c.; -lum'at, A crowd, a congregation; part of a plant beginning to wither and getting white; any part of the body remaining dry during ablution.

lam<u>gh</u>ān, Name of a quarter of the city of Ghaznin; or of a city near Ghaznin.

lamq (v.n.), Striking (especially with the palm upon the eye); rubbing the eyes; looking steadily; obliterating, wiping off; -lamaq, The greater part or middle of the road; -lumuq (pl. of lamiq), Those who strike upon the eye with the open hand.

المك lamak, Lamech, the father of Noah. lamam (v.n. of لتم lamam (v.n. of لنم ه verge of sin, without positively committing it; a slight touch of madness; venial sins; -limam (pl. of limmat), Locks flowing below the ears.

liman (from li and man), To him or to them who; to whom? whose?—liman al-mulk, He to whom belongs the kingdom or sway.

lamno, The island Lemnos (m.c.).

lamus, A camel which must he touched to ascertain if it be fat or lean.

الم يربع lam-yuzra', Uncultivated (m.c.). الم برلي lam-yazal, لم برلي lam-yazali, Unchangeable; eternal.

a يزلية lam-yazalīya, (fem. of the preceding), Eternal.

Lan, Not, it shall not be that, certainly never (from la "not" and an "that");—lan tarā-nī, Thou shalt or wilt never see me, i.e. the like of me; (met.) boasting, bragging; brag, boast, conceit.

لنبان lamban, A used-up strumpet who acts as a procuress; -lumban, Name of a

village near Ispahan.

لنبر lambar, lumbur, Strong, fat; buttocks. لىرك lambak, Name of a cnp-bearer ;-lumbak, Fat and unwieldy.

lumbos, The inside of the cheek. لنبة lamba, Anything round like an orange or an apple;—lumba, Fat; large; long.

laṃpā, A lamp (m.c.).

لنبه سر lamba-sar, (round-head) Name of a mountain in Māzandarān.

.q.v نمتر = lantar ننتر

a لنترالي lantarānī, Boast, brag, conceit ahove). (see لن

linti, Who idles his day away lying لنحي

under a tree.

lanj, linj, A. proud or graceful air in walking; pulling up and carrying from place to place; tearing anything from the ground, eradicating; hanging, suspending; -lunj, The cheek, the inside (according to some, the exterior part) of the cheek; the lower parts of the face, the mouth and chin; a lip; a cripple, without the use of hands or feet.

lanjā, A pulling out, a tearing up ;-lunja, A cripple, without hands or feet.

linjan, Name of a district in Ispahan, abounding in rice-grounds and gnats.

الحه lanja, A proud air in walking, a waving from side to side; pulling up and carrying away; -lunja, Lip; environs of the mouth; a cripple.

لنحيد lanjidan, To pull up by the roots, to eradicate; to chide, reproach; to mock, ridicule, or point at with the fingers; to wave from side to side in walking, with a swagger; to diffuse odour.

w land, Membrum virile; a boy, youth, son;—lund, Vain boasting; a grumbling from anger ;-lund lund kardan, To mutter,

to grumble (m.c.).

lunda, Murmuring.

.*tundish*. Murmur لندش

landra (۲), A red cloth of inferior kind.

land-hor, (offspring of the sun) لده هور Name of a great king in Hindustan.

لىدى lindi, = لىدى q.v.

bundidan, To boast; to murmur, mutter.

lantī, Name of the son of Yunan. li-nafsi-hi, For his (or its) own

الكران lankurān, Name of a town on the Caspian (see النكرون).

tinz, Linz in Austria (m.c.).

الك lang, Lame; maimed; the halting of a caravan for a day or two; penis; [lang kardan, To stop (esp. travellers in order to rob them, m.c.); -bar lang sadan, To flee;] -ling, The leg, from the groin to the tip of the toe; the ankle; [lingi khākī, lingi sar-kash, lingi kamar, Names of wrestling tricks; - pīshi ling kashīdan, To trip up in wrestling (m.c.); \(\) \(\) \(\) lung, \(A \) cloth worn round the loins and passed between the legs.

langāk, An opprobrious, reproachful, contemptuous, or disagreeable word.

الكان langan, Halting, limping; sneezing. langān-raftagī, Lameness in لنگان رفتك walking, a limping, halting mode of going

الكان لنكان لنكان لنكان لنكان لنكان لنكان لنكان لنكان الكان

ing, going lame.

لىگانة langāna, Limpingly, haltingly. ling-barra, A kind of broth or

Bou

نگر langar, An anchor; a stay or rope for supporting a tent; the house or monastery of the Calendars or Muhammadan monks; a mendicant; a wall of stone, brick, wood, or clay round the tomb of a distinguished person; an alms-house; worthless, mean, fraudulent, deceitful, disliked by everybody; strong; majesty, authority (construed with as kaf dadan, bakhtan, nigah dashtan) ;--langar afgandan

(andākhtan, zadan, nihādan), To cast anchor; -langar ba-khwud giriftan, To leave the place; (met.) to become impatient;—langar bar-awardan (bar-dashtan, kashidan), To weigh anchor; - langari shamsher, The weight of the sword; -langar kardan dar, To settle firmly in.

لنگران الميران angurān, = لنگران

langar-andākhta, Firm, not انكر الداعدة easily moved from one's purpose.

ريون (؟), Negropont (m.c.).

langar-khana, À hospital or bedehouse for the entertainment of the poor and indigent; a house or arsenal where anchors are stored.

langar-kharch, Provisions or funds for the support of the poor, charitable funds.

لنگر دار langar-dār, Weighty, ponderous. ننگر داد انگر کاه lanyar-gāh, An anchorage, sea-

langar-gīr, (A ship which) by its ننگر کیر own weight (is) kept in its place.

langari, Provisions distributed to the poor; a kind of drinking-glass.

ننگ زين lang-zan, Bow-legged. ننگن langan, Hunger; a fast kept by Hindus.

H لنگونة lungota, A narrow strip of cloth which poor people wear about their waists; -lungota bastan, To tie on the lungota; to renounce the world.

الكة langa, A bale (m.c.); fold of a door (m.c.) ;—lingah, The leg, the ankle (= لنكف ling, q.v.);—linga kashīdan, To quit, refrain.

langī, Lameness;—lungī, A cloth worn round the loins and passed between the legs.

langidan, To halt, lame, limp; to

roll, wallow (as a horse or dog).

lav, The lip; an eminence; bile; a kind of sweetmeat; name of a town in Māzandarān ;— $l\bar{u}$, A repository, any vessel containing somewhat; $-l\bar{u}$, lo, A ply, fold; -kafshi yak-lû, A single-soled or unlined shoe.

hwa', The twisting or coiling of a serpent; the winding of a river, &c.; a standard, flag, ensign, banner, colours; a government (of a small district, town, or castle);—liwā'i nuṣrat-iltiwā, The victorious banner; mīri liwā', The governor of a small province or a city.

لواب luwab (v.n. of لوب), Thirsting;

thirst; spittle, saliva.

lauwāhat, Scorching, tanning فراحة (heat of the sun, &c.).

A beld lawahiz (pl. of lahizat), Glancing

lawāḥiq (pl. of lāḥiq or lāḥiqat), Dependencies, appurtenancies; relations, kindred; followers, clients, domestics.

المِدَ liwaz (v.n. 3 of المِدَ Fleeing for

refuge to one another; wrestling against, opposing, contradicting; using art or fraud; -lawāz, liwāz, luwāz (v.n. of لوك), Taking for one's defence or safeguard.

lawāra, Name of a town in Hindū-

المال lauz).

لوازم الم lawazim (pl. of lazim), لوازم lawazimat (pl. of the preceding), will lawazima, Necessary things, requisites, accompaniments, consequences, inevitable results; baggage; a fee, perquisite.

lawās, A taste, anything to be

tasted.

lawaeh. A thin cake or biscuit.

lawasha, Barnacles for restive لرامة horses, a farrier's twitch.

A Lid lauwāt, A sodomite (people of Lot).

اراكا له liwatat, Sodomy, pederasty;—liwatat kardan, To commit sodomy.

liwātat-kun, A sodomite. كواطت كن

اراك المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال الم spinner, particularly of materials for tent-

lawāq, Something, anything.

lawāqiḥ (pl. of lāqiḥ), (Camels or female palms) that have taken the male; (winds) driving about rainy clouds.

lawalib (pl. of laulab), Staples, holes into which a bolt shoots; screws,

vices.

law-ā-lav, Light, trifling, undignified.

المِا اللهِ lawā-lawā, Light, fickle, inconstant. lauwamat, An accuser, لواحة lauwamat, An accuser, censurer, blamer; lūwām (pl. of lā'im), Accusers, blamers.

المحم lawāmi' (pl. of lāmi'at), Lights,

rays.

(.v.), ليوان lawāwīn (A. pl. of لواوين q.v.) Ante-chambers.

liway, A standard, banner (construed with afrākhtan, bastan, zadan, &c.).

الراية liwayat, The spear-staff of a banner

liwā'iḥ (pl. of lā'iḥ or lā'iḥat), Lights, splendours, luminous appearances,

lawa'im (pl. of la'imat), Accusations, reproaches; slanders; faults.

laub (v.n.), Going round a well without being able to get to it on account of the crowd (thirsty camels); -laub, lub (v.n.), Thirsting; thirst; -lub, A bee.

لوبة م lūbat, lūba, A stony tract; Lybia.

لَوْبا هُ lūbā, A kind of pulse.

a وبان lobān, Frankincense; olibanum; benzoin.

الوبرة lobara, A wild ram; a wild buffalo. ليشة lūbasha, Thrashed grain still in the

لوبي lūbī, An Ethiopian, Lybian.

لوبيا lūbiyā, لوبيا lūbiya, A kind of pulse, a species of French bean.

ارب lūp, The jaw (m.c.).

أرسة laut (v.n.), Relating, declaring, telling news without being asked; suppressing, concealing (intelligence).

أوت lot, Delicious viands; a sort of pastry; a large mouthful; a harsh, disagreeable youth;—lat. Naked, bare.

لوت خوار lot-khwār, A glutton; a clean eater.

lotar, الوترة lotara, A secret mode of conversation; an enigma.

لوتكة lūtaka, A kind of boat, skiff.

اوت , برس lot u pot, Sorts of meat and drink.

المن (v.n.), Being powerful, strong; wrapping a turban, &c. round the head; taking refuge with, flying to for protection; contaminating, soiling; contamination, defilement, impurity; slowness, tediousness.

loj, A country in Iran ;—lūj, Naked.

lujiyā, Long. لوجيا

لوم loch, Squint-eyed; (= luj) naked.

lauh (v.n.), Rising, appearing, or shining (as the sun or a star); flashing; tanning, changing one's colour (as travelling, &c.); being manifest; the brilliant appearance of a star; a table, plank, slab, black-board (construed with tarashidan, kardan, &c.); the panel of a door; the shoulder-blade; the air, atmosphere; [lauhi pā, The foot-board or treadle of a weaver's loom; — lauhi pak, A plain board (not written upon); -lauhi turbat, = lauhi marqad, q.v. below ;-lauhi ta'līm, A black board or slate (for exercise); -lauhi khāmoshī, Silence; —lauhi dū rang, The world; time; fortune; —lauhi dīwān, The illumined title-page of a collection of poetry; -lauhi tilsim, The tablet on which the solution of a talisman is written ;—lauhi mahfūz (lauhu 'l-mahfuz), The preserved tables (on which, according to Muhammadan belief, the transactions of mankind have been written by God from all eternity); -lauhi marqad (masār), A tomb-stone, &c., with inscription from the Qur'an ;—lauhi nā-khwanda, Revealed wisdom as infused into prophets; -lauh u galam, The tablet and pen (of Divine decrees);]-lūh (v.n.), Thirsting; thirst; a glance.

المحض الله lauhash allāh (for lā auhash-hu 'l-lāh), May God not make him desolate! May God remove all sorrow from him!

God forbid! bravo! well done!

ارخ السَّ<u>kh</u>, A reed; hump-backed.

lokhan, The moon.

lauda, A pannier.

н فردة loda, The bark of Symplocus racemosa.

refuge; surrounding, encompassing; the side or circuit of a mountain; the winding of a vale or river; name of the son of Shem.

ا لوذع المنا lauza', لوذع lauza'ī, Eloquent,

ingenious, exceedingly clever; nimble, dexterous; witty, smart in sally and repartee.

bor, The channel of a torrent, a torrent; a dish made of new milk or sour whey boiled and thickened; a sort of cheese; the bow of a cotton-dresser; impudent, shameless; name of a bird; name of a country, and of a people.

lora, Cream-cheese; a quicksand.

لوراثر lorādar, لورائر lorānāk, لوراثر لارائد drāwar, الوراثر An oil-bottle made of skins; a copper vessel for making butter.

لرستان loristan, a country in Persia. لرستان lorak, A cotton-dresser's bow.

ار کند lor-kand, A gulley made by a torrent.

lora, A torrent, water-course.

lorī, Bold, impudent, shameless; a singer, street-beggar; nice, delicate; name of a bird; name of a gipsy tribe in Persia; —lūrī, leprosy.

A 13 laws (v.n.), Fleeing anto, taking refuge; escaping, saving oneself; an almond; a kind of sweetmeat; [laww'l-mi'dat(mi'da), The pancreas, sweetbread;—laww 'l-hind, The quince;]—lawiz, Indigent, needy, destitute.

lauzāt, Sweetmeats in which almonds are mixed, almond confections; almond-shaped sweetmeats.

lauzat, One almond. لوزة الم lauzatān, The uvula.

lozan, Lausanne in Switzerland.

اوزة loza, lauza, Anything sweet, nice, and delicate, whether to the palate or ear; humility, flattery, deceit.

أوريات lauzīyāt, lauzīyāt, Sweetmeats in which almonds are used, almond confections.

a لوزينيا lauzīnaj, لوزينا lauzīna, A confection of almonds; any food in which almonds form a part;—lozīna ba-gāv dādan, (met.) To misplace a thing;—dar lausīna sīr khwurdan (dādan), To eat (or put) garlic with almonds, (met.) to experieuce an alloy to one's pleasures; to be cheated or gulled; to render another's existence miserable.

lozh, A box (in a theatre, m.c. from

Fr. loge, see 3).

laus (v.n.), Tasting, hunting after delicacies; rolling anything round the mouth; taste;—lus, Meat, food.

tos, Flattery, seduction, deceit; pretended humility; adulteration, debasement; wry-mouthed; a wry mouth; adhesive mud.

losāna, Flattery. لوسانه

أوسيدي losīdan, To cheat, act dishonestly. لوسيدي laush, A withered melon;—losh, The Grecian painter Zeuxis;—lūsh, Leprous; torn in pieces; ignorant, stupid; black thin clay; mud adhering to cattle; wrymouthed.

loshā, Name of the painter Zeuxis.

loshāba; Sweet, agreeable to the palate or the ear.

loshāra, Ground worn into gul-

lies.

lūshān, Name of a place between

Khazrān and Manjīl.

loshāna, Śweet, agreeable to the palate or ear; flattery, adulation; pretended humility.

loshan, Black mud at the bottom of

a pond.

loshnāk. Full of mud; muddy

ارس A لوس laus (v.n.), Prying, peeping through the chinks of a door; swerving, turning aside from; changing one thing into another ad libitum (?); a pain in the ear or throat.

A لمل lausat, A pain in the back,

lumbago.

laut (v.n.), Possessing one's affections, being dear to one; joining, uniting, bringing together (friends); bedaubing (a cistern) with mud, plastering; committing sodomy; a cloak; a man expert and expeditious in business; profit, usury; anything which sticks or adheres;— $l\bar{u}t$, Lot.

lutūs (G. λωτὸs), The lote-tree. a لوطى lūtī, The people of Lot or Sodom; a sodomite; an impudent, forward fellow;

a brave, bully; a jester, buffoon, clown. a لوطى بازى lūtī-bāzī, Playing the buffoon,

a لوطى يوطى lūṭī-pūṭī, A thorough rascal (m.c.) lau' (v.n.), Being avaricious, villainous, and cowardly; tanning, freckling,

turning the colour of the skin (the sun, &c.);

the ardour, or burning pain of love.

الرع المعنى الم disposition arising from love, care, or sick-

lūgh, Drinking; a milking; (imp. of lūghīdan, in comp.) a drinker; a milker; a roller.

lughanidan, To cause to milk.

lüghidan, To drink; to milk; to

البك lūf, Dragon-wort; the plant elephants-ear.

lufa, A species of the herb semper-

vivus; centaury.

لونرديس lūfardīs, Name of a very soft Egyptian stone, easily dissolved in water, and used for washing purposes.

lùqā, The evangelist Luke.

sy אָנוֹאָט lùqābīn, Seed of wild rue.

ا المنظم Laugat, An hour;—lūgat, Butter; a dish of fresh dates and butter.

لوتس lūqis (G. λευκός), White. פּנְיבִינְי lūqiyûn, The box-thorn.

lauk (v.n.), Rolling anything in the mouth to masticate it; chewing anything hard (as a horse champing the bit);

injuring another's reputation.

lok, A sort of burden-bearing camel having very little hair; weak, silly, mean, contemptible; ivy (in the dialect of Sistan); milk boiled to a consistency; one who crawls on hands and knees.

lūkar, Name of a city in Hindūstān. لوكسامبورغ lūksāmbūr<u>ah</u>, Palais du Luzem-

bourg in Paris (m.c.).

lokishwar (Ś. lokeśvara), A being کوکشور who transmutes perfect souls from the fetters of the brute form into the human form (a notion of the followers of S'ākyamuni, who are believers in metempsychosis).

lokomotīv, Engine (m.c. from E.

through (7.).

لوكة lūka, Cotton separated from the seed; any kind of flour; the cry of dog or cat; toasted meal.

lūkīdan, To crawl on hands and knees like an infant; to stagger or walk

لول lol, Shameless, bold, impudent.

laulā, Unless, save, except, but for; come on !—الولاك laulā-ka, But for thee (the world would not have been called out of nonexistence; see the article ().

lūlānch, A kind of sweetmeat.

lūlāwar, A sort of لولاري lūlānak لولالك bottle for keeping oil and the like (comp. .(لوراناك

الملك laulab, The staple or place into which a bolt goes; a spring; a screw, a vice; any tube or canal through which water flows.

a لولبي laulabī, Belonging to or resem-

bling a screw or vice.

laular, A light, frivolous, undignified أوار man (see the following article);—lolar, A name of God (see لرلر for which it is probably a misreading).

lau-lau, A light, frivolous, undignified man;—lū-lū, A figure dressed up to

frighten children.

lu'lu', lûlû, A pearl, gem, jewel; the wild cow; - lu'lu'i maknun, A pearl concealed in the shell; (met.) a virgin;lu'lu'i munazzad, Pearls neatly strung; (met.) well-set teeth ;—abū lu'lu', Name of the murderer of the Caliph Othman.

lūlū-bār, Raining, scattering كولو بار a

gems.

a لو پاش lūlū-pāsh, Scattering gems; lūlū-pāshi dumū' shudan. To shed pearly

a لولوثى lūlu'î, Pearl-coloured, pearly; a

pearl-merchant, a dealer in pearls.

لولا lola, Flour toasted; a handful of flour kneaded into dough; -lūla, A canal, tube, syphon, the pipe or spout of a ewer or alembic; a tobacco-pipe; a reed used by weavers to wind thread upon; the mouth or barrel of a fire-arm; —lūla'i dam,

The ferrule of bellows; —bā-lūla kūza, A

flagon with a spout.

ارلى loli, Nice, delicate; merry, glad; intelligent, clever; a public singer; a courtezan; name of a handsome people called Karajī;—lolī'i falak, Venus.

لوليخالة lolī-<u>kh</u>āna, A bawdy-house,

brothel

lūlīn, A jug, flagon, or any similar vessel with a speut, and made of clay (those made of metal being called aftaba).

laum (v.n.), Blaming, reprehending, accusing; reproof; fear, dread; fault, error, sin, crime; [laum kardan, laum u taubīkh kardan, To accuse; to reprove, rebuke;]lu'm (v.n.), Being ignoble, inglorious, mean, sordid, avaricious; meanness, baseness, avarice; covetousness; villainy, vice;lu'am (pl. of la'mat), Coats of mail.

laumat (v.n. of الرم Reproving, blaming; a severe reproof; anything blameworthy; the choicest honey; -lūmat, (A man) accused; expectation; delay;—luwamai, (A man) who blames others.

اري ▲ laun, Colour, hue; complexion; external form; a species, genus, kind, sort; a kind of palm-tree; -qalilu 'l-laun, Discoloured, faded; — kasīrū 'l-laun, Many-

coloured, variegated.

lawand, Free, independent; a soldier, volunteer, adventurer; without a fixed residence; a libertine who fears not God nor regards man; ignorant; slothful, sluggish, lazy; a frequenter of taverns and stews; a prostitute, strumpet; a man who is fond of his wife; gallant; a servant or labourer; a naughty boy; good news.

londra, London (m.c. from It.

Londra).

ن الله الله الله lawand-zan, A whore; married to a harlot, wedded to a whore.

a & launa, Paint for the ladies.

la'ūs, An epicure, one who hunts لو'رس ه after delicacies.

lawa, A kite; a bird like a partridge. lauhāwar, lohāwar, Lahore.

lauhūr, Lahore. لوهور lauhur لوهر

lohanīn, An instrument for separating cotton from its seed.

lawir, A large caul- لويد dron or kettle, especially of brass.

lawisa, Name of Abel's twin-sister.

لويش lawesh, لويش lawishan, لويش lawesh, ينهم المعنه lawisha, A blacksmith's twitch for holding the nose of a horse whilst shoeing.

& lah, Scent, smell; wine made from grapes; a Pole (m.c.); [ahli lah, The Polish nation; -mamlakati lah, Poland;] -la, The pine-tree; name of a town in Turkistan;—lih, Anything old and ready to fall in pieces; -luh, A black eagle.

A & la-hu, His, to (from, or of) him.

A W la-hā, To her;—lahá, lihā' (pl. of lähat), Uvulas.

الباب lihāb (pl. of lihb), Spaces between mountains; fissures; (pl. of lahban) thirsty people; — luhāb (v.n. of 🛶), Burning, flaming (fire); being inflamed; heat of the fire; flame without smoke; thirst.

الماق الماق lahàt, The uvula.

الهاك الهاك luhās (v.n. of لهاك), Lolling out the tongue (from thirst); burning thirst; pangs of death.

luhār, Name of a city.

المازم A lahāzim (pl. of lihzimat), Jaw-bones projecting under the ear.

lahāshum, An ugly, disagreeable لهاهم

thing.

ل الماتي الم lahāq, A white bull.

lahhāk, Name of a brother of Pirān, Afrāsiyāb's general;—luhāk, lahhāk, Cause, motive, reason, argument.

lahāwar, luhānūr, كاور lahāwar, The

city of Lahore.

A -d lahb, Flame, blaze; -lahb, lahab (v.n.), Blazing, flaming without emitting smoke; — libb, The space between two mountains; a narrow pass or valley;lahab, Flame (especially smokeless);—abū lahab, Name of one of Muhammad's uncles cursed by Qu'ran cxi.

A ω lahbān, Thirsty;—lahabān (v.n. of ++), Blazing, flaming (without smoke);

excessive heat; thirst.

المبلك lahbala, Foolish, stupid; unlearned, ignorant, unskilful.

lahs (v.n.), Lolling the tongue (a dog, from thirst or fatigue); - lahas,

Thirst. الم lahaj (v.n.), Being greedy, devoted, or habitually addicted to; cheating; lahij, Greedy, covetous, habitually addicted to.

lahjat, lahja, The tongue; voice, sound, tone; accent, accentuation; modulation; cadence; [faṣīhu 'l-lahjat, Eloquent;]-luhjat, luhja, Breakfast; a whet before dinner.

المه lahd (v.n.), Oppressing, overwhelming, beating down (a load); beating, thrusting, pushing; heaviness of a load; a grave, also an indolent or sedentary man; ignoble, sordid.

A المال li-hāzā, Because of, therefore, con-

sequently, for this reason.

lahar, A tavern, public house, where wine and strong liquors are sold; a rothel; (S. lahari) a wave.

luhrāsp, A king of Persia, father لبراسي

of Gushtash; justice.

lahz (v.n.), Beginning to come upon one (grey hairs); mixing with a crowd of people, or in any society; striking the breast with the fist, or piereing it with a spear; striking the udder with the head when sucking (any young quadruped).

البوسة lihzimat, The jaw-bone under the

hahs (v.n.), Licking (a dish); pulling or licking the teat without sucking; running hungrily and eagerly to victuals.

المستوا lahistān, Poland (m.c., see d).

A المال lahf, Ah! alas! (a particle of regret);— lahaf (v.n.), Lamenting (especily for anything neglected and gone).

المهنا luhfat, lihufat, A doll, puppet. المهنان luhfatān (pl. of luhfat), Dolls.

white (but not glossy or shining);—lahiq, White but not glossy (bull, garment, hoariness);—lahiq, lahaq, A white bull; whitish; brown, tawny (camel);—abyaz lahiq, Intense white.

ليانان lahlahān, A species of sweet basil.

lahanj, A stone upon which washers beat their linen; a whetstone; concord,

harmony.

had lahna, A fool, idiot; a stone;—lahna'i jān-gazā, A stone which causes anyone who looks on it to burst out into a

violent fit of laughter.

الم lahw (v.n.). Playing, amusing oneself, passing the time agreeably, unbending; lying with; play, anything ludicrous or jocular; whatever diverts the thoughts from anything serious (as women or children);—lahwu'l-ḥadis, Amusing stories; —lahw u la'b, Playing and toying; sport, amusement, game, fun.

الموري lahūm, A glutton; milch (camel);

excellent (horse); a large army (?).

a ليو ماكل lahw-mā'il, Inclined to play,

a لبرى lahwī, Pronounced from the uvula.

الله الله liĥī, Leave, dismissal, discharge, liberty.

اوند dahid, = بوند q.v. (unsupported by examples).

المحد lahid, Tired, jaded (beast).

الميك lahīf, Injured, afflicted.

lahim, Death, fate, calamity;—luhaim, A large kettle or cauldron;—ummu 'l-luhaim, Misfortune; fever; fate; death.

لى lai, A vessel, casket; clay.

لى لَم lī, To me.

Laiy (v.n.), Bending, crooking, turning, twisting (a rope); twisting one's evidence, prevarication; turning the head and looking at; wagging the tail; deferring, putting off payment of a debt.

A chi layāḥ, liyāḥ, White; a white wild

bull.

الوك liyāz (v.n. 3 of لوك), Taking refuge; taking for a protection or fortress.

Liyāzat, A taking refuge. ليالة

Liyās, A wittol, a cuckold; with-

out spirit or ambition, one who never moves abroad.

A 332 liyāqat, Propriety, fitness, suitableness; congruence, congruity; dignity, worth, merit; skill, ability; prudence, judgment;— hasbi liyāqat, According to ability or merit.

ليالي ه layali (pl. of lail), Nights; (pl.

of lailá) scents of wines; Lailas.

liyām (pl. of la'īm), Mean, sordid men.

اليان layān, liyān, laiyān, Splendour, brightness (of a sword); lightning; flash-

ing, glittering.

layān (v.n. of البن), Being smooth and soft; softness, gentleness; lenity, smoothness; convenience, ease, comfort;—liyān (v.n. 3 of البن), Behaving placidly, compassionately, humanely; being soft and smooth; (v.n. of الرئ), Delaying, putting off payment of a debt; (pl. of līn) certain kinds of palm-trees.

ليپان , $ipar{a}$ ليپان $lipar{a}$ ليپان $lipar{a}$ ليپان $lipar{a}$

with minced meat and rice.

A Lait (v.n.), Hindering, preventing, diverting one (from a pursuit); defrauding, diminishing;—līt, Side of the neck or of the face;—laita (a particle of desire or regret, mostly for things unattainable), Would to God! Oh that! may heaven grant!—laita shi'r-ī, Would (that there were) my knowing, i.e. would that I knew!—laita wa la'alla (lait u la'all), (Saying) "would that and perhaps," evasion, prevarication, subterfuge; procrastination.

letak, Poor, indigent, distressed; a slave boy; a girl agreeably plump; one of mean origin; remainder of anything, dregs and the like; confounded, bewildered.

letakan (pl. of the preceding), Slave

boys or girls; boys, girls.

lais, A lion; a spider that pounces upon a fly; eloquent;—lis, A species of plant; thick herbage; (pl. of alyas) brave, strong (men).

لَيْدُرْعُس līṣarghus (comp. G. ληθαργία),

Oblivion.

الحار lechār, ليجال lechāl, A confection, electuary, preserved fruits, pickles.

لَّهُ الْمُورِر Laichūr, Bank of a river; a beetle (doubtful word).

ليديون $\bar{l}_{\bar{z}iy\bar{u}n}$ ليديون q.v.

ler, Slaver running from the lips and corners of the mouth.

اليرت lerat, lert, A belmet; a kind of armour.

lerd, A kind of armour.

liz, Soft and slippery ground; anything smooth and soft; drawing a manual instrument across anything; mixed; anything rare, choice, delicate, good.

lezam, A kind of bow with an iron chain instead of a string, with which the natives of the East exercise their bodies.

المون līza, Mixed; drawing a manual instrument across anything.

المريدي līzīdan, To mix; to slip, slide. ليس līs, (in comp.) Licking (with the tongue); -khāk-līs, Who licks the ground.

المس المائية laisa, There is not; not; except; layas, Fortitude, boldness.

lespana, ليسينه lespana, A weaver's reed on which he winds his thread.

līsish (from līsīdan), Licking.

ليسيدن līsīdan, ليسيدن līsīstan, To lick. ليسيدني līsīdanī, Capable of being licked ; an electuary;—dārūyi līsīdanī, A linctus,

a lambative medicine.

lait (v.n.), Being dear to, entwining ليط ▲ (itself) round the heart; attaching, causing to unite; —lait, līt, Colour; —līt, Skin, bark; disposition, temper, nature, habit, constitution; (pl. of litat) barks of canes; bows; canes.

litat, lita, Bark of a cane or reed;

a bow; a cane; a spear.

Lai', A being timid, cowardly.

legh, Cowardice (?).

laif (v.n.), Eating food;—līf, Fibres, filaments, especially of palm-trees.

a ليك lif, A brush made of palm-tree fibre.

līfat, A wrapper.

اليقة دان lifadan (incorrectly for ليقة دان q.v.), An inkholder; a shell for holding vermilion.

laiq (v.n.), Putting silk or cotton ليق ه into an inkholder; adhering; having the ink adhering to the cotton (an inkstand); being proper (action); fitting well (garment); - līq, A black substance mixed with collyrium; - liyaq, Thin clouds, or the openings in them.

Laigat (v.n. of ليق), Putting silk or cotton into an inkholder; -līqat, līqa, Raw silk or cotton put into an inkholder; clay, or anything similar, with which walls are

plastered.

a ليقة دان liga-dān, An inkholder; a shell

for holding vermilion.

ليك lek, A bustard; a measure for corn or dates; (for A lākin) but, notwithstanding, nevertheless.

اليكك līkak, A bustard.

a ليكن lekin, ليكن leka, But.

Lail, Night; the female bustard; ليل ▲ also a young bustard;—lail u nahār, Night and day; a species of wood.

ليلا līlā, The lilac-tree (m.c.).

Lailan, In the night-time.

A 12 li'alla, Lest, that not, in order that

lailat, One night ;—lailatu 'l-qadr, لياة ه The night of power (the 27th of Ramazān), when the Qur'an is said to have descended from heaven.

ليلاغ līlāj, Name of the inventor of chess, or more correctly of the game of nard (cf. المال); proverbially used for an accom plished trickster and cheat (m.c.).

lîlang, Indiyo ليلنك أرlīlaj ليلنج أليلج أليلج plant.

ايلو līlū, A pond, a ditch.

līlūpar, ليلوپل līlūpal, The waterlily.

lailá, The odour of black wine, or the commencement of its intoxicating influence; a female proper name, in particular that of the celebrated mistress of Majnun (ميهنون see).

a ليكي lailī, Nocturnal; one who does

anything by night.

lailiyā, (in Zand and Pazand) ليليا

الم الم lim, Peace, concord, harmony; equal, resembling in form, stature, and disposition.

līmūn, ليمونا līmūn, ليمون līmūnā, A lemon, citron.

līmū-dārū, Name of a plant or herb which grows in rocky places, and has the odour of a lemon; verbena.

laimūn, A lemon. ليمون ▲

limūnā, Lemon-juice; a lemon, citron.

ليمون كاغلى līmūn-kāghazī, A lime.

limuni, Made or imbued with lemon.

ليمولين līmūnīn, Garden-sorrel. līmū'ī, Lemon-green.

ا لين lain (v.n.), Being smooth; being gentle, mild, placid; soft, smooth, gentle, placid; -līn, Ŝoftness, smoothness; a kind of palm; [harfu'l-lin, The letters , and ;] —la'in, Certainly;—laiyin, Soft, smooth, gentle;—laiyinu 'l-jānib, Of gentle man-

lainat, A leathern cushion ;—linat لينة م (v.n. of لين), Being smooth ;—līna, A kind

of palm.

linaj, A litharge produced in Cyprus. a ليني līni, Soft, as applicable to the . ی or و , ا lev. The sun.

اليوان līwān, An ante-chamber.

Luyūs (pl. of lais), Lions.

līwak, A stout, uncouth young man. levlank, Butter-milk dried in the sun ;- levlank, layūlank, Snow.

liyūn, Lyons in France (m.c.).

المون līwa, A deceiver, flatterer: jocular; stupid, foolish.

ليوة أثين A ليوة أثين līwa-ā'īn, Of flattering, jocular or foolish disposition.

Laih (v.n.), Being covered, veiled,

concealed; being high, eminent, exalted.

A high la'im, Vile, abject, mean; base, worthless, ignoble; sordid, avaricious; a miser; cowardly; like, equal.

la'iman (P. pl. of A. la'īm), Base

(people).

layedan, To chew.

m (called mim). The tweuty-eighth letter of the Arabic - Persian alphabet, denotes 40 in arithmetic, and is in almanacs the character for Sunday; it also serves as an abbreviation for muharram, the name of the first Arabic month, for the word mantiq, logic, and in conjunction with 'aini maftuh ('am), for the phrase 'alaihi 'e-salām, peace be upon him. At the end of a word and before a labial it is interchangeable with n; if in the latter case the labial forms the final, it is dropped after the change of n into m, as in sum for sunb, dum for dunb, &c.;—ma, Prefixed to the imperative of a verb it forms the prohibitive, as ma-zan, Do not strike or kill (proving, according to Nizāmī, that there is no good in woman, who otherwise would be called ma-zan, not zan);—am (after a noun terminating in a vowel frequently, especially in modern Persian, m), Possessive pronoun of the first person singular, as pitaram, My father, 'amum, My uncle (m.c.); after a verbal stem it stands for the nominative, and after a finite verb for the accusative and dative of the pronoun of the first person, as shinud-am for man shinud, I heard (taking shinud for the preterite stem), or for shinud ma-ra, He heard me, dād-am for dād ma-rā, He gave to me (taking shinud and dad for the finite verb of the third person singular); -um, Added to cardinal numbers changes them into ordinals, as yak-um, The first, from yak, One (comp. the Latin termination im-us).

w mā, We; us, our;—as mā, From us;

-pidari mā, Our father.

▲ b mā, Which, what, that which, what soever; somewhat, something; why, wherefore; whilst, during, as long as; as much, as far as; no, not, nothing; how! what! what? beside, except; [mā la-ka, What is the matter? what ails you?—mā naḥna fihi, What we are about, the subject of our discussion;]—mā' (for māh), Water; juice, sap, humour, liquor; sperm; splendour, lustre, temper (of a sword); clearness (of fire) ;—mā'i ajūj, Brackish water; -mā'u 'l-bahr (-barad, -bi'r, -salj, -samā, -ain, -nahār), Water of the sea (of hail, of a well, of snow, of heaven, i.e. rain, of a spring, of a river), the seven kinds of water with which Muhammadans may legally purify themselves; -mā'u'l-ḥayāt, Water of life or immortality; — mā'u 'sh-sha'ir. Barley water; — ma'u 'l-'asal, Water and honey, metheglin, mead; -ma'u

'l-qar', Juice of the pumpkin; -mā'u'l-laḥm, Distilled water from (kid's) flesh with spices; strong soup; -mā'i jārī, Flowing or running water ;-ma'i jamid, Stagnant water; ice; jelly; -mā'i jubn, Whey which drops from new-made cheese ;-ma'i zakar, Sperm; mā'i zulāl (sāfī, qarāḥ), Pure water; ma'i matar, Rain-water; ma'i muqtar, Distilled water; mā'i nab', A fountain, spring, source ; -ma'i ward (ma'u 'l-ward), Rose-water; - baitu 'l-ma', A water-closet ;- tariqi md'. An aqueduct.

A N ma'ābir (pl. of mi'bār or mi'bārat),

Needle-cases.

ma'ātim, (pl. of ma'tam, mātam), Mournings.

ma'ādib (pl. of ma'dubat), Feasts, entertainments to which one is

ه سامار سام ma'drib (pl. of ma'rabat), Things necessary to be done.

A will ma'āzib, (pl. of mi'sāb), Water-

courses, pipes, conduits.
A with ma'asid (pl. of ma'sadat), Places

abounding in lions (sad).

ma'āl (v.n. of اول Returning, retiring.

ma'ī, Watery, aqueous.

آوب ma'āb (v.n. of ماب ماب , Returning; a place of return; a receptacle, repository, a place where anything centres, or in which it is contained.

ما باتى ه mā bāqi, The remainder, rest.

A ما بعد mā ba'd, What (is) after; after that; following.

mā baqiya, ما بقيل م mā baqiya ما بقيل م Remaining over; rest, remainder, remnant; arrears; balance; surplus.

ma'būr, (An animal) in whose food a needle (ibrat) is concealed; stung by a scorpion; suspected; reproached.

a مابون mābūn, Infamous; a catamite;

name of a disease.

a ما به الاجهاج mā bi-hi 'l-ibtihāj, That in

which there is joy.

ما به الاحتياج ه mā bi-hi 'l-īḥtiyāj, Whatever is (or may be) necessary, what is

a مايى ma'ābī, Pestiferous ;—amrāzi mā'ābīya, Pestilential diseases.

mābīl, The garden Mabille in Paris مابيل m.c. from Fr.).

mā bain, An interval, interstice, space between two bodies; both sides; between, among.

يوين md-parwin (for māh-parwin), The

herb zedoary.

a ماسه māt, He died, he is dead; conquered, subjected, reduced to the last extremity (especially at chess), checkmated; astonished, amazed, perplexed; māt-ash mī-barad, He is struck dumb (m.c.); — māt kardan, To confound; to check mate; burd u mat, Check and mate.

مائع سقtih, A drawer of water.

Mā taht, Subordinate, dependent; lower, inferior.

mātirang, mātiring, A kind of lizard.

māti', Long; well-twisted (rope); preponderating (scale of a balance); very red and excellent (wine).

mā taqaddam, What is gone تقدم ه before; the past, antiquity; -- dar mā tagaddam, In the first place.

mātam, A bitch.

a ماكلم ma'tam, mātam, A misfortune; an assembly of female mourners; a promiscuous meeting of men or women on any festive occasion ; --mātam būdan, To mourn ; to be afflicted (also construed with dashtan, giriftan, &c.) ;—khirqa'i (libāsi) mātam, Mourning apparel.

a ماتم برسي mātam-pursī, Oblations, funeral-obsequies; compliments of condolence.

a ماتم عاله mātam-khāna, A house of mourning.

a مائم دار mātam-dār, Mourning; a mourner.

a ماتم دارى mātam-dārī, Observance of

mourning. a אים כנפל mātam-dīda, אים הוא mātamzada, Melancholy, almost dead; a mourner.

a ماتمسرا mātam-kada, اماتمكدة mātamsarā, House of mourning.

a ماتم كنان mātam-kunān, Mourners.

a ماتمى mātamī, Mourning, clad in sable. mātūrang, A lizard, land-crocodile (called in Arabic zabb).

ماتق ma'tá, Face, appearance; a place to which one comes, a rendezvous;—ma'tīy, mati, Coming, about to come; -inna-hu kāna wa'du-hu ma'tiy-an, Verily, His promise is at hand, i.e. will be fulfilled in due season (Coranic phrase).

A flo ma'agir (pl. of ma'garat), Glories, excellencies; signs, memorials; illustrious acts; histories, traditions; -- 'asākir zafarma'āṣir, Victorious armies.

ma' garat, māgarat, Glory, nobility,

greatness, hereditary honour.

māgil, Standing (ready to receive ماثل ه a command, to obey an order).

ماثم م ma'gam (v.n. of اثم), Sinning. ماثنه ma'gamat, Iniquity.

ma'sūr, māsūr, Recorded, hauded ماكور ه down by tradition; remarkable, memorable; noble, a history, saying, tradition; name of a sword said to have been forged by demons.

ma'sūm, Guilty or suspected ماعوم

(person).

māj, The moon; an historian;— māj u mūj, Kissing and licking (as a cat does her kittens).

A 5% ma'j, Bitter, brackish (water).

A she mājj, Slavering (old man or camel).

mājid, (A man) conspicuous for honour, nobility, glory, generosity.

a sach majida (fem. of the preceding), Noble, honourable; an honourable deed, a

praiseworthy action.

mā-jarā, ماجريل mā-jará, An accident, event, occurrence, adventure, thing past, state, condition, circumstances; -mājarā kardan, To divulge what has happened, &c., to make mischief, to bring about trouble. (The word is also construed with khwandan, raftan, guftan, &c.)

mā-jarayāt, Events of past

ages.

a مراثي mā-jarā'ī, Relating to what has

happened or passed.

Δ ω→ mājin, Licentious, insolent, careless and indifferent as to what one says or does, bold, impudent.

mājū, A gall-nut.

A & ma'jūj, mājūj, Magog, son of Japhet; Eastern Tartary.

ma'jūr, Recompensed, paid, remunerated; a sort of vessel; a flower-pot.

māch, A kiss; a bitch; a beast of burden; a ball of paste boiled amongst soup; - māch kardan, To kiss (m.c.);māch u mūch, Kissing and licking (as a cat her kittens).

māchān, Leaning upon; remaining, stopping; a bitch; a ball of paste in soup;pāy-māchān, saf-māchān, Asking pardon for not knowing the lesson. (In Persia a custom prevailed, that when a boy could not say his lesson he was obliged to buy something, on which the other boys feasted in a recumbent posture while he continued standing and asking pardon.)

māchikh, Study, labour, exertion. māchūcha, A cup with a spout for pouring medicine down a child's throat.

māchīdan, To kiss (see māch kardan under ¿ (...).

māchīn (S. mahā-chīna), The Empire of China.

mā-ḥāṣil, What is the result ما حاصل

or produce (see ما حصل).

a ما حمل mā-ḥaṣal, Any thing collected; the harvest; harvest of fruit-trees and the like; profit, income; result, upshot (of discussion, &c.).

māḥiz, One who possesses or longs for pure milk, unmixed with water

(maḥz).

mā-ḥazar, Whatever is ready or prepared in haste (particularly victuals);-ba-rasmi mā-hazar, Just as it happens, in an off-hand way.

māhī, Obliterating, defacing; who or what erases, expunges, or defaces; a surname of Muhammad; also of Mecca.

the makh, Adulterated gold or silver; a perfidious man; a coward, scoundrel; despicable; an old man.

mākhāriyān, A wild lily.

while makhan, A title of the emperor of China; name of a village near Marv; name of a Chinese champion.

mākhchīn, ماعجى mākhchīn, A horse between an Arab and a Turki, commonly called mujannas; an ambling nag; a pack-horse.

ma'ākhiz (pl. of the following), Nets or other implements by which birds

A Lette ma'khaz, Bait, net, or whatever animals are taken with; a place where anything is taken or derived; a receptacle; source, origin; - ma'khazi ishtiqaq, The source of derivation, the place of a word according to etymological arrangement (opp. to alphabetical order).

mākhirat, (A ship) ploughing the

ocean, cutting the water with a noise.

A le le mā khalā, Besides, save and ex-

cept.

ما على الله م mā khalaqa 'llāh, That which God has created, i.e. the world, all sorts of men or animals.

mākhan, Impure; vile, naughty;

false.

ما خود ma'khūz, Taken, occupied; held (opinion); received.

a ماخولى mā<u>kh</u>ūzī, Seizure, arrest; in-

crimination.

a ماخور mākhūr (from P. mai-khwur), A profligate assembly, a company of drunkards; a tavern, gaming-house, brothel, or whatever attracts that way; a frequenter of taverns; = مارعوار q.v. (the last unsupported by examples).

a ماخوليا mākholiyā, Melancholy, mad-

ress.

ma'akhīr, Hinder or extreme parts.

sh mad (from madar), A mother; (for

mānand) like.

A J' ma'd (v.n.), Waving to and fro (a young pliant branch); being young, soft, and succulent; a tender branch or plant; a delicate youth; -mādd, Who or what extends or prolongs.

ما دامكة mā dāma, P. mā-dām ki, ما دام ما mā-dām ki, ما داميكه mā-damī-ki, During, whilst, so long as, until that; -mā-dāma'lhayāt, As long as life lasts, during (the

rest of your) life (m.c.).

مادب ma'ādib (pl. of ma'dabat or ma'dubat), Feasts, entertainments; -mu'addab, Well-bred, well-behaved; courteous, civil, polite, respectful, reverential; instructed, learned.

▲ ሗን∿ ma'dabat, ma'dubat, A feast, entertainment to which one is invited.

A 536 māddat, mādda, Continued augmentation; matter; article, point, subject, argument.

mād-chīn, A loop or ouch.

A tole madily, A praiser, encomiast, eulogist.

mādar (S. mātri), A mother ;—mādari āb u ātish, (mother of water and fire) Who sheds tears of grief; -mādari bāgh, The earth; a garden; mādar ba-khuţā (corrupted into madar ba-khūtan), A term of abuse; -mādari padar, Paternal grandmother; -mādari rozgār, Mother nature; madari zan, Mother-in-law (wife's mother); -mādari shauhar, Mother-in-law (husband's mother, m.c.); — mādari mādar, Maternal grand-mother; (met.) an old woman; — az mādar mutawallad, Born (m.c.).

mādir, One who plasters with clay; name of a man proverbial for his

mādar-andar, A step-mother. a مادر جلب mādar-jalab, The son of a

mādar-dukht, Mallows. mādar-khwānda, A nurse.

mādar-zād, Innate, congenital, sucked in with the mother's milk; borne by the same mother; -- iqbāli mādar-zād, Fortune, prosperity from the cradle;—kūri mādar-zād, Blind from one's birth.

سادر زادى mādar-zādī, Birth.

mādar-zan, A wife's mother. mādar-ghan, The son of a whore;

madarandar, A step-mother. mādira, A country in the west, Madeira?

سادرى mādarī, Maternal.

mādagī, Female nature, feminality. madlin, The church Ste. Madeleine مادلي in Paris (m.c. from Fr.).

madandar, A step-mother.

māda, A female; when affixed to a noun it denotes the female, as the word "she" prefixed in English, khirs-māda, A she-bear; [māda'i sher, A lioness;]—mādda, Bee A. Sala.

A solo mādih, A praiser, commender. mada-pech, A female screw. mada-sag, (she-dog) A bitch. مادكان mādagān (pl. of māda), Females.

سقطع-gāv, A cow ;—māda-gāv ein kard, He has put a saddle on the cow,

(met.) he has fled.

a مادي māddī, fem. مادي māddīyat, māddiya, Material, natural, constitutional; the material world;—'illoti māddīya, A material cause.

ماديات ه māddīyāt (pl. of māddīyat), Material beings or things.

שוט mādiyān, A mare; a she-ass.

مادية māddīyat, Materiality, substantialness, substantiality. (See also مادى)

madina, مادين madina, A female in general.

māzar, A mother.

māzariyān, A Persian plant five or six feet high, bearing green berries like capers, which, being preserved in vinegar, are excellent for the dropsy.

A &356 ma'zanat, mi'zanat, A tower belonging to a mosque, from which the crier mu'azzin proclaims the hour of prayer.

א מילניט ma'zūn, Permitted, allowed,

granted; authorised.

... mār (Z. mairya "deadly"), A serpent; a beating or striking; (= 3,10 q.v.) an account-book, register; an accountant; (contracted from bimar) sick, unwell; (for madar) a mother; name of the governors of Georgia; (for mayār) bring not; -māri af á, A viper ;-mar ba-dasti digare giriftan, To take the snake by another's hand, (met.) to employ another in any perilous business; -mār ba-dast giriftan, To undertake a difficult matter; — mār bastan, To tame or charm a snake; — māri palās, A lizard; mār khānagī-ra na-mīkushad, (met.) He leaves a near relation unavenged; mar khwurdan, To devour a snake, (met.) to suffer grief; -mar dar pīrāhan, A snake in the sleeve, (met.) a neighbouring fee;māri dū-zabān, A double-tongued serpent, i.e. a hypocrite; māri shikam-sūrākh, A musical pipe with seven stops;—māri zahhākī, A chain, fetter;—māri qahqaha, A basilisk; — māri misrī, An Ēgyptian spear; — māri nawīzak, A kind of snake which hides in the ground, showing only its head resembling the black grain nawizak (see نويوك), and bites anyone who, in the mistaken notion of picking up the grain, places his hand upon it; -māri nuh-sar, The nine heavens;—az dahāni mār bīrūn āmadan, To be upright or righteous without any bias; to be straight without any

ma'r (v.n.), Exciting enmities, instigating one against another; meditating hostility; filling (a leathern bottle);—mār, (from the Syriac) A lord; a saint; [mār ya'kūb, Name of the founder of the Christian sect of Jacobites;—mār sargīs, Saint Sergius;]—ma'ar (v.n.), Becoming corrupt (a wound);—mārr, A passer, walker, goer; a passer by; that which passes away; the past;—mārru 'l-bayān, The beforementioned, the above-explained.

ارا $m\bar{a}$ - $r\bar{a}$, Us; to us.

mārāb, Recent good fortune.

mār-azhdar, A large serpent (see

رَمَأَوْدِر

mār-ispand, مار اسيندان mār-ispandān, مار اسيند مار اسفندان mār-isfand مار اسفند mār-isfandān. The twenty-ninth day of the Persian month; name of an angel; name of the father of the Mobed Azarbād.

mār-afeār, مار المساو mār-afeār مار المسان mār-afeār, مار المسان mār-afeāy,

A tamer or charmer of serpents; one who cures the snake-bitten by incantation.

مار آموز mār-āmoz, A tamer of serpents. ماران mārān (pl. of mār), Serpents; smiths (the latter meaning unsupported by examples).

A -, ma'rab, The time or place for any necessary business;—ma'rib, A small place between Sanā and Hazramaut in Yaman, famous for salt;—ma'ārib (pl. of ma'rabat), Necessary things, necessaries, wants, desires; things that go by themselves, every-day occurrences.

mār-bālishī, An asp.

A ky is ma'rabat, ma'rubat, ma'ribat, Anything necessary to be done; necessity, indigence; want; desire.

indigence; want; desire.
ماريين mārbìn, Name of a district consisting mostly of gardens near Ispahān.

ساريا mār-pā, Having feet like a ser-

وي مان mār-pech, Circumvolution; crafty device, intrigue, chicanery.

mār-palās, A lizard.

مار تن mdr-tan, Having a body like a serpent.

مارتول mārtol (Port, martello), A hammer. a مارتون mārṣūn, Feunel, anise (= باديان q.v.).

mārij, Flame without smoke.

مارچونه mūr-choba, Asparagus; a kind of grass (so called from its resemblance to a snake).

مار خوار mār-khwār, The wild ox; a kind of wild sheep.

mārid, Contumacious, stubborn, rude, insolent, proud (especially applied to demons); high, elevated, lofty; name of a fortress; also of a man.

ماردى mārdī, māridī, Red; anything red. ماردين māridīn, City and fort in Mesopotamia.

مار سار mār-sār, Name of the tyrant Zahhāk.

مارسان *mārisān*, A hospital, an infirmary (see the following).

سارستان māristān, A place abounding with serpents; a hospital or infirmary (a contraction of bimāristān).

marash, Name of an old idoltemple (one of seven, which were named after the seven planets, and converted by Gushtasp into fire-temples).

مارض ه *māriz*, Sick, infirm, diseased. مارنش *mārfash*, Name of the tyrant Zahhāk.

مارق ه māriq, An apostate;—ma'raq, Range of a shot (m.c.).

. māriqat, Schismatics مارتة

a مارنشينا mārgashīṣā, The marcasite mār-garza, A fierce snake. سار كريدكي mār-gazīdagī, A snake-bite.

مر كويدة mār-gazīda, Snake-bitten;—mār-gazīda az resmān mī-tarsad (mī-ramad), Who

has been bitten by a snake is afraid of (flees from) a rope.

-mār-giyāh, Aspa مار کیاه mār-giyāh, Aspa مار کها

ragus.

mār-gīr, A snake-catcher; a shrewd rogue.

مارکیری mār-gīrī, Snake-catching; roguishness, fraud, deceit.

mār-māna, Snake-like.

mār-māhī, (snake-fish) An eel. مار مهوة mār-muhra, A stone found in the head or brain of a large serpent (sometimes black, sometimes ash-coloured, marked with three lines).

mārn, The river Marne in France

(m.c.).

A ω, mārin, Limber and hard (spear); the nose, or the soft part of it.

mārnāk, A place full of serpents.

mārandar, A mother-in-law. مارندر mārina, Goats-beard (a herb).

mārū, A mother; name of a musical note; also of a musical instrument, a kettle-drum.

name of an angel, and companion of Hārūt (see عارد).

א באיני ma'rūsh, Created, formed. בא mārūgh, A kind of puff or fungus.

▲ 🎍 ma'rūk, An origin, a root.

when dissolved in vinegar, is good for the eyes; name of a medicine.

māra, An account; a seal, stamp. مارى mārī, Smitten, slain; trod; a virgin. مارياك māriyāna, A bit of sugar; a sweetmeat.

مَارِيمٌ māriyat, māriya, Name of an Egyptian woman, by whom Muhammad had a son called Ibrāhīm (cf. qurtai māriya nnder قرط); name of the female qaṭā bird.

mārīra, A mother-in-law; a nurse. ماريع mār-ya'qūb, Holy Ya'qūb, from whom the Jacobites derive their name (see

(سار

ماريكاله mārīkala, Name of a place (may kala stand for qa'la, and the meaning be "virgin fortress," in the sense of an impregnable stronghold?

pregnable stronghold?).

wrinkle; a gall or oak-apple; a purgative medicine; a plait, fold; a twist; one particle or ingredient in ink.

ازار māzār, A druggist, a vendor of simples; (for mayāzār) do not afflict.

A side mazij, One who mixes, mixer, mingler.

māziḥ, A joker, a jester.

ma'āzir (pl. of mi'zar), Aprons; breeches, trousers.

māzaryūn, Mezereon, spurge-olive. مازيون māzil, A mountain in Hindūstân.

with mazan, The backbone; a groove in the back caused by fatness.

A ω) māzin, The eggs of ants; name of the father of a tribe of Tamīm.

مازندرای māzandar, مازندرای māzandar, for مازندر māzandarān, Name of a country near the Caspian Sea, to the north of Gilān.

مارلين māznīn, Name of a man who built the fortress of Sangūya in India, with the co-operation of a woman named Māzīna.

nāzū (S. mājū-phala), A gall or oak-apple; one particle or ingredient in the composition of ink; the back-bone; a harrow; a roller.

ارن māzūn, A certain astringent medicament, or constringent lotion, used by women.

own the middle of the back.

ارة درد māza-dard, A pain in the back, lumbago.

مازيارى māziyāra, مازيارى māziyānī, مازيارى māziyāna, A sweet dish or confection.

مارينه māzīna, The woman who assisted Māznin in the erection of the fortress of Sangūya.

māzh, Sport, play, mirth, merriment; — māzh u mūzh, The cry of a mouse at the sight of a cat or a snake.

māzhdar, A large serpent.

مازدیستان māzhdīstān, (in Zand and Pāzand) Purity, freedom from sin.

māzhantā, Magenta (m.c.).

mūzh-u-mūzh, Sound uttered by a mouse on perceiving a cat or snake.

mās (for āmās), Tumour, swelling; (for almās) diamond; (H.) the moon.

na's (v.n.), Rubbing (a skin or hide); breeding dissension, stirring up mischief; being angry with, enraged against;—mās, nimble, active; fickle; one upon whom advice is thrown away; a diamond (cf. المامية);—māss, Contiguous, adjacent, touching; nearest (kindred); important, urgent, pressing (business), demanding care and attention.

ماسای māsāy (for mayāsāy), Rest not.
ماسای mā-sabaq, What precedes or has

preceded; anything past, said, or done.

mast, Sour, coagulated milk; mas-

mast, Sour, coagulated milk; mastic; —āsh-māst, and—

must-band, Who causes milk to

curdle or coagulate.

ماستها، māstāba, ماستاره māstāwa, ماستها، māst-bā, Butter-milk strained, thickened, and dried; a dish dressed with dried sour milk.

ست ماست الم māstdān, A bottle for churning. ماست مايد māst-māya, Rennet for curdling

māst-wā, ماستون māst-wā, ماستون māstūna, ماستين māstīna, = باستين q.v.

A comber, one who curries; a land-measurer; a liar.

māsihat, A comber, tire-woman.

ma'sadat, A country abounding ما ما سدة

in lions; a lion's den; (pl. of asad) lions.

**Massit*, Bad, brackish water; a species of plant; or anything which purges the bowels.

ماسك māsīk, fem. ماسك māsikat, māsika, Holding; retentive;—qūwāti māsika, The retentive faculty.

▲ ما سلف mā-salaf, What is past; the preceding; passed, elapsed; before-mentioned or done.

ma'sūw, Cured, healed (wound).

A \ mā sawā (siwā), That which is over; exterior, outside; besides, moreover,

māsūcha, A turtle-dove, woodpigeou.

māsūr, Anything mixed. māsūra, A weaver's reed.

ma'sūf, Vexed, troubled, grieved, sad.

a ماسي māsī, Fearless, careless, uncon-

māsīdan, To break out in blotches : to coagulate (as milk); to congeal; to

māsh (S. māsha), Pease; pulse; māshi 'attār, Name of a small black graiu; -māshi hindi, A sort of vetch.

mash, A small round green pulse ماهي (see preceding article); mean, common household furniture;—al-māsh khairu min lāsh, Shabby furniture is better than an empty house (lit. than nothing).

A silia Lo mā shā 'llāh, What God wills! may God be unwilling! God forbid! may God preserve you (us, him, her, it) from the evil eye! bravo! well done! cheer up!

(these mm.cc.).

māshād, A woollen garment. māsh-dārū, Ground-pine. māsharā, A bloody swelling. māsharz, Forceps, pincers.

māshitat, A tire-woman, comber, or dresser (of a bride); a clever woman,

good manager.

a همان māshiqa, Attractive (=هاذبه q.v., p. 349); company, companionship (= ميابة q.v., p. 781); whipping, lashing, scourging.

māshū, A sieve, searce, bolting or ranging sieve; a spattle, ladle, skimmer; a coarse woollen garment.

māshūb, A sieve, searce; (for mayāshub) Do not distress yourself, be not disturbed.

māshūr, Things mixed together.

māshora, ماهورى, māshōrī (this latter unsupported), A reed used by weavers to wind their thread upon; a syphon, pipe, spout; raw thread or yarn; anything mixed; a sort of game ; -mashcra'i 'aj, The neck of a mistress.

māshūh, A sieve.

māsha, Tongs, smiths' forceps; pin-

cers; a weaver's brush; a spade; a small weight; a twelfth of a tulcha, weighing 21 misqāl; that part of a match-lock which holds the match.

māshī, Any dish made of pease; pea-green (m.c.).

māshī, A pedestrian. ماهي ه

māshiyā, Wild tansy.

سَمِية māshiyat, Quadrupeds; cattle (a she-camel) having many colts; (a woman) having many children.

māshīn, An engine (m.c. from Fr.

machine).

māshewah. A sieve : a strainer. māṣ, The moou.

a ماص māşs, A sipper, sucker.

mā-sadaq, That which is true.

māṣi', Shining, glittering, glancing; going away, departing; altered, changed; salt water.

māzir (Milk) becoming sour; ex-

tremely white.

a مانعة māziaha, The organ of mastication.

a ماهوى māzawī, Relating to the past tense.

māzī, Passing away; past; dead; swift, fleet, expeditious; sharp, piercing (sword); the past-tense, preterite; -māzī'i ihtimālī, Preterite subjunctive; — māzī'i istimrārī, Imperfect tense;—māzī'i ba'īd, Preter-pluperfect ;—mazi'i shakkī, = māzī'i iḥtimālī above ;—māzī'i qarīb, Preter-perfect, proximate past; — māzī'i mashkūk, Doubtful preterite; preterite subjunctive; māzī'i mutlag, Preterite positive or absolute past ;-māzī'i ma'tūf 'alai-hi (ma'tūfa), Past conjunctive participle; -māzī'i nātamām, Past imperfect;—fili māzī, The preterite tense.

mālir, Raining, rainy.

mātūniyūn, Name of tree from which the gum barrad flows (see بارود p. 142).

A lac le mā-'adā, That which is past;

besides, except

A goat (male or female); goats leather; strong, muscular; shrewd, clever.

mā'ūn, Any kind of household ماعون utensils, as kettles, pots, hatchets, or anything of similar necessary use; anything whereby one is benefited; kindness, goodwill, favour; courtesy; water, raid.

magh, A cormorant, having a black spot on the head; a kind of pigeon, greenish or reddish about the wings, breast, and tail; a mist, a fog (see سيغ); a green field, a meadow (this meaning unsupported by examples).

ماعهی $maghch\bar{\imath}$, ماعهی q.v.

ساغون māghūn = ماعون q.v.

A ضاغون mā-fāt, That which is past. ما فوق ه mā-fauq, Beyond, without, above, aforesaid; -mā' fauqi ān, What is above that, more than that, more (m.c.).

māfa, The bar of a door.

mā fī 'l-bāb, The subject ما في الباب ▲ matter of the chapter or discourse, &c.

 $oldsymbol{m}$ ما في الممير $mar{a}$ $far{i}$ il- $bar{a}l$, ما في البال $mar{a}$ fi 'z-zamīr, ما في الفواد mā fī 'l-fu'ād, That which is in the mind; intention, thought, design, reflection; a secret.

mā fī nafei' l-amr, What ما في نفس الامر م is in the thing itself, i.e. essence, substance,

principle.

ma'q, māq, The inner corner of the

ساقبل ه mā-qibal, What precedes; antecedent.

māqit, A hater. ماقت م

māqit, (A horse or camel) unable to move from lassitude and attenuation; a halter or bridle; a diviner who prognosticates by throwing pebbles.

a ماتوت māqūt, Name of a sweetmeat.

* māqī, The outer or inner corner of the eye; -ma'aqi (pl. of the preceding), The inner corners of the eye.

ساكان mākān, Name of a certain judge;

name of a country.

ساكاني mākānī, Native of Mākān; a short spear or javelin used by the natives of that country.

mākir, The day after to-morrow.

mākir, A deceiver, cheat.

mākisin, A town in Rhābūr, ماكسين

ma'ākil (pl. of ma'kalat), Victuals, estables; —dar malābis u ma'ākil. In clothes and food.

ساتكلة ma'kalat, ma'kulat, Aliment, food, any kind of nourishment; a pantry, larder, buttery.

mākū, ماكوك mākūk, A weaver's

shuttle.

سكول mākūl, A glutton; a collar; a

grown-up youth.

ma'kūl, Eaten, devoured ; meat. food, victuals; estable, esculent; subjects,

a'kūlāt (pl. of the preceding), سامكولات ما ماءكولات

Eatables, victuals, viands.

ماكيان mākiyān, A hen, fowl;—mākiyān bar dar kardan, To be extremely avaricious; mākiyāni biyābānī, Jungle-fowl; an Ethiopian hen; a woodcock; mākiyani zāgh-rang, Night.

مَال مَال ma'āl (v.n. of المان), Returning, retiring; a goal; centre foundation, substance; end, event, issue; tendency, tenor; [ma'āli hāl, The end of things, the subversion of a state, utter ruin; -ma'āli maqāl, The substance, pith, or tenor of the words; — af'āli shaqā-ma'āl, Actions having a mischievous tendency; - haqīqatma'āl, Sincere.

Ji māl, Quiet, rest, repose; alike, re-

sembling; a lottery; (in comp. from $m\bar{a}$ lidan) wiping; rubbing; crushing, as: rū-māl, A face-wiper, a handkerchief;-'adu-māl, Crushing foes, exterminating enemies.

A مان māl, Riches, money, property wealth, possessions, stock, goods, effects, estate; flocks, herds, cattle; a beast for riding, a mount; rent or revenue arising from land; a square number; rich, affluent, wealthy; [māli ukhrawī, Blessings of futurity; - mālu 'l-māl, The square of a square, the fourth power; -māli amwāt, Property left by a deceased person, unclaimed property; — māl ba-korī raftan, Wealth is lost by carelessness or foolishness (lit. blindness of the owner);— $m\bar{a}l$ taḥṣīl kardan, To acquire riches; to collect revenue; -māl talaf kardan, To squander wealth; — māli hissa-dārī, Joint stock; māli dunyawī, Temporal goods; -māli sā'ir, Miscellaneous revenue; duties; -- māli suwār, A beast for riding; -māli sharakat, Joint or undivided property, joint-stock; māli zinda, Live stock, cattle, flocks;—māli sāmit (silent property), Gold and silver (in kind); — māli zabtī, Attached property, escheat; — māli ghā'ib, Property of the absent, unclaimed property; -māli ghanīmat, Plunder, spoil; -māli ghair manqula, Real or immovable property; — māli kāsib, Cheap goods; a garment that wears well (as fit for a bread-earner or working man); -māli kāsīd, Unsaleable goods;—māli lā-wāris, Unclaimed property; escheat; -māli manqūla, Personal or movable property;—māli mirī, Koyal property or domains; public treasury; -māli nātiq, Live stock; gold and silver (in coins);—māl u jihāt, Groundrents; -māl u hāl, All one possesses (m.c.); -māl u matā', Money and effects; -bacha māli kīst, Whose is the child? (m.c.);]māll, Tired, wearied, disgusted.

mālāghān, A sect of Russian مالاغان heretics (m.c.).

ما لا كلام م mā-lā-kalām, Unspeakable, inexpressible, unutterable, ineffable.

a مالامال māl-ā-māl, Heaped, brimful.

a مال الديش ma'āl-andesh, Exercising forethought, provident, circumspect.

a مال الديشي ma'āl-andeshī, Forethought.

a مالانك mālānak, A red peach.

A فياية & mā-lā-nihāya, Infinite;—amkina'i mā-lā-nihāya, Houses innumerable.

a مال آور māl-āwar, (carrying off wealth) A name given to Arabian pirates; a robber, a brigand.

mālāy (for mayālāy), Defile not.

A ما لا يطاق mā-lā-yaṭāq, Insupportable.

ما لا يعني م mā-lā-ya'nī, Foolish, unmeaning.

ما لا ينسل م mā-lā-yanḥall, Inexplicable.

a مالبخش māl-bakhsh, Name of the eighth day of the month.

a ماليرست māl-parast, A votary of mammon.

T all malta, The island of Malta. mālich, A plasterer's trowel.

A die mālih, Salt (water).

a مالخانه māl-khāna, A treasury, storehouse.

a مال عاولد māl-khāwand, A man of property.

a مالخوليا mālikholiyā, Melancholy.

a solute māl-dāda, Bought with a price; a youth, slave.

a مالدار māl-dār, Rich, moneyed; a proprietor; -māl-dāri amānat, A trustee.

a مالداري māl-dārī, Opulence, wealth. mā-ladai-him, What (is) before

them, what (is) theirs; -kullu hazb-in bimā ladai-him fārihūna, Everybody rejoiceth in that which is his.

a منال رادة māl-sāda, A son of a whore; a pimp.

a مالزم mā-lazim, That which is necessary ; -pursishi mā-lazim, Necessary inquiry.

a مال زمين māl-zamīn, Land-security for debt.

mālus (G. μέλας), Black.

a مال سنج māl-sanj, Who weighs or com-

putes wealth; a treasure-seeker.

mālish, A rubbing, kneading, polishing, furbishing, friction; shampooing, tripsis; a furbishing-instrument; chastisement.

mālishgar, A barber; one who scrubs or shampoos the bathers in a warm bath.

a مال عامن māl-zāmin, Bondsmen for the payment of rent or a debt.

a مال ماسي māl-ṣāminī, Security for rent or debt.

A مالطة mālitat, Malta.

مال عيبي A مال عيبي māl-ghaibī, Hidden and lost goods and treasure, which, when found, is the property of the State; treasure-trove.

Ma'laf, A place to which one is accustomed, and with which one is familiar.

A All mālagat, Malaga, in Spain.

mālik, A possessor, occupier, lord, master, proprietor, ruler; a king; a pirate; name of an angel; also of the keeper of hell; also of the founder of one of the four great Muhammadan law-schools; title of the Imam of Madinah; -- māliki arāzī, Possessor of lands, land-holder, landed proprietor; —māliku 'l-ḥazīn, Name of a certain water-fowl; — māliku 'l-milki bīham-ta, The lord of the incomparable kingdom, i.e. God; — māliki ņissa, Shareholder; -māliki haqīqī, The real owner, proprietor de facto;—māliki dīnār, Name of a certain saint; -māliki zamīn, Lord of the soil; mālik shudan, To possess;—māliki yaumi 'd-din, The lord of the day of judgment;-

abū mālik, Hunger; old age; -shajara'i abī mālik, Pearl-ashes; lye. (See مالك p. 225.)

a مالكان mālikān (P. pl. of the preceding),

Proprietors, owners, masters.

a will mālkāna, A sort of sweetmeat from seven kinds of nuts; a sweetmeat made from rice; a sort of date; -mālikāna, Like an owner, in the manner of an owner an annual or monthly allowance paid to a zamīn-dār by the person who occupies his lands, whether it be the State or a jagirdār; -mālikāna'i khānagī, Fees levied on cultivators by a landholder for his household expenses ;—tasarrufi mālikāna, Complete possession, absolute dominion.

a ماكانه رسوم mālikāna-rasūm, Proprietory dues.

A LOL mālikat, mālika, A queen ;—mālikatu 'z-zamān, Queen of the age; Name of Mahmud Shah's empress.

a مالكى mālikī, State of master, master-

ship; royal, kingly; lordly.

A مالكية mālikīyat, Possession, ownership.

سالگانه mālgānā, Penis.

a مال کذار māl-guzār, A landholder, one who holds land under government; a tenant, subject.

a مال كذارى māl-guzārī, Land-revenue

the state of a renter; assessed land.

as ما لم م mā lam, As long as not, whilst as yet not.

a مال مردم خور māli-mardum-khwur, Consumer of the property of others; one who borrows and never pays.

a مال مست māl-mast, Purse-proud, boast-

ful.

a مال مستعى māl-mastī, Pride of wealth. mālamk, Barley-sugar.

mālamkā, A sweetmeat made of rice.

مالميز mālmīz, A leech (see مالميز).

mālankhùliyā (G. مالنغوليا ,mālinkh مالنع μελαγχολία), a elancholy.

mālandagī, Friction.

a مال واحب māl-wājib, Revenue, rent, dues, estate; — $m\bar{a}l$ - $w\bar{a}jibi$ sar $k\bar{a}r$, The revenue of the state.

mālwālī, A small Lybian lizard.

مال ور م mālwar, Rich, opulent. mālwas, A green lizard; a sweet-

ma'lūf, Familiar, accustomed to live in friendship with; habituated; ordinary, customary; - maskani ma'lūf-ash, His ordinary residence.

a منائد ma'lūfa (fem. of the preceding).

Familiar, accustomed, &c.

mālol, A grown-up lad; a glutton. ma'lūm, Sad, mournful, afflicted ما الرم mālwa, A province in central India. شاك māla, A trowel for plastering walls; anything with which ground is smoothed; a shoemaker or weaver's thread (of the fibres of a palm-tree); a harrow; brimful; friction; -māla (ba-māla) kashīdan, To smooth the ground, to level.

mālī, Much, many, abundant;

 (G. μέλι) honey; (H.) a gardener.
 α ω'ālī, Belonging to future life; -māli, Filling, one who fills, a filler;
-mālī, Connected with wealth; worth; the quality of becoming or constituting property; of or belonging to the revenue; mālī u mulkī, Finance and government.

māliyā, A tall slender tree from which javelins are made; (G. μέλας) black.

ماليات م mālīyāt, māliyāt (pl. of mālīyat), The income, revenue; imposts, taxes (mm.cc.)

a مائياتى māliyātī, Referring to finances,

financial, of finances (m.c.).

ma'ālīyat, ma'ālīya (fem. of ma'ālī), Pertaining to a future life; [umūri ma'ālīya, Things which appertain to the next life;]—māliyat, māliya, Opulence; finance, exchequer.

mālīkholiyā, سَالْيَخُولِيا mālīkholiyā, Melan-

choly, madness.

mālīdan, To rub, polish, furbish, smooth; to shampoo; to chafe; to box the ears; to chastise; to knead; to grind; to incrust; to bedaub, anoint, beamear; to thrust at and wound; to move a knife backwards and forwards (as in slaughtering); to resemble, to plough; to throw (one) down ;—dast-hā ba-ham mālīdan, To rub one's hands (m.c.);—rukhsdragān bar zamīn (rūy bar <u>kh</u>āk) mālīdan, To prostrate oneself.

mālīda, Rubbed; polished; shampooed; broken in pieces; anointed; ploughed; cakes made with flour, milk, butter, and

sugar; sloping (m.c.).

mālīn, A leech. مألين mālīz, مالير

mālīṭarnā (G. μελαντηρία ?), Vitriol. *™ām*, Mother, mamma.

ماما māmā, Mother; a matron (old women are so called).

māmācha, A midwife.

māmā'ī, Midwifery; — māmā'ī'i zanān kardan, To deliver women, to practise midwifery, to receive the infant.

ما معلى ه mā-mazá, That which is past; -mazá mā mazá, That which is past is past, let bye-gones be bye-gones; speak not of the past.

māmak, A little mother; mother.

Ma'mal, A place of hope.

ma'man, A place of security; refuge, asylum; name of a town in Iraq.

مام ناف mām-nāf, A midwife. مام نافی mām-nāfī, Midwifery.

ma'mūr, Fixed, defined, determined; ordered, commanded; under command (m.c.); anyone to whom authority is delegated; a commissary, plenipotentiary; an agent, functionary (m.c.); usage, esta-

blished custom; — ma'mūr farmūdan, To appoint; to give orders; to be employed or despatched (m.c.); - hasba 'l-ma'mūr, Agreeable to orders.

ma'mūrīyat, Command, order, commission; submission to a mandate;ma'mūrīyat dāshtan, To be ordered, in-

structed, charged (m.c.).

ma'mūrīn (obl. pl. of ma'mūr used as nom.), Agents, functionaries (m.c.). ma'mul, Hoped for, expected;

ma'mūm, Struck on the crown of the head, wounded in the dura mater, or in the brain.

māmūn, A kind of wild mint.

ma'mūn, fem. ما مون ma'mūnat, ma'mūna, Rendered secure, preserved; freed from, exempted; firm, constant; a person in whom confidence is placed, to whom one trusts; an uncle by the mother's side; name of the seventh caliph of the house of 'Abbas (reigned from A.D. 813 to 833).

a مامولية māmūnīya, Marchpane, sugared bread; a covering; name of a city in Iraq.

māmahistān, Indian leaf (medicine).

māmī, A mother, matron. مامينا māmīsā, Name of a plant.

māmīd, Name of a certain tree or wood.

māmīrān, Swallow-wort.

مان mān, A lord; a family; household furniture; hereditary property, an heir-loom; a house; grief, melancholy; disease; besides; like, resembling; agreeable; eternal, perpetual; (for $m\bar{a}$) we, us, our; (imper. of mandan) remain thou; do thou resemble; leave off, let alone, desist.

A of lo ma'n (v.n.), Striking on the abdomen or lower belly; making provision for; preparing, getting ready; minding, attending to, caring for; knowing; the hypochondria; a spade for digging the ground.

winā, Alike, equal, resembling; certainly; you would think or say; forthwith, quickly, immediately; (in Zand and Pazand) a name of God.

ماناك mānāf, A midwife; the navel.

سانالى mānāfī, Midwifery.

ma'nat, Hypochondria; the navel, or part of the belly surrounding it;ma'annat, A thing worthy of; a sure sign, an infallible indication or criterion.

māniḥ, A giver, bestower, liberal مانع ۸ man; (a camel) giving milk in winter.

mā naḥnu fī-hi, What we are ما نص لمية about, the present subject.

māndrīl, A mandril (baboon, m.c.). mandagī, Fatigue, lassitude.

ساندس māndan, To remain; to be redundant, superfluous; to be fatigued; to

abandon, relinquish, leave, slight, neglect, dismiss; to place; to resemble; to dress, adapt; -baz mandan, To remain behind;

-pāy māndan, To stand firm.

mānda, Remaining, left; fatigued, tired, wearied; permitting, dismissing;manda shudan, To remain or stand still with fatigue; —az kār bāz mānda, Unable to work, crippled in hand or foot; -ba-tū manda ast, All you have now to do, is, &c.; it rests now with you (mm.cc.); $-d\bar{u} \ m\bar{a}h \ ba$ 'id manda ast, Two months remain before the feast, in two months the feast will take place (m.c.);—'amal-mānda, Unequal to any business from fatigue.

mānistār, The universal spirit.

mānistan, To resemble. manista, Resembling. مانستة

māni', A refuser, denier, forbidder, prohibiter; close-fisted, avaricious; difficult of access; impedment, obstacle, hindrance; -mani'u 'l-khair, One who prevents good to be done; — māni būdan, To prevent, to hinder, to put obstacles in the way (m.c.); — māni hukm, Arrest of judgment.

A مانعات māni'āt, Hindrances, obstacles, impediments; interruptions; — māni'ati ru'āf u ishāli 'd-dam, Styptics.

māni'īyat, Prohibition, hindrance, مانعية ٨

(?), An Indian stone said to protect against any kind of witchcraft.

mānk, مانك māng, The moon; the

mänmin, (in Zand) A drinking-cup. mānand, Like, resembling; resemblance; as, thus; -daryā-mānand, Like the

mānandāb, The rainbow. ماننداب

mānand-ābād, The region barza<u>kh</u> (see زرغ p. 173).

mānandagi, Resemblance, similitude.

mānanda, Like, resembling.

mānū, Echo; voice, sound, rumour; the first month of the year according to the æra of Jalalu 'd-din.

مانورك mānūrak, A lark; a duck; name

of a medicine.

mānūs, Sound, echo (unsupported

by examples).

ma'nūs, mānūs, Familiar, intimate; a companion, associate, friend; a domestic; cheering, solacing, gladdening; musharraf u mānūs shudan, To be favoured, honoured, respected; —ghazā-mānūs, Inured to war, warlike.

mānūsār, One of the assassins of

Dara (see جانوسار p. 353).
مانوش mānūsh, Name of a mountain. a مانوف mānūf, Happening at the same time; new, fresh.

mānūk, A lark; a large duck.

a مانوى manawi, Manichean, Manes' disciple.

māna, Household furniture; a house. mānī, Thou remainest; thou resemblest; rare, uncommon; name of a celebrated Persian painter, the founder of the sect of the Manicheans.

mānīd, A sin, fault, failure; omission; he is dead, at a stand-still (a phrase

used at dice).

mānīdan. To remain; to resemble; to wander, err; to forget; to quit, forsake, let alone.

mānīda, Left undone.

manistar, The soul of all.

A , w (v.n.), Extending, stretching (a hide or leathern bottle); intensity, vio-

lence, severity.

Transoxania.

A 1,5 ma'wā, māwā, A mansion, dwelling, ahode, habitation; covert; place of resort; refuge, asylum; -māwā dādan, To give shelter, to offer an asylum; -mawa sakhtan (giriftan), To reside, make a settlement;māwāi khawāqīn, The residence of the princes; -ba-māwā shudan, To dwell; to be

under shelter; to be in a place of refuge.

A שונה ma'āwib, אוי ma'āwibat, ma'ā-wiba (pl. of ma'āb), Places to which one

returns; stages, resting-places.

ماور māwar (for mayawar), Bring not.
A مارراه mā warā, That which is behind, after; mā warā'u'n-nahr, That which is beyond (or behind) the river (Oxus), i.e.

mā'ūf, Overtaken by calamity.

mā waqa'a, An accident, an event. A Lo ma'wa, ma'wi, A mansion; an asylum, refuge.

a ماوى māwī, Any copy of verses, of which every distich ends in be ma; watery.

www māh (S. mās), The moon; a month, whether lunar or solar; name of the twelfth day of every solar month; name of the angel set over the moon, and any business transacted on the twelfth day of the month; a mistress; (in Pahlevi) a city; a country; māhi āb, Month of October; māhi bar kohān, Name of the twentyfirst note of Barbud; -māhi baṣra, Name given to Mahawand; -mah ba-mah, From month to month, every month; -- māhi chārdah shaba, the fourteenth day of the moon, i.e. full moon ;—māhi chū shākhi gawazn, The new moon; -māhi chahār hafta, A term used to signify non-existent; -māhi khānagī (met.), A wife or mistress; -māhi kharyahi, The moon when surrounded by a halo, (met) a mistress; -mahi dokhta, A mistress arrayed in fine linen; -mahi si roza, A moon thirty days old, i.e. very small; (met.) a delicate, weak and sickly mistress ;- māhi siyām, A luminous appearance resembling the moon, produced from a well at the foot of mount Siyam by the

juggler Muqanna every night during a period of four months; māhi sī shaba, An expression used to denote anything annihilated, destroyed, vanished; -māhi shamsī, A solar month ;—māhī qaşab-posh, A mistress arrayed in fine linen: -māhi gamarī, A lunar month;—*māhi kāsh<u>ah</u>ar*, A beautiful Turkish damsel; -also māhi kash, = māhi sīyām q.v.;—māhi kan'ānī, (Moon of Canaan) Joseph, son of Jacob; — māhi kufa, Name given to Dinwar; -mahi muzuuwar (muqannā'), = māhi siyām q.v.; —māhi miṣr, Joseph ;—māhi manjūq-chatr, A golden dome on a pavilion; — māhi nakhshab,=māhi siyām q.v.;—māh nishīnad, The moon sets:—māhi nav (yak-shaba), The new moon; the first month; -māhi nav kardan, To espy the new moon;—māhi yamānī, The enlightened cheek of the most exalted of creatures, i.e. of Muham-

mā-hā (pl. of mā), We.

māhār, A camel's halter, a bridle. māh-ājrīd, Name of a slave of

māhāmā (S. mahā-māyā), The

mother of the prophet Shakmuni

mahan, Name of a village dependent on Kirman; (pl. of mah), Moons, months.

ماهانه māhāna, Monthly; monthly wages. māhānī, Name of a medicinal ماهاني stone found in Khurāsan.

پاره māh-pār (پاره pāra), (piece of the moon) Lovely.

māh-parast, (met.) A lover.

بروار muh-parwar, پروين parwin, Zedoary, a Chinese root like ginger, but perfumed.

māh-paikar, One with a face beautiful as the moon; - māh-paikari

dirafsh, An epithet of night.

māh-tāb, Moonlight, moonshine; the moon; the face of a mistress; breath, animal life; construed with uftadan, rekhtan, &c.; māh-tābi ātishīn, A kind of firework.

ساهناي māh-tābī, Lit up by the moon: a balcony or terrace (to enjoy the moonlight); blue light; (in India) a species of marshmelon, a shaddock; cloth on which are pasted devices of heavenly bodies in gold or silver; -māh-tābī'i ātishīn, A kind of firework (see the preceding article).

māhij, Thin milk or fat.

mah-jabīn, Having a forehead

bright as the moon.

māhcha, A little moou; a little gilded globe or crescent on the top of a flag-spear; a pin worn on the head or bosom; a gusset; a small weight, the twelfth part of a tulcha.

māh-chihr, With face bright as

the moon.

māhid, Who spreads out; name of God.

māh-dīdar, Moon-faced.

māhir, (in Zaud and Pazand) Tomorrow.

māhir, Acute, ingenious, sagacious, expert, cunning; skilful in swimming; master of any art.

t, al. mah-rukh, With cheeks bright as

the moon.

. māh-rama, Wimble, auger, trepan ماة رسة māh-rū, Moon-faced.

قررة māh-roza, An almanac, ephemeris; date, day of the month.

a ماة سيما māh-sīmā, Moon-faced.

a ماة طلعت māh-ṭal'at, Moon-faced.

māh-firfin, Zedoary. ماه فرنين

ماهكاني māh-gāna, ماهكاني māh-gānī, māhigani, A monthly pension; soldiers' pay. māh-girift, A lunar eclipse; a

freckle or mole on a beautiful face. māh-gīr, Seizing, i.e. eclipsing the

a لقا ماة القا māh-liqā, With a countenance bright as the moon.

māhilū, Stone-parsley; Jamaica ماهلو pepper.

māhlūj, Amomum.

الله ماة māh-māh, Month by month, every month, monthly; -māh-māh guftan, To exclaim "moon! moon!" (done by women when bathing their children, in order to soothe them).

a ماهن *māhin*, A domestic servant.

māhnāk, Enlightened by the moon; moonlight.

māhū, Ornament, decoration; a stick for driving camels; the name by which the princes of Sistan are addressed.

mā huwa, What is that? that which is.

" māhwār, ماهوارة māhwāra, Monthly ماهوارة monthly stipend.

māhwārī, The revenue which is collected within a month; monthly wages.

māhūbdāna, The fruit of the tree shibāb, a cherry (see مباب p. 729, and . (p. 805 طارطقه

māhūba, A title of the governor of

Sīstān.

māhūt, Cloth, broadcloth (m.c.).

māhūdāna, A cherry.

māhūr, Name of a branch of music; rising or sloping ground; hill; ravine (m.c.).

a ماه برق māh-waraq, Boss of a shield. māh-wash, Moon-like; a beauty,

a mistress.

ما مول مساهول مساهول مساهول مساهول مساهول م

māhūl, A snare for birds. māhūya, Name of a governor of

Sistan under Yazdagird, king of Persia. māha, Moonlight, a night illuminated by the moon and stars; a wimple, anger, gimlet; pincers; a small weight, the twelfth of a tūlcha; monthly stipend.

māhe, A moon; a month; -- māhī, Lunar, monthly; a lunatic; (S. matsya) a fish; the sign Pisces; māhī giriftan, To fish; māhī na-khwāhī dum-ash gīr, If you don't want the fish, seize it by its tail (when it will take care of itself; proverbially said of one who wriggles out of a business that he cannot or will not manage); $-m\bar{a}h\bar{i}$ u chashma'i khizr, The tongue and mouth of a mistress.

ماهي mā-hiya (fem.), That which is (see

māhiyāba, The jelly of the fish ماهيابة called māhī-ashna, especially salted.

māhiyāt, Qualities, &c. (see ماهيات ٨ .(ماهية

māhyār, Name of the murderer of . (مانوسار and جانوسار Dara (see

mahī-ashna, A small kind of fish.

māhiyān (pl. of māh), Months; [māhiyān u sāliyān, Months and years;]— (pl. of mahi) Fishes.

māhiyāna, Monthly wages; fish-

māhiyāwa, Jelly of salted fish. māhī-billaurīn, A mistress's

finger. māhī-pusht, Fish-backed;

a tent, &c. (= عربشته q.v.).

ماهية ه māhīyat, māhīya, Quiddity, i.e. quality, essence, value, intrinsic worth; nature; state, condition, circumstances.

a ماهى تربية māhī-tarbiyat, Pisciculture (m.c); -māhī-tarbiyat kardan, To breed fish artificially (m.c.).

māhī-tawa, A pan for frying fish.

māhīcha, A little moon; (met.) an ornamental globe or crescent on the top of a flag, &c. (= ماهجه q.v.); a little fish; (met.) slices of paste eaten in soup.

māhī-chīn, A cormorant; a weir.

ساهی خانه *māhī-khāna*, An aquarium (m.c.); an establishment where fish are bred (m.c.).

māhi-khurd, A gudgeon; small fry.

māhī-<u>kh</u>wār, Piscivorous; an مساهى خوار icthyophagist, fish-eater; a herou, crane.

māhī-khwurd, A gudgeon; small

māhīdān, Fish - pond, a reservoir in which fish are kept.

māhī-dāna, A cherry.

māhī-dandān, A fish's tooth, of which the hilts of swords are made.

ساهى ربيان māhī-rabyān, A shrimp. ريزه), reza), An anchovy. māhīz, The herb mullein, verbascum. olyable māhī-zād, The row or spawn of fish; -māhī-zād kardan, To render numerous (as spawn of fish, Gen. xlviii. 16).

رين māhī-zarīn, A sand-eel; a skink. -māhī-zahra, A poisonous yellow ماهي زهرة flowering milk-grass which, thrown into water, intoxicates the fish and brings them to the surface); the tail of an ox or cow (unsupported).

māhī-sipihr, The sign Pisces. māhī-surb, A leaden fish (such as are attached to the edges of a net).

,māhī-shīm ماهي هيم ,māhī-sīm ماهي سيه

A kind of small sturgeon; a shad.

māhī-shūr (corrupted from ماهي هور mahīshwar), Name of an Indian prophet (evidently Siva, S. maheśvara).

ماهى فروش māhī-farosh, A fishmonger. t ماهى قول الله māhī-qizil-ala, A red-spotted fish imported into Decchan from the seap. 91). الا بالق. p. 91).

māhī-gird, A turbot; sturgeon;

shad.

māhī-gol, A carp. ماهي گول

ماهی گیر *māhī-gīr*, A fisherman ; an otter. māhī-mār, (fish-snake) An eel.

a ماهى مراتب māhī-marātib, Certain honours of which the privilege is especially conferred on princes and great nobles; they are denoted by the figure of a fish with other insignia (two balls), carried as ensigns upon elephants.

māhīna, Monthly pay or pension. ماهينة

māy, Any stinging or biting animal, as serpents, leeches, &c.; name of a city in India, much celebrated for sorcery; name of a king of India; (in some dialects) mother; (for $may\bar{a}y$) do not come.

ma'y (v.n), Extending, stretching.

سايان mayan (pl. of ma), We, us.

A איש mi'at, A hundred.

mā'it, Dying; moribund;—mauti mā'it, A hard, painful, lingering death.

مايتحال mā-yataḥallal, Whatever is dissolvable by liquefaction or concoction.

mā-yaḥtāj, What is needed; necessary, needful.

ماية māy-khwush, Subacid (see ماخوش

.(خوش

n قىڭ mā'idat, mā'ida, A table, especially one covered with victuals; a circle, circumference, circuit, orbit; -mā'ida'i khargahī, The joys of Paradise; —anzil 'alai-nā mā'ida, "Send down to us a table" (out of heaven), words said to have been spoken by 'Isá in the fifth chapter of the Qur'an, v. 114.

a مائدة نه $m\bar{a}'ida$ - $s\bar{a}l\bar{a}r$, مائدة سالار $m\bar{a}'i$ -

da-nih, A table-decker, a sewer. mā'ir, Who brings grain from مائر ه

other countries for family use or sale; a purveyor, a commissary.

mā'is, Who walks proudly, waving ماكس 🛦 from side to side; a calumniator, slanderer, whisperer.

mā'i', Melted, fluid; liquor. A ماتعات mā'i'āt, Liquids, fluids.

A desir ma'i'at, A certain ottar or perfume exceedingly fragrant.

A ما يعوف mā-yu'raf, Whatever is known;

all; all that one possesses.

mā-yuqra', What is read, legible.

A ماگله mā'il, fem. الله mā'ilat, mā'ilat, Inclining, inclined, propense, biased; affectionate, partial to, addicted; walking gracefully; an eccentric orbit; construed with the verbs uftadan, amadan, shudan, kardan, goshtan, &c.

a مائلتر mā'iltar, More inclined.

mā'in, A liar.

māyandar, A stepmother.

A ما يوس ma'yūs, Desperate, hopeless; disappointed (m.c.); -ma'yūs shudan, To despair, lose hope.

a مايوسى māyūsī, Hopelessness, despair,

desperation.

a مايوك ma'yūf, Overtaken by calamity (ماوف see).

ماياتول م mā-ya'āl, What returns; what may come to pass.

māyūn, Faridin's cow.

www māya, Ferment, leaven; root, origin, principle, essence; foundation; wealth, money, cash; a capital in trade, stock, principal; semen virile; measure; quantity, amount; a woman; the female of any animal, a female camel in particular; name of Faridun's cow; a coat-button or loop; name of a note in music; matter, cause, reason for (m.c.); store, provision (m.c.); -māya zadan, To make coagulate, to churn; - māya'i shab, Darkness of night; māya'i sidq, Name of Abu Bakr; — māya u sūd, Principal and interest; -așli mâya, Principal (opp. to manfa'at "interest"; m.c.); -chi maya, What does it matter? what an amount! how much! how many a!--purmāya, Grown up; rich; costly (see also برسايه p. 244) ;—sāhib māya, A man of substance; an owner of wealth (m.c.).

māya-<u>kh</u>wush, Sweet or agree-

able to the taste.

ايه دار māya-dār, Thick, solid, strong: rich, a man of substance or property; fermented (bread); (in Gilan) camp-followers.

.māya-satānī, Investment مايه ستالي

māya-shīr, Oxygal (i.e. a preparation of sour milk and herbs) put amongst new milk, which it sours and coagulates.

māya-gāv, A cow. ماية كاو

سايه ور māyawar, Rich; handsome; sub-

stantial (= مايه دار q.v.). سانه mā'i, We-ism, egotism, selfishness. mā'īy, Watery, aquatic, aqueous; of or belonging to the particle mā, What.

mā'īm, mā'em, We are. ma'i u manī, Pride and ego-

tism.

سبار mubâ, A pudding, sausage (see مبار).

maba'at, A dwelling, residence, habitation; the part of the womb where the fœtus lies; a resting-place of camels.

مباح ۸ mubāḥ, Allowed; lawful, allowable; common property; any indifferent action, whatever a person may do or let alone, being attended neither with praise nor blame; allowed to be shed with impunity (blood).

مباطت mubāḥāt (pl. of mubāḥ), Indifferent, allowable (acts); lawful pleasure,

festivity.

مباحتة مباحثة mubāḥatat (v.n. 3 of مباحثة), Showing sincere friendship; acting openly with;

sincerity, purity.

mabāḥiṣ (pl. of mabḥaṣ), Places مباحث of inquiry or scrutiny; inquiries, discussions, debates; -mubāhis, A disputant; who discusses, argues, investigates.

مباحثة Mubāḥaṣat (v.n. 3 of مباحثة , Examining, searching; disputing; a dispute,

debate, wager.

a مباحية mabāḥiyat, A being lawful.

mabākhir (pl. of mabkharat), Censers.

mabādā, مبادا mabādā, Let it not be, by no means, away! God forbid! lest.

ייונין mubādir, One who makes haste;

anticipating; preceding.

mubadarat (v.n. 3 of بدرة , Making haste; outstripping, getting before; beginning; attacking; haste, expedition; anticipation; precedence.

mubādalat, mubādala (v.n. 3 of بدل), Changing; exchange, barter; retaliation, recompense; -mabādala hardan, To

exchange, barter.

مبادى م mabādī, Beginnings, origins ; mubādī, One who begins, who is first or beforehand, who makes advances.

سبادي أداب mubādī-ādāb, Of preposses-

sing manners (m.c.).

مبادرة A مبادرة mubāzarat (v.n. 3 of بلارة), Squandering.

A مباذل mabāzil (pl. of mibzalat), Everyday clothes.

mabar, mubar, A pudding, sausage (هبا see).

nubārāt (v.n. 3 of مباراة, Opposing, contending; separating peacefully (husband and wife); a dissolution of marriage by mutual consent; equality.

mabāriz (pl. of mabraz) Fields of battle; privies; -mubariz, Prepared, ready for war; a warrior, combatant, brave sol-

dier, hero.

سبارزة م mubārazat (v.n. 3 of جرز), Sallying forth against, descending into the arena; war, battle; -mubārazat kardan, To wage

مبارك Mabārik (pl. of mabrak), Places where the camels kneel down; -mubārak, Blessed; happy, fortunate, auspicious; august; sacred, holy; a term applied to all

public and imperial institutions in Persia; welcome, well; -mubārak bād, May he or it be blessed or fortunate! good fortune attend you! hail!-mubārak murda āzād kardan, To set Mubarak free, when he is dead, (met.) to do a foolish or wanton thing (a proverbial saying, originating in a man having a slave named Mubarak whom he continually tortured until the poor wretch died, when his master pompously said: I set him free).

a مبارك بادى mubārak-bād, مبارك بادى mubārak-bādī, Congratulation; benediction; construed with the verbs dādan, zadan,

kardan, guftan, &c.

mubarakat (v.n. 3 of وبرك ما), (God)

blessing (man), prospering (him).

a ميارك مال mubārak-fāl, Of happy omen, auspicious.

a مبارك نهاد mubārak-nihād, Of blessed disposition.

a سبارکی mubāraki, A benediction; good fortune; auspiciousness; happiness; sanc-

mabārim (pl. of mibram), Spindles for distaffs.

مياسطة mubāsaṭat (v.n. 3 of ايسط , Cheerful conversation, mirth.

مباسلة مسلقة mubāsalat (v.n. 3 of سالم), Attacking one another furiously.

mabasim (pl. of mabsim), The fore-teeth.

mabāsh, Be it not! stay not; lest;

perhaps.

mubāshir, A manager, superintendent, supervisor, inspector, commissary, deputy, factor, agent, plenipotentiary; mubāshiri chāpār-khāna, Chief of the Post, Postmaster-General (m.c.).

مباهرة mubāsharat (v.n. 3 of مباهرة A recting, managing, superintending personally; lying skin to skin, having sexual intercourse; announcing good news; management, superintendency, agency; beginning; mubāsharat kardan, To commence; to undertake, take the management of anything.

سالعة ميالعة Mubāza'at (v.n. 3 of بينع , Lying

with.

mubā', Exposed to sale.

مباعدة mubā adat (v.n. 3 of عباعدة A moving far; distance.

A كافات mubāghāt, in P. مباغات, Prosti-

tution; injustice, oppression.

مباغتة mubāghatat (v.n. 3 of جباغتة Attacking unawares; happening suddenly, befalling unexpectedly.

مباغی A مباغی mabāghī (pl. of mabahiyat).

Desired things.

موباف mubaf, = مباك q.v.

A مماكرة mubākarat (v.n. 3 of مماكرة), Coming to (anyone) in the morning.

a مبال mabāl, The urinary passage, urethra.

ر بلى v.n. 8 of) مبالات Mubālāt, in P. مبالاة ميالاة

Caring for, heeding, minding, regarding; consideration.

mabāligh (pl. of mablagh), Sums perfections; — mabālagh, (of money); Exaggerated, carried to the highest pitch; -mubaligh, Diligent, pains-taking, who does anything to excess.

A مُعْلَام mubālaghat, mubālagha (v.n. 3 of الله), Endeavouring, using diligence; care, endeavour, effort, exertion; pressing, insisting; exaggeration, amplification, excess; stress; superiority; -mubālagha namūdan, To exaggerate; —chandān mubālagha nīst, 'Tis not of such vast importance.

a مبانت mabānit, Fresh or new places;

investigation, exploration.

mabanī, Edifices, fabrics, structures, buildings; foundations; — mabānī nihādan, To erect edifices, to build; ta'mīri mabānī'i khairāt kardan, To build or repair pious works (as caravanseras or hospitals).

v.n. 3 of مباهات . mubāhūt, in P مباهاة אדט), Disputing for superiority in beauty or any other qualification; boasting, contending for glory; vain-glory, pride, arrogance; glory, honour; -mubāhāt dāshlan (kardan), To contend for superiority, to boast, glory, &c.

a المان mubāhān (P. pl. of A. mubāh for mubāhī?), Vain, proud, vain-glorious.

A & mubahajat, Conviviality.

م المال مال بهل wubāhalut (v.n. 3 of المهل معالقاته م ing; wishing evil to another; execration; behaving foolishly.

مراهى مراهى مسلامي mubāhī, Glorious, exalted; arro-

gant, proud.

mubaya'at (v.n. 3 of مبايعة), Making a contract of purchase or sale; plighting faith, promising obedience; offering allegiance; traffic (m.c.).

mubayanat (v.n. 3 of مراجنة مراجنة مراجنة عراجة الم parting from, relinquishing; being sepa-

rated, distinguished.

mubitt, One who pronounces an irrevocable divorce.

mubtada', mubladā, (A thing) مبتدا beg in; beginning, principle, or subject of a proposition; a noun in the nominative, inchoative; -mubtadā u khabar, Inchoative and enquerative, subject and predicate (of a nominal sentence), substantive and adjective.

mublada', Newly-invented, originated; a new invention; -multadi', An inventor, innovator, author; a beretic, or broacher of new opinions; -- ta'ifa'i mubtadi'a, A sect of heretics.

A LEAR- mubladi, A beginner, commencer, young scholar, disciple just commencing to learn, tyro.

mublazal, Used every day, treated ميتذل as of little value, common, hackneyel; contemptible, base; -mubiazil, Clad in an every-day garment; one who does his own servile work.

مبتر ه mubattar, Docked; mutilated; incomplete.

mubtasim, A smiler or gentle laugher.

mubtashir, A receiver of good news.

mubtaghā, مبتغل mubtaghá, What is required; requisition; debt, obligation.

مبتغیات mublaghayāt, (pl.) Requisitions.

mubtalā, Sorely tried ;—mubtalā'i bala (afat), Overtaken by or involved in calamity or misfortune.

مبتلی ه mubtalá, Afflicted, unfortunate, tried, or inured to distress; - mubtali, One who insists on an oath or a confession.

مبتوته mabtūtat, Divorced finally (wife). mubtahij, Exultant; joyful, full of glee.

mabsūs, Dispersed, scattered; spread out; published, divulged.

-mabsūsāt, pl. of مبثوثات

anabsūṣat, A thing divulged. مبثوثة ▲

mabhas, A time and place for disputation, study, or inquiry; dissertation, investigation, debate.

mubhar, Salt as the sea (bahr).

mubakhkhar, Fumigated, perfumed; vaporous.

mabkharat, A censer for burning مبخرة م incense.

مبخل مبخل mubakhkhal, Very avaricious.

A "أمبه mabda', mubda', قرام mabda'at, Beginning, original, origin, principle, source, head; [mabda' kardan, To begin to show;]—mabdā, A wilderness, a desert.

mabda', An invention, discovery, first production; fiction; the place where anything new is produced; -mubda', Made void, abolished; - mubdi', Who first produces, creator, author, originator, inventor, founder; a heretic, heresiarch, religious inpovator.

mabda'āt, Innovations (in a مبدعات bad sense), revolutions, heresies; created

mubdal, Changed ;—al mubdal min-hu, (in grammar) The word exchanged for something else.

مبدل ه mubaddal, Changed, altered; exchanged; turned into, metamorphosed.

مبدة منافط mibdah, An improvisator ;—mub-

dah, Extempore; irregular. A مبدی mubdi', A beginner, one who does anything first; an inventor; one of the names of God ;-mubdi'i mu'id, A welltrained horse; an experienced warrior; practised, well-versed.

مبكر م mubazzir, Prodigal, lavish, un-

thrifty; expensive.

a مبدرى mubazzirī, Prodigality, luxury. mubazzirin (obl. pl. of mubazzir used as nom.), Spendthrifts, prodigals (m.c.).

سبذل مبذل مسبذل مسبذل مسبذل مسبذل مسبذل مسبذل م day or working-garment; a threadbare garment.

مبدرل ه mabzūl, Expended, bestowed, lavished; a magnificent present; acceptable; name of a poet.

ma-bar (imp. negat. of burdan), Do

not carry, bear, or receive.

مبر Mubirr, Strong; provident, prudent; superior to one's companions.

mabrā, The place where a pen is cut (generally an inch or so from the point);-mibra, A pen-knife; a razor; a hatchet; any sharp instrument; —mubarrā, Exempted, free, absolved, far removed from; guiltless (of).

mibrāt, A penknife. مبراة ▲

مبرات A mabarrat (pl. of mabarrat), Good works.

mabarrat (v.n. of مبرة م mobarrat (v.n. of مبرة م a public work (as an inn) built by pious Muhammadans; beneficence; dutifulness, obedience; name of a hill near Madina.

A wife mibrat, mubarrat, Sugar-candy.

A tym mubarrih, Severe, heavy, distressing; exciting, or increasing desire.

a مبرحة mabraha (?), A place of affliction

or hardship.

mabrad, A refrigerative ;--mibrad, A file; -mubrid, Who or what cools; one who despatches a messenger (barīd); a postmaster; -mubarrad, Chilled; -mubarrad, mubrad. Struck with hail (barad), hailed upon ;—mubarrid, Refreshing, cooling, refrigerative.

mabradat, A thing cooling or

cooled; a refrigerative, a refrigerant.

• mabraz, A field of battle; an amphitheatre; a privy;—mubraz, Published; - mubriz, A publisher.

mubartish, A broker, one who effects sales between buyer and seller.

mubarqash, Speckled, spotted, dappled.

mubarqa', Veiled; — mubarqi', Name of a note in music.

mabrak, A place where a camel reclines or kneels down.

مبرم ه *mibram*, A spindle for a distaff ; mubram, Twisted, of two threads twined together; cloth woven with such threads; firm, strong, doubled; [qazā'i mubram, Irresistible fate;]-mubrim, Strengthening; urgent, wearisome, importunate; morose; dull or insipid in conversation.

mabrūd, Cooled; cold; struck with hail.

mabrūr, Purified, absolved; accepted of God, pious.

mabrūz, Produced, edited (book). مدروز ▲

a مبروص mabrūṣ, Leprous, a leper.

a مبرهن mubarhan, Demonstrated, proved;

demonstrative, authentic, evident, manifest.

A مسلم mibsām, Who smiles much, or simpers.

mabsat, An open, spacious place; —mibsat, Any place where carpets or cushions are spread; —mubassat, Expanded, spread; —mubassit, One who spreads.

mabsam, A smile;—mabsim, The mouth when smiling; the fore-teeth then

appearing.

مبسور ه mabsūr, Troubled with hemorrhoids.

a by mabsūt, Spread, extended, expanded, dilated, stretched out; happy.

mubshar, Exhilarated with good news; [mu'addami mubshar, Prudent, judicious; expert, skilled; blending mildness with severity;]—mubashshar, Rejoiced with good news;—mubashshir, An announcer; a bearer of good news; an evangelist;—mubashshir ba-nām, 'Ish, as announcing the advent of Muhammad (mistaking paracletos "comforter" for periclitos, "very illustrious, greatly praised," which latter is the meaning of muhammad).

mubashshirāt (pl. fem. of mubashshir), (Winds) the harbingers (of

rain).

mabshal (prohibitive of bashalīdan),
Do not hang up; do not twist; do not sleep.

مبشوش م mabshūsh, Of a cheerful countenance.

mabshūl (prohib. of bashūlīdan), Do not be perplexed; do not distress; look not at; acquaint not yourself with.

mabsar, An evident, convincing proof;—mubsar, Clear, shining;—mubsir, Who sees, a spectator; clear-sighted; clear, manifest; who renders intelligent;—mubassar, Clear, perspicuous; made manifest;—mubassir, One who shows, renders quick-sighted, or causes to understand; provident, penetrating.

mabsarat, An evident, convincing proof; undoubted fact;—mubsirat, A visible

sign or token.

a مبصرى mubsirī, Foresight, prudence.

surgeon's fleam; a penknife; a leathercutter's paring-knife;—mubzi, One who carries goods for sale.

مبطان ه mibtan, A slave to his belly;

swelled with over-feeding.

mabtakhat, mabtukhat, A melon-

ground.

annulled, abolished; annihilated;—mubtil, mubattil, Who or what invalidates; frustrative; a defacer, destroyer; one who embellishes his speech with lies.

A مبطون mabtūn, A distended belly;

pained by the cholic, griped in the belly (batn).

مبطى مسلمى " mubti', Late, tardy; lazy, slow

-mīwa'i mubti'a, Late fruit.

mib'ad, A traveller, one who goes far from home;—mub'ad, muba"ad, Removed to a distance.

mab'ūs, Sent; raised (from the

dead); awakened.

مبغض mubghaz, Hated, hateful.

A مسعوض mabghāz, Detested, hated; odious;—mabghāzi jamī'i jahāniyān, Hated of all men.

a مبغي mabghi, Desired, wished, sought. A mabqalat, mabqulat, A garden of

pot-herbs, a kitchen-garden.

مبلم مبلم mubaqqum, Dyed with baqqam wood.

مبكار mibhār, Early ripe; fertile (ground), quick in bearing.

mubkir, Early spring-rains; one who does anything early in the morning.

A weep; — mubkī, Who or what forces to weep; — mubakká, Deplorable; — mabkīy, mabkī, Wept; — mabkī 'alaihi, Wept over, bewailed, mourned.

mubl, Household furniture (m.c.

from Fr. meuble).

مان mublij, Shining and bright (dawn); who or what renders clear.

a مبلد muballad, Copious.

ملط muballat, Paved, flagged (city);—
muballit, A pavier.

م مبلع mabla', The gullet, swallow; the hole of a privy or sink, gulley-hole;—mibla', A glutton.

A مبلغ mablagh (v.n. of بالغ), Being good and excellent; perfection; a sum, ready money; quantity, amount, price; produce; product (in multiplication); much, many; place of arrival;—mablaghi marqūm, The above-mentioned sum.

a مبلغي mablaghe, A considerable sum.

مبلل ه muballil, Moistening well.

مبلوع مسلوع Mablū', Swallowed.

A مبلوغ mablūgh, Involved in difficulties.

A مبلول mablūl, Moistened, watered, wetted.

A مبلى mublī, A wearer, tearer, consumer; an experimenter; a tempter; one who renders happy; a cleaner, purifier; content, satisfied.

A مبنج mubannaj, Drugged with bhang. A مبندق mubandiq, A musketeer, fusileer.

A discompana, mabnī, An edifice, fabric; a foundation;—mubnī. One who orders or causes to build; framer; author; [mubnī'i fasād, A transgressor, author of mischief;]—mubannī, Who builds or rears (with expedition, and well); a builder;—mabnīy, mabnī, Built, constructed, formed, founded; cased; (in grammar) indeclinable (noun).

مبول A vessel for holding urine, urinal, chamber-pot; — mubwil,

mvbauwil. Provocation of urine, diuretic.

* malwalat, Anything divretic ;-mibwalat, A urinal, a chamber-pot.

Mubahhit, Who or what asto-

nishes, confounds, or distracts.

▲ etc mubhij, mubahhij, Joy-inspiring, recreative; cheerful; luxuriant in herbage,

verdant (ground).

A pres mubham, Shut (door); occult, unknown; doubtful, obscure, uncertain; indeterminate; silent, dumb; unintelligible; anything prohibited (as marriage between brother and sister); [ismi mubham, The demonstrative pronoun; \(\to multim, \) One who shuts (a door); who keeps concealed; who diverts from anything.

www mabhan, A place of safety; one's native country or habitation; that part of a house where gnests are received; domestic affairs; the habitation of enchanters or fascinators; a tribe, family; ancestors;

kindred.

ميهوت mabhūt, Stupefied, confounded, astonished; struck dumb, mnte with astonishment; defamed; falsely accused.

mubahhī, Aphrodisiacal, provoca-

tive, what excites venery.

مبہیات 🛦 mubahhiyāt, Aphrodisiacal medicines.

مبيت mabit (v.n. of مبيت), Passing the night; a bed-chamber or sleeping-place;mubaiyit, Who surprises (an enemy) by night; who goes about (business) in the night; a talker, thinker, ponderer by night.

A mubih, One who discloses (a secret), opens (the mind); who allows one to follow his inclination; a doer of any-

thing by common right.

mubīd, A destroyer, ruiner; a name of God.

mabīzha, Name of Afrāsyāb's daughter (see منيرة).

a معيده mubaiyiza, A clean copy (opp. to musauwada, sawad, Rough copy); a book, a manuscript; writing-paper.

mubaitir, A veterinary surgeon.

mabī' (v.n. of بيع), Selling; sold or bought ;- mubit, One who exposes to sale. a مبيعى mubī'ī, Sold ; bought ; venal.

A coce mubin, Manifest, clear, distinct; a divider, separator, distinguisher, ex-plainer; [amri mubin, An evident matter; -dini mubin, The true religion;]—mubyin, A divider ; - mubaiyan, Declared, explained, illustrated; separated, distributed under distinct heads; - mubaiyin, Illustrative, explanatory; a declarer, مبيناد mabīnād, God forbid!

mapresh (probib. of pareshidan), Do not scatter.

mat, (comp. S. madhu and matta), Syrup of grapes or dates.

matāb (v.n. of توب), Repenting,

being converted from sin; being moved with pity, relenting (as God to man); a place to which one returns.

A salar matabat, A vowing of repentance.

A saled mula obbid, Wild, scared.

A zalan mutabi', A follower; obedient.

A sailin mutaba'at (v.n. 3 of متابعة A Following, imitating; conforming oneself to, submitting, obeying; doing anything thoroughly; obsequiousness, obedience; mutaba at u muwofagat, Mutual conformity, concord, harmony, agreement.

A قابلة mutabalat (v.n. 3 of رقبل), Seasoning (a pot) with herbs and spices (July

tābil, tābal).

مُداعبي 🛦 muta'abbī, Refractory, disobedient.

muta'attī, Who or what arrives, meets by chance, comes on suddenly, surprises; happening; ready, disposed, prepared; casy, expeditious (business).

Muta'assir, Touched, impressed.

matājir, Wares, goods, merchandise.

mutajarat, The driving on of a trade.

mutāh, Determined, defined; yaumi mutah, The day of death.

nuta'ahhid, United; made one. א איל muta'akh kh ir. Delayed, deferred, retarded; one who retires or lags behind;

the last; modern.

• Out a muta'a khkhirin, (obl. pl. of the preceding used as nom.), The modern;lisāni muta'a khkhirīn, The lauguage of the moderns.

متاعي muta'ākhī, United in brotherhood; muta'a khkhi, One who acts or receives as a brother.

متا عدب muta'addab, muta'addib, Well-

bred; learned.

muta'addī, Prepared, ready, arranged; (a messenger) who arrives; a payer, performer.

A @i=muta'azzin, Signified, published.

متا نى م muta'a<u>zz</u>ī, Injured, vexed,

grieved.

متاربة mutārabat (v.n. 3 of ترب Being coeval, cotemporary (tirb); being a friend or companion; associating with one's equals or coevals.

mula'arriz, Whatever occurs, مثاري ▲

meets, opposes, happens, or befals.

matāra, A flexible leathern drinkingbottle or cup used by travellers; an ewer from which water is poured when performing ablutions.

muta'azzar, Breeched.

muta'assid, Furious, enraged.

muta'assif, Groaning, anxious, regretful.

a متا سفانه muta'assifana, Filled with grief and lamentation; grievingly, lamentingly.

muta'āsī, Reciprocal, mutual in

assisting or in comforting.

muta'assī, Patient ; a receiver of consolation; a follower, imitator; grieved,

matā', Merchandise, goods; furniture; clothes, effects; utensils; valuables; matā'i āb-dār (āb-bar dār), Goods for which a higher price is asked than they are worth; -matā'i āb-dīda (āb-zada), Goods spoiled by water; — matā'i ba-zar nazdīk, mata'i par-dar, Merchandize that is quickly sold; matā'i tang, Rare goods; matā'i dwrûgh-bardar, Merchandize priced over its value; -- mata'i rawan, Saleable goods, goods in demand; -matā'i sar-dast (sarruy), Inferior goods, offered before the more valuable ones ;—matā'i shīrīn, Precious goods; -matā'i gharqá (gharqī?), The penis; -mata'i ghurur, The cloth with which women intercept the menses; -mata'i kas ma-khar, Vile or unsaleable goods, refuse; -matā'i kas ma-yāb, Precious goods, difficult to obtain; -matā'i nīk az har dukān ki bashad, Virtue is praiseworthy, wherever it may be found.

A -sli mata'ib (pl. of mat'ab), Difficulties, toils, vexations, afflictions, evils.

A متاعكد muta'akkad, Corroborated, strengthened, confirmed; repeated; -muta'akkid, A confirmer, strengthener; intense.

متالاة مستالاة mutālāt, A following in succes-

a who cultivates acquaintance, or conciliates good will of; associated, conjoined, familiar, intimate; fitting, agreed.

a متائلم muta'allim, Afflicted, pained, grieved, vexed, troubled, sad; discon-

tented.

A متاليات mutāliyāt, Things consecutive. matama, How long? uutil when?

mnta'ammir, Raised to dominion ; one who obtains or exercises sovereign power.

متاملٍ ۸ متامل مسامل muta'ammil, Contemplative, thoughtful, meditative; considerate; a

careful examiner.

A متاعس muta'ammin, Who confides in ; secure.

متانة malānat (v.n. of متن), Being firm, solid, fixed, constant; being hard and high (ground); constancy; obstinacy; depth (of thought); force, vigour (of style); fortification, castle, stronghold; a place where figs (tin) grow.

muta'annas, muta'annis, Of the

feminine gender.

A متائنس muta'annis, Tamed, familiarized; domestic.

muta'annī, One who behaves مسائني ۸ with address and attention in any affair; patient and cool in doing business; one who waits, lingers, delays.

A منائول muta'auwil, An interpreter; first. A 5, flam muta'auwik, One who sighs, crying Áh!

a ستاعهل muta'ahhil, One who takes a wife; a family-man; worthy, proper, suited.

A sat muta'ahhih, Sorrowful, apt to sigh.

א متابد muta'aiyid, Strengthened, confirmed.

mutabādir, One who makes haste and endeavours to get the start; a riser; emergent.

a متبادل mutabādil, Agreed to take turn

about.

a متبادله mutabādila. Making an exchange with; alternate.

متبادى مسلامى mutabadi, Rustic, rural, wild.

mutabarr, Mutual in conferring benefits.

mutabāriz, A champion who comes forth from the crowd to engage with his

a ستبارك mutabārik, Blessed (God), rever enced; holy; illustrious; happy and comfortable.

a ستبارى mutabārī, Mutually, contentious, opposed to each other; rival in dignity.

a متباسق matabāsiq, Splendid, bright, shiping.

mutabāshir, Reciprocal in communicating good news or joyful tidings.

a متباعد mutabā'id, Absent; distant, remote.

a متباغض mutabāqhiz, Full of mutual enmity.

متباغى مسلطى مسلطى مسلطى مسلطى م tumultuous towards or against one another.

متباكى ه mutabākī; One who forces himself, or is forced to shed tears; one who shams weeping.

A متبايع mutabāyi', Associated together in commercial transactions, as buyer and seller to one another.

A متباین mutabāyin, Distinct, separate.

mutabattil, One who retires from the world on a religious account; a re-

mutabaḥḥir, Very learned, deeply read, profound (like the sea, bahr); very rich.

mutabakhtir, A pompous, strutting fellow.

mutabakhkhir, A perfumer of his person.

A בבאש mutabaddi', An innovator an inventor, author; an arch-heretic, broacher of novelties.

متبدل Mutabaddil, Changed; one who changes, substitutes, inverts; a receiver of one thing in exchange for another.

a متبدى mutabaddī, A beginner ; a dweller in the desert (badiyat); one who comes into view.

mutabazzil, A doer of his own drudgery.

mutabbar, Ruined, broken; -- mutabbir, A destroyer, a breaker in pieces.

متمرر م mutabarrar, Justified ; — mutabarrir, Pious, devout, dutiful, obedient; true, just.

ستبرکه . mutabarrak, fem متبرکه مسلامه سنبرکه م rakat, mutabarraka, Blessed, holy, sacred, sanctified, consecrated; fortunate, happy, august; [amākini mutabarraka, Holy mansions, sacred places; - mutabarrik, Resolved, determined, bent upon.

متبرق ه mutobarrá, Freed, absolved; mutabarri, Free, clear; interposed, inter-

venient.

mutabassit, Extended far and wide, spread abroad; who ranges, or expatiates at large.

mutabassim, Smiling; one who

smiles; flashing (lightning).

mutabassir, One who contemplates attentively; considerate, prudent, judicious; one who keeps a sharp look out for the new moon.

mutabattil, Bold, brave, coursgeous.

a متبطن mutabattin, Interior, internal; one who pierces the middle of anything, or understands the truth of any matter.

متبع ه mutbi', A follower; who causes to follow another, or who joins one thing to another; - muttabi', A follower; diligent in seeking; importunate; a client; under protection.

mutaba"il, A wife obedient to her متبعل lord (ba'l); one who adorns herself for

mutabaqqil, One who goes out to gather pot-herbs (baql), or who feeds his cattle with them.

a ستبل mutbal, Seasoned with pot-herbs; -mutbil, Who or what impairs friendship; one who seasons (a pot) with herbs and spiceries.

a ستبلل متبلل mutabillil, Moistened, wet.

متبله mutaballih, Ignorant, simple; one who shams ignorance or simplicity.

A متبن matban, A bin for straw (tibn) ;-muttabin, Dressed in the short breeches tubban, which barely conceal the nakedness; -mutabban, Dyed of a straw-colour; -mutabbin, Intelligent, sagacious.

matbanat, A straw or hay-loft.

a متبنگی mutabannagi, Adoption; the state of being an adopted child.

متبنى م mutabanná, Adopted (son);--mutabanni, One who adopts as his son; adoptive (father).

A matbur, Perishing, ruined.

matbū', Followed, obeyed; a lord, chief, leader; -matbū'i ummat, A chief of the people, a high priest.

mutabauwi', One who measures with a fathom (ba').

متبول mutabauwil, One who makes water; one who overwhelms with blows and abuse.

A give mutabahhij, Merry, gay, pleasant.

* mutabahhim, Doubtful, uncertain; hidden, concealed, unintelligible, not understood.

mutabaiyin, Whatever renders متمين clear or manifest; explained, illustrated; clear, distinct.

mutatābi', Consecutive, successive, coming one after another; uninterrupted, continual;—sih rozi mutatābi', Three consecutive days; —qawāfili mutatābi'u 'nnuzūl, Troops or caravans alighting one after another.

mutatālī, One following another متتالى ه in regular succession; consequent.

a متبع mutatabbi', Diligent in seeking; a searcher; imitative; an imitator.

mutatallī, One who follows, pursues, and prosecutes a claim; consecutive.

mutatammim, Like the tribe of Tamim, in regard to climate, locality, or opinions.

mutatauwij, The wearer of a crown (taj), crowned.

متتل mattá, Matthew.

mutaṣāqil, Heavy, slow, sluggish; gravitating towards the earth; cowardly, declining battle.

a منثبت mutasabbit, Fixed, established,

settled.

a ستثقب mutasaqqib, Bored; worm-eaten

(hide); one who drills holes.

mutasallim, Broken in the edges, notched, chipped (sword or earthen dish); pierced through the middle (a wall or vessel); chinky.

a متثنى mutagannī, Folded, doubled; inflected, complicated; who goes with the

body bent.

mulasauwib, One who says his prayers a second time, and thereby fancies himself entitled to a reward (sawāb).

mutajādil, Mutually contentious.

متجاذب مستعاذب mutajāzib, Mutual in pulling;

dragged.

mutajārī, One who goes in company with another; quarrelsome, contentious.

mutajāsir, Brave, magnanimous; bold, audacious, fierce in contending.

a ستجالس mutajālis, Seated together.

mutajānib, One who avoids, shuus.

a ستجالس mutajānis, Homogeneous.

mutajānif, Who deviates from what is right; who inclines to what is wrong.

nutajānin, Apparently insane, متجانن ▲ feigning insanity.

A متجارب mulajāwib, Answering each

other, reciprocal in answering.

-mutajāwir, fem. متجاور م mutajāwir, fem. متجاور م wiral, mutajāwira, Neighbouring, nigh.

mutajāwirāt (pl. of mutajāwirat), Neighbouring places; neighbours.

A mutajāwiz, Oue who transgresses, exceeds, goes beyond; who passes by or forgives.

mutajāwiz-an, Beyond, more متهاوزا

than, over (m.c.).

a معجاول mutajāwil, Circling round each other (as two combatants preparing to attack).

mutajāhid, Pains-taking, making متجاهد efforts.

mulajāhil, One who pretends to be a fool or ignorant, who shams stupidity.

A متجدد mutajaddid, Renovated, renewed; new, recent.

matjar, Commerce;—mutjir, A trader; -mutajjar, A place of business; muttajir, A trader, one who transacts commercial business.

matjarat, A country or market متجرة ▲ where trade is brisk.

mutajarrad (v.n. 5 of عتجرد Being stripped, nakedness; [hasanu'l-mutajarrad, Beautiful when naked;] — mutajarrid, Stripped; level (ground).

שבקק mulajarrim, A false accuser; a

transgressor.

mulajassid, Incarnate, embodied, corporeal; corpulent, stout; _ghair mutajassid, Incorporeal.

mutajassis, A close searcher, a متجسس ▲

вру.

متجسد mutajassim, = متجسم q.v.

ستجاد متجاد م mutajallid, Stubborn, sturdy, hardy.

mutajallal, Magnified; -- mutajallil, Who overcomes, rises superior (in dignity); a taker of whatever is best or most illustrious.

ستجلي ه mutajallī, Illuminated; splen-

did; displayed; transfigured.

A Asser mulajammad, Congealed, frozen. mutajammi', Collected, congre-

gated.

mutajannib, One who recedes or retires from, who shuns or avoids; polluted.

▲ متجنس mutajannin, Seemingly mad; furious.

mulajannī, A gatherer of fruit.

mutajauwiz, One who does anything slightly; perfunctory, careless (in prayer); loose in conversation; a conniver, winker.

mutajauwi', One who starves himself.

mulajauwif, Hollow متهوف ۸

Ayramutajahhiz, Prepared for, equipped. Math (v.n. of منح , Drawing out, extracting; drawing water from a well; being advanced (day); being long (the same); breaking wind; voiding excrements; cutting, striking.

mutahājī, Engaged in proposing questions, enigmas, or riddles to one

another.

متحادث mutaḥādis, Engaged in conversation, mutual discourse, or talk.

A متحارب mataḥārib, Mutual in fighting. a wutahāsib, Engaged in reckoning.

mutaḥāsid, Envious of each other.

mutaḥāqir, Mean in one's own eyes.

mutaḥākim, Agreed to go together before the judge (hākim).

mutaḥālif, Leagued, bound together by oath, covenant, league, or treaty (hilf)

a متحامق mutaḥāmiq, One who shams the

fool.

متمامل Mutaḥāmal (v.n. 6 of محمل), Putting up with, being patient; a place where the exercise of patience is needed; -mutaḥāmil, Who puts up with trouble, patient.

mutaḥāwir, Engaged in a dia-

logue.

Loving, fond, A www.mutaḥabbib, affectionate; granulated.

■ mutaḥajjir, Petrified; stony.

→ muttahid, United, made one; متحد azlá'i muttahid, United States.

ستحدث mutahaddis, A relater, historian ;

anything happening new.

A متحدق mutahazziq, Wise; a wise man.

a متحوفه mutaharrifa, A tax on people of particular trades, a professional tax.

mutaḥarriq, Burnt; inflamed. A www. mutaharrik (fem. mutaharrikat, mutuharrika), Moved; moving oneself; movable; accented with short vowels;ahair mutaharrik, Immovable; not accented with a short vowel, quiescent;quwa'i mutaharrika, Locomotive powers.

mutaharrim, Forbidden, unlaw-

ful; self-denying; revered.

a ستمزن muta hazzin, Grieved, afflicted, sad.

a mutahassir, Sorrowful; regretful.

a ستحشم mutahashshim, Covered with blushes, exceedingly bashful.

mutaḥaṣṣil, A gatherer, acquirer.

A mutahassilat, Productions, products.

mutahassin, Who retires to a stronghold and fortifies himself there; garrisoned (troops).

معمنة mutahassinat, Chaste (woman).

متع

muthif, Giver of a present, maker of an

offering (tuhfat).

mutahaffiz, Vigilant, cautious, one who takes heed to himself; an attendant, a watchman (m.c.).

mulahaffil, Met together, as-

sembled.

mutaḥaqqaq, Verified, true, sure, certain;—mutaḥaqqiq, A verifier.

mutahakkim, Lord paramount,

sovereign.

mutahalliq, Seated in a circle

(people); halo-encircled (moon).

mutahallil, Melted, dissolved; exceptive in an oath; released from an

oath by an expiation.

who pretends to have had a dream or a vision; one who strives to evince meekness and patience (hilm).

with bracelets or other female ornaments);
—mutahalli, One who decorates; one who

finds (a thing) sweet.

**mutahammid*, Praised; commendable; one who lays another under obliga-

tion.

mutahammir, One who calls, or is called, an ass; a speaker of the Himyaritic dialect.

mutahammil, The bearer of a burden; one who supports or suffers patiently; capable of bearing; enduring.

mutahannif, A follower of the sect of Abu Hanifah, i.e. true, orthodox in

religion.

ستحنى م mutaḥannī, Curved, bent.

mutahaiyir, Astonished, stupefied, wondering, amazed, thunderstruck; dimsighted; wandering, erratic;—mutahaiyir shudan (māndan), To be lost in amazement, to be thunderstruck;—knukabi mutahaiyir, A wandering star, a planet.

متخادع mutakhādi', One who affects to have been duped; mutual in deceiving.

mutakhārij, (A company of fellow-travellers) who make up a common purse for the expenses of their journey; mutual in dividing (as one party taking the house, and the other the lands).

معناهي مسtakhāshī, Timid, fearful,

timorous.

mutakhāṣim, Disputatious, mutually contentious; an adversary, opponent in a law-suit.

A ordinary mutakhāsimain (obl. du. of the preceding, used as nom.), Plaintiff and defendant.

mutakhātir, Engaged in betting.

**mutakhātir', Apt to err or blundor.

a متخانف mutakhāfif, Light, agile.

mutakhālif, Opposed, opposite;

adverse;—'imādi mutakhālifu'l-ab'ād, Columns at opposite distances, i.e. facing each other.

A picker up of news.

mutakhattim, The wearer of a seal-ring (khātam).

muttakhaz, Taken;—muttakhiz. A taker, receiver, selecter, chooser, assumer, associater; a commencer.

mutakharriq, Torn, pierced; a liar; liberal;—mutakharriqu's-sirbāl, One whose clothes have been torn by a long journey.

mutakharriqat, A womb injured by the fœtus and which does not conceive

in consequence.

mutakharrim, Of the sect called khurramīyat (see غرمية p. 457).

A wutakhashshi', Humble, subdued.

A chim mutakhashshin, Become rough; rugged; clad in rough clothing; rude in speech, uncivil.

متخشى ه mutakhashshī, Awed by, afraid of.

A منخص mutakhaṣṣis, Appropriated, made one's own; peculiarized; specially noted.

A متختع mutakhazzi, Humbled, subdued. A متخطف mutakhattif, A seizer, spoiler.

A متحمل mutakhatti, Overstepped, crossed over (boundary); one who steps or overstrides.

منخفف mutakhaffif, Booted.

A متخلص mutakňallis, Saved, rescued, escaped.

behind; a promise-breaker; an opponent.

mutakhalliq, A teacher of polite learning; one who perfumes himself with khalūq (see علوة p. 472, where the transliteration should read khalūq); sedulous in adopting the habits of another.

mutakhallil, One who uses a

toothpick (*khilāl*) after eating.

A خفای muta*khallī*, Free, disengaged.

mutkhim, Heavy, indigestible (food); — muttakhim, Oppressed at the stomach, incommoded by indigestion.

matkhamat, (Food) which turns upon the stomach and produces indi-

gestion.

mutakhammir, Veiled (woman).

A متخود mutakhauwif, Terrified, im-

pressed with fear.

mulakhaiyil, One who imagines, suspects, or fancies (good or evil); whatever answers to an idea conceived of it; conceited; fantastic, imaginary, fanciful.

A A mutakhaiyilat, mutakhaiyila (fem. of the preceding), Imagination, fancy;—quwati mutakhaiyila, The imagining faculty, imaginative power.

A mutakhaiyim, One who pitches his tent.

A "عده muttada' (root ارده), Destroyed, dead; broken; cut off; afflicted; levelled.

mutadābir, Mutual in deserting,

turning the back, or opposing.

- mutadākhil, Inserted, introduced within each other, dove-tailed, mortised, compact.
 - mutadāris, A fellow-student. متدارس ▲

mutadārik, Name of a metre (fā'ilun — = six times repeated).

a متداعى mutadā'ī, Engaged in disputes,

contests, or mutual provocation.

mutadāfi', Employed in pushing and thrusting each other, or repulsing in

A متدالى mutadānī, Near, adjacent.

A متداول mutadāwil (fem. mutadāwilat. mutadāwila), Bandied to and fro; alternate; common; current; customary; usual.

mutadāwim, One who renders

perpetual; who or what revolves.

A Lostar mutadāwamat, A circuit, circle.

متدارى مسلطة mutadāwī, One who doctors himself.

mutadāyin, Mutual in giving credit.

A אינא mutadabbir, One who considers attentively, or who understands well; well

mutadassir, Wrapped up in a متدثر م cloak or in the upper garment called

disar).

- mutada<u>khkh</u>il, Allowed to enter, متدعل ه introduced; who or what enters by little and little; one who enters very busily into matters.
- متدخن mutadakhkhin, Smoked; discoloured by smoke; smelling of smoke (dukhān).
 - a متدرع mutadarrij, Gradually advanced.
- mutadarri', Clad in mail or quilted متدرع A
- mutadarri'at, (A woman) dressed in a shift or smock (dir').
- a متدعى mutada"i, One who claims, pretender.
- متدلن ه mutadaffin, Buried; hid, concealed.
- mutadammir, Perishing; indignant.
 - a متدمع mutadammi', Ready to shed tears.

mutadannis, Dirty, soiled, nasty, filthy.

a متدلى mutadanni', One who urges on to that which is low and base; -mutadanni, One who approaches or draws near by little and little.

mutadahqin, Appointed chief of the husbandmen $(dihq\bar{a}n)$, a cultivator.

mutadahhin, One who anoints his person with unguent (duhn); fat; unctuous.

muttadi, A receiver of money, as the expiation of homioide (divat).

A متدين mutadaiyin, Orthodox; upright, firm in religion; a borrower, debtor; indebted.

- mutazākir, Mindful of one another.
- mutazāmim, Mutual in casting متذامم blame.
- mutazakkir, A rememberer, recorder, recollector; one who remembers advice; remembered.
- a معدكرة mutazakkira (fem. of the preceding), Remembered, mentioned:—mutazakkira'i bālā, Above-mentioned, aforesaid; -mutazakkara'i zail, Mentioned below.

a متذلل mutazallil, Humble, suppliant;

meek.

- a متذمم mutazammim, Blushing, ashamed. a متذيل mutazaiyil, Proud, stately, who
- lets his train (zail) sweep the ground.
- matr (v.n.), Cutting off, amputating; throwing; stretching (a rope); lying with.

matrā, (in Zand and Pazand) Rain. متراجع mutarāji', Returned, brought

back. mularājim, Flinging stones at متراجم one another.

a سترادف mutarādif, Successive, consecutive; continuous, uninterrupted, at the heels of one another; synonymous; a verse terminating in two quiescent letters.

mutarāsil, Reciprocal in sending متراسل news, keeping up an epistolary correspondence.

mutarāzī, Contented with each other

mutarāfi', Mutually agreed to مترالع ه refer a matter to an umpire or judge.

mutarāfiq, A fellow-traveller. مترافق ه matrāk, Name of a lunar mansion.

a متراكب mutarākib, Piled one upon another; firm, strong.

mutarākim, Accumulated, heaped up; condensed.

a سترامى mutarāmī, Occupied in shooting

together. mutarāhin, Mutual in depositing متراهن stakes, pledges, or wagers.

مترب mutarabbib, A bringer up, educator.

a متربة matrabat, Poverty, beggary.

a ستربع mutarabba', A spring-habitation, a place where cattle pasture in the spring; -mutarabbi', Fattened with spring-grass; one who sits four-square.

مترتب معرتب mutarattib, Firm, settled; ordered, established; arranged, classified;

consequent upon, resulting from.

a مترتل mutarattil, One who sings with a sweet voice; a slow reader or speaker.

mutarajjih, Prevalent or preponderating.

مترجو ه mutarajjiz, One who composes a poem in the metre rajaz (see رجر p. 570).

مترجك mutarajjif, Movable, tremulous.

A مترجل mutarajjil, One who goes on foot;
a pedestrian.

مترجم mutarjam, Interpreted; translated:—mutarjim, A translator, interpreter. a مترجمية mutarjimīyat, A translation.

a مترمنين mutarjimīn (obl. pl. used as nom.), Interpreters, translators.

مترجى ه mutarajjī, Hoping, full of hope.

A مترحل mutaraḥḥil, Mounted and ready

to depart or emigrate; a traveller.

mularahhim, Compassionate, merciful, tender, pitiful, moved to pity.

معرعم mutarakhkhis, One who obtains leave.

mutaraddid, Repulsed, rejected, refused; who opposes or resists; adverse; comer and goer; saunterer, wanderer; irresolute, ambiguous, perplexed; hesitating, anxious; discomposed.

mutaraddiyat, A sheep fallen from a height (whether killed or not);

veiled (a girl).

matrîz, A shield.

matars (ma-tars), Be not afraid; the bar of a door; a parapet of wood or earth, a palisade; a ninepin; a scarecrow.

a مترس mutarris, One who arms (himself

or another) with a shield (turs).

A مترسب mutarassib, What deposits sediment.

mitrasat, A shield, coat of mail

(or anything) which defends.

mutarassil, One who does (anything) leisurely; who speaks extempore; a letter-writer, a correspondent; a secretary.

mutarassim, Contemplative.

matrash (?), Whose beard is shaved off; beardless.

mutarassid, One who contemplates, or gazes at; a watcher; expecter, explorer; vigilant.

nutarazzī. One who contents and gives satisfaction; one who begs, or is anxious, that anything may be acceptable.

معرع على mutara'ri', Perplexed, agitated, timid.

مرهب mutaraghghib, Expectant, waiting for.

mutraf, Blest with affluence, and allowed to enjoy oneself without interruption; left to oneself and doing what one pleases; proud, haughty, acknowledging no superior; —mutrif, Headstrong in disobedience; — mutrif, mutarrif, (Riches) seducing and ruining a man; a bestower of the comforts of life.

mutaraqqab (fem. mutaraqqabat, mutaraqqaba), Watched for, expected; longed for;—mutaraqqib, One who contemplates, observes; one who expects,

desires, or wishes with a degree of avidity; a guardian.

مترتس mutaraqqiş, Moved up and down.
مترتس mutaraqqiq, Compassionate, tender.

mutaraqqī, Ascended; advanced. مترقى ه mutarakkab, Inserted, infixed, mounted, set;—mutarakkib, Mounted one upon another; composing, compounding.

مترکن ه mutarakkin, Firm, strong, wellestablished; grave, staid, steady, sedate.

nutarammil, Widowed. مترمل ٨

متردم mutarannim, A singer, hummer, warbler; cooing (dove).

متران ه mutarannin, Sonorons, resound-

ing.

معروك matrūk, Left, relinquished, abandoned; abolished, obsolete, fallen into disuse; — matrūku 'l-isti'māl, matrūki rasm, Unusual, not practised, obsolete; — māli matrūk, The estate of a person deceased.

matrūkāt, Movables, anything left behind one (either when leaving a place or dying); unnecessary baggage.

a معروكة matrūka (fem. of matrūk), Estate

of a deceased person.

مترهب mutarahhib, One who dedicates himself to the service of God; one who leads the life of a monk (rāhib).

mutazāhim, Crowded, squeezed

together, thronging (people).

متزاور م mutazāwir, Reciprocal in paying visits.

معزايد mutazāyid, Increased, augmented, multiplied; verbose, talkative.

mutazāyil, Distant, departing; transitory; separated, removed from.

mutazarrir, (A garment) furnished with buttons (zirr), by which (it) may be fastened.

م متراول م mutazalzal, Convulsed by an earthquake;—mutazalzil, Shaking, quaking, trembling; agitated.

mutazalliq, Slidden, slipped, fallen متراك ه

down.

مترسل ه mutazammil, One who wraps up close, or hides himself in his garment.

موزندی م mutazandiq, Turned Guebre (zindiq), become a worshipper of fire; impious.

mutazannir, Begirt with a girdle

or zone (zunnār).

متروح مستوح mutazauwij, Who takes a wife; wived.

متزود mutazauwid, One who makes provision (zād) for a journey.

متزهد م mutazahhid, Pious, devout, religious.

مترید معترید معترید a mutazaiyid, Increased, raised (price of provisions); one who affixes, or adds a commentary or supplement.

مترین منزین mutazaiyin, Dressed, adorned.

A مترین mutasa'il, Reciprocal in asking.

mutasābiq, Engaged in contest

for a wager; mutual, reciprocal in taking precedency.

mutasāri', Simultaneous in making haste; one who makes haste.

معسانط mutasāqit, Fallen; one who throws himself into; falling step by

mutasāqī, Mutual in giving متساقى ۸ drink.

mutasäkir, One who shams drnnkenness.

مسالم م mutasālim, At peace together.

mutasāmih, Mutually indulgent.

mutasāmi', One who pretends to hear; hearing from each other.

متسابى mutasāwī, Equal, parallei, straight;—mutasāwiyu 'l-azlā', Equilateral; -mutasāwiyu 'z-zawiya, Equi-angular;mutasāwiyu 's-sāqain, Having two equal sides; -mutasāwiyu 'l-'umūd, A trapezoid.

mutasāhil, Easy towards each متساهل ه

other.

mutasāhim, Engaged in casting متساهم ۸ lots.

mutasaḥḥir, One who rises or sets out before daybreak, and breakfasts at that early hour.

mulasakhkhir, A despiser, jeerer, mocker; one who compels (another) to obey; obliged to work for nothing, angariated.

A www. mutasakhkhit, Incensed.

a متسريل mutasarbil, Dressed in a shirt, shift, or covering for the body (sirbāl).

mutasarrir, A keeper of a concu-

bine (surriyat).

متسرع Mulasarri', Active, quick, hasty. mutasarwil, In breeches, breeched.

a معسع mutsi', What makes up the number nine; One who waters a camel on the ninth day; -muttasa', Wide place, widest part; composed of or relating to nine; enneagon; muttasi', Large, broad, spacious; dilated; diffused (water).

متسفر A mutasaffir, About to take a jour-

mulasaqqii, One who seeks for the worst part of anything, or who hunts after faults; a picker-up of news by little and little.

mulasaqqif, Roofed; created bishop.

ستسقى ▲ متسقى سutasaqqī, Soaked, imbued; bibulous.

_ mutasakkin, Poor, impoverished. mutasallih, Cased in armour,

mutasallis, Hypocritical, fraudulent (see سالوس); demented.

mutasalsil, Joined, linked together; water flowing like a chain.

mutasallit, Despotic, absolute; invested with paramount authority.

مسلف mutasallif, A borrower; a re-

ceiver of money in advance for goods to be delivered.

mutasallil, A withdrawer, tarrier behind.

A متسلم mutasallam, Delivered, consigned; - mutasallim, One who receives anything delivered, and keeps it in possession; a vicar, locum tenens, lieutenant to a governor of a province, sent before to manage affairs till the arrival of his superior; one who keeps in the right road.

mutasallī, Comforted, solaced.

a معسمة mutasammi', A hearer, listener.

A witasammik, Exalted, excellent. A waxed mutasammin, Fattened, waxed

mulasammi, Self-named; called,

named, denominated, designed; high. mutasannī, Old, corrupted; one

who stays many years. mutasauwiq, A buyer, seller,

trader; a frequenter of the market (suq), a market-man.

متسوك mutasauwik, Who uses a dentifrice (siwāk).

A متسوى mutasauwī, Straight; even, level.

A متسهل mutasahhil, Easy.

A متشابلت mutashābik, Intricate (affair).
A متشابها mutashābih, fem. متشابها mutashābihat, mutashābiha, Like, resembling; conformable; allegoric, parabolical; equivocal, ambiguous; allegory; simile; metaphor; intricate, difficult (a verse of the Qur'ān), of uncertain meaning.

A ستشابهات mutashābihāt (pl. of mutashābihat, fem. of the preceding), Similes, allegories, metaphors; doubts, ambiguities,

intricacies.

متشاهة mutashābahat, Comparison, resemblance ;—mutashābihat, see متشابه .

mutashātim, Full of mutual معشاتم revilings.

a متشارك mutashārik, Associated in partnership; a partner.

mutashā'ir, One who pretends to be, or who fancies himself, a poet; a poetaster.

ستشاغل م mutashāghil, People who keep one another employed.

mutashākil, Suitable, agreeable متشاكل ▲ to one another.

A معشاكى mutashākī, Mutually querulous; complaining of each other.

mutashāwir, Engaged in consulta-

a معشبك mutashabbik, Mixed, intermixed, intertwined, jumbled together.

متشبه مستشبه mutashabbih, Similar, resem-

mutashattī, One who winters.

mutashajji', Proud of one's courage.

a متشخص mutashakhkhas, Distinguished,

noteworthy; - mutashakhkhis, Separated; distinct.

A satis mutashaddid, Hard, strong;

severe; difficult; stingy, avaricious.

A mutasharrib, Imbibing; what drinks up, bibulous; spreading; contagious.

متشرع ۸ mutasharri', Skilled in law; orthodox.

mutaeharrif, Honoured; highminded.

a متشرك mutasharrik, A partner, sharer.

mutasha"io, Divided, branched.

mutasha"il, Kindled, lighted; fiery.

a mutashaffi', An intercessor, advocate.

a mutashakkir, Grateful, thankful. mutashakkik, Doubting, scrupu-

lous.

معشكل Mutashakkal, Formed; produced; transformed; beautiful; -- mutashakkil, Like, resembling.

a متشكى mutashakki, A complainer, bemoaner, lamenter; querulous; afflicted, pained, diseased.

A washammis, Exposed to the sun.

a متشمل mutashammil, Covered, concealed; dressed in over-alls, surtout, or upper coat.

mutashammim, One who smells gently.

متشنج ∧ mulashannij, Shrivelled, wrinkled; convulsed.

a متشنى mutashannin, Old, worn out; dried, shrivelled, wrinkled, wizened, shrunk, contracted.

a متشوش mutashauwish, Disturbed, disordered.

mutashauwiq, Wishful, desirous. متشوق مسلود mutashauwik, Beset with thorns.

a متشهد mutashahhid, One who makes a profession of faith.

متشهل مستشهل mutashahhá, Desired, longed for ;—mutashahhī, Desirous, eager, longing more and more.

a متشيع mutashaiyikh, A pretender to, or an assumer of, the character of a shaikh, i.e. of an elder, a venerable or learned person.

a متشيد matashaiyid, A hypocrite; a

vagrant monk (see هياد p. 771).

متشيطن mutashaitin, Devilish, satanical.

متشيع مستشيع mutashaiyi', A sectary of Alīy;

متمابي مسلمبية mutaṣābī, A morously inclined.

mutaṣādif, One who meets with.

mulaşadiq, Mutually sincere,

a متصادم mutaṣādim, Struck together, clashed.

mutaṣārim, Sundered, severed.

A - clair mutasa'ib, Difficult, hard, untractable, troublesome.

mulaṣā'id, Superior, above; ascended, on the move upwards; in ascending scale.

mutaṣāghir, Little in one's own esteem.

mutaṣāfiq, Mutual in shaking متمافق ه hands on striking a bargain.

mutasāfī, Mutually honest, upright.

متماتب mutasāqīb, Near, close by.

a متمالح mutaṣālih, At peace together.

mutasabbir, One who affects patience (sabr), or who imposes a restraint on himself.

A متصبى mutaşabbī, A gay deceiver; a flirt.

A mutaşahhif, An incorrect reader. mutasaddir, Seated in the chief seat.

متمدع A متمدع mutasaddi', Importunate, troublesome.

mulaşaddiq, A giver or asker of alms.

mulāṣaddī, One who turns away the face, opposes, or objects; one who attempts, presumes, dares, is intent upon: any inferior officer of government, a clerk, accountant.

a متمدى گرى mataşddi-gari, Office of clerk, &c. (see the preceding article).

متمرخ mutasarrikh, One who roars; a screamer.

mulaşarraf, Whatever is in one's power or possession; [mutasarraf fi-hi, Possessed, used; -ghair mutasarraf, Out of one's power or reach;]—mutasarrif, fem. mutaşarrifat, mutaşarrifa, A possessor, occupant, enjoyer, master; one who uses his own discretion; profuse, extravagant; dexterous; declined; --qūwati mutosarrifa, The thinking faculty.

متمرفات mutaşarrafāt (pl. fem. of mutasarraf), Possessions, estates (m.c.).

a متمرم mutașarrim, Cut off, rescinded; dexterous, clever.

متصعد mutasa"id, High; hard, difficult. a ستمعلك mutaṣa'lik, Poor, indigent.

a متصف muttasif, Praiseworthy; qualified, endued, marked with an epithet; described; a describer; mutually laudatory.

a معمل muttasil, Contiguous, adjoining, conjunct, near, continual; conjunctive; (adv.) always (m.c.).

a muttasil-an, Continually, contigu-

muttasilat, An affixed pronoun.

متصلى م mutașalli, Burnt; warmed (at the fire).

a متمنع mutaṣanni', Adorned, decorated;

one who shows off his skill; anxious to pass off well; specious; one whose words and actions agree not.

A متمور mutasauwar, Imagined ;—mutasauwir, An imaginer, conceiver.

متموك mulaşauwif, Obscure, mystical (speech); a Sufi. or mystic.

A متصيد mutasaiyid, Devoted to hunting.

A burner-sojourner.

A متفاهله mutaṣāḥik, Laughing together.
A متفاد mutaṣādd, Mutually opposed, contrary.

mutazārr, Suited. متفار ٨

متمارب مسلمبر mutazārib, Distracted, fighting together, beating one another.

A arialar mutazā'if, Increased to twice as much, doubled.

متفاض mutaṣāghin, Full of mutual enmity.

متفایق mutazāyiq, Narrow, straitened (in mind or place).

A متضبط mutazabbit, One who seizes by force.

mutazajjir, Distressed, oppressed, injured, afflicted, lamenting; restless.

A mutazajji', Indolent, sitting still.

mutlazih, Manifest, evident, clear. متفح Mulazahhik, A laugher, mocker.

متمرب mutazarrib, Beaten; agitated, disturbed, uneasy, shaking.

mutāzarrir, Injured, harmed, oppressed.

ستفرع م ستفرع mutazarri', Humbled; a suppliant.

▲ متفرم mutazarrim, Kindled (fire or

mutaza"af, Regarded as weak, obscure, and contemptible;—mutaza"if, One who looks on as weak (za'if); obscure, despised.

A معمد mulazammid, Bandaged (wound).

hends, contains, includes; a surety, bondsman, sponsor.

A Low mutazaiyif, Become a guest (zaif).

A متلمق mutazaiyiq, Hemmed in; straitened.

متطابق متطابق مسلاميز mutatābiq, Suited, agreeable to.

A متطاعي mutatā'in, Mutual in spearing;
taunting each other.

متماوع مسلطرية mutatāwi', Humble, submissive, obedient, compliant.

mulatāhir, Cleansed, purified.

متطب mutalibb, A practitioner in medicine.

A متطبع mutatabbib, A student of the art of medicine; a medical practitioner.

A متطبع mutatabbi*, Implanted by nature, innate.

متطبق mutatabbiq, Agreeable to, suitable.

مطرب a معطرب mutatarrib, One who moves briskly from joy or pain; a singer; one who makes cheerful and exhilarates.

A jje mulajarriz, Embroidered (hem).

A متارك mutatarrif, (A camel) grazing at the edge of a field, and not mixing with the others.

A متطرق mutatarriq, Struck; separated; taking or leading away.

mutata"im, A taster, trier, sipper. A متطعم mutataffil, An uninvited guest.

A — mutatallib, Inquisitive; a seeker.

mulatalli', One who looks at, waits for; informed, apprized of.

منطلی ه mutatalli, Anointed, smeared, daubed.

mutatammis, Obliterated, erased.

A E-mutatauwi, Obedient; a volunteer (in a holy war); a doer of works of supererogation.

a متطوك mutatauwif, One who moves round.

متطوق م mutatauwiq, Adorned with a

chain or a collar; collared.

A mutatahhir, Purified, cleansed,

washed; sanctified.

• mutataiyib, Embalmed; per-

fumed.

A متطير mutataiyir, Who views as a bad omen.

a متطالم مسلم mutazālim, Reciprocal in complaining of injuries; injuring one another.

A معظاهر mutazāhir, Joined back to back; mutually auxiliary.

mutazarrif, An affecter of elegance.

mutazaffir, Victorious, triumphant.

A مظلل mutazallil, Shaded, over-shadowed.

mutazallim, Darkened, obscure; injured, oppressed, aggrieved; a wronger; a complainer of wrongs;—mutazallimi dād-khwāh, An oppressed person demanding justice.

mutazannī, صتطنى mutazannī, One who thinks, opines, surmises, or suspects.

متمار A mutazahhir, A pronouncer of a formula of divorce upon his wife.

mat' (v.n.), Advancing (day); rising high (sun); preponderating (scale of a balance); enjoying a thing, reaping advantage of it;—mat', mut' (v.n.), Being liberal and beneficent; being ingenious; being graceful and elegant;—mita', muta' (pl. of mit'at, mut'at), Fruits, advantages; victuals in sufficiency.

muta'ātib, Mutually recriminative.

متعادل مسلام muta'ādīl, Parallel to each other. متعادى مسلام muta'ādī, Mutually hostile.

muta'āriz, Contrary, opposed to each other; engaged in imitating, or doing anything like one another; conflicting, contradictory.

muta'ārif, Well known to each other; mutually known; common usage;—

mardumāni muta'ārif, The common people, the vulgar (m.c.).

a متعارلي muta'ārifī, Ordinary, common (m.c.).

a متعارفية muta'ārif īyat, Celebrity, notoriety.

muta'āzil, Remote, removed, retiring, receding, withdrawing from each other.

muta'āzī, Reciprocal in consoling متازى or exhorting to the exercise of patience.

mula'āsir, Difficult ; hard, firm ; mutually perplexed.

a متعاهر muta'āshir, Intimate, familiar; mixed.

a متعاطف muta'atif, Inclined to each other.

muta-aqib, fem. متعاقب muta-'āqibat, muta'āqiba, Successive, following, pursuing; subsequent; afterward; -mutaaqibu 'l-wurud, Coming successively, arriving one after another; -samarāti muta-'āqiba, Fruits following in their season.

muta'āqid, Leagued, confederate. a متعاكس muta'ākis, Inverted, turned.

A متعال muta'āl, High, sublime; — khudāyi muta'āl, The most high God.

a ستمالم muta'alim, Known to each other.; known of all.

a متعالى mula'ālī, High, lofty, exalted; one who draws near.

A . wuta'āmil, United by commerce; transacting business with each other.

A متعامى muta'āmī, One who shams blindness.

A متعانق mula'āniq, Mutual in embracing. mula'āwar, Borrowed;—muta'āwir, Reciprocal, alternate in doing (anything).

a ستعاوض mula'āwiz, Acceptor of a substitute.

muta'āwin, Leagued for mutual متعاوى ٨ aid.

a متعاهد muta'āhid, Confederate, covenanted; a contractor; one who enters into an engagement for the revenue; --afsarāni muta'āhid, Covenanted officers (m.c.); ghair-muta'āhid, Uncovenanted.

a متعاهدين muta'āhidīn (obl. pl. of the preceding used as nom.), Confederates, &c. muta'āyir, Em- متعاير muta'āyir,

ployed in mutual upbraidings.

A ---- mut'ab, Fatigued, tired ; mut'ib, One who fatigues or overworks; toilsome.

mat'abat, A place of fatigue. A متعبد muta'abbad, A place of worship; -muta'abbid, Devout, bigoted, fanatic; refractory, stubborn; one who receives as a

servant ('abd). muta'abbadat, The ceremonies and sacrifices prescribed in the pilgrimage to Mecca.

a ستعبس muta'abbis, Frowning, crabbed, austere.

ستعة mit'at, mut'at (v.n. of متعة), Per-

forming the ceremonies at Mecca, making the sacred visitation called 'umrah; use, enjoyment, advantage, benefit; taking a wife on the understanding of dismissing her after a few days' cohabitation ;—mut'at, mut'a, A temporary marriage of the described kind; a present to a woman divorced from her husband; a bucket, an urn;muta'tu 't-talāq, Money and clothes given to a wife at the time of divorce.

a متعتب muta'attib, Angry, scolding,

chiding.

A ------ muta'ajjib, Astonished, amazed; filled with admiration; wonderful, strange. a متعجباته muta'ajjibāna, Wondrous.

muta'ajjil, Hasty, one who seizes

hastily.

A same muta'addid, Many, various; in great number (over 10,000); ready, prepared, expeditious; -muta addid bi-hi, Of which account is to be made; of account or

a متعدم muta'adam, Lacking, wanting, deficient.

muta'addi, Who or what passes by, or from one to another; active, transitive, causal (verb); a transgressor, wicked wretch, scoundrel; epidemic; contagious; infected by a contagious disorder.

muta'azzir, Difficult, impossible;

an apologist; deserving of pardon.

muta'arrib, One who lives amongst, and becomes like an Arabian; not a pure Arabian.

A متعرى muta'arrij, Oblique,

(edifice).

a ستعرض muta'arriz, An opposer, hinderer, withstander; one who causes pain or trouble; averse; undertaking rashly; intermeddling with.

muta'arrif, A pryer into another متعرف person's secrets, curious to know; one who

confesses.

a ستعوق muta'arriq, Perspiring.

A متعرب muta'azzib, Bachelor, unmarried.

mutu'azzil, Dismissed, cashiered,

removed from office; retired.

A war muta'assir, Difficult, impossible, intricate, hard to be explained; pressing (necessity);—muta'assiru'l-huṣūl, Difficult to obtain, arduous; -muta'assiru 'l-murūr, Difficult to pass, hard to be got over.

mula'ashshib, Fed on, or fattened by green herbage or grass ('ushb).

muta'ashshiq, A lover, sweetheart.

muta'ashshī, One taking his supper; purblind at night.

muta'assib, Attached to one's people; helping them; partial, prejudiced; zealous; bigoted; superstitious.

muta'assir, Expressed, squeezed out (juice).

muta'assim, Protected, kept safe.

muta'aṣṣī, Who beats off with a stick; rebellious; difficult, intricate (affair).

a muta'attir, Perfumed, highly scented.

muta'attish, One who pretends to be athirst; wishful, desirous, eager,

attif, Indulgent, favourably inclined.

muta'attil, Idle, unemployed.

A Albaro muta'attilat, Unadorned (woman).

muta'attī, One who begs a present.

Mutta'iz, Admonished; one who takes admonition in good part, or follows

a منعظم muta'azzim, Proud, haughty, stately. •

muta'affif, Chaste, continent, absteminous; studying to keep oneself

muta'affin, Putrid, stinking, noisome; rotten (rope).

A - mula aggib, Punished for faults. متعقد muta'aqqid, Consolidated, fastened together; concreted.

muta'aqqil, Intelligent, wise, learned.

muta'akkiz, Propped by a crutch or staff.

a ستعكس mula'akkis, A crawler, as a

viper.

muta'allaq, A place where anything may be suspended; an interest;muta'alliq, Belonging to, dependent upon, with, touching, concerning; connected sticking close to; a kinsman; a dependant; addicted, dedicated, attached; possessed of a bare subsistence ;--muta'alliqi zāti khāṣṣ, Personal, private; — muta'alliqi fi'l, An adverb; -mula'alliqi muharrir, Pertaining to a clerk, clerical.

A متعلقات muta'alliqāt (pl. of muta'alliqat), Dependencies, appurtenances, circumstances; children, family, domestics.

a متعلقان muta'alliqān (P. pl. of muta-'alliq), Children, family; domestics, ser-

a متعلقه muta'alliqa, A. dependency, &c.; -muta'allaga'i khāndān, Pertaining to a family; domestics, dependants.

a متعلقين muta'allaqīn (obl. pl. of muta-

'alliq used as nom.), = متعلقان q.v.

muta'allil, One who offers a reason or excuse.

a ستعلم muta'allim, Taught, instructed; one who applies himself to learn; a learner, student, scholar, disciple; a teacher.

a ستعلى muta'alli, High; one who ascends

gradually.

A arious, attentive,

muta'ammiq, Carried far in a discourse; entering deeply into a matter.

a متعمل muta'ammil, Studious, painstaking.

muta'ammim, Dressed in a turbau. a متعندان muta'annidan (P. pl. of muta-'annid), Enemies.

muta'anni, Tired, jaded, fatigued. mat'ûb, Fatigued; oppressed; vexed.

A conta'auwij, Bent, crooked, curved. muta'auwid, Accustomed, used to. A 3 muta'auwiz, One who takes re-

fuge.

muta'auwiq, Averted, turned متعوق

away from; hindered.

a متعه mut'a, Taking a wife on the condition of dismissing her after a few days, a temporary marriage (allowed by the Shi'as but considered illegal by the Sunmis); a woman married in that way (m.c.); cohabitation; use, enjoyment, advantage, profit. (See A. هنتعهٔ)

a متعبد muta'ahhid, Continually engaged in the same act; attentive to; undertaking,

engaging in.

a ستعيب muta'aiyib, A reproacher, ac-

a ستعيش muta'aiyish, Possessed of a sufficiency to support life, who has just enough to live upon; supported by his own industry.

a ستعين muta'aiyin, Public, open, plain, manifest, conspicuous; certain, determined, constituted, appointed, deputed; one who follows with the eye; one who injures by the evil eye.

a متعينه mata'ayyana, A station, post, command; an appointment; establishment.

متغابى ه mutaghābin, Mutually fraudulent.

mutaghāzil, Mutually engaged in متغازل amorous blandishments.

mutaghāfil, One who shams negligence.

mutaghālib, Victorious in turns. متغالب mutaghālī, Tall, long, luxuriant (grass); high (price).

A winking at one mutaghāmiz, Winking at one another.

mutaghānī, Independent of one متغاني A another.

muta<u>qh</u>āyib, Absent.

a ستغايط mulaqhāyiz, Enraged at one another.

متفدى mutaghaddī, One who breakfasts; one who dines early.

mutaghāzzī, Nourished, fed upon. mutagharrib, On foreign travel; far distant; a comer from the west (gharb).

mutagharrid, A songster, warbler. mutagharghir, One gargling his

throat.

mutaghazzil, A writer of erotic poetry.

متفسل مسلم muta<u>ah</u>assil, Nice in his ablution.

متغشى mutaghashshī, Who covers himself.

متغدب mutaghazzib, Angered, enraged. ■ mutaghazzin, Wrinkled, puckered.

a متغطى mutaghattī, Covered, hid.

a متغفل mutaghaffil, Careless, negligent; one who affects to be careless or negligent.

mulaghallib, Overcoming, vic-

torious; dominant, powerful.

A mutaghammid, A concealer, a hider; (God) receiving into his mercy.

. mulaghannij, Coquettish (woman).

mutaghannim, One who looks upon and considers as prey.

mutaghannī, A singer; polite; amorous: contented; a praiser; a disparager.

متغیب ۸ mutaghaiyib, Absent,

appeared.

mutaghaiyir, Disturbed, perplexed, stupefied; altered, changed, deteriorated; amended; mutable, inconsistent.

متغيط mutaghaiyiz, Angry, wrathful;

intensely bot (noon-tide).

a متفاتى mutafātī, One who consults a mufti, or man learned in the law.

mutafāhish, An obscene talker. متفاحش

mutafākhir, Mutually boastful. mutafāsih, One who makes room متفاسع ٨ for another (in an assembly); comfortably seated.

a متفاسد mutafāsid, Mutually alienated.

mutafāṣiḥ, Pompously eloquent.

mutafāzil, Engaged in a dispute متفاهل about excellence; mutually ambitious of superiority.

mulafaqid, In search of one

another.

mutafānī, Destructive of each other (in war); mutually exterminatory.

mutafāwit, Distinct, separate, distant, different; interrupted.

a متفايد mutafāyid, Mutually beneficial.

a متفائل mulafā'il, An augurer, diviner. a متفتت mutafattit, Broken in pieces,

crumbled; dropped off.

mutafattih, Opened, set wide open.

a سنفتش mutafattish, A searcher, examiner.

a ستفتل mutafattil, Twisted (rope).

a مناهم matfahat, An apple-orchard. متفحص Mutafahhas, Questioned, exa-

mined; -mutafahhis, An inquisitor, investigator, examiner.

mutafakhkhir, Proud, vain-glorious. mutafarrij. One who looks, examines, walks about, or gazes around; a

spectator; one who unbends in the company of friends.

mutafarrid, Alone, sole, by one's

self.

mutafarrie, A judger from signs متفرس or appearances; a physiognomist; one who pretends to be an expert horseman (fāris).

A قبطر mutafarri', Produced, originated; derived, propagated, branched out, ramifying; very branchy (tree); grafted; belonging to, depending upon.

A متفرعات mutafarri'āt, Dependencies; derivatives, pertinents, appurtenancies.

متفرغ mutafarrigh, At leisure; vacant,

empty.

a mutafarraq, Being divided, separated; a place of division and separation; -mutafarriq, Separate, distinct, different, divided, dispersed, scattered, confused, dissipated, ruined.

mutafarriqāt, Scattered things; various things; sundries, miscellaneous articles; the various items (of an account);

scattered portions of land.

-mutafarriqat, mutafarriqa, Horse متفرقة guards, spearmen, or archers attending a king when he travels.

mutafarriqīyat, Dispersion.

A orthonormy mutafassih, Spacious, roomy; one who makes room for; comfortably and widely seated.

A متفص mulafassih, Eloquent, rhetorical; one who takes great pains to appear

eloquent.

a متفضل mutafazzil, Excellent, eminent; one who pretends to, and assumes a superiority over his fellows; a benefactor; clad daily in the same dress.

mutafattir, Split, cleft, divided. متفطر ▲ a متفطن mutafattin, Considerate, thought-

muttafiq, Consenting, agreeing, consentient, agreed; corresponding, concurring (testimonies); confederate, conspiring; united, uniform; nearly related; an accomplice, abettor, conspirator; the fifth circle (da'ira) of the metres; -muttafiqu 'r-rāy, Agreeing in opinion;—muttafiq 'alai-hi, Agreed upon.

A -latin muttafiq-an, silatin muttafiqana, Together, at the same time, on one accord

mutafaqqid, Deprived of, or in search of a lost or missing object.

mutafaqqih, Skilled in the divine law.

mutafakkir, متفكر Contemplative, thoughtful; given to consideration; serious, pensive, grave; amazed;— $(q\bar{u}$ wati) mutafakkira, Contemplation, the reflecting power; mind.

mutafannin, Possessed of a variety متفنن

of sciences, modes, ways, or arts.

mutafannī, Artful, crafty, vicious.

a ستفوت mutafavwit, Escaped, passed by. mutafauwih, One who opens his mouth to speak; a speaker.

A محقهم mutafahhim, One who understands by little and little; intelligent.

mutaqūbil, Opposite; face to

face.

mutaqātil, Mutually slaughterous. متقادم متقادم mutaqātil, Mutually slaughterous. متقادم mutaqādam, (in law) Such a distance of time as suffices to prevent punishment; it operates somewhat similar to our statutory limitation;—mutaqādim, Ancient, antique, prior to.

mutagārr, Mutually agreed.

mutaqārib, Near to each other, proximate; a metre (fa'ūlun —— repeated eight times).

Mutaqaribiyat, Proximity.

متفارط mutaqāriz, Mutually encomiastical.

A والقدم mutaqāri', Engaged in casting lots.

متفارى A متقارى mutaqārin, Joined, united together.

mutaqūsim, Confederate, leagued, sworn to each other; agreed to divide (property) amongst themselves.

mutaqāṣir, Unequal to the performance of a thing; one who pretends to

be short.

mutaqāzī, An exacter or receiver (of payment of a debt); a dun; importunate.

a mutaqāṭir, Whatever drops or trickles; coming in a train, one after another.

متفاطع mutaqāti', Parted from each other.

nactive; whosoever abstains, desists, or recedes; (a garrison-soldier) exempted from joining the army.

a متقاعس mutaqā'is, One whose back goes

in and breast sticks out.

mutaq $\bar{a}ll$, One who considers as small, few, or trifling ($\underline{q}alil$).

mutaqāmir, Engaged at a game

of dice, or in play for a wager.

متفاول ه mutaqāwil, Engaged in a chat.

A مثقارم mutaqāwim, Up in arms mutually.

mutaqawim, Op in aring mutuality.

• متقبی mutaqabbī, Dressed in the tunic

mutaqaddir, Measured, proportioned; pre-ordained; ready, prepared.

A متقدس mutaqaddis, Purified, made holy.

mutaqaddim, One who goes before or leads the way; excelling, superior; ancient, anterior, past, preceding; antique; a chief, president, principal, governor; an offering, a present.

A معقده mutaqaddam-an, In old time, long ago.

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A متقدمين mutaqaddamīn (obl. pl. used as nom.), The ancients.

mutaqarrib, One who approaches or fears (God); one who has free access

to a king; a royal relation or favourite; adjacent, near, allied.

mutaqarrih, Ulcerated, eaten of sores.

mutaqarrir, Confirmed, established. متقوره مسلم mutaqarrir, Addicted to sacred reading; devout, holy, pious.

mutagassit, Engaged in making

an equal distribution.

A متقسم mutaqassim, A scatterer; scattered.

ستقشر م ستوم mutaqashshir, Peeled, barked (tree).

َ A متقمى mutaqazzī, Finished, ended; extinct, annihilated; pouncing (hawk).

A j-zz mulaqattir, Sweetly-scented, perfumed.

م متفاع mutaqatti', Cut into several parts; (wine) diluted with (water).

A متقعد mutaqa"id, Unable or loth to do anything.

A معقعر mutoqa"ir, Deep well; carried far in a speech.

A متعلقي mutaqaffi, A follower or tracker of another's steps; an imitator.

a متقلب mutaqallib, Turned inside out; converted, inverted; expert, dexterous in business.

A متقلد mutaqallid, Adorned (with a neck-lace); girt (with a sword).

م متقلس mutaqallis, Dressed in the highcrowned cap or turban called qalansuwat.

mutaqalli', Uprooted, displaced. A mutaqammir, A winuer at dice; a visitor by the light of the moon (qamar).

A متقبص mutayammis, Dressed in a shirt.

a witqin, One who manages with propriety; one who does (anything) firmly and well.

A متقن muttaqin, Sure of, certain; known. متقنص mutaqannis, Fond of the chase; hunter.

a متقنع mutaqanni', Dressed in coif or

A متقوت mutaqauwit, Nourished, maintained.

متقوم mulaqauwih, Mattery, ichorous (sore).

mutagauwis, Bowed, bent, curved; arched (eyebrow); armed with a bow (qaus).

a متقول mutaqauwil, A teller of lies of another.

متقوم mutaqauwin, Of great value; straightened, rectified, corrected.

mutaqauwi, Strong, courageous.

A متقى muttaqi, Abstinent, abstemious, temperate, soher; cautious; God-fearing,

A متقيح mutaqaiyih, Purulent (sore).

pious.

mulaqaiyid, Diligent, painstaking; one who imposes restraint on himself.

mutagaiyiz, Who passes the summer.

mutaqaiyil, One who sleeps at noon.

mutaqaiyi', One who vomits.

matk, An orange.

▲ متك matk (v.n.), Cutting; a section, segment; -matk, mitk, An orange; -mutk (matk, mutuk), The urethra of the penis; the clitoris or its nerve; that which the female circumciser leaves.

muttaka', A day-bed, couch, sofa, cushion, or anything upon which people

متكابر A ستكابر mutakabir, Proud, haughty, affected.

mutakātib, Engaged in a mutual correspondence by letter.

mutakātim, Reciprocal in concealing (one's secrets).

mutakāsir, Increased, multiplied; mutually boastful about numbers or wealth.

a ستكاثف mutakāṣif, Thick, surcharged.

متكالب mutakāzib, Mutually false, lying.

mutakārim, Honourable, pure.

a ستكارة mutakārih, Unwilling, refuctant. متكارى A متكارى mutakārī, One who takes on hire.

a متكاسل mutakāsil, Indolent, slothful.

mutakāshif, Mutually communicative of each other's failings.

متكانى م mutakāfī, Equal, correspondent. a ستكالم mutakalim, Engaged in conversation after having been distant.

a متكامل mutakāmil, Entire, perfect,

complete. a متكاهل mutakāhil, Negligent, remiss;

lazy; related to the tribe of Kahlan. a متكايد mutakāyid, Mutually deceitful, insidious.

mutakāyis, Sagacious, quick.

a متكايل *mutakāyil*, Measuring to one another.

a ستكبر mutakabbir, Proud, haughty, arrogant; lofty; a name of God.

a متكبرانه mutakabbirāna, Haughtily,

proudly.

متكتب mutakattib, Drawn up in squad-

rons (katībat).

a ستكثر mutakassir, Multiplied, enriched : who makes a great display of what he does not possess.

mutakaḥḥil, Anointed with eye-

powder.

متكدر Mutakaddir, Turbid; disturbed,

afflicted.

mutakazzib, The inventor of a lie; one who takes pains to tell lies; one who charges with falsebood.

mutakarrir, Reiterated, repeated;

irresolute, wavering.

mutakarrim, One who makes

pretensious to generosity; honoured, praiseworthy.

mutakarrih, Fastidious, disgusted متكرة with; crabbed, grim, hideous, sad.

mutakassib, Bent on making monev.

mutakassir, Broken in pieces.

mutakashshif, Uncovered, exposed.

a ستكفل mutakaffil, A snrety, bail, bonds-

a متكل muttakal, One to whom aught is entrusted.

a ستكلف mutakallif, A meddler in what concerns him not; pains-taking, striving; one who attempts more than is required; a troubler.

A متكلل mutakallil, Crowned; slightly

flashing (cloud).

a ستكلم mutakallam, A place for speaking; -mutakallim, A speaker, orator, declaimer; an advocate, a spokesman; (in gram.) the (pronoun of the) first person; -mutakallimi malih, An eloquent orator, a pleasant talker.

A متكمل mutakammil, Perfect, complete.

متكمن mutakammin, Ambushed; licrin-wait.

متكمى م mutakammī, Cased in armour.

متكنى مستكنى مستكنى مستكنى مستكنى م metonymy.

A متكون mutakauwin, Become, brought into existence (kaun), bred, engendered.

متكين mutakahhin, A predicter, prophet. muttaki', Supported, propped one who leans, reclines, or sits (especially from the heels); laid down to sleep; a couch.

mutkidan, To murmur; to chide one in a muttering strain (probably misreading for منگيدن q.v.); according to others, to make water.

mutakaiyif, Described, defined متكيف م in form and quality; intoxicated; inebri-

ated (see کیف).

mutalahiz, Mutually looking back. mutalāḥiq, Successive, following مثالحق ٨ in a continued series, reaching, touching; added, augmented (one following another).

mutalāhimat, mutalāhima, (A wound) inflicted on the fleshy part of the head, and which does not penetrate the pericranium; close, impervious (womau), from extreme fleshiness.

mutalāziq, Courageous, continued. A متلاهى mutalāshī, Vanishing, annihilated; vain, of no moment, worthless; (from

P. talāsh) an inquirer, searcher.

a متلاطف mutalātif, Mutually benevolent. mutalatim, Buffeting one another; battered, dashed together, agitated (as the waves); - mutalatim shudan, To become agitated (m.c.).

mutalā'in, Cursing or invoking متاعن

maledictions on each other.

a متلاك mitlāf, Extravagant.

mutalāqī, Met together face to face.

A. " "متلاعلى mutala'li', Glittering, resplen dent.

A mutalāwim, Mutually recriminative.

متلاهى ه mutalāhī, Engaged in play, amusing one another, or in soothing care

mutalabbid, Adhering, sticking together, feltered, impacted, matted (wool or

hair); caked (dung).

mutalabbis, Clothed, clad, dressed. mutalassim, One whose mouth is veiled.

mutalajjim, Bridled (horse).

a متلمه mutalahhif, One who takes or makes up a sheet (liḥāf),

a ستاحق mutalahhiq, Consecutive, in a line.

a متلحى mutalaḥḥī, One who passes the turban-sash under the chin (lihyat).

a متلد mutlad, Riches, hereditary wealth; slaves or cattle brought forth in the family and descending by way of heritage; a slave brought from abroad as a boy and reared amongst the Muhammadans; -mutlid, Possessed of hereditary wealth; owner of slaves or cattle bred in his house; -mutallad, Old, ancient; -mutallid, Who collects, hoards up, assembles; who wards off, prevents.

A كالله mutalazziz, Who delights in;

relishes.

a متلمص mutalassis, A robber, freehooter. a ستلطف mutalattif, Kind, favourably inclined.

a متلطى mutalazzī, Blazing, flamy (fire). mutala"ib, An incorrigible

player.

matlaf, A dangerous place; a desert;—mitlaf, Profuse;—mutlif, A destroyer, ruiner; a consumer, prodigal.

A bile mutalaffiz, A pronouncer, articu-

lator.

mutalaffim, One whose mouth or nose is veiled with the veil lifam.

a ستاهب mutalaqqib, Titled, surnamed.

mutalaqqit, A gatherer, picker up. a learner متلقن mutalaqqin, Taught; a learner by heart.

mutalaqqī, One who arrives, meets, encounters, or visits; conceiving (woman).

mutalammis, One who asks again and again; surname of a celebrated Arab

mutalauwis, Dirtied, stained, defiled.

mutalauwit, Addicted to sodomy.

a ستلون mutalauwin, Changeable, variable; of different hues, various; -mutalauwinu t-tab', Of changeable or fickle disposition, capricious; — mutalauwin shudan, To be altered, to change colour.

a مناوي مزاع mutalauwin-mizāj, Capricious. mutalahhib, Bright, blazing A (fire).

mutalahhis, (A dog) that lolls out his tongue from thirst; (a man) making haste, breathing hard.

A المثلث mutalahhis-an, Ardently, wishfully.

متلهی م mutalahhī, A player, sporter. A متلی mutlī, متلی mutliyat, A camel followed by her colt.

mutallayat, Camels with their

a متلين mutalaiyin, Gentle, placid, benign;

bland, fawning.

mutamm, Something superadded to a measure already full, the blessing; the place at which the navel is cut; -mutimm, A completer, perfecter; a woman with child, gone her full time; the full moon.

A متماثل mutamāsil, Coequal.

mutamājid, Contentious about

glory.

متماحل مسلمل mutamāhil, fem. mutamāhilat. mutamāhila, Long, extensive; tall and tremulous; (a house) distant from other dwellings; - umūri mutamāhila, Affairs long, tedious, and trying.

A متمادح mutamādih, Mutually laudatory. mulamādī, One who perseveres in, continues, prolongs, or protracts.

mulamāriz, One who shams متمارض sickness.

mutamāziḥ, Engaged in mutual متمازح A jesting.

nutamāss, Contiguous, in contact.

a ستماسك mutamāsik, Powerful; holding fast.

mutamāshī, Walking out together.

mutamāţir, (A cloud) which pours forth rain one while, and ceases the next; rained on in one place, but not in another.

a متمالك mutamālik, Able; who has in his power.

mutamāwit, One who feigns to be dead; a hyprocite in religion.

mutamāyiz, Extraordinary, highly متمايز ۸ distinguished (m.c.).

mulamāyil, Waving from side to side; leaning over; inclining.

mutamatti, Possessed of, enjoying, delighting in; one who remains at Mecca, and performs there the solemnities mut'ah.

mutamassil, A propounder of متمثل ه parables; one who applies a metaphor or adage; an imitator; like, resembling; one who retaliates.

a متمجد mutamajjid, Glorified.

منمجس mutamajjis, Become a fireworshipper.

A tower mutamaddih, Boastful; a fisher for compliments.

mutamaddid, Extended, outatretched.

A متمود mutamarrid, Stubborn, disobedient, rebellious; beardless; one who outstrips, gets before.

nutamarriz, Languid, dull, متموض ۸ heartless.

متمرع م mutamarrigh, Wallowing (horse).

Mutamassih, One who rubs one thing against another.

A witamassikh, Metamorphosed.

متمسك mutamassik. Retentive, holdfast, tenacious; one who holds back.

mutamašhshī, Proceeding, going متمشى on; practised (in law); drawing to the end, about to be finished.

mutamassis, One who sucks or

* mutama "iq, Carried far in speech متمعل م deep, profound; bad-tempered.

A متبقت mutamaggit, Mutually inimical.

Mutamakkis, Slow, tedious, dilatory.

mutamakkin, Powerful, possessed of great authority; inhabiting, residing, fixed, located; an inhabitant;—ismi mutamakkin, A declinable noun (opp. to ghair mutamakkin "indeclinable"); - ismi mutamakkini amkan, A noun fully declinable, a triptote.

a متمكنان mutamakkinän (P. pl. of mutamakkin), Residing, &c.; - mutamakkināni wilāyai, Inhabitants of the country; pea-

sants.

mutamallih, A manufacturer or vendor of salt (milh); one who cries out "well done!"

A متملس mutamallis, Polished, smoothed, shining.

a متملق mutamalliq, Kind, gracious; a flatterer, fawner; bland.

a متملقانه mutamalliqāna, Soothingly, blandly.

a متملك mutamallik, Possessed of, made

ruler. mutamallil, Restless through pain. a ستململ mutamalmil, Uneasy, restless in bed.

متمم mutmam, Complete, perfect, en-

mulammam, Over and above a medium; name of a poet; -mutammim, A completer, perfecter, finisher; (in math.) a complement; one who runs to despatch a wounded man; one who hangs an amulet round the neck of an infant to protect it against fascination.

mutamanni', One who refrains or holds back; victorious, bold, triumphant;

firm, strong.

متمنى mutamanni, One who wishes, hopes, asks, or prays; a reader of a manuscript; an inventer, feigner, liar; (in gram.) the optative mood.

mutamanniyāt, Objects of desire.

mutamauwij, Boisterous, dashing, swelling, surgy, raging; overflowing, boil-

ing over. mutamauwil, Rich, wealthy, opulent.

mutamahhir, Quick, ingenious, intelligent.

A June mutamahhil. Gentle, deliberate, slow.

_ mutamaiyiz, Separated, distinguished; distinct; discriminating; split-

ting with rage.

matn (v.n.), Striking on the side of the back; drawing out lengthwise; travelling; a man strong in the back; a hard piece of ground; the middle of a road; the text of a book; the loins.

متناجى م mutanāji, Engaged in private

chat; whispering to each other.

mutanādim, Engaged in familiar متنادم 🛦 talk; seated together at a banquet of wine.

mutanādī, Engaged in oalling out to one another.

mutanāzir, Mutual in admonish-

ing or deterring.

א בישוֹן mutanāza' (fem. mutanāza'at, mutanāza'a), Disputed; [mutanāza' fī-hi, The object disputed about, the subject of controversy;] - mutanāzi', Engaged in a dispute with one another; seizing a thing together.

mutanāzil, Descending together

into the arena; fighting together.

متعاسب Mutanāsib, Similar, proportionate.

mutanāsil, Begotten in succession.

mutanāsī, One who pretends to

mutanāshad, (A poem) rehearsed amongst people; -mutanāshid, Engaged in repeating verses together.

متنامح ۸ mutanāṣiḥ, Mutual in admonish ing.

-mutanăşif, Just, mutually equi متنامف table.

mutanāṣil, Who has gone or come out; a dyed beard (?).

متناطع م mutanāṭia, Mutual in butting. متناطع م mutanāzir, Opposed, looking at

one another face to face.

a bene- mutanā'im, Benevolent; a benefactor; tender, delicate.

mutanāfir, Timid, fleeing in a panic; going together before a magistrate.

mutanāfis, Desirous, wishful, eager, particularly when competitory.

mutanāfī, Engaged in, studious متنافي of, compassing each other's destruction, or driving each other away.

a ستناقص mutanāqis, Defective.

متناقض مسلم mutanāqiz, Contradictory; a promise-breaker.

a متناكث mutanākis, Mutual in breaking promises.

mutanākiḥ, Allied by intermarriages.

mutanākir, One who shams ignorance; mutually hostile.

A متناول mutanāwal, Taken; eaten; mutanawil, One who takes or carries off; an eater.

A متناولات mutanāwalāt, Viands.

mutanāwim, One who feigns متناوم ۸

-mutanāhī, Arrived at the ut متناهى ٨ most extreme or limit of; finished, terminated; averse from anything prohibited; mutual in prohibiting or checking; provident, prudent, sagacious.

mutanabbit, Like a nabatī (see (نبطی).

A متنبه mutanabbih, Waking from sleep; circumspect, vigilant, wide awake; turning the attention towards; recollecting, remembering; one who receives advice and profits by it.

متنبي Mutanabbi', One who calls himself a prophet; a pseudo-prophet; name of an Arabian poet.

anutanassir, Scattered. متنثر

mutanajjis, Polluted, defiled.

a متنجم mutanajjim, An astronomer; one who counts the stars from wakefulness or love; a star-gazer.

a مننجن mutanjan, Fried or boiled in a pan; -mutanjani gospandī, A kind of dish (pilay) made of goats' flesh.

a متنجن پلاو mntanjan-pilāv, Meat boiled in rice, with spices and sugar (see , \$\mu\$).

mutanjūsha, Miut, spearmint.

A متنخل mutanakhkhil, A sifter.

mutanaddim, Penitent, contrite.

mutanaddī, Liberal beyond متندى ۸ others.

mutanazzil, Slow in descending.

a متنزة mutanazzah, A charming, delightful place; mutanazzih, Pure, free (from vice or stain).

A - mutanassib, A claimer of relationship.

a متنسك mutanassik, Pious, devout.

a متنسم mutanassim, Fragrant, sweetscented.

mutanashshir, Spread abroad.

a متنشف mutanashshif, Bibulous, spongy.

mutanassir, Turned Christian (nasrānī).

mutanattiq, A speaker; girded. mutanazzir, One who grants a

delay; one who waits or expects; a beholder.

mutanazzif, Neat, nice, spruce,

clean, delicate; anxious to be neat and clean.

A متنظم mutanazzim, Arranged, wellstrung.

a متنعل mutana"il, Fitted with shoes, shod.

A mutana"im, Soft and delicate; affluent; fortunate, an enjoyer of the delights and comforts of life; salubrious, agreeable (climate or country).

mutanaghahim, A low reader or

singer.

mutanaffikh, One who blows with the mouth, or who makes the noise ukh ukh.

a متنفذ mutanaffiz, Passed by or through. mutanaffir, Averse, abborring.

mutanaffis, Possessed of breath ; an animal; - mutanafise na-manda būd, There remained no living creature (m.c.).

mutanaffil, One who does more than the law requires; one who takes more of the spoil (anfal) than his companions.

a متنقب mutanaqqib, Covered with a

veil.

a متنقد mutanaqqid, Ready-money paymaster.

a متنقذ mutanaqqiz, A rescuer, deliverer. a متنقل mutanaggil, Translated, transported; copied; portable; taking fruit and the like as a dessert after wine.

mutanakkir. Disguised, altered, travesty, incognito.

mutanammir, Surly, sulky, growling.

a متنمل mutanammil, In motion like ante. mulanauwir, Illuminated; one who sees a fire at a distance; anointed with the depilatory unguent nurah (see . . (ئورة

mulanauwi', Various, of different kinds, sorts, or forms.

A متنوم mutanauwim, Sleepy.

matw (v.n.), Stretching (a rope).

a mutawātir, Successive, consecutive; in an uninterrupted order (as chronologies or quotations); metrical scheme in which is found a movable letter between two quiescents, as the 'ain and lam in .mafā'ilun مفاعيلي

a متواثب mutawāsib, Mutual in rushing. mutawadd, Fond of, loving each

other.

a متوارث mutawāris, Possessed of by inheritance.

a mutawārid, Successive, one following another, continued, consecutive.

متوارى م mutawārī, in P. mulwārī, Withdrawn, lurking, absconding; concealed, retired; perplexed, astonished.

mutawāzin, Equal in weight.

متوازى مسرازى mutawāzī, Parallel (lines);mutawāziyu 'l-azlā', A parallelogram.

mutawāṣif, Engaged in mutually

praising, describing, recounting, or relating.

a متراحل mutawāsil, Joined, fastened together; connected with one another; arrived, come forth.

mutawāṣī, Engaged in commending, enjoining, or charging each other.

مترائع م mutawāzi, Submissive, obedient, humble, respectful, affable, complimentary, complaisant.

a مترامعانه mutawāzi'āna. Respectfully.

a velow mutawā'id, Bound to each other by mutual promises; promising to one another.

mutawāfir, Abundant, copious,

numerous, many.

- متوانق منوانق mutawāfiq, Agreed, leagued, confederate; (in arithmetic) commensurable.
- ستواقع ه mutawāqi', Fallen over one another.
- A متواكل mutawākil, Trusting to, relying upon one another.

mutawālid, Waxed numerous

(seed).

- mutawālī, Continued, successive, consecutive, following one after another.
- A متواليات mutawāliyāt, (pl.) Consequences.

متوالية مسوالية mutawāliyat-an, Uninterruptedly.

متوالى ه mutawānī, Slow, tedious, dilatory; weak, feeble, tired, falling short.

متواهب mutawāhib, Mutually boun-

mutawattir, Hard (sinew or neck).

متوثل ه mutawassiq, Firm, steady in business.

of the Persians, mu'ammam implying turbane!, which was the practice of the Arabian princes); — mutauwij, One who crowns.

۸ متوجد mutawajjid, Sad.

a singer of the marsiya for the dead.

mutawajjih, Turned, or going towards; a traveller; one who attends to, or favours; inclined; attentive;—mutawajjih shudan, To set out; to turn towards; to address (m.c.).

A trawer of water; a well from which water can be drawn without the help of a pulley; extensive (a mountain-

ridge).

مرحد mutawahhid, Singular, unparal-

leled, alone, unique.

a mutawahhish, Desolate, deserted; scared away; terrified.

متوحل متوحل mutawaḥḥil, Grown miry; be-mired.

mutawakhkhim, Unhealthy, unwholesome, indigestible; noisome. A Share mutawaddid, Affectionate, loving.

A متوده mutawaddi' Meek, quiet, placid.
A متورد mutawarrid, Coming to water.

متورس autawarris, One who anoints his body with the plant wars.

A و ستورغ mutawarri', Continent, abstinent, keeping aloof.

متروق A متروق mutawarriq, (A camel) fed on leaves.

متورك mutawarrik, One who rests his buttock on his foot at prayer.

A mutawarrim, Swollen.

متورة matūra (S. mathurā), Namo of a city in India.

mutawarrī, Hidden, lurking.

mutawazzir, Chosen to be vazir; one exercising this office.

mutawazzi', Dividing, dealing.

متوسع mutawassikh, Dirtied, soiled (clothes).

mutawassid, One who puts (a thing) under his head to serve as a pillow.

midway; middling; a mean, an average; moderate, mediocre, ordinary, common; intermediate; a mediator, intercessor, umpire; a writer who leaves the middle of a leaf blank; one who takes the medium between good and bad.

متوسطة mutawassitat, Name of a sect.
متوسع mutawassi', Seated at one's

mutawassil, Studious of obtaining nearness of access; or of recommending oneself to the divine notice and favour; an intercessor, mediator; one who confides in, or relies upon; adjoining, conjoined.

mutawassim, Marked, charac-

terized; a physiognomist.

a متوهع mutawashshih, Girt with the belt wishah, or with a baldrick; decked out, adorned.

مترسف مترسف mutawassif, Described, celebrated.

mutawassil, Desirous of becoming united; joined, united; connected, related, depending on; arrived; a dependent, connexion.

mutawazza', A place where they wash before prayer; a lavatory; a privy.

mutawazzih, Open, clear, manifest, conspicuous.

متوفی میرهی *mulawazzi*, One who washes before prayer.

متوطن م mutawattin, An inhabitant, resident, native, dweller; naturalised.

متوطئ " mutawatti', One who treads under foot.

A متوعد mutawa"ad, Terrified, frightened, alarmed;—mutawa"id, A threatener, menacer.

a مترفر mutawaffir, Many, numerous, plentiful, copious, much, abundant, exuberant.

متولق mutawaffiq, Successful, prosperous.

nutawaffá, Received to the mercy of God, deceased, dead, defunct; [tawābi'i yāri mutawaffá, The family of a deceased friend;]—mutawaffī, One who pays or receives the whole of what was due; God taking to himself the souls of the just; dead, defunct (as paying one's due to God or nature).

mutawaqqid, One who kindles.

mutawaqqi', An expectant. متوقع ▲

a مترقع mutawaqqif, Slow, tardy, delaying, dilatory; one who waits for; persevering.

mutawaqqıl, Ascended; perched

on a hill; of high degree.

mutawaqqī, Timid, cautious. متوقى ▲

A متوكل mutawakkil, Trusting in God, resigned to one's fate.

متوكى " mutawakki', Supported by (a staff).

متولد mutawallid, Begotten, born ; generated.

متوله متوله mutawallih, Amazed, stupefied;

mutawalli, Superintendent or treasurer of a mosque; an administrator or procurator of any religious or charitable foundation; a prefect, governor; one who turns his back, a fugitive; near; a kinsman, a friend; one who receives another as such;—mutawalli'i chira-zabān, The planet Mercury.

A مترمق mutawammiq, Received to friendship.

متوهم mutawahhim, Thinker, imaginer, doubter; suspecting, fearing.

A متوهن mutawahhin, Weak, languid (affair).

mata, matta, A gimlet, wimble, auger; a moth; a weevil.

mutahājir, Removed, separate from one another, mutually alienated.

A متهاجم mutahājim, An assailant.

mutahārim, One who feigns extreme old age or decrepitude.

A ميتالك mutahālik, Fallen; one who runs headlong to ruin; engaged in destroying each other; strong.

A ωμιση mutahāwin, One who despises, neglects, or holds cheap; negligent, incurious.

A متهتك mutahattik, Torn.

a متهتم mutahattim, Broken (front teeth).

mutahajjir, Like to one who has been obliged to make a hijrah, i.e. to flee his country; one who travels in the heat of the day (hajīr).

متہجی mutahajji, One learning his alphabet.

mutahaddid, A terrifier, threatener. مندم mutahaddim. Pulled down, ruined, destroyed, demolished, in ruins.

مندي mutahaddī, Guided (by God) aright; one who finds the road, or right direction.

A متهرز mutahazziz, Shaken (tree by the wind).

A متهضم mutahazzim, Injurious, unjustly hurtful.

متهالل مستالل مستالل مستالل مستالل مستالل مستالل و mutahallil, Cheerful, exulting (countenance); bright, flashing.

muthim, One who goes into a sultry country; one who finds the air unbealthy; a thinker, conjecturer, doubter; one who suspects (falsely);—muttahim, Suspected, accused, arraigned; one who suspects (falsely).

н жәуе mathūt, An occasional tax raised to disburse the expenses of repelling invasions and paying indemnities for rob-

beries

mutahauwir, Violent, furious; rash, inconsiderate; one who comes upon anything by accident; gone by, passed away, elapsed; ruined, fallen down.

a متروراته mutahauwirana, Rashly, bravely.

متهيد mutahaiyib, Timid, fearful.

mutahaiyi', Ready, prepared for.

متى منتى منتى منتى منتى maty, (v.n. of منتى) Extending, drawing out; travelling far;—matá, mattá, When? [matá mā, Whensoever;—ilá (hattá) matá, Until when?]—mattá, Matthew.

A oralize mutayāsir, One who takes the left.

A متياس mutayāmin, One who goes to the right; one who arrives in Yaman.

matīt. A weaver's comb.

متيسر a mutayassir, Easy, happily despatched (business); ready.

متيقظ م mutayaqqiz, Awake.

A was mutayaqqin, Sure of, certain, certified.

متيل mitel, The lamp called pīh-soz (see پية موز p. 271).

mut'im, Twin-bearing (womau).

mutaiyam, Subdued, conquered by love; mutaiyim, A reducer to slavery or servitude; (love) rendering (a man) obsequious (to his mistress).

matá-mā, Whenever.

mutayammim, One who uses sand when water is not to be had for performing ablutions.

متين mitīn, A spade, a shovel. معين mas, Syrup of grapes or dates.

A with a linen cloth, or rubbing them with herbs in order to clean them); rubbing (the mustachios) with ointment or pomatum; exuding (as a leathern bottle);

imbibing moisture; the place where a hunter spreads his net; a premium.

masāb, The place at the brink or parapet of a well where the water-drawer stands; a place of rendezvous where scattered people assemble; -muṣāb, Rewarded; -- 'inda 'llāh muṣāb shudan, To be recompensed by God; to receive a present.

maṣābat, A place to which one returns again and again; an urn, a caravansera; a station; the place where a hunter spreads his net; the middle of a well; the stone-work round a well; a step, degree, point; manner, likeness; extent.

masār, Place where anything is

produced, excited, or raised.

masāqib (pl. of misqab), Wimbles, gimlets, augers, or other boring instruments.

maṣāqil (pl. of miṣqāl), Weights; gold coins of a certain weight; provisions.

maṣākil, مثاكيل maṣākīl (pl. of muskil), Bereaved (mothers).

مثال مشال مشال مشال مشال مشال مشال مشال م a requital, retaliation; like, resembling; a command, order, royal mandate; an example, model; form, figure, mode, manner, definite quantity; (in grammar) an assimilated verb (see the article نعل p. 933); misāli badr, Resembling the full moon; daryā-migal, Like the sea, boundless (in generosity); - 'alami misal, The world of fancy; a dream, vision;—'adīmu 'l-miṣāl, Incomparable.

مثالب masālib (pl. of maslubat, mas-

labat), Vices, defects, faults.

مثالث magalig (pl. of magligat), Third strings of lutes.

a مثالى migālī, Like, resembling.

A مثامنة musamanat (v.n. 3 of . ثمن), Agreeing together about a price.

maṣānat, The bladder; the place مثانة which holds the feetus; - zu'fi maganat, Weakness of the bladder; inability to retain the urine.

maṣānī, The first section (of the Qur'an), comprising the seven long chapters; verses recited repeatedly (especially those of the Fatihah), to avert evil; (pl. of masnú) second strings of lutes, &c.; (pl. of magnāt) plaits, folds; the windings of a

musbat, Bound about with the girth sibāt; --musabbat, Established, proved, confirmed, written; -- musabbit, One who reduces to writing; a fixer, establisher, prover.

مثبوت ه masbūt, Fixed, firm.

A قابه musrūt, Whatever multiplies or increases wealth, &c. (sarwat).

misrad, A culinary vessel in which مشرد the pudding sarid is prepared.

musrī, Rich, affluent.

mag', maga' (v.n.), Walking awkwardly (a woman).

مثعلب 🗚 musa'lib, مثعلية musa'libat, musa liba, A tract of country abounding

in foxes (sa'lab). A مثقال misgāl, The weight of a thing; a

gold coin; a weight of a dram and threesevenths; -misqāli zarra (habba), A very little thing.

a مثقالي misqālī, Weighing a misqāl; a kind of grapes; a kind of linen or flax.

misqab, A wimble, or other boring مثقب instrument; sagacious, penetrating; -musqib, What makes bright; a kindler, illumi-

مثق musaqqab, Pierced ;—musaqqib, One who perforates often, or pierces full of holes; the kindler of a fire; conspicuous (grey hairs); an instrument for boring.

مثقبة ٨ musaqqabat, Pierced, bored

(pearl).

a مثقل musqal, Weighed down with debt; overloaded; - musqil, Oppressive, distressing, painful (load, sleep, disease, or guilt).

masqub, Bored, drilled, perforated.

sy مثك mask, Liquorice.

a ستكل muskil, Bereaved (mother).

a مثكلة maskalat, (A spear) which occasions bereavement; -muskilat, (A poem) written upon such a subject; an elegy.

masl (v.n.), Punishing (one) quickly (as an example); mutilating the ears, nose, or limbs as a deterrent punishment; being like, equal to, resembling;misl, Similitude; alike, equal; [misli in ast ki na-bashad, It is like it were not, i.e. not worth speaking of, scarcely any (m.c.); -misli 'utărid būdan, To be an able minister, governor, or secretary (like Mercury); -misli mutafarriqa, A file of miscellaneous proceedings; -misli muqaddama, A file or record of the case;]-masal, A fable, tale, parable, proverb, adage; an example, instance, case in point; comparison, simile, allegory, metaphor; alike, equal, resembling; [masali sā'ir, A current proverb;-maşal zadan, To utter or originate a proverb; to relate a story;—masal guftan, To tell pleasant stories; -ba-masal, fī'l-masal, For instance; — muşul (pl. of mişāl), Examples; commands.

masal-an. For example, for instance. مثلات Masalāt, Proverbs ;—muşulāt (pl. of muglat), Punishments.

a مثلا که masalā-ki, As if.

A مثلث maslabat, maslubat (pl. مثالب masalib), Injury, reproach, fault, blemish.

maglat, magla, A public or exemplary مثلة م punishment ;—muslat, musla (v.n. of مثل), Making an example of (a homicide) by mutilating (him) in the nose, ears, lips, or

extremities, and leading (him) about the streets mounted on an ass.

musallas, Made into three, or into a third; triangular; a triangle; wine boiled to a third part, and mixed with sweet berbs; marked with three points; inflected with any of the three short vowels a, i, u; a kind of verse consisting of three lines; [muṣallaṣi ḥāddu 'z-zawāyā, Acuteangled triangle; — musallasi qā'imu 'z-zāwiyat, Right-angled triangle; - musallasi mutasāwī 'l-azlā', Equilateral triangle;muşallaşi mutasāwī 's-sāqain, Isosceles triangle; -musallasi mukhtālifu 'l-azlā', Scalene triangle; — musallisu munfariju 'z-zāwiyal, Obtuse-angled triangle; - musallas nishāndan, To kucel down ;--'ilmi muşallaş, Trigonometry;] - musallis, Triangular, triple; who calls or makes three; (a date) one-third ripe; an informer against his friend; the third horse (in a race).

a كالله mugallagat, mugallaga (fem. of the preceding), Composed of three; triangular; a triad of heavenly signs; -musallaga'i ābī (mā'ī), The watery three, Cancer, Scorpio, and Pisces;—musallasa'i ātishī (nārī), The fiery three, Aries, Leo, and Sagittarius; — musalasa'i bādī (hawā'ī), The airy three, Gemini, Libra, and Aquarius; -musalasa'i khaki, The earthy three,

Taurus, Virgo, and Capricorn.

a مثلج muslij, Snowy (day); caught in the snow; one who does anything in snowy weather.

maslajat, An ice-house; snowcellar.

a مثلث نشان musallas-nishān, Sitting or causing one to sit on the two knees, i.e. in a posture of reverence.

maslas, Anything of which a third part has been taken; a three-threaded rope; thrice-ploughed (land).

maslūsat, A large water-bottle مثارتة made of three skins, one within another.

مثان maslūj, Snowed upon; cold (water); -maslūju 'l-fu'ād, Cold-hearted, duil.

maslūjat, maslūja, A snowy place. مثلوجة . مثلة .magla, mugla, see A مثلة

a مثله mislu-hu, Like him, like it.

mislu-hā, Like her; like them مثلها ▲ (the fem. sing. ha referring to nouns in the broken plural).

a مثلى mislī, Like, similar; one whose name is on the file, an old offender; -muslá (fem. of amsal), Excellent (woman), best deserving of imitation.

مثلية masliyat, Similitude, resemblance. مثلية musmir, Fruit-bearing (tree); opulent, increased in wealth; who multiplies or augments; [ghair musmir, Unfruitful, barren, sterile;]-musammir, Ripe for gathering; fruitful; fruit ripe for gathering.

A wasman, Precious; - musmin, Consisting of eight; who waters his camels on the eighth day; who gives the full price for anything; sold; -musamman, Octangular, eight-sided, eight-fold; an octagon.

A مثمور masmūr, Abundant, plentiful (riches); numerous (people).

masn (v.n.), Hurting in the bladder, or in that part which holds the fœtus; deceiving, cheating; -masan (v.n.), Suffering from a complaint in the bladder, being unable to retain one's urine; carunculus in women; -masin, Pained in the bladder.

مثناة م masnāt, A distich; — masnāt, misnāt, A plait, fold, or bending; a tetrastich; song, vocal music; a book which, beside the Bible, contains Jewish chronicles, Mishna.

sy مثنان māṣnān, A species of mezereon.

A مثنوى magnawi, Rhyme; poetry composed of distichs corresponding in measure, each consisting of a pair of rhymes; title of several works of this kind, especially the Sufic poem of Jallalu 'd-din Rumi; (see ייניק:) ;—ṣāḥib maṣnawī, The author of a masnawī.

a مشنوى عوان maṣnawī-khwān, One who recites aloud a magnawi poem or book.

masná, Two and two; the second مثنول A chord or string of a lute; a distich; -musanná, Doubled, two-fold; (a noun) of the dual number; (a letter) marked with two points, double-dotted (as -); a copy; the second; junior or younger (as distinguished from the father of the same name); [musanná bi-hi, That of which a copy has been taken, the original; —musannī, Who makes two, a doubler; one who marks (a letter) with two diacritical points (as ت or إي;—masnī, Doubled, bent, folded; (cloth) of two threads; twice-ploughed (land).

مثوى = ,maswā مثوا A مثوا

A →j muswib, A recompenser, rewarder; -musauwib, Returned, converted; a repayer, returner of a loan.

A digita masūbat, maswabat, A reward,

recompense, remuneration.

A مشول musul (v.n. of مشل), Comparing, likening, becoming like; standing respectfully (before a superior).

musūlāt (pl. of muslat, musulat),

Punishments.

maswú, A dwelling, habitation, resting-place; an inn;—muswī, Name of Muhammad's spear.

a مثيل masīl, Like; excellent, choice.

maj, A historian; name of a poet; the moon; (for * q.v.) crooked.

A مج majj, Spitting out (saliva or wive); (for P. mash) a kind of pease; — mujj, Drops of honey upon stone.

A wijāb, Answered, replied to,

accepted; - mujdbu 'd-da'wat, One whose prayers are answered.

mujāṣāt (v.n. 3 of جثى), Sitting

together knee to knee.

mujāṣī, Seated knee to knee.

Majāj, A tree bent; or boughs cut therefrom; a bunch of dates; -mujāj, Saliva running from the mouth or thrown out; rain; honey; anything pressed out.

majājang, A dildo.

مجاد معاد mijād (v.n. 3 of مجاد), Contending for glory; boasting;—mujādd, One who disputes a point of right; one who co-

operates with another.

majādat (v.n. of مجادة , Being conspicuous for honour, nobility, worth, or glory; — mujāddat (v.n. 3 of 54), Disputing a point of right; opposing, being hostile.

majādif (pl. of mijdaf), Birds'

wings; oars, sculls.

a سبادل mujādil, Contentious, disputa-

tious, quarrelsome.

א שולש ש mujūdalat, mujādala (v.n. 3 of جدل), Contending, disputing; contention, dispute, altercation, conflict.

majādīḥ, The shores of the sea;

stars inclining to setting.

مجادیك majādīf (pl. of mijdāf), Oars.

م انبه مانبه mujāzabat (v.n. 3 of مانبه مرانبه م tending (with anyone); turning away, diverting.

majār, A Magyar, a Hungarian;

Hungary (m.c.).

A mujār, Protected, sheltered; a refugee; -mujarr, A vexer, tormenter.

mujārāt (v.n. 3 of جرى), Going

or running with (another).

mujārrāt (pl. of the following),

Enmities, hostilities.

mujārrat (v.n. 3 of جزّ Delaying, مجارة ۸ putting off (anyone); seeking out a person's faults.

mujāraḥat, A wounding one another.

majāristan, Hungary (m.c.).

majārī (pl. of majrá), Streams, currents; canals, ducts; river-banks: accidents, events, occurrences, contingencies; -mujārī, Current, in force (a law);

passed into law, enacted.

مجار ه majāz (v.n. of جوز), Passing by, through, or beyond; way, road, passage; trope, figure, metaphor, simile, allegory; feigned, insincere, worldly, superficial, profane; [al-majāzu ganţaratu 'l-haqīqat, Allegory is a bridge to reality; -zū'l-majāz, Name of a market held in pagan times near mount 'Arafāt;]-mujāz, Permitted, allowed; lawful; convenient.

م الله majāz-an, Metaphorically; super-

ficially; insincerely, hypocritically.

A bij سيزقع mujāzāt (v.n. 3 of جزى), Compensating, requiting; compensation, re-

quital of good or evil; -mujāzāt u mukāfāt kardan, To requite and recompense.

A bj - mujāzat, A metaphor.

a مجازى majāzī, Metaphoric; untrue, feigned, insincere; political; profane; superficial; (pl. of majzá) condign, merited punishments; -mujāzī (majāzī), Authorised, licensed, competent; passing by; giving information, bringing news ;-faroshanda'i mujāzī, A licensed dealer.

majāss (pl. of majassat), Pulses

or parts felt.

majā', Hunger.

majā'at (v.n. of مجاعة ه impudent; (v.n. of E-) feeling hungry; hunger, want; a barren year; mockery, ridicule.

مجافخة mujāfakhat (v.n. 3 of مجافخة). Boasting against, contending for glory.

Majal, Power, strength, ability, vigour, skill; place, room, scope, opportunity; a circus; a field of battle; construed with būdan, dādan, dīdan, yāftan, &c.;mijāl (pl. of majlat), Thin skins covering watery blisters or pustules; -majāll (pl. of majallat), Treatises on metaphysics or abstract sciences.

, Opposing, جار mujālat (v.n. 3 of مجالاة

withstanding openly.

▲ → majālib (pl. of majlabat), Attracting causes, allurements.

mujālabat, Assistance. مجالبة

م محالد mujūlid, A proper name. محالد mujāladat (v.n. 3 of ملح), Fighting with swords, fencing; gladiature, sword play.

majālis (pl. of majlis), Sessions; assemblies, conversations; acts; [ahli majālis, Actors (m.c.);]—mujālis, Seated with.

سجالسة مسين mujālasat (v.n. 3 of مجالسة م ting with (another); an assembly, ses-

سجاليد م majālīd (pl. of mijlad), Leathern straps with which hired mourners strike their cheeks.

mujāmid, A next-door neighbour. مجامد ه majāmir (pl. of mijmar, mujmar, mijmarat), Censers; chafing-dishes.

majāmi' (pl. of majma'), Congre-

gations.

م الله mujāma'āt (pl. of mujāma'at), مجامعات Carnal connections; adulteries, fornications; -mujāma'āti duburīya, Sodomy.

معة mujāma'at (v.n. 3 of مبامعة , Lying

with; carnal commerce, copulation.

مجاملة مسيرة mujāmalat (v.n. 3 of جمل), Treating kindly, humanely, courteously, politely; making fair but hollow professions of friendship.

A whan majjan, Gratuitous; abundant, sufficient; - mujjan, Careless in one's speech or actions; bold, fearless, audacious pudent; -majānn (pl. of mijann), Shields.

majānnā, Jewelled girdles worn سجانا

by women; a shield; -majjān-an, Gratis,

gratuitously.

near or at the side (jamb) of (a person); going to a distance, taking to flight, receding, retiring.

najānat (v.n. of , Not caring what one says or does; boldness, impudence;—mujānnat, Blackness (of the

face).

mujānis, Like, similar, homo-

geneous.

A مجالسة mujānasat (v.n. 3 of مجالسة), Being akin, homogeneous; similarity; congeniality; making use of aliteration (tajnīs) in a poem.

majāniq, مائق majāniq (pl. of manjanīq), Balistas, battering-rams.

majānī, Gains, advantages.

A مجالين majānīn (pl. of majnūn), Madmen, maniacs.

mujāwīb, An answerer, a re-

spondent.

אבי, mujāwabat (v.n. 3 of הפני), Answering one another, conversing together.

mujāwadat (v.n. of جود Vying

with in liberality.

- mujāwir, Adjacent; fixed to the temple, employed in its service; the sweeper of a mosque;—mujāwirāni falak, The seven planets, Saturn, Jupiter, Mars, the Sun, Venus, Mercury, and the Moon; the fixed stars.
- near; keeping up a good correspondence with neighbours; becoming a neighbour; taking under protection as a client; remaining in the temple devoutly employed; neighbourhood; intimacy.

a ماروی mujāwirī, Neighbourhood, &c.; the office of attendant at a mosque or

shrine.

mujāwiz, One who passes over, transgresses, exceeds bounds; transitive (verb);—mujāwizu'l-ḥadd, Immoderate, excessive.

mujāwazat (v.n. 3 of جورا), Transgressing, exceeding; forgiving, passing over (a fault); passing by; transition; a departure from.

mujāwa'at (v.n. 3 of جوع), Hun-

gering, being hungry.

mujāwalāt, Rounds (in box-

ing).

mujāwalat (v.n. 3 of جرل), Going round (one another when fighting, boxing, or wrestling) to seize an advantage.

mūjāhāt (v.n. 3 of مبو), Boast-

ing against, vying with in glorying.

wurer, striver; a warrior (in the cause of religion).

سهاهداس مساقدات mujāhadāt (pl. of mujāhadat),

Holy wars; conflicts, struggles; inflictions.

ماهده ماهده mujāhadat v.n. 3 of مهد), Fighting (especially against infidels, in defence of the faith).

a www.mujāhidīn (obl. pl. of mujāhid used as nom), Warriors in defence of the faith; crusaders.

mujāhir, Who hastens, hurrying; who persists in killing; who makes pre-

parations, preparing (?).

ing on open hostilities, being an undisguised enemy; calling to in a loud voice; reproaching, reviling; proclaiming, revealing.

mujāhizi arwāh, A name of God; also of Muhammad;—mujāhizi kān, The sun.

mujāhalat (v.n. 3 of محاهای , Vy-ing with in ignorance.

م محاصل majāhīl (pl. of majhūl), Un-known.

CHOWH.

مائع ه majā'i' (pl. of majā'at), Barren years.

mujbir, One who forces unwillingly; one who considers as entire;—mujbir, mujabbir, A setter of broken bones.

mujabbin, One who imputes cowardice to; one who renders, calls, or considers one a coward.

A مجبور majbūr, Constrained, forced; consolidated (broken bone); re-established after having been in distressed circumstances.

a majbur-an, Compulsorily; of necessity; having no alternative (m.c.).

محبورة majbūrat, The city of Madīna. محبورة majbūrī, Compulsion, constraint; powerlessness, helplessness.

majbūl, Formed by nature, in-

nate.

م سينبو mujtabir, A setter of broken bones.

م سنایل مین mujtabá, Chosen;—mujtabī, A chooser; a collector.

name of a metre (mustaf'ilun fā'ilātun fā'ilātun — — — — — — — — — — — twice repeated).

متر mujtarr, Dragged, drawn; ruminant.

محترر mujtarir, One who draws; ruminant.

mujtarim, Guilty, criminal; one who estimates the produce of a palm-tree by guess; one who labours for his family.

mujtari', Bold, endued with

fresh courage; a lion.

mujtazī, One who demands a recompense (jazā') for his labour.

mujtiss, a mujtasis, A toucher, handler, feeler; an inquirer after intelligence.

mujtaliba, one who carries from place to place (especially slaves or cattle for sale); a dealer, drover;—mujtaliba, Name of one of the circles (dā'irah) of Arabian metres.

mujtamir, A burner of aloes.

A community mujtama', A place where things are heaped or collected together; a place of meeting;—mujtami', Convened, assembled; agreed in opinion; arrived at full strength.

mujtanib. Remote; one who shuns, abstains from, declines; polluted.

مجتنح ۸ mujtaniḥ, Inclined.

mujtaná, Gathered (crop) ;—

mujtani, A gatherer.

nuijtahid, One who strives hard to acquire correct and sound views, painstaking; arrived to the highest degree in knowledge of the law (title given to the highest ecclesiastical dignitaries).

a مجتدائد mujtahidāna, Prelatical; patriarchal; in the manner of a spiritual

director.

a سجتادین mujtahidin (obl. pl. used as nom.), Jurisconsults, &c. (m.c.).

A مجثم majsim, Place of squatting or sitting.

majhar, A hiding-place. asylum, shelter, den;—mujhir, Who or what forces to take refuge.

with green pasture; overcoming, excelling; glory, grandeur, greatness, splendour, the honour derived from ancestors; name of the mother of a tribe; [zū'l-majd, Praise (to God);—zīda majduhu, May his glory be increased!—ṣāhib majd, Glorious, magnificent;]—mujadd, Renewed;—mujidd, Solicitous, laborious, diligent, pains-taking.

mijdah, The sea-shore.

A مجدال mijdāf, A bird's wing; an oar, a scull.

mijdāl, Litigious. مجدال ▲

mujdib, Distressed from scarcity of provisions; barren (ground); scarce, barren (year).

A has mujdibut, A year of scarcity or famine.

mijdah, A ladle or spatula with which medicines or gruel are mixed; a cautery on the thigh of a camel;—mijdah, mnjdah, The bull's eye (a star);—mujdih, Who mixes up a ptisan.

A יבגע mujaddad, Renewed;—mujaddid,

One who renews or repairs.

A Toop mujaddadd-an, Again, afresh,

newly.

mujdar, A country where small-pox rages;—mujaddar, Pitted with small-pox.

mijdaf, A bird's wing; an oar; mujaddif. Ungrateful for the blessings of God, blasphemous in the enjoyment of them; a blasphemer.

A محدل mijdal, A strong castle, a fort or citadel.

mijdal - yāfā, A place near Ramla with a strong citadel.

אביני majdūb, Drawn, extended, abstracted, attracted.

A Topas majduh, Stirred (ptisan).

majdād, Happy, fortunate; dignified; wealthy; one who has celebrated ancestors (jadd).

majdur, Spotted with small-pox ;

fit, worthy, deserving.

majdī, A kind of melon.

mujdī, A giver, sufficer.

A محلات mijzāf, An oar. A خلاقه mijzāfat, An oar.

א השלים mujazzam, Aniputated; leprous.

A wojzūb, Drawn, attracted by Divine grace and renouncing all worldly concerns, to give oneself entirely over to piety and contemplation.

A مجادول majzūz, Cut or broken off; abrupt, interrupted — 'aṭā'i ghair majzūz,

Uninterrupted liberality.

majzūr, Squared (in arithmetic); the square (of a number).

A majzum, Leprous, infected with leprosy.

with a feetus in the belly of a sheep or camel; much, many; a numerous army;—majar (v.n.), Becoming large in the ewe's belly (feetus); unquenchable thirst.

A harmajrā, A channel, canal, aqueduct; track or course of a ship; direction, aim; one day's journey or voyage; [majrā bastan, To point (a gun);—majrā kardan, To explain;—majrā'i āb, A water-course; the urethra, urinary passage;—majrā'i mā', A water-course;—majrā'i nahr, Bed of a river;]—mujrā, Made to flow, rendered current; a place where anything runs.

a مجرائى mijrā'ī, One who pays his respects, i.e. servants, ministers, or the like;

an allowance.

a ->= mujarrab, Expert, skilled, versed, experienced; proved, examined (as medicine), tested, assayed (as coin);—mujarrib, A trier, prover, experimenter, assayer.

A why mujarrabat, Tried or proved

things; prescriptions; specifics.

A by majrat, (A sheep) very big with young, and so lean as to be scarce able to stand.

A by majarrat, The galaxy or milky way.

mujarrih, One who wounds severely.

A مجرد mujarrad, Stripped, bare, naked, denuded; drawn (sword); unmarried; solitary, alone; hodiless, incorporeal; immaterial; mere, only; [bi-mujarradi 'n-

nazar, At a mere glance; — ba-mujarradi guman, On a mere suspicion;]-mujarrid, One who lays bare or strips naked.

A אין mujarrad-an, Merely, barely;

solely; singly, alone.

م سبردات mujarradat (pl. fem. of mu-

jarrad), Incorporeal beings, angels.

a mujarradi, Bareness, nakedness; solitude, solitariness; single state, celi-

a المجادة mujarradīyat, Solitude; naked-

■ mujarrir, One who pulls very hard. mijrafat, A scavenger's wooden

majarg, Pressing (post-horses, carriages or ships); compelling one to work without hire.

محرم mujrim, Culpable, criminal; a sinner.

a مجرمانه mujrimāna, Criminal, culpable. mijran, A place where dates are dried, a date-kiln; a great glutton.

▲ ty→ majrūh, Wounded; smitten,

love-sick.

A majrūr, (in gramm.) Placed in the oblique case.

majrūs, Any letter of the alpha-

bet except the soft ones (hurūfi līn).

a مجرى majrá (v.n. of مجرى), Mooring (a ship); a ship's course; a place where anything flows; the inflection of the last consonant of a distich to which all the others rhyme; -mujrá, Causing to flow, allowing to proceed; conjugated, declined; [mujrá dāshtan, To observe, to practise (m.c.);] mujrá, majrá, A place where anything runs; -mujrī. Who causes to flow or run; one who causes any order to be obeyed; one of the names of God; -majrīy, majrī, Declined (noun).

mijrī, A vessel in which drugs are

A y- mijazz, Shears; a sickle; -mujizz, (Grain, flock, or palm-tree) ready to cut or

mujazza', Divided into portions.

Majzir, A slaughter-house or place (especially for camels); -- mujzir, (A camel) for slaughter.

A Eya- mujzi', Who or what causes one to lament, strikes with terror, renders im-

patient.

n Migrafat, A fishing-net.

majzūr, Slaughtered (camel).

مجزوز A majaŭz, Clipped, shorn, cut, mowed.

majzūl, The foot mutafā'ilun cut down to mutafilun in the measure

אבים majzūm, Cut, amputated, broken off; marked with the character jazm -, quiescent.

A " mujai", Satisfying, sufficing

(food); (a man) sufficient for whatever he is commanded.

majas, A place where an apothecary brays anything.

A majass, majassat, The pulse or any part felt.

a mijast, Name of a Persian Mobed to whom the work mentioned in the follow-

ing article erroneously is ascribed. mijastī, The title of Ptolemy's celebrated work on astronomy, so called by

the Arabians, who, adding the article al to the Meyrory of the Greek title Σύνταξις Meyiorn, thus form the word the limijasti or almajisti, the almagest.

a مجسطى كشاى mijastī-gushāy, Able to

explain the Mijasti.

A mujassam, Bendered corporeal, clothed with a body incarnate; corpulent; massy, bulky, solid; in relief (in.c.); a statue, a sculpture (m.c.); [mujassami 'adas, A lentiform or convex body; -mujassami mutasāwī, A plain solid ;]—mujassim, One who clothes with a body; one who renders large and corpulent.

A www. mujassamāt (pl. fem. of muiassam), Solid bodies, solids; statues.

a ju www mujassam-saz, A sculptor, a

statuary (m.c.).

a a mujassama, A statue :- mujassama'i kach, A plaster figure, a cast ;-mujassama'i mūmī, Waxwork; — mujassama'i nisf-tana, A bust (mm.cc.).

mijashsh, مجش mijashshat, A

hand-mill.

majsūs, Plastered with lime; -mujassis, A plasterer.

maj' (v.n.), Being impudent, immodest; eating dates steeped in milk;mij', fem. mij'at, mij'a, Foolish, insane.

A way muja"ad, Curled, crisped; thick (pottage); -muja"id, One who curls hair.

A مجعل maj'al (v.n. of مجعل, Putting, placing; doing, constituting, appointing; -mujil, A fixer or payer of wages (juil); one who takes a pot off the fire (with the cloth $ji'\bar{a}l$); (a place or country) swarming with black-beetles (ju'al).

majfarat, (Food) which checks

venery, anti-venereal:

majaffaf, Dried;—mujaffif, Desiccative,

A data mujaffifat, Anything acrid which dries up; a desiccative.

majfū, مجفو majfī, Injured.

majl, majal (v.n.), Blistering or contracting serous pustules (as the hand from hard labour) ;-mujill, One who reveres, magnifies, or considers as illustrious and estimable.

A mujalla, Polished, furbished, rendered clear and bright; illustrated, mani-

fested.

▲ → mujallib, Very noisy; loud (thunder).

مولية majbalat, An attracting cause ;majlubat, majluba (for majlūba), Acquired,

anything acquired (see مُحِلُونات).

A dia majlat, Thin skin covering a

watery blister or pustule.

mujaljal, Rumbling (thunder cloud); (a camel) round whose neck little are suspended; — mujaljil, Who twangs the strings of an instrument; thundering (cloud); very loud-voiced, so as to be heard at a great distance; a lord, prince, powerful man; bold, brave; great, immense (numbers).

mijlad, A leathern strap with which hired mourners strike their cheeks; -mujallad, (A book) bound in leather; a certain quantity of a load known in weight and measure; a horse callous to the lash; -mujallid, A book-binder; a skinner, flayer (of a camel); an execu-

mujalladat, One book; a bound volume.

مجلس majlas (v.n. of جلس), Sitting down;—majlis, Time or place of sitting; an assembly, convivial meeting, congress, council; an act of a play (m.c.); construed with the verbs angekhtan, chidan, dashtan, sākhtan, kardan, nihādan, &c.;—majlisi bāl, A dancing party, ball (m.c.);—majlisi hifzi 's-sihha, Sanitary council (m.c.); majlisi hukūmat, A judgment-hall; -majlisi raqs, A ball-room; a ball; — majlisi 'am, A levee; -majlis guftan, To admonish; -majlisi lahd, A grave, tomb, sepulchre; -mujlis, One who causes to sit down.

a مجلس آراى majlis-aray, الروز majlis-afroz, (banquet-illuminating) Waxlights; wine; name of a musical note.

a معلس عانه majlis-khāna, Assembly-

room; town-hall; ball-room.

a مجلس کاه majlis-gāh, An assembly-room,

a banquetting hall.

a مجلس نشيمن majlis-nishīman, Councilseat, session-house, official residence (m.c.).

a مجلس لوبس majlis-nawis, The secretary of an assembly.

a سجلس majlisi, A person invited to an assembly; an assessor,

majlūw, majlū, fem. majlūwat, majlūwa, Polished, splendid, bright; mir'āti majlūwa, A clean or clear mirror.

majlūb, (A slave) led about for sale.

majlūbāt, Acquired things, acquisitions.

a Majallah, Place of manifestation,

of apparition, of transfiguration.

majlú, The fore part (of the head), which is most liable to become bald; —mijlá, Baldness from the forehead to the crown; a wanderer, exile; one who sends into exile; eased of grief; liberated;mujallá, Illustrated, manifested.

mujallīyāt, Detergent medi-

A mujimm, Who fills (a measure), heaps (it) up; a giver of, or refresher with,

A majammat, A cause of repose.

A dance majmajat (v.n. of page), Confounding, not making distinct (letters); stammering, telling a story in a confused

A way mujmid, One entering on the month jumāda; — mujammad, Congealed,

A 🏎 mijmar, 🗞 mijmarat, mijmara (pl. majāmir), A censer for incense, chafing-dish; [mijmari ātish, A chafingdish; the sun; -mijmara'i nuqra-posh, The world; - mujmar, Incense, aloes-wood (construed with afrokhtan, sokhtan, &c.).

A who rides a swift she-camel called jammāzat; an express, a

swift messenger.

A majma', majmi'. A place of assembly; a concourse, crowd, congregation, meeting: a club (m.c.); a book of miscellanies, a magazine, an album; [majma'u 'l-bahrain, The meeting of the two seas, i.e. of salt and sweet water; -majma'u 'n-nahrain, The meeting of the two rivers (Tigris and Euphrates);] — mujma', Collected, brought together; resolved upon; firm, decided; -mujmi, A collector; what contains; a resolver, determiner; -mujamma', Collected; resolved, decreed; -mujammi', Who collects diligently; assembled for prayers on a Friday; a counter (of money).

A deserge majma'at, A place of meeting. mujmal, Collected into a small compass; a summary, compendium; -mujammil, An adorner, beautifier, an able executer; who keeps a standing army.

A "mujmal-an, In substance; in the abstract; in brief, summarily, compen-

diously; cursorily.

a مجمل حسانه mujmal-ḥisāb, An abstrac

account.

majmū', Collected, assembled, convened, contained; clenched (fist); content, tranquil; all, the whole, every one;majmū'i banī ādam, All the sons of Adam; mankind.

A "c--- majmū'-an, Totally, on the

whole.

A de majmū'at, majmū'a (fem.), Collected, assembled, contained; a collection, magazine, compendium, miscellany; a crowd, assembly; a compound perfume; a form in printing.

a ماطر majmū'-khātir, Collected in

mind.

a مجبوع داره majmu'-dar, One who checks or audits the account of the revenue-collector in each district (an Indian phrase); a record-keeper.

a محموعی majmū'ī, Collective, aggregate. a سحموعی قیمت majmū'ī-qīmat, Aggregate value.

م سمبول majmūl, Predicate of a proposition.

A page majmum, Rested, refreshed, recruited.

A way mijann, A shield, a buckler; a lady's belt or leathern girdle; [qalaba lahu zahra'l-mijann, He renounced his friendship;]—mujann, Insane, frantic.

A shield without iron

in it.

A wind. Exposed to the south wind.

A محنية mujannabat, Advance guard of an army.

A diam majannat, A tract haunted by

demons; -mijannat, A shield.

a propensity towards, or a favourable opinion of;—mujannah, (In poetry) words occurring in the same distich or hemistich at the beginning and at the end which are anagrams to each other.

mujannad, Assembled, mustered (troops);—mujannid, One who assembles

(an army).

אביע mujanniz, A layer of a corpse on a bier.

mujannas, Composed of different kinds;—mujannis, One who arranges in classes, or who classifies; one who renders homogeneous.

mujnif, One who deviates from the right way; unjust, unfaithful (in respect of a will or testament); one who

detects such deviation.

mujanniq, A hurler (of stones) from a balista (manjaniq).

majnaqat (v.n. of سجنة), Hurling (stones) from a balista (manjaniq).

Maddening, dementing.

A $\sim majn\bar{u}b$, (A horse) led by the side (jamb) in opposition to $mark\bar{u}b$, which signifies one ridden; affected with a pleurisy or pain in the side; whatever is brought by the south wind $(jan\bar{u}b)$, as rain, or change of air).

majnūbat, A cloud propelled by

the south wind.

majnūz, A corpse on the bier.

majnūn. Possessed by a demon or jinn; insane, mad, furious; a fanatic, a maniac; name of a celebrated Eastern lover (see المالي).

majnūnīyat, Insanity.

mujnī, A gatherer of fruit; (a tree) which has ripe fruit ready for plucking; ripe fruit; plentiful (herbage);—majnīy, majnī, Gathered (fruit).

majū, A lentil (probably misreading for منجو q.v.).

A wijwād, The doer of an excellent thing; also the proclaimer or praiser of such an action.

A hip mujūbat, An answer.

mujauwad, Smitten with love; full of desire; well made or done;—mujauwid, Learned, a lover of learning; an elegant writer or speaker; a player on an instrument, a singer, especially one who intones the Qur'an.

mujauwir, One who accuses of injustice; one who commits injustice; an

oppressor.

A نجوز mujauwaz, Lawful, or deemed so; tolerated; — mujauwiz, One who holds, proves, or asserts to be lawful; one who dismisses, or permits to pass or go.

محوس ه majūs (pl. of majūsi), Magi,

fire-worshippers.

a مورسي majūse, One worshipper of fire.

A مورسي majūsīy, majūsī, A fire-worshipper; a follower of Zoroaster.

majūsīyat, The religion of the

Magi.

mujauwi, One who allows (another) to hunger, or who famishes (him).

majwa'at, Hunger, need, famine.

maj'uf, Timid, fearful.

nujauwaf, Hollowed, concave, vaulted; hollow, empty; (a horse) white or speckled about the belly (jauf);—mujauwif, One who hollows out or makes concave.

A مجول mijwal, A shield; a kind of small vest worn by girls; ornamental rings (worn by women round their ankles); silver; a silver crescent in the middle of a necklace; an amulet; the onager or wild ass;—mujūl (v.n. of جول), Contracting blisters from hard labour;—mujauwil, A great traveller, vagrant.

about what one says or does; boldness, impudence, brazenness; bold, fearless.

maj'ūf, Terrified.

mujauhar, Adorned, set with gems.

mujja, The plant barghast, resembling spinach, generally found on the banks of running streams (see 4.176).

mujhid, One who overloads (a horse); desirous; one who eats much and often; who does a thing violently.

mujhar, Sonorous, clear, distinct (speech, tone);—mujhir, One who speaks

openly and publicly.

A year mujahhaz, Endowed; Despatched; —mujahhiz, A decker (of a bride), fitter out (of a traveller), furnisher (of a funeral).

A مجال majhal, A desert without way-

marks (lit. a place of ignorance); -mijhal,

Ignorant.

A Mine majhalat, majhala, Anything indicative of ignorance; a cause of ignorance (jahl); anything which incites to foolish or wrong conduct; wrangling; a dilemma, difficulty.

mujja-wā, A dish made of the

herb mujja or barghast.

majhūd, Oppressed with labour or vexation, fatigued; work, labour, study; endeavour, care.

A مجبور majhūr, Cleansed, cleaned; built;

frequented; strongly pronounced.

م سوبول majhūl (pl. مجاول majāhīl), Unknown; the passive voice; the letters and و pronounced as o and e respectively (cf. معلوم);—majhūli muṭlaq, Very indolent or useless.

a سعبولي majhūlī, Ignorance; indolence.

laziness, idleness, apathy.

majhūlīyat, Name of a sect.

Mujib, One who listens to, grants, accepts, takes well, humours, complies with, consents, or gives an answer; obedient; an auditor; -mujaiyib, A maker of a jaib, i.e. collar or breast (of a shirt or other garment).

majid, A quick step (comp. 630000

and (مچيده).

majīd, Glorious, honourable, noble; high, exalted; sacred; [rabbi majīd, Most glorious Lord or God; -kalāmi majid, The sacred word, the Qur'an;] — mujīd, Possessed of a generous horse (jawad); one who says anything excellent; near at hand (death).

majīdan, To wash clean; to fry; to seize, snatch; to pluck, twitch, pinch;

to walk fast.

mujīr, A protector from oppression,

mujīz, A permitter, giver of leave, approver; a granter of liberty, giver of quarter; a guardian of an orphan; a privileged slave, one allowed to trade; who sends, transmits, dismisses, gives way, causes to penetrate; passing away (life).

mujaiyish, One who levies an

army.

majī', A dish of milk and dates; - mujī', Starved; one who allows to starve.

■ mujīf, Hollow.

mujil, One who causes to go round; who distributes in a circle; gives all round,

mujaiyim, A writer of the letter $j\bar{\imath}m.$

سياچنګ machāchang, A dildo.

macharg, Ordering to work gratui-

ma-chafe (prohib. of chafeidan), Do not stick.

machak, A lentil; mountainalmond.

muchagān (for muzhagān), Eyelashes.

muchalkā, skil muchalkāh, muchalka, A bond, note of hand, agreement, recognizance, engagement, promise.

muchalkājī, Who writes out a مولكاجي

muchalka (see preceding article).

mucha (for ey q.v.), An eyelash;— muchcha (for ey q.v.), Name of a wild pot-herb resembling spinach.

muchcha-wa, Soup of the herb muchcha (see preceding article and اسجة وا).

machīdan, michīdan, To walk with

a pompous or graceful air; to see.

A مح mahh (v.n.), Being worn (garment); a worn out, old garment ;-muhh, The yolk of an egg; the purest part of anything.

A object muhaba', in P. muhaba, she muhabat (v.n. 3 of حبو), Showing respect of persons, winking at, conniving; distinguishing by special favour; kind behaviour; respect, regard, friendship, affection; ceremony; dissimulation; abatement in price; a market for small wares.

مانية muhābbat, سابية muhābabat (v.n. 3 of -), Loving, showing regard or

friendship.

mahābir (pl. of محابر), Ink-horns. muhābasat, An imprisoning, confining.

A - maḥābīb (pl. of maḥbūb or maḥbū-

bat), Lovers, friends, mistresses.

maḥābīs (pl. of maḥbūs), Prisoners.

nuhājāt (v.n. 3 of , Pro-

pounding riddles to each other.

muḥājjat (v.n. 3 of حَجّ), Pleading a cause; bringing proof or arguments (hujjat).

A mahājir, Secret places.

maḥājim, Name of a certain antidote; (pl. of mihjam) Cupping-glasses; (pl. of mahjamat) parts to which the cupping-glass is applied.

muḥājī, A propounder of سياجي

riddles.

A σων maḥḥāḥ, One who soothes and pleases by fair words.

A whādd, Contiguous, adjacent, bordering.

مد muḥāddat (v.n. 3 of مد), Adjoining, being contiguous.

مدك muḥādaṣat (v.n. 3 of مدك), Conversing, discoursing together; conversation, narration.

A bista muhāzāt, An answering to; a

محاذرة A سيافرة muḥāzarat (v.n. 3 of حذر), Being cautious of each other; caution.

muḥāzá, Opposite to; parallel with; facing, fronting.

* muḥārib, A warrior, combatant.

A 4, muhārabat, muhāraba (v.n. 3 of جرب), Fighting, waging war; opposing; war, battle, combat :-- muhāraba kardan (jang u muhāraba kardan), To war, to fight.

muḥāriz, Keeper, guardian, governor; - muhārizi hisn, Governor of a

Muhārasat, A keeping, preserving.

muḥāraf, Uufortunate; pro-

hibited, debarred, excluded.

مرك muḥārafat (v.n. 3 of حرك), Being destitute of victuals; finding difficulty in buying any; requiting, repaying; being cut off from all comfort or enjoyment; probing a wound (see محراك).

mahārim, Things unlawful; dangerous times; (pl. of muharram) months of Muharram; (pl. of mahramat) wives.

maḥārīb, High altars; prayer niches; upper parlours.

maharim (pl. of muharram), Muharrame.

A أرحوب muḥāzabat (v.n. 3 of حرب), Confederating, joining oneself to a party

mahāzim (pl. of mahzim), The

girth-places in animals.

■ muḥāsib, A keeper or settler of accounts; an auditor; a calculator; an arithmetician.

A hul muḥāsabat, muḥāsaba (v.n. 3 of ----), Reckoning with, calling to account; considering attentively; computation, calculation, adjustment of accounts; arithmetic; - muhāscba kardan, To compute, make up, settle, or andit accounts.

a nuhāsaba-dār, One whose

accounts are under scrutiny.

a ساسبه طلب muḥāsaba-ṭalab, One demanding a settlement of accounts.

▲ Muḥāsadat (v.n. 3 of ماسدة م

Bearing envy to.

▲ mahāsin (pl. of husn), Good works, laudable actions, virtues, merits: benefits; the comely parts of the body, personal charms; beauties; the beard and mustachios, or whiskers; - maḥāsin az āsiyā safed kardan, (met.) To act foolishly.

A dimber muhasanat (v.n. 3 of). Boasting, glorying of goodness or beauty. a مماس معاس mahasin-shumari, A fune-

ral oration or eulogy.

maḥāsh, Goods, effects, furniture; mahash, mihash, People of different tribes assembling round a fire and entering into a league or covenant; -muhāsh, Burnt (bread); roasted (meat); -muhāshsh (pl. of mahshat), Podices.

محاهای muḥāshāt (v.n. 3 of محاهای . Excepting (anything) out of a number.

مناهنه muhāshanat (v.n. 3 of مشنه),

Speaking opprobriously, provoking by reproaches.

maḥāshī (pl. of mihshá), Stuffing or pads used by women to give a swelling appearance to the breast or hips.

muhāṣṣ, One who divides a thing with another; who takes his hissat (share).

A dividing with another.

a mahasir, The nearest roads;-

muhāsir, A besieger.

A bolow muhasarat, muhasara (v.n. 3 of رصر), Surrounding, besieging, besetting, investing, beleaguering, sitting down before a fort; a siege, circumvallation, blockade; -muhāṣara kardan, To besiege, invest, blockade.

muḥāṣirīn (obl. pl. used as محامرين ه nom.), The besiegers ;- sufufi muhāsirīn,

The ranks of the besiegers.

a محامل maḥāṣil (pl. of maḥṣūl), Proceeds; produce, revenue; profits, gains; -mahásili khām, Gross produce.

maḥāṣilāt (pl. of the preceding

q.v.), Proceeds, &c.

maḥāz (v.n. 3 of ميال), Having

her courses (a woman).

ما ما سامة muhāzzat (v.n. 3 of مام), Instigating, compelling (each one his com-

muḥāzir, Ready, present; who

stands before you.

معاضرة معاضرة nuhazarat (v.n. 3 of حضو). Appearing before, or against, another; pleading against or arraigning one (before a judge); showing audacity before a king; a degree of mystic contemplation of the Deity.

محاطه mahāt, An enclosure, fold;muhāt, Surrounded; comprehended;

known.

maḥāfir (pl. of mihfur or mihfa-

rat), Spades, implements for digging.

muhūfaz, Defended; protected; fortified; -muhāfiz, A defender, keeper, guardian, commander, governor, warden; -muḥāfizi tan, Body-guard; — muḥāfizi haqīqī, The true protector, God.

A distantial muhafazat (v.n. 3 of ba), Preserving, keeping in custody; persevering in, being assiduous; prohibiting, repelling; custody, preservation, guardianship, protection; observation; shame, a sense of honour; [muḥūfazat kardan, To guard, to protect (m.c.); —muhāfizat, muhāfiza (fem. of muhāfiz), Protecting, preserving, &c.; —qūwali muḥāfiza, The retentive powers,

memory. a tila bila muhāfiz-khāna, Record-room. mahāfil (pl. of mahfil), Assemblies.

A whafa (a corruption of mihaffa), A litter in which women travel.

muḥāq, Wane of the moon; the

dark period between the old and the new moon, when she is seen neither morning nor evening.

muhaqqat (v.n. of حق), Contending; contention at law about one's own

rights; hostility.

muhākāt, in P. (حكى muhākā (v.n. 3 of حكى), Relating, telling; resembling, being like; imitating, mimicking; repeating the words or actions of another; tying (a knot) firm.

maḥākat, A weaver's shop.

muḥākamat (v.n. 3 of حكم), Citing before the judge (ḥākim).

muḥākī, An imitator, mimic, mocker; talking (bird, as a parrot, star-

ling, &c.).

mahāl (v.n. of)—), Informing against one before the king; a large pulley or wheel for drawing water;—mahāl, mihāl, Deceit, fraud, enmity;—mihāl, Ceasing (rain); withering (herbs);—muhāl, Impossible, absurd;—mahāll (pl. of mahāllat), Streets, squares, courts, wards, places, houses, districts, departments; (in India) a bee-hive, a honeycomb; land or public fund producing a revenue to government; [mahālli āllamahā-sarkār, Lands held in free gift from government;—namak-mahāll, Duties on salt;]—muhāll, One who goes down with another to any place, who lives along with him.

muḥālāt, Behaving kindly.

a سالت muhālāt (pl. of muhāl), Impossibilities, absurdities.

a حال الديش muḥāl-andesh, A visionary.

مالية muhālabat (v.n. 3 of حالية), Milking together (with another); assisting one another.

barren for want of rain; a large pulley for drawing water; machination, fraud, craft; power; [lā maḥālat-a, lā maḥāla (m.c.), There is no escape, or remedy; of necessity; undoubtedly;]—muḥāllat (v.n. 3 of J.), Going down with another to any place; living together.

maḥāl-dār, An officer appointed under the kotwāl (police-magistrate) for the prevention of crimes and abuses; a policeman; ward-beadle.

muḥālif, A confederate, sworn

ally.

muhālafat (v.n. 3 of Lalla), Entering into an agreement, confirming by oath; serving continually, diligently attending on.

a محال کوئی muḥāl-gū'ī, A talking of non-

sense

مهاماه ماماه (v.n. 3 of معامله), Prohibiting, commanding to abstain, repelling; guarding, defending; paying attention (to a guest).

maḥāmid (pl. of maḥmidat), Laudable actions or qualities.

muḥāmaqat (v.n. 3 of مبن), Assisting, abetting, countenancing in any

act of folly.

mahāmil (pl. of mahmil), Those appliances which carry the loads on either side of a camel; camel-litters; sword-belts, baldricks; velvets, satins (especially those which are sent annually as coverings for the Ka'bah.

ممالة مساملة muhāmalat (v.n. of حمل), Lifting up together, or conjointly; attacking one

another.

a مالي maḥāmilī, A maker of those appliances wherein camels' loads are carried, and which are called maḥāmil.

warat), Dialogues, conversations, conferences; idioms; usages, &c. (see the fol-

lowing article).

muhāwarat, muhāwara (v.n. 8 of ,-), Holding a dialogue; conversation, conference; a reply; idiom, usage, common speech, phraseology; — muhāwara'i baḥṣ u jadal, A disputation, an animated discussion; —ba-muḥāwara, Idiomatic; —bī-muḥāwara, Unidiomatic.

mahāwil (pl. of mahālat), Large

pulleys for drawing water.

" مول muḥāwalat (v.n. 3 of مول), Sharpening one's look, gazing steadily; wishing, desiring, seeking.

مايدة muḥāyadat, A shunning, an

avoiding.

ماه ساهم muḥāyiṣ, Diligent to entrap, astute, sly, guileful.

A مياه muhāyaṣat (v.n. 3 of مياه), Seizing insidiously, overcoming by stratagem.

maḥā'iz (pl. of maḥizat), Men-

struous cloths.

maḥā'il (pl. of muḥālāt), Kind proceedings.

muḥāyanat (v.n. 3 of حين), Fixing certain (a time); agreeing, bargaining

by the hour, or time (was hin).

muhabb, mahab, mahab, see below;—muhabb, Beloved;—muhibb, One who loves, likes, prefers; a lover, friend;—muhibbu'lwaian, One who loves his country, a patriot;—muhibbi sādiq (mukhlis), A sincere friend (a mode of subscribing letters).

a محب الوطنى muḥibbu 'l waṭanī, Love of

country; patriotism.

a ميانه muḥibbāna, Friendly, like a friend.

a muhabbib, One who makes a friend.

محبية muḥabbabat, muḥabbaba, The city of Madina.

mahabbat, in P. also mahabb, mahab, Love, affection; friendship, esteem, benevolence; [mahabbat bākhtan, To make

love, to court; — maḥabbati dilī (qalbī), Sincere affection, true love; — mahabbati mushārika, Mutual love;—maḥabbat warzidan, To display affection;] — muhabbat, muhabba, The city of Madinah.

a محبت أسير mahabbat-amez, Friendly.

a hang muhubbat-pesha, Addicted to love, of amorous disposition; friend; beloved.

a by mahabbat-zada, Smitten with love, love-stricken.

a محبت المم maḥabbat-nāma, Friendly letter.

maḥabbat-nigār, Impressing or impressed with affection.

A mihbar, Au ink-holder.

mahbarat, A cause of joy and gladness; — mahbarat, mahbara, An ink-

a محبرة كش mahbara-kash, The style or stick with which the wool in an ink-bottle

is stirred (= دوات آهور q.v.).

مجس mahbas (v.n. of حبس), Keeping back, detaining; imprisoning; -maḥbis, A prison, jail; — mihbas, An embroidered cover, bed-furniture, a counterpane; muhbas, Imprisoned; (a horse) bequeathed for pious uses :-muhbis, One who throws into prison; a deviser for pious uses, probibiting alienation; - muhabbis, One who lays a counterpane or coverlet on a bed; a detainer, preventer.

mahbal, Time of conception; period of gestation; - mahbil, mahbal, The womb; the vagina; -muhbil, One who impregnates, impregnating; productive of

pregnancy.

α γρανο mahbūb, Beloved, loved, liked, amiable; affectionate; lovely; — $mahb\bar{u}bi$ ilāhī, Beloved of God;—maḥbūbi khushk, A mistress or beloved who cannot be enjoyed;—maḥbūbi qulūbi 'ālamiyān, Delight of mortal hearts;—zari mahbūb, Purest gold.

a معبوباته mahbūbāna, Like the beloved;

as a sweethcart; a mistress.

A hand mahbabat, mahbaba (fem. of mabbūb), Beloved; a sweetheart, mistress; a lovely woman; the city of Madinah.

a معبوبي maḥbūbī, سعبوبي maḥbūbīyat,

Loveliness, amiability.

maḥbūr, Glad, happy ;—maḥbūru "l-khātir, Of a cheerful mind, good-humoured.

maḥbūs, Detained, arrested, confined, imprisoned; — mahbūsi polītīk, A political prisoner (m.c.).

a محبوس سند maḥbūs-sanad, Warrant of commitment to prison, a mittimus.

a dila mahbūs-khāna, A prison-

A dy mahbūk, Firmly woven; (a horse) strong, firm on his legs.

A ωμων maḥbūn, Dropsical.

A www. muhtaj, Necessitous, needy, indi-

gent :- muḥtāj ilai-hi, The person or thing

a wie clim muhtāj-khāna, A poor-house. a محتاجي muhtājī, Need, want; indigence, poverty.

a whtat, Surrounded, besieged;

guarded, circumspect.

Muhtāl, Subtle, crafty; a deceiver; (in law) a person who accepts the responsibility of one person for his claim upon another; -muhtal 'alai-hi, The person to whom the responsibility for a debt or claim was transferred.

muḥtālat, muḥtāla, A bawd, procuress.

muhtabas, Contained, detained, imprisoned; - muhtabis, A restrainer, detainer; kept back, withheld; strangurious.

A whitabak, Well-woven; -muh-

tabik, A fastener, strengthener.

muhtabal, Caught in a net, netted; -muhtabil, One who hunts or catches with a net.

منتج Muhtajj, An arguer, pleader, debater.

A ---- muhtajib, Veiled, retired, secluded.

A www.muḥtajij, A pleader of a cause; a bringer of proofs (hujjat).

muhlajir, Stony (ground); one who construes a chamber or closet (hujrah) for his own special use.

a محتجن muḥtajin, One who draws (a thing) towards himself with a hooked club mihjan.

a mahtid, Root, origin; nature.

muhtadd, Keen, vehement, fierce (in anger or in battle); precipitate, impetuous; flight, escape, retreat.

muhtazir, Cautions, wary.

muhtazi, An imitator, doing as another does; fitted with shoes, shod.

muḥtarib, Engaged in mutual

muḥtariz, Curious, careful, wary. a سحترس muhtaras, Guarded ;—muhtaris, One who guards against; a nocturnal sbeep-stealer.

A محترص muhtaris, Greedy; pains-taking. muḥtarif, An artisan, artificer.

a محترفه muhtarifa, Tax on trades or pro-

Muhtariq, Set on fire, burnt.

متری از muhtariq-sāz, Setting on fire.

A مترا muhtaram, Honoured, venerable, sacred, revered, respected; [wazīri muhtaram, An honoured prime-minister;]muhtarim, One who maintains his honour.

muḥtazir, One who surmises, guesses

A معترم muhtazim, Girt about with a rope; clothed; armed.

محترن muhtazin, Grieved, sad, amazed. muḥtasib, A reckoner, a calculator, accountant; the superintendent of police, who examines weights, measures, and provisions, and prevents gambling, drinking, &c.

A muhtasham, Powerful, great, attended by many followers or clients;—muhtashim, Bashful.

A with muhlashi, Filled, ersmmed, stuffed.

wears artificial stuffings (hashiga) to give protuberance to the bosom or hips.

A muhtașid, A reaper of corn.

muhlazar, Nigh unto death, dying; — muhlazir. A hurter, injurer; coming in person; arrived in town from the country.

muhtazan, Taken in the arms, embraced;—muhtazin, One who embraces.

where wood for fuel is kept;—multagib, A gatherer of wood.

muhtazar, Made up of branches into a fold for camels; — muhtazir, One who constructs the fold hazirah.

متلی multazī, Fortunate; court-favourite.

A multafar, Dug, excavated, hollowed out; —multafir, A digger.

a base muhtafiz, A preserver; provoked

to anger; cautious.

multafal, A place or time of meeting; a council, assembly;—multafil, Assembled; manifest.

A with muhtafi, Barefoot.

muḥtaqar, Vile, base, mean;—muḥtaqir, One who looka upon as contemptible.

A wrangling, engaged in altercation.

A warmantagin, One who labours under a retention of urine.

muḥtakir, A forestaller, regrater, monopolizer of grain.

muhtakim, A ruler, a gevernor.

محلل مسلفل muhialiq, A shaver (of the head).

alights off a journey, stays, and lives with.

a multalim, A dreamer; polluted; arrived at the age of puberty.

muhlamal, Suspected, conjectured; suspicious, donbtful; possible; probable; suffering patiently;—muhlamil, A taker up of a burden; one who takes upon himself; a buyer of a captive; patient; suspected, conjectured; hoped for, probable;—muhlamilu 'z-ziddain, Capable of a double or contrary interpretation.

muhtamilāt, Suspicions.

muḥtamī, One who shuns or re-

strains himself; cautious, abstinent (sick man).

■ mahtām, Fixed, decreed.

muhtawi, Comprising; who or what comprises; a collector, assembler, embracer, occupier.

A — muhiss, An exciter, instigator.

maḥassat, An urging, spurring.

A شنت muḥassis, An instigator, inciter, urger.

a muhsal, Unwholesomely fed (suckling);—muhsil, Adverse (fortune).

A die muhsilat, A mother who feeds her infant with unwholesome aliment.

bing (a rope) to soften (it); copulating; churning; sweeping violently (wind); lying.

a muhijj, One who sends to Mecca to perform the ceremonies of pilgrimage.

A muhajjab, Separated by a curtain (hijāb).

mahajjat. A highway, a straight road; anything established by proof; thesis, proposition.

makjar, Anything forbidden;—makjar, mikjar, A garden planted with trees; the socket, environs, or corner of the eye; an eye peeping out from under a veil; the environs of a town; a railing (m.c).

a him muhjil, One who binds with a tether the right fore-foot (of a camel);—muhajjal, Sunk in the socket (the eye); having a hind-foot white (horse).

horn; a lancet; thin, fine; — muhjim, Pusillanimous,

mahjamat, The part to which the cupping-glass is applied;—mihjamat, A cupping-glass.

headed club; — muhjan, Small and weakly (plant).

a mahjūb, fem. mahjūbat, mahjūba (see next article), Veiled, covered, retired, prevented going abroad; modest; blind from birth; forbidden to enter; excluded.

a type mahjuba, A bar for fastening a door;—mahjuba'i ahmad, The hamza of ahmad, i.e. the letter i alif.

mahjūbī, Bashfulness, modesty.

A معرون mahjūjī, The temple of Mecca.

makjar, Prohibited, forbidden; an inhibited slave.

A jy mahjūn, Girded with a waistband.

A mahjūm, Cupped (man); muzzled (camel).

mahadd, Flight, escape; [lā mahadd, There is no escape, it becomes necessary;—muhidd, A sharpener; a widow mourning for her husband.

مدر mubdib, Who makes hump-backed; muhaddab, Convex; gibbous;

muhaddib, One who raises the back; one who makes gibbous or convex.

A was muhdis. A fornicator; polluted by any accident and disqualified for prayer; (God) causing an event to happen; anything new, strange, disagreeable, iniquitous; - muhaddas, Sound, judicious in relating or distinguishing the actions or sayings of Muhammad; an orthodox believer in Muhammadan traditions; -muhaddis, One who produces something new, an inventor, an innovator; a narrator, relater; a traditionist; well versed in Muhammadan tradition (see مديث p. 413).

A willam muhaddasāt, Histories, acci-

muhdasat, Anything new, strange, disagreeable, or iniquitous.

muhdij, One who binds on the hidj or camel-litter.

A same muhaddad, Terminated, bounded, limited.

muhaddir, Who or what causes to descend or to precipitate; precipitant.

muhdiq, Who or what surrounds. encircles, goes round.

muḥaddiq, Clear-sighted.

mahdūd, Limited, bounded, sepa-. rated, terminated, defined, definite.

a محدودات mahdūdāt, Legal punishments; bastinadoes.

mahzir, A place of fear or caution, of battle, of calamity; -muhazzir, A threatener, inspirer of fear.

mihzam, A sharp sword.

maḥzūr, Formidable. mahzurat (v.n. of عدر Avoiding, shunning, fearing; a misfortune, calamity; war; terror; a bugbear, scarecrow, hobgoblin;—abū mahzūrat, Surname of one of Muhammad's callers to prayer.

مدروى mahzurī, Caution; warning. A معاوف mahzūf, Taken away, cut off, elided (syllable from a word, or foot from a verse); apocopated; curtailed, docked, mutilated; a bottle, a wine-skin.

muḥzī, A giver of shoes.

nuhirr, Warm, hot, sultry (day).

mihrāb, The principal place in a mosque, where the priest prays to the people with his face turned towards Mecca; a kind of high altar; a parlour, hall, or upper chamber; the chief seat at an entertainment; the royal closet or chamber; warlike; a field of battle; -mihrābi tegh, The curve or arched blade of a scimitar;miḥrābi jamshed, The cup of Jam, Solomon, or Sikandar, representing the whole world; the sun; fire; -mihrābi shakarbura, A triangular kind of pasty made with engar; -wasati mihrab, The span of an arch.

a مار سراب دار miḥrāb-dār, Having a miḥrāb;

arched, bowed, bow (as a window or a drill, &c.).

a مراني miḥrābī, Having a miḥrāb; like a mihrāb; arched; cut in the shape of a miḥrāb, round (a beard).

mihrāf, A surgeon's probe.

mihraq, The cause of a fire (as lightning or a thunderbolt).

miḥrāk, A poker for stirring a fire.

A ---- miḥrab, Warlike; --- muḥarrab, A lion; -- muharrib, An exasperator; an instigator; a sharpener of spear-heads (harbah).

A diras, A plough; - muhras, Overworked (beast); one who overworks his beast.

A muharrar, Written, inscribed: consecrated to God; -muharrir. A writer. clerk, scribe, accountant; a giver of liberty; one who devotes to the service of God.

a oly muharrirān (P. pl. of muharrir). Writers, &c.; — muharrirāni falak, Sun, Moon, and the planets Mercury, Venus, Mars, Jupiter, and Saturn.

a muharrari, The office or business of a clerk, &c.

muḥarriṣ, An exciter to greediness.

muḥarriz, An instigator, exciter. provoker.

mahrif, A place where one turns or moves about in; where one's gains are made; deliverance from calamity; -muhrif, Well, in good condition; who toils for his family; who emaciates a camel; who requites (good or evil); -muharraf, Inverted, transposed; altered in form (a word); perverted (as language); tampered with; an anagram; diagonal, slant; -muharrif, A transposer of letters; an anagrammatist; one who accommodates his religion to worldly concerns.

A J, miḥraq, A file; — muḥraq, Inflamed; — muharraq, Burned; — muharriq, An incendiary.

mahriq-an, In a burning state.

muḥraqat, A burnt-offering, holocaust.

mahrak, The upper part of the root of the neck ;--muḥrik, A mover, stirrer up, adviser; -- muharrak, (in. grammar) A word inflected with two or more fathas: as majar, hasanat; — muharrik, A mover, inciter, persuader; stimulant, motory; one who marks a consonant with a vowel; -muharriki fitna (fasād), A promoter of mischief or sedition.

A mahram, Unlawful, forbidden; a spouse, consort, confidant, intimate friend; a bodice; [maḥrami rāz, A friend to whom secrete are confided; -mahrami rāz gashtan, To become initiated in the divine mysteries; - maḥrami ghār, An intimate friend (= yāri ghār, q.v. under يار) ;—zū maḥram,

One who has access to the haram or women's apartments; one with whom marriage is unlawful; intimate, admitted to the female apartments; entered on the sacred month Muharram; donning the pilgrim's garb (ihrām), engaged in the sacred pilgrimage; a menstruous woman; — muharram, Forbidden, unlawful; the sacred enclosure of Mecca; the first month of the Muhammadan year; a bodice; -muḥarrim, One who forbids, interdicts, declares unlawful.

maḥrumāt, Inviolable things; -muharramāt, Things prohibited; months

of Mubarram.

a محرماند maḥramāna, Confidentially, in

confidence; secret, confidential.

A wything muhramat, mahrumat, Anything venerable, sacred, inviolable, prohibited by God; repulse, disappointment; a wife.

mahramīyat, The state of being a confident; intimacy, trust, confidence.

mahrūt, and mahrūs, The root of benzoin.

محروث ۸ maḥrūs, Ploughed, tilled (ground).

 maḥrūr, Freed from being a slave; hot, choleric, furious; libidinous.

a maḥrūrī, Hot, choleric.

mahrūs, Guarded, preserved, kept;—baiti mahrūsu 'l-hawālī, A house guarded on all sides.

maḥrūsat, maḥrūsa, A garrisoned city; a capital; the metropolis of an empire; - mamāliki maḥrūsa, The provinces or countries in the government of any sovereign.

maḥrūs, Greedily desired, coveted; (a pasture) grazed, cropped close.

maḥrūf, Inverted, changed; deprived of part of one's property.

maḥrūq, Burnt, inflamed; torrid. محروق ▲

maḥrùqat, Fuel. محروقة

mahrum, Prohibited, forbidden; debarred, excluded; frustrated, disappointed, deprived of the supports of life; unable to earn anything, unfortunate; prevented by shame from begging; venerable.

a محروسي maḥrūmī, Disappointment.

• maḥrūmīyat, Prohibition, frustration, disappointment; privation, loss.

a mahari, A dromedary.

mahazz, A moment; a groove, a cut :- mihazz, Reproachful, cutting, severe in language.

A wihzān, Grieved, sad.

▲ سرب muhazzib, A distributor in parts, especially (of the Qur'an) into sixty sections (ahzāb); a collector of troops, crews, or gangs.

mahzim, The girth-place of an unimal; - mihzam, mihzamat, A girth;muhaim. One who girths (a horse).

A ωμεναπ, Sad, grieved, saddened:

-muḥzin, muḥazzin, A causer of grief; muḥazzan, Saddened, grieved.

אבער mahzūm, Packed, made into bales.

A ωςς maḥzūn, Vexed, afflicted, grieved. A when mihsab, A banker's counter.

miḥsān, An instrument of doing

good; a benefactor; beneficent. A whassab, Propped with pil-

lows. A mahassat, A cause of burning; mihassat, mihassa, A curry-comb.

muhassud, Greatly envied; -mu-

hassid, One who envies greatly.

A www muhsin. One who does good, and obliges: a benefactor.

A www muhassan, Beautiful (face).

A muhsanāt, muhsināt, Ladies, beautiful, fair, and chaste.

A hand, Anything conducive to health and to comeliness; -mahsinat, Anything good, fair, excellent.

a محسن كش muḥsin-kush, " Benefactor-

slaying"; ungrateful.

a سنتي muḥsinī, Of or belonging to Muhsin ;—a<u>kh</u>lāqi muḥsinī, Muhsin's Morals or Ethics (title of a book written by Husain Wā'iz, the author of Anwari Suhailī, а.н. 900, which date is indicated by the numerical value of the composing letters according to the abjad).

α maḥsūb, Computed, reckoned,

carried to account.

maheūd, Hated, envied; — bit maḥsūd-an, Pass the night in being an object of envy.

maḥsūr, Dim-sighted; wearied,

fatigued; one who sighs.

maḥsūs, Perceived, felt, known; sensible, perceptible, an object of the senses; -mahsūs shudan, To be perceived.

mahsūsāt (pl. fem. of the preceding), Things perceptible to the senses, things felt; objects of sense.

mahsh (v.n.), Burning, blistering, peeling off (the skin); carrying off all before it (torrent); indulging to excess in eating or venery; —mahashsh, A scythe; mahashsh, mihashsh, A hay-loft, a sack or place where hay is kept;—muhishsh, One who goes a foraging, or collects hay.

محشا محشا مرسما سسما مسمسا مسمسا مسمسا مسمسا مسمسا muḥashshā kardan, To write marginal

notes, to annotate.

muḥshāt, The nethermost part of the belly, where the digested food lies ready to be excreted.

Mahashshat, Land abounding in hay; buttocks; -mihashshat, A poker; a loft or place where hay is kept.

mahshar, mahshir, Place of as-

sembly; last judgment.

a معشر آراي mahshar-ārāy, Adorning or mustering the assembly.

a مشر پناه maḥshar-panāh, A refuge on the day of assembly.

maḥshar-khirām, (A woman) whose gait excites a commotion like that of the day of judgment.

a معشرستان mahsharistan, The place of

assembly or resurrection.

a مشرعرا برام برام mahshar-qad, برام q.v. مشرعرا mahsham. A place where a great man's retinue is assembled; — muhshim, One who venerates, who honours; — muhashshim, One who puts in a rage wrings, or says anything which gives another pain; who causes to blush.

maḥshūw, Filled, stuffed, crammed. محشور ه maḥshūr, Collected, congregated,

assembled; raised from the dead.

A mahshá, The stomach and viscera;—muhashshá, Illustrated by marginal notes;—muhashshī, One who trims a garment with fringe or lace;—maḥshīy, maḥshī, Stuffed, farced.

muhiss, Who gives another his share (hissat)

mahsat, Stony, gravelly ground.

A muhassab, The place where pilgrims throw pebbles in the valley of Mina; covered with pimples, measly;—muhassib, Oue who strows with gravel, or throws sand into any place or thing.

mahsabat, A pebbly, gravelly

place.

minsad, A reaping-sickle;—munsid, (Corn) ready for cutting.

muhşir, A besieger; a hinderer,

preventer; impedimental.

muhassal, Collected, acquired, brought together; [muhassali kalām, The sum or substance of a speech;]—muhassil, A collector, gatherer, acquirer; a taxgatherer; a farmer of the customs; a dun; a reader; a digester, one who gives the substance (of an oration, &c).

a whose muhassilana, محملي muhassila,

Fees of the bailiff or tax-gatherer.

A mihsamat, An iron mallet.

mihsan, A lock, bolt; a basket; —muhsan, Guarded, preserved; chaste, continent; wedded, married; —muhsin, A defender; chaste, continent; — muhassan, Surrounded by a wall; — muhassin, One who fortifies, defends, surrounds with a wall; a preserver, keeper; chaste; who marries (to keep himself chaste).

muḥṣanat, muḥṣana, (A woman) joined in matrimony; chaste, modest.

A speed mahsud, Cut, reaped; harvest.

mahṣūr, Besieged, beleaguered, surrounded; shut or hemmed in; costive.

a معروبي muhsūrī, Confinement, durance. معروبي mahsūrīn (obl. pl. of mahsūr, used as nom.), The besieged.

maḥṣūl, محمول maḥṣūla (v.n. of محمول , Remaining over and above; collected;

harvest, in-gathering, crop; the produce or sum of anything; profit; tax. duty, excise, custom, postage;—mahṣūli āb-kārī, Revenue from the manufacture of spirituous liquors;—maḥṣūli sā'ir, Miscellaneous duties;—maḥṣūli nahr, Canal-rents.

maḥsūlāt (pl. fem.), Corn,

fruits.

maḥṣūl-dār, Fruitful, rich, fertile; an officer employed to prevent the clandestine removal of the produce.

a محولى maḥṣūlī, Of or relating to taxes; dutiable; bearing postage; lands paying revenue.

A mahsūn, Fortified, defended.

A muḥṣi. A numberer;—maḥṣi, Afflicted with gravel (ḥaṣāt) in the bladder, calculous.

mahz (v.n.), Possessing milk unmixed with water; giving pure milk to drink; milk unmixed with water; pure, unmixed, unalloyed; sincere love; only, mere, simple; for this special purpose (m.e.); [mahzi khātiri shumā, Only for your sake (m.e.);—ba-mahzi dīdani tū, Merely at the sight of you (m.e.);—khairi mahz, Unalloyed good, summum bonum;]—mahaz, Drinking pure milk; thirsting for milk;—mahiz, Possessed of pure milk; greedy for milk; pure milk.

minz-an, Merely, purely, solely,

wholly.

nihzah, at mihzaj, A coalrake, malkin; poker.

a محض دست مط maḥz-dast-khaṭ, Mere

signature, a blauk endorsement.

mahzar, Presence, approach; nearness; an inhabited place; persons present; a royal court; a register, record, decree; any document attested by witnesses, attestation, testimony; nature, temper, disposition; construed with durust kardan, sākhtan, saranjām dādan, kardan, &c.; [mahzar bar āb nawishtan. To occupy oneself with futilities; — hasanu 'l-mahzar, One who speaks well of the absent; —karīmu 'l-mahzar, Of noble disposition;]—muhzir, A mace-bearer, sergeant, beadle, summoner.

a معامر خانه mahzar-khāna, "Place of assembly"; a court; a police-station.

a معفر نامه mahaar-nāma, A summons to appear; a muster-roll, list of those present; a public attestation.

a معمل علما mahz-ghalat, Quite wrong.

a محض غير سمكن mahz ghair-mumkin, Absolutely impossible.

a مَكُمُ الْمَرِّعُ الْرَيِّ maḥẓ fiqra-bāzī, A mere playing with words; sheer device or trickery.

a محض قيد maḥz-qaid, Simple imprisonment.

a عبر ال جبر maḥz nā-chīz, A mere nothing, a mere trifle.

A wahzan, mahzin, The nest of a hen sitting.

▲ maḥzūr, Arrived at one's accustomed home.

mihzīr, (A horse) running much.

**Mahatt, The end of a period or sentence, a full-point; the place where people deposit their baggage when lighting off a journey; an anchorage for shipping; -mihatt, de mihattat, mihatta, An iron or wooden instrument for drawing figures on leather, &c.; pustulous (face).

mihtab, A pruning-hook, a bill.

muhattim, A great breaker. مطرع mahtūt, Lowered, abated ;—mahtūtu'l-qadr, Depressed in dignity, lowered

maḥzūr, Forbidden, unlawful; confined, restricted.

maḥzūrāt (pl. fem. of the preceding), Illicit things.

mahzūz, Favoured by fortune, blest; glad, cheerful, contented; — ghair maḥzūz, Discontented, unhappy.

A dabar mahziyat, The concubine of a

married man.

mihfar, A digging implement,

spade.

A harminaffat, A species of travellinglitter or couch for women, resembling the hauda, but not arched.

mihfarat, A digging محارة Mihfarat, A implement, spade.

A base muhaffiz, Who or whatever causes

to commit to memory.

A da mahfazat, mahfaza, A magazine, hoard; -mahfaza'i idrāk, Where anything is perceived or kept in mind.

A weaver (of a garment); one who covers with or wraps in a

garment; indigent, distressed.

mahfil, mahfal, A place or time of meeting; an assembly, congregation, council, convention, congress, society, chorus; a dancing party; a pulpit, tribunal;mahfili qazā, A court of justice; -mahfili nām u nang, The day of resurrection.

mahfūd, A master, one served.

maḥfūr, Dug, excavated. محفور ▲

mahfūs, Collected, gathered; thrown from the hand; thrown to and fro (as threads by the shuttle in weaving).

mahfūz, Guarded, protected, preserved, kept safe; committed to memory.

mahfūf, Girt, encompassed; oppressed by poverty.

a sac mihaffa, = and silve qq.v.

muhfi, One who makes bare the feet; one who neatly trims his heard, &c.; strict in inquiry; importunate in asking; benevolent, friendly.

mahq (v.n.), Abolishing, making void, cancelling, effacing, obliterating; burning, scorching; depriving of a blessing;

-muhiqq, One who confirms and establishes; a speaker of the truth; acting properly, doing justice; knowing for certain; baving or showing a right or claim.

muḥqid, Who causes hatred.

muhqir, A despiser; -muhaqqar, Despised; poor, low; a trifle; -muhaqqir, A despiser.

muḥaqqarāt, Trifles. محقرات ▲

mahqarat (v.n. of مقد), Being vile, contemptible; regarding as such; vileness, baseness; -muhaggarat, A despicable thing,

muḥaqqaq, Ascertained, confirmed, محقق authenticated, certified, notorious, known for truth; firmly woven (cloth); a kind of writing; - muhaqqiq, A verifier, affirmer, confirmer; an asserter or teacher of truth, a philosopher; a mystic who has attained to the degree of perfection called haqiqat; an appealer to the Qur'an and not to tradition.

a معققانه muḥaqqiqāna, Truly, accurately, like one who has reached the state of

muḥaqqiq (see preceding article).

muḥaqqiqīn (obl. pl. used as محققين

nom.), Philosophers; authorities.

miḥqan, A churning-bottle or bag having thick milk, upon which fresh milk is poured; a clyster-pipe;—muhqin, One who restrains (urine); one who collects and blends together different kinds of

A محقنه mihqana, A syringe, clyster-pipe. a محقور maḥqūr, The letters محقور jaddu katbin.

maḥqūq, Worthy, fit, proper.

mahk, A brawl ;-mahik, A wrangler ;-mihakk, A touchstone, a test ;hakki zari īmān, The touchstone of the gold of faith, i.e. the black stone of Mecca; -miḥakki zarrīn, A touchstone of gold; the black stone at Mecca; -mihakki sabr, The touchstone of patience; -bar mihakk zadan, To test, to assay.

محكان م maḥkān, A brawler.

م سكك muḥakkak, Rubbed; a rubbingpost for scabby camels; -muhakkik, One who rubs hard.

muhkam, Fortified, strengthened, firm, robust; clear, conspicuous, incontrovertible; strong; --muhkim, A strengthener, fortifier; — muhakkam, muhakkim, Wise, discreet; unshaken during martyrdom;muḥakkim, A prohititor, hinderer; one who invests with power and authority; an experienced old man.

maḥkamāt (pl. of maḥkamat), Courts of law, tribunals, &c.; -mulkamāt (pl. fem. of muhkam), Incontrovertible, plain, perspicuons, not ambiguous (verses of the Qur'an); or such as have not been

abrogated.

maḥkamat, maḥkama, A tribunal,

a court of justice, town-house or hall;muhkamat, muhkama (fem. of muhkam), Firm (woman); clear, perspicuous (thing); unrepealed, unabrogated (chapter or verse of the Qur'an) :- muhakkimat, Name of a

a محكمي muḥkamī, Firmness, strength;

stability; compactness; solidity.

• محاولت maḥkūk, Erased, cancelled;

rubbed.

maḥkūm, fem. محكومة maḥkūmat, mahkuma, Ordered, commanded; empowered, ordained, invested with supreme power; subjected, under command; bridled, curbed (horse); a servant; -maḥkūm bi-hi, The predicate of a proposition; mahkum 'alai-hi, Judicially condemned; the subject of a proposition.

a محكومي mahkūmī, Strength, firmness;

authority.

a محكى maḥkī, Related, told. A محل maḥl, Injuring by slander; being barren for want of rain (season); want of rain, dearth, scarcity; fraud, deceit, treachery;—muhul (pl. of mahāl), The joints of the back, vertebræ;—mahall, mahal (v.n. of), Descending, lighting off a journey, staying, dwelling; place of abode; a building, house, mansion; a palace; a place, post, dignity, degree of honour, high station (construed with burdan, nihādan, &c.); delay; time, opportunity; [maḥalli ākhar, Another place; — maḥalli tamāshā, The stage (m.c.); - mahalli khāss, The chief spouse, the head wife (m.c.); — mahalli safā-bakhsh, A pleasant, delightsome spot; -mahalli mujra, Place of obeisance; clearance of accounts; -gikri mahall u irāda'i hal, A trope, the containing for the contained; — ghair mahall, Unworthy; inopportune;]—maḥill (v.n. of على), Being due, necessary; the appointed term for payment of debt, or for making a sacrifice; a place of sacrifice; -muhill, (A woman) mourning the death of her husband (fixed by the Muhammadan law to 110 days); about to enter upon those months during which fighting was permitted; regardless of matters deemed sacred; deserving of punishment; lawful,

muḥallā, Small pieces of meat roasted and sprinkled with lemon-juice; a fried

melon (see ...).

▲ 5" miḥla'at, An instrument for braying antimony, or for applying it to the eyes.

maḥallāt (pl. of maḥallat), Streets, squares; — muhillāt, A kettle, handmill, knife, fire-steel, and similar portable

utensils for daily use in travelling.

A plan mihlāj, An iron instrument with which cotton is separated from the seeds;

a baker's rolling-pin.

mihlāl, A place where people assemble and sit down.

maḥlab, A kind of grain resembling cherry-stones growing in Azar-baijan (Armenia); honey;—mihlab, A milking pail; -muhlib, One who assists in milking, or allows another to milk; a helper.

a wiḥlab, Name of a fragrant tree, of which the people of Nahawand make

whip-handles.

mahlabat, A place where the grain

mahlab grows.

A Manuallat, A street or quarter of a city; a parish; au inn, station, encamp-

ment, balting-place.

miḥlajat, A table معلج ۸ on which cotton is separated from the seed; -mihlaj, The axis of a pulley; -muhlaj, Ready (money).

a اله سعل دار mahall- (mahal-) dar, The

watchman of a district or quarter.

a محل ديوة maḥal-dīwa (ديو dīw), The Maldive islands.

a محل سراي maḥal-sarāy, Women's apartments; private apartment of noble or king.

muhlif, One who exacts an oath and binds one by it; a doubtful affair, about which people swear differently; muhallif, One who exacts an oath.

muḥlifān, Two stars which rise

before Canopus.

mihlaq, An instrument of shaving; a razor; — muhallaq, Scraped, shaven, shorn; a shaving-place; a place at Mina where the pilgrims shave their heads;muhalliq, One who shaves (his head) much.

A shaving-instrument,

razor.

a محل گوی mahal-güy, An

speaker.

muḥallal, A place whither anyone frequently goes; lawful; made lawful; a small matter; -muhallil, One who makes lawful, especially one who marries a thrice-divorced woman and dismisses her after consummation, so that she may lawfully return to her former husband; one who solves, resolves, renders justice; a solvent (see the following article).

muḥallilāt, Medicines which, by their subtilty, dissolve and dissipate any morbid and stagnate fluid; solvents.

Muhlim, Dreaming; a dreamer; -muhallim, One who renders meek and long-suffering, or who enjoins meekness.

maḥlūb, Milked (animal); tanned.

mahlūj, (Cotton) cleared of the seed.

maḥlūf, Sworn.

Maḥlūfā', An oath.

mahlūq, Shaved, shorn.

maḥlūl, Dissolved; discussed; loosed, absolved; permitted; vacant, empty; legitimate, lawful; a solution.

a alam mahalla, A quarter, part of the town, district, division; review, muster; the community (see A, al.).

a مناه دار mahalla-dār, A police-officer

under the kotwal.

muḥlī, An anointer of the eyes; one who makes or discovers (a thing) to be sweet; -mahalli, Belonging to the seraglio; a eunuch; -muhallá, Sweetened; polished, adorned, dressed; ornamented with jewels; elegant; written out; praised, commended; -muḥallī, One who decorates the hilt or sheath of a sword; a sweetener; one who describes a man by his external appearance.

A mihamm, An iron or brazen vessel tioned, in which water is warmed; -muhimm, A warmer (of water); what causes a fever; hot, feverish; infected with epi-

demical fever; a kinsman.

A hammat, Any object of aim or pursuit; the cause of fever; place where

fever prevails.

mahmid, mahmad, (v.n. of see) Praising; -muhmid, One who acts laudably; - muhammad, Highly praised; praiseworthy; a proper name, particularly that of the founder of Islam; -muhammid, A great praiser.

A mahmidal, mahmadat, mahmada (v.n. of معد), Praising; an illustrious or laudable action; fame, renown; praise,

eulogy.

a محمد معانى muḥammad-ma'ānī, Like

Muhammad in one's conceptions.

a مادة ساز maḥmada-sāz, One who returns thanks to, and praises God.

a محمدي muḥammadī, Muhammadan.

A muhammar, Called an ass; -muhammir, Who calls (another) an ass; who the dialect of Himyar; - muhspeaks marr, Red.

Muhammas, Parched (pea or vetch) ;-muhammis, A toaster (of pease or vetches).

mahmaz, muhmaz, A place where camels feed on the bitter plant called hamz; -muhmiz, (Land) fruitful in bitter and saltish plants.

muhmiq. One who discovers folly in another, or exhibits signs of it himself;

mother of a foolish son.

maḥmil, That by which anything is supported; a camel-litter for women; velvet, satin, cloth (especially that sent annually as a covering for the Ka'bah); a basket in which grapes are carried; [mahmil rāndan, To lead or drive a camel; mahmil kashidan, To carry a litter. construed with bastan, gushādan, nishāndan, &c.] - mihmal, A sword-belt, a baldrick; muhmil, One who loads, or helps to load; — muhammal, Carried, borne; muhammil, A bearer, a carrier (as of a letter, &c.).

a محمل کث maḥmil-kash, A litter-bearer; a camel-leader.

maḥmūd, Praised; laudable; a proper name; name of a celebrated juggler; name of an elephant mentioned in the Qur'an.

a שבאפנ אולם maḥmūd-ābād, Name of a

place near Qazwin.

mahmūdat, P. قدمودة mahmūda, Scammony.

א שבאפעם maḥmūdī, A silver coin equal to about 8½ pence English; an Afghān tribe; a fine sort of muslin.

mahmūz, Tart (wine); sharp, brisk.

ת שביקל maḥmūl, Loaded, freighted.

א שביקל maḥmūlat, maḥmūla, A sort of dusky-coloured wheat, very prolific; a cargo, burden; lading; -maḥmūla'i jaḥāz, A cargo, shipment;—māli maḥmūla, A burden, load.

maḥmām, Warmed; thrown into a fever, feverish; definite, decreed, deter-

mined.

muḥmī, A preserver, defender; a heater (of iron); -mahmiy, mahmi, Protected, guarded; heated; feverish; a lion.

mahmiyat (v.n. of محمى), Abstaining through a nice sense of honour; protecting, guarding, defending; debarring; —maḥmīyat, A protected city, i.e. a metropolis or other distinguished place.

muḥn (v.n.), Striking, lashing; trying, proving, tempting; wearing out (a garment); giving, bestowing; clearing a well from mud; stripping of bark; smoothing (leather) ;-mahan, Fatigue from being employed or travelling all day; smooth, soft; -mihan (pl. of mihnat), Afflictions; -'ālami pur miḥan, A world full of troubles.

A was muḥannā, Bent, crooked, hooked.

miḥnat, Moil, toil, drudgery; calamity, misfortune, affliction, misery, sore trial, temptation; —miḥnati dunyā, Worldly care; -mihnali shāqa, Hard labour; -mihnati shab-ā-rozī, Toil of night and day.

a mihnal-bar, Removing grief.

محنت پرست م mihnat-parast, Griefstricken, afflicted.

a منت miḥnat-zada, Distressed, wretched.

a محنت کش minnat-kash, Afflicted, moiling. a حنت کشی mihnat-kashī, Misery, suffer-

a محنت كشيدة miḥnat-kashīda, Oppressed. a مودوري mihnat-mazdūrī, Labour

and wages; daily labour, job-work. a محنتها miḥnat-hā (P. pl. of miḥnat), Toils, &c. ;—miḥnat-hā kashīdan, To suffer

misfortunes.

a منتى miḥnatī, Laborious, difficult; unfortunate; tried by afflictions.

• muhnis, One who renders wicked and perjured; an infamous wretch.

a humannit, A burier of the dead with odours (hanūt), an embalmer.

muhnaq, Filled with indignation. maḥnūk, (An infant) whose palate (hanak) has been rubbed with chewed dates or honey that it may be induced to suck.

Muhanná, Bent, curved, hooked; -muḥanni, A bender; - muḥanni, Who

dyes his beard with henna.

A • maḥw (v.n.), Erasing, cancelling, obliterating, defacing, annulling, destroying, annihilating; being effaced, obliterated; effacement of self and absorption in the Deity; effaced, obliterated, forgotten; thunderstruck; distracted with terror or grief, mad from love; fascinated, charmed; -mahwi tamāshā, Astonished at the spectacle; -mahwi dīdār, Struck at the sight of :-mahw shudan (gardīdan, gashtan), To be effaced ; - mahw kardan, To efface, erase, obliterate.

mahwat, Erasure, obliteration, effacement (especially by rain); a shower, the west wind; disgrace, shame; an hour.

mihwar, The axis (of a pulley); an axle-tree; a branding-iron; a rolling-pin; [mihwari zamin, Axis of the earth;] muhauwar. (Bread) made round.

A by mahwarat, mahwurat, An answer;

-mihwarat, A baker's rolling-pin.

a and mahw shuda, Effaced, obliterated.

muḥauwaz, A small ditch for watering palm-trees; built (reservoir);muhauwiz, Maker of a reservoir (hauz).

مورده م muḥūzat (v.n. of صوره), Being

pure, unmixed, sound in nobility.

muhauwat, Surrounded by a wall (hā'it); - muhauwit, Who goes round or revolves; who encloses with a fence; a guardian.

a محوطة muhauwata, An enclosure; a farm (m.c.); -muhauwata'i gird, A circular

enclosure (m.c.).

maḥūl, An informer, sycophant; dry, barren, afflicted with dearth; -muhwil, A child one year (haul) old; -muhauwal, Changed; conferred; name of the eastern part of Bagdad; (for muhwil) one year old (child); - muhauwil, A turner, changer, converter.

a سري mahwi, Collected, comprehended. ā مودت maḥwīyat, State of being effaced, effacement, obliteration.

A www mahy (v.n.), Erasing.

mahya, Life; the time when, or the place where, one lives; - muḥaiyā, The countenance, face, cheek; created, saluted (king).

a mahyat, A place infested by

serpents.

mahid (v.n. of حيد Turning), Turning away from; bend, curvature; asylum, place

muḥaiyir, One who amazes, astonishes.

maḥīṣ (v.n. of ميص), Turning away, swerving; flying, escaping, retreating; shining, glittering, polished; strong (camel); an asylum, place of refuge.

mahīz (v.n. of ميض), Having the courses (a woman); the menses; vulva.

Mahīzat, A menstruous cloth.

muhīt, Who or what contains, surrounds, encircles, or embraces; the ocean; one who comprehends or knows; well acquainted with; perishing; -muḥīti dā'ira, Circumference of a circle, periphery; muhīţ-un 'ilm-an (muhīţi 'ilm), A sea of learning, one who knows well; - bahri (daryā'i) muḥīt, The circumambient ocean.

a a muhīļa (fem. of the preceding), Surrounding land or country; environs; land; land within the supply of a well.

a معيملي muḥītɨ, Of or pertaining to the circumference; at the circumference.

A سيمار muḥaiʻil, One who cries ḥaiy ʻalā 'ş-ṣalāt, Come to prayer.

maḥiq, Slender, sharp-pointed محيق

(spear).

muḥīl, A cheat, deceiver, knave, prevaricator; one year old; one who appoints another to receive a debt.

a سيلي muḥīlī, Fraud, deceit, knavery. A way, A reviver, giver of life; [muḥyī 'd-dīn, The reviver of religion;]muhaiyī, A reviver; hence one of the names of God; one who salutes or creates a king by pronouncing haiyak allah, May God give you life!

makh, Fire; a wasp; adhesive, sticking; do not adhere; annihilated; reduced to nothing; vanished; -makh, mukh, A bridle or its bit, with which young or wild horses are broken in ;-mukh, A date-

tree; a wasp, a bee; a weevil.

A makhkh, Soft, smooth; softness, flabbiness, flaccidness;—mukhkh, Tho brain. marrow; pulp; kernel; the purest or best part of anything; -mukhkhu 'l-baiz, Yolk

منا سنا منا mukhā, Moka, A sea-port of Arabia. A بخابر ma<u>kh</u>ābiz (pl. of makhbazat), Bakehouses.

A him makhābit (pl. of mikhbat), Sticks with which leaves are knocked off a tree.

ma<u>kh</u>ābī (pl. of ma<u>kh</u>biyat), Places where things are laid up or concealed.

a سخات mukhāt, Turkomān musk (a herb).

مخاتل معاتل mukhātil, A deceiver, cheat, cozener.

منا المنابع mu<u>kh</u>ātalat (v.n. 3 of منابع), Cheating, cozening, or endeavouring to do

A مناهم mukhātamat (v.n. 3 of مناهم), Finishing, concluding.

مناسف mukhātanat (v.n. 3 of مناسف), Connecting oneself by marriage.

makhātīm, Measures for dry goods (usually marked with a seal).

A the mikhākh (pl. of mukhkh), Marrows.

nukhākhat, Marrow, juice in bones.

A wie makhādd (pl. of mikhaddat), Bolsters, pillows.

mukhādish, A scratcher, a cat.

A مخادها سيلاية mukhādashat (v.n. 3 of عدش), Excoriating; scratching each other.

A εων mu<u>kh</u>āda', Deceived; — mu<u>kh</u>ādi', A deceiver.

A خادعه mukhāda'at (v.n. 3 of مخادعه),
Deceiving, circumventing; endeavouring to
deceive; abandoning, forsaking.

A مخاصم makhādim, Ministers, servants, domestics, slaves; eunuchs; families.

A قاملت mukhādanat (v.n. 3 of مندان), Acting towards as a friend (khidn).

مناديم م makhādīm (pl. of makhdūm), Lords, masters, persons served or waited on.

مخاديل مخاليل ma<u>kh</u>āzīl (pl. of ma<u>khz</u>ūl), Mean men; rabble; destitute, poor, indigent.

makhārij (pl. of makhraj), Times or places of going out; egresses, issues; expenses, outgoings, disbursements; the parts from which letters are uttered.

(v.n. 3 of منابخ), Gambling with the fingers, playing at the game called in Italy la morre; agreeing with a servant to pay his wages monthly; rebelling; — mukhārija, A projecting balcony.

مخارهة مسلاله mukhārashat (v.n. 3 of مخارهة),

Scratching one another.

A مرف سيد mukhārafat (v.n. 3 of عرف),
Spending the autumn with; bargaining with anyone for the autumn-harvest (kharif).

makhāriq (pl. of makhraq), Taps

(m.c.).

مخاري م ma<u>kh</u>āzin (pl. of ma<u>kh</u>zan), Storehouses, magazines.

A with makhāzī, Ignominies, disgraces.

A مخاهات mukhāshāt, in P. مخاهات (v.n. 8 of خشي), Being afraid of each other; rivalling anyone in fearing; dismissing unmolested.

A diala mukhāshanat (v.n. 3 of was),

Behaving roughly or severely to.

mukhāṣim, Adverse, contentious;

an antagonist, opponent.

A $mu\underline{kha}$ as $mu\underline{kh}$ as

nakhāz, Camels amongst which the stallion has been turned loose until he has served them all; entering into the water; embarking in any business with circumspection;—makhāz, mikhāz (v.n. of), Labouring in birth, pains of labour; (pl. of makhāzat), Fords.

makhāzat, A ford, shallow place

where people cross.

A منافعة mukhōza'at (v.n. 3 of منافعة), Speaking gently, politely, amorously (to ladies).

A منافعة mukhāzanat (v.n. 3 of منافعة), Soothing, coaxing with gentle, amorous

words.

A his mukhāk, Snot;—mukhaku'sh-shaitān, Gossamer.

another; the second person; titled, named, styled;—mukhāṭib, A speaker, one who converses with or addresses another; the second person.

مخاطبة mukhāṭabat (v.n. 3 of حاطبة),
Speaking; speech, address, conversation.

a a mukhātabiyat, A being addressed.

mukhāṭibīn (obl. du. used as

nom.), Conversers, speakers.

مخاطرة mukhātarat, mukhātara (v.n. 3 of خار), Hazarding a battle; laying bets, gaming, putting anything at risk, throwing oneself in the way of danger, exposing to danger; danger, peril, risk, hazard.

a مخاصم makhātim (pl. of makhtim),

Noses.

a wis mukhāta, Sebestens.

A خالات $makh\bar{a}f\bar{a}t$ (pl. of the following), Fears, terrors; dangers.

A فالغه makhāfat (v.n. of علا for عوب),

Dreading.

speaking softly, whispering to another; telling a secret, reading low or mutteringly; a low, whispering tone.

mukhāfazat, The act of depress-

ing.

mu'immi) mukhāl, One who has celebrated uncles (paternal and) maternal.

مخالات mukhāllāt (pl. of mukhāllat),
Demonstrations of friendship.

مناك makhālib (pl. of mīkhlab), Talons, claws of rapacious birds or beasts.

A مَنالبَه mukhālabat (v.n. 3 of مخالبة),

Deceiving, cajoling.

A مخلف makhālat (v.n. of خبل), Imagining, thinking; presuming, being proud; having a vain persuasion or false opinion; —mukhāllat (v.n. 3 of على), Cultivating friendship, showing an affection, doing a favour.

مناسة mukhālasat (v.n. 3 of عناسة),
Snatching away, taking from another.

منالمة mukhālaşat (v.n. 3 of منالمة),

Acting candidly; sincerity, candour, affec-

A blie mukhālit, A partner; a mixer.

مخالطة mukhālatat (v.n. 3 of خلط), Conversing, mixing together in society; being perplexed, confused, insane; commerce, intercourse, conversation; mixture.

مخالعة mukhāla'at (v.n. 3 of علع), Desiring her husband to divorce her (a wife).

a Mukhālif, Contrary, opposite, repugnant, adverse, dissentient, contradicting; an enemy; name of a musical modulation; also of a wrestling-trick;mukhālifi māl, Generous, munificent.

A ablico mukhalafat (v.n. 3 of cole), Op. posing, resisting, thwarting; repugnance, contradiction, opposition, transgression; discord; --mukhālifat kardan, To oppose, contradict, dissent from, resist, disobey;

rebel against.

a ناهانه mukhālifān (P. pl. of mukhālif), Opposers;—mukhālifāni amri ilāhī, Opposers of the divine command.

a منحالف مكن mukhālif-shikan, Who

shatters his adversaries.

a مال منالف مال سيلاله mukhālif-māl, One who

crushes his opponents.

mukhālaqat (v.n. 3 of على), Showing kindness or good will, being humane.

makhālīq (pl. of makhlūqat), مخاليق ▲ Created things.

a makhām, Place where tents are

pitched (= q.v.).

A Byolin mukhamarat (v.n. 3 of , the), Absconding, hiding oneself; harbouring a secret grudge; mixing with, interfering in.

مخالف makhanat (v.n. of خون), Deceiving,

acting treacherously.

مخانق makhāniq (pl. of mikhnaq), Chains for the neck, collars, necklaces.

a منهانيث makhānīṣ, Rabble, low people. makhāwiz (pl. of makhāzat),

Fords, shallows.

مخوض mukhawazat (v.n. 3 of مخوض), Making (a horse) ford a stream.

makhāwif (pl. of makhāfat), Dangerous or dreadful places; scarecrows.

مخاولة م mukhāwafat (v.n. 3 of خوك), Overcoming by intimidation.

mukhayarat (v.n. 3 of خايرة ه mukhayarat (v.n. 3 of

superior (to another).

makhā'il (pl. of makhīlat), Marks, indexes, signs; places of fancy or imaginatiou.

a ---- mukhibb. One who makes a horse

amble.

makhba', A place where anything is hid.

مخبا⁸ mukhba'al, mukhabba'at, (A woman) kept strictly concealed.

A www. mukhabbib. A deceiver, seducer. mukhbis, A corrupter; wicked,

corrupt; obscene, foul-mouthed.

A diese makhbasat, Corruption, villainy; a cause of impurity or maliciousness.

A year makhbar, The knowledge of anything by evidence or declaration; the interior (opp. to منظر q.v.); a place of trial or probation; [mukhbir, An announcer, intelligencer, teller of news, informer; [mukhbiru'd-daulat, Minister of Telegraphs (m.c.).; mukhbiri sadiq, A bringer of sure news; a reliable reporter; - mukhabbir, A giver of information.

A Bris makhbarat, A water-closet.

a مخبرى mukhbirī, Secret information.

A ... makhbaz, by. makhbazat, A bakebouse.

A with which a tree is stripped of its leaves; -mukhbat, mukhabbat, Disordered in the intellect, disturbed; -mukhabbit, What vexes, disturbs, disorders; -mukhabbitu 'l-'agl, Disturbing the intellect, distracting.

مخبل Mukhabbal, Epileptic, mad, insane, possessed by a demon; -mukhabbil,

A corrupter; time, fortune.

مخبو Makhbū, Hidden, concealed; afflicted, distressed, grieved.

مخبوز Makhbūz, Baked (bread).

A basis makhbūt, (A leaf) shaken from a tree; demented;—makhbūtu'l-ḥawās, In-

makhbūl, Disturbed in mind; epileptic.

makhbūn, Doubled and sewed up (a garment); concealed under the armpit; hoarded, laid up (provisions); a metrical scheme whose second quiescent letter is dropped, whereby a long syllable becomes short.

nukhbī, mukhabbī, One who pitches a tent (khibā').

A & mukhkhat, Marrow.

mukht, Hope.

mukhtar, Chosen, selected; most مختار ه excellent, supreme, highest; a free agent; invested with power or authority, a ruler, master; a resident minister; — mukhtāri hagg, The chosen of God, Muhammad; mukhtār-īd, You are at liberty, you may do as you like, please yourself (m.c.); -mukhtūri riyūsat, General manager of an estate, &c.; a bailiff; mukhtāri 'āmm, A general agent; -mukhtāri kull (mutlaq), One invested with full power, a plenipotentiary; -mukhtāri maqbūla, An approved or recognized agent ;-anta bi'l-mukhtar, The choice rests with you.

mukhlar-an. As an agent or attorney; by or through an agent; by

attorney.

a مختار کار mukhtār-kār, Having authority ia business; a director, manager, commissioner; an attorney.

a منحار كارى mukhtār-kārī, Procuration;

attorneyship.

a منتار نامه mukhtār-nāma, Written power, a power of attorney; name of a work of Faridu 'd-din 'Attas.

a مختارى mukhtārī, Independence, authority.

mu<u>kh</u>tāl, Self-important, haughty, vain, proud, looking round in self-admira-

a كانت mukhtāla, A deceiver, impostor.

منان mukhtān, Deceived.

A mukhtaba', Place of concealment.

A mukhtabar, Proved; mukhtabir, Expert.

مختبر mukhtabaz, A bakehouse ;—mukhtabiz, One who feeds with bread (khubz); a baker.

A bear mukhtabit. One who asks with importunity a favour for nothing; one who shakes the leaves off a tree.

mukhtabil, Who or what impairs سننبل

or deprayes the mind.

مختبى mukhtabi', Hid, concealed, lurking.

mukhtatim, A finisher, concluder. مختتن mukhtatin, Self-circumcised.

Mukhtada', Deceived, circumvented ;-mukhtadi', A deceiver; an evilwisher.

mukhtadim, One who serves himself.

A & mukhtarij, An extractor, drawer fortb.

mukhtarajat, A she-camel equal to a full-grown male in size and strength.

א שייקלי mukhtarish, A scratcher.

A E mukhtara', Invented; coined (word); -mukhtari', One who does anything first, a commencer; an inventor, author, founder; a defrauder, cheat.

منعترعات 🛦 Inventions, mu<u>kh</u>tara'āt, novelties.

mukhtaraq. The time or place of passing; a ship's course; a place whence or whither the wind blows; a desert, wilderness; -mukhtariq, One who passes by; hard-blowing (wind); forger of a lie.

א שביקט mukhtazan, Stored, hoarded, preserved; -mukhtazin, One who keeps a

secret; a hoarder of wealth.

mukhtashi', Humble, humbled.

mukhtass, Appropriated, proper, peculiar, special, private; chosen, selected, elected.

a مختمان mnkhtaṣṣān (Pers. pl. of mukhtass), Intimates, familiars, chosen friends.

Abbreviated, abridged, contracted; mean, trivial, small; a trifle; a compendium, epitome, digest; title of a book on Muhammadan law; [mukhtaṣar kardan, To abridge ;-mukhtaşari kalam, In short (m.c.); — mukhtasir, An abridger. epitomist.

mukhlaşar-ān, Briefly.

א טיביקלט mukhtaṣarān (Pers. pl. of th preceding), Mean, low-spirited persons.

mukhtasim, Engaged in alterca-

tion; a disputant, wrangler.

mukhtaşi, A gelder; one who castrates himself, a self-castrator.

A with mukhtazib, Dyed, tinged.

mukhtazi', Humble, depressed, submissive.

A bis mukhtatt, bis mukhtatit, One who draws a line or marks out; downycheeked.

mukhtatib, One who asks (a woman) in marriage; one who invites (another man) to marry, and offers him one of his family.

mukhtatif, A snatcher, seizer, مختطف carrier off; departing, qutting (fever).

mukhtatī, A stepper, advancer.

a مَعْتَعُهُ (؟), A necklace (doubtful word). mukhtafi, Hidden, concealed; absconding, lurking; imperceptible; a

secret murderer. * mukhtall, Emaciated, attenuated بختل Mukhtall, Emaciated

corrupted; disturbed, confounded, confused, depraved; ruined (business by negligence); indigent; in need; tart, acid;mukhtill, P. mukhtil, = d.v.

mukhtalib, A deceiver.

mukhtalas, Snatched, carried مختلس off; - mukhtalis, A seizer, drawer to himself, stealer.

Mukhtalit, Perplexed, confused (business); obscure, unknowu (genealogy).

mukhtali', A spoiler, robber.

**mukhtali'at, (A woman) who asks her husband to grant her a divorce with her marriage-settlements; a libidinous woman.

مختلف mukhtalaf, Conflicting (opinion); disagreement, contrariety of sentiment; -tarbī'i mukhtalaf, An irregular quadrangular figure, a trapezium ;- mukhtalif, fem. mukhtalifat, mukhtalifa, Diverse, different, discordant, various; intricate; become the successor or representative (khalīfa) :- mukhtalīfatu 'l-azlā', A scalene triangle; -mukhtalif fi-hi, In which there is disagreement, opinions differ thereon; ba-aṣnāfi mukhtalifa, In different manners, multifarious; -tawā'ifi mukhtalifa, Various sorts of people.

____ mukhtalaq, A lie, fiction سختلق م mukhtaliq. A deviser, forger (of a lie).

mukhattam, Carefully sealed; (the leg of a quadruped) marked with the least white.

mukhtamir, Fermented; fermenting (wine); leavening (dough).

mukhtanaq, Narrow (place) ;-mukhtaniq, Strangled, throttled.

makhtum, A bear (in the dialect of Transoxania).

A cyris makhtum, Sealed; finished, con-

cluded; a dry measure called $s\bar{a}^*$;— $t\bar{i}ni$ $ma\underline{k}\underline{h}t\bar{u}m$, Sealing-wax or clay;— $ma\underline{k}\underline{h}$ - $t\bar{u}mu$ 'l-abs \bar{u} r, Whose eyes are sealed, blind.

Δ نختون makhtūn, Circumcised.

mukhjil, One who makes ashamed, or puts to the blush;—mukhajjal, Put to shame, ashamed; confounded; bashful.

مخدة mikhaddat, A bolster; pillow; a coulter.

האבע mukhdar, mukhaddar, Concealed behind a curtain; veiled, concealed;—
mukhdir, mukhaddir, Who or what stupefies and benumbs the limbs; narcotic; who keeps concealed.

مخدرات مسلام mukhaddarāt, see the following article;—makhaddirāt, Narcotics, anodynes.

mukhaddarat, mukhaddara, öirmukhaddara, mukhadarat, mukhadara, A matron, a virtuous lady (true to the marriage-bed, and always veiled when going abroad); a young virgin kept retired, behind the curtain;—mukhaddarāti (pl.) parda'i 'iṣmat, Concealed behind the veil of chastity, i.e. modest women.

A Esimukhadda', Often circumvented in war, and thereby gaining experience;—mukhaddi', A remarkable deceiver.

mikhdam, A sharp sword;—mukhdim, One who orders to serve; one who gives a servant (khádim); one who begs or hires a servant;—mukhaddam, Possessed of many domestics or followers; the tying-place of a lady's drawers at the ankle;—also is mukhaddamat, mukhaddamat, The place where the fetter khadamat is bound.

makhdūr, Retired, kept behind the curtain; (a lion) concealed in a brake.

makhdūm, Served, waited on (by slaves or familiar spirits); a lord, master; the son of the house, the young gentleman, the heir; a Muhammadan priest; an abbot; —makhdūmi kā'ināt, Lord of all beings, Omnipotence.

a مخدوم کره makhdum-kurra (in analogy with مراعد), A booby, a dunce.

a مندومة makhdūma, A mistress.

a مندوسية makhdūmīyat, The condition of being served or waited upon; lordship.

which the bow-case is united to the quiver.

A discontinuous mikhzafat, A stick slit at the end for throwing stones, a sling; podex.

مخدل مندل مندل mu<u>kh</u>azzil, A despiser; an aban-

doner.

mikhzam, A sharp sword;—mukhazzam, Sharp, keen (sword);—mukhazzim, One who cuts in pieces.

A مخدول makhzūl, Ābandoned, forsaken; disappointed, frustrated; contemptible, vile.

IIO.

makhr (v.n.), Passing through sea, ploughing it with a dashing

noise (a ship); cutting the waves (a swimmer); bringing water into grounds (for cultivation); — banāti makhr, White clouds before summer.

mikhrāt, A camel whose milk habitually comes away in a clotted state.

makhrān, Name of a Christian monastery or church, so called after the architect.

مخرب mukhrib, Who or what desolates or lays waste; a destroyer, desolater;—
mukharrab, Corrupted (word);—mukharrib,
Who destroys all around, far and wide;—
mukharribi ma'mūr, A ravager of cultivated countries.

A z> makhraj (v.n.), Going out in a hostile manner, sallying forth against; time and place of going forth; an organ of excretion; a necessary, privy; utterance, pronunciation, or rather the part from which a letter is uttered; [makhraji pas, The hinder vent, anus;]—mukhraj, Led out, ejected, exported, carried forth;—mukhrij, Expelling; an expeller; a leader forth; one who pays tribute;—mukharraj, Instructed in learning and politeness;—mukharrij, A tutor, instructor of youth.

A ji mikhraz, A shoemaker's awl.

مخرط منا mikhrat, A lathe; — mukharrit, Aperient, cathartic (medicine).

A with mukhartim, One who strikes on the khartūm (proboscis, trunk, nose, or snout).

A خوب makhraf (v.n. of خوب), Gathering fruit in autumn; the date-picking; a fruit garden; an avenue between rows of palm-trees;—mikhraf, A small basket into which the choicest dates are picked;—mukhrif, One who begins the harvest gathering; (a she-camel) bringing forth a colt in autumn.

م منظرة makhrafat, A fruit-garden, orchard; an avenue.

without water; a stone beside a cistern, whereon people stand in drawing water; a tap (m.c.); — mukharraq, Rent, torn; — mukharriq, A render, tearer; a great liar.

مخرقهٔ م makhraqat (v.n. of خرق), Telling a lie;—mikhraqat, mikhraqa, An instrument for splitting or cleaving.

makhrimiyat, Metempsychosis, transmigration of souls; a certain licentious sect.

م خرنقة mukharniqat, A country swarming with leverets (see عرنق p. 457).

makhrūb, Ruined, destroyed, desolated.

makhrūz, Sewn, stitched.

planed, turned in a lathe; conical; one who has a long face or beard;—makhrūţi qā'im, A right cone;—makhrūţi mā'il, An.

oblique cone ;—makhrūti mujassam, A solid cone; -- makhrūti muzalla', A pyramid.

A algorithmakhrūta, Makhrūta, A cone.

a مخروطی makhrūṭī, Conical, tapering. a مخروطی هکل makhrūṭī-shakl, Of a conic shape, conical.

makhrūf, Plucked, pulled, gathered (dates); watered by the autumnal

A יבונט makhrūq, Disappointed, debarred from the comforts of life.

A הבתים makhrūm, (Verse) in the beginning of which a short syllable has been suppressed by the license kharm (see A. p. 456).

mikhzaq, A kind of wooden stick مخزق ۸ with a sharp iron head, which runs through several (dates) at once, kept by a dateseller, the purchaser being entitled to as many dates as he can spit with the said implement.

a منحوتة mi<u>kh</u>zaqat, mi<u>kh</u>zaqa, An instrument for piercing.

אבנט א mukhzan, A storehouse, storeroom, magazine, treasury, granary, cellar; -makhzanu'l-asrar, A repository or keeper of secrets.

 Makhzūm, Pierced in the nose; name of the founder of a tribe.

makhzūn, Stored up, hoarded.

mukhzī, Who or what covers with shame or ignominy.

mukhistān, A grove of palm-trees.

mukhsir, A loser; detrimental; -mukhassir, One who causes loss; injurious, detrimental; a seducer.

mukhsinus, Name of a Greek sage.

makhsūr, Injured, damaged, suffering loss.

makhsüf, (A spring or well) مخسوف dug in a rock and perennial.

مخشاه ه makhshāt (v.n. of مخشاه), Fearing ; fear.

mukhshi', A humbler, depressor.

A washshin, Irritating; exasperator.

A منشف makhshanat (v.n. of منشف , Being rough.

makhshūsh, A camel in whose مخشوش nose the wooden ring khishāsh has been inserted.

mukhashshī, Fear-inspiring, ter-

مخشية makhshiyat (v.n. of مخشية , Fearing.

a سخماب mikhsāb, Fertile, fruitful (land). a مخمال mikhṣāl, A reaping

A → → mukhsib, (A country or people)

fruitful, rich in produce; plenteous (year). mukhaṣrim, Avaricious, im-

patient.

▲ سنمص mukhassis, One who appropriates or makes his own.

 Mikhṣaf, A cobbler's awl;
 → mukhassif, A strong and good sewer.

makhsūf, (A shoe) made of several layers or soles of leather.

makhsur, Injured, damaged.

makhsūs, Peculiar, special, particular, proper, specific, belonging to; private, domestic, intimate; addicted, dedicated; peculiarly ascribed or attributed to; distinguished; —makhsūsi dam būdan, To have only the last breath remaining in the body; - makhsus sakhtan, To distinguish; — maqāmi ma<u>kh</u>sūs, The privities.

A makhsūs-an, Specially, particu-

makhṣūṣīyat, Property, peculiarity, speciality; friendship.

منعيل makhsá, The place of castration.

a مخصى makhsī, Gelded; a eunuch.

mikhzab, A vessel in which colouring matter is kept, a dyeing vat;mukhazzab, Tinged, dyed, imbued; -mukhazzib, One who colours or dyes well.

A منفد mikhzad, A v racious eater.

A منفر mukhazzar, Verdant, made green ; blest; - mukhazzir, One who makes green; --mukhzarr, Green, verdant.

. makhzarat, A verdant spot مخفرة

mukhazram, Spurious, born of a concubine, one who knows not his father; a man who has lived half his life a Pagan and half a Muhammadan (such was the poet Labid); (meat) difficult to be discovered, whether of a male or female animal; -mukhazramu 'n-nasab, Spurious, an illegitimate son, a bastard.

mukhzi', Oue who humbles, abuses, makes submissive; (old age) making one to stoop; one who accosts (a woman) in gentle, soft terms.

nakhzam, Auything eaten with the front feeth.

مخاوب makhzūb, Tinged, stained, dyed. makhzūd, (A tree) cleared of its thorns.

makhzū', Depressed, humbled; a vassal.

A be makht (v.n.), Being shot off, piercing through (as an arrow); drawing (a sword or bow); blowing the nose; a short garment; the caul of a child; -mikhatt, A style, or any instrument of iron or wood for writing or drawing lines; a ruler.

A bloom mikhtat, Any rule for making straight lines; a tablet whereon a thing is drawn or written.

A -bi- mukhtib, Who calls (anybody) to witness or sanction a marriage.

A promukhtir, One who puts anything into another's head; one who rushes into danger; one who risks his property in gambling.

with stripes, striped; a young man whose beard begins to sprout; handsome, comely; — mukhattit, One who draws lines; one who waves cloths with stripes.

makhtūb, Affianced, betrothed,

promised.

makhtūbat, makhtūba, Affianced (lady).

makhtūr, Imagined, conceived; dreadful, dangerous.

makhtūt, Striped, channelled, grooved.

makhtūm, Haltered (camel). مخطوم ▲

mukhti', One who sins through mistake, without design; one who blunders, or acts improperly; one who sins intentionally;—mukhti, One who causes to step or go.

mukhiff, Light, easy, nimble; one who removes or alleviates another's burden.

mukhfir, Who sends with, or gives one a guide (khufarat); a promise-breaker; —mukhafir, A patron, protector; a guide.

makhfaz, The place of circum-

cision in a female,

mukhaffafa, fem. mukhaffafat, mukhaffafa, Alleviated, made light; lightly equipped; contemptible; (a consonant) having a short for a long vowel, or a tashdid removed; a contracted form, a contraction;—mukhaffif, Who alleviates, makes light; who marks (a consonant) with a short vowel for a long one, or drops the tashdid.

makhfūz, Depressed, submissive; (in grammar) marked with khafz, i.e. a

short i as sign of the oblique case.

makhfūzat, Circumcised (girl).

makh fuf, Alleviated; (a consonant) marked with a short for a long vowel.

makhfūq, Affected with a palpitation of heart (khafaqān); mad.

a مخطي makh fī, Hid, concealed, covered,

occult, clandestine, private.

mukhill, in P. also mukhil, A disturber, interrupter, corrupter, spoiler; an intruder;—mukhilli sulh, A disturber or breaker of the peace.

mukhallā, A dish made of brinjals and baked meat, which, together with a few slices of lemon, is eaten with thin

cakes.

at liberty, repudiated, set free;—mukhallā bi't-tab', Unceremonious, easy, free.

mikhlāt, A provender-bag hung round (a horse's) mouth, a nose-bag.

mikhlat. A busy-body, meddler.

mikhlāf, One who never keeps his promise; a township or district.

mikhlab, A nail, claw, hooked talon of a rapacious bird or beast; a reaping-sickle;—mukhlib, Leafy (vine); troubled

with stiff, black mud; — mukhallab, Deceived; — mukhallib, A deceiver.

makhlaj, Name of a herb which intoxicates any quadruped that eats of it.

mukhalkhal, That pert of the leg on which the ornament khalkhāl is

worn; the ankle.

mukhlid, Stationary, settled; strongly attached; inclined to; rendering perennial;—mukhallad, (A man) favoured with a green old age, and still capable of serving; eternal, durable, permanent; adorned with earrings or bracelets;—mukhallid, One who gives in perpetuity; fixed, settled.

makhlas, An asylum; a place of escape; the surname of a poet introduced into the last couplet; this couplet itself; (adv.) finally, to sum up, in short; — mukhlas, Pure, unsullied; — mukhlis, Sincere, candid, pure, loyal; [muhibbi mukhlis, A sincere friend (often used as signature of letters);]—mukhallis, A liberator, deliverer, saviour.

a mukhlasān, mukhlisān, P. pl. of

mu<u>kh</u>laş, mu<u>kh</u>liş.

a مخلمانه mukhlisāna, Sincere, friendly, candid; sincerely, like a sincere friend.

مخلمة mukhlişat, mukhlişa, The seed or grain of a certain herb called turūz otī.

a مخاص makhlaṣī, Safety, security; deliverance, release, escape; liberation, liberty.

officious person;—mukhallat, Well mixed;—mukhallat, A mixer; a confounder, disturber, perplexer.

mukhalla', Presented with or dressed in a robe of honour (khil'at).

a wikhlaf, A young pigeon; a handsome lad.

when dead); — mukhallif, One who leaves behind; one who appoints a vicegerent or successor (khalīfat).

nukhallafat (pl. fem. of mukhallaf), Heritages, effects bequeathed or left.

mukhlaq, mukhliq, Thread-bare (garment);—mukhliq, One who wears out (a garment); who puts a worn garment on another person.

makhlūt, Mixed, confused, blended.

makhlū', Deposed, cashiered.

makhlūq, Oreated, formed, produced, brought forth; smoothed, polished (arrows, &c.); worn (garment); (verses of one man) falsely attributed to another.

مخاوتات makhlüqāt (pl. of makhlüqat), Creatures; created beings.

makhlūqat, makhlūqa, A creature, a created thing.

a خاوتية makhlūqīyat, Condition of a

created being (reverse of khāliqīyat, Creativeness).

mikhlá, A reaping-book, a sickle سخاط for cutting fodder; -mukhallá, Dismissed, liberated, set free, left at liberty, let alone.

A with mid, Who or what quenches a fire or allays the paroxysm of a fever.

A mukhmar, mukhammar, Leavened, fermented; [mukhammar sākhtan, To plan, to brew, to concoct;]—mukhmir, mukhammir, One who leavens; a baker.

A www.mukhammas, Quintupled; pentangular; a pentagon; a verse consisting of five lines; — mukhammis, Who draws or makes a pentagon.

mukhammasāt (pl. fem. of the

preceding), Pentagons, &c.

A mukhammasat, A matter regarding the law of inheritance in the case of a mother, sister, and grandfather, about which five persons ('Ali, Othman, Ibn Mas'ud, Zaid, and Ibn 'Abbas' disagreed.

A hasa makhmasat, makhmasa (v.n. of عمم), Being hungry; emaciating (hunger); hunger, wretchedness; difficulty, dilemma.

makhmal, mikhmal, Velvet; [makhmali dū-khwāba, Velvet with two faces :makhmali gorg (qurg), A kind of velvet;makh mali mushki, Black velvet; -mukh mal, Plushy, pily (garment).

a مخملی makhmalī, Of velvet; like vel-

vet, velvety.

a خمل باك makhmal-baf, A maker of

▲ ••• mukhammin, A speaker by conjecture.

makhmūr, Drunk, quite intoxicated; crapulous, crop-sick; leavened.

makhmus, (A garment) of five cubits; a spear (so long); five-thread

makhmidan, To clean cotton.

▲ www. makhn (v.n.), Drawing water from a well; weeping; marriage, copulation; a tall man; also a short, active man.

mukhannas, Bent; weak, impotent, without power of propagation; a hermaphrodite; effeminate, abject, infamous; an old catamit; -mukhannis, One who bends.

a مختلى mukhannişī, Sodomy.

mukhandig, One who cuts a مخندق

ditch (khandaq) as a means of defence.

**makhanda, Reptiles, serpents, insects; creeping things, little beasts;mukhinda, An undutiful, disobedient son; joined, glued.

A www.mukhni', A humbler, depressor; mukhanna', Tamed, broke in, quiet;mukhanni', One who cuts with a hatchet.

makhnaq, That part of the neck where one is strangled; - mikhnaq, A collar, ornament, or chain for the neck;mukhannaq, Strangled; the part of the neck where strangulation takes place;mukhanniq, A strangler, hangman.

A Mikhnagat, Collar, ornament, neck-chain.

سخنوق م makhnūq, Hanged, strangled, suffocated.

 $\mathbf{n}u\underline{k}h\bar{u}r$, v.n. of, and = بخور q.v.

mikhwaz, A pole used in stirring مخوض ه wine; — mukhauwiz, One who fords (a river).

makhūf, Dangerous, formidable, dreadful, horrible, frightful, tremendous; -mukhauwaf, Frightened, terrified, deterred; --mukhauwif, One who terrifies; terrific, dreadful, dangerous.

Δ ψψ makhūfāt (pl. of makhūfat),

Dangers.

makhūfat (fem. of makhūf), Formidable, dreadful; dangerous, infested

(road); danger.

makhul, Marked with many مخول moles on the body; -mukhwil, mukhwal, One who has celebrated maternal uncles $(\underline{kh}\underline{a}l).$

A with auwin, An accuser of per-

fidy.

A www mukhaiyib, One who endeavours to balk another in his expectations; frustrative.

makhīkh, (A bone) full of marrow.

makhīd, Anything which creeps or moves on the belly, or jumps about; a flea; a bug; an undutiful son.

makhīdan, To tremble, be moved or agitated, slip, slide, shake; to creep on the belly; to adhere, stick close to; to jump; to extend, reach, touch; to pull or pluck; to stand on end (as the hair or plumage from terror or rage); to be undutiful, disobedient.

makhīda, A creeping thing, reptile; (a son) undutiful, disobedient to his

parents.

mukhaiyar, Left to free choice; indifferent; [mukhaiyar bāzār, A bargain made on the condition that the purchaser may, if he choose, return the goods within a certain time; -mukhaiyir, One who gives an option or choice; bountiful, charitable, liberal.

makhez, A spur.

مخیص ma<u>kh</u>īz, Churned (milk);—mukhīz, One who leads or drives (a horse) into water.

A have makhit, A place where a serpent creeps; sewed (garment); -mikhyat, A needle.

a سخيط ma<u>kh</u>īṭā, Sebestens.

makhāf, (A wall) threatening to fall; — mukhif, Fear-inspiring, terrible, formidable, dreadful; -mukhaiyif, Terrible; one who renders formidable.

Makhil, One who has many

moles (on the face) ;-mukhīl, Proud, vain, arrogant; mukhaiyal, Fancied, imagined; mukhaiyil, One who imagines, fancies, doubts, is deceived, conjectures from physiognomy, conceives a good omen.

مغيلاً makhīlat, makhīla (v.n. of مغيلاً), Imagining, thinking; imagination, opinion; pride; anything from which a conjecture is formed;—mukhīlat, mukhīla, A natural aptitude; clouds portending rain.

A dis mukhaiyalat, mukhaiyala, Fancy. imagination.

mukhām, One who pitches a tent;—mukhaiyam, Tented; an encampment; camp; — mukhaiyim, One pitches a tent, or who enters a tent.

سد mad, Wire; the sixth day of a month;

a bridge.

a مد madd (v.n.), Extending, stretching, lengthening; delaying; granting a delay; being advanced (day); swelling, rising (river); the flow of the tide; abundance of water, a flood; the mark (") over the alif; a peculiar mode of writing certain words in accounts; putting ink (midad) into an inkstand; giving (camels) water sprinkled with flour (madid); [maddi amanat, Head of deposits;—maddi bulbul, The song of the nightingale (on account of its prolonged notes); -maddi surma, A line drawn with collyrium; -maddi muqābil, Per contra;maddi na-dādani siyāhī, The non-flowing of the ink; -maddi nazar (nigāh), The extent of sight, limit of vision, horizon; object of sight, of regard, of affection; kind looks; encouragement; prospect; (adv.) in view, in sight, in prospect; -madd u jazr, Flux and reflux, tides;—harfu 'l-madd, A letter of prolongation;—qadra maddi 'nnazar, As far as the eye can reach;]—mudd, A certain dry-measure of about two ritl. or one ritl and a third; as much as both extended hands of a full-grown man can

אוא mudābar, Nobly descended, whether on the father or the mother's side; mudābir, Hostile, inimical; unlucky (throw at dice), unfortunate (in drawing gaming arrows, &c.).

مدابرة Mudābarat (v.n. 3 of دور), Opposing, being averse to, carrying on hostilities; forgetting or neglecting the interest of a friend; drawing the arrows from the target; arranging an affair, making dispositions; turning the back, betaking oneself to flight.

madabigh (pl. of madbaghat),

Skins thrown into a tan-pit.

madābīr (pl. of madbūr), Sorebacked, wounded or galled in the back; hence, unsound, unsafe, not trustworthy.

مدات م maddat (pl. of madd), Heads;

entries; columns.

▲ مداع mudāj, Who is to be obeyed; a follower.

A maddah, An encomiast, panegyrist. a مداعي maddāhī, Panegyric, encomium.

مداعل مداعل madākhil (pl. of madkhal, in P. also used as sing.), Entrances, places of access; returns, income; braids to adorn a garment; gussets;—mudākhil, One who undertakes or enters into any business; intimate; interior.

mudākhalat, mudākhala (v.n. 3 مداخلة م of رادخل), Entering into, engaging or taking part in, intermeddling; being intimate with; access, ingress;—mudākhalati sarīh,

Palpable or positive interference.

a مداعل مخارع madā<u>kh</u>il-ma<u>kh</u>ārij, Income and expenditure; additions and deductions.

A مداد midād (v.n. 3 of مد), Extending, lengthening out; ink; manure, dung; a supply (as oil for a lamp); a model, sample, similitude; a way, path, religious sect; (pl. of mudd q.v. under so) certain drymeasures ;-midādu 's-samawāt, The extent or number of heavens; — midādi qais, A kind of game.

a مداد فروش midād-farosh, An ink-seller. ma-dar (prohibitive of dashtan), Do

not have or hold, &c.

madār, A centre, a place of turning or returning, a boundary or goal; that round or within which anything turns, a pivot, an orbit; motion, revolution; station, seat; name of a Muhammadan saint (see madāru 'l-mahāmm below); [madāri arzī, Centre of the earth; — madaru 'l-jady, Tropic of Capricorn ; madaru 'l-mahamm, The centre of important affairs, i.e. a minister; name of a celebrated Muhammadan saint (generally called Madar); — madari sa'at, An hour-circle, line of meridian; madāri saraţān, Tropic of Cancer; -madār 'alai-hi, A pivot;—madāri kār, Chief manager of a business (see مدار کار below) ;— 'izzat-madār, Seat of glory; magnificent.

a اراء mudārā, Humility; civility, politeness; dissimulation;—mudārā kardan, To treat with courtesy or consideration; to pacify, to conciliate.

سداراة م mudarat (v.n. 3 of درى), Dissembling; cheating; treating kindly; affa-

bility, courtesy.

A z, la madārij, Steps, degrees, ascents;

dignities.

- madāris (pl. of madrasat), Colleges, acadamies, public schools; [madārisi 'umda, Superior places of instruction, high schools (m.c.); — madāris u biqd', Colleges and monasteries;]—mudāris, A doctor, reader, learned man, scholar.
- مدارسه مدارسه mudarasat (v.n. 3 of درس), Studying, giving or taking a lesson; study.
- a مداركار madār-kār, Principal of affairs. مداركة mudarakat (v.n. 3 of درك Prosecuting without intermission.

mudārī, A dissembler. مداري

A Blaks mudā'āt (v.n. S of 303), Contending with; provoking.

الرعب mudā'abat (v.n. 3 of معاملة), Playing together, jesting with another.

madā'ī (pl. of mad'āt), Invitations to banquets;—mudā'ī, One who calls out to; contentious, quarrelsome.

madāfi' (pl. of madfa'), Canals, conduits; (pl. of midfa') Cannons, pieces of ordnance;—mudāfo', Resisted, opposed (chieftain);—mudāfi', One who repels,

averts, hinders, or molests.

A مدانعة mudāfa'at (v.n. 3 of مدانعة), Repulsing, defending oneself, resisting, averting, prohibiting, checking; protracting, delaying; deferring payment of a debt.

madaqq (pl. of midaqq, midaqqat, muduqq), Instruments with which anything is bruised; wooden mallets used in dressing cotton; subtilties, minutiæ.

madal. A medal (m.e. from Fr.

or E.).

مدالاً مدالاً mudālāt (v.n. 3 of دلی), Behaving kindly; curing a disease, applying a remedy.

مدالسة a mudālasat (v.n. 3 of دلس), Deceiving, circumventing, acting darkly or

fraudulently.

mudam. Perpetual, continual, perennial, unceasing, lasting long, fixed, established; always; a continual but gentle rain; wine especially drunk all day long, opp. to the morning draught (sabūḥ) or evening cup (ghābūq); spirits;—dauri mudām, Perpetual motion;—masti mudām, Intoxicated with wine, drunk.

A hals mudamat, Wine.

مدامع معامة madami', The inner corners of the eye.

a مداس mudāmē, Eternal; continual, incessant.

madanis, Impurities. مدانس ▲

مداليس madanis, Squalid, sordid (fellows).

A أراب mudāwā, مداراة medāwāt (v.n. 3 of احرى), Curing a disease, remedying, administering to the sick; medical treatment.

adjusting, administering; going round; surrounding, encompassing, encircling; adjusting.

مداوت mudāwasat (v.n. 3 of دوس),
Trampling, treading upon each other.

A diplomudawolat (v.n. 3 of jp.), Causing (days) to revolve; lastingness and vicissitudes of time.

مدارم سداره mudāwim, Assiduous, persevering.

A مُنْ mudāwamat (v.n. 3 of مره),
Being assiduous, constant, unremitting,
persisting in; assiduity, continuance, perpetuity.

mudāwi. One to whom remedies are applied, or assistance is brought;

cured, healed; -mudāwī, A healer.

a قامات mudāhāt (v.n. 3 of دهی), Dissembling, practising mutual deception on each other.

مداهره مراهره mudāharat (v.n. 3 of دهر), Agreeing with anyone for a long period (as mushāharat means "agreeing by the month", &c.).

A cruses;—mudāhin (pl. of mudhun), Oilbottles, cruses;—mudāhin, A hypocrite,

liar, impostor.

A مداهنه mudahanat (v.n. 3 of مداهنه), Covering, acting hypocritically, dissembling; dissimulation, hypocrisy; cheating, lying, imposture.

mudāhī, A dissembler, cheat,

deceiver.

مدائع madā'iḥ (pl. of madīḥ), Laudable

acts; praises, encomiums.

A Office made in (pl. of madenat), Cities; collective name of seven cities flourishing in the reign of Noshirwan; mostly applied to Ctesiphon, also called made in kisrá, The cities of Chosroes;—mudayin, A creditor; a debtor.

A مداينة mudāyanat (v.n. 3 of مداينة), Lending, giving credit; dealing in credit, standing in the relation of debtor and

creditor.

a مدالني madā'inī, Of the city of Ctesiphon.

A مدائين madā'īn (pl. of midyān), Those who lend much; those who run deeply in debt.

A & wadabbat, A country full of, or infested with, bears (dubb): a bear-garden.

a gible mudabbaj, Ornamented with brocade; illuminated (frontispiece of a book); ugly, ill-shaped; a kind of owl.

A plane mudbir, One who turns his back; one whose affairs are in a bad train, who is coming down in the world; unfortunate, luckless; — mudabbar, Ably conducted, properly managed (business); a slave set at liberty after the death of his master; — mudabbir, A governor, rector, moderator, director, administrator, intendant; a master; a scribe: prudent, ingenious; — mudabbiri umūri jumhūr, A minister or director of public affairs; — mudabbirāni saltanat, Ministers of State; — mudabbirāni falak, The planets Saturn, Jupiter, Mars, the Sun, Venus, Mercury, and the Moon.

مديرات م mudabbirāt, Angels; powers;

the commonalty.

madbiri, Adversity, ill-luck, misery;—mudabbiri, Management, conduct, regulation, governance, direction; the office of a mudabbir.

مدبع muddabigh, Tanned, dressed (skin).

A skin thrown into a tan-pit;—madbaghat, madbughat, A tan-pit.

mudbig, Who causes anything to

tick close; who glues;—mudabiq, Who akes (birds) with bird-lime (dibq).

madbūr, Wounded, galled (especially in the back); overtaken by a westerly wind (dabūr) which blows towards night.

A End madbugh, Tanned (bag, skinbottle).

ه مدبول Manured (land); tanned,

dressed (leather).

maddat, One extension or prolongation;—middat, midda, Pus, matter;—muddat, A space of time, a season; end, limit, term;—muddatu 'l-'umr, muddati 'umr, A life-time, during life;—muddati madid, A long space of time.

a مدتها muddat-hā (P. pl. of muddat),

For a long space of time.

a مدتى muddate, A while; — muddate chand, A long while, for a long space of time;—muddate-st, A long while ago (m.c.).

mudassar, (Stones) piled over a

body slain.

madh (v.n.), Praising; praise, encomium, commendation; approbation, applause;—madhi nafs, Self-commendation;—madh u zamm, Praise and blame.

a nide made-awar, A praiser, economist.

A widhat (v.n. of co.), Praising; praise, encomium; a laudable action, anything deserving commendation.

a مدح عوان madh-khwān, Eulogic; a

eulogist; a bard.

mudahraj, Round; rolled along; rolled down; mudahrij, A roller, a revolver.

madhūr, Driven to a distance.

A مدعوس madhūs, Troubled with a whitlow or abscess at the finger's end.

a down midha = A down q.v.

A the madkh (v.n.), Assisting; grandeur.

A معلى madkhal (v.n. of العالى), Going in, entering into; entrance, access; a gate, porch, vestibule; the time or place of entering; a mode of conducting one's affairs; [madkhal farmūdan (kardan, namūdan) dar, To enter, to enter upon, to undertake;]—midkhal, A key;—mudkhal, fem. المعالى mudkhala, Introduced; spurious, illegitimate; worthless, base; an introductory treaty; time or place of introduction;—muddakhil, One who enters.

a مدعلي madkhalī, Entrance, admission.

مدعن madkhan, A place where smoke issues; — mudkhin, muddakhin, Smoky (fire).

a مدعد midkhanat, Chafing-dish, brazier,

censer.

adkhūl, Entered. مدعول م

مدعوله م mad<u>kh</u>ūlat, mad<u>kh</u>ūla, Married (woman); a concubine; a kept mistress.

madad, Assistance, aid, succour, support; a helper; a supply; a feeder; [madadu 'l-jaish, Reinforcements of an army;—madad dādan (kardan), To assist,

relieve, help, succour; to patronize;—bamadad firistādan, To send help or assistance;—zar madad namādan, To bestow
money upon.

midadat (pl. of mudd), Certain dry

measures.

a مدد جوگی $madad ext{-}jo'ar\imath$ ($jar u'ar\imath$), Search for uid.

a مدد عواة $madad-\underline{kh}$ wāh, One who asks aid.

a مدد رس madad-ras, An assistant, helper. a مددکار madagār, Assistant, protector, ally.

a مددکاری madadgārī, Assistance, help, aid. a مدد معاش madad-ma'āsh, Land granted in perpetuity under the royal seal.

ma-dar (prohib. of daridan), Tear

not, do not rend.

madar, A clod, piece of dry clay; cities, towns (hence ahli madar, Townspeople opposed to ahli wabar, Inhabitants of tents); (for madār) a centre pivot, &c. (see مدار);—mudirr, Causing urine to flow; diuretic.

A مدرات mudirrāt, Diuretics, urinatives; stimulants.

a مدرار م midrār, Very rainy (cloud).

שניי nudarrab, Trained, expert, disciplined, inured to hardship;—nudarrib, One who inures; patient, endued with fortitude in war; one who advances into an enemy's country through the narrow mountain passes (darb) from the regious of Rūm. (See

مدرة م madarat, A single clod, a lump of dry clay (of which walls are built); a

city, town; -mudirrat, A diuretic.

A مدرع mudrij, mudarrij, One who rolls or folds up.

مدرجة ه madrajat, A country where the Asiatic woodcock (durrāj) breeds.

ma-dars (for ma-tars prohib. of tarsidan), Fear not; bar of a door; scare-

a مدرس midras, A book (as that by which one is taught);—mudris, A user, studier (of a book); an exerciser, teacher by reading;—mudarras, Experienced, well taught;—mudarris, An academical lecturer, doctor, professor, teacher, tutor, schoolmaster.

a مدرسانه madrasāna, Academical, scholastic.

A مدرسة madrasal, madrasa, A university, college, academy, public school;—madrasa'i ibtidā'i, An elementary or primary school (m.c.);—madrasa'i top-khāna, Artillery school;—madrasa'i khwāharāni tarahhumi dīnī, School of the Sisters of Charity in Paris (m.c.);—madrasa'i 'umda, A high school (m.c.);—madrasa'i ma'ādin, Mining academy (m.c.);—madrasa'i nizāmī, Military college (m.c.);—madrasa'i wasatī, A middle-class school (m.c.).

— mudarrisī, Office of professor or

teacher; professorship, teachership; public teaching.

مدرع mudarri', (A man) who puts on a coat of mail, or (a woman) a shift (dir').

A مدرك mudrak, Comprehended; [mudrak u mudraj, Comprehended and contained;]—mudrik, One who comprehends or understands; comprehensive.

mudrikat, mudrika, One who comprehends (fem.);—qūwati mudrika, The understanding, intellectual powers; memory.

a مدرکیة mudrikīyat, Comprehensiveness, apprehensiveness, the faculty of comprehension.

سدرس ه madrus, Defaced, obliterated, indistinct; worn out; a worn garment; insane.

مدروك madrūk, Understood, apprehended.

بارة بارة مدرة بار madara-bāz, A retail dealer.

A مدرهم mudarham, Moneyed, rich.

مدرى م midrá, A horn; the horn of a young buck, hart, or doe; a spit; an instrument for parting the hair, a comb;—madarī, A citizen (especially of Madar in Arabia);—muddarī, A deceiver.

مديع madea', A narrow place; the swallow.

madsh (v.n.), Eating little; giving little; somewhat, anything;—madash (v.n.), Being rough; having soft tendons and little flesh.

תעמלים, (in construction) for mudda'a, Whatever is alleged, pretended, or meant, &c. (see جيء);—mudda'a'e bayān kardan, To explain a claim, to open a cause;—mudda'a'e ta'īd kardan, To support pretensions, to prove an allegation;—mudda'āyi nau-paidā, A fresh argument;—ta'alluli 'alīl u mudda'āyi bī-dalīl, A weak pretext and argument without proof.

مدعات mudda'āt (pl. of the preceding),

Desires; suits; objects.

a أمام mad'at, An invitation to a banquet.

. muda'sir. A demolisher مدعثر ۸

with it; —muda"is, One who thrusts through with a spear.

mad'ūw, mad'ū, Invited; called, styled;—mad'ū la-hu, A person prayed for.

mud'ī, One who adopts as his son;
—mudda'á, An intention, design, purpose,
proposal, cause, reason, subject, object;
complaint; [muddā'á 'alai-hi, The defendant in a law-suit;]—mudda'ī, A prosecutor, plaintiff, suitor, claimant; a pretender,
boaster.

مدعية mudda'īyat, The making a claim or suit; the condition of a claimant or plaintiff;—mudda'iya, A female claimant or plaintiff.

a مدعى هريك mudda'ī-sharik, A co-plaintiff.

مدغم mudgham, Concealed; assimilated.

thrusting, driving away, beating off; a canal, conduit;—midfa', Anything by which an enemy is repulsed; a gun, cannon, artillery;—mudaffa', Repulsed; outcast, abject, base, contemptible, poor; noble, high-bred.

A مدوية madfa'ai, A means of repelling.
A مدوي madfan, A place of burial;—muddafan, Covered, concealed;—muddafin, A concealer; one who buries in the ground.

madfū', Repulsed, driven off.

A مدلون madfun, Buried, interred, concealed, hid (treasure under ground).

A sw midaga, muduqa, dis midagaat, An instrument in which anything is bruised; a wooden mallet used in dressing cotton; an instrument with which corn is threshed; a washer or bleacher's beetle; the pestle of a mortar;—mudiqa, One who bruises, or beats small, thin, and fine.

mudaqqaq, Pounded, pulverized;
—mudaqqiq, One who pounds well; intimately acquainted with the minuties of

things.

a مدنقانه mudaqqaqāna, Minutely.

afflicted with consumption (diqq), consumptive, hectic.

مدكش mad-kash, A wire-drawing machine; a smith.

مدكوك madkūk, Hectic, consumptive; troubled with a hectic complaint.

مدل ه madl, Contemptible, despicable, mean, base; thick milk; — midl, Smallbodied, slender;—mudill, More powerful, superior (to companious).

mudlij, One who sets out in the beginning of the night;—muddalij, One who travels towards the end of the night.

مداح a who lolls out the tongue;—muddali', Lolled, lolling (tongue).

mudallal, Supported by evidence, proof, or argument; well-grounded, reasonable;—mudallil, Dallying, fondling; coquettish; a coaxer, wheedler.

سدلول ▲ madlūl, Directed, guided, right;

proved; demonstration, proof.

mudallah, Insane, distracted with love, or who forgets what he has done, or what has been done to him;—mudallih, Infatuating, dementing.

مدسد م madmad, River.

مدمع mudammagh, Foolish; infatuated; proud, vain; fastidious.

سدمقس anudamqas, (A garment woven) with the silk dimags.

midmak, A baker's rolling-pin.

مدسل مدسل mudammil, Cicatrizing, incarnative.

madmamūnitan, (in Zand and Pāzand) To fear, be afraid;—madmamūnam, I feared;—madmamūnīd, Fear ye.

A was mudmin, Assiduous, diligent, in-

cessant

مدموغ madmūgh, Wounded in the brain (dimāgh); foolish, stupid, brain-sick.

A مدموم madmūm, Red, dyed blood colour; fat, plump (camel, limb); laden.

سدن ma-dan (prohib. of danidan), Do not walk or run with a gay, lively air.

A مدن mudun (pl. of madīnat), Cities.

A مدن mudannas. Defiled, contaminated;

-mudannis, A defiler, polluter, profaner.

A what mudnaf, mudnif, Afflicted with a

chronic distemper.

مدتك madang, A wooden key; the teeth or wards of a lock; bolting or barring a door.

mudnī, Who brings near, or approaches; (a she camel) near the birth;—muddanī, Approached, become near;—mudanná, Abject, weak (man);—mudannī, One who causes to approach, brings near; a pursuer of trifles as well as of important matters;—madanīy, madanī, Belonging to the town, or a citizen of, Madīna; a citizen; urbane, polite, sociable.

madaniyat (fem. of madani), Revealed at Madina (a chapter of the Qur'an).

مدواس م midwas, An instrument for threshing corn; a polishing or smoothing-tool.

midwad (for mizwad), A manger;
—mudūd (pl. of madd), Flows of tides;
floods;—mudauwid, Infected with worms
(dūd).

mudauwar, Round, circular; the world;—mudauwir, One who causes to turn in a circle, who revolves; one who makes (anything) round.

* mudauwarat, mudauwara, (Camels) which the keeper milks in a circle.

A مدوس midwas, A machine for threshing corn.

مدوك Midwak, A stone for braying; muller,

midwam, A stick used in stirring or stilling a boiling pot;—mudauwin, A giver in perpetuity; a quieter, pacifier.

A مدون mudūn (v.n. of مدون), Abiding, tarrying (in any place); coming to a city (madīnat); — mudauwan, Arranged as a dīwān (poems); —mudauwin, A collector of poems into a book (dīwān).

مدونه madūnih, (in Zaud and Pāzand)
Paradise.

madh, Praise, eulogium.

a مدة madda, see A مدة maddat;—muda, Sick, indisposed.

muddah (pl. of mādih), Encomiasts. مدهاه mudhāmmat, A garden, the plants of which are black from rankness;—mudhāmmatān (dual), Two paradises (in the Qur'ān) plentifully watered, and abounding in verdant plants.

مدهش mudhish, One who amazes, astonishes, or confounds.

سنطن ه mudhin, A glozer, deceiver :--

mudhun, An oil-bottle or cruse; an ointment-box; any hollow excavated by the rain or a torrent; — muddahin, Greasy; anointed.

madhūr, The land-produce, as distinguished from the salt, in Bengal.

madhūsh, Astonished, astounded, amazed, confounded, confused, thunderstruck; intoxicated; senseless, unconscious.

a مدهومي madhūshē, Perplexity, confusion; intexication; stupefaction; insensibility, unconsciousness.

سماری madhun, A tanned hide; coloured leather.

■ سدهوی madhun, Anointed (beard).

مدهی mudahhi, Blaming; affirming (one) to be unfortunate; who inflicts misfortune.

A مدل madá, midá, mudá (pl. of madyat, &c.), Large knives.

مدى madī (for ma-dih, prohib. of dādan), Do not give.

A مديان midyān, One who runs deep into debt.

مدیة م madyat, midyat, mudyat, A large knife.

אנה madīh, A praiseworthy act; praise.

א היי madīd, Long, extensive, extended, lengthened out; tall of stature; name of a metre (fā'ilātun fā'ilun — — — |

— — | four times repeated); water on which flour is sprinkled and given to camels; grass, forage, hay, straw.

שנת mudir, Who turns round, converts, surrounds; who goes or drives round; the chief of a province; the manager of an

institution.

مديك madīk, (A place) plentiful in coeks.

مديل ه mudīl, One who assists, and gives victory or good fortune (daulat).

A watered by continual, gentle rain (dīmat).

مدين madyan, Midian, a city in Arabia Petrea; the place of Jethro, called by the Arabians Shuʻaib;—madin, A debtor;—mudin, A recompenser, a requiter;—mu daiyin, Tolerant in religious matters.

مدييا madinā, (in Zand and Pāzand) A

A مدينة madīnat, madīna, A city; a maidservant;—madīnatu 's-salām, The city of peace, i.e. Bagdad;—madīnatu 'n-nabī, The city of the prophet, i.e. Madīnah in Arabia (also called al-madīnat, or in P. simply madīna).

a مديني madyanī, A Midyanite;—madīnī, An inhabitant of any other city than Madīna (as Baghdād, Isfahān, &c.); townbred (bird, &c.).

مديون madyūn, Indebted, involved in debt; a debtor.

مدئی مستظری، Sick, ailing; what makes sick.

A 3. miz, muz, muza, From, since (in a past sense).

سنة, A lord, a master (used in comp.,

as $isfand\bar{a}r$ -muz).

مناه mizā' (v.n. of صناه), Toying with (anyone) until a seminal effusion occurs; a mixed and mirthful assembly of men and women; panderism to one's own wife; (pl. of mazēyat) women.

مِذَابِ مِ muzāb, Liquefied, liquid, melted;
—la'li (yāqūti) muzāb, Liquid ruby (cor-

nelian), i.e. red wine.

A δι^{*}ίδο maz'abat, (A country) swarming with wolves (zi'b).

مدائع mazābih (pl. of mazbah), Places of sacrifice; altars.

a clie mazāh, Cattle driven together.

مذارع mazāri' (pl. of mizrā'), Districts which lie between a cultivated country and a desert; legs; palm-trees near houses.

A مَدَارِعَ muzāra'at (v.n. 3 of كرع), Selling by the cubit or ell (zirā'); mixing.

by the cubit or ell (zirā'); mixing.

• منارك mazārif, Lachrymal ducts.

مداريع ستوقت (pl. of mizrā'), Districts lying between cultivated and desert lands; legs (of beasts of burden); palm-trees near houses.

A Elia mazzā', Chinky; one who cannot keep a secret; perfidious, false, a liar; a promise-breaker; restless, unsteady, moving about.

A مَدَاقَة magaq-an, Tastefully.

A مذاكوات muzākarāt (pl. of muzākarat), Conferences, &c.

mazākirat, mazākira (pl. of mazkara), Things worthy to be remembered;—muzākarat, muzākara (v.n. 3 of نكر), Remembering (one); conferring together; conversation, conference.

mazākir (pl. of zakar), Penes.

م خدال معالم muzāl, The verse called kāmil or basīt lengthened out in the last foot by two letters.

A مذام mazāmm (pl. of mazammat), Contemptible things.

by which one goes; institutes; doctrines, religious creeds, sects; gilded (thongs).

A مناهنه muzāhanat (v.n. 3 of نهن), Disputing, contending, vying about genius

(zihn).

אַ אַבּא mazabbat, (A place) infested with flies (zubāb); — mizabbat, Anything for

driving away flies, a fly-trap.

A più mazbah, That part in the throat where animals are generally slaughtered; an altar for sacrifice;—muzzabih, A slayer, slaughterer.

A سنبخب muzabzib, muzabzab, (Anything)

hanging and floating in the air; suspended; fluctuating, hesitating, irresolute; —muzabzab, Hesitation; suspense; doubt.

muzabbar, Written; — muzabbir,

A writer.

مذبوب $mazb\bar{u}b$, Infested with flies, tormented by flies ($zub\bar{a}b$); furious, insane, mad.

a ما ما سادوع mazbūh, Slaughtered, sacrificed, slain, killed; pure, lawful (food).

A مدبومات mazbūhāt, Animals slaughtered or sacrificed; victims.

a مدبوعي mazbūķī, The state of being slaughtered.

Mazbūr, Written. مذبور

ملبول ه mazbūl, Dried, withered, shrivelled

mazah, A chafing of the thighs, hips, or groins by violent exercise; honey produced from pomegranate-flowers.

mazhij, Name of a tribe in

Yaman.

muzzakhir. A horse that reserves his full speed till after the others have broken down.

منځور م *mazkhūr*, Stored up, hoarded, collected.

منر mazur (v.n.), Being addle (an egg), rotten (a nut); being disordered, qualmish (stomach); being indisposed;—
mazir, Rotten, addle, foul (egg, &c.).

A فاراع mizrā', A district or a town between a cultivated country and a desert.

a ed, cubit, or arm; rain penetrating the ground to the depth of a cubit;—muzarra', One whose mother is nobler than the father.

mizrawāni (du.), The prominent extremities of the buttocks; the extremes or horns of a bow; both sides of the head.

مدروب ه mazrūb, Sharpened, whetted.

A مفرور mazrūr, Pounded, pulverized.

المدري mazrū', Measured with ell or cubit.

ماريل ه mizrá, A fan; also a pronged instrument for winnowing corn;—muzarrī, A scatterer; a ventilator; an encomiast.

Telling one part and concealing another (of news or any transaction); scattering (urine); colouring, glossing over; taking an oath.

منعر Muz'ir, A terrifier.

maz'ūr, Frightened.

mazq (v.n.), Mixing (milk) with water.

مذكار مندكار mizkār, (A woman) who bears male children.

who bears male offspring; — muzakkar, Masculine; a male sword, i.e. of well-tempered steel; hard, adverse (fortune); dangerous (road); [muzakkari samā'i, A

hen-pecked husband;]—muzakkir, An adviser, admonisher; a praiser (esp. of God).

سدكرة mazkarat, mazkara, Anything worthy to be remembered (especially sacred); mention, relation; — muzkarat, muzakkarat, Masculine (woman).

mazkūr, Remembered, recorded, mentioned; expressed, related;—mazkūru 's-sadr, Above-mentioned, aforesaid.

مدكورة mazkūrāt (pl. of مدكورة mazkūrat), Discourses, relations, matters mentioned.

a مذكورة mazkūra (fem. of mazkūr), Remembered, &c.

a الله سنكورة بالا muzkûra-bālā, Aforesaid, above-mentione 1.

mazkūrī, Independent ta'alluqdārs who paid their own rents to Government; recollection; process-serving; a process-server.

mazl, mazal? (v.n. of oil). Being unable to keep (a secret); being oppressed and wearied by the charge of a secret;—mizl, Small-bodied, spare of flesh;—mazil, Unable to keep a secret; heart-sick, melancholy; weak, feeble; liberal;—muzill, Who renders vile or abject; who discovers one to be so; debasing; one of the names of God.

a مدلا سعير mazallat (v.n. of کل), Being abject and submissive; baseness; contempt.

مدلق م muzlaq. Pronounced with the tip of the tongue.

A مذل muzallal, Broke in, tame, quiet; muzallil, A vilifier; a humbler, debaser.

مدلول مدلول مع mazlūl, Humble, submissive.

mugimm, Who becomes contemptible, despicable, vile, mean, base; who calls or renders so.

blame, scorn, contempt; satire, abuse; anything deserving blame, fault, transgression; right, justice, what is due; protection (see كري p. 559); — mazimmat, Grief and shame (for the neglect of duty).

a مذمت گوی mazammat-goy, Satirical, censorious, a caviller.

مارسم مرسم muzammam, Very much blamed.

ملموم مستسبس, Despised, scorned; mean, base, blameable.

مانيد منايسة mizmiz, A great liar.

a سدنت muznib, Criminal, faulty; a sinner; — muzannib, One who goes tail (zanab) foremost; (a cainel) pained at delivery and extending her tail.

mazang, A wooden key; teeth of a key; wards of a lock; bar of a door.

הלניש mizwab, A vessel for melting things; — muzauwab, Melted, liquefied;— muzauwib, One who decorates (a boy) with forelocks.

a المارية mizwabat, A ladle, a spoon.

maz'ub, Afraid of the wolf

(zi'b); one whose flocks have suffered by the wolf.

A with mazhab (v.n. of was), Going, walking, passing along; way, course, manner, mode of conduct, doctrine; a religious opinion; a sect, a religious order; canon, law, rule, institution, regulation; [mazhab kardan, To establish a religious creed; to lay down a rule of action;—'aqida'i mazhab, An article of faith;—muzhab, Gilded; the Ka'bah; a demon who causes one to spill water in the performance of ablutions;—muzhib, A remover, carrier away; a gilder; muzhab, Gilded; worked with gold thread;—muzahhab, Gilded; worked with gold embroiderer.

a منطبى mazhabī, Of or relating to a religion, sect, &c.;—darsi mazhabī, Religious

teaching, exhortation, preaching.

مدى مادى مادى (مدى مادى), Turning (a horse) to grass;—mazy, mazīy; in P. mazī, A seminal effusion provoked by contact or lewd imaginations;— mazī āwardan, To indulge in vicious practices, to onanise.

مذب mazīb (in P. for A. muzāb),

Melted, liquefied; muzīb, A melter.

مديد مديد مديد مديد مديد م

A مليع muzī', A divulger, publisher.

مديق ه mazīq, (Milk) mixed with water.

مديل معناه muzaiyal, (A tent or robe) having a long flap or train (zail).

mar, Measure, number; calculation, computation; a symbol or counter used by the natives of the East, to facilitate the adding up of large sums, and set against every hundred according to some, and according to others against every fifty; since, because, wholly, solely; a particle placed before the genitive, dative, or accusative of Persian nouns, mostly pleonastically, but sometimes used in a restrictive sense, denoting "to the exclusion of any other"; before the nominative it emphasises, as: mar an, That very person or thing; mar $j\bar{a}n$, The soul or life itself; (for A. marr) passing by (see the following article);mir, A friend.

A y mar', mir', mur', A man; man, the human species; — marr (v.n.), Passing through or by, departing; rendering bitter; a rope; a mattock, a spade; (pl. of marrat) times, turns, [marra 'd-duhūr, The lapse of ages;]—murr, Bitter, bitterness; myrrh; (pl. of murrat) certain bitter plants.

marā, To me;—mirā, Friendship; the sun; the world; equality; an equal

draught

مراه مرأه م mirā' (v.n. 3 of مری), Disputing; contention, contest; doubting, suspecting.

مراهای mura'āt (v.n. 3 of مراهای), Feigning, acting hypocritically, making a false show. عوائع marābiḥ (pl. of the following), Profits, advantages, benefits.

A design murabahat (v.n. 3 of e)), Gaining, making a profit; allowing a profit or

advantage.

marābit (pl. of marbat, marbit), Places where cattle are tied; stables, stalls; -- murābit, Posted on an enemy's frontier.

murāboṭat (v.n. 3 of مرابطة مرابطة م ing with a corps of cavalry about an enemy's frontier; being steadfast and patient.

marābi' (pl. of marba'), Spring-

habitations.

A ssist-سرابعة murāba'at (v.n. 3 of مرابعة), Assisting in lifting or placing a load by joining hands with another, applying the shoulders; bargaining with one for the springseason (comp. ممایفه).

marābī' (pl. of mirbā'), The first

spring-rains.

▲ قرآب mar'āt, The looks, countenance; mir'āt, A looking-glass, mirror; -mir'ātu'lghaib, The mirror of the invisible world, of futurity.

mar'at, A woman, wife.

marrat (pl. of marrat), Times,

turns; several times, repeatedly.

marātib (pl. of martabat), Steps; grades; degrees, gradations of rank; times; affairs; particulars; storeys (of a house, m.c.);—marātibi ibtida'ī (tamhīdī), Preliminary stages or measures.

marātibāt (pl. of the preceding مراتبات ▲

pl.), Affairs, matters, particulars.

marāti' (pl. of marta'), Meadows. marāṣī (pl. of marṣiyat), Dirges.

مراجع murājaḥat (v.n. 3 of رجع), Contending with anyone in estimating or guessing; excelling, overcoming; having preference or preponderance over.

murāja'at (v.n. 3 of رجع), Returning; replying; returning from a journey and undertaking another; repeating, doing over and over again; re-marrying a woman formerly divorced; -dastūri marāja'at, Licence, dismission, permission to return.

A John marājil (pl. of mirjal), Cauldrons,

pipkins, kettles; (pl. of mumurjal) Cloths or garments admirably coloured or embroi-

dered.

marāḥ, A place to and from which سراح A people go in the evening; mirah, Cheerfulness, gladness; —murāh, A place where cattle are lodged at night.

marāḥil (pl. of marḥalat), Sta-

tions, stages, days' journeys.

مراحلة A murāhalat (v.n. 3 of رحل), Assisting in loading or in preparing (a horse) for a journey.

marāḥil-nishīn, A planet;

a traveller.

marāḥim (pl. of marḥamat), Compassion; favours, kindnesses, gifts; arbābi marāḥim u ishfāq, Compassionate and merciful men.

مراحاة Making رخى murākhāt (v.n. 3 of رخى), Making soft, loose, relaxed.

A مراد marād, The neck; a place through which camels pass to and fro in pasturing; a narrow place; an empty place; -murād, Wished, willed, desired, signified; desire, wish, will, intention; scope, drift, tendency; a proper name, Amurath (for al-murād); —murādi dilī, The heart's desire;— bīmurād, Without a wish (see also بي مراد p. 225);—fa-hwa'l-murād, Then the object is obtained; well and good!

mirād, A stone which shows many colours when exposed to the sun, and to which wonderful properties are ascribed.

سراداة مراداة م murādāt (v.n. 3 of ردى), Treating kindly; affability, courtesy, gentleness.

مراد murādāt, (pl. fem. of مرادات murādāt, rād) Things desired; desires, intentions, wishes.

a مراد بخش murād-bakhsh, Giver of one's desires.

A مرد marādat (v.n. of مرد), Exceeding all bounds in daring, disobedience, insolence, and pride.

nuraddat (v.n. 3 of رد), Repelling. A خرادة maradigh (pl. of mardaghat), The parts lying between the neck and collarbones; fruitful, flourishing gardens.

مرادك murādaf, Followed; — murādif,

Synonymous.

ردك murādafat (v.u. 3 of ردك), Riding upon one another (locusts); following one another, succeeding; carrying two riders (horse, &c.); acting as vicegerent (ridf).

a مرادمند murādmand, Desirous, longing; having a desire unsatisfied, in want, ne-

cessitous.

a مرادى murādī, Favourably, agreeably to one's wish; understood, implied; secondary; figurative; metaphorical; chauge, small money.

a مرادیات murādiyāt (pl. fem. of murādī),

Obtaining one's wishes.

marar, A kind of white thorn; a

hempen rope (comp. the following).

A jo marār, A kind of rope; — mirār (v.n. 3 of ,), Going along with, accompanying; (pl. of marrat) times, turns; name of a bitter tree.

א יין אור mirār-an, At times; often, fre-

quently; sometimes, now and then.

مرارة A marārat (v.n. of مرارة , Being bitter; bitterness; the gall-bladder; -mararatu' lmaut, The bitterness of death.

مراري م marārī, A hempen rope.

marāzibat (pl. of marzubān), Princes, satraps; lord-marchers.

marāzī, A medicine mixed with tutty.

A -ijly marāzīb (pl. of mirzāb), Ships long and wide.

مراس م mirās (v.u. 3 of مراس), Managing (affairs), applying with great attention, involving oneself (in them); struggling with, grappling; applying a remedy, giving medicine; strength, vigour; -marras, Robust, potent; long (night).

مراهبة murāsaghat (v.n. 3 of رسخ), Catching (an adversary in wrestling) by the wrist or the ankle (rusgh or rusugh).

murāsil, One who sends a letter حراسل ه

or message.

murāsalat, murāsala (v.n. 3 of رسل), Writing a letter, or sending a messenger to (another); epistolary correspondence; the letter or summons of a judge; a citation.

marāsim, Marks, signs, vestiges, customs, usages; laws; conditions, agree ments, covenants; obligations, observances, duties, prescriptions; — adā'i marāsimi tahānī, Paying compliments of congratulation; -ifā'i marāsim, Fulfilling the laws; performing one's duties.

marāsī (pl. of mirsāt), Anchors;

anchorag ... ports, harbours.

marāsīl (pl. of mursal), Traditions traced or referred immediately to the Prophet.

A مراسيم marāsīm (pl. of marsūm),

Edicts.

a vomit. مراش م

marāshid, Straight roads; firm resolutions, steady designs.

marāshif (pl. of marshaf), Places

of sucking or sipping.

marāsid (pl. of marsad), Places of observation, ambushes.

seizing (رصد Seizing مراصدة ه murāsadat (v.n. 3 of مراصدة an opportunity of invading or attacking.

mirāz (pl. of marīz), Sick persons, invalids.

مراضاً که murāzāt (v.n. 3 of رضی), Striving to please and be agreeable; contending who shall please most; being pleased and satisfied with each other.

marāzi' (pl. of marza'), Teats,

nipples; (pl. of murzi') wet-nurses.
ما منع muraza'at (v.n. of 3 مراضعة ما), Suckling (a child), either one's own or that of another; delivering a child to a wet-nurse; having a foster-brother or sister.

مراهيع ه marāzī' (pl. of murzi'), Wet-

nurses.

mirāt, An unfeathered arrow.

مراعاة م murā'āt (v.n. 3 of رعى), Observing, regarding; considering, reflecting; attending to, listening; taking care of, preserving, guarding; regard, respect, attention; murā'āt kardan, To show respect or consideration; to observe, take notice of, attend to.

marā'ī (pl. of mar'á), Pastures; -mura'ī, An observer, guardian, keeper; a supporter.

marāgh, A (horse's) rolling-place. marāghib, Necessaries of life ;—

murāghib, Desirous, wishful, inclined, pro-

مراهبات murāghabāt (pl. of murāghabat), Affections, desires, wishes, hanker-

murāghabat (v.n. 3 of بواغبة مراغبة , Expressing a wish; desire, wish, affection, propensity.

marāghat, marāgha, A place where (a horse) rolls himself about or sleeps; (in P.) rolling about. (See also مراغه).

murāgham, A place of refuge; a fortress; agitated, disturbed; -murāghim,

Unwilling.

A مراغمة murāghamat (v.n. 3 of مراغمة , Flying in a rage (at a spouse); abandoning (friends or family), relinquishing; carrying on war, being inimical, hostile.

marāgha, Name of a city iu Azar-

baijān.

maraghidan, To roll or wallow. A of مراغيدن murafa'at (v.n. 3 of ارنا), Behaving mildly; showing respect, acting kindly.

marāfid (pl. of mirfad), Goblets, large bowls (generally filled on the arrival of strangers.

murāfadat (v.n. 3 of مرافدة), Assisting

one another, affording mutual aid.

murāfi', Mutually agreed to go together before a judge; referring a case to him; the party instituting the suit; an

appellant.

murāfa'at, murāfa'a (v.n. 3 of رنع), Citing before a judge, carrying on a law-suit, accusing, having recourse to justice; appeal; --murāfa'i akhīr, Final appeal; -murāfa'a auwal ($ar{u}lcute{a}$), Court of first instance; -murāfa'a sānī (duyum), Court of second instance, appellate court.

marāfiq, Things by which one وبرائق ه profits or gains, benefits; appurtenances or conveniences of a house; privies, sinks for carrying off foul water, drains for receiving

rain-water.

A مرافقة murāfagat (v.n. 3 of رفق), Travelling in company with; companionship.

marāqq (pl. of maraqq), The soft parts of the belly; — mirāq, Name of a

murāqib, A looker after, observer; attending to (m.c.); a guardian, keeper, care-taker.

murāqabat, murāqaba, (▼.n. 3 of رتب) Guarding; observation, contemplation, meditation; partiality.

maragid (pl. of margad), Tombs ; beds.

marāqī (pl. of marqāt), Steps, etairs.

marāk, Unlearned, foolish; de-

ceived by words; played upon, ridiculed.

• مراكب marākib (pl. of markab), Carriages, vehicles, ships, horses; machines or animals by which people are borne from place to place.

a مراكبي marākibī, A ship-master; a waggoner, a drayman.

A مراكمة muraqazat, A riding a race with. marāl, Red deer; a mountain-goat,

ibex ;—marāli nar, A stag (mm.cc).

א מוח marām (v.n. of מוח, Seeking anxiously; desire, wish, intention, aim; hasba'l-maram, Agreeable to one's desire.

v.n. 3 of مرامات .murāmāt, in P مراماة م رمى), Contending with in throwing the javelin or shooting arrows.

a مرام خش marām-bakhsh, Satisfying desires.

murāmir, Vain, false, idle, trifling ; -muramir ibn murrat (murra), Name of the inventor of the Arabic character now

روسی murāmaqat (v.n. 3 of مرامغهٔ م

cing at; being just kept alive.

marami, Flings, throws; projectiles; instruments of war; turrets; battlements; deserts, perilous places; -marāmī

'l-ghurbat, The tossings of peregrination. w'r maran $(mar + \bar{a}n)$, That (opposed to this); a particle seldom used, placed by way of pleonasm before Persian nouns, denoting the genitive, dative, or accusative; (prohib. of randan) drive not; -muran, A tall and slender tree from which arrows are made (see the following article).

امرن mirān (v.n. 3 of مران , Giving false signs of pregnancy (a camel); -marran, Name of a place; -murran, A tree of which spears are made; (pl. of murranat) hard

and limber spears.

مرانة maranat (v.n. of مرئ), Being hard and smooth; being accustomed (to anything), being assiduous about it; smoothness; name of place; --murrānat, A spear somewhat hard and limber; a tree of which spears are made.

murānaya, Name of a diuretic herb, مرانيه

having leaves like those of jasmine.

א בילוכד marawih (pi. of mirwahat), Fans.

murāwaḥat (v.n. 3 of روع), Doing (two things) alternately; standing first on one foot and then on the other.

murāwid, A suitor, importunate

wooer.

שול בבל ש murāwadat, murāwada (v.n. 3 of رود)), Asking, requiring, desiring, begging, soliciting, wooing; wish, desire; amicable relations (m.c.);—murāwada dāshtan, To do commercial business (m.c.).

marawizat, Natives of Marv (see

مروزى). مروزى murāwafat, The being kind and

friendly.

murawiq, One whose tent or portico (rawāq) joins another's; next-door neighbour.

murāhāt (v.n. 3 of رهو), Speaking

gently; drawing near; consenting, agree-

murāhiq, (A lad) near the age of puberty; one who comes towards the end of an appointed time (especially to perform the ceremonies at Mecca).

A رهى murahaqat (v.n. 3 of رهق ,Approaching the age of puberty; arriving at Mecca when the rites of pilgrimage are nearly finished.

marāhim (pl. of marham).

Plasters; dressings for wounds.

A water murāhin, A better, layer of wagers.

murāhanat (v.n. 3 of مراهنا), Contending, depositing the bets (especially at a horse-race).

A الله marāyā, The lacteal veins; (pl. of

mir'at) looking-glasses, mirrors.

a مرايات murāyāt, Acting ostentatiously or hypocritically; hypocrisy, dissimulation.

A Lay murayahat, Quiet, repose, ease,

tranquillity.

א אולין marā'ir (pl. of marīr), Long, slender, but firmly-twisted ropes; (pl. of marārat) gali-bladders.

مراثي ه marā'i (pl. of mir'āt), Lookingglasses; — mură'i, A hypocrite, a dis-

q.v. below), Jam. مربا mirbā', A place yielding early spring-grass; the beginning of the spring rains; a camel born in the spring; the fourth part (rub') of the booty, which in

Pagan times was the leader's share. murabbab, Preserved in syrup (rubb); brought up, educated; -murabbib, A bringer up, a tutor; a maker of pre-

serves, a confectioner. A مربة marabbat, Rule, dominion, authority; -murabbat, A preserve, confection.

mirbad, A camel-stable; a place where dates are dried.

marbiz, marbaz, A fold or other

place for sheep.

A by marbat, marbit. A place where cattle are tied; a stable; --mirbat, A chain, ligament, string, rope; a bridle, halter,

مربع marba' (pl. مرابع marābi'), A spring-habitation; any place where one resides, or cattle pasture, in that season ;-murba', Attacked by a quartan ague;mirba', = any mirba'at, q.v. below; murbi', A fever recurring every fourth day; a camel which foals in the spring; -murabba', Squared; square, quadrangular, quadrilateral; an epigram or song of four verses or four lines, a quatrain; [murabba' kardan, To square, make quadrangular;murabba' nishastan, To sit cross-legged like a tailor (in the manner of the Asiatics); -'askari murabba', A body of horse,

squadron; -murabbi', A maker of a quadrangular or square figure.

murabba'-<u>kh</u>āna'i nūr, The مربع عائم نور

Ka'aba, or temple of Mecca.

marba'at, marba'a, (Ground) وربعة abounding with jerboas (yarbū'); -mirba'at, mirba'a, A pole by which burdens are lifted on the back of a beast; -murabba'at, murabba'a, Square (figure).

a مربع نشين murabba'-nishin, Who sits

cross-legged; (met.) a sweetheart.

A أوبوط marbūṭ, fem. مربوطة marbūṭat, marbūṭat, Bound, fastened, tied; spellbound, impotent; contained, inherent. depending upon; polished, classical, and grammatical (language); concordant (parts of speech); contented; name of a village near Alexandria; — marbūtu 'llisan, Tongue-tied; — tā'i marbūţa, The dotted &.

A خربوع marbū', Attacked by a quartan ague (rib'); middle-sized (man).

A יינים marbū'at, Land (watered by vernal rains).

א ייאנג *marbūq*, Fast caught in a noose or lasso, entangled in a net or loop (ribgat).

יאָפָע marbūyā, (in Zand and Pazand) A sweet melon; (according to others) an island.

a مربه murraba, Jam; preserves.

marbá, A place where one is brought up and educated; -murbi, Receiver of interest, usurer ;—murabbá, Educated; patronized; preserved (ginger, &c.); jam; a confection; -murabbi, A patron; an educator, tutor, bringer-up, rearer; a confectioner, preserver of fruits; marbiy, marbi, Educated, brought up.

murabbayāt, Confections, preserves made of the inspissated juice called rubb.

a مربيل ساز murabbá-sāz, A confectioner.

A قرم murat, A woman; marrat (v.n. of رمر), Being subject to bile; rendering bitter; haltering (a camel); one time or turn, once; one transit or passage; [marratu 'l-musalsalat (musalsala), The constellation Andromeda;]-mirrat, mirra, Gall, bile; strength, hardiness, power, potency; firmness of mind, solidity of judgment; the twist of a rope; [zū mirrat-in (mirra), The archangel Gabriel; --murrat, A species of bitter tree or herb; name of a man;abū murrat, Father of bitterness, i.e. the

mart, Alive; - murt, Distracted, dispersed.

א יעטן murtak, The horse placed fifth in

murtāsh, In good condition, in easy circumstances (whose nest is wellfeathered).

anurtäz, Exercised, disciplined.

* murattab, Put in order, arranged وتب مرتب regulated, prepared; classified; compiled, digested; garnished; [murattab 'alá 'lhuruf, Arranged alphabetically;]-murattib, A setter in order, arranger, director, organizer.

مرتباني م martabān، مرتباني م martabānì, A vessel of the finest porcelain which poison

cannot penetrate; a jar, pot, vessel.

nartabat, martaba, A step, stair; a stage, story (of a house); a watch-tower on the summit of a hill; office, employment, charge; height; dignity, rank of honour; time; -auwal martaba, The first time (m.c.);—ba-īn martaba-ki, To such a degree that (m.c.); -ba-martaba'i, To a certain degree, to such a point (m.c.); yak martaba. Once, one time.

A مرتبط murtabat, Tied, bound, fastened; - murtabit, One who keeps (a horse)

equipped for war.

مرتبق ه murtabiq, Netted (deer); en-

tangled in any intricate business.

murtajiḥ, Moved backwards and مرتجع ۸ forwards, up and down in the swing, or see-saw; inclined.

murtajiz, A composer or reciter of a مرتجر poem written in the metre called rajaz (see נרן); name of a horse belonging to Mubammad (so called from the beauty of his neighing).

A مرتجل murtajal, Spoken extempore;— murtajil, An extempore speaker.

שליים murtajim, Accumulated, heaped up.

مرتجى murtajī, Full of hope; fearful.

a مرتحل murtahil, Migratory.

a مرخص murlakhis, A valuer or buyer cheap.

murtadd, An apostate, renegado.

murtadif, One who rides behind مرتدف ۸ another on horseback; a follower, comer

murtazaq, Riches, wealth, that whereby one is profited; - murtaziq, A stipendiary.

murtasom, Marked, stamped; depicted, drawn, traced, painted, embroidered; -murtasim, Obedient to any prescription or law; religious; venerable; proud.

a مرتش murtash, and-

مرتشى ۸ مرتشى murtashī, Corrupted by presents, suborned, bribed; a taker of bribes (rishwat).

A مرتضل murtazá, Agreeable; chosen, approved; a title of 'Ali;—murtazī, One who makes choice of, or approves; content, satisfied; belonging or referring to 'Ali.

marta', A meadow, spacious and luxuriant in spring-herbage; - murti', Fruitful, rich in produce, lacking nothing.

murta'id, Trembling, dreading. murta'ish, Trembling, frightened.

مرتعی 🛦 murta'i. Pasturing, feeding, grazing.

مرتفب 🛦 murtaghib, A supplicator, beseecher.

murtafid, A gainer, receiver of profit.

a مرتفع murtafi', Elevated, exalted, high, aggrandized; removed; put in the nominative case; preponderating (scale).

مرتفق ه murtafaq, A couch; an inn or caravansery; -murtafiq, Who leans on the elbow or a cushion.

ه سرتقب murtaqib, A guardian, keeper; a

watcher; awaiting, expectant.

مرتفى ه murtaqá, A place of ascent; ascent; -murtaqī, Ascended, borne upward; progressing.

martak, in P. murtak, Litharge or مرتك ا

dross of silver.

murtakib, Mounted; borne; one who engages in, attempts, perpetrates, commits (a crime); one who encounters; an aggressor, assailant.

murtakim, Heaped up, piled.

martaků, A sparrow.

a مرتكيل murtaká, One in whom confidence is placed; faithful, trustworthy; a helper; a place of confidence;—murtakī, One who relies upon, trusts to.

murattil. One who intones or مرتل ه pronounces a discourse with a clear, melo-

dious voice.

مرتبى ه murtamī, Thrown, cast forth; a guard, watchman; a forlorn hope.

mar tu, For thee, on thy account.

a مرتوى murlawī, One whose thirst is

quenched; moistened.

A مرتبن murtahan, Pledged; a pledge, gage; mortgaged; --murtahin, A receiver of a pledge, a pawnee; a pawnbroker; a mortgagee; -murtahini dakhīl (qābiz), A mortgagee in possession.

A مرث marg (v.n. of مرث), Rubbing (dates) in order to peel (them); steeping, softening, dissolving in water; sucking the fingers (an infant);—maras (v.n.), Being gentle, mild, patient; -maris, Mild, gentle, patient.

مرثاة 🖈 marṣāt (v.n. of رثی), Lamenting (any person), pronouncing a funeral eulogium; a funeral-oration, elegy, dirge.

A مرثية margiyat, margiya (v.n. of مرثية). Lamenting (anyone), pronouncing a funeral eulogium; an elegy, dirge; a funeral oration sung during the Muharram in commemoration of Hasan and Husain; -marsiya giriftan, To sing a dirge or make a doleful noise in the manner of the female mourners in the East.

a مرثية خوان margiya-khwān, A reciter of

the Marsiya.

a مرئية خواني margiya-khwānî, The recital or singing of the Marsiya.

marj, Confines; earth, ground, land;

a field with raised borders for planting or sowing; a meadow, grass-plot, pasture; heel or wrist of a man, pastern of a beast; [marji pāy, The foot towards the heel;]marj, murj, Name of a city in Kohistan.

A ورس marj (v.n. of ورس Sending to pasture, allowing (cattle) to feed at liberty; mixing; permitting (the seas) to flow and mingle together (God); disturbance, mixture, confusion (see also the preceding article).

. marjāt, Hope مرجاة م

marjada, A skin stuffed with straw

used for crossing rivers.

mirjās, A stone tied to a rope and let down into a well in order to move the mud, which, being carried off by the flux, the remaining water becomes pure; also a stone with which the depth of a well is fathomed, whether there is water in

mirjām, An engine for casting stones, a balista; (a horse) making the

dust fly.

marjān, Life, soul; a step-son; a

robust man; a small pearl; coral.

A word marjan, A kind of spring potherb.

איקאיט אָקענא marjān-parwarda, The lip of a mistress; grape-wine.

مرجان دانه marjān-dāna, Coral-grain; a bead.

marjānī, Of coral; coral.

.v. مرحادة = marjawa, = مرحاوة

a مرجائي murjā'i, Of the sect murjiyat.

murajjah, Most excellent, superior; - murajjih, One who gives that which preponderates, who more than compensates.

א murajjaz, Measured prose without

rhyme.

مرجع ه marja' (v.n. of رجع), Bringing back, restoring; return; time or place of return; a rendezvous, place of reference, refuge; a goal; (in gram.) antecedent; repetition; ultimate object; -marji (v.n. of رجع), Returning; bringing back; restoring; a return (to God); the lower part of the shoulder; -murji', Yielding a return, profitable (goods, a journey, &c.).

مرجف murjif, One who makes a noise; one who spreads false or seditious reports;al murjifan (du.), The water-jug and ewer, which are handed round after dinner, and, by being struck against each other, announce the termination of the repast.

marjal (pl. of rajul), Men; marjal, mirjal, A kind of striped Arabian garment; - mirjal, A large kettle, pot, cauldron; a comb; -murjil, A woman who bears male offspring; -murajial, (Cloth or tapestry) worked with human figures; marked; made of the skin of one leg (rijl), and full (bottle); — murajjil, A strengthener.

mirjam, (A horse) which makes the dirt fly when running; — murajjam, (A speech) liable to uncertainty or suspicion; anything doubtful or rejected; — murajjim, One who strikes furiously with stones.

marjumak, A lentil.

marjū, A lentil.

a marjū, Hoped for, expected, sought;—murja', Delayed, kept back, put off.

שניקני *marjūb*, Revered, honoured.

A مرجوب marjuh, Proponderating, superior; excelled, surpassed.

A مرجوحة marjūhat, A swing; a see-saw.

marjūhīyat, Preponderance.

A ξρογο marjū', Returned, referred, brought back; brought into court (a lawsuit); an answer to a letter.

marjū'at, marjū'a (fem. of the

preceding), A reply to a letter.

A marjum, Stoned; execrable; the devil.

A مرجو " murja'ūna (pl. of murja'), Last;

delayed, suspended, put off.

مرجوط marjanat, A dry and hollow gourd wherein women keep their cotton; a calabash.

murjī', مرجى murjī, One who

delays doing what he promises.

murji'at, murjiyat, Name of a sect who procrastinate, or think good works unnecessary, and faith sufficient.

marich, Pepper.

A ty- mark, marak, The stitch-holes of a wallet; — marak (v.n.), Being cheerful, sprightly, active; excessive joy, boisterous mirth; frowardness, pride;—marik, Exulting, joyful, sprightly.

mirhāz, A place where rubbish or excrement is thrown; a privy; a place where cloth is washed; a bleacher's beetle.

مراه مرحان maraḥān (v.n. of مرحان), Joyousness, gladness.

marhab, Amplitude, largeness;

spacious, wide.

marhab-an, marhabā, Amplitude to you! make yourself at ease! welcome, may your arrival be happy! hail! God bless you! bravo!—marhabā zadan (kardan, guftan), To appland, to clap the hands; to welcome.

مرصبه marhabat (v.n. of مرصبه), Saying "you are welcome."

mirhazat, The place or vessel in which the body is washed before the per-

formance of religious ceremonies.

mirhal, Robust, fit for travelling (camel); — murhil, A possessor of many she-camels, fit for travelling;—murahhal, Ordered off, commanded to depart; a kind of stuff or garment marked with the figures

of saddles; saddled (camel); unsaddled (the same);—murahhil, Who sends away, orders to depart.

marhalat, mahrala, A day's journey; an inn or halting-place for travellers;

a battery; bastion (of a fort).

a مرحله مراه marhala-dar, The watchman of the road between two halting-places or stations.

muraḥḥam, Very much pitied; muraḥhim, Very merciful, full of pity.

markamat, Pity, compassion, mercy, clemency, favour; a present;—markamat kardan, To have compassion.

a مرحمت کستری marhamat-gustari, The

exercise of mercy.

مرحول ه marhal, Saddled (camel).

marhūm, Pitied; one who finds pity; one whom God has taken into his mercy, the defunct of happy memory, the late; deceased;—ghairi marhūm, The dead of accursed memory (m.c.).

marhūmat, marhūma, Defunct, deceased (woman);—al-marhūmat, The city

Madina.

مرحى A muraḥḥī, A millwright.

with oil); playing, jesting, joking; the lower one of the two pieces of wood from which fire is struck by rubbing, the upper being called 'afār, and both taking their names from the tree from which they are respectively cut (see) the p. 855, and A. J.; p. 625).

marakhsha, Unhappy, unfortu-

nate; dying;—markhisha, A word.

allowed (to depart); licensed; [ma-rā mu-rakhkhas bi-farmāyīd, Allow me to withdraw, to go, to retire (m.c.);]—murakhkhis, One who gives leave; one who frees from trouble; one who renders easy or remiss.

a مرضى murakhkhasī, Leave, permission to depart, leave-taking (m.c.);—murakhkhasī, Thou art dismissed, allowed to go (phrase used in sending away an inferior, m.c.).

مرخم murakhkham, Adorned with marble, marbled; — murakhkhim, A stonecutter.

a مرحى markhī, Loose, flowing.

mard, A man, hero; brave, bold; a male; capable or able of (like the A. Jal q.v.); [mardi ādamī, A gentleman;—mardi āzāda, A free man; a man of liberal disposition (especially applied to the Irānians in opposition to the Turanians);—mardi īqān. The man of truth or conviction;—mardi khudā (haqq), A man of God; a priest of the Magi;—mardi rāh, A man of the road (to salvation); a pious man;—mardi gharīb, A foreigner; a stranger;—mardi kār-āmad (kārī), A man skilful in action;—mardi mardān (mardāna),

A man of or among men, one excelling amongst others, a man of superior strength or courage (see سرد سردانهوار and comp. mardani mard under (13,0); mardi nabard, A soldier, a man of war; -mardi neknām, A celebrated man, one of illustrious reputation];—murd, He died; dead, deceased; stagnant; (see also خردمرد p. 454); -mirad (for mirad), He dies; -murad, A sickle, a myrtle.

A مرد mard (v.n.), Rubbing or moulding (bread or medicines) with the haud; softening, steeping, dissolving; the fruit of the arak tree when fresh and tender; — murd (pl. of amrad), Beardless (youths); having a beard just sprouting (the same); -marad (v.n.), Being or becoming smooth; bald, beardless; eating habitually dates steeped in milk; being insolent, rebellious; stubborn; — maradd (v.n. of 5). Returning, answering, reducing, restoring, remitting; refusing, repelling, rejecting; reprobating, refuting; -muridd, Long unmarried; long on a journey; libidinous; angry; (the sea) rolling many waves.

א יינות murada' (pl. of marid), Insolent,

stubborn, obstinate, perverse.

سرداب mardāb, An extensive and deep lake or pond; -murdāb (dead water), A back-water; creek; a lagoon (m.c.).

יענונ murdād, Name of the fifth Persian month (July); name of an angel; name of the 7th and 8th days of the month.

a مرد ادمیت mardi-adamīyat, Gentility;

generosity.

murdar, A dead carcase, carriou;

impure, dirty, polluted; obscene.

murdār-khāna, A point of the table in the game of nard, whence it is not possible to extricate oneself; lurch, limbo.

murdār-khwār, An eater of مردار خوار

carrion; a carrion-crow or vulture.

a مردار سنج murdar-sanj, مردار سنج murdāsanj, and —

murdār-sang, Dross of lead.

mard-āzmā, Man-trying, manproving.

مرد اس mardas (for مرد اس), A hand-mill (= دست آس q.v.); name of Zahhāk's father. مست آس mard-āsā, Like a man, tall, manly (a youth).

mard-ispiram, مود اسطوم mard-ispiram isfiram, A kind of wild myrtle from which a vermifuge medicine is prepared.

murdāsang, Litharge, dross of

سرداش mardāsh, History, narration; a

mard-afkan, Overthrowing men, i.e. a hero, warrior, champion; strong,

mardan (pl. of mard), Heroes, warriors; -- mardani mard, Men who deserve the name of man, brave men of a manly character (comp. mardi mardan under نوره ;--mardani 'ulwi, The planets.

mardanagī, Manhood; manliness, courage prowess; - 'arşa'i mardanagi, A field of battle; arena, place of exercise.

wils, mardana, Brave, manly; courageously, vigorously; what belongs to a man (as male apartments, sanāna denoting the women's apartments); -- mardana kardan, To remove women from their apartments that men may enter.

mardani, Masculine (woman).

mard-avzhan (man overthrowing), Brave, warlike; generous, heady wine.

mard-āhang, A sort of curved مرد أهنك or crooked-bladed weapon (see حردم اهنگ). mard-bāz, An adultress, strumpet.

mard-bāzī, Adultery, whoredom. مردبان mardubān, A staircase; a ladder. mard-bacha, Son of a brave man.

maradat, marada (pl. of mārīd), Stubborn, obstinate, rebellious; devils; maraddat, Return; profit, emolument.

א בענע muraddad, Reprobated, ruined; irresolute, perplexed; reiterated; -muraddid, One who drives to and fro; one who revolves in his mind; a repeller.

mard-rav, A pathway, passage,

thoroughfare (m.c.).

mard-raughan, Semen virile.

murdari, Effects of a dead person, inheritance; hereditary; worthless, vile; left empty (see the following and مردة رى).

murdareg, A kind of sand used مردريك م by goldsmiths for polishing; small gravel; hereditary effects left at death.

mirdas, Any hard and broad stone مردس ۸

with which anything is smoothed.

mard-shinasi, Knowledge of men.

murd-shuy, A washer of dead bodies.

muradda' (A garment) perfumed مردع 🗚 with fragrant unguents (rad').

murdif, One who seats (another) مردف behind him.

a مرزنگوش mardaqosh (from P. مردتوش marzangosh), Mouse-ear (Myosotis), an aromatic plant.

مردك mardak, A little man, a manikin; a

low fellow, puppy; vile, base.

mard-kar, Acting as a man, valiant, brave; a hero.

מענטלט murdagān (pl. of murda), The dead.

mardgosh, Marjoram. مردكوش

مردگی mardagī, Sodomy; — murdagī, Death.

mard-gīr, A crooked-bladed weapon .(.v.) مرد آهنگ ش

mard-gīrān, Name of a festival مرد گیران celebrated by the ancient Persians during the five last days of the month isfandarmus

at the close of the year, during which the women are permitted to rule the men and treat them as they please; on the first of these days from sun-rise until the sun-rise of the following day the charms against noxious insects are written, which will be found described under the heading ruq'a'i kazh-dum sub &i,.

man; civil, humane; capable of; worthy of (like A. اهر); —mardumiābī, An animal of human shape coming forth from the water, a mer-man or mer-maid; —mardumi chashm, The pupil of the eye (pl. mardum-

āni chashm).

ינים آزار mardum-āzār, Man-tormenting; an oppressor.

יינים אוֹלוני mardum-āzārī, Oppression. אינים אוֹלוני mardum-āmez, Humane, polite. יינים אויינים mardumān (pl. of mardum), People, men and women in general, man-

kind.

سردم اهنج mardum-āhanj, Man-over-throwing.

مردم أهنك mardum-āhang, A sort of weapon.

a مردم عمال mardum-khisāl, With the qualities of a man.

مودم موار mardum-khwar, (مورم موار khwar, khwur), A cannibal; a tyrant.

a معال معالله mardum-khiyāl, Fancied to be a man without being so, having the form or shape of man.

יינים خير mardum-khez, Producing men. פינים האפים mardum-dārī, Humanity; politeness.

ינים כין mardum-dar, (man-tearing) Who or what tears to pieces and devours man-

ייני ייני איני פוא פולי mardi-mardāna-wār, Like a man of courage (see mardi mardān under mard).

مردم زاد mardum-zād, A man, son of a man.

mardum-shumārī, Numbering of the people, a census.

mardum-shinās, Who knows mankind.

murdam-shināsī, Knowledge of mankind, experience of the world.

mardumak, A little man, dwarf, manikin; a vetch, a pea;—mardumaki chashm, The pupil of the eye.

مردم کش mardum-kush, A murderer, murderous.

-ردم کشی mardum-kushī, Murder, homicide; man-slaughter.

אניה אלען mardum-gazā, (man-biting) A tyrant; noxious, injurious.

مردم کرائی mardum-gazā'ī, Tyranny, oppression.

مردم کیاه mardum-giyā, مردم کیاه mardum-giyāh, A plant, the produce of China, said to resemble a man and woman, and to

which many wonderful effects are attributed; the mandrake; the colocynth.

שנים שלו mardum-nizhād, Of the race of

مردم نوازی mardum-nawāzī, Courtesy. مردمه سردمه marduma, The pupil of the eye.

mardumī, Manliness, humanity, courtesy, politeness, bravery, civility, generosity.

مون mirdan. The spindle of a distaff; —murdin, Dark, obscure, shady; smelling badly (perspiration).

murdan, To die, expire; to be extinguished, go out; to be offered in sacrifice; $-t\bar{u}$ bi-mirî. Thou shalt die (if such or such a thing is not true), by your death (formula of swearing, m.c.).

ورد نا ديده mard-nā-dīda, Who has not seen a man, unseen of man (a virgin).

مرد نا رسيدة *mard-nā-rasīd*a, Unblemished (virgin), who bas not known a man.

سردنی murdani, To die; fit to die, deserving of death; of or relating to death, death-like; a death; a funeral.

א ייניני mardūd, Returned, restored; rejected, thrown back, repulsed, excluded, reprobated, confuted.

A פֿגיים mardūdat, mardūda, A divorced woman returned to her father's house.

a مردوديق mardūdī, مردوديق mardūdīyat, Repulse, rejection; apostasy; the state of one rejected, &c.

مردوس mardūs, مردوس mardūsh, A Damaseus scallion ; difficult.

אברוא scanon; difficult.

A ציינים mardu, Infected, tinctured, stained; tinctured with saffron; fallen back, relapsed (sick man).

A 690 mardun, Patched.

مردوى murdawī (?), Name of a champion in Tazhav's army (see جُارِ).

مرده murda, Dead, defunct; a corpse. مردها murda-hā (pl. of the preceding), The dead.

ورده دل murda-dil, Cold-hearted, lifeless. مرده دلي مالي murda-dilī, Lifelessness; cold-heartedness.

murda-rīk, مرده ویک murda-rīk, مرده ویک murda-reg, Effects of a dead person, anything hereditary; left as a heirloom, left behind, hence, in some cases, left void or deprived of; useless, worthless, good for nothing. (See مرد وی) and

مردة منكت murda-sany, Litharge of lead. مردة هو murda-shū, A washer of the dead. هزد هو هانه murda-shū-khāna, Place where the dead are washed.

مردة فريث murda-farosh, Name of a caste whose business is to carry the dead.

مرده گوش murda-gosh, Sweet marjoram. بردی murdawār, As dead, like one dead. مردی mardī, Manliness, virility, valour; bold, brave, warlike;—marde, A man, a certain man.

a مرسل mirdá, A stone thrown; anything that dashes to pieces; -mirdá 'l-harb, A bold man, brave in war.

a مردى mardī, Aimed at or struck with a stone.

a مرذول marzūl, Reprobated, discarded.

mirar (pl. of marrat), Times, turns.

marz, A limit, border, boundary of a country; a region, district; a kind of intoxicating liquor; beer; a field with a raised border; land; cultivated; coition; —marz, murz, The hole of the fundament; murz. A mouse.

مرز marz (v.n. of مرز), Pressing gently with the tips of the fingers without giving pain (when painful it is expressed by qars);

disparaging, disgracing.

mirzā (for mīr-zā), A Persian title; when it is put after a proper name it usually means "prince," as ibrāhīm mirzā. Prince Ibrahim; but when it appears before, it means a gentleman, an educated person, a scholar, only, as mirzā ibrāhīm, Mr. Ibrahim, Ibrahim, Esq., Dr. Ibrahim, &c.;—mirzā bī-parwā, A reckless fellow; (in India) three small delicate golden chains fixed to the hair by small hooks (the lower ends sometimes set with precious stones).

mirzāb, A canal, conduit, water-

pipe; a long ship, a man-of-war.

a وزا مزام mirzā-mizāj, Fastidious, nice. mirzā-manish, Of a princely nature or disposition; genteel, gentlemanly.

mirzā-manishī, Noble disposi-

tion, gentlemanliness.

wurzan, The narcissus.

marzān-gosh, Mouse-ear (a

plant; see مرزن and مرزن).

mirza'ī, An under jacket with long مرزائي loose sleeves and open cuffs; a quilted coat; the behaviour or manners of a mirzā; gentility; princeliness; princedom; arrogance.

יקלאט marzbān, marzabān, in A. marzubān, A general of the confines, governor on the borders of a hostile country, lord-marcher, margrave, landgrave; a landed proprietor.

مرزبة م marzabat, marzaba, A way; regimen, government; the office of marzuban; -mirzabat, mirzabbat, A clod-crushing mallet.

יענ הפח marz-būm, marzubūm (for יענ הפח q.v.), Confines of a hostile country; any place where one resides; -har marzubūm, All countries, everywhere.

marazzat, A rice-ground.

A درزع marzah, A long way to travel.

marz-dar, Holder of a border-.(.v.) مرز بان = land

■ murazsaz, (Meat) dressed with rice

(rusz).

marzaghan, سرزغان marzaghan, Hell ; a chafing-dish; a burial-place.

marzgun, The penis.

mirzam, Name of three stars, one in the right shoulder of Orion, the second in the hind dexter foot of the Canis Major, and the third in the neck of Canis Minor.

a مرزمان mirzamān, مرزمین mirzamīn (du. of mirzam), The two stars mentioned last in the preceding article.

warran, A mouse.

a مرزجوهه marzanjūsh, مرزجوهه nrarzanjosha, and-

marzangosh, Mouse-ear odoriferous plant); a white rose; purslain; the ringlets of a mistress.

marzū, A field with a raised border,

.(... q.v.) مرز = &c. (=

marzwān, marzawān, General of the confines, governor on the horder of a hostile country (= مرزبان q.v.).

murzūbūm, Limits or boundary of a country, a place where one resides.

marzūq, Supplied with food, fed; happy, fortunate; acquired by art.

A مرونات marzūqāt, Riches, estates.

marz-u-kishwar, Region; empire; territory.

marzūm, Broken down by disease. q.v. مرزو = marzūy, مرزوى

marza, A mouse; a lamp; a trowel; origany.

marza-gosh, Mouse-ear (a plant). marzh, mirzh, Name of a fire-wor-

mars, Name of a fire-worshipper (see preceding article); name of a fruit.

A مرمس mars (v.n. of مرمس), Steeping, soaking, or dissolving (in water); sucking the fingers (an infant); wiping the hands with a napkin; one who applies himself strenuously to anything; - mars, maris, Mode, habit, manner, fashion; — maras (v.n.), Hanging from the pulley (the rope of a bucket); (in P. mars) a rope, esp. one tied round the neck of a dog (see هرزه صرس); -miris, A physician; an oculist.

mirsāt, An anchor.

A ----- mirsab, The sword of Muhammad; one of the swords sent by Bilqis as a present to Solomon.

marast, May it not remain! perish

murassas, Well-grounded, firm (a building).

a مرسع murassi', Troubled with a dis-

temper in the eye-lids.

A مرسل mursal, Sent to others; let loose; allowed to fall (hair); an ambassador; a prophet, apostle; a tradition quoted by a tābi'ā or follower of Muhammad as a saying of his, without mentioning a sahābī or companion to whom it had been delivered; [mureal ilai-hi, He to whom (any person or thing) is sent;—nabi'i mursal, The prophet sent, i.e. Muhammad;]—mursil, fem. Muhammad;]—mursilat, mursilat, mursilat, a sender (of an ambassador, &c.); one who loosens (the hair), dismisses (a man), lets loose (a beast), lets fall (a blow), lets (a mouthful) descend (down his throat).

Mursalat (pl. of mursalat), (Women) __sent; letters, missives;—al-

mursalāt, Winds; angels; horses.

مرسله mursalat, mursala (fem. of mursal), Sent; a letter; a necklace, that part of it which hangs down the bosom;—mursala bastan, To put on a necklace, to clasp it round the neck.

مرسله بند mursala-band, A clasp for a necklace.

mursala-paiwand, A pen;

adorning, serving as ornament.

a مرسلون mursalīn (obl. pl. of mursal, used as nom.), Prophets; apostles;—saiyidu 'l-mursalin, Prince of the apostles, i.e. Muhammad;—shaikhu 'l-mursalīn, Noah.

مرسم ه murassam, Striped (cloth).

marsūm, Signed, marked, notified, described; prescribed; stretched out; accustomed; persuaded; a letter; a mandate; pay, stipend, salary;—marsūmi amān, Royal letters of security;—marsūmi dāghi wafādārī, Impressed with the mark of sincerity, i.e. faithful, religious, worthy of confidence or trust;—bī-marsūm, Without pay, stipend, or salary.

a مرسوم عوار marsūm-khwār, A stipen-

diary.

א יעייעט marsūn, Haltered (horse).

marsá, mursá, A place where anything stands firmly; a port, anchorage;—mursá (v.n. 4 of رسو), Causing to stand still;—mursī, (God) who causes (the earth) to stand firm.

مرسية mureiyat, Name of a city in the West (Murcia in Spain?).

marsīliyā, Marseilles (m.c.).

مرش marsh (v.n. of مرش), Scratching with the nails; hurting by unkind words; ground furrowed by rain.

مرهاه مرهاه marshā', Évil, malignant (fem.). مرهان marshāl, A marshal (m.c. from Fr. or E.).

A hap mirashshat, An instrument for sprinkling.

مرهم mirshah, مرهم mirshahat, A saddle-cloth.

marshad, The right way; a firm resolution;—murshid, A guide to the right way, i.e. salvation; a spiritual adviser; an instructor, director, monitor; the head of a religious order; (ironically) a knowing fellow, a knave;—murshidi rāh, A guide on the road (of Sufic perfection).

a مرهد آباد murshid-ābād, Name of a place

in Bengal.

a مرطدى murshidī, Instruction in religion.

مرهف مرهف marshaf, A place of sucking or sipping.

marshūsh, Sprinkled.

nirṣād, A broad, open way; a place where an enemy is watched.

A مرصد marşad, A place of observation or lying in wait;—mirşad, A broad, open way (see مرصاد);— murşid, Land rained upon.

مرص م murassas, Covered with lead;

washed over with tin (rasās).

with jewels; [shamsheri murassa', A scimetar studded with gems;]—murassa', One who sets (a crown, &c.) with gold and precious stones; a composer, arranger.

a יייסש קישט murassa'-zabān, Of elegant

speech.

a مرمع عوانى mwrassa'-khwānī, Adorned language; a well-arranged speech or narrative.

a مرمع كار murassa'-kār, A stone-setter; a

lapidary.

a مرمع کاری murassa'-kārī, The act or business of setting or studding with jewels, &c., stone-setting.

a مرمعينه muraṣṣa'īna, Set, studded.

مرصود م marṣūd, (A field) wet with one shower; (a star) whose station is known by observation.

א מיפיפט marṣūs, fem. מיפיפט marṣūṣat, marṣūṣa, Soldered, cemented, lined with lead (raṣāṣ);—bunyāni marṣūṣa'i ṣidq u ṣafā, The fabric cemented by sincere love.

narṣūf, Joined together (stones).

A مرمون marṣūn, A limb pricked with a needle, upon which woad is afterwards

rubbed; tattooed.

A مرض marz (v.n. of مرض), Falling sick; a disease in the heart; doubt; darkness; loss, detriment; hypocrisy, deceit; debility, languor, lukewarmness; — maraz (v.n.), Falling sick; disease, sickness, indisposition, distemper; hypocrisy, doubt, unbelief; loss, detriment; darkness; languor, debility; [marazi ashadd, A severe illness; -marazu 'l-maut, The last illness; -marazi jibillī (aṣtī, zātī), A disease from nature; -marazi zahra, Jaundice;--marazi sāqit. The falling sickness, epilepsy; - marazi sa'b, An obstinate disease, a troublesome or painful complaint; — marazi 'ārīz, An accidental indisposition; — marazi lāhiqa, Disease, illness; -- marazi muhlik, A dangerous or fatal illness;]-mariz, Sick, diseased, ill; pained at heart.

مرفا م marzā (in regimen for marzá, pl. of marīz), Sick, infirm;—marzā'i ummat,

The weaker part of the nation.

مرماة م مرماة به marzāt, in P. مرماة A being pleased, satisfied.

mirzāh, مرماح مرماح mirzāh, A stone

with which date-stones and the like are

mirzāfat, A hot stone thrown into milk in order to warm it.

mirzakhat, A stone with which date-stones are broken.

a مرض مير maraz-khez, What produces illness.

marza', A teat, a nipple; any place sucked ;--murzi', مرضعة murzi'at, murzi'a, (A mother) having a sucking infant or young; a wet-nurse.

marzūw, Agreeable, acceptable.

א בילינד marzūh, (A date-stone) crushed.

narzūz, مرهوض Broken, crushed.

marzūf, (Meat) roasted on a hot stone; (a pot) set a boiling by throwing in

marzá (pl. of marīz), Sick, ill.

a مرضى marzī, Agreeable, acceptable, anything in which one takes a pleasure; laudable; will, assent, pleasure; concurrence.

marzīyāt, marziyāt, Things مرفيات agreeable or pleasing.

مرضها مرضها marziyat-an, marziyat-an, Willingly; to one's pleasure, satisfactorily.

مرط mart, (v.n. of مرط Pulling out hairs; collecting; making haste; mirt, A kind of short garment of wool or coarse silk; murt (pl. of amrat), Thin-bearded (men); he-goats; thieves; -marat (v.n.), Having the cheeks or other parts of the body smooth, without hairs; murut, An arrow without wings.

mariab, Green, verdant (soil); murtib, Humid, moist, wet; fresh (date); laden with fresh dates (a palm-tree); (a field) abounding with green herbage;murattib, Who or what makes moist.

A مرطبان martabān, A glazed vessel (= مرغبان q.v.).

مرطبنة مرطبنة martabanat, = مرطبنة q.v.
A مرطبن martūb, Moist, humoral; supple, soft; (in P.) strong, robust; -martūbu'lmizāj, Of a humid complexion.

martis, A blue medicinal stone.

مرع mar' (v.n. of ورع Anointing (the head) plentifully; combing (the hair); plenty of forage; — mur' (pl. of mur'at, mura'at), Asiatic woodcocks; -mari', One who wants or seeks fodder.

مرعاة مرعاة mar'āt, Pasture, a meadow.

A مرعان mur'an (pl. of mur'at, mura'at), Asiatic woodcocks.

mar'abat, A desert or any place ورعبة striking with terror; anything causing sudden fright.

A degree mur'at, mura'at, A species of the attagen, or Asiatic woodcock.

mur'id, Thundering (cloud).

mar'ash, mur'ash, A kind of dove مرعش which fles high with sweeping circles.

مرعوب mar'ab, Terrified, terrible.

مرعى Mar'á (v.n. of رعى), Feeding, being pastured; forage; pasture; a piece of pasture ;--mar'ī, fem. مرعية mar'īyat, mar'īya, Pastured; tended upon; turned to graze; governed; guarded, observed; mar'ī dāshtan, To observe; — maṣāliḥi mar'īya, Maiters worthy of attention.

Er margh, A species of grass of which animals are exceedingly fond; name of a city (Merv ? see مرعر) ;--murgh (S. mriga, in the Veda used for bird), A bird, fowl; anything flying either on the wings as a bee or by means of membranes as a bat: the sun; a lump or branched stick of ginger; murghi ab, An aquatic bird, water-fowl; -murghi ātish-bār, A kind of fire-work; - murghi azar-afroz, The firekindling bird, i.e. the phænix; a moth;murghi aftab-'alam, Fire ;- murghi ilahi, The spirit, reasonable soul; -murghi amin, An angel flying in the air and continually calling out Amen! any prayer coinciding with this call being granted; —murghi bāgh, The garden-bird, i.e. the nightingale; murghi bam, The nightingale; the turtledove; -murgh ba-dām zadan, (met.) To have much appetite and no teeth; — murghi bi 'smi 'llāh, The words bi 'smi 'llāh written in the shape of a bird; —murghi jādū, A magical or enchanted bird;—murkhi chatrī, The umbrella bird (m.e.); — mwrghi chaman, A forest-bird; the nightingale; — murghi chaman-zād, A bird hatched in a garden; murgh haq-go = mur<u>ah</u>i shabāwez q.v.;—mur<u>ah</u>i <u>kh</u>ānagī, A domestic fowl; -murghi khwush-khwān, The nightingale; murghi dast-āmoz, A bird that has learned to sit on the hand; murghi dil, The heart, understanding;murghi dost, A talking bird ;--murghi dibā, A bird embroidered in brocade; -murghi rangīn-tāj, The cock; a woodcock; -murghi roz, The bird of day, the sun; -murghi sar, The sun; a golden cup made in the form of a bird; -murghi zarrīn (zarrīn-bāl), The sun; name of a bird (goldfinch? yellow-hammer?);
— murghi sand-khwān, The nightingale; - mur<u>gh</u>i zīrak-sār. Name of a black melodious bird; a starling (= y-q.v. p. 640); —murghi sabz-war, A fowl with red flesh under the throat and variegated wings, whose eggs, on account of their greater hardness and richer yolk, are much employed in the game played with eggs (see بيهمة بازى p. 222);—murghi sahur, The morningbird, i.e. the nightingale; the cock; the turtle-dove; a devout man who rises betimes; - murghi sahar-khwan, The cock; the nightingale; the turtle-dove; -murghi sidra, The angel Gabriel; -murghi sulaimān, The bird of Solomon, i.e. the hoopoo; -murghi shab-āwez, Name of a bird which is said to suspend itself by the claws, and to

cry haq haq the whole night, till the blood drops from its mouth ; murgh chab-ahang (shab-khez), The nightingale; — murghi shab-khwān, The nightingale; the cock; -murghi shab u roz, The moon and sun; -murghi subh-khwān, The nightingale; the cock; murghi tarab, The nightingale; a musician; a singer; a carrier-pigeon; murghi 'iṣá, A bat; — murgh fulāne dost mī-khwānad, (met.) Such a one is in good humour because things go well with him; -murghi falak, An angel; -murghi qiblanama, An artificial bird, indicating the qibla;—murghi qanārī, Acanary bird (m.c.); -murghi kāghazī, A paper kite ;--murghi gurg, A brooding hen ;-murghi gosht-ruba, A kite; murghi lab, A word, speech; murghi majnun, The bird said to have built its nest on Majnun's head; -murghi masīhā, = murghi 'iṣá q.v.; — murghi mutrib, The nightingale; a musician; a singer; - murghi magas, The humming-bird; murahi nāma (nāma-bar), A carrier-pigeon; -murghi nāma-āwar, The hoopeo; a carrierpigeon; a postman, courier; -murahi humāyūn-fal, The Humā-bird ;—murghi yāqūtpar, An epithet of fire; -murghi in injir nist, He is not a bird for this fig, i.e. he is not a fit person for this undertaking;pil-murgh (fil-murgh), The turkey, or elephant bird ;-shutur-murah, The ostrich, or camel-bird.

A & margh (v.n.), Eating grass; standing in the grass, rolling in his pasture (a horse); foaming at the mouth (a camel); a garden, particularly one abounding in plants; - margh, maragh (?), Spittle, saliva; -marigh, (Hair) which needs ointment.

murahāb. Name of a river (otherwise called marv-rūd, see יינף (פינף (פינף (פינף)); (for murghi āb) an aquatic bird.

murghābī, An aquatic bird, water-fowl; a wild duck; a teal; the plant Sanseviera zeylanica. (See murghi āb or ābī under (مرغ).

Jul & murgh-aghāl, A hen-coop, an aviary.

ode, murghān (pl. of murgh), Birds; fowls; — murghāni ūlī ajniha, Winged birds; angels; -murghāni sidra ('arshī), Angels; — ābila'i murghān, Chicken-pox; ābi murghān, A fountain between Sbīrāz and Ispahān.

murgh-andāz, The act of swallow-

ing, deglutition, a gulp.

سرمانه murghāna, A bird's egg.

murghib, Opulent, affluent; muraghghib, One who renders greedy.

a مرغبه (۱), A question; one who gives, bestows upon, inclines to.

murgh-baz, A cock fighter or feeder. A مرغبازي murgh-bāzī, Cock-fighting.

المردة murgh-parwarda, Brought up by

a bird (applied to Sal, the father of Rustam).

marghat, A garden full of plants. ქა murgh-dil, Chicken - hearted. timid.

marghas, marghus, Name of a place سرعر (probably the old name of Marv; see (مرغوی).

marghzār, A place abounding with the grass margh; a verdant lawn, mead, meadow; — marghzāri 'uqbá, The amber heaven.

murgh-zabānak, The produce of the plant called sparrow's tongue.

marghazan, A burying-ground (see

. (مرزعن

marghazī, A native of Marghaz; (according to some marginal glosses to the Masnawi of Jallalu 'd-din Rumi) a native of Mary (under the supposition that Marghaz is the older name for Marv, this would account for the irregular Arabic maneūb سروري q.v.).

murghis, murghas, One who enriches or benefits himself, and who lives luxuriously; affluence, ample means, com-

mand of luxuries.

marghash, Name of a city in Syria.

murghak, A little bird, chicken;—murghaki dānā, The wise bird, i.e. the parrot.

marghawā, murghuwā, An evil; a مرغوا bad situation; unfortunate omen; an imprecation.

א יעלני marghūb, fem. marghūbat, marghuba. Desired, coveted; desirable, amiable, lovely, estimable, excellent, beautiful.

marghūs, Happy, blest; rich. marghūl, مرغول marghūla, Locks twisted, plaited, or curling; crisp, curly hair; a fold, wrinkle; noise, clamour; a sweet, melodious voice; a trill, shake, quaver (construed with kashidan and gushādan); alacrity, mirth, glee.

murgha, An egg. maraghiyān, Followers of the prophet Mazhdak (see مردك).

marfā, A kind of drum.

a مرفد murfid, A maker of stuffing for saddles. (See ارفاده).

mirfashat, A shovel, spade.

marfaq, marfiq, mirfaq (v.n. of رنى), Aiding, assisting; advantage, gain, profit; an appurtenance; a convenience; the elbow; -marfiq, A place upon which a person leans with the elbow; a gutter on a house-top.

mirfaqat, A cushion, bolster, pillow, or anything upon which a person leans.

a مرفو marfū, Darned.

مرفوض marfūz, Rejected, thrown away; (a camel) turned loose to pasture at liberty. مولك marfa, A kind of drum (see مراكا).

muraffah, Quiet, tranquil, contented, happy, prosperous; [muraffahu'lbal (-khātir), Contented in mind, easy at heart; -muraffahu 'Lhāl, In easy circumstances; - muraffih, A giver of ease and

a مرنه حال , muraffa-aḥwāl مرنه احوال muraffa-hāl, In comfortable or easy circum-

stances; in clover.

مرق Making plenty (مرق *marq* (v.n. of مرق of broth; pulling wool or pelt off a skin; the chant of men or women-singers, especially of the meaner rank (as strollers); a putrid skin; apostatizing; -maraq, Broth; blight of corn; -muriqq, Elegant (writer); thin-hoofed (horse).

marqāt, mirkāt, A staircase; the step of a staircase; the round of a ladder.

مرات marqab, مرات marqabat, A watchtower, or high place whence observation is made; name of several fortified places.

مرتة م maragat, maraga, A quantity or a

kind of broth.

مرتد marqad, A bed, sleeping-place; a sepulchre, tomb, grave; --murqid, in P. also marqad, Soporiferous, narcotic; a soothing, quieting medicine.

marqashīshā, The marcasite-stone.

murqiş, muraqqiş, One who makes or causes to dance.

مرتع 🛦 muraqqaʻ, Patched, mended, botched; ragged, clad in rage; (in India) a book of pictures or drawings, or of specimens of fine penmanship; a portfolio; a scrap-book; an album; [muruqqa'i taşwīr, A book of pictures, &c.;]-muraqqi', A patcher, botcher.

a مرتع دار muraqqa'-dār, A wearer of ragged garments; --muraqqa'-dari iblisi, A diabolical sect; an agent for the devil; sinful practices carried on under the mask of piety;—also murraqa'-dāri īmān-ī, Thou art a factor of Satan; thou perpetratest wickedness under the garb of religion.

muraqqaq, Thinned, sharpened, whetted.

mirgam, A pen, style for writing

marqum, Written, described, inscribed, computed, dated; above-mentioned, aforesaid; sealed (letter); marked, especially with orthographical points; -marqumu 'l-hāshiya, Written on the margin; -marqum kardan, To inscribe.

marqūn, Name of a priest of the Magi who maintained the doctrine of three

principles.

a مرتبه marqiya, Name of a fort on the shore of Emessa.

markab, A horse, camel, carriage, ship, or anything in which one is carried; a vehicle; a mount; a spur; [markabi jam, Solomon's vehicle, i.e. the wind; markabi jamām, A horse that quickly devours his corn; -markabi chūbin (chūpin), A bier, a hearse, a coffin;]-murakkab, Compounded, composed, mixed; placed, mounted, set (as a stone in a ring); a sentence; a mixture, compound; ink; a kind of orange; -murakkabi isnādī (tāmm), A sentence complete in itself and independent.

A مركبات murakkabāt, Compound medi-

cines.

markas, markis, A centre, centre of a circle; a place of residence, halting-place, military camp; — markazi siql, Centre of gravity; -markazi khwurshed, The fourth heaven; the world; - markasi musallas, The station of the sun in one of the four triads of celestial signs which are called after the elements (see with); -quwati mutanaffiru'l-markas, Centrifugal force.

رز راين markaz rāyan, (in Zand and Pāzand) Any number of crimes deserving

of death.

a مرکز نورد markaz-naward, Revolving round a centre.

a مركز وار markas wār, Like a centre.

مرکزی markanī, Central (m.c.).

A wirkazat, A horse that kicks up the earth with his feet.

a مركن mirkan, A vessel of earth or stone. in which clothes are washed, a wash-tub.

אביף markūb, Ridden (horse); (a carriage, animal, road) by or on which one travels).

markūz, Fixed, fastened; infixed. implanted; hid, buried; comprehended, concentered; wish, desire.

مرکوش مرکوش markūz, (A horse) put to his speed.

א יעלים markūm, Piled, heaped, accumulated.

marg, Death; [margi ittifāqī, Accidental death; sudden death;—margi tū mubārak bād, May thy death be blessed! (said when a calamity befalls one); -- margi khar 'arusī sag ast, The death of the ass is a wedding-feast for the dog (said when the wealth of a miser passes to the heirs);-margi rāḥat-rasān, Death bringing rest;margi tab'ī, A natural death ;-margi kase didan, To survive another; to see the last of a person, to see one go; -margi māhī, Anything by which fish are intoxicated and caught; -margi mufājāt (nā-gahānī), Sudden death; -margi mosh, Rats-bane; real-

gar;]—murg, Snot.
مرکامرکی marg-ā-marg, مرکامرک marg-ā-

margi, A plague, pestilence.

marg-ā-margi-zadagī, A being مرکامرکی زدگی smitten with pestilence.

marg-ā-margī-zada, Smitten

with pestilence.

marg-ā-margīnāk, Pestilential.

murgū, A sparrow.

(?), A key (doubtful word).

a مرم maram (for marham), A plaster.

A or مرمات A small or مرمانه weak arrow; also one with a broad point for learning to shoot; a target; a cloven

marmāza, A present, a gift; anything elegant (unsupported by examples).

marammat (v.n. of مرمة), Mending, repairing (a house); reparation, repair; marammat kardan, To mend, repair.

a مرصت عواة marammat-khwāh, مرصت عواة

marammat-talab, Wanting, repair.

a مرمتى marammati, Repaired, mended;

in need of repair; out of order.

marmar, Marble; a juicy pomegranate without pulp; soft, delicate, and tremulous; a certain cut or fashion of a woman's dress; --marmari alwān, Coloured marble (m.c.); -marmari sabz, Malachite (m.c.).

مرمس ه marmas, A grave, a tomb. A مرموز marmūz, Expressed by signs.

marmüq, Looked back on, glanced مرصوق ه at; (in P.) having become thin, delicate, wcak, small, &c. (should perhaps be مرقوق $marq\ddot{u}q).$

مرمول ه marmūl, Covered or strewn over

with sand (raml), sanded.

مرمى ه marmá, An object shot at, game; -marmī, Thrown, cast.

A مرن marn (v.n. of مرن), Anointing the worn part of a camel's hoof; -marin, State, condition, habit.

mirnan, A stiff, hard, sounding مراان bow.

marnab, (A garment) woven with a mixture of hare's pile; (a country) abounding in hares (arnab); a large mouse,

مردة A twanging bow; a

مراج A مراج maranj, Name of a fort in Hindūstan.

mirand (for mirand), They die.

marang, Name of a fort in India.

marangu, A porcupine.

marv, Name of a fragrant herb; a fire-striking stone; name of a city in Khurāsān;—ma-rav (prohib. of raftan), Go

murwā, A good omen; prognostication of happiness; -murwāyi nek, A good omen; the twenty-second note of Barbud.

murū'at, The being brave and

manly.

marwārīd, A pearl; a disease of

the eye from old age (see ābi marwārīd under ψ i);—marwārīd bastan. To be promoted to a new situation; to blush, be ashamed;—marwārīdi nā-sufta, An unbored pearl; (met.) a virgin; an original saying.

mirwab, A vessel in which milk

is left to thicken; a churn.

مروة Marwat, marwa, A flint-stone; the mountain of Mecca, so called from its flints; -- murūwat (v.n. of ",), Being bold, masculine, manly, vigorous; manhood, virility, fortitude; human nature; humanity; generosity, politeness; — bī-muruwat, Inhuman, uncivil, rude, unpolished.

a مروتى murūwatī, Manly; humane;

generous.

murūj (pl. of marj), Meadows;-murauwaj, Current, saleable; usual; -murauwij, A seller (of merchandise) ;--murauwiji amti'a'i 'ulūm, A retailer of science.

תנש A ינש marūh, Light, sprightly (horse); excellent (bow); -mirwah (pl. of mirwahat), Fans; — murauwah, Perfumed, highly scented.

A مروحة marwaḥat, A desert; a place that may be blown through; -mirwahat, A fan.

marv-khwush, Name of a sweet مرو خوش

A sy marwad, murwad (v.n. 4 of si, for ررد)), Assisting, favouring; being benevolent, kind, easy; a light, gentle, slow pace; -mirwad, A bodkin with which the collyrium is applied to the eyes; the iron axle of a pulley; hood of a falcon;—murud (v.n. of مرد). Exceeding all bounds in wickedness, insolence, pride; obstinacy, stubbornness.

سرود murūd, A pear; a guava.

A 83 muradat (v.n. of syo), Being bare, beardless.

مرور A murur (v.n. of مرور Passing by, through, over, or across; being borne along; departing, proceeding, walking, marching; elapsing; passage, pass, transition, transit; (pl. of marrat) times, turns; -murūri zamān, Lapse of time;--murūr (murūr u 'ubūr) kardan, To proceed, pass over, cross; -- ba-murūr, In lapse of time; elapsed; ago; -ba-murūri aiyām (dahūr), In the course of days (ages).

nar o-rā, Him, her, it; to or for

him, her, it.

مرورهك marvrishk, Seed of marv (see مرورهك). marv-rūd, Name of a river (= سرغاب murghāb, q.v.); name of a place. مروريه marwariya, Wild endive; bitter

lettuce.

mwrūz, A people in Hari or Aria.

a مرزى marwazī, Belonging to the city of Marv (see مرغوي).

marosidan, To apply a remedy, give medicine; to be accustomed; to be afflicted.

ma-rosh (prohib. of roshidan), Shine not, enlighten not.

marv-shāhjān, مرو هاهجان marv-shāhjān, مرو هاهجان shahjan, The city of Marv in Khurasan.

A γισος, Broke in, trained (colt).

A by murut (pl. of mirt), Short smocks of wool or silk.

A 22 murauwa', Endued with accuracy, sagacity, and penetration; an expert physiognomist; — murauwi', Formidable,

dread-inspiring.

murūq (v.n. of مرق), Passing through and coming out at the other side (an arrow); (pl. of marq) beards (of corn); -murauwaq, Strained, racked, filtered; bright, clear; porticoed (house); - ābi murauwaq, Clear, filtered water.

א פינים marūn, Conquered, subjected; murun (v.n. of פיני), Softness, smoothness,

pliancy.

murunat (v.n. of مرونة), Being

smooth and hardish.

a مروة marwa, Name of a sacred mountain at Mecca (see A. امروة);—murauwah (for A. cor), Perfumed ;—murrauwih, Perfuming; a perfumer.

a cop marwi, Related, affirmed, told; alleged in the words or on the faith of

another.

marah (v.n.), Being diseased (the eye) for want of collyrium; -marih, Spoiled, weak; sore-eyed.

marra, Calculation, number, measure; (for A. 8,0), one time or turn; once; -bi'l-marra, Suddenly, all at once, completely (m.c.).

marhā' (fem. of amrah), (A woman) sore-eyed from neglecting to anoint with

collyrium.

▲ ← murhib, Appalling.

murhaf, A sword thin and keen at the curve where the execution is done; gaunt-bellied (horse).

murhafāt (pl. of the preceding),

Thin and keen swords.

murhaq, One whom others pursue in order to kill; overtaken; -murahhaq, One of whom a bad opinion is conceived, to whom madness or villainy is imputed; a man followed by others, on whom others depend, whom guests hang upon.

• murahhal, Swollen مرهل ه

a مرهم marham, A plaster, any dressing for wounds; salve; construed with afgandan, zadan, kardan, nihādan, &c.

a سرهم بها marham-bahā, A surgeon's

fee.

a مرهم پرست marham-parast, Careful in dressing a wound or putting on

marhamat, A putting on of a سرهما

plaster.

a وان marham-dan, The strip on which a plaster is put.

a مرهم marham-nih, Who applies 3 plaster.

مرطوب marhūb, Dreadful, dreaded; a

marhūf, Thin, slim, slenderbodied

אין marhūn, Pledged, pawned; (in poetry applied to a couplet or part of a couplet) connected in sense with what follows (opp. to ممروك q.v.).

A mari, mari, The gullet, the cesophagus; -mary (v.n.), Milking, pressing the teats; spurring (a borse) to increase (his) speed; striking (the ground) with the fore-feet (a horse, either from sprightliness or pain); dissolving (a cloud) into rain (wind); denying;—muri, Who cedes his turn of drinking to another;—murrá (fem. of amarr), Bitter.

mire, Labour, diligence; equality in power or rank; an agreement, league (particularly in mischief); litigation, lawsuit; good news.

muryāfilun (G. μυρίοφυλλον),

Millefoil.

א ייניי murīb, Doubtful, apocryphal; suspected; scandalous; sly, deceitful.

🛦 مَا *miryat*, Doubt, ambiguity; altercation, contention.

a & murriyat, Bitterness.

A τίμο maτῖj, Confused, involved, intricate (business).

T arrij, The river Ebrus in Thrace. A marih, Shaken by the wind;-

mirrih, Sprightly, jovial.

A primirrikh, The planet Mars; a firebrand, torch; iron, steel; a long arrow with four wings or feathers; a target;mirrīkhi āftāb-alam, A blazing fire; — mirrīkhi zuḥal-khwār, The embers of a firebrand;—mirrīkhi nabard, A bold warrior; —mirrīkh u kaiwān dīdan, To see charcoal half lighted in a chafing-dish.

a - mirrīkh-salab, Scarlet rai-

ment; clad in scarlet.

a مربخی mirrīkhī, Born under the influence of Mars.

A warid, Stubborn, obstinate, contumacious, perverse, disobedient, insolent, prond; a date softened and dressed in milk; name of a mountain; also of a fortress:—murīd, Desirous, willing; a scholar, disciple, the obsequious follower of another; a sūfī, santon;—mirrīd, Very stubborn.

a مريدانه muridāna, Like a scholar,

scholar-like.

a مريدن maridan, To freeze, congeal; (for ميزيدن q.v.) to make water (doubtful).

a مريدي murīdī, Scholarship, discipleship. A narir, Robust, strong; -also by marirat, marira, A long and firmly-twisted rope; purpose, design, intention.

murī zabānak, A kind of medicine, called likewise khūb kalān.

א יינייט maris, Steeped, soaked (date); crumbled, grated, or sliced bread for putting in milk or broth.

narish, muraiyash, Feathered, ويش

winged (arrow).

mareshum, A plaster for a sore.

مريض marīz, Sick, ill, infirm, diseased ; marīz u sāḥibi firāsh, Sick and bed-ridden; -qauli mariz, A feeble expression; unsound doctrine, weak argument.

A day marīzat, marīza, Sick (woman); weak, dim (eye); unhealthy (country).

a هريض عاله marīz-khāna, A hospital.

marī', Fertile, abounding in grass مربع and water (place).

مريم م maryam, Mary ;—maryami 'ūr, The branch of a vine in the autumn ; -- ibn maryam, The son of Mary, i.e. Jesus Christ;bukhūri maryam, The herb sowbread;hazrati maryam, The Virgin Mary.

mirim (for mirim), We die.

mari', Manly, strong, brave ; light, easy of digestion.

y maz, (imp. of mazīdan), Suck thou.

A y mazz (v.n. of y), Sucking; -mizz, Excellence; measure, quantity; increase; -muzz, Bitter-sweet (as wine or a pomegranate); sweet wine.

muza'baq, Washed or overlaid مواهبي ه with quicksilver (zībaq), quicksilvered.

mazābil (pl. of mazbalat), Dung-

مرابع مرابع muzābanat (v.n. 3 of مرابع Selling without weight or measure (forbidden by the Muhammadan law, as depending on conjecture).

A sly mizāj, Temperament, complexion, constitution, habit of body, disposition, temper; interrogatively for: mizāji sharīf ('alī, mubārak) chi taur-ast, How do you do? (m.c.);—mizāji gauharān, The elements.

a مراع دار mizāj-dār, Proud, haughty,

conceited.

a واع دان mizāj-dān, Knowing the temperament; a confidant.

a مراج کوی mizāj-gūy (goy), Complimentary.

mizāj-gīr, Agreeable, suited to the temper, constitution or taste.

a مراجى mizāṇ, Constitutional, habitual; fastidious, squeamish, nice; proud, haughty.

nuzāh (v.n. of مراء , muzāh, مراء), muzāh, مراء مراء المراء المراء مراء المراء ith; a joke, jest, fun, frolic; mazzāh, Playful, gay, jocose; a jester.

■ مراحف mazāḥif, Tracks of serpents ; muzāhaf, (Verse) in which one letter between two others is dropped (so that they are brought together).

muzāḥakat, A removing, putting مزاحكة away.

muzāhim, Inconvenient, preventive, hindering, molesting; impediment, obstacle; - muzāhim shudan, To molest, to be troublesome.

A مراحم muzāhamat (v.n. 8 of رحم), Hindering, preventing from taking effect; disturbing, pressing upon, especially in a crowd; hindrance, prevention, impediment, let, obstruction, molestation; a crowd, mob, throng; — bila-musahamat. Undisturbed, unmolested, &c.

muzākharat, Boast, a glorying

against.

سواد mazād, Name of a game, very similar to if not identical with the game described

under عربازان q.v., p. 452.

mazad, Auction, a selling to the highest bidder; (pl. of mazādat) large water bottles made of a double skin, and sometimes covered with a third [mazād kardan, To raise the price, bid above;] muzād, Increased, augmented.

A Soly mazādat, A large water-bottle made of a double skin, and enclosed sometimes in a third, to prevent in warm countries the exhalation or evaporation of the water; a purse, bag, scrip, or anything similar in which provisions are carried; a

مرار mazār (v.n. of رور), Visiting; a place of visitation; a shrine, sepulchre, tomb, grave; visitation, a visit;—mazār bastan, To prepare a tomb;—mazāri sa'ādat-madar, The glorious sepulchre.

A bly muzarat (v.n. of 99), Visiting.

A bly muzarat, A biting (of one another).

a مرارستان mazāristān, A burying-ground. a مزارستك mazār-sang, A tomb-stone.

A είν mazāri (pl. of mazra at), Sown fields, lands in tillage; -muzāri', A sower, a busbandman.

muzāra'at (v.n. 3 of وزرع muzāra'at (v.n. 3 of a field to sow; furnishing seed to sow.

mazārī' (pl. of mazrū'), Things sown, seeds.

mazārīq (pl. of mizrāq), Javelins, demi-lances.

A dlely muzā'alat (v.n. 3 of زعل), Rendering brisk and lively.

mizāq, Very swift (she-camel). مراك $maz\bar{a}k = q.v.$ (doubtful).

مراكنة muzākanat (v.n. 3 of ركن), Con-

jecturing, guessing. mazālif (pl. of mazlafat), Villages

situated between deserts and cultivated districts; steps, stairs.

A مراملة muzāmalat (v.n. 3 of روسل), Making the loads equal on both sides of a

A مرامنه muzāmanat (v.n. 3 of وسن), Appointing a time, agreeing with one by time (zamān).

A wise mazamir (pl. of mizmar), Flutes, psalteries; an organ; (pl. of mazmūr) canticles.

مرالاه مستقnāt (v.n. 8 of رائی), Forni-

A dayly muzāwajat (v.n. S of 895), Coup-

ling, joining, marrying, wedding.

אוני א muzāwid (pl. of mizwad, mizwad, and mazādat), Wallets in which provisions are carried.

muzāwalat (v.n. 3 of Remedying, curing; wishing, desiring, seeking. asking.

مراهر م mazāhir (pl. of مرهر), Lutes of a

certain kind.

* maxāya' (pl. of masīyat), Excesses; excellencies.

مراكد م marā'id (pl. of mazādat), Large water-bottles made of double skins.

مرايدة م muzāyadat, An increasing mutually.

. Ally musayalat, A departing from,

. muzbid, Foaming (sea) مريد ه

אַניע *misbar*, A pen, implement for writing.

masbarat, (A place) swarming with

wasps, hornets, or bees (zumbūr).

אינא א muzabbaq (Base coin) washed over with quicksilver (zi'baq) to make it pass current.

a cesspool; any place where the filth or sweepings of a house are thrown; a necessary, a privy.

א ילאָני mazbūr, Written, above-mentioned; aforesaid.

A by mazbūrat, mazbūra, (A well) constructed of stones.

▲ ינופנט mazbūrūn, (pl.) The before-mentioned; - ashqiya'i mazbūrūn, The aforesaid robbers.

مرع ه mazj (v.n. of مرع), Mixing, diluting wine (with water); -mazaj, mizj, Honey; a bitter almond; -mizajj, A short spear.

▲ قاميه muzjāt, in P. مرجات , A small matter, a thing of little value, a trifle;bizā'ati muzjāt, Small goods, merchandises, things of little value.

א אינאנא mazjarat, mazjara, A scarecrow.

mazjūr, Repressed; driven off.

A tyo mazh (v.n.), Playing, jesting.
A type muzakzah, Removed.

mazhaf, (A place) where serpents crawl.

mizham, Much pressed or thronged. mazhūr, (A miser) oppressed, groaning when asked to give anything.

مرمرك مركب muzakhraf, Ornamented, varnished; deceitful; -muzakhrif, A deceiver, cheat, liar.

سرحرفات مرحوفات مرحوفات مرحوفات مرحوفات م muzkhif, Vain-glorions, proud.

musd, A reward, premium, salary, wages, hire; a goat; - muzdi dandan, Money distributed to the poor at a time of feasting; anything valuable (as pelisses or a horse) presented after an entertainment; -ba-muzd dådan. To let on hire.

איטין muzd-bar, יעניקט muzd-bara, One who works for wages.

אַ איי muzdajir, A prohibiter; forbidden, repulsed; one who augurs from birds.

musdaham, A thronged, crowded مردعم place; -muzdahim, Crowding; a crowd.

▲ Essy muzdara', dessy muzdara'at, sown field ;-muzdari', A cultivator, sower. مردنان mazdafān, Name of a city where pottery is made.

mazhdaqān, Name مزدقان mazhdaqān, Name

of a city in Kohistan.

way mazdak, Name of a heresiarch.

muzdalifat, Name of a place near مردلفة Mecca, between mount Arafat and the valley of Mina.

muzdawij, Coupled, united, wed-

יענפני muzdwar, muzdūr, A. mercenary, hired labourer; -muzdūri dev, A hireling of the devil, i.e. one who engages in useless or injurious acts; a clerk in the exchequer.

יינטן muzdūrān, One who performs beneficent actions, builds hospitals or caravanseras; one who is influenced by the hopes of an eternal reward, and is supposed to deserve it.

יעניקלש muzdūrāna, Like a hired servant. سردوري muzdūrī, Bodily labour; wages, hire; muzdūrī kardan, To work for hire.

musda, Reward, salary, wages, hire. muzdahā (pl. of muzd), Rewards. אנים אין muzda-bar, A mercenary, hireling.

a مردهد muzdahid, One who esteems as moderate, who thinks (anything) little (zahīd).

A مودهف muzdahif, One who turns his

face; a liar.

muzda-gīr, A hirer. مردة كور

mazr (for A. mizr), A kind of drink made from barley and millet, a species of beer or ale.

אנ maer (v.n. of مرز), Sipping in order to taste; a moderate draught; a polite, graceful, ingenious, witty man;—mizr, A fool; root, origin; beer made from barley or millet.

مراب مراب مراب مراب مراب مراب مراب م

mizrāf, Swift (she-camel).

a مزراى mizrāq, A javelin, demi-lance; a camel that moves his load backwards.

A syr mazrad, The gullet ;-mizrad, A rope fastened round a camel's neck to prevent him bringing up his food when chewing the cud, and throwing it on his rider; muzarrad, Made of ringlets (as a coat of mail).

مرزع م mazra', مرزع mazra'at, mazra'a, A field sown, or ready prepared for it; a farm; a hamlet; — marra'a'i khāk, The ground; bodies of men or animals; the grave; — mazra'a'i dāna-soz, (grain-con-

suming field) The world.

musarkash, Made of gold-wire (see وركش from which the word seems formed in Arabic fashion),

مررده mazrūdat, (Coat of mail) of iron rings.

▲ Eyy mazrū', Leyy mazrū'at, mazrū'a, Sown, eultivated; a sown field; cultivated

marra, A lamp or lamp-holder.

A 4,3 mazriyat, Censure, chiding, defaming.

ning swiftly; springing lightly; a quick, light pace, between a walk and a run.

A cley mix'aj, A restless woman.

A way muzif, Sudden death; death-

inflicting (sword).

▲ مرعفر muza'far, Tinctured with saffron; a kind of pilay; a kind of sweet beverage, made of water, flour, and honey.

مرعم Matter of doubt or opinion; a thing on which no reliance can be placed.

maz'ūq, Terrified. مرعوق ▲

▲ → masahib, Downy, callow (little

bird).

A day mizaffat, A camel-litter, in which the bride is carried to her husband's honse; -muzaffat, Pitch, anointed with pitch.

muzaffarat, A deep- مرفره muzaffarat, A deepfetched breath; one who breathes deeply.

mazfūf, Conducted, brought.

مزق ه mazq (v.n.), Tearing (cloth); slandering, defaming; muting (a bird); -mizaq, A piece torn from cloth.

at, A piece torn from anything; -muzqat, Name of a little bird.

mazqūr (?), Marked by branding (especially applied to an ass).

a مركت mazkat, mizkit (for Ar. maejid), A small mosque.

• *muzakkin*, A physiognomer مركن م

مركو muzakkü, muzakū, A sort of food.

مرکوت ه mazkūt, Filled (bottle).

mazkūm, Troubled with a rheum. وكوم ▲

مرکی م muzakká, Purified; cleared, justified; capital less the legal alms; -muzakkī, A purifier; one who purifies his possessions by consecrating part thereof to pious uses.

mazg, A bitter-almond tree.

a مرکب margit (for A. marjid), A house of prayer, mosque.

mizga, A foul wind; a dark sky. masagi, Sweetness, flavour.

مرل ه muzill, One who canses to slide.

mizlāq, A mare accustomed to slip مراكل ه her foal.

مولاسه مع mazallāt (pl. of mazallat), Slippery places.

A By maxillat (v.n. of Ji), Slipping,

sliding, falling; blundering in speech;-

mazallat, mazalla, A slippery place.

My muzlaf, muzlif (?), Curly-haired, having beautiful curls; with a sprouting beard.

A day maslafat, A country mid-way between a desert and a cultivated district, between one watered and one without

🗚 برائة maslaq, مرائة maslaqat, maslaqa, A slippery place;—mixlagat, The buttocks

of a horse.

mizmār, A flute, pipe, psaltery. why masmazan, Sucking a little at a time.

a byey mazmaza, Shaking to and fro, putting in motion.

א שניש muzmi', Constant; resolved, intent

musammal, Muffled up, concealed مرمل in one's garments; [sūratu 'l-muzammal, Name of a chapter in the Qur'an; -muzzammil, One who wraps up and hides in his garments; (in P.) a brass cock.

ومرالك (?), A key (doubtful word; see مرالك).

A warmin, fem. acom musminal, muzmina, Lasting, of long continuance; chronic, chronical; paralytic.

مرمور A psalm, canticle; a

pipe, flute.

مرسوقة muzmūgat, Plucked (beard).

A propo mazmūm, Reined (camel), bridled. A Of mass (v.n.), Going where one likes; -muzn, A cloud, rain; — mazan, Custom,

habit, manner; state. miznā, (in Zand and Pazand) A pair

of scales.

A White cloud.

mazanda, A sucker; a sort of water-bottle; anything that may be sucked.

mazangū, A porcupine which kills مونكو snakes, without eating them.

maznūq, (A horse) fastened with the twitch called zunaq.

a مرنى musanī, Of the tribe of Muzainat.

y mazū, Food for the sick.

A Bly mizwaj, (A woman) who marries

mizwād, A provision-bag.

A cy muzauwaj, Married, wedded, con-joined, associated; — muzauwij, One who joins (a man and woman) in wedlock.

A wizwad, A traveller's provisionbag; muzauwad, Stocked with provisions.

אנצ Muzauwad, Stocked with provi-

A Joy mazūr, Visited ;—muzauwar, Adulterated, falsified; false; crooked, oblique; tortuous; lie, falschood; (for āshi tazwīr, q.v. under (اهر) gruel or broth for the sick; - muzauwir, A liar, knave, cheat, falsifier.

musūrī, Litharge (unsupported by examples).

A Egy muzů (v.n. of Eys), Passing or moving swiftly, springing lightly, skipping.

Murauwaq, Painted, washed,

א ענט maxūn (with the article al), The country of 'Uman in Arabia; -musun (v.n. of مرن), Going whither one pleases.

maza, Taste, flavour, smaok, relish;masa dāshtan, To have a flavour; -bī-masa, Insipid, tasteless, flavourless, vapid; khwush-maza, Well-flavoured, sweet, delicate.

A way muzhid, fem. &way muzhidat, muzhida, Poor, indigent.

masa-dār, Tasty, savoury, tasteful, موة دار

palatable, delicious.

سرة داري maza-dārī, Tastiness, savouriness, deliciousness; taste, flavour; pleasure, enjoyment.

miz,har, A kind of lute struck with a bow; one who kindles a fire to attract guests.

▲ LAMP muz,haf, A lie; muz,hif, A liar. γγ), Adorned (Arabic formation from P. seb).

A ky maziyat, Excess, superabundance; excellence.

مريت مريت masīt, (Food) dressed with oil (zait), especially with olive oil.

wy misej (by imālah for misāj), Disposition, &c. (see مراجع).

אבא march (by imālah for mizāḥ), Jocularity, merriment (see e).

mazid, He sucked.

A 44 mazid, Increase, augmentation; increased, augmented; -mazīd shudan, To be increased; — mazīd fī-hi, Augmented, increased (conjugation).

سيدن mazīdan, To taste, suck, sip; to

crop with the lips.

mazīda, Tasted, sucked, &c.; name of a game.

אנה א mazīr, Strong, bold, fearless, intrepid.

مربل Muzil, One who takes away; a remover; — gulābi muzīlu 's-sudū', Rosewater removing the head-ache.

A way muzaiyan, Adorned, dressed, having the hair cut or dressed; signed and sealed by the Shah; --muzaiyin, A dresser, especially a barber.

musainat, Name of an Arabian مريعة tribe ;- musaiyinat, A tirewoman.

مربوت Mazyūt, (Food) dressed with oil

(zait), especially olive-oil.

mazh, Bent, bowed, crooked;—muzh, The eye-lashes; a dark cloud; anything darkening the air.

muzhd, The planet Jupiter; joyful

tidings.

mazhdaqān, Name of a city in Kohistan.

mazhdak, muzhduk, Name of a religious innovator, a native of Nishāpūr, who

appeared in the reign of Kubad, king of Persia, and father of Noshirawan. He adopted the doctrine of the principles of light and darkness, and the worship of fire; and taught, moreover, the community of women and of property. Vast numbers embraced his opinions, amongst whom was the king bimself. He, however, was at length put to death in the reign of Noshirawan with 80,000 of his followers.

שניטאס muzhdagān, Good news; eye-

lashes.

سودگانی muzhdagānì, Good news; a pre-

sent for bringing good news.

mizhda, muzhda, Glad news, joyful tidings; joy, gladness; — mizhda kardan (awardan, dadan), To bring or announce good news, to give the first intelligence of anything wished for; to give advice or counsel; -muzhda mar tūrā, I give you joy; I congratulate you.

way muzhdahā (pl. of muzhda), Glad

tidings.

-muzhda مؤدة فرماي ,muzhda-rasān مؤدة رسان farmay, A messenger, bringer, or relater of good news.

سونعکائی mushdagānī, A reward to a bringer of good news.

muzhdawar, A bearer of good news.

פאט muzhagān, mizhagān, The eyelids or the hairs thereon, the evelashes.

روو mizhmizh, A meat-tainting fly; a gadfly.

mazhang, Disagreeableness; deformity, ugliness; effeminate; a sodomite. mizhū, Underwood-fuel in baths; a lentil.

مويده mazhīda, A game like leap-frog. mas, A sort of fetter; great, noble, sir, lord, master;—mis, Copper;—mus,

Hindrance, impediment.

A مس mass (v.n. of مسّ), Touching, handling, feeling; pressing, being urgent and important (business); touch; sense of touch; madness, being possessed by demons; inclination; [massu 'l-hummá, A touch of fever; muss, A penknife; a razor.

A مساه masā', masā, Evening;—masā'u 'l. khair, Good evening; - subh u masā, Morn-

ing and evening.

masa'at (v.n. of اسواء), Grieving, saddening; displeasing, disgusting; doing evil; crime, vice; slander, detraction.

A dilam musabbat (v.n. 3 of -,), Speaking opprobriously, provoking by reproaches.

A wimming along with.

مسابع ه masābi' (pl. of masba'at), Counswarming with beasts of prey tries (sabu').

A مسابقة musābaqat (v.n. 3 of سبق), Getting the start in a race, surpassing, overtaking, overcoming, excelling, straining every nerve against another; happening before; precedence; a race.

musātarat, A veiling, a conceal-

ing.

masājid, The (seven) members with which adoration is paid, namely, the hands, knees, feet, and forehead; (pl. of masjid) places of worship; mosques;masājid u madāris, Muhammadan mosques and colleges.

A the massah, A geometrician; a land-

measurer, surveyor.

misāḥat (v.n. of مساحة مساحة مساحة م ing (ground); measurement or survey of land; mensuration; geometry; — sāḥibi misahat, A surveyor, an engineer;—'ilmi misahat, The science of measurement, geometry; engineering.

misāḥat-dār, مساحت كر misāḥat-dār

hat-gar, A land-measurer.

musāḥiqa, Mulier quæ confrictu

libidinem alterius explet.

nusaḥanat (v.n. 3 of), Mixing agreeably together, cultivating a friendly interconrse.

a مساحى massāḥī, Land-measuring, sur-

nusākhafat (v.n. 3 of →),

Abetting each other in folly.

Misād (pl. of masad), Ropes made of the fibres of the palm-tree or other substance.

masārr, Place where people whisper; name of a fortress; -musārr, A teller of a secret (sirr).

musārrāt (pl. of musārrat),

Whisperings.

مسارب ه masārib (pl. of مسربة), Pastures. musārrat, A whispering in the ear.

masāriḥ (pl. of masraḥ), Large

and rich pastures.

مسارعة مسارعة musāra'at, A making haste;

haste, hurry.

سرق musaraqat (v.n. 3 of مسارقة مسارقة), Stealing a look at, turning the face suddenly towards; theft.

مسارى A musārī, A lion; name of a place. masārī' (pl. of misrā'), Very swift.

A مساس masās, Touch thou; — misās (v.n. 3 of مسنّ), Touching; mutual contact; coition; -la-misas, I will not touch or be touched.

masāṭib (pl. of masṭabat), An-

vils; benches, forms, seats long and wide.

**A seats long and wide.

**masatir (pl. of mistar), Rulers.

مساعاة مساعاة musā'āt (v.n. 3 of سعى), Contending, striving (with another).

masa'id (pl. of mas'ad), Degrees of happiness; -musā'id, Aiding, assisting, helping; favourable; name of a man.

musā'adat, musā'ada (v.n. 3 of ...), Helping; favour, assistance, aid.

masā'ir (pl. of mis'ar), Chips; pokers for stirring the fire.

Musa'if, Near, neighbouring.

adiacent.

A decluse musa'afat (v.n. 3 of), Helping, assisting, acting in a friendly manner; going near.

مساغى م masā'ī (pl. of mas'āt), Endeavours, labours, laudable studies, works, attempts; -- masā'i'i jamīla, Virtuous efforts.

masā'īr (pl. of mis'ār), Pokers, pieces of wood with which the fire is stirred.

masāfat, Distance, interval, part of a road or journey; a journey; a day's journey (as far as a loaded camel can travel with ease, i.e. eight parasangs; fatigue, labour; -- masāfat ba-masāfat, From stage

A مسافحة musafahat (v.n. 3 of مسافحة), Whoring; whoredom, debauchery; adul-

musāfir, A traveller, passenger, temporary sojourner; — musāfirāni wālā, Holy men, travellers to heaven.

a مسائراته musāfirāna, Traveller-like; as a traveller; —musāfirāna guzrān, Faring or

roughing it, as a traveller.

a مسافر بروازى musāfir-parwāzī, Protection or providing for the comfort of travellers.

musafarat (v.n. 3 of معر), Travelling, journeying; a journey, travel; a foreign country; dying; being contrary (as one wind sweeps away what another brings); — ashābi musāfarat, Travellers; fellow-travellers.

a مسافر عانه musāfir-khāna, An inn.

مسافر پروازی = musafir-nawazi مسافر نوازی

a مسافرى musāfirī, Travelling.

مسانعة musafa'at (v.n. 3 of مسانعة), Flapping the wings (a bird).

مسافية musafahat (v.n. 3 of مسافية , Railing at, reproaching; charging anyone with felly, ignorance, or stupidity; drinking continuously or to excess.

masāq, Impulse, momentum.

v.n. 3 of مساقات P. ساقاة مساقاة مساقاة سقى), Letting a vineyard or palm-plantation for part of the produce; drawing water at the same time.

masāqit (pl. of masqat), Places

where things fall.

musaqatat (v.n. 3 of مساقطة , Becoming deficient or languid; failing, breaking down (a horse when running); causing to fall.

masāk, misāk, Tenacity, avarice; any place that holds water; -misāk, Whatever fastens or makes fast, a fastener goodness.

مساكة masākat (v.n. of مساكة مساكة (water) well (a leathern bottle);—masākat, misākat, Avarice, stinginess; penuriousness.

ساکته musākatat (v.n. 3 of ساکته), Bidding to keep silence; keeping mutual silence; vying with another in keeping

• masākin (pl. of maskan or mas kin), Habitations; mansions; (for masakīn) the poor; -masākini 'ulamā u mawātini fuzalā, The mansions of the learned and residences of men of science, i.e. universities, colleges;—musākin, An inhabitant.

A مساكنة musākanat (v.n. 3 of سكن), Living in the same house with (anyone).

masākīn (pl. of miskīn), The

poor.

a مسال musāl, The side of a man's beard; the side from the neck to the haunch; -masall (pl. of misallat), Large packing-needles.

A drim mas'alat, mas'ala, A question, query, proposition, problem; -masālat, A handsome length of, or well-proportioned

oval. face.

masāliḥ (pl. of maslaḥat), Frontier-garrisons, forts at the entrance into a country.

مسالع 🛦 masālikh (pl. of maslakh),

Slaughter-houses.

masālif (pl. of mislafat), Harrows;—musālif, A fellow-traveller; one who does things equal to another.

مسالفة مسالفة مسالفة م musālafat (v.n. 3 of مسالفة veiling (with another); doing (anything) equal (to him); preceding.

masāliq (pl. of mislaq), Ladders.

masālik (pl. of maslak), Ways, paths.

musālim, Cultivator of peace

and amity.

musālamat, musālama (v.n. 3 of الم), Cultivating peace or friendship;— musālama kardan, To salute one another.

a ماالسه mas'ala, see A. ماالسه.

masālīṭ (pl. of mislāṭ), Wards of a key.

مساليق م masālīq (pl. of maslūqat),

Broths, soups.

masāmm (pl. of masamm, in P. also used as sing.), Holes; chinks; the ducts or canals of the body; pores; a pore; masāmmi bīnī, The nostrils.

ساماة مساماة musāmāt (v.n. 3 of ساماة), in P. corrupted to www.musamatat, Boasting, contending for glory.

musāmiḥ, Lenient; conniving;

languid; easy.

Musāmahat, musāmaha (V.D. 3 of ___, Acting with lenity, pardoning with lenity, pardoning; lenity, connivance; negligence; languor, coolness; -- musāmaha kardan, musāmaḥa u quṣūr kardan, To neglect, to be careless.

musāmir, One who attends evening conversations held by moonlight.

-musāmarat (v.n. 3 of مسامرة Mold مسامرة ing conversations by moonlight.

masāmi' (pl. of misma'), Ears. Masāmīh (pl. of mismāh), Beneficent, liberal, easy, meek, humane.

masāmīr (pl. of mismār), Nails, spikes.

wusānāt, in P. مسانات (v.n. 8) مسانات of سنر), Agreeing (with one) by the year (sanat); giving annually; bearing fruit every other year; satisfying, soothing, acting kindly.

musanaḥat (v.n. 3 of مساحة , Coming on the left of the hunter (game); being or becoming evident; (misreading for

q.v.) bargaining by the year.

masanid (pl. of masnad), Thrones; (pl. of musnad) stories told, or statements made on the authority of another; attributed; predicated.

مساندة مساندة musanadat (v.n. 3 of مساندة Assisting, helping; compensating, requiting; (in prosody) giving the ridf a vowel different p. 578). و ردك from the other hemistichs

masānif (pl. of musnif), (Horses)

taking the lead of the others.

مسانها مسانها musānahat (v.n. 3 of مسانها , Bargaining by the year; giving annually; bearing every other year; a thing paid, promised, or agreed upon by the year; a stipend, salary.

masānīd (pl. of musnad), Allegations made on the authority of others.

musāwāt (v.n. 3 of رسوی), Equalling, levelling; being equal to, like, comparing (one thing with another); being worth; equation; evenness, equality; neutrality; indifference, heedlessness, carelessness; a common occurrence, an every-day affair ;- musāwāti darja'i auwal, An equation of the first degree :- musāwāti darja'i dūyum, A quadratic equation; -musāwāti darja'i siyum, A cubic equation;—musāwāt shudan, To be equal; to be neutral.

مساودة musāwadat (v.n. 3 of مبود), Contending for dominion; vying in blackness; whispering in the ear; driving away; cir-

cumventing.

masawir (pl. of miswarat), Leather cushions.

musāwa'at (v.n. 3 of موع , Doing or agreeing about (anything) by the hour.

A مساولة musawafat (v.n. 3 of سياولة مساولة

Delaying, putting off (see سوك p. 709).

A مساونة musawaqat (v.n. 3 of سولة), Boasting about (auyone) in the marketplace $(s\bar{u}q)$; vying with in reference to the hardness of one's leg $(s\bar{u}q)$.

musāwim, One who bids against سساوم ه

another in order to enhance the price.

مساومة musawamat (v.n. 3 of موم), Bidding against, raising the price upon (another); bidding, making an offer.

masāwī (pl. of masā'at), Crimes;

reproaches, accusations; [masāwī kardan, To slander; to criminate;]—musāwī, Equal, parallel, equivalent; suitable, convenient; neutral, impartial.

musāwi'at (v.u. of اسواله , Grieving, saddening; displeasing, disgusting;

doing evil.

musāhāt, A being careless, inaccurate.

musaharat (v.n. 3 of سياهرة Musaharat (v.n. 3 of سياهرة م ing (with another); keeping anyone watch-

مساهل مساهل musāhil, Negligent, careless; easy, indifferent; -musahil shudan. To be careless.

musāhalat, musāhala (v.n. 3 of in a loose, negligent manner; negligence, carelessness, indifference; -musahalat kardan, To neglect; to connive at, overlook.

musāhim, Concerting with; a companion, a second; a partner; a share-

holder.

ساهمة ساهمة musāhamat (v.n. 3 of مساهمة), Casting lots, drawing arrows (with anyone).

مساية با masāyat (v.n. of اسوا), Grieving, saddening; displeasing, disgusting; doing

masa'ih (pl. of masihat), Ringlets; bows.

musāyarat, A going along with.

. سيف musayafat (v.n. 3 of سيف), Fencing, duelling, using the broadsword.

مسائل مسائل musā'il (pl. of mas'alat), Questions; propositions; problems; the precepts of Muhammad; (pl. of masil) Channels through which water flows ;-masa'ili shar'iya, Questions or points of law (m.c.).

masā'iyat, مسائية masāyi'at (▼.n. of ",-), Grieving, saddening; displeasing,

disgusting; doing evil.

misbār, A surgeon's probe; a tent for a wound; a painter's brush, a

pencil.

musabbab, Caused; an effect; excellent, select; reviled, reproached, execrated; -musabbib, One who causes, gives cause, occasions;—musabbibu 'l-asbāb, The causer of causes, i.e. God;—musabbibi haqīqī, The true causer, i.e. God.

masabbat, A revilor of men.

مسبت Musbit, Soporific, narcotic; still, motionless; who enters on the Sabbath (sabt); -musabbit, Abortion-producing (camel or sheep); soporific, narcotic.

▲ سبتات musabbitāt, Opiates, hypnotics. A مسبع musabbih, A praiser of God;

teller of his beads.

A musabbihat, The fore-finger.

A speed masbarat, Form, shape, mode, manner; -- musbarat (v.n. of ,...), Probing to the bottom.

▲ musabba', Made seven, composed of seven; related to seven.

masba'at, (A country) swarming with lions and other ferocious beasts.

musbil, The sixth or fifth gaming arrow; penis; the Lybian lizard; the month Zu'l-hijjah; one who allows his garment to trail from pride; -mushil, musbal, musabbil, musabbal, Long-mustachioed.

masband, musband, Unable to quit the place.

مسبوت مسبوت مسبوت مسبوت مسبوت م

■ masbūr, Handsomely formed, of a comely shape or appearance.

masbūq, Outstripped in a race.

masbūk, Cast in a mould.

mast, Drunk, intoxicated; libidinous, lustful, wanton, furious; an animal in rut; (construed with uftadan, raftan, shudan, kardan, &c.); [masti kharāb, Exceedingly intoxicated, dead drunk; -masti kharāb u ālūda'i mayi nāb, Excessively drunk and polluted with neat wine ;-masti sharābi ghurūr, Intoxicated with the wine of temerity, i.e. rash ;—masti tāmiḥ (quzāra, lā-ya'qil, mastān), Dead drunk; — masti mudām (mudmin), Perpetually drunk; a habitual drunkard; —must, Trouble, distress of mind, complaint, lamentation; root of galangale.

musta'sir, One who chooses or

prefers.

musta'jar, Hired, rented; musta'jir, A tenant, hirer, farmer, renter; a servant; a lessee (m.c.).

a مستاجري mustājirī, Renting, farming; a holding; a farm; a lease (of land); a contract.

مستا جل ه musta'jil, One who begs daily. musta'hid, One who remains alone or separate.

A مستاعد musta'khiz, Humble, submissive.

musta'khir, One who remains behind; a loiterer, lagger.

musta'dib, A cultivator of the belles lettres or humanities (adab).

_ musta'di, A taker, exacter, extortioner.

مستا 'ذن م musta'zin, One who asks leave. mustār, Name of a fragrant but extremely bitter herb; mustar (for A. q.v.), Wine new and acid.

musta'sid, One who rushes upon and attacks fiercely, like a lion (asad).

musta'sir, One who surrenders مستامبر ▲ himself a prisoner or captive (asīr).

a مستاعل muta'sal, Extirpated, uprooted, eradicated; destroyed; — musta'sil, An extirpator.

a مستاكل مستاكل musta'kil, One who takes (a thing) to eat; one who devours the weak, i.e. extorts from them their possessions.

مستا كلة مستا كلة مستا كلة مستا كلة مستا كلة م pressors, devourers.

musta'mim, One who regards as a mother (umm); one who receives as high priest, or chief director of religious ceremonies (imām),

مستاءمن musta'min, One who places confidence in; one who considers as faithful and sure; one who implores protection, and takes refuge; naturalised.

mastān (pl. of mast), Drunken people, &c.; (fuller form of mast), Drunk,

intoxicated, &c.

ستا اس مستا اس مستا اس مستا اس مستا اس مستا اس م tuated; tamed (wild beast); familiar.

ستانه mastāna, Intoxicated; like a drunkard.

mastānī, Drunk, intoxicated, &c.

A مستامل musta'nī, Patient, waiting.
A مستاعل musta'hil, Worthy, suitable, apt, fit.

mustabhir, Wide-spread, verbose, full of talk, extensive as the sea (bahr).

mustabidd, One who acts alone; possessed of, or a claimant of, exclusive right or property.

mustabdi', One who considers as

new, original, or wonderful (badī').

مستبدل Mustabdil, Desirous to exchange; one who takes as a substitute (badal).

مستبر Mustabir, One who probes a wound.

mustabriz, One who calls forth, challenges, or makes (a person or thing)

mustabshir, Glad, rejoiced at good news; a communicator of good news.

mustabsir, One who considers attentively, searches into anything occult; acute, penetrating, circumspect.

mustabzi', One who arranges his wares and exposes them to sale in a market.

mustabtin, One who places (a thing or person) under himself, especially under his belly, and holds (it or her) there; one who keeps a thing closely hidden.

mustab'ad, Regarded as far off; difficult, unattainable; - mustabiid, Who deems a thing to be far off; desirous of being at a distance; wishing anything far off.

مستبغى mustabghī, Desirous, wishful ; a seeker.

mustabiq, One who excels, gets the start of, or endeavours to outstrip.

mustabqī, One who reserves, preserves, keeps alive, or leaves a re-

مستبكى mustabkī, One who forces to

mustband, One labouring under sorrow, distress of body or mind; unable,

on account of some circumstances, to leave one's home (see مسيند).

muslabhij, Glad, joyful.

A mustabit, Poor (without & lodging).

mustabīh, One who makes lawful; one who finds lawful..

ستبيع مستبيع mustabi, Who commands a sale.

مستبين mustabīn, Become evident ; one who knows for certain, one who has a subject clear before him; — mustabīni marsum, A term applied to all regular deeds and contracts.

mustatbi', One who wishes to follow; having for a consequence; re-

mustatar, A hiding-place, a place of shelter; veiled, concealed, hidden; -mustatir, One who hides himself, or absconds; careful, wary.

mustatimm, A performer, finisher; one who wishes or desires anything to be supplementary in number or quantity.

A مستثبت mustagbit, Patient, steady;

solicitous for stability (subūt).

A مستثقل mustasgal, Oppressed with sleep,

disease, or guilt.

muslasná, Excepted from any مستثنى common rule; selected, excellent, extraordinary; -- mustasnī, Who makes an exception from a general rule; exceptive; exceptional.

mustasīb, One who asks for a reward (sawāb); one who demands resti-

tution.

مستجاب mustajāb, Heard; accepted; agreeable; acceptable; -- mustajābu'd-da'wat. One whose prayers are answered.

musiajād, Regarded as good,

approved.

mustajidd, One who renews or renovates; one who considers as new; clad anew.

mustajirr, A drawer, dragger.

mustajma', Place of collecting together, rendezvous; -mustajmi', Met together; desirous of assembling or meeting together; a collector.

mustajhil, One who considers مستجهل as ignorant, thinks lightly of, despises.

mustajid, Who calls or finds (a thing) good (jaiyid); a seeker of something good; desirous of procuring a swift horse (jawād).

A mustajīr, One who implores protection; a refugee; a suppliant.

mustajish, One who asks for

troops (jaish).

mustaḥāzat, A woman who still suffers a loss of blood after the period of the monthly discharge has elapsed.

A wastahabb, Loved, liked, ap-

proved; desirable; - mustahibb, Loving, affectionate; who holds dear.

A mustahiss, An exciter, urger onward.

mustahjir, Petrified, turned to stone.

mustahidd, One who sharpens, a whetter; incensed, enraged.

A wastahdas, Discovered, found out; novelty, invention; -mustahdis, One who learns news; or who discovers (a thing) to be new.

A mustahrim, Sacred, inviolate.

A www.mustahsan, Approved, laudable, beautiful, elegant; - mustahsin, One who regards as fair and good (hasan); an approver.

mustahsid, (Corn) ready for the

sickle, requiring to be reaped.

A ome mustahsir, One who comprehends or desires to comprehend; who or what encompasses; a besieger; -- mustahsiri mushkilāti masa'il, Desirous of comprehending the difficulties of questions.

A مستحفر mustahzar, Ready, acquired; whose presence is desired or required; summoned to be present;—mustahzir, Returned to oneself; recovered from a swoon,

A who commits, or wishes (anyone) to commit to memory; a guard, protector, governor; a custodian, keeper (m.c.); a garrison.

mustahaqq, in P. mustahaq, Worthy, deserving, entitled to; meri-

A השלים mustahqar, Viewed as contemptible; mustahqir, One who regards as contemptible.

mustahkam, Firm, solid, strong.

A ستحکم mustahall, Deemed lawful; mustahill, One who makes, deems, or wishes to make lawful.

lib, A milker; one who wishes to milk.

mustahlif, One who exacts an oath.

A mustahlik, Black, pitch-dark.

mustahamm, A place in which to wash.

A mustahir, One who demands a reply; a road lying across a desert, tending no one knows where.

A مستحمل mustahīl, Impossible, absurd; altered, changed, transmuted.

A prising mustakhbir, An inquirer, querist, asker of questions; —mustakh birāni aḥwāl, Inquirers into matters.

mustakhdam, Employed for hire; - mustakhdim, One who employs many domestics.

مستخرع mustakhraj, Drawn out, extracted; a place where anything is extracted; — mustakhrij, One who extracts, draws forth, brings out, or wishes so to do.

A mustakhiss, mustakhass, Base,

mean, vile; ugly, ill-favoured.

A who considers mustakhiff, One who considers as light $(\underline{kh}af\bar{i}f)$; who makes light; a despiser.

mustakh fi, Who hides himself.

a مستخلص mustakhlas, Exclusively appropriated; liberated, released, set free, free; -mustakhlis, One who appropriates exclusively; one who seeks to escape; a collector of tribute.

A mustakhmir, Given to wine (khamr), a hard drinker.

mustadd, Stopped, stuffed, corked. mustadār, A ring, a circumference.

mustadām, Perpetual, continual, ancient, immemorial; assiduous, constant.

mustadbir, One who recedes, turns back; one who looks to the end.

mustadkhil, One who wishes to enter, engage in, or intermeddle with.

A mustad'á, Wished, desired, sought; -mustad'i, Calling for; imploring, supplicating; petitioner, wisher, desirer;

مستدق A مستدق mustadaqq, A thin part or place ; the slenderest part of the arm or leg;mustadiqq, Subtile, minnte, small, slender.

A مستدل mustadall, Convinced by argument; -mustadill, Adducing proofs.

mustadīr, One who surrounds or draws a circle; round, circular, spherical,

A בייינות mustadīm, Assiduous; per-

petual; ancient.

a مستدين mustadin, One who asks or receives on credit; a judge; one who sues for justice.

mustazkir, One who calls to

mind, who recollects; a keeper.

mustazkī, Fiercely burning مستذكى (flame).

mustazill, Who renders or considers contemptible (zalīl); a subjugator.

mustazimm, One who does anything which brings down scorn upon him.

mustaznib, A follower, who treads at the tail (zanab) of; finished, completed.

mistar, A veil, a covering; -- mu-

sattir, A concealer, a hider.

E mistar, Mister.

a مستراح mustarāḥ, A place of arrival; a place of rest; a necessary, a place for easing nature.

musatlarat, musatlara, Shut up, guarded (damsel).

mustarjil, Desirous of walking or being on foot (rijl).

mustarjá, Hoped, wished. مسترجيل ▲

mustarkhā, Relaxed;—mustarkhī, Pendulons; relaxed, flabby; a laxative.

mustaradd, Restored, returned; revoked; recalled; reversed.

mustardif, One who begs permission to ride behind, to be a radif.

A مسترفر mustarzal, Rejected, disapproved;—mustarzil, One who views or finds contemptible.

مسترسل Mustareal, mustareil, (Hair) hanging down straight; affable, easy, polite.

مسترطد mustarshid, One who seeks direction (rushd); a traveller in the right road.

mustarshi, One who asks a present (for an opinion to be given, or for a decree to be passed); one who exacts bribes; obsequious, obedient to the will of another.

A مسترفع mustarzi', One who seeks a wet-nurse.

mustar'i, One who desires (another) to pasture or take care of (cattle); a keeper.

mustarfi', Desirous of lifting up or carrying off; a carrier off; (a table) requiring to be cleared (the meal being ended).

mustariq, Carried off, removable;

a listener; an eavesdropper.

mustarigat, The five supplementary days added to the twelfth month of the Persian year.

mustarqi', (A garment) requiring to be mended, in want of a patch (ruq'at).

mastarū, Mezereon-root.

mustarwih, One who smells (anything fragrant), snuffs up; one who rests quiet, who takes repose; who acquiesces with (a friend).

mustarkin, One who demands a hostage or a pledge; a receiver in pawn, a pawnee.

مسترى ۸ mustarī, A lion.

mustarīh, Easy, comfortable

(life); quiet, manageable (horse).

mustariz, (A country) rich in gardens (rauşat), an extensive flourishing district; irriguous (valley); happy in mind.

مستواد *mustazād*, Increased, augmented; additional; more; a kind of poem.

A مستزير mustazir, One who requests a

mustasāgh, (Meat or drink) which glides easily down the throat.

A mustaskhir, A mocker, scorner, derider.

* mustasirr, Hidden, concealed.

mustasri, A traveller by night.

A wastas ad, Rendered happy, blessed, favoured, gratified; — mustas id, Who considers as a happy presage; desirous of happiness; a seeker of, or petitioner for, help.

mustas'i, Studious, pains-

taking.

mustasqt, A drawer of water; a water-carrier; one who craves for (water to) drink; dropsical.

mustaslif, Desirous of borrowing or of receiving an advance on goods before delivery; one who marries the wife of a deceased brother.

A مستسلم mustaslim, Humble, submissive.

A ستمون mustasmin, One who desires, supposes, or discovers to be fat (samin); one who asks for butter (samn).

mustasnid, Who leans on; sup-

ported.

mustas, hil, One who makes smooth or easy; one who considers as smooth or easy.

mustashār, Consulted;—mustashāri dar-bār, A court-counsellor (m.c.);
—mustashār mu'tamin, The consulted deserves or expects to be trusted (meaning that his advice should be acted upon).

mustashrif, Erect, upright, lofty; tall; one who takes a view of; fraudulent, depriving another of his due.

mustashzir, One who ascends or becomes high; one who twists the wrong way; (ropes) twisted thus.

mustashzirāt (pl. fem. of the

preceding), Twisted upwards (curls).

(unborn feetus); one who puts on an inner garment (shi'ār); timid, fearful, but concealing one's fears;—mustash'ir gashtan, To become apprehensive, to conceive fear (without showing it).

mustashīr, A stallion (camel) which discovers when the female is pregnant, and turns from her; one who consults or asks advice.

مستشیط mustashīt, Enraged, passionate swift of flight; expeditious; an immoderate laugher.

mustașrikh, One who cries for help.

mustasrif, Desirous that (God) might change, prevent, or avert.

mustas'ib, Difficult (business); one who finds (a thing) difficult (sa'b).

one who finds (a thing) difficult (sa'b).

**A window mustasfa, Purified, clarified, brightened; —mustasfi, A chooser, selector, or taker of the best part or the whole; who exhausts entirely.

mustaslih, Happening well, agreeable, pleasing; eager for peace; re-

quiring or capable of becoming adjusted or met to rights.

mustaswib, One who regards as reasonable; one who demands what is reasonable.

A Elimin mustazā', Who owns a family; lost, destroyed.

mustazām, Defrauded, oppressed.

A with mustazhī, One who does anything, or comes, when the forenoon is pretty far advanced.

mustaṣri', Humble, suppliant.
مستفی م mustaṣri', A seeker of light or advice.

mustazīf, One who wishes for

a hospitable invitation (ziyāfat).

mustatāb, Good, agreeable, elegant; gracious;—kitābi mustatāb, An excellent book.

mustatibb, One who begs a prescription or remedy from a physician

 $(tab\bar{\imath}b).$

mustatraf, Bred from another's cattle; newly-acquired (wealth); soon tired of one's companions; (a camel) which migrates from one pasture to another;—mustatrif, One who receives or considers as new; pleased with a novelty.

mustatriq, Desirous of divining by means of pebbles through a soothsayer.

mustatim, One who asks for food (ta'ām).

Mustagli', One who looks in-

tently.

mustatiliq, One who leaves (a she-camel) at liberty to pasture where (she) pleases without being milked; loose (belly).

مستطير م mustatīr, Diffused; spread

abroad, made public.

mustațil, One who carries himself high, behaving proudly; a subduer, conqueror; tall; oblong, rectangular; a parallelogram; the letter zād;—fajri mustațili subți kāzib, The long false light of the morning-crepuscle, i.e. a long twilight before dawn.

mustazill, Seated in the shade

(zill); a seeker of shade.

mustazhar, Aided, assisted; comforted; — mustazhir, One who implores help; who relies upon; who finds strength or support.

musta'ār, Borrowed; passed from hand to hand; used metaphorically

(a word or phrase).

مستعان مستعان musta'ān, Whose aid is begged;

musta bar, Admonished, taught by example; — musta bir, One who takes example, receives admonition; one who desires an interpreter to explain a dream; flowing (tear).

musta'jil, One who hastens,

accelerates, impels, or stimulates; hasty, hurried; alert; moving rapidly; name of a rapidly-fattening drug.

musta'jil-an. In haste; quickly,

speedily.

musta'jim, Unable to speak Arabic distinctly; silent, mute, dumb; strange, outlandish, unintelligible (jargon).

musta'idd, Prepared, arranged, put in order; prompt, ready; on the alert; able, capable, apt, fit, proper, worthy; a candidate;—musta'iddi qabūl, Ready or fit to receive or agree;—musta'idd kardan, To make ready, to prepare;—musta'iddi muslih, On a peace-footing (m.c.);—musta'iddi nafrin, Worthy of contempt, abominable.

A مستعدى musta'iddī, Readiness, promptitude, alertness; fitness, aptness, worthiness.

مستعادر musta'zir, Who makes excuses, seeks for pretexts.

nusta'rib, One who becomes as an Arab, a naturalized Arabian.

A A wise musta ribat, One not a pure Arab; one who has become an inhabitant of the desert.

A مستعرض musta'riz, Desirous of exhibiting or presenting.

مستعرف م musta'rif, Desirous of knowing.

A مستعسل musta'sil, One who asks for honey.

musta'sim, One who takes fast hold; a proper name;—musta'sim bi'llah, The title of the 37th caliph of the house of Abbäs.

muta'şī, Rebellious, sinful.

مستعطى musta'ţī, A petitioner for a gift.

musta'zam, Regarded as great;
—musta'zim, One who regards as great.

A _____ musta'iff, Chaste, abstemious.

mustafi, Seeking to be exempted, excused, relieved; resigning (an office); resigned.

nusta'qab, A person or thing followed;—musta'qib, A railer at anyone, searcher into his faults; following.

a musta'lif, In want of provender ('alaf').

musta'lim, Curious, anxious to know.

مستعلى ▲ musta'li, High, elevated.

a paternal uncle ('amm); dressed in a turban ('imāmat).

musta'mir, A peopler, colonizer.

A منعمل musta'mal, Applied, used, employed; current, not obsolete (word); second-hand;—musta'mil, A user, employer.

a mustainid, Restive (horse or camel).

A مستعبد musta'hid, A party to a covenant or treaty ('ahd).

A restair, A borrower; who speaks metaphorically; (in P. also) metaphorical.

A www. musta'in, One who asks assistance.

مستفاطه مستفاطه mustaghās, Called upon for help; convoked; -al-mustaghās 'alai-hi, A defendant.

mustaghrab, Wonderful; foreign; rare; -mustaghrib, One who behaves in a strange, outlandish manner; amazed.

مستغرى م mustaghraq, mustaghriq, Immersed, plunged, drowned; engrossed, absorbed; hypothecated, heavily mortgaged; -mustaghriqi fisq u fujūr, Plunged in vice and debauchery.

mustaghishsh, False, insincere, fraudulent; who looks on one as such.

mustaghshī, One who wraps himself up so as neither to be seen nor beard.

mustagh fir, One who asks par-

don; penitent, repentant.

mustaghall, A farm or estate which produces corn (ghallat); -mustaghill, A receiver of corn or fruits; a granary;mustaghilli khāna, A married woman, a housewife; a subterranean shop let by the proprietor. (The Bahari 'Ajam reads here musta'ill, which, however, seems to be a typical or clerical error.)

mustaghlib, (Herbage) full grown and entangled; prevalent, predomi-

nant.

mustaghliq, Difficult to be understood, obscure (speech).

A dalam mustaghlaqui, A fortress.

mustaghni, Rich, independent, حستهنى able to do without; boastful, proud, lofty, hanghty, supercilious, disdaining; one who derives advantage; content, satisfied, acquiescing.

a مستغنيانه mustaghniyāna, Richly, inde-

pendently, &c.

مستغيث mustaghīs, Complainant, plaintiff.

A mustaghir, A plunderer.

mustafād, Benefited; received, acquired; understood, meant, intended; required.

mustafāz, Diffused, divnlged,

revealed.

مستفتى mustafti, A consulter of a

mufti; one who domands a fatwá.

A mustafkhir, A buyer of (anything) splendid $(fa\underline{k}hir)$; proud, vain, conceited.

_ mustafrid, Alone in doing any مستفرد م

thing.

مستفرغ mustafriah, An emetic; one who

puts forth all his strength.

mustafsir, In need of explanation; asking for such; questioning; inquisitive.

mustafzil, Superfluous, redundant; one who leaves a residue; one who exacts from a debtor more than what is due, an extortioner.

a مستفل mustafil, Low, descending. mustaflih, Cae who escapes.

A mustafinn, One who distributes under various heads, genera, or classes (funūn).

mustafhim, Desirous to understand.

mustafid, (A student) anxious to profit in any science; intent on the acquisition of wealth; one who imparts advantage; a gainer.

mustaf īz, One who seeks plenty of water; diffused, spread abroad; divulged; wide, ample; favoured, obliged.

A مستفيه mustafih, Gluttonous; who eats

much after fasting.

mustaqbah, Disapproved; odious, abominable; detestable; inelegent, deformed; --mustaqbih, One who regards as

ugly, odious, &c.

mustaqbal, A figure well delineated; a portrait; - mustaqbil, One who advances to meet or greet; future; future tense of a verb; -- zamāni mustagbil, Time

مستقبليات Mustagbiliyāt, Future events ; future tenses.

mustaqat, mustaqa, A fur garment مستقا having long sleeves.

مستقتل mustagtil, Anxious for, or fearless of, death; seeking to be killed.

mustaqdir, One who beseeches (God) that (he) would providentially arrange (for good).

mustagdim, Preceding, going or

desirous of going before; bold.

mustaqzar, Dirtied; regarded as dirty; [jāma'i mustaqzaru'l-biţāna, A garment dirty in the lining or the inside;]mustaqzir, Who regards as dirty, or abomi-

mustagarr, A permanent dwellingplace, settled abode; -mustaqirr, One who has a fixed residence; firmly fixed; rested, reposed.

mustaqişs, Who asks (one) to retaliate; anxious for retaliation (qiṣāṣ).

mustaqṣī, One who commits مستقمى excess.

A مستقفل mustaqfil, Avaricious.

مستقل م mustaqill (in P. mustaqil), Absolute, despotic, independent; competent; invested with plenipotentiary powers; stable, firm, durable; peculiar, particular; independent sovereignty.

a مستقل ناموس mustaqil-nāmūs, A particular law.

a مستقل مزاع mustaqil-mizāj, Persevering. مستقل مزاع mustaqil-an, Absolutely, expressly.

A mustaqilāt, Peculiars.

a مستقل اراده mustaqil-irada, Firmly resolved; a firm resolution.

a مستقل اسامى mustaqil-āsāmī, A perma-

nent appointment or post.

mastaqwis, Arched (eyebrow). A مستقوس mustaqá, A place for drawing water; -mustaqī, A drawer of water.

mustaqīd, Obsequious, submis-Sive.

A mustaqil, Desirous that one should rescind (an agreement or bargain).

mustaqim, Right, straight; erect, bolt-upright; faithful, true, loyal; resolute; well constituted, having a good tendency; -mustagimu 'l-azlā', Right-sided. rectilineal; a rectilineal figure; -mustaqimu 'l-qamat, Of a just proportion, of an erect figure; -khatti mustaqim, A right

mustaqimat, mustaqima (fem. of the preceding), Right, straight, &c.;mustaqimatu 'Lazlā' (khattain), Rectilineal; a rectilineal figure.

a على مستقيم مواع mustaqim-mizaj. Serene, even of temper, equable.

mast-kāra, Any- مستكارة mast-kāra thing inebriating; one always drunk.

mustakbir, Proud, haughty; one who esteems as great or grand (kabir).

a مستكبرى mustakbarī, Pride, haughti-

mustaksir, One who increases.

mustakrim, A searcher for, asker, finder, or doer of anything generous or honourable; one who has attained rank and honours.

mustakrah, Abominable, disagreeable;—mustakrih, Who abominates, detests; who does anything unwillingly.

mustakrī, A hirer, a renter. mast-kush, Slayer of the intoxicated; dead-drunk.

مستكشف mustakhshif, Desirous of uncovering; manifest.

A مستكفات mustakaffāt, Fountains; camels collected together.

mustakfī, One who desires (another) to do (a thing) effectually or sufficiently.

a مستكلب mustaklib, One who imitates

the barking of a dog.

مستكمل mustakmil, A seeker after perfection.

ستكنة mustakinnat, Hatred, rancour.

مستكرى Mustakwī, In need of the cautery.

mustalab, Robbed, stripped, spoiled; — mustalib, A robber, spoiler; name of the sword of 'Amr bin Qulsum.

mustalbis, One who thinks, regards as slow or dilatory (lābis or labis). mustalbin, One who asks milk.

مستلك م mustalazz, Relishable, pleasant, savoury ;-mustalizz, One who relishes.

A سنلاأت mustalazzāt (pl. fem. of the

preceding), Delicacies.

mustalzim, A causer, producer, exacter, demander; cause, principle, motive; author; necessitating, involving necessarily; requiring, exacting.

A mustalsim, A seeker.

A mustal'ib, Anxious to play.

A مستلقى mustalqi, Lying or laid supine.

mustalhim, Desirous of revelation.

a mustalim. Obnoxious to censure. accused.

A المتسال mustamāl, Conciliated; persuaded; comforted, soothed.

mustamti', An enjoyer of fruit or advantage, a usufructuary; one who remains at Mecca and performs the solemnities there, combining hajj and 'umrat.

a amidd, A petitioner for aid against an enemy; one who takes a penful

of ink.

mustamarr, Firm, steady, lasting, durable; [ba'īdu 'l-mustamarr, Unflinching, unrelenting; - nahsi muslamarr. Protracted evil fortune; - muslamirr, Continuing, persevering, persisting, lasting long; constant, continual, abiding; firm, powerful (incautation); vain and passing away.

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(food) wholesome and digestible.

mustamsak, Held (to), bound (to perform something);—mustamsik, One who apprehends, seizes, holds fast; one who restrains himself.

mustamtir, One who prays for rain; one who asks a favour (from a friend); rained upon.

mustami', A listener, hearer ;-mustami'i maqal, A listener to words or speeches.

A "wistami'-an, In order to hear.

mustamkin, Firm, keeping his place; powerful, able.

a ستمل mustamill, Tired, disgusted.

mustamlih, One who thinks (a thing) beautiful (malik).

mustamli, Who desires one to indite.

muslaminn, One who asks a favour.

mustmand, Poor, wretched, miserable, unhappy, afflicted, melancholy, lamentable, plaintive; a poor, unfortunate man; a complainant.

mustmandana, Wretchedly, like a poor wight; belonging to poverty or dis-

a مست مولا mast-maulā, A drunken, careless fellow.

A Justamhil, Who craves a delay.

mustamīt, (A bold man) who exposes (himself) at the risk of his life, who courts death.

A wistamih, One who asks for a gift, or begs intercession (maih).

A jest mustamiz, Separate, apart.

A مستميل mustamil, Very wealthy; inclined.

م ستنبع mustambih, Who males (a dog) bark.

mustambit, One who causes to overflow; extracting, finding out; one who acquires knowledge in the law by ingenuity and study.

مستنبی mustambi', An inquirer (after news).

mustansir, Who draws water up the nostrils; who sucks or attracts, and then ejects it with great vehemence.

mustanjih, Desirous of success.

A with mustanjid, One who implores help; strong after weakness; bold after

fear.

mustanjiz, Desirous that one should fulfil his promise.

مستنجى " mustanji', One who purifies himself after pollution.

A mustankhib, A chooser.

mustanad, Supported; a prop; firm; to be relied on; authenticated; genuine; having a degree; an official document;—mustanid, One who leans against and supports himself;—mustanadd, Defaming; scattered, dispersed; driving, urging on.

mustanzal, Removed from office, degraded; a habitation;—mustanzil, One who sends or lets down; who receives hospitably; who places in an inn or cara-

vansera (manzil).

A — mustansib, One who mentions the pedigree of anyone.

mustansikh, A transcriber.

mustansir, Vulturish, vulturine.

A "mustansi', One who craves a delay for payment of a debt, or asks for sale on credit.

mustanshid, One who requests (another) to repeat verses or a poem.

musianshi, A smeller, one who perceives by the smell; an inquirer (after news); — mustanshi, Sweetly scented; drunk.

mustansit, Anxious for silence.

مستنمع mustansih, Desirous of obtaining advice; a consulter; one who considers as

a faithful admonisher (nāṣiḥ).

mustansir, One who asks aid.

مستنمه mustansif, One who receives from another payment of a debt or what is due, both parties then remaining equal or quits.

mustanizz, One who asks a مستنص 🛦

favour.

mustanțiq, Engaged in conversation; (God) the bestower of the gift of speech; desirous of speaking.

mustanzir, One who craves delay.

A مستنعت mustan'it, Who requests one to describe or distinguish by an epithet (na't).

مستنفر mustanfar, mustanfir, Frightened, flying (ass).

mustanfiz, One who pries in every nook and corner.

A مستفعی mustanfiq, One who expends, lays out.

A نستنقد mustanqiz, A rescuer, deliverer.

mustanqish, A painter, a limner.

A ستنقش mustanqis, (A purchaser)

anxious to lower the price of an article.

mustanqa', (A place) where ablutions are made; (a place) where water stagnates;—mustanqi', Stagnate (water).

mustankih, One who marries; one who lies with.

mustankar, Ignored; disallowed, disapproved of, disagreeable, displeasing; —mustankir, One who ignores, denies, disavows.

مستنکف mustankif, Ashamed, indignant; proud, haughty.

mustanhij, (A highway) made

open, clear.

mustanhir, Flowing freely, widely spread, diffused; one who directs the course (of a river) through solid ground; a reprover.

mustanhiz, A rouser, an exciter, one who bids (another) rise to do (any-

thing).

مستنی ٔ mustani', Setting (star).

mustanih, A wailer.

مستنيم mustanīr, Shining, glancing, sparkling; one who seeks for light.

mustanim, A sleeper; one who pretends to be asleep; who rests; who acquiesces, trusts to.

مستو mastū, A reptile; one who makes acknowledgment.

mustaubil, Heavy, unwholesome (air or meat); one who discovers or fancies (a country) to be unhealthy.

mustaubi', One who finds (a country) pestilential, infected and un-

healthy.

mustausiq, One who takes a bond or agreement (misaq); solid, firm, steady, constant; established, confirmed

(authority); placing confidence in.

mustaujib, Who makes or judges to be necessary; meriting, proper, worthy of; an author, cause, motive;—mastaujibu'l-adā, Recoverable; payable;—mustaujibu's-sawāb, Deserving reward, meritorious;—mustaujibu's-surār, Glad, rejoicing, giving joy;—sulh u salāhi mustaujibu'l-falāh, Peace and tranquillity, producing prosperity.

ستوحش مستوحش مستوحش مستوحش مستوحش مستوحش م dreary (place); afflicted; alienated.

mustauḥil, (A place) clayey or مستوحل

muddy.

mustaukhim, Heavy and un-

wholesome (climate or food).

▲ مستودع mustauda', Deposited, committed, commended; a person with whom, or a place where, anything is intrusted or deposited; [al-mustauda', That part of Paradise were Adam and Eve were placed; the womb; the grave;]-mustaudi, Who desires anyone to preserve anything committed to his care; one who commits or

مستودعات mustauda'āt (pl. fem. of the preceding), Deposits.

مستودى ه mustaudī, (A man) who acknow-

ledges (what he owes).

mastur, Covered, concealed, hid, veiled; good, honest, abstaining from what is unlawful; -mastur shudan, To lie hid, be veiled, abscond, disappear, be suppressed.

_ mastūrāt, pl. of مستورات ▲

mastūrat, mastūra, A chaste matron; - tāju'l mastūrāt, The crown of ladies or matrons (a title often given to sultanas or princesses).

mustaurid, Present, drawn near, at hand, standing before; a bringer.

- a مستورى mastūrī, Modesty; temperance. mustauri, A striker of fire from steel.
- muslauzir, Who chooses (anyone) as a wazīr or counsellor.

مستوسع Mustausikh, Nasty, dirty. mustausi', Broad, wide, ample.

A mustaushim, fem. and mustaushimat, mustaushima, Desirous that one should prick figures on his or her hand or other part of the body with a needle, in order to rub the punctures over with woad, indigo, or other colour; tattooing oneself.

**a mustausif*, One who asks for a mustausif*, One who asks for a mustausif*.

medical prescription (wasf).

a مستومل mustausil, Desirous of joining.

mustausī, One who receives a مستوصى ۸ charge, command, last will, or testament

(waṣīyat).

mustauzih, Desirous that one should make anything evident; one who endeavours to discover anything distinctly, by holding the hand over the eyes to keep off the glare of light; an explainer, nar-

mustauzi', Desirous of having

(anything) lowered (in price).

muslautan, A settled abode ; mustautin, Accustomed to a place, natural-

mustau'ib, A taker (of the whole); one who cuts off almost the whole nose.

mustau'ir, One who finds or مستوعر thinks (a way) rugged and difficult (wa'r).

mustaufir, A taker or a payer of

the whole or a deal of what is due.

nustaufiz, One who goes quick, • مستوفض runs, makes haste; who causes to make haste.

mustaufiq, One who beseeches (God) to be propitious, and wishes to be directed by him; a bringer of assistance.

A مستوفى mustavfi, A receiver of the whole of a thing due; a payer of the whole; the principal officer (of a detachment, &c.); an auditor (of accounts), a controller; a head-clerk; many, much; exhaustive.

a مستوفى كرى mustaufīgarī, Clerkship, audit.

- mustaugad, A fire-place or hearth; -mustauqid, A kindler (of fire);
- mustauqi', An expectant; held in expectation by hopes.
- mustauqif, A stander; who desires one to stand; also to stop or restrain another.

mustaukar, The place where a مستوكر ⊾ nest (wakr) is built.

mustaukif, One who lets the water fall in drops when performing his ablutions.

mustauli, One who overcomes, subdues, takes possession of, or surmounts; powerful, predominant, paramount.

mustauhib, One who asks a gift.

A مستوهل mustauhal, Timid; weak, languid ;- mustauhil, Timid.

mustawá, The common gender; a level spot; - mustawī, Equal, straight, direct, even, level; moderate; temperate; seated firmly on horseback; conspicuous, apparent; prevailing over; a possessor.

mustawiyan, Equally, directly. ma-sitih, ma-situh (prohih. of sitihidan), Do not struggle, contend, dispute ;musta, Food given to hunting birds; force, oppression; grief, sadness; name of a medicinal herb.

A مستهام mustahām, Astonished, distracted, unsteady (mind); insane from

A مستهان mustahān, Despised, abject, base. a ستهتك mustahtik, Regardless of any slur east upon one's character.

raised nrustahdaf, مستهدف ۸ High, (pubes); — mustahdif, Elevated, erect (thing); high (target); prominent (buttocks).

مستهدى ۸ ستهدى mustahdī, Who seeks direction. مستوزى م mustahzī, Ridiculing, sarcastic.

mustahall, Visible (new moon); -mustahill, Visible (new moon); very rainy (cloud or sky); squalling, crying (newborn infant); one who draws a (sword);

cheerful, bright (countenance).

wasted, consumed, &c.;—mustahlik, Ruinous, destructive; a consumer, squaderer (of money).

mustahimm, Sorrowful; solicitous, anxious about the concerns of others.

mastī, Drunkenness, intoxication; wantonness, lust; love; (in a mystical sense) the bewilderment arising from the contemplation of God; the rutting season; pride.

mustaisir, Easy, quick, expeditious; prepared, well disposed, arranged.

mustaiqiz, Watchful, awake;

vigilant, provident.

mustaiqin, One who knows for certain, sure of; who searches into, and explores.

or happening fortunately; who adjures, desires, or causes another to take an oath (yamin).

mustimand, Fettered; name of a place in India whence salt is brought.

mustai'is, Despairing, des-

perate.

masjad, That part of the fore-head which touches the ground in the adoration called sajda;—masjid, masjad, A mosque, temple, place of worship;—masjidi ādīna (jāmi'), The great or general mosque, where prayers are said every Friday;—masjidi aqsá, The temple of Jerusalem;—masjidi sharīf (al-masjidu 'l-harām), The temple of Mecca;—masjid durust na-shuda kūr 'aṣāyash zad, Before the mosque was erected the blind man knocked with his stick; (met.) he counted his chickens before they were hatched.

a مسجد البابل masjid-abābil, The mosque

swallow (Hirundo daurica).

a masjidi, Of or belonging to a mosque (a person or thing).

musajjar, Set loose, flowing (hair).

musajji, One who speaks in rhythmical prose.

musajjal, Proved, authenticated, and sealed by a judge; stamped, registered; —musajjil, (A judge) who sets his hand and seal to any sentence or decision.

masjūd, Adored, worshipped.

A masjur, Swollen; filled; kindled, burning.

A wasjun, Imprisoned, incarcerated.

mash (v.n.), Wiping; handling, stroking, rubbing; anointing; perambulation; travelling; anything deformed or hateful; a lie; [mashu'r-raqabat, A wiping of the neck (practised by Muhammadans

before engaging in prayer);—mashu'l-luha,
A stroking of the beards (done when a reconciliation takes place);]—mish, A saddlecloth of hair or wool; hair-cloth, sackcloth; the middle of the road; a high road;
—masah (v.n.), The friction of the inside of
the thighs, and soreness produced thereby.

A shovel, a spade, espe-

cially of iron.

A , musahhar, Fascinated, enchanted,

amused, deluded by witchcraft.

mashaquniyā, The scum or dross which flows on the surface of glass when in fusion (= kafi ābgīna q.v. under مناه بالمانية). 1036).

mishal, A file; an eloquent orator; the tongue; a wild ass, onager; a ring on either side of a bridle-bit; name of a man.

mishalāna (du. of the preceding), Two little rings about the bit or snaffle of a bridle.

mishanat, mishana, An instrument with which stones are broken.

مسورت م masķūb, Dragged, drawn, trailed.

A mashūr, Bewitched, enchanted, fascinated.

موق م mashūq, Brayed, bruised; pounded, pulverized.

mashaquniya, Dross of glass.

maskh (v.n.), Changing, metamorphosing into a more deformed shape (especially men into apes); emaciating, galling (a camel's back) by excessive labour; adopting the thoughts of another, but changing some of his words, plagiarism; ugly, mis-shapen, changed into a meaner form, metamorphosed.

musakhar (v.n.), Ridiculing;—musakhkhar, Taken, subdued, conquered; compelled to work without wages;—musakhkhir, One who compels to work for nothing, guilty of angariation; a taker (of a town); a subduer, breaker in;—musakhkhiri ajinna, A magician (who has

command over spirits).

maskharat, maskhara, A buffoon, fool, jester, droll, wag, facetious fellow; a man in masquerade; a pleasantry, anything ridiculous or mirthful; sport;—maskhara kardan, To ridicule or deride; to play the buffoon, to laugh at others; also to be laughed at.

a مستخرکی maskharagi, Jest, buffoonery,

fun.

a مسع کرده maskh-karda, Metamorphosed into a vile shape.

musakhkham, Filled with hatred.

A wim muskhan, musakhkhan, Hot, heated (water); — musakhkhin, Heating, calefactory, calefacient.

A dismi miskhanat, miskhana, Cauldron, copper, boiler.

a maskhūt, Transformed, meta-

morphosed; bateful, disagreeable, odious; incensed; -maskhūt u maghzūb, Odious and

hateful (to God).

masd (v.n.), Twisting (a rope) well; forming well and strong; -masad, The fibrous bark of the palm-tree; a rope made of it, or of any other substance firmly twisted; -masadd, A chink, hole.

▲ www. musaddad, Well directed; rectified; one whose affairs are managed with judgment and success; -musaddid, One

who directs properly.

Musaddas, Composed of six; verse consisting of six lines, hexameter; six-sided, hexagonal; cubic; a cube, hexagon; musaddasi 'alam, The six sides of the world, viz. up and down, fore and aft, right and left.

masdād, Shut, closed, corked, plugged; obstructed.

masar, Ice.

musirr, A concealer, hider, one who keeps private; a divulger, publisher.

مسرب م masrab, مسرب masrabat, A meadow, pasture; - masrubat, Fine or soft hairs stretching from the breast to the

misrat, An instrument (volume or roll) in which any secrets are contained ;masarrat (v.n. of ,), Being cheerful; making glad; cheerfulness, gladness, joy; briskness, liveliness, happiness; -misarrat, A whispering-trumpet.

a مسرت آثار masarrat-āṣār, Impressed with joy.

a مسرت الكور masarrat-anges, Mirth-exciting.

A tyme musarraj, Saddled (horse).

A masrajat, masraja, A lamp, a vessel holding oil and a wick.

א יייעס א masrah, A wide pasture, pastur-

age.

ת שייענאה musardabīyat (from P. sard-āb), An ice-house; a place for keeping water cool.

سردق ۸ musardaq, (A house) surrounded by the curtain suradiq; (a tent) so screened.

misra', Swift to do evil or good; --musri', Quick, swift, nimble, expeditious.

musrif, Extravagant, profuse, lavish, prodigal.

A tyme masruh, The vapour sarab.

masrūd, An invocation; an incantation, fascination.

masrūr, Glad, joyful, cheerful, exulting, gay, happy; one whose navelstring is cut; name of the headsman of the caliph Hārun Arrashid.

masrūrī, Joy, gladness, gaiety.

A كارس masrūq, fem. مسروق masrūqat, masruqa, Stolen, robbed; surreptitious; -māli masrūqa, Stolen property.

a ورا جرا masira'i charkh, The moon.

masrá (v.n. of سریل م masrá (v.n. of

by night; the nocturnal journey to heaven said to have been made by Muhammad.

Mast (v.n.), Squeezing with the hand a leathern bottle, or the intestines, in order to force out their contents; wringing (wet cloth); thrusting the hand into the matrix of a camel to extract the seed deposited there by a sorry sire.

mistār, mustār, New, also sour

wine; heady wine.

A diban mastabat, mastaba, A long and wide bench, or rather a stone platform, raised two or three feet above the ground, on which the Orientals recline.

mistah, An open place on a plain where corn or dates are dried; the pillar, pole, or other wooden work of a tent; musattah, fem. and musattahat, musuttaha, Superficial; levelled (ground); level, even; an open plain; -musattih, Who equals or makes level.

mastar, Place where lines are drawn; -mistar, A geometrical rule by which right lines are drawn, a ruler; parallel threads strained on a piece of pasteboard, used by those who copy manuscripts for ruling lines; construed with bastan, khurdan, zadan, kashidan, nihādan; [mistar dokhtan, To make a ruler;]—mu-sattar, Written; a writing;—musattir, A writer; amanuensis.

مسطنجی .(.v.) ممطکا Gum - mastic (= mastanji,

mastūrat, fem. مسطوره mastūrat, mastūrat, written, described, specified; lined, delineated; aforesaid, above-quoted.

mastūrāt (fem. pl. of the preceding), Things written above, things aforementioned. &c.

mis', The north wind.
A how mas'āt, Study, pains; a laudable endeavour or act.

mis'ar, A poker, piece of wood with which fire is stirred; one who stirs up strife.

A مسعد mus'ad, Happy; propitious; august; -musid, musarid, Rendering prosperous, making happy, liberal; helping, assisting.

mis'ar, A poker with which the fire is stirred; one who stirs up strife; anything long; -musa"ar, Raised in price; rated high; -musa"ir, One who fixes the price.

A hous mus'ut, mis'at, An instrument by which sternutatives are injected.

A semmas'ūd, Happy, fortunate, rendered fortunate, prosperous, blessed; favourable; august; a proper name.

a مسعود کوزی mas'ūd gūzī, Name of a buffoon of Barhan-pur in India.

mas'ūd-guhar, Of a fortunate مسعود گهر race.

a مسعودي mas'ūdī, Happiness, prosperity.

Mas'ūr, Scorched by the blast samum; furious; thirsty.

Musghib, Hungry. A masghabat, Hunger.

misfar, (A camel) strong for traveiling; one who travels much.

misfak, Talkative, verbose.

A مسطن misfan, A hatchet, axe, or planinginstrument; a file.

A τομων masfūḥ, Poured out.

masfūk, Shed, spilled (blood).

musaffih, One who calls another a fool.

A sumasqat, misqat, A place or vessel from which a bird drinks; the part of the belly where water in dropsy collects;misqat, An utensil out of which water is poured or anything is sprinkled.

misgātūn, Aloes-wood.

misqām, Often sick, infirm, ail-

masqat (v.n. of اسقط), Falling; Mascat in Arabia; -- masqat, masqit, A place, especially where anything falls; [masqitu 'r-ras, A native country (where one falls at birth);]-musqit, A dam which casts her young; who or what causes to fall, lowers, abases, debases; dishonouring, degrading.

musaqqaf, Roofed, floored;

canopied; long, tall.

musqim, Who or what makes nick.

masqūt, Fallen (date).

masqum, Sick.
مساوم م masqum, Sick.
مساوم م fast, retaining, restraining; leather, especially of lamb or kid; -masak, Bracelets or ankle-rings of tortoiseshell or ivory;misk, Musk.

a مسك مابوني miek-ṣābūnī, A musky soapball.

maskat, A piece of leather;muskat, That by which anything is held; remains, residue; a well dug in hard ground; -masakat, A bracelet or anklering of tortoiseshell or ivory; -musakat, Avaricious.

muskit, One who orders silence, or strikes dumb; one who ceases to speak;musakkat, The last gaming-arrow; -musakkit, Silencing; who or what puts to silence.

muskir, Inebriating; any intoxicating liquor; musakkar, Made drunk, crop-sick.

muskirát, Intoxicating drinks مسكرات

or drugs, intoxicants.

miskal, A sort of Jew's harp.

maskan, maskin, Dwelling, habitation, house ;—muskin, Poor, miserable ; musakkin, An allayer, quieter.

musakkināt (pl. fem. of musakkin), Things which alleviate or quiet; -musakkināti anjā', Anodynes.

maskanat, Poverty, misery; hu-

mility, modesty; - maskanat u zarā'at, Humbleness and submission; -ahli maskanat, Modest, humble.

مسكوب maskūb, Poured out, shed; (water) poured out and flowing over the

ground's surface.

مسکور م maskūr, Intoxicated, drunken. مسکوك م maskūk, Goined, struck; studded with nails; -maskūk sikka'i . . . Stamped with the die of . . .

A مسكون maskūn, Habitable, inhabited; pacified; -maskūn shudan, To be pacified, to become pleased.

miskawaih, Surname given to the grandfather of Ya'qūb al-Kindi.

maska, Fresh butter.

a مسكى miskī, Musky, musk-coloured. miskir, Very apt to be intoxi-

cated.

a سکین miskīn, Musky, musk-coloured. miskīn, maskīn, Indigent, wretched, a pauper; humble, suppliant; a poor man or woman, a beggar, miserable wretch; musky.

miskinat, Poor, indigent (wo-

man); the city of Madina.

a مسكين مو miskīn-mū, With musky hair (black and fragrant).

a مسكيني māskīnī, Poverty, misery.

a مسكيدية miskīnīyat, Beggary.

misgar, A coppersmith, worker in brass.

masal, The channel of a torrent or flux of water.

mislat, The tooth or ward of a key.

muslan (pl. of masal and masil),

Places through which water flows.

مسلة masalat, A question, proposition, problem; an action, thing; -misallat, A large needle for sewing sacks.

musallah, Armed; — musallahi

jang, Armed for war or battle.

A all maslahat, A frontier-garrison, a fortification at the entrance into a country; armed (men), warlike (people); guards; guardians; a dangerous place, where it is necessary to carry arms (silāh).

maslakh, A place where animals are slaughtered and skinned, slaughter-

house, shambles.

مسلسل Musalsal, Enchained, linked, concatenated, sewed, or fastened together, coherent, successive, consecutive, placed in order; a kind of lace or fringe; striped, painted (staff).

a مسلسل کن musalsal-kun, Connecting,

linking together.

musallat, Appointed, set over; conquered, subdued; - musallit, A governor, ruler ;- musallit shudan, To overcome, rule over, be superior.

Musalla', Cleaved, split.

A salma mislafat, mislafa, A harrow; any

instrument used in levelling ground; a plasterer's trowel.

مسلق مسلق mislag, Eloquent; a scalingladder.

▲ مسلك maslak, maslik, Way, path, track; passage; institution, regulation; series,

muslim, A Musulman, a true believer in the Muhammadan faith, a Moslem ; -musallam, Consigned, intrusted, given in charge; free, dispensed with, exempted from public burdens; complete, sound, safe, entire, whole; certain, secure; construed with dashtan and kardan; [musallam kardan, To grant a dispensation ;musallam ki, Granted that;] - musallim, One who keeps safe, preserves in liberty, or rescues; one who delivers (anything to a person); one who submits to, and acquiesces in, the judgment of another; one who salutes, pronounces a benediction or salutation; one who blesses the memory (of the departed), saying, as'-salām 'alaihi, Peace be with him !--sukhunāni muqarrar u musallam, Words certain and true.

a of A. musliman (P. pl. of A. muslim), Orthodox believers, Musulmans, Moslems.

a مسلمان musulmān, A Musulman, a Muhammadan, believer.

a مسلماني musulmānī, Muhammadism.

▲ Muham- muslimat, muslima, A Muhammadan woman.

a مسلم دوا musallam-dawā, Certain of curing (a physician).

A walimīn (obl. pl. of muslim used as nom.), Muhammadans, faithful; believers, Moslems.

maslūb, Seized, snatched away; spoiled, stripped; erred; forgotten; robbed of one's senses; -maslubu'l-'aql, Bereft of reason, insane, mad.

a مسلوب الحواسي maslūbu'l-ḥawāsī, Unsoundness of mind, mental imbecility.

مسلوط maslūkh, Skinned, flayed (sheep); galled, made raw; finished (month, see p. 693).

maslū', Afflicted with sil'at.

مسلوعة maslūʻat, maslūʻa, A highway, straight road.

maslūf, Levelled (ground) ; harrowed.

مسلوق ه maslūq, Boiled.

A مسلوقه maslūqat (fem. of the preceding),

maslūk, Beaten, walked, trodden (path); inserted, put into; practised, observed.

مسلول ه maslūl, Unsheathed; consumptive.

مسلوم ه maslūm, Bitten by a serpent. a مسله masla (for mas'alat), A question; a proposition; problem; a precept, tenet, doctrine; a matter proposed for decision; an aphorism, maxim.

A نام هسته مسله مسله ما masla-dān, One versed in precepts, doctrines, &c.

musallī, One who soleces, or who makes content and happy; the third horse in a race.

A amusimm, (A day) distressingly hot with a pestilential blast (samum).

A home musammā, Called, named.

a مسمات musammāt, Names, denomina tions; (in India) a title prefixed to the name of women; a lady.

سماچنگ ,masmājang, mismājang مسماجنگ masmāchang, An artificial penis, a dildo.

mismāh, Liberal, bountiful.

mismār, A nail, pin, peg, stake; (in India) razed, demolished, destroyed; construed with bar kashidan and zadan;mismār (az mismār) dokhtan, To tie firmly and guard carefully; -mismār kardan, To demolish a house, to raze.

a مسمارى mismārī, Clavated, nail-shaped; razing; demolition, ruin, destruction.

mismās, masmās, A confused مسماس م business.

asmasat (v.n. of مسجسة), Being مسجسة disturbed, disordered; confusion, intri-

A home musammat, (A royal mandate) having effect, efficacious, received, and obeyed everywhere; (in poetry) a poem in which the rhyme of one line is different from all the rest; according to others, a poem, each couplet of which contains three additional rhymes; an unanswered or unanswerable question.

masma', A place where anything is heard, a place within hearing; -misma', The ear, organ of hearing; the ear of a bucket; the handle in the middle of a bucket, or of a basket for drawing up earth, to which the rope is fastened;musma', Made to hear; accepted, approved, heard, listened to, attended to ;-musmi', One who makes to hear.

▲ "www masma'-an, Within hearing. A damme musmi'at, A female singer.

masmaqar, مسمقران masmaqran, maemaqūra, Long birthwort.

A warmin, fem. dame musminat, musmina, Naturally fat; -musamman, Fattened. made fat; -musammin, Fattening.

masmūr, Fixed together with nails; lean and spare, but having the bones and muscles firmly knit together; checkered (life).

A E, masmū', fem. Le, masmū'at, masmū'a, Heard; listened to; audible.

A مسموك masmūk, High.

A مسموكات masmūkāt, Skies.

مسمول م masmul, Blinded, knocked out (eye).

masmām, Killed or injured by poison (samm); infected (meat), poisoned (sword), envenomed (arrow); venomous

(a day) distressingly sultry by the blowing of the hot wind samum.

musammá, Named, called, styled; entitled, denominated; inscribed; musammī, One who gives a name; denominative.

سمية musammiyan, Nominally; by A name.

■ misann, in P. misan, A whetstone, an instrument for sharpening; - musinn, Aged, stricken in years.

misnaf, A camel wearing the

poitrel or breast-harness sināf.

A musinnat, musinna, An aged female.

musnit, Barren, unproductive (Boil).

masnad, A throne; a large cushion on which people recline; a prop, support; construed with zadan and nihādan; (in P.) a scoundrel, a lying rascal; [masnadi āsūdagān, The grave; the world; -masnadi jam, The wind; -masnadi hukumat (sulţān), The royal or imperial throne; -dar masnadi 'iszat, On the throne of glory, glorious;]musnad, Attributed to, related, alleged (on the authority of another); predicated; reared, propped; spurious, a bastard; the Himyaritic character; (in gram.) the subject; [musnad ilaihi, The subject of a proposition; -musnad bihi, The predicate of a proposition; -musnid, Who causes to lean; one who makes an allegation on the authority of another; -musannad, Piled up, propped up; acquired (opp. to gauhari, Innate); supported by ones own exertions.

masnad-ārā (راى) ārāy), Adorning the throne, i.e. a king ;—masnad-ārāyi qaşri matīni dīn, The ornament of the throne of the impregnable palace of religion (a title given sometimes to a chief priest).

musannadat, Propped up (fag-

gots); erected, raised (a well).

a مسند آرا maenad-tirāz, = امسند طراز .

a مسند کاه masnad-gāh, A support, asylum. a مسند نشين masnad-nishīn, Sitting on the throne, i.e. a reigning prince; -masnadnishīn shudan, To sit upon a throne, to fill the chief seat, to reign.

a مسند نشيعي masnad-nishīnī, Accession

to the throne.

a مسندي masnadī, Of or belonging to the throne, &c.; -muenadē, A proper name.

masang, A game at dice; boast; the clitoris.

مسنم Musannam, (A bailding whose

roof is) shaped like an ass's back.

masnūn, fem. مسنونا masnūnat, masnūna, Changed, altered in smell or colour; fetid (mud); made smooth; smooth, clear (face); polished, sharpened, whetted; circumcised; rendered legal, legalized, lawful, adopted into use; -masnunu'l-wajh, Long-faced and long-nosed;

-qā'ida'i masnūna, A canon or rule; in law an evangelical council.

مسواط ه miswāt, A skimmer. مسواط ه miswāk, A dentifice, especially one made from a certain kind of tree; construed with bar sar zadan and tarāshi-

A to masüh, A drug to be rubbed in or smeared over:—musūh (pl. of mish),

Coarse cloths of hair; sackcloths.

a مسود masūd (prob. for musauwad), Who has been made a chief, who has become great; -musauwad, Blackened; made a chief; -musauwid, A chooser of a chief, lord, or prince; one who blackens or marks with black.

שיינים א musauwadat, musauwada (fem. of musauwad), Blackened; a black thing; a note or memorandum-book, the first sketch, conception, or rough draft of anything, with many blottings and corrections; a rough copy; -musauwidat, Name of a Muhammadan sect (the sect of Abbas), so called because they dressed in black.

miswarat, A leathern cushion; name of a man; musauwar, Built, erected (wall); enclosed by a wall $(s\bar{u}r)$; walled; adorned with bracelets $(siw\bar{a}r)$; the part encircled by a bracelet.

masūs, Brackish, not salt or

fresh (water); the bezoar-stone.

miswat, A ladle or skimmer.

a فسرع musauwagh, Permitted, allowed; lawful.

سوى ه masuq, Rudely and violently driven; miswaq, A stick or switch for striking a horse.

A مسوقة miswagat, misqawa, A whip.

nusūk (pl. of mask), Skins.

A مسؤول mas'ūl, Asked; prayed for, requested.

musauwam (fem. مسوم musauwam wamat, Signed, marked; sent to pasture; -musauwim, One who makes a mark.

A ייין מיייט musauwamin (obl. pl. of musauwam used as nom.), Marked, signed; musauwamīn, Who mark or sign.

مسوى A مسوى musauwa, Made level, even, and smooth; -musauwī, One who makes any-

thing even, level, and straight.

mis,hā (pl. of mis), Coppers; mis,hā'i zar-andūd, Gilded coppers; (met.) insincere professions of esteem or good-

A مسيد musahhad, Rendered sleepless, roused.

a مسهل mus,hal, Purged, troubled with a diarrhœa; - mus, hil, Laxative, aperient, purgative, cathartic; a purge; -musahhal, Lightened; made easy, softened; -musahhil, A loosener, solvent.

مسيلات Mus,hilāt (pl. of mus,hil), Purgative medicines; — mus hilāti ba**lgham**, Medicines which carry off phlegm, phleg-

magogues; — mus hilāti saudā, Medicines which expel the bile, melanagogues; — mus hilāti safrā, Medicines which expel bilious fœces, cholagogues.

A musahham, A garment marked with stripes resembling arrows (sahm);

plaited.

musahhamat, (Camels) affected with the disease called suhām.

mus,hūf, Tormented with an unquenchable thirst (suhāf).

A mashūm, (A camel) affected by the disease suhām.

masy (v.n.), Extracting the prolific seed from the matrix of the camel; -misī, Made of copper; a sort of dentifrice or colouring for the teeth used in Hindustan; — mus'i, A sinner, criminal, malefactor, evil-doer; injurious.

A ----- musaiyab, Set at liberty; given. musicha, A sort of bird white like a turtle or duck, but larger, making with its wings a hissing noise when flying.

- masih, One who measures or travels much; sincere; sweat; a liar; the bare part of a silver or gold coin, either unstamped or where the impression has worn off; anointed; wiped, cleaned;— al-masil, The anointed, the Messiah, our Lord Jesus Christ; — al-masīḥu'd-dajjāl, Autichrist; -missih, Autichrist.
- a سيحه masīḥā, Christ, the Messiah; a Christian.
- a a masīḥā-misāj, Of the nature of the Messiah.
- a مسيحانفس masihā-nafas, Possessed of the breath of the Messiah (an expression used to imply a skilful physician; as if endowed, like the Messiah, with the power of recovering the sick or recalling the dead by a breath.)

مسيحاوار a masīhāwār, Christ-like; a Christian.

a مسيمائي masīḥā'ī, Christ-like; of the Messiah; the office or works of the Messiah.

a masīhī, fem. masīhīyat, masīḥīya, Christian; appertaining to Christ; -millati masihiya, The Christian religion; the Christian people.

مسيخ masīkh, Metamorphosed, changed into a meaner shape; deformed, ugly; tasteless or insipid (meat or fruit).

masidan, To pluck, gather, cull; to wash, sqeeeze, wring, press, extort, wrench, twitch; to make haste, walk fast.

مسيرة masir, فسيرة masiral (v.n. of مسير), Going, walking, proceeding on a journey, travelling; a journey;—musaiyar, (Cloth) woven with stripes (like thongs); a pleasant or celebrated place, worthy of a traveller's curiosity.

A مسيس masīs (v.n. of مسيس), Touching,

handling, feeling; touch.

A masit, Shame masitat, Impure water, especially at the bottom of a cistern.

▲ مسيطر musaitir, A keeper, guardian, governor, commander, inspector; invested with authority (see مصطر).

a سيف musif, Girt with, or bearing a

sword,

سيفة ٨ 🛶 masīfat, masīfa, (pl. of سيف sayf), Swords.

A waricious, tenacious, close-fisted.

a مسيل a masil. A channel: a flux or stream of water; a river-bed.

A diam mas'alat, mas'ala (v.n. of joh),

Asking, praying, &c. (= مسله q.v.).

A Lime musailimat, musailima, Name of a famous impostor, and rival of Muhammad, to whom the epithet kazzāb, "liar," is usually affixed.

a wome misin, deme misina, Made of copper.

masīniyūn, Cinnabar.

mas'ūl, Asked, begged, desired, demanded, interrogated; a petition; anything sued for; -mas'ūl 'anhu, (Any person or thing) inquired after.

mas'ülāt, Questions, queries. A مستولات musī', A sinner, evil-doer.

mashsh (v.n.), Milking (a camel), but leaving part in the udder; rubbing (the hands), cleaning or wiping (them) of grease; gnawing the extremity of a bone, in order to suck out the marrow; taking (anything) little by little; mixing anything until it dissolves.

مشاءة mashā'at (v.n. 3 of مشاءة , Being

willing; wishing, desiring.

سنامة مشاعمة (v.n. 3 of مشاعمة), Sitting on the left hand; going to the left; arriving in Syria.

mashābir (pl. of mashbar, mashbarat), Notches or other marks upon an ellmeasure, to mark the half-yard, quarter,

مشابه ه mashābih (pl. of shabah), Resemblances, forms, figures, pictures, images;mushābih, Like, resembling.

مشابهات مشابهات مسالهات مسالهات مسلمات مسلمات مسلمات مسلمات مسلمات مسلمات مسلمات مسلمات مسلمات مسلمات مسلمات الم bahat), Similitudes, semblances; doubtful

or different things.

مشابهه mushabahat (v.n. 3 of هبه), Resembling; similitude, resemblance; comparison of things similar; probability.

مشابية mashābīh (pl. of shabah), Re-

semblances.

مشاق . mushāt, jn P مشات (pl. of māshī), Walkers, pedestrians; infantry.

مشاتاة مساتاة mushātāt (v.n. 3 of مشاتاة Agreeing with (another) for the winter (shita'); doing anything during that season.

mushātamat, mushātama (v.n. 3 مشاتعة of هتم), Reviling, abusing one another; rudeness, reproachfulness, vituperation; mushātama kardan, To rail at.

mashājib (pl. of mishjab), Wooden clothes horses.

A dalmo mushājjat (v.n. 3 of 66), Fighting; breaking or endeavouring to break another's head.

mashājir (pl. of mishjar), The wooden works of camel-litters open at top.

mushājarat (v.n. 3 of مهمر), Re-

sisting, opposing, controverting.

A منع mushahhat (v.n. 3 of منع), Acting in an avaricious, grasping manner (towards anyone); litigation, altercation.

معاد مسلام mushād, Carried up, built.

مشادة مشادة سي mushāddat (v.n. 3 of مشادة م posing, resisting; seizing or contending with vehemence.

mashār, A hive of bees;—mushār, Signified, indicated; -mushār ilaihi, Abovementioned, aforesaid, touched upon before, related above; the word indicated by a demonstrative pronoun; a person or thing consulted; respected, esteemed, illustrious.

مشاراة م mushārāt (v.n. 3 of مرى), Making

a contract of purchase or sale.

mashārīb (pl. of mashrab), Dispositions; (pl. of mashrabat, mashrubat) dining-rooms, parlours; places water is fetched; (pl. of mishrabat) drinks, things in general which are potable; drinking vessels.

ساربه mushārabat (v.n. 3 of مشاربه),

Drinking with or to another.

سشارة ه mushārrat (v.n. 3 of "4), Injuring (another), being malignant or adverse.

سشارمات mushārijāt, (Girls) of the same

mushārajat (v.n. 3 of هرج), Resembling one another.

mushāriz, Malicious, ill-disposed.

سارزةً ه mushārazat (v.n. S of مشارزةً), Contending, striving, disputing, litigating; being malignant, bad-tempered.

mushārasat, A giving hard معارسة م treatment.

مرط mushāratat (v.n. 8 of مرط), Stipulating with each other, entering into mutual conditions.

mashāri' (pl. of mashra', mashra'at), Streets, broadways; high-roads.

مشارك ▲ mashārif, Eminences, high places; name of certain villages on the Euphrates.

سارنه مشارنه مسارنه م tending with concerning nobility or glory; being near; hanging over, impending; eminence.

mashāriq, Eastern places.

سشارك مسارك مسارك مسارك مسارك مسارك مسارك م common; mutual, reciprocal; - mushārik, An associate, partner; a wind close to the north-east.

سشاركة مشاركة مسلوكة Entering into partnership; being partner, co-partnership; fellowship; community, society, association, participation, communication, correspondence; — mushārakati dīnīya, Religious fellowship.

a span mashara, A border round a sown

mashārīṭ (pl. of mishrāṭ), Surgeons' lancets or scarificators.

mashash, A decoction of honey

poured upon a plate to harden; (prohib. of shāshīdan), piss not.

a سشاش mushash, Soft earth; soul, mind, nature, disposition, temperament; (pl. of mushāshat) tops of marrow-bones, the ends sucked; — taiyibu 'l-mushāsh. Generous, noble-minded.

mushāshat, The head of a soft

bone which may be gnawed.

a مشاط mishāt (pl. of musht), Combs.

مشاطة mashshātat, in P. mashshāta, mashāta, A comber, waiting-maid, bride-dresser, or tire-woman; -mishātat, The art of combing ;-mushātat, mushāta, Hairs which fall in combing; hair combings; -mushāttat (v.n. 3 3 of b), Exceeding in injustice.

mushātir, A next-door neighbour. A أهطر mushāṭarat (v.n. 3 of مشاطرة), Halving; being next-door neighbour.

a مشاطكي mashshāṭagī, Art of attiring a bride.

▲ mushā', Divulged; undistributed (portion).

مشاعبة mushā'abat (v.n. 3 of مشاعبة), Removing far off; dying.

mashā'at, A being divulged,

published. mashā'ir, Holy places at Mecca; the five senses or inlets of knowledge;-

mushā'ir, A poetaster, petty poet. mushā'arat, mushā'ara (v.n. 3 of

معر), Contending with, or excelling in poetry; lying or sleeping together under one inner garment; a meeting of poets.

مشاعل A مشاعل masha'il (pl. of mash'al), Lanterns; torches; flames, lights, splendours; (pl. of mash'alat) places for lanterns or fires.

a مشاعلي mashā'ilī, A torch-bearer; an executioner.

a سشاغب mushāghib, An evil-doer; a defamer; a stirrer up of mischief; zū mashāghib, Seditious, troublesome.

مشاغبة mushāghabat (v.n. 3 of بهم), Injuring; defaming; squabbling, raising

tumults.

A مشاعرة mushāgharat (v.n. 3 of مشاعرة), Contracting the double treaty of marriage called shighar (see able p. 747).

a مشاغل mashāghil, Employments, occu-

pations.

mashāfir (pl. of mishfar, mash-

far), Lips of camels or men.

A معلم mushafa'at (v.n. 3 of معلم), Asking of one another the right of preemption of property adjoining their own. A speaker face to face.

مدانية mushāfahat, mushāfaha (v.n. 3 of مدانية), Speaking to one's face, lip to lip; mouth to mouth conversation; — mushāfahat-an, By word of mouth, orally.

a مساق mushāq, A servant, domestic; mashāqq (pl. of mashaqqat), Afflictions, in-

conveniences, hardships.

A Sibilian mushaqat (v.n. of مقبر), Applying oneself to, persevering in anything with much trouble; opposing, contending; disputing about misery (shaqa').

mushāqqat (v.n. 3 of هي), Contending, quarrelling, opposing; contention,

opposition.

مناتحة mushāqaḥat (v.n. 3 of مشاتحة م

Railing at, reproaching one another.

mushākarat (v.n. 3 of مكر), Beginning to converse or tell a story; evincing gratitude (shukr), showing that one is grateful.

مشآكل مستمكل مستمكل mushākil, Resembling; suitable, apposite, convenient;—mushākil u muwāfiq,

Suitable and convenient.

مكل mushākalat (v.n. 3 of مكل), Agreeing with, suiting; resembling, favour-

ing; resemblance, conformity.

mashāmm, in P. mashām, The smell; the sense of smelling; smelling; the palate;—diyāri shāmi jannat-mashām, The country of Damascus redolent of Paradise.

mushāmmat (v.n. 3 of هشاه), Smelling one another; approaching, appearing in sight (of an enemy); looking at, prying into, snuffing.

mashāmi' (pl. of mishma'at),

Candlesticks.

A مناهه mushanaqat (v.n. 3 of مناهه), Mixing one's flocks or goods with those of another.

مستاوك م mashāwiz (pl. of mishwaz), Turbans.

mushāwir, A counsellor, senator.

مشاورين Mushāwirīn (obl. pl. used as

nom.), Counsellors.

A فور mushāwarat (v.n. 3 of مشاورة م), Consulting, asking advice; counsel, consulta-

tion, deliberation, conference.

A مشاويد mashāwīz (pl. of mishwāz), Tur-

mashāhid (pl. of mashhad), Places where people assemble; sepulchres of martyrs;—mushāhad, Seen, witnessed, beheld;—mushāhid, One who sees, views,

or contemplates; a spectator.

mushāhadat, mushāhada (v.n. 8 of مند), Witnessing, seeing, contemplating; sight, vision, contemplation; observation; ocular demonstration; revelation; a testimony; the highest degree of perfection in contemplating the divine essence;—muṣhā-hadāti ghaibīya, Contemplations or visions of future, absent, or invisible things;—mushāhada kardan (namūdan), To see, witness, contemplate, behold, look at, consider.

nushāharat, mushāhara (v.n. 8 of y.a.), Bargaining by the month (shahr); paying monthly; monthly wages; allowances to zamīndārs; — mushāhara bi 'lmuqta', Consolidated allowance.

mashāhīr (pl. of mashhār), Celebrated, notorious, renowned (people); cele-

brities.

mushayahat (v.n. 3 of ميع), Being

diligent, striving (in business).

mashā'ikh (pl. of shaikh), Aged men; sheiks; elders, doctors, priors, patriarchs, holy persons, dervishes; (also as sing.) a holy man, a patriarch, &c.

a المنافذة mashā'ikhāna, Of or relating to boly persons, &c.; patriarchal; as a

spiritual guide or director.

a مَشَاكُنَى mashā'i<u>kh</u>ī, Sanctity, piety. مَشَاكِنَى mushāyi', A follower, adberent.

A مشايعة mushāya'at (v.n. 3 of مشايعة). Following, adhering to; escorting; seeing a visitor to the door (m.c.).

mashā'im, Disastrous, unfortunate things; (pl. of mashīmat) membranes in which fœtuses are wrapped, secundines.

A مشائن mashā'in, Shameful things,

vices.

سشائية مشائية mashā'iyat (v.n. of سشائية), Willing, wishing, desiring.

م مشائيم ه masha'im, Unlucky (persons). مشبر mashbar, مشبر mashbarat, A notch or mark set upon an ell or yard-measure

A & mushba', Saturated, sated, sa-

to shew the half, quarter, &c.

tiated.

مشيك mushabbak, Latticed, grated, netted; trellised, reticulated; construed with būdan, shudan, kardan, &c.

a مشبك قلعه mushabbak-qal'a, A censer;

the sky.

سمبل مسبل مسبل مسبل مسبل مسبل مسبل م

young.

mashbūb, Grown up, adult; stirred, blazing (fire); (a beautiful object) which excites love or admiration.

سمبوك ه mashbūk, Caught, fixed, en-

tangled.

مشبه mushabbah, Obscured, ambiguous, intricate; compared, likened; like, resembling;—mushabbah bi-hi, That whereunto a thing is likened.

masht, Abundant, full, overflowing; thick, gross, coarse; name of a town near Ghaznin;—musht, The fist; a blow with the clenched fist; a handful; a handful of people, a few; a hammer; root of galangale; little, mean; he rubbed (pret. of mushtan); rubbed;—mushti āb, A gulp of water;—mushti ātishī. A handful of fire, (met.) tyrants; fire-worshippers;—musht ba-tārīkī andākhtan (zadan), To act at random;—musht baiza kardan, To clench the fist;—mushti khāk, A handful of earth; the terrestrial ball, the world; man;—

musht khwurdan, To receive a blow with the fist;—musht sadan (koftan, nihādan bar), To strike the fist, to box;—mushte ki ba'd az jang yād āmad bar kala khwud bāyad sad, A blow of which you bethink yourself after the fight, you had better give on your own pate.

mushitt, A disperser; separator.

Mashta, مشتاة mashtat, Winter-

quarters; a hunting-place.

mushta-sang, A stone with a hole by way of handle, either held in the hand or thrown when fighting; the stone

of a sling.

musht-afshār, A soft kind of gold capable of being moulded by the hand; a small golden scent-box held by great people in the hand; a sound produced by blowing into the fist; new wine (called)....

mushtāq, Full of desire, wishing, longing, anxious to see an absent friend.

a مشتأنات mushtāgāna, Desirous of seeing; longingly.

a مشتاقی mushtaqi, Vehement desire,

longing.

mushtabik, Perplexed, intricate, intermixed, mixed, confused; latticed, grated, reticulated, made like a net (shaba-kat).

mushtabih, Obscure, doubtful, intricate, ambiguous; — mushtabihu 'l-wuṣūl, Of doubtful recovery; money of which the recovery or collection is doubtful; a bad debt.

مشتبهات mushtabihāt (pl. of the following), Obscure, ambiguous (sentences); doubtful, intricate (affairs).

مستمين mushtabihat (fem. of mushtabih),

An ambiguous matter.

A wishattat, Separated, divided, scattered.

mushtadd, Waxed strong, potent. مشترط ه mushtarit, One who fixes a condition.

a مشترك mushtarif, Erect, upright, stand

ing up; tall (horse).

mushtarak, fem. مشترك mushtarakat, mushtaraka, Shared; common, paying tribute to two masters (as in the case with some frontier towns); common to many; [ismi mushtarak, A homonym;—hissi mushtarak, Common sense;—shikār mushtarak ast, The game is in common;—lughati mushtaraka, A word of many significations;]—mushtarik, A partner in trade, associate, accomplice; common to many; complex; synonymous.

سنت رده musht-rand, مشت رهه musht-randa, A carpenter's plane, hand-plane.

mushtrū, A kind of mezereon.

مَسْتَرى mushtarā, Bought;—mushtarī, A buyer, purchaser; the planet Jupiter.

musht-zan, Boxer, hruiser, pugilist; a handsome boy boxed by his master.

مشت زنی musht-sanī, Fisticuffs, boxing. مشت سنگ musht-sang, Sling-stone ; missile.

mushta'al, Kindled, set on fire; inflamed, excited (with anger); flaming, blazing.

mushtaghil, mushtaghal, Employed, occupied, engaged, busied; negligent, careless.

muchtafshār, A soft kind of gold capable of being worked in the hand like wax; new wine. (See امشت افشار)

mushtafi, Convalescent.

mushtaqq, Derivative, derived (as one noun from another);—ismi mushtaqq, A derivative noun;—ismi ghair-mushtaqq, A primitive, underived noun.

mushtak (dim. of musht), A kind

of game.

مشتكل مستكل مستكل mushtakil, Doubtful, obscure, difficult.

mushtaká, Anything complained of; suspected;—mushtaki, Pained, or complaining of a pain; a complainer, lamenter.

mushtaluq, A reward for bringing good news, a guerdon.

mushattam, Grim (lion).

musht-māl, chirali, A rubbing with the hand, kneading the limbs, shampooing; a blow with the fist;—mushtmāl dādan, To buffet (applied to misfortune);—mushtmālī kardan, To bear patiently and condone the machinations of an enemy.

mashtamat, mashtimat (v.n. of مشتمة), Reproaching, reviling, cursing, vili-

fying.

mushtamil, Whatever surrounds, embraces, comprehends, contains, comprises.

mushtan, To rub.

mushtang, A thief, robber; poor.

mushtū, A sort of red clay (gil), or red flower (gul).

mushtwāra, As much as can be held in the hand; a handful; a handful of wheat or barley in the ear; a small

joiner's plane.

مشتوم ه mashtūm, Reproached, reviled, cursed, treated contumeliously.

mashta, Selling anything by trick and artifice;—mushta. A wooden instrument with which the bow-string is struck when preparing cotton for spinning; an oblong piece of wood or bone used by shoemakers in smoothing the soles; the handle of any tool or weapon.

A year mushtahar, mushtahir, Proclaimed; called, named; famous; mushtahir, One who celebrates, proclaims abroad.

mushtahá, Longed for, lusted after; desirable; — mushtahī, One who

loves, wishes, desires, longs for, hankers after; a tonic.

منتهات mushtahiyāt, Desires, wishes, appetites;—mushtahiyāti nafsānīya, Carnal desires.

mushtī, A garment of fine cloth; fine cloth of cotton or silk; a handful; a small number or quantity, a few;—mushtī'i ātishī, Tyrants, oppressors; fire-worshippers;—mushtī'i khāk, The world; a handful of people;—mushtī'i ziyād, Adverse, dissentient, opponents; poor, contemptible;—mushtī'i sharār, Stars, planets;—mushtī'i ghubār, A company of persons; the earth.

mashj (v.n.), Mixing.

wood on which clothes are hung, a clotheshorse.

▲ • mushajjaj, Broken-skulled.

A mashjar, (A place) planted with trees, a grove;—mishjar, A three-footed piece of wood upon which they hang clothes; the wooden frame-work of a camellitter;—mushjir, (Ground) which produces trees; abundant in trees;—mushajjar, Abounding in trees; (a garment) figured with trees and leaves; figured silk brocade; damask; tapestry.

mashjarat, (Ground) planted with, or abounding in, trees (shajar).

nushajji, Courage-inspiring. a mashju, Sad, grieved, melancholy.

محوب mashjūb, Perished, destroyed.

• محود mashjūj, Wounded in the pate, broken-headed.

A ξ, — mashjū', Excelled in intrepidity.

Mishhaz, A whetstone.

mishahham, (Bread) baked or stuffed with lard (shahm), larded;—mushahhim, One who has much fat in the house, or has fat camels.

mashhūn, Filled, charged; full, freighted (ship);—dili safā-mashhūn, A heart replete with purity; also with content or happiness.

mashkh, An example, a copy to write after; an exercise.

ma-sha<u>kh</u>sh (prohib, of sha<u>kh</u>shī-

dan), Do not trip or stumble.

mushakhkas, fem. hakhkasat, mushakhkhasa, Individuated, distinguished; defined; specified; recognized, acknowledged; ascertained, certain; stipulated, agreed; a fine, amercement.

musha<u>kh</u>na, A kind of sweetmeat.

A منتوم mash<u>kh</u>ūs, Disturbed, dis-

anieted.

mushaddad, Strengthened; corroborated; tied together; a letter marked with the sign of duplication =, called tashdid.

مدن مددن mushdin, (A doe) mother of a grown fawn.

mashdūd, Bound, tied, fastened, begirt.

مشدوة $mashd\tilde{u}h$, Astonished, amazed, thunderstruck; employed.

مسلاب mishzab, A pruning-hook; mushazzab, Lopped, pruned.

mishar (v.n. of مشر), Putting forth green and tender branches; one who goes with a graceful, sprightly air.

A مشراط mishrāt, A lancet or scarificator.

A place exposed to the

A سثرب mashrab (v.n. of مرب), Drinking; imbibing; a reservoir of water, or any place out of which people drink; water; a beverage; nature, temper, humour; behaviour; sect, religion; [latif-mashrab, Of an amiable disposition, affable, goodnatured;]—musharrab, Mixed, deeply imbued.

A dipine mashrabat, mashrubat, A dining-room, parlour; a banquet; a veranda, portico, or gallery; a place whence people fetch water; a handful of water; soft ground; also verdant; — mishrabat, A drinking-vessel.

nusharrah, Meat cut into bits; expounded, explained, interpreted; annotated; explicit;—musharrih, One who expounds, explains, annotates, &c.

مشرط mishrat, A lancet, fleam, scalpel.

A المدينة mashra', أنسيع mashra'at, mashra'a,

A road, a street.

mashraf, An eminence, high place;—mushraf, A tower or lofty building on an eminence;—mushrif, Imminent, impending, overhanging; erect, upright, tall, high; near, at the point of; one who raises or ennobles; an examiner, inspector, observer; an officer in a treasury who authenticates accounts and writings;—musharraf, Exalted, honoured, ennobled; (a house) ornamented with pinnacles, turrets, or battlements; a margin, brink, edge;—musharrif, One who exalts, &c.

a مشرفي mashrifī, mashrafī, Belouging to, or produced in, the villages of Mashā-

rif (see مشارك).

mashriq, The east, sun-rising; [mashriq-gushāda zāli (bāli) zar, Dawn; sun-rise;]—mushriq, Bright, shining;—musharraq, (Meat) dried in the sun; (a garment) dyed red; plastered red (edifice); an oratory, place dedicated to prayer; the mosque of Khaif; the market of Tā'if;—musharriq, One who dries (meat) in the sun; one who turns to, or verges towards, the east (sharq).

mashraqat, mashriqat, mashraqa, A place where people sit to bask in the sun.

a مشرقي mashriqī, Oriental, eastern. a مشرقين mashriqain (obl. du. used as nom.), East and west;—bu'du'l-mashriqain, dūri mashriqain, The distance of the east and the west.

▲ when mushrak, Shared; a thing common to many; -mushrik, One who makes a partner, admits into partnership; one who believes in a plurality of gods, a polytheist, idolater, pagau; -musharrak, Shared; common to many; (a shoe) furnished with latchets or strings (sharāk).

a معركي mushrikī, A polytheist, idolater,

pagan.

mushrikîn (obl. pl. of mushrik, used as nom.), Intidels.

mashrūb, Drunk; imbibed; potable.

mashrūbāt (pl. fem.), Drinkables.

A مشروع mashruh, Explained, declared, illustrated; above-mentioned, aforesaid; wine or any beverage; the vapour called sarāb; -bar minwāli mushrūh, In the aforesaid manner.

mushrūḥ-an, Agreeably to the

explanation, circumstantially.

mashrût, Agreed upon, stipulated; pledged, under obligation; conditional, contingent; (in India) a settled revenue of 10 per cent. allowed to the zamindars; (lands or grants) appropriated in whole or in part to particular uses ;-mashrut baimtihan, Conditional on passing an examination.

mashrūţāt, Contingencies.

a مشروط mashrūtī, = مشروط q.v. A Moshrū', Begun, commenced; legal, just, prescribed by law; a kind of cloth of silk and cotton mixed, in which Muhammadans are allowed to pray.

mashruf, Excelled in nobility.

mashrum, Split in the nose.

mashrūnitan, (in Zand) To gather.

mishriq, A place where people sit معربين ٨ exposed to the sun; (a door) pervious to the rays of the rising sun; the door of repentance in heaven.

a مشتادر mushashdar (for P. shashdar), A

chess or draught-board.

A have masht (v.n.), Combing, mixture; [da'imu 'l-masht, A fawner, flatterer;]mushi, mashi, mishi, mushut, A comb; [mushtu' 'z-zi'b, Name of a plant;]-musht, The shoulder-blade; small bones in the upper part of the foot.

mashtat, A comb made of boxwood; -mishtat, Mode or style of combing.

mashtur, Halved, bisected, divided in two; in the verse called rajaz,

three parts out of six dropped.

mashaz (v.n.), Being hurt (in the hand) by a sharp thorn or anything similar; -mashiz, Pierced in the hand with a thorn or splinter.

mishzat, mishza, A splinter, chip,

fragment.

mash' (v.n.), Collecting, acquiring,

gaining; driving sheep to be sold; milking; carrying away; eating much.

mash'ab, A path, covered way, by-road; [mash'abu 'l-haqq, The way of truth;]-mish'ab, A gimlet, a boring instrument; -musha"ab, Marked with the sign shi'b (see — p. 746).

a مشعبد musha'bid, = A. مشعبد q.v.;musha'bidani huqqa'i sabz, The sun and

moon; the planets.

a مشعبذ musha'biz, A juggler, conjurer.

musha"as, (in versification) مشعث The foot watad deprived of one of its inflecting vowels.

mash'ar, mish'ar, A place dedicated to religious ceremonies, or where sacrifices are offered; the rites of the temple of Mecca; external sense (as hearing or seeing); [al-mash'aru 'l-ḥarām, Muzdalifa; j-mush'ir, One who signifies, indicates, makes sign, or gives information; whatever denotes or bears marks of.

mashʻarat, mashʻara, A rendezvous مشعرة

of poets.

- mash'al, مشعل mash'alat, mash'ala, مشعل A torch, flambeau, lantern; a cresset; fire-grate; a light-house; [mash'al bar-afrokhtan (bar-kardan, zadan, sokhtan), To light a torch, &c.; -mash'al kushtan (nishāndan), To extinguish a torch, &c.; mash'ala'i khāwari (roz, subh), The sun; mash'ala'i giti-furoz, The world-illuminating sun; Muhammad;]-mish'al, A leathern vessel placed upon four feet, in which the Scenite Arabs keep their palm-wine; a strainer; — much'al, Kindled, lighted; mush'il, One who kindles (a fire); an incendiary.
- a مشعلیی mash'alchī, A torch-bearer; (in India) a scullion.
- a مشعل فروز mish'al-firoz, A torch-lighter. a مشعل کشان mash'al-kushān, Torchextinguishing; (met.) a heretical sect, in-

a مشعل mashʻala, see مشعل

a مشعلی سه mash'ala-dar, = مشعلی q.v.

musha'wiz, Fascinated; deceived مشعود by conjuring or magical arts; a juggler, q.v.). مشعبذ =

مشعوراء ,mash'ūr مشعورة ,mash'ūrat مشعور mash'ūrā' (v.n. of معر), Knowing, perceiv. ing, understanding, noticing, remarking.

A مشعوف mash'ūf, Desperately in love; foolish, mad, crazed; deceived; pleased, satisfied.

mashgh (v.n. of مشغ مرمشع), Eating (a cucumber) slowly, leisurely.

mishghab, Riotous; a mischief-

mushghal, Busied, occupied, employed ;-mushghil, One who busies himself.

مشفلة مستفاة مستفاة مستفاة مستفاة مستفاة مستفاة مستفاة م

employment, occupation; pastime, diversion; conversation, talk; turmoil, tumult.

mashahūf, Inflamed with love,

distraught, foolish, frantic, mad.

mushghūl, Busied, occupied, employed, wholly dedicated to, diligent, anxious about;—mash<u>gh</u>ūl shudan, To be occupied, &c.; to occupy oneself;—mashghūl kardan, To occupy, &c.

a مشغولي mashghūlī, Occupation. employ-

ment.

mishfär, The lip of a camel.

mishfar, mashfar, The lip of a camel (though sometimes applied to men).

mushfiq, Kind, gracious, pitiful, compassionate, sympathetic, tender; courteous; a friend; timid, fearful; -mushfiqi man (banda), My dear friend.

a allam mushfiqana, Mercifully, piti-

fully; courteously; kindly.

a المنافق مهربان mushfiq-mihrban, Affectionate and kind friend, dear sir.

mashfū', United, paired, equal.

mashfūf, Clear, transparent. mashfüh, A man who requires to

be importuned with questions before anything can be elicited from him.

mashq (v.n. of مشق), Piercing suddenly with a spear; striking, beating, lashing, or eating with velocity; tearing; writing, drawing the letters; combing; chafing the skin (a new garment); drawing (a thong) every way in order to stretch it; an example, a copy to write after, a model for imitation, exercise, practice; usage, use; [mashqi jang, Fighting-exercise, a sham-fight; mashq dadan, To exercise one, to instruct; -mashq zadan (kardan, kashidan, giriftan), To practise, to learn; -mishq, Red-dyeing earth, ruddle; -mashaq (v.n.), Being galled between the thighs (a man); -mishaq (pl. of mishqut), Combings; tufts of wool; - mashaqq, A nick, slit, cranny, opening.

mashqa', The parting of the hair

on the head;—mishqā, A comb.

mushqāb, A large shallow vessel مشقاب or dish in which rice is served or bread is kneaded.

mishqat, mishqa, A tuft of wool; combings; -- mashaqqat (v.n. of هن), Being difficult and troublesome; throwing into difficulties; inconvenience, trouble, labour, pains, toil, affliction, adversity, pain, distress, misfortune; — mashaqqati shadīd, Hard labour; — bā mashaqqat, With labour; — bā-mashaqqat u jaulān, With labour and in irons;—bilā mashaqqat, Without labour.

mushaqqaq, Cracked, split.

mashquq, Split, cleft, riven. mashqūliya, Wāmiq's mother-in-

a معقى mashqi, Acquired by practice; kāghazi mashqī, A copy to write after.

nishqá, A comb.

mashk, A sheep-skin tanned or not, especially for carrying butter-milk or water; [mashki charmi, Vulva;]—mushk, mishk, Musk; (met.) blackness; ink; mushki azfar, The finest kind of musk;mushk bar dāgh afshāndan (bastan, rekhtan), To re-open a wound so that it cannot be healed; mushk bastan, To tie the hands behind the back ;-mushki bilad, Civet ;mushki pukhta, The purest musk; -mushki tātārī, Musk of Tartary; -mushki tubt, (tabut), Musk of Tibet (of a very superior quality); - mushki turkān, Sebestens; mushki turkmānī, Root of the cyperis (an Indian plant like ginger, having, when chewed, the virtues of saffron); - mushk dar sharāb kardan. To render senseless:-mushki dawānī, A fire-arrow ;---mushk rekhtan dar, To perfume with musk:-mushki zamīn, Musk of the earth, galangale;mushki nāb (nāfa), Exquisite musk;—bar mah mushk andākhtan (dāshtan), To have a black mole or beauty-spot on the cheek; movi mushk-boy, Hair scented with musk.

مشكاة م mishkāt, in P. مشكاة , A recess in the wall, a niche (in which a lamp is placed); name of a celebrated collection of traditions.

mushk-bār, Diffusing musk; lock, curl, or ringlet of a mistress.

; boy), Musk-scented بوی) mushk-bo مشکبو

musky; odoriferous, fragrant.

mushk-bid, Flower of the willow, the Egyptian willow.

.v. مشكبار = ,mushk-pāsh مشك پاش

مشك دانه mushk-dāna, mishk-dāna, Name of a fragrant berry which is bored and passed through with a thread; name of the twenty-second note of Barbud.

mashk-dar, Name of an animalcule مشكدر which eats holes into a leathern bottle.

mushk-dam, A black singing-bird. مشكدوز mashk-doz, A leathern-bottle stitcher.

ma-shikar (prohib. of shikardan), Do not hunt.

mushk-sā, Musk-like.

mushk-rang, Musk-coloured,

black, jetty; the locks of a mistress. مشكساره mushk-sāra, مشكساره mushk-sāra, (A place) sweetly smelling, perfumed with musk.

muehk-sārā, The finest musk.

mushk-sanj, مشك سنه mushk-sūd, Impregnated with musk; curl of a mistress; an elegant pen, i.e. style.

mushk-fām, Musk-coloured; black, مشكفام

jetty; the locks of a mistress.

mushk-faroshan, Venders of

musk, (met.) polite, amiable men.

mushk-fishān az gafā, مشك فشان از تفا Who emits a fragrant smell from the mouth in speaking.

mushkak (dim. of mushk), Galangale; a field-mouse.

A wishakkak, Thrown into doubt. mushkul, A thief, a robber.

mushkil, Difficult, hard, painful; intricate; doubtful, obscure, ambiguous; a difficulty; [mushkilu 't-tashkhīr, (A town) hard to be taken;]-mushakkal, Formed; well-shaped; beautiful, handsome.

منكلات mushkilāt (pl. fem. of mushkil), Difficulties; intricacies; doubts, &c.

a سكل پسند mushkil-pasand, One who is fond of difficulties.

a مشكل يسندي mushkil-pasandi, Delight

in, or fondness of, difficulties

mushkilat (fem. of mushkil), Difficult, obscure; a doubtful proposition, problem

a کیا کسا۔ mushkil-kushā, Solver of diffi-

a مشكل كشاكي mushkil-kushā'ī, The solving, overcoming, or removing of difficul-

a مشكل كذار mushkil-yuzār (كار guzar),

Difficult to pass.

a مشكلي mushkile, A difficult matter. mushkili, Difficulty (m.e.).

mushk-mali, Name of the twenty-

fourth note of Barbud.

mushk-moy, Black-haired.

ma-shikan, mashkan (prohib. of shikastan), Do not break; he not impetuous or severe; be not disturbed.

mushk-nāb, Exquisite musk.

wish. mushk-nafa, The musk-bag; exquisite musk; a musky-smelling plant.

a washk-nigab, A woman covered with a black veil; a mistress.

mushkinag, A bird about the size of a partridge, generally found on the banks of rivers; a ditch, a low-lying

mashkā, A small leathern bag or bottle; mushko, A palace built by Khusrau Parvez, king of Persia, in which he lived with his consort Shirin; a temple, shrine of an idol; the female apartments in a palace; an upper chamber, gallery, or balcony on the top of a house; a garden.

مشكر mashka, Complained of.

مشكاة ب mishbat, in P. مشكرة ب المشكرة بالمثلث المثلث وار mushk-wār, = منك وار و ي mushk-wār, Thanked; praised; acknowledged, rewarded; worthy of thanks or praise, laudable, agrecable, acceptable; grateful (m.c.).

n mushkuri, Reward; thanking;

praise; thankfulness.

mashkafa, amashkafi, A

confection of almonds and sugar.

mashkāk, Doubted, doubtful, مشكرك uncertain, problematical; ambiguous; altered, tampered with.

mashkül, A small water-bottle or

mashkūl, A verse in which the second and seventh letters are dropped, as when فعلات fā'ilātun is reduced to fa'ilātu; bound, fettered.

mashkūla, A little water-vessel ; mushkūla, mishkūla, A small bit of musk.

ma-shikūh (prohib. of shikūhīdan),

Be not afraid, &c. (see هکوهيدي). mushkoya, مشكوبي mushkoya, An idol-temple; the princesses' apartments; name of a note in music; a precious and

fragrant carpet spread over a royal throne. mashko'i, Name of a note in

music.

mushki, Dark bay, verging to black.

mashkiy, in P. mashki, Complained مشكى of; suspected; -mushki, One who pacifies, or who stills a complaint (shikāyat).

mashkicha, A small water-bottle. mushkidan, To gnaw; to mur-

mur.

mashkīza, A small water-bottle. سكين mushkin, Musky; black, dark, jetty; -mushkini wafā-dār, The narcissus.

mushkin-parand, Black (applied to a cloud or night); sinister (wail,

lamentation).
ه منكون mushkin-khat, With a black mole on the face.

mushkin jav, مشكين چاة mushkin مشكين جو chāh, ه مشکین mushkin chah, A mole on the face of a mistress.

a منكين ملقة mushqin-halqa, With musky ringlets.

a مشكين معام mushkin-khitam, (Wine) of a musky flavour.

mushkin-sirisht, "Of musk nature," musk-scented.

a مسكين سناي mushkīn sinān, (Black points of spears) The eyelashes of a mistress.

a مشكين عدار mushkīn-'izār, Who has a black mole on the cheek.

mushkin-fam, Black-coloured. mushkinak, A kind of sweetmeat. mushkin kulah (منكين كلاه mushkin kulah), A black cap; the raven locks of the fair.

mushkin-kamand, Whose lock is a noose black as musk.

mushkīn-miṣāl, Musk-like.

mushkīn muhra, The earth. mashy, A milk-bottle or water-

bottle made of a sheep-skin; -mishg, Musk. a mushallah, Stripped; an ante-

chamber in a bath where the bathers leave their clothes; the stripping-room; -mushallih, A stripper.

mishshalauz, A sweet-pulped apricot. mashlūl, Dried, withered (hand); paralytic.

mishmāl, The outward covering of the body, a wrapper.

■ سنبت mushammat, Created, saluted (king); -mushammit, One who blesses or congratulates.

مشمد mishmaz, A turban-sash.

Mushammir, One who tucks up his apron or trousers; alert, active, expeditious; expert.

mashmash, mishmish, An apricot; -mushammas, Exposed to the snn.

mashmashā, (in Zand) A kind of apricot,

A come mushamma', Waxed, smeared with wax; wax-cloth, cerecloth; -mushamma'i sirīshimī, Court-plaster.

A deam mishma'at, A candlestick.

مشمل mishmal, مشمل mishmalat, mishmala, A garment of coarse velvet which quite covers the body.

mashmūt, Mixed. مشموط ▲

مشموع مشموع mashmū', Ambergrised (musk). mashmulat, fem. مشمول mashmulat, mashmula, Included, comprehended, contained, surrounded; incorporated common, universal; blown upon or shaken by the north wind (shamāl); refrigerated, cooled (wine).

mashmām, Smelled; perfumed, odoriferous, musky, fragrant; tried, proved;

mashn (v.n.), Striking gently (with a sword or scourge); scratching, excoriating, grazing the skin; lying with; rubbing or smoothing with the hand; giving.

mashnat, mashna, An excoriation, scratch; a broad wound but not deep.

mishanj, A meat-fly ;-mushanj, A grain.

a with ear-

rings).

A مُشْنَقَةُ mashnaqat, mashnaqa, A hang-

ing-place, gallows.

mashang, A thief or robber; a kind of rope; mushang, mashang, A sort of grain; -mashangi talkh, A bitter pea.

mashangak, A thief; -mushangak,

A species of grain.

ma-shinav, ma-shunav, in poetry also ma-shnav (prohib. of هنودن), Listen not.

mashnü', Notorious, well-known.

mashnūq, Hanged.

ma-shav (prohib. of shudan), Be not thou; -ma-shū (prohib. of shustan), Do not wash; --- mashū, Pease.

مشواك مشواك مشواك مشواك م

mishwar (v.n. of مشوار), Riding (a horse) backwards and forwards by way of showing him off to a buyer; a place where horses are exposed to sale; a piece of wood with which honey is taken out.

mishwāl, A stone which is lifted مشوال

up as a trial of strength.

mashūb, Mixed, mingled, alloyed مشوب with.

mishwaz, A turban.

mashūr, mashwar, A place of consultation, a council-house; adorned, decorated; gathered (honey); -mishwar, A piece of wood with which the honey is taken out; a prism.

mashwarat, mashwara, Counsel, deliberation, consultation; advice; -- mashwarat galab kardan, To ask advice; mashwarat kardan, To consult, deliberate (mashwarat bā kulāh kardan, To deliberate very carefully); -ahli mashwara, A councillor, one of the council.

a منثور مخانة mashwarat-khāna, A council-

house, vestry.

mushūsh. Oil beaten into a consis-

tency with the white of an egg.

mashūsh, A napkin, anything مشوش with which the hand is wiped; -mushauwash, Disturbed, distressed, uneasy, perplexed; confused, intricate, embroiled.

مشوك Mashūf, Bright (money); dressed, adorned (with various-coloured wool, &c.); anointed with pitch (a camel); furious, raging (stallion),

mashūq, Full of desire; (a lea-

thern bottle) reared against a wall.

mashūk, Infected with the disease called shaukat; -mushwik, Thorny (tree).

a مشوكة mushwikat, Thorny (tree or land). mishwal, A small sieve; a small مشول sickle.

mashūmat, ome مشومة mashūmat, mashuma, Unfortunate; marked with a mole.

a مشوم اختر mashūm-akhtar, Born under an unlucky planet; ignoble.

Mash'uf, Frightened, terrified, timid.

mash'ŭm, Unfortunate.

mushanwah, Deformed, disfigured, ugly-shaped; viewed with a malignant eye.

mashwi, Roasted;—mushwī, One مشوى م who roasts meat, or prepares it for dress-

mashhad, A burying-place for those especially who have been killed in fighting for religion, and therefore a place of holy visitation; a place where people meet; the city of Tus in Khurasan together with the adjacent village Sanabad; mashhadi mu'attar u marqadi munauwar, The holy sepulchre;]-mushhad, Slain for religion's sake; a martyr; slain without any mulct or fine being paid; -mushhid, A witness; one who calls for or brings evidence.

mashhadat, mashhudat, A place مشهدة

where people meet.

a مشهدى mashhadī, A native or inhabitant of Mashhad; one who has visited holy sepulchres, especially those of 'Alī and his family.

a مشبع mushahhar, Of or referring to one month.

a mashhūd, Attested, proved; witnessed; Friday; the resurrection; the day of 'arafāt.

mashhūdat, Prayer; evening-

prayer; morning-prayer.

mashhūra, fem. mashhūrat, mashhūrat, mashhūra, Drawn, brandished (sword); public, notorious, well-known; published, divulged, conspicuous; celebrated, illustrious, noted, famous, glaring;—mashhūri 'ālam u ma'lūmi banī ādam, Published to the world, and known to the sons of men.

A protes mashhum, Struck with terror.

a سشهى mushahhī, Lust-exciting.

mashy, iu P. also mashī (v.n.), Walking, going; driving; being directed in one's march, finding one's way; being rich in cattle;—mashī 'alá wajhi 'l-baḥr kardan, To sail on the face of the sea.

mashyā, (iu Zand and Pazand) مشيا

Butter made of sheep's milk.

سميه ma-shīb (prohib. of shībīdan), Do not be distressed.

مشيب mashīb, Grey hair, hoariness, old age.

mashī'at (هُشِية mashīyat), Will, pleasure; will of God, fate;—mishyat, A mode of walking; gait; direction.

مشيع معيم mashīj, Mixed; a mixture.

mashyukhā', مشينة mashyakhat, mashīkhat (pl. of shaikh), Seniors, elders, sheiks, old men, princes, presidents, prelates, doctors.

مشيده mashid, mushaiyad, fem. مشيده mushaiyadat, mushaiyada, Plastered; highraised (edifice); firm, solid, strengthened; [āsitāni mushaiyadu 'l-arkān, The palace raised upon lofty columns or strong pillars, i.e. the Ottoman porte;]—mushaiyid, An architect.

A مشير mushīr, Pointing; anything that points; a counsellor, senator, minister; mushīri jalsa, A member of council; mushīri khās, A privy councillor; mushīri qaisari hind, Knight Companion of the Bath.

a مشيران mushīrān (P. pl. of the preceding), Councillors, senators;—mushīrāni saltanat, Privy Council.

A sade mushirat, mushira, The index or fore-finger.

مشيش م mashīsh, A wen.

mashīt, Combed (hair).

مليح م mashi, Filled (vessel);—mu-shaiya, Accompanied, followed.

سفيم ه mashim, Marked with a black mole; (pl. of the following) Secundines, after-births.

mashimat, mashima, The membrane which enwraps the feetus in the womb, and comes along with the birth; a

disease of the eyes;—mashīma'i dunyā ('ālam), The sun; the sky.

A مشمن mashin, Disgraced, dishonoured; villainous, worthless;—mushaiyan, Stately, dignified.

Nenerable men, elders, sheiks, persons conspicuous for their piety and learning.

mash um, Unfortunate, ill-

omened.

mashi'at (v.n. of هی"), Willing, wishing, desiring; desire, will.

mass (v.n.), Sucking, sipping.

مان musab, Afflicted, hurt; insane, possessed; low-spirited; struck (as an arrow upon the mark); happened.

A اموب muṣābat (v.n. 3 of موب), Injuring, hurting, afflicting; a misfortune;

calamity.

A color masabih (pl. of misbah), Goblets from which people drink in the morning.

a سابر مسابر muṣābir, Patient towards one's fellows.

مارة معارة معارة muşābarat (v.n. 3 of صابر), Exercising patience (towards one another); forbearance, endurance.

maṣābīh (pl. of miṣbāh), Lanterns; the heavenly luminaries; cups from which people drink in the morning.

ciate, friend; the favourite of a prince; an aid-de-camp; gentle and tractable after having been stubborn and refractory.

ماجية muṣāḥabat (v.n. 3 of محمد), Companionship; company, familiarity, society;—muṣāḥibat, A female friend.

a معامين musāhibī, Companionship, &c. (= معامية q.v.).

معامرة A معرامية muṣāḥarat (v.n. 3 of محرا), Doing (anything) plainly, publicly, and openly.

َ مُعَامِثُ مُ maṣāhif (pl. of maṣḥaf, muṣḥaf), Books, volumes; Qur'āns.

A also masākhif (pl of miskhafat), Spades.

ماد ه maṣād, The top or most inaccessible part of a mountain; a high mountain.

maṣādir (pl. of maṣdar), Sources; infinitives, (more properly) verbal nouns.

A أرمده muṣādarat, muṣādara (v.n. 3 of مدر), Fining, mulcting, amereing; a mulct (for manslaughter); returning.

maṣādi' (pl. of maṣda'), Level

paths through rough grounds.

A state musadaghat (v.n. 3 of tea), Going side by side, and step for step.

مادت muṣādif, Who finds, merits, falls on.

nuṣādafat (v.n. 3 of صادي), Meeting, encountering, finding, lighting on; happening, occurring, taking place; an encounter.

muşādaqat (v.n. 3 of صادئة), Being friendly, cultivating friendship; sincere and mutual friendship, veracity, sincerity.

muṣādim, One who strikes; what collides (with); one striking the other.

nusādamat (v.n. 3 of oc.), Striking; beating one another; collision, blow, knock, shock of combatants.

مَّرُ muṣārrat (v.n. 3 of مَّرُ), Forcing or detaining against will.

muṣāraḥ, Clear, open;—muṣāriḥ, One who discloses.

مارحة مارحة muṣāraḥat (v.n. 3 of مرح), Doing (anything) openly; disclosing.

muṣāraḥat-an, Openly, before

another.

a ومارع maṣāri' (pl. of maṣra'), Arenas, rings for wrestling-matches;—muṣāri', A wrestler.

muṣāra'at (v.n. 3 of مرع), Wrestling, endeavouring to throw down; a contest, struggle;—dami muṣāra'at kardan, To dare or presume to contend (with another).

dare or presume to contend (with another).

A مارت maṣārif (pl. of maṣraf), Expenses, disbursements; changes, vicissitudes;—maṣārifi bī-jā, Improper or unnecessary expenses;—maṣārafi shādī, Marriage expenses;—maṣārifi zurūrī, Immediate or necessary expenses;—maṣārifi muqarrar, The regular expenses;—maṣārifi mulk, State expenditure.

مرك musārafat (v.n. 3 of مرك), Joining in another's expenses; transacting business with one another; acting slyly

(towards one).

ماره muṣāramat (v.n. 3 of صماره), Separating one from another, cutting, abandoning.

māsarī' (pl. of misrā'), Fold-

ing-doors; hemistichs.

A مماریف masārif (pl. of māṣruf), Expenses, disbursements, outlays, costs.

maṣārīn (pl. of muṣrān), The

intestines which receive the chyle.

A معام muṣās, The choicest part of anything; a species of plant; — maṣṣāṣ, A sucker.

musāsat, What is sucked; small

thing.

masātib (pl. of mistabat), Benches, stone platforms, estrades upon which the people of the East recline.

masā'ib, Difficulties.

maṣā'id (pl. of maṣ'ad). Ascents,

steps.

muṣā'arat (v.n. 3 of سعر), Turning the face obliquely, making wry faces in contempt.

muṣāgh, Cast (gold-chain or jewel-

lery).

maṣāff (pl. of maṣaff), in P. maṣāf, Ranks; fields of battle; battle; construed with dādan, shikastan, kardan, kashādan; [dar rozi maṣāff, In the day of battle;]—muṣāff, Ranged opposite; taking rank in battle order; arraying an army.

w.n. 3 of ممالات . muṣāfāt, in P ممالاة

مفو). Behaving sincerely, acting with pure affection towards (anyone), making (him) your friend; pure friendship, sincerity.

musāffāt (pl. of muṣāffat), Wars,

battles.

a ماك آز-ودة maṣāf-āzmūda, Experienced in war-fare.

ممانه musaffat (v.n. 3 of ممانه), Appearing before one another in opposition, especially in battle array; standing in a row or rank; battle-array; battle.

muṣāfaḥat (v.n. 3 of مفح), Taking by the band, joining or shaking hands, especially on concluding a bargain.

hands, especially on concluding a bargain.

a ماك الله maṣāf-gāh, A place of fighting,

a battle-field.

ممائی ه maṣāfī (pl. of misfā or misfāt), Strainers; — muṣāfī, A sincere, beloved friend.

A مَعْب musāqabat (v.n. 3 of صفاتبة), Being opposite and near; (by opposition) being far from each other.

n مصاقع maṣāqi' (pl. of miṣqa'), Eloquent men, choice orators.

ممائل A ممائل maṣāqil (pl. of miṣqalat), Polishing instruments.

masalih (pl. of maslahat), Affairs; employments, occupations; materials; spicery, drug, ingredient; a compound of various drugs and spices; edging, hem, border; gold or silver lace.

ملح muṣālaḥat (v.n. 3 of ملح), Making peace together; reconciliation,

pacification.

مالع دار م maṣāliḥ-dār, Seasoned with spices; bound or edged with lace; one who supplies materials (for building).

a ممالح گذار masāliḥ-guzār, A chargé d'affaires; expert, intelligent (= معلم

.(.v.) گذار

A ممالي maṣālī (pl. of mislāt), Bird-nets.

A ممامي muṣāmiş, Compact, well-built (borse).

naṣāni' (pl. of maṣna'), Structures, buildings, forts, cisterns, tanks, &c.;
—muṣāni', One who endeavours to conciliate.

A منافع muṣāna'at (v.n. 3 of صانعة), Endeavouring to conciliate; soothing (by presents); bribery; dissembling, feigning.

مارب maṣāwib (pl. of maṣūbat), Accidents of fortune.

A موله muṣāwalat (v.n. 3 of موله), Endeavouring to insult, striving who shall be most insolent, or assault most furiously.

n ماهرة muṣāharat (v.n. 3 of مرح), Forming a matrimonial alliance, marrying into a family; affinity, connexion.

a مائب maṣū'ib (pl. of muṣībat), Shocks of fortune, afflictions, calamities.

ميح musāyaḥat (v.n. 3 of صحح), Calling to anyone, crying aloud to one another.

A Allow maşū'id, Hunter's nets, snares.

maṣā'ir (pl. of maṣūr), (Camels, &c.) which give their milk slowly.

maṣā'iṣ (pl. of maṣūṣ), (Women) greedy in the enjoyment of a man.

مالك maṣā'if (pl. of maṣīf), Summer-

muṣāyafat (v.n. 3 of ميك), Bargaining with anyone for the summer

A ---- maşabb, A place to which water

flows.

miṣbāh, A light lantern, lamp, torch; cup, goblet; a she-camel that rises not up to pasture till after sun-rise.

naṣbaḥ, The place and time of morning;—miṣbaḥ, A cup from which people drink in the morning;—muṣbaḥ, The morning; a passing of the morning; the place where one is in the morning.

مصبغ muşabbagh, Tinged, stained, dyed.

A مسبغ maşbaghat, maşbagha, A dyeinghouse.

a maṣbu, Blown on by the east wind.

م ممبوب maşbūb, Poured out.

معبور م masbar, Taken and kept to be put to death.

A ξ, maṣbūgh, Dyed, tinged, imbued with,

A معبية muşbiğat, muşbiya (A woman) who has children, especially boys (subi); one who renders frantic with love.

A معتم musattam, Completed, perfected, made perfect.

A slaw mishat, A cup, a silver goblet.

A wholesome thing; anything conducive to health (as occasional abstinence or regular exercise).

musahhah, Mended, emended, corrected, made accurate; cured, made whole;—musuhhih, A mender; an emendator; a verifier.

🛦 معجف maṣḥaf, muṣḥaf, A book, volume ; a page, written leaf; the Qur'an; [mushafi baghli, A small pocket-Qur'an; - mushaf khaşmi o gardad, May the Qur'an become his enemy (said by way of malediction);mushaf khwardan, To read a portion of the Qur'an; -mushaf saped gasht, The Qur'an has become white (a sign of the resurrection); -- mushafi sajāwandī, An clegantlywritten Qur'an (see سجارندی) ;—mushafi muzahhab, A Qur'an written in gold;-mushafi yaqut, The Qur'an written in the character Yakuti;]-musahhuf, Mis-spelt, wrongly written, inaccurate, incorrect; writing, which, upon changing the diacritical or the vowel-points, has meanings diametrically opposite.

A washūb, Accompanied, associated;—maktūbi tahdīd-mashūb, A threatening letter;—maktūbi mahabbat-mashūb, A letter accompanied with demonstrations of affection.

muskhir, Rocky (place). A daiso miskhafat, A spade.

masd (v.n.), Lying with; giving milk; sucking saliva; sucking (the mother).

ممدائ miş $d\bar{a}q$, Whatever verifies; a verifier.

miṣdām, Bold, brave, capable (literally an instrument) of giving hard knocks and blows.

maşdar, Origin, source, spring; theme; the noun of action of the Arabic verb; a departure; a return; a place from whence one returns; [maṣdari mīmīya, A noun of action formed by a mīm marked with fatḥah;]—muṣaddar, Strong in the breast (sadr); placed in the seat of honour; a lion

a معارى maşdarī, Belonging to a source, or the infinitive; having the sense of the verbal noun.

naṣda', A level path through rough grounds;—miṣda', Eloquent (orator); clever, intelligent;—muṣadda', Troubled with a headache (ṣudā');—muṣaddi', One who cleaves asunder; a troubler, disturber; whatever makes the head to ache; cephalalgic.

muşadaq, mişdaq, Bold, dauntless;—muşaddaq, Verified, proved true; believed; affirmed;—muşaddiq, A verifier, affirmer; one who believes another; a receiver or collector of alms, or whatever is due to God; one who bestows alms or asks for such.

masdūr, Derived; derivative; issued, despatched; pained in the breast (şadr).

مصدوع ه masdu', Troubled with headache. A محدوق masduq, Verified, true; believed.

A مصدوقة maṣdūgat, maṣdūga, A thing verified, truth.

Maṣdūm, Bruised, knocked.

A row masr (v.n.), Milking with the tips of the three fingers, or with the thumb and fore-finger only; milking all that is in the udder; afterings;—misr, A city, a town; a tract or region; Egypt; Cairo; an (Egyptian) sword; a limit, boundary, anything which separates two objects, or intervenes between them; [misri zulaikhāpanāh, The human body, the residence of the soul;]—musirr, in P. musir, One who perseveres, continues, sticks close to anything.

musurrāt, (A sheep) left unmilked in order that the milk may increase.

A قراع سنبتهٔ مراع سنبتهٔ مراع مراع سنبتهٔ من miṣrā', One leaf of a felding-door; a hemistich;—miṣrā'i āmada (barjasta, tund u tīz, rekhta), A fine hemistich written without much premeditation or effort;—miṣrā'i pechān (pechīda), A hemistich laboriously composed;—miṣrā'i tang, A short hemistich.

A clya miṣrān (du. of miṣr), The two cities; i.e. Kūfah and Basrah;—musrān (pl. of maṣār), The intestines which contain the chyle.

אבער misrab, A vessel in which milk is

put to turn sour.

musarrih, Serene, cloudless (day); one who tells plainly; manifesting.

musarrahat-an, Openly, plainly.

A type musrikh, A giver of aid, an assistant.

A gran magra' (v.n.); Throwing down, prostrating; a place where anyone is thrown down; an arena for wrestlers;—migra', A hemistich, a line of a poem;—mugarra', Prostrated, thrown down (in great numbers);—mugarri', One who throws down with violence.

موعان منزعان miṣra'āni, (dual) Folding-doors.

a مصرعه miṣra'a, A hemistich.

maṣraf, Expense, disbursement, cost, charge; useful, use (m.c.); [akhz u maṣraf, Receipt and expenditure;]—maṣrif, Any place where money is spent; a place of turning; deliverance (from calamity);—muṣrif, Prodigal, extravagant, a spendthrift.

مرم ه misrim, A crooked knife used in polishing distaffs; a sickle, a reaping-book.

muşarramat, muşarrama, (A shecamel) having a dug cut off, in order that, by the milk being stopped, she may acquire strength.

masrūr, Nipped, cut up by cold;

put in a purse (surrat), pursed.

masrūrat, masrūra (fem. of the preceding), (A camel) tied over the dugs with the string sirār (see مراء p. 785).

maṣrū', Prostrated; seized with epilepsy, epileptic; — maṣrū'i khāwarī, The

sun at its rising and setting.

maṣrūf, Turned, changed; inflected, conjugated; expended, employed; (in poetry, applied to a verse or part of a verse) connected in sense with the preceding hemistich or couplet (opposed to مرجوب -- ba-maṣrūf rasīdan, To be spent, expended, disbursed (m.c.);—ghair-maṣrūf, Imperfectly declined, a diptote.

Masrum, Pruned, lopped.

a مورى miṣrī, An Egyptian; (a native) of Cairo; a citizen; an Egyptian (reed-) pen; an Egyptian sword; Egyptian sugar; treacle; a plant.

a مارى ماره miṣrī mār, An Egyptian spear. معطاد معطاد maṣṭād, A hunting-place;—muṣ-

tād, A hunter.

معطار ه سطارة ، muṣṭārat, Sour wine (هو عدم).

ممتاك mustaf, One who passes the summer (anywhere); a summer-residence.

mistabal, mistaba, A long and

wide bench or stone-platform raised two feet from the ground, on which the people of the East recline; a tavern; a hospice (for strangers), an inn, caravanserai.

mustabih, One who takes a morning draught; one who lights a lamp.

mustabir, One who displays patience; a follower.

miṣṭaḥ, A place made level for treading out corn.

A wistakhib, Clamorous, noisy.

معطدم م mustadim, Dashing together. معطرب mustarib, One who leaves milk

to grow sour.

A Eboo mustara', A place for wrestling;

-- mustari', A wrestler.

A wistarif, Busy, active, bustling.

A wastaff, Placed in a row, ranged in order; assembled, convened.

a. مصطفوى muṣṭafawī, Belonging to Mustafa.

mustafá, Chosen, elected; a man's name, particularly a name of Muhammad;—mustafī, Belonging to Mustafa.

A معطكى mastakā, معطكى mastaká, Gummastic.

mustalib, One who extracts fat or grease (salab) from bones.

معطلع mustalih, Idiomatic, phraseological, metaphoric; a conventional or technical term; a phrase, or idiom.

mustalihāt (pl. fem. of the preceding), Idiomatical or technical terms, idioms, &c.; title of a famous Persian Dictionary.

معطلی A معطلی mustali, One warming himself at

A مطنع mustani', A receiver (of a benefit); who confers (a benefit).

a مصطهر mustahir, A melter.

A mas' (v.n.), (A horse) lashing (his tail); striking (another) with a sword or whip; sprinkling with cold water (the dugs of a camel); running fast; losing her milk (a camel); bringing forth (young); flashing, glancing (lightning); turning the back, departing, travelling (by land).

mis'dd, A rope or anything by which one climbs a palm-tree; a scaling-

ladder.

mus'ab, A stallion (camel).

a step, ladder, stair;—mus'ad, Raised;—mus'id, Ascending;—musa'ad, (Wine) distilled, burnt, refined, sublimated, or rectified by fire.

A معفر mus'ar, Painful and difficult.

maṣghabat, Hunger, need.

muṣaghghar, (A noun) put into the diminutive form; — muṣaghghir, A diminisher.

a معمرة musghirat, (Ground) which produces short plants or stunted herbage.

maşghūrā' (pl. of şaghīr), Little, small, low.

___ muşghá, Inclined to one side ; musahî, One who lends an ear.

A masaff, A place where ranks are drawn up; a battle-field; battle.

muşaffā, Strained, racked, clarified.

A strainer, on P. معقات, A strainer, colander.

musfah, Broad; smooth, handsome (face); sixth gaming arrow; -musaffah, Overlaid with plates; broad.

musfahan, With the broad side. * musfir, Empty-banded, destitute معطر ه musaffar, Starved, pale-faced; -musfarr, Yellow.

سفرة به musaffirat, musaffira, Those whose معفرة م

colours or badge is yellow.

masfūr, One who has a collection of bile or yellow water in the belly, dropsical; hungry.

masfūf, Drawn up, ranged in a

mięfá, A strainer; — muşaffá, Strained, racked, clarified, clear ;-musaffi, A purifier, clearer; clarifying, refining;-

musaffiyi khūn, A purifier of the blood.

A misqa', Eloquent; one possessed of a clear and distinct enunciation, and

free from stammer.

mişqal, A smooth shell or anything ممثل ه used in polishing; a polishing instrument; eloquent (preacher or orator); -musaqqal, Polished, furbished.

A dla misqalat, misqala, An instrument with which a thing is polished, glazed, or furbished; a shell used for that purpose.

masqū'at, masqū'a, (Ground) covered with hoar-frost (saqī' p. 790).

masqūl, Polished, furbished. ممقول ▲

wound); falling in drops (whey); the whey or scam of milk which is strained off when making the soft cheese aqit.

musalla, An oratory, a place of prayer; a mosque; a mat for saying prayers

upon (construed with gustardan).

a معلات mislat, Brisk, active in doing; alert.

مملب musallab, (A garment) marked or woven with the sign of the cross (salīb); -mușallib, (A date) hardened or dried.

mişallat, mişalla, A strainer, vessel مملة

for racking.

mişlat, (A man) brisk and active

in doing anything.

• muslah, Prepared, rectified; muslih, One who adjusts, trims, gives a finish; a reformer, corrector, rectifier, restorer; a mediator, arbiter, pacifier, reconciler; healthy, wholesome; a corrective; an antidote.

maslahat, An affair, business. subject; employment, transaction, occupation; an urgent occasion; benevolence, kindness, peace, goodwill; welfare, that which is best, a prudent measure, advisable thing; advice; maşlahat dadan, To give advice; - maşlahat didan, To regard as advisable, to deem prudent; — maṣlaḥati waqt, Good and proper for the occasion, suited to the time, seasonable ; muqtazā'i maşlahat, Advisable, expedient.

a مملت المعالمة maslahat-bīn, Expert, intel-

ligent, versed in affairs.

a "a maslahat-an, Advisedly, expedi-

ently; opportunely.

a مملحت الديش maslahat-andesh, Who thinks best.

a ماهت خواه maslahat-khwah, A wellwisher.

a ملحت کار maslahat-kar, Who acts for the best; expert or skilled in affairs; fitted to give advice.

a مملحت كذار maṣlaḥat-guzār, A chargé d'affaires; expert, intelligent.

mislaq, Eloquent.

maslūb, Suspended, hanged, crucified, gibbeted; marrow, fat.

maṣlūq, (Water) long stagnant مماوى ه

and befouled by cattle.

maṣlīy, in P. maṣlī, Roasted, burnt, مصلى ۸ scorched; — musallá, Prayed; merciful, propitious (God); an oratory, pulpit; a carpet for praying upon; name of a place much celebrated by the poet Hāfiz, and where he was buried; [khāki musallá, The earth (dust, ground) of Musalla (Ta'rikh of the death of Hāfiz A.H. 791 = A.D. 1388). The correcter date seems to be - 2, - 90, ن 700 ("ba-sālí bā u ṣād ū zāli abjad," A.H. 792), but as, according to no less an authority than Farhad Mirza, the uncle of the present Shah, difference of one year is allowable in a $ta'r\bar{\imath}kh$, we need not wonder to find both statements side by side in some copies of Gulandam's Preface to the Diwan of Hafiz;]—musalli, One who prays; a preacher; holy, righteous; second (horse) in a race (because his head touches the sala, i.e. baunches of the first).

musimm, Deaf; one who discovers

to be deaf; one who deafens.

mişmād, A caniel which ceases not to give milk notwithstanding cold and scarcity.

musmat, Closed (a door or lock); solid (not hollow); (a horse or cloth) of one colour; (a thousand) complete; -musammat, Closed softly (a door).

masmasat (v.n. of ممجمة), Rinsing the mouth by sipping the water with one side (see مَضْمِضَة).

muṣamma', Pointed-eared (wild buck).

muṣammagh, (Ink) thickened with gum.

muşammam, Fixed, concluded,

determined; resolute; - muşammim, Resolved, intent upon.

misnab, Fond of مناب q.v. p. 793. سمندل ۸ muşandal, Perfumed with sandal.

maṣna', مصنع سaṣna'at, A cistern, receptacle for rain-water; a fort; a structure; - musanna', Wrought; fictitious; artificial.

▲ مناه musannaf, Composed (book) ; musannif, A composer, author, editor;musannifu'l asl, The author of the original (of any translated book).

سمنفات muşannafāt, Books, works, compositions;—az musannafāti hāfiz, From the

works of Hafiz.

maṣnū'at, fem. ممنوعة maṣnū'at, maṣnū'at, maṣnū'a, Made, formed, created; prepared, invented; manufactured; fabricated, coined, forged, false, counterfeit; artificial; a work of art or skill; an invention.

a ممنوعات masnū'āt (pl. fem. of the preceding), Created things; creatures, &c.;maṣnū'āt ilāhī, Creation ;—maṣnū'āti bannā,

The works of builders.

a ممنوعي maşnū'ī, Artificial.

مموات A مموات miswat, One who cries aloud; a shouter; anyone.

موان miswan, A bow-case (= موان

q.v. p. 794).

maṣūbat, An accident, misfortune. * musauwit, One who cries aloud معوت Musauwit, One who a shouter; noisy.

موع Muşūḥ (v.n. of مصوع), Going; carrying away, removing (a disease); being broken off, finished; being worn (a garment); distilling; dropping (dew); taking root; being diminished; vanishing; fading (as a plant); decreasing (as a shadow).

معور ه maṣūr, (A camel or goat) which yields but little milk; — muṣūr (pl. of misr), Large cities; environs; -musauwar, Formed; painted; sculptured; -musauwir, One who forms or figures; a painter, limner; a sculptor.

a wari, The art of painting,

maṣūṣ, A dish made of boiled meats, especially young pigeons, fowls, or other birds dressed in vinegar and stuffed with condiments; viri avida (mulier).

ممع muşū' (v.n. of ممع), Going off, diminishing (as the milk of a camel).

معوع ه maṣūgh, Cast, molten; har-

naṣūn, مورن maṣwūn, Guarded. kept safe, laid up, preserved, defended; re-

■ mushir, Related by marriage.

musahraj. (A cistern) of rough stones, or rough cast with mortar (sārūj).

misyat, Name of a fort on the seashore near Tripoli, inhabited by followers of the Ismā'iliya sect.

misyaf, (Ground) refreshed pleu-

tifully with summer rains; a man who does not marry because he is growing

musib, (An arrow) which hits the

mark; good or fortunate (counsel).

muṣībat, A misfortune, disaster, calamity, affliction, evil, misery, ill, trouble, adversity; agony; musībati nāgahānī, Unlooked for disaster or calamity.

a معيبت عاله musībat-khāna, A house of

mourning.

a معيب رده musībat-zada, Unfortunate, calamitous.

a معيبت الامة musībat-nāma, Title of a work by Faridu 'd-din 'Attar.

معيد معيد م masīd. Taken by hunting:—misyad, معيده mişyadat, maşīdat, A net, or any hunter's implement for catching fish or game.

مير maṣīr (v.n. of مير), Becoming; inclining to; place of destination, goal; residence, receptacle, reception; the intestine which receives the chyle; -tadbiri shaqā-maṣīr, A pernicious counsel;—sarīri ma'dilat-maṣīr, The royal throne, the residence of equity.

معيض maṣṣṣ, Moist earth or sand. A معيمه maṣṣṣat, A saucer, dish, or plate. musaitir, A keeper, guardian, governor appointed to some office or post of authority; a commander, inspector, notary,

maṣīf, A summer-house, villa, country-residence; -musaivif, Sufficient for

the summer. مميغة masīfat, masīfa (Ground) watered by summer-rains.

a مصيقل musaigal, Polished, furbished.

maşyūf, Watered by summerrain.

א ביינט masyūn, Kept, preserved; safe, well.

مض ه mazz (v.n.), Grieving, afflicting; paining (a wound); making the eye smart (collyrium); burning; mizz, No, not at all.

ماه ه mazā' (v.n. of منحى), Being transported, carried far (in any affair); -muzā' (v.n. of مدى), Cutting (a sword); the penetrancy or power of penetrating or piercing; keenness; quick, expeditious.

mazābb (pl. of mazabbat), Tracts of country swarming with Lybian lizards.

من muzājjat (v.n. 3 of قرم), Exciting a tumult, raising a clamour; quarrelling.

mazājir (pl. of muzjir), Wearisome, irksome, troublesome.

muzājarat, A reducing to straits. مناجرة mazāji' (pl. of mazja'), Beds,

sleeping-places; -muzāji', A bed-fellow. A مناجعة muzāja'at, A sleeping along with.

mazājīr (pl. of muzjir), Wearisome, irksome, troublesome.

ماهاه ماهاه muzāhāt (v.n. 3 of محو), Coming to (one) in the forenoon (zuhá).

المحالم muzāḥakat (v.n. 3 of محالم), Having a laugh together.

A مخاده muzādd, An opponent, antagonist. A مخاده muzūddat, هخاده muzūddat (v.n. 3 of قبل), Being averse, repugnant, contrary; opposition; antipathy.

mazārr (pl. of mazarrat), Injuries. مفارب muzārib, A combatant, fencer; one who is employed by another to traffic for him and with his capital, on condition of their sharing the gain together, a sleeping partner; a factor, manager, agent.

مناربط مسابقه muzārabat, muzāraba (v.n. 3 of مناربط), Fighting, fencing, getting the better by beating; contending with another in striking; selling the goods of another for half the profit; partnership; a battle, combat, conflict.

مَّنَارِهُ مَّ muṣārrat (v.n. 3 of مَّنَارِهُ), Hurting, harming, injuring each other; being jealous; quarrelling.

مفارع مسرق muzāri', Like; the acrist tense.

A معارعة muzāra'at (v.n. 3 of جدارعة), Being like, resembling; a compact betwixt two persons, one a proprietor of land, and the other the cultivator, by which it is agreed that whatever the land yields shall belong to both in such proportion as may be determined therein.

multiplied, increased; (in grammar) a reduplicate verb, i.e. whose second and third letters are alike, as سه madda "he extended," or a quadriliteral verb consisting of two equal syllables, as زلزل zalzala (unlike وملاحة daḥraja).

A cache muzā'afat (v.n. 3 of cas), Doubling; adding twice as much to anything so that it becomes trebled; weaving (a coat of mail) with a double texture of rings; (fem. of muzā'af), Doubled; (a coat of mail, hauberk, or habergeon) made with a double texture of rings.

A وضع mazāgh (v.n. of منع), Chewing; mastication.

A Shelso muzāghatat (v.n. 3 of bes), Hindering, preventing, pressing upon.

muzāf, Annexed, added, related; (in gram.) a noun governing another or placed in construction;—muzāf ilaihi, The noun governed;—muzāf kardan, To annex, add.

muzāfāt (pl. fem. of the preceding), Things annexed; annexations, additions, appendages, appurtenances; belongings;—muzāfāti shahr, Environs or suburbs of a city.

مدافرة muzāfarat, An assisting one another.

منامة muzāmmat, A heaping, accumulating.

مامير ممامير maṣāmīr (pl. of maṣmūr), Adjuncts.

مناسين م mazāmīn (pl. of mazmūn),

Contents; things implied or meant, significations.

م مفاهای $muz\bar{a}h\bar{a}t$, in P. معاهای (v.n. 8 of رغمی), Resembling (another).

mazā'iq (pl. of mazīq), Arduous, difficult affairs, straits, difficulties; narrow passes.

A معلقه muzāyaqat, muzāyaqa (v.n. 3 of عدامة), Hemming in, reducing to straits; oppressing; oppression; difficulty; penury, scarcity, want, necessity, distress; moment, consequence, significance; construed with dāshtan, farmūdan, namūdan, &c.;—muzāyaqa kardan, To bid one do more than he can; to make a difficulty;—az man muzāyaqa na-kunīd, Do not refuse me (m.c.); — hīch muzāyaqa na-dārad, It does not matter (m.c.).

muzabbib, One who catches the Lybian lizard (generally done by pouring water into their holes, which forces them out with the tail foremost).

منه مراه mazabbat, A country abounding in Lybian lizards; (pl. of zabb) Lybian lizards

منجعة mazba'at (pl. of zabu' or zab'), Hyenas.

nazbūt, Possessed, occupied; held; governed, regulated, controlled, checked, restrained; that which may be relied upon; tamed; moderated, disciplined; committed to memory; firm, strong, solid; (land) rained on; — mazbūt kardan, To fortify, strengthen.

a مفبوطي mazbūtī, Strength, durability.

مفجو مغبوغ mazbū, Devoured by hyenas.

A مفجو muzjir, Wearisome, troublesome, irksome; an annoyer.

mazja, A place of repose; a bed; the grave.

mazjūr, Depressed, dispirited.

A مضح mazh (v.n.), Diminishing or traducing (the reputation of another).

A \$\alpha mazhāt, A sunny place.

منحاك منجاك miṣḥāk, Laughing, merry (wo-

mazhak. The part where the teeth appear in laughing;—muzhak, Ridiculed, derided;—muzhik, Ridiculous, droll, causing laughter; a laughing-stock; a mime, buffoon; who laughs at or ridicules.

muzhikāt (pl. fem. of the preceding), Laughable things; — mizāh u muzhikāt, Jests, jokes, buffooneries; sayings or doings exciting laughter.

mazhakat, mazhaka, Humour, fun, drollery;—muzhikat (fem. of muzhik),

Facetious, jocular (woman).

mazhal, A place of little water.

muzhī, One who is early in the forenoon (zuḥā), or does anything at that time.

mizakhkhat, A tube for squirting water; a squirt, syrings.

A منخم mizkham, A noble and portly man.

mazr, mazar (v.n.), Becoming acid, pricking the tongue (milk or wine); becoming white; - mizr, A shedding of blood with impunity; -mazir, Sour, acid; very white; -- muzar bin nizār, Name of the father of an Arabian tribe; -muzirr, in P. also muzir, Offensive, noxious, pernicious, hurtful; (a man) who has two wives; (a woman) whose husband has another wife.

a ممراب mizrāb, An instrument for striking; a plectrum; a musical bow; one who strikes much; construed with the verbs khwurdan, rasānīdan, zadan, shikastan, &c.

A موب mazrab (v.n. of فرب), Departing, travelling (by land); striking; a sword; the edge of a sword; a place where anything is struck, fixed, or planted; a field of battle; a place of encampment; mizrab, An instrument for striking; a plectrum; a large tent; — muzrib, Who causes to be struck; muzarrab, Sewed, stitched, lined with cotton (a garment); -muzarrib, An exciter of disturbances, a raiser of tumults.

a مَعْرِيهُ mazrabat, Hairs or cotton-thread rolled into a clew or hank; a sword; the edge of a sword; -mazribat, The principal part of a sword, that which gives the blow; a sword; the edge of a sword.

مَرَة م mazarrat, Detriment, damage, injury, hurt, harm, inconvenience; -muzirrat, muzirra, (A woman) whose husband has another wife; a rival wife.

a مفرت رساني mazarrat-rasānī, Causing injury to reach (another), injuring, harming, hurting.

A مغرص muzarras, (A place) full of rough and unequal stones, resembling dogs' teeth; (a well) built up with stones; a kind of coloured vest; embroidered stuff, having the figures of teeth.

muzrit, muzarrit. Who causes one مغرط A to break wind; one who makes a noise with the mouth in derision; a scorner, mocker; -muzarritu 'l-hijārat, Violent and strong (lit. causing the stones to fart).

A مضرم muzram, Kindled.

ماروب mazrūb, Beaten, struck, stamped, hammered, forged; pitched (tent); affixed, appointed, determined; used, idiomatic, proverbial; (in arithmetic) multiplied; the multiplicand; - mazrūb fī-hi, The multiplier.

mazrūr, Damaged, injured.

مضروس A مضروس mazrūs, (A place) full of rough and unequal stones, like dogs' teeth; gravelly.

mazrūsal, mazrūsa (A well) مفروسة regularly built up with stones from the bottom to the top.

muzariyat, The Modarites or مضرية Mozarites, an Arabian tribe (whose warsigns were red, those of Yaman being yellow).

A مفض mazaz (v.n. of مفض), Grieving, being pained (on account of some misfortune); affliction, misfortune.

muztaja', Anything for reclining معطوع or reposing upon; a bed; --- muztaji', Laid down, reclining on the side.

a muzgarr, Reduced to difficulties, made desperate, forced by necessity, distressed, afflicted.

م سنارب muztarib, Agitated, moved, disturbed, confounded; afflicted, anxions; fluctuating; staggering, tottering, nodding; distracted, tormented, chagrined; wavering or prevaricating (evidence); erect, upright (man); -muztaribu 'l-hâl, In a state of commotion or agitation; agitated, troubled, &c.; -- muztaribu 'l-'inān, Routed, fleeing away singly.

a منطربانه muztaribāna, Distractedly, con-

fusedly; in an agitated manner.

muztarah, Rejected, thrown aside.

muztarim, Kindling, blazing (fire); conspicuous (hoariness), advancing (old age),

A مفطفن muztaghin, Prone to hatred; one who takes in or under the arms.

معطلع muztali', Able, powerful, equal to. A had muztamm. Contracted; accumulated; composed; added, attributed, in-

muztammir, Slender or clung in the belly; (a pearl) small round the middle.

a معطهد muuztahad, Constrained, forced, subdued; -muziahid, One who subjects, subdues, or compels; a lion.

muz'af, Blind ;—muz'if, One who has debilitated cattle; one weakly mounted; one whose property is multiplied; one whose trade is wide and extensive; -muz-'if, muz'af, One deserving of double; muža"af, Debilitated; doubled, multiplied; lined (garment);—muza"if, One who regards as weak.

A منعوف maz'ūf, Doubled; weakened, enfeebled; blind.

A منع mazgh (v.n. of منع), Chewing; mastication; — muzagh (pl. of muzghal), Pieces of meat.

منغة muzghat, muzgha, A piece of meat (or anything filling the mouth), gobbet; a lump (of flesh), the fætus in the womb; a morsel, fragment; a glutton; au ill-bred person.

مخفر muzaffar, مخفر mazfür, Plaited, twisted; braided.

منطوف mazfūf, Poor, destitute, reduced,

impoverished by excessive liberality.

A منا muzill, Who causes or permits (one) to err, who leaves in an error, who leads astray; a seducer; a loser.

A lise mazallat, mazillat, mazalla, A country where one easily strays and loses oneself.

muzli', Heavy, causing to incline to one side (a burden); weak in the sides, unfit for carrying loads; -muzalla', Woven in the shape of ribs; (a bridle) marked with stripes; (cloth) partly woven, partly not.

a معلل muzallal, One bereft of reason, and who perseveres in an error; one who keeps not good faith :--al-maliku 'l-muzallal. A name of Imru 'l-Qais.

mizmār. A large plain or place for exercises; also a field of battle; a space of forty days, during which a horse has a more than ordinary allowance of food, in order to fatten him; the place where a horse is so fed; a hippodrome; a racecourse.

muzmaḥill , Disappearing, vanishing; cancelled, defaced, carried off, dispersed; loosened, untied, undone; digested; shaky; weak, feeble; exhausted, fatigued.

A www. muzammakh, Copiously perfumed.

muzmar, Concealed, suppressed; conceived (in mind); understood, implied; (in gram.) the antecedent; a place of concealment; - muzmir, Who conceives or imagines; - muzammar, Leap, lank, attenurted; fattened; muzammir, What makes lean, attenuates, emaciates.

A dado mazmazat, mazmaza (v.n. of سمنم), Washing (the mouth), rinsing.

muzamman, (A poem) comprebending the verses of another poet; also a verse or word depending upon the following word or verse to be fully intelligible (عرهون عربي); included, comprised.

مخموم م mazmum, Added, joined; accumulated; compressed, drawn in; (a letter)

marked with zamma -.

mazmāmāt (pl. fem. of the preceding), Additions, accumulations.

a مفمون mazmūn, Sense, signification, meaning, contents (of a letter); subjectmatter, subject; a composition, an article, an essay, an address; construed with bastan, khwandan, &c.; mazmūni khitāb, The subject of discussion; - mazmūni kāahiz, The contents of a letter; a postscript (m.c.); — khulāṣa'i mazmūn, The substance of the contents.

a مخمون تراش mazmūn-tarāsh, Scraping out the meaning, eliciting the sense.

a مغمون نگار mazmūn-nigār, Writer of an article; an essayist; an editor.

a منمون نگاری mazmūn-nigārī, writing; editorship.

maṣnūk, Troubled with a rheum مغنوك $(zun\bar{a}k).$

A مفنون maznūn. Preserved with avaricious care; civet, musk.

A مَمْنَوْلَمُ maznūnat, The well Zamzam.

muzná, Emaciated; - muznī Emaciating (disease).

مفو A مفو muzūw (v.n. of مفو), Passing by, going away.

مفور Muzūr (v.n. of صفور), Becoming acid, pricking the tongue (milk or wine).

A ξοδο mazūgh, Chewing; anything chewed, cud.

a معوف mazūf, (Anything) to be dreaded.

A معرفة mazūfat, Need; care, anxiety. مغبود Mazhūd, Subdued; constrained.

A مخى mazá. It is past; [mazá mā mazá, Let what is past be past, let byegones be byegones; let us speak no more of it; -muzi, Causing to shine, making resplendent, illuminating; -muzīy (v.n. of مفی), Passing, going by; being carried far into; pace.

A E مارين mizyâ', A prodigal, spendthrift.

Mazīr, Acid, sour (milk).

mazīrat, A kind of soup or broth مفيرة made of sour milk.

muzī', Rich in farms or estates صفيع ۸ (zai'at); one who dissipates or sqanders; one who frustrates or makes void; -muzaiyi', A prodigal, spendthrift.

mazyaʻat, A place of danger or مضيعة destruction; — mazī'at, mazī'a, Perdition; dari mazi'a. The house of perdition.

a مايعة mazīghat, mazigha, Flesh adhering مايعة to the bone; a muscle.

muzif, One who bends or causes to incline; the master of a feast, the host.

A مُعَيِّمُة mazīfat, mazīfa, Anything formidable; grief, sadness, care.

maziq, A narrow place, pass, strait; a difficult affair; -muzaiyaq, Straitened, narrowed, pinched.

mazīm, Injured, oppressed, defrauded.

A مفيى muzī', Bright, shining, luminons.

A be matt (v.n.), Extending; drawing; drawing up (a bucket); raising the eye-

brows, i.e. being proud.

Mark i.e. being proud.

**mata. The back; favour, protection.

مطابة mutabbat (v.n. 3 of مطابة), Applying remedy, physicking, treating medically, curing.

مطابع mutābikh (pl. of matbakh), Kitcheus.

a مطابق mugābiq. Comfortable, suitable, equal, agreeable to, consonant with, answering to.

A مطابقة mutabagat (v.n. 3 of طبق مطابقة), Being uniform, equal, agreeing with; applying one thing to another, to fit them, fitting, matching; conformity, congruity, uniformity, proportion; similarity, sameness, equality; adopting a custom, mode, or habit; antithesis.

مطابنة مطابنة matabanat (v.n. 3 of مطابنة), Making deep (a pit for keeping fire in, to prevent it from dying away); being comfortable, agreeing with,

maţāḥin (pl. of miṭḥān)), Mills.

a مطار م matar, Sprightly, fleet (horse); place where to fly to; -mutar. Forced to

fly; broken, split;—mattar, Swift (horse).

A wift (horse).

Managario, Name of a district in

Yaman.

maţārat, (A country) abounding مطارة ه in birds (tā,ir); name of a mountain.

A tyle matarih (pl. of matrah), Places;

places of conference.

mutarahat (v.n. 3 of مراح Talking together, holding a conference, bandying words to and fro; conference, conversa-

مطاردة مطاردة mutāradat (v.n. 3 of مطاردة), Attacking one another furiously; opposition, mutual attack.

maţārif (pl. of muţraf), Squarecut garments of coarse stuff ornamented with a border.

maţāriq (pl. of miţraqat), Sledgehammers; mutaraq, Having one thing above another, as a double slipper, or two garments.

Putting (طرق muţāraqat (v.n. 3 of طرق), Putting on (two garments), the one above the other; sewing together (two soles).

matārinat, matārina (pl. of matrān, مطارنة م

mitrān), Metropolitans, archbishops.

mutā', Obeyed; one who is, or ought to be obeyed; obedient; -farmāni jahān-muta', A mandate obeyed by all the

matā'im, (pl. of mat'am) Meats, eatables; - mata'im u mashārib, Meats and

مطاعين , matā'in (pl. of mit'an) مطاعين mață'în (pl. of miţ'ān), (Enemies) who pierce furiously with spears.

مطاك مطاك matāf (v.n. of طيف), Appearing (as a spectre); a place round which people walk in procession in religious ceremonies.

matāfil, مطافيل matāfil (pl. of mutfil), (Hinds) attended by their young or near the birth.

mattal, One who puts off payment (of a debt); one who makes or hammers helmets.

مطالب matalib (pl. of matlab), Questions, demands, petitions, propositions, requisitions; researches; purposes, wishes, desires.

muţālabat, mutālaba (v.n. 3 of طلب), Asking, requiring; demand, requisition, exaction; claim, due; -muțālaba'i khafīfa, A small-cause court.

miţālat, The art of hammering helmets.

maţāli' (pl. of maţla'), The places

of (the stars') rising; mutali', Contemplating, looking towards; considerate, attentive; one who exposes or offers anything for inspection, or to be read; -mutāli' shudan, To contemplate, read, study.

A della muțăla'at, muțăla'a (v.u. 3 of اللع), Considering, turning the attention to; exhibiting (anything) to inspection, or to be read; consideration, contemplation; reading, study; private study; attending public lectures; a glance; a perusal; a letter; mutala'a'i kutub. The reading of

A adamih (pl. of mutmah), Sights, spectacles.

مامع maţāmi', Things longed for, objects coveted and hankered after.

A مطامئة mutamanat (v.n. 3 of طمن), Being quiet, secure, at rest.

maţāmīr (pl. of maţmūrat), Caverns or subterraneous store-rooms for grain.

muţānib (pl. of maţnab), The shoulders, the parts between the shoulderblades and the neck; -mutanib, A neighbour whose tent ropes (tanāb) touch your

mutanazat (v.n. 3 of طنو), Ridiculing, bantering, jeering, gibing one another.

maţāwih, Dangerous parts.

.Con وطوح mutāwahat (v.n. 3 of مطاوحة ه tending in throwing, throwing at each other.

muţāwi', Acquiescing, obedieut, compliant, submissive; a recipient, i.e. an intransitive formed from a transitive, as muta'allim, one who receives instruction, a learner, from mu'allim, a teacher.

muţāwa'at, muţāwa'a (v.n. 3 of الرع), Consenting, agreeing, accommodating oneself to; consent; submission; the sense of the fifth conjugation, as passive or intransitive of the second; -- mutawa'at kardan, To agree, consent, show obedience; to accommodate.

مطاول م maţāwil (pl. of miţwal), Ropes, halters.

A مطاولة muţāwalat (v.n. 3 of طول), Disputing about length, excellence, or strength; delaying payment or a promise; procrasti-

maţāwī (pl. of maţwá), Folds مطاوى م (of a book), wrinkles (in the belly), piles (in the intestines), coils (of a serpent).

maţāhir (pl. of matharat, mitharat), Vessels with spouts, from which water is poured when making ablutions; dentifrices; — mutahar, Purified, hely; -muţāhir, A purifier.

mutāharat, A purifying, cleansing.

مطايا ه matāyā (pl. of matiyat), Horses, mules; express (messenger or message).

A will mata'ib, Best, choicest (ripe dates).

A مطايبات mutāyabāt (pl. of the follow-

ing), Jokes, pleasantries, facetim.

mutāyabat, mutāyaba (v.n. 3 of اطيب), Jesting, playing, joking together; joke, pleasantry.

A مطايرة mutayarat (v.n. 3 of طيع), Putting

to fight, making fly.

motbakh, A kitchen, a place for cooking; - mitbakh, Any cooking-instrument, as a spit or pot; -mutbikh, A cook.

a مطبخى matbakhī, Culinary, belonging to a kitchen; a cook, a clerk of the kit-

matba', A place where anything is stamped or printed; a printing-office, printing-house, printing-press.

matba'at, matba'a, A printingpress or office ;-matba'a'i daulati, Govern-

ment printing-office (m.c.).

a مطبق muibaq, Covered with a lid; folded together; agreed, suited to, fitted; -mutbiq, Incessant (fever); -mutabbaq. Covered; complicated, multiplied; folded, doubled, double;—mutabbiq, (A sword) which separates the joints (musammim implying, cutting through bones); penetrating, hitting (the nail) on the head; continual, unintermitting (disease); clever; one who manages properly, easily, well.

A Aside mutbagat, mutbaga (fein. of mutbaq). Folded, covered; -- muibiqat, muibiqa,

Continual (fever).

a سطمل mutabbal, Drum-shaped.

A odeto matbukh, Dressed, boiled; boiling, fermenting; dressed silk.

- matbū'at, mut مطبوعة matbū'at, mut $b\bar{u}$ 'a, Struck, stamped, impressed; coined; formed by nature; natural, innate; created with a disposition to; agreeable, acceptable, worthy, laudable; excellent; defiled, contaminated, disgraced; -majmū'a'i matbū'a, An excellent collection.

A water mutajjan, fem. dialo mutajjanat,

mutajjana, Fried in a pan (tajan).

A who mithan, adala mithanat, A mili. A mutahlib, mutahlab, (Water) covered with a green scum called tuhlub.

A ais muthanat, mathana, A mill.

a معادل mathal, Splenetic; hurt in the spleen (tihāl).

A woode mathan, Ground, crushed in a

mill.

a order mathi, Wide-spread (shade,

arbour).

a مطخة miţakhkhat, miţakhkha, A piece of wood used by boys at play; a bat, battledore, racket.

matr (v.n.), Going fast (a horse); raining; — matar, Rain; — matir, Rainy (day).

mutarrā, Fresh; perfumed; po-

lished,

mitrābat, One who مطرابة mitrābat, One who moves with alacrity from joy or sorrow.

a مطراة mutarrat, Perfumed, scented,

spiced (wash for the head).

mutarrāgar, One who smoothes or glazes linens, silks, or clothes; a calen-

matrān, mitrān, An archbishop, a مطران

metropolitan.

A مطرب matrab, مطرب matrabat, matraba, A divided or narrow way; a by-lane leading into a high road;—mutrib, fem. مطوبة mutribat, mutriba, A musician, minstrel; a singer; who or what causes to dance and skip about for joy.

a مطربي mutribi, Music; minstrelsy;

singing.

matrah, A place, station, post, situation, foundation; a place where anything is thrown; a place of reverberation or echo; a recipient; a large net to catch game; a game-bag; mitruh, An implement of hunting; mutarrah, Laid prostrate, at full length; extensive, long (building).

matrad, Flowing, current (?); mitrad, A short hunting-spear; -muttarad, Universal; to be constantly observed (as a rule); — muttarid, Unimpeded, flowing freely, and in a straight and onward course; prosperous; frequent; - mutarrad, Long

(day); driven away.

mutarraz, (A garment) ornamented مطرز ۸ with a lace or fringe (tirāz); -mutarriz, A worker of lace or fringe for garments, a laceman.

mitraf, mutraf, A kind of garment of coarse silk ornamented with a border; a veil, a curtain; mutrif, Newlyacquired (wealth); -mutarraf, New; (a horse) having his head and tail white or black, and the rest of his body different; (a sheep) having the tail black, the rest of the body being white; -mutarrif, (An army) attacking the wing or outskirts (tarof) of the enemy.

mitragat, A smith's مطرقة مطرقة hammer; a rod for teasing cotton or wool; —mutraqat, mutarraqat, (A shield) consisting of different coats of leather.

a مطرناك matarnāk, Rainy (day); preg-

nant with rain (cloud).

matruh, Thrown, flung, cast; removed, far away, distant; rejected, dejected, abject; an infidel; (in subtraction) a remainder.

مطروحات matrahāt (pl. fem. of the preceding), Things thrown away or rejected.

a مرود magrad, Banished, expelled, persecuted, driven off to a distance; -mardud u matrud, Rejected and cast off.

matrur, Whetted, (knife); furbished (sword).

matruf, One whose eyes are not

steadily fixed upon any object; (eyes) hort by anything which makes them water.

matruq, (A man) weak, feeble in intellect; (water) defiled with the dung or

urine of cattle; flabby, flaccid.

mutri, One who praises to excess; one who makes fragrant; -mutarrá, Perfumed, scented with aromatics; polished, glazed, calendered, made to look new.

matshūshat, (Land) wet with

rain.

مطعام م mit'ām, Hospitable; giving food. mit'an, One who stabs much with مطعان A

a spear.

mat'am, Eating; food; --mit'am, One who eats much and greedily; -mut-'am, Fed, supported in the necessaries of life; mutim, mutatim, One who feeds, gives to eat, one who maintains or entertains others.

A dock mut'imat, mut'ima, A bow (as providing meat for its owner); the larynx

or top of the windpipe.

mag'an, Liable to reproach or chiding; -mit'an, One who pierces his enemy with a spear.

A مطعوم mat'um, Anything eatable.

mat'umat (pl. fem. of the pre-

ceding), Eatables, victuals, viands.

**Mat'un, Transfixed with a spear, speared; infected with the pestilence (tā'un); accursed, damned; reprehended, chidden; reviled, scorned; taunted.

مطعی مسیر mutghi, Insolence-inspiring.

A wittafih, One who skims (a pot); -mutaffih, Who fills to the brim.

mit fuhat, A ladle, skimmer.

mutaffif, One who does not fill a مطفف vessel, giving unfair measure.

a مطفل mutfil, (A mother) having an in-

fant or young along with her.

Mutfi', mutaffi', One who extinguishes, an extinguisher; -mut fi'u 'ljamr, Extinguishing the glede (name of the fifth or the fourth of the days called al-' $aj\bar{u}z$).

مطل ه matl (v.n.), Extending, prolonging; putting off (the payment of a debt); - mutall, (Blood) unpunished, shed with impunity; rained upon gently; -mutill, (God) suffering blood to be shed with impunity.

A www mutalla, Gilded, covered with gold;

inlaid with gold.

mitlaq, (A man) frequent in divorcing (his wives).

a مطلا كارى mutallā-kārī, Gilding (m.c.).

matlab, A question, demand, request, petition; intention, purpose, proposition, wish, desire, pursuit, motive; effect; [matlab uftādan, To be intended, demanded, desired, &c.; -majlab dast-ash ast, He is perfectly acquainted with, an courant of, the affair (m.c.);—chandan matlabe na-

būd. It was not such a big affair after all; there was not much the matter (m.c.); haqiqati matlab in ast, The fact of the case is this (m.c.); — ham-matlab, Having the same desire, i.e. a rival, competitor;] mutlib, One who gives orders to be asked; a granter of anything petitioned; -muttalib, A seeker.

a مطاب بر آری matlab-bar-ārī, The discharge or performance of a work; the accomplishment of an object, attainment of an end.

A مطلبة matlabat, matlaba, A question,

proposition; an intention.

a سالسم mutalsam, Armed with a talisman.

A alle matla', The initiatory verse of a poem; construed with jastan, kardan, guftan, &c.; [matla'i dū-lakht, An initiatory couplet each hemistich of which contains a complete meaning; \text{\rm matla'}, matli' (v.n. of طلع), Arising, appearing (as the sun or stars); the place of rising (especially of the stars); [az maţla' tā maqţa', From beginning to end;]--mutli', One who reveals or causes to understand; -muttala', Able, sufficient, powerful, equal to; a place to which one comes, or whither anything tends or is directed; the day of the resurrection; -multali', One who penetrates, inspects, and looks into (affairs); one who considers and wishes to explore the intention or opinion of another; muttali shudan, To perceive, penetrate, see distinctly, be fully informed of.

matla'at, A high place, watchtower; -mutli'at. (A palm-tree) towering

above the rest.

mutlif, A giver, bestower; one who permits, makes great allowance, passes over a great deal; unrevenged (blood).

a سالق مالق mutlaq, Free exempt, unrestrained; unconditional; indefinite, not shackled; independent, absolute, entire, universal; principal, supreme; [mutlaqu'l-'inan, Free, having the reins loose; mutlaq wakalat-nama, A document conveying absolute authority to an agent or representative; full power; -khairi mutlaq, The chief good, summum bonum ;- qādiri muglaq, Omnipotent (God), powerful; -wakili mutlaq, A plenipotentiary;]-mutliq, An aperient, cathartic, purgative; -mutallaq, One whose grief is mitigated; divorced; -mutalliq, A divorcer; a giver, a bestower.

A "lall- mutlaq-an, Entirely, absolutely, altogether.

a مطلق خرام mutlaq-khirām, Free, having the reins loose.

a a mutallaga (fem. of mutallaq), A divorced woman.

matlüb, Demanded, called, exacted, required, sought, wanted, needed; necessary; the thing desired; wish, intention; name of a place; — chihra'i matlub, The appearance of anything wished for.

maṭlūbat, maṭlūba, (Anything) sought, wished.

A atluh, Empty-bellied.

aglūs, Cast into prison, imprisoned.

matlūqat, matlūqa, Agonized by the pains of parturition; divorced (woman).

مطاول Matlūl, (Blood) shed with impunity; moistened with dew (tall), bedewed.

mutallā, matlī, Smeared with, anointed; -mutalli, One who smears with pitch, &c.; a reviler.

mitliq, A man who frequently divorces his wives.

mitmār, A mason's plumb-line; a مطمار ه man in tattered garments; form, figure,

mitmā', (A woman) who excites desire (tam') in a man, but gives no opportunity.

A o مطمان mutma'ann, Rested, reposed; the

place where one rests.

A witmah, Raised up, turned upwards (the sight); a show, spectacle; a theatre;—mumih, Who raises his eyes or looks up.

mitmar, A mason's plumb-line.

a مطمس mutmas, Blinded, blind.

Matma', مطبع مطبع مطبع مطبع مطبع مطبع مطبع م A thing desired or desirable; - mutma', Longed for, wished, desired; — mutmi', Whatever excites a longing desire (tam'), or inspires hope.

a مطملة mitmalat, mitmala, A rolling-pin.

matmūr, Stored (grain).

matmūrat, matmūra, A subterraneous cavern in which people lay up corn.

A adaption matmus, Blind, bereft of sight; erased, effaced, obliterated; -matmusu 'l-'ain, Antichrist (as being one-eyed).

مطموع Matmu', Greedily-desired, coveted; longed for.

A مطبول matmūl, Rolled out (leaven).

A مطموم matmum, Closely shorn (head); one who has much hair.

_ mutma'inn, Quiet, secure, content, acquiescing, safe, enjoying repose and ease; low and level (country).

matnab, The shoulder, the place مطنب between the shoulder-blades and the neck; - mutannab, (A tent) stretched by ropes.

a مطلحون mutanjan, Fried or boiled in a pan (= متنجن q.v.).

a منجنه mutanjana, Beef-tea; a stew.

magnasat, Men ridiculous in their مطنرة behaviour; worthless, good for little.

a مطلف mutnif, One who stands upon a pinnacle or a mountain's top, or on the coping of a wall; having a slab, projection, or pent (tanf) over one's door; -mutannaf, Suspected; inwardly bad.

mitwā', Obedient, obsequious.

مطوع معلوم being borne rapidly along (a horse).

muṭauwas, Elegant, ornamented. A مطوع muṭauwi, A volunteer, especially

in a sacred war. muţauwaf, Distant, remote.

mutauwaq, Ornamented with a مطوق ه collar, collared; marked with a ring round the neck (as a dove or pigeon); -mīmi muţauwaq, Penis.

mutauwaqat, mutauwaqa, A ringdove; a large vessel with a neck like that

of the ring-dove.

a مطول magal, One who delays payment of a debt, or the performance of a promise; -mitwal, A rope; penis; -mutauwal, Extended, prolonged, elongated, continued; tall, lengthy.

مطوى ۸ مطوى ۸ matwá, Leaf or fold of a book; a wrinkle (in the belly), ply (in the intestine); — matwī, Folded, complicated, tine); — matwi, twisted up; (a well) built up, lined (with stones, &c.); resolved on, undertaken;

employed, busied.

mathar, Place of purification; purgatory ;-mithar, An instrument for cleansing or purifying; mutahhar, Purified, cleaned, pure, holy; [rauza'i mutahhara, The pure garden, i.e. the tomb of Muhammad;] - mutahhir, Cleansing, purifying, purificatory; cleanser, purifier.

matharat, A cause of purity or cleanliness; -matharat, mathara (mitharat, mithara), A vessel having a spout, from which people pour water when performing ablutions, an ewer; a dentrifice; a house

in which ablutions are made.

mathariyat, Purity, cleanness.

مطی matá, Extension, prolongation; the back; - matīy, matī (pl. of matīyat), Beasts of burden.

Mutaiyab, Spiced, perfumed, aromatized; name of one of Muhammad's sons; - mutaiyib, Whatever imparts an aroma, aromatic, odorous.

مطيبة matyabat, matyaba, Anything sweet, agreeable; mutaiyaba, The city of

Madina.

a مطية matiyat, A beast of burden.

مايح mutaiyah, Vicious, spoiled; worthless.

مطيع مطيع mutaiyakh, Vicious, corrupt,

naught; bedaubed.

matyar, Flight; matīr, Rained upon; raining, dropping; rainy, showery; -mutaiyar, Fresh; a stick, or green bough; (a vest) painted with the figures of birds (tair); - udi mutaiyar, The wood of aloes, especially split or broken for perfuming.

مطيطة maţiţ, مطيطة maţiţat, Thick water

at the bottom of a cistern.

muţī', Obedient, submissive, obse-

مطی

quious;—mutī shudan, To submit;—mutī kardan, To subject, render obsequious.

a مطيف mutif, Who or whatever surrounds, encompasses, and encloses.

مطيق ه mujīq, One who gives power, or confers ability (tāqat); able, powerful.

A مطين maṭīn, Covered with clay, clayed (roof);—muṭaiyan, Plastered over;—muṭaiyin, One who delights to dabble in clay (ṭīn).

A be mazz, The pomegranate; also a wild

kind of it.

A مثانة muzā'abat (v.n. 3 of طانع), Being allied (to another), as those who have married sisters.

مطاهره muzā'arat (v.n. 3 of مطاهرة), Hiring or receiving a nurse; taking a child to suckle (a nurse); having the relationship of foster-brother subsisting between them (two persons).

A ble mizāz (v.n. 3 of be), Contending, striving, disputing; being malignant and

injurious.

A مطال mazāll (pl. of mizallat), Shades;

tents, pavilions; parasols.

mazālim (pl. of mazlamat), Oppressions, tyrannies, aggrievances; complainings of injuries received;—mazālim kardan, To bold court for the hearing of grievances;—zikri ba'zi mazālimi tīmūr, The mention of some of the cruelties of Tamerlane.

مطان mazānn (pl. of mazannat), Places where things are supposed to be.

mazāhir (pl. of mazhar), Manifestations; views; objects, spectacles;—muzāhir, A protector, defender, backer, supporter, assistant; a representer.

A مطاهره muzāharat (v.n. 3 of طهر), Assisting, protecting, supporting; saying to a wife, 'alaiya anti ka-zahri ummī, Thou art to me as the back of my mother (a formula of divorce).

A مطروف mazrūf, What is put into, or left in, a vessel.

A charactering (v.n.), Making (a bow-string)

supple and flexible.

muzfar, Scratched with the nails (zufr or zufur), clawed; rendered triumphant; victorious; successful, fortunate; superior; august; conqueror; — muzfir, Victorious, triumphant; — muzaffar, Rendered victorious, accustomed to conquer, superior, fortunate; august; a conqueror; — muzaffar shudan, To be made victorious, to gain a victory, to conquer; — muzaffar gashtani sultan, The king's becoming victorious; — muzaffar u mansūr, A conqueror, triumpher.

A constant muzaffarun, Name of a dynasty which reigned in Persia from A.D. 1317 to 1396.

مطلام ه mizlām, Dark, mysterions (affair).

A dike mizallat, mizalla, A parasol; a tent, pavilion.

A dla muzallaf. Endued with a cloven

foot (zilf).

muzallal, Shaded; a parasol-stick. A مطلم muzlim, Dark (night); jetty (hair); mysterious (affair); one who enters into, or walks in, darkness; evil, unlucky, disastrous (day).

mazlimat, mazlima, Oppression, tyranny, cruelty, injustice, iniquity; a requisition of justice; justice; construed

with burdan.

a کار مظلمه کار $maglima-k\bar{a}r$, Injurious, tyrannical.

A مطلوف mazlūf, Hurt in the hoof or nail.

A مطاوم mazlūm, Injured, oppressed; seized forcibly; upturned (earth); mild, gentle, modest;—man mazlūm-am na zālīm, I am sinned against, not sinning.

a مطلومانه mazlūmāna, Like an injured

a عالوم نوازى mazlūm-nawāzī, Cherishing or protecting the oppressed.

a مطاومي magliimi, مطاومي magliimiyat, Oppression, misery; subduedness, gentleness, meekness; modesty.

a مظمئ سطمائي سطمائي سطمائي سطمائي mazmā, (A field) watered by rain from beaven (not by

irrigation).

magannat, maganna, Opinion, thought; suspicion, conjecture; the place where anything is supposed to be; (adverbially) should it be the case? should it happen? may one suppose? there is some ground to think (mm.cc.).

A مطنون maznūn, Thought, suspected,

opined.

a مطهر mazhar, An ascent, step, ladder, or stair; a place where any spectacle is represented; a theatre, amphitheatre, stage; the scene (of a deed, &c.); the object (of divine vengeance, &c.); manifestation; show, sight, view; [mazhari ihsān u altāf, Deemed worthy of grace and favour; mazhari jalāli ilāhī, The object of the divine power, i.e. any person, place, or thing which has been the object of Almighty vengeance; -mazhari 'adawat, Odious, held in detestation;]—muzhar, fem. مطبوة muzharat, muzhara, Displayed, manifested, made apparent; declared, stated, affirmed; alleged, deposed; explicit; [muzhar 'alaihi, One declared or informed against, one complained against, a defendant; — hā'i muzhar, The sounded aspirate;]-muzhir, One who manifests, shows, displays; a comer or goer at noon-day (zuhr); possessed of a number of riding-camels (literally, of backs); -muzahhar, Strong in the back; thrown behind the back, rejected, discarded; -muzahhir, One who comes at noon.

A high maghariyat, State of being the object.

muzaiy, (Leather) tanned with the leaves of the plant zaiyan.

mazyāt, (Land) rich in the plant zaiyān.

A water muzaiyan, Tanned with zaiyan leaves.

ma', ma'a, With, together with, in the company of; notwithstanding; bowever; nevertheless: -ma'a kull hāzā, With all this, notwithstanding, still;—ma' hāzā,

A ma'-an, Along with, together; at once, instantly;—mi'ā' (for صعي), A gut, an intestine;—mu'ā', The mewing (of a cat).

ma'ābat, A vice, re- معابه ma'ābat, A vice, re-

proach, fault, blemish.

a عالمه mu'ābid (pl. of 'abd), Servants, slaves; servants of God; (pl. of mabid) places of worship; sacred sites.

אוא ma'ābir (pl. of ma'bar), Passes, ferries, fords, thoroughfares; (pl. of mi'bar) ferry-boats.

معاتب ه mu'ātab, Reprehended, chidden; [mu'ātab sākhtan, To blame, scold, reproach; — ghair mu'ātab, Blameless, irreproachable; -mu'ātib, A chider, expostulator, reprover.

A معاتبة mu'atabat (v.n. 3 of عتب Expostulating (especially lovers or friends); chiding, reproving; reprehension, expostu-

lation.

ma'ātīq (pl. of ma'tūq), Emancipated, set free, manumitted.

ma'āṣir, Stumbling-blocks.

معاجاة mu'ājāt, in P. معاجاة (v.n. 3 of , Fostering (an infant), allowing (it) to suck a nurse, not (its) mother.

mu'ājiz, One who opposes, thwarts, bears malice, or endeavours to weaken and

A System mu'ajazat (v.n. 3 of yes), Departing and nobody overtaking; preceding, excelling, getting the start in any business; contending for superiority and precedency.

معاجلة mu'ājalat (v.n. 3 of اعجد), Making haste to inflict punishment; precipitation; hurrying a debtor for payment.

ma'ājīj, Violent, blustering معاجيع ه (winds).

ma'ājīl, Short roads, by which inyoue may speedily make a cross cut.

ma'ājīn (pl. of ma'jūn), Electuaries.

ma'ād, Place or state to which one returns; a return; a place, state, or result to which a person or thing eventually comes; destination, ultimate state or condition; the other world; Paradise; the resurrection (the body being then supposed to return to its pristine state); pilgrimage; Mecca; — ma'ād sākhtan, To apply to; to rub :- shāhi bihishtī-ma'ād. The prince of heavenly destination, i.e. the deceased king.

A ölsler mu'ādāt, in P. also Isler mu'ādā (v.n. 3 of عدر), Detesting, being inimical, hostile; enmity, hostility, hatred, animo-

A معادة mu'addat (v.n. 3 of عد), Numbering, enumerating; tormenting (one) with the pain ralled 'idad (see Nee p. 838); making mutual preparations for war.

A معادل mu'ādil, Equal, equivalent, alike, resembling, comparable, opposed to: just; -bī-mu'ādil, Unparalleled, incomparable;ai 'ādili bī-mu'ādil, O incomparable judge!

A معادلة mu'adalat (v.n. 3 of عدل), Being equal, equivalent to; making equal, equalizing; riding in company in the litter called kajāwa (see کجاوه p. 1016); hesitating or remaining in doubt with regard to two matters; equalibrium, equality; justice.

ma'ādin (pl. of ma'din), Mines, quarries; minerals;—ma'ādini āhan u nugra u tila, Mines of iron and silver and gold.

A عون ma'āz (v.n. of عوذ), Taking refuge, fleeing (to God), in any misfortune; a refuge, an asylum; — ma'aza 'llāh, God forbid! heaven defend me!

A & Slee ma'āzat, An amulet, charm; a refuge, an asylum; -ma'azata 'llāh, God forbid! heaven defend me!

ma'āzib (pl. of ma'zab), Strips of cloth worn round the waist by wailing women.

معاذرة Mu'azarat (v.n. 3 of معاذرة), Making a false and inadmissible excuse; apologizing mutually.

ma'āzīr (pl. of mi'zār), Coverings, veils; proofs, demonstrations; excuses.

A just mi'ar, A horse that swerves with his rider; --mi'āri jamālī, Title of a book on metrics by Shamsu 'd-din Fakhri.

معاراة A w'ārāt (v.n. 3 of عرى), Riding (a horse) bare-backed ('ury) without a saddle.

mu'ārrat (v.n. 3 of جُ), Making a noise (as the ostrich); being slow and dilatory; delaying.

ma'ārij (pl. ot mi'raj), Ladders, steps; ascents.

mu'āriz, Anadversary, competitor, معارض opponent; māni u mu'āriz shudan, To oppose, prevent.

mu'ārazat, mu'āraza (v.n. 3 of عرض), Going side by side, and step for step; doing equal with another, exactly what the other has done; opposing, resisting, thwarting; collating (books); retiring, withdrawing; opposition, contradiction; antithesis; competition, emulation; rivalry.

ma'arif (pl. of ma'raf and ma'rafat), Faces, hands, and other parts of women displayed; persons known, acquaintances; men of distinction; renowned, celebrated; definite nouns; sorts of knowledge; sciences, acquirements; -ma'ārifi shahr, The nobles or notables of the city.

a معارف برداز ma'ārif-pardāz, Versed in

science; a great scholar.

ma'ārik (pl. of ma'rakat), Fields (of battle); [ma'āriki qitāl, Fields of battle; amphitheatres; -mu'arik, A veteran in war.

معاركة مساركة mu'ārakat (v.n. 3 of عرك), Fighting, especially hand to hand, jostling one

another in battle; conflict, combat.

A معارى ma'ārī, The face, feet, or hands of a girl (as being most exposed to view); places bare of vegetation.

ma'ārīj (pl. of mi'rāj), Ladders, stairs.

ma'ārīz, Parables, or like sayings; words of a hidden or obscure mean-

A je mi'az, The goat-species; - ma"āz,

An owner of goats.

A bje mu'azzat (v.n. 3 of p), Overpowering (by words); contending about price or

ma'azif (pl. of mi'zaf or mi'zafat),

Musical instruments.

ma'aziq (pl. of mi'zaq and mi'zaqat), Implements for turning up the ground.

A معازل ma'āzil (pl. of a'zal), Unarmed; (pl. of ma'zil), Places of retirement.

a كانك mu'azalat, A retiring from battle.

ma'āzīl (pl. of mi'zāl), Shepherds معاريل ه who retire from the others at pasture; unarmed, spearless.

ma"ās, Bold, intrepid, valiant.

ي المارة معاسرة mu'āsarat (v.n. 3 of معاسرة), Showing a bad temper, creating difficulty.

a معاش ma'āsh (v.n. of معاش), Living, life; means of living, livelihood, subsistence; a place where one lives; landed property; -kafāfi ma'āsh, Victuals; viauds; salary, wages, income, sufficient for subsistence; a kind of sour curd.

a معاش دار ma'āsh-dār, Possessed of the means of living; owner of an estate.

ma'āshir (pl. of ma'shar), Companies, congregations, coteries; -mu'āshir, A companion, intimate friend, messmate.

a سامران mu'āshirān (P. pl. of the pre-

ceding), Intimates.

معاهرة معاهرة mu'āsharat (v.n. 3 of عشر), Contracting friendship, entering into alliance, associating, conversing; conversation, familiarity, society, living, eating and drinking together; social intercourse; intimacy.

A معاملة mu'āshaqat, A loving one another,

mutual love.

معاهيب ma'āshīb (pl. of mi'shāb), (Lands) rich in green pasture ('ushb).

v.n. 3 معامات .ma'āṣāt, in P معاماة of عمو), Fighting with sticks, playing at quarter-staff or single-stick; rebelling against, opposing; rebellion, defection.

ma'āṣir, Places of confinement; (pl. of mi'sar) presses (for wine or olives); -mu'āṣir, Cotemporary, coetaneous.

mu'āṣarat (v.n. 3 of عصر), Being cotemporary with; contemporaneousness.

a معاصرين mu'āsirīn (obl. pl. used as nom.), Contemporaries.

A معاصم ma'asim (pl. of mi'sam), Wrists. ma'āṣī (pl. of ma'siyat), Acts of disobedience, sins, crimes; -mu'āṣī, Rebellious, criminal; a rebel.

a معاهم mu'āzzat, A biting one another.

maʻāzid (pl. of miʻzad), Bracelets, معامد ه armlets; -mu'azid, An assistant, helper.

A معامدة mu'āzadat (v.n. 3 of عمد), Helping one another; assistance, mutual aid.

معاطات mu'ātāt, in P. معاطات (v.n. 3 of عطو), Giving; submitting.

A -le ma'ātib (pl. of ma'tab), Perilous places; dangers, perils.

a معاطس ma'ātis (pl. of mi'tas), Noses.

ma'ātish (pl. of ma'tash), Stated معاطش times when (camels) become thirsty; (pl. of ma'tashat), Thirsty lands with no

A about mu'atashat, A contending about thirst.

a معاطف ma'ātif, Bending-places, sinuosities (of a stream or valley).

A dable mu'atafat (v.v. 3 of عطف), Showing kindness and affection towards one another.

ma'ātil, Those parts on which female ornaments are worn.

a معاطى ma'āṭī (pl. of mi'ṭā'), Muvificent, liberal in giving.

معاطلة mu'azalat (v.n. 3 of عظل), Stick-

ing fast together (dogs and locusts).

A with mu'af, Absolved, excused, forgiven, pardoned, condoned, spared, dispensed with, exempted from, tree, privileged; rent-free; retired from service (m.c.); [mu'āf bifarmayīd, Please to excuse me, I beg your pardon (m.c.); -mu'āf būdan, To be exempt (m.c.); -mu'af bi 'sh-shart, A conditional pardon; — mu'āfi muţlaq, Free pardon;]—(for A. معانة Keeping back from, restraining.

ي معالماة mu'āfāt (v.n. 3 of معالماة), Restoring to, or preserving in, health (God); defending from harm; rendering one free from care, coneern, and anxiety; safety,

health, security.

ma'āfir, Name of a country, and معافر A of a family of Hamdān Arabians.

ma'āfirīyat, Linen cloth made at معافرية Maʻāfir.

ي Toying (عفر mu'āfazat (v.n. 3 of عفر), Toying with each other (husband and wife).

معانسة م mu'āfasal (v.n. 3 of عفس), Straining, compressing, grasping; kicking on the backside.

a معان کاه mu'af-gah, A free or sacred place; a sanctuary.

u معالى نامة mu'āf-nāma, Letter of affranchisement, charter of immunity from tribute or taxes.

معانى mu'āfá, Well, free from pain ;— mu'āfi, immunity, privilege, exemption ; exempt from the payment of rent or tax;mu'āf i'i dā'imī (istimrārī), A grant of land in perpetuity; exemption (from tax, &c.) in perpetuity.

a معافى دار mu'āfī-dār, A holder or

grantee of rent-free land.

a سعافی رسین mu'afī-zamīn, Rent-free land.

a معافى سال mu'āfī-sāl, A year of exemption from assessment (on some special account).

a معانی نامه $mu'ar{a}far{\imath}$ - $nar{a}ma$, $mu'ar{a}far{\imath}$

mu'āqab, Followed; overtaken; punished, chastised; -mu'āqib, A follower, one who comes behind; a punisher; one who does anything alternately with an-

ماتبه ما ساتبه ما mu'āqabat (v.n. 3 of مقب), Coming behind, following at the heels of; punishing, chastising; penalty; changing (turns) with another, doing duty alternately; riding by turns; (in poetry) an alternate dropping of the w nun and ya in whale mafa ilun, but never of both at once; mu'aqibat, (Camels) feeding now on salt herbage, and now on sweet plants.

معاتة ma'āqat (v.n. of معاتة), Being deep

(well).

ma'aqid (pl. of ma'gad and 'aqd), Knots; places where things are tied; - mu'āqid, Confederated, bound.

mu'āqadat (v.n. 3 of عقد), Entering into an alliance or confederacy; a tying

or knotting together; a league.

mu'aqir, One who contends (with another); assiduous; one who sticks close to the bottle.

سعاقرة Mu'āqarat (v.n. 3 of مقر), Contending (with another), either before a judge upon important subjects, or in reproaches and satire; being assiduous, attentive, sticking close to; drinking (wine) incessantly or immoderately.

ma'āqil (pl. of ma'qil), Refuges, asylums; (pl. of ma'qulat) expiations of murder; parts remaining to be paid of

such composition.

ساقلة معاقلة mu'āgalat (v.n. 3 of معاقلة), Disputing (with another) for superiority of genius; equalling, being worth; valuing (a woman) at the third part (of a man) in a composition for bloodshed.

ma'aqim (pl. of ma'qim), Joints in horses or other solid-hoofed animals (as the knee or pastern); dorsal vertebræ from

the withers to the root of the tail.

a معاكده ma'ākid (pl. of ma'kid), Places of refuge.

mu'ākasat, A contradicting ma'ākīs (pl. of ma'kūs), Poor.

mu'āl, High; higher (part).

mu'āl, High; higher (part).

A قاله mu'ālāt (v.n. 3 of ماد), Being above in the upper part, superior to; exalting one (God); coming into that part of High Arabia called 'aliyat.

معالج Mu'ālaj, Cured; prepared; cooked; - mu'ālij, One who treats medi-

cally, a physician.

A lale mu'ālajat, mu'ālaja (v.n. 3 of ماج), Applying a remedy (to a distemper), healing, curing; medical treatment; adjusting or managing (any affair); dressing, cooking, preparing; remedy, cure.

ma'ālif (pl. of mi'laf), Mangers,

cribs, nose-bage.

ma'ālim (pl. of ma'lam), Signs, direction-posts; signals, banners; badges; beaten roads; colleges, schools, seminaries.

A معالمة mu'ālamat (v.n. 3 of علم), Disputing with on science or superiority of

knowledge.

A diller mu'alanat (v.n. 3 of whe), Acting openly with a person, or with one another.

ma'ālī (pl. of ma'lāt), Eminences; high places; sublime matters; - damat ma'ālīhu, May his grandeur be eternal!min ma'ālî, From above.

ma'āliq (pl. of mi'lāq), Strings, &c., whereby things are suspended; suspenders, braces.

mu'amir, A builder, an architect

a معامر باهي mu'āmir-bāshī, Chief archi-

tect (m.c.).

a معاسل mu'āmil, One who deals fairly and lives happily with others; a fellowworkman, co-worker.

A wholes mu'amalat. Domains; dealings; transactions; affairs: - mu'āmalāti

mulki, State affairs; politics.

mu'āmalai, mu'āmala (v.u. 3 of with, dealing; piving hard treatment; business, trade, commerce, traffic. affair, contract, negociation, correspondence, agreement; usury, interest; construed with raftan, kardan, &c.; — mu'āmala'i khārija, An irrelevant matter; — mu'āmala'i fasid. A corrupt or dishonest transsaction; — mu'amala kardan, To transact business; to trade; to negotiate; -mu'āmala'i naqdī, A cash-transaction; — ahli mu'amala, Men of business, tradesmen; husni mu'āmala kardan, To be in good correspondence, to live happily with another; -sūrati mu'āmala, Dissimulation, fiction, feignedly, for form's sake.

a معاملة $mu'\bar{a}malag\bar{i}$, معاملة q.v.

a معاملة پردازي mu'āmala-pardāzī, The transaction of business.

a obs mu'āmala-dān, Well versed in business; a business-man.

a معامله دائي mu'āmula-dānī, Knowledge of business.

a on a sale mu'āmala-ras, Thoroughly conversant with an affair, one who penetrates to the bottom of a matter.

a معاملة رسى mu'āmala-rasī, A thorough comprehension of an affair, or of business matters in general.

معامله mu'āmala-shinās, = معامله

હોંગ q.₹.

a معاملي mu'āmilī, One who, by any kind of work, seeks a living here and there for his family.

ma'amī, Blind deserts, i.e. without culture, inhabitants, or signs of roads.

A when ma'an, A stage, halting-place; name of a place in Syria.

A معنائله mw ānāt (v.n. 3 of عنى), Enduring any evil with all its consequences; afflicting, causing trouble; contending with.

A منافة ma'ānat, Aid, assistance, succour, help;—mu'ānat (v.n. of عون), Assisting, helping.

a معاند mu'ānid, Obstinate, stubborn, refractory, contumacious, disobedient; opini-

ative; an enemy.

معالدة mwanadat (v.n. 3 of عند), Opposing, being stubborn, contrary, adverse, repugnant; obstinacy, opposition; assiduity, perseverance.

mu'aniq, One who throws the arms round another's neck, who hugs and

embraces him,

معانقه mu'ānaqat, mu'ānaqa (v.n. 3 of عنی), Embracing, hugging one another close in friendship or in fight; an embrace;
—mu'ānaqa kardan, To embrace;—mu'ānacqāti (pl.) ṣadrīya, Embracings breast to breast.

ma'ānī (pl. of ma'nū), Significations senses; imports; ment il images; intrinsic qualities; qualities that are commended or approved, charms, graces; elegance of language; mystical meanings; sublime realities, spiritual matters;; (for 'ilmu'l-ma'ānī) the science whereby is known the manner of adapting language to the requirements of the case; ability to express clearly one's meaning in various ways; rhetoric and theory of literary style.

ma'ānīq (pl. of mi'nāq), Fine-

necked (horses).

mu'āwāt, A crying to (barking

dogs).

used to; one who returns often to the same thing; sedulous, assiduous, atrenuous; a brave man, champion.

سعاودة عده mu'āwadat (v.n. 3 of عود), Re-

turning to a former habit or action, relapsing; making a habit or custom ('ādat); attacking with intermissions (as the ague); pressing by repeated questions; exercising, examining; being assiduous, attentive, diligent;—mu'āwadat sākhtan (namūdan), To return.

nu awarat (v.n. S of عفرر), Making or marking a weight or measure agreeable to standard; doing (a thing) with another by turns and in rivalry; lending; borrow-

ing from one another.

A j.wa ma'āwiz (pl. of mi'waz), Old wornout every-day clothes; swaddling-bands for the hands and feet of a child in the cradle.

معارقة معارقة mu'āwaqat (v.n. of عول Hindering, preventing, delaying; retardation.

مورف mu'āwazat, mu'āwaza (v.n. 3 of عرض), Returning like for like, compensating, giving a substitute; barter, exchange;—mu'āwazat kardan. To barter, to exchange;—mu'āwaza'i naqdī, Money-compensation.

nu'āwamat (v.u. 3 of عرم), Bearing fruit every second year (a palm-tree); agreeing with (anyone) hy the year ('ām); selling corn whilst growing; or allowing an increase of the debt to obtain a delay of payment (practices forbidden by the Muhammadan law).

auxiliary; aider, helper, supporter; an assistant; — mu'āwini jurm, Aider and abettor in a crime, an accessory, an accomplice; —mu'āwinu 'l-mulk, The Aider of the Empire (official title, m.c.); — mu'āwini daryā, Tributary of a river.

a معارفة mu'āwanat (v.n. 3 of عبون), Helping one another; aiding, assisting; aid, assistance, help, succour, subsidy, supply;

favour, grace.

ماريخ mu'awiyat, mu'awiya, A fox's whelp; a man's name; name of the first caliph of the Ommiades;—abū mu'awiya, The cheeta, ounce, or hunting-panther.

ma'āhid (pl. of ma'had), Places often frequented; monuments; things well done;—mu'āhid, One who plights his faith,

confederate; tributary, subject.

A قامدة mu'āhadat, mu'āhada (v.n. 3 of عبد), Entering into an alliance, conspiring, confederating, covenanting; swearing mutually; an agreement, confederacy, alliance, association, stipulation, bargain, treatry;—mu'āhada'i nikāḥ, Marriage-contract.

a whoring; following evil ways and thieving;—mu'āhirat, A whorish woman, an adulteress.

A معناه mu'āyāt (v.n. 3 of عن), Meddling with, undertaking any business which one is unable to manage; stammering, speaking unintelligibly.

ma'a'ib (pl. of ma'ab and ma'abat), Faults, blemishes; vices.

ma'ā'ir, Faults, blemishes.

mu'āyarat (v.n. 3 of عير), Making or marking a weight or measure agreeable to standard.

ma'āyish (pl. of ma'īshat), Victuals, provisions; necessaries; allowance; -ma'āyishi dunyawīya, Worldly matters.

a معايشة mu'āyashat, A living together.

A معاين mu'āyan, Seen, made public; manifest.

mu'āyanat, mu'āyana (v.n. 3 of عين), Beholding, contemplating, seeing face to face; sight; having money-transactions one with another; -ham mu'ayana, At the mere sight of, at first sight (m.c.).

ma'bad, A place of worship, a mosque, a temple, a church; a place of pilgrimage; -mi'bad, A shovel, rake, hoe; -mu'bad, Received as a servant; -mu'ab-

bid, A worshipper.

ma'bar, A pass, ferry, ford ; [ma'bari pur khatar, A dangerous pass]; mi'bar, A ferry-boat, pontoon; a bridge; mu'abbar, Interpreted (dream); -mu'abbir, An interpreter of dreams.

a معبرى mu'abbirī, Interpretation of

dreams.

mi'balat, A broad and long arrowhead.

معبود م ma'būd, Adored, worshipped; a god, deity; the Deity.

a معبودية ma būdīyat, State of being worshipped.

a معبرط ma'būt, Rent (garment).

A slize mu'tad, Accustomed, wonted; custom, babit, use; a fixed quantity or allowance; due quantity, due strength; quantity; weight, bulk, size; power, strength; mu'tad shudan, To be accustomed.

mu'tat, One that fails to conceive for several years, although not barren.

mi'taq, One who makes a horse معتاق gallop; one who hunts with vehemence or

معتب ma'tab (v.n. of معتب), Chiding, reproaching.

A dozen ma'tabat, ma'tibat, Reproachful speech.

mu'tabid, One who takes a servant.

mu'tabar, Honoured, esteemed, revered; creditable, respectable; true; authentic; confidential, trustworthy; [mu'tabar shudan, To be in high reputation;]mu'tabir, Respectable, worthy of consideration.

a معتبري mu'tabari, Respectability; trust-worthiness; creditability; credit.

A was mu'tadd, in P. mu'tad, Numbered, counted, computed; prepared, ready.
سيندل سيندل mu'tadil, Moderate, well pro-

portioned; temperate, tolerable, neither cold nor hot; equal, even, just; pleasant; calm, mild.

A معتدى mu'tadī, Iniquitous; inimical.

mu'tazir, One who excuses himself; a complainer.

معتذل mu'tazīl, One who blames himself, or allows himself to be blamed.

A *** mu'tarr, One who does not ask for what he wants; poor, indigent.

mu'tarish, A maker of the bower or arbour 'arish; also of camel-litters for women.

mu'tarizat, fem. معترض mu'tarizat, mu'tariza, Opposing, interposing, transverse, hindering; coming or extending across; transverse; parenthetic; an opposer, objector, &c.; one who goes sideways ;-jumla'i mu'tariza, A parenthesis.

mu'tarif, One who acknowledges معترك and confesses; confessor, declarer, affirmer, avower.

mu'tarak, A field of battle; mu'tarik, Pressing on one another in battle.

mu'tari, Who or what surprises, comes suddenly upon; one who approaches to ask a favour.

معتزل A معتزل mu'tazil, Seceder, dissenter, separatist.

mu'tazilat, mu'tazila, A sect of Muhammadan schismatics, an offset of the sect qadariyat.

a معترلي mu'tazilī, Dissenter, separatist,

seceder; an infidel, an atheist.

mu'tazim, One who gives his whole attention; pains-taking, constant, steady. firm.

nu'tazī, Related, denominated معترى (truly or falsely), belonging to anyone; claiming relationship with.

mu'tasir, One who compels, forces, uses violence.

mu'tasif, One who deviates or declines from the road; exorbitant, unreasonable, exacting, extortionate.

mu'tashish, معتشش mu'tashish, Nest-building (bird).

mu'tashī, One who begins a معتشى ۸ journey in the evening.

mu'taşib, Turbaned.

mu'taşar, Squeezed; a place of refuge; -mu'tasir, One who does his business; one whose urine and excrement are obstructed.

mu'tasif, A gainer, intent on gain.

mu'tasam, A place of refuge; -mutasim, Holding fast, clinging (to), relying (on); attendant (on); preserved, defended; abstaining, or refraining (from disobedience, &c., by the grace of God); a servant (of God); -mu'tasim bi 'llāh, A title assumed by the fourth son of Harunu 'r-Rashid, the eighth caliph of the house of Abbas.

معج

mu'taṣī, One who leans on a staff ('asá); who uses (a sword) for a staff; who cuts a staff from a tree.

a plaintiff;—mu'tazid, A petitioner for justice, a plaintiff;—mu'tazid bi'llāh, Name of the sixteenth caliph of the house of Abbās.

mutafir, Soiled with dust; one who throws on the ground.

mu'tag, Manumitted, liberated; emancipated (slave); choice, select; — mu'tiq, A liberator of slaves; —mu'attaq. Old, ancient, antique.

A die mu'attagat, mu'attaga, Old wine;

a kind of perfume.

mu'taqad, Believed, credited, held (as an article of creed); — mu'taqid, A believer; firmly persuaded, confident, certain or sure (of); follower (of a creed or sect); a faithful friend; a support, protector: a servant.

mu'taqadāt (pl. fem. of mu'taqad), Things believed or deemed credible;

articles of faith.

mu'takis, Inverted, upside down. A معتكس mu'takaf, A place of retirement

for devotional purposes;—mutakif, One who is continually at prayer in the temple; attentive to religious duties.

معتكم mu'takim, One who makes equal loads on each side of a camel.

mi'tal, One who draws violently;—mu'tall, Weak, sick, infirm; a word in which either of the letters; wāw or ي yū (called infirm or weak) makes a part;—mu'tallu 'l-'ain, A verb whose medial radical letter is infirm, also called concave (see احوالي 19).

mu'talij, Engaged in a struggle. معتلع معتلى مسائل معتلى معتلى معتلى معتلى معتلى

معتلن مسان mu'talin, Divulged, published.

mu'tamm, The wearer of a turban; turbaned.

mu'tamad, Pursued, resolved, purposed; (also mu'tamad 'alai-hi or ilai-hi) relied upon, confided in; confidential, faithful, trustworthy; [mu'tamadu'l-mulk, The Trust of the Empire (official title);—ādami mu'tabar u mu'tamad, An estimable and trustworthy man;]—mu'tamid, One who rests or leans upon; a believer; resolved, determined.

معتمر mu'tamir. A visitor; one who performs the 'umrah or lesser pilgrimage; one in pursuit.

mu'tamil, One who keeps him-self employed.

mu'tanaq, The place where the necks (a'nāq) of mountains peep out above a mist.

mu'tanī, Diligent, pains-taking.

mu'tawir, Reciprocal in taking a thing by turns, or in passing it from hand to hand; borrowing from one another.

ma'tūq, Emancipated.

a معتول mu'tawil, A weeper, wailer.

معتوة ma'tuh, Weak in mind, insane, delirious, deficient in intellect, stupid.

A are mu'attah, Crazy and irrational.

ma'sarat, A cause of offence.

معثون ma'ṣūn, Smoked, spoiled by smoke.

A come ma'j (v.n.), Going swiftly (an ass); striking its head against the mother's udder when going to suck, and turning its mouth obliquely to catch the dug (a camel's colt);—mu'ijj, (A day) of violent wind and dust.

ma'jab, A place for wonder or admiration;—mu'jub, Admired by others; surprised, pleased, delighted;—mu'jib, One who is pleased with and admires himself; pleasing, agreeable, affording pleasure, or surprise;—mu'ajjab, Admirable, wonderful, stupendous; — mu'ajjib, Surprising, astonishing.

A base ma'jabat, A place, cause, subject, or reason for wonder or admiration.

A jan mi'jar, A cloth worn by women to preserve their head-dress from being soiled by the unquent or pomatum of their hair; a veil covering the whole face; a railing, a fence (m.c.);—mu'jir bar sar giriftan, mu'jir bastan (dar sar kashīdan), To put on a mi'jar;—mi'jari zirnīkh, Autumnal leaves; yellow flowers; streaks of dawn;—mi'jari ghāliyagūn, Night (the veil of the colour of civet).

אביני mu'ajrid, mu'ajrad, Naked.

محجرم mu'ajram, Knotty (yard); anything intricate and knotty; a camel's hump.

A jaze majaz, ma'jiz, Weakness, impotence;—mu'jiz, One who finds or esteems as weak and impotent; a miracle (as demonstrating the weakness of an adversary); anything which incapacitates; [mu'jiz shikastan, To frustrate a miracle;]—mu'ajjaz, Weak; large-buttocked.

معجزات Mu'jizāt (pl. of mu'jizat), Mira-

cles.

a معجز آثار muʻjiz-āṣār, Wonderful.

A system ma'jazat, ma'jizat (v.n. of yes), Being weak and feeble; leaving undone what ought to be done; being sluggish and negligent; weakness, infirmity; impotency, defect;—mu'jizat, mu'jiza, A miracle;—mu'jiza'i masīh, A miracle of Jesus, i.e. the resuscitation of the dead; a table which descended from heaven at the command of Jesus.

a معجو نشان mu'jiz-nishān, Marvellous, miraculous, signalized by wonders.

a لعجود سu'jiz-namā, Displaying wonders;—sāḥiri mu'jiz-namā, A magician performing miracles.

منجل منجور mu'jal, Done in haste; a camel's colt brought forth before the time and yet surviving;—mu'jil, A camel prematurely

delivered of a colt which survives; a cow having a calf ('ijl); - mu'ajjal, Done in haste; hastened, executed with despatch; -mu'ajjil, Who hastens or causes to make haste.

A "mu'ajjil-an, In haste.

A para mu'jam, fem. anu'jamat, mu'jama, Pointed; marked with discritical points; the alphabet arranged according to the order, and not to the numerical value, of the letters (in contra-distinction to the abjad).

A jaco ma'jūz, Wearied by importunate begging.

ma'jūf, Lean (camel).

A ωρφω ma'jūn, Kneaded; an electuary, medicine, confection, jelly, paste; -ma'jūni sirishta, Any medicine pulverized and mixed up with honey or inspissated juice; -ma'jūn kardan, To knead; to prepare an electuary, &c.

a معمون کده ma'jūn-kada, A place where

electuaries, &c., are made.

a معجون کش ma'jūn-kash, A spoon or similar instrument for taking an electuary from a jar.

ma'd, The plant satyrion.

ma'd (v.n.), Travelling, perambulating; seizing rapidly, snatching, carrying off (anything); fresh, moist, delicate; swift, alert; strife; haste; — ma'add, Flesh from the shoulder; that part of the back on which the sides of the saddle press; name of the son of 'Adnan, one of Muhammad's ancestors; -mu'add, Prepared, disposed, set in order, arranged; computed; counted, numbered; -mu'idd, One who prepares, disposes in order; one who reckous.

ma'idat, mi'dat, mi'da, The human معدة stomach, paunch; -mi'da tang kardan, To gorge, to cram to repletion; -mi'da'i sangī, A heavy stomach;—mi'da-ash bar-gashta, He suffers from indigestion, he cannot digest his food; -dārūyi mi'da, A stomachic; -sū'i mi'da, A disorder of the stomach; za'fi mi'da, Weakness of stomach; -masdūd mi'da, Obstructed in the stomach.

mi'dakat, mi'daka, A mallet for

beating cotton.

a معدل ma'dil, Place of turning, return, retreat; -mu'addal, Rectified, adjusted;mu'addil, Just, temperate.

A blace ma'dalat, ma'dilat (v.n. of Jse), Administering justice; justice, equity, rectitude.

a معدلت دستگاه ma'dalat-dastgāh, Place where justice is exercised or practised.

mu'dim, One who deprives or

annihilates; destitute, poor.

ma'din, ma'dan, A mine, quarry ; [ma'dani kach, A quarry of lime (m.c.);] -mi'dan, A pointed hammer for breaking stones; -mu'addin, A quarryman, a miner. a معدنى ma'danī, Mineral, metallic; metal;—'aṣīri ma'danī, Mīneral juice.

a معدنیات ma'danīyāt, Minerals, mineral substances; metals; — 'ilmi ma'danīyāt, Mineralogy.

ma'dūw, Maltreated (as an enemy).

ma'dūd, Numbered, told, counted, reckoned, computed; limited; ma'dude chand, A few, a limited number.

ma'dūs, Troubled with the

pustules 'adasat.

A Jyse ma'dūl, fem. di,se ma'dūlat, ma'dūla, Distorted, wrested; silent, after t as in khwān, pronounced khān; a place of

turning, return, or retreat.

ma'dūm, Annihilated, non-existent, wished for but not found, lost; future; poor, needy; maujūdu'l-iem ma'-dūmu 'l-jism, Known by name but inexistent in body (applied to the angā and other marvels of fiction).

a sace mi'da, see sace above.

a معدة أنبار mi'da-ambār, A glutton.

mi'da-sangī, Heaviness of

stomach; over-gorging; dyspepsia. a معداش بر کشته mi'da-ash-bar-gashta, One whose digestion is impaired, unable to

digest.

معدى م mu'dá, Transit, pass, passage; escape; — mu'dī, Contagious; — mu'addī, Transitive (verb); -ma'dīy, ma'dī, Injuriously treated; -ma'addiy, ma'addi, fem. maʻaddiyat, maʻaddiya, Of the tribe معدية ma'add;-libsati ma'addiya, Coarse cloth-

mi'zār, A covering, a veil; an excuse. ma'zab, A strip of cloth tied معذب about the waist by wailing women; --- mu-'azzab, Tormented, chastised, punished; afflicted, vexed; hindered, prevented;mu'azzib, A tormenter, chastiser; afflictive.

mu'zir, An apologist ; deserving of excuse; -mu'azzar, Circumcised; a circumcision feast; -mu'azzir, A circumciser; a maker of an excuse (false or true).

ma'zirat, ma'zira, An excuse, an

apology.

a معذرت خواه ma'zirat-khwāh, One who excuses another and makes his apology;mu'zirat-khwāhi 'ojza'i ummat, The apologiser for the shortcomings of the people, i.e. Muhammad.

a معذوت خواهي ma'zirat-khwāhī, The proffer of an excuse.

معذل A سعدل mu'azzal, Blamed (especially for prodigality); -mu'azzil, A chider, reprover, censurer.

معذور م ma'zūr, Excused; excusable; circumcised; disappointed; helpless; ma'zuru'l-khidmat, Excused or exempted from service; invalided; pensioned; ma'zūr bād, Let it be excused, pardon me! -ma'zūr dāshtan (kardan), To excuse, to accept an apology.

معاورى معاري ma'zūrī, Excusableness; exemp-

tion; helplessness, inability.

ma'ar (v.n.), Falling off (hair, feathers, or nails);—ma'ir, One who loses his hair, or whose nails have dropped; thin of feathers (bird); thin of herbage (ground); a miser; a good-for-nothing fellow; a bad disposition.

mu'arrā (for معرا mu'arrā), Denuded, bare, naked; bald;—ma'rā', Bald

(forehead).

which are exposed to view, as face, hands,

feet, &c.

mi'rāj, A flight of steps, ladder, staircase; ascent (especially Muhammad's supposed journey to heaven); — lailatu mi'rāj, The night of (Muhammad's) ascent (to heaven).

mi'rāz, An unfettered arrow; the

argument of a discourse.

ma'rib, An Arabian horse of noble breed;—mu'rab, (in gram.) Fully declined, a triptote;—mu'rib, Indicative; an Arabian horse of noble breed; a possessor of such;—mu'arrab, Made Arabic or Arabian; the form which a foreign word assumes when adopted into Arabic.

אבור mu'arbid, Bad-tempered, quarrelsome (especially when in wine); a drunkard.

name of a star; (more fully ma'arratu'n-nu'mān) name of a city in Syria.

ascending; becoming high;—ma'raj, mi-raj, A place or means of ascent; a ladder, step, staircase;—mu'arraj, Striped with curved lines (vest); a costly garment.

a معرى گره ma'raj-gar, Who makes an ascent; — ma'raj-garāni falak, The angels;

the stars.

מינים mu'ris, Engaged, but who has not yet taken his wife.

mu'arrash, Propped, trained,

trellised (vine).

na'raz, Place or time of meeting or happening; occasion, contingency, occurrence;—mi'raz, A robe in which a slave-girl is exhibited for sale;—mu'riz, One who makes clear, apparent, conspicuous; a habitual and unscrupulous borrower; averse, abhorring, turning away from;—mu'arraz, Impressed with the mark مام ورب., p. 841 (a quadruped);—mu'arriz, A circumciser of boys.

ma'raf, The face and other parts of the body which are displayed;—mu'arraf. Made known, notified, marked, rendered definite; a place on Mount 'Arafāt where certain ceremonies are performed;—mu'arrif, One who makes known, distinguishes or gives notice; one who introduces a chamberlain, master of the ceremonies.

ma'rafat, The place of the neck

where the mane ('urf) grows; a cock's comb;—ma'rifat (v.n. of Je), Knowing; knowledge, science, learning; insight in divine matters or mysteries; art, skill, craft; account, reason, means; by means of, through;—ma'rifatu'llāh, Knowledge of God; mystical contemplation;—ma'rifat shunīdan, To listen to words of wisdom;—ahli ma'rifat, Learned, accomplished, intelligent (men), scholars;—ba-ma'rifati o, With his knowledge; by his means, through him;—pur ma'rifat, Full of knowledge or skill;— harfi ma'rifat (al-ma'rifat), The (definite article).

معرفة معرفة ma'rifat-an, Definitely, expressly. a معرفت المورد ma'rifat-āmoz (أمور هقولت الموردة في ma'rifat-āmoz (أمورة في المعرفة في المعرفة في المعرفة المعرفة المعرفة أمورة ألم المعرفة المعرفة ألم المعرفة أ

a معرفتى ma'rifatī, Knowledge, acquaintance.

a معرفاة ma'rifa, A determined noun; a definite or proper noun. (See also معرفاة)

a معرفي mu'arrifī, Belonging to the trihal sect described in the following article; introduction, presentation (m.c.);—mu'arrafī shudan, To be presented (at court, &c.);—mu'arrafī kardan, To present, to introduce.

a معرفية mw'arrifiyat, mw'arrifiya, Name of a tribal sect, who, on the third or fourth day after a man's death, recite a funeral eulogy on him before his surviving family, for which they are rewarded with money and robes of honour.

ma'raq (v.n. of عرق), Gnawing or picking (a bone);—mu'raq, mu'arraq, Wine dilnted with water; high-bred (sire); endowed with noble qualities; adorned; provided with a piece of felt to absorb the sweat (قات q.v. p. 841); [zīni mu'arraq, A saddle thus provided; rich housings;]—mu'arriq, Producing perspiration, sudorific.

ma'rakat, معركة ma'rakat, ma'raka, Place where people or soldiers are gathered; battle-field, arena; battle; hubbub, turmoil (m.c.); construed with bastan, chīdan, shikastan, giriftan, &c.; [ma'raka'i jihād (kārzār), A field of battle; an amphitheatre for gladiators or prize-fighters;—ma'raka'i tās-bāz, Assembly where people play with cups;—ma'raka kardan, To contend, to vie (m.c.);]—mu'rik, A menstruous woman;—mi'rakat, A menstruous cloth.

a عركة آراى ma'raka-ārāy, Who adorns or arrays the battle-field.

a معركه الزوز ma'raka-afroz, Who kindles war or strife; who shines in battle.

معرکه گیر ma'raka-sāz, معرکه ماز ma'raka-gīr, A rope-dancer; a gladiator.

a معربي ma'arnumī, Of or belonging to ma'arra'i nu'mān, A city in Syria.

a معرنسي ma'arnasī. Of or belonging to ma'arra'i nasrīn, A city in Syria.

ma'rūr, Contaminated: (a camel) troubled with the ulcers called 'urr.

ma'rūsh, Shaded by a tree, or by anything similar; (a vine) propped by wooden work; covered (well).

معروهات معروهات ma'rūshāt (pl. fem. of the preceding), Trellised;—ma'rūshāt wa ghair-ma'rūshāt, (Gardens) made by art and by nature.

ma'rūz, fem. معروض ma'rūzat, ma'rūzat, ma'rūzat, offered, presented, exposed; submitted; requested; related; written, dated; an exposition, explanation, representation, petition, exhibition; — ma'rūz dāshtan, To represent; to report.

ma'rūf, Known, celebrated, famous, notorious; lawful, proper, suitable; kindness, good-will, courtesy, favour, benefit; obedience to God; the active voice of a verb; (the letters — and —) having the sound of ū and ī respectively, as known to the ancient Arabs (opp. to the sounds o and e, called majhūl"un-known"); name of Ibn Muskān, builder of the Ka'bah;—amri ma'rūf, The command to do what is right, lawful, or kind (opp. to nahyi munkar, The prohibition of what is wrong, unlawful, hateful in the eyes of God and man); — bi 'l-ma'rūf, Justly, uprightly, kindly, courteously.

ma'rūq, Somewhat diluted (wine). א מיבינט ma'rūn. Hurt in the nose by the wood 'irān.

A diparation ma'rá, The part (of a girl) exposed to view, as the face, hand, or foot; a bare place, producing nothing;—mu'arrá, Naked, stripped, bare, denuded, bald; deprived of, exempted, pure, free from; ungoverned (noun), in the nominative case.

ma'z, A goat; (pl. of mā'iz) goats; —mu'izz, One who honours or worships; one who strengthens.

mi'zāl, One who separates himself from others; unarmed, spearless.

mu'azzaz, Corroborated, strengthened; honoured, dignified, magnified, revered, glorious, honourable, venerable, magnificent.

mi'zaqa, معزق mi'zaqa, mi'zaqa. A fan, winnowing machine; an implement with which the ground is turned up, where the plough cannot be used.

معزل A place of retirement or of separation; distance, remoteness.

A par ma'zam, ma'zim (v.n. of pa), Undertaking, applying the mind;—mu'azzim, Enchanter, exorcist, charmer; a seller of charms or amulets.

A غورقه ma'zūqat, (Ground) turned up by the agricultural implement mi'zaq.

ma'zūl, Displaced, deposed, removed, dismissed, turned out, deprived of dignity, degraded, cashiered, dethroned;

set apart;—ma'zūl kardan, To displace, turn ont, dismiss from office, to dethrone.

ma'zūl-an, Without employment. معزولي ma'zūl-an, Without employment. معزولي deposition, dismissal; dethronement; disgrace.

ma'zūlī-daftar, An office for the examination and adjustment of dismissed officers' accounts.

אבינים ma'zūm, Resolved on, purposed, intended.

معزی ه mu'azzī, A comforter, condoler.

A معس ma's (v.n. of معس), Lying with; rubbing; being bold; piercing with a

ear.

mu'sir, Poor, needy.

ma'sarat, ma'sara, Difficulty.

nu'askar, Encamped (army); a place of encampment, a camp;—mu'askir, One who encamps or exercises troops; an officer who marks out camps; a commander.

معسل A سائمه mu'assal. (Ginger) preserved, compounded, or mixed up with honey ('asal).

`A aliwe ma'salat, ma'sala, A hive of bees, bees' nest.

a ma'sim, A place or state of desire.

A james ma'sūr, fem. by ma'sūrat, ma'sūrat, ma'sūra, Difficult, hard, intricate; a difficulty.

na'sūrāt (pl. fem. of the preceding), Difficulties, misfortunes.

سعسول ه ma'eūl, Dressed with honey, honeyed.

معشاب mi'shāb, Grassy (land).

mi'shār, The tenth part, tithe.

A معشب mu'shib, (A field) luxuriant in grass.

A معشر ma'shar, A company, troop; a society, or body of men;—mu'ashshar, Relating to ten; composed of ten; ten-sided; a ten-sided figure, a decagon;—mu'ashshar mutasāwī'l-azlā', An equilateral decagon.

معشر معشر معشر ma'shara ma'shara, By, or in teus.

معشش mu'ashshash, Nestled; a nest in a tree; a place for birds' nests ('ushsh).

ma'shaq, Love.

ma'shush, Diminished, amall.

na'shūqa, fem معشوقه ma'shūqat, ma'shūqat, ma'shūqa, Loved, beloved; a beloved object; name of the precious stone otherwise called جمست q.v. p. 371;—ma'shūqi tang-dil (sang-dil), A hard-hearted mistress; the world;—ma'shūqi khiyāl, An object of love, existing only in fancy, not in reality.

a معشوق پرای ma'shūq-parrān, Who is every day in love with another object (opp. to 'āshiq-parrān, Who takes every day a fresh lover).

a مُعشرتانه ma'shūqāna, Like one beloved; of one beloved; lovely, charming.

a معشوقه ma'shūqa, A mistress; a sweetheart. a معشونگان ma'shūqagān (P. pl. of معشونگان), Lady-loves, mistresses (this reading seems to me preferable to the reading معشونگان ma'shūqakūn, "Little mistresses." adopted by Kazımirsky in his edition of the Dīwān of Mīnūchihrī).

معشوقه بار ه ma'shūqa-bāz, Fond of, or addicted to, mistresses; amorous; fixed on

the beloved (eye).

a معشوقي ma'shūqī, معشوقي ma'shūqīyat, A being loved; the state or condition of a beloved object; love; loveliness.

A معص ma'as (v.n. of معص), Having a distortion in the foot or hand; a twist in the tendon of the foot; a sprain; a cramp; limping, halting.

A ni'sār, An instrument for crush-

ing or squeezing, a press.

A was mi'sāl, A curved club or bandy.

A was mu'asṣab, Lank in the belly from hunger; reduced to poverty by an unfavourable season; — mu'aṣṣib, One who binds his head with a fillet; one who ties a girdle about himself when pinched with hunger; poor, indigent; a lord, a master.

mi'sar, in P. also ma'sar, An instrument with which anything is pressed, a press; — mu'sir. Marriageable girl; —

mu'assar, An asylum, refuge.

A clouds pressed or pouring down rain; clouds on the point of raining.

A space ma'sarat, ma'sara, A place where things are pressed;—mi'sarat, mi'sara, A press (for grapes or olives).

A chase mu'sif, dans mu'sifat, Violent

(wind).

mu'asfar, Dyed with saffrou; mu'sofar, Safflower, carthamus, bastard saffron (= معمر q.v.).

A معمم mi'sam, The wrist, the bracelet-

place.

ma'şūr, Pressed out, squeezed.

ma'ṣūm, Defended, preserved; innocent; a proper name.

ma'ṣūmī, معمومية ma'ṣūmīyat,

Innocence; chastity.

A معسية ma'siyat (v.n. of عصي), Rebelling, disobeying; disobedience, rebellion, defection; sin.

weed, sick at heart; being difficult, trouble-some (business);—ma'iz, Angry, vexed, sick at heart.

A معناد mi'ṣād, An armlet or ornament for the upper arm; a strap, or anything similar, put on the arm; a bill for cutting trees; a huge knife wherewith a butcher severs bones.

A same mi'zad. An ornament for the

upper arm, an armlet; a bill (see preceding article); — mu'azzad, A garment whose sleeves are ornamented with figures or borders; a camel branded on the upper part of the fore-leg; —mu'azzid, Dates ripening on one side.

معمل A معمل mu'zal, in P. mu'zil, Difficult, obscure, hard to understand (= مشكل

q.v.).

A معلات mu'zilāt, Difficulties, troubles; ardnous affairs, intricacies, perplexing questions, knotty points.

ma'ṣūb, Weak, unable to move.

ma'zūd, (A tree) felled with the instrument mi'zād (see معلود); pained in the upper part of the arm.

ma'zūz, Bitten, seized by the

teeth.

ma'at (v.n.), Drawing (a sword);—
ma'at (v.n.), Being bare, bald, without
pile; losing the hair;—ma'it, Bald (wolf).

A alberal giver.

mi'tar, (A man or woman) highly perfumed.

A معطاله • mi'tāl, (A woman) without neck-lace or ornaments, seldom wearing any.

A ma'tab, A dangerous place; peril, danger.

mu'attara, fem. mu'attarat, mu'attarat, Perfumed, scented, fragrant.

a معطر ساز mu'attar-sāz, Perfuming; a perfumer.

na'tas, ma'tis, The nose (the sneezing-part);—mu'attas, Made to sneeze;
— mu'attis, Sternutative (medicine); a sternutatory.

ma'tash, The stated time when camels become thirsty;—mu'tish, Exciting

thirst

A data ma'tashat, ma'tasha, Dry ground, destitute of water; a thirsty land.

wrapped round the body;—mu'attaf, Very favourably inclined.

A camel mu'attafat, mu'attafa (fem. of mu'attaf), (A camel) made tenderly affected and giving milk plentifully when her colt,

or its effigy, is brought to her.

A June mu'attal, Abandoned, deserted, uninhabited, unfrequented, neglected, fallen into disuse, obsolete, antiquated, voided, annihilated, annulled, disabled, powerless, destitute, empty, useless, vain, idle, of no account; (land) uncultivated and without inhabitants; fallow; suspended, in abeyance; kept waiting (m.c.); having holidays (m.c.);—[mu'attal būdan (shudan), To be abandoned, &c.; to be kept waiting (m.c.);—mu'attal kardan, To cancel; to keep waiting (m.c.);—mu'attal kardan, To cancel; to keep waiting (m.c.);—mu'attal, One who denies, or would abolish, the Creator, and who regards divine institutions and ordinances as vain.

a معطل کاه mu'attal-gāh, A neglected spot

a معطل وتت mu'attal-wxqt, Having one's time unoccupied; kept waiting (m.c.).

a معطلى mu'attalī, The being idle, or out of employment; suspension (from office); neglect; delay.

ma'fin, A spot where camels or sheep lie round a watering-place, a pearlfishery.

A معطوش ma'tūsh, Overcome by thirst. معطوش ma'tūs, Overpowered, beat, con-

ma'tūf, fem. معطوف ma'tūfat, ma'tūfa, Turned, twisted, distorted, bent, curved; favoured; connected by the copu--ma'tūf 'alaihi, The word to which another is joined by a copulative particle; -ma'tūf kardan, To turn (the reins); to conjoin.

A where ma'tūn, (A hide) steeped for tanning; macerated with dung and salt to

fetch off the hair.

mu'tá, Given, presented ;--mu'tī, A giver, bestower; (met.) a sodomite.

mi'tir, (A man or woman) highly

perfumed or scented.

A mu'zam, The greater part, or better sort (of anything); the mass or major part, the gross, the bulk (of); -mu'azzam, fem. mu'azzamat, mu'azzama, Magnified, honoured, great, respectable.

a معظمات بلاد mu'zamāti bilād, The chief

cities.

a ahre mu'zama, A heavy disaster.

mi'fāj, A fuller's beetle.

mu'afrat, Possessed by an 'ifrit (عفريت 8ee).

mu'affas, Dyed black with gallnuts.

ma'fū, Absolved, pardoned, condoned, forgiven.

ma'fūr, معفورة ma'fūrat, Dull (market); -ma'furat, Ground eaten bare.

ma'fūn, Putrid, noisome, stinking.

mu'affī, A companion, one equal in everything, and independent of any

favour. mi'gad, A thread on which heads are strung, those especially hung as amulets round the necks of children to defend

them from fascination.

mi'qār, Plum-tree gum. mu'aqqib, One who follows close at the heels; a procrastinator; one who

delays, keeps back, or retards.

muʻaqqibat (pl. fem. of the preceding), The angels of the night and day, who alternately succeed one another and pronounce subhana'llah, Praise be to God! (camels) standing one behind another in order to drink in rotation.

ma'qad, The place of tying a knot, or where a knot is tied; -mu'aqqad, Much entangled or involved, intricate, knotty; (a speech) obscure, perplexed, difficult to be understood: - mu'aqqid, An enchanter, magician, one who binds by spells.

A year mu'qir, Possessed of much land or

other possessions ('agar).

معقرب mu'aqrab, Crooked, twisted ;--mu'aqrib, (A place) where many scorpions ('agrab) are bred.

A dlass ma'qulat, The mulct of atonement for bloodshed; that which is necessary to the expiation of murder; -mu'qalat, mu'qala,

Expiated (blood).

A splan ma'qud, Bound, tied, fastened, fixed; tied in a knot; struck, concluded, made (bargain); sitting (an assembly); ma'qudu'l-lisan, Tongue-tied.

ma'qūr, Hamstrung.

ma'qūf, Crooked, bent : suffering

from the disease 'uqaf.

A معقول ma'qūl, fem. المعقول ma'qūlat, ma'qūla (v.n.), Being intellectual, endowed with reason; understanding, perceiving; reasonable, probable, just, pertinent, apposite, to the purpose, approved, acceptable; intelligible, perceptible; formed in wisdom; good, nice, choice; any branch of knowledge that is excogitated (opp. to q.v.); verse in which the fifth foot is dropped; — māli ma'qūle, A respectable stock of trade (m.c.); -mardumāni ma'qūl ast, They are sensible people (m.c.).

ma'qūlāt, Probabilities, words معقولات

or things consistent with reason.

a معقول بين maʻqūl-bīn, Judicious, reasonable.

a معقول فهم ma'qūl-fahm, Rational, comprehending the meaning of anything.

a معقول کو ma'qūl-go, One who speaks

reasonably, aptly, properly.

a معقول کوئی ma'qūl-go'i, Pertinentior reasonable speech.

a معقولية ma'qūlī, معقولية ma'qūlīyat, Reasonableness.

ه معقوم ma'qūm, Barren (womb); unpro-

A معلق ma'k (v.n.), Rubbing (leather); delaying, procrastinating; -ma'a-ka (m.), ma'a-ki (fem.), vulg. ma'ak, With thee; [allah ma'ak, God be with thee;]—mi'akk, Litigious, quarrelsome.

ma'kar, Place where camels stay;

a place of attack and retreat.

ma'kid, A asylum, sanctuary.

a معكل ma'kal, Detention, restraint, durance; a place where (a mau) is kept bound; -mi'kal, A needle; a sewing implement used by shepherds.

mi'kam, Corpulent, but firm in

flesh. A disse mu'akkanat, Wrinkled in the belly from fat (from 'uknat, A wrinkle).

ma'kūd, Fixed, assiduous, constant, persevering; detained, arrested, imprisoned.

ma'kūs, Inverted, reversed, turned upside down, preposterous; reflex; ma'kūsu 't-tāli', Of reversed fortune, unfortunate, unlucky;—amri ma'kūs, The opposite thing, the contrary.

ma'kūsh, Collected. معكوش ⊾

ma'kūf, Detained, confined, stopped, embargoed; combed, dressed, plaited (bair).

ma'kūm, Turned away, diverted.

A Jan mu'all, Sick, ailing, infirm.

a معلى mu'allā (for معلى), Exalted, elevated, sublime; — dar-gāhī mu'allā, The Sublime Porte.

a معلا رواق mu'allā-rawāq, With lofty

colonnades or porticoes.

A blee ma'lat, The attainment of nobility and dignity; greatness, grandeur, exalted rank; high merit; a sublime action; a cemetery at Mecca.

mi'laq, A drop, pendant, earring; that to or by which such things are suspended, as a hook; a gallows; -zū mi'laq, Vehement in language, hot in dis-

putation.

a blace ma'lat, The part of (a camel's) neck which is branded with a mark crosswise.

ma'laf, A place where food is given to cattle, a crib, manger, cratch, stable, stall, boose; certain stars disposed in a circular and scattered form; -mi'laf, A sack with provender hung round the neck of a horse, a nose-bag; --mu'allaf, Fatted, crammed, stall-fed.

mu'allaq, Suspended, hung up, pendulous, hanging, dangling; a summersault (m.c.); —mu'allaq uftādan (zadan, kashīdan, giriftan), To turn a summersault (m.c.); -mu'allaqi wā-rūna, A backward

summersault (m.c.).

mu'allaqat (pl. fem. of the preceding), Things suspended, particularly applied to denote the seven famous Arabic poems hung up in the temple of Mecca.

ma'luqat, An expiatory fine for manslaughter; - mu'allaqat, mu'allaqa, A woman neither married, nor courted; one of the seven poems mentioned in the preceding article.

a ن معلق زن muʻallaq-zan, A dancer, tumbler; an infamous fellow, sodomite; quick

at prayers.

mu'allal, Endued with a cause; alleged as a cause, made an excuse; -mu'allil, One who proffers a reason, alleges as a cause, makes an excuse; one who removes a disease.

ma'lam, A sign, mark, milestone, direction-post; -mu'lam, Distinguished by a particular mark or badge (a garment); -mu'allam, Taught, instructed, trained, disciplined (as a man, horse, hound, or falcon); marked; striped or spotted; mu'allim, A school-master, preceptor, professor, tutor; the pilot or the mate (of a ship); -mu'allimi auwal. The first master; (amongst the learned) Aristotle; (in vulgar cant) the devil; -mu'allimi fizīk, Professor of natural sciences (m.c.); — mu'allim u muta'allim, Teacher and scholar.

mu'allamat, mu'allama (fem. of mu'allam), Taught; a hunting-dog; [jawārihi mu'allama, Animals trained for the chase; \ -mu'allimat, mu'allima, A female

tencher.

a علم خانة mu'allim-khana, A school.

a معلمي mu'allimī, معلمي mu'allimīyat, Instruction; teachership, tutorship, pilot-

mu'lin, A revealer, divulger,

publisher.

ma'lūb, Opeu, clear, trodden, beaten (road); (a sword) around whose haft the sinew of a carnel's neck has been firmly whipped.

mu'lauwat, The place on a (camel's) neck which is branded cross-

wise.

ma'lūfat, natlūfat, معلوف ma'lūfat, ma'lūfa, Fed, fatted; stall-fed.

ma'liiq, Hung, suspended.

معاول معاول ma'lūl, Caused, produced; appeased, soothed; distempered, indisposed; weakened, diluted (wine); an effect; an inference; - pīri ma'lūl, A weak old man.

a معلوم ma'lūm, fein. معلوم malūmat, ma'luma, Known, distinguished; celebrated, famous, remarkable, notorious, signalized; a known, i.e. apportioned quantity, an allowance; clear, evident, certain, obvious, apparent; (in geom.) given (as a line, &c.); the active voice of a verb; money, stamped coin; -ma'lūm shudan, To be or become known, evident, conspicuous; [ma'lum shud, It is an acknowledged fact (m.c.);]-ma'lum kardan, To certify, mark, signify, or give information, make known; to know, discover; -ba'd ma'lūm mi-shawad, We shall see! (m.c.). (See also معروف.)

ma'lūmāt (pl. fem. of the preceding), Things known, sciences; -al-aiyāmu'l-ma'lumat, The known days, i.e. ten days in the month zū'l-hijja, when the pilgrims visit Mecca.

a معارمي ma'lūmī, Knowledge, informa-

tion. ma'lumīyat, State of being معلومية

nu'lī, An elevator, exalter, raiser; معلى ه - mu'allá, Elevated, exalted, sublime, eminent; the seventh gaming arrow; [urdu'i mu'allá, The royal camp or court; the court language; — dargāhi mu'allá, The Sublime Porte; -rafī' u mu'allá, High and elevated;]-mu'alli, An elevator, exalter.

A ... mu'amm, mu'imm, One who has many and celebrated paternal uncles ('amm).

known.

a معنا mu'ammā (for معنا), An enigma; a verse of mysterious meaning; an acrostic; an anagram; a riddle, rebus, puzzle; an innuendo; a dark saying; a difficult or complicated matter.

a www. mu'ammāt (pl. of the preceding),

Enigmas, &c.

a mason; an overseer of buildings; — mi'māri kār-khāna'i qudrat, God, the supreme architect of power.

a معماري mi'mārī, The occupation of an architect, &c.; architective; building,

masonry; a builder, architect.

a lala mu'ammā-hā (P. pl. of mu'ammā),

Enigmas, riddles, &c.

mu'ammad, (A tent) supported, propped by columns; baptized;—mu'am-

mid, A baptizer, baptist.

with water and provender;—mu'mar, Cultivated; (anything) given towards the support of life;—mu'ammar, Blest with long life; aged, elderly (m.c.); happy;—mu'ammir, Who renders habitable and populous; who confers old age (God).

mu'ammas, mu'ammis, Obscure

(affair).

ma'ma', A woman tenacious of her property, and giving away nothing; acute, clever, sharp, quick.

ma'ma'ān, Excessive heat; very

hot.

a معمعالى ma'ma'āni, Extremely hot.

mu'mal, Beaten, trodden, used (road);—mu'mil, mu'ammil, Causing to do or work; causing to be done or performed.

mu'ammam, Adorned with a turhan ('imāmat), turbaned; (hence) a prince, chief; (a horse) having a white crown or forelock; white-headed (horse).

a معموداني ma'mūdānī, A baptist.

معبودية ma'mūdīyat, Baptism; baptismal water.

A ma'mūr, Cultivated, inhabited, peopled; flourishing (exchequer); well-appointed (army); delightfully built; full, abundant; affluent, prosperous; — ma'mūr kardan, To cultivate, restore, preserve, enlarge, render pleasant and habitable;—ma'mūr u ābādānī-gāh, A pleasant and cultivated country;—al-baitu'l-ma'mūr. A house facing the temple at Mecca suppose to exist in heaven; — ghair-ma'mūr, Uninhabitable, desert.

a by ma'mūra, An inhabited or well-peopled place, a cultivated or delightful spot;—ma'mūra'i 'amr lais, The building of Amr Lais, a name of the city of Shīrāz (Amrlaistown).

a معبوري ma'mūri, A flourishing condition. fulness (of the treasury), efficiency (of the army); population; cultivation.

ma'mūrīyat, Habitableness.

ma'mūl, Made; prepared dressed; customary, established; action operation; usage, established custom; fixed allowance or gratuity; (in grammar) governed;—ma'mūl dāshtan, To observe, to practise (in.c.).

A pose ma'mum, Turbaned.

a معمول mu'ammá, An enigma; an acrostic, occult, mysterious verse or saying.

A was ma'n (v.n.), Going very fast (shorse); flowing (water); (a thing) easy to be done; little, few; [ma'n bin zā'idat Name of a man celebrated for his liberality;]—mu'un (pl. of ma'īn), Flowing water;—mi'ann, A preacher; one who intermeddles in affairs in which he has no conceru; opposing, contradictory.

ma'nā, المعناف ma'nāt, in P. alsc ma'nāt, in P. alsc بعناف, Sense, meaning; the title or lettering of a book;—ma'nā'i bî-gāna, A strange or novel meaning;—ma'nā'i pechīda, A contorted or twisted meaning. (See معنول).

A with a fine neck.

a معناوى mā'nāwī, Significant, real, true. معناوى mu'annib, A gatherer or bringer of grapes.

mu'ambar, Perfumed with amber

('ambar).

الله معنه ma'nat, A thing of no consequence; little; (by opposition) a thing of importance; much;—mi'annat, Stubborn, disobedient woman.

A www mu'annaz, Bearded like a goat.

nu'niq, Rugged and high ground in the midst of a plain; high (watchtower).

معنقات mu'anniqāt, Long (mountains).

A collar or anything similar round the neck; a small hill in front of a heap of sand (like a neck).

معنك mi'nak, A large bar or bolt; a lock.

א מייבים mu'annam, Dyed, tinged (finger).

A שינים ma'nūn, Insane, luvatic; impotent, fascinated, bewitched, or judicially declared to be so;—mu'anwan, (A book) marked with a title or inscription ('unwān).

ma'nawīyat, معنوي ma'nawīyat, ma'nawīya, Significant; true, real, intrinsic, essential, absolute; spiritual; (in grammar) flowing from the sense (opp. to lafzī), verbal;—ma'ārifi ma'nawīya, The speculative sciences.

ma'ná, in P. also ma'nī, Sense, meaning, signification, import, drift, reality; virtue, efficacy; spirituality; a thing; anything; a subject; a circumstance, an event; ['ilmi ma'ná, Rhetoric;—bilā ma'ná, bī-ma'nī, Without meaning, vain, foolish;—dar-ma'nā, With regard to meaning, or to spirit; intrinsically (opp. to "المالة q.v.);—ma'nā-n, Really, in fact;—lafg-an we

معى

ma'ná-n, In word and meaning;] — mu-'anná, Fatigued, oppressed, careworn.

a معنى آرا ma'nú-ārā, Adorned with

meaning.

معنى هكار ه ma'ná-shikār, Who hunts for, or seizes, the meaning.

a معنى لان ma'nā-lān, Fraught with meaning.

ma'niyat, Sense, reality.

ma'w, Dates ripe or ripening on the tree.

mi'wān, One who aids effectually.

A single date ripe on the

tree; a half-dried date.

א פּנָש mu'auwaj, Bended, curved; mu'auwij, A bender; an inlayer with ivory ('aj);—mu'wajj, Crooked, curved, bent.

wu'u'd, Afflicted with a disease; visited (sick) man;—mu'ud (v.n. of معد), Carrying off; — mu'auwad, Exercised, trained;—mu'auwid, A trainer, teacher (of dogs to hunt).

A section of mi'waz, An amulet, or anything for averting evil;—mu'auwaz, The place of a horse's neck where the amulets are hung;—mu'auwaz, mu'auwiz, A seller of amulets;—mu'auwiz, One upon whom are suspended amulets; une who takes refuge with God.

א בּעַנילט mu'auwizatān (du. fem. of mu-'auwiz), A name given to the two last chapters of the Qur'ān.

miwaz, A garment for daily use.

mu'ushat, Food, livelihood.

معودك ma'ūzat, A thing given for another; equivalent, compensation.

mu'anwaq, Detained, delayed, hindered, kept back (from hattle);—mu-anwiq, One who diverts or hinders from business; a detainer.

A Jose miwal, A pointed instrument with which stones are split; — mu'wal, Bewailed; [mu'wal 'alaihi, Lamented over, bewailed;]—mu'auwal, A place of confidence; a helper, or one relied upon for help;—mu'auwil, One who trusts, a confider.

معون Ma'ūn (pl. of the following), Helps, favours.

معونة ma'ūnat, Aid, assistance, favour, protection; — sāḥibu'l-ma'ūnat, A policemagistrate.

م معبود ma'wūd, Visited (by disease); visited (sick man); tended by a physician or nurse.

a معوى mi'awī, Intestinal.

▲ ** ma'ahu, With him, together with.

ma had, A place which one frequents, in which one does anything often; a place to which one returns; a place of refuge.

a عيذا mu'hazā, Along with this, beside; however; nevertheless.

ma hūd, Agreed, established,

fixed, determined, appointed, resolved, promised, accustomed; known, certain, distinguished, celebrated, confirmed, bound; seen;—shai'i ma'hūd, A known or undoubted thing;—maskani ma'hūd, Accustomed abode, customary habitation.

A معى ma'y, mi'á, An intestine, a gut ;—al:mi'á 'l-a'war, The blind gut, cœcum.

a just mi'yār, The mark or standard of money, weight, or measure; touchstone, assay-balance.

mi'yan, Who looks steadfastly with malignant eye; one who looks out for water and straw for his tribe.

ma'ib, Vicious, reproached with vice; vice, disgrace, blemish.

A معيبات ma'ībāt (pl. fem of the preceding), Vices.

A معينة ma'yabat, ma'yaba, Place or object of dishonour.

A dese matigat, Conjunction, society, association, co-existence; communion; favour, affection, partiality.

vour, affection, partiality.

A معيد mu'īd, Skilful, clever, experienced, able, powerlul; (God) the restorer or

bringer again; a tutor, a trainer.

A معير mi'yar, معير ibnatu mi'yar, Misfortune;—mu'ir, A lender;—mu'aiyar, A kind of figured silk, with spots resembling the eyes of the wild ass ('air);—mu'aiyir, An assayer of precious metals.

A brown ma'irat, Disgrace, infamy.

معير م ma'īz, Goat-species; (pl. of ma'z) Goats.

معيش A معيش ma'ish (v.n. of معيش), Living; life; a place where one lives.

A معيشه ma'īshat (v.n. of عيش), Living, leading a life; food, anything belonging to, needful for life, livelihood.

a معيشت اندوز ma'īshat-andoz, Getting a living.

ATRIS.

A معيق ma'iq, Small; deep, far, distant.

ميل ma il (v.n. of معيل), Wanting, being indigent, helpless, destitute;—mu il, Possessed of a numerous family or household ('iyāl); destitute, indigent.

ma'in, (Water) flowing over the surface of ground; a rhomb; [shabīhu'l-ma'in, A rhomboid;]—mu'in, An assistant; [al-mu'in, (God) the defender;]—mu-'aiyan, Fixed, determined, settled, appointed, specified, destined, assigned, declared, expressed, certified; stationed; tesselated, variegated by squares; a rhomb;—shabih bi'l-mu'aiyan, A rhomboid;—ghairmu'aiyan, Undetermined, inexplicable.

معبوب ma'yūb, Vicious, defective, faulty,

blemished.

ma'yūbāt (pl. fem. of the preceding), Blemished goods.

a معيوبى $ma^{i}y\bar{u}b\bar{\imath}$, Faultiness; wickedness, vice, &c.

ma'yūn, Touched or struck on the eye; viewed with a malignant eye; fasci-

nated; (water) pure and flowing, bursting out when dug for.

ma'yī, Of the intestines, intestinal.

magh, Depth; a channel, bed of a river; — migh (contraction of megh), A cloud; fog; -- mugh, One of the Magi, worshipper of fire, infidel, pagan; a Christian monk; a tavern-keeper; an ox's

معاب maghāb (v.n. of بيد), Being absent; slander, detraction; anything secretly whispered of an absent person (implying truth, however, as buhtan expresses a false accusation); absence; concealment, invisibility.

معابن maghābin, Groins; arm-pits.

mughās, in P. maghās, Root of the wild pomegranate (used as a purgative and emetic).

مانك mughāṣat, (Land) refreshed by rain.

mughādāt, A coming in the morning.

مغادرة م mughādarai (v.n. 3 of غدر), Leav-

ing, forsaking.

A , las maghar, The covert of a deer; a cavern ;- mughār (v.n. 4 of , t), Rushing upon, plundering, making a foray; depredation, plunder.

mughārāt (v.n. 3 of مغاراة معاراة), Joining (two things), subjoining, annexing, adding;

litigating, disputing with.

معارب maghārib (pl. of maghrib), Wests.

A by magharibat, maghariba (pl. of maghribi), Westerns, natives of Western Africa or Morocco.

maghārai, maghāra, A den, a معارة cave; a cavern, grotto: a ditch, trench;mughārrat (v.n. 3 of ,), Not properly performing the sacred inflections rukū or sujud in prayer; deficiency.

A job maghāriz (pl. of maghraz), Bases,

bottoms, seats.

ه معارس A معارس maghāris (pl. of maghras), Nursery-grounds; (figuratively) women,

maghārif (pl. of mighrafat), Ladles, skimmers,

. maghārim (pl. of maghram), Debts; debtors; dangerous places; desirous, greedy (pl.).

maghārīd (pl. of mughrūd), Sorts

of mushrooms.

مغازل ه maghāzil, Women's spindles; the teeth of a certain threshing-instrument.

مغازلة م mughazalat (v.n. 3 of غيل), Soothing, flattering a beloved object, especially by amorous verses or speeches.

a معازلي maghāzilī, A maker of distaffs.

maghāzī (pl. of maghzá), Camps, battles; military virtues or qualities.

مغامل م maghāsil (pl. of maghsal),

Bathing-places or vessels, especially for dead bodies.

معاش maghāshsh. One who makes haste.

مغاهة mughāshshat (v.p. 3 of مغاهة), Accelerating, despatching (work), making

. معاص معام maghas (v.n. of معاص), Diving in search of anything; a place where a diver plunges; a watering-place.

مغاض maghāz (v.n. of فيض), Decreasing (as water or the price of provisions); diminishing or causing to decrease.

mughāzib, Angry with one's own kinsfolk, tribe, or nation, and for-

saking them.

مغاضبه mughāzabat (v.n. 3 of مغاضبه), Putting in a passion, irritating one another; being angry with one another.

مغالمة mughāzanat (v.n. 3 of غلان), Closing or contracting the eyes.

A ducking one another.

سفاك maghāk (Z. maghu), A ditch, furrow, pit, low place; hell; deep;—maghāki zulmat (zulmati khāk), The earth; the human body;—maghāki ghār, The grave;—maghāki qubūr, The pit of graves;—maghāki haghāki haghāk maghāki haulnāk, A dreadful cavern.

معاكية maghākcha, A little pit; a

dimple.

معاكى maghākī, Depth; a hollow.

A معال معال maghāl (v.n. of غول), Destroying. معال معال معال معال معال معال معال عاد mughālāt (v.n. 3 of عاد), Bidding against, raising the price upon another.

مغالبة م mughālabat (v.n. 3 of مغالبة مغالبة معالبة معالبة معالبة معالبة معالبة معالبة معالبة معالبة معالبة م tending with (another) for victory or superiority; overpowering, overcoming.

mughālchīn, An eye of intense معالجين

blackness.

A قالله mughālaṭai (v.n. 3 of المله), Lead-

ing one another into error (ghalat).

A مَالِمَ mughālazat (v.n. 3 of مَالِمَ), Hating one another; thickness, grossness, rudeness of temper, enmity.

maghāliq (pl. of معالق م maghāliq معالق mighlaq), Gaming arrows (particularly winning ones); locks, bolts.

A مفلق mughālaqat (v.n. 3 of على), Bet-

ting, laying a wager.

مغامل mughāmmat (v.n. 3 of مغامل), Rendering each other sad and melancholy.

mughāmir, One who encounters مغامر dangers without fear or care, who throws himself into the thick and throng of any-

A مغامرة maghāmarat (v.v. 3 of مغامرة), Fighting hand to hand, without fear of

death.

maghāmiz, Faults, blemishes.

A مغامسة mughāmasat (v.D. 3 of مغامسة مغامسة مغامسة مغامسة مغامسة مغامسة مغامسة مغامسة مغامسة مغامسة مغامسة م Ducking one another; involving oneself in war, rushing headlong into battle.

mughān (pl. of mugh), Magi fire-

worshippers; (met.) a tavern; a house of promiscuous entertainment; a beautiful girl; Christian fraternities of monks, who are by the Muhammadans placed, in this sense, on a footing with the pagans or worshippers of fire; name of a district iu Azarbaijān.

a سفانه maghānib, The movements of the cheeks of handsome boys; great booty.

maghanim (pl. of maghnam), Spoils.

mughāna, Anything which relates to the Mughs or worshippers of fire.

A معانى maghānī, Songs; singing women; (pl. of maghná) pleasant houses, the abodes of mirth; mansions.

mughāwir, A warrior, one who makes frequent excursions to lay waste and plunder.

Mak-غور mughāwarat (v.n. 3 of عبر), Making a hostile excursion against, contending

mughāwalat (v.n. 3 of اغول mughāwalat (v.n. 3 of معادلة على الم

stroying.

معايبة mughayabat (v.n. 3 of معايبة), Being absent from each other; speaking of the absent.

maghā'ir (pl. of maghārat), Caves ; -mughāyir, Contrary, repugnant, adverse; who bargains or traffics with ;mughāyiri sulh, Contrary to the peace.

سايرة ه mughāyarat (v.n. 3 of عير), Exchanging, bartering (merchandise); -mu-

ahāyara, Disagreement.

A abe mughāyazat, A putting in a passion.

maghā'īr (pl. of mighyār), Jealous معالير ه

A --- mughibb, (A friend) who visits overy third day; one who intermits (anything) for two days.

A has maghabbat, End, issue, termination.

mugh-bacha, The son of a fireworshipper or tavern-keeper; a noviciate in a monastery.

mughbir, A raiser of dust; one who strains every nerve to perform anything; -mughbarr, One whose hair and beard are dusty, dirty, and squalid;mughabbar, Covered with dust; vexed, offended.

mughabbirat, Name of a class continually engaged in praising God, and who, by their manner of reading the Qur'an, excite in the souls of men a desire after heavenly things.

A مغبن maghbin, The groin; the arm-pit. mughbūr, A kind of gum extracted from sumam, 'ushar, and rims.

. maghbūz, Odious, hated مغبوض ه

maghbūt, Happy, prosperous, fortunate, blest; emulated, envied or imitated by others.

maahbūtat, Anything coveted; wealth.

A ωμέν maghbūn, Deceived; cheated, gulled, imposed upon, defrauded, injured; baffled; weak in mind.

مختاب ه mughtab, A slanderer of the absent.

A Lian mughtaz, Angry, euraged.

* mughtabit, In easy circumstances مغتبط ۸ happy, cheerful.

مفتبق mughtabaq (v.n. 8 of غبق), Drinking wine in the evening; a place where wine is drunk.

mughtazir, One who prepares the food called ghazīrat.

mughtazî, Nourished, fed with.

mughtarif, One who sips with the hand.

مانتول A slender rope; mughtazil, A spinner (of cotton).

مغترى ۸ معترى mughtazī, One who wills, intends, designs, proposes, purposes; who has one intimate among many companions.

مغتسل ه mughtasal, Cold water, or anything one washes with; washing water; a washing-place; a place where dead bodies are washed; -mughtasil, One who washes.

a معتل mughtall, Oppressed with thirst;

longing for, tavourably inclined to.

mughtalif, One who procures a sheath.

مطتم ه mughtamm, Sad, gloomy, melancholy.

mughtamir, Overflowing, drowning (water); one who tinges with the liniment called ghumrat; drunken (man).

mughtamiz, A reproacher, traducer.

mughtamis, What subsides or sinks to the bottom.

a سعتمض mughtamiz, A conniver, connivent; drowsy, dozy.

mughtanam, Regarded as an invaluable prize (ghanimat); — mughtanim, Who considers as prey; enriched, endowed with abundance, possessing, enjoying.

mughtanamāt (pl. fem. of

muahtanam), Privileges.

معت maghs (v.n.), Macerating, dissolving (medicine in water); submersion, drowning; a battle, fighting; vanity, folly, play; an evil.

mughcha, Soreness under the arms. maghd (v.n.), Rendering delicate; sucking; making to suck; plucking hairs from the middle of a horse's brow, that white ones may grow in their place; sour milk; tender, soft, delicate; a mandrake; a brinjal or egg-plant; a medlar; a small kind of mushroom.

maghdad, مغداد maghdan, The city of Baghdad.

ma<u>ah</u>dar, ma<u>ah</u>dir, Perfidious; a سغدر traitor.

mighdaf, An oar.

maghdud, (A camel) infected with plague.

maghdur, Abandoned, forsaken, left in the lurch, betrayed.

* maghr (v.n.), Travelling quick, crossing a country in haste.

maghrib, The west, either of the beavens or earth; the western countries; Hesperia, Africa, Barbary, or Morocco; [salātu 'l-maghrib, Evening - prayer;]—mughrib, Exciting wonder;—mugharrib, One who goes towards the west; one who removes to a distance.

مران سوران maghriban (du. of maghrib), West and east.

A öirange, foreign, outlandish thing; foreign news.

a sieve or searce;—mugharbil. One who practices the act gharbila (see غبريك).

a مغربي maghribī, Western; African;

native of Morocco; a gold coin.

A معربة maghribiyat, Strangeness, foreignness.

A مغربض maghribain (obl. du. of maghrib, used as nom.), West and east.

A by maghrat, (Rain) beneficial; also a slight or gentle rain; name of a place in Syria;—maghrat, magharat. Red clay or earth with which dervishes dye their garments;—magharat, mughrat, A dark, opaque, reddish colour.

A مغرد mugharrid, A singer, warbler,

songster.

mugharrir, Thoughtless, giddy, heedless; one who exposes himself to danger.

maghraz, maghriz, A root, base, bottom, seat;—mugharriz, (A locust) fixing its tail in the ground (when laying).

A مغرس maghris, A place of plantation, a

nursery-ground.

mighrafat, A ladle.

mughraq, mugharraq, Sunk, dipped, mmersed; gilded or ornamented with silver (a sword-hilt or bridle);—mughriq, Engulfing, drowning.

maghram, Debt; — mughram, Desirous, wishful; given up to love; drowned in debt, a prisoner for debt; liable, exposed to; a mulct, fine.

maghrūw, Glued, covered with

glue (ghara' or ghira').

A wind of mushroom.

maghrūr. Deceived, deluded, buoyed up with vain hopes; proud, arrogant, presumptuous, baughty, self-conceited.

a مغروي maghrūrī, Haughtiness, arrogance.

مروس ۸ مروس م maghrus, Planted, set (tree, shrub).

مغروك مغروك maghrūf, Clipped, shorn, polled.

A مغروة maghrūq, Immersed, drowned, sunk.

مغرى ه mughrá, Excited, stirred up; greedy;—mughrī, One who excites, stirs

up, or eggs on ;—mugharrá, Glued.

maghz (S. majjā, majjan, "marrow"), Brain; fat; marrow; kernel, pith, pulp, chief substance or essence of anything; the best kind of pearl; pride, arrogance;—maghzi ustukhwān, The marrow of a bone;—maghzi bādām, Bleached almonde;—maghz burdan, To talk much; to give the beadache;—maghzi pusht, The spinal marrow; (met.) sperm;—maghz tar kardan, To speak, tulk;—maghzi jauz, Peeled walnuts;— maghz dar sar kardan, To keep silence (to keep the brain in the head).

maghaz (v.n.), Being hard (ground);

hard ground; anything hard.

.v. و مغول = مغزا A

مغو بردانية maghz-pardākhta, Empty of brain.

maghz-parda, The pia mater. معز ياردة maghz-dār. Marrowy; kernelled,

kernelly; pithy, containing pith or brain.

אָל תְּבְּׁטְ mayhz-roshan, (Clearing the brain) snuff.

مغززلي magha-zanī, A racking of one's brain.

maghzal, An amorous verse or speech;—mighzal, A spinning-spindle;—mughzil, (A doe) with a young one (ghazāl).

maghzur, Plentifully watered with

سفزرل ۸ مغزرل ۸ maghzūl, Spun.

moghn, Edging, border; hem, insertion.

A مغزيل maghzá, A field of battle, war, an expedition against infidels; intent, scope, drift, meaning.

mughziyat, (A woman) whose

husband is on military service.

maghzīn, A kind of sweetmeat.

maghzīna, The brain.

maghs (v.n.), Piercing with a spear; being griped; cholic, gripes.

مستان mughistān, A palm-plantation.
مغسل ه maghsal, maghsil, A bathing-place or vessel; a place for washing (especially of dead bodies); — mighsal, That with which anything is washed.

a distant magheilat, magheila, Name of certain ground at Madina where clothes

are washed.

مغسوس معطومي maghsūs, (A camel) affected with the disease ghusūs.

مفسول A مفسول maghsūl, Washed, cleaned; trite, hackneyed speech; wishy-washy talk.

niated, following one's own fancies.

A معشوش maghshūsh, Adulterated, falsified, deceitful; insincere; disarranged (m.c.)

maghshūsh-tabī'at, Deceitful by nature, a cheat.

معثى mughashshá, Embroidered; covered, concealed; — maghshī, Surprised, taken unawares; —maghshī 'alai-hi, Fainted

a مغص maghs, Cholic, gripes;—maghas,

The best species of camels.

Δ مخصوب maghsūb, Seized by force; ravished.

A --- mughzab, Provoked to anger, irritated; -mughzib, One who provokes to anger; irritant.

maghzabat (v.n. of مختبة), Being angry, in a rage; anger, rage, wrath.

A amaghazzat, Meanness; defect, deficiency.

mughazzan, Wrinkled; folded, plaited.

maghzūb, Irritated, incensed ; maghzūb 'alai-hi, Odious, one against whom anger is felt; (in the Qur'an) an object of the Divine wrath.

maghzür, Affluent, well off. مغضور ▲

maght (v.n.), Extending, stretching (anything elastic), exerting one's strength to draw (a bow).

معطش mughtish, Dark (night); (God)

making (night) dark.

mughattá, Covered, concealed, bidden.

migh farat, migh fara, هماره migh farat, migh fara, Mail or network of steel worn under the cap or hat; also a protection for the face worn in battle; a helmet; construed with bar sar shikastan and bar farq dokhtan.

magh firal (v.n. of مغفرة م), Pardoning, condoning, forgiving, remitting sins, absolving; remission, forgiveness; — sultāni magh firat-āshyān (magh firat-panāh, maghfirat-nishān), The prince whose sins are forgiven, the deceased monarch.

mughaffal, Destitute of genius, معفل ه attention, or presence of mind; negligent, careless, thoughtless, heedless, incurious,

ignorant; dull, stupid.

magh fur, Pardoned, forgiven; one whose sins are forgiven, the pious defunct, the deceased, the late; $-mugh f\bar{u}r$, An esculent juice, of the consistency of honey, extracted from certain plants.

migh fir, An esculent vegetable مغفير م

substance resembling honey.

معكدة mugh-kada, A fire-temple; a tavern.

سفل maghl, Sleep, rest; — mughul, A Mogul, Mongolian; the Great Mogul, emperor of Hindustan; the Tartars, natives of Turan, Scythia, or Transoxiana; the Georgian Christians.

maghal (v.n), Eating earth along with grass and being griped thereby (cattle); -mughill, A traitor, deceiver; (land) fruitful in grain and produce (ghallat).

magh-lāj, Elde magh-lāgh, A trapball.

mighlāt. One who blunders much. mighlaq, A lock, bar, bolt, or any

instrument for fastening a door.

mughläk, Wretched, poor, contemptible; a poor man, religious mendicant (probably misreading for مملاك q.v.).

maghlab, Victory, dominion, power;—mughallab, Often conquered or defeated; (a poet) the conqueror of his cotemporaries, and acknowledged by them as superior.

maghlabat, Victory, power, con-

quest.

A also maghilat, Cattle griped from eating earth with the young herbage; -mughallat, The fruits of the earth.

mughalchīn, A fine black eye. mughulistan, The country of the

Mogule.

مغلطة maghlatat, maghlata, maghlita, An improper question, liable to mistake or misapprehension; a speech in error or mistake; a labyrinth; - maghlata (bastan, dādan, zadan), To deceive, to mislead;maghlata khwurdan, To be deceived; maghlata kardan, To jabber.

A ble mughallaz, fem. able mughallazat, mughallaza, Severe, heavy (mulct for bloodshed); solemn, binding (oath); very foul, impure, offensive; -mughalliz, Whatever renders coarse, strong, or offensive (aha-

mughallazāt (pl. fem. of the preceding), Foul or offensive language, abuse.

مغلق A nighlaq, A lock, bolt; any of the arrows used in games of chance; the seventh gaming arrow; -mughlaq, Shut, closed, fastened (door); abstruce, abstract, obscure, difficult; -mughlaqu 'z-zuhn, Dull of understanding, prejudiced.

معلكاه maghl-gāh, A sleeping-place. A معلم mughlim, Libidinous ; a pederast. a معلمي mughlimī, Unnatural lust for boys.

maghlūb, Conquered, overcome; -maghlūbu 'l-ghazab, Overcome by anger; passionate, choleric, irascible; -maghlubi khauf u hirās, Struck with dread and confusion; -maghlub u maqhur, Overcome and subjected; -ghair maghlub, Unconquered, invincible.

a معاوية maghlūba, The thick of a battle.

a معلوبية maghlūbīyat, Subjugation; the state and condition of being conquered; vassalage.

مغلوث معلوث maghlūs, Mixed; (bread) made

of wheat and barley.

maghlūq, Shut, barred, locked, bolted; (a skin) tanned with the herb ghalqat; -mughlūq, A bolt, bar, or lock. معاول م maghlūl, One whose hands are tied to the neck; pilloried; fettered; inserted; oppressed with thirst.

مغلی mughuli, Of or relating to the Moguls; Mogul, Tartar; (met.) fearless; cruel, severe, terrible, &c.

mughli, One who makes dear, finds or considers dear, buys or sells dear (ghāli).

mughulī qunduz, Tartar children; fearless, intrepid; bloodthirsty.

▲ mughimm, Intensely hot, suffocating (day); melancholy (day).

A www. mughmad, Sheathed (sword).

A mughammar, Inexperienced; mughammir, One who throws himself into the thickest and most thronged part; silly, foolish.

A مغمض maghmaz, Very low ground :-mughammaz, Obscure, unintelligible; -mughammiz, Who goes over and knows a

mughammizāt, Sins which an مغمنات intelligent man commits knowingly.

mughammim, (A cloud or sea) full of water.

* maghmūd, Sheathed (sword).

maghmūr, Overwhelmed; obscure, mean, abject, unknown, without rank or

A معموز maghmūz, Accused; suspected.

A معمول maghmul, Mean, obscure; unknown; covered over with bed-clothes in order to perspire; (green fruits or herbs) put under straw in order to ripen; macerated (hide) in order to get the hair off; heaped up (herbage).

معموم Maghmum, Afflicted, sad, melancholy; beclouded, overcast; troubled with

cold in the head.

a مغمومة maghmūma, Fried brinjal. معمون معمون maghmūn, Put under ground.

A mighnaj, Attractive, lovely, coquettish.

maghnatīs, مغنطيس maghnatīs, مغناطيس

The magnet or loadstone.

سفنده mughund, مغنده mughunda, Everything which makes an excrescence on the body, as a wen, swollen gland, strained sinew, wind pent np in any limb; a callous protuberance from a broken bone; the cicatrice of a wound; a horse-market; anything mixed or confused.

مهندگی mughundagī, mughandaghī, A protuberance, lump, bump, or swelling.

maghnam, Spoil, plunder, booty; anything acquired without labour.

maghnūd, Sleeping, asleep; faint-

maghnūz, One who labours under مغنوط great affliction, even to the point of death, sorely grieved.

maghná, A pleasant mansion, the abode of cheerfulness; ability to do without; remedy; flight, escape; worthy, fit;

-mu<u>ah</u>ni, Who or what supplies the place of, excuses, or dispenses with; independent; [ghair-mughni, Not dispensing, not independent;]-mughannī, A singer.

mughanniyat, mughanniya, A مغنياً

female musician, singer.

maghnīsā, A black earth brought مغنيسا from a mountain in Kāshān; a coloured stone very soft, used by glass-makers.

maghnītīs, The magnet or

loadstone.

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A Blow mighwat, in P. معوات , A country in which one is very liable to lose one's way :- mughauwāt, A ditch made for decoying and catching wild beasts; a country where one is liable to stray.

mighwar, A warrior, one who makes many excursions (ghārat) to lay waste and plunder an enemy's country; engaged in

forays.

maghūṣat, A succouring, an as-

sisting.

mughūshā, A sect of the Magi; name of a priest of the Magi (unsupported by examples).

mughūshak, Christian monke:

mighwal, An instrument with which a thing is destroyed; a knife, or a piece of iron, inserted in a whip or stick for a sheath, a sword-cane.

mughol, A Mogul. مغول

maghūn, Mahogany wood (m.c.).

a معرى mughwi, One who causes to err. mughī, The religion of the Magi. mighyār, Jealous. مغيار

maghyāz, mighyāz, A small gratuity مغيار

over and above the regular hire.

maghīb (v.n. of مغيب), Being absent or hidden; absence; setting (of the sun); -mughīb, mughyib, (A woman) having an absent (gha'ib) husband; -mughaiyab, Hidden, invisible; supernatural.

مغيبات mughaiyabāt (pl. fem. of mughaiyab), Mysteries, secrets, concealed

things.

مغيبة م mughībat, (A woman) whose husband is absent $(\underline{gh}\bar{a}'ib)$;— $mu\underline{gh}aiyabat$, A mystery, secret.

معيث maghis, (A field) watered by rain; corn laid by rain; mughis, Who gives aid, auxiliary.

سهيشية سughisiyat, A college at Bagh-

mughīr, One who makes a predatory incursion, a spoiler, plunderer; -mughaiyar, Changed, altered; — mughaiyir, Variable, changeable.

mughīrat, Light horsemen, when making a plundering excursion into an

enemy's country.

Maghīz, A place of little (water).

مغيط م maghīz, Incensed.

ummu أم غيلان mughailān (for مغيلان م

ghailān), Egyptian or Arabian thorn, a kind of mimosa or acacia;—khāri mughailān, The thorn of this tree, in imitation of which caltrops are made.

مغيلان زار ,mughailān bāstān مغيلان زار ,mughailān-zār مغيلان گاة ,mughailān-gāh

the world; time; fortune.

A مغيوب maghyūb, Absent, hid, invisible.

A مغيوب mughyūs, (A field) wetted with rain.

mafātiḥ (pl. of miftaḥ), Keys.

A مناحق mufātahāt (v.n. 3 of مناحق), Beginning to converse or tell a story; going (together) before a judge or arbiter; carnal connexion.

A مفاتكة mufātakat (v.n. 3 of نتك), Rushing on, attacking, falling foul upon together.

mafātiḥ (pl. of miftāḥ), Keys.

معاجات mufāja'at, in P. معاجات (v.n. 3 of الحا"), Falling upon anything unexpectedly, rushing upon unawares, and snatching; accosting;—margi mufājāt, Sudden death.

mafājir (pl. of mafjarat), Large channels or valleys through which water

runs.

expectedly.

A مفاحشه mufāhashat (v.n. 3 of الحشر), Bandying ribaldry (fuhsh) between each other.

mufāhis, A pryer into the secrets

and failings of his neighbour.

A ملاحثه mufāḥaṣat (v.n. 3 of الحون), Inveighing against, prying into secrets and faults.

مفاعدة mufākhazat (v.n. 3 of مفاعدة), Sit-

ting knee to knee.

مهاعر mafākhir (pl. of mafkharat), Ornaments; glories; boasts; illustrious actions; [mafākhiru 'l-amāṣil wa 'l-agrān, The eminent amongst their peers (officers of state);] — mufākhir, Glorious, vainglorious.

mufākharat (v.n. 3 of فنجر), Boasting against, contending for glory; arro-

gance.

a مفاعرت mufā<u>kh</u>arat - irtisām, Glorious.

معاموة mufākhazat (v.n. 3 of نخر), Bragging, boasting, glorying against each other.

A مفاد mif'ad, mif'ād, الله مفاد mif'adat, A poker, or anything used in stirring an oven;—mufād, Well expressed, clear, distinct; expression; exposition, illustration; contents.

A مفاداة mufādāt (v.n. 3 of ندى), Ransoming.

A 5, has maf'arat, (A country) abounding in mice.

mafārikh, Birds' nests, places where the young or chicks (farkh) are hatched.

مفارزة mufārazat(v.n. 3 of فرز), Breaking off, interrupting; settling accounts (with a partner), dissolving partnership.

A مفارش mafārish, Carpets; (met.) wives;

— karimu 'l-mafārish, Carpets; (met.) wives; — karimu 'l-mafārish, One who weds

honourable or respected wives.

مفارطة mufāraiat (v.n. 3 of فرط), Contending, endeavouring to get superiority over another.

mufāriq (pl. of mafraq, mafriq), Crowns of heads where the hair parts; places where roads branch off; faces, aspects; — mufāriq, Separating, alienated from one another.

مفارقة mufāraqat (v.n. 3 of فرق), Qnitting, leaving; separation, alienation, absence

A just mafāza, slight; escape, deliverance; a place where one obtains a victory; also whither people fly; and likewise where they perish; hence. a desert without water.

A قام المنازع منازع مُعانِّه mufāza'at, Act of frightening, terrifying.

mafasid (pl. of mafsadat), Evils.

A Jaha mafāṣil (pl. of mafṣil), Joints;—waj'i mafāṣil, A pain in the joints.

A معاصلات mafāsilāt, Joints of the fingers,

&c.

A مفاصله mufāṣalut (v.n. 3 of مصاف), Breaking off; closing accounts; dissolving partnership; distance, interval, space, separation.

م مفاض mafāz, Large, diffusive, extended, ample, profuse; much talked about.

ا هُفُكُمُ mafāzat, Consignment; a despatch.

مامح ه mafāziḥ (pl. of mafzaḥat), Disgraces.

A مفاضع mafāṣi<u>kh</u>, Jars for holding grape-

A مفاضل mafāzil (pl. of mifzal), Everyday clothes.

A مقاملة mufāṣalat, A contending for excellence.

mufāṭanat (v.n. 3 of نظرة), Attending to (anyone) in order to understand (him); displaying acumen to one another.

mafātīr (pl. of muftir), Those

who breakfast.

A مفاغم mufāghamat (v.n. 3 of فغم), Kissing.

mafāqir, Poverties, miseries.

A معاقبة mufāquhat (v.n. 3 of معاقبة), Disputing, discussing a point in religion, law, or science.

A معاكية mufākahat (v.n. 3 of معاكية), Jesting (with another), being merry, facetious, joyous.

مفالتة mufālatat, A coming upon un-

expectedly.

A ممالي mafālij (pl. of maflūj), Paralytics.

mufānia, Easy, delicate (life).

A معانق mufanagat (v.n. 8 of فنتي), Treat-

ing indulgently, pampering.

A مناف mufanakat (v.n. 3 of منانك), Eating up the whole, sticking close to it, without shame.

mafāwiz (pl. of mafāzat), Places

whither people fly; deserts.

mufāwazat, mufāwaza (v.n. 3 of لوهي), Having business (with another), consulting (with) or explaining anything (to) him; agreeing; an epistle, a letter (from a superior to an inferior); conversation; commerce, intercourse; deliberation; partnership; equality;—mufāwaza shudan, To be a companion or equal to another; mufāwaza kardan, To return, make retribution, recompense; — mufāwazat-an, Reciprocally, alternately.

مفارهة mufāwahat (v.n. 3 of فرة), Talk-

ing together; boasting against.

م اهاة مناهاة مناهاة مناهاة مناهاة مناهاة مناهاة م

boasting.

مفائد mafā'id (pl. of mif'ad, mif'ād, mifadat), Sticks for stirring the fire; pokers; spits.

mufāyashat, Boast, menace, vaunting threat in battle; contention for

superiority.

mufā'il, One who divides the beaps مفاثل of soil in the game fi'āl (see لغال p. 905).

مفائلة mufā'alat (v.n. 3 of المائل Playing at the game fi'al; -mufayalat (v.n. 3 of فيل), Being weak in mind, erring in opinion or conjecture; imbecility, folly.

muft, Gratuitously, without payment, gratis; - muft-rā chi guft, What is to be said in respect to a thing obtained for nothing? i.e. one must not look a gift horse in the mouth; -harfi muft, Idle talk (m.c.); -harfi muft sadan, To talk rubbish or nonsense (m.c.).

miftāh, A key, or any instrument مفتاح with which a door is opened.

muft-bar, Taking away for nothing,

or without making a return.

mufattat, Broken to bits, crumbled, comminuted;—mufattit, Who or what crumbles or breaks in pieces.

mufattität, مفتتات ۸ Lithontriptics, drugs, &c., which tend to dissolve calculus in the bladder.

muftatah, Opened; commenced, begun; taken (city); — muftatih, Conqueror, taker (of a city).

a مفتتن muftatin, Fallen into temptation; bewitched, infatuated; a trier, tempter; bereft of property and reason; distracted by love.

مفتح Majtah, A storehouse; cellar; a treasury; —miftah, A key; —mufattah, Open; takeu (town); - mufattih, A conqueror, taker of towns.

A which mufattihāt, Medicines which remove obstructions, deobstruents.

a مفتخر muftakhir, Boastful, splendid, gorgeous, sumptuous; muftakhir u mubāhī shudan, To glory, boast, vaunt.

muft-khwar, Who eats for nothing or gratuitously, a sponger, a parasite.

muftadá, Redeemed ;— muftadi, One who ransoms himself, a self-redeemer.

A pale muftar, Rendered languid; languid; enfeebled, weak.

muftaris, (A lion) tearing (prey). A معترد muftariz, Who decides; who distinguishes; who separates.

nuftaris, Seizer (of an oppor-

tnnity).

muftari', Violating, ravishing.

muftarigh, One who pours out (water for or upon himself).

A مفتوق muftariq, Dispersed, scattered. A مفتری muftari, Liar, slanderer, an inventor of falsehoods; knave, rogue; clad in a fur dress (farw).

a مفتش mufattish, An inquisitor, commissuperintendant, censor, sary, examiner,

syndic; a visitor.

a سفتمد muftasid, One who opens a vein.

مفتض muftazz, The taker of a maidenhead.

muftazih, Disgraced, exposed to infamy; infamous; evident, apparent.

A مفتعل mufta'al, Made, framed, invented; a stupendous or arduous deed.

a معتقد muftagad, Missed, inquired after.

a muftaqir, Reduced to poverty; poor, needy.

a مفتل mufattal, Twisted.

A منتله maftalat, A circular piece of wood put on a spindle to give it a steady motion when spinning.

muftaliz, One who takes a por-

tion.

a ستاط muftalit, Seized suddenly.

muftaliq, Strange, wonderful, مفتلق marvellous (speaker or runner).

مفتلی م muftalī, One who weans.

muftan, Tempted, seduced to evil, drawn into sedition; charmed, bewitched; mad, insane; assayed, standard (money); -muftin, A tempter, seducer. who leads astray; -mufattan, (Gold) tried by the fire, or (a man) by temptations; thrown into disorder, excited to sedition or anything bad.

maftūt, Broken, crumbled.

maftuh, Opened; occupied, taken (town); subdued; a letter marked with the vowel fatha - a; diluted (colour);maftuh gashtan, To be conquered ;-jumla'i qila'i maftuha, All the castles taken.

maftūq, Ruptured.

مفتول م maftūl, Twisted; distorted; perverted.

a مفتول سر maftūl-sar, Wry-headed.

maftūn, (Gold) tried in the fire; drawn into sedition; seduced into evil; insane, fascinated, charmed, mad with love; deserted by one's reason and property. مطتى muftī, Gratuitous (see مطتى).

مفتى muftī, One whose sentence has the authority of the law, an expounder of the Muhammadan law, giver of a fatwá; a muftī, a magistrate (see فتوى p. 907).

mafjar, A place where water gushes out;—mufjir, Present at day-break

(fajr)

mafjarat, mafjara, A wide channel through which a torrent runs; level ground along which a river runs.

مفجوع mafjū, Oppressed, overwhelmed.

منت mufhish, Obscene in talk, ribaldish.

mafhas, A nest of the bird quta,

(met.) a place of investigation.

a mafkhar, A place or occasion of glorying, an object of glory or boast, a thing in which one glories;—mufakhkhar, Glorified, glorious, exalted.

mafkharat, mafkhara, A thing in which a man glories, or which gives him

pre-eminence.

مهنم mufakhkham, Magnified, great, glorious, illustrious.

مخود م mafkhūz, Hurt iu the thigh.

A معدر mufdir, Anti-aphrodisiacal (diet).

nafdarat, mafdara, A place frequented by mountain-goats; anti-aphrodisiacal (diet);—mafdarat, mafdara (pl. of fadar), Aged or full-grown mountain-goats.

مادغ م mifdagh, Any implement for

breaking.

مدم م mufdam, (Cloth) dyed of a full or unmixed red;—mufdam, mufaddam, (A water-pot) covered with a lid or stopper; muzzled.

mafdūh, Oppressed with debt. مفدوح ▲

مفر mafarr, mafirr, in P. also mafar, An asylum, whither one flies for refuge.

مفراع مغراج مغراج مغراج مغراج مغراج مغراج مغرام

A type mufrij, (A hen) having chickens (farrūj, furrūj);—mufarraj, Large, wide, opened, cleft, sundered, divided; a comb;—mufarrij, Removing sorrow, exhilarating.

mufrih, mufarrih, Exhilarating, who or what makes cheerful; a species of exhilarating medicine, in which rubies are an ingredient;—mufarrihu 'l-qulūb, mufarrihi qalb, Rejoicing the heart;—mufarrih dādan (rasānīdan), To make one cease working and give oneself over to enjoyment.

مرمات mujarrihāt (pl. fem. of mufarrih), Exhilarating drugs, &c.

a مفریخی mufarrihgari, Exhilaration. A this mufrikh, (A bird) having young. A مفریف mufrakhat, A bird's nest. mufrad, Single, simple, alone, solitary, unique; singular;—mufrid, One who engages in or does any work alone; one who singles out;—mufarrad, (Gold) set with or separated by the pearls called farid;—mufarrid, A Muhammadan lawyer; one who retires to lead a solitary religious life; one who has outlived all his cotemporaries and children; one who travels alone, his beast his sole companion.

mufradat, mufrada (fem. of mufrada), Simple; rate, taxing; the minor term in logic; singular number;—mufra-

dātu 't-tibb, Simples in medicine.

a معرد سوار mufrad-suwār, Who rides alone.

A) A mufraz, Separated; —mufriz, mufarriz, Who separates; who opens.

mafrae, Ornaments suspended from the ceiling.

a معرون mufarras, Adopted into Persian. معرون mifrash, A coverlet, counterpane; a carpet; a travelling-bag, a sac-de-nuit (see معارف);—mufarrash, (A bed) spread on the ground; — mufarrish, One who spreads (a carpet, &c.); one who paves with flag-stones.

مقرها مقرها mifrashat, A saddle-cloth laid upon a camel's saddle;—mufarrishat, A skin-wound on the head, without any frac-

ture.

a مفرش کش mifrash-kash, Who spreads carpets; a chamberlain.

مارص A منارص mifras, Shears for cutting silver or iron.

a مفرض mifraz, A tool for cutting or notching.

mufrit, One who exceeds bounds; transcendent, transcendental; excessive;

causing to exceed.

A En mafragh, A place of refuge, an asylum;—mufragh, (A ring) cast in a mould, founded, so that the joining is not perceptible; cast in metal (m.c.); [bā mufragh rekhtan, To cast in metal;]—mufarragh, Empty;—mufarrigh, One who pours out; an emptier (of a vessel).

mafraq, mafriq. The place where the hair parts; the crown of the head;—mufarraq, Scattered;—mufarriq. One who

separates, scatters, or divides.

موتق mafriqat, mafriqa, A place where two ways meet.

مفرك ه mufarrak, (A man) hated by women.

A معرنة mufarrakat, mufarraka, (A woman) hated by men.

mafrūj, Split, cracked, broken. مغررة ▲

mafrūḥ, Glad, exulting, rejoicing.

الم سمرورة mafrūr, fem. مغرورة mafrūrat, mafrūrat, mafrūra, Fled, run away, absconded; fugitive, a runaway.

a مغروري mafrūrī, Flight; period since flight.

A jamafrūz, Dispersed, separated.

ماروش mafrūsh, Expanded, spread; paved, flagged; a carpet;—mafrūsh kardan, To carpet.

mafrūza, fem. مغروه mafrūzat, mafrūzat, mafrūza, Cut off; cut, nicked, notched; divinely appointed, ordained by God, necessary to be observed; (in geom.) granted, given;—a 'ṣ-ṣalawātu'l-mafrūza, The (five daily) prayers appointed, and considered as of perpetual obligation.

mafrūzāt, The commands of

God.

مطروع mafrūgh, Discharged; cut short; given up, abandoned.

mafrūq, Separated, divided.

مروف mafrūk, Rubbed (ear of corn); dyed deeply.

A Eya- mafra', An asylum;—mufazza',

Timorous, terrified; brave.

مفرعه mafza'at, mafza'a, Anything which is a cause of terror (faza'); a scarecrow.

mufsid, Mischievous, pernicious, destructive, corruptive; vitiating; a corrupter, depraver, destroyer, author of evil, malefactor, seditious man, breed-bate, mischief-maker; — mufsid raftan, To denonnce (to the police), give information against (m.c.); — mufsidi qalam, A denouncer, informer; an intriguer (m.c.);—khwud-rā mufsid dādan, To inform against oneself (m.c.); —majmati mufsidān, A company of factious or seditious people; a riotous assembly, a mob.

مفسدات mafsadāt (pl. of mafsadat),

Pernicious things.

a مفسدانه mafeidāna, Seditiously; riot-

ously; feloniously.

mafsadat, An evil, pernicious thing, tending to disturb or corrupt (reverse of maslahat).

a مسدى mufsidī, Mischievousness; perniciousness; seditiousness, factiousness.

mufassar, Explained, commented on;—mufassir, A commentator, expositor, or interpreter.

مسترين mufassirin (obl. pl. used as nom.), Commentators.

مفرون مقادق mafsūkh, Broken, dissolved; abrogated, abolished, repealed.

A مفسوعية mafsū<u>kh</u>īyat, Nullity. A مفسود mafsūd, Corrupted, spoiled.

A مشرط mafshūsh, Emptied, voided; idle, vain.

A مفشى mufashshî, Wind-expelling.

A مفشيات mufashshiyāt, Carminatives.

mifsad, A lancet, fleam.

A مفل mafeil, A joint, juncture, articulation, the space between the joints;—mifeal, The tongue;— mufassal, Distinct, partitioned (as a bracelet which between every two pearls has a larger gem or one of a different kind); divided, separated, particularized, detailed; fully described; separate, distinct, clear, ample; divisions of a district (opp. to sadr "the chief seat of government"); the Qur'an from al-hujurāt (nume of the 49th chapter) to the end;—mufaṣṣil, One who enlarges upon, amplifies; one who distinguishes, who divides into parts; one who details.

A مفعل mufassal-an, Distinctly, minutely,

prolixly, diffusively, in detail.

مفعلات mufassalāt (pl. of the following),
Detailed circumstances, particulars.

a معمله mufassala, A detail, a particular circumstance, &c.

a معملي mufassali, Of or belonging to a mufassal, a person from the country.

a معمون mafṣūkh, Cheated, gulled, imposed

upon

mafsud, One whose vein has been opened; bled.

معمول معمول mafsūl, Separated, detached.

مطموم mafsūm, Broken without separation of the parts; demolished, overthrown (house, tent).

mufzāt, A woman whose two passages have been made one by frequent

cohabitation.

مفاض mifzāz, A mallet, clod-crosher. مفاض mifzāl, Pre-eminent in beneficence;

A مطفال mifzāl, Pre-eminent in beneficence; one who excels greatly.

A مقدة mifazzat, mifazza, A maul for crushing clods.

crushing clous.

mafzahat, Reproach; disgrace, scandal.

A & stone with which unripe dates may be bruised.

a distribution mifzal, An every-day garment; one who excels greatly;—mufzil, One who leaves something redundant or remaining;—mufazzal, Excelling greatly, eminent in virtue and beneficence; preferred; an object of preference.

mafzūḥ, Exposed to infamy,

shamed.

A مفتوع mofzūkh, Bruised, crushed (date).

مفوض mafzūz, (Tears) profusely shed.

A مفتول mafzūl, Overcome, conquered.

مطفى mufzá, Separate, broken;—mufzī, Who or what separates;—mufzī shudan, To come to pass; to bring about.

muftir, One who breaks a long

fast.

mafiūr, Created; innate; natural, by nature.

maftum, Weaned.

A Slabe maf'at, (A place) full of vipers.

A Jaha maf'ul, Made, done; acted; abused contrary to nature; a pathic; (in gram.) passive voice; accusative case; governed;—maf'uli auwal, The first object or accusative (of a verb which has several objective complements);—maf'ul bihi. The object of a transitive verb;—maf'uli sānī, The second object or accusative of a verb;—maf'ul fī-hi, The complement of a

verb expressing time or place of action; the locative case;—maf'ūl la-hu, The complement expressing the motive of the action; the dative of purpose;—maf'ūli muṭlaq, The absolute patient, cognate accusative;—maf'ūl ma'ahu, Ablative case; the instrumental case;—ismi maf'ūl, The passive participle, nomen patientis.

a مفعولان maf'ūlān P. pl. of maf'ūl), Cata-

mites.

A معدولية maf ūlīyat, The condition of the accusative case, accusativeness; the condition of the passive voice, passiveness, passivity.

مفق mafq (v.n.), Being hard; being long.

A sword) notched on the side or back; rough (sword).

mafqarat, Poverty.

A distantification, mifqala, A kind of winnowing machine.

mafqud, Disappeared, and concerning whom it is not known whether he be living or dead; lost, missing; missed, regretted; unfortunate, destitute, deprived, frustrated; non-existent;—mafqudu'l-asar (khabar), Lost sight of.

mafqūr, Broken-backed. A معاون mafqūs, Broken (egg).

A مفكر mufakkir, One who thinks deeply.

A فكره mufakkirat, mufakkira, The thinking faculty.

Mufakkak, Untied, unloosed.

mafkūk, Liberated, unloosed, manumitted; pardoned; open, not united by tashdid.

miflāk, Unfortunate, poor, indigent;

a dervish.

مولع *mufallaj*, One whose fore-teeth are wide apart; perplexed, paralysed, lame, bad (business).

مفلح *muflih*, Prosperous, happy; a pea-

sant.

a chall muflihan, Name of a river; (Pers. pl. of muflih) villagers, husbandmen.

مفلس a muftis, Insolvent, bankrupt; poor, a pauper.

a elimila muflisstän, A place where indigent people live, a poor-house.

a مفلس muflist, Insolvency, bankruptcy;

poverty.

nufalfal, (Wine) pungent as pepper; (a garment) embroidered as with cloves of pepper (fulful, filfil); seasoned, spiced (meat); well-tanned (leather).

muflig, Wonderful (poet).

A مطلقه maflaqat, maflaqa, Anything strange and portentous; a misfortune.

a wufallal, (A blade or head of a sword or spear) notched or teethed like a saw; serrated.

maflūj, Paralytic, palsied.

A مفلون maflūz, Forged of excellent steel.

A مفلوس maflūs, Shining like a fish-scale (fils).

مطوك مطوك maflūk, Unfortunate; poor, indigent;—chakari maflūk, A poor servant, a

miserable slave.

معلول ه maftūl, Broken, notched, chipped (sword).

` A مفلی muffi, Having a yearling colt (a mare).

A who mifann, (A man) who utters wonderful things; one who speaks in flowery language.

مفند mufnid, Weak in mind; an old dotard; — mufannid, A reproacher, up-

braider.

مطنى mufnī, Ruinous, destructive, wasteful; bringing to naught.

A مغوض mufauwaz, fem مغوض mufauwazat, mufauwaza, Committed or entrusted to the care of, consigned, delivered, recommended; submitted for opinion.

Mufauwaq, Notched (arrow).

a wifauwah, Loquacious; very eloquent (orator or oration); aromatic (wine); (cloth) dyed with the roots of the herb madder.

Mufauwá, Dyed with madder.

A probe mafhum, Understood, perceived, comprehended; the contents, tenor, or sense of a letter;—mafhumi ma'quil, A reasonable acceptation, or construction.

mufi', A patron or a master, one

who affords shade and shelter (fai').

mafya'at, A shady place, a place

built for giving shade (fai').

A مفيد mufid, Useful, profitable, salutary; who acquires wealth and bestows it liberally and usefully; (in gram,) expressive of a meaning, conveying a signification, importing.

majīs, Flight, avoiding; a place مغيص ه

of escape, flight, or refuge.

A בּבּבָּה mufīz, A shedder (of tears), pourer out (of water); a giver; hastening; — mufīzi wujūdi har maujūd, Who bestows existence on all that exists.

mufiq, Wonderful, marvellous (poet); convalescent, recovering from an

illness, a swoon, or intoxication.

maqq (v.n.), Splitting (the branch of a female palm) to inject the male flowers.

مقائح م maqābih (pl. of maqbahat), Offences, offensivenesses, odiums.

A مقائعة muqabahat (v.n. 3 of قبع), Reviling, reproaching, calling one another ugly names.

maqābir (pl. of maqbarat), Ceme-

teries, grave-yards, tombs.

مقابل مستوقه muqābal, Of noble parentage on both sides; compared, collated;—muqābil, Opposite, over against, fronting; one who puts himself opposite, or looks towards, or

meets; one who confronts, controls, collates, or compares (one copy of a book with another); a rival, an adversary;—muqābil shudan, To be opposite, meet, be confronted, compared, contrasted, or controlled;—dar muqābili kas āmadan, To oppose oneself to.

A this muqābalat, muqābala (v.n. 3 of J.1), Facing, standing over against; looking towards; comparing, collating (one book) with another, confronting; meeting face to face; opposing, resisting; recompensing; comparison, control, collation, examination; contrast; exchange, reciprocation, equality, retrospection; a book of control; contradistinction; a counterpart, duplicate; tablets, memorandum-book; maqābala bi 'lmigl, Tit for tat; muqābala kardan, To compare, collate, confront, contrast; jabru 'l-muqābala, Algebra.

A مقابلة muqābalat-an, Before, in presence of.

a مقابل کوب muqābil-kob, A rival, an adversary; what surpasses anything opposed to, or contrasted with, it in beauty or greatness.

مفاضح maqābīḥ (pl. of maqbūhat), Crimes, vices, misdemeanors, infamous actions.

مقاتة maqātat (v.n. of مقاتة), Hating.

maqātil (pl. of maqtal), Places of death;—muqātil, A soldier, combatant who seeks to kill; internecine, murderous.

A مقاتله muqātalat, muqātala (v.n. 3 of تتراني), Fighting, trying to kill; cursing; excluding from good; battle, conflict, slaughter, carnage;—muqātala'i 'azīma, A great and bloody battle.

مقاطة muqāḥalat (v.n. 3 of قصل), Being assiduous, fixed to, persevering in.

A maqāhim, Places of danger, perils.

A Lost muqāḥamat (v.n. 3 of Rushing furiously upon; a hostile attack, furious charge.

A قرد maqādat (v.n. of ترد), Leading;

guidance, conduct.

مقادر ه muqādar, Narrow, confined (house).

A أندر muqādarat (v.n. 3 of تدر), Measuring one thing on another; doing exactly like another.

A Luste maqādisat, maqādisa (pl. of maqdasī), Natīves of the holy city Jerusalem.

a مقادم maqādim, The fore parts; the larger or front-feathers of a bird.

مقادير م maqādīr (pl. of miqdār), Quantities; spaces; measures; decrees, fates.

a مقادير هناس maqādīr-shinās, Who knows the value of men:

A مقاديم maqādīm (pl. of muqdim, muqaddam, miqdam), The fore parts.

A kesia. muqāza'at (v.n. 3 of &is), Bandying ribaldry from one to another; calling bad names, reviling, abusing.

A nagarr, A fixed place, a place of abode or rest.

A 5°ارنج muqāra'at (v.n. 3 of اقراء), Reading along with (another); teaching to read.

مقارب muqārab, Moderate, tolerable (in price, size, &c.);—muqārib, Near, neighbouring; tolerable, moderate; mid-way, between good and evil; middling, medioore.

nuqārabat (v.n. 3 of قرب), Drawing near, approaching; impending; showing propinquity or neighbourhood; letting alone excess, and aiming at what is just and right; proximity; approximation.

A 8, a. muqarrat (v.n. 3 of ja), Resting; becoming firm, settled, strengthening one's

interest (with another).

nuqārazat (v.n. 3 of قرض), Requiting, restoring, compensating; entering into partnership and trading with another's capital.

A E, las maqāri' (pl. of miqra'at), Whips, lashes;—muqāri', A conqueror; a prince, leader; an adversary.

مقارعات muqāra at, Blows, contusions; muqāra ati suyūf, The clashing of swords.

مقارعة muqāra at (v.n. 3 of رَرع), Beating one another (combatants); casting lots.

a slave father and free mother; (horses) from a mean sire by a blood mare.

مقارطة muqārafat (v.n. 3 of قرات), Mixing (with sin), defiling oneself (with it);

commingling; lying with.

nuqārin, Associated, connected, related, allied, familiar, intimate, domesticated; simultaneous with; near;—muqārini īn hāl, At that instant.

in society, being intimate; conjunction, connection, companionship, familiarity;

proximity.

muqāri', An alternate reader.

magārīz (pl. of migrāz), Shears. مقاريض ه mugāsāt, in P. مقاسات (v.n. 3 of السرة), Becoming callous with regard to any evil, and enduring it with all its incon-

veniences; enduring, suffering.

مقاسم maqāsim (pl. of maqeim), Places
of division or distribution;—muqāsim, A

coparcener.

A معامدة muqāsamat, muqāsama (v.n. 3 of معامدة), Dividing (with another), admitting (him) to a share; taking one's own share; partition; causing (one) to swear fidelity; swearing, declaring on oath.

مقام maqās, A rafter, joist, king-post, into which other beams are inserted; shears,

scissors.

مقاملة muqāṣāt (v.n. of تمو), Going far off; contending which shall go to the farthest distance.

مقامة muqāṣṣat (v.n. 3 of تَمَ), Retalizting; making equal, balancing (accounts).

maqūṣid, Designs, enterprises, machinations, great attempts or undertakings; thoughts; aims, desires; wishes, wants, inclinations.

a مقاصه muqāssa (probably for muqāṣāt),

Being distant or far from each other.

maqāṣīr (pl. of maqṣarat), The later hours of evening, a mixture of darkness with the light; sides; (pl. of maqṣūrat) private apartments for women.

مثاماله $muq\bar{a}z\bar{a}t$ (v.n. 3 of قئی), Going together before a judge or arbiter $(q\bar{a}z\bar{a})$.

مقامعة muqāzamat (v.n. 3 of قدم), Taking by little and little; buying or selling

in small quantities, retailing.

A blue miqūt, A strongly-twisted rope or cord to tie a sheep, &c. for slaughtering; swaddling-clothes;—maqūtt (pl. of miqutt), Pieces of bone on which writing-reeds or pens are nibbed.

maqātir (pl. of maqtar), Drops.

a التلو muqāṭarat (v.n. 3 of متلو), Weighing one hamper, and taking the others without weighing, supposing them all alike.

A calle maqāṭi' (pl. of maqṭa'), Places of cutting; sections (especially pauses in the Qur'ān); fords, passes, passages of rivers; the hinder or extreme parts; terminatiou; enstom-houses, or any other places where public imposts or taxes are paid.

مناطعة muqāṇa'at, muqāṇa'a (v.n. 3 of أطع), Being disunited, estranged; deciding (anything with another); contract for a time; farming of revenue.

at مقاطعة سيqāṭa'ajī, Farmer of re-

venue, custom-collector.

ماثل معاظل maqāṭil (pl. of miqṭalat), Irou cutting-instruments.

م معاطيع maqāṣṣʾ (pl. of maqṭāʾ), Cut off; stragglers.

A Ma maqaz, A place for passing the

hottest part of summer (qaiz).

maqā'id (pl. of maq'ad), Places in the market where people sit; beaches, seats; backsides; camps; — muqā'id, A guardian, keeper, preserver; whatever remains or comes behind another (as a doe, a bird, &c.).

مقاعدة muqā'adat (v.n. 3 of مقاعدة), Sitting

down by (another).

A معان maqāl (v.n. of قبل), Taking a nap at noon;—also عادة maqālat (v.n. of قول), Speaking, saying; a word, discourse, saying, opinion, sentence, adage, proverb; [fil u maqāl, Actions and words;]—muqāllat (v.n. 3 of قل), Giving little (qalāl); doling out water scautily.

maqālī (pl. of miqlāt), Frying-

nans.

مقاليد م سقاليد maqālīd (pl. of miqlād, miqlad), Keys.

maqām, muqām (v.u. of قوم Stay-

ing, stopping, halting, resting, residing (in any place); place of residence, dwelling, mansion; stay, halt, station; post, postion, office; state, dignity, condition; a musical tone; a question, subject of controversy (m.c.);—maqām ba-maqām, From tone to tone, through every mode; from place to place;—maqāmi parda, The private parts, privities;—maqām kardan, To settle, remain, halt;—maqāmi muṣallā, Name of a place where Abraham prayed,

magāmāt (pl. of magāmat), Sittings, places, stations; assemblies; conversations held at those assemblies; compositions recited on those occasions; title of several works, especially the celebrated master-work of Hariri; musical modes, of which there are twelve; degrees; —magāmātī rizwān, The eighth heaven; —agh magāmāt. Emiment in dignity; musical.

maqāmat, An assembly, &c. (see preceding article);— muqāmat (v.n. 4 of قرم), Perpetuating, keeping up; staying, reposing, resting.

maqūmih, (A camel) which throws up his head and refuses to drink when distempered or when the water is too cold.

muqāmaḥat (v.n. 3 of مقاحة), Tossing up (his) head and refusing to drink (a camel).

مقامر م muqāmir, An antagonist at play, or in laying wagers; a dice-player; a cambler

a مقاصر پیشد muqāmir-pesha, A habitual

dice-player, a gambler.

A قامرة muqāmarat (v.n. 3 of قمر), Playing at dice.

a مقامر عانه muqāmir-khāna, A gamblinghouse.

A مقامسة muqāmasat (v.n. 3 of نمالي), Contending with another who shall plunge or dive; rivalling a fish in diving.

naqāmi' (pl. of miqma'at), Iron instruments for striking the heads of elephants, or wooden instruments for battering the heads of men.

مقاسی a مقاسی maqāmī, Local; resident, sta-

tionary.

مقانع maqāni' (pl. of miqna' or māq-na'at), Veils.

مقارات muaāwāt, in P. مقارات (v.n. 3 of قرى), Contending with (another) for superiority in power or strength (awat).

معادد م maqāwid (pl. of miqwad), Leading-

reins.

a معاوس muqāwis, One who institutes a

comparison.

A مقاربة muqāwasat (v.n. 3 of مقاربة), Comparing (two things); corresponding with, resembling (as one man another); running (with others) in a place of exercise.

A J. maqāwil (pl. of miqwal), Tongues; kings of the Himyarit Arabs; —muqāwil,

Engaged in conversation.

مقارلة م maqāwilat (pl. of miqwal), Kings of the Himyarit Arabs;—muqāwalat (v.n. 3 of قول), Conversing; agreement, compact.

A cyle muqāwim, An adversary, one who rises up against another, an antagonist; one who stands near a person; persevering,

persistent.

مقارصة muqāwamat (v.n. 3 of قوم), Opposing, resisting, withstanding; standing front to front; standing near; opposition, resistance; competition; perseverance, persistency.

مقانسة ه muqāyasat (v.n. 3 of قيس), Instituting a comparison or analogy between (two things); agreeing with, answering

to in measure or comparison.

مقایمهٔ muqāyazat (v.n. 3 of قیم), Exposing merchandise to sale; exchanging, bartering, giving an equivalent.

A مقايطة muqāyazat (v.n. 3 of نوط Agreeing with for the midsummer-season (qaiz).

A John maqā'il (pl. of maqīl), Places where people take their siesta.

A معايلة muqāyalat (v.n. 3 of نيل), Returning like for like.

A مخائيد maqā'īd (pl. of muqaiyad), Fettered (men or camels); bonds, fetters.

A مقباس miqbās, A spark of fire, or a small quantity taken to kindle a greater.

A --- muqabbab, Vaultod, arched.

maqbaḥat, maqbaḥa, Anything offensive and deserving of reproach.

هر معبر maqbar (v.n. of قبر), Burying; a burial-place.

A مَقَبرة maqbarat, maqbara, A buryingground, burial-place, sepulchre, graveyard.

a t مقبرة maqbarajī, A grave-digger. a مقبرة maqbarī, Belonging to a sepulchre or burying-ground;—maqburī, Name of a class of reporters of traditions; a dweller amongst the tombs.

muqbis, One who begs fire for

or from anyone.

A official miques, A barricado, goal, or starting-place; particularly a rope stretched before the horses when drawn up for a race, which being dropped was the signal for starting.

maqbaza, maqbiz, مقبضه maqbazat, maqbazat, maqbaza, The hilt of a sword; the handle

of anything.

مقبل معمل muqbal, Placed over against, looking towards:—muqbil, fem. معمل muqbilat, muqbila, Approaching, advancing towards one, nearly arrived; prosperous. fortunate; favouring (fortune);—muqabbal, Kissed; a person or place kissed;—muqabbil, Kissing.

A مقبوع maqbūḥ, Reprobated, cursed; de-

barred from good; abominable.

a مقبوحه maqbūḥa, A shameful action, an abomination.

maqbūr, Buried. مقبور ٨

م مقبوض maqbūz, Taken, seized, grasped, occupied, possessed, held, received, pre-

served; restricted, contracted, bound; con-

stipated; a styptic.

A Jy. magbūl, Accepted, admitted, approved; taken in good part; agreeable, acceptable, pleasing; one of the faithful; a mistress; — maqbūli qulūbi 'ālamiyān, Dear to men's hearts, agreeable to all.

maqbūlīyat, Agreeableness, acceptableness; agreement; orthodoxy.

A distance miquat (v.n. of روسق), Loving; love.
A منت maqt (v.n.), Hating; hatred, grudge, enmity.

muqtad, Yielding tractable, obe-

dient.

A مقتبس muqtabas, Quoted; quotation (especially from the Qur'an);—muqtabis, One who receives, acquires, borrows, or quotes (light, fire, or science) from, or imparts (them) to, another.

muqtatal, Killed by love; slain by a demon;—muqtatil, Engaged in fight-

ing.

rashly (into a business); setting (star); a

despiser.

muqtadā, Followed, imitated; imitable;—muqtadāyi nās, A chief whom others follow, especially in prayer; hence a prelate, priest, or exemplary person.

muqtadih, Who strikes fire from مقتدع ۸

a flint.

muqtadar, Compact, round;—
muqtadir, Powerful, strong, able; one who
boils in a pot (qidr).

a مقتدى muqtadī, An imitator, follower.

muqtir, Poor; parsimonious;—muqattar, Fragrant, odoriferous;—muqattir, Frugal, parsimonious, economical in one's family expenses.

nuqtarib, Approaching, brought near; (a promise) shortly to be per-

formed.

a مقترع muqtarih, A speaker or repeater of verses extempore; a doer of anything never done hitherto.

muqtariz, A borrower; getting مقترفي ۸

into debt.

مقترك muqtaraf, Recently purchased ; muytarif, A gainer.

A مقترن muqtarin, Associated; a friend,

ally; following immediately.

mugtari, One who receives (a friend) hospitably.

مقتسر A معتسر muqtasir, One who forces unwillingly.

م مقتسط muqtasit, Engaged in dividing (wealth among themselves).

A مقتسم muqtasim, Engaged in dividing; a divider; mutual in swearing.

muqtashir, Naked, stripped.

muqtiss, A relater (of a speech truly); one who takes revenge (qisūs) for a past injury, or who desires (another) to retaliate.

mugtasid, One who keeps the middle; of a moderate temperament of body or mind; one who gives his attention to writing poetry.

مفتمر ه muqtasar, Abbreviated, abridged : a compendium, summary, epitome; -- muqtasir, Addicted (to anything), content with that alone, and not exceeding or leaving

t; restricting oneself to.

muqtazā (for صفتها), Exacted, required, needed, called for; exigency, necessity; a craving, requirement; drift, scope; conformable to; consistent with; —muqtazā'i mawaddat u mukhālasat, That which friendship and familiar intercourse requires; —bar muqtazā'i shar'i sharif, According to law; - ba-muqtazā'i, In conformity with, in accordance with; in consequence of.

muqtazab, (Verse) spoken extempore; a kind of verse; a poem destitute of the transition from a description of the writer's feelings to the eulogy of the per-

son addressed.

مقتمى م muqtazá, Exacted, required, conformable; drift, scope (= مقتفا q.v.);muqtazī, An exacter, demander; leading to, producing, demanding, requiring.

A مقتضیات muqtazīyāt, Exigencies, events, necessary or inevitable consequences; con-

jectures.

. muqlata', Cut مقتطع ▲

muqta'ad, A beast or place on مقتعد ه which a person sits; — muqta'id, Mounted,

seated, riding upon.

mugtafá, Preferred, set over; (an oration) rythmically composed; -muqtafi, One who follows (another); one who chooses anything for his own peculiar

anaqtal, Place of slaughter or execution; place of death, i.e. any part of the body, which, being wounded, causes death; mortal spot, vital part; -muqattal, Tried, proved; subdued; conquered by love;muqattil, Engaged in combating, fighting together.

muqtala', Torn up, drawn out; muqtali', One who removes, tears up;

uprooted.

muqtanas, Hunted ;-muqtanis, Hunter.

muqtaná, Possessed;—muqtanī, An acquirer, possessor.

a مقتنيات muqtanīyāt (pl. fem. of the preceding), Things acquired, acquisitions.

مقتول ه maqtūl, Killed, slain, slaughtered : (met.) a lover; —maqtūl u majrūķ, Killed and wounded.

a مقتولى maqtūlī, The being killed or

slain; murder, assassination.

مقتیل ۸ maqtá (v.n. of مقتیل), Serving well (a domestic); a servant who serves for his victuals.

A šelia. magsa'at, šeria. magsu'at, A cucumber-bed.

A had mughat, Barren (year).

maqhūw, (A medicine) made of anthemis or camomile (quhwān).

a had maghat, Afflicted with scarcity. maghūf, One whose skull is

maqd, Name of a place in Syria مقد م where a certain kind of mead was produced (see مقدى) ;—maqadd, A road ; a level country; -migadd, An iron instrument for cutting into oblong strips (qadd), or for dressing leather.

miqdāḥ, A fire-steel. مقداح م

miqdar, Quantity; space; measure, dimension; proportion, rate; amount; settled allowance; term; power, strength; -miqdāri majhūl, (in alg.) Unknown quantity; -miqdari ma'lūm, Known quantity;—miqdāri muqarrara, A fixed amount or quantity.

miqdām, Very bold, dauntless,

spirited; fierce against an enemy.

miqdaḥ, A large spoon or ladle; a steel, flint, tinder-box.

miqdaḥat, miqdaḥa, A fire-steel; a ladle, skimmer.

a مقدد muqaddad, Flesh cut into oblong pieces for future use, jerked.

muqaddar, Predestined, predetermined, decreed by God, prescribed, fated; understood (not expressed), implied; fate, destiny; - muqaddir, God, the predestinator; an architect, projector, designer;hazrati khudawandi muqaddiru 'l-ājāl, The Divine Majesty, the predestinator of death; -muqaddiri bahā, An appraiser, one who affixes a price.

مقدرات م muqaddarāt (pl. fem. of mu-

qaddar), Divine decrees, destinies.

A مقدرة magdarat, Power, strength, ability; fate, destiny;— $z\bar{u}$ magdarat, Endowed with

power, strong, powerful.

مقدس A holy place ; [baitu 'lmaqdis, Jerusalem;] — muqaddas, fem. muqaddasat, muqaddasa, Sanctified, مقدسة consecrated; holy; [baitu 'l-muqaddas (baiti muqaddas), Jerusalem; name of a mosque at Damascus;—mugaddis, One who sanctifies or consecrates; a Christian presbyter or monk.

a مقدسي maqdasī, A native of Jerusalem. مقدم ه maqdam (v.n. of مقدم , Coming, arriving (from a journey); arrival; a place from which one arrives; [maqdami sa'ādatmadar, The auspicious arrival;]-muqdam, Boldness, enterprise, endeavour, diligence; ---muqdim, Intrepid, attacking an enemy with courage; diligent, laborious, careful, solicitous; who orders to approach; who orders to go before; the anterior or inner corner of the eye, i.e. that which is next the nose (the other being called mu'khir); the part of the face fronting one;—mu-qaddam, Placed before; preferred; antecedent, prior, preceding; a leader, chief, commander; the advanced guard; the major proposition of a syllogism; a superior officer of the revenue in a village; a title of respect amongst villagers; [mu-qaddam dāshtan, To prefer;]—muqaddim, Who places before and gives the preference; preliminary, introductory, preceding-

muqaddam-an, Firstly, before all things; anciently, long before this, pre-

viously.

muqaddamāt, Premises, prerequisites;—muqaddamāti 'ulūm, Prelimi-

nary studies.

affair, muqaddamat, muqaddama, An affair, matter, case, business, subject; cause, suit, law-suit; the front, fore part, advanced guard; the preamble (to a speech); preface (to a book); premisses (in an argument); major proposition of a syllogism; prelacy, primacy; first of all, in the first place;—muqaddama'i jaish, The advanced guard of an army;—muqaddama'i khūn, A case of blood or murder.

a مقدمى muqaddamī, An allowance made

to the mugaddam.

maqdūr, Predestined, decreed; fatal; fate; possibility, power, whatever one is able to do;—hasbu'l-maqdūr, According to (one's) ability.

maqdūnis, Seed of mountain مقدولس

chervil.

🛦 مقدونيه maqdūniya, Macedonia.

a مقدى maqadīy, maqdī, Wine from honey; mead (see مقد).

a مقل miqazz. A knife, or any instrument used in cutting feathers for winging an arrow.

miqzāf, An oar. مقذاف A

maqaar, Shunned by mankind on account of impurity, an object of disgust.

a مقدع muqzi', Defamatory (verse).

مقال معالم miqzaf, An oar; — muqazzaf, Cursed, execrated, driven off; very corpulent.

maqzūr, Impure; shunned on

account of impurity.

مقذى a مقذى maqzī, Troubled with a mote in

the eye.

A مقذية maqzīyat, An eye with a mote in it.

A jan maqr (v.n.), Striking; — maqar (v.n.), Being bitter; being sour (milk); — maqir, Bitter; acid; the aloe; poison; — maqarr, Residence, dwelling, mansion, habitation, station, seat, place of rest or quiet; the buttocks; (met) point of view; [maqarri hukūmat, Seat of government, residence-town;]—muqirr, One who establishes, confirms, settles; one who asserts, affirms, or avers; one who acknowledges sion; a deponent; one who acknowledges

the right of another against himself; who or what refreshes, cools, or bathes (the eye); —mugirr shudan, To confess, acknowledge.

A miqrā', Extremely hospitable.

A 50,200 migrat, A lady who entertains very hospitably; hospitable (cup) with which guests are received.

A مقرأص miqrās, A knife curved at the end.

- A wigrāz, Shears, scissors; snuffers; —migrāz bar sari kase rāndan, To raze off the hair; (met.) to flatter, to caress, to bestow honours upon;—migrāzi shutur, A particular kind of shears or scissors with crooked blades;—migrāzi sham', Spuffers; —migrāz kardan (zadan), To cut with scissors.
- a مقراض کر miqrāz-gar, A maker of scissors and shears, &c.
- a مقرانك migrāzak (dim. of migrāz), Name of a wrestling trick.
- a مقراهد migrāza, Ā forked arrow; a kind of sweetmeat; a wrestling trick (= مقراهات q.v.).
- a معرامي migrāzī, Curiously cut out with scissors; name of a sweetmeat.
- A \mathcal{E}^{\dagger} , \mathcal{E}^{\dagger} miqr \bar{a}^{\bullet} , A mallet or hammer for breaking stones.
- A with magrab, A short road;—mugrab, Esteemed, honoured; kept near;—mugrib, Near the birth (a woman, mare, or sheep);—mugarrab, Approximated; admitted, allowed to approach; nearly related; an intimate friend; one near the throne, a courtier, a favourite; a cherubim; [mugarrabu'l-khidmat, Confidential servant or servants;]—mugarrib, An offerer, sacrificer.

a وغربان muqarrabān (P. pl. of muqarrab), Approximated, &c.; — muqarrabāni ilāhī, Beloved, nearest to God;—muqarrabāni hazrat, The king's relations, the royal blood.

A مقربة magrabat, A short road; relatiouship, propinquity;—mugrabat, mugraba, (A

woman) held in honour.

א מּלְנְּיָט muqarrabūn, (obl. also used as nom.) אָנְיִט muqarrabīn, Cherubims; relations, nearest kindred; — muqarrabīni dā'ira'i humāyūn, The body-servants of the Sultan.

مقرع muqarrih, Caustic; vesicatory,

epispastic.

mugarrihat (pl. fem. of the preceding), Medicines which serve to raise blisters; vesicatories, blisters.

مقرد muqarrad, Humble, lowly; vile, base; dishevelled hair; matted wool; small teeth; a cumulated cloud.

A مقرع muqardah, The eleventh (horse) in a race.

muqarrar, Established, confirmed, ratified, agreed upon, fixed, settled; ascertained, undoubted, certain, infallible, unquestionable; appointed, assigned; tribute,

tax, impost, duty; [muqarrar ast, It is certain, there is no doubt about it;—muqarrar sākhtan (farmūdan, kardan, gardānīdan, &c.), To ratify, approve, confirm;—muqarrar farmūdan bā, To command, order, charge one;]—muqarrir, An establisher, confirmer; one who lays on a tax; one who forces to confess; a relater, narrator;—muqarriri da'wā, An advocate, counsellor, pleader.

a مقررة muqarrara, A fixed allowance; an

appointed portion.

a ماری muqarrarī, Fixed tenure in perpetuity.

a مقررى دار muqarrarī-dār, A holder of a

tenure in perpetuity.

muqarras, Round, circular (stud).

A مراه muqriz, A lender, usurer;—mu-

qarraz, Cut, clipped, shredded.

muqarrat, Adorned with ear-rings.

A مقرطون (?), People forsaken or forgotten (?).

A مقرطس muqartis, Owner of an Egyptian striped garment; owner of paper; a tall and fair girl (comp. قرطاس).

miqra'at, A whip, scourge.

and a free mother, or of an Arab mother and a father not Arab; (a horse) of a mean sire from a blood mare.

A p. muqram, A stallion-camel of great value, and exempted for that reason from labour; also one fatted for slaughter; made a lord or prince.

migramat, migrama, A veil embroidered with figures; a handkerchief, a

napkin; bed-clothes.

A cya muqrin, One who possesses or gives power; a helper; able, adequate, competent;—muqarran, Yoked with many others.

a مقرض muqarnas, A lofty circular building or parlour decorated with pictures, to which one ascends by a winding or spiral staircase; a kind of turban; various-coloured; inlaid, gilded, painted.

مارنس معرنص معرنص muqarnas, Inlaid, painted, adorned.

مالل م muqranfal, (Meat) spiced with

muqarná, Horned (snake). مقرنی ▲

A j. maqru', maqru', maqruw, Read; legible, readable.

A type magrain, Ulcerated; beaten (path).

magrar, Refreshed, cooled (the eye).

. maqrūş, Cut مقروص ▲

A مقروض maqrūz, Cut; lent; burdened with debt (qarz); indebted; in debt.

a مقروض maqrūzī, A person in debt.

maqruz, (Leather) tanned or dressed with the fruit of the acacia (qaraz), or tanned or dyed with the leaves of the tree salam.

A E3,30 maqrā', Chosen to be a stallion; a prince, chief of a people, master of a family; beaten, struck.

magruf, Suspected; blamed, re-

proved.

A cyst maqrūn, Conjoined, fastened, adhering, bound together; connected, related; near, neighbouring, contiguous; (in verse) baving three consecutive consonants movable, and the fourth quiescent or jazmated;—sa'ādat-maqrūn, Happy, august, united with felicity.

maqrūnīyat, Conjunction, proxi-

mity.

maqrīy, maqrī, Read, legible;—miqrā, One who entertains hospitably; the hospitable cup with which guests are welcomed;—muqrī, One who orders to read;—muqri', One who causes or orders to read; an elocutionist; the reader or minister of a mosque;—muqri'i tasbīh (subha), A large bead at the head of a rosary (see imāmi subha under old p. 97, and p. 698).

subha under اصمر p. 97, and بسمير p. 698). ما سمير p. 97, and سمير p. 698). ما miqzahat, A vessel in which spiceries or seasoning (qizh) for the pot

are kept.

mags (v.n.), Being perturbed, oppressed, perplexed (the heart).

maqsāt, Anything that causes مقساة م

hardness or obduracy.

A band muqsit, Just, equitable, impartial.

A maqsam, Part, portion;—maqsim,
A place of partition;—muqsam, Sword; an
oath; a place where people swear;—muqsim,
One who swears (by God);—muqassam,
Divided, distributed; scattered;—muqassim, A divider, distributor; a disperser,
scatterer.

A mugsamāt (pl. fem. of mug-

sam), Oaths.

ماسوم ماسوم magsüm, Distributed, divided, allotted, partitioned; quotient;—magsüm 'alai-hi, Divisor;—magsüm 'alai-hi a'zam, The greatest common divisor.

muqishsh, One who makes haste,

who goes away with rapidity.

muqashshab, Mixed (nobility), doubtful, apocryphal (in birth or reputation).

muqashshar, Barked, skinned, peeled; — muqashshir, A peeler, barker, skinner.

A مشعر maqsha'irr, One who trembles or thrills with horror.

muqashqishatān, The two chapters of the Qur'an entitled yā aiyu-hā'l-kāfirūna and al-ikhlās.

maqshūr, Peeled, barked.

معمى معمى maqshîy, maqshî, Peeled, barked, skinned.

A مقص miqaşş, Scissors;—muqişş, A retaliator, one who demands قمام q.v., p. 972.

A whole migassan (du. of migass), Two blades of scissors.

A ملمبة maqsabat, A bed or place where reeds or canes (qaṣab) grow; a reed-bank.

magsad, Intent, desire, will; intention, design, aim, end, enterprise; place of destination or tendency.

A sought after or courted on account of her elegance of figure.

a مقمد كاه maqsad-gāh, Place where one

intends to go or to stay.

A yellow magsir, magsar, Evening; twilight; end of the evening; — muqassar, Deficient, defective, falling short; — muqassir, A fuller; one who fails in his duty; — muqassir shudan, To be remiss, to do less than one ought to do (m.c.); — muqassir kardan, To make out that one fails in his duty, to reproach with neglect (m.c.).

magsarat, A mixture of darkness and light; evening;—migsarat, migsara, A fulling hammer, or beetle used by fullers, washers, or bleachers; a fuller or bleacher's

block.

مقمص muqasşaş, One whose forelocks are cut.

a كاما. A معمل miqsal, Sharp (sword or tongue).

A مقبرد maqsūd, Intended, proposed, desired, wished, sought; intention, design, aim, view, purpose, drift, desire, scope, object:—maqsūdi kun fakān, The purpose of (Him who said) "Be, and it was" (an epithet of Muhammad).

maqsūr, Abridged, curtailed, diminished, confined, restricted; deficient, defective, insufficient, unequal to, impo-

tent; shortened.

A مقمورات maqṣūrāt (pl. of the following), Chaste women.

maqsūrat, maqsūra, The most sacred place (in a temple), the part appropriated to the Imām, or officiating minister; a closet, or any retirement (in a house), to which only the master has access; a sanctum sanctorum; (a woman) kept at home; a chaste woman; the ornamented chamber where the bride sits;—alifi maqsūra, The letter & (á).

maqsūs, Cut; clipped.

A مقدل muqsá, Remote, removed, far distant.

miqzāb, A pruning-hook; (ground) producing plenty of clover (qazb).

miqzab, Pruning-hook; sharp

(sword).

A & maqzabat, maqzaba, A place where clover grows; a place where trees grow of

which bows are made.

a مقدى maqzī, Finished, settled; perfected, completed; decreed; — maqzīyu'l-marām shudan, To obtain the completion of one's wishes;—'alá maqzīyi'l fu'ād, According to the heart's desire.

A be mage (v.n.), Throwing (a ball, &c.)

on the ground and catching it on the rehound; throwing down; vehemence; severity;—miqatt, A piece of bone, ivory, &c. upon which the reed-pen is nibbed.

مطام مقطر م miqtār, Water-dropping (cloud).

A سقط muqattib, One who frowns, grim-looking, austere.

A da miqattat, miqatta, A bone on

which pens are nibbed.

مقار منظر miqtar, A chafing-dish, fire-pan, censer;—muqattar, Allowed to fall drop by drop; distilling, dropping, trickling;—ābi (mā'i) muqattar, Distilled water.

miqtarat, miqtara, A chafing-dish;

a censer; wooden shackles, the stocks.

maqta', Cutting, dividing; a cut, a place of separation; pass of a river; ford; interruption, an abrupt breaking off; a pause in reading, especially one in the Qur'an; ceasura in scanning; the last verse in a poem (opp. to maila' the "opening verse"); [maqta'i kalām, Interruption of speech;]-miqta', Shears for cutting cloth or silver; any cutting instrument; -muqta', fem. Laba muqta'at, muqta'a, Torn, cut off, from friends; one who is passed by when his companions are honoured with gifts; a misogynist; a place where a river is crossed, or a ditch excavated; [huruft muqta'a, Letters used as abbreviations for words as ملعم q.v. p. 792;]—muqti', Prevented from continuing a journey, especially a journey to Mecca; silenced, overcome in argument; - muqatta', Cut in pieces; cut out, shaped, trimmed according to law (as a beard); well-dressed; comely, beautiful; short, dwarfish.

مطاحت muqatta'āt (pl. fem. of muqatta'), Small garments, especially made of coarse silk; narrow (cloths); short poems; printed stuffs.

مقطعة maqta'at, maqta'a, Whatever cuts down or carries off (as fasting does sensual desires);— muqatta'at, muqatta'a, (Wine) diluted with water.

miqtalat, miqtala, An iron cutting مقطالة

instrument.

miqtam, A nail, claw, talon.

A مقطنة maqtanat, maqtana, A cottonplantation.

A مقطور maqtur, Dropped, fallen in drops; moistened with rain (land); besmeared with pitch.

maqtūrat, maqtūra, (Camels) مقطورة

tied one behind another.

nagtū', Cut, amputated; mutilated, disabled; separated, unconnected, interrupted; agreed upon, concluded, arranged; a bargain, a price, agreed upon; afflicted with asthma;—jurfi maqtū', An abrupt precipice.

maqtuf, Gathered (grapes or

other fruit).

A مضاول maqtūl, Cut, killed, slaughtered, massacred.

a agerly; abusing, reviling; striking vio-

lently; imprisoning.

A see maq'ad (v.n. of ise), Sitting down, resting; a seat, chair, carpet, cushion; hips, buttocks, anus; [maq'adu 'l-qābilat, Very near;]—maq'ad, Lame, crippled, obliged to sit, unable to stir; (the breast of a girl) beginning to swell; a poem which has a foot dropped and halts in every verse; flat-nosed;—muq'ad, muqa''ad, A veteran soldier exempted from further service.

maq'adat, The place of sitting;

a seat; the buttocks; a basis.

A jail muqa"ar, Excavated; hollow, concave; deep, profound; the coucave surface of a sphere;—āyīna'i muqa"ar, A concave mirror.

miq'aṭat, A turban-sash, wreath.

A معومة maq'ūṣat, (A sheep) troubled

with a distemper called qu'as.

A bas muqaffā. Rhythmically composed (oration); — kalāmi muqaffā, Rhythmical prose.

miqfàr, A desert without herbage

or water.

muqfir, Ruined, desolate, desert.

after the fashion of a bird-cage (qafas).

nuqaffa', Contracted, shrunk; one who has shrivelled (and contracted hands); — muqaffi', One who habitually hangs his head.

miqfa'at, A ferula with which

children are corrected.

muqfal, muqaffal, Bolted, locked (door); close-handed, stingy.

maqfūl, Locked, bolted (door).

muqfá, Preferred before, set over; —muqf i, One who prefers, or gives the preference; —muqaffá, (An oration) rhythmically composed, rhyming; —maqfi, Killed by an incision or blow on the back of the head or neck (qafa).

A Ja- maql (v.n.), Beholding, looking at; immerging (a thing) in water till it is covered; slandering, speaking evil of; —muql, Bdellium, a fragrant Arabian gumtree; —muqal, (pl. of muqlat), The black parts of the eye; —muqill, Poor, indigent, possessing little.

muql, A heavy iron mace; a medicine for driving away love; an aromatic mixture of aloes, amber, sandal, and other ingredients; gum (comp. the preceding

article).

 $miql\bar{a}'$, The club or bandy with which the *qulat* is struck in an Eastern game.

A معلق miqlāt, A frying-pan. A معلاد miqlād, A key; a lock. A مقلام miglās, (A camel) fattening in summer; nickname of a renowned thief.

A Ella miqlā', A sling (for stones); a pickaxe or implement for stocking up the ground.

A مقلاعة miqlā'at, A sling.

A wiglob, A spade, or any similar instrument with which ground is dug or turned over;— muqallab, Inverted;— muqallib, A turner;—muqallibu'l-qulub, (God) the converter of hearts.

A all maqlat, A stone put into a vessel in order to distribute water equally;—muqlat, The eye-ball; the black, also the white of the eye; the pupil of the eye; the middle of anything;—ibn muqlat, Name of a celebrated calligrapher, the inventor of various kinds of Arabic writing, such as the suls, tanqi, naskh, raihān, riqā, and muḥaqqaq; later calligraphers derived from riqā and tanqī the Persian writing talīq, and from naskh and talīq, the Persian nastalīq.

a suspended from the shoulder;—miqlad, A key;—muqallad, Imitated, mimicked, represented; imitable; the place to which a sword is suspended from the shoulder; the lower part of the neck where the neck-lace goes; adorned with a necklace or chain; installed in office;—muqallid, (A woman) adorning herself with a neck-lace; a follower, imitator, disciple; tutor, mimic, mime, mummer, buffoon; a comedian.

a مقلد واله muqullid-wār, Like an imitator, &c.; in the way of cant.

nuqalladāt, Poems extant from

age to age.

nuqallis, A mime, a mummer; one who beats the Arabian drum daf, and meets or goes before kings and other great men with that and other musical instruments ou triumphal occasions.

A مقلع muqla, Abstaining, desisting; — muqli, fem. مقلعه muqli'at, muqli'a, (A ship) rigged with sails.

م منام منام muqallam, Pared (nail); — muquallamu 'z-zufr, One whose nails have been cut; contemptible, despicable.

miqlamat, A pen-case.

مقار م maqlūw, in P. maqlū, Fried, cooked in a frying-pan.

مقاوب مقاوب مقاوب مقاوب مقاوب مقاوب مقاوب مقاوب مقاوب مقاوب معاوب مقاوب مقاوب معاوب

a maglad, Twisted (rope or bracelet).

مقلوع maqlū', Eradicated, torn up, removed from its place; removed from office, cashiered.

maqlūm, Pared, clipped:—maq-lūmu 'z-zufr, Abject (whose nails are cut).

maqlaniya, A long cucumber.

miqlā, A frying-pan; the stick, bandy, bat, or racket with which the ball (qulat) is struck in the game of hockey or shinty;—maqlī, Fried in a pan.

مقلية م maqliyat (v.n. of قلي), Hating.

maglid, A key.

ay مقليسا maglīsa, Seed of wild rue.

A disa migammat, A besom, broom,

A معمون muqmihūn, Baising their heads. معمون muqmir, قبد سرم muqmirat, muqmirat, muqmira, A moonlit night.

niqma'at, An iron hooked instrument for striking the head of an elephant when training or guiding him; a club, mace, or anything similar with which a man's pate is broken.

مقمل miqmal, Grown rich after having been poor;—muqmil, Breeding lice; pediculous.

A magmur, Beaten at dice.

a مقموط magmul, Bound hand and foot.

maqmū', Conquered, subdued.

a مقناطيس miqnafis, The loadstone, magnet.

muqannad, مقندل muqandá (Anything) dressed with sugar-candy.

muqantar, Arched; a sun-dial.

muqantarāt, Circles parallel with the horizon; bridges; arches.

A فقطرة muqantarat, muqantara, A huudred pounds weight.

a مقطيس mignatis, The loadstone.

naqna', Sufficient, satisfactory, valid, legal (evidence); —miqna', miqna'a, miqna'a, A coif of fine linen about two cubits long, open in front, worn by the Arabian women at home and abroad; —muqni', One who lifts up the eyes to heaven in devotion or humility; —muqanna', Covered with a helmet of iron; surname of a man supposed to have been endowed with witchcraft; —qamars'l-muqanna', A certain luminous appearance in the sky said to have been produced by him.

A مقنع migna'a, see مقنعه migna'.

A O'L' muqannan, fem. L'' muqannanat, muqannana, Ordered by law; [shurāṭi muqannana, Legal conditions or stipulations;]—muqannin, An institutor;—muqannini qawānīni 'adl u ihsān, Author of the institutions of justice and clemency.

Maqnud, Dressed with sugar-

candy.

muqnī, A spearman;—muqannī, Skilful in finding water;—muqannī 'l-arz, The hoopoo.

maqw (v.n.), Polishing (a sword); cleaning (the teeth); guarding; custody.

مقولی = ,muqauwā مقوا م

a t مقراحي muqauwājī, A worker in pasteboard.

a معوالي muqauwa'i, Made of pasteboard. A معوال miqwāl, Loquacious, talkative, verbose.

maqud, A horse or camel led in the hand and not ridden;—miqwad, Reins, a bridle, halter, that by which an animal is led, a leading string;—muqauwad, Led.

muqauwar, Bedaubed with pitch.

A مقوم miqwas, A quiver; a bow-case; a barrier, starting-post, the rope stretched before horses when starting at a race; a course, race-ground;—muqauwas, Arched, vaulted, curved.

a مقوس حواجب muqawwas-ḥawajib, With

arched eye-brows.

A مقوض muqauwaz, Demolished, taken down.

A being very lean and emaciated (camel).

nuqauqis, A bird resembling a pigeon with a black and white ring round the neck; name of the king of Egypt and Alexandria; name of a Roman governor of Egypt who sent presents to Muhammad; name of the kings of India.

A J. maqūl, Said, above-mentioned; what is said; a word, anything spoken before;—miqwal, The instrument of talking, the tongue; very talkative (man or woman); a king, especially of the Himyarite Arabians (a dictator); [zū miqwali jarī, Glib-tongued;]—muqauwal, Repeated again and again.

_ maqūlāt, pl. of مقولات م

a Nie maqula, Object of discussion, topic; saying, proverb; manner, fashion, kind; a category; an attribute.

A pie miquam, A plough-tail or handle; —muqauwam, Appointed, set over; straightened; valued, appraised; —muqauwim, One who rectifies, constitutes, adjusts, arranges, or directs; one who fixes the price.

A case, muqwi, Possessed of a strong beast of burden; strong (horse); one who descends into a desert; — muqauwá. Strengthened; pasteboard, cardboard (m.c.); a case, especially one of a circular oblong shape, in which rolls of papers are carried; —muqauwi. Corroborative; a strengthener, confirmer, fortifier; a comforter.

muqauwiyāt (pl. fem. of muqauwiyāt), Strengthening medicines;—muqauwiyāti bāh, Aphrodisiacs, stimulants;—muqauwiyāti bāh, Cordials;—muqauwiyāti dimāgh, Cephalics;—muqauwiyāti kabid, Hepatics;—muqauwiyāti mi'da, Tonics.

muqhar, Subdued, defeated, con-

quered.

مقبور م maqhur, Conquered, subdued, vanquished; deserving or destined to be

vanquished (as the armies of the infidels); oppressed, vexed.

muqaiyi', muqī, Vomitive (medicine).

A مقياس migyās, Quantity, measure; a measuring-instrument, the nilometer of Egypt; the hand of a watch or a dial; a scale; a probe for sounding a wound; miqyāsu 'l-harārat, A thermometer; -miqyāsu 'l-mā, A hydrometer; miqyāsu 'lmausim, A barometer or weather-glass.

muqyat, muqya, Inner corner of مقية

the eye.

، magīt, Hated ;—mugīt, Powerful مقيت one who maintains in victuals and takes care of; a guardian, keeper, inspector;

one of the names of God.

A مقيد muqaiyad, Bound, fixed; fettered; determined; attentive, solicitous, dedicated to, diligent; engaged; united, in unison; written, noted, registered, signed, marked; pointed (as letters); verse in which the harfi rawi is silent; - muqaiyad shudan, To give attention, to study, take care of.

a مقيدى muqaiyadī, Bondage; close at-

tention.

mugaiyar, Daubed over with pitch. A مطيس maqīs, Compared; comparison; -muqaiyas, Embroidered, ornamented; analogous.

maqīz, The place where an egg is مقبض

laid.

مقيط A مقيط maqīz, maqyaz, A summer-residence; muqaiyiz, Sufficient for the hot

مقيل magil (v.n. of مقيل), Taking a nap at mid-day or a little before; any place where one reposes then, a dormitory; the grave; -muqaiyil, Who gives to drink at noon.

muqui, Seven kinds of grain, namely, wheat, barley, vetches, lentils, beans, peas, and scarlet beans, with which a dish is prepared, and eaten on the tenth day of Muharram; this dish itself. (See the following article, and comp. هفت دانه.)

mugīl-bā, A kind of spoon-meat, composed of pounded flesh, sheep's chitterlings chopped small, the fat of a sheep's tail, mixed up with onions, wheat, rice, vetches, lentils, beans, scarlet-beans, turnips, beet, leeks, and carrots, and eaten on the tenth day of Muharram.

muqīm, A dweller, resident, inhabitant; fixed, assiduous, constant, persevering; an appraiser, a broker; a wholesale greengrocer; always, continually; muqim shudan, To dwell; to persevere; mugimi manzili haftum, The planet Saturn.

a مقيمى muqīmī, Brokerage.

a مقين muqaiyin, A decorator, adorner.

a مقينة muqaiyinat, muqaiyina, The tirewoman of a bride.

مقيى * muqā', Emetical, vomitive; an emetic.

mugi'āt, Emetics. مقيعات ▲

mak (imp. of makidan), Suck thou; (in comp.) one who sucks ;-mak, muk, A short spear, halberd, javelin.

A منه makk (v.n.), Sucking; suction.

A منه mukā' (v.n. of مکو), Whistling (a bird, or a man, especially on his fingers).

ma-kāb (prohib. of kābidan), Do not

dig, do not search for; reluctance.

A مكابدة mukābadat (v.n. 3 of كبد), Waxing callous with regard to evil, and enduring it with all its inconveniences; labour,

mukābarat, mukābara (v.n. 3 of کبر), Haughtiness, contention; conceit; mukābara u 'inād, Contention and stubbornness;—jadal u mukābara, Altercation

and pride.

A مكابلة mukābalat (v.n. 3 of دبل), Putting off payment of a debt; deferring to purchase a house adjoining to that which one possesses, in order that, after being bought by another, one may recover it at law by right of pre-emption (an evil prac-

a مكاتب makātib (pl. of maktab), Schools; -mukātab, A slave self-ransomed (written

off); -mukātib, A correspondent.

مكاتبات mukātabāt (pl. of the following), Correspondences; — mukātahāti 'al-lāmī, The letters of 'Allāmī (poetical surname of Abū 'l-Fazl, the celebrated secretary of Akbar; the two words form a ta'rikh or chronogram of their collection by 'Abdu 's-Samad Muhammad, nephew of the author, A.H. 1015);—uslūbi mukātabāt, Epistolary style.

مكاتبة mukātabat (v.n. 3 of كتب Corre. sponding by letter; (a slave) giving a certain sum of money to his master for

liberty.

mukātamat, A concealing (of one's secret).

A مكاتيب $mak\bar{a}t\bar{\imath}b$ (pl. of $makt\bar{\imath}ub$), Letters; writings; — khalītahāyi makātib, Letterbags.

مكاثبة mukāṣabat (v.n. 3 of حكاثبة , Approaching each other, drawing nigh.

ـ mukūṣarat (v.n. 3 of کثر), Dis مکاثرة

puting about multitude; copiousness.

A مكامل makāhil (pl. of mikhal), Pins,

bodkins for anointing the eyes with collyrium.

A مكاد makād (v.n. of كود), Being near, or all but (doing); being hardly able (to

آ مكاذبه mukāzabat (v.n. 3 of مكاذبه), Considering as false, regarding as a liar.

مكارة makkār, fem. قبارة makkārat, makkūra, Cheat, knave, swindler, impostor.

ب مكارات . Mukārāt, in P. مكارات , A hiring out, letting on hire.

سکاریة mukārabat (v.n. 3 of کرب), Being near (happening), preparing for.

mukāradat, A driving off one another.

makārim (pl. of makrumat), Laudable or generous actions of noble, honourable men; excellencies, virtues; favours, benefits; miracles.

A مكارمة mukāramat (v.n. 3 of كرم), Contending, vying with about honour, nobility,

or bounty.

a مكارمكار makārim-kār, Who commits a generous action; who performs miracles.

سكارون A سكارون mukārūn (pl. of mukārī), Camelhirers.

makārih, Inconveniences, misfortunes, accidents; disagreeable things; abominations.

mukāri, One who lets out camels, horses, or mules; a muleteer; a camelleader.

a مكارى makkārī, Cheating, knavery,

roguery.

ma-kās (prohib. of kāstan), Do not diminish; -mukās, Earnest endeavour, intense exertion, importunity; toll, tribute, custom; a toll-gatherer; a tithe-collector.

مكاس Mikās (v.n. 3 of مكس), Bidding against each other; -mikās kardan, To bid against another, to raise the price.

مكاسب ه makāsib (pl. of maksab), Earn-

ings, acquisitions, gains.

A مكاسرة mukāsarat (v.n. 3 of كسرة), Contending or vying with in breaking; consternation.

mukāsa, A village held free by a Poligar on condition of his protecting the property of passengers (an Indian term).

makāsir (pl. of maksūr), Things

broken.

A مكاهمة mukāshaḥat (v.n. 3 of كشم),

Having a secret grudge against.

A قرم mukāsharat (v.n. 3 of مكاهرة), Laughing or grinning (at one) with shut

mukäshafat, mukäshafa (v.n. 3 مكاهفة of کشف), Acting openly (with); showing open enmity, persecuting; displaying (anything); revelation, apocalypse; (in the language of the Sufis) ecstasis, ecstatio contemplation of God.

مكاطة مسلاة mukāzzat (v.n. 3 of كاطة مكاطة م vouring to get into the thick of the fight.

A مكاعمة muka'amat (v.n. 3 of مكاعمة), Kissing; lying within one garment (with a woman).

سكافات . mukāfāt, in P. مكافات (v.n. 3 of کفی), Compensating; recompense, retribution, compensation; construed with didan, kardan, kashidan, &c; - mukāfāt-an, By way of compensation, retaliation, or recompense.

mukāfaḥat (v.n. 3 of مكافحة م sing with unveiled lips; fighting face to face; altercation, strife, battle; superin-

tending an important work.

mukāfarat, A denying one his مكافرة A due.

مكائل mukāfil, A neighbour; a sworn

mukāfi', mukāfī, Equal, like another in any quality that admits of comparison; -qat'i mukāfi, The parabola.

makājīf (pl. of makfūf), Blind. م مَكَاكَم mukākat, Marrow; anything sucked;—makkākat, A handmaid.

makākaft, Pain, trouble, misfortune.

makākīk (pl. of مكاكيك makākīk makkūk), Measures which contain three

مكال A مكال makāl (v.n. of مكال), Measuring

(corn).

مكالبة mukālabat (v.n. 3 of كلب Being malignant, hurting one another; scuffling, brawling; a scuffle, a brawl.

mukālamat, mukālama (v.n. 8 مكالمة کلم), Talking together; conversation, dialogue, conference; mukālama kardan,

To discourse, reason.

A dealso mukama'at (v.n. 3 of کمع), Lying within one garment with; drawing

A مكامن makāmin (pl. of makmin), Am-

bushes, hiding-places, ambuscades.

مكان makān, A place; a habitation, house, dwelling; situation; dignity; $\lfloor ma_{-} \rfloor$ kāni khafi, A secret place; —makāni rafi, A high place; exalted dignity; -makani 'aliya, The seventh heaven; -makani qarib, A near place; the grave; -makan giriftan, To take possession of a place or dignity;]makkān, one who sucks his cattle from avarice, so as not to be overheard in milking them.

makānāt (pl. of the following),

Places; dignities, posts of honour.

A مكانة makānat, makāna (v.c. of مكن), Place, station, dignity, &c. (= older q.v.).

makān-dār, Owner of a place; the fagir who occupies any particular station; watchman.

A مكالس makānis (pl. of miknasat), Besoms.

مکارma- $k\bar{a}v$, مکاب q.v.

a مكاني makānī, Relating to place, local.

A مكارحة mukāwaḥat (v.n. 3 of كورة), Railing at one another; abusing each other face to face.

A مكاهلة mukāhalat (v.n. 3 of كبل), Being married; being advanced in age, getting on in life.

A مكائد makā'id (pl. of makīdat), Frauds, cheats; artifices, stratagems.

مكايدة mukäyadat (v.n. 3 of كيد), The

act of circumventing.

مكايسة mukāyasat (v.u. 3 of كيس), Contending about sagacity or ingenuity; using cunning in buying or selling.

A مكايلة mukāyalat (v.n. 3 of كيل), Mea-

suring one another; doing or saying as another had said or done; railing at, reviling.

مكائيل مكائيل makā'īl, Dry or liquid-mea-

sures.

A → → mukibb, Prone, inclined; diligent, assiduous; depressing; humiliating.

مكبر anakbir (v.n. of مكبر), Being of an advanced age; a great age.

A قبرة makbarat, makburat, A great age.

Mukabbal, Fettered; imprisoned. مكبوك م makbūs, Putrid, tainted (meat).

makbūd, Hurt or diseased in the liver.

مكبوراه ه makbūrā' (pl. of kabīr), Grandees; great.

a سکبول makbūl, Fettered; prisoner, cap-

tive.

مكبون Makbūn, (A camel) troubled with the disease kubān.

Makkat, makka, A place of great concourse; Mecca in Arabia, where Muhammad was born.

miktaf. A horse hurt in the shoulder (katif) by the saddle.

maktab, A place or time of writing; a writing-school; -muktab, Taught; -muktib, A writing-master; --mukattab, Written, registered, enrolled, inscribed; (cavalry) drawn up in squadrons.

a كتب عالم maktab-khāna, A writing-

school.

a باکتب دار maktab-dār, A schoolmaster. a مكتب كاله maktab-gāh, A writing-school.

muktatim, Hidden, concealed; a concealer; clouds without thunder.

muktahil, One whose eyes are مكتمل tinged with collyrium (kuhl).

muktarib, Afflicted, grieving,

muktaris, Solicitous, anxious مكترث about; afraid.

A مكترى muktari, A hirer, taker on hire ; hired.

مكتسب A مكتسب muktasab, Acquired; -muktasib, An acquirer, gainer; studious, attentive, assiduous.

muktasir, A breaker, bruiser.

A مكتسى muktasī, Clothed, clad, dressed; One who dresses himself.

mukattaf, Pinioned.

muktafil, One who appoints or مكتفل 🛦

muktafi', One who turns (a vessel) head downwards; - muktafi, Content; complete, perfect, significant (sentence).

مكتلى muktalī, Pained in the kidneys. mukattam, Concealed, closely hidden.

Muktamin, Concealed (grief). muktann, Hidden, concealed; the haunt or lurking-place of a wild beast.

muktaniz, Compact, close, full.

a مكتنف muktanif, Who or what surrounds, blockades, besieges, encloses, hedges; a helper.

muktanih, One who reaches the summit, or who arrives at the end (kunh).

مكتني A مكتني muktanī, Called or known by the figure metonymy (kināyat); styled, dubbed.

maktūb, Written; sewn, stitched, or pasted together; a letter, writing, scripture; a collection of letters; — maktūb ilai-hi, The person written to, the addressee of a letter; -- maktūbi mahabhat (mawaddatuslūb), A friendly letter, letter of compliment;—al-maktūb, The scriptures, holy writ.

maktūbāt (pl. fem. of the preceding), Writings, letters.

a مكتوبى maktūbī, Epistolary; delivered in writing; a secretary.

maktūm, Hidden, concealed.

maktūmat, maktūma, The well Zamzam.

a مكتهل muktahil, Of mature age; grey;

full-grown, flourishing plant.

maks, muks (v.n.), Delaying, waiting, expecting; delay;—maks namūdan, To remain, stay, delay (m.c.).

مکثار م

miksār, Talkative, a great talker.

سكثان س mukṣān, Delay.

mukgir, Rich, wealthy, opulent ; mukassir, One who augments or multiplies; (in gram.) the plural number.

makṣarat, Anything augmentative. مكثرة ▲

مكثوب ه maksūb, Collected.

_ makṣūr-ʻalaihi, Much fre مكثور عليه م quented; greatly urged, thronged by creditors, dunned.

a مكثى makṣī, Tardy.

miksīr, Very talkative.

A الله mikhāl, الله mikhal, A bodkin with which collyrium is applied to the eye; - mukahhal, Painted or anointed, especially with blacklead or a preparation of the powder of tutty, which is applied to the eyes.

mukhulat, A box in which collyrium or sulphuret of antimony (kuhl) is

kept.

makhūl, Anointed with collyrium; name of a servant of Muhammad; of a certain lawyer; also of a horse.

mukaddar, Rendered muddy or turbid; disturbed, afflicted, vexed; un-

easy, anxious, sullen.

mukaddarāt (pl. fem. of the preceding), Disturbances, afflictions, distressful events.

a مكدراله mukadarrāna, Distressed, desolate, afflicted; sadly, with sadness (m.c.).

a مکدر ساز mukaddar-sāz, A disturber, troubler.

makdītus, Name of Wāmiq's father.

mukzib, One who eggs on or مكذب ▲ compels (another) to tell a lie; one who detects and exposes a falsehood, or who accuses of lying; - mukazzib, One who gives the lie.

A لابك makzabat, A lie.

مكاوب م makzūb, Noted as a liar; a lie.

makzūbat, makzūba, A lie.

makr, in P. also makar (v.n.), Plotting; deceiving; fraud, plot, machination; trick, artifice; duplicity; malice, malignity; pretext, pretence; construed with the verbs baston, kardan, &c.; red earth; ruddle; name of a tree; colouring with ruddle or with the tree makr; makarr, A field of battle, a place of combat; mikarr, An assailant; (a horse) fit to make an onset; a charger.

mikrām, One who pays men مكرام A honour.

a مكر آميز makr-āmez, Deceitful.

makrān, mukrān, Name of a city مكران and country in Iran.

▲ → mukrab, Firmly-tied (rope); compact (building or joint); thrown into straits.

makarat, makara (pl. of mākir), Deceivers, cheats.

a مکر چکر makar chakar, Fraud and subterfuge.

a سكرعن mukarkhan (from P. مكرعن عالم

q.v.), Made, manufactured.

mukarrar, Repeated, reiterated; the letter, ra; often, repeatedly; a second time, again ;--mukarrar ān-ki, mukarrar qalamī, Post scriptum; -mukarrar kardan, To repeat, confirm by repetition;—tajnāsi mukarrar, A play on words of the same sound and different meanings immediately following one another; -shakari mukarrar, Refined sugar; conserve of roses; -guli mukarrar, Conserve of roses.

A مكرم mikras, A leathern milk-pail.
A مكرم mukram. fem. مكرم mukramat, mukrama, Honoured, noble; generous, liberal; — mukrim, One who honours; courteous, friendly, affable; —mukarram, Honoured, respected, revered; noble, august, illustrious, venerable; liberal, generous; boly, sacred; - hajari mukarram, The revered stone, i.e. the philosopher's stone; - shauwālu 'l-mukarram, The revered month Shauwal; - wujūdi mukarram-ash, His sacred or august person.

makramat, Honour, glory, dignity, nobility, liberality, greatness; respectability; the actions of a generous, noble, and honourable man; generosity, bounty; clemency, grace, beneficence;mukarramat, mukarrama, fem. of mukarram, Mecca.

a مكرمت كستر makramat-gustar, Diffusing

beneficence, gracious, liberal.

سکریه makrana, Goats'-beard, a herb.

سکروب ه makrūb, Sad, oppressed with grief.

مكروس A مكروس makrūs, Fallen on the back, supine; placed one upon the other; founded (as a building, &c.).

makrūnitan, (in Zand and Pā-

zand) To take, to receive.

makrūh, Hated, odious, detestable, abominable, execrable, disgusting, obscene; (in a milder sense) improper, unbecoming, distasteful, unpleasant; an act disapproved of by (Muhammadan) law, but not invalidated by it; -makruh dashtan, To hate, abhor.

مکروهات 🛦 makrūhāt, Abominations, shameful acts, odious, dirty, or detestable things; things to be avoided, although not

absolutely unlawful.

a مكرة mukrah, Compelled, forced.

سكرهة م makrahat (v.n. of كرة , Hating, abhorring, loathing; aversion, abhorrence, disgust

مکری makrī, in P. also makarī, Deceit-ful, fraudulent, &c. ;—mukrá, Hired.

makzīk, Mexico (m.c. from Fr. la مكزيك

Mexique).

مكس A مكس maks (v.n.), Offering a price, bidding at a sale; lowering, bating a price, cheapening; collecting taxes, or tithes; oppressing; customs, duties, tribute, tithes (in these latter meanings in P. also makis).

مکساب ه miksāb, A gainer, winner.

مكسال ه miksāl, Sluggish, lazy; (a girl) delicately brought up, who scarce moves from (her) seat.

A سکسب maksab, maksib, A place of gain;

gain, acquisition.

mikast, An obsolete form of shikast, joined to the latter by itba', to heighten the sense; —shikast-mikast, He broke (it) quite, he dashed (it) all to pieces.

A مُكسيده miksahat, Besom, broom; snow-

shovel.

مكسر a maksir, A place of fracture; a place of trial, testing, or proving; -mukassar, Broken; the broken or irregular plural in Arabic; square, cubic; square measurement; - mukassir, One who breaks in pieces; who routs an enemy.

maksūw, maksū, Člothed, dressed,

A مکسوب *maksūb*, Gained, gotten, earned. maksürat, o مكسورة maksür, fem. مكسور maksūra, Broken; a consonant marked with the vowel kasra - i; a fraction in arith-

ma-kash (prohib. of kashīdan), Do not draw; - makish, Suction; -ma-kush (prohib. of kushtan), Do not kill.

makshūh, Branded under the

short ribs; name of a certain valiant man. مكشوط م makshūt, Flayed (camel); taken off, removed (horse-cloth).

makshūf, Uncovered, unveiled,

discovered, disclosed, displayed, revealed; open; —makshūfu'l-'aurat, Whose nudity is exposed; — makshūfu 'l-qalb, Openhearted.

makzūz, Oppressed مكظوط mukazzaz, مكظط with labour.

makzūm, Checked, restrained

(anger); vexed, sad.

muka"ab, Of a square or cubic form; cubical; (cloth) dyed with square figures; a geometrical cube; — muka"ab, (A girl) with a swelling bosom; swelling (bosom).

A muka bar, muka bir, Name of two poets, the one Arabian, the other Persian.

mak'ūm, Muzzled (camel). A فاغه makfāt, A sufficiency.

A مكالله mikfāl, Large-hipped.

mukfar, mukaffar, One who receives no thanks from those he has served, one whose favours are unacknowledged.

a سكفن mukaffan, Shrouded, wrapped in

a winding-sheet (kafan).

- makfuf, Closed, drawn together (purse-string); restrained, kept back; stretched on (hand); blind; a particular foot in versification, in which the seventh quiescent letter is dropped; -makfūfu'lbasar, Blind.
- makfül, Secured (by bond); hypothecated; mortgaged, pledged, bailed.

makfū', Inverted, upset (vessel). makfī, Sufficient; comfortable, well off (in regard to food and clothing).

makil, A leech.

awil, (A well) exhausted of water; -mukul (pl. of $mak\bar{u}l$), Wells containing little mud.

mukalla', A mooring, dock, anchor-

age, or harbour; a river's bank.

مكلب mukallib, A trainer of dogs (kalb). A مكلة maklat, muklat, Little thin black mud in a well.

مكلس Mukallas, Calcined; covered with lime (kils); burnt; — mukallis, A limeburner, maker of mortar.

A مكلع mukli', Dirty (vessel).

Mukallaf, Busied, occupied, engrossed; put to trouble; excellent, choice; well-made, elaborate, elegant; - mukallif, One who puts to inconvenience or trouble; -al-mukallif (in correspondence), Your obedient servant.

سكلكل ه mukalkal, With protruding chest (kalkal); girt with the cingle (horse).

مكلل ه mukallal, Crowned; ornamented with jewels; edged, bordered; -mukallal ba-almās, Set in diamonds (m.c.).

مكلوب maklūb, Attacked by hydrophobia; maddened by the bite of a rabid

dog(kalb).

Maklūm, Wounded, hurt.

a مكلي maklī, Pained or hurt in the kidneys.

سكماة makma'at, A place full of mushrooms.

a گمگ mikammat, Anything covering the muzzle of an ass (as a nose-bag); a harrowor implement for covering over seed cast into the ground.

mukmah, High, lofty, proud.

mikmal, Consummate, perfect (either in excellence or villainy); - mukammal, Perfected, complete, consummate; most excellent; -mukammil, Who or what completes, perfects, supplements.

مكمن makman, An ambush, a hidingplace; a concealed place.

A مكمنة makmanat, A treasury.

A مكمود makmūd, Saddened, inwardly grieved.

A مكموم makmūm, (A camel) muzzled that he may not bite; (a date) enveloped in the husk.

makmūn, Hid, concealed.

makn, makin, Eggs of lizards or locusts; — mukann, Hid, concealed, stored in the mind.

mukanā' (pl. of makīn), Firmly fixed, established by custom; high in rank or office; - mukannā, Surnamed, styled, dubbed (= مكنى).

a سكنات makināt (pl. of makinat), Eggs of lizards, locusts, or similar animals.

a مكنة miknat, muknat, Power, strength, force, authority, virtue;—makinat, makina, One egg of a lizard, locust, or similar animal; the lodging-place of a bird; mukannat, mukanna, (A girl) secluded and kept out of the sight of men.

مكنس A مكنس mukannis, A besom-maker or vendor.

a miknasat, A besom, brush, broom. mukannaf, Everywhere مكنف rounded or enclosed.

maknūz, Hid, laid up in a trea-

sury.

maknūzāt (fem. pl. of the preceding), Treasured or hidden things; concealed or deep meanings.

مكنوس ه maknūs, Swept (house); treasured.

maknūn, Uidden, concealed, laid مكنون up; secret; -durri maknūn, A fine pearl.

maknūnat, maknūna, The well مكنونة Zamzam; secluded (girl).

makni, mukanná, Designated by مكنى the rhetorical figure metonymy, surnamed, nicknamed, styled, dubbed.

makw (v.n.), Whistling (as a bird,

or as a man on his fingers).

mako, A weaver's shuttle; name of a species of solanum (nigrum?).

A مكواة mikwāt, A hot instrument for

cauterizing or marking the skin, a cauter.

mikwārat, A turban.

nikūs, Delay. مكوث

A عرض makūd, (A camel) always abounding in milk; -mukūd, (v.n. of مكد), Remaining or stopping.

makūr, A cheat, knave, impostor; مكور -mikwar, A turban; —mukūr (pl. of makr). Frauds, machinations, impostures.

سکوره ه mikwarat, A turban.

mikwas, A tool for notching مكوس A millstones; - mukūs (pl. of maks), Tolls, dues, customs.

مكوك A weaver's shuttle.

makkūk, A drinking-cup made in the form of a ship; a measure containing a sā' and a half; or half a ritt; or half a waibat; or three kailajāt.

مکوکب mukaukib, Glittering, starlike.

makūl, A well which contains little water, and is allowed to rest in order that the water may collect;—mukūl (v.n. of مكل), Containing little mud (a well).

makūn (A locust, lizard, or any similar animal) that has laid its eggs;-

mukauwin, A creator.

a مكي makkī, fem. مكي makkīyat, makkīya, A native of Mecca; revealed at Mecca (a chapter of the Qur'an, of which seventy are said to have been revealed at Mecca, and forty-four at Madina).

mikyāz, Beardless youth; infamous

boy.

a مکیال mikyāl, A measuring-instrument or vessel, either for dry goods or liquids.

ma-kib (prohib. of kibidan), Do not turn from the right road; do not depart from that resolution; be not seduced; do not mislead.

makīs, Grave, sedate; — makīs

kardan, To tarry.

مکید ه makīd (v.n. of مکید ,Laying snares, plotting mischief and fraud.

makīdat, makīda, Deceit, fraud, stratagem.

makidan, To suck.

a مکیده makīda, Sucked.

a مكيس makīs, Duties, fees, taxes, toll, impost (see حکس);—mukes, (by Immalah for mukās), Diminution, lowering of the price;—mukās, Ernest endeavour, intense exertion; -mukaiyas, Ingenious, sagacious, prudent, cunning, sharp, shrewd; - mukaiyis, A rubber in a public bath.

مکیف mukaiyaf, Qualified, designated; intoxicated; -mukaiyif, Intoxicating, ine-

مکیفات سلامiyifāt (pl. fem. of mukaiyif), Intoxicants; spirits; inebriating drugs

makik, A weaver's shuttle.

مکیل makil (v.n. of کیل), Measuring (corn); measured; -mikyal, مكيلة mikilat, A measuring-instrument or vessel, either for dry goods or liquids.

A open makin, An inhabitant, dweller;

firmly fixed, well-established; grave, au-

thoritative, in a high station; master or mistress of a house.

Makinat, Slowness, sedateness, gravity; design, purpose, intention.

makyūl, Measured.

mag, Name of a people inhabiting the shores of Aracan; (Zand and Pazand) a tree; a palm.

سكأتريوم magātariyum, Megatherium

(m.c.). magar, But; unless, except, only, if it is not; perhaps, by chance, haply; moreover; nay.

ma-gard, Turn or convert not; re-

turn not.

magarmaj (S. makara - mateya), Crocodile; alligator.

migril, Mingrelia (m.c.). مگرنه mugrana, = مگرنه q.v.

magas (S. makshaka), A fly; a freckle; the sight of a gun; a kind of Indian corn; — magasi angubīn ('asal), A bee ;—magas parānīdan, To whisk the flies (from off the goods), a phrase for duluess of market.

magas-rān, A fan, a fly-flap; magas-rāni hinā-basta, A fly-flap made of

horse-hair and coloured red.

مگس رالی magas-rānī, Fly-flapping, fanning.

مگس ريدة magas-rīda, Dirtied by flies. magasak, A little fly, a gnat.

magas-gīr, A cobweb; anything for keeping the flies off; an insect of the spider-kind; a white worm found in gardens and in the dung of cattle.

magasnāk, Infested with flies.

magasnak, Infested v مگس وار magaswār, Like a fly. magasī, Fly-bitten freckled. (colour);

magal, A frog ;—magil, A leech. سگو ma- $g\bar{o}$, ma- $g\bar{u}$ (prohib. of guftan), Say not; tell not; do not tell.

mil, Hair; -- mul, Wine; spirituons

liquor; a pair; a guava.

mall (v.n.), Basting (a garment slightly before the second sewing, called kaff); laying (meat or bread) on ashes or coals to roast or bake; being tired, weary, jaded, languid, satiated, sated.

A had' (v.n.), Filling;—mil', Anything that fills another; fulness; [mil'u'lfam, A mouthful; - mil'i kaf, A handful;]-mala', mala, (v.n. of ملی) Being full: the body (as filling space); a body of men, assembly, meeting, mote, parliament, crowd; nobles; people; the public; deliberation, consultation for mutual assistance; nobility, high rank, superiority; disposition, habit, manners; opinion; desire, concupiscence; [mala'i a'lā, The sublime assembly, court of heaven; -bar mala' 'alá mala'i 'n-nās, Before men, in the sight of all; — bar mala' uftādan, To become public; -- khalā wa malā, Empty and full space, emptiness and fulness; __ mala', Wealth, opulence; -mila', Opulent, wealthy; -mullā, A schoolmaster, doctor, learned man, a judge, a priest; (cor. of ملواح milwah), a decoy-bird.

A of mula'ā' (pl. of malī'), Opulent. A Being rich; ملو mala'at (v.n. of ملو"), Being rich; being troubled with a rheum and stuffiness; -mula'at, Heaviness from repletion.

A mil'am. One who abets low, base,

avaricious fellows (la'īm).

A dodlo mula'amat (v.n. 3 of الام), Consenting, being of accord; agreeing with anyone (food); adjusting differences (betwixt people), uniting (them) together in

A ما ساله mal'ān, (A cup) full (of water).

malāb, A species of aromatic resembling khalūq; saffron.

malābār, Malabar in India.

malābis (pl. of malbas), Garments; [malabis u ma'kal, Clothes and food; \text{-mulabis, One who mixes or holds} intercourse with; a dissimulator.

ملابس mulābasat (v.n. 3 of لبس), Mixing in, transacting (business); knowing (a man) inwardly; commerce, intercourse;

dissimulation.

A & malāt, A desert, a plain; —mal'at, mil'at (v.n. of "), Filling :-mil'at, The manuer in which anything is filled;mil'at, mul'at, Heaviness (from repletion); -mul'at, Defluxion, rheum.

malās, A man or family distin-

guished for nobility.

Mulasamat (v.n. 3 of الثم mulasamat (v.n. 3 of ملائمة

mulājjat (v.n. 3 of جا), Litigating, disputing; drawing out a dispute to a

great length.

A ch milāh (pl. of milh), Salts; (pl. of malīḥ) beautiful; — mulāḥ, Salt (adj.); elegant, pretty, good ;-mallah, A seaman, sailor, mariner, hoatman; a pilot; a manufacturer or vendor of salt; -mallāhi safīnaguzār, A skilful pilot.

mulāḥāt (v.n. 3 of الحي), Disputing, debating; opposing, litigating.

a ملاحان mallāḥān, P. pl. of mallāḥ, Sea-

A ملح malāḥat, malāḥa (v.n. of ملح ملاحة), Being salt (water); being good, agreeable, or elegant; beauty, elegance, goodness, excellence, fineness, delicacy; beauty of the mouth; [malāḥa'i bī-hamtā, Peerless beauty;] -milahat, Navigation; seamanship, the profession of a sailor; -mallahat, A saltpit, salt-pan, or any place whence salt (milh) is procured.

A مالمد malahid (pl. of mulhid), Heretics; infidels, atheists; -mulahid, Crooked, false; insincere, hypocritical; impious, heretical;

a heretic.

Acting (لحد mulāhadat (v.n. 3 of ملحدة), Acting hypocritically or indirectly; [ahli mulahadat. Intriguers, mischief-makers, schemers; -mulāḥidat, mulāḥida, Heretics; infidels, atheists.

mulāḥazat, mulāḥaza (v.n. 3 of Looking askance at each other through the outer corner of the eye; looking attentively, contemplating, remarking; having one's eye upon; contemplation, consideration, view, notice; conclusion; opinion, fancy, surmise; prudence; -mulahaza shudan, To be seen, viewed, inspected, glanced at; -ba-mulahaza, For the inspection of; with reference to.

malāḥif (pl. of milḥaf, milḥafat),

Sheets, coverlets; outer garments.

A deal mulahafat (v.n. 3 of الحف Being assiduous, sticking closely one to another;

assisting.

A ملك mulāḥakat (v.n. 3 of علم), Being inserted and adhering firmly; being let into one another (as the vertebræ or joints of the back)

malāḥim, Fleshy parts; (pl. of malhamat) bloody battles; — mulāham, Added, annexed, joined; firmly-twisted

(rope).

مالمه mulahamat (v.n. 3 of مالمه مالمه Join-

ing, causing to stick together.

ملحنة mulahanat (v.D. 3 of ملحنة , Displaying quickness and intelligence one towards another; bandying talk; evincing talent in comprehending the meaning of what is said.

a ملاحى mallāḥī, The profession of a seafaring man; of or belouging to seaman or pilot (m.c.); nautical (m.c.); a manufactory of salt; - mulahi, A species of oblong and whitish grapes.

a ما ما ما mullihiyat, The nautical art,

navigation; seamanship.

malākh, Malacca; name of a drug;mallakh, Fugitive; who oft absconds.

ملع malākhat (v.n. of ملع), Being in-

sipid (meat).

سلامه malākha, Malacca.

A ملادة mulāddat (v.n. 3 of ملادة , Litigating, pleading (for another); driving off, thrust-

malādis (pl. of mildas), Large stones with which date-stones are broken.

a ملاك malāz, An asylum, refuge, protection, defence, stronghold; a protector; [malāzu 'l-fuqarā, Refuge of the poor;]mallaz, A liar, one whose words and actions do not correspond; — malāzz (pl. of malazz). Delights.

ملاية mulāzabat (v.n. 3 of اللب), Stay-

ing, stopping, standing still.

a ملاك جرد malaz-jard, ملاك جرد malaz-gard, Name of a town in Armenia, built of black stone and treeless.

a ملا روهني mullā-roshanī, A bat.

a solj de mullā-zāda, The son of a Mulla.

A قارئة malāzat, malāza (A place) abounding with almonds (lauz), an almond-grove;
—mulāzzat (v.n. 3 of أَوْرُ), Adhering, being

joined or connected with.

A pilo mulāzim, Assiduous, diligent, attentive, attached to, persevering, inseparable, adhering firmly; continuing attending or serving (domestic); a servant, an attendant;—mulāzimi dargāh (sulṭān), An attendant upon a king or his court; a courtier.

a مازماس mulāzimān (P. pl. of the preceding), Servants, &c.;—mulāzimāni sarkār. The attendants of the state or govern-

ment; the servants of a great man.

assiduous, fixed to, persevering in; serving continually; attendance, dependence; assiduity, diligence; service, paying respects to a superior; interview;—mulūzamat kardan, To be assiduous, to be diligent, to assist, serve.

a ملزمي mulāzimī, Service; attendance.

malāza, mulāza, səb malāzha, The uvula of the throat; top of the windpipe; the palate; the bone with which the tongue is connected.

A ملس mulāsat (v.n. of ملس), Being sleek, smooth, and bare; smoothness, sleekness;—mallāsat, A roller for the

mulāsanat (v.n. 3 of السن , Rail-

ing against; arguing, discussing.

mulāṣiq, Contiguous, adjoining, neighbouring; a companion, attendant; a neighbour.

A مالمقة mulāṣaqat (v.n. 3 of المقام), Adhering, being joined to; being contiguous;

contignity.

A Lie milat, Clay, mud, or mortar, with

which walls are built or plastered.

malāṭis (pl. of milṭas or milṭās), Stones with which date-stones are crushed.

A مالكم mulāṭif, Courteous, polite, civil,

affable, humane; pleasant, facetious.

A مَلْمُعُهُ mulātafat, mulātafa (v.n. 3 of المُلْف), Behaving courteously, showing favour reciprocally; courtesy, politeness, favour, kindness, benignity; a letter. an epistle;—mulātafat (mulātafa) kardan, To caress, to favour.

ماللم mulatamat (v.n. 3 of المام), Slapping, buffeting, cuffing, boxing (one an-

other).

malāṭiya, Malathia or Melita in

Armenia Minor.

م الله malā', An unfrequented desert; - 'uqābi malā', The eagle of the desert, which feeds on field-mice, called in Persian mūsh-khwār (used to imply a thing very rare).

malā'ib (pl. of mal'ab), Jests, pleasantries; play-grounds, places of games or entertainments; [malā'ibu 'r-riḥ, Cur-

rents of wind; —mulā'ib, A player, jester; playing about; —mulā'ibu zilli-hi, Name of a bird which endeavours to catch its own shadow in the water.

A مليك mula'abat (v.n. 3 of ملاعبة), A play-

ing, joking, toying.

مالعب mulā'ajat (v.n. 3 of العي), Being oppressive, giving great pain or affliction.

ماعق malāʻiq (pl. of mil'aqat), Spoons. ماعن malāʻin (pl. of mal'anat), Things which bring down curses.

a ملاعنه mulā'anat (v.n. 3 of ملاعنه), Execrating, cursing (one another); giving a decision, pronouncing sentence (a judge).

malā'īn (obl. pl. of mal'ūn used

as nom.), Cursed.

malāghim, The outer parts of the mouth within reach of the tongue (generally covered with froth in camels).

malāq, A trowel, harrow, roller, or any instrument for smoothing walls, earth,

and the like; -mallaq, A flatterer.

رالقي mulāqāt, in P. مالقات (v.n. 3 of القي), Meeting, encountering, falling on; conversing; a meeting, interview, introduction; a visit; conversation; carnal intercourse; — mulāqāti bāz-dīd, A returnvisit (m.c.); —mulāqāt kardan, To meet, encounter, have an interview with (m.c.).

a ملاقاتی mulāqātī, An acquaintance; a

visitor.

mulqānī, Name of a tribe. ملقائي

nalāqih, Winds which drive the clouds, shake and fructify the trees; (pl. of mulqih) Stallions; (pl. of mulhaqut) camels in foal.

mulāqis, Who calls one by any ملاقس ه

nickname.

A مالقس mulāqasat (v.n. 3 of القس), Giving one another opprobrious or ridiculous names.

a ملاقة milāqa (in the idiom of Khurāsān

for ملعقه), A spoon.

مالقي malāqī (pl. of malqá and malqāt), Ramifications at the head of the womb;—mulāqī, Who encounters, joins, meets, converses.

ملقيح malāqāh (pl. of malqāhat), Fœtuses in the bellies (of camels); sperms in the loins of sires.

a ملاك mal'ak, An angel (as sent by God); embassy, mission; an epistle;—
malāk, Self-possession; marriage-contract, espousals;—malāk, milāk, That by which anything subsists, is contained, or held together; power, possessions;—milāk, Marriage-contract, espousals;—mullāk (pl. of malik), Kings.

A مَلَّا malākat, Possession.

ملاكيع malākī', Impure water which comes with the birth.

malāgir, ملاكير malāgīr (S. malayagiri), Name of a monntain rich in sandalwood. ملاكيري malāgīrī, The colour of sandalwood.

A مثل malāl (v.n. of مثل), Being tired, wearied, vexed; weariness, fatigue; sadness, vexation, affliction, anguish, languor; construed with the verbs chādan, dāshtan, kashīdan, giriftan, &c.;—mulāl, Heat of a fever in the bones; feverish perspiration; pain in the back; restlessness in bed (from grief or sickness).

مل malālat (v.n. of أَلَّ), Becoming tired, fatigued, weary, languid, vexed, &c.; sadness, ennui, vexation (= ملاله q.v.).

A malām (v.n. of top), Reproving, blaming; reproach, reprehension, reviling, rebuke, accusation, blame; disgrace, opprobrium; malediction; [zabāni malām, A reproving speech;]—mal'am, Deserving of reproof;—mal'am, mil'am, The advocate, patron or apologist of low, base, sordid fellows (la'īm).

A down malamat (v.n. of الرم), Reproaching, reproving, blaming; reprehension, reproach, rebuke, censure; criticism; contumely;—malamat kardan (kashidan), To accuse, reproach, reprove, blame, revile;—

malāmati nafs, Self-reproach.

a ملامت پیما malāmat-paima, Opprobrious. a ملامت زار malāmat-zār, A place of reproaching; abounding in reproaches.

a مانت وده malāmat-zada, Censured, blumed; accused; criminated.

a ملامت گر malāmatgar, A censurer, blamer. a ملامت ناك malāmatnāk, Blameable.

a ملامتي malāmatī, fem. ملامتي malāmatīyat, malāmatīya, Reproached, reprehensible; a kind of Muhammadan monk who conceals his devotions, makes no parade of anything good, and hides nothing bad.

malāmih (pl. of lamhat), Distinguished features, particularly such as resemble those of others.

hammasat(v.n. 3 of المسل mulāmasat(v.n. 3 of المسل), Handling, feeling; lying with; the conjugal act; a practice in the markets of obliging those who handled another's goods to purchase them at a price fixed; "touch and take" (which is forbidden by the Muhammadan law).

A Lollo malamiz, Environs of mouth and

lips.

الله ma-lān (prohib. of lāndan and lānīdan), Do not shake or scatter; a

stranger.

nal'ān, (A cup) full (of water);—
of good disposition; manifest, known;
firm;—mil'ān (for mina 'l-ān), Henceforth,
from now.

a ملانى malānī, Comparison or adjustment;—mullānī, The wife of a Mulla; a learned woman; a schoolmistress.

malāwis, ماوطه malāwisat (pl. of

malās), Men, families or tribes distinguished for pobility.

A قابل mulāwazat (v.n. 3 of مالي). Flying for refuge to one another; taking for a protection or fortress.

A مالوطة mulāwaṭat, Commission of sodomy.

A مالوم malāwim (pl. of malāmat), Reproofs, &c.

مارمة A blaming one another.

alle malak, A bulrush.

A ملعسة mulāhasat (v.n. 3 of لبس), Running (to meat) like a famished man.

malāhī (pl. of milhá), Instruments of music, implements of play; any kinds of ludicrous or wanton pastimes prohibited by law;—tarki malāhī kardan, To abandon amusements forbidden by divine law.

ma-lay (prohib. of layidan), Speak

not; complain not; defile not.

ملائكة mulāyasat (v.n. 3 of ملينة), Resembling a lion (lais), attacking with intrepidity; boasting of valour.

A with mala'ik, sell- mala'ikat, mala-

'ika (pl. of malak or mal'ak), Angels.

a ملائك يى malā'ik-pay, Of happy foot-

A ملايلة mulāyalat, A bargaining with (any-

one) by the night (lail).

malā im, Practices deserving of censure; reproofs, censures; — mulā im, mulā yim, Wholesome, suitable; mild, gentle, affable, easy, tame, submissive, docile, placid, benign, quiet, peaceable; tepid; moderate; tender, delicate; soft, smooth, even; agreeable or comforting to, just; — mulā imu 'l-matbū', Soft-minded, gentle-hearted; — ba-ghaiz mulā yim, In a rage, but speaking calmly (m.c.).

concordant, reconciling, making peace (between enemies); agreeing with, doing good; gentleness, softness, smoothness, delicacy, tenderness, humanity, tractability; evenness; — mulāyamat kardan. To act humanely, affably; to soften, smooth; to

sooth.

a ملايمى mulayimi, Gentleness, humanity, tractability, &c.

A ملايعة mulāyanat (v.n. 3 of لين), Acting gently, soothing; being soft and smooth.

a ملائي mullā'ī, Of or relating to a mullā; office or profession of a mullā; doctorship; teaching.

a ——— mulabbab, Filled to the brim; brimful.

orimiui.

a ملبد م mulbad, mulabbad, Packed close

together; felted, matted, impacted.

nalbas, milbas, A garment, vest, robe;—mulbis, Dark, doubtful, or intricate;—mulabbas. Clothed, dressed; made elegant; confused, mixed, embroiled;—mulabbis, A mixer or compounder; a con-

cealer of the truth; a deceiver, fraudulent

Malban, Lactarian (herbs) increasing the milk of sheep; -milban, A vessel for milking or carrying milk; a milk-pail; a milk-strainer; a mould for making brick (labin); a vessel in which bricks are carried; hod; -mulbin, Milch (ewe); -mulabban, (A brick) made of clay and burnt.

a ملبنة malbanat, Lactarian herbage increasing the milk of cattle ;-milbanat, A ladle, a skimmer, spatula; — mulbinat, Milch (ewe).

albūb, Ingenious, intelligent; ماروب ۸ ساوب those three letters of the Arabic alphabet whose initial and final in pronunciation are the same, namely, ميم mīm, ون nūn, and

malbūs, Clothed, clad, dressed; clothes already worn, wenring apparel.

Malbūsāt, Garments, clothes.

malbūn, (A horse) brought up or fed with milk; drunk with milk (that of the camel baving an inebriating quality).

ملبی "mulubbi" (A sheep) having biestings (liba') in the udder.

A ملت mallat (v.n. of ملة), Loathing; langour, fatigue; warm ashes, or a furrow made in them; hot sand; a burning coal or billet; -millat, Religion, faith, creed; a nation, people; an expiatory fine for murder; [millati baiza, The people of Muhammad, Muhammadan nations; -millati masīḥīya, The Christian religion; Messiah's people; -- sarwati millat, National wealth (m.c.);]-mullat, The first sewing or basting of a garment, tacking.

A Line multa', Pained with love or grief. ملتاق multaq, Attached; sincere, inti-

t ملتان multān, A kind of vest or smock; name of a town in India.

nultānī, Of or belonging to ملتاني t Multan; an Indian.

a ملتبد multabid, Caked, matted, feltered.

ملتبس Multabis, Obscure, doubtful, intricate, perplexed, entangled (a thing); ambiguity.

A ملتبك multabik, Mixed, confused, jumbled.

a ملتبن multabin, One who sucks her own milk.

a ملتبية multabiyat, Equality of rank with each other; partnership, association.

multasiq, Made wet, moistened.

A ملتئم multusam, Kissed; a place kissed; -multasim, One whose mouth is covered with a veil or fillet for the mouth (ligām).

multajj, Deep-furrowed, billowy (Bea).

ملتجا multajā, Place of refuge; a protector ;—multajā'i qayāşira'i jahān, The Sublime Porte.

A ملتجم multajim, Bridled.

ملتحة multajjat, Black (eye); Green (field).

multaji', multajī, One who flies to, or takes refuge with; a supplicant, petitioner, refugee.

A multabib, A goer in a broad

multahij, A compeller, a forcer: difficult, perplexing; one who flies to, and takes refuge.

multahad, An asylum; a protector; - multahid, Inclined towards; an

multahif, Covered, or who covers ملتحف himself with an upper garment or wrapper

a ماتحال multahiq, Joining.

multahim, Closed, healed (wound); fierce, raging (battle).

a سلتحى multahī, Bearded; getting a

beard (youth).

• مالكم مالكم multadim, Disturbed, put in commotion; (a woman) striking (her) breast

when mourning. multazz, One who relishes; name

of a pleasant garden near Madinah, the pleasaunce. a ملتذع multazi', Hot, painful (wound).

a ملتزع multazij, Close, adhering closely. a سلترق multaziq, Adhering, coalescing, joined.

ملتزم ه multazim, Constrained, compelled; convicted; conjunct, necessarily following, attached to; taking charge of; responsible for; a tenant, hirer, farmer; a follower; a toll-gatherer; name of a place between the door of the temple of Mecca and the black stone; -multazim shudan, To be compelled.

ملتومين multazimin (obl. pl. of multazim used as nom.), Followers, attendants,

courtiers (m.c.).

ملتسق multasiq, Adhering; convex. multasiq, Adhering, adhesive;

conjoined.

multatim, Dashing (waves). a ملتظى multazī, Burning, flaming (fire).

a ملتعن multa'in, Reciprocal in cursing ; just in invoking on oneself.

ملتف mullaff, fem. ملتف multaffat, Entangled, intricate, luxuriant; (a garden) containing (such herbs); close (plumage);

wrapped up in one's garments.

multafat, Esteemed, looked upon, considered with great respect; -multafit, One who bends himself, who leans or looks back; who turns the head aside; one who takes care of, who has an eye over; showing respect, paying attention to, attentive;multafit shudan, To notice (m.c.); to pay attention.

t ملتق maltaq, A bomb, a shell.

maltagā, A place of meeting.

a hard multaqit, One who collects from all quarters; one who falls unexpectedly upon anything not sought for; one who picks up a foundling (laqīt); gathering, collecting.

a maltaqim, A swallower of a mouthful.

A ملتقى multaqá, A place of meeting; confluence of two rivers, meeting of seas (as of the White and Black Seas at the Thracian Bosphorus, or the Straits of Constantinople); — multaqī, One who comes before, into the presence of, or meets another.

T ملتم maltam, Periodic north-east winds ; a calm.

a request; — multamas, Asked, importuned; a request; — multamis, One who begs, prays, supplicates, beseeches.

A color multami', Splendid, shining, glancing, brilliant; a kind of paper;—multami' shudan, To change or disappear (as colour); to shine.

سلتمي ه multamá, Changed, lost (colour);
—multami', One who takes what is in a dish.

mul-tunuk, مل تنك mul-tang, One who is soon overcome by wine

who is soon overcome by wine.

• Maltūt, (Barley-meal) moistened.

A ملتوف multawig, Confused, perplexed (husiness); dilatory, slow.

multawih, Thirsty; flashing (light-ning); visible (star).

ning); visible (star).
سلتوط Multawit, One who adopts (as a

son); adhesive, sticking to.

A ملتوم multawim, Blamed, reprehended.

ملتوی multawi, Crooked, oblique, distorted; squinting; perverse; delaying, spinning out; protracted, postponed, delayed.

ملتبب multahib, Kindled, burning

(fire), inflamed.

ملتهث multakis, One who lolls his tongue from thirst or fatigue.

A ملتهم multahif, Flaming, burning (fire); inflamed (a wound); feverish.

multaham, Changed (colour);—multahim, A swallower up quickly and at once; (an infant) that exhausts (the bresst).

ملتهى مسائله multahā, Playing, playful.

a ملتى millati, National, popular (m.c.).
م ملتيم multa'im, Joined, consolidated,

eoaxing, cajoling, and thereby keeping back from doing anything; making many promises without any intention of performing; beginning of the night, crepuscle, twilight, or a little after it.

mulgat, The beginning of night, a little after twilight

little after twilight.

milsam, Stone-striking (hoof).

malsūm, (A hoof) hurt by stones.

malj (v.n.), Seizing the mother's nipple with (its) mouth; sucking (as an infant);—muluj, Sucking kids.

A had malja', maljā (v.n. of had), Taking refuge; an asylum, place of refuge, retreat; security, support; a resting-place; maljā'i khawāqān, The refuge or support of kings;—maljā'i nāh, The mountain jūdī (Ararat), on which Noah's ark is supposed to have rested.

milchakh, A stone for a sling.
malchakā, Wish, will, desire, inclina-

A cho malh (v.n.), Salting, seasoning (fish or a pot); feeding (flocks) with salsuginous (herbage);—milh, Salt; savouriness, palateableness; agreeableness; beauty, elegance; [milhi chini, Native alkaline salt; = jamadi chini, q.v. under hill; —milah (pl. of milh), Salts; brackish waters; —mulah (pl. of mulhat), Narratives, stories, pleasant tales;—mulihh, Importunate in asking questions or in begging, pressing one's suit.

milhāh, Urgent, importunate in begging; (a she-camel) that departs not from the cistern; a camel's saddle hurting his back.

milhāq, An excellent she-camel

which none can outstrip.

A subset malkat, The midst of the sea, the abyse;—milkat, An oath; protection; (pl. of milk) salts; brackish waters;—mulkat, A narrative, story, tale, relation, pleasant fable.

malhaj, A place of refuge, asylum.

mulhad, A tomb or grave, in the side of which a niche has been cut; a niche in the side of a grave;—mulhid, A heretic, pagan, unbeliever; one who denies the resurrection of the dead; an atheist; impicus, iniquitous; one who renounces the faith.

ملحس malhas (v.n. of الحس), Licking (a dish);—milhas, Covetous, greedy, grasping.

milhaf, bad milhafat, The outer covering of the body, a wrapper; a coverlet;—mulhif, Importunate, urgent.

a pended; contiguous; attributed; coherent, adherent, belonging to; correlative; adopted; a bastard; (in gram.) a quadriliteral verb formed from a triliteral; [mulhaq shudan, To join (intrans.);]—mulhiq, Reaching, touching, overtaking.

mulhagāt (pl. of the following), Additions, appendices, supplements; towns taken from an enemy and incorporated

with or annexed to the empire.

a did mulhaqa, An appendage, an appendix, &c. (see preceding article).

malham (prob. for A. mulham in next article), Silk cloth.

mulham, One who lives upon wild-fowl or other game; adopted, joined to a people; a kind of cloth or garment;—mulhim, A weaver; one who gives flesh (lahm) to eat;—mulahham, Fleshy, corpulent;—mulahhim, One who makes fleshy.

A malhamat, A bloody battle.

malhūd, (A grave) in the side of which a niche has been dug; the niche itself.

malhūs, Sucked, licked.

malhūz, Looked at kindly, viewed with affection, regard, or respect; contemplated, thought of;—malhūz u muhtamal, Probable.

malhūzāt (pl. fem. of malhūz), Thoughts, meditations, agitations of mind.

ملوم malhūm, Killed, slain.

a malhan, Erroneous.

a ملحى malhī, Peeled (timber).

malkh (v.n.), Going stoutly, travelling far; being much addicted (to trifles); seizing or catching with the teeth and dragging; the gambols of a horse.

**malakh, A locust; — malakhi äbī (daryā'i), A sea-locust, i.e. a shrimp; — malakhi piyāda, A grasshopper; a small locust whose wings are not yet grown; — malakhi khurd, A grasshopper; —malakh zanad kisht-rā, Locusts destroy the seed.

malakhch, Name of a herb which intoxicates such animals as eat of it.

سلم موارى mala<u>kh-kh</u>wārī, A plague of locusts.

مان همار mala<u>kh</u>-shumār, Of the number of locusts, innumerable.

mulkhas, A camel examined in the eye to ascertain if she be fat enough to be slaughtered;—mulakhkhas, Succinctly related; extracted, abridged; summed up; sum; clearly and plainly told; pure.

malkhūdan. To card cotton. ملخوص malakhīṭ, Malachite (m.c.).

A alad (v.n.), Being joyous and cheerful; softness, tenderness; youth; freshness and lustre of the face.

A ملدام mildām, Stone for breaking datestones.

A ملد maladān (v.n. of ملد), Being cheerful and joyous; youth; freshness and lustre of the countenance.

a ملامس mildas, A stone with which datestones or apricot-stones are broken; powerful in venery (a camel).

A Est. mildagh, A slanderer, calumniator.

mildum, A stone with which datestones are broken; foolish, slow, and heavy;—muladdam, Mended, patched.

مادوغ maldūgh, Stung by a scorpion;

bitten by a serpent.

a ملك malz, Lying, saying one thing and doing another; piercing (with a spear); throwing out the feet to the utmost of his power in running (a horse).

A Jale mulazzaz, Delicious.

A ملز milazz, Very litigious. A ملزاب milzāb, Extremely avaricious.

مارام منزام milzām. Forceps, pincers which hold firmly, a vice; a press.

a مارق mulazzaq, Not firmly adhering.

milzam, A needle-maker's or furbisher's vice; a press; a vice;—mulzam, Conjoined, driven together, annexed, inseparable; convinced, convicted, condemned; [mulzami zimmat, Obligatory;]—mulzim, Compelling, forcing, necessitating.

malzūq, Clammy, sticky, cohesive.

A malzum, Inseparable, connected, affixed; belonging to; obliged; attached.

A مارون malzūn, (A well) thronged by

ملس als, Mixture of darkness and light, i.e. twilight; a stuff of mixed silk and cotton, or any two different materials; a mongrel, a mulatto.

milsa, A stretched rope or a piece of wood, on which anything is hung.

malsā' (fem. of amlas), Smooth, bare; delicate wine gliding smoothly down the throat.

A ملسد milsad, (A camel's colt) sucking much.

A ملسق mulassaq, Adopted; adoptive, adscititious.

a outre mulassan, (A shoe) sharp-pointed like the tongue; possessed of divine eloquence in speaking or disputing, gifted with a tongue (lisān).

a ماستة mulassanat, mulassana (fem. of the preceding), Sharp-pointed (shoe); (a woman) whose foot is long and pointed as a tongue.

ماسوع A ماسوع malsū', Stung by a serpent or scorpion.

ماسون malsūn, A liar; oue whose tongue (lisān) has been cut out.

malash, Name of a Turkish tribe.

ماص malas (v.n.), Falling out of the hand from slipperiness;—malis, Slippery (rope) which cannot be held with a tight grasp.

مُلُمابً $mil_s\bar{a}b$, (A sword) fast in the sheath

A ملمة malaşşat, malaşşa, (A country) infested by robbers (laşş, &c.).

a bastard; conjoined, heaped together, united, glued, fastened, fixed.

mulsūq, Adhering, joined.

A thief, or one who appropriates to himself whatever comes in his way; one of unknown parents; [ghulāmi milt khilt, A boy born of obscure or of mixed parentage;]—malat (v.n.), Having no hairs on the body; being thin-bearded.

A chile miltā', a chale miltāt, A thin membrane between the flesh of the head and

the bone; a wound penetrating to the brain.

a ملطاس miltās, A stone with which datestones are broken; an iron instrument for

breaking stones.

shore of the sea, bank of a river; projection from the side of a mountain; an excrescence in the side of a camel's head; a wound in the head penetrating to the brain (see fills).

ملطة multat (v.n. of الملا), Having no hairs on the body; being thin-bearded.

ملطس milias, A stone with which datestones are broken.

A ملطف mulattif, An attenuant.

A classificated mulatifat, Attenuating medicines.

a ملطقه mulgafa, A note, letter.

maltam, (The cheek of a horse) distinguished by a mark which is continued from the forehead;—miltam, A floor-cloth, especially made of leather;—mulattam, Smitten or buffeted (face); ignoble, worthless, covetous.

ملوع maltūkh, Bedaubed; in a dirty

plight.

ماطوم ما maltum, Slapped on the cheek, buffeted.

a alta, The island of Malta.

ملطل ه milţá, A wound penetrating to the brain.

A ملطية malatyat, Name of a city in Mesopotamia;—multiyat, A wound reaching the pericranium.

A ble mulizz, ble milzāz, Very importu-

nate in asking.

ملع ملع ملغ mal' (v.n.), Travelling quickly and lightly;—mulu' (pl. of malī'), Large extents of level sterile ground; barren deserts.

a theatre or place for any similar exhibi-

tion; a play-ground.

aba, A little garment without sleeves which boys wear at play; a doll, a puppet.

A dele mil'aqat, mil'aqa, A spoon; a

ladle, skimmer, spatula.

a ملعقه تراش mil'aqa-tarāsh, A ladle-maker.

a ملعم mal'am, A plaster; rubbing the body with oil, anointing.

A ملعن mula"an, Cursed, execrated, damned.

a curse; an abominable deed; curse, damnation; a privy; excrement.

damnation; a privy; excrement.

• ملعوب malbūb, (The mouth of a babe)

emitting saliva; a trick played off npon

anyone, a hoax.

mal'ūna, fem. ملعونة mal'ūnat, mal'ūnat, mal'ūnaa, Cursed, damned, accursed, execrated, detestable, excommunicated, driven out of society, shut out from mercy; the

devil; an imp, a devil;—ash' shajaratu'l-mal'una, The tree zaqqum, the damned or infernal tree.

ملغ م milgh, A foolish fellow speaking

obscenely.

ألمو malghāt (v.n. of المو), Blundering in speech; talking triffingly and nonsensically.

mulghiz, An enigmatist, punster.

الله مالغر mulgham, An emollient poultice or unguent for sores (especially warm).

miloff, Anything in which people wrap themselves when going to sleep, a blanket, bedding, night-garments.

mul-fam, Wine-coloured; red,

ruddy.

mulaffaf, Wrapped, folded.

malfuz, Uttered, pronounced,

spoken, expressed; annals.

malfūzāt (pl. fem. of the preceding), Words, sayings, proverbs, speeches, expressions; utterances; annals.

malfūf, Wrapped up, involved, enclosed, enveloped; folded (letter); an enclosure; an envelope; anything wrapped up or folded (as a cabbage, &c.).

a ملق maliq, Bland, insincere; (a horse)

on whose paces one cannot rely.

mulaqqá, q.v. ملقى mulaqqá, q.v.

A state malqāt, A ramification at the head of the womb;—mulqāt, A thing used and thrown away.

a سلمب mulaqqab, Surnamed, nicknamed, entitled;—mulaqqib, A giver of nicknames

or titles.

A dillo malaqat, malaqa, A smooth stone;
—maliqat, maliqa, Bland (woman).

mulqih, A stallion-camel; one who fecundates a palm-tree;—mulagqah, (A female palm-tree) sprinkled with the male flowers.

A ملقوة mulquhat, Pregnant (woman or camel);—mulqihat, (Wind) making a cloud to descend in fructifying showers.

milqat, Instrument for picking up. ماهط مسالم mulaqqin, Who performs the fune-

ral service (see تلقين p. 322).

nalqūw, Afflicted with the disease فقط q.v.

A مُلقرِمة malqūḥat, The fectus in the belly (of a camel); or what is in the loins of the stallion.

ملقوط ه malqūt, Collected, picked up; a

foundling.

A class malqá, A place; a man who has experienced much good and ill-fortune; a ramification in the head of the womb;—mulqá, Brought down (by a fever); a place where anything is thrown; a man who has seen much good and much evil;—mulqī, A thrower;—mulaqqá, Thrown, tossed; a man who has seen much good and much evil;—malqīy, malqī, Thrown, tossed into; hitting, lighting upon; one who has seen much

good and evil fortune, who has been much tossed about.

malk (v.n.), Possessing, having dominion; a possessor, owner; — milk (v.n.), Possessing, having dominion; reigning; a kingdom, dominion, possession; property, right;—mulk (v.n.), Possessing, having dominion; a kingdom; royalty; power, dominion; [mulki arashi, The country of Iran; -mulki baqā, The future world; -mulk farbih kardan, To strengthen an empire; -mulk u māl, Landed property and money; -mulk u millat, State and faith, worldly and religious matters, Church and State;]-malak, An angel; possession of a place; that by which anything subsists; [malaku 'l-maut, The angel of death, called 'izrā'il; --malaki 'arsh, The angel of the throne who guards mankind;] malik, A king; a title of honour conferred by the sovereigns of Egypt on prime ministers or generals; one of the names of God; [maliku 't-tujār, Prince of merchants, a title given to the chief merchant in a city;maliku 'sh-shu'arā, Prince of poets; poet laureate;—maliku 'l'arsh, The Lord of the throne, God Almighty; -maliki nimroz, Adam; Muhammad; Rustam Zal; a title of the governors of Sistan;]-muluk, Possession; -mullak (pl. of malik), Kings.

milk, White specks growing at the roots of the nails; a straight road; -mulk, كابوك A black grain like a French bean (=علوك)

q.v., p. 1044).

**malkā, (in Zand and Pāzand) A

king.

a LLL malkā, The leader of a Christian sect; -mulaka' (pl. of malik), Kings. ملكات malakāi (pl. of malakat), Pos-

sessions; habits, principles; qualities. malkātigin, Name of a man.

a li will mulk-ārā, Who adorns the kingdom or establishes it in perfect order.

malkān, Name of the father of

khizr.

malkānīya, A sect of Christians which attributes divinity to the Virgin

a الله malak-āwāza, Far-famed.

milkat, Property, possession; kingdom, royalty; -malakat, malaka (v.n. of مالك), Possessing; possession, rule; an acquired babit or principle; -malikat, malika, A queen; quickness of apprehension, strength of intellect.

a ملك علام malak-khilās, Endowed with

the virtues of an angel.

milk-dar, mulk-dar, A land-holder; rich in possessions.

mulk-dårî, Government. ملك داري

a مالك راتى mulk-rānī, Rule, sovereignty, absolute sway.

a مال علله malik-záda, A king's son, ه prince.

a ملك سيرة malak-sira. Of angelic disposition.

a مناكى mulk-sitani, Taking of a kingdom or kingdoms, conquest.

a ملك سيما malak-sīmā, Angel-faced.

a ملك مائه malik shah, Name of the father of Sultan Sanjar, king of Khurasan.

a ملك مفات malak-sifāt, Of angelic qualities.

a مالع فعال malak-fi'āl, Acting like an angel.

mulkal, Mallows. ملكل mulkak ملكك

a ملك كورى mulk-girī, Government; con-

a ملك منظر malak-manzar, With the face

of an angel, angelical.

a ملك باك malak-nihād, Of angelic nature

or disposition; chaste, guileless.

malkuwat, ملكوة malakūt, malkūt, ملكوت Empire, dominion, power, authority, magnificence; angels, spirits; the kingdom of heaven ;-al-malakūt, 'ālami malakūt, 'The invisible, contemplative, or intelligent world; the heavenly court, hall of angels.

malkūtā, (in Zand and Pāzand) A

paramount sovereign.

malkūs, Name of a wicked person on whose account the deluge was sent, according to a notion of the ancient Per-

malkūm, Name of a well at

Mecca.

a ملكة malaka, malika, هوكة ملكة.

a ملكي malakī, ملكية malakīyat, malakīya, Angelic; orthodox; who follows the religion of the king; a Malakite; -milki, Proprietary; relating to ownership in land; a landed proprietor, landlord; a farmer; [masāliķī milkīya, Public affairs;]-mulkī, Of, or relating to, empire or government; pertaining to the country; national, indigenous; native; domestic.

ملکی malakīyat, malakīya (fem. of ملکیه malakī), The sect of Malakites;—milkīyat, Property; proprietary right in land, right;

possession, use.

a ماكى مفات malakī-ṣifāt, Of angelic

ملل Malal (v.n. of ملل), Being weary. languid, vexed; -milal (pl. of millat) Religions, sects; peoples, nations; - milali kuffar, The nations of the infidels ;-huququ 'l-milal, The right of nations.

a مام mulimm, Vehement; hard, firm, strong; who approaches to puberty.

malmāz, A yellow dye for cloth.

mulimmat, mulimma, An accident, misfortune.

malmas, The touch; a part touched; body or skin.

A ملمع mulamma', fem. ملمع mulamma'at, mulamma'a, (A horse) of different colours; hence, the Turkish language, as being a mixture of Arabic, Persian, and Turkish.; a poem, the hemistichs or distichs of which are written in Persian and Arabic alternately, and which is allowable as far as ten distichs in each language; bright; gilded; plated, electro-plated; a coating of gold or silver; speciousness; imposition.

a ملمع کار ,mulamma'-sāz ملمع ماز mulamma'-kār, ملمع کر mulamma'-gar, A gilder, plater; a hypocrite, dissembler, traitor; mulamma'-kāri shaitānī, One who makes falsehood appear as truth, an impostor.

. malmal, Muslin ململ

malmūs, ملموس ∡ Smoothed (packsaddle), freed from crookedness, unevenness, and inequality.

malmūsāt, Tangible things.

▲ malmūm, Collected together; round; insane, crazy.

malmiz, A certain yellow dye. milinjidan. To attract, draw up;

hang.

a ملنموليا malankhüliyā, Melancholy.

muland, One who listens, or is attentive and obedient; much talking.

malang, A man harefoot and bareheaded, ecstasied; a religious enthusiast; (prohib. of langidan), Do not limp, &c.

malw, A going quick, running violently.

milwah, (A horse, &c.) soon becoming thirsty; a decoy bird.

malawān (du. of mala'), Day and ملوان ▲

night. milwas, A man, family, or tribe ماوت ه distinguished for nobility; — mulauwas, Stained, polluted, defiled, nasty.

ماوع Mulūḥ, ماوعه mulūḥat (v.n. of ماوع ماوع ماوع Boing salt (as water); being beautiful; saltness, brackishness.

mulūkhiyā, A kind of marshmallow.

ملود م milwaz, A pretended friend; a liar.

ماونا ▲ milwazat, Asylum, refuge, stronghold.

ملور ۱ mulauwaz, Stuffed with almonds; almond-shaped, resembling almonds.

mulūsat (v.n. of ملس), Being sleek, soft, smooth, bare; smoothness, sleekness.

mulūt (pl. of milt), Thieves or worthless fellows; born of unknown parents.

ماوك مسالله mulik (pl. of مالك malik), Kings. ماوكا malūkā, The head of a Christian

a ماوكان mulūkān (with P. pl. termination to A. pl. mulūk), Kings.

a ماوكانه mulūkāna, Royal, princely, like a king; - khwāncha'i ta'āmi mulūkāna. A trayful of viands fit for a king: royal dainties.

a ملوكة mulūkat, Possession; servitude; -malūka, The Molucca islands.

a ملوكى mulūkī, Royal, regal, kingly.

ملوکیه ه mulūkiya, = ملوکیه q.v. ملوله malūl, fem. ملوله malūlat, malūla, Fatigued, tired; sick, languid; melancholy, vexed, sad, dejected, out of spirits;—malūl shudan. To be afflicted: to be tired of anything; to feel ennui.

a ملولا malola, Vexation, grief, affliction,

sadness, melancholy.

a ملولى malūlī, Weariness, disgust. ملوم malūm, Reprehended, reproached, blamed; accused.

mulauwan, Coloured, of various ملون colours; variegated.

هاوليا wulūniyā, A long melon.

mulauwá, Distorted, ملوی ۵ $malw\bar{\imath}$, crooked.

ماوين ▲ malawain (obl. du. of mala'),

Day and night.

malla, A piece of nankeen; a bug (m.c.); mulla, malla (?), A decoy-bird (see to mulla); -milla, = A the q.v.

▲ سلب milhab, Extremely fair;—mulah-

hab, Cloth not saturated with dye.

malhatī, Liquorice. ملهتي

a سايد mulahhad, Injuriously or iniquitously used.

مابق Mulahhaq, Made white, whitened. malham (for marham), A salve, plaster; — malhami jigari jarih, A balm for the wounded heart.

ملهم م milham, Gluttonous; — mulham,

Inspired ; - mulhim, An inspirer.

a ملهمان mulhamān (P. pl. of mulham), Persons inspired by God, guided by divine wisdom.

malham-say, One who prepares ملهم ساي a plaster or rubs a salve.

alhūw, Played, amused. ماہو ▲

مابوب Malhūb, Kindled, inflamed. malhūt, Name of the fish which Muhammadans imagine supports the world.

malhūz, Marked with the first

appearance of grey hairs.

mulhuf, Injured, oppressed, afflicted, sighing, sad, distressed; — malhūfu 'l-qalb, Pained at heart.

malhūm, Inspired.

malhaman (pl. of the preceding), Inspired ones, the inspired.

alhá, A place of entertainment; -milhá, Any instrument used in play or by way of recreation; likewise a musical instrument, or the art of performing;mulhi, A mimic, buffoon, jester, one who affords amusement.

ملي ه mali', malī, Opulent, wealthy; full, complete; -malī, A portion of anage; along hour; a long time; lasting long; -milli, fem. ملية millīyat, millīya, Popular, national; – hukūmati millīya, Democratic government.

maliy-an, For a long while. malībār, Malabar in India.

مليث milyas, Strong, powerful ;—mulaiyas, Base, contemptible.

A colo malij, A suckling.

malih, Beautiful; agreeable, sweet, charming; salt water (well); saltish (fish).

a مليح كوى malīh-gūy, Eloquent, charming speaker.

مليخ malikh, Insipid (meat); weak, corrupt.

ملير ه maliz, A place of refuge, asylum.

a مليسا *malīsā*, Balm, mint.

a مليساء mulaisā'. The time between sunset and evening-prayer; the month of Safar; name of a fort in Taif.

مليص Milis, Swift walk (?).

Malit, (A fœtus) without hair; an abortion.

a ماليطرها malitarna مليطرها q.v.

mali', A barren desert; level and sterile ground.

malik, A king ;-maliku 'n-naḥl, King of the bees; -malīku 'n-nuhá, A possessor of understanding; intelligent, one who is in his right mind.

مليل ه malīl, (Bread) baked tunder the ashes; (meat) dressed amongst the ashes called mallat.

malilat, malila, The heat of a fever

penetrating to the bones.

malim, Reproved, blamed; -- mulim, An accuser, censurer, blamer; reprehensible, deserving censure; — rubba lā'imin mulimun, Many a censurer is deserving of censure.

a ملى ميدان mali-maidan, Apparent,

public.

a ملين mulaiyan, Softened, soothed, pacified, pleased; favourable; moved (bowels); -mulaiyin, Softening, emollient; a lenitive, laxative, aperient.

malyanat, malyana, A soft thing ملينة م

laid under the head.

malyūs, Name of a Greek island from which sealing clay is obtained.

milyun, A million (m.c. from F. or

A romam (a contraction of mamnū'), Iuadmissible; (of musallam) granted; mimma, and -

A immā (for min mā), From or of

that which; from what cause?

ما ر ما ر muma'arat (v.n. 3 of ما ر Com. mitting mutual hostilities.

A ماعن muma'anat (v.n. 3 of ماعن), Giving attention to; worthy, deserving of.

A who mamat, Place or time of death; death; [mamāt yāftan, To die;]—mumāt, Mortal; obsolete, disused (verb).

مباتكة mumātakat (v.n. 3 of منك Constracting, engaging to give marriage-portions to each other.

A مماتن mumātin, Great, distant (journey).

مملتنة مسسقا mumatanat (v.n. 3 of متن), Retiring a great way off; putting off.

a مماتى mamātī, Referring to death

mortal.

ماثل م سستقرار, Alike, resembling, equal, similar, identical; comparable; -mumasil shudan, To resemble; —qhair-mumāgil, Dissimilar.

مثل mumāṣalat (v.n. 3 of مثل), Being like, resembling; resemblance, similitude,

مماحدة mumājadat (v.n. 3 of محاجدة), Contending for glory (majd); boasting, glorying in.

mumājarat (v.n. 3 of محر), Taking

usury in buying and selling.

A dealer mumaja'at (v.n. 3 of of), Sneering, ridiculing; being petulant, impudent, saucy; talking obscenely amongst themselves.

مماحك ٨ mumāhik, Quarrelsome; a brawler.

A asalan mumahakat (v.n. 3 of dan), Disputing, wrangling.

محل mumahalat (v.n. 3 of صحل), Dealing fraudulently one with another.

ماداة م mumādāt (v.n. 3 of مدى), Bearing with, tolerating, granting a delay.

A قامة mumāddat (v.n. 3 of مدة), Extending, stretching; prolonging; deferring payment.

مالداة م mumāzāt (v.n. 3 of مذى), Playing

and toying together (men and women). a مماذق mumdziq. Untrue in love or

friendship. A مدن mumāzagat (v.n. 3 of مدنق مماذته Showing a pretended regard or feigned

ماراة مساسق mumārāt (v.n. 3 of مرى), Disputing, contending with, quarrelling, opposing; doubting, suspecting; contention, opposition.

mumārrat (v.n. 3 of "), Going along with another.

A ممارس mumāris, Devoted, addicted; studious.

ممارسة ممارسة mumärasat (v.n. 3 of مرمس), Managing (affairs), applying with great attention (to), involving oneself (in them); handling, manipulating; remedying, curing; trying, testing; close application to study, practice, management.

mumāratat (v.n. 3 of مرط Pulling the hair; tearing, scratching with the

nails.

mumāzajat (v.n. 3 of مرج Mixing together; muddling, stupefying.

A dajam mumazahat (v.n. 3 of oy), Play. ing, sporting, jesting (with another).

مهازقد ه mumāzaqat (v.n. 3 of مون Endeavouring to outstrip (in a race).

A معازمة mumāzahat (for معازمة), A playing together.

A مما^عس mim'as, A calumniator, whisperer.

mumās, Low (place), a ditch.

mumāss, Touching, tangent, contiguous; (in math.) a tangent; — mumāssu 't-tamām, A co-tangent.

numāssat (v.n. 3 of سماسه), Touching (another); lying with; contact; touch;

coltion.

A down mumāsaḥat (v.n. 3 of own), Coaxing, caressing.

mumāsh, A hoe; low, not high.

a line of conduct, a system, a doctrine; management of a business, &c.

A مشق mumāshaqat (v.n. 3 of مشق), Striving with in drawing or reproaching,

A مماسعة mumāṣa'at, A fighting with swords.

مالل مسائل mumātil, One who delays pay-

A مطلق mumāṭalat (v.n. 3 of مطل), Deferring payment; granting a delay for the payment of a debt; being dilatory in performing a promise.

مماعك mumā'ik, One who delays pay-

ment.

A مماعكة mumā'akat, A delaying, putting off.

A determinaghasat (v.n. 3 of chair), Rubbing one another; contending, litigating; altercation, animosity.

مماکس *mumākis*, One who bids against another at a sale; an unfair, roguish, hag-

gling fellow.

A محاكسة mumākasat (v.n. 8 of سكسة), Bidding against another; bating, lowering a price, haggling; acting like a niggard.

mumākil, One who collects all

together.

having a propensity; declining, deviating from, propensity, inclination; — mumāl, Inclined; (the vowel fatha) sounded like kasr.

A قالاعة mumāla'at (v.n. 3 of الملاء), Assist-

ing.

numālasat (v.n. 3 of ملك), Acting hypocritically, dissembling; playing, joking, toying.

A مالية mumālahat (v.n. 3 of مالية), Eating another's salt as a pledge of friend-

ship; confiding mutually.

A مالكة mumālatat (v.n. 3 of ملط), Repeating half a verse which another finishes.

mumālaghat, A jesting obscenely. A distering, sooth-

ing.

mamālik (pl. of mamlakat), Kingdoms, provinces, dominions, states, regions, estates, possessions, crown-lands; a kingdom, realm, empire, dominion;—mamāliki ghair-ā'īn, Non-regulation pro-

vinces; — mamāliki maḥrūsa (maḥrūsa'i 'uṣmānīya), The Ottoman empire, or the protected dominion of Osmān;—mamāliki maghribī u shimālī, North-Western Provinces;—mamāliki mufauwasa, Ceded provinces.

mamālik (pl. of mamlūk), Servants, slaves, either purchased or taken in war; mamalukes;—aqallu'l-mamālīk, The lowest of slaves, humblest of servants.

numānnat (v.n. 3 of نه), Helping one; going and coming repeatedly on his

affairs.

منانع ه mumāni', A hinderer, an opposer; one who forbids, impedes, obstructs; rebellious,

A منع mumāna'at (v.n. 3 of منع), Preventing, forbidding, prohibiting, driving away, repelling; prohibition, obstruction, obstacle, repulse, prevention.

A أمير mumāharat (v.n. 3 of مير), Contracting, engaging to give marriage-por-

tions (mahr).

ميل mumāyalat (v.n. 3 of صمايلة), Conciliating, causing to incline to one another; making a hostile incursion on one another.

mumtād, One who gives, or who

asks for a present.

A mumtar, Sent in quest of provisions.

A jiw mumtāz, Chosen, distinguished, select, choice; eminent, excellent, illustrious; separate, distinct;—mumtāz shudan az, To be distinct, &c., from.

مستثل ه mumtasil, Obedient, obsequious, obeying orders; a follower or observer (of religion, law, or custom); an imitator.

A معتمد mumtahish, Burnt, scorched.

A معتمد mumtahiq, Abolished, obliterated; burnt; diminished, perished.

aminee; experienced, tried; skilful;—mumtahin, One who tries, proves, examines, or weighs (words); an expert;—mumtahini kīmiyā, A chemical examiner.

nwmtakhiz, (Milk) shaken in the churn; (a fœtus) stirring in the belly.

muntakhit, One who blows his nose; one who draws a sword; who extracts, shakes out; who seizes (what is in another's hand).

mumtadd, Extended, prolonged, protracted, stretched; name of a metre.

A oraiser.

A معتدى mumtadī, One who draws out; long.

ممتذى مستنوي (Milk) diluted with water.

A معترى mumtarī, Doubtful about (a thing).

numtazij, Mingled, mixed, compounded; accustomed, used to, agreeing with one's constitution (mizāj).

A windsik, Holding fast.

mumtashit, Combed; one who combs himself.

mumtashi', A spoiler, snatcher, seizer.

■ سيتشق mumtashiq, A snatcher; a cutter; who milks the udder dry.

mumtatil, One who delays a term ممتطل ۸ of payment; (a plant) growing loug.

mumtaţī, Who uses as a beast of burden.

mumatti', A user, an enjoyer; enjoyable.

A seizer, snatcher.

منعفی mumta'iz, Angry; difficult.

A منتعل mumta'il, Who snatches hastily. mumtaqil, Who dives again and again.

mumtakir, Coloured with red earth.

mumtill, One who puts bread on the ashes to bake; one who embraces a sect or creed (millat).

a معلي mumtalij, Who sucks milk.

mumtalih, Who mixes falsehood معتلم with truth.

mumtalikh, One who draws, pulls out, or extracts.

mumtali', mumtalī, Filled, replete, heaped, full.

▲ ممتلح mumtanah, Enriched (with wealth) by God; mumtanih, A receiver of a present; a beneficiary; a giver of riches.

▲ مسعد mumtani', Prohibited; impossible; one who abstains from or desists; inaccessible (mountain); — mumtani'u 'lhuşūl, What cannot be obtained or brought about, impracticable; -mumtani'u 'l-'ilāj, Incurable; — mumtani'u 'l-wuṣūl, Inacces-

A ممتنعات mumtani'āt, Impossibilities.

A communitation, Who receives as a servant; one who enters into service: weak; contemptible.

mumsil, One who punishes by way of example; who kills a homicide in retaliation; - mumassal, Pictured, represented.

a ممثون mamgūn, Pained in the bladder.

A have mumajjad, Glorified, glorious.

A blass mimhat, A cloth for wiping the privities.

منحال م mimhāl, Barren, smitten with dearth.

mumhash, Burnt (bread); mumhish, Burning, blistering.

A damen mumhishat, Barren, burning

(year). a محمل mumhil, (Earth) parched for

want of rain. a mamhū, Obliterated, defaced.

mamḥûṣ, Polished, shining, glittering (spear).

mamhūz, Pure, unmixed, unalloyed.

a a mamhī, Effaced, obliterated.

A wwwikhkh, fem. wwwikhkhat, mumikhkha, Full of marrow (mukhkh); fat.

منخص mimkhāz, منفاض mimkhaz. mimkhazat, A leathern bottle churn; any vessel in which milk is churned.

mumakhraq, Dispersed (crowd).

mamkhūz, Churned (milk). A www mumidd, An extender, prolonger, protracter; a helper, au assistant; a fur-

nisher of supplies. A two mumaddah, Lauded, greatly extolled.

A same mumaddad, Stretched, extended.

A mumaddar, Plastered with clay. mimdarat, mamdarat, A place

whence pure clay (madar) is taken.

A mamduh, Praised, celebrated, famous, laudable, commendable.

mamdūḥāt, Laudable acts or مهدوحات ▲ things.

ممدوحون ▲ mamdūḥīn (obl. pl. of mamdūḥ, also used as nom.), The praised; the

سمدوده mamdūd, fem. ممدوده mamdūdat, mamduda, Extended, protracted, lengthened out; marked with the sign madda -;mamdūd bād, May it (life, prosperity, &c.) be prolonged or lasting; -alifi mamduda, The lengthened alif.

mamzūq, (Milk) mixed with water.

A you mamarr, in P. also mamar (v.n. of سرّ), Departing, passing by, proceeding; place of passage or transit; pass, passage, transit, ford; a canal; (met.) account, cause; -mamarri nas, The transit of man, i.e. death; a beaten path.

mimrāh, Actively, sprightly (horse).

mimrāz, One very sick; very ill in health.

a مرجل mumarjal, A garment remarkable for its colour and figures; marked with the figure of a cauldron (mirjal).

איז mimrah, Active, sprightly (horse). Mumarrad, Lofty (building).

mumpiz, An attendant on the sick.

mumarrigh, A wallower on the ground.

mimraghat, The blind gut.

mamrur, Troubled with bile, bilious.

A معروس mamrūs, Steeped.

mumri', Wholesome, digestible (food); -mumrī, În a proper train (business).

A cyw mumazzaj, Mixed; compound.

mumazzaq, Tearing; torn.

A commandi, Tempered, mixed;-

bāda'i (sharābi) mamzūj, Wine diluted (with water, opp. to sirf); -sharhi mamzūj, A mixed or miscellaneous commentary.

▲ ஆ்ஷ் mamzūq, Torn, rent.

numsik, Who holds, contains, retains, seizes; one who restrains himself (from speaking); avaricious, stingy, parsimonious; economical; a miser, niggard; -mumassak, (A garment) perfumed with musk; (a medicine) mixed with musk.

a مسكى mumsiki, Parsimony, stingi-

ness, avarice.

A tyme mamsuh, Cleaned, wiped; polished, furbished; anointed.

At the mamsukh, Changed, metamor-

phosed into a deformed shape.

mamsūd, Excellently or elegantly formed by nature, well knit in the bones.

mamsūs, Touched; tangible; furious.

ممسى mumsá (v.n. 4 of مسى), Being evening, becoming evening; a monk's cell; the place where the evening is passed; -mumsi, Late in the evening; one who comes or does anything in the evening.

معشا ه mamshā, = وبيثا و q.v. A mamshāt, A causeway, path by which one walks.

a هناه سمشا عاله mamshā-khāna, A privy.

A hand mimshat, A comb.

mumashshaq, Dyed with red ممشق ه earth.

mamshūt, Combed; (a camel) ممشوط

marked with the sign musht.

سمشوق mamshūq, fem. محشوق mamshūqat, mamshūqa, Slender-waisted (horse); tall and slender (girl),

, Walking (مشى *mamshá* (v.n. of ممشى ∡ -mamshi, mamshá, A place of walking, a pleasure-walk; a privy; - mumshī, One who observes (the law).

A معمر mumassar, Coloured with red

clay.

mumastak, Mixed with gum mastic.

mimsal, A press, strainer, or cauldron used by dyers; -- mumsil, (A sheep) whose milk separates from the serum before being churned.

ممض ه mumizz, Hot, burning (collyrium). A later mamzaghat, Mastication; root of

the jaw.

mamzūgh, Masticated, chewed.

معمل مستعق mumzā, Subscribed, authenticated; an authentic writing; brought to an end, terminated; mumzá u musajjal, Signed and scaled.

A har mamtar, mimtar, bor mimtarat, A woollen cloak to protect one from the rain (matar); - mumtir, Rainy (day).

mamtūr, Wetted with rain (ma-

(ar), rained upon.

ممطول ه mamtul, Extended; put off (creditor).

A wolf that steals rapidly along.

A been muma"it, Very tall.

A when mim'ak, One who puts off pay-

A speed mam'ud, Disordered in the stomach (mi'da).

mam'ūt, Drawn, drawn out, drawn in front of ; -- hājibi mam'ūt, A drawn curtain.

. Mam'ūl, Gelded (ass). معجول ه

mumaghghar, Coloured with the red earth maghrat; -mumaghghir, (An unripe date) of the colour of maghrat.

mimghal, Desirous of eating earth

mamghūs, Griped, troubled with cholie.

mumgir, Acid, bitter.

mamqūt, Hated, held as an enemy.

mamqūr, Steeped in brine, salted محقور ٨ (fish).

ممقوع mamkū', Hit; reviled.
ممكر مسسمد mumakkir, A regrater, forestaller. mimkal, A well containing little water; a well wherein is water.

Mumkan, mumakkan, Confirmed, established ;--mumkin, fem. ممكنة mumkinat, mumkina, Possible, practicable, feasible; conungent; liable; --mumkinu 'ttabdīl, Changeable, commutable; --mumkinu 't-tageim, Liable to partition; divisible;-mumkinu'l-huşūl, Procurable, attainable;mumkinu'd-dukhūl, Accessible;—mumkinu 'z-zirā'at, Capable of cultivation; arable;mumkinu 'l-wuqū', Possible to happen; likely to arise; mumkin shudan, To be possible; -- natā'iji mumkina, Possible results or consequences.

a ممكنات mumkināt, Possibilities.

mamkūr, Coloured with red earth.

mamkūk, Sucked, especially ممكوك marrow.

mumul, A blemish or disease in the

A ... mumall, Beaten (path); frequently repeated or quoted; worn (thing); -mumill. One who wearies; wearisome, fatiguing, annoying; disgusting.

mimlan, The first king of Azarbaijan.

A مملع mumallah, Salted.

A mamlahai, mamlaha, A saltwork; a salt-cellar; name of a place in Cyprus.

mamlakht, A shoe or slipper.

mumallas, Smooth, bare, sleek,

slippery.

mumallak, Put into one's possession (property); enriched, made possessor; a king; -- mumallik, One who constitutes (another) possessor; who puts in possession.

A deline mamlukat, mamlakat (v.n. of ملك), Possessing, having dominion, holding; empire, kingdom, realm; country, province, district, possession; sovereignty, dominion; regal power, grandeur, magnificence; -- mamlakat randun, To sway the sceptre.

a مملكت يناه mamlakat-panāh, Asylum or defender of the kingdom, i.e. the king.

a مملكت يناهى mamlakat-panāhī, Defence of the kingdom, i.e. royal authority, empire.

a مملكتين mamlakatain (obl. du. used as nom.), The two principalities of Moldavia and Wallachia.

mamlūw, mamlū, Full, filled, replete; indisposed through repletion.

ممارع a mamtah, Salted; salt pickles.

مملوحات ه mamlüḥāt, Salted meats; pickles.

A مملوس mamlūs, (Castrated) boy.

A مملوك mamlūk, fem. مملوك mamlūkat, mamluka, Possessed, in one's power; a purchased slave or captive; a white slave, a Mamaluke;—mamlūka u magbūza, Purchased and possessed; -ghulāmi mamlūk, A slave-boy.

مملوكة mamlūkat, Property, estate.

a مملوكي mamlūkī, Servile condition, servitude.

مملوكية م mamlūkīyat, Slavery; captivity. mamlūl, (Bread) baked under the ashes; tired with, weary of, disgusted with.

mamin, (in Zand and Pazand) What?

A wow mimman, miman (for min man), Than him who.

mamnū', Prohibited, forbidden; restrained; illicit; contraband; (in gram.) deprived of tanwin and of all variation in inflection.

mamnū'āt, pl. of—

mamnū'at, mamnū'a (fem. of mamnū'), Forbidden; a forbidden thing; -fākihati mamnā'a, Forbidden fruit.

ممنون Mamnūn, Obliged, who has received a favour; obliged; grateful, thankful; diminished, broken off; -- mamnun kardan, To favour, oblige; — ghair-mamnun, Undiminished, eternal; -ajri ghairmamnūn, Eternal reward.

a ممنونى mamnūnī, Obligation.

ma-mol (prohib. of molīdan), Do not delay, etc. (see موليدن).

mamolā, A wagtail (Motacilla).

A בייסים mamum, Pleuritic; small-pocked. A some mumauwah, Gilded, washed over with gold; falsified, adulterated; insincere. a a mama. The breast; nipple, test.

A مميد mumahhad, Levelled, smoothed; disposed, arranged; well-laid (foundation); -mumahhid, One who lays a foundation; founding, confirming.

A re- mumhir, (A mare) followed by a colt.

A معبل mumhil, Slow, granting delay. a *** mamhū, Thin, watery (milk).

mamhūr, Signed, sealed.

mamhūrat, mamhūra, Dowered, portioned (woman).

A www.t, Who or what causes death; mortal, fatal, deadly; one of the names of God.

A www mumaiyaz, Distinguished; discerned :-mumaiyiz, Judicious, discriminating; a discerner; an examiner; an officer whose duty it is to examine drafts of reports, &c. to see they are properly worded.

a oyer mumaiyiza (fem. of mumaiyiz), The discriminating power or faculty; dis-

cernment, judgment.

a مميزي mumaiyizī, Discrimination, judgment.

معيل A معيل mamīl (v.n. of معيل), Inclining, having a propensity; deviating, swerving; inclination, propensity; bias.

a , ... mam'i, Made a hundred (mi'at). man, I; me; the heart, mind, soul; (for A. mann) a weight which varies according to the custom of the country, from 40 to 84 lbs.; the hole of a balance through which the tongue plays; a heap or pile of anything; (for A. mann) benefit, gift, favour; (for A. mann) Manna; — mani khwud-am, I myself;—az man, From, or than me; —īn az āni man-ast, This is mine; -ba man zadan, To weigh by the measure man; to weigh.

A wan (pron. of com. gender, singular and plural), He who, she who, they who; who? whosoever, whatsoever, every one (either interrogatively or not); some one, any one, a certain person; [man hafara bi'r-an li-ākhī-hi fa-qad waqa'a fī-hi, Whoever digs a pit for his brother falls into it (proverb quoted in m.c.);] - mann, A measure for dry goods; a weight of 40 sers, a maund; a pair of scales; (v.n.) reproaching for or taunting with a benefit received; being benevolent, benign, propitious; conferring a benefit upon; manna, a species of honey-dew; [manni salwá, The manna and quails of the Israelites; -min, From; of; out of; on, upon (syn. with P. az); min ajl, For the sake of; — mina 'l-ān, Henceforth, after this, from this time forward; min auwal yaum, From the first day; min auwali-hi ilá akhiri-hi, From first to last; -mim ba'd, After, hereafter; presently; never, in no shape; -mim ba'damā, After that; — min jumla, Among, among all; in all; out of the whole; from among; out of; upon the whole; totally, universally; min dūn, Besides, except; —min (mir) rabbî, From my Lord;—min taraf, Apart; -min faraj, From joy; -min fauq, From above; -min qabl, Formerly; -

min kulli wajh (wujuh), In every manner, in all respects; —min wa 'an, As it is, or was; circumstantially; to the very letter; —min hunā (hunāk), Hence; —min-hunā wa-huna, On every side; -hech mim ba'd, Never hereafter; — minn, Beneficence, grace, favour. (See also the preceding article.)

w manā (in Zand and Pāzand) Open, displayed, wide, spacious.

▲ w mana, Death; destiny, fate.

مناب ه manāb (v.n. of نوب), Supplying the place (of another), doing anything for him; acting as a locum tenens; a lieutenant, a substitute; lieutenancy, vicegerency; the place where anyone is, or acts as, a substitute.

A قاباء munāha'at (v.n. 3 of نباء An-

nouncing (anything to another).

manābit (pl. of mambit), Places where plants naturally grow, their habitat.

منابلة munābazat (v.n. 3 of نبذ Saying, Throw the cloth to me, or I will throw it to you (a kind of contract in buying and selling); recoiling mutually (two parties in battle); carrying on a war openly; retiring from an adversary in battle.

manābir (pl. of mimbar), Pulpits, rostra.

a المنابرة munābazat, A calling one another names.

manābi' (pl. of mimba'), Fountains.

منابلة ه munābalat (v.n. 3 of نبل), Contending, endeavouring to excel in dexterity

منات . One of the مناق بر manat, in P. منات three chief idols of the pagan citizens of Mecca (the others being al-lat and 'uzzá); -mannāt, manāt (pl. of A. mann), Maunds.

munāt, Russian rouble (from It. moneta through R.).

v.n. 3 of مناجات .munājāt, in P مناجاة جى), Telling a secret; speaking privately with another; prayers, recommendations; an address to the Deity; a silent and fervent prayer, inward converse with God.

manājiḥ (pl. of munjiḥ), Happy, prosperous, fortunate, successful in busi-

ness (men).

manajid (pl. of minjad), Broad gold necklaces, adorned with jewels and pearls, hanging below the breasts ;-munājid, A defender, assistant; one who fights a battle.

مناجر م munājiz, A champion; one who goes forth to the place of combat.

A قبر munajazat (v.n. 3 of جز), Preparing for battle, descending into the place of combat.

manājil (pl. of minjal), Sickles. manājīḥ (pl. of munjiḥ), Fortunate, prosperous (men).

manājīq (pl. of manjanīq), Warlike engines for casting stones, balistse.

manājīn (pl. of manjanūn), Wheels for raising water from rivers or wells, or used in watering gardens.

manā-chihr, Of an open face or

countenance.

manāḥ (v.n. of ورئ), Mourning (for a deceased husband); — mannāh, A giver, bestower.

manāhat, A house of mourning.

manāhis, Unfortunate (things). مناخ manā<u>kh</u>, Close; open.

a where a camel with munākh, A place where a camel lies down; one's quarters.

manākhir, مناعير manākhīr (pl. of minkhar), Nostrils; manākhīri dar, Folds of a door.

A مناعل manākhil (pl. of minkhal), Sieves.

a مناعلي manākhitī, A sieve-maker. A منادات munādāt, in P. منادات (v.n. 3 of ندو), Calling to one, invoking, convoking, proclaiming; a proclamation; - munādāt kardan; To proclaim, to make a proclama-

a منادة munaddat, The act of opposing, resisting.

منادسة munădasat (v.n. 3 of ندس), Con-

tending in piercing with a spear.

A منادم munādim, A companion, intimate.
A منادم munādamat (v.n. 3 of ندم), Being a confidential or boon-companion; conviviality; a social gathering, banquet, festive entertainment.

a منادي manādī, Proclamations ; [manādī kardan, Tomake a proclamation;]—munādá, Proclaimed; proclamation; public cry; a person called or addressed; (in gram.) the vocative case; -munādī, A crier, herald, proclaimer; a small drum that is beat about to notify or proclaim anything;munādī'i islām, One who calls to prayers, a muezzin.

a ن منادى رن munādī-zan, One who beats a drum; a public crier. a منادى كاه manādī-gāh, Place where

proclamations are made.

A مناديل manādīl (pl. of mandīl), Towels, napkins, pocket-handkerchiefs.

manāzir, Admonishers, exhorters. manāzirat, Men of the tribe of Munzir.

manār, Place where a light is seen or kindled; a candlestick, lamp, lantern; a lighthouse; a lofty tower joining the Muhammadan mosques, from which the crier calls the people to prayers (as they use no bells); a watch-tower; (met.) penis; manāri kalla, see under کله;—manāri -manāri gulbār, A high tower in the city Gulbār.

A b, we manārat, manāra, A candlestick, lamp; a lighthouse; a slender lofty turret from whose projecting balcony the people are called to prayers; a minaret; a column (m.c.); — manāra'i shūya, The column of July in Paris (m.c., Colonne de Juillet); —manāra'i wandom, Column of the Place Vendôme in Paris (m.c.).

a منار قامس manār-yamat, Of a towering statue.

A Ejum manāzi', Competitions, disputes; —munāzi', Contentious, litigious, opposed to, refractory.

a معارعان munāzi'ān (P. pl. of munāzi'),

Adverse parties, competitors.

A منابعة munăza'at (v.n. 3 of ونع munăza'at (v.n. 3 of رنج), Contending (against another), opposing, litigating; contest, litigation, controversy, altercation, fierce strife.

manāzif (pl. of minzafat), Small buckets at the end of cross-poles for draw-

ing water.

- manāzil (pl. of manzil), Mansions, halting-places, inns, caravanseras; days' journeys, stages in travelling;—manāzilu'l-qamar, Mansions of the moon (twenty-eight in number);—manāzili firāgh, Delightfol dwellings, pleasant retreats;—manāzili mutabāyina, Apartments not adjoining;—manāzili mulāzima, Adjoining tenements; such as are in the same house.
- A dylus munăzalat, Alighting for a combat; combat, fight.

a منازل هناسان manāzil-shināsān, Ascetics. A sjuo manāzih (pl. of manzahat), Plea-

sant places.

a مناسن munās, Initiated in another's secrets; a confident, a bosom friend.

munāsib, Corresponding, adapted to, conformable, proportioned, agreeing with, analogous, congrueus, just, fit, proper, suitable, pertinent; related to;—munāsib shudan, To be suitable, to correspond with;—munāsibi maqām, Adapted to a place, filling any office with propriety.

munāsabat (v.n. 3 of), Relation, connection; proportion, analogy, comparison; accordance, correspondence, consistence; suitableness, convenience; propriety, aptness, fitness; — munāsabati tāmma, Intimate intercourse; — ba-munāsabat, In accordance with, according to (m.c.);—bi-munāsabat, Out of proportion, disproportioned, inconvenient, absurd, impertinent.

a مناسبي munāsabī, Suitableness, fitness,

propriety.

munasakhat. The death of one of the heirs before the partition of the inheritance; inheritance, especially of indivisible property.

munāsaqat (v.n. 3 of انسق), Following one another secretly, imitating.

manāsik (pl. of mansik). The ceremonies and sacrifices prescribed in the pilgrimage to Mecca.

manāsim (pl. of mansam, mansim), Modes, manners.

Amatory (verses) written in praise of a mistress.

مناسيف manāsīf, (Camels) tearing up grass.

A مناهدة munāshadat (v.n. 3 of مناهدة), Praying, adjuring, causing to swear (by God); conjuring one as in the presence of God; repeating verses to each other.

manāshif (pl. of minshaf),

Napkins.

A مناهي manāshīr (pl. of manshūr), Royal mandates, patents, or diplomas.

مناص manāṣ (v.n. of نوص), Retiring, declining, flying from; lagging behind; delaying; refuge, asylum, retreat.

v.n. 3 of) مناصات . munāṣāt, in P مناصاة ه Taking hold of another's forelocks (نمو

(nāṣiyat) when fighting.

manāsib (pl. of mansib), Offices, dignities; (pl. of minsab) trivets, or things similar, whereon pots are placed;—munāsib, An adversary, opponent.

مناصبة م munāsabat (v.n. 3 of السب), Conspiring against, laying snares for; prepar-

ing war; open hostility.

munăşahat (v.n. 3 of مناصحة), Ad-

vising sincerely; mutual sincerity.

munāṣarat (v.n. 3 of معاصرة م), Assisting one another; mutual assistance.

manāsif (pl. of mansaf), Servants; clever tricks.

A مناهم munaṣafat, munasafa (v.n. 3 of العلية), Dividing into two equal parts; halving with another; — munaṣafat-an, bi 'l-munaṣafa, ba-ṭarīqi munaṣafa, Equally, in halves.

مناميب مناميب manāṣīb (pl. of manṣūb), Positions of the men on a chess-board.

A منافحة munāzahat (v.n. S of ننح), Defending oneself; putting to a distance.

A منافخة munazakhat (v.n. 3 of النع),
Sprinkling one another (with water).

munāzalat (v.n. 3 of نفل), Contending (with one) in throwing the javelin; defending, excusing, pleading a cause.

a blue manat, The place where anything is suspended; distance; [manatu's suraiya, Distant as the Pleiades;]—munat, A man, beast, or place to which a thing is suspended or added.

munāţ, A Russian coin, a rouble

(= 100 copecs). (See صلح.)

munățahat, A meeting in battle; battle.

- منائق manāṭiq (pl. of minṭaq), Girdles, belts.
- مناطقه munātaqat (v.n. 3 of لطق), Talking together; discussing; bestowing reason or speech.

manāzir (pl. of manzarat), Spectacles, public or theatrical exhibitions,

aspects, appearances; objects of sight; conspicuous places; stages; ['ilmi manā-zir, The art of perspective;] — munāzir, Like, resembling; a disputant, opponent.

مناظرات مساغرات مساغرات مساغرات م

A by munazarat, munazara (v.n. 3 of t.d.), Disputing; disputation, struggle, strife, contest; discussion, debate, argumentation; controversy; resembling; making one thing resemble another.

manāzim (pl. of nazm), Orders, rows; the orderly course (of human

affairs).

A hinderer, refuser, denier;

one who strongly prohibits.

A مناعه manā'at, manā'a (v.n. of مناعه manā'at, manā'a (v.n. of هناعه), Being inaccessible; inaccessibility; a fort or inaccessible place; strength of mind, magnanimity.

munā'im, Gentle, soft, smooth, tender, delicate (plant); benevolent, kind.

poing the conveniences of life; doing good to, bestowing plenty on; a benefaction; pleasure, delight, a comfortable life; delicate (woman) well fed and in good health.

مناعي ه manā'î (pl. of maná'), News of a death.

مناغات munāghāt, in P. مناغات (v.n. 3 of الغي), Speaking gently or soothingly (as a lover to his mistress, or a mother to her child).

مناك ه manāf, Name of a pagan Arabian idol;—'abdu manāf, Name of an Arabian

tribe

منائات munafat, in P. منائات (v.n. 3 of الفي), Dispelling; repelling, driving each other off; repulse, opposition, incompatibility.

munāfis, A whisperer in another's

ear.

A منافعه munāfaṣat (v.n. 3 of نفحه), Talking to in a whisper.

منائع manāfikh (pl. of minfakh), Bellows.

منائذ م manāfiz (pl. of manfaz), Passages, holes, fissures.

munāfir, Abhorring. منافر ه

منافرةً م munāfarat (v.n. 3 of منافرةً م), Contending for honour or nobility before a judge; emulation.

nunāfasat (v.n. 3 of نفسن), Blowing, breathing; aspiring to; competing with; envying; envy, malice, personal

quarrels.

manāfi' (pl. of manfa'at), Gains, profits; surplus; advantages, emoluments; fruits, benefits; valuable uses, useful purposes; — manāfi'i bāqī (zā'id), Surplus profits; — manāfi'i tijārat, Commercial gains; —manāfi'i khām, Gross profits; — manāfi'i dārain, The good things of both worlds; —manāfi'i dunyā u ākhirat, The

good things of this world and the next;—
manāfii dunyawīya, Worldly advantages
or interests;—manāfii 'amūmīya, Public
welfare;—manāfii mustamirra, Lasting
advantages;—mazārii pur-manāfi, Fruitful fields.

a منافعة munāfa'at, A deriving advantage. A منافع munāfiq, A hypocrite, dissembler, atheist; a tale-bearer, an informer; an enemy; atheistic, impious; hypocritical.

a منافقاته munāfiqāna, Hypocritically, im-

piously.

a hole; or going into its hole (the jerboa); acting hypocritically; hypocrisy; impiety, atheism.

منافی ه manāfī, Related to the Arabian tribe 'Abdu Manāf;—munāfī, Repugnant, contrary;—munāfī 'l-murūwat, Repugnant to humanity.

munāfiyat, Bearing malice, oppo-

sition

manāqib (pl. of manqabat), Virtues, abilities;—siyar u manāqib, Virtues and good manners.

a منقبة munāqabat, = منقبة q.v., of

which it is probably a corruption.

managir (pl. of munqur), Wells dug in hard ground, narrow-mouthed and full of water.

A مناقرة munagarat, A bandying words to and fro.

مناتش A disputant.

مناتشةً م munāqashat, munāqasha (v.n. 3 of الغش). Entering minutely into calculation with another; quarrelling; contention, dispute.

سناتض munāqiz, Contradictory, contrary;

opposite.

A منائمه munaqazat (v.n. 3 of نقص), Contradicting; contradiction; opposition; repugnance.

manāqi', Places wherein water

collects.

A منالة munāqalat (v.n. 3 of منالة), Conversing, telling stories to one another; passing the cup round; a banquet, the circulation of the glass; volubility of the tongue; conversation, story-telling.

A مناتيب manāqīb (pl. of minqab), Instruments with which dropsy is tapped,

trocars.

A مناقير manāqīr (pl. of minqār), Birds' beaks; pointed instruments used by smiths.

مناكب manākib (pl. of mankib), Shoulders; — al-manākib, Four feathers in a bird's wing after those called al-qawādim (see قوادم p. 992).

مناكم manākih, Marriages; women.

مناکمات munākaḥāt (pl. of the following), Nuptials, marriages.

A مناكحة munākaḥat (v.n. 3 of نكع), Marrying. ماكرة munăkarat (v.n. 3 of كر), Contending with another about quickness and cunning (nakr, nukr); disputing, fighting; contention.

نناكير ه manākīr (pl. of munkar), Iniquitous things; intelligent, cunning.

manal, Mode, manner, way, disposition; wealth, property.

A منام manām, Bed, dormitory; dream, sleep.

منامات manāmāt (pl. of the preceding),

Dreams.

A with munāmis, A confidant; one who

lies concealed in a hunter's lurking-place.

A منافسة munāmasat (v.n. 3 of انبس),
Communicating a secret; hiding himself,
going into the lurking-place called nāmūs
(a hunter).

mannan, Benificent, benign, pro-

pitious (applied especially to God).

nannānat, mannāna, (A woman) rich, liberally endowed, married for her fortune and taunting her husband with favours (see منه minnat) conferred upon him (comp. انانة p. 103 and منانة p. 432).

manav, A fruiterer.

مارية munāwabat (v.n. 3 of زبب), Doing by turns; alternate succession.

مناوعة مارعة مناوعة المائة بناوعة مناوعة المائة بناوعة المائة ال

menting to another (a woman).

manawar, Name of a city in Tar-

tary, and of an idol-temple.

manāwir (pl. of manārai), Lamps, lanterns, lighthouses; lofty turrets adjoining Muhammadan mosques, minarets.

A مارض munāwaṣat (v.n. 8 of الوص), Struggling, endeavouring to escape (as a deer caught in a toil, which draws it closer).

munāwalat, The act of giving,

offering.

مناومة مناومة munāwamat (v.n. 3 of نوم , Con-

tending who shall sleep most.

مناهج مناهج manāhij (pl. of minhaj), Open roads.

A أبير munāhazat (v.n. 3 of بنها), Approaching; running after game; obtaining an opportunity; anticipating, pre-occupying, studying on occasion.

A مناهدة munāhaṣat (v.n. 3 of بهض), Rising against, opposing, attacking; battle,

ombat

manāhil (pl. of manhal), Places where anybody stops; watering-places;—quttā'u'l-manāhil, Writers who take a naccount of watering-places.

a مناهى manāhī (pl. of manhī, manhī-yat), Prohibited things; prohibitions; sins,

crimes.

A مناهي manāhīj (pl. of minhāj), Open roads.

manāyā (pl. of manīyat), Deaths; —manāyā'i humr, Violent deaths; bloodshed (= mauti aḥmar q.v. under موت

manā'iḥ (pl. of manīḥat), Profitable, serviceable, beneficial; gifts;— manā'iḥi ifāda, Beneficial, advantageous.

manā'ir (pl. of manārat), Lighthouses; lanterns; turrets, spires, mina-

nambit, A place where plants grow, their habitat; origin; — mumbit, A pot-herb sprouting, growing, vegetating; (land) fertile in plants, vegetables or fruits;—munabbat, Caused to grow out or to be raised; hence ornamented in relief, embossed, carved, inlaid; raised work; embossment; inlaid-work (mm.cc.).

a منبت کار munabbat - kār, Embosser;

carver, inlayer (mm.cc).

a منبت كارى munabbat-kārī, Embossed,

inlaid, or carved-work (m.c.).

a منبت mambit-gāh, A place where plants grow, &c. (= منبت mambit q.v.).

a منبت کاری q.v. منبتی منبتی q.v.

A mambaj, mambij, Name of a place in Syria.

a منبجائي maṃbajānī, Of, or made at, Mambij.

A waster mumbajis, (Water) gushing forth.

A منبو mimbar, A pulpit, a high chair, reading-desk; a shelf; a counter;—mimbari ālūdagān, The bodies of wicked and atheistical men;—mimbari kāk, A raised board on which confectioners exhibit their cakes, &c.;—mimbari nuh-pāya, The ninth heaven, the throne of God.

a mumbasit, Dilated, extended; of an open, cheerful countenance; rejoicing, exultant.

A منبض mimbaz, A bow for beating cotton.

mumbatih, Lying outstretched on the stomach.

namba', Fountain, spring, source, origin; a gush of water, jet-d'eau;—mamba'i fasād, Source of evil, i.e. wine.

mumba'as, A place whence water gushes forth; — mumba'is, Origin, cause, that from which anything proceeds; roused, excited.

A منبغي mumbaghī, Desired, required, requisite; agreeing with, suitable, convenient.

سبك minbak, Broom for making besoms.

منبكي mumbakī, Forced to shed tears. منبل mambal, A pedlar; a vagrant; lazy, idle; one not to be believed or trusted;—mumbal, One who denies or disapproves; far out of the road.

mambal-dārū, Name of a plant

used in healing fresh wounds.

سنبلى mambalī, Idleness, laziness; unworthiness; bad faith.

mambūt, Growing, made to grow.

A منبونة maṃbūz, fem. منبونة maṃbūzat,

mambūza, Spurious, supposititious, thrown on the highway; aimless; foundling, bastard;—mas'la'i mambūza, An idle question, a futile discussion.

a منبوش mambūsh, Uprooted, drawn out.

ambūh, Celebrated, known. منبوة

A منبقه munabbih, An admonisher, awakener; an alarm-bell or clock.

منبع = mamba, منبع q.v.

مندية mambahat, (Anything) rendering (a man) celebrated; whatever tends to admonish, awaken, warn, or give information.

منبى منبى a منبى muṃbī, Who gives information, makes known, brings news.

A dis minnat ((v.n. of E)). Conferring a favour; obligation, favour, courtesy, grace; kindness or service done to anyone; praise, thanks; a reproaching, twitting, casting in the teeth of benefits conferred;—minnat ba-jān (ba-sar). Life-long obligation;—minnat dāshtan, To hold as a favour;—minnat kardan, To confer; also to ask, a favour;—minnat kashīdan, To court as a favour (m.c.);—minnat nihādan, To lay under obligations, to confer favours; (the word is also construed with the verbs bardāshtan, burdan, pazīruftun, tarāwīdan, giriftan, nishāstun, &c.);—bī-minnat, Disinterested (see also

A منتاف mintākh, منتاث mintāsh, منتاف mintāf, Tweezers; any hair-twitching instrument.

A منتبث muntabis, One who digs with the hand.

A منتبذ muntabiz, Retired to one side; a maker of the drink nabīz.

منتبر Mounted on a pulpit (mimbar).

منتبه muntabih, Awake; watchful, attentive.

muntatir, Drawn, dragged.

A منتقف muntatif, Torn up; plucked, twitched; flowing or falling down or off.

muntagir, Scattered, dispersed; one who sneezes or forces (by breathing hard) water or anything ont of the nostrils.

A manty, The period of birth, time of bringing forth;—muntaj, Brought forth. born; drawn out; concluded; conclusion, inference; consequence; a native-place; [chi muntaj, What is to be thence concluded? what is the result or outcome of it?]—muntij, Who brings forth; anything causing or producing.

muntajab, Chosen, elect, choice;
—muntajib, Who peels (a tree); a picker,

chooser, selector.

muntaja', A place where, those live who go in search of forage;—muntaji', A forager, who goes in quest of fodder, pasture, or sown fields; who waits upon one to ask a favour.

muntaji'ūn, (Men) foraging.

muntajim, Leaving off (rain or cold); vanishing (cloud).

muntajūsa, منتجوه muntajūsha, Spikenard.

muntajī, Who chooses (one) to communicate a secret to (him).

A muntahib, One who weeps bitterly and laments loudly; one who breathes hard and sobs.

A www. muntahij, Deducting.

A wife muntahir, One who cuts his own throat, a self-murderer; taking one another by the throat (nahr).

muntuhil, One who falsely assumes to himself the merit of another's verses or sayings; a professor (of a reli-

gious creed).

muntahi, Inclining to one side (as loads); one who turns (the face to-

wards any place).

a selection; [muntakhabu 'l-lughāt, Title of an excellent Arabic-Persian Dictionary by 'Abdu 'r-Rashīd Husainī (see Preface);]—muntakhib, One who selects, chooses the best.

nuntakhabāt, Extracts, selections.

A wintakhit, Who blows the nose.

minnat-dār, Under obligation, obliged; twitted with a benefit received or a favour conferred upon him.

A spacious tract of country; amplitude, capacity, ability (of

doing anything).

A منتنى muntadá, An assembly, place of daily conference, meeting, conference;—muntadī, Assembled, present in any congregation or meeting.

a منتذر muntazir. One who makes a vow.

A remover, tearer away, plucker up; one who restrains himself, abstains from, refuses, desists, or renounces; seizing, taking.

a منتره muntazah, A place of recreation.

muntasib, Named, denominated, related to, allied, connected by blood; compared, referred to.

muntasaj, Woven; —muntasij, (Water or sand) marked with transverse wavings when blown upon obliquely by the wind.

nuntasakh, Transcribed;—muntasikh. One who obliterates or effaces; a copier, transcriber.

nuntasiq, Arranged, disposed in order; adhering in a regular series or row (nasaq).

A منتشب muntashib, Fixed, inherent.

A منتشر muntashir, Spread, wide-spread, dispersed; diffused; published, propagated, divulged; distracted, bewildered; stiff (yard); libidinous (man).

muntashiq, One who inhales منتشق

(drugs) by the nose.

muntashal, (Meat) taken out of a pot with the hand or with a fork; -muntashil, One who so takes meat.

a منت هنامي minnat-shinās, Sensible of

obligations, grateful.

. muntashi, Fragrant; drunk منتشى ۸

muntasib, Erect, set up ; placed, exposed; pointed with the vowel fathah -a as sign of the accusative.

muntașih, One who listens to

advice and improves upon it.

A wintasir, A conqueror; superior to an enemy; liberated; one who extricates himself.

A warrantasaf, The middle; -muntasif, Mid-day; who keeps the middle; one who adjusts (anything); who gets or gives what is just.

a منتمل muntasil, (A spear) without a

muntazih, One who sprinkles his منتمع privities with water after prayer.

a منتفف muntazif, Sucking (camel's

colt).

a منتمل muntazil, Engaged in a contest for glory.

منتطع م muntatah, A place of butting.

A منتظم muntazir, One who expects with impatience; watching for; expectant of; looking out for ;-muntazir būdan (shudan, hastan), To wait with anxiety; to be in expectation of.

a منعظم muntazam, A place where things are strung; -- muntazim, fem. منتظمة muntazimat, muntazima, Ordered, arranged, placed in rows, joined together, threaded (as pearls); one who regulates or places in order; orderer, disposer; manager; -- 'asākiri muntazima, Regular troops.

munta'ish, One who stands on the feet, who rises after a fall; convale-

scent.

A barre munta'ig, Stung with lust, ruttish.

A منتعل munta'il, Shod; a pedestrian.

منتف munattaf, Plucked, picked clean.

muntafij, Swelling, high, prominent (side); swollen; proud, haughty.

منتفع muntafikh, Swollen; inflated.

A منتفل muntafaz, Amplitude, capacity, facility, convenience, opportunity.

a منتفش muntafish, A bird ruffling its plumage, or a cat bristling up its hair.

A منتفض muntafiz, Shaken (tree); beaten

(garment).

muntafi', One who uses, enjoys, has the advantage, profit, or use of anything; benefited, advantaged, profited; a gainer.

muntafil, One who does more than is required, who repeats prayers of

supererogation.

muntafi, Repulsed, rejected, removed; dissipated, destroyed; retired to one side; exiled; distant, far off.

muntaqib, (A woman) covering

her face with the veil nigāb.

a منتقد muntagad, Separated (good coin from bad), told, summed up ;-muntaqid, One who discerns or picks the good from bad money; a receiver of ready money.

a omuntaqir, An examiner; a chooser, منتقر culler; who gives a preference to, or invites,

one before others.

muntaqiz, A sheep suffering from منتقر

the disease nugāz.

a منتقش muntaqash, Engraved, carved; enchased; painted; -muntagish, One who orders a seal to be engraved; one who extracts a thorn from the foot.

Muntagis, Diminished, decreased,

deficient; an injurer or diminisher.

muntagiz, Untwisted (rope), demolished (structure), violated ment).

A منتقل muntagal, Transported; carried: moved; transferred; convinced, persuaded, informed (m.c.); [muntagal 'alai-hi, A transferree;]-muntaqil, Moveable; transferable; migratory.

muntaqim, One who punishes or takes revenge; (God) the punisher, avenger.

A 6820 muntagih, Convalescent; one who derives consolation from news received, &c.

A منتقى muntaqá, Selected ;-- muntaqī, One who selects

mantak, Broom for making besoms. a منتكب muntakib, Fallen into trouble (nakbat).

a muntakis, Inverted, head-down-

wards.

a منتكش muntakish, Who cleans out a well.

a منتمى muntami, Related to, of the same family.

منتن muntin, fem. منتن muntinal, munlina, Putrid, fetid; — buhaira'i muntina, The Dead Sea; -rawa'ihi muntina, Malodorous winds.

a منت نهنده minnat-nihinda, One who confers many favours, and lays under

numerous obligations.

mantū, A piece of sheep's tripe sewed up and stuffed with rice and other condiments.

mantūja, A kind of hyacinth; spikenard.

muntawir, One who anoints his منتور ۸ hairy parts with the depilatory unguent nūra (see نُورةً).

A منتبط muntawit, Suspended, hung up.

a منتوف mantūf, Plucked.

muntawi, One who proposes where to go, or fixes upon (a caravansera, stage, or halting-place) where (he) intends to stop on a journey.

.q.v.), Termi منتها ▲ muntahā (for منتها nated, concluded; end, &c.; (adv.) altogether, to the utmost extent (m.c.); -muntahā'i talab (murād, maqşūd), Extent of wishes, goal of desire, intent of a petition.

منتهب ه muntahab, (Goods) plundered; -muntahib, One who carries off or who snatches away; a seizer, plunderer.

muntahir, (A vein) bleeding

copiously, not to be stanched.

a منتهض muntahiz, One who rises up.

muntahik, A violater of honour, virtue, or respect.

منتبون ه muntahūn (pl. of muntahī), Those who forbid or prevent; those who

terminate, finish, bring to an end.

A سنتهى muntahá, Finished, terminated, ending; end, conclusion, term, boundary, extremity; utmost extent, height, summit; prohibited; [muntahá 'l-jumū', The extreme of plurals, or plural of plurals;]-muntahi, One who brings to a conclusion, or comes to the end; ceased, stopped; one who has finished his studies, learned; proficient.

a منتين mintin, Fetid, malodorous.

A منثر mingar, Talkative; -- munassar, Scattered (abundantly).

munsaqib, Perforated, pierced, bored.

منثلم ۸ mungalim, Broken, notched (sword).

a مىثنى mungani, Averse; bent, folded; cast down, dismayed.

___ mansür, Scattered, strewed ; kalāmi mansūr, Prose; -- manzūm u mansūr, Verse and prose.

manj, Rhubarb;—minj, A seed; munj, A bee; a yellow bee; a hornet, wasp; a gad-fly; anything bad; the carcase of a poor feeble ass; a bitter-almond tree; name of a village.

manjā, Any high place where one

may escape a flood.

manjāt, Flight, escape; a place to which people flee.

a منجالب min-janib, From the side of,

on the part of, from; by.

munjibat, منهبه munjibat, منهب م munjiba, One who begets (bears) a heroic son; generous.

A munjabir, Restored to soundness. munjih, Fortunate in one's affairs, successful.

minjakh, A stone for a sling.

minjad, A broad golden necklace منجد ۸ richly ornamented with jewels, which hangs down below the breasts;—munajjad, Proved, tried, experienced (man); prepared, adorned.

منجلب munjazib, Drawn, dragged, snatched; attracted, united by attraction.

منجذر م munjazir, Ebbed (tide). minjar, = منجر minjal, q.v.

manjar, Unswerving (purpose) ;—

minjar, A furious driver; —munjarr, Drawn, pulled, dragged; brought back, brought to, leading to, terminating in ;-munjarr shudan, To be finished.

a منجرد munjarid, Smoothed, sleek; bare, denuded.

a منجرك munjarif, Swept away.

▲ www.munjiz, A performer (of promises); expeditious, ready; a purgative medicine.

munj-zirāwishān, Safflower-

A היבוים munjazim, Cut, amputated; abrupt (business); broken off (negociation); broken (bone); marked with jazm jazmated (letter).

. munajjas, Polluted, sullied منجس ▲

A care munjatif, Thrown prostrate; extirpated.

a سنجعل munja'il, Placed, deposited.

A winjaf, A basket.

manjak, A juggler's trick, which consists in making particles of gravel fly from out of a bowl filled with water; a rising up; a cradle; -munjak, A little bee; the clove-gillyflower.

manjul (S. manjula), The fruit of Ficus oppositofolia; -minjal, A large beam pierced with holes through which chains are passed with large stones suspended to them (being used in a peculiar manner in trials of strength); -munial. The kernel of the nut of Borassus flabelliformis.

minjal, A reaping-hook, a sickle. manjalāb, Polluted water (in which a dog or carrion has been thrown); a sink or sewer for carrying off dirty water from baths.

A munjali', Uncovered ; discovered. munjalī, Conspicuous, apparent (as God to man); removed, cleared away; departed.

منجليق ه manjaliq, A balista.

manjam, A mine; the place where anything originates; an open road; -minjam, The handle or eye of a balance in which the tongue or needle vibrates;munajjam, Calculated or determined by the aspect of the stars; -munajjim, An astronomer, astrologer, almanac-maker.

a منجمان munajjimān (P. pl. of munaj-

jim), Astronomers, astrologers.

a t منجم باهي munajjim-bāshī, The chief court astrologer.

munjamid, Congealed; solid; cryetallized.

munjami', Gathered from every part.

A منجمله min-jumla, Among, among all; in all; from among; totally; upon the whole (see min jumla under A. من).

a منجمين munajjimīn (obl. pl. of munajjim, also used as nom.), Astronomers, astrologers, &c.

manjanun, A wheel for raising منجنون

water from rivers or wells, or used in watering gardens or fields.

d منجنين manjanīq, A warlike engine, catapulta, balista, sling; a pulley, machine for raising great weights, a crane.

a منجنيقي manjaniqi, An inventor, maker, or user of the machine manjaniq.

a منجنيك manjanīk, = منجنيك q.v.

A منجنون manjanīn, = ومنجنو q.v. منجنو manjū, A lentil, a kind of pulse.

manjūw, manjū, Dismissed, set free; escaped.

t منجو تكين manjū-takīn, Name of the head of a Turkish tribe.

manjud, Afflicted, distressed in mind; perishing, annihilated, destroyed.

A منجور manjur, Planed, hewn, cut, chipped.

A water-wheel.

منجزا منجزا munjawiz, One who recedes, declines from, retires; a deserter to the enemy.

manjūf, Broad or broad-headed (arrow); capacious (vessel); spacious (cavern).

manjūq, The ball or spear-head of a banner gilded; a crown, globe, or any ornament on the top of a tower; a sunshade; a flag.

A منجول manjūl, (A skin) drawn off an

animal, beginning at the hough.

manjīr, munjīr, A latticed enclosure erected before a door, generally in an oblique direction, that the apartments may not be viewed from without; musk of Trebizond.

manjik, Jugglery.

manjīl, Name of a place in the province of Tarim.

منع manh (v.n. of منع), Giving, pre-

senting; a gift, present.

minhār, One who slaughters many (camels); hence, liberal, magnificent (these being considered as the highest species of entertainment amongst the Arabians).

minhaz, The pestle of a mortar.

A discominhat, minha, A gift, a present.

ninhat, A hatchet, adze, or plane; --munahhat, Pared (hoof).

munhajiz, A goer to, or comer

from, Hijāz in Arabia.

munhadur, Sloping, low-lying (place);—munhadir, One who descends a declivity, or goes into low grounds; slopping (place); falling down.

manhar, A place where animals are slaughtered for sacrifice; -minhar, The

part for neck-ornaments.

nunharaf, A trapezium; [shabīh bi 'l-munharaf, A trapezoid;]—munharif, Changed, inverted; one who declines or turns from; a rebel, renegade, apostate;—munharifu 'l-khātir, Disturbed in mind, excited, vexed, offended;—munharifu

'l-mizāj, Indisposed ;—munharif sākhtan, To cause one to feel ill-disposed towards another.

a winharifi, Revolting; the being or becoming a rebel or a renegade; apostatism.

munahhizat, (A she-camel) troubled with the complaint nuhāz.

munhasir, Naked, nude, uncovered.

munhasir, Surrounded, besieged, beleagured, blockaded, pressed, hemmed in, confined to, restricted; contained, comprehended; numbered, limited; defined; dependent, resting on.

munhaf, Rendered lean, ema-

ciated.

منحل ه munhall, Loosed (knot); vacant (an office, &c.).

munhamiq, Become mean, vile, contemptible; blunted (sword); worn (garment); flat, dull (market).

منحنى مسnhanā, The bend of a valley or river; — munhanī, Flexible, crooked, bent; hump-backed; lean, decrepit;—haṭṭi munhanī, A crooked line.

manhūt, Cut out, hewn (as a column or pillar); pared, chipped; an image, statue, or piece of sculpture; workmanship of the statuary.

A winhur, The throat, gorge, or

place for neck-ornaments.

A منحوز manḥūz, (A camel) troubled with the disease nuhāz.

A منحوس manḥūs, Unfortunate, unhappy; —manḥūsu 'l-ḥāl, In a wretched plight. A منحوف manḥūf, Lean, slim, slender.

manhul, (Verse of one author) falsely attributed to another.

A منصوى munhawī, Rolled together; coiled.

minkhās, A spur, goad.

منځنر munkhadir, Veiled, close kept (woman).

munkhadi', Deceived, cheated.

min<u>kh</u>ar, man<u>kh</u>ar, A nostril.

A منخره mun<u>kh</u>arit, Subdued; cor

strained; strung; rash, precipitate.

A جننی munkhari', Split, broken in pieces.

which the wind blows; a blast or breath of wind;—munkhariq, Torn, lacerated.

A منخره munkharim, Chopping; splitting.
A منخره munkhaziq, Transfixed, pierced; enfiled.

munkhasif, Blinded (eye); eclipsed, effaced, extinguished; — māhi munkhasif, The moon eclipsed.

munkhafaz, A depressed part;
—munkhafaz, Depressed, subjected; (in grammar) marked with hasr—i.

grammar) marked with has - i.

A with munkhal, munkhal, munkhul, A sieve, searce.

منينال مستعلى munkhaniq, Self-strangled;

munkhūr, A nostril.

mankhūs, (A camel) scabby about the tail, or having a fissure under his arm-pit.

mankhūsh, Lean. منخوش

منخول ه mankhūl, Sifted (grain), skreened (gravel); title of a work on law by Shāfi'ī.

منخی mankhī, Puffed up with pride, vain-glorious; — munkhī, Excessive vanity or pride.

mand, A species of jet or black amber; a suffix joined to substantives to form adjectives denoting possession, as <u>khiradmand</u>, Possessed of understanding, judicious.

mindās, Light, active (woman).

r مندأغان mandāghān, A mortar (for throwing bombs).

mandawar, Name of a country.

mandib, Place of weeping; weeping, lamentation; [bābu 'l-mandib, (gate of tears) Babelmandeb;]—mundib, One who exposes himself to dangers.

mandbur, Unfortunate, unhappy.

a مندبه mandaba, A place of danger, a place of prayer, call, invitation.

a مندع madah, A spacious place.

a مندعل mundakhil, One who enters.

A منده munaddid, Who tears the veil, who disgraces.

A مندرة mundarij, Comprehended, contained, collected, inserted; enrolled, registered; involved within itself, coiled or rolled up; perishing (family), become extinct.

a مندرجه mundarija, Contents;—mundarija'i zail, As entered or mentioned below,

as follows.

مندرس ه mundaris, Obliterated; erased, cancelled; worn out.

a مندس mundass, Hid, buried.

mandish, A carpet, a rug.

munda ura (G. μανδραγορας), Atropa mandragoras.

مندعى م munda'ī, Responsive; a respondent.

mindagh, Satirical, sarcastic.

mindafa, windafat, mindafat, mindafat, A large bow bent, the string of which is beaten with a mallet in separating or teasing cotton; also the mallet.

a مندنع mundafi', Beat, trampled upon; driven away, expelled, repulsed, removed; carried far (in a story); given, delivered, surrendered; acquitted (a debt); past,

مندنى mundofiq, Wide-spread, out-poured.

a with a part of itself; concealed.

a مندله mandafa, A ball of corded cotton.

A مندق mundaqq, Brayed (in a mortar), battered (city wall); knocked at (door).

سندك mandak, Badness of markets, difficulty of sale.

مندك mundakk, in P. also mundak, Levelled (height, hollow); piecemeal.

mandal, An enchanter's circle described on the ground, in which they sit when endeavouring to conjure up demons or spirits; a kind of drum; (G. μάνδαλον), latch of a door; a boot; wood of aloes; name of a town in India, whence the best kind is brought;—mindal, An active man, suddenly snatching anything; a yard erect; a towel, napkin; a towel with which one is girded; a table-cloth.

a مندل mundall, Guided, led.

mundali', Protruded (tongue); prominent, flagging (belly); drawn (sword).

A مندلف mundalif, A lion marching

leisurely.

مندل فروش mandal-farosh, A seller of drums.

مندل نواز mandal-nawāz, Who beats the drum, a drummer.

wandala, Wood of aloes; a magic circle traced on the ground; — mandila, A kind of silken stuff.

mandalī, Of the city of Mandal, especially wood of aloes.

مندم mandam, Repentance (especially late).

A مندمنة mandamat, mandama, That of which one repents; a cause of repentance.

مندس mundamij, Round, smooth; inserted and sticking fast; compact.

A مندسل mundamil, Healed (wound or sore).

mandū, Name of a city in Hindūstān.

A مندوب mandūb, Lamented, celebrated in a funeral oration.

مندوحة mandūḥat. A wide, extensive place; extension; facility, ability,

مندور mandur, Sad, afflicted; miserable, unfortunate, unhappy; avaricious; a fly.

مندوك م munduf, Carded or teased (cotton); struck with a bow, bowed.

مندول A mundawil, A mover or roamer from place to place.

مندوور mandwar, Unfortunate, miserable, excluded from the divine favour; sorrowful (see مندور and مندور).

manda, A pitcher, especially a broken-handled one; dulness of markets (= مندك q.v.); bread.

A مُدهن mundahin, One who anoints himself.

munoddú, Moistened; the place where camels pasture between the first and second drinking; a place where horses are watered.

mandesh (for مندیش prohib. of andeshidan), Be not anxious or thoughtful; name of a fortress in Khurāsān.

a منديل mindīl, mindīl, A towel; a napkin; a table-cloth; a handkerchief, whether thrown round the neck or worn stuck in the girdle; a turban, or a turban-cloth, woven with ailk and gold thread.

▲ سلام munzu, minzu (contraction from min and Miz), From, since (in a past sense); in (in a present sense); — munzu yaumi 'l-khamis, Since Thursday.

A munzir, An admonisher, adviser; one who puts in fear; name of a tribe;abū'l-munzir, A cock.

manzūr, Promised, vowed, dedicated.

man-rā, Of me, to me, me, for me (fuller form of احت q.v.).

אינית א munzajir, Rebuked, rebuffed, put down.

minzahat, A bucket, or anything for drawing water.

a winzahif, Crawling on the ground; marching boldly against the enemy; stupid, foolish.

a منزرب munzarīb, Lurking (hunter).

a منزرى munzariq, Dilatory, lagging.

manza', A place of drawing; minea', An arrow by which anything is removed or pulled up; -munazza', Pulled up (herbage).

manza'at, minza'at, Care, solici-

tude.

سرعج س *munzaʻij*, Displaced, removed; tormented, vexed, offended.

zagha, A. slanderer.

minzaghat, minzagha, A tuft of feathers; also an iron wire brush, with which bakers brush their bread.

minzafat, A small bucket at the end of a cross-pole for drawing water.

A نزل manuil (v.n. of نزل), Descending or alighting (as a stranger or guest); a caravansera, inn, or place for the accommodation of travellers; a house, hotel, lodging, mansion, habitation, dwelling; a mansion of the moon; a day's journey; a stage in travelling or in the divine life; boundary, end, limit, goal, place of destination; a post-office, a stage where post-horses are furnished; rank, dignity; three stars in the tail of the Great Bear; construed with the verbs uftādan, burīdan, kardan, ni-hādan, &c.; [manzilijān, The world above; the human body; $-manzili \underline{kh} \bar{a} k \bar{i} (\underline{h} uzn)$, The world;—manzil giriftān, To halt, encamp; —manzali nabahra-farib, The world; time; fortune;]—munzal, Made to alight; sent down (angel or revelation); -munzil, One who causes to alight, who sends down; one who receives hospitably.

_ معراه مسراه manzilat, manzila, A house of accommodation for travellers; a step; station, a post of honour, dignity, rank, condition; storey of a house: - manzilat dadan, To confer a dignity upon, &c.

a هنزل عاله manzil-khāna, A post-house. a منول هناس manzil-shinas, Who knows the stages of a road (esp. that of holiness), a holy man.

A منولق munzaliq, Sliding; slippery; fiable to slide.

a منزلکه manzil-gāh, منزلکه manzil-gah, A

day's journey; an inn.

munzamm, Bound, tied, fastened.

A Egi- manzū', Torn up, eradicated; contested; robbed; polluted.

A joi- manzūf, Weakened by loss of blood; inebriated, stupid; parched with thirst; exhausted (well); nonplused in argument.

manzūl, Troubled with a rheum منوول (nazlat); -- munzawil, Perishing, falling, de-

منزرى ه munzawi, Solitary, recluse; a hermit: enclosed: shrivelled, puckered (leather).

a سنزة munazzah, Exempted from, free; the All-present; pure, blameless, holy.

Manzahat, A pleasant place.

manzi, Name of a country in the منزى A north of China.

mansa'at (v.n. of انساءة م Delaying, giving credit, selling on credit; -mansa'at, minsa'at, mansāt, minsāt, A staff, a shepherd's crook.

A منساق munsaq, Near, nigh; a follower. منسبة mansabat (v.n. of سبة), Praising (a mistress) in verse.

A wimie munsabik, Molten (silver). minaseat, minasea, A rod, staff.

A ameaj, Mansaj, A weaver's shop; a workshop; -minsaj, The instrument by which the web is stretched when working; a weaver's loom; that part of a horse about the fore-shoulder and under the mane; munassaj, Woven.

A منسجل munsajil, (Water) poured forth;

written or signed (by a judge).

A winsahib, Trailed on the ground.

a منسجق munsahiq, Worn by friction : reduced to powder, crumbled to dust.

munsahil, Smoothed, polished, bright; diffusive (orator); drawn back (skin).

munsadd, Closed, stopped, shut (hole).

munsadil, Loose, flowing, pendulous (woman's hair, veil, or robe).

mansir, A troop of horse from 30 to 40, or 40 to 60, or 100 to 200; the advanced guard of an army, the van; -mansir, minsar, The beak of a rapacious bird (mingar being the bill of any other bird).

A wind of verse.

A wind of verse.

Munsatih, One who stretches himself out, lying on the back motionless.

minsaghat, minsayha, A tuft of feathers; also something similar of iron wire, with which bakers brush or make marks upon their bread.

minsaf, A fan for winnowing corn; an instrument for andermining walls; --minsaf, mansif, The mouth or

muzzle of an ass.

▲ minsafat, minsafa, An instrument for undermining walls.

munsafiq, Quite open (door).

مسطات munsafik, Shed (blood or tear). munassay, Joined in order; or-

dained by law,

منسك mansak (v.n. of منسك , Being religious, devoted to the service of God: a place of sacrifice, especially in the valley of Mina near Mecca; the rites and ceremonies attending those sacrifices, or religious worship in general.

munsakib, Outpoured, flowing,

fluid (water); shed, gushing (blood).

mansil, Generation, progeny;munsal, Begotten, generated; -munsil, (A bird) moulting; (a camel) changing his coat; (an animal) near the time for changing its hair or feathers; -munsall, One who withdraws himself stealthily; drawn (a sword); what falls off or drops from the middle.

منسلب munsalib, Swift in going; plundered.

nunsalakh, The end of a month; -munsalikh, Drawn off (skin); finished (month), (See سلم p. 639.)

munsaliq, (An eye) afflicted with

the disease sulāq.

A william munsalik, fem. Limin munsalikat, munsalika, Joined, added; appended; threaded, strung (as pearls); enrolled; filed (as papers); -munsalik shuda, Strung; attached, annexed; appended; enrolled, filed.

a من سلويل mann-salwa, Manna (and) quails (see سه).

mansalī, Shaken off (fear or sadness).

mansim, Name of a plant which is mixed up with perfumes.

mansim, A mark, sign; way, road, path; mode, manner, opinion; face, aspect; sect; the foot of a camel; --mu-

nassim, Enlivener, vivifier, animator. mansunu, The elect, chosen of God. mansūb, Related, belonging, re-

lative, connected, allied; noted; denominated from his family, derived from another, surnamed; attributed, ascribed, charged, imputed, addicted to, depending upon, chargeable; amorous (verse) in praise of a mistress;—mansūb kardan, To charge, attribute;—ismi mansūb, The adjective of relationship; derivative.

mansūbāt (pl. of the follow-

ing), Qualities or powers attributed to a person or thing.

a منسونه mansūba, Adjustment, arrangement, happy contrivance, position, or posture; the game of chess; the seventh game of nard.

nansūbīyat, Relationship, affi-

nity or connection with.

منسوع mansūj, Woven; silk interwoven with figures; a gold-wrought garment.

A منسومات mansujat, Things woven;

gold-wrought garments.

a منسوح باك mausūj-bāf, A weaver of

gold-wrought garments.

A tomansūkh, fem. dagama mansūkhat, Cancelled, obliterated, abolished, abrogated; — mansukhu 'l-'amal, What is no longer practised, obsolete, abo-

a منسوخي mansū<u>k</u>hī, Cancelment, abolition, abrogation, annulment, repeal.

A منسوق mansūq, Joined in order.

A منسوك mansūk, fem. منسوك mansūkat, mansuka, Purified, washed, cleaned (thing).

a منسى mansī, Forgotten, buried in oblivion, neglected, omitted; hurt in the nerve nasā; —munsī, Who causes one to forget.

manish, Greatness of soul, magnanimity, authority, gravity, dignity; liberality; nature, genius; constitution, temperament, disposition, good-nature, cheerfulness, content; the heart; pride, arrogance; desire, wish; -manish zadan (kardan, gashtan), To nauseate, to have a disordered stomach; -manish tez kardan, To render greedy; — zāhid-manish, Of abstemious habit, an ascetic; -- sūft-manish, With the disposition of a Sufi.

mansha', manshā, A place where anyone grows up; one's native soil; principal, beginning, origiu, source, spring, motive; object, design, purport, drift, provision (of a law, &c.); allusion; exordium, or argument of any composition (also mansha'i kalimāt); — munshā, Hoisted (standard), raised high; erect (stone or stake); one who grows; tall (girl).

مسفات . Munsha'at, in P. مسفات , A ship with sails hoisted.

A منشات munshāt, Compositions, writings.

minshār, A saw, a hand-saw ; a wooden pronged instrument for winnowing corn; a fan, a ventilator.

منشاری a minshārī, Serrate, notched.

minshāl, A flesh-hook or fork منشال ه with which meat is taken out of a pot.

manshab, Anything which adheres (especially bad); munashshab, (A garment) painted with the figures of arrows (nushshāb).

A with munshatt, Separated, distinct, dispersed, scattered.

munshid, One who makes a sign, points to, or informs (where anything is lost); one who asks information about anything lost; a reciter of another's verses; an improvisator; a satirist.

a منشدى munshadi, A reciter (of verse) in a loud voice; a learner of erndition, or

anything elegant, from another.

munshar, Diffused, scattered; munshir, (God) the reviver, bringer to life; —munashshar, Spread open, unfolded, diffused, scattered.

munsharih, Cheerful, rejoicing.

munshariq, Split, cracked (bow).

a منشع minsha', A box in which snuff, or anything for clearing the brain, is kept.

munsha'ib, Descending from a tribe; divided (way or branches); branching (road or tree); scattered.

A منشعل munsha'il, Kindled, flaming.

minshaghat, A medicine-chest.

A winshaf, A towel; -munushshif, lmbibing; absorbent.

munshiq, One who puts (medicine) into the nostrils;—munshaqq, Split.

منش گرد manish-gard منش گرد manish-gard منش گردا manish-gardā, A nausea, loathing; a fainting-fit.

منش گشته manish-gashta, Distempered, indisposed, sick.

A منشل minshal, A flesh-hook or fork with which meat is taken out of a pot.

manshalat, manshala, The place

of the ring on the little finger.

manshim, Name of a certain perfume hard to pound; name of a certain vendress of perfumes at Mecca.

munshamir, A pompous walker.

munshamil, One who prepares

for doing anything.

manishin, Nature, disposition, temperament; gravity. magnificence, highmindedness.

anshūb, Adhering, fixed. منشوب ⊾

manshūr, Diffused, spread open or abroad, promulgated; published (book); a royal mandate, diploma, patent, or privilege not sealed or stamped with the royal signet; a title; a prism; name of a champion; — manshūr-nawīsāni bāgh, Nightingales, larks, &c.

manshūrat, manshūra, A noble,

bountiful lady.

A منشوى munshawi, Roasted.

munshā, Written, composed;—munshī, A writer, author, secretary, tutor, or language-master; a composer in prose;—munshī'i huzūr, The Shāh's secretary (m.c.);—munshī'i khāṣṣa, Private secretary (m.c.);—munshī'i falak, The planet Mercury.

manishī, Constitutional, natural.

سنشيا manshiyā, (in Zand and Pāzand)
The minister of a fire-temple.

A منشئات munsha'āt, Literary composi-

a منشياله munshiyāna, Of or relating to a munshī; munshī-like, clerk-like.

a منشبانه عط munshiyāna-khat, Writing like a munshi's; good writing or penmanship.

a منشى عالله munshī-khāna, The room for

native scribes in an Indian office.

سنشيدن manshidan, To nauseate, loathe. منشى گرى munshigari, Business of a munshi.

a منماج munṣāḥ, Water overflowing the surface of the ground.

a منمال مساقل mansāl, A body of troops smaller than miqnab;—minsāl, An oblong stone with which anything is bruised.

mansob, mansib, A place where anything is put or erected; post, dignity, office, ministry, magistracy; a high place; [az mansib 'azl kardan, To deprive of, or dismiss from, an employment;]—minsab, A trivet or anything similar on which a pot is placed;—munsab, Pained, indisposed; wearied, fatigued;—munsib, One who fatigues; oppressive, vexatious (anxiety);—munassab, (Dust) moistened and adhering together; evenly set (row of teeth); laid one upon another (stones);—munsabb, Poured out, diffusing itself; smitten with love; sloping (ground).

manşabat. Trouble, labour, toil, care; the discharging of an office, per-

formance of duty.

a مصيداً, Appointed to an office under government; invested with dignity, official; a magistrate, a man in office; an office-holder.

منصبغ munsabigh, Tinged, dyed, im-

mersed, dipped; baptized.

a منصبى mansabī. Of or pertaining to office, or official position; official;—'amali mansabī, An official act.

A منصدع munsadi, Separated; cleft, rent.
A متصرع munsarih, Clear, plain, transparent.

munsaraf, Turning oneself, receding, departing; place of departure;—
munsarif, Converted, turned back, receding,
departing, deviating; rebellious; related
to; declinable (noun);—ghairi munsarif, Indeclinable, imperfectly declinable, diptote
(see

munsarim, Cut (rope); a manager, an administrator; a subordinate settlement officer; a head-clerk (of a court of

settlement); a substitute, proxy.

nansaf, A domestic; the middle or the half of the way;—minsaf, A domestic;—munsif, Discreet; just, equitable; a judge-advocate; an arbitrator; (in India) a district or village-judge, a subordinate

judge; -munassaf, (Wine) hoiled down to one-half; half-ripe (date); -munassif, One who wraps a turban round the head.

munsifana, Candidly, equitably. A date mansifat, mansifa, A female ser-

vant.

a منعفق munsafiq, Turned back; shut, closed, covered; depressed.

munsif-mizāj, منصف نهاد munsif-mizāj, منصف مواح sif-nihād, Just, equitable, discreet; a person of propriety or taste.

a منعفى munsifi, Equity, justice, right, decision; arbitration; duty or office of a

munsif.

munsalit, Brisk, active, bustling منملت (man); sharp and glittering (sword).

mansūb, Erected, planted, set up, constituted, excited, fixed, established, appointed, named for; promoted to dignity; substituted; (in gram.) marked with the vowel point fatha = a as sign of the accusative; governed; position, office, dignity; the position of men on the chess-board; a snare; a feint (in wrestling, &c.).

a منموبه mansūba, Intention, will, desire; contrivance; chess; the chess-board with the men placed; the sixth of the seven games of nard; construed with the verbs bakhtan, pesh burdan, pesh shudan, chidan, didan, nishastan, &c.; -mansūbahā'i shatranj (pl.), The intricacies or stratagems of chess.

a منموبة باز mansūba-bāz, Considerate, foreseeing, prudent, sagacious, ingenious.

A סיבעם mansūh, Advised, counselled.

manşūr, Aided, defended, protected (by God), triumphant, victorious; surname of the second Abbaside caliph ;mansur u muzaffar, Victorious, conquering.

manşūrat, manşūra, Name of

several towns.

a منصورية mansūriya, Name of an animal found in Yazd.

a منموص manṣūṣ, Manifested, declared; expressly stated in a text, authoritative, indisputable;—mansūs u ma'rūfi ahli hūl, Manifested and known to one skilled in the business.

a منمة manassa, minassa, The marriagechamber or bed (richly ornamented); a raised seat highly decorated, on which the bride is exhibited to public view; any place of exhibition, a theatre, &c.; — manassa, Front, forehead.

A منها munzā, Emaciated with travelling.

minzāj, A roasting-spit.

munzaj, Well-cooked, thoroughly منفع dressed (meat); — munzij, Suppurative; digestive; -munazzij, Suppurative.

منعجات munzijāt, munazzijāt, Suppura-

munzaji', Reclined on a bed or on the ground (especially on the side).

A daise minzahat, disse minzakhat, A watering-pot; a water-wheel.

munazzad, (Carpets or blankets) laid one upon another; well-set (pearls).

a منفرح munzarij, Split.

munzarih, Widely different (word and deed); distant; thrown aside.

munzafir, (Ropes) twisted together.

a منهم munzamm, in P. also munzam, Contracted, heaped, joined, added, inserted; (a pearl) slender in the middle;—munzam sā<u>kh</u>tan ba, To bestow upon.

manzūd, (Carpets, blankets, and

the like) laid one upon another.

anzūr, Florid, blooming, beautiful, verdant; -manzūr shudan, To flourish, to be verdant.

منعل مسيرة, Attenuated with travel-

ling.

A sigh-raised (edifice).

A منطبع muntabikh, Cooked, boiled. dressed.

منطبع مسير muntabi', Tamed, trained; obedient, tractable; yielding, malleable (metal); printed.

a سنطبق muntabiq, Fitting, equal, even; congruous, consonant; covering; coalescing or coinciding with; applying to.

a order muntarih, Thrown prostrate,

floored.

muntarid, Driven away, thrust out.

A aumtasim, Obliterated, defaced. muntafi', Extinguished; extinct.

A منطق mangiq (v.n. of الطق), Speaking, pronouncing, articulating; an oration; eloquence; (also 'ilmi mantiq) logic, reasoning; - mintaq, The female garment nițăq; a girdle, zone, belt, sash; [mințaqu 'l-buruj, The celestial girdle, the zodiac; -muntig, Gifted with speech, rational; munattaq, (A mountain) encircled round the middle with clouds, the top being clear.

A منطقة mintayat, mintaga, A girdle;mintagatu 'l-burūj, mintaga'i zātu 'l-burūj, The celestial girdle, i.e. the zodiac; -mintaqa'i mabrada (munjamida), Frigid zone; -mintaqa'i maḥrūqa (hārra), Torrid zone; -mintaga'i mu'addila, Temperate zone.

a منطقى mantiqi, Logical, dialectie; a

logician.

. mantiqiyat, Dialectics منطقيات م

a منطلس muntalis, Secret, mysterious.

muntaliq. Dismissed, freed, set at liberty, departing, going away; loosened, relaxed; divorced (woman); open, cheer-

mantūḥ, Butted by the horns of a ram, and hurt or killed; (a ram) butted to death.

muntawi', Obedient, tractable, ductile.

mantūgat, o منطوق mantūgat, منطوق mantuqa, Said, spoken, articulated; the verbal sense; expression; word, saving,

A منطوى muntawi, Folded, wrapped; fraught with: contained.

mintiq, Extremely eloquent.

minzār, A mirror, looking-glass. manzar (v.n. of نظر منظر منظر م holding; countenance, face, aspect, visage, looks; any object of sight, a spectacle, stage-play, theatre, scene; landscape, scenery; [manzari chashm, Pupil of the eye; -- manzari 'ām, A conspicuous object or place; manzari nīm-khāya, The sky; a dome; the world; \[-munzar, Waited for; listened to; cast behind.

منظرة A منظرة manzarat, manzara (v.n. of اظر Looking at, beholding; a place where one may have an extensive prospect; a belvedere; a watch-tower; spectators; anything looked at, agreeable or otherwise; the face, countenance.

a منظرى manzarī, Beautiful of face.

منظف ۾ munaggaf, Cleaned, purified, purged.

munzalim, Oppressed, wronged.

munazzam, Arranged, in excellent منظم order, placed in a row; -munzim, munazzim, (A fish, &c.) marked with the line nizām.

manzūr, Looked at, seen, visible ; admired; chosen, approved of, admitted, accepted; sanctioned, granted; agreeable, acceptable; designed, intended; aim, object in view (m.c.); advantage (m.c.); manzūri khudā, Approved of God; God's will ;-manzūr dāshtan, To guard ;-manzūr shudan. To be seen, to go in sight; -manzūr kardan, To approve, admit, or accept;manzūri nazar, Chosen, agreeable to the sight, beloved; a mistress; a favourite, a protégé ;—manzūri nazari khawās u 'awām shudan, To be seen by nobles and plebeians, i.e. to be conspicuous.

a منطوري manzūrī, Approval; choice; admission; consent, permission, sanction; admissibility; -- manzūri ba-zimn-an (ba-qarīna), Tacit or implied consent; -manzūri'i bil, Audit of a bill; mangūrī'i sānī, Second admission, re-admission; manzūrī'i khās, Special sanction;—ba-mangūrī, With the approval or sanction of ;-ba-sharti man-

zūri, Subject to the approval of.

manzūrīyat, State of being seen. A منظوم manzum, Joined, threaded; arranged in order; metrical, versified, poetic; the Pleiades.

A منطوسة manzūmat, manzūma, Anything placed in a series, row, line, or order; hierarchy; a composition in rhyme or verse; verses; rhyme; -manzūma'i zawāhir, A string of pearls; -manzūmahā'i (pl.) ahālī-pasand, Verses approved by those competent to judge.

A ≥ man', mana' (v.n.), Forbidding repelling, counteracting, inhibiting, rejecting, withholding, refusing, preventing, denying, dissuading; prohibition, hindrance, obstacle, preventive, refusal, opposition;mana' kardan, To restrain.

man'āt, News of anyone's death.

min'am, Very beneficent.

mana'at, mana'a, Difficulty of access; prohibition, hindrance; dignity; (pl. of māni') hinderers, prohibiters; difficult of access, grave, reserved (men).

A waren mun'ajif, Lean (camel).

A Joseph mun'adil, One who deviates from.

mun'adim, Destroyed, annihilated, annulled, demolished, ruined, extinct, lost, missed, disappeared; -mun'adim kardan, To deface, destroy, annihilate.

mun'adi, Contagious; men dying one after another of pestilence or any con-

a سنعرج mun'araj, Bent; bend (of a river) ;-mun'arij, Bent, turned, inflected; sloping (sun).

mun'aziq, Bad-tempered.

a منعزل mun'asil, Separated, removed to distance; retired, sequestered; deprived of office, removed from ministry or from a government.

. mun'ashsh, Patched (shirt).

A ------ mun'asib, Grown strong, hard,

mun'aşir, Pressed, squeezed; expressed.

mun'aşim, Preserved, defended, kept.

منعط ۸ mun'att, Torn (garment).

mun'ataf, The bend of a valley or river; --mun'atif, Bent, doubled, curved; turned towards, inclined to.

A win'iz, Whatever causes an erection.

mun'afir, Soiled with, or rolled in,

mun'afaq, A place of departure منعفق or of turning back; -mun'afiq, Carried rapidly on (in business); bent, curved; led away from water.

mun'aqq, Split. منعق ۸

من عقب min 'aqib, Behind, after.

A منعقد mun'aqid, Tied, knotted; bound; agreed upon, concluded (peace, marriage, bargain); piled up, cumulated (cloud); coagulated, congealed; sitting (an assembly, &c.); - mun'aqidu 'l-lisan, Tonguetied ;-mun'agid shudan, To be performed (m.c.).

mun'aqir, Galled in the back; hamstrung; cut off; cut, lopped (palm-

tree); detained, bound.

mun'akis, Reflected, reversed منعكس (as a figure in a mirror or water); contrary, inverted; topsy-turvy.

A was mun'akif, Curled (hair).

A Jeso man'al, dieso man'alat, Hard ground; -mun'al, Shod with shoe, slipper, or sandal (na'l); hard-footed (horse).

mun'am, Benefited; [mun'am 'alaihi, Benefited; a recipient of bounty;] -mun'im, Beneficent, liberal, generous, gracious; a benefactor; [mun'imi haqīqī, The true benefactor, i.e. God;]—muna"am, Affluent.

A dosis muna"amat, muna"ama, Delicate (woman), in good health or condition; benefit, recompense; a pleasant, delightful

A oise mun'amid, Supported by pillars.

A wantamil, Made, done, performed.

a dun'imiyat, Bestowment.

man'ūt, Qualified by an adjective; described.

man'ūsh, (A corpse) laid on a bier.

man'á, The news of anyone's death; abstinence; hindrance, prevention.

manghurak, A small صغرك ,manghurak copper coin, a farthing; -munghur, munghurak, A large goblet.

arif, Cut, clipped, shorn, سنغرك ه mungharif, Cut,

a way (as a munghass, Driven away (as a cat) by the cry ghass ghass.

anunghasil, Washed; flowing.

munaghghas, (A life) rendered miserable, irksome, and melancholy;munaghahis, Who or what renders (a person's life) unhappy.

A house munghatt, Immersed (in water);

one who dives or plunges himself.

anunghall, Entering, inserted.

manghalāy, Forehead, front; the vanguard.

a منعلق munahalig, Shut up or against : closed.

manghala, A sort of game.

. munahamm, Sorrowful منغم م

munghamir, Sunk, plunged.

munghamiz, One who winks; a winker.

A منفوى munghawi, Deceived; fallen; bent.

min-qhair, Involuntarily, accidentally.

A with mamf, Memphis in Egypt.

A the minfakh, Bellows.

A منقاش minfash, Tweezers (see منقاش).

minfāq, One who spends much.

a سنفت munfatt, Crumbled.

a سنفتع munfatih, Open (door); disjoined; subdued, conquered.

منطعى م munfatiq, Split, broken, cleft; (misfortune) overtaking (anyone).

a منطقاله munfatigat, munfatiga, Deflow-

a منفتل munfatil, Twisted (rope); turned (from any design or resolution); receding.

a منفع munfajj, (A bow) wide between the string and the handle.

munfajar, A road through sands; a place where water gushes forth and flows freely; - munfajir, Let loose, broached, flowing (water); (dawn) beginning to diffuse itself; a displayer (of magnificence and liberality); (night) dispelled by dawn; dawn; (evils) crowding from all quarters.

munfaji, Open (gate or door).

minfakh, Bellows.

a منفد munfid, One who exhausts or carries off; destitute of provisions, poor; dry (well).

munfadi, Redeemed, ransomed.

manfaz, A place through which anything passes or penetrates; a hole, passage, vent, outlet.; a pass, a defile; [manfazi kārwān, A place where caravans pass; \[-munfiz, One who causes to pass, pervade, or be received.

munjir, Who terrifies and puts to flight.

a منظره munfarij, fem. منظره munfarijat, munfarija, Tranquil, contented, happy, free from care or grief; cracked, split, separated, distant; open, gaping; obtuse; munfarijatu 'z-zawāyā, Obtuse-angled (mathematical figure); -zāwiya'i munfarija, An obtuse angle.

munfarih, Exhilarated.

A منظره munfarid, Simple; alone, solitary, singular, unique.

a منفرد munfarid-an, Separately, solely,

singly.

a منفرق munfariq, Distinct, separate, dis-

manfas, Much desired (thing); vent, breathing-hole, mouth; -munfis, Much desired (object); -munfis, munfas, Many, much (wealth).

munfasah, Open, expanding (place);—munfasih, Joyous, delighted, expanded (heart); convenient, commodious (lodging-place for cattle).

munfasikh, Dissolved, broken off منفسخ ۸ (contract, marriage, &c.); abolished, abrogated, excommunicated.

<u>munfasid</u>, Corrupted, vitiated.

munfasiq, (A ripe date) bursting منفسق from its skin.

T and manfasha (for P. banufsha), A violet; Malvasia in Morea.

a مناهمد munfasid, Flowing, finid.

A منفصل munfaṣal, A place of separation; -munfasil, fem. منفصله munfasilat, munfasila, Dissected; separated, disjoined, distinct, cut off; weaned, driven from the mother; divided into sections or chapters; disjunctive; decided, adjudged.

. manfasim, Broken without sepa ration.

a منفض minfaz, A fan, ventilator; -- mun-

fiz, Impoverished (people).

and exposed to infamy, rendered ignominious.

منطع munfazikh, Bruised (camel's hump); burst (sore); leaky (bucket).

A munfatir, Split, cracked, splitting.

a منظم munfatim, Prohibited; cautious;

desisted; arrived at the end.

A منطعة manfa'at, Emolument, profit, gain, advantage; use; useful purpose;—manfa-'at kardan, To do good.

a منفعت گيري manfa'at-gīrī, A getting

good.

- a منفعل munfatil, Made, done, performed; suffering or receiving the effect (of an act); passive, patient (opp. to active, agent); disturbed, afflicted; bashful, ashamed.
- a منفعله munfa'ila, Blushing, shame, bashfulness.

munfaghir, Open (mouth), ex-

panding, full-blown (flower).

nunfiq, One who lays out money; one who easily and readily disposes of his goods;—munfaqq, Open, separated, disjoined.

A winfakk, Dislocated, removed from a place; separate, distinct; alienated.

منفل munfall, Broken, notched (edge). منفل منطلب munfalit, Escaped, set at liberty.

a منطاق munfaliq, Split, broken in pieces منطاق manfūkh. Inflated, tumid, swol-

A t many $\bar{u}k\bar{h}$. Inflated, tumid, swollen, swelled in the belly, fat.

A parameter, Abhorred, shunned; conquered, overcome; — manfüru 'l-umam, Shunned by all the world, hateful to everybody; —manfür shudan, To be detested.

manfūs, Born; an infant whose mother is still in child-bed; much desired

(thing).

منفوش a manfūsh, Plucked, teased (cotton

or wool).

A منفوض manfūz, Shaken, concussed; trembling with horror; shaking with ague, agued.

manfūṭat, Blistered (hand).

منفوق munfawiq, Broken, notched (arrow).

a منفوة manfūh, Timid, cowardly.

A Addison munaffah, Lazy, tired (camel).

a منفهق munfahiq, Wide-spread, diffused (lighning or water); abounding.

A munfahim, Perceived, understood.

manfa, A place of banishment;—manfī, Negative; rejected, repulsed; banished.

A منقى munaqqa منقى munaqqa q.v.

A منقاب minqāb, A pipe, a tube.

A منقاد minqād, A bīrd's beak; an instrument for assaying gold and silver coin;—munqād, fem. منقادة munqādat, munqāda,

Obedient, submissive, tractable; soft, yielding (soil).

a منقادية munqādīyat, Obedience.

mingār, Beak of a bird; a pointed iron instrument used by smiths; a tool for notching mill-stones; a carpenter's chisel; point, toe of a boot;—mingāri qār, Nib of a pen;—mingāri kabūtar, Bill of a dove;—mingāri gil, The tougue;—mingāri wagt u sā'at, The pivot of a time-piece.

a منقاش mingāsh, Pincers; tweezers.

a منقاص mungās, Eradicated.

A منقاض munqāṣ, (A tree) cleft lengthwise.

minqāf, The beak of a bird; the bone of a shell-fish, used in polishing.

bone of a shell-fish, used in polishing.

A winqāl, Quick-trotting (horse).

A warmanqab, A road through mountains or over rough grounds; a pass, passage; a street; that part of the belly near the navel where dropsy is tapped; — minqab, The instrument with which that operation is performed, a trocar; —munaqqib, Au examiner, scrutinizer.

A said manqabat, Apath through mountains; anything in which a man glories, or which confers on him pre-eminence; glorious action; distinguished quality; erudition, virtue, talent; glory, praise (esp. of the Prophet and his companious).

A منقبض mungabiz, Contracted within itself, shrunk, wrinkled, drawn together; constipated, costive; depressed, morose;

fast-going.

a منقبه manqaba, Art, science; a cobbler; sole of the foot. (See also منقبه.)

mungatil, Killed, slain. منقتل ۸

munqih, One who empties (a bone) of the marrow; a polisher of verse;—munaqqah, Made manifest, clear, refined, amended, corrected; cleansed;—munaqqih, One who extracts marrow; who sharpens the wit; a pruner, lopper of superfluities.

munqahim, One who plunges in with impetuous temerity; fallen into diffi-

culties.

munqadd, Split, cut longwise.

منقدة minqadat, A sherd with which walnuts are peeled and cleaned.

منقدر م munqadir, Predestined, made necessary, created; exact in measure.

A مستقدع munqadi', Averse from, hanging back.

A منقل munqiz, A deliverer, redeemer, rescuer.

minqar, A pointed hammer used in digging, hollowing, or cutting stones, a pick;—munqur, A well dug in very hard ground, with a narrow mouth and full of water; a watering-cistern or trough; name of the father of a tribe.

a منقرض mungariz, Cut, notched; corroded; extinct (family, race); consumed, elapsed (time).

a سعرع مسترع مسترع مسترع مسترع مسترع مسترع مسترع مسترع مسترع مسترع مسترع المسترع giz, One who drinks pure water منقر called naqiz; possessed of cattle afflicted with the distemper nugaz.

munqasim, Divided into parts منقسم (qism), as a book into chapters; appor-

tioned, distributed.

minqash, Pincers, tweezers : munaqqash, Painted, stained, printed, speckled; embroidered; - munaggish, A painter, printer, stainer; an embroiderer; an engraver.

a منقشة mingashat, mingasha, A pencil, painter's brush; -munaggishat, Skull-fracturing (wound), causing exfoliation.

a منقشر mungashir, Peeled, barked.

munqashi', Scattered (cloud), dispelled (grief).

manqaşat, Loss, defect, deficiency.

منقمت munqasif, Broken; who or what goes off, retires, passes by, or flees away.

mungaşil, Cut,

▲ منقمم munqaşim, Broken to bits, se-

parated.

منقص مستقم munqazz, (A hawk) darting on his prey; (cavalry) charging (a fee); (a wall) failing down, or threatening ruin; setting (star).

منقفب munqazib. Cut, separated; (a

star) passing, leaving its place.

nunqazī, Finished, completed; annihilated, extinct; elapsed, passed.

munaqqat, Marked with points;

dotted, spotted.

- mungata', A place where (anything) finishes or breaks off; extremity (of a sand-hill or valley); [mungata' bi-hi, Unable to prosecute a journey (from the weakness of one's beast or from any other cause); |-munqati', Broken (rope); abrupt, interrupted, broken off, separated, disjoined; finished, ceased, terminated, extinct, perishing, exterminated; decisive, conclusive; a recluse; disabled; - munqati'u 'l-qarīn, Unequalled, unrivalled, incomparable, matchless; - ghair munqati', Uninterrupted.
- manga', The sea, bed of the ocean; any place where water collects, remains, or stagnates; as much water as is sufficient for a draught; -minqa', A vessel in which medicines are steeped or soaked; -munqa', Pickled, preserved (fruit); good, wholesome, cool (water) quenching thirst; cooling butter-milk; steeped (thing);

strong (poison).

munqa'ir, (A tree) uprooted and falling down; fallen on the ground.

(its) place; (a wall) tumbling down.

munqafil, Bolted, locked;—munqafilu'l-yadain, A gripe-fist, miser.

منقل م mangal, A way through a mountain; a chafing-dish; [mangali nīm-khāna,

The world;] - munqal, Narrated, told, alleged; — mungil, One who roves from pasture to pasture.

a منقلا munqalā, A deputy, ambassador; the advanced guard (cf. the following).

M منغلاي mangalāy, = منقلاي q.v.

A منقلب mungalab (v.n. 7 of منقلب Being turned; inversion; a place of turning; a place of returning; issue, upshot; -- mungalib, Turned, changed, converted, perverted, inverted, averted; - munqalib shudan, To be turned.

منقلبات mungalibat (pl. fem. of the preceding), A name given to the cities of the plain which were overthrown in the time

of Lot.

A منقلة mangalat, mangala, A day's journey, or the space travelled; a haltingplace; a way through mountains; a sort of game; -munqula, A chafing-dish; -munaqqila, (A wound) fracturing the skull, and producing an exfoliation (the fine for which is fifteen camels).

a منقلع mungali', Torn up, uprooted, ex-

tracted.

A منقمح munqamiḥ, (A camel) raising the head and refusing to drink any more.

منقمس مس munqamis, Dipped (in water). munqami', Subdued, tamed, sub-

jected; low, mean.

manqūb, Bored, perforated, hollowed, dug; undermined.

A منقود manqūd, Ready money.

manqūzat, oitetn. منقوزة manqūzat, manquiza, (Sheep) troubled with the distemper nugāz.

nanqüsh, منقوش م Painted, printed, stained, coloured; embroidered; engraved;

manqūshat, manqūsha, (A skullwound) requiring that parts of the bone should be taken out.

manqūs, Damaged, defective, diminished, shortened; verse characterized

.v. و کف and عمب by عمب

A منقوض manqūz, Untwisted; demolished. manqūtat, منقوطة manqūtat, مسقوط manquita, Spotted, dotted, marked with a diacritical point; a composition in which all the letters have discritical points.

منتوع manqu', Steeped, soaked, macerated; an infusion.

manqūl, fem. منقول manqūlat, manqūla, Said, narrated, recounted, copied, transcribed; removed; personal property of every description; movables; technical; desumed, borrowed (opp. to معقول q.v.). معقولات manqūlāt (fem. pl. of the pre-

ceding), Related things, traditional or his-

torical knowledge; movables.

منقم munqih, Who raises from sickness. munqī, Fat, and having bones full سنقى of marrow; a chooser; -munaqqá, Cleaned, purged, purified; a species of dried grapes

or raisins; bloom-raisins; -munagqī, Puri-

fying, cleansing; detergent.

mankib, The shoulder; also that part of the arm next to it; the corresponding part in animals; a chief, leader; a track; high ground; four feathers in the wing of a bird next to those called a.v.

a سنكثب munkasib, Heaped up (sand) ; inserted, thrust, or poured into.

munkadir, Quick, swift, hastening; precipitant, rushing beadlong; falling star; setting (star);—tarīqu 'l-mun-kadir, The road of Yamāmah to Mecca.

munkar, Denied, unacknowledged, ignored, disowned; unknown; disallowed, unlawful, blame-worthy (opposed to ma-'ruf); wicked, bad, iniquitous, a disagreeable, iniquitous thing; iniquity; an angel, who, together with another named nakīr, is supposed to examine the spirits of the departed in the tomb; -munkir, One who denies, rejects, disapproves, ignores, re-pudiates, takes ill or feels disobliged; averse, disapproving; a renegade, an apostate; one who places no confidence in another, but disbelieves what he professes; ungrateful; [munkir shudan, To deny a promise, retract one's word;]—munakkar, Indeterminate, indefinite; disguised; incognito.

a منكرى munkirī, Obstinacy in denying

(m.c.).

منكرات مسكرات munkarāt (pl. fem. of munkar), Iniquitous, unlawful, disagreeable things.

munkarut (fem of munkar), A

prodigy, unheard-of thing.

munkarim, Hououred; glorified.

a مىكس munakkas, Inverse, with head inverted; -munakkis, (A borse) not holding up his bead, especially in a race; also one unable to follow the others.

a منكسر munkasir, Broken; broken in spirit; fragile, frail; put to flight, routed (enemy); flaccid, pendulons (ear); -munkasiru'l-hal, In a distressed state.

a مىكسر دلان munkasir-dilān, (pl.) Heart-

broken.

a عنكسر مواج munkasir-mizāj, Broken down in health.

munkasif, Eclipsed (sun or moon).

munkashih, Scattered, dispersed. منكفعا munkashit, Open, naked; dispelled (fear).

munkashif, Discovered, uncovered, revealed; published; displayed;

illustrated.

مىكص mankas (v.n. of نكص), Departing, retiring, desisting from timidity ;-munkas, Retired, gone to one side;—munakkas, A place of return, gain, or profit; retired, gone to one side.

A discommankazat, Effort, exertion; haste,

speed.

munka', Flat-nosed ;—munakka', Flat, flattened (nose).

munkaff, One who desists, ceases

to do a thing, retires, abstains from.

mankal, mankil, Whatever brings منكل on a man punishment and chastisement :minkal, Anything that inspires fear; munkall, Blunted (sword).

a سنكمش munkamish, Swift, hastoning.

mankū, The water of life.

ankūb, Afflicted, miserable. منكوت mankūs, Untwisted (rope).

mankūḥ, fem. منكومة mankūḥat, mankûha, Married, joined in legitimate wedlock.

A منكود mankûd, Small (present).

mankūr, Name of a mountain in the desert of Kipchak, where there is a spring, which, though very small, yields as much water as can be taken away.

mankūr, Denied; ignored.

mankūz, Thrown, beaten, trodden OD.

منكوس ankūs, Inverted; read backwards; suffering from a relapse; preposterous (birth), i.e. with the feet foremost; head downwards, topsy turvy; a figure in geomancy.

mankufat, man-منكوك mankufat, mankūfa, (A camel) troubled with the tumour

nukāf.

ma-nikūh (prohib. of nikūhīdan, Revile not, blame not.

منكة man-ki (for من كه , I who.

mang, A die, dice; a game at dice; a gamester; a gaming house; custom, habit; rule, law, regulation; boast, brag, vanity; cheating, fraud, deception; a robber, highwayman; rhubarb; the henbane-plant; herbs, grass; yawning, oscitation; a mode of making the joints creak; -ming, A waterpipe, conduit; mung, A black intoxicating grain; a bee.

سكك mangak, Dice; boasting, bragging.

mangul, A robber; a wart.

mangalor, Mangalore in Mysore. mangalūs, Name of a place famous for white elephants.

mangala, Name of a place noted for fine elephants; -mangula, Name of a wild herb; a strap or thread by which anything is hung.

سنگنة mangana, A blacksmith's vice; a

press; a roller (mm.cc.).

manguwā, A dice-player; name of a certain wazīr.

mangūr, A mountain in Kipchāk.

mangosh, An ear-ring.

سكيا mangiyā, mangyā, Dice; gaminghouse.

منگياگر mangiyāgar, A dice - player, gamester.

--- mangidan, To mutter in a rage ---

mangidan, mungidan, To speak through the

manlāk, munlāk, A poor, wretched man (probably misreading fer مملاك q.v.).

A will we min ladun, From on high. man-am, I am.

a منم minamm, A tale-bearer, calumpiator.

minmāṣ, Tweezers. منماص ▲

munmajj, (Wine or saliva) ejected (from the mouth); (ink) dropping (from a pen).

munmahī, Erased, obliterated.

munammar, Dappled, spotted, speckled.

munmarit, (Hair) fallen off.

minmas, Tweezers.

a منمل minmal, munmil, A slanderer ; munmal, munammal, A closely-written hand; -munammal, Raised, exalted.

munmalis, Polished, made bare,

bright, shining.

a سيمل منملص سسmalis, Escaped, slipped away.

munmalig, Smooth, slippery, sbining.

a منمول manmul, (Food) gnawed by ants

(naml); the tongue.

a منن minan (pl. of minnat), Claims, obligations; favonrs; - zū 'l-minan, Possessed of (many) claims, i.e. God.

manang, A sort of rush, of which

brooms are made.

a منن و عنن manan u 'anan, More particularly (see min wa 'an under A. . min).

ma-nav (prohib. of nawidan), Do not move or complain; -manu, minu, Paradise; high, sublime.

a weaver's منوال minwāl, A loom; a weaver's beam; mode, manner, rule, form, constitution, disposition, frame, texture; propriety, decency, duty, office; - 'alá hāzā 'l-minwāl, In this manner, according to this fashion.

منوا A منوا munūwat, Desire; a wished-for

object.

minū-chihr, Of a heavenly countenance; of high degree; name of the son of Iraj, and seventh king of the Peshdadian dynasty; also name of various princes and chiefs.

منوع A منوع manūḥ, (A camel) giving milk in

q.v.). مائے =

munauwar, Illuminated, enlight-ened; elucidated, explained, illustrated; clear, splendid, bright, brilliant; [munauwaru 'l-qalb, Of an enlightened heart; serene, intelligent; -munauwar kardan, To illuminate; | -munauwir, An illuminator; illuminative.

munauwarat, munauwara (fem. of the preceding), The illuminated or illustrious, esp. applied to Madinah.

a منوركن munauwar-kun, Who illuminates, enlightens, illustrates.

manoshān, Name of one of the governors of Persia in the reign of Kai Khusrau; (prohib. of noshānīdan) cause not thou to drink.

A معوهلغ (؟), Name said to have been

given by the Arabs to Jamshed.

manūį, Dependent, fastened. bound, belonging to, attached, tied; admitted, allowed entrance, adopted; -zarāfamanut, Founded on witticism; witty.

manū', A hinderer, preventer, refuser; -munu (pl. of man), Hindrances,

obstacles.

a منوق munauwaq, Trained, broke in (camel).

minwal, A weaver's beam.

منوم م munauwim, Narcotic, soporific, sedative.

A منون manūn, Time, age; death, fate; [raibu (riyabu) 'l-manun, Calamities, disasters;]—munauwan, Marked with tanwin.

manohar (S. mano-hara), Heartravishing, beautiful; pleasant; name of

an Indian painter or sculptor.

a منزى manwī, Intended ; intention, purpose; - manawī, Belonging to the idol مناة . manah, The lower jaw, the chin.

min-hu, From him; from it.

minhā, From her; from it; from them (referring to a broken pl.); deduction, subtraction :—minhā sākhtan, To subtract.

a منها manhāt, Intelligent, prudent

(man).

minhaj, An open road, a wide street; highway; - hujjāji hidāyat-minhāj, Pilgrims on the right road.

munhāz, (A bone) broken anew after having been set and knit.

a منهاع munhā', Prone, hastening to

evil. minhāl, One who irritates or provokes greatly; a heap of sand con-

tinually rolling or sliding down; great munificence; the grave; very liberal. a منهائي manhā'ī, Forbidding, prohibi-

tion; -minhā'ī, Subtracted, deducted.

minhab, Swift (horse), beating others;—munhib, One who gives to be plundered.

a منهجم munhabis, Immoderate in laughter.

a منهجط munhabit, Depressed, falling.

منهتك مستلك munhatik, Torn, cut; violated, deflowered.

منهج ه manhaj, Road, highway; way, manner; — manhaji farmān-bardārī, The path of obedience.

a منهد munahhid, Swelling - breasted (girl); - munhadd, Broken, rent (as a mountain by an earthquake).

منهدم مسيدم munhadim, Demolished, de-

stroyed.

a منهدن munhadin, One who relaxes (from study, or from any plan or resolution).

Marker, A place excavated by a flux of water; a gutter or conduit by which water is brought into a fort;—munhir, One who digs till he arrives at water; who lets (blood) flow; (a vein) bleeding excessively, so as not to be stopped; a doer of anything in the day-time.

manharat, manhara, A place in a courtyard of a house where rubbish is

thrown; a dust-hole.

A منهزم munhazim, Routed, put to flight, running away, discomfited in battle;—munhazim sākhtan, To rout;—munhazim u tār u mār kardan, To rout and disperse in all directions.

A "output munhazim-an, Dispersedly, like defeated men.

منهشم ه munhashim, Broken, crumbled (as breud).

منهض munhazz, Bruised, crumbled, pounded.

منهمم منهمم munhazim, Well-digested (food);

منهفت munhafit, Depressed; diminished.

سنهل ه manhal (v.n. of نهل), Drinking, quenching the thirst; a draught that quenches thirst; profuse liberality; a place of drinking; a watering-place; a horse-pond; a tomb, sepulchre, tumulus, grave.

munhalik, One who throws himself into danger, or in the way of destruc-

tion.

munhamm, Pining, wasted with age, grief, or care.

■ منهور munhamiz, Hamzated.

A منهمل munhamil, (An eye) suffused with tears.

منهوب م manhūb, Snatched away by force; plundered.

سنهوس <u>منهوس ۸ manhūs,</u> Lean (man).

manhūk, Debilitated, afflicted with continued disease; in the metre called rajaz, when two-thirds of the verse have been taken away and one-third is left.

אבקח manhum, Very greedy (of food,

money, or science).

a reporter, a tale-bearer;—munahhi, One who forbids or warns;—manhiy, manhi, Forbidden.

منہیات manhīyāt (pl. fem. of manhī),

Unlawful, forbidden things.

a o munhiyān (P. pl of munhi), Bringers of news;—munhiyāni rub'i maskūn (haft tibāq), The planets Saturn, Jupiter, Mars, the Sun, Venus, Mercury, and the Moon.

mani, Presumption, boasting, egotism; egoism, or that sufficiency in Himself and independence of other beings which is peculiar to God; — man-i, Pronoun of

the first person followed by the second person sing. present of the auxiliary verb būdan, as in bā man-ī, Thou art with me.

A or many (v.n.), Defining, apportioning; a seminal effusion;—manú, Death; the Divine decree; measure, quantity; design, intention;—manī, The seminal fluid; (pl. of manā) weights of two pounds;—miná, Name of a valley nigh unto Mecca where sacrifices are offered up; the seminal fluid (of man or woman);—muná (pl. of munyat), Desires, wishes, aspirations.

a munīb, One who returns (to God), repentant, a penitent; one who appoints a deputy; a patron, master; client; constituent; appointed to conduct a business, foreman, factor, agent, head man.

A discommanyat, Seminal fluid;—munyat, Wish, desire;—manīyat, Death, fate; anything definite in time and manner; the providence of God;—manīyati aḥmar, Red, i.e. violent, death.

منيج A giver; an arrow en-

titled to no prize.

A منيخة manīḥat, manīḥa, (A she-camel) lent in order to be milked.

منيد man-id, Ye are to me, as hawā-dāri man-id, Ye are well-wishers to me (comp. منى man-i).

munīr, Šhining, splendid, illuminating;—zamīri munīr, The enlightened mind or intellect;—mihri munīr, The bright sun.

A من جزيد man-yazîd, Who increases the offer or bids more? auction, auctioneering room, market.

منجؤة manezha, Name of Afrasyab's daughter.

munaiṭara, Name of a castle or citadel near Tarābulūs in Syria.

A منيع mani', Inaccessible, impregnable; impossible; precious.

A منيف munif, Eminent, exalted, high, lofty, sublime.

مننگ $man\bar{\imath}k$, مننگ q.v.

A منيم munīm, One who appeases, quiets, or lulls to sleep.

a henefit; a reproaching or casting in the teeth.

سنيوش ma-nyosh (prohib. of niyoshidan), Do not hearken, listen not.

J. mau, The mewing of a cat;—mū, mo, Hair; a crack in a cup; exactness, precision;—mū az dīda bar-āmadan (dar dīda giriftan, dar chashm shikastan), mū bar āwardani (kardani) chashm, Superfluous lashes grow and injure the eye;—mū az zabān bar-āwardan (rustan), mū bar zabān āmadan (sabz shudan), mū bar-āwardani zabān, To talk a great deal to no purpose; —mū az zubān-ash sabz āmad, However much advice he gave, it impressed nobody, and yet he went on talking;—mū bar andām

(badan, tan) khāstan, mū bar tan rāst shudan, The hair stands on end from terror;—mū dādan (firistādan), To send a hair in a letter (a mode by which a despairing lover apprises a lady, to whom he cannot gain access, of his emaciated condition);—mū dar āsiyā safed shudan, (met.) A person is exceedingly stupid or foolish;—mū dar tarāzā zadan, mū zadani kaffa, (met.) The equilibrium is complete;—mū dar miyān na-gunjad, Unity (between two persons) is perfect;—mū kandan, To tear out one's bair (from grief);— pur-mū, Hairy, full of hair.

مواهاتی muwa'alat (v.n. 3 of رام), Endeavouring to escape or to find a refuge.

A مواصعة muwā'amat (v.n. 3 of مواصعة), Consenting, agreeing, doing the like; disputing, contending for glory.

مَوْانَكُمُ mawābizat (pl. of maubaz),Priests of the Magi;—mawābizatu 'l-ḥall wa 'l-'aqd,

Lords of loosing and binding, able critics.

A dip muwabalat, Assiduity, attention.

مواتب mawāt, Lifeless; a desert, waste ground from which a man can derive no profit, and not owned; a fallow; the dead; corpses;—muwāt, Death.

راتی mu'ātāt, in P. موانات (v.n. 8 of التی), Consenting, agreeing with, stipulating; obeying, being obsequious; favouring, helping; companionship, familiarity.

mutawir, (A camel) which first puts down one knee and then the other in kneeling (a practice extremely incommodious to the rider).

A by muwātarat (v.n. 3 of). Prosecuting or doing (anything) at intervals (mudāraket implying whatever is pursued without intermission); fasting every alternate day; putting down one knee after another when kneeling (a camel).

مواثبه muwasabat (v.n. 3 of رثب), Lenping or rushing upon (one another).

mawisir (pl. of misarat), Whatever things are thrown over the saddle to make the seat more easy; outer garments.

A مُوْمُرُهُ mu'asarat (v.n. 3 of مُوْمُرُهُ), Choosing, preferring.

مواثق mawāṣiq, Agreements, covenants ; —muwāṣiq, Confederate.

A مُواثَفَهُ muwāṣaqat (v.n. 3 of رثق), Entering into a confederacy; sticking to a

A موانعه muwāṣamat (v.n. 3 of وثم), Running a tace, contending in swiftness; exercising mutual patience.

مواثيق مراثيق mawāṣāq (pl. of mīṣāq), Agreements, confederacies, pacts, compacts.

A cip mauwāj, Stormy, billowy, surgy.

م مراجب mawājib, Salaries, pensions, rewards, hires; rights, dues, wages.

A مواجبة muwājabat, A rendering obligatory.

mawājib-khwār, Salaried, مواجب عوار a

pensioned; a pensioner (m.c.).

A by mu ajarat (v.n. 3 of), Paying the hire for labour; hiring, making an agreement, contracting for labour; letting out on hire.

م مراحل سراحال mu'ājalat (v.n. 3 of احل), Hindering, detaining, throwing obstacles in the way.

A مواجلة muwājalat (v.n. 3 of رجل), Being afraid of; contending or vying with in being afraid.

A مواحية muwājahat, muwājaha (v.n. 3 of هي), Meeting face to face, coming before (another), facing, confronting; beholding; presence, appearance; opposition of two stars or planets;—bi'l-muwājaha, Before, in presence of.

A muwājahat-an, Before, in pre-

sence of.

muwāhalat (v.n. 3 of رحل), Rolling (one) in the mire (wahl), bemiring.

A مواجعة mu'āḥanat (v.n. 3 of مواجعة), Being inimical, malevolent; hatred, dislike, enmity.

v.n. 3) مواهات ... wu'akhāt, in P. مواهات), Entering into a brotherhood; fraternity, brotherly love; intimate friendship.

a موالمد mu'akhaz Chastised, punished, reprehended, reproved, rebuked, taken to task;—mu'akhiz, A chastiser, rebuker, &c.

م مراحدة mu'ākhazat, mu'ākhaza (v.n. 8 of المدا), Calling to account, taking satisfaction, retaliating; chastising, blaming, reproaching, reproving, rebuking.

a مو الملة دار mu'ākhaza-dār, Accountable

for, responsible, answerable.

مواخر mawākhir (pl. of mākhirat), (Ships) ploughing the ocean with noise, or advancing and receding with one wind; (pl. of mākhūr) taverns, gaming-houses, brothels.

A عبر mu'ä<u>kh</u>arat (v.n. 3 of مواخرة), Postponing, delaying; putting behind; rejecting.

mawākhīr (pl. of mākhūr), Ta-

verns; frequenters of taverns.

A Ny mawādd (pl. of māddat), Matters, points; articles; females; humours of the body; matter, pus; — mawāddi siyāsat, Matters deserving of punishment; — mawāddi sulh, Articles of peace.

A solow muwaddat (v.n. of "3), Loving

one another; mutual love or esteem.

A dealy muwada'at (v.n. 3 of &), Quieting, reconciling, returning to favour, making peace; farewell, taking leave.

mu'ādamat (v.n. 3 of موادمة), Being

united in friendship and amity.

v.n. 3 of موارات .muwārāt, in P مواراة م

ررى), Hiding; burying; repulsion.

A موارد mawārid (pl. of maurid), Passes, entrances; places where people descend;

stations; places where water is drawn;—
mawāridi maṭrāqa, Turbid or befouled waters;— mawārid u madākhil (madārij),
Passages, entrances, and exits, ingress and
egress;—maṣādir u mawārid, Places where
learned men meet.

A فواردة muwāradat (v.n. 3 of ورد), Coming to a watering-place together.

م ارمة muwāra'at (v.n. of عرامة muwāra'at (v.n. of عرامة), Discoursing, conferring, conversing, consulting

with.

muwariq, Near. موارق ۸

A مُوَارِّفُهُ muwaraqat, A being near, approaching.

mawāris (pl. of mīrās), Heri-

tages.

mauwāz, A vender of banana-fruit.

موازات mu'azāt, in P. موازات (v.n. 3 of ازى), Being parallel, opposite, equi-distant; being proportioned, equal to.

mawāzijat (pl. of موازية م

mauzaj), Boots.

موازر A helper, assistant ;-

muwazir, The bearer of a load.

a bij), mu'āzarat (v.n. 3 of ji), Assisting; answering to, corresponding with, being equal to; assistance, support;—muwāzarat (v.n. 3 of ji), Governing for a sovereign or a chief, being lieutenant or vizier.

A فران muwāzanat, muwāzana (v.n. 3 of فرن), Being equivalent, equalling; being opposite to, corresponding with; facing; an equilibrium; (in rhetoric) the rythmical conformity of the cadences of corresponding phrases;—muwāzana'i duwalīya, The political equilibrium of empires.

mu'āzī, Parallel, exactly opposite, and resembling one another; equal, nearly, about; quantity; sets, pairs.

A موازين $maw\bar{a}z\bar{\imath}n$ (pl. of $m\bar{\imath}z\hat{a}n$), Balances, scales.

a مواسا muwāsā, Ease, rest; benevolence, favour; society, fellowship.

A مواسات muwāsāt, in P. مواسات (v.n. 3 of السي), Doing good, benefiting; condoling with; reviving by consolation, encouraging;—muwāsāt (v.n. 3 of رسى), Assisting; assistance, help.

mawāsiq (pl. of wāsiq), Pregnant

(camels).

muwāsaqat (v.n. 3 of روسق), Resembling, being equal to, or of the same weight.

mawāsim (pl. of mansim), Places where pilgrims assemble at Mecca; the fairs there held; (pl. of mīsam) brandingirons.

A فراسمهٔ muwāsamat (v.n. 3 of وسم), Disputing in point of beauty.

mawāsī (pl. of mūsá), Razors.

مواسيق مراسيق mawāsīq (pl. of wāsiq),(Camels) in foal.

مواهط مراهط مراهط معاسمة mawāshit (pl. of māshitat), Tirewomen, combers or dressers (of brides).

مراهك muwashik, One who goes fast. A travelling fast.

A مواهي mawāshī (pl. of māshiyat), Quadrupeds, especially camels, sheep, cows, calves, and other similar cattle.

mawāshīr (pl. of mīshār), Saws. A مواصر mu'āṣir, Near, neighbouring;

friends, companions.

a قرم "أمر mu'āṣarat (v.n. 3 of مرامرة), Being near; pitching a tent next to another's.

ing or selling anything by description (not by sample);—bai'u 'l-muwāṣafat, A sale by description (not by sample).

مواصل A مواصل mawasil, Ligaments; certain

musical instruments.

mawāṣilat, mawāṣila, Natives of Mesopotamia;—muwāṣalat (v.n. 3 of گور). Being constantly with another; enjoying a beloved object; coming together; doing (anything) incessantly, without interruption; conjunction, adhesion, copulation, enjoyment; interview.

nuwāza'at (v.n. 3 of colon,), Contending with (another) who is cleanest after performing ablution, vying with in

cleanliness.

A وفض muwāṣakhat (v.n. 3 of وواضخة), Contending with about drawing water.

مواضع مواضع mawāzi' (pl. of mauzi'), Places; villages; occurrences.

muwāza'āl, pl. of —

A depositing muwara'at (v.n. 3 of consenting, depositing the bets; consenting, assenting; agreement; connivance; communicating to each other one's respective opinions;—ba-tarīqi muwāza'at, By way of agreement; by means of a legal fiction (m.c.).

(m.c.).

A قراطات muwāṭa'at, in P. مواطات (v.n. 3 of وطئ), Consenting, agreeing (with an-

other); emulating; levelling.

A مواطر mawāṭir (pl. of māṭir), Rains. A مواطلة muwāṭalat, Retarding, delay.

A مواطن mawatin (pl. of mautin), Countries, native dwellings, habitations, mother-countries; battle-fields; the stations at Mecca.

مرالب mwazib, Assiduous, persevering; constant, incessant.

muwāzib-an, Assiduously, continually.

A مراجع muwazabat (v.n. 3 of بالمجام), Persevering, being assiduous, sticking close to, minding, attending to; perseverance, continuance, assiduity.

muwāzafat (v.n. 3 of وطلع), Consenting, agreeing to; being assiduous, sticking close to.

A مراعد mawā'id (pl. of mau'idat), Places of promise or rendezvous; promises.

muwa'adat (v.n. 8 of رعد Pro-

mising, plighting faith, appointing time and place; vying with anyone in making promises or threats.

mawā'iz (pl. of mā'iz), Goats.

muwā'asat (v.n. 3 of روعس), Making a long or forced journey, especially in the night-time; contending with another in walking; walking over soft and sandy places.

A bely mawa'iz (pl. of mau'izat), Exhortations, counsels, sermons, homilies; mawā'iz u nasā'ih, Exhortations and ad-

A dhele muwā'azat (v.n. 3 of he,), Admonishing, exhorting; preaching; instruc-

مواعيد A مواعيد mawā'īd (pl. of mau'ūdat), Pro-

mawā'īn (pl. of mā'ūn), Pots, kettles, &c.

v.n. 3 of موالمات . muwāfāt, in P ولى), Going on pilgrimage; coming, approaching arriving; keeping faith with, faithfulness.

muwāfiq, One who consents, agrees, approves; conformable, agreeable, consonant, congruous, suiting, apt, expedient, like, similar, resembling; equitable; prosperous, favourable, propitious; -muwāfiqi qā'ida, According to law or rule (m.c.); -muwāfiqi wāqi', Conformable or in accordance with the real circumstances (m.c.); -bādi muwāfiq, A favourable wind.

موافقة muwāfaqat (v.n. 3 of وفق), Being conformable, consenting, suiting, approving, judging expedient or convenient; conformity, agreement, unanimous consent, concordance, concord, correspondence, consent, sympathy, unanimity, analogy; propitiousness; -- mawāfaqa'i tāmma (kāmila), Full approval, perfect agreement, &c. bi-hukmi'l-muwāfaqa, From a similarity (of their manner, genius, and the like).

a مرافقية muwāfiqīyat, Suitableness, con-

gruity.

mawāqit (pl. of mīqāt), Stated

times or places; watches, dials.

مواتته muwaqatat (v.n. 3 of رقت), Mentioning or prescribing a fixed time (waqt).

mawāqir (pl. of mūqar and mūçarat), Heavy laden; (trees) laden with fruit.

mawāqi', Accidents, occurrences, contingencies; -mawāqi'u 'l-ghais, Places where rain falls.

مواتعة م muwaqa'at (v.n. 3 of رتع Rushing on (the enemy), attacking (in battle), fighting; lying with; assault, attack, con-

mawāqif (pl. of mauqif), Sta-

tions, posts.

مواقفة مسيرة muwaqafat (v.n. 3 of مواقفة), Standing (for another); assisting, aiding; standing in a place with another transacting business; asking one to stop and pause.

mawāqī (pl. of ma'qī), Inner corners of eyes.

mawāgīt (pl. of mīgāt), Stated times.

mawākib (pl. of maukib), Troops, legions, armies; cavalcades, pageantries; escorts, retinues;—mawākibi barrīya u bahrīya, Land and sea troops;—mauwākibi kawākib, Legions of stars.

muwākidat, (A she-camel) which

goes very quick.

A مراكط muwākazat (v.n. 3 of كرا), Sticking close to, being constantly engaged about.

mu'ākil, Mess-mate, fellow-commoner; -muwākil, Weak, unequal to any business, and therefore entrusting it to

mu'ākalat (v.n. 3 of اكل), Eating together; eating with one another; --muwākalat, muwākala (v.n.3 of ركل), Trusting (to one another); having mutual confidence.

A موال mauwāl, Very rich, a richard.
A قام muwālāt, in P. موالات (v.n. 3 of ولي), Continuing or following without intermission; continuation; friendship, love, affection; patronage, clientage.

mawālij, Places into which one حوالج ه

enters.

mawālid (pl. of mūlid), Travailing موالد م (women).

موالسه م muwālasat (v.n. 3 of ولس), Dissembling, acting hypocritically; fraud,

موالف mu'ālafat (v.n. 3 of الف Agreeing with anyone by the thousand (alf); rendering familiar, accustoming, habituating; familiarity.

mwalūn (pl. of mwwali), Helpers. mawālī (pl. of maulá), Lords, princes; judges; friends; slaves, servants; -muwālī, An assistant, defender.

مواليا " mwwāliy-an, muwāliyā, In a con-

tinued series, seriatim.

mawālīd (pl. of mūlid), (Women) مواليد in travail; (pl. of maulud) sons; mawālidi salāsa (sihgāna), The three kiugdoms of nature, animal, vegetable, and mineral.

mu'āmir, One who consults, asks

counsel.

مو امرة Mu'amarat (v.n. 3 of مو امرة م Mu'amarat (v.n. امر aulting, advising; consultation.

a مواسى mawāmī (pl. of mawmā' or maumāt), Deserts.

mawāmīs (pl. of mūmisat), Immodest (women).

mwanis, Familiar, accustomed to. موثانس ه mwanis (v.n. 3 of موثانس mwanasat (v.n. 3 of الله موثانسة) tivating an intimacy, keeping company, conversing, living under the same roof with; custom, familiarity, society, intimacy, companionship, fellowship; tameness, being domesticated.

A موانع mawani', موانع mawani'at (pl. of māni'), Impediments, hindrances, obsta-

A موعاوية mu'āwabat (v.n. 3 of اوب Nying with another in travelling.

א שולם mawāhib (pl. of mauhabat),

Ditches; gifts.

مواهبة م mwahabat (v.n. 3 of مواهبة م tending in liberality; emulation in gene-

a مواهة muwāhat, Beauty of countenance. muwāhasat, A going very quick.

A مواهنه muwahanat, Remissness.

مواهيب م mawāhīb (pl. of mauhūb), Things presented.

مواكد A مواكد mawā'id (pl. of mu'yid), Great events; mishaps; (pl. of mā'idat) Tables, especially covered with meats.

mu'āyadat (v.n. 3 of ايدة مواليدة), Strengthening, infusing fresh vigour, assisting.

A موايسة mu'āyasat, A driving to desperation.

mawā'il (pl. of ma'ilat), Bending مواكل (branches).

mū-bāf, A hair-ribbon.

A יינים muwabbikh, Reproaching, rebuk-

ing; a blamer, reprover.

ייף mūbid, maubad, mūbad, from maghū (mugh) + bid (bad = S. pati), chief of the Magi; a Parsi, Guebre, especially one of their priests; a doctor, philosopher, any man of great wisdom whose sayings are quoted; one who administers justice; a judge, especially of the Jews; a wazīr, a councillor of state; name of the husband of Wisa.

A אין ייש mu'abbad, Eternal, perpetual.

a موبداي maubaz, mūbiz, mūbaz, موبد mūbazān (A. form of موهد), A chief or learned doctor of the Magi, a Zoroastrian priest.

mūbarij, (in Shīrāz) Berberis.

موبي maubiq (v.n. of وبى), A dangerous or fatal place; a prison; the valley of Gehenna, where children were sacrificed to Moloch; -mūbaq, Destroyed, ruined; imprisoned.

A שיף mu'abbal, Rich in camels; name of a poet in Spain;—mu'abbil, One who procures camels (by birth or otherwise); one who fattens.

ייפוריף mū-ba-mū, Hair by hair; countless. maubū'at, (A land) much afflicted مودوعة with the pestilence (waba').

mū-band, A ribbon for tying the hair; a woman who dresses the hair, a waiting-maid; very clever.

مربندی mū-bandī, (met.) Skill, clever-ness, adroitness.

father.

a موبيقة mūbi'at, (A land) afflicted with plague.

maut (v.n.), Dying; death;—

mauti abyaz, White, i.e. natural death ;mauti ahmar, Red, i.e. violent, death; mauti aswad, Black death, i.e. death by strangulation; -maut giriftun, To brave death.

موتا A موتا mautá (for موتا), The dead.

سوتاب mū-tāb, A hair-rope maker.

موتاد م mautād (for mu'tād), Quantity. - mautān, Uncultivated land وموتان A موتان mawatan, Inanimate, lifeless; dead stock; -mūtān, A deadly distemper amongst

A & mu'tat, mūtat, mūta, Name of a place east of Damascus, where swords were formerly made;—<u>gh</u>azwa'i mūta, A celebrated battle.

mu'tajir, Hired ; a hired servant ;

a receiver of wages (ujrat); mercenary.

A watakhiz, A taker, receiver, selector, chooser; a beginner; humble, submissive.

A موتر mūtar, Strung (bow). mū-tarāsh, A hair-cutter. A مو تراش mu'tariq, Sleepless, unable to sleep.

mu'tariq, Arrived at perfection موعقرك (the tree arak), i.e. when become thick and firm, and its first fruit come to maturity; numerous and entangled (trees of this species).

mu'tazar, The girding-place, the waist; -mu'tazir, One who puts on the

mu'tasī, An imitator; who takes after.

mu'ta'id, One who receives, or is gratified by a promise;—mūta'id, What threatens mischief.

A مو تعك mu'tafik, A liar.
A مو تعكات mu'tafikāt, The cities of the plain overthrown in the time of Lot; winds blowing from different points, and promoting the earth's fertility.

Mu'taqit, A maker of the soft

cheese aqit.

mu'takil, Eaten, corroded, worn (horn or tooth of an animal); enraged.

A موتلع القلب mūtala'u 'l-qalb, Disturbed, agitated, chicken-hearted.

a مو تلف mu'talif, United, associated, familiar.

مو تلى م mu'talī, A swearer, taker of an oath.

mūtim, A mother of fatherless موتم A children; -mu'tamm, Taken for a leader, model, guide, or exemplar; -mu'timm, A follower, imitater; one who chooses as a leader or president.

mu'tamir, Obsequious, submissive, obedient; who consults or asks advice; the last of the days called aiyāmu 'l-'ajūz; the first month of the Muhammadan year called muharram.

mu'taman, Believed; a curator,

any person trusted in whom one is safe and secure; one of the titles of God;—mu'tamin, One who trusts to, confides in, or devolves his affairs to the management of another.

begun; given as a present;—mu'tanif, One who sets about (a thing) from the beginning; beginner; approaching, arriving; future.

A ייילפט mautūd, Driven (stake).

ש ייניט mautūn, Hurt in the vein watin.

mu'tawī, One who receives hospitably; tender, compassionate, moved, condoling, pitying.

mauta jangalī, The root of a

species of grass.

A موتى mautá (pl. of maiyit), Deceased, defunct; the dead;—mu'tī, A briuger, adducer.

موت maus, mawas, موتان mawasān (v.n. of موث), Soaking, steeping, dissolving (in

water).

mu'sir, A chooser; one who prefers another's interest to his own;—mu'assar, Penetrated, affected;—mu'assir, fem. مُورُدُة mu'assirat, mu'assira, Whatever penetrates or impresses; efficacious.

mu'assaf. Short of stature, squat, fleshy, juicy, and corpulent;—mu'assif. One who supports on a tripod; one who puts

(the pot) on a trivet.

mu'safat, (A pot) placed on a trivet.

mausiq (v.n. of \$\circ_i^2\$), Trusting, confiding in, relying upon; a treaty, compact;—mūsaq, Bound, tied, firmly knit together; [masnadi sadārat-mūsaq, The office of Grand Vizier;]—mūsiq, Strengthening;—muwassaq, Gifted with a strong constitution of body; trusted, confided in, relied upon.

a موقعه mūsiqa, Confidence, trust.

mu'assal, Firmly rooted; of a noble race; enriched;—māli mu'assal, A principal sum; a capital in trade.

mu'sim, Who or what compels or induces (anyone) to commit a sin or crime (igm);—mu'assim, An accuser, reproacher.

יילנט א mausūq, Tied, fastened; firm, constant; trustworthy, reliable;—yārāni mausūq-un bi-him, Faithful friends.

h مولى عان moţī-khān, A kind of drum.

A ty mauj (v.n.), Being agitated (as the sea), rolling in billows; a wave, surge, billow; whim, caprice; construed with the verbs āwardan, bar yak-dīgar shikastan, bastan, buland shudan, khwurdan, zadan, kashīdan, &c.;—mauji būriyā (ḥaṣīr), Uudulating lines with which mats and carpets are interwoven;—mauji nasīm, A cooling breeze.

سومان mūjān, A beautiful, languishing

A mūjab, Requisite, necessitated, required; [mūjabi shar'ī, Requisite by law;—bar mūjab, In consequence of, by dint of;]—mūjib, Who or what renders necessary or obligatory; cause, motive, reason, account; (met.) God; (in log.) affirmative; the month Muharram;—mūjibi iţmi'nāni qulūbi ādamiyān, The cause of tranquillity to the hearts of men;—mūjibi 'ibrat kardan, To give as an example;—bilā mūjib, Without a cause;—'amali khairi mūjibu 's-savāb, A good action, worthy of a reward;—min ghairi mūjib, Without reason or fault.

A موجبات mūjibāt (pl. of mūjib), Causes,

reasons, motives.

mājibat, mājiba, A thing of great importance, whether good or bad, great virtue or vice as deserving of reward or punishment in the world to come; the rewards or punishments of eternity; (in logic) an affirmative proposition (opp. to sāliba "a negative proposition").

maujat, One wave; vigour of youth.

A موجع mu'ajjij, Who or what makes

(water) salt or bitter.

א העליה mu'jid, mūjid, Who or what strengthens, invigorates, restores, or reinstates (after sickness or poverty);—mū-jid, An author, causer, inventor.

a مرج خير mauj-khēz, Producing billows,

stormy, boisterous.

a موج دار م mauj-dar, Wavy, undulatory;

grained (as morocco leather).

a موجدان mājidān (P. pl. of mājid), Causers, inventors;—mājidāni qānān, Lawgivers, a legislative body or assembly, a parliament.

mu'jadat, Strong, compact (she-

camel).

or rents; one who hires, lets to farm, or rents; one who rewards;—mu'ajjir, A maker of bricks or tiles (ājurr); a recompenser, rewarder.

A yer mūjaz, Epitomized; brief (epistle); a compendium, epitome, summary;—kalāmi

mūjaz, A compendious discourse.

מ בי ני mauj-zan, Boisterous, billowy.
אַ mūja', In pain, pained;—mūji',
Painful (blow); who or what hurts.

A way mujaf, Agitated.

A ינים manifal (v.n. of הבל), Being afraid (of another); fear; — manifal, A dreadful place; — mu'ajjal, Delayed, adjourned, postponed; appointed time; [māli mu'ajjal, Money laid up against a certain time;]—mu'ajjil, Who defers, gives a delay, but fixes a time; a book containing the appointed term or limit of anything.

A day maujalat, maujala, A dreadful

place.

a יכס ייכס mauj-mauj, Wave on wave.

مرجن مرس muwajjan, Prominent - cheeked (man).

ד אין mūjana, An almond-nut; a kernel. A ---- maujūb, Rendered necessary: ghair-maujūb, Unnecessary; illegitimate.

A איזייי maujūd, Found; present, existing, standing before; ready at hand; brought into existence; available; -maujud

shudan, To be present; to be in existence.

A way many many dat (pl. fem. of the preceding), Creatures, existencies, beings; things present; ready money, cash, specie; (in Indian statistics) the unmeasured or unpartitioned part of a pergunnah in which there are sundry partners;—jumla'i mau-jūdāt, All created things, the universe; khāliqu 'l-maujūdāt, The Creator of the universe.

a موجودگی maujūdagī, Existence; presence.

a יערפט maujūda (fem. of maujūd), Existing, &c.: -hālati maujūda, Present state or circumstances.

mawjūh, Struck on the face.

مرجه mauja, see برجه ;—muwajjah, Addressed, directed, sent to; employed; an official; reasonable, just; approved, acceptable, agreeable; suitable; conspicuous for excellence; of great authority; [qazāyāyi muwajjaha, Propositions or judgments agreeable to reason;]-muwajjih (mūjih), One who raises to dignity or renders respectable.

موجى maujī, Whimsical, emotional. r موجك mūchāk, موجك mūchak, A beetle ; a kiss (comp. وساج).

r موجات mūchalkā, A bond; a legal deed.

تىل mūchūn, An ape (see موجون T

T mūcha, Limb; leg. mū-chīna, Tweezers.

م معد mauhad, Singly and separately ; muwahhad, Single-pointed (letter); -muwahhid. One who believes in the unity of God, orthodox; an unitarian.

a موحدالله muwahhidāna, Like one who

believes in one God.

תים mūḥir, (The reptile waḥrat) infect-

ing (meat or drink) with venom.

mūḥish, Dismal, causing sadness, موحش disastrous, afflicting; terrible, dreadful; desert, uninhabited (country); destitute of provisions, hungry, starving; one who finds (a country) desolate; — muwahhish, A desolator.

mauhal (v.n. of وحل), Falling into thin soft clay or sludge; being miry, consisting of mire; -mauhil, Mire, sludge; or a place full of it.

mauḥūsh, Overrun with wild beasts; a waste, a desert, a wilderness.

mū<u>kh</u>, A standard, an ensign.

mu'akhkhaz, Taken, snatched, seized; retaliated on, called to account; fascinated, bewitched.

mu'khar, mu'khir, The hind part of a saddle;—mu'akhkhar, The hinder

part of anything, the posteriors; [mu'akhkharu 'l-ain, The outer angle of the eye:] -mu'akhkhar, mu'akhkhir, Posterior, consequent; delayed, procrastinated, left behind; the following or latter part; the hinder part (of a saddle); -mu'akhkhir, One who keeps back or puts things in their proper places; hence, a name of God.

A by mu'akhkharat, mu'akhkhara, The hinder part of a saddle; the consequent (in opposition to the antecedent); the end,

epilogue.

a موعمة maukhamat, Anything unwholesome, injurious to the stomach; an unhealthy country; (meat) corrupting in the stomach.

موخوم maukhūm, Troubled with indigestion.

mūd, A black eagle with whose feathers arrows are mounted.

A مود miwadd, One who loves greatly.

 \mathbf{A} موتدني $\mathbf{m}u'add\tilde{a}$, موتدنا $\mathbf{q}.\mathbf{v}$

مو من mu'dib, An inviter to a feast;-mu'addab, Chastised; learned, instructed; well-bred, polite, civil, modest, courteous; -mu'addib, A chastiser, chider; one who teaches the belles-lettres, who educates well; an instructor, teacher, preceptor; one who invites to a feast.

A مودة mawaddat, miwaddat, Friendship, love, benevolence;—mawaddat kardan, To love, to discover a regard for ;—maktūbi mawaddat (mawaddat-uslūb), Friendly let-

ter; a love-letter.

a مودت اختتام mawaddat-ikhtitām, Affectionate, friendly, loving.

A בּשׁי mūda', Easy, obedient (horse). mu'dim, Who prepares fish or anything to be eaten with bread.

A مودود maudūd, Beloved, held dear.

مودوسة م maudūsat, (Ground) covered

with young herbage.

مودوع م maudū', Left, let alone; set at liberty; deposited with; quiet, manageable (horse); modesty, softness, gentleness, placidness.

nu'addá, Payed; performed; led, brought;—mu'addī, mu'dī, Who causes to happen, who brings or adduces; leading to, conducive; a payer, performer of what is due; a cause, motive.

nu'azzin, موثان The public crier, or muezzin, who assembles the people to prayers by proclamation from a minaret or

tower of a mosque.

nu'zá, Afflicted, pained ;—mu'zī, fem. مودية mūziyat, mūziya, Noxious, troublesome, vexatious, hurtful, pernicious.

a مودیگری mūzīgarī, Troublesomeness. A به maur (v.n.), Moving, being agitated, fluctuating; roaming about; a way, track, beaten or level path; mūr, Dust raised and whirled about by the wind.

mūr, mor, An ant, emmet, pismire;

an emblem of poverty and weakness; rust; name of a desert; muri bal-dar, A winged kind of ant; -mūr dar pīrāhan rekhtan, To disquiet, make restless;—mūr dar tās uftādan, To be afflicted with a lasting calamity; —mūr-rā shab-namī tūfānast, A drop of dew is like the flood to the ant, i.e. the requital is in proportion with the deed; -mūri suwār (suwārī), A large kind of ant with long legs; mur haman bih ki na-bashad par-ash, It is best for the ant not to have wings, said if one aspires to bigher things beyond his reach, and thereby ruins himself; -gori pur mār u mor, A tomb full of serpents and ants;hamchu mori bi-zor, Like an ant without strength.

יינויינט mūrāmūn, A wild carrot.

A מינים mūras, Appointed heir; hereditary possession;—mūris, One who makes (a person) an heir; cause, author; [qabā'iḥi mūrisu 'l-fazā'iḥ, Transgressions which entail ignominy;]—mu'arris, One who lights a fire; an exciter of discord.

mūrjān, Name of a mountain in Persia where there is a famous spring which flows exactly in proportion to the quantity of water required.

mūrja, Rank, dignity.

mūrchāl, مروجال mūrchāl, An intrenchment for besieging a fortified place; a tower; the watch at the door of a fortress.

mūrchāna, Rust of iron.

mūrcha, A little ant, emmet, pismire; the waving lustre of a sword; rust; a small black glass; a poor, weak, contemptible fellow; a battery (cf. المنابع above);—mūrcha pay zadan, To pluck up the beard by the root;—mūrcha'i 'ambarīn, The sprouting beard of a youth.

مورچه بندی mūrcha-bandī, Intrenching; intrenchment; fortifying, fortification.

mūrcha-pai, A neglected, ill-

combed beard (m.c.).

murchhal, A fan for driving away flies (especially of peacock's feathers), a brush.

سورچه ناك mūrcha-nāk, Swarming with ants.

A type mu'arrakh, muwarrakh, Dated; chronicled;—mu'arrikh, muwarrikh, Who dates (a letter); who marks the time of any event; a chronologer, chronicler, annalist, historian; — akşari muwarrikhīn, Most historians.

مورخانه mūrkhāna, Small black ants;

A مركين mu'arrikhīn, muwarrikhīn (ohl. du. also used as nom.), Chroniclers, historians, &c.

مورد mord, Myrtle; the ringlets of a mistress; a seal; a ring.

maurid, A place of arrival, descending, alighting, or appearing; a place

through which one passes; access, entrance, passage, approach; station, quarters; a road to water; object sought; a focus (m.c.); — muwarrad, Rose-coloured (garment).

mord-isparam, Name of a fragrant flower with leaves like the myrtle.

موردائه mordāna (for mord-dāna), Myrtleseed; seed of a kind of mezereon.

موردة mauridat, maurida, A highway; a drinking-place.

mord-gesū, With curls like myrtle.

A مورس mūris, (The thistle wars) turning yellow; — muwarras, (Cloth) dyed with wars.

mūrish. Small shells or glass beads; a place before a shop where goods are exposed to sale; an estrade raised a little above the ground for sitting upon, especially on the outside of a house; the backbone; — mūrishi sīmīn, Silver beads resembling pearls.

mūr-shumār, Numerous as ants,

innumerable.

A 3,5 mauraq, Maurice (a proper name);
—mūriq, Leafy (tree), opulent (man);
—mu'riq Who renders wakeful;—mu'arraq,
Prevented from sleeping, kept awake;—
mu'arriq, Who or what renders (anyone)
wakeful or sleepless;—muwarriq, A scribe.

سورک murg, The river Murg in Baden (m.c.). A مروم muwarram, Swelled, swollen.

مور ملع mūr-malakh, Numerous as ants or locusts.

مور صياس mūr-miyān, With an ant-like, i.e. slender, waist.

mu'arnab, (A garment) woven with a mixture of hare's pile;—mu'arnib, (A country) abounding in hares (arnab).

الم موروث م

a موروثى maurūsi, The state of being hereditary; hereditary; patrimonal, an-

cestral.

A sup maurūd, Seized with the paroxysm of a fever; descended to, arrived at;—maurūdi wird, The place where one alights from a journey; celebrated by every tongue.

mora, Morea.

مورى mūrī, An earthen pipe joined to an aqueduct; a water-course, channel, gutter; shoemakers' black; a kind of silken stuff; small shells or glass beads; name of a country in Turkistän.

مررى A مررى mūrī, One who strikes fire.

A مريات mūriyāt (pl. fem. of the preceding), (Horses) striking fire from the stones with their hoofs.

ه موريات mūriyāna, Rust, especially that which cannot be polished, eating (a thing) full of holes.

mūriya, A vinegar-cruet.

A jo mauz, mūz (S. mochā), Banana, plantain-fruit.

mozāyik, Mosaic (m.c. from Fr.

A قابع mawazzat, mawazza (A country) abounding in geese.

mauzaj (from P. موزة mūza), A boot.

mauzdūnitan, (in Zand), To sell. A or mu'azzir, One who covers (his body) with the isar; a confirmer, strength-

A Eir muwazza', Distributed: scattered. dispersed; afflicted.

A vijo mauzan, A place for weighing.

A mauzūr, A criminal, a malefactor, one laden with crimes (wizr).

A οτίme, sin, παυzūra, A crime, sin, fault.

שנופא ב mauzū', Held back, restrained.

موزون ه mauzūn, Weighed; well-adjusted, balanced (as an account); symmetrical; (verse) which consists of an exact number of feet; (money) of just standard; modulated (sound), harmonious; mauzūni wazna'i, Weighed at the weight of ;-mişra' mauzūn kardan, To scan a verse properly; -kalāmi nā-mauzūn, Ill-chosen words, disagreeable speech.

a موزون حركات mauzān-ḥarakāt, Graceful

in her motions (applied to a girl).

a مورون عرام mauzūn-khirām, Who walks

with a measured step.

a موزولى mauzūnī, The being weighed;
the being well-halanced or adjusted; the being well-measured or of proper quantity (verse); rhythm.

mūza, A boot : a stocking; a glove; a museum (m.c. from Fr. musée);—[mūza dar gil, (boot in the mud) A difficult business, — mūra nihādan, (to put up one's boots) To give over travelling and stay at home; -mūza, mauza, A kind of sweetmeat.

سورة بالين mūza-bālīn, (boot-cushion) Soft lining in the heel of a shoe or boot.

mūza-poehīda, Booted.

mûza-doz, A bootmaker.

mūza-gīr, A horse biting his

mu'zá, Oppressed with toil and vexation ; -mu'zī, Afflictive.

mūzīk, Music (m.c. from Fr. musique);--mūzīk zadan, To make music, to play (a band).

موزيكاتين mūzīkānjī, A musician (m.c.). mūzīk-sāzī, A manufactory of musical instruments or boxes (m.c.).

mozh, A pond, tank; -mūzh, Grief, sorrow.

mozhān, A narcissus; hence, a beautiful eye, looking languishingly and amorously, and having a mole at the side.

mozha, A pond, tank;—mūzha, Sorrow, grief, affliction; name of a sweetmeat.

Maus, A shaving of the hair;--mūs, A graving-tool, pen-knife; a scalpel; a razor.

a سوسا mūsā, A companion; an easy, good, or agreeable work; monthly pay.

a موسائی mūsā'ī, Judaism (religion of Moses).

mū-suturda, mūsturda, One whose poll is shaved; a calender monk, shaveling;

سرسخ mūsakh, Threads worn by Brahmans.

A رسخ muwassakh, Dirtied ,-muwassikh, mūsikh, One who dirties or soils (a garment).

A σωσίτ, Opulent, wealthy ;—mu'as-

sir, One who ties, presses close.

موسس A موسس mu'assas, Founded, built; — mu'assis, Who lays a foundation; a founder; a strengthener.

a موسط mūsat, The middle of a house.

مرسع A مرسع mūsa', Rich, able, powerful; muwassa', Large, ample; enlarged.

A who makes melancholy; an afflicter.

موسقار ۸ mūsiqar, موسقدان mūsiqdan, mūsiqīdān, A musician; music; arbābi mūsiqār, Musicians.

mūsigat, mūsiga, Fruitful, loaded موسقة (palm-tree).

a موسقى mūsiqī, Music;—arbāb mūsiqī, Skilled in music, musicians. mūsiqī, Music; -arbābi 'ilmi

(٢), A kind of wild parsley which is a deadly poison (in the dialect of Isfahan).

mausim, Time, season; place of meeting; the season when the pilgrims assemble at Mecca; the place marked out for their meeting; the people who assemble them; the fairs then and there held;mausimi bahār (bahārī), Season of spring; -mausimi khizān, Autumn; — mausimi shita, Winter-season;—mausimi gul, Season of roses, early summer, summer.

a موسمى mausimī, Seasonable, in season.

A موسن mūsin, fem. موسن mūsīnat, mūsina, Noisome (well), causing (one) to faint with its noxious vapours.

mūsanh, Tobacco of Tartary (black) (should probably be mūsakh, related to A.

and وسع qq.v.). A موسع muwaswis, One who speaks or mutters to himself; -muwaswisi saudā'ī, A moody, melancholy man.

mausuq, Freighted, loaded (vessel).

mansum, Marked, signed, impressed, branded; characterized; noted, stigmatized; named, called; (a coat of mail) adorned with agates, &c., round the bottom; -mausum bi 'l-khair, Marked with excellence, having good signs.

a موسوى mūsawī, Mosaic, belonging to

a موسوية mūsawīya, Name of a sect of the

mūsa, mausa, A bee; a wasp; name of a city.

مرسي κ mūsá, Moses; a razor; the apex of the crest of a helmet; [kitābi mūsá, The book of Moses, the Pentateuch;]—mūsī, Mosaical, mosaic.

mūsicha, Wood-pigeons, doves; a swallow or martin; a finch.

mūsīgār, موسيقال mūsīgāl, Pipes موسيقار made of unequal reeds; Pandean pipes; a bird whose bill is perforated with holes, through which it emits a musical sound.

mūsīqī (G. μουσικη), Music.

سوش mūsh (S. mūsha), A mouse; a chaffinch; [mūshi parrān (paranda, khurmā), A squirrel; -mūsh dar ambān dāshtan, To be robbed, pilfered; -mūshi dashtī (sahrā), A field-mouse, a mole: $-m\bar{u}shi$ $d\bar{u}$ - $p\hat{a}$. Jerboa (Dipus lagopus);—mūshi sultānīya, Spermophilus concolor; mūsh gabaq mīandāzad, (met.) The place is deserted (the mice have it all their own way in it);mūshi kūr, A blind mouse, mole; a bat;] -mosh, Grief, sorrow, cry, lamentation.

mūsh-bāzī, A sort of firework.

muwashshah, Clad with anything, especially obliquely, as a scarf or baldrick from the shoulder to the opposite side; ornamented; (verses) arranged so that the initials of each line being put together form some word or verse, an acrostic; odes with varied rhymes.

mūshaḥāt, A sort of odes.

mūsh-khwār, موش خور mūsh-khwur (khwar). An eagle that lives upon field-mice, a kite.

موش دربندی mush-darbandi (mushi darbandi?), A plant growing in Darband, which the natives bruise and form into little bougies, and use as an eye-salve; it is also good for the gout and swellings.

mūsh-dandān, (mouse's tooth) موش دندان

A mode of staining or printing.

سهات mūshak, A mole; a musk-rat; a bat; a squib, rocket (construed with the verbs andākhtan, dawānīdan, and wā-kardan) ;-mūshaki parrān, A squirrel.

mūshkā, Name of a Jewish doctor. سر هکاف mū-shikāf, (hair-splitting) Minute, small, scarcely visible; a critic, subtle reasoner; one who performs with the greatest nicety.

mū-shikāfī, Criticism.

سوهك دواني mūshak-dawānī, Seditiousness; troublesomeness.

moshgar, A woman hired to eulogize حوهكر the dead, and with others to cry and wail.

mūsh-gīr, A bird that feeds on field-mice; a sparrow-hawk.

mūshnāk, Full of mice.

. maushūr, A prism موهور ⊾

a op maushiy, day muwashshá. Painted, printed, coloured (cloth).

maus (v.n.), Washing gently; rubbing with the hand.

mūṣib, Sick :--muwaṣṣab, Much distempered; exposed to ailments, abound-

ing in pains.

مومهٔ ه mauşat, mauşa, One washing.

A موصد mu'şad, fem. موصد mu'şadat, mu'sada (A door) shut, a little way open; covered; [nāri mu'ṣada, Fire equally piled up on all sides;] - muwassad, A curtain behind which women sit; the female apartments.

۸ مومده muwassadat, muwassada, A girl' مومده

small shift; a closed door.

a موصل mausil, The place where things join or meet; meeting of two rivers; a junction; name of a city and district which joins Mesopotamia to Babylonia, situated on the western bank of the Tigris, opposite to the spot where Nineveh was supposed to have stood; -mūṣil, Leading to, joining; a carrier, bearer; -mu'assal, Radical, fixed, firm :-mu'assil, Taking root, become firm ; one who ennobles or calls noble; -muwassal, Happily arrived, joined; acquired, attained.

a موملي mauṣilī, Of or from Mausil; be-

longing to, or produced in, Mausil.

mausūfat, fem. موموك mausūfat, mausufa, Praised, celebrated; commendable, laudable; endowed; qualified, described, distinguished, characterized; before-mentioned, aforesaid; a noun substantive qualified by an adjective.

. mauṣūjīyat, Qualification موموفية م

A مرموله mausūl, fem. مرموله mausūlat, mausūlat, mausūla, Joined, coupled, arrived; attained, collected; a relative pronoun; tax; collection;—ismi mausūl, A regular pronoun; jawābi mauṣūl, A correlative pronoun.

A موصى mūṣá, Commanded by last will; [mūṣá bi-hi, A legacy, bequest;—mūṣá la-hu, A legatee;]—mūṣī, muwaṣī, One who makes a will or bequeaths; a testator;muwassá, Appointed tutor or guardian; muwassá ilai-hi, A legatee.

A موصية mūsiyat, mūsiya, A testatrix.

mūzih, An explainer, manifester; appearing clear, coming in sight; -muwazzih, A explainer, manifester.

nūzihat, mūziha. A wide, open wound exposing the whiteness of the bone.

A موضع mauza', mauzi' (v.n. of وضع), Placing, laying down; a place, site, situation, post; a village, hamlet, township, district; occasion, occurrence, conjuncture.

mauzi'at, Love, friendship.

mauzū'at, • موضوع mauzū'at, • موضوع mauzu'a, Placed, situated; born, dropped; fixed, assigned; deposited, laid up for preservation; site, position; subject (of a speech), object;—mauzūʻi bahs, The subject treated of or discussed;—mauzūʻi 'ilm (fann), The object of science;—mauzūʻ kardan, To separate; to render independent (m.c.).

A مونوعات mauṣū'āt (pl. fem. of the preceding), Objects of science or discussion.

موخونة mauzūnat, (A coat of mail) made of double-linked rings; (anything) worked or set with gems and gold.

A by mauta, A footstep, print of a foot; a footstool; a sock or wrapper for the feet;—muwatta, Trampled, trodden; spread out, made soft and level.

muwattad, Firmly united; made

solid.

א העילה mu'attam, Defended; — utmi mu'attam, A castle strongly fortified.

mautin, Habitation, mansion, place or residence, house, home, dwelling, birthplace; an encampment; battle-field, place of martyrs.

موطوه مرسور mautū', Beaten, trodden, trampled on.

موطود م mautūd, Fastened, made strong and firm, or heavy.

A موطى mauti', mauti, A footstep, foot-

a www.azzaf, Allowed a fixed pay or pension (mazīfa); ordained, limited; [kharāji muwazzaf, The regular poll-tax;]—muwazzif, One who orders a daily stipend.

mau'ida, or mau'idat, mau'idat, mau'idat, mau'idat, mau'idat, mau'idat, mau'idat, mau'idat, mau'idat, mau'idat, mau'idat, mau'idat, mau'idat, promise; the time or place of a promise or threat; stipulation; agreement (as to time or place); rendezvous;—mau'idi kārzār, The place and time appointed for a battle.

Admonishing; advice, admonition; an address to the Deity;—mau'iza kardan, To admonish, exhort, by holding out future reward or punishment.

mau'ilat, A female mountaingoat; (pl. of wa'l) mountain-goats.

A موعود mau'ūda, قرعود mau'ūdat, mau'ūdat, mau'ūdat, v.n. of موعود), Predicting, auguring, or prognosticating anything good; promising, promised, predicted, predestined; a promise; invited (m.c.):—ajali mau'ūd, Predestined or unavoidable death.

a موجودين mau'ūdīn (obl. pl. nsed as nom.), The invited, the guests (m.c.).

a موعوك mau'ūk, Enfeebled, weakened by fever.

mogh, A Magian or fire-worshipper.

مرق $m \bar{u} g h$, = مرق q.v. $m o g h \bar{u} n$ (pl. of m o g h), Fire-wor-

shippers; name of a city in Azarbaijan.

we mogh-bad, A high priest of the

Magi (see 4) above).

موغل mūghil, One who attends a drinking-bout without being invited.

muwaffar, Luxuriant, plentiful,

abundant, copious, redundant, impossible to be collected; poetic measure in which elision is allowed though not made;—muwaffaru 'r-rughbat, Of excessive greed.

A who cries uph;

fy! pho!

muwaffaq, Favoured; prospered; assisted;—muwaffaq, One who directs, prospers, seconds;—wa'llāhu'l-muwaffaqu'l-mwin, It is God who prospers and assists (a phrase put frequently after the preface of a book; and sometimes at the end of a volume).

mūflūn, Melilot.

maufūr, fem. by maufūrat, maufūrat, maufūra, Complete, perfect, entire; luxuriant, copious; full, ample; numerous, many; abundant, plenteous, much; poetic measure in which elision is lawful though not made;—sa'yi maufūr, Great endeavour, extreme diligence, much labour or fatigue;—yhanā'im maufūra, Rich booty;—maḥsūlāti maufūra, Abundant produce, luxuriant harvests.

mūṭi, A fulfiller (of an engagement);—maufī, muwaffá, Satisfied, paid, performed.

A موفق muwaffiyat, muwaffiya, The city of Madipa.

mūfiyūn, A kind of poison.

mauq (v.n.), Being cheap, trifling (a bargain); — mūq, Folly, stupidity; a large boot worn over another of thinner leather; —mu'q, mūq, The inner corner of the eye (liḥāz denoting the corner next the temples).

moqān, Name of a city in Azarbai-

jan (see موغان).

mauqit, Place (fixed) by any given time; time (specified) for any appointed place; rendezvous; — muwaqqat, Fixed or restricted to a certain definite time; appointed (hour); temporary, for the time being; — muwaqqit, An observer of times or hours; a person in the Muhammadan mosques, who observes the exact hour when the people are to be assembled to prayers, and gives notice accordingly to the crier; an astronomer.

a موتتخانه muwaqqit-khāna, An observa-

tory.

mauqid, A fire-hearth, grate, where a fire is kindled; — mūqad, muwaqqad, fem. موقدة muwaqqadat, muwaqqada, Kindled, blazing (fire).

A plain at the foot of a mountain; — mūqar, fem. by mūqarat, mūqara, Loaded, carrying a heavy burden; pregnant (woman); oppressed, weighed down; reduced to poverty or misery;—mūqir, Oppressive; one who reduces to poverty; — muwaqqar, Honoured, revered, respected; venerable; respectable; experienced, proved, intelligent, acquainted

with the world; -muwaqqir, An honourer, reverencer, respecter; who makes or calls grave, modest, or respectable.

موقس ه muwaqqas, Scabby (camel).

mauqi', mauqa', A place where anything falls or happens; locality; proper place; opportunity, occasion; accident, contingency, occurrence, vicissitudes of fortune; proper, fit, suitable; the falling of a star; the place where a star sets or rain falls; [in chi mauqi', What moment is this, i.e. is this the proper moment? (m.c.);—bi-mauqi', All of a sudden (m.c.);
—har waqt mauqi' shud, Each time that the opportunity occurs (m.c.);] — mūqi', Adverse (fortune); — muwaqqa', Beaten (path); worn out with misfortunes, oppressed with evils; a decree, statute, mandate; -muwaqqi', A writer of a tauqi' or letters patent.

a موتعى mauq'î, Local.

mauqif, A station, a post, any موقف place where one remains; especially where they celebrate the pilgrimage-solemnities at Mecca, called also Mount 'arafat; the site of the last judgment; — muwaqqaf, Made to stop or stand; given in waqf (see رنف), tardy, slow; — muwaqqif, One who causes (anybody) to stand or to remain in a place; a detainer, preventer, hinderer. a موتلم mūgalam, The stick of a painter's

brush (comp. mūyi kilk under موى).

mūqlūn, The herb melilot.

mūqin, Certain of, knowing for certain; firmly believing, staunch in faith.

mauqūt, Restricted to a certain time; waqti mauqut, An appointed hour.

موقود م , mauqūd, Kindled.

mauqūr, Heavy (ear). موقور ٨ mauqūs, Scabby (camel).

mauqūs, One whose neck is broken.

mauqūf, Delayed, stopped, deferred, postponed, put off, suspended, relinquished, dismissed, discontinued; dependent upon, subject to; established, determined, fixed, supported; left or bequeathed for pious uses, consecrated to God; a legacy, bequest; --mauquf 'alai-hi, (A word) paused on ;—mauquf kardan, To disuse, to cease using (m.c.).

a موتولات maugūfāt, Pious bequests, donations, &c.

a موتولى maugūjī, Discontinuance, suspension; dismissal.

mauqūm, fem. موقوم mauqūmat, mauquma, Much grieved, very sad; trodden

upon (ground).

mūqi', Outer or inner corner of the eye; -muwaqqá, One very much dreaded; one whom everybody shuns; bold, strenuous; - mauqī, One who is feared.

www. The sting of an insect; a sheep

(probably erroneous from reading in the explanation of the word ميث for رئيش).

maukib, An army, forces, large detachment, either of horse or foot; choice body of troops; lifeguards; large cavalcade, pageant, procession.

a موكب آراي maukib-ārāy, Adorning a

procession, &c.

maukib-dārī, Office of a موكب داري groom.

a موکب رو maukib-rav, Walking in a pro-

cession, &c.

a موكبيان maukibī, P. pl. موكبيان maukibiyān, Of or belonging to a procession, &c.;maukibiyāni saḥar, Certain angels said to have attended Muhammad in his ascent to

heaven (see elaw).

mu'akkad, Confirmed, corroborated, strengthened; redoubled; efficacious, powerful, strong; [mu'akkad shudan, To be confirmed;]—mu'akkid, muwakkid, One who confirms, strengthens, binds close, connects; who redoubles or reiterates; confirmatory; immediate; energetic.

A 125's mu'akkad-an, Confirmatively,

repeatedly, to the utmost.

سوكدة mūkada (corruption of A. موكدة), Absolute.

mū-kash, Dragging or dragged by the hair.

mū-kashān, Dragging or dragged موكشان by the hair (sing. and pl., the latter from mū-kash).

mu'kal, Supplied with food, fed ; mu'kil, mu'akkil, One who gives or offers to eat; -muwakkal, Appointed guardian, commissary, superintendant; a vicegerent, substitute, deputy; the keeper of a prisoner; guard, jailor; — muwakkil, One who appoints a lieutenant, deputy, substitute, factor, or agent (wakil); one who delegates power.

A وکنه maukin, موکنه maukinat, maukina, A bird's nest.

aukūl, Committed, entrusted. موكول

maukūm, fem. مركومة maukūmat, maukūma, Very unhappy, tortured in mind, melancholy; bare and broken (ground).

maul (v.n.), Being rich (especially مول ۸ in flocks); -mūl (pl. of mūlat), Spider.

mol, Delay; repentance; remaining behind, desisting; a thief; a gallant, paramour; a bastard; a wink, signal with the

. mauwil, Rich, wealthy مول ه

a مولا maulā (for. مولى maulā), A lord, master; a judge, magistrate of a city; the supreme Lord, God; a slave, servant; a manumitted slave, freedman; — hazrati maula, The Lord God, God Almighty; tā'ati maulā, Obedience to God, piety.

mawlāt, A lady of rank; a freed مولاة woman or manumitted slave; a female slave

maulā, alī, The Lord 'Alī (a form of salutation among faque).

mol-ā-mol, A tedious delay.

a مولانا maulā-nā, Our Lord (title given to judges, beads of religious orders, esp. to Jalalu'd-din Rumi, the founder of the Maulawi monks) ;—maulānā'i mazbūr, Our Lord afore-mentioned.

a مولاگي mawlā'ī, Judgeship, lordship. A mūlat, mūla, A spider.

maulij, A place wherein a thing enters or collects.

maulid (v.n. of اولا Bringing forth مولد ه children (a woman); nativity, birth; a birth-place; time of birth; -mūlid, (A woman) travailing in birth; giving birth; producing; [mūlidu 'l-mā, Hydrogen; mūlidu 'l-hamūza, Oxygen; —muwallad, Procreated, begotten; invented, coined; not genuine Arabian (man, saying, or writing); -muwallid, A begetter, procreator, generator; -muwallidu'l-mā, Hydrogen.

muwalladat, muwallada (fem. of muwallad), Born amongst Arabians; (a thing) recently invented; not sufficiently proved; inventions of poets; [baiyinati muwallada, An insufficient proof or demonstration; -lughati muwallada, A word of foreign origin;]-muwallidat, muwallida, A

midwife.

maulearī (S. makula-śrī), The tree Mimusops elengi, and its fruit.

مولش molish, Expectation, delay (cf. مول مولش mula', Wishful, desirous, passionately fond of, dedicated or addicted to, greedy; - muwalla', Shining, splendid; (a horse or bull) marked with oblong white and black spots; hence, a language, composed of various tongues, as the Turkish interlarded with Persian and Arabic.

mūligh, One who causes to lap.

mu'lif, One who renders familiar, accustoms, uses, or associates; familiarized, one who makes a thousand (alf); -mu'allaf, Collected, composed, published (book); completed, made up (thousand); -mu'allif, One who completes the number of a thousand; become a thousand, made up that number; one who joins two things together; one who collects together; a compiler, composer, author, editor :--mu'allifu 'l-asl, An original author.

mu'allafat (pl. fem. of mu'allaf), Compositions, writings, compilations.

mu'lim, Painful, afflictive, dolorific; -mu'allom, Afflicted, distressed; -mu'allim, One who afflicts, pains, distresses.

mūlū, A trumpet made of a horn, used by faqire; small bells used as music. maulūj, Afflicted, tried by misfor-

tune; troubled with toothache (wālijat).

aulūd, Generated, born; a son; مولود ه birthday, nativity; celebration of the anniversary of Muhammad's birth; poetry chanted before the bier of a deceased person, burial-service; -maulūdi 'īsá, The nativity of (the Lord) Jesus; -mauladun la-hu, A father; — maulūdun la-hā, A mother ;—tawāli'i maulūd, Horoscopes.

a مولودي maulūdī, One who chants the maulud: a mourner.

maulūq, Affected with a touch of

ineanity.

a مولوي maulawī, Judicial, belonging to a judge or magistrate; a doctor of the Muhammadan law; an assistant lawyer; a learned man; divine, religious, belonging to God; a dervish, Muhammadan monk; -kulāhi maulawī, A kind of high woollen cap worn by them.

a مولوى عاله maulawi-<u>kh</u>āna, A convent of dervishes.

مولوية م maulawiyat, A resemblance to, or equality with, a prince, lord, master or benefactor.

سوله مراه mūlah, muwallah, Rendered sad; sad, distracted, troubled (with).

A مولی $maul\acute{a}_{,}=$ مولا q.v.; $-mu'l\~{i}_{,}$ One who takes an oath.

mūlī, One who has a lover; (from G. μῶλυ) name of a diuretic plant; delay; an ogler; name of a people given to robbery.

موليان mūliyān (pl. of the preceding). Robbers, plunderers; name of a river at

Bukhárā.

molīdan, To delay, hesitate, deliberate; to be languid, impotent, deficient; to loathe, conceive a disgust, be tired of; to slide; to arm; to adorn oneself with ornaments; to deplore, weep; to turn back; to cause to turn back.

mom, mūm, Wax; a wax-candle;— mom bar-afrūkhtan, To light a candle; (met.) to reveal the truth; to speak softly; --mom shudan, To soften, to become mollified; -mom kardan, To melt (as a candle its wax).

אינא Maum (v.n.), Suffering from pleurisy; -mūm, Pleurisy; wax.

موم آين mom-āyin, Piesasphalt; a mummy. mu'ammat, Full and equally distended; suspected, accused.

موم جامد mom-jāma, Waxcloth, cerecloth.

• mu'ammad, Terminated, finished; empty, completely drained (water-bottle).

موم دل mom-dil, Tender-hearted. موم در س'mir, Who multiplies, makes numerous; -mu'ammar, Invested with office, appointed to government, in command (a general); defined, bound, limited; marked, signed, impressed; conquered, subdued; [amīri mu'ammar, A general appointed to command;]-mu'ammir, One who gives the command, who appoints a chief or governor (amir).

ינים (יביט nom-ranghan, Wax and oil mixed (used for polishing furniture).

موم گر mōm-gar, A worker in wax.

A worker in wax.

The eighth horse in a race; - mu'ammil, Hoping; one who holds out hope.

مرعمن Mu'min, Believing, faithful, orthodox; an orthodox Muhammadan, a Muslim; (God) protecting, or the protector; a Musulman weaver.

mu'minat (pl. fem. of the pre-

ceding), The faithful (women).

a مومنانه mu'mināna, Like a believer;

faithful, orthodox.

mu'minūn, obl. also used as nom. مو"منون mu'minīn, The orthodox, the faithful; -amīru l-mu'minīn, Commander of the faithful, a title of the caliphs first adopted by Omar.

A or maumūr, Known, measured, defined.

aumūq, Beloved. موموق ▲

mūmūl, A disease affecting the eve.

momī, Waxen; of the colour of wax; (applied to chintz) prepared after stamping by covering the flowers with wax to prevent their being spoiled by other colours afterwards applied.

mūmá, Pointed out, above-mentioned; [ilchī'i mūmá ilai-hi, The ambassador before-named; \[-m\bar{u}m\bar{i}, \quad \text{Who con-} sents, who node assent; who hints at.

alludes to.

momiyā, mūmiyā, The substance موميا with which mummies are preserved, pissasphalt; a mummy; petroleum.

سومياكي momiyā'ī, Of or like a mummy;

a mummy; name of a medicine.

momin, Made of wax, waxen;jama'i momīn, Waxcloth.

ינט mûn (for mã), We (see יקט p. 179). A oy maun (v.n.), Furnishing with ne-

cessaries; maintaining, feeding. mūnā, (in Zand and Pāzand) A name

of God (see مانا).

mon-bilan, Mont Blauc (m.c. from Fr.).

ma'unat, maunat, mūnat (v.n.), Maintaining, feeding; provisions; daily food; power, strength; trouble, molestation.

mu'nis, Who brings forth a موانت م female; --mu'annas, Feminine, of the femi-

nine gender; effeminate.

mu'nas, Made familiar, made at مو"لس ه home, set at ease; -mu'nis, A companion, intimate friend; a solacer, comforter; Thursday (so called because the Arabs on that day used to give themselves up to pleasure); [abū mu'nis, (father Sociable) A wax-light; -mu'annis, A companion of Muhamwad.

A dul' mu'nisat, mu'nisa, Name of a city in Mesopotamia near Nasibin.

سون سنى mon-sanī, Mont Cenis (m.c. from Fr.).

mu'annaf, (A spear-head) sharpened at the point.

mu'niq, Pleasing, agreeable;mu'anniq, An admirer.

mūnkān, Silver.

mu'namil, One whose finger-ends موانعل ه (anāmil) are short, thick and stumpy.

mon-walarin, Mout Valerien,

fort near Paris (m.c. from Fr.).

we mina, Temperament, constitution,

natural quality.

mu'nī, A retainer, detainer, or forcer; a procrastinator, deferrer, retarder, delayer; who does anything in a slow or hesitating manner.

mūnīk, Munich (m.c. from Fr.

or E.).

ma'ū', (Leather) tanned with the shrub or tree a'.

mau'udat, (A girl) buried alive.

مورًول A مورًا mu'ūl (v.n. of مورً), Being rich (especially in cattle);—mu'auwil, One who brings back; an explainer, interpreter, commentator.

سووون A سووون mu'ūn (pl. of ma'nat), Hypochondria.

ma'ünat, Provisions. موثونة

A موقوة mu'āh (v.n. of موقوة Being full and overflowing (a well).

a مورى mawawī, Verse ending in مورى mā.

A by mauh (v.n.), Being full and overflowing (a well).

موهبة mauhibat, mauhiba. A present, gift; liberality, generosity;mühab, Ready, presented, unbought (victuals); a present; -mūhib, One who accepts a present; ready, prepared; able.

mu'hil, Who admits into one's family (ahl); — mu'hil, mu'ahhil, Who

makes worthy, proper.

mūhin, Who or what weakens, enfeebles, debilitates.

mauhūb, Given, presented, conferred; -mauhūb ilai-hi (la-hu), One on whom something is bestowed, or to whom a gift is made; a legatee.

א ביים איי mauhūbat, mauhūba, A present,

a gift.

mauhum, Imagined, fancied, opined, thought; suspected, supposed, surmised; imaginary.

A @php mauhūn, Enervated, weakened:

moy (imp. of mo'idan), Weep thou; -mūy, moy, Hair of the head; pile (of cloth or carpets); hair, down, first plumage of birds; mūy az kaf (kaf-dast, nākhun) bar-āmadan, mūy bar kaf-dast bar-āmadan, Hair growing from the palm of the hand, (met.) an impossibility; -mūy bar-bastan, To be prepared, to make ready; -mūyi bunagosh, The hair of the cheek, whiskers; -mūyi piyāla (chīnī, kāsa). A flaw in a cup, &c., which dulls the sound; - muy chun dastār, White hair (comp. chashmi chun dastar under دستار); - muyi khamir, Anything disturbing or obnoxious which must be removed; according to others, ease, facility. (Bahari 'Ajam adds, by way of explanation, that bakers, when beginning to knead their dough, throw a hair in it, which gradually works its way to the surface, and thereby shows that the kneading has been done effectually);—mūyi kilk, The hair of a painter's brush:—mūvi musta-'ār, Borrowed locks, artificial curls; muyi nargie, The pedicle of the narcissus; -mūyi nihānī (zihār, 'āna), Hair of the pubes; múy u khamīr (u raughan), Expressions signifying anything easy to be

יאָל mūy-ār, Wearing long hair, hairy. אילי moyān, Weepers, mourners;—mū-yān, moyān (pl. of mūy or moy), Hairs.

مو باك موي باك mūy-bāf, = مو باك q.v. و. mūy-bīnī, Hateful, disagreeable.

سوبتاب mūy-tāb, A hair-rope maker. ويتراهي mūy-tarāshī, A cutting off the hair of a person to be adopted.

موی لونتن mūytūnitan, (in Zand) To count.

mūy-chīna, Tweezers.

سوى موهد mūy-khosha, Beards of corn.

A 4° - mu'yad, Assisted, victorious;—mu'yid, A strengthener, a helper;—mu'aiyad, Confirmed, fortified, assisted;—mu'aiyid, One who confirms, increases in strength, strengthens, corroborates, or aids; corroborative.

موى دماغ mũy-damāgh, Hateful, disagree-

موی زیاد متناب mūy-dīda, == موی زیاد q.v.

A موی براد mu'aiyir, An indulger in venery.

موی رفتگی mūy-raftagī, Baldness, loss of hair.

سوى رفته mūy-rafta, Bald.

muy-rekhta, Bald, moulted, that has shed his coat or cast his feathers.

mawīz, Dried grapes, raisins.

موير آب mawiz-āb, An acid and inebriating drink made from dried grapes and water.

مويرك nawizak, A certain black grain.

mawisa, A kind of woodbine.

a stye; mūy-ziyād, A disease in the eyelids, a stye; hateful, disagreeable.

mawish, Red paint used by women.

« سونيس awiaiyis, One who drives to despair; impressive, effective, efficacions.

موی هکان mūy-shikāf, The Indian hyacinth; (figuratively) the ringlets of the fair. موی هکانی mūy-shikāfī, Criticism; cavil.

a مویشی maweshī, A herd or drove of oxen.

موی کن mūy-kan, (hair-extracting) Twee-

موی کنان *mūy-kanān*, Tearing the hair. موی کیاهٔ mūy-giyā, موی کیا 'he hairy grass : Indian spikenard.

The hairy grass; Indian spikenard.

A wail, The month Rajab;—muwail, muwaiyil (dim. of māl), Little wealth;

-mu'aiyil, A master of flocks.

موی لب mūy-lab, Hateful, disagreeable. موی میان mūy-miyān, Long hair flowing down the back (reaching to the waist). ستون mūyin, Made of hair.

مويدن muyina, Made of fur; a fur-coat. مويدن moyandī, Skill, art, dexterity (probably misreading for صويدى q.v.).

moya, Weeping, lamentation.

A موية, muwaiha, موية muwaihat, muwaiha, (dim. of mā'), A little water.

ال موية بين moya-zāl, Name of a note in music.

moyagar, A weeper.

mūyī, Made of fur or hair;—jāma'i mūyī, A garment trimmed with fur.

movidan, To weep and cry aloud;

to lament the dead; to milk.

سَوْدُين mū'īn, mūyīn, Twisted or made of hair, slender as hair.

mūyīna, Made of fur; a big drum.

ma, A pen; a sand-hill; no, not (with
the imperative); [ma-ras, Do not arrive;]

mah, The moon; [mahi badr, Full moon;

mahi 'īd, The moon of the feast;—mahinau, New moon;]—mih, Great; principal;
the forehead; a fog, mist.

* mah (for mā), What ?—mah, mah-in, so so mah mah. Desist! abstain!—mahh (v.n.), Dealing gently with, being kind and easy to.

inu emby co

mahā, Crystal ;—mihā, Great.

mahā' (pl. of mahāt), Wild cows.

mahāb, Formidable (place);—
muhāb, Awful, revered (man); dreaded
(thing);—mahābb (pl. of mahabb), Quarters
whence the wind blows.

ship is mah-abad, Name of the most ancient prophet who was sent to Persia, and

author of a book called Dasatir.

being in awe of; reverence, fear, dread; majesty, gravity, awe, greatness, authority.

a مهارت العربي mahābat-namūn (مهارت العربي maqrūn), Imposing, majestic, august, impressing awe or reverence.

A مَالِدُة muhābazat (v.n. 3 of هبك), Running, making haste, being swift in running or flying.

mahābil (pl. of mahbil), Wombs, or the lower parts of them.

A 54. mahāt, A wild cow; crystal, a bit of crystal; the sun;—muhāt, The seed of the male in the womb of the female.

A ماترة muhātarat (v.n. 3 of معراترة), Speaking opprobriously, provoking by reproaches.

أ يه فاقعه muhātakat, A travelling in the dark.

▲ 8 muhājāt, A reviling, cursing, reproaching, satirizing in verse, lampooning each other.

muhājir, A fugitive, one who abandons his country, especially on account of public calamity or persecution, and particularly applied to Muhammad's companions in his flight to Madinah; an emigrant (m.c.).

سهاجرة م muhājarat (v.n. 3 of هجر), Abandoning one's friends, fleeing from country to country on account of persecution; desertion, flight; separation, distance.

א פּוֹרְעָט muhājarīn (obl. du. used as nom.), The fugitive followers of Muhammad from Mecca to Madinah.

A قيمو muhājazat (v.n. 3 of معامرة), Saying a thing privately, telling a secret, whisper-

muhājalat (v.n. 3 of هجل), Travelling through low grounds.

muhājī, Mutually satirical.

- mahājinat, maمهاجين مهاجين مهاجين م hājina (pl. of hajīn), Those whose fathers are free, but their mothers slaves.

A Me mihād, A bed, sofa, chair, throne, or any place on which one sits or reclines; a cradle; a floor, pavement firm beneath the tread; a flat country, valley; a waste; a prop, stay, support; a place or state which anyone prepares for himself; -sultāni nīk-nihādi 'ālī-mihād, The highminded prince on the exalted throne.

v.n. 3 of) مهادات .muhādāt, in P مهادات هدی), Gratifying one another with gifts, making mutual presents.

A فادن muhādanai (v.n. 3 of هدن), Making peace or cessation of arms; truce, peace.

a nahār (for mihār, q.v. in the fol-

lowing article), Reins, a bridle.

mahār (v.n. of مهر), Excelling in any art or profession; -mihār, A piece of wood put through a perforation in the nose of a camel to guide him by; a camel, head of camel; (pl. of muhr) horse-colts.

mahārat (v.n. of مهر), Excelling in any art or profession; subtlety, acuteness, genius, skill, excellence; -mihārat (pl. of muhr), Horse-colts; -muhārrat (v.n. 3 of (of abhorrence (of one) before (his) face.

muhārish, One who sets (men or

dogs) by the ears.

A هرش muhārashat (v.n. 3 of هرش), Setting (men or dogs) by the ears; dallying,

mahāriq (pl. of muhraq), Polished papers; books, writings, papers, diplomas.

mahār-gusistagī, Unruliness. mahār-gusista, Headstrong, مهار كسسته unruly.

mahāri (pl. مهاري م mahārā مهاري م

of mahriyat), Excellent camels, so named from Mahr, the father of a tribe.

mahārīs (pl. of mihrās), Mortars, &c.

A الابل muhāzalat (v.n. 3 of هول), Being careless, remiss, jesting, trifling, playing.

mahāzīl (pl. of mahzūl), Lean, emaciated.

dreadful mahāl, Formidable, مهال م (place); delay, pause, respite;—muhāl, Poured out (earth or sand), overflowing.

mahālibat, Descendants of one Muhallab, a poet, and father of a tribe.

A مهالة muhāllat (v.n. 3 of هل), Agreeing with by the month, or from new moon to new moon.

mahālik (pl. of mahlikat), Dangerous places, perils, precipices, deserts.

mahāmm (pl. of muhimm), Serious مهام affairs, momentous business, important transactions; -mahāmmi jumhūr, Business of the nation; -ahammi mahamm, The most urgent of affairs, the most important of all concerns, indispensable business.

A yeles mahāmiz (pl. of mihmaz), Spurs.

nuhāmasat, A private conference, whispering conversation.

muhāmashat, A making haste مهامشة together.

mahāmih (pl. of mahmah, mahmahat), Extensive deserts.

mahāmīz (pl. of mihmāz), Spurs. mahān (pl. of mah), Moone; fair ones; beloved ones; -mihan (pl. of mih), The great; the elders; grandees.

A مهان muhān, Despised, slighted; abject, base.

A مون mahānat (v.n. of مون), Being despicable, contemptible, abject; baseness, meanness, a contemptible state.

mahānul, مهانل mahānul, مهانل mahānul, مهانل

muhāwadat (v.n. of هود), Doing (anything) repeatedly; making peace, truce, or cessation of arms; conciliating, causing to incline to each other; promising, plighting faith, appointing time and

هوش muhāwashat (v.n. 3 of هوش),

Mixing, interfering with.

muhāyajat (v.n. 3 of ميج ما جواجة), Exciting, stirring up; firing with rage; fighting, killing; battle, contest, fierceness.

مهايطة م muhāyaṭat (v.n. 3 of هيط), Calling out, making a noise; being near.

A --- mahabb, A breathing-hole, vent; a place whence or whither the wind blows; -muhibb, Who awakes or arouses from sleep.

mahbit, A place by which or where one descends; [mahbiti jabril, (met.) Muhammad;]-muhbit, Who or what throws down, precipitates; who or what lessens, lowers, or abates (a price).

A mahbil, mahbal, The womb, that part of it where the fœtus is lodged; the neck or orifice of the uterus; the straight gut; a pass through a country ;-mihbal, Nimble, active; -- muhabbal, (A son) lost by death; corpulent, fleshy; plump-faced; cursed, anathematized.

A wyse mahbūt, Weak, timid, lauguid.

mahbūsh, Collected, scraped together.

▲ by mahbūt, Lean, emaciated by dis-9889.

م معبول ه mahbūl, Bereaved. سمياركان mah-pāragān, pl. of—

mah-pāra, A piece of the moon; a mistress; a month.

mah-parasiān, Lovers, منه پرستان

mah-peshānī, With moon-like مه پيشاني brow; with a white mark on the fore-head (horse); auspicious.

mah-tāb, Moonlight, moonshine, full مهتاب moon, splendour of the moon; the moon; a kind of firework; -mah-tāb paimūdan, To measure moonshine, i.e. to engage in any vain undertaking, to build castles in the air.

mahtāb-gūn, Of a complexion مهتاب كون

bright as moonlight.

mah-tābī, Belonging to, or bright as, the moon; a kind of fireworks; an open high terrace.

mahtābīya, An arbour, a summer-

muhtāz, One whose bone has مهتاض

been broken after having been set.

muhtabid, One who gathers or breaks the colocynth (habd); one who takes out the seeds and boils it to weaken the bitterness of it.

muhtabish, Assembled, convened. A --- muhlajj, Insolent, outrageous.

א שיברט muhtajūn (pl. of muhtajī), Satirists.

Mutually satirical. مهتمي

muhtadī, Directed, conducted, led (into the way of salvation); guided aright.

mihtar, Greater; elder; prince, lord. chief, governor; a sweeper, a menial who removes filth; a groom; -mihtari rakht, Keeper of the wardrobe, valet; a head-servant who superintends the packing of travelling-furniture.

muhtar, Delirious with old age; one who speaks dotingly, foolishly, blun-

deringly.

mihtarānī (fem. of mihtar), A female remover of filth; a female inn-

mihtarā'ī, Chiefship; seniority. mihtari, مهتري Dominion, grandeur; greatness, superiority.

muhtashsh, Affable, agreeable,

benign.

muhtaki', Submissive, obedient, vielding.

مهتلك م muhtalik, One who throws himself into danger; one in quest of forage and water who loses his way.

muhtalikin (obl. pl. used as nom.), Foragers who have lost their way.

muhtamm, Anxious, concerned. muhtamir, Galloping (horse).

* muhtamish, Mixed.

Muhtamit, One who injures, defrauds (another) of his right; a slanderer, detractor.

A muhtamim, Anxious, concerned about; a commissioner, an agent; a manager, superintendent, inspector, trustee; -muhtamimi akhbār, Editor of a newspaper; -muhtamimi band-u-bast, A settlement officer; -muhtamimi matba', Manager of a printing-press.

Muhtawir, Going to ruin; perish-

ing.

mahtūsh, (A dog) irritated, instigated, set after game.

mahtūk, Dead, defunct.

a معتول muhtawil, Terrified, afraid, trembling.

A com mahj (v.n. of com), Sucking (the teat); lying with; looking beautiful after a disease; -muhaj (pl. of muhjat), Souls, &c.

a من جبيري mah-jabin, With a brow bright as the moon.

a مُعجدٌ muhjat, Life, soul, spirit; heart's blood.

مجرة muhjir, fem. مهجرة muhjirat, muh jira, One who goes abroad and travels in the heat of the day; beautiful, elegant, excellent, noble, superior; great, numerous; -muhajjir. One who repairs betimes to the house of prayer.

A jare mahjūw, mahjū, Satirized, lam-

pooned.

אבנע mahjūr, Separated, cut off; left. forsaken, abandoned, rejected, repudiated; delirious, foolish (speech), nonsensical (stuff).

a محورى mahjūrī, Separation, absence: forlorn condition.

Falling, A mahjūm, ruinous (house); (a tent) whose cords are loosened.

mahcha, A little moon; an ornament on the top of an ensign-staff; a round bit of wood perforated with a circular hole for receiving the upper end or head of a tent-pole.

mahd, An auger, wimble; a certain root from which pearl-ashes are made.

A مهنه mahd (v.n. of مهد), Making (a bed), spreading equally; attending to one's affairs and gaining; a cradle, couch, swing; a tract of level ground; [mahdi mīnā, The azure cradle, the sky, heaven, firmament; -mahdi nafsi mūsá, The ark of bulrushos in which the infant Moses was exposed;—mina'l-mahd, From the cradle;]—muhd, A piece of ground prominent or hollow; also plain and level;—muhud, muhd (pl. of mihād), Beds.

A ميداه mihdā', Accustomed to give pre-

A - w muhaddab, Fringed (silken garment).

a جهد بوس mahd-būs, The ceremony of kissing the cradle (of a new-born prince).

nent or hollow; also plain and level;—mihadat (pl. of muhd, muhdat), Patches of ground prominent or hollow; also plain and level.

muhdar, (Blood) shed with impunity; — muhaddir, Braying (camel);—ka'l-muhaddir fi'l-'unnat, Like a camel braying in the pen kept apart from the females (said of one who makes a noise without doing anything).

mah-dum, A pigeon with a black

body and white tail.

mahdanat, Quiet, tranquillity.

anahdūd, Demolished, ruined.

م مدوث mahdūsh, Instigated, irritated (dog).

مهدوم mahdūm, Destroyed, demolished, levelled with the ground; — mahdūmu'l-asās, Totally ruined, destroyed to the very foundation.

mahdūmat, mahdūma, (Land)

wet with gentle rain.

mahdī, Guided, rightly guided; [al-mahdī, The twelfth Imām of the Shī'ah expected to return in order to purify Islām;] — mihdá, A plate or anything similar in which an offering or present is made; a man or woman who makes frequent offerings or presents; — muhdá, Offered presented, dedicated.

مهدیه mahdīyat, mahdīya, A bride carried home to her husband's house; a present, gift; name of a city in Maghrib.

mihzār, Delirious, raving, doting (woman);—mihzār, ميذاره mihzārat, Delirious, raving doting, ميذاره

ous, raving, doting; a dotard.

ميذب muhazzab, Good, sincere, upright, free from vice; improved; emended, corrected, refined (writings); polite; adorned, trimmed.

mihzar, Delirious, doting.

A مهدن mihzaf, Quick, active, expeditious.

مهائم mihzam, Sharp, keen (sword).

A yee mahr (v.n.), Contracting, engaging by writing to make a settlement on a wife; excelling in any art or profession; a marriage portion or gift settled upon the wife before marriage; [mahri mu'ajjal, Such portion payable by instalments or in case of divorce;—mahri mu'ajjal, Portion paid in full at the moment of marriage;]—

muhr, A horse-colt; the firstling (of a horse or other animal); a bone in the upper part of the breast; the fruit of the colocynth;—muhar (pl. of muhrat), Joints of the breast; gristles of the ribs.

mihr, The sun; love, friendship, affection, kindness; mercy, pity; the month of September; the sixteenth day of every month; death; a mandrake; a red stone; a gilded ball fixed on a canopy or standard; name of a fire-temple; name of an angel; name of a village in Hindustan; | mihri <u>kh</u>āwarān, Name of the poet Anwarī; — mihri sharī'at, An epithet of Mühammad;—mihr u māh, Sun and moon; also used as a female proper name; -mihr u mahabbat u widd u ulfat, Love, and friendship, and affection, and benevolence;]-muhr, muhur, A seal, seal-ring; gold coin current in India for about £1 16s.; the cautery, or the instrument which makes the impression; a mark branded upon cattle; virginity; - muhri jam (khum, fam), Silence; muhri dahāni $roza-d\bar{a}r\bar{a}n$, (seal on the mouth of the fasters) An epithet of the sun during the month of Ramazān; — muhr zadan, To seal; — muhri sulaiman, The seal of Solomon; also the knot of Solomon, formed by two triangles interbraced, and supposed to have a cabalistical virtue; — muhr shudan, To be suspended, deferred ;-muhri sharif, The diploma of investiture with the office of wazīr; -muhr kardan, To suspend, defer;--muhri maryam (the knot of Mary), A kind of berb; -muhri nubūwat, The seal of prophecy impressed on the shoulder of Muhammad; -muhri nara, Glans penis.

by mihrā, Name of the daughter of the governor of Kābul, and mother of Rustam.

A 'hr' muharra', muharrā, Well-dressed or boiled.

mihrāb, Name of a champion of Tūrān, father of Rudāba, the bride of Sāl.

muhrāt (pl. of muhrat), Fillies.

A مرات mihrāz, (in Morocco) A mortar.

A withras, A mortar in which anything is bruised; an oblong stone trough in which the ablutions before prayer are performed; a man fearing nothing in the night-time.

mihr-isfand, Name of the twentyninth day of every month in the solar year; also of the angel presiding over that

day.

مرائ ه muhrāq, mahrāq, Poured out, diffused.

a مبر التيامي mihr-iltibās, Resplendent as the sun.

م والي mahrān, A kind of medicine or drug.

name of a learned man; also of a king; name of a certain drug or medicine.

a wire mahrana, A fee exacted by the Qazi from the Muhammadans at weddings.

A مرب mahrab (v.n. of مرب), Fleeing, running away; flight; a place to flee unto; — mihrab, A wooden instrument moved to and fro by a sower; -muhrib, Timid, fearful.

יאקטט mihrbān, Benevolent, beneficent, kind, affectionate, friendly, compassionate, favouring, loving; propitious; a preserver, defender; a friend.

mihrbānī, Friendship, friendliness, kindness; a sort of stuff of an extremely delicate texture; name of a note in music; -mihrbānī kardan, To favour, to show friendship.

mihrbānī karda shuda, ميرواني كردة هدة Pitied.

A by mahrat, mahra, The name of the founder of an Arabian tribe; - muhrat, muhra, A female colt, a filly; a bone in the upper part of the breast; a joint in the breast; a small shell or pearl used as a philtre by women; -- maharat, mahara (pl. of mahir), Masters, skilful men in any art or profession; [mahara'i fanni ḥadis, Celebrated collectors or expounders of the sayings (of Muhammad);]-miharat, mihara (pl. of muhr), Bones in the upper parts of the breast; colocynth-fruits.

mihrjān, mahrajān, The autumnal equinox; the autumn; — fasli mihrjān, The autumnal season; a festival celebrated in Persia in the month of September.

A averb mahrajat (v.n. of pyr, a verb coined from P. mahrajan), Presenting (a sweetmeat) at the autumnal equinox.

mihr-joy, Seeking love.

with mihr-khwān, A title, an address (used particularly in India).

muhr-dar, Keeper of the seals. سير دهان muhr-dahān, Taciturnity ; a fast.

שא בשוטט muhr-dahānān, Those who fast. ω; κ. muhr-zan, A sealer; an engraver of seals.

a مهرق muhraq, A shell used in smoothing or glazing paper; a tableman for playing draughts or backgammon; glazed paper; a loaf, page; a book, writing; a desert; level ground.

مبر کن muhr-kan, A seal-engraver; a

lapidary.

مبر كنى muhr-kani, Seal-engraving. مبركان mihrgān, Autumn;—mihrgāni buzurg, Name ot a note in music; mihrgāni khāşa, Name of the twenty-first day of the month mihr; -mihrgāni khurdak (kūchak), Name of a note in music; -mihrgāni 'āma, Name of the sixteenth day of the month mihr.

سيرگاني mihrgānī, Autumnal; autumnal produce; name of the twenty-fifth note of Barbud.

-mihr-giyā, مهر کیاه mihr-giyā, A mis مهر کیا tress, the face of a sweetheart; the mandrake; the plant turnsole; a fresh fruit, from the root of which a delicious juice is extracted; chemists; those especially who search after the philosopher's stone, alchemists; the down on the cheek of a youth; kings.

A pre mahram, & mahramat, Decrepi-

tude, imbecility of old age.

-mihrmānī, Name of the twenty مهرماني fifth note of Barbud.

mihrmah, Name of the seventh month of the solar year.

mah-rū, Moon-faced, beautiful.

שארים mahrūbān, Name of a town in Persia.

mihr-warzī, Exercise of friendship, kindness.

muhrauriq, (Rain) poured forth. A Eng- mahrū', Fallen on the ground; seized with madness; epileptic.

mah-ruyan, pl. of of q.v.

muhra, A kind of small shell resembling pearls; concha veneris; glass or coral-beads; a stone found in the head of a serpent; a shell used for giving a smoothness and a glossiness to paper; an iron or bone polishing-instrument; a rubber; glossiness (of paper); a chessman, a tableman, counter for playing any game, as backgammon or draughts; dice; a smith's hammer; -muhra'i anjum, The stars; - muhra'i pusht, The back-bone; muhra'i jān-dārū, Bezoar-stone; — muhra'i khāk (gilīn), Terrestrial globe; human body; — muhra dar jam afgandan, To throw the pebble into the cup (a signal for mounting on horseback); -muhra dar shash dar būdan, To be fast in prison;muhra dar tas afgandan, To break wind; muhra dar gardan jam' shudan, To break the neck;—muhra'i dīwār, Plaster, incrustation, or ornament of a wall; -muhra'i zar, The world-illuminating sun ;-muhra's sīm (sīmābī), Moon and stars;—muhra'i lājaward, The sky ;—muhra'i mushkin, The earth; -muhra u huqqa, (cup and ball) Earth and heaven; —jawāhir-muhra, Anaromatic pastille of various colours; -kāahaz muhra kardan, To glaze or smooth paper.

muhrahā (pl. of the preceding), Shells, beads, &c.;—muhrahāyi taṣbīḥ, A string of beads, rosary; -muhrahāyi sīmābī

(falak), The stars.

muhra-bāzī, Deceit, stratagem. مهرة بازى muhra-tāj, Anything hollow which is blown like a trumpet.

muhra-dār, Polished, glazed, مهرة دار glossy.

muhra-zan, A polisher. وي النام الن

muhra-sang, An onyx, especially مهرة سنك one black and white found in Arabia.

mihr-nosh, Name of a son of Isfandiyar.

mihrī, A psaltery, sackbut; a kind of lute; -muhrī, A drain, a gutter; sealed; sealed up; stamped (with the seal of), bearing the signet of ;—muhurī (سورى) muharri), Any writer or under-clerk among the natives of Bengal.

a mahrī, A camel bred in the tribe

of Mahrat.

A Ligo mahrīyat, mahrīya, A particular species of Arabian camel (see preceding article); a red kind of wheat.

muhrīq, One who pours out.

A השנוח mihzām, A tower; a piece of wood on the end of which boys in play put fire; a poker or brand with which the fire is stirred; a short staff or rod.

A Eye mihza', A postle; a lion crushing

his prey.

mahzūr, Driven off, expelled.

A Joye mahzūl, Emaciated (especially with age).

A page mahrām, Routed, put to flight; divided, separated, torn (from one's family).

mahist, Weighty, heavy.

mah-sīmā, Moon-like (face).

A השרים mahshūm, Broken; routed.

• mah-shed, Moonlight; the moon. mihsar, open mihsar, (A lion) breaking to pieces his prey.

A mihṣam, A lion.

A mahṣūr, Bent, curved, bowed down.

مهوس mahṣūṣ, Trampled on; broken.

mihṣīr, (A lion) crushing his prev. mahzūz, مهدوض ۸ Broken, bruised,

pounded.

A האיכם mahzūm, Well digested; diges-

tible; injured, oppressed. muhti', One who keeps the eyes fixed on the ground in silence from modesty or humility; (a camel) bending low his neck in running.

mahtūl, Wet with incessant rain. a مهعدار mah-'izār, With moon-like

cheeks, beautiful of face.

A سهموت mahfūt, Astonished, amazed.

A baga muhafhafat, muhafhafa, Slenderwaisted, merry, and jovial (woman).

mahq (v.n.), Running;—mahaq, Greenness of water; blue colour of eyes; whiteness untainted by any other colour.

A مهقاه mahqa' (fem. of amhaq), White, without any mixture of red or glossiness; blue or grey (eye); (a fountain) of green water.

mahk, Liquorice ;—muhak, A wart.

, mahkarat, mahkara مهكرة mahkarat, mahkara A place for wonder or admiration.

mahkūk, Worn down by rubbing;

impudent, saucy.

mahl (v.n.), Besmearing (a camel) with liquid pitch; the pus of dead bodies;

-mahl, mahal (v.n.), Going quietly; doing anything by degrees, slowly, easily; quiet, leisure; delay, respite; ['alá mahli-hi, Leisurely, by degrees;—lā mahla, No delay;]-muhl, Any kind of mineral or metal, especially melted brass or iron; mother or dregs of oil; liquid pitch; pus, matter; poison, venom ;]—mahal, Quiet, leisure, delay, calm procedure, slow movement; progress, advancement; ancestors; corruption of a dead carcase.

ma-hil (prohib. of hilīdan), Quit not;

let not fall or go.

A mahl-an, Fair and softly, give a little time.

A -le muhallab, Name of a poet; -muhallib, The coldest days in the middle of

January.

mahlat, mahla, The pus of dead مهلة م bodies; -muhlat, Delay, putting off, deferring, retarding; respite, time, leisure; a delay granted for an appointed time or term; -muhlati munāsib, Reasonable de-

a late mah-liqā, Fair as the moon, beau-

teous.

muhlak, Destroyed, ruined;muhlik, Destructive, killing, fatal, deadly, pernicious.

مهلکهٔ ۸ mahlakat, mahlaka, mahlika, A dangerous place, precipice; a desert;mahlikat (v.n. of هلك), Dying, perishing.

muhallal, Bent, curved in the form of the new moon; crescent-shaped, semilunar; (a camel) humpbacked from lean-

mahland, An Indian sword.

mahlūb, (A horse) the hairs of whose tail have been plucked out; rattailed.

mahlūsat, مهلوسة mahlūsat, مهلوس mahlūsa, Stupid, silly; lean; consumptive ;-mahlūsu 'l-'aql, Bereft of reason.

a سولهل muhalhal, Delicately-composed (verse); —muhalhil, A maker of fine, subtle, or delicate verses; surname of Amru'l Kais.

A μων muhamm, Oppressed with care, sad; -muhimm, Great, important, necessary, urgent, serious, momentous (business); -muhimm shudan, To be of great consequence, to urge, press.

Mahma, As often as, so many times as, whensoever; whenever; wherever; how often? when?-mahmā amkana, In whatever it may be possible, whenever

it can, as often as possible.

مهمات Muhimmāt (pl. fem. of muhimm), Necessary things, matters of grave importance; expeditious; studies, cares, endeavours; -muhimmāti jumhūr, Public business, affairs of state; -- muhimmāti harbīya, Military affairs ; -muhimmāti safar, Needful provisions for a journey.

A , war mihmār, Verbose, talkative; a silly talker.

A jhas mihmāz, A spur.

mihmān, A guest; a son-in-law. mihman-parwar, Hospitable.

mihmān-parwarī, Hospitality. mihmān-khāna, An inn, caravansera, or any place where travellers are lodged and entertained; a hospitable hall; a hospital, hospice; an almshouse; the world.

mihmān-dār, A hospitable or courteous man; one who has the charge of receiving and entertaining guests; a host; an officer appointed to receive and entertain an ambassador, or a foreign sove-

mihmān-dārī, Hospitality, a مهمالداري waiting upon guests; the office of a mih-

mān-dār (see preceding article).

mihmān-dost, Hospitable. مهمان خانه mihmān-sarūy, = خانه

mihmān-nawāz, Hospitable. مهمان نواز

mihmān-nawāzī, Hospitality, مهمان نوازي hospitableness.

mihmānī, An entertainment, banquet, feast; hospitality; -mihmānī raftan, To go to an entertainment by invitation; mihmānī kardan, To prepare a feast, to give an entertainment; — mihmānī'i khās, A banquet to which only select friends are invited; —mihmānī'i khutna, A circumcision feast; -mihmānī'i 'ām, A general entertainment to all ranks; -mihmani'i 'arūs, A marriage-feast.

mahammat (v.n. of هُمْ), Keeping (one) in an anxious state of mind (a thing); -muhimmat, muhimma, An important affair, about which one grows anxious.

muhimtarīn, مهمترين muhimtarīn, Most important, necessary above all.

A , so mihmar, Verbose, talkative; a silly talker.

mih-mard, A great man; head man of a ward, judge of the market; master of the horse.

A year mihmaz, A spur.

A 6,000 mihmazat, mihmaza, A goad, or instrument of wood, pointed with iron (for

driving asses).

سهمل muhmal, Allowed to range at liberty; not used, obsolete, of no signification; spoken without meaning; (a word) used improperly; neglected; a letter without a diacritical point, unpointed; (in gram.) not governing (opposed to 'āmil); -muhmil, Negligent, careless, remiss, indifferent, unconcerned.

a مهمل کو muhmal-go, Who speaks without meaning, who indulges in empty talk.

mahmūz, Hamzated, i.e. marked with hamzah - (letter); (a poem or verse) ending in hamzah.

A Jose mahmul, Shed, fallen, dropped (tear).

אבים mahmum, Grieved, sad, low, melancholy.

A mahmah, An extensive desert.

A &sas mahmahat, mahmaha, An extensive desert; a barren wilderness.

a ; se mihmīz, mahmīz, A spur, a goad; -mihmīz kardan, To spur (a horse).

a مومير خور mihmiz-khwur, A horse that will bear the spur, dull, thick-skinned.

A "is mahna', Easy, light, wholesome; anything acquired without trouble; -muhanna', Received with congratulations, or deserving of them.

muhanā', Contemptible, abject; weak in judgment; little, few; unfruitful

(stallions).

mahnāk, Bright (moon), at the full.

mahnāna, An ape, a monkey.

muhannad, (A sword) of Indian steel.

muhandis (from مهندز a مسلما muhandis سهندز the P. andaza), A geometrician; a maker of subterraneous aqueducts; a measurer, land-measurer; an engineer; -muhandisi falak, An astronomer; the planet Saturn.

a مهندس عالله muhandis-khāna, School of

engineering.

a مهندسي muhandasi, Constructed with

mathematical exactness (handasat).

A ספיגים muhandam (from P. andam), Prepared with due regard to rule and proportion.

mahnū', (A camel) marked with the sign هنعة q.v. below.

muhanná, Received with gratulations; -- muhanni', One who congratulates.

A 300 mahw (v.n.), Striking hard; thin, watery milk; a thin or sharp sword, shining when brandished; pearls; a whitish stone; a ripe date; name of the father of an Arabian tribe.

A oles mahwa', ster mahwat, Air, sky, atmosphere.

A = \ mahawāt (pl. of mahāt), Wild

cows. mahwār, Like the moon; monthly.

mahwāra, A. monthly stipend.

mahūb, Awful, revered (man); formidable (place); a lion.

א ישני muhūd (pl. of mahd), Cradles;muhauwad, fem. จึง muhauwadat, muhauwada, Gentle (singing); turned Jew, juda-

mahwar, The Selenites in Arabia (having a number of shining white spots, which increase and decrease with the

muhūr (v.n. of ספּר, Excelling in any art or profession; (pl. of mahr) dowries, marriage-portions, or gifts settled on wives before marriage.

muhauwas, Struck with fury, demented;—muhauwis, Dementating; an alchemist.

a مهوسی muhauwisī, Alchemy.

mahwash, Like the moon; beautiful as the moon; a sweetheart.

Jes mahal, A gin for catching birds.

مول ه mahūl, muhauwil, Terrific, horrible.

A 0990 muhauwin, One who makes light or easy.

mahwand, Name of a place in India famed for its salt.

mahwá, A space between two mountains, or the like; a gap, gorge; a precipice;—mahwīy, mahwī, Desired, loved, liked, wished.

mahī, A kind of crystal which, when hung round the neck, is supposed to facilitate parturition;—mihī, Greatness; seniority.

nuhaiya', muhaiya, Disposed in order, prepared, arranged, ready;—muhaiya dāshtan, To keep ready;—muhaiya shudan, To be ready (m.c.).

مهيات A مهيات mahayāt (pl. of mahāt), Wild

cows.

just mihyāz, Name of a wrestler of Tūrān.

mahyāwa, Jelly of fish dried in the sun; any condiment eaten with bread.

a wife muhīb, Formidable, terrible, fearful, awful; severe; grave, revered; fierce, ferocious; a lion;—shakli muhīb, A fright, a scarecrow.

A cause of fear and dread.

A es muhaiyij, Stimulant, exciting.

mahīr, The moon.

A mahīr, The moon.

A mahīrat, mahīra, Free

and dowered (woman).

mahyaş, A place where birds mute; a deposit of guano.

مومض mahīz, (A bone) broken anew after having been set.

مویل ه mahīl, Formidable, dreadful (place); (heaped up dust or sand) poured out, flowing down.

mahyam (supposed to be abbreviated from mā hāzā yā amr "what is this, O man!"), How do you do? how is your health? what has happened to you?

a where muhaiman, Safe, secure, protected;—muhaimin, muhaiman, A protector, defender from fear aud danger; one of the names of God; a witness confirming his evidence by oath.

A mahīn, Contemptible, abject; weak in judgment; unfruitful (stallion); little, few;—muhīn, A despiser, contemper; ignominious, degrading (punishment).

born; fine, subtle, thin; like, equal; name of a woman.

mahina, A month; monthly pay.

مهينا دار mahīnā-dār, A monthly servant. مهينا درز mahīn-doz, A tailor, a performer of any fine needle-work.

mihīna, Greater, greatest; eldest.

A page mahyam, Thirsty from disease astonished, confused, wandering from love or other cause.

nahyawa, Anything eaten with bread; eggs or rows of fish; meat dressed with medicinal herbs, prepared with vinegar, and dried in the sun; also preserved with aromatic berbs, vinegar, salt, &c.

a مهيى muhyi, muhaiyi, An arranger or

preparer.

mai, Grape-wine; rose-water; spirituous liquor; a goblet; [mayi angūrī, Grapewine; mayi barnā, New wine; -- mayi purtugāl (purtugālī), Port-wine; - mayi piyāda, Wine in a cup ;-mayi tākī, Grapewine; -- mai dar garībān kardan, To force wine upon another; - mayi dinārī, Red wine ;-mayi zalal, Pure and sweet wine ;mai'i sūsan, Liquorice-wine; — mayi simani, Wine of three man (boiled into one), i.e. boiled down to one-third; —mayi shi'ráfash, Red wine (brilliant like the dogstar); -- mayi shakar (mai-shakar), Sweet wine ;-mayi shīrāzī, Wine of Shīrāz (not on account of the excellence of the wine, but of the beauty of the wine-flasks made in Shīrāz); — mayi kāfūr, Camphorated wine (which is done to cool it); - mai kashīdan, To quaff wine; -mai'i nāb, Neat wine;]—mī, A particle prefixed to Persian verbs (in some rare cases placed after them), and generally indicating the present or preterite imperfect tense. also prefixed to the continuative imperative, as mi-rav, Keep on going.

mayā, A woman's name; (prohib. o

āmadan) do not come.

مياوسة A مياوسة muya'asat (v.n. 3 of يئس), Rendering desperate, filling with despondency.

A ميابسة muyābasat (v.u. 3 of يبس), Drying.

A www mi'āt (pl. of mi'at), Hundreds.

A مياتيم mayātim (pl. of mātim), (Mothers) left with fatherless children.

mayāṣir (pl. of mēṣarat), Things thrown over a saddle to make the seat more easy; outer garments;—mayāṣiru 'l-humr, Persian vehicles of silk (prohibited by the Muhammadan law).

mayāsiq, مياثيق mayāsiq (pl. of

 $m\bar{\imath}s\bar{a}q$), Agreements, treaties.

میادات muyādāt, in P. صیادای, Recompensing; giving like for like retaliating; delivering from hand to hand, or out of one's own to another's.

A مبادين mayādīn (pl. of maidūn, mīdān), Camps, plains, fields; race-grounds, courses.

A مياذين mayāzīn (pl. of mi'zanat), Minarets.

maiyār, One who brings grain from other countries for family-use or sale; — muyyār, قيارة maiyārat, maiyāra (pl. of mā'ir), Purveyors, victuallers, caterers.

a سازت mayāzīb (pl. of mīzāb), Canals, water-spouts, &c.

maiyās, A pompous walker waving

from side to side; a lion; a wolf. مياستو mayāstū, Name of a fire-temple.

مياسرة muyāsarat (v.n. 3 of مياسرة), Being mild, gentle, humane; turning to the left (with fellow-travellers).

mayāsṭū, Name of a fire-temple.

mayāsim (pl. of mīsam), Hot irons with which cattle are branded; marks so made.

مياسير م mayāsīr (pl. of mūsir), Opulent, wealthy; (pl. of māsūr) prosperous (affairs).

مياسين ه mayāsīn (pl. of mīsān), Spark-

ling stars in Orion.

repulsing; avoiding, retiring from; a violent push upon the breast; — maiyāt, Idle, lazy; an idler, sporter.

maiyāfāriqīn, Name of a place.

میال میال مسال مین maiyāl, Waving; very affectionate.

میال مین mai-ālūd, Contaminated by wine.

mayāmār, Reckon not, calculate

ميامس mayāmin, The right side; (pl. of maimanat) prosperities; benedictions; —muyāmin, One who is on the right side.

Praying for a blessing on another, pronouncing a benediction; turning to the right (with fellow-travellers); going to Yaman or Arabia Felix.

ميامين م mayāmīn (pl. of maimūn),

Fortunate (people).

Waist, loins; miyan, middle, centre; interior (m.c.); money-bag, scrip; sheath, scabbard; among, between, mean; (in India) a form of polite address, sir, master :- miyān ba-dū nīm zadan (kardan), To cut the body in two (a capital punishment) ;--miyan bar-bastan (bastan), To gird the waist; -miyān ba-kirdāri kamān kardan, To bend the body like a bow, i.e. to humble oneself; -miyān dādan, To assist; to help; — miyān kashīdan, To draw in the body in order to leap; -miyani lashkariyan, Amidst the soldiers,—az miyan bar-uftadan, To be lost, to disappear; -dar miyan andakhtan (awardan, dashtan, nihadan), To produce, show, bring into the middle, introduce; —dar miyan awardan, (in addition to the preceding meanings) To satisfy, to rejoice; to be a sponsor for; to intercede; —dar miyān būdan, To be in debt; to exist; to be in common between; -dar miyāni fulān u fulān mū na-mīgunjad, Between such and such an one there is no room for a hair, i.e. they are most intimately attached to each other;—yak ros dar miyān, One day between, every alternate day.

A ela maiyan, A liar.

عيان بالا miyān-bālā, Of middle stature. ميان الله miyān - basta, Ready, loin-girded.

miyān - band, Begirt; a belt, girdle; waisthand of drawers or trousers.

ميان بولى miyān-bū'ī, Intimate connection. ميان باچه miyān-pā, ميان بان باخه miyān-pā, Breeches; pudenda ميان بای miyān-pāy, Breeches; pudenda (of man or woman); an infamous boy.

سيان تهي mryān-tihī, Empty within ; hol-

low.

miyānjī, A mediator, arbitrator, go-between, broker; a schoolmaster; arbitration; — miyānjī kardan, To arbitrate, mediate; to choose between two things.

a سانجى miyānijī, Native of Miyāna.

miyanjigar, A mediator.

ייבא אני miyānjīgarī, Mediation; — miyānjīgarī namūdan, To mediate.

سیان عالی مان عالی miyān-<u>kh</u>ālī, Hollow within. میان دار miyān-dār, A mediator, procurator, middle-man, broker.

سيان داری miyān-dārī, Intercession, media-

tion.

miyān-sarā (ميان موا sarāy), Middle part of a house, middle; square, yard, court of a house; space between tents.

سان سرائي miyān-sarā'ī, A kind of grape which grows abundantly in Khurāsān.

a ميان قد م miyan-qad, Of a middle stature. ميان كاواك miyān-kāwāk, Hollow within. ميان كاواك miyānagī, Middle, half; media-

میان گیری miyān-gīrī, Moderation, a middle course; mediocrity.

miyāngin, The centre.

miyāna, The middle; the middle pearl in a string; middle-sized, middling, moderate; an interstice; mediation; a sort of covered litter; name of a city in Azarbaijan.

a ميانة ماي miyāna-ḥāl, Middling, neutral. ميانة ور miyāna-rav. miyāna-rau, Who observes a middle course in talk and action.

miyāna-rawī, Moderation, economy; a middle course.

a ميانه سن miyāna-sinn, Middle-aged (m.e.).

a ميانه عمر miyāna-'umr, Who has reached the middle of life.

a میانه قد miyāna-qad, Of middle stature. میانه کیر miyāna-gīr, Who follows a middle course between two opposites or extremes. سیانی miyānī, A cod-piece.

miyanīn, Middlemost.

אונים Muyāwim, One who agrees by the

day (yaum); daily; lasting long.

muyawamat (v.n. 3 of عوم), Transacting business in the day-time, bargaining by the day (yaum); hiring for a certain number of days,

سياة ۸ miyāh (pl. of mā'), Waters; miyāhi jārī, Running waters, rivers, cur-

ميبة maibat, maiba, for P. مي به q.v. below.

a سنڌي maibakhtaj, = فته below.

_ maibid, and −

a ميبك maibiz, Name of a city near Yazd, birth-place of the Qazi Mir Hasan Maibizi.

mi'bar, A ueedle-case.

mi'barat, A needle-case.

A سيس muyabbis, Drying; desiccative.

maibal, A whip made of twisted leather thongs fastened to a stick;—mibal, mi'bal, A thick stick.

maibalat, maibala, A whip of

twisted thougs.

mai-bih, A kind of medicine made of quince-juice.

maī-pālā, Who or what strains or سي بالا

clarifies wine. mai-pukhta, Wine boiled down to

a consistency; syrup of dates and grapes. mai-parast, Addicted to wine.

mait, Dead; a corpse; [jamā-ati mait, A funeral;] — maiyit, Dead; dying, moribund;—da'wa bar maiyit, Claim of inheritance (m.c.).

maitat, maita, Carrion; unclean cattle of which no tithes are paid; -maitat, maita, maiyitat, maiyita, Dead (woman); -mītat, Death; manner of dying.

a ميت تاريخي mait-tārī<u>kh</u>ī, An epitaph. mītada, ميتده mītada, mītada, A mallet for driving piles or tent-pins.

معم مدم معم معم معم mayattim, (maker of orphans)

Maitamat (pl. of yatim), Orphans. mitū, A kind of club, having a head resembling wings, with sharp edges.

A יבידעט maitūn (pl. of mait), Dead (persons); — maiyitūn (pl. of maiyit), Dead;

dying.

mīta, A moth.

a ميتى maitī, Belonging to the dead. metīn, A hoe, pick; stonemason's chisel.

maiyis, Soft, smooth.

mìṣāq, A promise, agreement, bargain, compact, confederacy, alliance, league; a testament; -'ahd u mīzāq, Agreements; articles and conditions (of peace).

mi'sab, A short sword or other instrument with which one rushes upon another; plain ground; mountainous ground; a rivulet; name of a place in the

city of Madinah, bequeathed by Muhammad to the poor; -mīsab, One who leaps or

springs on; sedentary.

mi'sarat, mi'sara, An iron instrument with which the soles of camels' feet are scraped, that their impression on the ground may appear more distinctly;mīsarat, mīsara, Auything thrown over a saddle to make the seat more easy; an outer garment; a pad or saddle-cloth; a Persian vehicle of silk or brocade (prohibited by the Muhammadan law).

mijar, A kind of curved stick or

club (= مولهان ṣaulajān, q.v.).

mījāz, Compendious, laconic.

ميجنة mijanat, mijana, A mallet, hammer; a wooden instrument used by washers.

mījū, A lentil; pease; -- mī-jo, Seek thou.

mīchānīdan, To cause to fry.

mīchūdan, To fry; to suatch, carry off; to effect.

maih (v.n.), Walking gracefully; making a present; interceding for, deprecating; cleaning the teeth with the dentifrice miswāk; profit, gain, advantage;mih, A bad sour sort of date.

mīhād, One thing (as a hillock) separate from others; a series of units.

ميمال ه mīḥāl, Michael (a Christian name).

maiḥūḥat, A graceful walk or deportment.

mekh, A nail; a pin, peg; a tent-pin or pole; a hook, tenter, crook; a wedge; a little broach or spit; a coiner's die; an ingot of gold or silver, from which pieces are cut to be struck; caps, fillets, or mitres (which adhere closely to the head); urine; -mekhi chashmi kase būdan, To be a thorn in one's side, to vex, annoy, injure ;—me<u>kh</u>i diram (dīnārī), A steel die for coining; mekhi shikaf, A wedge.

mi'khār, A palm-tree bearing مثخار م fruit to the last lopping, and to the end of

winter; very dilatory.

mai-<u>kh</u>āna, A wine-cellar, tavern ; drinking utensils, wine-service; - maikhāna bar sar kashīdan, To drain the winecellar, to drink all there is in the tavern.

mekhtan, To make water.

ميع دوز me<u>kh</u>-doz, Nailing; nailed up, closed; — me<u>kh</u>-doz kardan, To nail, to fasten with nails.

a ميخ قدم me<u>kh</u>-qadam, Lame; unable to stir.

mekhak, A small nail, a tack; a clove; a carnation.

mekh-kada, A mint.

me<u>kh</u>-kob, A mallet for driving ميع كوب piles, pegs, or tent-pins; a pile-driver.

<u>kh</u>wāra), A wine خوارة mai-<u>kh</u>wār مى خوار drinker.

mai-khwāragī, Wine-bibbing. مخبور mai-khwur, A wine-drinker, sot, wine-bibber; an earthen jug for holding wine.

mai-khwush, Subacid; sapid, sweet.

mekhī, A kind of breastplate; a
dervish's habit closely stitched; cuneiform
(m.c.; see khati mekh under عند);—mekhe,
One peg, nail, &c.;—mekhe koftan, To drive
a peg;—mekhe chand, A few nails.

mekhî-rūpaiya, A plugged ميخى روبية

rupee.

moved, agitated; walking airily, with a swinging gait; collecting (provisions) and carrying them (to others); a boundary, terminus, goal;—maida, Besides, except; because;—maida an, Because that, seeing that; except that.

mai-dān, A wine-glass; — mī-dān,

Know.

maidān, mīdān, An open field ميدان without buildings, an extensive plain; a race-ground, or any place for exercises or walking; an arena, parade-ground; a field of battle; war, battle, combat; [maidāni aghbar, The earth; -maidāni bāstīl, Place de la Bastille in Paris (m.c.); -maidān ba-sar āmadan, The termination of life; the arrival of the day of judgment; maidan ba-tarh dadon, To be in great haste; — maidāni khāk, The earth; the body of men or of animals; - maidan dādan, To give way, to yield room (from respect); — maidāni zor-bāzī, Gymnasium; maidāni sang, A place in Qazwin ;-maidān tarh dādan, To hasten greatly; - maidāni 'āj, A sheet of blank paper; — maidān farākh (gushāda) yāftan. To live comfortably and merrily; - maidoni mashq, A parade-ground; -maidāni warzish, Gymnamium ;—az maidān bar-dūshtan (dar-kardan), To disembarrass oneself, to get rid of;—as maidan dar-raftan, To leave the field free, to disappear, vanish, decamp (m.c.); ba-maidani kase raftan, To follow another's tracks; to peach on another man's preserves;]—mayadān (v.n. of ميد), Inclining; being moved (anything), agitated (a branch); walking airily, with a swinging gait.

a ميدانگاه maidān-gāh, A public square

(m.c.).

a ميداني inaidānī, A person who precedes a general or vezier and proclaims his titles; a kind of hookah used by faqirs; flour made into dough for the preparation of sweetmeats.

A ميده maidat, maida, A table covered with viande (see مايدة).

سنده mīda<u>kh</u>, A grey horse; a stubborn borse.

سيدي midan, To be new; to sift, clean; to incline the mind.

maida, The finest flour; bread of fine flour unmixed with bran; a kind of sweetmeat; [maida kardan, To grind flour; to pulverize;]—mīda, A chaste woman.

mai dihad, (he gives wine) A wine-seller, a publican; (met.) a scoundrel, scamp, rascal.

maida-sālār, A baker. ميدة سالار

a نام میده الله maida-nih, A table decker;

maidiyārīm, The fifth period, of eighty days, in which living creatures were created.

הבינות mīdyūzaram, A period of forty-five days, in which, according to the notion of the ancient Persians, God created the heavens.

midyūsama, The second period, consisting of sixty days, when the waters were created.

a منايع mi'zanat, A minaret or tower adjoining the Muhammadau mosques, whence the crier summonses the people to prayer; a cloister; a turret.

A per mair (v.n.), Providing food for one's family; bringing corn from a distance; moistening, wetting, and rubbing (a medical powder).

mir (imp. of murdan), Die thou; (in

comp.) dying.

a مير (for A. امير), An emperor, prince, lord, governor, chief, leader; the head of a family; a title by which the Saiyids or descendants of the family of Muhammad are called :- mīri ātish, Chief of the tireworks or artillery, master of the ordnance ;-miri ākhwur, Master of the horse; -mirī āsh, One who calls people to meat; -mīri bakāwal, A house-steward; - mīri hajj, The leader of the pilgrims' caravan; -mīri dah, A commander of ten; -mīri dīwān, Prefect of the Diwan; a vice-gerent; administrator; — mīri shikār, A huntsman; mīri 'āshigān, The herb house-leek; miri 'adl, Superintendent of the courts of justice; -mīri 'arz, Superintendent of petitions; -mir-'alam, The royal standardbearer; -miri 'imarat, Superintendent of the buildings, master of the works; -miri qāfila, Commander of a caravan;—miri kalām, An eloquent orator; -- mīri liwā, The royal standard-bearer; — mīri māl, Crown-lands; master of the treasury;mīri majlis, Master of the ceremonies;miri manzil, Overseer of the halting-places; quartermaster-general; -mīri maidān, A brave champion; -mīri hasht bihisht, A title of rizwan, the door-keeper of Paradise;miri haftumin, Lord of the seventh (heaven), i.e. the planet Saturn.

ه سر آب mīr-āb, The superintendent of a river; a harbour-master.

a مير أتش mir-atish, Master of ordnance.

a مير أتشى mīr-ātishī, The office of a mīrātish.

a t مو آخور mīr-ākhwur, Master of the horse.

ميرات mīrās, Heritage, succession, patrimony; — mīrās khwurdan (zadan, yāftan), To take possession of an inheritance.

a ميراث خوار mrrās-khwār, ميراث خوار mrrās-khwur, An heir;—mrrās-khwur shudan, To become heir, to inherit; to take possession of an inheritance.

a ميراثيدي mīrāṣdan, ميراثيدي mīrāṣdan, To take possession of an inheritance, to inherit.

a ميراث كيرا mīrāṣ-yīrā, An heir, the heirat-law to an estate.

a ميراثن mīrāṣan, A singing-girl (of a caste who sing only before women).

a مَعْرِاثَى mīrāṣī, Hereditary, inherited; a singer (of a caste which follows that profession from generation to generation); a hereditary right to cultivate the soil, or to hold village-offices (in India).

a ميرانى دار mīrāṣī-dār, A holder of a mīrāṣī right; hence, village-servants whose

offices are hereditary.

a مير الاي mīr-ālāy, A colonel (m.c.).

a color miran (pl. of mir), Princes, &c.; a portion paid to the head of a department out of the fees received by the inferior officers.

سيران تشا mīrān-qazā. The qāzī's dues or

fees (in India, now abolished).

مورانيدي mīrānīdan, To cause to die; to kill; to mortify.

a system mirav (for mir-āb), The superintendent of a river or other public reservoir for watering fields (when water is allowed to run through a certain opening for a time specified).

a יייר אונ mīr-bār, Master of the hall of audience.

a مرجر سنته mīr-baḥr, A collector of portduty, harbour-master; an overseer of boats.

a مير جرى mīr-baḥrī, Admiralty; port-dues.

a مير. محشى mīr-ba<u>kh</u>shī, Paymaster-general.

A مروه mīrat, mīra, Corn brought from a distance.

a مير تن mīr-tan, One who makes himself oreat.

a مير کورکه mīr-tūzak (tozak), Master of the ceremonies; a marshal.

a مير چوبان mīr-chobān, The chief herds-man.

a who mer mir-dad. A president, chief judge; a portice or place where those who solicited offices paid their respects to their patrons.

a way mir-dah, A commander of ten, decurion; a tithing-man; a head, chief of the mace-bearers.

ميردبنى mirdini, A kind of violet; a kind of silk of which women make inner garments.

a 'j je mīr-zā, A prince; sou of a great lord, noble cavalier, knight; a gentleman; a writer, scribe (see 'ij'); —mīrzā'i daftar, Accountant of the royal treasury; —mīrzā'i kashīdan, To cause one to lose his dignity or rank.

a ميرزا كبيري mīrzā-kabīrī, A superior kind of melon.

a مير سامان mīr-sāmān, Head steward.

mīrsīn, A myrtle-tree.

a مير هكار mīr-shikār, A huntsman and trainer of hawks, a falconer (see mīri shikār under معر); a bird-catcher; (met.) a pimp.

a مير هكار باهي mīr-shikār-bāshī, Master of the hunt, grand falconer (m.c.).

a مير صد mīr-ṣad, A centurion.

a ميروارى mīrwārī, Fees levied at ferries.

A ميروف mairūq, (Standing com) struck with a blight (yaraqān); jaundiced (man). سيروك mīrūk, A small ant.

mīra, Master of a family; concord, unanimity; meat, provision, victual, food.

a مجوى mīrī, Belonging to a prince; the royal treasury; land-tax; a winner at play; (among schoolboys) he that first comes to the master to say his lesson.

سيدن mīrīdan, To be nipped, frost-bitten.

a مرى مال سيرى مال mā. ī-māl, The royal revenue. ميرين mērain, Name of the son-in-law of a Roman emperor; (dual of mīr) the two Amīrs, i.e. Amīr Khusrau and Amīr Hasan Dahlawi.

a בּיבּתָשׁ mīrīya (fem. of mīrī), Referring to the public treasury;—amwāli maṭlūba'i mīrīya, Arrears of taxes;—aurāqi mīrīya, Public bonds;—wāridāti mīrīya, Public revenue.

A مين maiz (v.n.), Separating, distinguishing, discerning; preferring, exalting; departing, removing from place to place;—mīz, Very muscular (man).

tions for entertaining a guest; preparations for entertaining a guest; a table; a chair on which people eat their dinner; (for A. maiz) discrimination, discernment; (imp. of mekhtan) make water; one who makes water; urine;—meci (mīzi) taķrīr, A writing-table (m.c.).

سياب *mīzāb*, Canal, aqueduct, spout, drain.

مراك ستراك mīzād, Nuptials, pleasure, joy; a feast.

A clipe mīzān, A balance, pair of scales; the celestial sign Libra; measure, metre, rhyme, verse, prosody; quantity; rule, method; a syllogism;—mīzān dādan, To balance an account (m.c.);—mīzān kardan, To weigh; to weigh out (money);—ākhiri mīzān, The last (day) of (the sun being in the sign of) Libra (m.c.);—'aini mīzān, Eye of the balance, i.e. the perpendicular bars

between which the tongue vibrates; -lisāni misan, Tongue of the balance; -nau-rozi

mīzān, The autumnal equinox.

mezbān, A landlord, master of the house or of a feast, one who hospitably entertains strangers; a host; a caravansera, or place where travellers lodge.

ميربان كسترى mezbān-gustarī, Hospitality. mezbānī, Hospitality; housekeeping;—mezbānī kardan, To use hospitality.

maizad, mizad, A banquet of wine, marriage-feast, entertainment; pleasure, high living, festivity, jollity, mirth; mesad, He makes water.

mai-sada, Overcome with wine; indisposed, upset by excessive drinking.

a yes maizar, A turban (cf. the follow-

ing).

mi'zar, A veil; breeches, trowsers;

an apron.

mezak, A small quantity of urine; urine; a little rain; a mixture; mixed, entangled, intricate things.

mezmān (for mezbān), A host. miza, The middle of a saddle.

mezīdan, To make water; to mix; to be hard, frozen :- maizīdan, To suck : to taste.

mīshad, A mistress, concubine. mīzhak, A murmuring, muttering.

mīzhū, A lentil; pease, pulse.

mais (v.n.), Walking airily, or gracefully; a kind of large tree; a large kind of vine; also of grapes.

A ويسان maisān, A glittering star; name of a star in Orion; one who walks in a stately manner; the night of Badr; name of a village between Basrah and Wasit;mīsān, Sleepy, drowsy;—mayasān (v.n. of سيس), Walking airily or gracefully.

mayistān, A tavern; wine-press; a wine-cellar; a place where wine flows freely, hence (met.) red as wine with blood. mestī, The leprosy; leprous.

maisar, A sort of plant ;-maisir, The camel for which the Pagan Arabs drew lots with gaming arrows; dice, cards, or any game of hazard prohibited by the Muhammadan law; -muyassar, Facilitated, rendered easy, feasible, practicable, favourable, and happy (by Omnipotence); attained, attainable, procurable; ready, prepared; [muyassar-am shud, It was possible or practicable for me, I obtained my end, I succeeded (m.c.); muyassir, One who facilitates, renders easy, gives success.

A maisarat, maisara, The left side, left wing of an army; [maimana maisara, Right and left; fortunately and unfortunately; right and wrong;]-maisarat, maisirat, maisurat, Opulence, prosperity; ease,

facility.

mīfīstūfīlī, Mephistopheles مىنيستونىلى (m.c.).

A proce misam, A hot iron with which cattle are branded; the mark so made; the impression (on a coin); any characteristic mark; root, origin; beauty; -- zāti mīsam, Beautiful (woman).

A مسرر maisūr (v.n. of يسر), Being easy; facilitated, made easy, going on success-

fully; prosperous, affluent.

ميسورات مسورات مسورات مسورات مسورات م mai-sūsan, A lotion which women use in washing their heads.

mieidan, To wash; to stroke,

soothe; to milk.

maish (v.n.), Mixing (intelligence), i.e. telling one part and concealing another; a mixture of wool and hair; also of sheep and goat milk.

mesh (S. mesha), A sheep; a ram;

the sign Aries.

meshā, The plant houseleek.

سيشاره mīshār, A saw; the jagged or

serrated part of a locust's leg.

mīshāna, Name of the first woman. meshā'ī, The plant houseleek. mesh-bahār, Ox-eye (a plant); houseleek; a cloud.

mīshta, A Jewish doctor.

mīshtī, A kind of silken stuff.

mesh-chashm, One having ميش چشم sheep's eyes, i.e. of a dark grey colour; a blockhead,

'mesh-sār, Ornamented with rams میش سار

heads (throne).

a می همول فش mai'i shi'rá-fash, Red wine.

mesh-māda, An ewe. mesh-murgh, A bustard.

mīshnāy, Name of a herb.

mishū, A vetch.

dressed sheep's skin.

maishūm, Unfortunate, unlucky, ill-omened, inauspicious; perverse, exeorable.

mīsha, Name of the first man. mīshī, A kind of leather, chamois. meshīn, Belonging to sheep; a

meshīna, A flock of sheep.

mīzā', A vessel from which water is poured for ablutions.

mīza'at, A place for performing sacred ablutions; a jug or vessel with a

spout for religious ablutions.

mait (v.n.), Beating off, repulsing; pushing forward; putting to a distance; being far distant, retiring, receding; wandering from the right path; oppressing.

mai', (v.n.), Flowing over the surface of the ground; melting (as fat);

running (a horse).

ميعاد م mī'ād, Place or time of a promise; term of payment; return, anniversary; rendezvous; trysting place; -arzi mi'ad, The land of promise; -yaumi mī'ād, Day of promise, i.e. the resurrection.

a عاد کاه mī'ād-gāh, The place where two people make a compact or transact business; (met.) the place of the last

judgment.

A days mai'at, mai'a, The flowing of anything poured out; mirth, joy; the beginning of a horse's gallop; bloom of youth; a certain perfume exceedingly fragrant; storax; oil of myrrh; gum of the quince tree; the tree from which such liquid is expressed; -mai'atu 'n-nashāt, The bloom of youth ;-mai'a'i mubāraka, The blessed storax-gum (a mixture of diverse ingredients prepared and sold during the first ten days of Muharram.

maigh, Mixed (= سيخته q.v. p. 101); -megh (S. megha), A cloud; fog, mist; -megh bastan, To become clouded (sky).

megh-gāh, The place where the pilgrims encamp at Mecca.

ميفناك meghnāk, Cloudy; misty, foggy. mīfa', A large hearth for baking bread; a kiln for burning brick; high ground; projecting.

ميها ه mīfāt, An eminence, high ground. ميفاق ۸ mīfāq, Convenient season, oppor-

tunity.

mai-farosh, A vintner; a wineseller, tavern-keeper.

maifūkh, Hurt on that part of the head called yāfūkh (see يافوغ).

A ميمل mīfá, An eminence, high ground; a brick-kiln; a hearth for baking bread.

ميقات migāt, A stated time; a place appointed for a certain time or action;mīgātu 'l-hajj, The place where the pilgrims assemble, whence they proceed to perform the solemnities at Mecca.

ميقاد م mīqād, (A steel) which soon

strikes fire.

mīqār, Loaded, carrying a heavy burden.

mīqāf, A wooden ladle, or anything for stirring a pot and stilling its boiling.

mīqān, One who credits all he ميقان ▲ hears.

A sale miga'at, miga'a, A place where a falcon generally lives; a perch, roost; a mallet, smith's hammer; a washer's or bleacher's beetle; a whetstone for swords, knives, and the like; a file.

miqaf, A wooden ladle, or anything for stirring a pot and stilling its

boiling.

A Later maiguz, Wakened, roused from sleep.

mi'kāl, An instrument for eating

with (as spoons, &c.).

سيكاليل mīkā'īl, ميكاليل mīkā'īn, Michael. mai-kada, A tavern ; a wine-cellar. می کش mai-kash, A wine-drinker. A معکله mi'kalat, A kind of small tra-

velling-kettle used by the Scenite Arabs

and gipsies; a small dish holding enough for three persons.

maig, A locust.

mai-gar, A producer of wine, a vintner.

mai-gazad, mī-gazad, A banquet of wine; a marriage-feast or any entertainment; pleasure, festivity, jollity, mirth; the banqueting-house of kings and other great men.

mai-gusār, A wine-drinker; a

connoisseur of wine.

maigak, A small locust; a locust. mīgandar, میکنده mīganda, Smelling badly, malodorous, rank.

maiqū, A shrimp.

mai-gun, Wine or ruby-coloured. reddish; auburn, fair; somewhat rusty.

ميل ه mail (v.n.), Inclining, leaning; deflecting, deviating; setting (as the sun); inclination, tendency, penchant, bias impulse, affection, love, benevolence; [mail bi-farmāyīd Be pleased to take or do so and so (m.c.); - mail dashtan (kardan), To love, to have an inclination or partiality for; -maili shams, Sunset; -mail namūdan, To incline; -chi chis mail mīdarid, What will you take? The word is also construed with andākhtan, āwardan, $d\bar{a}dan$, &c.;]— $m\bar{i}l$, A mile of four thousand cubits or ...mel-paces, = third part of a parasang; a mile (generally = English or Italian, sometimes = German meile or French lieue); as far as the eye can reach, ken; a mile-stone or direction-post; a column, an obelisk; the axletree of a carriage; a surgeon's probe; a bodkin for anointing the eye with collyrium; a pointed iron style, used in writing on palm-leaves; water, or a hot iron for blinding; [mili tāj, A pointed ornament applied to a regal crown; -mīli surkh, Name of a mountain in the province of Yazd; -mili sari gumbad, = mīli gumbad, q.v. below; — mīli surma, A bodkin for anointing with collyrium;—mīli tilā, A golden finger-riug; mīli farsang, A mile-stone;—mīli farsh, A weight laid on the edge of a counterpane or a carpet to prevent the wind from entering below; — mīl kashidan, To blind; — mīli gumbad, A pointed ornament of brass or iron, mostly gilded, on the top of a Muhammadan mosque or mausoleum;]— mayal (v.n.), Inclining with the body to one side, from any natural defect; an inclination to one side, wryness, obliquity; -miyal (pl. of milat), Times ; maiyil, Rich, wealthy, moneyed; -muyyal (pl. of mā'il), Inclined, biassed.

mailā' (fem. of amyal), (A woman) inclined to one side; very branchy (tree); a mode of rolling the sash round the turban; also of combing the hair without curling or twisting.

mīlād, Name of a city; name of a champion of Iran.

A ميلاد mīlād, Nativity, birthday; Christ-

mīl-ā-mīl, From mile to mile, step ميلاميل by step; continuation, succession; all, the whole; mixed together.

mailān, Name of a philosopher.

A when mayalān, in P. mostly mailān (v.n. of سيل), Inclining towards, being propense; deviating; loving; inclination, affection, regard, respect.

mīlāv, A pupil, apprentice, servant. mîlāwa, Drink-money given to a servant over and above his hire; good news.

milah, Distracted from excess of affection, frantic at the loss of a child; a

mīl-bāzī, Gymnastic pillar feats ميل الزي (see lalaw below)

A Algo mīlat, Time.

mīlrām (?), Name of an angel or spirit in whose charge the winds are given.

ميلغ mīlagh, ميلغ mīlaghat, mīlagha, A vessel from which a dog laps or eats his

mailūlat, An inclining, leaning, bias.

mila, Name of a place in Turkistan where a battle was fought by Mahmud Ghaznawi.

a سيله mīlah, A desert, barren plain.

mīl-hā (pl. of mīl), Poles, pillars; mīlhā'i pahlawānī, Gymnastic pillars.

a ميلي mailî, Willingly, of one's own free will and inclination.

mili, A cat.

א איים mīm, Name of the letter m, which stands for 40; pure, neat wine; a well; mīmi kātib, Blind; - mīmi muţauwaq, Penis.

mayam, A note in music; name of a town; my wine.

mi'amm, A guider, leader; a camel that leads the troop (acting as $im\bar{a}m$).

mīmās, The Orontes. ميماس م

Muyammam, Possessed of all one

A ביאט muyamman, Fruitful (year); whoever or whatever brings a blessing and

prosperity.

maimanat, maimana, The right side or hand; the right wing of an army; fortune; prosperity, happiness; - nāma'i humāyūni maimanat-maqrūn, An august, imperial, or royal letter or mandate.

maimand, A town in Ghaznīn. ميمند

A בייספס maimūm, Plunged into the sen, engulphed in the mighty deep; encroached upon and overflowed by the sea (yamm).

a Ogomo maimūn, A baboon, ape, monkey; a slave; name of a certain-creeping-plant.

A органийи, Fortunate, happy, prosperous, august, auspicious; penis.

a אַנ maimūn-bāz, A leader of performing monkeys; (met.) cunning, crafty, expert in artifices and stratagems.

maimūna, A wrestling trick.

a ميمى mīmī, Referring to or possessing the letter mim; -maşdarī mīmī, The infinitive formed with the prefix ma.

mimiz, Dried grapes, raisins.

Main (v.n.), Lying; ploughing (the ground); a lie; -bī-main, Without a

mīn (for man), I, me.

mainā, Name of a bird, a kind of

jay.

mīnā, A glass globule or bead, a false gem of a blue colour; bluestone, caustic; a blue, blueish green, green colour; a stone resembling lapis lazuli, with which silver is tinged; vitriol; essence of vitriol; alchemy; enamel; concha veneris; a goblet, glass, decanter; heaven, sky, the azure vault; name of a fort between Lar and Hormuz; -mīnā bar sar kashīdan, To drain a goblet with one draught; -mīnā kardan. To enamel; -mīnā kashīdan, To drink from a goblet; -qasri mīnā, The sky.

a ميك mīnā, mīnā', A port, haven, harbour;

an anchoring-ground, anchorage.

mīnā-jigar, Gentle-hearted, mild,

soft-minded (doubtful).

minā-khāna, A palace, house, or سينا عانه apartment adorned with mirrors (= هيشه مانة q.v., p. 775).

مى ناب mai-nāb, Pure wine.

a مينار mīnār, A tower, turret, steeple,

spire, minaret; an obelisk.

سينا بنگ mīnā-rang, The dark glossy blue-green of certain birds' feathers; blue or green in general.

mīnā-sum, Having a hoof of dark مينا سم

green, i.e. black.

mīnā-fām, Azure, cerulean. مينا فام

mīnā-kār, An enameller. مينا كار

مينا كاري minā-kārī, Enamel. mināgar, An alchemist.

سينان mīnān, Conflux, confluence; a plum.

mīnā-wash, Lustre, polish, enamelled appearance of any object.

mīnā'ī, Enamel.

mīnak, A herb whence brooms are

minū, Heaven; an emerald; white or blue glass; a glass gem; hair; -mīnūyi khāk, The grave,

ميدو باد mīnū-bād, Wine; name of a city

existing in Zahhāk's time.

مينو پيوند mīnū-paiwand, Beautiful. مينو پيوند mīnūs, Navie of a certain king, who, having been reduced to poverty and distress, was restored to royalty.

mīnū-sirisht, Of heavenly

nature or disposition.

mai-nosh, A drinker of wine.

mīna, A plum; (for mīnā) enamel. t مينهجي mīnajī, An enameller.

سو mev, Hair; a vine; a fruitful branch. mīwād (for mī-bāyad), It behoveth. a ميومات mīwajāt (pl. of P. mīwa), Fruits. maiwarān, Odoriferous herbs and flowers, with which they adorn the festive

board, part of which was presented to every guest as he entered, together with a health or toast.

A ميوس mai'us, Desperate; a desperate man; [mai'us min-hu, Despaired of;]mayūs, A pempous walker, one who moves, waves, or swaggers from side to side.

ميول A ميول muyūl (v.n. of ميول), Inclining to the west (the sun); keeping the middle of the road; (pl. of mil) miles; mile-stones.

A Way muyulat, Inclination, propensity, bias.

A ωμο mayūn, A liar; muyūn (pl. of main), Lies; -mi'un (pl. of mi'at), Hun-

mayūnaya, A superfluous branch

(to be lopped off a tree).

mīwa, maiwa, Fruit;—mīwa'i bāghi murad-am, The fruit of the garden of my desire; -mīwa'i dil, (fruit of the heart) Word, language; poetry; a beloved child; —mīwahāyi gūn-ā-gūn, Fruits of many kinds.

mīwa-āwar, Fruit-bearing; -- dirakhti mīwa-āwar, A fruit-tree.

mīwa-khwār, Fruit-eating; living ميوة خوار on fruit.

ميرة عاند mīwa-khāna, A fruit-shop or loft.

miwa-dar, Fruitful, laden with fruit;—dirakhti mīwa-dār, A fruitful tree. mīwa-farosh, A fruiterer.

miwanāk, Laden with fruit. a , si mi'awī, Centesimal; bundredth. mīwīzha, The convol- ميويزة mīwīza ميويزة vulus.

miwina, Tree-loppings in early

maih (v.n.), Being full and overflowing with water (a well); giving water to drink; leaking, making water (a ship); -maiyih, Full of water (well or ship).

www miyo, A moth eating a garment.

maihat (v.n. of ميه), Being full, overflowing (a well); filling, leaking (a ship).

سهمان mīhmān, A guest.

mihman, A family, race, tribe;

hereditary possessions.

with mihan, One's native soil, home; wife and children; people, tribe, kindred; hereditary posssessions, movable and real; good nature; fresh butter; sheep's milk.

muyaiqin (dim. of mūqin), Almost

certain about, partly sure of.

Mi'in (obl. pl. of mi'at used as nom.), Hundreds.

ಲ

on (m before labials, and taking a nasal sound before gutturals), The twenty-ninth letter of the Arabic-Persian alphabet, expresses 50 in arithmetic and denotes, in almanacs, the conjunct aspect of the stars; -na (for ω), prefixed to verbs and nouns, implies negation;—ni before certain verbs corresponds to the S. ni, as in ni-bishtan, niwishtan, = S. ni-pish; --an subjoined to substantives, forms relative nouns as rīman "filthy" from rīm "filth," and is pleonastic in some cases, as pādāshan "requital" for pādāsh.

u nā, Water; a chider, rebuker; rebuke, reproof (for $n\bar{a}v$) a ship; (for $n\bar{a}y$) a pipe; reed; the throat; (in comp.) place where anything is found, as tez-na "where sharpness is found" (see تيزا p. 342); (before nouns) a negative or privative particle, equivalent to in, un, &c. in English.

نا آباد nā-ābād, Ruined, depopulated.

shi v nā-āzād, Unfree, illiberal.

ا أزمودة nā-azmūda, Untried; inexperienced, ignorant.

نَا استاد nā-ustād, Unskilful, awkward. تا استادي nā-ustādī, Unskilfulness.

na-ustuwar, Unsteady; perfidious. inā-āshnā, Unacquainted, unknown. ا آهناگی nã-āshnā'ī, Unacquaintance.

نا التفاتي nā-iltifālī, Inattention, slight. a ما آمن $n\bar{a}$ -āmin (amn), Insecure, un-

safe; untrustworthy.

i nā-umed (ummed), Desperate, desponding, hopeless.

ن اميدي nā-umedī, Despair. i nā-āmezgār, Unsociable.

نا البان nā-ambān, A bagpipe.

nā-anjām, End-less; perpetual, eternal (as to future, like A. abad).

unā-āndesh, Clear, evident; requiring no thought.

a نا انمان nā-inṣāf, Unjust.

a نا انسانی nā-inṣāf ī, Injustice.

a نا أوس nāus (G. vaòs), A church; a fire-temple.

וּ nā-āhār, Who has not yet taken

any food, fasting.

نا اهل nã-ahl, Incapable; unfit, unworthy; -chi nā-ahl u ahl, What (difference would there be between) the unfit and the capable?—har nā-ahl u nā-dān, Every incapable and ignorant person.

a نا ايسن nā-aiman, Insecure, unsafe.

سنب nāb, Pure, clear, limpid, genuine, unmixed, unadulterated, neat; mere, sincere; similar, resembling; a furrow in the buttocks of a horse or camel from fat; bāda'i (mayi) nāb, Neat wine; pure wine.

اب ه nāb, A cheek-tooth, grinder; a canine tooth; an aged she-camel; a prince, chief, head, or master of a family.

a بالغ nā-bāligh, Under age, unripe,

immature.

نا باك nā-bāk, Fearless, intrepid.

ילען unā-bāwar, Not credited; incredible; unworthy of belief.

ا بای nā-bāy (perhaps abbreviated from the following), Impossible, absurd.

ا بايست nā-bāyist, Improper, unlawful. ا بايستن nā-bāyistan, To be odious, offensive.

نا بايسته هستى nā-bāyista-hastī, Unfit, unlawful or impossible to exist (as a partner to God).

A will nabit, Growing, germinating.

nābitat, nābita, Anything that grows; young progeny of man or beast.

A &= 1 nābijat, nābija, Evil, misfortune; a kind of food made of milk mixed with camel's hair.

A μου nabih, A barker.

مرد مر nā-bakhirad, Unwise.

الخردي nābakhiradī, Foolishness.

ا جشيدة ال nā-bakhshanda, Indisposed to

י אנטון unā-burdbar, Unable to carry a burden; impatient; unforbearing; implacable.

نابدان nābdān, (for ناردان) A canal, gutter. ا بر جا nā-bar-jā, Out of place; ill-timed, impertinent, inconvenient, improper, vain, foolish.

יי אָן מּבּבּשׁ nā-bar-handasa, Ungeometrical. מו אָנָא nā-burīd, Uncircumcised; not yet cut (stuffs not yet made into garments).

ا بسامان nā-ba-sāmān, Unfurnished, un-

arranged, without order.

nābastagī, Condition of one whose نابستكي

wounds have not yet been dressed.

ا بسته nā-basta, Undressed (wound); one whose wounds have not yet been dressed.

יו אייפג איי nā-bisūda, אייפגע nā-bisūda, Not used, quite new; not tasted.

سى لا nā-basī, Non-existence.

ا بطسته ال nā-bishusta, Unwashed (هوه .(below نا هیسته

م المن nābiz, Beating (artery), throbbing (pulse); a thrower, darter.

A 20 nābi', Bursting out, overflowing

(well, fountain, or rivulet).

م المعام ، nābighat, nābigha, A man of magpiticence or of exalted rank; a name common to several Arabian poets.

nābik, المك م High, eminent, lofty

(place).

ا بكار unā-ba-kār, Useless, unserviceable; a vagabond, idler, stroller, a lazy, worthless fellow, belonging to no profession or religion; bad, wicked.

نابكارى nābakārī, Villainy. A مراكلة nābikat, High (ground).

a كال nābil, A quiver.

الله nābil, An archer, darter, thrower; skilful in shooting arrows; one who has or makes arrows; skilful, ingenious, dextrous, clever; -nabul, Name of a man; Nabal.

a shy b nā-balad, Of another town or country, a stranger, unacquainted with the ways and manners of a country; ignorant of, not at home in a matter.

البلس م nābulus, Name of a town in

Palestine (Sichem).

nā-bi-nawā, Lost, fruitless, of no use. ا يود nā-būd, Annihilated, reduced to nothing, disappeared; that never existed; ruined; a bankrupt; non-existence; -ndbud kardan, To make disappear, annihilate;—nā-būd u nā-paidā shudan, To be dispersed, to vanish.

ا بودمند nā-būdmand. Ruined, wholly

destitute; a bankrupt.

A બાં nābih, Celebrated (man); grave, important (affair) ;—ibni nābih, Great, held in high estimation.

שו אין ש nā-bahra, Great, choice, excellent; ignoble, mean, abject; unsaleable (goods); base (coin); covered, concealed.

ا بهجار nā-bahanjār, Irregular; wicked;

-kāri nā-bahanjār, A bad action.

ا بى nā-bī, Blind, not seeing.

nābī, High ground. ال بينا nā-bīn, كا بين nā-bīnā, Blind, weaksighted, seeing bad.

ىابينائى nābīnā'ī, Blindness.

نا بيوسان nā-bayūsān, Expectation, hope; sudden, unawares, unexpected.

نا پاز nā-pāz, Inelegant, unpolished; unclean.

نا پاك nā-pāk, Impure, unclean, polluted, filthy, defiled; lewd, licentious.

a ناپاك دين nãpāk-dīn, Of an impure faith, heretic, infidel.

a ناپاك راي nāpāk-rāy, Perverse, evil-

intentioned, ill-advised. ناہاکر $nar{a}par{a}kar{\imath}$, Impurity, uncleanness,

defilement, dirt; licentiousness, lewdness. ى بايدار nā-pāy-dār, Inconstant, frail, un-

steady, fickle, not durable, unstable, transitory, momentary.

نا پايندة nā-pāyanda, Transient, fleeting. i nā-pukhta, Uncooked; unripe, raw; uncultivated, ignorant, stupid.

uā-padīd, Invisible, inconspicuous, not to be found, vanished, private, concealed; -na-padid shudan, To become invisible, to vanish, to disappear.

ايديدكي nāpadīdagī, Obliteration, invisi-

bility.

ו אתן nā-parwā, Intrepid, fearless, inconsiderate, thoughtless, heedless, restless; without wish or desire; occupied, fully employed; weak; astonished, confounded, stupefied.

البراتي nāparwā'ī, Occupation, employ-

ا پرهيرکار nā-parhezgār, Careless, incautious, negligent, inattentive to health; unchaste.

ى برهيركارى nā-parhezgārī, Licentiousness; carelessness, a want of due attention to health.

ا پسنديده nd-pasand, نا پسنديده na-pasandida, nchosen, disapproved of, reprobated; Unchosen, disagreeable, displeasing, offensive, odious; enormous; — nā-pasand dāshtan (shumurdan), To abhor, detest, disapprove, dislike; -nā-pasandīda shudan, To disgust, to be disapproved.

ا پسندې nā-pasandī, Disagreeableness;

unwillingness.

نابكار nāpigār, Filthy, vile (see نابكار).

ال يمدا nā-paidā, Unborn, that has never existed, not to be found; vanished, gone out of sight.

الهدا كرانه nāpaidā-karāna, What has no

visible limits, infinite.

ا پيرانته nā-pairāsta, Untanned, un-

نا تاب nā-tāb, Weak, infirm.

A est nātij, Who brings forth, breeds; a breeder.

a نا تجربكي nā-tajarrubagī, Inexperience. ا تدبير ن nā-tadbīr, Unthinking; resource-

ىا تراهيدة nā-tarāsh, نا تراهيدة nā-tarāshīda, Unshaved, unsmoothed, unlicked; unpolite, uncultivated.

a نربیت *nā-tarbiyat*, Uneducated.

المرس المراب nā-tars, Fearless; severe, hardhearted.

nătiq, One who raises; one who spreads; (a woman) who has many children, fruitful; fire-striking (tinder-box or stick); (a horse) which shakes his rider; (a she-camel) soon conceiving; far distant; the ancient name of the month ramazān.

a نيام نيام nā-tamām, Imperfect, unfinished. a ناتماس nātamāmī, Imperfection.

nā-tandurust, Unsound of body,

unhealthy.

ا تران nā-tuwān, ال تران nā-tuwānā, Weak, impotent, infirm, powerless, feeble, frail; nā-tuwān shudan, To become infirm, unable; - nā-tuwān kardan, To debilitate, enfeeble;—pīri nā-tuwān, A decrepit, weak old man.

ن توالان nā-tuwānān (pl. of nā-tuwān),

Weak, &c. (persons).

וטקוטען nātuwānānawāz, Who cherishes the weak, who befriends the powerless and feeble (applied to God).

שיקוטואט nātuwānā'ī, Inability, weakness (construed with the verb kashīdan).

uā-tuwān-bīn, Not fit or allowed نا توان بين to be seen; envious, malevolent.

nā-tuwān-gīr, Unable to hold or نا توان كمير seize; seizing on the weak, oppressive. ناتوانى nātuwānī, Weakness, ailment.

ndsir, A speaker or writer in prose. v nāj, A pine; a cypress (see 30).

نا جاي nā-jāy, Deficiency in produce. a عام nā-jā'iz, Unlawful, unsuitable.

نا جايگاه nā-jāygāh, Ill-timed; misplaced. A poli najih, Easy, expeditious, quick,

rapid (journey); prosperous. م المجان nājikh, (The sea) resounding with the dashing of the waves; the beating of

the sea on the shore. الجد a nājid, Stupid, silly; a stammerer.

nājiz, The wisdom-tooth. اجر nājir, Sultry (month); any summer-

month. nājurmak, Sitting in an idoltemple; name of an anchoret; a Christian

church. اجر ه nājiz, Present, ready, prompt; ready money, cash.

a ماجزا عام nājuz-anjām, Endless; ad in-

finitum.

nājish, One who beats up game ناجش for sportsmen, a beater.

nāji', Wholesome, thirst-queuching,

الجعة $n\bar{a}ji'at_i$ (Men) going out a-foraging, or seeking to better their condition.

nā-jumbān, Immoveable, not in motion.

unā-jins, Ignoble, rude, uncivil. الرو and الأور nājū, The pine-tree (cf. عناجو nājū, ا جوان مرد nā-jawān-mard, Ungenerous, ignoble, vile.

a عبد nājūd, A cup, full or empty; a

large goblet.

א טיבט nājī, One who escapes; swift: free, liberated, excused; a deliverer; an epithet of Noah;—a'n-nājī, Elect, predestined, saved; a name common to several

nājiyat, A swift she-camel running away with the rider; -banū nājiyat, Name of an Arabian tribe.

نا چار nā-chār, Remediless; helpless, destitute, abandoned, poor, miserable, forlorn, distressed; torced by necessity, constrained; necessary, indispensible; by force, against the inclination; — $n\bar{a}ch\bar{a}r$ shudan, To be obliged, constrained, forced to, cannot help but (m.c.).

الچاری nāchārī, Helplessness, destitution.

نا چاق nā-chāq, Unsound, indisposed, lean.

نا چاويدة nā-chāwīda, Unmasticated.

ناچخ *nācha<u>kh</u>, A* battle-axe ; a halbert ; a double-pointed spear; a short javelin;nāchakhi dah (sih) mani, A nāchakh, weighing ten (three) man, i.e. very heavy.

المن المن nāchakh-zan, Who strikes with the weapon called nachakh.

nā-charān, Taking no food, unfed. سب ك nā-chasp, نا چسپان nà-chaspān,

Unworthy; inconvenient, impertinent; disproportioned.

ناچشيدة nā-chashīda, Untasted (wine). اچمان nā-chamān, Unable to move.

نا چيدة nā-chīda, Ungathered.

nā-chīz, A trifling, silly thing, of no consequence, insignificant; destroyed. ruined; nothing; -nā-chīz shudan, To be annihilated or effaced, to perish.

نا چيزو na-chīzī, Smallness; insignificance;

nullity, nothingness.

nahiz, (A camel) diseased in the lungs and troubled with a cough; a long tract of ground.

nāhis, Scarce, disastrous (year). a معاملة nā-ḥifāz, Not to be restrained or kept back from what is evil or improper;

shameless, impudent.

نا مل nā-ḥaq (ḥaqq), False, untrue; unjust, unlawful; injurious; injury; falsity; unjustly; - 'amali na-haq, An iniquitous action.

لا حقشناس nā-haqshinās, Ungrateful, inequitable, having no notions of right or

A ناحى nāḥā, Inclined, tending towards;

side, quarter; a grammarian.

nāḥiyat, nāḥiya, A country, territory, district; tract, coast, shore; a side, quarter, neighbourhood, surroundings.

نان nā<u>kh</u>, The navel (cf. نائد). نا خاست nā-<u>kh</u>āst, Unable to rise.

ا عاسته *nā-khāsta*, Unleavened, unfermented.

ا عدا nā-khudā, (no-God) An atheist, impious wretch; (for nav-khuda "shipmaster") the master or the commandant of a ship; a captain; a supercargo; a seaman.

nākhudā'ī, Command of a ship, ناعدائي

state of a captain.

nā-khudātars, Not fearing God. فا عداترس المُلا nākhuzā, ناعداي nākhuzāy, قاعدا nā-<u>kh</u>uzāt, العذاة na-<u>kh</u>uzāh, A shipmaster ; a seaman; a supercargo.

ما المارة nākhir, fem. المارة nākhirat, nākhira, Worn hollow (carious bone); sonorous (thing hollow and pervious to the wind); a hog trained for hunting; one, single.

unā-khiradmand, Unwise.

nā<u>kh</u>is, The scab under a camel's ناخس tail; also a fissure under his arm-pits.

nākhista, A slender rope.

ناخشىيد nā-<u>kh</u>ushnūd, Dissatisfied, discontented. ياخشنودي nā-<u>kh</u>ushnūdī, Discontentedness,

displeasure. A ناخص nākhis, Emaciated, shrivelled,

wrinkled, wizened (old woman)

nākhi', Knowing, intelligent. نا عظمة نا nā-khufta, Uncoagulated.

نا خطر الله nā-khafrāh, A sailor, shipman (unsupported and doubtful).

اعل nākhil, One who sifts, a sifter.

نا خلف nā-khalaf, Degenerate, ignoble, spurious, villainous, dastardly; wicked, vicious (boy),

a نا على nā-khalaq, Inhumane, cruel

(verhaps misreading for نا علف).

A ناځم nākhim, A skilful singer or player. ماعن nàkhun (cf. S. nakha), A nail, talon, claw; -nākhuni āftāb, Fire; tho nail of a mistress; -nākhun ba-dandān. Vexation, regret, disappointment; afflicted. grieved; astonished, confounded; — nākhun ba-dil zadan (shikastan), nākhun bar dil zadan, To tamper with the constitution; -nākhun ba-sang āyad, Something untoward happens; - nākhun band kardan bar, To strap together; to enter into, to interfere; to get the chance of speaking, of saying one's say; -nākhuni boyā (pariyan, khwush, dev), Perfumed nails; -nakhun parandan, To make the toe-nails drop off by beating (by way of torture);—nākhun tarāshīdan, To pare the nails;—nākhun tar na-gardad, The nail does not get wet, (met.) not a whit remains (so as to wet the nail; cf. the German Nagelprobe); -nākhun tīr kardan, To be excessively greedy without hope of attaining one's wish; — nākhun chidan, To pare the nails; -nākhuni khāma, The nib of a pen; — nākhuni khwud mi-khāyad, He is a great miser;—nākhuni dakhl, An allegation; opposition;—nākhun dar dil shikastan (firo burdan, firo kardan), = $n\bar{a}\underline{k}\underline{h}un$ ba-dil zadan, &c. above, in which phrases, as in the present ones, jigar and sina occur also instead of dil;—nakhun dar dīda rekhtan. To inflict the greatest misery or harm; -nākhun rasāndan baābila, To break a boil or pimple; -nākhun zadan (bar yak-digar zadan, ba-ham zadan), To stir up strife; -nākhun guzāshtan, To be frightened out of one's wits ;-nakhun giriftan, To pare the nails; -nakhun nadārad ki pushti khwud bi-khārad, He has not a uail to scratch his back with; (met.) he is utterly destitute.

الخنان nākhunān, Callosities, hard parts. المن برا nā<u>kh</u>un-bur, نامن المن nā<u>kh</u>un-burā, نامن المن nā<u>kh</u>un-burāy, A small knife or scissors for paring the nails.

ناخي پال nā<u>kh</u>un-pāl, A whitlow.

المن بيراي nākhun-pairāy (perāy), Scissors for the nails; a barber.

nākhun-tarāsh, ناخن چين nākhun-tarāsh, ناخن تراش

chin, = ناعن q.v. above.

ناعن زنى كردن nākhun-zani kardan, To click or snap the nails.

امن عوارة nākhun-khwāra, An imposthume under the root of the nail, a whitlow; a disease in the hoof of a horse.

ناخن او $n\tilde{a}\underline{k}\underline{h}un$ -gir, = ناخن المي مير q.v. above. ناحية nākhuna, A nail, claw; a cataract in the eye; an instrument used to strike the strings of a lute with; a bow; construed with the verbs awardan, buridan, damidan, rustan, &c.; — nākhuna'i chashmi shab, The new moon,

العنك nākhunak (dim. of nākhun), A little nail or claw; (عنال) a cataract;—
nākhunak zadan, To snatch, in passing a provision-shop, some bit of food with two fingers, and swallow it;—nākhunakī, People who do so.

با محاب = nā-khwāb, = بالح ان q.v.

نا خواست nā-khwāst, Unsolicited, undesired; (for nākhwust) trampled.

nā-khwasta, Unwished for; not

wishing for.

نا عوالدة nā-khwānda, Unread; unlearned;

uninvited, unbidden.

المواق المراق المواق المواق المراق المواق ا

ينا خواهاني nä-khwāhānī, Abstinence, in-

difference.

ا موب nā-<u>kh</u>ūb, Not good, bad. المعودي nā-<u>kh</u>ūbī, Evil; discord.

ال خورش nã-khwurish, Victuals remaining at the bottom of a pot and sticking to it.

nākhwusi. A place trodden with the feet, or smoothed (as sown ground with a harrow).

الموستن nākhwuslan, To trample under foot.

الموسل nā-khwush, Bad, wicked; indisposed, ill, an invalid; unhappy; displeased; unpleasant, harsh, disagreeable; unwilling; —nā-khwush āmadan, To be disapproved of;—nā-khwush shudan, To be sad, ill at ease, unwell; to be displeased with.

nākhwush-āwāz, One who has a

harsh and disagreeable voice.

اعوش كردار nā<u>kh</u>wush-kirdār, An evildoer.

nā-khwushguwār, Difficult of

digestion; unwholesome (meat). nā-khwushmish, نا عوهمنش nā- العوهمن

khwushmanish, Loathing, nausea; nauseating; detestable.

ا عوهنو v nā-khwushnūd, Discontented.

الموشى nā-khwushī, Indisposition, bad health or constitution; disagreeableness, bitterness; fret; displeasure; depravity, villainy.

نامين nākhūn, A nail.

فان nākha (contraction of عربة وال q.v. below), One who begs his bread, &c.

ulu nād (S. nāda), Voice, sound.

الدار nā-dār, Insolvent, indigent, poor, without possession; a poor ryot or cultivator.

نادار باتى nādār-bāqī, A balance due by poor ryots (a revenue-term in India).

nà-dārī, Poverty, insolvency, in-

digence; incapacity.

الداهت nā-dāsht. Poor, moneyless; imprudent, indecent; unskilled in wrestling; faithless; name of a sect of beggars (see

p. 721, and كنكر kungur, p. 1056, to whom in particular the name is applied); shame; poverty.

اداهتی nā-dāshtī, Poverty; bankruptcy; shamelessuess, indecency; irreligion, im-

piety.

ال دان nā-dān, Ignorant, silly, unlearned, simple, rude; — nā-dāni dah-mard-gūy (goy), An ignorant fellow who talks for ten. نا دانستگي nā-dānistagī, Ignorance.

نا دالسته nā-dānieta, Ignorantly, unknowingly, unwittingly; incognito, unknown.

idiotism; infatuation; incapacity;—nādānī kardan, To act foolishly or ignorantly;—nādāniyam, My ignorance.

א יויני nādir, Singular, rare, uncommon, unusual, wonderful, excellent, precious; projecting; rarely;—nādiru 'l-husn, Of uncommon beauty;—nādiru 'l-wuqū', Of rare occurrence.

a "افرا nādir-an, Rarely; perchance.

י ט ני קוא ' nā-dar-bar-ā-bar, Impertinent, irrelevent, incongruous, unconnected.

a 5,36 nādirai, nādira, An uncommon thing, a rarity, a curiosity; an incomparable man, phœnix of the age, rara avis; strange, uncommon, obsolete (speech); an unexpected accident, anything that surprises; a witticism.

الادرست nā-durust, Not right or true, false; imperfect; impertinent, incongruous; of unsound body; going badly (as a watch), out of order; ill-arranged.

ا درسته nā-durusta, Imperfect, incom-

plete; = نا كراني q.v. below.

ن درستی ن nā-durustī, Falsehood ; unsoundness.

الدر هاة nādir shāh, Name of a king of Persia who reigned from A.D. 1736 to A.D. 1747.

ا در برابر = nā-dar-muqābil نا در مقابل ه

ن درويش ن nā-darwesh. One who is not a dervish, one who affects a dervish's manners without being one in heart, a false dervish.

a قادرة nādira, see A. قادرة .

a نادره پرسی nādira-pursī, Inquiry about rare and extraordinary matters.

a نادره ييرا nādira-perā, A writer of memorable events.

a وان الدرة المقانة nādira-dān, Acute, intelligent, learned, knowing rare, mysterious things.

a نادرة ني nādira-fann, Possessed of rare cunning, full of wonderful tricks (applied to heaveu).

u nādira-kār, Doing anything extraordinary; an excellent artificer.

a نادره گفتار nādira-guftār, Who utters choice sayings.

a نادرى nādirī, A rarity.

الدك nādif, A cotton-dresser. نادك nā-dilchasp, Disliked

ا دل پذیر nā-dilpazīr, Not pleasing to the heart.

אבק nādim, Penitent, sorry for; bashful, ashamed, abashed; -nādim shudan, To be sorry, to repent.

na-damsaz, Discordant, dissonant. ا دوعته nā-dokhta, Unstitched, unsewn; not made into garments (stuffs).

nā-doshīza, No longer a virgin. ال دهندة nā-dihanda (dihinda), Not pay-

ing what is due; stingy, not giving.

الدي nādī, One who calls or convokes: a public crier; a council, assembly, mote, congregation, or place of meeting; a generation, tribe, race.

نا ديدگى nā-dīdagī, Poverty, bankruptcy. ש בענוב nā-dīdanī, Not to be seen ; invisible, imperceptible; unfit to be looked

ט געגט nā-dīda, Unseen; not seeing; one who has seen little, inexperienced; one who is not looked at, vile, abject, base.

nadida-shūy, One who has not ناديدة هوي seen a husband, a virgiu.

الديدة كرد nādīda-gard, What has not seen

any dust, kept clean.

a ناديدة نعل nādīda-na'l, (A colt) that has not yet seen a shoe, unshod, newly-born.

نا ديرياز nā-dīryāz, Not longsome, short (night).

אנות nāzir, The city of Mecca.

اللع م nāzi', Flowing, fluent (sweat or water).

nār (for anār), A pomegranate;—nār afshandan, To shed bloody tears; -nari bāghi sīna, A nipple, dug, teat;—nāri dashtī, = nāri hindī, q.v. below;—nāri rubāb (rubbāb), A kind of sour pomegranate; – nāri samūm, (met.) Hell-fire; – nāri shīrīn, A sweet pomegranate; name of a note in music; -nāri fārsī, Name of a very deadly poison; - nari hindi, Name of a fruit resembling the quince (called in India bil).

ار م nār, Fire; hell; a mark made by burning; mind, intellect; counsel, advice; -ahli nār (ahlu 'n-nār), The damned. نا راست nā-rāst, Not right; untrue, false;

adulterated; a fault, error.

تاراستى nārāstī, Dishonesty, unrighteous ness.

a نا رامی $n\bar{a}$ - $r\bar{a}z$, نا رامی $n\bar{a}$ - $r\bar{a}z\bar{z}$, Dissatisfied, discontented, displeased.

a نا راى nā-rāy, Inconsiderate, injudicious,

indiscreet; unbelieving; lazy, careless. a st, u nā-rā'ij, na-rāyij, Not current (coin); unsaleable (goods), dull, flat (mar-

نار با nār-bā, A dish made or dressed with

pomegranate.

ט, אט nār-bun, The pomegranate-tree. nār-pistān, A round swelling نار پستان breast, in the form of a pomegranate; a female who has firm round breasts.

nār-post, Cinnamon. نار پوست

nārtūbā, Son of a paternal uncle. a ارجيل nārjīl (for P. nārgīl),), A cocoa-

nut; the Persian pipe for smoking through water; the cocoa-nut tree.

A من المعلل na'rijīl, A cocoa-nut.

nār-khoy, الرعوى nār-khoy, flower of the pomegranate; (from A. nar) fiery-tempered.

نارغوك nār<u>kh</u>ūk, Opium, theriac.

اری nārad, The tick or dog-louse; the sting of a gnat; a miser; spikenard; (for nayarad) he does not bring; he cannot, he is unable; (S. nārada) name of an Indian sage and saint.

 ω ارد $n\bar{a}rd\bar{a}n$, The juice, also the grains of the pomegranate; syrup of pomegranates, also of dried grapes (from A. nar) chafing-dish; -nārdān afshāndan, To

shed tears of blood.

ار دانه nār-dāna, Grain of the pomegranate.

nār-dāna'i dashtī, The seed نار دائك دهتى of the wild pomegranate.

nārdang, Victuals dressed with pomegranate syrup.

اردة nārda, A gnat; a tick, dog-louse.

ناردين nărdīn, Špikenard.

ارس nā-ras, Unripe. سارسا nā-rasā, Unworthy, unfit; ill-bred. ال رسان nā-rasān, What does not come to pass, coming to nothing.

سائي nā-rasā'ī, Incapacity, unworthiness, unfitness; unskilfulness; unmanner-

liness, ill-breeding.

nārisat, The best sort of dates. نارست nārast (for nayārast), He was not able.

unaristan, A place abounding in pomegranates.

نا رسته nā-rusta, Ungrown.

ا رسيدكى nā-rasīdagī, Unripeness, immsturity.

نا رسيدة nā-rasīda, Not arrived; unripe, immature, not arrived at perfection or puberty; sour; destitute, unfortunate.

نا رفته nā-rafta, Not gone; immoveable; not (yet) come to pass, the future.

اركند nār-kand, A grove of comegra-

ناركوك nārkūk, A kind of opium.

ار كيوا nār-kīwā, Head of the black

poppy.

ارگيل nārgīl (S. nārikela), Fruit of the cocoa-palm; cocoa-nut; the Persian pipe for smoking through water.

ناركيو nār-gīv, Head of the white poppy. نار مشك nār-mushk, An Indian fruit resembling the pomegranate, the flowers of which, when they fall, are fragrant (the best being of a whitish colour mixed with red); (from A. nār) a smith's forge.

nārāmid (for nyārāmid), He was

not able to rest.

a ون nāranj (for P. nārang), An orange; —nāranji dil-āwez wa turunji 'aṭar-āmez, A beautiful, odoriferous orange.

a نارنجستان nāranjistān, Ān orangery, a

conservatory (m.c.).

a عارنجك nāranjak (dim. of nāranj), A shell, a bomb.

a نارنجي nāranji, nārinji, Orange-coloured. الراكع nārang (S. nāranga), An orange.

ارنگی nārangī, Orange-coloured; name of a fruit smaller than an orange and sweeter, a mandarin or Chinese orange;—nā-rangī, The absence of colour.

bling the nightingale; a thread which comes forth from a tumour in the body incident to strangers in some parts of

Persia.

v. nār-wā, Victuals dressed with pomegranates; heat;—nā-rawā, Not current or passable; unsaleable; inadmissible, prohibited; unworthy;—nā-rawā shudan, To be unsaleable.

wān, A tall shady tree; according to others, the pomegranate, or the sour cherry, morel (tree and fruit); [labi nār-wān, A cherry-lip;]—nā-rawān, Base, not current; stagnant; inanimate, immoveable; dull, flat (market).

שונים אוע nārwān-bālā, and—

a عن فاروان nārwān-qad (qadd), Tall like a nārwān tree.

روانی vā-rawānī, Dulness of trade, difficulty of disposing of goods, unsaleableness. سرر nārwar, (A girl) with round swelling

breasts, of the form of the pomegranate.

which gives much shade, the sour cherry; name of a forest near the wood Tahmesha (see **a*** p. 339);—nārwun (for nār-bun), The pomegranate-tree;—nārawan, Soft, smooth; fresh; the tall, erect branch of a tree shaken by the wind; the elmtree; a tree called likewise tabarkhūn.

ياروند nārwand, Name of a tall elegant tree. الاروند nārvāh, Name of a bird resembling the nightingale;—nārūh, nārwa, Tongue

of a balance.

a, which rope; a stone weight against which anything is weighed; a groan;—nāra'i kabbān (kappān), The handle, also tongue of a balance.

اری nārī, A garment; (S. nārī) a woman.

a الري nārī, Fiery, full of fire; hellish. باريل nāriyal (S. nārihela), The cocoa-

nut tree and its fruit.

h ناريلى nāriyalī, A cup or a hukkah made of cocoa-nut shell.

A نارية nārīyat, State, nature, or force of fire.

الريدي nārīdan, To huut, to take; to wax great; to be lengthened out.

ارين nārīn, Fresh, shining, clear, polished, elegant, adorned.

a نارین قماش nārīn-qumāsh, A beautiful

stuff.

a علين قلعة narīn-qal'a, Name of a fortification in the western part of Bagdad.

y nāz, Glory, glorification; pride, consequential airs, boasting; blandishments, soothing or endearing expressions used by lovers, or by parents to children, fondling, coquetry, amorous playfulness, feigned disdain; elegance, gracefulness; beneficence; dissimulation; delicacy, softness; young, fresh, tender, newly sprung up; a wild pine-tree, cypress, or box; construed with the verbs bārīdan, bālā kardan, bar-dāshtan, rasīdan, raftan, rekhtan, kardan, kashīdan, &c.;—nāz u niyāz kardan, To supplicate, to entreat soothingly.

از آفرین nāz-āfirīn, Producing delight; born from pride; delicately formed.

اران nāzān, Sporting, toying (as lovers). المُعَدِّدُي nā-zāyandagī, Female sterility. المُعَدِّدُ الْمُعَدِّدُ الْمُعَالِّدُ nā-zāyanda, Barren, unprolific.

اراهیده nā-zā'īda, A female that has not

brought forth young.

از بالش nāz-bālish, الز بالش nāz-bālīn, A soft pillow, bolster, cushion; a kind of pillow for the armhole. (Ezek. xiii. 18.)

יון אנטון nāz-bardār, One who bears ano-

ther's whims; a flatterer.

ناز برداری nāz-bardārī, Flattery.

ילן אי nāz-bo, The herb ocymum pilosum. און אפט nāz-boy (būy), The herb basilicum.

אָן אָנָע nāz-parwar, און אָנָע nāz-parward, און אָנָע nāz-parwarda, Delicately brought up; a spoilt child.

ال بري الله nāz-parī, Name of the danghter of the King of Khwārazm, married to Bahrāmgūr.

A tju nāziḥ, Distant (town); exhausted

(well).

أوش nārish, Glory, exaltation, eminence; boasting; dissimulation, blandishment;

importunity.

a Est nāzi, (A camel) longing for its ordinary pasture or habitation; one who makes haste; one who excites divisions; the devil; a foreigner, stranger.

nāzi'āt, Stars, bows;— an-nāzi'āt, Angels who seize and carry off the souls of the wicked; name of the 79th chapter of the Qur'ān; (met.) soldiers.

افن nāzuk, Thin, slender, subtle, tender, delicate, fragile, light, elegant; clean, neat, ornamented; facetious, gracious, genteel; beloved object, mistress; bread baked of fine flour and butter; frequently used in compounds easily understood by looking out the meaning of the second member, some of which are here subjoined.

ازك ادا nāzuk-adā, (The nightingale) of sweet notes; melodious; harmonious.

ارك آغوش nāzuk-āghosh, Having a delicately-formed bosom; soft to embrace.

nāzuk-andām, Delicately formed نازك اندام

in every limb.

thet of a mistress); a species of jujube; a certain red flower; a flower resembling the purple amaranth.

نازك تهيكاه nāzuk-tihīgāh, Slender-waisted. a كازك على nāzuk-khulq, Of a delicate or

yielding disposition.

a مراح مراح nāzuk-mizāj, Of a delicate complexion or habit of body.

نازنين and نازنده مقدد naz-kunanda, = ناز كننده qq.v. below.

نازك وجود nāzak-wujūd, Delicate of body. الزك nāz-gar, = كازكر v.ēz-gar, كازكر nāzukī, Tenderness, softness, deli-

cacy.

nāzil, One who descends, dismounts, alights, or arrives at ;-nazil shudan, To alight, to descend; to diminish (price);—nazil kardan, To cause to descend or dismount.

A disaster, calamity, misfortune (as descerding from heaven); a defluxion of humours, rheum,

nāz-mast, Intoxicated with pride; delicate, graceful.

nazanīn, Delicate, نازنين nūzanda, نازنده elegant, delightful, delicious, amiable, agreeable, beloved; dissembling, feigning (in a good sense), pretending to be angry when pleased (as lovers), coquetting; auqāti nāzanīn, Precious hours;—zani nāzanīn, An amiable woman; a mistress, a sweetheart; -- maḥbūli nāzanīn, A beloved object.

υ nāzū, A cat; name of a melodious

bird; a turtle-dove; the moon.

ازور nā-zor, Weak, without strength.

نا زوری nā-zorī, Weakness. نا زوری nāzūn, A kind of hard tree.

nāzih, Pure, chaste, temperate; nāzihu 'n-nafs, Pure; one who lives apart from society, a recluse; a puritan.

نا زيب nā-zīb (zeb), Ugly, inelegant. ا زيبا nā-zībā (zebā), Ugly, unseemly, ungraceful, unbecoming, disfigured, plain.

vi nä-zebäyish, Ugliness, plainness.

uā-zebā'ī, Ugliness.

ازية naziyat, A deep dish; bot; cold;

passion, vehemence, impetuosity.

نازيدن nāzidan, To dissemble (as lovers) ; to counterfeit, to feigu, coquet; to assume a graceful or haughty air; to boast of wealth; to emulate, rival, envy; to use well, to indulge, behave humanely, wink at another's errors; to enjoy the conveniences or comforts of life, to live agreeably; to

feel a momentary pleasure; to be constantly in spirits, always happy.

nāzh, Pine, box, cypress; gnawing.

nāzhū, A pine-tree.

மற் nāzhūn, A juniper-tree.

nazha, The tongue of a balance.

wiju nāzhīn, A certain tree, large and leafy, bearing pods in which gnats are found in great numbers.

nās, Men, mankind, human beings, angels, demons, genii; name of the father of a tribe; - muqtadāyi nās, A priest, prelate.

نا ساعته nā-sākhta, Inconsiderate, un-

thinking.

ا ساز nā-sāz, Dissonant, discordant, out of tune; unbefitting, unseemly; obscene, rude, uncivil; —āhangi nā-sāz, Discordant sounds; an absurd proposition.

کار $n\ddot{a}$ - $s\ddot{a}z$ - $k\ddot{a}r$ کار $g\ddot{a}r$), Rendering dissonant or absurd; unfortunate; dis-

sentient.

gārī), Discor- کاری nāsāz-kārī ناساز کاری dance, absurdity, dissension; -nasaz-kari, kardan, To dissent, disagree.

نا سازندة . nã-sāzanda, Ineffectual, inopera

nā-sāz-wār, نا سازوار Refractory, cordant.

سازواري nāsāzwārī, Discordance, dissonance; dissension; refractoriness; -nasazwārī namūdan, To disobey.

نا خازى nā-sāzī, Opposition, contradiction, discordance, ill-behaviour; disagreement; dissimulation.

ناساماني nāsāmānī, Disorder; unruli-

nāsipās, Ungrateful, unthankful; disagreeable; undiscriminating.

نا سياسي nāsipāsī, Unthankfulness, ıngratitude.

ناسپال nāspāl, Rind of the pomegranate (especially of an unripe one, used in dye-

nāssat, Dry bread ;—a'n-nāssat,

Mecca.

nāsitād, Name of a district.

نا ستوده nā-sutūda, Vile, abject, mean, low, base, foolish, stupid, worthless, wicked.

nāsij, A weaver; a composer; a maker of an oration; nāsiju 'l-hiyal, A hatcher of conspiracy or treachery.

ناسع nāsi<u>kh</u>, A kind of silken stuff woven

with gold or silver (see نسيج below). nāsikh, One who abolishes, obliterates, erases, cancels; a verse of the Qur'an which abrogates what has been said before; abrogated; a copier of a book, an amanuensis; a transformer.

nā-sarāyish, Talking by signs, and

not by the voice.

السركي nāsaragī, Worthlessness, depravity. ن سرة nā-sara, Money bad, not passable, uncurrent coin; a thing which passes with

difficulty (see 5, p. 680);—nāsara, A sown field (perhaps from A. قيمر q.v. below).

nā-sazā, Unworthy, improper, impertinent, foolish, indecent; unmerited.

ין בין און יין nā-sazāwār, Inconvenient; unworthy, vile, ignoble, mean.

q.v. above (doubtful, فاسرة nāsaza, = ناسرة

unless the word be a corruption of).

ن سقته ن nā-sufta, Not perforated, unbored, whole; thin, not dense; -nā-sufta gauhari muzhgānī, (met.) A tear;—durri nā-sufta, An unbored pearl; an unblemished maid.

nāsik, Name of the founder of a Hindu sect; name of an infidel people, or one unsteady in their religious opinions.

nāsik, Devoted to God or virtue;

نا سگاليدة nā-sigālīda, Unthought of; inconsiderate, heedless.

nāsil, Dropping, moulting (hair,

nāsinj, A fine kind of cloth, called the cloth of Paradise, ornamented with gold,

silver, and silk embroidery (see نسيج below). nāsūt, Human nature or kind,

humanity.

a ناسوتې nāsūtī, Worldly; human.

nāsūd (for nayāsūd), He did not

tarry, he did not rest.

a ناسور nāsūr, A disease in the corner of the eye, one in the gums, and one in the podex, attended by a constant running; a fistula; an incurable wound; a gangrene; construed with the verbs chakidan, shudan, kardan, &c.

nāsūrī, The throat, gullet.

nāsī, Forgetting, forgetful; one who defers the pilgrimage to Mecca;—nāsī shudan, To forget.

nāsiyat, nāsiya, The first hours of the night; night-devotions; one who rises at night to perform acts of worship.

nāsīdan, To be born with a bad ناسيدن disposition; to be lame or mutilated from the birth; to be lean.

na'sh (v.n.), Accepting, receiving, taking (anything to eat); deferring, delay-

الش nāsh (perhaps misreading for nālish),

Lamentation, plaint, wailing.

ال هاد nā-shād, Cheerless, joyless, lowspirited, dissatisfied, displeased, peevish.

ناهادى nāshādī, Dulness, displeasure. u nā-shāyist, Improper.

ناهايستگى nāshāyistagī, Impropriety.

uā-shāyista, Unworthy, improper, نا هايسته unfit, indecent, indecorous, illicit; — nāshāyista harakāt, Shameful or nnlawful actions, misdeeds, crimes, sins.

nashib, Sticking, inherent; a man

who has arrows (nushshāb).

a المية nāshībat, nāshiba, (Anything) adherent, sticking fast; (pl. of nāshib) Furnished with arrows.

المبستة (?), Unwashed (the word given by Meninsky is evidently a misreading for .v. above). نابشسته

تاهياتي nāshpātī, The common pear.

ناهنا nāshitā, Hungry, having an empty stomach; fasting; breakfast; a foreigner, stranger (probably misreading for ناهنا); (anything) received on credit; (the price) of anything to be paid; equal; -nāshitā shikastan, To breakfast.

uāshtāb, Fasting, abstinence.

ناهنا خوردة nāshitā-khwurda, Taken on au empty stomach, eaten fasting.

ناهتا هكن nāshitā-shikan, Breakfast.

ناهمتاكي nāshitā'ī, Fasting, hunger; breakfast, whatever one eats after a long fast;—nāshitā'ī shikastan, To breakfast.

uā-shakhūd, Without a scratch; unhurt; unmolested by sea-sickness.

نا هدني أن nā-shudanī, Impossible, impracticable; ill-fated.

nāshir, One who disperses, scatters, diffuses, divulges; one who brings to life; one who saws, a sawyer.

a ناهرات nāshirāt (pl. fem. of the preceding), (Winds) scattering the clouds; (rains) diffusing plants.

nāshirat, nāshira, (Ground) verdant with herbage at the end of summer; a blustering wind.

מאבע andshiz, Stubborn, disobedient to her husband (woman).

نا هسته ن nā-shusta, Unwashed; inelegant; -tifli nā-shusta, A new-born babe not yet washed.

a لمط nāshit, Brisk, active, lively, and well-fed; (a wild bull) going out, and running from place to place.

nāshitāt (pl. fem. of the preceding), Stars moving from one place to another in the heavens; angels receiving the souls of true believers; believing souls, which quit the body with joy and alacrity.

uāshik, A debtor. ناهك a نا هکر nā-shukr, Ungrateful (especially

towards God).

a ناهكرى nāshukrī, Unthankfulness.

نا هكفيدة nā-shukfīda, Unblown, unexpanded (blossom).

ا هکیب nã-shikīb, Impatient; helpless. نا هكيبا nã-shikībā, Impatient, unsteady. nāshikībā'ī, Impatience. ناهكيبائي

i nā-shigufta, Unblown, unexpanded نا هگفته (flower); —abkāri nā-shigufta, Unblemished virgins.

الملة nāshilat, Lean (thigh); a light, slender sword.

المنا nāshnā (for اندآ نا q.v.), Unacquainted, unknown; nāshinā (perhaps misreading for ناهتا), Even in number, equal.

نا هنائت nā-shinākht, منائت ا nā-shinākhta, Unknown.

نا هناس nā-shinās, Not recognising, ac-

knowledging, or owning; ignorant, rude; a rustic.

ل مالما ل nā-shināsā, Unknown, not to be recognised; ignorant.

nāshināsā'ī, Ignorance. ناهناساكي

nāshināsī, A refusing to recognise; ignorance; rusticity; a rustic.

nā-shinawā, Deaf; unwilling to . listen.

ناهنواكي nāshinawā'ī, Deafness; an unwillingness to listen.

una-shinud, Unfit to be heard, unheard of, impertment (speech).

nā-shunīdanī, Not fit to be heard.

nā-shunīda, Unheard.

ن مر v nā-shav, Non-existent, impossible. nā-shauharī, Unmarried state of a woman; celibacy.

المي nāshi, Who or what grows; a boy or girl starting into youth; anything arising, appearing, or produced in the

A lead nashi'at (v.n. of this), Growing, increasing, growing up amongst; the first hour of night or day; also any hour at which one rises; beginning; anything arising, appearing, or produced in the

ا هيرين nā-shīrīn, Not sweet; disagreeable, sour (face); insipid (meat); deprayed,

not good.

مَا عَالَّهُ مَا nāṣāt, The forelocks. a ale i nā-sabīr, Impatient. a نا مان nā-ṣāf, Unclean, dirty.

A ناصب nāṣib, fem. ناصب nāṣibat, nāsiba, One who erects, sets up, fixes, plants, places, constitutes; toilsome, laborious, painful (life); wearying, vexatious (care and solicitude); (a particle) which requires a word to be inflected with the vowel nash as sign of the accusative.

a عبور م nā-ṣabūr, Impatient. A نامبية nāṣibīyat, The enemies of Alīy.

nāṣiḥ, A monitor, counsellor, adviser, sincere friend, faithful minister; anything pure (as honey);—also nāṣiḥī, A tailor.

nāṣir, A defender, assistant, helper, deliverer, ally; (God) the giver of victory; a canal, a channel, the feeder of a main stream.

A \$700 nasirat, nasira, Nazareth in Galilee. امع nāṣi', Pure, clear (colour); a garment white or of a clear red or yellow.

nāṣif, A domestic servant.

م المعلى nāṣifat, nāṣifa, A channel, or the middle part through which water runs.

a نا مواب nā-sawāb, Not right, bad, sinful; unwholesome; sin, error; — harza u nāsawāb, Vain and false (words).

نامور nāṣūr, An old wound; a callosity. nūṣiyat, nāṣiya, A forelock; the forehead, brow, face; appearance, hearing, manner, purport.

a ناصية جاي nāṣiya-jāy, The place of the forehead which touches the ground in prostration.

a نامية داران پاك nāṣiya-dārāni pāk, Angels; holy men, saints.

a نامية زار nāṣiya-zār, Adorned with abundant forelocks.

a ناصية ساى nāṣiya-sāy (كوب kob), Rubbing the forehead on the ground, (met.) humble, humiliating oneself.

nàzz, Gold or silver money (see

below).

nāzib, Far distant.

م المعنى nāzij, Ripe (fruit); well-dressed (meat).

nāziha, fem. ناضح nāzihat, nāziha, (A camel) which draws water.

uāzid, One who lays things side by ناهد side.

nāzir, Florid, vivid, bright; watermoss.

nāzil, A warrior, champion, combatant.

aāṭiḥ, Butting (ram); (game) coming in front of one; meeting in full career (two birds or beasts); (pl. نواطع nawātiḥ) Adversity; the first mansion of the moon.

nātir, The keeper of a vineyard or palm-garden; the servant at a bath.

nātis, An examiner, searcher; a

nātif, A confection or sweetmeat. a مالكن nātifī, A vender of the sweetmeat nātif.

a ناطق nāṭiq, Speaking ; a speaker ; perspicuous (book); rational (animal); live stock (opp. to olar, p. 780); the waist; —parwānagī'i nātiq, A distinct or evident command; —haiwāni nātiq, A rational animal, man; haiwāni ghāir-nāṭiq, An irrational animal, a beast; mushafi nātiq. The perspicuous or eloquent book, the Qur'an.

م المقة nātigat, nātiga (fem. of the preceding), Talking, gifted with speech; faculty of speech ;—tūtī'i nātiqa, A talking parrot.

A ناطل nāṭal, nāṭil, A wine-jug; a winemeasure; (in P.) a weight of seven pounds; also one of two and a half drachms.

a ناطلب ناطلب nā-ṭalab, Uncalled; unsought

nāṭūr, The keeper of a vineyard or ناطور A palm-plantation; one who keeps a look out from the mast-head; —nățūri ganja (keeper of a tail-less donkey), One who is submissive and humble towards everybody.

a ناطورى nāṭûrī, A watch set over sown fields.

názir, A seer ; a superintendent, inspector, observer, supervisor, guardian, spectator, keeper, purveyor, commissary;

an officer employed in a judicial court superior to all peons or bailiffs; a sheriff; —nāziri auqāf, Superintendent of estates in mortmain (m.c.);—nāziri buyūtāt, Superintendent of household expenses;—nāziri khāna, Intendant of the (royal) household (m.c.);—nāziri dar-sarāy, A servant of the royal household posted at the gate of the palace to take an account of servants absent from their posts (see nāghah-nawīs under their posts (see nāghah-nawīs under below);—nāziri rusūmat, Superintendent of Itaxes (m.c.);—nāzir shudan, To look, behold, observe.

العران nāzirān (du.), The lachrymal ducts from the inner corner of the eye

down each side of the nose.

nawāzir), أواطر nāzirat, nāzira (pl. نواطر nawāzir), The eye; sight, vision; reading, studying.

a ناطرة خواني nāzira-khwānī, Reading (in

opposition to repeating by heart).

nāzim, A composer, arranger, adjuster; a registrar; a governor, regulator; the chief officer of a province, in whose hands the protection of the country and the execution of the laws are entrusted; a poet; a pearl-stringer; (a hen) full of eggs; — nāzimi ash'ār, A composer of verses, a poet.

a نالمي nāzimī, The office of a nāzim,

government.

nāzūr, A watchman, a watcher;

seeing, observing, inspecting.

nāzūrat, nāzūra, Looked at or revered above all others as respectable and venerable.

ناعس ه nā'is, Sleepy, drowsy, lethargic. م ناعط الم nā'iţ, Name of a branch of the tribe of Hamdān; also of a mountain near

Sana'a, and of a castle.

اعی م nā'iq, Croaking (raven).

A clack natique (du.), Two stars in Orion.

nā'il, One who wears shoes or slippers; one who has many of them; the onager or wild ass.

nā'im, Soft, easy, gentle, tender, delicate; easy (temper), cheerful (countenance); name of a fortress at Khaibar.

الأعمد المقان nā'imat, nā'ima, A garden, meadow; delicate (woman), well fed and healthy.

اعور له nā'ār, A vein spirting out blood, not to be stopped; the sail of a mill; a water-mill.

A by the nā'ūrat, nā'ūra, A mill, especially that which is turned by weight of water, by the wind, or by cattle, for raising water from a well or river (so named from the sound it makes); a water-wheel; a water-bucket or pitcher.

اناعی nā'ā, One who announces another's

death; news of any person's death.

A لاعية nā'iyat, nā'iya (pl. of nā'ī), Those who bring intelligence of a person's death.

A &U nāgh, The elm-tree.

nāghist, An Indian fruit resembling the pomegranate, the flowers of which, when they fall, are fragrant.

nāghisht, Ethiopian pepper.

another (as clouds).

nāghosh, Diving and remaining under water; plunging the head into water.

المعرل nāghāl, Steps, a ladder, staircase, trap-door on the roof of a house; according to others, a covering or awning on the roof of a house, to protect its staircase from snow, rain, &c.

h set nāgha (for P. nā-gāh?), Vacant, void, nought, unemployed; adjournment, respite, pulling off;—nāgha-nawīs, = nā-ziri dar-sarāy, q.v. under set above.

naghīst, Name of a scarlet seed

good for the liver and stomach.

A عال na'f (v.n. of عنا), Striving, using exertion; being fortunate;—na'af (v.n. of عنا), Eating (meat); quenching (thirst);

loathing.

اك nāf (S. nābhi), The navel, nave, middle of anything; a round cushion; nafi arz, The navel of the earth, i.e. Mecca, or the Ka'bah; -nāfi āsmān, The pole of heaven;—nāf uftad, A rupture of the navel (omphalocele) takes place; -naf afgandan, To produce a rupture of the navel; -naf bar khwūshī zadan (burīdan, giriftan), To cut the navel-string cheerfully (auguring well for the child);—nāf bar zamīn guzāshtan (nihādan), (met.) To produce a rupture of the navel; -naf bar gham zadan, To cut the navel-string in a gloomy mood (prognosticating evil for the child); -nāfi biyāban, The middle of the desert; -naf tarashīdan, To kill; -nāfi khāk, Mecca; -nāfi dasht, The middle of the country or desert Qibchāq (see قبياق p. 951);—nāfi roz, Mid-day;—nāf zadan, To cut the navelstring; -nafi zamīn, Mecca; -nāfi sipar, The navel or centre boss of a shield; -nafi shab, Midnight; -nāfi man zad, He cut my navel-string, i.e. he has been with me or known me intimately from my birth;nafi hafta. The middle of the week, i.e. Tuesday (as the third day after shamba, Saturday, and before rozi jum'a, Friday); -dar nafi shahr. In the middle of the town, city, or country.

nāfiṣa, fem. الملكة nāfiṣat, nāfiṣa, A conjurer blowing on knots or puffing when making incantations or playing tricks;—nāfiṣat, Incantation, conjurer's trick.

A نامخة nāfijat, nāfija, Beginning or rise of a thing (as of a violent wind or rain);

(from P. $n\bar{a}fa$) a bag of musk.

الله م *nāfi<u>kh</u>*, One who blows or puffs, a blower.

a منائلة nāfiz, One who penetrates, passes, gets through, or executes; (a royal edict)

having effect, received, or obeyed everywhere; quicksilver;— $n\bar{a}fizu$ 'l-amr, Whose commands all obey;— $n\bar{a}fizu$ 'l-kalimatain, One from whose "yes" aud "no" there is no appeal; absolute, despotic;— $s\bar{a}r\bar{a}\underline{k}h$ i $n\bar{a}fiz$, A hole quite through.

اللرة nāfira, fem. الكافرة nāfirat, nāfirat, nāfira, Timid, flying; conquering; a victor; a governor, a commander;—nāfira, Kinsmen,

near relations.

nā-farjām, Ineffectual, inconclusive, of bad tendency, coming to a bad end; a triffing or useless thing; a shameful action; little, diminutive, small;—sukhuni (kalāmi) nā-farjām, A foolish, unmeaning speech.

نا فرمان nā-farmān, Disobedient, stubborn.

nāfarmānī, Disobedience.

nāfarmānī-karda, Uncom-

نافرهنت nā-farhakhta, Rude, unmannerly, ill-bred; ugly; rudeness, ill-manners; ugliness.

nāfis, One who looks with a malignant eye; name of the fifth gaming arrow.

nāfiz, Trembling, tremor; (a fever) attended with tremor.

a نانطة nāfiṭat, nāfiṭa. Blistered (hand).

A عند nāft', Useful, profitable, advantageous, assisting; salutary, wholesome; ridding of, freeing from (spoken of medicine); name of a freedman who belonged to Muhammad; name of a prison built by 'Alī;—nāft' shudan, To do good, to assist, to make use of.

انانی م nāfiq, Saleable, finding a ready

sale.

A Law nāfiqat, nāfiqa (from P. nāfa), A

bag or bladder of musk.

שנט nāfak (dim. of nāfa), A small bladder. א טענה nāfilat, nāfila, A voluntary act of religion, the observance of which is not positively enjoined; a work of supererogation; supererogatory prayers; religious merit; children of children, grandchildren; plunder, booty.

nāfūkh (in the dialect of Bagdad),

Liquorice-root.

belly, or skin of the belly of any animal; a pod, cod; construed with bandī kardan, dar ham kashīdan, rekhtan, gushūdan, &c.; —nāfa'i āf, The navel of the musk-deer; —nāfa'i āhū, = the preceding; (met.) the musky ringlets of the fair; —nāfa'i mushk, A bladder of musk; navel-bag of the musk-deer or goat; —nāfa'i mushk yūftan, To find a bladder of musk, (met.) to get a great name.

A all nāfih, Lazy, sluggish (camel); a

coward.

نانه بان nāfa-bāf, The musk-deer.

انده بوی nāfa-boy (būy), Smelling of

musk; anything odorous; (by way of derision) one who has a foul breath; a tale-bearer, whisperer, slanderer.

افته زار nāfa-zār, Abounding in muskbladders.

a من الله nā-fahm, Not understanding.

الله كشي nāfa-kashī, Drawing musk from the bladder or pod.

الله مر nāfa-mo, An old man (with hair

grey like the musk-bladder).

الحي م $n\bar{a}f\bar{i}$, Negative; who rejects; rejected.

nāq (pl. of nāqat), She-camels.

પ્રાથમ nā-qābil, Incapable; silly; insuffi-

ا قبول nā-qabāl, Not consenting; loathing; unpleasant, disagreeable, unacceptable; rejection, refusal.

A من nāqat, nāqa, One she-camel.

a عائد nāqid, One whose business it is to examine coin and ascertain its goodness; an assayer; a coiner; clever in the despatch of business.

a ناقر nāqir, A harp, psaltery.

الأر nāqir, (An arrow) penetrating the mark.

عاتر nāqiz, Poor, trifling, worthless (present).

Deficient, defective, imperfect, unfinished; mutilated; inexpert; (in gram.) defective (verb terminating in a weak letter);—nā-qiṣu 'i-ʻaql, Deficient in judgment; silly, stupid;—sīmi nāqis, Base silver or money.

a علت nāqiṣ-<u>kh</u>alqat, القم علت nāqiṣ-ṭīnat, Of deficient nature, of imperfect

disposition.

a ناتص عقل näqiṣ-'aql, Deficient in judgment.

nāqiṣ-ʻiyār, Below the standard. ناتص عياره nāqiṣ, One who breaks forcibly or untwists; one who violates or rescinds (&

promise or compact).

viagi', (Venom) which penetrates or lodges in the body; newly-drawn (blood); wholesome (water), quenching thirst.

A USU nāqil, fem. ASU nāqilat, nāqila, One who transports from place to place; a porter, carrier; a reporter, relater; a copier; a painter, delineator; [nāqili waraqa, nāqili sahīfa, nāqili maktūb, The bearer of the present letter;]—nāqila, Inconstant (fortune); temporary or migratory inhabitants; a copy; a translation.

unaqim, A kind of date; a reprover, rebuker, chider; a requiter, recompenser.

u nāqūr, A trumpet (such especially as the angels are said to blow at the last day); in P. celebrated, renowned.

nāqūra, A drinking-vessel (trum-

pet-shaped)

nāqūs, An oblong piece of wood, struck with a flexible rod called wabil; a

kind of wooden gong (used by the Christians in Muhammadan countries instead of church-bells); a bell (m.c.).

a ناقوسى naquisi, Name of a mode in music; the twenty-sixth note of Barbud.

اناقولا nāqūlā, Vulgar, low, vile, ignoble (m.c.).

above. ناقة nāga, see ناقة

القه nāqih, Weak after sickness; convalescent, on the way of recovery; con-

temptible; intelligent.

ناك nāk, Adulterated; adulterated musk or ambergris; mixed, moistened; stained, polluted; inaccurate; a sort of musky herb; a sweet juicy pear; the uvula; the jaw; a kind of alligator; (S. nāsikā) the nose; (as an affix) joined to nouns it denotes abundance; nāki bālā, Upper jaw; —nāqi pā'īn, Under jaw.

الكاكات nākāj (for P. الكائة nāgāh), Suddenly, unawares, unseasonable, late; at

ناكار ديده nā-kār-dīda, Who has seen no work, i.e. inexperienced, unskilled; considered unfit for work, good for nothing, vile, abject.

ناكارگى nākāragī, Idleness; uselessness. نا كارة nā-kāra, Useless, worthless; idle, lazy.

i nā-kāsta, Undiminished, unaltered ناكاستة (regard) ;—māhi nā-kāsta, Full moon.

نا كام i nā-kām, Unwilling; disagreeable; hopeless, remediless; disapppointed, discontented; -na-kām būdan (shudan). To reject, refuse.

ناكامى nākāmī, Disappointment.

اکب nākib, One who bows down, bends, declines, turns from.

ا كتخدا nā-katkhudā, A pilot; a shipmaster.

nākiḥ, One who marries; a man in the act of venery; a married woman.

nākiḥat, nākiḥa (fem. of the preceding), A married woman, a wife,

اً كدعدا nā-kad<u>kh</u>udā, One not a familyman; a bachelor; an unmarried woman; a widow.

ناكدون nākdaun, Asparagus.

نا كرانى nā-karānī, İmperfect compounds, formed in the air, as wind, snow, &c.

نا كردكار nā-kirdigār, Ignorant, unskilful. نا کردنی nā-kardanī, Not fit or improper to be done; impracticable, unachievable.

نا کردگارa.v. $nar{a}$ - $kardakar{a}r$, نا کردگار q.v. above. (. 1022.) p. 1022)

اكز aākiz, (A well) containing little

water, exhausted.

نا كس nā-kas, Unmanly, worthless, unworthy, mean, base, ignoble, vile; sordid, avaricious; abject, illiberal; a lout, a clown; cowardly, timid, degenerate; a man of light character, of no consequence; nobody; impotent, emasculated; a pederast.

nākis, Hanging the head; humbled, depressed.

اكسى nākasī, Meanness, abjectness, worthlessness, villainy, infamy; impotency, cowardice, timidity; avarice, stinginess.

a ناكل nākil, Weak; a coward; one who prevaricates in oath, who uses subterfuge.

ناكند nākand, A colt.

ن ا گاه nā-gāh, Suddenly, unexpectedly; all at once, unawares; unseasonably; illtimed; - ba-(az)nāgāh, Suddenly, all at

نا كاهان nā-gāhān (ناكاهان إ az-nāgāhān), نا كاهاني nā-gāhānī, Suddenly, unexpectedly. unagah-qīr, Taking, seizing un-

una-girift, Suddenly, unexpectedly. nagirawidan, To disbelieve, be impious.

نا كرويدة nā-girawīda, Unbelieving, infidel: disobedient; disbelieved.

نا كرايىدة nā-gazāyanda, Who inflicts no injury.

نا كورد nā-guzir, نا كوران nā-guzirān, نا كور nā-guzard, Impotent, helpless, reduced to extremities, necessary.

nāguzīr-bāsh, Im- ناكرير باش nā-guzīr ناكرير possible to dispense with, necessary, whose existence is indispensable; without remedy, helpless; of necessity, inevitably.

inā-guftanī, Unfit to be uttered,

unspeakable.

نا گفته nā-gufta, Not spoken, unsaid.

نا كواران na-guwar, نا كوارا na-guwarā, نا كوار nā-guwārān, Undigested, indigestible, unpalateable, unwholesome, unacceptable; irksome; unarranged; indigestion; indisposed, digesting badly.

nāguwārā'ī, ناكوارندكي nāguwārā'ī, ناكوارائي randagi, Unwhoiesomeness, unhealthiness.

ا گواره nā-guwāra, Undigested; anything lost; unwholesome water.

nāguwārīdagī, Unwholesome-

ness; indigestibility.

ناكواريدن naguwaridan, ناكواريدن naguwalidan, To crack (as the skin with intense cold or heat), to chap (as the lips), to become yellow (as herbs) from dryness.

نا گورد na-guwar, نا گورد na-guward, Undi-

ا گوهر is nā-gauhar, Accident (philosophically).

نا گهانه nā-gah, نا گهان nā-gahān, نا گهان nāgahāna, كاكياني nā-gahānī, Suddenly, all at once; nuexpected, sudden, unforeseen, unawares, fatal; -balāyi nāgahāna, Sudden misfortune.

A שני na'l, na'al, טשני na'alān (v.n. of J'b), Going, jumping, or skipping along, and moving the head upward; shaking the head when trotting (a horse); behoving; envying; — nat (v.n. of نول), Giving, bestowing; obtaining; liberal; anything acquired; a gift.

Ju nal (imp. of nalīdan, in comp.), Lamenting, complaining; (as a substantive for All) lamentation, complaint, &c.; (S. nāla) a reed; a writing-reed; a hollow reed; a tube, pipe; a gun-barrel; sugarcane; a solid reed of which arrows are made; the threads or pith inside a writing-reed; tip of the tongue; (cf. All) a small stream; a small cistern; a large river; name of a small melodious bird.

والله nālān, Lamenting; one who laments; lamentable; name of a mountain;—nālān kardan. To lament, groan, sigh;—giryān u

nālān, Weeping and lamenting.

a نا الآئق nā-lā'iq, Improper, unsuitable, unfit, unworthy, inconvenient; improperly,

unsuitably.

A مال $n\bar{a}lat$ (v.n. of زبل), Obtaining, acquiring (a good thing); a court-yard; the area of the temple of Mecca, the sacred enclosure.

nālish, A groan, lamentation, complaint, exclamation; — nālish kardan, To exclaim, complain, lament; — 'arzi nālish gardānīdan, To lodge a complaint.

nālkis, The coping of a wall.

ਸ ناکی nālkī, A kind of open sedan chair or pālkī.

الندكي nālandagī, Lamentation; ailment, complaint.

نالنده nālanda, Lamenting; ailing, com-

plaining.

All nāla, A small river, canal; complaint, lamentation; sound, voice; construed with the verbs afrokhtan, bar-khāstan, pahn shudan, dādan, rekhtan, zodan, kashīdan, gusistan, &c.;—nālu dar jigur (gulū) shikastan, To suppress or moderate one's lamentation;—nāla'i sard, A cold sigh (=āhi sard, q.v. under 3,-1);—nāla'i sanaubar, The rustling of the pine-tree;—nāla'i 'andalīb, The plaint of the nightingale;—nāla firo-khwurdan, To restrain one's lamentation;—nāla kardan, To sigh, lament, complain;—nāla'i kamān, The twang of a bow;—nāla'i garm, A burning lament;—nāla'i nāyi royīn, The blast of a brazen trumpet.

الكم انكير nāla-angez, Mingling or mingled

with lamentation.

برداز nāla-pardāz, منان nāla-sanj, Complaining, lamenting.

ناله كير nāla-kunān, كل الله كر nāla-gar, ناله كنان

nāla-gīr, Uttering complaints.

الليدن nālīdan, To lament, complain, grieve.

اليش nālīsh, Sigh, groan; humility, submission.

nām, A name; fame, reputation, renown;—nām ābād u dih wīrān, The name is flourishing and the village in ruins, i.e. nothing remains of a thing but the name;—nām az shikam uftādan, To be lost, annihilated;—nām āwardan (bar-āwardan, darāwardan). To become famous;—nāmi bad,

A bad name; -nām burdan. To pronounce one's name;—nām bar kinār giriftan, = nām az shikam uftādan above;—nām bar yakh zadan (gumāshtan, niwishtan), To write one's name upon the ice; to erase; to forget; -nāmi bishīn, A name of God expressive of His essence (see بشين p. 190, and will p. 556);—nam ba-nam, Name by name, expressly, particularly; -nām taghaiyur dādan, = nām gardānīdan below; -nam halqa kardan, To cross out one's name. so that no further notice is to be taken of him;—nāmi khudā, God's name! (said for the sake of a good omen, in honouring or approving of a person);—nām dādan, To give a name, to nominate: -nām dar āb fire shudan, To become lost, annihilated; nāmi zābī, A name of God expressive of an attribute (see بان p. 506, and مفة p. 788); nam zadan, To pronounce a name; -nam kashidan, To revile, call names, reproach; -nām guzāshtan, To leave a name behind; —nām gardānīdan, To change one's name (done with a sick person, in the superstitious belief of securing thereby his re-covery);—nām gustarīdan. To spread one's name abroad, to obtain celebrity; - nāmi nāmī, An exalted name; --- nām nihādan, To put a name upon, to name, to nominate ; nāmi nek, A good name, a clear or illustrious reputation.

looked, unhoped for.

high repute.

a نا سبارك nā-mubārak, Unfortunate, in-

auspicious, execrable.

אף אנלו, nām-bardār (burdār), Well known; of an exalted name, renowned, celebrated.

יטף אנט nim-burda, One whose name has been before mentioned, aforesaid; celebrated, famous.

a نا متمور nā-mutaṣauwir, Not to be imagined, inconceivable.

a نا متناهی nā-mutanāhī, Infinite; divine; —'ināyati nā-mutanāhī, Divine favour.

a نا متوقع nā-mutawaqqi', Unexpected. a نامجات nāmajāt (A. pl. of P. nāma),

Letters.

של הפט nām-jo, של הפט nām-joy, Intrepid, warlike, magnanimous; name of the tenth day of the month according to the era of Jalādu 'd-dīn.

ام جوئى nām-jo'ī, Strife for fame; intrepidity; magnanimity.

a نا معترز nā-muhtariz, Not to be warded off.

نا محدود nā-maḥdūd, Unlimited, boundless; innumerable; infinite.

a مرم ن nā-mahram, A stranger, one not allowed to enter the women's apartments; not confidential.

a ناسمرسيس nāmaḥramīyat, The not being

permitted to enter the haram; the not being confidential; the not being consulted; the not being in the secret.

a نا محمور nā-maḥṣūr, Immense, infinite, unbounded; innumerable, numberless;amwāli nā-maḥṣūr. Vast riches, endless wealth, boundless resources.

i nā-mahzūr, Not present, absent. نا محدور nā-makhṣūṣ, Not peculiar or

special; inappropriate.

nām-dār, Renowned, celebrated, illustrious, famous, noted, glorious; -dar miyani nam-darani mamalik-satan, Amongst the illustrious princes, conquerors of coun-

نامدارترين nāmdārtarīn, Most illustrious.

نامداري nāmdārī, Fame, celebrity. داع داغ مرائي nām-dāgh, The mark of one's name, i.e. fame, renown, the mark which one makes in the world.

نا مراد nā-murād, Dissatisfied, disappointed, frustrated; unfortunate, disconsolate; miserable, wretched; compelled, forced.

nāmurādī, Disappointment ; dissatisfaction; an unwelcome thing.

a نا مربوط nā-marbūt, Unconnected; impertinent, mal-à-propos; — nā-marbūt guftan, To talk nonsense (m.c.).

a تا مربوطات nā-marbūṭāt (pl. fem. of the

preceding), Absurdities (m.c.),

uā-mard, Unmanly, a coward; impotent; covetous.

نا مردان nā-mardāna, Unmanly.

nāmard-sāzī, A rendering impotent (by witchcraft or spells).

nā-mardum, Unmanly, worthless,

mean, base, ignoble.

نامودمى nāmardumī, Rudeness; inhumanity, unmercifulness.

nāmardī, Cowardice, baseness; effeminacy, impotence.

a نا موضى na-marzī, Unacceptable, detestable, disapproved, worthless; disagreeable. a نا مرعى nā-mar'ī, Unobserved, unattended to.

a نا مرغوب nā-marghūb, Unwished for, unsought, vile ;—wazii nā-marghūb, A mean or impertinent action.

nām-zad, Named (for an office), nominated, appointed, declared, destined; betrothed; a betrothed virgin; [nām-zad farmūdan (kardan), To nominate or designate for an office; to appoint; to order, command, charge with;]-contraction of ba-nāmī īzad, In the name of God.

a قامروع nā-mazrū', Unsowed (field). a عداست نا مساعد nā-musā'ad, Unaided.

a نا مستحسن nā-mustaḥsan, Worthless,

deformed, censurable, disapproved of. a نا مستحق nā-mustahaq, Unworthy, un-

deserving. a نامستعد nū-musta'idd, Inapt, stupid.

a كا مسعود nā-mas'ūd, Inauspicious, unfortunate, unhappy.

a قامسوع nā-masmū'. Not to be heard,

inadmissible; unheard.

a نا مشخص ا nā-mushakhkhas, Inconstant, variable, fickle.

نا مشغول nā-mashahūl, Inattentive; unemployed.

A dire-woman, d tire-woman, one who removes the hairs from the face.

a نا مغبوط i nā-mazbūt, Insolent, ungovernable.

a نا مطبوع nā-matbū', Unacceptable, disagreeable, unpleasant, repugnant to nature, unnatural; cruel; worthless.

a المعتدل nā-mu'tadil, Intemperate, ex-

orbitant.

a عتبد ن nā-mu'tamad. Not trustworthy. a نامعدود nā-ma'dūd, Unnumbered, innumerable.

a معروك nā-ma'rūf, Unknown, incognito.

a نامعقول nā-ma'qūl, Improbable, absurd, impertinent, improper, unreasonable, inconvenient ;—nā-ma'qŭl ḥarakat (waz'i nāma'qul), An improper action.

a نا معارم نا معارم nā-ma'lūm, Unknown; uncer-

tain.

a نا معين nā-mu'aiyan, Indefinite, undefined.

a نا مغارب ك به تا سعارب نا مغارب نا مغارب نا مغارب

a نا مغروي nā-mafrūq, Inseparable, undivided.

a مقبول nā-maqbūl, Uuacceptable, disagreeable, displeasing; -nā-maqbūl u nāpasandida shudan, To be disagreeable and disapproved of.

u مقيد ، nā-muqaiyad, Free from fetters;

unrefrained, dissolute, impious.

a 135.6 is nā-mukarrar, Not repeated, always fresh.

a نام کستر nām-gustar, Celebrated, famed, renowned.

nāmil, A secret defamer, slanderer. a معالم المام nā-mulātif, Ungracious, unpo-

a ملاكم الله nā-mulā'im, Incongruous, unsuitable, inconvenient, improper; severe, hard, austere.

a نا ممنون nā-mamnūn, Not cut off, unstinted.

a معير nā-mumaiyiz, Indiscriminate, indistinct, undistinguished.

a ناميزي nāmumaiyizī, Indiscrimina-

a نا مناسب nā-munāsib, Indecent, impertinent, incongruous, improper, unsuitable.

نام ناسى nām-nāmī, Increasing fame. a نا موانق nā-muwāfiq, Differing, adverse,

absurd, disagreeing, contrary, opposite. a مُعَانِين nāmuwāfaqat, Disagreement. a مَوْمِهُ نَّ nā-muwajja, Disapproved, dis-

agreeable. nāmwar, Celebrated, renowned.

المورزادة nāmwar-zāda, Son of an illustrious father.

nāmwarī, Reputation, fame, cele-

a نا موزون nā-mauzūn, Unweighed; discordant, unrythmical, badly composed (verse or prose); ill-made or dressed.

nāmũs (G. νόμος), Reputation, fame, renown, esteem, honour; dignity; law; divine decrees or judgments; disgrace, reproach, shame; bashfulness, modesty, chastity (construed with the verbs burdan, dādan, shikastan, kashīdan, &c.); voice, sound, noise, clamour; war, battle; the master of a house, the proprietor of a mansion; the lurking-place of a hunter; hidden fraud, concealed deceit; the female part of a family; angels; -nāmūsi akbar, The angel Gabriel; -nāmūsi 'ibrānī, The Judaical law;—aṣḥābi waqār u nāmās, Lords of authority and estimation.

a ناموس كاة nāmūs-gāh, A field of battle. a ناموسى nāmūsī, Good name and fame; effeminate (?); -bī-nāmūsī, Infamy.

سويه māmūya, A faithful wife.

i nāma, A writing, letter, epistle; a diploma (in this and the preceding as well as some of the following meanings construed with the verbs pardākhtan, pechīdan, darīdan, gushūdan, &c.); a history, work, book; exemplar, model, type; a mirror, looking-glass; a flood, torrent; the character called ta'liq; -nāma'i a'māl, The book of works (a book of the actions of mankind, supposed to be kept by guardian or observing angels, to be produced at the day of judgment); — nāma bastan, To seal a letter; -nāma'i chahārum, The fourth book, i.e. the Qur'an, as succeeding to the Pentateuch, Psalms, and Gospel;nāma'i khāqānī, Imperial or royal letters; -nāma'i dil-kushā, A heart-rejoicing letter; —nāma-rā zabānī kardan, To expose the contents and arguments of a letter by way of mouth; $-n\bar{a}ma\ kardan\ b\bar{a}(z\bar{\imath})$, To give one a letter, &c. for another; -nāma nawishtan ba, To write a letter, &c. to;nāma'i humāyūn, August letter, imperial ınandate; — nāma'i humāyuni mulātafatmashhūni musādagat-numūni sa'ādat-magrūn, August, most gracious, most auspicious, imperial letter or mandate; -amānnāma, A safe-conduct, passport;—tasliyatnāma, Consolatory letter, or letter of condolence; -rāzi-nāma, Acquittance; -sā'atnama, An hour-book, i.e. a watch or dial; -shāh-nāma, The book of kings, the celebrated epic poem of Firdausi; -shahadatnāma, Certificate, attestation; -fath-nāma, zafar-nāma, A letter announcing victory; the book of triumphs (the name of a history of Tamerlane in Persian, and of several other books); -- farāsat-nāma, maḥabbat-nāma, 'ahd-nāma, A friendly, affectionate letter : -- humāyūn-nāma, The august history, a Turkish translation of Pilpay's Fables.

nāma-āwar, Letter-carrier, post-

nāma-bar, A letter-carrier; — mur-<u>ah</u>i nāma-bar, A carrier-pigeon.

نامه المان nāmadān, A letter-case, portfolio. ا مهربان nā-mihrbān, Unfriendly.

nāmihrbānīhā, Acts of unkind نامهربانيها ness.

المه سياة nāma-siyāh, (Whose name is written with) black (letters) in the book (of life).

nāma-nawis, A letter-writer, نامنه نویس scribe, secretary.

nāma-war, Letter-bearing;—kabūtari nāma-war, A carrier-pigeon.

name, A letter, diploma, book; nāmī, Illustrious, celebrated; celebrity, notoriety; known as, e.g. 'azīz beg nāmī, The man known as 'Aziz Beg (m.c.).

aāmī, Growing, whatever grows.

nāmiyat, nāmiya, A creature; anything created by God; growth, vegetation;—quwati nāmiya, Power of growth. الميدى nāmīdan, To name, nominate, call,

mention, express a name; to chap (as the lips); (formed from A. July q.v. above) to grow, increase.

a عيسر نا nā-muyassar, Impossible, difficult; unattainable.

a نامية nāmiya, Growth; vegetation.

wi nan, Bread; a loaf; a light round cake; a pikelin, a muffin;—nāni ābī, Bread kneaded with water; -nāni ātish-rūy, The world-illuminating sun; -- nān az tannūri sard pukhta bīrūn āwardan, To accomplish something wonderful or extraordinary;nān bā nā<u>kh</u>un mī-<u>kh</u>wurad, He is very miserly; - nan khwurdan, To take one's meal (m.c.);—nāni birishta, Toast (m.c.); -nan ba-shisha malidan. To be extremely avaricious (so as to rub the bread against the butter-dish instead of buttering it);-nāni panja-kash, nāni taftān, Particular kinds of bread; -nān pukhtan, To bake bread; -nāni pukhta, Baked bread; --nāni talkh, Stale, old bread; -nāni tang, Thin bread, biscuit; -nani tihi, Bread alone, dry bread ;--nāni hādiṣa khām būdan, To meet with a disappointment; -- nāni halāl, Lawful bread, bread earned by honest labour; (met.) obedience, worship, devotion (by Hafiz opposed to the "forbidden wine" as symbol of mystical ecstacy);—nāni kharchang. The moon;—nāni khaṭā'ī, A kind of sweetmeat;—nāni khushk-ārd, Coarse bread, full of bran; -nani khamīrī, Leavened bread; -–nān dar aṃbān guzāshtan (nihādan), To put bread in the wallet; to get ready for a journey;—nān dar jāma kardan, To put bread upon the cloth, i.e. to sprinkle cloth with water and bread, or starch; -nan dar

raughan uftad, Things go according to one's wishes; one obtains an easy life without toil or trouble; -nāni dashtarī, Bread free from bran, fine bread; -nāni dihqān, Bread for the royal table;—nāni ribāt, Bread given in the monasteries; $-n\bar{a}n$ zadan, To eat bread; -nāni zarrīn (the golden loaf). The sun;—nani zanjabili, Ginger-bread; -nāni safedi falak (nāni simin), The moon;—nani sangak, A partienlar kind of bread (baked on stone);nani sokhta, Burnt bread :-nan shikastan, To break, i.e. eat, bread; -nāni shīrmāl, Bread made with milk; $-n\bar{a}n$ shīrīn ast, Bread is, has become, a dainty, i.e. times are bad; -nāni faţīrī, Unleavened bread; -nāni fulāne pukhta ast, Such a one has everything he wants, his nest is well feathered; — nāni fīroz-khānī, A loaf of bread weighing a man; — nāni kashkīn, Bread made of bean-meal, barley-meal, and wheaten-flour; —nāni kulāgh, Name of a herb growing in marshy places; camomile flowers; crows' foot; -nāni gurjī, A twisted cake, cake in form of a ring, usual in Gurjistan; -nāni gulāj, A Persian cake made of flour, honey, and sesame-oil; also one made of the finest flour, white of egg, and refined sugar; -nāni lākū, A kind of bread made in Gilan; -nāni misī, Bread made of bean-flour, and the like; -nāni mashūsh, A thin sort of cake, over which syrup and the white of egg are poured;nāni nahārī, Breakfast; -nāni ni mat, A particular kind of bread; -nāni naukarī, Bread earned by service; $-n\bar{a}ni \ waqf$, Bread given in charity; -nan u parcha, Food and raiment; --nan u namak, Bread and salt, i.e. hospitality, or any benefit received from another; - nan-u-namakkhā'inī, Perfidious, ungrateful, treacherous to a host or to a master, a bread-and-salt traitor; - nān u namak khwurdan, To receive hospitality (m.c.); -nān u namakdān shikastan, A phrase used to imply the eating of forbidden fruit.

bu nānā, A maternal grandfather.

weak in mind, feeble in judgment; weakness; the feeble beginnings of Islam tūbá li-man māta fī 'n-na'na'ti, Blessed he who died at the feeble dawn of the faith (saying of Muhammad).

h with crumbs; (for the following) a baker (cf. نان وأئى and نان وا

vi nān-bā'ī, A baker, bread-seller نان بائي (either mansub of nan-ba "broth with crumbs," while bakers mostly sell this also, or bā'i standing for A. bā'i " seller ").

نان پاره nān-pāra, A piece of bread.

பு மி nan-paz, A baker; -chūbi (chobi) nān-paz, A baker's rolling-pin.

يان بري nan-pari, Trade of a baker. baking.

نان جاسة nān-jāma, One who serves for his victuals.

nān-joy, A beggar; a worldling. i nān-chāsht, Bread eaten at

نان چين nān-chīn, An instrument for drawing bread from an oven.

nān-khwāh, Aniseed (in some places it seems to mean caraway-seed), which frequently is baked in bread on account of its flavour and stomachic qualities; bishop's weed; one who begs his

i nān-khwur, (one's bread-eater) A

servant, domestic, dependent.

unan-khwurish. A sourish kind نان خورش of tonic for creating an appetite and promoting digestion; meat or fish eaten along with bread.

nān-khwurish-khāna, Vinegar ناخورش مانة made from grapes.

nān-raughanī, Bread mixed روهني with, or dipped into, boiled butter; buttered toast.

ئان ريزة nān-reza, A crumb; a slice of bread.

نان ,یشه فروش nān-rīsha-farosh, A seller of pieces of bread.

نان طروش nān-farosh. A bread - seller, baker.

ناتكار nān-kār, (Indian phrase) Lands granted to zamindars, chowdries, and talookdars, as a maintenance for them, even after their removal from their stations; hereditary, and consequently alienable; a cess to defray the household expenses of a governor.

نانكارى nān-kārī, Belonging to a nān-kār. wānkish, Juniper-berry; pistachio-

نان كور nān-kūr, (bread-blind) Ungrateful, base, worthless.

انگران nān-guwāh, Aniseed.

inān ma-khwur, (eat not bread) Frugal, parsimonious.

nānimash, nānamish, A thing unseen, out of sight; deviation from the road.

nānamshīdan, To meet with continual disappointments, to fail in the attainment of one's desire.

نا نموده nā-namūda, Not shown; not showing as:—iltifāt nā-namūda, Not showing regard, regardless of.

نانو nānū, A little song or a story which mothers repeat while rocking their children to sleep; lullaby; a cradle; (for nānwā) a baker; $-n\bar{a}n\bar{u}$ zadan, To sing a lullaby.

انوان nān-wā, A baker; food made of

uānwā'ī, Art of baking bread; baking; -dukāni nānwā'ī, A baker's shop. نوخيه nānū<u>kh</u>iya, nānū<u>kh</u>aya, Aniseed.

ن أيادة nā-nihāda, Not placed or fixed.

ا نوهان nā-niyūshān, nā-nayūshān, Unheard, without notice, unawares, sudden.

off the rain from the roof of a house; the passage through which the meal or flour runs when grinding; anything long and hollow; the sluice of a mill-dam; a river, channel, aqueduct, canal; a cistern; the furrow or groove down the middle of a man's back or the loins of a horse; also in a grain of wheat and a date-stone; a hole; a crack, chink; a baker's rollingpin; a frying-pan; a cauldron, kettle, pot; an easy, graceful air in walking; (cf. S. nau, G. vaîs) a boat, small ship;—nāwi kafal, The groove down the middle of a man's back or the loins of a horse.

א טיי na'w (v.n.), Going far.

a wājīb, Not obligatory;

unnecessary.

a أول المرابع nā-wāris, Without an heir, heirless; friendless, patronless, without a protector.

nāwārin, Navarino (m.c.).

a دانف ، nā-wāqif, Unskilled, inexperienced.

a ناواتفيت nāwāqifiyat, Inexperience.

الراليدن nāwānīdan, To crook, bend; to fatigue; to cause to be engraved.

ارچه nāvcha, A small trough or pipe; a mould in which ingots of gold and silver

are cast; a little boat.
مارونات المستقدة المست

duet, mill-dam, or the force of water which drives the mill-wheel; the passage through which the meal or flour runs when grinding; a spout (m.c.).

nāwar, Possible.

الران nawarān, Things possible, possibilities.

اورد مرابرد عواله nāward, Battle, combat; march; construed with the verbs dādan, zadan, &c. الرد عواله nāward-khwāh, Eager for combat. الرد كاله nāward-gāh, A battle-field.

nāwar-fartāsh, Whose existence ناور مرقاش

is possible.

قرين nāvsha, A little boat; a trough (cf. هوان above).

nāwus (G. vads), A cemetery of the

Magi; a fire-temple.

ارمار nāvsār, The main beam of a mill turned by a water-wheel; a canal for watering gardens.

ا رسند nāwasand (for nā-pasand), Not

approved, disagreeable; also-

نا وسيد nā-wasīd, Poor, weak, lean.

an arrow flying swift and directly to the mark; an arrow for shooting birds, made of a reed, with a notch on the side; a tube through which an arrow is projected; a cross-bow; a reed, or anything similar, naturally or artificially hollow; the feeder

of a mill; a canal; the groove down a man's back; a reed-bed; a bee's sting; a ploughshare; nimble, expeditious;—nāwak andākhtan, To shoot an arrow;—nāwak ba-zih bastan, nāwak ba-kamān nihādan, To place the arrow ready for shooting;—nāwak khwurdan, To be hit by an arrow;—nāwak rekhtan (zadan, guzārdan, gushādan), To shoot an arrow;—nāwaki saharī. Execrations poured forth early in the morning;—nāwaki qalbī, A sigh from the heart; a satire, lampoon;—nāwaki kākul-rubā, An arrow so cleverly shot as to carry off a curl without the owner noticing it. (Cf. also by below).

اداز nāwak-andāz, An archer; — nāwak-andāzi adab, A schoolmaster.

نا وميد nā-umed, nā-ummed, Hopeless. نا وميد nāvnāwān, A pompous walker.

nāwūs, A temple of the fire-worshippers; a burying-place of the Magi.

(See نارس above).

hutch, or bin; anything similar used by a haker or a maker of plaster; the groove down a man's back; the passage through which the meal or the flour runs when grinding; a tube through which an arrow is projected; the body (as containing the soul); a canal, lake; a kettle, cauldron, pot; an old veil or curtain; a stick for scratching the back; name of a place.

a بارة صراب nāwa-mihrāb, A little chapel; the place where the priest stands when

praying.

اريدى nāwīdan, To hollow out a stone or a piece of wood; to slumber, begin to sleep; to weep, lament, complain; to walk with a pompous or graceful air; to be bent; to be tired.

ناريوة nāwīzha, Thick, dense; opaque, impure; blemished; mixed, adulterated.

50 nāh, Noxious exhalations from the ground.

A 50 nāh, Abstinent, adverse, refraining from.

اهار nāhār, Unknown, incognito, strange; (for nā-āhār) fasting, eating nothing; hungry.

nāhārī, A light breakfast ;—nāhārī

kardan, To breakfast.

م ناهب nāhib, A seizer, snatcher, spoiler. A علي nāhij, A finder or pointer out of the way.

م المعد nāhid, A girl with swelling breasts;

the planet Venus.

a ناهدة nāhida, The planet Venus; name of the mother of Alexander the Great; a cultivated morder

cultivated garden.

a vahiz; A young bird whose wings are full and prepared to fly; a protuberant muscle or piece of flesh in the upper part of the arm or the fore-leg of a horse; one who rises, rising up.

A lab nāhizat, nāhiza, Sons of the same father by different mothers rising against or opposing one another; servants, domestics (as rising up to obey).

nāhiq, Braying (ass), neighing (horse); the place in the throat whence

these sounds proceed.

A ناهل nāhil, Thirsty; who or what quenches thirst; hungry.

نا همال nā-hamāl, نا همال nā-hamtā, Incomparable, unparalleled; dissimilar, dissonant, opposite, repugnant.

ا همواره nā-hamwāra نا همواره nā-hamwāra, Unequal, uneven, rough, having protuberances; irregular, capricious, froward, perverse; unworthy, incongruous, unbecoming, inconvenient, disproportioned ;-atwari nd-hamwar, Unworthy, indecent actions;rozgāri nā-hamwār, Inconstant fortune.

nāhanwārī, Inequality, unevenness; inconvenience.

نا هنجار nā-hanjār, Rough, uneven, un-

toward; improper, unworthy.

nahanjārī, Impropriety, deviation from right, frowardness, disobedience.

نا هوا nā-hawā, Unequalled, incomparable. nā-hosh, Suddenly. ا هوش

nāhī (for nāhīd), The planet Venus. اهي nāhī, A prohibiter, forbidder, interdicter.

A المية nāhiyat, Interdict, prohibition ; nāhiya, Anything forbidden.

nāhīd, Name of the mother of Alexander the Great;—also ناهيدة nāhīda, (The planet) Venus; a girl with a swelling bosom; a cultivated, flourishing garden. (ناهدة and ناهد).

ای nāy, A reed; a reed-pipe; a flute, flageolet, fife; a reed played upon by the dervishes; the throat; pride, vain-glory; name of a fort;— $n\bar{a}yi\ b\bar{\imath}n\bar{\imath}$, The nostrils, the passage of the nose;—nāyi turkī, A trumpet, clarion; — nāy damīdan (zadan), To play on the flute, to pipe; -nāyi gulū, The wind-pipe; — $n\bar{a}yi$ los (losh), Name of a musical instrument; - nāy u nosh, Music and wine; - sūr-nāy, A fife, flageolei, crooked trumpet, clarion.

A ,5" na'y (v.n.), Being far distant; distance.

نا ياب nā-yāb, Rare, not to be found, scarce; unattainable; undiscoverable.

ناى البان nāy-ambān, A bagpipe.

nā'ib, A lieutenant, viceroy, vicegerent, substitute, deputy; the deputy of a judge; contingency, event; a penitent, one converted from sin; -nā'ibi darkhāna, Deputy chamberlain; — nā'ibu 's-salţana, Prince regent, viceroy (m.c.); — nā'ibi sifārat, Attaché, secretary of legation (m.c.); — nā'ibi tangrī, God's vicegerent, i.e. a caliph, an emperor.

نايبان nāybān, A flute-player; a pigeon.

م ناگبة nā'ibat, na'iba, Accident, misfortune, calamity, disaster.

مناب مناب مناب nā'ib-munāb, A vicegerent, performing the functions of.

nayich, A pipe, flute, fife.

nāycha, A small reed, especially one ناجة used by weavers; a hookah-snake.

ناچه بند nāycha-band, A hookah-snake maker.

näycha-bandī, Hookah-snake بايچة بندى making.

nā'ih, A weeper, mourner.

א א יולם א nā'ihat, nā'iha (fem. of the preceding), Weeping, lamenting; a hired female mourner.

نيايد nāyad (for نيايد, 3rd sing. of the negative of amadan), He (she, it) does not come, &c.

nā'ir, Bright, clear, shining, lumin-

uāyir, A small tube; a kind of rhythm.

A 850 nā'irat, nā'ira, Fire, heat, warmth, inflammation, flame, blaze; enmity, batred; a fireplace; charcoal.

ناى زن nāy-zan, A flute-player, fifer, piper.

nāy-zanī, Piping.

الرة nāyiza, الرة nāyiza, كايرة nāyiza, كايرة phon, pipe, or spout of an ewer or alembic; the throat; any hollow-stemmed plant with joints upon it; a stalk of corn; kex; the urethra; membrum virile; a small reed; a weaver's spindle; a reed upon which weavers wind their thread; the knots on a reed or stalk; a lance or a javelin; an instrument with which money is scraped together; the trickling or dropping of water; -nāyizha kardan, To drop (water).

nā'is, Who mising his head, runs ناتص ه

off.

A coli na'i', Thirsty; -ja'i' na'i', Starved. nā'ik, One who indulges in venery. u nā-yaksān, Unequal, dissimilar.

na'il, One who arrives at, obtains, acquires; a taker; whatever any person obtains; a gift; munificence, liberality; -nā'il shudan, To accomplish one's wish, obtain, carry off.

A Alli nā'ilat, nā'ila, Name of a woman, and an idol.

na'im, One who sleeps or slumbers ; asleep; sleepy; quiet (night); a dormitory; — nā'im shudan, To sleep, to be asleep.

A List na'imat, na'ima (fem. of the preceding), Sleeping (woman); death; a ser-

mashkak), مشكك nay-mashk ناى مشك A bagpipe.

نای نبرد nāy-nabard, A trumpet. الَّى لَمِّارُ nāy-nawāz, A piper. اللَّى لَمِّارُ nāy-nawāzī, Piping. ين nāya, A reed, pipe, tube.

A איט nā'ih, High, eminent, magnificent. nā'ī, A flute-player; refined sugar. اليدن nāyidan, To boast, brag, glory.

nā'īn, Name of a healthy and pleasant place subject to Isfahan, whence the

poet 'Abdu 'l-Qādir Nā'īnī hails,

naba', News, a thing related, announced ;—niba' (v.n. 3 of انبأ), Announcing to another; removing to a distance, dropping acquaintance; -nuba'a' (pl. of nabi'), Prophets.

بات ▲ inabāt, A plant, herb, vegetable ; vegetation; fine sugar, white, candied, refined; sweetmeats; -nabāti sakkar, Sugarcane; - 'ilmi nabāt, The science of plants,

i.e. botany.

مباتات م nabātāt (pl. of nabāt), Herbs, simples, plants, vegetables; sweetmeats.

א ייוש nabātat, Grass; vegetation.

a مکر سابن nabāt-shakar, Finest sugar (.v.) نبات =)

a نبات inabātnāk, Verdant, grassy

(ground).

a نباتي nabātī, Vegetable; a botanist, herbalist.

لهاتية a nabātīya, Vegetables, herbs, plants.

nabāj, Two women wedded to one

man (see نبأغ below).

انبح nibāḥ (v.n. of نباع barking (a dog); bleating (a goat or stag); -nubāḥ, A lion's roar ;—nabbāḥ, fem نباحة nabbāḥat, nabbāḥa, Loud, noisy, bawling; a barker; pl. of-

nabbāḥat, nabbāḥa, A kind of نباحة Mecca shell, of which necklaces are made.

na-bādā, Let it alone, may it never be. nabbāz, Vender of the wine nabīz نبالا م (see نبيد below).

nibār (pl. of nibr), Ticks or similar insects; gad-flies; — nabbar, Eloquent;

clamorous.

nabārash, Disobedience; a piece of timber used as a prop to the roof of a house, or for shoring up a tottering wall; violence; prevarication (the last two meanings unsupported by examples).

م نباريس nabārīs (pl. of nibrās), Lanterns.

ببازى nabāzī, A mistress.

nabbāsh, A digger, especially of نباش A graves; a plunderer of the dead, stripper of grave-clothes.

nabbāz, A feeler of the pulse, phy-

sician.

م نباطى م nabāṭī, A Nabathean.

nabāgh, Two women married to one نباع man, rival wives; the end of a thread.

نباك م nibāk (pl. of nabkat), Hillocks. مال nabāl, Knowledge, genius, skill; readiness, preparation, aptitude; apparatus, equipment;—nibāl (pl. of nabl), Arrows; (pl. of nabīl) Ingenious; excellent; -nabbāl, One who has or makes arrows; skilful in archery; cased in armour.

A نبل nabālat (v.n. of نبل), Excelling in genius or skill; being great and excellent; darting, shooting arrows; apparatus, equipment; -nibalat, The art of making arrows.

nibāwat, Prophecy, the prophetical نباوة م

office or gift.

nabah, Famous, noble; high, overhanging.

nabāhat (v.n. of نباهة , Being noble, renowned; nobleness, nobility.

na-bāyad, It is not required or نبايد proper.

nabā'ir (pl. of nabīrat), Grandsous. مَاثُولُ هِ nabā'il (pl. of nabīlat), Beautiful;

nabt (v.n.), Growing, germinating, sprouting (as herbage); vegetating, bringing forth; grass, vegetation.

nibtat, Growth; place of vegeta-

tion.

nabtar, Hairy circles on the forehead or neck of a horse, which are esteemed excellent marks; whilst on the breast and under the arm-pits they are thought blemishes.

nab-tez, A very sharp-edged sword نبتير or knife.

nabs (v.n.), Digging (a well or ditch) with the hands; uprooting (vegetables); anger, rage; -nabas, A mark, vestige.

منج م nabj, Oakum.

nabh (v.n.), Barking; bleating (a goat or deer).

nabhā', Bleating (doe).

منع nabkh, Blisters on the hand from hard labour; root of the papyrus, which the Egyptians and others chew; -- nabkh, nabakh, Small-pox.

na-bud (for na-būd), He (she, it) was

not.

nabz (v.n.), Beating (as an artery نبذ A or the pulse); throwing (anything) from the hand; making intoxicating liquors; a small quantity, some (money, herbage, rain); -nubaz (pl. of nubzat), Small portions.

A نبذان nabazān (v.n. of نبذان), The beating

(of pulse, artery).

مندة م nubzat, nubza, نبذى nubzī, Somewhat, a small portion, particle (of informa-

tion), brief sketch, glance at.

منبر nabr (v.n.), Elevating, exalting, raising up; raising the voice, shouting; marking a letter with hamza =; -nibr, A tick or any similar insect which infests cattle; a gad-fly; a granary, storehouse, warehouse; -- nubar, Large mouthfuls.

nibrās, A lantern, lamp, candle, light; a spear; the iron head of a spear.

nabrat, A raising of the voice from نبرة A the bass to the treble notes in song; a shriek of terror; the orthographical mark hamza -.

war, contest; bold, valiant; [nabard kardan, To contend;]—na-barad, He bears not, &c. (3rd present sing. of the negative of burdan);—na-burad, He cuts not, &c. (3rd present sing. of burdan).

nabard-azmā (زماى řazmāy), A

veteran, warrior.

نبرد پیشه nabard-pesha, Inured to war. نبرد کاه nabard-gāh, A battle-field.

nabarda, Warlike, brave; chosen.

a نبريج nabrij, for—

نَبُوده ina-burida, A castrated ram with wool unshorn.

A yei nabz (v.n.), Surnaming;—nibz, The upper bark of a palm-tree;—nabaz, A surname, a nickname;—nabiz, Contemptible, despicable.

a لبرة nabza, A surname.

من nabs (v.n.), Speaking;—nubus, Speakers.

نبس nabas, nabbas, A daughter's son or daughter.

nabasa, nabbasa, A daughter's son or daughter; a son's son or daughter.

A نبش nabsh (v.n.), Digging up what has been buried (as treasures or dead bodies); stealing the grave-clothes, &c.;—nibsh, A species of very hard pine;—nabash, A camel having a mark on the sole of the foot, by which his impression is known on the ground.

بشت nibisht, Writing; he wrote. نبشتن nibishtan, To write; to describe.

البشتة nibishta, Written; a book;—nibishta shudan, To be written or described.

نبشلد nabashlad, It does not adhere (see بشليد p. 189).

A نبخان nabz, نبخان nabaṣān (v.n. of نبخان), Beating, throbbing (as pulse or artery); making (a bowstring) vibrate or twang; flashing lightly (lightning); motion, the beating of an artery; the pulse; construed with the verbs ārāmīdan, jahīdan, tapīdan, &c.;—nabzi chīze ba-dast āwardan, To ascertain the true circumstances of a case (the passive being expressed by ba-chang uftādan or ba-dast āmadan for ba-dast āwardan;—nabzi khwurshed, The rays of the sun.

A نيمه nabzat, One pulsation.

a بخب کبر nabz-gīr. Who feels the pulse; a physician;—nabz-gīr shudan, To feel the pulse.

a نبطي nabaţî, A Nabathean.

nab' (v.n.), Springing or bursting from a fountain (water); a kind of tree growing on the summit of a mountain, from which bows and arrows are made.

A نبعة nab'at, A tree of the kind called

A مبغ nabgh (v.n.), Appearing, becoming manifest; divulging; producing good poe-

try without being a poet by profession; being extended, diffused in the world.

nabq, Writing;—nabq, nibq, Fruit of the lote-tree.

A نبطة nabiqat, nabiqa, A single fruit of the lote-tree.

nabk, The oozing of water through the bank of a river.

nabk, nabak (pl. of nabkat, nabakat), Hills or tumuli with sharp tops and reddish; undulating grounds;— nabki (1st. pl. of the apocopated acrist or jussive of نقل Let us weep (see من bukā', p. 194, and لله qifā, p. 980).

nabkat, nabka, A hillock or tumulus with a pointed top, and sometimes reddish; a country of hill and dale, undulating.

with an arrow; excelling (another) in the goodness of arrows, or in shooting them also in skill or genius; travelling hard; driving (a camel) violently; an Arabian arrow;—nubl, Excellence, greatness; ingenuity, knowledge, genius;—nabal, Excellent, ingenious, skilful; generous;—nubal (pl. of nublat), Affairs of importance, events of consequence; gifts;—nubbal (pl. of nābil), Archers.

م نبلام nubalā', Intelligent, clever (men). منبلان nublān (pl. of nabl), Arabian

arrows.

A dl. nablat, One Arabian arrow; a present; (pl. of nabīl) excellent, ingenious;—nablat, nublat, A thing of great moment;—nublat, A reward, requital, compensation; a gift; apparatus, preparation, readiness; ingenuity, knowledge, genius;—nabala (fem. of nabal), Excellent, skilful, ingenious.

nabnād, Circumspection; innocence. نبوه nabw, nubūw, البوئ nabwat (v.n. of نبوئ), Retiring, receding; being distant, remote (one thing from another); becoming blunt (as a sword from a blow); being disagreeable (mansion), inconvenient, uneasy (bed); being unable to rest (in bed); being repulsive, disagreeable to behold;—nubu' (v.n. of 'نبا), Being high, exalted, eminent, superior, or above (others); going from one country to another.

nabwat, nabwa, Higher part of ground;—nabwat, nubūwat, Prophecy.

البوت nubūt (v.n. of نبوت), Appearing, beginning to swell (a girl's breasts).

nubūh, The clamour or noise of a crowd; the barking of dogs; a multitude, mob; glory.

A خبن nubūkh (v.n. of نبح), Souring (leaven).

nabūr, The buttocks, podex.

انبوط nubūį (v.n. of نبوط), Springing up, bursting forth (water).

A لبع nubū' (v.n. of البع, Springing up (water, tears, &c.).

مروع nubūgh, Appearance, manifestation.

nubūk (pl. of nabkat), Pointed نبوك hills.

a نبرى nabawi, Prophetical.

nabh (pl. of nābih), Known, celebrated; --nubh, Intelligence, perception; an awakening from sleep; vigilance, resisting sleep, watchfulness; -nabah (v.n.), Recollecting, perceiving, recalling to memory; understanding, comprehending; (cattle) lost, and found by chance or unlooked for; anything discovered after an attentive search; a nobleman, a distinguished personage or personages; — nabah, nabih, Known, celebrated, notorious; name of a freed-man of Muhammad.

nabah-an, Unexpectedly, unlooked نها ما ماه ماه for.

A البهرة nabahraj (from P. البهرة), Bad

money.

nabahra, Bad money; goods which will not sell; anything that does not pass current; low, vile, base; poor; a poor person, a pauper; great; covered, concealed.

nubī, nibī (probably for A. nubi'a "it has been announced," but cf. نبيد and

لپى), Word of God, Qur'an.

nabīyat, نبية nabīy (in P. nabī, fem. نبي ه nabiya), A prophet; — nubaiy, A minor prophet; -nubiy, nubi (pl. of nābi), High

nabit, The name of a tribe in

مبيع ه nabīh (v.n. of نبح), Barking (a

dog); bleating (a goat or deer).

ميخة nabīkhat, nabīkha, A bit of sulphur, er a sulphurous match for lighting a fire; papyrus, with which ships are caulked.

nubed, Good news ;—nabid, and nabīz, A kind of drink made of بيد ه dates or raisins; wine; — nabīzi jau, (barley-

wine) Beer, ale, malt-liquor.

nabīr, A son's son, a grandchild.

nabīra, A grandson, a grandchild, especially a son's child; hidden, concealed.

nabīsa, A son's child, a grandchild. nabīt, A Nabathean Arab; water نبيط ه

springing from the bottom of a well.

م نبيل nabīl, fem. نبيل nabīlat, nabīla, Excellent, ingenious, skilful; generous; great, large, corpulent; good, beautiful.

A נישפט nabiyûn (pl. of nabî'), Prophets. منية nabih, Celebrated, famous, noble.

ميتيّ nabī', A prophet; a messenger from God.

nubaiyi'at (dim. of nubūwat), A paltry, insignificant prophecy, like that of Musailimah (see مسيلهة p. 1241).

بيختك na-pu<u>kh</u>ta, Uncooked.

بيتير q.v. above. بيتير q.v. above. بيتير nap-tez, = بيتير problems with ease.

napaq, Ready-handed, dextrous. napūr, A kind of trumpet.

nupe, nipe, Word of God, Qur'an (cf. بيى nubī above).

مناع مناع nitāj (v.n. of نتاع), Helping (cattle) to bring forth; birth; breed.

nitās, Good; healthy; cheerful, gay, merry, pleasant, courteous, polite, affable, kind.

nitāsīdan. To be well, happy. pleased, and contented; to pass one's time pleasantly.

nutaf, متاف nutafa, What نتاف nutafa, What falls when plucking out anything; hair

plucked off, uatān (for na-tawān), One cannot, it is impossible to.

natānat (v.n. of نتانة م natānat (v.n. of badly; bad smell.

na-tanad (for na-tuwanad), He cannot, is not able to.

na-tānist (for na-tuwānist), He could not, was not able to.

natā'ij (pl. of natījat), Births; conclusions, syllogisms, consequences, sub-

nath (v.n.), Perspiring, exuding, emitting any kind of moisture; causing to sweat; sweat; moist (earth).

نتع ه natkh (v.n.), Drawing, dragging, pulling; extracting (a thorn from the foot, or a tooth).

natr (v.n.), Piercing, stabbing with vehemence; harsh or passionate speech; severity, rigour, violence, force; -natar Corruption, perdition, loss, ruin.

natrat, natra, One penetrating نترة م stroke; a speech which galls or pierces the heart.

nutardam, The church of Notre Dame in Paris (m.c.).

natsh (v.n.), Pulling out (a thorn) with pincers; secretly injuring (anyone), slandering; gain, acquisition; -natash, The first sprouting of plants; the tip or first point, either of the blade or root.

natf (v.n.), Pulling out, twitching (hairs or feathers); drawing smartly (a bow); -nutaf (pl. of nutfat), Whatever things are plucked or twitched with the fingers (as herbs).

nutfat, nutfa, Whatever is plucked نتطة or twitched with the fingers (as herbage); a gift; -nutafat, nutafa, One who is superficially learned; one who has culled a little knowledge.

nitaftar, Name of the herb یار q.v. below.

انتق م natq (v.n.), Moving, shaking; pulling out; having a numerous offspring (a woman); conceiving soon (the same); (fire) springing from the steel or touchwood.

natk, A saddle-belt; a difficult thing; narrow.

منال atl (v.n.), Drawing forward or towards oneself; attracting; dragging along;—natl, natal, An ostrich's egg, filled with water, and buried in the desert.

natn (v.n.), Smelling badly; stench,

bad smell; funk.

nutū' (v.n. of 'שׁיָם'), Being exalted, eminent, superior, prominent; appearing, getting out, being produced; growing up, being marriageable (a girl);—nutū', nutūw, Swelling (a wound or sore).

التوان natuwān (for nā-tuwān kard), Un-

able to do (anything).

q.v. نتج = nutāḥ, v.n. of and نتوح A

nutūq (v.n. of نتوق , Producing

many children (a woman).

- hatijat, natija, A fætus, offspring, birth, of the same year with another; sum or substance; result, issue, fruit, effect, consequence, what necessarily follows; the conclusion (of a syllogism); retribution, reward;—natija'i sang, Fire; iron; copper; gold; silver; the ruby;—natija'i fu'ād, Intent of the heart;—natija'i kalām, Substance of a speech; on the whole; in a word;—natija'i lāzimu 'l-ihtiyāj, A conclusion drawn from undeniable premises;—matlūbi sahīh u natija'i sarīh, The real intention and evident consequence.
- a نتيجه بخش natīja-ba<u>kh</u>sh, Fulfilling the desire, causing to succeed, giving a result.
 a تتيجى natījī, Deductive, deducible.

مراه المعالم المعالم natif, (A camel) whose hair has been pulled or fallen off (so as to require some pitch).

natil, Fraud, imposture.

a انتاز nass (v.n.), Divulging, publishing. a انتاز nisār, Money which is thrown amongst the people at marriages or on other festive occasions; (imp. of nisārīdan, in comp.) scattering, strewing; [nisār shudan, To be killed;—nisār kardan, To scatter;—jawāhir-nisāri tahqīq shudan, To strew the gems of certainty and truth, i.e. to relate anything true;—dur (durr)-nisār, Scattering pearls, i.e. eloquent;]—nusār, Anything dispersed or strewn about.

nuṣārat, nuṣāra, Crumbs falling from a table, which are picked up and

eaten as an act of piety.

a منار عن انتخاب niṣār-chīn, nusār-chīn, One who catches or gathers the money thrown amongst the people at marriages and other festivities.

شاركر م niṣār-gar, nuṣār-gar, A scatterer. a شاريدي niṣārīdan, To scatter (money, &c.).

niṣāl, Money or things scattered.

employing many words, being diffusive in speech; drawing off (a coat of mail); blowing with violence anything disagree-

able out of the nostrils; scattered; an oration, prose-composition;—nasar, Anything falling or scattered;—nasir, Talkative, verbose.

a نشر آرأي nasr-ārāy, What adorns prose-

composition; ornate prose.

A sign magrat, nagra, A sneeze, sternutation, or coughing of animals; the division or space between the mustachios under the nose; that part in a lion; a large coat of mail easily put on; two small stars in the nose of the sign Leo forming the eighth mansion of the moon.

nasil (v.n.), Throwing earth (out of a well), cleaning (it); throwing off or putting on (a coat of mail); voiding dung (a solid-hoofed animal);—nasal, A ditch, furrow from which the earth is dug.

A dis naslat, nasla, A large coat of mail; the division or space between the musta-

chios under the nose.

اثثر naṣir (v.n. of ثثر), Sneezing; sternutation in heasts ('utās being used for human beings).

م نثيل naṣīl, Dung; a solid-hoofed ani-

mal.

ه نثيلة nasīlat, nasīla, Earth taken out of a well.

naj, nuj, The inside of the mouth.

naij (v.n. of $\tilde{\epsilon}^3$), Running, producing matter (a sore); being quick, making haste.

A "= naj", A looking with a malignant eye.

A riginal (v.n. of gri), Escaping, being liberated, set free, emancipated; making haste, outstripping, being swift or expeditious; an asylum, place of refuge;—nijā' (v.n. 3 of gri), Doing (anything) privately (with another); telling a secret; (pl. of najw) clouds which have shed their rain; (pl. of najī), Confidants.

A مُعْمَ najābat (v.n. of جه) Being generous, liberal, high-minded; being excellent (a she-camel); generosity, nobleness, no-

bility.

A 8° ≒ naj'at, A earnest or importunate look.

A & najāt, in P. (v.n. of si), Escaping; liberation, freedom, salvation, escape, flight; avidity; envy; [najāt shudan, To escape, get to a place of safety; to obtain freedom;—najāt kardan, To set at liberty, save, rescue;]—najāh, A swiftgoing camel; high ground to which the water does not reach; branch of a tree.

A $c = naj\bar{a}h$ (v.n. of c = 0), Happening fortunately; being easy; being victorious and triumphant; success;— $naj\bar{a}h$ $s\bar{a}\underline{k}h$ tan, To gain a victory.

A c'= nujākh, The sound of coughing.

A مانية nijād, A sword-belt; (pl. of najd) high grounds; carpets, mats, floor-cloths, cushions, or anything similar;—najjād, A

maker of cushions and beds; one equal or superior to what he undertakes, who manages business with propriety and expedition.

A أبحد najādat (v.n. of جَ), Being bold, courageous, magnanimous; fortitude, magnanimity; affliction, misfortune; calamity; terror.

y='najār, Red paint for the face, rouge (probably from the meaning "colour" in the following article).

A باه nijār, nujār, Root, origin; diversity; colour;—najjār, A carpenter.

A bis nijaral, Carpentry, the carpenter's craft;—nijarat, nijara, Wood-shavings.

a خارف najjārī, Carpenter's craft, carpentry.

ֿ אַנְאַׁ najārīyat, najārīya, Name of a sect.

A distination in a dirty in a dirty in a dirty in a dirty.

a بجاهي najāshī, A title of the kings of Ethjopia.

Etniobia.

A البخ nijāf (v.n. of جالت), Tying a piece of leather under a goat's belly to prevent him gendering; the piece of leather itself; (pl. of najat) high grounds to which water does not reach.

A منابخ najjām, An astronomer, astrologer.

A منابخ nijāmat, Consulting the stars, astrology.

A - is najā'ib (pl. of najībat), Excellent (she-camels); the chief passages (of the Qur'ān).

A مُعامِّد najāyat, A being liberated, escaping.

A - najab, Bark or rind of any plant, but especially that of the cassia of Arabia; -nujab (pl. of najīb), Excellent, noble (men).

A significação (pl. of najīb), Excellent,

noble (men); grandees; heroes.

A hero; the flower of a nation.

a جبى najabī, (A bag) tanned with acacia-bark.

Happening fortunately, having one's wishes accomplished; being victorious and triumphant; being easy, expeditiously transacted; good suc-

cess, victory, triumph.

najd (v.n.), Overcoming, conquering; flowing with sweat (the body); high ground; au open or high road, especially to higher ground; the higher part of Arabia towards Babylon (also called najud); a carpet, cushion, pillow, couch, or such like furniture; [shaikhi najd, The devil (see (v.n.), Sweating with labour or anxiety; grief, anguish, fatigue, lassitude; sweat; najid, najud, Bold, brave, strenuous, especially where others despond; najud (pl. of najūd) High grounds; (pl. of najūd)

lengthy, tall, and long-necked (she-asses and she-camels); elegant and intelligent (women); (pl. of najīd) Bold, brave, strong.

A من majdat (v.n. of جد), Being bold; fortitude, boldness; magnanimity; a battle; affliction, misfortune; terror, flight; severity.

a جي najdī, Bold, brave, strong; of or belonging to Najd, a native of Najd;—najdī, shai<u>kh</u>i najdī, The devil.

najdiyāt (pl. fem. of the preceding), Poems composed in praise of

Najd.

A pri najr (v.n.), Planing (wood); warming (water) by placing (it) upon or throwing into (it) a hot stone; driving (camels) fast; nature, origin, root; dignity, estimation; colour; the territory of Mecca and Madinah; — najar, That excessive thirst with which men are seized in Arabia from drinking sour milk; or cattle from eating a kind of wild bitter seed (which proves often mortal);—najir, fem. by najirat, najira, Thirsty (camel).

which the hinge of a door turns; thirsty; name of a town in Arabia Felix, of another near Damascus, and of a third between

Kufa and Wasit.

A y= (v.n.), Performing (business), fulfilling (a promise); being present, in readiness;—najaz (v.n.) Being performed (a promise), being finished (a business or discourse); being at the end of a journey; perishing, being ruined; vanishing.

najs, najis, najas, Dirty, filthy, nasty, squalid;—najas (v.n.), Being dirty,

filthy; dirtiness, filth, dung.

najsh (v.n.), Rousing (game); raising the price of anything at a sale by praising or overbidding; driving together (scattered camels); being swift, hastening; examination, investigation, extraction.

naj' (v.n.), Giving (to a camel) meal sprinkled with water to fatten it.

A der nuj'at, A feeding, foraging, or search for fodder.

A har najf (v.n. of har), Hewing out, smoothing, polishing (an arrow); being spacious;—najaf, High ground to which water does not reach; a high ridge in the middle of a channel left dry by the stream; a hill, hillock, tumulus, or anything projecting above the level of the ground; name of a place in which is the tomb of 'Alī;—nujuf, Old leathern bottles; (pl. of najīf) brond-headed arrows.

a little;—najafat, najafa, A small quantity, a little;—najafat, najafa, High ground to which water does not reach, especially long and steep; a bank, dam, or mound for im-

pounding water.

najak, A kind of battle-axe.

4 Je najl (v.n.) Throwing; piercing with a spear, making a large wound; splitting; skinning (an animal), beginning at the houghs; race, family, stock, progeny, son; -nujl (pl. of anjal), Long; wide; broad; large-eyed; (pl. of najīl) certain bitter plants; -najal (v.n.), Having wide-opening eyelids; a great width of eye.

A a najla' (fem. of anjal), Long; (a stab) which makes a great wound; broad

and spacious (area); large (eye).

najm, A cloth spread out for catching the money thrown about on an occasion of public rejoicing; -najm, har najma, Fruit of the tamarisk.

A rajm, A star, planet; the Pleiades; the polar star; fortune; a prediction from observation of the stars; horoscope, calculation of nativity; the star under which one is supposed to be born; any plant without a stalk or trunk, as grass; root, origin; -- najmi az har, A beautiful star; -najmi sānī, Name given to an Emir of the king Isma'il Safawi, and transmitted to his descendants;—najmi sa'ir, A wandering star, i.e. a planet (in opp. to the fixed stars); also a comet.

▲ 🏎 najmat, najamat, Name of a plant or a grass; -zū 'n-najmat, An ass.

najand, Unhappy, sorrowful, mise-

rable (= ωώ q.v.).

▲ j= najw (v.n.), Communicating a secret to another, breathing in another's face; bidding auyone breathe in one's face to discover what he has been drinking; evacuating the body; skinning (a camel); felling (a tree), or lopping (the branches); excrement.

ار المجن najwān, Saffron.

najwat, najwa, High ground, a hill. جوة ه najūd, A woman of an intelligent جود ۸ mind and elegant shape; (a wild ass) not conceiving; ['asim ibnu 'n-najud, Name of a celebrated Qur'an reader;]-nujūd (v.n. of seing manifest, clear; (pl. of najd) high countries or roads; household furniture, carpets, couches, cushions, pillows, or floor-cloths.

A Ext najū', Wholesome, salubrious (water); water mixed with flour or meal given to camele to fatten them; [najū'u 'ssabī, The drink or aliment of infants, i.e. milk;]—nujū' (v.n. of et), Digesting well (victuals); agreeing (as medicine with men, and pasture with cattle); producing a good effect (an exhortation); taking the colour well (cloth); giving (a camel) water mixed with meal; going in quest of forage or water.

nujum (v.n. of جوم , Appearing, rising (a star); budding (a horn); coming up, appearing above the ground (wheat); (pl. of najm) stars; -nujūmu 'l-akhz, Mansions of the moon, twenty-eight in number: -ahli nujūm, An astronomer, astrologer; -'ilmi nujūm, Astronomy, astrology.

a برون nujūmī, Astronomical; an astro-

nomer, an astrologer.

A Lyr najwá (v.n.), Communicating a secret; breathing in anyone's face; a secret, any clandestine action or conversation; a partner in a secret; tellers of secrets; -najwá guftan, To whisper.

A rajīy, in P. najī (v.n. of); (communicating a secret; a confidant, partner

in a secret: a secret.

م بينة najīb, fem. جيبة najībat, najība, Generous, excellent, noble, praiseworthy, honourable; a hero; a volunteer; a certain class of Indian soldiers who are distinguished by a peculiar dress; -najibu 'ttarafain, Noble on both sides (father and

najīh, fem. - nujīhat, najīha, Fortunate or sound (advice); just (opinion);

prosperous, successful (man).

مجيد najīd, Bold, brave, strong; sad, vexed, in anguish.

najir, Starch or paste used by weavers, shoemakers, or bookbinders fruit of the tamarisk-tree.

א הביל najīrat, najīra, Recompense; milk mixed with butter and flour; water warmed with a hot stone; the roof of a house made of wood without any admixture of brick, reeds, &c.; a short plant; the fruit of the tamarisk-tree (see below).

A rese najīram, Name of a quarter in Basrab, the birth-place of several learned

men.

A new najīz, Present, ready.

najīs, Incurable (disease); dirty. A mixture of dry pounded leaves, flour, and water, which is given to camels; blackish blood from the interior part of the body; wholesome, salubrious, agreeable.

najīf, Broad-headed (arrow). najil, Fruit of the tamarisk-tree. nachās, The cork-tree.

nachālnik, Chief of a district. nachak, A kind of battle-are.

B خیلنیک nachalnik, \approx طلنگ q.v.

r نچلنیك نشین nachalnīk-nishīn, Seat of the chief of a district.

A side, tract, quarter; — nuhāt, A large bow; (pl. of nāhī) inclined, tending towards; grammarians, (in P. also sing.) a grammarian.

naḥārīyat, naḥārīya, Name of a خارية

sect

A j nahāz, A long tract of country; nuhaz, A disease in a camel's lungs;-

nuhūz, nihāz, A root, origin.

naḥās, nuḥās, Sparks flying from الحاس iron or copper when hammering; brass, melted brass; fire; [ma'ādini naḥās (nuhās), Copper-mines;]-nuhās, Smoke without flame; -nuhās, nihās, Nature, origin; -nahhās, A worker in brass, a brasier; a coppersmith.

niḥās, Bits of leather put between the soles of shoes, the better to exclude

water (cf. A. خاس below).

a mahāsī, Brazen, copper :--ma'ādini nahāsī, Copper-mines.

nihāf (pl. of nahīf), Thin, lean.

nahafat (v.n. of حانة), Being lean, thin and spare naturally; leanness, want of flesh, emaciation.

nuḥām, A reddish aquatic bird;--nahham. One who breathes hard, who sighs from the bottom of his heart; a miser; a kind of red water-fowl; name of a horse.

naḥā'ir (pl. of naḥīr), Slaughtered

(camels).

nahā'iz (pl. of nahīzat), Natures.

nahb (v.n.), Vowing, devoting, consecrating; walking, going, travelling (especially quick); crying, weeping aloud, wailing; death, fate, last breath; sleep; soul, spirit; a vow; design, aim, purpose;

dirges.

A من nuhhat (v.n. of نخ), Having a hoarse

naht (v.n.), Smoothing, planing, shaving, rasping, scraping anything to make it fit; sharp, clear, cold, keen frost;

naḥr (v.n.), Hurting the throat; slaughtering, cutting the throats of cattle; standing erect with a stretched-ont breast whilst at prayer, having the face turned towards the qiblah, and the right hand placed upon the left; the throat, the upper part of the breast where the necklace is fixed; beginning of the day, month, or new moon; [masjidu 'n-nahr, Name of a mosque at Mina; -- yaumu 'n-naḥr, The day of sacrifice, being the tenth of the month zū 'l-hijjah, when the pilgrims assemble at Mecca;]-nihr, Industrious, intelligent, expert, skilful, knowing, experienced.

אבלים nuharā' (pl. of nahir), Slaughtered

(camels).

▲ & nahrat, The first day of the new moon; also the last; -sahrat-an nahrat-an. Before the eyes, clearly, plainly, visibly.

niḥrīr, Industrious, intelligent, skilful, knowing, expert, experienced.

nahz (v.n.), Shaking, striking, repelling; pounding in a mortar; beating with the fist on the breast; -nahiz, Coughing (camel).

nahs (v.n.), Oppressing; tiring, making miserable; a sinister aspect of the stars; a bad omen; misfortune; dark and mysterious (affair); unlucky, had, inauspicious; -nahas (v.n.), Being unlucky, ill-fated (a day);—nahis, Unlucky (day)' ill-fated (man);—nuhas, Three days after those called E, s q.v., p. 512.

A of nahsan (du. of nahs), The two unlucky ones, namely the planets Saturn

and Mars.

A on nuhs, Bottom of a mountain; ashabi nuhsi 'l-jabal, Those slain at the battle of uhud.

naḥz (v.n.), Laying bare or stripping (the flesh off a bone); urging, pressing, being importunate; flesh, especially when compact.

A sha nuhafa' (pl. of naḥīf), Thin, lean,

spare.

naḥl (v.n.), Attributing, imputing حل (to one the verses or sayings of another); reproaching, reviling; a free gift; bees;nuhl (v.n.), Presenting (a gift); granting (to a woman her marriage-gift, portion, or settlement), especially voluntarily; a gift, donative.

A will nuhlan, A present, gift, donative.

A de nahlat, nahla, One bee; -nihlat, nuḥlat, An appointment of a marriageportion; a gift; a lawsuit; pretension, claim; the religion of the Magi; -nihlat-an, Of one's own accord, voluntarily.

المارة naḥlá (pl. of naḥīl), Lean (camels); -nuhlá, A gift ;-nahlī, Keeper of bees, bee-master.

A rahm (v.n.), Coughing; hemming and hawing; groaning, sobbing; growling (a leopard); -naham (for na'am), Yes.

A & nahmat, nahma, A cough.

A wa nahnu, We; — nahnu nafsuna, We ourselves.

nahnaḥat (v.n. of حنح), Hemming, clearing the throat; grumbling (the belly); repulsing with contempt.

A - nahw (v.n.), Going towards (another); seeking, aiming at; leaning on one side; inclining over one's bow; changing, turning; aim, intent, design; way, path, tract; mode, manner, sort; grammar, syntax; literal speech, according to the rules of grammar; name of the father of a tribe; -nahw-a, As, like, about, towards,

nuhūr (pl. of nahr), Throats, places in which animals are slaughtered; frontiers, approaches; beginnings of days, months, or new moons.

naḥūs, Bad, ill, unfortunate.

nuhusat (v.n. of حوسة), Being unfortunate, unlucky (the day); a bad presage, unhappy accident, misfortune; inauspiciousness; — dārūyi nuhūsat, A scorbutic medicine.

naḥūṣ, An ass having no colt, and without milk; a she-camel too fat to conceive; -nuhūs (v.n. of محم), Being very fat; paying (another) what is due.

سول ۸ nuhūl (v.n. of احول nuhūl (v.n. of احول الح ciated, lean; leanness, dryness.

a a nahwi, Pertaining to grammar;

grammatical; a grammarian.

nahy (v.n.), Churning (milk); putting to a distance; directing the eye towards;—nihy, A leathern bottle in which butter is put; an earthen vessel for holding milk; a kind of soft, moist date.

nahīb (v.n. of بحن), Weeping excessively, crying aloud, wailing, shrieking.

nahīta, Na-

naḥīḥ (v.n. of حبح , Rumbling (the belly).

naḥīr, (A camel) slaughtered, cut

in the throat; the last night of the month.

A bre nahīrat, nahīra, The first or last day of the month; the last night of the month.

naḥīzat, Nature, disposition ; way, mode, manner, habit, custom.

naḥīs, Scarce, disastrous (year); unlucky (day).

احيض 🛦 nahiz, Firm-fleshed, plump (thigh); emaciated, lean, fleshless; thin, sharp (spear-head).

nahīt (v.n. of be), Sobbing, ery-

ing secretly; sound, noise.

A nahīf, Lean, spare, meagre, slim, weak, slender; -nahif kardan, To make lean, attenuate.

a معلم naḥīfī, Leanness, spareness.

ميل ممأباً, Lean (camel); slender (waiet).

ن nakh, A carpet beautiful on both sides, having a long pile; a small carpet with a short pile; a raw thread of yarn of any sort; a rank of soldiers and the like; a little, few; name of an evil spirit in Mazandarin; a ploughshare; -nukh, Following one step by step.

انع nakhkh (v.n. of نع), Driving violently; making (a camel) lie down by crying $i\underline{k}h$ $i\underline{k}h$; the camels which are made to kneel before the officer appointed to collect the tithes of cattle for religious

uses :—nukhkh, and—

A & Last nakhākhat, nakhākha, Marrow.

nakhāra, Fasting.

nakhās, A thong sewed betwixt two pieces of leather;—nikhās, A bit of wood with a hole in the middle inserted into an axle-hole which has become too wide from much wear ;--nakhkhās, A seller of captives, or cattle taken as plunder; an appraiser of cattle; a herd of horses, camels, &c.

A & makhāsat, nikhāsat, The sale of cattle or of slaves; -nikhāsat, nikhāsa, A bit of wood hollow in the centre inserted into an axle-hole, which by wear had be-

come too wide.

A & nakhā'. nukhā', Spinal marrow.

nukhā'at, Phlegm, spittle, mucous. snot.

A & nukhālat, nukhāla, Grain, or anything sifted; also what remains in the sieve, siftings; bran.

a غاله کوي nukhāla-goy, Who talks rubbish.

A خامة nukhāmat, Phlegm, mucus.

A - makhb (v.n.), Extracting, drawing, or tearing out; selecting, choosing; a copious draught, that especially which is drunk to the health of a friend; -nakhb, nakhab, nakhib, Timid, fearful, pusillanimous; -nukhab (pl. of nukhbat), Chosen, selected; -nukhub (pl. of nakhib, nikhabb, and nakhīb), Cowards;—nikhabb, nikhibb, Timid, fearful; a coward.

A A nakhbat, The buttocks ;-nukhbat, nukhba, A copious draught, that especially which is drunk to the health of a friend; chosen, selected; better; a good or chosen thing; cowardly, dastardly.

q.v., for which it is خير nakhtiz, = بختير

probably misreading.

nakhjad, Dross of iron; iron; very hard bread made of millet; a bard stone with which anything is pounded bruised; a tickling or scratching with the fingers.

nakhch, Broom for making besoms. nakhchaz, = خجد q.v. above.

nakhchul, nakhchal, Pinching. nakhchand, Slag or dross of iron.

nakhchuwan, Name of a city of Armenia.

nakhchīr, Hunting, the chase; prey, game, a wild beast; a mountain-goat; a hunter; the place of hunters; -nakhchir afgandan (sākhtan, kardan), To hunt, to throw game; -nakhchīr shudan, To be hunted.

nakhchīr-joy, Eager for prey. ان nakhchir-zan, A hunter; a brave, bold, strong man.

nakhchīr-sāz, Who makes or عجير ساز

takes a prey; a hunter.

nakhchir-sāzī, Capture of prey hunting.

nakhchir-soz, A consumer of

nakhchīr-gān, سخهيركاني nakhchīr-gān chir-gani, Name of the last note of Barbud. na<u>kh</u>chir-gav, Name of a note in سخويرگار music.

nakhchīr-gāh, Chase, hunting-

ground.

nakhchīr-gīr, خيروان nakhkcīrwān, الله nakhchīr-wāl, A hunter; sheri nakhchīr-gīr, A prey-hunting lion.
nakhchīz, Twisted, contracted,

sbrunk; a twisting.

nakhchil, Pinching.

nakhr, nakhar (v.n.), Being worn, putrefied, and scattered ;= if for which it

is evidently a misreading; -nakhir, fem. nakhirat, nakhira, Worn, rubbed to pieces; nukhur (pl. of nākhir), Hogs trained to hunt.

nakhrā, Trick, artifice, joke, waggery. coquetry, deceit, sham, pretence.

יייעונ nukhrāz, A bellwether.

ויע nukhrās, A goat, kid.

nakhrat (v.n. of خر), Blowing hard (the wind); -nukhrat, nukhra, A violent blast of wind; storm; the nostril;—also nukharat, nukhara, Tip of the nose (of man, camel, horse, or dog).

▲ ❤ూ声 nakhrūb, A cell in a honeycomb.

nakhirī, A first-born child.

الله nakhuz, First (cf. فست below). الله nukhzar, والله nakhzān, A goat, kid.

we nakhuzin, The first.

nakhs, Paleness from grief, loss of colour; leanness.

nakhs (v.n.), Pricking, pressing (with the finger); spurring, goading; mending a pulley by inserting a narrower ring (called a bush) into an axle-hole which has been worn too wide.

na-khast, He wounded uot ;—nukhust, Beginning, principle; the first; at

nukhust-zād (مادة nukhust-zād مست زاد nukhust-zād (مادة), Eldest son.

nukhust-sādî, Primogeniture. nukhustagī, First-fruits; priority. nukhustin, od nukhustin, The first.

nukhustin-andāz, An extempore speech.

nakhshab, Name of a city in Turkistāu;—chāhi nakhahab, A well at the foot of Mount Siyam near that city, whence the magician Muqanna' is said to have raised a fabulous appearance of the moon (see mähi siyām and māhi na<u>kh</u>shab, under ,(p. 1145 ماة

a معمين nakhshabi, Native of Nakhshab. nakhsha, Proof, demonstration.

nakhshidan, To break the head, eplit the skull.

A w nakht (v.n.), Blowing (the nose); -nukht, The spinal marrow; the water contained in the membrane which encloses the fætus; -nukht, nakht, Men, mankind; nukhut. Those who tilt with spears, as amusement or trial of prowess.

nakh' (v.n.), Blowing the nose; thrusting the knife deep in order to draw the heart's blood; having a sincere affectirn for (another), giving (him or her) excellent counsel; name of a tribe in Yaman;—nukhu' (pl. of nakhā', nukhā'), Spinal marrows.

a akh'i, Belonging to the tribe Nakh'; surname of several noted men.

A ... nakhf (v.n.), Breathing aloud, as

if sneezing (a she-goat); the noise made in blowing the nose; raising blisters (?).

سكلو nakhkalūn, ككلو nakhkala, A hard not (see تفكلوز ta<u>kh</u>kalūz, &c. p. 288).

nakhgulùy, Narrow-necked (vessel); a duck, a goose (this meaning unsupported).

A is nakhl(v.n.), Sifting meal; separating or choosing the best; filtering; the palmtree (and often used for a young tree of any kind), a plant; (in P. also) a tree; a festoon, thyrsus, rod upon which flowers, interspersed with paper of different colours, are tied round to give it the appearance of a natural branch; construed with the verbs bastan, parwardan, pechidan, nishāndan, &c.; -nakhli gurā (mātam, muharram), A coffin.

nakhl-ārā, Adorned with palmtrees.

nakhl-bun, A palm-tree.

nakhl-band, A maker of artificial محلبند flowers; a gardener; one who moulds figures of trees or fruits in wax ;-nakhlbandi ma'āni, Surname of the poet Rhwaja Kirwani.

na<u>kh</u>loandī, A plantation. خلبندي

مخلة nakhlat, nakhla, One palm-tree; name of a valley in Hijāz between Mecca and Taif; — nakhla'i maḥmūd, Certain palm-trees in Mecca; name of a palm plantation; [zū 'n-nakhla, Jesus (as born under a palm-tree, according to the Qur'ān)].

a خلستان nakhlistan, A palm-plantation. a sless nakhla, A walking-staff of dervishes; shoes. (See also خَلَة above.)

nakhm, nakham, A cloth supported by sticks, in which people catch sugar, sweetmeats, or money thrown amongst the crowd on marriage-ceremonies and other public festivities (cf. 😝 above, which, however, like the present word itself, seems a misreading for q.v. p. 910).

nakhm, nakham (v.n.), Blowing the nose, spitting; -nakham, Fatigue, weari-

ness, lassitude.

nakhmat, Beauty, الحمة ٨ phlegm, spittle, mucus.

nakhū, Chief town in the district south-east of Tifiis (m.c.).

A by nakhwat (v.n. of), Boasting, carrying oneself haughtily; praising; pride, haughtiness, consequential airs; pomp.

- nakhwat-pesha خوت فروش , nakhwat-pesha محوت پیشه wat-farosh, خوت کده nakhwat-kada, خوت کده nakhwat-kash, خوت كيش nakhwat-kesh, Given to pride, proud, haughty, pompous, self-important.

si nukhūd, A vetch, pulse; — nukhūdi

gandi, Name of a fruit.

ہے میخ nukhūd-ab, (vetch-water), A decoction of meat with vetches (given in cases of syphilis).

איני אָל nukhūd-birez, איני אָל nukhūd-paz, One who roasts and sells vetches, &c.

nakhosh, A kind of wild vine.

A خور nukhās (v.n. of خور), Becoming attenuated with age, emaciated, and shrivelled.

مُوثَى na<u>kh</u>ū'ī, A native or inhabitant of Na<u>kh</u>ū (m.c.).

makhū'ī-hd, The people of Nakhū (m.c.).

nakhuham (for nakhwaham), I won't.

خو $na\underline{kh}\bar{\imath},=$ خی q.v.

A خيب nakhīb, Timid, fearful, cowardly. الخيب nakhīr, Ignoble, mean, abject, base, worthless; an ambush, lurking-place; a nursery-ground.

nakhīr, A snoring, snorting; the

noise itself.

الخير گاة na<u>kh</u>īr-gāh, An ambuscade.

nakhīrī, A first-born child (see عري ahove).

ا تعين nakhez, Defective; coarse; common, low; an ambush; a branch stuck in the ground that it may take root.

nakhez-gāh, An ambush, lurking-

place.

na خسن nakhīs, A pulley whose axle-hole is worn too wide, and mended by inserting a narrower ring or bush; the place of a horse round which the surcingle or belt is fastened.

ميل ه nakhīl, A palm-tree; a palm-

grove; (pl. of nakhl) palm-trees.

A Marie of a place in Babylonian Irāk where the caliph 'Alī was murdered by the schismatics; name of a female slave liberated by Ayisha.

w nad, Increase, abundance; bent; good

guidance.

nadd, in P. also nad (v.n.), Fleeing, running away, scampering off; a perfume composed of musk, ambergris, and the wood of aloes; or simply of ambergris; ['udi nadd, or simply nadd, Aloeswood;]—nidd, An image, idol; like, resembling; an equal, peer, friend; an enemy, rival; scented with ambergris.

A his nad' (v.n.), Throwing (meat) into the fire; putting (meat) under the ashes; abhorring; making a furrow in hot ashes;—nidā' (v.n. of منا, Calling to one, convoking, proclaiming; proclamation, edict; sound, voice, clamour; invitation; a call or voice from heaven; [nidā dādan (kardan), To make proclamation, proclaim, announce, divulge, publish; to convoke, invite, call together;—harfi nidā, The interjection of calling, the vocative;]—nudā', Vociferation.

امن nidā, The sixth of a farsang; half a

mile.

A is naddaf, A cotton-dresser.

a دالى $nadd\bar{a}f\bar{\imath}$, Business of a cotton-dresser.

A היא nidām (v.n. of נים), Being a confidential friend or boon companion; (pl. of nādim) penitents; (pl. of nadīm) boon companions, good fellows at carousals; intimate friends;—nuddām (pl. of nādim) penitents.

Repenting; repentance, contrition, penitence, regret; construed with the verbs uftādan, khwurdan, kardan, kashidan, &c.

a ن است انداست انداست انداست انداست انداست انداست انداست انداست انداست انداست انداست انداست انداست انداست انداست

science-stricken, repenting.

A نامئ nadāmá (pl. of nadmān), Boon companions;—nudāmá (pl. of nadmān), Penitents.

ندائم بسر زندة ام يا بيا na-dānam ba-sar zinda-am yā ba-pā, I do not know whether I am living on head or foot, proverbially for I am utterly perplexed.

ه المارة nadawat, Moisture of ground.

يداگد nadā'id (pl. of nadādat), Equals, rival women.

nadb (v.n.), Lamenting or mourning (the dead); making a funeral-oration or encomium; (a man) active, expeditious in doing anything; swift (horse); (pl. of nadbat) scars of wounds;—nadab (v.n.), Becoming covered with a scurf, scab, or cicatrice (a wound); danger; a bet, stake, wager; archery; name of a tribe.

a ندب nadab, A term at the game of nard (staking on seven rounds or throws, also called 'uzrā, while a higher stake up to seventeen is named wāmiq; see اعداء p.

below). وأمنى 840 and

אבאלים nudabā' (pl. of nadb), Swift (horses).

A مَّن nadbat, nadba, The scar of a wound;— nudbat, Plaint, lamentation; a funeral-oration, elegy; name of a woman.

nadh, (v.n.), Enlarging; — nadh, nudh, A spacious tract of country; amplitude, plenty, multitude;—nidh, Anything appearing high and seen from an eminence; burden, heaviness.

A alsu nudadā' (pl. of nadīd), Equals,

rivala.

ندر anadr (v.n. of ندر), Falling asunder;

remaining alone.

A فرة nadrat, nadra, One particle of gold in the mine; — nudrat, nudra, Oddness, singularity, rareness.

nads (v.n.), Piercing with a spear; nuds, nadis, nadus, Intelligent, sharp, crafty, cunning;—nadas (v.n.), Being intelligent, crafty; understanding, cunning, skill.

مندش nudsh, Dividing, separating, card-

ing cotton.

with the fingers; piercing (with a spear or with words); acting wrong, injuring;—

nadgh, nidgh, Wild marjoram; the best

nadf (v.n.), Separating (cotton) with the string of a large bow, which is struck with a kind of hammer; striking (a lyre), playing on any musical instrument; (clouds) pouring down (rain); snowing; moving the feet quick (a horse, &c.).

لدنان nadafān (v.n. of لدنا), Picking up

(his feet) nimbly (a horse, &c.).

a دوني کردن nadfi kardan, To divide

(cotton).

a منا nadl (v.n.). Transporting from place to place; -nadal (v.n.), Being dirty (the hand);—nudul, Servants who attend a banquet.

* nadam (v.n.), Repenting; penitence,

repentance, regret.

ماه ما nudamā' (pl. of nadīm), Familiars, boon-companions, royal favourites.

nadman, fem. ندمان nadmanat, nadmāna, A boon companion; penitent; (pl. of nadim) boon companions, jolly fellows at a drinking-bout.

يدر A ماي nadw (v.n.), Calling (a council), convoking; assembling (a congregation); being present at an assembly; separating, being scattered; being liberal; being noble, excellent (camel); being pastured (camels) between two waterings; a heavy thing, weight, burden.

nudūb (v.n. of ندوب آ nudūb (v.n. of scarred (the back); (pl. of nadb) swift

(horses); (pl. of nadbat) scars.

لدوبة nudābat (v.n. of لدب , Being scarred.

nadwat, A council, assembly, convocation, congregation, mote, crowd; -nudwat, nudwa, A place where camels drink; nudūwat, Moisture.

nadh (v.n.), Checking (camels) by crying to (them); also driving or collect-

ing (them) together.

inada (v.n.), Being moist, humid, wet; moisture, rain, wetness (of ground), day-dew (sadá denoting night-dew); mu-nificence; a gift;—nadī, fem. منية nadiyat, nadiya, Moist; [nadī 'l-kaf, Liberal, generous;]-nadīy, in P. nadī, A congregation, council, assembly; one who calls with a loud voice, who halloos; liberal, munificent.

אבאט nadyān, Succulent, juicy (tree). مديب nadīb, Scarred (back or wound).

A نديد nadīda, fem. قديد nadīdat, nadīda, Like, equal; a rival.

A نديف nadīf, (Cotton) beaten or carded.

الديم nadīm, نديم nadīmat, nadīma, A boon companion, intimate friend; privy counsellor, confidant; a king's favourite, jester, or buffoon.

a قدارة nazārat, Exhortation, dehortation, admonition with threat; fear, terror, dread.

A Jisi nuzzāl (pl. of nazīl), Mean, despicable.

A الله nazālat (v.n. of الله Being of the meanest rank, despicable; vileness, base-

ندر ه nazr (v.n.), Vowing; devoting, presenting, dedicating to God; frightening, alarming, warning, inspiring dread of an enemy; a vow, promise made to God; a gift, anything offered or dedicated; a present or offering from an inferior to a superior; [nazr kardan, To vow; to make an offering;] -nazr, nuzr, nuzur, Dehortation, commination, warning, menace, advice accompanied with threats; -nazar (v.n.), Being aware of, and on one's guard :- nuzur, Terror; (pl. of nazr) vows, promises made to God; (pl. of nazīr) devoted to God. Nazarites; prophets, preachers sent to alarm the wicked; bringers of news.

م الدراء nuzarā' (pl. of nazīr) Fear-

inspirers.

a نام امام nagr-imām, Presents given in memory of the Imams Hasan and Husain.

nagrāna, Fees paid to government as an acknowledgement for a grant of land or any public office; gifts offered or received when people of rank meet, or pay their respects to a prince; a kind of tribute.

nazr-dargāh, An endowment in نظر درگاة land to places of worship among the Mu-

hammadans.

الربل A سريان nuzrá, Admonition, dehortation. الذُل aazl, A low, mean, abject man.

يدلام م nuzalā' (pl. of nazīl), Vile, abject, men.

لذر م nuzūr (v.n. of نذر), Vowing ; (pl. of nazr) vows, promises made to God.

ينول ه nuzūl (pl. of nazl or nazīl), Base, vile (men).

الله nuzūlat (v.n. of الله), Being of the meanest rank, vile, and despicable.

الله ي nazīr, A messenger of bad news; a prophet or preacher (sent to terrify the wicked), an apostle, legate; devoted to God, a Nazarite; commination, dehortation, advice accompanied with a threat; terrified; -a'n-nazīr, The admonisher, i.e. Muhammad.

ما ناميرة nazīrat, Anything dedicated to God in consequence of a vow, especially children (as the child Samuel or Sampson); the first line of an army (as devoting themselves), the forlorn hope.

م لايل م nazīl, A vile, abject man.

i nar (S. nri, nara), Male, masculine; membrum virile; a stallion; the middle branch from which others spring; a wave; a hermaphrodite; rough; impudent, abominable, ugly (used of beggars, beasts, demons, &c.); name of the father of Sam ;—nari asb, The yard of a horse ; nar dādan, To give the male (to a female).

narā, A small wall raised as a screen. A shi narrad, A player at the game of

nard.

narāk, Always, for ever. نراك نر انگشتی nar-angushtī, The thumb.

narjis, narjas (for P. nargis), The parcissus.

narajul, A silken cloth made in Abyssinia.

th, narkh, narkh, Price, price-list, tariff; rate; tax, assize of provision, duty upon commodities; currency; beauty, elegance, grace; splendour; -nirkhi bāzār, Marketrate, i.e. the amount of any commodity given for a certain coin; - nirkh bala (buland) kardan, To raise the price, &c. (in the case of market-rate, as explained above, the raising of the nirkh implies, of course, a cheapening of the goods, a peculiarity of idiom, which requires particular uotice);—nirkh bastan (kardan, guzāshtan, nihādan), To fix prices, &c.; to publish such regulation; -nirkhi jārī, The current price; -nirkh shikastan, To lower the price, &c.

nirkh-bandi, Rate; price-current. نوع دارهه nirkh-dārogha, Clerk of the market, who regulates the price of grain,

nir<u>kh</u>-nāma, A price-current. نوعنامه

nirkhī, He who fixes the price-current, an appraiser, assigner, assizer.

nard, Chess, draughts, backgammon, tables, dice; trunk of a tree; (= A. nard) a kind of medical ointment; -takhti nard, A board for playing at nard; -muhra'i nard, A chessman, tableman.

nard-baz, A player at the game نرد باز

nard.

ינטשט nardubān, A staircase, steps, ladder, especially a scaling-ladder; -nardubāni har bām būdan, To be confused;—nardubāne ba-rāh nihādan, To tell stories to beguile the tediousness of a journey.

بردك nardak, An enigma; dim. of بردك q.v.

יקטא narda, A balustrade (m.c.).

narzad (for nayarzad), It is not worth.

nars, Name of a town in Babylonia where stuffs are made.

.narask, A lentil نرسك

nareī, nureī (G. Ναρση̂s), A name of several kings of Persia; the son of Gudarz, one of the Ashkaniyan kings.

a نرسى narsī, A cloth made at Nars. narak, A bone found at the root of a نوك tiger's tail, which, when brayed in a mortar, is used for various medicinal purposes.

narg, A ring formed by hunters for

enclosing game.

narragān, Impudent, importunate نركان mendicants, sturdy beggars.

نر کار nar-gāv (gāo), Ā bull. نر کدا nar-gadā, Impudent, shameless, sturdy beggars; audacious fellows; outra-

nargis, A narcissus (to which the poets frequently compare the eyes of beautiful women); also a kind of yellow flower *-nargisi ma<u>kh</u>mūr*, An epithet applied to the eyes of a mistress (intoxicated narcissus);—nargisi nīm-khwāb, The eye of a mistress (half asleep with languor); - nargis u gul, The eye and ear of one's beloved.

nargisdan, A pot in which a narcissus is put; a place where it grows.

nargisa, The figure of a narcissus carved in ivory or bone and placed on the roof of a house; the stars; the Pleiades; -nargisa'i saqfi char<u>kh</u>, The Pleiades.

nargier, Belonging to a narcissus;

a sort of cloth; also of food.

narga, A circle formed by hunters; a house, square tent; order, series, row, line,

rank; an assembly.

of narm, Soft to the touch; smooth, sleek; mild, gentle, easy; silly; fine; defective; the bass part of music;—narm raftan, To go softly, gently, pleasantly;narm kardan, To soften, mitigate, soothe, reconcile, pacify :- narm u durusht, Smooth and rough.

nar-mādagī, A bolt, kind of lock. از مادی nar-māda, Male and female; hermaphrodite; a bolt, bar, and staple; a vice, screw; a hinge; -nar-māda'i dar,

The bolt and staple of a door.

narm-āhan, (soft iron) Lazy, indolent, idle; weak, infirm, impotent.

יס אנ narm-bur, Name of a carpenter's and blacksmith's tool; a flatterer, wheedler.

יכף ושל narm-bīz (bez), A fine sieve.

narm-pāy, Name of a creature in نرم باء India with legs thin and lithe, like leathern

ייס גועט narm-payan (pl. of the preceding), Name of a fabulous people in India.

narm-chashm, Of a gentle look. narm-kho (khū), Soft-natured. narm-khez, Producing gentle feelings (?).

narm-dast, A fine kind of stuff. برم دل narm-dil, Tender-hearted, gentle. יס ונ narm-rav, Gentle, tractable (horse). نرم زبان narm-zabān, Smooth-tongued. narm-sar, Kind, meek, forbearing. narm-shāna, Weak, lazy; obedient.

برم آهن narm-shamshir, = نرم همشير q.v. above.

narmaght, A swing, a see-saw.

narmaq (for P. narma), Soft,

narmak (dim. of narm), Softly, gently ;- narmak-narmak, Very softly and gently.

inarm-gardan, (soft-neck) Obe-

dient.

above. نرم آهن narm-gurda, = نرم کرده نرم كردنى narm-gardani, Submission, obedience.

نرم کوی narm-goy, Soft-spoken.

أَرْمُ لَكُامُ narm-ligām, Docile, tractable; obedient.

a ترم موان narm-mizāj, Of a gentle disposition, of a yielding nature.

narm-narm, Softly, gently.

narmūda, مُرْمُونُ narmūda, A swing, see-saw.

نومودى narmūdan, To swing; to vacillate. نومودى narmūra, هايمورة inarmūla, Anything thick, coarse, rough, uneven, or untrimmed; a walnut; a swing.

inarma, Soft;—narma'i sari kūdak, The soft part of the head of a new-born infant;—narma'i gosh, Lobe of the ear.

زمى narmī, Softness, smoothness, sleekness; gentleness, mildness;—narmī namūdan, To behave meekly or tamely.

a نرسیت narmīyat, Softness.

نوميش inar-mesh, (male-sheep) A ram. فرواي narwān, Name of the intellect of the sphere of the planet Venus.

narūk, Name of a root of which the فروك

tiger is very fond.

نول narūl, An officer who takes charge of forfeited estates.

inara, narra, Male; penis; trunk of a tree; a wave; wards of a key; a hermaphrodite; a heggar; rough, rude; filthy, sordid; ugly, abominable; name of the father of Sām;—narra'i āb, A wave;—nara bar-āwordan, To unsheath, to draw (a gelding, stallion).

narra-dev, An execrable demon.

اره كار narra-gāv (gāo), A bull.

narī, Penis; virility, masculineness; the masculine gender; a dressed sheep-skin.

بريمان narīmān (S. nri-maṇas), Name of a famous hero of Persia, son of Qahramān, father of Sām, grandfather of Zāl, and great-grandfather of Rustam: all champions in the ancient Persian histories, poems, and romances.

رينه narīna, Male, masculine; virility;—

farzandi narīna, A male child.

نه naz (for انهاز), Not of or from.

A y nazz, Brisk, light, active (man), incessintly on the move; acute, ingenious, witty; liberal, munificent; (an ostrich) running from place to place;—nazz, nizz,

Water springing up.

A by naz' (v.n.), Spreading dissensions, instigating men to fight; rushing upon; —nazā', A leap;—nazā', nizā' (v.n. of 3), Leaping, mounting (as the male on the female);—nuzā' (v.n. of 3), Leaping, making an assault; having a strong propensity, inclining towards; a disease incident to sheep, causing them to leap and blissom until they die;—nazzā', Prone (to evil); one who assaults his boon-companions.

ly nazā, A mound, enclosure.

يار nizār, Thin, slim, slender; lean, spare; flesh without fat; weak, distressed; —kilki nizār, A slender reed or pen.

inizār, Name of the father of an Arabian tribe; (pl. of nazr) little, few;

insipid.

رزر nazārat (v.n. of زر), Being small, mean, vile; smallness, exility; gait.

a نزارى nizārī, Leanness, slenderness; surname of a poet.

الله معتقع nazāzat, March, gait.

A Éti nizā (v.n. of Et), Hastening (homeward or to any accustomed place); (v.n. 3 of Et), disputing, contending, litigating; dispute, contention, altercation, controversy, litigation, law-suit; [qaṭi nizā kardan, To decide a controversy;]—nazzā, Attracting, drawing towards one another (kinship);—nuzzā (pl. of nāzi), Foreigners.

رنع nazāʿat (v.n. of زبع), Hastening (homeward or to any accustomed place); dispute, controversy, law-suit, litigation.

nazzāk, A defamer, slanderer. وزاك

A & y nazākat (from P. nāzuk), Elegance, softness, tenderness, politeness; construed with the verbs kardan, kashīdan, guzāshtan, &c.;—bī-nazākat, Inelegant; ill-bred; ill-dressed, slovenly, slatternly.

nizāl (v.n. 3 of ازبال), Alighting from horseback, descending into the arena to fight (with another); combat, fight;—nuzāl, Sperm;—nuzzāl (pl. of nāzīl), Those who descend or dismount; valiant heroes,

combatants.

ا برالة ي nizālat, A journey; — nuzālat, Sperma genitale quod emittur.

A bly nizāh (pl. of nāzih), Pure, chaste,

temperate.

مراهية nazāhat, نراهية nazāhiyat (v.n. of نواه), Being removed from all evil annoyances; pleasantness (of a place); solace, recreation; delectableness; spotlessness, purity of life.

المَّاتِّةُ مُّ nazā'i' (pl. of nazī'at), (Women) married into a foreign family; (horses or camels) brought from another country and

pining to return.

مَّ مَعْ مَّ nazzat, nazza (fem. of nazz), Swift, brisk (she-camel);—nizzat, Desire, lust.

نوج *nazaj*, A city otherwise called Armanivah

A tj. nazh (v.n.), Exhausting nearly (a well) of water; being nearly exhausted (a well); — nazah, A well emptied of the greatest part of the water.

A خون nazd (Z. nazda), Near, about, with (construed with the izāfah, showing it to be originally a noun); a side;—nazdi ābāmadan, To draw near to water;—nazdi man, My side, at my side, near or with me, in my possession; in my opinion.

nazdīk, Near, neighbouring, hard by, close to; vicinity;—nazdīk āmadan, To

come near, to approach, advance towards;nazdīk ast ki bi-rasand, They will soon be here (m.c.); - nazdīk āwardan, To bring near, to apply, put together, lead towards, bring or present before;—nazdik ba, Near to, in the neighbourhood of ;--nazdīk būdan, To be near; -nazdīki tab (tap), Fit of ague or fever ;-nazdik rasidan, To arrive, reach ; - nazdīk-ash na-mī-rawad, He does not come near her, i.e. he does not hit it off with her (m.c.); - nazdīk raftan, To go near; -nazdīk shudan, To approach; to be near; -nazdik kardan, To lead towards, to cause to approach; - nazdik gashtan, To approach, to come near;—az nazdīk, From or on account of the neighbourhood, from the proximity; from near; — ba-khwud nazdik gardānīdan, To call near oneself, to order one to approach; —ba-nazdīk, Near, hard by, close to; —dar nazdīk, Near, in the neighbourhood.

رديكان nazdīkān (pl. of the preceding),

Relations, relatives.

nazdīk-tak, Shallow (well or

river).

نوديكها nazdīk-hā (pl. of nazdīk), Near (places or times); — dar in nazdikhāy, Shortly after this.

نوديكى nazdīkī, Nearness, neighbourhood, vicinity, approach; intimacy; — dar in nazdīkī, In these latter times, quite lately;

quite near. nazdīkī-hā (pl. of the preceding), Neighbourhoods;—dar in nazdīkī-hā, hamīn nazdīkī-hā, In this neighbourhood, quite close by; a short time ago, quite lately.

ענ A nazr (v.n.), Being importunate, impertinently urgent; being quick and expeditious; being little, small, few; little, small; moderate, low-priced, cheap; tasteless;—nazar (v.n.), Being little, small; cheap, low-priced; mean, vile; muzur, A phantom, ghost, spectre;—'an nuzur-in, Face to face.

naz' (v.n.), Removing, carrying off, pulling up, tearing out; drawing (a bow); drawing water; resembling (a father); being in the agonies of death; the agonies of death; [naz'i jān (rawān, rūḥ), ḥālatu 'n-naz', The last breath;] — naza' (v.n.), Being bald round the temples; baldness. انوعام nuza'ā' (pl. of nazī'), Foreigners.

A dey naz'ot, naz'a, A bald place round the temples; a kind of herb; -naza'at, naza'a (pl. of nāzi'), Archers drawing their bows; those who can redress themselves at law.

مَّرُجُ هُ مُ nazgh (v.n.), Sowing dissensions; reproaching, taunting, stabbing bitter words).

nazghada, nazaghada, Pain in the joints; a joint distorted by convulsions; gripes, colic (probably misreading for نرغدة q.v., p. 295).

الاك A معتم nazf (v.n.), Exhausting (a well) entirely of water; failing (as blood); being exhausted, dried up (tears); being deficient (in miud), losing the senses, being stupefied, drunk; losing a cause, failing in an argument; [nazfu 'r-rahim, A flooding in women; -nuzf, A failure of water in a well; -nazaf (v.n.), Being exhausted, dried (tears); -nazif, Enfeebled by loss of blood; -nuzaf (pl. of nuzfat), Small quantities of water, blood, or wine; -nuzzaf. (Veins) not emitting blood.

nuxfat, nuxfa, A small quantity of

water, blood, or wine.

nazq (v.n.), Leaping (as a horse upon the mare); running fast, outstripping;—nazq, nazaq (v.n.), Being precipitate, prone to anger, rash; levity, volatility; -naziq, Light, flighty, rash.

مرك م nazk (v.n.), Piercing with a javelin; taunting, accusing falsely, reviling unjustly, defaming; - nizk, The hip or haunch-bone;—nask, nizk, The male Lybian lizard; -nuzak, A defamer, slanderer.

nazag, A lentil.

uuzl, Anything provided for the نول ه entertainment of strangers; hospitality; a gift; — nazal (v.n.), Being plentiful (an entertainment); being troubled with a catarrh; rain; abundance, gain, profit;nazil, A hard soil, through which rain does not subside; (a place) where one often descends or goes; -nuzul, Anything provided for a guest; increase, enlargement of food or bread when dressed; abuudance, plenty, richness of agricultural produce; a gift; a mansion, hospitable dwelling; a company of visitors; (pl. of nazīl) strangers, foreigners; construed with the verbs burdan, pardakhtan, kashīdan, nihādan, &c.;—maḥalli nuzul, An inn.

مزلات م nazalāt, Catarrhs, rheums.

nazlat, One descent;—nazlat, nuzlat, in P. also nazla, Descent or defluxion of humours, rheum, catarrh.

nazm, nizm, A mist, a fog, a vapour: construed with uftadan, baridan, &c.

א נים A nazm, A severe bite.

نومودن nazmūdan, To skim (doubtful).

nazawān (v.n. of نزو ای nazw, nuzūw, نزو ۱), Leaping upon, assaulting; violence, vehemence, power.

A con nazûh, (A well) having little water, or one whose water has been exhausted; distant; - nuzūh (v.n. of رزى), Exhausting nearly (a well); being far distant (home).

nazur, Not prolific (woman), having little milk; (a camel) which conceives with difficulty, or will hardly take the male; also one which has an affection for a strange colt. her own being dead; -nuzūr (v.n.), Being little, small, and mean.

nuzurat, A being, small, mean, زورة

* E33 nazū, Shallow (well), the water of which may be reached (by the hand);—nuzū' (v.n. of E3), Coming to an end, retiring, desisting (from anything); resembling one's parents; drawing (a bow or bucket).

الرك nazūf, (A well) whose water may be drawn by the hand.

الرق nuzūq (v.n. of نوى), Leaping on, mounting; running fast, outstripping.

A Jy nuzūl (v.n. of Jy), Descending; alighting, sojourning (as a stranger); inhabiting, encamping; happening, befalling (as misfortunes to mankind); going down, falling, perishing; arriving at Mina near Mecca, where sacrifices are offered up; a descent, alighting; a cataract in the eye;—nuzūli āb, A swelling of the testicle;—darajāti nuzūl, Degrees of descent (in consanguinity).

a مرز الله nuzūl-gāh, Place for alighting; station; inn, caravansera; dwelling, abode.

nash (v.n.), Restraining (oneself from anything improper); pleasant (place); spotlessness, purity of life;—nazh, nizh, Pure, chaste, temperate; high-minded;—nazh, Far-distant (place); agreeable, pleasant.

by na.h. The roof of a house; timber used for covering a house, shingle; a chink through which air may pass; the cozing of

water through a bank.

م الزهاء الماء nuzahā' (pl. of nāzih), Pure, chaste.

A لخبن nuz,hat, Pleasnre, delight, joy, che orfulness; pleasantness (of a place); or ament; purity, goodness.

a نرهب الرا nuz,hat-afzā, Increasing de-

light.

a نوهت پذیر nuz,hat-pazīr, Recreated, pleased; adorned.

a انهمت nuz,hat-kada, انهمت کده nuz,hat-gāh, A pleasant place.

ارى A مرتب nazīy, nazī, Prone (to evil); one

who assaults his boon-companions.

y nazij, A horse of parade or state led before a great man.

نويدن nazīdan, To draw out, extract.

עני א nazīr, Small, moderate.

nazīz, Running or passing with rapidity; also crying (a deer); rattling at rutting-time (a goat); vibrating (as a bow-string when shooting); full of desire, lastful; brisk, active; light, volatile, movable; joyons, jovial; addicted (to evil).

א יעש א nanī', Shallow (well); foreign; far

distant; a foreigner, stranger.

A day' nazī'at, nazī'a, A fine (woman) carried to be married amongst strangers

(to improve the breed).

ريك nazīf, Debilitated by loss of blood; inebriated, stupid; parched with thirst; feverish.

עניט א nazīq, Swift-paced, going rapidly.

A نزيل nazīl, A stranger, foreigner; a visitor, guest; perfect; plentiful or magnificent (entertainment).

ינים nazīm, nizīm, Cloud; mist;—nizīm,

A deluge.

A &33 nazīh, Far-distant (place); free from everything objectionable; pure.

A & ay nazīhat, nazīha, A country distant

from marshes, fens, or foul air.

3 nazh, Who draws out, extracts; the

wards of a key.

oly nizhād, Family, origin, root, or principle; seed, descent, extraction; noble, born of a distinguished race;—asbi tāzīnizhād, An Arab horse;—bad-nizhād, Ignoble, base-born;—pāk-nizhād, Of a good family, nobly born.

יני nizhāda, nazhāda, Family, origin, root, principle; radical, original, generous,

noble.

wy nizhd, A great man; a master, pre-

ceptor; sad, glum.

nazhghār, Noise, shout, exclamation وما الزمان nizhm, nuzhm, Cloud; fog, mist; a low-hanging vapour obscuring the surface of the ground; darkness; noise, shouting, clapping of hands; vexation, saduess, anguish; inudation, deluge.

nizhmand, Venerable; anxious, af-

flicted.

υνορι nazhmūdan, To seum, to clarify.

mishand, nazhand, Formidable, terrible, tremendous; venerable, revered; astonished, stupid; altered, changed (by grief or age), sad, cast down; angry; a considerable merchant; a learned preceptor; an old man of authority and experience, one that may be trusted; faithful; turbid, muddy, obscure; ugly, lean, thin, withered; timid, weak, infirm; bearing or unable to repel an injury; an unjust person, wicked man, sinner; one who injures or oppresses; abhorred, abominable; low (ground); (in astronomy) the lower apsis in an eccentric orbit (opp. to z, q.v., p. 118).

nizhandī, Sadness, gloom, melancholy;—nizhandī kardan, To mourn, to be

melancholy.

why nazhnak, A gin. trap, snare.

by nazhah, A very slender branch of a tree; a hunter's arrow; a thin plate of gold or silver cut in the form of the leaves of flowers, and occasionally sprinkled upon the heads of bridegrooms; name of a fixed star; wood with which the roofs of houses are covered; — nizhah, Timid, troubled, vexed; venerable, revered, awful.

ويدي nazhīdan, To draw forth, extract,

pull out.

nizhīm, Vapour, mist, darkness. النبي nas, A shade, arbour, bower; a house; (for A. nasa') a vein, a sinew;—

nus, The circumference or environs of the mouth; intellect, judgment, understanding; the beard; vulva; a slippery place.

اس A نس م nass (v.n.), Driving, checking, or crying to (camels); being dishevelled (hair); being dry; dryness;—nas (v.n. of "...), Throwing the month Muharram on into Safar; delaying, protracting, giving time; giving credit (for anything sold); selling on credit; generous wine promoting cheerfulness; -nas', nis', nus', A woman who fancies herself to be with child, or whose pregnancy appears; -nis', One who mixes or converses with ;—nis'u nisa'in, An entertainer of ladies, one fond of their society, a ladies' man.

nasā, A place to which the sun's ray's never penetrate; dead; -nisā, The flesh and bones of any dead animal; name

of two cities in Khurasan.

nasā, A nerve or tendon extending from the hip to the heel; also a disease affecting it; sciatica;—nasā' (v.n. of "LJ), Granting a delay for the payment of a debt; length (of life);—nisā', Woman, the female sex; a lady.

ماب nisāb, Connection, relation;

nassāb, Skilful in genealogies.

مابة nassābat, nassāba, Skilful in genealogies; an able genealogist; a registrar of pedigrees.

nus'at, Delay, a putting off the

payment of debt.

nassāj, A weaver; a maker of coats of mail with iron rings; a composer, inventor; a liar.

nisājat, nisāja, The weaving art. nasār, A place impervious to the sun's rays; an arbour, canopy, bower, shade, shadow.

nasātirat, nasātira, Nestorians.

مساق A nisāq (v.n. 3 of لساق), Arrangement; series, order.

nussāk (pl. of nāsik), Religious,

devout (men).

A ما السك nasākat (v.n. of نسك), Being religious, devoted to God; piety, morality,

nusāl, Feathers or hairs falling لسال from birds and animals; gossamer, down flying off from withered plants.

nusālat, nusāla, Hairs or feathers نساله falling from animals or birds when moult-

nisām (pl. of nasīm), Gentle نسام breezes.

سانس ه nasānis, A satyr; an ourangoutang; she-marmosets, female chimpan-

A أنسى nisāwat (v.n. of نساوة , Forgetting. مسائع م nasā'ij (pl. of nasījat), Webs,

nasā'ik (pl. of nasīkat), Sacrifices.

nasā'im (pl. of nasīm), Breezes, gales.

سن nasab (v.n.), Mentioning the A lineage of anyone; denominating him by his family-name; deriving (one thing from another); praising (a mistress) in verse; genealogy (especially in the paternal line); lineage, race, stock, family, house; a patronymic or family-name; nasab u hasab, Genealogy and acquirements; --zū nasab, Related, a relation, one of the family ;-majhūlu 'n-nasab, Of unknown family.

a نسب يذير nasab - pazīr, A pretender,

claimant.

a نسب پذیری nasab-pazīrī, Pretendership. nisbat (v.n. of نسبة , Mentioning the lineage (of anyone); referring (to anyone), deriving one thing from another; relation, respect, regard, attribute, reference; affinity, connection; a logarithm; construed with the verbs budan, durust kardan, dādan, dāshtan, &c., and the prepositions az, bā, and ba; [nisbat ba-ān dīgarān, With regard to, or in comparison with, those other people (m.c.); - nisbat ba-mā, As far as we are concerned (m.c.); nisbati jaibēja, Logarithmus of a sinus;
 nisbati zillīya, Logarithmus of a tangent; -nisbat kardan, To ascribe, impute, refer to; - bā-nisbat, ba-nisbat, With reference to, in respect of; - kaserā ba durogh nisbat kardan, To accuse or charge a person with a lie;]—nasabat, Proportion.

nisbat-an, Relatively, in respect of, in regard to.

a نسبتى nisbatī, Related, having reference to; related by marriage, connected; a wife's brother.

inasab-nāma, Pedigree, descent; a genealogical tree.

nasbū, A slippery place; plain, smooth.

nasbūt, Judgment, discrimination; the faculty of judging between good and bad.

nisba, A course of bricks in a wall (see نسية below).

a نسبية nasbī, fem. نسبية nasbīyat, nasbīya, Related to, of the blood of, of the same

نسبیل $asb\bar{\imath}l$, نسبیل q.v. below.

naspār, Place where grapes are pressed.

ر.v.) ناسیاس naspās (contraction of نسیاس q.v.) Ungrateful.

nispuh, A layer or course of bricks نسية

or clods in a wall. nastār, Name of the horse-keeper

of the Qaisar of Rum.

nistāk, A twist of the guts, gripes. nastar, A narcissus; the dog-rose; name of a monk of Persia cotemporary with Noshirwan.

nastardan, A narcissus.

nastaran, A narcissus; the dogrose; the white rose of India; a flower-garden; clover; a kind of cloth.

نسترون nastarūn, A narcissus ; dog-rose.

nasta'līq (from naskh and ta'līq). A kind of Persian writing (or characters);—nasta'līq harf zadan, To speak with emphasis, to write correctly and in accordance with the best models.

ستعليق گوي nasta'līq-goy, An emphatic

and correct speaker.

nistak, Very fine spun cotton.

nistam, A place of sitting down or abiding; a nest.

nastūr, A proper name (Nestorius?).

inastūh (for nā-sutūh), Brave, war-like; contentious, quarrelsome, pugnacious; rude, harsh, rough, morose, churlish; name of a champion of Irān.

ستهس nastahan. The brother of Pīrān Wisa.

A cobweb;—nasji (v.n. of c...), Weaving (cloth); lying, giving a false colouring; marking (as the wind does sand or water) with long furrows or waves (when blowing lengthwise and crosswise); composing, making verses; texture; [nasju'l-ankabūt, A cobweb;—nasji maqāl, Artistic or refined composition;]—nusuj, Carpets on which people kneel at prayer.

naskh (v.n.), Transcribing (a book), copying; cancelling; obliterating, defacing, abrogating (a law), repealing (one by another), annulling, rejecting, breaking, confuting; transforming into an ugly shape; transmigration of the soul of a man into another man's body; the modern Arabic character; [naskhu 'l-āya bi 'l-āya, Abrogation of one verse of the Qur'ān by another;]—nusakh (pl. of nuskhat), Examples, copies, &c.;—nāsikhi nusakhi tawārīkhi salaf, The writers of the exemplars or annals of ancient times, i.e. ancient historians.

nuskhat, nuskha, Exemplar, prototype, archetype, a copy or model whence anything is taken; a manuscript-copy; a physician's recipe; a prescription of ingredients for any composition; an inventory; an amulet;—nuskha burdan (bar-dāshtan, bar-giriftan, kardan, nivishtan) az, To transcribe.

a سنجات nus<u>kh</u>ajāt (pl. of nus<u>kh</u>at), Books.

a لسخه نویسی nus<u>kh</u>a-nawīsī, Reciperiting.

maskhī, The Arabic mode of writing.

A inasr (v.n.), Tearing (flesh) with the beak (a hawk); shaving, erasing, flaying, denuding; a vulture; an eagle; name of an Arabian idol;—nasri ṭā'ir, The constellation called the Eagle;—nasri wāqi',

The falling vulture, i.e. the Lyre (another constellation).

nasar, Shade, shadow; the shadow of a mountain; also of a high cap; a hut or wooden shed on the top of a mountain; a shady place; a place impervious to the sun's rays;—nisar, A canopy.

nasrud, nasurd, nusurd, A hunter. نسره nasram, Name of an idol, of a fe-

male figure, in a temple at Bamean.

a نسرى nasrī, Aquiline.

A سرين nasrain (obl. du. of nasr used as nom.), The constellations of the Eagle and the Lyre.

ישנאט nasrīn, A wild rose; name of an island where amber is found.

نسرين لوش nasrīn-nosh, Name of the king of Sclavonia, married to Bahrām Gür.

nustur, Nestorius, who appeared in the time of the caliph Mamun.

a نسطوري nastūrī, Nestorian; a Christian. A نسطورية nastūrīyat, nastūrīya, Nestorian

مع من nis', nis'at, nis'a, A strap with which a camel's pack-saddle is tied.

nasgh (v.n.), Striking (with rod or lash); pricking with a needle, and rubbing the punctures over with indigo, &c., tattooing; anything similar which makes an indelible impression; stabbing (with reproaches).

nasfat, nasfa, A kind of black pumice-stone used for cleaning the feet.

a نسطى nasafi, Native of Nasaf.

nasq (v.n.), Putting in order, making (a speech) coherent, connecting it judiciously; threading (pearls);—nasaq, Order, method, series; arrangement, management; style, mode of writing, manner, habit; well-connected (oration); conformable; the constellation Orion; construed with the verbs bastan, dādan, sākhtan, giriftan, gumāshtan, &c.;—nasaq shudan, To be fixed, established, decided;—nasaq kardan, To punish by cutting off the nose or ears, or otherwise mutilating the criminal;—hurūfu 'n-nasaq, Conjunctive particles.

nasa q-an, In rows or ranks (as

men or trees).

a نسق بعد 'nasaq-band, Who orders, arranges, lays down foundations.

a t نسق چي nasaqchī, The imperial body-

guard.

انسك nask, A lentil; name of a triangular thorny plant;—nusk (Z. naska), A section or part of the Zand (of which there are twenty-one).

nask (v.n.), Cleaning (a garment), washing with water; -nusk, nask (v.n.), Being religious, devout; virtuous, dedicating, or sacrificing to God; divine worship, adoration, piety; everything due to God;—nusk, nusuk, A victim, sacrifice;—nasak, A frequented place;—nusak, A kind of bird; - nusuk, The blood of a victim; (pl. of nasīkat), eacrifices, victims; the fundamentals of divine worship.

سكا naskā, The earth, ground. نسكبا nask-bā, Leutil-broth.

A نسكة naskat (v.n. of نسكة), Being religious, devoted to the worship of God.

maskanj, A tickling, pinching. nasl (v.n.), (An animal) begetting or bringing forth (many young); moulting; casting (the coat); running fast; slipping from off the shoulders (a cloak); offspring, progeny, lineage, pedigree; relationship; stock, race, breed, caste, family; [nasli adham, Wine made from black grapes; -nasal (v.n.), Making haste, running fast; milk flowing spontaneously.

انسل nasalān (v.n. of نسلان), Making haste (in running); slipping off the shoul-

ders (a cloak).

a نسلى naslī, Of family.

nasam (v.n.), Blowing gently (wind), breathing (as odours); respiration; a gentle breeze; (pl. of nasamat), Souls, spirits; men.

مسمان nasamān (v.n. of نسمان), Blowing gently (wind), breathing (perfame).

nasamāt (pl. of the following), Living beings, the human race, mankind.

A مسعة nasamat, Breathing, respiration; an asthma; a man; a purchased slave.

nasmīl, Congruous, agreeing, suiting; one who fixes his residence any-

nasnās, nisnās, A monstrous نسناس race of men or demons who have only one leg and one arm, and move by leaping; a kind of ape, a marmoset, an ourang-outang; satyr, faun.

nasū, nisū, Slippery, smooth, bright (mirror, sword) ;-nasū kardan, To polish,

smooth, brighten.

A نوان niswān, Women, ladies. a نرائي niswānī, Feminine, womanly. nasūbār, (in Zand and Pāzand) نسوبار

Fasting.

naswat (v.n. of نسوة م), Forgetting; neglect or abandonment (of work) :- niswat, nuswat, Women.

nasūd, Soft, smooth, slippery (see

above).

nasūdī, The agricultural class, or the third of the four orders, into which Jamshed, king of Persia in ancient times, divided his subjects.

nusūr (pl. of nasr), Eagles; vul-

tures.

nusūs, Dryness.

مرع م nusu' (v.n.), Being shrunk (the gums, so that the roots of the teeth become visible); being loose (the teeth); having such teeth.

nasūf, (A camel) tearing up grass by the roots; (a horse) moving the feet near the ground when running; -nusuf (v.n. of نسف), Biting; mark of a bite.

مسول anusul (v.n. of نسول , Changing (the feathers), moulting; shedding his coat (a horse); dropping off; falling, slipping off (garments).

A wisun, Women, the female sex. a نسوى niswī, Womanly, feminine, fe-

malo.

a نسها nasahā, Veiny.

nas,hanitan, (in Zand and Pazand), To cook.

nasy (v.n.), Hurting the nerve of the thigh called nasa'; striking upon the vein nasa'; -nisy (v.n.), Forgetting; neglecting, omitting;—nisy, nasy, A thing forgotten or unworthy to be remembered; nasa' (v.n.), Suffering in the nerve nasa', being troubled with sciatica; -nasī, Troubled with sciatica; -nasi', An embolism of a month, or rather the throwing on of one, as muḥarram into safar;—nasīy, nasī, One who is not numbered with others, as despised or unworthy; forgetful; intercalary days of a lunar year.

A مسياه nasya', (A woman) pained in the

nerve nasa', troubled with sciatica.

مسيان nasyān, Forgetful ;—nisyān (v.n. of السي), Forgetting ; leaving, abandoning ; forgetfulness; oblivion; lethargy.

inisyān, Opposition, contradiction.

a نسياني nisyānī, Forgetfulness.

السب nasib (v.n. of نسيب), Celebrating (a mistress) in verse; conformable, corresponding; related to another; high in rank or birth; erotic, amatory poetry.

a سيبي nasībī, Author of an erotic poem ;

fond of women.

nus'at, nis'at, Purchase or sale on credit; -nusaiyat, nusaiya (dim. of niswat), Little women.

nasīj, Woven; incomparable, sole,

unique; a weaver.

nasijat, nasija, A web, anything woven; across (as one wind to another).

a سيع nasich, A kind of silken stuff embroidered with gold; weak in mind, foolish; pleased with oneself.

نسيخ nasīkh, Stupid, foolish, ignorant.

inasīdan, To put, place, leave. nasīram, A place where the sun shines not; a window; a sky-light.

مسيغ nasīgh, Perspiration, sweat.

nasif, A secret, anything spoken in a whisper; the mark of a bite of an ass; نسيفة the mark of a kick in the side;—also nasīfat, nasīfa, A kind of blackish pumicestone with which the feet are rubbed; black burnt stones.

nasīq, Joined in order. نسيك nasīk, Gold and silver.

nasīkat, nasīka, A sacrifice, vic-

tim; an ingot of gold or silver.
معنا معانل ه nasil, Melted honey separated

from the wax; feathers or hairs falling from animals.

A السينة nasīlat, nasīla, Offspring; a wick; honey.

nasila, nusila, A string or troop of

horses (cf. فسيله p. 929).

A cum nasīm (v.n. of lim, of l

nasīman, (in Zand) Prayer, wor-

ship.

a لسية nasīya, nasiya, Delay, adjournment, respite, credit;—ba-nasīya <u>kh</u>arīdan,

To buy on credit (see ﴿ Loove).

A ** nasi', Delayed, deferred; delay; a selling on credit; intercalary day of a lunar year; a month which the Pagan Arabians kept holy instead of another, as safar for muharram, in order that three months, during which they were prohibited from fighting, might not follow one another.

nasī'at, Delay, respite; credit.

اشر nash, nush, Shade, a shady place; the shadow of a lofty cap; alike, resembling, equal; phlebotomy; a wild piue-tree.

اش م nashsh, A weight of twenty dirhams, or drachmas.

A Lai nasha' (pl. of nāshi'), Youths; young women; (pl. of nashāt) young trees; (for nashāstaj) starch;—nashā' (v.n.) Growing, increasing; growing up (amongst); creating; starch; an agreeable smell.

مشاب nashshāb, An arrow-maker;—nushshāb (pl. of nushshābat), Arrows.

A مالك nashshābat, nashshāba, Archers; nushshābat, An arrow (especially a Persian arrow, made of wood, the Arabian reedarrow being called sahm).

nishābūr, نشاپور nishābūr, One of the capitals of Khurāsān (see ها below); name

of a note in music.

A قشان nash'at, nashā'at (v.n. of شنا), Growing; appearing, being produced; creating; anything produced, growing; creature;—nashāt, A young tree.

nashāt, A creature; anything produced or growing; appearing, growing. a مشاتين nashātain (obl. dn. used as

nom.), This world and the next.
سندن nishakhtan. To fix in the ground;

to establish, strengthen, appoint, specify; —andar-nishākhtan, dar-nishākhtan, To fixin the ground.

a معاضور nashā-khwur, A person who takes intoxicating drugs, a drunkard.

نشاخيدن nishā<u>kh</u>īdan, = نشاخيدن q.v. above. A نشان nishād (v.n. 8 of نشان), Praying, beseeching, conjuring.

كيادر Mushādir, nishādir, Sal-ammoniae.

يشاد أرسام ه nishād-arsām, The name of the solar globe.

nushārat, Sawdust; rotten wood نشارة

falling to powder.

وماينت nishārīdan, To scatter, bestow
gifts.

A نشانته nishāz (pl. of nashz), High places.

A نشاسته nishāstaj (from P. نشاسته),
Starch.

mishāstan, To cause to sit, place, seat.

nishāsta, Starch; placed, seated.

مناص nashās, Persons of the same age; a crowd of young girls; equal herds (of horses or camels);—nishās, nashās, A high, towering cloud; a full leathern bottle.

A المثن nashāṭ (v.n. of الثمن), Being brisk, lively, sprightly; cheerfulness, gladness, glee, joy, exultation, triumph, briskness, pleasure; construed with the verbs dādan, dāshtan, rekhtan, kardan, giriftan, yāftan;—nishāṭ (pl. of nashāṭ), Brisk, cheerful, lively.

a نشاط برست nashāṭ-parast, مشاط برست nashāṭmand, Cheerful, glad, given up to pleasure or merriment.

a نشاطى nashāṭī, Cheerful, brisk, lively, saucy.

nishāf, Dryness in the mouth from

extreme hunger; folly, thoughtlessness.

A نشات nishāf (pl. of nashfat), Black
pumice-stones for rubbing the feet;—nashshāf, One who dips bread into the pot, and
eats it slily by himself;—kāghizi nashshāf,
Blotting-paper.

A مُعَامَّةُ nushāfat, Froth of new milk; bilge-water; — nashshāfat, nashshāfa, A

napkin.

inashāk, (in Zand and Pāzand) نمائ

Sugar.

ولفن nishān, A sign, signal, mark, character, seal, stamp, impression, annotation, index; a butt, target (for archers); a trail; an ensign, flag, banner, standard, colonrs; family-arms, armorial bearings; the letter of a prince; a goal, term, boundary; a cicatrice, scar; part, portion, share; chance, lot; (in comp.) fixing, planting, establishing, allaying, impressing; construed with the verbs uftādan, andākhtan, bar-afshāndan, bar-dāshtan, dīdan, sadan, suturdan, kashīdan, guftan, &c.;—nishāni aqdas, The most sacred order (of Persia);—nishāni igal nuwār, The (Prussian) order

of the Black Eagle (aigle noir); -nishāni pahlawānī, An order of knighthood (m.c.); —nishāni timsāl, The order of the (Shāh's) Portrait (m.c.);—nishān dādan, To indicate, point out; to show (like the English verb used transitively and intransitively); to become apparent; to resemble;—nishāni dukkān, Sign-board of a shop; — nishāni zhartīr, The order of the Garter (m.c. from Fr. jarretière);—nishāni sant andra, (Russian) Order of St. Andrew (m.c.); - nishani sher u khwurshed. The order of the Lion and Sun; -nishāni lazhiyun dunor, Order of the Legion d'honneur (m.c.); nishān kardan, To impress, make a mark, sign, or signal; to sign a letter; to make an annotation; to resemble; -- nishāni majidiya, (Turkish) order founded by Sultān 'Abdu 'l-Majīd ; — nishāni mardī, The penis; -nishān nihādan, To betroth, affiance, or marry a woman by giving her a ring; -khātir-nishān, A memorial, remembrance.

nishān-bardār, A standardbearer.

nishānjī, The tracer of the royal نشاجي sign manual; keeper of the seals (= 1,46 tughrā-kash, or علام المعرا نويس tughrā-nawīs, which should be added p. 815. denda).

nishān-dār, A standard-bearer, نشان دار ensign, cornet; marked, signed; possessing

armorial bearings.

nishāndagī, Insertion, plantation. nishandan, To mark, delineate, place one thing upon another, in order to make an impression or ornament; to fix in the ground (a stone or stake) by way of signal; to insert; to plant (a tree); to shake (garments), to follow one, to attend, to dog; to quench (a fire) with water, to extinguish; to wipe, clean; to sit, or cause to sit; to prescribe business, to constitute, appoint; to put in order, place; to take aim; to put aside, to imprison;—dil nishandan, To set one's heart upon, to be obstinate in a matter.

nishānda, Planted; — nishānda'i dastī, Planted with (his) own hand.

nishānistan, To place, seat, make نشانستن

sit.

nishān-gāh, A butt, target; a goal.

nishāngar, One who makes a mark ; a pair of compasses; keeper of the seals.

ului nishāna, A butt for archers; a mark, sign, impression.

nishāna-andāz, Hitting the

mark, unerring ; a marksman.

inishānī, A mark, sign, token; نشالی signature; a token of remembrance; construed with the verbs dadan, sadan, kar-

mishānīdan, To mark, impress;

to quench thirst.

nishāwar, Name of a river in Persia. nashāyad, It does not suit; it is نعايد disagreeable, improper, or inconvenient.

a نشاى nashā'ī, A maker or vendor of

starch.

nashb (v.n.), Sticking to, being necessary; -nashab (v.u.), Adhering tenaciously, being fixed firmly; wealth in slaves, cattle, land, live or dead stock; a tree of which bows are made.

nishbara, Part of the food which cattle keep in their mouths to ruminate; a

shade.

nashbil, Laying one's hands on a نشبل thing; suspending; sewing or joining two

things together.

nashpīl, nishpīl, A net; a fishinghook; a hook for hanging anything up; a hooked pole for pulling down the boughs of fruit-trees.

nasht (cf. S. nashta), Destroyed, ruined, spoiled, lost, perished; withered; weak, lazy, languid; -nisht, Well, good, healthy.

nishtar, A lancet, fleam; a trocar; a canine tooth; -nishtar zadan, To apply

the lancet, to lance.

tnishtar-zada, Lanced. نشتر زدة

nishtan, To sit; to remain;—nishtan chun khāk, To sit quietly and at ease; to sit miserably with downcast head.

nashtū, Name of a man.

نشتى nishtī, Goodness; weal; how are you?

nashaj, An aqueduct, canal, water-

nushkhār, nishkhār, What ruminant animals throw up to be chewed; the cud.

nishkhwār, nushkhwār, نشخوار nishkhwār, nush nishkhwura, Chewing the cud; the cud; -nushkhwār zadan (kardan), To chew the cud, ruminate.

nishkhwār-zananda, Rumi- نشخوار زنندة

nant.

nashd (v.n.), Seeking (anything نعد م lost); giving information to the owner of a thing lost; conjuring by the name of God; reciting poetry.

مدان مندان nishdan, Seeking, searching. مندان مندان مندان nishdat (v.n. of نشدة), Seeking (anything lost); asking, inquiring, be-seeching for the love of God; a sound, noise, voice; verses which are desired to be repeated.

nashr (v.n.), Spreading (a table or carpets); expanding, extending, diffusing; publishing (news); reviving, recalling to life; coming to life (one dead); being refreshed by rain and rendered verdant again (dry herbage); cutting with a saw; a fragrant smell; the smell of a woman's breath;—nashri khwān kardan, To cover a table; -hashr u nashr, (assembling and reviving) The

resurrection;—nushr, nushur (pl. of nashūr), Diffused (winds) scattering clouds and causing rain;—nashar, Scattered (sing. and pl.); men scattered without a leader; a nocturnal dispersion of sheep pasturing without a shepherd;—nushur, Sponte effluens viri sperma.

nushrat, nushra, An amulet, preventive, charm to drive away madness or disease;—nushra'i tiflan, Anything written with saffron on the tablets of children for

averting evil.

nashram, A place impervious to the sun.

a نشرى nashrī, Diffusive, dispersive.

A jai nashz (v.n.), Ascending, sitting, standing on a high place; a high place;—nashaz, A high place; height of situation; an old man, but sound in body;—nashiz, Soft and flaccid.

inishast, He sat down; sitting; session;—nishast dashtan (kardan), To converse with;—nishast kardan, To sit down; to sink (a building);—shuturnishast, Sitting on or riding a camel; a riding-camel.

nishast-bar-khāst, Good-

breeding, etiquette, politeness.

nishast-gāh (ن gah), A place on which one sits; the time or place of sitting; a dwelling, habitation, residence; buttocks.

To sit down, recline; to sink, settle down, precipitate; to dwell, inhabit; to settle upon (as dust); to remain; to extinguish; to be extinguished; to cease fermenting (wine, &c.); to sit out (as a dance, or acts in a play, m.c.); being seated, seat (m.c.);—nishastani tegh bar fasān, The sharpening of a sword;—nishastan u khāstan, To behave, to deport oneself;—bar dari dil-hā nishastan, To strive to win people's hearts;—khāna nishastan, To stop at home (m.c.);—dar khwud nishastan, To collect or recover oneself;—dar khwai nishastan, To be utterly ashaned (so as to perspire).

nishastan-gah, The place where-

on one sits; the buttocks.

inishastanī, Whatever one is carried upon (as a horse, camel, vehicle, or ship); any place or thing in which one sits.

nishasta, Sitting; who sits or resides; (dust) settled upon (anything);—barham-nishasta, Collected together, accumulated, heaped, piled up;—firo-nishasta, Low, depressed, humble; sitting in a low place.

nushus (pl. of nashās), Towering نشمي ۸

clouds.

مشط nasht (v.n.), Carrying one from place to place (anxiety); going out, exit; pulling (a bucket out of a well) without

the aid of a pulley; untwisting (a rope);

biting (a serpent).

nashf (v.n.), Going away, perishing; sinking into the ground (water); (a garment) imbibing (perspiration), or a cistern (water), or paper (ink); absorption;—nashaf, Black, burnt-looking pumicestones; ground imbibing water, or the water so sucked up.

nashfat, nashfa, A pumice-stone for rubbing the feet;—nushfat, nushfa, A little remaining in the bottom of a vessel; froth of new milk;—nashifat, nashifa,

Ground which imbibes water.

nashq (v.n.), Smelling (anything fragrant); snuffing up (medicine or perfume); being caught and entangled in a net (a deer); odour, perfume; [makrûhu 'n-nashq, Of a disagreeable flavour or smell;]—nashiq, One who embarrasses himself in affairs from which he cannot extricate himself.

nashk, nashak, A wild pine;—nashk, nashik, Dragons-wort, a herb; a pomegranate; tooth of elephant, hog, or serpent.

نشكرد كازران nashkardi gāzurān, A sponge. نشكنع nishkunj, Pinching; tickling, twitching.

سنكنجيدن nishkunjīdan, To pinch, nip,

twitch.

نشكردة nishgirda, nishgarda, A cobbler's knife.

nashl (v.n.), Pulling away or carrying off with violence; taking (meat out of a cauldron) with the hands, with a flesh-hook, or anything but a ladle;—nashil, One who thus takes meat out of the pot.

نشل nashal, Sticking, glueing; suspending, hauging up; being hung up; suspen-

sion; a fish-hook.

نشليدن nashlīdan. To hang up, to suspend; to clutch, to snatch (in this meaning apparently derived from A. nashl).

nasham (v.n.), Being marked with black and white specks; a kind of tree of which bows are made;—nashim, (A bull) marked with black and white spots.

inashman, Fortune;—nishmin (for nisheman?), A seat; a throne; a people,

nation, tribe, family.

inashmīn, A native country (see نشيض of which it is perhaps a misreading).

نشنيدنى nashnidanī, Unfit to be heard. فشنيدة nashnīda, Who hears not; unheard.

nashw (v.n.), Inquiring whence (news) comes; being intoxicated;—nushū', nushū (v.n. of النف), Creating; living; growing up;—nushū yāftan, To grow up;—nushū u namā, Growth and increase;—nushū u namā kardan, To grow and thrive.

i nushū, Plain, level, smooth, slippery.

nashwā, Oxyacanth-fruit; wild plum. مغوال nashwād, Name of a hero of Tūrān. مغوار nishwār (for P. لشخوار q.v. above), Food which a ruminating animal keeps in the mouth to chew; a stall for cattle; name of a man.

nishwāra, Frankincense; a shade. A نشوان nashwān, Intoxicated.

م الشب nushūb (v.n. of نشب), Becoming fixed.

A مثور nashūr, (Wind) diffused, scattering clouds, and causing rain;—nushūr (v.n. of نغر), Rising from the dead, reviving; receiving vernal showers and putting forth vegetation (ground); recalling to life; resurrection;—ba's u nushūr, The rising and reviving of the dead (on the day of judgment);—yaumu 'n-nushūr, The day of resurrection.

nishwara, Frankincense.

A مشون nushūz (v.n. of مشون), Being disobedient to her husband (a woman); being angry and ill-treating his wife (a man); refractoriness (of a wife); brutality (on the part of a husband); (pl. of nashz) high places.

nashūs, Straight, upright (spear);
—nushūs (v.n. of اشمن), Being high (a cloud); being put out of its place, disturbed; being torn away from home or country; (= نشوز) refractoriness (of a wife); brutality (of a husband).

wife); brutality (of a husband).

• nashūt, A deep well; a fish which

is generally eaten salted.

م المدرع nashū', One who breathes hard;
-nashū', nushū', A medicine swallowed or
snuffed up;-nushū' (v.n. of نشع), Suggesting (a speech to another), putting it into
his mouth; teaching, making him understand it.

شوع nashugh, A medicine swallowed or snuffed up.

nashūq, A medicine snuffed up.

د نشول ه nushāl (v.n. of نشول), Being lean (the thigh); drawing (a thing) out with haste; lying with.

nashw-numā, Growing up.

a sale nishwa, nashwa, Drunkenness, intoxication, hilarity produced by drink; inquiry into news; receiving of intelligence, information; the mixture of any ingredients to form a composition, especially medicine, as antidotes against venom; treacle; odonrs, perfumes.

nishwa-bakhsh, Inebriating, in-

toxicating, exhilarating.

nashwī, The city of Nakhchawān. نشرى nashī, A porcupine, hedgehog.

مهان nashyān, One who inquires after or learns any news; one who obtains the earliest information; drunk, intoxicated.

nishīb, A descent, declivity; low, hollow;—nishībi zamīn, Lowness of ground,

slope of any place;]—nishīb u firāz, Descent and ascent.

بغيب الراز nishīb-farāz, Up and down; the ups and downs of life; profit and loss; the advantages and disadvantages of any affair.

nishīb-gāh, A descent; low place.

A مُشِيَّة nash'at, Growth.

nashid, Verses which people recite alternately; a raising of the voice; seeking for what is lost.

nished, Song, poetry (see the pre-

ceding article).

nishīdan, To put, to place.

nashira, Frankincense. نشيرة

nashish (v.n. of نشيئ), Failing, drying up, being exhaled or absorbed in the ground (water); making a hissing noise (meat when roasting, or a hot iron immersed in water); the noise of anything boiling.

nashīt, Brisk, cheerful, frisky;

name of a certain architect.

nashītat, nashīta, Booty which a soldier plunders on his route before arriving at the destined place of expedition.

نشيل nashil, Hanged, suspended.

a لشيل nashīl, Meat dressed alone, without pot-herbs, spiceries, and the like; (meat) taken out of the pot with the hand or a fork.

a نشيلا nashīlā, Intoxicating.

nishem, A bird's nest; a resting-place.

nisheman, A seat, bench, stool, chair; a settlement, mansion; one's native country; a bird's nest; construed with the verbs dāshtan, kardan, giriftan, yala kardan, &c.

الثيمن ديو nisheman-dev (nishemand dev),

The world.

nashima, Raw hides used for swordbelts and the like.

mishin. The north pole; the outward covering of a cushion; the skin inside the anus; (in comp.) sitting, sitting down or along with; an associate; a successor;—suffa-nishin, Sitting on a throne, i.e. a reigning prince.

nishīnanda, Sitting; seated.

نفينه nishīna, Place where birds or other animals sit.

nishīv, Steep; a declivity, descent.

A deam; nashi'at, Germ; beginning, apparition, origin, birth.

nass (v.n.), Elevating, raising; going or driving fast; manifesting, demonstrating, exhibiting; causing (a bride) to sit on a bridal throne (see منه p. 1329); interrogating close, examining an evidence; history, tradition; text, wording, demonstration, proof; the Qur'an;—nassi karīm, The text of the Qur'an.

nas' (v.n.), Raising, lifting up;

checking, crying out to (a camel);—also nigā' (v.n. 3 of نحر), Taking hold of (an-

other's) forelocks when fighting.

niṣāb (v.n. 3 of ألست), Returning; return; handle of a knife; root, origin, principle; capital, principal, property; a certain estate or number of cattle, for which legal alms or a tax (see āli) p. 619) are paid; rank, dignity; fortune; [niṣābu 'ṣ-ṣibyān, (the capital stock of children) Title of an Arabic vocabulary with a Persian translation in rhyme;—ifādat-niṣāb, Learned (instructor);—ṣāḥib-niṣāb, High in dignity, fortunate;]—naṣṣāb, Sly, cunning, plotful.

of a Qur'an-reader;—nassah, A tailor;—nassah (pl. of nasih), Councillors, advisers;

sincere friends.

a سامات niṣāḥat, Ropes with nooses

placed for catching monkeys.

A ألام naṣāḥat (v.n. of المح), Advising, giving counsel; wishing well;—niṣāḥat, niṣāḥa (pl. of niṣāḥ), Threads.

naṣāḥiyat, An advising, giving

counsel.

ماره المارة naṣṣār, A name common amongst the Arabians;—nuṣṣār (pl. of nāṣir), Assistants.

naṣārá (pl. of naṣrān), Christians, Nazarenes.

A نماف niṣāf, نماف naṣāfat (v.n. of نصف),
Serving (as a domestic).

نماني naṣāfī, A kind of Egyptian stuff, half silk and half cotton.

سال ه niṣāl (pl. of naṣl), Points of arrows; (in P. also sing.) an arrow-head; spear-heads.

A sai'ih (pl. of naṣāhat), Counsels, advices. admonitions;—naṣā'ihi pur maṣā-liḥ, Salutary advice, admonitions full of safety;—naṣā'ihi sāliha'i pīrān, The sound

admonitions of the aged.

a was (v.n.), Erecting, establishing, fixing, planting, elevating, exalting, rearing; playing tricks upon, plotting; bearing hatred: travelling languidly; marking a consonant with the vowel fatha - a as sign of the accusative; this vowel itself as used in inflection, not in the formation of a word; anything erected, as a statue, image, or idol; a milestone, direction-post; [nasbu 'l-'arab, A delicate species of Arabian music, softer than hida'; -nasba 'l-'ain, In full view;—nash kardan, To settle, fix, appoint; to hoist (m.c.); - ahlu 'n-nașb, The enemies of 'Alī;]-nisb, Part, portion, lot; good fortune; -nusb, nusub, A sign, military standard; an idol; evil, calamity; sickness, disease; - nasab, Grief, trouble, affliction, sadness; a sign-post; - nasib, Sick, diseased, pained; — nusub niṣāb, Handles, hafts, hilts.

nasbat, Opposition, resistance to a

hostile attack; -nusbat, nusba, A ship's mast; a raised column.

nash, nush (v.n.), Advising, giving counsel; wishing well, being a sincere friend; sewing (a garment);—nush (pl. of nisāh), Threads in needles ready for sewing;—nussah (pl. of nāṣih), Monitors; sincere friends.

nuṣaḥā' (pl. of naṣīḥ), Faithful;

faithful monitors or advisers.

A ya naṣr, in P. also naṣar (v.n.), Succouring, helping; rescuing, delivering (from evil); assistance, aid; victory; a gift, present; construed with the verbs dādan, kardan, &c.; name of the founder of an Arabian tribe; also of a chief in Mecca at the time of Iskandar; also of a brother of Sultān Mahmūd; (pl. of nāṣir) helpers, assistants; [naṣrun min allāh, Victory from God;]—nuṣar, Helpers.

A olyo nusarā' (pl. of nasīr), Assistants;

defenders.

مراني naṣrān, fem. نمراني naṣrānat, naṣ-rāna, A Christian, Nazarene; name of a village in Syria.

a نصراني كداز naṣrānī-gudāz, Destroyer of

Christians.

a نحرالي naṣrānī, fem. محرالي naṣrānīyat, naṣrānīya, Ā Christian; belonging to Christianity;—a'n-naṣrānīyat, Christianity.

nusrat, Assistance, help, defence,

efficient aid; victory.

a تمرت اثر nuṣrat-aṣar, Victorious.

a مرت مو nusrat-jo, Seeking victory, war-like.

a فوي كستر nuṣrat-qarīn, امرت قرين nuṣrat-

a نمرى naṣrī, Triumphal, victorious.

nis', A kind of white cloth or leather;—nisa', A piece of leather on which

people sit, or play at draughts.

nasf (v.n.), Reaching to the middle of anything; taking the half; arriving at middle-age; being about mid-day;—nisf, nusf, The half; (a man, men, or woman) of a middle stature or age; [nisfu'n-nahār, In the middle of the day; noon; — nisfl da'ira, Semicircle; — nisfl ziyāda-tar-ash, More than half of it (m.c.);—nisfl qutr, Radius (of a circle);—dar nisfu 'l-lail, In the middle of the night;—dar nisfl tarīq, In the middle of the journey;]—nasaf, Justice, equity; middle-aged (man or woman); (pl. of nassif) domestics, servants.

م المفان nasfān, Half-full (vessel).

a نمانمت nifs-ā-nisf, Half, dividing in two, cutting through the middle, being in the middle.

م مناه nasfat, Justice, equity; an equitable transaction;—nasafat, nasafa, Middleaged.

unisf-quir, Radius (of a circle). مفع قطر nasfa (fem. of nasfān), Half-full (vessel).

a نعظی nisfī, A sort of wine-goblet; a kind of astrolabe; bad silver, base coin; name of a musical instrument.

nasl, The point of a spear, sword, or knife; the crown of the head.

naslat, nasla, The crown of the head.

naşw (v.n.), Seizing (one), especially by the forelocks; extending and drawing out the forelocks; allowing the forelocks (of a dead person) to grow.

A true nasūh, True, constant, sincere (repentance); a faithful friend; well sewed; [tauba'i naṣūh, Sincere, unrelapsing penitence;]-nusūh (v.n. of نصح), Being true, faithful, sincere.

naṣūr, A helper;—nuṣūr (v.n. of فر), Assisting, helping, succouring (the oppressed).

nuṣūs (pl. of naṣṣ), Demonstrations, proofs, evidences :- nusūsu 'sh-shāfi'ī. The institutions of Shafi'i (the great Muhammadan lawyer).

nuṣū' (v.n. of المع nuṣū' (v.n. of مرع ▲ lively (colour); being very white, snowcoloured; being manifest, clear, evident, conspicuous.

nuṣūf (v.n. of انمف), Having dates partly red and partly green (a

palm-tree).

nuṣūl (v.n. of نصل), Losing (its) dye (the hand, hair, or beard); losing (its) head (a spear); falling off (a nail or hoof); being firmly fixed in anything (an arrow); (pl. of nasl) spear-heads.

ميب naṣīb, A part, portion; chance, lot; good fortune; fate, destiny; a spread net; a prize (in a lottery); a fish-pond; [nasib shudan, To have the fortune (to gain anything), to be destined; -bī naṣīb shudan, To be frustrated, to be deprived of; to be unfortunate;]—nusaib, Name of a poet.

naṣībat, naṣība, Anything erected نحيبة for a signal; a stone wall round a cistern; a part, portion, lot; livelihood.

a اميبدار naṣīb-dār, A partaker; one who receives what he is entitled to by lot.

a نميبداش naṣīb-dāsh, A companion in fortune, having the same fate or lot.

a نميبة naṣība, A lot, fortune (see also above).

a نصيبةوار naṣībawār, Fortune.

a نصيبي naṣībī, A native of Nasībīn.

naṣībīn, Nisibis in Mesopotamia.

a نسيبينى naṣībīnī, Belonging to Nasībīn.

ميع ه naṣīḥ, Faithful, sincere; an adviser, a monitor.

aṣīḥat, Counsel, advice, exhortation, admonition, reprimand; a sermon; an advertisement, precaution; moral;naşīḥat kardan, To exhort, admonish.

a just inașihat-āmez, Mixed with

good advice.

naṣīḥat-pazīr, Listening to advice.

a نميمتكر naṣiḥatgar, Admonisher, adviser.

a نميجت کری naṣīḥat-garī, The offering of advice, admonition.

naṣiḥat-guzār, Who offers advice or counsel.

a نميوت المون naṣīḥat-namūn, Showing documents: an adviser.

a نميست نبوش naṣīḥat-niyosh, Who listens to advice.

a محمد naṣīḥa, An office for revenuepapers.

naṣīr, An assistant, defender, ally, helper; -nusair, Name of a faithful adherent to 'Ali, after whom the sect, mentioned in the following article, is called.

a نصرى nuşairī, Of or relating to Nusair (see preceding article); one who believes in the divinity of 'Ali; one who sacrifices his life out of devotion :—naṣirī, A superior kind of melon.

ميف م naṣīf, Half; a woman's veil; a man's turban, or any covering for the head; (a striped garment) of two colours; a certain measuring instrument or vessel containing half a w mudd, q.v., p. 1199;nusaif (dim. of nasaf). A little middle-aged

ا نميل naṣīl, The joint under the jaw between the head and neck.

A نض nazz (v.n.), Flowing gently (water) ; exuding (through any vessel); gold or silver money.

nazzāh, One who draws water by means of a camel, and drives him with it towards a palm-plantation.

nazzāḥat, nazzāḥa, A kind of aromatic.

مناخ م nizākh (v.n. 3 of نامع), Sprinkling water on one another; —nazzakh, Copious (raiu).

مناعة nazzākhat, nazzākha, Plentifullyflowing (fountain); a cameleopard, giraffe.

nazār, Gold or silver;—nizār (pl. of nazr), Golds, silvers;—nuzār, Gold; a bead of pure fossile gold; purest or best part; -nuzār, nizār, A wood of which vessels are made; -qadahi nuzār (in P. also simply nuzār), A cup made of this wood.

مارة م nazārat (v.n. of نامر), Flourishing, being green (as a tree); verdancy, verdure; beauty, lustre, brightness, freshness, floridness, pleasingness; — nuzāra, The tamarisk-tree.

nizāz, That which is distilled نماهي ه drop by drop; a gift; (pl. of nazīz) small quantities of milk or water;—nuzāz, The best (sort of people);—nazzāz, and nazzāzat, nazzāza, (A serpent) in perpetual motion, whose bite is instant death.

nizāj, Performance of service.

a سالع nizāfat (for كالعا q.v.), Cleanli-

ness, neatness, purity.

• انعل niçāl (v.n. 3 of نعل), Contending in throwing the javelin; a battle; -nuzzāl (pl. of nazil), Warriors.

naṣā'iẓ (pl. of naṣīẓ), Small

quantities of water.

▲ & nazzat, nazza, Gold or silver money. A cas nazi, nuzi (v.n.), Ripening (as dates); being near ready (meat to be dressed); suppuration.

a يالنه nazj-yāfta, (Meat) cooked,

A nazh (v.n.), Sprinkling; slightly quenching thirst, giving a sprinkling (to cool the tongue); drawing water, also watering (palm-trees) by the assistance of a camel, &c.; opening and putting forth its buds (a tree); removing; returning; -nazah, A watering-trough, a cistern;nuṣuḥ (pl. of naṣīḥ), Watering-troughs.

nazkh (v.n.), Scattering, dispersing, diffusing (odours); bursting (as water) from a fountain; boiling or bubbling up (water); remains of perfume upon garments.

nazd (v.n.), Spreading (carpets) one over another; - nazad, Carpets, cushions, or other similar furniture laid one upon another; a throne, bed, or couch covered with them; the best of such fur-

nagr (v.n.), Endowing with beauty and every ornamental excellence (God); gold or silver; name of the father of a tribe of Quraish; -nizr, A wife; -nazar (v.n.),

Flourishing, being green (a tree); freshness of countenance; brightness, beauty.

A نام nazrat, Brightness, splendour, beauty; freshness of countenance; opu-

lence, affinence, fortune; pleasure.

a نامى naṣarī, Of the Jewish tribe Nazīr. nazf (v.n.), Sucking the udder dry (camel-colt); serving (as a domestic); -nazaf, Wild marjoram; -nazif, Unclean,

هل ه nazl (v.n.), Darting, shooting with bow and arrow; conquering at that exercise; -nazal (v.n.), Being lean, fatigued

(camel).

مناض naznāz, = نساض nazzāz q.v. above. nazw (v.n.), Pulling (the garments off another), stripping; -nazw, nuzūw (v.n. of نامر), Going off from the beard, head, hands, or feet (dye);—nizw, fem. ندوهٔ nizwat, nizwa, An emaciated camel or other beast; a worn, tattered garment; the wood of an arrow up to the point.

اندب nuṣub (v.n. of نفرب , Flowing, running, descending, sinking (water in the earth); dying; being diminished, scarce

(produce).

A دنون nazūh, A species of aromatic; anything which is poured in the mouth, as medicine;—nuzūh, A drawing of water by the assistance of cattle.

auzūr, Brightness, beauty.

هي nazīy, nazī. An arrow without a head or feathers; a gaming-arrow newly polished; that part of a spear or arrow from the handle or feather to the head: the back of the neck with the bone or joints from the ears to the shoulders;nuzīy, nuzī (v.n. of نعو), Starting from a troop, outstripping other horses; going through, passing beyond (an arrow); pulling off (a garment); drawing (a sword).

م المناع nazij, Ripe (fruit); well-cooked (meat); -nazīju 'r-ray, Matured in judg-

ment.

الميح naṣīḥ, A watering-trough.

aaṣīd, Piled one upon another.

۱ نسيدة م nazīdat, nazīda, A cushion, a pillow.

nazīr, Gold or silver; florid, vivid, splendid, bright; name of a Jewish tribe that dwelt at Khaibar.

منيض م naṣīṣ (v.n. of نام), Flowing gently (water); exuding, sweating; oozing; a small quantity of milk or water; lean (man),

nazīzat, nazīza, A little rain;

water gliding softly.

A قالة natat, in P. نطاق, Name of a fortress of Khaibar; also of a fountain at and pasture-ground of Khaibar.

ماح ه nattah, Butting (ram).

nuttar (pl. of natir), Keepers of vineyards or palm-gardens; a scarecrow.

nitarat, The charge of a vineyard or palm-garden.

niţāf, A falconer's glove.

niţāf (pl. of nut fat), Clear waters. nitāq, A girdle, zone; a kind of female garment, being a cloth fastened round the waist, the outer fold reaching to the knees, the interior to the ground; (in math.) arc (of a circle); the fourth part of the inhabited world; construed with bastan, gustardan, &c.; [niţāqi kahkashān, The milky-way; — zāt niţāqain, Name of Asma' daughter of Abu Bakr;] -nattāq, A great talker.

natanit (pl. of natnat, natnat),

Tall (men); long (things).

A LANGE nata'if (pl. of nutfat), Small quantities of water remaining at the bottom of a bucket or bottle; rivers, seas.

nath (v.n.), Butting with the horns, نطح A goring; -a'n-nath, The two horns of the ram, i.e. the two bright stars in the head of Aries.

اطر natr (v.n. of نظر), Keeping guard, watching a vineyard or palm-garden; the

charge or care of a palm-garden.

nutara', نظرة natarat, natara (pl. of natir), Keepers of vineyards or palmgardens.

A ω, ω nagrūn, Nitre; natrou; borax; native alkaline salt.

nate, natie, natue, Intelligent, ingenious, learned, skilful, accurate; -natas (v.n.), Excelling in learning, intelligence, and ingenuity; -natis, Extremely careful in avoiding everything impure; -nutus, Skilful physicians; persons extremely nice and careful in keeping clear from all im-

purity.

nat', nata', nati', nita', A sheet of dressed leather, which is spread as a table or table-cloth; also one upon which people play at chess or draughts; or on which a criminal sits to be decapitated; the forepart of the palate; also its corrugations; construed with the verbs andakhtan, qustardan, &c.; -nații jawăhirī, A sheet of leather on which jewellers put pearls and gems to be threaded; -nati'u tasht, A basin covered with cloth (brought forth when a king was to be beheaded).

nat'i-andaz, The spreading of

a leather cloth.

a نطعی nat'ī, A cloth on which a horse, destined for the use of a king, was placed, to distinguish it from others; leather anointed with sesame oil of which the breeches of wrestlers were made; a champion wrestler.

a نطعی پوش nat'ī-posh, A champion wrestler.

مطف naif (v.n.), Flowing (water); accusing, suspecting, impeaching; emission; -nataf (v.n.), Being suspected of, or tainted by, vice or crime; being spoiled (a thing); being hurt by a wound penetrating to the brain; a vice, corruption, evil; -natif, Wounded in the head; unclean, impure;—nutaf (pl. of nut fat), Spermata genitalia; seas, clear waters; (pl. of nutafat) earrings.

natafan, The flowing (of water).

A dabi nut fat, nut fa, Clear water, whether little or much, lymph; a little water remaining in a bottle; the sea; sperma hominis; race, stock, descent (m.c.); natafat, nat fa, An ear-ring; a small pure

nutq, in P. also nutaq (v.n.), Speaking, pronouncing, articulating; a word, speech, articulation, pronunciation; [bastagī'i nutq, Silence, speechlessness;] nutuq, Parts of a mountain which overtop others; (pl. of niţāq) female drawers or trowsers.

A blubi natnat, bubi natnat, Tall, long.

nagw (v.n.), Drawing out, laying down (the warp) in a loom; being absent, far distant; being silent.

nuţū' (pl. of niţa'), Sheets of leather used as table-cloths; the fore parts of the palate.

natūf, Rainy and dark (night), نطوف ه till morning.

nutūfat (v.n. of نطف), Being suspected of, or tainted by, vice.

الله المارة مارة المار

natūl, Warm water medicinally نطول ه prepared, and poured from a vessel slowly over the head; an embrocation; -nuful (v.n. of نطل), Pouring forth an embroca-

a نطى nați, Distant (place).

natih, (Game) coming in front of one; butted by a ram; hateful, detestable, despicable; (a horse) having two circular spots on his forehead (a blemish, while one such spot is not considered a defect).

natīhat, natīha, (A beast) gored نطيحة

to death.

nittie. A physician: skilful.

agīsh, Motion. نطيش ه

nizār, Physiognomy, sagacity, penetration; -nazgār, Noble-spirited, sharpeyed (horse); a scrutinizer; name of a tribe of Arabians; -nuzzār, Spectators.

nazārat, nazāra, Inspection, superintendency, administration; a walking and looking about; construed with the verbs dāshtan (dokhtan, kardan, &c.) bar; -- nagzārat, nazzāra, nazāra, Spectators.

nazzāragān, nazāragān (pl. of

nazzāra), Spectators.

نظاركي nazzāragī, Seeing, looking at; sight;—nazzāragī kardan, To look on.

nazzāragiyān (pl. of the preceding), Spectators, beholders.

above. نظارة nazzāra, nazāra, see a نظارة كنان nazāra-kunān, Showing.

a كاد مارة كاة nazāra-gāh, A pleasant pros-

pect. a اظارة كداز nazāra-gudāz, Causing the be-

holder to melt, i.e. to be consumed with longing (a face).

a نظارى nazzārī, A superior kind of camel (bred by the Banu Nazzār).

azāfat, Cleanness, neatness, pu-

rity.

A نظام nizām (v.n. of نظام), Joining in a row, stringing (pearls); arranging, governing, regulating; adorning, making verses; a white line on the tail of a crocodile, lizard, or fish; order, disposition, arrangement; a string of pearls or beads, or that upon which they are strung; composition of verses; custom, habit, mode, way of life, institution; the right way, right line; foundation, basis, constitution; construed with the verbs dādan, dāshtan, giriftan, yāftan, &c.; [nizāmu 'l-'ālam, nizāmu 'lmulk (or simply nigām), The administrator (lit. the good order) of the world, of the empire (a title given by the king and people to the Grand Vizier); -nazzām, A stringer of pearls.

A white colour running from the head to the tail of a crocodile, lizard, or fish.

nizāmat, Administration of justice, government, arrangement, regulation.

a نطاسی nizāmī, Name of a famous

poet.

nizāmīyat, nizāmīya, A college in Damascus founded by the celebrated Nizāmu 'l-mulk, Vizier of Sultan Alp Arslan, A.D. 1056.

A join nazā'ir (pl. of nazārai, nazūrai), Those who are looked upon or revered above all others; eminent, venerable, or respectable men; nobles, grandees, chief men; like, similar; resemblances.

nazā'if (pl. of nazīfat), Clean

(things).

aagr (v.n.), Expecting, waiting for ; delaying, granting a delay or respite; selling on credit; - nizr, Like, resembling; nazar (v.n.), Looking at, beholding, seeing, gazing upon, viewing, turning the eyes or the mind towards, scauning; attending to; considering, pondering, weighing, measuring, rating, valuing, estimating; pride, selfesteem; sight, vision, view; look, glance; an oversight; doubt, uncertainty, perplexity; construed with the verbs awardan (bargumāshtan, paiwastan, dāshtan, zadan, firokhwurdan, kashīdan, guzāshtan, gumāshtan) ba, also with $b\bar{a}\underline{k}\underline{h}tan(b\bar{u}dan)b\bar{a}$, in the sense of "to contemplate, behold, observe;" with andākhtan bar, kardan dar, in the sense of "to glance at, cast the eyes upon;" with dashtan bā or bar, in the sense of "to take care of, to look favourably upon;" with gardānīdan (giriftan) az, in the sense of "to avert the eye from, to reject, to repudiate;"—nazar ab dihad. The eye sheds tears; - nazari im'an, Attentive consideration, a look of attention; - nazari ba'id, A prospect; — nazari sānī, A review or second examination of recruits at which they are finally passed; revisal of a writing or book; -nazar just kardan ba, To fix the look upon; — nazari kase payi kase ast, One's curse or malediction takes effect upon another; -nazari mukarrar, Review, revisal;—az nazar rāndan, To drive out of (one's) sight, to expel;—ahli nazar, Sagacious, penetrating; — ba-nazari man, According to my view, in my opinion (m.c.); -haiyi nazar, A town or village closely adjoining to another ;-dar nazar, In sight, within eye-sight; in the sight of men;dar nagar dāshtan kase-rā, To expect or anticipate another's ruin; — dar nazar giriftan, To contemplate, to observe; dīwāni nazar, A council-board.

nuzarā' (pl. of nazīr), Equals,

likes.

المرات بارات مرات nazarāt, Looks; appearances.

A دلاراي nazarān (v.n. of ظر), Seeing, looking at, viewing, scanning.

nazar-andāz, Cast off, out of نظر انذاز

sight.

نظر باز الله nazar-bāz, One who plays with or deceives the eyes; an ogler; a juggler. الطر بازى nazar-bāzī, Ogling; illusion.

nazar-band, Strictly watched (without imprisonment), under surveillance; fascination of conjurors.

nazar-bandī, Confinement.

a by nazrat, nazra, One look, glance; an apparition; fascination, malignant eye, look of a demon; deformity, vice, defect; ugliness or change of countenance; pity, mercy; [nazra'i ula', The first glance, at first sight;]—nazirat, nazira, Delay, respite, space granted; credit.

نظر كاة nazar-gāh, Place of sight; a theatre or place where any spectacle is exhibited; the tomb of a prophet or holy

man.

a who nazari, Speculative, notional, ideal; not improvised (opp. to badīhī "ex-

tempore").

A chi nazm (v.n.), Joining (pearls) in a row; composing (verses); order, arrangement; a string (of pearls); poetry, verse (opp. to nasr "prose composition"); a large flight (of locusts); three stars in Orion; construed with the verbs andākhtan, dādan, sanjādan, kardan, gustardan, &c.; [nazmi umūri bilād, Arrangement of affairs of state;—nazm bastan bar kase, To ascribe the authorship of a book to one;—nazm u nasaq, Order and arrangement;—ba-nazm āwardan, To turn into verse (m.c.);—nāma dar nazm āwardan, To compose a book in verse;]—nuzum (pl. of nizām), Strings of pearls; bases, constitutions of things.

a نظم آرای nazm-ārāy, Adorning, or

adorned with, poetry.

a نظم كرارش nazm-guzārish, Composing poetry, verse-making.

a نظمى nazmī, A composer, arranger; a

poet.

A مظور nazūr, One who attentively looks at another he likes; one who is looked upon or revered above all others, a venerable or respectable man; — nuzūr (v.n. of مظرر), Looking attentively at; — nuzūr kardan, To look after, to take care of (m.c.).

nazūrat, nazūra, First line or van

of an army.

A بافت nazīr, Alike, resembling, equal to;
—nazīru 's-samt (or simply nazīr), The
Nadir or point of the lower hemisphere, in
cpposition to the vertical point Zenith;
—majlisi jannat-nazīr, An assembly resembling paradise.

nagīrat, nazīra, One who is looked upon or revered above all others, a venerable or respectable man; the first line or

van of an army; a similitude, comparison, example, specimen.

nazīf, Pure, clean; alkali or the

ashes;—nazīfu 's-sarāwīl, Chaste.

A مثلت nazīm, That to which syllables of similar endings answer; well-arranged (assembly).

nu'āb, The croaking of a crow.

A گانعن na'ātat (v.n. of نعاتگ), Being qualified, praised, celebrated.

ni'āj (pl. of na'jat), Ewes; wild

cows, especially white.

nu'as, Somnolency, drowsiness, lethargy;—na"ās, Sleepy, drowsy, coma-

م العام الله nu'ās-sada, Lethargic, comatose

to, checking (sheep); croaking (a raven).

A مانقا (pl. of na'l, in P. also used

as sing.), Shoes, slippers; horse-shoes; clogs; pattens;—na"āl, and— a نعالی ni'ālī, A shoe or sandal-maker.

na'am, An ostrich; the ostrichspecies; a direction-post set up in the desert; cross-beam of a well; sole of the foot; name of a place; yes.

A dole na'āmat, na'āma, One ostrich; a cross-beam over two upright posts, to which the bucket is suspended for drawing water from a well; the sole of the foot; a desert; name of a man; an elevated banner; a direction-post erected in the desert.

nu'āmá, The south wind.

na'a'im, The twentieth mansion نعائم A of the moon, being eight stars in a circular position, of which four are called sadira, the other four wādira.

na't, Epithet, description; an adjective noun; praise, eulogium, encomium; the praise of the prophet (following the praises of God at the beginning of

books); a kind of invocation.

a نعفل aa'sal, The male (hyena); a doting old man; name of a man remarkable for a very long beard; hence applied to any man with such a beard, in particular to the caliph Othman; name of a certain Jew who lived in Madinah.

na'aj, na'j (v.n.), Being very white, shining bright; being fat (camels); being indisposed after eating mutton; - na'ij, Unwell from eating mutton.

محات na'ajāt (pl. of na'jat), Ewes.

na'jat, na'ja, A ewe; a wild cow,

particularly a white one.

na'r (v.n), Spirting out blood (vein); bursting from a vein (blood); flocking together in a tumultuous, disorderly manner; coming, approaching; travelling about, roaming through cities; rising up to do anything, exerting oneself; -na'ar (v.n.), Being infested with gadbees or horse-flies (especially in the nose); -na'ir, Unable to rest in a place; (an ass) stung in the nostril by a gad-fly; -nu'ar,

A blue fly, a gad-fly.

na'rat, na'ra, Clamour, cry, vociferation, great noise, roar; sound made by the nostrils; [na'ratu 'n-najm, The blowing of a wind, with great heat, about the rising of a star; -na'ra bar-āwardan (bardāshtan, zadan, kardan, gushādan, To raise a cry; -nu'ra', nu'ara, The root of the nose, or the inside of it;—na'ara, nu'ara, An affair to which one gives attention; pride, selfishness, arrogance; -nu'ara, A large blue fly which infests asses and horses, the gad-bee, horse-fly, breeze.

المرة زنان na'ra-zanān (sing. and pl.), Uttering loud cries, shouting at the top of

the voice.

انعس a's (v.n.), Sleeping, slumbering; somnolency.

na'sat, na'sa, One sleep, slumber,

nap, snooze.

نعش a'sh (v.n.), Lifting up; a bier with a dead body (when empty it is called sarīr); a litter in which a sick person is carried; a catafalque whereon a royal corpse is laid; -banāti na'sh, The constellation of the Bear, or rather the three stars out of seven which go in front of the other four, these being called na'sh "bier:" there are two constellations of the name. distinguished as kubrá "the greater," and sughrå "the lesser."

اعشيلة na'shīla, A fowl fricaseed with onions, vetches, and eggs (probably mis-

reading for نفشيله q.v. below).

na's (v.n.), Eating herbage (a locust); -na'as, A leaning from side to side; curvature, crookedness; inversion.

a نعل مراً (v.n.), Shoeing (a horse); giving shoes; a shoe, sandal, or anything which defends the feet of man or beast; a woman's buskin, clog, patten; a horseshoe; a hoof; hard and barren ground shining with sand and gravel; the ferule at the end of a sword-sheath, of silver or iron: a nerve twisted round the horns of a bow: the membrane which covers the whole back of a bow; a ploughshare; a kind of dumb-bells in shape of horseshoes swung by wrestlers to exercise their strength; [na'l afgandan, To throw off the horse-shoe, i.e. to ride or run fast; to lag behind, break down; -na'l bar ātish nihādan, To render restless, uneasy, perturbated (from a superstitious practice of writing the name of a person over whom one wishes to obtain power upon a horseshoe, placing this in the fire and reciting incantations to the desired purpose;—nail bar-zadan (bastan), na'l bar jigar (sīna) buridan, To brand a mark upon the breast (done by lovers; see $na'l \ u \ d\bar{u}\underline{a}\underline{h}$ below);—

na'li dar, A hook or staple to which a doorchain is attached ;—na'l dar atish (charkh). Restlessness, perturbation, uneasiness; na'l dar ātish dāshtan (nihādan), = na'l bar ātish nihādan above;—na'li shām, The moon; the morning-breeze; -na'li kuhna ba-ḥalwā dādan, To give an old shoe in exchange for sweetmeats (a custom which prevails in Persia); — na'li wāzhgūn, A matter kept secret from people; -na'l u $d\bar{a}gh$, A mark branded upon the breast by enthusiasts and lovers; -na'l nau kardan, To shoe a horse afresh;—bun-na'l, The lower mounting or ferule of a scabbard (cf. سرنعل p. 679);—bī-na'l būdan, To be utterly destitute;]—na'al (v.n.), Being shod; putting on shoes.

a with na'l-band, A smith, farrier.

a نعلبندي na'l-bandī, New-shoeing of a horse; a light tribute.

a نعل بها na'l-bahā, Money given to foreign troops to abstain from plunder and devastation.

م العلق na'lat, na'la, A shoe, slipper.

na'l-tarāsh (نعلتراش sāz), A maker of buskins, shoes, clogs, or slippers.

a معلية na'lcha (dim. of na'l), A mark made on the forehead by Hindus; an ornament worn on the forehead; heel-plate or

a منال انعل انعل na'l-zada, Shod; a horse pre-

pared for a journey.

a نعلك na'lak, نعلك na'lakī, A kind of goblet.

a نعلي na'lī, In the form of a horseshoe.

na'lain (du.), A pair of shoes of a particular kind, i.e. with wooden soles; a clog, patten; --na'lain az pā kashīdan, To pull off the clogs; —na'lain dar pā kardan, To put on clogs.

a نعلین دوز na'lain-doz, A clog-maker.

a أنعلين ها na'lain-hā (P. pl. formed from the A. du.), Pairs of shoes with wooden

soles, or clogs.

A na'm, na'am, Cattle (especially camels or sheep);—ni'ma, Hail! welcome! O most excellent (man or woman); [nima 'l-mu'in, Excellent the helper! - nu'm, Prosperity, good fortune; delight; delicacy, softness, gentleness; name of a woman, Naomi; -na'am (v.n.), Being green and succulent (a branch); -na'am, na'im, Yes, thus, it is so, very well;—fa-bihā wa na'am ammā, It is all very well, but . . . (cf. فبها p. 906);—na'im, Soft, easy, convenient, gentle; tender, delicate; — ni'am (pl. of ni'mat), Benefits, favours; pleasure, comfort, blessings (of life); meats, viands, viotuals; -ni'ami gūnāgūn, Meats of different kinds, every sort of good things; -wali'i ni'am (waliyu 'n-ni'am), A benefactor.

ni'immā, Hail! O excellent!—na'-

mā', A boon, blessing, favour; a helping hand.

A when ni'amāt (pl. of ni'mat), Conveniences; riches.

na'mān, Name of a river near نعبان Tā'if (also called na'mānu 'l-arāk);—nu'man, Blood; name of the kings of Hirah in Arabia, especially of the last, Nu'man bin Muuzir; also surname of the celebrated lawyer Abū Hanifah; (pl. of na'am) Cattle; - shaqā'iqu 'n-nu'mān, The anemone.

A Las na'mat, Convenience, ease; affluence, wealth; tenderness, delicacy; delicate food, dainties; construed with khwurdan, &c.; [wāsi'u 'n-na'mat, Abounding in riches;]—ni'mat, The hand; graciousness, beneficence, a benefit, boon, blessing, favour; a kind, helping hand; riches, good things; delight, pleasure, joy; [wali'i ni-mat (wālīyu 'n-ni-mat), A beuefactor; nu'mat, Pleasure, delight; -nu'mata 'aini kase. To the joy of one's eye.

a عبت أباد ni'mat-ābād, Name of a place. a نعمت افزونتر ni mat-afzūn-tar, More in-

creasing in wealth or prosperity.

a نعمت پرست ni'mat-parast, A Mammonist.

a مالك نعمت ni mat-khāna, A diningroom, refectory, banquet-hall.

a نعمت خور ni'mat-khwur, Enjoying fa-

a معتكدة ni mat-kada, Paradise.

a نعمت گستر ni'mat-gustar, Liberal, generous.

a نعمتى ni'matī, Good things, comforts, riches; iron on the sole of a shoe.

A نعميل nu'má, Graciousness, beneficence; a benefit; a kind, helping hand; delight, pleasure, joy; a thing which gratifies the eye; ease, quiet.

ra'nā, نعنع na'nā, نعناع na'nā', nu'-

nu', Mint, spearmint.

na'na'at, A hesitation in speaking; pronouncing na instead of la; limberness of the penis after erection; - nu'nu'at, nu'nu'a, Crop of a bird.

nu'ūt (pl. of na't), Encomiums,

praises; adjectives.

nu'üj (v.n. of نعب Being very white.

سون بالله 🖈 na'ūzu bi'llāh, Let us fly to God (from anything wicked)! we seek refuge in God; -na'ūzu bi'llāh mina 'sh-shaitani 'r-rajim, God defend us from Satan the accursed!—na'ūzu bi'llāh min shurūri anfusinā, God protect us from the wickedness of ourselves!

na'ūr, A vein spirting out blood.

na'ūs, (A she-camel) giving much milk, milch camel.

انعبط nu'ūz (v.n. of انعبط nu'ūz (v.n. of انعبط الله (penis).

م na'ūmat, nu'ūma (v.n. of نجومة),

Being soft and flexible; affording repose; softness, smoothness.

A نعي na'y, العيان nu'yān (v.n. of نعي), Announcing the death of anyone; exposing (another's faults);—na'īy, na'ī, A bearer of the tidings of anyone's death; news of anyone's death.

A west natib, Croaking.

العبر na'ir (v.u. of تعير in Making a sound through the nose; clamour, shout, vociferation (especially in a tumult or in battle).

انعل natiq (v.n. of نعل), Croaking (a raven); calling out to, checking (sheep).

A diesi nu'ailat, nu'aila (dim. of na'l), A

A ma'īm, Ease, quiet, tranquillity, pleasure, affluence, delicate living, luxury, anything good which we enjoy; well-conditioned, at ease, well off;—na'īmu 'd-dunyā, The conveniences and luxuries of life;—na'īmu 'l-lāh (na'īmi ilāhī), The benefits, favours, or graces of God;—jannati na'īm (or simply na'īm), The paradise of delights;]—(abū) nu'ūm, White bread.

a نعيم باك na'īm-pāk, Works of piety.

A نام nughghāz, Slanderers, seditious;

breed-bates, mischief-makers.

Elsi naghāgh, Rare and excellent things; the joints of the neck; a drinking-vessel.

nighāk, A blockhead, fool, stupid

fellow; a rogue; a bastard.

in the air;—naghām, nighām, Ugly, ill-favoured; dark-complexioned.

nighcha, A weasel; a kind of lizard.

الغرام naghar, naghr (?), الغرام nagharān (v.n. of الغرام), Boiling with rage, being indignant, bursting with smothered passion; boiling (as a pot), boiling over;—naghir, Angry, passionate;—nughar, الغرام nughara, A small bird with a red beak.

نغرون nughrūch, A rolling-pin (cf. مغروه below).

naghs, Beautiful, elegant; good, sincere, excellent; pure, clear; swift, nimble; rare, surprising.

ناوتر naghztar, More rare; very uncommon.

موك naghzak (dim. of naghz), Rather strange, somewhat rare; the mango.

نفر کری naghz-goy, Elegant speaker, of rare eloquence; sweet spoken.

naghzī, Rareness, choiceness. فازى naghzīdan, To become good.

in one's hopes, disturbed in one's enjoyment, unable to perform what was expected or is necessary; disappointment; not being allowed to drink their fill (camels);—naghis, (Wine) which is cut off from the drinkers before they are satisfied.

نفض مaghaz, نفضان naghazān (v.n. of انفض), Shaking (the head in admiration):

being moved, shaking, vacillating (a camel's pack-saddle); loose (as a child's teeth

when near falling out).

mean race; a skin spoiled in the tanning; —naghal (v.n.), Being marred and spoiled (as leather whilst tanning); being low born; fomenting discord; discord (occasioned by whispered slander);—naghil, fem. discordingly, and the naghilat, naghilat, and between people; rotten leather.

تفل naghil, An enclosure, fold for cattle not covered over (cf. الحمل p. 77 and نغول below); den (of a wolf), hole (of a fox).

A dis nughlat, Rottenness of leather in tanning; -nughul, Deep (water); profound, deep, sagacious, penetrating (man).

نغم naghm, naghim, Making a hole, digging out, making hollow; excavation; a

mine, a trench.

naghm, nagham (v.u.), (Reading or singing) in a low voice; a low tone of voice;—nugham (pl. of nughmat), Single draughts of water.

naghmāt (pl. of the following),

Songs, &c.

naghmat, naghma, A soft, sweet voice; a musical sound or tone; melody, song, modulation, trill, shake; [naghma'i 'anqā, Name of a note in music;]—nughmat, One draught (of water).

a نغمه پرداز naghma-pardāz (نغمه پرداز saz, نغمه سرای sarāy, کش kash), Singer, warbler, musician.

سفن naghan, The hollow of the navel; anise sprinkled over dough when making bread.

انخنجالان naghankhalän, نخنجالان naghnakhwād, نخنجالان naghnakhwālān, naghankhwālān (this form doubtful), نخنجالين naghankhwāyīn, naghnkhwāyīn, Anise.

naghnagh, nughnugh, A large Transoxanian measure containing four assloads.

نغويدن naghanwidan, To be restless, not able to sleep.

naghū, Damascus plum-tree (unsupported).

naghwat, naghwa, A musical tone or sound; a song, ditty, melody.

naghosa, Breaking the heart; con-

solation, solace.

naghoshā, nighoshā, veçale naghoshāk, A sect of infidels, applied chiefly by the Muhammadans to the Jews and fireworshippers, and their religious ceremonies; one who turns from one religion to another; a Sabean; name of an idol.

نغوهاكيدن naghoshākīdan, To change one's religion.

naghosha, A breaking of the heart;

administration of comfort, solace; listening, hearing.

naghūz, A large-humped camel; نطوض م naghūz, v.n. of, and = نطف q.v. above.

nighok, A Jew; a fire-worshipper; an idolater.

naghol, An excavation made in the ground or side of a hill for sheltering cattle;—nighol, A staircase; the covering of a stair-case; a trap-door on the roof of a house;—nughol, Deep, hollow; a long way; profoundly versed in any art.

naghola. The curling locks of the fair; the hair gathered in a coil on the

top of the head.

nugholi, Depth. نغولي

nughair (dim. of nughar and nugharat), A small bird with a red beak.

انفی naghīq (v.n. of نفی), Croaking (a raven); (a camel) that brays in a low voice at intervals.

nagkyūd, Damascus plum-tree (unsupported; see نغيره above).

nafā', Refuse, worst part;—nufa', Scattered parts of plants.

مانة naffās, fem. مانة naffāsat, naffāsa,

One who blows, a blower.

A with naffāṣāt (pl. fem. of naffāṣ), Fomale blowers;—a'n-naffāṣāti fī 'l-'uqad, Females blowing on knots, witches, sorceresses (Qur'ān cxiii. 4).

nufasat, Whatever is spit out of the mouth, especially after rubbing the teeth;—banū

nufāṣat, Name of a tribe.

A cw nufāh (v.n. of سنّ), Diffusing fragrance (a perfume);—naffāh, Beneficent; fragrant; a husband.

a two naffakh, A proud, haughty man; one who blows or breathes hard; flatulent.

perishing; being without provisions or beast (traveller); exhaustion; death, destruction, annihilation; in P. also = nafāz, q.v. in the following article.

A New nafaz (v.n. of id), Penetrating, pervading, piercing (anything aimed at) and coming out on the other side; arriving, coming, being brought (as a letter); passing, leaving behind; being obeyed (an order); penetration; escape from an enemy;—nafaz, Whatever penetrates or passes; efficacious, efficient. (Cf. preceding article.)

نفار م nifār (v.n. of نفار , Being terrified, frightened, and running away (an animal); fngaciousness, fugacity;—naffār, Scared,

frightened.

رنفس nifās (v.n. of نفس), Being precious, esteemed valuable; child-birth, labour, bringing forth; a woman for forty days after child-birth;—nifās, nufās (pl. of nufasā'), Travailing women.

ماسة nafāsat (v.n. of نفس), Being pre-

cious, exquisite; esteeming (a thing) highly, and being sparing of (it); envying (one), and deeming him nuworthy; bringing forth (a woman); costliness; parsimony; envy; child-birth.

nufās, A diabetes incident to نفاص ه

sheep, often mortal.

م نعاض nafāz, The trembling of an ague or fever;—nafāz, nufāz, Scarcity of provisions on a journey;—nifāz, Breeches worn chiefly by boys.

A blu nafāt, naffāt, Naphtha, bitumen, or a place where it is found in great plenty;—naffāt, A preparer of naphtha; a fire-worker;—also blu naffātat, naffāta, A brazen warlike instrument, from which an explosion is made by means of naphtha.

A Elw nafa', Profit, advantage, utility, use;—naffa', Useful; one who does good.

ifagh, A large cup, especially made of the skull of an animal or of bone; imprecation, curse.

الله nafāq (v.n. of نقى nafāq (v.n. of نقى), Being saleable (goods); being brisk (market);—nifāq, Hypocrisy; expenses, disbursements;—ahli nifāq, A hypocrite.

a ناق اجام nifaq-anjām, Hypocritical

(speech), &c.

nifāl (pl. of nafal), Plunders, spoils, especially those taken from the enemies of the faith; gifts, presents.

نفام nafām, Darkish, blackish; ugly, bad (in this meaning probably misreading

for ist q.v. above).

A & w nufāyat, nufāya, Refuse, worst part;—nufāya dāshtan, To reject, discard.

المالي nafā'is (pl. of nafīsat), Precious things; delicacies; much wealth;—nafā'isi bahīya, Exquisite viands.

a نفاية nafāya, A dark colour; black,

turbid.

نفت naft, nift, Naphtha; combustible matter.

A with naft (v.n.), Being enraged, swelling with passion; boiling (a pot), running over.

ست الداز naft-andāz, Firing artillery; a maker of fireworks; an engineer.

t nuftajî, A collector of naphtha;

a burner of naphtha. naftagh, A measure (see منتخ of

which it is probably a misreading).

nafti, Of a dark green colour (like

naphtha).

nafs (v.n.), Blowing (as a necromancer when making incantations or playing tricks); spitting (especially venom as a serpent); pouring out blood (a vein or wound);—nafsu 'd-dam, A spitting of blood;—nafsu 'sh-shaitān, (devil's spittle) Poetry.

م مناه به nafgat, nafga, A magic puff; whist-

ling of winds.

nafj, Writing-paper.

A chi nafj (v.n.), (A woman's breasts) heaving up (her shift); one who drivels when talking.

nifja, kai nifcha (various readings for kai q.v.), A weasel; a kind of lizard.

a chi nafh (v.n.), Breathing or diffusing odour; kicking (a camel); blowing (the wind); striking (with a sword; giving, bestowing; bleeding (a vein); — nafhi nasīm, Breathing as the zephyrs.

nafahān (v.n. of cw), Breathing

or diffusing odour.

A sea nafhat, nafha, One puff, gust, or breath of wind; a fragrant gale; reputation; a gift; — nafahāti (pl.) nasā'imi chaman, The fragrant breezes of the meadows.

A chi nafkh (v.n.), Blowing, puffing (with the mouth); breaking wind; sounding, winding (a horn); inspiring, breathing into; pride, vain-glory; swelling, flatulency; rupture, hernia; inflammation; [nafkhi sūr kardan, To sound a horn; to blow the last trumpet;—zū-nafkh, Swelling (with pride), proud;]—nufukh, Full of juvenile vigour.

hat, nafkhat, nafkha, One blow; [nafkhatu'l-ba's, The trumpet-blast of resurrection;—nafkha'i rūḥ, The Holy Spirit which the angel Gabriel blew into the sleeve of Mary according to Muhammadan belief;]—nifkhat, nifkha, A windy tumour; a rupture, hernia.

nafz (v.n.), Penetrating, pervading, passing, piercing through; perception or intimate knowledge;—nafaz, The penetrating power; free course.

A jai nafr (v.n.), Being frightened and running away; dispersing of the pilgrims from the valley of Mina after the ceremonies are completed; victory; [yaumi nafr (nafar), The day on which the pilgrims depart from Mina (12th of the month zũ'l-hijjah);]—nafar, A number of men from three to ten; any corps or society to which one belongs; a person, individual; a common soldier; [yak nafar khidmatkār, One servant;]—nuffar, Frightened (fawns or women).

موات nafarāt (pl. of nafrat), Troops of soldiers.

عارك م nafarān (v.n. of نظر), Running away terrified, shying (an animal).

A bit nafrat, nifrat, Flight, terror, abomination, aversion, horror; a crowd or body of men, especially fleeing or emigrating from any place; a body of men from three to ten; [nafrat dāshtan, To abhor, hold in abomination;—nafrat kardan, To flee from;]—nufrat, Dominion, command, authority, magistracy;—nufrat, nufra, An amulet hung round the neck of a child to defend it against malignant eyes.

A درية nifrija, مرجة nifrijat, nifrija, Timid, cowardly.

a نفر نامن nafar-zāmin, Bail for personal appearance.

מיקני na-farmud (neg. of farmud, in the sense of farmud ki na), He forbade.

هروه nafrūj, nufrūj, A kind of rollingpin.

نفرين nafrī, nifrī, A curse (هوي المرين).

a wafari, Service, profession (particularly that of a groom); a giant; a demon.

الأويدي nafrīdan, To execrate, curse, abominate.

with rafrin (for with and further shortened into it q.v. above), Detestation, abhorrence, execration; imprecation, curse, opprobrious words, reproaches; treating with contunely or ridicule; holding out the fingers at, either before the face or behind the back; imprecating with held-up hands; terror; weeping, lamentation;—nafrin dādan (kardan, giriftan bar), To curse, execrate, imprecate; to abominate; to avoid;—nafrin giriftan az, To be frightened; to take offence at another's words and fly in a passion.

نارين كنا nafrīn-kunā, One who execrates. فوينيدن nafrīnīdan, To smell badly.

A منان nafz, نفر nafazān (v.b. of نفر الم

Bounding (a doe).

Mafs, Breath, animal life; soul, spirit, self; a person, individual, substance, essence, individual thing itself; (in P.) penis; concupiscence, carnal or inordinate desire, sensuality; a malignant eye, cattivo occhio; grandeur, magnificence, pomp; pride; vice, fault, blemish; a certain quantity of the herb quraz, with which leather is tanned; [nafsu l-amr, Essence, pith, or foundation of anything; (fi nafsi 'l-amr, "in fact, in truth;")—nafsi ammāra (the commanding soul), Inordinate appetite, concupiscence; —nafsi sā'ila, Flowing blood; —nafsi sab'ī, Irascibility or promptitude to the vindictive passions; -nafsi kull, The universal soul; -(met.) the throne of God; the tablets of divine decrees; -- nafsi lauwāma (the reproaching soul), The soul struggling against evil passions, the voice of conscience; -nafsi mutma'inna (malakī), Tranquil state of mind; serenity and benevolence; nafsi nātiqa, Reason; nafsi nafis, The precious soul, dear life; -binafsi-hi, He himself ;--halīmu 'n-nafs, Of a meek spirit; -nafas, Breath, respiration; the duration of a breath, a moment; articulated breath, word, speech; construed with the verbs uttādan, bākhtan. tāza dāshtan, tāza kardan, damīdan, didan, sokhtan, shumardan, firo-raftun, kashīdan, gusistan, &c.; amplitude, ease, liberty; [nafas az tihi dil ba-khoshi u ba-farāahat awardan. To pass life pleasantly and at

ease; — nafasi ān ḥarām-zāda, ba-shumā khwurda ast, The talk of this rascal has made impression upon you (m.c.); -nafas bar-āwardan, To speak, to talk; - nafas buland shawad, The talk is becoming long; -nafasat bi-gīrad, May your breath be taken away, may you cease breathing, may you choke (m.c.); hold your tongue (m.c.); -nafas durust (rāst) kardan, To take a little rest; — nafas zadan, To breathe; nafas sokhtan, To undergo great hardship; to suppress or restrain breathing; to be silent; -- nafas shumār zadan, To hold the breath a long time as a penance; -nafas kardan, To take breath, to pause; -nafasi wāpasīn (ākhar nafas), The last breath;tang-nafas, Difficulty of respiration, asthma (see zīqu 'n-nafas under مين p. 805); zū nafas, Sufficient and agreeable (drink); -nufus, nufs (pl. of nufasa'), Women in

nafs-an, Willingly.

A woman inufasa', nafsa' nafasa', A woman in labour; a woman who has borne a child within forty days, or one not yet recovered after child-birth.

a نفساباد nafas-ābād, The lungs, chest;

the human body.

a نفساني nafsānī, Lewd, sensual; spiritual, vital; - 'ilmi nafsānī, Knowledge which adorns the mind; -lazzātī nafsānī, Sensual pleasures.

afsānīyat, Sensuality, carnality, carnality, نفسانية

luxury, pride, pomp.

breathing-time.

a نفس پرور nafs-parwar, Sensual, carval. nufsat, nufsa, Delay, respite,

a نفس ننگ nafas-tang, Twinkling of an

eye. a نفس عاى nafas-khāy, What stops or interrupts breathing or talking.

a نفس دراز nafas-daraz, Long-winded, prolix.

a نار م nafae-zār, Prolix.

a نفس سوعته *nafas-so<u>kh</u>ta*, Taciturn,

a نفس همارى nafas-shumārī, (counting of breathings) Agonies of death,

a من مرم نقس مرم nafae-shūm, Of ill-omened speech.

a نفس کسسته nafas-gusista, Silent, taci-

turn. a نفس كسل nafas-gusil, What stops or interrupts breathing or talking.

a نفس کش nafas-kush, (A candle) blown out.

a نفسى nafsī, Carnal, sensual ; desirable ; spiritual, vital; -nafase, An instant.

natsh (v.n.), Plucking or teasing (wool or cotton);—nafash, Wool; a plentiful year.

nafz (v.n.), Shaking (a tree or garment); shaking or causing (one) to tremble (an ague or fever); having many children, being prolific (a woman); -nafaz, Anything falling from a tree (as leaves or fruit); -nufuz (pl. of nifāz), Breeches.

A data nufzat, nufza, The trembling of

the body (in an ague).

naft (v.n.), Being angry, boiling with rage; -naft, nift, Naphtha, bitumen, liquid naphtha; gunpowder; -naft, nafat (v.n.), Being covered with pustules or blisters (as the hand through hard labour).

a jisil bis nift-andaz, Casting forth naphtha (from fire-ships); a maker of fire-

works; engineer.

a نفط اندازي nift-andāzī, Fireworks. A مناف niftat, nifta, Blisters; pustules, pimples, small-pox; -nafitat, nafita, Blistered (band); -nufatat, nufata, A person soon angry; apt to explode.

a نفطى naftī, Anointed with bitumen ;

consisting of naphtha.

naf' (v.n.), Being useful, profitable, beneficial, availing; gain, profit, advantage, emolument, interest; avail; - nuf (pl. of $naf\bar{u}^i$), Useful, good-doing (men).

A "less naf'-an, For the benefit of.

a رسان naf'-rasan, One who confers benefits.

nafaq (v.n.), Perishing, failing, dying (provisions, money, cattle), being deficient; a narrow, indistinct road; a hole, lurking-place; a mouse-hole.

م نفقات م nafaqāt, pl. of—

nafaqat, nafaqa, The necessary expenses for living, expenditure, disbursement; stipend, salary, maintenance; [nafaqa khwurdan, To expend; -nafaqa kardan, To defray the expenses of living; to maintain (a person), to give (him) a pension;]-nufaqat, nufaqa, The hole of a field-mouse or mole.

anafl (v.n.), A voluntary act of religion, the observance of which is not prescribed, a work of supererogation; clear gain; a gift; -nafal, Plunder, especially taken from the enemies of the faith, spoil, prey; a kind of clover-grass; -nufal, The second three nights of the month, the first three being called ghurar.

nufal. A place in the fields or desert نفار where men and animals rest in the winter of which it is probably a misread-

ing).

nafnāf, A valley between mountains.

nafūt, (A pot) boiling over.

A Town nafah, (A camel) giving milk without being milked; strong, far-shooting (bow).

nafūkh, A medicine which is blown عون م

into the nostrils.

مود مراي nofūz, One who penetrates, passes, gets through, or executes (business);—nufūz (v.n. of w.), Penetrating, piercing through, pervading.

A مان nafūr, Frightened, scared, fleeing; one who abhors or nauseates; averse; [bīzār u nafūr shudan, To abominate, nauseate, fly from;]—nufūr (v.n. of منار), Being frightened and running away (an animal); departing from the valley of Mina after the performance of the ceremonies at Mecca; going about (any business); abhorring, shunning;—yaumu 'nufūr, The day on which the pilgrims depart from Mina.

nafuz, Bounding (doe).

nufās (pl. of nafs), Souls, selves.

الفشن nufush (v.n. of نفوش), Feeding in the night-time without a keeper (camels or sheep).

nufūz, Recovery from sickness,

convalescence.

مرع المرة nafū', Useful, beneficent (man).

A نظوى nufūq (v.n. of نظوى), Perishing, failing, or dying (provisions, money, or cattle).

nafūl, nufūl, The leg, shank (un-

supported by examples).

and weak (a camel); being dull of understanding;—nafth, Lazy, slow;—nuffāh (pl.

of nafih), Lazy, slow (camels).

aafy (v.n.), Prohibiting, interdicting, proscribing; denying, disowning, disavowing; driving away, banishing, exiling; being rejected or banished; negation; nonexistence; the negative imperative; prohibition, proscription; [isbat (ijāb) u nahy, Affirmation and negation;]-nafiy, nafi, Negative; rejected, disowned, exiled, abandoned, turned out of doors (by a father); rubbish blown about by the wind; gravel scattered by the feet of a galloping horse; froth or scum of a boiling pot; annihilation, non-existence; part of an army scattered or loitering about the wings or rear; camp-followers; the meaner sort of attendants; a shield made of palm-leaves; a threat; the negative attribute (in logic).

about (as wind the dust); pouring forth its contents (a cloud); drops of rain; dust or leaves blown about by the wind.

ا الميث nafis, (Blood) poured from a wound.

A معيد nafiz, Who or what pierces, penetrates, or pervades; (a royal edict) received and obeyed.

المين nafīr, A kind of musical instrument; a brazen trumpet; a fife, flute; the shrill note of the fife; sound in general, noise, clamour; construed with kardan, guzāshtan, &c.;—tabl u nafīr, Drum and fife.

mafir, A body (of men), especially from three to ten; a crowd or body of men, especially flying or emigrating from any place; [nafir āwardan, To make an unexpected attack or assault; — nafiri

'āmm, A general rising or expedition; the publishing of the Arrière-ban, a general summons of the nobility to appear in arms with their troops;—yaumu 'n-nafūr, The day on which the pilgrims depart from Mina;]—nufair (dim. of nafar), A very small number of persons.

نفـرچى nafirchi, A trumpeter; a fifer. فير نامه nafir-nāma, A general order in

writing for assembling an army.

نغيرندن nafīrandan, To be good, beautiful. نطيري nafīrī, A kind of trumpet.

م الميسة nafīs, fem. نفيسة nafīsat, nafīsat, nafīsa, Precious, delicate, exquisite; a precious or wished-for object; great riches.

A had nafit (v.n. of had), Sneezing, or forcing anything out of the nose (a goat); being blistered; boiling over (as a pot); being enraged; breaking wind.

A dhabi nafitat, nafita, Blistered (hand).

مُلِيعَةُ nafī'at, nafī'a, Gain, profit, ad-

vantage, benefit.

A ski naqā' (v.n. of tien, sifted, cleaned; cleanness; purity; innocence; pure, clean; — nuqā' (pl. of nuqāwat), The best or selectest parts of things; (pl. of naqīy) clean, pure, excellent.

مقامة naqā'at (v.n. of نقامة), Being clean,

sifted, good, excellent.

A rigāb (v.n. of s), Meeting unexpectedly; finding by chance; a woman's veil; a signal, sign, mark; a very learned man; [niqābi khazrā, The vault of heaven;—niqābi nīlī (the sable veil), Night;]—naqqāb, A sapper, miner; an examiner, inquirer, scrutinizer.

A A A Rais naqābat (v.n. of), Being, becoming, or making chief, magistrate, or leader of the people;—niqābat, Tribunitial

or magisterial dignity.

a this nuqākh, Cold, pure, sweet water; sweet and refreshing sleep;—nuqqākh, The back part of the head towards the ears; a

lump on the top of the ear.

niqād (pl. of naqad), Certain kinds of sheep of a bad sort;—naqqād, A cambist who knows at once good from bad money; an assayed coin; prompt, ready; an adept; a shepherd of the sheep called naqad.

niqār (v.n. 3 of على niqār (v.n. 3 of القر), Stabbing with reproaches, railing at, expostulating sharply with; bandying words; expostulation; (pl. of nuqrat) caverns, particles of gold or silver;—naqqār, A piercer or a striker with the beak; whoever or whatever pecks or notches; a carver of ivory, hone, &c.

م المارة nuqārat, nuqāra, As much as a bird takes up in its bill or pecks at once, a

beakful.

a نفارچى naqārchī, A beater of the kettle-drum.
a نقار عاند naqār-khāna, A band of music

the place at the porch of a palace where the drums are beaten at stated intervals.

a solu naqāra, A kettle-drum;—naqāra'i āftābi zard, The kettle-drum beaten at sunset at the royal porch;—naqāra bar nāmi khwud zad, He assumed the royal title;—dar waqti naqāra'i saḥar, At the time of the morning-drum.

نقاری ,naqara-zan نقارة زن ,naqara-zan نقارة جي

nagari, A beater of the kettle-drum.

a just nuqāz, An ulcerous distemper incident to cattle, which makes them jump till they die;—naqqāz, nuqqāz, A species of bird; young sparrows.

niqāsat, Beproach, ridicule, sar-

casm, irony; a nickname.

nagqāsh, A painter, limner, embroiderer, gilder (of books); a sculptor, carver, engraver; a draughtsman;—nuqqāshi daur-numā, The painter of a panorama (m.c.).

a Make niqueshat, The art of painting, embroidering, sculpting, or engraving.

a تعلمي naqqāshī, Drawing, painting; engraving;—naqqāshī kardan, To paint; to carve.

A List niqāt (pl. of nuqtat), Points, dots, &c.;—naqqāt, Who marks with points or dots.

A Elsi niqā' (pl. of naq'), Dusts; hard places where waters stagnate;—naqqā', Proud, conceited; a vain boaster.

A مقال niqāl (v.n. 3 of فقل), Conversing, telling stories one to another; (pl. of naql, niql) mended boots; (pl. of naqlat) Short and broad-headed spears;—naqqāl, A transporter; a mimic, actor, player.

a تعالى naqqālī, Acting, mimicking.

A أَوْنَى naqawat, nuqawat (v.n. of مني), Being cleaned, sifted, good, and choice; purity, cleanness; the best or selected part of anything.

A able naqahat, Recovery from disease, convalescence; weakness, feebleness, lan-

guor.

A نقى naqāyat (v.n. of نقى), Being cleaned, sifted; being good and excellent; the choicest part of anything.

naqā'is (pl. of naqīsat), Imperfections, bad qualities, vices, blemishes.

م نقائض naqā'iz (pl. of naqīzat), Contradictions; damages, injuries; wresting or distorting the meaning of a verse.

naqā'i (pl. of naqī'at), Camels or other cattle slaughtered for the entertainment of strangers;—naqā'i'u 'l-mant, The feasts of death, i.e. mankind.

A — maqb (v.n.), Digging (through a wall); a way through mountains; a hole; a rabbit's burrow; a subterraneous excavation, a mine, tunnel, gallery; an implement of miners or thieves for piercing walls; a crowbar, jemmy;—naqab (v.n.), Having the feet worn bare, smooth, and

perforated below (a camel); being torn or worn (a boot).

A hip nuqabá' (pl. of naqīb), Princes, leaders, tribuues.

a ناكن ست naqb-afgan, A miner; a house-breaker.

A & niqbat, A mode of veiling the face; —nuqbat, nuqba, A hole; a garment worn round the middle; breeches; colour; the face.

a sile with naqb-khāna, A subterranean dwelling.

a نقب کیر naqb-gīr, == نقب انگن q.v. above.

A an extracting of marrow.

naqs (v.n.), Making haste, doing anything expeditiously, going out quickly.

striking (the head), penetrating to the brain.

A set naqd (v.n.), Glancing (the eye upon anything); separating the good from bad coin; counting out or paying (in ready money); ready money, prompt payment, cash; (coin) of a just standard; [naqdi jān (rawān), The spirit; current coin;—naqdi shab dar miyān, False money;—naqdi shash roza, The world with all it contains;—naqd u jins, Money and goods, coin and kind;—naqdi waqt (the ready money of time), Life;—bā wajhi naqd, With ready money;—pūli naqd, Ready money, cash (m.c.);]—naqad (v.n.), Being peeled, excoriated (the hoof of a horse, &c.); a species of ugly short-legged sheep (peculiar to Bahrain in Arabia;—ncqid Peeled (hoof); a boy not thriving on his food, checked in growth, stunted.

a مقدا نقد naqd-an, With ready money, in cash. a نقدا نقد naqd-ā-naqd, Prompt payment.

A قعق niqdat, Caraway-seed (see القرة below).

تعد كير naqd-gīr, A bribe-taker; a world-ling.

a نقدى naqdī, Ready (money); belonging to ready money; a moneyed man.

ر قدى كماهته naqdi-gumāshta, A subordinate in a treasury.

a نقدينه naqdīna, Ready cash.

A is naqz (v.n.). Saving, delivering, rescuing; safety; rest; [naqz-an la-ka, May you have a lucky escape! (a formula pronounced when one is slipping or falling); —naqaz (v.n.), Fleeing, escaping; liberated, rescued.

A jii naqr (v.n.), Striking; snapping the fingers; clacking the tongue against the palate; pecking (grain) with the bill; blowing the trumpet nāqūr; a smack with the lips, to make a horse quicken his pace; —naqar (v.n.), Growing angry, becoming enraged;—naqir, Enraged, angry;—nuqar (pl. of nuqrat), Caverns, small round cavities.

A spi nagrat, One smack with the fingers; -nugrat, nugra, A cavern, cavity, hollow (especially small); melted gold or silver; an ingot; gold or silver coin, money; --nuqurat, A disease in the side of a sheep or goat.

لقر

a تقرص niqris, Gout (especially with swelling in the feet or hands); death, destruction; a calamity; an omen, portent; a skilful road-guide; an excellent physi-

a قبان nigra (prob. for A, قدة g.v. above), Caraways;—nuqra, Silver; a numbness in the limbs; anything white;—nuqra baāhan rasad, Good turns into evil, prosperity into misery, &c.; good things and evil things turn up together ;-nuqra'i jāmhūr, Silver not up to the standard; -nuqra'i khālis, Pure, unalloyed silver; — nugra'i khām, Pure, virgin silver; purity, softness, delicacy; -nuqra'i khing, A horse of silvery whiteness;—nuqra'i khing zartushtī, The sun ;-nuqra'i zībaqī, Pure quicksilver ;nuqra'i shākhdār, Silver (pure); plate. a نامة nuqra-gīn, Silvery, all of silver.

م نقریس niqrīs. A skilful physician; an expert road-guide; a clever man in general. a نقرقی nuqra'ī, Made of silver, silver.

اللو naqz, نظران naqazān (v.n. of نظر), Bounding (as a deer or kangaroo); -niqz, The worst species of cattle ;-naqaz, A surname, nickname;—naqiz, Pure, fresh, sweet

nags (v.n.), Striking (especially نقس ه the wooden gong naque); railing at, reproaching; reproach, satire; vice, failing,

fault ;--nigs, Writing-ink.

naqsh (v.n.), Painting, printing, staining of two or more colours; embroidering; carving, engraving; pulling out (a sting, thorn, hair); striking (clusters of dates) with thorns to make them ripen quicker; doing anything attentively and expeditiously; publishing, divulging, exposing; a painting, embroidery; a picture, drawing, portrait, map, plan; character given to a man in the estimation of others; a pip on a card; a dot on a die; a lucky throw at dice; -nagsh ba-harām, A wellmade person, but good for nothing; -nagsh bar ab zadan. To write upon the water; (met.) to obliterate;—nagsh bar āb kashidan, To draw figures on the water, (met.) to engage in unprofitable pursuits; -nagsh bar dari hamam, Anything useless, unprofitable, unreasonable; -nagsh burdan, To destroy, to demolish, to ruin;—nagsh bastan, To design, fashion, make, create; to limn, portray; (met.) to lie prostrate and motionless on the ground (m.c.);—naqshi bī-ghubār, Cries of the oppressed; nagshi bī-ma'āl, Writings without solidity, trifling;—naqshi pā, A footprint;—naqshi padīd-nā-padīd, An apparition which has the mere resemblance of reality; -nagehi pargarkun, All created things: - nagehi parmur, The comb of honey, a bee-hive;naqshi chīze dāshtan, To be capable of doing a thing, to be up to it; — naqshi haram, = naqsh ba-ḥarām above;—naqshi khāki gauharī, The portrait, figure, or character of a noble and upright man; -nageh dokhtan, To embroider; --naqehi dīwār, Thunderstruck, confounded (so as to appear like a picture on the wall); — nagsh zadan, To describe, to delineate: to conquer, to win; --naqsh siturdan (shustan, shikastan), To destroy, to rnin; — nagshi fulān na-dārad, He is not an enemy or rival of such a one; -naqshi qandahār, An alluring ravishing object; -naqsh kardan, To draw, to paint; -naqshi kase ba-tīr zadan, (met.) To entertain the utmost hatred or enmity against; -naqsh ka 'l-hajar, Like an engraving on stone, i.e. indelible; - naqshi kul, The throne of God; -nagsh gasht kardan, To destroy; -naqsh nishāndan (nishastan), To estimate; -naqshi nek, Happy but fleeting days; pur nagsh u nigar, Full of paintings and ornaments; dar abgina naqshi parī didan, To see the wine sparkling in the cup; to see the reflection of the cupbearer in the same.

a نقش naqsh-ābād, Ardent spirits.

a باز naqsh-baz, Who plays cautiously نقش باز and skilfully.

a نقش بازى nageh-bāzī. Cunning.

a نقشبان naqshibān, A city in Arrān. a نقش برآب nageh bar āb, Anything futile,

idle, useless, changeable. a ناشبند naqsh-band, A painter, embroiderer; one who adorns; -nagsh-bandi ha-

wādig, An epithet of God. a ناهبيدي nageh-bandi, The art of painting or embroidery ;—naqsh-bandi, هشبندية nagsh-bandiya, Certain rites or ceremonies

of the Sūfis. a نقش بيش naqsh-bīsh, Anything existing only in name, not found in existence; a

technical term in the game nard. a نقش پرداز naqsh-pardāz, A painter. a نقش پيوند naqsh-paiwand, A limner.

a فشجهان naqshijihan, Name of a public square in Isfahān; also of a city in Armenia.

a نقش بیش $aqsh-ziy\bar{a}d$, نقش زیاد q.v.above.

ماز مار naqsh-eaz, نقش مازا naqsh-tiraz, nagehgar, A painter, limner, sculptor. a عجوان naqshuwān, = فجوان q.v. above.

naqeha, A portrait, model, map, plan ;—naqsha'i daryā, A chart.

a نقشه کش naqsha-kash, A cartographer. a نفشه کشی naqsha-kashī, Cartography.

A نظم naqs, القمان nuqṣān (v.n. of القمان),
Diminishing, injuring; being defective, damaged; defect, deficiency; wastage, diminution, decrease; detriment, damage, loss, want; blemish, injury, prejudice, mischief; construed with burdan, bastan, rasidan, &c.;—nuqsān āwardan, To cheat, defraud, entail loss.

A Lobi naqz (v.n.), Demolishing, dissolving, undoing, untwisting; violating (an agreement), breaking (faith); dissolution, demolition; violation, rupture; [naqzi paimān ('ahd), Violation of agreement, breach of treaty;]—niqz, fem. Lobi niqzat, niqza, A camel emaciated with fatigue; untwisted, undone; demolished; emaciated, ground broken into many hillocks by mushrooms piercing through;—nuqz, Part of a demolished building;—naqaz, Taken down, demolished (building);—nuqaz, A mode of wrestling.

A bi naqt (v.n.), Marking (a letter) with the discritical points;—nuqat (pl. of nuq-

tat), Points, dots.

A كلية nuqtat, nuqta, A point, dot; a geometrical point; a spot, stain; a dot, a pip or spot upon a die; a diacritical point; a part of anything; choice wealth; construed with zadan, nihādan, &c.; -nuqṭa'i i'tidāl, Equinoctial colure;—nuqtatu 'l-i'tidāli'l-kharīfī, Autumnal equinoctial point;
—nuqtatu 'l-i'tidāli 'r-rabi'ī, Yernal equinoctial point; -nuqta ba-nuqta, From point to point, punctually; -nugta chidan, To put the dots in their proper places and accurately (as writing-masters in teaching children);—nuqta'i hissī, A tangible point; -nuqta'i da'ira, Point of a circle; Muhammad;—nuqta rekhtan, To tell fortune by dots; -nuqta'i roshantar-pargar, The pole; centre of the world; Muhammad; -nuqta'i zarrīn. The sun ;-nugta'i samt (samti 'r-rās), The vertical point;—nuqta'i su-waidā, Heart's core;—naqta'i sahw, An unnecessary dot placed by carelessness;nuqtai shakk, A dot or mark placed over a doubtful word to recognize it on rectification :- nuqta'i 'arazī, An imaginary point; -nuqta'i gil, Centre of the earth; terrestrial globe; -nuqta'i muqabil, An opposite point; an adversary; -nuqta'i mauhum, An imaginary point; -nuqta'i nūni khat, The dot in the $n\bar{u}n$ (ω) to which the beard is likened, i.e. the month; - nuqta'i nuh da'ira, Centre of the earth; Muhammad.

a مام علم nuqta-dar, Dotted; marked

with a diacritical point.

A cti nag' (v.n.), Flowing into any place and stagnating (water); steeping, soaking (in water), putting (anything medicinal) into (it), macerating; a flat, level country; raised dust; a cloud of dust; a place where water stagnates, hard clay soil which it cannot permeate.

A Js naql (v.n.), Transporting, carrying from one place to another; transplanting; translating (from one language into another); transcribing, copying; imitating,

mimicking, acting; relating, telling; repairing, mending (a boot); patching, mending (a garment); transportation; translation; history, narrative, relation, report, account, theme, tale, story; a copy, duplicate; whatsoever is carried; a burden; the transitive or active signification of a verb; affability, mildness, softness, easy good-nature; [naqli asqal kardan, To carry loads from one place to another; naql dashtan, To be worthy of remark or notice (m.c.); -naql kardan, To transport from place to place; to die; to translate; to relate; to mend; -naqli mazhab, Change of religion; -nagli makan, Emigration; the first stage of a journey, or halting-place at a very little distance, where the travellers remain some time to collect what may have been forgotten of the requisites for travelling, and to wait for a propitious moment to commence their journey;—sharāb nagl kardan, To pour wine from one vessel into another;]-nuql, Anything given at entertainments along with wine, as fruits or sweetmeats; [nuqli bādāmī (pishta), Confection of almonds (pistachio); - nuqli khwāja, A small grain resembling black pepper, but which within is white and sweet; -nuqli firingi, A particular kind of sweetmeat; - nuqli matam, Sweetmeats which are handed round at funerals;nuqli majlis, A buffoon, fool, jester; sport, play, pleasantry, buffoonery; -nugli naurozi, Dry fruit eaten with wine;]-nagal, A feather taken from one arrow and put on another; a stony place with trees; volubility of tongue, readiness of reply, repartee; a distemper in the sole of a camel's foot; -naqil, (A man) ready in answer; nuqual, The three nights following the first three of a month.

تقل nuqul, A shelter for cattle made in the ground or on a hill's side; hollow, deep; bottom. (Cf. نغول and نغل.)

naql-an, Traditionally; — 'aql-an u naql-an, According to reason and tradi-

tion.

م الملاء (pl. of nāqil), Transporters; relators.

a نقل بند naql-band, A compiler of narratives.

A dis naglat, A short and broad-headed spear; transport; migration;—nagalat, nagala (pl. of nāqil), Writers;—naqala'i ahwāl, Historians.

a نقلدأي nuqldan, A fruit or sweetmeatplate; little artistically-adorned cupboards in the wall for keeping fruit and sweetmeats.

a فروش nuyl-farosh. A vendor of fruit and sweetmeats.

a نقل نويسي naql-nawīsī, Copying.

a نقلى naqlī, Fictitious, imitated; copied, transcribed;—nuqlī, A vendor of dried fruit.

سليات naqliyāt (pl. fem. of the preceding), Stories, traditions.

a الله naqliya, Cost of transport, car-

riage.

reproving, checking, reproaching; taking revenge; hating, disapproving;—naqam, Middle of the road;—niqam (pl. of niqmat), Punishments, revenges.

naqimāt (pl. of naqimat), Punish-

ments.

A deal naquat, niquat, naqimat. Punishment, revenge, vengeance; hatred; vehemence, hardness, severity.

A 3th naqw (v.n.), Extracting marrow from a bone; any bone containing mar-

row.

naqwat, nuqwat, The best, sifted, or

selected part; siftings.

nuqud (pl. of naqd), Sums of ready money;—nuqudi nā-maḥdud, Untold ready money.

nuqueh (pl. of nageh), Pictures; engravings; inscriptions; dots on dice, pips on cards.

nuqūz (pl. of niqz), Surfaces of

grounds perforated by mushrooms.

A Exi naqu', Anything diluted or dissolved in water, to make medicines or drink, an infusion; a preparation of pure water and different kinds of perfumes; [naqu'i sabib, An infusion of raisins;]—nuqu' (v.n. of zi), Flowing into one place and stagnating (water); abusing, defaming; being raised (a noise or dust); believing; killing a sheep or camel to entertain a guest; (pl. of naq') raised (dusts).

nuqul (pl. of nayl), Narratives;

copies.

A 4th naqah, 3th naquh (v.n. of 4th), Recovering (from sickness), though still weak; understanding, perceiving; listening to;—naqih, Intelligent;—nuqqah (pl. of nāqih), Convalescents; intelligent (persons).

maqy (v.n.), Taking marrow out (of a bone); giving marrow to eat;—niqy, Marrow; the fat part of the eye;—naqiy, naqi, Clean, pure, excellent, exquisite; finest and whitest flour.

A - will naqib, A chief, leader; an intelligent person; one acquainted with the genealogies of a people; a servant whose business it is to proclaim the titles of his master, and to introduce those who pay their respects to him;—naqību 'l-ashrāf, Chief of the descendants of the Prophet; supreme Sharif.

ر naqiban (P. pl. of the preceding), Chiefs, leaders, &c.:—naqibani bar, Angels

Chiefs, leaders, &c.;—naqībāni būr, Angels.

A sub naqībat, Soul, mind; intellect, understanding, penetration; nature; (for niqābat) tribunitial or magisterial dignity.

a sub naqībī, The chief magistracy.

A & inaqiyat, naqiya (fem. of naqiy), Pure, clean; a word, saying, discourse.

a hollow dug in the ground, or in a stone; a canal, trough, tray; a small groove in a date-stone, from which the stalk grows; poor, mean, despised; nature, origin, kind, species;—naqīr u qiţmīr, Minutely (see idaz, p. 978).

تقيص ه naqīs, Sweet or pure water: a fragrant aromatic, a perfume; defective, deficient, faulty, vicious;—shakhṣi naqīs, A

vicious person.

م مُعَمِّدُ naqīṣat, naqīṣa, Imperfection, defect, vice, bad quality; disgrace, slander;

-naqisa guftan, To disparage.

nagiz, Destruction of a work, demolition of a building; contrary, opposite, reverse; reversed, inverted, adverse, inimical; the sound made by a loose saddle or load upon a camel.

A & naqīzat, A competition between two poets, when one repeats a line or lines, to which the other makes an extemporary contradictory reply; contradiction;

opposition in word or deed.

A zew naqi'. A well overflowing with water; an infusion; standing water; wine made of steeped grapes, raisins, or dates without boiling; cooled milk for drinking; clamour, loud voice.

A danie nagi'at, nagi'a, A camel or other cattle killed for the entertainment of

strangers.

A Jai naqil, fem. An naqilat, naqilat, Foreign (man); a traveller; a torrent; a way; a peculiar pace of a horse;—ibn naqila, A stranger, traveller.

eli nak (for eliel q.v. p. 133), Behold!

green vitriol; -nuk, A bird's bill.

A " nak" (v.n.), Taking the scab off a sore; killing or wounding (an enemy); paying (debt), performing (what is due).

A A solution; nakāb, Green vitriol; vitriol in solution; nikāb, A stocking, glove, or muff; a falconer's glove; news, intelfigence; a figure drawn by a pencil or wrought with a needle; nukāb, A swelling about the lower part of a camel's ear.

A hits nikābat (v.n. of -si), Being set (over others) as leader or tribune.

nikāt (pl. of nuktat), Points, subtleties, conceits, witticisms, quaint phrases, epigrams; — nakkāt, A reviler, detractor.

A ciss nikāh (v.n. of cis), Marrying; matrimony, marriage; conjugal interconrae; a dowry; [nikāh ('aqdi nikāh) bastan (pardāhhtan, hardan), To marry, take a wife;—hujjati nikāh, A marriage-contract signed by a judge;—mu'āhada'i nikāh, A marriage-contract;—nakkāh, One who marries many wives, a polygamist; potent in venery.

a كاحي nikāhī, Matrimonial; married

akārat (v.n. of نكارة nakārat (v.n. of نكارة م clever, subtle; being hard, difficult; craft, cunning, skill.

nakāra, Worthless, useless; invalid. nakās, (in Zand and Pazand) A look, glance.

نكاس م nukās, A relapse.
سنان nikāf, A falconer's glove.

nukāf, A tumour rising in the throat of a camel (often fatal), also a lump behind the ear (cf. a نكاب above).

مكال nakāl, كال nakālat, nakāla, Exemplary punishment, chastisement; a public

and ignominious exposure.

نكال nikāl, Coal.

ماية nikāyat (v.n. of نكاية), Killing, wounding, injuring; a wound, injury,

massacre, slaughter.

نكاكي nikā'i, Goodness; welfare; beauty. A → Si nakb (v.n.), Turning out of the way, declining from, inclining to; position, disposition; misfortune, calamity; -nukb (pl. of nakba'), Winds blowing obliquely; -nakab (v.n.), Having a pain in the shoulders, being slip-shouldered; a hurt or disease in (a camel's) shoulder, which causes him to halt; crookedness, wryness, obliquity.

nakba', A wind blowing obliquely, نكباء A a side wind, four in number, which are called:—al-azyab, South-east wind;—aljirbiya', North-west; — aş-şābiya, North-

east :--al-hif (haif?), South-west.

م نكبات nakabāt, pl. of—

انكب nakbat (v.n. of نكبة م nakbat (v.n. of injuring anyone (ill-fortune); adversity, calamity, misfortune, affliction; bad health; ignominy, contempt.

nakbat-khāna, The residence of نكبتخانه contempt, i.e. a mean habitation; a house

full of disasters.

a نكبتي nakbatī, Contemptible, miserable, wretched, worthless.

nakt (v.n.), Poking the ground with the end of a stick and the like;nukat (pl. of nuktat), Wittieisms, &c.

nuktat, An impression made with the tip of the finger, or with a stick on the ground; a point; a subtle or quaint conceit, nice or metaphysical distinction, mystical signification, quaint saying, pithy sentence; construed with the verbs amokhtan, khwandan, dashtan, zadan, surudan, guftan, &c.; — nukta'i bādī, Agreeable, charming words, such as delight the heart; empty boast, falsehood; -nukla'i pur kar, A subtle and pleasing saying ;-nukta giriftan, To separate, make nice distinctions; to take by the handle.

a نكته آراي nukta-ārāy, Adorned with subtle sayings.

a انکته آسیر nukta-amez, Full of subtleties.

a نکته بین nukta-bin, A caviller.

a نکته پرداز nukta-pardāz, نکته پرداز nuktaparwar, Acute, sagacious, of a subtle disposition of mind.

a نکته پیوند nukta-paiwand, Subtle, ingenious.

a نکته چین nukta-chīn, A caviller, carper. a وان هندن nukta-dān, Who understands and appreciates subtleties, &c.; a critic.

a اکته سنج nukta-sonj, A weigher of words,

an orator.

a نکته سنجی nukta-sanjī, The weighing, or nice distinction, of words or minute ob-

a نكته هناس nukta-shinds, understanding subtleties or mysterious

meanings.

a انكته كذار nukta-guzār, Witty, clever.

a ريخه گون nukta-qoy, Eloquent ; epigrammatic; mystical, abstruse.

a نکته کیر nukta-qir, A caviller, carper, critic.

niks (v.n.), Loosing, untwisting (a rope); breaking (an agreement); rebelling; name of a man.

nakḥ, Genitale arvum; venery; a woman joined in matrimony; -nikh, nukh, A word used by women in betrothing a

young girl; marriage;—nukaḥ, and—

nukaḥat, nukaḥa, One who marries

many wives, a polygamist.

nakad (v.n.), Containing but little water (a well); trouble, wretchedness of life; importunity; — nakid, Miserable, wretched, distressful.

nakr, nakar, Understanding, sagacity, cunning; -nukr, nukur (v.n.), Not knowing or acknowledging, ignoring, denying; reprobating, rejecting, repudiating; -nakir, An indefinite noun; ingenious,

shrewd, crafty; ignorant.

A objet nakra, Subtlety of genius;—nakra, Manner, mode; affliction, calamity.

A & sakrat, Subtlety of genius;—nakarat, Ignorance; — nakirat, nakira, nukra, Undetermined, unrestricted, indefinite (noun); evil, misfortune.

nakz (v.n.), Striking; driving away; repulsing; stinging; fixing the sharp point of anything in the ground;nikz, Anything vile and worthless; -nakaz (v.n.), Being empty, dry (a well);—nukuz

(pl. of nakūz), Empty (wells). క్సుకు nakazhda. An earthen cup or jar.

noks (v.n.), Inclining downward, inverting, placing topsy-tnrvy; reading backward (especially a chapter of the Qur-'an); (food, &c.) causing a disease to return; -niks, (An arrow) broken at the notch, and therefore turned so that the lower end becomes top and receives the head; weak, poor, wretched (man); topsyturvy ;-nuks, A relapse ; - nuks kardan, To relapse into distemper.

نكس nakas (for nā-kas), Vile, sordid.

a نكش naksh (v.n.), Emptying (a well), taking out fetid mud; finishing, bringing to a close, extirpating.

niksh, Slow, sluggish.

nakz (v.n.), Rendering (anyone's business) troublesome; -nakaz, A causing to make haste; excessive hunger.

nak' (v.n.), Hurrying anyone to do a thing; -naka' (v.n.), Having a reddish and excoriated nose; excoriation of the

nose; -nuka', A red colour.

انكل ه nikl, A chain, fetter, manacle, collar; a bridle, reins; the iron bit of a bridle; a tried, bold, or experienced man; -nukl, punishment; that which Au example, brings punishment; -nakal (v.n.), Receiving chastisement; robust (man) of tried bravery; excellent (horse); -a'n-nakal 'alá 'n-nakal, A brave man on a gallant steed.

مكل nikil, nakl. A youth whose beard

begins to grow.

A انكلة nuklat, An example, punishment;

that which brings punishment.

nikū, niko. Good, beautiful; a good thing.

nukub (v.n. of نكوب م nukub (v.n. of نكوب declining, turning away (from the right way); preceding, as a chief or leader; blowing obliquely (intermediate winds, as NE., SE., NW., or SW. (see نكباء).

نکو خواه nikū-<u>kh</u>wāh, A well-wisher. A نکر nukūr (v.n. of نکرر), Not knowing or acknowledging, ignoring, denying; reprobating, rejecting.

a نکورای nikū-rāy, Of good judgment or

اکوز ۸ nakūz, (A well) containing little water ;-nukūz (v.n. of نكر), Flowing down upon low ground, or sinking into the earth (water).

nikū-siyar, Of good disposition نكو سير a

or manners.

nuqūs, A departing, desisting نكوص ه from fear,

مكول nukūl (v.n. of كول), Retiring, flying through timidity from something good; retreating from an enemy; abstaining, refraining (from swearing); revoking a promise, taking one's word back (m.c.).

nikū-nām, Of good repute.

nikū-nāmī-andesh, Anxious نكو نامي الديش to acquire a good name.

nakûnitan, (in Zand and Pazand) كونتن To kill.

nakūh, One who hunts for faults. an evil-speaker; a false-accuser, slanderer.

nakūhish, nikūhish, Reproach, chiding, rebuking, blame, scorn, contempt, rejection.

inikūhanda, An accuser, traducer, نكرهندة

despiser, blamer, contemner.

a نكوهيدة راى nikūhīda-rāy, Of a blameworthy way of thinking; ill-advised.

nikūhīdagī, Contempt, reproach. نكوهيدن nakūhīdan, nikūhīdan, To despise, slight, reject, blame, treat with contempt, speak ill of, slander, reproach, complain of another; to disregard religious duties.

نكوهيدة nakūhīda, nikūhīda, Despised, rejected; blamed, scorned; spoken ill of; af'āli nikūhīda, Unworthy actions.

تكولى nikū'ī, Goodness; a good thing; lutf u nikū'ī, Graciousness and goodness.

nakhat, in P. nukha, Smell of the breath; odour, perfume.

nakha, The string of a paper-kite

انكير nakīr (v.n. of نكير), Repudiating, reprobating; denying; hateful, detestable, odious, disagreeable; companion angel of p. 1334).

nakīrain (obl. du. of nakīr, used نكيرين م as nom.), The two angels Nakir and Mun-

kar. nakif, Glanders.

nag, The roof of the mouth, palate.

nigār, (imp. of nigāshtan and nigāridan) Paint thou; (in comp.) painting, painted; a picture, portrait, effigy, or idol; figures stained on the hands and feet with a dye extracted from the colouring shrub hinā; dye, paint; an idea; a beautiful woman, a mistress, a sweetheart; beauty; construed with the verbs bastan, chaspidan, dāshtan, shustan, kardan, guzāshtan, nishāndan, nihāndan, &c.;--nigāri khāţir, An impression on the mind;—niqāri roz-gār ('alam), Idol of the world; beloved by all; a miracle of beauty; - akhbar-nigar, A journalist (m.c.); —pur naqsh u nigār, Full of pictures and images.

نگار خانه nigār-khāna, A picture-gallery; the house (or book) of Mani (see ماني

p. 1145).

تگار دیده nigār-dīda, Dyed with ḥiná.

nagāristān, A picture-gallery نگارستان the house (or book) of Mani; title of several celebrated works.

nigārish, Writing; painting, draw-

ing; imagination, fancy.

nigārish-nāma, A letter, epistle. نگارش نامه a نگار عام nigār-'alam, An elegant border or hem.

q.v. below. نگارین q.v. below. nigār-gar, A painter, designer,

nigār-gird, A round edge or border.

nigāranda, A painter, limner, writer.

inigārīdan, To paint, embroider, نكاريدن

draw, pourtray, delineate, write. نگارین nigārīn, Embellished; a beloved object;--nigārīn kardan, To adorn.

الكارين وبان nigārīn-zabān. Who simulates love or friendship in his speech.

nigarīn-naward, A written نكارين نورد book, a manuscript.

nigāshtan, = نگاریدن q.v.

nigāshta, Written, painted, stained; embroidered; pourtrayed.

nigāf, A glove. nigāl, Coal, live coal.

nigāh, Look, aspect; a glance; observation; custody, watch, care, caution; (as interjection) behold! take heed! construed with the verbs uftadan, andakhtan, bākhtan, bar khwesh pechidan, dar chīze pechidan, duzdidan, rekhtan, zadan, &c. (see نگاه داهتن below) ;—nigāh ba-nigāh andā<u>kh</u>tan, To look at continuously; -nigahi tund, A severe look, a frown.

انگاه باک nigāh-bān, A guard, guardian, keeper; a petty officer of government.

nigāhbānī, Custody ;---nigāhbānī

kardan, To guard, preserve, keep.

nigāh-charān, One who goes نگاه چران with half-shut eyes, inattentive to surrounding objects.

nigāh-charānī, An empty look, نگاه چرانی

star-gazing.

וֹא אלא nigāh-dār, A guardian, keeper, custodian, conservator.

nigāh-dārī, Conservation, custody, care; maintenance (m.c.); -nigāhdari kardan, To maintain (in.c.).

inigāh-dāsht, He guarded, &c.; observation, watch; custody, preservation; anything committed to care or guardianship; a keepsake.

nigāh dāshtan, To observe, regard; to keep, maintain, guard, preserve,

look after; to enlist; to withhold.

nigāh kardan, نگاهيدي nigāh kardan, نگاه کردن To gaze at; to deposit; to give into keeping. nagar, A grape-stone;—nigar (imp. of nigaristan), Behold, consider; look, sight.

nigarān, One who looks, beholds, expects; -nigarān bāsh, Be ready, prepare yourself; -nigaran shudan, To expect, to be on the look-out.

nigarānī, Expectation; careful

attention; anxiety.

q.v.; -- ba- نگرستان nigaristan, = نگرستان kase nigaristan, To look at anyone.

nigarish, Sight, look, observation. nigaristan, تكريدن nigaristan, To view, see, look.

nagairad, الكرين nagairad, There is no

help for it, there is no remedy.

nagazhda, An earthen drinking-cup. Ki nagl, nigil, A youth whose beard begins to grow.

nigandan, To quilt, to sew in an

ornamental way.

niganda, A particular kind of ornamental sewing, counterpoint, embroidery; anything hidden, particularly treasure;niganda kardan, To sew with long stitches, baste.

nigā-sār, Inverted, turned upeide نگو سار down; ruined; one who hangs his head from shame; a low-bodied beast of burden.

inigun, Turned, inverted, hanging אלנט nigun, Turned, down; upside down; construed with shudan, kardan, &c.

nigun-bakht, Unfortunate, hapless.

nigūn-sār, One who hange the نگوی سار head from shame; inverted; -nigun-sar kardan, To overturn, to invert.

nigūn-sārī, A hanging of the head.

a نگون طالع niqūn-tāli', Unlucky.

a نگون طشت nigūn-tasht, The sky. منتعم nigah, A look, glance; observation; guardianship.

inigahbān, A keeper, guard, watchman; -nigahbāni qal'a, Garrison of a castle.

i nigahbānī, Guard, custody, guardianship; observation, watching.

nigahdar, A guardian. نگهدار

تگه دارنده nigah-daranda, A keeper.

inigah-dāra (shortened from the preceding), Guard, keeper, observer.

nigah-dārī, Observation; keeping نگيداري (a secret).

inigah-dasht, He regarded; he نگه ذاهت observed; anything committed to another's

nigah نگه کردن nigah dashtan, نگهداهتن kardan, To behold, to observe; to take care of.

nigīsā, A musician of Khusrau Par-

vigīn, A ring, especially the sealring of a prince; a precious stone set in a ring, a bezel; -nigīn bar angushtare zadan (nishāndan), nigīn dar angushtare nishāndan), To set a stone in a ring; -nigini piyada, A stone not yet set in the ring;niquei du la'i, Two stones in one collet of a ring; - nigīni suwār, A stone set in the ring; — nigini 'āshiq u ma'shūq, = nigini dū-lā'ī above.

nigīn-<u>kh</u>āma, A chisel for carving seals.

nigindān, نگین کانه nigīn-khāna, وانگین کانه The collet, i.e. that part of a ring in which the precious stone is set.

inigin-sāy, An engraver of seals ; نگین سای a polisher of gems.

نگينه nigīna, = نگينه q.v.

من nal, Take, carry off (anything good). nalch, Pus from a boil or wound.

nilisk, ناسك nilisk, In debt, a debtor.

nalk, nilk, The medlar; the medlartree; -nilk, A dried plum; seed of fenugreek; understanding, knowledge.

nilkas, The coping of a wall. nalm, Good, fair, fine. نلند naland, A spade or shovel.

, all nala-ra, Wild spikenard.

nam, Moisture; dew; tears; wet, moist; construed with the verbs bar-dashtan, rekhtan, sadan, shikastan, kashidan, &c. ;—nam as rukhsar chidan, To wipe tears from the cheeks; (met.) to console, to soothe; -- nam bīrūn na-dādan, To give little or nothing, to be stingy;—nami tāk, (dew of the vine) Wine; -nam giriftan, To get wet or moist.

namm (v.n.), Calumniating, publishing (the sayings or actions of others) in order to create animosities; telling or propagating falsehoods; diffusing a smell, being fragrant (musk); motion; breath; Blander, calumny.

namā, numā, (in comp.) Showing, pointing out; an index; -rah-numa, Showing the way; a guide; - kishwari khwush-

numā, A pleasant country.

المن namā' (v.n. of لمن), Growing, increasing; rising (water); rising (as the price of provisions); interests (of a capi-

namād, He showed; one who shows

or points out.

a ما دار namā-dār, Increasing, what grows, prospers, thrives.

namār, numār, A hint, glance, inti-

nimār (pl. of namir), Leopards.

namārān, Signs, hints, intimations. nimarat, nimara (pl. of namir),

Leopards, pards, panthers.

namāriq (pl. of numruq, nimriq), Pads placed between a rider and his saddle.

نماری (?), Black and white lines; a place where a sheep is enclosed to decoy a wolf

(لمرة see).

namāz, Prayers, those especially prescribed by law (which are repeated five times a day); adoration, worship; devotion, ministry, service; obedience; -namāzi bāmdād, Morning-prayers said before dawn ;-namāz burdan, To show reverence or respect to; to say prayers; -namāzi peshin, Mid-day prayers ;-namāzi jamā'at, Friday's prayer, offered in common in the mosque; -namāzi khuftan, Prayers before going to bed, two hours or more after sunset; -namāri dīgar, Afternoon-prayers; - namāzi shām, Evening-prayers, vespers (immediately after sunset); -namāzi zuhr, Midday prayer; — namāz kardan (guzārdan), To say one's prayers, to attend divine service; - bar hire namāzi murda kardan, To subdue greed and avarice ;-panj waqti namāz, The five hours of prayers;—dar namāzi kase būdan, To pray for a dead person; -quddas-namaz, The holy prayers; mass, as celebrated by Christians.

ישון ארט שף namāz-burdan-sū, The direction which one takes in prayer (= قبلة q.v.

р. 953).

نماز گاه namāz-qāh, A place of prayer; public service is performed there chiefly on great occasions; the principal place in a mosque, where the priest prays with the people with his face turned towards Mecca. namāz-guzār, One who prays.

namāzī, A praying person; relating prayers; devout, or in the constant habit of praying; clean, pure, fit for

prayer.

form).

nammās, A calumniator, whisperer.

nimāt, Coverings, housings. نماك namāk, Custom, habit, fashion; beauty, grace, elegance; ornament (cf. of which it is said to be the enlarged

nimāl (pl. of naml), Ants;—nammāl, A whisperer, slanderer, censurer.

nammām, A calumniator, accuser, نمام whisperer; an informer; a kind of wild thyme or betony; a medicine.

مامة namāmat, namāma, Mint.

a نماسي nammāmī, Calumniation. نماسي na-mānād, for which also نماند namānad is used, May he (she, it) not remain, i.e. may he perish!

mumay, namay, A shower, exhibi-

tor.

inumayan, namayan, Appearing, apparent; bold (as a picture); -numāyān shudan, To appear, be shown, come in sight; -numāyān kardan, To show, demonstrate.

numāyish, namāyish, Appearance, نمايش face, form, figure; vision, sight, development; an apparition, spectre, phantom;namāyishi āb, Semblance of water on a sandy plain.

namā'im (pl. of namīmat), Detrac-

tions.

numāyanda, namāyanda, One who نمايندة shows; showy, striking.

نماية namāya, A figure, image, representation.

numāyīdan, namāyīdan, To show, exhibit.

nammat, namma, A female calumniator.

namatk, A wild plum; -namtuk, numtuk, A medlar; -numutk, A red substance resembling coral.

مي namj, Broom; bulrushes.

namch, Dew, humidity, moisture. namcha, Germany ; Austria (m.c.).

nam-khwurda, Injured by moisture.

namad, Felt; a garment of coarse cloth; a cloak worn during rain; a rug or coarse carpet on which people sit; a thick veil; membrum virile; -namad ba-gardan uftāda raftan, (met.) To complain of and seek redress for injustice;—namad dar āb dāshtan, To deceive, plot, lay snares;— namad dar bar, With a coarse cloak or garment over the shoulders;—az namadi chīze kulāh dāshtan, To be in the same condition as another.

نمدار nam-dār, Moist, humid. نمدار namdān, Vulva mulieris.

المد پارة namad-pāra, A piece of coarse felt.

نمد پوه namad-posh, Clad in woollen or felt.

مند زين namad-zīn, A coarse woollen saddle-cloth; a cushion stuffed with wool or sand; a saddle stuffed on the upper part, to prevent the rider being galled. (The modern name is تكلته tagaltū.)

نمد سار namad-sāz, نمد سار namadyar, A felt-

manufacturer.

نمد مال namad-mäl, A felt-maker.

نديدة nam-dida, Bathed in tears, weeping.

نمدين namadīn, Made of felt; woollen;---

kulahi namadin, A cap of felt.

A so namr (v.n.), Climbing (a mountain);—nimr, Name of a man;—numr, numur (pl. of namir), Leopards;—namar (v.n.), Being full of spots or spotted like a pard; being dappled (a cloud); being angry, surly, growling, ill-humoured, of a bad disposition;—namir, A leopard; a panther; name of the father of an Arabian tribe;—numar (pl. of numrat), Spots of divers colours.

namirat, namira, Spotted like a leopard; a dappled cloud; a kind of cloak marked with black and white lines; a woollen Arabian garment of different stripes; a net in which a sheep is enclosed to decoy a wolf; name of a place in Arafat near Mecca.

numruq, nimriq, نعرق numraqat, numraqa, A small cushion or pillow, especially placed between a rider and his saddle; a horse or camel-cloth.

مرود namrūd, numrūd, Nimrod, a king, who is said to have cast Abraham into the

fire.

namara, numra, Number (m.c.).

a نبرى namari, Resembling a leopard, leopard-like; of the tribe of Namir.

الم زدة nam-zada, Wet, moist; tearful.

nams (v.n.), Concealing (a secret); making (one) a confidant;—nims, The ichneumon or Egyptian weasel, which kills the crocodile;—namas (v.n.), Being spoilt, rancid (butter or oil).

numus, A weasel (cf. A. نبس nims

above).

namsa, Germany; Austrian (m.c.

through T.).

namsh, Fraud, deceit, artifice, cunning; a kind of food or dish made of milk; whipped cream.

namsh, Lines conspicuous on the

hands or face; black and white spots;—namash (v.n.), Being marked with points of different colours; spots or marks on the skin (as of leprosy, &c.); freckles; the lines in paintings or engravings;—namish, Spotted with black and white, freckled; (a sword) marked with lines on the blade.

i namishta, Faith, belief, confidence. المشائد i namshak, Coriander, pepperwort; —nimishk, Milk milked upon sour milk;

cream; butter.

namshidan, To succeed, obtain

one's wish, prosper.

namş (v.n.), Pulling the hairs out of the face;—nimş, A kind of plant;—namaş, Small hairs like wool; fine pile or down; thinness of hair.

a covering, blanket, coverlet; a woollen cloth or housing thrown over a camel-litter; a society, company of men, club;—'alá namaṭ-in wāḥid-in, In one manner, uniformly.

a نبط هرى namat-shoy, A washer of bed-

clothes, &c.

a نمطى namaṣī, A bed, a covering; a maker or seller of coverlets.

namq (v.n.), Writing or dictating (a book);—numiq (pass.), It has been written (indicating the place where a diploma, &c., has been issued); (as a nouu) place for the seal or signature; a letter; a document.

namak, nimak, Salt; spirit, animation; wit, graces, elegance (cf. sales et lepores); bread, subsistence; construed with the verbs afgandan, ambāshtan, bastan, pāshīdan, randan, rekhtan, sūdan, kardan, &c.;—namaki ashk, Bitterness of tears;namak angekhtan (angezidan, rezidan), To shed tears; -namak bar jigar dashtan, To suffer a great calamity; —namak tāza kardan (namūdan), To renew a compact ;namak dar átish afgandan (guzāshtan), To raise a tumult; -namak dar jigar rekhtan, To torment; -- namak zadan, To salt, sprinkle with salt; — namaki siyāh (namaki hindi), Salt of bitumen;—namaki shīsha, Dross of glass; -bā-namak, Tasteful (m.c.).

ساك أب namak-āb, Salt water.

نمك حرام برام namak ba-harām, = نمك جرام q.v. below.

namak-band, (A wound) sprinkled with salt and bandaged.

نمك پاش namak-pāsh, Sprinkled with salt; who sprinkles with salt.

namak-parwar. One who eats another's salt, i.e. a servant.

نيك پروردة namak-parwarda, Brought up or supported at the expense of another.

namakt, Dew, moisture.

نمكيث namak-chash, A taste, specimen; a small quantity, a minute part.

namak-chashī, The first feeding نبك چشى

of a child about six months of age, attended with certain ceremonies.

namak-haram, Untrue to salt eaten together, i.e. ungrateful, faithless, perfidious, disloyal; disobedient; evil, wicked.

انمك حالل namak-halāl, Faithful, loyal, true.

نمك حالي namak-ḥalālī, Fidelity, loyalty. نمك عوار namak-<u>kh</u>wār, Eating salt.

انمك خوردة namak-khwurda, Salt. namak-khwāragi, Gratitude,

thankfulness (m.c.).

نمكدان namakdān, A salt-cellar; the mouth of a mistress; -namakdan shikastan (to break the salt-celler), To be ungrateful. אבי namak-rez, Scattering salt.

سكوار namakzār, A salt-pan; a salt-mine.

نهك ودة namak-zada, Salted.

namakzī, A dish made of honey, flour, and butter (or mutton-fat), with pistachio-nuts, sprinkled with white sugar-

namak-sar, A salt-pan; a salt-

mine.

namak-sang, Native salt ; rock-

سود namak-sūd, Salted; hung beef; namak-sūd kardan, To salt.

نماعه هنامن namak-shinās, Grateful; loyal. namak-gir, Who tastes a little of anything salt (to ascertain the quantity of salt put in it).

نمكين namakīn, Salted, salt, saline, brackish; witty, poignant, sarcastic; hand-

some, beautiful.

namakīna, A food prepared of soured curds, with salt, coriander-seeds, &c. نمكينى namakīnī, Saltness; agreeableness.

nam-gīra, (dew-catching) A canopy. nam-gīn, Moist, wet, humid.

مل مر naml (v.n.), Slandering, backbiting; an ant; a kind of St. Anthony's fire; blisters from burning;—namal (v.n.), Being asleep and helpless (the hand); haste, expedition; — namil, quickness, Brisk, prancing, spirited (horse); quick, nimble, ready; slanderous; a new-born infant, in whose hand an ant is put (with a wish that he may be prudent and indus-

a نملة namlat, namla, One ant; an ulceration on the side of the body; blisters from burning; erysipelas; -numlat, Malignant and clandestine whispering or defamation; disquietude, restlessness; incessant motion;—namilat, namila, (A place)

swarming with ants.

a ملك namla, Full (especially of trouble; perhaps a metaphorical use of namila in the previous article).

nam-lü, Moist.

نمناك namnāk, Moist, dank, damp; dewy.

نمناكي namnākī, Moistness, humidity. numunk, A red substance like coral.

numūw, in P. numū, numw (v.n. of بنبر), Growing, increasing; vegetation, growth, increase; -namū yāftan, To grow

namūd, numūd, He showed; an index, guide; appearance; proof; apparent, public, glaring, shown, exhibited, famous, prominent; --sa'ādat namūd, Happy, august.

namūdār, Exemplar, proof, symbol, specimen, representation, imitation, model, copy; appearing, exhibiting; argument; an astronomical artifice for verifying the exact date of a birth; visible; noted. famed; like, after the manner;—namūdār shudan, To appear.

namūdārī, Publicity : a compensation for not having lands ascertained by actual measurement (an Indian phrase).

namūdish, An لمودش namūdish, An exemplar, model, specimen.

namūd-gar, Who gives proofs of virtue or skill.

سودي numūdan, namūdan, To show, demonstrate, cause to appear, exhibit; to declare; to appear, seem; (= kardan) to do, to perform, as:-mu'ālaja namūdan, To cure, treat medically. (See baz-numūdan under بر p. 144, and وا نمودن below.)

namūdanī, An apparition.

نمودة numūda, namūda, Exhibited, shown: appeared.

namūdī, Appearance, show. numūr (pl. of namir), Pards. يمودج = namūzaj, = نمودج q.v. above.

namūzash, A throne, نموزش namūzash, A geat.

namūsak, نموهك namūshak, numūshak, A small kind of partridge.

namūk, A butt for archers.

namūm, A calumniator; one who adorns a tale with falsehood.

نمون namūn, numūn, A guide; index.

namūna, numūna, نمونه namūya, numuya, Sample, example, specimen, type, form, pattern; a muster; like, resembling; tasting before; a taster; deformed, ugly; inverted, upside down; incomplete, defective, useless; idle, slothful, worthless; construed with bastan, kardan, &c.

مى namī, Coolness; moistness, damp-

namy (v.n.), Relating, allving نمى (one to his father); attributing a thing (to anyone) as the author; lifting up and putting (one thing upon another); growing, increasing; - nummá, nummiy, nummi, Anyone, anybody; money, coin (that especially in which there is brass or tin); fraud, perfidy; enmity; vice, defect; nature, genius (of man), substance, esللمي namīyat (v.n. of للمي), Growing. الميع namīj, الميع namīch, A seat, chair, throne (cf. الموزة).

الميد namid, Moist;—numid (for nāumid), Hopeless; bad, wicked; miserable.

وميد namidan, To grow moist; to incline towards, have an inclination or desire for;—numidan, To despair.

المبدة namīda, Inclined, turned towards; moist with dew;—numīda, Hopeless, despairing.

numīdī, Hopelessness, despair. نمودي namīr, Lazy, greedy, gluttonous.

A namīr, Wholesome (water), easy of digestion; pure (friendship, esteem); many, much;—numair, Name of the father of a tribe.

namīrā, Explanation, interpretation,

commentary.

na-mī-shawad (3rd pres. sing. of shudan), It is not possible, it cannot be.

ميم namīs, (Grass) cropped by cattle and growing again.

a ميمن namīga, A letter, writing.

namīmat, namīma, Detraction, slander, calumny; whispering in the ear; the sound of a pen when writing; a low whisper.

a نميمه کار namīma-kār, A slanderer.

a نعيمى namīmī, Slanderous, sycophantic. ندر عورد nandar-khwurd (for nā-andar-khwurd), Unworthy, unbeseeming.

nang, Honour, reputation, estimation; disgrace, infamy, ignominy; base, shameful; battle, dispute; in these meanings construed with the verbs kardan, kashīdan, &c.; a hermaphrodite; (in Zand and Pāzand) a hen;—nang āmadan az, To appear preferable to;—nang dāshtan, To blush, be ashamed, disdain;—hifzi nāmās u nang kardan, To defend one's honour and good name;—fārigh az nām u nang, Destitute of reputation and of honour;—kuffāri bī nāmās u nang, Infidels without reputation or honour.

nangsār, Changing from a good to a worse form, transmigration, metamorphose.

nang-nāma, A history of wars; prose or verse written in the way of irony or satire.

نكين nangīn, Ugly, deformed, faulty;

ننگین نبد nangin-namad, Covered with an ugly cloak.

nanam (for nana-am), My (dear)

mother (m.c.).

au nana, els au nana-jān, Mother, dear mother, "mamma"; an endearing name also used by mothers towards dear children, and a frequent exclamation in the mouths of girls when they are startled, as the men say "O, Allah!" (m.c.).

יישבט nunhidan, To cover, hide, conceal.

عبادت na-nihāda, Not laid down for, i.e. not destined.

j nav, A hero, brave man; (imp. or root of nawidan) crying, weeping; motion, action, trembling; name of a note in music;—nau, nav, nū, no, New, fresh;—nau ba-nau, Again and again;—hinā nau kardan, To freshen up the dye with hennah;—qabā (na'l) nau kardan, To put on a new garment (new shoes);—māh nau kardan, To see the new moon.

رواء naw' (v.n. of ارواء), Rising with difficulty, striving to rise (with a heavy load); setting in the west (as a star) in the twilight, another rising opposite to it in the

east.

is nawa, A sum of money sent to an invader to save the country from plunder; largest and best of anything; the leg; a hop, skip, or jump; a name of the Mogule; name of a fire-worshipper; voice, sound, modulation, song; a certain musical tone or mood; name of a musical instrument; riches, opulence, wealth, plenty; profit, advantage, gain, usefulness, interest; a happy life; a splendid situation; prosperity; content; food, sustenance; provisions for a journey; apparatus, furniture, material; grief, pain; an army; point of a thing; history; separation, disunion; wariness, caution; information; a pledge (either for a debt or when wagering); a wager, stakes; a pawned garment; fettered; a prisoner, captive; a foot-band; grains, seeds, or stones of fruit; fortune, chance; order, arrangement, constitution; a parrot; writing; a son; a grandson;nawayi jan, A risking of one's life; -- nawāyi chakāwak, Name of a note in music; -nawāyi <u>kh</u>ār-kan (<u>kh</u>ār-kand), Name of a note in music; -nawāyi murahān, Song of birds; -bī-nawā, Without food, helpless, unfortunate;—dar nawā āwardan, To play a musical instrument.

الواء niwā' (v.n 3 of الواء), Disputing with, opposing, showing enmity against.

תליים nauwāb, A guard of soldiers;
nūwāb (pl. of nā'ib), Vicegerents, deputies, lieutenants, governors; (in P. also sing.)
a vicegerent, &c.; a nabob; Altesse, Highness (as title, m.c.).

יף זאט nau-ābād, Newly peopled, recently

colonized, or cultivated.

nawābit (pl. of nābit), Plants,

vegetables.

ત કાર્ય, nawābigh (pl. of nābighat), Men of magnificence and rank; surnames of several poets.

nawābik (pl. of nābik), High

(places).

a رابي nauwābī, Deputyship; a kind of cloth; relating to a nabob.

بوابين nawābīn, A successful wish; disposed; flourishing, florid, gay; a flower.

ואלן אלון nawā-pardaz, A singer; a player

on a musical instrument.

م المول v.n. of لوال الم الم nawāt, in P. لوات (v.n. of لوال), Intending, proposing; a date-stone; a weight of five dirham; also of three and of three and a half dirham.

nawātij (pl. of nātij), Fruitful, نواتع ▲ prolific; — mawāshī'i nawātij, Prolific cattle.

a نواتی nawātī (pl. of nūtī), Sailors.

nawājiz (pl. of nājiz), Wisdom-

nawājasta, لواجستا nawājasta, A vineyard newly planted.

nawājī (pl. of nājiyat), Swift she-camels running away with their riders.

انوع nuwāḥ (v.n. of زاع nuwāḥ (v.n. of زاع الم (one defunct); complaining; a complaint; -nūwāḥ, Environs, district, tract, coast, shore, side.

nauwāḥat, A hired female نواحه

mourner

nawāḥī (pl. of nāḥiyat), Environs, borders, suburbs; coasts; parts adjacent; territories.

a نواحي نشين nawāḥī-nishīn, Dwelling on a coast.

نوا عاله nawā-khāna, A prison.

nawākht, He caressed; caresses, blandishment; (in comp.) singing, trying or tuning the voice or an instrument;

making an essay, tasting.

nawākhtan, To soothe, caress, treat humanely or kindly, gratify, fulfil the wishes of another; to praise, flatter, extol, magnify by words or actions; to give presents; to use as a brother or friend; to play upon any instrument; to sing, to strike up a loud noise; (with an instrument of punishment) to chastise, to strike, to kill; -barbut nawākhtan, To play on the lute; būrghū nawākhtan, To blow the horn; — duhul nawākhtan, To beat the drum ;-nai nawākhtan, To play the flute.

nawākhta, Protected, reared, cherished, careased; good works; presents,

favours.

بواعدة م nawākhizat (pl. of nākhuzā, &c.), Commanders of vessels; supercargoes.

nawä<u>kh</u>asta, A garden or orchard نواخسته

newly planted.

nawā-khwān. One who taunts نوا خوان another, imitates his voice, makes fun of

nawā-khwānī, Taunt, imitation نوا خواني of another's voice, fun made of another.

nawad, A hole in the ground for concealing treasure; injury, loss; the tongue, speech; calculation.

nawādir (pl. of nādirat), Rare things, rarities, wonders; — nawādiru 'lkalām, Unusual phraseology, uncommon language.

nawādsha, Clay, rubbish.

nawada, A grandson, a son's son; a dear child.

بادة يسرينة nawāda pisarīna, A son's son. د دعترينة nawāda dukhtarīna, A daughter's son.

nawār, nuwār, A broad border round نوار a tent; also a piece sewed above a seam to strengthen it; a cable; a belt for man or beast; innocent.

انور nawār (v.n. of نوار Being terrified, fleeing away, abhorring, spurning; timid, dreading suspicion, modest (woman);niwar (v.n. of 19), Being frightened and fleeing away; -nūwār, Flowers, especially white; blossoms.

a اراء niwārā, A kind of boat; a boat.

אַ אֿוּאָ nūwārat, nūwāra, One flower; a white blossom.

nuwāris, A kind of long cucumber. a وارة nawāra, A boat; an establishment of boats kept up at Dacca for the defence above). ووارا above

nawārahān, A present made to a نوارهان poet, musician, or messenger of good news.

الماليك nawärīdan, To bolt without chew-

ing.

nawāz (imp. of nawākhtan in comp.), One who caresses, soothes, or flatters; a performer on a musical instrument; caresses, blandishments; comfort, satisfac-

نوا زادة nawā-zāda, A grandson.

nawāzān, One who caresses, soothes; a performer on a musical instrument; a singer.

nuwāzdah, Nineteen.

nuwāzdahum, Nineteenth.

nawāzish, Caresses, blandishments, نوازش soothing, kindness, politeness, courtesy; a trying to sing, a tuning the voice; beating or blowing a musical instrument; a musical instrument; — nawāzish kardan, To caress, soothe.

a نوازهاس nawāzishāt (A. pl. of nawāzish),

Caresses, &c.

nawazishgar, One who caresses. نوازش كرى nawāzishgarī, Kind usage. نوازش كرى nawāzish nāma, Polite, com-

plimentary letters.

م نوازل م nawāzil (pl. of nāzilat), Misfortunes, calamities; cold, rheums.

nawāzandagī, The playing on an نوازندگی

instrument; flattering, caressing. nawāzanda, A flatterer, caresser; a

player upon an instrument. nawazī, Clemency, courtesy, kind-

ness.

nawāzīdan, To soothe, caress; to نوازيدن play on a musical instrument.

م نواس nawwās, Waving, agitated; pendulous.

nawāsā, A grandson.

اوا ساز nawā-sār, Making prisoner; a singer, a musical performer.

nawāstan, To contend.

nuwasta, Bricks laid close (in building); a brick wall; tiles; heaps or piles of them.

nawā-sanj, A singer, a musician. nawāsa, A grandchild, daughter's child.

nawāsī, A grand-daughter.

nawāsīr (pl. of nāsūr), Running نواسير ه SOTES.

nuwāsh, Melon, cucumber; gardenfruit.

nawāshtan, To labour, struggle, strive, exert oneself; to be wrinkled, contracted.

nuwāshta, A brick wall; bent, crooked.

awāshir (pl. of nāshirat), Veins; arm-muscles; wings; -nawāshiri nāshira, Outstretched wings.

nawā-shinās, A singer, a mu-

sician.

nuwasha, Clay or building-cement. nawāṣib, The enemies of 'Alī.

nawāṣif (pl. of nāṣif), Gutters, نوامف ه gullies by which water runs down a valley.

nawāṣĩ (pl. of nāṣiyat), Forelocks; eminent men (the forelocks of the nation).

nawāzih (pl. of nāzihat), Shecamels trained to water ground.

nawāzir (pl. of nāzir), Green. nawāṭiḥ (pl. of nāṭiḥ), Adversities.

a أوا عرار nawā-tirās, A singer, musician. nawātil (pl. of nātil), Winemeasures.

nawātīr (pl. of nātūr), Keepers نواطير ه of vineyards or palm-gardens; guardians of citadels.

nawāzir (pl. of nāzirat), Eyes.

A neli nawā'īr (pl. of nā'ūr, 8,120 nā-'urat), Water-mills; water-wheels; water-

nawāfis (pl. of nāfisat), Juggling نوافث م tricks.

nawāfij (pl. of nāfijat), Beginnings or origins of anything.

nawāfiz, The avenues whereby joy or grief are conveyed to the soul, as the ears, nose, mouth, &c.

nawāfis (pl. of nafsā', &c.), والس Women in labour.

م بالل م nawāfil (pl. of nāfilat), Spontaneous acts of devotion not prescribed by law, works of supererogation.

nauwāq, Sagacious, experienced, fit for anything; a breaker in of camels (nagat).

nawāqir, Reproaches, imprecations; striking, cogent, kneck-down arguments.

nawāqil (pl. of năqilat), Vicissitudes of fortune; tribes (of Arabs) roaming from place to place; tribute carried from city to city.

nawāqīs (pl. of nāgūs), Wooden نواقيس ه gongs used by the Christians in the East instead of bells.

a نواتيسي nawāqīsī, Beater of the nāqūs. nawākiz (pl. of nākiz), Wells emptied; nearly exhausted.

nawākis (pl. of nākis), Hangers نواكس of the head.

nawagar, A singer, musician; one who reads a book from beginning to end;

one who does a thing thoroughly.

nawāl, A present, gift, benefit; fortune; a lot, portion; what is proper or convenient, the right way; office, duty, anything that ought to be performed;-'amma nawālu-hu. His bounty is universal

a مَالَةُ nawdla, nuwala, A part of any victuals kept for one absent, or set down before an unexpected guest; a dish of meat; a mouthful, morsel; the wadding of a gun; whatever one carries home from an entertainment; listening; - nawāla bar, Carry away the dish or food (see also the following article); -dosti nawāla, A trencher-friend, parasite.

بر الله بر awala-bar, One who carries away provisions;—nawāla-bur, A knife; carving-

inawālīdan, To complain, cry; to shake, tremble.

ינוֹח א nuwām, Drowsiness; — nauwām, One who sleeps much, a great sleeper; nūwām (pl. of nā'im), Sleepers.

nawamand, Rich, wealthy, prospe-

rous, well off.

nau-āmūz (amoz), A learner, noviciate; inexperienced; a young falcon learning to hunt; fond of new things; one who learns anything new, or from the beginning; one who comes to perfection in any study.

-nau-āmozanda, A writing-mas أو أموالدة

nawāmī (pl. of nāmiyat), Growing نواسي things.

nawāmīs (pl. of nāmūs), Huntera' lurking-places.

nawāmīn, First-fruits; anything rare, new, and seen for the first time.

old nawan, One who walks with a waving motion, or who moves to and fro, whilst reading or meditating; tremulous; feeble, weak, lean; the messenger of good news; a horse between a cream-colour and a chesnut; intelligence, information; direction; prey, plunder; reading; a reader, writer, learned man, doctor; crying, weeping, complaining; bent, crooked, doubled; old (opposed to new); aware, wary, prudent, intelligent.

nuwānzdah, Nineteen. نوانوده

inawānīdan, To cry, lament, weep; to cause to cry; to shake, tremble, be agitated; to cause to shake; to be aware or wary; to warn, inform, certify.

نو آورد nau-awarda, An invention, new publication, anything new.

أوارير awāwīr (pl. of nūwār), White flowers.

ا بواهد awāhid (pl. of nāhid, nāhidat), Swelling-breasted (girls).

nawāhiq (pl. of nāhiq), The places in the throats of asses which produce the braying sounds.

nawāhil (pl. of nāhil), Hungry,

thirsty (camels).

ناهي ه nawāhī (pl. of nahy, nāhiyat), Prohibitions, things forbidden by law.

nawā'ib '(pl. of nā'ibat), Accidents, revolutions of fortune, adversities, troubles, calamities; extraordinary aids beyond the established contributions.

nawā'iḥ (pl. of nā'iḥat), Weeping,

wailing (women).

nawā'ir (pl. of nā'irat), Enmities, batreds; fires.

nau-äyanda, A new-comer.

أواكي nawā'ī, Voice, sound, melody; riches, affluence, plenty, opulence;—ahli nawā'ī, One with a fine voice; a good musician; musical.

المانية nawāyīdan, To cry, lament, weep, complain; to walk pompously; to swing to and fro.

ألان nau-āyīn, Things newly made or never before seen; of a new kind, new-fangled; novelties, wonders; a new fashion; one who introduces a new fashion; adorned, decorated; the decorations of a house; leader of an army.

rative and superlative of the preceding) Things more or most recently made, &c.

naub (v.u.), Supplying the place (of another), being a vicar, vicegerent, lieutenant, or nabob; being near; being converted to God; being obedient, performing assiduously every religious duty; nearness; event, accident; (pl. of nā'ib) vicegerents;—nūb, The Nubians in Ethiopia; (pl. of nā'ib) bees;—nuwab (pl. of naubat, nūbat), Periods, turns; accidents of fortune.

i nau-bāda, New wine. نو بادة nau-bāra, First-fruits.

نوباسون naubāmūn, The ox of king Faridun.

روبان nūbān, A king's son.

anything new, curious, or agreeable to the eye;—nau-bāwa kardan, To eat first-fruits or early fruits; to produce.

الوب naubat, nauba (v.n. of نوبة م), Supplying the place (of another); a period,

time, turn, revolution; anything done periodically; a guard which is relieved; keeping watch, relieving guard; drums beating at the gate of a great man at certain intervals; a sentinel, watchman; [naubati tab, Paroxysm of a fever;]—nūbat, Accident, calamity, misfortune; period, time, turn; Nubia, part of Ethiopia.

م وَهَ مَا مُعَلَّمُ مَسَلَّهُ مَا مُسَلِّهُ مَا مُسَلِّهُ مُسَلِّهُ مَا مُسَلِّهُ مُسَاءً مُرِهُ مَا مُسَلِّهً مُسَلِّهً مُسَلِّهً مَا مُسَلِّهً مَا مُسَلِّهً مَا مُسَلِّهً مَا مُسَلِّهً مَا مُسَلِّهً مَا مُسَلِّهً مَا مُسَلِّهً مَا مُسَلِّهُ مَا مُسَلِّمً مَا مُسَلِّمً مَا مُسَلِّمً مُسَلِّهُ مَا مُسَلِّمً مَسَلِّهُ مَسَلِّمً مَسَلِّهُ مَا مُسَلِّمً مَسَلِّمً َسَلِّمً مَسَلِّمً مَسَلِّمً مَسَلِّمً مَسَلِمً مَسَلِّمً مَسَلِّمً مَسَلِّمً مَسَلِمً مَسَلِّمً مَسَلِّمً مَسَلِّمً مَسَلِّمً مَا مُسَلِّمً مَسَلِّمً مَسَلِمً مَسَلِّمً مَسَلِّمً مَسَلِّمً مَسَلِّمً مَسَلِمً مَسَلِمً مَسَلِّمً مَسَلِمً مَسَلِمً مَسَلِمً مَا مُسَلِّمً مَسَلِمً مَسَلِمً مَسَلِمً مَسَلِمً مَسَلِمً مَسَلِمً مَسَلِمً مَسَلِمً مَسَلِمً مَسَلِمً مَسَلِمً مَسَلِمً مَسَلِمًا مَسَلِمً مَسَلِمً مَسَلِمً مَسَلِمً مَسَلِمً مَسَلِمً مَسَلِمًا مَسَلِمً مَسَلِمً مَسَلِمً مَسَلِمً مَسَلِمً مَسَلِمً مَسَلِمًا مَسَلِمً مَا مَسَلِمً مَسَلِمً مَسَلِمً مَسَلِمً مَسْلِمًا مَسَلِمً مَا مَسَلِمً مَا مَسَلِمً مَا مَسَلِمً مَا مَسَلِمً مَا مَسَلِمً مَا مَ

a نوبتنانه naubat-khāna, A watch-tower; a

guard-house; the music-gallery.

وبت وي naubat-zan, A beater of the kettle-drum.

naubat-gāh, خوبتك كاه naubat-gah, A place where a tent is pitched; an orchestra, music-gallery; a prison.

a توبت نواز naubal-nawaz, A beater of the

kettle-drum.

a روتي naubate, One turn; one guard; at one time, once upon a time;—naubatī, He who beats the kettle-drum called naubat; the grand tent of audience; the tent in which the naubat is kept; a led horse; the wife whose turn it is to be visited by the husband, or to wait on him.

ربخى دار a naubātā-dār, The door-keeper of a tent of audience; a jailer; a head-drummer.

a الوبتى naubati-gāh, The place where a tent is pitched; the tent of the wife whose turn has come (to be visited by the husband).

יף אי nau-bar, Fresh fruits newly ripe; a damsel whose breasts begin to show;—
naubar kardan, To eat fresh fruits; to produce.

nūbishtan, To preserve, spare. وبغتن nūbak, nobak, A vine-twig or shoot.

نوبندگان naubandajān, نوبندگان naubandagān, A city in Persia.

nauba, First-fruits;—nuba, Complaint, moan; bark of the wild pine; pith of a tree; Nubia.

a دونه nauba, Intermittent fever (see also نوبه and نوبه above).

الإضار nau-bahār, The spring-quarter; name of a fire-temple.

نو نهاری nau-bahārī, Name of a note in music; name of the 27th note of Barbud.

a دبه عامه nauba-<u>kh</u>āna, Guard-house; music gallery.

a نوبى nūbī, A Nuhian.

naubikh, Ivy. نوبيع

ربانس nūbīdan, To roll, wallow (as a horse).

עניט nūpān, A wicker basket.

او برواز nau-parwāz, Newly-fledged, a fledgeling.

nau-paidā, New, newly produced,

recent.

nautāsh, Constant, eternal, everlasting.

nautar, Newer, more recent.

a لوتى nūtī, A seaman.

nuj, A pine-tree.

naujaba, Inundation, flood; an angel.

و جوان nau-jawān, Quite young; a young

man, lad, youth. المعارفة nau-jawānī, Prime of life, youth.

q.v. نوچ = nuch نوچ

nauchagī, Newness, freshness. نوچگی naucha, A youth, a young man.

A to nauh (v.n.), Lamenting, complaining, moaning; mourning a deceased relative; plaint, moan; rhyme, rhythmical oration; a company of people uttering together a rhythmical oration;—nauh, nūwah (pl. of nā'iḥat), Female mourners;—nūh, Noah.

nûh, Ivy.

wail over the dead (by female mourners);
—nauha kardan, To wail (as hired mourners);
to milk.

a نوحه المعالم nauhagar, One who laments; a

hired mourner; one who milks.

a نومه nauḥagarī, Lamentation. a نوميدن nauḥīdan, To weep, lament.

ty nukh, Plaint, moan, lamentation (pro-

bably misreading for راوع).

نو عاسته nau-<u>kh</u>āsta, New-risen, i.e. a youth, young man;— dilāwarāni naukhāsta, Youthful warriors.

a من nau-khat, A youth whose musta-

chios are just appearing.

a وعطي naukhāṭī, First appearance of a beard;—naukhaṭī'i 'ālam, Early spring-grass.

ومنه naukhana, Kindness, beneficence

(doubtful).

naukhīdan, To lament, weep (pro-

bably misreading for نوحيدن).

nau-khez, New-risen, fresh, tender. الوك nawadān (v.n. of نود being moved, agitated, waving, tottering, nodding (from drowsiness).

بود nūd, A beloved son;—nawad. (S. nawati) ninety; the posteriors; he trembles;

-nawad bar, Ninety times.

naudārān, نوداراني naudārān، ابرداراني naudārān، Drink-money, over and above stipulated wages; anything given to a poet, or to the servant who brings a present, or to a messenger who brings good news.

بو داماد nau-dāmād, A young husband. و داماداي nau-dāmādān (pl. of the preceding), A new husband and bride, a new

couple.

مودي naudad, A fold.

نودر naudar, Anything new and strange; name of a son of Minuchibr.

نودراى naudarān, Servants, apprentices (perhaps misreading for دوکرا).

پودرانه naudarāna, Drink-money.

المورة naudara, A beloved offspring; bold, warlike; folded up, rolled together, creased; a mode of stitching; a border sewed on a garment.

nūdsād, Any honourable profession or employ; a bias to the useful and

praiseworthy.

nau-damīda, Newly sprung up,

a fresh shoot.

او دندای nau-dandān, A child that has newly-cut teeth.

نودولت nau-daulat, An upstart, parvenu. نودو نوده nauda, Air, atmosphore; bold; nawada, A grandchild; beloved offspring.

ابر ه naur (v.n.), Shining; being frightened, flying in horror from anything; frightening (a female), causing (her) to run away with fear; questioning (?); the blossom of a tree, a flower (especially when white); -nūr, Light, rays of light (construed with the verbs uftadan, baridan, burdan, bekhtan, jastan, dādan, sokhtan, shustan, shikastan, gusistan, &c.); splendour, illumination; an epithet of God; one who enlightens (applied as an epithet to Muhammad); knowledge; truth; quicksilver; (pl. of nar) fires; (pl. of na'ur, nawar) timid (fawns); modest (women); -nūri ilāhī, Divine light; - nūri imān, Light of the faith;—nūri pasīn, Muhammad;—nūri tajallī, An illumination; nūri chashm (dīda), Light of the eyes; a beloved child; - nūri sāda, Pure light, without any mixture of darkness; - nūri 'azrā, The light of Jesus and Mary;—nūr gustarānīdan, To display, lay open; to turn to; to do good; -nūri mubin (nakhustīn), Muhammad.

a لورا nūrā, Depilatory.

a ميهوم nur-ispahbud (مههوم ispahwud, اسههد isfahbud, المههد isfahbud, Rational soul.

a نور انشان nūr-afshān, Light-diffusing.

a توراني nūrānī, Serene, light, clear, bright, luminous (as the bodies of angels); serenity, brightness.

a الررائيان nūrāniyān (pl. of the preceding), Serene, bright, luminous (as angels).

a مورانية nūrānīyat, Light, splendour, brightness, luminousness.

ינולע naurāwar, A copper vessel.

يراهان naurāhān, A present, gift; good news.

a نور بخش nūr-bakhsh, Light-bestowing. مور بخش naurat. One blossom;—nūrat, nūra, A medicament made of quick-lime and arsenic for taking out hairs by the roots, a depilatory.

naward, A ply, fold, wrinkle, twist; a crease; a scroll; anything folded and round; a burrow; the hem or anything sewed round the edge of a garment; ready money; a brute; battle, combat, quarrel, law-suit; a gift, present; a weaver's beam, upon which he rolls the cloth; worthy, convenient, proper, excellent; approved, acceptable, agreeable; like, resembling, equal, of the same stature, breadth, weight, or measure; (in composition) going round, surrounding, travelling over; a traveller; collected, gathered, gained; [andar naward, In obscurity; -- dar naward kardan (kashidan, nihādan), To roll up, to conceal, to obliterate; to place in a hole; - samandi rahnaward, A horse that can travel well;saiyāhi jahān-naward, A traveller who has gone round the world; - sahrā-naward shudan, To scour the country round:]nord, Original name of the city of Gaziruu.

ا مردحهٔ المستان الم nawardajat, nawardaja (from P. nawarda "plaited"), Wicker-work.

nawardan, To fold, twist; to crease; a weaver's beam, on which he rolls the cloth.

نبرد مانند naward-mānand, Resembling a weaver's beam (m.c.).

nawardnāk, Wrinkled, creased.

sup; nawarda, A daughter's son; a shirt, shift; the body of a shirt; any written attestation signed by a judge; twisted, plaited, folded, coiled; creased;—nawarda'i pirāhan, Any kind of border sewed round a shirt.

زرديدي nawardīdan, To fold, crease; to twist; to travel, walk, wander, stray; to render nameless, to remove any mark of distinction; to omit, leave undone; to pass by or over, to slight.

نورديدة nawardīda, Folded; creased; twisted.

روس nau-ras, Young, fresh, tender, recent; name of a celebrated preface by Zahūrī to a work of the same name by Ibrāhīm 'Adil Shāh.

nūristāran, A نورستار nūristār, pl. نورستار

soldier; the military order.

nau-rasida, New, fresh, germinating.

نورنتار nau-ruftār, (A child) that has newly learned to walk.

م نور کستر nūr-gustar, Light-diffusing. فوزجه nauranja, A lake, pool; name of a city (this meaning doubtful).

nùrand, A translation.

nau-roz, New-year's day (according to the Persian calendar being that on which the sun enters Aries); — nau-rozi busurg (khāṣṣa), (great or special new-year's day) The sixth day after the vernal equinox; name of a note in music;—nau-rozi khārā (khurda, kūchak), Name of a

note in music;—naū-rozi sultānī, The true astronomical vernal equinox;—nau-rozi 'āmma, (general uew-year's day) The day on which the sun enters Aries, initiating a week of festivities, which terminates with the nau-rozi buzurg, q.v. above;—nau-rozi 'arab, Name of a musical note;—nau-rozi kaiqubādī, Name of a musical note.

nau-rozi, Belonging or referring to the new year; a garment worn on new-

year's day.

יפנקנא nauroziya, A new-year's gift.

naura, Wood for roofing;—nūra, A depilatory unguent made of arsenic and quick-lime; construed with the verbs kardan, kashīdan, mālīdan, nīhādan, &c.

از رهاي nau-rahān, نو رهاي nau-rahānā, A present brought from a journey; a poem recited by a strolling bard or minstrel; good news; a present made to a poet.

nūrī, Splendid, bright, clear; an epithet of Abū 'l-Husain, a celebrated preacher; a proper name (m.c.).

H نورى nūrī, A kind of red parrot; a kind

of apricot.

رويته nūrīta, Imagined, conceived, thought.

اروبين nūrain (obl. du. of nūr used as nom.), Both lights, i.e. the sun and moon; also the eyes;—عِنَّ 'n-nūrain, Name of the caliph Othmān (as having married two daughters of Muhammad).

noz (for hanoz), Now; (for ور q.v.

below); a pine-tree.

رزاد nau-zād, Newly-born; name of a village in Khurāsān.

نورادكى nauzādagī, Being newly born; new birth.

ن وادع بر الدة nau-zāda, Recently or lately born; —nuu-zādagāni chaman, Sprouts, shoots, buds, blossoms.

بو والندة nau-zā'inda, و والندة nau-zā'īda, Recently-delivered (female).

nūzdah, nuwazdah, Nineteen.

برزدهم nāzdahum, nuwazdahum, The nineteenth.

nūzarūn, Name of the angel in whose charge are placed the plane-trees.

nozh, A pine-tree.

voice; name of a river (this unsupported by examples).

nozhan, A pine-tree.

يرونده nauzhanda, Who or what produces an effect; who or what causes.

nozha, The collar of a garment.

رانوس naus, الوسان nawasān (v.n. of الوسان), Driving (camels); being moved to and fro, shaken; flowing down the back (hair).

nos, The rainbow; mimicry; the burlesque imitation of a person's voice;—niwis (for niwis, imp. of niwishtan), Write thou

nausāzī, Repair; renovation (m.c.).

نو سهاس nū-sipās (for nā-sipās), Ungrate-ful.

nawistan, To groan ;—nuwistan, To write (probably misreading).

nosta, nawasta, Noise in the throat نوسته

by one crying.

a د مار nau-safar, Who has travelled recently; new (i.e. inexperienced) in travelling; who undertakes his first journey.

a نوسن وسال nau-sinn-u-sāl, A youth. nau-suwār, One who has recently learned to ride.

nosa, The mirage; the rainbow.

nausīra, Debate, dispute, contro-

naush (v.n.), Taking; seizing (the beard or the hair); searching, inquiring; deceiving; bringing anything good; na'ush, Robust, strong, victorions; one

who seizes anything forcibly.

nosh, nūsh (imp. of noshīdan), Drink thou; (in comp.) drinking; a drinker; a drink, draught; anything drunk, especially sweet, agreeable, and wholesome; honey; treacle; an antidote against poison; the water or life of immortality; life; sweetness; sweet; pleasing, agreeable; consonant, harmonious; the wild pine; a present, reward; name of a fire-temple; name of the fifth day of the month accord-What prolongs life; what rejoices the mind;—nosh kardan, To drink;]—nosh invoshidan), Hear thou! harken! (in comp.) who hears, listens to; the sense of hearing; -nawash, A present; a recompense;—nuwish, Writing; predestination.

noshā. nūshā, A drinker. نوها

noshāba, The water of life; name of the queen of Barda',

naushad, Name of a city famous for

the beauty of its inhabitants.

naushādur, Sal-ammoniac (used in نوهادر

tinning and soldering). nosh-āzar, The second of the seven famed fire-temples in Persia; name of a champion; also of a son of Asfandi-

nosh-ā-nosh, With full cups; with repeated bumpers, draught after

draught.

نوهانيدن noshānīdan, To cause to drink. ماه nau-shāh, A young king; a bride-

nosh-bāda, نوش باده nosh-bāda, Name of a note in music.

nosh-bar, Honey. نوش بر

nosh-bahr, Whose lot is pleasant. nocht, A draught, potation; a نوهت drinker;—nawasht, He twisted, folded, or creased; dragon-wort; -niwisht, He wrote; writing; -niwishti khudā, The prescience of God, divine predestination.

nuwishtajāt, Writings. niwisht-khwand, Epistolary لوهت عوالد

correspondence, reading and writing.

noshtan, nūshtan, To drink;—na-washtan, To fold, twist, coil; [bar-nawashtan, To fold, twist, coil (see also درنوهتن p. 514);]-nawishtan, nuwashtan, To go far away; to groan; - nawishtan, niwishtan, nuwishtan (S. ni+pish), To write; to preserve, to spare ; ba-niwishtan āmadan, To be described; to be describable (m.c.).

nawashta, Folded, coiled, twisted ;--niwishta, Written, described; a writing.

nosh-jām, A drinking-cup.

nushkhwar, Rumination, chewing the cud; cud.

nosh-khwur, The fifth day of the month according to the era of Jalalu 'd-

nosh-dārū, Treacle; antidotes of every kind; wine; name of an electuary.

نو هدة nau-shuda, New, recent, fresh (= وهو q.v. below).

,noshirwan توهيروان noshirwan نوهروان Name of a king of Persia in whose reign Muhammad was born, A.D. 578; just; the archangel Gabriel.

nosh-zād, Name of a son of بوش زاد

Noshirwan.

nau-shikār, A new hunter, a novice نو هكار in hunting.

nau-shigufta, New-blown (rose) نو هگفته beginning to expand; -nau-shigufta'i bamdad, Break of day, dawn ;-ghuncha'i naushigufta, A rose-bud.

nosh-giyā, Name of an antidote.

بوش الم nosh-lab, Sweet-lipped.

nosh-labīnā (لپينا lapīnā), Name of a musical note.

noshanja, Wholesome, digestable. noshanda, A drinker; — noshanda'i sharbati mawaddat, A drinker of the nectar of love.

nau-shav, New, recent, fresh.

نو هه nau-shah, A young king; a bridegroom, son-in-law; - nosha, Fortunate, happy, prosperous; sweet, cheerful; sweetness, goodness; affliction, sadness; distracting cares; the rainbow; -nosha kardan, To flatter.

noshijān, "May it agree with you" (said to a person who is eating or

drinking).

نوهيدكى noshīdagī, A drinking ; a draught. noshīdan, To drink, take; to

noshin, Sweet, pleasant; easy of digestion; (for niyoshīn) to be listened to; audible.

noshīn-bāda, Wine which flows نوهين بادة pleasantly down the throat; name of the twenty-eighth note of Barbud.

nochin-rawan, Sweet life; king نوهين روان

noshina, Pleasant wine; name of a نوهينة note in music.

naus (v.n.), Retiring, retreating, declining, shunning, flying from, escaping; remaining behind; delaying; taking refuge; a wild ass.

nauz (v.n.), Travelling, perambulating; moving anything in order to draw it out (as a tent-pin), pulling out, uprooting; the rump-bone, root of the tail; the suture or joining-place of the buttocks with the back (especially in a camel).

naut (v.n.), Suspending, appending; being troubled with a pestilential swelling (a camel); a parcel hung or placed between the two larger trusses or loads carried on each side by a camel; a hamper hanging to a camel's load in which dates are carried; the interstice between the buttocks and loins of heasts.

nautat, nauta, A hamper in which نوطكة dates are carried; hatred, rancour, malice; a kind of pestilential buho on the breast

to which camels are subject.

nau', Species, kind, sort, manner, نرع a mode; [nau'i insān, Mankind; — nau'i bashar, The human race; —nau'i jafā, Anything perplexing; —nau'i digār, Another kind; -nau'i firagh, A little rest; -nau' u jins, Species and genus;—ba-chi nau', Of what kind? (m.c.);]—nū', Thirst.

A 'c, nan'-an, Somewhat, in some

nau'at, Fresh fruit.

a نو عروس nau-'arūs, A newly-married bride; -nau-'arusani bahar (chaman, roz, nau-roz), Young shoots, opening flowers.

a obe inau-inan, New to the bridle. a نرعى nau'i, Constituting a species, specific.

nogh, A place near the desert of Kipchāk.

nauf, A camel's hump; long.

nof (imp. of nofidan), Cry aloud; echo from a mountain; hollow place or cavern; noise of a multitude; howl of a dog.

nūfāgh, Name of a city.

nūftam (for nayuftam), I may not

nūftī (for nayuftī), Thou mayest not fall.

nūfar, naufar, Water-lily, nenuphar. A نوفلر naufal, The sea; a munificent man; a present; a handsome youth; male hyena; whelp of a wild beast; a jackal; adversity; name of an Arabian king.

ಟ್ರ; nofa, A loud noise, clamour; the confused noise of a multitude of men or

animals.

nofidan, To resound, as an echo or the confused noise of men and animals; to cry with a loud voice, roar, bray; to move, stir, shake, wag; to be disturbed.

nūq (pl. of nāqat), She-camels. a نو قدم nau-gadam. (A child) that has

newly learned to walk; a tyro, novice,

beginner.

nauk, nok, A point, tip, end; beak of a bird; tips of eyelashes;—nauki khāma, Nib of a pen ;-nauki zabān, Tip of the tongue; -nauki galam, Point or nib of a pen.

nūk (pl. of anwak), Foolish men or women; - nūk, nauk, Folly; - nawak

(v.n.), Being foolish, stupid.

موكاه A موكاه naukā' (fem. of anwak), Foolish,

stupid (woman).

naukār, Yonng in business; a beginner, tyro, novice.

nūkāl, Deception. nauk-dâr, Pointed. وكدار

nau-kad-<u>kh</u>udā, A new housekeeper; a bridegroom.

i naukar, nükar, A servant; a dependant: [naukari bāb, A government functionary (m.c.): -nūkar, Name of a king.

بكردة naukarda, A grandson.

naukarī, Service, attendance, inferiority.

naukırī-pesha, One who lives نوکری پیشه on employment; a servant.

بوك ريز nauk-rez, A dip of ink.

نوكفاره و بوكفاره $n\bar{u}kf\bar{a}r$ وكفاره $n\bar{u}kf\bar{a}r$ نوكفاره $n\bar{u}kf\bar{a}ra$ نوكفاره $n\bar{u}kf\bar{a}ra$ وكفاره والمرابع $n\bar{u}kf\bar{a}ra$ وكفاره وكفاره المرابع

nauká (pl. of anwak), Foolish نوكيل

people.

nokīlā, Sharp-pointed.

توگان nūgān, naugān, نوگان rīdi naugān, نوگان An anniversary, encænia, commemoration.

naugufāra, فوكفارة naugufāra, A talkative man.

أوكند nogand, برگنده noganda, Newly sprung up.

nauguwāra, A talkative fellow.

nūgiyūsh, Name of the king of the island طرطانيوش Tartāniyūsh, where 'Azrā alighted and found a refuge.

naul (v.n.), Giving, presenting, being liberal; folding, twisting; a gift, present; manner, mode; a weaver's beam; office, duty, whatever one ought to perform; a channel full of water; freight; -nūl, A race of negroes.

nol, The outer part of the mouth; a beak, bill; a spout; the neck of a bottle; anything on which one leans or is supported; a whirlpool, vortex; -noli murgh, The beak or bill of any bird, especially a

goose.

aulat, naula, One largess or gift; somewhat; a kiss; [a'n-naulat, The area of the temple of Mecca, that which surrounds the haram, or sacred enclosure;]-nūlat, nūla, Anything obtained, a gift.

a نولون naulūn, Freight. الله nūla, Speech, a word.

naum (v.n.), Sleeping, falling asleep; sleep, slumber; (pl. of $n\bar{a}'im$) sleepers; [naumi da'im, A perpetual sleep;] -nuwam, Sleepy; comatose; — nūwam (pl. of na'im), Sleepers.

nau-musulmān, One who sets

about a thing properly.

nau-mulāzim, A raw recruit, novice.

.nau-mulāzimī, Noviciate نو ملازمي

naumed, Hopeless ;-naumed shudan, To be desperate, lose hope, despair; naumed gardānīdan, To drive to desperation, render desperate.

a نوميدن nūmīdan, To sleep, doze, rest. naumedī, Despair; disappointment, ill-luck.

نومید naumez, نومیذی naumez، نومید

.qq.v. above نومیدی

ولا nun, Dimple in the chin (cf. A. الولا), trunk of a tree; firm, fixed in a place; the eyebrow; greatness, magnificence, opu-

lence, prosperity; (for aknūn) now.

A ω nũn, The letter ω n; a fish; the sharpest part of a sword; the eyebrow; ink; an ink-holder; name of a city; mini ghunna, Nasal n (see A. & & p. 896);—nūni mūsá, A nūn formed in the shape of a bow; vulva; — zū'n-nūn, The prophet Jonah (as being swallowed by a fish); name of a famous sword.

nūnat, nūna, One fish; a dimple in

a boy's chin; name of a woman.

nawand, A courier, messenger, newsman; a well-going or ambling horse or mule; a horse; swift, quick-going; rue; echo, loud noise; a searcher, seeker, inquirer; a deceiver; a man of quick conception; name of a place; also a mountain; also of a champion of Iran.

inaunadāk, Suddenly, unexpectedly.

nawandul, A son's son.

nawanda, A swift horse; swift, active, nimble; one who moves or trembles; one who calls out for help; acute, ingenious, quick of apprehension; rue; -nuwanda, Anything newly produced.

nūnanda, Acute, ingenious, quick. نو دام nau-nau, Again and again (= نو دام

q.v. under نو).

a المن nūna, A dimple in the chin.

i nav-nihāl, A young tree.

nau-niyāz, Anything newly produced; a beginner, tyro, novice.

na'ū, nawū, A fresh date.

na'ur, Timid (woman), dreading suspicion, modest.

na'ūsh, Strong, robust; one who نورش ه snatches or seizes a thing with violence.

nau u kuhn, Young and old, everybody, all mankind.

א נית א na'ūm, Somnolent; one who sleeps

nauh (v.n.), Being exalted; being eminent, magnificent, generous; being strong, firm, courageous; - nauh, nuh, Aversion, abstinence; — nuwah, Female mourners.

nūh, Nine;—nawa, A grandchild; new.

nawá, Intention, purpose; modo, manner; the place of circumcision in a girl; (pl. of nawāt), date-stones;—nu'á, A ditch round a tent to keep off the rain-water.

navi, Newness, freshness, novelty; niwe, nuwe, The Qur'an (cf. نبى above).

א נעשט nūyān, A prince, king's son (chiefly used by the Tartars and Turks).

nuwaib (dim. of nāb), A small dog-tooth.

nawech, Ivy, woodbine.

יי nuwed, nawed, Happy tidings, good news; (construed with the verbs awardan, dādan, rasīdan, firistādan, &c.); the gospel; a present to the bringer of good news; reward, recompense; equity, justice; vow, promise; entertainment, feast, hospitality; part of the provisions of a feast which the guests carry away; power, strength; reproaching, reviling; [nawed dadan, To promise;]-nuwed, Mirth; good news; anything which affords pleasure; invitation to a feast; promise of a lucrative situation;—noyad, He trembles; he complains; he weeps.

nuwed-gar, Announcer of good news. لويدگر نويدي nawidan, To sleep, slumber, rest little or badly; to move, especially when rising from a place; to shake, tremble, stagger; to complain; to invite to a feast;

to make or become new.

nawīda, Tottering; complaining. nuwairat, nuwaira (dim. of nār), A little fire.

nawis, nuwis, Writing, describing; a writer; —zūd-nawis, A quick writer.

-nawisāndan نويسانيدن nawisāndan لويساندن dan, To cause to write or describe.

nawistan, nuwistan, To write. nawisandagi, nuwisandagi, Writ-

nawisanda, nuwisanda, A writer,

scribe, clerk, accountant.

nuwīsa, The rainbow.

nawīsh, (in. comp.) Writing; a writer.

nawishtan, nuwishtan, To write. nuwisha, Blandishments;—nuwisha

kardan, To caress; to ask; to deprecate.

A نوم nawis (v.n. of الوم), Moving oneself; strength; the power of moving oneself.

nūyak, A time, turn, period; a pipe, flute; a vine-twig or sucker.

nawil, The front, forehead.

nawīm, Only, merely;—ba-nawīmi نويم didan shinakht, By only seeing he knew.

nawīn, nuwīn, A prince, a king's son; the most excellent of anything.

nūyanda, noyanda, Acute, ingenious, quick.

אַ nūya, noya, A sucker at the root of a tree; a tender shoot; sap; plaint, lamentation, moun.

nūyīdan, To cry aloud, lament.

א נישט nūyīn, Son of a king, prince; a

commander of 10,000.

on na (sometimes, in poetry, nah), No, not, neither, not yet; [na khair, No, not at all (m.c.);] — nih (imp. of nihādan), Place thou; suppose, take it for granted (m.c.); (in comp.) placing; one who places or applies; a town, city; whence is said to be derived nishāpūr for nihi shāpur, The city of Shapur; [qadam-nih, Fixing or placing the feet;—qadam-nihi ziyā-rat shudan, To visit;]—nuh, Nine; the nine orifices of the human body; -nuh bām (pāya, pidar, parda, ķujra, ķiṣāri mīnā, kharās, rawā, sipihr, shahri bālā, şaḥīfa'i gardūn, įāram, įabaq, qaşr, kā<u>kh,</u> muqarnas), The nine heavens ;—nuh pāya, A pulpit; -nuh pidar, The seven planets with the dragon's head and tail; -nuh hujra, haram of Muhammad;—nuh gauhar, The nine precious stones, i.e. turquoise (firoza), hyscinth (yaqut), ruby (la'l), diamond (almās), sapphire (nīlam), emerald (zumurrud), cornelian ('aqiq), pearl (durr), and coral (marjān);]—na'i (for na ī), Thou art not.

A wie nihāb (pl. of nahb), Spoils;—nah-

 $\hbar \bar{a}b$, A plunderer, speiler; the lion.

אלת nahābir, אוני, nahābīr (pl. of nuhburat, nuhbūrat respectively), Dangerous places; hell; high sandhills.

A أباك nuhāt, in P. نهاك (pl. of nāhī), Pro-

hibitors.

nahād, Manner, custom;— nihād (3rd pers. pret. and verbal noun of nihadan), He placed; placing, position, posture; foundation, structure; nature, form, habit, constitution of the body; stature; quality, essence; mind, beart; (other, but doubtful meanings given by Meninsky are: family, stock, race; dregs, dung; young, as a horse or cow; fear; untamed, wild;)—nihādi akhtarān, The disposition of the stars; sādiq-nihād, Good-hearted, sincere.

nihādagī, Habit, form, constitution. nature, quality; holiday-clothes; the show-

bread.

שובש nihādan, To place, put, lay upon. collocate; to appoint; to apply, administer; to build; to copulate; -arra nihādan, To apply a saw;—asb u farzīn nihādan, To win in chess, to vanquish, to conquer;

- āyīn nihādan, To institute;

- bar saḥrā nihādan, To publish, make known or manifest; — $ban\bar{a}$ $nih\bar{a}dan$, To build; — $p\bar{a}y$ birūn nihādan, To go out, make an exit;pāya nihādan, To appoint;—tarāzū nihādan, To set up a balance; —tuhma nihadan ba, To suspect ; -jurm nihādan, To impute a crime, &c.;—tegh bar sar nihādan, To strike the head with the sword; -khāya nihādan, To lay eggs ;—khwān nihādan, To spread the table-cloth, to lay the table; khwud-rā ba mastī nihādan, To counterfeit intoxication; -rūy nihādan, To turn the face towards; to contend with; -- sar nihādan, To submit, to obey; to contend with (sūy); -sham' (shama') nihādan, To illuminate, to light up a place :- mā'ida nihādan, To lay the table; —gām nihādan, To step. walk, go; -gardan nihadan, To bow the neck.

nihāda, Placed; appointed. باديدى nahādīdan, To fear, to dread.

nahār, Much, many; diminution; a goat; a black water-fowl with white spots on the bead; (for nahar) fasting; breakfast; [nahār kardan, To breakfast;]—nihār, An idol; detriment, loss;—nihār, nahār, Fear, dread, apprehension; consumption, a wasting of the body.

nahār, The day from sunrise to sunset; the diffusion of light, making things visible; name of a poet; a young bustard (or wa qata); -lail-an wa-nahar-

an, By night and by day.

nahāra, A light breakfast.

باری nahārī, Much, many; breakfast; a kind of bit or bridle.

ساريدن nahārīdan, To breakfast ;—nihārīdan, nahārīdan, To waste, decay, fall away; to be terrified, to be afraid (as boys of a schoolmaster).

nihāz, Fear, dread ;—nuhāz, nahāz, A large castrated he-goat, with spreading horns and long legs, that leads the flock; any person or animal followed by others, a prince, leader, antistes, &c.

nihāzīdan, To dread, fear, appre-

hend.

الباق auhāq (v.n. of لباق), Braying (an ass).

nihākat (v.n.), Being strong, vigorous, bold.

nihāl, A young plant, shoot, sucker نهال cut from a tree to be planted separately; any plant or herb transplanted; growing from the root of a tree; carpet, cushion, mattress, bedding; chase, game; construed with the verbs rustan, kardan, giriftan, nishāndan, nihādan, &c.

nihālcha, A quilt, wrapper, coverlet. wihāl-gāh (من gah), A lurkingplace for hunters; a place for hunting.

all nihāla, A lurking-place for hunters; a hunting-place; chase, game; a scarecrow set up to drive beasts into the hunter's toils; a young shoot or sucker; a carpet.

نهاله کاه nihāla-gāh (کة gah), A hunting-

place; a lurking place for hunters.

nahālī, نهالي nahālīn, A species of small carpet with a short pile; a mattress for sleeping on; a cushion; -nihāle, One young plant, &c.

אם nahām, nihām, nuhām, A black-

smith; a carpenter; -nuhām, A kind of bird, an owl; a monk;—nahhām, A lion; middle of an open road.

a نہامی nahāmī, نہامی nahāmīn, A blacksmith.

يان nihān, Hid, concealed, occult; prudently, secretly; the mind, soul, interior; -nihan dashtan, To conceal, hide, suppress; -nihān shudan, To be concealed;nihān u āshkāra, (Things) private and public; - andar (dar) nihān, Secretly, clandestinely.

יוט אילט אילוט nihān-paikarān, Angels, spi-

rits, invisible beings.

nihāncha, A concealed, secret

thing.

nihān-khāna, A cabinet, closet, private room; a hole dug in the ground for sitting in during the hot weather, or for storing up corn; a place where rubbish or filth is thrown; a grave, sepulchre, tomb.

יאוט בון nihān-dār, A concealer.

nihāndān, A granary, warehouse, storehouse, cellar; a wardrobe, closet.

above. نہاں عانه above نہان درة

nihānī, Privately, secretly; a secret; concealment; secret, privy; occult, clandestine; -ittifāqi nihānī, A private confederacy, league; — andāmi nihānī, The privy member.

nihānīcha, Privately, secretly.

אוֹל nih-āwand, nah-āwand [town (nih) of pottery (awand), which was largely made there, or for نيمارند Noah's (nūḥ) throne (āwand), as alleged to be founded by him; see w above and w, p. 122], Name of a city in Persian Iraq; name of a mountain near that city; a species of

musical mode or song.
سام nihāwandī, Relating to a native or inhabitant of Nihawand; name of a note

in music.

q.v. above. نهاوند mihāwandak, = نهاوندك שוֹנְגנט nihāwīdan, To be afraid, as boys of the master (probably misreading for

أنابة nahāyat (v.n. of نبر), Being very intelligent; -nihāyat, nihāya, The extremity of a wooden curb put on a camel's nose; end, extremity, term, goal, boundary, butt; excess; very much, extreme, exquisite, excessive, stupendous; remarkable, at the utmost; -nihāyatu 'l-amr, nihāya, The end of the matter, finally, on the whole, to conclude; but, however, notwithstanding, nevertheless;—ilá ahairi 'n-nihāyat, Ad infinitum;—ahli nihāya, A circumspect person, who looks to consequences;—bi (bilā-) nihāya, Infinite, without end, endless; excessive; dar nihāyat, In short, finally, to sum up.

م المحبي nahb (v.n.), Seizing, snatching, spoiling, carrying off; rapine, plunder, spoil; -nahb (nahb u ghārat) kardan, To plunder and carry off.

" نبانيدى nuhbānīdan, To make beautiful. nahbat, Rapine, spoil, plunder.

nuhbat, The division of the signs of the zodiac into nine parts, and assigning of a star to each division; immensely great, exceeding measure.

nuhbūrat, A mountain نهجور ه nuhbūrat, A

of sand; danger; a dangerous place.

nuhbah, The understanding.

na-bahra, Exceeding bounds or measure, excessive ;-nuh-bahra, The division of the signs of the zodiac into nine parts, and the assigning of a star to each division.

nuhbá, Plunder. نهجل م

nahj, in P. also nahaj (v.n.), Pointing out (the way), making clear, prescribing, giving directions; the right way; a high road, beaten path; mode, manner; [ba-nahje ki, In a manner that;]—nahaj (v.n.), Breathing hard, being asthmatic; asthma.

nahjīz, A fold, plait, twist; a twist-

ing.

a na-khwush, The wild vine.

ابد A ميد nahd, Anything elevated; high, fleshy, well-shaped (horse); generous. well-born (man); a breast which begins to swell; name of a tribe in Yaman.

ಕು ಈ nuh dah, (nine or ten, i.e. additional

things) Ornament, decoration.

A re nahr (v.n.), Causing (a river) to run; flowing; shouting, crying to, checking (cattle); a river, stream, flowing canal; [nahru 'l-salām, The river Tigris; nahri almās, Name of a river; -nahri ailāq, Name of a river at Ailaq (see 31) p. 131);—nahri majnūn, Name of a river;]—nuhr (pl. of nahr), Rivers;—nahar, Amplitude, space, facility, convenience; nahir, One who does anything in the daytime, especially making an excursion against the enemy; wide (river); [nahāri nahīr, A clear day;]—nuhur (pl. of nahr), Rivers; (pl. of nahār) days; young bustards.

(f), Name of the angel in whose

charge the stone yaqut is given (see ياتوت

below).

nahrwāļa, The principal tract of Guzerāt in India.

יאני nahrawān, Name of a city in Meso-

potamia.

nahra, An instrument for separating in butter from whey; a churn, whether of wood or akin.

نهرة كومي nahra-kos, A churn-staff.

a نبرى nahri, Fluviatic, belonging to a river.

אין nahz (v.n.), Moving or shaking (the head); rising to start on a journey (camel); striking with the head (the udder of the mother); quantity, number.

A bye nuhzat, nuhza, An occasion, an

opportunity; plunder, booty.

nahs (v.n.), Biting, eating, or plucking out with the fore-teeth; biting (as a serpent); — nuhas, The sparrow-hunter (a bird).

A o nihsān (pl. of nuhas), Sparrow-hawks.

mihistan, To put, place; to leave.

had nahsh (v.n.), Biting (a serpent); biting (especially with the front teeth); oppressing, reducing to poverty (misfortune);—nahish (nahishu 'l-yadain), Swift, nimble-footed (a camel).

nahshat, A bite.

nihashtan, To put, place; to leave. a نبشن nahshal, A wild carrot.

nahshal, A wolf; a hawk; name

of a man.

nuh sad, Nine hundred.

up (to do anything against any person); sprouting up, growing (as a plant); cresting up, and spreading the wings (a bird when about to fly); start, departure.

nahṣat, A rising up, departure, march; uphill road;—nahṣati sulṭān ba-sūyi dihlī, The departure of the king to-wards Dehli;—nahṣat farmūdan, To set off

on the march.

nihuft, He hid; concealment; covered, concealed; a king's private chamber; a secret place in a wall for hiding money; a certain mode or species of music.

nihuftagī, Concealment; anything

eccult or hid.

nihuftan, To hide, conceal, cover; to conceal oneself, abscond, lie hid; to be beautiful.

منية nihufta, Covered; concealed, hidden; private; privately, covertly, secretly. situate nihufta-niyāz, A private petitioner.

a & nahq, Parsley chiefly from fenny grounds.

الملك nahk, Less, least; lean, meagre; being given to wine; thirst; quenching

a white (v.n.), Committing excess in anything; wearing constantly the same garment; being worn by continual use (garment); weakening and emaciating anyone (disease);—nahak (v.n.), Fatiguing, attenuating, afflicting (as a fever); being emaciated, labouring under an unremitting malady.

nahkat, The pain of a disease;

languor, weakness.

المبار nahl, Name of a champion of Tūrān.

A بان nahal, Meat, any eatable;—nahal, nahl (v.n.), Drinking for the first time, taking his first draught (a camel); being thirsty; being saturated with drink.

A pri nahm (v.n.), Making greedy; checking (camels) by calling to them, or making them go faster; roaring (a lion); braying (an elephant); crying to, or threatening; throwing pebble-stones, or anything similar;—nuhm, Satan; name of an idol formerly worshipped by the tribe of Muzainat; also the worshippers of that idol;—naham (v.n.), Being gluttonous, voracious; gluttony, insatiable appetite;—nahim, Greedy; a glutton.

nuhum, The ninth.

nahmār, نهمار nahmāz (for nā + hamār = shumār), Countless, immeasurable; great, large, immense, out of proportion, endless; a very wonderful thing; a serious and difficult affair; all, altogether.

A أنهم nahmat (v.n. of نهم), Calling out (to camels) to mend their pace; attaining one's object; being very keen (desire); great avidity or desire; necessity, need,

lack; a roar, loud cry.

לים בּרָל nuhum charkh, The ninth heaven. לייבוע nuhumbān, nahumbān, nihambān, nihambān, Lid of a pot or furnace.

ىنىيدى nihambīdan, To cover, stop up. ئىنبىدە nihambīda, Hid, covered, con-

nihinj, A flour-sack of hair or wool. ابانی دره nihandara (for ابانی دره q.v. above),

A store, warehouse, treasury.

crocodile, alligator; a shark; a water-dragon or similar monster; a sword; a pen; the sky; time, fortune, the world;—nahangi dashti, The land-crocodile, i.e. the skink;—nahangi zīri khaftān, nahangi siyāh, A glittering sword;—nahangi falak, The signs Cancer and Pisces;—nahangāni niyām, Swords in the scabbard.

نبنگ سبز nahang-sabz, An Indian sabre. نبنگ ام nahang-fam, Having a mouth (voracious as that) of (the) crocodile.

A برخ nahūw, nahū, A prohibitor, forbidder prudent;—nuhū', موقط nuhū'at (v.n. of مناه), Being half-raw, not sufficiently dressed (meat).

A نبود nuhud (v.n. of نبود), Rising up or springing (upon an enemy); swelling (as the breasts of a girl); having round, plump breasts (a girl); being tall and sleek (a horse).

A مردة nuhūdat (v.n. of مين), Being full of flesh, tall, and beautiful (a horse).

a say nuhuda, Female ornaments, trinkets.

برور nuhor, The eye; sight; an angry look.

nuhūr (pl. of nahr), Rivers.

المِنِي nahūz, One who rises up;—nuhūz (v.n. of نبخر), Raising oneself, rising up (against anyone, or to do him honour); cresting up or spreading the wings (as a bird preparing to fly); sprouting up,

growing (a plant).

nahy, in P. also nahī (v.n.), Prohibiting, forbidding; arriving, reaching; prohibition, interdict; prudence, sagacity, knowledge; the probibitive or negative imperative; [amr u nahi, Command and prohibition;]-nahy, nihy, A pond, ditch; -nahi, Intelligent; -nuhá, Intellect; (pl. of nuhyat) understandings; interdicts;nahīy, nahī (pl. of anhiyā'), Intelligent; forbidden ;-nuhīy, nuhī (pl. of nahy, nihy), Ditches, ponds.

a was nahib, nihib, Fear, terror; grief; anxiety; anguish; haste, expedition; plun-

dering, a spoiler.

a sy was nahib-zad, Terror-stricken; nahīb zad shudan, To be horrified, terrorstricken.

a مناهم nahība, Fear: spoliation (of infidels).

a نييبي nahībī, Plunder, spoil, booty.

a المعمدين nahibidan, To fear, dread; to

frighten.

nuhyat, An interdict, prohibition; anything forbidden; intelligence, knowledge, prudence; end; extremity;—nahī-yat, nahīya, Fat, bulky (she-camel).

nahīd, Thick (butter).

المحدي nahīdan, nihīdan, To place, put, lay, leave; to consider, reflect on; to grieve.

nahīr, Affinent; copious, much, many.

nahīrat, nahīra, (A camel) abounding in milk.

nahīq (v.n), Braying (of an ass). nahik, Bold, strong, strenuous; pains-taking; sharp, penetrating (sword); fierce, fell (lion); of a handsome form or noble disposition.

nuh-yak, A ninth part, one of nine. nahim (v.n.), Roaring (a lion or elephant); chiding, threatening; a glut-

nihīv, Fear, dread, terror (cf. ----). nai, nay, A pipe, tube, flute, fife; a reed, cane, pen; the windpipe, throat, gullet; [nayi ustukhwan, A pen or penholder of bone; - nai dar buni nākhun kardan, To break a sharp-pointed thin reed underneath the finger-nail (a kind of torture or punishment); -nayi shakar, A. sugar-cane: -nayi 'araq-giri, A reed with which liquors are sucked; -nayi ghalyan, A hukkah-snake;—nayi qand, A sugar-cane;—nai nishāndan, To plaut;—nayi nihā-wandī, Name of a mediciual plant darkcoloured and bitter; -nayi hindi, A bamboo;]-nai, ne, No, not, neither, nor.

naiy, Fat, tallow, fatness;—nīy,

Raw (flesh); fatness.

w niya, A grandfather; maternal uncle; elder brother; a sheath; power, greatness.

انی niyā (v.n. of نیاء niyā (v.n. of نیاء

(flesh); rawness, crudity.

ساب niyāb, A sheath, scabbard; a vessel. ميابة nayābat, nayāba, A time, turn, period; — niyābat, Vicegerency, deputy-ship; vice-royalty; succession;—niyābatan, Virtually, really; in the right of another.

a نیابت کر niyābat-gar, A deputy, vice-

gerent; a viceroy.

a انيابت دار niyābat-dār, A lieutenant, de-

niyāḥat (v.n. of نوع niyāḥ نياح A نياح niyāḥ, نياح Bemoaning (a husband); lamentation complaint, moan.

niyār (pl. of nār), Fires; name

mayārast, He was not able; navarast sakht, He could not make (it) effectual; -nayarast kard, He could not do

باری nayārī, A mistress with whom one is deeply in love.

iniyāz, Indigence, poverty, necessity; petition, supplication, prayer; inclination wish, longing appetite; greediness; dear ness, scarcity; a friend; a gift, present; a thing dedicated; needy, wishful; a petitioner; sound, whole; rough -niyāz kardan, To pray or beg submissively;—niyāz guzāshtan, To give, bestow. The word is also construed with the verbs amadan, āwardan, burdan, dāshtan, zadan, &c.

ئيا أنان niyā-zāda, A grandson. يا iyā-zāda, A grandson. انيازان nayāzāram, I will not or do not

afflict; I will not or do not sorrow.

niyāz-āmez, Suppliant, begging. ساز باهي niyāz-pāshī, Earnest supplicstion.

ميارك niyāzik (pl. of nīzak), Short

spears.

"niyāzgār, A suppliant, petitioner. نيازكار niyazmand, Indigent, supplicating نيازمند -niyazmand shudan, To want, to be in need: to petition, beg, supplicate.

niyāzmandī, Necessity, indi-

gence; supplication.

niyazūmand, Indigent, a suppliant.

نيازي niyāzī, A lover; a friend; a mis-

tress; name of a tribe of Afghans.

اليان niyāziyān, The needy; lovers. سازيدن na-yazidan, Not to stretch out the band to take; not to throw; not to com plain; -niyāzīdan, To ask, beg a thing necessary, supplicate; to observe.

na-yazīda, One who does uot الياريدة stretch forth his hand (to anything); ill-discharged (arrow); inharmonious (voice); badly-told (story); — niyāzīda

Who has asked, begged, &c.

nıyāt (pl. of naut), Things hung up or pendulous; parcels or baskets, carried between the loads of a camel.

nayātil (pl. of nātil), Wine-mea-

niyāq (pl. of nāqat), She-camels; (pl. of niq), tops, ridges of mountains.

ماتات niyaqat (pl. of niyaq), Shecamels.

* نياك م raiyāk, Much addicted to venery, libidinous.

نياكان niyāgān (pl. of niyā), Grandsires. niyam, A sheath, scabbard, case : the womb; a sinew; a bandage for a broken limb; the plough-tail or handle; the middle of a sword; the middle of anything; an amulet, charm against sorcery; -niyāmi chashm, The eye-lid.

سام ۱ niyām (v.n. of نوم), Sleeping, falling asleep; sleep, slumber; -niyām, nuyyām, (pl. of nā'im), Sleepers, persons

asleep.

nai-ambā, A house made of reeds.

שוויט nai-amban, A bagpipe.

niyāyish, Benediction, blessing; praise; friendship, affection.

niyāyishgarī, Praising. نيايشگري

• naib (v.n.), Striking on the canine نيب ▲ tooth; breeding a canine-tooth.

سن nīb, A particle sometimes added to words without altering the sense,

nai-bast, A reed-fence.

nepāl, naipāl (S. nepāla), Name of a country to the north of Bengal, whence good musk is brought.

inepālī, Of or referring to Nepal;

musk brought thence.

الى يدج nai-panj, A horse under five years old.

انی بیم nai-pech, A flexible pipe-tube. A أنول nāyat (v.n. of نول), Intending, proposing, aiming at; intention, intent, purpose, design; resolution, will; desire, wish; object or end of deliberation; an institution; construed with the verbs dashtan, kardan, &c.

naicha, A tube, a small pipe; a

bookah-snake.

نيچه بند naicha-band, A maker of hookahsnakes.

naicha-bandi, The trade of a نيچه نندي maker of hookah-snakes.

 Laidar, Name of the city of Madina. naidafa, The place in the waistband of the drawers through which the string passes which fastens them; a piece inserted between the thighs of the breeches. (See نيفه below.)

(?), Name of a general in Spain

at the time of Iskandar.

ميدل م nīdul, نيدلان naidulān, nīdalān,

The nightmare.

naidulān, A pipe, flute, the nightmare; epilepsy. (Cf. the preceding article.)

nair (v.n.), Marking (cloth) with a border of a different colour; -nîr, A border

of a different colour from the garment: the hem or fringe of a garment; the woof of a web; name of a mountain; [nīru'ttariq, A road-mark; a rut;]-naiyir, Bright, clear; shining, luminous; a luminary;—naiyiri asghar, The lesser luminary, i.e. the moon; - naiyiri a'zam, The greater luminary, i.e. the sun.

nīrā, (in Zand and Pāzand) Fire.

nīrān (pl. of nār), Fires; hell; (pl. of nur) flames, lights, rays, flashes; (pl. of nīr) hems or fringes of garments; woofs of a web.

Ero niraj, neraj, Anything marcid or withered.

nairasat (v.n. of نمرزة derived from the Persian nau-roz), Bringing a new-year's gift.

inayarzad, Is not worth.

nīrak, Fascination, fraud ; talisman. nairam, Narīmān, father of Sām.

a نيرني nīranj (for P. nīrang), Magic, necromancy, enchantment; a talisman; fraud, deceit, stratagem; history; one who recites histories; an exorcist, a necromancer; fascination.

a نيرنجات nīranjāt, Incantations, fascinations.

nairang, nīrang, Fascination, incantation, magic, sorcery, deception; deceit, pretence; origin; root; the first rude sketch of a picture; a miracle; anything new; construed with the verbs rekhtan, queistan, &c.; --firangi pur nairang, The wily Franks.

: nairang-sāz, Magician, juggler نيرنگ ساز a deviser of stratagems, a cunning deceiver.

nairang-sāzī, Deceit, subtlety. ايرنگى nairangī, Magic; deceitfulness. ئيرنود Truth discovered by $n\bar{\imath}rn\bar{u}d$,

thought. nīrnūdī, pl. نيرنودي nīrnūdī, pl. نيرنودي

Diligently searching for truth.

nirū, nīro, Strength, power; possibility, probability; manure; nīrū dādan ba sargin, To invigorate (land) by manure, to manure; — nīrū giriftan, To acquire strength, to wax powerful; -nīrūyi bāzū. Strength of arm; -nīrūyi pindāra, Faculty of thought; imaginative or cogitative power.

nīrū-rām, An argument or speech

in accordance with reason.

nairūz (from P. nau-roz), Newyear's day.

יביענע nīrūfar, Nenuphar, the water-lily. nīrūmand, Powerful; rich, prosperous.

nīrūmandī, Power, strength.

nîrûyish (?), Divine decree, fate. nīra, An earthen churning-vessel; a churning-stick.

יברצע nīrīz, nerez, A town famons for the

manufacture of muskets; name of a note in music.

שנינים naiyirain (obl. du. of naiyir, used as nom.), Both luminaries, sun and moon. اليز nîz, Also, likewise, even, too; again;

afterwards. naizār, A reed-bed; cane-plantation. ميزك A ميزك naizak (for P. neza), A javelin.

ني زن nai-zān, A piper, fifer, flutist. neza, A short spear, demi-lance, javelin, dart, pike; a piece of reed from which pens are made; a standard, ensign; -nera'i ātishīn, The sun's rays when rising or setting ;-nesa dadan, To play with javelius or spears before engaging in fight; -neza dawanidan, To throw a javelin; -neza zadan, To brandish a spear; -neza'i qalam, A reed for a pen; -neza'i khatti, A straight spear.

ايزه باز neza-bāz, A spearman; a jouster. نيرة بازى neza-bāzī, A throwing of the spear; a sham fight with spears or lances.

neza-bālā, As high as a spear. فيزه بالا المراز المراز neza-bardār, A spearman.

a نيزة بكف neza-ba-kaf, (lance in hand) The sun illuminating the world (with his rays compared to lances).

neza-dar, Armed with a spear, ليزة دار

spearman.

نبرة زن neza-zan, A spearman. i neza-guzār, Ā spearman.

nezagar, A spearmaker.

nezagarī, The art of making spears. q.v. above. نيزه كذار neza-guzār, = ليزه كرار neza-war, Armed with a spear, a spearman.

אי nīzh, Convolvulus: ivy; ardent love. nīzha, Frankincense, perfume; a

parasitical plant.

نيس nīs, Nice (m.c. from Fr.). nīsābūr, The capital of Khurāsān. سيسارى nīsārī, A soldier; the military, or second of the four orders into which Jamshed divided his subjects.

inaisān, Like, resembling;—nīsān, Discord, opposition; a false promise, a lie;

the time when a promise is broken.

naisān, A Syrian month which corresponds with April; -qatarāti naisān, Drops of spring rain, believed to produce pearls if they fall into shells, and venom if they drop upon serpents.

nīsba, A layer, course of turf in a

wall.

أيست nīst, It is not; nought; annihilation; -nīst shudan, To perish, to be annihilated; -nīst kardan, To annihilate; to dissipate, squander;—nīst kase, There is nobody; - nīst gardānīdan, To demolish, destroy, ruin, annihilate, kill;—nistid, You are not :- nīstam, I am not.

nayistān, A cane-brake, reed-bed; a sugar-plantation, field of sugar-cane.

nīst-kun, An annihilator. نيست كن nīsta, Nought, nothing; there is not.

nīstī, Nullity, non-existence; annihilation, ruin, destruction, destitution; thou art not,

nīsū, A lancet.

nai-suwār, A child riding on a في سوار reed-cane.

a نيسوق naisūq, A plum, &c. (= الوجه alūcha, which read for الرجة alūcha, p. 95). nisūn, Anise. نيسون

inīsūyā, A lancet.

nesh, The sting (especially of a venomous animal); a sharp point; lancet, scalpel, probe; a puncture; a sign, signal, mark; an ensign, hanner; a kind of date; poison; a tooth; - nesh zadan, To sting, prick.

nīshābūr, Name of a city in Khu-

above). نشاپور

nīshāpūrak, Name of a note in music.

nīshām, Name of the angel in whose نيشام charge lightning is given.

سفان nishān, A sign, spot, mark.

neshtar, A lancet, fleam; a trocar; a canine tooth; construed with the verbs afshurdan, khalidan, khwurdan, rekhtan, zadan, shikastan, farsūdan, firo-bārīdan, firo-burdan, kashīdan, gusistan, gushādan, makidan, nishastan, noshidan, &c. The following compounds are, especially in poetry, frequently written with a short yowel in the first syllable, like شمر وده q.v. p. 1403.

neshtar-bahā, Fee for lancing. نيشتر بها neshtar-khez, Beset with lancets. -neshtar ليشترستان neshtar-zar نيشتر زار istan, Abounding in lancets (applied to the eyelids of a mistress, and their lashes).

nīshtan (for niwishtan), To write. nesh khwurd, Who has felt the نيش خورد sting, wounded.

نيش زن nesh-zan, A stinger; an incendiary; one who inflames disputes; a telltale.

inesh-zanī, The exciting of quarrels.

neshak, A debtor.

nai-shakar, Sugar-cane ;—nai shakari khadd, The first appearance of a

a نی شکر قد nai-shakar-qad, With a stature like the sugar-cane (a mistress).

nīshmin, (in Zand and Pazand) A woman.

nīshū, A kind of plum; a lancet; a flute.

naisha, A small reed; a pipe, flute, bagpipe; -nīsha, A kind of plum.

منط nait (v.n.), Being far off, distant;

the last breath; death; heart-strings.

مطرون م naitarūn, Borax. a ليطل netal, A wine-measure; a weight of seven drachmas. (Cf. ناطل)

nefā, A breeches-belt, the part of the

drawers through which the string runs to tie them with.

a ليفتى naifaq (for P. nefa), Open or

loose part of breeches.

through which the string passes which fastens them; a breeches belt or strap; white cloth or fine linen; a square wrapper in which wearing-apparel is folded up; belly-skin of any animal; fur of any animal; a fox;—nefa'i rūbāh, Fox-fur;—nefa sust kardan (to loosen the waistband), To prepare to rest oneself.

nîq, Pleasure, complacency; the summit of a mountain;—naiyiq, One who

lives delicately.

nīqat, Delicacy in eating; elegance in clothes; neatness in executing anything.

ميك naik, Coition.

النجاب nek, Good, beautiful, excellent; lucky, much, many; very, exceedingly; [nek dāshtan, To treat well;—nek u bad, Good and evil;]—nayak (dim. of nai), A small reed or pen.

i nekā, Good, beautiful, elegant.

a نيك آثار nek-āṣār, Of fortunate footsteps or signs, lucky.

nek-a<u>kh</u>tar, Of good star, lucky. نيك اخترى nek-a<u>kh</u>tarī, Goodness of for- نيك اخترى

nek-āmoz, Who teaches what is good, an adviser, admonisher.

اليكان nekán (pl. of nek), Good (men). المنان nek-andesh, A well-wisher. المنان nek-bāz, Virtuous, of good actions. المنان nek-bakht, Forturate, august, happy, blest; of good disposition. المنان nek-pāk, Virtuous.

بيك برست nek-post, Of the best leather. يك برسة nek-pay, Of fortunate foot-steps,

lucky; illustrious; auspicious.

nektar, Better. نیکتر سektarīn, Best. نیکترین

سلام بالله

a نيك عمادت nek-khaşlat, Of good habits. nek-khūų (kho), نيكنوي nek-khūų (khoy), Of good dispositions or habits; humane, polite, good-natured, well-bred; good-nature; debonairness.

nek-khwāh, Well-wishing, benevolent, affectionate, friendly, faithful,

grateful.

nek-khwāhī, Benevolence.

nek-khū'ī, Kindness, humanity. نيك دل nek-dil, Kind-hearted, benign, benevolent.

a نيك دبانت nek-diyönat, Pious, devout. a نيك دات nek-zāt, Of good origin, breed, or temper.

a نيكة رأى nek-rāy, Of good intention or

counsel

بيك روز nek-rav, Good-paced (horse). بيك روز nek-roz, Who has a good day of it, happy, fortunate.

nek-sāz, Well armed, having a complete outfit; useful.

nek-saranjām, Of happy issue. نيك سرفت nek-sirisht, Good-natured. الملك سرفت nek-sigāl, Benevolent.

a نيك سورت nek-sīrat, Virtuous, moral. a نيك طينت nek-tīnat, Good-natured.

a عهد نيك عهد nek-'ahd, Faithful to a compact,

a نیك نال nek-fāl, Of happy omen. نیك فرمام nek-farjām, Of happy end.
a نیك قال nek-qāl, Well-spoken. نیك كار nek-kār, Well-doer; beneficent. نیك كردار nek-kirdār, Beneficent. نیك كردار nek-goy (qūy), Eloquent.

يك ميك nek-goy (guy), Eloquent. a نيك محدر nek-mahzar, Good-natured. نيك مرد nek-mard, A good mau.

a فاية مواع nek-mizāj, Good-tempered, of pleasant disposition.

a نيك معاهل nek-ma'āsh. Living a good or an honest life; one who earns an honest livelihood.

nek - manzar, Handsome,

comely.

nek-nām, A good name, celebrity; having a good uame, famous, renowned, celebrated.

نيكنامى nek-nāmī, Reputation, a good name (said to be hayāti sāniya "a second life").

a يك نفس " rek-nafs, Of a virtuous soul. ايك نفس nek-nihād, Of good disposition. a نيك نهاد nek-nīyat, Well-intentioned.

نكر neko, nekū, Good; beautiful, elegant; much; well; excellently, elegantly; —nekū āmadan, To please, appear beautiful;—nekū dāshtan, To approve, esteem;—nekū kardan, To behave beneficently, do well;—zani nekū-dahan, A woman with a charming mouth or sweet breath.

a نيكو آداب neko-ādāb, Well-mannered,

polite.

نيكو بخت neko-ba<u>kh</u>t, Fortunate, happy. a نيكو حال neko-hāl, In a good situation; in excellent bealth.

a نيكو ممال *neko-<u>kh</u>iṣāl*, Endowed with good qualities, of good dispositions.

a ليكو رأى neko-rāy, Well-advised, prudent.

a نيکو رسم neko-rasm, Of good habits or customs.

neko-rav, Fleet, going well;—neko-rū, Of beautiful countenance.

neko-rawī, Fleetness.

نيکو بخن neko-su<u>kh</u>un, Well-spoken, eloquent.

neko-saranjām, Of happy issue.

ىيكو سكال neko-sigāl, Benevolent, well-wishing.

a نيكر سير neko-siyar, Well-disposed; of good manners or habits.

a نيكو عهد neko-'ahd, Faithful to one's compact or promise.

نيكو كار neko-kār, A benefactor; bene-

بيكو كارى neko-kārī, Benevolence.

يكو كاست neko-guft, Praise, eulogy; bene-

a معاملة neko-mu'āmala, A fair dealer. neko-nāmī, انيكو نامي neko-nāmī, = يك ناسى , نيك أنام qq.v. يكو نهاد neko-nihād, Of good disposition,

good-natured.

a نیکو نیت neko-niyat, Well-intentioned. a نیکو ئیتی neko-nīyatī, Good intention. יבלפאט nekūyān, The good, the virtuous.

بيكوئي neko'ī, Elegance; goodness; a benefit, kindness, favour, gift;-nekū'i ku-

nanda, Beneficent.

nekī, Goodness, piety, virtue, probity; charitableness, beneficence; beauty, elegance; -nekī kardan u dar āb andākhtan, To confer a benefit without expecting

nekī-pasand, Who approves of نیکی پسند

or appreciates goodness.

nekī-dihish, A bestowal or bestower of good; a benefactor; bounty, grace, favour.

nekī-shinās, Who knows what نيكي هناس

goodness means.

neki-gumān, Benevolent, friendly. ne-gauhar, Accidental (non-essential).

nail (v.n.), Obtaining, acquiring, taking, reaching; being munificent, liberal; whatever one acquires; a gift; [nail kardan, To obtain, get at; to give, bestow;]
-nīl, The river Nile;-nīli mubārak, The blessed Nile; -daryā'i nīl, The river Nile.

ايل nīl (8. nīlī), The indigo-plant; a blue colour, indigo; a fumigation of wild rue; construed with the verbs zadan, kardan, kashīdan, &c.;--nīl bar chihra mālīdan, To rub indigo on the face of a child in order to protect it against the evil eye: -nīl ba-ziyān rawad, The indigo colour fades; -- nīli chashm-zakhm (chashmi bad). A line drawn with indigo on the face of a child against the influence of the evil eye; -nīli khumi āsnān, nīli falak, Blackness of the sky; a bad presage, sinister accident; -angushti nil kashidan bar, (met.) To renounce a thing and suppress every desire for it; -dar nil zadan (kashidan), To colour blue (garments in sign of mourning).

nīlāb, The river Attock or Indus. nil-andûd, Azure, blue, cerulean; livid, obscure.

المالير nilupar, The water-lily (see نيلوبرکئه &c. below).

nailat, naila, Whatever anyone نيلة obtains.

a نيلج nīlaj (from P. nīla), The dried juice or sediment of the indigo-plant; indigo.

nīl-dāgh, Blackness of a mark نيل داغ by branding.

nīlrām, Name of the angel in whose نيارام charge snow, rain, and hail are given.

نيل اندود $n\bar{\imath}l$ - $f\bar{a}m$, نيل اندود q.v. above.

المالية nilufar, The water-lily (see نيلورک) &c. below).

nīlak (dim. of nīl), A little blue, bluish; blue, as the fingers with cold; pinching.

nīl-kār, A maker of indigo colour. نيل كار nīl-gāv, The white-footed antelope of Pennant, and antelope picta of Pallas.

نیل کار q.v. above. نیل کار q.v.

nilgari kardan, To cause grass to grow.

بيلگون nīl-gūn, A blue colour, cerulean ; the face of the heavens; a cloud fraught with rain; -- baḥri (qulzumi) nīlgūn, The Black or Euxine Sea.

ليلگون عيام ,nīlgūn-pardahā نيلگون پردها nīlgūn-khayām, نيلگون nīlgūn-witā, The

nīlam, A sapphire.

nīlūpar, نيلوپر nīlūbarg, نيلوپر nīlūbarg نيلوبرگ nīlūfal, The water- نيلوفل nīlūfal, The lily; -nilūfari mātam, A water-lily worn by the mourners at a funeral ;-jashni nīlūfar, A festival held on the seventh day of the month khurdad.

nīlūfarī, Cerulean, azure. a نيلوفرى طأق nīlūfarī-tāq, The sky.

nīla, Dried juice or sediment of the indigo-plant; blue; a colour in horses or

a نیلی $n\bar{\imath}l\bar{\imath}$, Belonging to the Nile; blue, livid, blackish.

نیلی ،nīlī-baḥr نیلی برده nīlī-parda نیلی جر نيلي دواكر ,nīlī-ḥuqqa نيلي حقة nīlī-ḥuqqa حمار nīlī-dawā'ir, The sky; heaven.

nayam (for na am), I am not;—nīm (S. nema), A half; the middle; a sort of tree in India whose leaves are good in cases of wounds; -nimi taslim, Half a salutation, made by placing the hand on the breast and stooping the bead (a complete salutation, tamāmi taslīm, being made by putting the hand to the ground and raising it to the forehead); -nīmi shab, Midnight; -- gandumi nīm-birishta, Green wheat half-toasted in the ears.

nīm, Anything good, the comforts or conveniences of life; a soft garment; velvet, satin; marks made by the wind on sand; name of a tree of which arrows are made; -nuyyam, niyam (pl. of nā'im), Sleepers.

nīmād, Judgment, discrimination.

nīm-āstīn, An upper robe with half-sleeves, often made of gold and silver

نيم أهكني nīm-iehkanī, A kind of sweetmeat.

أَمْم أَرُّمُ nīm-āwar, Name of a quarter in Isfahān.

نوم باز nīm-bāz, Half-open (eyes, &c.). nīm-bar, Name of a wrestlingtrick.

انيم الست nīm-bidist, Half a span; the distance between the point of the thumb and tip of the extended fore-finger; a small pillow.

אים ועם יות nīm-birish (in India burush), nīm-birisht (burusht), A poached egg (half-boiled).

nīm-bismil, Half-slaughtered ليم بسمل

(see بسمل p. 187).

nīm-parcha, Hemiplegy.

nim-pukht, Par-boiled; half-

nīm-pukhta, Par-boiled.

n nim-pur, Half-full.

nīm-partav, Half-shining, i.e. the moon or stars when giving a feeble light.

nīmat, Sleep, slumber; a night's lodging; a manner of sleeping; supineness, negligence.

انيم تاج nīm-tāj, An ornamental head-

dress for a sponse.

nīm-takht, A couch (m.c.). nīmtark, A helmet ;—nīmtarak, A low voice.

nīm-tarang, A low voice.

nīm-taslīm, = nīmi-taslīm, q. v. نيم تسليم under اليم.

يم تنه nīm-tan, نيم تنه nīm-tana, The Creator; a short garment or shirt; a vest worn by the eastern monks, called Qalaudars, which reaches to the lower part of the belly; a lady's jacket (m.c.); -nīmtan, = هم چهره q.v. below.

الم تيم ته nīm-tih, Half a load; divided in two; -nim-tih kardan, To divide in two;

to halve.

nīm-jān, Half-dead (with fright). יאח جواט nim-jawan, A middle-aged man; an unbroke horse.

nīm-jau-sang, The weight of half a grain.

nīm-josh, Coddled. ليم جوش

inīm-chāsht, Breakfast, lunch. nīm-charkh, A kind of bow.

nīmcha, A short upper garment; a small, little, or short sword musket, or

nīm-chihra, A species of imaginary being, having half a face, one eye, one arm, one foot: it is male and female; the male having the right hand, foot, &c., the female the left; when united they resemble one human figure; when separate they are supposed to run with amazing velocity on one foot, and are considered as very dangerous and cruel.

nīm-khāna'i mīna, The sky. ايم عابه nīm-khāya, A cupola, dome; the

vault of heaven.

nim-khand, Smiling with halfparted lips, a smile.

نيم عواب nīm-khwāb, Half-asleep, dozing. nīm-khwurd, فيم عوردة nīm-khwurd, فيم خورد khwurda, Half-eaten or gnawed, what is left on the plates after meals, the remains of victuals, orts; toasted wheat.

nīm-khez kardan, To saluto

with half-raised body.

nim-dar, A garment worn but not أيمدار vet discarded.

نيم دست nīm-dast, A small cushiou, pillow.

a نجم دينار nīm-dīnār, The lip of a mistress. nīm-rāst, Name of a musical ليم رأست

a نيم رامي nīm-rāzī, Half-satisfied.

nīm-rāh, Half-way, mid-way. t, نيم رئسارة nīm-rukh نيم nīm-rukh فيم nīm-rukh A half-face, a side-face, a profile.

رم رس nīm-ras, Half-ripe; unfledged (bird); not quite reaching the mark

(arrow).

nīm-rang, A secondary or heterogeneous colour.

nīm-rù, On one side round, on the other flat (a gem, pearl, &c.).

nīm-rū-khākī, Lying with one ليم رو خاكى

side of the face on the ground.

jy+2; nīm-roz, Mid-day; name of the province of Sistan; a species of money; name of a note in music; the twenty-ninth note of Barbud; -pādshāhi nīm-roz, The sun; Muhammad; —sultāni nīm-roz, The prince of the meridian, i.e. the sun.

nīm-roza, Of half a day.

nīm-zāl, A middle-aged woman. أيم زبان nīm-zabān, Who from bashfulness, stupidity, or any other reason, cannot speak or answer promptly.

nīm-sāl, A middle-aged man. نيم سال nīm-sar, Half-headed, name given to the Pre-Adamites (see also p. 499).

nīm-sufta, Half-bored; an unfinished speech; covered over, hidden; a gentle trickling or exudation.

nim-sokhta, نيم سوخته nim-sokhta نيم سوخت Half-burnt, a piece of burnt cloth.

יבה שפן nīm-soz, Half-roasted, scorched.

انيم سير nīm-ser, Half-satisfied. منا المرادي nīm-shakarī, A sweetmeat.

nīm-fusurda, Half-frozen.

نيم كار nīm-kār, Half-used, worn. nīm-kāra, An apprentice; a hired servant; a thing unfinished, incomplete.

nīm-kāsa, A kind of semi-globular wooden dish.

نوم الخبت nim-kat, A sofa, couch (= نوم کت q.v. above, m.c.).

أدم كشت nīm-kusht, Half-killed (animal). مراجع المستقدم المستقد المستقدم ا (sword, &c.).

nīm-kūz, Hump-backed (man). nīm-garm, Milk-warm, lukewarm.

nīm-guna, " Half a crime," a small fault, a peccadillo.

.nīm-lātūliyā, Blue vitriol نيملاتوتيا

a نيملطه nīm-laḥza, Half a moment; an affair of a moment.

سم نلک nīm-ling, A case for a bow; a quiver; a bow; as much as a beast of burden carries on one side, half an ass-load; good, well, fair, handsome (this meaning doubtful).

nīm-murda, Half-dead. nīm-mast, Half-drunk. نيم مست

يمون nayaman (for nayam), I am not.

nīm-neza, Short spear, demi-lance. nīmū, A stone found in the gallbladders of cows; any antidote taken out of animals.

nīmūr, Membrum virile.

nīma, A half; bemiplegy; a half or short under-garment; a lady's veil, through which only the eyes are seen;— $n\bar{\imath}ma'i$ dīnār, The lip of a mistress; a kiss;nīma'i rāh, Midway;—nīma kardan, To half-fill: -ba-dū nīma shudan, To be parted

نيمة آستين nīma-āstīn, Half-sleeved; a kind of jacket.

اليمة بر nīma-pur, Half-full. عيمة nīma-rāh, Midway; pavement; foot-path (m.c.,

nīma-roz, Midday, noon. ليمه روز nīma-shām, Evening. أيمه هأم

a ليمه تنديل nīma-qindīl, The new moon.

inima-kāra, Half made or finished; half-used, worn (mm.cc.).

تيمة كردة nīma-karda, Half-filled, half-

a نيم هلال nīm-hilāl, The lip of a mistress a kiss.

uinād, Patience.

ني ناك naināk, Abounding in hollow reeds. nīnān (pl. of nūn), Fishes. نينان ▲

nai-nawāz, A piper. في فواز

nainufar, A water-lily, nenuphar. ninawá, Nineveh.

inīnuwī, Nineveh; fresh butter.

نى نباوندى nai-nihāwandī, Name of a black and bitter medicinal cane.

نی نی nai-nai, No, no; not at all.

انينيا nīniyā, Anise.

nev, Intrepid, bold, brave, warlike; a hero, champion; a canal, aqueduct, milldam; the tube through which the meal or flour runs when grinding; -nayū, Straight; -niyū, A kind of cinnamon.

nevād, Courage, strength, bravery.

nīwār, The sky, atmosphere.

newāra, A rolling-pin.

ايوب ه nuyūb (pl. of nāb), Canine-teeth; princes, chiefs; -naiyūb, An aged shecamel; the leader of the people; head of a family.

inayaubārīdan, Not to fill, throw نيوباريدي

in, or swallow.

nīvtash, Venery.

nivtur, Pride, arrogance, vain-glory. nīwar, Beings, creatures; the universe; -nīwari nīwār, Productions of the sky, such as rainbows, meteors, comets, snow, rain, and the like.

inivrad, Order, method, arrange-

ment.

inev-zād, Hero-born, son of a hero. niyūsād, Eternal, perpetual.

nev-80z, A destroyer of heroes. יגפייפח nīvsūm, An insatiable appetite. niyosh, Listen; a listener; atten-

tion. niyoshā, A listener; one who retains نيوها anything in his memory; one who does

anything of great importance. niyoshanda, niyūshanda, A lis-

niyosha, niyūsha, Attention, listening; weeping with sobbing; a listener, eavesdropper; - niyosha kardan, To listen, hear, play the eaves-dropper.

niyoshidan, niyūshidan, To lend نيوهيدن an ear, listen, hear; to weep and sob; to read; to hope for anything; to murmur, sob, cry silently; to seek, investigate, examine.

iniyoshīda, Heard; hearsay. niyoshīn, To be listened to.

nuyūq (pl. of naiq), Tops of mountains.

niyūk, A bride.

نبو مرد nev-mard, A warlike man; prudent, wise.

nīwand, Understanding;—nīwandi maryam (or simply niwand), A kind of wild rue.

niyūndīdan, To mix; to rush نيونديدي

upon, show courage.

newa, Crying, lamentation, grief;--newa'i chamina, The power which the soul is credited with to quit the body and return to it.

naih (v.n.), Being high; causing

surprise; giving pleasure.

نيى nayī, A player on the flute. nayīl, A flag, standard; large and fat; good, handsome, elegant; prudent, intelligent.

na'īn, Made of reeds, reeden, reedy ;

(for نهایی) not this.

w, in P. at the end of a word, or of a syllable not followed by a vowel, v, The twenty-sixth letter of the Arabic-Persian alphabet, denotes 6 in arithmetic, and serves in the Ephemerides as an abbrevia-

tion for Friday and the sign Libra. When used as a vowel for the A. wa (see following article), it takes the sound of u (in poetry, according to the requisites of the metre, frequently \bar{u}), and it has the same pronunciation in certain monosyllables, as tu $(t\bar{u})$ "thon," thon, "thon, "thon, "thon, "thon, "thon, "thon, "thon, "thon", "thon, "thon", "thon, "thon, "thon", "thon, "thon", nouns, in order to form diminutives, as piseru (piserū) "little son." When quiescent and preceded by zammah (1) it is either pronounced \bar{u} , as in old Arabic (bence ma'raf "known,") or sounded o, as in "more" (called majhul "unknown" to the Arabic invaders, although it has now in Arabic itself almost entirely superseded, the pronunciation \vec{u} , whilst the latter, on the other hand, has become all but universal in Persia). Preceded by fathah (-), the quiescent, forms either the diphthong au or the syllable av. Between t and the sound, mostly a or a sound intermediate between a and u;—wa is sometimes used for , o, the pronoun of the third person, as: wa-rā guftam, I said to him.

A, wa (in P. between two verbs having the same subject or between nouns coordinate governed by the same verb, u, prosodically lengthened into \bar{u} , which pronunciation prevails even between Arabic nouns not preceded by the article, especially in poetry), And; too, also; or; by (in swearing); (followed by the oblique case) many, often;—wa'l-hāṣil, Upon the whole; -wa-illā, But, besides;--wa 's-salām, And may there be health, then farewell (a formula of salutation put sometimes at the end of letters); (after a tale) and here the story ends; (at the end of a book) and now good-bye to the reader !-wa'llah, By God!-wa 'llāhi 'l-'agīm, By the great God; — wa-rabbika, By thy Lord! — wa ammā, But; —wa-lākin, But; —wa-yā, Or.

1, $w\bar{a}$ (for the noun $b\bar{a}$), A mess, dish, dressed victuals; $[gandum-w\bar{a}, A \text{ dish made}]$ with wheat; $-m\bar{a}st-w\bar{a}$, A dish made with whey;]—(for the preposition $b\bar{a}$) With;—(in composition with verbs for $b\bar{a}z$), Back, again, open, off, like the Latin re; $[w\bar{a}-d\bar{a}d, He$ gave back; $-w\bar{a}-guft$, He spoke again; $-dar-r\bar{a}$ $w\bar{a}-kun$, Open the door; $-w\bar{a}-bur\bar{a}dan$, To cut off or away;]—(for s^{1}) q.v.) O! ah! alas! woe! (exclamation of wee, pain, pity, &c.); $-w\bar{a}-wail\bar{a}$, Alas! lack-a-day!

stop, cease, desist; —wā-istādan ba-chīze, To insist upon a thing; —wā-istādan bar chīze, To be deficient in doing anything to omit somewhat; —wā-istādan dar chīze, To hesitate, to delay.

التادي wā-uftādan, To fall back, to lie back.

وا آمدن wā-āmadan, To come back, to return.

A قابه المساق به wā ummayāh, Alas! O mother! مراكب wa'b (v.a.) Blushing, being ashamed; a blush, modesty; well-formed (horse-hoof); a large camel; a capacious drinking-cup;—wx'ab (v.n.), Being angry.

ניטן ly wā bardan, To flatten a lump of

dough.

wā-birūn kurdan, To elevate.

وا بريدن wā-buridan, To cut off.

יל אנבא אנט t, wā-burīda shudan, To be cut off, end, finish.

رابس wābas, Only; — wābis, Scarcely,

hardly. (Doubtful.)

Domestics, dependants, connections, adherents; — wā-bastagāni nīzāmī, Military attachés (m.c.).

wābastagī Connection, obligation,

بستن به wā-bastan, To tie back; to tie, fasten; to refer;—wā-bastan ba-qauma, To refer (one) to a nation, i.e. to call (him) a native of such a country.

t, wā-basta, Bound restrained; related, connected, depending on; a minservant; a dependent, adherent; — wā-basta būdan, To be bound, depend upon, stand.

A bit, wabit, Weak, timid, cowardly.

A وأبل wābil, A heavy shower with large drops.

ո ձկյ, wābilat, wābila. The top of the shoulder-blade, the coracoid process; the head of the thigh-bone; top of any bone moving in the socket of another; knee-pan.

ا بوسيدي به wā-bosīdan, To be averse, to sulk; to desist from an undertaking.

פל הנפט אנינט עיד עידענט אנינט איזיענט אנינט עידענט איזיענט איזיענט איזיענט איניט q.v. above.

ا پرسیدن , wā-pursīdan, To ask again, in-

quire, examine.

أيس, wāpas, Behind, back, back again, afterwards, then, again; returning, refunding; restitution; grief, torment; -wā-pas istadan, To stand back, loiter by the way; -wā-pas uftāda, Fallen behind; a loiterer; -wā-pas afgandan (andākhtan), To procrastinate, delay; — wā-pas āmadan, To come back, return; —wā-pas burdan, To send or carry back; -wa-pas jastan, To leap back; to sit behind; -wā-pas dādan, To give back; -wā-pas dāshtan, To detain, retard; -wā-pas raftan, To retire, go back, recede; -wā-pas firistādan, To send back to return; — wā-pas giriftan, To receive again, resume; -wā-pas māndan, To remain behind, stay back; -wā-pas nishastan, To sit down, to sit together; to agree, be well adapted.

را يسين wā-pastan, To leap back; to sit

ي إيستا wā-pasta, Joined; a friend, companion.

wa-rasin, The last, posterior, hindmost, or latter; rozi wa-rasin, The last day, the day of judgment ;-sahari wāpasin, The time after dawn ;-tā dami wāpasin, Until the last breath, as long as life

ا پکیدن, wā-rakidan, To cover the mouth or face; to throw anything out of the mouth with violence, to squirt out water, or blow in derision.

יואני wāpor, A steamer (m.c. from It. vapore).

wāt (cf. H. bāt), A letter, word; a fur garment.

wā-tar, Further off.

رانكر, wātgar, One who makes garments of skins, a furrier; a poet, story-teller; name of a river.

wātam (in Ispahān for quftam), I

said (cf. wh, above).

wātin, Perennial, perpetual, fixed والاس in a place; living or running (water).

wā-tokhtan, To repay, weigh back.

wāṣiq, Confiding, secure, depending upon; firm, solid, strong, robust.

wasin, Perennial, perpetual;

water continually flowing.

waj, Speak, say; extreme hunger. $w\bar{a}j\bar{a}r$ (= ازار $b\bar{a}z\bar{a}r$), A market.

م سجاء wājib, Necessary, obligatory, binding; expedient, proper, worthy, convenient, fit; right, due, just, reasonable; monthly pay; - wājibu 'l-ittibā' (-iz'ān, ițā'at, îmtisal). Worthy or necessary to be iollowed, obeyed, performed;—uājibu 'ladā, Necessary to be discharged (duties); -wājibu 't-ta'zīr, Punishable; -wājibu 'tta'zīm, Worthy of respect and attention;wājibu 'r-ri'āyat, Deserving to be honoured or obeyed; -wājibu's-salb, Meriting the gallows ;-wajibu 'l-'arz, Fit or necessary to be represented; a written representation or petition; -wajibu'l-gatl, Deserving death; wājibu 'l-qai', Deserving to be cut off (hand, &c.); -wājibu 'n-nagar, Respectable, worthy of regard; - wajibu 'l-wujud, Whose existence is necessary, i.e. self-existent; wājib shudan, To behove, to be incumbent or obligatory; - bi 'l-wajib, Necessarily, deservedly.

م اجبات, wājibāt (pl. fem. of wājib), Necessary things, whatever is proper, expedient, or requisite to be done; ahammi wājibāti dīnīya, The most necessary or important points relative to religion.

a من , wājibī, That which is expedient;

salary, stipend.

a أجد, wājid, An inventor, finder; perennial, lasting, surviving; ivy.

وا جدا (جدة) كردن wā-judā (-juda) kardan, To separate, sort, distinguish.

A 30 vājis, Brief; epitomized (speech). wājie, (A thing) occurring to the mind.

(after the absent), to search (for anything lost).

م الحال wājif, fem. الحال wājifat, wājifa, Falpitating (heart); trembling.

A راحل wajil, fem. احل wajilat, wajila. Timid, afraid.

ال المحدد المحد to adhere.

الم الم الم الم الم (؟), One part or portion (doubtful).

wā-chīdan, To pick out, collect; to remove wrinkles from the face:-wachidani pamba, To separate or tease cotton.

A مامل wāhid, One, individual, single, sole, unique, singular; pre-eminent; — wāhidu'd-dahr ('l-'asr), Unique in his time, the phænix of his age, incomparable; wāhid ba'da wāhid, One after another :wāḥidi ḥaqīqī, The true unity (God); wāḥidu dahri-hi, = wāḥidu 'd-dahr above; wāḥid shōhid, God is my witness; (met.) giving, bestowing;—fī mauza'i wāḥid, In one and the same place; -kullu wahid-in, Everyone.

"lacl, wahid-an, Apart, separately; wāḥid-an wāḥid-an, One by one, separately,

singly,

ه وأحدون wāḥidūn (pl. of wāḥid), Ones, units.

a واحدي wāhide, Anyone. A مرامديغ wāhidīyat, wāhidīya, Name of a Muhammadan sect ; unitarianism.

wā ḥasratāh, Alas! وأحسرتاه

wāḥif, Luxuriant, plentiful واحك (herbage); full-feathered (wing); name of a man.

th, wakh, Rectitude, verity, truth; sure, true, certain, right; a conjecture, especially approaching to certainty; the dawn; the east, or place of the dawn; a transverse beam or bow, used (by wheelwrights) in boring or turning; a particle of applause or approbation.

wā-khānīdan, To cause to pick وا عاليدن or tease cotton.

, wākhtar (for bākhtar), The east. ينجي, wākhchī, A horse with a packsaddle; a despiser.

ا خريدن wā-kharīdan, To buy; to repurchase; to redeem.

ا عوالدي wā-khwāndan, 'To substitute one word metonymically for another.

ا عوردن wā-khwurdan, To take care or

think of; to perform by labour; to pity.

wākhīdan, To beat or tease (cotton), to separate and clean it; to separate, pull to pieces.

below); (for هفت واد wad, A son (see واد

båd) air, wind.

A 31, wa'd (v.n.), Digging a grave, and burying a daughter alive (a pagan Arabian custom); producing a loud sound; a loud sound or voice.

وا داد , wā-dād, He gave back, he restored; (= אונון, wādār, q.v. below) despising, denying, prohibiting.

של איז איז של ly wā-dādan, To give back, restore,

return.

ادار, wādār, Despising, denying, prohibiting (prob. imp. of wa-dashtan, idiomatically used as a noun).

wādārang, An orange.

ر المتن , wā-dāshtan, To keep back, restrain, retain, check, prohibit, inhibit, oppose, avert; to hide, conceal.

wādikh, A vine-bud.

ادمن wādis, (A plant) springing up.

A Est, wādi, Ono who leaves or lets alone; one who deposits; mild, gentle, tame, placid, quiet.

A Lest, wadi'-an, Placidly, tranquilly,

without importunity or trouble.

wādiq, Iron; sharp (sword). ا درختن المنظم vā-dokhtan. To sew together. wā-dosīdan, To adhere, stick. الله wada, Root, foundation, origin, source; loud in one's own praises.

A مان wad-in, وادي wada, A valley; lowlying ground; an oasis, or green fertile spot in a desert; a desert (construed with the verbs burīdan, paimūdan, taiy kardan, &c.); river-bed; river; a reed-bed, caneplantation ;-wadī 'l-ḥashr, The valley of the last judgment; -wādī 'l-kabīr, (the Great River) The Gaudalquivir in Spain;
-wadi'i aiman, The wilderness through which the children of Israel were led; wādī'i khāmoshān, The valley of the dumb, the grave; a burial-ground, -wādi'i 'arūs, Name of a valley on the road to the Ka'bah; wādī'i majnūn, Name of the desert inhabited by Majnun.

ادياب, wādiyāb, Killed, reduced to no-

thing.

اديان, wādyān (for bādyān), Fennel.

اديع, wadij, Large boots or stockings, such as couriers wear; a trellis, vine-prop; a vine-bud, the place whence the grape sprouts; a place where grapes are hung up; a jar in which grape-vinegar is made.

ين wādīkh, A vine-bud, the part where

the grape shoots.

ا ديدن , wā-dīdan, To gaze at, to regard.

to look again.

a وادى سپر wādī-sipar, Rising above a valley.

a وادى نورد, wādī-naward, A traveller in the desert.

بادارنگ wāzārang, = وادارنگ q.v. (unsupported by examples).

اذر A منز, wāzir, One who leaves or relinquishes.

, war, (in comp.) Having, possessing,

endowed with; like, resembling, in the manner of; fit, suiting, befitting; [umedwar, Full of hope; bi-khwudwar, Like one beside himself; — dewāna-wār, Like one demented (m.c.);—zarra-wār, Like an atom; -shāh-wār, Befitting a king; -(for bar). A time, turn, or portion of time; a load, burden; quantity, proportion, measure; custom, mode, manner, rule, law, regulation; much; repeated, reiterated;

איל, wa'r (v.n.), Terrifying, frightening; throwing into evil; making a hearth for a

wārān, The elbow.

الدن, المنا, wā-rāndan, To till, to equal, make adequate; to drive off, repel, chase away. ارتگاه, wārat-gāh, The dawn; the east.

ارث waris. An heir: master, lord, owner: one who survives all his friends; one who manages another's affairs; a name of God: -warisi da'ud, David's heir, i.e. Solomon; -wāris shudan, To inherit;—wārisi shar'ī, Heir-at-law, rightful heir : - bī-wāris, Heirless.

tyl, wārakh, Beam; elbow; viper; lizard.

wārakhd, Weak, poor, miserable.

A sol, warid, One who comes, arrives, approaches; one who descends or enters into; who goes to water; (a fever) seizing one; one who joins; happening, occurring; present; a bringer of tidings; a modern author; a guest; event; result; -waridu 'sh-sha'r, Long-haired; -wāridu 'sh-shifat, Whose lip hangs down; -wārid shudan, To arrive; -warid kardan, To make arrive, bring, produce (m.c.); -wārid u sādir, A comer and goer; a guest, a traveller.

A واردات wāridāt (pl. fem. of wārid), Things coming in, i.e. produce, revenue, or rent; events, accidents, contingencies; con-

juncture.

ار داهتن, wār-dāshtan, To raise up, exalt. اردان, wārdān, A rolling-pin; a large sack.

A قرادة wāridat, wārida, A body of cattle

or men at a watering-place.

راردي, wardan, A baker's rolling-pin; whatever a rolling-pin is wetted with that the dough may not adhere to it; a midwife.

wārdīn, A midwife.

a واردين wāridīn (obl. pl. of wārid used as nom.), Comers ; -waridin u sadirin, Comers and goers.

wāristādan, To rise or stand up. بارستگی wā-rastagī, Liberation; humility.

را رسته , wā-rasta, Humble; escaped, saved. ا رسيدن به wā-rasīdan, وا رسي كردي wā-rasīdan, وا رسيدن wā-rasī kardan (m.c.), To receive, attain, arrive at; to obtain information.

wārish, One who takes meat, eats, وارش ه

or comes uninvited to a feast.

wāragh, A trellis; -wārigh, wāragh, wārugh, A dam, dyke, weir; solder; -wārugh, Belching.

wārif, Ample, long, extensive;

green, fresh, verdant.

a وارك wāruf, A fan, ventilator; anything stuffed with straw to serve the purpose of

wā-raftan, To wander, walk about. wāriq, Becoming leafy; green, flourishing, verdant.

a wit, waraqa, Leaf of tree or book; a

letter.

wārkār, Melon-ground; kitchen garden; part of a garden; a plant without an erect stalk (as cucumber or melon); a but in a vineyard.

a פוקף, wāram, A painful swelling. wārmīn, Name of a city in the province of Raiy (see رام below).

wāran, wārin, The elbow; -wārun,

Topsy-turvy.

wāranj, The elbow.

, warany, A long crooked cucumber; a large lemon or orange-tree (cf. نارنک).

warangi, Penetration of colour, leaving a stain (the colour of one thing upon another).

wārū, Anything stuffed with straw and made to answer the purpose of a table;

اررغ wārūgh, A belch, eructation.

wārūn, ارون wārūna, Inverted, turned upside-down; unfortunate; -warun (wārūna) zadan, To turn upside down, to invert; -wārūna gashtan, To be or become upset, overturned (m.c.).

wāra, Like, resembling; lord, master, وارة owner; a row, series; manner, custom; law, rule; time, turn, season, juncture;

much, a large quantity.

vār-hā (pl. of wār), Many times,

often, repeatedly.

وا رهانيدن wā-rahānīdan, To deliver, free. ا رهيدن vā-rahīdan, To escape, flee from. راري wārī, Like ;—gul-wārī, Rose-like.

wari, Fire-emitting (stick sand). wārīj, The part of the branch whence

the grape grows.

راريع wārīkh, The elbow; a vine-prop. wārīdan, To swallow, to stick to. wārīn, Going quick; the elbow.

واريعة wārīna, Like.

)), wāz, A desisting, giving over, suspending, relinquishing, letting alone, abandoning, deserting, renouncing, taking no care of; (for baz) open; back; again.

را زدن wā-zadan. To cover, to hide; to

heat, tease, or separate (cotton).

wāzir, ازره wāzirat, wāzira, One bearing a burden (wizr); laden with crimes, criminal.

A Eil, wāzi', A prince; a prefect, governor, magistrate; the leader of the line of an army; preventing confusion; a dog, especially the guardian of a house or of sheep.

أَلَّعُ wāzagh, Cuttings of palm-trees; a trellis; -wāzigh, Bread made from the fibrous integument of the palm-tree.

wāzgūn, Inverted.

A ωj, wazin, (Money) of just weight. wāzinj, A shout, a loud noise.

wāznīj, A swing, see-saw, a common وازنيج Persian amusement, especially on holidays.

wāzīj, A vine-branch; anything from which grapes are suspended; any place in which grapes are hung up; a vine-prop; a vine-bud, the place whence the grape sprouts (Cf. , and els), of which it is perhaps a misreading.)

رازيخ wazīkh, Hot, scalding.

إيدي wāzīdan, To declare one's condition to another.

wāzīra, Time.

wāzīnj, Crying out, crying hey hey وازبنج to animals, vociferating.

il, wāzh, Inverted; money extorted by a more powerful monarch from a weaker.

wazhagh, wazhugh, Cuttings of palmtrees; — wāzhu<u>gh</u>, A rope made of palmtree fibre; coir.

wāzhgūn, وازكون wāzhgūna, Inverted, preposterous, backwards, contrary, versed, opposite; unfortunate;—wāzhgūn (wāzhgūna) zadan. To invert, to turn topsy-

wāzhgūnī, Perversity, a sinister

disposition.

wāzhūn, كارُون wāzhūna, Inverted, turned upside down; unfortunate, unlucky.

ا يُولِمْ خُو wā-zhūna-kho. Of a perverse dis-

position, wicked.

vāzhah, (in Zand and Pāzand) A word.

راژیان wāzhyān, The great, upper ranks. wazhidan, To tell one's condition, or state of health.

اس, was, An ear of wheat or barley.

ي ساختن الم wā-sākhtan, To supply one's

ا ستاندن , wā-satāndan, To resume, take back.

وا سر هدن , wā-sar shudan, To relapse. wā-sarankīdan, To turn from,

to repudiate, to refuse.

راسط ه wāsit, The middle; a mediator; a brideman, marriage-broker, match-maker; name of a city between Kufah and Basrah;

the fore-part of a camel's saddle.

wāsilat, wāsila, The middle or واسطة م largest pearl, jewel, or bead in a necklace or bracelet; anything intermediate; a female mediator; motive, cause, reason, occasion; account, sake; means; the forepart of a camel's saddle; -wasita'i 'iqdi nujum, The sun ; ba-în wāsiţa, Therefore;

-ba-wāsiṭa'i īn ast, Hence it is ;-ba-wāsita'i bārān, On account of the rain.

a وأسطى wāste, On account of ;—wāsitī, Belonging to the city of Wasit; -qalami wāsiţī (for which vulg. wāstī is used), The best sort of writing-reed from that city.

wāsi', Ample, large, capacious, spacious, wide, roomy; liberal; a name of God: - wāsi'u 'l-fazl, Of all-comprising beneficence, i.e. God.

ماهب من بالمع ملاهب , wāsi'-mazhab, Of a wide conscience, i.e. lar in religious duties or morals.

wāsiq, Pregnant (camel).

A dul, wāsilat, wāsila, Royal favour, patronage; dignity; propinquity, affinity.

را سومت ، wā-sokht, An impassioned style. , wāsokhtagī, The gift of impas sionate style, vigour of expression.

wā-sokhtan, To turn from, to

repudiate, to renounce.

اسة, wāsa, A butterfly; a moth flying about the candle; (vulg. for q.v. above) on account of, for (m.c.).

wash, Forage, food for cattle.

wāshāma, A veil; a tiara; a kind of head-dress worn by Persian monks, made of white wool or camels' bair.

م من wāshij, Intermixed, interlaced. من wāshijat, An interwoven relation-

ship.

با هدى , wā-shudan, To be open; to be free or clear; to be dissipated, to vanish; to be separated or disjoined; to retire; to go off (as grief); -wā-shudani tārī, The dispelling of darkness;—āsmān az abr wa-shuda, The sky cleared of clouds; - pahn wā-shudan, To spread wide, extend in breadth; to be far-separated; having wide intervals.

wāshirat, wāshira, A woman وأهرة whose profession is to thin and sharpen the teeth.

wāshiq, One who goes or passes وأهل ه by; name of a man; also of a dog; (for bāshiq) a sparrow-bawk.

ا هكأنتن , wā-shikāftan (followed by bai'),

To act as broker.

بده , wāshkarda, Made, formed, prepared, ready; quick, light, active, brisk.

اهکری،, wāsh-gūna, Inverse, upside down. washil, High (mountain), whence water trickles; one who receives a small portion, poor.

washim, Name of a river and town. A & washimat, washima. A woman

who tattoos another woman (mustaushimat being one who tattoos herself; both condemned by the hadis).

washing, A peace-officer; a watch-

man; chief of the watchmen.

wāsha, Darkness covering the fields towards break of day; (for and q.v. p. 147) a sparrow-hawk or merlin.

wāshī, A whisperer, slanderer, informer; a cheat, liar, deceiver.

wāṣib, Eternal, everlasting (pun-

ishment).

A أصاب wāṣib-an, Perpetually, continually.

مبة , wāṣihat, wāṣiba, Extensive (desert).

A wasif, A praiser; a describer.

a معنی, wāṣifī, Name of a poet, author of an ode which can be read in four different metres.

wāṣifān (P. pl. of A. wāṣif). De-

scribers.

wāṣil, One who joins, meets, or arrives; arrived, met; joined, connected, coupled; name of a man; wasil kardan, To cause to arrive, to join; -wasil gardidan, To reach, arrive at.

ماهات م wāṣilāt (pl. fem. of wāṣil), The total collected under every description (a

revenue-form in India).

wāṣil-bāgī, Collections and واصل باقي

balances.

مالما, wāṣilat, wāṣila, A woman who joins false hair to her own (cursed by the hadis or tradition).

wāṣī, An executor of a will.

م رائع م wāziḥat, wāziha, وائع م wāziḥat, wāziha, Evident, manifest, clear, apparent, undoubted; (adv.) clearly, evidently (m.c.); bright, resplendent; the morning star;hujjati wāziha, Evident proof, undeniable argument.

انحات, wāziḥāt, Evidences, incontrovertibilities, things clear as noon-day.

A deal, wazihat, The front-teeth which appear in laughing (see also elso above).

المع A مالي , wazi' One who puts, places, establishes; inventor, founder, author; (a woman) without a veil; -wāzi'u 'l-qānūn (nāmūs), A legislator.

wāziyat, wāziya, Ground covered والهية

with entangled herbage.

الحد م, watid, Firm, solid, steady.

wāti'at, وأطنَّهُ ▲ wāţi'a, Travellers. trampers; a beaten road.

A set, wā'id, One who promises; (a cloud) portending rain.

A saci, wā'idat, wā'ida, (Ground) promising a crop.

a راعدی, $w\tilde{a}'ide$, An appointed time,

wā'ir, Rough, rugged, uneven (place).

A hel, wā'iz, Preacher, exhorter, admo-

nisher.

wā'ī, fem. واعي wā'iyat, wā'iya, A guardian; retaining anything by memory attentive (ear).

A Jel, waghil, One who goes to a drinking-party uninvited; in P. also victuals ready dressed.

ا غلطيدن, wā-ghaltīdan, To tumble, wallow, roll.

راك wāf, A nightingale; a singer.

wāfid, An approacher, comer on a mission; an ambassador; one riding a noble steed; a camel preceding the troop.

A والدان wāfidān (du. of the preceding), The cheeks or their prominent parts which

stick out during mastication.

wāfira, fem. افرة , wāfirat, wāfira, Abundant, plentiful, exuberant, copious, luxuriant; much, many; rich, opulent, wealthy; ample, large (garment); name of a metre (mufa'alatun = - - - - six times repeated).

א פוער wāfir-an, Sufficiently, enough.

ا فروعتن wā-farokhtan, To sell, sell again. wāfiyat, wāfiyat, wāfiyat, wāfiya, Sincere, honourable, faithful to promises or engagements; complete, perfect, entire, full (weight), just (measure); plentiful, copious, numerous, many ;-altāfi wāfiya, Many favours; - sūratu 'l-wāfiyat, First chapter of the Qur'an.

wāq, A fabulous tree, blooming in the morning and withering at eventide, whose fruit resembles various animals which utter sounds; a frog; the croak of

a frog; a kind of bird.

wāqi'a, fem. اتع له, wāqi'at, wāqi'a, Falling; befalling, happening, arriving, occurring, appearing, intervening; real, true; a bird descending from the air; necessary; transitive (verb); -waqi'i hal, State of the case; -waqi shudan (kardan), To happen ;-ghair-wāqi', Untrue, false; a neuter verb.

اتعا", wāqi-'an, In reality, as a matter

of fact (m.c.).

wāqi'āt (pl. of the following), Accidents; occurrences; intelligence.

م اتعا م wāqi'at, wāqi'a, fem. of wāqi', Accident, misfortune; a grievous calamity; battle, encounter, conflict; death; the day of judgment; occurrence, news, intelligence; -wāqi'a shudan, To die.

a واتع نگار, wāqi'-nawīs, واتع نويس wāqi'nigar, A news-writer, an intelligencer.

a معنى ميدة, wāqi'a-dīda, A man of experience.

a باتعه طلب بي wāqi'a-talb, Rebellious, seditious, mutinous, treacherous, villainous.

a راتعي, wāqi'ī, Real, actual, true; right, proper, completely; truth; the essence, the soul, or foundation of anything.

a أنعية , wāqi'īyat, Reality; existence.

waqif, One who stands, stops, remains, or stays; informed, aware; knowng, sensible, intelligent, versed in, experienced, expert, skilful, learned; a testator, one who leaves anything by last will, especially for pious purposes; -waqifi hal yā kār, Experienced, intelligent; an expert, connoisseur; -wāqif shudan (gashtan), To know, understand; to be informed.

a رين کاري, wāqif-kārī, Experience, knowledge.

waqifiyat, Experience, know-

ledge, intelligence, information.

wāqwāq, A fabulous tree said to grow in some of the Indian islands, to the height of about a hundred cubits, having leaves like shields, of a sea-green colour, and fruit resembling a human head. When agitated by the wind it bends its branches to the ground, uttering the sound "waq waq," whence it is named.

wāqīyat, wāqīya, واقية م wāqīyat, wāqīya, A preserver, defender, guardian, protector; (a saddle) not galling a beast's back; name of a bird otherwise called surad.

wāk, Name of a water-fowl.

ا كاويدن , wā-kāwidan, To inquire, examine

א אוא, wākir, A bird entering her nest. איניט, wā-kardan, To seize, carry off, lay waste; to shut up close, to cover; to open; to remove, carry off; to pull up, extract, draw away;—judā wā-kardan, To separate, scatter.

a واكر wākiz, A striker.

wā-kushādan, To open. واكشادن

وا كشادة wā-kushāda, Open, plain; — wākushāda shud dar sukhan, He was freespoken, he spoke openly.

وا كشتن wā-kushtan, To kill in return. وا كشتن wā-kushūdan, To open (the head

of a jar or barrel).

ا كشيدن , wā-kashīdan, To puli back; to protract; to extract; to stretch or hold out; to stretch oneself on the ground, to

م اكظ م wākiz, One who beats off or drives

away.

wā-kafīdan, To break, to burst واكفيدن open (as ripe fruit).

وا كونتن wã-koftan (preceded by bā-ham),

To strike against one another.

vã-kofta shudan, To rub or واكوفته هدن

lie down at full length (m.c.).

cnt (as the feet of a horse).

اكريدن, wā-kawīdan, To examine or search (either in disputing or in digging for a thing).

ا گذار كردن , wā-guzār kardan (namūdan), To yield, to give way, to give over (m.c.).

ا كداهتن, wā-guzāshtan, To leave;—wā-guzāshtani kār ba-khudāy, Committing a business to God.

wa agar, And if, but if, however; wa agar na, Otherwise, if not.

را كردانيدن wā-gardānīdan, To invert; to turn back.

ו אנגעט, wā-gardīdan, To be inverted, reversed, turn the foreside backward; to

wa-giriftan, To take away, remove.

wa agarna, Otherwise, if not.

י אלאבט, wā-guftan, To repreach, revile. אלעניט wā-gumārīdan, To show the teeth in laughing, to smile, to grin.

wogūn, Railway-carriage (m.c. from

G. wagen through Fr. wagon).

راكير wā-gìr, Name of a wrestling-trick. وال wāl, A whale, large fish; name of a river.

A J', wa'l (v.n.), Flying to, taking re-

fuge; escaping; a place of refuge.

wālā, Exalted in dignity or in mind, eminent, respectable, high, sublime, majestic, grave; power; a friend; friendship; a kind of silken stuff.

א שון. wi-illā, If not, otherwise; but, yet, still, however, nevertheless, notwithstanding; unless;—wa-illā fa-lā, Otherwise not (m.c.).

الأجاة, wālā-jāh, Of elevated dignity.

wallad, Incrustation or plastering of a wall; its white or pictured superficies; a mud-building; a large brick for building; a wall of brick or stone; a row of stones in a structure; a foundation; an edifice; also the front or side of it; roof or covering of a house; the form or framework of a dome or cupoka.

wālādgar, One who lays rows of bricks or stones in a wall, a builder.

ين سقاة wālā-dīd, Of exalted views.

a بالا سرير wālā-sarīr, Of exalted throne, powerful (a king).

a من الله الله wālā-shān, Of elevated rank. a الله عن wālā-qadr, Of high dignity. والا تعدر الله عند

a بنائب wālū-manāqib, Of exalted virtues.

a منزلت الله, wālā-manzīlat, Of high station, sublime (applied to the Prophet).

والأسنش wālā-manish, Of exalted nature. والأس wālān, Fennel; a pack-saddle; brave.

all, wâlâna, A sore, a wound.

الألى wālā'i, Exaltation, greatness.

A wālij, Who or whatever enters.

A wālijat, wālija (fem. of the preceding), Grief siezing one; inward pain, gripes; an abscess; adversity, misfortune; afflicted, tried by misfortunes, troubled with toothache.

wa 'l-hāṣil, Upon the whole.

h M, wālid, A parent; a father; a mother; pregnant (sheep);—wālidi bihishtāshyānī, (His) father, whose nest is paradise, i.e. (his) deceased father.

ه والدان wālidān, obl. also used as nom.,

walidain, Parents.

الدَّمُ بِهُ الْمُعُ الْمُ الْمُعُ بِهُ الْمُعُ الْمُعُ الْمُعُ الْمُعُلِّمِ الْمُعُ الْمُعُلِّمِ الْمُعُلِمِ الْمُعُلِّمِ الْمُعْلِمِ الْمُعِلِمِ الْمُعْلِمِ الْمِعْلِمِ الْمُعْلِمِ الْمِعْلِمِ الْمُعْلِمِ الْمِعْلِمِ الْمُعْلِمِ الْمُعْلِمِ الْمُعْلِمِ الْمُعْلِمِ الْمُعْلِمِ الْمِعْلِمِ الْمُعْلِمِ الْمُعْلِمِ الْمُعْلِمِ الْمُعْلِمِ الْمُعْلِمِ الْمُعْلِمِ الْمُعْلِمِ الْمِعْلِمِ الْمُعْلِمِ الْمِعْلِمِ الْمِعْلِمِ الْمِعْلِمِ الْمِعْلِمِ الْمِعْلِمِ الْمِعْلِمِ الْمِعْلِمِ الْمِعْلِمِ الْمِعْلِمِ الْمُعْلِمِ الْمِعْلِمِ الْمِعْلِمِ الْمِعْلِمِ الْمِعْلِمِ الْمِعْلِمِ الْمِعْلِمِ الْمِ

A least, wa "d-du'a, Adieu! farewell!

wa 'z-zamān 'alaiya, And I will stand security.

م ين به wāli', A līar; teller of falsehoods. ه الغانه به wālghāna, ه بالغانه wālghāna, Rouge. م عنا به wa'llāh, And God; by God!—

wa'llāhū a'lam, God is most wise, God knows best (frequently used when quoting different statements without wishing to commit oneself to any of them);—wa'llāh-hi'l-mwafflqi'l-mw'in, By the favour and assistance of God (placed after the exordium or preface of a book, praying for divine aid in finishing the work).

estally walamidan, To pull back; to protract; to extract; to stretch or hold

out.

الوچائيدن wālūchānīdan, To mimic, to imitate the words and actions of another.

all, wala, A kind of silken cloth; cloth naturally white without bleaching; the false appearance of water on a sandy plain; lamentation; diligence in business.

A ding wallith, fem. Left, wallitat, wallita, Astonished, stupefied, confounded, dejected, dispirited, driven to despair, distracted with terror or grief, mad from love; an idiot; a lover;—wallit kardan, To bewilder, to put one beside oneself (m.c.).

n. ", wāli, A prince, governor of a province; one who exercises jurisdiction or authority, a chief magistrate; a friend, a near relation;—wālī'i sipihri panjum, The planet Mars;— wāliyāni qarmān, The

princes or governors of Carmania. اليسن سالم wake, Name of an intimate of

Alexander the Great.

راليكري wāligarī, Lordehip, authority.

borrowing; the dawn; (in comp. for fam) of the colour, form, or likeness;—wām khwāstan, To borrow, to beg a loan;—wām dādan, To lend, give credit;—wāmi zamīn, The atoms of earth of which the human body is composed;—wām guzārīdan, To pay a debt;—wām giriftan, To borrow.

ה, w'am (v.n. 3 of נוף), Consenting, agreeing; contending, vying with (in

beauty, &c.).

A bel g wa-ammā. As for.

citati, wā-māndagān (pl. of nāmānda), Tired; —wā-mindagāni bait, Those who remain at home.

بالنگی wāmāndagi. Openness, exposure. واماندی wāmāndan, To remain, lag behia!, especially from fatigue; to remain suspended in opinion, to hesitate, desist; to lie open, to be exposed.

ا مالدة , wa-manda, Fatigued and loitering

behind; open, exposed to view.

demands or exacts payment of a debt; importunate.

fully wam-dar, A dobtor; a creditor.

wāmirān, Swallow-wort.

of warm-satan, A debter; a credi-

A باست wāmiq, Enamoured; a lover; the lover of 'Azrā; technical term in the game of nard.

امی, wāmī, In debt; distressed, unfortunate.

ان wan, Like, equal; name of a city; (an affix denoting) a keeper, guardian, as:darwan, A porter, guard of a gate; -razwan, Keeper of a vineyard; -filwan, An elephant-keeper; —galawan, A shepherd, herdsman. (See ob p. 152.)

≜ פּוֹטָ wa-in, Although, not with standing.

wanj, A lentil.

الساز, wānsāz, الساز, wānsāza, A pair of compasses.

wān-sān, Of that sort or manner. الغستان , wā-nishastan, To sit down; to ait back.

الكونتن wānkūnitan, (in Zand and Pāzand) To take.

انگرستن wā-nigaristan, To look back; to

wa-in lam, And if not, although وأن لم not; wa-in lam yakun, Although he were

ا ندود , wā-namūd, He showed again, &c. ; declaration, confirmation, exposition.

vā-numūdan (namūdan), To show وا لعودن again, to produce a confirmation; to show

را نهادن, wā-nihādan, To fix; to put down the feet; to replace.

wānī, Torpid, languid, fatigued;

cowardly, base.

the واو ه wāw, The name of the letter ; the colour of water; a large cloud; according to others a camel stallion; -wāwi 'ātifa, The conjunction wa, and; -a't-taskakhud bi-wāwain, The attestation with the double waw, i.e. the Muhammadan declaration of faith in God and Muhammad.

ي ا بيالك , wā-wailāh, Alas! woe!

al, wah, Fy! pho! bravo! admirable!

a bl, wah, wah, wah-an, (an interjection of admiration) O! wonderful! excellent! (also an interjection of pain) oh! alas!

wā-hā (pl. of wa), Meats, dishes.

wāhib, A giver, a bestower; liberal, generous, munificent; -wāhibu 'l-āmāl, The granter of desires; -wāhibu 'l-ḥājāt, Bestower of Decessaries, i.e. God ;-wahibu 'l-wujud, Giver of existence; - wāhibi bi-minnat, Who giveth liberally and upbraideth not.

wā-hush āmadan, To recover والعش آمدن

ebriety.

vā-hushī āmada, Recovered وا هشي آسدة from intoxication.

wā-hilīdan, To dismiss, to send وا هليدن

away.

wā-ham (for bā-ham), Together with, in one; equally, in the same manner; backward; wrinkled, contracted; wrapped up, crooked; equipage, accoutrement; a badger, grey, or brock; wā-ham āmadan, To assemble together; to be spoiled; -waham jasta, Leaping backward; bent, curled.

م مها, wāhim, fem. همها, wāhimat, wāhima, Who thinks, imagines, or fancies;qūwati wāhima (or simply wāhima), Imagination, fancy.

▲ "wāhim-an, Erroneously.

a 🏎 y wāhima, Fear, awe, respect (see also A. above);—wahima kardan, To feel alarmed, to be frightened (m.c.).

a واهده پرستان wāhima-paraslān, Visionary, speculative (persons); suspicious, jea-

م اهن علم , wāhin, fem. معن , wāhinat, wāhina,

Weak, silly, feeble, enervated.

م الهي wāhi, fem. اهي wāhiyat, wāhiya, Weak, torn; easily dissolved or broken; without foundation in truth, false (m.c.); —muqaddamāti wāhiya, Wesk, ill-founded premises.

س سقيات م wāhiyāt, Absurdities, fiddle-

faddle, trifles, nonsense.

راي way, A well having a flight of steps down to the bottom; an interjection of pain or threatening; fy! away! woe to

you! alas!—wāy ba-wai, Woe be to him!

A _ way (v.n.), Promising, being surety for; a promise;—wa'a', The onager

or wild ass; colt of an ass, horse, &c. or inclination; necessary, wanted; open.

ا يانتن , wā-yāftan, To understand.

راياواي wāyāwāy, The uproar of combatants.

wáyij, A trellis, prop for a vine. , wa'ir, Timid, frightened. wa'ir, Timid, frightened. ايزك, wāyzak, A spark of fire.

wayist, Occasion, want.

ogl, waya, A part, portion, lot; cheerfulness, delight, pleasure, taste; the mind; occasion, want, wish, desire; need, necessity; construed with the verbs bardāshtan, dāshtan, rasīdan.

راية كير wāya-gīr, One who participates in pleasure; waut, wish, desire; clever,

learned.

ائى wā'i, Necessary.

wāyij, A trellis for training a viue. , wāyīdan, To be necessary, incun:bent; obligatory; necessity, obligation.

he plague (a country);—waba', waba', Plague, pestilence; cholera; any epidemic disease.

ر المر wabar, Name of a sandy desert in Arabia into which the country formerly inhabited by the tribe 'Ad is said to have been converted; the third of the winterdays called aiyāmi 'ajūz.

باراي wabārāy, The planet Venus (unsup-

ported by examples, but cf. رياراي).

a با رسيدگي wabā-rasīdagī, Visitation by plague.

a با رسيدة, wabā-rasīda, Visited by plague. باسلع, wabāsak, Yawning.

wabāl (v.n. of وبل), Being heavy

and unwholesome (air); an unhealthy climate or atmosphere, anything painful; heaviness; cholera; a crime, sin, fault; punishment; construed with the verbs awardan, būdan, dāshtan, &c.

healthy; unwholesomeness, insalubrity (of food, climate, &c.).

A &s., wabkhat, A reproof, reprimand.

on a mountain;—wabad, A hollow or furrow on a mountain;—wabad (v.n.), Being enraged at; being indisposed; leading a miserable, laborious, or starving life; badly off; a large family in narrow circumstances; shame, modesty; anger;—wabid, Hungry, famished; one who has a malignant eye.

a a cat; one of the five days called aiyāmi 'ajūz;—wabar (v.u.), Having much hair (a camel); the hair, wool, or flue of camels, goats, hares, or other animals of a soft kind;—ahlu 'l-wabar, The Nomades, or wild Arabs (as living in tents of hair, opp. to ahlu 'l-madar "dwelling in houses of clay");—wabir, fem. by wabirat, wabira, Hairy, furry (camel, hare, &c.).

بردك, wabardak, A riddle, enigma.

wabs, Resembling.

A wabsān, wubsān, The Arabian month otherwise called rabī'u 'l-ākhar.

A by wabt, wabat (v.n.), Being cowardly, timid, wavering, weak, undetermined; keeping back, restraining.

A to, wabgh (v.n.), Reproaching, treating opprobriously;—wabagh, Perishing; doing evil; sin, crime; foolish, stupid.

א פיט wabaq (v.n.), Perishing, dying.

closely; raining heavily; being heavy and unwholesome; a shower with large drops; —wubul (pl. of wabīl or wabīlat), Unwholesome (pastures).

wabalat, Heaviness of air or meat,

unwholesomeness,

איני wubūr (pl. of wabr), Auimals smaller than cats, dusky-coloured, without tails.

א יהעם wubūt (v.n. of cotal), Being weak (an opiniou), cowardly (the spirit).

opinion, committy (the spirity).

وبوق به wubūq (v.n. of وبوق), Perishing, dying.

wubūl (v.n. of روبل Being heavy), Being heavy

and unwholesome (the air).

A 4, wabh, Intelligence, prudence; magnificence, greatness, pomp, pride;—wabah (v.n.), Considering attentively, perceiving, understanding, minding, regarding, attending to.

A وبيص wabīṣ (v.n. of وبص), Flashing (lightning).

wabīsat, wabīṣa, Flame, fire. ويممة

ي بيل wabīl, fem. ويال wabīla, wabīla, wabīla, Unhealthy, unwholesowe; dangerous, hurt-

ful; heavy, severe, vehement (blow, thwack, or torment); a thick staff; a stick with which the gong nāqūs is beaten (see الأرض p. 1376); a beetle used by bleachers or washers of clothes; a bandle of rods; abīl 'alá wabīl, An aged man (leaning) on a staff.

A ala, wabilat, wabila, A club, bludgeou;

a bundle of rods, grass, or hay.

پاراي wapārāy, The planet Venus.

waprish, Colour. وبرط

wapas, Like, resembling.

رف wat, Fur, peltry; fur-garment; (for wat) a word.

A s, wala, Pus, matter; black viscous

mud.

رتر, witār (v.n. 3 of رزّر), Prosecuting or doing anything at intervals.

A ,5%; watā'ir (pl. of watīrat), Ways, tracks, or paths near mountains; modes, manners.

wath (v.u.), Making a small present;—wath, wath, Small in quantity,

low-priced; low, mean, miserly.

stake; watd (v.n.), Driving (a stake); a stake; watad, A stake or peg driven into the ground or into a wall; a tent-peg; the prominence within the eur; a tooth; (in prosody) a foot consisting of three consonants, of which two are moved by vowels, and one quiescent; watadi majmā', A foot consisting of two movable letters followed by one quiescent, as qabal; watadi mafrāq, A foot whose two movable letters are separated by the intervening quiescent one, as qabla.

A j, watr (v.u.), Prosecuting, terrifying, promoting evil, fomenting enmity, prompting to revenge; defrauding; offering special and voluntary prayers;—witr, Special, voluntary prayers repeated by the Muhammadans; the day on which the ceremonies of the pilgrimage are performed at mount Arafāt; one, single, alone;—watar, String of bow, harp, lute; the string by which a bow is hung up; the chord of an arc, diagonal of a rectangle, hypotenuse of a right-angled triangle.

A \$55, watarat, watara, The septum of the nose; also the edge of the nostril; the space between the tip of the nose and the mustachios; cartilage; the choicest part of anything;—watira, A way, path, mode,

manner.

watsh, Small, contemptible; the dregs of the people.

watak, A quail.

watkazh, A grape-stone or seed.

ريكر watgar, A furrier, maker of fur garments.

watin; watn (v.n.), Hurting the heart-vein watin; watun (pl. of watin), Veins by which the heart is suspended, heart-strings, watang, A bunch of grapes.

A رتون wutun (v.n. of رتون), Being perpetual, running continually (water).

• watīḥ, Small in quantity and low-

priced.

م بروة , watirat, watira, A way, path, track (especially near a mountain); mode, manner, custom, habit; negligence, remissness in one's work or duties; the partition between the nostrils; a white spot on the forehead of a horse; a ring employed as quintain to teach the use of a lance or spear;-'alá watīrat-in waḥidat-in, In one and the same manner; -muwaddat-watīra, Amicable, friendly (letter, &c.); - nekwatīra, Of good disposition.

▲ وكين watīn, The vein by which the

heart is suspended.

A باب wisāb (v.n. of بئر), Assaulting, assailing; leaping, springing, rushing (on another); -wisab, Seats; a throne; a bed, couch; mansions; [wisābu 'l-malā'ika, The mansions of angels, i.e. heaven;]-wassāb, A jumper, springer, caperer.

A ԱՄ, wasābat, wasāba, An assault, one

attack.

A مناجله wasājat (v.n. of وثبي), Being thick, dense; abundance of flesh, fleshiness.

waṣār, A soft carpet, pillow, or وثار ه

upper garment.

wasāq, wisāq, A ligature, chain, rope, or any fastening; -wisāq (v.n. 3 of رئی), Entering into a confederacy, stipulating, pledging one's faith; captivity; a camp; (pl. of wasiq) firm, solid, constant.

a نائي, wiṣāq, A house, lodge, hut, hovel; a chamber, lodgiugs;—wisāqi pīr-zan, The old woman's cottage which she refused to sell, when Noshirwan, king of Persia, would have bought it for the adjustment of one of his palaces.

م كانك, wasāqat, Firmness, fixedness.

ي مَّاكِل مِ waṣā'iq (pl. of waṣīqat), Trusts. م رئيس waṣō, وثبان waṣabān (v.n. of بناي), Assaulting, assailing, leaping, or springing (upon another).

wasabāt (pl. of the following),

Assaults, attacks, irruptions.

م کیک , wasbat, A spring, leap; boldness; nobleness; generosity; multitude; depar-

wosi, An animal with abundance of flesh; three thick points (as upon the

letter ♠).

- אָל, was: (v.n.), Softening by beating, treading upon; covering frequently, but in vain (a camel); made soft; an outer garment; short breeches; -wisr, A soft bed or carpet; a saddle-cloth; [wasr-un 'alá wiṣr-in, Coitus supra moliem lectum ;] -wasir, Made soft.
- A عُثَى, wasgh (v.n.), Breaking (the head); inducing a camel to suckle another's colt by the stratagem رئيفة q.v. below.

wasq, Confidence, trusting in.

wuṣqá (fem. of auṣaq), Very firm. wasal, A rope made of wasil (coir).

wasm (v.n.), Running; breaking, bruising, pounding, treading upon; collecting; -wasam (v.n.), Producing but little vegetation (ground); scarcity, paucity.

wasan, An idol.

a وكنى waṣanī, An idolater, pagan, hea-

م وثوب wusab (v.n. of وثوب Assaulting, assailing, leaping, jumping, springing, rushing on.

م وثوق wuṣūq (v.n.), Confiding in, trusting to; confidence, dependence, reliance; strength, firmness, steadfastness.

م وثيب wasīb (v.n of وثب , Assaulting, assailing, leaping, springing, rushing.

wasij, Thick, dense; firm-fleshed.

A موتر wasir, A soft bed; a saddle-cloth; an upper outer garment.

بَرُيْمُ wasighat, wasigha, A small quantity (of rain); a figure resembling a camel's colt, made of wool or cotton, and placed before her to make her give milk or suckle the young of another as her own (cf. the Scotch iulchan).

, wasiq, fem. وثيلة wasiqat, wasiqa, وثيل Firm, solid, strong, steady, constant; wasiqa, A letter, a bond, an obligation;hujjati wasiqa, A judicial decree;—'ahdi wasig, Firm covenant. (See also the following article.)

A وثيقة wasiqat (v.n. of رئى), Trusting to; being firm, steady, solid; firmness, solidity; confidence, faith; confederacy, compact, treaty, promise, engagement, writing, obligation, bond, written agreement.

wasīl, The fibres of the trunk of وتهل ه the palm-tree; a rope made of those fibres; coir; a staff or stick; name of a man.

waṣīm, Firm-fleshed. وثيم ▲

A & wajj, Galangale; the yoke upon the neck of a ploughing-ox; name of a valley in Tā'if.

A جاب wajāb (for ijāb), Ratifying a purchase, knocking (an article) down (to the necessary, making obligatory; (pl. of wajb) large bottles of goats' skins.

אבי, wajāḥ, A quantity of water just covering the bottom of a reservoir; -wajāh,

wujāh, wijāh, A veil, covering.

ي بحاذ م wijāz (pl. of wajz), Tarns, ponds.

مار م wajār, wijār, A den (of a hyena); a herd of hyenas; part of the banks of a river carried off by the water.

wijārish, (in Zand and Pazand)

Consumption, weakness, leanness.

ب wajāzat (v.n. of هجازه Being ready, short, brief, laconic; readiness; agility.

A وجاع wijā' (pl. of waja'), aches.

ماعى م wajā'á (pl. of waji'at), Pained,

afflicted (women); -wujā'á (pl. of waji'), Pained, afflicted (men).

م بازمال به wijāl (pl. of wajil), Timid.

A به wijāh (v.n. 3 of هم), Comparing one (thing) with another; presence, opposition, fronting, face to face; measure, quantity; -wajāhu alf-in, Amounting to a thousand; — wijāhak, Fronting, facing thee.

wijāh-an, Before, in presence of,

fronting, face to face.

wajāhat (v.n. of مراهله على المعارضة على المعارضة على المعارضة ال honourable and high in authority; presence, aspect, appearance; respect; position; dignity, authority; beauty, comeliness; -ba-wajāhat, Beautiful, handsome, comely (m.c.).

A wajb (v.n.), Palpitating (the heart); timid, pusillanimous; foolish.

kardan, To measure by the span, to span.

مبان, wajabān, Palpitation (of the

heart).

م ارجب wajbat (v.n. of جبا), Falling or stumbling with a great noise; the sound made thereby; eating or milking once a

wajd (v.n.), Being enraged at, taking occasion to quarrel with or chide (another); being melancholy, being transported, in an ecstasy of love; ecstasy, excessive love; [wajd kardan, To move about in an ecstasy;—āhangi wajd u samā', The harmony of love and music;]-wijd (v.n.), Having enough, being wealthy, opulent, rich; opulence; -wajd, wujd (v.n.), Discovering, procuring, finding, recovering (anything lost or searched for).

A وان بعدان of رجد), Recovering (anything lost), disco-

vering, finding.

س wijdat (v.n. of وجدة), Having enough, being rich; opulence, wealth.

مِدْ, wajz, A cavity in a mountain where water collects; a cistern, reservoir, pond, or trough; -wajiz, (A place) containing much water.

יין wajr (v.n.), Making (one) hear that which is disagreeable; a cavern in a mountain; -wajar (v.n.), Fearing, being afraid of ;—wajir, fem. *, wajirat, wajira. Timid, trembling; -wujur (pl. of wajār), Hyenas' dens.

ירע, wajar, The decree of a judge.

wajargar, A chief, interpreter of the law, a chief justice, mufti.

אבי, wajz (v.n.), Being ready, short, laconic; nimble, active; epitome, compendium; abridged, epitomised, brief.

a פון , wa juz an, Et cetera.

A wajs, A soft voice, a low sound (particularly the noise of a man with a girl when overheard by another); tremor, palpitation, terror (arising from any Bound).

A &-, waja' (v.n.), Being pained; disease, pain, ache; complaint, mourning; waja'u 'l-āzān, Ear-ache; —waja'u'l-asnān, Tooth-ache; - waja'u 'z-zahr, Back-ache, lumbago :-waja'i mafasil, A pain in the joints, rheumatism;] — waji', fem. 🛶 waji'at, waji'a, Full of pain, aching.

م waj'á (pl. of waji'), Pained.

A wajf (v.n.), Tottering, staggering, being in commotion, palpitating; a parti-

cular pace (of a horse or camel).

wajl (v.n.), Exceeding in terror and alarm; -wajal (v.n.), Being afraid or cautious (of another); fear, terror, appre-hension; wajil, fem. 11-, wajilat, wajila,

Timid, fearful, cowardly

wajm (v.n.), Being afflicted and silent; fixing the eyes upon the ground from pain, rage, or vexation; abhorring, detesting; -- wajam, Drowsiness, somnolency; a lofty cairn, said to be the work of the tribe of 'Ad; anything erected in the desert as a direction for travellers; wajim, Sad, grim; afflicted, silent, and fixing the eyes upon the ground.

A & wajāmat, Disgrace, ignominy,

ه وجن ه wajn (∀.n.), Beating (cloth, as a fuller or washer); contusion, blow.

م بعنات wajnāt, pl. of —

A لابع, wajnat, wijnat, wujnat, wajna, &c.,
The prominent part of the cheek; cheek.

, wajnak, The bill of a bird.

A רביף wujūb (v.n. of רביי), Being necessary; being firm, fixed, settled, confirmed (a sale); setting (as the sun); dying;

necessity, obligation, duty; debt.

A wj. wujubat (v.n. of ----), Being

timid, cowardly; timidity, cowardice.

A wujud (v.n. of 4-), Discovering, procuring, finding, recovering (anything lost or searched for); being found, existing, or beginning to exist; existence, substance, essence, body, person, individual; invention; (pl. of wijd) riches; (pl. of wajd) ecstasies; - wujūdi shumā ghanīmat ast, Your presence is an unexpected pleasure (lit. a booty, m.c.); -wwjūd na-darad, It does not exist (m.c.);—bā wujūd, Chiefly; notwithstanding; through, in consequence of; -sāhib-wujād, Existing; eminent.

a جود پدير هدن wujud-pazīr shudan, To come to light, to appear, be published or

produced.

a وجود ساز معادي wujūd-sāzi ma'ādin, (producing mines, i.e. precious stones) The

مرر , wajūr, A medicine (put in the

mouth).

א ניאן wujūz (v.n. of ניאן), Being ready. short, brief, laconic (in speech); readiness, promptitude.

being sultry (the day). A by, wujuh (pl. of wajh), Faces, aspects; chiefs (of a country, city, or society); phases; min kulli wujuh, In every shape,

entirely, every way.

A 44, wajh (v.n.), Smiting on the face; turning the face to; becoming more bonoured than another in the eyes of people; face; visage; aspect, countenance; effigy; presence, appearance, shape, semblance, aurface; the side (of anything); mode, manner, phase, reason, ratio, method, cause, means, way, plan; price; wages, salary, money; expenses, expenditure, disbursements; obligation, debt; honour, authority; veneration, respect; dignity, nobility, greatness, high rank; a prince, chief, leader; the aspect of a star; wajhi ahsan, A good manner; wajhi arz, Surface of the ground; -wajhi tasmiya, Cause of giving any particular name, etymology of words;—wajhi hāl, Mode of living, state of circumstances; -wajhi kirāya, Groundlodging - charges; — wajhi kafāf, Enough of provisions; - wajhi ma'ash, Maintenance, subsistence; — bar wajhi ijmal, By way of abridgement; -- bar wajhi ta'jīl, Hastily, expeditiously; — ba-wojhi shar'i, In a legal manner; ba-hech wajh, In no way, by no means, not at all (m.c.); - dar wajhi mashruh, In the manner (above) explained; — 'ilmi wajh, Physio-gnomy; — 'alá wajh, According to the mode; - 'alá wajhi 't-tafṣīl, lu detail, circumstantially;—fī wajhi ajmal, In an excel-lent method;—li-wajhi 'llāh, For God's sake;]-wijh, wujh, A side;-wojah, A little water;-wajuh, Respectable, dignified.

م بها wajhā, Allowance, pension, salary; -wajh-an, Apparently, seemingly; [uajhan mina'l-wujuh, In one way or other; (with negative) in no shape, by no means;]wujahā' (pl. of wajīh), Princes, chiefs.

wijhat, Side, part; direction of

prayer (qibla); mode, manner.

wajá (v.n.), Having a worn hoof (a horse);—wajī, (A horse) worn in the hoof.

wajīb (v.n. of جمع), Palpitating.

, wajībat, wajība, Pension, stipend, daily allowance.

wajīḥ, Thick, stoutly-woven وجيح ه (cloth).

A jes, wajīz, Brief, short, laconic; epitomized ;--kalāmi wajīz, A short, pithy dis-

waji', fem. waji'at, waji'a, Painful; pained; patient.

a dang waji'a, Pain.

wajim, Sultry, intensely hot (day).

A wajin, Hard, rugged ground; side or slope of a mountain; bank of a river.

A &co, wajih, fem. &co, wajihat, wajiha, Of a noble presence, respectable and diguified (man); bandsome, comely; specious; a prince, chief; beads worn as preservatives against fascination (also Last, wajthat, wajiha).

wachar, Decree of a judge; a prophet. پورو پر wachargar, A judge; a prophet.

A to wahh. Name of a poor man; - afgar min wahh, Poorer than Wahh (proverbial saying).

A sle, wuhād, Ones, units; - wuhād-a,

One by one.

A قامل , waḥādat, A being unequalled,

ه ماك wihaf (pl. of wahfat), Black stones

a مال, waḥāl (probably for auḥāl, pl. of wahl), Thin mud.

wiḥām, waḥām (v.n. of رحم), Longing (as a pregnant woman); being difficult and untractable (a pregnant animal); the longing of a pregnant woman for any particular food.

waḥd (v.n.), Being single, alone, or incomparable; sole, alone, separate; solitary; (a person) of an unknown tribe or family; solitude; ['alá wahdi-hi, Separately, alone, by himself;]-wahad, wahid, Sole, alone, separate; unique, incomparable.

א פברוט wuhdan (pl. of wahid), Ones, single (numbers or things); pre-eminent.

a مدائي waḥdānī, Referring to the one God.

wahdaniyat, Unity, singularity; belief in the unity of God; unity (attribute of God).

په ايم wahdat (v.n. of عدي), Being single, alone, solitary; unity (especially of God); solitariness, solitude; — wahidat, wahida (fem. of wahid), Alone, single (woman).

a مدت عانه waḥdat-khāna, Abode of a recluse, cell of a hermit.

a saa, wahda (for wahdat), Unity; --wahdah (for wahda-hu), By himself, single,

א פיין wahr, Indignation, concealed batred; -wahar (v.n.), Boiling with rage, fostering hatred and rancour; — wakar, noun of unity wakarat, wakara, A small venomous reptile, of a red colour, which poisons meat or anything it touches.

مش , waḥsh, A wild beast, a fierce, shy, untamed animal; game; wild, savage; desert, desolate; hungry, starved; -wahshi ismit. A desert, solitude.

A مشان, wahshan, Sad, melancholy;—

wuhshan (pl. of wahsh), Wild, untamed animals.

wahshat, A desert, solitude, or dreary place; waste, desert, comfortless, gloomy (country); wildness, fierceness; fear, dread, terror, horror; sadness, solitariness, dreariness; grief, care; construed with the verbs burdan, khwurdan, dādan, dāshtan, kardan, kashīdan, giriftan, &c.;—wahshat kardan, To be alarmed (m.c.);—nafrat u wahshat, Fear and horror.

waḥshat-āmez, Unpleasant. a وحشت أحير waḥshat-angez, Frightful.

a معناله wahshat-nāk, Frightful, dreary. a بمائلة, fem. يمشى, wahshīyat, wahshīyat, wahshīyat, Wild (man or beast); fierce, savage, untractable, uncivil; shy, timid, mild; untamed.

مشية wahshīyat, Wildness, savageness. a رحشي سرهم wahshī-sirisht, Of fierce or savage disposition.

a رحثى هكار wahshi-shikar, A hunter of wild beasts.

a مثين مراي waḥshī-ṭabi'at, ومثني طبيعت waḥshī-mizāj, Savage; misanthropic, shy, unsociable.

a معلى نگاه , waḥshī-nigāh, Savage-looking, of a fierce aspect.

a مشى نهاد wahehī-nihād, Of savage na-ture or disposition.

a وحشى وضع waḥshī-wazʻ, Shy, untamed,

wahf, wahaf, Much and beautiful (black hair); plentiful, luxuriant (herbage); abundant (wealth).

A day wahfat, wahfa, A black stone.

رمل ه wahl (v.n.), Rolling (one) in the mire; mud;—wahal (v.n.), Falling in the mire; black adhesive clay, mud, mire.

wahm (v.n.), Going towards, aiming at, making for;—waham, wahm (v.n.), Longing (as a pregnant woman); the longing of a woman with child; also the particular thing longed for.

waḥmá, Longing (pregnant wo-

man).

A the wahwāh, the wahwah. Nimble, agile, quick, active (man);—wahwah, A sort of bird.

A رحد wuhūd, وحوده wuhūdat (v.n. of رحد),
Being sole, unique, incomparable.

روش wuhūsh (pl. of wahsh), Wild beasts;—wuhūshi biyābān, The wild beasts of the desert; savages; satyrs.

ارجله wuhūfat (v.n. of مرجله), Being long and luxuriant (herbage or black hair).

wuhūl (pl. of wahal), Thin clays. مولي wahy (v.n.), Indicating; suggesting; revealing; writing; revelation, anything (divine) suggested, inspired, or revealed (by vision or otherwise); a book, writing, epistle (especially of a sacred character); a sound; [wahyi rabbānī, Divine revelation (that especially which Muham-

mad professed to have received by the angel Gabriel);—wahyi qalb, The (divine) inspiration of the heart;—amīnu 'l-waḥy, (entrusted with the revelation) The angel Gabriel;—kātibu 'l-waḥy (writer, i.e. collector, of the revelation), The caliph 'Umar;]—waḥā, A sound, noise; a great prince; a king, monarch;—waḥīy, waḥī, Quick, swift, nimble; sudden (death);—wuḥīy, wuḥī (pl. of waḥy), Things revealed, revelations.

a ليا مي waḥy-āsā, Like inspiration, as if inspired.

ي بعيد waḥīd, fem. وعيد waḥīda, waḥīda, Alone, unique, single, singular; sole, separated;—waḥīdi dahr ('aṣr), Phœnix of the age.

wahidat-an, Only, singly.

wahīm, Hot, sultry (day).

t, wukh, wakh, wakh wukh (wakh) jan, An exclamation of pleasure.

wakhām, An unbealthy country, one whose regetation is unwholesome;—wikhām (pl. of wakhm), Heavy, disagreeable men; (pl. of wakhim, wakhūm, wakhūm) heavy, hurtful (meats); oppressed with indigestion.

nakhāmat (v.n. of رخم), Having an indigestion, or the stomach overloaded (with meat); being heavy and indigestible (meat); indigestion; discord, disagreement; hurtfulness, noxiousness, badness, injury, harm, evil.

, wakhchi, A date-stone.

بند, wakhd, والمنا, wakhadān (v.n. of منا,), Throwing out the feet in the manner of an ostrich (a camel); taking wide and quick steps; that mode of walking.

رخر wa<u>kh</u>ar, A place.

wakhsh, A beginning, commencement; name of a city;—wakhash, A disease in the feet of asses, which makes them lame.

wakhsh, (A person or thing) of the worst kind; the dregs of the people.

wakhshat, The fourth, according to others the fifth, of the five embolismal days formerly added to the Persian year.

, wakhshūr, wukhshūr, A prophet, an

apostle (especially Muhammad).

عشور بدم بعشور پدم wakhshūr-band, مشور بده wakhshūr-pand, مشور نهاد wakhshūr-nihād, Any law established by divine authority.

رخشی wakhshī, A garment of fine texture.

wakhshīrak, Khurāsān worm-wood.

ر بعشين wakhshina, A white bird which appears in gardens in the spring; anything white; break of day.

wakh: (v.n.), Piercing (with a spear), but not penetrating mortally; (hoariness) coming (upon one).

Ale, wakht (v.n.), Mixing, sprinkling (anyone) with a few white hairs (hoariness); going quick; piercing or wounding

منه منه wakhf (v.n.), Striking marshmallows until they become viscous.

مر بعم wakhm (v.n.), Suffering from indigestion; heavy and disagreeable (man);wakhm, wakhim, Troubled with indigestion; beavy and unwholesome (meat).

a wakhma, Bad unwholesome food.

t, t, wakh wakh, wukh wukh, Particles of exclamation, indicative of pleasure or surprise.

wakhūm, A heavy, disagreeable man; troubled with indigestion; an unhealthy country; -wukhum, A suffering from indigestion.

wukhūmat (v.n. of وعم wukhūmat (v.n. of an indigestion, or the stomach overloaded with meat; being heavy and indigestible (meat); indigestion.

wakhy (v.n.), Intending, tending, going, or proceeding; — wakhy, wakhá, Aim, design, resolve; a journey; a travel-ler, a courier; the right way; any road by which one goes.

. wakhiz, Pierced, wounded وعيض م

ميمة , wakhīfat, Marshmsllows beaten till they have become viscous.

. wa<u>kh</u>īm, fem. معمم wa<u>kh</u>īmat, wa khima, Heavy, unwholesome, noxious, burtful, disastrous, injurious; a heavy, disagreeable man; pained with indigestion; wakhim u shūm, Noxious and unhealthy.

ب wad, Wise, intelligent, learned; warm, hot.

م وه wadd (v.n.), Loving, liking; a lover, friend; love, friendship; (for watd) name of a mountain ;-widd (v.n.), Love, friendship, benevolence; -wudd (v.n.), Love, friendship; a lover, a friend; name of an Arabian idol.

A clo, widāj, The jugular vein in a borse.

A sis, wadād, wadādat, Love, friendship: -wadad u iltihad, Love and concord; shamamtu rūķi wadādi wa shimtu bar wisal, I have inhaled the breath of love and spied the flash (that announces the enjoyment) of union.

wadā', widā', Adieu, farewell ; any وداع benediction pronounced on taking leave, parting; -widā' guftan, To bid farewell; -al-widā', Farewell! adieu!; -majlisi widā',

Audience for taking leave.

a مناع نامة ينام vidā'-nāma, Farewell letters. a ماعي widā'ī, Valedictory. وداع , wadāgh, Fire.

widāq (v.n.), Wanting the male .(.v.) ودق ≈)

A ن ای widān (v.n. of ن), Moistening, steeping, soaking; paying great attention to (a bride).

A عام, wadā'i' (pl. of wadī'), Agreements, covenants; (pl. of wadī'at) deposits.

A 53, wadj (v.n.), Bleeding (a horse) in the neck; adjusting any difference; -- wadoj, The jugular vein of a horse, where it is generally bled; cause, occasion, means.

A نوامى wadajān (du. of wadaj), The two jugular veins; two brothers, peers, equals.

A to, wadh, Name of a drug, otherwise called zūfá tar (cf. رونی p. 629) ;—wadaḥ, A ram who does not cover the female.

was, wadkhin, A long-necked animal, having teeth, but no eyes, which is said to be fond of living in salt and dirty water.

A olso, wudada' (pl. of wadid), Friends, lovers.

ستان, wadarastān, ولعمان, wadarshitān,

.q.v. below ورستان =

A ردس wads (v.n.), Being hid, concealed; concealing; going away, departing; the first herbage covering the ground.

a رس wads (v.n.), Telling or talking in

an indistinct, low, muttering voice.

A ευ, wad' (v.n.), Placing, depositing; leaving at liberty, permitting, allowing one to do what he pleases; bidding adieu, taking leave; abandoning; -wada' (pl. of wada'at), Shells, conche veneris.

A soo, wada'at, wada'a, A small white shell (hung round the necks of children and cattle as a defence against fascination).

مال ودل wadf (v.n.), Melting, falling in drops (fat); pouring in drops; giving

wadq (v.n.), Dropping, distilling ودق (as the heavens), falling (rain); approaching, drawing near; finding repose; being loose and purging (the belly); rain, especially incessant; face, aspect, side; [zātu wadqain, A misfortune attacking a man from two quarters;]-wadaq, ودنان wadaqān (v.n. of دى,), Wanting the male.

wadak (v.n.), Being fat, corpulent ودك (man); the melted fat of meat, dripping; name of the mother of Zahhāk; -wadik,

Fat (meat).

A ودن wadn (v.n.), Moistening, steeping, soaking; paying great attention (to a spouse), making (her) comfortable; bringing forth a puny boy.

روت wadūt, Anger, rage (unsupported

by examples).

ماري wadūd, Loving, friendly, affectionate; beloved; -wadūd u walūd, Affectionate and prolific (wife); -al-maliku 'lwadud, The loving king, i.e. God.

wadūq, Libidinous (mare or ass);

-wudūq (v.n. of بدي), Approaching, drawing near; being possible, feasible; raining.

مروب wadūk, A fat cock or hen.

vady (v.n. of ودى م wady (v.n. of ودى م or a compensation for manslaughter; preparing to stale or cover (a horse); [wady andākhtan, To unsheath or draw (as a stallion);]-wadá, Death, destruction, murder;—wadīy, wadī, A young palm-tree or shoct.

▲ فين wadīyat, wadīya, Ore young palmtree or shoot.

▲ બાગ wadīd, A lover or friend.

پنج هم *wadī'*, Quiet, placid, obedient, mild, meek, tame; well-broke, manageable

(horse); an agreement, covenant.

A deposit, trust, whatever is committed to another's charge; rain (as the deposit of the clouds); subjects (as committed to the charge of the king); -wadī ati hayāt sipurdan, To resign one's life, to die.

م ديك wadif, Hastening; walking with

swing, strutting,

wadīq, (A mare or ass) wanting

مريك , wadik, A fat cock or hen.

A (13) waz' (v.n.), Accusing, reproaching, treating opprobriously; checking, chiding; being dim (the eye); a disagreeable speech.

wizām, Tripes with the intestines. ودام ▲ A كَاتَل , wazā'il (pl. of wazīlat), Pieces of

polished silver; mirrors, looking-glasses. א ענולא wazā'im (pl. of wazīmat), Offer-

ngs, especially of cattle sacrificed at

م وقع wazh (v.n.), Collecting and driving (cattle); wazah (v.n.), Having filth and sweat adhering to the fleece (a sheep); sweat or grease adhering to the wool of heep.

ملحة wazahat, wazaha, A little sweat and dung adhering to a sheep's groin and

tail; somewhat, a little.

ولار م wazr (v.n. of رادر), Letting go, letting, allowing; abandoning. p. كر See)

A ዺይ, wazyat, Pain, disease; defect, blemish; —mā bi-hi wazyat, He is faultless.

ي ريمة wazīmat, An offering, especially of cattle, sacrificed at the temple of Mecca; the cattle so offered.

y, war, A board upon which boys are taught to write; heat; (for wa agar) and if; (for bar) on, upon; the breast, chest; added to nouns, and then, to avoid an accumulation of consonants, frequently pronounced ur, it implies possession, as:—peshawar, An artificer, one possessing art; -ranjur (for ranjwar), Sick, pained, grieved; -sumjur, Houseless poor; -muzdur, A hireling, &c.

below, where, وركوش , ورساز See also) like the A. ماهب, it is prefixed to the governed noun.)

what is before; the latter part; after, behind; beyond; besides, except; -warā'i parda, Behind the curtain;—warā'i jaiḥūn, Transoxania;—dar warā'i parda'i khafā Behind the veil of secrecy; — dar warā'i zahri ahbab, Behind friends' backs;-mā wara'u 'n-nahar, The country beyond the river, i.e. Transoxania, Tartary, or Turan beyond the Oxus;—min warā'i, From behind, on the hinder part.

مراتا پر wirāgat (v.n. of ورث , Receiving by inheritance, inheriting; heritage, heredi-

tary right.

م الله على wirād (pl. of ward), Roses; rosy; -warrād, A gardener; one who waters cattle; -wurrād (pl. of wārid), Those who water cattle.

A قراره warādat (v.n. of رزد Being of &

bay colour (a horse).

a 3,11, warā-rod, Behind or beyond the river, Transoxania, Turkistān.

راز, wurāz, warrāz, A large hog; a boar.

a عن برا زرد و warā-zod, = ورا زرد q.v. above. ورا زرد warāstād, One's lot, portion from providence; allowance of meat and clothing.

وراستادن, war-istādan (for bar-istādan),

To rise up or stand.

م الله wirāt (v.n. of اوركا Gathering together scattered camels, in order to be numbered by the tithing man; separating those which are in a body; (pl. of wartat) precipices, places of danger; whirlpools; also-

A Al, wiratat, Fraud, deceit.

براع A وراع warā', فراع warā'at (v.n. of عراع A Being timid, terrified; being cautious; being moderate, pious, modest, temperate, continent; -- warrā', Moderate, temperate; pious, devout.

נוא, warāgh, Glow, light, flame of fire.

رائی, warāq, The surface of the ground verdant with herbage; -wiraq, The season when trees come into leaf; (pl. of warq) stamped moneys; — warraq, A writer, copyist, transcriber; a cutter of paper; full of leaves.

wirāqat, The profession of a copyist or transcriber; the art of cutting out

مراك, wirāk, A cushion placed on the fore part of a camel's saddle and doubled under; the part of a camel-saddle on which the rider rests his foot.

رام, warām, Any deficiency of weight or measure for which a deduction is made; light and easy; name of a city in Persia.

עליקן warambar, On that or the other

مرانية به waraniyat, The backside.

A برائم warāyā, The creatures of God.

- مين بين warāyi past u baland,
The invisible world (lit. beyond low and high).

ه رالله wara'id (pl. of warid), Jugular

veing.

warb, The den of a wild beast; the mouth of the hole of a field-mouse or scorpion; the space between the index and thumb; an interpolation; -wirb, Industry, skill, ingenuity, art, cunning; — warab (v.n.), Being corrupt and degenerate (stock) ;—warib, Corrupt.

ور بعد war-band, The poitrel of a horse.

אוא אין אין אין אין war-posha, A אין אין אין war-posha, A woman's mantle or veil.

ري wart, wurt, Naked ;--war-at (for wartū or war tū-rā), If thou, thee, to thee.

رن wartā, (in Zand and Pāzand) A rose. ورتائ wartāj, Great; mallows; the nenuphar; or a water-plant which turns its leaves always towards the sun; a fireworshipper; a worshipper of the sun; a

ر تالتى wār-tāftan (for bar-tāftan), To

kick, tread on; to bend.

رتع, wartaj, A quail. رتيع wartij, A quail; threshold, sill.

wartasidan, To sit, to sit down.

مره wars, Anything recent or fresh; -wirs (v.n.), Receiving by inheritance, succeeding as heir.

م (pl. of wāris), warasat, warasa

Heirs; -wargat, warga, A heritage.

warj, An area round a house;—warj, wirj (S. varchas), Greatness, largeness; grandeur, pomp; worth, value; office, dignity, charge, rank; step, degree; hard; a digging, rooting up; -wiraj, Galangale.

warjastagī, A pustulous eruption.

رجى, warjī, Name of a street (m.c. from B.?).

هجن, warchi (for wa agarchi), Although. the warkh, Name of a herb used in diseases of the eye.

A to, warakh, Softness, thinness of leaven

(from too much water).

war-khāstan (for bar-khāstan), To rise, stand up.

رخج , warakhch, Impure, filthy, hideous, abominable, unsightly.

رخچى, warakhchī, Foulness, ugliness. رخش warkhash, Beginning of a work: name of a city in the district of Balkh.

נו ביניט war-khwurdan (for bar-khwur-

dan), To see; meet, find.

ענא ward, A rose; a flower; leaf of a flower, petal; any flowering tree or shrub; rosy; a roan-coloured horse; a tawny lion; name of one of the seven horses which Muhammad is said to have possessed; [wardu 'l-abyaz, White rose; narcissus; -wardi chini, Rose of Jericho, or dog-rose; -wardi difiá, Rododaphne-rose; -wardi muză'af, The hundred-leaf rose;abu 'l-ward (father of the rose), Penis;]wird, Continual motion or employment, incessant labour, daily use, practice; a task; approach, access (to water); watering cattle; also the time and place of watering; a body of men or cattle at a watering-place; thirsty; a halting-place, stage; a section of the Qur'an; rosy; a fever, the day on which it begins; [wirdi zabān, Speaking perpetually, a fluency of speech; -wird, wurd, A tree; a legion, detachment, army; -wurd (pl. of ward), Roses; rose - coloured; roan - coloured (horses).

3, wird, A disciple, pupil, apprentice.

ور داهتی war-dāshtan (for bar-dāshtan), To exalt.

ردان wardān, A rolling-pin; an apartment open in front; -wirdan, A wart; (pl. of wird) pupils, apprentices.

نام, wardāna, A rolling-pin; an axle-

ردة م wardat, One rose; a single flower; (fem. of ward) rosy, roseate; -wurdat, Rose-colour; dun-colour.

ردك , wardak, Paraphernalia of a bride, what a woman brings to her husband's house.

ట్కు wardana, A. rolling-pin; an axle-

وردوك warduk, The effects of a bride ;-also وردوكة wardūka, A thatched house or

warda, A pigeon living among rocks; a pigeon-house, especially a turret; a stick with which pigeons are forced to take wing (on their flight being often laid great wagers).

a روي wardī, fem. ورديه wardīyat, wardīya, Rosy; -wardiyatu 'sh-shamim, The odour of ottar of roses, of a rosy smell.

رديج wardij, A quail.

)), warz, Gain, profit, acquisition; custom, habit; trade, art, craft; art of tanning; growing corn; a sown field; agriculture; a field having a raised border round it; minced meat; the river Oxus; Transoxania; (in comp.) gaining, acquiring; learning; accustomed to, conversant with; sowing; -ab-warz, A swimmer; ikhlās-warzān, Persons accustomed to sincerity.

ورزار, warzāv (contraction of warz-gāv), A

ploughing-ox.

ورزيدي warzad, He sows, &c. (see ورزيد below).

رزروی, warzrod, The Oxus; Turkistan. warzish, Custom, habit, exercise, use, study, labour, exertion; gain; abstinence, sobriety.

wcrzish-khāna, A place for ath-

letic exercise, a gymnasium.

ررز كار warz-kār, A farmer, ploughman. رركي), warzkun, A flagon of water (doubtful; cf. ورزگن below).

ورز كاو warz-gāv, An ox for ploughing. ינ, warzgar, Workman; farmer, plough-

warzagan, A pitcher full of water.

ענים warazm, Fire.

ינו warrand, They sow, &c. (see פונגב) שויים warrand, They sow, &c. below).

warza, Acquiring, accomplishing; agriculture; art, trade, profession; a cultivator.

رزي warzī, A tiller of the land, labourer; tillage; work, trade, exercise;salāh-warzī, Exercise of arms.

ورابدي warzidan, To sow a field; to accustom oneself, to acquire and cultivate a habit; to boast, glory; to labour, endeavour, study; to acquire, gain; to be a faithful observer of religious duties; to blow; to ply; to exercise, perform, practise; -inhiraf warridan, To decline, avoid, turn away; to swerve, deviate, deflect; to rebel, to revolt;—taghāful warzīdan, To be negligent, inattentive; —sukūnat warrīdan, To take up one's residence; —kīna warrīdan, To cherish hatred.

נוגעה, warzida, Sown; assiduous, industrious, laborious; very experienced; anything which has been very much handled, and thereby become smooth (as leather).

)), warazh, Galangale, or sweet cane.

ررس wars, waras, A blacksmith's or farrier's twitch; a bit of wood put through a camel's nose; rope-fetters; a thread;wure, The wild cypress.

ورس ه ware, Saffron; a plant resembling sesame, peculiar to Arabia Felix, of which a wash for the face is made; —waras (v.n.), Being covered with a green smooth moss (a rock in water).

ورس wirs, A verst = 3,500 feet (m.c.

from R.).

warsā, A starling or stare. warsākhīdan, To lick.

رساز, warsāz, Ingenious, clever, acute; graceful, neat, elegant; a performer on a musical instrument; name of a place and of a country.

رسايل warsāyil, Versailles (m.c.). warastād, A stipend, a pension.

warastān, waristān, The disciples

or followers of a prophet or saint.
(i), The principal Arab foot-soldiers in a king's household (in the dialect of Gilan).

رسي warsan, Fetters; a rope, a cord. warsang, Strange, wonderful, curious; respectable, worthy of consideration; esteem, honour, reverence, respect a makeweight.

ورحي warsij, Ceiling, roof; floor; threshold.

ورش war-ash (wa agar o-rā), And if him or to him, and if his, according to context.

مرض , warsh, A dish made with milk; name of a Qur'an-reader.

a روم warash, A turtle-dove, woodpigeon.

warashād, A stipend, pension.

_ wirshān, pl. of ورهان م

warashān, A turtle-dove, woodpigeon.

warashtād, Stipendium. ورختاد

رهتن warashtan, To wash.

warehak, A bit of cloth, or little bag in which medicine and drugs are put.

warshakast, A bankrupt;--warshikast shudan, To become a bankrupt

ورهكستكى warshikastagī. Bankruptcy (m.c.).

warashnān, The disciples or followers of any prophet.

رهيم warshīm, Sort; division, part. section.

م الله wartat, warta, A precipice, labyrinth; any danger or difficulty in which one is embarrassed; a whirlpool; destruction, ruin ;-warta'i halakat, The gulf of perdition; a fatal precipice. رواوري wartūrī, Name of a mountain-

plant with many medicinal qualities; wild

A ε, war', wara' (v.n.), Being timid, cautious; refraining from anything doubtful (in religious points), being scrupulous and apprehensive of doing wrong; being modest, pious, chaste, and temperate;wur', wuru' (v.n.), Being small, slender, and weak; -wara', Timidity, cowardice; abstinence from anything doubtful; the fear of God; temperance, chastity; -wari, Timid, scrupulous; one who fears God; cautious, chaste; small, slender, weak,

A فرزع war'at, wur'at (v.n. of ورع Being timid, cautious, continent; modesty, chas-

tity.

E,, wargh, warigh, A mound, a dam, or weir for confining water; a ditch; a weasel; light, splendour; -wurugh, Darkness, obscurity; agitation, mental distress, chagrin.

رِعَارِة , warghā, قرطارة , warghāra, An indolent

swelling.

warghast, Name of a plant resembling spinach growing on the banks of rivers.

warghasht, Clear, open; a sort of herb.

, war<u>gh</u>alānīdagī ورغلانيدگی Incitement, instigation; seduction.

ب علانيدن, war-ghalānīdan, To seduce, invite, debauch; to join; to desire; to prevail.

ورهن warahan, An indolent swelling; any

round protuberance on the body.

a راك warf (v.n), Being broad, long, and extensive (a shadow); being fresh and verdant (a plant).

ورفان warrafan, An intercessor, me-

diator.

warq (v.n.), Stripping (a tree) of its leaves; coming into leaf (a tree); warq, wirq, wurq, waraq, wariq, Coin, stamped money; -wurq, Years without rain; -waraq, A leaf of a tree or of paper; paper cut out into any shape; a playingcard; the parchment with which the body of a rebeck is covered; blood dropping from a wound, making a round or leafy figure on the ground; young men in the bloom of youth or prime of life; wealth in money or camels; [waraq az sar wākardan, To turn over the cards, to see which have been played; -waraqi āftāb, The cheek of a mistress; a playing-card with the image of the sun on it; -waraqu 't-tūt, Mulberry-leaf; — waraqu 'l-khiyāl, Name of an intoxicating drug (Cannabia sativus); -waraqi bad, The tongue; -waraq bar-gardanīdan, = waraq gardānīdan below; -waraqi chize khwandan, To describe a thing; -waraq dar-nawishtan (rāndan, tai kardan), To run over the leaves, to peruse; (met.) to wander through, to travel over ;-waraq darīdan, To tear the page; (met.) to abandon, to relinquish, to leave; -waraq siyāh kardan, To fill a page with writing; — waraq gardānīdan, To change (love for hatred, or the contrary); to turn over a new leaf; -waraq gashtan (bar-gashtan), Passive of the preceding;waraqi nā-niwishta khwāndan, To know hidden or mysterious things; - waraq waraq gashtan, To consider well, to read attentively; -- ba-waraq burdan, To make a clean copy;]-wariq, Leafy; vile, avaricious, low, sordid.

مرقام پر warqā', Brown, tawny, duskycoloured (she-wolf or pigeon); a she-wolf;

a female pigeon.

م الله waraqat, waraqa, One leaf; a letter, billet, schedule, paper; -waraqa'i widād. Friendly letters; - hāmili waraga, The bearer of these presents.

a ورق داغ waraq-dāgh, The number of a

a روى زير نكين waraqi zīri nigīn, waraqzīr-nigin, The foil of a precious stone.

a ررق سنج waraq-sanj, An attentive reader,

a careful peruser.

a رق داغی waraq-daghi, Written paper.

a ری نیل, waraq-nīl, A plant, of which women make a decoction for dyeing the eyebrows black.

warqa, Name of the lover of Gulshāh.

a ورقى waraqe, A single leaf.

wark (v.n.), Placing (anything) ورك ▲ near the haunch or hip; resting, reclining on one's haunch; -wark, wirk, warik, The hip or haunch-bone; buttocks, haunches.

warak, A thorn used for heating ovens; -warik, A falcon; a pigeon.

(Doubtful.)

وركا warkā (for warkāk?), A falcon; (A.

q.v. above) a kind of pigeon.

A مركام warkā' (fem. of aurak), Largehipped (woman); name of Abraham's birth-place.

warkār, Busy, occupied; every kind of fruit not produced from a tree, as melons, cucumbers, gourds, &c.; vulva.

وركاك , warkāk, A rapacious bird of the kite species (in Arabic called surad).

ركاكوج , warkākūj, ركاكوج , wārkālūj, A broken finger.

a ركانة, warkāna, Large-hipped (woman). وركتا , warkatā, (in Zand and Pāzand) A

ور كردن war-kardan (for bar-kardan), To extol, exalt, raise high; to pull up, tear out, extirpate; to throw away; to prop, support; to burn, set fire to.

ور كردة war-karda, Kindled, set on fire. warkak, A falcon which eats car-

rion.

warko, وركوة , warkoh, Name of a city in

Irāq.

ريكا wargā, A black grain growing iu corn. wargār, Fruits produced twice a year. رگاه, wargāh, A kind of hawk; a ditch, pool, or marsh; a stove in a bath.

, war-gashtan (for bar-gashtan), To

subvert; to be ruined.

ور کو war-go (for bar-go), Speak thou; name of a city.

wargosh, وركوهي , wargoshi, An ear-

35, wargah, A beam, joist, rafter. waral, An animal of the lizard ورل م kind, with a broad head, a rough skin of a reddish yellow, swift of foot, with envenomed teeth, and a sting-tail.

ورلاس warlās, Name of the body of the

planet Mercury.

a ورل ماهى waral-māhī, A newt, eft, asker. ورل ماهى warling zadan, To flee (unsupported, but cf. bar lang zadan under الك p. 1129).

ry waram (for wa agar man or ma-ra),

And if I, me, to me, &c.

waram (v.n.), Swelling, becoming inflate (the skin); being angry, enraged, being distended with rage (the nose); a tumour, swelling, imposthume; (in P.) an inflammation.

ورمال کردن ,warmāl zadan ورمال کردن warmāl

kardan, To run away in terror.

ور ماله war-mālīdan (for bar-mālīdan), To tuck up the skirt and sleeves of one's garment; to flee; to do anything shameful, and run away.

warmāndagī, Colic from indiges-

tion or repletion.

warman, (in Zand and Pazand) He.

""", warmā, wurnā (for barnā), A youth;
good, fair; a turtle-dove, blue-coloured
pigeon; wheat.

ورناس wurnās, Careless, indolent, sense-

less.

ورناكي wirnāk, Name of a fountain in Kashmīr.

עני טא war-nām, A surname;—war-nām nihādan, To surname.

war-nāma, Superscription of a letter.

رفان warnān, warranān, Useful, advantageous; a mediator. (See ربان) of which it is probably a misreading.)

A din warnat, Name of the month Zu 'l-

qa'dah.

وراج waranj, Greedy, gluttonous, avaricious.

of gold or of silver worn by women on their wrists and ankles; a bracelet or anklet.

waranja, Name of a famous general in the army of the Russians.

ω, warand, A spider and its web.

روندار warandāz, Sketching or doing anything roughly; taking the measure of garments.

رو نفستن war-nishastan (for bar-nishastan), To mount on horseback, or in a carriage; to embark on board ship.

رنگ , warang, A patch; a darning.

ور لم تهادي war nam nihādan, To kill one, and bury him in the ground, growing flowers over the grave (so that it should not be discovered); (met.) to disappear.

warnush, Name of the soul of the

lunar globe.

& ,, war na (for wa agar na), And if not, otherwise.

ינולו, warwār, אווי warwāra, A royal seat or throne; an open gallery or balcony on

a house-top.

A wurūd (v.n. of), Arriving, being present, appearing, entering, descending, alighting, approaching (to drink); attacking (as a fever); approach, entrance, descent, arrival; a watering; (pl. of warīd) the jugular veins on each side of the neck.

ورد wurūdat (v.n. of ورد , Being bay-

coloured (a horse).

, wirwir, wirauwir, 🛶 ورور wirwir puf,

Muttering magic incantations.

warwara, Pontic mouse; squirrel, ورش wurush (v.n. of رئي), Taking, devouring (food); being greedy; going uninvited to a feast.

A ξ₂₂, warū', wurū' (v.n. of ξ₂₂), Being timid, terrified, cautious, especially in doubtful points, fearing to do anything unlawful or sinful; being moderate, pious, modest, temperate, continent;—wurū' (v.n. of ξ₂₂), Being weak, small, slender.

En; wurogh, Eructation; darkness, ob-

scurity; trouble.

A \$\mathcal{G}_{20}\$ wurūk (v.n. of \$\mathcal{G}_{20}\$), Lying on the side, the hip touching the ground; striking on the hip; remaining, staying, dwelling; turning the hip (warak) when going to dismount.

A by warah (v.n.), Being foolish, stupid; being bewildered with fear; awkwardness, a want of skill; folly, stupidity; insolence.

warham, Harsh words.

ער מא שליטן war ham nihādan, = נר נא above (doubtful).

warhin, ورهين , warhin, Hard bread ; bread baked of wheat and barley.

wary (v.n.), Corrupting, eating away (the inside of the body); emitting sparks of fire (the stick zand); being kindled (a fire); being plentiful and thick (marrow) in a bone; being fat; pus, corrupted matter in the body; a large ulcer full of, or ruuning with, matter;—wará, Men, mortals;—warīy, warī, A stick (zand) which emits sparks;—wurīy (v.n.), Emitting sparks of fire (the stick zand).

y, waryā, A large iron hammer.

-2, warīb, Anything preponderating, as he load on one side of a horse, part of

the load on one side of a horse; part of anything, especially prominent or projecting;—wurib, wirīb, Crooked, curved.

A مربع waryat, warya, Tinder; touchwood.

A warid, The jugular vein on either side of the neck (also called hablu 'lwarid).

رريز wirīz, A particular gum; cassia.

A by, warizat, wariza, A vein reaching from the stomach to the liver.

A ريس warīs, Dyed with the plant wars. ريستاد warīstād, A foot, footstep.

ه بريخ, warī', fem. warī'at, warī'a, Abstinent, abstemious, chaste.

eountry of Rum.

A ورياب warif (v.n. of ورث), Being long, broad, and widely extended (a shadow); being fresh and green (a plant); a quick pace.

مريق ه wariq, fem. وريق wariqat, wariqat,

Leafy.

A se,, wuraiyi'at, wuraiyi'a (dim. of wara'), A little before or behind; a little beyond.

j, waz (for wa az), Again; from hence.

A j, wazz, A goose.

A b); wizārat, wazārat, The dignity of vizier, minister, or privy counsellor, vizierate, premiership; — wizārati 'uzmā, The office of prime minister or grand vizier.

a فارتخانه wizārat-khāna, Ministry ;—wizārat-khāna sharqiya, Ministry for Eastern affairs (in Russia, m.c.).

a ساب wizārat ma'āb, Vizier.

A Elj, wizāgh (pl. of wazaghat), Lizards; frogs.

وزان wazān, Blowing (wind); — bādi wasān-āsā, Like a violent wind.

A ωίς, wizān, Opposite, over against; wazzān, One who weighs, a weigher.

A مَانَةُ wazānat, Prudence, sagacity.

A)), wazr, wizr (v.n.), Bearing (a burden), supporting, sustaining; committing a crime, sinning;—wizr, A burden, load, supporting, sustaining; anything heavy or oppressive; weight, heaviness; a crime, sin, fault; a bundle of clothes, arms, &c.; -wazar, A mountain or any place of refuge, an asylum; a fortification.

wuzarā' (pl. of wazīr), Viziers, privy counsellors, ministers of state; -wu-zarā'i 'izāmi zawī 'l-iḥtirām wa wukalā'i fi<u>kh</u>āmi 'ālī-makām, Illustrious viziers endowed with honour, and magnificent vicegerents of exalted dignity (titles given to ministers of state).

wazrānitan, (in Zand and Pāzand) وزرانتن

To go.

wuzurg (for buzurg), Great, large. wazish, The blowing of the wind.

A E, waz' (v.n.), Restraining, checking, prohibiting; bringing (soldiers) together, allowing the front to mix with the rear.

A de, waza'at, waza'a (pl. of wāzi'), Governors, prefects; captains, generals; guards, those whose duty it is to keep people off, and to prevent confusion.

a & wazagh, A species of lizard, which lives upon scorpions and is poisonous; a ohameleon (= إنتاب برست q.v. p. 79);--wazaghi ābī (or simply wazagh), A frog; -wazagh dar ästin därad, He has a frog in his sleeve (said of a vile fellow).

_ wizghān, pl. of وزهاي م

A hij, wazaghat, wazagha, A kind of lizard; a frog.

wazghasht, Name of a herb.

a رزى wazaq. A frog; galangale, sweet cane; -wazaq dar āstīn, A vile fellow (cf. wazagh dar āstīn dārad under £,); -wazag dar zamin kardan, To practise sorcery; to make mischief in the world, to raise sedi-

wazak, A frog; a lizard; a towel; a particular tree which bears no fruit, of which it is said that, if a man drinks some of the expressed juice of its leaves after swallowing a leech, the animal will immediately be thrown up again.

روم woam (v.n. of وزم Eating only once a day; quantity.

wazma, Winter.

اوسة باد, wazma-bad, A wind which begins to blow about the end of winter.

الله عن wazn (v.n.), Weighing exactly weighing out (to anyone) money, telling (it) by just weight; examining; making (verses) according to just measure; weight, measure; a large measure of dates hardly to be lifted from the ground; metre, poetic measure; reputation, esteem, honour; examination; proper mode, just proportion; name of a star which rises before Canopus;—wazn bar <u>kh</u>wesh guzāshtan, To fancy oneself great, to make much of oneself; - wazn dashtan, To weigh (intr.).

wazan, One who goes friskingly, briskly, cheerfully

which bows are made.

A & j, waznat, wazna, A weight; a small balance; a powder-flask (m.c.); - wiznat, A certain mode of weighing; a measure or weight.

a بزندار, wazn-dār, (Money) of just weight. a فنك بنكون wazn-sang, Authority, power,

gravity (of demeanour).

نك, wazang, A little bit of cloth, patch.

a Nij wazna, see Nij above.

a وزند جي wazna-jī, اله دار wazna-dār, A weigher, one who examines the justness of weight (m.c.).

a زراي waznī, Heavy, weighty. A نرواي wazwāz, Volatile, light, inconstant (man); nimble, active.

A وزرع wazū' (v.n.), Restraining, checking, prohibiting; exciting, urging; inspiring.

A Oj) wuzun (pl. of warn), Large measures of dates.

وريدن wazīdan (S. vah, Z. vas), To blow as the wind; to grow (as herbage or hair). زيدنگان wazīdan-gāh, Airy site, windy place.

wazer, Turmeric.

wazīr, A vizier, counsellor of state, minister, vicegerent, or lieutenant of a king (as bearing the weight of government); a helper, assistant; a porter;wazīri a'zam, The grand vizier, prime-minister, — wazīri amūri khārija, Minister of Foreign Affairs (m.c.); - wazīri baḥrī, Minister of Marine or Naval Affairs (m.c.); — wazīri tijārat u falāķat, Minister of Commerce and Agriculture (m.c.); -wazīri jang, Minister of War (m.c.); -wazīri chap, An officer of government; -wazīri dākhila, Home Secretary (m.c.) ;-wazīri dāri 'l-khilāfa, Governor of the Capital (in Persia, m.c.); wasīri dar-bar, Court Marshal; Lord Chamberlain; Minister of the Palace (mm.cc.); wazīri duwuli khārija, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs ; wazīri 'adlīya, President of the Privy Council (m.c.); -wazīri 'ulūm, Minister of Public Instruction (m.c.); -wazīri fawā'id, Minister of Public Works (m.c.);—wazīri māliya, Minister of Finances (m.c.); -wazīri mukhtār, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipoten-

tiary.

a (الاور), wazīrī, The office of minister of state, vizierate, viziership, premiership; a kind of fig; surname of an Indian poet; —wazīrī namūdan, To discharge the office of vizier.

م ريك wazīf (v.n. of وزيف), Making haste,

travelling fast; a quick pace.

wasīm, Meat dried, bruised, and eaten with anything fat (especially flesh of crocodiles and locusts); a bunch of pot-herbs; corpulent, fleshy, firm-bodied (man).

A & wazīmat, wazīma, A bundle of pot-

herbs.

A رزين wazīn, Weighty, ponderous; an accurate weigher; [wazīnu'r-rāy, Prudent, sagacious;]—wazzīn, A goose.

3, wazh, Anger, indignation, rage; malice, malignity; the herb galangale.

ti, wazhkh, Galangale, sweet cane; a span.

زدة, wazhda, Anything poured out.

ω, wazhan, Density, grossness.

washang, A fringe, edging; a little piece of cloth, patch;—wushang, A thin kind of bark of a liver-colour bound round that end of an arrow to which the point is made fast; fringe, edge, ornament sewed to the border of a garment; a patch.

رل = q.v. above (probably

misreading).

روليس wazhnīn, Watery camel's milk.

J₁; wuzhūl, Taste and relish of savoury food or soup; broth, soup; the shin-bone of a sheep, ankle-bone; noise, uproar, tumult; violence; climate, country.

wuzhūlanda, One who excites to mutiny or rebellion; a promoter of war

and discord.

ير المدى wuzhūlīdan, To entice, instigate, seduce; to excite, to promote quarrels and disputes; to quench thirst; to blow (as the wind).

wazhūh, Dropping of rain from eaves.

š;, wazha, A span.

ريدن , wazhīdan, To measure with a span. ومن was (for شرب q.v. p. 184), Enough, sufficient; much; how.

مادة wisād, پسادة wisādat, wisāda, A cushion, pillow, couch, or day-bed; a throne.

م ملك , wasāṭat, Mediation, arbitration; medium; mediocrity in point of quality.

with long steps; — wisā' (pl. of wasī'), Wide, roomy, ample, spacious (places); — wasā', Wide-stepping (camel).

wasā'at (v.n.), Going with a wide step, or with a cubit's space between each;

being of a generous creed.

wisāq (pl. of wāsiq), (Camels) in foal.

رصم wasām, وسامة wasāmat (v.u. of رحم), Being beautiful, handsome, elegant wisām, A mark with which cattle are branded; (pl. of wasīm, wasīmat) Handsome-faced (men or women).

wasāwis (pl. of waswasat), Suggestions (especially evil ones); temptations;—wasāwisi shaitān, The temptations

of the devil.

A وسالك wasā'id (pl. of wisād), Cushions, pillows.

A bij wasā'it (pl. of wasītat), Means, intermediate links.

رساکل ه wasā'il (pl. of wasīlat), Causes,

A ----, wasb (v.n.), Being grassy, abounding in herbage (ground);—wisb, Plants, herbs growing in abundance;—wasab (v.n.), Being dirty and filthy; dirt, filth.

wasta, Fire; a commentary on the Zand or the book of Zoroaster; praising,

glorifying God.

ستازند wastāzand, A title of the Zand. وستان wastān, Sleeping on the back; one

who sleeps on his back.

رست مالى, wast-fālī, Westphalia (m.c.).

wastrak, wastark, wastrang, wastrang, The red button of a rose, which remains after the leaves have dropped off; marshmallows.

, wastī, Translation, explanation.

مَّنِ wasa<u>kh</u> (v.n.), Being dirty (a garment); dirt, nastiness; ear-wax; [wasa-khu 'l-kawārīr, Bees-wax;]—wasikh, Dirty, nastv.

a سخناك, wasakhnāk, Dirty, filthy.

שנים wusud (pl. of wisād), Pillows, cushions.

wussad (for ..., q.v. p. 186), Coral.

A by wast (v.n.), Sitting amongst many
people; penetrating into the middle of a
crowd; [wasta'l-qaum, In the midst of the
people;]—wasat (pl. bland) ausat), Middle,
centre; the waist; centrical; just, equitable; magnificent, opulent;—dar wasat, In

the middle or centre of; amongst (m.c.).

A بسطيل wustā, Middle (finger); middling, neither long nor short (speech); the middle one of the five daily prayers appointed by

م وسع s', wis', wus', Power, ability; opportunity, ease, conveniency of doing; opulence; capacity, capability of holding; eloquence;— hattá 'l-was', To the utmost.

a deserge was at, Latitude, amplitude, spaciousness, space; convenience, opportunity,

ease, leisure.

the Muhammadan law.

a معت کده wus'at-kada, وسعت کده wus'at-yāh, A spacious and pleasant place.

wisfād, Much, many.

wasq (v.n.), Gathering together, heaping up, collecting, driving; taking up a load; conceiving, becoming pregnant, having the matrix closed;—wasq, wisq,

wasaq (?), A load of corn weighing 60 şā'; a camel-load; a freight.

ملك, wask, wusk (v.n.), Hastening;

haste, hurry.

waskarda, wiskarda, Active, expert, industrious; one who does anything speed-

ily; powerful, strong.

wasm (v.n.), Marking with a hot iron, branding (man or beast); describing, delineating; excelling in beauty; the mark left by a hot iron; sign, mark, brand; a spring-rain (see e below); a name; -wasm dādan, To brand, mark.

wusamā' (pl. of wasīm), Hand-

some, comely, beautiful.

wasmat, wasma, Leaves of woad or indigo-plant; also their juice; indigo, with which the skin or cloth is dyed.

a وسمه پوش wasma-posh, Dressed in clothes stained or dyed with wasma.

a رسمه دار wasma-dar, Stained with wasma.

a وسمى wasmī, Spring rain; spring-

رس wasan, Dirty, filthy; filth, defilement.

wasan (v.n.), Slumbering, beginning وسن to sleep; fainting from the putrid exhalation of a well; slumber, sleep; drowsiness; a nap, snooze; need, want; -wasin, fem, رسنه wasinat, wasina, Drowsy; indisposed from the noisome exhalation of a well.

wasnā, سناد , wasnād, Many; full, abundant.

Masnān, Sleepy, slumbering, وسنان م dozing.

مننة wasnat, wasanat, Sleep; slumber, drowsiness.

wasang, Name of a plant or herb وسنگ growing in rocky places and fragrant as a

wasnī, wusnī, Two women married وسنى to one husband; a rival wife.

wusu, Leaning upon, supporting one-self; the circumference of the mouth.

A رسواس waswās, Anything suggested to the mind; an evil inspiration; doubt, suspense; a low voice or sound (of hunters or dogs); the rattling of a necklace, jingle of earrings, or anything similar; the rustling of silk; the noise of a tree moved by the wind; [al-waswas, Satan, the tempter;] — wiswäs (v.n. of وسوس), Suggesting, hinting (one's own thoughts or the devil); a diabolical suggestion, black inspiration; temptation of the devil.

a وسواسي waswāsī, Doubtful, distracting;

apprehensive; melancholy, morbid.

A وسوس waswasat, waswasa (v.n. of وسوس), Inspiring, suggesting (one's own mind or Satan); a suggestion; instinct; fear, anxiety; conscience; temptation; construed with burdan, bastan, kardan, &c.

a jisi سوسة waswasa-andas, One who injects evil suggestions; suggestive of evil.

wasut. A kind of hair-tent; a shecamel which fills the pail with one milking; wusat (v.n. of), Entering the middle, going between.

א פייפּנּג wusūq (pl. of wasaq), Camels' loads.

א פייפס wusūm (pl. of wasm), Marks burnt upon the skin, brands.

سه, wasa, Power; wood; a stick, staff.

wasij (v.n.), Travelling with a certain quick pace (a camel); a hasty step or pace.

a سيط wasit, Middle; a mediator, arbiter, umpire; highest in rank, dignity, or kind; (for wasit) name of a city between Kufah and Basrah.

م رسيع م wasī', Ample, wide. roomy, capacious, extensive; an excellent, fast-going, long-stepping horse; name of a river.

ميل م wasīl, pl. of, and = to-A سيلة, wasīlat, wasīla, Propinquity, affinity; cause, means, occasion, conjuncture; whatever conciliates the favour of a prince or other person, as a present, or merit; dignity, royal favour, patronage; a favourable opportunity; an excuse, pretext, pretence; - ba-wasila, Through, by the intervention.

a سيله دار wasīla-dār, A client, dependant. a وسيلة دارى wasīladārī, Clientage.

wasimat, wasima, وسيم wasimat, wasima, Beautiful, handsome, elegant, comely; distinguished by a scar or mark upon the body; a mark.

wash, Good, excellent, choice, beautiful, fair; the end of a turban-sash hanging loose; a rich kind of satin; name of a city in Turkistan; a particle of similitude added to nouns, as: ghunchawash, Like a rose-bud; —qamarwash, Moon-like.

washā', Opulence, wealth; (pl. of

washy) certain kinds of stuffs.

م الله wushāt, in P. وهات , Coiners of gold; (pl. of wāshī) spies, whisperers.

A ماج wishāḥ, wushāḥ, A belt or girdle of leather adorned with jewels, worn by ladies round their waists; a string of pearls, and one of other jewels, plaited together; a baldrick.

wishādan, (in Zand and Pāzand)

To open.

wishāq, Good news, or any present رهاي made on that account; a single garment, without lining or quilting; a lynx or ounce; an approved slave; a pious son; an attendant on a mendicant; a female slave or servant; [wishāqāni (P. pl.) chaman, Rosebushes; young plants, shoots, suckers;] wushāq, A lad, a boy.

a الملع wishāk (v.n. 3 of ماك , Going

fast; quickness, expedition.

wiehām (pl. of washm), Tattoo-

ings; marks of tattooing.

washānī, Gold, three-tenths of which is alloy, formerly coined in Khura-

▲ wishāyāt, pl. of-

wishāyat (v.n. of وهي), Playing the spy, whispering, informing against, accusing; calumuy, slander.

washā'iḥ (pl. of wishāḥ, wushāḥ), Belts of leather adorned with jewels and worn by ladies; baldricks.

washā'iz (pl. of washīzat), Bits of solid bone; refuse, useless remainders.

مائع, washā'i' (pl. of washī'at), Reeds round which weavers roll their threads.

رهت , washt, Goodness; good, beautiful; whistling, smacking, or making any noise with the lips contracted; the confines or marches of an enemy's country; the galling of horses' backs; dancing; a dancer. washtā, Alive; life.

washtamunitan, (in Zand and Pazand) To eat and drink.

يمتن, washtan, To dance; a dance, especially a kind of circular motion peculiar to the eastern monks or dervishes.

معتى, washtī, Beauty, goodness; Esther. رهتيدي washtidan, To dance;—wushtidan, To make a sound with the lips (when watering horses).

washi (v.n.), Becoming mixed together (as the roots or branches of trees); being complex, existing in various ways (relationship); — wushj (from P. wushk), The gum of the plant badran.

wushḥ, wushuḥ (pl. of wishāḥ), Belts or girdles of leather adorned with jewels, worn by the ladies round their

washr (v.n.), Sawing; sharpening (her) teeth (a woman);—wushur, Sharpness or thinness of teeth; teeth of a scythe or sickle.

washrak, A piece of cloth in which drugs and medicines are wrapped up.

washaz, Any high place, a height, eminence.

washz (v.n.), Breaking a piece off a bone; making firm (an axe) by putting a piece of wood between the iron and handle.

مع, wash' (v.n.), Mixing a medicine to be swallowed or snuffed up; growing up, shooting (green grass from the roots of dry grass); going up, climbing (a mountain) ;-wushu', A spider's web.

washgh, Small and moderate وهغ ه (thing).

, washfang, Purslain.

washq (v.n.), Cutting (parboiled meat) into oblong slices; -washaq, A foxlike animal found in Turkistan, from

whose skin fur-garments are made; -wushshaq. Gum-ammoniac.

a بهتدار washaq-dār, وهقدار washaqā, A leader of horses of state, without riders.

a رهى نيغة washaq-nīfa, The belly-skin of the fox of Turkistan.

A washk, wushk (v.n.), Being expeditious (business); proceeding rapidly; despatch (of business), celerity, expedition.

wushk, Gum of the plant وهلك q.v. p. 162.

wushk-dāna, Juniper-berries.

washkardan, To labour diligeutly,

work well, be industrious; to die.

رهکرده washkarda, wushkirda, One trusted; business committed to trustworthy people; experienced, expert, skilful; swift; of bright or acute parts; quick at work; wealthy, having the thoughts centred in riches; a petition; an assembly, congregation; residence in any place; -wishkarda, Active, enterprising; strong, power-

washkardīdan, وهكرديدن washkardī dan, To execute with expedition.

wishkal, A ram.

هكلم, washkila, A grape-stone separated from the fruit.

مكليدن, washkulīdan, To show dexterity.

دكية, washkana, The penis.

wishkūl, washkūl, wushkūl, Active, expert, dexterous; activity, dexterity, expertness.

وشكوليدن washkūlīdan, T_0 execute promptly, skilfully, and well.

مكله, washgala, = ملكم, q.v. above.

washl (v.n.), Flowing, running, dropping slowly (water); -washal, A small quantity of water, especially running or dropping from a height; a few drops of tears; much water; many tears; reverence, awe, fear; name of a mountain in Tihamah,

A سلام washalān (v.n. of رهل), Flowing, running, or dropping slowly (water); being weak, poor, and needy; supplicating.

washm, Fog, mist, haze; -- wushm, A quail

washm (v.n.), Pricking figures on the hands and other parts of the body with a needle, and rubbing the punctures with woad, or indigo, which leaves an indelible impression, tattooing; tattooed figures on the body; a sign, mark; a picture, likeness, portrait.

a مُعمِّ washmat, washma, One drop of

rain; one word.

رهمك, washmak, A leather shoe; a treadle.

wushm-gir, (quail-catcher) Name of a certain king.

washmamūnitan, (in Zand) To

washn, Name of a reputed prophet:—

washan, Stained, painted, bedaubed; stain, pollution.

أوهنه أب wishnab (for وهنه أب Cherrywine.

washnād, Plenteous, abundant; a heap or abundance of anything.

washnān, wishnān, wushnān, The

herb or ashes of alkali; barilla.

washang, An iron instrument for extracting the seeds from cotton; a heap of cucumbers or melons.

رهنگه, washnaga, washanga, Penis.

رهنه washna, Neighing of horses;—wishna, A cherry.

بة منه, wishna-āb, Cherry-water.

a رهنه لعابي wishna-lu'ābī, Cherry-jam.

washni, Red, rouge used as a cosmetic.

A رهواش washwāsh, Slender, light, nimble, active (man, camel, or ostrich).

موهه په wushwashat, washwasha (v.n. of مهرش), Alacrity, levity, activity.

a وهوهي washwashī, Active (in the arm).

אב, washū', בי, washūgh, A medicine either swallowed or snuffed up.

رهوى, washuq, A kind of sewing, embroidery.

a معرل washūl, Milch (she-camel);—wushūl (v.n. of معلى), Being weak and needy (a man); weakness; poverty.

אנק א wushum (pl. of washm), Figures

tattooed on the hand or body.

a موري washawī, Signed, marked, stamped, printed (stuff).

wusha, Gum-ammoniac, assafœtida; a sort of medicine.

washy (v.n.), Painting, printing, staining, dyeing (cloth or stuff); lying, colouring a story with falsehoods; reporting to the king, informing against; the colour or painting of a garment; embroidery.

a رهم washī, washshī, Ruddiness, redness; a kind of silken stuff manufactured at Wash (see مثر above).

washyān, Compensation, reward.

washīj, Intermixture of relationship; a tree of which spears are made, the ash.

مديط م washiz, A mixed assembly; people of different tribes; servants, followers; stupid, dull; harsh-tempered.

washizat, washiza, A mob, rabble.

washi, washi, A course of palm-leaves, or anything similar, laid on the top joists of a house; a hedge of thorns or of other trees round gardens; a tree withered and fallen down; the embroidered border of a garment.

م ميعة washī'at, washī'a, The reed around which weavers roll their threads; a clew; wool, or anything wound up into clews or hanks.

washiqa, وهيان م washiqat, washiqa,

Meat parboiled and dried, or cut into strips and dried; a rasher.

washina, A cuirass.

رهيه washya, A jest, a joke.

A رماب wiṣāb (pl. of waṣib), Sick, indisposed, ailing.

A قام , waṣat, in P. ومات, A command, charge, will, testament; counsel, advice, exhortation.

or who praises; one who describes ably, or who praises; one who writes a medical prescription; name of a celebrated historian.

م وصالع , waṣāfat (v.n. of وصالع), Being of a proper age for a servant; serving; attendance, readiness, activity in serving.

waṣṣāfi, Related to Wassaf.

رمل wisāl (v.n. 3 of رمل), Being united in friendship, society, or confederacy; doing (anything) without interruption; meeting, interview, conjunction, arrival, attainment, fruition, enjoyment of any desired object; collection; death.

a alle, wassala, A stripe patched to the

lower edge of a tent-flap.

م رصالی waṣṣālī, The re-binding of an old book; patching up of a garment.

waṣāwiṣ (pl. of waṣwāṣ), Small

veils worn by girls.

א מיש, waṣāyā (pl. of waṣīyat), Precepts, commandments; testaments, wills;—waṣā-yā'u 'llah, The commandments of God; the decalogue;—waṣāyāyi ḥasana, Excellent admonitions; the words of a last will.

waṣāyat, Whatever is ordered; a commandment, mandate, testament; counsel, advice;—wuṣāyat, wiṣāyat, The office of administrator.

مانک , waṣā'if (pl. of waṣīfat), Girls fit for service.

م وماثل م waṣā'il (pl. of waṣīlat), Camels which, having borne ten colts, are exempted from all further labour; striped stuffs of Yaman.

A ---, wash. The space between the forefinger and ring-finger;—wasab (v.n.), Being sick; disease, indisposition;—wasib, Sick.

wuṣud (pl. cf waṣīd), Thresholds.

A برو wiṣr, b, waṣarrat, waṣarra, A compact, a contract; the title-deeds of an estate; a writing or sentence signed by a judge; a voucher.

مع, was' (v.n.), The chirping of a sparrow or of the young ones;—wasa', waş-'at, was'a, A certain bird smaller than a

sparrow.

wasf (v.n.), Describing, declaring, rehearsing; writing a medical prescription, prescribing; praising; description, narrative, expression of qualities; praise, encomium; attribute, epithet, quality, property; a medical prescription; merit, virtue, worth;—wasfi tarkīb, A compound

participle; the adjective of a compound noun; -- wash mazmūm, A blameable quality; -- ismi wasf, An adjective; -- ba-wasf āmadan, To be described; to be describable (m.c.).

wuṣafā' (pl. of waṣīf), Lads fit

for service.

wasl (v.n.), Joining together, coupling, fastening; giving; being united in friendship, society, or confederacy; repairing, mending (a garment); meeting, union; conjunction, attachment, enjoyment of the society of friends; whatever joins or couples; a seam, joint, joining, articulation, joint of bones; [wasl būdan, To communicate with one another (apartments), to be contiguous; — alifu 'l-wasl, The alif of union, the sign waslah (-); -harfu 'l-waşl, The letter which follows the rawī or principal consonant of the rhyme; -- rabī'u 'l-wasl, The season of fruition, i.e. autumn;—lailatu 'l-wasl, The last night of the moon (the conjunction of the old with the new);]—wusal (pl. of wuslat), Hinges, joints, knuckles, seams.

waslat (v.n. of رصل مالم , Arriving ; - wuslat, Conjunction; communion of friends; conjugal union; a link or bond of union; a hinge, joint, knuckle, seam; wuşlat dādan, To arrive, to join; to termi-

nate in.

a ملم wasla (for ماه fasla), Segment,

a وملى waṣlī, A piece of wood, pasteboard, slate, or parchment, on which children learn to write; -wasliy, wasli, Copulative, conjunctive; an era computed from the death of Muhammad.

waşm (v.n.), Breaking (without separation of parts), bruising; cleaving (wood); scorning, upbraiding, reproaching, accusing; a rupture, crack, fissure; a knot in wood; reproach, disgrace, blemish; -wasam, Disease.

wasmat, Reproach, disgrace; a crime, sin, fault, blemish;—wusmat, Torpor, languor, weakness; one crack or fis-

waswas, An opening in a veil ومواص ▲ through which a woman may peep; a small veil worn by girls; gravel upon hard

موب wuṣūb (v.n. of ومب), Being continual, perpetual, perennial; managing,

administering well.

waswas, An opening in a veil وموص

through which a woman may see.

روموص waṣwaṣat, waṣwaṣa (v.n. of روموص), Looking through an aperture in a veil; peeping through eyes nearly closed; veiling (herself) closely (a woman); a veil.

arrival; union with, or enjoyment of, a wished-for object; collection

tion; -'inda 'l-wusul, On (his) arrival, when (he) arrives.

wuṣŭl bāqī, Arrear, uncollected وصول هاتي

balance.

a ومولى wuṣūlī, What may be realised or collected.

א פיים, wusum (pl. of wasm), Disgraces; knots in wood; ruptures, secret cracks.

A رصی wasy (v.n.), Joining together, coupling; — wasīy, wasī, A testator; an executor, administrator; 8. guardian, tutor (of children or pupils); surname of Seth, son of Adam; also 'Alī, as executor of Muhammad's will.

ه وسية waṣīyat, A precept, mandate, charge, command; a last will or testament; -wasiyat kardan, To command by will, to devise, bequeath; to charge.

a ميت نامة waṣīyat-nāma, Last will, testament; name of a work of Faridu 'd-

ميد ه waṣīd, A threshold; a portico or area before a door; the cave of the seven sleepers (see کیف p. 1066, and رقیم p. 584); a fold, enclosure.

waṣidat, A stone enclosure or pen وسيدة for cattle (hagirat implying one constructed

of wood or branches).

q.v. above. وصرة A wasirat,

waşī', The chirping of a sparrow;

a young sparrow.

ميك , waṣīf, fem. وميك , waṣīfat, waṣīfa, A lad fit for service; a servant boy or

a وصيل waṣīl, One who comes in and goes out with anyone; intimate (friend);—alwasil, A sergeant, lictor (hence alguazil in

Spanish).

waṣīlat, A cause, anything which arrives, happens, or is productive of consequences; fertility, abundance, plenty, cheapness; an extensive district; a sheep which, after bringing forth six times female twins, lambed a male and female, when she was set free, and no more milked (a practice of the time of ignorance forbidden in Islām).

م قاءة م waṣā'at (v.n. of وماءة), Being clean; cleanness, neatness; clearness of

complexion.

wazāḥ, Evident, manifest, clear وماح م - wazzāk, Clean, fair, handsome (man) clear, evident, manifest; spotted with the leprosy; the day; a boy's game, in which they search for a white bone cast into a dark place; bikri wazzāh, The first prayer in the morning.

A دناع, wazzā', A compiler, composer.

ماعة م wazā'at (v.n. of وضع), Becoming mean and low; being lowered, degraded; humiliation; self-humiliation, humility.

wazā'i' (pl. of wazī'at), The carriages or baggage of people on a journey; military stations or garrisons; soldiers marching (from place to place); hostages; books, the depositaries of the sayings of the wise; -wazā'i'u 'l-mulk, Fixed taxes to be paid by the subjects.

wazah, wazh (?), A bracelet, necklace, or ornament for the ankle or any other part of the body (particularly of silver or gold coins); good coin; light, lustre, splendour (of the dawn or moon); whiteness; leprosy; the best part of the road; the teeth; fat; virtue, merit.

A خر, wazar (v.n.), Being greasy (a dish); being stained with saffron; the smell of tainted meat; the corrupted part of fat or milk; --wazir, Bedaubed with the fat of meat, greasy; stained with saffron:

ه والمع waz' (v.n.), Placing or laying down upon; establishing or laying a foundation; composing, writing (a book); inventing; depositing (anything with another) to keep; (a woman) laying aside (her veil); deposing (from any dignity), degrading; going fast; bringing forth a child; situation, position, imposition, disposition, condition, state, gesture, action, conduct, manner; mode of living or acting; social institutions; operation, performance, procedure; a literary composition; subtraction, deduction, abatement; [waz'i asās kardan, To lay a foundation;—wazi aurāqī (bī-shīrāza), An incongruous manner; waz'i bināyi jāmi' kardan, To lay the foundations of a mosque; —wazi pasandīda, A laudable act; - waz'i haml, Childbirth, delivery; abortion, miscarriage; - waz'i haml kardan, To give birth, to drop young; -waz'i khums, Fixing the fifth part (of the spoils as the property of the king);waz'i gadm kardan, To place or fix the feet; -waz' kardan, To invent; to found, institute; -waz'i minnat, The conferring of an obligation ;-waz'i nā-guwār, An unpalatable manner, a disgusting state of affairs; — waz' u hālat (harakat), Conduct and situation; action and motion; -war-an wa qaul-an, With gestures and words, in action and speech; -baiza waz' kardan, To lay an egg;—rahīn waz' kardan, To pledge, pawn, bet, wager;] wuz' (v.n.), Conceiving a little before menstruction; a feetus thus conceived.

A &s., waz'at, wiz'at, Situation, position,

posture; childbirth, delivery.

a رمعى, waz'ī, Relating to form, position,

or posture; positive.

wazm (v.n.), Placing (meat) on a mat or board that it may not be soiled; -wazam, A mat, board, or anything similar whereon meat is placed to be kept clean.

waṣn (v.n.), Placing close together or one upon another, doubling, interlacing; plaiting, weaving a girth or surcingle; -wuzun (pl. of wazīn), Girths, surcingles.

wuzūḥ (v.n. of رفع), Being clear, evident, manifest; evidence, proof; clearness, distinctness.

wazūkh, Water filling a pipe or bucket; half a bucketful of water.

a وهو کاه wuzū-gāh, A place where people wash before prayer; a lavatory; a piscina.

A ", wazu", Water used for performing ablutions; -wazū', wuzū', in P. wuzū, A sacred ablution (performed before prayer, and which consists in washing, first the hands, then the mouth inside, then throwing water on the forehead, washing the whole face, the arms, and lastly the feet); -wuzū dādan (sākhtan, kardan, giriftan), To wash, to perform one's ablutions;—wuzū dāshtan, To need ablution.

موج A وموج wuzūḥ (v.n. of ومع), Evidence,

wazīḥ, Evident, manifest, plain, clear.

wazī', Ignoble, plebeian, mean, base, low; a deposit, anything given into the custody of another; moist dates preserved in earthen jars; -sharif u wazī',

Noble and plebeian.

هيمة wazī'at (v.n. of رمع), Depositing (anything) with (another); losing (in trade, making a bad market); anything lowered, abated, or deducted; a military colony, frontier-garrison; tax, tribute, or toll paid to the king; any baggage belonging to travellers; a book in which are inscribed the sayings of wise men; an illegitimate or adopted child; injury, contumely.

a وضيعى wazī'ī, Baseness, meanness.

ميمة, wazīmat, A body of men, from 200 to 300; a funeral-banquet; a quantity or pile of forage.

م وفين wazin, Interlaced, entangled; folded, doubled; the girth, belt, or surcingle of the haudah or camel-litter.

ه وهيي" , Clean, neat, pure. A wat' (v.n. of وطئ), Trampling, treading (under foot); putting the foot to the ground, or making an impression with it; making (a bed) smooth and soft; lying with ;-watā', Low ground ;-watā' wita, An uncovering, unveiling;—wita, (v.n. 3 of راحي), Rivalling, doing anything equal; consenting, agreeing (with another); repeating the last syllable of a verse; the cloth placed over a haudah.

A وطو wata'at (v.n. of وطو"), Being equal, level, easy, and soft (the ground or a bed); a treading, a trampling; softness,

smoothness (of a bed).

wat at, A footstep, impression of the foot; violence, compulsion; -wata'at, wata'a, Travellers, trampers; a beaten path.

wattās, A shepherd.

A watā'id, The foundations (of a house); trivets for pots, pot-irons.

wath, A leathern bottle in which milk is put; severe, hard-hearted, or insolent (man).

ملت , wats (v.n.), Treading firmly; a violent stamp, tread, or kick on the

ملے پ watah, Filth which adheres to the cloven feet of cattle, or the claws of fowls.

A ملك, watd, watad (v.n.), Establishing, confirming; consolidating, causing to stick; rendering heavy; treading upon, stamping, wearing down, kicking, trampling under foot; ramming hard, making (ground) solid; throwing violently on the ground; - watid, Firm, steady, solid; strengthened.

مرام , watar, A necessary or important thing, a thing which lies at heart; neces-

ملس A بطس wats (v.n.), Striking hard with

one's boot; breaking to pieces.

watf (v.n.), Hanging low (the skirts of a cloud);—wataf, Much hair on the eyebrows or lids; the fruitfulness, softness, and out-pouring of a cloud.

موان ۸ wagn (v.n.), Abiding, dwelling;watn, watan, A country, dwelling, residence, abode, wherever one lives; native country, home; watani aşlī (haqīqī), A true, real, or native country; the original country, i.e. heaven ;--watan bastan (dashtan, sākhtan, kardan, giriftan), To make (any place) one's country, to fix one's residence, to make a home; -watan dadan, To assign one a place of abode; -watani ma'luf (ma'lufa), Fixed residence, accustomed place of abode, one's dear native country; -tarki watan kardan, To abandon one's country; -hubbu 'l-watani mina 'l-i'mān, Love of country (is an article) of religion (a Muhammadan saying).

a وطن دهمن wafan-dushman, A traitor. a مان دوست, watan-dost, A patriot; patri-

otic.

a منگاه, watan-gāh, Place of one's abode, home.

a وطنى waṭanī, Belonging to one's coun-

ماراه پ watwat, A mountain-swallow; a

a رطى watī, Trodden under foot; well broke in.

مليد م watid, Firm, fixed, steady; made heavy.

waṭīs, A furnace, an iron oven; وطيس ▲ importance of business; -- hamiya 'l-watīs, The oven is heated, i.e, war is raging.

wati'at, A kind of sack in which a traveller carries dried flesh and biscuit; a dish made of bruised date-kernels with milk.

wazā'if (pl. of wazifat), Pensions; stipends, rations, daily allowances; agreements, contracts; duties, daily tasks; -ahli wazā'if, Pensioners, stipendiary soldiers.

bands (of a camel); following;—wuzuf (pl. of wazīf), Shanks, cannon-bones in horses; rations, daily allowances, stipends; agreements, contracts.

موب wuzūb (v.n. of وطوب ,), Being assidu-

ous, persevering.

A wazif, The thinnest part of (a horse's or camel's leg), the shank or cannon, the pastern; (a man) strong in travelling (especially over rough grounds).

wazīfat, wazīfa, A pension, stipend, ولايكة salary, soldiers' pay, allowance of provisions, commons (by the day, month, -year); anything stipulated or agreed upon; a task, religious duty; employment, post, office; use, purpose; construed with the verbs buridan, khwurdan, dadan, &c.;qat'i wazifa kardan, To withdraw a pension.

a معلم خور wazīfa-khwur, A pensioner.

A de, wi'ā', wu'ā', A sheath, case, repository, or place where anything is laid up; a pod, capsule.

A Me, wu"āz (pl. of wā'iz), Preachers.

رعات wu'āq (v.n. of رعاق), Making a noise in (his) belly or sheath (a horse); the grumbling noise of a horse's belly when

A wa's (v.n.), Being difficult to travel on (a road); soft ground or sands into which the feet easily sink; a broken bone; — wa's, wa'is, A difficult road; wa'as (v.n.), Being broken (the hand).

م عثاء م wa'sā', Difficulty (in travelling). A عد, wa'd (v.n.), Promising; auguring or prognosticating anything good; threa-

tening; a promise; a threat.

معدة , wa'dat, wa'da, A promise, vow; any determined, appointed, certain time or term; a stated period for the discharge of a debt, or the payment of a sum of money; agreement, bargain; -wa'da khwastan, To solicit a promise (i.e. the visit of a person of consequence; -wa'da kardan (namūdan), To promise, agree, engage; - bawa'da'i yak-sāl, Falling due in a year's time (m.c.). Also construed with the verbs uftādan, amadan, ba-sar shudan, dādan, dīdan, rasīdan, raftan, giriftan, nihādan,

a عدة وفا ي wa'da-wafā, Keeping one's pro-

a وعدة براى wa'da-barāy, The performance of an agreement.

a وعدة بندى wa'da-bandī, Stated dates on which to discharge a debt or pay money.

a عدة جاي, wa'da-jāy, Place of promise. a عدة علانب, wa'da-khilāf, A false contract; one who does not keep his promise.

a مريل wa'da-sar-pul, Faithless to one's promise (see بريل p. 670).

a عدة هب در ميان wa'da shab dar miyan, A promise made to-day and fulfilled on the morrow.

a عدة هكن wa'da-shikan, A promisebreaker.

a عدة فراموش, wa'da-farāmosh, Forgetful of one's promise.

a عدة كاه ي wa'da-gāh, Time of promise.

a see, see, wa'da-wa'id, Evading a promise.

א פיב, wa'r (v.n.), Prohibiting, preventing; being filled with wrath and hatred; rocky, unequal, uneven, rugged; a small matter, a little; [wa'ru 'l-ma'rūf, Scanty in doing good; -wa'r, wa'ar (v.n.), Being rough, difficult to ascend (a mountain or other broken ground); being intricate (a question); a rugged place, declivity, anything rough.

A ביי, wa'z (v.n.), Making a sign, nodding, beckoning, commanding, charging; advancing, stepping forward, setting an

example.

مساء , wa'sā', A soft, sandy soil of a high exposure, producing herbs which are eaten raw.

A he, wa'z (v.n.), Admonishing, exhorting; preaching; giving warning respecting future punishment; advice, exhortation, admonition; a sermon, oration, homily; -wa'z kardan, To preach, exhort, advice, sermonize.

wa'q (v.n.), Being quick, making haste; -wa'q, wa'iq, fem. dae, wa'qat, wa'qa, wa'iqat, wa'iqa, Bad-tempered, morose, refractory, stubborn, touchy, capricious.

wa'qat, Moroseness, badness of

disposition.

A sle, wa'k (v.n.), Weakening, emaciating (as a fever); febrile pain or debility; intense heat; a suffocating calm without a breath of wind; -wa'k, wa'ik, Emaciated by fever or fatigue.

مكة م wa'kat, wa'ka, A fierce battle; a battle-field, amphitheatre, place of combat; intense heat without a breath of air.

مل به wa'l (v.n.), Looking down from an eminence; an asylum; the month shauwāl; -wa'il, wa'l, fem. Me, wa'ilat, wa'ila, The ibex or mountain-goat; the month sha'bān; noble, powerful (man); a prince, leader; -wu'ul (pl. of wa'il), Mountain-

. بعم wa'm (v.n.), Addressing the inmates of a house morning and evening with "health and happiness to you!"

wa'wā', A voice, sound, noise; murmur of a crowd; a multitude; howl of a dog, yell of a jackal; a man with a disagreeable voice.

يور a wu'ūr (v.n. of وعور), Being difficult to ascend (a mountain); checking, hindering; (pl. of wa'r) rugged, steep, difficult (places).

م وعورة wu'urat (v.n. of وعورة), Being rough, rugged, and difficult to ascend; steepness and ruggedness.

A وعوج wa'wa', Eloquent, rhetorical; in-

genious, witty, clever; a jackal; a fox.

A بعول wu'ül (pl. of wa'l, wa'il), Moun-

tain-goats; nobles; princes. م يسم wa'y (v.n.), Preserving, collecting, treasuring, or laying up; custody, preservation; remembering, retaining (any saying); being restored, set crookedly (a broken bone); collecting (as pue in a sore); pus, matter; flight, escape; a place of refuge; — wa'á (v.n.), Calling aloud, crying ont.

A ميد, wa'id (v.n. of ميد), Threatening. predicting anything bad; promising anything good; threat, commination.

wa'ir, Rugged, rough, uneven

(place).

& wagh, A pleasant place.

A &, waghā, wighā, War, battle, tumult; rain; (perhaps for بغاب q.v. below) a vessel (pot).

ماب wighāb, pl. of—

مب waghb, A large sack; pots, pans, dishes and other meaner kind of household furniture; a large strong camel; foolish, stupid; weak iu body and mind (fem. رطبة, waghbat, waghba).

يعد, waghd, A fruit called in India

brinjāl.

مند, waghd, A servant, domestic, one especially who serves for victuals; a boy; one of the gaming-arrows, especially a blank; the fruit of the brinjal (see preceding article); vile, base; weak in body;

A معدان wughdān, wighdān (pl. of waghd), Servants, especially those who serve for victuals.

ه وغر ه waghr (v.n.), Being sultry (as midday) ;-waghr, waghar (v.n.), Being angry, enraged, indignant, having a private grudge; hatred, rancour, enmity; indignation, rage; a tumult, the noise of an armed host.

A قرة , waghrat, wagharat, Scorching heat;

hatred, rancour.

وغرى wughzun, A burial-ground.

, waghast, Apparent, visible, plain, waghastan, To make evident, clear.

م معلى, waghf (v.n.), Walking fast, running; weakness in the eyes; a piece of leather tied under the belly of a he-goat (to prevent him from impregnating the female.

a معل waghl (v.n.), Going into a company of wine-drinkers (especially uninvited); that which one drinks on that occasion; a man of a low condition; a vagabond, slave, silly fellow, unfit for anything; one

who serves for food; a place of refuge, an asylum; flight, escape;—waghil, One who takes bad nourishment.

authenticated; malevolence, hatred, when deeply fixed in the mind; force, violence; war, battle.

the croak of a frog.

A أبن wughul (v.n. of رغل), Penetrating, entering (into a thicket) and hiding; going to a distance.

A the waghá, wighá, Tumult, noise, clamour, especially of an army; battle (see the above).

waghīj, A ditch, pool, marsh.

A 5,24, wa-ghairu-hu, in P. wa-ghairah, Et cetera.

ميثر, waghesh, Many, much, abundant, large, broad, wide; grief, anguish.

A all, wafā' (v.n.), Performing a promise, keeping an engagement; good faith, fidelity, loyalty, sincerity; consciensciousness; fulfilment; conclusion, end, completion; length, duration; sufficiency;—wafā justan, To look out for good faith, to seek fidelity;—wafā dāshtan. To keep faith;—wafā kardan, To perform a promise, satisfy, fulfil.

a انديش, wafā-andesh, True-minded, faithful, loyal in one's thoughts.

a منالي wafā-bīgāna, Faithless.

a رنا پرست, wafā-parast, Faithful, sincere.

a يوست , wafā-paiwast, Faithful, sincere, constant, performing engagements.

A SU, wafāt, in P. Cou, Death, decease,

demise; -wafāt yāftan, To die.

a المعربة wafā-khwāh, Benevolent, affectionate, a real well-wisher.

a با دار, wafā-dār, Trusty, true, faithful. a باداري wafādārī. Fidelity, sincerity.

A قال wifādat (v.n. of اردى), Coming, arriving as an ambassador; the arrival of an ambassador.

A قرام wafārat (v.n. of باره), Being full, complete, whole, entire; being much, copious, abundant; abundance, exuberance, copiousness.

A ju, wifaz (pl. of wafz, wafaz), Hastes.

a مالكي wafā-sigāl, Benevolent, affectionate, a real well-wisher;—yāri wafā-sigāl, A sincere friend.

a بنا كستر, wafā-gustar, Faithful, sincere; a propagator of religion, a true believer.

وناهي ين wifāz (pl. of wafzat), Leathern quivers; scrips;—<u>khāwī 'l-wifāz</u>, Empty in wallet.

to, wifāq (v.n. 3 of رفت), Consenting to, agreeing; suiting, becoming; meeting, encountering; consent, assent, agreement, concord, harmony, good understanding, conformity; a plot, confederacy, conspiracy;—wifāq, A suitable recompense.

A dall, wafahat, The superintendence of

a church; the daily allowance of a minister of a church.

a ياكى, wafā'ī, Fidelity, sincerity;—bī wafā'ī, Breach of faith, want of fidelity.

نتوك , waftūk, Tiger-skin spread over a

مه , wafd (v.n.), Arriving, coming (as an ambassador to a king); the top of a sandy hill; comers;—wuffad (pl. of wāfid), Comers, ambassadors.

wafr (v.n.), Becoming full, complete, entire, numerous, copious, abundant; filling, completing, making plentiful; plenty, abundance; affluence, opulence; full, complete, entire, numerous, copious, abundant.

A \$13, wafrat, The hair reaching below the ear (see \$10.5 p. 370, and \$10.5 p. 1128); —wafrat, wafrat, Plenty, abundance; wafrat u kasrat, Superfluity and exuberance.

وفرة wafra, A weaving-instrument (cf. وقرة below).

ولز A , wafz, wafaz, Haste, expedition; a journey; a high place.

رفن م wafz, wafaz (v.n.). Making haste,

running; expedition, despatch, haste. م منابع wafzat, wafza, A leathern quiver;

a shepherd's scrip or traveller's bag, in which provisions are carried.

be convenient and useful; useful, apt, convenient (thing); a sufficiency; opportunity, convenient season;—wafq kardan, To accommodate oneself (to the times);—bar wafq, In accordance with, agreeably to;—'alá wafqi 'l-murād, Agreeable to desire.

روند wufud (v.n. of وفود), Coming, arriving (as an ambassador to a king); arrival; (pl. of wāfid) Comers; ambassadors; arrivals.

روفر م wufür (v.n. of وفر), Being full, complete, copious, abundant; multitude, plenty, abundance; (pl. of wafr) full, complete, universal.

A & wafh, The superintendence of a church.

والمحمّ wafhāyat, Prelacy, or high church-dignity; ecclesiastical law, discipline, or precept.

a رفي wafi, Entire, whole, complete; just (weight); full (measure); faithful to an engagement; much;—wufiy, wufi (v.n.), Being full, entire, abundant; being equal to a misqāl in weight (a dirham).

م نيى م wafiq, A companion, friend.

thing is kept or preserved; preserving, guarding; a shield; — lāzimu 'l-waqā', Worthy of being preserved.

hatu, waqāḥ, Hard (hoof); shameless, brazen, unblushing; — waqāḥu 'z-zamb, Daring in the perpetration of crime;—waqāḥu 'z-zanab, Inured to much riding.

ه بناحة waqāḥat (v.n. of وقع), Being hard

(a hoof); being impudent, barefaced; im-

pudence.

ماد به wigād, Fuel for fire; name of an isle;—waqqād, One who kindles; skilful, knowing, intelligent; bright, lucid, burning; fiery.

وقار م waqar (v.u. of وقر), Being quiet, calm, modest, mild, sedate, grave; modesty, mildness; sedateness, gravity; majesty, authority, dignity; prudent, modest, mild, sedate; —ahli waqār, bā-waqār, Majestic, of authority; - bī-waqārī, Waut of gravity, unsteadiness.

waqārat, Quietness, modesty,

gravity.

A وقاع wiqā' (v.n. of رقع), Rushing upon (an enemy), attacking (in battle), fighting; copulation, coition; (pl. of waqī'at) cavities in which water collects, tarns; -waqqā', Slanderous, malevolent (man); -wuq $q\bar{a}'$, Slanderous and malevolent (men).

waqqāf, Tardy, dilatory; one who

refrains from fighting.

א פטע waqāyā (pl. of wuqīyat), Weights of seven miskals; weights of forty dirhams.

waqāyat, wiqāyat, A cloth worn by وقاية م women to preserve their head-dress from being soiled by the unguent or pomatum of their hair (see فايه, below);—wiqayat (v.n. of رقى), Taking care of, preserving, keeping (one's person or garments) clean; custody, guardianship, precaution; -wigāyat kardan, To guard, preserve, defend.

بر الله waqā'i' (pl. of waqī'at), Accidents, events; engagements, battles; hollows in mountains wherein water collects; -waqā'i'

u hawādis, Accidents and events.

a وقائع نكار, waqā'i'-nawīs, وقائع نويس waqā'i'nigar, Intelligencer, a government reporter. a نائع نگاری, waqā'i'-niqārī, The office of an intelligencer.

a وقائع نويس waqā'i'-nawīs, An imperial

historiographer.

a قايم, waqāya, A silken or linen veil which reaches to the feet (worn by the Eastern ladies when abroad; that which they wear at home does not hide the face, nor come lower than the knee).

مقب, waqb, A furrow, hollow, or well in a mountain or stone in which water collects; a canal ;—waqb, وقبه waqbat (v.n. of $\leftarrow i_2$), Entering; setting (the sun); waqbat, The orifice of the ear; the socket

of the eye.

A وقت waqt (v.n. of رقت), Appointing a time; time season, hour, especially fixed for doing anything; opportunity; adversity, distress; waqt bar-khāst, The time has come; -waqt ba-waqt, From time to time; -waqt ba-ham bar-xadan, To waste one's time; -waqt bi-waqt, Constantly, perpetually; -waqti roz, Time of battle; -waqti saḥar-gāh (subḥ-gāh), The time of the

morning dawn; -waqti gurg u mesh, The first dawn, when black (the wolf) and white (the sheep) are mingled; waqti ma'lūm, Fixed time, i.e. the hour of death; -waqti nāzuk, Delicate times; -waqt nāwaqt, Occasionally, without any stated time, in season and out of season ;-waqt w sā'at, A clepsydra; a sand-glass; — waqt waqt, Sometimes; — waqtī, Some time or other (m.c.); -waqtī ki, At the time when, when (m.c.);—ān waqt, At that time; in former times, once upon a time (mm.cc.); -bi-wagti-hā, Presently, immediately; bi-wagt, Untimely, ill-timed :- khaili wagt, A long time (m.c.); — dar waqt, Immediately; - dar waqti hajat, Iu time of need :- hich waqt, At no time, never (m.c.); — li 'l-waqt ($l\bar{i}$ waqti-hi), Opportunely, in time; - yaumi waqti ma'lum, The day of judgment.

بنا", waqt-an, Sometimes.

a قىت بىنا, waqt-bīnā, Observing time.

a وقت هناس, waqt-shinās, An astronomer, an astrologer, one who knows times and

a دتيا, waqt-hā (P. pl. of A. waqt), At times, ever and anon.

a قىت ياب, waqt-yāb, Finding an opportunity.

م وتعقد م waqta'iz-in, Immediately, then.

a وتعي كه waqte ki, Whensoever, at what time; — tā waqte ki, As long as; until; andak waqte-ra, After a short time.

wuqh, wuquh (v.n.), Being hard (a hoof); impudence; - waqah (v.n.), Being hard (a hoof); being shameless, impudent (a man); impudence, arrogance, audacity; -waqih, Impudent, immodest, shameless; -wuquh (pl. of waqah), Hard hoofs or nails.

waqd, waqad (v.n.), Being lighted, burning (a fire); lighting a fire; the heat of fire; -waqad, Fire.

A وقدان waqdan (v.n. of وقدان), Being

lighted, burning (a fire).

يد م waqz (v.n.), Beating with violence, almost to death; leaving (one) fatigued or sick; quenching, calming, quieting; overcoming one (as sleep).

رقر م waqr (v.n.), Burdening; heaviness; being deaf (the ear); making deaf; deafness; splitting or breaking (a bone);wiqr, Weight; a heavy burden (carried by an ass or a mule, wisq implying a camel's load); -waqur, Mild, modest, grave, sedate.

waqra, A carving-instrument.

مَريل , waqrá, Loaded (beast of burden); -wagari, A shepherd; rich in flocks, especially by births; an owner of asses; a denizen of a large city.

waqs (v.n.), Excoriating, laying وتس م bare (a sore), taking off the scab; scab; obscenity, turpitude, baseness, the mention of anything shameful.

waqsh (v.n.), Becoming effaced (vestiges); motion; chips for lighting a fire; name of a town in Yaman; also of a man.

ways (v.n.), Breaking the neck (of anybody); being broken (neck); blemish, defect, detriment, decrease;—wayas (v.n.), Being short (the neck); shortness of neck; chips or sticks for burning; any intermediate number of cattle between two numbers subject to taxation, on which intermediate number no legal alms or taxes are to be paid.

waqt (v.n.), Striking (one), and throwing him down; treading (a cock); a large hollow in a mountain or hard

ground where water collects.

wiqṭān (pl. of waqīṭ), Hollows in mountains or hard grounds where water collects.

leading or throwing (one) iuto battle; sharpening (a sword, knife, or spear); a high place, a projecting part of a mountain; violence of heat; talk of various kind; respect, regard; [waq' nihādan, To esteem, to hold in consideration;]—waqa' (v.n.), Having (bare feet) hurt by stony ground; being worn thin (a horse's hoof); nakedness of feet; rocks, stones;—waqi', Foot-sore from travelling over rough ground;—wuqqa', Falling, alighting (birds).

منعات waqa'āt (pl. of the following),

Accidents; battles.

gagement, with shock succeeding shock; contingence, occurrence; — wiq'at, A (bird's) manner of alighting; — waqa'at, One stone.

A A, waqf (v.n.), Standing, stopping, staying, halting, waiting; making a pause in reading; checking, stopping, pulling, or keeping back; endeavouring to understand, considering attentively; bequeathing for pious uses (as habitations for the poor, and books for the use of learned men); such bequest or legacy; continence, abstinence; firmness, constancy; a prison, restraint; punctuation; a pause; a bracelet of ivory;—waqf dāshtan, To hold as a bequest;—waqf kardan, To dedicate, consecrate.

م مُقَانِّ waqfat, waqfa, Delay; stopping, retarding, respite, vacancy.

a وَلَمْنِ waqfi, Belonging to a pious bequest.

waqfiyat, waqfiya, The book وتفية

wherein bequests are registered.

A J, waql (v.n.), Climbing (a mountain); a dwarf palm-tree (the fruit of which is called muql); also its fruit when dry (when fresh it is called bahsh);—waqal, A stone, rock; stones, rocks;—waqil, waqul, (A horse) going well over rocks or np a hill.

wuql, A medicine otherwise called muql (cf. preceding article).

مُلَمَّة, waqlat, A single dwarf palm-tree.

waqm (v.n.), Prohibiting, preventing, restraining, checking, drawing the reins; oppressing, afflicting, grieving; stilling (a boiling pot); treading down, trampling upon, subduing, subjecting; being trodden (ground) and making bare of herbage by grazing.

waqwaq, Name of an island; also of a mountain where gold is said to be found in such abundance that the inhabitants make all their utensils of it; where the monkeys are taught to fetch wood and sweep the houses; and where there is a tree, the fruit of which resembles men and other animals; timid, pusillanimous.

م وفرب winqub (v.n. of رفح), Setting, sinking below the horizon (the sun); being eclipsed (the moon); sunset; absence, concealment.

م رقع wuquhat (v.n. of مرقع), Being hard (a hoof); being shameless, impudent, brazen-faced.

waqūd, Fuel; anything with which a fire is kindled;—wuqūd (v.n. of عنه), Being kindled, burning (a fire); heat of fire; a burnt-offering.

ه وقور م waqūr, Grave; prudent, modest, mild, sedate.

رقورة م wuqūrat, A sitting, remaining at

א אָפָּי, wuqū' (v.n. of פָּיָּש,), Falling (into, or from its place); falling, alighting (a bird); falling (a spring-shower); happening, coming to pass, occurring; accident, contingency, occurrence, event; death, destruction; evidence; — nādiru 'l-wuqū', Seldom happening, of rare occurrence.

a وتوعى wuqū'ī, Reality.

wuqūf (v.n. of مؤرك), Standing still; remaining in the same place; checking, stopping, pulling, or keeping back; knowing, being aware of; informing, apprizing; making a pause (in reading or speaking); experience, knowledge, practice; sense, understanding, wisdom; notice, information; conflict, engagement; a pause; stagnation; (pl. of wāqif) standers, bystanders; — wuqūf yāftan, To obtain a knowledge, receive information;—ahli (sāhib) wuqūf, Experienced, skilful, intelligent. The word is also construed with uftādan, dāshtan, &c.

a وقوف دار wuqūf-dār, Informed of, knowing.

a وتوفية wuqūfīyat, Experience, know-ledge.

د من waqah, waqh (؟) (v.n.), Listening to, obeying.

A & waghat, Obedience, attention to duty.

waqy (v.n.), Taking care of, preserving, protecting, keeping one's self or garments clean; [waqā-hu 'llāh, May God preserve or protect him!]-waqiy, waqi, One who keeps (a thing) out of harm's way; kept safe from injury or defilement; -wuqīy, wuqī (v.n.), Being safe from injury; protection, preservation; abstinence, chastity; (pl. of the following) ounces, &c.

a وقية waqīyat, waqīya, An ounce; a weight of 21 lbs.; a weight of seven

misqal and forty dirham.

waqih, Impudent, barefaced.

waqīd, Fuel. وتهد

مَيك به waqīz, Prostrate, thrown down; slow, inactive; heavy, dull; weak, ema-

waqirat, vaqira, A وقير ه waqirat, waqira large hollow on a mountain or a hole in a stone containing water; a mountain-tarn; —faqīr wagīr, Poor.

مريم waqis, One whose neck is broken. waqit, A large hollow in a mountain or hard ground where water collects; -yaumu 'l-waqīt, A day on which a memorable battle was fought amongst the Banu Tamim and Bakr bin Wa'il.

waqī', Sharpened, whetted (sword, knife); worn (as a hoof by the stones); (a place) having many hollows filled with

water.

waqi'at, waqi'a, An accident, action, battle, combat, engagement, event; the shock or brunt of a battle; any cavity in which water collects (less than .v. q.v. above); slander, disparagement; -waql-'atu 'l-isnain, A fight between two, a duel.

ع) wak, A frog.

A '''''', wak' (v.n.), Leaning on a staff; wika' (v.n. of رکی), Binding or stopping the mouth of a bottle; a chain, or anything fastening the mouth of a bottle or the cover of a vessel; any vessel whose head

is covered over; (met.) a miser.

اب wakkāb, One who mourns much and often; name of a poet of the tribe of

الله wikād, A leathern strap or belt (especially one used to tie a cow when

milking).

wikāf, wukāf, The stuffing of a pack-saddle (for an ase); a pack-saddle; -wakkāf, Dropping much; who commits a crime, is possessed of a vice; an opponent, adversary.

وكال ه wikāl (v.n. 3 of وكال), Trusting to one, having mutual confidence; -wikal, wakal, Slowness, sluggishness (of a horse).

ል ልህ, wakālat, wikālat, Vicegerency; the office of substitute, agent, administrator, or plenipotentiary; embassy, agency, deputation; the business of a wakil, attorneyship; standing security, bail; -wikālati 'uzmá, The office of grand vizier.

a كالت المة wakalat-nama, A plenipotentiary commission, full powers; an ambassador's credentials; a power of attorney.

wakāna, Part of a cluster of dates or

bunch of grapes.

م مالي wakā'id (pl. of wikād), Thongs,

straps for tying and fastening.

م بكب wakb (v.n.), Being erect, straight, standing upright; making a gradual progress; being assiduous; - wakab, Dirt, filth; blackness of ripe dates.

a وكتة wukia (probably for A. وكتة and

related to نكته), A point or dot.

م الله wakd, Anything which one wishes to do and is solicitous about; -wukd, Study, endeavour; an act or deed; power, strength.

يدة, wakada, (in Zand and Pazand) A

female.

wakr (v.n.), Entering its nest (a bird); prancing (a horse); jumping, leaping (a boy); being swift of foot (a shecamel); filling (a bottle or vessel); a bird's nest (in a tree); -wakar, A prancing or ambling pace; - wukar (pl. of wakr), Birds' nests.

A فراة , wakrat, wakra, A nest.

ركر م waks (v.n.), Striking with the fist; piercing, stabbing; beating off, repelling,

driving away, burning (?); a dance.

مكس ه wake (v.n.), Being diminished, deficient; losing (in trade); diminishing, injuring; defect, detriment, diminution; the entrance of the moon into an unlucky constellation; the lunar mansion in which the moon is eclipsed.

a وكسرى wa kasre, And a fraction (speak-

ing of periods of time).

, wakehak, The mastic-tree.

wakz (v.n.), Beating off, thrusting away; being intent on, persevering; ar-

ranging, setting in order, adorning.

א פאה wak' (v.n.), Striking, stinging (a scorpion), biting (a serpent); striking the udder of a sheep (with the hand when milking), or with the head (a lamb when sucking); -waqa', A deformity produced by the great toe overlapping the next one, or one finger another.

wak'ā', (A woman) deformed as

described in the previous article.

A ملك, wakf (v.n.), Running (as the eaves of a house with rain-water); event, accident, issue, success; a sheet of dressed leather, which is spread as a table or tablecloth, or upon which people play at chess or draughts; -wakaf (v.n.), Practising iniquity; being culpable, blemished, or vicious; injustice, partiality, deviation, excess; crime, fault; stain, spot, blemish; the side of a mountain.

مكل ه wakl (v.n.), Entrusting (one's affairs to another); acknowledging one's own weakness, and confiding (in God); being weak (a beast); -wakal, Weak, unequal to; one who commits his business

to another to execute.

wukalā' (pl. of wakīl), Lieutenants, vicegerents, deputies, ministers, commissaries, delegates; attorneys; — wukalā'i daulat, Ministers of state; -wukalā'i tarafain, The plenipotentiaries of both sides; -wukalā'i mu'rāfa'a, Pleaders in a case (especially before a court of appeal); wukala'i millat. The deputies of the people, the Commons (m.c.).

م م wakm (v.n), Teasing, vexing, making sad; becoming sad, afflicted, sorrowful, vexed; treading down or eating up (pasture); subduing, taming; — wakam

(v.n.), Being sad; solicitude.

مرکن wakn (v.n.), Sitting (as a bird upon her eggs); a sitting, session; a nest on a mountain or in a wall; -wukn (pl. of wuknat), Bird's nests; alighting places.

م وكنة waknat, wakna, wuknat, wukna, A nest on a mountain or in a wall; anything

on which a bird perches.

wakwāk, Timid, cowardly (cf.

above).

مرب wakūb, (A doe or a she-camel) going quick with stretched-out neck;wukub (v.n. of ركب), Being assiduous, attentive (to business); gradual progress.

A وکود wuqūd (v.n. of رکد), Fastening (a

saddle).

wukūr (v.n. of رکر), Entering its nest (a bird); jumping, leaping (a boy); filling (a vessel); (pl. of wakr) nests.

wakūf, (A she-camel) full of milk.

وكوك wakwak, The bark of a dog.

wukūl (v.n. of رکل), Entrusting one's affairs to another, relying upon him.

A رکون, wukūn (v.n. of رکن), Sitting (as a bird upon her eggs); (pl. of wuknat), neats.

waki', A bellwether or leader of a flock; hard, firm; strong, unleaky (bottle); hardy, unsweating (horse); name of a learned man; —qalbi waqī', A mind attentive to everything.

wakif (v.n. of رکف), Dropping (as the eaves of a house with rain-water);

oozing (water from anything).

مکیل ه wakil, An ambassador, agent, deputy, vicegerent, lieutenant, commissary, factor, administrator, representative; an attorney, pleader, counsellor (at law); a governor, protector; God; -wakilu 'dda'wā. An advocate, counsel, proctor, attorney-at-law; -- wakili kharj, Master of a house, host, purveyor; -wakili dar, Confidential of a vassal at the court of his suzerain; -wakīli saltanati 'alīya, The administrator of the exalted empire, i.e. primeminister; -wakil kardan, To substitute, to declare one your representative, to appoint an ambassador; -wakili mutlaq, A plenipotentiary, procurator-general, absolute vicegerent; -imrūz wakili khwud hastam, To-day I plead my own case, I take my business in my own hands (m.c.).

a ركبلي wakili, The office of a wakil. ركبلي wugāl, A live coal. وهر مورد wagar (for wa agar), And if, although.

ພຸຣ໌, wa gar na (for wa agar na), Other-

wise; and if not.

wal, A flower; a blossom; a vinebud; --wil, Independent, one's own master (see بل below) ;-wil shudan, To get loose, to become separated (m.c.); -wil guftan, To talk loosely or at random (m.c.); -wil kardan, To let loose, to let go, to dismiss (m.c.).

a , wilā, walā, A thing, business; time;

-dar in wila, During all this time.

A . wald', Kindred, relationship; assistance; authority, power; nearness; the right and power exercised over one lately set free; freedom, liberty; friendship, love; assistants, friends;—wila' (v.n. 3 of رلى), Continuing, following without intermission; helping, befriending; friendship; continuation;—'alá 'l-wilā', In uninterrupted succession, continuously.

walā'at, Friendship, love; rela-

tionship, alliance.

A گائی wulāt, iu P. ولائع, (pl. of wālī'), Governors, presidents; judges; lords.

wallaj, One who enters briskly.

walād, Silken-stuff.

ير wilādat (v.n. of ولادة , wilādat ولادة م Bearing children; birth; - wilādi qafqāz, Vladikaukas (m.c.); — yaumu 'l-wilādat, Birth-day.

wilada, A round bit of wood fastened to a spindle's neck to prevent the

thread coming off.

راس ه wallās, A wolf.

A wilāf (v.n. of راد wilāf (v.n. of راد پاله), Flashing incessantly (lightning); running (as a horse) and putting down both the fore-feet at once; coming one after another (people); becoming familiar, intimate; being accustomed; being joined, united; claiming relationship; familiarity, friendship, society.

رلانع, walāna, wilāna, A wound.

wulānī, New wine. ولائد

wilāv, Divided, scattered about, separated.

א עלא walāyā (pl. of walīyat), Govern-

ments, jurisdictions.

walāyat (v.n. of وليه م walāyat (v.n. of واليه م assisting; governing; —walāyat, wilāyat (v.n. of رايل), Being master of, controlling; government, jurisdiction, dominion, power, authority; guardianship, tutelage, patronage; sanctity, holiness; mystical union with God effected by self-denial; a pro-

vince; -wilayat, An inhabited country, dominion, district (in India, wilāyat neually means Europe or England; also Persia;)—wilāyati 'ahd, Dignity of heir apparent; — wilāyati qālū balá, Faith, religious belief (in allusion to "they, i.e. mankind, said yes" to God's question "Am I not your Lord?", by which answer bala, "yes," they bound themselves, according to a Persian conceit, to a life of toil and misery, "bala"). See الست p. 93, and rozi alast under j, p. 592.

a ولايت ستان wilāyat-satān, A friend of God, saint, prophet (one who takes the

kingdom).

a ولايت نورد wilāyat-naward, (a traveller through the land) A holy man, a saint.

a ولايتي wilāyati, European, foreign; Persian; civil (opp. to military, m.c.).

a ولايتى مط wilāyatī-khat, A kind of Persian bandwriting.

walā'id (pl. of walīdat), Girls;

handmaids.

wals (v.n.), Striking (with a atick); writing or ratifying (an agreement, especially one weak and not binding); an agreement, compact, confederacy (especially involuntary, accidental, and not durable); a faint promise.

رلج, walaj, walj, wilj, A quail.

ملي walaj, A way through sands;--wulaj, A young eagle; -wuluj, Streets, squares; shores, coasts.

walajat, A cavern or similar place ولجة into which passengers retire to shelter themselves from rain.

walach, walch, wilch, A quail. م ولع walakh, Name of a plant.

س ولا م wald, wild, wuld, walad, A son, offspring; sons; [waladu 'z-zina', A bastard; a glow-worm; a moth;]-wuld (pl. of walad), Sons, children; (pl. of walud), prolific, teeming;—walad, The offspring (of the brute creation) so long as they are unable to feed themselves; -māl u walad, Substance and children; things most highly prized.

a ولا أرنا كش waladu 'z-zinā'-kush, (glow-

worm killer) Canopus.

A שלוט, wildan, wuldan (pl. of walid), Sons, children; servants.

a مالكي waladān (P. pl. of A. walad),

wal' (v.n.), Telling a lie; restraining, hindering, prohibiting, forcing; wul', A lie, falsehood, deceit; -wala' (v.n.), Desiring eagerly; being given to, intent upon; the eager desire of one intent upon anything.

wala'at, wala'a (pl. of wali'), Liars; wula'at, Desirous, greedy of what

does not belong to or concern one.

wulghūna, Rouge used by ladies. الله ما walq (v.n.), Being expeditious, active; being ready at falsehood; persevering in a journey or a lie; piercing slightly; striking (with a sword).

wa lākin, But, nevertheless. , walmashk, Mastic-tree or fruit. ول كو wil-go (gū), Loose talk; absurd

speech.

ש (לע a lau, At least; and if; even if,

though, even should.

alwāl, Anxiety; anguish, veration; the cry of one weeping or threatening; — wilwal (v.n. of رابرل), Howling, lamenting, crying; wail, lamentation.

walwali, (in the dialect of Samarqand) Sheeps' chitterlings stuffed with

meat and spices.

م ولوب ه wulūb (v.n. of ولوب), Arriving at, reaching; entering; going quick, making

wulūj (v.n. of واج wulūj (into a hole), flying (to a den), entering;—wului u khurui, Ingress and egress.

א פונע walūd, Prolific, teeming.

A wulūdat, Generation; nativity.

🛦 بردية, waludiyat, Littleness, tenderness

wělosīpěd, Velocipede (m.c.).

ي walū' (v.n. of ولوغ), Desiring eagerly, being given to, intent on; desire,

avidity; greedy.

رولول walwalat, walwala (v.n. of ولولة م Howling, lamenting, crying; twanging (a bow-string); wail, lamentation; tumnit, noise, confused murmur; -walwala'i tufany, The explosion of a musket; -walwala'i kos u nafīr, Clang of drum and trumpet.

ಟ್ಟ wala, walla, Force, violence; blandishment; anger, rage; a distressed lover

(cf. the following).

م ما, walah (v.n.), Being frightened; being sad, afflicted, sorrowful, distracted, or impatient from love or grief; fear; terror, grief, perturbation of mind, stupor.

المان, walhān, Astonished, stupefied, confounded, dejected, distracted with terror or grief; mad with love; -walahān (v.n. of &), Being sorrowful, distracted,

impatient from love or grief.

s.; s.; walah-zada, A lover hardly used and ill-treated;—wala-zada, Angry, pas-

sionate, furious.

ولى به walīy, in P. also walī (v.n. of ولى), Being near, neighbouring, contiguous, joining; the falling of the second rain, i.e. following the wasmi or spring-rain; nearness; (fem. پله, waliyat, waliya) a favourite of God or the king; a sincere friend; a helper, gnardian, defender; a prince, lord, president, governor, judge; a servant, slave; a saint, a holy man; a proper name;—walīyu 'l-jūd, Lord of liberality, i.e. God; -waliyu 'd-dam, The next of kin (as blood-avenger); —walī'i ba'īd, A guardian of a more distant degree than a

father, brother, or uncle;—wali'i jināyat, The next of kin entitled to exact retaliation for offences;—wali'i khudā, A friend of God, a holy man;—wali'i 'ahd, Heirapparent, destined or acknowledged successor; a vicegerent; crown prince (m.c.);—wali'i 'ahd kardan, To nominate or declare a successor to a kingdom;—wali'i kāmil, A perfect saint;—wali'i ni'mat (walīyu 'n-ni'am), The lord of beneficence, i.e. the master of a feast, the landlord; a benefactor, lord, master; a title of respect by which a father is addressed;—walī walī-rā shināsad, Friend knows friend, birās of a feather flock together.

ولى wale (for wa-lek, wa-lekin), But,

yet, however, for all that.

A 실, waliyat, Government, jurisdiction; a province.

مان , walij, Mixed up with things of a different kind.

المه walijat, walija, in P. also المها walioha, An intimate, confidential friend (especially not of one's own people); near, adjacent.

walih, pl. of—

رسمه walihat, waliha, in P. also (confounding the word with مارد المام), A cornsack; a large basket or hamper.

م الله walid, A son, lad, child; a serwant;—ummu'l-walid, The mother of children, i.e. a hen.

ليدة به walīdat (fem. of walīd), A girl; a handmaid; born amongst the Arabians.

وليس walis, وليس walisa, wilisa, Good,

مع wali', Unblown flowers of palm-

a ولى عبدى walī 'ahdī, Heritage, the state of being an heir-apparent; deputy-

walif (v.n. of راه), Flashing incessantly (lightning); running, and putting down both the fore-feet at once (a horse); coming one after another (people); being familiar, intimate.

a وليكن wa-lek, وليكن wa-lekin, But.

A رُلِيهُ, walīmat, A banquet; a marriagefeast;—wālīmatu 'l-khitān, A circumcisionfeast.

ولين wilin, Ringworm, dry scab.

a لينعمتى, walī-ni'matī, Beneficence (m.c.).

رما " wam' (v.n. of رما), Making a sign;

a nod, sign.

wamad (v.n.), Being extremely hot (night); intense heat in a still, sultry night; anger, passion, rage; nocturnal dew rising from the sea;—wamid, fem. wamidat, wamida, Hot, warm, also dewy (night).

A 82., wamadat, Intense heat of a still,

sultry night.

wamar, Besides, moreover.

wamz, ومثان wamazān (v.n. of برمض), Gleaming, flashing slightly (lightning; when spreading wide it is called khafw; when it seems to pierce the clouds in perpendicular bolts it is expressed by 'aqīqat').

י wamq (v.n.), Loving, liking; love.

A ייבי wamidan, To cut into small pieces; to splice or join a broken rope without a knot; to be hollowed, excavated, or dug out; to rub; to blow into, puff up.

wamīz, Slight flash (of light-

ning).

o, wan, Like; resembling; pure; sincere; a kernelled fruit called in Arabic al-habbatu 'l-hharra'; but, yet, however; (in Kathay) ten thousand years; (S. vana) a wood, forest; a cymbal;—wann, in P. also wan, Weakness, languor, fatigue; a musical instrument played with the fingers, cymbals, castanets; name of a town.

wana, A turtle-dove, wood-pigeon.

A by, wana, Labour, tail; languer, lassi-

tude.

wanāna, A kind of round cake.

wanj, A sparrow; —wanaj, Ugly; uupleasant, morose.

A stringed instrument; a lute.

wanjnak, Sweet basil.

wand, Experiment, proof; labour, toil; praise; a vessel, vase, cup; (in composition = way, 1325) possessed of, as:
—daulatwand for daulatmand, Rich, a rich man.

الله wandā, (in Zand and Pāzand) A

wish, desire.

బ్బు, wan-dāna, The seed of the wan-tree (see లు above).

עניבון, wandsār, The centre of a circle. T ש wanadik, Venice; Venetian state.

نده, wanda, Cresses.

الايكاد wandidād (Z. vi-daēva dāta "given against the demons"), Name of the twentieth book of the Zand treating of the repulse and exoreism of evil spirits.

ونديدن wandīdan, To labour, to toil. ونديدن wan-zhad, Gum of the wan-tree.

رسن winsen, Vincennes near Paris (m.c.). ونك wanak, An animal smaller than a cat, of a dusty colour, without a tail (= A. وبر q.v.).

رنكول wankūl, Wanting, necessary, re-

quired.

wanki, Nay, but (= a אלג q.v. p. 198, wan probably being a dialectical form of bal, by the respective interchange of liquids and labials).

wang, wing, Empty, empty-handed; poor, destitute; echo, noise (cf. بانک p. 152); ugly.

رسماني wanmashk, Gum of the tree wan

wanang, A line upon which grapes are hung; the top of a bunch of grapes; also the stalk; the tendril of a vine.

نک , نک , wang-wang, wing-wing, A con-

fused noise, hum, buzz.

- waná, wany, wunīy (v.n.), Being sluggish, dull, heavy, slothful, listless; languor, lassitude, listlessness; labour,
- wanyat, winyat (v.n. of ولى , Being torpid, languid, slothful, slow, fatigued; delay, slowness, languor, lassitude ;-bi-lā winyat, Without delay.

wanīzad, ونيرد wanīzhad. Gum of the

tree wan.

wanizha. Pure frankincense.

wenis, Venetia (m.c. from Fr. or E.). wanīm (v.n. of ونيم س wanīm (v.n. of ونيم م fly); the excrement or mark of a fly.

wawā, A good omen, happy presage. a ورلى wa-wale, But, yet, however (= .ُ(.v.) ونی

wah, Strange! would to God! alas!

have a care! (See 51, above.)

مابة , wahhābat, wahhābat A giver, one who bestows; liberal, munificent; an epithet of God.

a هائی, wahhābī, A follower of the sect founded by 'Abdu 'l-Wahhāb (a very puri-

tanical body of Muslims).

wahhālāyat, Extreme liberality; وهابية ▲ -wahhabiya, The sect of the Wahhabis (see the preceding article).

م وهاي wahhāj, Burning, flaming, blazing,

flashing; raging.

wihād (pl. of wahdat), Valleys, low grounds;— $til\bar{a}l\ u\ wih\bar{a}d$, Hills and dales.

wihāfal (v.n. of رهف), Having charge of a temple; -wihāfat, wahāfat, The office of a person who has charge of a temple.

ahhām, Suspicious, distrustful;

a sceptic, a doubter.

wahb (v.n.), Excelling in a contest concerning liberality; -wahb, wahab (v.n.), Giving, bestowing; pardoning, forgiving ;-wahab, A gift.

a wahbi, Bestowed by God.

مروهي wahajān (v.n. of وهيان),

Burning; heat of fire.

Mahda, ak valley, وهدة wahda, A valley, hollow, declivity.

رهر wahr, وهره wahra, Name of a country. אנא, wahz (v.n.), Trampling upon, beating (a path); striking with the fist, striking hard; repelling; exciting, stimulating.

wahs (v.n.), Behaving haughtily وهس A or injuriously to friends; trampling, treading under foot; detraction, slander; machination, perfidy.

سمت , wahshat (Z. vohu-khshattra), Name of the fourth of the five embolismal days

added to the Persian year.

wahs (v.n.), Breaking; treading

under foot; throwing with violence, dashing on the ground; castrating.

waht, Low grounds; name of a garden in Ta'if, formerly belonging to

'Amr bin al-'As.

wahtat, wahta, Low ground. wahf (v.n.), Putting forth leaves (a tree), flourishing (as plants); having the care of a temple; approaching, drawing near; presenting itself, appearing; happening.

wahift, Name of one of the embolismal days added to the Persian year (evidently misreading for هشت q.v. above).

wuhfiyat, wihifiyat, The office of

one who has the charge of a temple.

wahq, wahaq, A noose thrown to وهال ه catch men or animals, a lasso; a long rope

for tethering cattle.

مل ه wahl, Applying one's mind to anything, though wishing to do another; conjecturing, supposing; afraid, timid, frightened; -wahal (v.n.), Being weak, timid, terrified; committing an error, making a slip; forgetting, blundering; fear, terror; mistake; forgetfulness; -wahil, Languid; weak, timid, frightened; trembling.

wuhl, Any coniferous tree.

A Do, wahlat, wahla, Fear, terror;—auwala wahalat-in (wahla), First, before all, first of all.

wahm (v.n.), Thinking, turning anything in one's mind, imagining, persuading oneself; conceiving a false idea; mind, sense; opinion, conjecture; suspicion, doubt, scruple, caution; fear, distrust; anxiety, apprehension; malevolence; a wide or clear road, highway; [wahm kardan, To imagine, suspect;—quwati wahm, The intellectual faculty, power of imagination; -waham (v.n.), Making a mistake (in reckoning); wishing ill; -wuhum (pl. of wahm), Highways.

a همد, wahmad (from the obsolete verb wahmidan), He fancies, thinks, imagines.

a وهمناك wahmnāk, Frightened, fearful, trembling; suspicious, scrupulous; ter-

رهمنش, wahmanish, (in Zand and Pāzaud) Anyone whose heart is right with God.

a رهمي wahmī, fem. همي wahmīyat, wahmīya, Imaginary, conjectural.

م رهميات wahmiyāt (pl. of the preceding), Uncertain or imaginary things, conjectures, chimeras.

a وهميدن wahmīdan (obsolete), To think,

opine, fancy (see همه , above).

A نسم wahn (v.n.), Weakening, enervating; entering on the midnight hour; midnight, or the hour after it; a thickbodied camel; -wahn, wahan (v.n.), Being weak, unequal to; weakness, imbecility; baseness.

wihang, A ring on a rope, by means of which burdens are fastened upon camels; a wooden stirrup; a noose for catching man or beast, a lasso; a fattening grain which women eat; a single draught of water.

א פּניף, wahūb, Liberal, munificent.

שנים ב wuhūm (pl. of wahm), Highways;

large tractable camels.

wahy (v.n.), Being broken, torn, burst, split (a leathern bottle); being weak, languid, listless; being destitute of abilities or reputation, being or becoming worthless; a rent, fissure, crack.

مين wahīj, Heat, sultriness; a blaze.

ميك wahif (v.n. of رهيك, Producing

leaves, flourishing (a tree).

رى wai, A part, quantity; a fold; woe! ah! alas! [dah-wai, Ten-fold;—şad-wai, A hundred fold;]—(for , lo), He; [wairā, Him, to him;]—wī, Root, origin; (for bī) without, as: wi-aib, Faultless.

A -; waib, Fy upon, woe to (you,

d.v. below). (غال 📥 ا 🌣 &c.)!

waisar, waisir, A white rose.

wijak, Pure, clear.

א פּיִּק, waih, Oh! (in pity); woe be to (you)! bravo! well done!—waihak, Woe to you! alas for you! O fortunate!

ע, wid, waid, Lost; little, few, not much; aid, help, remedy; anything of an astringent or styptic quality;—wed (S. veda), The Hindū Scriptures.

ريدا, wīdā, waidā, Little, not much, few; lost; found, recovered, come to light (cf.

پيدا p. 264); pain, sorrow.

wedānak, ريدانك Unconnected; brought to a conclusion.

بيدستر widastar, The beaver (cf. بيدستر

p. 218).

يدي, widan, waidan, To seek for help, to apply a remedy; to lose; to seek.

يدة, waida, wida, One who seeks a re-

widi, The leprosy.

ويديدن waididan, To be lost; to diminish, injure; to seek and apply a remedy.

wizi, Leprosy. ويذي

אָי, wīr, Mind, intellect, reason; interrogation; recollection; by heart; a friend; a groan, lamentation; custody, preservation; name of a village; | ba-wīr dāshtan, To recollect;]—wer, A fool.

129 wai-rā (for o-rā), Him, to him; wīrā, One who remembers, a learner; a

lord; a keeper.

אר, wiraf, The father of the prophet Ardā.

wīrān, wairān, werān, Desert, desolate, ruined, depopulated; -weran kardan, To lay waste, destroy, depopulate.

אפּר, wīrān-shahr, Name of a place celebrated for its saffron.

אוש פאוש werangar, Ruinous, destructive.

שלים, wīrāna, wairāna, werāna, Desolate; a solitude, a place full of ruins.

wīrāna-zār, A place full of ruins. وبرائه وار wīrāna-nishīn, Inhabiting a desert or desolate place; a hermit.

wīrānī, wairānī, werānī, Desolation, depopulation, delapidation, ruin.

ويرع, wiraj, Galangale, sweet-scented flag.

נאנים wirdī, Given, bestowed. יבון wīrū, און wirū-wīrā, Recollection.

יבנון wirwir, Frequent interrogation. waira, Any plant not having an upright stem (as a melon); any parasitical-

plant, ivy; fy! يرى wiri, The leprosy; cloth.

2, week, Sincere, unmixed; pure, clear; the purest part of anything; neat wine;dosti wezha, A sincere friend ;-raughani wezha, Purified fat or butter :- shīri wezha. Unmixed milk.

wezhish, Sanctification, holiness, ويؤهل purity.

wezhagān, Intimate, chosen friends. wezha, = 32, q.v. above; -ba-wezha, Particularly, especially.

wezhagī, Purity.

رَوْيَكُنَ wizhīlān, The "Vigilant" (m.c.). ويدي, wezhīdan. To purify, clarify; to become purified.

ais, Indigence; anything one ويس desires; contempt, exclamation of pity, or approbation.

ويس wīs, Like; name of the mistress of Rāmīn.

wīstūl, The river Vistula (m.c.). پينه , wisa, Good; abomination; like, resembling; name of the mistress of Rāmin; also of the father of Piran, Afrasyab's commander-in-chief; -wīsa dāshtan, To detest;-wisa kardan, To render abominable.

ويش wesh, Much, more; good, best, &c. .(q.v. p. 221 بيش =

wishānīdan, To assemble, convoke.

يشل waishal, Name of a disease.

بيشه wesha, A forest, wood (cf. بيشه p. 221;—wīsha, Ivy.

بشيدي weshidan, To assemble; to make a bed, spread a cloth.

weshīda, Spread out, made (bed) ; exalted, raised; twisted, involved.

a يك wik, Bravo! fy! out upon! oh! (an interjection of pity).

a ويكان waikān, Oh! alas!

edi (v.n.), Paining, afflicting; woe to (you)! fy upon (you)! an affliction, misfortune; punishment, torment; the gate of hell; also name of a valley, river, or well there; -wailak, Woe to thee!waila-hu, Woe to him!-wailî, Woe is me!

بيل wil, wail, Victory, success, happy issue; superiority; bravo! = J, q.v. above; -wil (pronounced well) kardan, To let loose, let go, set free (m.c.);—wil-am kun, Leave

me alone (m.c.).

welān, Anything having a beginning ويلان and an ending, but no middle; incomplete.

ويلائع wailānj, Sweet. willā-hā, Villas (m.c.).

ል ዲኒ, wailat, waila, Woe! alas! disgrace, ignominy; cry, clamour.

.wail-kash, Vindictive ويل كش

ملك, wila, Victory; fortitude; clamour, great noise; a clew of cotton-thread.

wim, A wash for walls.

ທາ, wīn, Black grapes; colour. ພາ, wīn, Vienna (G. Wien, m.c.).

winad (for binad), He sees.

wenadānak, A bladder of musk. , wayo, wiyo, A bride.

▲ 4, waih, Be of good cheer! come on!

(a particle of invitation).

waihand, Name of a city in Kanda-

م رايد م , wa'id, A loud sound or voice; a slow, gentle pace.

ه وکيده ه wa'īdat, wa'īda, (A girl) buried alive.

wiyīs, Like, resembling.

8 h (called ha'i hauwas or ha'i mudauwara "round ha"), the thirty-first letter of the Persian-Arabic alphabet, signifies five in arithmetic, and denotes in almanacs Thursday and the sign Virgo, also the planet Venus and the moon when bright. It is a slight aspirate, like the h in "hope," either of guttural origin, as in mih, corresponding to the Greek μέγας, or in dah, G. δεκα, &c., whence the frequent change of the h at the end of Persian nouns into g before the plural termination an and the diminutive affix ak (ندة zinda, pl. زندکان zindagān ; خامکه jāma, dim. جامکات jāmagak), and the substitution of 3 in هستان .Arabic for the final in Persian (A = P. پشته); or it is of dental origin, as in sl. māh "moon," S. māsa; no muhr "seal," S. mudrā; sl. gāh "place," Z. gātu. Lastly, it is originally labial, as in کوه kōh, compared with Zand-Pazand کوب kop and A. تاب gāf, in کونه hūfat. Accordingly we find it is of two kinds: ی and, در ف manifest or sounded (zāhir), and concealed or mute (makhfi). The former is enunciated whether preceded by fathah, zammah, or kasrah, as rah "a road," anduh "grief," farbih "fat" (pl. rahhā, anduhhā, girihhā). In the diminutive it is marked with fathah.

as rahak "a little road," and whak "a trifling sorrow," girihak "a small button." When taking the izāfah it is marked with karrah, as rahi man "my road," anduhi man "My sorrow," girihi man "my button." Mute & occurs principally in four kinds of words; (1) in nouns bearing a resemblance or relationship to another object, as dasta "a handle," from dast "the hand," &c.; (2) in the past active participle, or the simple passive participle, as kushta "having slain" or "slain," &c.; (3) in adjectives, specifying time, which are formed from the words $s\bar{a}l$ "year," $m\bar{a}h$ "month," ros "day," and shab "night," as yak- $s\bar{a}la$ "yearling," du- $m\bar{a}ha$ "bi-monthly," harroza "daily," chahār-shaba "quadri-nocturnal, every fourth night"; (4) in all those Arabic feminines, terminating in § _, whose bas not in Persian changed to ..., that is, roughly speaking, in feminine adjectives, and such uouns as are not abstract substantives. In the plural of such words the h is generally, but by no means necessarily, dropped before the termination ha, as khāna-hā "houses," &c.; while before the termination an it is changed to g, as āhū-bara "fawn," pl. āhū-baragān. When taking the sign izāfah the sign hamsah is placed over it, pronounced with kasrah, although the latter sign is not expressed in writing, as مالة من khāna'i man "my house." For further particulars consult the Grammar.

₩ hā, Have a care! be ready! here! behold! whether? is it so? a slap on the face; white on a bird's face; the plural termination, formerly mostly of things inanimate, as sang "a stone," sang-hā "stones," while the plural of animated beings was generally (not exclusively) formed by an, as adami "man," pl. adamiyan "men, mankind." In modern Persian, however, the ending $h\bar{a}$ has almost entirely superseded an both for inanimated and animated beings.

 $h = h\bar{a}$, (the 3rd pers. sing. of the affixed pronoun) Her, to, of, from, or by her; (referring to broken plurals) theirs, &c.; (interjection) lo! behold! take! (particle of swearing) by, as: $[l\bar{a} \ h\bar{a}'ll\bar{a}hi, \ Not, \ by \ God!]-h\bar{a}'$, Take! give! grant! name of the letter h.

ابدة hābidat, hābida, A woman who gathers colocynth or the seeds thereof.

hābir, (A blow) which cuts asunder هابر م and divides, so that one part falls, or which cuts off a large piece of flesh.

hābish, One who collects much. هابش ⊾

hābishat, hābisha, A crowd just هابشة assembled.

A المام hābit, Falling, descending; a faller.

hābīghī, Real, true.

A ماهل hābīl, Abel, Adam's son.

hāti, Give! grant! let it be so! ماتك hātif, One who cries aloud; an encomiast, praiser; a voice from heaven, or from an invisible speaker; a secret monitor, guardian angel.

هاتل A hātil, هاتن hātin, (A cloud) rain-

ing incessantly, but in small drops.

hātī, Name of a people in Tūrān. hājar, Hagar the mother of Ishmael; -hājir, Elegant, excellent (thing); delirious, speaking foolishly or deliriously; emigrating; name of a tribe.

hājirat (fem. of the preceding), Vain, foolish; obscene, profane, or malevoleet discourse; the sultry afternoon-heat.

a هاجري hājirī, A citizen of Hajar in Arabia Felix; good, excellent.

hājis, (A thing) recurring to the mind.

A & hāji', Asleep, sleeping.

hajin, A girl married prematurely; any animal brought too early to the male; a tinder-box not striking fire at

hājī, A satirist; one who spells. هاجي ▲ hāchānīdan (caus. of the following), To cause to seize, wither, &c.

ماجيدن hāchīdan, To seize, carry off; to

dry, wither; to be or to grow cold.

hākhtūr, Part, portion (doubtful : below).

A shadd, Sound, especially the roaring or murmuring of the sea.

▲ الله hāddat, hādda, Thunder.

hādu<u>kh</u>t (Z. hadhao<u>kh</u>ta), Name of

the 22nd chapter of the Zand.

hādir, One who permits the effusion هادر ه of blood with impunity; vile, contemptible; useless; braying (camel); (milk) turning thick at top when it sours.

A B, sla hadirat, hadira, Braying (she-

camel).

hā-darwish, A desert in Turki-

hādif, One who enters, who approaches.

▲ المادة hādifat, hādifa, A body, crowd of people.

مادل hādil, Pendulous (lip); pendu-

lous-lipped.

hādim, A demolisher, marrer, هادم ⊾ destroyer; -hādimu 'l-lazzāt, (Death) the destroyer of delights.

مادررى hādūrī, Name of a sect of beggars. هادوريان hādūriyān (pl. of hādūrī), Bold, sturdy beggars, destitute vagrants whom the police keep off the roads.

hādī, A kind of stone, which whoever keeps by him, the dogs will not

bark at him.

هادي له hādī, A director, leader, guide : one who enjoys rest or peace; the neck;

head or point of an arrow; an ox in the centre of a threshing-floor, round which the other oxen move when treading out the grain; — hādī 's-sabīl (tarīq), The guide to the way (of salvation), i.e. God; -hādī'i subul, A guide of the ways, i.e. Muhammad ;—hādī'i mahdī-ghulām, Name of Muhammad.

هادية hādiyat, hādiya, The leader of a

flock; a stick staff.

hāzā, This. (See اهٰذا below.)

هادل hāzil, Midnight; also the beginning or remainder of the night.

اهار (S. hāra), A row, rank, line, string; a string of pearls; a necklace; a wreath, chaplet; a pearl; anything well arranged; the neck; the bones in the neck of any animal; (perhaps contraction of A. mihār) a piece of wood put through a perforation in a camel's nose to guide him by; excrement; putrid flesh; astonished, stupefied; unfortunate, distressed; foolish, weak, silly; silent; hār kardan, To turn

(a person's) head (m.c.). A har, Weak with age or infirmity;—

hārr, The squalling of a cat.

هارب hārp, A harp (m.c. from E.).

ان الله hārān, Haran, Terah's son, hrother of Abraham and father of Lot.

هارب ه hārib, Flying; a fugitive; one who returns from watering ;-harib shudan, To fly, to shun; mā la-hu qārib wa lā hārib, None approaches him and none shuns him, he is neither loved nor feared, he is of no account.

هار پا hār-pā, Name of a prickly little fish. hārad, Name of the 25th of the

month.

hārish, Vanity, vain-glory, boasthārim, A camel feeding on the

q.v. below.

مار م hārū, Hero, the mistress of Lean-

der (see الدروس p. 109). الدروس hārūt, Name of an angel, who, together with another named Marut, having severely censured mankind before the throne of God, was sent with him down to earth in human shapes to judge of the temptations to which man is subject. They could not withstand them: they were seduced by women, and committed every kind of iniquity; for which they were suspended by the feet in a well in Babylon, where they are to remain in great torment till the day of judgment. They are said to be teachers of magic to man. p. 1140.)

a هاروت كن hārūt-fan, A skilful magi-

a هاروتي hārute, A magician like Hārūt; -hārūtī, Magic, incantation, sorcery.

مارون hārūn, Aaron, brother of Moses; a refractory horse; chief, leader; a messenger, courier; helplessness, indigence; astonishment; amazement; -- hārūni āsitāna'i gardan, The courier of the court of heaven, (met.) the moon; — hārūnu 'r-rashīd, Name of the fifth caliph of the house of Abbas, and twenty-fourth from Muhammad. He reigned from A.D. 786 till 808.

hārūne, One like Aaron ;— hārūnī, Watching, keeping guard (as Aaron in the absence of Moses).

hārūnīdan, To be at a loss, con-

founded, distracted.

hārī, A doer of every kind of dirty work, a sweeper.

hāz. A curling lock.

مار هار المار hāzz, Shining, glittering (star). A الله hazil, Facetious; a joker, jester.

hāzim, One who depresses, oppresses, or puts to flight.

A Loglo hazimat, hazima, Misfortune, ca-

lamity.

أويا hāziyā, = هاريا q.v. above.

hāzh, Clamour, loud exclamation, sound; afflicted, mournful, penitent; astonished; dumbfounded with amazement; stupid; poor; abject, vile, bad; ugly; silent from love.

hāzhū, Astonished, stupefied; abject,

vile, poor; ugly.
ناوبيدي hāzhūyīdan, To be distracted, at a loss, confounded.

 $\delta j = h dz h a$, = j = q.v. above.

ازيدن hāzhīdan, To weep, cry; to look. أماس hās, Too, also, likewise; dread,

hāshim. Who breaks bread into broth; surname of an ancestor of Muhammad, on account of his doing so for the benefit of the poor at the time of a great famine.

A dan häshimat, häshima, A wound or contusion breaking a bone without shiver-

hāzib, Wetting rain; rain falling هاهب

in large drops.

مائم له hāzim, Soft, loose; digestive;

purgative.

hāzūm, Medicine, or anything promoting digestion; one who puts up with an insult.

ماطل م hāṭil, Incessant and small (rain);

a cloud raining continuously.

مانی ه hāfi, Starving, famished (man).

ماتل م hāqil, A male mouse.

اهاك hāk, (in Zand and Pāzand) A bird's

hāka, Take!

هاكرة hākra, هاكله hākla, A stutterer.

أهاكم hâkūl, Ratsbane.

مال مار hāl, Quiet, firmness, establishment; patience; the goal in the game of bandy; the lesser cardamom.

halibu 'sh-sha'r, The coldest هالب الشعر ه days of winter.

A Who hālat, hāla, A halo round the moon; name of the wife of Abdu 'l-mutallib.

hāli', Very impatient, greedy; swift-paced (ostrich).

A will halik, Perishing, in the state of being destroyed or killed; destructive;hālik shudan, To perish.

a Sha hālikī, A blacksmith; a polisher. hālūjīn, A swing.

hālūk, A mouse.

اه hāla, A halo round the moon (see above, and cf. G. άλώς); construed with afgandan, bastan, zadan, &c.; a bad fellow, corrupter, destroyer, author of evil; colour; at ease, at rest; quiet, easy; a sort of wood of which lamp-wicks are made.

اله وار hālawār, Circularly (like a halo). ام ه hām, hāmm (?) (pl. of hāmat), Heads; chiefs; owls.

hāmāl, Of the same mind, unanimous, similar, uniform; a companion, equal, peer; concord, harmony. (See below.)

while haman, Name of Abraham's brother; name of Pharaoh's vizier; name of a place in Kirman where Shah Ni'matu 'lláh Wali is buried.

hāmāwar, هاماوران hāmāwaran, Syria; Yaman.

A La hamat, The head of any animal; the chief of a people, family, or tribe; an owl; -hāmmat, hamīm, A stinging reptile; beasts, cattle.

هامده hāmid, fem. هامده hāmidat, hāmida, Worn; obsolete; black, changed, withered (plant); barren (place); extinct (fire).

hāmir, (A cloud) pouring down هاسر ه rain.

hām-rāh, A companion, fellowtraveller.

hāmarz, (in Pehlevi) Rise up.

مامز 🛦 hāmiz, A defamer (male or female) ; winking; making a sign with the eye. hāmish, Margin of a book.

hāmil, Unanimous, like, uniform. هامل

هامل ه hāmil, (A camel) feeding at large night and day.

ماملة hāmilat (pl. of the preceding), Camels feeding at large night and day.

hāmun, A plain; hard level ground. hāmwāra, Smooth, هامواره hāmwāra, Smooth, even, level; always, continually; eternity, perpetuity.

hāmūm, The melted fat of a

camel's hump; hump of a camel.

هامون hāmūn, A plain; level ground; a desert :- dasht u hāmūn, A desert and extensive plain.

אינט לענט hāmūn-naward, A traveller of the desert.

hāmī, Distracted, astonished.

hāmyān, A long purse.

old han, Truly, yes; make haste! know! have a care! let it not be!

above, of which at it is probably a misreading, or vice versâ.

A هانع hāni', Humble, submissive. هانع hāna, Is it not?

الله hānī, (in Pehlevi) Sit down.

hāv, Used when charging an enemy. هارش hāwush, (in Zand and Pāzand) A disciple or follower of a prophet; attached, dependent.

ن hāwan, A mortar; vulva;—hāwin, (in Zand and Pâzand) The first of the five

daily prayers.

hāwan-dasta, Pestle and mor-

مارن کرب hāwan-kob, A pounder in a mortar; a maker of ink; performing coition.

a هارون hāwūn (for P. hāwan), A mortar. هارون hāv-hāv, عار q.v. above.

hāwī, Fallen headlong; -- hāwīy,

in P. also hāwī, Aerial, airy, windy.

م المالية hāwiyat, hāwiya, The nethermost hell; a deep, dark place, gulf, pitfall; air, sky.

a هارية بند hāwiya-band, Hell-closing. a هارية مثال hāwiya-miṣāl, Hell-like, infernal.

هاهنا يه hāhunā, Here; hither.

های hāy, O! ah! alas! Well done!

هايآهاي hāyāhāy, The cries of mourners. هاياهري hāyāhūy, Shout of joy and festiity.

A + 3 to hā'ib, Timid, timorous, afraid,

fearful.

 $h\bar{a}'ij$, Furious, raging, rutting (camel); anger, rage.

ا مالد ha'id, Repentant, returning to duty.

hā'i', Liquid, melted (lead); dark (night); timid, languid, cowardly.

A defis hā'i'at, hā'i'a, A horrible noise, fearful sound.

hā'if, Very thirsty. هاگف م

A & Ma hā'ifat, hā'ifa, (Camels) turning their open mouths to the wind from intense thirst.

الله hā'il, fem. الله hā'ila, hā'ila, Terrible, horrible, frightful; huge, large;---wāgi'a'i hā'ila, A dreadful accident.

hā'im, Astonished, confused, wandering, distracted, furious, from love or any other cause.

هائنه hā'ina, = هائينه q.v. below.

هايهان المَهْ الْمَهُمُ اللهُ

ها المائي المؤرنة hāyihā'ī, Lugubrious, mournful. هاي هري المقورة hāy u hūy, هاي هري المقورة hāy hūy, Noisy mirth, festivity, conviviality; make haste! be quick! hue and cry;—darīn hāy u hūy, In the middle of this uproar, tumult, hubbub (m.c.).

هائينة hā'īna (for har ā'īna), Always;

certainly.

hib, (in Zand and Pazand) Leave alone.

hab (imp. of , q.v. above), Grant it, allow it to be so; fear thou; habb (v.n.), Awaking, rising (from sleep); blowing with violence (wind); being active; brisk, nimble, swift (a camel); being shaken or brandished (a sword); penetrating (the same); being routed, fleeing away.

habā', habā', habā, هبات habāb, Dnst, especially the finer particles which fly about, and are only conspicuous in the sun's rays; atom; (in P.) perished, dispersed, lost; construed with the verbs dāshtan, shudan, &c.;—habā kardan, To reduce to powder, to annihilate; to exhale, evaporate.

to annihilate; to exhale, evaporate.

A hibāb (v.n. of hibab, Wiolent, blustering (wind).

A habat, Name of a place within the tribe of Ghatafan, where a battle was fought.

مبات hibāt (pl. of hibat), Gifts.

هار ه habbār, Sharp (sword); a very hairy monkey; name of a place.

مباه habbāsh, One who acquires or collects, who scrapes together for his

family.

A قباهة hubāshat, hubāsha, A crowd; a herd.

A E hibā' (pl. of hubā'), Colts of the last birth.

habāk, Top of a mountain; crown of the head; the dyeing matter of gumlac.

A Ji, habāl, Name of a tree;—habbāl, One who searches or watches to catch or to deceive; a hunter; one who lays snares for man or beast.

مالله habâlat, Search, endeavour; petition.

مبب hibab (pl. of hibbat), Rags, tat-

A منه hibat (v.n. of روس), Giving, bestowing; pardoning, forgiving; a gift, a present; [hibat kardan, To give, bestow;]—habbat, hibbat, An hour; a short time before dawn; any space of time; a year; the penetrancy of a sword;—hibbat, A rag, tatter.

habt (v.n.), Striking, beating down; being stupid; being timid, cowardly, indolent.

مبتة habtat, Weakness of mind; cowardice, baseness; dotage, madness, silliness; a stroke, blow.

A مبد habd (v.n. of مبد), Gathering, braising, or boiling the seeds of the colocynth; serving them up before anyone; the wild gourd, or its seed.

habad, A piece of board used to level the surface of a new-ploughed field.

A habr (v.n.), Cutting (meat), cutting off (a piece); pausing at the beginning of a verse in reading the Qur'an (a practice disapproved of); flesh; level or low ground or sands; -hubr, Refuse which falls from flaz; a grape-stone; (pl. of habr) level or low grounds or sands;—habar (v.n.), Being full of flesh (a camel); -habir, fem. 5, habirat, habira, Very fleshy (camel); -hubur (pl. of habīr), Level or low grounds, especially amongst hills.

habar, The pus and matter of a sore.

habrat, habra, A shell used to هبرة ▲ avert the effect of a malignant eye; a charm used by women to secure the affections of men; a piece of flesh without bone. (See also habir under .))

a هبرزی hibrisi, Pure gold; a new gold coin; beautiful; elegant Persian bracelet;

handsome boot; a lion.

habrūn, Hebron in Palestine. هبرون ▲

habsh (v.n.), Collecting, scraping هبش together; overtaking, reaching, finding; acquiring, carrying home.

مبم habas (v.n.), Being brisk, cheerful, active; lying eagerly in wait (for game); alacrity, cheerfulness; haste;habis, Brisk, active.

habaşá, A brisk, quick pace.

habi (v.n.), Sending, letting, or throwing down, precipitating; lowering or beating down (a price); attenuating, emaciating (as disease); decrease; a fall into evil or misfortune.

هبع haba' (v.n.), Coming suddenly from all quarters (men); stretching out the neck (as a camel or ass) when going quick; beginning to do so (a colt);—huba', fem. هبعه huba'at, huba'a, A camel's colt of the last birth, or end of the breeding season (ruba' implying of the first birth, or beginning of the season).

habqa'at, habqa'a, A mode of sitting on the points of the toes, with the thighs joined together, and the legs di-

verging from each other.

halak. The palm of the hand. مبكة hubakat, hubaka, Foolish.

A هبل habal (v.n.), Being deprived by death (a mother of her children); bereavement; hubal, Name of an ancient idol in the temple of Mecca; name of the father of the Kelibite tribe of Arabians.

مبلات 🛦 hubalāt, Descendants of Hubal. habnagat, habnaga, هبنقه habanqa'a, == هبقعة q.v. above.

habannak, Foolish, silly; weak,

languid; one who acts fraudulently; who goes about whispering slander.

hubnūqat, hubnūqa, A flute, pipe,

psaltery.

habw, Name of a tribe; -hubuw, hubū (v.n.), Being raised and flying in the air (dust); going to rise; dying out (fire); running off.

habūb, A wind which blows hard and raises the dust;—hubūb (v.n. of -), Awaking, breaking from sleep; blowing furiously (the wind); blasts or gales of

A Am habūbat, habūba, Strong, dustraising (wind).

A 8, habwat, habwa, Dust; darkness.

habbūd, Name of a place in the country of the Banu Numair; also of a man; of a horse belonging to 'Amr bin Ju'aid; of a watering-place or river.

habūr, A spider;—hubūr (pl. of habr), Low grounds or sands; large stones

on hills ;-habbūr, A small ant.

habūt, A steep or sloping place; an emaciated camel;—hubūt (v.n. of هما),
Descending from a height; decreasing, falling (price); reducing, lowering prices; emaciating anyone (sickness); descent, declivity; - hubut kardan, To go down, descend

هبوغ ه *hubūg<u>h</u>* (v.n. of هبوغ ه hubū<u>gh</u> (v.n. of

A هجول habūl, Bereaved (mother).

habùn, A spider. هبون

a منه hiba, A gift (see منه above) ;—hiba kardan, To give, bestow a present.

هيهاب ▲ habhāb, The vapour called also

sarāb, mirage; swift.

a هبهبيه habhabī, fem. هبهبيه habhabīyat, habhabiya, Quick-going, light, active (camel).

a هبه نامه hiba-nāma, A deed of gift; a

legacy; a testament.

habib (v.n. of جه), Blowing (the wind); awaking, rising from sleep.

مبيد habid, The bitter gourd or its seed.

habīr, (A blow) which divides, so that a part falls off; level or low ground or sands; pudenda.

hubairat, hubaira, A hyena; a أهبيرة hyena's whelp; a man's name;—abu hubaira, The male frog; -- ummu hubaira, A female frog.

مبيط habīt, Small, slender, meagre,

emaciated by disease.

هبيل A habīl, Abel, son of Adam.

habyūn, Opium. هبيون

hapāk, Top or crown of the head. hapad, An agricultural implement for levelling ploughed ground, a harrow.

hapū, A proper name (m.c.). hapyūn, Opium.

hatt (v.n.), Relating (anything)

readily and with propriety; talking much; tearing (the garments); being torn (the same); breaking, dashing to pieces; pouring out; laying or throwing down, deposing from any dignity; causing to lose rank or reputation; a fracture.

A "les hata', A fissure, rent, tear, crevice. A متانع hattat, Ready in speech; talka-

tive.

متك hutāf (v.n. of هتك), Exclaiming, calling to one; praising; complimenting (a lady) on (her) beauty.

hattāk, Violater, ravisher, pro-

faner.

hutāmat, hutāma, Fragment, bit,

broken piece.

A ماتان hātān (du. of hāzih), These two; -hattan, Glib-tongued; ready speaker; (a cloud) pouring forth small but incessant rain.

hatr (v.n. of هتر), Tearing, cutting, breaking; tearing (one's) reputation, slandering, defaming; impairing the intellect, making (one) a dotard (old age); -hitr A lie; an idle, foolish speech; a blunder, slip of the tongue, mistake; a wonderful thing, portent, omen, prodigy; a misfortune; [hitri hātir, The speech of a silly dotard; a wonder of wonders; - hitri ahtar, Cunning, shrewd, knavish;]-hutr, Folly, mental aberration from age, disease, or grief.

hatrat, Ridiculous folly, stupi-

dity.

hatsha, Ice.

معط hatf (v.n.), Cooing (a dove); calling (to one), exclaiming; — hataf, A

noise, sound.

hatk (v.n.), Tearing (a veil or curtain), so as to discover those who were concealed; revealing, nncovering; violating, ravishing; dishonouring, disgracing, defaming; dissipation; -hatki hijābi 'işmat, A tearing of the veil of chastity ; -- hatki 'irz kardan, To defame.

hutkat, hutka, A rent in a veil or curtain; a torn veil; slander, defamation;

a reproach, disgrace.

متكفت hatguft, hutguft, = هنگفت q.v.

below (probably misreading).

A متل hatl, هتل hatalan (v.r. of هتل), Raining incessantly (the sky), pouring down one gentle shower after another; flowing from the eyes (tears); - hatil, (A cloud) which drops a gentle rain;huttal, (Clouds) letting fall a gentle but incessant rain.

hatm (v.n.), Smiting (one) on the mouth, and dashing out (bia) front-teeth; -hatam (v.n.), Losing the fore-teeth, having them struck out.

hatmā', A woman whose front-

teeth have dropped out, edentate.

hatn, متري hatanān (v.n.), Pouring

forth a continued rain (the sky); raining awhile, then ceasing, and afterwards recommencing; raining gently but without interruption; flowing (tears);—hutun (pl. of hatun), huttan (pl. of hatin), (Clouds) which drop rain without intermission.

hatuf, Twanging (bow-string). A متول hutul. A raining gently but in-

cessantly.

A circle hatun. (A cloud) dropping rain incessantly; — hutūn (v.n. of هتن), Dropping without intermission (rain or tears).

ه متهات hathāt, Ready, voluble, talka-

tive.

ه متبته hathatat, hathata (v.n. of هتبته). Speaking readily, with propriety; crying hat hat to (a camel) drinking; a fracture.

hatayān, Mean, contemptible هنيان م men; verboseness; quilting, stuffing.

hatīkat, Disgraceful exposure.

هت ه hass, A lie.

مثاته haggāg, A liar.

hasm (v.n.), Giving frequently and liberally of one's property.

haj, A straight and erect position; preparation for an expedition; erecting anything in the manner of a spear, holding it perpendicular; rectitude; -haj kardan, To erect, raise, set up.

hajj (v.n.), Demolishing (a house);—hujj,

A yoke on the neck of a ox.

A محمه hijā', hijā (v.n. of هجو), Satirizing, ridiculing, railing at, lampooning, laughing to scorn; dividing into syllables, spelling; satire, bitter words, reproach; mode, manner;—hijā kardan, To connect the letters, to syllable, spell; to compose a satire, to ridicule; hurufi hijd', The letters of the alphabet; - 'alá hijā'i hāzā, In this manner.

A Slamb hajāt, A frog.

hijār, A bow-string; a ring at which the Persians were used to shoot; a diadem; a rope which ties the foot of a camel to his girth; a chain.

hajāris (pl. of hijris), Foxes هجارس م

or their cubs.

hajā', A conceited or stubborn هجاع م

مجال م hijāl (pl. of hajl), Large plains; (pl. of hajil) low, level grounds.

hijān, Noble and excellent (woman); good, fertile (ground); excellent white (camel or camels); (pl. of hajinat) the daughters of free fathers and slave mothers; - hujjān (pl. of hajīj), Lines drawn by a conjurer on the ground.

hajānat, Goodness, excellence, هجانة nobility of birth ;—hijanat (v.n. of محمن), Being born of a slave mother from a free father; foulness, baseness.

hajāwar, An assembly of people;

name of a country famous for handsome people.

A of hajā'in (pl. of hijān), White and noble (camels); (pl. of hajīnat) the daughters of free fathers and slave mothers.

a whijā'i, Relating to the alphabet, alphabetical;—al-hurūfu 'l-hijā'iya, The letters of the alphabet.

hujjad (pl. of hajūd), Those who

pray by night.

kajdah (for hashtdah), Eighteen ; hajdah hazār, Eighteen thousand.

hajdahum, The eighteenth.

hajr (v.n.), Separating, dividing, or cutting off; leaving, abandoning, deserting friends or country; speaking deliriously (as a sick man); abstaining from venery during Ramazan; fastening one end of a rope round a camel's foot, and the other at the saddle-girth; separation. disjunction, desertion of country or friends; exile, banishment; absence; mid-day, or the more sultry time of the day which follows it; a halter, a bridle; -hijr, Superior, super-excellent; excellent (camel); -hujr (v.n.), Doting, raving, talking nonsense (in sleep or sickness); dotage; trifling conversation, idle garrulity; a foolish or improper speech; -- hajar, Older name of Bahrain in Arabia; also of a tract celebrated for its dates, whence the proverb ka-mubzi'i tamr-in ilá hajar, "like one who carries dates to Hajar ";-hajir, Elegant, excellent ;-hujur (pl. of hajīr), Large cisterns for watering cattle.

A فجرائه hijrān (v.n. of هجرائه), Cutting off; departing, being separated from, or not frequenting friends; leaving one's country; separation, disjunction, remoteness,

distance from friends.

A 5, & hajrat, One year;—hijrat, hujrat, Departure from one's country and friends, separation of lovers or friends; in particular the flight of Muhammad from Mecca to Madīna, which, in the reign of the caliph Omar, was ordered to be considered as the Muhammadan era (hijra);—sana'i hijra, The year of the Hijra (beginning July 16th, A.D. 622);—al-hijratāni (du.), The two flights or emigrations, i.e. the one above mentioned, and the other of early Muhammadans to Ethiopia;—zū 'l-hijratain, One who made both these migrations.

A مجرس hijris, A fox, or the cub of a fox; also another animal smaller than a fox, which prowls about in the night.

A ε, λ hajra', hijra', Foolish, insane; long, tall; thin, meagre; a light, swift

hunting-dog, a greyhound.

a hijrī, Of, or according to, the Muhammadan era; — hajarī, Native of Hajar.

hajs (v.n.), Coming into mind; whatever one recollects or thinks of; what-

ever passes in one's mind; instinct; a low unintelligible voice; anything muttered.

A hujja' (pl. of haji'), Sleepers.

in the beginning of the night; night-watches;—hij'at, A manner of sleeping;—huja'at, huja'a, Senseless, foolish, careless.

hajaf (v.n.), Being hungry; falling here and there by disease and death; —hijaff, An old ostrich; stupid, lazy, slow

(man or ostrich); large-bellied.

A هجل hajl (v.n.), Looking slily askance; throwing, hurling (the cane-spear); a large plain, valley, or wood between mountains.

A مجم hajm (v.n.), Breaking down, overthrowing, demolishing (a house); uprooting; exhausting (by milking); a cup, capacious bowl or goblet.

A & hajmat, Assault, onset, attack; rigour or severity of winter; sultry heat of summer; a herd of camels, from forty

to a hundred.

A Opp hajn (v.n.), Being married too young (a girl); bearing fruit for the first time (a female palm-tree);—hujun (pl. of hajīn, hajīnat), Sons or daughters of free men by slave women.

A slight hujana', oligh hujnan (pl. of hajīn), Men whose fathers are free and

mothers slaves.

A hujnat (v.n.), Having a free father and slave mother; turpitude, baseness, blemish; bad language.

a المهنت الله hujnat-fisa, Increasing in

wickedness.

hajand, A herb which, when boiled, is given to cattle (= برخست q.v. p. 176). hajnam, (in Zand and Pāzand) I

give.

A jak hajw, hajw (v.n.), Satirizing, lampooning, reproaching, blaming; joining (letters) in syllables, spelling; satire, lampoon, pasquinade;—hajw (hajw kardan, To satirize;—hajwi malih, Seeming praise, but real satire; irony.

A مجود hajūd, One who says nightly prayers;—hujūd (v.n. of مجد), Sleeping in the night; waking, watching; sleep; (pl. of hajūd) sayers of nightly prayers.

A محور hujūr (v.n. of محبر), Tying (a camel) with one end of the rope round (his) feet and the other to the saddle-

girth.

A قبده hujū' (v.n. of هجوع), Sleeping;
being satisfied (hunger); sleep, slumber;

sleepers.

A محرل hajūl, A harlot;—hujūl, Flowing

(tears); (pl. of hajl) wide plains.

hajūm, (Wind) blowing down a house; one who enters suddenly; introduced;—hujūm (v.n. of معمه), Attacking, invading, charging, assaulting, rushing upon suddenly; falling (a house); entering without leave; introducing; coming

on (winter, or anything unpleasant); being deeply sunk in the socket (an eye); an assault, attack, effort; a crowd, an unruly mob; impetuosity;—hujūm āwardan, To scramble up to, to rush upon, to mob

hujūnat (v.n. of هجونا), Having a free father and slave mother; turpitude,

deformity.

a hajwī, Satirical.

אבפּגּאים hajwīyāt (pl. fem. of the preceding), Satirical writings, poems, &c.

hujawīr, Name of a village near هجوير ▲

a هجويري hujawīrī, Of or belonging to Hujawir; an inhabitant or native of that

A by hajhaj, Used in calling to sheep. hojhajat, hajhaja (v.n. of sho), Shouting aloud to drive off (the lion), or checking (a camel) by calling out hij; the shout of the Kurds at the onset of a

a هجي hajī, Spelling.

A هجيج $haj\bar{\imath}j$ (v.n. of هجيج), Demolishing (a house); a deep valley; heat (of fire); a line drawn by a conjurer on the ground.

hajed, (in Zand and Pāzand) Give ye.

hajīdan, To grow dry.

hajîr, Name of the son of Qāran bin Kāwa; also of a son of Güdarz:-

hujīr, Good, fair, select, choice.

hajīr, Meridian, noon, mid-day; mid-day heat; a large and capacious cistern or trough for watering cattle; dry herbs, of a salt and bitter kind, broken and left by cattle; a large cup.

hajirat, The meridian; mid-day; mid-day heat; -hujairat, hujaira (dim. of hajrat), An entire year ;—hijjīrat, Manner,

custom.

hajī', A third, a fourth, or a smaller part of the night.

hajīl, Low level ground.

hajīmat, hajīma, Milk becoming هجيمة thick before it is shaken; whey.

hajīn, A man born of a free father and a slave mother; a horse got by an Arabian sire from a foreign dam; a mean-blooded pack-horse; base, sordid.

hajinat, hajina, A woman born هجينة

of a free father and slave mother.

hach (huch) = q.v. above ;—hach(huch) kardan, To fix anything in the ground; to raise, erect, set up.

hichkārā, Useless, bad.

hach u mach, The sound produced by kissing, a smack.

hachīdan, To vex, grieve, irritate, injure, molest; to gape, yawn; to reel, stagger (as sheep); to seize, carry off; to flay a sheep.

had, Name of a place in the province

of Yazd.

hadd (v.n.), Breaking, demolishing, ruining; allay another's sorrow, alleviate his misfortune; praising one for strength and bravery; liberal, generous; - hidd, Weak, cowardly.

هدآه hidā', Sending or bringing the

bride to the bridegroom's house (?).

A مدايد hudābid, Very thick milk. A مداة hudāt (pl. of hādī), Guides.

hadār. Name of the birthplace of Musailimat the pretender; -haddar, A multitude plundering and committing every kind of enormity.

A مدال hadāl, Branches hanging down through unsoundness of the root; -hidal

(pl. of hadālat), Crowds.

مدالة hadālat, hidāla, A crowd; a species of tree.

هدان A مدان hidan, Foolish; slow, lazy; timid, cowardly.

هدالله hudānat, Peace, tranquillity; a truce.

a مداهد مشdāhid, Gentleness, courtesy; (pl. of hudhud), hoopoos, puets; (pl. of hadhadat) whispers, murmurs; cooings of doves; -hudāhid, A hoopoo, puet; name of a tribal branch.

A هدايا hadāyā (pl. of hadīyat), Gifts, presents; —hadāyāyi shāhāna, Royal gifts, presents worthy of a king; -hadāyāyi

fakhira, Costly gifts.

هداية hidāyat (v.n. of هداية), Making known, guiding, directing; leading one into the right road (in a literal or religious sense); guidance or direction to the right way or to the road of salvation; name of a celebrated law-treatise; a male proper name (m.c.).

A هدب hadb (v.n.), Milking (a camel); gathering fruit; -hadab (v.n.), Having long eye-lashes (the eye); the small hairlike leaf of a plant (such as the tamarisk or cypress); [hadabu 'l-'ain, The eye-lash;] -hudb, hudub, Eye-lashes; fringed edges of garments.

هدية hudbat, hudba, One eyelash; hadabat, hadaba, One leaf resembling hair.

A પ્રાથમ hudabid, Very thick milk; a. weakness of sight and running at the eye; purblindness during the night; weaksighted.

هدبه hadba, A species of centipede.

haddat, Noise of a falling wall or هدة the like.

هدجان A معدجان hadajan, Tremulous gait of an old man, or running of an ostrich.

adad, Name of a pirate king. هدد

هدر ه hadr, hadar (v.n.), Being shed or allowed to be shed with impunity (blood); impunity for murder or manslaughter; slaughter, bloodshed; unprofitable expenditure, useless effort, anything vain; construed with the verbs dashtan, shudan. kardan, &c.

هدرا hadr-an, hadar-an, With impunity, unavenged.

هدرة A معرة hadarat, hadara, Worthless (man,

men).

A هدم hads (v.n.), Driving ;—hadas, (in Yaman) A myrtle-tree.

هدش (r), Name of a place on the confines of Yazd.

A هدت hadf (v.n.), Entering; approaching (fifty); being weak, lazy, and torpid;
—hadaf, A butt or mark for archers; anything elevated or placed high; a mountain, a hill of sand; a lofty building; an object aimed at, taken in by a telescope, &c.

هدكير , hadgīr, An island in the Indian sea.

A مدل hadl (v.n.), Allowing (anything) to hang loose; dropping (his) nether lip when ulcerated (a camel);—hadal (v.n.), Being long-lipped (a camel); hanging (a camel's lip);—hadil, Long-lipped (camel).

هدلاه A مدلى hadla, Pendulous,

hanging (lip).

هدل زنگی hadal-zangī, Turbith-root.

A hadm (v.n.), Ruining, demolishing, levelling with the ground, laying waste; ruin, destruction, demolition;—hidm, A worn or patched garment;—hadam (v.n.), Longing for the male (a she-camel); anything falling into a well from the side;—hadim, An old catamite; a destroyer.

hadman, Depriving oneself of a thing to bestow it upon another, a gift, a

hounty.

A مدم hadmat, Small rain; part (of wealth); hadamat (v.n. of مدم, Longing for the male (a she-camel); hadimat, Libidinous (she-camel).

A هدن hidn, Plenty, fertility; quiet, rest, tranquility;—hudun (pl. of hidan), Fool-

ish; lazy, slow.

م هنگ hadnat, Small, gentle rain;—hudnat, Peace; a truce; quiet, tranquillity.

هدنج hadang, A white or gray horse.

هدو A هدو hadūw, hadū, A road-guide; hudū' (v.n. of هاه), Resting or remaining in a place; quiet, rest, tranquillity (especially of the night); part (of the night); a third (of it).

A هدود hadūd, Plain ground; the steep declivity of a mountain;—hudūd (v.n. of هدة), Breaking, demolishing; a fracture.

a هدون hudān (v.n. of هدي), Resting; quieting; soothing (as a mother her child); living in affluence and quiet; quiet, tranquillity.

مدة huda, Just, true; profit, advantage; truth; --- bī-huda, False, vain; speaking

foolishly.

مدهاد hadhād, Name of the father of Bilkīs.

hadhad, The noise or voice of

demons;—hudhud, Any bird that calls out much;—hudhud, hudahid, The hoopoo, or puet.

A قدهد hadhadat, hadhada (v.n. of مدهد), Cooing (as a dove); a whisper, murmur; a lullaby;—hadhada raftan, To terrify, frighten, threaten.

hadī, A corn-field watered by rain. A هدى hady (v.n.), Guiding right, directing; pointing out the way (home, or to any other place); leading a bride home to her husband; being directed in the right way; institution, mode of living, habit; cattle carried to Mecca to be sacrificed;—hudá (v.n. of مدى), Directing, guiding; direction into the right road, or into the way of salvation; the way of salvation; the Qur'ān; a straight road, a day;—hadīy, in. P. hadī, Cattle carried to Mecca to be sacrificed; a captive; a bride conveyed to her husband's home; anything honourable, venerable, precious.

A & A hadyat, hadya, One animal offered in sacrifice at Mecca;—hidyat, Institution, custom; any situation in which one is, affair, business;—hadīyat, in P. also hadiya, hadya, A present, especially one offered to superiors; an animal offered in sacrifice at Mecca; an offering on the altar; a bride;—hadīyatu 'l-qudūm, A present to a priuce or a friend on their arrival;—hadīya'i dandān, Money distributed to the poor after a feast;—hadīya kardan, To make a present.

a مديد hadid (v.n. of هديد), Falling with a crash (a wall); a disease of the eye which makes it water.

هدير hadīr (v.n. of هدير), Cooing (a pigeon); braying (a camel).

a هديل hadil (v.n. of هديل, Cooing, mourning (as a turtle-dove); a pigeon, a dove.

هدينة hadīna, A ladder.

A is hazz (v.n.), Cutting or reading quickly; going quickly, bastening; who or what cuts quickly; very sharp.

A Na hāzā, This;—hāzā 'l-yaum, Today, now, at present, in these times;—liajli hāzā, On this account, wherefore;—lihāzā, Therefore, for that reason;—misl hāzā, In this manner, thus, so.

A A A A A A Cutting quickly; reading fast;—hazzāz, Whoever cuts quickly; (a camel) which precedes or gets before others.

هذار مهذار مغار hazzār, Delirious; a vain, idle talker.

مداریم hazārīf (pl. of huzrāf), Quick, swift.

هذات م hazzāf, Quick, expeditious; sharp.

A هذاك hāzāka, He; that.

هذاليل ه hazālīl (pl. of huzlūl), Hillocke.

مدام هدام المام huzām, Sharp (sword); bold, strong.

hāzāni (du. of hāzā), These two.

A what hazb (v.n.), Cutting; pruning palm-trees of the hairy fibres called lif; cleaning, purifying, making free from admixture;—hazab, Purity, integrity; brightness.

A JAs hazaz (v.n.), Cutting or reading

quickly; hastening, accelerating.

A معلو hazr (v.n.), Doting, reasoning absurdly, talking idly;—hazar (v.n.), Being pre-eminently nonsensical and frivolous (talk); delirium, insanity; loquacity, frivolous garrulity, nonsense;—hazir, fem. هدول hazirat, hazira, Delirious, foolish in speech.

A مدرنة hazrafat, Celerity, expedition.

A مدرون huzrūf, Quick, swift.

A هذات hazif, Quick; sharp.

A مدن hazq (v.n.), Breaking.

هَذُولُ هَ huzlūl, A little hill, hiliock, heap of sand; tine sand; a small channel of a river; a thin cloud; a nimble, active man; a light or slender arrow.

a هذلي huzalī, Pertaining to the tribe Huzail, or to the man of that name.

A مدم hazm (v.n.), Cutting quick; eating fast.

hazmalat, hazmala, A going with

short steps.

A she hazw (v.n.), Being delirious, raving in speech, from distemper or other cause; shaking, brandishing (a sword); cutting quick.

hazūz, Quick-cutting, very keen

(knife).

مدرك ه huzūf, A going fast, a making baste.

منع hazihi, She; this (referring to a

feminine object).

هدى ما أموني أمو

هذي hazayān (v.n. of هذي Being delirious, raving, talking nonsense; vain, useless words; — hazayāni maḥrūr, The delirium of one in a fever.

مديان باعي hazayān-pāsh, Scattering non-

sense, speaking idly.

هدَيَانَاتِ hazayānāt, hazyānāt (pl. of hazayān), Delirious ravings, &c.

ه هایل huzail, Name of an Arabian tribe; also of a man.

pa har (S. sarva, Z. haurva), Every, all; each; any; (in the dialect of Shīrāz) a noxious grain amongst corn; [har aḥad, Every one;—har ān jā, Wherever;—har ān chi, Everything that;—har ān ki, Everyone who;—har bār, Every time, at all times, always, as often as, whensoever, at whatever time, for as much as, if so be;—har

jā, har jā ki, Everywhere ;—har jins, Every kind, of all sorts ;-har chand ki, Although, notwithstanding, how much soever; -har chi, Whatsoever; -har chi bād bād, Whatever must be must be, follow what will, whatever is the consequence; -har dayimā, Perpetually, always, continually;har dam, Every moment, always; -har du, Both of them;—har roz, Every day, daily; -har zamān, Every time, at all times, continually; -har sal, Every year, annually; -har shay, Everything; -har fard, Everyone; every bit; - har kas, Everyone :- har gāh ki, Every time that, whensoever ;—har waqt, Every time, at all times, continually; — az har taraf, From every side;] - hir, Used in calling sheep together; cloud, fog; ice; a groan; pimple, pustule; -hur. Fear; departure.

har, (in Zand and Pazand) An agent,

a doer.

harr (v.n.), Abhorring, detesting; —harr, hirr (?), A driving or a calling of sheep, especially to water;—hirr, A ramcat; name of a woman;—hurr (v.n. of 5,2), Being troubled with flux, or a distemper

producing it (a camel); a lion.

tys harā, A trifling, incoherent speech, foolish words; one who speaks indecently; —hirā, Name of the city of Herāt;—harrā, The yellow myrobalan (Terminalia chebula); little gold and silver balls with which trappings are adorned (from their shape and colour);—harrā, hurrā, Voice, sound; the roar of a lion;—hirrā, Noise of trickling water;—hurrā, Fear; splendour.

A A harrā', A vendor of cloths made

at Herāt.

אין ב hurrāb (pl. of hārib), Fugitives.

A אין איז harābizat (pl. of hirbiz), The at-

tendants on a fire-temple.

مرات ما المحدد المعلق على المحدد المعلق الم

a مراده hirāda, A bludgeon, cudgel, stick (misreading for A. عرادة q.v.).

g a عراتهي harātiqī, A heretic.

A solve hirār (v.n. 3 of je), Detesting, expressing abhorrence of anyone before his face;—hurār (v.n. of je), Being troubled with a flux, or any distemper causing it (a camel); the flux itself; a tumour between the skin and flesh;—harrār, Very noisy; the star called the Falling Eagle; also the heart of the Scorpion; name of the first and last Syrian months, December and January;—al harrārāni, Both those stars and both those months.

harrārat, Overflowing with tears هرارة ه

(eye).

a فرار زدهٔ hurār-zada, (A camel) troubled with a watery humour between the skin and flesh; fluxed.

hirarish, Vomiting, vomit.

harās, Name of a thorny tree ;hiras, haras, Terror, fear, dread; confusion, amazement; a scarecrow placed in a garden to frighten away birds or beasts; (imp. of the verb hirasidan) fear thou, &c.;—hirās kardan, To terrify;—'alāmāti hirās, Signs of fear. The word is also construed with the verbs uftādan, afgandan, däshtan, &c.

harrās, A vendor or preparer of

a sort of pottage called harisat.

اسان hirāsā, Timid, fearful; a scarecrow. hirāsān, Frightened, fearing, dreading, timid; frightening; - hirāsān shudan, To dread.

hirāsandagān, Penitents; men endued with the fear of God, God-fearing

اهرات hirāsa, harāsa, Terror; a scarecrow; anything used to cause fear.

hirāsīdan, harāsīdan, To fear, dread, be cautious; to defend, preserve; to terrify.

hirāsīda, Terrified, frightened. harāsh, A vomit, vomiting ;—hu-

rāsh, Fallen off, offal, refuse (doubtful). harāsh, The piece of wood put through the nose of a camel to guide him by;—hirāsh (v.n. 3 of هرث), Setting (men or dogs) together by the ears; romping.

هرهيدي harashīdan, To vomit. g a مراهای harātiqat, harātiqa, Heretics. hiraqat, The act of pouring out هراقة A (water).

مراك harāk, Fear; a scarecrow.

hirām (pl. of haram), The pyramids; name of a man.

هراميل ه harāmīl (pl. of hurmīl), (Hairs) fallen off, shed.

har an, Every.

harānī, A cauldron, kettle. هرائي

harānīd, True nature; truth, reality هرائيد (probably misreading for هرآيند q.v. below).

har-āwāz, A nightin هر آواز, har-āwāz هر آوا gale, or rather a bird peculiar to the East which sings all notes.

hirāwat, hirāwa, A staff, club, mace.

harāwal, Vanguard; running foot-

man. hirāhir, A cloud of dust raised by

the wind; the roaring of wild beasts. هرای harāy, Religion, sect; (interjection)

help! (m.c.). harayand, True nature; truth,

reality.

هر آلينة har-ā'ina, هر آلينة har-ā'ina, Always, ever, in every way, by all means, at all events; destitute, belpless; doubtless, undoubtedly, certainly, assuredly, inevitably, infallibly, necessarily; clear, evident; fit, proper, necessarily.

hurb, The thin caul of fat cover-

ing the intestines of animals;—harab (v.n.), Flying, running away, absconding; flight.

a אָרְי har bab, Every chapter, subject, or topic; all sciences; every circumstance.

a هربابي harbābī, Master of all knowledge. هرباس harbās, A wooden club.

har bāsb, Each of the seven planets, i.e. Saturn, Jupiter, Mars, the Sun, Venus, Mercury, and the Moon.

A white harban, A fugitive; — haraban

(v.n. of هرب), Fleeing away, running off.

A مربد hirbad, A priest or judge of the worshippers of fire; a servant who lights the fires in the tombs of the Magi.

a هربك hirbiz (for P. hirbad), The priest or keeper of a temple of fire; one of the chief priests or wise men of the fire-worshippers.

hurbang, A noxious weed found among wheat in the spring, said to stupefy

those who eat it.

ልታ harba, A chameleon.

هر پاسبان har pāsbān, The seven planets.

A she-cat.

A مرت hart (v.n.), Tearing (a garment); being torn; dishonouring, defaming; well done (meat) ;-harat (v.n.), Being broad, wide (corners of the mouth); being burst (a woman).

hartāsp, A devotee, monk, ascetic. هرناسپ مرتوز hartūz, Truthfulness, veracity.

harta, A sheath or vessel containing هرته anything;—hartih, On all sides, everywhere.

harsamat, harsama, The tip of the هرثمة 🛦 nose (especially of a dog); the black division between the nostrils of a dog; the space between the nose and the lip; a lion; a man's name.

harj, Confines of an enemy's country هري

(misreading for eye).

A cya harj (v.n.), Speaking a great deal confusedly and incoherently; being tumultnous, seditious, destroying one another; indulging in venery; running much or well (a horse); tumult, sedition, confusion; -harj marj, harj u marj, Tumult, confusion, anarchy, chaos.

هر ما har jā, Every place, everywhere. هر ما كه har jā ki, Everywhere that,

wherever.

هر جا كرد har-jā-gord, A vagrant.

مُرِحْلَى harjā'ī, Öf, belonging to, existing in every place; ubiquitous; unsettled, variable, desultory, inconstant in love or friendship; a vagabond; stroller.

هرجاگی نهاد harjā'ī-nihād, Ungrateful, in-

constant in love.

A هرجله harjalat, harjala (v.n. of هرجله), Travelling with a disordered step; a disordered pace.

هرچه harch (in poetry for هرچه), What-

مر چند har chand, How much soever, al-

though; whensoever;—har chand ki, Not-withstarding, although, how much soever that;—har chand beshtar, The more, how much the more;—har chand tangtar bihtar, The narrower the better;—har chand zūdtar, As quick as possible, the sooner the better.

ا جري har chūn, In every way, howso-ever.

har chi, Whatsoever; whosoever;—har chi in mi-zanad an mi-raqsad, As this one pipes, so that one dances;—har chi bādā bād, Let what will happen;—har chi tamām-tar, As complete as possible;—har chi khwush-tar ast, It is most welcome or agreeable;—har chi zūdtar, As quick as possible.

a هر حال har ḥāl, Howsoever.

A sys hard (v.n.) Tearing (reputation or a garment); boiling or stewing (meat); being so stewed (meat); tumult. sedition; rip and tear;—hird, A man of the meanest sort; a she-ostrich;—hurd, Saffron; certain dyeing-roots; a kind of bole or red clay.

المحن harad (for Ar. hurd), Turmeric.

اهرکا harda, (in the dialect of Isfahān)

Name of a thorny plant (= کبراٹ q.v. p. 1012).

hirda', A species of plant.

مردل hardal, A small black plum; a small black grain growing amongst corn; darnel.

a عرب کا عربر har dil 'aziz, Dear to every heart, beloved by all, popular.

هردفور hardafür, هردفور hardaqūr, Name of an island in the Indian sea.

אר נאם har dam, Every moment.

a هر دم ميالي har-dam-khayāle, Whimsical; capricious;—har-dam-khayālī, Capriciousness, fickleness.

har dū, Both;—har dū 'ālam, Both

worlds, this life and the next.

هردود hardūd, An island in the Indian sea.

مردوم hardum, The river Jordan.

هر دو يكى har-dū-yakī, Name of a wrest-ling trick.

هرسا hirdá, A kind of plant;—hurdī, Dyed with hurd or tnrmeric roots.

har dege chamcha, (a spoon for every pot) A sponger, one who hangs

on others for a maintenance; a busybody.

A pa hirar (pl. of 5,), She-cats, queen-

cats.

A \$\text{\$\text{\$\sigma}\$} \text{\$hirarat}, \text{\$hirara}\$ (pl. of \$hirr\$), Tomcats.

هر روزة har roza, Daily, quotidian.

أور harz, Vain, futile, idle; a place where water stagnates.

هرزمه harzaja, A dish made of neats' fat guts.

هروات harzawāt, Trifles, falsehoods.

هرزگی harzagī, Absurdity, nonsense (m.c.).

sing harra, Vain, futile, frivolous, absurd, nonsensical; trifles, bagatelles, nonsense; —bādi harra, = sing oly q.v. p. 140.

harza-bīl, Name of a place near هرزة بيل

Manjil.

هرزه چانگی harza-chānagī, Babble, prate. هرزه چانه harza-chāna, A babbler, chatterer.

مرزة خاى harza-khāy, خوار harza-khwār, A prating fellow ;—hurza-khāyāni (pl.) namīmat-shi'ār, The idle talkers accustomed to slander, detractors.

هروه محند harza-<u>kh</u>and, Who laughs without

eason.

هروه درای harza-darāy, A prater, babbler.

هرزه دراکی harza-darā'ī, Prate, babble, chatter.

مرزة مرز harza-duzd, Who commits petty thefts, who steals trifles neither of use to himself nor others.

by harra-dav, 9, 5, harra-rav, A loiterer, one who walks idly and aimlessly about; a gossip.

ونان harza-zabān, An idle talker.

harza-kār, A trifler. هرزة كار

هرزة گردي harza-gard, A gossip; a vagrant. هرزة گردي harza-gardī, A gossiping about; vagrancy.

مرزة گری harza-goy (gūy), A foolish, prating fellow, an idle talker; — harza goyāni (pl.) 'ālam, The babblers of the times.

هرزه گوئی harza-go'i (gu' \bar{i}), Babble, chatter.

هررة لاي harza-lāy, An idle talker.

a مرزة عرس harza-maras, (whose rope has become an illusion) Roving about, astray (a dog).

هرزه ملای harza-ma-läy, Talk no nonsense.

a هرزه وکیلی harza-wakīlī, Who enters
into any transaction without a sufficient

هريد harzīd, Aid, help, assistance.

هروندک harshafdak, A kind of herb; castor.

هرس hars, The wooden roof of a house;
—hirs, Biestings in the udder.

hars (v.n.), Thumping, bruising violently; contusion, severe blow;—haris, strong, voracious (lion); a cat.

هر ساله har-sāla, Annual, yearly.

har sū, Every side.

هر سونه بادهاهای har sūya pādishāhān, The dynasties which rose in Īrān after Iskan-dar's death.

مر سه دختر har sih dukhtar, (all three daughters) Three stars in the Great Bear.

a قر سه نوع har sih nau', The three kingdoms of nature, animal, vegetable, and mineral.

مرث hirsh, Poison;—harash, Biestings. a مرش hirshiffu, A sponge.

harsha, İvy; convolvulus.

haraş (v.n.), Being corroded with طرص ▲ the scab; the scab; worms.

a مروس har surat, Every appearance, or way;—dar har surat, In any case.

hart (v.n.), Detracting, slandering, tearing (reputation) to pieces; being careless and confused (in speech); -hira! (pl. of hirtat), Old sheep.

هُرِطَّالِ هُ hirṭāl, Long, tall.

A hirṭat, Foolish, timid (woman); an old sheep.

a الله har tarz, Every manner; in every way or manner.

a هر طرك har-taraf, From or on every

🛦 هولمان hurtumān, hurtamān, hartamān, A grain betwixt wheat and barley, good for coughs and dysentery.

a هر طور har-taur, In every way or man-

ner.

hara' (v.n.), Flowing fast (blood, perspiration, &c.); celerity, speed; a quick flux, a rapid stream; a tremulous, hasty step; - hari', Hot, flowing fast (blood); (a man) prone to weeping.

harf (v.n.), Praising extravagantly (from wonder or ignorance); producing an early crop (a palm);—lā tahrif mā lā ta'rif, Praise not what thou knowest not.

harf ūliyūn (G. ἐρπυλλος), Watermint; mother of thyme (= سيسنبر q.v. p. 716).

هری ه hirq, Old or worn cloth or garment.

hiragl, hirgil, Heraclius; name of an ancient place of worship:—hirqil, A sieve, a searce.

هرقاره harqalūs, هرقاره harqalūh, Wild

har kār, Every business.

هر كارة A har-kāra, (of all work) A cauldron, a kettle, a cooking-pot; a bucket; an attendant upon men of rank in India; an out-door servant employed to go on errands; running footman, messenger,

har kujā, Wherever.

هر كدام kar kudām, Whichever, whosoever

har ki-rā (for har ki o-rā), Every هركرا one whom or to whom.

هر كش harkush, A sentinel, picquet.

har ki, Whoever.

hurg, Idiot, fool, simpleton; mad-

م, کاه , har gāh, Whenever, wherever ; con-

stantly.

مرکز hargiz, Ever, always; continually; perpetually; eternal, durable; -hargizna,

هكزي hargizī, Perpetuity; eternal. هركاني hargala, A herd of horses. har gūna, Every kind. هر كوئى har-gūnī, Skilful, clever.

harm, Name of a plant of the species هرم ۸ called hamz; purslain; [yaumu 'l-harm, A battle famous among the Arabians;]haram (v.n.), Being old and decrepit; old age, imbecility, decrepitude; an Egyptian pyramid; name of a place in Yaman containing famous buildings erected by the Himyarite kings; -harim, A decrepit old dotard; soul; intellect, understanding.

hirmās, A lion rushing upon هرماس

men; a young panther.

hurmas, A bad guide, an evil

harumān, Name of a fortress on the confines of Egypt; also of a king of Rum; -hirman, A long life, old age; hurmān, Ahriman, the evil spirit.

hurmān, Intellect;—mā la-hu هرمان م

hurman, He has no understanding.

harmat, harama, One plant of the هرمنة kind called hamz; -ibnu harmat-in, The son of an old man or woman; -harimat, harima, Old and decrepit (woman); a lioness.

hurmuz, Ormuz, a city and isle in هرمو the Persian gulf; name of a king of Persia who reigned A.D. 272; the planet Jupiter; God; name of the first day of the month; also of the augel presiding over that day; -bahri hurmuz, The Persian Gulf.

hwrmuzd, Hormuzd, the name of a king; God; name of the first day of the month; name of an angel; the planet Jupiter; Thursday.

soyos hurmizda, las soyos hurmizda-

<u>kh</u>uđá, God.

a هرسري hurmuzī, Pertaining to Rām Ormuz.

hurmus, هرمست hurmust, Hermes Trismegistus; the first day of the month; name of an angel; the planet Jupiter.

harmasat, Austerity of countenance; tumult, confused noise, clamour.

A هرملة harmalat, harmala (v.n. of هرملة). Being worn with age, and losing her faculties (a woman); being spoiled and marred (work).

harman (or ābi harman), Name of a

river in Sistan (see هندمند below).

hurmūz, Name of a city in Karamania; also of an island and city in the Persian Gulf.

hurmūl, Some hairs or feathers مرمول م remaining on the head; hair fallen off.

هر مهى har mahī, Of every night, nightly. harmá, Decrepit (woman) ; (pl. of harim, harimat) decrepit (men or women); dry wood.

a هرخوی که har nahwi ki, Whatsoever

thing, in whatsoever way (m.c.).

hirand, Name of a river in Georgia; also of a town in the neighbourhood of Isfahāu.

هراوت harnūt, Fraud, deceit; evil-speaking.

a مرتوع harnuwa, The fruit of the aloe-tree.

هرنيد ساو harnīd-sāv, Name of a political treatise ascribed to the prophet Mah Ābād.

هُولِعرَ hirnīz, (in Zand and Pāzand) Establishment, stability; appointment; consignment.

harniya, A vessel shaped like a

cucumber for warming water.

harv, Brave, warlike, intrepid. هرد harw, A striking with a stick. harwānagah, An hospital.

هروانه harwānagah, An hospital. هروانه harwāna, An hospital; pain, torture, the rack; name of a mountain.

harotom, Seed of fleawort.

A) hurur, Grapes fallen from the bunch.

A by hurūt (pl. of hirt), Old shecamels.

a هر وقتى har-waqtī, Common, of every-day use.

harwak, Name of Khusrau Parvez.

hurūkidan, To fear.

hirwul, A grain like a French bean.

A By harwalat, harwala (v.n. of Jy.),
Trotting, going moderately, especially after galloping; a pace adopted by the pilgrims at Mecca; making haste (to pay one's respects).

אמן harūm, Name of a wrestler; also of

a city.

harwahal, Sediment, caput mor-

hirawī, A native of Herat; name of one of the dialects of Persia, now obsolete.

by hurra, The backside; name of an intoxicating plant growing amongst corn.

هرهر harhar, The noise of running water.

A قرهر harharat, harhara (v.u. of هرهر), (alling (sheep) to water; moving, shaking, agitating (anything); a vain, foolish horse-laugh; the confused noise which the natives of India used to make in battle.

women in adorning their persons: privet, woad, rouge, ceruse, antimony, gold-leaf, and civet; or (according to some) a patch on the face; ornament, dress; adorned, dressed; the narcissus.

harhaft-karda, Adorned with the seven things mentioned in the pre-

ceding article.

harī, A field watered by the rain;—hirī, The city of Herat, classically Aria.

hiriy, hiri (pl. of hirawat), Staves, clubs, walking-sticks.

haryār, A redundant tooth.

هريت أ about the mouth); a blabbing fellow, one who tells every secret; one who speaks shamefully, improperly, or obscenely.

harer, A doer, maker (whence, according to some, zam-harer "cold-producing," the A. p. 229- zam-harīr, q.v. p. 622).

هريم harīr (v.n. of هر), Abhorring, detesting; whining (as a dog with cold); a

dog's whine.

A \$75,8 hurairat, huraira (dim. of hirrat), A little cat, a kitten;—abū huraira, Surname of 'Abdu 'r-Rahmān bin Sakhr, one of the companions of Muhammad, and eminent traditioner, so called from a favourite kitten which he used to carry about with him.

A مريس harīs, fem. هريس harīsai, harīsa, Bruised.

harisat, harisa, A kind of thick pottage made of bruised wheat boiled to a consistency, to which meat, butter, cinnamon, and aromatic herbs are added (see also preceding article).

a غريسة پر harīsa-paz, هريسة پر harīsa-gar, A maker of the dish هريسة q.v. above.

A depa harisat, A ditch, pool, pond.

A 20, hari', One easily given to weeping or complaining.

har yak, Everyone, each.

הענט hurin, Awful sound; wild beasts' roar; -harrin, A voice, noise, sound.

hirev, The city of Herat.

hirewa, Gold coin; gold mixed with alloy; an immodest woman; belonging to the city of Herat.

hiz, Limber; loose, flabby;—huz, Tribute; daily expense; provisions daily dealt out to servants.

hazz (v.n.), Shaking;—haz' (v.n.), Breaking; shaking, setting in motion; killing; dying;—huz' (v.n.), Laughing at, mocking, jeering; ridicule, irouy, satire.

א העווק hazābir (pl. of hizabr), Lions.

A בין א huz'at, huz'a, Ridiculous (fellow),
anyone laughed at, laughing-stock, butt;

-huza'at, huza'a A wag, ridiculer.

thousand; a bird called the thousand voices, having an uncommon variety of melodious notes, a species of nightingale; a term employed in the game of nard;—hazār pīrahani gosht giriftan, To grow exceedingly stout;—sanābili hazār-dāna, Ears containing a thousand grains.

q.v. below. هزاره hazārā, = مزاره

مزار اسب hazār-asb (موار اسب asp), A fort in Khurāṣān.

اسفند) hazār-ispand هزار اسيند isfand). Wild rue.

مزار أسيين hazār-āstīn, (thousand-sleeved, by "sleeve" meaning a bay or creek) The sea.

hazār-afshān, Bryony.

مزاران hazārān, Thousands; a thousand; a nightingale; a term used in the game

of nard; -hazārān hazār, Thousands and thousands.

hazār-āwā, خرار آواز hazār-āwāz, هرار آوا (The bird) of a thousand notes; nightin-

אפור אנ hazār-buz, Name of a fort in Khu-

هوار بيشه hazār-bīsha, A case (for travelling necessaries, &c.).

hazār-pā, Scolopeadra, millipede, هواريا

palmer-worm of a dangerous kind.

hazār-pisar, Name of a medical هزار يسر

q.v. هزار بيشة = hazār-pīsha, هزار بيشة above (m.c.).

هرار تابه hazār-tâba, (thousand-ray) Sun. hazār-to (قوى toy), The second stomach of beasts (as being in many divi-

a אין אין אווי hazār-jarīb, Name of a place near Qazwin; name of a garden laid out by Abbas I.

مرار جشان hazār-jashān (چشان chashān),

White vine; bryony.

hazār-chashma, A cancer (disease).

hazār-khāna. The second stomach هزار خانه of beasts, the tripe.

q.v. هزار جشان معراد عشان hazār-khashān, = هزار عشان above.

هزار خوابه hazār-<u>kh</u>wābu, A somnolent eye. هزار خوابه hazār-dāstān, (Teller of) a thousand tales, i.e. the nightingale (sometimes preceded by bulbul).

هرار دانه hazār-dāna, The thousand-grain (ear); the hundred-leaf (flower), a daisy; beads on which the praises, names, or attri-

butes of God are told.

ار درة hazār-darra, Name of a valley. .v. هزار داستان م hazār-dastān, مزار دستان q.v. above; a wren.

hazār-rang, Of a thousand colours, many-coloured, variegated ;-hazarrang bar-āmadan, To adorn oneself in various ways.

هرار رخشان hazār-rakhshān, Bryony.

hazār-sutūn, (thousand - columned) Name of a celebrated palace in Persepolis.

موارسفند hazār-isfand, Wild rue; a kind of

medicine.

a هرار اس hazār-fann, Who knows a thousand arts or artifices, a Jack-of-all-trades. q.v. above. هزار جشان q.v. above.

موار كاكيدة hazār-gā'īda, A common whore. مزار ميع hazār-mekh, A dervish's habit closely stitched; the starry firmament.

hazār-mekhī, A common strum-

pet.

hazāra, A double flower; a divided stream or jet d'eau (like that of a wateringpot); panel (of a wall, &c.; m.c.); a balustrade (m.c.); name of a tribe of Affghāns.

hazār-hā, Thousands. hazār hazūr, A million.

hazārī, What relates to a thousand; the command of a thousand; -yak-hazārī, A man who receives a thousand rupees per month salary; a commander of gun-

هزار يكي hazār yake, A thousandth part. هزاريك hazārīna, Impure, unrefined gold; pure gold.

A بازه hizāz, Name of a tribe;—hazzās,

The wagtail.

مزاك huzāk, hazāk, An idiot; unlearned, ignorant, foolish, stupid, mean, contemptible; anyone easily deceived by another's words; proud, self-conceited; ugly; an extensive garden supposed to have formerly belonged to Kai Kawus, the second Persian king of the Peshdadian dynasty.

A مرال hazāl, huzāl (v.n. of هرال), Being extenuated through age;—huzāl, Lean; leanness;—hazzāl, A droll, buffoon, jester.

م كااية huzālat, huzālu, A jest, joke, play ; pleasantry, sprightliness, cheerfulness.

A وران hizzān, Name of a tribe.

ه مراهر ه hazāhiz, Seditions, tumults, intestine wars; onslaught, din of battle; (in P.) a quaking from fear.

hazā'im (pl. of hazīmat), Wells overflowing; lean beasts; flights, routs,

dispersions.

A مربر hizabr, A lion ; thick, strong, hard ; – hizabrāni (P. pl.) waghā, The lions of the field, heroes.

a مربر اندار hizabr-andāz, A thrower of

lions, a hero.

a مارانه hizabrāna, Lion-like; resembling brave warriors.

a هزاری hizabrī, Fierceness.

huzba, Flower of the meadow-saffron. hizzat, Alacrity, cheerfulness, exultation; the murmuring of a boiling pot; reverberation, peal of thunder; a pace peculiar to a camel.

hazaj (v.n.), Shaking, trilling (of a singer); modulation, shake, trill; a peal of thunder; the singing of a kettle; a metre (mafā'īlun — -

repeated).

مره hazad, The beaver.

ayo hazad-gund, Testicles of the beaver.

المرر hazr (v.n.), Striking with a stick, particularly in a violent manner on the back and sides; throwing prostrate; wounding; — hizr, Deceived, defrauded, cozened; foolish, simple; strong, vehe-

hazarāt (pl. of hazrat), Blows. A 5,3 hazrat, hazra, One blow, one heat-

hazf (v.n.), Easily blowing away (wind); hizaff, Swift, flying away; longfeathered; slow, heavy, stupid.

موق hazaq, Alacrity, cheerfulness; haziq, Loud and repeated peals of thunder.

hazl (v.n.), Making lean, emaciating; joking, jesting; a jest, playfulness, sport; folly; capriciousness; -hazal, huzl (v.n.), Being lean and emaciated with age; —hazil, Jocose, sportful.

harl-an, By way of joke, jest-

a هول آميو hazl-āmez, Mingled with wit and humour, facetious.

hazlajat, hazlaja, Confusion in

speaking.

مول كو hazl-gū (go), An idle talker. A هوليات hazliyāt, Jests, pleasantries.

hazm (v.n.), Putting to flight, routing, dispersing; depressing, crushing; twanging (a bow-string); (pl. of hazmat) hollows made by pressure;—hazam, The sound or twang (of a bow-string);—hazim, Incessant (rain); (a pot) boiling furiously; a tractable horse.

below). هيرم hizam, Wood (see هيرم

hazmān (for har zamān), Every

A days hazmat, hazma. The pit in the stomach; any cavity made by pressure (as in an apple).

huznūgh, A kind of esculent root هزيرع A

resembling the plant tursus.

hazw (v.n.), Travelling; — huzu', رية أو kazw (v.n. of العراء), Laughing at, mocking, jeering; derision, mockery, ridicule; irony.

hazū, A courageous, valiant man. هروان hazwān, The tongue; speech.

huzum (pl. of hazmat), Hollows made by pressure, dents.

هرهار م hazhāz, Copious and flowing (water); bright, glittering,

(sword); name of a dog.

huzhuz, Copious and هزهز ه flowing

(water).

A فوهرة hazhazat, hazhaza (v.n. of هوهرة), Moving; subduing, mastering, bringing into subjection; sedition, tumult, intestine war.

אנא א hazīz (v.n. of פאן), Blowing and shaking the trees (wind); the whisper or murmur of the wind, especially through trees; the roll of thunder; singing to camels in order to make them travel briskly.

hazī', A third, fourth, or smaller portion of the night; foolish, ignorant,

مريل ه hazīl, Thin and lean.

hazīm, Sound of thunder; inces-

sant, heavy (rain).

A مربع hazīmat (v.n. of هرم), Routing, putting to flight; rout, defeat, dispersion; a well overflowing with water; -hazīmat khwurdan (yaftan), To experience a defeat, to be routed. The word is also construed with the verbs uftādan, burdan, dādan, giriftan, &c.

هريمت يافته hazīmat-shuda, هريمت هده hazīmat-yāfta, Put to flight.

a هويمتى hazīmatī, Routed; a fugitive. هرينة hazīna, Expenditure, disbursement, household expenses; daily, continual; a treasury.

اهوده hazhdah (for ماه موده hashtdah),

Eighteen.

hazhhār, A superfluous tooth which prevents a horse from thriving on his food.

هويدي hazhīdan, To dry, wither.

אנגן hazhīr, huzhīr, a מנגן hazhīra, Dignity, whatever commands respect; beautiful, good, agreeable, acceptable, praiseworthy; swiftness of foot; acuteness of genius; name of a champion of Iran.

هوينة hazhīna, = هوينة q.v. above. hisād (pl. of hasad), Lions.

hasāhis, Mutterings, whisperings; nocturnal walkings; voices or whispers of demons.

A ---- hasb (for -----), Enough, suffi-

ciency.

hasbat, A foreigner; unknown.

hast, Is, exists, remains; existence, being ;-hast shudan, To be, become, happen; -hast kardan, To give being, to create, produce.

hast-astā, A magician, con-

juror.

هستان hastān, Is, exists; existence.

hastabr, The star called Dragon.

hast-bud, (is-was) A rent-roll;

present and past.

hastara, A kind of wallet formed of wood and reeds, and put on a donkey's back to carry bricks, earth, &c.

hast-kun, The Creator. هست کن هستن hastan, To be, exist, subsist.

hastū, The stone of fruit; truth, justice, rectitude; one who gives his consent to, confesses or acknowledges, a thing.

hast-u-bûd, (is and was) The present actual state of the revenue compared with former years (an Indian phrase); rent-roll; present and past; -hast-u-būd kardan, To be content with things present.

hastūdān, Name of a king of

Azarbaijan.

hastwar, Lord of existence, i.e. God.

hast-u-nist, All that one possesses.

مسته hasta, Fruit-stone or kernel; existent.

hastī, Thou art; being, existence, entity, world, created beings; wealth, riches; self-conceit, self-love;—hastī'i dūroza (dah-roza), Fleeting life;—hastī'i ṣirf,
Pure, independent, absolute existence;—
hastī'i mauhūm (nāqis), Short and transient
life.

هستيدي hastidan, To be, to exist; to agree, suit, be worth, turn to account.

هستى فروش hastī-farosh, Who confides in an enduring life.

hasad, A lion; strong, strenuous. (See عالم p. 57.)

hasar, Ice.

husrat, Affinity, kindred, uncles.
hasak, hask, An instrument for separating corn from the chaff, a fan, ventilator.

has,hās, A butcher; (a shepherd) grazing sheep all night; anyone who wakes all night in doing anything.

Muttering, whispering; rustling; a whispering tone; the rattling (of a necklace, of other jewels. or armour), the noise of (a man) moving in the night, especially when lying amongst leaves; the surface of water, which, being ruffled by a gentle breeze, flows like a chain.

hasīr, Ice.

هدن hash, Motion, departure; mud, clay;
—hish, The part of the plough to which
the oxen are fastened;—hush (for موهر v. below), Understanding, mind; care,
attention, study; death;—hush dāshtan,
To be intelligent, learned, prudent;—
tabībi 'īsawī-hush, A physician skilful as
Jesus

hashsh, in P. also hash (v.n.), Beating (the leaves) off trees with a stick, especially as food for cattle; (a horse) which perspires much; soft (bread); nimble, cheerful, brisk; easy, polite, humane.

hashāsh, Joy, exultation, cheerfulness; lightness; soft (bread);—hashāsh, Cheerful; easy, polite, humane.

A قصلت hashāshat, hashāsha (v.n. of

hashāshat, hashāsha (v.n. of هُمَّنَّ), Being light, nimble, cheerful, brisk; being easy, polite, humane; having plenty of milk (sheep or camel); gladness, joy, cheerfulness, lightness; softness.

A مشام hishām, Beneficence, liberality.

a هش بش hashsh-bashsh, hash-bash, Cheerful, easy-going, light-hearted.

hushpulak, A sound made with the ends of two fingers applied to the mouth by those who fly pigeons.

hasht (S. ashtan). Eight;—hasht bihisht, The eight paradises;—hisht, A hiss, whistle, or noise made with the lips.

هشتاد hashtād, Eighty.

الله hashtād-sāla, An old man of eighty; octogenarian.

hashtādum, The eightieth. هشتادم

الله hasht bagh, هشت بستان hasht bustān, The eight heavens.

مشتدة hashtdah, Eighteen.

hashtdahan, Aloe-wood; mallows.

hashtdahum, The eighteenth. مشتدهم hasht-sāla, Eight years old.

hasht-sū, Eight-sided, octangu-

hasht-şad, Eight hundred.

مشتگانه hashtagān, هشتگان hashtagāna,

Eight each; in eights.

مثنت كنع hasht ganj, The eight treasures of Khusrau Parwez, namely: 1. ganji 'arūs; 2. ganji bād-āward; 3. dība'i khusrawī; 4. ganji afrāsyāb; 5. ganji sokhta; 6. ganji khazrā; 7. ganji shād-āward; 8. ganji bār.

hasht-gosha, An octagon. هشت گوهه

hashtum, Eighth.

a مرعى hasht-māwá (هشت ماوى mar'á),

The eight paradises or heavens.

مشت منظر a مشع منظر hasht manzar, The eight heavens; the zodiac, with the orbits of Saturn, Jupiter, Mars, the Snn, Venus, Mercury, and the Moon.

hashtumī, Eighth.

hishtan, To dismiss, leave, let fall; to hang, suspend; to roll round, involve.

مشت و مشت husht u musht, Wrestling and boxing.

hashtiwesh, Name of the fifth supplemental day added to the Persiau

year. هشته hishta, Relinquished, let go; hanging loose;—faro-hishta, Flowing (hair).

هشتيدي hashtidan, To whistle, hiss, or make any noise with the lips; to kiss; to preserve, keep.

هشت يك hasht-yak, An eighth.

hush-dar, Attend, be careful.

هشده hashdah, Eighteen.

هشستن hashistan, To abandon, leave, dismiss.

hashfīful, Wild carrot.

hashm (v.n.), Breaking (anything) not solid (as the nose, a bone, or an egg); breaking bread into broth;—hashim, Liberal, munificent.

هشن hashan, Care, study.

هشنگه hashang, A poor helpless wretch. هشو hashū, Marrow;— hushū, Understanding, ready wit, ingenuity; a fortification.

hushwar, Prudent, intelligent.

ه مشوش hashūsh, (A sheep) abounding in milk.

منومند hushāmand, Prudent, intelligent. هشونش hashānash, The fifth day added to the Persian year.

hashhashat, hashhasha, Putting فشيشة hashhashat

in motion, shaking.

hushyār, Intelligent, prudent; cautious, abstemious, sober.

مشيار ساز hushyār-sāz, Rendering wise; restoring to one's senses (after being intoxicated).

hushyārī. Prudence.

hishidan, To dismiss, let fall, let

go, leave; to hang, suspend.

هشيش ه hashīsh, Gentle, humane, affable; soft (bread); milch (sheep or camel).

A مسيلة hashīlat, hashīla, A horse or camel taken from the owner without his consent, but returned to him when the journey is over; a thing pressed for public service.

هشيله hashīla, Domestic or sea-fowls

dressed with pease, beets, and eggs.

hashim, Broken, bent; dry, withered, brittle; dry forage, chips, stubble; weak, frail (man).

hushīwār, hashīwār, Intelligent,

prudent.

هم hass (v.n.), Bruising (particularly anything hollow); treading upon.

haṣṣār, One who breaks; a prey-

crushing lion.

ماهم أهم haşr (v.n.), Bending (a branch); breaking; a fracture;—haşir, huşar, A lion tearing his prey.

A haşm, A breaking; — huşam, A

lion.

ميم huşhuş, A strong black man; a wolf.

haṣṣṣ, Beaten, broken, bruised, trodden down; the tremulous light (of fire); name of the father of a tribe of Quraish.

hazz (v.n.), Breaking; pounding; instigating, exciting; travelling fast (camels); a fracture, amputation, bruise.

hizāb (pl. of hazbat), Showers which consist of large drops; heights, hills, mountains.

هماض له hazzāz, One who breaks.

مَامِكُ haṣāṣat, haṣāṣa, Anything broken.

hazzām, Digestive; medicine promoting digestion; liberal; a lion.

hazā'im (pl. of hazīmat), Meats dressed for a funeral entertainment.

and in large drops; speaking much; being loquacious and noisy; walking at a slow, sluggish pace;—hizab(pl. of hazbat), Rains falling in large drops; mountains, ranges of hills;—hizabb, (A horse) perspiring greatly; strong, robust.

hazbat, Rain consisting of large drops; a high, steep, inaccessible mountain, separated from all others; a moun-

tain consisting of a single rock.

hazm (v.n.), Breaking; digesting (food), concecting; being digestible (food); injuring, oppressing, defrauding, seizing the property of another; digestion; op-

pression, injury, loss; [hazmi auwal, The first concoction;—hazm kardan, To digest; to embezzle;—hazmi nafs, Suppression of passion;—qābili hazm, Digestible; tolerable;]—hizm, A plain, extensive and lying low; the bottom of a valley, channel, or sea;—hazam (v.n. of a valley, channel, or sea;—hazam (v.n. of a valley, channel, or sea;—hazam (v.n. of a valley, channel, or sea;—hazam (v.n. of a valley, channel, or sea;—hazam (v.n. of a valley, channel, or sea;—hazam (v.n. of a valley, channel, or sea;—hazam (v.n. of a valley, channel, chanderness round the waist; a shrinking in the belly (of man or beast); a kind of aromatic substance; a perfume;—huzum (pl. of hazām), Liberal (hands).

a هفيي hazmi, Digestible, digestive. A مغير hazūm, (Medicine) which belps digestion, peptic; liberal, beneficent;—huzūm (pl. of hizm), Plains; bottoms of valleys or of seas.

A هميض haziz, Broken, bruised (thing).

hazīm, Injured, oppressed; slender-waisted (woman); first fruit of a palmtree; a pipe or flute (especially of reed); contracted; (palm-flowers) wrapped close, not appearing from the buds.

A هميمة hazīmat, Injury, oppression; iniquity; wrath; meat dressed for a funeral

entertainment.

a هفيمى haṣṭīmɨ, Fit for a funeral feast.

A مطال haṭṭāl, Constantly dropping (cloud).

hat' (v.n.), Running in terror;

looking at (anything) with fixed eyes.

raiving at intervals, pouring out showers with large drops; flowing with tears (the eye); incessant and small rain; an uninterrupted flow of tears;—hitl, A wolf; a robber, thief; a fool;—hutl, (Rain) which continues night and day;—hatil, Constantly dropping (cloud or rain);—huttal (pl. of hātil), Incessant rains.

A ملان hajalān (v.n. of هلل), Raining at

intervals, shower following shower.

A فعلم hutū' (v.n. of هملع), Running in terror; looking at (a thing) with fixed eyes.

A & bu' hu', The noise made in

vomiting.

haf, A weaver's shop, sley, or reed.

A haff (v.n.), Whistling (as the wind);—hiff, A cloud without water; a

wind);—hy, A cloud without water; a comb without honey, or containing but little; a light or empty thing; an empty, shallow, insignificant fellow; corn not reaped in time, the grains of which are shaken out;—haf, hiff, A species of small fish; a large kind of tadpole.

(v.n. of هفات hofāt, Foolish, insane;—hufāt (v.n. of هفات), Being depressed, lowered, set down; being thinned, made small; of little value, worthless, small; being scat-

tered.

haffāf, fem. هفات haffāfat, haffāfat, Light, active, nimble; sprightly; light, fit for flight (hird or feather); cool, peaceful,

but not perpetual (shade); gentle (wind); thin, transparent (linen or vest); shining, splendid.

A shiffat, One small fish; a big tad-

pole.

haft (S. saptan, Z. haptan), Seven;
—hift, The first degree of dryness after
being wet;—huft, A single gulp or draught
of any liquor; foolish; plain level ground
(the latter meanings doubtful).

haft (v.n.), Being depressed, lowered, set down; being of little value,

worthless, small; being scattered.

a المحدد المعالم haft ābā, The seven heavens.

a معدد المعار المعلم haft akhtān, The seven planets

a معدد المعار للماج haft akhgari naiyāra, The

Beven partitions of hell; the seven celebrated fire-temples.

strie haftad, Seventy.

haftād kushtī, The seventy kinds of diseases incident to living creatures.

haftådum, The seventieth.

haftūd u du shūkh. A phrase denoting the seventy-two nations and different forms of religion upon earth; the seventy-two sects of Islām; also seventy-two modes of chanting the Qur'ān.

مهتاد و دو کشتی haftad u du kushtī, Seventytwo kinds of religion on earth; the seventy-

two sects.

haft azhdahâ, The seven planets. هفت أزمعا haft āsyā, The orbits in which the seven planets revolve.

a امل همت امل haft asl, (seven roots) The

seven earths; the seven climates.

a اعدا هفت haft a'za, The seven members of the body (= معت أندام q.v. below); the body itself.

a معند اقليم haft iqlim, The seven climates. a معند الران haft alwan, Different kinds of meats; food sent from heaven for Jesus: bread, salt, fish, vinegar, honey, butter, and cresses.

bers of the body, namely, the head, breast, belly, hands, and feet; or, the head, hands, sides, and feet; the aorta or the great artery, called in Arabic nahru 'l-badan "the river of the body."

a مفت اوتان haft autad, The seven planets. هفت ارزکت haft aurang, The constellation of the Great Bear; the seven heavens.

همت آيان haft ayina, The seven planets. فعت ايان haft aiwan, The seven heavens. الموان haft-baz, A kind of flag composed f seven streamers or pennons.

of seven streamers or pennons.
אלים haft bām, The seven heavens. אלים אוני haft bānū. The seven planets.
שלים אוני haft birādarān, The seven

haft birādarān, The seven brothers, i.e. seven stars in the Great Bear.

هفت برک haft-barg, Heptaphyllous; mezereon.

a لناه haft binā (هلت bunyān), The seven heavens (lit. seven structures).

مهمت پدر haft pidar, (seven fathers) The seven planets; the seven heavens.

a هفت پر تُريا haft pari suraiyā, The smallest star in the Pleiades.

هفت پرده haft-parda, The seven heavens (also called haft parda'i azraq); the seven notes of the gamut; عقت حجالة" نور q.v.

below. مفت برگار haft pargār, The seven heavens. مفت بوست haft post, The seven heavens.

haft pīr. The seven masters in reading the Qur'ān, ibn 'āmir of Damascus, ibn kaṣīr of Mecca, abū 'amr of Basra, ḥamza (or hamza), 'āsim, kisā'ī of Kūfa, and nāfi' of Madīna.

هات پيکر haft pailar, The seven heavens;

the seven planets.

haft tan, The seven planets.

مفت تنان haft tanān, The seven sleepers; certain pious individuals for whose sake the world is kept in existence.

مفت جوش haft-josh, Seven times boiled or heated; a metal compounded of iron, antimony, lead, gold, tin, copper, and silver.

haft chatri ab-gun, The هفت چتر آبگون

seven heavens.

هفت چشم چرخ اس haft chashmi charkh عشم خراس haft chashmi kharās, The planets.

haft-chashma kamar, A belt studded with seven jewels as symbols of

the seven planets.

a مهت حال haft hāl, Always, continually. مهت حال haft hajla'i nūr, The seven tunics of the eye, namely, shabakīya (retiform), salbīya (sclerotic), inabīya (uveous), 'ankabūtīya (arachnoid), qarnīya (corneous), mashīmīya (choroid), and multahima (conjunctiva).

a هفت حرف آبي haft harfi ābī, The seven watery letters: ع jim, j zā, ك kāf, س sīn,

ي qāf, ف ga, and b zā.

a هفت حرف آتشي haft harfi ātishī, The seven fiery letters: \ alif, ه he, له إمّ به fā, م shīn, and غ غيقاً.

a هفت حرف استعلا haft harfi isti'lā, The seven high letters: خ khā, ب ṣād, ب ṣād, و ṣād, و ṣād, و ṣād, و ṣād, و ṣād, و ṣād, و ṣād, و ṣād, ع ṣād, و ṣād, ع ṣād,

a هفت حرف خاکی haft harfi khākī, The seven earthy letters: ع dāl, ت hā, J lām,

E'ain, , ra, t kha, and E ghain.

a هفت حرف هوائي haft harft hawā'ī, The seven airy letters: ب bā, ب wāw, ي yā, و nūn, ن ṣād, ت tā, and مفت حكاية haft hikāyat, Seven stories

a هفت حكاية haft hikāyat, Seven stories told to Bahrām Gür by seven damsels; the seven principal members.

مهنت خاتون haft khātūn, The seven planets.

haft kharās, هفت خروار كوس haft kharās, هفت خراس haft kharwār kos, The seven heavens.

a هفت خزينه haft khazīna, The seven inner

parts, namely, the stomach, liver, lungs, heart, gall, spleen, and kidneys; the seven heavens.

a مفت عمرا haft khazrā, The seven heavens.

a له معلم haft khaft, The seven lines (on the cup of Jan, viz. khati azraq, khati ashk, khati başra, khati baghdad, khati jaur, khati farodīna and kāsagar.

a dale was haft khalafa, The stomach, liver, lights, heart, gall, milt and kidneys; soul, reason, sight, hearing, taste, smell, and touch; forehead, palms of hands, knees, and points of the great toes (as the seven parts of the body which touch the ground in prostration); seven portions of the heart; seven calamities.

haft khum, The seven heavens. haft khwān, Seven places between Iran and Turan where the champion Rustam, and also Asfandyar, met with perilous adventures.

huft dadaran, The seven stars هفت دادران in the Bear called banatu 'n-na'sh.

هات دانه haft-dāna, A kind of dish composed of seven different sorts of fruits and herbs dressed with syrup, which, on the tenth day of the month muharram, are distributed in Persia to neighbours and to the poor, in commemoration of the death of Husain.

مفت دعتر خفرا haft dukhtari khazrā, هفت در haft dur (۱٫٫۱۵ durar), The seven planets.

haft dar haft, The seven هفت در هفت articles of a lady's toilet, namely, privet. antimony, woad, rouge, ceruse, gold-leaf, and sivet; the seven planets or seven climes; seven qualities in as many members of the human body; seven towns on seven different seas; seven by seven, fortynine.

هلت دريا haft daryā, The seven seas.

aft dukān, The seven climates. a مفت دور haft daur, Seven revolutions or cycles, said to consist of 1,000 years each, and each depending on one of the planets.

haftdah, Seventeen; adorned: haft dih, The seven heavens; the seven climes.

haftdahum, The seventeenth.

haft rah, The seven tunics of the

eye (see هفت حجلة نور above).
مهنت مجلة haft rakhshān, Seven planets. a هفت رصد haft rasad, The seven climates. a هفت رقعة الدكن haft ruq'a'i adkan, The seven earths.

haft rang, The seven colours هفت رنگ which are referred to the planets, namely, black to Saturn, brown to Jupiter, red to Mars, yellow to the Sun, white to Venus, blue to Mercury, and green to the Moon; a species of beautiful Indian rose of many

colours; painting or embroidery; female ornaments.

هفت رنكي haft-rangi, Capricious; artful. haft zarda, A kind of narcissus. مسن مسن haft zamin, The seven climates. a ملت ملك haft sagf, The seven heavens. a ملت سلام haft salām, Seven divine salutations mentioned in the Qur'an.

a هفت سلطان haft sultān, The seven princes, namely, the Sultan of Khorasan, Sultan ibrāhīm adham, Sultan bāyazīd bastāmī, Sultan abū sa'īd abū 'l-khair, Sultan mahmūd ghāzī, Sultan sanjar māzī, and Sultan isma'il sāmānī; the seven planets.

a هفت هادروان ادكن haft shādurwāni adkan, = هفت رتعه ادكن above.

a معنى همع haft-shama', The seven planets.

a هفتمد haft-sad, Seven hundred.

a مفت طارم haft tāram, The seven hea-

a هفت ههر طلسم نمرود haft shahri silsimi nimrod, Seveu magic cities of Nimrod.

a هفت طبق haft tabaq, (seven stories or strata) The seven heavens; the seven earths.

a مکر مفت طفل جان مکر haft tifli jan-shikar, The seven planets.

a مفت علفتانه haft 'alaf-khāna, The seven climates.

a هفت ارش haft farsh, The seven earths ; the seven climates.

a هفته ايام هفته haft farishte'i aiyāmi hafta. The seven archangels, ūriyā'īl, jasdiyā'il, shamā'il, rafā'il, 'anā'īl, jabrā'il, and 'azra'īl.

a هفت فعل قلبب haft fi'li qulūb, The seven verbs of the heart, namely:—hasibtu, I reckoned; -khiltu, I fancied; -ra'aitu, I saw; $-za^{\prime}amtu$, I supposed; --zanantu, I thought; 'alimtu, I knew ;—wajattu, I found.

a هفتان haftaq (from P. hafta), A week. a معت قلعه haft qala'i khaibar, Seven fortresses of Khaibar.

a هفت قلعه "haft qal'a'i mīna, The seven heavens.

a هفت قلم haft qalam, The seven pens or styles of writing; suls, muhaqqaq, tauqī', raiḥān, riqā', naskh, ta'līq.

مفتك haftak, A fourth of the Qur'an. haft kār, Cloth of seven colours. a هفت كملي haft kuhlī, The seven heavens.

haft kura, The seven heavens. هفت کړه haft kishwar, The seven climes. هفت كينة haft kuhna, The seven old ones, viz. friend, associate, book, wine, bath, sword, china.

مفتكانة haftgāna, In sevens.

مفت كاه haft gah, The seven heavens; the seven climates.

haft gird, The seven planets. haft girih, The seven heavens هفت گرة the seven planets: the seven climates.

haft gumbad, The seven heavens ; seven cupolas built by Bahram Gur.

haft gunjina, Gold, eilver, tin, lead, iron, copper, and mountain-brass.

haft-gosha, A heptagou.

haft gisudar, The seven heavens; the seven planets.

haftum, Seventh.

haft-maha, Seven months old هات ماهة (child).

a haft maimara. Planetary

a هفت محراب فلك haft miḥrābi falak, The

seven planets.

a has haft muhit, The seven heavens; the sea of China, Western Ocean, Mediterranean, sea of Tiberias, Euxine, Caspian, and sea of Khwarazm.

haft mard, The seven sleepers; certain pious persons for whose sake the world is kept.

a steen and haft mash'ala, The planets. haftum kishwar, The seventh climate, i.e. that of Hindustan.

a هفت ملت haft millat, Seven original creeds from which all others are derived.

haft mundal, The seven heavena.

a معن منزل haft maneil, The seven hea-

(1) By and haft muhra'i sarrin, and planets.

baftumin, Seventh.

a معن نطح haft nat', The seven earths. a dis also haft-nuqia, The seven planets; decoration.

a خرجي جرخ haft naubali charkh, The

seven planets.

هفت والاى haft nim-khaya هفت نيم عاية haft wäläyi khazra, The seven hea-

haft-wad, (seven sons) Name of a man.

haftwana, A sort of food.

haftūt (from A. معرة hafwat), Error, blunder, crime, offence, fault.

a مول haft wnjuhi sarf, The seven kinds of verbs in Arabic grammar, called sahih, Sound, as kataba, He wrote; muşa'af, Reduplicated, as madda, He extended; misal, Assimilated, as wajada, He found; nāqis, Defective, as ghazá, He fought, or as rama, He shot; laft, Doubly imperfect, as waqá, He preserved, or shawá, He roasted; mahmuz, Hamzated, as amara. He commanded; ajwaf, Concave, as quia (for gawala), He said, or ba'a (for baya'a), He sold.

haft warang, Constellation of the Bear; haftwarangi mihīn, Uraz Major; -haftwarangi kihin, Ursa Minor.

haft u shash, The seven pla-

nets and the six sides, viz. below and above, right and left, before and behind.

haft u nuh, Seven and nine (articles of a lady's toilet and dress), namely, hinnā, wasma, surma, surkhī, safedāb, zarak, ghāliya; and sar-āweza, goshwāra, silsila, halqa'i bīni, gulū-band, bāzūband, dast-baranjan, angushtar, and khal-

haft u hasht, High words,

litigation; the howl of a dog.

hafta, A week, se'nnight, hebdomad. دوست hafta dost, A week's acquaintance, a slight acquaintance, inconstant friend.

haft hazārī, The command of seven thousand.

haft-hasht, Abuse, idle talk. هفت هشت haft haft, In sevens. هفت هفت

haft haikal, The seven heavens; the seven earths; amulets, charms.

ما معلت يك haft yak, One of seven, a seventh.

q.v. above. هفت جوش hafjosh, = هغجوش هادت hafdana, A kind of food (see نانه above).

hafdah (for haft-dah), Seventeen.

مندة سالكي hafda sālagī, Seventeen years (of age).

hafdahum, The seventeenth.

hufn, A level place.

مغر hafw (v.n.), Being hungry; exceshafawan (v.n. of مفوله hafawan (v.n. of), Falling, slipping, blundering; -hufūw (v.n.), Flying; running; exulting, rejoicing.

A spe hafwat, Error, blunder, offence,

fault.

hafwash, Rice cooked by steam. نة, هفه hafa rafa, Ornament, decoration. مفيف hafhaf, The bark of a dog (= مفيف q.**v**. p. 856).

له المعاملة hafhafat, hafhafu (v.n. of هغيفة الم Being long and slender-bodied, like a

branch.

مفيف hafif (v.n. of هفي), Whistling (as the wind); being tranquil, placid, quiet; being light and active, going fast; shining, flashing; a quick step, rapid pro-

A Fise huga", Indolence, torpor, distraction of mind caused by grief or distemper. A dais hagat, A circle of hairs on a

horse's breast (considered as a blemish); three bright stars near one another in the head of Orion, which mark the fifth mansion of the moon;—huqa'al, huqa'a, One who reclines much and maintains a recumbent posture amongst others.

مقل ه kiql, A young ostrich; a tall, lazy

fellow ;-haqil, Hungry.

haqam (v.n.), Being very hungry, starving; hagim, Famished, starving; higamm, A glutton; the sea.

A هُمَانِي haqhaqat, haqhaqa (v.n. of هُمَانِي), Travelling fast; a quick and a hard pace in travelling.

ها hak, Full; hail.

A who hakk (v.n.), Striking (with a sword); wearing down by rubbing; falling in (a well); great rain; dung of ostrich or bustard.

A کلاه hukā', Cough; sleep after toil;

lust.

a هكاعي hukā'ī, Libidinous.

hukcha, Agitation of the throat in hysterics and the like; hiccough.

A اعكنه hākazā, In this manner, thus.

hakr, hikr, hakar (v.n.), Admiring, being filled with wonder; astonishment, wonder; -hakr, hakar, A deep sleep; admiration, amazement; hakar (v.n.), Slumbering; -hakir, Wondering, astonished; hakir, hakur, Sleepy.

hakirz, Never, &c. (corruption of q.v. above).

hukrī, A field watered only by

هكك hikak, A conveyance somewhat resembling the camel-litter in which women travel; -hukuk, hikak, hukkuk, Hiccough.

مكل hukal, A white egg-like fungus.

هکم ۸ hakim, A malignant intermeddler, a mischief-maker.

هکوع ه hukū' (v.n. of هکوع A lying down, taking rest, reposing; reclining; falling flat on the ground, or lying upon it; diffusing darkness (night); coughing (a camel); being broken again after having been set (a bone).

A هکوك hakūk, hakauwak, Impudent;

hakwī, Distracted, distressed; hakuwi, Grape-wine; irresolution, hesitation, fluctuation.

مكه hika, A kind of sling;—hukka, Hiccough.

مكيك hukhuk, Hiccough.

هکيك ه hakik, Lessened, worn by rubbing; effeminate, abject, infamous; the dung of a bustard.

hagah (particle of interrogation), Whether? if? is there?

هكل hagal, A fungus or mushroom.

هل ه hal, (interrogation) Perhaps? Whether or not? indeed, aye, yes; it is not, there is not; -hala, (in comp. with haiyá) as: haiyá hala 's-salāt, Come to prayers ;-hall (v.n.), Appearing (the new moon); shouting for joy; -hill, The beginning of a month, the appearance of the new moon.

hil (imp. of hilidan and hishtan), Leave alone; cardamoms; -hul, The side

under the arm; the embrace.

ا الله hald, Hola! bravo! well done! take care! let alone! beware! come along! draw near; yes, thus, it is so; is it not? a word used to frighten horses, or to quiet a mare when taking the horse; -halla, Come on; why not?

A ملاب hallāb, Rainy (year); the coldest winter-days in the middle of January;hallāb, hallābat, hallāba, A cold wind accompanied with rain.

A who hulas, Languor, feebleness.

hilāj, Cotton. هلاح

halājīn, A swing or see-saw.

hulās, Consumption, phthisis, de-

halāsham, An ugly, disagreeable

thing.

هالك halāk (v.n. of هالك), Perishing; being lost; perdition, destruction, ruin; slaughter, death; lost, fatigued; -halak shudan, To be ruined; to die, perish;-halāk kardan, To destroy, overwhelm, drive to destruction; -hullak (pl. of halik), Lost, perishing.

A مالكة halākat, Perdition, ruin, destruc-

tion.

a هلاك هده halāk-shuda, Perished, ruined. halākū, Name of a descendant of Zingis Khān, who overthrew the Abbaside Caliphate under Musta'sim A.D. 1258.

a هلکي halākī, Perdition, destruction, ruin.

هلال ه halāl, hilāl, The beginning of a shower;—hilāl (v.n. 3 of هل), Agreeing (with one) by the month, or from month to month, or new moon to new moon; the new moon; also the moon on the wane, especially the first and last two or three days (the moon being called qamar the rest of the month); the point of a spear; a two-headed hunting spear; a mill or mill-stone broken in the middle or at the extremities; a little water, left in the bottom of a well, or a leathern bottle; a ring of wine at the bottom of a decanter, heel-taps; a white semicircle at the root of the nails; a piece of iron or wood which connects the curved timber of a camel's saddle; name of a tribe of the Banu Hawāzin; —hilāli mu'ambar, The eyebrow of a mistress.

a ملال ابر hilāl-abrū, With eyebrows arched like the new moon, semilunar, crescent-shaped.

a ملل منظر hilāl-manzar, Moon-faced, beautiful, a mistress.

a هلال وارى hilālwārī, Crescent-shaped. hilālūs, Fraud, deceit.

halālūsh, Riot, clamour, squabble. a هلائي hilālī, Novilunar; belonging to or resembling the new moon; semilunar; crescent-shaped; a kind of arrow with a crescent-shaped head; a segment of a circle; name of a celebrated poet.

هلانيدن hilānīdan, To abandon, dismiss.

هاها halāhil (S. halāhala), Mortal, deadly (poison); (cloth) of a thin texture; fine, delicate (verses).

hulāhil, Abundant and limpid

water.

Loko halāhalā, Easy.

رير halāhil-rez, Scattering poison or venom.

halāhīn, Up! let us go! (excla-

mation).

halb (v.n.), Treating contumeliously, satirizing; severity of weather or climate; hard times;—hulb, Hairs of horses' tails; bristles of hogs or similar animals; any kind of stiff and coarse hair; —halab, Hirsuteness, hairiness;—halib, Surname of Abū Qabīsa, who was bald, hut whose hair is said to have grown again after Muhammad had rubbed his head.

A ملله hulbat, Severity of weather or climate; hard times, adverse fortune; a

single horse-hair or bristle.

ملبوت hilbaus, Foolish, stupid; a stammerer.

ملبه hulba, Stature, posture, figure.

A dia hillat, hilla, The heginning (of a month).

A هلت halt, Bark of a tree.

haltāk, Snow. .

ه ملك الله huls ملك الله hulsat, hulsa, هائي halsá, A noisy crowd.

A gis halj (v.n.), Telling incredible stories;—hulj, Confused, uninterpretable dreams;—halij (for T. gd), A medlar.

ملد hilad (8rd sing. pres. of hildan, hili-

dan), He dismisses, abandons.

هادي hildan, To dismiss, abandon. مادي halda, A kind of corn.

ملس hals (v.n.), Attenuating, emaciating (as disease); being attenuated; leanness, meagreness; consumption, phthisis; — hulus, (Persons) recovering from sickness, weakly.

from sickness, weakly.
ملش halsh, Name of a carrion-eating

bird.

haltat, halta, Doubtful news.

A cla hala' (v.n.), Being extremely impatient, or dastardly; great impatience; shameful cowardice; avarice;—hali', Very impatient;—hula', Greedy (wolf);—hilla', fem. hilla'at, hilla'a, A kid.

A مقم hilqamm, hulaqim, A glutton.

A ماهم halqumat, halqama (v.n. of ماهم), Swallowing a mouthful; eating much.

A clib halk (v.n.), Ruining, leading to destruction;—hulk (v.n.), Perishing, dying; destruction, ruin, perdition; shipwreck;—halak (v.n.), Perishing, going to destruction; anything fallen down; a steep place, precipice; the carcase of a perished animal; the space between the top of a mountain and the bottom, or between two mountains; (pl. of hilkat) fallen creatures; (pl. of halakat) years of scarcity;

-hullak (pl. of halik), Lost, ruined, perished.

halak, hilak, The hiccough;—hulak, A kind of sling for casting stones at an enemy;—huluk, Juice of buckthorn (= علل على, below)

a ماكلة halkān, Confounded, tired,

wearied.

A Lim hilkat, hilka, A low or fallen (creature);—halakat, halaka, Destruction, ruin; a year of great scarcity; (pl. of hālik) lost, ruined, perished.

halal (v.n. of La), Being timid, cowardly; fear, timidity, cowardice; the beginning of rain, or the noise of falling rain; (pl. of hallat) rains.

hulul, Juice of buckthorn.

A hilamm, Weak, relaxed;—halumma, Come on! approach! draw near!—halumma jarr-an, And so on, and so forth, et cætera;—halumma kazā, Tell me, show me, or grant me that.

A della halmamat, halmama, A calling

anyone.

هلبن halman (or ābi halman), Name of a river in Sīstān (see هندنند below).

هلبوت halamūt, A kind of wild beet-root. هلناك halnāk, Snow; sour clotted milk, strained and sun-dried for winter-use.

هلندور halandūr, هلندور halandūr, Trefoil. هلنند halanand, Idle, good for nothing. هلند hulū, A kind of peach; a swing.

A £ilwā', āclub hilwā'at, hilwā'a, (A she-camel) travelling well and obedient to the driver.

A هارب halūb, (A woman) fond of, and often approaching her husband; also disliking him, and keeping at a distance.

هارچين hulūchīn, A swing or see-saw. هارون halauzūn, Painting, decoration on

the walls of a house, fresco.

A ملوع halū', Very impatient, fretful; greedy.

ه العلامة halwa'at, A travelling fast.

A مارك halūk, A modest woman, obedient to her husband; an adulteress, lascivious woman;—hulūk (v.n. of هاك), Perishing, dying; falling down, dropping off.

have done! but, still, vet; at length, however, whatever it is;—halla (for also), Assault, attack;—hala kardan, To advance,

assail, storm.

هلهال halhāl, A sieve.

a المال halhāl, (Cloth) of a thin texture;

fine, delicate (verses).

a ماهل halhal (for P. halāhil or halahil), Mortal poison or venem; cleth of a thin texture; delicate verses;—hulhul, Snow.

halahil, Deadly poison.

halhalā, Poison.

هلهاه halhalat, halhala (v.n. of هلهال), Weaving (cloth) of a thin texture; pass

ing (flour) through a fine sieve; calling out hala (to a horse).

hala lum, A game played by boys هله لم

in Kirmān.

a هايله halhala, Shrill cries of exultation in women, which they evince by calling out

halhalyūn, The medlar-tree. hili, Leave alone, dismiss.

هليات halyāk, Thin milk, thickened by boiling, and hardened or dried.

هليانه halyāna, Fumitory.

halijū, (in Zand and Pazand) A

hilīdan, To dismiss, abandon, quit, leave; to omit; to place.

halīsa, An oar. هليسه

halīsh, Name of a carrion-eating هليش

halek, (in Zand and Pazand) A small

apricot.

هليله halīla, The myrobalan or citrontree ;-halīla'i zard, Yellow myrobalans ;halīla'i siyāh, Black myrobalans;—halīla'i kābulī, Chebulic myrobalans.

halīv, halyū, hilyū, A rubbish-basket.

halyūm, Asparagus. هليوم

hilyaun, in P. halyūn, Asparagus (see preceding article).

مليرى hilevi, A boy's game with nuts.

هاية hulya, Stature; woman; fenugreek. ham (S. sam), Also, likewise, in the same manner, equally, even, same; togother, with, both, one another, other; mutual; all; whether; either; (in comp.) fellow, as: ham-shahr "a fellow-citizen"; ham andar (dar) zamān, At this very time; at once; —dar ham rafta, Entangled.

hum (pl. of huwa "he"), They, them; -hamm (v.n.), Melting (fat); causing (one) to melt or waste away (as disease); hushing (an infant) to sleep; grief, care, solicitude; purpose, design; --himm,

A decrepit old man.

hamā, A shower, rain;—humā, A bird of Eastern fable, supposed to fly constantly in the air without touching the ground, and looked upon as a bird of happy omen, prognosticating a crown to every head it overshades; a bird of paradise, phænix, large royal eagle, or pelican;humāyi baiza'i dīn, An epithet of Muhammad; -humāyi lā-makān, The humā without abode (as supposed to be always flying).

هما ياية humā-pāya, Illustrious.

مماد hamād, All, whole.

hamādī, The whole ; completeness. هماديان hamādiyān (pl. of the preceding), All, every one, every thing; the entire works of an author.

hamar (Huzv. אבון), Number, quantity, measure; (for ham-war) always, constantly.

hammār, Talkative.

hamārā, solos hamāra, Always, constantly; a plain, level ground; equal; number, quantity. (See, above.)

hammāz, A defamer. هماز ▲

humās, Friend, partner, companion.

hammās, A lion tearing his prey.

hamāsh, Astonished; mean, base. هم آهيان ham-āshyān, Of the same nest.

ham-āghosh, Locked in each هم آغوش other's arms.

ham-āgoshī, Embrace.

hamāk, An equal, associate, com-

panion; a spouse (= هم حر q.v. below). مال hamāl, humāl, Alike, equal, resembling; coequal, contemporary; a companion, equal, peer; a friend, confidaut.

himāl, Camels allowed to pasture at large night and day; -hammal, Name of a companion of Muhammad; -hummāl, Loose, withered, flabby; a country left uncultivated on account of war.

A همام hamām (v.n. of همام haking a hoarse noise in the throat; -humam, A great king, a hero, magnanimous prince, liberal, magnificent man; a lion; -hammām, A slanderer, whisperer: the third of the days of cold.

A hummām, Name of a poet.

humama, A tree whose branches resemble gold, the fruit being of a musky flavour.

a همامي humāmī, Heroic, magnificent.

همان hamān (for همآن), Only, solely; selfsame, all one, one and the same, even that, that very; in this manner, exactly so, thus, equally; always, continually; [hamān chīz $h\bar{a}$, The same things; at the same time (m.c.); haman sā'at ki, At the same moment, when; -- hamān lahza, Immediately, straightway, all at once, that very moment; ---humān, Who contracts friendship with another.

همانا hamānā, Certainly, surely; apparently; again, the same thing repeated, ditto, as before; alike, resembling; immediately, all of a sudden; a phautom, spectre; opinion, imagination; -hamānā ki, At the same time that.

hamāndam, That very moment ; at هماندم that moment, all at once, immediately,

hamānast, It is even that.

a همان طور haman taur, In the same manner.

همانگه hamāngah, As soon as, or ever.

hamānand (for ham-mānand), Resembling one another.

hamān-hā (pl. of hamān), Those same persons.

مماني أسمان hamānī-āsmān, The whole celestial sphere.

hamānī-āsmān-hā, All the celestial spheres.

ham-āwāz, Singing in tune or in unison with another; speaking in the same tone of voice; harmonious; of the same voice, sound, or note; consulting each

hamāwar, Alike, equal, resembling, similar; a school-fellow; a fellow-servant (from ham "same," and awar "master"); Syria and Yaman (see the following).

مارران hamāwarān, Syria; Yaman; name of a king.

هماورد hamaward, A rival; an adversary in a combat; able or ready to cope with, a competitor.

hamāwan, A mountain in Irān.

هماريز ham-āwez, An equal, rival.

ham-āhang, هم أهنك ham-āhang, Agreeing, of the same inclination, harmonious, concordant; -hamāhang shudan, To be in concord or tune.

هماهنگی hamahangi, Harmony, concord.

hamāy, Name of a boy's game همای played with nuts; - humāy, Humāy, a queen of Persia, grandmother to Därāb II. or Darius Codomannus, overthrown by Alexander; name of a sister of Isfandyar; name of a daughter of Bahman; name of a daughter of the Emperor of Constantinople married to Bahram Gur; name of the lover of Humayun; a standard bearing a figure of the bird humā (phænix or eagle).

humāy-azād, Daughter of Bahman, married to her father, after the

law of Zardusht.

hamā'im (pl. of himmat), Efforts,

endeavours, aspirations, &c.

humāyūn, Blessed, sacred, fortunate, august, royal, imperial; name of several kings; name of the mistress of Humāy; - 'alami humāyūni khāqānī, The august imperial standard; -nāma'i humāyūn, Royal letters, commissions.

a همايون آثار humāyūn-āṣār, In whose

tracks fortune follows.

humāyūn-gāh, The royal palace. همايون humāyūn - nāma, Pilpay's fables (see بيد پاي p. 218).

huma'i, Fortunate; phænix-like.

ممايين hamāyīn (pl. of himyān), Long purses, scrips; large buttocks.

ham-bār, Who bears an equal burden, or toils equally with another; a companion in oppression, labour, or affliction.

ham-bāz, A playmate; associate.

ham-bāzī, Association.

ham-bar, همبره ham-bara, Like; a

friend, companion.

ham-bari, Conformity, equality, likeness; a fit, a match; companionship. ham-bazm, Of the same society,

associating together; a convivial companion, one who sits with others at a feast; ham-bazm shudan, To live, eat, drink, or converse together.

ham-bistar, Bed-fellow; of the

same pillow.

ham-bandi, Connection; subjec-

tion, confinement, government.

ham-boy, Of the same disposition or habits; name of a woman who rescued her brother from the hands of Zahhāk.

ham-pā, A companion; a protector;

together, along with (m.c.).

ham-pây, A fellow-traveller; ham-pāyi dami saiyāl, The companion of bloodshed (the devil).

همهایه ham-pāya, A colleague; of equal

dignity and rank; illustrious.

همپائی ham-pā'ī, A social walk.

ham-pusht, A companion, assist-

هميشتى ham-pushtī, Aid; — ham-pushtī kardan, To assist, back, second, support.

ham-pila, Of the same weight. .ham-panjagī, Contest for equal

ity; wrestling.

ham-pahlū, An equal, peer, partner. هم بياله ham-piyāla, A boon companion. hampeshagi, Exercising the same همهيشكي handicraft.

ham-pesha, Of the same craft;--ham-pesha-rā dushman ast, ham-pesha People of the same craft are enemies of one another.

المريك ham-pīla, Of the same weight.

هم پيمان ham-paimān, Confederate. A himmat, Inclination, desire, resolution, intention, design; ambition, aspiration; mind, thought, attention, care; magnanimity; power, strength, ability; auspices, grace, favour; -himmat kardan, To endeavour, to design ;-himmat masruf gardānidan, I'o bestow great care upon, to use all one's endeavours; -himmat warzīdan, To show magnanimity, to be highminded.

hamtā, Equal, resembling; a fellow, an equal; -bi-hamtā, Incomparable, peerless.

همتاب ham-tāb, Of equal power.

ممتازيانة ham-tāziyāna, A companion at a horse-race, or on a marauding excursion.

همتاa همتاه q.v. above.

hamta'i, Equality.

ham-tarāzū, Of equal weight. ham-tak (همتك tag), A fellow-tra-

veller. tagī), Travelling in همتكي company.

ham-talmīz, A schoolfellow. همتلميذ

A see hamj (v.n.), Drinking at one draught as much as satisfies thirst (a camel) ;-hamaj, Small gnats which infest the nostrils or eyes of cattle; old crippled

sheep; lean sheep; abject, low, or foolish men; hunger;—hamaji hamij, Severe hunger, starving.

hamjā, Reproach; injury, oppres-

sion.

منجانی ham-jāy, هنجای ham-jā'ē, A fellowcitizen or countryman; friendship, nationality.

hamajat, hamaja, One gnat; one lean sheep.

هم جهتي ham-juftī, Conjunction, union, equality.

a م منب ham-jamb, Sitting together;

a هميس ham-jins, Homogeneous; consubstantial.

a همينسي hamjinsī, Homogeneousness. همينگ ham-jang, Battle-field; fellow-soldier.

هم جوار ه ham-jiwār, Townsman, neigh-

hamji, A small fly; a beetle. هجم ham-chashm, One's equal.

مم چشبی hamchashmī, Emulation, competition;—hamchashmī kardan, To contend, vie with.

hamchunān, In that manner, in the same manner; exactly like, so, still;—ham chunānchi, As, same manner as, in like manner;—hamchunānki, In the same manner as.

hamchand, Only, so many.

hamchunīn, In this manuer, thus, in like manner, in the very same manuer.

hamchū, hamchūn, hamchūn, hamchūn, Like, such, such like, as, thus, so, even as, as if;—hamchū roz, Clear as daylight.

a ham-hāl, A companion, one in the same station of life, a partner;—ham-hāl shudan. To be in partnership, or intimate.

ham-hujra, Of the same chamber. همخانگی ham-khānagi. Cohabitation;—ham-khānagi kardan, To live along with.

ham-khāna, A fellow-lodger, companion, partner; a spouse, husband and wife;—ham-khāna'i masīh, The sun (whose place is the fourth heaven, or heaven of Jesus).

م مداوند ham-khudāwand, A fellowstudent or servant; contrary, adverse, inimical; a large bench upon which people recline.

a مخدمت ham-khidmat, مخدمت ham-khidmutgār, A fellow-servant.

ham-khwābagī, A sleeping together;—ham-khwābagī kardan, To sleep together.

المنورة ham - khwāba, A bed-fellow;

apouse.

ham-khwāh, One who asks the same thing, or at the same time; a fellow-citizen.

همخوند ham-khwund, A fellow-student, or servant, &c. (= هم خدارند g.v. above).

ham-khoy (khūy), Of the same

disposition, temper, or habits.

dan-dāstān, Of the same advice; telling the same story; an intimate friend, an inseparable companion; a confidant, secretary; conformable, agreeable; obedient; contented, thankful; contentment, thankfulness.

ham-dāstānī, Contentment,

taxes, tribute.

همداماد ham-dāmād, A son-in-law; each of those who have married two or more sisters; kindred by marriage.

ham-dāmān, Married to the sister

of another's wife.

A column hamdan, Name of a tribe in Yaman,

olass hamadan, A city and district in Persia.

hamadānī, Native of Hamadān.

ham-dabietan, A schoolfellow.

A samdat, Apoplexy.

هم درد ham-dard, A partner in sorrow, a fellow-sufferer; sympathetical.

هم دردي ham-dardī, Sympathy.

ham-dust, A partner, companion, associate, accomplice; one who sits or converses with another; of equal strength, power, or greatness.

ham-dastān, Hand in hand; (for ham-dastān) of the same advice, &c.; (pl.

of ham-dast) partners, associates.

ham-digar, Together. هم دگر

فمدل ham-dil, Unanimous, of the same opinion; sympathetic; a cordial friend; unanimously.

همدلي ham-dilī, Sympathy.

nam-dam, Breathing together, i.e. an intimate companion, friend, or spouse; one (fisher for pearls) who can hold his breath for the same time as another; a goblet of wine.

همدوس ham-dami, Friendship, familiarity. ممدوش ham-dosh, An equal, companion. همدهي ham-dihi, Of the same village.

ham-digar, Both, each.

a هم دين ham-din, Of the same faith; co-religionist.

همديوار ham-dīwār, Having the same wall, i.e. a neighbour, neighbouring.

ham-dīhī, A fellow-villager.

a همذات ham-zāt, Co-existent, consubstantial.

which leaves foot-marks on the ground; a city built by Hamazan, son of Peleg, son of Shem, son of Noah, the city of Hamadan in Persia.

a هخالى hamazānī, Verbose, loquacious a confused, disordered pace; a native or inhabitant of Hamadān.

hamr (v.n.), Pouring out (water,

milk, &c.); milking out all that is in the udder; giving away part (of one's wealth); making a present, bestowing a gift.

مم راد ham-rad, Of equal liberality, mu-

nificence, or courage.

ham-rāz, Knowing each other's secrets; a confidant, intimate friend.

العة, ham-rāfta, Understood, per-

ceived.

ham-rāh, A fellow-traveller; with, along with; -ham-rahi man, Along with

hamrāhī, Society on the road, fellow-travelling; —hamrāhī kardan, To travel in company.

a همراي ham-ray, Of the same mind, of

equal opinion.

A b, b hamrat, hamra, A species of philtre or fascination; one burst of passion.

همرجل hamarjal, fem. همرجل hamarjalat, hamarjala, Swift; fleet, excellent (camel).

hamras, Money, specie, cash.

ham-rishta, Strung on the same

hamraf-shuda, (A horse) rising five years old.

a همرتاص ham-raqqās, Dancing together. a همركاب ham-rikub, A stirrup-fellow, ne who rides alongside of another.

ham-rang, Of the same colour,

omplexion, nature, or disposition.

ham-rav. A follow-traveller; -- hamrū, Face to face; -ham-rū shudan, To appear before; to be placed opposite, face to face; to he of full age (as a horse five years old).

ham-rozgār, Cotemporary.

q.v. هم رو هده ham-rū shuda, = هم رو هده above.

همريدة ham-royanda, Full-grown.

ham-rah, Fellow-traveller. ramrahī, Fellowship in travel.

همر (v.n.), Squeezing (in the hand); making a sign with the eye, winking, beckening; burning; striking, piercing, pricking, biting; marking (a letter) with the sign hamzah -; accusing, defaming, detracting ;-hamzu 'sh-shaitan, Madness, demoniacal possession.

A همرات hamazāt, Instigations (of Satan). ham-zād, Born together, congenital; twin, of equal age; a cotemporary, playmate; a jinn, or familiar spirit, said to be produced at the birth of every child, and to accompany him through life; a sharer of provisions on a journey.

ham-zānū, Sitting with another knee to knee; living together; a compa-

nion, associate.

همزانوئي ham-zānū'ī, Close intimacy.

همزبان ham-zabān, Of the same language. hamzat, The sign hamzah (*) or letter alif (1); [hamza'i bain, A hamzah substituted for a , or ; -hamza'i mismār, A crooked nail;]-hamazat, hamaza, A suggestion of the devil; -humazat, humaza, One who defames or reproaches (especially a person present).

المهرية ham-zada, Topsy-turvy (m.c.);

ba-ham-zada, In spite of (m.c.).

ham-zulf, A wife's sister's husband. ham-zamān, Cotemporary.

a همزمزمه ham-zamzama, A fellow-singer, a companion.

ham-zūlī, A friend from childhood همزولي

hams (v.n.), Chewing or talking همس 🛦 without fully separating the teeth; a gentle noise; moving gently, or noiselessly.

ham-sāz, Unanimous; a friend, correspondent, confederate; of the same

همسال ham-sāl, Of the same year or age; coeval.

ham-san, Resembling each other. ham-sāyagān, Neighbours.

همسایگی ham-sāyagī, Neighbourhood;

neighbourship, neighbourliness.

همسايه ham-sāya, Under the same shade, i.e. neighbouring, neighbour; -ham-saya'i masih, Tho sun (whose seat is the fourth heaven, which is also the abode of Jesus according to the Muhammadans).

hamsāya-nawāzī, Friendly همساية نوازي

terms with neighbours.

a همسبق ham-sabiq, Schoolfellow, olassfellow.

همسخن ham-sukhun, Who consents, unanimous.

hamsada, Name of a spirit which incites to good acts.

ham-sar, Of the same head, i.e. equal in height, age, or of the same authority; also of the same rank or profession; an associate; a spouse; -sar u ham-sar, Superiors and equals; elders and coevals (mm.cc,).

ham-sarī, Equality, evenness.

a هم سفر ham-safar, A fellow-traveller ; hamsafarāni (pl.) jāhil, (ignorant fellowtravellers) The human soul and body.

همسفوكي hamsufragī, Commensality, fellowship of table; -hamsufragī kardan, To

mess together.

ham-sufra, Sitting at the same table; messmate, fellow-commoner; a convivial companion; a boarder.

a هم سکه ham-sikka, Of the same coin or

stamp.

a هم سن ham-sin (sinn), Of equal age, a playfellow.

ham-sang, Of the same weight. hamsūd, The red jujube; the red hutton of a rose.

hom-saugand, Bound to one هم سوكند another by oath, confederate.

hamsīrāz, A translation.

hamsh (v.n.), Entering (one within another); swaying to and fro (as a crowd of people); swarming up and down, or crawling one upon another (locusts);hamish, hamsh (?), Dexterous, nimble, active (man).

hamshpatamahdīm, The sixth period of the creation, 75 days, in which

God created man.

hamshat, The noise of locusts shut up and moving to and fro in a narrow place.

a بابشمه ham-sharāb, A boon-compa-

nion.

هم هكل ه ham-shikl, Like, resembling. ham-shikam, Uterine (brother). ham-shūy, A rival wife.

ham-shahrī, A fellow-townsman; a compatriot, a countryman.

ham-shīr, Of the same milk, i.e. a uterine or a foster-brother or sister.

ham-shīragī, A suckling with another.

ham-shīra, A foster-brother; a sister (by the mother only, or a fostersister).

ham-shīra zāda, A nephew by

the sister.

hamehīn (for ham-nishīn), One who sits or converses with another.

a ham-suhbat, Of the same society, an associate; —ham-subbat shudan, To converse, debate, associate.

a همحبتی ham-ṣuḥbatī, Fellowship.

A ham! (v.n.), Defrauding one of his due, injuring, oppressing; taking indiscreetly, taking all that comes to hand; eating voraciously; talking at random; acting foolishly.

a هم طبق ham-tabaq, A messmate. a هم طويله ham-tawīla, Of the same string,

herd, or stable, a companion.

همعان ham', همع hama'ān (v.n. of همعان), Shedding tears; flowing (as a liquid), falling (as dew); -hami', (A cloud) pouring out rain,

a ham-'aqd, United, tied together. a همعنان ham-'inan, With equal reins, i.e.

riding alongside of another; a companion,

equal, associate, friend, peer.

a معمد ham-'ahd, Coeval, cotemporary; joined, allied; adopted brother, united by friendship.

hamiq, hamaq (?), Soft herbage, easily eaten; a great deal of dry herbs, grass, or hay :- himaqq, Foolish, disturbed, confused (cf. احمد p. 22). a مر الده hom-qad, Of equal stature.

a معلام ham-qadah, A boon-companion.

ham-qadr, Equivalent, of an equal همقدر price, value, dignity, or power.

a همقدم ham-qadam, A companion; an attendant; a footman.

a معقران ham-qarān, معقران ham-qarīn, Associated with another.

a معقرية ham-qarya, A fellow-villager. a هم قطار ham-qiṭār, Of the same flock.

a معقام ham-qalam, A fellow-clerk; one who has control over the secretaries of a court.

a هم قوم ham-qaum, Of the same tribe. ham-kār, A fellow-workman.

ham-kāsa, A convivial or booncompanion; a fellow-commoner, boarder.

a هم كفو ham-kuf \bar{u} , Of the same family.

a مم كلام ham-kalām, Intercourse; engaged in conversation.

ham-kan, ham-kun, A companion in toil or travel.

ham-kinār, Embracing.

ham-kunūn, This very moment. a هم كنيت ham-kunyat, Of the same patronymic.

ham-kesh, A co-religionist.

hamkin, Fellow-labourer, or traveller

hamagān (pl. of hama), All.

هم گپ ham-gap, A gossip.

hamgar, A weaver ; relation, affinity. . ham-guroha, In one body همگروهه

همكتان hamginān, All; a company; homogeneous; equals,

هم گوهه ham-gosha, Of the same species; a neighbour.

ham-gauhari, The being of the same essence, co-essentiality.

همكي hamagi, All, the whole; entirety;

-az hamaqī'i zanān, Of all womeu. ham-gir, Meeting together; concurring with.

A همل haml (v.n.), Shedding tears; raining incessantly; being left to themselves to graze where they please night and day (camels); -himl, An Arabian garment of coarse stuff; mended clothes; an old tent made of hair; -hamal (Cattle) allowed to feed at large night and day; (water) flowing freely without impediment and allowed to be partaken of by everybody; the fibres called lif, torn from the trunk of the palm-tree; coir; -hummal, (Cattle) feeding at large.

himlāj, Tractable, going quietly هملاج ۸ or slow (a horse on the road)

هملان ه hamalān (v.n. of همل), Shedding

tears; raining incessantly.

hamlajat, hamlaja, Easy pace of a pack-horse.

ham-lakht, A kind of shoe; the sole of a shoe.

hamlakht-doz, A cobbler. هملخت دوز

A lalas hamlagat, hamlaga, Swiftness, celerity, haste.

himam (pl. of himmat), Intentions, resolves; cares, anxious wishes; favours; decrepit old women.

a ملهب ham-mazhab, A co-religionist a هم مشرب ham-mashrab, Like-tempered

a مملت ham-maşlaḥat, Confederate. a هم معنى ham-ma'ná, Synonymous. a مم مكتب ham-maktab, A school-fellow. אם i ham-nām, A namesake. hamambar, Alike, resembling; good.

ham-nabard, A fellow-labourer. همنبرسي ham-nabardī, Contest, compe-

a الم ندا ham-nidā, Singing in concert. a هم نسل ham-nasl, Of the same breed. ham-nishan, Of the same sign,

mark, or token; in the same manner; to

that effect, of that purport.

ham-nishin, هم نشست ham-nishin, One who sits or converses with another, a companion; all living creatures.

ham-nishīnī, A sitting together, هم نشيني

converse.

a همنفس ham-nafs, A friend, intimate companion; -ham-nafas, Consonant, har-

ham-namak, A messmate.

a مر نواله ham-nawala, A messmate.
ham-naward, Travelling-companion, fellow-traveller.

هم أو hamo (for همو), He also.

hamwā, Desire, intention, wish.

hamwar, Plain, equal, level; an even place or thing; lenient, behaving gently or tenderly to another; clear, melodious (intonation); proportionable, wellmade; suitable, worthy, fit; always, constantly, continually; perpetual; -hamwar kardan, To level, smooth, make plain; -nāhamwār, Uneven; unsuitable, disproportioned, indecent, absurd, unworthy; discordant.

همواركي hamwāragī, Eternity, perpetuity. hamwara, Always, continually.

hamwārī, Evenness, levelness, flatness.

a هموگان ham-wisāq, Associated, confederated, joined in alliance or conspiracy.

hamūj (himūj, humūj?), A lamp, a lantern.

A همود humūd (v.n. of همود Being extinguished (fire, together with all its heat); being worn, torn, or cut along the folds (a garment); being destitute of rain and vegetation, being dead, producing nothing at all (land); death.

hamward, The joists of the roof. a פים אוש ham-wazn, Of the same weight.

hamus, Soft-treading (lion when stealing upon his prey); one who travels much or fast at night.

a همرطن hamwatan, A compatriot (m.c.). hamū', Flowing, fluent;--humū' (v.n. of همع), Shedding tears; flowing (as anything liquid); falling (as dew).

a همونت ham-waqt, At the same time; of

the same age.

A ممول hamul (v.n. of همول A Raining gently, but incessantly; shedding tears.

humūlat, humūla, (Camels) pasturing night and day without a keeper.

A מֹּהְּפָּק hamūm, (A well) abounding with water; (a cloud) raining copiously; a reed shaken by the wind; a she-camel pacing well; -humum (pl. of hamm), Cares, afflictions, anxieties.

A waxing old and depart humumat, A waxing old and

frail.

hamūn, In this manner, exactly so, thus.

hamūn-jā, That or in that same

hama, All, the whole, every, each, everything; an assault, attack; — hama tūyi ham, All of them together, indiscriminately; -hama roz, All day long; -in hama nīst, It is all naught, i.e. nothing formidable, not much, only a slight thing, but a moment, &c.; bā hama, With all; with all that, nevertheless.

المحقة hama-jā, Everywhere.

هماه hamajī, A beetle. المالة hama sāla, Alway, for ever.

A himhim, A lion.

هميم hamhamat,hamhama (v.n. of هميمة له hamhamat,hamhama Making a noise in the throat from hoarseness; braying, bellowing (as an elephant, or ox); roaring (a lion); lamenting; a low voice, whisper, murmur; (a mother) hushing her infant to sleep.

hamy, humīy همي ⊾ (v.n. of همی), Flowing (water or tears); weeping, shedding tears; running away in fright (cattle); going to pasture (the same);

letting (cattle) loose.

hamī, Patient, modest;—hamī, A particle expressive of continuance or duration, and prefixed or affixed to some tenses of the Persian verb, more particularly to the present and preter-imperfect. as:—hami pursad, He keeps asking.

hamyāz, A friend, companion.

A هميان himyān, in P. hamyān, hamayān, A long purse or scrip, especially hung at the side; a girdle, belt; a money-belt; the string of the breeches or drawers; [lahu himyān, He has large buttocks;]-hamayan (v.n. of همی), Flowing (water or tears); shedding tears; going to pasture (cattle).

hamīj, A young deer, slenderbodied; (a deer) having two lines on the back, of a different colour from the rest of the body; (a deer) troubled with the gripes or any other distemper which makes the face thin; tormented by gnats.

hamijan, In the same manner.

hamīd, Thus, in the same manner, in this way; a fault, suspicion, accusation (especially false); foolish, stupid.

hamid, Tribute or tax, to be paid,

as entered in the public books.

hamīdūn, Now, at this moment,

always, perpetually; suddenly; such, in this manner; at least; in the same place; care, endeavour; favour.

hamez, (in Zand) Summer.

hamishak-jawan, هميشك جوان Houseleek.

hamīshagī, Eternity, perpetuity. hamīsha, Always, continually, perpetually; anciently; having no beginning. هميشه بهار hamīsha-bahār, Ox-eye, a species of camomile.

himya', هميع hamyagh, himyagh, Sudden death.

hamīm, Small rain; sour milk kept in a bottle or churn for drinking, not for making butter; (pl. of hāmmat), rep-

A A hamīmat, hamīma, Small rain; a gentle gale; anything about which one is anxious.

hamen, (in Zand) Summer;—hamīn, Only, solely, neither more nor less, even this, this same, equally, so, in the same manner; — hamīn-jā, In this very place; -hamin sa'at, This self-same hour; -hamin taur, In the same manner, by a parity of reasoning; — hamīn fardā, Not later than to-morrow (m.c.);—hamīn ki, In the same time that (m.c.).

hamīnak, Behold now! lo here he

is! this moment; all.

سه han, Gratitute, obligation, thanks ;--hin (in the Shīrāz-dialect for hast), Is, exists.

ه منه han, fem. هنه hanat, hana, Some, a certain (man); a thing, small matter, somewhat; pudendum;—hin (for of in), If ;—hann (v.n.), Weeping, deploring, crying lamentably; crying to (her) colt in an affectionate manner (a camel); -hunna, They (fem.).

han', hin' (v.n.), Being wholesome, agreeing well with, digestible (food);hin', A present; pitch for anointing a camel; -hannā, hunā, Here; [min hannā wā hanna, Here and there, on every side;]hina' (v.n. of هنا"), Anointing (a camel) with pitch; aiding, assisting; liquid pitch for ancinting a scabby camel.

A Balus hana'at (v.n. of عبل or هناه), Being light, wholesome, and digestible (meat); happening, arriving without

trouble or difficulty.

A مناه han'at (v.n. of هناه مناه han'at (v.n. of (food) well; -- hana'at (v.n. of هنو or هنی),
Being light, wholesome, and digestible (food) well; -hana'at (v.n. of (meat) ;--hanāt, in P. هناك, A calamity.

hanāt (pl. of hanat), Certain women; small things; rime mulierum;fī-hi hanāt, In him there are bad qualities. A هنادسة hanādisat, hanādisa (pl. of han-

dūs), Skilful.

مناك hunāka, hannāka, هناك hunālika, There, in that place.

hunām, (in ancient Persian) Stature, figure, form of the body, symmetry, arrangement.

hinnām, Name of a tribe of the Jinn.

hanāhīn, The noise of people talking together, or an army, horse and foot, on the march.

hinā'ish, hināyish, Effect, impresgion.

himb, Name of a catamite expelled by Muhammad from Madinah; -- hdnab, Carelessness, simplicity, folly (applied especially to a woman).

ham-baz, A companion, partner. هنبان hamban, A wallet; soft leather. hambar, Fair, handsome, good.

himbar, hinnabr, A hyena;—abi 'l-himbar, A male hyena;—ummu'l-himbar, A female hyena.

A هنبله hambalat, hambala (v.n. of هنبله), Going like a lion; the limping pace of a hyena.

A ais hanat, hana, Aught; a certain woman; rima.

hanj, Extracting, drawing; casting, throwing, flinging; concord, harmony;

riches; harmonious, agreed. hanjār, hinjār, A mason's rule, any string or instrument used by builders in laying stones straight, a plumb-line, a level; a straight road; an unbeaten path, by-path; way, rule, law; habit, custom; conduct; taking a cross-cut by a by-path; colour; vexation, grief; construed with burdan, zadan, &c.; -nā-ba-hanjār, Not in place, untimely; unfit, unworthy, unsuitåble (cf. نا هنچار p. 1338).

hanjara, Sad, afflicted.

hanjārīdan, To travel on, by, or near the road, or on the side of it.

hanjam, Out of employ; a vagrant, lazy, idle, good-for-nothing fellow.

hinjak, A pot-herb eaten boiled. hinjamak, A herb which is given to cattle boiled.

hanjidan (shortened from āhanjidan), To draw out, bring forth; to pull up; to yawn, stretch; to flay a sheep; to vex, grieve, molest, injure, irritate, try, tempt.

ميد hand (S. santi), They are; way,

road, manner, law, custom, usage.

هدد hand (v.n.), Cutting ;—hind, A hundred (camels), or a few more or less; according to others, two hundred (of camels, &c.); India; the Hindu people; a female proper name (in particular that of Mu'awiyah's mother) ;-hindi hinā, The blackness of hennah; -hindi gharbī, West Indies.

hindat, Women of the name of Hind.

A منداز hindaz, handaz (from P. andaza),

A certain quantity or determinate measure.

handām (from P. andām), Stature; symmetry, just proportion.

هندرانه hindana (for هندرانه q.v. below),

A pumpkin; a water-melon.

A هندب hindab, Endive, succory.

א מיבולים hindabā', hindibā', Endive;—hindabā'i barrī, Wild endive.

A single active. hindabāt, hindabāh, A single

هندي ه hindibá, Endive; — handabiy, Verbose, loquacious.

hindbed, Endive.

هندس A هندس hindis, Skilful, experienced, sagacious (man).

هندوستان hindusān (for هندوستان), Hindūstān.

handasat, handasa (from P. andāza), Skill in the construction of subterraneous aqueducts; geometry;—ahlu 'l-handasa, Geometricians.

hindistān, hindustān, India. هندستان

a هندسه hindisa, Numeration by the letters of the alphabet; a cypher; arithmetic.

a مندسة hindisa-bāz, A cheat, a cun-

ning fellow, a plotter.

a هندسي handasī, fem. هندسي handasīyat, handasīya, Geometrical; architectural; a geometrician; an architect;—ādābi handasiyān (pl.), The geometrical science.

hindamand, Name of a river in Sistan [in P. (ābi) harman or halman; see

above]. هلمن

a slave; a robber; an infidel; a watchman; a mole on the cheek of a mistress; —hindāyi bārīk-bīn (pīr, charkh, sipihr, gumbazi gardān), The planet Saturn;—hindāyi jān-bar-miyān, Obedient, submissive; a slave, a servant.

هندران handawān, Name of the fort of Balkh;—hinduwān, Indian; (pl. of hindū)

Indians.

hinduwāna, A pumpkin, watermelon; hard and round excrements of animals; — hinduwāna az tars afgandan, To drop excrement from fear (proverbial to express the height of terror). Similar expressions will be easily understood from the context, and may, for decency's sake, here be omitted.

a هنرانی hindawānī, hundawānī, Made of Indian steel; (a sword) of an excellent

edge.

مندربآر hindūbār, Hindūstān; an ink-

horn.

هدو زاده hindū-zāda, Of low or obscure birth.

هندو زار hindū-zār, India, Hindūstān. هندوس ه hundūs, Experienced, skilful. هندوستان hindūstān, İndia, Hindūstān. هندوستان hindūstānī, Belonging to Hindūstān; the language of that country, Hindustānī.

مندوستانيت hindūstāniyat, Ease, indul-

مندو هاة hindū-shāh (هندو هاة shah), King of

هدوكان hinduwakān (pl. of hinduwak, dim. of hindū), Little Indians.

مندر بواد hindū-nizhād, Of Indian descent. هندروي hindūwī, هندروي hinduwī, An Indian; Indian; the Indian language, Hindi;—hunduwī, A bill of exchange.

hinduwi-azhdahā, An Indian هندوي ازدها

sword.

a hinduwi-jādū, One who practises magic over Indians.

hinduwī daryā-nishīn, هندري دريا لشين hinduwī daryā-nishīn,

Writing, manuscript.

a هندوی نار hunduwi-nazr, A bill of exchange.

هندي hinde, One Indian;—hindī, Anything Indian, or belonging to India; a sword of Indian steel; (met.) a swordblow;—hundī (H. هندي), A bill of exchange.

هنديا (؟), Name of a town or country.
هنديان hundiyān, هنديان hundiyāwan,

Commission on bills of exchange.

هندي نواد hindī-nizhād, Born in India. هند hunar, Skill, science, knowledge, ingenuity. art, industry, excellence, virtue; profession; a bill of exchange;—hunār yāftan, To acquire skill, &c.

هنر آفرين hunar-āfirīn, Clever, skilful. هنر بند hunar-band, Clever, skilful.

هدر پروداز hunar-pardāz, هدر پروداز hunar-parwar, A lover, cultivator, patron, or encourager of science; a virtuoso.

همر پزوری hunar-parwarī, Cleverness, skilfulness, genius, abilities; virtuosoship.

هنر پيشه hunar-pesha, An artist; skilful. هنر غواجه hunar-khwāja, A possessor of skill, virtue, excellence; an artist, virtuoso. هنر دار hunar-dār, Skilful, kuowing, clever.

هنر فروش hunar-farosh, Who pretends to be skilful, &c.; who exhibits skill or cleverness.

hunarmand, Learned, excellent, skilful, industrious; an artist, virtuoso;—mi'māri hunarmand, A skilful architect.

هنرمنداله huncrmandāna, Skilfully. هنرمندی hunarmandī, Skilfulness, skill. هنر نامه hunar-nāma, A book of science or poetry.

hunarwar, Skilful, clever.

هنری hunare, A science, art, &c.; anything valuable.

هنر يافته hunar-yāfta, Possessed of virtue, skilful, brave.

هنوز hanuz, Yet, still, &c. (= معنوز pelow).

هدوس ه hinzamn (from P. anjuman), A crowd, a company.

A هدشنش hanashnash, Light, not heavy.

منح مه han' (v.n.), Bending, folding, doubling; submitting, humbling oneself unto; a shortness of neck of deer; -hana' (v.n.), The natural bend of the body; the curve in the neck of a camel, or ostrich, and other long-necked beasts and birds; hunna', Humble, submissive (men).

A des han'at, han'a, A mark burnt on the right side of a camel's neck; five stars in the left shoulder of Orion, forming the sixth mansion of the moon; also the name of several other stars in the Milky Way, and of eight in the form of a bow, called

Brachium Leonis.

هنگار hankār, هنگاره hankārd, هنگار .v. below هنگارد

هنگاریدن hank ar idan, = هنگاریدن q.v.below.

hang, Understanding, intellect; majesty, authority; dignity, gravity; purpose, design, institution; a wave; a cavern, cleft in the rock; quantity or weight of anything; sympathy; strength, power, ability; many, much, abundant; keeping, guarding; acute, intelligent; a tribe, family; an army, soldier; a stroke, blow, collision, wound, hurt; defluxion, rheum, cold; a draught of water;—hing, Prosperity, happy times; a pain in the bowels; assafætida; intellect; -hung, Provisions; power, strength.

hangār, هنگارد hangārd, Haste, speed; vehemence; -hangarad (3rd sing. pres. of hangārīdan), He exercises violence.

hangārīdan (obsolete verb of which only the 3rd sing. pres. is mentioned in the dictionaries), To exercise violence,

to be sharp or stringent.

hangām, Time, hour, season; an assembly; construed with the verbs baz chīdan, bar-ham zadan, bastan, chīdan, shikastan, nihādan, &c.; — hangāmi pīrī, Old age; —hangāmi juwānī, The time of youth ; hangāmi fāṣila, Interlude (m.c.); -hangāmi gul, The season of roses; hangāmi nang u nabard, Time of battle; —az hangāmi sahar tā hangāma'i shām, From morning until evening; -- ān hangām, At that time, then ; -bī-hangām, Untimely, ill-timed, out of season;—dar hangāmi shām, In the evening.

hangāma, A convention, assembly, meeting of merchants; a place for any kind of play or entertainment; noise, tumult, hubbub, commotion, confusion, riot, disorder, crowd, throng; -- hangam bar chidan, To shut out the noise and turmoil of the outer world, to retire from the bustle of worldly life; — hangāma'i tiftān, The world ;-hangāma kardan, To make a noise,

to raise a disturbance (m.c.).

hangāma-gir, A rope-dancer; هنگامة كير clever in conjuring tricks; tumultuous, uproarious; a seller of charms; a quack, a charlatan.

منكامى hangāmī, Temporal; ephemeral; animals which shortly appear and disap-

pear, as insects.

hanguft, hunguft, Thick, dense, coarse; much, abundant; cloth of a plain, equal, or firm texture; a kind of female upper garment; a bed counterpane quilted with cotton.

hanga, A place for any entertain-

هنگيدن hangidan. To be troubled, muddy. hanmad, Green substance upon

معر hanau, Something; pudenda (of man or woman) ;-hinw, Time, season.

ه موات hanawat (pl. of hanau), Small things; pudenda; (pl. of hanat) calamities.

q.v. above. هموار = hanwār, for and هموار hunūbara, איפון hunūbara, A palmtree with one trunk.

hanūtās, Angels which surround هنوتاس the throne of God.

منود م hunud (pl. of hind), Indians, Hindus; women of the name of Hind.

hanūz, hanoz, Yet, still, further, just now, at present, hitherto, to this very time, until now; not yet; -- hanuz waqt nīst, The time has not yet come.

hanūn (pl. of han), Small things,

هبوند hanwand, Shame, modesty, bashful-

ا هنه ha-na, Is it not? whether?

ا هني ه hany (v.n.), Doing ;—hani', (Meat) light, easy of digestion, pleasant; anything possessed or acquired without trouble; a gift;-kulū hanī'an marī'an, Eat ye with a good digestion.

فني hunî, A funnel.

hanyār, هنيان hanyān, A consort, spouse, partner.

A هنية hunaiyat, hunaiya, A small thing,

a trifle.

منيدة م hunaidat, hunaida, A hundred camels; a hundred of anything.

hunīr, Good, heautiful; excellence, beauty.

ha-nez, Is it not yet? is it not also? hitherto, thus far, as yet, until now; -dar hanez, Whilst yet.

hani', Crooked and short-necked هنيع

(man).

هنين hanān (v.n. of هنين), Crying affectionately to (her) colt (a camel); weeping, wailing, lamenting; -hunain (dim. of han), Small rima.

hunaihat, hunaiha (dim. of hanat). A trifle.

هني " مني hani' = "هني q.v. above. hau, White or red pus; a bloody swelling; the moon; a cloud; fog, mist;- hū, A sigh; ah! alas! ho! mind! construed with the verbs afgandan, zadan, &c.; - hūi auwal (in the parlance of wrestlers), The first time or turn.

موه huwa, in P. hū, He; he is; a name of God;—also hū'i nāma, The name of God, generally accompanied by one or more of his attributes, written in front of a letter or book as an auspicious omen (construed with dashtan, kashidan, &c.); yā hū, O He! my God or Lord!

hawā, Name of a village in Dāmaghan, where there is a remarkable well.

A hawa', in P. hawa, Affection, favour, love, mind, desire; hawa, in P. hawa, Air, atmosphere, ether, the space between heaven and earth; wind, gentle gale; sound, voice, tone, air of music, a song; anything empty; \[\int hawa \text{ abr darad (there)} \] is a cloud in the air), A disturbing element appears ;-hawa pukhtan, To cherish a fancy; -hawā-shikasta ast, The air inclines to cold; -hawā kardan (giriftan), To fly; -hawayi tund, A storm, tempest; ambition; vanity; a coward; - hawāyi khaftān-posh (sinjāb-gūn, sinjābī), A cloudy sky; -- hawayi nafsanī (or hawa u hawas). Lust, concupiscence, sensuality, luxury;ba-hawā raftan, To evaporate (m.c.);posh-hawā, sumbul-hawā, A dark or cloudy atmosphere; -kushōda-hawā, An open or serene sky;]—hiwā' (v.n. 3 of عوى), Soothing, flattering, cajoling; playing, trifling, now offering a thing and now drawing it

ه طوابد م hawābid (pl. of hābidat), Women who gather colocynths or their seeds.

a هوا پرست hawā-parast, A worshipper of the air, i.e. vain, given to vanity (ambition or sensuality).

hawāt, hawāh, Air, ether, atmo-

sphere.

desires.

اجر ه hawājir, Sultry afternoon-heats. hawājis (pl. of hājisat), Thoughts occurring to the mind, suggestions; carnal

هواجم ۵ hawājim, Assaults, shocks. brunts.

hawājü, Endive.

a هوا جوى hawā-joy (jūy), A lover.

a هوا خواه hawā-khwāh, Vain, desirons of vanities, ambitious, fond of pleasure; a friend, well-wisher.

a هواخواهي hawākhwāhī, Well-wishing. a هوا خورده hawā-khwurda, Possessed of

a هوا عورى hawā-khwurī, A pleasure-walk,

an airing (m.c.).

a هوادار hawā-dār, Airy, having or following the wind; a friend; a lover, wellwisher; saucy; flighty; dispersed in air, given to the winds; the seat placed on an elephant to ride in ;—zulfi hawā-dār, Ringlets waving in the wind.

a هواداري hawādārī, Affection, liking.

a عالم hawād, for-

A قوادة hawadat, hawada (v.n. of هود), Making peace; inclining; softness; clination; indulgence, licence, leave; that from which good is hoped for.

hawādij (pl. of haudaj), Camel-

hawadir, Braying camels; cooing هوادر doves.

هوادي A hawādī (pl. of hādī), Beginnings of night; necks of horses; the first that appear in sight of a herd of camels.

hawāz (pl. of hauzat), Birds of the

kind هوده q.v. below.

A قوارة hawārat, Destruction, annihilation.

hawarim (pl. of harim), (Camels) هوارم feeding on the shrub harm.

هواري hawarī, A large tent; an audiencechamber; unseasonable, ill-timed; foolish, ignorant (this doubtful).

a موازد hawā-zad, Spring, force, impulse

of air.

a هوا ردكى hawā-zadagī, Chill, chilliness, cold.

a si la hawā-zad. The percussion or reverberation of air.

a من اهوا hawā-zada, Chilled, cooled.

hawāza, Suddenly, at once, un-

هواري A مراي hawāzin, Name of a tribe; (pl. of hauzan) birds of the kind ورن q.v. be-

هوازي hawāzī, hiwāzī, An audience-chamber; suddenly, all at once, without notice. (See هوازه above and هواري).

hiwās, Lust, heat; -- hauwās, Li-

bidinous; a lion.

hawāsīdan, To convene, semble; to have chapped or pale lips (from heat or fear).

hawāsīda, A pale, livid lip.

huwāshāt (pl. of the following), Crowds; herds of camels mixed together; ill-gotten riches.

huwāshat, huwāsha, A crowd of men, or a number of camels, especially in

confusion.

 \mathbf{A} هواع $huw\bar{a}'$ (v.n. of هواع $huw\bar{a}'$ spontaneously; a vomit; anything vomited; name of the month $z\bar{u}$ 'l-qa'da.

hawālik (pl. of hālik), Perish-

ing.

huwām, Excessive thirst; madness; -hauwām, A lion; -hawāmm (pl. of hāmmat), Reptiles; serpents; insects;hawammu'l-arz, The reptiles of the earth; -hawammi zarar-rasān, Noxious reptiles.

hawāmil (pl. of hāmil), Camels هوامل م

feeding at large night and day.

A هوان hawan (v.n. of هوان), Being contemptible; contempt, scorn; meekness, mildness; languid,

hawāwīn (pl. of hawūn), Mor-

ه مواهى م hawāhī, Trifles, ridiculous ac-

tions, sayings, or things.

a هوائي hawā'ī, Airy, windy; idle, vain, capricious, licentious; a votary of pleasure; ambitious; flighty; vain, idle, rash, triffing talk; a rocket; income not derived from any fixed source; blue, cerulean, azure, sky-coloured.

هوب ه haub, Foolish, loquacious; the

heat of fire; -haub, hub, Distance.

אָניק, השמט, העס, Distance. hobar, The shoulder, arm-pit, side; aid.

haubara, Distracted; -hobara, A bustard.

hobasyā, (in Zand and Pāzand) هوبسيا A tooth.

ورهو $h\bar{u}$ -ba- $h\bar{u}$, هو هو q.v. below.

hoba, The shoulder; aid, protection. مويدن hopman, (in Zand and Pazand) The face.

Ascend. هوی hūwat, hūwa (v.n. of هوة ه ing, being raised; air, atmosphere; a deep valley, cavern, hollow, or ditch.

hūj (pl. of haujā'), Winds blowing down tents ;—hawaj, Extreme folly or levity; haste, precipitation; being long;

haujā', Violent (wind) blowing هوجاء A

down tents or buildings.

هُوجِوة hūjara, Shepherd's staff; bugloss.

هوجل ه haujal, Swift (carnel); a skilful or active road-guide; a heavy, dull, tall, stupid man; an immodest woman; a solitude, desert without direction-posts, or signs of a road; also having many uncertain or perplexing paths; uneven ground.

haujalat, haujala (v.n. of هوجل), Travelling over level or low-lying ground.

hokh, هونت hokh, The temple of Jerusalem.

hokhtan, هوعيدن hokhīdan, To draw ont, unsheathe; to report; to prophecy; to singe; to labour; to receive justice.

hokhet, The temple of Jerusalem. haud (v.n.), Repenting, returning to one's duty; doing good; turning Jew; -hād (pl. of hā'id), Penitents; the Jews; name of a prophet (Heber of the Bible); also of a Surah of the Qur'an called after him; [qaumi hūd, The people to whom the prophet Had was sent;]-hawad (pl. of hawadat), Camels' humps.

hod, Tinder; scorched, singed cloth. ه مودة hawadat, hawada, A camel's

hump.

هوده A haudaj, A litter carried by a camel, in which the Arabian ladies travel (it is made of wood, or cloth stretched upon a frame, and is either open or covered at top); also any canopy, veil, or curtain, which conceals women when travelling; a seat to place on an elephant's back.

A هوديمة haudajat, haudajah (v.n. of هودية), Being high (a camel's hump).

a هودج نشين haudaj-nishīn, Sitting or

travelling in a haudah.

haudar, Scab, mange; a pustule, oimple, felon, bile; -hodar, haudar, Ugly, ill-favoured.

هودش haudash, A pustule, a scab.

hūdil, Astronomical observations. مودل بند hūdil-band, A calculator of, or one who draws up, astronomical tables.

hoda, Truth; true, just, right; old. hauzat, A species of bird, the qatā هوذة (one of the tetraonide or grouse-family). مُودْر hūzar, Ugly, ill-favoured.

A مَانَ hauzalat, hauzala (v.n. of اهران), Being quick (in going); being shaken,

vacillating in running (the body).

hor, The sun; the moon; a star; name of a star which is seen once in a thousand years; fortune; a horoscope, nativity; red, ruddy; a cloud, fog; suffocation from the vapour of a well; (H. اور , هور) other; also, moreover.

hūrā kashīdan, To cry out

hurrah (m.c.).

haurāt, Dangers, destructions. haurat, haura, A dangerous place; hūrat, hūra, Suspicion, thought.

hordkhsh, The sun.

horistārām, A هورستار priest of the Magi, a learned man, &c. (9.v. p. 1340 موبائہ =)

haurash, haurish, A boil, felon, sore.

p. خورهيد horshed. The sun (cf. خورهيد 484).

hormuzd, Name of an هورمزد angel; the first day of the solar month; the planet Jupiter; name of the grandson of Isfandyar.

مُوز hūz, A sharp sound from metal;

name of a place.

hūz, Creatures, men ;—hauwaz, One of the artificial words composed of the letters of the alphabet (see and abjad, p. 5); name of a Himyarite king.

hozān, A narcissus in bloom.

hauzarish, A malignant boil or هوزرش

hūz-mashīr, The province of Ah-

A فوزن hauzan, Dust; name of a bird. hūza, مَوْرَة hūzha, A small bird (in

A. sa'wa, but cf. also هونه above).

A. sa'wa, but cf. also هونه above).

A موسه haus (v.n.), Bruising, beating; going about or wandering in the nighttime (as cattle when pasturing); driving (camels) gently; eating voraciously; a mode of walking; hawas, in P. also hos (see next article), Desire, lust, concupiscence, inordinate appetite; ambition; curiosity; madness; construed with the verbs uftādan, āmadan, bākhtan, burdan,

hos, Lust ;--hūs, Intellect, mind.

هومان ه hawasān (v.n. of هومان ه), Going about or wandering in the night-time; going slowly, step by step (as a lion).

a موس باز ه hawas-baz, Indulging inclina-

ambitions.

a هوس بازي hawas-bāzī, Sensual indulgence.

a هوس پيشه hawas-pesha, Self-indulgent ; ambitious.

a هوسدار hawas-dar, Desirous, longing for.

هوسرب hosurub, (in Zand) A good name. a هوسکار hawas-kār (کار gār), Inclined. a هوسناك hawasnāk, Wishful; curious;

hūsīn, A die, dice.

haush, Pomp, pride; -- hosh, Understanding, judgment, intellect; the mind, the soul; destruction, perdition, ruin, death; anything which causes death or ruin; poison; -hosh burdan, To deprive of reason; -hosh dashtan, To notice, understand, comprehend; -bā hosh, Intelligent, judicions, prudent, wise; wary, sensible;--ba-hosh âmadan, To return to one's senses (after intoxication or fainting); -ba-hosh būdan, To take care, to be provident, wary, cautious; — bī-hosh, Foolish, insane; unwary, insensible ;-bi-hosh shudan, To faint, to swoon away, to be deprived of sense;wā-hosh raftan, To faint, to swoon away, to be deprived of sense.

haush, A crowd, immense multitude; a great number (of auything);hawash (v.n.), Being tumultuous, mixed, confused; being small (the belly).

hoshā, Idle, lazy, indolent, slow; fat of a sheep's tail; extended forward,

straight; perfect.

. hosh-ābād, The heavenly spheres هرش آباد hawashāt (pl. of haushat), Tumults.

hoshāz, قوهاره hoshāza, Excessive thirst of cattle.

hoshāzīdan, To be exceedingly هوهازيدن

thirsty (cattle).

hoshāshudan, To move or tumble هجماهدن about, restless (as a sick person in bed); to be troubled in mind; to recover from a swoon, from intoxication, or insanity; to awake from sleep (cf. هوها above and .(below هوهانيدن

hosh-afzāy, Increasing the in- هوهن النزاي

tellect.

-kūshān, هوهان hūshān, The Epi هوهان phany,

hoshānīdan, To move about, to

disport oneself (as fish in the water); to return to one's senses, to recover (from intoxication, &c.).

موش باعته hosh-bākhta, Senseless, silly. hosh-bar, Depriving of sense or understanding; - bāda'i hosh-bar, Wine which deprives one of reason.

haushat, hausha, A tumult ; crowd, mob (as in a market-place); confusion, disorder; commotion; insurrection, sedition.

موش رباى hosh-rubay, Depriving of rea-

hosh-kash, An inebriating electuary made of hemp-leaf; hence, wine, or anything which intoxicates or distracts the

hoshmand, Prudent, wary, wise, canny.

هوهمندی hoshmandī, Understanding.
hoshmandī-guzīn, chooses prudence for his guide.

hoshnā-zada, Exceedingly thirsty هوهنا وده

(cattle).

hoshang, hūshang, Name of the second king of Persia, of the Peshdadian dynasty; wisdom, prudence, intellect.

hūshnī. Name of a herb used for

washing purposes (cf. المنان p. 67).

موش واژن hosh-wāzhan, A trance; reco-

very from intoxication, &c.

hosh-yar, Prudent, wise, canny; sober, not intoxicated; wary, aware, cautious, vigilant.

hoehyari, هوهياري Prudence, caution, vigilance, wakefulness, watchfulness; so-

briety.

هوهيدن hoshīdan, To understand.

hauf, hūf, A hot dry wind;—hūf, An empty, slothful, good-for-nothing fellow; a fool, an oaf; a coward; the skin of an egg.

a هوفيلوس hūfīlūs, Melilot; bugloss.

hūqār, A heron. هوقار

موك ه hauk, hiwakk, Silly, foolish, with a mixture of reason; -- hawak (v.n.), Being foolish, silly; folly.

haukand, Name of a country said to contain a river a hundred cubits deep.

موكان haugān, hūgān, A brass kettle or

موكيك hogūyak, L bird which is said to suspend itself by the claws, and all night to cry hag hag.

hoguyak, An unripe melon.

haul (v.n.), Terrifying, striking with horror; fright, terror; anything terrible attacking one; a figure in the shape of a human head close to the pyramids of Egypt, the sphinx (supposed by the unlettered natives to have been placed there as a talisman); — hauli hā'il, A dreadful

hol, High, lofty; true, just; straight.

هو "لاء ه ha'ulā', These.

A By havlat, haula, Terror; anything terrible attacking a person.

مولس hūlis, hūlas, Life, soul, spirit.

hūlishk, A dense, contemptible, mean fellow; one who habitually befouls himself.

haulak, A blister on the hands or feet; ruin, destruction; a dried grape, raisin;—holak, A game with nuts.

a هولناك haulnāk, Terrible, dreadful, horrible, frightful, terrifying, dangerous,

a هولناكي haulnākī, Dreadfulness.

haulī, A colt that has not been هولي backed; -hūlī, Name of a Hindū festival.

A ابو البولي abū 'l-hūlá, A sphinx; a talisman or charm for driving away spiders;

name of a poet.

موم hūm (S. soma), Name of a tree resembling the tamarisk; name of a descendant of Faridun; -hom (S. homa), A sacrifice offered to the fire, a burnt-offering.

hūmāt, Dull, heavy, doltish, silly هومات of which it is probably a cor-

ruption).

هوماعس hūmākhus (from G. Νικόμαχος), Name of the father of Aristoteles.

مومان hūmān, The brother of Pirān Wisa.

haumat, hauma, A desert, soli-

haun, A ploughed field full of clods هون and stones; $-h\bar{u}n$, The gold coin called by Europeans pagoda, current at Madras; an

affirmative particle.

haun (v.n.), Being light, smooth, easy; resting, remaining quiet; giving rest, making easy; quiet, tranquillity; mildness, modesty, gentleness, tameness; base, despicable; smooth, easy; — hūn (v.n.), Being vile, mean, base, contemptible; baseness, meanness; a contemptible state; created beings, creatures.

hawang, Bunches of fruit hung up هونگ

to dry.

hūv, Either of two women engaged

by one man; a rival wife.

هوول ه huwūl (pl. of haul), Terrors, frights; frightful things.

 \bar{a} هوهات $h\bar{u}h\bar{a}t$, A fool, a stupid fellow.

hawah-jūh, Melilot.

موهو hūhū, The note of a bird; an owl; a dove.

هوى ه hawy (v.n.), Gaping (a spearwound); hawá (v.n.), Loving, desiring, wishing for, hankering after; desire, love, inclination, will, wish (good or had); desired, wished; loved, a beloved object; hawī, One who loves, desires, or wishes;hawiy, huwiy (v.n.), Falling, descending from a height; flying downwards, pouncing upon; descent; part of the night.

هبى hūy, Fear, dread; breath; a sigh;

a word used in exciting attention.

هويان ه hawayān (v.n. of هويان), Falling, descending from a height; a fall.

hawiyat, Desire; an object of desire; -huwiyat, (Divine) essence, substance.

hawid, The territory of Samargand; -hawid, huwaid, Camels' pack-saddles.

huwaidā, Clear, evident, open, manifest, conspicuous; pale; clearly, publicly; -- huwaidā shudan, To appear, be evident; -huwaidā kardan, To make appear; to publish, divulge.

a هويدا دين huwaidā-dīn, Who professes his creed openly, who makes no secret of his religious convictions.

huwaidā-sukhun, Intelligible هويدا سخن

in speech, easily understood.

huwaidā'ī, Clearness, manifestation,

hawaidak, Name of a heresiarch.

huwir, One who hopes.

هريم hūya, A shoulder; aid, protection. hah, The sound of the breath; -hah kardan, To breathe in the face of another.

ه مينا ه hāhunā, Here.

هي hai, Ho! hark ye! holla! have a care! softly! touch it not! oh! alas! bravo! is, exists; existence.

هى A هي hiya, She; she is.

A هيا hayā, Ho! holla! hark ye!

ا ميا ات hai'at (pl. of hai'at), External forms.

A هيابه haiyāb, هيابه haiyābat, haiyāba. Timid, fearful; feared, dreaded.

هيا هيا hai'at (v.n. of هيا Being prepared, ready; face, countenance, aspect, exterior form; state, quality; mode, style, fashion; the form, figure, or aspect of the heavens; astronomy.

a هياتله hayātila (A. pl. of هياتله q.v. below), The people of Khatlan and Badakh-

هياج ه hiyāj (v.n. of هياج), Withering (plants); being withered; exciting, stirring up; being thirsty; battle; -yaumu 'l-hiyāj, Day of carnage.

مياسه hayāsa, A girth, a surcingle.

هياط ماير hiyāt (v.n. 3 of هياط), Crying, being

noisy; approach, nearness.

A هياطل hayātil, هياطله hayātilat, hayātila, A Scythian or Indian race which was formerly powerful; - hayāṭala, Name of a (Cf. هياتله above.)

a هياع لياع hiyā' liyā', Violent (wind).

هياك ه hiyāf, huyāf (v.n. of هياك ه ing their mouths to inhale the hot wind huf from excess of thirst (camels); violent thirst.

مياك hayāk, Mind, sonl, spirit, animal

هياكل ه hayākil (pl. of haikal), Giants. colossal figures; forms, spectres; palaces, temples.

هياكيدي hayākīdan, To run mad as a dog, to be seized with canine madness.

hayālīdan, To fear, to dread.

hayām, huyām, Sand which one cannot grasp in the hand on account of its fineness; hiyam (pl. of haiman), Thirsty (camels) ;--huyām (v.n. of هيم), Thirsting exceedingly; wandering about like a madman, from love or any other cause; insanity from love; excessive thirst; -huyyām, Lovers; mutterers to themselves.

A هيان haiyān, A word used to designate anyone unknown; haiyanu bnu baiyan, The unknown son of an unknown father.

hayāhū, Clamour, shouts in battle; -hayāhū andākhtan, To raise shouts (m.c.).

A was haib (v.n.), Fearing, standing in swe of, dreading; -haiyib, Timid, fearful.

heb, (in Zand) End of any basiness.

A who haiban, Formidable; awe-inspiring; majestic; - haiyaban, Extremely timid;

A haibat, Fear, timidity, panic; respect. reverence, awe; awfulness, gravity; sternness, severity; dignity, majesty, gran-

a هيٽوار haibatwār, Venerable, awful, majestic.

hīpopotām, Marine horse, hip-

popotamns (m.c.).

hi'at, hi'a, External form of anything; the form of the heavens; astronomy; carriage, bearing, manner, appearance, aspect, feature.

hīt, Tumult, clamour, strife.

همت hit, Low ground; name of a city in Mesopotamia; also of an infamous catamite banished from Madina Muhammad; — haita, Come hither! approach!

ميعال haital, Free from taxes; strong, powerful; the countries Khatlan and Badakhshān; name of a town or country, also called هيتاليه haitāliya. (Cf. هياتله and

هاطله Bbove).

هيتان haitān, hītān, A lie; false, untrue. hais (v.n.), Giving a small quantity, bestowing little; a small present; motion

haisam, A young eagle or valture. haij, Right, straight; tearing up; instigation; reverence, authority, majesty;

-hij, A three-pronged corn-fork.

in a rage; boiling (blood); being raised (dust), excited (anger); thirsting (a camel); withering (a plant);—hij, Used in calling out to camels; - haiyij, Raised (dust); roused (anger).

haijā', haijā, War, battle, com-

bat.

hayajān (v.n. of هيجان م hayajān (v.n. of raised (dust), excited (anger); ebullition; vehemence, violence; a pain or swelling in the eye.

hijdah (for موجه), Eighteen (m.c.). hech, Nothing; a mere trifle; lost, annihilated; never, at no rate, on no account, at all; some, any; not any, none (especially when accompanied by a negative); -hech na guft, He said nothing at all; -hech u puch, Anything silly or futile.

hech asl-an, In no shape, in no

respect.

hech-chīz, Nothing at all.

ان hech-dan, Ignorant.

hech-kāra, Unsuccessful in one's labours; -hech-kāra'i hama kār, Unfortunate in everything.

أهيج كس hech-kas, Somebody; nobody;

low, vile.

هيپگاه hech-gāh (هيپگاه hech-gāh), At any place or time; (with negative) never, nowhere;-hech-gahe garm na-bāshad khiyār, In no place, i.e. on no occasion precipitation (hot temper) is commendable.

hech-gūna, In any form or هيمكونه

manner.

hech-madan, Perfectly ignorant. مرد hech-mard, Base, ignoble.

a hech-mufhim, Who understands nothing.

a معموده hech-wajh, Not at all, in no way

hekhtan, To draw, to unsheathe (a sword).

هيخته hekhta, Drawn (sword).

haid, An instrument for winnowing corn, also called haidi khirman.

haid (v.n.), Moving, disturbing, driving off; frightening, oppressing the spirits; amending, correcting, restoring; turning, diverting; checking, chiding; propelling; disturbed.

haidaj, هيدع haida<u>kh</u>, A fine spirited هيدع young horse, difficult to be broken in (especially about three years old); the

bridle of a spirited horse.

haida, An instrument for winnowing corn (= هيد q.v. above).

haizār, ميدارة haizārat, haizāra, A foolish talker.

A ميدام haizām, Bold, strong; a glutton. haizi khirman, A winnowing هيذ عرمين

above). above هيد haizam, Quick, swift. هيدم

her, Fire; humility, obedience.

אבי hīr (S. hirana, hiranya), Gold.

ميراب hirab, Name of an angel who has charge of the air as an element.

مَورِي hīrād, Appearing fresh and healthy. her-bud, A priest of a fire-temple; a judge of the Magi; a fire-worshipper; an ascetic.

هجيد خانه herbud-khāna, A fire-temple. hersā, One who in the course of his life has had no connection with woman.

هيرك hirak, A kid; a young camel. her-kada, A fire-temple.

hermand, Humble, obedient ; a priest of the Magi; name of a river in the country of Nimroz; a name of Gushtasb. One hirûn, A kind of cane.

brea hira, Nape of the neck, occiput (un-

supported by examples).

هبری hīrī, A species of violet. hīz, A utensil used in baths for drinking or pouring water on the body;

an infamous boy.

hīzārmā, Mint (herb). hīzān, A beam, joist.

haizab, Sharp, strong; fierce and

strong (lion).

hezam, hezum, hizum, Wood, timber; a staff, a stick; -- hezam tar farokhtan (to sell moist fuel), To deceive, to cheat; -hezami sokhtani, Fire-wood, fuel.

hezam-kash, A carrier of wood, woodman; one who sets wood in order on the fire;—hezam-kashi dev, A hireling of the devil, i.e. a mischievous person, a breed-bate.

هجري hīzan, A beam, joist. ا هيرة hīza, A corn-fork.

hīzīna, A cylinder or rolling-stone, for consolidating and smoothing the clayroofs of houses to keep out rain.

هيس hais (v.n.), Walking, going; dispersing, putting to flight (an army); knowing (?); -hais, hayas (?), A plough; any instrument for cultivating ground.

haish (v.n.), Being in commotion, roused; milking; collecting; being collected; a collection.

هيش hesh (for هيه), Nothing; a kind of linen stuff made in India; a ploughshare; a huge elephant (male or female).

A ميشة haishat, haisha, Tumult, sedition ; a mob; a chameleon.

ميشت hīsht, A lance, a javelin.

hīshtan, To dismiss, leave, let fall, or hang loose; to roll round, to revolve.

a ميشر haishar, A wild artichoke.

haishuwī, Name of a customreceiver and ferry-man of Rum.

haiṣār, هيمار ه haiṣār, هيمار ه ing his prey.

haisam, A lion breaking in pieces

his prey; a strong man. haisūr, A lion breaking his prey.

haiz (v.n.), Breaking (a bone) again before (it is) quite consolidated; cansing (one) to relapse into a distemper; (a propensity to sleep) rendering (one) lethargic; muting (a bird); disease upon

هيمة haizat, haiza (v.n. of هيمة), Being unwholesome and indigestible (food); a relapse; cholera morbus; flux and vomit together.

a والان haiza zadan, To vomit and purge.

A whole hīzamān, Horse-radish.

A hair (v.n.), Calling out, crying, vociferating, being tumultuous; noise, uproar, tumult, commotion.

haitalat, haitala, A cauldron of

brass.

hai' (v.n.), Being melted (lead); flowing (water); being mean, feeble, or cowardly; fearing.

هيعان A هيعان haya'ān (v.n. of هيعان), Being

timid, cowardly.

hai'at, The flowing of anything on the surface of the ground; anything obscene; meanness, baseness, cowardice; any horrible voice or terrifying sound.

A وهيغ huyū' (v.n. of هيغ), Being cow-

ardly; fearing, being afraid.

haif (v.n.), Running away (a servant); excessive thirst; a hot, dry, southwest wind blowing from Yaman; -hayaf (v.n.), Being slender round the waist; hif (pl. of ahyaf and haifa'), Slender-

هيفاء له haifa' (fem. of ahyaf), Slenderwaisted (woman); gaunt-bellied (mare).

A what haifan; Thirsty;—hayafan, Very

thirsty.

هيات A (male) ostrich.

A ميقل haiqal, A (male) ostrich ; Lybian lizard.

haigam, A tall (male) ostrich; the vast ocean; roar of the sea; noise of swal-

a هيکل haikal, A figure, image, face, form, stature or shape of the body; a long or tall horse; anything large-sized; a giant; a tall plant; a temple of idolaters; a palace, stately edifice; a Christian church; a monastery; an amulet or talisman inscribed with magic figures, hung round the body, as a defence against fascination or misfortune;—haikal bastan, To die;—haikali khākī-ghubār, The human body;—haikali rizwān, The form of the heavens; — dilawarani qawi-haikal, Warriors of formidable appearance.

🗚 هيکلة haikalat, haikala (v.n. of هيکلة), Being large and tall; a tall, big woman;

iu P. name of a herb.

haigar, haigir, A brown horse with black tail and mane.

hai gīr, An exclamation uttered in shooting off an arrow or letting loose dogs

hail (v.n.), Letting fall, or pouring out (flour or sand) without measure; sands poured out; sand, earth, or flour rolling down; great affluence, abundance, plenty.

هيل hel (S. $el\acute{a}$), The lesser cardamoms. haila, The sparrow-hawk, merlin. كدبائو =) hailāj, The material body هيلاج

q.v. p. 1018).

hayalān, Sand or anything similar هيلان poured out; a slip (of land, &c.); name of an Arabian tribe.

hailat, haila, Name of a goat that used to give milk to those who maltreated her, and to butt those kind to her;—hīlat, Terrors; a fearful business.

hailij, The master of a family.

ميلك hailak, Small pebbles or gravel thrown amongst stones when building; the superficies of a wall; the interstices filled up with cement, between the rows of stones in a building.

هيللة ه hailalat (v.n. of هيللة), Saying lā

ilāha illa'llāh, No god but God.

hailūy, A game played هيلوي , hailū with nuts; -hīlūy, A game in general.

des haila, Master of a family, householder; -hīla, A harricane; (probably for A. ميله) fraud, stratagem.

hilidan, To dismiss, to leave.

haim (v.n.), Falling in love with a woman; turning the face towards; swerving from the right way;—hīm, Thirsty (men or camels);—huyum (pl. of hayām), Sands which cannot be grasped in the band by reason of their fineness.

hayam, (I) am, exist, live.

haimā' (A she-camel) distempered هيماه ۸ from drinking bad water; the disease itself; a desert without water.

A هيمان haimān, Thirsty (camel); mad, insane; enamoured; - hayamān (v.n. of هيم), Falling in love with a woman; being bewildered; bewilderment.

hemistān, A wood; a wood-pile. A هيمن haimanat (v.n. of هيمن), Saying Amen; attesting, giving evidence, witnessing; guarding, protecting, watching over.

haima, hema, Broth; soup made of minced meat; - hema, Fire-wood, fuel; humble; -hema'i tar farokhtan. To sell wet fire-wood, i.e. to deceive, impose upon.

hema-dan, A place where fuel is

kept.

hema-rez, A bit or piece of wood. hema-zaft, A thick plank or هيمة زات block (whereon butchers cut up their meat); the stocks.

hema-shikan, A breaker of wood. hema-kash, A carrier of wood.

haimá (fem. of haimān), Thirsty. مين ه hain, haiyin, Quiet, easy, gentle; modest; vile, despicable; anything light and easy.

hin. Have a care! make haste! lo! behold! (for wel) this, thus, in this manner; one, only; a torrent, a finx of

water; speaking.

هينا hīnā, A sword of the finest steel (said to be a shortening of روهينة q.v. p. 597).

هيناهين hīnāhīn, Haste, expedition; be quick.

hainat, kinat, Convenience, ease, facility.

hīnd, India ;—hayand (for hastand), They are. (Cf. and hayam above.)

hainūna (pl. of hain), Easy, quiet

A هيوب hayub, Formidable, dreaded;

A مجوع huyū' (v.n. of هجوع , Being timid, cowardly.

havūf, Very thirsty.

hayul, A particle of dust seen

floating in the rays of the sun.

هيوليا hayūlá, haiyūlá (G. ἡ ὑλη), Matter; the first principle of everything material; the first sketch of a picture or sculpture.

g a هيولاني haiyūlānī, Material.

hayūm, Astonished, wandering about as a madman from love or any other

hayūn, A two-humped camel, a dromedary (used by express messengers); a runner, a swift messenger, an estafet; a camel of burden, the one that carries the haudah; any large animal; a horse.

hāwand, Purity, chastity, conti-

nence.

see hiwa, Renovation; change; altera-

hīh, Away, away! begone! well done! bravo! encore!

haihāt, Begone! away! (in P.) alas! woe to me!

A هيه هيه hīh hīh, = هيه q.v. above.

هي هي hai-hai, A large goblet filled with wine which is drunk off at the end of a repast.

أهيى hayī, ha'i (for hastī), Thou art (cf.

hayam and هيند hayand above).

A dea hi'at, State, quality, form, external appearance; - hī'atī aṣlīya, The fundamental form of a word ;—zū 'l-hī'at, Handsome, comely, beautiful; - 'ilmi hi'at, Astro-

ی

y (called yā'i huṭṭṭī or yā'i muṣanna'i tahtānī "yā doubly-dotted below"), The thirty-second and last letter of the Arabic-Persian alphabet, denotes in arithmetic the number ten, and in almanacs the planet Jupiter and the sign Aquarius. Like the English y, it is sometimes a consonant and sometimes a vowel; in the former case it has the sound of y in " youth." As a vowel, it serves, when preceded by kasrah (-), to form the long vowel i as sounded in "police," or e as sounded in "where"; and with fathah (=)

the diphthong ai as sounded in "aisle." The first is called $y\bar{a}'i$ ($y\bar{a}yi$) $ma'r\bar{u}f$ "known $y\bar{a}$," because the Arabian invaders were acquainted with its sound; the second, $y\bar{a}'i$ ($y\bar{a}yi$) $majh\bar{u}l$ "unknown $y\bar{a}$," because ignored by the Arabians; and the third, $y\bar{a}'i$ ($y\bar{a}yi$) $s\bar{a}kini$ $maft\bar{u}h$ $m\bar{a}$ qabluh "quiescent $y\bar{a}$ with fathah on the preceding letter." (Cf. the remarks on the pronunciation of , p. 1447.)

In Persian $y\bar{a}$ is sometimes substituted for I alif, as يرمغان yarmaghān for يرمغان armaghan "a present," and for & h, either zāhir or makh fī, as olula shāyagān for shāhagān "like a king," or nayāmad for na āmad "be came not." When the substantive verb of am or its inflexions are combined with the words & ki, & chi, or & na, the & h is often rejected, and the lalif changed into ی y, making کیست kist for at is it?" chist for mel ag chi ast " what is it?" time nist for and ast "he (it, she) is not." (For further examples and particulars see any good grammar.) It is also inserted between a noun terminating in \ alif or , w and the izāfat, to denote the genitive, as in mewahāyi shīrīn "sweet fruits," or in rūyi tū "thy face." In this case it is frequently ميوهائي هيرين superscribed by hamzah (أ), as pronounced mewahā'i shīrīn. &c.

\(\frac{1}{2}\) y\(\bar{a}\), Or; O! if, unless; either; (for A. y\(\bar{a}'\)) the name of the letter \(\beta\) (see the following article); \(-\y\bar{a}\) ba\(\beta\) th y\(\bar{a}\) ta\(\beta\). Either a throne or a winding-sheet! victory or a glorious death! (like the saying of Nelson, "A coronet or Westminster Abbey"); \(-\bar{a}\) hamchun\(\bar{i}\)n ast y\(\bar{a}\) na, Is this so, or not?

(m.e.).

yā', yā, Name of the letter يام م which the grammarians enumerate the following kinds, whereof the pronunciation is ma'rūf, unless the majhūl pronuncia-tion is indicated in brackets:—i. yā'i (yāyi) istimrāri (being majhūl), The yā of continued or repeated action, affixed to the preterite of verbs, to convey the idea of perpetuity or frequent occurrence, as zaid har roz nazdi man āmade "Zaid used to visit, or kept visiting, me daily." With the optative or conditional conjunction kāsh, and agar, it may, but does not necessarily, dispense with the prefix me of the imperfect, the hypothetical or suggestive sense of which particle it enforces more strongly, as in these lines of Shaikh Auhadu 'd-din Anwari :

gar mūnis u ham-dame dame yāftame, so (forazo) chāra u marhame hame yāftame; az ātishi dil so<u>kh</u>tame sar tā pā, dar dīda agar name name-yāftame.

"If I had for a short time possessed an affectionate friend, I should have found in him a remedy and a balm. I should

have been consumed from head to foot in the fire of my heart, if I had not found moisture in my eyes." Again, Jalâlu 'ddîn Rūmī says:

nuqra u sar gar na būdande nihān, parwarish kai yāftande sīrakān.

"If silver and gold were not concealed (i.e. put by or hoarded up), how should the wise obtain the means of subsistence?" Lastly, as an example of the optative, we read:

kāsh ki sa'ādati shahādat dar yāftame.
"Would that I had obtained the happi-

ness of martyrdom!"

ii. yā'i (yāyi) ishbā', The expletive yā, sometimes used to eke out the measure of a verse, as when kamālī is put for kamāli.

iii. yā'i (yāyi) tankīr, The yā (majhūl) of indefiniteness, more or less emphatic, either in magnifying or minimizing, as marde "a man, one man, a man (i.e. eminent for all manly qualities) "; "ishq afate ast " love is a bane (i.e. a very great bane)"; hast khāke ki ba-ābe na-kharad tūfān-rā "there is a (handful of) dust (i.e. God-fearing Noah) which does not care a (drop of) water for the deluge." Sometimes it implies comparison with regard to a prominent characteristic, as firaune "a (king overbearing as) Pharaoh"; hatime "a (man gene-The silent & h is, in this rous as) Hatim. case, superscribed by hamzah, pronounced 'e, as பே banda'e " a slave," &c.

iv. yā'i (yāyi) khiṭābī, The yā of address, denoting the second person singular, as guftī "thou spakest," 'ālimī "thou art wise." With silent s h or the letter ي y, it becomes a superscribed hamzah, pronounced 'ī, as 's ki'ī" who art thou?" إكسى آ ādami'ī

"thou art a man," &c.

v. yā'i (yāyi) zā'id, Yā (majhūl), redundant after a quiescent \ alif of the imperative, as bukshā'e for bukshā "Open thou!"

vi. $y\bar{a}'i$ $(y\bar{a}yi)$ sifat, The $y\bar{a}$ (majhūl) of qualification, implying the force of the demonstrative pronoun "that," and followed by the relative $\bowtie ki$, as:

dame ki bā qaddi dil-jūyi tu nigāh kunam si pā dar uftam u bī ikhtiyār āh kunam

"That instant, when I look upon thy heart-alluring form, I lose my foothold, and sigh without self-control."

vii. yā'i (yāyi) fā'il, The yā of the agent, as jangī "a warrior," hikmatī "a man of science."

viii. yā'i (yāyi) mutakallim, The yā of the speaker, expressing in Arabic the pronoun of the first person singular, as rabbī "my lord," zarabanī "he struck me."

ix. $y\bar{a}$ 'i majhūl, The y preceded by kasrah, and pronounced as e (see the introductory article above).

x. yā'i (yāyi) mushābih, The yā expres-

sive of similitude or assumption of character, as in these lines of Nizāmī:

sāgh ba-farri tu hamā'ī kunad, sar ki rasad peshi tu pā'ī kunad

"The crow, from (i.e. seeing) thy magnificence, imitates the humā; the head that approaches thee acts the part of a foot (i.e. humbles itself)." This yā is nearly related to the yā'i maṣdar.

xi. yā'i (yāyi) maṣdar, The yā of the verbal noun, forming abstracts, as zar-bakhshī "the act of bestowing gold," nekī "goodness," dānā'ī "wisdom," &c.

xii. $y\bar{a}'i$ $(y\bar{a}yi)$ $ma'r\bar{u}f$, The y preceded by kasrah, and pronounced \bar{i} (see

the introductory article above).

xiii. yā'i (yāyi) maf'ūl, The yā of the object, expressing a thing taking effect, or the person being affected, by some act, as sanadī "established by authority," dast-khatī "signed," la'natī "cursed."

xiv. yā'i (yāyi) liyāqat, The yā expressive of fitness, as kushtanī "deserving of being killed," sokhtanī "fit to be burned."

xv. yā'i (yāyi) nisbatī, The yā of relation or connection, as hindī "belonging to India, Hindī," fārsī "belonging to Persia, Persian." In Arabic the y which forms the relative adjective requires the character tashdīd (_) or sign of reduplication, as arzīy "earthy," from arz "earth," &c. But Arabic adjectives, when used by Persian authors, are considered as Persian, and do not take tashdīd; thus lut fun rabbānīyun "divine grace" becomes in Persian lut fi rabbānī.

xvi yā'i (yāyi) wahad, The yā of unity

 $(= y\bar{a}'i \ tank\bar{\imath}r, q.v. \ above).$

a by ya'. A nick at the end of a bow in which the string goes.

wab, Face, countenance; non-existent; lost, perished; vaiu, futile, frivolous, fruitless, abortive, unprofitable; (imperative of yāftan, in comp.) finding, as:—bār-yāb, Who finds access at court, admitted to the royal presence; a courtier;—rāh-yāb, Who finds his way;—rāh-yāb shudan, To find the way;—nā-qa'r-yāb, Unfathomable;—ham-yāb, Who finds what he desires, fortunate,

עא yābā, Finding.

happy, powerful.

שׁלְּשׁ $y\bar{a}b\bar{a}n$, A desert; a place far from cities.

ياباني yābānī, Wild, desert.

אַנּע yābir, A fee, a fief, charity-lands. A אַנּע yābis, Dry, naturally dry.

A يابس مواج yābis-mizāj, Of a dry temperament.

yābish, Comprehension, understanding, intellect, knowledge.

yàbinda, A finder, discoverer.

yābū, A pony, nag, cob; a pack-horse; a draught-horse.

אַנט yāba kardan, To ask, to beg.

يابيدن yābidan, To find; to get. ياتش yātish, A guard stationed at a

palace-gate. مانش عانش عانم ياتش عانه yātish-kh</u>āna, A guard-house.

દુધ yāj, The game of tip-cat.

A zyz 'k yā'jūj, One who kindles a fire; a mover of sedition; Gog; the people of Eastern Scythia, beyond Imaus;—yā'jūj wa ma'jūj, Gog and Magog.

A yājūr, A brick.

ياغتى yākhtan, To draw (a sword); to strike; to throw; to disclose; to ask, inquire.

يامتة yākhta, Drawn (sword); taught, educated; a chamber; wine; a small

wine-jar; like, resembling.

ياختى yākhtī, He used to draw, or kept drawing, out, &c. (3rd. sing. of the continuative imperfect of yākhtan); thou drewest out, &c. (2nd sing. pret.).

يا خود yā-khwud, Or;—yā khwud . . .

yā khwud, Either . . . or . . .

yād, Remembrance, recollection, memory; watching, watchfulness; a picture, painting, figure, image; — yād āmadan, To come to mind, to conceive; -yad awardan, To call to mind; to recollect; -yād būdan, To remain fixed in the mind; yādi janābi maulā, Remembrance or invocation of God; -yād dādan, To remind; to teach; — yad dashtan (kardan, giriftan), To remember, recollect, make mention, keep in memory, be mindful; to learn, get by heart;—az yād burdan, To make forget, to forget :- ba-badī yād kardan, To speak ill of, or recollect anything bad of another; - ba-yād āmadan, To come to mind; -ba-yād āwardan, To recollect, call to mind;—ba-yād būdan, To dwell on the mind, to remain fixed in the memory.

يادار yādār (for yād-dār), Remember,

bear in mind.

yādāsht (for yād dāsht), A memorandum, memorial, note; recollection.

ياداهشي yādāshtī, ياداهي yādāshī, ياداهتي yādāmashī, Empty-handed, poor; avaricious, stingy.

yād-āwar, Who remembers (m.c.).

ياد آوري yād-āwarī, Remembrance.

שלי אלג $y\bar{a}d$ - $b\bar{u}d$, Anything given in remembrance, &c. (= על ע.v. below).

nd yad-dar, Remember, keep in remembrance; mindful, remembering; one who remembers or recollects.

ياد داهت yād-dāsht, A memorandum, a memorial, a note; recollection.

ياد ده yād-dih, A reminder; remindful.

ياًد دهي yād-dihī, Reminiscence.

يادر yādar, The twelfth of the month Tir. ياد رنتع yād-rafta, What has slipped from memory, forgotten.

yād-zisht (for yādi zisht), Calumny, recollecting or relating anything bad of

another.

yadast, It is remembered; a kind of game in which certain words are used, which if one person does not pronounce upon receiving something from another, he loses.

يادش بخير yād-ash ba-khair, May his memory be praised! may God remember him graciously (used in mentioning an absent friend).

ياد فراموش yād-farāmūsh, Name of a

game.

yād-kār, אַנ צוב עַנ עַנע yād-kard, אַנ צוב עַנע yād-kard, yār. Anything given as a memorial, a valuable present to a mistress or friend; a souvenir, keepsake; a monument, anything memorable, worthy of remembrance, or which recalls a person or thing to memory.

يأدكاري yādgārī, Remembrance.

ياد كبرندة yād-gīranda, One who learns or retains anything by heart.

שוט yādandān, All the kings of the

below). عادندان below).

يادة $y\bar{a}da$, A bribe to a judge; whatever is given for the performance of any un-

lawful act; the retentive faculty.

yār, A friend, lover, companion, comrade; an assistant, defender; a mistress; equal; strength, power; a pestle;—yārijān, An intimate friend;—yār shudan, To contract friendship, to befriend; — yāri ghār, A companion in a cave, i.e. an intimate friend, confidant (in allusion to Abū Bakr, who was hidden in a cave with Muhammad before setting out on their flight to Madinah); hence, a name of Abū Bakr;—yāri wafā-dār, A sincere friend, constant lover.

אָשׁ yārā (vocative of yār), O friend! (from the verb yārastan) boldness, courage; strength, force, power of resistance; occasion.

יין yārā, A wound.

إلا پرَّ yārāba, Rape-root; bread made of it.

yār-isfand, يار اسفند yār-ispand بار اسپند

lsfandyar, son of Gushtasb.

spoken man; a jovial, agreeable companion; purposing, resolving; (pl. of yār) friends; followers, clients;—yārān shudan, To contract friendship, to be friendly;—suḥbati yārān, A jovial company, a meeting of friends.

يارانه yārāna, Friendly. ياراني yārāy, O friend!

يورائي yārā'ī, Help, remedy; friendship. الب yā rabb, O Lord! O God! (in poetry) lamentation, plaint, wail.

يار باز yār-bāz, A wanton woman.

ياريوز yārpūz, Mint (herb).

اري yāraj. The heart; a bracelet.

ين yārad, (the third person sing. aor. of yārastan) He is able; he inculcates good

morals; what is in one's hand or power, whatever is possible or can be performed.

T אַרָבא yārdum, Assistance.

يار رس yār-ras, A helper; aid, help.

يارستن yārastan, yāristan, To be able, to have the power of, to dare; to stretch out the hand; to tyrannize over; to inculcate good morals, teach politeness, educate well; to be modest or bashful.

yārasa, A bat or rere-mouse.

yārish, Friendship, love.

yārshamshī, Peace, concilia-

tion, concord; adornment, attire.

ד אַלְאָרָ yūrghū, Strife, contention, litigation; whatever disturbance happens amongst men; a court of justice.

يارغوچى yārghūchī, A judge; an arbi-

trator.

یار فررهی yār-faroshī, Approval, assent.

ياري عارق yāraq (from P. يارق), A broad bracelet.

يارك yārak, A little friend, a sort of friend; the membrane that encloses a fœtus; a child's caul; an idle, boasting fellow; a mode of singing usual among debauchees in Badakhshāu.

ياركى yāragī, Power, strength, ياركي

ability; boldness.

ענים yārum, A half.

يامند yārmand, Friendly; an assistant; possessed of friends.

يارسندي yārmandī, Aid, assistance ;—yārmandī kardan, To render assistance.

يار نامة yār-nāma, A good act, good

يارك yārand, Detestation, abhorrence; imprecation, curse; contumely, ridicule; they are able.

עונף yārū, A friend.

yārwar, A friend, a helper.

yārūq, Name of a Turkomān chief.

يارتية م yārūqiyat, yārūqiya, A village near Aleppo (called after Yārūq, mentioned in the preceding article).

t ياروي yārūy, yārway, A wound.

a collar for the neck; a glove, gauntlet; the wrist; power, strength; measure, quantity; a certain aperient medicine; a bold, also a shrewd man; friendship; necessity; toll, tax, revenue.

t يارة yāra, A wound.

ياره سه yāra-sa, = يارسه q.v. above.

yāra-gīr, A tax-gatherer, collector يارةكير

of revenue; a receiver of bribes.

yārē, A friend; a certain friend; yārē, Friendship, intimacy; assistance, aid; favour; power; the wives of two brothers; two women engaged to the same man; a rival wife;—yārē bakhshīdan (dādan, kardan), To assist, help, favour, benefit, serve, do good offices, befriend; to abet; to be able.

yārīgar, A helper, ally, assistant.

ياري کري yārīgarī, Help, assistance.

يَّ بَرْبَهُ yãrīdan, To aid, help; to befriend, abet; to be able. (See yãrī dadan under بار, and يارستن above.)

yārī-dih, Who renders help, who

sids, assists, abets.

ياري وس yārī-ras, Who comes to assistance.

yawning, stretching; stretching out the hand to take anything; a tree extending its branches; yawning; growing; measuring, mensuration; a cubit, the distance from the elbow to the tip of the finger; a measurer; a step; intention, design; one who intends or purposes.

ען yaz, The spring.

باراب yāzāb, خازاب yāzāba, A kind of

pickle.

who intends or endeavours to acquire anything; a measurer; of tall stature.

ياري yāzidan, To extend the hand to take anything; to long for; to be exalted; to gape, yawn; to intend, endeavour, design.

yāzdah, Eleven.

yāzdahum, The eleventh.

يُومَ yazish, Gaping, yawning; desire, will, wish; growth, extension; stature; form, shape, figure; length.

يارك yazand, Figure, form, appearance.

يازنده yāzanda, A purposer, resolver, wisher.

يارة yāza, Yawning, stretching; trembling.

يازي yāzī, A husbandman, peasant, rustic.

ياريدگى yāzīdagī, Oscitation, yawning, a

yawd.

ωνί yāzīdan, To yawn, gape, oscitate, stretch out the arms; to embrace; to grow up; to wish, desire, long for, design, purpose.

vāk yāzha, Foolish words, anything trifling, futile, vain; a vagabond; a foolish fellow that knows not what he does.

ya's (v.n.), Despairing; despair, desperation, hopelessness, despondency; a desperate thing; fear, terror.

yās, The jasmine;—yāsi shīrwānī, A Persian kind of lilac (m.c.);—yāsi firangī,

Lilac (m.c.).

m L. yāsā, A royal mandate, edict, proclamation; a law, code of laws, those especially made by order of Changīz Khān; capital punishment;—chūbi (chobi)

yāsā, The bastinado.

אַ yāsāq, The Moghul code; explanation, investigation, arranging; drawing up an army; war-subsidies; explanation of a doubt, rectification of an error; prohibition; chastisement;—ba-yāsāq rasānīdan, To inflict capital punishment;—ba-

yāsāq rasīdan, To suffer capital punishment;—chobi (shamshīri) yāsāq, The staff or sword of correction with which criminals are punished by sentence of the judge.

ياساميشي yāsāmīshī, Arrangement, ad-

ministration, disposition.

يات yāsān, Fit, proper; name of a prophet.

A من ya'sat (v.n. of ياعسة), Despairing; despair, desperation.

yāstan, Power, strength.

yāsij, يأسي yāsuch, A pointed arrow; an arrow with the king's name on it.

ياسر A ياسر yāsir, The left side; one who gambles with cards, dice, or the arrows called azlām; soft, easy, smooth; kind, humane; a proper name.

yāsim, yāsam, ياسم yāsaman, Jas-

mine or jessamine.

يأسي بو yāsaman-bo (bū), Scented like jasmine.

ياسمن بۇلى yāsaman-bo'ī (bū'ī), Jasmine-fragrance.

yāsaminī, Of jasmine colour.

ياسمون yāsamūn, ياسمين yāsamīn, Jasmine. ياسمينك yasamīnak, Little jasmine.

י yāsūr, Who arranges, disposes, puts in buttle-array.

ياسة yāsa, Law, regulation; way, manner, custom; will, wish, desire.

A ياسين yāsīn, A surname of Muhammad ; Pharaoh.

yash, A kind of jasper; age.

ياهداش يه yāshdāsh, Contemporary, of the same age.

yashuq, Name of a tree.

پاهم yāsha, A foolish, useless fellow.

مَعْدُكُ yaghma, Prey, plunder (see مُعْدُدُ below).

ياغور م yāghūz, Name of a place.

ياعي yāghī, The ground, earth; an enemy.

ياغىگرى yāghīgarī, Enmity, hostility. يافى بيان yāf, Vain, foolish, futile.

يانا yāfā, Jaffa (Joppa).

עונים yāft, He found; discoverable, to be found;—yōft shudan, To be found;—nā-yāft, Not to be found, non-existing.

yāftan, To find, discover; to obtain, acquire, get, meet with, experience;—
ittisāl yāftan, To be joined, united;—intiyāz yāftan, To obtain distinction, get promotion;—jarāḥat yāftan, To be wounded;
—dast yāftan, To prevail;—zafar yāftan,
To obtain a victory.

يالته yāfta, Found, discovered; a finder; arrival; attainment; a receipt; a diploma or privilege of immunity from taxes; name of a herb;—raghbat yāfta'i kibār, Esteemed by the great;—sitam-yāfta, Oppressed.

yāfta yazd, Name of a city in Persia celebrated for its college, the manufacture of aprons and rose-water.

يالث پāfis, Japhet.

yāfar, yāfir, A dancer, mountebank.

يالع له yāfi', Tali; a young man about

twenty years of age.

yāfūkh, The middle or fore part of the head; the membranous part found in new-born infants at the coronal and sagittal commissures, which, in time, hardens into bone.

يالبوك ع yāfūf, Timid, fearful; old corn;

active, nimble, quick.

يالله yāfa, Vain, futile, frivolous, absurd; a foolish speech; ribaldry, obscenity; one who speaks ridiculously or ludicrously; a joke, jest, drollery, witticism, humour; scattered, dissipated, lost, missing; absent, invisible; thus, in this manner.

يانة دارى yāfa-dārī, Idle talk.

ياله درأى yāfa-darāy, An idle talker.

يافة كرى yāfa-goy (gūy), A babbler, an idle talker.

אַנים yāqūt (G. δάκινθος), A hyacinth, a ruby, a cornelian; any precious stone;yāqūti aḥmar, A red gem, ruby;—yāqūti iskandarī, Precious stones gathered by Iskandar's companions when returning from the regions of darkness; — yāqūti khām, Lip of a mistress; -yāqūti rummānī (nārwān), A precious kind of ruby; yāqūti rawān, Tears of blood; red wine; yāqūti zard, The sun;—yāqūti sar basta, Mouth of a mistress; lips closed in silence; -yāqūti saiyāl, A precious stone of fine water; -yāqūti kabūd, A blue gem, sapphire; -yāqūti muzāb, Red wine; tears of blood; blood; -yāqūti narm, A meaner kind of precious stones.

a ياترت بار yāqūt-bār, Raining rubies (red

wine).

a ياتوت پوش yāqūt-posh, Covered with rubies or cornelians.

a باتوت ريز yāqūt-rez, Scattering rubies. a ياقوت فررغ yāqūt-furogh, Resplendent,

like rubies, &c.

a باقوت لب yāqūt-lab, Ruby-lipped.

a ياقوت نوش yāqūt-nosh, Drinking cornelian (i.e. red wine).

a ياقوت وش yāqūt-wash, Ruby-like.

yāqa, Collar of a coat or shirt. ياتى ت yāqī, Burning; cautery.

T איניט yāqīn, Near, nigh to.

T ياتيهى yāqichī, A burner.

ياك yāk, Name of a king.

ياكند yākand, A ruby; ruby-coloured. (Cf. ياتوت like which it is related to G.

υακινθος.)

يال yāl, The neck; root of the neck; a borse's mane; a bird's comb or crest; a fringe (m.c.); the arm from the shoulder to the elbow; the hand, both hands; lust, rut; stature, shape, posture; corpulent, big, strong; power, strength; a hero, an athletic man; drunk; hurtful; servants, household, family; face, cheek; the vault

of heaven; one who plans anything;yāl bastan, To behave insolently, proudly, arrogantly; -yāl u kūpāl (gūpāl), Body and strength; -ba-yāl āmadan, To be in rut.

עון און yāl-bāl, Crest and wing. yāl-dār, Maned; crested.

t يالغ yāligh, يالغ yāligh, يالغ yāligh, A cup made of rhinoceros-horn; a wooden drinking-cup.

yāl-murād (marād, mirād?), A

horse with a long mane.

yālmand, The master of a family.

يال و بال yāl u bāl, Crest and wing.

يالراك yāl-wāna, A swallow; small waterfowl.

يالو yālūd, The sea-shore; a river-bank.

t يالوغ yālūgh, A cup of a rhinoceros'

yālūnīk, A hero, Hercules, giant, renowned warrior; gestures or behaviour of lovers.

ياله yāla, A cow's horn.

yālī, Sea-side residence (m.c.).

T يالى چراغان yālī-chirūghān, The waterside residence of Chiraghan (near Constantinople).

A يا ليت yā lait, I wish, would that!

ياليل A ياليل yālīl, Name of an idol.

עלין yām, A post-horse; a relay-station, a post-house.

yām, Ham, the son of Noah; name of a tribe.

yāmjī, A keeper or herdsman of horses.

yāmjīk, A messenger, a courier. A يامن yāmin, The right-hand side;

happy, fortunate, prosperous. yāma, A post-horse.

يان yān, Incoherent, unintelligible language; the reverie of a fanatic, or raving of one in a delirium; a trance; (cf. S. yāna) a vehicle, a beast for riding.

يانع A يانع yāni', Ripe (fruit); red, scarlet-

coloured.

yāngīn, Conflagra- يانفين yāngīn, Conflagration.

yāna, A mortar; lint-seed;—yā na, If not, otherwise.

يانيي yānīch, A grave. يانېدة yānzdah, Eleven.

ياواش yāwāsh, Softly, gently (m.c.).

yawad (for yabad), He finds or may find.

ياور yāwar, An assistant, coadjutor; a friend, companion; assistance; a pestle; the tenth day of every solar month.

يارري yāwarī, Assistance; victory; boldness, audacity; power, strength; society, company; a wound; --yawari kardan, To

yāwarī-bakhsh, ياوري بخش yāwarīdih, Who gives aid, help, assistance.

ياركي yawayi, Loss, ruin; absurdity, vain

يارك yāwand, A king; an obtainer, finder. yāwandān (pl. of the preceding),

The kings of the world.

yawa, Lost, ruined; vain, foolish, futile, absurd, stupid; men or things whose origin is not known; fictions, foolish expressions ;-yāwa kardan, To lose.

yāwa-tāz, An idle, worthless fel-

low.

يارة دراى yāwa-darāy, A vain, prating babbler.

ياوة كفتار yāwa-guftar, Empty talk.

ياره كرو yawa-go, One who talks at random, an idle or silly talker.

يارةكى yāwagi, Plundering, pillage.

a يارية yāwī, fem. يارية yāwīyat, yāwiya, Belonging to the letter y; verses rhym-

yāh yāh, Used by a shepherd ياة ياة ياة in calling to his companion, or to his

ياهو yāhū, Jehovah; Moses; adieu; yāhū kardan, To bid farewell.

yā hū under ه above.) yāy, Sick, indisposed, unwell, un-

sound.

yā'isat, yā'isa, يالس م yā'isat, yā'isa, Despondent, despairing, hopeless.

يابه yāya, Silly, stupid.

يايي yāyì, Sick, unwell, miserable, unsound.

 α یاگی $y\bar{a}'i$, Containing the letter یاگی y. → yab, A pointed arrow; (in the dialect of Samarqand) also, likewise; so much the

يباب yabāb, A desert.

yabābgar, A destroyer, spoiler.

يبات yabāt, Waste, desolate, uncultivated.

a بباس yabās, Pudendum, pubes; shame, ignominy, dishonour; a bad - tempered woman.

يبان yabān, A desert.

يبانى yabānī, Waste, desolate, wild.

yabrang, Root, origin, matter.

yabrūj, The mandrake. A Cyre yabrūh, The mandrake.

א איקאט yabrin, Name of a sandy tract in Arabia; also of a village near Aleppo.

yabs (v.n.), Being or becoming dry; withered, dry; (pl. of yābis) dry; yubs (v.n.), Becoming dry; dryness; stiffness; - yabas, Dry (woman) producing nothing; a wet place becoming dry; -yabis, Dry; withered.

يبست yabast, A herb like spinach.

yubūsat, Dryness, aridity, siccity. yaba, Injury, mischief; spoil, damage.

يبيس yabīs, Dry, withered (vegetable). T پيلو yapanlū, A caravan; merchandise. yatāq, yutāq, Guard, care, watch ; yatāq kardan, To guard, preserve.

a بنائی دار yatāq-dār, A guard, watchman.

a پائی yatāqī, yutāqī, A guard, watchman.

يتامل yatāmá (pl. of yatīm), Orphans.

yatazab, Name of a place in Yamāmah.

A يتم yutm, Solicitude, grief; — yatm, yutm (v.n.), (A child) being deprived of a father, (or a young animal) of its dam; being solitary, alone, unique, or incomparable; — yutm, Separation; solitude; orphanage; -yatam, Becoming torpid, lazy, indolent, fatigued; loss of a father, orphanage; -yatim, Lazy, indolent.

A يتمان yatmān, An orphan; under age,

pupil, ward, minor.

يعمة yatamat, yatama (pl. of yatim), Orphans.

yatū', yattū', Any plant yielding بتوع

a poisonous milky juice.

yatīmat, yatīma, يتيمة yatīmat, yatīma, An orphan, pupil, ward; an animal that has lost its dam; singular, unique, uncommon, rare, incomparable; a servant; a robber, an assassin; —yatimi daryā (durri yatīm), A precious pearl.

a يتبم خالة yatīm-khāna, Assassins' ren-

dezvous; a robber's den.

عيم دار yatīm-dār, (A woman, a mo-

ther) having fatherless children.

a عيد yatīma, Anything choice, unique, incomparable; a precious pearl. (See also (.above يتيم

yasrib, Ancient name of the city

of Madinah.

a بشربى yasribi, Of the city of Madinah. 2 yaj, The interior part of the cheek (probably misreading for et q.v. p. 156). a معمل كه yahtamil ki, It is suspected

that; it may be; it is possible.

يحكم yahkam, according to others يحكم yahlam, A summer-house; a name given to the Turks.

عمور yaḥmūr, A wild ass. محبور yaḥmūm, Black smoke; a dark night; surname of Nu'mān bin Munzir; also of a horse.

ميا يحيا yaḥyā, St. John the Baptist ; John. بع yakh, Ice ;—yakh bastan, To freeze ; yakhi bisyar ab shawad. Much ice turns to water (i.e. before a certain thing is done); -yakh dar bihisht, A kind of sweetmeat; -āh bar yakh zadan, To efface ;-barāt bar yakh (ba-sū'i yakh), Vain promises;—bar yakh zadan, To bury in oblivion, to forget or cause to forget, to obliterate; -bar yakh nawishtan, (to write upon the ice) To labour in vain.

يع آب yakh-āb, خار yakhāv, Ice-water, i.e. cooled with ice.

يخاور yakhāwar, Congealed, frozen. يع بسته ya<u>kh</u>-basta, Frozen, ice-bound.

يع بند ya<u>kh</u>-band, Congelation, frost. يع تراش yakh-tarāsh, An instrument for breaking ice.

yakh-chāl, An ice-house; any place or vessel in which ice is kept.

yakhcha, Hail; a hailstone.

yakhdan, A place for keeping ice, an ice-house; a travelling portmanteau or

يخشانيدن yakhshānīdan (caus. of yakh-

shūdan), To have a horse curried.

yakh-dan-kash, The transporter يع دان كش of a portmanteau or trunk placed upon a camel (considered as one of the lowest menials).

يخشودن yakhshūdan, To curry (a horse). yakhsis, A larger kind of parsley.

yakhzūr, A verdant spot.

يم فروش ya<u>kh</u>-firosh, A seller of ice; yakh-firoshi nishāpūr, Nickname of a foolish beggar of Nishapur, who bought ice with the money which he collected each day, and carried it in a wallet for sale about the streets and markets, but allowed it to melt before he disposed of it.

يع كوب ya<u>kh</u>-kob, A breaker of ice.

يع لخشك yakh-lakhshak, A slide on the ice.

يغنى yakhnī, Cooked, dressed; stored; a rich stew of meat; a store of food; hot and cold ;—yakhnī nihādan, To lay up a store.

يخسى بالو yakhnī-pulāv, A kind of pillau

prepared with gravy.

yakhni-farosh, A seller of the عنى فروش dish ya<u>kh</u>nī.

يغني كش ya<u>kh</u>nī-kash, A servant, a do-

mestic.

يطنى نهادة ya<u>kh</u>nī-nihāda, Stored, laid by. yakhwar, Frozen; icy.

ਦ ਦ yakh yakh, A word used in making

camels lie down. A & yadd, yad, The hand; the arm from

the shoulder to the tips of the fingers; forefoot in animals; wing of a bird; a handle; horn of a bow; a branch, portion (of a tribe); end (of a piece of cloth), extremity (of a garment) hanging down; a sleeve; assistance, aid, succour, protection, benefit, favour, service; power, vigour, strength; authority, dignity, grandeur, rank, office, sovereignty; possession; riches, wealth, affluence; baseness, meanness of spirit; a promise, pledge, engagement; length, extension of time; -yadu 'd-dahr, Ever ;-yadi baizā, A miracle (in allusion to the white hand of Moses); - yadi taşarruf, The right of free disposal, possession; -yadi qudrat, Power; omnipotence;yadi wāhid, A monopoly (m.c.); -taqbilu 'l-yad, Kissing hands;—'an zahri yad-in, Gratis;—maqtū 'l-yad, Whose hand has been, or deserves to be, cut off; a thief.

يداء yudā'. A pain in the hand.

يداك yadāk (du. with the pron. of the 2nd person suffixed), Both thy hands;tabbat yadāk, May both the hands wither (see A. نبت p. 279).

🛦 ાંચ yadān, obl. case હાય yadain (before affix yadai), The two hands; -baina yadai-hi, Between his hands, i.e. before him, in his presence;—zū 'l-yadain, Ambidexter, using both hands ;—'alá yadai-hi, By his assistance, under his auspices :- sugifa fi yadai-hi, He repented.

يدرة yadra, (Hedera) Ivy.

a يد طولاگي yad tūlā'ī, (length of hand) Power, strength; skill.

يدته yadaqa, The dwarf-elder.

ತ್ತು yadak, A led horse.

يدكيجي yadakchi, One who leads a horse of state; a groom.

يدسي yadmin, (in Zand and Pasand) The

hand.

a يدوى yadawī, Manual, handy; posses-

يدة yada, The magic production of an appearance of snow or rain by a certain stone; this stone itself.

يدة جي yada-jī, چه yada-chī, One who produces rain by incantations.

يدة جي كرى yada-chi-gari, The art of pro-

ducing rain by incantations.
_ a بعض yadī, fem. دي yadīyat, yadīya, Possessing, possessive, possessory; ready, manual, handy, nimble-handed; large; also narrow-sleeved (garment);—'aishi yadī, An easy, agreeable life; also distress, narrow circumstances.

t a يدى قلعة yadī yal'a, The seven towers

(fort at Constantinople).

yarā, Because; a fold, wrinkle;—yarā giriftan, To shrivel, shrink, wither, contract, pucker, be wrinkled.

يرانيج A يرانيج yarābī' (pl. of yarbū'), Male jer-

boas.

יאלע ד yarār, Convenient, to the purpose; -yarār mī-shawad, That would he to the point, or agreeable (m.c.).

yarāsa, A bat, rere-mouse.

یراع $yarar{a}$ ', A reed, cane (either for writing or playing upon); a rod; a fire-fly.

A مُراعة yarā'at, yarā'a, A single reed; a plantation of reeds; a single fire-fly.

yarāgh, A well-trained saddle-horse; a meeting, assembly, consultation.

sel yarāgha, A reed prepared for writ-

ing (cf. يراعة above).

ד אוני yarāq, Arms, accoutrements, weapons; jewels (m.c.); -yarāqi asb, Horsetrappings (m.c.); — hāzir-yarāq, Armed, equipped.

yarāq-kada, Armament, equip-

ment.

يرا كرفته yarā girifta, Shrunk, shrivelled.

yarāmī', Asparagus.

yarbagh, Name of a place between وربخ م Oman and Bahrain.

yarbū', The flesh of the back or loins; an oblique descending muscle; the jerboa, an animal much resembling the dormouse, which makes prodigious bounds

by means of its long hind legs; name of the father of a branch of the tribe of Tamim.

דעש yurt, A resting-place, station, abode, mansion (see يورت below).

yartish, A fellow-citizen. يوتش

يرتقوى yartaqchi, Merciful, compassionate.

yartagan, The Creator.

yarhamuka 'llāh, God have برحمك الله mercy on you! (said to a person sneezing).

yarkhafj, The night-mare.

א אָב yard, Name of the father of Idris.

يرسقى yareaqī, يرسقى yarea, A bat.

A En yar', A calf ;—yara', Cowardice; a gnat.

Ex yaragh, A well-trained horse; a meeting.

yarghamāl, Hostage, security,

يرغو yarghū, A sergeant, bailiff; contention, dispute, litigation, quarrel; forbidden; order, command.

yargha, A swift horse.

т برق yaraq, Sin, crime.

يرقان م yarqān, yaraqān, Blight, smut, mildew; jaundice; the king's evil; —yara-qāni abyaz, Chlorosis; — yaraqāni asfar, Yellow jaundice;—yaraqāni aswad, Jaundice produced by black gall.

a يرتانى yarqānī, Yellow, mildewed, withered.

yaraqsiz, Innocent, sinless, برنسر ت

yaraqlugh, A raven; a crow. t يتلغ yaraqlī, Sinful, a sinner.

يرليغ yarlagh, يرليغ yarlagh, A diploma, letter patent or royal mandate, especially of the khan of the Tartars; mercy, cle-

mency; hopeless. yarm, A musical instrument, a species of lute with a large belly, strung with brass wires, and struck with a bow; a player on this instrumeut.

yarmar, Expectation, hope.

yaramsaq, A worthless fellow.

A yarma', Small shining white

stones, soft and broken.

yarmaghān, A curiosity or rarity brought from afar as a present to a great man (cf. ارمغان p. 39).

yarmaq, Money.

עט yarnā, yurnā (for A. yaranna' or

yuranna'), Privet.

yarandāq, A kind of white buck or doeskin, of which gloves are made; intestines.

برندع yarandaj, A kind of black skin; blacking for boots and shoes.

yarannu', A dyeing with privet. يرب yurūp, Europe (m.c. from E.).

A con yaran, Brain of an elephant; perapiration of beasts of burden; sperma admissarii.

yaryān, The city of Samarqand.

x yaz, A thorny plant set round tents as a fence; the plant sumām.

بهانتن yazbahānitan, (in Zand and Pā-

zand) To mutter as the Parsis do at their meals.

ું yazd, A city in the most eastern part of Fars or Persia Proper, famous for a manufacture of cloth called yazdī; God.

yazdādī, Hashed meat dressed يردادي

with yolk of egg.

yazdān, God; omnipotence; name of the spirit who is the principle of good, opp. to Ahriman, the originator of evil.

yazdān-bakhsh, Gift of God; Name of the wazīr of Hurmuz, son of

Noshiravan.

אניוט אייי yazdān-parast, A worshipper of God; a name assumed by some fireworshippers.

يزداني yazdānī, Divine.

yazd-parast, A worshipper of God.

a אַט־אָנ yazdajird, P. אַניאָנ yazdagird, Name of several kings of Persia of the Sassanian race, especially the grandson of Noshirwan, and last of the kings of Persia.

يردى yazdī, Of or belonging to, or native or inhabitant of, Yazd; cloth produced in

yazish-khwān, An intercessor; يوهل خوان a high priest of the Magi.

alsay yazish-gah, Place of prayer, ora-

برهدی yazishnī, Divine; name of the seventeenth book of the Zand.

يرهند yazghand, Name of a tree; a hunting dog; the cry of the lynx.

الله yazak. Commander of the nightguard or watch; the advanced guard; a spy.

ار کاب yazak-dār, Commander of the advanced guard; chief of the watchmen.

એપ્ર yazla, Hurt, detriment.

a يزلى yazalî, Eternal.

ين yazan, Name of a place ;—zū yazan, Name of a king of Yaman.

ಟ್ಲು yazna, A sister's husband.

a يولى yazanī, Of or belonging to Yazan; a kind of spear produced in Yazan, or invented by Zu Yazan, king of Yaman. (See y above.)

A say yazid, Name of three caliphs of the house of Umaiyah; name of an arch-heretic among the Muhammadans; wicked,

cruel, cursed, execrable.

يويدي yazīdī, One of the sect of Yazid. a يسار yasār, One of sinister aspect.

yasār, Plenty, affluence, opulence; ease; —yasār, yisār, yassār, Left; the left side; [dar janāhi yasār, In the left wing; –dasti yasar, Left hand; – şāḥib-yasar, Wealthy, prosperous;] — yisār (v.n. 8 of -1), Being mild and gentle.

yasār-an, Towards the left.

مارة yasārat, yasāra, Prosperity, affluence; ease.

yasāl, A garland of flowers, a chaplet worn on festal days; a crowd, procession.

يسال ع yasāl, Wing of an army.

yasāwur, يساور yasāwul, Horsemen, attendant upon a man of rank; a state messenger; a servant of parade carrying a silver or gold staff; a police officer (m.c.);—yasāwuli suhbat, Master of the ceremonies.

yasb, Jasper. (See بشب below.)

a يستوى yastawī (the aorist of the 8th conj. of sawá "it is equal," used as a

substantive), Equality.

A y-2 yasr (v.n.), Bringing forth with ease (a woman); approaching from the left side; distributing the limbs of a slaughtered camel; twisting a cord towards oneself; facility, lenity; softness;—yusr, (v.n.), Being easy; playing at dice, or with the gaming-arrows azlām; (pl. of yasār) left;—yasar, Facility, lenity, softness; easy, soft, gentle, humane; ready, prepared; a gaming-party, a meeting to play at dice or arrows; the third gaming-arrow; also he who draws it;—yusr, yusur, Facility; opulence; prosperity, ease; (pl. of yasār) left;—dar hālati yusur, In times of prosperity and affluence.

a يسرات yasarāt, Nimble hands and feet.

yusrat, yasra, The left side;—yusrat, Ease; prosperity;—yasarat, yasara, The lines on the palms of the hands; a mark burnt on the thigh.

yasrat-an, To the left. يسرق م

A direct yusrá, The left hand, side, or part; prosperous;—yasrī, yasrī, Prosperous, successful in one's undertakings;—yasarī, Easy, facile.

A کست (۱), Name of a prophet or apostle.

yasaf, A fly, a gnat. يسف ∡

r يساق yasaq, Law, regulation (see يساق above).

تسال yasal, Wing of an army (= يسال q.v. above).

yasūr, A gamester. يسور ⊾

يوسون $yus\bar{u}n$, يوسون q.v. below.

yasīr, Small, little; easy; a gamester;—dar zamāni yasīr, In a little time.

a السير yasīr-an, By little, by degrees.

yashsh, Glad, rejoicing. بش ي

a بشي yashb, P. يشب yashp, Jasper, especially a whitish kind found on Mount Imaus.

يشت yasht, Name of a chapter of the Zand.

يشترم yashtaram, Pimple, pustule, small-

yashtan (S. yaj), (in Zand and Pāzand) To pray in a low murmuring tone as the fire-worshippers do at meal-time; to beg, supplicate; to celebrate.

يشته کردن yashta kardan, To pray.

يشجيد yashjub, Name of the son of Ya'rab, son of Qahtan.

يشف yashf, Jasper.

washk, A lancet or similar instrument; the projecting tusks of a wild beast; dew; pure, unadulterated.

yashkur, Name of a prophet or

apostle; also name of a tribe.

yashkarda, A long-necked lute

played with a long plectrum or bow.

يشم yashm, A sort of jasper or agate; one particularly which, according to Castellus, comes from China or India, and has the quality of diverting lightning from any place where it is laid, or from any person who wears it.

yashm, A gate.

yashma, Raw white leather.

a سعد yash, معد yasf, Jasper.

ya'āsīb (pl. of ya'sūb), Kingbees; princes, chiefs of a nation.

يعالير ya'āfīr (pl. of ya'fūr), Young deer.

A يعاقبة ya'āqibat, ya'āqiba (pl. of ya'q $\bar{u}b\bar{i}$), Jacobites.

يماتيب ya'āqīb (pl. of ya'qūb), Male partridges; Jacobs.

يعامير ya'āmīr (pl. of ya'mūr), Kids; (pl. of ya'mūrat) certain kinds of trees.

يعبوب ya'būb, A rapid river; also over-flowing; a cloud; a swift and long horse.

ya'r, A kid; especially one fastened in a ditch to decoy a lion; any bait for entrapping wild beasts.

يعرب A يعرب ya'rab, Ya'rab the son of Qahtan.

يعسوب ya'sūb, The king of the bees; a prince or chief of a nation; a sort of partridge; a kind of insect larger or smaller than a locust; name of a horse which belonged to Muhammad.

ya'fūr, A young deer, a fawn; a division or hour of the night; noise, motion, agitation; name of an ass on which Muhammad used to ride.

ya'qūb, A male partridge; Jacob; —ya'qūb paigham-bar, The prophet (patriarch) Jacob.

يعقونا يعقونا yaʻqūbā, Name of a village near Bagdad.

a يعوبي ya'qūbī, A character like Jacob; paternal affection; a Jacobite; a Eutychian.

ya'lamu 'llāh, God knoweth. يعلم الله

ya'mal, fem. يعمل ya'malat, ya'mala, A camel, patient, tractable, and fit for labour.

يعمور م ya'mūr, A kid; a lamb.

ya'mūrat, ya'mūra, Name of a tree.

ya'nī, That is to say, viz., to wit, namely;—ya'nī chi (chih), For what reason? why? what does it mean or signify?

A يعرق ya'ūq, Name of an idol supposed

to have been worshipped in the time of Noah.

yaghām, A sylvan demon.

yaghtanj, يغتنج yaghtanj, A beautiful harmless serpent found in gardens.

* yaghir, Name of one of the Chinese emperors; a name for the emperor of China.

بخرب yaghrab, Sour, coagulated milk.

with yaghrat, Coagulated milk (= white q.v. p. 365).

yaghrūsh, Name of a king of Persia.

yaghfuru 'llāh lī wa يغفر الله لي و لكم ه la-kum, God forgive me and you (uttered in return to a congratulation when sneezing; cf. يرحمك الله above).

يعلا yughlā, yaghlā, يعلان yaghlāwi, A

frying-pan.

yaghligh, A pointed arrow.

بغاري ,yaghlav, بغاري yaghlawi, A fryingpan.

يغم yagham, = يغام q.v. above. يغم yaghmā, Prey, plunder, booty, spoil, pillage, sacking, ravishment; name of a city in Turkistan celebrated for the beauty of its inhabitants; -yaghmā zadan (kardan, giriftan), To spoil or carry off plunder; -yaghmāyi auwal, Name of a city in Turkistan.

يعما كاة yaghmā-gāh, Place where plunder or booty is deposited.

يغمام يغمام ya<u>gh</u>mām, = يغمام q.v. above.

yaghmonaz, Name of the Emperor of Chiua's daughter married to Bahram Gür.

يعماني yaghmā'ī, A plunderer, ravisher.

ya<u>ah</u>mīsā, Sorrel.

يعناع yaghnāgh, An embroidered cap. yighnāq, An as- يغناق yighnāq, An sembly of men; an assembled army; place

where men or soldiers assemble. يفنى *yaghn*ī, Boiled meat (cf. يخنى above). yaghūs, Name of an old Arabian يغوث A idol.

A يماع yafā', yaffā', A hill, high ground.

بات yaft, A decrepit old man.

يفتع yaftaj, بطتنع yaftanj, A large harmless black snake found in vineyards.

yaftar, Pure water (whose colour, smell, and taste are unchanged).

يام yafj, Spittle.

yufir, Emperor, monarch, Chinese

emperor.

yaf' (v.n.), Ascending (a mountain); approaching twenty years of age (a youth); -yafa', A hill; tall, well-grown (youth).

A يفعل yuf'ān, معلى yafa'at, yafa'a (pl. of yaft'), Young men approaching twenty

years of age.

yufn, Old men ;—yafan, A very old man, a decrepit old dotard.

אָל אַ yufū', High places.

A Ala yaqazat, Wakefulness, vigilance. پقاطی پaqazá (pl. of yaqzá), Vigilant, watchful, circumspect (women).

yaqdumiyat, A going before, a

leading of the van.

الطين yaqtīn, A gourd or similar creeper.

yaqtīnat, yaqtīna, One gourd.

A by yaqaz (v.n.), Waking, being watchful; -yaqiz, yaquz, Vigilant, wakeful, provident, circumspect.

ه به yaqzān, Vigilant, provident. awake; -abū 'l-yaqzān, Father Vigilant, i.e.

the cock.

A May yaqazat, yaqaza, Night-watch, sentry; vigils; watching, being awake; a watch of the night.

a يقطى yaqzā, Vigilant, watchful (woman). يلق yaqaq. Cotton; pith of the palm-

tree; -yaqaq, yaqiq, Very white.

A يقن yaqn, yaqan (v.n.), Knowing (anything) for certain;—yaqan, Certainty, the absence or removal of all doubt; anything certain; -yaqan, yaqin, yaqun, One who knows anything certainly, sure of ;-yaqin, Greedy, addicted.

yaqanat, yaqana, One who firmly بقنة

believes what he hears; credulous.

yaqūqat (v.n. of ياوتة yaqūqat (v.n. of ياوتة إ white; whiteness.

يقم yaqqa, The collar of a garment; the

seizure of anyone by the collar.

A يقين yaqīn, Certainty, assurance, sure knowledge, true faith, truth, infallibility, evidence; opinion, belief; death; true, sure ;-yaqın dashtan, To hold true, to feel assured; - yagini durust, True belief;ba'zi aṣḥābi yaqīn, Some learned doctors; ba yaqın budan, To be certain of; - haqqu ('ilmu) 'l-yaqīn, Certain truth or knowledge;—'ainu'l-yaqīn, Experimental knowledge; truth ascertained by evidence.

يقينا yaqin-an, Certainly, truly, surely. a وانام yaqin-dan, Who knows for a

certainty.

a يقيني yaqīnī, Scientific, certain, sure, infallible, belonging to truth or faith.

A يقينيات yaqīnīyāl, Certainties, as articles of religion, demonstrations in geome-

try, trutbs.

يك yak, One, everyone; once; an ace; custom, habit; law, canon; noble; a frog; a flea. Placed after another numeral it forms a fraction, as chahār yak "a fourth, dah yak "a tenth," &c. ;-sih yak kardan, To make thirds, i.e. to divide into three (and so on with other numerals).

yak-asba, Possessed of one

horse; one who rides alone; the sun.

yak-andāz, A small arrow flying far; an arrow which, when discharged, is never sought for; a double-headed arrow; a perpendicular precipice or river's bank; equal, even; of one standard.

يك إبلا yak-āwes, A short, broad sword. يكايك yak-ā-yak, One by one; suddenly, all at once; one opposed to another.

yak-bar, Once, one time.

يكباركي yak-bāragī, One time or turn; at once, all at once; wholly, universally.

يكابرك yak-bāsarak, At once, all together. يك بدو yak ba-dū, All at once, unex-pectedly.

a يكبراير و نعف yak-barābar u nusf, Twice and a half as much.

yak-barg, Better, best.

على بريك بريك yak bar yak, One by one, successively.

يك بى yak basi, One time or turn; at once.

يات بعل yak-baghal, A small quantity (what can be carried under one arm).

ن yak-bun, (single-rooted) Sweet basil.

sively; suddenly, all at once; like; sure.

yak-pārcha, كَارَة yak-pārcha, Solid, massive, all of a piece; one part or segment; at one stroke, at once; one piece; a trifle, a pittance (m.c.).

yak pahn kashtī, The Mu-

hammadan faith.

يكتا yak-tā, Single, simple; unique, incomparable; a garment without a living; God.

يكا دلى yaktā-dilī, Amity, union of hearts.

ىك yak- $t\bar{a}z$, Who charges the foe alone.

يكتاهي yak-tāsh, A fellow-servant; name of a celebrated athlete.

يكتا ي yak-tāy, = يكتاي q.v. above.

yaktarkard, Oue basket, especially s large one in which grapes are carried.

where yak-tak (50 tag), Running at the same pace.

yaktamal, A place of worship.

يك تنه yak-tana, Alone.

يك تبى yak-tahī, A shirt, a shift.

ون يع كردي yak tegh kardan, To make level, to smooth.

yak-jā, In one place, at the same time, together, equally.

a يكمان yak-jān, One soul, a friend.

a جانب yak-jānib, Of one side, a partisan.

a ين yak-jaddī, Of the same stock, descended from a common ancestor.

yak-jalau, Swift-paced.

a was all yak-jihat, Of one accord, unanimous; determined, resolved; a friend.

a بكيني yak-jihatī, Concord, friendship. يكيني yak-chaba (for yak-shaba), Lasting one night, sufficient for one night; a little, a little while.

yak-chashm, يكهشم yak-chashma, One-eyed; single-eyed; purblind; who looks on, or only considers, the exterior; a hypocrite; one who professes to believe in one God.

yakchashmī, One-eyedness.

يكونية yak-chambih (for yak-shambih), Sunday, the first day of the week.

يكچند yak-chand, Somewhat; a little.

يكيند بار yak-chand bār, Sometimes, often; many burdens; a string of horses.

يكيندي yak-chande, A little time, a while.

يك چه yak-choba, One-poled (tent).

a كحدي yak-habba, The smallest part, the least trifle (m.c.).

يكدانه yak-dāna, An incomparable gem ;

a string of pearls; a necklace.

yak-dast, Entire; whatever can be lifted with one hand; even (cloth); homogeneous;—yak-dast jāma, A kind of garment reaching from the head to the heels.

يكنش yakdish, The rational soul; mixture; union; a horse of a mixed breed; a bastard, mongrel; a beloved object.

a sale once, at once, at one

blow, simultaneously.

ي yekdak, Milk and water; anything lukewarm.

Jak yak-digar, One another;—az yak-digar, From ezch other;—dar yak-digar, In one another.

يكدل yak-dil, Unanimous; one-heatted; uniform; unanimously, with one accord;—
yak-dil n yak-jihat shudan. To agree in all
things, to unite, consent, conspire.

يكمان yals-dila, Single-hearted; wnitorm,

consonant with; sincere.

بكدلي yakdilī, Concord, unanimity.

yak-dame, One moment; one breath.

yak-dame, Momentary;—magarenati yak-dame, The society of a moment,
a transient acquaintance.

yak di, One or two.

yak-digar, One another.

a قرة على gah zarra, One atom, the least

part.

whran, A light bay, dun, chesnut, or flea-bitten horse; a chesnut-coloured horse with a white mane and tail; the colour of myrtle and of the pistachio-nut; likewise yellow and grey; a fine, full-grown, high-bred horse; a horse which takes a shorter step with one hind-foot than with the other (one-thighed).

yak-rāh, Going on the same

road.

يك رهي بك yak rukhī, A kind of bow. يكرسون yak-rasidan, To arrive singly; to meet together.

yak-rishta, Consenting, agreeing.

يكرك yakrak, Better, best.

a يك yak-rikābe, A companion; a led horse of state;—yak-rikābi, A being prepared; companionship.

يك ركيبي ak-rikebe (by Imalah for the preceding), A companion.

yak-rang, Of one colour; sincere,

faithful, true.

يكرنگى yakrangi, Sincerity, friendship.

yak-rū, Unanimous; sincere, pure; yak-rū kardan, To give up an acquaintance.

yak-roza, Of one day;—yak-roza

rāh, A day's journey.

يكروي yak-rūy, Unanimously; of one face; single, simple, sincere; - yak-rūy kardan, To pacify, to make of one accord.

يكروبه yak-rūya, Single-faced; clear, open, manifest; smooth, even, level; consenting,

agreeing; pacificatory.

yak-rū'i, Unanimity; friendship;

sincerity.

يكرة yak-rah, In one way; by one road; at once, at one glance, at first look; sincere, pure.

שלאט yak-zabān. With one voice: unanimous; - yak-zabān shudan, To agree nem.

يك yak-zakhm, Sām Narīmān (because he killed a dragon at a single blow); also name of his club or mace (for the same reason).

عرده yak-zada, By one rule; in one line. a يكرمان yak-zamān, Contemporary.

a يكساعت yak-sā'at, yak-sā'a, Of an hour's duration, momentary, transitory; — yak-sā'at pardākhtan, To devote an hour; subbati yak-sa'at, An hour's conversation.

يكسالة yak-sāla, Of one year, yearling. yaksan, The same, ditto, equal to, conformable, all one, uniform, similar; plain, level, parallel, of equal sides, of the same order, in the same series or manner, equally; always, for ever; -- yaksān shudan, To come to the same; —yaksān kardan, To

يكساني Uniformity, parity, yaksānī,

identity.

make equal, level.

يكساليدن yaksānīdan, To be or make

yak-sar, Under one head, subject to one chief; together, in one body; at one stroke; from beginning to end; suddenly, at once; alone.

يكسرة yak-sura, Solitary; without equal; a friend, having the same sentiments; at

one time, all at once.

yaksarīdan, To meet in one

place.

ان yak-sū, On one side; one side; yak-sū shudan, To go aside, to stray ;—yaksū kardan, To separate; - yak-sū nihādan, To put aside, to remove, to separate from.

yak-suwār, A single horseman, one who rides along fearing nothing; knighterrant.

yak-suwāra, The sin.

yaksūm, (A garden) full of

herbs; -abū yaksūm, Surname of Abrahah, the sahibu 'l-fil " lord of the elephant," mentioned in the Qur'an.

yaksūna, يكسونه yaksūna, Plain,

level, equal; always, for ever.

يكسونيدن yaksūnīdan, To level, make plain.

يكشبة yak-shaba, A thing one night old ; a sort of fine white linen embroidered with gold thread.

yak-shist, One who sits or converses with another; two companions.

yak-shambih, Sunday.

a بكطرف yak-taraf, On one side (m.c.).

yak-ghuncha, Of the size of a flower-bud.

a يك قد آدم yak-qadi ādam, Of the height of a man.

aيك نهار yak-qarar, =يك قرار q.v. above.

a پکتام yak-qalam, Consistent (writer); together, at one stroke, at once, all, total.

yakak, A lake, a pool.

يك كره yak-girih, Like, resembling.

yak-gosha, In one corner;—yakgosha kardan, To put on one side, to neglect.

يككي yak-gūna, Of one colour, sort, kind.

بكلخت yak-lakht, Single-leathered (shoe); of one club or mace, i.e. most powerful, an emperor, commander-in-chief; of one key; in the piece; in a body, en masse; all at once.

يكلم yaklū, Simple, single (thread).

yak-am, The pronominal affix of the first person joined to yak, as in yak-am roz bar banda'e dil bisokht (for yak roz dilam, &c.), One day my heart burnt, i.e. was consumed with pity, for a certain slave; --yakum, The first.

yak-māha, Of a month, a month يكماهه old.

a بکیماب yak-muşallab, A sort of coin stamped with a cross.

yak-nishast, Who sits or converses with another.

a بكنم yak-nafar, One man, a certain

يك نورد yak-naward, One way, road, manner.

ىك نە يك yak na yak, One or other.

يكومب yak-wajab, A single span; one span long.

يك رجبى yak-wajabī, One span long, tiny,

puny.

yakūn (for yak-gūn), Of one kind; a kind of silk stuff.

a يكون yakūn, It will be; sum total.

yak-u-nīm-sāz, A term or يك و ليم ساز property of musical instruments; a kind of music.

پکه yaka, yakka, One, singular, unique; at once, together; the first, former; everyone, somebody; a one-horse carriage.

yaka-jawan, A single youth. yaka-suwār, A single cavalier, يكه سوار one unequalled in the army, a hero.

a يكومل yak-wasl, Flagstone (m.c.).

yaka-shaban-roz, A day and يكه هبأن روز night.

يكى yake, One, somebody, a certain one; the one; [yake az mulūk, One of the kings; a certain king; -yake dar chand, How many folds or sorts; -yake dar dah. Tenfold, ten times so much; -yake surkh, One piece of gold; - yake az yake, One with another; - yake yake, One with another; singly; - an yake, That one (m.c.); - in yake, This one (m.c.);]-yakī, Unity, oneness; concord, unanimity;—yakī būdan, To consent, to be of one mind;—dast ba-yakī kardan, To make common cause, to act together (m.c.).

يكيتا yakītā, A master, a teacher. يكيدي yakidan, To be or become one.

yakīn, Name of a sweet and branchy يكين herb.

yagān, One, single, alone. only; singular; incomparable, peerless; orthodor, unitarians; — yagān yagān, Singly, one by one; - yagān u dūgān, By ones and twos.

a يكانكت yagānagat, Unity.

يگانگي yagānagī, Singularity, unity; excellence, anything incomparable; union, conjunction; solitude; victory; concord, unanimity; -- yaganagi dashtan, To be unparalleled, inimitable.

a يگانگىت yagānagîyat, Unity (= يگانگيت

above).

yagāna (for yak-gāna), One, single, unique, singular, incomparable; alone; a person unequalled in anything; a conqueror; a brother, a friend; a pearl; -yagāna'i a'ṣār, The phœnix, ornament of the age; -yagāna shudan, To be united; to be alone; —yagāna shudan ba-ra'y (rāy), To be of one opinion.

yagānī (for yagānagī), Singularity,

&c.

يگانه گوی yagāna-gēy (goy), One who professes faith in one God.

above), يكون above), يكونك

Of one kind, same, equal to.

يل yal, A hero, a brave athletic warrior; a horse pasturing at large; corpulent, strong, robust; utility, profit; a heart free from sorrow; released, liberated, allowed to have one's own way; (for $y\bar{a}l$) a mane, a crest.

yilāpistan, يلابستان yilābistān, يلابستان

Name of a certain village.

ד אָשׁ yalāgh, The bowl of a beggar (cf.

the following).

t a پائی yalāq, A piece of broken crockery in which dogs and cats are fed; -yilaq, Name of a king.

yalāl-bāf, A kind of texture im-

printed with marks of the shape of the letter ゝ.

yalāmi' (pl. of yalma'), Shining, glittering things (as armour or a helmet).

yalāmiq (pl. of yalmaq), Tartar garments.

يلاي yalān, Name of a champion of Tūrān; (pl. of yal) heroes.

yalān-sīna, Name of a champion يلان سينه of Iran who, together with Bahram Chobīna, waged war against the Khāqān.

yalānshān, Name of a champion of Turan who was killed by the Iranian

hero Bizhan.

يلا يلا يلا yalā yalā, Come along, come along.

yalabat, يلبة yalab, noun of unity يلب yalaba, The skin of the back of a wild beast, of which shields, helmets, and other armour for the body are made; a shield or any defensive armour made of felt; a coat

t ياچى yilchi, An ambassador, an envoy ;

a guide, conductor (cf. ايلي p. 131). ايلي yaldā, The longest night of winter; name of one of the attendants upon Jesus. يلدك yaldak, Milk-warm water.

yalgharān, Dressed food carried on

a camel for a journey.

يلغز yalahaz, Alone; a horse.

ينغزة yalghuza, The rind of a poppy. yalfchi, A shepherd, pastor.

يلى 🗚 yalaq, fem. يلق yalaqat, yalaqa, White, clear.

يلك yalak, A sort of crown worn by

kings.

yalkan, A machine used in fortified يلكن places for throwing stones and dirt (cf. بلكن p. 198).

يلل yalal, Name of a place (unsupported

by examples).

مال ع yalal, Shortness of the fore-teeth, especially bent inwardly; inequality of the teeth in shape and situation.

ىللى $yallal\bar{\imath}$, يلى $yallal\bar{\imath}$, يلى q.v. below; -yalalī wā-kardan, To renounce sensual

يلم yalum, Isinglass, glue.

يلما yalmā, A thing of great bulk, but light.

yalmān, Stroke of a sword.

yalma', Lightning not followed يلمع by rain (proverbially, a vain promiser); a kind of vapour called sarāb, mirage; (met.)

a يلمعى yalma'ī, Ingenious, keen, shrewd,

quick, clever, witty; a liar.

a يلمق yalmaq (for P. yalma), A Tartar garment quilted with cotton, which opens at the side from the arm-pits to the lower extremity; a kind of four-square cloak or mantle.

yalmalam, Name of a place where يلمام م the pilgrims from Yaman don the ihram or cloak of pilgrimage.

يلبة yalma, A coat of mail made with rings of iron; a kind of garment. (Cf. يلدي above.)

يلمه ريش yalma-rish. A large or long beard (probably misreading for بلمه ريش q.v. p. 198).

یلنجوجی yalanjaj, یلنجوج yalanjūji, The wood of aloes.

A يلندك yalandad, A formidable adver-

يالوايه يواسقيم, يلواية q.v. above.

yalūk, Corpulent, strong, robust; also ياولك yalūlīk, كاولكك yalūlang, An athletic man, warrior, hero, champion.

يلوي yalwa, يلوي yalwī, A woodcock; a

rail.

ale yala, Deliverance, escape, release; turned loose, allowed to pasture at liberty; a roamer, loafer, vagabond; crooked; a harlot; foolish, false, vain, trifling; alone, solitary; running, rushing, making an assault;—yala aftādan, To roam about, to rove (m.c.);—yala kardan, To let loose, to release; to leave, to abandon.

يله إمدن yala āmadan, To descend. يله عاد yala-dār, A scout, plunderer.

يله يشم yala-yasham, Name of a mountain near Kazwin, where petrified animals may be seen.

yalī, yallī, Exclamation uttered in a state of intoxication or on receiving good

ون بي yalī-zan, A musician, a singer. علي yalyala, Corpulent, strong; a hero. يلم yilīm, Glue, isinglass (cf. يلم above). A بي yamm, in P. also yam, The ocean, mighty deep; a sea with no shore in

sight; a great river; a wood-pigeon.

T A yam, Meat, food, forage.

yamāk, Name of an ancient king.

yamām, The turtle-dove; the wood-pigeon; also the domestic pigeon; intention, purpose, design; before, in front of.

pigeon; intention, design; name of a blue-eyed maiden who could see a person mounted at a distance of three days' journey, also called Zarqā' "the blue-eyed" (see زامة p. 615); name of a large district in Arabia very fruitful in palm-trees, and which comprehends Najd, Tihāmah, Bahrain, and Omān.

a يمامي yamāmī, Of the province of Ya-

māmah. ونام yamān, Light, splendour (doubtful;

see following article).

A clear yumān, A native of Yaman; name of the father of Hazīfah, one of the companions of Muhammad;—teghi yumān, A sword made in Yaman.

a يمانى yamānī, fem. يمانى yamānīyat, yamānīya, A native of, or anything belonging to, Yaman;—bādi yamānī, A gentle or vernal breeze; the words of Muhammad; a saint; the perfect soul.

yamkhūr, A horse or dog-flea.

yamkhūr, yumkhūr, Tall; long (neck).

يمرد yam rada, يمرد yamrad, يمرد yamrū, The maudrake.

يعرود yamrād, A man of delicate constitution; tender shoot of a tree; an offset; name of a place.

yamsū, Gunpowder.

yamshan, The Egyptian lote-fruit. a يعمشو yam-shiyam, A sovereign bountiful as the ocean.

يمك yamak, Name of a city and country celebrated for the beauty of its girls; name of the kings of Ighur (oriental Tartary).

 $a \sim yamm (yam) karam$, Bounteous as the sea.

т чы yimak, Food.

م پيکن yumkinu, It is possible; possibly, perhaps.

ينگان yumgān, A town in Badakhshān.

A Awood-pigeon.

A way yamn (v.n.), Taking (one) to the right; approaching on the right side; being fortunate and happy; death;—yumn, Felicity, prosperity; a token for good;—yaman, The right hand or side; the south country; Arabia Felix, Yaman.

A support yamnat, yamna, The right hand or side; anything stretched or held out in the right hand;—yumnat, Happiness, prosperity;—yumna, A kind of Arabian striped cloth.

A sing yamnat-an, On, or toward the right.

A يعنى yumná, The right hand;—yamanīy, yamanī, Belonging to Arabia Felix; a kind of flowered or painted stuff made in that country, used as covers for bedsteads or footstools.

A sees, yumum (pl. of yumm), Shoreless sees, boundless oceans, vasty deeps, mighty waters.

A come yamin, An oath; the right hand, side, or part; strength, power; blessing, felicity, plenty; happy, prosperous, fortunate;—yamin kardan, To take an oath, to swear (bi'llih "by God");—yamini laghw, An oath taken concerning an incident already past, when the swearer believes in his own statement, while the facts of the case are different;—yamini mun'aqid, An oath concerning a matter yet to come;—yamin u yasār, Right and left; the two wings of an army;—zū yamin ū yasār, Ambidexter;—'ani 'l-yamin, (Assistance came to us) from the right, or from an auspicious quarter;—kaft yamin, The right hand.

A " yamīn-an, To the right; southward.

A Mess yamina, The stomach. a بحينى yamīnī, A cornelian.

in, An affix forming adjectives of relation, as simin " made of silver, silvery "; (for w!) this;—bar in, On this;—dar in, In this :- wa as in ja'st, And hence it is.

يناسع له yanābi' (pl. of yambū'), Foun-

tains.

yambu', Yembo, a sea-port in

Hijāz.

yaṇibaghī, It is proper, it behoveth; -ka-mā yambaghī, As it should be. ا ينبوك yaṃbūt, A kind of Arabian or Nabathman pulse; fenugreek, poppy; the

carob-tree.

א צייינ yambū', A spring, source, fountain; a rivulet with plenty of water; Yembo.

ينهلو yampalā, A market-place; a weekly market; a market-town; a caravan; goods,

a ينتوي yantūn, Thapsia, toothpick-fennel; gum of mountain-rue.

wy yand (for and), Are, as: -khadami o yand, (They) are his servants.

yandū, Light, the rays of the sun,

يع yan' (pl. of yāni'), Ripe (fruits); yan', yun' (v.n.), Coming to maturity, being ripo; maturity, ripeness; -yun'. A large tree; -yana', A species of cornelian stone.

yanfür, Flying in terror, timid. يى yanq, Rennet for curdling milk. yanqun, The herb Noli me tangere.

ينكف yankaf, Name of a king of Him-

ينكور پ yankur, Uncertain (road). ينكور yang, Name of a yellow-coloured animal found amongst grass and corn; like, resembling; a rule, law, habit, or custom; power, grandeur; gravity.

r ينگ ying, A sleeve.

yang-bandi, Institution, regulation; laying down of rules or principles.

yang-wind (probably misreading ينك رينا of T. ينكى دنيا "new world"), Name of an immense island discovered by the Europeans (i.e. America).

يىكى yanga, يىكى yangī, Light.

ينكى دنيا ع yangi-dunyā, The new world, i.e. America.

ىنگى دنيالى yangī-dunyā'ī, An American (Yankee).

yanam, A species of vulnerary ينم م herb; seed of fleawort.

yanma, Name of a bealing plant.

yanuf, High ground.

אַרָּכָּ אַ yunat, A coming to maturity, a being ripe.

A ينجع yanī', Ripe (fruit).

y yo, One :—yū, A yoke.

ly yawā, The loss of anything which cannot again be found (as strayed cattle); one who loses his way;—yawa shudan, To be lost;—yawa kardan, To lose.

т אוא yawāsh, Gently! softly! (m.c.).

ya washa. Lost.

yawāfikh (pl. of yafukh), Middles and fore parts of heads, which in infants are soft.

🗚 يواتمت yawaqit (pl. of yaqut), Rubies,

A clast yiwam, Bargaining by the day (yaum).

yūb, A rich carpet.

yaubab, yabab, Jobab, the father of Jethro, by the Arabians called Shu'aib.

yūhra, Desirous, covetous, wishful. بوك yoba, yūba, Desire, wish, longing; desirous, covetous.

છ્યુંના yobidan, yūbidan, To desire, will,

அ yūt, A murrain amongst cattle. Est yūj, A sort of creeping animalcule.

унја. A drop of water or blood.

A يوحل yūḥi, يوحل yūḥi, The sun.

yokha, The height of sensual enjoyment, the moment of fruition.

r خونمه y ŭ<u>kh</u>a, Thin bread or cake.

விலது yūdak, A little dog, a puppy ; a whelp.

કડનુ yoda, A unit.

بودل yūzal. A little dog, a puppy; a whelp.

r يرب yort, A resting-place, encampment, station, abode, &c. (= = γ, q.v.);yorli burney, The capital of the empire.

yorljī, Who fixes the encamp-

ments, &c.

.(رفتن) yorlama âmadan (raflan) يورتههٔ آمدن (رفتن) To trot, to canter (m.c.).

yard, A chamber, room, apartment (doubtful).

A يوردان yardan, The Jordan.

پورده yūrda, يوردي yūrdī, A chamber, room, apartment.

yūrish, An assault, attack, storm. yorya amadan, To trot (m.c.).

т ју yūz, A small panther or onnce, especially that used in hunting deer, a cheeta; a hunter, seeker, searcher; inquiry, search; a dog which hunts by the scent; jump,

الله yūzān (pl. of yūz), Pards, panthers, cheetahs, ounces, hunting-leopards.

بوزائيدن yūzānīdan. To causo to leap.

முந்த yūzbān, A keeper of hunting-panthers.

ازبك yozbak, Kingdom of Samarqand; Uzbek Tartary.

yūz-dār, A keeper برز دار, yūz-dār, A keeper of hunting-panthers.

يوز بلنك yūz-palang, Leonard-yūs.

yūz-sher, Lion-yūz.

yozghand, The voice of a man; the cry of a panther.

yūzak, A young panther, a checta;

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rolling, wallowing in the dirt, as horses; a hunting-dog.

يرل yūzal, A little dog, a puppy; a whelp.

panther; a hunting-dog; wallowing in the dirt; name of an importunate beggar; a beggar, a mendicant.

وزيدي yūzīdan, To leap, spring, jump; to

clean a well.

ya'us, Despondent, despairing. وهس ▲

yūsāmīsh, Administration, arrangement of affairs, management (=

q.v. above).

yūsuf, Joseph, the patriarch; groaning, sighing; a groan, a sigh;—yūsufi sānī. A second Joseph, i.e. extremely beautiful (Joseph being the ideal of manly beauty in Eastern tales);—yūsufi-roz (yūsufi zarrīn-rasan), The world-illuminating sun;—yūsufi zibaq-niqāb, The sun veiled by a cloud;—yūsufi gurgi mast, A beloved object.

a يوسف جمال yūsuf-jamāl, Beautiful as

Joseph.

a يوسفي yūsufī, A demeanour like Joseph's;—yūsufī kardan, To play the part of Joseph (when refusing to be seduced), i.e. to make oneself small, to bend or twist one's body (in.c.); to reign, to rule (as Joseph ruled over Egypt).

T אַפּיפָט yūsūn, Custom, use, manner.

4-92 yosa, A saw; a carpenter.

يُوثَنِ yosh, Seeking, hunting for ;—yūsh, Dark.

يوهع yūsha', Joshua, the son of Nun. يوهيدن yūshidan, To hear, to listen.

Es yūgh, yogh (S. yoga), A yoke for oxen;—yogh àrad bar sari man, He imposes a yoke upon my neck, i.e. he makes me unhappy.

يوهيدن yūghīdan, To yoke oxen.

છે મુ પ્રાર્થે, A roasting-spit; old clothes or rags sewed together whereon bread is laid to be baked.

يوكان yūgān, The womb; the membrane which enwraps the fœtus in the womb; sheeps' chitterlings not cleaned.

yūlākh, A sterile country without

water.

يولچى yūlchī, A road-guide.

A cy: yaum, A day, or twenty-four hours (day in contradistinction to night being called nahār); time; a battle, especially one that makes a day celebrated; [yaumi uhud, The battle of Uhud (in which Muhammad was wounded);—yaumu 'l-iṣnain, (second day) Monday;—yaumu 'l-ahad, (first day) Sunday;—yaumu 'l-arba'ā', (fourth day) Wednesday;—yaumu 'l-inādd, The day of judgment;— yaumu 's-salā-sā', (third day) Tuesday;—yaumu 'l-jum-'at, (day of congregation) Friday;—yaumu 'l-khamīs, (fifth day) Thursday;—yaumu

'd-dīn, The day of judgment;—yaumu 's-sabt, Sabbath-day, Saturday;—yaumu 'l-'āshūrā', The teuth of Muharram (sacred as the day of Husain's martyrdom);—yaumun aiwamu, A disastrous day;—yaumi badr, (the day of Badr) A celebrated battle gained by Muhammad, and decisive for the early fate of Islām;—yaumi ḥaṣād. Harvest-time; — yaumi 'īd, A festival; Easter;—yaum yaum, Each day;—auwal yaum, The first day;—kull yaum, Every day;]—yawam (v.n.), Being disastrous (a day).

yaum-an, On a certain day;—
yaum-an fa-yaum-an, From day to day,
without intermission, daily;— yaum-an
mina'l-aiyām, One day amongst others;—
yaum-an wāhid-an, One, i.e. some, day,

never.

a يوسية yaumīy, fem. هِ يُوسِية yaumīyat, yaumiya, Daily, diurnal; every day's, for one day; daily pay, provisions, or any other allowance per day;— ikhrājāti yaumīya, Daily expenses.

yauna'iz-in, Then, on that day. يوميني yūn, A felt or woollen saddle-cloth; colour; a shell; an obolus, small coin;

name of a river.

A 692 yūn, yawan, Name of a son of Japhet;—yawan, Name of a village in Yaman.

nation, from yūn or yawan, son of Japhet; name of a village near Baalbec; also of one between Barda'ah and Bilqān;—hukamäyi yūnān, The sages of Greece.

a يوناني yūnānī, One Grecian; anything

Greek, Grecian; Hellenist.

a وباليان yūnāniyān, The Grecians. Greeks.

يونانية yūnānīyat, yūnānīya, A Greek word, a Grecism, Hellenism.

يونس yūnas, The prophet Jonah;—shudani yūnas dar dahāni māhī, The descending of Jonah into the fish's belly, (met.) sunset.

ي يونعار yūnghār, A three-stringed Turkish lute.

yūnqār, String of a musical instrument; string, cord in general.

yūniyūs, June.

يَّ وَرَّ لَا يَّ عِرْ وَرِّ مِ ya va va يَوْ وَرِي إِي يَوْ وَمِي يَّ وَمِن مِ desperate.

yūha, يوهر yūha, A kestrel. an inferior kind of hawk that cannot be trained.

A بوي yuwaiy, Name of a man.

A 'ya'yu', A kind of sparrow-hawk. a merlin.

ولا yahān, (in Zand and Pāzand) God. A الله yahdīk 'allāh, God direct you! (said in answer to one who congratulates another when speezing).

ы yuhr, Desire, eagerness.

yuhra, Desirous.

عبوك yahfāf, Timid, cowardly; bold, intrepid; foolish, stupid; desert, uncultivated.

yahūd, A Jew ;—shurbu 'l-yahūd, Drinking clandestinely (as the Jews are obliged to do their wine).

א אינים yahūdā, Judah, Jacob's fourth son. אינים yahūdāna, Judaical; a strip of yellow cloth which the Jews are obliged to wear in some Muhammadan cities.

a يودي yahūdī, fem. yahūdīyat, yahūdīyat, yahūdīya, Hebrew, Jewish, Judaical; a Jew; a kind of sea-fish;—yahūdī shudan, To play the Jew, to be avaricious, to cheat.

אָרָנּאַט yahūdiyān (P. pl. of yahūdī),

Jews.

A يبودية yahūdīyat, yahūdīya. Judea ; Judaism. پوديث yahūdis, Judith.

a يبولى yahūzī, Judaical; a Jew.

se yuha, A kestrel-hawk.

هميد yahīdan, To ruin, corrupt, destroy, demolish, erase.

A فيمية yahyahat, yahyahah (v.n. of بيه), Calling to camels yāh yāh.

ya'is, Despondent, despairing.

A يعث yai'us, A district of moving sands in Arabia Felix dangerous to travel through.

يىلات yailāq, Summer-quar-

ters

a يبن yayan, The time between the first dawn and sun-rise; name of a place in Arabia Felix, and of a district near Madinah; also of a valley, a river, and a fountain.



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